NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR SAVANNAH AND SOUTH GEORGIA

VOL. I. NO. 20.

Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company.

★★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. ★★★ PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SULZER AND GLYNN EACH REFUSE TO BUDGE INCH

Deadlock Results in New York Impeachment Situation as Each Claimant Refuses to Make Move—Both Go to Capitol.

Accused Executive Accompanied by His Bodyguard Goes to State House and Plunges Into Business—No Outbreak Surprise.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Neither drastic nor violent steps will be taken by Lieutenant Governor Martin H. Glynn to force William Sulzer, the impeached Governor of New York, from office—at least not to-day. Owing to the fact that this was a half holiday at the State offices, Mr. Glynn spent but a few minutes at the Capitol, and while both Sulzer and Glynn forces refused to budge an inch, matters were at a deadlock.

Accompanied by his bodyguard, Governor Sulzer walked from the executive mansion to the Capitol, where he plunged into State business, just as though his right to exercise the gubernatorial prerogatives were not contested.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who claims the powers of Acting Governor under the Constitution until Mr. Sulzer is brought to trial on September 18, went from the Capitol to the offices of his newspaper and announced he would spend the afternoon at an athletic meet. He denied that, like Napoleon, he would lift the power of ruling New York State on the bayonets of the National Guard.

Lack of Trouble a Surprise.

Absence of an actual outbreak today was a surprise to many who expected to see the executive chamber a battleground for the Sulzer and Tammany forces.

Mr. Sulzer now virtually stands alone, having been deserted by the members of his cabinet, who have allied themselves to the Glynn forces. But Sulzer refuses to abdicate, despite the fact that the ranks of his political enemies have been strengthened during the last 24 hours.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who is now signing State documents with this signature, "Martin H. Glynn, Acting Governor, State of New York," announced that, in spite of any obstructions thrown in his way by the Sulzer legal forces, he would continue to administer gubernatorial affairs pending Mr. Sulzer's trial for alleged high crimes and misdemeanors September 18.

Both Sides Fear Trick.

Both sides are taking elaborate precautions to guard against a trick. Throughout the night armed guards stood watch over each State department, while lawyers and legislators involved in the struggle were trailed by private detectives. Mr. Sulzer was in retirement planning a new legal move with his counsel. Messenger boys with Washington and New York city telegrams could not find the Governor, but members of the "inner circle" took charge of the dispatches, saying they would find the Governor.

Leaders of the anti-Sulzer faction made the threat that Mr. Glynn, now having control of the State Military Department, would actually invade the executive chamber.

"He will get a mighty warm reception," declared Sulzer adherents, who are few, but courageous.

Some Fear Martial Law.

Some residents of this city, realizing the intense seriousness of the situation, fear that conditions may become so grave that martial law will have to be declared.

It was assumed that Governor Sulzer to-day would reply to the second note from Lieutenant Governor Glynn, demanding the unconditional surrender of all prerogatives by Mr. Sulzer and the abdication of the Governor. Counsel were with the Governor at the beginning of the official day, and it was reported that the Governor was urged to take a fling at Tammany Hall.

Germany Also Snubs Panama Exposition

Kaiser's Government Follows John Bull's Action in Declining American Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The German Government to-day decided to refuse to participate in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 6, Column 6.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

FRAUD USED TO BEAT HEARST, SAYS MULHALL

Lobbyist Declares He Obtained Confidence of Democratic Leader in Campaign for Governor.

GAVE REPUBLICANS SECRET

Letter Was Forged to Give Him Introduction to Up-State Committeeman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

France to Welcome Envoy de la Barra

Mexican Legation Is Assured That There Is No Objection to New Minister

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Mexican Legation has heard nothing of any objection on the part of France to the reception of Francisco de la Barra as Mexican Minister to this country. The secretary of the legation said to-day.

"We would neat to be the first to hear of it if any such objection existed."

The Agence Nationale was the authority for the report, which was printed here yesterday. Senor de la Barra sailed from New York to-day.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy, and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

SUPREME TEST COMES AS STATE TRAINS GUNS ON FRANK'S CHARACTER

Defendant Will Take the Stand Early in Week to Give His Account of His Movements on Day Mary Phagan Was Killed.

ATTORNEYS SEEKING TO PROVE A COMPLETE ALIBI

Believed That Case Will Stand or Fall on Efforts of Prosecution to Prove Its Charge of Immorality Against the Accused.

BY AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The third week of the Frank trial came to an end at noon Saturday.

The defense has not yet concluded its case, but confidently expects to finish within the next day or two.

Its last card, and one of its biggest, will be the defendant's statement. This statement is scheduled for the early part of this week.

It will mark the climax of the defense's case, just as Conley's story marked the climax of the State's.

It became more and more evident as the case progressed during the past week that the defense is pitting Frank squarely against Conley—that it is to be Frank's life or Conley's life for little Mary Phagan's, snuffed out cruelly nearly four months ago in the National Pencil Factory.

Frank's statement on the stand, which the law permits him to make, but not under oath, and which may be accepted by the jury, either in whole or in part, in preference to all the sworn testimony, will be matched against the story the negro told so dramatically and with such frightful emphasis soon after the case got under way.

Into the negro's story, moreover, was injected the question of Frank's general character, particularly in one unmentionable direction, and this the defense will undertake to offset completely and finally.

More than a hundred witnesses have been summoned to testify to Frank's good character, and these include men and women from every walk of life, where it could be shown that such witnesses had come in contact with Frank from time to time in such wise as to be competent judges of his general character.

DALTON'S TESTIMONY IMPEACHED.

Already, the one witness (Dalton) so far introduced by the State to corroborate Conley has been successfully impeached by the defense, and it is likely that others introduced to uphold the negro also will be subjected to impeachment proceedings, if the defense suspects that it may successfully inaugurate the same.

The defense seemingly has realized fully the heavy necessity of breaking down Conley's awful story, not only in direct connection with the murder, but in every phase of it that bears upon the character of the defendant.

As a primary proposition, the advantage in the situation thus set up dwells within the defense.

In the first place, Frank goes to the jury with the presumption of innocence in his favor. The burden is not upon him to make out a case in behalf of himself. It is upon the State to make out a case against him.

Moreover, the only right of appeal attaching to persons indicted for felonies is within the defense. Once the State loses, it is lost forever.

The State must allege and prove the guilt of the defendant "beyond a reasonable doubt," and fight right up to that limit.

If there remains a reasonable doubt of Frank's guilt, after the last word has been said to the jury, Frank, under the law, is entitled to it, and if the trial jury fails to award it, a court of review will remedy the legal wrong thus inflicted upon him.

ALL STATE TESTIMONY SWORN.

The State, moreover, must submit every bit of its evidence, to the last shred or patch, under oath.

The defense, on the contrary, may clear itself upon testimony not one word of which is sworn to.

The State's star witness, Conley, also comes into court a confessed accessory after the fact of the murder, a confessed falsifier in numerous conflicting statements as to his knowledge of and connection with the crime, and accompanied by a well established jail record fearfully and wonderfully made up.

His is a much harder story to hold up than Frank's, viewing the two stories generally and in their broader personal aspects.

Even without Conley, to be sure, the State still has a circumstantial case against Frank that might compel considerable attention and respect, but there are few people who seemingly believe that it alone would be sufficiently strong to convict.

It probably is a realization of the State's tremendous task, involved in the holding together of Conley's story, that has caused

DORSEY SURE OF CASE AS CRISIS COMES

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Frank Had Life Which He Hid From Relatives and Friends

Trial Will Last Through Week, Declare Men Who Have Followed It.

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense Objects too Late.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, dependent alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta is that to fail in the establishment and corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing possible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believe the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually, and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element, as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

Rely on State Witnesses.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relying upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several different directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this despite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Mary's mother), George Epps, a motorman, and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probably to be amplified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

State Seems Confident.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless, the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get in pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.

Jurors in the Frank case sketched in the courtroom. They are: 1. M. Johenning, 2. A. L. Wisbey, 3. F. V. L. Smith, 4. Deder Townsend, 5. M. S. Woodward, 6. A. H. Henslee, 7. W. M. Jeffries, 8. J. T. Ozburn, 9. Charles J. Basshardt, 10. W. S. Medcalf, 11. Fred E. Winburn, 12. J. F. Higdon.



Girl on Stand Shouts She Would Die for Leo Frank

Employee of Pencil Factory Furnishes Dramatic Incident of Day—Dressing Room Evidence Is Brought Out.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimoney in any way prejudicial to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into a eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by the time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guillessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though it never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to conduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmeline Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sister. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded against it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled toward Miss Kitchen, and then turned around and walked away. She testified that the girls never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking their overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her in regard to a reported remark of N. V. Darley, general manager, that "if the girls stay with us through this, they will not lose by it." She said she had overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

The following pencil company employees were called as character witnesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stewart, Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Ina Hayes, Eula May Flowers, Elma Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dickerson, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osman, Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, Rebecca Carson, Maude Wright, Irene Jackson, and Mesdames Emma Freeman and Ella Thomas.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL
368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L
Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A graded school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.
Send For Booklet

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee August 25
THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF "HER FATAL SHADOW"
Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPENS THURSDAY AUG. 21


Dr. W. J. Harper
New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery
Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00
All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

Bring Us Your Films for Development

We Give You BETTER RESULTS
Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING
AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT
ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.
We Also Carry a Complete Line of EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES
GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.
Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree

LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE DECLARE HE ALONE HAS PREPARED STATEMENT

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of Jurors, But Will Simply Outline His Contention as to Tragedy.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, international tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated tonight that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam, Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweeaheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shanty and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

Grape Juice vs. Milk

Secretary Bryan Does Not Have Undivided Support of Cabinet in Choice of Beverage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Grape juice as a Cabinet beverage has gone into eclipse, in spite of the prominence given to it by Ciceronian eloquence as being the only nectar of the gods.

A canvass of the preferences of other members of the Cabinet beside that of Mr. Bryan, whose favorite beverage is well known, disclosed the fact that plain old milk, sweet and buttermilk, is ahead in the race. President Wilson prefers orange juice to that of the luscious grape.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is one of the sweet milk champions and has a fellow champion in Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo leans toward buttermilk.

Attorney General McReynolds and Secretary of War Garrison are said to be ardent milk advocates.

Secretary of Agriculture David Houston is one of the two members that find enjoyment in pure unfermented grape juice.

Secretary of the Interior Lane prefers hot tea, while Secretary of Commerce Redfield likes his tea cold.

Charges Sister Stole Her Husband's Love

California Woman Names Beautiful Relative In Her Plea for a Divorce.

SUSANVILLE, CAL., Aug. 16.—Charging that her younger and prettier sister had stolen her husband's love, Mrs. Celia Rundquist Schaefer asked Judge Monroe for a divorce from Marin Schaefer, a fruit grower and rancher. Miss Rose Rundquist, sister of the plaintiff, was named as co-respondent.

Mrs. Schaefer testified that her sister admitted that her husband was a "grand man," and that he showered attentions upon the sister and admitted making love to her. The plaintiff also claimed that she had to support both for two years.

Judge Monroe held that there was insufficient corroborating evidence and instructed the applicant for divorce to get more witnesses.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

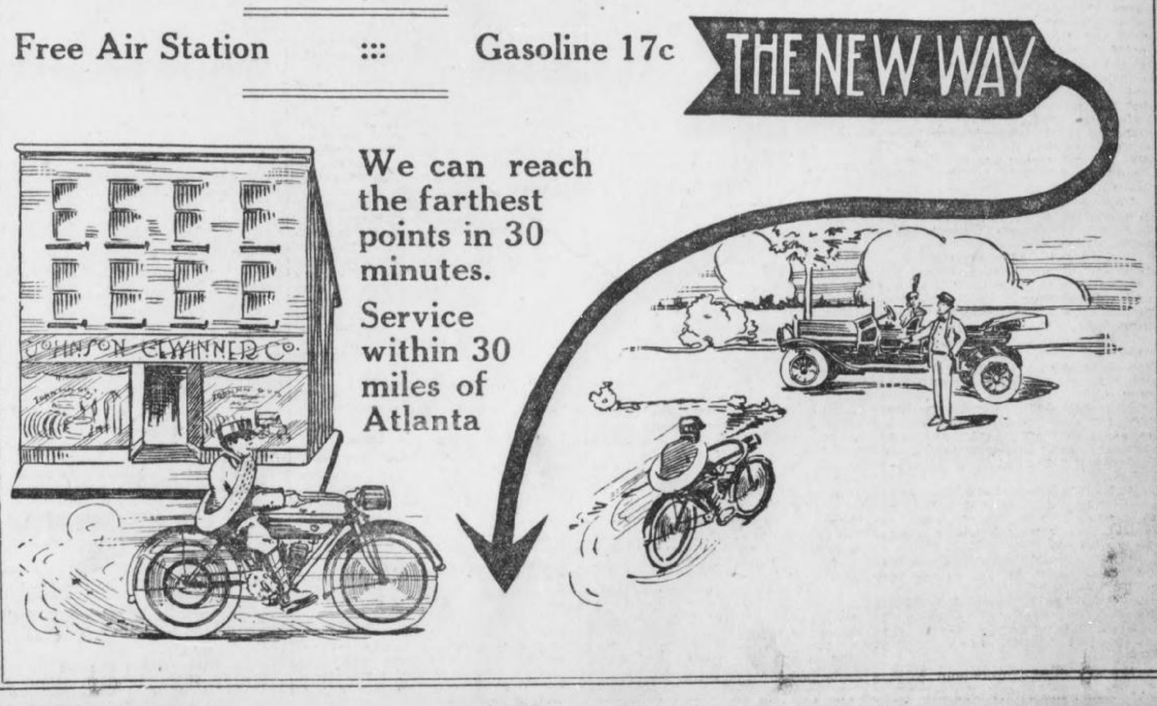
(We sell all makes.)

Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

Free Air Station ::: **Gasoline 17c**



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta

GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury T. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court. Below is Lola Norris, the other girl witness in noted case.



SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her shearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacrameto in the same fear of exposure of their liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," replied Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such low voice that Judge VanFleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the defendant said that resulted in your deciding to leave Sacramento.—A. Well, he said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. "Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say she would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money given to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. Did you wait in the depot for Caminetti?—A. No; he was to return to the restaurant. There was some talk about going on an earlier train. We waited in a little street car waiting room near the depot. Miss Norris stayed in there when the train came in. I walked out with Mr. Diggs and told him to go and I would stay there. He said, "No," that he thought too much of me to have me stay there. The train finally left.

Caminetti Gets Money.

Q. Then Mr. Diggs went to the waiting room and telephoned?—A. Yes, to Mr. Caminetti, I think.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. We returned to the Saddle Rock and waited half an hour for Mr. Caminetti. When he came, he said he had the money and would go on the next train.

Q. Then you did what?—A. We went to the depot.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. Mr. Diggs said to wait while he got the tickets.

Q. Whom did you wait with?—A. With Lola Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Q. Then what?—A. When the train came, we got on.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall do you, going to the Riverside Hotel on the 10th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is, Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris, were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say?

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of ary, 1913, I will ask you if you, in company with Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris, did not go in an automobile from San Francisco to San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidelberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

M. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many times were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I don't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

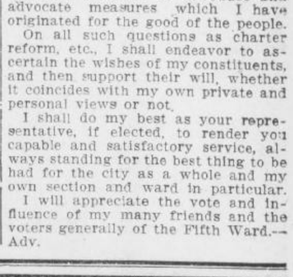
Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No, sir.

BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I will appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

BRING YOUR VACA-

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

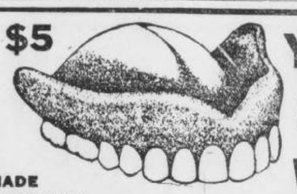
Also Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

$5 Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE



MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. Telephone M. 1708

Over Brown & Allen's Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH	$5	GOLD FILLING	$1
GOLD CROWNS	$4	AMALGAM FILLING	50c up
BRIDGE WORK	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up
TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS			$1 up

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison, was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine!" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job

But Lind Is Most Unusual Man

Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of dissatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg, of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order...$165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US
Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.
Name .....
Address .....

Cable Piano Co.
84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.
GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.

MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existing in individual counties, and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 19 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues; they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing doctors; they have heard the plea of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the father and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. Ten Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

The Tax Receivers of the counties shall open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

In ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test. Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has rev-



The Wonderful and Prompt Results of Vegetable Obbac.

olutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.

You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO., 260 Commercial Building, Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



Photo by Underwood and Underwood.

Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic canoeists both of them, and inveterate campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then to Beaver Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal an river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will l. The life-saving crew of Clifton, t Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equipage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bills proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Bo River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires when he may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions.

"I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

BRING YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Fresh films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 42 N. Broad street.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

Nance Believed Mad When He Slew Wife

Relatives Declare He Was Mentally Unbalanced When He Left Knoxville Friday.

KNOXVILLE, Aug. 16.—George R. Nance is believed by his wife's relatives in Knoxville to have been insane when he killed her in a hotel at Hamlet, N. C., yesterday. They recite incidents connected with his former residence in this city that cause them to suspect he was mentally unbalanced.

At one time Nance left home and his wife did not know of his whereabouts until she received a cablegram from him in Liverpool, England. Soon thereafter he came here and they remained until they went to Greenville, S. C., last March, where his wife was manager of a sanitarium operated by a company with hospitals in various cities. For four years she was head of this company's hospital at Los Angeles. Her last station had been at Chattanooga, where her local relatives thought she was yesterday.

Mrs. Nance was born in Sweetwater, Tenn., and had many relatives over East Tennessee. She married Nance in Alexandria, Va., nine years ago, and they had no children. Mrs. J. T. Steele, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. B. T. Baker, of Alexandria, Va.; Mrs. Jerry Reagan, of Portland, Oreg., and Mrs. J. A. McCampbell, of Friendsville, Tenn., are her sisters.

Autos Are Barred By Canadian Island

Residents of Prince Edward Will Not Allow Machines to Enter Province.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—"It seems strange in these days when automobiles are seen on every street, on every country road that there should be one section on the American continent where these vehicles are positively prohibited," said R. A. Dewey, of Toronto.

"Recently the Canadian Parliament enacted legislation to permit the use of self-propelling carriages in the Province of Prince Edward Island, but it is by no means certain that the legislation will be effective. There is every indication that the law will never be put in force because a plebiscite on the question was taken throughout the island when the annual district school meetings were held.

"The returns that have come thus far indicate that the farmers are strenuously opposed to allowing automobiles on Prince Edward Island. More than 90 per cent of the population voted no on the proposition, and in some of these places the vote in the negative was unanimous.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends In Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife Eva died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover, Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

"Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA



Original Painless Dentist

WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established—because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."

WHITLAW PRICES RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.

The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT

Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!



The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE **SAVOY CAFE** 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE --- LOW PRICES

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of habitual drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Men's Socks Adorn Girl's--Ahem

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde Is Bold Apostle of New Style and She's a Good Proselyter.

Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short socks are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features; you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it. The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeoligist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY
A MODERN CONSERVATORY.
A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.
OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug. 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughteds and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "tag" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury. Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "roughneck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "makeup" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

The woman, now bent and feeble, is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865
82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta
The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

Columbus — Latest Southwest Georgia News — Albany

SUFFRAGETTES INVADE STAID GEORGIA TOWN

Thomasville Has Its Quota of Women Who Demand the Ballot.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The granting of a charter for a Woman's Suffrage Association in Georgia and the bobbing up of the suffragettes over the country generally is causing many towns to take an introspective view, so to speak, to ascertain if there are any of this new brand of women within their borders, and the result shows that while there may not be a great many avowedly calling themselves suffragettes, there are more in sympathy with the movement than the mind of the average man conceives to be the case.

That there should be suffragettes in other towns in Georgia seemed very probable, but that they should be found in Thomasville, which is regarded by the outside world as being eminently staid and conservative, never going wild over anything but baseball or fighting about anything but "Sis" Cow, seemed almost unbelievable, but they are here just the same.

This does not at all mean that the majority of the fair sex here are in sympathy with this new order of women who are fighting for the ballot. There is, however, a very fair sprinkling of them, who do not hesitate to assert their belief in the equal rights of woman, and they likewise acknowledge that they would enjoy taking a hand in the management of public affairs, to a certain extent at any rate.

Of course, there are a few of the more advanced in their ideas who even believe that they could run a town and would like to try it a while and show the male management in charge just how a sure enough town should look and how affairs would be managed with a female board at the head of things. When questioned as to what would be done in a town run by women in regard to holding Police Court, serving on juries, etc., the enthusiasm did not seem so marked, though little attention was paid to the query, it evidently being the idea that all unpleasant duties could be turned over to the mere men and only the "running" of affairs be reserved for those in charge.

As it will probably be a good long time before Thomasville will be run by a female management, at least openly, as they are often accused of being the power behind the throne, nobody is very much worried over it, but it is interesting to know just how the matter stands and whether the women of the South will ever go into this movement in earnest as they have in the West and parts of the North.

Timbermen Fight Over Debt; 1 Dead

W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen End Dispute by Pistol Duel in Street at Blakely.

BLAKELY, Aug. 16.—W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen, two well-known timbermen, had a pistol duel on the public square at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, as a result of which Keen is dead with five bullet holes in his body.

Keen is said to have shot at Stamper twice and missed him. Stamper escaped unhurt, except a graze near the left eye.

The trouble grew out of a dispute over the division of the proceeds of a debt due to both of them by a common debtor.

Keen leaves a wife and several children.

Miss Marie Whitehead

An attractive and vivacious brunette, of Albany, who is now touring Europe with Mrs. James S. Farnum, of Charleston, and Mrs. E. B. Young, of Albany. During the past school term Miss Whitehead was a student at Brenau College. (Photo by White, Gainesville.)



Truck Growers to Organize in Tift

Object Is to Promote Growing and Marketing of Products.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Present indications are that not only the truck growers of Tift County will work in co-operation, but that all the truckers of South Georgia counties will co-operate in promoting the growing and marketing of trucking products.

Two melon and truck growers of Brooks County, M. L. Bowen, of Quitman, and A. J. Powell, of Dixie, were in Tifton this week and conferred with the Tifton Chamber of Commerce and a number of men engaged in trucking, inquiring as to the working of the Tift County Truckers' Association, with a view to forming a similar organization in Brooks County.

Mr. Bowen has been in the melon business for nearly twenty years and Mr. Powell is an expert at growing Irish potatoes.

TERRELL FARMER FIRES BULLET THROUGH HEAD

DAWSON, Aug. 16.—P. C. Calley, well-to-do Terrell County farmer and brother-in-law of Jesse Mercer, committed suicide at his country home near Dawson by shooting himself through the head. He left no note as to the cause, but despondency over money matters is believed to have been responsible.

Columbus Shows Healthy Increase

Nearly Half Million Gained on Tax Values of Property—Rate Was Reduced.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Tax Assessor Frank M. Sommerkamp, of Muscogee County, has completed his tax digest for 1913, which shows $22,769,804 compared to $22,508,202 in 1912, an increase for 1913 of $261,602.

When it is taken into consideration that the tax assesments this year in the city of Columbus were made at 75 per cent of the county assessment, while they have been made heretofore at the same, it will be seen that the county has made a remarkable showing. In other words, something like $14,000,000 worth of property has only been asssessed at 75 per cent of the assessment of last year. It is believed that the increase in values would have run far over half a million dollars.

The digest shows that there are 40 lawyers, 43 doctors, 17 dentists, 1 veterinary surgeon, 2 architects, 2 engineers. The dogs in the county are valued at $2,192.

DOUGHERTY TAX VALUES SHOW GOOD INCREASE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—The total value of taxable property in Dougherty County, as shown by the figures just compiled by Tax Receiver J. H. Davis, shows an increase for 1913 over 1912 of $437,218. The comparative figures are as follows: Property values, 1913, $7,449,866. Property values, 1912, $7,012,648.

ALBANY MAY BUILD BIG CREMATORY PLANT

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—A crematory to dispose of Albany's garbage is a matter that is being seriously considered at the present time. Mayor Tarver has procured literature bearing on this subject and is giving the matter careful study.

With the idea of making Albany one of the most healthy and sanitary towns in the State, the city officials, led by Mayor Tarver, are considering this step.

GLENN TAKES CHARGE AS DEPUTY MARSHAL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—L. H. Glenn, of Rochelle, who has been appointed Deputy United States Marshal for this district, to succeed R. L. Thomas, resigned, will make this city his headquarters. He is now here preparing to take over the office.

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

COURT HEARING OF INJUNCTION IS POSTPONED

Americus City Council Would Prevent Consolidation of Power Plant Companies.

AMERICUS, Aug. 16.—The postponement by Judge Z. A. Littlejohn in the Superior Court of the hearing of the injunction brought by the City Council of Americus against the Americus Power Company, the rival power company to the old Americus Gas and Electric Company, to keep the new company from consolidating with the old and advancing rates, is another link in the history of one of the most sensational municipal fights in Georgia.

Judge Littlejohn postponed the hearing until September 27 on the ground that certain important parties to the various transactions were not in Americus, though it is claimed that at least one of them was here.

City Attorney Hollis Fort and W. P. Wallis, for the city, and Shipp & Sheppard, for the Americus Power Company, are prepared for a grueling and continued fight when the hearing does occur.

It is thought that it will either kill forever the hopes of municipal ownership here or revive them anew. As this has been a hotly contested municipal issue, the interest in the hearing is wide and keen.

'Hoodoo Doctors' Ply 'Art' in Cordele

Raid Farms for Cotton Root to Brew Tea for Superstitious Negroes.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—"Hoodoo" or "root" doctors, as they are commonly known, seem to be getting in some very effective work in Cordele, though if their identity should become known to the police the effect would very probably not be pleasing to them. For several nights these characters have devastated patches of cotton in the western part of the city, belonging to negroes. For the purpose of making cotton root tea, which is said to have a healing effect in a good many cases, they have pulled up row after row of cotton by the roots, cutting off the weeds and taking the roots with them.

UNKNOWN NEGRO STABS WHITE MAN AT RAY'S MILL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—W. J. Williams, of Rays Mill, Ga., was probably fatally stabbed by an unknown negro in this city at 1 o'clock Friday morning. Williams and a companion passed a group of negro youths at the Georgia Southern and Florida passenger station and said something to the negroes which they resented. One of them plunged his knife into Williams' side and drew it across his breast, making a gash nine inches long and exposing the heart-action. Two negroes are in jail charged with complicity in the affair, but they claim that the youth who did the stabbing escaped.

MUSCOGEE JURY BOARD RESUMES WORK MONDAY

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Muscogee County's Jury Commissioners will meet again Monday to take up the work they began sometime ago, but were forced to drop because of the continued illness of one of the members. It is expected that every effort will be made to increase the list, as there has been much complaint in recent years over the difficulty experienced in obtaining jurors, when only about one-fourth of the taxpayers and voters of the county have their names in the jury box. A remedy has been demanded often.

100 BALES OF COTTON SOLD AT TIFTON IN WEEK

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—The cotton market has opened up lively in Tifton this week and it is believed that the receipts will show a total of nearly 100 bales. There is quite a lot of old cotton in this section and this is opening fast as a result of the warm weather of the past several days. However, the bulk of the crop is young and it will be several weeks yet before the season is on in full.

ALBANY MAY HAVE RIVERSIDE DRIVE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—That Mayor Tarver's idea of a beautiful winding driveway along the Flint River may terminate in some definite action seems probable. Superintendent of Parks Harmon has been asked to consider plans and offer suggestions. This has been done and he not only thinks the plan feasible but is a very ethusiastic advocate.

Dougherty's Jail Doing Double Duty

Ten Prisoners From Early County Added to Number Already Confined There.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Dougherty's new county jail is now doing double duty, containing not only the county prisoners and those of the city of Albany, but those of Early County, ten of whom have been brought here for safe-keeping.

Soon after the new jail was completed the city of Albany made arrangements for the city prisoners to be jailed and cared for in a portion of the county jail. The city barracks were small, insanitary and not safe in case of violent prisoners. That portion of the city hall formerly used as the guardhouse has been remodeled for offices. The county feeds all the city's prisoners and City Court is held each day in the detention corridor of the jail.

The Sheriff of Early County, realizing the condition of the new jail, selected this one for the safe-keeping of his prisoners while Early's jail is being remodeled.

Feast on Collards Instead of Cabbage

Thomas County Convicts Revel in Delicious "Greens"—Fresh Corn as Dessert.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The convicts in the camps of Thomas County have had a change of diet from the cabbage which was so much enjoyed by them in the spring and early summer, and have transferred their allegiance to collard greens.

The report made by the superintendent of the county farm this week shows that for the month of July 1,250 head of these collards were fed to the convicts of the various camps, and as the average darky is proverbially fond of these greens they doubtless enjoyed their meals. With the collards were eaten 600 ears of green corn and several bushels of onions.

As vegetables are considered good summertime diet they probably went a long way toward preserving the health of the convicts, as all the camps are reported in a healthy condition.

Cashier, Sentenced, Making Hard Fight

J. H. Cason's Lawyers Determined to Carry Case Through Highest State Courts.

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Arguments in the motion for a new trial of J. H. Cason, now under five-year sentence in the penitentiary for embezzling nearly $8,000 from the Bank of Cresland, will be heard in Valdosta before Judge Thomas on September 8.

Attorneys for the former bank cashier state they will leave nothing undone to save their client and that the case will be fought through all the courts before it is concluded.

CORDELE COTTON MARKET SHOWS GREAT ACTIVITY

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—With more than 100 bales ginned and marketed, the cotton season is getting well under way in Cordele and within two weeks will be in full sway. The movement of the crop has already had a decided effect upon the business interests of the city and county, a general optimism prevailing among the people as a result. The opinion is common that the yield of cotton will surpass that of the past several years and that the quality of the staple will hold up unusually well, demanding good prices.

WOODMEN OF WORLD HOLD 'CUE AND PICNIC AT TY TY

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—Friday was Woodmen of the World Day in Ty Ty, nine miles west of Tifton, in Tift County, the choppers holding a big barbecue and basket picnic, between 1,500 and 2,000 people attending. Besides enjoying a good basket dinner and some of Jack Frost's barbecue, better than which there is none, those attending heard an excellent address by Hon. Roscoe Luke on the W. O. W. order and an address on general topics by Colonel Claude Payton, of Sylvester.

NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE WELCOMED BY SHIPPERS

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Columbus tariff schedule No. 2, on which the Board of Trade has been working, has been received in the city and the merchants are prepared to take advantage of it at every opportunity. The new tariff schedule applies to all of the railroads entering the city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.

MELROSE YOUTH UNDER BOND FOR FATAL STABBING

Harry Miller, 17 Years Old, Must Face Trial for Slaying Turpentine Man.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—Hardy Miller, the 17-year-old lad who stabbed and instantly killed L. A. Smith at Melrose recently, has been released from custody under a $5,000 bond on a charge of manslaughter.

The preliminary hearing of the case was before Judge J. G. Cranford, of the City Court. Several eye-witnesses to the killing testified that the man had a quarrel and that Smith struck Miller with a stick. A few minutes later Miller passed by Smith and struck him in the breast with his knife, the blade penetrating Smith's heart. The men were employed at the turpentine distillery of Miller's brother, Smith having charge of the mules on the place. The fatal quarrel was caused by Smith's refusal to let the boy ride one of the mules at night after it had been worked all day.

Valdosta to Issue Bonds for Paving

Election Called to Vote on $50,000 for Streets and Waterworks.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—An election for an issue of $50,000 municipal bonds has been called by the City Council for September 15.

If it carries Valdosta will in a few months be the best paved city of its size in the State, and will have a waterworks system adequate to take care of the growth of the city for several years.

Of the proposed issue $35,000 is to be used for extending the paving now in operation, while the remainder, $15,000, is to be used for extending the water mains and in improving the waterworks station. A 3,000,000-gallon pump was bought with a portion of the last bond issue and the plant is now being prepared for its installation. In the business section the six-inch mains are being taken up and replaced with twelve-inch mains, while the system is being extended to the northern and eastern portions of town, which were recently taken into the corporate limits.

Three of the principal residence streets are now being paved with asphalt, but the recent bond issue has not been sufficient to pave other streets on which the work is demanded.

The proposed issue will be 30-year bonds to bear 6 per cent interest.

MOULTRIE RAISES $100,000 FOR A PACKING HOUSE

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—A hundred thousand dollars has been subscribed by Moultrie business men to build a packing house and abattoir. All preliminary plans have been completed and construction is scheduled to begin soon.

It is believed this will encourage stock raising in Southwest Georgia, providing as it will a cash market at all seasons.

FARMER BEGINS SERVING SENTENCE AS COW THIEF

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—J. J. Hiers, farmer, of Colquitt, began serving a twelve months' sentence on the chaingang this week, after being denied a new trial by Judge Thomas, of the Southern Circuit.

Hiers was convicted at the last term of Superior Court on an indictment charging him with cow rustling, but the jury recommended that he be punished as for a misdemeanor.

Albany Boosters Get Big Meeting

Put Up Winning Fight for State Agricultural Society Session In 1914.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Knowing that the bringing of the State Agricultural Society to Albany for its 1914 meeting would be a great boom for Albany, as well as furnishing a good place for its meeting, several of Albany's citizens went to Cuthbert this week and attended the session which has been in progress. On Thursday it was realized that a hard fight would be necessitated to secure them, as North Georgia was making a strong bid, and immediate steps were taken to apply the pressure. All Dougherty residents who were at the meeting started boosting Albany as the proper place, this being supplemented with telegrams from the Mayor, president of the Chamber of Commerce and others who are recognized as leaders in Albany. The net result was that they decided on Albany, and in addition expressed their thanks for the strong effort that was made to secure them.

Tift's Courthouse Handsome Building

One of the Most Complete and Comfortable in the State.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—There are many handsome and comfortably furnished courtrooms in this section of the State, but none will surpass the one in Tift County's attractive new courthouse when that building has been completed. The work is now nearing completion, and some idea can be gained of its attractive simplicity and elegance.

Five large windows on either side of the courtroom give plenty of light and ventilation. Between each window is a pilaster column capped with a scroll design, and over each window an arch surmounted by a keystone. Crossing the ceiling are five large beams and between these is an attractive design in dental work. In this work there are over 7,000 pieces, nine to the foot, and there are 875 running feet to be covered.

There are three large lights in the ceiling, with a light on each column and a desk light at the judge's stand.

The staircases will be of steel with terazza steps.

CORDELE PLANS TO PUT $40,000 IN WATERWORKS

Site Selected for Big Plant, and Work Will Begin in Short Time.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—The Cordele Bond Commission has selected and purchased a site for a new waterworks plant for the city, located immediately adjacent to the site on which the old station is situated. The location provides ample room for the improvements to be made, and was purchased by the commission from Judge E. F. Strozier, administrator of the estate of W. E. Smith, the consideration being $4,500.

A $40,000 issue of bonds will be expended in building the new plant and making further improvements upon the waterworks system. The building alone will probably cost $3,500, and is to be fireproof, while the machinery will be of the most modern type and will be duplicated all the way round, costing not under $18,000. The new reservoir will be capacitated at 250,000 gallons, and an elevated tank of almost three times that capacity will be erected.

RECORD PECAN CROP IN SOUTH GEORGIA

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—That there will be more pecan nuts in South Georgia this season than ever before is the general opinion of the growers. This is owing not merely to the fact that the crop is a good one, but is the result of the larger number of trees that have come into bearing. The crop of paper-shell pecans planted all through this section is a large one, but many of the young trees are just beginning to bear well. Some of the growers are very enthusiastic over the crop on these young trees this year and the knowledge that they will put on a larger one each year as they grow older means that it will not be very long before the output of these nuts will be the means of bringing much money into South Georgia.

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00	Sofas at $93.75	$85.00	Desks at $56.25
75.00	Sofas at 56.25	65.00	Pier Tables 45.00
85.00	Bureaus at 56.25	85.00	Library Tables 56.25
110.00	Book Cases at 82.50	85.00	French Beds at 56.25
125.00	Sideboard 93.75	35.00	Work Tables 27.50
35.00	Fireside Chair 22.50	65.00	Serving Tables 37.50
35.00	Scroll Rockers at 17.50	55.00	Corner Pieces 37.50

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY

222 PEACHTREE STREET

B. C. BUFORD, Manager **ATLANTA, GEORGIA**

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

Savannah

Latest News of South Georgia

Waycross

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorably upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

Marion Lucas Will Get Savannah Plum

Congressman Edwards Picks Successor to Marcus Baker as Savannah Postmaster.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The fact that Congressman Charles G. Edwards has announced his intention of indorsing Marion Lucas for postmaster to succeed Marcus S. Baker, Jr., who is expected to be ousted shortly as a result of a recent investigation of his private and official life, has created little surprise here. It had been known for more than a week that Lucas stood the best chance to land the plum.

Besides the indorsements sent to Congressman Edwards direct, Lucas has furnished him with more than 1,000 letters from Savannahians in every walk of life.

Chatham Jail Too Full for Comfort

New Sheriff Asks County Commission to Remodel and Enlarge Prison.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—As a result of an inspection of the county jail by the newly elected Sheriff, Colonel Merrett W. Dixon, the County Commission will be asked to do something to relieve the congestion there.

It may be necessary to build an annex to the jail or convert the southern wing of the building now occupied by the jailer as a residence, into prison quarters. Sheriff Dixon was accompanied on his inspection by Judge Walter G. Charlton, of the Superior Court, and Solicitor General Walter G. Hartridge.

Of the 183 prisoners in the jail there was only one who registered a kick.

SHUPTRINE TO HEAD BIG POLITICAL CLUB

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Although the officials will not make public the result of the election, it is learned that Herman C. Shuptrine, Representative in the Legislature from Chatham County, was elected president of the Cracker Progressive Club, a political organization, last night. Shuptrine has stated that he will accept.

TRADE BOARD SECRETARY RETAINED AT BRUNSWICK

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Secretary J. G. Weatherly has been reappointed by unanimous vote of the Brunswick Board of Trade. Mr. Weatherly came to this city last year from Columbus, Miss., and since taking charge of the local board he has made an enviable reputation, both for himself and the city.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witch-hazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Savannah Minister Has Saloons Raided

Pastor Objects to Near-Beer Dispensaries Near His Church. Dealers Arrested.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—On complaint of the Rev. M. F. Roberts, pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church, three near-beer dealers, with places around the corner from his church have been placed under arrest and required to give bond for their appearance on charges of violating the State prohibition law.

The places raided are the same which received the attention of the authorities last Sunday. The men under arrest are Andrew Pappedea, M. Patro and C. L. Davis. A lot of near beer and whisky was confiscated and will be used as evidence against the men.

Recovery of Dare Question of Time

Savannah Man, Shot by Wife, Improves Rapidly After Reconciliation.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stretched comfortably on a cot in a cell at police barracks, quietly reading a novel while the summer breezes blow through the bars upon her, Mrs. Joe Dare, who several weeks ago shot her husband following a quarrel in their apartment, presents a striking contrast to-day to her extremely nervous condition two weeks ago, when it was believed that Dare would die and that she would be called upon to face trial for his murder.

The physicians who are attending Dare at the Savannah Hospital have given out the information that he is continually improving. His recovery is now practically assured unless there is a sudden change for the worse. The physicians are confident that his reconciliation with his pretty wife on what was believed to be his deathbed has had much to do with bringing about the change in his condition.

Dare was shot by his wife in a fit of jealousy after he had remained out later at night than she thought he ought to.

Grimshaw Will Not Give Up Residence

Transferred to Americus, Savannah Alderman Holds His Office in City Government.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Harry G. Grimshaw, superintendent of the Savannah division of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, who has recently been transferred to Americus as superintendent of the Alabama division, effective to-day, will maintain a residence in Savannah, and will not resign from the aldermanic board of the city. He will also retain his position of chairman of the board of control of the Union Station.

Superintendent Grimshaw will retain a residence in Savannah, and will come down each week-end, remaining over until Monday morning. He will also be able to make special trips to Savannah when necessity arises, and will thus be a regular attendant upon the meetings of Council. Mr. Grimshaw's force of clerks, stenographers and dispatchers will depart for their new location to-morrow morning.

WRECKER WANTED TO SEE WHAT TRAIN WOULD DO

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—"Just wanted to see a wreck, just to see what the train would do," was the explanation of John Hosey, 14 years old, when arrested last night charged with placing a beam on the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad tracks at Thirty-third and Plant streets in an attempt to wreck the shuttle train running between Savannah and Newyards. A special officer saw two boys place the beam on the track. He arrested Hosey, but the other lad escaped.

Miss Margaret Elise Cafiero

One of the pretty debutantes of the coming season in Savannah. She was one of the graduates of the Savannah High School in the Spring.



8-Foot Shark Caught At St. Simons Island

Sam Levinne Lands Largest Catch of Years in Waters Around Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—An eight-foot shark has been caught on St. Simons Island by Sam Levinne, of this city. Before the fish could be landed it required a horse to pull it ashore.

The young man had his line out for a shark for more than an hour when suddenly it was almost jerked from his hand. Several times he managed to get the shark to the surface, each time shooting it, and before it was killed eight bullets had been poured into its body.

The shark weighed more than 300 pounds, and was the largest caught in these waters in ten years.

Firemen Endangered By a Falling Steeple

Lightning Sets Brunswick Church Spire Ablaze and Causes It to Topple.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—When McKendree Methodist Church was struck by lightning and set on fire, Fire Chief Harrison and three of his men narrowly missed death.

The lightning set fire to the steeple. The chief and three firemen climbed to the roof of a one-story addition adjoining the main part of the building. Before the fire was under control the steeple fell. Chief Harrison saw wha was coming and quickly ordered his men to seek safety. Just as the got under cover the steeple crashed on the roof where they had been standing.

NEGRO ACCUSED OF SLAYING 16 YEARS AGO IS CAUGHT

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Charged with killing B. C. Booth, at Manor, Ware County, sixteen years ago, Will Eady, a negro, has been brought to Waycross from near Blountstown, Fla. He has been identified and will be placed on trial in December.

Eady's escape from a mob was narrow. The Booth family conducted a search for him. W. S. Booth has just paid a reward of $100 for the negro's arrest and the State's reward of $100 will be paid soon.

WAYCROSS PLANS TO SEND MAN ON BOOSTER TRIP

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross may have a representative on the Georgia Booster Train, which will leave Macon soon for a tour of the Middle West.

Secretary T. Jeff Botley, of the Board of Trade, has been authorized to make the trip. He is getting splendid co-operation from the citizens. Thousands of Waycross booster booklets will be distributed by the secretary while on the trip.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching, Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

STREET PAVING AGITATION IS ON IN WAYCROSS

Act of Legislature Gives Authority to Make Levies on Property Owners.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—While none of the members of the Georgia Legislatures except those from Ware knew what the passage of the local act on levies for street pavement in Waycross meant they really paved Gilmore, a leading street of the city, by voting to pass the act.

The amendment to the city charter was proposed by Council to establish beyond any question the right of the city to make a levy against property of the street railway company for paving on a street occupied by the tracks of the company, whether the part of the street occupied by the tracks was paved or left unpaved.

In trying to pave Gilmore, Council has handled one of the hardest problems Waycross has ever tackled. First one proposition would be agreed upon, then another, and all kinds of petitions from property owners were received. Sentiment is anything but unanimous with reference to the paving of Gilmore, but Council is apparently determined to pave the street with brick.

Estimates on the cost of paving Gilmore have varied from $20,000 to above $30,000. With the street car company's portion of the expense certain for the city, the financial end of the pavement has been closed, and Council probably will be asked at an early date to authorize the Mayor to sign a contract and have work started without delay.

Convicts to Work Streets.

At last Waycross is going to get some return from the part the city has been contributing to the improvement of roads in Ware County. The convict gang of the county, under the new county commissioner law, will have to be worked on the principal streets of Waycross three months of each year, and in order that some benefit might result this year, the law stipulates that for 45 days between now and the end of the year the gang must be worked in Waycross.

An effort to reduce the membership of the board to five was defeated, and the board will be increased after January 1, 1915, to seven instead of six members, as at present. Four of the seven will be from the Waycross district. The chairman, instead of being a resident of the Waycross district, may reside in any district of the county. However, with four members from Waycross, it is extremely doubtful if the chairmanship ever goes out of the Waycross district.

Senator J. L. Sweat's plan for a board of information, holding quarterly meetings with the Commissioners, were eliminated.

SHORTHAND WILL NOT BE TAUGHT IN SCHOOLS

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stenography and typewriting will not be taught in the public schools of Chatham County during the coming session "because of the shortness of finances." This is the decision of the Board of Education of the county.

Superintendent Otis Ashmore and Principal B. F. Pickett, of the High School, were instructed by the board to investigate the question and report. They hold that the only additional expense would be the purchase of typewriters. It would not be necessary to employ another teacher. Bookkeeping and commercial subjects already are taught in the schools.

Waycross Lid Is On 7 Days Every Week

Sunday Closing Supplement by 'Move On Order to 'Houses In Our Midst.'

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Although the first warrants issued in the crusade against the sale of cold drinks in Waycross on Sundays have been withdrawn on the promise of good behavior, it is announced to-day that the campaign for Sabbath observance will in no way be lessened. The prime reformers are H. Murphy and Dan T. Cowart.

Right on top of the fight on Sunday drink sales, Chief of Police John W. Colley has issued warnings to women who have returned here despite the "lid order" issued last fall by Mayor Reed shortly after Atlanta closed the "houses in our midst." Several houses bordering on the disorderly variety have just been closed and the inmates compelled to leave the city. Only a few of the women waited until the last day to leave, as the police let it be known that all caught here after the limit expired would be arrested and tried in Police Court.

Fire Chief May Hold His Job After All

Expected Shake-up Fails to Materialize in Waycross—Council Remains Inactive.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—The expected shake-up in the Waycross fire department has not yet materialized. It was reported a week ago that former Chief Thomas Ballentyne, of the Savannah fire department, would become chief of the Waycross department. So far, however, the matter has not been presented to Council for action.

Recent improvements in the fire department caused members of Council to feel that a more experienced man was needed as chief, and the report of the expected change caused the friends of Chief E. C. Hall to get busy. What effect, if any, this had is unknown, but it is stated on authority that the fire department shake-up may not be talked about again until the first of the year, when Council elects the Fire Chief along with other city officials.

Fought Four Men; Held for Killing

Charlton County Slayer Released on Bond of $5,000—Now in Hospital.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 15.—An order was passed by Judge E. A. Parker, of the Waycross circuit to-day allowing C. W. Webb, charged with killing J. M. Crawford at Moniac, in Charlton County, temporary bail of $5,000. Authority was also given to transfer Cobb from Valdosta, where he has been in a hospital, to Hazlehurst. Thursday is the date fixed for a commitment trial at Folkston.

When he killed Crawford, Cobb was fighting four men, who attacked him as he started to board a passenger train. After he was cut to pieces he was left by the track all night.

NEW TRIAL FOR LANIER OVERRULED BY JUDGE

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Judge T. A. Parker overruled the motion for new trial in the case of State vs. W. C. Lanier, under life sentence for killing an infant. Attorneys will appeal the case to the Supreme Court. Lanier's wife, who was jointly indicted with him, was acquitted when she was tried at an adjourned term of court in June.

WAYCROSS TO TRY NEW FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Semi-Commission and Business Manager Plans To Be Voted on at Special Election.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross is on the verge of two interesting elections, and will top off the year with a warm municipal campaign.

The first election will be that of a Recorder to fill the recently-created position of City Recorder. The bill, as passed by the Georgia Legislature, provides that any lawyer 21 years of age may fill the place, and while there are no announced candidates for the position, it is known that members of Council have been approached by several who would like to serve until the election next year.

After the election of a Recorder will be the charter election. This will probably be called by Council at a meeting to be held next Tuesday, and will be for the purpose of deciding what changes, if any, in the present government of Waycross will be made. The charter bill provides for the city manager plan of government, which is a combination of the aldermanic and commission government, and an increased Board of Aldermen with appointive departmental heads. The proposition to have an all-time Mayor has been given up, and instead the charter provides that whoever is named Mayor must give sufficient time to look after the office properly. The salary of the Mayor is doubled, $1,200 being allowed under the new charter, as compared to $600 at present. The salaries for Aldermen are wiped out completely by the new charter. Heretofore Aldermen have been paid $200 a year.

There are many advocates of the two kinds of city government, and the election to be held will undoubtedly go down in the city's history as one of the warmest ever known in Waycross.

NEW RAILROAD TO BRUNSWICK FROM DARIEN

Connecting Link Will Be Completed by October 1—Preparations for Entry.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Preparations are already under way for the entry of the Georgia Coast and Piedmont Railroad into Brunswick on October 1.

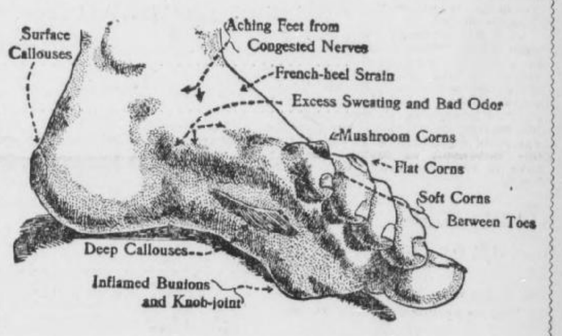
The rails are laid almost in entirety from Darien to Brunswick, and all that remains to make the connecting link perfect is the completion of the steel bridge over the Altamaha River. Work on the passenger and freight depots in this city is well under way, as likewise the work on the terminals along the river front.

By connecting Brunswick and Darien, many miles will be saved in going from one place to the other. The only direct connection with the McIntosh County seat is by boat from this city, which requires four and one-half hours to make the trip. With the Georgia Coast and Piedmont in operation, it will be possible to traverse the distance in less than an hour.

The road now runs from Collins, in Toombs County, to Darien, and with the extension to this city one of the richest territories agriculturally in Georgia will be opened up.

The road was started last summer, after having been under discussion for five years. The County Commissioners of Glynn and the city of Brunswick appropriated a large sum to aid in bringing the road here. The general offices of the road will be brought to Brunswick from Darien before the entry into this city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building. Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit)... ... $ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit)... ... ... 250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value... $1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash ... ... $ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash ... ... $ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk $30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913.
EDWIN G. MARKS,
Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock ... ...$ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash 500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value $4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash $967,024.22

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $875,954.38
Greatest amount insured in any one risk ..$ 50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding 452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.
W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913.
H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon FOR ORGANIZATIONS — **5,000 VOTES**

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon — **1,000 VOTES**

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

GIRLS' CLASS

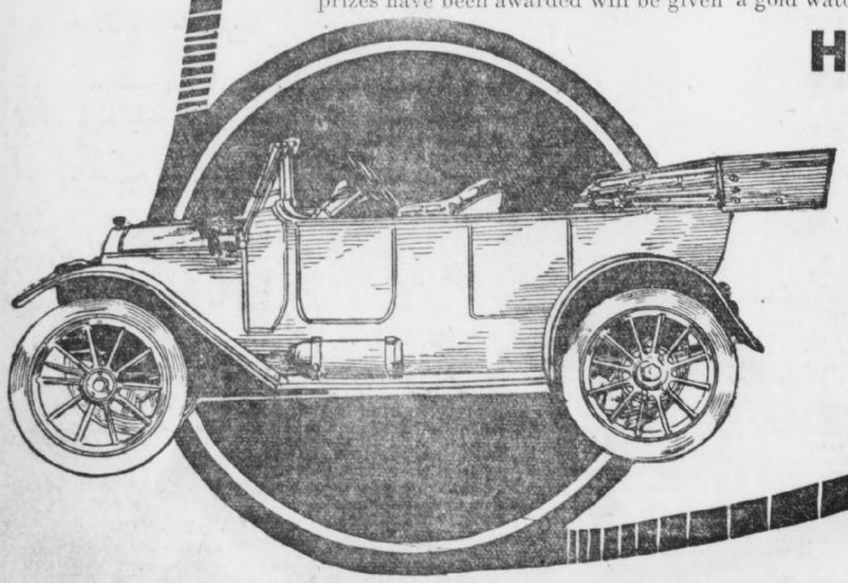
To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Griffin

FFIN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Annie Martin is at Demorest, accompanied by Mrs. George Marlin, Columbus.

Mrs. Lucy Cunningham, of Glade Springs, Va., is in Griffin, where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Elam, which occurred Sunday.

Misses Mary Lucia Slade and Jesse Cannifax and Messrs. J. T. Wells and C. V. Weathers have returned from Lifsey Springs, where they have been members of a camping party.

Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott left Wednesday for Salem, Va., where she is to be a member of a house party to be given by Miss Columbia Kelly.

Dr. and Mrs. Marcus F. Carson have just returned home from a visit to relatives at Commerce.

Walter B. Jackson and Miss Fannie Webster Logan were married here by the Rev. J. R. King.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruskin have returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

Mrs. B. B. Brown, Miss Olivia Brown and Master Douglas Brown have been visiting relatives in Rowell.

Mrs. W. E. H. Searcy, Sr., spent last week in Atlanta in company with Senator Searcy.

Miss Nina Jenkins has returned from Eatonton, where she was a member of a house party.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wolcott, Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Faircloth and daughter, Miss Marianna Sears, Mrs. A. J. Dunham and her guests, Miss Wood, of Pennille; Mrs. J. M. Kelly, Miss Jesse Cannifax, of Barnesville; Miss Page Acree, of Chattanooga; Miss Elise Hay, of Dallas, Texas; Miss Rebecca Brown, Miss Mary Lucia Slade, Miss Elise Johnson, Messrs. Hughlett Kellett, Crossenberrey, C. V. Weathers, H. T. Green, Robert Williams, L. H. Beck and Robert Ramspeck, of Atlanta, formed a camping party to Lifsey Springs.

Miss Annie Suber, of Macon, is spending the week-end in Griffin with her sister, Mrs. Z. E. Jay, on Hill street.

Miss Mattie Evans has returned to her home in Washington, D. C. She will return to Griffin early in September.

Mrs. R. O. Crouch and children are in Meriwether County, the guests of Mrs. M. T. Crouch, the mother of Mr. Crouch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartow Jackson, of Bernice, La., are here on a visit to relatives of the former.

A wedding of interest in this section was that of Miss Edna Dingler, of Williamson, to Dr. Jackson, of Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Blake and son have returned from a tour of several Northern cities, including New York, Washington, Philadelphia and other places in the East. They were accompanied by Mrs. Blake's sister, Mrs. Lilah Copeland, and her son, H. I. Copeland, of McDonough.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Reddy, who have resided in Griffin for the past four years, have removed to Tennille.

Miss Lucile Flemister entertained Wednesday morning at a porch party in compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Walker, of Monroe.

Mrs. J. R. Cole and Mrs. James Flint were the hostesses at a domino party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. A. DuPree, of Marietta; Miss Jessie Robinson, of Owensboro, Ky., the guest of Mrs. James Baxter, and several other visitors.

Miss Ettienne Goddard entertained Tuesday afternoon at an al fresco party in honor of her guest, Miss Ruth Brown, of Waycross.

Captain and Mrs. James Kimbrough entertained Monday evening at dinner in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. William L. Owen, of New Orleans, La.

Miss Ocessa Shackleford entertained at a lawn party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Lula Hanson, of Macon.

Miss Nellie Corbin gave a swimming party Tuesday afternoon at Corbin's Pond in honor of her guest, Miss Laura Porter, of Houston, Texas.

Mrs. J. C. Brooks leaves Thursday morning for Panama, where she will visit her son, Jack Brooks.

Miss Carmine Thomas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. L. Tucker, returned to her home in Atlanta Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Strickland will leave Sunday for an extended tour through the New England States, and will spend some time in Boston and New York before returning to Griffin.

Mrs. A. J. Mills has gone to Sharpsburg, the home of her childhood.

Miss Mary Enes has returned from a stay of several weeks at Lake Chautauqua, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hammond, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Woods Hammond on West Poplar street.

Jackson

JACKSON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. S. H. Thornton gave a reception Thursday in honor of her house guests, Mrs. A. B. Roberts, Mrs. S. B. Hungerford, Mrs. Charles Clawson and Miss Lucile Roberts, of Macon. Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Mrs. R. W. Oxford, Miss Nina Harris, Miss Mary Newton and Miss Pauline Mallett assisted Mrs. Thornton in entertaining. Misses Doris Nutt, Sylvia Lyons and Helen Ham served punch.

Miss Lucile Tolleson, of McDonough, was the honor guest at a rook party given Saturday by Miss Doris Nutt, whose guest she is. Miss Helen Carmichael won the first prize, a handkerchief, and the guest of honor was given a lace fan. Mrs. E. D. Tolleson assisted in entertaining.

In compliment to her guest, Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, Miss Mary Land gave a rook party Tuesday afternoon. The guest's prize was a silk fan and the trophy for top score fell to Miss Kate Ham.

Mrs. A. H. Smith and Miss Helen Smith, who are here for the summer, spent a few days of the week at their home in Atlanta.

Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, is the guest of Miss Mary Land.

Mrs. W. S. McBryant and her daughter, Mrs. Homer Young, of Augusta, and Mrs. J. D. Loner and children, of Alabama City, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McBryant.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mays are in Whitesburg.

Mrs. Wilbur Ham, of Cartersville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Ham.

Miss Thelma Woods is at home from a visit to Mrs. Fred Hatfield, in Opelika.

Mrs. Charles Rice, of Atlanta, is spending the week-end with Mrs. A. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carmichael have returned from a visit to Norfolk.

Mrs. H. H. Hooten, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Maddox, Jr., of Valdosta, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Maddox.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—A party of twelve of the Thomasville Campfire Girls, chaperoned by Mrs. J. Scott Hunter, left this week for Hendersonville, N. C., and will camp for a month at Bat's Cave, near Hendersonville. Those in the party were Misses Mabel Evans, Ethel Evans, Katherine Balfour, Blanche McDonald, Rose Evans, Carmen Evans, Georgia McKay, Florence Vaughn, Mary Patterson, Isabel Peacock and Hattie Brandon.

Miss Lucile Green left this week for a trip to Washington, New York and other points.

Miss Alice Bateman, of Dallas, Texas, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Mash.

Miss Pauline Harrell, of Bainbridge, is the guest of Miss Nell Patten.

Mrs. T. N. Hopkins and Miss Helen Hopkins have returned from a visit to Waynesville, N. C.

Miss Bessie Helm, of Bronwood, Texas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. S. Parker, has returned home.

Miss Martha Brantley, of Boston, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Willis Moore.

Misses Fraser and Isabel Mitchell are the guests of Mrs. D. I. MacIntyre in Atlanta.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe, of Valdosta, are the guests of Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. W. H. Parker is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. D. Steel, in St. Paul, Minn.

Miss Maude Speight has returned from Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Turner are visiting New York and other Eastern points.

Mrs. H. W. Hopkins has returned from Western North Carolina.

Mrs. W. L. Ball has returned from Battle Creek, Mich.

Mrs. J. B. Lockhart has returned to her home in Adel after a visit to her mother, Mrs. Arthur Patten.

Mrs. H. D. Atkinson and Miss Gladys Atkinson have returned from a visit to friends in Bainbridge.

Mrs. Henry Lester and Misses Mildred and Susan Lester have returned from a visit to Atlanta and Chattanooga.

Miss Margaret McKay, who has been visiting Miss Susie Leonard at Talbotton, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Spence left this week for a trip North.

Miss Eula Brooks, of Boston, is the guest of friends.

Mrs. James A. Mallette, of Boston, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Tifton

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Tom Williams, of Douglas, was the guest of Mrs. N. Peterson Monday.

Misses Vannie and Nora Goggans are attending a house party at Sylvester given by Miss Lamp.

Miss Rose Scheuerman has returned to Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Hazel Ford has returned from Atlanta and the Blue Ridge Mountains.

Mrs. I. A. Fulwood and Miss Louise Fagan are visiting in Rochelle and Fort Valley.

Miss Deborah McRae, of Thomasville, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. McRae Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Myers left Wednesday for Washington, D. C.

Mrs. W. T. Hargrett is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Speight, of Moultrie.

Mrs. R. S. Kell and children have returned home from Atlanta.

Misses Mary Carl Hurst, of Atlanta, and Florence Mercer, of Albany, are the guests of a house party given by Mr. Amos Tift, for which Mrs. S. L. Fleetwood is chaperon.

Misses Julia Williams, of Douglas, and Florence Parks, of Ty Ty, are the guests of a house party given by Miss Aline Shipp.

Miss Adelaide Hargrett entertained her guests with an all-day picnic at Lucy Lake Tuesday.

Cordele

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—Miss Lamar Ryals is expected to return Monday from a trip to the Eastern States.

Misses Sarah and Erin McArthur, of McGregor, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. John B. Ryals.

Mrs. D. Meredith Clarke was the hostess Wednesday to the Young Matrons' Club.

Miss Jurelle Little has returned from Eastman.

Mrs. Robert Wynne, of Eastman, is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Walters.

Mrs. John Caulfield and little son, of Emerich, were guest during the week-end at the home of Judge and Mrs. S. W. Coney.

Mrs. A. H. Holder, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Miss Nellie Roberts.

Sam Coney, Jr., is home from Washington for a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Webb have returned from a visit at Chipley and Columbus.

Miss Emily Hyde is visiting Mrs. John Hyde at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Arthur Purvis has returned to her home at Americus after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Persall.

Mrs. James Kee, of Macon, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Williams.

Misses Marie and Lucile Diffee have returned home from a visit to Mrs. H. J. Maddox at Bainbridge.

Miss Mazie Crawford was the hostess Thursday at a luncheon for a party of young friends, including her three cousins, the Misses Coffman, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Miss Neta Reser, of Bristol, Tenn., and Messrs. L. E. Fenn, Hunt, Hancock, Reagan and Turner.

Miss Ida Fay Mathews has returned from a visit at Shellman.

Mrs. W. A. Frout, of Barnesville, is visiting Mrs. T. E. Jennings.

Misses Elma and Laura Bell, of Valdosta, are the guests of Miss Mary Sue Russell.

Miss Ruth Carswell, of Waycross, the guest of her cousin, Miss Harriet Carswell, was entertained this week by Miss Carswell, Mrs. J. E. Lindsay and Miss Sarah Hyde.

Miss Alice Oliver has returned to Americus after a visit to Miss Belle Jones.

Talbotton

TALBOTTON, Aug. 16.—The most important social event of the week was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones to Mr. Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, Monday night. The wedding was at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Trussell. Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church here, performed the ceremony. C. K. Mahone and Mrs. Dana Brown were the attendants. The wedding was a surprise.

Mrs. Jennie Gray Draughon returned to Reynolds Tuesday after a visit to Miss Hattie Simpson.

Miss Hattie Taylor, of Fitzgerald, has been the guest of Miss Susie Leonard during the week. She and Miss Leonard and a few others were entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner given in her honor by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bryan Monday night. The others present were Miss Lizzie Ragland and Miss Imogene Smith.

Miss Clara Spivey and Miss Anne Douglass left Monday for Franklin, N. C., where they are invited on a camping trip with Miss Lynn Johnston.

One of the most enjoyable of the summer dances given by our nearby little town of Geneva was that Tuesday evening by J. E. Bartlett and Walter Adams at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson, in compliment to the young ladies of Geneva. The punch bowl was presided over by Misses Willie Kate Edge and Gussie Lee Cook. Ices and cakes were served by Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Hazel McCrary and little Kate Whit Stinson. Among the dancers were Misses May Covington, Willie and Mary Edge, Hazel McCrary, Gussie Lee Cook, Myrtice and Jennie McCrary, Etta and Zoudie Bradshaw, Ora Colquitt, Sallie Shipp, Kate Whit Stinson, Messrs. J. E. Bartlett, Walter Adams, E. G. Cook, Albert Persons, Fitz Colquitt, Lake McCrary, Clinton Barksdale, Jim McFarland, and Harvey Benson. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Missie McCrary.

A social event of this week which came as a surprise was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones of Mount Ida, Talbot County, to Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Trussell on College avenue Monday night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church. C. K. Mahone was best man and Mrs. Lilyan Brown matron of honor.

Mrs. Dickerson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. T. Jones, of Mount Ida. Mr. Dickerson formerly resided at Talbotton and in Atlanta.

Hazlehurst

HAZLEHURST, Aug. 16.—A beautiful wedding of Friday was that of Miss Mary Frazier to Bolling Harvey Johnson, which was quietly solemnized by the Rev. W. M. McMorries, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. H. Greene.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left immediately after a reception for the mountains of North Carolina.

Moultrie

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. C. A. Beall is with relatives at Sylvester.

Mrs. W. E. Adams who has been the guest of friends here has returned to her home at Thomaston.

Miss Lonnie Vickers is at home after visiting relatives at Greenville, Fla.

Miss Ethel Spivey left yesterday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. J. C. Mebale is at home from a visit to Oklahoma City and Muskogee, Okla.

Miss Mabel Clark, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Bessie Muller.

Mrs. J. M. Strickland, of Dothan, Ala., who has been the guest of relatives here, left Friday for home.

Miss Lucia Gilmore is the guest of friends at Cordele.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Tharpe are spending the summer at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

Mrs. D. B. L. Powell is at home from Panama City, Fla.

Misses Minnie and Janie Milligan, of Newton, Ala., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. A. Huber.

Miss Nona Smith returned yesterday from Chautauqua, N. Y.

Mrs. T. W. Maddox came home Friday from Atlantic Beach, Fla.

Mrs. W. B. Linder, of Dublin, is with her mother, Mrs. G. S. Nelson.

Mrs. I. A. Heard is the guest of relatives at Vienna.

Mrs. C. L. Stevenson left yesterday for Cartersville.

Miss Mary Harris has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Pidcock left yesterday for White House, N. J.

Mrs. W. F. Way entertained a party of friends at a domino party Thursday.

Eatonton

EATONTON, Aug. 16.—Dr. and Mrs. George Noble, accompanied by Misses Noble and Drs. Wagner and Henry Noble, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, making the trip in Dr. Noble's car.

Mrs. Clinton Powell entertained for her guest, Miss Mary T. Lawrence, of Milledgeville, Friday afternoon.

Mrs. R. Preston Brooks and children, of Athens, are the guests of Mrs. Alex Reid.

Mrs. Walter Chamblee, of Atlanta, and Mrs. and Mrs. Irby Kilpatrick, of Athens, are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kilpatrick.

Mrs. James Davenport, of Brunswick, and Miss Annie Smith, of Sparta, are visiting Mrs. T. G. Greene.

Mrs. T. G. Greene entertained at a reception for Mrs. Davenport and Miss Smith, on Saturday afternoon. The Delta Phi's formed a group of girls, receiving the guests on the porch, where Mrs. Sam Dusenburg, of Barnesville, served punch.

An event of the week was Miss Agnes Leverette's bridge party in honor of Mrs. Davenport, of Brunswick, at the home of Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, Monday evening. Mrs. John T. Dennis received first prize, Sam Hearn the consolation, and Mrs. Davenport was given a guest prize.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Candler, Jr., of Clearwater, Fla., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Reid Hearn.

Saturday morning Mrs. M. F. Adams, Mrs. B. N. Alsbrook and Mrs. James Denham were joint hostesses at a party given in honor of Miss Helen Denham and her house party.

Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro will entertain in honor of her visitors, Misses Noble, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Gardner entertained at tea Saturday evening for Mrs. Sidney Reid and her guest, Mrs. Rogers Davis, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis entertained Tuesday for their house guests, Miss Allen Bell, of South Carolina; Mrs. Rollin Hutchinson, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dennis, of Elberton. The punch bowl was presided over by Miss Lelia Turner and Miss Eleanor Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Dennis were assisted in entertaining by Colonel and Mrs. Frak Jenkins, Mrs. Sid Edmondson and Miss Mattie Edmondson.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Miss Juanita Bennett has returned from a visit to Americus.

Miss Clifton Wing, of Macon, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thorpe.

Members of the Friday Club were entertained by Miss Hettie Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wall left Thursday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. W. B. Stovall, who has been visiting in Griffin, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Remley left on Wednesday for a visit to White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Macey Highsmith left Wednesday for a visit to Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. V. A. Jones, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting relatives in Waycross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Scruggs and little daughter and Mr. Oren L. Gray left Tuesday for an auto trip through Georgia and North Carolina.

Mrs. Jennie Mell and Miss Viola Mell left yesterday for a visit to points in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Dessau Bunn visited relatives in the city this week, returning to St. Simons.

Mrs. A. M. Litch left Wednesday for Spartanburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Brewer and Miss Hester Brewer, who have been visiting Judge and Mrs. H. P. Brewer, have returned to Douglas.

Miss Dorothy Krauss, who has been the guest of Miss Anice Daniel and Miss Annie Laurie Walker, returned to Brunswick Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Hughes and son returned Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Atwood, Mrs. R. J. Haines and Miss Moneta Haines left Thursday for a visit to points in Virginia.

Mrs. E. P. Guren and little son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. J. Walter Lyon.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran left this week for a visit to points in North Georgia and Tennessee.

Mrs. E. H. Clark and children have returned from a visit to St. Louis.

Mrs. John C. Nicholls and daughter, Miss Meta Nicholls, returned Tuesday from Hendersonville, N. C.

Miss Lula Platt, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. B. N. Norvell, left Wednesday for Woodland, Cal.

Miss Anna Morrison left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. E. C. Yerkes, of St. Louis, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. B. Drane, her daughter, left Thursday for San Francisco.

Misses Ada and Natalie Smith, of New York, arrived Wednesday.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—The Art Needle Workers were entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William R. Youles.

Mrs. J. H. Scruggs left on Tuesday for Aberdeen, Miss.

Mr. A. B. Smith and family have gone down to Rocky Ford and are in camp.

Mr. J. F. Stapler chaperoned six or eight couples of young people to Blue Springs, Fla., on a fishing trip.

Mrs. John Q. Sineath and her little daughter, Virginia, left Tuesday for Atlanta and Huntington, Tenn.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and children left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C. Dr. Rose and the boys went up on Thursday in their automobile.

Mrs. W. B. Fender and children returned to Valdosta from Atlanta on Monday.

Miss Eula Garbutt has returned to her home at Fitzgerald.

Miss Julie Winn Varnedoe and her guests, Misses Gladys Laney and Daisy Wilkins, are at Thomasville visiting Miss Louise Grantham.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Black left Wednesday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. C. C. Brantley left Thursday night for Brevard and Toxaway, N. C.

Mr. J. N. Griffin has returned from the Nacoochee Valley, where he has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. G. Hardman.

Miss Georgia Smith and Messrs. Frank Smith and Leon Paine left Tuesday for New York.

Miss Edith Doty left Friday for Niagara Falls and Canada.

Miss Sallie Mathis left Wednesday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyly Doty and children have gone to Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mathis left Thursday for New York.

Miss Mattie Pope Hagherty left Thursday for Americus.

Misses Irvin Denmark and Cap Relihan left Wednesday for New York.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe left Monday for Thomasville to visit Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. C. R. Ashley and her son and Miss Eugie Dasher left Wednesday over the National Highway for points in North Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland and child left Wednesday night for Newnan, Ga.

Washington

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The patriotic societies of Washington are planning to entertain all Confederate veterans in Wilkes County the first Tuesday in September.

Mrs. Lawrence O. Fortson was the hostess at a meeting of the Wednesday Afternoon Bridge Club this week.

Miss Roselyn Wootten, who has been visiting relatives in Columbus, returned Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. William Graham Love, who will spend two weeks in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Richard Wootten.

Mrs. W. D. Ellington is visiting in Daytona Beach, Fla., the guest of Mrs. C. L. Horn.

Mrs. Mary Fisher, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Richard D. Callaway.

Washington relatives who will attend the marriage of Miss Edythe Sims and Mr. Paul Newsom, of this city, which will occur Monday afternoon in Atlanta, are Mrs. James S. Newsom, Miss Ina Newsom, Mrs. R. S. Roberts, Misses Julia Toombs and Lucy Willis DuBose and Messrs. Sam Brooks, W. Frank Lee and John B. Green. Following the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Newsom will leave on the afternoon train for Washington and will be at home with Mr. and Mrs. Raymond R. Smith.

Gainesville

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—One of the most interesting affairs of the week was a party given by Miss Marguerite Chamblee, in honor of her cousin, Miss Estelle Barrett of Clarkston, and Miss Dorothy Fitzgerald, of Gainesville.

Miss Lillah Fickling, of Rome, the guest of Misses Helen and Dorothy Dean, was the honoree of Miss Louise Law in a lawn party given Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Henry Washington entertained a few friends at a porch party Thursday afternoon for Miss Jeannette Christian, the guest of Mrs. J. C. Pruitt.

On Friday afternoon Miss Margaret Jewell celebrated her eighth birthday with a quaint party.

Misses Annie and Esther Smith entertained informally at their home Monday evening in honor of their guests, Misses Mary and Annie Smith, of Silver City.

The party given Friday evening by Miss Mary Logan was a compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Hanna Kimsey, of Cornelia.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. Noah Webster was hostess at a delightful sewing party.

Cedartown

CEDARTOWN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Lucy Henderson was married Tuesday to J. H. Hawkins, of Rome. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. C. Heard at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. F. A. Irwin. Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins have gone to Borden Wheeler Springs and will be at home in Rome after September 1.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, Aug. 16.—Miss Vannie Phillips spent Wednesday in Atlanta.

Miss Ethel Stevens, of Ball Ground, arrived Tuesday to attend the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Cramer spent Monday in Temple.

Miss Lucy Harris spent Wednesday and Thursday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Smith returned Tuesday from Atlanta and Dallas.

Mrs. Arthur Coffee, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Bass.

Mrs. L. S. Sims left for Cartersville Sunday to visit her mother, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hanna, of Chesterfield, S. C., are visiting Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. J. R. Jolly is visiting her parents in Dawson.

Miss Floy Rawls, of Rome, is the guest of Miss Vannie Phillips.

Mrs. George Harris and baby are in Warm Springs visiting Mrs. Harris' sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bickford and son are in Atlanta.

Miss Eugenie Mandeville has returned to Atlanta.

Mrs. Leon Walker, of Clearwater, Fla., is the guest of their mother, Mrs. T. B. Griffin.

Miss Marie Spence, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. W. Glass.

Mrs. T. B. Griffin has returned from a visit to Newnan and Atlanta.

Mrs. Cecil Boykin left Monday for her home in Marietta.

Mr. and Mrs. Mandeville Long have returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Edna Cook left Wednesday for Piedmont Springs.

Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers, is the guest of Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almon.

Miss Lula Kingsbery has returned to Atlanta, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Henderson.

Miss Natalie Jones, of Griffin, who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Griffin, has returned.

Miss Nell Sharpe, of Jacksonville, Fla., is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hearn, of New York, are expected in Carrollton next week to visit Mr. Hearn's mother, Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. Robert Creel, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bledsoe, has returned to her home in Jasper, Ala.

Miss Katie Lou Thomasson will leave Tuesday for Piedmont Springs.

Mrs. Cleo Shaw and daughter, Sarah Helen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Teague, at Heflin, Ala.

Miss Lucy Harris, who has been in New York studying music, returned Friday and is with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson, left Wednesday for Opelika, Ala.

Mrs. E. W. Keith and little daughter, Louise, of Rome, attended the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Mrs. Ruth Kramer entertained at a theater party Wednesday afternoon complimentary to Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thomasson spent Tuesday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, of Griffin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Moore.

Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almand entertained at a theater party Monday afternoon complimentary to their visitor, Miss Mary Lou Tucker.

Mrs. William Beall and daughter, Miss Allie Beall, have returned from Birmingham and Bessemer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Bass and baby have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bass, at Piedmont Springs.

LaGrange

LAGRANGE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Michael Cody, of Montgomery, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Ferrell.

Miss Stella Bradfield is visiting relatives in McDonough.

Mrs. Fred Robinson, of Atlanta, is visiting her father, Glover Hood, of LaGrange.

Mrs. John Brown, of Locust Grove, is the guest of Mrs. E. R. Bradfield.

Miss Aima Albright is visiting her brother, Will Albright.

Mrs. Griffin is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Harrison.

Mrs. Howell, of Warrenville, is a guest of her son, Jim Howell, on Hill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Shang are visiting in Hogansville.

Miss Margaret Bell, of Dadeville, Ala., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Shearer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dix have returned from a visit to Huntsville, Ala.

Misses Mildred and Marion Bradfield, of Atlanta, are visiting Miss Sara Lane.

Mrs. Lillie Cason is the guest of Mrs. Fuller E. Callaway.

Miss Ethel Pike is visiting in Atlanta.

Mrs. Charles J. Warner and family, of Rome; Mrs. J. B. Ridley and family, of Atlanta; Mrs. G. S. Edmundson and family, of Abbottsford; Carl Edmundson, of Conyers; Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy and family and J. P. Edmundson, who have been guests of Mayor and Mrs. Edmundson, have returned to their homes.

Helena

HELENA, Aug. 16.—A wedding which came as a surprise was that of Miss May Council to Eugene Suddeth, of Madison, Fla. They went for a drive and stopped at the parsonage of the Rev. J. K. Hines, where they were married. Miss Mantie Coker, a friend of the bride, going with them.

An event of Tuesday evening was a social affair given by Miss Florence Davenport in honor of J. C. Clements, of Macon. Those present were Misses Florence Davenport, Marie Brewton, Edith and Marion Creighton, Clara Dunford, Vera McGinty, Messrs. J. C. Clements, of Macon; Richard Carson, P. W. Pittman, of Atlanta; Billie Ryals and G. A. Boatright, of Americus.

Mr. Marion Howard, of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Pittman this week.

Mrs. E. J. Tyson, of Abbeville, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. F. M. Creighton.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, Aug. 16.—A delightful affair was the afternoon tea given by Mrs. Horace Howard in honor of Mrs. Henry Gooding, of Columbia, S. C., who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bradley Howard.

Mrs. John P. Anderson entertained the Round Dozen Sewing Club Wednesday afternoon. The guests were Mrs. Conyers Fite, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Samuel Candler, Clearwater, Fla.; Mrs. George L. Cope, Savannah; Mrs. J. G. Simpson, Miss Mattie Jones, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Bert Sims, Murfreesboro, Tenn.; Mrs. Otto Conn, Mrs. Louie Hall, Miss Maude Norris, Milledgeville; Miss Ann Smith, Pittsfield, Mass.; Mrs. Bob Best, Rome, and Mrs. Gordon Cassells, Savannah.

Mrs. W. T. Bate, of Barnesville, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Calhoun.

Mrs. Buford Graw has returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Mrs. Otto Conn and Miss Ruth Conn, of Milledgeville, are in Cartersville, the guests of Mrs. D. B. Freeman.

Mrs. Harris Cope and Mr. W. H. Field left Tuesday for Versailles, Ky., to visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton.

Miss Johnnie Louise Sanders, of Elmwood, is the guest of Miss Emily Davis.

Mrs. Lena Wofford Harley, of Sparta, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Wofford.

Miss Ruth Berry, of Atlanta, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Lutie Harvey.

Mrs. J. C. Platt and little daughter, Katherine Platt, of Augusta, are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Saxon.

Mrs. Alfred Zachry and son, Alfred Zachry, Jr., of West Point, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. J. W. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cassells and Miss Gladys Cassells, of Savannah, are the guests of Mrs. Emriod Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Walker, of Monroe, spent the week with their daughter, Mrs. Hampton Field.

Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. John Adair are at Glenn Springs, S. C.

Mrs. Logan Vaughn has returned from White Sulphur Springs.

Covington

COVINGTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. B. C. Jenkins and children, of Columbus, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. N. Rainey, left Friday for Atlanta, where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Murphy.

Mrs. Jack H. Estes, of Dallas, Texas, arrived Monday to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. D. Bush. Mrs. Estes is remembered as Miss Florrie Cheney, having frequently been the guest of Mrs. Bush before her marriage.

Miss Ida Shellnut, who has been entertained as the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Carter, left Friday to visit relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. R. H. Bickerstaff and children have returned to their home in Athens after a visit to Mrs. J. M. Allen and Miss Jule Allen.

Miss Clara Belle Adams is entertaining a bevy of girls at her home on Floyd street, including Misses Mary Stephens, of Nashville, Tenn.; Maggie Rogers, Marguerite and Agnes Adams, of Carrollton.

Misses Bernice Breedlove, of Monroe; Virginia Withers, of Atlanta, and Fannie Mae Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., returned to their homes Monday after spending ten days at Henderson's Mill as the guests of the campers.

Mrs. Roscoe Johnson, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mrs. T. F. Hodges and children, of Dothan, Ala., who have been spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Clarke, have returned to their homes. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke have as their guests now Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mobley, of Millen.

Miss Dotye Greer, of Brunswick, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. Colquitt Greer, at Eatonton and Oconee Springs, spent last week as the guest of relatives in Madison. Miss Greer is spending this week with her sister, Mrs. C. I. Cash.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harwell, Mr. Candler Harwell, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry W. Branham and Mrs. Annie Webb, of Atlanta, left Thursday in Mr. Harwell's car for Indian Springs.

Miss Emily Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., and the Misses Mobley, of Hogansville, were guests of honor at a party given by Miss Leila Perry on Saturday morning. Misses Fannie Mae Henderson, Julia Cowan and Kate Perry assisted the hostess.

Mrs. P. W. Godfrey and Miss Frances Godfrey, accompanied by Mrs. Berto Lee, returned home Saturday from Atlanta, making the trip in Mrs. Godfrey's car.

Miss Frances Lee, of Atlanta, who has been the guest of Mrs. Laura Carter and Mrs. John M. Fleming, left Friday for a visit to relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. J. M. Fleming entertained Thursday afternoon at the Lyric Theater in honor of her guests, Misses Ida Shellnutt, of Sandersville, and Frances Lee, of Atlanta. In the party were Misses Ruby Vining, Lartrelle Meadors, Josephine Franklin, Ida Shellnut and Frances Lee.

A delightful event of the past week was that at which Mr. James Wells entertained Thursday evening at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Wells, in honor of Miss Edna Tompkins, of Helena, who, with her mother, Mrs. Robert Tompkins, has been the guest of Mrs. Wells for several days.

Misses Bower entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening in honor of their house guest, Miss Kittie Lee Bower, of Quitman.

Miss Sallie Mae Sockwell entertained Saturday morning with a porch party.

Dublin

DUBLIN, Aug. 16.—The marriage of Miss Julia Porter, of Danville, and C. G. Kitchens, of Dublin, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Porter, near Danville, Tuesday afternoon. The wedding was a simple home affair. The Rev. T. Bright performed the ceremony. The wedding march was played by Mrs. J. C. Chandler, of Swainsbo

MR. HEARST TELLS WHY HE KEEPS OIL LETTERS FROM LOBBY INQUIRY

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Foreign-Born Women Voting Is Restricted

Illinois Attorney General Outlines Conditions Under Which They Can Cast Ballots.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 16.—In answer to Mayor Schriver, of Rock Island, for an opinion on votes for women under the new suffrage law and to govern authorities in an approaching election, Attorney General Lucey to-day held:

"That a foreign-born woman who marries a citizen of the United States, whether such citizen be natural born or naturalized, by such an act of marriage becomes a citizen of the United States.

"An unmarried foreign-born woman whose father did not become naturalized until after she arrived at her majority, would not, by such act of naturalization upon the part of her father, become a citizen of the United States.

"A woman born in the United States whose father was not naturalized prior to her arriving at her majority is a citizen of the United States."

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

DEER HINDERS TRAFFIC; DODGES TEAMS IN ROAD

ALBANY, ORE., Aug. 16.—Running along on a well-traveled country road a big buck deer dodged its way between three teams of horses and escaped unhurt last week. The deer was encountered near Brewster Station, on the Woodburn-Springfield line between Crabtree and Lebanon, by three men who were hauling lumber to the railroad line.

As the season is not yet open for deer no attempt was made to shoot it.

WANT TO MAKE MONEY? START TERRAPIN FARM

Government Authority Declares There Are Big Profits in the Diamond Backs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The diamond-back terrapin, aristocrat of the dining table and king of the banquet menu, need not disappear from the sandy shores of the United States and be lost to disciples of Epicurus forever if the business men of the nation will allow themselves to be awakened to the fact that there are fat dividends in the breeding of the animals.

Uncle Sam is sponsor for this statement. Experts in the Bureau of Fisheries are anxious that business men shall read its report.

At Beaufort, N. C., the experts started out four years ago with 40 females and 18 males, terrapin such as may be found from Southern Virginia all along the coast down to Florida. From this small breeding stock the experts procured 295 eggs in 1910. Of the 295 eggs only 7 failed to hatch.

In 1911 513 eggs were procured, and of these 421 were hatched. Even better results were obtained in 1912, when 650 eggs were procured and 538 hatched. The number of eggs laid and hatched in 1913 is expected to be far greater. Of course, a terrapin must be five or six years old before he is in the best shape for the table, but this slow growth is offset by the fact that "one man may care for several thousand terrapin."

Terrapin farms, the Government report says, should be situated on the shore line of tidal salt water, where a supply of fresh water also is available; low, swamp land where fish and crabs are plentiful being preferable. Best results are obtained by breeding the terrapin in pens specially built, but not expensive in construction.

Unlike the chicken breeders and the breeders of other food animals, the terrapin breeder need not worry about disease in his stock. The Government experts say: "So far as is known, diamond-back terrapins are not subject to epidemic disease, and after reaching the age of two or three years have no important enemy except man."

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 100 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906, William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

Perhaps t... Piper' ...

'What Becomes ... Natural Dea... Wants t...

WASHINGTON, Aug... cle in the current public ... letin, issued to-day, make... tery of the question:

"What becomes of rats wh... natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by ... geon Victor G. Heiser, chief qu... tine officer of the Philippine Isla... who had charge of the rat-dest... ing campaign in Manila.

He states that the average ra... mortality for the Philippine city is ... 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out ... what becomes of the bodies of those ... that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

...d Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figgins, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

Our August Furniture Sale

Our "Middle of the Month" August Furniture Specials have never been so numerous and the values so great.

The articles you want are here, carrying prices much lower than you expected to pay.

Why delay buying longer? Our courteous salesmen will be glad to show you through and aid you in making selections, and we will be pleased to arrange terms to suit YOU. Come in to-morrow.



Special Rocker Sale Monday

Monday Special on Small Rugs

Beautiful patterns in floral and Oriental designs. These rugs are positively guaranteed. Please note these prices, which are good for to-morrow only.

$1.50 Brussels Rugs, Monday 98c
$2.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $1.48
$4.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $2.98
$6.00 Axminster Rugs, Monday $3.98

A big shipment of four-dollar values. Substantially made, are attractive patterns, beautifully finished in rich golden oak. You can get genuine comfort in these rockers. Not more than three to any one customer and none to dealers. Our special price for to-morrow only is **$1.98**

Special Sale on Go-Carts Monday

25% Discount on Gas Ranges

Every sanitary, fuel-saving, conveniently arranged Buck's gas stove and range is included in this special discount. One dollar per week pays for your choice.

Special Sale on German Porch Screens

About three dozen left. They will make your porch cool and attractive. Please note these special prices.

$2.50 6-foot Screens, now only $1.48
$3.50 8-foot Screens, now only $1.98

About one dozen included in this lot. They are all samples—all badly damaged—values are from five to fifteen dollars. They are equipped with best re-tempered steel springs, heavy rubber tires, fold completely up in one and two movements. To-morrow only you may take your choice for only **$1.98**

Duplex Mattress

—made of eight layers of fluffy, sanitary felt; has imperial, tightly stitched edges, grade "A" ticking and we positively guarantee this mattress to not sag or lump. We are exclusive agents for this mattress. $1.00 cash, $1.00 weekly, at..... **$10.00**

Wood's Special Davenport

—a wonderful value. Frames are made of well seasoned materials. It is upholstered with genuine chase leather, has best re-tempered steel springs, and we can furnish it in golden oak, mahogany or mission finish. An ideal davenport by day, and ONE MOVEMENT converts into a full sized bed. Complete with sanitary felt mattress only **$37.50**

Blue Tag Bargain Basement

Six big wagonloads were added yesterday to this already well filled space of big home-furnishing values.

Every piece a needed article in some home—every piece an incomparable value. Come to-morrow (BIG MONDAY) and make your selections. Our usual terms apply to any selection made in our Blue Tag Bargain Basement.

Sellers Kitchen Cabinets

—the one kitchen cabinet which really fills all requirements. It has an ant and dust proof flour bin and sugar compartment—a convenient and sanitary place for everything needed in a modern kitchen—see our special for only **$31.50**

Wood's Special Chifforobe

—has a separate and convenient place for everything a man wears from an overcoat to a collar button. Also a large and conveniently arranged shaving mirror. It has a trouser rack which will keep trousers in shape, and a most convenient coat rack. Our special terms on any finish is $1.00 cash, $1.00 per week, and the price is only **$21.50**



Family Size

EAGLE

—will keep your foodstuff to perfection—the ice bill will be small and it will in every particular give satisfaction. Special terms of one dollar cash, the balance one dollar per week, and our price is only **$7.50**

Two Big Specials



Brass Bed

—has heavy, substantial two-inch posts, five extra large and strong fillers—furnished in either single or double sizes in satin or gloss finish—terms one dollar cash and one dollar per week, and our price is only **$12.50**



Special Outfit

—the outfit consists of one heavy two-inch continuous post gold bed, one sanitary felt mattress, one pair springs and one pair feather pillows. A great value. Our special terms are ninety cents cash and the balance $1.00 per week. Complete outfit only **$17.90**

Monday Special

An attractive dollar value, guaranteed time keeper—has extra loud alarm attachment—securely packed in a specially made box, and the special price for to-morrow only is

48 Cts.



Bachelor's Den

The coziest and most attractive MAN'S room you ever saw. See front window, Whitehall street. This entire outfit will be sold to any bachelor on especially attractive terms.

Rhodes-Wood FURNITURE COMPANY

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

103-5-7-9-11 Whitehall Street, Corner Mitchell

Crawford Chairs

—the most substantially made chair on the market—here in any finish—guaranteed by the manufacturer for five years—we are exclusive agents—see big display.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR MACON

VOL. I. NO. 20. Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company. ★★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SULZER AND GLYNN EACH REFUSE TO BUDGE INCH

Deadlock Results in New York Impeachment Situation as Each Claimant Refuses to Make Move—Both Go to Capitol.

Accused Executive Accompanied by His Bodyguard Goes to State House and Plunges Into Business—No Outbreak Surprise.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Neither tastic nor violent steps will be taken Lieutenant Governor Martin H. ynn to force William Sulzer, the peached Governor of New York, om office—at least not to-day. Owg to the fact that this was a half liday at the State offices, Mr. ynn spent but a few minutes at e Capitol, and while both Sulzer d Glynn forces refused to budge an ch, matters were at a deadlock.

Accompanied by his bodyguard, overnor Sulzer walked from the exutive mansion to the Capitol, where plunged into State business, just though his right to exercise the bernatorial prerogatives were not ntested.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who aims the powers of Acting Governor der the Constitution until Mr. Sulr is brought to trial on September went from the Capitol to the offes of his newspaper and announced would spend the afternoon at an letic meet. He denied that, like poleon, he would lift the power of ing New York State on the bayets of the National Guard.

Lack of Trouble a Surprise.

Absence of an actual outbreak toy was a surprise to many who exted to see the executive chamber battleground for the Sulzer and mmany forces.

Mr. Sulzer now virtually stands ne, having been deserted by the mbers of his cabinet, who have ied themselves to the Glynn forces. t Sulzer refuses to abdicate, despite fact that the ranks of his political emies have been strengthened dur the last 24 hours.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who is w signing State documents with s signature, "Martin H. Glynn, Act Governor, State of New York," nounced that, in spite of any obuctions thrown in his way by the zer legal forces, he would continue administer gubernatorial affairs ding Mr. Sulzer's trial for alleged h crimes and misdemeanors Sepber 18.

Both Sides Fear Trick.

Both sides are taking elaborate preutions to guard against a trick. roughout the night armed guards od watch over each State departnt, while lawyers and legislators olved in the struggle were trailed rivate detectives. Mr. Sulzer was retirement planning a new legal e with his counsel. Messenger s with Washington and New York telegrams could not find the Govor, but members of the "inner cir took charge of the dispatches, ing they would find the Governor. eaders of the anti-Sulzer faction e the threat that Mr. Glynn, now ing control of the State Military partment, would actually invade e executive chamber.

"He will get a mighty warm recepn," declared Sulzer adherents, who e few, but courageous.

Some Fear Martial Law.

Some residents of this city, realizg the intense seriousness of the sitation, fear that conditions may be me so grave that martial law will ve to be declared.

t was assumed that Governor Sulr to-day would reply to the second te from Lieutenant Governor Glynn, nanding the unconditional surrenr of all prerogatives by Mr. Sulzer l the abdication of the Governor. unsel were with the Governor at beginning of the official day, and was reported that the Governor s urged to take a fling at Tammany Hall.

Germany Also Snubs Panama Exposition

Kaiser's Government Follows John Bull's Action in Declining American Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The German Government to-day decided to refuse to participate in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 6, Column 6.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

FRAUD USED TO BEAT HEARST, SAYS MULHALL

Lobbyist Declares He Obtained Confidence of Democratic Leader in Campaign for Governor.

GAVE REPUBLICANS SECRET

Letter Was Forged to Give Him Introduction to Up-State Committeeman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Uniied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

France to Welcome Envoy de la Barra

Mexican Legation Is Assured That There Is No Objection to New Minister

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Mexican Legation has heard nothing of any objection on the part of France to the reception of Francisco de la Barra as Mexican Minister to this country. The secretary of the legation said to-day.

"We would neat'- be the first to hear of it if any such objection existed."

The Agence Nationale was the authority for the report, which was printed here yesterday. Senor de la Barra sailed from New York to-day.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother, the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "bugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

SUPREME TEST COMES AS STATE TRAINS GUNS ON FRANK'S CHARACTER

Defendant Will Take the Stand Early in Week to Give His Account of His Movements on Day Mary Phagan Was Killed.

ATTORNEYS SEEKING TO PROVE A COMPLETE ALIBI

Believed That Case Will Stand or Fall on Efforts of Prosecution to Prove Its Charge of Immorality Against the Accused.

BY AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The third week of the Frank trial came to an end at noon Saturday.

The defense has not yet concluded its case, but confidently expects to finish within the next day or two.

Its last card, and one of its biggest, will be the defendant's statement. This statement is scheduled for the early part of this week.

It will mark the climax of the defense's case, just as Conley's story marked the climax of the State's.

It became more and more evident as the case progressed during the past week that the defense is pitting Frank squarely against Conley—that it is to be Frank's life or Conley's life for little Mary Phagan's, snuffed out cruelly nearly four months ago in the National Pencil Factory.

Frank's statement on the stand, which the law permits him to make, but not under oath, and which may be accepted by the jury, either in whole or in part, in preference to all the sworn testimony, will be matched against the story the negro told so dramatically and with such frightful emphasis soon after the case got under way.

Into the negro's story, moreover, was injected the question of Frank's general character, particularly in one unmentionable direction, and this the defense will undertake to offset completely and finally.

More than a hundred witnesses have been summoned to testify to Frank's good character, and these include men and women from every walk of life, where it could be shown that such witnesses had come in contact with Frank from time to time in such wise as to be competent judges of his general character.

DALTON'S TESTIMONY IMPEACHED.

Already, the one witness (Dalton) so far introduced by the State to corroborate Conley has been successfully impeached by the defense, and it is likely that others introduced to uphold the negro also will be subjected to impeachment proceedings, if the defense suspects that it may successfully inaugurate the same.

The defense seemingly has realized fully the heavy necessity of breaking down Conley's awful story, not only in direct connection with the murder, but in every phase of it that bears upon the character of the defendant.

As a primary proposition, the advantage in the situation thus set up dwells within the defense.

In the first place, Frank goes to the jury with the presumption of innocence in his favor. The burden is not upon him to make out a case in behalf of himself. It is upon the State to make out a case against him.

Moreover, the only right of appeal attaching to persons indicted for felonies is within the defense. Once the State loses, it is lost forever.

The State must allege and prove the guilt of the defendant "beyond a reasonable doubt," and fight right up to that limit.

If there remains a reasonable doubt of Frank's guilt, after the last word has been said to the jury, Frank, under the law, is entitled to it, and if the trial jury fails to award it, a court of review will remedy the legal wrong thus inflicted upon him.

ALL STATE TESTIMONY SWORN.

The State, moreover, must submit every bit of its evidence, to the last shred or patch, under oath.

The defense, on the contrary, may clear itself upon testimony not one word of which is sworn to.

The State's star witness, Conley, also comes into court a confessed accessory after the fact of the murder, a confessed falsifier in numerous conflicting statements as to his knowledge of and connection with the crime, and accompanied by a well established jail record fearfully and wonderfully made up.

His is a much harder story to hold up than Frank's, viewing the two stories generally and in their broader personal aspects.

Even without Conley, to be sure, the State still has a circumstantial case against Frank that might compel considerable attention and respect, but there are few people who seemingly believe that it alone would be sufficiently strong to convict.

It probably is a realization of the State's tremendous task, involved in the holding together of Conley's story, that has caused

DORSEY SURE OF CASE AS CRISIS COMES

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Frank Had Life Which He Hid From Relatives and Friends

Trial Will Last Through Week, Declare Men Who Have Followed It.

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense Objects too Late.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, dependent alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta is that to fail in the establishment and corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing will be to fall in a crisis heavily important to the State now.

Liability Becomes Asset.

Strange to say—there are so many strange things to say in this surpassingly strange Phagan story—one of the State's apparent weaknesses is proving, in one direction, to be one of its greatest elements of strength.

The deefnse's strenuous insistence that Conley's remarkable story is impossible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believv the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually, and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element, as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

Rely on State Witnesses.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relying upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several different directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this despite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Mary's mother), George Epps, a motorman and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probably to be amplified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

State Seems Confident.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless, the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get on pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.

Jurors in the Frank case sketched in the courtroom. They are: 1. M. Johenning. 2. A. L. Wisbey. 3. F. V. L. Smith. 4. Deder Townsend, 5. M. S. Woodward, 6. A. H. Henslee, 7. W. M. Jeffries, 8. J. T. Ozburn, 9. Charles J. Basshardt, 10. W. S. Medcalf, 11. Fred E. Winburn, 12. J. F. Higdon.



Girl on Stand Shouts She Would Die for Leo Frank

Employee of Pencil Factory Furnishes Dramatic Incident of Day—Dressing Room Evidence Is Brought Out.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimoney in any way prejudicial to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into a eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by the time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guiltlessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though if never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to coaduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmeline Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sis-

ter. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded again it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled toward Miss Kitche and then turned around and walk away. She testified that the gi never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking the overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her regard to a reported remark of N Darley, general manager, that "if girls stay with us through this, t will not lose by it." She said she overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

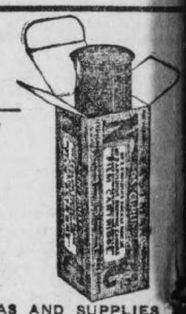
The following pencil company employees were called as character nesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stew Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Hayes, Eula May Flowers, E Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dick son, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osm Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, becca Carson, Maude Wright, I Jackson, and Mesdames Emma F man and Ella Thomas.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL
368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L
Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A grade school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.
Send For Booklet

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee August 2
THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF
"HER FATAL SHADOW"
Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPEN THURSDAY AUG. 2


Dr. W. J. Harper
New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery
Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00
All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

Bring Us Your Films for Development

We Give You BETTER RESULTS
Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING
AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT
ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.
We Also Carry a Complete Line of
EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES
GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.
Exclusive Kodak Store. 147 Peachtree

LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE DECLARE HE ALONE HAS PREPARED STATEMENT

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of Jurors, But Will Simply Outline His Contention as to Tragedy.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, international tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated tonight that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer, of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam, Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweetheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shanty and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

Grape Juice vs. Milk

Secretary Bryan Does Not Have Undivided Support of Cabinet in Choice of Beverage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Grape juice as a Cabinet beverage has gone into eclipse, in spite of the prominence given to it by Ciceronian eloquence as being the only nectar of the gods.

A canvass of the preferences of other members of the Cabinet beside that of Mr. Bryan, whose favorite beverage is well known, disclosed the fact that plain old milk, sweet and buttermilk, is ahead in the race. President Wilson prefers orange juice to that of the luscious grape.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is one of the sweet milk champions and has a fellow champion in Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo leans toward buttermilk.

Attorney General McReynolds and Secretary of War Garrison are said to be ardent milk advocates.

Secretary of Agriculture David Houston is one of the two members that find enjoyment in pure unfermented grape juice.

Secretary of the Interior Lane prefers hot tea, while Secretary of Commerce Redfield likes his tea cold.

Charges Sister Stole Her Husband's Love

California Woman Names Beautiful Relative In Her Plea for a Divorce.

SUSANVILLE, CAL., Aug. 16.—Charging that her younger and prettier sister had stolen her husband's love, Mrs. Celia Rundquist Schaefer asked Judge Monroe for a divorce from Marin Schaefer, a fruit grower and rancher. Miss Rose Rundquist, sister of the plaintiff, was named as co-respondent.

Mrs. Schaefer testified that her sister admitted that her husband was a "grand man," and that he showered attentions upon the sister and admitted making love to her. The plaintiff also claimed that she had to support both for two years.

Judge Monroe held that there was insufficient corroborating evidence and instructed the applicant for divorce to get more witnesses.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

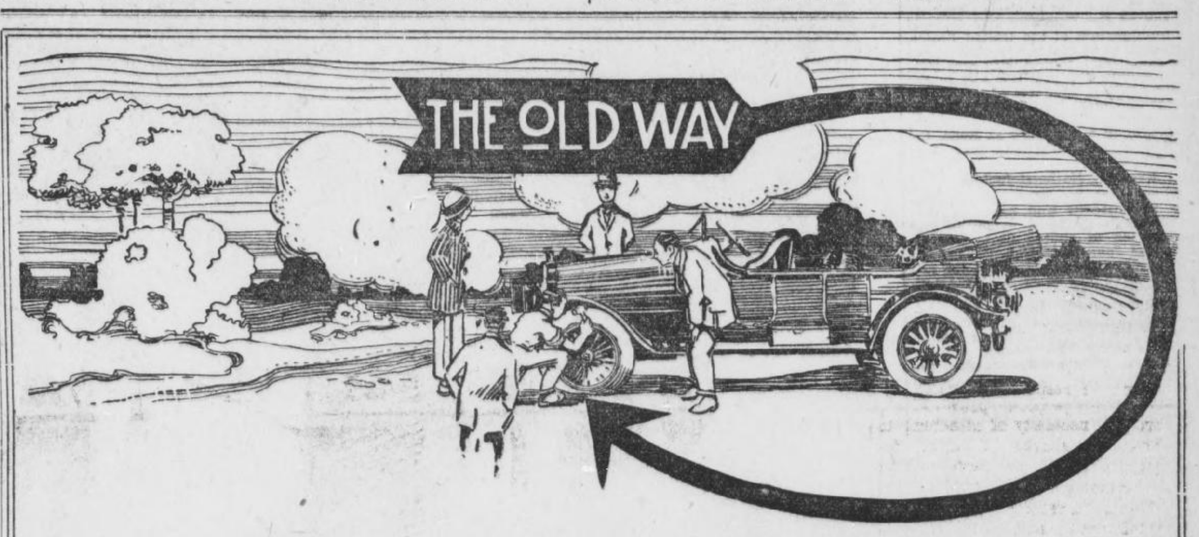
Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

(We sell all makes.)

Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

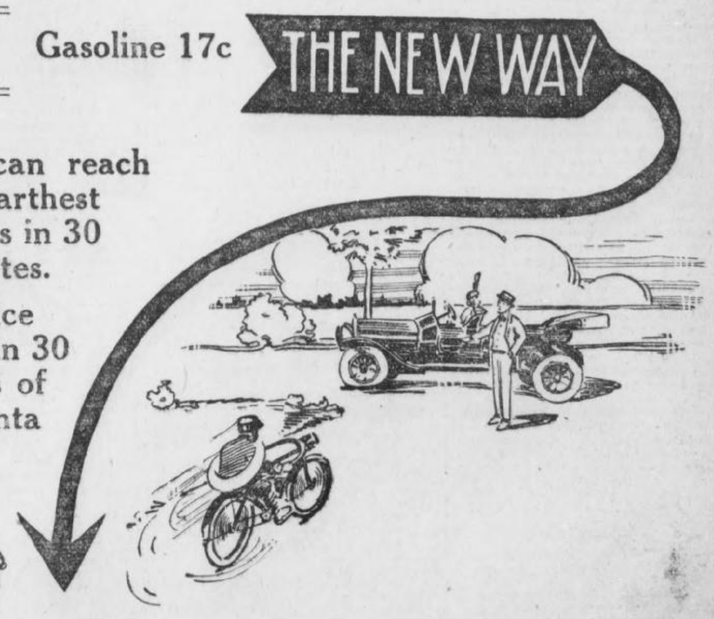
83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

Free Air Station ::: Gasoline 17c



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta



GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury T. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court. Below is Lola Norris, the other girl witness in noted case.



SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her shearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacrameto in the same fear of exposure of their liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," replied Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such low voice that Judge Vanfleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the defendant said that resulted in your deciding to leave Sacramento.—A. Well, he said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say she would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money given to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. Did you wait in the depot for Caminetti?—A. No; he was to return to the restaurant. There was some talk about going on an earlier train. We waited in a little street car waiting room near the depot. Miss Norris stayed in there when the train came in. I walked out with Mr. Diggs and told him to go and I would stay there. He said, "No," that he thought too much of me to have me stay there. The train finally left.

Caminetti Gets Money.

Q. Then Mr. Diggs went to the waiting room and telephoned?—A. Yes, to Mr. Caminetti, I think.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. We returned to the Saddle Rock and waited half an hour for Mr. Caminetti. When he came, he said he had the money and would go on the next train.

Q. Then you did what?—A. We went to the depot.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. Mr. Diggs said to wait while he got the tickets.

Q. Whom did you wait with?—A. With Lola Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Q. Then what?—A. When the train came, we got on.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall, do you, going to the Riverside Hotel on the 10th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is, Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris, were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say?

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of February, 1913?—A. Yes.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris stop at the Grand Hotel, the same place, in San Francisco, upon that occasion?—A. Yes.

Q. And the same room was occupied by you and Mr. Diggs upon that night, was it not?—A. Yes.

Q. And Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti, to your knowledge occupied another room alone in that hotel, did they not?—A. Yes.

Stopped at San Jose.

Q. Upon the second day of February, 1913?—A. Yes.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris stop at the Grand Hotel, the same place, in San Francisco, upon that occasion?—A. Yes.

Q. And the same room was occupied by you and Mr. Diggs upon that night, was it not?—A. Yes.

Q. And Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti, to your knowledge occupied another room alone in that hotel, did they not?—A. Yes.

Stopped at San Jose.

Q. Upon the second day of February, 1913, in company with Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris, did not go in an automobile from San Francisco to San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidelberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

M. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many times were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I don't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No, sir.

BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

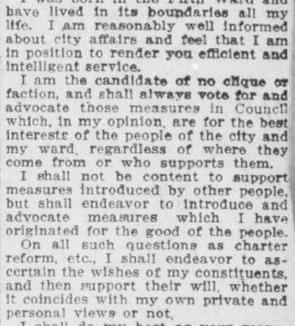
Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

BRING YOUR VACA-

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I will appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the purest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank
16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

$5 **Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE**



MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. Telephone M. 1708 — Over Brown & Allen's — Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH	$5	GOLD FILLING	$1
GOLD CROWNS	$4	AMALGAM FILLING	50c up
BRIDGE WORK	$4	PLATES REPAIRED	50c up
TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS			$1 up

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison, was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine?" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job

But Lind Is Most Unusual Man

Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of disssatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg, of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliete.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order...$165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US
Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.
Name .....
Address .....

Cable Piano Co.
84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.
GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.

MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existing in individual counties, and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 19 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues; they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing doctors; they have heard the plea of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the father and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. Ten Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

The Tax Receivers of the counties shall open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

In ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test. Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has revolutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.



The Wonderful and Prompt Results of Vegetable Obbac.

You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD AND UNDERWOOD.

Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then to Beaver Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal an river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will fly. The life-saving crew of Clifton, to Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equipage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bills proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Bee River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires when he may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions.

"I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

BRING YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Fresh films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 42 N. Broad street.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

Nance Believed Mad When He Slew Wife

Relatives Declare He Was Mentally Unbalanced When He Left Knoxville Friday.

KNOXVILLE, Aug. 16.—George R. Nance is believed by his wife's relatives in Knoxville to have been insane when he killed her in a hotel at Hamlet, N. C., yesterday. They recite incidents connected with his former residence in this city that cause them to suspect he was mentally unbalanced.

At one time Nance left home and his wife did not know of his whereabouts until she received a cablegram from him in Liverpool, England. Soon thereafter he came here and they remained until they went to Greenville, S. C., last March, where his wife was manager of a sanitarium operated by a company with hospitals in various cities. For four years she was head of this company's hospital at Los Angeles. Her last station had been at Chattanooga, where her local relatives thought she was yesterday.

Mrs. Nance was born in Sweetwater, Tenn., and had many relatives over East Tennessee. She married Nance in Alexandria, Va., nine years ago, and they had no children. Mrs. J. T. Steele, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. B. T. Baker, of Alexandria, Va.; Mrs. Jerry Reagan, of Portland, Oreg., and Mrs. J. A. McCampbell, of Friendsville, Tenn., are her sisters.

Autos Are Barred By Canadian Island

Residents of Prince Edward Will Not Allow Machines to Enter Province.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—"It seems strange in these days when automobiles are seen on every street, on every country road that there should be one section on the American continent where these vehicles are positively prohibited," said R. A. Dewey, of Toronto.

"Recently the Canadian Parliament enacted legislation to permit the use of self-propelling carriages in the Province of Prince Edward Island, but it is by no means certain that the legislation will be effective. There is every indication that the law will never be put in force because a plebiscite on the question was taken throughout the island when the annual district school meetings were held.

"The returns that have come thus far indicate that the farmers are strenuously opposed to allowing automobiles on Prince Edward Island. More than 90 per cent of the population voted no on the proposition, and in some of these places the vote in the negative was unanimous.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends In Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife Eva died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

"Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA



WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established—because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."

WHITLAW PRICES RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.



Original Painless Dentist

The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT
Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!



The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE SAVOY CAFE 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE === LOW PRICES

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of habitual drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Men's Socks Adorn Girl's--Ahem

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde Is Bold Apostle of New Style and She's a Good Proselyter.

Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short socks are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features, you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it.

The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeologist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY
A MODERN CONSERVATORY.
A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.
OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug. 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughters and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "tag" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury, Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "roughneck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "makeup" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

The woman, now bent and feeble, is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865

82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta

The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

Macon — Latest Middle Georgia News — Augusta

MRS. ZACHRY IS NOW IN AUGUSTA WITH HER BABY

Is Confident of Her Ability to Establish That She Is Proper Person for Custody.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Mary Zachry and her one-year-old daughter, Mildred, have returned to the city from Columbia, S. C., where she resided temporarily after her sensational flight from this city with her two children following a decision by Judge Hammond to the effect that the decision of the Ordinary with regard to the award of the children be made the decision of the higher court.

At that time Judge Hammond refused to go into the merits of the case, holding that he had no right to hear evidence on a matter which the Ordinary had already decided.

Mrs. Zachry's attorney, C. E. Dunbar, appealed that phase of the case to the Supreme Court, with the result that Judge Hammond's decision was reversed and the case will be heard in the Superior Court on its merits.

Mr. Dunbar was asked in regard to bringing the case before Judge Hammond again and he said that this would probably be done some time later.

"It requires ten days for the decision of the Supreme Court to reach Augusta in official form," said Mr. Dunbar, "and it will therefore be some time during the fall before the matter is taken up before Judge Hammond."

Now that the opportunity is afforded of a full and unrestricted presentation of the facts in the case, Mrs. Zachry is confident of her ability to establish that she the mother, is the proper person to have the custody of the children.

Judge Henry C. Hammond, of the Superior Court, has ordered that Julian J. Zachry pay immediately $50 alimony due Mrs. Mary W. Zachry, but has allowed some time for the payment of $40 attorney's fees in the case.

C. E. Dunbar, representing Mrs. Zachry, appeared in court to ask the payment of the two sums. Hamilton Phinizy, representing Zachry, pleaded an extension of time. The plea was granted as far as the payment of fees was concerned, and the defendant was given until October 1 to settle them.

Under his own arrangement the alimony was paid at once.

Laura and Crowell Dorr

Attractive children of Mr. and Mrs. Frank X. Dorr, who danced the minuet in "The Carnival of Grace" recently given at the Grand Opera House in Augusta by Mrs. St. Amands dancing school pupils.



Catholic Schools To Open in August

September 2 and 8 Dates Set—Few Changes in Teachers Expected.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—The Catholic schools in the city will open for the 1913-1914 term September 2 and 8.

The Mount St. Joseph School will not open until October 1, but by that time the new four-story administration building will be completed and the accommodations for more pupils will be greater. The Sacred Heart College, of which Father Salter is president, will open Tuesday, September 2. Father Salter has succeeded Father Sherry to the presidency, and Father Haggerty returns, vice Father Buckley. There are no other changes in the college teaching staff.

St. Patrick's Commercial Institute also opens Tuesday, September 2.

St. Mary's Convent will open Monday, September 8.

The opening date of the Sacred Heart Convent is yet undecided. It is probable, however, that September 2 will be the date settled on.

The St. Francis Xavier School for Negroes, under the direction of Father A. Laube, of the Lyons African Missions, will open September 16, in the new school building. Four of the Franciscan sisters and a lay instructor will compose the teaching staff.

Start Work in Fall on New Augusta Road

Carolina and Georgia Construction Delayed by Inability to Decide on Route.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—President James U. Jackson, of the Carolina and Georgia Railway, announces that work of construction will begin early in the fall.

The delay has been caused by the inability of the officials of the road to decide whether to go via Eureka, as the original plans provided for, or via Johnston. The citizens of the vicinity of Johnston have offered to subscribe liberally to the stock if the road is built through their section, which is one of the finest farming sections in the South.

Memorial Bridge To Open in Augusta

Monument to Major Archibold Butt Will Cost $35,000—Nearly Complete.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—The Butt memorial bridge will be finished within a short time. A contracting firm has been engaged in the work for over ten months and within a few more weeks it will probably be turned over to the city.

The bridge is to be of concrete and will cost about $35,000, exclusive of the decorations. It is to span the first level of the canal on the principal thoroughfare to the Hill, and over an old bridge across the same stream at the same place President and Mrs. Taft and Major Butt often drove.

On one end of the bridge is a monument erected several years ago by Judge Henry C. Hammond, of this city, to the memory of Dennis Cahill, a young Irishman who lost his life attempting to save the lives of two young girls.

More than $3,000 has been raised by the Archibald Butt Memorial Association to properly decorate the bridge.

Firemen Endangered By a Falling Steeple

Lightning Sets Brunswick Church Spire Ablaze and Causes It to Topple.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—When McKendree Methodist Church was struck by lightning and set on fire, Fire Chief Harrison and three of his men narrowly missed death.

The lightning set fire to the steeple. The chief and three firemen climbed to the roof of a one-story addition adjoining the main part of the building. Before the fire was under control the steeple fell. Chief Harrison saw wha was coming and quickly ordered his men to seek safety. Just as the got under cover the steeple crashed on the roof where they had been standing.

COUNCIL SAYS IT HAS NO CONTROL IN LIQUOR FIGHT

Augusta W. C. T. U. Demands Enforcement of Prohibition Law—Commission Controls.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—Pursuant to a demand from the Augusta Chapter, Woman's Christian Temperance Union, that the City Council of Augusta regulate the saloons of the city and put a stop to the alleged flagrant violation of the law, which was referred to the police committee of the City Council, a report has been made to that body by this committee at a special meeting.

The W. C. T. U. members requested that the City Council tell them, in plain terms, what they intended to do about the Augusta situation. The City Council will make reply that it has no authority in the matter. In effect, the City Council will tell the W. C. T. U. that it can not regulate the saloons within its corporate limits; that if the women wish the law enforced, they will have to appeal to the Solicitor of the City Court or the Police Commission of the city of Augusta. This must be done by "specific charges," presented either to the Solictior or the commission.

From this answer grew a heated argument on the prohibition law and its non-enforcement in Augusta. But the argument was merely by way of diversion. It was suggested that if the police were not doing their duty by the law in Augusta, a movement should be made to impeach the Police Commission, but that was only a suggestion.

Councilman S. H. Myers of the Sixth Ward, discussing the proposition, said:

"Council simply pays the freight. We appropriate between $90,000 and $100,000 a year for the maintenance of the police department, and can not even make a suggestion as to what it shall do."

The city is peculiarly situated in this respect. The police department, unlike the fire department, is not governed by a committee of the City Council. Under an act of the General Assembly of Georgia, a commission, consisting of a member from each of the city wards, and the Mayor, is appointed to govern the police department. The commissioners are elected by the City Council, but immediately when they assume office the commissioners have as much or greater authority than Councilmen. A recent change, removing the power of dictating to the chief from the Mayor and placing it in the hands of the chairman of the commission, removes the last semblance of power of Council over the department. If the commission sees fit to ignore the request of the W. C. T. U., even if all City Council voted to the contrary, it may be done, and there is no hindrance.

So, having investigated the situation and found themselves without authority to suggest to that, the most important, department of the city, the City Council will inform the W. C. T. U. of their find, and will request them "to draw up specific charges of violations of the law and present them to either the Solicitor of the City Court or the Police Commission of Augusta."

REYNOLDS TJ PRACTICE LAW I,,N AUGUSTA COURTS

Augusta, Aug. 16.—Charles G. Reynolds, a brother of Mrs. Rogers Winter, of Atlanta, who was formerly Miss Mary Reynolds Carter, of Augusta, has come to Augusta for the practice of the law, and is now in the office of Colonel D. G. Fogarty.

Friends of both Mrs. Winter and Mr. Reynolds will watch the progress of the young attorney with much pleasure. Though in his early twenties, Mr. Reynolds has been admitted to the bar and practicing law for three years.

MACON BOOSTERS GIVE UP TRIP TO NORTHWEST

MACON, Aug. 16.—The Chamber of Commerce has decided to abandon the proposed booster train to the Northwest. It was finally considered impracticable at this time. Instead, two booster trains will operate intra-State. One will be operated early in the fall, prior to the State Fair, visiting nearly 200 towns.

NEW TRIAL FOR LANIER OVERRULED BY JUDGE

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Judge T. A. Parker overruled the motion for new trial in the case of State vs. W. C. Lanier, under life sentence for killing an infant. Attorneys will appeal the case to the Supreme Court. Lanier's wife, who was jointly indicted with him, was acquitted when she was tried at an adjourned term of court in June.

Dove Hunters Must Wait Until November

Augusta Game Warden Puts Them on Notice—Will Send Violators to Jail.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—Dove hunters have been in the habit of shooting this species of the feathery tribe in August for so many years that they don't know how to stop.

Game Warden W. H. Lanier, of Richmond County, says he will show them.

The dove season doesn't open until November 20, and Warden Lanier says that he is going to arrest all violators of the law and send them immediately to jail if they don't give bond. He goes further and offers a reward of $10 and three-fourths of the fine for the arrest and conviction of violators.

The fields, woods and swamps about Augusta are full of game, and the quail and dove season is expected to prove rich harvest for the sportsmen of this section.

In the Savannah River swamps duck, wild turkey, deer and squirrels are to be found, and this is some of the best hunting in the country.

Schedule to Tybee For September

Superstitious Fears Vanish as Record Is Unearthed—Few Storms in September.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Following a prolonged agitation on the subject, the Central of Georgia Railway has announced a Tybee schedule for September which will answer all requirements of those who care to remain on the island during that month, and will make it possible for the season to be extended for the additional 30 days. It is now up to the people to show whether the experiment is justifiable or not.

For years a sort of superstition has existed that it is not well to stay on Tybee during the month of September. People have thought that it is not healthful to go in the water during this month. There is also a very deep-seated fear of storms during this period, when the hurricane season is in full swing and the weather man is likely to spring a West Indian tornado this way overnight. It is certainly not pleasant on Tybee during one of these storms.

Heretofore the season at Tybee has always closed with Labor Day, after which winter schedules on the railroad were in operation, making excursion visits to Tybee impracticable.

TO USE GATLING GUN IN SHAM BATTLE AT MACON

MACON, Aug. 16.—There will be a sham battle between two platoons of the Macon Hussars on Tatnall Square Park Monday night, and an especial feature of it will be the attempt to capture a gatling gun, led by a squad under command of Sergeants Johnson and Patton. The gun will be defended by squads commanded by Sergeants Winslett and Roberts. This will be the first time in all of the maneuvers of the Macon military that the gatling gun will have ever been used.

TRAVELS 3,000 MILES TO VISIT POINTS IN MACON

MACON, Aug. 16.—North Winship, a well known and popular young Macon man, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Winship, after a 3,200-mile journey from the Tahiti islands, where he has been stationed as Consul for two years. He is now on his way to Owens Falls, Canada, where he has been transferred. This will make his trip cover a total distance of 5,000 miles. Mr. Winship will be accompanied to Canada by his parents.

PRESIDENT OF WESLEYAN HEADS NEW ORGANIZATION

MACON, Aug. 16.—Rev. C. R. Jenkins, president of Wesleyan College, has returned from Nashville, Tenn., where he attended a meeting of the presidents of the young ladies' colleges of the South. The presidents formed an organization that will meet once each year, and Dr. Jenkins was elected president, this being a tribute both to him personally and to the fact that he represents the oldest female college in the world.

BARTLETT TO RUN AGAIN, SAYS JONES COUNTY NEWS

MACON, Aug. 16.—In Jones County it is believed that Representative Charles L. Bartlett will be a candidate for re-election, although he announced in his last race that he would not run again. The publication in The Jones County News that it has a straight tip that Judge Bartlett will get in the race has aroused much interest here, but it is not confirmed by his close friends and advisers.

MILLER IS OUT FOR MAYOR IN TIGHT CONTEST

Bibb Representative Is the Youngest Candidate Ever Seeking Macon's High Office.

MACON, Aug. 16.—The local Mayoralty situation was further complicated to-day by the announcement of Wallace Miller, who now is Representative to the Legislature from Bibb County, that he will be a candidate for Mayor.

An enthusiastic meeting of Mr. Miller's friends was held this morning, and a committee was appointed with full authority to organize an Aldermanic ticket. It is expected that his ticket and formal statement to the public will be announced early next week.

Wallace Miller is the youngest candidate who ever entered the race for Mayor of Macon. He is only 28 years of age.

Mr. Miller is a graduate of the University of Georgia. He entered the practice of law here, but later engaged in the commercial field as the manager of a provision house. Two years ago he resumed law, announced his candidacy for the Legislature, and was safely elected, although it took a recount of the ballots to establish his victory.

Mr. Miller's father, Judge A. L. Miller, was Mayor of Macon four years ago, and is one of Macon's leading citizens. However, Wallace Miller is not running on his father's strength, as the elder Miller is opposed to his son's present political venture. He will get his father's support, however.

Mr. Miller's candidacy was first suggested a week ago, but in a very few days the boom became so substantial that Mr. Miller could not resist the importunities of his frineds. A number of prominent citizens have volunteered to run with him for Council, and it is believed that he will have a strong ticket. His campaign probably will be managed by former Representative Walter DeFore and Charles H. Hall, ex-City Attorney.

The campaign likely will be conducted along anti-administration lines.

Waycross Lid Is On 7 Days Every Week

Sunday Closing Supplement by 'Move On Order to 'Houses in Our Midst.'

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Although the first warrants issued in the crusade against the sale of cold drinks in Waycross on Sundays have been withdrawn on the promise of good behavior, it is announced to-day that the campaign for Sabbath observance will in no way be lessened. The prime reformers are H. Murphy and Dan T. Cowart.

Right on top of the fight on Sunday drink sales, Chief of Police John W. Colley has issued warnings to women who have returned here despite the "lid order" issued last fall by Mayor Reed shortly after Atlanta closed the "houses in our midst." Several houses bordering on the disorderly variety have just been closed and the inmates compelled to leave the city. Only a few of the women waited until the last day to leave, as the police let it be known that all caught here after the limit expired would be arrested and tried in Police Court.

Dental Clinic at Medical College

Department of University of Georgia Broadens Scope of Practice.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—The faculty of the medical department of the University of Georgia has made provision for the opening of a dental clinic at the medical college, thereby broadening the scope of practice and theory for the pupils of the institution.

Augusta dentists have co-operated willingly in the clinics, which begin Monday.

The following dental surgeons will have charge of the clinics on the respective days of the week. Mondays, Dr. George W. Woodbury; Tuesdays, Dr. O. K. Fletcher; Wednesdays, Dr. E. M. Wilder; Thursdays, Dr. W. E. Clark; Fridays, Dr. R. H. Calhoun; Saturdays, Dr. L. W. Bethea.

Every afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock the clinics will be held. These, together with the other medical and surgical clinics, the training schools for nurses and social service work, are rapidly placing the Medical College of Georgia in the forefront of medical circles.

MRS. W. H. DOUGHTY DIES AT HER AUGUSTA HOME

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—In the death of Mrs. Sarah Felder Doughty, widow of Dr. William H. Doughty, Sr., one of the most highly respected ladies of Augusta and this entire section, has passed away.

Mrs. Doughty died at the ripe old age of 77 years, surrounded by her devoted children. Those surviving her are three sons, Dr. W. H. Doughty, Jr., dean of the medical department of the University of Georgia; Lewellyn G. Doughty and Albert Doughty, and three daughters, Mrs. William E. Jackson, Mrs. W. M. Butt and Mrs. Jefferson M. Berry.

SHORTHAND WILL NOT BE TAUGHT IN SCHOOLS

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stenography and typewriting will not be taught in the public schools of Chatham County during the coming session "because of the shortness of finances." This is the decision of the Board of Education of the county.

Superintendent Otis Ashmore and Principal B. F. Pickett, of the High School, were instructed by the board to investigate the question and report. They hold that the only additional expense would be the purchase of typewriters. It would not be necessary to employ another teacher. Bookkeeping and commercial subjects already are taught in the schools.

PETERS NAMED PRESIDENT OF ELECTRIC MEN

Southeastern Section of National Light Association Closes Its Convention at Macon.

MACON, Aug. 16.—T. W. Peters, of Columbus, to-day was elected president of the Southeastern Section of the National Electric Light Association. Mr. Peters was the unanimous choice of the executive committee in whose hands the selection of the officers for the ensuing year was left.

The other officers elected were C. D. Flanigan, Athens, first vice president; E. Brigham, Tampa, second vice president; E. S. Roberts, Savannah; M. W. Obbrett, Birmingham; M. Lindsley, Durham, N. C.; G. K. Diston, Columbia, S. C.; H. C. Adams, Jacksonville, executive committee.

The executive committee decided to wait until later to select the place for the next meeting. The selection will be made at a meeting of the committee which will be held in September. An interesting paper on "Daily Meter Readings" was read this morning by F. B. Culley, of Augusta.

Most of the delegates will leave for their homes late this afternoon, while others will leave to-night and to-morrow morning.

FETNER TO HOLD PLACE ON MACON WATER BOARD

MACON, Aug. 16.—W. H. Fetner, chairman, of the Water Board, who last week decided to resign that position and run for Council, after having resigned from Council to get on the Water Board, has reconsidered and will not make the change. Mr. Fetner is master mechanic of the Central of Georgia Railroad.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00 Sofas at	$93.75	$85.00 Desks at	$56.25
75.00 Sofas at	56.25	65.00 Pier Tables	45.00
85.00 Bureaus at	56.25	85.00 Library Tables	56.25
110.00 Book Cases at	82.50	85.00 French Beds at	56.25
125.00 Sideboard	93.75	35.00 Work Tables	27.50
35.00 Fireside Chair	22.50	65.00 Serving Tables	37.50
35.00 Scroll Rockers at	17.50	55.00 Corner Pieces	37.50

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY

222 PEACHTREE STREET

B. C. BUFORD, Manager **ATLANTA, GEORGIA**

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

Athens — Latest News of North Georgia — Rome

COMMISSION GOVERNMENT FOR DALTON

Public Utilities Taken From City Council—Plants Must Be Self-Sustaining.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Dalton will have at least a partial commission government beginning with September 1, when the charter amendment bill passed during the closing days of the Legislature goes into effect.

The bill takes the city utilities, including water, gas and electric light and power plants, completely out of the hands of City Council, turning over the management to the board of water, light and sinking fund commissioners, which consists of Paul B. Trammell, H. J. Smith and H. B. Farrar, three of the city's leading business men.

This commission will have absolute control of the municipal plants. The board has the right to fix rates, collect all money due from consumers, authorize and make extensions, etc., without consulting the administration, the utilities being entirely separated from the rest of the city government.

The bill further provides that the entire responsibility rests upon the commission, City Council being in no wise bound by the actions of the board. The plants must be at least self-sustaining, for Council is not expected to appropriate one cent for maintenance of the various plants, appropriating only for the sinking fund and interest on outstanding bonds.

It also provides that if City Council receives a bid for the sale of the plants, the bid being accompanied by a certified check for one-fourth the amount offered as a purchase price, and a petition signed by one-third of the qualified voters, an election shall be called for the purpose of ascertaining if public sentiment favors a sale. If in the election called in such an event two-thirds of the registered voters favor a sale, such a step will be taken.

AGED NEGRESS SAVES FIVE CENTS ON HER TAXES

DALTON, Aug. 16.—"Aunt" Loucinda Dukes, an aged negress, was the first local taxpayer to take advantage of City Council's offer of 3 per cent discount on taxes paid prior to August 20.

She sent the money to the Clerk's office, where it was found that her total taxes amounted to $1.88. The discount saved her the sum of five cents, which would have gone into the city treasury had she waited until the last of December, when city taxes fall due.

W. W. CALLAWAY GETS PLACE ON JURY BOARD

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Willis W. Callaway has been appointed by Judge Fite as a member of the board of jury revisers, filling the vacancy caused by the death of Joseph H. Moore.

The board will meet here Monday and begin the work of revising the jury lists of Whitfield County.

THOMAS COUNTY WANTS STOCK LAW PASSED

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—That Thomas County will have a stock law before a great while is very probable, if the wishes of the majority of the farmers are carried out. This is a a matter that has been discussed for some time, but of late the tide of opinion has turned so decidedly in its favor that it begins to look as if concerted efforts will be made to have such a law for the county.

ROADS WILL ENLARGE CORDELE UNION DEPOT

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—It is authoritatively reported that work of enlarging the Union depot in Cordele and making improvements on the grounds will begin about September 15. The time limit of 60 days set on the railroads by the Railroad Commission will expire on October 1, prior to which time the Georgia Southern road, which will have the work in charge, must begin activities.

DALTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO OPEN SEPTEMBER 8

DALTON, Aug. 16.—The Dalton public schools will open the fall term Monday, September 8, the date being set by the school board at a meeting yesterday. Mr. C. D. Meadows, who comes here from the Rome public school system, will begin his service as superintendent of the local schools. An eleventh grade has been added to the High School, the advanced work to be started this year.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witch-hazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Mrs. J. H. Lamb

Of Atlanta, an August Bride, formerly Miss Bessie Harrison. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Harrison, of Gainesville.



Church Building Has Sacred Value

Gainesville Edifice Moved Half Mile. Cost More Than New Structure.

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—Costing several hundred more than the value of the building to move it, Grace Episcopal Church has been moved around corners and through streets, a distance of more than a half mile, from its location on College avenue to the rear of the new church lot on East Washington street.

The reason for moving the building intact is because of its sacred value. Sacred buildings of the Episcopal Church must be kept.

The new church lot was purchased by Bishop Nelson as a gift to the church here. Upon it a building to cost at least $20,000 will be erected, work upon the foundation to begin at once. The present church building removed is being placed upon the rear of the new lot to be used as a Sunday school and instruction room.

Rev. Merlin Jones is vicar of this church.

GRAND MASTER COLDING GUEST OF DALTON MASONS

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Robert L. Colding, of Savannah, grand master of the grand lodge, Free and Accepted Masons of Georgia, will be the guest of Dalton Masons on Monday, August 25, members of the commandery, the chapter and blue lodge and local Shriners all uniting in the reception planned for him at 2 o'clock. In the evening work in the third degree will be put on by Dalton Lodge, No. 105, F. and A. M., the work to be followed by a banquet in the private banquet room of the Masonic temple.

PROF. HUBERT TO TEACH MECHANICAL ARTS

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Professor E. H. Hubert, last year assistant teacher in experimental engineering at the Georgia School of Technology, has been elected head teacher of mechanical arts at the Columbus Industrial High School in this city. He succeeds Professor T. D. Futch, who recently tendered his resignation to the board of trustees.

HOO HOO MEMBERS PLAN BIG TIME AT WAYCROSS

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Next Wednesday will be a red letter day for Waycross. A large number of Hoo Hoo members will gather here for a concatenation.

A large class of "Kittens" will make the trip through the mysteries of the order to become full-fledged Cats, and the Cats have let it be known that the Kittens will be given a royal reception. A banquet will conclude the day's doings.

EQUALIZATION BOARD IN CHATHAM COUNTY

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Under the new tax equalization act the commissioners of each county select the three members of the county equalization board. The Chatham County Commissioners already have taken cognizance of the subject. It is probable the Commissioners will choose a real estate dealer, a contractor and a third man not connected with either of these industries.

'Come Up or I'll Drop This Stone;' He Came

Dalton Officer Forces Man in Well to Climb Into Bucket and Ascend.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Under unusual circumstances was the arrest of John Holder, charged with burglary, made by Bailiffs A. T. Gilbert and Gus Hicks.

The bailiff found Holder in the bottom of a well in East Dalton, and asked him to come up. He stalled and asked what was wanted, but changed his mind when Bailiff Gilbert balanced a heavy rock over his head. He finally consented to enter the bucket and was drawn up by the bailiffs. There was not sufficient evidence to hold the man, and he was released.

WYNNTON SCHOOL IS BECOMING INADEQUATE

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—So great has been the increase in population of Wynnton, Columbus' most popular residential section, for the past two or three years, that the school building which has been in use for several years has become inadequate and the question of erecting a new building is being agitated. Many of the wealthiest people around Columbus live in that suburb, and it is expected that they will erect a handsome building.

DEEP WATER DELEGATES TO BE ENTERTAINED

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Committees to entertain 100 delegates to the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association convention who will stop here for a day each way on their way to and from Jacksonville, where the annual session of the convention will be held in November, will be appointed by the directors of the Chamber of Commerce at an early meeting.

The delegates will leave Philadelphia on November 14 on a chartered steamship, and will arrive in Jacksonville on November 18. On the return trip they will leave Jacksonville on November 21 and arrive in Philadelphia on November 25. A full day each way will be put in in sightseeing here.

LARGE PLANING MILL BURNS IN SAVANNAH

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Fire destroyed the planing mill of Merryware & Co. last night. The plant, which was valued at $10,000, was partially covered by insurance. Inside the shed was a quantity of dressed lumber, most of it fat pine, which fed the flames like oil. The presumption is that the fire was caused by defective wiring.

BRUNSWICK TICKET AGENT GOES TO WAYCROSS OFFICE

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—H. S. Baggs, ticket agent at the joint passenger station of the Southern Railway and Atlantic Coast Line in this city, has been promoted to the agency of the Coast Line in Waycross and will assume his duties September 1. He will be succeeded by J. G. Stephens, who is now assistant agent at Waycross.

RAILWAY FOR DAHLONEGA IS A PROBABILITY

Plan to Build Branch Line From Gainesville and Northwestern's New Road.

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—Report has it that a line of railroad is to be built from Brookton on the new Gainesville and Northwestern to Dahlonega, a distance of 18 miles.

Dahlonega has no railroad and for the past twenty-five years has been trying to get railroad connection.

Years ago a road was graded from Dahlonega to Gainesville, 25 miles. Coolnel W. P. Price has at the head of the enterprise. The project failed. The rails were never laid.

The grade is still to be noticed. A party went over the route from Brookton to Dahlonega Thursday, and it appears certain this road will be built. The same promoters who built the road from this city to Helen have the branch line in hand.

Bill to Create New Judicial District

Congressman Edwards Will Introduce Measure in Congress. Savannah as Center.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Congressman Charles G. Edwards carried back to Washington with him a completed draft of a bill it is proposed to introduce shortly in both houses of Congress, providing for the creation of a new judicial district in Georgia, with Savannah as its center, for which the bar of this city and section have been working for some time.

Owing to the absence from the National Capital of so many of the members of the Georgia delegation, this bill has not been taken up with them by Congressman Edwards. Just as soon as a quorum of Georgia Congressmen can be assembled, however, a meeting will be called and the measure presented for their approval. It is expected that there will be no opposition on their part to the enactment of the measure.

MEN SHOCKED BY BOLT OF LIGHTNING RECOVER

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—A. H. Price, a Western Union telegraph lineman, who was shocked at Tarver, Ga., on Thursday by lightning, was able to be out to-day. His left side was injured by the bolt and for a long time after the lightning jumped from a wire near him he has unable to move.

Lewis L. Harvard chief clerk to President A. K. Sessoms, of the Waycross and Western, has also recovered from a shock he received while at a telephone during the same storm.

SAVANNAH PLANT FOR FERTILIZER COMPANY

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—A plant in which nitra-germ, a fertilizer, will be manufactured will be established at Savannah in September by the Nitra-Germ Fertilizer Company. The only other plant in the United States is in Milwaukee, Wis.

LIEUTENANT SULLIVAN TENDERS RESIGNATION

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—After three years of faithful service, First Lieutenant George D. Sullivan, of Company A, Savannah Volunteer Guards, has tendered his resignation.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

☞Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

Fear of Smallpox Kills Negroes' Thirst

Dropped Bottle and Ran When Told Disease Germs Were Near at Hand.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—A convivial party engaged in passing a bottle of first-class whisky among them was rudely interrupted near Herndon's livery stable on Crawford street, when warning of lurking smallpox germs was fired at them by a negro employed at the stable.

The men were drinking in the stable when Mr. Herndon entered and informed them of the necessity to either move out or put up the bottle. They preferred to move. Outside of the stable stood an abandoned hack, and, taking their seats in the hack, they renewed the onslaught on the bottle.

The hack proved to be one used in hauling smallpox patients to the pesthouse.

Longstreet Home to Be Catholic Church

Congregation Has Had No House of Worship in Gainesville—Mortgages to be Raised.

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—It is said the former home of Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet in this city will be taken over by the Roman Catholics and will be used solely for religious services. The Catholics have had no church building here, but heretofore this home has been used for holding mass.

Several morigages were given upon the property by Mrs. Longstreet, and it is said that these will be raised by the Catholic Church, the debts settled and the building become the property of the church.

Officials of this church have been here this week. Since their arrival Mrs. Longstreet has gone to New York to enter newspaper work again.

Gets Sentence for Horse-Whipping Man

Callahan Convicted for Using Lash on Shannon Near Tifton, Murray County.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Joseph Callahan, indicted on the charge of being a member of the band of masked men that whipped a man named Shannon, near Tifton, several months ago, was convicted in the Superior Court at Chatsworth, Murray County, yesterday, being sentenced to twelve months on the chaingang.

Shannon testified that he snatched the mask from one of has assailants and recognized Callahan. Judge G. G. Glenn, his attorney, has filed a motion for a new trial.

SECOND BATTERY OF CHATHAM ARTILLERY

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Steps for the organization of a second battery of the Chatham Artillery, under the authority of the adjutant general, have already been taken.

First Lieutenant E. D. Wells has been informally elected captain of the new battery, while Second Lieutenant Gilbert Lang has been chosen for the first lieutenancy. Sergeant Joseph Thompson has been selected as the second lieutenant of the battery. All three of these officers have been ordered to appear for examination.

MAY INSPECT WORK ONLY TWICE A WEEK

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Under a decree filed in the Superior Court of Chatham County representatives of the Collins Bros. Company, contractors, may inspect the construction work on the Georgia Hotel as often as twice each week. Collins Bros. were recently ousted from continuing work on the hotel.

PHYSICIANS TO MEET AUG. 20 AT ELBERTON

Eighth District Medical Society to Hold Annual Convention Next Wednesday.

ELBERTON, Aug. 16.—The Eighth Congressional District Medical Society will convene in the ballroom of the Elks' home next Wednesday morning.

Mayor Wester will welcome the society on behalf of the city and Dr. Will J. Mathews on behalf of the Elbert County Medical Society.

On Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock a barbecue will be served at Swift Lithia Spring, four miles from the city. Captain Charles W. Parker will be in charge of the 'cue.

The committee to look after the entertainment of the visiting doctors is composed of I. G. Swift, L. M. Hearl, E. B. Starke, J. P. Bailey and Drs. W. J. Mathews, D. N. Thompson and D. V. Bailey.

Fields of Alfalfa In Chatham County

Colonel M. J. O'Leary Proves Success—Farmers Intensely Interested in Industry.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The success of Colonel M. J. O'Leary in raising a crop of alfalfa in Chatham County has aroused a great deal of interest among the farmers in the possibilities of this industry. It is likely that before the end of September half a dozen or more Chatham County farmers will have planted fields of alfalfa. It has been decided that the county itself will raise a patch on its farm by convict labor. The soil of the county farm is said to be especially suited to the growing of this crop.

Starting with one acre last fall Colonel O'Leary has been very successful. He has cut the field three times, and will soon be ready for another crop. This fall he intends putting in 25 acres to alfalfa. He uses the hay to feed his stock.

Seaboard to Build Freight Warehouse

Property on Savannah Side of River Secured—Will Reduce Cost of Handling.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Immense receiving and delivering freight warehouse, with possibly an office building, will occupy the property recently acquired by the Seaboard Air Line Railway on the Savannah side of the Savannah River. The company will lay its tracks into the warehouse so that freight may be loaded and discharged as conveniently as possible. This will solve a difficult problem which has embarrassed the Seaboard for years.

Freight now has to be transferred across the river to Hutchinson Island by lighter and loaded there. The cost, inconvenience and delay of this method is apparent. For a long time the officials of the Seaboard have been striving to make arrangements for a freight station on the southern side of the river.

Dalton Churches Will Be Enlarged

First Presbyterian and First Methodist to Spend Nearly $30,000 in Improvements.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—The First Presbyterian and First Methodist Churches will begin, within a few weeks, improvements which will aggregate $17,000.

The First Presbyterian will spend $11,000 in completely remodeling the church and building a Sunday school annex which will open into the main auditorium, doubling the present seating capacity of the church. Plans for the work have been drawn and accepted, and the money has been secured for the work which, when completed, will give to the Presbyterians on of the handsomest edifices in the city.

Instead of spending $8,000, as was intended, on the second Sunday school annex, the First Methodist Church will double that amount, building additional room for the Sunday school, at a cost of $6,000. The new annex will give to each class an individual room, will contain a kitchen and dining room and will be steam-heated. When the work is completed the church will possess one of the largest auditoriums in North Georgia.

Women Clerks for Central of Georgia

Road Claims Girls Are More Valuable in Office Than Men—Boost for Suffragettes.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The Central of Georgia Railway hereafter will employ women clerks in its offices in preference to men. The officials claim that they get the best results from girls, who are more attentive to their duties, quicker to learn, not so clamorous for promotion, and have less outside interests.

The suffrage movement helps rather than hinders the efficiency of the women, according to these officials, in that it makes them more self-assertive and independent.

CHATHAM'S TAX RETURNS SHOW BIG INCREASE

Official Report Gives $2,669,598 Over 1912—Exceeds Estimate More Than Half-Million.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—With an increase of $2,669,598 over the returns of 1912, the tax returns for Chatham County for this year have reached a figure beyond the most optimistic expectations—that of $41,316,140. The total of the returns has been officially declared by Tax Receiver Marcus S. Baker.

The collector had expected a large return this year, based upon the evident increase in the individual returns received, but it was impossible to predict with any certainty how great the increase would be. An increase of $2,000,000 was figured on, however, and more than this was hardly expected.

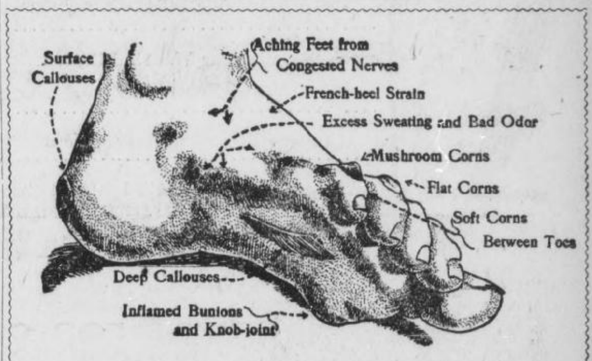
The budget of the County Commissioners was made up on the anticipated increase of two million.

County's Revenues.

The county's revenues from these returns will be $309,871.05, an unprecedented figure, giving the county an income increased by $20,021.98 over 1912. The county gets its revnue on a basis of $7.50 on each one thousand dollars of tax returns.

It is shown by the returns that building activities and improvements to lands and general prosperity in the city and county, which caused this large increase in returns, is not confined only to the white population. The total returns from colored people for the year are $1,031,448, as compared with a total of $964,478 for 1912. This is the first time that the colored returns have gone over the one-million mark.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building, — Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit)	$ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit)	250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value	$1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities	$1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash	$ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash	$ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	$30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913.

EDWIN G. MARKS,
Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913 of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock	$ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash	500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value	$4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities	$4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash	$967,024.22

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash	$875,954.28
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding	452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913:

H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon
FOR ORGANIZATIONS

5,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon

1,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

GIRLS' CLASS

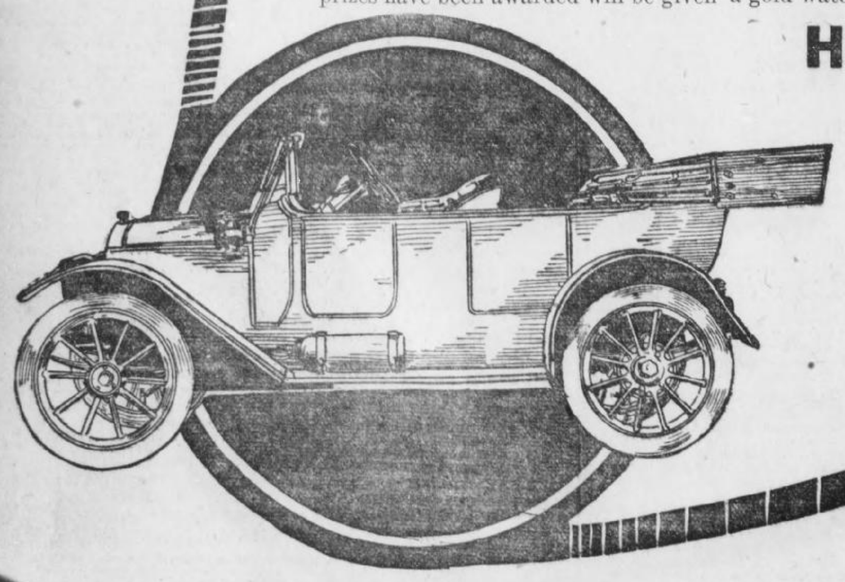
To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Griffin

GRIFFIN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Annie Martin is at Demorest, accompanied by Mrs. George Marlin, of Columbus.

Mrs. Lucy Cunningham, of Glade Springs, Va., is in Griffin, where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Elam, which occurred Sunday.

Misses Mary Lucia Slade and Jesse Cannifax and Messrs. J. T. Wells and C. V. Weathers have returned from Lifsey Springs, where they have been members of a camping party.

Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott left Wednesday for Salem, Va., where she is to be a member of a house party to be given by Miss Columbia Kelly.

Dr. and Mrs. Marcus F. Carson have just returned home from a visit to relatives at Commerce.

Walter B. Jackson and Miss Fannie Webster Logan were married here by the Rev. J. R. King.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruskin have returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

Mrs. B. B. Brown, Miss Olivia Brown and Master Douglas Brown have been visiting relatives in Rowsell.

Mrs. W. E. H. Searcy, Sr., spent last week in Atlanta in company with Senator Searcy.

Miss Nina Jenkins has returned from Eatonton, where she was a member of a house party.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wolcott, Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Faircloth and daughter, Miss Marianna Sears, Mrs. A. J. Dunham and her guests, Miss Wood, of Tennille; Mrs. J. M. Kelly, Miss Jesse Cannifax, of Barnesville; Miss Page Acree, of Chattanooga; Miss Elise Hay, of Dallas, Texas; Miss Rebecca Brown, Miss Mary Lucia Slade, Miss Elise Johnson, Messrs. Hughlett Kellett, Crossenberrey, C. V. Weathers, H. T. Green, Robert Williams, L. H. Beck and Robert Ramspeck, of Atlanta, formed a camping party to Lifsey Springs.

Miss Annie Suber, of Macon, is spending the week-end in Griffin with her sister, Mrs. Z. E. Jay, on Hill street.

Miss Mattie Evans has returned to her home in Washington, D. C. She will return to Griffin early in September.

Mrs. R. O. Crouch and children are in Meriwether County, the guests of Mrs. M. T. Crouch, the mother of Mr. Crouch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartow Jackson, of Bernice, La., are here on a visit to relatives of the former.

A wedding of interest in this section was that of Miss Edna Dingler, of Williamson, to Dr. Jackson, of Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Blake and son have returned from a tour of several Northern cities, including New York, Washington, Philadelphia and other places in the East. They were accompanied by Mrs. Blake's sister, Mrs. Lilah Copeland, and her son, H. J. Copeland, of McDonough.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Reddy, who have resided in Griffin for the past four years, have removed to Tennille.

Miss Lucile Flemister entertained Wednesday morning at a porch party in compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Walker, of Monroe.

Mrs. J. R. Cole and Mrs. James Flint were the hostesses at a domino party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. A. DuPree, of Marietta; Miss Jessie Robinson, of Owensboro, Ky., the guest of Mrs. James Baxter, and several other visitors.

Miss Ettienne Goddard entertained Tuesday afternoon at an al fresco party in honor of her guest, Miss Ruth Brown, of Waycross.

Captain and Mrs. James Kimbrough entertained Monday evening at dinner in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. William L. Owen, of New Orleans, La.

Miss Oressa Shackleford entertained at a lawn party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Lula Hanson, of Macon.

Miss Nellie Corbin gave a swimming party Tuesday afternoon at Corbin's Pond in honor of her guest, Miss Laura Porter, of Houston, Texas.

Mrs. J. C. Brooks leaves Thursday morning for Panama, where she will visit her son, Jack Brooks.

Miss Carmine Thomas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. L. Tucker, returned to her home in Atlanta Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Strickland will leave Sunday for an extended tour through the New England States, and will spend some time in Boston and New York before returning to Griffin.

Mrs. A. J. Mills has gone to Sharpsburg, the home of her childhood.

Miss Mary Biss has returned from a stay of several weeks at Lake Chautauqua, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hammond, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Woods Hammond on West Poplar street.

Jackson

JACKSON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. S. H. Thornton gave a reception Thursday in honor of her house guests, Mrs. A. B. Roberts, Mrs. S. B. Hungerford, Mrs. Charles Clawson and Miss Lucile Roberts, of Macon. Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Mrs. R. W. Oxford, Miss Nina Harris, Miss Mary Newton and Miss Pauline Mallett assisted Mrs. Thornton in entertaining. Misses Doris Nutt, Sylvia Lyons and Helen Ham served punch.

Miss Lucile Tolleson, of McDonough, was the honor guest at a rook party given Saturday by Miss Doris Nutt, whose guest she is. Miss Helen Carmichael won the first prize, a handkerchief, and the guest of honor was given a lace fan. Mrs. E. D. Tolleson assisted in entertaining.

In compliment to her guest, Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, Miss Mary Land gave a rook party Tuesday afternoon. The guest's prize was a silk fan and the trophy for top score fell to Miss Kate Ham.

Mrs. A. H. Smith and Miss Helen Smith, who are here for the summer, spent a few days of the week at their home in Atlanta.

Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, is the guest of Miss Mary Land.

Mrs. W. S. McBryant and her daughter, Mrs. Homer Young, of Augusta, and Mrs. J. D. Loner and children, of Alabama City, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McBryant.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mays are in Whitesburg.

Mrs. Wilbur Ham, of Cartersville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Ham.

Miss Thelma Woods is at home from a visit to Mrs. Fred Hatfield, in Opelika.

Mrs. Charles Rice, of Atlanta, is spending the week-end with Mrs. A. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carmichael have returned from a visit to Norfolk.

Mrs. H. H. Hooten, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Maddox, Jr., of Valdosta, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Maddox.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from Jacobs' Pharmacy and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—A party of twelve of the Thomasville Campfire Girls, chaperoned by Mrs. J. Scott Hunter, left this week for Hendersonville, N. C., and will camp for a month at Bat's Cave, near Hendersonville. Those in the party were Misses Mabel Evans, Ethel Evans, Katherine Balfour, Blanche McDonald, Rose Evans, Carmen Evans, Georgia McKay, Florence Vaughn, Mary Patterson, Isabel Peacock and Hattie Brandon.

Miss Lucile Green left this week for a trip to Washington, New York and other points.

Miss Alice Bateman, of Dallas, Texas, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Mash.

Miss Pauline Harrell, of Bainbridge, is the guest of Miss Nell Patten.

Mrs. T. N. Hopkins and Miss Helen Hopkins have returned from a visit to Waynesville, N. C.

Miss Bessie Helm, of Bronwood, Texas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. S. Parker, has returned home.

Miss Martha Brantley, of Boston, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Willis Moore.

Misses Fraser and Isabel Mitchell are the guests of Mrs. D. I. MacIntyre in Atlanta.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe, of Valdosta, are the guests of Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. W. H. Parker is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. D. Steel, in St. Paul, Minn.

Miss Maude Speight has returned from Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Turner are visiting New York and other Eastern points.

Mrs. H. W. Hopkins has returned from Western North Carolina.

Mrs. W. L. Ball has returned from Battle Creek, Mich.

Mrs. J. B. Lockhart has returned to her home in Adel after a visit to her mother, Mrs. Arthur Patten.

Mrs. H. D. Atkinson and Miss Gladys Atkinson have returned from a visit to friends in Bainbridge.

Mrs. Henry Lester and Misses Mildred and Susan Lester have returned from a visit to Atlanta and Chattanooga.

Miss Margaret McKay, who has been visiting Miss Susie Leonard at Talbotton, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Spence left this week for a trip North.

Miss Eula Brooks, of Boston, is the guest of friends.

Mrs. James A. Mallette, of Boston, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Tifton

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Tom Williams, of Douglas, was the guest of Mrs. N. Peterson Monday.

Misses Vannie and Nora Goggans are attending a house party at Sylvester given by Miss Lamp.

Miss Rose Scheuerman has returned to Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Hazel Ford has returned from Atlanta and the Blue Ridge Mountains.

Mrs. I. A. Fulwood and Miss Louise Fagan are visiting in Rochelle and Fort Valley.

Miss Deborah McRae, of Thomasville, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. McRae Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Myers left Wednesday for Washington, D. C.

Mrs. W. T. Hargrett is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Speight, of Moultrie.

Mrs. R. S. Keil and children have returned home from Atlanta.

Misses Mary Carr Hurst, of Atlanta, and Florence Mercer, of Albany, are the guests of a house party given by Mr. Amos Tift, for which Mrs. S. L. Fleetwood is chaperon.

Misses Julia Williams, of Douglas, and Florence Parks, of Ty Ty, are the guests of a house party given by Miss Aline Shipp.

Miss Adelaide Hargrett entertained her guests with an all-day picnic at Lucy Lake Tuesday.

Cordele

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—Miss Lamar Ryals is expected to return Monday from a trip to the Eastern States.

Misses Sarah and Erin McArthur, of McGregor, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. John B. Ryals.

Mrs. D. Meredith Clarke was the hostess Wednesday to the Young Matrons' Club.

Miss Jurelle Little has returned from Eastman.

Mrs. Robert Wynne, of Eastman, is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Walters.

Mrs. John Barfield and little son, of Emerich, were guest during the week-end at the home of Judge and Mrs. S. W. Coney.

Mrs. A. H. Holder, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Miss Nellie Roberts.

Sam Coney, Jr., is home from Washington for a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Webb have returned from a visit at Chipley and Columbus.

Miss Emily Hyde is visiting Mrs. John Hyde at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Arthur Purvis has returned to her home at Americus after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Persall.

Mrs. James Kee, of Macon, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Williams.

Misses Marie and Lucile Diffee have returned home from a visit to Mrs. H. J. Maddox at Bainbridge.

Miss Mazie Crawford was the hostess Thursday at a luncheon for a party of young friends, including her three cousins, the Misses Coffman, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Miss Neta Reser, of Bristol, Tenn., and Messrs. L. E. Fenn, Hunt, Hancock, Reagan and Turner.

Miss Ida Fay Mathews has returned from a visit at Shellman.

Mrs. W. A. Frout, of Barnesville, is visiting Mrs. T. E. Jennings.

Misses Elma and Laura Bell, of Valdosta, are the guests of Miss Mary Sue Russell.

Miss Ruth Carswell, of Waycross, the guest of her cousin, Miss Harriet Carswell, was entertained this week by Miss Carswell, Mrs. J. E. Lindsay and Miss Sarah Hyde.

Miss Alice Oliver has returned to Americus after a visit to Miss Belle Jones.

Talbotton

TALBOTTON, Aug. 16.—The most important social event of the week was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones to Mr. Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, Monday night. The wedding was at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Trussell. Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church here, performed the ceremony. C. K. Mahone and Mrs. Dana Brown were the attendants. The wedding was a surprise.

Mrs. Jennie Gray Draughon returned to Reynolds Tuesday after a visit to Miss Hattie Simpson.

Miss Hattie Taylor, of Fitzgerald, has been the guest of Miss Susie Leonard during the week. She and Miss Leonard and a few others were entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner given in her honor by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bryan Monday night. The others present were Miss Lizzie Ragland and Miss Imogene Smith.

Miss Clara Spivey and Miss Anne Douglass left Monday for Franklin, N. C., where they are invited on a camping trip with Miss Lynn Johnston.

One of the most enjoyable of the summer dances given by our nearby little town of Geneva was that Tuesday evening by J. E. Bartlett and Walter Adams at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson, in compliment to the young ladies of Geneva. The punch bowl was presided over by Misses Willie Kate Edge and Gussie Lee Cook. Ices and cakes were served by Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Hazel McCrary and little Kate Whit Stinson. Among the dancers were Misses May Covington, Willie and Mary Edge, Hazel McCrary, Gussie Lee Cook, Myrtice and Jennie McCrary, Etta and Zoudie Bradshaw, Ora Colquitt, Sallie Shipp, Kate Whit Stinson, Messrs. J. E. Bartlett, Walter Adams, E. G. Cook, Albert Persons, Fitz Colquitt, Lake McCrary, Clinton Barksdale, Jim McFarland, and Harvey Benson. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Missie McCrary.

A social event of this week which came as a surprise was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones of Mount Ida, Talbot County, to Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Trussell on College avenue Monday night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church. C. K. Mahone was best man and Mrs. Lilyan Brown matron of honor.

Mrs. Dickerson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. T. Jones, of Mount Ida. Mr. Dickerson formerly resided at Talbotton and in Atlanta.

Hazlehurst

HAZLEHURST, Aug. 16.—A beautiful wedding of Friday was that of Miss Mary Frazier to Bolling Harvey Johnson, which was quietly solemnized by the Rev. W. M. McMorries, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. H. Greene.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left immediately after a reception for the mountains of North Carolina.

Moultrie

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. C. A. Beall is with relatives at Sylvester.

Mrs. W. E. Adams who has been the guest of friends here has returned to her home at Thomaston.

Miss Lonnie Vickers is at home after visiting relatives at Greenville, Fla.

Miss Ethel Spivey left yesterday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. J. C. Mebale is at home from a visit to Oklahoma City and Muskogee, Okla.

Miss Mabel Clark, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Bessie Muller.

Mrs. J. M. Strickland, of Dothan, Ala., who has been the guest of relatives here, left Friday for home.

Miss Lucia Gilmore is the guest of friends at Cordele.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Tharpe are spending the summer at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

Mrs. D. B. L. Powell is at home from Panama City, Fla.

Misses Minnie and Janie Milligan, of Newton, Ala., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. A. Huber.

Miss Nona Smith returned yesterday from Chautauqua, N. Y.

Mrs. T. W. Maddox came home Friday from Atlantic Beach, Fla.

Mrs. W. B. Linder, of Dublin, is with her mother, Mrs. G. S. Nelson.

Mrs. I. A. Heard is the guest of relatives at Vienna.

Mrs. C. L. Stevenson left yesterday for Cartersville.

Miss Mary Harris has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Pidcock left yesterday for White House, N. J.

Mrs. W. F. Way entertained a party of friends at a domino party Thursday.

Eatonton

EATONTON, Aug. 16.—Dr. and Mrs. George Noble, accompanied by Misses Noble and Drs. Wagner and Henry Noble, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, making the trip in Dr. Noble's car.

Mrs. Clinton Powell entertained for her guest, Miss Mary T. Lawrence, of Milledgeville, Friday afternoon.

Mrs. R. Preston Brooks and children, of Athens, are the guests of Mrs. Alex Reid.

Mrs. Walter Chamblee, of Atlanta, and Mrs. and Mrs. Irby Kilpatrick, of Athens, are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kilpatrick.

Mrs. James Davenport, of Brunswick, and Miss Annie Smith, of Sparta, are visiting Mrs. T. G. Greene.

Mrs. T. G. Greene entertained at a reception for Mrs. Davenport and Miss Smith, on Saturday afternoon. The Delta Phi's formed a group of girls, receiving the guests on the porch, where Mrs. Sam Dusenburg, of Barnesville, served punch.

An event of the week was Miss Agnes Leverette's bridge party in honor of Mrs. Davenport, of Brunswick, at the home of Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, Monday evening. Mrs. John T. Dennis received first prize, Sam Hearn the consolation, and Mrs. Davenport was given a guest prize.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Candler, Jr., of Clearwater, Fla., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Reid Hearn.

Saturday morning Mrs. M. F. Adams, Mrs. B. N. Alsbrook and Mrs. James Denham were joint hostesses at a party given in honor of Miss Helen Denham and her house party.

Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro will entertain in honor of her visitors, Misses Noble, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Gardner entertained at tea Saturday evening for Mrs. Sidney Reid and her guest, Mrs. Rogers Davis, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis entertained Tuesday for their house guests, Miss Allen Bell, of South Carolina; Mrs. Rollin Hutchinson, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dennis, of Elberton. The punch bowl was presided over by Miss Leila Turner and Miss Eleanor Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Dennis were assisted in entertaining by Colonel and Mrs. Frak Jenkins, Mrs. Sid Edmondson and Miss Mattie Edmondson.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Miss Juanita Bennett has returned from a visit to Americus.

Miss Clifton Wing, of Macon, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thorpe.

Members of the Friday Club were entertained by Miss Hettie Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wall left Thursday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. W. B. Stovall, who has been visiting in Griffin, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Remley left on Wednesday for a visit to White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Macey Highsmith left Wednesday for a visit to Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. V. A. Jones, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting relatives in Waycross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Scruggs and little daughter and Mr. Oren L. Gray left Tuesday for an auto trip through Georgia and North Carolina.

Mrs. Jennie Mell and Miss Viola Mell left yesterday for a visit to points in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Dessau Bunn visited relatives in the city this week, returning to St. Simons.

Mrs. A. M. Litch left Wednesday for Spartanburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Brewer and Miss Hester Brewer, who have been visiting Judge and Mrs. H. P. Brewer, have returned to Douglas.

Miss Dorothy Krauss, who has been the guest of Miss Anice Daniel and Miss Annie Laurie Walker, returned to Brunswick Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Hughes and son returned Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Atwood, Mrs. R. J. Haines and Miss Moneta Haines left Thursday for a visit to points in Virginia.

Mrs. E. P. Guren and little son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. J. Walter Lyon.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran left this week for a visit to points in North Georgia and Tennessee.

Mrs. E. H. Clark and children have returned from a visit to St. Louis.

Mrs. John C. Nicholls and daughter, Miss Meta Nicholls, returned Tuesday from Hendersonville, N. C.

Miss Lula Platt, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. B. N. Norvell, left Wednesday for Woodland, Cal.

Miss Anna Morrison left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. E. C. Yerkes, of St. Louis, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. B. Drane, her daughter, left Thursday for San Francisco.

Misses Ada and Natalie Smith, of New York, arrived Wednesday.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—The Art Needle Workers were entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William R. Youles.

Mrs. J. H. Scruggs left on Tuesday for Aberdeen, Miss.

Mr. A. B. Smith and family have gone down to Rocky Ford and are in camp.

Mr. J. F. Stapler chaperoned six or eight couples of young people to Blue Springs, Fla., on a fishing trip.

Mrs. John Q. Sineath and her little daughter, Virginia, left Tuesday for Atlanta and Huntington, Tenn.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and children left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C. Dr. Rose and the boys went up on Thursday in their automobile.

Mrs. W. B. Fender and children returned to Valdosta from Atlanta on Monday.

Miss Eula Garbutt has returned to her home at Fitzgerald.

Miss Julie Winn Varnedoe and her guests, Misses Gladys Laney and Daisy Wilkins, are at Thomasville visiting Miss Louise Grantham.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Black left Wednesday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. C. C. Brantley left Thursday night for Brevard and Toxaway, N. C.

Mr. J. N. Griffin has returned from the Nacoochee Valley, where he has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. G. Hardman.

Miss Georgia Smith and Messrs. Frank Smith and Leon Paine left Tuesday for New York.

Miss Edith Doty left Friday for Niagara Falls and Canada.

Miss Sallie Mathis left Wednesday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyly Doty and children have gone to Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mathis left Thursday for New York.

Miss Mattie Pope Hagherty left Thursday for Americus.

Misses Irvin Denmark and Cap Relihan left Wednesday for New York.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe left Monday for Thomasville to visit Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. C. R. Ashley and her son and Miss Eugie Dasher left Wednesday over the National Highway for points in North Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland and child left Wednesday night for Newnan, Ga.

Washington

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The patriotic societies of Washington are planning to entertain all Confederate veterans in Wilkes County the first Tuesday in September.

Mrs. Lawrence O. Fortson was the hostess at a meeting of the Wednesday Afternoon Bridge Club this week.

Miss Roselyn Wootten, who has been visiting relatives in Columbus, returned Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. William Graham Love, who will spend two weeks in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Richard Wootten.

Mrs. W. D. Ellington is visiting in Daytona Beach, Fla., the guest of Mrs. C. L. Horn.

Mrs. Mary Fisher, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Richard D. Callaway.

Washington relatives who will attend the marriage of Miss Edythe Sims and Mr. Paul Newsom, of this city, which will occur Monday afternoon in Atlanta, are Mrs. James S. Newsom, Miss Ina Newsom, Mrs. L. S. Roberts, Misses Julia Toombs and Lucy Willis DuBose and Messrs. Sam Brooks, W. Frank Lee and John B. Green. Following the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Newsom will leave on the afternoon train for Washington and will be at home with Mr. and Mrs. Raymond R. Smith.

Gainesville

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—One of the most interesting affairs of the week was a party given by Miss Marguerite Chamblee, in honor of her cousin, Miss Estelle Barrett, of Clarkston, and Miss Dorothy Fitzgerald, of Gainesville.

Miss Lillah Fickling, of Rome, the guest of Misses Helen and Dorothy Dean, was the honoree of Miss Louise Law in a lawn party given Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Henry Washington entertained a few friends at a porch party Thursday afternoon for Miss Jeannette Christian, the guest of Mrs. J. C. Pruitt.

On Friday afternoon Miss Margaret Jewell celebrated her eighth birthday with a quaint party.

Misses Annie and Esther Smith entertained informally at their home Monday evening in honor of their guests, Misses Mary and Annie Smith, of Silver City.

The party given Friday evening by Miss Mary Logan was a compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Hanna Kimsey, of Cornelia.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. Noah Webster was hostess at a delightful sewing party.

Cedartown

CEDARTOWN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Lucy Henderson was married Tuesday to J. H. Hawkins, of Rome. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. C. Heard at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. F. A. Irwin. Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins have gone to Borden Wheeler Springs and will be at home in Rome after September 1.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, Aug. 16.—Miss Vannie Phillips spent Wednesday in Atlanta.

Miss Ethel Stevens, of Ball Ground, arrived Tuesday to attend the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Cramer spent Monday in Temple.

Miss Lucy Harris spent Wednesday and Thursday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Smith returned Tuesday from Atlanta and Dallas.

Mrs. Arthur Coffee, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Bass.

Mrs. L. S. Sims left for Cartersville Sunday to visit her mother, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hanna, of Chesterfield, S. C., are visiting Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. J. R. Jolly is visiting her parents in Dawson.

Miss Floy Rawls, of Rome, is the guest of Miss Vannie Phillips.

Mrs. George Harris and baby are in Warm Springs visiting Mrs. Harris' sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bickford and son are in Atlanta.

Miss Eugenie Mandeville has returned to Atlanta.

Mrs. Leon Walker, of Clearwater, Fla., is the guest of their mother, Mrs. T. B. Griffin.

Miss Marie Spence, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. W. Glass.

Mrs. T. B. Griffin has returned from a visit to Newnan and Atlanta.

Mrs. Cecil Boykin left Monday for her home in Marietta.

Mr. and Mrs. Mandeville Long have returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Edna Cook left Wednesday for Piedmont Springs.

Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers, is the guest of Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almon.

Miss Lula Kingsbery has returned to Atlanta, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Henderson.

Miss Natalie Jones, of Griffin, who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Griffin, has returned.

Miss Nell Sharpe, of Jacksonville, Fla., is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hearn, of New York, are expected in Carrollton next week to visit Mr. Hearn's mother, Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. Robert Creel, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bledsoe, has returned to her home in Jasper, Ala.

Miss Katie Lou Thomasson will leave Tuesday for Piedmont Springs.

Mrs. Cleo Shaw and daughter, Sarah Helen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Teague, at Heflin, Ala.

Miss Lucy Harris, who has been in New York studying music, returned Friday and is with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson, left Wednesday for Opelika, Ala.

Mrs. E. W. Keith and little daughter, Louise, of Rome, attended the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Mrs. Ruth Kramer entertained at a theater party Wednesday afternoon complimentary to Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thomasson spent Tuesday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, of Griffin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Moore.

Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almand entertained at a theater party Monday afternoon complimentary to their visitor, Miss Mary Lou Tucker.

Mrs. William Beall and daughter, Miss Allie Beall, have returned from Birmingham and Bessemer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Bass and baby have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bass, at Piedmont Springs.

LaGrange

LAGRANGE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Michael Cody, of Montgomery, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Ferrell.

Miss Stella Bradfield is visiting relatives in McDonough.

Mrs. Fred Robinson, of Atlanta, is visiting her father, Glover Hood, of LaGrange.

Mrs. John Brown, of Locust Grove, is the guest of Mrs. E. R. Bradfield.

Miss Alma Albright is visiting her brother, Will Albright.

Mrs. Griffin is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Harrison.

Mrs. Howell, of Warrenville, is a guest of her son, Jim Howell, on Hill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Shang are visiting in Hogansville.

Miss Margaret Bell, of Dadeville, Ala., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Shearer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dix have returned from a visit to Huntsville, Ala.

Misses Mildred and Marion Bradfield, of Atlanta, are visiting Miss Sara Lane.

Mrs. Lillie Cason is the guest of Mrs. Fuller E. Callaway.

Miss Ethel Pike is visiting in Atlanta.

Mrs. Charles J. Warner and family, of Rome; Mrs. J. B. Ridley and family, of Atlanta; Mrs. G. S. Edmundson and family, of Abbottsford; Carl Edmundson, of Conyers; Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy and family and J. P. Edmundson, who have been guests of Mayor and Mrs. Edmundson, have returned to their homes.

Helena

HELENA, Aug. 16.—A wedding which came as a surprise was that of Miss May Council to Eugene Suddeth, of Madison, Fla. They went for a drive and stopped at the parsonage of the Rev. J. K. Hines, where they were married. Miss Mantie Coker, a friend of the bride, going with them.

An event of Tuesday evening was a social affair given by Miss Florence Davenport in honor of J. C. Clements, of Macon. Those present were Misses Florence Davenport, Marie Brewton, Edith and Marion Creighton, Clara Dunford, Vera McGinty, Messrs. J. C. Clements, of Macon; Richard Carson, P. W. Pittman, of Atlanta; Billie Ryals and G. A. Boatright, of Americus.

Mr. Marion Howard, of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Pittman this week.

Mrs. E. J. Tyson, of Abbeville, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. F. M. Creighton.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, Aug. 16.—A delightful affair was the afternoon tea given by Mrs. Horace Howard in honor of Mrs. Henry Gooding, of Columbia, S. C., who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bradley Howard.

Mrs. John P. Anderson entertained the Round Dozen Sewing Club Wednesday afternoon. The guests were Mrs. Conyers Fite, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Samuel Candler, Clearwater, Fla.; Mrs. George L. Cope, Savannah; Mrs. J. G. Simpson, Miss Mattie Jones, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Bert Sims, Murfreesboro, Tenn.; Mrs. Otto Conn, Mrs. Louie Hall, Miss Maude Norris, Milledgeville; Miss Ann Smith, Pittsfield, Mass.; Mrs. Bob Best, Rome, and Mrs. Gordon Cassells, Savannah.

Mrs. W. T. Bate, of Barnesville, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Calhoun.

Mrs. Buford Graw has returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Mrs. Otto Conn and Miss Ruth Conn, of Milledgeville, are in Cartersville, the guests of Mrs. D. B. Freeman.

Mrs. Harris Cope and Mr. W. H. Field left Tuesday for Versailles, Ky., to visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton.

Miss Johnnie Louise Sanders, of Elmwood, is the guest of Miss Emily Davis.

Mrs. Lena Wofford Harley, of Sparta, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Wofford.

Miss Ruth Berry, of Atlanta, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Lutie Harvey.

Mrs. J. C. Platt and little daughter, Katherine Platt, of Augusta, are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Saxon.

Mrs. Alfred Zachry and son, Alfred Zachry, Jr., of West Point, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. J. W. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cassells and Miss Gladys Cassells, of Savannah, are the guests of Mrs. Emriod Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Walker, of Monroe, spent the week with their daughter, Mrs. Hampton Field.

Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. John Adair are at Glenn Springs, S. C.

Mrs. Logan Vaughn has returned from White Sulphur Springs.

Covington

COVINGTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. B. C. Jenkins and children, of Columbus, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. N. Rainey, left Friday for Atlanta, where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Murphy.

Mrs. Jack H. Estes, of Dallas, Texas, arrived Monday to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. D. Bush. Mrs. Estes is remembered as Miss Florrie Cheney, having frequently been the guest of Mrs. Bush before her marriage.

Miss Ida Shellnut, who has been entertained as the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Carter, left Friday to visit relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. R. H. Bickerstaff and children have returned to their home in Athens after a visit to Mrs. J. M. Allen and Miss Jule Allen.

Miss Clara Belle Adams is entertaining a bevy of girls at her home on Floyd street, including Misses Mary Stephens, of Nashville, Tenn.; Maggie Rogers, Marguerite and Agnes Adams, of Carrollton.

Misses Bernice Breedlove, of Monroe; Virginia Withers, of Atlanta, and Fannie Mae Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., returned to their homes Monday after spending ten days at Henderson's Mill as the guests of the campers.

Mrs. Roscoe Johnson, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mrs. T. F. Hodges and children, of Dothan, Ala., who have been spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Clarke, have returned to their homes. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke have as their guests now Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mobley, of Millen.

Miss Dotye Greer, of Brunswick, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. Colquift Greer, at Eatonton and Oconee Springs, spent last week as the guest of relatives in Madison. Miss Greer is spending this week with her sister, Mrs. C. I. Cash.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harwell, Mr. Candler Harwell, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry W. Branham and Mrs. Annie Webb, of Atlanta, left Thursday in Mr. Harwell's car for Indian Springs.

Miss Emily Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., and the Misses Mobley, of Hogansville, were guests of honor at a party given by Miss Lelia Perry on Saturday morning. Misses Fannie Mae Henderson, Julia Cowan and Kate Perry assisted the hostess.

Mrs. P. W. Godfrey and Miss Frances Godfrey, accompanied by Mrs. Berto Lee, returned home Saturday from Atlanta, making the trip in Mrs. Godfrey's car.

Miss Frances Lee, of Atlanta, who has been the guest of Mrs. Laura Carter and Mrs. John M. Fleming, left Friday for a visit to relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. J. M. Fleming entertained Thursday afternoon at the Lyric Theater in honor of her guests, Misses Ida Shellnutt, of Sandersville, and Frances Lee, of Atlanta. In the party were Misses Ruby Vining, Lartrelle Meadors, Josephine Franklin, Ida Shellnut and Frances Lee.

A delightful event of the past week was that at which Mr. James Wells entertained Thursday evening at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Wells, in honor of Miss Edna Tompkins, of Helena, who, with her mother, Mrs. Robert

DORSEY SURE OF CASE AS CRISIS COMES

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Frank Had Life Which He Hid From Relatives and Friends

INTEREST CENTERS ON ATTACK ON CHARACTER

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense's Delay Gives State Victory.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, dependent alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta is that to fail in the establishment and corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing will be to fail in a crisis heavily important to the State now.

Strange to say—there are so many strange things to say in this surpassingly strange Phagan story—one of the State's apparent weaknesses is proving, in one direction, to be one of its greatest elements of strength.

The deefnse's strenuous insistence that Conley's remarkable story is impossible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believe the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

Whole Story Must Be Torn Asunder.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually, and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element, as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relying upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several different directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

Time Element Again Enters Case.

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this despite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Mary's mother), George Epps, a motorman, and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probably to be amplified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

Every Second Has Important Bearing.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Evidence Really Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

Dorsey Seems All Confidence.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless, the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get on pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.

Frank Really Combats 2 Charges.

It is markedly unique in the annals of judicial procedure in Georgia, as it is contrary to the entire theory of the law, that Leo Frank should be engaged now in combating at one and the same time two of the gravest crimes in the catalogue of crime, when he has been indicted for only one.

As extraordinary as the Frank case is in so many of its ramifications, it is extraordinary in nothing more than in that!

And yet, which is additionally unique, the fact that he is answering two charges simultaneously is largely the fault or the misfortune of his own lawyers!

Judge Roan virtually admitted that had the more sinister charge of Conley been objected to by the defense at the proper time, he would not have admitted it. It was not objected to, however, and it, therefore, was left in the record. So, in a way, if not technically, Frank is answering the two charges of his own voluntary motion!

Apparently neither the State nor the defense has hesitated to suggest things calculated to prejudice the minds of the jury whenever either could.

For instance, the examination of Mrs. Rea Frank, the defendant's mother, as to the extent of her wealth and many details of her private life, and the suggestion that for some reason or other Mrs. Leo Frank refrained from visiting her husband in jail for two weeks or more after his arrest, seemingly were injected more by way of arousing some vague suspicion in the minds of the jury, rather than by way of proving anything definite.

On the other hand, the defense has not hesitated to suggest, wherever it could, that the entire charge against Frank is a police and detective "frame-up," and that Conley has been used merely as a cat'spaw to convict Frank; the presumption being that the big rewards offered for the arrest and conviction of Mary Phagan's murderer may later be distributed among these officials.

This suggestion seems to have been thrown out largely in the hope that the jury would assimilate enough of it to throw discredit over the entire case of the State.

Most Bitterly Fought Case in State.

There never has been in this State a case fought so bitterly and so uncompromisingly as this one of the State vs. Leo Frank.

Besides the life and liberty of Leo Frank, the preservation of his home and family circle, the restoration of his erstwhile good reputation, there are big fees at stake, big reputations to be preserved, big prejudices either to combat or pander to—and there is even some politics involved!

All in all, however, the public seems impressed with the idea that the trial has been as fair and square thus far as human ingenuity can make it, and that neither side has been given any undue advantage over the other in any quarter.

Much of the bitterness that has crept into the trial has been occasioned, of course, by reason of the fame and tremendous significance of the case. It is a battle to an everlasting finish, and both sides are pressing it on that exact theory.

Despite the fact that the case now is entering its fourth week, with the end not yet in sight, public interest still is at fever heat over it. No topic is talked so exhaustively about the streets, in the cafes and hotel lobbies, and even in the homes, as the now celebrated Phagan case.

Great crowds throng the stuffy little courtroom daily, and the hours have been few when admission could be obtained without extreme difficulty.

It is not thought likely that the arguments will begin before the end of this week, and probably not until next. It is anticipated that it will require not less than three days for the lawyers to finish their discussion of the case before the jury. Nobody looks for a verdict within the present week, unless the unforeseen happens.

Speculation as to the outcome of the trial is varied and general. The most widespread impression is that the case likely is headed for a mistrial, although there are many people who believe the jury will make a verdict before dissolving.

Newt Lee Falls Into Lazy Ways in Prison.

Newt Lee should worry. Being a prisoner is not the most undesirable occupation in the world for the old negro. There is no work to do, and now that he is safely beyond suspicion in this Mary Phagan case there is nothing for him to bother over.

Altogether, being in jail all day, alternately sleeping and dawdling from meal to meal, never leaving his cell, seems to suit the factory night watchman. Newt Lee has fallen into lazy ways there in the Tower.

The negro has been assigned to a cell almost directly above that of Frank, on the third floor south. He grumbles a bit at he monotony and scantiness of the prison fare, but then it comes safe and certain twice a day.

No More Fat of the Land for Jim Conley.

Time was when Jim Conley lived on the fat of the land. That was when he was the most prominent negro prisoner in Georgia, the vital witness in the case of the State against Leo M. Frank. None of your prison fare for him! They brought his breakfast of thick steaks and chops to his cell. Lawyers were considerate of the negro, and Jim experienced fat days, indeed for a little while.

Against his will, it is declared, they forced on him a cold bath and some good clothes, and he came to court in unwonted fine apparel.

But "sic transit gloria" Jim Conley. The sad fact comes that he is about to be forgotten at the jail. No more are his meals brought to him, and like the other "niggers," who never even got their names in the paper, he must subsist on prison fare—two meager meals a day.

Jim Conley, in his cell on the first floor north, sulks a little because of the unkind fate that has sent him back to grits and bread and water for breakfast. And he has taken no bath since.

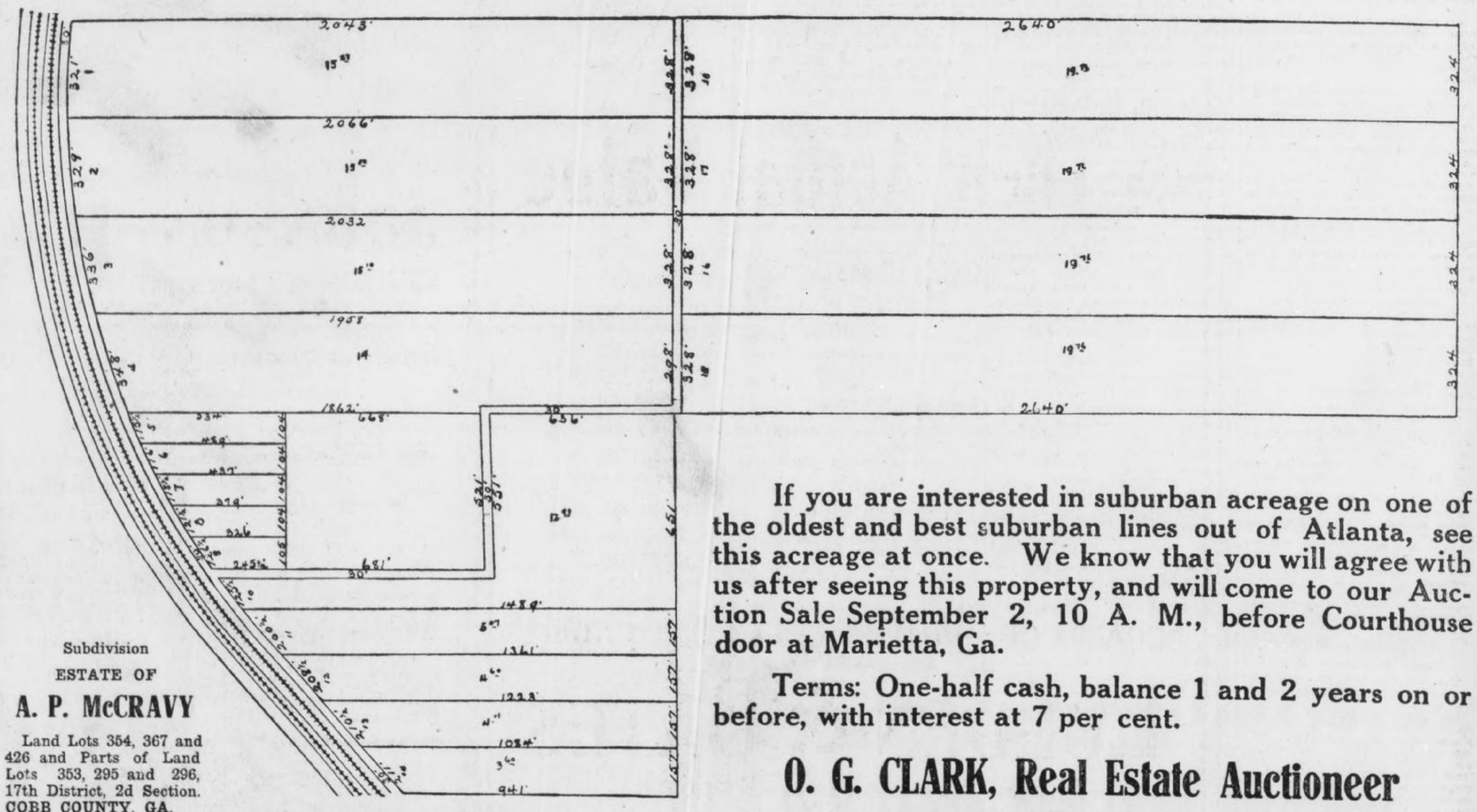
FRANK'S MOTHER DENIES FAMILY IS WEALTHY

WE are not wealthy and Leo has no rich relative in Brooklyn. My husband is broken in health and has retired from business. We have about $20,000 which is loaned out at 6 per cent. We live on that income. Our home, which we own, has a $6,000 mortgage on it. I have a sister, Mrs. Bennet, whose husband clerks for my brother-in-law. I also have one son-in-law who is in the retail cigar business. I don't know much about my other relatives. I have enough to do to keep up with my own affairs.—Testimony of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of Leo M. Frank, on the witness stand yesterday.

TRIAL TO LAST THROUGH WEEK, LAWYERS THINK

AUCTION! ADMINISTRATRIX SALE!

We will sell the A. P. McCravy farm before the courthouse door in Marietta, Ga., SEPTEMBER 2ND, AT 10 A. M. This property is at Turner's Crossing on Marietta car line, 2 miles south of Marietta, and has been subdivided into 18 acreage tracts, averaging from 1 to 20 acres each. 14 of these tracts front the W. & A. Railroad and the electric car line and the public road. The other 4 are in sight of same. All of said tracts have beautiful building sites, ground fairly level and mostly under cultivation. Several tracts have beautiful shades and many have running water. 3 of these tracts have small houses on them. All are splendidly adapted for suburban homes, poultry or truck farms.



Subdivision
ESTATE OF
A. P. McCRAVY

Land Lots 354, 367 and 426 and Parts of Land Lots 353, 295 and 296, 17th District, 2d Section. COBB COUNTY, GA.

If you are interested in suburban acreage on one of the oldest and best suburban lines out of Atlanta, see this acreage at once. We know that you will agree with us after seeing this property, and will come to our Auction Sale September 2, 10 A. M., before Courthouse door at Marietta, Ga.

Terms: One-half cash, balance 1 and 2 years on or before, with interest at 7 per cent.

J. B. JACKSON, Agent,
213-214 Peters Building, Phone Main 929.

O. G. CLARK, Real Estate Auctioneer
PHONES: MAIN 4412, ATLA. 1700 Atlanta, Ga.

MRS. JANE L. McCRAVY, Administratrix

GIRL EMPLOYEE SHOUTS SHE'D DIE FOR FRANK

Another Tells How Defendant Peered Into Room Where Women Dressed in Factory

LAWYERS FAIL TO HALT PRAISE OF THE ACCUSED

Dramatic Incident Comes When Witness Heaps Encomiums on Superintendent on Trial.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimony in any way prejudiced to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into an eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by this time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guiltlessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though if never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to conduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmeline Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sister. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded against it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled toward Miss Kitchen, and then turned around and walked away. She testified that the girls never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking their overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her in regard to a reported remark of N. V. Darley, general manager, that "if the girls stay with us through this, they will not lose by it." She said she had overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

The following pencil company employees were called as character witnesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stewart, Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Ina Hayes, Eula May Flowers, Elma Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dickerson, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osman, Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, Rebecca Carson, Maude Wright, Irene Jackson, and Mesdames Emma Freeman and Ella Thomas.

Frank Ordered Flirting Stopped.

Attorney Arnold in his redirect examination of Miss Jackson asked if it were not true that girls had been caught flirting from the dressing room windows, which front on Forsyth street, and that Frank had given orders that this should be stopped. She said that this had occurred.

"Might not Frank have been looking in to see if his orders were being carried out?" asked his attorney, but his interrogation was ruled out as leading to a conclusion on the part of the witness.

Miss Opie Dickerson, another of the character witnesses, appeared somewhat perturbed when asked by the Solicitor in regard to her movements on the Saturday night of the murder. She was requested to tell if she was not in the company of N. V. Darley, Wade Campbell and Miss Louise Gresham at the Bijou that evening. She replied that she could not remember, and the question later was ruled out as irrelevant and immaterial, on the objections of Attorneys Rosser and Arnold.

The testimony of W. D. McWorth, a Pinkerton operative, provided one of the sensations of the day, and at the same time provoked a lively wrangle among the attorneys over the manner in which the Solicitor persisted in questioning him.

McWorth testified that he found on May 15, on the first floor near a radiator, a piece of a pay envelope bearing the name of Mary Phagan, her number, 186, and the amount due her, $1.20. He said that he found at the same time several pieces of cord similar to that found around the neck of the slain girl, a club and part of a buggy whip. He described splotches near the trapdoor leading into the basement which he thought at the time might be bloodstains.

Neither side brought out what the real value of McWorth's testimony might be. The defense submitted it without asking whether the spots had proved to be blood, and the Solicitor also failed to question him on this point.

Dorsey's main attack was contained in his charge that the Pinkerton operatives had "played double" with the city detectives and, while professing to "go down the road with the road" with the city department, in reality branched off, discovered clews very material if they were genuine and kept their discovery a secret from the city detectives in spite of the agreement to work hand in hand.

Dorsey tried to find out from the witness under whose instructions he had withheld this information from the police while prentending to work with them. Rosser objected on the ground that Frank should not be bound by anything a detective did. While the point was being debated with some acrimony, Rosser shouted, referring to Dorsey:

"The State of Georgia ought to be represented in this case with decency, your honor, and not in the manner in which the Solicitor General is conducting the prosecution."

Dorsey charged that the Pinkertons,

Three of the great army of witnesses called to testify in the the trial of Leo M. Frank, snapped by The Sunday American photographer at the courthouse. They are, left to right, Mrs. Ida Miller, Rosser Shields and Miss Ara Fagan.



TELLS OF FINDING CLUB AND ENVELOPE

BEHIND a radiator on the ground floor near the elevator shaft I found a piece of heavy cord, one end of which looked as if it had been freshly cut. There was also a piece of pay envelope folded up. The number 186 was marked on it, and the initials "M. P." I also found a big stick lying nearby, which had stains on it resembling blood. I also found stains resembling blood—six or seven of them—around the cubby hole on the first floor. I was looking for the girl's mesh bag when I found these things.—From testimony of Pinkerton Detective W. D. McWorth.

when Detective John Black had come to inspect the new evidence, showed him the buggy whip found behind the front door of the factory and did not show him the club which was produced in evidence at the trial. The Solicitor failed in his effort to show that McWorth and his fellow operative, L. P. Whitfield, did all this at the direction of Superintendent H. B. Pierce.

Time Element Again.

Interesting testimony, which may prove of considerable importance in the development of the time element in the case, was given by Knox Thomas, a civil engineer.

From the intersection of Marietta and Forsyth streets to the pencil factory, Thomas testified the distance was 1,016 feet, and that it required him 4 1-2 minutes to walk it at a fairly brisk pace. This is the walk which the State contends Mary Phagan made Saturday, April 26, to get to the factory from her car. The car was due at this corner about 12:07. This would have brought her to the factory at about 12:11 1-2. A conflict is found here in the State's own theory, as the Solicitor believes Mary Phagan entered the factory before Monteen Stover, who glanced at the clock and saw that it was 12:05 o'clock.

This obstacle is overcome by accepting as the truth the possibility that the car may have been running about five minutes ahead of time and that the clock at the factory was several minutes slow.

Thomas said that the distance from the pencil factory to Whitehall and Alabama streets, where Miss Helen Curran declared she saw Frank awaiting a car, was 831 feet, and that it required him 3 1-2 minutes to walk it.

The distance from Broad and Hunter streets to the pencil factory, the route the defense contends the Phagan girl took to the factory the day she went after her pay, the witness said was 333 feet, and that it took him 1 3-4 minutes to walk it.

Frank's Mother Recalled.

Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, who testified briefly at Friday's session of court, was recalled to the stand when the trial resumed Saturday. The defense sought to show that Frank would have been most unlikely to make any remark to Jim Conley about having "wealthy folks in Brooklyn" by proving that, as a matter of fact, his Brooklyn relatives were of only ordinary means.

The witness became somewhat exasperated on cross-examination when the Solicitor insisted on going into every source of income, as well as the financial resources of her husband. She said that she and her husband were living on the interest of $20,000 which was lent to different persons at an average of 6 per cent interest. She said that this constituted all of the wealth of her husband and herself, except for the home in which they lived. On this she said there was a $6,000 mortgage.

Lanford Takes Day Off To Go to Camp Meeting.

Chief of Detectives Newport A. Lanford, under whose guidance the State's evidence was secured against Leo M. Frank, wants a day's complete respite and will spend Sunday at Sandy Springs, Ga., where a Methodist camp meeting is in progress.

Chief Lanford's activities in the case ended when the trial began, but he has been daily in the courtroom sitting close to Solicitor Dorsey whispering information about the various witnesses. The Chief will return to Atlanta Monday morning in time for the opening of Monday's session of the trial.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

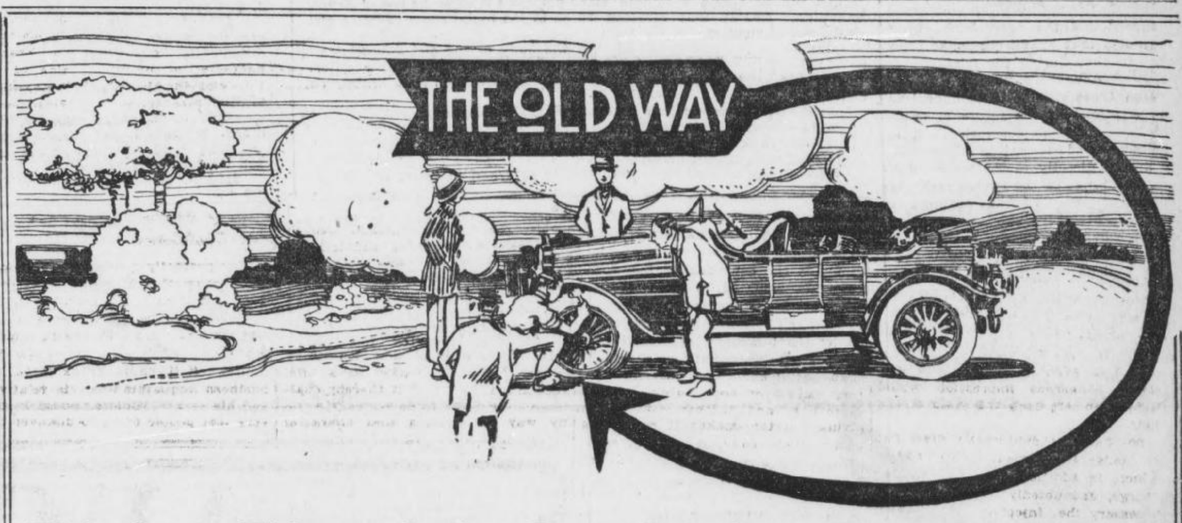
Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

(We sell all makes.)

Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

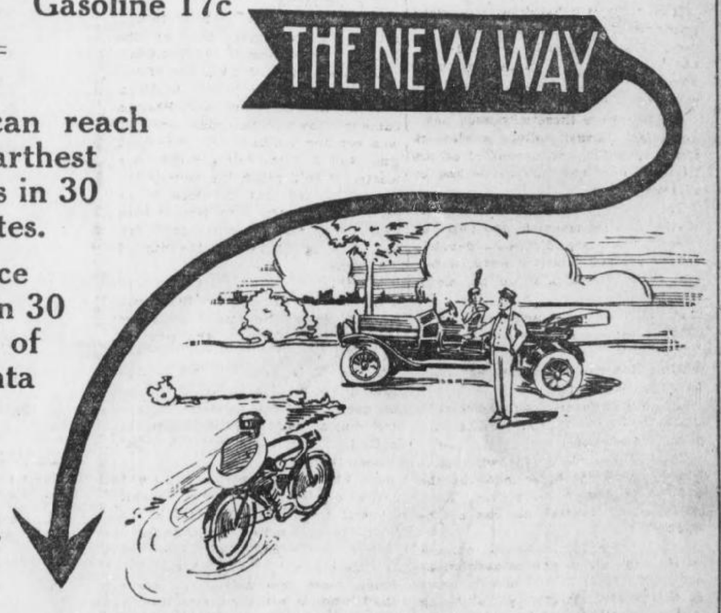
83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

Free Air Station ::: Gasoline 17c



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta



LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

LAWYERS SAY THEY HAVEN'T ADVISED HIM

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of the Jurors.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

She was in the Home of the Good Shepherd, to which she was sent from Atlanta.

The defense is expected to close its case by Monday night or Tuesday noon if the cross-examination of its witnesses is note xtended. The rebuttal of the State will not last more than a day and a half, or two days at the most, according to the estimates made by lawyers connected with the case. This will bring the closing arguments some time Thursday. It is not improbable that he judge's charge will be made before court adjourns Thursday night.

Arguments Are Awaited.

The true strength of the defense and the prosecution will not be developed until the closing arguments. Much of the significance of important bits of evidence has been obscured and passed over lightly as the case progressed. The lawyers have been willing that the jurors as well as the spectators, did not see the full import of certain pieces of testimony at the time it was given. They have been just as willing that no one understood the particular part it was to play in their theory of the crime. Their main purpose was to get it clearly and unmistakably on the record.

When the arguments begin, these apparently disconnected and disassociated fragments of evidence will assemble themselves magically. Their significance will dawn forcibly on the minds of the jurors under the spell of the eloquence and logic of four shrewd and capable lawyers.

As the Frank trial has surpassed all other criminal cases in the history of Georgia in the amount of testimony that has been transcribed, so will it surpass all others, it is very likely, in point of eloquence and masterly argument.

Both sides are determined. That there will be bitterness and rancor in the arguments is inescapable. If the attitude of the Solicitor has been forcast at all truly in his remarks during the progress of the trial, his address to the jury will be charged with as terrible and denunciatory invective as ever heard in an Atlanta court. If the prisoner at the bar, innocent or guilty, can save himself from cringing or from the least sign of emotion during the argument of the Solicitor General, he will have earned his title of iron man, indeed.

Alibi Built Up.

The two lawyers for the defense, Luther Rosser and Reuben Arnold, have built up an alibi for the accused man which they believe is indestructible. At the same time from this witness and that one, they have obtained testimony supporting their theory that the crime was done by the negro, Jim Conley, and that the negro's story is a product of his imagination evolved for the sole purpose of saving his own neck.

This theory has been suggested from time to time during the trial, but little attempt has been made to develop it in the minds of the jurors through the medium of the supporting testimony.

The two lawyers will marshal—probably already have marshaled—the evidence in its proper sequence and will then present it to the jury as the most convincing argument that the crime was the deed of the negro and not of Leo Frank.

TIME A BIG FACTOR IN FRANK TRIAL

The time element plays the most important part in the trial of Frank. The State has built up an elaborate case to show that Frank had the opportunity to kill Mary Phagan. The defense, on the other hand, is building up just as elaborate a case to show that Frank could not have had the time to do the things charged against him. The principal time elements brought out so far follows:

THE STATE'S TIME-TABLE

8:30—Conley and Frank met at the factory.
9:00—Conley left to see his mother at the Capital City Laundry, Frank admonishing him to return in 40 minutes and meet him at Montag Bros., Nelson and Forsyth streets.
9:30—Miss Mattie Smith left.
10:30—Conley met Frank at Nelson and Forsyth streets. Frank told the negro to wait a few minutes while he went into Montag Bros.
10:50—Frank came out and went back to the factory with Conley.
10:55—Frank stationed Conley on the first floor. Frank said there would be a girl there soon, and he wanted Conley to lock the door when he stamped and unlock it when he whistled.
11:30—N. V. Darley left.
11:45—Holloway left.
11:50—Lemmie Quinn entered the factory.
11:55—Lemmie Quinn left.
12:05—Mary Phagan entered. The State contends that although the car schedule would have brought her to Forsyth and Marietta streets at 12:07, it might have been five or six minutes ahead of time, giving Mary ample time to get to the factory by about 12:05. The State also has to discard the testimony of George Epps, who swore that he rode with Mary to town and got off the car with her at 12:07 o'clock.
12:06—Frank went with the girl to the metal room and there attacked her. Conley heard the retreating footsteps and later a scream.
12:08 to 12:10—Monteen Stover entered the factory; was seen by Conley; went to Frank's office and found him absent.
12:13 to 12:15—Monteen Stover left.
12:20—Frank returned to his office, leaving the body in the metal room.
12:25—Conley dropped asleep.
12:30—Frank was startled by the arrival of Mrs. Arthur White.
12:50—Frank went to the fourth floor and told Mrs. White, her husband and Harry Denham that they would have to be locked in the building if they did not leave, as he was going to lunch.
12:52—Mrs. White left.
12:54—Conley was awakened by Frank stamping on the floor. He locked the door and a minute later unlocked it when he heard Frank whistling. Conley was directed to go to the metal room to get a girl whom Frank "had struck too hard."
12:56—Conley and Frank carried the body of the girl downstairs.
1:03—They completed their task and returned to Frank's office. Conley hid in a closet five minutes while two women were in Frank's office.
1:08—Conley wrote four notes at Frank's dictation.
1:15—Conley left the factory.
1:18—Frank left the factory.
1:20—Frank caught his car.
1:30—Frank arrived home, but hastily returned to town.

THE DEFENSE'S TIME-TABLE

8:25 A. M.—Frnk arrived at factory. Met Holloway, day watchman, and Alonza Mann, office boy.
8:50 A. M.—Employees began coming for pay envelopes, Mattie Smith among them. N. V. Darley arrived.
9:40 A. M.—Miss Smith and Darley left.
10:00 A. M.—Frank went to Montag Bros., Nelson and Forsyth streets.
11:00 A. M.—Returned alone to pencil factory.
11:45 A. M.—Miss Corinthia Hall and Mrs. Emma Freeman left factory after entering to get Mrs. Freeman's coat.
12:02 P. M.—Miss Hattie Hall, the stenographer, left.
12:05 P. M.—Miss Monteen Stover entered.
12:10 P. M.—Miss Monteen Stover left.
12:12 P. M.—Mary Phagan received pay envelope from Frank. Frank testified at coroner's inquest that she left his office in two or three minutes and that he thought he heard her talking with another girl and then heard their footsteps dying away.
12:20 P. M.—Lemmie Quinn visited Frank's office.
12:22 P. M.—Lemmie Quinn left.
12:30 P. M.—Mrs. Arthur White entered Frank's office and then went to the fourth floor to see her husband.
12:50 P. M.—Frank went to the fourth floor and saw Mr. and Mrs. White and Harry Denham. He stayed about two minutes.
12:53 P. M.—Mrs. White left. On her way down the stairs she saw a negro sitting on a box on the first floor. She thought it was Conley.
1:05 P. M.—Frank left for his luncheon. He walked up Forsyth street to Alabama and down Alabama to Whitehall.
1:10 P. M.—Miss Helen Curran saw Frank waiting at Alabama and Whitehall streets for his car. It is the contention of the defense that Frank could not have been there at this time is Conley's story is true.
1:20 P. M.—Mrs. A. P. Levy saw Frank enter the home of Emil Selig, with whom he lived at 68 East Georgia avenue. Frank sat down and ate with his father-in-law. The servant, Minola McKnight, saw him when he arrived home.
1:50 P. M.—Left home for factory. Saw Mrs. M. J. McMichael, his wife's aunt, Jerome McMichael, Julian Loeb and others.
2:00 P. M. —Caught car at Glenn and Washington streets. Met J. C. Loeb on car.
2:10 P. M.—Car was blocked at Hunter street by Memorial day crowds. Frank was seen by H. J. Hinchey who was riding by in his automobile. Frank left the car and walked on Hunter street to Whitehall.
2:20 P. M.—Watched parade. Met Miss Rebecca Carson in front of Rich's store.
2:40 P. M.—Was seen by Miss Carson to go in Jacobs' Pharmacy, Whitehall and Alabama streets.
3:00 P. M.—Arrived at the pencil factory. Went to fourth floor to see Denham and White.
3:08 P. M.—Denham and White left

Frank Follows Schedule in Jail Life.

Leo Frank is living a sane and rational life as a prisoner in the Tower—a life of scrupulous dumbbell exercises, daily cold baths, chats with many visitors, chess playing and reading.

Always an energetic man, Frank is himself even in jail. Each morning he arises at 6 o'clock and dives for his dumbbells. Following a brisk exercise he takes a cold bath, and then relaxes until breakfast is brought him.

Usually his breakfast is sent from his home. Before the time of the trial he ate in his cell. Now, however, coming daily to the courtroom he gets his breakfast in the witness room of the courthouse, and his wife is there to talk with him during the meal.

At 6 o'clock in the evening he has dinner. The meal usually is brought to the jail from a downtown restaurant or hotel, occasionally from his home, and always Frank's friends come to sit with him while he eats. Later they stay on to talk, leaving about 9 o'clock. Then there are papers to read, magazines to look over and an occasional book or two, which keeps Frank up until about 10:30 o'clock, the hour of his retirement each night.

Lawyers In Frank Trial All Georgia College Men.

Thomas W. Connally, the well-known attorney, has gathered some interesting facts about principal lawyers in the Frank case.

All of the lawyers, Mr. Connally finds, are college men. Luther Z. Rosser and Hugh M. Dorsey are charter members of the University Club, of which Mr. Connally is secretary.

Mr. Rosser is a graduate of Emory in the class of 1878. In spite of the fact that he was nearly blind during part of his college course, caused by an attack of measles, he was able by listening to his roommates study aloud to master the work so thoroughly that he took an honor in his class. For years he was an alumni trustee of Emory.

Hugh Dorsey is a graduate of the University of Georgia in the class of 1893, and afterward studied law at the University of Virginia.

Reuben Arnold was at the University of Georgia in the class of 1888.

Frank A. Hooper was a student at the Southwest Georgia Agricultural College before he entered Mercer, where he graduated with the A. B. degree in 1885. In 1888 his alma mater conferred an honorary A. M. degree.

E. A. Stephens, assistant to Solicitor Dorsey, is an Emory man of the class of 1891.

Mr. Rosser and Mr. Stephens are members of the Chi Phi Fraternity. Mr. Arnold and Mr. Hooper are Phi Delta Thetas. Mr. Dorsey is a Kappa Alpha.

Luther Z. Rosser, Jr., and L. S. Hopkins, Jr., from Rosser's office, have assisted him. Young Rosser is a Tech man, an Emory man and graduated from the law department of Mercer in 1909. Mr. Hopkins is an A. B. graduate of Emory, 1901, graduate of the law department of the University of Georgia in 1904, and LL. B. from Yale University in 1905. Mr. Rosser is a Chi Phi and Mr. Hopkins is a member of Phi Delta Theta and the Phi Delta Phi legal fraternity.

Luther Z. Rosser, Jr., and Hugh Dorsey are brothers-in-law, and C. B. Shelton, Rosser's brother-in-law, is a law partner of Dorsey's two brothers, Cam and E. Roy Dorsey.

Jurors' Wives Find Solace in Union.

None of your clinging wives are the eleven women who, the wives of jury members, are made widows for the while by the trial of Leo Frank. They are not women to stay at home and weep in weeds. With their "Club for Temporary Widows" they are making the best of a bad situation, and even finding some real fun.

Mrs. W. M. Jeffries, one of the wives made widows because her husband must serve on the jury, wandered about disconsolately the first two or three days. Then she became nervous and from nervousness she drifted into a spell of the blues.

Blues is the mother of invention, as all the world knows. With the tears not far from her eyelashes one afternoon she was seized with an idea that sent the tears back and that made her hurry to the telephone. One by one she located them, the other wives who were widows, and unfolded her plans for an organization.

"And then we should worry," she told each one.

The idea found favor with them all. Eleven women who didn't know each other before were drawn together, and now they can be seen sallying forth, consoled by their own numbers, and even gay, to the courthouse of an afternoon.

Time was when the trial started that their greetings were waved to their husbands with handkerchiefs wet with tears. But now the signal is gay. The widows have found in their common grief something to laugh at.

And the jurymen themselves don't worry about the folks at home so much now. They smile, too, when they leave the courtroom and catch the cheery greetings. All except C. J. Bosshardt, the lone unmarried member. There is no one to greet him, but they do say——

Could You Qualify as Juror in Case Hinging on Circumstantial Evidence?

By O. B. KEELER.

Putting it somewhat abruptly—

Would you hang a man on circumstantial evidence?

This is with some small reference to the Frank trial. Nearly everything has a Frank trial trend these days. And the trial itself is working around to where that problem is beginning to press on the twelve good men and true.

Also it is pestering the courtroom regulars.

It always does at a big murder trial. Probably more friendships have ceased over the question of hanging on circumstantial evidence than over the proposition that all men are born free and equal, or the world's series or the age of Ann.

You Either Would or Wouldn't.

Probably you have a pretty well fixed idea as to the ultimate value of circumstantial evidence.

Either you would hang a man on it or you wouldn't.

If you wouldn't, you couldn't have got on the Frank jury. Not honestly.

Because there is no direct evidence in the case.

In the first place it would be pretty tough if everybody in the world snared the conviction that no man should be convicted on circumstantial evidence.

If that were the case the potential murderer could use a little intelligence and a bit of care in arranging the stage setting for his crime and get by with it comfortably enough. He would just provide that nobody should see him when he let his victim have it under the fifth rib, or swung the well known blunt instrument, or pulled the trigger of the equally celebrated smoking revolver.

Then the fact that the knife had been in his possession for years, or he had been seen extracting the club from a lumber pile, or purchasing the revolver from a pawnbroker, would be valueless in default of some open-faced person who would take his stand upon the witness chair and assert dramatically:

"I seen him when he done it!"

Moveover, what are you going to do with that most monstrous of all murderers, the poisoner? It is the rarest thing in the world for a witness to be present when he offers his victim the fatal capsule and remarks:

"This is a little slug of strychnine."

If he didn't say what it was, there wouldn't be any direct evidence that it wasn't quinine, you see.

So it does look as if some people in this world are well justified in their belief that there can be circumstantial evidence strong enough to hang a man.

Value of Direct Evidence.

It looks like a good thing, if only to bear the murder market.

Now, let's look over the value of direct evidence. And there's an odd thing about its actual face value, too.

Just at first sight it seems nothing could be clearer and more convincing. Here's a man, right on the spot. He sees all that occurs. All he has to do is to tell about it, in words of one syllable, if he likes—just a round, unvarnished tale.

The trouble is, there frequently is another man who also was right on the spot, and also saw all that occurred.

When it comes to telling about it, those two men, like as not, will each tell an honest and straightforward story.

But the stories may not agree.

Both May Be Honest, Too.

And both witnesses may be perfectly honest.

There was a professor of psychology or something, and he got all worked up over the amazing proposition that several intelligent persons could see a tragedy enacted and tell several and radically different stories of how it happened.

So he framed up a little game on his class of 40 students, or 60 students, or whatever number it was—all bright young college men, well above the average direct witness who just happened to be there when it happened.

The class was hearing him lecture one day, and, presumably, thinking of nothing else in the world, when one door of the room burst open and a pop-eyed man rushed in, followed closely by two others. The first man ran halfway across the room, wheeled and shouted:

"Stand back!"

His nearest pursuer leveled a paper cap pistol at him and replied:

"I'll settle you right now!"

The companion waved his arms and yelled:

"Down with the traitor!"

Then the first man ducked, ran for the door and disappeared, with the others after him.

Just Like a Regular Tragedy.

It was all unexpected, just like any regular tragedy. And it was all very sudden. It only took about ten seconds for the whole performance.

The class was surprised. That was rather natural. But the professor calmed the students and told them what it was all about. He wanted to see how accurate their powers of observation were under actual test. Had the young gentlemen seen and heard all that passed?

The young gentlemen had.

Then would the young gentlemen kindly write out each a full account of the proceeding, with the same care that would be used in testifying to the happening in a case that involved life and death?

The young gentlemen would.

And you can take it from the professor there was something to ponder in the "testimony."

A few samples will explain it.

How They Told of It.

One young gentleman testified that the foremost pursuer held a shotgun and cried, "Sic semper tyrannis!" another was positive the weapon was a long dagger, and that the wielder said something about revenge for the invasion of his home, while his companion shouted, "Let me get at him!"

One eyewitness was sure the pursued man had dropped on his knees and lifted his hands in supplication; also that he had red whiskers; while another said he was clean shaven and held a revolver.

And that is a fair sample of the contradictory "evidence" given by eyewitnesses in the test case.

One thing stood out above all the rest:

Not one single student gave an absolutely correct account of the affair, which had been worked out and rehearsed carefully by the actors.

Believe Half You See.

And in a great many cases of direct evidence it is a pretty good plan to believe only half what you see.

And by arguing around in a circle it would seem that there is a good deal to be said in favor of circumstantial evidence, if only because it is sought intelligently and considered in cold blood, in place of the usual goggle-eyed mental condition of the witness suddenly confronted with a raw and ugly situation, entirely at variance with anything else he ever had encountered before.

And now could you qualify as juror in a circumstantial evidence case?

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from Jacobs' Pharmacy and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine?" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED TRADE MARK

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee **August 25**

THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF "HER FATAL SHADOW"

Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPENS THURSDAY AUG. 21

GRAND ALL WEEK AUG. 18th MAT. 2:30 & NIGHT 6:30

Matinee 10c
Night 10c, 15c and 25c.

THAT GREAT PICTURE
VICTORY
With U. S. Battleships and Airships.
The Wonder of Modern Photo Plays.

FORSYTH WEEK AUGUST 18th DAILY AT 2:30 and 8:30

REAL KEITH VAUDEVILLE

TOOTS PAKA AND HAWAIIAN MUSICIANS

GRACE DeMAR, COMEDIENNE
FOSTER & LOVETT, LAUGH WINNERS
KENNEDY & ROONEY, SONG AND DANCE
NIKKO TROUPE, JAP MARVELS
CASTILLIONS, BRONZE STATUES
PATHE PICTURES, MODERN
WILLIE WESTON, SONGS
MIKE BERNARD, THE PIANO

Every Summer Garment

Every Dress, Every Suit, Every Waist, Every Skirt

Almost Given Away!

---At Frohsin's

THIS will be the FINAL and most extraordinary call, of the season, to the women of Atlanta—to buy, for next-to-nothing, any Summer Dress, Suit, Waist or Skirt—in our Store!

Every Summer Garment MUST now be disposed of—we MUST make room for the workmen who are coming to remodel our Ready-to-Wear Dept.

Sale commences at 8 o'clock to-morrow (Monday) morning. Our store is full of surprising BARGAINS—there are, by far, too many to list—but the few that are itemized below will give you an inkling!

Remember, There Are Many Other Bargains, Besides the Following!

Women's Dresses

Summer Dresses that were from $6 to $10, reduced to $1.95

Summer Dresses that were from $12.50 to $15, reduced to $3.75

Summer Dresses that were from $20 to $25, reduced to $6.75

Women's Suits

The balance of our summer Silk Suits and Woolen Suits, worth up to $25, are reduced to $8.75

Women's Skirts

Women's Skirts that were $1.50 and $2.00 reduced to 89c

Women's Skirts that were $3.50 to $5, reduced to $1.19

Child's Bloomer Dresses

Children's Bloomer Dresses, in sizes from 2 to 8 years, that were from $1 to $2, are reduced to 49c

WAISTS *Worth $1 to $3* 25c

A large assortment of odds and ends in Women's Lingerie and Tailored Waists, that were from $1 to $3, are reduced to 25c each.

Atlanta's Busy Store **FROHSIN'S** Fifty Whitehall Street

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison, was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Celebrated English Organist in Recital

Eugene Wyatt to Play Popular Program at the Auditorium This Afternoon.

Eugene Wyatt, the celebrated English organist, will be the soloist at the free concert at the Auditorium-Armory Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Wyatt plays to 12,000 people at a time in Royal Albert Hall, London. He is expected to play to over 6,000 in Atlanta.

While the program is one that will surely interest all musicians, it is full of melody and harmony and will appeal strongly to the popular ear.

Mr. Wyatt is the first of a number of distinguished organists who will be brought here by the Music Festival Association during the next couple of months. From among them will be chosen a successor to Dr. Percy J. Starnes.

Stockade or Reform Faces Young Woman

Nina Allison, Twice Escaped From Martha Home, Awaits Mercy of Refuge Keepers.

The question of whether Mrs. Nina Allison, a young woman who says she is a former telephone operator, must serve time in the city stockade will be determined by officials of the Martha Home Monday.

If they agree to take her back into the home, from which she has escaped twice, she will be saved from the stockade; if they decide she is incorrigible and can not be benefited by the home, she will have to go to the gang.

The young woman has been arrested on previous occasions and is now on probation. She was arrested by Policeman Barton Friday night with two men.

YOU SHOULD WEAR

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short sock's are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

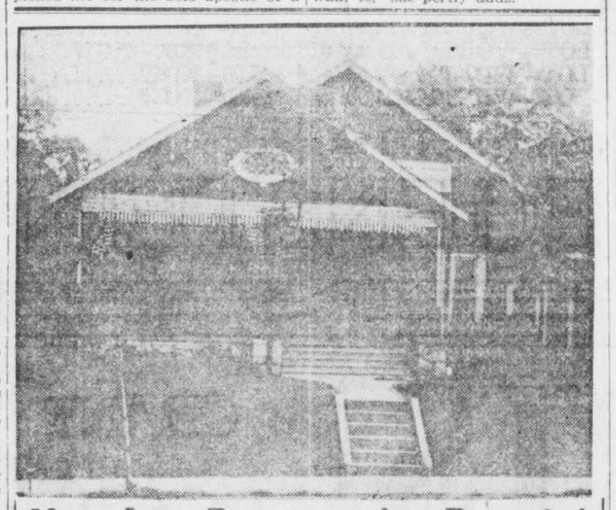
Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features, you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.



Here Is a Beauty and a Bargain!

Let us show it to you. Six-room bungalow on car line and close to Ponce DeLeon avenue and Druid Hills. Splendid neighborhood and only two blocks from school. Has large veranda, all conveniences. The lot has 65 feet frontage. The price is low and the terms very easy. A rare opportunity for an excellent home in a choice location.

SHELBY SMITH

W. D. HOYT, Sales Manager.

401-402 Empire Building. Phone Main 2627.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

Negroes Plan Big Labor Day Outing

Proceeds Will Be Used to Complete and Promote Bethel Church.

Preparations for the big outing conducted by the negroes of Atlanta at the Speedway on Labor Day are practically complete, according to announcement Saturday. The proceeds of the celebration will go to complete the Big Bethel Church building and to promote the industrial and social work of the church.

Among the stunts which will be pulled off at the Speedway will be automobile, motorcycle and foot races, for which cash prizes, netting $300, will be given to the winners. In addition, Bishop Turner and Dr. C. T. Walker will make speeches of welcome. Provision for white patrons will be made, according to an announcement of the committee, and no drinking or bad conduct will be allowed.

Lawyer's Attack on Judge Preston Fails

W. M. Smith Unable to Disqualify Recorder Pro Tem, Who Finally Finds for Him.

W. M. Smith, a lawyer, who clashed with Recorder Pro Tem. Preston in Police Court Friday, failed Saturday in an attempt to disqualify Judge Preston from sitting on the case of Mrs. B. E. Carroll, of 15 Houston street, charged with conducting a boarding house without a license.

Smith questioned Judge Preston as to whether he had complied with the city law requiring him to call on members of Council to serve on the Police Court bench in the absence of the Recorder.

Smith also presented a demurrer, asking that the case be thrown out of court, and this was overruled. The trial came to a sudden end a few minutes later, however, when Judge Preston, after three or four witnesses had been heard, dismissed the case for lack of sufficient evidence. He turned the matter over to Sergeant Barfield and License Inspector Hayes for a further investigation.

Cochran to Deliver Address at Clayton

Hoke Smith's Opponent Expected to Sound Keynote of His Senatorial Campaign.

Ralph O. Cochran, candidate for United States Senator to succeed Senator Hoke Smith, will fire the second gun of his campaign next Saturday morning at Clayton. The address, it is thought, will be the keynote speech of the Cochran campaign.

Although the Senatorial election does not take place until next summer, Mr. Cochran has plunged into the campaign with the apparent determination to liven things up considerably, politically, within the next few months. He delivered his first speech in Douglas County a few weeks ago.

Luncheon to Boost Atlanta-Made Goods

Merchants and Manufacturers Will Gather Tuesday to Plan Permanent Exhibit.

A luncheon through which it is hoped to create greater interest in the proposed permanent exhibit of Atlanta-made goods will be given at the Hotel Ansley Tuesday afternoon by the Chamber of Commerce.

Leading merchants and manufacturers will be invited and will be entertained with speeches enumerating the benefits of the exhibit. The necessary number to insure the success of the movement have not yet signed up and it is hoped to secure them Tuesday.

GONE TO NEW YORK

For the purpose of making Fall and Winter purchases. Will return in few days with fine display of latest styles.

SAMUEL ISECOFF,
Ladies' Tailoring and Habit Maker.

78 1-2 Whitehall.



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order . . . $165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US

Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.

Name .....

Address .....

Cable Piano Co.

84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.

GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.

HOBSON TALKS; O'NEAL SILENT; CLAYTON BUSY

Governor Urged to Call Special Session of Alabama Legislature at Once.

BANKHEAD IN WASHINGTON

Senatorial Tangle Shows No Signs of Being Straightened Out Except by Congress.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 16.—Prominent citizens, attorneys and politicians are advising Governor O'Neal to call a special session of the Legislature and place in proper position the United States Senatorial condition.

The appointment of Congressman Henry D. Clayton to the position made vacant by the death of Senator Joseph F. Johnston does not suit those in command, and, therefore, the proper channel will have to be sought.

Among those who have petitioned the Governor to call a special session of the Legislature is Walter Percy, prominent attorney of Birmingham and member of the Legislature. He says that in addition to the Senatorial matter some attention could be given to the elimination of the fee system in Jefferson County, where the Sheriff alone makes $50,000 per annum.

The consensus of opinion here is that the Governor will have to call a special session of the Legislature, in the meantime filling vacancies and then set about regularly toward selecting a Senator.

Legal, Says Bankhead.

Senator John S. Bankhead, who has just returned to Washington from a stay of a few weeks at his home at Jasper, near here, expresses the belief that the appointment of Governor O'Neal, announced last Monday, is legal and will stand. It is expected that he will be heard on the proposition the coming week in Washington.

Until the appointment is legally turned down in the Senate in Washington, no definite action is probable in Alabama. Everything now is on the presumption that the appointment of Congressman Clayton will be turned down.

Governor O'Neal is quiet on the subject of a possible special session of the Legislature so far as can be heard.

The names of Congressmen Oscar Underwood, Thomas Heflin, John W. Abercrombie, and Dr. R. M. Cunningham, of Ensley, are mentioned as probable candidates for the Senatorship in the regular election.

Hobson's Card.

Congressman Hobson says of Clayton's appointment:

"It is a brazen defiance of law, the people and the Constitution—the most humiliating travesty of our political institutions.

"It is a defiance of the law and the rights of the people, willfully made with the knowledge that the appointment is illegal and is so regarded by the United States Senators, not only by the opposition Senators, but by Democratic Senators as well.

"The effect of the appointment will be to postpone indefinitely the settlement of the question. This delay is fully understood by the Alabama politician, and is incurred against the earnest advice of our Democratic leaders.

"In the midst of the crisis of the tariff bill, the interest of the Democratic party, the relief and welfare of the nation, the law of the land, the sacred political rights of the people seem to have counted for naught."

SHOP TALK.

The Durham Jewelry Company, which has taken the agency of South Bend watches, has a novel way of advertising this well known make. It has placed one of these watches in the center of a 200-pound cake of ice. The watch keeps perfect time and is attracting a great deal of attention.

The 999 Clothing Company has opened at No. 34 Whitehall street. This firm is an immense Eastern manufacturer, and is opening one of its best stores in the South in Atlanta. With its large stock and excellent location the 999 Shop feels certain of much success here.

Miss Anna Von Hoffmann, an artist of remarkable ability, is appearing at the Montgomery this week. Miss Hoffmann's act will be an opera repertoire scenes from grand opera will be depicted, and the management of this theater feels sure that the public of Atlanta will be delighted with this singer.

OBITUARY.

Monry S. Chaffin, aged 25, died at a private sanitarium here. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Chaffin, of Monroe, Ga.; three brothers, Wyman, Hugh and Dana, and one sister, Mrs. L. B. Nowell. The body was carried Saturday to his old home, Monroe, for interment.

The Funeral of Andrew J. Glenn, who died Friday, will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from Patterson's chapel. The Rev. A. R. Holderby will officiate. Interment at Hollywood.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Boy Without Home Is Looking for Job

udge Turns Waif Over to Probation Officer Who Seeks Work for Him.

With no folks and no home, a youth of 16 years, who gave his name as Albert Ollinger, told Recorder Pro Tem Preston Saturday afternoon that he would work if he only had the chance.

Judge Preston turned the boy over to Probation Officer Coogler, who said he would try and get him a job.

Ollinger said his native home is New Orleans, but that now he is an outcast, with no place to call home.

SEES BENEFIT TO PACKERS IN IMPORTED BEEF

Patrick Cudahy Thinks Lowering of Bars to South American Meats Will Aid Business.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Patrick Cudahy, who is here for a six weeks' rest, speaking to-day on business conditions in America, said:

"The chief effect of the tariff bill on our business will be to let in a considerable quantity of beef from South America. We welcome this, because we are rapidly approaching a condition when we will be compelled to import beef. The day of unlimited free pastures is gone. Farmers now are finding it expensive business to raise beef, and prices are going up.

"There may be a few hogs coming from Southern Canada, but I do not anticipate that this will have any effect on the market. I believe that the difficulties caused by the tariff can be adjusted. What is needed most is the creation of an independent tariff commission, which will investigate the whole matter and take it out of politics. That would be the best way to kill lobbying.

"Our country just now is cursed by politicians. I believe there is good times ahead. Although the corn crop is not very good, the wheat crop is excellent and ought to boost business."

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

25,000 Books From Carnegie Library Read Last Month

Trustees Note Addition of 400 New Members—Establishment of Branches Taken Up.

Four hundred new members were enrolled on the Carnegie Library lists and something like 25,000 volumes were taken out of the library for home reading, according to the monthly report of the librarian, issued at the regular meeting of the board of trustees.

The board discussed plans for the opening of the new Uncle Remus branch library in the Uncle Remus Home, in West End. The branch, which probably will be opened during September, will be in charge of Miss Mary Browne, who succeeds Miss Alberta Malone, who resigned to accept a position in a college library.

The board also considered the report of the installation of several deposits of books at various points in the city, including the Wesley House, the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills and the Baptist Home of Stewart Avenue. The board also accepted with thanks the recent gift of a photograph of Major Charles W. Hubner, presented by Joseph L. Humphries. The resignation of Miss Emily Kemp was accepted with regrets.

Savannah Minister Has Saloons Raided

Pastor Objects to Near-Beer Dispensaries Near His Church. Dealers Arrested.

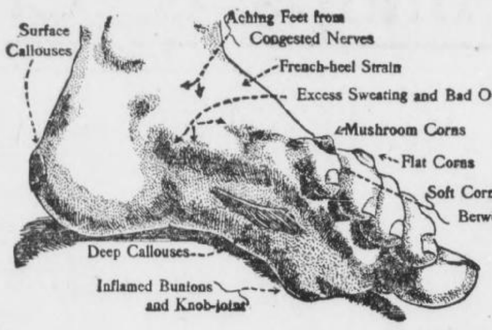
SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—On complaint of the Rev. M. F. Roberts, pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church, three near-beer dealers, with places around the corner from his church have been placed under arrest and required to give bond for their appearance on charges of violating the State prohibition law.

The places raided are the same which received the attention of the authorities last Sunday. The men under arrest are Andrew Pappedea, M. Patro and C. L. Davis. A lot of near beer and whisky was confiscated and will be used as evidence against the men.

WHAT CONGRESS DID SATURDAY

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The Senate authorized the President to appoint delegates to the international institute. McLean urged inclusion of provision in tariff bill prohibiting importation of feathers of birds, and Lodge denounced free listing of fish. Foreign Relations Committee discussed Mexican affairs. Finance Committee heard protests of California wine producers against tariff bill.

The House was not in session.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

FIGHT BEGUN TO PUT ATLANTAN IN JUDGESHIP

Lawyers Start Move to Assure Appointment of Local Man for City Bench.

With a committee appointed to place before Governor John M. Slaton the movement for an "Atlanta man for an Atlanta Judge," local attorneys have begun in earnest a campaign to have one of their number appointed to the judgeship created by the recent session of the General Assembly.

This committee will present to the Governor a petition signed by virtually every lawyer in Atlanta, asking that the request of the local attorneys be complied with in the making of the appointment. Already more than a majority of Atlanta attorneys have signed the petition, and other signatures are being secured every day. Hollins N. Randolph is chairman of the committee.

Others of the committee are Albert Howell, Jr., Clifford L. Anderson, Shepard Bryan, Eugene Dodd, Victor Lamar Smith, George Westmoreland, E. V. Carter, Samuel D. Hewlett, Samuel Nesbit Evins, William A. Wimbish, Robert F. Jones, Jesse M. Wood, Paul E. Johnson, W. Carroll Latimer, Lee M. Jordan, W. J. Tilson, Philip H. Alston, Harrison Jones, Hudson Moore, John A. Hynds, Van-Astor Batchelor, Thomas H. Goodwin, W. H. Terrell, Winfield Jones and H. M. Patty.

TWO FIRES IN NEGRO SECTION DO $1,000 DAMAGE

Fire at 10 o'clock Saturday night destroyed a negro cabin at No. 162 Terry street and damaged another at No. 18 Rawson street, two blocks away. The loss is $1,000. The alarms came in three minutes apart.

MRS. ZACHRY IS NOW IN AUGUSTA WITH HER BABY

Is Confident of Her Ability to Establish That She Is Proper Person for Custody.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Mary Zachry and her one-year-old daughter, Mildred, have returned from Columbia, where she resided temporarily after her sensational flight with her two children following a decision by Judge Hammond to the effect that the decision of the Ordinary with regard to the award of the children be made the decision of the higher court.

At that time Judge Hammond refused to go into the merits of the case, holding that he had no right to hear evidence on a matter which the Ordinary had already decided.

Mrs. Zachry's attorney, C. E. Dunbar, appealed that phase of the case to the Supreme Court, with the result that Judge Hammond's decision was reversed and the case will be heard in the Superior Court on its merits.

Now that the opportunity is afforded of a full and unrestricted presentation of the facts in the case, Mrs. Zachry is confident of her ability to establish that she the mother, is the proper person to have the custody of the children.

Judge Hammond has ordered that Julian J. Zachry pay immediately $50 alimony due Mrs. Zachry, but has allowed some time for the payment of $40 attorney's fees in the case.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL

368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L

Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A graded school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.

Send For Booklet



New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery
Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00
All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
Dr. W. J. Harper LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

Bring Us Your Films for Development



We Give You BETTER RESULTS Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING

AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT

ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.

We Also Carry a Complete Line of EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES

GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.
Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the
BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.
222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00 Sofas at	$93.75	$85.00 Desks at	$56.25
75.00 Sofas at	56.25	65.00 Pier Tables	45.00
85.00 Bureaus at	56.25	85.00 Library Tables	56.25
110.00 Book Cases at	82.50	85.00 French Beds at	56.25
125.00 Sideboard	93.75	35.00 Work Tables	27.50
35.00 Fireside Chair	22.50	65.00 Serving Tables	37.50
35.00 Scroll Rockers at	17.50	55.00 Corner Pieces	37.50

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY
222 PEACHTREE STREET
B. C. BUFORD, Manager ATLANTA, GEORGIA

REGENSTEIN'S REGENSTEIN'S

A FINAL CLEAN-UP
AUGUST REDUCTIONS
ON ALL SUMMER READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS

Wash Dresses $2.95
This lot of Lawn, Linen and Ratine Dresses—white and colors—worth to $8.00, NOW.. $2.95

Wash Dresses $3.25
This lot of Linen, Ratine and Lawn Dresses, white and colors, worth to $10.95, NOW.. $3.25

Linen Dresses $5.00
This lot of pure Linen Dresses, white and light shades, worth to $13.95, NOW.. $5.00

Linen Dresses $7.50
This lot of fine Linen Dresses, white, pink, blue and tan, worth to $20.00, NOW.. $7.50

Silk Dresses $7.95
This lot of Silk Dresses, light and dark colors, also China Silk Dresses, worth to $25.00, NOW.. $7.95

Linen Dresses $10.00
This lot of extra fine Pure French Linen Dresses, heavy lace trimmed, white and colors, worth to $25.00, NOW.. $10

Coat Suits $7.50
This lot of Linen and Ratine Coat Suits, white and colors, worth to $22.50, NOW.. $7.50

Coat Suits $15.00
This lot of fine White Wool Coat Suits—Bedford Cords, Diagonals and Wool Ratines—worth to $35.00, NOW.. $15

Fine Silk Shirts $1.95
This lot of fine Silk Shirts, white with colored stripes; low collars; short and long sleeves; worth $3.50, NOW .. $1.95

Fine Black Silk Coats
All these Coats reduced to half price and less:
ONLY 8 in THIS LOT—WORTH $13.50 and $15.00—NOW .. $ 7.95
ONLY 9 IN THIS LOT—WORTH $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00—NOW .. $ 8.95
ONLY 6 IN THIS LOT—WORTH $22.50 and $25.00—NOW .. $11.95
ONLY 5 IN THIS LOT—WORTH $25.00 and $30.00—NOW .. $14.95

None Exchanged, Taken Back or Sent on Approval

Forty Whitehall Street **REGENSTEIN'S** Forty Whitehall Street

OPEN AIR CONCERTS
GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK
Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

Athens — Latest News of North Georgia — Rome

COMMISSION GOVERNMENT FOR DALTON

Public Utilities Taken From City Council—Plants Must Be Self-Sustaining.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Dalton will have at least a partial commission government beginning with September 1, when the charter amendment bill passed during the closing days of the Legislature goes into effect.

The bill takes the city utilities, including water, gas and electric light and power plants, completely out of the hands of City Council, turning over the management to the board of water, light and sinking fund commissioners, which consists of Paul B. Trammell, H. J. Smith and H. B. Farrar, three of the city's leading business men.

This commission will have absolute control of the municipal plants. The board has the right to fix rates, collect all money due from consumers, authorize and make extensions, etc., without consulting the administration, the utilities being entirely separated from the rest of the city government.

The bill further provides that the entire responsibility rests upon the commission, City Council being in no wise bound by the actions of the board. The plants must be at least self-sustaining, for Council is not expected to appropriate one cent for maintenance of the various plants, appropriating only for the sinking fund and interest on outstanding bonds.

It also provides that if City Council receives a bid for the sale of the plants, the bid being accompanied by a certified check for one-fourth the amount offered as a purchase price, and a petition signed by one-third of the qualified voters, an election shall be called for the purpose of ascertaining if public sentiment favors a sale. If in the election called in such an event two-thirds of the registered voters favor a sale, such a step will be taken.

Dalton Churches Will Be Enlarged

First Presbyterian and First Methodist to Spend Nearly $30,000 in Improvements.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—The First Presbyterian and First Methodist Churches will begin, within a few weeks, improvements which will aggregate $17,000.

The First Presbyterian will spend $11,000 in completely remodeling the church and building a Sunday school annex which will open into the main auditorium, doubling the present seating capacity of the church. Plans for the work have been drawn and accepted, and the money has been secured for the work which, when completed, will give to the Presbyterians on of the handsomest edifices in the city.

Instead of spending $3,000, as was intended, on the second Sunday school annex, the First Methodist Church will double that amount, building additional room for the Sunday school, at a cost of $6,000. The new annex will give to each class an individual room, will contain a kitchen and dining room and will be steam-heated. When the work is completed the church will possess one of the largest auditoriums in North Georgia.

MEN SHOCKED BY BOLT OF LIGHTNING RECOVER

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—A. H. Price, a Western Union telegraph lineman, who was shocked at Tarver, Ga., on Thursday by lightning, was able to be out to-day. His left side was injured by the bolt and for a long time after the lightning jumped from a wire near him he has unable to move.

Lewis L. Harvard, chief clerk to President A. K. Sessoms, of the Waycross and Western, has also recovered from a shock he received while at a telephone during the same storm.

THOMAS COUNTY WANTS STOCK LAW PASSED

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—That Thomas County will have a stock law before a great while is very probable, if the wishes of the majority of the farmers are carried out. This is a matter that has been discussed for some time, but of late the tide of opinion has turned so decidedly in its favor that it begins to look as if concerted efforts will be made to have such a law for the county.

ROADS WILL ENLARGE CORDELE UNION DEPOT

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—It is authoritatively reported that work of enlarging the Union depot in Cordele and making improvements on the grounds will begin about September 15. The time limit of 60 days set on the railroads by the Railroad Commission will expire on October 1, prior to which time the Georgia Southern road, which will have the work in charge, must begin activities.

HOO HOO MEMBERS PLAN BIG TIME AT WAYCROSS

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Next Wednesday will be a red letter day for Waycross. A large number of Hoo Hoo members will gather here for a concatenation.

A large class of "Kittens" will make the trip through the mysteries of the order to become full-fledged Cats, and the Cats have let it be known that the Kittens will be given a royal reception. A banquet will conclude the day's doings.

Mrs. J. H. Lamb

Of Atlanta, an August Bride, formerly Miss Bessie Harrison. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Harrison, of Gainesville.



Church Building Has Sacred Value

Gainesville Edifice Moved Half Mile. Cost More Than New Structure.

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—Costing several hundred more than the value of the building to move it, Grace Episcopal Church has been moved around corners and through streets, a distance of more than a half mile, from its location on College avenue to the rear of the new church lot on East Washington street.

The reason for moving the building intact is because of its sacred value. Sacred buildings of the Episcopal Church must be kept.

The new church lot was purchased by Bishop Nelson as a gift to the church here. Upon it a building to cost at least $20,000 will be erected, work upon the foundation to begin at once. The present church building removed is being placed upon the rear of the new lot to be used as a Sunday school and instruction room.

Rev. Merlin Jones is vicar of this church.

AGED NEGRESS SAVES FIVE CENTS ON HER TAXES

DALTON, Aug. 16.—"Aunt" Loucinda Dukes, an aged negress, was the first local taxpayer to take advantage of City Council's offer of 3 per cent discount on taxes paid prior to August 20.

She sent the money to the Clerk's office, where it was found that her total taxes amounted to $1.88. The discount saved her the sum of five cents, which would have gone into the city treasury had she waited until the last of December, when city taxes fall due.

GRAND MASTER COLDING GUEST OF DALTON MASONS

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Robert L. Colding, of Savannah, grand master of the grand lodge, Free and Accepted Masons of Georgia, will be the guest of Dalton Masons on Monday, August 25, members of the commandery, the chapter and blue lodge and local Shriners all uniting in the reception planned for him at 2 o'clock. In the evening work in the third degree will be put on by Dalton Lodge, No. 105, F. and A. M., the work to be followed by a banquet in the private banquet room of the Masonic temple.

W. W. CALLAWAY GETS PLACE ON JURY BOARD

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Willis W. Callaway has been appointed by Judge Fite as a member of the board of jury revisers, filling the vacancy caused by the death of Joseph H. Moore.

The board will meet here Monday and begin the work of revising the jury lists of Whitfield County.

Longstreet Home to Be Catholic Church

Congregation Has Had No House of Worship in Gainesville—Mortgages to be Raised.

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—It is said the former home of Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet in this city will be taken over by the Roman Catholics and will be used solely for religious services. The Catholics have had no church building here, but heretofore this home has been used for holding mass.

Several mortgages were given upon the property by Mrs. Longstreet, and it is said that these will be raised by the Catholic Church, the debts settled and the building become the property of the church.

Officials of this church have been here this week. Since their arrival Mrs. Longstreet has gone to New York to enter newspaper work again.

WYNNTON SCHOOL IS BECOMING INADEQUATE

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—So great has been the increase in population of Wynnton, Columbus' most popular residential section, for the past two or three years, that the school building which has been in use for several years has become inadequate and the question of erecting a new building is being agitated. Many of the wealthiest people around Columbus live in that suburb, and it is expected that they will erect a handsome building.

PROF. HUBERT TO TEACH MECHANICAL ARTS

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Professor E. H. Hubert, last year assistant teacher in experimental engineering at the Georgia School of Technology, has been elected head teacher of mechanical arts at the Columbus Industrial High School in this city. He succeeds Professor T. D. Futch, who recently tendered his resignation to the board of trustees.

DALTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO OPEN SEPTEMBER 8

DALTON, Aug. 16.—The Dalton public schools will open the fall term Monday, September 8, the date being set by the school board at a meeting yesterday. Mr. C. D. Meadows, who comes here from the Rome public school system, will begin his service as superintendent of the local schools. An eleventh grade has been added to the High School, the advanced work to be started this year.

LIEUTENANT SULLIVAN TENDERS RESIGNATION

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—After three years of faithful service, First Lieutenant George D. Sullivan, of Company A, Savannah Volunteer Guards, has tendered his resignation.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY
A MODERN CONSERVATORY.
A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.
OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

RAILWAY FOR DAHLONEGA IS A PROBABILITY

Plan to Build Branch Line From Gainesville and Northwestern's New Road.

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—Report has it that a line of railroad is to be built from Brookton on the new Gainesville and Northwestern to Dahlonega, a distance of 18 miles.

Dahlonega has no railroad and for the past twenty-five years has been trying to get railroad connection.

Years ago a road was graded from Dahlonega to Gainesville, 25 miles. Coolnel W. P. Price fas at the head of the enterprise. The project failed. The rails were never laid.

The grade is still to be noticed. A party went over the route from Brookton to Dahlonega Thursday, and it appears certain this road will be built. The same promoters who built the road from this city to Helen have the branch line in hand.

RECORD ATTENDANCE.

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—The coming session of the State University, which opens September 23, will be the largest in the history of the institution. Many are coming from other States, and large accommodations will be crowded.

'Come Up or I'll Drop This Stone,' He Came

Dalton Officer Forces Man in Well to Climb Into Bucket and Ascend.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Under unusual circumstances was the arrest of John Holder, charged with burglary, made by Bailiffs A. T. Glibert and Gus Hicks.

The bailiff found Holder in the bottom of a well in East Dalton, and asked him to come up. He stalled and asked what was wanted but changed his mind when Bailiff Gilbert balanced a heavy rock over his head. He finally consented to enter the bucket and was drawn up by the bailiffs. There was not sufficient evidence to hold the man, and he was released.

Fear of Smallpox Kills Negroes' Thirst

Dropped Bottle and Ran When Told Disease Germs Were Near at Hand.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—A convivial party engaged in passing a bottle of first-class whisky among them was rudely interrupted near Herndon's livery stable on Crawford street, when warning of lurking smallpox germs was fired at them by a negro employed at the stable.

The men were drinking in the stable when Mr. Herndon entered and informed them of the necessity to either move out or put up the bottle. They preferred to move. Outside of the stable stood an abandoned hack, and, taking their seats in the hack, they renewed the onslaught on the bottle.

The hack proved to be one used in hauling smallpox patients to the pesthouse.

PHYSICIANS TO MEET AUG. 20 AT ELBERTON

Eighth District Medical Society to Hold Annual Convention Next Wednesday.

ELBERTON, Aug. 16.—The Eighth Congressional District Medical Society will convene in the ballroom of the Elks' home next Wednesday morning.

Mayor Wester will welcome the society on behalf of the city and Dr. Will J. Mathews on behalf of the Elbert County Medical Society.

On Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock a barbecue will be served at Swift Lithia Spring, four miles from the city. Captain Charles W. Parker will be in charge of the 'cue.

The committee to look after the entertainment of the visiting doctors is composed of I. G. Swift, L. M. Hearl, E. B. Starke, J. P. Bailey and Drs. W. J. Mathews, D. N. Thompson and D. V. Bailey.

FLORIDA TITLE MEN MEET.

JACKSONVILLE, Aug. 16.—The Florida Association of Title Men opened a two-day session this morning at Atlantic Beach, with President B. R. Colson, of Gainesville, presiding.

From Chaingang To Insane Asylum

Noted Blind Tiger Operator of Rome Faces Lunacy Charge.

ROME, Aug. 16.—Accused of being one of the most notorious blind tigers who ever operated in Rome, of always violating the law in one way or another, "Bill" Martin, a well-known character of this city, recently freed from the county chaingang, now faces charges of lunacy.

Martin's actions have so frightened his wife, she alleges, that she is afraid of him and wants him sent to the State Sanitarium. Martin, the officers assert, has been selling whisky illegally in Rome since time immemorial. Shortly before he was sent to the chaingang he was tried and convicted on a charge of stealing harness.

Gets Sentence for Horse-Whipping Man

Callahan Convicted for Using Lash on Shannon Near Tifton, Murray County.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Joseph Callahan, indicted on the charge of being a member of the band of masked men that whipped a man named Shannon, near Tifton, several months ago, was convicted in the Superior Court at Chatsworth, Murray County, yesterday, being sentenced to twelve months on the chaingang.

Shannon testified that he snatched the mask from one of has assailants and recognized Callahan. Judge G. G. Glenn, his attorney, has filed a motion for a new trial.

BERRY SCHOOL WANTS NO CITY BOYS AND GIRLS

Applicants From Metropolitan Centers Are Turned Away by Rome Institution.

ROME, Aug. 16.—Berry School is one institution where city boys and girls are not wanted.

According to an instructor of the school earnest appeals have come from fathers and mothers in metropolitan centers, who are anxious to get their offsprings matriculated in the Berry School, and all of these have been turned down. Many of these applications came from Atlanta.

"There is a great need for a Christian industrial school for city boys and girls," said the instructor. "Convincing evidence of this is found in the fact that in spite of the widespread knowledge that the Berry School is exclusively for country boys and girls of limited means, scores of applications are being received every day from a host of Southern cities."

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865
82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta
The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

M'DERMOTT HIT BY EVIDENCE OF PAWNBROKERS

Page Says Congressman Got $7,500 for Defeating Loan Shark Bill Before House.

DEALERS ADMIT DONATIONS

Thought Money Was To Be Used for Employment of Lawyers, They Say.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Pawnbrokers had their innings before a Congressional committee to-day for the first time in history, when the House lobby investigators set out to substantiate the evidence of I. H. McMichael, former page of the House, against Representative James T. McDermott, of Chicago.

McMichael testified earlier in the day that McDermott had told him he (McDermott) had received $7,500 from local pawnbrokers for defeating a loan shark bill.

The first pawnbroker called, Abraham Burnstine, testified that he had contributed $700 to a fund to beat the loan shark bill. He said that his understanding was that he was contributing twenty per cent of the fund and on that basis it would have amounted to $3,500.

He said he thought the money was to hire lawyers to appear before the District of Columbia Committee and also before President Taft to make oral arguments. The records show there were no oral arguments before the committee.

Burnstine said he had cashed checks for McDermott, but for no other member of Congress.

"Wasn't it unusual for you to cash a check for a man you didn't know?" he was asked.

"Any member of Congress can come into my shop and get a check cashed any time," replied the pawnbroker smiling.

Burnstine admitted that he gave the money for the funds to George D. Horning, another pawnbroker, without any questions as to how it was to be spent. Horning was one of the men he named as having accompanied him to McDermott's office.

"How did you know that $3,500 was enough to beat the bill?" he was asked.

"Oh, we were not opposing the bill," he replied. "We simply wanted Congress to know our grievances. I am pretty sure that it would take $40,000 or $50,000 to really defeat legislation."

This brought a laugh from the committee.

Steiner testified that he never contributed to the fund though urged to do so. He said he had agreed to do so, but had gone out of business.

Registered Nurses of Atlanta Entertain in Their New Home



In the picture from left to right Miss Alline Watson and Miss Bessie Miller, pupil nurses of the Georgian Hospital, are serving punch to Miss Fie Kamensky, president of the Registered Nurses' Association, and Miss Berta Thomson, vice president of the association, at the housewarming reception with which the nurses formally opened their new home Wednesday afternoon. Full details of the affair will be found on page 6 of the society section.

FACTORY SHOW TO BE BOOSTED AT BIG DINNER

Chamber of Commerce Invites 150 Atlanta Manufacturers to Lunch at Ansley.

The Chamber of Commerce has invited about 150 leading Atlanta manufacturers to a luncheon at the Hotel Ansley at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon to present to them fully the plans for the proposed permanent exhibit of Atlanta-made goods which will occupy the top four floors of the new Chamber of Commerce Building.

A committee from the Atlanta Retail Grocers' Association will be present, and O. T. Camp, president of the association, will address the guests. He will explain the plan of the Grocers' Association to have Atlanta-made goods specially pushed every Wednesday, after the end of the Wednesday afternoon closing season. Others who will speak are Brooks Morgan, chairman of the Committee on Permanent Exhibit, and W. H. Leahy, who has charge of the statistical bureau of the Chamber of Commerce.

The Committee on Permanent Exhibit, which is composed of Brooks Morgan, chairman, Boiling H. Jones, J. K. Orr, V. H. Kriegshaber, M. M. Davies, J. T. Rose and W. H. White, Jr., has been hard at work on the exhibit the past week. Over two floors of space have been sold.

Exhibits similar to the one now being worked up for Atlanta are supported by the manufacturers of Chattanooga, Richmond, Nashville, Charlotte, High Point, N. C.; Louisville, Cincinnati, Evansville and many other cities, and the demand for space always exceeds the amount available in those cities.

Atlanta does not generally fail in matters of public interest, and it is the consensus of opinion among business men that if the manufacturers fail to support the exhibit at this time it will set the porposition back several years.

The contemplated manufacturers' exhibit would be a show place for Atlantans and visitors, where Atlanta products would be advertised. The exhibit would be of inestimable value both to the city and to the individual manufacturer according to the Chamber of Commerce.

PRINTER CHIEF THINKS FIGHTS ARE GOOD SIGN

James M. Lynch Declares Disagreements in Union Show Men Are in Earnest.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 16.—With words tending to heal wounds caused by the many bitter clashes of the week, President James M. Lynch this afternoon closed the fifty-ninth session of the International Typographical Union, which, in the words of the president, was the most important session ever held.

Shortly before the close, President Lynch, in taking the floor to defend Syracuse Council against New York on a difference over an account for traveling expenses, replied to Vice President Duncan's plea for peace, saying:

"We can obtain peace by fighting persistently for what we think is right. We must fight the issues as they come. This is not a peace society nor a pink tea organization. There will be dissension as long as there are wage earners and disorganization as long as wage earners exist, and we must never relax."

The greatest feature of the closing session was that the committee on allied trades relations reported favorably on the suggestion for close affiliation of all the trades unions of the printing field. Steps will follow immediately.

President Berry, of the International Pressmen, was criticised for inaction in the Pacific Coast pressmen's strike.

Local councils were warned against sending tubercular patients in the advanced stage to the national home at Colorado Springs, as the altitude hastens death of such patients.

DR. W H. BORN RECOVERS FROM SEVERE OPERATION

Dr. W. H. Born, a physician of McRae and brother of Colonel E. Winn Born, the Atlanta lawyer, is convalescing after an operation for appendicitis at the Grady Hospital. Dr. Born was brought to Atlanta from his home Friday, dangerously ill, with an immediate operation necessary.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy, and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

Labor Sunday To Be Observed by Unions

Atlanta Federation of Trades Will Have Special Services at English Lutheran Church.

At a meeting of the Atlanta Federation of Trades Saturday night arrangements were perfected to observe Labor Sunday August 31 with special Labor Day services at the English Lutheran Church.

The Rev. W. C. Schaeffer will prepare a special sermon for the occasion.

The committee on arrangements are as follows: C. L. Ashley, Mrs E. B. Smith, W. B. VanHouten, M. Palmer and J. E. Bradfield.

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the "Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shanty and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

WRECKER WANTED TO SEE WHAT TRAIN WOULD DO

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—"Just wanted to see a wreck, just to see what the train would do," was the explanation of John Hosey, 14 years old, when arrested last night charged with placing a beam on the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad tracks at Thirty-third and Plant streets in an attempt to wreck the shuttle train running between Savannah and Newyards. A special officer saw two boys place the beam on the track. He arrested Hosey, but the other lad escaped.

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building. Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit) ... ... $ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit) 250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value ... $1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash ... ... $ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash ... ... $ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk $30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913. EDWIN G. MARKS, Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock ... ... $ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash 500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value $4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash $967,024.22

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $875,954.38
Greatest amount insured in any one risk ..$ 50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding 452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913. H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.

SUMMER SHOE REDUCTIONS

That Apply

All Over the Store for

Men's, Ladies', Boys', Misses', and Children's and All Ladies' Fancy Slippers

$7.00	Low Shoes now only	$5.35	$2.50	Low Shoes now only	$1.95
$6.00	Low Shoes now only	$4.85	$2.00	Low Shoes now only	$1.65
$5.00	Low Shoes now only	$3.95	$1.50	Low Shoes now only	$1.20
$4.00	Low Shoes now only	$3.15	$1.25	Low Shoes now only	95c
$3.50	Low Shoes now only	$2.85	$1.00	Low Shoes now only	85c
$3.00	Low Shoes now only	$2.45	75c	Low Shoes now only	65c

All Men's, Ladies' and Children's Summer Hosiery Reduced

Pronounced BIX

Byck's

27-29 Whitehall

Mail Orders Filled Promptly at These Prices.

PRISON REFORM ADVOCATES LIKE TWO NEW LAWS

Georgia Association Encouraged Over Bill Providing for Adult Probation.

SCANS LEGISLATURE'S WORK

Act Establishing Home for Wayward Girls Comes In for Praise.

Now that the Legislature has adjourned and the bills passed have been submitted to Governor Slaton for signature, the Georgia Prison Association has figured out definitely just how much was accomplished in the way of reforming Georgia's criminal procedure by this year's Legislature.

The bill which will have more effect than any is the one providing for adult probation and suspension of sentence in misdemeanor cases. This will become effective in every Criminal Court in Georgia as soon as Governor Slaton signs it. The operations of the law are exceedingly simple and are thoroughly safeguarded, to prevent the habitual criminal benefiting from them.

They provide that in first offenses and other cases where there are sufficiently mitigating circumstances, the adult convicted of misdemeanor may be freed on probation to report back to the court or probation officer at stated times. This means, for instance, that a man convicted of deserting his wife can be sentenced, and instead of being put on chain-gang work, where he will do no good to his family, can be sent back home and forced to work for his family under court supervision.

All Judges Approve Law.

This measure received the endorsement of practically every Criminal Court judge n Georgia, and of the Prison Board. It applies not to Superior Courts alone, but in all courts in which misdemeanor cases are tried.

The second reform measure passed is the bill establishing a home for wayward girls in Georgia, and providing $20,000 toward its establishment. At present Georgia has no reformatory to which it may send its wayward girls. It has the alternative of sending them to the prison farm with hardened offenders, or having them sent to institutions outside of Georgia.

Under the new law Governor Slaton will appoint a board of five members of whom two will be women, to put the work of establishing this home immediately under way. One of their first duties will be to select a site.

Sites Have Been Offered.

The bill provides that if no site is given the home shall be established at Milledgeville, but already two or three tentative offers of a site have been made and there is no likelihood of it being necessary to put the new home at Milledgeville, a location which the friends of the measure believe would be ill-advised.

These are the only two measures which were passed at this session, but one other notable thing was accomplished. A bill was framed providing for indeterminate sentences. It received the formal indorsement of the Prison Board, was passed by the Senate and recommended for passage by the House committee. It has no opposition and is in such shape that it will almost certainly be one of the first general measures to pass the 1914 session.

The Prison Association of Georgia, which framed the original measures, and the association's friends in the Legislature, were largely responsible for the enactment of these measures.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer, of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Cuts in Parcel Post Rates Are Followed By Record Business

Atlanta Office Sends Out $1,000 Every Day in Collect on Delivery Packages.

The new parcel post rates, which have just gone into effect, made a record-breaking business for the close of the week at the Atlanta postoffice. The number of packages handled was more than double that of any similar period, nearly all Atlanta business houses sending packages out of town taking advantage of the reduced rates.

The new rates affect only the local, first and second zones. The weight limit on parcels has been raised from eleven to twenty pounds, and a twenty-pound package can, under the new rate, be sent 150 miles for nearly half what it formerly cost to send an eleven-pound package the same distance.

Since the C. O. D. department of the parcels post went into effect the local office has sent out an average of $1,000 a day in C. O. D. packages.

Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, international tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated to-night that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE FATAL TO RAILROAD TREASURER

MOBILE, Aug. 16.—George W. McCrary, for seven years secretary and treasurer of the New Orleans, Mobile and Chicago Railroad Company with headquarters in this city, died here to-day at an infirmary from Brights' disease, following a stroke of apoplexy.

Mr. McCrary was 65 years old and a native of Cincinnati. The interment will be in that city.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

☞Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.



IMPROVED ROOFLESS PLATE

Made of gold or aluminum, no gums, no roof. Truly Nature's duplicate, made only by us. Perfect fit or no pay.

GOLD CROWNS
WHITE CROWNS
BRIDGE WORK
$3

20-YEAR GUARANTEE

UNTIL AUGUST 15th We will continue to make our Whalebone Everstick Suction Plate for $3.00. The lightest and strongest plate known.

EASTERN PAINLESS DENTISTS THE BIG, COOL SANITARY OFFICE 38 1-2 PEACHTREE ST., Near Walton

R. R. FARE ALLOWED 25 MILES

P-R-I-N-T-O-R-I-A-L-S
No. 116

The productive possibilities of *Good Printing* —are appreciated by the business men who use PRINTER'S INK at its best. They know that advertising literature to be sent out with the expectancy of profitable returns MUST BE WELL WRITTEN, CONVINCINGLY ILLUSTRATED — ATTRACTIVELY PLANNED, and PERFECTLY PRINTED. That is exactly the way we produce SALESMANSHIP ON PAPER; and it WINS. Phone for our Representative to call.

BYRD
Printing Co.
46-48-50 W. Alabama, Atlanta.

Phones M. 1560-2608-2614.

THE AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY HEREWITH REPRESENTED APPRECIATING THE VALUE TO AUTOMOBILING OF THE

ALL-SOUTHERN TRANS-CONTINENTAL HIGHWAY

Bids the Hearst's Sunday American's Pathfinding Party Starting 10:00 o'Clock Monday Morning

"GODSPEED" FROM ATLANTA

Good Luck TO HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN'S ALL-SOUTHERN Trans-Continental Highway

1914 MODELS
$750—$1085—$1975

HERE'S WISHING FOR A MOST SUCCESSFUL TRIP

Cartercar

"THE CAR AHEAD"
ATLANTA BRANCH
238 PEACHTREE ST.

1914
PAIGE
"36"
$1275
STANDARD AUTO CO.
225 Peachtree St.

AU REVOIR FROM THE
HUDSON
54-SIX
$2250
FULTON AUTO SUPPLY CO.
16 E. North Ave.

IF YOU WANT AN
OHIO
ELECTRIC
BETTER GET YOUR ORDER IN EARLY
The Factory is now being doubled in size, but deliveries will be hard to get from now until about January 1.
FIRESTONE COLUMBUS SOUTHERN COMPANY,
K. T. McKinstry, Manager.

"We Are Strong For the Tour"
"Firestone"
Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.
ATLANTA BRANCH

"ALL HAIL TO GOOD ROADS"
FROM
Oakland
"THE CAR WITH A CONSCIENCE"
Oakland Motor Sales Co.
Distributors

ALWAYS BOOSTING GOOD ROADS
REPUBLIC
STAGGARD
TREAD TIRES
THE REPUBLIC RUBBER CO.
237 Peachtree St.

HERE'S ASSURANCE OF OUR CO-OPERATION



Stearns
THE ULTIMATE CAR
(KNIGHT TYPE MOTOR)



ATLANTA BRANCH
THE F. B. STEARNS CO.
560 PEACHTREE STREET

'A Great Undertaking'
1914
Overland
$950
Overland Southern Automobile Co.
230 Peachtree St.

Premier
America's Greatest Touring Car Will Be Well Represented In The Tour
PREMIER SALES CO.
451 Peachtree St.

BEST WISHES FROM THE
ALCO
AND
FEDERAL
ALCO MOTOR SALES CO.
PEACHTREE ST.

GIVE US GOOD ROADS
WE'LL TEAR 'EM UP
POPE
LOTS OF SERVICE CRANE
328 Peachtree St.

GOOD ROADS
FROM
ATLANTA TO FRISCO
JOHNSON MOTOR CAR CO.
455 Peachtree St.
Stevens - Duryea

A JOYOUS FAREWELL
TO THE
ATLANTA-TO-FRISCO
PATHFINDERS
Cadillac
STEINHAUER & WIGHT, 228 Peachtree St.

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abandon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the annulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration, the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

BRING YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Fresh films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 41 N. Broad street.

'Film Opry' Man Held as Bandit

Atlantan's Experiences in 'Wilds'



Willard Patterson Maintains Circumstantial Evidence Isn't Worth a Perforated Penny.

Circumstantial evidence isn't worth as much as a perforated penny, and a county constable is as safe to fool with as dynamite and rattlesnakes.

Ask Willard Patterson, the Forsyth Theater treasurer. He will tell you that the two statements are as true as gospel, for he knows.

Patterson returned to Atlanta last week after a "tour of tanks with the great magic lantern opry, 'Quo Vadis?'" as he himself describes it, and on this tour he discovered the value of circumstantial evidence and the nature of the rural police.

Listen to his story.

"I left here two weeks ago, all swelled up. Why shouldn't I be. I was the manager, press representative, agent, electrician, property man, and transfer agent for a production that numbered 5,000 people, three dozen lions, and we burned an eternal city at least once a night and as many more times as the people had quarters.

Whole Production in Grip.

"It's true I carried the entire production in a sample case with my other collar and pair of socks, but I was a regular manager.

"I didn't tell anybody, though. The knowledge of my greatness meant too much to me to impart it to anyone else.

"My route was through North Carolina and I encountered pretty much the same set of drummers on every train and in every hotel.

"Pretty soon I noticed them trying to size me up each night as I entered the hotel after the show to deposit the money in the safe that the Tar Heels had paid to see 'Ursus' throw the bull and hear me shoot it.

"One night I heard a couple of them talking and I was the subject of their conversation.



"'Who is this guy?' said the man who sold shoes. 'He's got me dippy. He's a traveling man, but what does he sell? He stays in bed all day. Comes down at night, takes the dinky sample case. Walks out. Stays two hours and comes back with a hatful of money.

Had Them All Going.

"'I've been making this territory for fourteen years and I know there isn't a store or a business house that is open after 6 o'clock at night. I'd give my next week's expense account to know his game.'

"'Search me,' said the man who sells millinery.

"That gave me an idea. I'd give those fresh drummers something to think about. I picked up the sample case with the films inside. I walked down the main street to the front of the country bank. I peered through the window at the safe. And I knew that my friends, the drummers, were watching me.

"I stalled around and was about to go to the amusement palace with my show, when a long, raw-boned, Tar Heel walked up to me.

"'Wait thar a minute, young feller,' he said and he said it in a drawl that made me stand as still as a hitching post.

"'What have you got in that air grip?' he asked.

"Ah, big was eager to see the magic lantern opry without paying the requisite price, I thought.

"'You'll have to pay money to find that out,' I said, and turned to walk away.

He Knew B'Gosh!

"'I know what it is all right,' said he. 'I know that you've been playing you were a drummer. I've got witnesses to swear that you don't never sell no goods and always come in the hotel in the dead of night with money. Nobody ain't never seen you open that case and there was a safe cracked in Durham last night, and that's where you come here from. And now I find you right here, looking in this bank. Come on. You're arrested for robbery.' And he flashed a tin star as big as a dishpan.

"I decided to tell the truth. I blush to admit it, but I did so and let him look in the sample case for corroboration.

"But at that he wouldn't let me go until he had seen the pictures run and knew that they were really pictures and not dynamite. I lost his admission fee, but I learned two lessons.

"And I learned another thing. Atlanta is the place for me. There are no circumstances under which a man has to tell the truth here."

SEEDS

J. C. McMillan, Jr.

Has Opened at

23 S. Broad Street.

With a Full and Complete Line of

Garden, Field and Flower Seeds, Poultry Supplies and Pet Stock.

We invite our friends to come and inspect our line of goods.

All phone orders appreciated and promptly filled.

Phone

Main 940 Atlanta 912

J. C. McMILLAN, Jr., SEED CO.

23 S. BROAD ST.

SEEDS

VAUDEVILLE BILL AT BONITA THEATER SETS REAL PACE IN ATLANTA

Vaudeville shoved tabloid musical comedy off the boards at the Bonita last week and is a winner. For next week the following great bill will be given:

The Famous Medoras, Anglo-Australian entertainers.

Burnette and Lee, singing and talking refined comedy.

Wallace and Beech in a real comedy novelty act.

Bud Fagg, the great negro character artist, whose work in Atlanta has been of the highest class.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Rheumatism, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

WANT AD RACE STARTS; EVERY ENTRY HUSTLES

Club Folk and Lodge Members Out to Win That $1,000 in Gold.

"We are going out to win that $1,000 in gold, and we want you all to work for success. Let's all get together."

That's what the members of half a dozen Atlanta organizations are saying to each other. For the entries in the Want Ad Contest are growing day by day, and already several churches, lodges and other organizations are entered and are at work. There is still opportunity for others, but they had better hurry and get in.

But organizations are not alone in the contest. Any individual has a chance, without competing with a group. The first grand prize for individuals is a five-passenger automobile, and the second is a tour to California and return for two persons, all expenses paid. Then there are twenty others prizes, five in each of four classes, giving men, women, boys and girls an equal opportunity.

But the full-page advertisement on another page of this issue of Hearst's Sunday American will give you every detail of the Want Ad Contest, the way the prizes are to be awarded and complete instructions on how to succeed. Don't fail to read it carefully.

Contestants should see the Want Ad Man Monday. He has something to tell them. His offices, fourth floor of the Foote & Davies Building, will be open until 5 o'clock, and contestants and prospective entrants should have a talk with him.

Dr. Etheridge Out For Council in 5th

Two Candidates in Race for Post Made Vacant by Expiration of J. J. Greer's Term.

The political bee began buzzing in the Fifth Ward Saturday, and the announcement of Dr. W. M. Etheridge for Councilman furnished lots of talk. Dr. Etheridge is one of the most popular druggists in the city, having operated a drug store at 209 Kennedy street for many years. Announcement of his candidacy was made by Councilman J. J. Greer, of the Fifth, whose term expires this fall.

This puts two candidates in the field for the place to be made vacant by the expiration of Councilman Greer's term. Jesse B. Lee is the other candidate.

ATLANTANS TO HEAR PASTORS OF OTHER CITIES

Pulpits Will Be Filled at To-day's Services by Ministers Visiting Here.

Many pulpits in Atlanta will be filled Sunday by outside church workers of note.

The Rev. W. W. Landrum, pastor of the Broadway Baptist Church at Louisville, Ky., will preach at the Ponce DeLeon Baptist Church, his former charge, at 11 o'clock this morning. He will also conduct the afternoon service at 5:30 o'clock.

The Rev. W. L. Pickard, of Savannah, will preach at the morning and evening services at the First Baptist Church to-day. His subject for the morning will be "The Love of God," and the evening, "Owning the Earth." Dr. Pickard was located at Cleveland before coming to Savannah.

Regular services will be held at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. at the Gordon Street Presbyterian Church Sunday, the pastor, the Rev. Arnold Hall, leading both services. Sabbath school will be held at 10 a. m. There will be a cottage prayer meeting Tuesday at 8 p. m. at 590 Sells avenue.

General Secretary J. P. Jackson, of the Young Men's Christian Association, will lead the services at the Park Street Methodist Church Sunday night, the Epworth League being in charge of the evening meetings during the absence of the pastor, Dr. S. R. Bell. Recorder Pro Tem W. H. Preston will assist Mr. Jackson.

The Central Baptist pulpit will be filled Sunday by two of the most prominent churchmen in the South, Dr. H. C. Buchols, head evangelist of the Baptist State Mission Board, preaching at the morning service, and Dr. W. S. Witham at the evening meeting. The evening service will begin at 7:45 o'clock.

Among the special selections which will be rendered in the song service at the North Avenue Presbyterian Church Sunday will be "Lift Up Thine Eyes," offertory: "The Birthday of a King," and "Praise the Lord, O Jerusalem." The choir is composed of Miss Mayme Clyburne, soprano; Mrs. Charles Bellingrath, contralto; C. N. Anderson, tenor; R. O. Kerlin, basso; Joseph Ragan, Jr., organist and director.

Evangelist J. M. Bass, of the South Georgia Conference, will inaugurate revival services Sunday morning at the Grace Methodist Church, corner of Boulevard and Highland avenue. Mr. Bass will be assisted in the services by the pastor, Dr. Jones, and Singing Evangelist O. W. Stapleton. The services will be held daily at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m., with special services for men, women and children. A large chorus has been organized for the services which probably will continue for a week or ten days.

Wilson Once Longed To Be a Jolly Tar

Daniels, Presenting Prize to U. S. S. Idaho, Remarks President Might Have Become Admiral.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 16.—While the Jackies cheered, Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Admiral J. C. Berger, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, to-day presented to Captain George W. Kline, commander of the battleship Idaho, the "battle efficiency pennant." A complimentary letter from President Wilson also was read.

In his speech Secretary Daniels drew attention to a phase of the earlier life of President Wilson that apparently has escaped most of the biographers.

"As a boy," he said, "it was the highest ambition of Woodrow Wilson to enter the naval academy and become a naval officer. If his father had not led him into other lines, the probability is that to-day he would be with us as a captain or an admiral—commanding the New Jersey, let us say."

KING G. GILLETTE TO WED FAIR CALIFORNIA BELLE

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The marriage license for King G. Gillette, heir of many millions, and Miss Elizabeth Caldwell, beautiful daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Caldwell, of Los Angeles, has just been issued pending an elaborate society wedding early in September. Gillette is the only son of King C. Gillette, the safety razor manufacturer. Miss Caldwell is an only daughter in the Caldwell family.

Boll Weevil Pest Nears Georgia Line

Quarantine Against Three Counties Touching Alabama May Be Necessary, Says Entomologist.

Fear that the ravages of the boll weevil may necessitate establishment of a quarantine against three counties on the Alabama border was expressed Saturday by E. Lee Worsham, State Entomologist.

Dr. Worsham declared that the weevil has been ravaging the crops in Alabama, and that traces of the pest have been found within thirty miles of the State line. He expects the weevil to invade at least three counties in Georgia before frost comes.

5th Regiment Band Gives Two Concerts

Military Musicians to Play Sunday Afternoon at Grant and Piedmont Parks.

The Fifth Regiment Band will hold the boards Sunday at both Piedmont and Grant Parks. The concerts will begin promptly at 3:30 o'clock.

Among the special selections which will be rendered at Grant Park will be "The Goddess of Liberty," "As Long as the Shamrock Grows Green," "In the Shadows" and "Good-Bye, Boys."

At Piedmont Park the band will render "King Dodo," "Enchanted Nights," "Fantasia," "Sprites Revelry," "Lucrezia Borgia," by Tobani, and others.



Just received a new stock of "The SouthBend" Watch

When you select your watch, look further than the case—

Go deeper than the dial—

Consider more than the mere number of jewels.

Nowhere in the world will you find the equal of the **South Bend Watch** in material, construction, finish and time-keeping qualities, for the price—

It is the utmost for your money—

We sell these Watches on credit, as well as Diamonds and other jewelry.

Durham Jewelry Company

20 Edgewood Ave. :: Atlanta, Georgia

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I will appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

An Innovation at The PIEDMONT HOTEL!

The . . . . . PIEDMONT HOTEL *For Years-- and Still-- the Pride of ATLANTA*

The PIEDMONT HOTEL wishes to announce that it has finally surrendered, in compliance with repeated requests of Atlanta patrons, as well as the traveling public, and decided to serve,

Commencing Monday, August 18th,

Imported Muenchener Kinderl Brau

and

Piel's Celebrated Pilsener

ON DRAUGHT

In the Buffet as well as in the Cafe and Ladies' Restaurant. We guarantee "The Bohemian Spirit" will not in any way abate or interfere with the refinement of the atmosphere to which our guests have been accustomed.



The PIEDMONT N-O-W--- as Always---a Long Step Forward in Southern Hoteldom

H. N. DUTTON, Resident Manager R. FRANK TAYLOR, Asst. Manager

FRAUD USED TO BEAT HEARST, SAYS MULHALL

Lobbyist Declares He Obtained Confidence of Democratic Leader in Campaign for Governor.

GAVE REPUBLICANS SECRET

Letter Was Forged to Give Him Introduction to Up-State Committeeman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it puled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

MRS. GUNTER IS CRAZY, SWEARS STEP-DAUGHTER

Trial of Divorce Suit Against Former Alabama Supreme Court Jurist Sensational.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 16.—That Mrs. Kate Gunter is crazy and a subject for an insane asylum, was the testimony offered by Mrs. Donald Simple, who conducts a fashionable society school for girls in New York, in the divorce trial of her father, Judge W. A. Gunter, here yesterday. She said her stepmother, who filed the original bill of complaint in the sensational case, told falsehoods and that it was almost unendluarble to live with her. Still, she said, she stuck up for her as long as she was her father's wife, but when Mrs. Gunter filed the bill asking for a separation from her aged husband all love for the mother ceased.

The suit has now been in progress for more than 50 days. Witness after witness has been upon the stand and some of them, especially the two principals, have been grilled for a whole day at a time. Every effort has been made here to suppress publicity of the case.

The suit now in progress is for the possession of the children, five of whom have come from the union of thirteen years.

The original bill and also the testimony offered by Mrs. Gunter is to the effect that the respondent threatened to kill her and then commit suicide. She also said he was cruel to her and that her life was in danger.

Judge Gunter, who is 77 years old, was formerly on the Alabama Supreme Court bench and is prominent in the State. His son, William Gunter, Jr., is Mayor of the city, and another son, Gaston Gunter, is Judge of the criminal division of the City Court. The latter, who is a former Yale football star, was among the witnesses on the stand to-day.

SHUPTRINE TO HEAD BIG POLITICAL CLUB

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Although the officials will not make public the result of the election, it is learned that Herman C. Shuptrine, Representative in the Legislature from Chatham County, was elected president of the Cracker Progressive Club, a political organization, last night. Shuptrine has stated that he will accept.

Feast on Collards Instead of Cabbage

Thomas County Convicts Revel in Delicious "Greens"—Fresh Corn as Dessert.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The convicts in the camps of Thomas County have had a change of diet from the cabbage which was so much enjoyed by them in the spring and early summer, and have transferred their allegiance to collard greens.

The report made by the superintendent of the county farm this week shows that for the month of July 1,250 head of these collards were fed to the convicts of the various camps, and as the average darky is proverbially fond of these greens they doubtless enjoyed their meals. With the collards were eaten 600 ears of green corn and several bushels of onions.

As vegetables are considered good summertime diet they probably went a long way toward preserving the health of the convicts, as all the camps are reported in a healthy condition.

'Hoodoo Doctors' Ply 'Art' in Cordele

Raid Farms for Cotton Root to Brew Tea for Superstitious Negroes.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—"Hoodoo" or "root" doctors, as they are commonly known, seem to be getting in some very effective work in Cordele, though if their identity should become known to the police the effect would very probably not be pleasing to them. For several nights these characters have devastated patches of cotton in the western part of the city, belonging to negroes. For the purpose of making cotton root tea, which is said to have a healing effect in a good many cases, they have pulled up row after row of cotton by the roots, cutting off the weeds and taking the roots with them.

Cashier, Sentenced, Making Hard Fight

J. H. Cason's Lawyers Determined to Carry Case Through Highest State Courts.

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Arguments in the motion for a new trial of J. H. Cason, now under five-year sentence in the penitentiary for embezzling nearly $8,000 from the Bank of Cresland, will be heard in Valdosta before Judge Thomas on September 8.

Attorneys for the former bank cashier state they will leave nothing undone to save their client and that the case will be fought through all the courts before it is concluded.

ITALIAN SHOT TO DEATH BY HIS CONTRYMEN

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—Guiseppe Illuminato, an Italian who was shot to death Tuesday night by two men armed with shotguns, which they threw away, is said to have been killed because of improper relations with another Italian's wife. Judge Fernandez is said to be in ossession of evidence that convinces him this is the fact, and has postponed the Coroner's inquest to Monday, when this woman will be asked to take the stand.

NO WHISKY EXCEPT IN HOMES IN FLORIDA TOWN

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 15.—The city commissioners have passed stringent ordinances regulating the selling of liquor in this city. Pinellas County having voted "dry" at the recent election. The ordinance is even more stringent than the State law. It provides that liquor found anywhere except in a private residence is prima focie evidence that it is for sale.

TERRELL FARMER FIRES BULLET THROUGH HEAD

DAWSON, Aug. 16.—P. C. Calley, well-to-do Terrell County farmer and brother-in-law of Jesse Mercer, committed suicide at his country home near Dawson by shooting himself through the head. He left no note as to the cause, but despondency over money matters is believed to have been responsible.

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorably upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

Timbermen Fight Over Debt; 1 Dead

W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen End Dispute by Pistol Duel in Street at Blakely.

BLAKELY, Aug. 16.—W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen, two well-known timbermen, had a pistol duel on the public square at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, as a result of which Keen is dead with five bullet holes in his body.

Keen is said to have shot at Stamper twice and missed him. Stamper escaped unhurt, except a graze near the left eye.

The trouble grew out of a dispute over the division of the proceeds of a debt due to both of them by a common debtor.

Keen leaves a wife and several children.

8-Foot Shark Caught At St. Simons Island

Sam Levinne Lands Largest Catch of Years in Waters Around Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—An eight-foot shark has been caught on St. Simons Island by Sam Levinne, of this city. Before the fish could be landed it required a horse to pull it ashore.

The young man had his line out for a shark for more than an hour when suddenly it was almost jerked from his hand. Several times he managed to get the shark to the surface, each time shooting it, and before it was killed eight bullets had been poured into its body.

The shark weighed more than 300 pounds, and was the largest caught in these waters in ten years.

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

EISEMAN BROS., Inc.

New and Greater Discounts In Men's Suits!

at $6.50 One lot Men's and Young Men's Two and Three-Piece Suits, Fancy mixtures. Formerly sold at $12.50 to $18.00. These are exceptional values. Sizes 32 to 36. *Quantity Limited*

at $7.50 One very special lot Men's and Young Men's BLUE SERGE SUITS. Regularly sold at $12.50 to $18.00. Sizes 32 to 35.

at $9.75 One extra special lot of Men's and Young Men's Two and Three-Piece SUITS. Absolute values $15 to $22.50. Sizes 32 to 38.

Any Soft or Stiff Brim Straw Hat **95c**



PANAMA HATS
BANGKOK HATS
½ Price

Bargain Prices in Every Department!

SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, NECKWEAR, HOSIERY Greatly UNDERPRICED!

Scores of BARGAINS in the Children's Department

MEN'S FINE SHOES AT BARGAIN PRICES

Eiseman Bros., Inc.

Trunks, Bags, Suit Cases at Clearance Prices

11-13-15-17 Whitehall

"GETS-IT" Chases Corns Alright!

Easy As One, Two, Three; No Fuss, No Pain, by Using "GETS-IT."

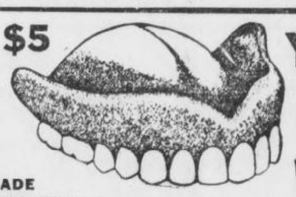
Just take two seconds to put a little "GETS-IT" on that corn. That corn is "done for" as sure as the sun rises. The corn shrivels up, vanishes. That's the surprise you get by using this new-plan corn cure. There's nothing to stick to the stockings or sock; your corn pains stop. You're saved the bother of applying plasters that make the corn bulge out from the core. You're saved salves that eat into the healthy flesh and "pull;" no more fussing with bandages. You don't have to help by picking and dragging out your corns, or cutting with knives or razors.



"We can Dance All Night and Our Corns Won't Hurt, We Both Use 'GETS-IT'—it Gets Corns Every Time, Dead Sure!"

"GETS-IT" is safe, painless, stops pain, never hurts healthy flesh. It is guaranteed. Try it on warts, callouses and bunions, too.

"GETS-IT" is sold at all druggists at 25 cents a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago. Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Elkin Drug Co., Courtney & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Co., E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Co.

$5 

Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE

MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S

GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's

Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH . .	$5	GOLD FILLING . .	$1
GOLD CROWNS . .	$4	AMALGAM FILLING,	50c up
BRIDGE WORK . .	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up
TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . .			$1 up

A Dozen Things to Interest Every Member of Every Family in the South

A Great Southern Newspaper Covering All Important Happenings in the World----Bristling With Entertaining and Instructive Features

News

Hearst's Sunday American covers completely every avenue of news of the universe. Local, State, National and Foreign news is presented in attractive shape in every issue. Every item of importance is handled as it should be handled. The happenings of the world are given to readers of Hearst's Sunday American in such quality and quantity as to make the news columns of the paper a wonderful mine of information.

For All the News of All the World,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Fashions

Every week Hearst's Sunday American carries news and pictures of all the latest ideas in the world of Fashion. Up-to-the-minute modes are discussed and explained by fashion experts so that the feminine reader learns at first hand every detail of Dame Fashion's newest creation.

For Latest News of Fashions,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Society

In the realms of Society Polly Peachtree and her associate writers on Hearst's Sunday American are thoroughly at home and present each week in intimate fashion all the latest tea-table gossip, drawing-room small-talk and the doings of the members of the smart set in Atlanta, Georgia and the South. No feature of the Sunday paper is read more eagerly than the social news section. It is an authority on Society.

For All the Real News of Society,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Politics

Men who know politics and politicians as they know their A B C's write the news of politics for Hearst's Sunday American. No paper in the South presents more complete and authentic political news. If you would keep abreast of the times in a political way you must read the American's political page.

For Genuine News of the Political Game,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Fiction

It is the policy of Hearst's Sunday American to keep its readers fully and and accurately acquainted with all the best and latest fiction. Gripping short stories and thrilling serials are to be found in its columns, together with entertaining gossip of writers and the makers of books.

For the Best in Fiction,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Theater

The news of the stage in New York and Europe is presented in most attractive shape. The successes and failures—are written about by Charles Henry Meltzer and Allan Dale, America's foremost dramatic critic, whose pen is caustic, but honest, and who can be relied upon at all times to tell the whole truth about the drama. Just now Dale is in Europe.

For Honest News of the Theater,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Sports

In the field of sport Hearst's Sunday American is foremost. Every branch of sport is handled by an expert. The American's staff of sport writers is the largest of any paper in the South. Among its sporting writers are W. S. Farnsworth, W. W. Naughton, O. B. Keeler, J. W. Heisman, Joe Bean, W. J. McBeth, Innis Brown, Damon Runyon, Ed Smith and Sam Crane. The best, most graphic pictures of sporting events are printed in The American, which devotes four or more pages every week to sport. Everywhere it goes, The American is regarded as an authority on sporting affairs. The paper stands for and insists upon clean, honest athletics.

For First News of Sports,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Farming

The South is the garden spot of the country in agriculture and every week Hearst's Sunday American offers articles on farming that are written by men who know the soil and its possibilities. These special articles are written so entertainingly that they interest the city man as well as the farmer and are a prime feature of the Sunday paper.

For Instructive News of the Farm,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Humor

Hearst's Sunday American is especially strong in real humor. The comic section is replete with the best that is to be found in genuine humor. It is a sure cure for the blues. The newest jokes and anecdotes appear in the columns of the Comic Section. The illustrations are beyond compare. Swinnerton, McManus, "Bud" Fisher, Windsor McCay and other artists of note are represented in the Comic Section.

For Worth-While Humor,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Finance

News of the cotton markets, Wall street and the world of money and industry is given plenty of space in Hearst's Sunday American. Every phase of finance is touched upon and readers of the paper have the satisfaction of knowing that they are reading facts by writers who know what they are writing about. The financial pages of The American are authoritative and unbiased.

For Dependable News of Finance,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Features

In addition to all the regular and standard departments in Hearst's Sunday American, the paper every week presents a wealth of special features that can not be found in any other Sunday newspaper. Pictures of people and events that are of interest; comment upon important affairs, editorials that are a mental bracer, stories of people you know or have heard about, comment on the passing show—features similar to these make each number of The American stand out as a most complete exposition of the world and its people.

For Entertaining Features,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Cartoons

The cartoon is the editorial that strikes quickest and surest the mental perception of the reader and the most striking cartoons are to be found in Hearst's Sunday American. "Tad," and Opper and Powers, and others are represented in the Editorial and City Life sections. "Mutt and Jeff" appear each week.

For Cartoons of Merit,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

These Are SOME of the Features You Will Find EVERY Week in

Don't Miss Your Copy ---Order It in Advance

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Don't Miss Your Copy ---Order It in Advance

GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her shearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacrameto in the same fear of exposure of their liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

A new warrant was sworn out for Diggs to-day in police court charging him with attacking a newspaper protographer. Diggs, it is expected, will take the stand Wednesday, and will be followed by Caminetti. Both will maintain that they fled from Sacramento only to escape arrest.

In this contention, they will be corroborated by their their wives, who will testify that they had already threatened criminal action against their husbands.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," replied Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such low voice that Judge VanFleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the defendant said that resulted in your deciding to leave Sacramento.—A. Well, he said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say she would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money given to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall, do you going to the Riverside Hotel on the 7th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is, Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say?

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of ary, 1913, I will ask you if you, in company with Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris, did not go in an automobile from San Francisco to San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidel-February, 1913?—A. Yes.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris stop at the Grand Hotel, the same place, in San Francisco, upon that occasion?—A. Yes.

Q. And the same room was occupied by you and Mr. Diggs upon that night, was it not?—A. Yes.

Q. And Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti, to your knowledge occupied another room alone in that hotel, did they not?—A. Yes.

Stopped at San Jose.

Q. Upon the second day of Februberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

Mr. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many times were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I dbn't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No, sir.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury I. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court in the noted case.



PHOTOS BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has revolutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.



The Wonderful and Prompt Results of Vegetable Obbac.

You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac, also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO., 960 Commercial Building, Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover, Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

"Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.



DON'T EXPERIMENT, Send Your Roll to Me

and get the best results you ever had in 8 hours.

Ask Any Kodak Owner

in Atlanta or Georgia, or better still, send Shelley Ivey a trial order and don't pay if work is not O. K. on receipt. Write for his new square deal PROGRESSIVE price list and camera catalogue and coupon system.

THE COLLEGE "CO-OP," Shelley Ivey, Manager.

I've moved to 119 and 121 Peachtree, Candler Bldg.

Special.

P. S.—Free development of any brand of rolls or packs. I work day and night to give quick deliveries. S. I.

Use My 8-Hour Service

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA



WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established---because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."

WHITLAW PRICES RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.



Original Painless Dentist

The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT

Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!



The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE SAVOY CAFE 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE --- LOW PRICES

Electric Signs Now Made Right at Home

One of the First Products of New Studio Is Largest Display South of New York.

Atlanta now possesses a first-class electric sign studio. Heretofore local merchants have been obliged to purchase their electric signs in other cities and have them shipped here at heavy expense.

Proof that this is no inconsequential studio is the new electric sign at the south end of the Whitehall-Peachtree viaduct—the largest south of New York, and one of the most beautiful anywhere. It was made in Atlanta from start to finish. It uses more than 2,500 lamps, and some of the letters on the sign are more than twelve feet high.

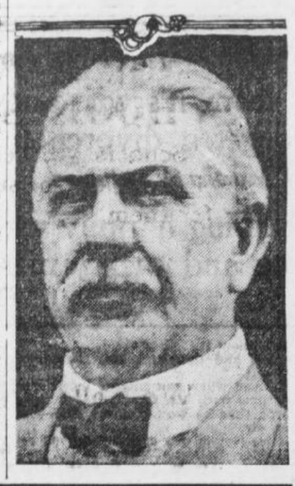
The new studio is the property of the Massengale Bulletin System, and is in the remodeled building which the Atlanta Athletic Club once occupied at 56 Edgewood avenue.

Ten high-salaried experts, men who thoroughly understand how to design and manufacture intricate and artistic electric signs, have been brought here by the Massengale Company to take charge of the new studio. M. O. Trusdell is in charge of the electrical department.

St. Elmo Massengale is president of the company and Gordon B. Massengale is secretary and manager.

E. Frank Munn is assistant manager and general superintendent.

WILLIS E. RAGAN, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the "M. & M.," to whom much of the convention's success is due.



The Merchants Convention a Great Success With Us

Our special terms, prices and discounts brought merchants to Atlanta whom we have never seen before. We had all the business we could take care of and we expect even more when it is known generally what we are offering and the terms and prices and discounts we are making. Our stock of $225,000 of nice, fresh merchandise must be sold.

WARD-TRUITT CO.
ATLANTA

MILLINERY BUYERS

Have You Secured Your Milliner?

We can aid you. We have the best in the South now in our workrooms. Our customers' workrooms are now open for you.

We invite your inspection of the largest stock of high-class millinery in the South.

ERNEST L. RHODES CO.
MILLINERY
WHOLESALE ONLY
67-69 South Pryor St. Atlanta, Ga.

Established 1872.

The J. Regenstein Co.

40-42 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.
Importers, Manufacturers, Jobbers of
"Everything Millinery"
From the Cheapest That's GOOD
To the BEST That's Made
Catering to the wants of dealers who like to carry
The Better Class Millinery
Third Week's Showing of Imported Patterns and Regenstein Models.
Our workrooms are open to the trade, and visiting milliners. We are proud of our service. TRY US.
We furnish high class, competent milliners. See us. Cordially yours,

The J. Regenstein Company

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN ADVERTISING CONTEST

$10.00 GIVEN AWAY!!

In the six advertisements the names and addresses are omitted---only the trade marks or distinguishing characteristics of the advertisers are given. Send in to The Sunday American the missing names of the advertisers below, and in the fewest possible words describe the merits of the goods or business represented by the trade marks of the following advertisers and if yours is the best you get a check for $10.00. Next Sunday the winner will be announced and the complete ad with the address given.

"Better Be Safe than Sorry"	"Go where the Crowds Go"	"Truly-----"
"Your Credit is Good at-----"	"27 years in the same stand----Shoes for the entire family"	"The velvet kind" *"The Velvet Kind"*

WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

ATLANTA HAS NEW FRIENDS AS RESULT OF CONVENTION

Many Attracted to City Who Never Came Before, but Who Now Will Make Semi-Annual Trips and Become Regular Customers.

Attendance Surpasses All Expectations, as Does the Volume of Business Transacted as Direct Result of the Fine Gathering.

The Southern Merchants' Convention is over.

Registration reached the imposing total of 2,500, Secretary H. T. Moore reported Saturday. Several hundreds did not register. Probably 3,000 is none too liberal an estimate of the number of retailers from Atlanta territory who visited the city during the two weeks.

With a theater party at the Forsyth Monday night, a barbecue Wednesday, and the Atlanta-Chattanooga ball game Friday, the visiting delegates enjoyed the second week of their stay, and the Atlanta merchants who pushed the convention to success believe they have made enduring friends of their guests, friends who will come again in February and every half year after that.

The purpose of the convention was twofold. First, the retail dealers from all over the South were given an opportunity to meet and discuss the problems which confront them in the everyday conduct of their business. Second, every effort was made to emphasize Atlanta's advantages as a buying center for all the South.

Both Objects Achieved.

Both these objects were achieved. The speeches during the first week of the convention threw valuable help in the way of those who found perplexities in buying, selling, management of stores, credits, or any of the multitudinous things which go to make up a merchant's work.

It is a good thing that the proceedings are to be published. All of the speeches are well worthy of preservation for future reference. Some of the speakers gave plain talks, just the simple, practical expression of what they had learned through years of experience.

Others spoke with scholarly finish—their speeches really were erudite, of studied completeness and finish. Still others were inspirational—they pointed out the intellectual and spiritual significance of the merchant's work. They made him feel that his is a noble calling, that the great prizes of the world are for the business man.

New Friends Made.

From the other point of view, the results attained were no less notable. Hundreds of buyers came to Atlanta who never had been here before, and who would not have come this time had it not been for the convention.

To them the completeness, the cheapness, the quality and the diversity of things sold by Atlanta manufacturers and jobbers must have been a revelation—indeed, they so expressed themselves.

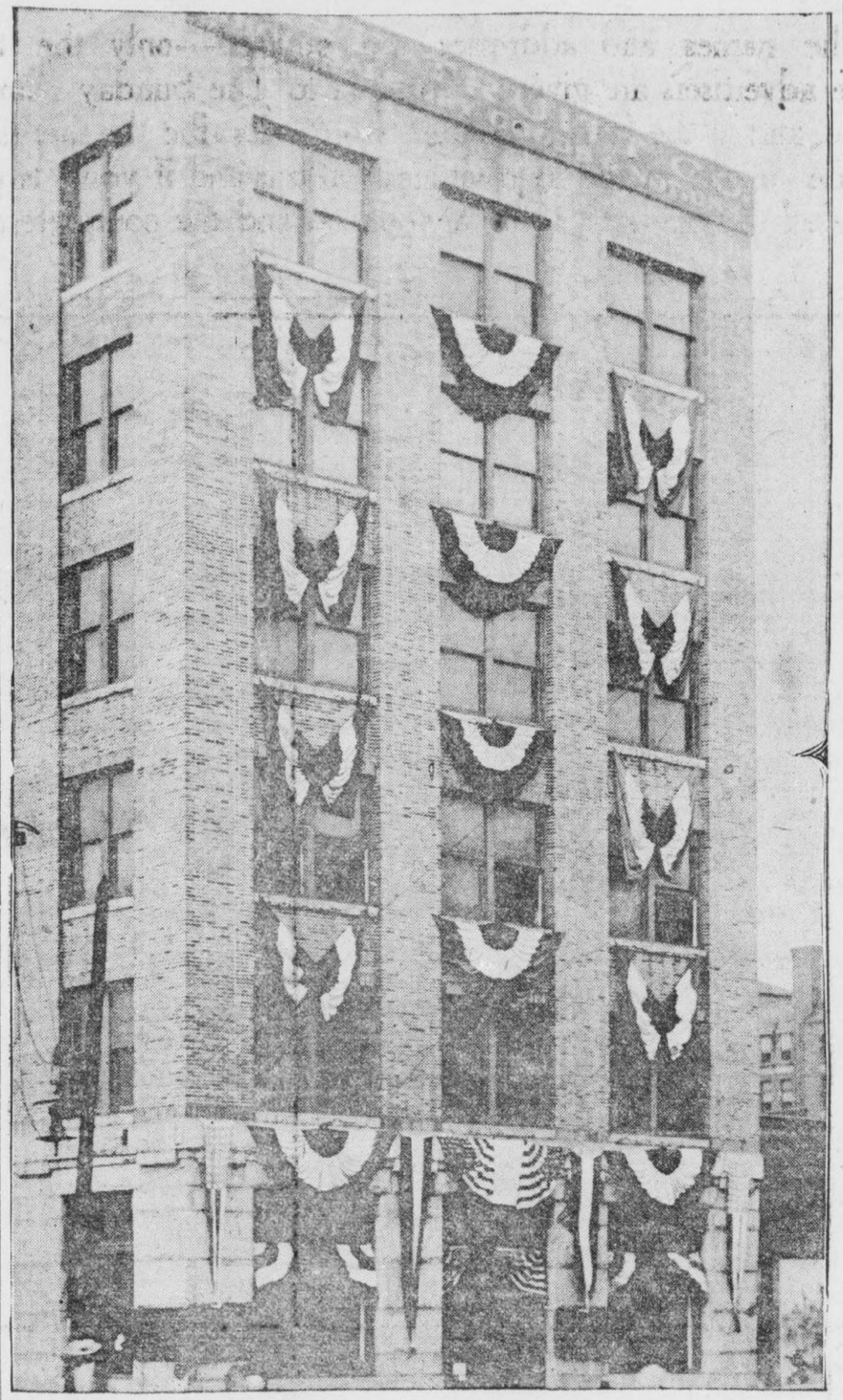
Some of them bought big bills. Every large jobbing house reports a splendid fall trade. The crop prospects are such as to make everyone optimistic. There will be a good demand for merchandise in the fall, and the buyers prepared to meet it.

There were others who did not buy so much. They are just as welcome, for the Atlantans feels that their goods, their prices and their service are right, and that every customer who buys here once will come again.

A noteworthy result of the meeting was the organization of a permanent body—the Southern States Merchants' Association, headed by J. W. Vaughn, of Cartersville, Ga.

This it is hoped, will bring very tangible benefits to the retailers of the South in general. It may prove to be the parent of scores of local organizations, which can do worlds of good in watching credits, preventing price-slashing and equalizing freight rates.

WARD-TRUITT COMPANY'S building, decorated in honor of the visiting merchants, as were many of the wholesale houses.



Fate of Exhibit to Be Sealed Tuesday

Atlanta manufacturers will seal the fate of the proposed permanent exhibit of Atlanta-made goods Tuesday.

A luncheon will be held at the Ansley at 10 o'clock that day. If sufficient support can not be secured by that time to guarantee the rental of four floors for two years, the attempt will be dropped, at least for a year.

Thirty-one manufacturers had signed by Saturday, an each of the 31 was commissioned to bring in another. Including the cotton exhibit, three floors seemed to be assured.

TOYS FROM WASTE WOOD.

A toy company in Sheboygan, Wis., has begun to use only the waste wood from other mills. It has even worked out a system of using all small pieces, as well as the larger ones, so that practically nothing is lost but sawdust.

NEW RICE HIGH; MARKET IS BARE OF LAST YEAR'S

Honduras Quoted at 7½ Cents to Jobbers by Big Atlanta Brokerage House.

New rice is being shown by H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers, and the price is "sky high," higher than any of the grocers remember, the figure quoted being 7 1-2 cents for full head Honduras clean. Japan sells for 3 1-2 and 4 cents. These are quotations to wholesalers.

The market is bare of old crop rice of good grades. Those who demand the fancy article have had to deny themselves. The new crop, it seems, is moving slowly, and indications are that the high levels will be maintained for some time, although a break is possible later on. At the present time, even samples are hard to get from New Orleans, which, of course, is the center of the rice trade.

Cheese also is high, considering the season. The usual fall advance is coming very early. Plymouth, Wis., American full cream cheese is quoted, daisy, 15 cents, and twin daisies, 14 3-4 cents.

Great Lakes salt herring will begin to come in next month, and this most palatable fish promises to be in unparalleled demand. This is the variety known for years as "white fish," but the real white fish is as scarce as prairie chicken, and by a recent government ruling it is made an offense to brand fresh water herring by this name. The Whitcomb-Burke supply comes from the great fisheries at Green Bay, Wis.

Every week, it seems, some new product appears on the market to make the housewife's work lighter. The woman who so desires could feed her family for months at a time and never do a bit of cooking, with bakers' bread, canned brown bread, coffee which needs only the addition of water, tinned roast beef, lemon pie filling, lemon sugar, onion salad and a multitude of ready-prepared articles.

The latest in this line is prepared doughnut flour. The powder contains flour, eggs, spices and all the other ingredients of doughnuts. All that is necessary is to add water, roll the dough, cut it and fry the doughnuts. Sufficient to make two dozen doughnuts is sold for 15 cents.

New pack sweet potatoes are due in a few weeks, with a fair-sized crop of excellent quality in prospect. This is an all-Southern product unknown in the North a few years ago. But the juicy Southern yellow pumpkin yam is so much superior to the kiln-dried, mealy Jersey sweet potato of the North that it is believed a very short time will serve to make the more palatable product supreme in the market.

Every day there's a new condiment. This time it is onion salad, a Boston product with a peculiar tang which makes a hit on first trial. Louisiana, the home of tabasco peppers, is putting out a new tabasco sauce which the Whitcomb-Burke Company is introducing with considerable success.

A FREE TRIP

To Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.

Write to

H. T. Moore

SECRETARY.

Rhodes Building, Atlanta.

Have You Bought Your SCHOOL SUPPLIES?

Schools will be opening again in September---be sure you are ready for them.

Send for our new 500-page Catalog illustrating the most complete line of School Supplies in the South.

We Sell to Dealers Only

MONTAG BROTHERS

Manufacturers--Importers--Jobbers

ATLANTA

DIXIE PICKLE AND PRESERVING CO.

Manufacturers of

Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.

CANNED GOODS

364 to 378 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

The Hirshberg Company

STATIONERY DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES NOVELTIES BLANK BOOKS

Glendale Line

13-15-17 NELSON STREET ATLANTA

VOLLMER MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Moore Building

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY

Special Designs in Platinum

Engravers *Diamond Setters* *Watchmakers*

Specialists in Jewelry Repairing

At What Rate Do You Do Business?

Fire insurance rates on a building are based not only on the chances of that building catching fire, but to a larger extent on the facilities at hand for putting out the fire, should it occur.

The more convenient the Fire Service, the lower the rate.

Just so in merchandising; the cost of doing business is directly governed by the convenience of a merchant's source of supply.

Take shoes, for instance; the Southern merchant who buys his stock in the distant markets of New England and the West is paying a mighty high rate to do business.

Here are the extra costs he pays:

1st. Excess freight charges.

2d. Interest on half the stock he now carries that would be unnecessary with a near-by efficient factory connection.

3d. Loss on accumulation and depreciation of dead styles.

4th. Sales missed by being out of the right styles and sizes when he needs them.

The RED SEAL Shoe Factory right here in Georgia offers QUICK SHIPMENTS, LOW FREIGHTS, THE BEST KNOWN AND BEST SPOKEN OF LINE IN THE SOUTH.

Its Mail Order Service is the best remedy for the High Cost of Doing Business.

Postal brings catalog or salesman.

Mail orders on way same day.

J. K. Orr Shoe Co.

RED SEAL FAC TORY, Atlanta.

Write for our latest Catalogue. The leading merchants are adding the 5c and 10c departments. Why not one for your town?

McCLURE 10c CO., 47-49 S. Broad St.

Give Your "DIMES" a Chance

"True Friendship's Laws Are by This Rule Expressed-
Welcome the Coming, Speed the Parting, Guest."

The good word that's passing up and down the line to-day, anent the convention, is "All's well."

We believe everybody had a good time. We tried to make it so, and without laying any unduly flattering unction to ourselves we feel that we have had a pair of mighty pleasant weeks.

The prospects for the coming season are brightening every sixty seconds. The smile is chasing away glum doubt. The step that yesterday was fearsome and cautious is to-day strong and steady. The mists are rolling up and away and the good old sun makes genial shining for us all.

Look about you and see what's happening. Get ready for the reaping. And while you do it, have this thought in your mind, you Men who Merchandise:

We Southern folks are bound together in peculiarly close business relations. Our section is our empire! We can make it. We can shake it!

If we who WHOLESALE and you who RETAIL will pull together, push together, work together, trade together, we will PROSPER together.

Good sentiment, but better business!

ATLANTA is the logical Base of Supplies for you Southern merchants. She's your best bet when it comes to the goods you need. She's your surest ally in the upbuild of your own particular section, because her vision is broad and her interest is not selfishly local—it's all-Southern.

Come to see us just as often as you can. The right hand of fellowship will greet you every time. We want you to know us and to like us and to feel sure of us and to make us your MARKET.

ATLANTA will measure up with the best in America and make a proud showing. WE ARE SEEING TO THAT EVERY DAY. Come here to buy, and we will prove it to you.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION

ATLANTA

MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existing in individual counties, and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 19 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues; they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing doctors; they have heard the plea of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the father and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. The Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

The Tax Receivers of the counties will open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

In ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Auto Parking Fire Menace, Says Chief

Cummings Declares That Congregation of Cars in Peachtree Street Hinders Department's Work.

Chief W. B. Cummings, of the fire department, has come out with an emphatic protest against the practice of parking automobiles along the curbing on Peachtree, Whitehall and Marietta streets and other main thoroughfares, following a fire in the Williams House, No. 3, at 15 1-2 Marietta street, Saturday, when the presence of long rows of cars prevented the fire apparatus from reaching the curbing.

Chief Cummings declares that the curbing should be kept clear, in order that the firemen may have free access to buildings with their apparatus. Present conditions greatly handicap his men, he states, and in case of a large fire there is danger of the gasoline in the tanks of the autos igniting, which would completely cut the firemen off from the burning buildings.

The fire in the Williams House was caused by a cigarette or cigar thrown from a window of the Empire Building next door. It fell in a gutter amidst a pile of trash and started a small blaze.

Auto Is Caught in Street Car Pocket

Motorist Grazes One Coach Only to Crash Into the Front End of Another.

An automobilist had two narrow escapes from injury within 30 seconds late Saturday at the junction of Highland and Ponce DeLeon avenues, when he grazed the rear end of a Highland avenue car and then ran his car into the front end of a Ponce DeLeon avenue car. The driver backed his machine away from the street car, turned to the right and went on, with his machine undamaged. No one was hurt.

The Highland avenue car was crossing Ponce DeLeon and the automobile was running up the avenue at a high rate of speed. The Ponce De Leon avenue car had stopped, waiting for the Highland car to pass. The automobilist failed to turn his machine out of the road, and missed the rear end of the Highland car by inches. The Highland car shut off the view of the Ponce DeLeon car, and the autoist did not see it until too late to avoid the collision.

Right of Pedestrian To Streets Is Upheld

Woman Whose Husband Was Killed by an Auto Given $10,000 by Court.

The Georgia Court of Appeals, in a ruling Saturday in the case of J. L. O'Dowd vs. Mrs. Clara C. Nawman, of Augusta, declared that a pedestrian possesses the same right on a street or highway as an automobilist. The ruling declares also that the automobilist must recognize this right and be governed accordingly.

The case which brought forth the ruling was appealed from the Richmond Superior Court. Mrs. Nawman sued O'Dowd for $20,000 for the death of her husband, who was struck by the former's automobile and killed while running to catch a street car. She secured a judgment for $10,000, which is affirmed by the Court of Appeals.

Atlanta Agents Like Bush Insurance Act

Local Men Pleased With Measure Raising Standard of Their Business.

Atlanta insurance men express gratification at the passage by the Legislature of Senator Bush's bill, which is aimed to eliminate grafters and certain bad practices which in the past have done considerable injury to their business.

The Bush bill makes unlawful any misrepresentation as to the terms of a policy or the financial condition of an industrial company; makes it a misdemeanor for one to act as insurance agent without a license, and gives the State Commissioner added powers in regulating the activities of insurance companies.

SAVANNAH LAD IN CRITICAL CONDITION FROM LOCKJAW

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—William, the 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Osborne, is critically ill with lockjaw at his home. His condition is such that only faint hopes are held out of his recovery. The condition of the child resulted from a cut on the leg sustained from a piece of broken glas. The wound at first began to heal nicely, but Thursday night there was a turn for the worse.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

B. & O. Joins Fight On Tuberculosis

Railway Will Send Specially Equipped Car and Experts Over Its Lines.

In an effort to check the "great white plague" the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has joined in the fight, and will attempt to educate the people along its different lines to the necessity of preventing the spread of the diseas. An anti-tuberculosis car has been equipped and, in charge of experts, will be sent over the entire system.

The car is fitted with charts and other exhibits which show the progress of tuberculosis, its causes and the means of eradication. It also contains a lecture hall, where doctors may talk to those who are interested in the campaign.

NEWLANDS IS DETERMINED TO DEFEAT TARIFF

Death of Johnston, Illness of Culberson, Give Nevadan Power to Kill Measure.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Senate Democratic managers were alarmed to-night when news reached them that Senator Newlands, of Nevada, who has been out West for a month fixing up his political fences, is coming back to vote on the tariff. He comes up for re-election next year.

It is stated that Newlands has been notified that if he votes for free wool and free sugar he will have to retire to private life. He is known to be against the bill on principle and opposed to it in caucus.

Senator Newlands holds the balance of power because of the death of Senator Johnston and the illness of Senator Culberson.

Conclusion of to-day's debate on the tariff bill in the Senate found the agricultural schedule only two-thirds complete, though it has been under discussion for a week.

During to-day's debate Senator Burton warned the Democrats that their proposed duty on bananas is a slap in the face of all the countries of the Caribbean Sea at a time when this country should strengthen its friendly relations.

MRS. BARLOW'S COURT WAR FOR CHILD RENEWED

Hearing of Writ for Custody of Daughter Next Step in Famous Divorce Case.

The next step in a fight which Mrs. Edith P. Barlow, No. 219 West Peachtree street, divorced wife of J. E. Barlow, a Havana, Cuba, millionaire, has instituted to obtain the permanent custody of their 10-year-old daughter, Madeline, will be taken Wednesday when Mrs. Barlow's petition for a writ of habeas corpus will be heard before Judge Bell, of the Superior Court.

Both Mrs. Barlow and her former husband are in Atlanta. The little girl now is in the custody of her mother, having been awarded to Mrs. Barlow through a ruling of the Ordinary's Court in Stewart County, where the divorce was granted to Mr. Barlow. The judge who heard the divorce proceedings awarded the girl to her father.

After getting the order from the Stewart County Court on August 12, Mrs Barlow went direct to Lumpkin, where Madeline had been left by her father with his present wife, and took the child. She then came to Atlanta. Mr. Barlow was in Havana when he heard of the ruling of the court, and came on at once.

Slaton Works Late Approving Bills

Governor Is Scanning Each Measure With Care Before Affixing His Signature.

Governor Slaton remained at his desk in the State Capitol until almost midnight Saturday, signing the bills that were passed at the recent session of the Legislature.

While there are several hundred measures to be signed, the Governor is going at the work carefully, closely scanning each one before he affixes his signature. Saturday morning and afternoon he signed only local bills, but later i the evening some of the general bills were signed.

Talented Musician at St. John's Methodist

Miss Viola Slaughter, of Jackson, to Conduct Obligatos at Sunday Services.

Services at St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday will be featured by several extra musical numbers, conducted by Miss Viola Slaughter, the talented pianist of Jackson, Ga.

Among the numbers will be a violin obligato by Miss Mary Douglass and James C. Wardwell.

HEN GROWS FAT ON ENGLISH SPARROW DIET

SEAFORD, DEL., Aug. 16.—Enlisting in the crusade to exterminate the English sparrow, which has become a nuisance in this section, a large Plymouth Rock hen, owned by George Stengle, in West Seaford, ingeniously kills off scores of the birds every day and has grown so fat she declines to accept other food.

ELKIN SEEKS NEXT MEETING OF DRUG MEN

Atlanta Pharmacist Would Bring Convention of Rexall People to the Gate City.

If plans formulated by W. S. Elkin, of the Elkin Drug Company, are carried out, the next annual convention of the International Rexall Club, composed of druggists from all over the world who handle the Rexall products, will be held in Atlanta.

Mr. Elkin is president of the international organization, and at the head of 60 druggists from Georgia and surrounding States left Saturday for Boston, where the 1913 gathering is being held. Among those who made the trip to Boston are the following:

W. S. Elkin, Jr., and Mrs. Elkin, of Atlanta; J. R. Cates, of Newnan, Ga.; E. J. Ward, Ellisville, Miss.; W. R. Ardrey, Fort Mills, Miss.; Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Bloodworth, Perry, Fla.; J. M. Seal, Waycross, Ga.; Paul Echolls, Crowley, Fla.; C. F. Herndon, Elberton, Ga.; G. L. Wysinger, Blackville, S. C.; C. Y. Stallenwerck, Greensboro, Ala.; John L. Sibert, Sumter, S. C.; R. B. Suggs, Belmont, N. C.; J. B. Bruce, Greenville, N. C.; H. H. Livingstone, Savannah Ga.; W. A. Daniels, Thomasville, Ga.; A. H. Branch, Ludowici, Ga.; C. C. Culbreath, Grantville, Ga.; A. O. McDiomed, Gainesville, Ga.; John J. Engle, Pittsburg, Tenn.; L. L. Scarbrough, Anniston, Ala.; Roy N. Chelf, Brooksville, Fla.; E. J. Coe, Hastings, Fla.; J. A. Mitchell, Macon, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Rice, Greensboro, Ga.; Miss Whatley, Greensboro, Ga.; Lewis W. McKesson, Statesville, N. C.; J. N. Hallum, Pickens, S. C.; R. P. Mullins, Selma, Ala.; B. W. Mills, Tifton, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Hale, Rome, Ga.; D. W. Ramsaur, Palatka, Fla.; H. R. Palmer, Athens, Ga.; A. M. Riley, Andalusia, Ala.; and the following from Atlanta: A. E. Haigh, representative of the United Drug Company; R. W. McRoberts, Wayman Walker, Sanford Mize and George Croft.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witch-hazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Our August Furniture Sale

Our "Middle of the Month" August Furniture Specials have never been so numerous and the values so great.

The articles you want are here, carrying prices much lower than you expected to pay.

Why delay buying longer? Our courteous salesmen will be glad to show you through and aid you in making selections, and we will be pleased to arrange terms to suit YOU. Come in to-morrow.



Special Rocker Sale Monday

Monday Special on Small Rugs

Beautiful patterns in floral and Oriental designs. These rugs are positively guaranteed. Please note these prices, which are good for to-morrow only.

$1.50 Brussels Rugs, Monday 98c
$2.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $1.48
$4.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $2.98
$6.00 Axminster Rugs, Monday $3.98

A big shipment of four-dollar values. Substantially made, are attractive patterns, beautifully finished in rich golden oak. You can get genuine comfort in these rockers. Not more than three to any one customer and none to dealers. Our special price for to-morrow only is **$1.98**

Special Sale on Go-Carts Monday

25% Discount on Gas Ranges

Every sanitary, fuel-saving, conveniently arranged Buck's gas stove and range is included in this special discount. One dollar per week pays for your choice.

Special Sale on German Porch Screens

About three dozen left. They will make your porch cool and attractive. Please note these special prices.

$2.50 6-foot Screens, now only $1.48
$3.50 8-foot Screens, now only $1.98

About one dozen included in this lot. They are all samples—all badly damaged—values are from five to fifteen dollars. They are equipped with best re-tempered steel springs, heavy rubber tires, fold completely up in one and two movements. To-morrow only you may take your choice for only **$1.98**

Duplex Mattress

—made of eight layers of fluffy, sanitary felt; has imperial, tightly stitched edges, grade "A" ticking and we positively guarantee this mattress to not sag or lump. We are exclusive agents for this mattress. $1.00 cash, $1.00 weekly, at..... **$10.00**

Wood's Special Davenport

—a wonderful value. Frames are made of well seasoned materials. It is upholstered with genuine chase leather, has best re-tempered steel springs, and we can furnish it in golden oak, mahogany or mission finish. An ideal davenport by day, and ONE MOVEMENT converts into a full sized bed. Complete with sanitary felt mattress only **$37.50**

Blue Tag Bargain Basement

Six big wagonloads were added yesterday to this already well filled space of big home-furnishing values.

Every piece a needed article in some home—every piece an incomparable value. Come to-morrow (BIG MONDAY) and make your selections. Our usual terms apply to any selection made in our Blue Tag Bargain Basement.

Sellers Kitchen Cabinets

—the one kitchen cabinet which really fills all requirements. It has an ant and dust proof flour bin and sugar compartment—a convenient and sanitary place for everything needed in a modern kitchen—see our special for only **$31.50**

Wood's Special Chifforobe

—has a separate and convenient place for everything a man wears from an overcoat to a collar button. Also a large and conveniently arranged shaving mirror. It has a trouser rack which will keep trousers in shape, and a most convenient coat rack. Our special terms on any finish is $1.00 cash, $1.00 per week, and the price is only **$21.50**



Family Size
EAGLE

—will keep your foodstuff to perfection—the ice bill will be small and it will fa every particular give satisfaction. Special terms of one dollar cash, the balance one dollar per week, and our price is only

$7.50

Two Big Specials



Brass Bed

—has heavy, substantial two-inch posts, five extra large and strong fillers—furnished in either single or double sizes in satin or gloss finish—terms one dollar cash and one dollar per week, and our price is only **$12.50**



Special Outfit

—the outfit consists of one heavy two-inch continuous post gold bed, one sanitary felt mattress, one pair springs and one pair feather pillows. A great value. Our special terms are ninety cents cash and the balance $1.00 per week. Complete outfit only **$17.90**

Monday Special

An attractive dollar value, guaranteed time keeper—has extra loud alarm attachment—securely packed in specially made box, and the special price for to-morrow only is

48 Cts.



Bachelor's Den

The coziest and most attractive MAN'S room you ever saw. See front window, Whitehall street. This entire outfit will be sold to any bachelor on especially attractive terms.

Rhodes-Wood FURNITURE COMPANY

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

103-5-7-9-11 Whitehall Street, Corner Mitchell

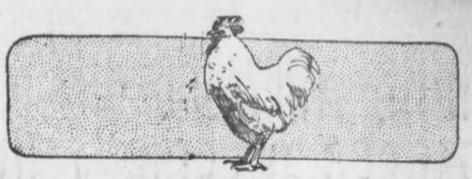
Crawford Chairs

—the most substantially made chair on the market—here in any finish—guaranteed by the manufacturer for five years—we are exclusive agents—see big display.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Real Estate, Want Ads, Financial



ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913.

Want Anything?

TELEPHONE

Main Atlanta 100

Telephone clerk will take your ad, and, if requested, assist you in wording, or will write the ad for you—that's his business. He will also make it as brief as possible to obtain the results desired. In order to accommodate customers accounts will be opened by phone, but you will make payments promptly after publication or when bills are presented by mail.

Classified Advertising Rates:

1 insertion .....10c a line
3 insertions..... 6c a line
7 insertions..... 5c a line
30 insertions.....4½c a line
90 insertions..... 4c a line

No advertisements taken for less than the cost of two lines. Six words make a line.

To protect your interests as well as ours, an order to discontinue an ad will not be accepted over the phone. Please make order to discontinue in writing.

TELEPHONE

Both Phones 100

LITTLE ADS THAT BRING BIG RESULTS

RAILWAY SCHEDULES.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

"PREMIER CARRIER OF THE SOUTH."

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF PASSENGER TRAINS, ATLANTA.

The following schedule figures are published only as information, and are not guaranteed:

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
36	Birmingh'm ..12:01 am	36	New York....12:15 am
35	New York..... 5:00 am	20	Columbus .... 5:20 am
13	Jacksonville .. 5:30 am	13	Cincinnati .. 5:40 am
43	Washington .. 5:25 am	32	Fort Valley.. 7:15 am
12	Shreveport ... 6:30 am	35	Birmingh'm. 8:50 am
16	Heflin ..... 8:20 am	7	Chattn'ga .... 6:40 am
29	New York..... 11:15 am	12	Richmond .... 6:55 am
5	Chatt'ga ..... 9:35 am	23	Kansas City.. 7:00 am
7	Macon ..... 10:40 am	16	Brunswick .. 7:45 am
17	Fort Valley.... 10:45 am	29	Birmingh'm 11:30 am
21	Columbus..... 10:50 am	34	New York.... 1:01 am
6	Cincinnati .... 11:10 am	40	Charlotte ....12:00 n'n
29	Columbus .... 1:40 pm	6	Macon ..... 12:20 pm
30	Birmingh'm .. 2:30 pm	30	Columbus .... 12:30 pm
40	Birmingh'm .. 12:40 pm	30	New York.... 2:45 pm
39	Charlotte ..... 3:55 pm	15	Chattn'ga .... 3:00 pm
5	Macon ..... 4:00 pm	39	Birmingh'm. 4:10 pm
27	New York..... 5:00 pm	18	Toccoa ..... 4:20 pm
15	Brunswick .... 7:50 pm	22	Columbus .... 5:10 pm
11	Richmond .... 8:15 pm	5	Cincinnati .. 5:10 pm
24	Kansas City.. 9:20 pm	23	Fort Valley.. 5:20 pm
16	Chatt'ga ..... 8:50 pm	13	Heflin ..... 5:35 pm
19	Columbus .... 10:20 pm	10	Macon ..... 5:30 pm
31	Fort Valley... 8:00 pm	44	Washington.. 8:45 pm
14	Cincinnati .... 11:00 pm	24	Jacksonville.. 9:30 pm
23	Jacksonville.. 2:50 am	11	Shreveport .. 11:10 pm
17	Toccoa ..... 8:10 am	14	Jacksonville.. 11:10 pm

All trains run daily. Central time.

City Ticket Office No. 1 Peachtree St.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE Colored Labor Day Association will not be responsible for any debts or contracts not authorized by an order signed by the president. C. M. Tanner.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

To Chiefs and Members of Comanche Tribe, No. 6:

You are requested to meet at the Red Men's Wigwam, 86 Central avenue, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, August 17, 1913, for purpose of attending funeral of our deceased brother, A. J. Grubbs. Funeral services at H. M. Patterson's Chapel. Interment Hollywood Cemetery. Brothers of other tribes invited to attend.

SAM DUNLAP, Sachem.
Attest: HENRY R. GREEN,
Chief of Records.

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED from 22 Bonaventure avenue, Friday night, 3½-months-old male Boston bull terrier, white markings under throat and on breast. Phone John F. Toole, Ivy 4032.

LOST—Traveling man's sample case containing machinery catalogue, etc. Cash reward. Ivy 6862. Charles F. Ames.

LOST—Near Capital City Club or West Peachtree street man's watch fob, gold locket. Masonic emblem, engraved; monogram "W. W. S." Return to J. P. Allen & Co. Reward.

LOST—Saturday morning, downtown section, pocketbook containing cash, notes, railroad ticket, Shrine card and other valuable papers, bearing signature of J. N. McClure. Finder will please return to 407 Gould Bldg., and receive reward.

LOST—Thursday evening between Peachtree and West Harris, an automobile crank handle. Finder please call Ivy 5387.

LOST—Will the party who found a ladies' black moire pocket book containing several dollars and receipts on West Peachtree car Friday morning please phone M. 3012-J? Reward.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, either on car or Peachtree street between Candler Building and Eiseman Bros. store. Initials "L. H." watch. Liberal reward if returned to Miss L. Thompson at Eiseman Bros., 13 Whitehall street.

LOST—Tuesday morning, between Courtland and Piedmont, plain gold bracelet. Return to 39 Currier street. Reward.

LOST—Wednesday night on Luckie street car, in the Vaudette or Alamo or on Whitehall, a gold crescent brooch. Friday morning a prayer book on East Hunter car. Reward if returned to Miss M. E. O'Donnell, 94 Hill St.

LOST—$110 in bills, between Edgewood avenue and 289 Fort street. Liberal reward will be given for their return to M. P. Watts, 289 Fort street.

LOST—Ladies' card case, engraved "M. L. H." Finder return to 537 Equitable Bldg. Reward.

LOST—On Whitehall street, August 13, gold crescent brooch with cross of pearls. Reward. Phone M. 3184-L.

LOST—Bunch of keys along with patent belt fastener, early Friday morning; probably on Gordon street, Whitehall street car, or on Peachtree street in vicinity of Edgewood avenue. Reward will be paid if returned to George J. Auer, Edgewood Ave. office of The Georgian.

LOST—Between Westview Cemetery and 390 Rawson street, Sunday afternoon, ladies' gold watch; monogram on back and inside "Albert to Mary, 1912." Reward. 390 Rawson street.

LOST—Ladies' small gold open face watch; monogram D. L.; on Richardson, Washington street or Woodward avenue, Monday, August 11. Reward if returned to 228 Richardson.

LOST—Bunch of keys. Return to O. B. Oakes, 71 Capitol Ave. Reward.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—One blue enamel gold bar pin. Finder please phone Ivy 6047, or call at 87 West Fifteenth street.

LOST—On Ends street, ladies' size solid gold Elgin watch, August 7. Reward. Return 197 Ira St.

LOST—One diamond and sapphire ring left in smoker A., B. and A. train near Manchester Saturday afternoon, August 9th. Liberal reward. Communicate with Maier & Berkele, Inc., Atlanta, Ga.

LOST—August 6, carved platinum gold back diamond set bar pin; liberal reward. Phone Main 2382-J.

$100 REWARD—Stolen on July 29, from the Pryor street entrance to Candler Building, Atlanta, Ga., one Cadillac touring car; factory number 44851; four-cylinder 30-horsepower 1912 model; Georgia State license No. 21836. $100 reward will be paid by the undersigned for information resulting in recovery of said car and conviction of thieves. Signed T. Adjustment Bureau, Equitable Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

W. M. COX cleans all kinds of carpets, rugs a specialty. Ivy 3135-J, Atlanta 1818. 140 Auburn Ave. 7-20-81

LOST—Small black purse containing dress goods samples, sixteen dollars in bills and small change, Tuesday afternoon, between Brown & Allen's and M. Rich's. Finder please call Ivy 2380. Liberal reward.

PERSONAL.

Do You Want a Divorce?

IF YOUR present husband does not think enough of you to have your Range or Heating Stove repaired, call us up and we will be glad to apear as expert witnesses.

Atlanta Stove Supply Co.
101 NORTH FORSYTH STREET.

GENTLEMAN, 35, of good character, appearance and means, wishes lady acquaintance; object, matrimony. Address Lonesome, P. O. Box 808, City.

ACREAGE—FOR SALE.

100 ACRES of land, close-in, to trade for home and renting property, or will trade for a first-class apartment house and other smaller property. Land, Box 8, care American.

PERSONAL.

MONEY TO LEND on first mortgages, or will buy purchase money notes—first or second liens; money in hand. Money, Box 12, care American.

LADIES—When delayed or irregular, use Triumph Pills. Always dependable. "Relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis.

LADIES—Sanderson's Cotton Root Pills, safe and sure cure for delayed periods; price $2; money refunded if it fails. Dr. T. Pierce, San Francisco, Cal.

FREE READING by stars on all subjects. Nothing kept back. Send birthdate dime. Address Frank Schuberger, Weir, Kans.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

LADIES TO SEW at home for a large Philadelphia firm; good money; steady work; no canvassing; send stamped envelope for prices paid. Universal Co., Dept. 68, Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 6-8-8

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

PEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

VIRGIN SNOW is not whiter than your complexion will be after you have used Peach Blow, the matchless skin bleach and skin food preparation. If your skin is discolored from any cause, write at once for full free particulars and special offer now being made by the Brittain Company, McMinnville, Tenn.

TWO young ladies, experienced barbers, desire to take charge of barber shop in city or small town on commission or guaranteed salary. Call or write. Address A. Herod, 403 Vance avenue, Memphis, Tenn.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

ARE you addicted to the liquor habit? Send $5 and get one month's treatment; consultation free. Silver Medicine Co., P. O. Box 702, Buffalo, N. Y.

WOMAN DETECTIVE.

IF you need an honest, experienced detective, try a woman. Address Woman Detective, 15 Woodward avenue, or phone Main 1059-J.

A BEAUTIFUL woman finds the world at her feet; all women can become beautiful. Write us. We will advise you. Goss-Wheeler Spec. Co., 15 Ex. Pla., Passaic, N. J.

LADIES—Sanderson's Cotton Root Pills; safe and sure cure for delayed periods; price $2; money refunded if it fails. Address Dr. T. Pierce, San Francisco, Cal.

CALL on TeBow Bros for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

WANTED!
STOP! LISTEN!

SEE O. I. CHAMBERS for papering, tinting and painting. 297 Cooper street.

$100 REWARD—Ladies, our monthly compound never disappoints, safely relieves longest, most obstinate, abnormal cases of suppressed menstruation in three days. Price $2. Southern Remedy Company, Memphis, Tenn.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

HAT SALE—Trimmed hats, $1.50 to $5.00; outing hats, 75c; imported horsehair hats, $3.98; black hats, maline and lace trimmed. Remodeling hats specialty, $1.50. Panamas cleaned. Mrs. C. H. Smith, 115 Peachtree, next to Candler Bldg.

Velvet ICE CREAM PURE, SMOOTH DELICIOUS
Velvet Ice Cream Co., Phone Ivy 6849.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, homelike. Limited number of patients cared for. Home provided for infants. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor street.

SERIOUS RESULTS come from trusses improperly fitted. John B. Daniel, at 34 Wall street, has an expert fitter and it will cost you no more to have him fit you, and it means insurance.

MATRIMONIAL.

MANUFACTURER, 41, comfortably situated, would marry. N-Box 35, League, Toledo, Ohio.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—All-round drug store man. Gunn's Pharmacy, Columbus, Ga.

WANTED—Boy with bicycle Monday morning. 539 Whitehall St.

WANTED—Young man thoroughly familiar with making round and oval pasteboard boxes. Address D. W., care Georgian.

WANTED—Two carpenters. Apply at Lakewood Heights. Take South Side transit cars, 6:30 and 7:15 Monday and Tuesday.

HUSTLING young man, fully reliable, has wife, no children, wants work; would work truck or general farm; can help gather present crop. Address B, care Edward Barnett, Macon, Ga.

BE A DETECTIVE—Big pay, easy work; wonderful opportunities. No experience required. Travel over the world. Write Fidelity Secret Service, 730 Fourteenth street, Wheeling, W. Va.

MEN of good character to study pharmacy; greater demand for our graduates, at good salaries, than we can supply. Rates very reasonable. Address Dr. George F. Payne, president, 253 Courtland street, Atlanta, Ga.

BE A DETECTIVE; earn $150 to $300 per month; travel over the world. Write Supt. Ludwig, 611 Westover Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WRITE moving picture plays; $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details free. Atlas Publishing Co., M-97, Cincinnati, Ohio.

GOVERNMENT examinations. Most thorough preparation, $5. Returned if not appointed. Particulars free. American Civil Service School, Washington, D. C. 25-6-7

IF YOU CAN SELL life insurance I want you. Address or write Insurance, 42 Inman building.

WILLIAMS School of Practical Tailoring for Colored; cutting and drafting; full course in three months. Rates reasonable. Start now. Finish in time for position in fall season. 200 Auburn, Atlanta.

SUCCESSFUL salesmen, working small towns, can increase their earnings by placing our punch board assortments (jewelry, cutlery, chocolate, gum). We take back unsold goods. Can use only men now employed. State territory. We want men capable of earning $50 per week and we want them now. Now, Box 3, care Georgian.

PULLMAN porters wanted; give references. For information write Box 921, care Georgian, Atlanta, Ga.

MEN—$50 weekly selling needle cases through my "trust scheme" method. Easy work. No talking necessary. Sample, care Georgian.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks, $75 to $150 per month. Details free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 49-F, Rochester, N. Y.

WE START YOU in business, furnishing everything; men and woman; $30 to $200 weekly operating our "New System Specialty Candy Factories," home or small room anywhere. Lifetime, care Georgian.

WANTED—Two men to travel; experience not necessary. 508-509 Peters Building.

ADVERTISING salesman wanted to sell parcel post maps to business houses for Oklahoma, Kansas, Arkansas and Missouri. Address with references and self-addressed envelope, Post Maps, care Georgian.

HILBURN HOTEL,

10 AND 12 WALTON STREET, FOR GENTLEMEN only; center of city, near new postoffice; rate 50c, 75c and $1.

NO experience required. Hundreds of positions open paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year; position assured where you can earn good wages while you learn. Write Dept. 460, care Georgian.

GET THIS WINNER, boys; 100 per cent profit; sure and rapid seller; particulars free. Winner-100, care Georgian.

YES, shave 10c, hair cut 15c, massage 15c, at 44 Marietta street, E. Mitchell, 115 Edgewood avenue, 99 Whitehall, 52 Ivy. Best white workmen. Clean linen. Baths 15c. 6-21-5

BIG PROFITS for you; manufacture barley crisp; new confection. 5c package costs you 1c. Machine, instructions complete, $7.50 prepaid. Send 10c for samples. Barley, Box 97, care Georgian.

DOUBLE your income selling guaranteed knit goods for largest manufacturer in America; write for free outfit and particulars of great money-making proposition ever offered. Knit, Box 2, care Georgian.

$100 WEEKLY PROFIT in spare time at home; mail order business—don't worry about capital. Boyd H. Brown, Omaha, Nebr.

WANTED—Fifty young men to obtain the data for the 1913 city directory; must be clean and sober, able to write a very plain, legible hand, and be recommended by some business man. Apply by letter only, written by yourself. Do not call in person or by phone. Atlanta City Directory Company.

WANTED—First-class colored cook; male; must be well recommended. Inquire 9 to 10 a. m. 501 Peters building.

WANTED—Finish carpenter; work guaranteed; non-union men; steady job; drop card to G. C. Furtick, Swansea, S. C.

WANTED—Colored men to prepare as sleeping car porters and train porters. If you wish position near Atlanta, write immediately. No experience necessary. Inclose stamp. Address Inter Railway, care Georgian.

INDUSTRIAL life and accident agents can make liberal contract with us; our policies are payable monthly; no lapses. North American Accident Insurance Co., 16 Liberty St., New York.

A YOUNG MAN, over 21 years of age, to act as salesman and learn the real estate business; quick promotion; an opportunity to make $25 to $30 per week. For particulars ask for Mr. Anderson, 1107 Empire Life (Flat Iron) Bldg.

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become trained salesmen and learn while earning; write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED — First-class, experienced drug store man; license not required; must be neat in appearance; reference requested. Apply Williams Drug Co., Woodberry, Ga.

WANTED—To employ one reliable carpenter or cabinet-maker in every town (large or small) and city; good pay; references. William G. Kinney, 1181 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN WANTED to sell high-grade food product. Must be well recommended. Give references and experience in first letter. S. S., care Georgian.

MOTORDROME—Wanted, riders with motorcycles, for portable motordrome; season's work and good salary. General Amusement Co., 440 Eddy St., Newark, Ohio.

WANTED—Machinist apprentice of two years or more; steady work for the right man. Apply Atlanta Paper Co., corner Moore street and Georgia Railway.

MOUNTERS—Hand work on picture frames; steady work for good men; state experience. C. F. Nast & Co., 1816 W. Fulton St., Chicago, Ill.

FOREMAN WANTED—A first-class bed spring man; references must be furnished. Refer to the C. L. Greeno Co., of Cincinnati, for reference in regard to ourselves. Emmons Brothers, Meridian, Miss.

WANTED—A-1 first-class barbecue man. Apply 11 Peters street.

WANTED—First-class finishers to work in finishing room. Apply Southern Upholstering Co., corner Jefferson and Echo Sts.

WANTED a first-class short order cook. Address The Holland, 164½ Clayton st., Athens, Ga.

BOY, 15 years old, to work in grocery. Box 378, care Georgian.

STENO-BOOKKEEPER—COMPETENT YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS BOOKKEEPING, WRITES GOOD HAND, ACCURATE IN FIGURES. ADDRESS, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED, "R. M.," P. O. BOX 1575, CITY.

YOUNG MAN, over 21, to sell lots, $200 to $500, on terms; overlooking Druid Hills; a good chance to pick up some easy money; no experience necessary. See Mr Merrill 1109 Empire Life Bldg.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Teach you in a short while. Position furnished. Complete course; $30 salary while learning. Call or write. Southern Barber College, 151 Decatur street.

WANTED—Men capable of selling a new speculative proposition of great merit; better than land, lots or stocks. Creta Co., 320 Flateau Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

WANTED—Jewelry installment salesman. Local reference required. Call 610 Gould Building.

WANTED—Experienced wood turner and bench man. Give references. Address Lumber, Box 196, Macon, Ga.

WANTED—Competent draughtsman for permanent position. State experience and salary expected. Address Draughtsman, P. O. Box 1156, Atlanta.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Good plumbers. Steady work, good pay, open shop. Address W. E., Box 783, care Georgian.

FOR Colored Southern Automobile School, day and night classes. Corner Magnolia and Hulsey streets.

DISTRICT MANAGERS to handle a high-grade health and accident insurance proposition; best policies and most liberal agency contracts to live men. Royal, Box 84, care Georgian.

WANTED—Two route boys, about 16; good salary. Apply 3:30 p. m., Georgian Substation, 27 W. Mitchell and Davis Sts.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; tools and position furnished. Atlanta Barber College, 10 E. Mitchell St.

WANTED—Combination ruler, forwarder and finisher; steady position. The Paragon Press, Montgomery, Ala.

POOL AND BILLIARDS.

DO YOU PLAY POOL? If you do, you better see "Bias" at the Terminal Hotel Pool Parlor. He will treat you right: 35c in checks for 25c; excellent tables; good cues and a clever bunch of boys.

WANTED—Young men to learn pharmacy this fall; demands for our graduates exceed supply; next session begins October 1. Southern College of Pharmacy, 81 Luckie St., Atlanta.

NEW, patented, self-feeding, sanitary oil mop; wonderful seller; widely advertised; big demand; demonstrate and sale is made; your territory open; write quick. Sanitary, care Georgian.

70c PROFIT on every sale; biggest seller of the season; every woman instantly attracted; you will make big money. We start you at our expense. Milton, Box 36, care Georgian.

POSTAL brings free "Monthly Directory" (illustrated); contains details newest, best-selling specialties and money-making propositions of responsible concerns. Postal, care Georgian.

DON'T KILL YOURSELF working if you are run down; move West and regain that lost health. We help you secure position. Southwestern Information Bureau, P. O. B. 1058, El Paso, Texas.

MAKE $10 a day selling rugs at $1 each; cost agents 55c; size 36 by 68; sell from one to six at each house. Something every housewife wants. Three full size rugs for samples for $1.65. Commerce, Box 12, care American.

A SUMMER Gold Mine For Agents—Preserve Ice Blankets cut ice bills in half; sanitary and odorless; retail 25c; agents make 100 per cent. Write to-day. G, care Atlanta Georgian.

WANTED, MEN—Legitimate substitute for slot machines; patented. Sells on sight for $1. Particulars. Gisha, Box 47, care Georgian.

FELD unlimited for this rapid seller; agents get rich with it. Every one needs it. Nine out of ten will buy. Send to-day for proofs. They will convince you. 100 per cent profit. Box 75, care Georgian.

WE have new leader. Big profits earned quickly. Write for free sample and new summer catalogue. Alive, care American and Georgian

OUR MAGNET shears locates needles and pins; threads any needle; wonderful seller; splendid profits; your territory open; write quick for free sample if you mean business. Magnetic, Box 36, care Georgian.

TO SELL on commission basis, men or women, line brassieres, pads, bust forms; national reputation. State references. Apply Sex, care Georgian.

WHY LONGER endure inside drudgery? Be our representative doing outside, handle full or spare time. $20 weekly profit not unusual. Experience unnecessary. G. Macy, sales manager, 640 Lydia street, Chicago.

LARGE company desires at once representative in this territory to look after its big interests and customers in this territory; good salaried position for the man that makes good; position permanent. Address R. P., care Georgian.

MEN wanted to sell the best article on the market. Good money in it and easy to sell. 100 per cent profit. Send postal for particulars to R. J., care Georgian.

500 PER CENT PROFIT—Sliding casters; necessity every home; child can attach; saves floors, carpets, furniture. Hotels, restaurants buy in gross lots. Sample 15c, sell 15c. Agents making $25 to $100 every week. Samples free. Box 468, care Georgian.

SELL BY MAIL—Pleasant, profitable business means independence; start spare time; co-operate with established corporation. We furnish best sellers. Factory prices. Valuable booklet free. Box 98-A, care Georgian.

HERE is the one live agents' seller of the year; needed in every home, office and factory; sells on sight; a sure repeater; 100 per cent profit; send a postal for free particulars. C. O. E., care Georgian.

WOULD YOU take steady job making $30 weekly with opportunity to be district manager at $3,000 yearly? No experience required. My goods are snappy, self sellers. Make big money quick by writing me to-day. Manager, Box 3, care Georgian.

BE the first in your territory selling Redeemer Vegetable Soap and Beautifying Cream. Profits large; steady income from repeat orders. K., care American and Georgian

BONANZA—Quick selling new specialty; people everywhere buy; hustlers wanted; write to-day. A-30, this paper.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; great demand for barbers; big wages; easy work; short time required; expert instructions; tools given; earn while learning. Write for free catalogue. Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie street, Atlanta.

RELIABLE men wanted to handle new live-wire proposition; easy, rapid, sure seller; big repeater. Reliable, Box 15, care American and Georgian.

SELL rich-looking imported 36 by 68 rugs, $1 each. Carter, Tennessee, sold 115 in four days; profit, $57. You can do same. Write for sample offer selling exclusive territory. Sample rug by parcel post prepaid, 98 cents. Condan, Box 44, care American and Georgian.

STOP selling old, worn-out lines; something new—good for $50 a week and more. Write for our proposition to exclusive agents. A. S., Box 52, care Georgian.

FREE SAMPLES—Prosperity for all men, women, the bold, the timid; experience unnecessary; any boy or girl make $3 day up; any man or woman make $5 day up. Success guaranteed or money refunded. R. Q., care Georgian.

FOR this territory; begin August 15; splendid line for all classes of stores. Permanent position. Commission contract. Expenses advanced right man. Territory, care Georgian.

$25 a week for two hours' work a day; brand-new hosiery proposition that beats them all. Write for terms and free samples if you mean business. Terms, Box 88, care Georgian.

MAKE 500 per cent profit selling "Novelty Sign Cards." Merchants buy 10 to 100 on sight; 800 varieties; catalog free. Catalogue, care American and Georgian

CAPABLE salesman familiar with architects, large building or manufacturing trade in this territory for quality line building paints and specialties; excellent connection to right man. Address, stating qualifications and experience, Capable, 16, care Georgian.

HUSTLING, high-priced salesmen can make permanent connection, paying $300 to $600 monthly. New, snappy proposition, sure winner with general retail trade. $40 weekly for expenses. Worthy of investigation. Commercial, C-2, care Georgian.

$500 monthly; tremendous demand now for Woodward power tire pump; latest auto accessory; agents "cleaning up" everywhere; quick action necessary. Get busy, care Georgian.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

HELP WANTED—MALE.

PORTRAIT MEN—Write us for copy of new catalog; solar and bromide prints made in twenty-four hours' time; we have two convexing machines, eleven artists and 5,000 wood and metal frames. Write at once. A., 900, care Georgian.

EXPERIENCED salesmen to sell premium service backed by strongest possible testimony from present users, showing it unequaled as a trade builder to retail merchants; exclusive territory; permanent connection worth $100 weekly and renewal commissions. Weekly, Box 9, care Georgian.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY stenographer and office assistant; state salary expected and references. Address Box 888, care Georgian.

WE HAVE AN OPENING out of town for a refined woman who can meet refined people. Call for Sales Manager, 916 Austell Bldg., City.

WANTED—Ladies to act as agents for a sure paying ladies' necessity; sells on sight to every lady. H. T. Grady Co., Atlanta.

WANTED—Lady representative; whole or part of time; our famous "Knit-to" Form-Fitting Petticoats assure good, immediate, permanent income; sells on sight; experience unnecessary. Prompt reply secures exclusive territory. No "dealer" competition. Spelman & Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Saleslady; must have at least two years experience in dry goods, shoes. Good salary. Apply Lester's, 776 Marietta.

WRITE moving picture plays; $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details free. Atlas Publishing Company, F-97, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WRITE moving picture plays; $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details free. Atlas Publishing Company, F-97, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—Lady to do filing, typewriting, etc., in an office. Stenography not required. Prefer one who is settled and has good education. Call for Mr. B., at 1014 Candler Building, Monday between 9 and 10.

LADIES make shields at home, $10 per hundred. Work sent prepaid to reliable women. Particulars for stamped addressed envelope. Eureka Company, Dept 107-C, Kalamazoo, Mich.

EXPERIENCED power-sewing machine operators to make wash dresses and middy blouses. Our work is light and the pay is liberal and operators that have made shirts, overalls or any garment in a factory have little trouble making good money the first week. We can guarantee steady work all the year. Enterprise Mfg. Co., 38 1-2 W. Alabama St.

WANTED—A reliable woman to cook and help with housework. Apply 316 Myrtle street.

WANTED—First-class maid who is not afraid of work. Good references required; $4 week. Apply 7 West Eighth street.

ONE or two energetic young ladies to act as salesladies and learn the real estate business. An opportunity to make $25 to $50 per week. Ask for Mr. Anderson, 1107 Empire Life (Flat Iron) Bldg., 8 to 10 a. m.

COLORED WOMEN agents for wonder-working Palmer's Skin Whitener. Start own business. 100 per cent profit. $1.50 outfit free to responsible agents. Write to-day, giving references, Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga. 1-25-3

WANTED—A good cook. Apply with references 222 Waverly way.

WOMEN WANTED to act as agents for an article all women need; fine profits. Make $25 weekly sure. Write quick for particulars. Address The American Specialty Company, 404 Park avenue, Sherman, Tex.

PAPER BOX HELP—We want experienced help on covering machines and table hands. Paragon Box Company, corner Alabama and Pryor streets.

WANTED—Colored woman to cook and do general housework. Main 5424-L.

WANTED—White nurse to care for two small children, to live and help in house. Attractive, pleasant place for responsible party. Phone Ivy 3649-L.

MILLINERS WANTED.

THE J. REGENSTEIN CO., 40 Whitehall street, can use the services of ten high-class, competent milliners to fill out-of-town positions. Apply Wholesale Department.

WANTED—At once, four experienced millinery salesladies; no others need apply. Mrs. E. M. Buchanan, 342 Edgewood Ave.

WANTED—Intelligent woman to act as companion for lady; must understand housekeeping and be willing to travel occasionally; must have good references. Address R. Z., care Georgian.

WANTED—A first-class white woman cook for tea room work; must be a hustler. Address The Holland, 164½ Clayton st., Athens, Ga.

WANTED—Young lady to sell lots $200 to $500, on terms; overlooking Druid Hills. A good chance to pick up easy money. No experience necessary. See Mr. Merrill, 1109 Empire Life Bldg.

WANTED—Colored girl for housework. Apply 58 Bass street.

WANTED—Bright, clever woman to secure members for Junior League of America; pleasant and profitable employment; in and out of city. Call Room 916 Austell Bldg., City, after 9 a. m.

WANTED—Lady canvassers. Call 9 to 10, 610 Gould Building.

WANTED—Young women and girls desiring attractive positions. Welfare of operators and clerks closely supervised by the company; their conduct on the premises carefully guarded by matron, woman supervisors and chief operator, who have complete control over the retiring and operating rooms. Short training course for those inexperienced; salary paid while learning. Salary increased upon being transferred to operating force, and for those becoming efficient, increased as they become worthy, with opportunities for ultimate advancement to $75 per month. References proving the standing of the applicant essential. Those having educational advantages preferred. Lunch room and comfortable retiring rooms provided with several hundred Carnegie Library books for the convenience of the operators. Matron and trained nurse in attendance. Apply 8:30 to 5, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company Training School, 25 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—A competent cook for two people. 69 Windsor street.

GIRLS LEARN MILLINERY; best trade on earth for women; pays $60 to $100 a month. Write Ideal School of Millinery, 100½ Whitehall street. We make over and retrim hats free.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS OPEN TO WOMEN. Write for free list. Franklin Institute, Dept. 602-F, Rochester, N. Y.

PICTURE PLAYS.

WRITE MOVING PICTURE PLAYS. ONE hour after you receive instructions you will be able to write. Information free. Al Bartlett Fil Co., Rhodes Bldg.

YOUR "Lost and Found" ads will be taken over phone. Advertise for your articles in The Georgian and have them

HELP WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE.

SPECIAL WORK for stenographers and office men. Send 10c for contract and details. Good pay to right parties. Postal Law Bureau, Station A, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WANTED,
Cotton Mill Help
SPINNERS AND FRAME HANDS ESPECIALLY.
High Wages.
Fulton Bag & Cotton Mills,
Atlanta, Ga.

WE HAVE several good positions for first-class stenographers. Apply Remington Typewriter Company, 56 North Broad.

PLEASANT, permanent position offered to competent men and women securing new members for modern fraternal order. Write The Patricians, Athens, Ga.

MEN and women, now is the time to learn the barber trade; good wages paid; we teach modern methods; tools furnished; jobs in our shops when competent; call or address Jacksonville Barber College, 822 West Bay street, Jacksonville, Fla.

TEACHERS WANTED.

DURING the next few weeks we will need a number of first-class teachers for emergency calls. Sheridan's Teachers' Agency, 307 Candler Building.

MANY GOOD openings yet. Write for particulars. Foster's Teachers' Agency, Atlanta, Ga.

EDUCATIONAL.

WILL coach limited number of pupils. Best references. Reasonable rates. Ivy 2591-L.

MUSICAL.

WANTED—Piano pupils. 37 East Alexander street. Ivy 7070-J.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

WAYS to make money easy! Quick! Particulars free. Address Box 400, care American and Georgian.

AGENTS—Just out. Hot weather sellers; self-heating iron; 1c does a week's ironing; light in weight; low priced; credit given. Sample free to workers. Address Iron, care American.

AGENTS—Salesmen—Monthly directory of newest, best selling specialties sent free. Address Distributor, Box 53, care American.

WANTED—Four salesmen to sell Carroll-Adams shoes, Brenfield & Sons' silks, ribbons, etc.; dry goods of all kinds. Address Box 366, care Georgian.

REPRESENTATIVE, individual or jobber, to market high-grade structural steel and industrial paint; exclusive Atlanta territory; commission basis; only high-class man with references. Box C-100, care Georgian.

SALESMAN to handle a popular line of fur neckwear and fur muffs as sideline on commission; one who is acquainted with the trade; security for samples required. Answer Samples, Box 9, care American.

$50 PER WEEK easily made; free samples to workers; big seller; premium on every sale; agents get busy. Write quick for our big offer. It sells on sight. Address C. A. M., Box 152, care Georgian.

AGENTS—Would you take steady job, making $30 weekly with opportunity to be district manager at $3,000 yearly? No experience required. My goods are snappy self sellers. Make big money quick by writing me to-day. Learn about our $1,000 contest. E. M. Davis, president, 822 Davis Block, Chicago.

GREATEST dry goods bargains on earth; fine dress lengths, etc. Agents wanted. Address Remnant, Box 24, care Georgian.

WANTED—Stock salesmen; want fifteen high-class stock salesmen, best selling and most highly indorsed proposition offered the investing public; going public will stand rigid investigation. Indorsements alone will sell it. Box U-22, care American.

BLESSING TO AGENTS—Chance of lifetime; enormous sales; hat pin point protectors; surprising terms; sample 10c. D. P., Box 534, care American and Georgian.

SALESMEN WANTED—Earn $100 monthly and expenses; sell cigars. Woodfern Company, New York, N. Y.

SELF-HEATING SAD IRON. It's a beauty; sells for $1; agents' samples; parcel post, 80c; folders free. A-44, care Sunday American.

EVER had experience selling goods? Could you sell a good dollar for 100 cents? If so we can use you. Must be industrious, of good appearance, male or female. Hustlers only. Box V-116, care American.

AGENTS—Salary or commission; greatest seller yet; every user pen and ink buys on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Box 32, care Hearst's American.

ONE person wanted in each locality as general agent for complete line polish mops, self-wringing mops (five styles), fibre brooms. This line can not be duplicated. Hilker Mop Co., 1374 Grand Ave., Chicago.

AGENTS—Handle remarkable money-getter; easy to sell; easy to handle; repeat orders most every house. Write for free sample. Address Southern, Box 9-C, care Georgian.

WANTED—Three real salesmen; men who have ambition to make a permanent connection with old-established firm on high-grade nationally advertised specialty for all classes of retail trade in towns and smaller cities. Producers can connect with $3,000 annually or better more than expenses. References and bond required. Address C, Box 401, care American.

SALESMEN everywhere; $15 daily selling $20 soda fountain. Address Manufacturer, Box 151, care Georgian and American.

TRAVELING SALESMEN.
WE CAN PLACE AT ONCE, IN SOUTHERN TERRITORY, FOUR A-1 TRAVELING SALESMEN WITH THE NEWEST AND STRONGEST SPECIALTY LINE IN THE UNITED STATES TO-DAY. WE TRAVEL ONLY THE LARGER TOWNS AND CITIES, AND THE EARNING POSSIBILITIES ARE VERY GREAT FOR STRONG SALESMEN.
APPLICANTS MUST BE OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE, STRONG PERSONALITY, AND HAVE SUCCESSFUL RECORD AS SALESMEN.
EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY AND TRAVELING EXPENSES ADVANCED; REFERENCES REQ

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

WANTED—A promoter, capable of handling the stock end of a big and successful enterprise on a percentage basis; money now coming in assuring an immediate income. Address Z., Box 510, care American.

AN OPPORTUNITY for several salesmen of proven ability to form a profitable and permanent connection with leading real estate firm. If you have produced in the sale of insurance, stocks and bonds, adding machines, typewriters, scales, books or other kindred lines where real salesmanship is essential, then you can get a contract which will pay you from $3,000 per annum upward. All replies confidential. Address Future, Box 444, care Georgian.

WANTED—Agents. Strong made $159 last week. Sold 52 $5 metal window display bulletin boards in one block. Parker, Box 96, care American.

DEMONSTRATORS for new scientific toilet preparation; a revelation; removes superfluous hair; hairs come out by the roots; any one can use it; never been sold; great money getter; sample 10c; price $1. Address La Ex, care American.

WANTED—Agents; just out. Hot weather seller. Self-heating iron. One cent does a week's ironing. Light in weight. Low priced. Credit given. Thomas, Box 396, care American.

THREE RELIABLE, hustling salesmen for Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana, to sell best oil cans and tanks made, on strictly commission basis. Address Box 357, Fort Worth, Texas.

WANTED—Agents; start at once. Make $5 to $10 every day selling our specialty. Great demand. Investigate. Terrace, Box 106, care American.

FLY KILLING is on; get busy; imported novelty; big seller; profits; fairs, homes, stores, offices. Sample 5c. Address E. N., care American.

WANTED—Good stock salesmen who can sell shares and get the money. Nothing to equal this opportunity. Good commission. X. Y. Z., care American.

THE MISSOURI State Life has $12,000,000 in force in Texas, over $85,000,000 in force in the United States. Wrote in the United States more than $16,000,000 first six months in 1913. Get a contract with a going company while the getting is good. W. H. PATTERSON, manager, 608-609-610 Wilson Building, Dallas, Texas.

WANTED—Alert, ambitious sales manager to establish headquarters and look after entire business in Georgia; exclusive contract. Reference required. Dawn, Box 76, care American.

AGENTS—$20 daily; easy sales; big profits; selling 50c sheet music for 6c. Latest hits, best publishers, largest variety. Write quick. Music, Box 80, care American.

WANTED — Salesmen, demonstrators and agents for a new proposition to be placed on the market this week, with wide advertising campaign. Efficient men and women only. O. S. Company, care American.

WOMEN—Sell guaranteed hosiery to wearer. 70 per cent profit. Also neckwear, handkerchiefs and petticoats. Make $15 daily. Experience unnecessary. Wear Proof, 3036 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Experienced agents can secure exclusive territory with the assurance of increasing business in the introduction of a most desirable patented article which at once appeals to every intelligent housekeeper. Positively no competition. Box H-41, care American.

AGENTS—Hundreds making $50, $75 weekly; sensational offer; $1 nickel-plated safety razor; beautiful chased handle; 25c stick finest quality shaving soap; all 12½c. United, Box 83, care American.

WANTED—Salesmen, male or female, can make big money selling the burglar-proof window guard. No competition. Work, Box 108, care American.

AGENTS—Either sex, sell our specialty; we show you how to make $25 to $50 weekly. Write LeClerc Puncture Repair Works, Bellport, N. Y.

AGENTS—Marvel of the age; patent steel tension shears; every household needs one. Particulars and sample free. Write Enterprise, Box 15, care American.

WANTED—$24 a week, new, patented, automatic cleaner curry comb. Takes just half as long to clean a horse. No clogging with hair and dirt. Big demand. Comb Company, care American.

AGENTS WANTED to sell Fibrsilk neckwear; 100 per cent profit; sample 15c; write for proposition. Fisher Knitting Company, Utica, N. Y.

AGENTS—Double your income selling guaranteed knit goods for largest manufacturer in America. Write for free outfit and particulars of greatest money-making proposition ever offered. Income, Box 638, care Georgian.

WANTED—An active agent in every town at once; 100 per cent profit. Address Capable, Box 158, care American.

WANTED—A live merchant in every town of Tennessee, Arkansas and Mississippi to act as agent for Floyd's Famous Candies. Floyd's, 55 South Main street, Memphis.

SALESMEN—Experienced in any line, to sell general trade in Georgia; unexcelled specialty proposition; commission contract, $35 weekly expenses. Jewelry, 574, care American.

NOTICE—Hat salesman with established trade, Tennessee, Alabama or Mississippi, can make dandy connection; state firm with and how long. Write C. T. A., care Aragon Hotel, Jacksonville, Fla.

AGENTS WANTED—In every town in Georgia to sell Instant-seal guaranteed liquid puncture proof for automobile tires; big commission. Address Union, care American.

THE M'CASKEY REGISTER COMPANY has an opening in desirable territory for competent salesman to market its famous McCaskey System and Carbon Sales Books to retail storekeepers. With a man able to finance himself, large commissions and a favorable contract will be made. Address The McCaskey Register Company, 707-708 Lyric Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

AGENTS—Salesmen can make $50 weekly selling chemical coolers, to hotels, restaurants, butchers and merchants; cool refrigerators and ice boxes, cheaper than ice; the best selling article on the market. Chemical, care American.

AGENTS—Let us show you how to make big money selling new patented specialties; write for new fall catalog. E. Mercer & Co., 727 East 216th street, New York City.

AGENTS—Make $1 an hour with our 86 sensational offers. Here's one offer: Twelve pairs of guaranteed hose, only 85c, with 60c worth of handkerchiefs or garters free. Write quick for free outfit. C. H. Reed & Co., Baltimore, Md.

SALESMEN WANTED to handle our successful merchandise selling proposition; high commissions or salary if you "make good;" experience unnecessary. Answer Success, Box 68, care Georgian.

AGENTS make big money and become sales managers for our goods, establishing growing business of their own. Fast office sellers. Fine profit. Experience unnecessary. Particulars free. Office Equipment Co., Albany, Ga. 7-13-253

WANTED—An active agent in every town at once; 100 per cent profit; particulars free. Address Special, Box 514, care American.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

WANTED—Representative for a high-grade steam specialty; practical steam man or man with established territory preferred. Do not object to selling non-competitive goods. M., Box 502, care American.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell Springfield's celebrated shampoo; cures dandruff, failing hair; big profit; sample 10c. R. Langfield Chemical Laboratory, 39 College street, Buffalo, N. Y.

AGENTS—Money is always useful; get our plan and make lots of money; do it now; free sample. The Kossuth Supply Company, 4097 Kossuth avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Traveling salesman by a New York importer of laces and embroideries, for the State of Georgia; state age, experience and references. B. A., Box 21, care American.

AGENTS—Do not accept any offer until you have ours. Write for free sample and full catalog of whirlwind sellers. Kreisher Sales Company, 145 North Railroad street, Bellevue, Ohio.

GENERAL AGENT—In every city, to sell the new fender and license holder for autos; every Ford must have one; $1 per set. Klorb Company, Hamilton, Ohio.

FIELD unlimited for this rapid seller; agents can get rich with it; every one you approach needs it; nine out of ten will buy; send for proofs; they will convince you; 100 per cent profit. Address S. N., Box 51, American.

MEN WANTED—To sell a picture of our presidents and their biography; 11 by 14 inches in color; send 6c in stamps for sample. William Pike, 19 East Fourteenth street, New York City.

SALESMAN, big commissions; unlimited possibilities; large profits by giving part of entire time selling novelty punch board deals; something new. Address Manager, 4, American.

ROAD WORK—Must be refined, with good habits; good salary; steady employment. Call W. A. Henry, 644 York street, Newport, Ky.

SUCCESSFUL salesmen working small country towns can increase their earnings from $65 to $75 per week selling our line of fancy fruit ciders, 25 per cent commission; prompt settlements; sight samples. R. C., Box 87, American.

SALESMEN WANTED to work Ohio, Michigan, Indiana and Kentucky; salary or commission basis; big money to live men; steady, pleasant work; must give reference. Box 776, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SALESMEN WANTED—For vacancy in Georgia, traveling salesman, experienced in specialty or advertising line; man worth good compensation can secure permanent, well-paying position, with splendid chance for rapid advancement; well-known manufacturer; staple, well-advertised line. Permanent, Box 48, care American.

SALESMEN—By new manufacturing process we make quality whips and beat competition. Largest, oldest and strongest independent whip line made. Commission, 25 per cent. Peck Whip Company, Kansas City, Mo.

SALESMAN—Georgia territory open; must be producer; excellent opening; staple line; expenses advanced against commission contract; references required. Address Commission, care American.

AGENTS make 500 per cent profit selling "Novelty Sign Cards." Merchants buy 10 to 100 on sight. 806 varieties. Catalogue free. Sullivan Company, 1234 VanBuren street, Chicago, Ill.

NATIONAL VACUUM CLEANER. PATENTED and guaranteed; more than 197,000 satisfied customers in United States and Canada; best known vacuum cleaner on the market; see new metal flexible spring adjusting nozzle; also makers of fast selling Daisy three-bellows sweeper type machine. Write for prices. Address Daisy, care American.

AGENTS—A great proposition. Easiest and best selling article on the market. Write for particulars. The McKenzie Specialty Company, 510 East Eighth street, Rome, Ga.

SALESMAN wanted to sell our fall line of dry goods and blankets to retail merchants; fine side line for traveling men. Liberal commission. Address Box 71, American.

AGENTS, canvassers, crew managers, salesmen wanted, every community, for our famous section and eight-cake $1 soap assortments; advertising price 25c; costs you 12½c; attractive premiums given; everybody buys; lose no time getting our list of money getters. Moore Bros. Co., manufacturers, established 1880, 288 Greenwich street, New York.

AGENTS—The folding tray-wagon is the latest step-saver for women—the greatest one since the kitchen cabinet; useful every day in every home; all steel; light and strong; easy sales; handsome profits; no competition. Write quick for agents' proposition. Address Folder, Box 5, care American.

WANTED—Agents everywhere to sell necessity; demand growing daily; easy seller and good pay. Pinnacle Supply Company, Richland, S. C.

AGENTS—New profitable field; brilliant Mexican diamonds; exactly resemble genuine; defy experts; quick sales; large commissions. Send for special offer. Box 60, care American.

LIVE AGENTS—Here's your opportunity. Send at once for free particulars regarding easily demonstrated high grade specialty. Bess Manufacturing Company, Bessemer City, N. C.

AGENTS—To handle specialty that sells on sight; sure repeater; big profits; ask for particulars. Address F, Box 75, American.

HERE'S A REAL PROPOSITION to agents and salesmen: The Swedish Rhythmic Vibrator for home vibratory massage treatments. Relieves rheumatism, neuralgia, constipation, catarrh and all chronic afflictions. Sells to the home, to physicians, masseurs, osteopaths, chiropracters, barbers, beauty parlors and electrical dealers. Gives 150 per cent commission. One sale a day earns $90 a week. Unprecedented business and money-making opportunity. Write for territory immediately. Swedish Vibrator Company, 92 Vibrator Building, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—$25 a week for two hours work a day. A brand-new hosiery proposition that beats them all. Write for terms and free samples if you mean business. Guaranteed Hosiery Company, 1929 Wayne Building, Dayton, Ohio.

AGENTS WANTED—For new auto device. Record-breaking sales everywhere. Big money. Full particulars given free. Write to-day. Address Phoenix Specialty Company, Asheville, N. C.

CUT your ice bill in two. "Lessice" the original ice-saving blanket, keeps ice box colder, will last a season, 12c postpaid; good proposition for agents. The George A. Page Company, 34-36 West Fourth street, Charlotte, N. C.

SALESMAN of ability to sell widely advertised soda fountain specialty in the South; straight salary and expenses; state age, experience and references. Address D. P., Box 860, care Georgian.

PORTRAIT AGENTS—Send your work direct to artist and get better work. We get order out on time. Prices to suit your trade. Stevens Bros., 23½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

WANTED—Salesman to sell Puncture Seal, the only preparation on the market that will successfully eliminate tire trouble; four wanted for Atlanta and one agent for every town in South. Write or call quick. 407 Edgewood Ave., Puncture Seals Co.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads. 3 lines 1 time, 10c; 3 times, 20c; 7 times, 40c.

SITUATION WANTED—Experienced window trimmer and show card writer wants position by middle of August or first of September. I am also experienced in gent's furnishing goods. Will work steady or will not buy with the windows. Can furnish the best of references. Address Box Y-710, care Georgian.

YOUNG MAN, 28, married, ambitious, fine reference, in need of work; any kind. Address E. W. M., Box 840, care Georgian.

BY YOUNG MAN, 20 years of age, position as assistant bookkeeper or general office work. Bell phone West 402-J.

WANTED—Position as man cook, on North Side. J. S. H., 349 North Butler street. $6 a week.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Plumber, all-around man, 30 years old, would like steady position with building company, or corporation, long experience. Address J., Box 67, care American.

AN experienced bookkeeper, with A-1 references, desires a set of books to keep after 6 o'clock. Address F., Box 637, care Georgian.

WANTED—Gentleman of culture and extensive travel is open to engagement as companion to elderly gentleman for fall and winter. South Seas, Hawaii or the Orient preferred. Reasonable. Address Y, Box 564, care American.

WANTED—Position as city salesman by experienced man; best of references as to character and ability. G., Box 889, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—By thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and mercantile man capable of managing a business; A-No. 1 reference; age 31; married; steady, moral; at present holding good position in Florida. Desires to make change. Write me. I may be the man you want. Address Box O-201, care Georgian.

YOUNG married man will accept position as mechanic, demonstrator or chauffeur, had five years experience at the automobile business. Best references. N. Q., care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by ex-New York coachman and chauffeur, with private family where good, careful driving economy, sobriety and courtesy will be appreciated; married, aged 40, one child. Box X-20, care American.

POSITION as electrician or wireman; twelve years experience; no objection to out of town. Address Box 880, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young man, 22 years old, who has had country experience in handling small engines; would like something in the machinery line where trade could be learned. Address Box 1421, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—By well-educated German, 31 years; speaks four languages, with eight years' experience in office work; competent bookkeeper; wants permanent office position or as salesman. Will accept position with good possibilities for a trial month. Address Box U-701, care Georgian.

TAILORING SALESMAN—Experienced office man open for position September 1; want permanent position with opportunity to purchase interest in company; best of references. Address Reliable, Box 20, care Georgian.

YOUNG MAN of steady habits experienced bookkeeper and cashier, or expert shipping clerk, wants position with large concern; employed at present. H. H., care Georgian.

SIDE LINE by traveling salesman covering Georgia. Opportunity, Box 305, care Georgian.

WANTED—Place as man cook or housekeeper on North Side. J. S. H., 349 North Butler St.

WANTED—Position by licensed druggist; four years' experience; good references. Address H. C., Box 600, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position to learn to be chauffeur, at a sacrifice of wages. Standard phone 5259-. Oswald Freeman, 28 Vine street.

CHAUFFEUR desires position with private family; make all repairs; six years' experience; careful, competent; no bad habits; can furnish good references; white (American), age 21; neat. Address C. E. Booker, 124 South Blount street, Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED—Position by reliable colored man as butler. Can do any kind of house and yard work. Address Joseph Burdett, Decatur, Ga.

YOUNG MAN wishes employment as city collector; will give good reference. Address J. E. M., care Georgian.

POSITION WANTED in Atlanta by male stenographer; married; five years' experience; best references; thoroughly familiar with law office work. Stenographer, care Georgian.

YOUNG MAN with four years' banking experience wants position as salesman. Address Live Wire, care Georgian.

MARRIED MALE TEACHER, AGE 30, EIGHT YEARS' SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE; UNUSUALLY AGGRESSIVE; ESSENTIALLY A SCHOOL-BUILDER. OPEN FOR OFFER. H. J. CLARK, GLENNVILLE, GA.

COLORED MAN desires position as experienced presser or porter. R. L. Crawford, 97 Ivy street.

WANTED—Position by middle-aged married man; shoe or dry goods store; have had several years' experience. Can be ready September 1. Best of references. Address A. L. J., P. O. Box 44, Clem, Ga.

HONEST, reliable colored man wants a position as butler or houseman, with room on premises; can do cooking for small family if preferred. Address S. Morris, 293 Auburn avenue.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires work where hard work is appreciated. Spurgeon Moore, Buford, Ga.

SIX HOURS FOR SALE per day by good business man; quick; A-1 reference. Mellgg, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position on gentleman's country place as working foreman. Am trained in care of automobile, motor boats, horses, landscaping or anything connected with such a place. No liquor, no tobacco. References from best families. Foreman, Box 26, care American.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, general office man; long experience; open for position. Address D. C. A., Box 878, care Georgian.

ENGINEER, now employed, desires change; position preferred in large electric plant or office building. Address Engineer, Box 800, care Georgian.

PAINTER wants work on automobiles, carriages or wagons. Write G. T. K., Box 34, East Point, Ga.

WE BOTTOM all kinds of cane chairs in the old original way; 20 years' experience. Georgie Askew, 20 Horton.

WANTED—By reliable, sober young white man, position as cook; am first class, nice and clean. References. Frank Bridges, Weaver, Ala.

WANTED—Position as foreman on large farm; experience; best of references. Box 21, Duluth, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED—In drug store, or to run small drug store in small place. Young man, single, registered, eight years' experience; best references; moderate wages; no bad habits. Address Box W-181, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position as furniture salesman; experience; best of references. Box 21, Duluth, Ga.

PAINTER, paperhanger, hardwood finisher, all around man, open for position. Address C. H. Crockett, 106 Cherokee Ave.

SITUATION WANTED—Young man, age 18, capable and reliable, two years with last employer, wants place with substantial firm where there is a chance of advancement. Address Box M-710, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position as teamster; can furnish reference as to my ability; can drive as many as twenty mules if necessary. 62 Kelly streets place.

WANTED—Highly educated Spanish young man desires position. Graduated bookkeeper, some stenography. English, Spanish, some French and Italian. Meneces, Box 22, care American.

WANTED—Position as driver or collector; know city well; saafey no object; want work. J. O. G, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young man of experience and ability to act as salesman or manager for retail tailoring establishment. Address Box 311, care Georgian.

POSITION as engineer, hoisting engine, concrete mixer or rollerman. W. O. B., care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—By thoroughly competent gent's furnishing and clothing salesman. Would like a chance by August 15. Can furnish best references. Employed now. Address Box Z-178, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by reliable man with ten years experience in grocery store; willing to do any honest work. Address G. G. G., Box 25, care Georgian.

POSITION WANTED by an A-1 salesman; Southern territory preferred. Best of references. Address A No. 1, care Georgian.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SITUATION WANTED—An American young man, 21, speaking and writing Spanish fluently, desires position with manufacturing concern. Any respectable position considered. Address Box S-630, care Georgian.

EXPERT auto tire repairer, with factory and shop experience of more than two years, desires good location. Address H. A. J., Box 655, care Georgian.

YOUNG MAN of 21, moderate education, ambitious and willing, wants situation as collector and office work; does not use tobacco or intoxicants; best of references. Address M. G. W., 291 Whitehall street.

MAN, 30 years old, wants position as night watchman or other work. Address A. B., Box 508, care Georgian.

WANTED—Place with railroad by an experienced filing clerk who uses typewriter. An young man and willing, as well as anxious, to work. Address A. G., Box 10, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young man aged 25; high school education; good penman and calculator. Must have work at once; past profession, teaching. Address F., Box 17, care Georgian.

REGISTERED druggist, now employed, wants to locate in smaller town; references. A. J. H., care McIntyre Pharmacy, Savannah, Ga.

PRACTICAL, registered druggist desires position; temperate and good references. Address "Trional," care American.

WANTED—Young man wants work tracing or plotting maps or doing surveying, calculating. Have had experience. Best references. Surveyor, Box 24, care American.

WANTED—Position by capable young man; experienced salesman, but would accept any kind of inside work. Address C. A. P., care Georgian.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, perpetually employed for three years, desires change. Reasonable salary to begin if good future. Prefers part stenographic and part outdoor work if possible. Box 411, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position at any kind of honest work by young man with three years' experience in grocery business; good references. C., Box 898, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position as meat cutter and grocery clerk combined; 5 years' experience. Box 437, care Georgian.

PICTURE SHOW manager, singer and trap drummer open for position. Address Chas. Crockett, 106 Cherokee Ave.

WANTED—By colored man, position as first-class cook. Address Cook, Box 354 care Georgian.

RELIABLE, experienced colored chauffeur wants position at once. Call at 124 Howell St.

AS REPRESENTATIVE of some corporation or salesman; for some firm at Macon, or on the road. Willing to work one month to demonstrate my ability. Can furnish references. Address Honest Gentleman, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—By auto tire repair man; six years' experience in some of the largest shops in the country. Know the position thoroughly and know how to show a profit. Address Box L-401, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young man as pressman; Will accept reasonable salary. Address Press, Box 495, care Georgian.

POSITION as timekeeper or material man; can furnish reference. C. F. L., care Georgian.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads. 3 lines 1 time, 10c; 3 times, 20c; 7 times, 40c.

EXPERIENCED, capable stenographer, for good reason, wishes to change position. Address S. St., Box 161, care American.

AN experienced and capable housekeeper wants position where competency and worth are appreciated. Address A., 931, care Georgian.

A GRADUATE of the Georgia Normal and Industrial College at Milledgeville, Ga., with one year's experience license, desires a position as teacher of sixth, seventh or eighth grade; a good country place would also be desirable. Address A. L. Reynolds, R. F. D. No. 2, Thomson, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED—Position as companion by refined Christian elderly lady wanted; best of references. Address Box R-409, care Georgian.

UNDERGRADUATE nurse with highest city references wants patients in city or country; children's diseases a specialty. Clara, Main 2263-J.

SITUATION WANTED—Educated, capable woman wants position in doctor's office, or similar work; half days or otherwise. Address Box K-731, care Georgian.

POSITION by competent lady stenographer; four years' experience; can take charge correspondence; collection agency preferred. L. B. N., 923 Fourth Ave., Columbus, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED—Thoroughly experienced telephone operator with responsible concern; seven years' experience with private exchange work; best references; no agents. Address Box T-501, care Georgian.

EXPERIENCED, competent young lady stenographer desires position; now employed; salary $10 per week. A. L., care Georgian.

WANTED—Position in office as maid by colored girl. Address L. F., rear 485 Courtland St.

REFINED, middle-aged lady desires managing housekeeper's position; widower's home preferred. Mrs. S., care Georgian.

WANTED—Teacher's place in musical department by young lady with musical diploma and medal; one year's experience. Address Miss Powell, Gordon, Ga.

IF YOU WANT a bright, competent stenographer, call Main 5542 or Atlanta phone 3776.

PLAIN SEWING WANTED. Apply to Mrs. Anna Martin, 94 McAfee street, city.

SITUATION WANTED—Teacher of vocal music and French wishes to exchange lessons for board in refined, quiet family living in select neighborhood. Address G-201, care Georgian.

YOUNG lady stenographer employed at present desires position immediately. Can give excellent references. Address C. G., 408 Mulberry St., Macon, Ga.

WANTED—Position with small family as housekeeper or will keep house for widower. Address M. J. J., 38 Haden street.

WANTED—Position by young lady as stenographer; age 19. Call M. 1419-J. 620 Capitol Ave.

WANTED—A situation by a white woman as working housekeeper; a fine cook; best of experience. Miss C., Box 28, care Georgian.

COLORED GIRL wishes position as maid or nurse with kind good family of people that will permit room on place, as she has no home; can furnish references. Address 748 Peldmont ave.

A YOUNG LADY, experienced in lunch counter work, would like position; smart and a good worker. Address Good Worker, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position, first-class manicurist, first-class place, in or out of the city. Address G., care Georgian.

A SITUATION as housekeeper for widower, by a refined, unincumbered, settled lady. Address Housekeeper, 42½ Decatur St.

GOVERNESS wishes position in refined home; high school graduate, with college training. Music a specialty. Address Miss M., care Georgian.

STENOGRAPHIC and general office work, or private secretary; ten years' experience in medical line. Call Main 5224-J.

SITUATION WANTED—Expert masseuse wants position in sanitarium, or institution, or with private lady in summer resort; doctor's certificate. Address Box I-149, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young lady as stenographer; three years' experience. Address A. R. W., Box 80, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—Experienced long hand bill clerk wants position; good footer and extender; four years general office experience; can do light bookkeeping. Address Box P-803, care Georgian.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SITUATION WANTED — Middle-aged lady, college graduate, teacher, ten years' experience, would like to make a home for two or three children; would give personal supervision or private instruction if desired; arrangements must be made before September 1. Address Box W-810, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position as stenographer or bookkeeper or the combination, by young lady employed at present, but desires change. Six months experience. Miss C. K. O., Box 115, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—French dressmaker, formerly with Marshall Field in Chicago, wants position; perfect fitter. Address Box W-709, care Georgian.

COLORED GIRL wants position as maid; can give good reference; at once. 105 Rankin St. Can't stay on place.

EXPERIENCED lady stenographer desires position by September 1. Competent, accurate and a hard worker. A-1 references. No objection to small town. Address B. G. G., care A. N. C., Livingston, Ala.

SITUATION WANTED—Young lady wants position as librarian in law office or educational institution; has experience of stenography, typewriter and bookkeeping; also experienced in law work. Address Box P-171, care Georgian.

A GOOD COOK would like a place to cook. 316 Hilliard St.

DRESSMAKING—DRESSMAKERS.

WANTED—Sewing; private homes; $1.25 per day; first-class dressmaker 374 E. Hunter.

ICE CREAM—ICES.

Velvet Ice Cream The Best in Atlanta. 26 East North avenue. Ivy 6849.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Good set second-hand market fixtures; give full description and value. Address P. O. Box 367, Griffin, Ga.

PESS" wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FEATHERS—Wanted, to buy old goose feather beds and pillows at once. Call Atlanta phone 1548.

WANTED—To buy all kinds of second-hand household and office furniture. Cameron Furniture Co., 85 S. Forsyth street.

DROP A CARD. We'll bring cash for old clothes and shoes. "The Vestaire," 166 Decatur St. 7-25-13

SPOT CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD Best prices for articles of old gold and platinum of every description. General Assaying and Smelting Works, 697 Empire Life Building, Atlanta, Ga.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

I BUY MEN'S old clothes and shoes. Drop a card. I. Bock, 177 Gilmer street.

WE PAY HIGHEST cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture. Cash advanced on consignments. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell street. Bell phone Main 2424.

FOR EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS

WILL EXCHANGE one of my electric cars for lot of equal value or will swap for good gas car Dr. Kesner, Walton Building.

FOR EXCHANGE—Black Orpington hen and nineteen chicks for small gas stove or something of equal value, or $3.50. 206 Spring St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE. MISCELLANEOUS.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

SEND $2.50 for 1,000 plants, raspberry, dewberry, grape vines, etc., cabbage, and tomato plants. John Lightfoot, East Chattanooga, Tenn.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY—Seventy-two-page illustrated catalogue sent for 2c stamp; goods guaranteed or money back. Kelleher Brothers & Sullivan, 82 Front street, Worcester, Mass. Desk 10.

EMPTY Coca Cola and syrup barrels for sale, 45 to 50 gallons; also empty kegs, 5 and 10 gallons. Make price f. o. b. Eastman, Ga. McRae's Pharmacy, Eastman, Ga.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co.

FOR SALE—One mahogany bed and dresser. Apply 154 Park avenue, Atlanta.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

ACCOUNT being overstocked, we offer for sale at very cheap prices carriages, tallyhos, surreys, beach wagons, buggies and single and double harness. Not worn-out stuff, but in first-class condition. Newsom Stable Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Complete I. C. S. shorthand course $20, cost $45. W. C. Mobley, care Empire Cotton Oil Company, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Cheap, mission dining table, oak dining table, four oak dining chairs and oak buffet. Phone W. 729-J.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

SECOND-HAND SAFES—All sizes, home safes $15.00; Hall's bank and fireproof safes, vault doors, etc. C. J. Daniel, 416 Fourth National Bank Building. 9-7-33

FOR SALE—Moving picture machines, chairs, curtains and all supplies at lowest prices. W. H. Peck, Rhodes Building, Atlanta, Ga. 4-6-23

BURROUGHS adding machine, in perfect condition. Call M. 2104.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—Two new Herring & Hall safes, 5 feet by 4 feet. Call Main 3194.

REMINGTON typewriter for sale at sacrifice, in perfect condition. Call Main 2104.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co.

FOR SALE—Furniture for five-room apartment, good as new. Phone Ivy 876.

FOR SALE—Plate glass, 72 by 129 inches; also two showcases, two tables. 49 East Hunter street.

FOR SALE—One antique chair, in good condition; will sell cheap. Address Box 487, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Forty thousand feet of oak and poplar in lumber. Write C. D. Estes, Dallas, Ga., Wholesale Dealer.

FOR SALE—Fine household furniture, stoves, linoleum and shades; in good condition; bargain prices. 513 S. Pryor.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

20,000 NEW NAMES. ADDRESS H., 32½ PEACHTREE STREET.

FOR SALE—Tent, 12 by 24, complete, ton 12-ounce duck, used fifteen weeks, sacrifice price $18. First checks gets it by return freight or express. Hardy J. Clark, Glennville, Ga.

FOR SALE—One National bicycle, in good condition. Call Ivy 3465-J.

FOR SALE—A $37 kitchen range, in perfect condition, for $15. Call at 626 Piedmont ave.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

FURNITURE FOR SALE. FURNITURE FOR SALE.

DEAR HOME LOVER:

DOES your home give you all the comfort and satisfaction you would like?

AS WE ALL KNOW, nothing goes further toward making the home cozier and more comfortable than the right kind of furnishings. Not certain styles or makes, but the right kind in regard to service and appearance.

WE HAVE SPENT many years in furnishing homes in and around Atlanta. We have studied the needs of the different homes and rooms; we have tested the different articles that go into the home, and have brought together an assortment of home furnishings that we are proud of. We believe in them and want you to. That is why we guarantee satisfaction.

OUR STOCK is well arranged; easy to see. You will always receive courteous treatment whether on an inspection or buying trip; and with our store service we are sure you will be satisfied.

THE HOME OF THE HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINETS.

Ed. Matthews & Co.

23 E. Alabama St.

BETWEEN WHITEHALL AND PRYOR STS.

Walker-Cooley Furniture Company

87-89 S. FORSYTH STREET.

Bell Phone Main 2785.

WE ARE SELLING furniture cheaper for cash than any store in Atlanta, as we are out of the high-rent district. See us before buying.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

$25 WILL BUY

SOLID walnut marble-top sideboard, large walnut extension dining table, good kitchen coal range, Smyrna rug, 12 by 14; 92 Gordon street. Phone West 747.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co.

FOR SALE—Meat market fixtures and large floor cases, cheap. For information, call Ivy 7977-J or Atlanta phone 909.

FOR SALE—Roll-top desk. 173 Walker street; $8.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

FOR SALE—We ship the best grade of crimson clover seed, rye, barley and all other kinds of field seed, direct to farmers, at close prices. Write for quotations. Nashville Field Seed Co., Nashville, Tenn.

GAS RANGE, base burner and hot water heater; good condition; cheap. Ivy 1333.

DIAMOND FOR SALE.

A REAL GEM—Solitaire—Diamond—In about a karat. Call at room 201 Equitable Building; will sell on terms to reasonable party.

FOR SALE—Rock quarrying and crushing outfit. Steam drill, No. 3 National crusher, 20-horsepower Ajax engine, rock hammer, blacksmith outfit, etc. Address Outfit, Box 876, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Large gas stove, $8; combination oak bookcase and writing desk, $10; both nearly new. 154 Park Avenue, Grant Park.

TWO SMALL National cash registers. Good condition, cheap. W. J. Garner, 250 Marietta street.

FOR SALE—Desirable bedroom, hall and kitchen furniture; in good condition. For inspection, call only between 9 a. m. and 1 p. m. 379 Washington St.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—Two rolltop desks in good condition; will sell cheap. Address Box 437, care Georgian.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co.

FURNITURE BARGAINS every day. S. M. Snider, 145 South Pryor street. Phone Main 1421.

Velvet Ice Cream Made Philadelphia Famous. Now made in Atlanta. 26 E. North. Ivy 6849.

SAFES, FILES, cabinets, new and second-hand. Geokin Bank and Office Equipment Company, 113-115 North Pryor Street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR RENT.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. ... We MOST COMPLETE line in South. rent only first-class machines—Remingtons, Monarchs and Smith Premiers. Rental rates from $1.67 to $3 per month per machine.

Remington Typewriter Co 56 NORTH BROAD STREET.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. 4 MONTHS FOR $5 AND UP. Rebuilt typewriters, $23 to $75. American Writing Machine Co., 48 North Pryor St. Phone Main 2526.

PIANO BARGAINS.

THREE PLAYER-PIANOS AT FACTORY COST.

I HAVE 3 PLAYER-PIANOS LEFT OUT OF SIX CARLOAD SHIPMENTS SINCE FIRST OF YEAR. I AM A FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE FOR ONE OF THE BEST KNOWN PIANO MANUFACTURERS IN THIS COUNTRY. I WAS DUE AT FACTORY ON AUGUST 1, BUT COULD NOT LEAVE ON ACCOUNT OF THESE PLAYERS. SAY, THERE ARE SOME BARGAINS HERE FOR A PLAYER-PIANO BUYER. HURRY. TO-DAY IS THE DAY. ADDRESS FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE, BOX 727, CARE ATLANTA GEORGIAN.

AUTOMOBILES AND SUPPLIES.

SAVE your auto and motorcycle tires by using Auto Puncture Cure. Seals valve leaks and all punctures up to 20-penny spikes automatically at once; pre

POULTRY
Pet and Live Stock

Bantams.

BANTAMS—Game bantams, Sebrights, Buff Cochins. Carlisle Cobb, Athens, Ga. 4-26-30

Doves.

FOR SALE—Ring doves, white doves, guinea pigs, spotted rats, white rats, fancy mice, fancy pigeons. John M. Ornellas, 1719 East Mason street, Springfield, Ill.

Dogs.

FOR SALE—Very cheap, a fine male watch dog; six months old; a dandy. L. Grossman, 96 White hall street.

Ducks.

35 WHITE INDIAN RUNNER Ducks; all the first prize winners, including first, pen at Atlanta November 1912. 110 in class. About eight drakes, balance ducks; $35 for lot. Must have the room. Bell phone Decatur 195. John Low Smith, 241 Peters street, Atlanta.

Guineas.

WANTED—Some young guineas. R. R. W., 3-5-7 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

Leghorns.

BRED TO LAY—March and April hatched White Leghorn pullets, $1.25 each; in lots of 100, $1 each; cockerels, $1, $1.50, $2 and $3 each; May hatched pullets, $1 each; in lots of 100, 75c each. Hunt's Poultry Farm, Valdosta, Ga.

1,500 GRAND White Leghorns; breeders; of our celebrated "Model" strain; in perfect health; pure white, and heavy layers; must have room; sacrifice price, $1 each. Order to-day. Model Poultry Farm, "The Farm of Quality," Box G, Colbert, Ga. 6-17-29

FOR SALE—S. C. White Leghorn yearling hens; also a few choice cock birds. Satisfaction guaranteed. Arnold Egg Farm, Hapeville, Ga. Telephone East Point 324.

Seeds.

SEEDS

J. C. M'MILLAN, JR.,

HAS

OPENED

AT

23 S. BROAD ST.

WITH

A FULL AND

COMPLETE LINE OF

GARDEN, FIELD AND

FLOWER SEEDS,

POULTRY SUPPLIES

AND PET STOCK.

WE INVITE OUR

FRIENDS TO COME

AND INSPECT OUR

LINE OF GOODS.

ALL PHONE OR-

DERS APPRECIATED

AND PROMPTLY

FILLED.

PHONE

MAIN 912

ATLANTA 912

J. C. McMILLAN

JR.

SEED CO.

23 S. BROAD

STREET

S

E

E

D

S

POULTRY, PET AND LIVE STOCK.
Leghorns.

FOR SALE—One thoroughbred White Leghorn cock; excellent stock; reasonable. W. 742-J. 297 Lawton.

FOR SALE—One fine thoroughbred Brown Leghorn cock; finest breed; reasonable. Phone W. 742-J. 297 Lawton.

Magazines.

RELIABLE POULTRY JOURNAL, the leading poultry magazine for fanciers, exhibitors and farmers; 84 to 224 pages monthly. Illustrated. Department for every branch of the business. Subscribe now and save money. Only 50c a year. W. Grady, Southern Agent, Pendleton Street, Greenville, S. C.

Orpingtons.

WHITE ORPINGTONS for sale, four hens, one cockerel, $15, six hens, one cock, $20; ten hens, one cockerel, $25; five cockerels, $5 each. H. A. Black, Cartersville, Ga. 1-23-7

Plymouth Rocks.

AT THE SOUTHERN International show our one pen entry of Barred Rocks won first pen and the grand sweepstakes cup for the best pen in the show, all breeds competing. We also won grand sweepstakes on our Barred Plymouth Rock cock at Georgia Poultry Association Show. We are booking orders for a few settings of eggs from this grand pen. Atlanta Poultry Yards, 582 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. 1-25-2

Poultry—All Varieties.

MAKE MONEY WITH POULTRY.

AMERICAN POULTRY is a magazine devoted entirely to helping earnest men and women make a financial success of poultry raising. Its staff of writers is composed entirely of those who have made a practical, instead of theoretical, success of poultry farming, and who are glad to pass on the results of their hard-earned experience to AMERICAN POULTRY readers. There are many pitfalls in the path of the novice which may be entirely avoided by those who will follow the teachings set forth in this magazine. It fully explains how to make a start, how to construct houses, coops, and other devices, how to get a large egg yield, how to cure and prevent disease, how to fatten, how to get the top price for eggs, how to use incubators and hundreds of other points which every one wishes to know. It explains the famous secret system through which poultrymen have become rich and afterwards, for hundreds of dollars. AMERICAN POULTRY is a large, handsomely illustrated, monthly journal, well printed on fine paper, and should be found on file in the home of every poultry lover. No beginner in the poultry business should think of being without it. It will save him many times the small subscription price. The advanced poultryman will also find it of great value; the articles being varied in their scope.

SPECIAL OFFER. The regular price of AMERICAN POULTRY is 50c per year, but in order to introduce it to several thousand new readers, we will, for a short time, give a large 200-page poultry book, which is a complete guide in the poultry business, absolutely free to every one sending 50c for a yearly subscription or $1.00 for a three-year-subscription to AMERICAN POULTRY. A trial six months' subscription (without book) will be sent for 25c. Never has so much been offered for so small a sum. Advantage of this offer should be taken at once.

AMERICAN POULTRY.
Savoy Bldg. Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

ONE 300-egg Cyphers incubator, new, $30; one 240-egg Cyphers incubator, new, $25; one 70-egg Cyphers incubator, new, $10; one 100-egg Queen incubator, new, $10; one 100-egg Buckeye incubator, new, $8; one 100-chick Cyphers outdoor brooder, new, $12; one 100-chick Cyphers adaptable hover, new, $6. Guarantee to please. Order from this ad. Oak Dean Farm, Stone Mountain, Ga.

Poultry—Disinfectants.

AGASCO-SPRAY

WILL RID your premises of mites, lice, fleas and ants. It is ready for immediate use with brush or spray pump. When applied to poles and nests it eradicates lice and mites so effectually that fowls do not have to be carried through that inconvenient and nerve-racking process of dipping. Manufactured by Atlanta Gas Light Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Poultry Remedies.

ARE your hens paying their board? If not, Southern Poultry Remedy is the best thing to give them now. It's guaranteed. Price 25c and 50c at all seed stores and dealers.

Poultry, Plants and Seeds.

H. G. HASTINGS & CO.

SEEDS AND POULTRY SUPPLIES.
BOTH PHONES 2568.

IF OUR CUSTOMERS living on the North and South Side place their orders before 9 o'clock and the ones in Inman Park and West End before 2 o'clock, they will be delivered the same day the orders are given. We are trying to give the very best service possible, and if our customers will bear in mind the hours that our deliveries leave the store it will insure prompt service.

IT IS ABSOLUTELY necessary for chickens to have green food during the winter. This can easily be supplied if you will plant out a small patch of rye and rape. They both grow very rapidly and will furnish an abundance of green food all the winter. Now is the time to plant.

THIS IS THE MOULTING SEASON, and that means that the hens should be fed a good tonic. Pratt's Poultry Regulator and Conkey's Laying Tonic insure a quick and complete moult, and that means plenty of eggs during the fall and winter when they bring the high prices; 25c, 50c and $1.00 package.

AVOID GIVING YOUR CHICKENS scratch feed with too much corn in it at this season. Use Red Comb Scratch. The percentage of corn is very small, but it has just the kinds of grain that they need now; $2.25 per 100 pounds.

DON'T OVERLOOK giving charcoal—it helps to keep down indigestion, and it is essential that the chickens have it.

A NEW IMPORTATION of Hartz Mountain Canaries, dandy little singers, at $2.50 each.

GET YOUR TURNIP SEED FROM HASTINGS' if you want the freshest and best.

WE HAVE some beautiful Ferns, and are selling them very low—come in and see them.

KEEP A CLOSE watch and don't let the lice and mites get a start of you. We have preparations that are guaranteed to kill them.

POULTRY, PET AND LIVE STOCK.
Wyandottes.

ONE pen 8 hens and cock for $10; one pen 8 hens and cock for $15; one pen 8 hens and cock for $20; 200 young golden laced Wyandottes for sale. W. D. Bennett, Molena, Ga. 7-27-19

ON ACCOUNT of being crowded, I will sell at a sacrifice twenty White Wyandotte hens and forty pullets. Tell me your wants and I will make the price right. A. G. Wilson, Lithonia, Ga.

Dogs.

TRAINED BEAGLES, rabbit hounds, fox hounds, broke on fox and rabbits, coon, opossum, skunk hounds, deer, bear, wolf hounds, setters, pointers, ferrets, guinea pigs, etc. Brown's Kennels, York, Pa.

FOR SALE—Redbone hounds, trained for fox, cats, coons, opossums and squirrels. Also young stock ready for training. Prices reasonable. Robert A. Smith, Robertstown, Ga.

Hogs.

THE GREAT MULE-FOOT HOG—A hog with great vitality, a hog that is fast coming to the front. Write for prices. Stock of all ages for sale. Hunt's Poultry Farm, Valdosta, Ga.

Horses, Mules, Vehicles, Etc.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE—The horse Helmet, sired by Baron Blizzard, son of Baron Wilkes, first dam Pearl by R. A. Pounds, second dam by Helmet; third dam by Eland. This horse, Helmet, has as much blue blood in his veins as any horse in this country; is young and fine buggy horse; rides well. Call at 35 South Forsyth street, Branan's Stables, look at him; drive him; ride him; fine walk-trot gait; then you'll buy.

SHETLAND PONY, bridle and saddle, won as ninth pick in Georgian pony contest. Can see same at 43 White street. West 1112-J.

FOR SALE—One horse and delivery wagon. Apply 309 East Hunter street.

WANTED—Second-hand surrey; must be a bargain. J. C. H., Box 1265.

D. MORGAN, high-class harness and saddles. 135 Whitehall street.

WANTED—Sound horse or mule for farm work. Want to rent with privilege of buying. Farmer, care Georgian.

Seeds.

BUSH SEEDS—The New Fourteen Ton, Sweet Germain, Broadstone, and 6ther standard sorts. Rye, barley and oats at Mark W. Johnson Seed Co., 35 South Pryor street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate; lowest rates; no delay; purchase money notes bought. Address P. S., Box 125, care Georgian.

LOANS $25.00 AND UP.

On Furniture, Pianos, or on Endorsed Notes.

WE ARE a new company, organized for the purpose of loaning money to working men and ladies keeping house, at the lowest possible rate of interest. We positively make no charges for commissions, drafting papers or any other so-called charge—but only ask you to pay the rate permitted by the laws of the State. Our easy payment plan allows you to pay us back to suit your income. We also protect you from publicity, and extend every courtesy to make the carrying of a loan satisfactory to you in every way.

GUARANTEE LOAN CO.,
Room 318 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Bell Phone Main 440.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS, upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments. Confidential. D. H. Tolman, 820 Austell Building.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS TO LEND, any amount, 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 24 South Broad street.

FARM LOANS PLACED in any amount on improved farm lands in Georgia. The Southern Mortgage Company, Gould Building.

WE HAVE plenty of money to lend at lowest rates on Atlanta and nearby property, either for straight or monthly payment plan. Also for purchasing purchase money notes. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood Avenue.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

BUSINESS GUIDE

"A" Vacuum Clothes Washer.

WASH a tub of clothes in 5 minutes. No rubbing, no bending over, and with very little work. Terms or for cash, $3.50 to $7.50. Demonstration rooms 256 Edgewood avenue. Out-of-town agents wanted.

All Kinds Carpets and Rugs Cleaned.

WORK called for; 15 years' experience; feathers renovated. Atlanta Carpet and Rug Cleaning Works, 27 W. Alexander St. Ivy 4188.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

Lighting Fixtures.

ELECTRIC and gas fixtures; all new styles; lowest prices. Queen Mantel and Tile Company, 56 West Mitchell street. Phone Main 681.

Lime, Concrete, Roofing, Stone.

LAND LIME AND STONE COMPANY, Lime, concrete and roofing stone. 714 Third National Bank Building. 2-3-50

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

All Transfer and Storaging Done.

PITTMAN TRANSFER & STORAGE COMPANY.
Storage, packing and shipping. Both phones, 26-28 North Moore street.

Altering, Dyeing and Dry Cleaning.

THE CENTRAL TAILOR.

ALTERING, dyeing and dry cleaning; satisfaction guaranteed; popular prices. 13 Central Ave. M. 2472.

THE METROPOLITAN. Cleaning, dyeing and repairing; membership $1 per eight suits. 280 Edgewood. Atlanta 2894.

HILSON & EMANUEL—Altering, repairing and dyeing neatly done; steaming and dry cleaning a specialty; work called for and delivered. Main 2745.

CITY CLEANING & PRESSING CO. SKIRTS dry cleaned and pressed 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed. Main 3210. 110 Garnett street.

Abstract and Title Insurance.

ATLANTA TITLE GUARANTEE CO., ground floor Equitable Bldg. Bell phone Main 5420.

Auction Sales of Furniture and Household Goods.

CENTRAL AUCTION COMPANY, 12 East Mitchell street, buys and sells everything; regular auction Tuesday and Friday. Bell phone Main 2424. 10-3-41

Bag Stock.

WANTED—For cash, waste paper, rag stock. Atlanta Supply Co. Phone M. 3816. Wagon will call.

Banks.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK, Corner Alabama and Broad Streets. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1,000,000.

Baths and Pressing.

FOR THE BEST cleaning, pressing, shave and hair cut, come to 24-A W. Mitchell. New shop. Expert barbers. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Blue Prints.

DIXIE BLUE PRINT CO.

PRINTS of any kind. Quality unsurpassed. Low prices. 40½ Luckie street. Phone Ivy 5364.

Books and Stationery.

COLE BOOK AND ART COMPANY, 85 Whitehall. Main 482.

Chronic Diseases.

SPECIALTY—CHRONIC DISEASES OF BLOOD, heart, lungs, kidneys, liver, etc. rheumatism, nervous diseases, medicines furnished; consultation free. Write or call on Dr. M. T. Salter, 6 South Broad. 11-11-2

Clock and Watch Repairing.

FINE CLOCK REPAIRING.
French, Hall and Chinese.
HARRY BIGGS,
5 Madison Place.
Phone us, Main 5100.

Colections.

COLLECTIONS.
WE CAN collect your notes, accounts and claims, if they can be collected. United States Collecting Association. T. J. Ripley, President; Charles M. Yeates, Secretary and Treasurer.

Contracting.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
J. B. M'CONNELL,
113½ Whitehall Street. Main 4937-J.

Contractor and Builder.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR, BUILDER. Estimates free, draw plans free where to build. Emory Williams, 110 Edgewood. Ivy 3372-L.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

Cotton Warehouse.

PLACE your orders for brands now. Get upstairs price on brands. All work guaranteed. Harwell Rubber Stamp Company, 23½ South Broad street.

Display and Window Fixtures.

SHOW CASES, display fixtures. See us. Atlanta Show Case Company. Main 1753.

Ear, Nose, Throat and Lung Trouble.

DR. GEORGE BROWN, Diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, 312-314 Austell Building. He has the only compound oxygen plant ever brought South and make this gas daily. Weak, nervous, anemic and pale people are invited to call. 4-6-13

Films Developed.

KODAK FILMS developed free. Picture Dept. J. M. High Co., Atlanta.

Fish.

EMPIRE FISH MARKET—Fresh oysters and dressed poultry, fish daily. 112 Whitehall.

Fly Screens.

Fly Screens Made to Order.
OAKLAND CITY REPAIR WORKS. Carpenter and cabinet work a specialty. Call West 242-L. Atlanta 528. C. F. Dickey, Manager. 5-1-37

FLY—SCREENS—FLY
COME and see our roll-away screen, our roller-bearing screen, our sliding screen; none better. It will pay you to see our goods and get prices. 217 Kiser Bldg. Main 1319. Porter Screen Co., J. J. Crawford, Agent.

Fresh Fish Daily.

INMAN PARK FISH COMPANY, 403 Edgewood. Fresh fish dressed and delivered. Atlanta phone 3092-A.

Furnaces.

Monogrief-Atlanta Co. 73 Walton st. Phone Ivy 4930.

Furniture.

EARNEST & FLOYD—Why not see us before you buy. We can save you money. We exchange new for old. Cash or easy terms. 279 Edgewood avenue.

T. C. FURNITURE COMPANY. Cash or easy payments. 445 Marietta. Phone Atlanta 1797. 4-5-12

Furniture Bought and Sold.

CASH will buy $1 for 50c at our store. Southern Wreckage Co., 114 S. Forsyth.

WE BUY and sell cash bargains. S. M. Snider, 145 S. Pryor St. M. 1421.

Furnace Repairs.

PHONE Ivy 4930. Ask them.

FURNACE REPAIRS.
THE ONLY PEOPLE to repair Moncrief furnaces is the Moncrief Furnace Company, 129 South Pryor. Main 285, Atlanta 2877.

Furniture Upholstering.

W. L. LUNSFORD & CO.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Main 5111, Atlanta 5959-F. 6-16-25

FURNITURE REPAIRED—Upholstering, refinishing neatly done. Work called for and delivered. Young K. Carson, 479 Marietta street Atlanta 3567. 6-7-29

Gun and Lock Repairing.

GUN AND LOCK REPAIRING—We announce the opening of an up-to-date repair shop for keys, locks and guns; your patronage solicited. The B. and B. Lock Co., 4 South Forsyth St.

Hardware.

CALL Goodrum & Terrell when in need of anything in hardware line. 108 Edgewood. Main 2317.

House Moving.

W. C. PEASE MOVES brick and frame buildings; 25 years' experience. 417 4th Nat. Bank Bldg. M. 1615, Atl. 955. Residence M. 3980.

BUSINESS GUIDE.
Indelible Clothes-Marking Outfit.

FOR the best indelible clothes-marking outfit, go to Harwell Rubber Stamp Co., No. 23½ S. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE YOU SOLD THAT HOUSE? A little "For Sale" ad in the "Want Ad" section will find a purchaser.

WE DON'T CARE who you are, where you live or what you have, Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian Want Ads will bring results.

Jewelry.

WATCHES, Diamonds, Jewelry, Eye Glasses, Spectacles sold on the "divided payment" plan to reliable persons.

BANTA-COLE CO.,
5 SOUTH BROAD STREET. 6-26-3

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

Lighting Fixtures.

ELECTRIC and gas fixtures; all new styles; lowest prices. Queen Mantel and Tile Company, 56 West Mitchell street. Phone Main 681.

Lime, Concrete, Roofing, Stone.

LAND LIME AND STONE COMPANY, Lime, concrete and roofing stone. 714 Third National Bank Building. 2-3-50

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

Mattress Renovating.

MATTRESSES RENOVATED, feathers steamed, cleaned and bought. Bell 4840, Standard 1476. P. O. Box 5. Meadows & Rogers Mfg. Co.

SANITARY MATTRESS RENOVATING—Factory new and up to date; moderate prices; give us a trial. Jackson & Orr Company, Means street and W. and A. R. R. Both phones. 3-20-14

Machine Works.

SKIP—KNOCK—JUMP CARBON.
CAMP cleans perfectly while you wait. A great thing for cars. Try it.
CAMP MACHINE SHOP.
275 Marietta Street. Main 2937. 7-8-29

Multigraphing, Addressing, Mailing.

ATLANTA MULTIGRAPHING CO., 903 Empire Life Building. Ivy 1436. High class work; quick service; live mailing lists furnished.

BEST WORK IN SOUTH. PROMPT SERVICE. BUSINESS SERVICE CO., P. O. BOX 836. IVY 7011.

New Rubber Tires.

NEW RUBBER tires put on your baby's carriage; repaired, painted and re-covered. Ivy 3076. Robert Mitchell, 229 Edgewood.

Painting and Tinting.

PAINT—PAINT
THE TRIPOD PAINT COMPANY,
37-9 Pryor Street.
BEST goods, prompt service. Phone us your orders. Phones Bell Main 4711, Main 4710, Atlanta 406. 7-1-12

Paints and Creosote.

C. F. BINDER & SON.
MANUFACTURERS of high-grade paints, white lead and creosote stains. We make ready mixed paints to order. Corner Lafrance and Lowry streets. Bell phone Ivy 5852-J, Atlanta, Ga. 5-27-3

Painting and Wall Tinting.

J. A. JOHNSON does all kinds of repair work. Painting and tinting a specialty. Bell phone West 1288-J. 397 West Fair street. 6-22-137

Phenoline.

A DISINFECTANT, deodorant and germicide; destroys chicken mites and all kinds of insects. Phenoline Co., 106-A Edgewood ave. M. 2317. At. 3038-A.

Pictures and Frames.

COLE BOOK AND ART CO., 85 Whitehall. Main 482.

Safes.

ATLANTA SAFE CO.
THE ONLY exclusive safe company in the city. Safe experts. References, any bank in Atlanta. 50 Madison avenue.

Printing.

FOR PRINTING that stands for quality, satisfaction and economy, call Phone M. 1329. The Georgia Printing Co., 10 Peters street.

WE do expert printing and a trial order will make you a satisfied customer. No. 41 West Hunter street. Phone Main 1992.

Printing of All Kinds.

RYBERT & HOLLINGSWORTH JOB PRINTING, 10 Gilmer street. Main 4800.

Safe Cracksman.

FIRE and burglar-proof safes opened and repaired. O. C. Downes, 29½ Marietta street. Phones M. 2146, Atlanta 4922. 6-5-11

Sewing Machines.

WE RENT new machines with complete set of attachments for $2 per month; also machines repaired; prompt delivery. Both phones 1882. Singer Sewing Machine Company, 79 Whitehall. 9-14-44

Shoe Repairing.

M'NEIL & HUNTER, shoe repairing. Work called for and delivered. 485 Edgewood avenue. Atlanta 1627.

Signs.

SIGNS BROWN SIGN & PAINTING CO., 77½ Whitehall. M. 3780. 8-18-32

KENT ON SIGNS signifies best quality. Kent Sign Co., 130½ Peachtree street. 3-5-20

Slate Roofing.

JONES SLATE ROOFING CO. NEW roofing and repairing by practical men. 417 Fourth Nat. Bank. M. 1615.

Stove and Range Repairing.

STOVE, RANGE AND FURNACE REPAIRING.
Atlanta Stove Supply Company. We also make chimney slacks. Ivy 7240. 107 N. Forsyth street.

STOVE DOCTOR.
STOVE, range and furnace repairing. 61 South Pryor street. Bell phone Main 1469. Atlanta Phone 1410. 4-10-10

DAN, THE FIXER.
STOVES AND REFRIGERATOR REPAIRING.
We sell second-hand gas stoves. We sweep chimneys.
121 WHITEHALL STREET. Atlanta Phone 2235 Bell Phone M. 2699

Tailoring and Cleaning.

THE ETOWAH Tailoring, Pressing and Dry Cleaning. Membership taken; $1 per month 8 suits. Atlanta 5664-M.

Transfer, Packing and Storage.

SKINNER Transfer and Storage. 34 N. Forsyth. Ivy 4232.

Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases.

RETAILED AND REPAIRED. ROUNTREE'S, 77 WHITEHALL ST. PHONES: Bell Main 1576, Atlanta 1654.

Tin and Sheet Iron Workers.

BEST WORK. Prices reasonable. J. L. McNinch, 209 Marietta street. Main 32—J, Atlanta 2127.

Upholstering and Furniture Repairing.

Capital Upholstering Company.
OFFICE furniture a specialty; all kinds of furniture refinished, packed and shipped on short notice. 148 South Pryor. Both phones. 7-24-15

Umbrellas.

"Taylor-Made" UMBRELLAS
BUY from makers—All prices from $1.00 up, with detachable handles. Guaranteed and kept in repair free. Expert repairing.
TAYLOR UMBRELLA CO.,
116 1-2 Whitehall St.

Wall Papering and Tinting.

BETTER be safe than sorry. That's J. L. Burnett, the Wall Paper Man, 71 South Pryor. Phones 48.

Wall Paper and Paint.

SEE J. M. QUICK at Lockwood Improvement Company for low prices on wall paper. Best work. 11 South Forsyth. Main 4027. Atlanta 222. 7-27-57

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

BUSINESS GUIDE.
Waste Paper.

WANTED—For cash, waste paper, rag stock. Atlantic Supply Co. Phone M. 3816. Wagon will call.

Window Shade Trouble.

IS ALL GONE when your shades are hung in Brewer's Window Shade Adjusters. Before buying shades or hanging your old shades, call Main 307-J and get all the data from B. B. Henry, 269 Washington street; money saved.

Jewelry.

WATCHES, Diamonds, Jewelry, Eye Glasses, Spectacles sold on the "divided payment" plan to reliable persons.

BANTA-COLE CO.,
5 SOUTH BROAD STREET. 6-26-3

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

Lighting Fixtures.

ELECTRIC and gas fixtures; all new styles; lowest prices. Queen Mantel and Tile Company, 56 West Mitchell street. Phone Main 681.

Lime, Concrete, Roofing, Stone.

LAND LIME AND STONE COMPANY, Lime, concrete and roofing stone. 714 Third National Bank Building. 2-3-50

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

Mattress Renovating.

MATTRESSES RENOVATED, feathers steamed, cleaned and bought. Bell 4840, Standard 1476. P. O. Box 5. Meadows & Rogers Mfg. Co.

SANITARY MATTRESS RENOVATING—Factory new and up to date; moderate prices; give us a trial. Jackson & Orr Company, Means street and W. and A. R. R. Both phones. 3-20-14

Machine Works.

SKIP—KNOCK—JUMP CARBON.
CAMP cleans perfectly while you wait. A great thing for cars. Try it.
CAMP MACHINE SHOP.
275 Marietta Street. Main 2937. 7-8-29

Multigraphing, Addressing, Mailing.

ATLANTA MULTIGRAPHING CO., 903 Empire Life Building. Ivy 1436. High class work; quick service; live mailing lists furnished.

BEST WORK IN SOUTH. PROMPT SERVICE. BUSINESS SERVICE CO., P. O. BOX 836. IVY 7011.

New Rubber Tires.

NEW RUBBER tires put on your baby's carriage; repaired, painted and re-covered. Ivy 3076. Robert Mitchell, 229 Edgewood.

Painting and Tinting.

PAINT—PAINT
THE TRIPOD PAINT COMPANY,
37-9 Pryor Street.
BEST goods, prompt service. Phone us your orders. Phones Bell Main 4711, Main 4710, Atlanta 406. 7-1-12

Paints and Creosote.

C. F. BINDER & SON.
MANUFACTURERS of high-grade paints, white lead and creosote stains. We make ready mixed paints to order. Corner Lafrance and Lowry streets. Bell phone Ivy 5852-J, Atlanta, Ga. 5-27-3

Painting and Wall Tinting.

J. A. JOHNSON does all kinds of repair work. Painting and tinting a specialty. Bell phone West 1288-J. 397 West Fair street. 6-22-137

Phenoline.

A DISINFECTANT, deodorant and germicide; destroys chicken mites and all kinds of insects. Phenoline Co., 106-A Edgewood ave. M. 2317. At. 3038-A.

Pictures and Frames.

COLE BOOK AND ART CO., 85 Whitehall. Main 482.

Safes.

ATLANTA SAFE CO.
THE ONLY exclusive safe company in the city. Safe experts. References, any bank in Atlanta. 50 Madison avenue.

Printing.

FOR PRINTING that stands for quality, satisfaction and economy, call Phone M. 1329. The Georgia Printing Co., 10 Peters street.

WE do expert printing and a trial order will make you a satisfied customer. No. 41 West Hunter street. Phone Main 1992.

Printing of All Kinds.

RYBERT & HOLLINGSWORTH JOB PRINTING, 10 Gilmer street. Main 4800.

Safe Cracksman.

FIRE and burglar-proof safes opened and repaired. O. C. Downes, 29½ Marietta street. Phones M. 2146, Atlanta 4922. 6-5-11

Sewing Machines.

WE RENT new machines with complete set of attachments for $2 per month; also machines repaired; prompt delivery. Both phones 1882. Singer Sewing Machine Company, 79 Whitehall. 9-14-44

Shoe Repairing.

M'NEIL & HUNTER, shoe repairing. Work called for and delivered. 485 Edgewood avenue. Atlanta 1627.

Signs.

SIGNS BROWN SIGN & PAINTING CO., 77½ Whitehall. M. 3780. 8-18-32

KENT ON SIGNS signifies best quality. Kent Sign Co., 130½ Peachtree street. 3-5-20

Slate Roofing.

JONES SLATE ROOFING CO. NEW roofing and repairing by practical men. 417 Fourth Nat. Bank. M. 1615.

Stove and Range Repairing.

STOVE, RANGE AND FURNACE REPAIRING.
Atlanta Stove Supply Company. We also make chimney slacks. Ivy 7240. 107 N. Forsyth street.

STOVE DOCTOR.
STOVE, range and furnace repairing. 61 South Pryor street. Bell phone Main 1469. Atlanta Phone 1410. 4-10-10

DAN, THE FIXER.
STOVES AND REFRIGERATOR REPAIRING.
We sell second-hand gas stoves. We sweep chimneys.
121 WHITEHALL STREET. Atlanta Phone 2235 Bell Phone M. 2699

Tailoring and Cleaning.

THE ETOWAH Tailoring, Pressing and Dry Cleaning. Membership taken; $1 per month 8 suits. Atlanta 5664-M.

Transfer, Packing and Storage.

SKINNER Transfer and Storage. 34 N. Forsyth. Ivy 4232.

Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases.

RETAILED AND REPAIRED. ROUNTREE'S, 77 WHITEHALL ST. PHONES: Bell Main 1576, Atlanta 1654.

Tin and Sheet Iron Workers.

BEST WORK. Prices reasonable. J. L. McNinch, 209 Marietta street. Main 32—J, Atlanta 2127.

Upholstering and Furniture Repairing.

Capital Upholstering Company.
OFFICE furniture a specialty; all kinds of furniture refinished, packed and shipped on short notice. 148 South Pryor. Both phones. 7-24-15

Umbrellas.

"Taylor-Made" UMBRELLAS
BUY from makers—All prices from $1.00 up, with detachable handles. Guaranteed and kept in repair free. Expert repairing.
TAYLOR UMBRELLA CO.,
116 1-2 Whitehall St.

Wall Papering and Tinting.

BETTER be safe than sorry. That's J. L. Burnett, the Wall Paper Man, 71 South Pryor. Phones 48.

Wall Paper and Paint.

SEE J. M. QUICK at Lockwood Improvement Company for low prices on wall paper. Best work. 11 South Forsyth. Main 4027. Atlanta 222. 7-27-57

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

BARGAIN—Quick sale, $100, eight-room fully furnished boarding or lodging house; all filled; in heart of city. Box 338, care American.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

ATLANTA HAS ROOM and we have the business for you. YOUNG & GOODROE, Business Brokers, 413-414 Peters Building.

WHEN YOU WANT to buy or sell a business consult us. YOUNG & GOODROE, Business Brokers, 413-414 Peters Building.

I HAVE a patent on a new lawn mower and want to sell one-half interest to a good, reliable party with some means for the purpose of starting a factory; there is good money in this for us both; reference required. Address C. M. Byrd, Lock Box 98, Cherokee, Okla.

IF YOU WANT to sell your business, no matter where located, need partner or additional capital, call or write YOUNG & GOODROE, Business Brokers, 413-14 Peters Building, Atlanta. "We can sell any business that has merit." 7-27-28

FOR SALE—Saloon business in Waco, Texas; monthly sales $1,200 to $2,400; also, good bottle trade. Address Box 1110, Waco, Texas.

ADVERTISE—Twenty words in seventy-five weeklies, $1.50; twenty Sunday papers, $5. Life Company, St. Louis. 26-22-6

A TIRE and tire repair store carrying a small but complete line of accessories, located in the best automobile city in Colorado; a good paying business that will stand investigation. Inquire Boak Rubber Co., 17 S. Cascade, Colorado Springs, Colo.

WANTED IDEAS. Write for list of inventions wanted by manufacturers and prizes offered for inventions. Our four books sent free. Patent secured or fee refunded. Victor J. Evans & Co., Washington, D. C. 27-6-7

$450 CASH buys good one-man newspaper and job office. Will invoice twice that amount. Don't write, come and see. George S. Barger, Tryon, Okla.

£5,000,000 European capital for investment in attractive enterprises. Address Bankers' Alliance, 14 Bloomsbury street, London, England. 41-27-7

ON ACCOUNT of age, will sell my meat market, situated in a good town of 3,000 population. It is the best market in the town and one of the best in the state. Will also sell my twelve-room house, arranged for two families. Address Box A-618, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—A paying abstract business, a Pecos valley farm, 80 acres, $5,000 incumbrance, $2,500. Address Box O, Artesia, New Mexico.

PLUMBING business and stock in one of the best towns in Georgia. Excellent opportunity for a practical man. Very small capital required. Good reason for selling. Address Box D-407, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Drug store fixtures and nice line of drugs. Will sell separately or all together. Terms to suit purchaser. Address G. W. Mills, Calhoun, Ga.

FOR SALE—General grain and feed business in live town in North Georgia, doing fine business. Owner's time is taken up by other business. Will sell at very low price. Business will bear a thorough investigation. For full particulars address Easy Terms, Box 111, care Georgian.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

FOR SALE—Restaurant in town of 5,000 inhabitants. Must be sold at once. Good business year through. Address Box B-124, care Georgian.

FOR SALE, $350—Established tailoring agency, cleaning and pressing business; $350 cash, balance $300 in payments if desired. P. O. Box 314, Columbus, Ga.

A FIRST-CLASS drug store in new and growing town in South Georgia; only store in town; reasonable. Address Box 46, Caryville, Fla.

FOR SALE—Grocery store in hustling town of 5,000 inhabitants. Exceptional chance to obtain good paying business with a good, clean stock and best trade. Good reason for selling. Address Box A-222, care Georgian.

I WRITE copy with the "hook" that catches orders. In this quiet country spot I saturate myself with the vital arguments on your proposition and then send you stirring stuff—worded to win. All service sent on approval. Advertising booklets prepared and published. Letters, circulars, ads, etc. I am just as near to you as your nearest stenographer. James Buswell, Otsego, Mich.

FOR SALE—Pool room and bowling alley. Good location and long lease. Price right. Address Box S-414, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—An up-to-date Coca-Cola plant, with one of the best and largest territories in the Middle West. We have contracts to furnish railroads, parks and gardens. This plant will be sold at a bargain, if sold at once. Omaha Coca-Cola Bottling Company, 935 N. Twenty-fourth street, Omaha, Nebr.

SMALL confectionery store and soda fountain for sale. Best proposition for the money in town. Hustler can clear $50 weekly. Price $500. Terms. Address Box S-597, care Georgian.

WANTED—Competent man to act as secretary of a new financial corporation who is able and willing to invest $3,000; state experience; give reference and salary expected in first letter. Address P. O. Box 367, Houston, Texas.

COMPLETE meat market fixtures for sale cheap. Apply 112 Whitehall street.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR A ONE-HALF INTEREST IN A HIGH-CLASS AND MERITORIOUS ADVERTISING BUSINESS IS OFFERED TO A CAPABLE MAN WHO CAN INVEST $2,500. THE VERY CLOSEST INVESTIGATION IS INVITED. ADDRESS BOX 877, CARE GEORGIAN.

FOR SALE—Drug store in South Georgia city of 5,000 population; stock approximately $7,000, including soda fount, fixtures, etc. Owner going into larger business in Atlanta. Will sell quick for $5,000. Address K., Box 406, care Georgian.

GROCERY business for sale. J. W. Hill, Hapeville, Ga.

FOR SALE—Well-established grocery and meat business with large patronage. Owner leaving city. Address Grocer, Box 877, care Georgian.

WANTED—A buyer for sales stable; good market; good location; county seat; 1,000 population; good business this fall and spring. Full

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; good neighborhood. 121 S. Pryor.

TWO or three furnished rooms complete for housekeeping with owner; references exchanged. 185 E. Pine St. Ivy 6965-J.

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping, bed room, furnished, in home with young married couple in Ormewood Park on Soldiers' Home car line. Use of telephone, piano, electric lights, city water, baths, included in rent of $12 per month, to young couple without children; must give references. Phone Main 2447, or Atlanta 5975-F.

NICELY furnished room, convenient to bath, close in. Ivy 4259-J.

ONE large steam-heated room; hot and cold water; private bath. 488 Peachtree street.

ONE steam-heated room for gentlemen; twelve minutes' walk to Candler Building. North Side. Phone Ivy 3842.

ROOM and breakfast with private family for young man. 25 West End Place.

TO a couple, lower floor, at 21 Delta Place. Completely furnished. Phone Ivy 3468-L.

FURNISHED rooms for rent; one very large room; with or without board. 224 South Pryor.

FURNISHED ROOMS, close in, reasonable; modern conveniences. 90 West Baker. Ivy 7520-J.

LARGE front nicely furnished room, with or without board, in adult private family; a real home for right persons; references. 92 Gordon street. Phone W. 747.

TWO newly papered, large size rooms; close in; will furnish if desired. Apply 25 E. Ellis St.

NICELY furnished rooms; block from Candler Bldg. 102 Ivy St.

FOR RENT—Two beautiful furnished rooms in private home; steam heat, electric lights etc. Will be glad to hear from parties who are looking for something real nice. References exchanged. Gentlemen preferred. Phone Ivy 6164.

NICELY furnished rooms in private home; gentlemen only. 19 E. Harris St. Ivy 6349-J.

NICELY furnished upstairs rooms for two or three gentlemen. 116 Luckie street.

FOR RENT—Three elegantly furnished rooms; will rent real cheap; don't object to children. 407 Fraser.

FURNISHED room for men; all conveniences. Ivy 4468. Peachtree place.

THE FLANDERS—Well furnished front room, adjoining bath; steam heat. 95 West Peachtree, Apartment 4.

NICE furnished room for two gentlemen; $8 per month. 105 Rawson.

FOR RENT—One, two or three furnished rooms; steam heated; all modern conveniences. 14 W. Baker St. Phone Ivy 5039.

ONE NICE front room, furnished or unfurnished. Gentlemen preferred. Close in. 234 Central avenue.

NICE, clean, upstairs front room to rent to gentlemen. Phone Ivy 4765-L. 258 North Boulevard.

COOL ROOMS for transient; near postoffice; fine baths; for gents. 11 Cone.

THE PICKWICK.

NEW TEN-STORY AND FIREPROOF. Cool outside rooms; connecting bath; convenient shower baths on each floor. 77 Fairlie street, next Carnegie library.

The Fairleigh 133-5-7 Spring Street. Phone Ivy 5558-J.

Furnished rooms and furnished 3-room apartments; close in; conveniences.

NICE front rooms, fine location, one block from car line; only $10 per month. 102 Ivy street.

AT THE CARROLLTON,

20 CARNEGIE WAY. FURNISHED APARTMENTS AND FURNISHED ROOMS. J. F. STEELE, MGR.

BEAUTIFUL, cool, front room; private bath; shady lot; gentleman. "Between Peachtrees," care Georgian.

19 W. CAIN.

FEW refined people for elegant rooms adjoining bath, newly renovated; also light housekeeping apartments. Ivy 7435-J.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

THREE ROOMS, kitchenette, gas and bath; every convenience for housekeeping. 39 Woodward Ave.

ONE ROOM, with kitchenette, nicely furnished for light housekeeping; all conveniences. 147 Capitol avenue.

THREE connecting rooms for light housekeeping; North Side; also one nicely furnished room, suitable for gentleman or lady. Call Ivy 1960-J.

WANTED—Couple to rent part of new home. W. 1349-J. West End.

UPSTAIRS, consisting of three rooms, private bath and kitchen with gas; best part Inman Park; good car service; $25 per month. 187 N. Moreland, near Euclid.

TO SETTLED COUPLE, without children, three connecting first floor rooms; separate gas, china closet, pantry, water and sink in kitchen; $14. 265 Crumley street.

FOR RENT—Five unfurnished rooms with private bath, arranged as an apartment with exception of entrance. Situated in one of best sections of North Side. Furnace heat, electric lights, hot and cold water and telephone furnished. $35.00 per month. Telephone Ivy 5398-L.

390 PEACHTREE, upstairs, four unfurnished rooms, only $10 month; gas, water and sink in kitchen. Apply 55 East Alexander.

NICE ROOMS, also light housekeeping apartment; private family. Close in. Ivy 6640-J.

TWO ROOMS with kitchenette, $12.50. Phone, lights, piazza. 54 East Alexander.

WANTED—Nice couple to rent three nice connecting rooms. References exchanged. Answer 530 Washington. No children.

THREE or five nice rooms for nice people for light housekeeping. Ivy 3625.

THREE connecting unfurnished rooms for rent. Phone M. 5459-J, or apply 23 Bryant St.

TWO unfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. Apply 63 Windsor st.

THREE connecting rooms, bath adjoining; private entrance; September 2. 40 Boulevard Terrace.

UNFURNISHED rooms, close in, reasonable, modern conveniences. 90 West Baker. Ivy 7520-J.

WANTED—Desirable party to share house. Can spare five rooms. Terms reasonable. North Side. Ivy 2080-J.

FOR RENT—Three connecting upstairs rooms, nice and clean; all conveniences. Cheap to couple. 11 Whitehall Terrace.

TWO large connecting rooms; close in; gas and convenient to car line; small rent. Phone Main 1058.

FURNISHED APARTS. FOR RENT.

LEAVING city, will rent newly furnished 4-room apartment, with every convenience; North Side. Address G. H. A., Box 881, care Georgian.

FOR RENT—Furnished, to responsible party, lower floor, consisting of bedroom, dining room and kitchen. Apply 10 West Pine, one door of West Peachtree, or call Ivy 5859-J.

MRS. BLACK will take charge of the Vernon, steam-heated apartments, 61 East Cain street, September 1, and will have room for a few more young men.

FOR RENT—Furnished apartment of six rooms with steam heat. 294 Myrtle St. Call Ivy 6607-J.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT.

A BEAUTIFUL FIVE-ROOM APARTMENT.

FOR RENT at 387 Peachtree street; steam heated and good janitor service. Phone W. 93 for all information.

FOR RENT—Apartment, six rooms, butler's pantry, linen locker, provision closet, storage room, clothes closets, large front and back porches; strictly modern and complete; just like being in your own home with all conveniences of an up-to-date apartment; steam heat, hot and cold water. Main 5411.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS. ROOMS FOR RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—STEAM HEATED APARTMENT OF FOUR OR FIVE ROOMS; MUST HAVE ALL CONVENIENCES AND BE CLOSE TO CAR LINE. ANSWER AT ONCE TO H. A. V., BOX 69, CARE GEORGIAN, GIVING BEST PRICE AND LOCATION.

FOR RENT—One apartment of two rooms, with hot and cold water, bath; price $8. Couple preferred. Apply 389 Whitehall street.

TWO apartments, 310 and 312 Myrtle street; very desirable; all modern improvements; reasonable terms. Phone Ivy 5065-L.

APARTMENTS—Piedmont and Merritts, $35, $37, $40. Apply 70 Merritts. Ivy 2843-J.

TWO 4-room apartments every modern convenience, 324 Forrest avenue. Apply premises. Phone Ivy 508-J. L. B. Sanders, owner.

DELIGHTFULLY comfortable two six-room apartments for lease; strictly first-class; best North Side residence section; one block from Georgian Terrace; handsome grounds; large individual porches; automobile accommodations, etc. Phone Ivy 657-J, or call at 29 Ponce DeLeon avenue.

WE HAVE some nice four and five-room apartments on the North Side for rent. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton street.

AVALON, West Peachtree and North avenue, one five-room apartment; September 1; elevator; sleeping porch; superior service. Call Mr. Martin. Main 1754.

BOSCOBEL AND EUCLID APARTMENTS,

CORNER Euclid avenue and Hurt street. Three and four rooms, steam heated, wall beds and wall safes. Most exclusive neighborhood, on car line. Every apartment fronts the street. Separate entrance, no congestion in halls. The most delightful and ventilated apartments in the city, $30 to $37.50 each.

FITZHUGH KNOX,
1613 CANDLER BLDG.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Five-room cottage in Inman Park; all conveniences. Call Ivy 3224-J.

MODERN house furnished. Apply 277 West Peachtree street.

OWNER (man) would rent his well-furnished home on Juniper street for his board for two months to approved party. Main 5300.

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE; all conveniences; excellent neighborhood. 192 Crew St.

MODERN eight-room house for rent. Well furnished. Apply 277 West Peachtree, street.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—September 1, 80 East Fifth street; house in thorough repair; reception hall, sitting room, bath, dining room and kitchen downstairs; four bedrooms and bath on second floor; electric lights and steam heat. Apply E. R. DuBose, 66 Whitehall.

FOR RENT—Near Ponce DeLeon avenue and North Boulevard, eight-room house, hardwood floors, vapor heat, screened, summer dining rooms, garage, elevated lot. John Pappa, 610 North Boulevard. Phone Ivy 474.

SIX-ROOM cottage, good repair; modern improvements; near in. 149 Walton street. Ivy 6212-L.

FOR RENT—Corner East Fair and Whitefoord avenue, six-room house, with or without 8 acres good land; house has city conveniences; one block from car line; city school in two blocks. John Pappa, 610 North Boulevard. Phone Ivy 474.

VERY desirable 10-room house, arranged conveniently for one or two families; newly painted and renovated; four car lines; at Grant Park main entrance; September 1. Main 3875-J.

FOR RENT—At 235 East Pine street five-room cottage with bath, $22.50, for a small family only.

SEVEN-ROOM house, one block Grant Park, on Georgia Ave.; house in perfect condition; reasonable rent. Phone Main 3199-L.

FOR RENT—284 E. Georgia Ave., five rooms and bath, with large basement; newly tinted and painted; only $18, worth $20. L. Grossman, 96 Whitehall St.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. ROOMS FOR RENT.

ONE upstairs furnished or unfurnished room. Call Main 3314-J. 191 Cooper.

OFFICES FOR RENT.

WE have two nice front offices that can be rented immediately. Will be glad to show them to you. Atlanta Trust Co., 149 Peachtree street.

SUITES of two rooms each and single rooms in Rhodes Building. Call Main 46 or office at the building.

OFFICES in the Moore Building at No. 10 Auburn avenue, steam heat; passenger elevator; lights and janitor service. $12.50 to $18.00. One furnished office, price $17.50.

OFFICE SPACE FOR RENT.

OFFICE SPACE FOR RENT—Suitable for stock broker or real estate man. Phone Main 1931, or Box 366, care Georgian.

DESK SPACE FOR RENT.

DESK and space with telephone. Apply 616 Third National Bank Building.

DESK SPACE FOR RENT—Use of desk and telephone; front room; $10 monthly. 140½ Peachtree.

BUSINESS SPACE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Second and third floors of 172 and 174 Whitehall street; both floors are large and light, with all modern conveniences; suitable for business or Lodge rooms; rent reasonable. Apply Southeastern Dental University at office.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—TO RENT FOUR OR FIVE UNFURNISHED ROOMS IN PRIVATE FAMILY BY COUPLE WITH ONE CHILD TWO YEARS OLD. MUST HAVE ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES AND BE ON CAR LINE. ANSWER TO H. A. V., BOX 69, CARE GEORGIAN, GIVING PRICE AND LOCATION. REFERENCES EXCHANGED.

TWO LADIES, mother and daughter, desire to rent three furnished rooms for light housekeeping; must be in good neighborhood; state particulars. Address Box 418, care Sunday American.

WANTED—Three connecting unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; reasonable price; cheap. Address I. O. U., care Georgian.

YOUNG COUPLE want about three nice upstairs rooms; all conveniences; good neighborhood. Address H-335, care American.

FURNISHED APARTS. WANTED.

WANTED—By couple, furnished apartment of three or four rooms on North Side. N. H., 15 East Merritts avenue.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.

TO RENT OR PURCHASE—A bungalow on North Side. Must be nice neighborhood. Write full particulars, stating exact location and terms. A. C. B., 61 Walton street.

WANTED—By September 1 or 15 five-room bungalow or cottage on North Side or Inman Park; must be reasonable. No children. Address B. S., care Georgian.

WANTED—To rent about September 15, house or bungalow; six to eight rooms; Inman Park preferred. Address Box 379, care Georgian.

STABLES WANTED.

WANTED—To rent barn or stable for five automobiles. Must have water. Address Box 506, care Georgian.

HOTELS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Only first-class brick hotel in Cedartown, Ga., well located, near Seaboard depot; unfurnished. Can give possession October 1. Fine opportunity for good hotel man. For particulars write Tison Real Estate Agency, Cedartown, Ga.

MEDICAL.

DROPSY treated 10 days free. Short breathing relieved in a few hours, swelling, uric acid and water removed in a few days. Regulates liver, kidneys, digestion and heart. Write for testimonials, symptom blank for free Home Treatment. Collum Dropsy Remedy Co., 406 Austell Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and similar obstructions. Trial box by mail, 50c. Frank Edmondson & Bro., manufacturing chemists, 11 North Broad St., Atlanta.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—By owner, new six-room house in South Kirkwood, in beautiful grove; easy terms. C. W. S., No. 918 Austell building. Phone Main 2243.

TRUCK FARM.

SIX MILES from the center of the city; 14 acres in high state of cultivation; 4 acres of good bottom land; one 5-room and one 3-room house; running water; all kinds fruits; right at railroad stop and near car line. Bargain at $3,000, on good terms. See YOUNG & GOODROE, 413 Peters Bldg.

YOUR CHOICE FOR TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS.

OWNER forced to sell one of two lots, fronting Ansley Park golf links. Terms, $250 cash, balance $25 per month at 6 per cent interest. Address A. C. G., care Georgian.

$7,000 PROFIT IN THIS.

Improved place on North avenue, 150 feet from Peachtree, almost adjoining the Ponce DeLeon and Georgian Terrace Hotels. Less than $300 per front foot; adjoining property can't be bought for less than $500 per front foot.

A. J. & H. F. WEST.
Atlanta National Bank Building.

FOR SALE—Near Ponce DeLeon avenue and North Boulevard, eight-room house, hardwood floors, vapor heat, screened, summer dining room, large, elevated lot, garage. John Pappa, 610 North Boulevard. Phone Ivy 474.

Four Acres, Williams Street.

Aristocratic, growing location; small fortune in this; will exchange.

A. J. & H. F. WEST.
Atlanta National Bank Building.

FOR SALE—$1,000 buys beautiful five-room bungalow on large lot in Florida town, on large lake. Owner leaving State and must sacrifice. Ideal winter home; fine boating and fishing. Address Bungalow, No. 4 Line St., Decatur, Ga.

NORTH SIDE HOME.

NINE-ROOM house on Highland avenue; best part of street; no cash and small monthly payments; lot 60x150; level and shady; cheap. Address Bargain, Box 13, care Georgian.

SIX-ROOM cottage, Delaware avenue, Ormewood Park, for rent or sale. Phone Main 5471-L or write Route 3, Box 38, Atlanta.

IN the Druid Hill section, 500 feet from the East Lake drive, this side of Oakhurst, one block from North Decatur car line, I have several beautiful lots for sale, price $450 to $900. Will accept $75 cash and very small monthly payment on each lot. Consider the location and write Owner, Box 709, care Georgian.

FOUR-ROOM house, $900; renting for $9.10 per month; also two nice lots on Ashby street, near new school house. All city improvements, cheap. W. J. Garner, 250 Marietta street.

EQUITY in cemetery lot to exchange for something of equal value. Address Business Bargain, Box 121, care Georgian.

RARE opportunity for investment near new Y. M. C. A. Building on Luckie street; lot 100 by 100. Fine place for double apartment. Address G. W. J., Box 120, care Georgian.

INMAN PARK LOTS—75 feet front, $1,050 cash. Twelve minutes from Five Points. Good neighborhood and all improvements. Call or phone W. R. Beck, Fourth National Bank. Main 3087. At night, Ivy 2329-L.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

HAVE about $2,000 equity in North Side property, yielding monthly income, will sell or trade for modern, North Side home. Address A., Box 788, Atlanta.

FOR BEAUTIFUL HOMES and building lots in College Park, the most desirable suburb of Atlanta, see I. C. McCrory.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—Direct from owner, a small house with large lot, on easy terms. Address K. P., care Georgian.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WE have several buyers for small investments ranging from $1,000 to $5,000. Phone or write us.

OTIS & HOLLIDAY.
1505-6 Fourth National. Phone M. 175

FARMS FOR SALE.

TIMBER FOR SALE—100 acres, one mile east of Guthrie; contains oak and cottonwood; appraised at $5,000; two railroads run through this property; a good proposition for dealer in wood, sawmill or match factory. For further information write owner, Frank J. Kirk, 1612 Maple avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—Iron ore property, 400-acre tract; standard quality, within 2½ miles of two trunk lines of railroads. Price $25,000; bargain. Tison Real Estate Agency, Cedartown, Ga.

160 ACRES good level land covered with timber; two miles from Garvin, Okla.; for short time $10 acre, third cash, balance easy, or will trade for cattle; also four 45-acre tracts close to Valiant, part in cultivation, in best fruit country; half mile good school; well watered, a bargain. Judd Moore, Valiant, Okla.

FOR SALE—Two hundred and fifty acres of good strong red land; plenty timber; pasture with running water; one-half mile of depot. Will divide into small farms, or sell the whole at a bargain. Write for terms to Box 224, Raymond, Ga. 4S-2T-T

IF YOU are in the market for a farm we can suit you either black or sandy land in any part of North Texas. Will G. Hiett Co., 109 Field street, Dallas, Tex.

I HAVE farm lands around Albany, Ga., the best farming section in the South. You can grow from two to three crops a year. For sale cheap, or will exchange for Atlanta property. M. L. Petty, 125 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE or Exchange—Irrigated alfalfa farm near Deming, N. M., some cash, some trade, balance deferred. Box 361 Deming, N. M.

A SNAP for the money, 640 acres Pecos Valley adjoining railroad town. R. S. Long, Owner, Longworth, Texas.

423 ACRES, ten sets houses; rent $1,200; price $2,250. W. J. Gilbert, Dublin, Ga.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

FARMS FOR SALE.

W. M. SCOTT & CO.
Apple and Chicken Farms.

AT BLUE RIDGE, a nice town where the Baptists are to build a female college, 31½ acres one-half mile from depot, 20 acres cultivated, all under fence; 6 acres in timber; 4 acres in pasture. 1,000 apple trees—500 6 to 8 years old, worth $5 each $2,500
200 three years old, worth $3 each.. 600
300 two years old, worth $1 each.. 300
All selected fall and winter varieties, on hill side northern and western slope; five-room frame, weatherboarded, ceiled, and painted dwelling, running water in the kitchen, worth 900
One barn, three stalls, feed room, corn crib, fencing, etc. 300
House in edge of timber, well shaded; faces east, good garden, schools and churches; in fact, it is in town; you can have electric lights if desired; land, say 600
$5,200

$3,000 buys it; $1,000 cash, balance at 7 per cent. Two apple crops will pay for it, and a lifetime business. After four years it ought to pay $3,000 per annum. Might take city property in part payment.

TWO MILES from Lithia Springs on County Line road, 80 acres beautiful little farm, 35 acres in cultivation, 200 peach trees, seven quince, number of cultivated goose plums; in fact, a large family orchard; land lies well; four-room dwelling, fine shade around the house; good garden. Price $2,500.

AMONG other desirable farms near Ellijay, we have one on the main highway automobile route, 134 acres, 30 acres fenced, 3 acres branch bottom land, 80 acres mixed timber for pasture and stock range, five good springs, old orchard of 70 trees, 180 seven-year old fall and winter apples, 50 Elberta peach trees, grapes, plums, etc.; good four-room house, two barns and other outbuildings; house shaded by walnut and apple trees, on telephone line; only $2,000; $500 or $600 cash, balance $200 per annum.

WE HAVE a large number of very desirable apple and chicken farms in that section.

GO LOOK at five-room house on Hoke street, near water works; three lots, fruit and big garden; small payment down; balance like rent.

SMALL STORE and three-room dwelling, front and back veranda, in Bellwood; corner lot; should rent for $7; now rented for $5; pay 10 per cent on $600; $475 cash buys it.

W. M. SCOTT & CO.
210-212 Gould Building.

18,000 ACRES of irrigable land from one to ten miles from Midland, Tex. This is the newest discovered irrigation belt and promises to be the best of all. I will sell 80 acres or the entire 18,000 acres at $30 an acre. Henry M. Halff, Owner, Midland, Tex.

9 1-16 ACRES, over 1,200 feet along railroad, with right of way across tracks; 28 miles from New York, near Bound Brook, in a few years this property will be very valuable; price only $900; easy terms; discount for cash. W. B. McLain, 47 West Thirty-fourth street, New York.

FOR SALE—4,000-acre improved delta plantation, 2,000 acres in cultivation; 1,000 acres in 12-inch and up cottonwood; fine soil and no boll weevil. For details write J. C. Walker, Shaw, Miss.

CHICKEN, pigeon and duck farm within sight of New York; house, modern improvements; plenty poultry houses and fruit; sale or rent at great sacrifice, account death. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

FARMS in Erie, Niagara, Orleans, Allegheny, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus and Wyoming counties. Albert D. Jamieson, 606 White Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Modern hotel in live business and healthy resort Arkansas town. For full particulars address J. L. McKamey, agent, Imboden, Ark.

IMPROVED farms, 50 miles southwest of Macon, Ga. Write us your wants. Butler Realty Co., Butler, Ga.

FOR SALE—Whole section, best land in Butler County, Mo. No overflow, nor boll weevil. Forty acres in cultivation. Sixteen houses; two stores; on railroad and County road. Will produce immense crops of cotton corn, wheat and alfalfa. For terms address B. B. Boyd, Covington, Tenn.

A REAL INVESTMENT.

IT'S a 303-acre farm; all modern improvements; buildings in good repair; 185 acres in cultivation, 220 acres under wire fence; gravel clay subsoil; average one bale cotton per acre; three miles Butler; county seat; 1,000 population; growing town; $35 per acre. Quick sale. BUTLER REALTY CO., Butler, Ga.

TWO thousand acres of hardwood timber for sale; on quick sale will take following price for same, $14 per acre; five miles of Central Railroad, 30 miles south of Macon. R. L. Stubbs, Toomsboro, Ga.

FOR SALE—Four hundred acres of timbered land at $4 per acre. For particulars, address T. S. Wells, Cornelia, Ga.

MISSISSIPPI delta farm for sale. The finest 1,489 acres in the delta, 1,250 acres in cultivation. One mile from railroad station. Address Box 25, Tutwiler, Miss.

326 ACRES, 150 in cultivation, 50 in meadow, hog fenced, five sets houses, small orchard; soil dark sandy loam and black; $25. 2,000 acres under hog fence, 1 mile station, $11. Write for list. O. R. Hamilton, Franklin, Texas.

FOR COUNTRY HOME—59 acres, 2 miles Imboden. Old-fashioned log house, barn and other outbuildings; 22 acres in cultivation; more general farming land to clear; about 1,000 bearing fruit trees; one of the best springs in the Ozarks. Ideal summer place. Price $1,800. For full particulars and last list, address J. L. McKamey, Imboden, Ark.

160 ACRES—Stock farm below Ocala; enormous free range; timber uncut; must sell quickly; need money. Box 1400, Modello, Fla.

WIDOW must sell; 400 acres, including 36 choice Holstein cows; all crops, hundred acres timber, modern buildings, worth $7,000; running water; price $10,000; easy terms; free catalogue. C. J. Ellis, Farmers' Bank, Springville, N. Y.

BY OWNER, 5,000 acres of cut-over land, sixteen miles west of Jacksonville, Fla.; every acre good farming land; $8 per acre; or will sell 2,000 at $9; $1 per acre will handle these. A. E. Reid, Ionia St., Jacksonville, Fla.

FOR BARGAINS in central Ohio farms write John Watkins, North Lewisburg, Ohio.

160-ACRE FARM for sale; three houses. Write or see me. One-half cash; good bargain. R. B. Moon, Kennesaw, Ga.

LANDS in Mississippi and Alabama at $4 to $10 an acre. J. C. Van Dolah, Dillsboro, Ind.

WISCONSIN

FARMS FOR SALE—Can furnish retired business men, clerks, bookkeepers and others fine farms, five acres and up to 1,000, near railway stations and good markets, cheap, and on easy payments. Write for particulars to Stephenson Land and Lumber Co., Oconto, Wis.

OXYGEN-ACETYLENE WELDING.



"It STICKS like a bull pup." But this process doesn't simply stick things together. It MELTS the metal at the crack or break and runs it together again. We weld anything made of any kind of metal. Nothing too small or too large.

ATLANTA WELDING COMPANY.
BELL PHONE IVY 5367.
74 IVY STREET.

HOUSES FOR RENT. HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT
BY FOSTER & ROBSON.

8-r. h.,	140 Capitol avenue	$45.00	
8-r. h.,	45 South Gordon	45.00	
8-r. h.,	1120 DeKalb	35.00	
8-r. h.,	763 Edgewood avenue	40.00	
8-r. h.,	53 Atlanta, Decatur	25.00	
8-r. h.,	1102 Peachtree (apt.)	70.00	
8-r. h.,	701 N. Boulevard (fur.)	75.00	
8-r. h.,	458 Capitol	33.35	
8-r. h.,	38 Norcross	35.00	
8-r. h.,	574 Washington	50.00	
8-r. h.,	20 Gordon, Kirkwood	40.00	
8-r. h.,	366 Capitol	35.00	
8-r. h.,	568 Washington	50.00	
8-r. h.,	38 E. Thirteenth	25.60	
8-r. h.,	57 DeKalb avenue	30.00	
8-r. h.,	580 Washington	$50.00	
8-r. h.,	80 McLendon	50.00	
8-r. h.,	77 Jones avenue	17.50	
8-r. h.,	1 S. Gordon	40.00	
7-r. h.,	37 Ponce DeLeon, Decatur	27.50	
7-r. h.,	64 Currier	40.00	
7-r. h.,	11 Candler, Decatur	30.00	
7-r. h.,	560 Central	30.00	
7-r. h.,	56 Currier (apt.)	42.50	
7-r. h.,	58 Currier (apt.)	42.50	
7-r. h.,	170 Washington	50.00	
7-r. h.,	65 Austin	40.00	
7-r. h.,	41 Zachry	31.50	
7-r. h.,	418 S. Moreland	17.00	
7-r. h.,	55 Howard, Kirkwood	25.00	

FOSTER & ROBSON,
11 EDGEWOOD AVE.

FOR RENT.

10-r. h.,	150 Spring st. (Aug. 31)	$55.00	
10-r. h.,	452 Whitehall street (Aug. 23)	50.00	
9-r. h.,	29 E. Third street (Aug. 31)	75.00	
8-r. h.,	74 Forrest avenue	75.00	
8-r. h.,	8 Kennesaw avenue (Aug. 31)	$50.00	
8-r. h.,	23 Columbia avenue (Aug. 31)	45.00	
8-r. h.,	163 E. Pine street (Aug. 31)	37.50	
8-r. h.,	484 Courtland street (Aug. 31)	45.00	

JOHN J. WOODSIDE,
REAL ESTATE, RENTING, STORAGE.
Phones, Bell, Ivy 671; Atlanta, 618. 12 "Real Estate Row."

FOR RENT
Chas. P. Glover Realty Co.
2½ WALTON STREET.

20-r. h.,	135 Ivy street	$100.00	
14-r. h.,	173 Luckie street	40.00	
14-r. h.,	530 Washington street	50.00	
12-r. h.,	42 Central place	35.00	
12-r. h.,	79 E. Merritts ave.	65.00	
10-r. h.,	254 Euclid avenue	60.00	
10-r. h.,	338 W. Peachtree street	60.00	
10-r. h.,	71 W. Fifteenth st.	85.00	
10-r. h.,	26 Peachtree circle	75.00	
10-r. h.,	164 Ponce DeLeon ave.	75.00	
10-r. h.,	44 East Ninth street	63.00	
10-r. h.,	84 East Cain street	40.00	
9-r. h.,	708 Piedmont avenue	65.00	
9-r. h.,	73 East Merritts ave.	42.50	
9-r. h.,	83 Ashby street	40.00	
9-r. h.,	669 Highland avenue	40.00	
8-r. h.,	29 East Ninth street	40.00	
8-r. h.,	167 Capitol avenue	42.50	
8-r. h.,	36 Argard avenue	37.50	
8-r. h.,	135 Myrtle street	55.00	
8-r. h.,	63 Currier street	45.00	
8-r. h.,	824 Piedmont ave.	60.00	
8-r. h.,	91 McLendon street	45.00	
8-r. h.,	315 S. Pryor street	40.00	
8-r. h.,	50 Kennesaw ave.	42.50	
8-r. h.,	96 W. North ave.	35.00	
8-r. h.,	37 Copenhill avenue	$37.50	
8-r. h.,	42 Logan avenue	25.00	
7-r. h.,	381 S. Pryor street	30.00	
7-r. h.,	330 Central ave.	25.00	
7-r. h.,	91 Elmira street	45.00	
7-r. h.,	55 W. Peachtree Place	30.00	
7-r. h.,	261 East Georgia ave.	27.50	
7-r. h.,	529 Pulliam street	20.00	
7-r. h.,	537 N. Boulevard	55.00	
6-r. apt.	633 Piedmont avenue	50.00	
6-r. h.,	87 Elmira street	35.00	
6-r. h.,	185 Holderness	30.00	
6-r. h.,	41 Woodward avenue	25.00	
6-r. h.,	41 Woodward avenue	25.00	
6-r. h.,	16 Kings Highway (Decatur)	35.00	
6-r. h.,	37 W. Boulevard DeKalb	27.50	
6-r. h.,	28 Queen street	27.50	
6-r. h.,	15 East Pine street	35.00	
6-r. h.,	137 Venable street	18.60	
6-r. h.,	55 Killian street	17.50	
5-r. h.,	233 Crew street	20.00	
5-r. h.,	989 Glennwood ave.	15.60	
5-r. h.,	310 Kirkwood ave.	12.00	
4-r. flat,	1 Baltimore place	25.00	

FOR RENT

361	Capitol ave., fourteen rooms	$60.00	
507	W. Peachtree, ten rooms	70.00	
	Collins Swith, ten rooms	25.00	
354	Euclid avenue, ten rooms	60.00	
15	Howard street, nine rooms	45.00	
	Collins Switch, ten rooms	25.00	
118	Simpson st., seven rooms	18.50	
41	Gresham street, seven rooms	18.00	
570	Capitol ave., seven rooms	25.00	
139	Davis street, seven rooms	16.00	
67-A	Highland ave., six rooms	37.10	
162	Pulliam street, six rooms	$27.50	
244	Lake avenue, six rooms	32.50	
42	Chickamauga ave., six rooms	25.00	
94	Gilmer street, five rooms	22.50	
423-A	Crew st., five rooms	20.00	
109	Rawson street, five rooms	18.00	
2	Flanders apartments, five rooms	45.00	
222	Courtland st., five rooms	20.00	
505	Cherokee avenue, five rooms	22.50	
10	Flanders Apts., five rooms	45.00	
34	Ponders avenue, five rooms	14.00	

RALPH O. COCHRAN CO.

74-6 PEACHTREE STREET.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. APARTMENTS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT
Bell Apartments Corinthian Apartments

IN THE BELL, corner North Boulevard and Ponce DeLeon, we have one four and one five-room apartment for rent.
IN THE CORINTHIAN, 136 West Peachtree, one four and one five-room apartment for rent.
BOTH of these apartments are strictly modern and are steam heated. Apply

Chas. P. Glover Realty Co.

Phone Ivy 3390. 2½ WALTON STREET.

STEAM-HEATED APARTMENTS

TWO SIX-ROOM APARTMENTS—one up and one down. Every modern convenience—gas ranges and refrigerators—$37.00. 67 Highland avenue, two doors west of Jackson street.

W. H. WITHERS

218 TEMPLE COURT. PHONE MAIN 2974.

READY BY SEPTEMBER 1.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

THE LAWRENCE

52 AND 54 WEST PEACHTREE PLACE.

A NEW, CLOSE-IN KITCHENETTE APARTMENT

SIX BLOCKS OF THE CANDLER BUILDING.

SEVERAL CHOICE 3 AND 4-ROOM APARTMENTS LEFT; BUILT FOR COMFORT IN SUMMER TIME AS WELL AS WINTER. EVERY ROOM HAS OUTSIDE EXPOSURE. ALL CONVENIENCES, WITH LIGHTS, STOVES AND REFRIGERATORS FURNISHED.

REFERENCES REQUIRED. APARTMENTS GIVEN PERSONAL ATTENTION. PRICES $37.50 TO $50.00.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY TO
J. L. TURNER CO., Owners.
1520 CANDLER BUILDING, Ivy 5213.

AUTOS. AUTOS.

GASOLINE 18c

Best grade of Auto Oils my specialty. (Barrels or bulk.) Prices right on all standard make tires and tubes.

AUTO OIL AND GASOLINE CO.,
J. L. Carroll, Proprietor, 71 North Forsyth Street.

HOUSES FOR RENT. HOUSES FOR RENT.

HOUSES FOR RENT
by
SHARP & BOYLSTON.

78 E. N. Avenue, 10-rooms	$55.00
66 E. Cain Street, 10-rooms	67.50
114 S. Pryor Street, 10-rooms	55.00
791 W. Peachtree Street, 10-rooms	75.00
43 Trinity Avenue, 9-rooms	52.50
824 Piedmont Avenue, 8-rooms	60.00
320 Grant Street, 8-rooms	40.00
114 Garnett Street, 8-rooms	30.00
701 N. Boulevard, 8-rooms	60.00
198 Forrest Avenue, 8-rooms	37.50
69 Auburn Avenue, 7-rooms	40.00
28 Tattnall Street, 7-rooms	20.00
48 Evans Street, 7-rooms	18.60
50 Woodward Avenue, 7-rooms	28.00
370 Euclid Avenue, 7-rooms	50.00
Ansley Street, Decatur, 6-rooms	22.50
Rose Hill Station, 6-rooms	22.50
351 Fraser Street, 6-rooms	20.60
101 Pulliam Street, 6-rooms	25.00
80 Windsor Street, 6-rooms	30.00
529 Pulliam Street, 6-rooms	20.00
107 Kelly Street, 6-rooms	18.60
46 Woodward Avenue, 6-roo

HOTELS FOR RENT.

SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
Renting Agents,
130 Peachtree St.
Ivy 1511.

FOR RENT.

Ten-Room Houses.

71 E. Fifteenth street $75.00
174 N. Jackson street 50.00
151 N. Jackson street 50.00
34 Norwood, Kirkwood, Ga. .. 35.00
266 Houston street 35.00

Nine-Room Houses.

155 Lucile avenue, West End .$35.00
202 S. Forsyth street 32.50
391 Spring street 30.00
105 W. Harris 50.00
38 E. Georgia avenue 42.00

Eight-Room Houses.

29 E. Ninth street $40.00
824 Piedmont avenue 60.00
123 W. Harris 40.00
138 Spring street 35.00
92 W. North avenue 40.00
96 W. North avenue 37.50

Seven-Room Houses.

316 Houston street $30.00
208 Haynes street 25.00
560 Central avenue 30.00
147 N. Jackson street 55.00
210 Woodward avenue 37.50

Six-Room Houses.

50 Windsor street $30.00
472 Hill street 18.00
62 Whitehall Terrace 18.60
11 Helena, Battle Hill 10.00
37 McLendon avenue 32.50
385 E. Georgia avenue 30.00
761 Gordon street, Battle Hill.. 35.00
32 Inman street, Battle Hill .. 18.00
43 Pickert street $15.60

Five-Room Houses.

54 Lena street $15.00
34 Killian street 20.00

SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree St.

FOR RENT BY
EDWIN P ANSLEY,
78 North Forsyth St.
Bell Ivy 1600. Atl. 363.

Location.	Rooms.	Price.
69 Lucile street	35	$200.00
305 Woodward avenue	10	$32.50
358 Whitehall street	9	$60.00
16 West North avenue	9	$50.00
Decatur Ga., 11 Howard ave.	8	$42.50
42 Adair avenue	8	$50.00
118 East Ninth street	8	$55.00
358 East Fair street	8	$21.00
123 East Eleventh street	8	$67.50
604 Washington street	8	$40.00
563 North Jackson street	8	$50.00
15 Garnett street	7	$22.60
269 Euclid avenue	7	$35.00
280 Courtland street	6	$22.50
282 Courtland street	6	$22.50
212 Cooper street	5	$15.60
5 Ormewood avenue	5	$25.00
15 Little street	3	$12.50

APARTMENTS.

Location.	Rooms.	Price.
213 Rawson street	5	$27.50
513 Courtland street	5	$27.50
515 Courtland street	5	$27.50
515-A Courtland street	5	$27.50
40-A Eugenia street	5	$25.00
442 South Pryor street	7	$40.00
442-A South Pryor street	6	$30.00
58 Williams street	5	$25.60
115 Crew street	5	$27.50
115-A Crew street	5	$27.50
115-B Crew street	5	$27.50
115-C Crew street	5	$27.50

EDWIN P ANSLEY.

EIGHTY-TWO acres, 18 miles from the city, on main public road. Good waterpower, two houses, barns and other outbuildings; large spring. Forty-five acres in cultivation. Price $2,000 cash, if sold at once.
THOS. W. JACKSON.
Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.

Do You Want an Automobile?

The Automobile Columns of The Georgian "WANT AD" Section is the place to find real bargains in cars. If you will read these ads every day you wil eventually find what you want at a price you can afford to pay.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

INVESTMENTS

NO. 796 MARIETTA STREET—Next to corner of Bellwood avenue on the railroad side running through to another street, lot 50x197. Want offer at once for division of estate.

NO. 105 LUCKIE STREET—Near new Y. M. C. A., lot 22x68. Also No. 104 W. Cain street, lot 23x68. Make an offer on either.

DECATUR STREET LOT—This side of Boulevard, 52x85 to an alley. $60.00 per front foot. Nothing around it for less than $100 and over.

NO. 385 E. GEORGIA AVENUE—Six rooms, $3,650.00.

NO. 451 E. GEORGIA AVENUE—Five rooms, $3,500.00.

SEVERAL PRETTY BUNGALOWS in Ormewood Park, with all improvements except gas, in prices from $2,500 to $7,000. Large lots, easy terms.

THOMSON & LYNES

18-20 Walton Street. Phone Ivy 718.

Ponce DeLeon Avenue

$15,000—THE SWELLEST thing on the street beyond the park. You will have to see this and take in the surroundings to properly appreciate it. $3,000 cash.

$7,500—ON BEST section of North Jackson street. 10-room house, piped for furnace; all conveniences; large lot. This is $500 less than it is worth. See us Monday.

$5,000—$2,500 CASH, $35 per month, will buy a modern, new, 6-room bungalow, in Ponce DeLeon avenue section. Reduced $500 for this special sale. See us Monday morning.

$3,850—$500 CASH, $35 per month. This is a special price given us for a short time on 6-room new bungalow, short distance from Atkins Park, Druid Hills. Best value on the street.

D. C. SMITH

M. W. TURNER, Salesman.

901 EMPIRE BUILDING. BELL PHONE 2059.

NORTH SIDE BUNGALOW for sale in Druid Hills section at a bargain. As I am leaving the city it must be sold at once. Has six large rooms, bath, with tile. Furnace heated, hardwood floors, beamed ceiling, beautiful brick mantel in living room, house screened throughout. House contains living room, dining room, den, two bed rooms, bath between, kitchen with butler's pantry between. House is brand new, has fine lawn front and rear, garage on place with servants' quarters upstairs—2 rooms with bath between, electric lights. Chicken run wired, and cow house with cement floor. You could not find a more complete place in the city, and you can see the entire city, being beautifully situated. This place could not be bought at any price if the owner could remain here. As business calls him away, the opportunity presents itself.
APPLY 174 St. Charles Avenue, or through your own agent.

HOME BARGAINS

EAST GEORGIA AVENUE, corner lot; a handsome little home; six rooms; modern and classy. Terms easy. Price $4,000.

CLOSE TO ATKINS PARK and Highland avenue, we are offering one of the most attractive six-room bungalows ever built; hardwood floors in borders; furnace and sleeping porch; $500 cash, balance easy. Price $5,000.

WEST END, six-room bungalow, up to date and very pretty. If you want a little home in this section, look at this, sure. Terms to suit you. Price, $3,750.

NORTH JACKSON STREET, corner East avenue. This is one of the handsomest nine-room homes on the street. Terms can be arranged. $7,500.

MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO.
Third National Bank Bldg. Phone Ivy 1276, Atl. 208.

SOUTH SIDE HOME

WE OFFER an especially nice home, corner Formwalt and Bass, built one year. Two stories, nine rooms; cement basement; bath, furnace; in fact an ideal home in every way. Price, $6,500; $1,500 cash, balance like rent.

L. P. BOTTENFIELD,

PHONE MAIN 3010. EMPIRE BUILDING.
T. A. GUMM, Manager City Sales Department.

Listings. Listings. Listings.

WE HAVE a dozen customers on our list wanting homes AT ONCE, ranging in price from $3,000 up to $10,000; most of these people have the cash and want to buy before September. List your property with us for quick results.

HAVE also six loans for private money, amounting to $1,500 to $5,000, at 7 and 8 per cent on property of good value.

OUR connections pay highest price for good PURCHASE MONEY NOTES.
"LET US SHOW YOU."

ADAIR & HOLT

REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.
97½ Peachtree Street. Phone Ivy 10.

BEN W. L. GRAHAM & MERK

319 EMPIRE BLDG., M. 4376.

$550—PRETTY corner lot, with sewers, water and electric lights. This is between the North Decatur car line and Ponce DeLeon avenue and right at Druid Hills. Can make terms if desired.

SIX beautiful lots on Piedmont avenue, 100 by 250, 100 by 285; worth at least $50 per foot. We will sell for $35 per foot.

CENTRAL AVENUE—Seven-room house; lot 50 by 110, for the sum of $3,500, on terms.

WE HAVE some acreage about twelve miles from the city on Peachtree road that we can sell at a great bargain.

LANDS FOR SALE BY
THOS. W. JACKSON.
Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.
Bell Phone Main 5214.

470 ACRES.

AN ideal stock farm in Southwest Georgia; 100 acres in cultivation, balance in pasture and timber; well watered; 6-room residence, three tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings. With this farm will go 400 head of cattle, all mules, horses, wagons, 50 head of sheep, 50 head of hogs, all chickens, guineas and other personal property and implements now on the place. Price, $12,400—one-third cash, balance easy terms.

383 ACRES.

SOUTHWEST GEORGIA; 60 acres in cultivation, the balance in timber; 7-room dwelling, tenant house, barn and other outbuildings. This place can be bought for $5,250, on easy terms.

437 ACRES.

AN ideal farming proposition near West Point, Ga.; about 215 acres in high state of cultivation and lies well; 35 acres of fine river bottom; 4 good tenant houses; 40 acres in pasture under wire fence; rented this year for 15 bales of cotton. If you are looking for a first-class farming proposition, well located and near a good market, it would be to your interest to investigate this.

185 ACRES.

ON the Roswell chert road, land lies well; 125 acres in original timber; has a nice frontage on the road, large spring and 2 branches, and in one-fourth of a mile of railroad depot and sidetrack. Special price if sold at once.

3,100 ACRES.

AN ideal Southwest Georgia farm; 500 acres of level land in high state of cultivation; two good 7-room residences and 12 tenant houses. I could sell this place for $20 per acre—half cash—or trade for Atlanta property.

140 ACRES.

ON graded road, 1 1-2 miles from the county seat; two-story, nine-room colonial home, servants' house, garage, barn, tenant house and other outbuildings; 100 acres in cultivation, balance in pasture; belongs to a non-resident and will sell at a bargain, or exchange for Atlanta renting property.

392 ACRES.

MODERN dairy farm, fully equipped, on pike road, 13 miles of a city of 75,000 inhabitants. There is about 140 acres of rich level bottom land, fine for grain, grass and hay; large barn that cost $1,500 to build; nice residence in beautiful grove, nice lawn, 3 tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings. This is an ideal country home; belongs to a non-resident and can be bought for cash, $45 per acre, if sold by September 1, and arrange terms almost like rent.

THOS. W. JACKSON.
Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.

How is Business?

A small ad in the Business Guide of the "Want Ad" Section will build up your trade. It points the way to your place. How many people know what your business is and where it is located?

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

INMAN PARK HOME

CORNER Moreland and Alta avenues, on a lot 50 by 180 feet to a 10-foot alley, we offer a modern seven-room home. This place was built for a home and has all the up-to-date ideas worked out that would naturally go with an individual modern home. This place has servant's room, garage, hardwood floors, furnace-heated and is absolutely complete in every detail. Price, $6,000; assume $2,500 loan, $1,000 cash, balance to suit purchaser.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

FOR SALE JOHN J. WOODSIDE

HOME—EUCLID AVENUE.
(Price $6,750.)
It is two stories, has eight rooms, and of course has modern conveniences; built of brick. Desirable terms.
THOS. R. FINNEY, Sales Mgr.,
12 "Real Estate Row."

LANE REALTY COMPANY

504 Gould Bldg., Phone M. 4454

WE sell and exchange city property and farms. We buy, sell and exchange all kinds of real estate. If you have anything to swap, see us at 504 Gould Building.

WE HAVE 720 acres of land on Southern Railway, 85 miles from Atlanta, 640 acres original timber. Will cut from three to four thousand feet lumber per acre. Titles perfect. Would exchange for Atlanta property.

FINEST APPLE orchard in Georgia, 358 acres, 3,000 feet above level of sea, located near White Path, Ga. 2 good houses, barn, etc. 1,200 good apple trees, all in first-class condition, two miles hog wire fence, fine mule and wagon, house furnished; worth $15,000 spot cash, for $5,000. Be quick if you want this.

J. H. LANE, Manager

Auction Sale of Real Estate as Follows:

NO. 161 BELLWOOD AVENUE, two-story five-room house. Lot 262x110.

NO. 215 BELLWOOD AVENUE, one storehouse located corner of Bellwood avenue and Oliver street, on a lot 32x108.

NO. 217, NO. 219 AND NO. 221 Bellwood avenue. All three three-room cottages, on lots 35x108 each. All of same rented, and in good condition.

THESE were advertised to have been sold on August 14 at 3:30 o'clock, but on account of the bad weather was postponed, and will be sold on August 20, at 3:30 o'clock.

ANYONE who desires to make a good investment with a possibility of doubling their money will do well to attend this sale.

TAKE the River or English avenue car line, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, and get off when the car first reaches Bellwood avenue, and walk up to No. 215, where the sale will begin.

T. B. LUMPKIN REALTY COMPANY will sell this property with Mr. O. G. Clark as auctioneer.

FOR SALE BY
GREENE REALTY COMPANY

GRANT PARK HOMES.

WE have several of the best bargains in this entire section. We have them that can not fail to please you from five rooms to twelve rooms. Priced low and terms easy.
Call by the office or use the phone.

511 EMPIRE BLDG. REAL ESTATE, RENTING, LOANS. Phones 1599.

BUSINESS CORNERS WORTH THE MONEY

ONE OF THE BEST BUSINESS CORNERS IN THE THIRD WARD, being the transfer point for two main car lines. Store on corner, with good five-room cottage connecting, cottage having gas, water, bath and sewerage. Owner's sales of soft drinks alone more than $100 per month, besides doing a fine grocery business. Lot 43 by 80. Small loan. Price $5,000. Terms can be arranged.

CORNER OF EAST FAIR AND KELLY STREETS—Lot 46 by 96, with good five-room cottage having modern conveniences on same. Corner is an excellent location for a store. No loan. Price, $3,250.

KIRKWOOD AVENUE—Store and four-room cottage on lot 100 by 140. Buildings only occupy small corner, leaving balance of lot vacant to build on. Price $3,000.

CORNER OF MELDRIM AND CAPITOL AVENUE—Small store and four-room cottage, just beyond city limits, in thickly settled negro section. Lot 40 by 147. Owner leaving town cause of sacrifice. Price $925. Will rent for $12 per month. Terms easy.

EQUITIES IN VACANT LOTS TO EXCHANGE for small cottages in Grant Park section or Inman Park. Lots located just off Peachtree Road, size 50 by 150. In 5 miles of center of city. Lots beautifully situated and well worth the money asked.
PHONE US WHAT YOU WISH SOLD.

THE L. C. GREEN CO.

305 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg. Phones, Ivy 2943, 4546.

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TO LOAN.

WE HAVE for immediate loans several thousand dollars second-mortgage money; will loan one-half of original loan.
A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS 7 per cent private money; city property; to owners of property. See us quick.
ONE MILLION DOLLARS to loan on improved farms, 6 per cent. Five years.
THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS private money at 8 per cent direct to owners of property, in $1,000 to $2,000 lots.

RANDOLPH LOAN CO.

21 Inman Building. Main 877.

J. R. J. H.
SMITH & EWING

Real Estate, Renting, Loans

Ivy 1513 130 Peachtree St. Atl. 2865

TIMBER LANDS

WE HAVE exclusive sale for a short time of a splendid body of 10,000 acres of timbered lands lying in Jeff Davis County between two trunk lines of railway, within four miles of Hazlehurst, a live town of TWO THOUSAND people. This land for farming purposes is easily worth FIFTEEN TO TWENTY DOLLARS per acre. The timber rights are worth SEVENTY-FIVE TO ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. We can deliver the land for one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and might be able to trade it for good Atlanta property on that basis. SEE US AT ONCE.

Exchange Propositions

WE HAVE a number of fine farms of all sizes, as well as large acreage tracts, which we can exchange for city property. THIS IS THE TIME to get control of country lands which are bound to increase in value, since high-priced Northern and Western lands are being exhausted, and the tide of immigration is turning toward the South. Bring US a list of property you have for exchange, and you will BE SURPRISED at some opportunities we can give you for WISE INVESTMENT.

Call for Mr. Maddox or Mr. Daves.

SMITH & EWING

Sharp & Boylston

INVESTMENTS.

$1,250 will buy a double 3-room negro house on Fraser street. All street improvements and city conveniences down and paid for. Rents for $14.00 per month—nearly 14 per cent.

$2,500 buys a store and two dwelling houses on good corner near Southern shops. Rental $300 per year. A cheap corner.

ORMEWOOD PARK COTTAGE.

THIS IS a real nice little 5-room cottage on large lot. Street cherted and in one-half block of car line and near school. Price $2,250. Terms $100 cash, and monthly notes of $20 each without any interest. A little bargain.

Carolyn M. Ely Buys Ferry Field Property

Sale of 16 1-2 Acres on North Shore Winds Up Syndicate—$50,000 for Property, Is Report.

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—A notable sale of North Shore property was closed when Mrs. Carolyn M. Ely purchased from the McGuire & Orr Ferry Field Syndicate 16½ acres fronting on Sheridan road at the south end of Lake Bluff. The property lies between the purchases of H. B. Clow and A. A. Sprague II. It is surrounded by ravines, but does not go to the lake. The property has been offered at $50,000.

This sale winds up the syndicate. There were originally 150 acres in what was known as Ferry Field, which for years was used for the annual Lake Forest horse show and polo grounds. This tract was purchased about four years ago by McGuire & Orr for $800 an acre and sold by them to Stanley Field, A. A. Sprague II, H. B. Clow, Roy McWilliams and others for $3,000 an acre, which paid a net profit of more than $250,000.

Mrs. Ely purchased the property with the idea of improving with a handsome country home. The sale was negotiated by John Griffith of Lake Forest.

J. H. EWING PLANS MOVE FOR PEACHTREE HOME

J. H. Ewing, of the real estate firm of Smith & Ewing, will sell his present home and build on Peachtree road. He made this announcement during the past week, although he declared that his plans were not definite.

Mr. Ewing lives in Ansley Park south of the stone house of Edwin P. Ansley, and his home is one of the most attractive in the park. He has several lots at his disposal on Peachtree road and will decide on one of them soon.

Citizen in N. Fulton Wants Plant Moved

Lawyer Living Near Fertilizer Factory Says Complaints Will Cause Action—Land Is Valuable.

That a fight on the fertilizer factories in North Fulton County is coming before a great while seems to be certain. Property owners who are moving to the neighborhood of Peachtree Creek are continuing to complain. The general impression seems to be that the factories should either install machinery sufficient to do away with most of the objectionable odors or else move to neighborhoods that are more remote and not so valuable from a real estate standpoint.

Discussing the situation Saturday, a well-known lawyer, who lives near the largest of the factories, said:

"All that is neecssary for the property owners to do is to complain of the factories and the courts will grant a hearing. One owner can do this, or it can be done through petition. If it is established that the plants are objectionable, they will either have to move or cease being an objection. There are around me subdivisions that in a few years will be filled with high-class residents, and I don't believe the factories can stay very much longer."

J. W. Moore Building On West Peachtree

House Nearly Completed at Cost of About $8,000—Corner Lot To Be Reserved.

John W. Moore, the well-known attorney, is building a two-story brick veneer dwelling next to the northwest corner of West Peachtree and West Tenth streets, which he expects to occupy. Th house is nearly completed and will cost about $8,000.

Mr. Moore owns the corner also, and the total frontage is 100 feet and the depth 160 feet. He will reserve the corner for the present for a side yard.

Atlantan Successful In Los Angeles Work

Philip D. Wilson, Formerly Here, Now Secretary of Realty Board in California Town.

Atlanta friends of Philip D. Wilson, son of the late B. J. Wilson, of West End, will be interested to learn that he is now performing the duties of secretary of the Los Angeles Real Estate Board, and is in addition a successful real estate operator.

Mr. Wilson is a native of Atlanta, and has been instrumental in making a success of the Los Angeles Real Estate Bulletin and Building News, the official publication of the board.

GOOD REALTY INCREASE IN CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Realty transfers for July show a large increase in recorded deeds as compared with the same period a year ago. This has been the case practically during all this year.

There were filed for record 5,913 deeds. Involving a total consideration of $11,772,254, as compared with 3,843 and $12,552,129 for July, 1912, a gain of 1,170 in number and a decrease of $779,875 in consideration, the latter due to "nominal" considerations.

There were recorded 3,971 trust deeds and mortgages involving a total of $18,773,121, compared with 2,835 and $12,522,800 for july a year ago, a gain of 1,136 in number and $6,250,321 in amount.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

ADAIR'S LIST

AUBURN AVENUE INVESTMENT.

NEAR the corner of Jackson Street, fronting 104 feet on Auburn Avenue, and running through the block 110 feet to Old Wheat Street, we offer 6 houses, bringing in an income of $57 per month. Take into consideration the fact that this piece of property is near three good streets, runs through the block and has a steady monthly income of $57. These facts assure a steady enhancement in value, the property in the meanwhile bringing in a substantial income. Price, $5,000. Terms.

Suburban Cottage Near East Lake Road

A SIX-ROOM COTTAGE on lot 100x200, half a block from car line, in growing section. Price, $3,000. Terms, $250 cash and $25 a month.

Jackson Street A $4,250 Residence

NEXT to the corner of Jackson Street and Highland Avenue, a two-story, seven-room house, well built and in good repair. A home you can occupy a while and make some money on. One-third cash.

Piedmont Avenue, Near Fourteenth St.

WE have made a subdivision of the two blocks on Piedmont Avenue, between Twelfth and Fourteenth Streets; lots are about 70x200 in size; prices range from $115 to $125 a front foot. This is among the choicest building frontage in Atlanta, and is well suited for apartments.

Railroad Front Near Bellwood Ave.

AN ENTIRE BLOCK, fronts 225 feet on A., B. and A. Railroad; triangular in shape; has three renting houses. An income property with railroad background; lies well for factory site. Price, $2,500.

Crescent Avenue. A $4,500 Home.

BETWEEN Eleventh and Twelfth Streets, facing east, an attractive six-room cottage on Crescent Avenue, lot 50x150. When we sell this $4,500 home, the edition will be out of print; there will not be any more at the price.

WEST END HOME.

ON LAWTON Street, just off Gordon, we offer a modern, 7-room bungalow, on lot 50x150. This home is up to date in all respects and is in perfect keeping with the usual high standard of West End residence property. Price, $5,000. Reasonable terms.

Pryor Street A 12 Per Cent Investment

IT IS NOT OFTEN you can buy a 12 per cent investment on a main paved street, all improvements down and enhancement a certainty. We offer an apartment building on Pryor, near Vassar Street, lot 50x165; rents four tenants at $13 each; total rent $52. Price, $5,200. Tenants pay water bills. This is standard income property.

Renting Property Near Davis Street

THREE BLOCKS from A., B. and A. freight depot, a corner lot 100x105; has two single and one double house; room for another double house. Rents $30 above water bills; price, $3,200. This is very close to Terminal Station and always rents.

EAST LAKE ROAD. A Ten-Acre Tract.

CORNER East Lake Road and Boulevard DeKalb; fronts 467 feet; adjoining tracts owned by J. H. Porter, W. T. Gentry, Major W. R. Dashiell and Adam W. Jones; a residence site de luxe. Price, $16,000.

COUNTRY HOME SITE At East Lake.

SMALL acreage tract (about 4 acres); has spring and clear spring branch on it; suitable for chicken ranch or gardens; fine building site, with trees; car line runs through property. Price, $4,000.

AT EAST LAKE. Fronts 400 Feet.

THIS tract is on Skiff Avenue, facing club grounds; in next block to Joseph Richardson's new residence. Price of entire tract, $4,000; easy terms.

Fair Street At East Lake

ONE BLOCK from Country Club, a pretty lot in oak grove, 100x200; close to paved road; a desirable bungalow site. Price, $1,500; terms.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR.

LOAN AGENTS NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

College Park Busy Building Many Pretty Homes

Steady Population Increase Is Noted in Suburb



The accompanying illustration shows a typical bungalow of the College Park section. Prominent in its construction is the wide porch across the front of the house, the attractive stone pillars at the side and rear, and the wide, sweeping, symmetrical eaves. The stone harmonizes well with the white trimmings, and the contrast in white and dark effects is good. The cost is about $3,000.

Many Atlanta Business Men Live in Quiet Suburb to South—Section Noted for Civic Plan.

The completion of a large number of new homes in College Park places that community in the forefront of local suburbs as regards building. Never before, say College Park citizens, has there been such a steady demand for good homes, and this applies alike to expensive houses and inexpensive ones.

The census of 1910 showed the population of College Park to be slightly more than 2,000, and an estimate of the number in 1913 is easily 2,500, and probably 3,000. Building has jumped ahead in proportion.

College Park is the home of some of the best known business men in Atlanta. These men find it profitable and pleasant to work in the midst of skyscrapers during the day and to enjoy a cooling car ride home in the quiet of evening. They are the original "commuters" drawn from sections on which the city depends largely for original forces in business.

Six miles south of Atlanta, College Park is a unique suburb. Ever since it was laid out by its founders it has been an educational and home-loving community. Its builders made wide streets, beautiful parkways and erected fine homes and educational institutions. Not long in this process and it was a modern Utopia, and still is.

College Park and Decatur are prototypes. Each has its boys' school, its girls' school, its local government, its churches and fine homes, its railroad and its street car system. Each is six miles and 30 minutes from busy Atlanta. In the College Park and Decatur radius are the Chattahoochee River station on the west and Buckhead on the north.

Autumn Renting Business To Take on Roseate Hue

Agents Preparing for Rush That Follows Return of Tourists From Summer Resorts.

September is "moving time" in Atlanta. Next month the local moving vans will do the heaviest business in the year, and the renting agencies will have their hands full until the rush is finally over. Parents are busy selecting schools for their children, and this figures largely in determining changes of residence. Each family wants to be as near a schoolhouse as possible, and the best locations are always spoken for early.

Another thing that causes the fall renting business to be unusually heavy is the return of thousands of people from the summer resorts. Families and couples which have formerly rented houses are moving into apartments, and apartment dwellers are seeking homes with front yards. Between the tourists and the people who want locations near the schools, the renting agents are kept busy devising means of accommodation.

Scarcity of "Good" Houses.

Leases for a long time have been expiring in September and October and when a lease is out there are usually half a dozen people who want to rent the house. Strange as it may seem, there are never enough "good" houses in Atlanta to take care of each year's surplus population.

"If we had 50 houses of a certain type," declared M. S. Rankin, of the Smith, Ewing & Rankin Renting Agency, Saturday, "we could fill them with tenants in a week's time. The greatest demand is for seven and eight-room houses on the North Side, easily accessible to the schools, and renting from $35 to $50 a month. Builders who would make a specialty of this kind of house could sell or rent with a minimum of trouble. Bungalows naturally are popular, and are rising higher and higher in percentage each year."

An Interesting Factor.

Colonel John J. Woodside, who makes a specialty of renting, also predicts a record business. His office force has been carefully through old lists, canceling out-of-date listings and adding new ones, to be ready for the business that is expected to develop next month. Tenants, asserts Colonel Woodside, are becoming more and more fastidious about bathrooms. Whereas many families were formerly content with one bathroom, they now almost invariably call for two, especially when there is a bedroom on the ground floor of a two-story house. The minimum for people in the so-called "upper middle" class is two bathrooms, and the maximum is whatever wealth and taste want to make it.

A tendency to re-lease, indicating satisfaction with places now occupied, has been noted by Manager Aycock, of the renting department of the Charles P. Glover Real Estate Agency.

Other renting agents have joined in the general prediction of a record autumn business, and after the rush is over they are expected to call on the builders for more houses of the "good" kind.

Watch Charm Given To Chas. P. Glover

Former President of Realty Agents Honored—Presentation Speech Is Made by M. F. Ramsey.

Charles P. Glover, vice president of the National Association of Real Estate Exchanges and formerly president of the Atlanta Real Estate Board, is in possession of a handsome gift from his fellow real estate men in recognition of his services as head of the board during the past year.

This is a watch charm, studded with a diamond solitaire, to represent the rising sun, and containing the figures of a stork and a frog. It was presented to Mr. Glover at the monthly dinner of the land dealers at the Hotel Ansley Friday at noon.

M. F. Ramsey, who made the presentation speech, referred to Mr. Glover as "a man of remarkable energy and sterling worth, who has done more than any one person to make the Atlanta Real Estate Board a force in the community."

Mr. Glover declared: "I wish it were in my power to reply as beautifully in accepting as Mr. Ramsey has spoken in presenting this prized, but unexpected, gift."

S. B. Turman explained that the stork on the fob was symbolical of hope rather than of realization. Eugene S. Kelly, of the Glover Agency, was responsible for the suggestion.

Mr. Glover was given an ovation. That the presentation was delayed was due to the haste with which local delegates got away to the Winnipeg convention.

Commerce Chamber Aid From Local Realty Board

Committees Named For Realty Board

Men Who Will Do Big Part of Work During Year Announced at Local Dinner.

Standing committees which will do a good deal of the work of the Atlanta Real Estate Board in the coming twelve months have just been announced and are ready to take up their respective duties.

These committees are on membership, arbitration, renting, legislation, entertainment and public good.

The committee on membership is composed of J. Hope Tigner, chairman; Ben Treadwell, J. F. Mayfield, H. C. Blake and A. S. Hook.

The committee on arbitration is Edwin P. Ansley, chairman; B. M. Grant, Edward L. Winn, J. P. Sturgeon and W. E. Treadwell.

The committee on renting is Eugene S. Kelly, chairman; Albert S. Adams, Raymond Robson, Forrest Adair, Edwin P. Ansley, R. O. Cochran, Albert Boylston, A. J. Mayfield, E. Rivers, S. B. Turman, M. L. Thrower, John J. Woodside, Thomas Cheatham, J. H. Ewing and S. L. Dallas.

The committee on legislation is W. P. Walthall, chairman; Walker Dunson, C. A. Horne, R. C. Eve and W. A. Sharpe.

The committee on entertainment is J. R. Smith, chairman; Frank Adair, Thomas Cheatham, John O. Dupree and E. T. Luckie.

The committee on public good is S. W. Carson, chairman; M. O. Eubanks, L. O. Turner, John S. Scott and Thomas R. Finney.

Chas. D. McKinney Presents Plan to Advertise Through State Organization.

What can the members of the Atlanta Real Estate Board do to help the work of the State Chamber of Commerce?

This question was put forcibly at the regular monthly dinner of the real estate men Friday at the Hotel Ansley, and it has set the land dealers to thinking.

"It seems to me," declared Attorney Charles D. McKinney, representing the State Chamber, "that it lies within the power of the real estate men to give this project as great a boost as any other organization can give it. I want to know now or later whether the chamber can count on the Atlanta Real Estate Board to cooperate with it in advertising the advantages of the State and in bringing in a desirable class of settlers.

Central Body Needed.

"Georgia is one of a very few States which does not have a central organization for the dissemination of this detailed data. We have no way in this State of giving outsiders information on every phase of agriculture, population, labor and lands. In Atlanta we are also somewhat deficient in telling of the city.

"Texas has organizations whose sole purpose is to boom the resources of the State, and she is doing it in a very effective manner. I sent for some literature and I received a package which it required 38 cents to carry through the mail."

The real estate men took no definite action on the suggestion, but assured Mr. McKinney that they would be glad to consider the matter further.

The monthly dinner was by far the best that the land brokers have held. Fifty were present and there was great enthusiasm over the work which lies ahead—to secure if possible the ninth annual convention of the National Association of Real Estate Exchanges and to assist next year in the proper entertainment of the thousands of visiting Shriners.

List of Agents Present.

Charles P. Glover, S. B. Turman and Harris G. White told of their recent trip to Winnipeg, and declared that Atlanta must wake up if she is to rival the growing towns of the great Canadian Northwest. Mr. Glover said that 5,000 settlers pass each week through Winnipeg. The towns, he said, boosted Western Canada above everything. If settlers were not satisfied to stay in town they were advised to move on the farms but always to stay in Canada.

The suggestion has been made that hereafter dinners be held oftener than once a month, and it is possible that something will be done to get the real estate men together every two weeks. Among those present Friday, in addition to those named above, were F. R. Graham, Philip L'Engle, Eugene S. Kelly, R. L. Turman, Haralson Bleckley, Van B. Smith, G. T. R. Fraser, John D. Babbage, George H. Bonnell, L. O. Turner, H. W. Dillin, C. D. Galloway, Edward Morris, John H. and Crawford Maddox, Joseph D. Greene, G. M. McKinnon, T. B. Gay, Fitzhugh Knox, L. M. Anderson, Herbert Kaiser, Hal Steed, M. C. and Horton Kiser, Newton S. Thomas, Ben Treadwell, J. Hope Tigner, S. E. Davidson, E. L. Winn, W. H. S. Hamilton, J. F. Mayfield, Walker Dunson and H. S. Willingham.

In Real Estate Circles

"I'm going to put my spare money on Broad street," asserted a prominent real estate agent the other day in speculating on the best trading centers for 1914. "Broad hasn't yet risen near the height of its possibilities. Wait until we get those chickens off the street and put up a few new and tall buildings and you will see the change. Railroad development on the West Side will have its influence. Cinders and smoke will remain, but Whitehall and Peachtree buildings manage to exist with both, so I suppose Broad can."

* * *

Charles P. Glover, formerly president of the Atlanta Real Estate Board and now vice president of the National Association of Real Estate Exchanges, mingled with "royalty" at the recent real estate men's convention at Winnipeg, according to his companions on the trip. Mr. Glover is a stickler for ceremony, and he found that the Canadians used it every day and Sunday, too. Hence, when convention guests gathered, they heard everybody addressed from King to Constable.

Mr. Glover's speech was important, and he sought a Canadian friend on the form of introduction. The preliminaries ran, something like this: "Your Majesty, Your Grace, Your Worship, Your Lordship, Your Ladyship, Delegates to the National Convention, Ladies and Gentlemen."

Following Mr. Glover's perfect rendition, a Canadian made a bad mistake in his preliminaries, and with bended head and flushed face he said: "Sir, I humbly beg pardon for this seeming indiscretion."

King George could not be present, but the Governor General of the Province mingled with the guests.

* * *

Nearly every time any public discussion of a downtown corner arises, it awakes with it memories of what might have been. Half a dozen real estate dealers could have bought low and sold high—but they didn't. Now, they declare, it's out of sight!

Same with the Connally property, southeast corner of Whitehall and Alabama. "Lordy, Lordy!" sighed a leading real estate dealer a few days ago. "I came within an ace of leasing that in 1910 for 99 years at $25,000 a year, and now it's easily worth $40,000! I would have put a big building—you bet!"

* * *

That Atlanta must take a giant stride forward in street improvements if she is to rival the progressive towns of the Pacific Coast is the opinion of H. F. West, of the A. J. & H. F. West Real Estate Agency, who has just returned from an extensive trip.

"I have been all over certain Western towns," declared Mr. West, "and I find that the street conditions are so far ahead of Atlanta that there is no comparison. Miles and miles of beautifully paved thoroughfares make locomotion a pleasure. If work is needed to be done, the order is given, and the money is forthcoming. There is no delay, no haggling about it.

"I don't mean that the principal streets are the only ones that are paved. Nearly all thoroughfares have been improved to such an extent that the poorer classes of people living in the outlying districts receive benefit. The same is true of lighting, numbering and naming streets. Atlanta is far behind in this respect, and she can better her condition when the leading citizens of the community take a more active interest in civic affairs."

* * *

Who will be the next patriot to give the city another park?

Real estate men have been wondering. What park spaces the city has are filling a great need, but more parks must come. The large tracts which could once have been bought for a song are now mostly cut up into city lots and many individuals hold deeds to them.

The Peters property on Peachtree between Fourth and Fifth streets will soon be cut into store lots—unless it is purchased for a park. Ten years hence, if the city has not acquired this, citizens will recall that it could have been bought for comparatively little.

"Another illustration is the triangle at the northern junction of the Peachtrees—a good place to cut an octagonal space resembling roughly Columbus circle in New York, and a splendid place for a handsome statue of some pioneer citizen. This triangle extends southward to Seventeenth street, but the southern extremity of it has been built up with houses. "For sale" signs are on most of the rest of it, for that matter.

Speaking of parks, a real estate man pointed out the other day that the so-called "park patriots" don't seem to be with us any more. "People offer parks these days with commercial motives," said he. "It has been a long time since anybody offered a park who didn't expect to get as much out of the city as the city got out of them."

Six Crops of Alfalfa in Season; Big Opportunity for Farmers of South

CHARLES A. WHITTLE.

(Georgia State College of Agriculture.)

Think of from four to six crops of hay off a field in a year, and you are thinking of the possibilities of alfalfa growing in the South. Think of cutting from one to one and a half tons per acre each time and figure that each ton is worth at least $25 and you arrive at a very snug income with mighty little sweat as compared to cotton, for instance.

But be not deceived. Learning to grow alfalfa in the South is the biggest thing about it. Anybody who takes it as a matter of course that all he has to do is to stir the land and plant and thereafter watch the negroes harvest, is more than likely to be enrolled with the long list of those who have proven alfalfa failures in the South.

With all the good things that can be said of the soil of the South, it can pretty generally be said that Southern lands are not naturally "cut out" to grow alfalfa. This is not saying that alfalfa as a rule will not grow in the South, nor is it reflecting in any wise on either the soil or the climate. The point is that all Southern soils have to be given special treatment and preparation before alfalfa will be at home in it.

Alfalfa on Every Farm.

"Alfalfa on every farm," the slogan now going the rounds, does not point to an impossible ideal, but if anyone thinks it can be attained in the South without a considerable revolution, he may be easily deceived by trying it.

With all, it is easy enough to prepare the soil for alfalfa and go along producing it, if the prospective grower will follow good advice—but there is the rub.

The ordinary cotton grower of the South will have to practice crop rotation, he will have to add inoculation to his vocabulary and practices, and he will have to get lime into his soil. Those who have been teaching this sort of doctrine and have observed how far it has taken root in the South will understand how much farming practice will have to be changed to realize "Alfalfa on every farm."

To the average Southern farmer to mention inoculation is to elicit inquiries. What is it? Why? And to tell the truth, it is neither easy to understand nor to explain. A full explanation, indeed, is impossible. Inoculation means to introduce friendly bacteria into the soil. Without certain nitrogen fixing bacteria present in the ordinary soil, alfalfa and other legumes make poor headway. Certain it is that some of these bacteria can take the nitrogen from the air and fix it in the ground, converting at the same time the nitrogen into food for the growing plant.

Alfalfa Bred Bacteria Best.

It is believed that almost any soil has some of the nitrogen fixing bacteria present in it, but as a matter of fact in some soils these bacteria are few and apparently so starved as to be unequal to the task imposed by thrifty alfalfa.

The best bacteria with which to inoculate are those which have been bred in a good alfalfa field. Good bacteria can be grown artificially and it is with such artificially grown bacteria that seed are inoculated. When sprinkled with a solution in which the artificially grown bacteria have been turned loose, the seed carry on their surface enough of the bacteria to start up business in a new field.

Of course the bacteria are invisible except under a compound microscope. The farmer can not see them and when he buys he buys on faith. If his alfalfa grows and produces good crops he believes in inoculation. If it does not, he is likely to have notions of his own about inoculation. It is possible for seed to be perfectly inoculated and by reason of improper handling may fail to show results. Sunlight destroys bacteria and inoculated seed left exposed to the sunlight will become sterile. To escape the danger of sunlight it is necessary, of course, to shelter the bacteria, and it is wiser to sow or to apply the inoculation medium late in the afternoon or during cloudy weather.

Again, the seed may be properly inoculated, due precaution may be taken to get it into the soil with the least injury from the sunlight, but the soil may be sour, which is no sort of soil for a nitrogen fixing bacteria.

Lime Necessary to Alfalfa.

To correct sourness of soil lime is necessary. The fact is that practically all soils in the South are deficient in lime. This may never become apparent so long as cotton or corn is grown, but it is certainly true when it comes to growing legumes.

The lime is not needed as a fertilizer. It is merely a tonic to nitrogen fixing bacteria. Soils generally are supplied with all the lime that the crops need. Experiments have shown that most of the crops grown in the South are benefited by the use of lime, a benefit that is attributable to increasing bacterial activity. Bacterial activity means increase of plant food, for bacteria in effect are minute laboratories changing the elements non-available for plant food into elements of the soil that are available. Of course there are good and bad bacteria. Some of those that might be classed as bad operate to change available plant food into non-available. Of such are the denitrifying bacteria, which instead of preparing bacteria for the plants change it into perhaps free nitrogen that returns again to the air.

These friendly bacteria have been isolated and named and are nurtured, coaxed and strengthened to do their best. Only the border of the realm of these soil agents has been entered, and it may be reckoned with a degree of certainty that as the scientist ventures further into the mysterious country of the unseen that he will bring back to the farmer knowledge that will mean two bushels where one is now grown, all by learning which are the good bacteria that are serving plant life and how to encourage their growth.

The first great contribution of the scientist in looking into the teeming soil world is that lime is good for nitrogen-fixing bacteria, and since nitrogen is the most expensive plant food and one of the most important, it is a wonderful discovery this of lime and its relations to bacteria.

Since nitrogen-fixing bacteria operating to the good of alfalfa set up shop on the roots of the plant and there extract nitrogen from the air that has penetrated the soil, to know that lime will make it thrive is equivalent to saying that without lime alfalfa will not grow in many Southern soils, for it is a fact that most Southern soils are deficient in lime and are too sour for nitrogen-fixing bacteria.

Some pretty well-known, highly respected and intelligent men have said that they do not believe in inoculation nor in liming for alfalfa. They point to their successful alfalfa patch to show you that neither is necessary. Unwittingly such well-meaning people have been the means of the downfall of others in their attempts to grow alfalfa. Do not get an idea that there are many such alfalfa successes in the South, especially among those who have not used lime. Even where the soil has been formed by the disintegration of limestone rock, where there is a foundation of limestone in the soil, is to be found a marked deficiency in available lime. The lime has leached out. It must be supplied. On soils which for some reason, exceptional to the rule, there is sufficient lime, alfalfa may be started and grown successfully even without inoculation. The reason for the unnecessary inoculation will be found to be that the soil has already been stocked with nitrogen-fixing bacteria through the medium of clover, cowpeas, beans or one of a hundred other legumes.

Some of the authorities are now advocating going to the roadside, the fence corners or other places where sweet clover or burr clover, or lespedeza, or some other legumes are growing, taking some of the soil from underneath, scatter it over the alfalfa seed bed and harrow it under. By this mean nitrogen-fixing bacteria will be added to the soil, bacteria that have been making their living off the very kind of soil in which they are appointed to continue operations.

Better still, of course, would be soil taken from a field in which alfalfa had grown, a field where conditions are similar as to character of soil, climate, growing zone, etc. Naturally bacteria that have been feeding on alfalfa must have established alfalfa-loving characteristics.

Suppose some cotton farmer gets inspiration enough to get out of the ruts and takes the advice of the man who does not believe in inoculation or liming, and suppose he fails, as he is likely to do, what a pity! When again will he be in frame of mind to try?

Preparing the Seed Bed.

The preparation of the seed bed with reference to weed eradication is important. It is time well spent if two years are taken in preparing the land for alfalfa. If barnyard manure is applied, it is better to follow with a crop of corn as a weed eradicator. This followed by rye or oats drilled between the corn rows at the last time the corn is worked, will afford not only a winter cover crop, but good pasturage for the colts and calves during the winter. After the rye or oats, as the case may be, is taken off, the cowpea or soy bean will prove excellent for keeping the weeds from getting a start. Turning under the cowpeas or soy beans and harrowing the ground until it is in fine tilth, is good a seed bed as could be obtained for growing alfalfa is prepared.

Weeds and alfalfa do not do well together. If the farmer can not get rid of the weeds, he need not look to alfalfa to do it. Many farmers have had fits of despair over the weeds and crab grass which have made their appearance in their alfalfa patches.

But weeds are not formidable obstacles to growing alfalfa where the precautions described have been taken. Even where the weeds have appeared in an alfalfa patch there is a fighting chance for alfalfa if the right steps are taken to keep down the weeds. The method usually recommended is to run a disk harrow over the field. This plays havoc with the weeds, but harms the alfalfa very little. By some it is claimed that the harrowing will break up the alfalfa crowns or bunches and start new plants. Weed eradication in the field will rarely be necessary if the seed bed is properly prepared in advance.

Then Put In Lime.

Having brought the seed bed through two seasons of preparation and having broken and harrowed the ground, the next important step is to put in the lime. The amount of lime to apply will depend upon the degree of acidity or sourness of the land, not on the amount of lime already in the soil. The degree of sourness is usually determined by the use of litmus paper, a prepared paper that can be purchased at any drug store. This paper when imbedded in fairly moist soil and left a short time, when taken out will show by the change of color how acid the soil is. If the change of color is very marked plenty of lime should be applied. The application will vary from one to two tons per acre.

Lime is comparatively inexpensive and when once applied serves its purpose five or more years. Ground limestone is the form which is most generally used. The price is determined largely by the cost of freight. At lime manufacturing centers the ground limestone can usually be bought at $1 per ton and even less, especially where the lime is a by-product.

The lime should be broadcasted or drilled in. If broadcasted, then harrowed under.

Sourness of soil is attributed to an incomplete stage of decomposition of vegetable matter which has been turned into the soil. The lime is the one element that will at once adjust conditions and permit other bacteria as well as the nitrogen fixing bacteria to do their work. The vegetable matter which has been turned under in preparing the seed bed and is in process of decomposition, that is, which is being transformed by bacteria, proceeds with its processes most favorably in the presence of lime, becomes humus and then plant food.

An application of nitrate of soda after the alfalfa has come up, especially if it is not showing good color, has often proved helpful.

Alfalfa hay is good, rich hay and ranks very near wheat bran in the amount of nutriments, ton for ton. Wheat bran costs about $30 per ton laid down in the South. Raise alfalfa hay and the wheat bran need not be purchased. The alfalfa has a feeding value of nearly $30 per ton at present prices, but at the outset of this article a selling prices of $25 was set as an average.

As a feed alfalfa is a producer of high-class barnyard manure. Considering that the feeding value of alfalfa is nearly $30 per ton and the manure produced of high fertilizing value, the conclusion is that alfalfa is most profitable to the farmer when he feeds it to farm animals and applies the manure to the land.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

PEACE, PLUS GOOD CROPS, GIVES WORLD NEW SPIRIT

Hopefulness Prevails in United States, United Kingdom and Continental Europe Because War Seems To Be Passing Away

Progress Toward Passage of Currency Bill and McAdoo's Policy Tends to Restore Credit and Improve Securities Market

By BOERSANIER.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Hopefulness prevails in the United States, the United Kingdom and Continental Europe as a result of the excellence of crop returns, peace in the Balkans and consequent returns of foreign investment funds to American securities.

A bumper winter wheat yield, fair returns promised by spring wheat fields, improvement in the corn belt and excellence of the oats crop displayed by threshing machine results have stimulated general business.

Progress made at Washington carrying the currency bill toward fruition and extension of credit facilities by the Treasury's distribution of Government funds inspired confidence which found reflection in a stronger security market.

A cheerful view of the world's monetary situation is taken by the London Statist, which says of Europe's prospects:

"There is no change to record in the Continental money markets. There is a more hopeful feeling; but nobody can define exactly why he feels more hopeful, except by saying that the belligerents in Southeastern Europe, with the exception of Roumania, are exhausted, and that Roumania appears not to be intent upon creating trouble, but rather is endeavoring to bring about peace.

Understanding Suspected.

"Furthermore, it is believed in an indefinite kind of way that Russia and Austria-Hungary have come to an understanding. Probably there has been a sort of understanding between the two courts ever since the special mission of Prince Gottfried Hohenlohe from the Emperor Francis Joseph to the Czar. And recent events may have made both feel that they should combine their influence to bring about a settlement of all questions at issue.

"At the same time we are very skeptical of any real agreement between Austria-Hungary and Russia. Their interests differ too markedly and the position of the two countries contrasts too strongly. Moreover, Southeastern Europe, and for that matter Western Asia, just now are in the melting pot.

"It is difficult for anyone, even though he be a great monarch, to foresee how events are shaping themselves, or what will be the outcome of the hurly-burly through which the Balkans have passed. Therefore, it seems much more likely that both governments are carefully limiting their action to the immediate present, and affecting even the immediate future as little as possible.

"Money in Germany is, as every well-informed person anticipated, easy. It always is easy in July, unless something very untoward happens, and as July this year has passed over rather tamely, there has been no disturbance of the financial market.

Future Is Hazy.

"What will happen during the remainder of this month is less easy to foresee. Probably for a couple of weeks rates will remain very much as they are. About the middle of the month people may wake up to the recollection that there will be a difficult settlement at the end of September, and then preparations for that settlement may be begun.

"On the other hand, the middle of August is usually a quiet time, and the weather having been bad during July, it is honed that it will be fine this month. If so, holiday making will be in full swing. It is possible consequently, that there may be little disturbance of rates all through the month.

"The influence of Roumania is being exercised for good, and it is hoped she will succeed in making both Servia and Greece more amenable to reason and thus bring about a tolerable arrangement.

"But even if all that is done, the outlook will continue to be dark. It will be extremely difficult for the Balkan States to borrow. Had they been wise enough to make a treaty of peace early in the year they would have come to Western Europe with great prestige. There would have been a general willingness to lend to them and a general belief that they had shown themselves so capable in their attack upon Turkey that they would be sure to use beneficially the money intrusted to them.

Confidence Dissipated.

"But all that belief in their capacity and, consequently, in their future, has been dissipated, and it will be extremely difficult, therefore, to obtain the loans that are actually indispensable if they are to make any progress in the immediate future.

"The matter is of great importance to Austria-Hungary as well as to the Balkan States. So far as the latter are concerned, it is hardly necessary to point out that they can not wind up the war except they get some money.

"Thus Roumania is likely not only to gain in territory and prestige, because of the obstinate folly of Bulgaria, but also to gain economically because of the exceedingly good weather she has had."

Upward Tendency in Cotton Is Unchecked

Bulls Show Less Vigor at Week-end. Crop News Proves To Be More Mixed.

By EDWARD LOW RANLETT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The upward tendency of cotton values was continued during to-day's session, but with less vigor. Prices started from 3 to 7 points higher, and while additional gains of a few points soon were recorded, there was enough selling by the South and for the account of recent buyers to cause a partial reaction. The market closed steady. The disposition was to await week-end weather developments.

Crop news was more mixed. As a rule the advices on the Central and Eastern belt are very satisfactory, but with each day of dry weather in the Southwest despatches from that section are more serious.

There has been a tendency to reduce crop estimates, because the Western belt has shown a falling off in possibilities, while east of the Mississippi River, while the crop may not have improved very much, it has held its own in much better shape. Speculation has not been much in evidence, but the general tendency of operators has been to avoid the short side of the market.

Estimated cotton receipts:

	Monday.	1912
New Orleans	50 to 100	201
Galveston	6,500 to 7,500	5,959

RANGE IN NEW YORK FUTURES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Ag	11.75	11.79	11.69	11.74	11.74-75	11.69-70
Sp	11.44	11.44	11.38	11.38	11.39-41	11.36-38
Oc	11.18	11.25	11.18	11.20	11.19-20	11.14-15
Nv	11.08	11.13	11.08	11.13	11.10-12	11.05-07
De	11.13	11.18	11.09	11.13	11.12-13	11.07-08
Jn	10.99	11.07	10.99	11.02	11.02-03	10.97-98
Fb	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.04-06	10.99-01
Mh	11.09	11.14	11.07	11.09	11.08-09	11.05-06
My	11.11	11.17	11.09	11.17	11.11-13	11.08-09

Closed steady.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16.—Due 5½ points higher on August and 4½ points higher on other positions, this market opened steady, generally 4 points advance. At the close the market was firm at a net advance of 9½ to 10½ points.

Spot cotton quiet at 11 points advance; middling, 6.51d; sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,000 American bales; speculation and export, 500; imports 2,000, of which none were American bales.

Futures opened firm.

	Opening Range.		Close.	Prev. Close.
Aug.	6.22	-6.26	6.27½	6.18
Aug.-Sept.	6.15		6.20½	6.11
Sept.-Oct.	.605		6.11	6.01
Oct.-Nov.	6.01		6.08	5.97½
Nov.-Dec.	5.96	-6.00	6.02	5.92
Dec.-Jan.	5.96½	-6.06	6.02	5.92
Jan.-Feb.	5.97	-6.02½	6.03	5.93
Feb.-Mch.	.598½	-596½	6.04½	5.14½
Mch.-Apr.	6.00	-6.05	6.05½	5.95½
Apr.-May	6.01	-6.04	6.06½	5.96½
May-June	6.01½		6.07½	5.97½
June-July	6.07½		6.07½	.....

Closed firm.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—A surprisingly strong Liverpool was offset to-day by private reports of rains in Oklahoma. Consequently the cotton market opened only one point up on October and one point down on other active new crop months. During the early trading professionals were inclined to sell short, but turned buyers as soon as the official forecast predicting clear weather for Texas and Oklahoma over Sunday was posted.

Reports of rains at Omaha, Nebraska, which, it was thought, would spread to Oklahoma over Sunday, caused some aggressive selling on the part of bears during the late trading. Bulls bought moderately on the decline, in anticipation of an unfavorable crop report by The Times-Democrat Monday morning. The market at the close ruled steady, with prices unchanged to one point higher, as compared with Friday's closing.

Spots were officially reported firm and 1-16c higher on all grades, middling being quoted at 12 1-16c. Sales amounted to 285 bales of spots.

At the high point to-day the market showed an advance of 31 points from the low level of the week established Thursday when the market broke below 11 cents for the new crop positions.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close	Prev Close
Ag	11.69	11.69	11.63	11.64	11.63-64	11.60-62
Sp	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.23-25	11.22-24
Oc	11.19	11.25	11.18	11.19	11.18-19	11.18-19
Nv	11.20	11.20	11.18	11.18	11.15-16	11.14-16
Dc	11.16	11.23	11.14	11.17	11.17	11.16-17
Jn	11.16	11.23	11.16	11.17	11.17-18	11.16-17
Fb	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.15-17	11.14-16
Mh	11.28	11.31	11.24	11.24	11.24-26	11.25-27
My	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.33-35	11.32-34

Closed steady.

SPOT COTTON MARKET.

Atlanta, nominal; middling 11¾.
Athens, steady; middling 11⅞.
Macon, steady; middling 12½.
New Orleans, quiet; middling 12 1-16.
New York, quiet; middling 12c.
Philadelphia, quiet; middling 12c.
Boston, quiet; middling 12.30.
Liverpool, quiet; middling 6.51d.
Savannah, steady, middling 11⅝.
Augusta, steady; middling 12c.
Charleston, steady; middling 12 5-16.
Norfolk, firm; middling 11¾.
Galveston, steady; middling 11⅞.
Mobile, steady; middling 12c.
Wilmington, quiet; middling 12c.
Little Rock, steady; middling 12c.
Baltimore, nominal; middling 12½.
Memphis, steady; middling 11¾.
St. Louis, quiet; middling 12 5-16.
Houston, steady; middling 11⅞.
Louisville, firm; middling 12⅛.
Charlotte, steady; middling 12c.
Greenville, steady; middling 12c.

COTTON SEED OIL.

Coffee quotations:

	Opening.	Closing.
August	8.99@9.10	8.91@9.50
September	8.77@8.80	8.87@8.90
October	8.00@8.01	8.01@8.02
November	6.94@6.96	6.92@6.94
December	6.79@6.84	6.79@6.81
January	6.80@6.84	6.78@6.81
February	6.78@6.85	6.75@6.80
March	6.81@6.83	6.80@6.82

NEW ORLEANS RICE.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—The market for clean rice shows a strong tone on Honduras and rules to-day on Japan.

Quotations on the leading grades follow:

	Honduras.	Japan.
Head	4¾@6¾	2¾@3½
Straights	3½@5½	2¾@3
Screenings	2 @2½	2 @2¾

SUGAR.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—All grades of refined and spot raw sugar were unchanged to-day. The European beet sugar market was easier. August and September beets unchanged at 9s 4½d bid, but October and December beets were ¾d lower at 9s 3½d.

BONDS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Government bonds unchanged. Railroad and other bonds strong.

COTTON FIELDS TELL STORY OF TWO ASPECTS

No Cause for Complaint in the Central or Eastern Belt. Spinners Reluctant.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—A genuine crop scare in a considerable portion of the cotton belt and an absence of bullish activity in the price marts was an anomaly presented during the week. A partial explanation for it was, that while the crop was admittedly losing condition in Oklahoma and Texas, in practically all the rest of the belt there was no good reason for complaint. In fact, most of the central and eastern belt sent in reports of excellent progress toward a satisfactory yield. There was thus a two-sided story from the cotton fields, and the sections which last season had only moderate outturns were giving promise of evening up matters with a section that had bumper crops.

The promise of rains in the western part of the belt at the close of last wek, which afforded much of the basis for the bearish activity in the speculative market on Friday and Saturday, proved barren of much results, for the showers were scattered, and by no means sufficient to relieve the situation. In only a few localities did they amount to enough to give relief, and as the temperatures continued high, some of them might better not have come. Arkansas had some fine rains, which put an end to an incipient drouth. The week has brought no important relief to Oklahoma and Texas, and most students of the situation have reduced expectations for those important areas.

It seems certain enough damage already has been done to make unlikely a yield of as much as last year, despite increased acreage. The injury will continue until the drouth is relieved, and then for them to have full benefit there will have to be a late and open fall so late fruit can mature.

In the central belt conditions are still excellent, and the critical period will soon pass. Expectations are for the largest crop ever gathered in this territory, and picking will start in earnest in a few weeks. The "first" bale has already appeared here nine days ahead of last year and five earlier than the average date. However, the crop as a whole is not that much ahead, the bale having come from the section that is trying to get ahead of the boll weevil by early planting and forced cultivation.

Opinion here is that the improvement of the past few weeks in the eastern belt has been such as to make possible a large yield, though it is doubted whether the record of two years ago will be reached in any large area.

The spot situation is still without much feature, and it seems likely that the spinners are going to take their time about buying. Very little forward business is reported booked and the disposition to scatter orders is not yet marked. From across the water comes talk of trade not being so promising, though there is a suspicion that one motive for such news is the need of raw material in large quantities soon and it will not hurt any to spread the notion that trade is going to be dull, thus helping to depress values and enable as cheap buying as possible.

The effect of the legislation against futures, should it be passed, is also expected to be for lower prices, which is another motive for the spinners waiting. There are many people who think the removal of this menacing cloud would result in a very quick revival of bullish speculative activity and thus the crop scare would become a price factor of more importance than it has been.

The foreign spinner, no doubt, also feels that the money situation is such that there will be a rush to sell the new crop, which will better his chances of getting bargains provided he does not show too much eagerness this early.

The domestic spinner naturally is biding his time and being conservative, pending the passage of the tariff act and its effect on business. Other things also encourage him to be a little patient, although advices indicate a healthy prospect for business.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The weekly statement of the New York Associated Banks shows the following changes:

Average statement:
Excess cash reserve, decrease $1,784,600.
Loans, increase $7,771,000.
Specie, decrease 5195,000.
Legal tenders, decrease $78,000.
Net deposits, increase $5,622,000.
Actual statement:
Loans, increase $401,000.
Specie, decrease $3,398,000.
Legal tenders, increase $1,770,000.
Net deposits, decrease $3,281,000.
Reserve, decrease $985,450.

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Hogs: Receipts, 11,000; market 10 to 15c lower; choice light, 8.75@8.90; light mixed, 8.45@8.60; prime light butchers, 8.40@8.60; prime heavy butchers, 8.25@8.35; heavy packers, 7.25@7.60; mixed packing, 7.35@7.90.

Cattle: Receipts, 100; market steady; steers, good to choice, 8.50@9.00; steers, fair to good, 7.50@8.50; steckers, 6.75@7.90; feeding steers, 7.00@8.00; fair to good heifers, 7.00@8.00; good to prime heifers, 8.00@8.75; good to choice cows, 5.75@7.25; good to choice calves, 10.25@10.75; fair to good calves, 8.00@10.25.

Sheep: Receipts, 2,000; market steady; native lambs and range lambs, 6.50@7.50; range yearlings, 5.50@6.25; range wethers, 4.50@4.65; range ewes, 4.25@4.40; feeding lambs, 6.00@6.75; native wethers, 4.50@5.00; native ewes, 4.00@4.50; native yearlings, 6.25.

NAVAL STORES.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Turpentine firm, 36½c and 36½c; sales 658 barrels; receipts 1,040 barrels. Rosin firm. Sales 2,824 barrels. Water white, $6.25; window glass, $6; N, $5.10; M, $4.35; K, $4.05; I, $4.00; H, $3.95; G, $3.90; F, $3.90; E, $3.90; D, $3.75; B, $3.65.

HAS METHOD OF MAKING COTTON LIVE FOR YEARS

German Savant Patents System for Producing Frost and Pest Proof Perennial Plant.

By M. A. ROSE.

Now comes Herr Woldemar Schuetze, the newest recruit to the ranks of those who would revolutionize cotton growing.

All the world eventually will adopt his system, he asserts, and thereby produce a wiltproof, pestproof, frostproof, high-grade cotton which need be planted but once in 25 years.

The system makes the cotton-picking machine entirely practicable and increases the planter's profit, not only by cutting out the cost of seed, but also by reducing the cost of labor. These are some of his claims.

The system, it seems, is protected by patents in every country of the globe except in Japan. The wily Japs, according to Herr Woldemar Schuetze, considered his application, turned it down, and then spread knowledge of his methods the length and breadth of the Flowery Empire.

Details Are Vague.

But when it comes to details, Herr Schuetze is rather vague, or at least the reports of interviews with him in London are rather vague.

The cotton plant in its wild state is perennial. This is the foundation stone of the system. In the countries where wild cotton is found the plant lives 20 to 25 years. Under cultivation it degenerates to the extent of about 80 per cent after the first crop, and can not resist frost.

Herr Schuetze promises to prevent this degeneration, to make the cotton plant live 25 years or more, to make it proof against frost and all pests. He does not tell how, excent to say:

"Like so many great discoveries, mine is most simple.

"One wonders why it has not been discovered ages ago. It is really the result of applying the law that in grafting, the closer the relationship, the better the result. When this system is once applied, the reduction in cost will soon amount to 50 per cent at least.

"There is an old law that the qualities of cultivation in a plant are not continued with certainty in seedlings; that is to say, that they are most unreliable. Now, my process prevents this, applying the law I referred to by first sowing, and then grafting from the parent plant onto the seedling."

Herr Schuetze takes great comfort from the fact that experiments by the Royal Pomological Society at Eisenach bear him out.

Helps Cotton Picker.

"With perennial cotton plants, or rather, trees," he goes on, "it will be possible to train them to grow in a series of arches. It follows, therefore, that a cotton-picking machine can be designed which will do its work with far greater regularity and thoroughness than is possible under the present system, where a large number of levers or arms are required to work in equally numerous directions and angles. At present, the cotton-picking machine leaves behind about one-third of the cotton, whereas under the new system, practically all of the cotton will be picked with comparative ease.

"Again, with the trees trained in this manner, the cotton bolls will be better exposed to the rays of the sun, with the result that the bolls will develop better, grow larger and produce better cotton."

The Carvonica cotton plant, which is perennial, already is well known, but it will not grow everywhere. Herr Schuetze says he can fit his system to any cotton-growing climate. Three to five years would be required to adapt the cotton of the South to his system.

General Rally in Stocks Good Sign

Traders Take Encouragement From Strenght Shown After Early Bear Attack.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—One encouraging feature of to-day's stock market was a general rally after Union Pacific and Steel had been forced down a point in the early trading, with other stocks falling off 1-4 to 3-4 at the same time. Atchison, Missouri Pacific and Rock Island were all weak in the early session on account of reports of corn crop damage. Later, reports of rain in Kansas and Oklahoma brought about the rally, which, though slight, was regarded as important when prices were compared with those of Wednesday and Thursday.

Amalgamated Copper and Smelters both showed considerable strength, presumably because of the strength of the market for the metal.

There was a lack of foreign news Paris being closed by the three-day holiday and London being dull in consequence.

Of domestic news, the most important was the news from Washington that the Administration appeared to have currency legislation well under control and that the bill was likely to reach the House as early as August 25.

The bank statement was considered favorable.

Stock quotations and net change:

STOCK—	High.	Low.	Clos. Bid.	Net Chge.
Amal. Copper	72¾	71⅞	73½	+1⅝
Am. Agricul	.....	.....	45	.....
Am. Beet Sug.	25½	25½	26	+ ⅜
American Can	33½	32⅝	33½	+ ½
do. pref	.....	.....	93⅛	+ ⅛
Am. Car Fdy.	46⅛	45	45	.....
Am. Cot. Oil	.....	.....	43	+1
American Ice	20	20	21	.....
Am. Locomo	32	32	31¾	— ¼
Am. Smelting	67¼	66½	67⅜	+1⅛
Am. Sug. Ref.	109	109	109¼	— ¾
Am. T.-T	129⅜	129⅜	129⅝	+ ⅛
Amer. Woolen	.....	.....	17½	.....
Anaconda	35¾	35¾	36⅜	+ ⅝
Atchison	96	95	95⅞	— ⅛
A. C. L.	.....	.....	120½	+1
B. and O.	96⅝	96½	96⅜	— ⅛
Beth. Steel	34½	33⅞	34⅞	+ ⅜
B. R. T.	88¾	88¾	88⅝	+ ⅛
Can. Pacific	219	217⅝	218⅝	+ ¾
Cen. Leather	23	23	23¼	+ ¼
C. and O.	55½	55½	56⅝	+ ½
Colo. F. and I.	31½	31½	30½	+ ½
Colo. Southern.	....	....	27¾	+ ½
Consol. Gas	....	....	130½	+ ½
Corn Products	11	11	11	.....
D. and H.	....	....	156¼	+ ¼
Den. and R. G.	20	20	20	—2
Erie	28¼	27⅝	28¼	+ ¼
do. pref.	46½	46½	46⅜	+ ⅜
Gen. Electric	142	141½	142	.....
G. North. pfd.	126⅜	126⅜	126	— ⅜
G. North. Ore.	35½	35½	35½	.....
G. Western	14	13⅜	13⅝	— ⅛
Ill. Central	....	....	106¾	— ½
Interboro	15⅝	15⅝	15⅜	— ⅛
do. pref.	60	60	60	+ ⅜
Iowa Central	....	....	7	—1
K. C. S.	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+ ⅛
M., K. and T.	22½	22½	23	+ ½
do. pfd.	....	....	58¼	+ ⅛
L. Valley	152	151	151⅝	+1
L. and N.	134⅜	134⅜	134	— ⅛
Mo. Pacific	31	30½	31¼	+ ¼
N. Y. Central	....	....	98	.....
Northwest	....	....	129½	— ½
Nat. Lead	49	49	49	.....
N. and W.	....	....	106¼	.....
No. Pacific	111	110¼	113⅜	+3⅜
O. and W.	....	....	29⅜	+ ⅛
Penna.	113	112⅜	112⅞	+ ⅝
P. Gas Co.	....	....	113½	.....
P. Steel Car	....	....	24⅜	.....
Reading	160½	159¼	160⅞	+1¼
R. I. and Steel	23⅛	23⅛	23⅜	— ⅜
do. pfd.	....	....	87	—1⅜
Rock Island	17	16¼	17⅜	+ ⅝
do. pfd.	28⅜	28⅛	28	— ⅛
S.-Sheffie'd	....	....	28	—1½
So. Pacific	92⅜	91⅞	92¼	+ ¼
So. Railway	24⅝	24⅝	24⅞	+ ¼
do. pfd.	....	....	78	—1
St. Paul	107	106	106½	+ ½
Tenn. Copper	31	30½	31⅜	+ ⅝
Texas Pacific	16	15	16	.....
Third Avenue	....	....	36	+1
Union Pacific	152⅞	151⅝	153⅜	+ ⅛
U. S. Rubber	61	60½	61	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	62¾	61⅞	62⅜	+ ⅜
do. pfd.	108¼	108	108	+ ½
Utah Copper	50¾	49⅝	50¾	+ ¾
V.-C. Chem.	....	....	24½	+ ½
Wabash	3¾	3½	4	+ ⅛
do. pfd.	10⅝	10¾	11½	+ ⅝
W. Union	....	....	66¾	— ⅜
W. Maryland	....	....	41	.....
W. Electric	69	69	72	+3¼
W. Central	....	....	47	.....

Number of shares sold to-day 171,-110, against 234,865 a year ago.

Par value of bonds sold to-day $579,000, against $921,000 a year ago.

BANK CLEARINGS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Bank clearings, $282,511,343, against $304,035,905 a year ago, a decrease of $21,524,562.

NEW SEABOARD MANAGEMENT IS DOING WELL

Deficit of $121,000 in First Quarter Overcome and oGod Surplus, Besides.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Seaboard Air Line in the year ended June 30 earned in excess of 7 per cent on $23,894,000. Final surplus was approximately $1,730,000, against $813,000 in 1912, both figures including only rail operations.

The showing reflects credit on the new management. In a year when the company's territory scored only about 60 per cent of a normal cotton crop, and when the initial three months' operations under the old management produced a deficit of $121,000, results for the succeeding nine months not only overcame these handicaps, but so far recovered that gross increased $1,523,000 and surplus over all charges increased $817,000.

On basis of nine months' operations under the new management, and allowing for effort necessary to pick up and recover the initial quarter's deficit, the property appears to be earning at rate of nearly $2,000,000 surplus annually, or equivalent to more than 8 per cent on the outstanding preferred. Total operating ratio in the past year was 72 per cent of gross. In 1912 it was 75 per cent.

Officials look forward to better than a $2,000,000 surplus in the current year. Crops offer excellent promise, with one of the largest cotton crops ever raised among the prospects this year. General business is moving in fair volume and traffic outlook shows no unfavorable signs.

Selling U. S. Bonds Short Is Risky Deal

Restricted Market for These Securities Makes the 'Bear's' Lot One Not Enviable.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The trader who sells any Government bonds short takes a long chance of making a profit, because of the restricted market for these securities, and the short seller of those which bear coupons assumes a risk much greater than is attached to any active stock or bond on the Stock Exchange list. Government coupon bonds, particularly those which have the circulation privilege, are comparatively scarce.

The coupon bonds may be converted into registered bonds, but registered bonds may not be exchanged for others of the same clas which bear coupons.

The application of this provision to the issues which are used to secure bank note issues, naturally, has worked to cut down the number of coupon bonds outstanding and thereby greatly lessened the opportunity of short sellers for covering their contracts at times when they have the best advantage for a profitable transaction.

An expert on Government issues predicted yesterday that traders who went short on coupon 2s below 96 would have difficulty in covering at any price under par unless some development at Washington occurs to weaken them drastically.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Money on call nominal; no loans; time loans easier; 60 days, 3⅛@4; 90 days, 4⅛@4¼; six months, 5¼@5¾ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5@6½ per cent; sterling exchange steady at 4.8305 for 60-day bills and 4.8645 for demand; commercial bills, 4.82¾.

New High Made for Corn, but Not Held

Longs Supply All Demands When Crest Is Reached, Causing Slight Reaction.

By JOS. F. PRITCHARD.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—New high prices were made in the corn pit again to-day. These advances are likely to be seen from day to day until such time as the mad speculative movement has spent its force, or the Southwest has been deluged by rain.

A runaway market was slated in corn for to-day, and it looked at one time as if even with the selling by the larger men in the trade the upturn could not be checked. Around 75 1-8 cents for September, 69 3-4 cents for December and 71 cents for May—the highest prices of the day, as well as of the week—the chutes of the longs were thrown wide open and all comers were fully supplied and more. This selling caused reactions from the best prices of the day and declines for the session of 1-8@3-8 were seen in the deferred months.

The mention of "corners" on the Chicago Board of Trade causes a smile to overspread the average trader of to-day. The big trade mart has an anti-corner rule and this is being lived up to with great earnestness.

While the farmers of the country have lost heavily because of the almost unheard of crop deterioration many of them have partially recouped their losses, while others have made more money by taking a hand on the bull side than they otherwise would have made.

Eastern exporters were in the wheat market on a liberal scale to-day and in addition to this buying there was improved milling business. The total sales to-day here were 685,000 bushels.

Prices advanced 1-8@1-2 cent today and they closed pretty well around the best prices of the session.

New buying was noticeable in oats and prices were fully maintained following the advance of Friday. Cash transactions were small at 150,000 bushels; corn sales were larger at 240,000 bushels.

Grain quotations:

	High.	Low.	Previous Close.	Close.
WHEAT—				
Sept.	87⅝	87⅛	87⅜	87⅛
Dec.	91⅛	90⅝	93⅞	90⅝
May	95⅞	95⅝	95¾	95⅝
CORN—				
Sept.	75⅛	74⅝	74¾	74⅝
Dec.	69¾	69	69¼	69⅜
May	71	70	70¼	70⅝
OATS—				
Sept.	43⅝	43¼	43½	43⅛
Dec.	46⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
May	49	48⅜	48⅝	48⅝
PORK—				
Sept.	20.70	20.60	20.70	20.55
Jan.	19.12½	18.97½	19.12½	18.67½
LARD—				
Sept.	11.15	11.07½	11.15	11.07½
Oct.	11.20	11.15	11.20	11.12½
Jan.	10.67½	10.60	10.67½	10.55
RIBS—				
Sept.	11.10	11.00	11.10	10.95
Oct.	11.02½	10.80	11.02½	10.85
Jan.	10.12½	9.95	10.12½	9.90

CHICAGO CASH QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Wheat—No. 2 red, new, 88@88½; No. 3 red, new, 87½@88; No. 2 hard winter, new, 88@88½; No. 3 hard winter, new, 87½@88; No. 1 Northern spring, 90@91½; No. 3 spring, 88@90.

Corn—No. 2, 75¾@76¼; No. 2 white, 77; No. 2 yellow, 76½@77; No. 3, 75¾@76; No. 3 white, 76¼@76¾; No. 3 yellow, 76¼@76½; No. 4, 75¾@76; No. 4 white, 76¾@76¼; No. 4 yellow, 75¾@76.

Oats—No. 2 white, No. 2, 43¾@44; No. 3 white, new, 42½@43½; No. 4 white, 42½; standard, new, 43½@44.

ST. LOUIS CASH.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—Cash—No. 2 red wheat, 87¾@89½; No. 3 red, 86@87¼; No. 4 red, 83@86; No. 2 hard, 85¾@92; No. 3 hard, 85@86; No. 4 hard, 84.

Corn—No. 2, 78½; No. 3, 78; no grade, 73; No. 3 yellow, 78; No. 2 white, 79½@80½; No. 3 white, 79¼.

Oats—No. 2, 42½@43; No. 3, 42; No. 4, 41; No. 2 white, 42¾@43½; standard 43½; No. 3 white, 42¾@43; No. 4 white, 41@41½; No. 2 rye, 67.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16.—Wheat closed ⅝ to ¾d higher.

Corn closed ¾d higher.

BEARS CHECKED BY DAMAGE IN WESTERN BELT

Small Demand for Forward Delivery in Spots Best Argument for Low Prices.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—Bearish activity, which had been encouraged by the anti-option legislation pending at Washington has been somewhat restrained recently by reports of deterioration in the condition of the cotton crop in Texas and Oklahoma.

Unevenly distributed showers have fallen in both of those States within the last few days, but it is believed that what relief has come has been too late to prevent material damage to the crop in that section of the belt. Consequently the next bureau report is expected to show a further decline in condition from last month, when both Texas and Oklahoma fell off sharply.

The one redeeming feature in the crop situation at the moment is the improved outlook in the eastern half of the belt. According to reports received in this market, the crop in Alabama and in Georgia has undergone wonderful improvement since the date of the last bureau report. Should this improvement in the eastern belt continue, the deterioration likely to be shown in the Western belt will be offset, in a measure, by the improvement in the Atlantics.

It is believed that while conditions may be serious in those two States, rains within a week would yet permit the making of a fairly large crop, and it is argued that even if there were a shortage in the crop in the Western belt the increase apparent in the Atlantics, together with a normal yield in the Central belt, would result in a crop of at least 15,000,000 bales.

The most bearish feature in the general situation is the fact that there is less demand for forward deliveries in spots than has been the case in years. Fully good middling is being offered in this market at 45 points on October, and good middling at 15 points less for September delivery, with few, if any, buyers in sight. The slack spot demand is attributed to declining trade at Manchester and to the bearish sentiment engendered at Liverpool by the introduction of the Clarke bill in Congress.

News as to the outcome of the fight being made against the Clarke bill continues of a favorable character, and it is believed here now that the measure has been practically killed as a result of the criticism aimed at it by Southern newspapers generally.

The optimistic feeling prevailing here has been reflected by an advance of $600 in the price of New Orleans Cotton Exchange stock, two shares of which have sold this week for $2,100, with none offering at less than $2,500 now.

When the Clarke bill was first introduced, shares of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange declined below $1,500, whereas the stock had been $2,500 bid before the bill was introduced by Senator Clarke.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee quotations:

	Opening.	Closing.
January	9.20@9.31	9.23@9.25
February	9.35@9.40	9.29@9.31
March	9.42@9.50	9.35@9.37
April	9.45@9.55	9.43@9.46
May	9.53@9.54	9.53@9.50
June	9.55@9.65	9.52@9.54
July	9.62@9.67	9.58@9.58
August	.....	8.94@8.95
September	8.95@8.96	8.95@8.96
October	9.00@9.10	8.99@9.01
November	.....	9.06@9.08
December	9.16@9.20	9.15@9.16

Closed steady. Sales, 36,000 bags.

Travel Troubles

They are great and numerous—if not precluded by availing yourself of the opportunities offered by this safe, strong bank.

For instance: If you leave your valuable papers or jewelry in the house during your absence from the city, all during your travels you will be anxious concerning their safety. Whereas, if you rent a Safe Deposit Box in our Steel Vault, your mind will be relieved of this anxiety, which will be worth many times the cost of rental.

Again: If you start out with a pocketful of cash, you will be incessantly bothered with making change; and if traveling in foreign countries, will be subject to the dangers of receiving SHORT change. Our Travelers' Cheques or Letters of Credit will make your travel money matters simple and safe. And the cost is very nominal.

Atlanta National Bank

C. E. CURRIER, President. F. E. BLOCK, Vice President.
JAMES S. FLOYD, Vice President. G. R. DONOVAN, Cashier.
J. S. KENNEDY, Asst. Cashier. J. D. LEITNER, Asst. Cashier.

CAPITAL $1,000,000.00
SURPLUS 1,000,000.00
RESOURCES 10,000,000.00

American National Bank

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Statement of Condition August 9, 1913

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$3,495,486.16
United States Bonds	518,000.00
Other Bonds and Securities	74,750.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer	25,000.00
Cash in Vault and with Banks	900,402.11
	$5,013,.38.27

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$ 600,000.00
Surplus and Profits	611,336.59
Circulation	500,000.00
Bills Payable	300,000.00
Deposits	3,002,301.68
	$5,013,638.27

The business of the country is in surprisingly large volume. The stock market has experienced a reaction, while all crop reports received to date are most promising. We are pleased to state



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon
FOR ORGANIZATIONS

5,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon

1,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

GIRLS' CLASS

To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN
AND
THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR BIRMINGHAM

VOL. I. NO. 20. Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SULZER AND GLYNN EACH REFUSE TO BUDGE INCH

Deadlock Results in New York Impeachment Situation as Each Claimant Refuses to Make Move—Both Go to Capitol.

Accused Executive Accompanied by His Bodyguard Goes to State House and Plunges Into Business—No Outbreak Surprise.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Neither drastic nor violent steps will be taken by Lieutenant Governor Martin H. Glynn to force William Sulzer, the impeached Governor of New York, from office—at least not to-day. Owing to the fact that this was a half holiday at the State offices, Mr. Glynn spent but a few minutes at the Capitol, and while both Sulzer and Glynn forces refused to budge an inch, matters were at a deadlock.

Accompanied by his bodyguard, Governor Sulzer walked from the executive mansion to the Capitol, where he plunged into State business, just as though his right to exercise the gubernatorial prerogatives were not contested.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who claims the powers of Acting Governor under the Constitution until Mr. Sulzer is brought to trial on September 18, went from the Capitol to the offices of his newspaper and announced he would spend the afternoon at an athletic meet. He denied that, like Napoleon, he would lift the power of ruling New York State on the bayonets of the National Guard.

Lack of Trouble a Surprise.

Absence of an actual outbreak today was a surprise to many who expected to see the executive chamber a battleground for the Sulzer and Tammany forces.

Mr. Sulzer now virtually stands alone, having been deserted by the members of his cabinet, who have allied themselves to the Glynn forces. But Sulzer refuses to abdicate, despite the fact that the ranks of his political enemies have been strengthened during the last 24 hours.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who is now signing State documents with this signature, "Martin H. Glynn, Acting Governor, State of New York," announced that, in spite of any obstructions thrown in his way by the Sulzer legal forces, he would continue to administer gubernatorial affairs pending Mr. Sulzer's trial for alleged high crimes and misdemeanors September 18.

Both Sides Fear Trick.

Both sides are taking elaborate precautions to guard against a trick. Throughout the night armed guards stood watch over each State department, while lawyers and legislators involved in the struggle were trailed by private detectives. Mr. Sulzer was in retirement planning a new legal move with his counsel. Messenger boys with Washington and New York city telegrams could not find the Governor, but members of the "inner circle" took charge of the dispatches, saying they would find the Governor.

Leaders of the anti-Sulzer faction made the threat that Mr. Glynn, now having control of the State Military Department, would actually invade the executive chamber.

"He will get a mighty warm reception," declared Sulzer adherents, who are few, but courageous.

Some Fear Martial Law.

Some residents of this city, realizing the intense seriousness of the situation, fear that conditions may become so grave that martial law will have to be declared.

It was assumed that Governor Sulzer to-day would reply to the second note from Lieutenant Governor Glynn, demanding the unconditional surrender of all prerogatives by Mr. Sulzer and the abdication of the Governor. Counsel were with the Governor at the beginning of the official day, and it was reported that the Governor was urged to take a fling at Tammany Hall.

Germany Also Snubs Panama Exposition

Kaiser's Government Follows John Bull's Action in Declining American Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The German Government to-day decided to refuse to participate in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 6, Column 6.

MRS. GUNTER IS CRAZY, SWEARS STEP-DAUGHTER

Trial of Divorce Suit Against Former Alabama Supreme Court Jurist Sensational.

FIGHT OVER YOUNG CHILDREN

Aged Respondent Is Father of Montgomery Mayor and City Court Judge.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 16.—That Mrs. Kate Gunter is crazy and a subject for an insane asylum, was the testimony offered by Mrs. Donald Simple, who conducts a fashionable society school for girls in New York, in the divorce trial of her father, Judge W. A. Gunter, here yesterday. She said her stepmother, who filed the original bill of complaint in the sensational case, told falsehoods and that it was almost unendurable to live with her. Still, she said, she stuck up for her as long as she was her father's wife, but when Mrs. Gunter filed the bill asking for a separation from her aged husband all love for the mother ceased.

The suit has now been in progress for more than 50 days. Witness after witness has been upon the stand and some of them, especially the two principals, have been grilled for a whole day at a time. Every effort has been made here to suppress publicity of the case.

The suit now in progress is for the possession of the children, five of whom have come from the union of thirteen years.

The original bill and also the testimony offered by Mrs. Gunter is to the effect that the respondent threatened to kill her and then commit suicide. She also said he was cruel to her and that her life was in danger.

Judge Gunter, who is 77 years old, was formerly on the Alabama Supreme Court bench and is prominent in the State. His son, William Gunter, Jr., is Mayor of the city, and another son, Gaston Gunter, is Judge of the criminal division of the City Court. The latter, who is a former Yale football star, was among the witnesses on the stand to-day.

Promoter Drew Gets Sentence of 5 Years

Federal Prison Term Imposed on Fort Payne Man for Oil Well Fake.

BIRMINGHAM, Aug. 16.—E. C. Drew, the Payne oil well promoter charged with using the mails to defraud, was convicted to-day at Gadsden under 41 counts and sentenced by Judge Grubb, of Federal Court, to five years in the Atlanta Federal prison. Drew has been ordered to jail pending filing bond in the sum of $3,000 if he appeals.

Rich Planter Slain By Negro Farm Hand

A. McD. Armstrong, of Louisville, Meets Death on Plantation Near Mobile.

MOBILE, Aug. 16.—A. McD. Armstrong, a wealthy resident of Louisville, Ky., who operates a farm at Camden, Wilcox County, near here, was shot and killed near that place by a negro plantation hand whom he stopped from abusing another hand. The negro escaped, although several searched for him.

HOBSON TALKS; O'NEAL SILENT; CLAYTON TALKS

Governor Urged to Call Special Session of Alabama Legislature at Once.

BANKHEAD IN WASHINGTON

Senatorial Tangle Shows No Signs of Being Straightened Out Except by Congress.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 16.—Prominent citizens, attorneys and politicians are advising Governor O'Neal to call a special session of the Legislature and place in proper position the United States Senatorial condition.

The appointment of Congressman Henry D. Clayton to the position made vacant by the death of Senator Joseph F. Johnston does not suit those in command, and, therefore, the proper channel will have to be sought.

Among those who have petitioned the Governor to call a special session of the Legislature is Walter Percy, prominent attorney of Birmingham and member of the Legislature. He says that in addition to the Senatorial matter some attention could be given to the elimination of the fee system in Jefferson County, where the Sheriff alone makes $50,000 per annum.

The consensus of opinion here is that the Governor will have to call a special session of the Legislature, in the meantime filling vacancies and then set about regularly toward selecting a Senator.

While it is conceded that Henry D. Clayton would be the strongest candidate and will be reappointed if left to the Legislature, it is not to be overlooked that Congressman Richmond Pearson Hobson, candidate against Senator Johnston, is still before the people and leaving nothing undone in his own behalf.

Knox May Enter Race.

John B. Knox, of Anniston, prominent attorney, is likely to step in.

Captain Hobson is working hard. He is speaking before Sunday schools and Confederate veterans' associations and wherever he gets a chance. To-morrow he will speak before a Sunday school class in Birmingham at the South Side Baptist Church, but will not touch politics.

Legal, Says Bankhead.

Senator John S. Bankhead, who has just returned to Washington from a stay of a few weeks at his home at Jasper, near here, expresses the belief that the appointment of Governor O'Neal, announced last Monday, is legal and will stand. It is expected that he will be heard on the proposition the coming week in Washington.

Until the appointment is legally turned down in the Senate in Washington, no definite action is probable in Alabama. Everything now is on the presumption that the appointment of Congressman Clayton will be turned down.

Governor O'Neal is quiet on the subject of a possible special session of the Legislature so far as can be heard.

The names of Congressmen Oscar Underwood, Thomas Heflin, John W. Abercrombie, and Dr. R. M. Cunningham, of Ensley, are mentioned as probable candidates for the Senatorship in the regular election.

Hobson's Card.

Congressman Hobson says of Clayton's appointment:

"It is a brazen defiance of law, the people and the Constitution—the most humiliating travesty of our political institutions.

"It is a defiance of the law and the rights of the people, willfully made with the knowledge that the appointment is illegal and is so regarded by the United States Senators, not only by the opposition Senators, but by Democratic Senators as well.

"The effect of the appointment will be to postpone indefinitely the settlement of the question. This delay is fully understood by the Alabama politician, and is incurred against the earnest advice of our Democratic leaders.

"In the midst of the crisis of the tariff bill, the interest of the Democratic party, the relief and welfare of the nation, the law of the land, the sacred political rights of the people seem to have counted for naught.

Jockeying Damned.

"The fact is that after all the jockeying and caucusing, the scheme went through precisely as Mr. Bankhead had planned. It was very remarkable how Senator Bankhead hurried to Alabama and had the whole specious article prepared to give out almost immediately.

"You will recall that Senator Bankhead and the lamented Johnston were themselves chosen by popular vote; in fact, the principle was considered of such sacred importance in our progressive State that we even went so far as to provide an election for successors to our great Morgan and Pettus before the deaths of these grand old men.

"How, then, can any true Alabaman stand for the miserable expedient of having their United States Senators appointed by Emmet O'Neal instead of being elected by the people themselves?

"It belongs to the people. It is theirs by law as well as every true consideration of the Democratic rights. They demand it, and they are not going to be fooled or hoodwinked by the hair-splitting quibblings of technical lawyers or professional pot-politicians."

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

France to Welcome Envoy de la Barra

Mexican Legation Is Assured That There Is No Objection to New Minister

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Mexican Legation has heard nothing of any objection on the part of France to the reception of Francisco de la Barra as Mexican Minister to this country. The secretary of the legation said to-day:

"We would not be the first to hear of it if any such objection existed."

The Agence Nationale was the authority for the report, which was printed here yesterday. Senor de la Barra sailed from New York to-day.

Pentecostal Church Plans Big Convention

Eight States To Be Represented at Meeting in Birmingham Next Friday.

BIRMINGHAM, Aug. 16.—Annual convention of the Southern Pentecostal Association, including Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, Florida, South and North Carolina, Tennessee and Missouri, will convene in Birmingham, next Friday and continue for ten days.

Dr. N. J. Holmes, of Altomont, S. C., will preside and the Rev. W. Ray Anderson, of Laurens, S. C., will do the principal preaching.

Pentecostal faith is growing rapidly in this section of the country. The meetings are to be held under a big tent in North Birmingham Park.

Clayton to Present Credentials Monday.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Congressman Clayton, of Alabama, appointed Senator by Governor O'Neal of that State, to-day returned to the Capitol and announced that he would put up a spirited fight for admission to the Senate. Clayton was appointed to fill the seat of the late Senator Johnston, of Alabama.

"All authorities support Governor O'Neal's action," asserted Clayton. "Anyhow, it would be a useless expense to call the Alabama Legislature together for I should be appointed in any event."

Clayton will present his credentials on Monday and will be opposed by a majority of the Senators who claim that his appointment is illegal under the new constitutional amendment providing for the direct election of Senators.

SUPREME TEST COMES AS STATE TRAINS GUNS ON FRANK'S CHARACTER

Defendant Will Take the Stand Early in Week to Give His Account of His Movements on Day Mary Phagan Was Killed.

ATTORNEYS SEEKING TO PROVE A COMPLETE ALIBI

Believed That Case Will Stand or Fall on Efforts of Prosecution to Prove Its Charge of Immorality Against the Accused.

BY AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The third week of the Frank trial came to an end at noon Saturday.

The defense has not yet concluded its case, but confidently expects to finish within the next day or two.

Its last card, and one of its biggest, will be the defendant's statement. This statement is scheduled for the early part of this week.

It will mark the climax of the defense's case, just as Conley's story marked the climax of the State's.

It became more and more evident as the case progressed during the past week that the defense is pitting Frank squarely against Conley—that it is to be Frank's life or Conley's life for little Mary Phagan's, snuffed out cruelly nearly four months ago in the National Pencil Factory.

Frank's statement on the stand, which the law permits him to make, but not under oath, and which may be accepted by the jury, either in whole or in part, in preference to all the sworn testimony, will be matched against the story the negro told so dramatically and with such frightful emphasis soon after the case got under way.

Into the negro's story, moreover, was injected the question of Frank's general character, particularly in one unmentionable direction, and this the defense will undertake to offset completely and finally.

More than a hundred witnesses have been summoned to testify to Frank's good character, and these include men and women from every walk of life, where it could be shown that such witnesses had come in contact with Frank from time to time in such wise as to be competent judges of his general character.

DALTON'S TESTIMONY IMPEACHED.

Already, the one witness (Dalton) so far introduced by the State to corroborate Conley has been successfully impeached by the defense, and it is likely that others introduced to uphold the negro also will be subjected to impeachment proceedings, if the defense suspects that it may successfully inaugurate the same.

The defense seemingly has realized fully the heavy necessity of breaking down Conley's awful story, not only in direct connection with the murder, but in every phase of it that bears upon the character of the defendant.

As a primary proposition, the advantage in the situation thus set up dwells within the defense.

In the first place, Frank goes to the jury with the presumption of innocence in his favor. The burden is not upon him to make out a case in behalf of himself. It is upon the State to make out a case against him.

Moreover, the only right of appeal attaching to persons indicted for felonies is within the defense. Once the State loses, it is lost forever.

The State must allege and prove the guilt of the defendant "beyond a reasonable doubt," and fight right up to that limit.

If there remains a reasonable doubt of Frank's guilt, after the last word has been said to the jury, Frank, under the law, is entitled to it, and if the trial jury fails to award it, a court of review will remedy the legal wrong thus inflicted upon him.

ALL STATE TESTIMONY SWORN.

The State, moreover, must submit every bit of its evidence, to the last shred or patch, under oath.

The defense, on the contrary, may clear itself upon testimony not one word of which is sworn to.

The State's star witness, Conley, also comes into court a confessed accessory after the fact of the murder, a confessed falsifier in numerous conflicting statements as to his knowledge of and connection with the crime, and accompanied by a well established jail record fearfully and wonderfully made up.

His is a much harder story to hold up than Frank's, viewing the two stories generally and in their broader personal aspects.

Even without Conley, to be sure, the State still has a circumstantial case against Frank that might compel considerable attention and respect, but there are few people who seemingly believe that it alone would be sufficiently strong to convict.

It probably is a realization of the State's tremendous task, involved in the holding together of Conley's story, that has caused

DORSEY SURE OF CASE AS CRISIS COMES

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Frank Had Life Which He Hid From Relatives and Friends

Trial Will Last Through Week, Declare Men Who Have Followed It.

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense Objects too Late.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, dependent alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta is that to fail in the establishment and corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing possible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believe the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually, and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

Rely on State Witnesses.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relying upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several different directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this despite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Marv's mother), George Epps, a motorman, and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probably to be amplified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

State Seems Confident.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless, the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get in pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.

Jurors in the Frank case sketched in the courtroom. They are: 1. M. Johenning, 2. A. L. Wisbey, 3. F. V. L. Smith, 4. Deder Townsend, 5. M. S. Woodward, 6. A. H. Henslee, 7. W. M. Jeffries, 8. J. T. Ozburn, 9. Charles J. Basshardt, 10. W. S. Medcalf, 11. Fred E. Winburn, 12. J. F. Higdon.



Girl on Stand Shouts She Would Die for Leo Frank

Employee of Pencil Factory Furnishes Dramatic Incident of Day—Dressing Room Evidence Is Brought Out.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimoney in any way prejudicial to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into a eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by the time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guiltlessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though it never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to conduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmeline Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sister. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded against it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled toward Miss Kitchen, and then turned around and walked away. She testified that the girls never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking their overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her in regard to a reported remark of N. V. Darley, general manager, that "if the girls stay with us through this, they will not lose by it." She said she had overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

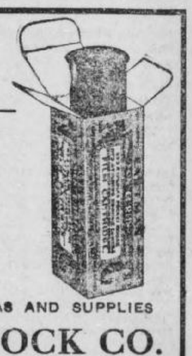
The following pencil company employees were called as character witnesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stewart, Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Ina Hayes, Eula May Flowers, Elma Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dickerson, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osman, Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, Rebecca Carson, Maude Wright, Irene Jackson, and Mesdames Emma Freeman and Ella Thomas.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL
368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L
Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A graded school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.
Send For Booklet

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee August 25
THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF "HER FATAL SHADOW"
Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPENS THURSDAY AUG. 21


Dr. W. J. Harper
New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery
Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00
All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

Bring Us Your Films for Development

We Give You BETTER RESULTS Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING
AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT
ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.
We Also Carry a Complete Line of EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES
GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.
Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree

LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE DECLARE HE ALONE HAS PREPARED STATEMENT

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of Jurors, But Will Simply Outline His Contention as to Tragedy.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, international tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated tonight that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer, of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam, Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweetheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shanty and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

Grape Juice vs. Milk

Secretary Bryan Does Not Have Undivided Support of Cabinet in Choice of Beverage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Grape juice as a Cabinet beverage has gone into eclipse, in spite of the prominence given to it by Ciceronian eloquence as being the only nectar of the gods.

A canvass of the preferences of other members of the Cabinet beside that of Mr. Bryan, whose favorite beverage is well known, disclosed the fact that plain old milk, sweet and buttermilk, is ahead in the race. President Wilson prefers orange juice to that of the luscious grape.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is one of the sweet milk champions and has a fellow champion in Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo leans toward buttermilk.

Attorney General McReynolds and Secretary of War Garrison are said to be ardent milk advocates.

Secretary of Agriculture David Houston is one of the two members that find enjoyment in pure unfermented grape juice.

Secretary of the Interior Lane prefers hot tea, while Secretary of Commerce Redfield likes his tea cold.

Charges Sister Stole Her Husband's Love

California Woman Names Beautiful Relative In Her Plea for a Divorce.

SUSANVILLE, CAL., Aug. 16.—Charging that her younger and prettier sister had stolen her husband's love, Mrs. Celia Rundquist Schaefer asked Judge Monroe for a divorce from Marin Schaefer, a fruit grower and rancher. Miss Rose Rundquist, sister of the plaintiff, was named as co-respondent.

Mrs. Schaefer testified that her sister admitted that her husband was a "grand man," and that he showered attentions upon the sister and admitted making love to her. The plaintiff also claimed that she had to support both for two years.

Judge Monroe held that there was insufficient corroborating evidence and instructed the applicant for divorce to get more witnesses.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

(We sell all makes.)

Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

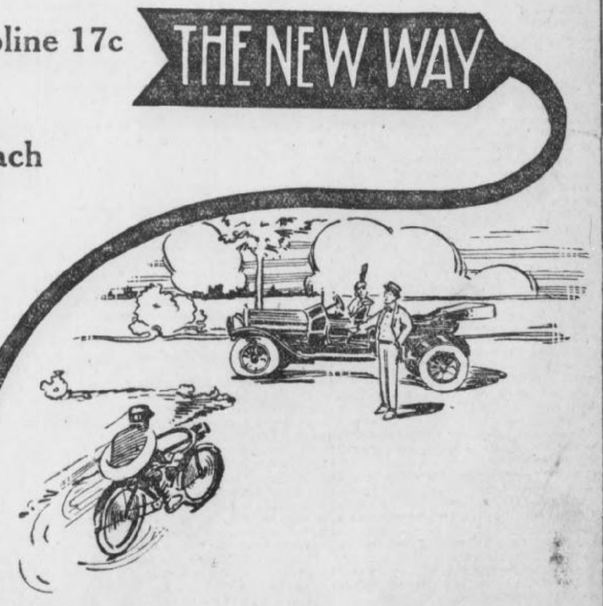
83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

Free Air Station ::: **Gasoline 17c**



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta



GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury T. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court. Below is Lola Norris, the other girl witness in noted case.



SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her shearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacramento in the same fear of exposure of their liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," replied Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such low voice that Judge VanFleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the defendant said that resulted in your deciding to leave Sacramento.—A. Well, he said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say she would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money given to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. Did you wait in the depot for Caminetti?—A. No; he was to return to the restaurant. There was some talk about going on an earlier train. We waited in a little street car waiting room near the depot. Miss Norris stayed in there when the train came in. I walked out with Mr. Diggs and told him to go and I would stay there. He said, "No," that he thought too much of me to have me stay there. The train finally left.

Caminetti Gets Money.

Q. Then Mr. Diggs went to the waiting room and telephoned?—A. Yes, to Mr. Caminetti, I think.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. We returned to the Saddle Rock and waited half an hour for Mr. Caminetti. When he came, he said he had the money and would go on the next train.

Q. Then you did what?—A. We went to the depot.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. Mr. Diggs said to wait while he got the tickets.

Q. Whom did you wait with?—A. With Lola Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Q. Then what?—A. When the train came, we got on.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall do you, going to the Riverside Hotel on the 10th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is, Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris, were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say?

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of February, 1913?—A. Yes.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris stop at the Grand Hotel, the same place, in San Francisco, upon that occasion?—A. Yes.

Q. And the same room was occupied by you and Mr. Diggs upon that night, was it not?—A. Yes.

Q. And Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti, to your knowledge occupied another room alone in that hotel, did they not?—A. Yes.

Stopped at San Jose.

Q. Upon the second day of February, 1913?—A. Yes.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris stop at the Grand Hotel, the same place, in San Francisco, upon that occasion?—A. Yes.

Q. And the same room was occupied by you and Mr. Diggs upon that night, was it not?—A. Yes.

Q. And Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti, to your knowledge occupied another room alone in that hotel, did they not?—A. Yes.

Stopped at San Jose.

Q. Upon the second day of February, 1913?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidelberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

M. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many times were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived, with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I don't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No, sir.

BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I will appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

BRING YOUR VACA-

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination Are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

$5



Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE

MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S

GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. Telephone M. 1708

Over Brown & Allen's Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH	$5	GOLD FILLING	$1
GOLD CROWNS	$4	AMALGAM FILLING	50c up
BRIDGE WORK	$4	PLATES REPAIRED	50c up

TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . . $1 up

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison, was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine!" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job

But Lind Is Most Unusual Man

Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the plaiform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of disssatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order...$165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US
Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.
Name .....
Address .....

Cable Piano Co.
84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.
GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.

MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existinfi in individual counties and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 15 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues; they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing doctors; they have heard the plea of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the father and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. Ten Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

The Tax Receivers of the counties shall open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

In ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has rev-



The Wonderful and Prompt Results of Vegetable Obbac.

olutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.

You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then to Beaver Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal an river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will fly. The life-saving crew of Clifton, to Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equipage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bills proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Bee River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires whenehe may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions.

"I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

BRING YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Fresh films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 42 N. Broad street.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

Nance Believed Mad When He Slew Wife

Relatives Declare He Was Mentally Unbalanced When He Left Knoxville Friday.

KNOXVILLE, Aug. 16.—George R. Nance is believed by his wife's relatives in Knoxville to have been insane when he killed her in a hotel at Hamlet, N. C., yesterday. They recite incidents connected with his former residence in this city that cause them to suspect he was mentally unbalanced.

At one time Nance left home and his wife did not know of his whereabouts until she received a cablegram from him in Liverpool, England. Soon thereafter he came here and they remained until they went to Greenville, S. C., last March, where his wife was manager of a sanitarium operated by a company with hospitals in various cities. For four years she was head of this company's hospital at Los Angeles. Her last station had been at Chattanooga, where her local relatives thought she was yesterday.

Mrs. Nance was born in Sweetwater, Tenn., and had many relatives over East Tennessee. She married Nance in Alexandria, Va., nine years ago, and they had no children. Mrs. J. T. Steele, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. B. T. Baker, of Alexandria, Va.; Mrs. Jerry Reagan, of Portland, Oreg., and Mrs. J. A. McCampbell, of Friendsville, Tenn., are her sisters.

Autos Are Barred By Canadian Island

Residents of Prince Edward Will Not Allow Machines to Enter Province.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—"It seems strange in these days when automobiles are seen on every street, on every country road that there should be one section on the American continent where these vehicles are positively prohibited," said R. A. Dewey, of Toronto.

"Recently the Canadian Parliament enacted legislation to permit the use of self-propelling carriages in the Province of Prince Edward Island, but it is by no means certain that the legislation will be effective. There is every indication that the law will never be put in force because a plebiscite on the question was taken throughout the island when the annual district school meetings were held.

"The returns that have come thus far indicate that the farmers are strenuously opposed to allowing automobiles on Prince Edward Island. More than 90 per cent of the population voted no on the proposition, and in some of these places the vote in the negative was unanimous.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends In Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife Eva died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover, Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

"Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA



WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established—because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."

WHITLAW PRICES
RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.



Original Painless Dentist

The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT
Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!



The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE SAVOY CAFE 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE --- LOW PRICES

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of habitual drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Men's Socks Adorn Girl's--Ahem

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde Is Bold Apostle of New Style and She's a Good Proselyter.

Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short socks are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features, you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it.

The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeoligist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY
A MODERN CONSERVATORY.
A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.
OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughteds and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "tag" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury. Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "roughneck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "makeup" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

The woman, now bent and feeble, is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865
82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta
The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

Columbus

Latest Southwest Georgia News

Albany

SUFFRAGETTES INVADE STAID GEORGIA TOWN

Thomasville Has Its Quota of Women Who Demand the Ballot.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The granting of a charter for a Woman's Suffrage Association in Georgia and the bobbing up of the suffragettes over the country generally is causing many towns to take an introspective view, so to speak, to ascertain if there are any of this new brand of women within their borders, and the result shows that while there may not be a great many avowedly calling themselves suffragettes, there are more in sympathy with the movement than the mind of the average man conceives to be the case.

That there should be suffragettes in other towns in Georgia seemed very probable, but that they should be found in Thomasville, which is regarded by the outside world as being eminently staid and conservative, never going wild over anything but baseball or fighting about anything but "Sis" Cow, seemed almost unbelievable, but they are here just the same.

This does not at all mean that the majority of the fair sex here are in sympathy with this new order of women who are fighting for the ballot. There is, however, a very fair sprinkling of them, who do not hesitate to assert their belief in the equal rights of woman, and they likewise acknowledge that they would enjoy taking a hand in the management of public affairs, to a certain extent at any rate.

Of course, there are a few of the more advanced in their ideas who even believe that they could run a town and would like to try it a while and show the male management in charge just how a sure enough town should look and how affairs would be managed with a female board at the head of things. When questioned as to what would be done in a town run by women in regard to holding Police Court, serving on juries, etc., the enthusiasm did not seem so marked, though little attention was paid to the query, it evidently being the idea that all unpleasant duties could be turned over to the mere men and only the "running" of affairs be reserved for those in charge.

As it will probably be a good long time before Thomasville will be run by a female management, at least openly, as they are often accused of being the power behind the throne, nobody is very much worried over it, but it is interesting to know just how the matter stands and whether the women of the South will ever go into this movement in earnest as they have in the West and parts of the North.

Timbermen Fight Over Debt; 1 Dead

W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen End Dispute by Pistol Duel in Street at Blakely.

BLAKELY, Aug. 16.—W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen, two well-known timbermen, had a pistol duel on the public square at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, as a result of which Keen is dead with five bullet holes in his body.

Keen is said to have shot at Stamper twice and missed him. Stamper escaped unhurt, except a graze near the left eye.

The trouble grew out of a dispute over the division of the proceeds of a debt due to both of them by a common debtor.

Keen leaves a wife and several children.

Miss Marie Whitehead

An attractive and vivacious brunette, of Albany, who is now touring Europe with Mrs. James S. Farnum, of Charleston, and Mrs. E. B. Young, of Albany. During the past school term Miss Whitehead was a student at Brenau College. (Photo by White, Gainesville.)



Truck Growers to Organize in Tift

Object Is to Promote Growing and Marketing of Products.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Present indications are that not only the truck growers of Tift County will work in co-operation, but that all the truckers of South Georgia counties will co-operate in promoting the growing and marketing of trucking products.

Two melon and truck growers of Brooks County, M. L. Bowen, of Quitman, and A. J. Powell, of Dixie, were in Tifton this week and conferred with the Tifton Chamber of Commerce and a number of men engaged in trucking, inquiring as to the working of the Tift County Truckers' Association, with a view to forming a similar organization in Brooks County.

Mr. Bowen has been in the melon business for nearly twenty years and Mr. Powell is an expert at growing Irish potatoes.

TERRELL FARMER FIRES BULLET THROUGH HEAD

DAWSON, Aug. 16.—P. C. Calley, well-to-do Terrell County farmer and brother-in-law of Jesse Mercer, committed suicide at his country home near Dawson by shooting himself through the head. He left no note as to the cause, but despondency over money matters is believed to have been responsible.

Columbus Shows Healthy Increase

Nearly Half Million Gained on Tax Values of Property—Rate Was Reduced.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Tax Assessor Frank M. Sommerkamp, of Muscogee County, has completed his tax digest for 1913, which shows $22,769,804 compared to $22,508,202 in 1912, an increase for 1913 of $261,602.

When it is taken into consideration that the tax assessments this year in the city of Columbus were made at 75 per cent of the county assessment, while they have been made heretofore at the same, it will be seen that the county has made a remarkable showing. In other words, something like $14,000,000 worth of property has only been assessed at 75 per cent of the assessment of last year. It is believed that the increase in values would have run far over half a million dollars.

The digest shows that there are 40 lawyers, 43 doctors, 17 dentists, 1 veterinary surgeon, 2 architects, 2 engineers. The dogs in the county are valued at $2,192.

DOUGHERTY TAX VALUES SHOW GOOD INCREASE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—The total value of taxable property in Dougherty County, as shown by the figures just compiled by Tax Receiver J. H. Davis, shows an increase for 1913 over 1912 of $437,218. The comparative figures are as follows: Property values, 1913, $7,449,866. Property values, 1912, $7,012,648.

ALBANY MAY BUILD BIG CREMATORY PLANT

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—A crematory to dispose of Albany's garbage is a matter that is being seriously considered at the present time. Mayor Tarver has procured literature bearing on this subject and is giving the matter careful study.

With the idea of making Albany one of the most healthy and sanitary towns in the State, the city officials, led by Mayor Tarver, are considering this step.

GLENN TAKES CHARGE AS DEPUTY MARSHAL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—L. H. Glenn, of Rochelle, who has been appointed Deputy United States Marshal for this district, to succeed R. L. Thomas, resigned, will make this city his headquarters. He is now here preparing to take over the office.

COURT HEARING OF INJUNCTION IS POSTPONED

Americus City Council Would Prevent Consolidation of Power Plant Companies.

AMERICUS, Aug. 16.—The postponement by Judge Z. A. Littlejohn in the Superior Court of the hearing of the injunction brought by the City Council of Americus against the Americus Power Company, the rival power company to the old Americus Gas and Electric Company, to keep the new company from consolidating with the old and advancing rates, is another link in the history of one of the most sensational municipal fights in Georgia.

Judge Littlejohn postponed the hearing until September 27 on the ground that certain important parties to the various transactions were not in Americus, though it is claimed that at least one of them was here.

City Attorney Hollis Fort and W. P. Wallis, for the city, and Shipp & Sheppard, for the Americus Power Company, are prepared for a grueling and continued fight when the hearing does occur.

It is thought that it will either kill forever the hopes of municipal ownership here or revive them anew. As this has been a hotly contested municipal issue, the interest in the hearing is wide and keen.

'Hoodoo Doctors' Ply 'Art' in Cordele

Raid Farms for Cotton Root to Brew Tea for Superstitious Negroes.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—"Hoodoo" or "root" doctors, as they are commonly known, seem to be getting in some very effective work in Cordele, though if their identity should become known to the police the effect would very probably not be pleasing to them. For several nights these characters have devastated patches of cotton in the western part of the city, belonging to negroes. For the purpose of making cotton root tea, which is said to have a healing effect in a good many cases, they have pulled up row after row of cotton by the roots, cutting off the weeds and taking the roots with them.

UNKNOWN NEGRO STABS WHITE MAN AT RAY'S MILL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—W. J. Williams, of Rays Mill, Ga., was probably fatally stabbed by an unknown negro in this city at 1 o'clock Friday morning. Williams and a companion passed a group of negro youths at the Georgia Southern and Florida passenger station and said something to the negroes which they resented. One of them plunged his knife into Williams' side and drew it across his breast, making a gash nine inches long and exposing the heart-action. Two negroes are in jail charged with complicity in the affair, but they claim that the youth who did the stabbing escaped.

MUSCOGEE JURY BOARD RESUMES WORK MONDAY

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Muscogee County's Jury Commissioners will meet again Monday to take up the work they began sometime ago, but were forced to drop because of the continued illness of one of the members. It is expected that every effort will be made to increase the list, as there has been much complaint in recent years over the difficulty experienced in obtaining jurors, when only about one-fourth of the taxpayers and voters of the county have their names in the jury box. A remedy has been demanded often.

100 BALES OF COTTON SOLD AT TIFTON IN WEEK

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—The cotton market has opened up lively in Tifton this week and it is believed that the receipts will show a total of nearly 100 bales. There is quite a lot of old cotton in this section and this is opening fast as a result of the warm weather of the past several days. However, the bulk of the crop is young and it will be several weeks yet before the season is on in full.

ALBANY MAY HAVE RIVERSIDE DRIVE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—That Mayor Tarver's idea of a beautiful winding driveway along the Flint River may terminate in some definite action seems probable. Superintendent of Parks Harmon has been asked to consider plans and offer suggestions. This has been done and he not only thinks the plan feasible but is a very ethusiastic advocate.

Dougherty's Jail Doing Double Duty

Ten Prisoners From Early County Added to Number Already Confined There.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Dougherty's new county jail is now doing double duty, containing not only the county prisoners and those of the city of Albany, but those of Early County, ten of whom have been brought here for safe-keeping.

Soon after the new jail was completed the city of Albany made arrangements for the city prisoners to be jailed and cared for in a portion of the county jail. The city barracks were small, insanitary and not safe in case of violent prisoners. That portion of the city hall formerly used as the guardhouse has been remodeled for offices. The county feeds all the city's prisoners and City Court is held each day in the detention corridor of the jail.

The Sheriff of Early County, realizing the condition of the new jail, selected this one for the safe-keeping of his prisoners while Early's jail is being remodeled.

Feast on Collards Instead of Cabbage

Thomas County Convicts Revel in Delicious "Greens"—Fresh Corn as Dessert.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The convicts in the camps of Thomas County have had a change of diet from the cabbage which was so much enjoyed by them in the spring and early summer, and have transferred their allegiance to collard greens.

The report made by the superintendent of the county farm this week shows that for the month of July 1,250 head of these collards were fed to the convicts of the various camps, and as the average darky is proverbially fond of these greens they doubtless enjoyed their meals. With the collards were eaten 600 ears of green corn and several bushels of onions.

As vegetables are considered good summertime diet they probably went a long way toward preserving the health of the convicts, as all the camps are reported in a healthy condition.

Cashier, Sentenced, Making Hard Fight

J. H. Cason's Lawyers Determined to Carry Case Through Highest State Courts.

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Arguments in the motion for a new trial of J. H. Cason, now under five-year sentence in the penitentiary for embezzling nearly $8,000 from the Bank of Cresland, will be heard in Valdosta before Judge Thomas on September 8.

Attorneys for the former bank cashier state they will leave nothing undone to save their client and that the case will be fought through all the courts before it is concluded.

CORDELE COTTON MARKET SHOWS GREAT ACTIVITY

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—With more than 100 bales ginned and marketed, the cotton season is getting well under way in Cordele and within two weeks will be in full sway. The movement of the crop has already had a decided effect upon the business interests of the city and county, a general optimism prevailing among the people as a result. The opinion is common that the yield of cotton will surpass that of the past several years and that the quality of the staple will hold up unusually well, demanding good prices.

WOODMEN OF WORLD HOLD 'CUE AND PICNIC AT TY TY

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—Friday was Woodmen of the World Day in Ty Ty, nine miles west of Tifton, in Tift County, the choppers holding a big barbecue and basket picnic, between 1,500 and 2,000 people attending. Besides enjoying a good basket dinner and some of Jack Frost's barbecue, better than which there is none, those attending heard an excellent address by Hon. Roscoe Luke on the W. O. W. order and an address on general topics by Colonel Claude Payton, of Sylvester.

NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE WELCOMED BY SHIPPERS

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Columbus tariff schedule No. 2, on which the Board of Trade has been working, has been received in the city and the merchants are prepared to take advantage of it at every opportunity. The new tariff schedule applies to all of the railroads entering the city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.

MELROSE YOUTH UNDER BOND FOR FATAL STABBING

Harry Miller, 17 Years Old, Must Face Trial for Slaying Turpentine Man.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—Hardy Miller, the 17-year-old lad who stabbed and instantly killed L. A. Smith at Melrose recently, has been released from custody under a $5,000 bond on a charge of manslaughter.

The preliminary hearing of the case was before Judge J. G. Cranford, of the City Court. Several eye-witnesses to the killing testified that the man had a quarrel and that Smith struck Miller with a stick. A few minutes later Miller passed by Smith and struck him in the breast with his knife, the blade penetrating Smith's heart. The men were employed at the turpentine distillery of Miller's brother, Smith having charge of the mules on the place. The fatal quarrel was caused by Smith's refusal to let the boy ride one of the mules at night after it had been worked all day.

Valdosta to Issue Bonds for Paving

Election Called to Vote on $50,000 for Streets and Waterworks.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—An election for an issue of $50,000 municipal bonds has been called by the City Council for September 15.

If it carries Valdosta will in a few months be the best paved city of its size in the State, and will have a waterworks system adequate to take care of the growth of the city for several years.

Of the proposed issue $35,000 is to be used for extending the paving now in operation, while the remainder, $15,000, is to be used for extending the water mains and in improving the waterworks station. A 3,000,000-gallon pump was bought with a portion of the last bond issue and the plant is now being prepared for its installation. In the business section the six-inch mains are being taken up and replaced with twelve-inch mains, while the system is being extended to the northern and eastern portions of town, which were recently taken into the corporate limits.

Three of the principal residence streets are now being paved with asphalt, but the recent bond issue has not been sufficient to pave other streets on which the work is demanded.

The proposed issue will be 30-year bonds to bear 5 per cent interest.

MOULTRIE RAISES $100,000 FOR A PACKING HOUSE

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—A hundred thousand dollars has been subscribed by Moultrie business men to build a packing house and abattoir. All preliminary plans have been completed and construction is scheduled to begin soon.

It is believed this will encourage stock raising in Southwest Georgia, providing as it will a cash market at all seasons.

FARMER BEGINS SERVING SENTENCE AS COW THIEF

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—J. J. Hiers, farmer, of Colquitt, began serving a twelve months' sentence on the chaingang this week, after being denied a new trial by Judge Thomas, of the Southern Circuit.

Hiers was convicted at the last term of Superior Court on an indictment charging him with cow rustling, but the jury recommended that he be punished as for a misdemeanor.

Albany Boosters Get Big Meeting

Put Up Winning Fight for State Agricultural Society Session In 1914.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Knowing that the bringing of the State Agricultural Society to Albany for its 1914 meeting would be a great boom for Albany, as well as furnishing a good place for its meeting, several of Albany's citizens went to Cuthbert this week and attended the session which has been in progress. On Thursday it was realized that a hard fight would be necessitated to secure them, as North Georgia was making a strong bid, and immediate steps were taken to apply the pressure. All Dougherty residents who were at the meeting started boosting Albany as the proper place, this being supplemented with telegrams from the Mayor, president of the Chamber of Commerce and others who are recognized as leaders in Albany. The net result was that they decided on Albany, and in addition expressed their thanks for the strong effort that was made to secure them.

Tift's Courthouse Handsome Building

One of the Most Complete and Comfortable in the State.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—There are many handsome and comfortably furnished courtrooms in this section of the State, but none will surpass the one in Tift County's attractive new courthouse when that building has been completed. The work is now nearing completion, and some idea can be gained of its attractive simplicity and elegance.

Five large windows on either side of the courtroom give plenty of light and ventilation. Between each window is a pilaster column capped with a scroll design, and over each window an arch surmounted by a keystone. Crossing the ceiling are five large beams and between these is an attractive design in dental work. In this work there are over 7,000 pieces, nine to the foot, and there are 875 running feet to be covered.

There are three large lights in the ceiling, with a light on each column and a desk light at the judge's stand.

The staircases will be of steel with terazza steps.

CORDELE PLANS TO PUT $40,000 IN WATERWORKS

Site Selected for Big Plant, and Work Will Begin in Short Time.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—The Cordele Bond Commission has selected and purchased a site for a new waterworks plant for the city, located immediately adjacent to the site on which the old station is situated. The location provides ample room for the improvements to be made, and was purchased by the commission from Judge E. F. Strozier, administrator of the estate of W. E. Smith, the consideration being $4,500.

A $40,000 issue of bonds will be expended in building the new plant and making further improvements upon the waterworks system. The building alone will probably cost $3,500, and is to be fireproof, while the machinery will be of the most modern type and will be duplicated all the way round, costing not under $18,000. The new reservoir will be capacitated at 250,000 gallons, and an elevated tank of almost three times that capacity will be erected.

RECORD PECAN CROP IN SOUTH GEORGIA

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—That there will be more pecan nuts in South Georgia this season than ever before is the general opinion of the growers. This is owing not merely to the fact that the crop is a good one, but is the result of the larger number of trees that have come into bearing. The crop of paper-shell pecans planted all through this section is a large one, but many of the young trees are just beginning to bear well. Some of the growers are very enthusiastic over the crop on these young trees this year and the knowledge that they will put on a larger one each year as they grow older means that it will not be very long before the output of these nuts will be the means of bringing much money into South Georgia.

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00	Sofas at $93.75	$85.00	Desks at $56.25
75.00	Sofas at 56.25	65.00	Pier Tables 45.00
85.00	Bureaus at 56.25	85.00	Library Tables 56.25
110.00	Book Cases at 82.50	85.00	French Beds at 56.25
125.00	Sideboard 93.75	35.00	Work Tables 27.50
35.00	Fireside Chair 22.50	65.00	Serving Tables 37.50
35.00	Scroll Rockers at 17.50	55.00	Corner Pieces 37.50

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY

222 PEACHTREE STREET

B. C. BUFORD, Manager **ATLANTA, GEORGIA**

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

Savannah — Latest News of South Georgia — Waycross

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorably upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

Marion Lucas Will Get Savannah Plum

Congressman Edwards Picks Successor to Marcus Baker as Savannah Postmaster.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The fact that Congressman Charles G. Edwards has announced his intention of indorsing Marion Lucas for postmaster to succeed Marcus S. Baker, Jr., who is expected to be ousted shortly as a result of a recent investigation of his private and official life, has created little surprise here. It had been known for more than a week that Lucas stood the best chance to land the plum.

Besides the indorsements sent to Congressman Edwards direct, Lucas has furnished him with more than 1,000 letters from Savannahians in every walk of life.

Chatham Jail Too Full for Comfort

New Sheriff Asks County Commission to Remodel and Enlarge Prison.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—As a result of an inspection of the county jail by the newly elected Sheriff, Colonel Merrett W. Dixon, the County Commission will be asked to do something to relieve the congestion there.

It may be necessary to build an annex to the jail or convert the southern wing of the building now occupied by the jailer as a residence, into prison quarters. Sheriff Dixon was accompanied on his inspection by Judge Walter G. Charlton, of the Superior Court, and Solicitor General Walter G. Hartridge.

Of the 183 prisoners in the jail there was only one who registered a kick.

SHUPTRINE TO HEAD BIG POLITICAL CLUB

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Although the officials will not make public the result of the election, it is learned that Herman C. Shuptrine, Representative in the Legislature from Chatham County, was elected president of the Cracker Progressive Club, a political organization, last night. Shuptrine has stated that he will accept.

TRADE BOARD SECRETARY RETAINED AT BRUNSWICK

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Secretary J. G. Weatherly has been reappointed by unanimous vote of the Brunswick Board of Trade. Mr. Weatherly came to this city last year from Columbus, Miss., and since taking charge of the local board he has made an enviable reputation, both for himself and the city.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witch-hazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Savannah Minister Has Saloons Raided

Pastor Objects to Near-Beer Dispensaries Near His Church. Dealers Arrested.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—On complaint of the Rev. M. F. Roberts, pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church, three near-beer dealers, with places around the corner from his church have been placed under arrest and required to give bond for their appearance on charges of violating the State prohibition law.

The places raided are the same which received the attention of the authorities last Sunday. The men under arrest are Andrew Pappedes, M. Patro and C. L. Davis. A lot of near beer and whisky was confiscated and will be used as evidence against the men.

Recovery of Dare Question of Time

Savannah Man, Shot by Wife, Improves Rapidly After Reconciliation.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stretched comfortably on a cot in a cell at police barracks, quietly reading a novel while the summer breezes blow through the bars upon her, Mrs. Joe Dare, who several weeks ago shot her husband following a quarrel in their apartment, presents a striking contrast to-day to her extremely nervous condition two weeks ago, when it was believed that Dare would die and that she would be called upon to face trial for his murder.

The physicians who are attending Dare at the Savannah Hospital have given out the information that he is continually improving. His recovery is now practically assured unless there is a sudden change for the worse. The physicians are confident that his reconciliation with his pretty wife on what was believed to be his deathbed has had much to do with bringing about the change in his condition.

Dare was shot by his wife in a fit of jealousy after he had remained out later at night than she thought he ought to.

Grimshaw Will Not Give Up Residence

Transferred to Americus, Savannah Alderman Holds His Office in City Government.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Harry G. Grimshaw, superintendent of the Savannah division of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, who has recently been transferred to Americus as superintendent of the Alabama division, effective to-day, will maintain a residence in Savannah, and will not resign from the aldermanic board of the city. He will also retain his position of chairman of the board of control of the Union Station.

Superintendent Grimshaw will retain a residence in Savannah, and will come down each week-end, remaining over until Monday morning. He will also be able to make special trips to Savannah when necessity arises, and will thus be a regular attendant upon the meetings of Council. Mr. Grimshaw's force of clerks, stenographers and dispatchers will depart for their new location to-morrow morning.

WRECKER WANTED TO SEE WHAT TRAIN WOULD DO

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—"Just wanted to see a wreck, just to see what the train would do," was the explanation of John Hosey, 14 years old, when arrested last night charged with placing a beam on the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad tracks at Thirty-third and Plant streets in an attempt to wreck the shuttle train running between Savannah and Newyards. A special officer saw two boys place the beam on the track. He arrested Hosey, but the other lad escaped.

Miss Margaret Elise Cafiero

One of the pretty debutantes of the coming season in Savannah. She was one of the graduates of the Savannah High School in the Spring.



8-Foot Shark Caught At St. Simons Island

Sam Levinne Lands Largest Catch of Years in Waters Around Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—An eight-foot shark has been caught on St. Simons Island by Sam Levinne, of this city. Before the fish could be landed it required a horse to pull it ashore.

The young man had his line out for a shark for more than an hour when suddenly it was almost jerked from his hand. Several times he managed to get the shark to the surface, each time shooting it, and before it was killed eight bullets had been poured into its body.

The shark weighed more than 300 pounds, and was the largest caught in these waters in ten years.

Firemen Endangered By a Falling Steeple

Lightning Sets Brunswick Church Spire Ablaze and Causes It to Topple.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—When McKendree Methodist Church was struck by lightning and set on fire, Fire Chief Harrison and three of his men narrowly missed death.

The lightning set fire to the steeple. The chief and three firemen climbed to the roof of a one-story addition adjoining the main part of the building. Before the fire was under control the steeple fell. Chief Harrison saw wha was coming and quickly ordered his men to seek safety. Just as the got under cover the steeple crashed on the roof where they had been standing.

NEGRO ACCUSED OF SLAYING 16 YEARS AGO IS CAUGHT

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Charged with killing B. C. Booth, at Manor, Ware County, sixteen years ago, Will Eady, a negro, has been brought to Waycross from near Blountstown, Fla. He has been identified and will be placed on trial in December.

Eady's escape from a mob was narrow. The Booth family conducted a search for him. W. S. Booth has just paid a reward of $100 for the negro's arrest and the State's reward of $100 will be paid soon.

WAYCROSS PLANS TO SEND MAN ON BOOSTER TRIP

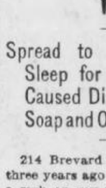
WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross may have a representative on the Georgia Booster Train, which will leave Macon soon for a tour of the Middle West.

Secretary T. Jeff Botley, of the Board of Trade, has been authorized to make the trip. He is getting splendid co-operation from the citizens. Thousands of Waycross booster booklets will be distributed by the secretary while on the trip.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

☞Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

STREET PAVING AGITATION IS ON IN WAYCROSS

Act of Legislature Gives Authority to Make Levies on Property Owners.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—While none of the members of the Georgia Legislatures except those from Ware knew what the passage of the local act on levies for street pavement in Waycross meant they really paved Gilmore, a leading street of the city, by voting to pass the act.

The amendment to the city charter was proposed by Council to establish beyond any question the right of the city to make a levy against property of the street railway company for paving on a street occupied by the tracks of the company, whether the part of the street occupied by the tracks was paved or left unpaved.

In trying to pave Gilmore, Council has handled one of the hardest problems Waycross has ever tackled. First one proposition would be agreed upon, then another, and all kinds of petitions from property owners were received. Sentiment is anything but unanimous with reference to the paving of Gilmore, but Council is apparently determined to pave the street with brick.

Estimates on the cost of paving Gilmore have varied from $20,000 to above $30,000. With the street car company's portion of the expense certain for the city, the financial end of the pavement has been closed, and Council probably will be asked at an early date to authorize the Mayor to sign a contract and have work started without delay.

Convicts to Work Streets.

At last Waycross is going to get some return from the part the city has been contributing to the improvement of roads in Ware County. The convict gang of the county, under the new county commissioner law, will have to be worked on the principal streets of Waycross three months of each year, and in order that some benefit might result this year, the law stipulates that for 45 days between now and the end of the year the gang must be worked in Waycross.

An effort to reduce the membership of the board to five was defeated, and the board will be increased after January 1, 1915, to seven instead of six members, as at present. Four of the seven will be from the Waycross district. The chairman, instead of being a resident of the Waycross district, may reside in any district of the county. However, with four members from Waycross, it is extremely doubtful if the chairmanship ever goes out of the Waycross district.

Senator J. L. Sweat's plan for a board of information, holding quarterly meetings with the Commissioners, were eliminated.

SHORTHAND WILL NOT BE TAUGHT IN SCHOOLS

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stenography and typewriting will not be taught in the public schools of Chatham County during the coming session "because of the shortness of finances." This is the decision of the Board of Education of the county.

Superintendent Otis Ashmore and Principal B. F. Pickett, of the High School, were instructed by the board to investigate the question and report. They hold that the only additional expense would be the purchase of typewriters. It would not be necessary to employ another teacher. Bookkeeping and commercial subjects already are taught in the schools.

Waycross Lid Is On 7 Days Every Week

Sunday Closing Supplement by 'Move On Order to 'Houses in Our Midst.'

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Although the first warrants issued in the crusade against the sale of cold drinks in Waycross on Sundays have been withdrawn on the promise of good behavior, it is announced to-day that the campaign for Sabbath observance will in no way be lessened. The prime reformers are H. Murphy and Dan T. Cowart.

Right on top of the fight on Sunday drink sales, Chief of Police John W. Colley has issued warnings to women who have returned here despite the "lid order" issued last fall by Mayor Reed shortly after Atlanta closed the "houses in our midst." Several houses bordering on the disorderly variety have just been closed and the inmates compelled to leave the city. Only a few of the women waited until the last day to leave, as the police let it be known that all caught here after the limit expired would be arrested and tried in Police Court.

Fire Chief May Hold His Job After All

Expected Shake-up Fails to Materialize in Waycross—Council Remains Inactive.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—The expected shake-up in the Waycross fire department has not yet materialized. It was reported a week ago that former Chief Thomas Ballentyne, of the Savannah fire department, would become chief of the Waycross department. So far, however, the matter has not been presented to Council for action.

Recent improvements in the fire department caused members of Council to feel that a more experienced man was needed as chief, and the report of the expected change caused the friends of Chief E. C. Hall to get busy. What effect, if any, this had is unknown, but it is stated on authority that the fire department shake-up may not be talked about again until the first of the year, when Council elects the Fire Chief along with other city officials.

Fought Four Men; Held for Killing

Charlton County Slayer Released on Bond of $5,000—Now in Hospital.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—An order was passed by Judge E. A. Parker, of the Waycross circuit to-day allowing C. W. Webb, charged with killing J. M. Crawford at Moniac, in Charlton County, temporary bail of $5,000. Authority was also given to transfer Cobb from Valdosta, where he has been in a hospital, to Hazlehurst. Thursday is the date fixed for a commitment trial at Folkston.

When he killed Crawford, Cobb was fighting four men, who attacked him as he started to board a passenger train. After he was cut to pieces he was left by the track all night.

NEW TRIAL FOR LANIER OVERRULED BY JUDGE

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Judge T. A. Parker overruled the motion for new trial in the case of State vs. W. C. Lanier, under life sentence for killing an infant. Attorneys will appeal the case to the Supreme Court. Lanier's wife, who was jointly indicted with him, was acquitted when she was tried at an adjourned term of court in June.

WAYCROSS TO TRY NEW FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Semi-Commission and Business Manager Plans To Be Voted on at Special Election.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross is on the verge of two interesting elections, and will top off the year with a warm municipal campaign.

The first election will be that of a Recorder to fill the recently-created position of City Recorder. The bill, as passed by the Georgia Legislature, provides that any lawyer 21 years of age may fill the place, and while there are no announced candidates for the position, it is known that members of Council have been approached by several who would like to serve until the election next year.

After the election of a Recorder will be the charter election. This will probably be called by Council at a meeting to be held next Tuesday, and will be for the purpose of deciding what changes, if any, in the present government of Waycross will be made. The charter bill provides for the city manager plan of government, which is a combination of the aldermanic and commission government, and an increased Board of Aldermen with appointive departmental heads. The proposition to have an all-time Mayor has been given up, and instead the charter provides that whoever is named Mayor must give sufficient time to look after the office properly. The salary of the Mayor is doubled, $1,200 being allowed under the new charter, as compared to $600 at present. The salaries for Aldermen are wiped out completely by the new charter. Heretofore Aldermen have been paid $200 a year.

There are many advocates of the two kinds of city government, and the election to be held will undoubtedly go down in the city's history as one of the warmest ever known in Waycross.

NEW RAILROAD TO BRUNSWICK FROM DARIEN

Connecting Link Will Be Completed by October 1—Preparations for Entry.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Preparations are already under way for the entry of the Georgia Coast and Piedmont Railroad into Brunswick on October 1.

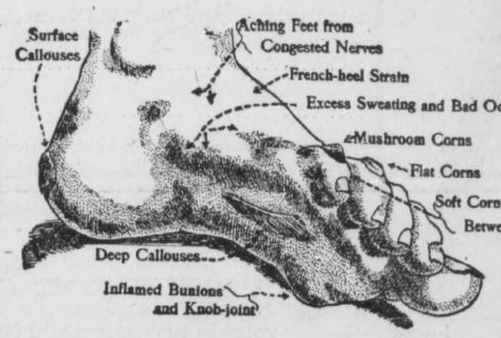
The rails are laid almost in entirety from Darien to Brunswick, and all that remains to make the connecting link perfect is the completion of the steel bridge over the Altamaha River. Work on the passenger and freight depots in this city is well under way, as likewise the work on the terminals along the river front.

By connecting Brunswick and Darien, many miles will be saved in going from one place to the other. The only direct connection with the McIntosh County seat is by boat from this city, which requires four and one-half hours to make the trip. With the Georgia Coast and Piedmont in operation, it will be possible to traverse the distance in less than an hour.

The road now runs from Collins, in Toombs County, to Darien, and with the extension to this city one of the richest territories agriculturally in Georgia will be opened up.

The road was started last summer, after having been under discussion for five years. The County Commissioners of Glynn and the city of Brunswick appropriated a large sum to aid in bringing the road here. The general offices of the road will be brought to Brunswick from Darien before the entry into this city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building. Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit)... ... $ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit)... ... ... 250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value... $1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash ... ... $ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash ... ... $ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk $30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913.
EDWIN G. MARKS,
Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock ... ...$ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash 500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value $4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash $967,024.22

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $875,954.38
Greatest amount insured in any one risk ...$ 50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding 452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.
W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913.
H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon — **5,000 VOTES**

FOR ORGANIZATIONS

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon — **1,000 VOTES**

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

GIRLS' CLASS

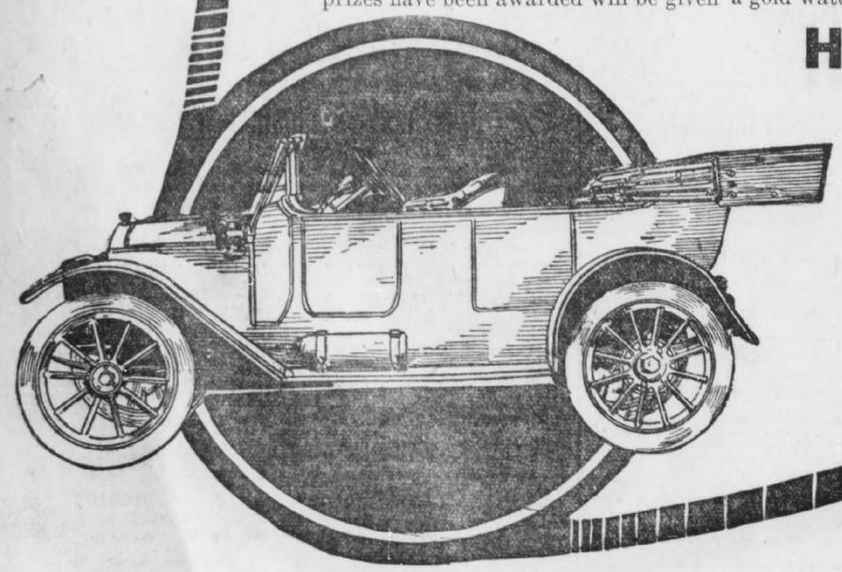
To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Griffin

GRIFFIN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Annie Martin is at Demorest, accompanied by Mrs. George Marlin, of Columbus.

Mrs. Lucy Cunningham, of Glade Springs, Va., is in Griffin, where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Elam, which occurred Sunday.

Misses Mary Lucia Slade and Jesse Cannifax and Messrs. J. T. Wells and C. V. Weathers have returned from Lifsey Springs, where they have been members of a camping party.

Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott left Wednesday for Salem, Va., where she is to be a member of a house party to be given by Miss Columbia Kelly.

Dr. and Mrs. Marcus F. Carson have just returned home from a visit to relatives at Commerce.

Walter B. Jackson and Miss Fannie Webster Logan were married here by the Rev. J. R. King.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruskin have returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

Mrs. B. B. Brown, Miss Olivia Brown and Master Douglas Brown have been visiting relatives in Rowtell.

Mrs. W. E. H. Searcy, Sr., spent last week in Atlanta in company with Senator Searcy.

Miss Nina Jenkins has returned from Eatonton, where she was a member of a house party.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wolcott, Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Faircloth and daughter, Miss Marianna Sears, Mrs. A. J. Dunham and her guests, Miss Wood, of Pennille; Mrs. J. M. Kelly, Miss Jesse Cannifax, of Barnesville; Miss Page Acree, of Chattanooga; Miss Elise Hay, of Dallas, Texas; Miss Rebecca Brown, Miss Mary Lucia Slade, Miss Elise Johnson, Messrs. Hughlett Kellett, Crossenberrey, C. V. Weathers, H. T. Green, Robert Williams, L. H. Beck and Robert Ramspeck, of Atlanta, formed a camping party to Lifsey Springs.

Miss Annie Suber, of Macon, is spending the week-end in Griffin with her sister, Mrs. Z. E. Jay, on Hill street.

Miss Mattie Evans has returned to her home in Washington, D. C. She will return to Griffin early in September.

Mrs. R. O. Crouch and children are in Meriwether County, the guests of Mrs. M. T. Crouch, the mother of Mr. Crouch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartow Jackson, of Bernice, La., are here on a visit to relatives of the former.

A wedding of interest in this section was that of Miss Edna Dingler, of Williamson, to Dr. Jackson, of Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Blake and son have returned from a tour of several Northern cities, including New York, Washington, Philadelphia and other places in the East. They were accompanied by Mrs. Blake's sister, Mrs. Lilah Copeland, and her son, H. J. Copeland, of McDonough.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Reddy, who have resided in Griffin for the past four years, have removed to Tennille.

Miss Lucile Flemister entertained Wednesday morning at a porch party in compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Walker, of Monroe.

Mrs. J. R. Cole and Mrs. James Flint were the hostesses at a domino party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. A. DuPree, of Marietta; Miss Jessie Robinson, of Owensboro, Ky., the guest of Mrs. James Baxter, and several other visitors.

Miss Ettienne Goddard entertained Tuesday afternoon at an al fresco party in honor of her guest, Miss Ruth Brown, of Waycross.

Captain and Mrs. James Kimbrough entertained Monday evening at dinner in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. William L. Owen, of New Orleans, La.

Miss Oressa Shackleford entertained at a lawn party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Lula Hanson, of Macon.

Miss Nellie Corbin gave a swimming party Tuesday afternoon at Corbin's Pond in honor of her guest, Miss Laura Porter, of Houston, Texas.

Mrs. J. C. Brooks leaves Thursday morning for Panama, where she will visit her son, Jack Brooks.

Miss Carmine Thomas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. L. Tucker, returned to her home in Atlanta Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Strickland will leave Sunday for an extended tour through the New England States, and will spend some time in Boston and New York before returning to Griffin.

Mrs. A. J. Mills has gone to Sharpsburg, the home of her childhood.

Miss Mary Bass has returned from a stay of several weeks at Lake Chautauqua, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hammond, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Woods Hammond on West Poplar street.

Jackson

JACKSON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. S. H. Thornton gave a reception Thursday in honor of her house guests, Mrs. A. B. Roberts, Mrs. S. B. Hungerford, Mrs. Charles Clawson and Miss Lucile Roberts, of Macon. Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Mrs. R. W. Oxford, Miss Nina Harris, Miss Mary Newton and Miss Pauline Mallett assisted Mrs. Thornton in entertaining. Misses Doris Nutt, Sylvia Lyons and Helen Ham served punch.

Miss Lucile Tolleson, of McDonough, was the honor guest at a rook party given Saturday by Miss Doris Nutt, whose guest she is. Miss Helen Carmichael won the first prize, a handkerchief, and the guest of honor was given a lace fan. Mrs. E. D. Tolleson assisted in entertaining.

In compliment to her guest, Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, Miss Mary Land gave a rook party Tuesday afternoon. The guest's prize was a silk fan and the trophy for top score fell to Miss Kate Ham.

Mrs. A. H. Smith and Miss Helen Smith, who are here for the summer, spent a few days of the week at their home in Atlanta.

Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, is the guest of Miss Mary Land.

Mrs. W. S. McBryant and her daughter, Mrs. Homer Young, of Augusta, and Mrs. J. D. Loner and children, of Alabama City, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McBryant.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mays are in Whitesburg.

Mrs. Wilbur Ham, of Cartersville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Ham.

Miss Thelma Woods is at home from a visit to Mrs. Fred Hatfield, in Opelika.

Mrs. Charles Rice, of Atlanta, is spending the week-end with Mrs. A. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carmichael have returned from a visit to Norfolk.

Mrs. H. H. Hooten, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Maddox, Jr., of Valdosta, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Maddox.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—A party of twelve of the Thomasville Campfire Girls, chaperoned by Mrs. J. Scott Hunter, left this week for Hendersonville, N. C., and will camp for a month at Bat's Cave, near Hendersonville. Those in the party were Misses Mabel Evans, Ethel Evans, Katherine Balfour, Blanche McDonald, Rose Evans, Carmen Evans, Georgia McKay, Florence Vaughn, Mary Patterson, Isabel Peacock and Hattie Brandon.

Miss Lucile Green left this week for a trip to Washington, New York and other points.

Miss Alice Bateman, of Dallas, Texas, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Mash.

Miss Pauline Harrell, of Bainbridge, is the guest of Miss Nell Patten.

Mrs. T. N. Hopkins and Miss Helen Hopkins have returned from a visit to Waynesville, N. C.

Miss Bessie Helm, of Bronwood, Texas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. S. Parker, has returned home.

Miss Martha Brantley, of Boston, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Willis Moore.

Misses Fraser and Isabel Mitchell are the guests of Mrs. D. I. MacIntyre in Atlanta.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe, of Valdosta, are the guests of Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. W. H. Parker is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. D. Steel, in St. Paul, Minn.

Miss Maude Speight has returned from Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Turner are visiting New York and other Eastern points.

Mrs. H. W. Hopkins has returned from Western North Carolina.

Mrs. W. L. Ball has returned from Battle Creek, Mich.

Mrs. J. B. Lockhart has returned to her home in Adel after a visit to her mother, Mrs. Arthur Patten.

Mrs. H. D. Atkinson and Miss Gladys Atkinson have returned from a visit to friends in Bainbridge.

Mrs. Henry Lester and Misses Mildred and Susan Lester have returned from a visit to Atlanta and Chattanooga.

Miss Margaret McKay, who has been visiting Miss Susie Leonard at Talbotton, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Spence left this week for a trip North.

Miss Eula Brooks, of Boston, is the guest of friends.

Mrs. James A. Mallette, of Boston, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Tifton

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Tom Williams, of Douglas, was the guest of Mrs. N. Peterson Monday.

Misses Vannie and Nora Goggans are attending a house party at Sylvester given by Miss Lamp.

Miss Rose Scheuerman has returned to Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Hazel Ford has returned from Atlanta and the Blue Ridge Mountains.

Mrs. I. A. Fulwood and Miss Louise Fagan are visiting in Rochelle and Fort Valley.

Miss Deborah McRae, of Thomasville, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. McRae Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Myers left Wednesday for Washington, D. C.

Mrs. W. T. Hargrett is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Speight, of Moultrie.

Mrs. R. S. Kell and children have returned home from Atlanta.

Misses Mary Carl Hurst, of Atlanta, and Florence Mercer, of Albany, are the guests of a house party given by Mr. Amos Tift, for which Mrs. S. L. Fleetwood is chaperon.

Misses Julia Williams, of Douglas, and Florence Parks, of Ty Ty, are the guests of a house party given by Miss Aline Shipp.

Miss Adelaide Hargrett entertained her guests with an all-day picnic at Lucy Lake Tuesday.

Cordele

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—Miss Lamar Ryals is expected to return Monday from a trip to the Eastern States.

Misses Sarah and Erin McArthur, of McGregor, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. John B Ryals.

Mrs. D. Meredith Clarke was the hostess Wednesday to the Young Matrons' Club.

Miss Jurelle Little has returned from Eastman.

Mrs. Robert Wynne, of Eastman, is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Walters.

Mrs. John Barfield and little son, of Emerich, were guest during the week-end at the home of Judge and Mrs. S. W. Coney.

Mrs. A. H. Holder, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Miss Nellie Roberts.

Sam Coney, Jr., is home from Washington for a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Webb have returned from a visit at Chipley and Columbus.

Miss Emily Hyde is visiting Mrs. John Hyde at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Arthur Purvis has returned to her home at Americus after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Persall.

Mrs. James Kee, of Macon, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Williams.

Misses Marie and Lucile Diffee have returned home from a visit to Mrs. H. J. Maddox at Bainbridge.

Miss Mazie Crawford was the hostess Thursday at a luncheon for a party of young friends, including her three cousins, the Misses Coffman, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Miss Neta Reser, of Bristol, Tenn., and Messrs. L. E. Fenn, Hunt, Hancock, Reagan and Turner.

Miss Ida Fay Mathews has returned from a visit at Shellman.

Mrs. W. A. Frout, of Barnesville, is visiting Mrs. T. E. Jennings

Misses Elma and Laura Bell, of Valdosta, are the guests of Miss Mary Sue Russell.

Miss Ruth Carswell, of Waycross, the guest of her cousin, Miss Harriet Carswell, was entertained this week by Miss Carswell, Mrs. J. E. Lindsay and Miss Sarah Hyde.

Miss Alice Oliver has returned to Americus after a visit to Miss Belle Jones.

Talbotton

TALBOTTON, Aug. 16.—The most important social event of the week was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones to Mr. Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, Monday night. The wedding was at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Trussell. Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church here, performed the ceremony. C. K. Mahone and Mrs. Dana Brown were the attendants. The wedding was a surprise.

Mrs. Jennie Gray Draughon returned to Reynolds Tuesday after a visit to Miss Hattie Simpson.

Miss Hattie Taylor, of Fitzgerald, has been the guest of Miss Susie Leonard during the week. She and Miss Leonard and a few others were entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner given in her honor by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bryan Monday night. The others present were Miss Lizzie Ragland and Miss Imogene Smith.

Miss Clara Spivey and Miss Anne Douglass left Monday for Franklin, N. C., where they are invited on a camping trip with Miss Lynn Johnston.

One of the most enjoyable of the summer dances given by our nearby little town of Geneva was that Tuesday evening by J. E. Bartlett and Walter Adams at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson, in compliment to the young ladies of Geneva. The punch bowl was presided over by Misses Willie Kate Edge and Gussie Lee Cook. Ices and cakes were served by Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Hazel McCrary and little Kate Whit Stinson. Among the dancers were Misses May Covington, Willie and Mary Edge, Hazel McCrary, Gussie Lee Cook, Myrtice and Jennie McCrary, Etta and Zoudie Bradshaw, Ora Colquitt, Sallie Shipp, Kate Whit Stinson, Messrs. J. E. Bartlett, Walter Adams, E. G. Cook, Albert Persons, Fitz Colquitt, Lake McCrary, Clinton Barksdale, Jim McFarland, and Harvey Benson. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Missie McCrary.

A social event of this week which came as a surprise was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones of Mount Ida, Talbot County, to Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Trussell on College avenue Monday night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church. C. K. Mahone was best man and Mrs. Lilyan Brown matron of honor.

Mrs. Dickerson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. T. Jones, of Mount Ida. Mr. Dickerson formerly resided at Talbotton and in Atlanta.

Hazlehurst

HAZLEHURST, Aug. 16.—A beautiful wedding of Friday was that of Miss Mary Frazier to Bolling Harvey Johnson, which was quietly solemnized by the Rev. W. M. McMorries, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. H. Greene.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left immediately after a reception for the mountains of North Carolina.

Moultrie

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. C. A. Beall is with relatives at Sylvester.

Mrs. W. E. Adams who has been the guest of friends here has returned to her home at Thomaston.

Miss Lonnie Vickers is at home after visiting relatives at Greenville, Fla.

Miss Ethel Spivey left yesterday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. J. C. Mebale is at home from a visit to Oklahoma City and Muskogee, Okla.

Miss Mabel Clark, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Bessie Muller.

Mrs. J. M. Strickland, of Dothan, Ala., who has been the guest of relatives here, left Friday for home.

Miss Lucia Gilmore is the guest of friends at Cordele.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Tharpe are spending the summer at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

Mrs. D. B. L. Powell is at home from Panama City, Fla.

Misses Minnie and Janie Milligan, of Newton, Ala., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. A. Huber.

Miss Nona Smith returned yesterday from Chautauqua, N. Y.

Mrs. T. W. Maddox came home Friday from Atlantic Beach, Fla.

Mrs. W. B. Linder, of Dublin, is with her mother, Mrs. G. S. Nelson.

Mrs. I. A. Heard is the guest of relatives at Vienna.

Mrs. C. L. Stevenson left yesterday for Cartersville.

Miss Mary Harris has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Pidcock left yesterday for White House, N. J.

Mrs. W. F. Way entertained a party of friends at a domino party Thursday.

Eatonton

EATONTON, Aug. 16.—Dr. and Mrs. George Noble, accompanied by Misses Noble and Drs. Wagner and Henry Noble, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, making the trip in Dr. Noble's car.

Mrs. Clinton Powell entertained for her guest, Miss Mary T. Lawrence, of Milledgeville, Friday afternoon.

Mrs. R. Preston Brooks and children, of Athens, are the guests of Mrs. Alex Reid.

Mrs. Walter Chamblee, of Atlanta, and Mrs. and Mrs. Irby Kilpatrick, of Athens, are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kilpatrick.

Mrs. James Davenport, of Brunswick, and Miss Annie Smith, of Sparta, are visiting Mrs. T. G. Greene.

Mrs. T. G. Greene entertained at a reception for Mrs. Davenport and Miss Smith, on Saturday afternoon. The Delta Phi's formed a group of girls, receiving the guests on the porch, where Mrs. Sam Dusenburg, of Barnesville, served punch.

An event of the week was Miss Agnes Leverette's bridge party in honor of Mrs. Davenport, of Brunswick, at the home of Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, Monday evening. Mrs. John T. Dennis received first prize, Sam Hearn the consolation, and Mrs. Davenport was given a guest prize.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Candler, Jr., of Clearwater, Fla., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Reid Hearn.

Saturday morning Mrs. M. F. Adams, Mrs. B. N. Alsbrook and Mrs. James Denham were joint hostesses at a party given in honor of Miss Helen Denham and her house party.

Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro will entertain in honor of her visitors, Misses Noble, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Gardner entertained at tea Saturday evening for Mrs. Sidney Reid and her guest, Mrs. Rogers Davis, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis entertained Tuesday for their house guests, Miss Allen Bell, of South Carolina; Mrs. Rollin Hutchinson, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dennis, of Elberton. The punch bowl was presided over by Miss Lelia Turner and Miss Eleanor Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Dennis were assisted in entertaining by Colonel and Mrs. Frak Jenkins, Mrs. Sid Edmondson and Miss Mattie Edmondson.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Miss Juanita Bennett has returned from a visit to Americus.

Miss Clifton Wing, of Macon, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thorpe.

Members of the Friday Club were entertained by Miss Hettie Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wall left Thursday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. W. B. Stovall, who has been visiting in Griffin, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Remley left on Wednesday for a visit to White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Macey Highsmith left Wednesday for a visit to Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. V. A. Jones, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting relatives in Waycross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Scruggs and little daughter and Mr. Oren L. Gray left Tuesday for an auto trip through Georgia and North Carolina.

Mrs. Jennie Mell and Miss Viola Mell left yesterday for a visit to points in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Dessau Bunn visited relatives in the city this week, returning to St. Simons.

Mrs. A. M. Litch left Wednesday for Spartanburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Brewer and Miss Hester Brewer, who have been visiting Judge and Mrs. H. P. Brewer, have returned to Douglas.

Miss Dorothy Krauss, who has been the guest of Miss Anice Daniel and Miss Annie Laurie Walker, returned to Brunswick Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Hughes and son returned Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Atwood, Mrs. R. J. Haines and Miss Moneta Haines left Thursday for a visit to points in Virginia.

Mrs. E. P. Guren and little son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. J. Walter Lyon.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran left this week for a visit to points in North Georgia and Tennessee.

Mrs. E. H. Clark and children have returned from a visit to St. Louis.

Mrs. John C. Nicholls and daughter, Miss Meta Nicholls, returned Tuesday from Hendersonville, N. C.

Miss Lula Platt, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. B. N. Norvell, left Wednesday for Woodland, Cal.

Miss Anna Morrison left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. E. C. Yerkes, of St. Louis, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. B. Drane, her daughter, left Thursday for San Francisco.

Misses Ada and Natalie Smith, of New York, arrived Wednesday.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—The Art Needle Workers were entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William R. Youles.

Mrs. J. H. Scruggs left on Tuesday for Aberdeen, Miss.

Mr. A. B. Smith and family have gone down to Rocky Ford and are in camp.

Mr. J. F. Stapler chaperoned six or eight couples of young people to Blue Springs, Fla., on a fishing trip.

Mrs. John Q. Sineath and her little daughter, Virginia, left Tuesday for Atlanta and Huntington, Tenn.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and children left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C. Dr. Rose and the boys went up on Thursday in their automobile.

Mrs. W. B. Fender and children returned to Valdosta from Atlanta on Monday.

Miss Eula Garbutt has returned to her home at Fitzgerald.

Miss Julie Winn Varnedoe and her guests, Misses Gladys Laney and Daisy Wilkins, are at Thomasville visiting Miss Louise Grantham.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Black left Wednesday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. C. C. Brantley left Thursday night for Brevard and Toxaway, N. C.

Mr. J. N. Griffin has returned from the Nacoochee Valley, where he has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. G. Hardman.

Miss Georgia Smith and Messrs. Frank Smith and Leon Paine left Tuesday for New York.

Miss Edith Doty left Friday for Niagara Falls and Canada.

Miss Sallie Mathis left Wednesday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyly Doty and children have gone to Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mathis left Thursday for New York.

Miss Mattie Pope Hagherty left Thursday for Americus.

Misses Irvin Denmark and Cap Relihan left Wednesday for New York.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe left Monday for Thomasville to visit Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. C. R. Ashley and her son and Miss Eugie Dasher left Wednesday over the National Highway for points in North Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland and child left Wednesday night for Newnan, Ga.

Washington

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The patriotic societies of Washington are planning to entertain all Confederate veterans in Wilkes County the first Tuesday in September.

Mrs. Lawrence O. Fortson was the hostess at a meeting of the Wednesday Afternoon Bridge Club this week.

Miss Roselyn Wootten, who has been visiting relatives in Columbus, returned Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. William Graham Love, who will spend two weeks in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Richard Wootten.

Mrs. W. D. Ellington is visiting in Daytona Beach, Fla., the guest of Mrs. C. L. Horn.

Mrs. Mary Fisher, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Richard D. Callaway.

Washington relatives who will attend the marriage of Miss Edythe Sims and Mr. Paul Newsom, of this city, which will occur Monday afternoon in Atlanta, are Mrs. James C. Newsom, Miss Ina Newsom, Mrs. E. S. Roberts, Misses Julia Toombs and Lucy Willis DuBose and Messrs. Sam Brooks, W. Frank Lee and John B. Green. Following the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Newsom will leave on the afternoon train for Washington and will be at home with Mr. and Mrs. Raymond R. Smith.

Gainesville

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—One of the most interesting affairs of the week was a party given by Miss Marguerite Chamblee, in honor of her cousin, Miss Estelle Barrett, of Clarkston, and Miss Dorothy Fitzgerald, of Gainesville.

Miss Lillah Fickling, of Rome, the guest of Misses Helen and Dorothy Dean, was the honoree of Miss Louise Law in a lawn party given Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Henry Washington entertained a few friends at a porch party Thursday afternoon for Miss Jeannette Christian, the guest of Mrs. J. C. Pruitt.

On Friday afternoon Miss Margaret Jewell celebrated her eighth birthday with a quaint party.

Misses Annie and Esther Smith entertained informally at their home Monday evening in honor of their guests, Misses Mary and Annie Smith, of Silver City.

The party given Friday evening by Miss Mary Logan was a compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Hanna Kimsey, of Cornelia.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. Noah Webster was hostess at a delightful sewing party.

Cedartown

CEDARTOWN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Lucy Henderson was married Tuesday to J. H. Hawkins, of Rome. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. C. Heard at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. F. A. Irwin. Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins have gone to Borden Wheeler Springs and will be at home in Rome after September 1.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, Aug. 16.—Miss Vannie Phillips spent Wednesday in Atlanta.

Miss Ethel Stevens, of Ball Ground, arrived Tuesday to attend the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Cramer spent Monday in Temple.

Miss Lucy Harris spent Wednesday and Thursday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Smith returned Tuesday from Atlanta and Dallas.

Mrs. Arthur Coffee, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Bass.

Mrs. L. S. Sims left for Cartersville Sunday to visit her mother, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hanna, of Chesterfield, S. C., are visiting Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. J. R. Jolly is visiting her parents in Dawson.

Miss Floy Rawls, of Rome, is the guest of Miss Vannie Phillips.

Mrs. George Harris and baby are in Warm Springs visiting Mrs. Harris' sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bickford and son are in Atlanta.

Miss Eugenie Mandeville has returned to Atlanta.

Mrs. Leon Walker, of Clearwater, Fla., is the guest of their mother, Mrs. T. B. Griffin.

Miss Marie Spence, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. W. Glass.

Mrs. T. B. Griffin has returned from a visit to Newnan and Atlanta.

Mrs. Cecil Boykin left Monday for her home in Marietta.

Mr. and Mrs. Mandeville Long have returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Edna Cook left Wednesday for Piedmont Springs.

Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers, is the guest of Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almon.

Miss Lula Kingsbery has returned to Atlanta, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Henderson.

Miss Natalie Jones, of Griffin, who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Griffin, has returned.

Miss Nell Sharpe, of Jacksonville, Fla., is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hearn, of New York, are expected in Carrollton next week to visit Mr. Hearn's mother, Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. Robert Creel, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bledsoe, has returned to her home in Jasper, Ala.

Miss Katie Lou Thomasson will leave Tuesday for Piedmont Springs.

Mrs. Cleo Shaw and daughter, Sarah Helen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Teague, at Heflin, Ala.

Miss Lucy Harris, who has been in New York studying music, returned Friday and is with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson, left Wednesday for Opelika, Ala.

Mrs. E. W. Keith and little daughter, Louise, of Rome, attended the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Mrs. Ruth Kramer entertained at a theater party Wednesday afternoon complimentary to Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thomasson spent Tuesday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, of Griffin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Moore.

Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almand entertained at a theater party Monday afternoon complimentary to their visitor, Miss Mary Lou Tucker.

Mrs. William Beall and daughter, Miss Allie Beall, have returned from Birmingham and Bessemer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Bass and baby have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bass, at Piedmont Springs.

LaGrange

LAGRANGE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Michael Cody, of Montgomery, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Ferrell.

Miss Stella Bradfield is visiting relatives in McDonough.

Mrs. Fred Robinson, of Atlanta, is visiting her father, Glover Hood, of LaGrange.

Mrs. John Brown, of Locust Grove, is the guest of Mrs. E. R. Bradfield.

Miss Alma Albright is visiting her brother, Will Albright.

Mrs. Griffin is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Harrison.

Mrs. Howell, of Warrenville, is a guest of her son, Jim Howell, on Hill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Shang are visiting in Hogansville.

Miss Margaret Bell, of Dadeville, Ala., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Shearer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dix have returned from a visit to Huntsville, Ala.

Misses Mildred and Marion Bradfield, of Atlanta, are visiting Miss Sara Lane.

Mrs. Lillie Cason is the guest of Mrs. Fuller E. Callaway.

Miss Ethel Pike is visiting in Atlanta.

Mrs. Charles J. Warner and family, of Rome; Mrs. J. B. Ridley and family, of Atlanta; Mrs. G. S. Edmundson and family, of Abbottsford; Carl Edmundson, of Conyers; Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy and family and J. P. Edmundson, who have been guests of Mayor and Mrs. Edmundson, have returned to their homes.

Helena

HELENA, Aug. 16.—A wedding which came as a surprise was that of Miss May Council to Eugene Suddeth, of Madison, Fla. They went for a drive and stopped at the parsonage of the Rev. J. K. Hines, where they were married. Miss Mantie Coker, a friend of the bride, going with them.

An event of Tuesday evening was a social affair given by Miss Florence Davenport in honor of J. C. Clements, of Macon. Those present were Misses Florence Davenport, Marie Brewton, Edith and Marion Creighton, Clara Dunford, Vera McGinty, Messrs. J. C. Clements, of Macon; Richard Carson, P. W. Pittman, of Atlanta; Billie Ryals and G. A. Boatright, of Americus.

Mr. Marion Howard, of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Pittman this week.

Mrs. E. J. Tyson, of Abbeville, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. F. M. Creighton.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, Aug. 16.—A delightful affair was the afternoon tea given by Mrs. Horace Howard in honor of Mrs. Henry Gooding, of Columbia, S. C., who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bradley Howard.

Mrs. John P. Anderson entertained the Round Dozen Sewing Club Wednesday afternoon. The guests were Mrs. Conyers Fite, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Samuel Candler, Clearwater, Fla.; Mrs. George L. Cope, Savannah; Mrs. J. G. Simpson, Miss Mattie Jones, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Bert Sims, Murfreesboro, Tenn.; Mrs. Otto Conn, Mrs. Louie Hall, Miss Maude Norris, Milledgeville; Miss Ann Smith, Pittsfield, Mass.; Mrs. Bob Best, Rome, and Mrs. Gordon Cassells, Savannah.

Mrs. W. T. Bate, of Barnesville, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Calhoun.

Mrs. Buford Graw has returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Mrs. Otto Conn and Miss Ruth Conn, of Milledgeville, are in Cartersville, the guests of Mrs. D. B. Freeman.

Mrs. Harris Cope and Mr. W. H. Field left Tuesday for Versailles, Ky., to visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton.

Miss Johnnie Louise Sanders, of Elmwood, is the guest of Miss Emily Davis.

Mrs. Lena Wofford Harley, of Sparta, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Wofford.

Miss Ruth Berry, of Atlanta, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Lutie Harvey.

Mrs. J. C. Platt and little daughter, Katherine Platt, of Augusta, are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Saxon.

Mrs. Alfred Zachry and son, Alfred Zachry, Jr., of West Point, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. J. W. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cassells and Miss Gladys Cassells, of Savannah, are the guests of Mrs. Emriod Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Walker, of Monroe, spent the week with their daughter, Mrs. Hampton Field.

Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. John Adair are at Glenn Springs, S. C.

Mrs. Logan Vaughn has returned from White Sulphur Springs.

Covington

COVINGTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. B. C. Jenkins and children, of Columbus, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. N. Rainey, left Friday for Atlanta, where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Murphy.

Mrs. Jack H. Estes, of Dallas, Texas, arrived Monday to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. D. Bush. Mrs. Estes is remembered as Miss Florrie Cheney, having frequently been the guest of Mrs. Bush before her marriage.

Miss Ida Shellnut, who has been entertained as the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Carter, left Friday to visit relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. R. H. Bickerstaff and children have returned to their home in Athens after a visit to Mrs. J. M. Allen and Miss Jule Allen.

Miss Clara Belle Adams is entertaining a bevy of girls at her home on Floyd street, including Misses Mary Stephens, of Nashville, Tenn.; Maggie Rogers, Marguerite and Agnes Adams, of Carrollton.

Misses Bernice Breedlove, of Monroe; Virginia Withers, of Atlanta, and Fannie Mae Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., returned to their homes Monday after spending ten days at Henderson's Mill as the guests of the campers.

Mrs. Roscoe Johnson, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mrs. T. F. Hodges and children, of Dothan, Ala., who have been spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Clarke, have returned to their homes. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke have as their guests now Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mobley, of Millen.

Miss Dotye Greer, of Brunswick, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. Colquitt Greer, at Eatonton and Oconee Springs, spent last week as the guest of relatives in Madison. Miss Greer is spending this week with her sister, Mrs. C. I. Cash.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harwell, Mr. Candler Harwell, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry W. Branham and Mrs. Annie Webb, of Atlanta, left Thursday in Mr. Harwell's car for Indian Springs.

Miss Emily Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., and the Misses Mobley, of Hogansville, were guests of honor at a party given by Miss Leila Perry on Saturday morning. Misses Fannie Mae Henderson, Julia Cowan and Kate Perry assisted the hostess.

Mrs. P. W. Godfrey and Miss Frances Godfrey, accompanied by Mrs. Berto Lee, returned home Saturday from Atlanta, making the trip in Mrs. Godfrey's car.

Miss Frances Lee, of Atlanta, who has been the guest of Mrs. Laura Carter and Mrs. John M. Fleming, left Friday for a visit to relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. J. M. Fleming entertained Thursday afternoon at the Lyric Theater in honor of her guests, Misses Ida Shellnutt, of Sandersville, and Frances Lee, of Atlanta. In the party were Misses Ruby Vining, Lartrelle Meadors, Josephine Franklin, Ida Shellnut and Frances Lee.

A delightful event of the past week was that at which Mr. James Wells entertained Thursday evening at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Wells, in honor of Miss Edna Tompkins, of Helena, who, with her mother, Mrs. Robert Tompkins, has been the guest of Mrs. Wells for several days.

Misses Bower entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening in honor of their house guest, Miss Kittie Lee Bower, of Quitman.

Miss Sallie Mae Sockwell entertained Saturday morning with a porch party.

Dublin

DUBLIN, Aug. 16.—The marriage of Miss Julia Porter, of Danville, and C. G. Kitchens, of Dublin, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Porter, near Danville, Tuesday afternoon. The wedding was a simple home affair. The Rev. T. Bright performed the ceremony. The wedding march was played by Mrs. J. C. Chandler, of Swain

MR. HEARST TELLS WHY HE KEEPS OIL LETTERS FROM LOBBY INQUIRY

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Foreign-Born Women Voting Is Restricted

Illinois Attorney General Outlines Conditions Under Which They Can Cast Ballots.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 16.—In answer to Mayor Schriver, of Rock Island, for an opinion on votes for women under the new suffrage law and to govern authorities in an approaching election, Attorney General Lucey to-day held:

"That a foreign-born woman who marries a citizen of the United States, whether such citizen be natural born or naturalized, by such an act of marriage becomes a citizen of the United States.

"An unmarried foreign-born woman whose father did not become naturalized until after she arrived at her majority, would not, by such act of naturalization upon the part of her father, become a citizen of the United States.

"A woman born in the United States whose father was not naturalized prior to her arriving at her majority is a citizen of the United States."

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

DEER HINDERS TRAFFIC; DODGES TEAMS IN ROAD

ALBANY, ORE., Aug. 16.—Running along on a well-traveled country road a big buck deer dodged its way between three teams of horses and escaped unhurt last week. The deer was encountered near Brewster Station, on the Woodburn-Springfield line between Crabtree and Labanon, by three men who were hauling lumber to the railroad line.

As the season is not yet open for deer no attempt was made to shoot it.

...d Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figgins, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

WANT TO MAKE MONEY? START TERRAPIN FARM

Government Authority Declares There Are Big Profits in the Diamond Backs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The diamond-back terrapin, aristocrat of the dining table and king of the banquet menu, need not disappear from the sandy shores of the United States and be lost to disciples of Epicurus forever if the business men of the nation will allow themselves to be awakened to the fact that there are fat dividends in the breeding of the animals.

Uncle Sam is sponsor for this statement. Experts in the Bureau of Fisheries are anxious that business men shall read its report.

At Beaufort, N. C., the experts started out four years ago with 40 females and 18 males, terrapin such as may be found from Southern Virginia all along the coast down to Florida. From this small breeding stock the experts procured 295 eggs in 1910. Of the 295 eggs only 7 failed to hatch.

In 1911 513 eggs were procured, and of these 421 were hatched. Even better results were obtained in 1912, when 650 eggs were procured and 538 hatched. The number of eggs laid and hatched in 1913 is expected to be far greater. Of course, a terrapin must be five or six years old before he is in the best shape for the table, but this slow growth is offset by the fact that "one man may care for several thousand terrapin."

Terrapin farms, the Government report says, should be situated on the shore line of tidal salt water, where a supply of fresh water also is available; low, swamp land where fish and crabs are plentiful being preferable. Best results are obtained by breeding the terrapin in pens specially built, but not expensive in construction.

Unlike the chicken breeders and the breeders of other food animals, the terrapin breeder need not worry about disease in his stock. The Government experts say: "So far as is known, diamond-back terrapins are not subject to epidemic disease, and after reaching the age of two or three years have no important enemy except man."

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 100 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906. William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

Our August Furniture Sale



Our "Middle of the Month" August Furniture Specials have never been so numerous and the values so great.

The articles you want are here, carrying prices much lower than you expected to pay.

Why delay buying longer? Our courteous salesmen will be glad to show you through and aid you in making selections, and we will be pleased to arrange terms to suit YOU. Come in to-morrow.

Special Rocker Sale Monday

Monday Special on Small Rugs

Beautiful patterns in floral and Oriental designs. These rugs are positively guaranteed. Please note these prices, which are good for to-morrow only.

$1.50 Brussels Rugs, Monday 98c
$2.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $1.48
$4.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $2.98
$6.00 Axminster Rugs, Monday $3.98

A big shipment of four-dollar values. Substantially made, are attractive patterns, beautifully finished in rich golden oak. You can get genuine comfort in these rockers. Not more than three to any one customer and none to dealers. Our special price for to-morrow only is **$1.98**

Special Sale on Go-Carts Monday

25% Discount on Gas Ranges

Every sanitary, fuel-saving, conveniently arranged Buck's gas stove and range is included in this special discount. One dollar per week pays for your choice.

Special Sale on German Porch Screens

About three dozen left. They will make your porch cool and attractive. Please note these special prices.

$2.50 6-foot Screens, now only.....$1.48
$3.50 8-foot Screens, now only.....$1.98

About one dozen included in this lot. They are all samples—all badly damaged—values are from five to fifteen dollars. They are equipped with best re-tempered steel springs, heavy rubber tires, fold completely up in one and two movements. To-morrow only you may take your choice for only **$1.98**

Duplex Mattress

—made of eight layers of fluffy, sanitary felt; has imperial, tightly stitched edges, grade "A" ticking and we positively guarantee this mattress to not sag or lump. We are exclusive agents for this mattress. $1.00 cash, $1.00 weekly, at..... **$10.00**

Wood's Special Davenport

—a wonderful value. Frames are made of well seasoned materials. It is upholstered with genuine chase leather, has best re-tempered steel springs, and we can furnish it in golden oak, mahogany or mission finish. An ideal davenport by day, and ONE MOVEMENT converts into a full sized bed. Complete with sanitary felt mattress only **$37.50**

Blue Tag Bargain Basement

Six big wagonloads were added yesterday to this already well filled space of big home-furnishing values.

Every piece a needed article in some home—every piece an incomparable value. Come to-morrow (BIG MONDAY) and make your selections. Our usual terms apply to any selection made in our Blue Tag Bargain Basement.

Sellers Kitchen Cabinets

—the one kitchen cabinet which really fills all requirements. It has an ant and dust proof flour bin and sugar compartment—a convenient and sanitary place for everything needed in a modern kitchen—see our special for only **$31.50**

Wood's Special Chifforobe

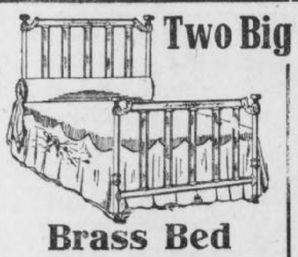
—has a separate and convenient place for everything a man wears from an overcoat to a collar button. Also a large and conveniently arranged shaving mirror. It has a trouser rack which will keep trousers in shape, and a most convenient coat rack. Our special terms on any finish is $1.00 cash, $1.00 per week, and the price is only **$21.50**



Family Size
EAGLE

—will keep your foodstuff to perfection—the ice bill will be small and it will in every particular give satisfaction. Special terms of one dollar cash, the balance one dollar per week, and our price is only **$7.50**

Two Big Specials



Brass Bed

—has heavy, substantial two-inch posts, five extra large and strong fillers—furnished in either single or double sizes in satin or gloss finish—terms one dollar cash and one dollar per week, and our price is only **$12.50**



Special Outfit

—the outfit consists of one heavy two-inch continuous post gold bed, one sanitary felt mattress, one pair springs and one pair feather pillows. A great value. Our special terms are ninety cents cash and the balance $1.00 per week. Complete outfit only **$17.90**

Monday Special

An attractive dollar value, guaranteed time keeper—has extra loud alarm attachment—securely packed in a specially made box, and the special price for to-morrow only is

48 Cts.



Bachelor's Den

The coziest and most attractive MAN'S room you ever saw. See front window, Whitehall street. This entire outfit will be sold to any bachelor on especially attractive terms.

Rhodes-Wood FURNITURE COMPANY

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

103-5-7-9-11 Whitehall Street, Corner Mitchell

Crawford Chairs

—the most substantially made chair on the market—here in any finish—guaranteed by the manufacturer for five years—we are exclusive agents—see big display.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR SOUTHWEST GEORGIA

VOL. I. NO. 20.

Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company.

★★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. ★★★ PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SULZER AND GLYNN EACH REFUSE TO BUDGE INCH

Deadlock Results in New York Impeachment Situation as Each Claimant Refuses to Make Move—Both Go to Capitol.

Accused Executive Accompanied by His Bodyguard Goes to State House and Plunges Into Business—No Outbreak Surprise.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Neither drastic nor violent steps will be taken by Lieutenant Governor Martin H. Glynn to force William Sulzer, the impeached Governor of New York, from office—at least not to-day. Owing to the fact that this was a half holiday at the State offices, Mr. Glynn spent but a few minutes at the Capitol, and while both Sulzer and Glynn forces refused to budge an inch, matters were at a deadlock.

Accompanied by his bodyguard, Governor Sulzer walked from the executive mansion to the Capitol, where he plunged into State business, just as though his right to exercise the gubernatorial prerogatives were not contested.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who claims the powers of Acting Governor under the Constitution until Mr. Sulzer is brought to trial on September 18, went from the Capitol to the offices of his newspaper and announced he would spend the afternoon at an athletic meet. He denied that, like Napoleon, he would lift the power of ruling New York State on the bayonets of the National Guard.

Lack of Trouble a Surprise.

Absence of an actual outbreak to-day was a surprise to many who expected to see the executive chamber a battleground for the Sulzer and Tammany forces.

Mr. Sulzer now virtually stands alone, having been deserted by the members of his cabinet, who have allied themselves to the Glynn forces. But Sulzer refuses to abdicate, despite the fact that the ranks of his political enemies have been strengthened during the last 24 hours.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who is now signing State documents with this signature, "Martin H. Glynn, Acting Governor, State of New York," announced that, in spite of any obstructions thrown in his way by the Sulzer legal forces, he would continue to administer gubernatorial affairs pending Mr. Sulzer's trial for alleged high crimes and misdemeanors September 18.

Both Sides Fear Trick.

Both sides are taking elaborate precautions to guard against a trick. Throughout the night armed guards stood watch over each State department, while lawyers and legislators involved in the struggle were trailed by private detectives. Mr. Sulzer was in retirement planning a new legal move with his counsel. Messenger boys with Washington and New York city telegrams could not find the Governor, but members of the "inner circle" took charge of the dispatches, saying they would find the Governor.

Leaders of the anti-Sulzer faction made the threat that Mr. Glynn, now having control of the State Military Department, would actually invade the executive chamber.

"He will get a mighty warm reception," declared Sulzer adherents, who are few, but courageous.

Some Fear Martial Law.

Some residents of this city, realizing the intense seriousness of the situation, fear that conditions may become so grave that martial law will have to be declared.

It was assumed that Governor Sulzer to-day would reply to the second note from Lieutenant Governor Glynn, demanding the unconditional surrender of all prerogatives by Mr. Sulzer and the abdication of the Governor. Counsel were with the Governor at the beginning of the official day, and it was reported that the Governor was urged to take a fling at Tammany Hall.

Germany Also Snubs Panama Exposition

Kaiser's Government Follows John Bull's Action in Declining American Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The German Government to-day decided to refuse to participate in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 6, Column 6.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love.'

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated to-day the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

FRAUD USED TO BEAT HEARST, SAYS MULHALL

Lobbyist Declares He Obtained Confidence of Democratic Leader in Campaign for Governor.

GAVE REPUBLICANS SECRET

Letter Was Forged to Give Him Introduction to Up-State Committeeman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

France to Welcome Envoy de la Barra

Mexican Legation Is Assured That There Is No Objection to New Minister

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Mexican Legation has heard nothing of any objection on the part of France to the reception of Francisco de la Barra as Mexican Minister to this country. The secretary of the legation said to-day:

"We would neat to be the first to hear of it if any such objection existed."

The Agence Nationale was the authority for the report, which was printed here yesterday. Senor de la Barra sailed from New York to-day.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy, and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

SUPREME TEST COMES AS STATE TRAINS GUNS ON FRANK'S CHARACTER

Defendant Will Take the Stand Early in Week to Give His Account of His Movements on Day Mary Phagan Was Killed.

ATTORNEYS SEEKING TO PROVE A COMPLETE ALIBI

Believed That Case Will Stand or Fall on Efforts of Prosecution to Prove Its Charge of Immorality Against the Accused.

BY AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The third week of the Frank trial came to an end at noon Saturday.

The defense has not yet concluded its case, but confidently expects to finish within the next day or two.

Its last card, and one of its biggest, will be the defendant's statement. This statement is scheduled for the early part of this week.

It will mark the climax of the defense's case, just as Conley's story marked the climax of the State's.

It became more and more evident as the case progressed during the past week that the defense is pitting Frank squarely against Conley—that it is to be Frank's life or Conley's life for little Mary Phagan's, snuffed out cruelly nearly four months ago in the National Pencil Factory.

Frank's statement on the stand, which the law permits him to make, but not under oath, and which may be accepted by the jury, either in whole or in part, in preference to all the sworn testimony, will be matched against the story the negro told so dramatically and with such frightful emphasis soon after the case got under way.

Into the negro's story, moreover, was injected the question of Frank's general character, particularly in one unmentionable direction, and this the defense will undertake to offset completely and finally.

More than a hundred witnesses have been summoned to testify to Frank's good character, and these include men and women from every walk of life, where it could be shown that such witnesses had come in contact with Frank from time to time in such wise as to be competent judges of his general character.

DALTON'S TESTIMONY IMPEACHED.

Already, the one witness (Dalton) so far introduced by the State to corroborate Conley has been successfully impeached by the defense, and it is likely that others introduced to uphold the negro also will be subjected to impeachment proceedings, if the defense suspects that it may successfully inaugurate the same.

The defense seemingly has realized fully the heavy necessity of breaking down Conley's awful story, not only in direct connection with the murder, but in every case if it that bears upon the character of the defendant.

As a primary proposition, the advantage in the situation thus set up dwells within the defense.

In the first place, Frank goes to the jury with the presumption of innocence in his favor. The burden is not upon him to make out a case in behalf of himself—it is upon the State to make out a case against him.

Moreover, the only right of appeal attaching to persons indicted for felonies is within the defense. Once the State loses, it is lost forever.

The State must allege and prove the guilt of the defendant "beyond a reasonable doubt," and fight right up to that limit.

If there remains a reasonable doubt of Frank's guilt, after the last word has been said to the jury, Frank, under the law, is entitled to it, and if the trial jury fails to award it, a court of review will remedy the legal wrong thus inflicted upon him.

ALL STATE TESTIMONY SWORN.

The State, moreover, must submit every bit of its evidence, to the last shred or patch, under oath.

The defense, on the contrary, may clear itself upon testimony not one word of which is sworn to.

The State's star witness, Conley, also comes into court a confessed accessory after the fact of the murder, a confessed falsifier in numerous conflicting statements as to his knowledge of and connection with the crime, and accompanied by a well established jail record fearfully and wonderfully made up.

His is a much harder story to hold up than Frank's, viewing the two stories generally and in their broader personal aspects.

Even without Conley, to be sure, the State still has a circumstantial case against Frank that might compel considerable attention and respect, but there are few people who seemingly believe that it alone would be sufficiently strong to convict.

It probably is a realization of the State's tremendous task, involved in the holding together of Conley's story, that has caused

DORSEY SURE OF CASE AS CRISIS COMES

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Frank Had Life Which He Hid From Relatives and Friends

Trial Will Last Through Week, Declare Men Who Have Followed It.

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense Objects too Late.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, dependent alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta is that to fail in the establishment and corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing will be to fall in a crisis heavily important to the State now.

Liability Becomes Asset.

Strange to say—there are so many strange things to say in this surpassingly strange Phagan story—one of the State's apparent weaknesses is proving, in one direction, to be one of its greatest elements of strength.

The deefnse's strenuous insistence that Conley's remarkable story is impossible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believe the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually, and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element, as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

Rely on State Witnesses.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relying upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several different directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this despite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Mary's mother), George Epps, a motorman, and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probably to be amplified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

State Seems Confident.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get in pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.

Jurors in the Frank case sketched in the courtroom. They are: 1. M. Johenning, 2. A. L. Wisbey, 3. F. V. L. Smith, 4. Deder Townsend, 5. M. S. Woodward, 6. A. H. Henslee, 7. W. M. Jeffries, 8. J. T. Ozburn, 9. Charles J. Basshardt, 10. W. S. Medcalf, 11. Fred E. Winburn, 12. J. F. Higdon.



Girl on Stand Shouts She Would Die for Leo Frank

Employee of Pencil Factory Furnishes Dramatic Incident of Day—Dressing Room Evidence Is Brought Out.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimoney in any way prejudicial to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into a eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by the time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guiltlessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though it never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to conduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmeline Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sister. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded against it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled toward Miss Kitchen, and then turned around and walked away. She testified that the girls never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking their overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her in regard to a reported remark of N. V. Darley, general manager, that "if the girls stay with us through this, they will not lose by it." She said she had overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

The following pencil company employees were called as character witnesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stewart, Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Ina Hayes, Eula May Flowers, Elma Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dickerson, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osman, Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, Rebecca Carson, Maude Wright, Irene Jackson, and Mesdames Emma Freeman and Ella Thomas.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL

368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L

Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A graded school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.

Send For Booklet

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee August 25

THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF "HER FATAL SHADOW"

Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPENS THURSDAY AUG. 21



New York Dental Offices

28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET

Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery

Gold Crowns - $3.00

Bridge Work - $4.00

Good Set Teeth - $5.00

All Other Work at Reasonable Prices

Dr. W. J. Harper LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1617

Bring Us Your Films for Development



We Give You BETTER RESULTS Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING

AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT

ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.

We Also Carry a Complete Line of EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES

GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.

Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree

LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE DECLARE HE ALONE HAS PREPARED STATEMENT

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of Jurors, But Will Simply Outline His Contention as to Tragedy.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that ime have had nine children. All but one are living.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, international tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated tonight that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam., Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweeaheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shant" and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

Grape Juice vs. Milk

Secretary Bryan Does Not Have Undivided Support of Cabinet in Choice of Beverage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Grape juice as a Cabinet beverage has gone into eclipse, in spite of the prominence given to it by Ciceronian eloquence as being the only nectar of the gods.

A canvass of the preferences of other members of the Cabinet beside that of Mr. Bryan, whose favorite beverage is well known, disclosed the fact that plain old milk, sweet and buttermilk, is ahead in the race. President Wilson prefers orange juice to that of the luscious grape.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is one of the sweet milk champions and has a fellow champion in Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo leans toward buttermilk.

Attorney General McReynolds and Secretary of War Garrison are said to be ardent milk advocates.

Secretary of Agriculture David Houston is one of the two members that find enjoyment in pure unfermented grape juice.

Secretary of the Interior Lane prefers hot tea, while Secretary of Commerce Redfield likes his tea cold.

Charges Sister Stole Her Husband's Love

California Woman Names Beautiful Relative In Her Plea for a Divorce.

SUSANVILLE, CAL., Aug. 16.—Charging that her younger and prettier sister had stolen her husband's love, Mrs. Celia Rundquist Schaefer asked Judge Monroe for a divorce from Marin Schaefer, a fruit grower and rancher. Miss Rose Rundquist, sister of the plaintiff, was named as co-respondent.

Mrs. Schaefer testified that her sister admitted that her husband was a "grand man," and that he showered attentions upon the sister and admitted making love to her. The plaintiff also claimed that she had to support both for two years.

Judge Monroe held that there was insufficient corroborating evidence and instructed the applicant for divorce to get more witnesses.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

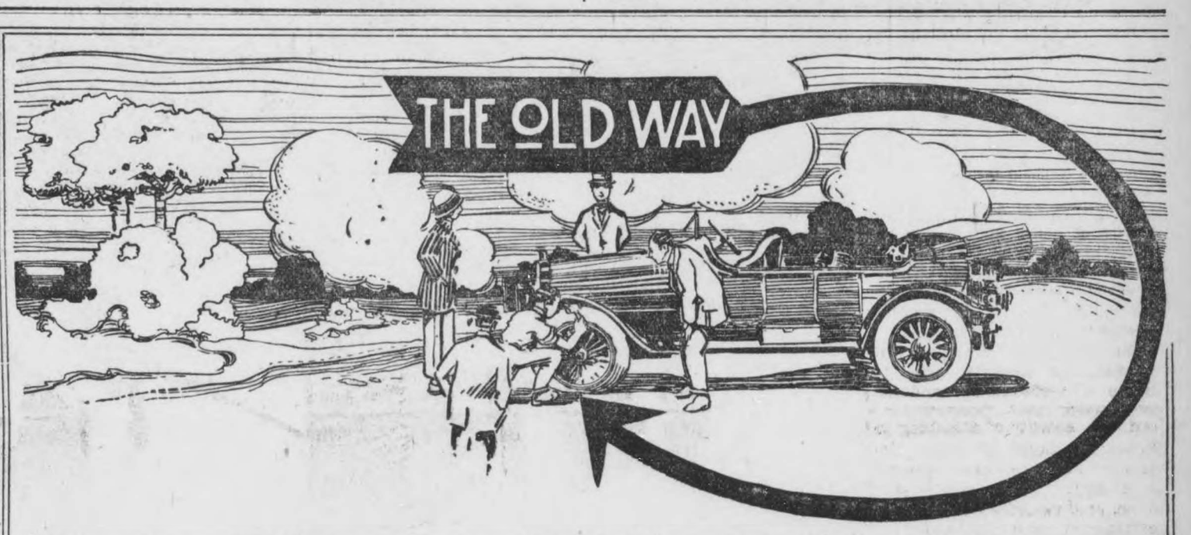
Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

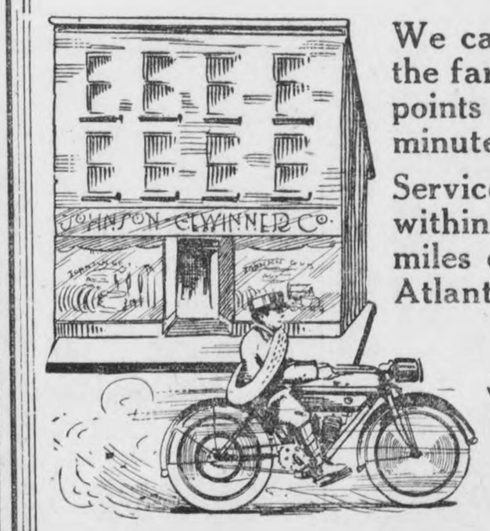
(We sell all makes.)

Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

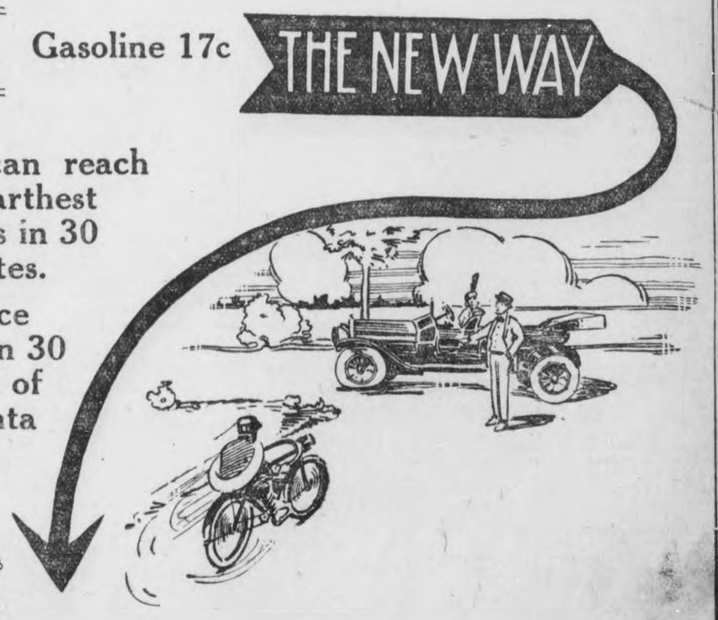
83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

Free Air Station ::: **Gasoline 17c**



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta



GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury T. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court. Below is Lola Norris, the other girl witness in noted case.



BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her shearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacrameto in the same fear of exposure of their liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," replied Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such low voice that Judge VanFleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the de-[illegible]t said that resulted in your going to leave Sacramento.—A. [illegible] he said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say she would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money given to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. Did you wait in the depot for Caminetti?—A. No; he was to return to the restaurant. There was some talk about going on an earlier train. We waited in a little street car waiting room near the depot. Miss Norris stayed in there when the train came in. I walked out with Mr. Diggs and told him to go and I would stay there. He said, "No," that he thought too much of me to have me stay there. The train finally left.

Caminetti Gets Money.

Q. Then Mr. Diggs went to the waiting room and telephoned?—A. Yes, to Mr. Caminetti, I think.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. We returned to the Saddle Rock and waited half an hour for Mr. Caminetti. When he came, he said he had the money and would go on the next train.

Q. Then you did what?—A. We went to the depot.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. Mr. Diggs said to wait while he got the tickets.

Q. Whom did you wait with?—A. With Lola Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Q. Then what?—A. When the train came, we got on.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall, do you, going to the Riverside Hotel on the 10th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is, Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris, were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say?

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of ary, 1913, I will ask you if you, in

February, 1913?—A. Yes.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris stop at the Grand Hotel, the same place, in San Francisco, upon that occasion?—A. Yes.

Q. And the same room was occupied by you and Mr. Diggs upon that night, was it not?—A. Yes.

Q. And Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti, to your knowledge occupied another room alone in that hotel, did they not?—A. Yes.

Stopped at San Jose.

Q. Upon the second day of Febru-

company with Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris, did not go in an automobile from San Francisco to San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidelberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

M. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many times were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I don't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No sir.

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I will appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

BRING YOUR VACA-

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga. Opposite Third National Bank



$5 Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE

MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's

Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH	$5	GOLD FILLING	$1
GOLD CROWNS	$4	AMALGAM FILLING,	50c up
BRIDGE WORK	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up

TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . . $1 up

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison, was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine?" If you've run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job But Lind Is Most Unusual Man Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of disssatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam ovenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg, of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order...$165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US
Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.
Name .....
Address .....

Cable Piano Co.
84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.
GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.

MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existinfi in individual counties, and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 19 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues; they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing doctors; they have heard the plea of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the father and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. Ten Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

The Tax Receivers of the counties shall open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

In ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has rev-



The Wonderful and Prompt Results of Vegetable Obbac.

olutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.

You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD AND UNDERWOOD.

Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic canoeists both of them, and inveterate campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then to Beaver Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal an river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will fly. The life-saving crew of Clifton, to Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equipage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bills proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Bee River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires when he may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions.

"I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

BRING YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Fresh films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 42 N. Broad street.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

Nance Believed Mad When He Slew Wife

Relatives Declare He Was Mentally Unbalanced When He Left Knoxville Friday.

KNOXVILLE, Aug. 16.—George R. Nance is believed by his wife's relatives in Knoxville to have been insane when he killed her in a hotel at Hamlet, N. C., yesterday. They recite incidents connected with his former residence in this city that cause them to suspect he was mentally unbalanced.

At one time Nance left home and his wife did not know of his whereabouts until she received a cablegram from him in Liverpool, England. Soon thereafter he came here and they remained until they went to Greenville, S. C., last March, where his wife was manager of a sanitarium operated by a company with hospitals in various cities. For four years she was head of this company's hospital at Los Angeles. Her last station had been at Chattanooga, where her local relatives thought she was yesterday.

Mrs. Nance was born in Sweetwater, Tenn., and had many relatives over East Tennessee. She married Nance in Alexandria, Va., nine years ago, and they had no children. Mrs. J. T. Steele, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. B. T. Baker, of Alexandria, Va.; Mrs. Jerry Reagan, of Portland, Oreg., and Mrs. J. A. McCampbell, of Friendsville, Tenn., are her sisters.

Autos Are Barred By Canadian Island

Residents of Prince Edward Will Not Allow Machines to Enter Province.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—"It seems strange in these days when automobiles are seen on every street, on every country road that there should be one section on the American continent where these vehicles are positively prohibited," said R. A. Dewey, of Toronto.

"Recently the Canadian Parliament enacted legislation to permit the use of self-propelling carriages in the Province of Prince Edward Island, but it is by no means certain that the legislation will be effective. There is every indication that the law will never be put in force because a plebiscite on the question was taken throughout the island when the annual district school meetings were held.

"The returns that have come thus far indicate that the farmers are strenuously opposed to allowing automobiles on Prince Edward Island. More than 90 per cent of the population voted no on the proposition, and in some of these places the vote in the negative was unanimous.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends In Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife Eva died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover, Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

"Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA



WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established—because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."

WHITLAW PRICES
RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.



Original Painless Dentist

The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT
Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!



The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE **SAVOY CAFE** 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE === LOW PRICES

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of habitual drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Men's Socks Adorn Girl's--Ahem

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde Is Bold Apostle of New Style and She's a Good Proselyter.

Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short socks are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features, you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughteds and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "tag" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury. Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "roughneck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "makeup" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

The woman, now bent and feeble, is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it.

The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeologist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY

A MODERN CONSERVATORY.

A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.

OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865

82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta

The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

Columbus — Latest Southwest Georgia News — Albany

SUFFRAGETTES INVADE STAID GEORGIA TOWN

Thomasville Has Its Quota of Women Who Demand the Ballot.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The granting of a charter for a Woman's Suffrage Association in Georgia and the bobbing up of the suffragettes over the country generally is causing many towns to take an introspective view, so to speak, to ascertain if there are any of this new brand of women within their borders, and the result shows that while there may not be a great many avowedly calling themselves suffragettes, there are more in sympathy with the movement than the mind of the average man conceives to be the case.

That there should be suffragettes in other towns in Georgia seemed very probable, but that they should be found in Thomasville, which is regarded by the outside world as being eminently staid and conservative, never going wild over anything but baseball or fighting about anything but "Sis" Cow, seemed almost unbelievable, but they are here just the same.

This does not at all mean that the majority of the fair sex here are in sympathy with this new order of women who are fighting for the ballot. There is, however, a very fair sprinkling of them, who do not hesitate to assert their belief in the equal rights of woman, and they likewise acknowledge that they would enjoy taking a hand in the management of public affairs, to a certain extent at any rate.

Of course, there are a few of the more advanced in their ideas who even believe that they could run a town and would like to try it a while and show the male management in charge just how a sure enough town should look and how affairs would be managed with a female board at the head of things. When questioned as to what would be done in a town run by women in regard to holding Police Court, serving on juries, etc., the enthusiasm did not seem so marked, though little attention was paid to the query, it evidently being the idea that all unpleasant duties could be turned over to the mere men and only the "running" of affairs be reserved for those in charge.

As it will probably be a good long time before Thomasville will be run by a female management, at least openly, as they are often accused of being the power behind the throne, nobody is very much worried over it, but it is interesting to know just how the matter stands and whether the women of the South will ever go into this movement in earnest as they have in the West and parts of the North.

Timbermen Fight Over Debt; 1 Dead

W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen End Dispute by Pistol Duel in Street at Blakely.

BLAKELY, Aug. 16.—W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen, two well-known timbermen, had a pistol duel on the public square at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, as a result of which Keen is dead with five bullet holes in his body.

Keen is said to have shot at Stamper twice and missed him. Stamper escaped unhurt, except a graze near the left eye.

The trouble grew out of a dispute over the division of the proceeds of a debt due to both of them by a common debtor.

Keen leaves a wife and several children.

Miss Marie Whitehead

An attractive and vivacious brunette, of Albany, who is now touring Europe with Mrs. James S. Farnum, of Charleston, and Mrs. E. B. Young, of Albany. During the past school term Miss Whitehead was a student at Brenau College. (Photo by White, Gainesville.)



Truck Growers to Organize in Tift

Object Is to Promote Growing and Marketing of Products.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Present indications are that not only the truck growers of Tift County will work in co-operation, but that all the truckers of South Georgia counties will co-operate in promoting the growing and marketing of trucking products.

Two melon and truck growers of Brooks County, M. L. Bowen, of Quitman, and A. J. Powell, of Dixie, were in Tifton this week and conferred with the Tifton Chamber of Commerce and a number of men engaged in trucking, inquiring as to the working of the Tift County Truckers' Association, with a view to forming a similar organization in Brooks County.

Mr. Bowen has been in the melon business for nearly twenty years and Mr. Powell is an expert at growing Irish potatoes.

TERRELL FARMER FIRES BULLET THROUGH HEAD

DAWSON, Aug. 16.—P. C. Calley, well-to-do Terrell County farmer and brother-in-law of Jesse Mercer, committed suicide at his country home near Dawson by shooting himself through the head. He left no note as to the cause, but despondency over money matters is believed to have been responsible.

Columbus Shows Healthy Increase

Nearly Half Million Gained on Tax Values of Property—Rate Was Reduced.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Tax Assessor Frank M. Sommerkamp, of Muscogee County, has completed his tax digest for 1913, which shows $22,769,804 compared to $22,508,202 in 1912, an increase for 1913 of $261,602.

When it is taken into consideration that the tax assessments this year in the city of Columbus were made at 75 per cent of the county assessment, while they have been made heretofore at the same, it will be seen that the county has made a remarkable showing. In other words, something like $14,000,000 worth of property has only been assessed at 75 per cent of the assessment of last year. It is believed that the increase in values would have run far over half a million dollars.

The digest shows that there are 40 lawyers, 43 doctors, 17 dentists, 1 veterinary surgeon, 2 architects, 2 engineers. The dogs in the county are valued at $2,192.

DOUGHERTY TAX VALUES SHOW GOOD INCREASE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—The total value of taxable property in Dougherty County, as shown by the figures just compiled by Tax Receiver J. H. Davis, shows an increase for 1913 over 1912 of $437,218. The comparative figures are as follows: Property values, 1913, $7,449,866. Property values, 1912, $7,012,648.

ALBANY MAY BUILD BIG CREMATORY PLANT

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—A crematory to dispose of Albany's garbage is a matter that is being seriously considered at the present time. Mayor Tarver has procured literature bearing on this subject and is giving the matter careful study.

With the idea of making Albany one of the most healthy and sanitary towns in the State, the city officials, led by Mayor Tarver, are considering this step.

GLENN TAKES CHARGE AS DEPUTY MARSHAL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—L. H. Glenn, of Rochelle, who has been appointed Deputy United States Marshal for this district, to succeed R. L. Thomas, resigned, will make this city his headquarters. He is now here preparing to take over the office.

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

COURT HEARING OF INJUNCTION IS POSTPONED

Americus City Council Would Prevent Consolidation of Power Plant Companies.

AMERICUS, Aug. 16.—The postponement by Judge Z. A. Littlejohn in the Superior Court of the hearing of the injunction brought by the City Council of Americus against the Americus Power Company, the rival power company to the old Americus Gas and Electric Company, to keep the new company from consolidating with the old and advancing rates, is another link in the history of one of the most sensational municipal fights in Georgia.

Judge Littlejohn postponed the hearing until September 27 on the ground that certain important parties to the various transactions were not in Americus, though it is claimed that at least one of them was here.

City Attorney Hollis Fort and W. P. Wallis, for the city, and Shipp & Sheppard, for the Americus Power Company, are prepared for a grueling and continued fight when the hearing does occur.

It is thought that it will either kill forever the hopes of municipal ownership here or revive them anew. As this has been a hotly contested municipal issue, the interest in the hearing is wide and keen.

'Hoodoo Doctors' Ply 'Art' in Cordele

Raid Farms for Cotton Root to Brew Tea for Superstitious Negroes.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—"Hoodoo" or "root" doctors, as they are commonly known, seem to be getting in some very effective work in Cordele, though if their identity should become known to the police the effect would very probably not be pleasing to them. For several nights these characters have devastated patches of cotton in the western part of the city, belonging to negroes. For the purpose of making cotton root tea, which is said to have a healing effect in a good many cases, they have pulled up row after row of cotton by the roots, cutting off the weeds and taking the roots with them.

UNKNOWN NEGRO STABS WHITE MAN AT RAY'S MILL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—W. J. Williams, of Rays Mill, Ga., was probably fatally stabbed by an unknown negro in this city at 1 o'clock Friday morning. Williams and a companion passed a group of negro youths at the Georgia Southern and Florida passenger station and said something to the negroes which they resented. One of them plunged his knife into Williams' side and drew it across his breast, making a gash nine inches long and exposing the heart-action. Two negroes are in jail charged with complicity in the affair, but they claim that the youth who did the stabbing escaped.

MUSCOGEE JURY BOARD RESUMES WORK MONDAY

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Muscogee County's Jury Commissioners will meet again Monday to take up the work they began sometime ago, but were forced to drop because of the continued illness of one of the members. It is expected that every effort will be made to increase the list, as there has been much complaint in recent years over the difficulty experienced in obtaining jurors, when only about one-fourth of the taxpayers and voters of the county have their names in the jury box. A remedy has been demanded often.

100 BALES OF COTTON SOLD AT TIFTON IN WEEK

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—The cotton market has opened up lively in Tifton this week and it is believed that the receipts will show a total of nearly 100 bales. There is quite a lot of old cotton in this section and this is opening fast as a result of the warm weather of the past several days. However, the bulk of the crop is young and it will be several weeks yet before the season is on in full.

ALBANY MAY HAVE RIVERSIDE DRIVE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—That Mayor Tarver's idea of a beautiful winding driveway along the Flint River may terminate in some definite action seems probable. Superintendent of Parks Harmon has been asked to consider plans and offer suggestions. This has been done and he not only thinks the plan feasible but is a very ethusiastic advocate.

Dougherty's Jail Doing Double Duty

Ten Prisoners From Early County Added to Number Already Confined There.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Dougherty's new county jail is now doing double duty, containing not only the county prisoners and those of the city of Albany, but those of Early County, ten of whom have been brought here for safe-keeping.

Soon after the new jail was completed the city of Albany made arrangements for the city prisoners to be jailed and cared for in a portion of the county jail. The city barracks were small, insanitary and not safe in case of violent prisoners. That portion of the city hall formerly used as the guardhouse has been remodeled for offices. The county feeds all the city's prisoners and City Court is held each day in the detention corridor of the jail.

The Sheriff of Early County, realizing the condition of the new jail, selected this one for the safe-keeping of his prisoners while Early's jail is being remodeled.

Feast on Collards Instead of Cabbage

Thomas County Convicts Revel in Delicious "Greens"—Fresh Corn as Dessert.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The convicts in the camps of Thomas County have had a change of diet from the cabbage which was so much enjoyed by them in the spring and early summer, and have transferred their allegiance to collard greens.

The report made by the superintendent of the county farm this week shows that for the month of July 1,250 head of these collards were fed to the convicts of the various camps, and as the average darky is proverbially fond of these greens they doubtless enjoyed their meals. With the collards were eaten 600 ears of green corn and several bushels of onions.

As vegetables are considered good summertime diet they probably went a long way toward preserving the health of the convicts, as all the camps are reported in a healthy condition.

Cashier, Sentenced, Making Hard Fight

J. H. Cason's Lawyers Determined to Carry Case Through Highest State Courts.

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Arguments in the motion for a new trial of J. H. Cason, now under five-year sentence in the penitentiary for embezzling nearly $8,000 from the Bank of Cresland, will be heard in Valdosta before Judge Thomas on September 8.

Attorneys for the former bank cashier state they will leave nothing undone to save their client and that the case will be fought through all the courts before it is concluded.

CORDELE COTTON MARKET SHOWS GREAT ACTIVITY

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—With more than 100 bales ginned and marketed, the cotton season is getting well under way in Cordele and within two weeks will be in full sway. The movement of the crop has already had a decided effect upon the business interests of the city and county, a general optimism prevailing among the people as a result. The opinion is common that the yield of cotton will surpass that of the past several years and that the quality of the staple will hold up unusually well, demanding good prices.

WOODMEN OF WORLD HOLD 'CUE AND PICNIC AT TY TY

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—Friday was Woodmen of the World Day in Ty Ty, nine miles west of Tifton, in Tift County, the choppers holding a big barbecue and basket picnic, between 1,500 and 2,000 people attending. Besides enjoying a good basket dinner and some of Jack Frost's barbecue, better than which there is none, those attending heard an excellent address by Hon. Roscoe Luke on the W. O. W. order and an address on general topics by Colonel Claude Payton, of Sylvester.

NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE WELCOMED BY SHIPPERS

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Columbus tariff schedule No. 2, on which the Board of Trade has been working, has been received in the city and the merchants are prepared to take advantage of it at every opportunity. The new tariff schedule applies to all of the railroads entering the city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.

MELROSE YOUTH UNDER BOND FOR FATAL STABBING

Harry Miller, 17 Years Old, Must Face Trial for Slaying Turpentine Man.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—Hardy Miller, the 17-year-old lad who stabbed and instantly killed L. A. Smith at Melrose recently, has been released from custody under a $5,000 bond on a charge of manslaughter.

The preliminary hearing of the case was before Judge J. G. Cranford, of the City Court. Several eye-witnesses to the killing testified that the man had a quarrel and that Smith struck Miller with a stick. A few minutes later Miller passed by Smith and struck him in the breast with his knife, the blade penetrating Smith's heart. The men were employed at the turpentine distillery of Miller's brother, Smith having charge of the mules on the place. The fatal quarrel was caused by Smith's refusal to let the boy ride one of the mules at night after it had been worked all day.

Valdosta to Issue Bonds for Paving

Election Called to Vote on $50,000 for Streets and Waterworks.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—An election for an issue of $50,000 municipal bonds has been called by the City Council for September 15.

If it carries Valdosta will in a few months be the best paved city of its size in the State, and will have a waterworks system adequate to take care of the growth of the city for several years.

Of the proposed issue $35,000 is to be used for extending the paving now in operation, while the remainder, $15,000, is to be used for extending the water mains and in improving the waterworks station. A 3,000,000-gallon pump was bought with a portion of the last bond issue and the plant is now being prepared for its installation. In the business section the six-inch mains are being taken up and replaced with twelve-inch mains, while the system is being extended to the northern and eastern portions of town, which were recently taken into the corporate limits.

Three of the principal residence streets are now being paved with asphalt, but the recent bond issue has not been sufficient to pave other streets on which the work is demanded.

The proposed issue will be 30-year bonds to bear 5 per cent interest.

MOULTRIE RAISES $100,000 FOR A PACKING HOUSE

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—A hundred thousand dollars has been subscribed by Moultrie business men to build a packing house and abattoir. All preliminary plans have been completed and construction is scheduled to begin soon.

It is believed this will encourage stock raising in Southwest Georgia, providing as it will a cash market at all seasons.

FARMER BEGINS SERVING SENTENCE AS COW THIEF

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—J. J. Hiers, farmer, of Colquitt, began serving a twelve months' sentence on the chaingang this week, after being denied a new trial by Judge Thomas, of the Southern Circuit.

Hiers was convicted at the last term of Superior Court on an indictment charging him with cow rustling, but the jury recommended that he be punished as for a misdemeanor.

Albany Boosters Get Big Meeting

Put Up Winning Fight for State Agricultural Society Session In 1914.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Knowing that the bringing of the State Agricultural Society to Albany for its 1914 meeting would be a great boom for Albany, as well as furnishing a good place for its meeting, several of Albany's citizens went to Cuthbert this week and attended the session which has been in progress. On Thursday it was realized that a hard fight would be necessitated to secure them, as North Georgia was making a strong bid, and immediate steps were taken to apply the pressure. All Dougherty residents who were at the meeting started boosting Albany as the proper place, this being supplemented with telegrams from the Mayor, president of the Chamber of Commerce and others who are recognized as leaders in Albany. The net result was that they decided on Albany, and in addition expressed their thanks for the strong effort that was made to secure them.

Tift's Courthouse Handsome Building

One of the Most Complete and Comfortable in the State.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—There are many handsome and comfortably furnished courtrooms in this section of the State, but none will surpass the one in Tift County's attractive new courthouse when that building has been completed. The work is now nearing completion, and some idea can be gained of its attractive simplicity and elegance.

Five large windows on either side of the courtroom give plenty of light and ventilation. Between each window is a pilaster column capped with a scroll design, and over each window an arch surmounted by a keystone. Crossing the ceiling are five large beams and between these is an attractive design in dental work. In this work there are over 7,000 pieces, nine to the foot, and there are 875 running feet to be covered.

There are three large lights in the ceiling, with a light on each column and a desk light at the judge's stand.

The staircases will be of steel with terazza steps.

CORDELE PLANS TO PUT $40,000 IN WATERWORKS

Site Selected for Big Plant, and Work Will Begin in Short Time.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—The Cordele Bond Commission has selected and purchased a site for a new waterworks plant for the city, located immediately adjacent to the site on which the old station is situated. The location provides ample room for the improvements to be made, and was purchased by the commission from Judge E. F. Strozier, administrator of the estate of W. E. Smith, the consideration being $4,500.

A $40,000 issue of bonds will be expended in building the new plant and making further improvements upon the waterworks system. The building alone will probably cost $3,500, and is to be fireproof, while the machinery will be of the most modern type and will be duplicated all the way round, costing not under $18,000. The new reservoir will be capacitated at 250,000 gallons, and an elevated tank of almost three times that capacity will be erected.

RECORD PECAN CROP IN SOUTH GEORGIA

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—That there will be more pecan nuts in South Georgia this season than ever before is the general opinion of the growers. This is owing not merely to the fact that the crop is a good one, but is the result of the larger number of trees that have come into bearing. The crop of paper-shell pecans planted all through this section is a large one, but many of the young trees are just beginning to bear well. Some of the growers are very enthusiastic over the crop on these young trees this year and the knowledge that they will put on a larger one each year as they grow older means that it will not be very long before the output of these nuts will be the means of bringing much money into South Georgia.

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store — **92 Whitehall**

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the

BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00	Sofas at	$93.75	
75.00	Sofas at	56.25	
85.00	Bureaus at	56.25	
110.00	Book Cases at	82.50	
125.00	Sideboard	93.75	
35.00	Fireside Chair	22.50	
35.00	Scroll Rockers at	17.50	
$85.00	Desks at	$56.25	
65.00	Pier Tables	45.00	
85.00	Library Tables	56.25	
85.00	French Beds at	56.25	
35.00	Work Tables	27.50	
65.00	Serving Tables	37.50	
55.00	Corner Pieces	37.50	

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY

222 PEACHTREE STREET

B. C. BUFORD, Manager — ATLANTA, GEORGIA

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P.M.

Savannah

Latest News of South Georgia

Waycross

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorably upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

Marion Lucas Will Get Savannah Plum

Congressman Edwards Picks Successor to Marcus Baker as Savannah Postmaster.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The fact that Congressman Charles G. Edwards has announced his intention of indorsing Marion Lucas for postmaster to succeed Marcus S. Baker, Jr., who is expected to be ousted shortly as a result of a recent investigation of his private and official life, has created little surprise here. It had been known for more than a week that Lucas stood the best chance to land the plum.

Besides the indorsements sent to Congressman Edwards direct, Lucas has furnished him with more than 1,000 letters from Savannahians in every walk of life.

Chatham Jail Too Full for Comfort

New Sheriff Asks County Commission to Remodel and Enlarge Prison.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—As a result of an inspection of the county jail by the newly elected Sheriff, Colonel Merrett W. Dixon, the County Commission will be asked to do something to relieve the congestion there.

It may be necessary to build an annex to the jail or convert the southern wing of the building now occupied by the jailer as a residence, into prison quarters. Sheriff Dixon was accompanied on his inspection by Judge Walter G. Charlton, of the Superior Court, and Solicitor General Walter G. Hartridge.

Of the 183 prisoners in the jail there was only one who registered a kick.

SHUPTRINE TO HEAD BIG POLITICAL CLUB

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Although the officials will not make public the result of the election, it is learned that Herman C. Shuptrine, Representative in the Legislature from Chatham County, was elected president of the Cracker Progressive Club, a political organization, last night. Shuptrine has stated that he will accept.

TRADE BOARD SECRETARY RETAINED AT BRUNSWICK

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Secretary J. G. Weatherly has been reappointed by unanimous vote of the Brunswick Board of Trade. Mr. Weatherly came to this city last year from Columbus, Miss., and since taking charge of the local board he has made an enviable reputation, both for himself and the city.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witch-hazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Savannah Minister Has Saloons Raided

Pastor Objects to Near-Beer Dispensaries Near His Church. Dealers Arrested.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—On complaint of the Rev. M. F. Roberts, pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church, three near-beer dealers, with places around the corner from his church have been placed under arrest and required to give bond for their appearance on charges of violating the State prohibition law.

The places raided are the same which received the attention of the authorities last Sunday. The men under arrest are Andrew Pappedes, M. Patro and C. L. Davis. A lot of near beer and whisky was confiscated and will be used as evidence against the men.

Recovery of Dare Question of Time

Savannah Man, Shot by Wife, Improves Rapidly After Reconciliation.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stretched comfortably on a cot in a cell at police barracks, quietly reading a novel while the summer breezes blow through the bars upon her, Mrs. Joe Dare, who several weeks ago shot her husband following a quarrel in their apartment, presents a striking contrast to-day to her extremely nervous condition two weeks ago, when it was believed that Dare would die and that she would be called upon to face trial for his murder.

The physicians who are attending Dare at the Savannah Hospital have given out the information that he is continually improving. His recovery is now practically assured unless there is a sudden change for the worse. The physicians are confident that his reconciliation with his pretty wife on what was believed to be his deathbed has had much to do with bringing about the change in his condition.

Dare was shot by his wife in a fit of jealousy after he had remained out later at night than she thought he ought to.

Grimshaw Will Not Give Up Residence

Transferred to Americus, Savannah Alderman Holds His Office in City Government.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Harry G. Grimshaw, superintendent of the Savannah division of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, who has recently been transferred to Americus as superintendent of the Alabama division, effective to-day, will maintain a residence in Savannah, and will not resign from the aldermanic board of the city. He will also retain his position of chairman of the board of control of the Union Station.

Superintendent Grimshaw will retain a residence in Savannah, and will come down each week-end, remaining over until Monday morning. He will also be able to make special trips to Savannah when necessity arises, and will thus be a regular attendant upon the meetings of Council. Mr. Grimshaw's force of clerks, stenographers and dispatchers will depart for their new location to-morrow morning.

WRECKER WANTED TO SEE WHAT TRAIN WOULD DO

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—"Just wanted to see a wreck, just to see what the train would do," was the explanation of John Hosey, 14 years old, when arrested last night charged with placing a beam on the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad tracks at Thirty-third and Plant streets in an attempt to wreck the shuttle train running between Savannah and Newyards. A special officer saw two boys place the beam on the track. He arrested Hosey, but the other lad escaped.

Miss Margaret Elise Cafiero

One of the pretty debutantes of the coming season in Savannah. She was one of the graduates of the Savannah High School in the Spring.



8-Foot Shark Caught At St. Simons Island

Sam Levinne Lands Largest Catch of Years in Waters Around Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—An eight-foot shark has been caught on St. Simons Island by Sam Levinne, of this city. Before the fish could be landed it required a horse to pull it ashore.

The young man had his line out for a shark for more than an hour when suddenly it was almost jerked from his hand. Several times he managed to get the shark to the surface, each time shooting it, and before it was killed eight bullets had been poured into its body.

The shark weighed more than 300 pounds, and was the largest caught in these waters in ten years.

Firemen Endangered By a Falling Steeple

Lightning Sets Brunswick Church Spire Ablaze and Causes It to Topple.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—When McKendree Methodist Church was struck by lightning and set on fire, Fire Chief Harrison and three of his men narrowly missed death.

The lightning set fire to the steeple. The chief and three firemen climbed to the roof of a one-story addition adjoining the main part of the building. Before the fire was under control the steeple fell. Chief Harrison saw wha was coming and quickly ordered his men to seek safety. Just as the got under cover the steeple crashed on the roof where they had been standing.

NEGRO ACCUSED OF SLAYING 16 YEARS AGO IS CAUGHT

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Charged with killing B. C. Booth, at Manor, Ware County, sixteen years ago, Will Eady, a negro, has been brought to Waycross from near Blountstown, Fla. He has been identified and will be placed on trial in December.

Eady's escape from a mob was narrow. The Booth family conducted a search for him. W. S. Booth has just paid a reward of $100 for the negro's arrest and the State's reward of $100 will be paid soon.

WAYCROSS PLANS TO SEND MAN ON BOOSTER TRIP

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross may have a representative on the Georgia Booster Train, which will leave Macon soon for a tour of the Middle West.

Secretary T. Jeff Botley, of the Board of Trade, has been authorized to make the trip. He is getting splendid co-operation from the citizens. Thousands of Waycross booster booklets will be distributed by the secretary while on the trip.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

☞Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

STREET PAVING AGITATION IS ON IN WAYCROSS

Act of Legislature Gives Authority to Make Levies on Property Owners.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—While none of the members of the Georgia Legislatures except those from Ware knew what the passage of the local act on levies for street pavement in Waycross meant they really paved Gilmore, a leading street of the city, by voting to pass the act.

The amendment to the city charter was proposed by Council to establish beyond any question the right of the city to make a levy against property of the street railway company for paving on a street occupied by the tracks of the company, whether the part of the street occupied by the tracks was paved or left unpaved.

In trying to pave Gilmore, Council has handled one of the hardest problems Waycross has ever tackled. First one proposition would be agreed upon, then another, and all kinds of petitions from property owners were received. Sentiment is anything but unanimous with reference to the paving of Gilmore, but Council is apparently determined to pave the street with brick.

Estimates on the cost of paving Gilmore have varied from $20,000 to above $30,000. With the street car company's portion of the expense certain for the city, the financial end of the pavement has been closed, and Council probably will be asked at an early date to authorize the Mayor to sign a contract and have work started without delay.

Convicts to Work Streets.

At last Waycross is going to get some return from the part the city has been contributing to the improvement of roads in Ware County. The convict gang of the county, under the new county commissioner law, will have to be worked on the principal streets of Waycross three months of each year, and in order that some benefit might result this year, the law stipulates that for 45 days between now and the end of the year the gang must be worked in Waycross.

An effort to reduce the membership of the board to five was defeated, and the board will be increased after January 1, 1915, to seven instead of six members, as at present. Four of the seven will be from the Waycross district. The chairman, instead of being a resident of the Waycross district, may reside in any district of the county. However, with four members from Waycross, it is extremely doubtful if the chairmanship ever goes out of the Waycross district.

Senator J. L. Sweat's plan for a board of information, holding quarterly meetings with the Commissioners, were eliminated.

SHORTHAND WILL NOT BE TAUGHT IN SCHOOLS

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stenography and typewriting will not be taught in the public schools of Chatham County during the coming session "because of the shortness of finances." This is the decision of the Board of Education of the county.

Superintendent Otis Ashmore and Principal B. F. Pickett, of the High School, were instructed by the board to investigate the question and report. They hold that the only additional expense would be the purchase of typewriters. It would not be necessary to employ another teacher. Bookkeeping and commercial subjects already are taught in the schools.

Waycross Lid Is On 7 Days Every Week

Sunday Closing Supplement by 'Move On Order to 'Houses In Our Midst.'

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Although the first warrants issued in the crusade against the sale of cold drinks in Waycross on Sundays have been withdrawn on the promise of good behavior, it is announced to-day that the campaign for Sabbath observance will in no way be lessened. The prime reformers are H. Murphy and Dan T. Cowart.

Right on top of the fight on Sunday drink sales, Chief of Police John W. Colley has issued warnings to women who have returned here despite the "lid order" issued last fall by Mayor Reed shortly after Atlanta closed the "houses in our midst." Several houses bordering on the disorderly variety have just been closed and the inmates compelled to leave the city. Only a few of the women waited until the last day to leave, as the police let it be known that all caught here after the limit expired would be arrested and tried in Police Court.

Fire Chief May Hold His Job After All

Expected Shake-up Fails to Materialize in Waycross—Council Remains Inactive.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—The expected shake-up in the Waycross fire department has not yet materialized. It was reported a week ago that former Chief Thomas Ballentyne, of the Savannah fire department, would become chief of the Waycross department. So far, however, the matter has not been presented to Council for action.

Recent improvements in the fire department caused members of Council to feel that a more experienced man was needed as chief, and the report of the expected change caused the friends of Chief E. C. Hall to get busy. What effect, if any, this had is unknown, but it is stated on authority that the fire department shake-up may not be talked about again until the first of the year, when Council elects the Fire Chief along with other city officials.

Fought Four Men; Held for Killing

Charlton County Slayer Released on Bond of $5,000—Now in Hospital.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—An order was passed by Judge E. A. Parker, of the Waycross circuit to-day allowing C. W. Webb, charged with killing J. M. Crawford at Moniac, in Charlton County, temporary bail of $5,000. Authority was also given to transfer Cobb from Valdosta, where he has been in a hospital, to Hazlehurst. Thursday is the date fixed for a commitment trial at Folkston.

When he killed Crawford, Cobb was fighting four men, who attacked him as he started to board a passenger train. After he was cut to pieces he was left by the track all night.

NEW TRIAL FOR LANIER OVERRULED BY JUDGE

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Judge T. A. Parker overruled the motion for new trial in the case of State vs. W. C. Lanier, under life sentence for killing an infant. Attorneys will appeal the case to the Supreme Court. Lanier's wife, who was jointly indicted with him, was acquitted when she was tried at an adjourned term of court in June.

WAYCROSS TO TRY NEW FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Semi-Commission and Business Manager Plans To Be Voted on at Special Election.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross is on the verge of two interesting elections, and will top off the year with a warm municipal campaign.

The first election will be that of a Recorder to fill the recently-created position of City Recorder. The bill, as passed by the Georgia Legislature, provides that any lawyer 21 years of age may fill the place, and while there are no announced candidates for the position, it is known that members of Council have been approached by several who would like to serve until the election next year.

After the election of a Recorder will be the charter election. This will probably be called by Council at a meeting to be held next Tuesday, and will be for the purpose of deciding what changes, if any, in the present government of Waycross will be made. The charter bill provides for the city manager plan of government, which is a combination of the aldermanic and commission government, and an increased Board of Aldermen with appointive departmental heads. The proposition to have an all-time Mayor has been given up, and instead the charter provides that whoever is named Mayor must give sufficient time to look after the office properly. The salary of the Mayor is doubled, $1,200 being allowed under the new charter, as compared to $600 at present. The salaries for Aldermen are wiped out completely by the new charter. Heretofore Aldermen have been paid $200 a year.

There are many advocates of the two kinds of city government, and the election to be held will undoubtedly go down in the city's history as one of the warmest ever known in Waycross.

NEW RAILROAD TO BRUNSWICK FROM DARIEN

Connecting Link Will Be Completed by October 1—Preparations for Entry.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Preparations are already under way for the entry of the Georgia Coast and Piedmont Railroad into Brunswick on October 1.

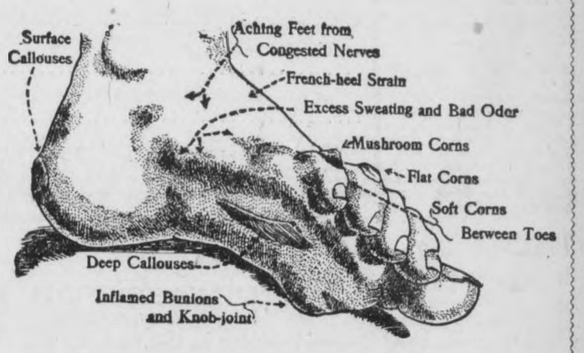
The rails are laid almost in entirety from Darien to Brunswick, and all that remains to make the connecting link perfect is the completion of the steel bridge over the Altamaha River. Work on the passenger and freight depots in this city is well under way, as likewise the work on the terminals along the river front.

By connecting Brunswick and Darien, many miles will be saved in going from one place to the other. The only direct connection with the McIntosh County seat is by boat from this city, which requires four and one-half hours to make the trip. With the Georgia Coast and Piedmont in operation, it will be possible to traverse the distance in less than an hour.

The road now runs from Collins, in Toombs County, to Darien, and with the extension to this city one of the richest territories agriculturally in Georgia will be opened up.

The road was started last summer, after having been under discussion for five years. The County Commissioners of Glynn and the city of Brunswick appropriated a large sum to aid in bringing the road here. The general offices of the road will be brought to Brunswick from Darien before the entry into this city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building. Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit) ... ... $ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit) 250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value ... $1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash ... ... $ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash ... ... $ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk $30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913.
EDWIN G. MARKS,
Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock ... ...$ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash 500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value $4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash $967,024.22

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $875,954.38
Greatest amount insured in any one risk ...$ 50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding 452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.
W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913.
H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon — **5,000 VOTES**

FOR ORGANIZATIONS

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon — **1,000 VOTES**

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

GIRLS' CLASS

To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Griffin

GRIFFIN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Annie Martin is at Demorest, accompanied by Mrs. George Marlin, of Columbus.

Mrs. Lucy Cunningham, of Glade Springs, Va., is in Griffin, where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Elam, which occurred Sunday.

Misses Mary Lucia Slade and Jesse Cannifax and Messrs. J. T. Wells and C. V. Weathers have returned from Lifsey Springs, where they have been members of a camping party.

Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott left Wednesday for Salem, Va., where she is to be a member of a house party to be given by Miss Columbia Kelly.

Dr. and Mrs. Marcus F. Carson have just returned home from a visit to relatives at Commerce.

Walter B. Jackson and Miss Fannie Webster Logan were married here by the Rev. J. R. King.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruskin have returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

Mrs. B. B. Brown, Miss Olivia Brown and Master Douglas Brown have been visiting relatives in Rowell.

Mrs. W. E. H. Searcy, Sr., spent last week in Atlanta in company with Senator Searcy.

Miss Nina Jenkins has returned from Eatonton, where she was a member of a house party.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wolcott, Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Faircloth and daughter, Miss Marianna Sears, Mrs. A. J. Dunham and her guests, Miss Wood, of Pennille; Mrs. J. M. Kelly, Miss Jesse Cannifax, of Barnesville; Miss Page Acree, of Chattanooga; Miss Elise Hay, of Dallas, Texas; Miss Rebecca Brown, Miss Mary Lucia Slade, Miss Elise Johnson, Messrs. Hughlett Kellett, Crossenberrey, C. V. Weathers, H. T. Green, Robert Williams, L. H. Beck and Robert Ramspeck, of Atlanta, formed a camping party to Lifsey Springs.

Miss Annie Suber, of Macon, is spending the week-end in Griffin with her sister, Mrs. Z. E. Jay, on Hill street.

Miss Mattie Evans has returned to her home in Washington, D. C. She will return to Griffin early in September.

Mrs. R. O. Crouch and children are in Meriwether County, the guests of Mrs. M. T. Crouch, the mother of Mr. Crouch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartow Jackson, of Bernice, La., are here on a visit to relatives of the former.

A wedding of interest in this section was that of Miss Edna Dingler, of Williamson, to Dr. Jackson, of Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Blake and son have returned from a tour of several Northern cities, including New York, Washington, Philadelphia and other places in the East. They were accompanied by Mrs. Blake's sister, Mrs. Lilah Copeland, and her son, H. I. Copeland, of McDonough.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Reddy, who have resided in Griffin for the past four years, have removed to Tennille.

Miss Lucile Flemister entertained Wednesday morning at a porch party in compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Walker, of Monroe.

Mrs. J. R. Cole and Mrs. James Flint were the hostesses at a domino party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. A. DuPree, of Marietta; Miss Jessie Robinson, of Owensboro, Ky., the guest of Mrs. James Baxter, and several other visitors.

Miss Ettienne Goddard entertained Tuesday afternoon at an al fresco party in honor of her guest, Miss Ruth Brown, of Waycross.

Captain and Mrs. James Kimbrough entertained Monday evening at dinner in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. William L. Owen, of New Orleans, La.

Miss Oressa Shackleford entertained at a lawn party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Lula Hanson, of Macon.

Miss Nellie Corbin gave a swimming party Tuesday afternoon at Corbin's Pond in honor of her guest, Miss Laura Porter, of Houston, Texas.

Mrs. J. C. Brooks leaves Thursday morning for Panama, where she will visit her son, Jack Brooks.

Miss Carmine Thomas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. L. Tucker, returned to her home in Atlanta Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Strickland will leave Sunday for an extended tour through the New England States, and will spend some time in Boston and New York before returning to Griffin.

Mrs. A. J. Mills has gone to Sharpsburg, the home of her childhood.

Miss Mary Enss has returned from a stay of several weeks at Lake Chautauqua, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hammond, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Woods Hammond on West Poplar street.

Jackson

JACKSON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. S. H. Thornton gave a reception Thursday in honor of her house guests, Mrs. A. B. Roberts, Mrs. S. B. Hungerford, Mrs. Charles Clawson and Miss Lucile Roberts, of Macon. Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Mrs. R. W. Oxford, Miss Nina Harris, Miss Mary Newton and Miss Pauline Mallett assisted Mrs. Thornton in entertaining. Misses Doris Nutt, Sylvia Lyons and Helen Ham served punch.

Miss Lucile Tolleson, of McDonough, was the honor guest at a rook party given Saturday by Miss Doris Nutt, whose guest she is. Miss Helen Carmichael won the first prize, a handkerchief, and the guest of honor was given a lace fan. Mrs. E. D. Tolleson assisted in entertaining.

In compliment to her guest, Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, Miss Mary Land gave a rook party Tuesday afternoon. The guest's prize was a silk fan and the trophy for top score fell to Miss Kate Ham.

Mrs. A. H. Smith and Miss Helen Smith, who are here for the summer, spent a few days of the week at their home in Atlanta.

Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, is the guest of Miss Mary Land.

Mrs. W. S. McBryant and her daughter, Mrs. Homer Young, of Augusta, and Mrs. J. D. Loner and children, of Alabama City, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McBryant.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mays are in Whitesburg.

Mrs. Wilbur Ham, of Cartersville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Ham.

Miss Thelma Woods is at home from a visit to Mrs. Fred Hatfield, in Opelika.

Mrs. Charles Rice, of Atlanta, is spending the week-end with Mrs. A. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carmichael have returned from a visit to Norfolk.

Mrs. H. H. Hooten, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Maddox, Jr., of Valdosta, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Maddox.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—A party of twelve of the Thomasville Campfire Girls, chaperoned by Mrs. J. Scott Hunter, left this week for Hendersonville, N. C., and will camp for a month at Bat's Cave, near Hendersonville. Those in the party were Misses Mabel Evans, Ethel Evans, Katherine Balfour, Blanche McDonald, Rose Evans, Carmen Evans, Georgia McKay, Florence Vaughn, Mary Patterson, Isabel Peacock and Hattie Brandon.

Miss Lucile Green left this week for a trip to Washington, New York and other points.

Miss Alice Bateman, of Dallas, Texas, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Mash.

Miss Pauline Harrell, of Bainbridge, is the guest of Miss Nell Patten.

Mrs. T. N. Hopkins and Miss Helen Hopkins have returned from a visit to Waynesville, N. C.

Miss Bessie Helm, of Bronwood, Texas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. S. Parker, has returned home.

Miss Martha Brantley, of Boston, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Willis Moore.

Misses Fraser and Isabel Mitchell are the guests of Mrs. D. I. MacIntyre in Atlanta.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe, of Valdosta, are the guests of Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. W. H. Parker is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. D. Steel, in St. Paul, Minn.

Miss Maude Speight has returned from Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Turner are visiting New York and other Eastern points.

Mrs. H. W. Hopkins has returned from Western North Carolina.

Mrs. W. L. Ball has returned from Battle Creek, Mich.

Mrs. J. B. Lockhart has returned to her home in Adel after a visit to her mother, Mrs. Arthur Patten.

Mrs. H. D. Atkinson and Miss Gladys Atkinson have returned from a visit to friends in Bainbridge.

Mrs. Henry Lester and Misses Mildred and Susan Lester have returned from a visit to Atlanta and Chattanooga.

Miss Margaret McKay, who has been visiting Miss Susie Leonard at Talbotton, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Spence left this week for a trip North.

Miss Eula Brooks, of Boston, is the guest of friends.

Mrs. James A. Mallette, of Boston, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Tifton

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Tom Williams, of Douglas, was the guest of Mrs. N. Peterson Monday.

Misses Vannie and Nora Goggans are attending a house party at Sylvester given by Miss Lamp.

Miss Rose Scheuerman has returned to Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Hazel Ford has returned from Atlanta and the Blue Ridge Mountains.

Mrs. I. A. Fulwood and Miss Louise Fagan are visiting in Rochelle and Fort Valley.

Miss Deborah McRae, of Thomasville, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. McRae Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Myers left Wednesday for Washington, D. C.

Mrs. W. T. Hargrett is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Speight, of Moultrie.

Mrs. R. S. Kell and children have returned home from Atlanta.

Misses Mary Carl Hurst, of Atlanta, and Florence Mercer, of Albany, are the guests of a house party given by Mr. Amos Tift, for which Mrs. S. L. Fleetwood is chaperon.

Misses Julia Williams, of Douglas, and Florence Parks, of Ty Ty, are the guests of a house party given by Miss Aline Shipp.

Miss Adelaide Hargrett entertained her guests with an all-day picnic at Lucy Lake Tuesday.

Cordele

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—Miss Lamar Ryals is expected to return Monday from a trip to the Eastern States.

Misses Sarah and Erin McArthur, of McGregor, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. John B. Ryals.

Mrs. D. Meredith Clarke was the hostess Wednesday to the Young Matrons' Club.

Miss Jurelle Little has returned from Eastman.

Mrs. Robert Wynne, of Eastman, is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Walters.

Mrs. John Barfield and little son, of Emerich, were guest during the week-end at the home of Judge and Mrs. S. W. Coney.

Mrs. A. H. Holder, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Miss Nellie Roberts.

Sam Coney, Jr., is home from Washington for a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Webb have returned from a visit at Chipley and Columbus.

Miss Emily Hyde is visiting Mrs. John Hyde at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Arthur Purvis has returned to her home at Americus after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Persall.

Mrs. James Kee, of Macon, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Williams.

Misses Marie and Lucile Diffee have returned home from a visit to Mrs. H. J. Maddox at Bainbridge.

Miss Mazie Crawford was the hostess Thursday at a luncheon for a party of young friends, including her three cousins, the Misses Coffman, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Miss Neta Reser, of Bristol, Tenn., and Messrs. L. E. Fenn, Hunt, Hancock, Reagan and Turner.

Miss Ida Fay Mathews has returned from a visit at Shellman.

Mrs. W. A. Frout, of Barnesville, is visiting Mrs. T. E. Jennings.

Misses Elma and Laura Bell, of Valdosta, are the guests of Miss Mary Sue Russell.

Miss Ruth Carswell, of Waycross, the guest of her cousin, Miss Harriet Carswell, was entertained this week by Miss Carswell, Mrs. J. E. Lindsay and Miss Sarah Hyde.

Miss Alice Oliver has returned to Americus after a visit to Miss Belle Jones.

Talbotton

TALBOTTON, Aug. 16.—The most important social event of the week was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones to Mr. Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, Monday night. The wedding was at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Trussell. Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church here, performed the ceremony. C. K. Mahone and Mrs. Dana Brown were the attendants. The wedding was a surprise.

Mrs. Jennie Gray Draughon returned to Reynolds Tuesday after a visit to Miss Hattie Simpson.

Miss Hattie Taylor, of Fitzgerald, has been the guest of Miss Susie Leonard during the week. She and Miss Leonard and a few others were entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner given in her honor by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bryan Monday night. The others present were Miss Lizzie Ragland and Miss Imogene Smith.

Miss Clara Spivey and Miss Anne Douglass left Monday for Franklin, N. C., where they are invited on a camping trip with Miss Lynn Johnston.

One of the most enjoyable of the summer dances given by our nearby little town of Geneva was that Tuesday evening by J. E. Bartlett and Walter Adams at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson, in compliment to the young ladies of Geneva. The punch bowl was presided over by Misses Willie Kate Edge and Gussie Lee Cook. Ices and cakes were served by Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Hazel McCrary and little Kate Whit Stinson. Among the dancers were Misses May Covington, Willie and Mary Edge, Hazel McCrary, Gussie Lee Cook, Myrtice and Jennie McCrary, Etta and Zoudie Bradshaw, Ora Colquitt, Sallie Shipp, Kate Whit Stinson, Messrs. J. E. Bartlett, Walter Adams, E. G. Cook, Albert Persons, Fitz Colquitt, Lake McCrary, Clinton Barksdale, Jim McFarland, and Harvey Benson. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Missie McCrary.

A social event of this week which came as a surprise was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones of Mount Ida, Talbot County, to Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Trussell on College avenue Monday night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church. C. K. Mahone was best man and Mrs. Lilyan Brown matron of honor.

Mrs. Dickerson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. T. Jones, of Mount Ida. Mr. Dickerson formerly resided at Talbotton and in Atlanta.

Hazlehurst

HAZLEHURST, Aug. 16.—A beautiful wedding of Friday was that of Miss Mary Frazier to Bolling Harvey Johnson, which was quietly solemnized by the Rev. W. M. McMorries, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. H. Greene.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left immediately after a reception for the mountains of North Carolina.

Moultrie

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. C. A. Beall is with relatives at Sylvester.

Mrs. W. E. Adams who has been the guest of friends here has returned to her home at Thomaston.

Miss Lonnie Vickers is at home after visiting relatives at Greenville, Fla.

Miss Ethel Spivey left yesterday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. J. C. Mebale is at home from a visit to Oklahoma City and Muskogee, Okla.

Miss Mabel Clark, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Bessie Muller.

Mrs. J. M. Strickland, of Dothan, Ala., who has been the guest of relatives here, left Friday for home.

Miss Lucia Gilmore is the guest of friends at Cordele.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Tharpe are spending the summer at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

Mrs. D. B. L. Powell is at home from Panama City, Fla.

Misses Minnie and Janie Milligan, of Newton, Ala., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. A. Huber.

Miss Nona Smith returned yesterday from Chautauqua, N. Y.

Mrs. T. W. Maddox came home Friday from Atlantic Beach, Fla.

Mrs. W. B. Linder, of Dublin, is with her mother, Mrs. G. S. Nelson.

Mrs. I. A. Heard is the guest of relatives at Vienna.

Mrs. C. L. Stevenson left yesterday for Cartersville.

Miss Mary Harris has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Pidcock left yesterday for White House, N. J.

Mrs. W. F. Way entertained a party of friends at a domino party Thursday.

Eatonton

EATONTON, Aug. 16.—Dr. and Mrs. George Noble, accompanied by Misses Noble and Drs. Wagner and Henry Noble, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, making the trip in Dr. Noble's car.

Mrs. Clinton Powell entertained for her guest, Miss Mary T. Lawrence, of Milledgeville, Friday afternoon.

Mrs. R. Preston Brooks and children, of Athens, are the guests of Mrs. Alex Reid.

Mrs. Walter Chamblee, of Atlanta, and Mrs. and Mrs. Irby Kilpatrick, of Athens, are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kilpatrick.

Mrs. James Davenport, of Brunswick, and Miss Annie Smith, of Sparta, are visiting Mrs. T. G. Greene.

Mrs. T. G. Greene entertained at a reception for Mrs. Davenport and Miss Smith, on Saturday afternoon. The Delta Phi's formed a group of girls, receiving the guests on the porch, where Mrs. Sam Dusenburg, of Barnesville, served punch.

An event of the week was Miss Agnes Leverette's bridge party in honor of Mrs. Davenport, of Brunswick, at the home of Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, Monday evening. Mrs. John T. Dennis received first prize, Sam Hearn the consolation, and Mrs. Davenport was given a guest prize.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Candler, Jr., of Clearwater, Fla., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Reid Hearn.

Saturday morning Mrs. M. F. Adams, Mrs. B. N. Alsbrook and Mrs. James Denham were joint hostesses at a party given in honor of Miss Helen Denham and her house party.

Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro will entertain in honor of her visitors, Misses Noble, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Gardner entertained at tea Saturday evening for Mrs. Sidney Reid and her guest, Mrs. Rogers Davis, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis entertained Tuesday for their house guests, Miss Allen Bell, of South Carolina; Mrs. Rollin Hutchinson, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dennis, of Elberton. The punch bowl was presided over by Miss Leila Turner and Miss Eleanor Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Dennis were assisted in entertaining by Colonel and Mrs. Frak Jenkins, Mrs. Sid Edmondson and Miss Mattie Edmondson.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Miss Juanita Bennett has returned from a visit to Americus.

Miss Clifton Wing, of Macon, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thorpe.

Members of the Friday Club were entertained by Miss Hettie Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wall left Thursday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. W. B. Stovall, who has been visiting in Griffin, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Remley left on Wednesday for a visit to White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Macey Highsmith left Wednesday for a visit to Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. V. A. Jones, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting relatives in Waycross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Scruggs and little daughter and Mr. Oren L. Gray left Tuesday for an auto trip through Georgia and North Carolina.

Mrs. Jennie Mell and Miss Viola Mell left yesterday for a visit to points in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Dessau Bunn visited relatives in the city this week, returning to St. Simons.

Mrs. A. M. Litch left Wednesday for Spartanburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Brewer and Miss Hester Brewer, who have been visiting Judge and Mrs. H. P. Brewer, have returned to Douglas.

Miss Dorothy Krauss, who has been the guest of Miss Anice Daniel and Miss Annie Laurie Walker, returned to Brunswick Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Hughes and son returned Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Atwood, Mrs. R. J. Haines and Miss Moneta Haines left Thursday for a visit to points in Virginia.

Mrs. E. P. Guren and little son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. J. Walter Lyon.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran left this week for a visit to points in North Georgia and Tennessee.

Mrs. E. H. Clark and children have returned from a visit to St. Louis.

Mrs. John C. Nicholls and daughter, Miss Meta Nicholls, returned Tuesday from Hendersonville, N. C.

Miss Lula Platt, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. B. N. Norvell, left Wednesday for Woodland, Cal.

Miss Anna Morrison left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. E. C. Yerkes, of St. Louis, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. B. Drane, her daughter, left Thursday for San Francisco.

Misses Ada and Natalie Smith, of New York, arrived Wednesday.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—The Art Needle Workers were entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William R. Youles.

Mrs. J. H. Scruggs left on Tuesday for Aberdeen, Miss.

Mr. A. B. Smith and family have gone down to Rocky Ford and are in camp.

Mr. J. F. Stapler chaperoned six or eight couples of young people to Blue Springs, Fla., on a fishing trip.

Mrs. John Q. Sineath and her little daughter, Virginia, left Tuesday for Atlanta and Huntington, Tenn.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and children left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C. Dr. Rose and the boys went up on Thursday in their automobile.

Mrs. W. B. Fender and children returned to Valdosta from Atlanta on Monday.

Miss Eula Garbutt has returned to her home at Fitzgerald.

Miss Julie Winn Varnedoe and her guests, Misses Gladys Laney and Daisy Wilkins, are at Thomasville visiting Miss Louise Grantham.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Black left Wednesday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. C. C. Brantley left Thursday night for Brevard and Toxaway, N. C.

Mr. J. N. Griffin has returned from the Nacoochee Valley, where he has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. G. Hardman.

Miss Georgia Smith and Messrs. Frank Smith and Leon Paine left Tuesday for New York.

Miss Edith Doty left Friday for Niagara Falls and Canada.

Miss Sallie Mathis left Wednesday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyly Doty and children have gone to Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mathis left Thursday for New York.

Miss Mattie Pope Hagherty left Thursday for Americus.

Misses Irvin Denmark and Cap Relihan left Wednesday for New York.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe left Monday for Thomasville to visit Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. C. R. Ashley and her son and Miss Eugie Dasher left Wednesday over the National Highway for points in North Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland and child left Wednesday night for Newnan, Ga.

Washington

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The patriotic societies of Washington are planning to entertain all Confederate veterans in Wilkes County the first Tuesday in September.

Mrs. Lawrence O. Fortson was the hostess at a meeting of the Wednesday Afternoon Bridge Club this week.

Miss Roselyn Wootten, who has been visiting relatives in Columbus, returned Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. William Graham Love, who will spend two weeks in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Richard Wootten.

Mrs. W. D. Ellington is visiting in Daytona Beach, Fla., the guest of Mrs. C. L. Horn.

Mrs. Mary Fisher, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Richard D. Callaway.

Washington relatives who will attend the marriage of Miss Edythe Sims and Mr. Paul Newsom, of this city, which will occur Monday afternoon in Atlanta, are Mrs. James C. Newsom, Miss Ina Newsom, Mrs. E. S. Roberts, Misses Julia Toombs and Lucy Willis DuBose and Messrs. Sam Brooks, W. Frank Lee and John B. Green. Following the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Newsom will leave on the afternoon train for Washington and will be at home with Mr. and Mrs. Raymond R. Smith.

Gainesville

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—One of the most interesting affairs of the week was a party given by Miss Marguerite Chamblee, in honor of her cousin, Miss Estelle Barrett of Clarkston, and Miss Dorothy Fitzgerald, of Gainesville.

Miss Lillah Fickling, of Rome, the guest of Misses Helen and Dorothy Dean, was the honoree of Miss Louise Law in a lawn party given Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Henry Washington entertained a few friends at a porch party Thursday afternoon for Miss Jeannette Christian, the guest of Mrs. J. C. Pruitt.

On Friday afternoon Miss Margaret Jewell celebrated her eighth birthday with a quaint party.

Misses Annie and Esther Smith entertained informally at their home Monday evening in honor of their guests, Misses Mary and Annie Smith, of Silver City.

The party given Friday evening by Miss Mary Logan was a compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Hanna Kimsey, of Cornelia.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. Noah Webster was hostess at a delightful sewing party.

Cedartown

CEDARTOWN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Lucy Henderson was married Tuesday to J. H. Hawkins, of Rome. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. C. Heard at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. F. A. Irwin. Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins have gone to Borden Wheeler Springs and will be at home in Rome after September 1.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, Aug. 16.—Miss Vannie Phillips spent Wednesday in Atlanta.

Miss Ethel Stevens, of Ball Ground, arrived Tuesday to attend the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Cramer spent Monday in Temple.

Miss Lucy Harris spent Wednesday and Thursday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Smith returned Tuesday from Atlanta and Dallas.

Mrs. Arthur Coffee, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Bass.

Mrs. L. S. Sims left for Cartersville Sunday to visit her mother, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hanna, of Chesterfield, S. C., are visiting Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. J. R. Jolly is visiting her parents in Dawson.

Miss Floy Rawls, of Rome, is the guest of Miss Vannie Phillips.

Mrs. George Harris and baby are in Warm Springs visiting Mrs. Harris' sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bickford and son are in Atlanta.

Miss Eugenie Mandeville has returned to Atlanta.

Mrs. Leon Walker, of Clearwater, Fla., is the guest of their mother, Mrs. T. B. Griffin.

Miss Marie Spence, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. W. Glass.

Mrs. T. B. Griffin has returned from a visit to Newnan and Atlanta.

Mrs. Cecil Boykin left Monday for her home in Marietta.

Mr. and Mrs. Mandeville Long have returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Edna Cook left Wednesday for Piedmont Springs.

Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers, is the guest of Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almon.

Miss Lula Kingsbery has returned to Atlanta, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Henderson.

Miss Natalie Jones, of Griffin, who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Griffin, has returned.

Miss Nell Sharpe, of Jacksonville, Fla., is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hearn, of New York, are expected in Carrollton next week to visit Mr. Hearn's mother, Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. Robert Creel, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bledsoe, has returned to her home in Jasper, Ala.

Miss Katie Lou Thomasson will leave Tuesday for Piedmont Springs.

Mrs. Cleo Shaw and daughter, Sarah Helen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Teague, at Heflin, Ala.

Miss Lucy Harris, who has been in New York studying music, returned Friday and is with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson, left Wednesday for Opelika, Ala.

Mrs. E. W. Keith and little daughter, Louise, of Rome, attended the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Mrs. Ruth Kramer entertained at a theater party Wednesday afternoon complimentary to Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thomasson spent Tuesday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, of Griffin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Moore.

Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almand entertained at a theater party Monday afternoon complimentary to their visitor, Miss Mary Lou Tucker.

Mrs. William Beall and daughter, Miss Allie Beall, have returned from Birmingham and Bessemer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Bass and baby have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bass, at Piedmont Springs.

LaGrange

LAGRANGE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Michael Cody, of Montgomery, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Ferrell.

Miss Stella Bradfield is visiting relatives in McDonough.

Mrs. Fred Robinson, of Atlanta, is visiting her father, Glover Hood, of LaGrange.

Mrs. John Brown, of Locust Grove, is the guest of Mrs. E. R. Bradfield.

Miss Alma Albright is visiting her brother, Will Albright.

Mrs. Griffin is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Harrison.

Mrs. Howell, of Warrenville, is a guest of her son, Jim Howell, on Hill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Shang are visiting in Hogansville.

Miss Margaret Bell, of Dadeville, Ala., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Shearer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dix have returned from a visit to Huntsville, Ala.

Misses Mildred and Marion Bradfield, of Atlanta, are visiting Miss Sara Lane.

Mrs. Lillie Cason is the guest of Mrs. Fuller E. Callaway.

Miss Ethel Pike is visiting in Atlanta.

Mrs. Charles J. Warner and family, of Rome; Mrs. J. B. Ridley and family, of Atlanta; Mrs. G. S. Edmundson and family, of Abbottsford; Carl Edmundson, of Conyers; Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy and family and J. P. Edmundson, who have been guests of Mayor and Mrs. Edmundson, have returned to their homes.

Helena

HELENA, Aug. 16.—A wedding which came as a surprise was that of Miss May Council to Eugene Suddeth, of Madison, Fla. They went for a drive and stopped at the parsonage of the Rev. J. K. Hines, where they were married. Miss Mantie Coker, a friend of the bride, going with them.

An event of Tuesday evening was a social affair given by Miss Florence Davenport in honor of J. C. Clements, of Macon. Those present were Misses Florence Davenport, Marie Brewton, Edith and Marion Creighton, Clara Dunford, Vera McGinty, Messrs. J. C. Clements, of Macon; Richard Carson, P. W. Pittman, of Atlanta; Billie Ryals and G. A. Boatright, of Americus.

Mr. Marion Howard, of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Pittman this week.

Mrs. E. J. Tyson, of Abbeville, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. F. M. Creighton.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, Aug. 16.—A delightful affair was the afternoon tea given by Mrs. Horace Howard in honor of Mrs. Henry Gooding, of Columbia, S. C., who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bradley Howard.

Mrs. John P. Anderson entertained the Round Dozen Sewing Club Wednesday afternoon. The guests were Mrs. Conyers Fite, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Samuel Candler, Clearwater, Fla.; Mrs. George L. Cope, Savannah; Mrs. J. G. Simpson, Miss Mattie Jones, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Bert Sims, Murfreesboro, Tenn.; Mrs. Otto Conn, Mrs. Louie Hall, Miss Maude Norris, Milledgeville; Miss Ann Smith, Pittsfield, Mass.; Mrs. Bob Best, Rome, and Mrs. Gordon Cassells, Savannah.

Mrs. W. T. Bate, of Barnesville, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Calhoun.

Mrs. Buford Graw has returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Mrs. Otto Conn and Miss Ruth Conn, of Milledgeville, are in Cartersville, the guests of Mrs. D. B. Freeman.

Mrs. Harris Cope and Mr. W. H. Field left Tuesday for Versailles, Ky., to visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton.

Miss Johnnie Louise Sanders, of Elmwood, is the guest of Miss Emily Davis.

Mrs. Lena Wofford Harley, of Sparta, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Wofford.

Miss Ruth Berry, of Atlanta, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Lutie Harvey.

Mrs. J. C. Platt and little daughter, Katherine Platt, of Augusta, are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Saxon.

Mrs. Alfred Zachry and son, Alfred Zachry, Jr., of West Point, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. J. W. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cassells and Miss Gladys Cassells, of Savannah, are the guests of Mrs. Emriod Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Walker, of Monroe, spent the week with their daughter, Mrs. Hampton Field.

Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. John Adair are at Glenn Springs, S. C.

Mrs. Logan Vaughn has returned from White Sulphur Springs.

Covington

COVINGTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. B. C. Jenkins and children, of Columbus, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. N. Rainey, left Friday for Atlanta, where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Murphy.

Mrs. Jack H. Estes, of Dallas, Texas, arrived Monday to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. D. Bush. Mrs. Estes is remembered as Miss Florrie Cheney, having frequently been the guest of Mrs. Bush before her marriage.

Miss Ida Shellnut, who has been entertained as the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Carter, left Friday to visit relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. R. H. Bickerstaff and children have returned to their home in Athens after a visit to Mrs. J. M. Allen and Miss Jule Allen.

Miss Clara Belle Adams is entertaining a bevy of girls at her home on Floyd street, including Misses Mary Stephens, of Nashville, Tenn.; Maggie Rogers, Marguerite and Agnes Adams, of Carrollton.

Misses Bernice Breedlove, of Monroe; Virginia Withers, of Atlanta, and Fannie Mae Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., returned to their homes Monday after spending ten days at Henderson's Mill as the guests of the campers.

Mrs. Roscoe Johnson, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mrs. T. F. Hodges and children, of Dothan, Ala., who have been spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Clarke, have returned to their homes. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke have as their guests now Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mobley, of Millen.

Miss Dotye Greer, of Brunswick, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. Colquitt Greer, at Eatonton and Oconee Springs, spent last week as the guest of relatives in Madison. Miss Greer is spending this week with her sister, Mrs. C. I. Cash.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harwell, Mr. Candler Harwell, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry W. Branham and Mrs. Annie Webb, of Atlanta, left Thursday in Mr. Harwell's car for Indian Springs.

Miss Emily Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., and the Misses Mobley, of Hogansville, were guests of honor at a party given by Miss Leila Perry on Saturday morning. Misses Fannie Mae Henderson, Julia Cowan and Kate Perry assisted the hostess.

Mrs. P. W. Godfrey and Miss Frances Godfrey, accompanied by Mrs. Berto Lee, returned home Saturday from Atlanta, making the trip in Mrs. Godfrey's car.

Miss Frances Lee, of Atlanta, who has been the guest of Mrs. Laura Carter and Mrs. John M. Fleming, left Friday for a visit to relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. J. M. Fleming entertained Thursday afternoon at the Lyric Theater in honor of her guests, Misses Ida Shellnutt, of Sandersville, and Frances Lee, of Atlanta. In the party were Misses Ruby Vining, Lartrelle Meadors, Josephine Franklin, Ida Shellnut and Frances Lee.

A delightful event of the past week was that at which Mr. James Wells entertained Thursday evening at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Wells, in honor of Miss Edna Tompkins, of Helena, who, with her mother, Mrs. Robert Tompkins, has been the guest of Mrs. Wells for several days.

Misses Bower entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening in honor of their house guest, Miss Kittie Lee Bower, of Quitman.

Miss Sallie Mae Sockwell entertained Saturday morning with a porch party.

Dublin

DUBLIN, Aug. 16.—The marriage of Miss Julia Porter, of Danville, and C. G. Kitchens, of Dublin, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Porter, near Danville, Tuesday afternoon. The wedding was a simple home affair. The Rev. T. Bright performed the ceremony. The wedding march was played by Mrs. J. C. Chandler, of Swains

MR. HEARST TELLS WHY HE KEEPS OIL LETTERS FROM LOBBY INQUIRY

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Foreign-Born Women Voting Is Restricted

Illinois Attorney General Outlines Conditions Under Which They Can Cast Ballots.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 16.—In answer to Mayor Schriver, of Rock Island, for an opinion on votes for women under the new suffrage law and to govern authorities in an approaching election, Attorney General Lucey to-day held:

"That a foreign-born woman who marries a citizen of the United States, whether such citizen be natural born or naturalized, by such an act of marriage becomes a citizen of the United States.

"An unmarried foreign-born woman whose father did not become naturalized until after she arrived at her majority, would not, by such act of naturalization upon the part of her father, become a citizen of the United States.

"A woman born in the United States whose father was not naturalized prior to her arriving at her majority is a citizen of the United States."

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she collapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

DEER HINDERS TRAFFIC; DODGES TEAMS IN ROAD

ALBANY, ORE., Aug. 16.—Running along on a well-traveled country road a big buck deer dodged its way between three teams of horses and escaped unhurt last week. The deer was encountered near Brewster Station, on the Woodburn-Springfield line between Crabtree and Labanon, by three men who were hauling lumber to the railroad line.

As the season is not yet open for deer no attempt was made to shoot it.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. **Try it now.**

d Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Fig[illegible], who has just returned from Min[illegible], Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

WANT TO MAKE MONEY? START TERRAPIN FARM

Government Authority Declares There Are Big Profits in the Diamond Backs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The diamond-back terrapin, aristocrat of the dining table and king of the banquet menu, need not disappear from the sandy shores of the United States and be lost to disciples of Epicurus forever if the business men of the nation will allow themselves to be awakened to the fact that there are fat dividends in the breeding of the animals.

Uncle Sam is sponsor for this statement. Experts in the Bureau of Fisheries are anxious that business men shall read its report.

At Beaufort, N. C., the experts started out four years ago with 40 females and 18 males, terrapin such as may be found from Southern Virginia all along the coast down to Florida. From this small breeding stock the experts procured 295 eggs in 1910. Of the 295 eggs only 7 failed to hatch.

In 1911 513 eggs were procured, and of these 421 were hatched. Even better results were obtained in 1912, when 650 eggs were procured and 538 hatched. The number of eggs laid and hatched in 1913 is expected to be far greater. Of course, a terrapin must be five or six years old before he is in the best shape for the table, but this slow growth is offset by the fact that "one man may care for several thousand terrapin."

Terrapin farms, the Government report says, should be situated on the shore line of tidal salt water, where a supply of fresh water also is available; low, swamp land where fish and crabs are plentiful being preferable. Best results are obtained by breeding the terrapin in pens specially built, but not expensive in construction.

Unlike the chicken breeders and the breeders of other food animals, the terrapin breeder need not worry about disease in his stock. The Government experts say: "So far as is known, diamond-back terrapins are not subject to epidemic disease, and after reaching the age of two or three years have no important enemy except man."

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 100 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906. William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

Our August Furniture Sale

Our "Middle of the Month" August Furniture Specials have never been so numerous and the values so great.

The articles you want are here, carrying prices much lower than you expected to pay.

Why delay buying longer? Our courteous salesmen will be glad to show you through and aid you in making selections, and we will be pleased to arrange terms to suit YOU. Come in to-morrow.



Special Rocker Sale Monday

Monday Special on Small Rugs

Beautiful patterns in floral and Oriental designs. These rugs are positively guaranteed. Please note these prices, which are good for to-morrow only.

$1.50 Brussels Rugs, Monday 98c
$2.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $1.48
$4.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $2.98
$6.00 Axminster Rugs, Monday $3.98

A big shipment of four-dollar values. Substantially made, are attractive patterns, beautifully finished in rich golden oak. You can get genuine comfort in these rockers. Not more than three to any one customer and none to dealers. Our special price for to-morrow only is **$1.98**

Special Sale on Go-Carts Monday

25% Discount on Gas Ranges

Every sanitary, fuel-saving, conveniently arranged Buck's gas stove and range is included in this special discount. One dollar per week pays for your choice.

Special Sale on German Porch Screens

About three dozen left. They will make your porch cool and attractive. Please note these special prices.

$2.50 6-foot Screens, now only.....$1.48
$3.50 8-foot Screens, now only.....$1.98

About one dozen included in this lot. They are all samples—all badly damaged—values are from five to fifteen dollars. They are equipped with best re-tempered steel springs, heavy rubber tires, fold completely up in one and two movements. To-morrow only you may take your choice for only **$1.98**

Duplex Mattress

—made of eight layers of fluffy, sanitary felt; has imperial, tightly stitched edges, grade "A" ticking and we positively guarantee this mattress to not sag or lump. We are exclusive agents for this mattress. $1.00 cash, $1.00 weekly, at..... **$10.00**

Wood's Special Davenport

—a wonderful value. Frames are made of well seasoned materials. It is upholstered with genuine chase leather, has best re-tempered steel springs, and we can furnish it in golden oak, mahogany or mission finish. An ideal davenport by day, and ONE MOVEMENT converts into a full sized bed. Complete with sanitary felt mattress only **$37.50**

Blue Tag Bargain Basement

Six big wagonloads were added yesterday to this already well filled space of big home-furnishing values.

Every piece a needed article in some home—every piece an incomparable value. Come to-morrow (BIG MONDAY) and make your selections. Our usual terms apply to any selection made in our Blue Tag Bargain Basement.

Sellers Kitchen Cabinets

—the one kitchen cabinet which really fills all requirements. It has an ant and dust proof flour bin and sugar compartment—a convenient and sanitary place for everything needed in a modern kitchen—see our special for only **$31.50**

Wood's Special Chiffarobe

—has a separate and convenient place for everything a man wears from an overcoat to a collar button. Also a large and conveniently arranged shaving mirror. It has a trouser rack which will keep trousers in shape, and a most convenient coat rack. Our special terms on any finish is $1.00 cash, $1.00 per week, and the price is only **$21.50**



Family Size
EAGLE

—will keep your foodstuff to perfection—the ice bill will be small and it will in every particular give satisfaction. Special terms of one dollar cash, the balance one dollar per week, and our price is only **$7.50**

Two Big Specials



Brass Bed

—has heavy, substantial two-inch posts, five extra large and strong fillers—furnished in either single or double sizes in satin or gloss finish—terms one dollar cash and one dollar per week, and our price is only **$12.50**



Special Outfit

—the outfit consists of one heavy two-inch continuous post gold bed, one sanitary felt mattress, one pair springs and one pair feather pillows. A great value. Our special terms are ninety cents cash and the balance $1.00 per week. Complete outfit only **$17.90**

Monday Special

An attractive dollar value, guaranteed time keeper—has extra loud alarm attachment—securely packed in a specially made box, and the special price for to-morrow only is **48 Cts.**



Bachelor's Den

The coziest and most attractive MAN'S room you ever saw. See front window, Whitehall street. This entire outfit will be sold to any bachelor on especially attractive terms.

Rhodes-Wood FURNITURE COMPANY

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

103-5-7-9-11 Whitehall Street, Corner Mitchell

Crawford Chairs

—the most substantially made chair on the market—here in any finish—guaranteed by the manufacturer for five years—we are exclusive agents—see big display.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR FLORIDA

VOL. I. NO. 20. Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company. ★★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SULZER AND GLYNN EACH REFUSE TO BUDGE INCH

Deadlock Results in New York Impeachment Situation as Each Claimant Refuses to Make Move—Both Go to Capitol.

Accused Executive Accompanied by His Bodyguard Goes to State House and Plunges Into Business—No Outbreak Surprise.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Neither drastic nor violent steps will be taken by Lieutenant Governor Martin H. Glynn to force William Sulzer, the impeached Governor of New York, from office—at least not to-day. Owing to the fact that this was a half holiday at the State offices, Mr. Glynn spent but a few minutes at the Capitol, and while both Sulzer and Glynn forces refused to budge an inch, matters were at a deadlock.

Accompanied by his bodyguard, Governor Sulzer walked from the executive mansion to the Capitol, where he plunged into State business, just as though his right to exercise the gubernatorial prerogatives were not contested.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who claims the powers of Acting Governor under the Constitution until Mr. Sulzer is brought to trial on September 18, went from the Capitol to the offices of his newspaper and announced he would spend the afternoon at an athletic meet. He denied that, like Napeoleon, he would lift the power of ruling New York State on the bayonets of the National Guard.

Lack of Trouble a Surprise.

Absence of an actual outbreak today was a surprise to many who expected to see the executive chamber a battleground for the Sulzer and Tammany forces.

Mr. Sulzer now virtually stands alone, having been deserted by the members of his cabinet, who have allied themselves to the Glynn forces. But Sulzer refuses to abdicate, despite the fact that the ranks of his political enemies have been strengthened during the last 24 hours.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who is now signing State documents with this signature, "Martin H. Glynn, Acting Governor, State of New York," announced that, in spite of any obstructions thrown in his way by the Sulzer legal forces, he would continue to administer gubernatorial affairs pending Mr. Sulzer's trial for alleged high crimes and misdemeanors September 18.

Both Sides Fear Trick.

Both sides are taking elaborate precautions to guard against a trick. Throughout the night armed guards stood watch over each State department, while lawyers and legislators involved in the struggle were trailed by private detectives. Mr. Sulzer was in retirement planning a new legal move with his counsel. Messenger boys with Washington and New York city telegrams could not find the Governor, but members of the "inner circle" took charge of the dispatches, saying they would find the Governor.

Leaders of the anti-Sulzer faction made the threat that Mr. Glynn, now having control of the State Military Department, would actually invade the executive chamber.

"He will get a mighty warm reception," declared Sulzer adherents, who are few, but courageous.

Some Fear Martial Law.

Some residents of this city, realizing the intense seriousness of the situation, fear that conditions may become so grave that martial law will have to be declared.

It was assumed that Governor Sulzer to-day would reply to the second note from Lieutenant Governor Glynn, demanding the unconditional surrender of all prerogatives by Mr. Sulzer and the abdication of the Governor. Counsel were with the Governor at the beginning of the official day, and it was reported that the Governor was urged to take a fling at Tammany Hall.

Germany Also Snubs Panama Exposition

Kaiser's Government Follows John Bull's Action in Declining American Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The German Government to-day decided to refuse to participate in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy, and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 6, Column 6.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

FRAUD USED TO BEAT HEARST, SAYS MULHALL

Lobbyist Declares He Obtained Confidence of Democratic Leader in Campaign for Governor.

GAVE REPUBLICANS SECRET

Letter Was Forged to Give Him Introduction to Up-State Committeeman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

France to Welcome Envoy de la Barra

Mexican Legation Is Assured That There Is No Objection to New Minister

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Mexican Legation has heard nothing of any objection on the part of France to the reception of Francisco de la Barra as Mexican Minister to this country. The secretary of the legation said to-day:

"We would not be the first to hear of it if any such objection existed."

The Agence Nationale was the authority for the report, which was printed here yesterday. Senor de la Barra sailed from New York to-day.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

SUPREME TEST COMES AS STATE TRAINS GUNS ON FRANK'S CHARACTER

Defendant Will Take the Stand Early in Week to Give His Account of His Movements on Day Mary Phagan Was Killed.

ATTORNEYS SEEKING TO PROVE A COMPLETE ALIBI

Believed That Case Will Stand or Fall on Efforts of Prosecution to Prove Its Charge of Immorality Against the Accused.

BY AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The third week of the Frank trial came to an end at noon Saturday.

The defense has not yet concluded its case, but confidently expects to finish within the next day or two.

Its last card, and one of its biggest, will be the defendant's statement. This statement is scheduled for the early part of this week.

It will mark the climax of the defense's case, just as Conley's story marked the climax of the State's.

It became more and more evident as the case progressed during the past week that the defense is pitting Frank squarely against Conley—that it is to be Frank's life or Conley's life for little Mary Phagan's, snuffed out cruelly nearly four months ago in the National Pencil Factory.

Frank's statement on the stand, which the law permits him to make, but not under oath, and which may be accepted by the jury, either in whole or in part, in preference to all the sworn testimony, will be matched against the story the negro told so dramatically and with such frightful emphasis soon after the case got under way.

Into the negro's story, moreover, was injected the question of Frank's general character, particularly in one unmentionable direction, and this the defense will undertake to offset completely and finally.

More than a hundred witnesses have been summoned to testify to Frank's good character, and these include men and women from every walk of life, where it could be shown that such witnesses had come in contact with Frank from time to time in such wise as to be competent judges of his general character.

DALTON'S TESTIMONY IMPEACHED.

Already, the one witness (Dalton) so far introduced by the State to corroborate Conley has been successfully impeached by the defense, and it is likely that others introduced to uphold the negro also will be subjected to impeachment proceedings, if the defense suspects that it may successfully inaugurate the same.

The defense seemingly has realized fully the heavy necessity of breaking down Conley's awful story, not only in direct connection with the murder, but in every phase of it that bears upon the character of the defendant.

As a primary proposition, the advantage in the situation thus set up dwells within the defense.

In the first place, Frank goes to the jury with the presumption of innocence in his favor. The burden is not upon him to make out a case in behalf of himself. It is upon the State to make out a case against him.

Moreover, the only right of appeal attaching to persons indicted for felonies is within the defense. Once the State loses, it is lost forever.

The State must allege and prove the guilt of the defendant "beyond a reasonable doubt," and fight right up to that limit.

If there remains a reasonable doubt of Frank's guilt, after the last word has been said to the jury, Frank, under the law, is entitled to it, and if the trial jury fails to award it, a court of review will remedy the legal wrong thus inflicted upon him.

ALL STATE TESTIMONY SWORN.

The State, moreover, must submit every bit of its evidence, to the last shred or patch, under oath.

The defense, on the contrary, may clear itself upon testimony not one word of which is sworn to.

The State's star witness, Conley, also comes into court a confessed accessory after the fact of the murder, a confessed falsifier in numerous conflicting statements as to his knowledge of and connection with the crime, and accompanied by a well established jail record fearfully and wonderfully made up.

His is a much harder story to hold up than Frank's, viewing the two stories generally and in their broader personal aspects.

Even without Conley, to be sure, the State still has a circumstantial case against Frank that might compel considerable attention and respect, but there are few people who seemingly believe that it alone would be sufficiently strong to convict.

It probably is a realization of the State's tremendous task, involved in the holding together of Conley's story, that has caused

DORSEY SURE OF CASE AS CRISIS COMES

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Frank Had Life Which He Hid From Relatives and Friends

Jurors in the Frank case sketched in the courtroom. They are: 1. M. Johenning. 2. A. L. Wisbey. 3. F. V. L. Smith. 4. Deder Townsend. 5. M. S. Woodward, 6. A. H. Henslee, 7. W. M. Jeffries, 8. J. T. Ozburn, 9. Charles J. Basshardt, 10. W. S. Medcalf, 11. Fred E. Winburn, 12. J. F. Higdon.



Trial Will Last Through Week, Declare Men Who Have Followed It.

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense Objects too Late.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, dependent alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta that to fail in the establishment of corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing possible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believe the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually, and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

Rely on State Witnesses.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relying upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several different directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this desnite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Mary's mother), George Epps, a motorman, and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probably to be amplified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

State Seems Confident.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless, the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get in pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.

Girl on Stand Shouts She Would Die for Leo Frank

Employee of Pencil Factory Furnishes Dramatic Incident of Day—Dressing Room Evidence Is Brought Out.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimoney in any way prejudicial to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into a eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by the time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guiltlessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though it never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to conduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmeline Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sister. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded against it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled toward Miss Kitchen, and then turned around and walked away. She testified that the girls never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking their overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her in regard to a reported remark of N. V. Darley, general manager, that "if the girls stay with us through this, they will not lose by it." She said she had overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

The following pencil company employees were called as character witnesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stewart, Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Ina Hayes, Eula May Flowers, Elma Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dickerson, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osman, Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, Rebecca Carson, Maude Wright, Irene Jackson, and Mesdames Emma Freeman and Ella Thomas.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL

368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L

Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A graded school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.

Send For Booklet

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee August 25

THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF "HER FATAL SHADOW"

Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPENS THURSDAY AUG. 21



Dr. W. J. Harper

New York Dental Offices

28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET

Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery

Gold Crowns - $3.00

Bridge Work - $4.00

Good Set Teeth - $5.00

All Other Work at Reasonable Prices

LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

Bring Us Your Films for Development



We Give You BETTER RESULTS Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING

AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT

ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.

We Also Carry a Complete Line of EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES

GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.

Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree

LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE DECLARE HE ALONE HAS PREPARED STATEMENT

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of Jurors, But Will Simply Outline His Contention as to Tragedy.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal, and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, international tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated tonight that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer, of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam., Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweeaheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shanty and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

Grape Juice vs. Milk

Secretary Bryan Does Not Have Undivided Support of Cabinet in Choice of Beverage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Grape juice as a Cabinet beverage has gone into eclipse, in spite of the prominence given to it by Ciceronian eloquence as being the only nectar of the gods.

A canvass of the preferences of other members of the Cabinet beside that of Mr. Bryan, whose favorite beverage is well known, disclosed the fact that plain old milk, sweet and buttermilk, is ahead in the race. President Wilson prefers orange juice to that of the luscious grape.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is one of the sweet milk champions and has a fellow champion in Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo leans toward buttermilk.

Attorney General McReynolds and Secretary of War Garrison are said to be ardent milk advocates.

Secretary of Agriculture David Houston is one of the two members that find enjoyment in pure unfermented grape juice.

Secretary of the Interior Lane prefers hot tea, while Secretary of Commerce Redfield likes his tea cold.

Charges Sister Stole Her Husband's Love

California Woman Names Beautiful Relative In Her Plea for a Divorce.

SUSANVILLE, CAL., Aug. 16.—Charging that her younger and prettier sister had stolen her husband's love, Mrs. Celia Rundquist Schaefer asked Judge Monroe for a divorce from Marin Schaefer, a fruit grower and rancher. Miss Rose Rundquist, sister of the plaintiff, was named as co-respondent.

Mrs. Schaefer testified that her sister admitted that her husband was a "grand man," and that he showered attentions upon the sister and admitted making love to her. The plaintiff also claimed that she had to support both for two years.

Judge Monroe held that there was insufficient corroborating evidence and instructed the applicant for divorce to get more witnesses.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

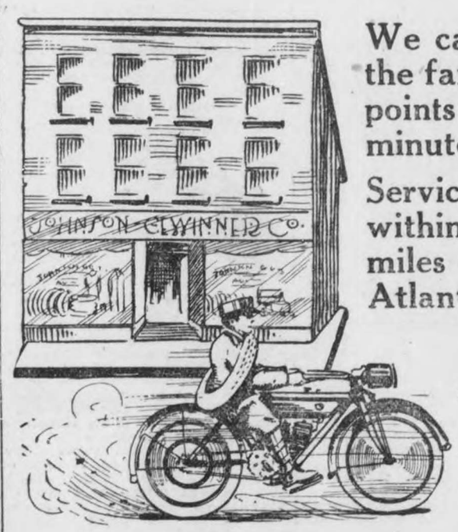
(We sell all makes.)

Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

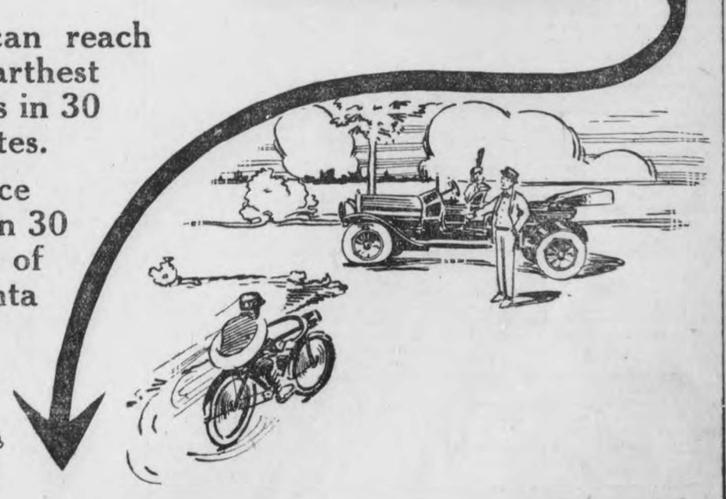
83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

Free Air Station ::: **Gasoline 17c**



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta



GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury T. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court. Below is Lola Norris, the other girl witness in noted case.



SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her shearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacrameto in the same fear of exposure of their liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," replied Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such low voice that Judge VanFleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the defendant said that resulted in your deciding to leave Sacramento.—A. He said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say she would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money given to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. Did you wait in the depot for Caminetti?—A. No; he was to return to the restaurant. There was some talk about going on an earlier train. We waited in a little street car waiting room near the depot. Miss Norris stayed in there when the train came in. I walked out with Mr. Diggs and told him to go and I would stay there. He said, "No," that he thought too much of me to have me stay there. The train finally left.

Caminetti Gets Money.

Q. Then Mr. Diggs went to the waiting room and telephoned?—A. Yes, to Mr. Caminetti. I think.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. We returned to the Saddle Rock and waited half an hour for Mr. Caminetti. When he came, he said he had the money and would go on the next train.

Q. Then you did what?—A. We went to the depot.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. Mr. Diggs said to wait while he got the tickets.

Q. Whom did you wait with?—A. With Lola Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Q. Then what?—A. When the train came, we got on.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall, do you, going to the Riverside Hotel on the 10th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is, Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris, were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say?

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of ary, 1913, I will ask you if you, in company with Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris, did not go in an automobile from San Francisco to San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidelberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

M. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many times were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I dbn't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No, sir.

BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

BRING YOUR VACA-

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Blood, Rheumatism, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplid from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I will appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

$5  **Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE**

MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S

GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. Telephone M. 1708

Over Brown & Allen's Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH . .	$5	GOLD FILLING . .	$1
GOLD CROWNS . .	$4	AMALGAM FILLING,	50c up
BRIDGE WORK . .	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up
TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . .			$1 up

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison, was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine?" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job

But Lind Is Most Unusual Man

Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of disssatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam ovenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order . . . $165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

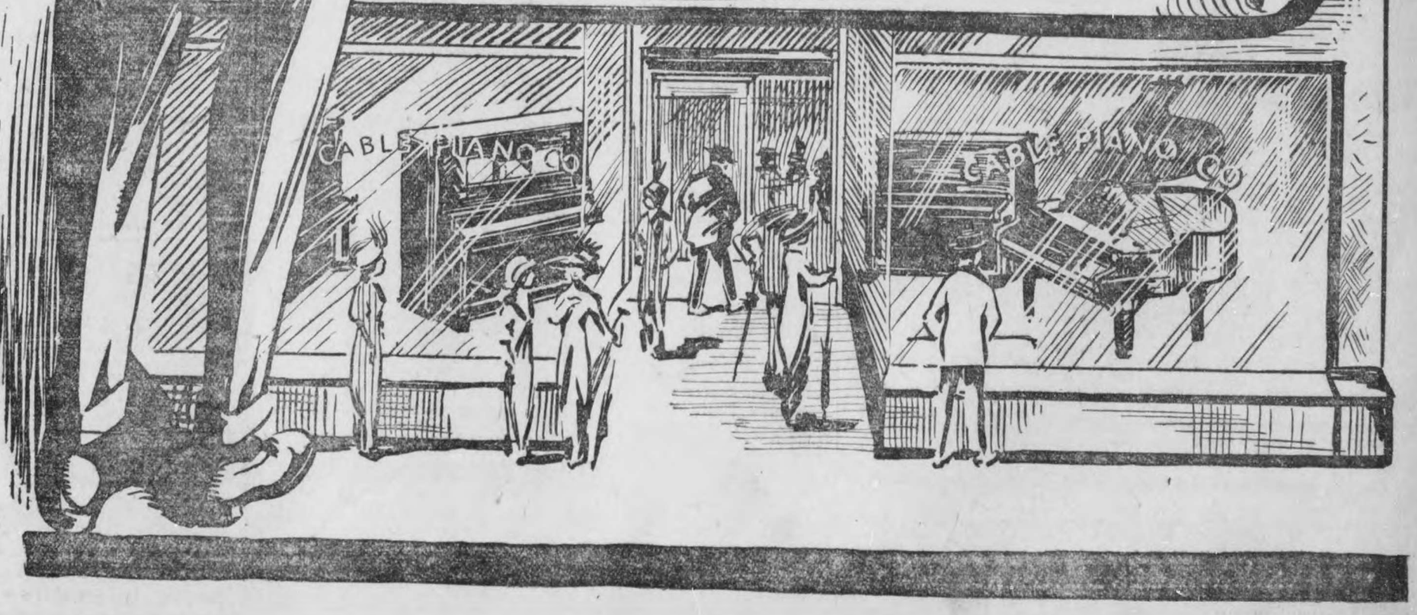
$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US
Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.
Name .....
Address .....

Cable Piano Co.
84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.
GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.



MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existinfi in individual counties, and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 19 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues; they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing doctors; they have heard the plea of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the father and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. The Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

The Tax Receivers of the counties shall open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

In ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has rev-



The Wonderful and Prompt Results of Vegetable Obbac.

olutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.

You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD AND UNDERWOOD

Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic campers both of them, and inveterate campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then to Beaver Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal an river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will t. The life-saving crew of Clifton, t. Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equipage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bills proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Bo i River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires when he may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions. "I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

BRING YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Fresh films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 42 N. Broad street.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

Nance Believed Mad When He Slew Wife

Relatives Declare He Was Mentally Unbalanced When He Left Knoxville Friday.

KNOXVILLE, Aug. 16.—George R. Nance is believed by his wife's relatives in Knoxville to have been insane when he killed her in a hotel at Hamlet, N. C., yesterday. They recite incidents connected with his former residence in this city that cause them to suspect he was mentally unbalanced.

At one time Nance left home and his wife did not know of his whereabouts until she received a cablegram from him in Liverpool, England. Soon thereafter he came here and they remained until they went to Greenville, S. C., last March, where his wife was manager of a sanitarium operated by a company with hospitals in various cities. For four years she was head of this company's hospital at Los Angeles. Her last station had been at Chattanooga, where her local relatives thought she was yesterday.

Mrs. Nance was born in Sweetwater, Tenn., and had many relatives over East Tennessee. She married Nance in Alexandria, Va., nine years ago, and they had no children. Mrs. J. T. Steele, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. B. T. Baker, of Alexandria, Va.; Mrs. Jerry Reagan, of Portland, Oreg., and Mrs. J. A. McCampbell, of Friendsville, Tenn., are her sisters.

Autos Are Barred By Canadian Island

Residents of Prince Edward Will Not Allow Machines to Enter Province.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—"It seems strange in these days when automobiles are seen on every street, on every country road that there should be one section on the American continent where these vehicles are positively prohibited," said R. A. Dewey, of Toronto.

"Recently the Canadian Parliament enacted legislation to permit the use of self-propelling carriages in the Province of Prince Edward Island, but it is by no means certain that the legislation will be effective. There is every indication that the law will never be put in force because a plebiscite on the question was taken throughout the island when the annual district school meetings were held.

"The returns that have come thus far indicate that the farmers are strenuously opposed to allowing automobiles on Prince Edward Island. More than 90 per cent of the population voted no on the proposition, and in some of these places the vote in the negative was unanimous.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends In Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife Eva died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover, Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

"Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA



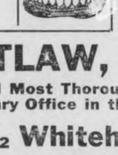
WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established—because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."

WHITLAW PRICES RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.



Original Painless Dentist

The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT
Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!



The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE **SAVOY CAFE** 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE === LOW PRICES

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abandon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of habitual drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Men's Socks Adorn Girl's--Ahem

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde Is Bold Apostle of New Style and She's a Good Proselyter.

Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short socks are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features, you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it.

The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeoligist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY
A MODERN CONSERVATORY.
A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.
OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug. 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughteds and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "tag" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury. Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "rough-neck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "make-up" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind. She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

The woman, now bent and feeble, is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865

82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta

The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

ALL THE LATEST, LIVELIEST NEWS OF FLORIDA

JACKSONVILLE LOSES SUIT TO SECURE DOCKS

City Cannot Hold Stock in Corporation, Declares Federal Judge in His Decision.

JACKSONVILLE, Aug. 16.—The condemnation suit of the Port Commissioners for the city of Jacksonville against the St. Johns Terminal Company, in which the city sought to take over the property of the terminal corporation here for a municipal dock system, has been lost. Judge R. R. M. Call in United States District Court handed down an opinion that the city could not hold stock in a corporation, which condition would exist if this property was taken over.

The property in question is a subsidiary holding of the Southern Railway. The suit was filed in the State courts some months ago, but was recently removed to the United States Court by the defendant company. Attention was called to the fact that 58 grounds were named in the demurrer as to why the condemnation proceedings should not be permitted.

The principal reasons were the questions as to whether or not the city, under the constitution of the State, could own stock in a corporation. This matter has been watched with great interest on the part of those interested in the plan for municipal docks here, and also with equal interest by the representatives of various railroads.

Mrs. James Otto Stevenson

A recent addition to St. Augustine social circles, formerly of Washington, D. C. She is the wife of the new Secretary of the St. Augustine Chamber of Commerce.



New Florida Road Nears Completion

Tampa and Gulf Coast Will Haul Fruit by Middle of Next Winter.

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—President Charles H. Brown, of the Tampa and Gulf Coast Railway, has announced that construction is going ahead rapidly and that it may be possible to haul fruit over the new road next winter. It had hardly been hoped to have it ready for use before the middle of next summer.

The road is 47 miles long, from here to St. Petersburg, via Clearwater, and will form an important Seaboard feeder, virtually giving that road an entry to St. Petersburg, where the Coast Line has had a monopoly.

Florida Merchants Hit by New Tax Law

Giving of Premiums Matter of Serious Nature on Account of Stock on Hand.

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—The last Florida Legislature created a law placing a tax of $500 on any business selling goods containing premiums or coupons and in addition to State tax counties can collect $250 tax.

Merchants are much worried over this, as they do not know in what way to dispose of goods on hand, not being able to pay the license.

The Internal Revenue Collector wrote to Washington for advice in regard to cigarette packages, and United States Revenue Commissioner Osborne authorized the removal of the coupons before sale, but an affidavit must be made by dealer as to the number removed.

Commission Order Ignored by L. & N.

August 15 Date Set When Rule Should be Amended Concerning Pensacola Docks.

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—Friday, August 15, was the date set by the Interstate Commerce Commission some time ago upon which the Louisville and Nashville Railroad must amend its rulings and manner of dealing with vessels using the docks of that company in the city, it having been shown to the satisfaction of the Commerce Commission that the road was discriminating against vessels not under charter of the Gulf Transit Company. However, every railroad official in the city professes ignorance as to the course the road is to pursue, and nothing has yet been given out as to whether the Louisville and Nashville will comply with the order.

The attorney for the road says that he has received no instructions, as does the superintendent of this division and other high officials. The general impression, however, seems to be that the road will fight the order as is generally its policy.

Work Badger Game On Plant City Man

Man and Woman Get Sentences of Five and One Year in Tampa.

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—Ed and Annie Leonard, charged with working a badger game on W. T. Miller, of Plant City, were sentenced, respectively, to five years and one year in the penitentiary by Judge Gibson today.

They secured $1,100 from Miller, who is declared to have been formerly a Sunday school superintendent.

The woman broke down completely when sentence was passed, and her screams could be heard on the streets. The Leonards are declared to have worked the same game on others.

ITALIAN SHOT TO DEATH BY HIS CONTRYMEN

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—Guiseppe Illuminato, an Italian who was shot to death Tuesday night by two men armed with shotguns, which they threw away, is said to have been killed because of improper relations with another Italian's wife. Judge Fernandez is said to be in ossession of evidence that convinces him this is the fact, and has postponed the Coroner's inquest to Monday, when this woman will be asked to take the stand.

NO WHISKY EXCEPT IN HOMES IN FLORIDA TOWN

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 15.—The city commissioners have passed stringent ordinances regulating the selling of liquor in this city, Pinellas County having voted "dry" at the recent election. The ordinance is even more stringent than the State law. It provides that liquor found anywhere except in a private residence is prima focie evidence that it is for sale.

SHIPS FIRST BALE OF SEA ISLAND COTTON

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—A. B. McClenny, of Cadillac, this county, shipped Wednesday a bale of sea island cotton to Frost & Co., Savannah, the grade was fine, weight 385 pounds.

The weather is good for rapid opening of the bolls, and picking will be well under way next week.

SWEARINGEN IS CONFIDENT HE WILL WIN SUIT

Decision Expected Monday in Case to Determine Who Shall Rule Jacksonville.

JACKSONVILLE, Aug. 16.—This city is breathlessly awaiting the decision which will in all probability be handed down Monday by Judge Charles Couper Gibbs of the Circuit Court in regard to the municipal wrangle that has so seriously affected business in Jacksonville during the present summer. The decision prayed for by Mayor Van C. Swearingen to restrain the board of bond trustees from interfering with the control of the police department will settle a question that has been a matter of dispute here for years.

The Mayor's legal advisers are confident that the former blacksmith, who studied law at night, after hammering the anvil throughout the day to make a living for his family, who was admitted to the bar several years ago and who was elected by a vast majority of the laboring element, will win the battle and be allowed to perform his duties as chief executive without interference on the part of the board of bond trustees, which is the most powerful political body in this city, and has heretofore practically controlled its affairs.

The city is divided into two bitter factions. The supporters of Van C. Swearingen declare that the board of bond trustees is composed of men who have considered their interests first of all in the control of the city. Mayor Swearingen's chief campaign pledge made to the people was to the effect that he would be a "horse of Troy" in the stronghold on the bond trustees.

Boss of Police.

When Swearingen was elected Mayor he stated that he would take charge of the police department and would issue all orders to the police in regard to the matter of enforcing the various city ordinances. He issued an order prohibiting women of questionable character from appearing upon the streets after 9 o'clock at night, and another to the effect that such women would be allowed in no section of the city except the district which has for years been their place of abode. The Mayor made a speech at the police station, telling the men that he was boss, and that they should receive orders from no other source.

The Mayor received a letter from the board of bond trustees telling him he had gone too far, and was overstepping his authority. The letter was disregarded by Swearingen. The board then advised Frederick C. Roach, then captain and acting chief of the police department, to ignore these orders of the Mayor. Roach followed the advice of the board, and was suspended by Mayor Swearingen. The board of bond trustees promptly called a meeting and elected Roach chief of police. He was again suspended by the Mayor, but secured a uniform with the word "Chief" on the collar and took up the duties of the highest officer of the department. The Mayor refused to recognize him in that capacity, issuing all orders to Captain Harry Hall, next in command.

Roach to Lose Head.

There is little doubt of the fact that Roach will lose his position at the head of the police department if the decision is in favor of Mayor Swearingen.

The board of bond trustees, however, say they are sure that Mayor Swearingen will lost his fight, and declare that they will stick to Roach to the bitter end.

Business men declare that the city is being seriously affected by the political war. Others say that while the Mayor may have a right to direct the police department regarding the protection of the laws, that he is entirely too radical in his moral reforms, and that the city will make no progress until another has been elected in his place. When asked his opinion as to the outcome of the trial in the Circuit Court, Mayor Swearingen said:

"I am confident that I will win my fight. If I had not believed myself to have been in right, I would never have prolonged this wrangle. However, even though the city may suffer in some degree from the present state of affairs, there is but one way to settle the matter and that is through the courts."

BIG INCREASE SHOWN IN TAX VALUATIONS

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—After purging the tax books of delinquents to the extent of $150,000, Tax Assessor Dell, completing his 1913 roll, reports valuations of $7,200,000 for Alachua County, an increase in twelve months of $304,000, although the State Comptroller has reduced assessments on railroads and telegraph property in the county $128,000.

FLORIDA FIGHTS FOR 4 CONGRESS SEATS STARTED

First Elections Under Redistricting of the State Take Place Next Spring.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Aug. 16.—Florida will elect four Congressmen from as many districts in the Democratic primaries next spring for the first time in the State's history. And now the bees are busily buzzing in all four districts, and there are going to be candidate a-plenty.

Two years ago, when the State was granted four instead of three Congressmen, under the new reapportionment, Claude L'Engle was elected as the fourth with the title of Congressman-at-large. But the last Legislature redistricted the State into four districts, so there will be no Congressman-at-large to choose this time. And then, under the new primary law, there is but one primary, eliminating the heavy expense of the second primary campaign in close contests, and for this reason more candidates feel like they can afford it.

The First District is composed of the counties of Lee, DeSoto, Manatee, Polk, Hillsboro, Pinellas, Pasco, Hernando, Citrus, Sumter and Lake.

Stephen M. Sparkman, chairman of the Rivers and Harbors Committee of the present Congress and a recognized leader, represents this district. Against him is pitted J. Fred DeBerry, of Plant City.

Congressman Frank Clark was legislated out of his old East Coast District, as his home is in Gainesville, in Alachua County. The other counties in his new Second District are Nassau, Baker, Hamilton, Columbia, Suwanee, Bradford, Marion, Levy, Lafayette, Taylor, Madison and Jefferson. There are some pretty strong Frank Clark counties in this new district that used to be in his old one, and he is probably firmer in his strength there than in the old district. Dannittee Mayes, former Congressman from the old Third District in West Florida, is said to want to go back to Washington. He is in Frank Clark's district, however, as his home is in Jefferson County. Fred Cone, of Lake City, is a strong possibility who is being urged to run, and who is a hot campaigner.

Young Congressman Emmett Wilson may be opposed in the Third District. The counties of Leon, Gadsden, Wakulla, Liberty, Franklin, Calhoun, Jackson, Holmes, Washington, Bay, Walton, Santa Rosa and Escambia are in his district.

The counties of Monroe, Dade, Palm Beach, St. Lucie, Oceola, Brevard, Orange, Seminole, Volusia, Putnam, St. Johns, Clay and Duval are in the new Fourth District, the "shoestring district," extending down the coast from Jacksonville to Key West. Claude L'Engle is strong, and this is his baliwick, but he will face a phalanx of able men, according to the present outlook. Frank Chase, of Jacksonville; W. A. MacWilliams, of St. Augustine; S. J. Hilburn, of Palatka; Fred Hudson, of Miami, and Albert Williamson, of Jacksonville, editor of The Floridian, are all possibilities.

FLORIDA ACTIVE IN NEW BOOSTER UNDERTAKING

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—Two-thirds of the counties in Florida had representatives at the opening of the Southern Settlement and Development Organization. General Manager W. H. Manss and Director Uker, of Baltimore, were present and directed the meeting.

As usual, the city is royally treating the delegates. The organization means much for the Southern States, as its purposes are boosting in all lines and securing immigration, especially of desirable farmers, capitalists and laborers.

FACTORY AT PENSACOLA TO MAKE BUILDING BLOCK

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—A local corporation to-day announced that it would erect a plant here for the manufacture of tiling, fancy brick, concrete block, etc., with capital stock of $30,000. The factory will employ at least 25 men and will mean a weekly payroll of about $400. It will be the only factory of the kind south of Birmingham.

RECORD ATTENDANCE.

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—The coming session of the State University, which opens September 23, will be the largest in the history of the institution. Many are coming from other States, and large accommodations will be crowded.

Citrus Growers Fight High Rates

Charge of Refrigeration Lines to East Same in Florida and California.

TALLAHASSEE, Aug. 16.—The Railroad Commissioners have been handling for some time with the refrigeration lines operating out of Florida the question of refrigeration charges on citrus fruits from Florida producing points to Northern and Eastern markets, with the view of securing a reduction in these charges as operated at present.

As is generally known, refrigeration charges on citrus fruits from California points to Eastern markets are less than charges from Florida points to the same markets, notwithstanding the fact that Florida is about 2,000 miles nearer these markets than California. And, naturally, the Florida growers and shippers feel that this is very unfair to them.

It is quite an important item to the citrus growers and shippers of the State, as about 5,000 boxes of this commodity moved from Florida points last season under refrigeration.

Girl Thinks Soldier Only Intended to Rob

Opinion Changes Charge and Court-martial Ordered at Pensacola Post.

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—The young woman upon whom Jack Gord, a soldier, is alleged to have attempted an attack at her home in Warrington Tuesday night, has made a statement, in which she said she believed his motive was robbery. Tuesday was pay day at the postoffice and she believes the soldier knew it and thought she had a considerable sum of money in her room.

It was at her request that the warrant issued by the United States Commissioner was withdrawn and Gord turned over to military authorities. He is still held in irons and will be tried by courtmartial at an early date.

Negro Surrenders to Pensacola Sheriff

Feared Lynching if Captured Near Scene of Cutting of Young White Man.

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—Glenville Johnson, a negro, wanted on a charge of cutting Leon Milstead, a young white man, at Millview, in this county, several days ago, has surrendered. The Sheriff and posse had been hunting for Johnson since the cutting affray. The negro stated that the reason he had been in hiding was that he feared lynching if captured in the Millview neighborhood.

Feeling is said to be high against the negro in that neighborhood.

RIGHT-OF-WAY MAN KILLED AT CAMDEN, ALA.

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—According to a telegram received by officials of the road from Camden, Ala., A. M. Armstrong, right-of-way agent of the Gulf, Florida and Alabama Railroad, was killed near that place yesterday. All efforts to learn details, however, have proved futile. The dead man was of quiet disposition, never having been known to have any serious trouble before.

FLORIDA TITLE MEN MEET.

JACKSONVILLE, Aug. 16.—The Florida Association of Title Men opened a two-day session this morning at Atlantic Beach, with President B. R. Colson, of Gainesville, presiding.

PLAN TO RAISE $100,000 FOR IMMIGRATION

Florida Will Establish London Bureau in Effort to Secure Only Desirable Settlers.

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—The Florida State Branch of the Southern Settlement and Development Organization at a meeting just held here laid plans to raise $100,000 in the State for a bureau in London to secure desirable immigrants. The sixteen Southern States are invited to join in the movement, each to be headed by a vice president, and then to form a general organization. Florida officers elected are: Dr. W. M. Stinson, Jacksonville, vice president; C. H. Brown, Hillsboro, executive committeeman; H. H. Richardson, Jacksonville, secretary and general manager; Z. C. Chambliss, Marion; A. B. Dunning, Volusia, and G. L. Watson, Gadsden, board of governors.

Among the charter members are J. D. Rooney, secretary Ocala Board of Trade; George A. McClellan, publisher of The Metropolis, Jacksonville; H. B. Race, president of Jacksonville Board of Trade; C. H. Brown, banker, Tampa; B. F. Williamson, naval stores operator, Gainesville, and F. VanAgnew, fruit grower, Kissimmee.

Every county will have an organization. State Manager Richardson will tour the State to perfect plans.

26 APPLICANTS FOR GOVERNMENT POSITIONS

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—The largest number of applicants for civil service positions ever to take an examination in Florida stood the test here to-day, there being 26 applicants at this time, making it necessary for the Government to secure a hall in which to conduct the examination. The board of examiners consists of Deputy Collector Bruce S. Weeks and Arthur P. Ynlestra, clerk in the Customs Department.

TAMPA JUDGE MAY LOSE JOB; CHARGES FILED

Questionable Conduct of Acting Recorder in Mattox Case Basis of Action.

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—Disbarment proceedings against H. P. Bailey, acting police judge, are being considered by Circuit Judge Robles and State's Attorney Raney in connection with his alleged actions in the case against W. E. Mattox, accused of mistreating his eleven-year-old niece.

Miss Dora Green, aunt of the child, has filed formal charges against Bailey with Judge Robles. She declares he offered her a trip to Pass-a-Grille with all expenses paid for the summer and an occasional visit from him if she would drop the Mattox prosecution. She declares she indignantly refused his offer.

Shortly thereafter and before the first examination of Mattox, his wife and the child disappeared. So indignant was G. E. Green, of Sylvania, Ga., at the disappearance of these witnesses that he tried to kill Mattox in the county court room. Mrs. Green charges that Layton Shepard, an attorney, of Fort Valley Ga., is also interested in the disappearance of the witnesses.

BOY RIDES OFF DOCK ON WHEEL IS RESCUED

FT. MYERS, Aug. 16.—As Albert Stevens was riding a bicycle on the Ireland Dock here, he went overboard in 10 feet of water. The lad could not swim, and came near drowning before being pulled out by his father and others.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00 Sofas at	$93.75	$85.00 Desks at	$56.25
75.00 Sofas at	56.25	65.00 Pier Tables	45.00
85.00 Bureaus at	56.25	85.00 Library Tables	56.25
110.00 Book Cases at	82.50	85.00 French Beds at	56.25
125.00 Sideboard	93.75	35.00 Work Tables	27.50
35.00 Fireside Chair	22.50	65.00 Serving Tables	37.50
35.00 Scroll Rockers at	17.50	55.00 Corner Pieces	37.50

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY

222 PEACHTREE STREET

B. C. BUFORD, Manager **ATLANTA, GEORGIA**

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

Savannah

Latest News of South Georgia

Waycross

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorably upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

Marion Lucas Will Get Savannah Plum

Congressman Edwards Picks Successor to Marcus Baker as Savannah Postmaster.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The fact that Congressman Charles G. Edwards has announced his intention of indorsing Marion Lucas for postmaster to succeed Marcus S. Baker, Jr., who is expected to be ousted shortly as a result of a recent investigation of his private and official life, has created little surprise here. It had been known for more than a week that Lucas stood the best chance to land the plum.

Besides the indorsements sent to Congressman Edwards direct, Lucas has furnished him with more than 1,000 letters from Savannahians in every walk of life.

Chatham Jail Too Full for Comfort

New Sheriff Asks County Commission to Remodel and Enlarge Prison.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—As a result of an inspection of the county jail by the newly elected Sheriff, Colonel Merrett W. Dixon, the County Commission will be asked to do something to relieve the congestion there.

It may be necessary to build an annex to the jail or convert the southern wing of the building now occupied by the jailer as a residence, into prison quarters. Sheriff Dixon was accompanied on his inspection by Judge Walter G. Charlton, of the Superior Court, and Solicitor General Walter G. Hartridge.

Of the 183 prisoners in the jail there was only one who registered a kick.

SHUPTRINE TO HEAD BIG POLITICAL CLUB

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Although the officials will not make public the result of the election, it is learned that Herman C. Shuptrine, Representative in the Legislature from Chatham County, was elected president of the Cracker Progressive Club, a political organization, last night. Shuptrine has stated that he will accept.

TRADE BOARD SECRETARY RETAINED AT BRUNSWICK

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Secretary J. G. Weatherly has been reappointed by unanimous vote of the Brunswick Board of Trade. Mr. Weatherly came to this city last year from Columbus, Miss., and since taking charge of the local board he has made an enviable reputation, both for himself and the city.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witchhazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Savannah Minister Has Saloons Raided

Pastor Objects to Near-Beer Dispensaries Near His Church. Dealers Arrested.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—On complaint of the Rev. M. F. Roberts, pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church, three near-beer dealers, with places around the corner from his church have been placed under arrest and required to give bond for their appearance on charges of violating the State prohibition law.

The places raided are the same which received the attention of the authorities last Sunday. The men under arrest are Andrew Pappedes, M. Patro and C. L. Davis. A lot of near beer and whisky was confiscated and will be used as evidence against the men.

Recovery of Dare Question of Time

Savannah Man, Shot by Wife, Improves Rapidly After Reconciliation.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stretched comfortably on a cot in a cell at police barracks, quietly reading a novel while the summer breezes blow through the bars upon her, Mrs. Joe Dare, who several weeks ago shot her husband following a quarrel in their apartment, presents a striking contrast to-day to her extremely nervous condition two weeks ago, when it was believed that Dare would die and that she would be called upon to face trial for his murder.

The physicians who are attending Dare at the Savannah Hospital have given out the information that he is continually improving. His recovery is now practically assured unless there is a sudden change for the worse. The physicians are confident that his reconciliation with his pretty wife on what was believed to be his deathbed has had much to do with bringing about the change in his condition.

Dare was shot by his wife in a fit of jealousy after he had remained out later at night than she thought he ought to.

Grimshaw Will Not Give Up Residence

Transferred to Americus, Savannah Alderman Holds His Office in City Government.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Harry G. Grimshaw, superintendent of the Savannah division of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, who has recently been transferred to Americus as superintendent of the Alabama division, effective to-day, will maintain a residence in Savannah, and will not resign from the aldermanic board of the city. He will also retain his position of chairman of the board of control of the Union Station.

Superintendent Grimshaw will retain a residence in Savannah, and will come down each week-end, remaining over until Monday morning. He will also be able to make special trips to Savannah when necessity arises, and will thus be a regular attendant upon the meetings of Council. Mr. Grimshaw's force of clerks, stenographers and dispatchers will depart for their new location to-morrow morning.

WRECKER WANTED TO SEE WHAT TRAIN WOULD DO

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—"Just wanted to see a wreck, just to see what the train would do," was the explanation of John Hosey, 14 years old, when arrested last night charged with placing a beam on the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad tracks at Thirty-third and Plant streets in an attempt to wreck the shuttle train running between Savannah and Newyards. A special officer saw two boys place the beam on the track. He arrested Hosey, but the other lad escaped.

Miss Margaret Elise Cafiero

One of the pretty debutantes of the coming season in Savannah. She was one of the graduates of the Savannah High School in the Spring.



8-Foot Shark Caught At St. Simons Island

Sam Levinne Lands Largest Catch of Years in Waters Around Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—An eight-foot shark has been caught on St. Simons Island by Sam Levinne, of this city. Before the fish could be landed it required a horse to pull it ashore.

The young man had his line out for a shark for more than an hour when suddenly it was almost jerked from his hand. Several times he managed to get the shark to the surface, each time shooting it, and before it was killed eight bullets had been poured into its body.

The shark weighed more than 300 pounds, and was the largest caught in these waters in ten years.

Firemen Endangered By a Falling Steeple

Lightning Sets Brunswick Church Spire Ablaze and Causes It to Topple.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—When McKendree Methodist Church was struck by lightning and set on fire, Fire Chief Harrison and three of his men narrowly missed death.

The lightning set fire to the steeple. The chief and three firemen climbed to the roof of a one-story addition adjoining the main part of the building. Before the fire was under control the steeple fell. Chief Harrison saw wha was coming and quickly ordered his men to seek safety. Just as the got under cover the steeple crashed on the roof where they had been standing.

NEGRO ACCUSED OF SLAYING 16 YEARS AGO IS CAUGHT

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Charged with killing B. C. Booth, at Manor, Ware County, sixteen years ago, Will Eady, a negro, has been brought to Waycross from near Blountstown, Fla. He has been identified and will be placed on trial in December.

Eady's escape from a mob was narrow. The Booth family conducted a search for him. W. S. Booth has just paid a reward of $100 for the negro's arrest and the State's reward of $100 will be paid soon.

WAYCROSS PLANS TO SEND MAN ON BOOSTER TRIP

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross may have a representative on the Georgia Booster Train, which will leave Macon soon for a tour of the Middle West.

Secretary T. Jeff Bailey, of the Board of Trade, has been authorized to make the trip. He is getting splendid co-operation from the citizens. Thousands of Waycross booster booklets will be distributed by the se[illegible] while on the trip.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

STREET PAVING AGITATION IS ON IN WAYCROSS

Act of Legislature Gives Authority to Make Levies on Property Owners.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—While none of the members of the Georgia Legislatures except those from Ware knew what the passage of the local act on levies for street pavement in Waycross meant they really paved Gilmore, a leading street of the city, by voting to pass the act.

The amendment to the city charter was proposed by Council to establish beyond any question the right of the city to make a levy against property of the street railway company for paving on a street occupied by the tracks of the company, whether the part of the street occupied by the tracks was paved or left unpaved.

In trying to pave Gilmore, Council has handled one of the hardest problems Waycross has ever tackled. First one proposition would be agreed upon, then another, and all kinds of petitions from property owners were received. Sentiment is anything but unanimous with reference to the paving of Gilmore, but Council is apparently determined to pave the street with brick.

Estimates on the cost of paving Gilmore have varied from $20,000 to above $30,000. With the street car company's portion of the expense certain for the city, the financial end of the pavement has been closed, and Council probably will be asked at an early date to authorize the Mayor to sign a contract and have work started without delay.

Convicts to Work Streets.

At last Waycross is going to get some return from the part the city has been contributing to the improvement of roads in Ware County. The convict gang of the county, under the new county commissioner law, will have to be worked on the principal streets of Waycross three months of each year, and in order that some benefit might result this year, the law stipulates that for 45 days between now and the end of the year the gang must be worked in Waycross.

An effort to reduce the membership of the board to five was defeated, and the board will be increased after January 1, 1915, to seven instead of six members, as at present. Four of the seven will be from the Waycross district. The chairman, instead of being a resident of the Waycross district, may reside in any district of the county. However, with four members from Waycross, it is extremely doubtful if the chairmanship ever goes out of the Waycross district.

Senator J. L. Sweat's plan for a board of information, holding quarterly meetings with the Commissioners, were eliminated.

SHORTHAND WILL NOT BE TAUGHT IN SCHOOLS

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stenography and typewriting will not be taught in the public schools of Chatham County during the coming session "because of the shortness of finances." This is the decision of the Board of Education of the county.

Superintendent Otis Ashmore and Principal B. F. Pickett, of the High School, were instructed by the board to investigate the question and report. They hold that the only additional expense would be the purchase of typewriters. It would not be necessary to employ another teacher. Bookkeeping and commercial subjects already are taught in the schools.

Waycross Lid Is On 7 Days Every Week

Sunday Closing Supplement by 'Move On Order to 'Houses in Our Midst.'

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Although the first warrants issued in the crusade against the sale of cold drinks in Waycross on Sundays have been withdrawn on the promise of good behavior, it is announced to-day that the campaign for Sabbath observance will in no way be lessened. The prime reformers are H. Murphy and Dan T. Cowart.

Right on top of the fight on Sunday drink sales, Chief of Police John W. Colley has issued warnings to women who have returned here despite the "lid order" issued last fall by Mayor Reed shortly after Atlanta closed the "houses in our midst." Several houses bordering on the disorderly variety have just been closed and the inmates compelled to leave the city. Only a few of the women waited until the last day to leave, as the police let it be known that all caught here after the limit expired would be arrested and tried in Police Court.

Fire Chief May Hold His Job After All

Expected Shake-up Fails to Materialize in Waycross—Council Remains Inactive.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—The expected shake-up in the Waycross fire department has not yet materialized. It was reported a week ago that former Chief Thomas Ballentyne, of the Savannah fire department, would become chief of the Waycross department. So far, however, the matter has not been presented to Council for action.

Recent improvements in the fire department caused members of Council to feel that a more experienced man was needed as chief, and the report of the expected change caused the friends of Chief E. C. Hall to get busy. What effect, if any, this had is unknown, but it is stated on authority that the fire department shake-up may not be talked about again until the first of the year, when Council elects the Fire Chief along with other city officials.

Fought Four Men; Held for Killing

Charlton County Slayer Released on Bond of $5,000—Now in Hospital.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—An order was passed by Judge E. A. Parker, of the Waycross circuit to-day allowing C. W. Webb, charged with killing J. M. Crawford at Moniac, in Charlton County, temporary bail of $5,000. Authority was also given to transfer Cobb from Valdosta, where he has been in a hospital, to Hazlehurst. Thursday is the date fixed for a commitment trial at Folkston.

When he killed Crawford, Cobb was fighting four men, who attacked him as he started to board a passenger train. After he was cut to pieces he was left by the track all night.

NEW TRIAL FOR LANIER OVERRULED BY JUDGE

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Judge T. A. Parker overruled the motion for new trial in the case of State vs. W. C. Lanier, under life sentence for killing an infant. Attorneys will appeal the case to the Supreme Court. Lanier's wife, who was jointly indicted with him, was acquitted when she was tried at an adjourned term of court in June.

WAYCROSS TO TRY NEW FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Semi-Commission and Business Manager Plans To Be Voted on at Special Election.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross is on the verge of two interesting elections, and will top off the year with a warm municipal campaign.

The first election will be that of a Recorder to fill the recently-created position of City Recorder. The bill, as passed by the Georgia Legislature, provides that any lawyer 21 years of age may fill the place, and while there are no announced candidates for the position, it is known that members of Council have been approached by several who would like to serve until the election next year.

After the election of a Recorder will be the charter election. This will probably be called by Council at a meeting to be held next Tuesday, and will be for the purpose of deciding what changes, if any, in the present government of Waycross will be made. The charter bill provides for the city manager plan of government, which is a combination of the aldermanic and commission government, and an increased Board of Aldermen with appointive departmental heads. The proposition to have an all-time Mayor has been given up, and instead the charter provides that whoever is named Mayor must give sufficient time to look after the office properly. The salary of the Mayor is doubled, $1,200 being allowed under the new charter, as compared to $600 at present. The salaries for Aldermen are wiped out completely by the new charter. Heretofore Aldermen have been paid $200 a year.

There are many advocates of the two kinds of city government, and the election to be held will undoubtedly go down in the city's history as one of the warmest ever known in Waycross.

NEW RAILROAD TO BRUNSWICK FROM DARIEN

Connecting Link Will Be Completed by October 1—Preparations for Entry.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Preparations are already under way for the entry of the Georgia Coast and Piedmond Railroad into Brunswick on October 1.

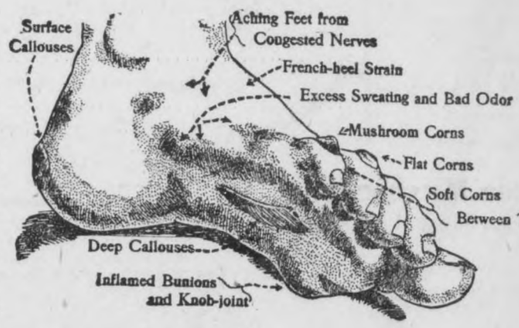
The rails are laid almost in entirety from Darien to Brunswick, and all that remains to make the connecting link perfect is the completion of the steel bridge over the Altamaha River. Work on the passenger and freight depots in this city is well under way, as likewise the work on the terminals along the river front.

By connecting Brunswick and Darien, many miles will be saved in going from one place to the other. The only direct connection with the McIntosh County seat is by boat from this city, which requires four and one-half hours to make the trip. With the Georgia Coast and Piedmont in operation, it will be possible to traverse the distance in less than an hour.

The road now runs from Collins, in Toombs County, to Darien, and with the extension to this city one of the richest territories agriculturally in Georgia will be opened up.

The road was started last summer, after having been under discussion for five years. The County Commissioners of Glynn and the city of Brunswick appropriated a large sum to aid in bringing the road here. The general offices of the road will be brought to Brunswick from Darien before the entry into this city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building. Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit)	$ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit)	250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value	$1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities	$1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash	$ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash	$ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	$30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913. EDWIN G. MARKS, Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock	$ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash	500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value	$4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities	$4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash	$967,024.22

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash	$875,954.38
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding	452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913. H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon
FOR ORGANIZATIONS

5,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon

1,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

GIRLS' CLASS

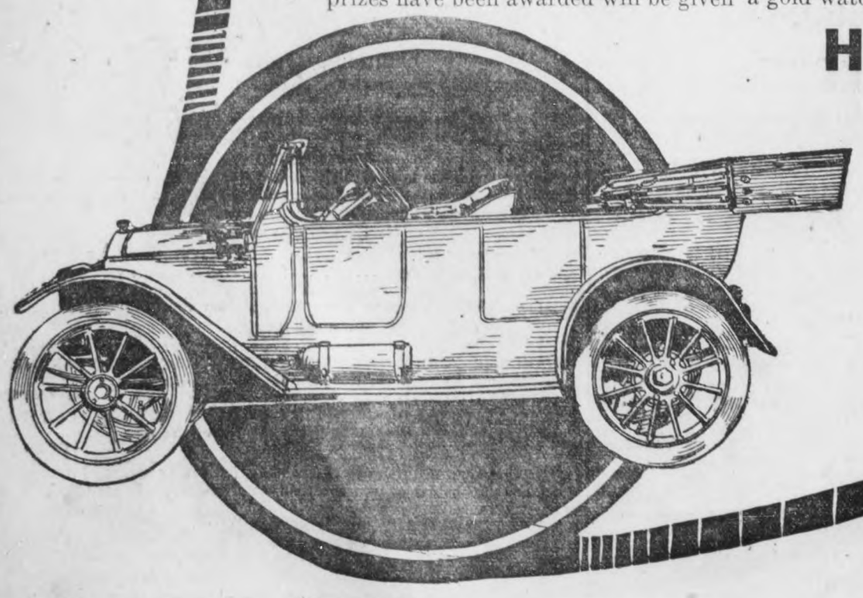
To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Griffin

GRIFFIN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Annie Martin is at Demorest, accompanied by Mrs. George Marlin, of Columbus.

Mrs. Lucy Cunningham, of Glade Springs, Va., is in Griffin, where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Elam, which occurred Sunday.

Misses Mary Lucia Slade and Jesse Cannifax and Messrs. J. T. Wells and C. V. Weathers have returned from Lifsey Springs, where they have been members of a camping party.

Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott left Wednesday for Salem, Va., where she is to be a member of a house party to be given by Miss Columbia Kelly.

Dr. and Mrs. Marcus F. Carson have just returned home from a visit to relatives at Commerce.

Walter B. Jackson and Miss Fannie Webster Logan were married here by the Rev. J. R. King.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruskin have returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

Mrs. B. B. Brown, Miss Olivia Brown and Master Douglas Brown have been visiting relatives in Rowsell.

Mrs. W. E. H. Searcy, Sr., spent last week in Atlanta in company with Senator Searcy.

Miss Nina Jenkins has returned from Eatonton, where she was a member of a house party.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wolcott, Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Faircloth and daughter, Miss Marianna Sears, Mrs. A. J. Dunham and her guests, Miss Wood, of Tennille; Mrs. J. M. Kelly, Miss Jesse Cannifax, of Barnesville; Miss Page Acree, of Chattanooga; Miss Elise Hay, of Dallas, Texas; Miss Rebecca Brown, Miss Mary Lucia Slade, Miss Elise Johnson, Messrs. Hughlett Kellett, Crossemberrey, C. V. Weathers, H. T. Green, Robert Williams, L. H. Beck and Robert Ramspeck, of Atlanta, formed a camping party to Lifsey Springs.

Miss Annie Suber, of Macon, is spending the week-end in Griffin with her sister, Mrs. Z. E. Jay, on Hill street.

Miss Mattie Evans has returned to her home in Washington, D. C. She will return to Griffin early in September.

Mrs. R. O. Crouch and children are in Meriwether County, the guests of Mrs. M. T. Crouch, the mother of Mr. Crouch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartow Jackson, of Bernice, La., are here on a visit to relatives of the former.

A wedding of interest in this section was that of Miss Edna Dingler, of Williamson, to Dr. Jackson, of Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Blake and son have returned from a tour of several Northern cities, including New York, Washington, Philadelphia and other places in the East. They were accompanied by Mrs. Blake's sister, Mrs. Lilah Copeland, and her son, H. J. Copeland, of McDonough.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Reddy, who have resided in Griffin for the past four years, have removed to Tennille.

Miss Lucile Flemister entertained Wednesday morning at a porch party in compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Walker, of Monroe.

Mrs. J. R. Cole and Mrs. James Flint were the hostesses at a domino party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. A. DuPree, of Marietta; Miss Jessie Robinson, of Owensboro, Ky., the guest of Mrs. James Baxter, and several other visitors.

Miss Ettienne Goddard entertained Tuesday afternoon at an al fresco party in honor of her guest, Miss Ruth Brown, of Waycross.

Captain and Mrs. James Kimbrough entertained Monday evening at dinner in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. William L. Owen, of New Orleans, La.

Miss Oressa Shackleford entertained at a lawn party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Lula Hanson, of Macon.

Miss Nellie Corbin gave a swimming party Tuesday afternoon at Corbin's Pond in honor of her guest, Miss Laura Porter, of Houston, Texas.

Mrs. J. C. Brooks leaves Thursday morning for Panama, where she will visit her son, Jack Brooks.

Miss Carmine Thomas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. L. Tucker, returned to her home in Atlanta Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Strickland will leave Sunday for an extended tour through the New England States, and will spend some time in Boston and New York before returning to Griffin.

Mrs. A. J. Mills has gone to Sharpsburg, the home of her childhood.

Miss Mary Bass has returned from a stay of several weeks at Lake Chautauqua, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hammond, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Woods Hammond on West Poplar street.

Jackson

JACKSON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. S. H. Thornton gave a reception Thursday in honor of her house guests, Mrs. A. B. Roberts, Mrs. S. B. Hungerford, Mrs. Charles Clawson and Miss Lucile Roberts, of Macon. Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Mrs. R. W. Oxford, Miss Nina Harris, Miss Mary Newton and Miss Pauline Mallett assisted Mrs. Thornton in entertaining. Misses Doris Nutt, Sylvia Lyons and Helen Ham served punch.

Miss Lucile Tolleson, of McDonough, was the honor guest at a rook party given Saturday by Miss Doris Nutt, whose guest she is. Miss Helen Carmichael won the first prize, a handkerchief, and the guest of honor was given a lace fan. Mrs. E. D. Tolleson assisted in entertaining.

In compliment to her guest, Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, Miss Mary Land gave a rook party Tuesday afternoon. The guest's prize was a silk fan and the trophy for top score fell to Miss Kate Ham.

Mrs. A. H. Smith and Miss Helen Smith, who are here for the summer, spent a few days of the week at their home in Atlanta.

Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, is the guest of Miss Mary Land.

Mrs. W. S. McBryant and her daughter, Mrs. Homer Young, of Augusta, and Mrs. J. D. Loner and children, of Alabama City, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McBryant.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mays are in Whitesburg.

Mrs. Wilbur Ham, of Cartersville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Ham.

Miss Thelma Woods is at home from a visit to Mrs. Fred Hatfield, in Opelika.

Mrs. Charles Rice, of Atlanta, is spending the week-end with Mrs. A. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carmichael have returned from a visit to Norfolk.

Mrs. H. H. Hooten, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Maddox, Jr., of Valdosta, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Maddox.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—A party of twelve of the Thomasville Campfire Girls, chaperoned by Mrs. J. Scott Hunter, left this week for Hendersonville, N. C., and will camp for a month at Bat's Cave, near Hendersonville. Those in the party were Misses Mabel Evans, Ethel Evans, Katherine Balfour, Blanche McDonald, Rose Evans, Carmen Evans, Georgia McKay, Florence Vaughn, Mary Patterson, Isabel Peacock and Hattie Brandon.

Miss Lucile Green left this week for a trip to Washington, New York and other points.

Miss Alice Bateman, of Dallas, Texas, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Mash.

Miss Pauline Harrell, of Bainbridge, is the guest of Miss Nell Patten.

Mrs. T. N. Hopkins and Miss Helen Hopkins have returned from a visit to Waynesville, N. C.

Miss Bessie Helm, of Bronwood, Texas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. S. Parker, has returned home.

Miss Martha Brantley, of Boston, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Willis Moore.

Misses Fraser and Isabel Mitchell are the guests of Mrs. D. I. MacIntyre in Atlanta.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe, of Valdosta, are the guests of Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. W. H. Parker is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. D. Steel, in St. Paul, Minn.

Miss Maude Speight has returned from Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Turner are visiting New York and other Eastern points.

Mrs. H. W. Hopkins has returned from Western North Carolina.

Mrs. W. L. Ball has returned from Battle Creek, Mich.

Mrs. J. B. Lockhart has returned to her home in Adel after a visit to her mother, Mrs. Arthur Patten.

Mrs. H. D. Atkinson and Miss Gladys Atkinson have returned from a visit to friends in Bainbridge.

Mrs. Henry Lester and Misses Mildred and Susan Lester have returned from a visit to Atlanta and Chattanooga.

Miss Margaret McKay, who has been visiting Miss Susie Leonard at Talbotton, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Spence left this week for a trip North.

Miss Eula Brooks, of Boston, is the guest of friends.

Mrs. James A. Mallette, of Boston, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Tifton

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Tom Williams, of Douglas, was the guest of Mrs. N. Peterson Monday.

Misses Vannie and Nora Goggans are attending a house party at Sylvester given by Miss Lamp.

Miss Rose Schoenerman has returned to Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Hazel Ford has returned from Atlanta and the Blue Ridge Mountains.

Mrs. I. A. Fulwood and Miss Louise Fagan are visiting in Rochelle and Fort Valley.

Miss Deborah McRae, of Thomasville, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. McRae Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Myers left Wednesday for Washington, D. C.

Mrs. W. T. Hargrett is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Speight, of Moultrie.

Mrs. R. S. Kell and children have returned home from Atlanta.

Misses Mary Carl Hurst, of Atlanta, and Florence Mercer, of Albany, are the guests of a house party given by Mr. Amos Tift, for which Mrs. S. L. Fleetwood is chaperon.

Misses Julia Williams, of Douglas, and Florence Parks, of Ty Ty, are the guests of a house party given by Miss Aline Shipp.

Miss Adelaide Hargrett entertained her guests with an all-day picnic at Lucy Lake Tuesday.

Cordele

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—Miss Lamar Ryals is expected to return Monday from a trip to the Eastern States.

Misses Sarah and Erin McArthur, of McGregor, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. John B. Ryals.

Mrs. D. Meredith Clarke was the hostess Wednesday to the Young Matrons' Club.

Miss Jurelle Little has returned from Eastman.

Mrs. Robert Wynne, of Eastman, is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Walters.

Mrs. John Barfield and little son, of Emerich, were guest during the week-end at the home of Judge and Mrs. S. W. Coney.

Mrs. A. H. Holder, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Miss Nellie Roberts.

Sam Coney, Jr., is home from Washington for a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Webb have returned from a visit at Chipley and Columbus.

Miss Emily Hyde is visiting Mrs. John Hyde at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Arthur Purvis has returned to her home at Americus after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Persall.

Mrs. James Kee, of Macon, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Williams.

Misses Marie and Lucile Diffee have returned home from a visit to Mrs. H. J. Maddox at Bainbridge.

Miss Mazie Crawford was the hostess Thursday at a luncheon for a party of young friends, including her three cousins, the Misses Coffman, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Miss Neta Reser, of Bristol, Tenn., and Messrs. L. E. Fenn, Hunt, Hancock, Reagan and Turner.

Miss Ida Fay Mathews has returned from a visit at Shellman.

Mrs. W. A. Frout, of Barnesville, is visiting Mrs. T. E. Jennings.

Misses Elma and Laura Bell, of Valdosta, are the guests of Miss Mary Sue Russell.

Miss Ruth Carswell, of Waycross, the guest of her cousin, Miss Harriet Carswell, was entertained this week by Miss Carswell, Mrs. J. E. Lindsay and Miss Sarah Hyde.

Miss Alice Oliver has returned to Americus after a visit to Miss Belle Jones.

Talbotton

TALBOTTON, Aug. 16.—The most important social event of the week was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones to Mr. Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, Monday night. The wedding was at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Trussell. Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church here, performed the ceremony. C. K. Mahone and Mrs. Dana Brown were the attendants. The wedding was a surprise.

Mrs. Jennie Gray Draughon returned to Reynolds Tuesday after a visit to Miss Hattie Simpson.

Miss Hattie Taylor, of Fitzgerald, has been the guest of Miss Susie Leonard during the week. She and Miss Leonard and a few others were entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner given in her honor by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bryan Monday night. The others present were Miss Lizzie Ragland and Miss Imogene Smith.

Miss Clara Spivey and Miss Anne Douglass left Monday for Franklin, N. C., where they are invited on a camping trip with Miss Lynn Johnston.

One of the most enjoyable of the summer dances given by our nearby little town of Geneva was that Tuesday evening by J. E. Bartlett and Walter Adams at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson, in compliment to the young ladies of Geneva. The punch bowl was presided over by Misses Willie Kate Edge and Gussie Lee Cook. Ices and cakes were served by Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Hazel McCrary and little Kate Whit Stinson. Among the dancers were Misses May Covington, Willie and Mary Edge, Hazel McCrary, Gussie Lee Cook, Myrtice and Jennie McCrary Etta and Zoudie Bradshaw, Ora Colquitt, Sallie Shipp, Kate Whit Stinson, Messrs. J. E. Bartlett, Walter Adams, E. G. Cook, Albert Persons, Fitz Colquitt, Lake McCrary, Clinton Barksdale, Jim McFarland, and Harvey Benson. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Missie McCrary.

A social event of this week which came as a surprise was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones of Mount Ida, Talbot County, to Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Trussell on College avenue Monday night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church. C. K. Mahone was best man and Mrs. Lilyan Brown matron of honor.

Mrs. Dickerson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. T. Jones, of Mount Ida. Mr. Dickerson formerly resided at Talbotton and in Atlanta.

Hazlehurst

HAZLEHURST, Aug. 16.—A beautiful wedding of Friday was that of Miss Mary Frazier to Bolling Harvey Johnson, which was quietly solemnized by the Rev. W. M. McMorries, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. H. Greene.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left immediately after a reception for the mountains of North Carolina.

Moultrie

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. C. A. Beall is with relatives at Sylvester.

Mrs. W. E. Adams who has been the guest of friends here has returned to her home at Thomaston.

Miss Lonnie Vickers is at home after visiting relatives at Greenville, Fla.

Miss Ethel Spivey left yesterday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. J. C. Mebale is at home from a visit to Oklahoma City and Muskogee, Okla.

Miss Mabel Clark, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Bessie Muller.

Mrs. J. M. Strickland, of Dothan, Ala., who has been the guest of relatives here, left Friday for home.

Miss Lucia Gilmore is the guest of friends at Cordele.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Tharpe are spending the summer at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

Mrs. D. B. L. Powell is at home from Panama City, Fla.

Misses Minnie and Janie Milligan, of Newton, Ala., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. A. Huber.

Miss Nona Smith returned yesterday from Chautauqua, N. Y.

Mrs. T. W. Maddox came home Friday from Atlantic Beach, Fla.

Mrs. W. B. Linder, of Dublin, is with her mother, Mrs. G. S. Nelson.

Mrs. I. A. Heard is the guest of relatives at Vienna.

Mrs. C. L. Stevenson left yesterday for Cartersville.

Miss Mary Harris has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Pidcock left yesterday for White House, N. J.

Mrs. W. F. Way entertained a party of friends at a domino party Thursday.

Eatonton

EATONTON, Aug. 16.—Dr. and Mrs. George Noble, accompanied by Misses Noble and Drs. Wagner and Henry Noble, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, making the trip in Dr. Noble's car.

Mrs. Clinton Powell entertained for her guest, Miss Mary T. Lawrence, of Milledgeville, Friday afternoon.

Mrs. R. Preston Brooks and children, of Athens, are the guests of Mrs. Alex Reid.

Mrs. Walter Chamblee, of Atlanta, and Mrs. and Mrs. Irby Kilpatrick, of Athens, are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kilpatrick.

Mrs. James Davenport, of Brunswick, and Miss Annie Smith, of Sparta, are visiting Mrs. T. G. Greene.

Mrs. T. G. Greene entertained at a reception for Mrs. Davenport and Miss Smith, on Saturday afternoon. The Delta Phi's formed a group of girls, receiving the guests on the porch, where Mrs. Sam Dusenburg, of Barnesville, served punch.

An event of the week was Miss Agnes Leverette's bridge party in honor of Mrs. Davenport, of Brunswick, at the home of Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, Monday evening. Mrs. John T. Dennis received first prize, Sam Hearn the consolation, and Mrs. Davenport was given a guest prize.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Candler, Jr., of Clearwater, Fla., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Reid Hearn.

Saturday morning Mrs. M. F. Adams, Mrs. B. N. Alsbrook, and Mrs. James Denham were joint hostesses at a party given in honor of Miss Helen Denham and her house party.

Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro will entertain in honor of her visitors, Misses Noble, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Gardner entertained at tea Saturday evening for Mrs. Sidney Reid and her guest, Mrs. Rogers Davis, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis entertained Tuesday for their house guests, Miss Allen Bell, of South Carolina; Mrs. Rollin Hutchinson, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dennis, of Elberton. The punch bowl was presided over by Miss Leila Turner and Miss Eleanor Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Dennis were assisted in entertaining by Colonel and Mrs. Frak Jenkins, Mrs. Sid Edmondson and Miss Mattie Edmondson.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Miss Juanita Bennett has returned from a visit to Americus.

Miss Clifton Wing, of Macon, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thorpe.

Members of the Friday Club were entertained by Miss Hettie Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wall left Thursday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. W. B. Stovall, who has been visiting in Griffin, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Remley left on Wednesday for a visit to White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Macey Highsmith left Wednesday for a visit to Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. V. A. Jones, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting relatives in Waycross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Scruggs and little daughter and Mr. Oren L. Gray left Tuesday for an auto trip through Georgia and North Carolina.

Mrs. Jennie Mell and Miss Viola Mell left yesterday for a visit to points in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Dessau Bunn visited relatives in the city this week, returning to St. Simons.

Mrs. A. M. Litch left Wednesday for Spartanburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Brewer and Miss Hester Brewer, who have been visiting Judge and Mrs. H. P. Brewer, have returned to Douglas.

Miss Dorothy Krauss, who has been the guest of Miss Anice Daniel and Miss Annie Laurie Walker, returned to Brunswick Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Hughes and son returned Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Atwood, Mrs. R. J. Haines and Miss Moneta Haines left Thursday for a visit to points in Virginia.

Mrs. E. P. Guren and little son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. J. Walter Lyon.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran left this week for a visit to points in North Georgia and Tennessee.

Mrs. E. H. Clark and children have returned from a visit to St. Louis.

Mrs. John C. Nicholls and daughter, Miss Meta Nicholls, returned Tuesday from Hendersonville, N. C.

Miss Lula Platt, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. B. N. Norvell, left Wednesday for Woodland, Cal.

Miss Anna Morrison left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. E. C. Yerkes, of St. Louis, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. B. Drane, her daughter, left Thursday for San Francisco.

Misses Ada and Natalie Smith, of New York, arrived Wednesday.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—The Art Needle Workers were entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William R. Youles.

Mrs. J. H. Scruggs left on Tuesday for Aberdeen, Miss.

Mr. A. B. Smith and family have gone down to Rocky Ford and are in camp.

Mr. J. F. Stapler chaperoned six or eight couples of young people to Blue Springs, Fla., on a fishing trip.

Mrs. John Q. Sineath and her little daughter, Virginia, left Tuesday for Atlanta and Huntington, Tenn.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and children left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C. Dr. Rose and the boys went up on Thursday in their automobile.

Mrs. W. B. Fender and children returned to Valdosta from Atlanta on Monday.

Miss Eula Garbutt has returned to her home at Fitzgerald.

Miss Julie Winn Varnedoe and her guests, Misses Gladys Laney and Daisy Wilkins, are at Thomasville visiting Miss Louise Grantham.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Black left Wednesday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. C. C. Brantley left Thursday night for Brevard and Toxaway, N. C.

Mr. J. N. Griffin has returned from the Nacoochee Valley, where he has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. G. Hardman.

Miss Georgia Smith and Messrs. Frank Smith and Leon Paine left Tuesday for New York.

Miss Edith Doty left Friday for Niagara Falls and Canada.

Miss Sallie Mathis left Wednesday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyly Doty and children have gone to Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mathis left Thursday for New York.

Miss Mattie Pope Hagherty left Thursday for Americus.

Misses Irvin Denmark and Cap Relihan left Wednesday for New York.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe left Monday for Thomasville to visit Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. C. R. Ashley and her son and Miss Eugie Dasher left Wednesday over the National Highway for points in North Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland and child left Wednesday night for Newnan, Ga.

Washington

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The patriotic societies of Washington are planning to entertain all Confederate veterans in Wilkes County the first Tuesday in September.

Mrs. Lawrence O. Fortson was the hostess at a meeting of the Wednesday Afternoon Bridge Club this week.

Miss Roselyn Wootten, who has been visiting relatives in Columbus, returned Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. William Graham Love, who will spend two weeks in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Richard Wootten.

Mrs. W. D. Ellington is visiting in Daytona Beach, Fla., the guest of Mrs. C. L. Horn.

Mrs. Mary Fisher, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Richard D. Callaway.

Washington relatives who will attend the marriage of Miss Edythe Sims and Mr. Paul Newsom, of this city, which will occur Monday afternoon in Atlanta, are: Mrs. James C. Newsom, Miss Ina Newsom, Mrs. H. S. Roberts, Misses Julia Toombs and Lucy Willis DuBose and Messrs. Sam Brooks, W. Frank Lee and John B. Green. Following the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Newsom will leave on the afternoon train for Washington and will be at home with Mr. and Mrs. Raymond R. Smith.

Gainesville

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—One of the most interesting affairs of the week was a party given by Miss Marguerite Chamblee, in honor of her cousin, Miss Estelle Barrett, of Clarkston, and Miss Dorothy Fitzgerald, of Gainesville.

Miss Lillah Fickling, of Rome, the guest of Misses Helen and Dorothy Dean, was the honoree of Miss Louise Law in a lawn party given Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Henry Washington entertained a few friends at a porch party Thursday afternoon for Miss Jeannette Christian, the guest of Mrs. J. C. Pruitt.

On Friday afternoon Miss Margaret Jewell celebrated her eighth birthday with a quaint party.

Misses Annie and Esther Smith entertained informally at their home Monday evening in honor of their guests, Misses Mary and Annie Smith, of Silver City.

The party given Friday evening by Miss Mary Logan was a compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Hanna Kimsey, of Cornelia.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. Noah Webster was hostess at a delightful sewing party.

Cedartown

CEDARTOWN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Lucy Henderson was married Tuesday to J. H. Hawkins, of Rome. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. C. Heard at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. F. A. Irwin. Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins have gone to Borden Wheeler Springs and will be at home in Rome after September 1.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, Aug. 16.—Miss Vannie Phillips spent Wednesday in Atlanta.

Miss Ethel Stevens, of Ball Ground, arrived Tuesday to attend the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Cramer spent Monday in Temple.

Miss Lucy Harris spent Wednesday and Thursday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Smith returned Tuesday from Atlanta and Dallas.

Mrs. Arthur Coffee, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Bass.

Mrs. L. S. Sims left for Cartersville Sunday to visit her mother, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hanna, of Chesterfield, S. C., are visiting Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. J. R. Jolly is visiting her parents in Dawson.

Miss Floy Rawls, of Rome, is the guest of Miss Vannie Phillips.

Mrs. George Harris and baby are in Warm Springs visiting Mrs. Harris' sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bickford and son are in Atlanta.

Miss Eugenie Mandeville has returned to Atlanta.

Mrs. Leon Walker, of Clearwater, Fla., is the guest of their mother, Mrs. T. B. Griffin.

Miss Marie Spence, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. W. Glass.

Mrs. T. B. Griffin has returned from a visit to Newnan and Atlanta.

Mrs. Cecil Boykin left Monday for her home in Marietta.

Mr. and Mrs. Mandeville Long have returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Edna Cook left Wednesday for Piedmont Springs.

Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers, is the guest of Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almon.

Miss Lula Kingsbery has returned to Atlanta, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Henderson.

Miss Natalie Jones, of Griffin, who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Griffin, has returned.

Miss Nell Sharpe, of Jacksonville, Fla., is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hearn, of New York, are expected in Carrollton next week to visit Mr. Hearn's mother, Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. Robert Creel, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bledsoe, has returned to her home in Jasper, Ala.

Miss Katie Lou Thomasson will leave Tuesday for Piedmont Springs.

Mrs. Cleo Shaw and daughter, Sarah Helen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Teague, at Heflin, Ala.

Miss Lucy Harris, who has been in New York studying music, returned Friday and is with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson, left Wednesday for Opelika, Ala.

Mrs. E. W. Keith and little daughter, Louise, of Rome, attended the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Mrs. Ruth Kramer entertained at a theater party Wednesday afternoon complimentary to Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thomasson spent Tuesday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, of Griffin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Moore.

Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almand entertained at a theater party Monday afternoon complimentary to their visitor, Miss Mary Lou Tucker.

Mrs. William Beall and daughter, Miss Allie Beall, have returned from Birmingham and Bessemer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Bass and baby have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bass, at Piedmont Springs.

LaGrange

LAGRANGE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Michael Cody, of Montgomery, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Ferrell.

Miss Stella Bradfield is visiting relatives in McDonough.

Mrs. Fred Robinson, of Atlanta, is visiting her father, Glover Hood, of LaGrange.

Mrs. John Brown, of Locust Grove, is the guest of Mrs. E. R. Bradfield.

Miss Alma Albright is visiting her brother, Will Albright.

Mrs. Griffin is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Harrison.

Mrs. Howell, of Warrenville, is a guest of her son, Jim Howell, on Hill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Shang are visiting in Hogansville.

Miss Margaret Bell, of Dadeville, Ala., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Shearer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dix have returned from a visit to Huntsville, Ala.

Misses Mildred and Marion Bradfield, of Atlanta, are visiting Miss Sara Lane.

Mrs. Lillie Cason is the guest of Mrs. Fuller E. Callaway.

Miss Ethel Pike is visiting in Atlanta.

Mrs. Charles J. Warner and family, of Rome; Mrs. J. B. Ridley and family, of Atlanta; Mrs. G. S. Edmundson and family, of Abbottsford; Carl Edmundson, of Conyers; Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy and family and J. P. Edmundson, who have been guests of Mayor and Mrs. Edmundson, have returned to their homes.

Helena

HELENA, Aug. 16.—A wedding which came as a surprise was that of Miss May Council to Eugene Suddeth, of Madison, Fla. They went for a drive and stopped at the parsonage of the Rev. J. K. Hines, where they were married. Miss Mantie Coker, a friend of the bride, going with them.

An event of Tuesday evening was a social affair given by Miss Florence Davenport in honor of J. C. Clements, of Macon. Those present were Misses Florence Davenport, Marie Brewton, Edith and Marion Creighton, Clara Dunford, Vera McGinty, Messrs. J. C. Clements, of Macon; Richard Carson, P. W. Pittman, of Atlanta; Billie Ryals and G. A. Boatright, of Americus.

Mr. Marion Howard, of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Pittman this week.

Mrs. E. J. Tyson, of Abbeville, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. F. M. Creighton.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, Aug. 16.—A delightful affair was the afternoon tea given by Mrs. Horace Howard in honor of Mrs. Henry Gooding, of Columbia, S. C., who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bradley Howard.

Mrs. John P. Anderson entertained the Round Dozen Sewing Club Wednesday afternoon. The guests were Mrs. Conyers Fite, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Samuel Candler, Clearwater, Fla.; Mrs. George L. Cope, Savannah; Mrs. J. G. Simpson, Miss Mattie Jones, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Bert Sims, Murfreesboro, Tenn.; Mrs. Otto Conn, Mrs. Louie Hall, Miss Maude Norris, Milledgeville; Miss Ann Smith, Pittsfield, Mass.; Mrs. Bob Best, Rome, and Mrs. Gordon Cassells, Savannah.

Mrs. W. T. Bate, of Barnesville, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Calhoun.

Mrs. Buford Graw has returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Mrs. Otto Conn and Miss Ruth Conn, of Milledgeville, are in Cartersville, the guests of Mrs. D. B. Freeman.

Mrs. Harris Cope and Mr. W. H. Field left Tuesday for Versailles, Ky., to visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton.

Miss Johnnie Louise Sanders, of Elmwood, is the guest of Miss Emily Davis.

Mrs. Lena Wofford Harley, of Sparta, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Wofford.

Miss Ruth Berry, of Atlanta, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Lutie Harvey.

Mrs. J. C. Platt and little daughter, Katherine Platt, of Augusta, are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Saxon.

Mrs. Alfred Zachry and son, Alfred Zachry, Jr., of West Point, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. J. W. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cassells and Miss Gladys Cassells, of Savannah, are the guests of Mrs. Emriod Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Walker, of Monroe, spent the week with their daughter, Mrs. Hampton Field.

Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. John Adair are at Glenn Springs, S. C.

Mrs. Logan Vaughn has returned from White Sulphur Springs.

Covington

COVINGTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. B. C. Jenkins and children, of Columbus, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. N. Rainey, left Friday for Atlanta, where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Murphy.

Mrs. Jack H. Estes, of Dallas, Texas, arrived Monday to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. D. Bush. Mrs. Estes is remembered as Miss Florrie Cheney, having frequently been the guest of Mrs. Bush before her marriage.

Miss Ida Shellnut, who has been entertained as the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Carter, left Friday to visit relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. R. H. Bickerstaff and children have returned to their home in Athens after a visit to Mrs. J. M. Allen and Miss Jule Allen.

Miss Clara Belle Adams is entertaining a bevy of girls at her home on Floyd street, including Misses Mary Stephens, of Nashville, Tenn.; Maggie Rogers, Marguerite and Agnes Adams, of Carrollton.

Misses Bernice Breedlove, of Monroe; Virginia Withers, of Atlanta, and Fannie Mae Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., returned to their homes Monday after spending ten days at Henderson's Mill as the guests of the campers.

Mrs. Roscoe Johnson, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mrs. T. F. Hodges and children, of Dothan, Ala., who have been spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Clarke, have returned to their homes. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke have as their guests now Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mobley, of Millen.

Miss Dotye Greer, of Brunswick, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. Colquitt Greer, at Eatonton and Oconee Springs, spent last week as the guest of relatives in Madison. Miss Greer is spending this week with her sister, Mrs. C. I. Cash.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harwell, Mr. Candler Harwell, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry W. Branham and Mrs. Annie Webb, of Atlanta, left Thursday in Mr. Harwell's car for Indian Springs.

Miss Emily Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., and the Misses Mobley, of Hogansville, were guests of honor at a party given by Miss Lella Perry on Saturday morning. Misses Fannie Mae Henderson, Julia Cowan and Kate Perry assisted the hostess.

Mrs. P. W. Godfrey and Miss Frances Godfrey, accompanied by Mrs. Berto Lee, returned home Saturday from Atlanta, making the trip in Mrs. Godfrey's car.

Miss Frances Lee, of Atlanta, who has been the guest of Mrs. Laura Carter and Mrs. John M. Fleming, left Friday for a visit to relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. J. M. Fleming entertained Thursday afternoon at the Lyric Theater in honor of her guests, Misses Ida Shellnutt, of Sandersville, and Frances Lee, of Atlanta. In the party were Misses Ruby Vining, Lartrelle Meadors, Josephine Franklin, Ida Shellnut and Frances Lee.

A delightful event of the past week was that at which Mr. James Wells entertained Thursday evening at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Wells, in honor of Miss Edna Tompkins, of Helena, who, with her mother, Mrs. Robert Tompkins, has been the guest of Mrs. Wells for several days.

Misses Bower entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening in honor of their house guest, Miss Kittie Lee Bower, of Quitman.

Miss Sallie Mae Sockwell entertained Saturday morning with a porch party.

Dublin

DUBLIN, Aug. 16.—The marriage of Miss Julia Porter, of Danville, and C. G. Kitchens, of Dublin, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Porter, near Danville, Tuesday afternoon. The wedding was a simple home affair. The Rev. T. Bright performed the ceremony. The wedding march was played by Mrs. J. C. Chandler, of

MR. HEARST TELLS WHY HE KEEPS OIL LETTERS FROM LOBBY INQUIRY

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Foreign-Born Women Voting Is Restricted

Illinois Attorney General Outlines Conditions Under Which They Can Cast Ballots.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 16.—In answer to Mayor Schriver, of Rock Island, for an opinion on votes for women under the new suffrage law and to govern authorities in an approaching election, Attorney General Lucey to-day held:

"That a foreign-born woman who marries a citizen of the United States, whether such citizen be natural born or naturalized, by such an act of marriage becomes a citizen of the United States.

"An unmarried foreign-born woman whose father did not become naturalized until after she arrived at her majority, would not, by such act of naturalization upon the part of her father, become a citizen of the United States.

"A woman born in the United States whose father was not naturalized prior to her arriving at her majority is a citizen of the United States."

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

DEER HINDERS TRAFFIC; DODGES TEAMS IN ROAD

ALBANY, ORE., Aug. 16.—Running along on a well-traveled country road a big buck deer dodged its way between three teams of horses and escaped unhurt last week. The deer was encountered near Brewster Station, on the Woodburn-Springfield line between Crabtree and Labanon, by three men who were hauling lumber to the railroad line.

As the season is not yet open for deer no attempt was made to shoot it.

...l Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figgins, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

WANT TO MAKE MONEY? START TERRAPIN FARM

Government Authority Declares There Are Big Profits in the Diamond Backs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The diamond-back terrapin, aristocrat of the dining table and king of the banquet menu, need not disappear from the sandy shores of the United States and be lost to disciples of Epicurus forever if the business men of the nation will allow themselves to be awakened to the fact that there are fat dividends in the breeding of the animals.

Uncle Sam is sponsor for this statement. Experts in the Bureau of Fisheries are anxious that business men shall read its report.

At Beaufort, N. C., the experts started out four years ago with 40 females and 18 males, terrapin such as may be found from Southern Virginia all along the coast down to Florida. From this small breeding stock the experts procured 295 eggs in 1910. Of the 295 eggs only 7 failed to hatch.

In 1911 513 eggs were procured, and of these 421 were hatched. Even better results were obtained in 1912, when 650 eggs were procured and 538 hatched. The number of eggs laid and hatched in 1913 is expected to be far greater. Of course, a terrapin must be five or six years old before he is in the best shape for the table, but this slow growth is offset by the fact that "one man may care for several thousand terrapin."

Terrapin farms, the Government report says, should be situated on the shore line of tidal salt water, where a supply of fresh water also is available; low, swamp land where fish and crabs are plentiful being preferable. Best results are obtained by breeding the terrapin in pens specially built, but not expensive in construction.

Unlike the chicken breeders and the breeders of other food animals, the terrapin breeder need not worry about disease in his stock. The Government experts say: "So far as is known, diamond-back terrapins are not subject to epidemic disease, and after reaching the age of two or three years have no important enemy except man."

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 100 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906. William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

Our August Furniture Sale



Our "Middle of the Month" August Furniture Specials have never been so numerous and the values so great.

The articles you want are here, carrying prices much lower than you expected to pay.

Why delay buying longer? Our courteous salesmen will be glad to show you through and aid you in making selections, and we will be pleased to arrange terms to suit YOU. Come in to-morrow.

Special Rocker Sale Monday

Monday Special on Small Rugs

Beautiful patterns in floral and Oriental designs. These rugs are positively guaranteed. Please note these prices, which are good for to-morrow only.

$1.50 Brussels Rugs, Monday 98c
$2.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $1.48
$4.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $2.98
$6.00 Axminster Rugs, Monday $3.98

A big shipment of four-dollar values. Substantially made, are attractive patterns, beautifully finished in rich golden oak. You can get genuine comfort in these rockers. Not more than three to any one customer and none to dealers. Our special price for to-morrow only is **$1.98**

Special Sale on Go-Carts Monday

25% Discount on Gas Ranges

Every sanitary, fuel-saving, conveniently arranged Buck's gas stove and range is included in this special discount. One dollar per week pays for your choice.

Special Sale on German Porch Screens

About three dozen left. They will make your porch cool and attractive. Please note these special prices.

$2.50 6-foot Screens, now only $1.48
$3.50 8-foot Screens, now only $1.98

About one dozen included in this lot. They are all samples—all badly damaged—values are from five to fifteen dollars. They are equipped with best re-tempered steel springs, heavy rubber tires, fold completely up in one and two movements. To-morrow only you may take your choice for only **$1.98**

Duplex Mattress

—made of eight layers of fluffy, sanitary felt; has imperial, tightly stitched edges, grade "A" ticking and we positively guarantee this mattress to not sag or lump. We are exclusive agents for this mattress. $1.00 cash, $1.00 weekly, at..... **$10.00**

Wood's Special Davenport

—a wonderful value. Frames are made of well seasoned materials. It is upholstered with genuine chase leather, has best re-tempered steel springs, and we can furnish it in golden oak, mahogany or mission finish. An ideal davenport by day, and ONE MOVEMENT converts into a full sized bed. Complete with sanitary felt mattress only **$37.50**

Blue Tag Bargain Basement

Six big wagonloads were added yesterday to this already well filled space of big home-furnishing values.

Every piece a needed article in some home—every piece an incomparable value. Come to-morrow (BIG MONDAY) and make your selections. Our usual terms apply to any selection made in our Blue Tag Bargain Basement.

Sellers Kitchen Cabinets

—the one kitchen cabinet which really fills all requirements. It has an ant and dust proof flour bin and sugar compartment—a convenient and sanitary place for everything needed in a modern kitchen—see our special for only **$31.50**

Wood's Special Chifforobe

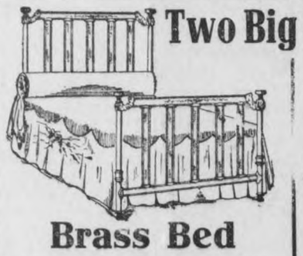
—has a separate and convenient place for everything a man wears from an overcoat to a collar button. Also a large and conveniently arranged shaving mirror. It has a trouser rack which will keep trousers in shape, and a most convenient coat rack. Our special terms on any finish is $1.00 cash, $1.00 per week, and the price is only **$21.50**



Family Size
EAGLE

—will keep your foodstuff to perfection—the ice bill will be small and it will in every particular give satisfaction. Special terms of one dollar cash, the balance one dollar per week, and our price is only **$7.50**

Two Big Specials



Brass Bed

—has heavy, substantial two-inch posts, five extra large and strong fillers—furnished in either single or double sizes in satin or gloss finish—terms one dollar cash and one dollar per week, and our price is only **$12.50**



Special Outfit

—the outfit consists of one heavy two-inch continuous post gold bed, one sanitary felt mattress, one pair springs and one pair feather pillows. A great value. Our special terms are ninety cents cash and the balance $1.00 per week. Complete outfit only **$17.90**

Monday Special

An attractive dollar value, guaranteed time keeper—has extra loud alarm attachment—securely packed in a specially made box, and the special price for to-morrow only is

48 Cts.



Bachelor's Den

The coziest and most attractive MAN'S room you ever saw. See front window, Whitehall street. This entire outfit will be sold to any bachelor on especially attractive terms.

Rhodes-Wood COMPANY

FURNITURE

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

103-5-7-9-11 Whitehall Street, Corner Mitchell

Crawford Chairs

—the most substantially made chair on the market—here in any finish—guaranteed by the manufacturer for five years—we are exclusive agents—see big display.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR NORTH GEORGIA

VOL. I. NO. 20. Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company. ★★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SULZER AND GLYNN EACH REFUSE TO BUDGE INCH

Deadlock Results in New York Impeachment Situation as Each Claimant Refuses to Make Move—Both Go to Capitol.

Accused Executive Accompanied by His Bodyguard Goes to State House and Plunges Into Business—No Outbreak Surprise.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Neither drastic nor violent steps will be taken by Lieutenant Governor Martin H. Glynn to force William Sulzer, the impeached Governor of New York, from office—at least not to-day. Owing to the fact that this was a half holiday at the State offices, Mr. Glynn spent but a few minutes at the Capitol, and while both Sulzer and Glynn forces refused to budge an inch, matters were at a deadlock.

Accompanied by his bodyguard, Governor Sulzer walked from the executive mansion to the Capitol, where he plunged into State business, just as though his right to exercise the gubernatorial prerogatives were not contested.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who claims the powers of Acting Governor under the Constitution until Mr. Sulzer is brought to trial on September 18, went from the Capitol to the offices of his newspaper and announced he would spend the afternoon at an athletic meet. He denied that, like Napoleon, he would lift the power of ruling New York State on the bayonets of the National Guard.

Lack of Trouble a Surprise.

Absence of an actual outbreak today was a surprise to many who expected to see the executive chamber a battleground for the Sulzer and Tammany forces.

Mr. Sulzer now virtually stands alone, having been deserted by the members of his cabinet, who have allied themselves to the Glynn forces. But Sulzer refuses to abdicate, despite the fact that the ranks of his political enemies have been strengthened during the last 24 hours.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who is now signing State documents with this signature, "Martin H. Glynn, Acting Governor, State of New York," announced that, in spite of any obstructions thrown in his way by the Sulzer legal forces, he would continue to administer gubernatorial affairs pending Mr. Sulzer's trial for alleged high crimes and misdemeanors September 18.

Both Sides Fear Trick.

Both sides are taking elaborate precautions to guard against a trick. Throughout the night armed guards stood watch over each State department, while lawyers and legislators involved in the struggle were trailed by private detectives. Mr. Sulzer was in retirement planning a new legal move with his counsel. Messenger boys with Washington and New York city telegrams could not find the Governor, but members of the "inner circle" took charge of the dispatches, saying they would find the Governor.

Leaders of the anti-Sulzer faction made the threat that Mr. Glynn, now having control of the State Military Department, would actually invade the executive chamber.

"He will get a mighty warm reception," declared Sulzer adherents, who are few, but courageous.

Some Fear Martial Law.

Some residents of this city, realizing the intense seriousness of the situation, fear that conditions may become so grave that martial law will have to be declared.

It was assumed that Governor Sulzer to-day would reply to the second note from Lieutenant Governor Glynn, demanding the unconditional surrender of all prerogatives by Mr. Sulzer and the abdication of the Governor. Counsel were with the Governor at the beginning of the official day, and it was reported that the Governor was urged to take a fling at Tammany Hall.

Germany Also Snubs Panama Exposition

Kaiser's Government Follows John Bull's Action in Declining American Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The German Government to-day decided to refuse to participate in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 6, Column 6.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love.'

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

FRAUD USED TO BEAT HEARST, SAYS MULHALL

Lobbyist Declares He Obtained Confidence of Democratic Leader in Campaign for Governor.

GAVE REPUBLICANS SECRET

Letter Was Forged to Give Him Introduction to Up-State Committeeman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

France to Welcome Envoy de la Barra

Mexican Legation Is Assured That There Is No Objection to New Minister

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Mexican Legation has heard nothing of any objection on the part of France to the reception of Francisco de la Barra as Mexican Minister to this country. The secretary of the legation said to-day.

"We would never be the first to hear of it if any such objection existed."

The Agence Nationale was the authority for the report, which was printed here yesterday. Senor de la Barra sailed from New York to-day.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy, and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

SUPREME TEST COMES AS STATE TRAINS GUNS ON FRANK'S CHARACTER

Defendant Will Take the Stand Early in Week to Give His Account of His Movements on Day Mary Phagan Was Killed.

ATTORNEYS SEEKING TO PROVE A COMPLETE ALIBI

Believed That Case Will Stand or Fall on Efforts of Prosecution to Prove Its Charge of Immorality Against the Accused.

BY AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The third week of the Frank trial came to an end at noon Saturday.

The defense has not yet concluded its case, but confidently expects to finish within the next day or two.

Its last card, and one of its biggest, will be the defendant's statement. This statement is scheduled for the early part of this week.

It will mark the climax of the defense's case, just as Conley's story marked the climax of the State's.

It became more and more evident as the case progressed during the past week that the defense is pitting Frank squarely against Conley—that it is to be Frank's life or Conley's life for little Mary Phagan's, snuffed out cruelly nearly four months ago in the National Pencil Factory.

Frank's statement on the stand, which the law permits him to make, but not under oath, and which may be accepted by the jury, either in whole or in part, in preference to all the sworn testimony, will be matched against the story the negro told so dramatically and with such frightful emphasis soon after the case got under way.

Into the negro's story, moreover, was injected the question of Frank's general character, particularly in one unmentionable direction, and this the defense will undertake to offset completely and finally.

More than a hundred witnesses have been summoned to testify to Frank's good character, and these include men and women from every walk of life, where it could be shown that such witnesses had come in contact with Frank from time to time in such wise as to be competent judges of his general character.

DALTON'S TESTIMONY IMPEACHED.

Already, the one witness (Dalton) so far introduced by the State to corroborate Conley has been successfully impeached by the defense, and it is likely that others introduced to uphold the negro also will be subjected to impeachment proceedings, if the defense suspects that it may successfully inaugurate the same.

The defense seemingly has realized fully the heavy necessity of breaking down Conley's awful story, not only in direct connection with the murder, but in every phase of it that bears upon the character of the defendant.

As a primary proposition, the advantage in the situation thus set up dwells within the defense.

In the first place, Frank goes to the jury with the presumption of innocence in his favor. The burden is not upon him to make out a case in behalf of himself. It is upon the State to make out a case against him.

Moreover, the only right of appeal attaching to persons indicted for felonies is within the defense. Once the State loses, it is lost forever.

The State must allege and prove the guilt of the defendant "beyond a reasonable doubt," and fight right up to that limit.

If there remains a reasonable doubt of Frank's guilt, after the last word has been said to the jury, Frank, under the law, is entitled to it, and if the trial jury fails to award it, a court of review will remedy the legal wrong thus inflicted upon him.

ALL STATE TESTIMONY SWORN.

The State, moreover, must submit every bit of its evidence, to the last shred or patch, under oath.

The defense, on the contrary, may clear itself upon testimony not one word of which is sworn to.

The State's star witness, Conley, also comes into court a confessed accessory after the fact of the murder, a confessed falsifier in numerous conflicting statements as to his knowledge of and connection with the crime, and accompanied by a well established jail record fearfully and wonderfully made up.

His is a much harder story to hold up than Frank's, viewing the two stories generally and in their broader personal aspects.

Even without Conley, to be sure, the State still has a circumstantial case against Frank that might compel considerable attention and respect, but there are few people who seemingly believe that it alone would be sufficiently strong to convict.

It probably is a realization of the State's tremendous task, involved in the holding together of Conley's story, that has caused

DORSEY SURE OF CASE AS CRISIS COMES

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Frank Had Life Which He Hid From Relatives and Friends

Jurors in the Frank case sketched in the courtroom. They are: 1. M. Johenning, 2. A. L. Wisbey, 3. F. V. L. Smith, 4. Deder Townsend, 5. M. S. Woodward, 6. A. H. Henslee, 7. W. M. Jeffries, 8. J. T. Ozburn, 9. Charles J. Basshardt, 10. W. S. Medcalf, 11. Fred E. Winburn, 12. J. F. Higdon.



Trial Will Last Through Week, Declare Men Who Have Followed It.

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense Objects too Late.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, dependent alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta is that to fall in the establishment and corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing possible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believe the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element, as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

Rely on State Witnesses.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relying upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several different directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this despite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Mary's mother), George Epps, a motorman, and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probably to be amolified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

State Seems Confident.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless, the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get on pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.

Girl on Stand Shouts She Would Die for Leo Frank

Employee of Pencil Factory Furnishes Dramatic Incident of Day—Dressing Room Evidence Is Brought Out.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimoney in any way prejudicial to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into a eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by the time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guiltlessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though if never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to conduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmeline Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sister. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded against it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled toward Miss Kitchen, and then turned around and walked away. She testified that the girls never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking their overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her in regard to a reported remark of N. V. Darley, general manager, that "if the girls stay with us through this, they will not lose by it." She said she had overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

The following pencil company employees were called as character witnesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stewart, Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Ina Hayes, Eula May Flowers, Elma Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dickerson, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osman, Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, Rebecca Carson, Maude Wright, Irene Jackson, and Mesdames Emma Freeman and Ella Thomas.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL
368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L
Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A graded school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.
Send For Booklet

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee August 25
THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF "HER FATAL SHADOW"
Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPENS THURSDAY AUG. 21


Dr. W. J. Harper
New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery
Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00
All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1617

Bring Us Your Films for Development

We Give You BETTER RESULTS Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING
AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT
ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.
We Also Carry a Complete Line of EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES
GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.
Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree

LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE DECLARE HE ALONE HAS PREPARED STATEMENT

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of Jurors, But Will Simply Outline His Contention as to Tragedy.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, international tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated tonight that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam, Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweetheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shan'- and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

Grape Juice vs. Milk

Secretary Bryan Does Not Have Undivided Support of Cabinet in Choice of Beverage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Grape juice as a Cabinet beverage has gone into eclipse, in spite of the prominence given to it by Ciceronian eloquence as being the only nectar of the gods.

A canvass of the preferences of other members of the Cabinet beside that of Mr. Bryan, whose favorite beverage is well known, disclosed the fact that plain old m!!!k, sweet and buttermilk, is ahead in the race. President Wilson prefers orange juice to that of the luscious grape.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is one of the sweet milk champions and has a fellow champion in Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo leans toward buttermilk.

Attorney General McReynolds and Secretary of War Garrison are said to be ardent milk advocates.

Secretary of Agriculture David Houston is one of the two members that find enjoyment in pure unfermented grape juice.

Secretary of the Interior Lane prefers hot tea, while Secretary of Commerce Redfield likes his tea cold.

Charges Sister Stole Her Husband's Love

California Woman Names Beautiful Relative in Her Plea for a Divorce.

SUSANVILLE, CAL., Aug. 16.—Charging that her younger and prettier sister had stolen her husband's love, Mrs. Celia Rundquist Schaefer asked Judge Monroe for a divorce from Marin Schaefer, a fruit grower and rancher. Miss Rose Rundquist, sister of the plaintiff, was named as co-respondent.

Mrs. Schaefer testified that her sister admitted that her husband was a "grand man," and that he showered attentions upon the sister and admitted making love to her. The plaintiff also claimed that she had to support both for two years.

Judge Monroe held that there was insufficient corroborating evidence and instructed the applicant for divorce to get more witnesses.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

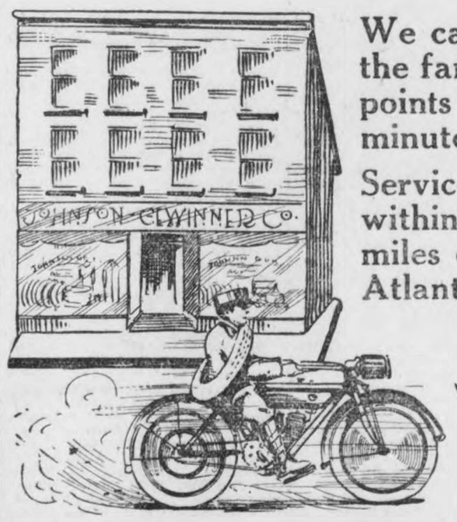
(We sell all makes.)

Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

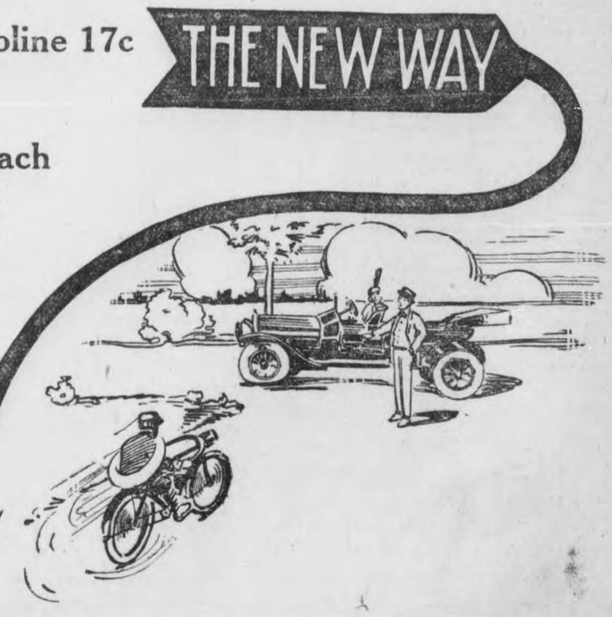
83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

Free Air Station ::: Gasoline 17c



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta



GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury T. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court. Below is Lola Norris, the other girl witness in noted case.



SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with, the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her hearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacramento in the same fear of exposure of their illicit liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," replied Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such low voice that Judge VanFleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the defendant said that resulted in your deciding to leave Sacramento.—A. Well, he said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say she would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money given to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. Did you wait in the depot for Caminetti?—A. No; he was to return to the restaurant. There was some talk about going on an earlier train. We waited in a little street car waiting room near the depot. Miss Norris stayed in there when the train came in. I walked out with Mr. Diggs and told him to go and I would stay there. He said, "No," that he thought too much of me to have me stay there. The train finally left.

Caminetti Gets Money.

Q. Then Mr. Diggs went to the waiting room and telephoned?—A. Yes, to Mr. Caminetti, I think.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. We returned to the Saddle Rock and waited half an hour for Mr. Caminetti. When he came, he said he had the money and would go on the next train.

Q. Then you did what?—A. We went to the depot.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. Mr. Diggs said to wait while he got the tickets.

Q. Whom did you wait with?—A. With Lola Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Q. Then what?—A. When the train came, we got on.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall, do you, going to the Riverside Hotel on the 10th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is, Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris, were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say.

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of ary, 1913, I will ask you if you, in company with Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris, did not go in an automobile from San Francisco to San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidelberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

M. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many times were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I dbn't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No, sir.

BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I will appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

BRING YOUR VACA-

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplid from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

$5



Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE

MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S

GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. Telephone M. 1708

Over Brown & Allen's Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH . .	$5	GOLD FILLING . .	$1
GOLD CROWNS . .	$4	AMALGAM FILLING,	50c up
BRIDGE WORK . .	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up

TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . . $1 up

be witnesses of integrity and standing | matter of fact, reach the factory be-

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison, was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine!" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job

But Lind Is Most Unusual Man

Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of h'm and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of disssatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam ovenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg, of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavaliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order...$165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US
Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.
Name .....
Address .....

Cable Piano Co.
84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.
GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.

MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existinfi in individual counties, and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 19 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues; they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing doctors; they have heard the plea of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the father and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. Ten Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

The Tax Receivers of the counties shall open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

In ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has rev-



The Wonderful and Prompt Results of Vegetable Obbac.

olutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.

You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....
Address .....
..... State .....

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic canoeists both of them, and inveterate campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then to Beaver Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal an river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will fly. The life-saving crew of Clifton, the Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equipage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bills proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Bear River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires when he may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions.

"I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

BRING YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Fresh films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 42 N. Broad street.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

Nance Believed Mad When He Slew Wife

Relatives Declare He Was Mentally Unbalanced When He Left Knoxville Friday.

KNOXVILLE, Aug. 16.—George R. Nance is believed by his wife's relatives in Knoxville to have been insane when he killed her in a hotel at Hamlet, N. C., yesterday. They recite incidents connected with his former residence in this city that cause them to suspect he was mentally unbalanced.

At one time Nance left home and his wife did not know of his whereabouts until she received a cablegram from him in Liverpool, England. Soon thereafter he came here and they remained until they went to Greenville, S. C., last March, where his wife was manager of a sanitarium operated by a company with hospitals in various cities. For four years she was head of this company's hospital at Los Angeles. Her last station had been at Chattanooga, where her local relatives thought she was yesterday.

Mrs. Nance was born in Sweetwater, Tenn., and had many relatives over East Tennessee. She married Nance in Alexandria, Va., nine years ago, and they had no children. Mrs. J. T. Steele, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. B. T. Baker, of Alexandria, Va.; Mrs. Jerry Reagan, of Portland, Oreg., and Mrs. J. A. McCampbell, of Friendsville, Tenn., are her sisters.

Autos Are Barred By Canadian Island

Residents of Prince Edward Will Not Allow Machines to Enter Province.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—"It seems strange in these days when automobiles are seen on every street, on every country road that there should be one section on the American continent where these vehicles are positively prohibited," said R. A. Dewey, of Toronto.

"Recently the Canadian Parliament enacted legislation to permit the use of self-propelling carriages in the Province of Prince Edward Island, but it is by no means certain that the legislation will be effective. There is every indication that the law will never be put in force because a plebiscite on the question was taken throughout the island when the annual district school meetings were held.

"The returns that have come thus far indicate that the farmers are strenuously opposed to allowing automobiles on Prince Edward Island. More than 90 per cent of the population voted no on the proposition, and in some of these places the vote in the negative was unanimous.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends in Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife Eva died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover, Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

"Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA



WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established—because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."

WHITLAW PRICES RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.



Original Painless Dentist

The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT
Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!

The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE **SAVOY CAFE** 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE === LOW PRICES

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of habitual drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Men's Socks Adorn Girl's--Ahem

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde Is Bold Apostle of New Style and She's a Good Proselyter.

Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short socks are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features, you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it.

The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeologist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY
A MODERN CONSERVATORY.
A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.
OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug. 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughteds and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "rag" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury. Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "roughneck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "makeup" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

The woman, now bent and feeble, is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865
82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta
The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

Macon — Latest Middle Georgia News — Augusta

MRS. ZACHRY IS NOW IN AUGUSTA WITH HER BABY

Is Confident of Her Ability to Establish That She Is Proper Person for Custody.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Mary Zachry and her one-year-old daughter, Mildred, have returned to the city from Columbia, S. C., where she resided temporarily after her sensational flight from this city with her two children following a decision by Judge Hammond to the effect that the decision of the Ordinary with regard to the award of the children be made the decision of the higher court.

At that time Judge Hammond refused to go into the merits of the case, holding that he had no right to hear evidence on a matter which the Ordinary had already decided.

Mrs. Zachry's attorney, C. E. Dunbar, appealed that phase of the case to the Supreme Court, with the result that Judge Hammond's decision was reversed and the case will be heard in the Superior Court on its merits.

Mr. Dunbar was asked in regard to bringing the case before Judge Hammond again and he said that this would probably be done some time later.

"It requires ten days for the decision of the Supreme Court to reach Augusta in official form," said Mr. Dunbar, "and it will therefore be some time during the fall before the matter is taken up before Judge Hammond."

Now that the opportunity is afforded of a full and unrestricted presentation of the facts in the case, Mrs. Zachry is confident of her ability to establish that she, the mother, is the proper person to have the custody of the children.

Judge Henry C. Hammond, of the Superior Court, has ordered that Julian J. Zachry pay immediately $50 alimony due Mrs. Mary W. Zachry, but has allowed some time for the payment of $40 attorney's fees in the case.

C. E. Dunbar, representing Mrs. Zachry, appeared in court to ask the payment of the two sums. Hamilton Phinizy, representing Zachry, pleaded an extension of time. The plea was granted as far as the payment of fees was concerned, and the defendant was given until October 1 to settle them.

Under his own arrangement the alimony was paid at once.

Laura and Crowell Dorr

Attractive children of Mr. and Mrs. Frank X. Dorr, who danced the minuet in "The Carnival of Grace" recently given at the Grand Opera House in Augusta by Mrs. St. Amands dancing school pupils.



Catholic Schools To Open in August

September 2 and 8 Dates Set—Few Changes in Teachers Expected.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—The Catholic schools in the city will open for the 1913-1914 term September 2 and 8.

The Mount St. Joseph School will not open until October 1, but by that time the new four-story administration building will be completed and the accommodations for more pupils will be greater. The Sacred Heart College, of which Father Salter is president, will open Tuesday, September 2. Father Salter has succeeded Father Sherry to the presidency, and Father Haggerty returns, vice Father Buckley. There are no other changes in the college teaching staff.

St. Patrick's Commercial Institute also opens Tuesday, September 2.

St. Mary's Convent will open Monday, September 8.

The opening date of the Sacred Heart Convent is yet undecided. It is probable, however, that September 2 will be the date settled on.

The St. Francis Xavier School for Negroes, under the direction of Father A. Laube, of the Lyons African Missions, will open September 16, in the new school building. Four of the Franciscan sisters and a lay instructor will compose the teaching staff.

Start Work in Fall on New Augusta Road

Carolina and Georgia Construction Delayed by Inability to Decide on Route.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—President James U. Jackson, of the Carolina and Georgia Railway, announces that work of construction will begin early in the fall.

The delay has been caused by the inability of the officials of the road to decide whether to go via Eureka, as the original plans provided for, or via Johnston. The citizens of the vicinity of Johnston have offered to subscribe liberally to the stock if the road is built through their section, which is one of the finest farming sections in the South.

Memorial Bridge To Open in Augusta

Monument to Major Archibold Butt Will Cost $35,000—Nearly Complete.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—The Butt memorial bridge will be finished within a short time. A contracting firm has been engaged in the work for over ten months and within a few more weeks it will probably be turned over to the city.

The bridge is to be of concrete and will cost about $35,000, exclusive of the decorations. It is to span the first level of the canal on the principal thoroughfare to the Hill, and over an old bridge across the same stream at the same place President and Mrs. Taft and Major Butt often drove.

On one end of the bridge is a monument erected several years ago by Judge Henry C. Hammond, of this city, to the memory of Dennis Cahill, a young Irishman who lost his life attempting to save the lives of two young girls.

More than $3,000 has been raised by the Archibald Butt Memorial Association to properly decorate the bridge.

Firemen Endangered By a Falling Steeple

Lightning Sets Brunswick Church Spire Ablaze and Causes It to Topple.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—When McKendree Methodist Church was struck by lightning and set on fire, Fire Chief Harrison and three of his men narrowly missed death.

The lightning set fire to the steeple. The chief and three firemen climbed to the roof of a one-story addition adjoining the main part of the building. Before the fire was under control the steeple fell. Chief Harrison saw wha was coming and quickly ordered his men to seek safety. Just as the got under cover the steeple crashed on the roof where they had been standing.

COUNCIL SAYS IT HAS NO CONTROL IN LIQUOR FIGHT

Augusta W. C. T. U. Demands Enforcement of Prohibition Law—Commission Controls.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—Pursuant to a demand from the Augusta Chapter, Woman's Christian Temperance Union, that the City Council of Augusta regulate the saloons of the city and put a stop to the alleged flagrant violation of the law, which was referred to the police committee of the City Council, a report has been made to that body by this committee at a special meeting.

The W. C. T. U. members requested that the City Council tell them, in plain terms, what they intended to do about the Augusta situation. The City Council will make reply that it has no authority in the matter. In effect, the City Council will tell the W. C. T. U. that it can not regulate the saloons within its corporate limits; that if the women wish the law enforced, they will have to appeal to the Solicitor of the City Court or the Police Commission of the city of Augusta. This must be done by "specific charges," presented either to the Solictior or the commission.

From this answer grew a heated argument on the prohibition law and its non-enforcement in Augusta. But the argument was merely by way of diversion. It was suggested that if the police were not doing their duty by the law in Augusta, a movement should be made to impeach the Police Commission, but that was only a suggestion.

Councilman S. H. Myers of the Sixth Ward, discussing the proposition, said:

"Council simply pays the freight. We appropriate between $90,000 and $100,000 a year for the maintenance of the police department, and can not even make a suggestion as to what it shall do."

The city is peculiarly situated in this respect. The police department, unlike the fire department, is not governed by a committee of the City Council. Under an act of the General Assembly of Georgia, a commission, consisting of a member from each of the city wards, and the Mayor, is appointed to govern the police department. The commissioners are elected by the City Council, but immediately when they assume office the commissioners have as much or greater authority than Councilmen. A recent change, removing the power of dictating to the chief from the Mayor and placing it in the hands of the chairman of the commission, removes the last semblance of power of Council over the department. If the commission sees fit to ignore the request of the W. C. T. U., even if all City Council voted to the contrary, it may be done, and there is no hindrance.

So, having investigated the situation and found themselves without authority to suggest to that, the most important, department of the city, the City Council will inform the W. C. T. U. of their find, and will request them "to draw up specific charges of violations of the law and present them to either the Solicitor of the City Court or the Police Commission of Augusta."

REYNOLDS TJ PRACTICE LAW I,N AUGUSTA COURTS

Augusta, Aug. 16.—Charles G. Reynolds, a brother of Mrs. Rogers Winter, of Atlanta, who was formerly Miss Mary Reynolds Carter, of Augusta, has come to Augusta for the practice of the law, and is now in the office of Colonel D. G. Fogarty.

Friends of both Mrs. Winter and Mr. Reynolds will watch the progress of the young attorney with much pleasure. Though in his early twenties, Mr. Reynolds has been admitted to the bar and practicing law for three years.

MACON BOOSTERS GIVE UP TRIP TO NORTHWEST

MACON, Aug. 16.—The Chamber of Commerce has decided to abandon the proposed booster train to the Northwest. It was finally considered impracticable at this time. Instead, two booster trains will operate intra-State. One will be operated early in the fall, prior to the State Fair, visiting nearly 200 towns.

NEW TRIAL FOR LANIER OVERRULED BY JUDGE

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Judge T. A. Parker overruled the motion for new trial in the case of State vs. W. C. Lanier, under life sentence for killing an infant. Attorneys will appeal the case to the Supreme Court. Lanier's wife, who was jointly indicted with him, was acquitted when she was tried at an adjourned term of court in June.

Dove Hunters Must Wait Until November

Augusta Game Warden Puts Them on Notice—Will Send Violators to Jail.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—Dove hunters have been in the habit of shooting this species of the feathery tribe in August for so many years that they don't know how to stop.

Game Warden W. H. Lanier, of Richmond County, says he will show them.

The dove season doesn't open until November 20, and Warden Lanier says that he is going to arrest all violators of the law and send them immediately to jail if they don't give bond. He goes further and offers a reward of $10 and three-fourths of the fine for the arrest and conviction of violators.

The fields, woods and swamps about Augusta are full of game, and the quail and dove season is expected to prove rich harvest for the sportsmen of this section.

In the Savannah River swamps duck, wild turkey, deer and squirrels are to be found, and this is some of the best hunting in the country.

Schedule to Tybee For September

Superstitious Fears Vanish as Record Is Unearthed—Few Storms in September.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Following a prolonged agitation on the subject, the Central of Georgia Railway has announced a Tybee schedule for September which will answer all requirements of those who care to remain on the island during that month, and will make it possible for the season to be extended for the additional 30 days. It is now up to the people to show whether the experiment is justifiable or not.

For years a sort of superstition has existed that it is not well to stay on Tybee during the month of September. People have thought that it is not healthful to go in the water during this month. There is also a very deep-seated fear of storms during this period, when the hurricane season is in full swing and the weather man is likely to spring a West Indian tornado this way overnight. It is certainly not pleasant on Tybee during one of these storms.

Heretofore the season at Tybee has always closed with Labor Day, after which winter schedules on the railroad were in operation, making excursion visits to Tybee impracticable.

TO USE GATLING GUN IN SHAM BATTLE AT MACON

MACON, Aug. 16.—There will be a sham battle between two platoons of the Macon Hussars on Tatnall Square Park Monday night, and an especial feature of it will be the attempt to capture a gatling gun, led by a squad under command of Sergeants Johnson and Patton. The gun will be defended by squads commanded by Sergeants Winslett and Roberts. This will be the first time in all of the maneuvers of the Macon military that the gatling gun will have ever been used.

TRAVELS 3,000 MILES TO VISIT POINTS IN MACON

MACON, Aug. 16.—North Winship, a well known and popular young Macon man, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Winship, after a 3,200-mile journey from the Tahiti Islands, where he has been stationed as Consul for two years. He is now on his way to Owens Falls, Canada, where he has been transferred. This will make his trip cover a total distance of 5,000 miles. Mr. Winship will be accompanied to Canada by his parents.

PRESIDENT OF WESLEYAN HEADS NEW ORGANIZATION

MACON, Aug. 16.—Rev. C. R. Jenkins, president of Wesleyan College, has returned from Nashville, Tenn., where he attended a meeting of the presidents of the young ladies' colleges of the South. The presidents formed an organization that will meet once each year, and Dr. Jenkins was elected president, this being a tribute both to him personally and to the fact that he represents the oldest female college in the world.

BARTLETT TO RUN AGAIN, SAYS JONES COUNTY NEWS

MACON, Aug. 16.—In Jones County it is believed that Representative Charles L. Bartlett will be a candidate for re-election, although he announced in his last race that he would not run again. The publication in The Jones County News that it has a straight tip that Judge Bartlett will get in the race has aroused much interest here, but it is not confirmed by his close friends and advisers.

MILLER IS OUT FOR MAYOR IN TIGHT CONTEST

Bibb Representative Is the Youngest Candidate Ever Seeking Macon's High Office.

MACON, Aug. 16.—The local Mayoralty situation was further complicated to-day by the announcement of Wallace Miller, who now is Representative to the Legislature from Bibb County, that he will be a candidate for Mayor.

An enthusiastic meeting of Mr. Miller's friends was held this morning, and a committee was appointed with full authority to organize an Aldermanic ticket. It is expected that his ticket and formal statement to the public will be announced early next week.

Wallace Miller is the youngest candidate who ever entered the race for Mayor of Macon. He is only 28 years of age.

Mr. Miller is a graduate of the University of Georgia. He entered the practice of law here, but later engaged in the commercial field as the manager of a provision house. Two years ago he resumed law, announced his candidacy for the Legislature, and was safely elected, although it took a recount of the ballots to establish his victory.

Mr. Miller's father, Judge A. L. Miller, was Mayor of Macon four years ago, and is one of Macon's leading citizens. However, Wallace Miller is not running on his father's strength, as the elder Miller is opposed to his son's present political venture. He will get his father's support, however.

Mr. Miller's candidacy was first suggested a week ago, but in a very few days the boom became so substantial that Mr. Miller could not resist the importunities of his frineds. A number of prominent citizens have volunteered to run with him for Council, and it is believed that he will have a strong ticket. His campaign probably will be managed by former Representative Walter DeFore and Charles H. Hall, ex-City Attorney.

The campaign likely will be conducted along anti-administration lines.

Waycross Lid Is On 7 Days Every Week

Sunday Closing Supplement by 'Move On Order to 'Houses in Our Midst.'

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Although the first warrants issued in the crusade against the sale of cold drinks in Waycross on Sundays have been withdrawn on the promise of good behavior, it is announced to-day that the campaign for Sabbath observance will in no way be lessened. The prime reformers are H. Murphy and Dan T. Cowart.

Right on top of the fight on Sunday drink sales, Chief of Police John W. Colley has issued warnings to women who have returned here despite the "lid order" issued last fall by Mayor Reed shortly after Atlanta closed the "houses in our midst." Several houses bordering on the disorderly variety have just been closed and the inmates compelled to leave the city. Only a few of the women waited until the last day to leave, as the police let it be known that all caught here after the limit expired would be arrested and tried in Police Court.

Dental Clinic at Medical College

Department of University of Georgia Broadens Scope of Practice.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—The faculty of the medical department of the University of Georgia has made provision for the opening of a dental clinic at the medical college, thereby broadening the scope of practice and theory for the pupils of the institution.

Augusta dentists have co-operated willingly in the clinics, which begin Monday.

The following dental surgeons will have charge of the clinics on the respective days of the week. Mondays, Dr. George W. Woodbury; Tuesdays, Dr. O. K. Fletcher; Wednesdays, Dr. E. M. Wilder; Thursdays, Dr. W. E. Clark; Fridays, Dr. R. H. Calhoun; Saturdays, Dr L. W. Bethea.

Every afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock the clinics will be held. These, together with the other medical and surgical clinics, the training schools for nurses and social service work, are rapidly placing the Medical College of Georgia in the forefront of medical circles.

MRS. W. H. DOUGHTY DIES AT HER AUGUSTA HOME

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—In the death of Mrs. Sarah Felder Doughty, widow of Dr. William H. Doughty, Sr., one of the most highly respected ladies of Augusta and this entire section, has passed away.

Mrs. Doughty died at the ripe old age of 77 years, surrounded by her devoted children. Those surviving her are three sons, Dr. W. H. Doughty, Jr., dean of the medical department of the University of Georgia; Lewilyn G. Doughty and Albert Doughty, and three daughters, Mrs. William S. Jackson, Mrs. W. M. Butt and Mrs. Jefferson M. Berry.

SHORTHAND WILL NOT BE TAUGHT IN SCHOOLS

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stenography and typewriting will not be taught in the public schools of Chatham County during the coming session "because of the shortness of finances." This is the decision of the Board of Education of the county.

Superintendent Otis Ashmore and Principal B. F. Pickett, of the High School, were instructed by the board to investigate the question and report. They hold that the only additional expense would be the purchase of typewriters. It would not be necessary to employ another teacher. Bookkeeping and commercial subjects already are taught in the schools.

PETERS NAMED PRESIDENT OF ELECTRIC MEN

Southeastern Section of National Light Association Closes Its Convention at Macon.

MACON, Aug. 16.—T. W. Peters, of Columbus, to-day was elected president of the Southeastern Section of the National Electric Light Association. Mr. Peters was the unanimous choice of the executive committee in whose hands the selection of the officers for the ensuing year was left.

The other officers elected were C. D. Flanigan, Athens, first vice president; E. Brigham, Tampa, second vice president; E. S. Roberts, Savannah; M. W. Obbrett, Birmingham; M. Lindsley, Durham, N. C.; G. K. Diston, Columbia, S. C.; H. C. Adams, Jacksonville, executive committee.

The executive committee decided to wait until later to select the place for the next meeting. The selection will be made at a meeting of the committee which will be held in September. An interesting paper on "Daily Meter Readings" was read this morning by F. B. Culley, of Augusta.

Most of the delegates will leave for their homes late this afternoon, while others will leave to-night and to-morrow morning.

FETNER TO HOLD PLACE ON MACON WATER BOARD

MACON, Aug. 16.—W. H. Fetner, chairman, of the Water Board, who last week decided to resign that position and run for Council, after having resigned from Council to get on the Water Board, has reconsidered and will not make the change. Mr. Fetner is master mechanic of the Central of Georgia Railroad.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00 Sofas at	$93.75	$85.00 Desks at	$56.25
75.00 Sofas at	56.25	65.00 Pier Tables	45.00
85.00 Bureaus at	56.25	85.00 Library Tables	56.25
110.00 Book Cases at	82.50	85.00 French Beds at	56.25
125.00 Sideboard	93.75	35.00 Work Tables	27.50
35.00 Fireside Chair	22.50	65.00 Serving Tables	37.50
35.00 Scroll Rockers at	17.50	55.00 Corner Pieces	37.50

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY

222 PEACHTREE STREET

B. C. BUFORD, Manager **ATLANTA, GEORGIA**

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

Athens — Latest News of North Georgia — Rome

COMMISSION GOVERNMENT FOR DALTON

Public Utilities Taken From City Council—Plants Must Be Self-Sustaining.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Dalton will have at least a partial commission government beginning with September 1, when the charter amendment bill passed during the closing days of the Legislature goes into effect.

The bill takes the city utilities, including water, gas and electric light and power plants, completely out of the hands of City Council, turning over the management to the board of water, light and sinking fund commissioners, which consists of Paul B. Trammell, H. J. Smith and H. B. Farrar, three of the city's leading business men.

This commission will have absolute control of the municipal plants. The board has the right to fix rates, collect all money due from consumers, authorize and make extensions, etc., without consulting the administration, the utilities being entirely separated from the rest of the city government.

The bill further provides that the entire responsibility rests upon the commission, City Council being in no wise bound by the actions of the board. The plants must be at least self-sustaining, for Council is not expected to appropriate one cent for maintenance of the various plants, appropriating only for the sinking fund and interest on outstanding bonds.

It also provides that if City Council receives a bid for the sale of the plants, the bid being accompanied by a certified check for one-fourth the amount offered as a purchase price, and a petition signed by one-third of the qualified voters, an election shall be called for the purpose of ascertaining if public sentiment favors a sale. If in the election called in such an event two-thirds of the registered voters favor a sale, such a step will be taken.

AGED NEGRESS SAVES FIVE CENTS ON HER TAXES

DALTON, Aug. 16.—"Aunt" Loucinda Dukes, an aged negress, was the first local taxpayer to take advantage of City Council's offer of 3 per cent discount on taxes paid prior to August 20.

She sent the money to the Clerk's office, where it was found that her total taxes amounted to $1.88. The discount saved her the sum of five cents, which would have gone into the city treasury had she waited until the last of December, when city taxes fall due.

W. W. CALLAWAY GETS PLACE ON JURY BOARD

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Willis W. Callaway has been appointed by Judge Fite as a member of the board of jury revisers, filling the vacancy caused by the death of Joseph H. Moore.

The board will meet here Monday and begin the work of revising the jury lists of Whitfield County.

THOMAS COUNTY WANTS STOCK LAW PASSED

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—That Thomas County will have a stock law before a great while is very probable, if the wishes of the majority of the farmers are carried out. This is a a matter that has been discussed for some time, but of late the tide of opinion has turned so decidedly in its favor that it begins to look as if concerted efforts will be made to have such a law for the county.

ROADS WILL ENLARGE CORDELE UNION DEPOT

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—It is authoritatively reported that work of enlarging the Union depot in Cordele and making improvements on the grounds will begin about September 15. The time limit of 60 days set on the railroads by the Railroad Commission will expire on October 1, prior to which time the Georgia Southern road, which will have the work in charge, must begin activities.

DALTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO OPEN SEPTEMBER 8

DALTON, Aug. 16.—The Dalton public schools will open the fall term Monday, September 8, the date being set by the school board at a meeting yesterday. Mr. C. D. Meadows, who comes here from the Rome public school system, will begin his service as superintendent of the local schools. An eleventh grade has been added to the High School, the advanced work to be started this year.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witchhazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Mrs. J. H. Lamb

Of Atlanta, an August Bride, formerly Miss Bessie Harrison. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Harrison, of Gainesville.



Church Building Has Sacred Value

Gainesville Edifice Moved Half Mile. Cost More Than New Structure.

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—Costing several hundred more than the value of the building to move it, Grace Episcopal Church has been moved around corners and through streets, a distance of more than a half mile, from its location on College avenue to the rear of the new church lot on East Washington street.

The reason for moving the building intact is because of its sacred value. Sacred buildings of the Episcopal Church must be kept.

The new church lot was purchased by Bishop Nelson as a gift to the church here. Upon it a building to cost at least $20,000 will be erected, work upon the foundation to begin at once. The present church building removed is being placed upon the rear of the new lot to be used as a Sunday school and instruction room.

Rev. Merlin Jones is vicar of this church.

GRAND MASTER COLDING GUEST OF DALTON MASONS

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Robert L. Colding, of Savannah, grand master of the grand lodge, Free and Accepted Masons of Georgia, will be the guest of Dalton Masons on Monday, August 25, members of the commandery, the chapter and blue lodge and local Shriners all uniting in the reception planned for him at 2 o'clock. In the evening work in the third degree will be put on by Dalton Lodge, No. 105, F. and A. M., the work to be followed by a banquet in the private banquet room of the Masonic temple.

PROF. HUBERT TO TEACH MECHANICAL ARTS

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Professor E. H. Hubert, last year assistant teacher in experimental engineering at the Georgia School of Technology, has been elected head teacher of mechanical arts at the Columbus Industrial High School in this city. He succeeds Professor T. D. Futch, who recently tendered his resignation to the board of trustees.

HOO HOO MEMBERS PLAN BIG TIME AT WAYCROSS

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Next Wednesday will be a red letter day for Waycross. A large number of Hoo Hoo members will gather here for a concatenation.

A large class of "Kittens" will make the trip through the mysteries of the order to become full-fledged Cats, and the Cats have let it be known that the Kittens will be given a royal reception. A banquet will conclude the day's doings.

EQUALIZATION BOARD IN CHATHAM COUNTY

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Under the new tax equalization act the commissioners of each county select the three members of the county equalization board. The Chatham County Commissioners already have taken cognizance of the subject. It is probable the Commissioners will choose a real estate dealer, a contractor and a third man not connected with either of these industries.

'Come Up or I'll Drop This Stone;' He Came

Dalton Officer Forces Man in Well to Climb Into Bucket and Ascend.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Under unusual circumstances was the arrest of John Holder, charged with burglary, made by Bailiffs A. T. Gilbert and Gus Hicks.

The bailiff found Holder in the bottom of a well in East Dalton, and asked him to come up. He stalled and asked what was wanted but changed his mind when Bailiff Gilbert balanced a heavy rock over his head. He finally consented to enter the bucket and was drawn up by the bailiffs. There was not sufficient evidence to hold the man, and he was released.

WYNNTON SCHOOL IS BECOMING INADEQUATE

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—So great has been the increase in population of Wynnton, Columbus' most popular residential section, for the past two or three years, that the school building which has been in use for several years has become inadequate and the question of erecting a new building is being agitated. Many of the wealthiest people around Columbus live in that suburb, and it is expected that they will erect a handsome building.

DEEP WATER DELEGATES TO BE ENTERTAINED

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Committees to entertain 100 delegates to the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association convention who will stop here for a day each way on their way to and from Jacksonville, where the annual session of the convention will be held in November, will be appointed by the directors of the Chamber of Commerce at an early meeting.

The delegates will leave Philadelphia on November 14 on a chartered steamship, and will arrive in Jacksonville on November 18. On the return trip they will leave Jacksonville on November 21 and arrive in Philadelphia on November 25. A full day each way will be put in in sightseeing here.

LARGE PLANING MILL BURNS IN SAVANNAH

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Fire destroyed the planing mill of Merryware & Co. last night. The plant, which was valued at $10,000, was partially covered by insurance. Inside the shed was a quantity of dressed lumber, most of it fat pine, which fed the flames like oil. The presumption is that the fire was caused by defective wiring.

BRUNSWICK TICKET AGENT GOES TO WAYCROSS OFFICE

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—H. S. Baggs, ticket agent at the joint passenger station of the Southern Railway and Atlantic Coast Line in this city, has been promoted to the agency of the Coast Line in Waycross and will assume his duties September 1. He will be succeeded by J. G. Stephens, who is now assistant agent at Waycross.

RAILWAY FOR DAHLONEGA IS A PROBABILITY

Plan to Build Branch Line From Gainesville and Northwestern's New Road.

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—Report has it that a line of railroad is to be built from Brookton on the new Gainesville and Northwestern to Dahlonega, a distance of 18 miles.

Dahlonega has no railroad and for the past twenty-five years has been trying to get railroad connection.

Years ago a road was graded from Dahlonega to Gainesville, 25 miles. Coolnel W. P. Price fas at the head of the enterprise. The project failed. The rails were never laid.

The grade is still to be noticed. A party went over the route from Brookton to Dahlonega Thursday, and it appears certain this road will be built. The same promoters who built the road from this city to Helen have the branch line in hand.

Bill to Create New Judicial District

Congressman Edwards Will Introduce Measure in Congress. Savannah as Center.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Congressman Charles G. Edwards carried back to Washington with him a completed draft of a bill it is proposed to introduce shortly in both houses of Congress, providing for the creation of a new judicial district in Georgia, with Savannah as its center, for which the bar of this city and section have been working for some time.

Owing to the absence from the National Capital of so many of the members of the Georgia delegation, this bill has not been taken up with them by Congressman Edwards. Just as soon as a quorum of Georgia Congressmen can be assembled, however, a meeting will be called and the measure presented for their approval. It is expected that there will be no opposition on their part to the enactment of the measure.

MEN SHOCKED BY BOLT OF LIGHTNING RECOVER

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—A. H. Price, a Western Union telegraph lineman, who was shocked at Tarver, Ga., on Thursday by lightning, was able to be out to-day. His left side was injured by the bolt and for a long time after the lightning jumped from a wire near him he has unable to move.

Lewis L. Harvard chief clerk to President A. K. Sessoms, of the Waycross and Western, has also recovered from a shock he received while at a telephone during the same storm.

SAVANNAH PLANT FOR FERTILIZER COMPANY

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—A plant in which nitra-germ, a fertilizer, will be manufactured will be established at Savannah in September by the Nitra-Germ Fertilizer Company. The only other plant in the United States is in Milwaukee, Wis.

LIEUTENANT SULLIVAN TENDERS RESIGNATION

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—After three years of faithful service, First Lieutenant George D. Sullivan, of Company A, Savannah Volunteer Guards, has tendered his resignation.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

Fear of Smallpox Kills Negroes' Thirst

Dropped Bottle and Ran When Told Disease Germs Were Near at Hand.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—A convivial party engaged in passing a bottle of first-class whisky among them was rudely interrupted near Herndon's livery stable on Crawford street, when warning of lurking smallpox germs was fired at them by a negro employed at the stable.

The men were drinking in the stable when Mr. Herndon entered and informed them of the necessity to either move out or put up the bottle. They preferred to move. Outside of the stable stood an abandoned hack, and, taking their seats in the hack, they renewed the onslaught on the bottle.

The hack proved to be one used in hauling smallpox patients to the pesthouse.

Longstreet Home to Be Catholic Church

Congregation Has Had No House of Worship in Gainesville—Mortgages to be Raised.

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—It is said the former home of Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet in this city will be taken over by the Roman Catholics and will be used solely for religious services. The Catholics have had no church building here, but heretofore this home has been used for holding mass.

Several mortgages were given upon the property by Mrs. Longstreet, and it is said that these will be raised by the Catholic Church, the debts settled and the building become the property of the church.

Officials of this church have been here this week. Since their arrival Mrs. Longstreet has gone to New York to enter newspaper work again.

Gets Sentence for Horse-Whipping Man

Callahan Convicted for Using Lash on Shannon Near Tifton, Murray County.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Joseph Callahan, indicted on the charge of being a member of the band of masked men that whipped a man named Shannon, near Tilton, several months ago, was convicted in the Superior Court at Chatsworth, Murray County, yesterday, being sentenced to twelve months on the chaingang.

Shannon testified that he snatched the mask from one of has assailants and recognized Callahan. Judge G. G. Glenn, his attorney, has filed a motion for a new trial.

SECOND BATTERY OF CHATHAM ARTILLERY

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Steps for the organization of a second battery of the Chatham Artillery, under the authority of the adjutant general, have already been taken.

First Lieutenant E. D. Wells has been informally elected captain of the new battery, while Second Lieutenant Gilbert Lang has been chosen for the first lieutenancy. Sergeant Joseph Thompson has been selected as the second lieutenant of the battery. All three of these officers have been ordered to appear for examination.

MAY INSPECT WORK ONLY TWICE A WEEK

SAVANNAH Aug. 16.—Under a decree filed in the Superior Court of Chatham County representatives of the Collins Bros. Company, contractors, may inspect the construction work on the Georgia Hotel as often as twice each week. Collins Bros. were recently ousted from continuing work on the hotel.

PHYSICIANS TO MEET AUG. 20 AT ELBERTON

Eighth District Medical Society to Hold Annual Convention Next Wednesday.

ELBERTON, Aug. 16.—The Eighth Congressional District Medical Society will convene in the ballroom of the Elks' home next Wednesday morning.

Mayor Wester will welcome the society on behalf of the city and Dr. Will J. Mathews on behalf of the Elbert County Medical Society.

On Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock a barbecue will be served at Swift Lithia Spring, four miles from the city. Captain Charles W. Parker will be in charge of the cue.

The committee to look after the entertainment of the visiting doctors is composed of I. G. Swift, L. M. Hearl, E. B. Starke, J. P Bailey and Drs. W. J. Mathews, D. N. Thompson and D. V. Bailey.

Fields of Alfalfa In Chatham County

Colonel M. J. O'Leary Proves Success—Farmers Intensely Interested in Industry.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The success of Colonel M. J. O'Leary in raising a crop of alfalfa in Chatham County has aroused a great deal of interest among the farmers in the possibilities of this industry. It is likely that before the end of September half a dozen or more Chatham County farmers will have planted fields of alfalfa. It has been decided that the county itself will raise a patch on its farm by convict labor. The soil of the county farm is said to be especially suited to the growing of this crop.

Starting with one acre last fall Colonel O'Leary has been very successful. He has cut the field three times, and will soon be ready for another crop. This fall he intends putting in 25 acres to alfalfa. He uses the hay to feed his stock.

Seaboard to Build Freight Warehouse

Property on Savannah Side of River Secured—Will Reduce Cost of Handling.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Immense receiving and delivering freight warehouse, with possibly an office building, will occupy the property recently acquired by the Seaboard Air Line Railway on the Savannah side of the Savannah River. The company will lay its tracks into the warehouse so that freight may be loaded and discharged as conveniently as possible. This will solve a difficult problem which has embarrassed the Seaboard for years.

Freight now has to be transferred across the river to Hutchinson Island by lighter and loaded there. The cost, inconvenience and delay of this method is apparent. For a long time the officials of the Seaboard have been striving to make arrangements for a freight station on the southern side of the river.

Dalton Churches Will Be Enlarged

First Presbyterian and First Methodist to Spend Nearly $30,000 in Improvements.

DALTON, Aug. 16.—The First Presbyterian and First Methodist Churches will begin, within a few weeks, improvements which will aggregate $17,000.

The First Presbyterian will spend $11,000 in completely remodeling the church and building a Sunday school annex which will open into the main auditorium, doubling the present seating capacity of the church. Plans for the work have been drawn and accepted, and the money has been secured for the work which, when completed, will give to the Presbyterians on of the handsomest edifices in the city.

Instead of spending $3,000, as was intended, on the second Sunday school annex, the First Methodist Church will double that amount, building additional room for the Sunday school, at a cost of $6,000. The new annex will give to each class an individual room, will contain a kitchen and dining room and will be steam-heated. When the work is completed the church will possess one of the largest auditoriums in North Georgia.

Women Clerks for Central of Georgia

Road Claims Girls Are More Valuable in Office Than Men—Boost for Suffragettes.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The Central of Georgia Railway hereafter will employ women clerks in its offices in preference to men. The officials claim that they get the best results from girls, who are more attentive to their duties, quicker to learn, not so clamorous for promotion, and have less outside interests.

The suffrage movement helps rather than hinders the efficiency of the women, according to these officials, in that it makes them more self-assertive and independent.

CHATHAM'S TAX RETURNS SHOW BIG INCREASE

Official Report Gives $2,669,598 Over 1912—Exceeds Estimate More Than Half-Million.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—With an increase of $2,669,598 over the returns of 1912, the tax returns for Chatham County for this year have reached a figure beyond the most optimistic expectations—that of $41,316,140. The total of the returns has been officially declared by Tax Receiver Marcus S. Baker.

The collector had expected a large return this year, based upon the evident increase in the individual returns received, but it was impossible to predict with any certainty how great the increase would be. An increase of $2,000,000 was figured on, however, and more than this was hardly expected.

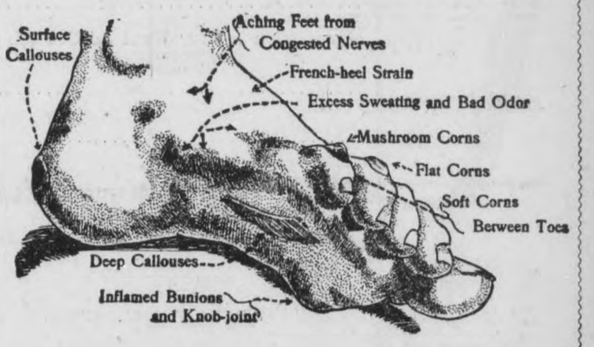
The budget of the County Commissioners was made up on the anticipated increase of two million.

County's Revenues.

The county's revenues from these returns will be $309,871.05, an unprecedented figure, giving the county an income increased by $20,021.98 over 1912. The county gets its revnue on a basis of $7.50 on each one thousand dollars of tax returns.

It is shown by the returns that building activities and improvements to lands and general prosperity in the city and county, which caused this large increase in returns, is not confined only to the white population. The total returns from colored people for the year are $1,031,448, as compared with a total of $964,478 for 1912. This is the first time that the colored returns have gone over the one-million mark.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building. Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit)	$ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit)	250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value	$1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities	$1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash	$ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash	$ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	$30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913. EDWIN G. MARKS, Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock	$ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash	500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value	$4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities	$4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash	$967,024.22

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash	$875,954.38
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	$ 50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding	452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913. H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon
FOR ORGANIZATIONS

5,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon

1,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

GIRLS' CLASS

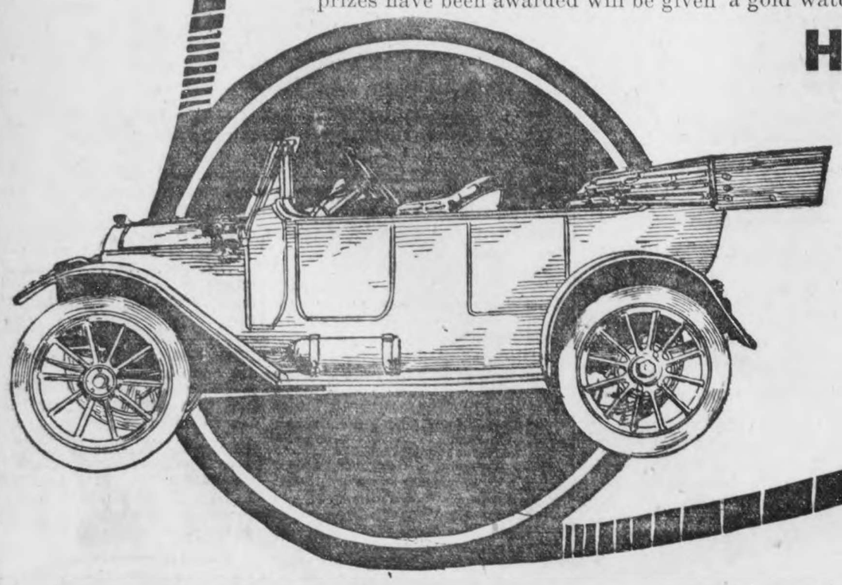
To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Griffin

GRIFFIN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Annie Martin is at Demorest, accompanied by Mrs. George Marlin, of Columbus.

Mrs. Lucy Cunningham, of Glade Springs, Va., is in Griffin, where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Elam, which occurred Sunday.

Misses Mary Lucia Slade and Jesse Cannifax and Messrs. J. T. Wells and C. V. Weathers have returned from Lifsey Springs, where they have been members of a camping party.

Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott left Wednesday for Salem, Va., where she is to be a member of a house party to be given by Miss Columbia Kelly.

Dr. and Mrs. Marcus F. Carson have just returned home from a visit to relatives at Commerce.

Walter B. Jackson and Miss Fannie Webster Logan were married here by the Rev. J. R. King.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruskin have returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

Mrs. B. B. Brown, Miss Olivia Brown and Master Douglas Brown have been visiting relatives in Rowsell.

Mrs. W. E. H. Searcy, Sr., spent last week in Atlanta in company with Senator Searcy.

Miss Nina Jenkins has returned from Eatonton, where she was a member of a house party.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wolcott, Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Faircloth and daughter, Miss Marianna Sears, Mrs. A. J. Dunham and her guests, Miss Wood, of Tennille; Mrs. J. M. Kelly, Miss Jesse Cannifax, of Barnesville; Miss Page Acree, of Chattanooga; Miss Elise Hay, of Dallas, Texas; Miss Rebecca Brown, Miss Mary Lucia Slade, Miss Elise Johnson, Messrs. Hughlett Kelsett, Crossenberrey, C. V. Weathers, H. T. Green, Robert Williams, L. H. Beck and Robert Ramspeck, of Atlanta, formed a camping party to Lifsey Springs.

Miss Annie Suber, of Macon, is spending the week-end in Griffin with her sister, Mrs. Z. E. Jay, on Hill street.

Miss Mattie Evans has returned to her home in Washington, D. C. She will return to Griffin early in September.

Mrs. R. O. Crouch and children are in Meriwether County, the guests of Mrs. M. T. Crouch, the mother of Mr. Crouch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartow Jackson, of Bernice, La., are here on a visit to relatives of the former.

A wedding of interest in this section was that of Miss Edna Dingler, of Williamson, to Dr. Jackson, of Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Blake and son have returned from a tour of several Northern cities, including New York, Washington, Philadelphia and other places in the East. They were accompanied by Mrs. Blake's sister, Mrs. Lilah Copeland, and her son, H. I. Copeland, of McDonough.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Reddy, who have resided in Griffin for the past four years, have removed to Tennille.

Miss Lucile Flemister entertained Wednesday morning at a porch party in compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Walker, of Monroe.

Mrs. J. R. Cole and Mrs. James Flint were the hostesses at a domino party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. A. DuPree, of Marietta; Miss Jessie Robinson, of Owensboro, Ky., the guest of Mrs. James Baxter, and several other visitors.

Miss Etienne Goddard entertained Tuesday afternoon at an al fresco party in honor of her guest, Miss Ruth Brown, of Waycross.

Captain and Mrs. James Kimbrough entertained Monday evening at dinner in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. William L. Owen, of New Orleans, La.

Miss Oressa Shackleford entertained at a lawn party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Lula Hanson, of Macon.

Miss Nellie Corbin gave a swimming party Tuesday afternoon at Corbin's Pond in honor of her guest, Miss Laura Porter, of Houston, Texas.

Mrs. J. C. Brooks leaves Thursday morning for Panama, where she will visit her son, Jack Brooks.

Miss Carmine Thomas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. L. Tucker, returned to her home in Atlanta Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Strickland will leave Sunday for an extended tour through the New England States, and will spend some time in Boston and New York before returning to Griffin.

Mrs. A. J. Mills has gone to Sharpsburg, the home of her childhood.

Miss Mary Enss has returned from a stay of several weeks at Lake Chautauqua, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hammond, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Woods Hammond on West Poplar street.

Jackson

JACKSON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. S. H. Thornton gave a reception Thursday in honor of her house guests, Mrs. A. B. Roberts, Mrs. S. B. Hungerford, Mrs. Charles Clawson and Miss Lucile Roberts, of Macon. Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Mrs. R. W. Oxford, Miss Nina Harris, Miss Mary Newton and Miss Pauline Mallett assisted Mrs. Thornton in entertaining. Misses Doris Nutt, Sylvia Lyons and Helen Ham served punch.

Miss Lucile Tolleson, of McDonough, was the honor guest at a rook party given Saturday by Miss Doris Nutt, whose guest she is. Miss Helen Carmichael won the first prize, a handkerchief, and the guest of honor was given a lace fan. Mrs. E. D. Tolleson assisted in entertaining.

In compliment to her guest, Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, Miss Mary Land gave a rook party Tuesday afternoon. The guest's prize was a silk fan and the trophy for top score fell to Miss Kate Ham.

Mrs. A. H. Smith and Miss Helen Smith, who are here for the summer, spent a few days of the week at their home in Atlanta.

Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, is the guest of Miss Mary Land.

Mrs. W. S. McBryant and her daughter, Mrs. Homer Young, of Augusta, and Mrs. J. D. Loner and children, of Alabama City, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McBryant.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mays are in Whitesburg.

Mrs. Wilbur Ham, of Cartersville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Ham.

Miss Thelma Woods is at home from a visit to Mrs. Fred Hatfield, in Opelika.

Mrs. Charles Rice, of Atlanta, is spending the week-end with Mrs. A. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carmichael have returned from a visit to Norfolk.

Mrs. H. H. Hooten, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Maddox, Jr., of Valdosta, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Maddox.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—A party of twelve of the Thomasville Campfire Girls, chaperoned by Mrs. J. Scott Hunter, left this week for Hendersonville, N. C., and will camp for a month at Bat's Cave, near Hendersonville. Those in the party were Misses Mabel Evans, Ethel Evans, Katherine Balfour, Blanche McDonald, Rose Evans, Carmen Evans, Georgia McKay, Florence Vaughn, Mary Patterson, Isabel Peacock and Hattie Brandon.

Miss Lucile Green left this week for a trip to Washington, New York and other points.

Miss Alice Bateman, of Dallas, Texas, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Mash.

Miss Pauline Harrell, of Bainbridge, is the guest of Miss Nell Patten.

Mrs. T. N. Hopkins and Miss Helen Hopkins have returned from a visit to Waynesville, N. C.

Miss Bessie Helm, of Bronwood, Texas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. S. Parker, has returned home.

Miss Martha Brantley, of Boston, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Willis Moore.

Misses Fraser and Isabel Mitchell are the guests of Mrs. D. I. MacIntyre in Atlanta.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe, of Valdosta, are the guests of Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. W. H. Parker is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. D. Steel, in St. Paul, Minn.

Miss Maude Speight has returned from Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Turner are visiting New York and other Eastern points.

Mrs. H. W. Hopkins has returned from Western North Carolina.

Mrs. W. L. Ball has returned from Battle Creek, Mich.

Mrs. J. B. Lockhart has returned to her home in Adel after a visit to her mother, Mrs. Arthur Patten.

Mrs. H. D. Atkinson and Miss Gladys Atkinson have returned from a visit to friends in Bainbridge.

Mrs. Henry Lester and Misses Mildred and Susan Lester have returned from a visit to Atlanta and Chattanooga.

Miss Margaret McKay, who has been visiting Miss Susie Leonard at Talbotton, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Spence left this week for a trip North.

Miss Eula Brooks, of Boston, is the guest of friends.

Mrs. James A. Mallette, of Boston, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Tifton

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Tom Williams, of Douglas, was the guest of Mrs. N. Peterson Monday.

Misses Vannie and Nora Goggans are attending a house party at Sylvester given by Miss Lamp.

Miss Rose Scheuerman has returned to Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Hazel Ford has returned from Atlanta and the Blue Ridge Mountains.

Mrs. I. A. Fulwood and Miss Louise Fagan are visiting in Rochelle and Fort Valley.

Miss Deborah McRae, of Thomasville, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. McRae Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Myers left Wednesday for Washington, D. C.

Mrs. W. T. Hargrett is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Speight, of Moultrie.

Mrs. R. S. Kell and children have returned home from Atlanta.

Misses Mary Carl Hurst, of Atlanta, and Florence Mercer, of Albany, are the guests of a house party given by Mr. Amos Tift, for which Mrs. S. L. Fleetwood is chaperon.

Misses Julia Williams, of Douglas, and Florence Parks, of Ty Ty, are the guests of a house party given by Miss Aline Shipp.

Miss Adelaide Hargrett entertained her guests with an all-day picnic at Lucy Lake Tuesday.

Cordele

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—Miss Lamar Ryals is expected to return Monday from a trip to the Eastern States.

Misses Sarah and Erin McArthur, of McGregor, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. John B. Ryals.

Mrs. D. Meredith Clarke was the hostess Wednesday to the Young Matrons' Club.

Miss Jurelle Little has returned from Eastman.

Mrs. Robert Wynne, of Eastman, is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Walters.

Mrs. John Banfield and little son, of Emerich, were guest during the week-end at the home of Judge and Mrs. S. W. Coney.

Mrs. A. H. Holder, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Miss Nellie Roberts.

Sam Coney, Jr., is home from Washington for a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Webb have returned from a visit at Chipley and Columbus.

Miss Emily Hyde is visiting Mrs. John Hyde at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Arthur Purvis has returned to her home at Americus after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Persall.

Mrs. James Kee, of Macon, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Williams.

Misses Marie and Lucile Diffee have returned home from a visit to Mrs. H. J. Maddox at Bainbridge.

Miss Mazie Crawford was the hostess Thursday at a luncheon for a party of young friends, including her three cousins, the Misses Coffman, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Miss Neta Reser, of Bristol, Tenn., and Messrs. L. E. Fenn, Hunt, Hancock, Reagan and Turner.

Miss Ida Fay Mathews has returned from a visit at Shellman.

Mrs. W. A. Frout, of Barnesville, is visiting Mrs. T. E. Jennings.

Misses Elma and Laura Bell, of Valdosta, are the guests of Miss Mary Sue Russell.

Miss Ruth Carswell, of Waycross, the guest of her cousin, Miss Harriet Carswell, was entertained this week by Miss Carswell, Mrs. J. E. Lindsay and Miss Sarah Hyde.

Miss Alice Oliver has returned to Americus after a visit to Miss Belle Jones.

Talbotton

TALBOTTON, Aug. 16.—The most important social event of the week was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones to Mr. Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, Monday night. The wedding was at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Trussell. Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church here, performed the ceremony. C. K. Mahone and Mrs. Dana Brown were the attendants. The wedding was a surprise.

Mrs. Jennie Gray Draughon returned to Reynolds Tuesday after a visit to Miss Hattie Simpson.

Miss Hattie Taylor, of Fitzgerald, has been the guest of Miss Susie Leonard during the week. She and Miss Leonard and a few others were entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner given in her honor by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bryan Monday night. The others present were Miss Lizzie Ragland and Miss Imogene Smith.

Miss Clara Spivey and Miss Anne Douglass left Monday for Franklin, N. C., where they are invited on a camping trip with Miss Lynn Johnston.

One of the most enjoyable of the summer dances given by our nearby little town of Geneva was that Tuesday evening by J. E. Bartlett and Walter Adams at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson, in compliment to the young ladies of Geneva. The punch bowl was presided over by Misses Willie Kate Edge and Gussie Lee Cook. Ices and cakes were served by Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Hazel McCrary and little Kate Whit Stinson. Among the dancers were Misses May Covington, Willie and Mary Edge, Hazel McCrary, Gussie Lee Cook, Myrtice and Jennie McCrary, Etta and Zoudie Bradshaw, Ora Colquitt, Sallie Shipp, Kate Whit Stinson, Messrs. J. E. Bartlett, Walter Adams, E. G. Cook, Albert Persons, Fitz Colquitt, Lake McCrary, Clinton Barksdale, Jim McFarland, and Harvey Benson. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Missie McCrary.

A social event of this week which came as a surprise was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones, of Mount Ida, Talbot County, to Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Trussell on College avenue Monday night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church. C. K. Mahone was best man and Mrs. Lilyan Brown matron of honor.

Mrs. Dickerson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. T. Jones, of Mount Ida. Mr. Dickerson formerly resided at Talbotton and in Atlanta.

Hazlehurst

HAZLEHURST, Aug. 16.—A beautiful wedding of Friday was that of Miss Mary Frazier to Bolling Harvey Johnson, which was quietly solemnized by the Rev. W. M. McMorries, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. H. Greene.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left immediately after a reception for the mountains of North Carolina.

Moultrie

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. C. A. Beall is with relatives at Sylvester.

Mrs. W. E. Adams who has been the guest of friends here has returned to her home at Thomaston.

Miss Lonnie Vickers is at home after visiting relatives at Greenville, Fla.

Miss Ethel Spivey left yesterday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. J. C. Mebale is at home from a visit to Oklahoma City and Muskogee, Okla.

Miss Mabel Clark, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Bessie Muller.

Mrs. J. M. Strickland, of Dothan, Ala., who has been the guest of relatives here, left Friday for home.

Miss Lucia Gilmore is the guest of friends at Cordele.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Tharpe are spending the summer at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

Mrs. D. B. L. Powell is at home from Panama City, Fla.

Misses Minnie and Janie Milligan, of Newton, Ala., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. A. Huber.

Miss Nona Smith returned yesterday from Chautauqua, N. Y.

Mrs. T. W. Maddox came home Friday from Atlantic Beach, Fla.

Mrs. W. B. Linder, of Dublin, is with her mother, Mrs. G. S. Nelson.

Mrs. I. A. Heard is the guest of relatives at Vienna.

Mrs. C. L. Stevenson left yesterday for Cartersville.

Miss Mary Harris has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Pidcock left yesterday for White House, N. J.

Mrs. W. F. Way entertained a party of friends at a domino party Thursday.

Eatonton

EATONTON, Aug. 16.—Dr. and Mrs. George Noble, accompanied by Misses Noble and Drs. Wagner and Henry Noble, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, making the trip in Dr. Noble's car.

Mrs. Clinton Powell entertained for her guest, Miss Mary T. Lawrence, of Milledgeville, Friday afternoon.

Mrs. R. Preston Brooks and children, of Athens, are the guests of Mrs. Alex Reid.

Mrs. Walter Chamblee, of Atlanta, and Mrs. and Mrs. Irby Kilpatrick, of Athens, are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kilpatrick.

Mrs. James Davenport, of Brunswick, and Miss Annie Smith, of Sparta, are visiting Mrs. T. G. Greene.

Mrs. T. G. Greene entertained at a reception for Mrs. Davenport and Miss Smith, on Saturday afternoon. The Delta Phi's formed a group of girls receiving the guests on the porch, where Mrs. Sam Dusenburg, of Barnesville, served punch.

An event of the week was Miss Agnes Leverette's bridge party in honor of Mrs. Davenport, of Brunswick, at the home of Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, Monday evening. Mrs. John T. Dennis received first prize, Sam Hearn the consolation, and Mrs. Davenport was given a guest prize.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Candler, Jr., of Clearwater, Fla., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Reid Hearn.

Saturday morning Mrs. M. F. Adams, Mrs. B. N. Alsbrook, and Mrs. James Denham were joint hostesses at a party given in honor of Miss Helen Denham and her house party.

Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro will entertain in honor of her visitors, Misses Noble, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Gardner entertained at tea Saturday evening for Mrs. Sidney Reid and her guest, Mrs. Rogers Davis, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis entertained Tuesday for their house guests, Miss Ailen Bell, of South Carolina; Mrs. Rollin Hutchinson, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dennis, of Elberton. The punch bowl was presided over by Miss Leila Turner and Miss Eleanor Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Dennis were assisted in entertaining by Colonel and Mrs. Frak Jenkins, Mrs. Sid Edmondson and Miss Mattie Edmondson.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Miss Juanita Bennett has returned from a visit to Americus.

Miss Clifton Wing, of Macon, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thorpe.

Members of the Friday Club were entertained by Miss Hettie Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wall left Thursday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. W. B. Stovall, who has been visiting in Griffin, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Remley left on Wednesday for a visit to White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Macey Highsmith left Wednesday for a visit to Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. V. A. Jones, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting relatives in Waycross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Scruggs and little daughter and Mr. Oren L. Gray left Tuesday for an auto trip through Georgia and North Carolina.

Mrs. Jennie Mell and Miss Viola Mell left yesterday for a visit to points in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Dessau Bunn visited relatives in the city this week, returning to St. Simons.

Mrs. A. M. Litch left Wednesday for Spartanburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Brewer and Miss Hester Brewer, who have been visiting Judge and Mrs. H. P. Brewer, have returned to Douglas.

Miss Dorothy Krauss, who has been the guest of Miss Anice Daniel and Miss Annie Laurie Walker, returned to Brunswick Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Hughes and son returned Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Atwood, Mrs. R. J. Haines and Miss Moneta Haines left Thursday for a visit to points in Virginia.

Mrs. E. P. Guren and little son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. J. Walter Lyon.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran left this week for a visit to points in North Georgia and Tennessee.

Mrs. E. H. Clark and children have returned from a visit to St. Louis.

Mrs. John C. Nicholls and daughter, Miss Meta Nicholls, returned Tuesday from Hendersonville, N. C.

Miss Lula Platt, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. B. N. Norvell, left Wednesday for Woodland, Cal.

Miss Anna Morrison left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. E. C. Yerkes, of St. Louis, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. B. Drane, her daughter, left Thursday for San Francisco.

Misses Ada and Natalie Smith, of New York, arrived Wednesday.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—The Art Needle Workers were entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William R. Youles.

Mrs. J. H. Scruggs left on Tuesday for Aberdeen, Miss.

Mr. A. B. Smith and family have gone down to Rocky Ford and are in camp.

Mr. J. F. Stapler chaperoned six or eight couples of young people to Blue Springs, Fla., on a fishing trip.

Mrs. John Q. Sineath and her little daughter, Virginia, left Tuesday for Atlanta and Huntington, Tenn.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and children left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C. Dr. Rose and the boys went up on Thursday in their automobile.

Mrs. W. B. Fender and children returned to Valdosta from Atlanta on Monday.

Miss Eula Garbutt has returned to her home at Fitzgerald.

Miss Julie Winn Varnedoe and her guests, Misses Gladys Laney and Daisy Wilkins, are at Thomasville visiting Miss Louise Grantham.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Black left Wednesday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. C. C. Brantley left Thursday night for Brevard and Toxaway, N. C.

Mr. J. N. Griffin has returned from the Nacoochee Valley, where he has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. G. Hardman.

Miss Georgia Smith and Messrs. Frank Smith and Leon Paine left Tuesday for New York.

Miss Edith Doty left Friday for Niagara Falls and Canada.

Miss Sallie Mathis left Wednesday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyly Doty and children have gone to Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mathis left Thursday for New York.

Miss Mattie Pope Hagherty left Thursday for Americus.

Misses Irvin Denmark and Cap Relihan left Wednesday for New York.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe left Monday for Thomasville to visit Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. C. R. Ashley and her son and Miss Eugie Dasher left Wednesday over the National Highway for points in North Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland and child left Wednesday night for Newnan, Ga.

Washington

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The patriotic societies of Washington are planning to entertain all Confederate veterans in Wilkes County the first Tuesday in September.

Mrs. Lawrence O. Fortson was the hostess at a meeting of the Wednesday Afternoon Bridge Club this week.

Miss Roselyn Wootten, who has been visiting relatives in Columbus, returned Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. William Graham Love, who will spend two weeks in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Richard Wootten.

Mrs. W. D. Ellington is visiting in Daytona Beach, Fla., the guest of Mrs. C. L. Horn.

Mrs. Mary Fisher, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Richard D. Callaway.

Washington relatives who will attend the marriage of Miss Edythe Sims and Mr. Paul Newsom, of this city, which will occur Monday afternoon in Atlanta, are Mrs. James C. Newsom, Miss Ina Newsom, Mrs. E. S. Roberts, Misses Julia Toombs and Lucy Willis DuBose and Messrs. Sam Brooks, W. Frank Lee and John B. Green. Following the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Newsom will leave on the afternoon train for Washington and will be at home with Mr. and Mrs. Raymond R. Smith.

Gainesville

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—One of the most interesting affairs of the week was a party given by Miss Marguerite Chamblee, in honor of her cousin, Miss Estelle Barrett of Clarkston, and Miss Dorothy Fitzgerald, of Gainesville.

Miss Lillah Fickling, of Rome, the guest of Misses Helen and Dorothy Dean, was the honoree of Miss Louise Law in a lawn party given Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Henry Washington entertained a few friends at a porch party Thursday afternoon for Miss Jeannette Christian, the guest of Mrs. J. C. Pruitt.

On Friday afternoon Miss Margaret Jewell celebrated her eighth birthday with a quaint party.

Misses Annie and Esther Smith entertained informally at their home Monday evening in honor of their guests, Misses Mary and Annie Smith, of Silver City.

The party given Friday evening by Miss Mary Logan was a compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Hanna Kimsey, of Cornelia.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. Noah Webster was hostess at a delightful sewing party.

Cedartown

CEDARTOWN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Lucy Henderson was married Tuesday to J. H. Hawkins, of Rome. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. C. Heard at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. F. A. Irwin. Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins have gone to Borden Wheeler Springs and will be at home in Rome after September 1.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, Aug. 16.—Miss Vannie Phillips spent Wednesday in Atlanta.

Miss Ethel Stevens, of Ball Ground, arrived Tuesday to attend the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Cramer spent Monday in Temple.

Miss Lucy Harris spent Wednesday and Thursday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Smith returned Tuesday from Atlanta and Dallas.

Mrs. Arthur Coffee, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Bass.

Mrs. L. S. Sims left for Cartersville Sunday to visit her mother, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hanna, of Chesterfield, S. C., are visiting Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. J. R. Jolly is visiting her parents in Dawson.

Miss Floy Rawls, of Rome, is the guest of Miss Vannie Phillips.

Mrs. George Harris and baby are in Warm Springs visiting Mrs. Harris' sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bickford and son are in Atlanta.

Miss Eugenie Mandeville has returned to Atlanta.

Mrs. Leon Walker, of Clearwater, Fla., is the guest of their mother, Mrs. T. B. Griffin.

Miss Marie Spence, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. W. Glass.

Mrs. T. B. Griffin has returned from a visit to Newnan and Atlanta.

Mrs. Cecil Boykin left Monday for her home in Marietta.

Mr. and Mrs. Mandeville Long have returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Edna Cook left Wednesday for Piedmont Springs.

Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers, is the guest of Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almon.

Miss Lula Kingsbery has returned to Atlanta, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Henderson.

Miss Natalie Jones, of Griffin, who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Griffin, has returned.

Miss Nell Sharpe, of Jacksonville, Fla., is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hearn, of New York, are expected in Carrollton next week to visit Mr. Hearn's mother, Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. Robert Creel, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bledsoe, has returned to her home in Jasper, Ala.

Miss Katie Lou Thomasson will leave Tuesday for Piedmont Springs.

Mrs. Cleo Shaw and daughter, Sarah Helen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Teague, at Heflin, Ala.

Miss Lucy Harris, who has been in New York studying music, returned Friday and is with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson, left Wednesday for Opelika, Ala.

Mrs. E. W. Keith and little daughter, Louise, of Rome, attended the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Mrs. Ruth Kramer entertained at a theater party Wednesday afternoon complimentary to Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thomasson spent Tuesday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, of Griffin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Moore.

Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almand entertained at a theater party Monday afternoon complimentary to their visitor, Miss Mary Lou Tucker.

Mrs. William Beall and daughter, Miss Allie Beall, have returned from Birmingham and Bessemer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Bass and baby have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bass, at Piedmont Springs.

LaGrange

LAGRANGE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Michael Cody, of Montgomery, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Ferrell.

Miss Stella Bradfield is visiting relatives in McDonough.

Mrs. Fred Robinson, of Atlanta, is visiting her father, Glover Hood, of LaGrange.

Mrs. John Brown, of Locust Grove, is the guest of Mrs. E. R. Bradfield.

Miss Alma Albright is visiting her brother, Will Albright.

Mrs. Griffin is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Harrison.

Mrs. Howell, of Warrenville, is a guest of her son, Jim Howell, on Hill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Shang are visiting in Hogansville.

Miss Margaret Bell, of Dadeville, Ala., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Shearer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dix have returned from a visit to Huntsville, Ala.

Misses Mildred and Marion Bradfield, of Atlanta, are visiting Miss Sara Lane.

Mrs. Lillie Cason is the guest of Mrs. Fuller E. Callaway.

Miss Ethel Pike is visiting in Atlanta.

Mrs. Charles J. Warner and family, of Rome; Mrs. J. B. Ridley and family, of Atlanta; Mrs. G. S. Edmundson and family, of Abbottsford; Carl Edmundson, of Conyers; Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy and family and J. P. Edmundson, who have been guests of Mayor and Mrs. Edmundson, have returned to their homes.

Helena

HELENA, Aug. 16.—A wedding which came as a surprise was that of Miss May Council to Eugene Suddeth, of Madison, Fla. They went for a drive and stopped at the parsonage of the Rev. J. K. Hines, where they were married. Miss Mantie Coker, a friend of the bride, going with them.

An event of Tuesday evening was a social affair given by Miss Florence Davenport in honor of J. C. Clements, of Macon. Those present were Misses Florence Davenport, Marie Brewton, Edith and Marion Creighton, Clara Dunford, Vera McGinty, Messrs. J. C. Clements, of Macon; Richard Carson, P. W. Pittman, of Atlanta; Billie Ryals and G. A. Boatright, of Americus.

Mr. Marion Howard, of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Pittman this week.

Mrs. E. J. Tyson, of Abbeville, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. F. M. Creighton.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, Aug. 16.—A delightful affair was the afternoon tea given by Mrs. Horace Howard in honor of Mrs. Henry Gooding, of Columbia, S. C., who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bradley Howard.

Mrs. John P. Anderson entertained the Round Dozen Sewing Club Wednesday afternoon. The guests were Mrs. Conyers Fite, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Samuel Candler, Clearwater, Fla.; Mrs. George L. Cope, Savannah; Mrs. J. G. Simpson, Miss Mattie Jones, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Bert Sims, Murfreesboro, Tenn.; Mrs. Otto Conn, Mrs. Louie Hall, Miss Maude Norris, Milledgeville; Miss Ann Smith, Pittsfield, Mass.; Mrs. Bob Best, Rome, and Mrs. Gordon Cassells, Savannah.

Mrs. W. T. Bate, of Barnesville, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Calhoun.

Mrs. Buford Graw has returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Mrs. Otto Conn and Miss Ruth Conn, of Milledgeville, are in Cartersville, the guests of Mrs. D. B. Freeman.

Mrs. Harris Cope and Mr. W. H. Field left Tuesday for Versailles, Ky., to visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton.

Miss Johnnie Louise Sanders, of Elmwood, is the guest of Miss Emily Davis.

Mrs. Lena Wofford Harley, of Sparta, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Wofford.

Miss Ruth Berry, of Atlanta, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Lutie Harvey.

Mrs. J. C. Platt and little daughter, Katherine Platt, of Augusta, are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Saxon.

Mrs. Alfred Zachry and son, Alfred Zachry, Jr., of West Point, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. J. W. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cassells and Miss Gladys Cassells, of Savannah, are the guests of Mrs. Emriod Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Walker, of Monroe, spent the week with their daughter, Mrs. Hampton Field.

Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. John Adair are at Glenn Springs, S. C.

Mrs. Logan Vaughn has returned from White Sulphur Springs.

Covington

COVINGTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. B. C. Jenkins and children, of Columbus, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. N. Rainey, left Friday for Atlanta, where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Murphy.

Mrs. Jack H. Estes, of Dallas, Texas, arrived Monday to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. D. Bush. Mrs. Estes is remembered as Miss Florrie Cheney, having frequently been the guest of Mrs. Bush before her marriage.

Miss Ida Shellnut, who has been entertained as the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Carter, left Friday to visit relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. R. H. Bickerstaff and children have returned to their home in Athens after a visit to Mrs. J. M. Allen and Miss Jule Allen.

Miss Clara Belle Adams is entertaining a bevy of girls at her home on Floyd street, including Misses Mary Stephens, of Nashville, Tenn.; Maggie Rogers, Marguerite and Agnes Adams, of Carrollton.

Misses Bernice Breedlove, of Monroe; Virginia Withers, of Atlanta, and Fannie Mae Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., returned to their homes Monday after spending ten days at Henderson's Mill as the guests of the campers.

Mrs. Roscoe Johnson, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mrs. T. F. Hodges and children, of Dothan, Ala., who have been spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Clarke, have returned to their homes. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke have as their guests now Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mobley, of Millen.

Miss Dotye Greer, of Brunswick, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. Colquitt Greer, at Eatonton and Oconee Springs, spent last week as the guest of relatives in Madison. Miss Greer is spending this week with her sister, Mrs. C. I. Cash.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harwell, Mr. Candler Harwell, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry W. Branham and Mrs. Annie Webb, of Atlanta, left Thursday in Mr. Harwell's car for Indian Springs.

Miss Emily Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., and the Misses Mobley, of Hogansville, were guests of honor at a party given by Miss Leila Perry on Saturday morning. Misses Fannie Mae Henderson, Julia Cowan and Kate Perry assisted the hostess.

Mrs. P. W. Godfrey and Miss Frances Godfrey, accompanied by Mrs. Berto Lee, returned home Saturday from Atlanta, making the trip in Mrs. Godfrey's car.

Miss Frances Lee, of Atlanta, who has been the guest of Mrs. Laura Carter and Mrs. John M. Fleming, left Friday for a visit to relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. J. M. Fleming entertained Thursday afternoon at the Lyric Theater in honor of her guests, Misses Ida Shellnutt, of Sandersville, and Frances Lee, of Atlanta. In the party were Misses Ruby Vining, Lartrelle Meadors, Josephine Franklin, Ida Shellnut and Frances Lee.

A delightful event of the past week was that at which Mr. James Wells entertained Thursday evening at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Wells, in honor of Miss Edna Tompkins, of Helena, who, with her mother, Mrs. Robert Tompkins, has been the guest of Mrs. Wells for several days.

Misses Bower entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening in honor of their house guest, Miss Kittie Lee Bower, of Quitman.

Miss Sallie Mae Sockwell entertained Saturday morning with a porch party.

Dublin

DUBLIN, Aug. 16.—The marriage of Miss Julia Porter, of Danville, and C. G. Kitchens, of Dublin, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Porter, near Danville, Tuesday afternoon. The wedding was a simple home affair. The Rev. T. Bright performed the ceremony. The wedding march was played by Mrs. J. C. Chandler, of

MR. HEARST TELLS WHY HE KEEPS OIL LETTERS FROM LOBBY INQUIRY

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Foreign-Born Women Voting Is Restricted

Illinois Attorney General Outlines Conditions Under Which They Can Cast Ballots.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 16.—In answer to Mayor Schriver, of Rock Island, for an opinion on votes for women under the new suffrage law and to govern authorities in an approaching election, Attorney General Lucey to-day held:

"That a foreign-born woman who marries a citizen of the United States, whether such citizen be natural born or naturalized, by such an act of marriage becomes a citizen of the United States.

"An unmarried foreign-born woman whose father did not become naturalized until after she arrived at her majority, would not, by such act of naturalization upon the part of her father, become a citizen of the United States.

"A woman born in the United States whose father was not naturalized prior to her arriving at her majority is a citizen of the United States."

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 83.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

DEER HINDERS TRAFFIC; DODGES TEAMS IN ROAD

ALBANY, ORE., Aug. 16.—Running along on a well-traveled country road a big buck deer dodged its way between three teams of horses and escaped unhurt last week. The deer was encountered near Brewster Station, on the Woodburn-Springfield line between Crabtree and Labanon, by three men who were hauling lumber to the railroad line.

As the season is not yet open for deer no attempt was made to shoot it.

WANT TO MAKE MONEY? START TERRAPIN FARM

Government Authority Declares There Are Big Profits in the Diamond Backs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The diamond-back terrapin, aristocrat of the dining table and king of the banquet menu, need not disappear from the sandy shores of the United States and be lost to disciples of Epicurus forever if the business men of the nation will allow themselves to be awakened to the fact that there are fat dividends in the breeding of the animals.

Uncle Sam is sponsor for this statement. Experts in the Bureau of Fisheries are anxious that business men shall read its report.

At Beaufort, N. C., the experts started out four years ago with 40 females and 18 males, terrapin such as may be found from Southern Virginia all along the coast down to Florida. From this small breeding stock the experts procured 295 eggs in 1910. Of the 295 eggs only 7 failed to hatch.

In 1911 513 eggs were procured, and of these 421 were hatched. Even better results were obtained in 1912, when 650 eggs were procured and 538 hatched. The number of eggs laid and hatched in 1913 is expected to be far greater. Of course, a terrapin must be five or six years old before he is in the best shape for the table, but this slow growth is offset by the fact that "one man may care for several thousand terrapin."

Terrapin farms, the Government report says, should be situated on the shore line of tidal salt water, where a supply of fresh water also is available; low, swamp land where fish and crabs are plentiful being preferable. Best results are obtained by breeding the terrapin in pens specially built, but not expensive in construction.

Unlike the chicken breeders and the breeders of other food animals, the terrapin breeder need not worry about disease in his stock. The Government experts say: "So far as is known, diamond-back terrapins are not subject to epidemic disease, and after reaching the age of two or three years have no important enemy except man."

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 106 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906, William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

...d Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figgins, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

Our August Furniture Sale

Our "Middle of the Month" August Furniture Specials have never been so numerous and the values so great.

The articles you want are here, carrying prices much lower than you expected to pay.

Why delay buying longer? Our courteous salesmen will be glad to show you through and aid you in making selections, and we will be pleased to arrange terms to suit YOU. Come in to-morrow.



Special Rocker Sale Monday

A big shipment of four-dollar values. Substantially made, are attractive patterns, beautifully finished in rich golden oak. You can get genuine comfort in these rockers. Not more than three to any one customer and none to dealers. Our special price for to-morrow only is **$1.98**

Monday Special on Small Rugs

Beautiful patterns in floral and Oriental designs. These rugs are positively guaranteed. Please note these prices, which are good for to-morrow only.

$1.50 Brussels Rugs, Monday 98c
$2.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $1.48
$4.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $2.98
$6.00 Axminster Rugs, Monday $3.98

Special Sale on Go-Carts Monday

About one dozen included in this lot. They are all samples—all badly damaged—values are from five to fifteen dollars. They are equipped with best re-tempered steel springs, heavy rubber tires, fold completely up in one and two movements. To-morrow only you may take your choice for only **$1.98**

25% Discount on Gas Ranges

Every sanitary, fuel-saving, conveniently arranged Buck's gas stove and range is included in this special discount. One dollar per week pays for your choice.

Special Sale on German Porch Screens

About three dozen left. They will make your porch cool and attractive. Please note these special prices.

$2.50 6-foot Screens, now only.....$1.48
$3.50 8-foot Screens, now only.....$1.98

Duplex Mattress

—made of eight layers of fluffy, sanitary felt; has imperial, tightly stitched edges, grade "A" ticking and we positively guarantee this mattress to not sag or lump. We are exclusive agents for this mattress. $1.00 cash, $1.00 weekly, at..... **$10.00**

Wood's Special Davenport

—a wonderful value. Frames are made of well seasoned materials. It is upholstered with genuine chase leather, has best re-tempered steel springs, and we can furnish it in golden oak, mahogany or mission finish. An ideal davenport by day, and ONE MOVEMENT converts into a full sized bed. Complete with sanitary felt mattress only **$37.50**

Blue Tag Bargain Basement

Six big wagonloads were added yesterday to this already well filled space of big home-furnishing values.

Every piece a needed article in some home—every piece an incomparable value. Come to-morrow (BIG MONDAY) and make your selections. Our usual terms apply to any selection made in our Blue Tag Bargain Basement.

Sellers Kitchen Cabinets

—the one kitchen cabinet which really fills all requirements. It has an ant and dust proof flour bin and sugar compartment—a convenient and sanitary place for everything needed in a modern kitchen—see our special for only **$31.50**

Wood's Special Chiffarobe

—has a separate and convenient place for everything a man wears from an overcoat to a collar button. Also a large and conveniently arranged shaving mirror. It has a trouser rack which will keep trousers in shape, and a most convenient coat rack. Our special terms on any finish is $1.00 cash, $1.00 per week, and the price is only **$21.50**



Family Size
EAGLE

—will keep your foodstuff to perfection—the ice bill will be small and it will in every particular give satisfaction. Special terms of one dollar cash, the balance one dollar per week, and our price is only **$7.50**

Two Big Specials



Brass Bed

—has heavy, substantial two-inch posts, five extra large and strong fillers—furnished in either single or double sizes in satin or gloss finish—terms one dollar cash and one dollar per week, and our price is only **$12.50**



Special Outfit

—the outfit consists of one heavy two-inch continuous post gold bed, one sanitary felt mattress, one pair springs and one pair feather pillows. A great value. Our special terms are ninety cents cash and the balance $1.00 per week. Complete outfit only **$17.90**

Monday Special

An attractive dollar value, guaranteed time keeper—has extra loud alarm attachment—securely packed in a specially made box, and the special price for to-morrow only is

48 Cts.



Bachelor's Den

The coziest and most attractive MAN'S room you ever saw. See front window, Whitehall street. This entire outfit will be sold to any bachelor on especially attractive terms.

Rhodes-Wood FURNITURE COMPANY

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

103-5-7-9-11 Whitehall Street, Corner Mitchell

Crawford Chairs

—the most substantially made chair on the market—here in any finish—guaranteed by the manufacturer for five years—we are exclusive agents—see big display.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR AUGUSTA

VOL. I. NO. 20. Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company. ★★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SULZER AND GLYNN EACH REFUSE TO BUDGE INCH

Deadlock Results in New York Impeachment Situation as Each Claimant Refuses to Make Move—Both Go to Capitol.

Accused Executive Accompanied by His Bodyguard Goes to State House and Plunges Into Business—No Outbreak Surprise.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Neither drastic nor violent steps will be taken by Lieutenant Governor Martin H. Glynn to force William Sulzer, the impeached Governor of New York, from office—at least not to-day. Owing to the fact that this was a half holiday at the State offices, Mr. Glynn spent but a few minutes at the Capitol, and while both Sulzer and Glynn forces refused to budge an inch, matters were at a deadlock.

Accompanied by his bodyguard, Governor Sulzer walked from the executive mansion to the Capitol, where he plunged into State business, just as though his right to exercise the gubernatorial prerogatives were not contested.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who claims the powers of Acting Governor under the Constitution until Mr. Sulzer is brought to trial on September 18, went from the Capitol to the offices of his newspaper and announced he would spend the afternoon at an athletic meet. He denied that, like Napeoleon, he would lift the power of ruling New York State on the bayonets of the National Guard.

Lack of Trouble a Surprise.

Absence of an actual outbreak today was a surprise to many who expected to see the executive chamber a battleground for the Sulzer and Tammany forces.

Mr. Sulzer now virtually stands alone, having been deserted by the members of his cabinet, who have allied themselves to the Glynn forces. But Sulzer refuses to abdicate, despite the fact that the ranks of his political enemies have been strengthened during the last 24 hours.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who is now signing State documents with this signature, "Martin H. Glynn, Acting Governor, State of New York," announced that, in spite of any obstructions thrown in his way by the Sulzer legal forces, he would continue to administer gubernatorial affairs pending Mr. Sulzer's trial for alleged high crimes and misdemeanors September 18.

Both Sides Fear Trick.

Both sides are taking elaborate precautions to guard against a trick. Throughout the night armed guards stood watch over each State department, while lawyers and legislators involved in the struggle were trailed by private detectives. Mr. Sulzer was in retirement planning a new legal move with his counsel. Messenger boys with Washington and New York city telegrams could not find the Governor, but members of the "inner circle" took charge of the dispatches, saying they would find the Governor.

Leaders of the anti-Sulzer faction made the threat that Mr. Glynn, now having control of the State Military Department, would actually invade the executive chamber.

"He will get a mighty warm reception," declared Sulzer adherents, who are few, but courageous.

Some Fear Martial Law.

Some residents of this city, realizing the intense seriousness of the situation, fear that conditions may become so grave that martial law will have to be declared.

It was assumed that Governor Sulzer to-day would reply to the second note from Lieutenant Governor Glynn, demanding the unconditional surrender of all prerogatives by Mr. Sulzer and the abdication of the Governor. Counsel were with the Governor at the beginning of the official day, and it was reported that the Governor was urged to take a fling at Tammany Hall.

Germany Also Snubs Panama Exposition

Kaiser's Government Follows John Bull's Action in Declining American Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The German Government to-day decided to refuse to participate in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 6, Column 6.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

FRAUD USED TO BEAT HEARST, SAYS MULHALL

Lobbyist Declares He Obtained Confidence of Democratic Leader in Campaign for Governor.

GAVE REPUBLICANS SECRET

Letter Was Forged to Give Him Introduction to Up-State Committeeman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

France to Welcome Envoy de la Barra

Mexican Legation Is Assured That There Is No Objection to New Minister

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Mexican Legation has heard nothing of any objection on the part of France to the reception of Francisco de la Barra as Mexican Minister to this country. The secretary of the legation said to-day.

"We would neat'- be the first to hear of it if any such objection existed."

The Agence Nationale was the authority for the report, which was printed here yesterday. Senor de la Barra sailed from New York to-day.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

SUPREME TEST COMES AS STATE TRAINS GUNS ON FRANK'S CHARACTER

Defendant Will Take the Stand Early in Week to Give His Account of His Movements on Day Mary Phagan Was Killed.

ATTORNEYS SEEKING TO PROVE A COMPLETE ALIBI

Believed That Case Will Stand or Fall on Efforts of Prosecution to Prove Its Charge of Immorality Against the Accused.

BY AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The third week of the Frank trial came to an end at noon Saturday.

The defense has not yet concluded its case, but confidently expects to finish within the next day or two.

Its last card, and one of its biggest, will be the defendant's statement. This statement is scheduled for the early part of this week.

It will mark the climax of the defense's case, just as Conley's story marked the climax of the State's.

It became more and more evident as the case progressed during the past week that the defense is pitting Frank squarely against Conley—that it is to be Frank's life or Conley's life for little Mary Phagan's, snuffed out cruelly nearly four months ago in the National Pencil Factory.

Frank's statement on the stand, which the law permits him to make, but not under oath, and which may be accepted by the jury, either in whole or in part, in preference to all the sworn testimony, will be matched against the story the negro told so dramatically and with such frightful emphasis soon after the case got under way.

Into the negro's story, moreover, was injected the question of Frank's general character, particularly in one unmentionable direction, and this the defense will undertake to offset completely and finally.

More than a hundred witnesses have been summoned to testify to Frank's good character, and these include men and women from every walk of life, where it could be shown that such witnesses had come in contact with Frank from time to time in such wise as to be competent judges of his general character.

DALTON'S TESTIMONY IMPEACHED.

Already, the one witness (Dalton) so far introduced by the State to corroborate Conley has been successfully impeached by the defense, and it is likely that others introduced to uphold the negro also will be subjected to impeachment proceedings, if the defense suspects that it may successfully inaugurate the same.

The defense seemingly has realized fully the heavy necessity of breaking down Conley's awful story, not only in direct connection with the murder, but in every phase of it that bears upon the character of the defendant.

As a primary proposition, the advantage in the situation thus set up dwells within the defense.

In the first place, Frank goes to the jury with the presumption of innocence in his favor. The burden is not upon him to make out a case in behalf of himself. It is upon the State to make out a case against him.

Moreover, the only right of appeal attaching to persons indicted for felonies is within the defense. Once the State loses, it is lost forever.

The State must allege and prove the guilt of the defendant "beyond a reasonable doubt," and fight right up to that limit.

If there remains a reasonable doubt of Frank's guilt, after the last word has been said to the jury, Frank, under the law, is entitled to it, and if the trial jury fails to award it, a court of review will remedy the legal wrong thus inflicted upon him.

ALL STATE TESTIMONY SWORN.

The State, moreover, must submit every bit of its evidence, to the last shred or patch, under oath.

The defense, on the contrary, may clear itself upon testimony not one word of which is sworn to.

The State's star witness, Conley, also comes into court a confessed accessory after the fact of the murder, a confessed falsifier in numerous conflicting statements as to his knowledge of and connection with the crime, and accompanied by a well established jail record fearfully and wonderfully made up.

His is a much harder story to hold up than Frank's, viewing the two stories generally and in their broader personal aspects.

Even without Conley, to be sure, the State still has a circumstantial case against Frank that might compel considerable attention and respect, but there are few people who seemingly believe that it alone would be sufficiently strong to convict.

It probably is a realization of the State's tremendous task, involved in the holding together of Conley's story, that has caused

DORSEY SURE OF CASE AS CRISIS COMES

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Frank Had Life Which He Hid From Relatives and Friends

Jurors in the Frank case sketched in the courtroom. They are: 1. M. Johenning, 2. A. L. Wisbey, 3. F. V. L. Smith, 4. Deder Townsend, 5. M. S. Woodward, 6. A. H. Henslee, 7. W. M. Jeffries, 8. J. T. Ozburn, 9. Charles J. Basshardt, 10. W. S. Medcalf, 11. Fred E. Winburn, 12. J. F. Higdon.



Trial Will Last Through Week, Declare Men Who Have Followed It.

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense Objects too Late.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, dependent alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta that to fail in the establishment and corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing will be to fail in a crisis heavily important to the State now.

Liability Becomes Asset.

Strange to say—there are so many strange things to say in this surpassingly strange Phagan story—one of the State's apparent weaknesses is proving, in one direction, to be one of its greatest elements of strength.

The deefnse's strenuous insistence that Conley's remarkable story is impossible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believe the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually, and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

Rely on State Witnesses.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relying upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several different directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this despite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Mary's mother), George Epps, a motorman, and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probably to be amplified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

State Seems Confident.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless, the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get in pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.

Girl on Stand Shouts She Would Die for Leo Frank

Employee of Pencil Factory Furnishes Dramatic Incident of Day—Dressing Room Evidence Is Brought Out.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimoney in any way prejudicial to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into a eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by the time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guiltlessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though if never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to conduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmeline Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sister. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded against it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled toward Miss Kitchen, and then turned around and walked away. She testified that the girls never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking their overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her in regard to a reported remark of N. V. Darley, general manager, that "if the girls stay with us through this, they will not lose by it." She said she had overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

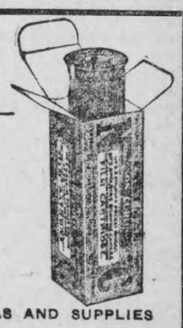
The following pencil company employees were called as character witnesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stewart, Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Ina Hayes, Eula May Flowers, Elma Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dickerson, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osman, Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, Rebecca Carson, Maude Wright, Irene Jackson, and Mesdames Emma Freeman and Ella Thomas.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL
368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L
Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A graded school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.
Send For Booklet

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee August 25
THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF "HER FATAL SHADOW"
Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPENS THURSDAY AUG. 21


Dr. W. J. Harper
New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery
Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00
All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

Bring Us Your Films for Development

We Give You BETTER RESULTS
Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING
AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT
ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.
We Also Carry a Complete Line of EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES
GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.
Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree

LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE DECLARE HE ALONE HAS PREPARED STATEMENT

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of Jurors, But Will Simply Outline His Contention as to Tragedy.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, International tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated to-night that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer, of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam., Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweeaheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shan'y and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

Grape Juice vs. Milk

Secretary Bryan Does Not Have Undivided Support of Cabinet in Choice of Beverage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Grape juice as a Cabinet beverage has gone into eclipse, in spite of the prominence given to it by Ciceronian eloquence as being the only nectar of the gods.

A canvass of the preferences of other members of the Cabinet beside that of Mr. Bryan, whose favorite beverage is well known, disclosed the fact that plain old milk, sweet and buttermilk, is ahead in the race. President Wilson prefers orange juice to that of the luscious grape.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is one of the sweet milk champions and has a fellow champion in Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo leans toward buttermilk.

Attorney General McReynolds and Secretary of War Garrison are said to be ardent milk advocates.

Secretary of Agriculture David Houston is one of the two members that find enjoyment in pure unfermented grape juice.

Secretary of the Interior Lane prefers hot tea, while Secretary of Commerce Redfield likes his tea cold.

Charges Sister Stole Her Husband's Love

California Woman Names Beautiful Relative In Her Plea for a Divorce.

SUSANVILLE, CAL., Aug. 16.—Charging that her younger and prettier sister had stolen her husband's love, Mrs. Celia Rundquist Schaefer asked Judge Monroe for a divorce from Marin Schaefer, a fruit grower and rancher. Miss Rose Rundquist, sister of the plaintiff, was named as co-respondent.

Mrs. Schaefer testified that her sister admitted that her husband was a "grand man," and that he showered attentions upon the sister and admitted making love to her. The plaintiff also claimed that she had to support both for two years.

Judge Monroe held that there was insufficient corroborating evidence and instructed the applicant for divorce to get more witnesses.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

(We sell all makes.)

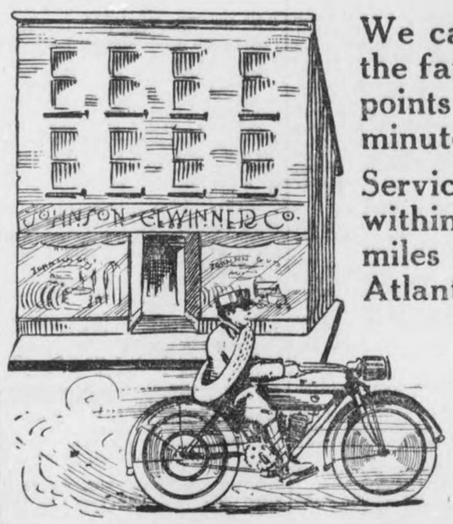
Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

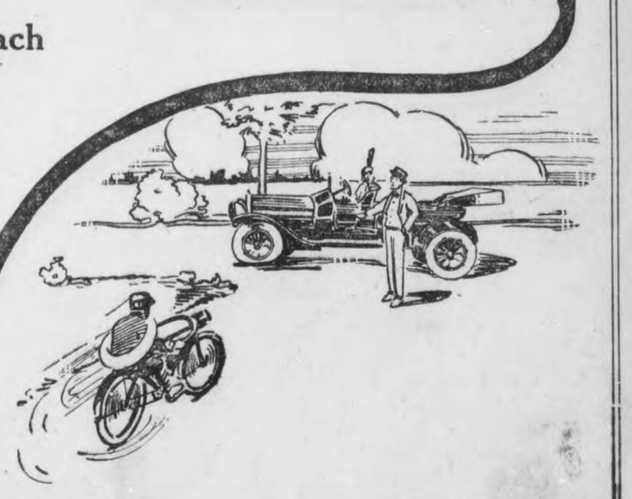
Free Air Station ::: Gasoline 17c

THE NEW WAY



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta



GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury T. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court. Below is Lola Norris, the other girl witness in noted case.



SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her shearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacrameto in the same fear of exposure of their liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," replied Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such a low voice that Judge VanFleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the defendant said that resulted in your decision to leave Sacramento.—A. Well, he said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say he would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money giver, to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. Did you wait in the depot for Caminetti?—A. No; he was to return to the restaurant. There was some talk about going on an earlier train. We waited in a little street car waiting room near the depot. Miss Norris stayed in there when the train came in. I walked out with Mr. Diggs and told him to go and I would stay there. He said, "No," that he thought too much of me to have me stay there. The train finally left.

Caminetti Gets Money.

Q. Then Mr. Diggs went to the waiting room and telephoned?—A. Yes, to Mr. Caminetti, I think.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. We returned to the Saddle Rock and waited half an hour for Mr. Caminetti. When he came, he said he had the money and would go on the next train.

Q. Then you did what?—A. We went to the depot.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. Mr. Diggs said to wait while he got the tickets.

Q. Whom did you wait with?—A. With Lola Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Q. Then what?—A. When the train came, we got on.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall, do you, going to the Riverside Hotel on the 10th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is, Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris, were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say?

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of ary, 1913, I will ask you if you, in company with Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris, did not go in an automobile from San Francisco to San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidelberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

M. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many timss were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived, with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I dbn't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No, sir.

BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I will appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

BRING YOUR VACA-

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Also all diseases of Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surgical and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

$5



Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE

MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S

GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's

Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH . .	$5	GOLD FILLING . .	$1
GOLD CROWNS . .	$4	AMALGAM FILLING	50c up
BRIDGE WORK . .	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up
TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . .			$1 up

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison, was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine!" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job But Lind Is Most Unusual Man Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of dissatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg, of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order...$165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

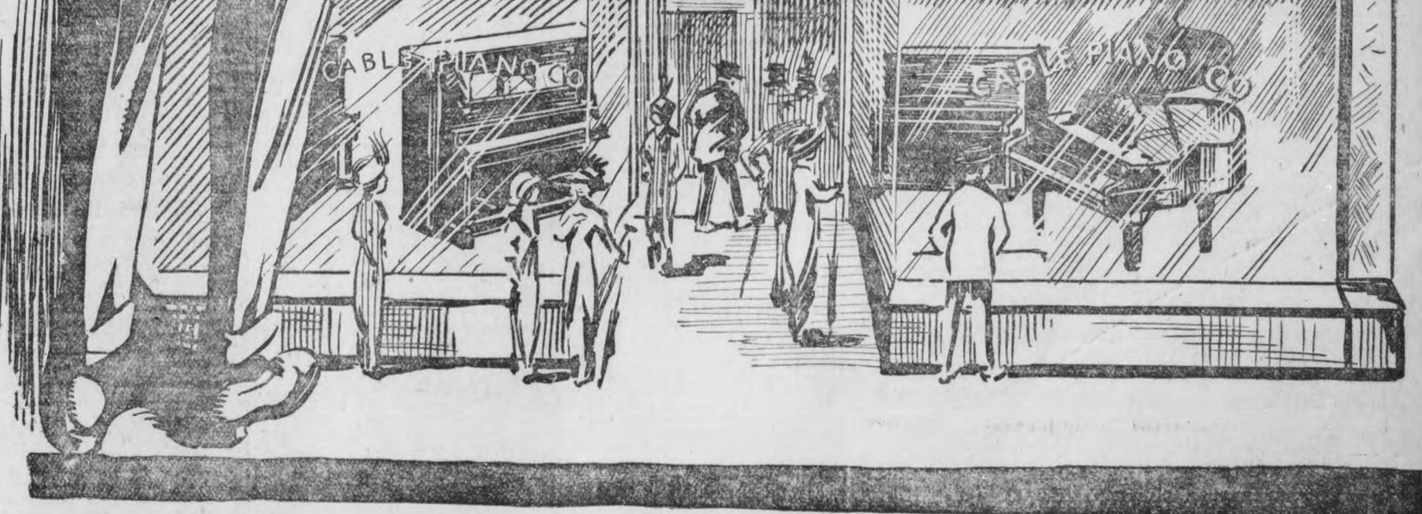
$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US
Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.
Name .....
Address .....

Cable Piano Co.
84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.
GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.



MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existinfi in individual counties, and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 19 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues; they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing doctors; they have heard the pleas of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the father and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. Ten Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

The Tax Receivers of the counties shall open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

In ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test. Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has revolutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.



The Wonderful and Prompt Results of Vegetable Obbac.

You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac, also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



© by Underwood and Underwood.

Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic canoeists both of them, and inveterate campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then through Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal an river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will fly. The life-saving crew of Clifton, to Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equipage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bills proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Bee River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires when he may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions.

"I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

BRING YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Fresh films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 42 N. Broad street.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

Nance Believed Mad When He Slew Wife

Relatives Declare He Was Mentally Unbalanced When He Left Knoxville Friday.

KNOXVILLE, Aug. 16.—George R. Nance is believed by his wife's relatives in Knoxville to have been insane when he killed her in a hotel at Hamlet, N. C., yesterday. They recite incidents connected with his former residence in this city that cause them to suspect he was mentally unbalanced.

At one time Nance left home and his wife did not know of his whereabouts until she received a cablegram from him in Liverpool, England. Soon thereafter he came here and they remained until they went to Greenville, S. C., last March, where his wife was manager of a sanitarium operated by a company with hospitals in various cities. For four years she was head of this company's hospital at Los Angeles. Her last station had been at Chattanooga, where her local relatives thought she was yesterday.

Mrs. Nance was born in Sweetwater, Tenn., and had many relatives over East Tennessee. She married Nance in Alexandria, Va., nine years ago, and they had no children. Mrs. J. T. Steele, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. B. T. Baker, of Alexandria, Va.; Mrs. Jerry Reagan, of Portland, Oreg., and Mrs. J. A. McCampbell, of Friendsville, Tenn., are her sisters.

Autos Are Barred By Canadian Island

Residents of Prince Edward Will Not Allow Machines to Enter Province.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—"It seems strange in these days when automobiles are seen on every street, on every country road that there should be one section on the American continent where these vehicles are positively prohibited," said R. A. Dewey, of Toronto.

"Recently the Canadian Parliament enacted legislation to permit the use of self-propelling carriages in the Province of Prince Edward Island, but it is by no means certain that the legislation will be effective. There is every indication that the law will never be put in force because a plebiscite on the question was taken throughout the island when the annual district school meetings were held.

"The returns that have come thus far indicate that the farmers are strenuously opposed to allowing automobiles on Prince Edward Island. More than 90 per cent of the population voted no on the proposition, and in some of these places the vote in the negative was unanimous.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends In Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife Eva died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover, Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

"Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA



WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established—because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."

WHITLAW PRICES RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.



Original Painless Dentist

The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT
Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!

The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE SAVOY CAFE 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE === LOW PRICES



AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abandon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of habitual drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Men's Socks Adorn Girl's--Ahem

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde Is Bold Apostle of New Style and She's a Good Proselyter.

Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short socks are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features, you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it.

The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeoligist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY
A MODERN CONSERVATORY.
A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.
OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughteds and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "tag" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury. Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "rough-neck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "make-up" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price.

MOTHER ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

The woman, now bent and feeble, is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865

82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta

The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

MORE THAN 200 Columbus SUFFRAGETTES INVADE STAID GEORGIA TOWN

Thomasville Has Its Quota of Women Who Demand the Ballot.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The granting of a charter for a Woman's Suffrage Association in Georgia and the bobbing up of the suffragettes over the country generally is causing many towns to take an introspective view, so to speak, to ascertain if there are any of this new brand of women within their borders, and the result shows that while there may not be a great many avowedly calling themselves suffragettes, there are more in sympathy with the movement than the mind of the average man conceives to be the case.

That there should be suffragettes in other towns in Georgia seemed very probable, but that they should be found in Thomasville, which is regarded by the outside world as being eminently staid and conservative, never going wild over anything but baseball or fighting about anything but "Sis" Cow, seemed almost unbelievable, but they are here just the same.

This does not at all mean that the majority of the fair sex here are in sympathy with this new order of women who are fighting for the ballot. There is, however, a very fair sprinkling of them, who do not hesitate to assert their belief in the equal rights of woman, and they likewise acknowledge that they would enjoy taking a hand in the management of public affairs, to a certain extent at any rate.

Of course, there are a few of the more advanced in their ideas who even believe that they could run a town and would like to try it a while and show the male management in charge just how a sure enough town should look and how affairs would be managed with a female board at the head of things. When questioned as to what would be done in a town run by women in regard to holding Police Court, serving on juries, etc., the enthusiasm did not seem so marked, though little attention was paid to the query, it evidently being the idea that all unpleasant duties could be turned over to the mere men and only the "running" of affairs be reserved for those in charge.

As it will probably be a good long time before Thomasville will be run by a female management, at least openly, as they are often accused of being the power behind the throne, nobody is very much worried over it, but it is interesting to know just how the matter stands and whether the women of the South will ever go into this movement in earnest as they have in the West and parts of the North.

Timbermen Fight Over Debt; 1 Dead

W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen End Dispute by Pistol Duel in Street at Blakely.

BLAKELY, Aug. 16.—W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen, two well-known timbermen, had a pistol duel on the public square at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, as a result of which Keen is dead with five bullet holes in his body.

Keen is said to have shot at Stamper twice and missed him. Stamper escaped unhurt, except a graze near the left eye.

The trouble grew out of a dispute over the division of the proceeds of a debt due to both of them by a common debtor.

Keen leaves a wife and several children.

Miss Marie Whitehead

An attractive and vivacious brunette, of Albany, who is now touring Europe with Mrs. James S. Farnum, of Charleston, and Mrs. E. B. Young, of Albany. During the past school term Miss Whitehead was a student at Brenau College. (Photo by White, Gainesville.)



Truck Growers to Organize in Tift

Object Is to Promote Growing and Marketing of Products.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Present indications are that not only the truck growers of Tift County will work in co-operation, but that all the truckers of South Georgia counties will co-operate in promoting the growing and marketing of trucking products.

Two melon and truck growers of Brooks County, M. L. Bowen, of Quitman, and A. J. Powell, of Dixie, were in Tifton this week and conferred with the Tifton Chamber of Commerce and a number of men engaged in trucking, inquiring as to the working of the Tift County Truckers' Association, with a view to forming a similar organization in Brooks County.

Mr. Bowen has been in the melon business for nearly twenty years and Mr. Powell is an expert at growing Irish potatoes.

TERRELL FARMER FIRES BULLET THROUGH HEAD

DAWSON, Aug. 16.—P. C. Calley, well-to-do Terrell County farmer and brother-in-law of Jesse Mercer, committed suicide at his country home near Dawson by shooting himself through the head. He left no note as to the cause, but despondency over money matters is believed to have been responsible.

Columbus Shows Healthy Increase

Nearly Half Million Gained on Tax Values of Property—Rate Was Reduced.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Tax Assessor Frank M. Sommerkamp, of Muscogee County, has completed his tax digest for 1913, which shows $22,769,804 compared to $22,508,202 in 1912, an increase for 1913 of $261,602.

When it is taken into consideration that the tax assesments this year in the city of Columbus were made at 75 per cent of the county assessment, while they have been made heretofore at the same, it will be seen that the county has made a remarkable showing. In other words, something like $14,000,000 worth of property has only been asssessed at 75 per cent of the assessment of last year. It is believed that the increase in values would have run far over half a million dollars.

The digest shows that there are 40 lawyers, 43 doctors, 17 dentists, 1 veterinary surgeon, 2 architects, 2 engineers. The dogs in the county are valued at $2,192.

DOUGHERTY TAX VALUES SHOW GOOD INCREASE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—The total value of taxable property in Dougherty County, as shown by the figures just compiled by Tax Receiver J. H. Davis, shows an increase for 1913 over 1912 of $437,218. The comparative figures are as follows: Property values, 1913, $7,449,866. Property values, 1912, $7,012,648.

ALBANY MAY BUILD BIG CREMATORY PLANT

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—A crematory to dispose of Albany's garbage is a matter that is being seriously considered at the present time. Mayor Tarver has procured literature bearing on this subject and is giving the matter careful study.

With the idea of making Albany one of the most healthy and sanitary towns in the State, the city officials, led by Mayor Tarver, are considering this step.

GLENN TAKES CHARGE AS DEPUTY MARSHAL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—L. H. Glenn, of Rochelle, who has been appointed Deputy United States Marshal for this district, to succeed R. L. Thomas, resigned, will make this city his headquarters. He is now here preparing to take over the office.

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

Latest Southwest Georgia News

Albany

COURT HEARING OF INJUNCTION IS POSTPONED

Americus City Council Would Prevent Consolidation of Power Plant Companies.

AMERICUS, Aug. 16.—The postponement by Judge Z. A. Littlejohn in the Superior Court of the hearing of the injunction brought by the City Council of Americus against the Americus Power Company, the rival power company to the old Americus Gas and Electric Company, to keep the new company from consolidating with the old and advancing rates, is another link in the history of one of the most sensational municipal fights in Georgia.

Judge Littlejohn postponed the hearing until September 27 on the ground that certain important parties to the various transactions were not in Americus, though it is claimed that at least one of them was here.

City Attorney Hollis Fort and W. P. Wallis, for the city, and Shipp & Sheppard, for the Americus Power Company, are prepared for a grueling and continued fight when the hearing does occur.

It is thought that it will either kill forever the hopes of municipal ownership here or revive them anew. As this has been a hotly contested municipal issue, the interest in the hearing is wide and keen.

'Hoodoo Doctors' Ply 'Art' in Cordele

Raid Farms for Cotton Root to Brew Tea for Superstitious Negroes.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—"Hoodoo" or "root" doctors, as they are commonly known, seem to be getting in some very effective work in Cordele, though if their identity should become known to the police the effect would very probably not be pleasing to them. For several nights these characters have devastated patches of cotton in the western part of the city, belonging to negroes. For the purpose of making cotton root tea, which is said to have a healing effect in a good many cases, they have pulled up row after row of cotton by the roots, cutting off the weeds and taking the roots with them.

UNKNOWN NEGRO STABS WHITE MAN AT RAY'S MILL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—W. J. Williams, of Rays Mill, Ga., was probably fatally stabbed by an unknown negro in this city at 1 o'clock Friday morning. Williams and a companion passed a group of negro youths at the Georgia Southern and Florida passenger station and said something to the negroes which they resented. One of them plunged his knife into Williams' side and drew it across his breast, making a gash nine inches long and exposing the heart-action. Two negroes are in jail charged with complicity in the affair, but they claim that the youth who did the stabbing escaped.

MUSCOGEE JURY BOARD RESUMES WORK MONDAY

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Muscogee County's Jury Commissioners will meet again Monday to take up the work they began sometime ago, but were forced to drop because of the continued illness of one of the members. It is expected that every effort will be made to increase the list, as there has been much complaint in recent years over the difficulty experienced in obtaining jurors, when only about one-fourth of the taxpayers and voters of the county have their names in the jury box. A remedy has been demanded often.

100 BALES OF COTTON SOLD AT TIFTON IN WEEK

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—The cotton market has opened up lively in Tifton this week and it is believed that the receipts will show a total of nearly 100 bales. There is quite a lot of old cotton in this section and this is opening fast as a result of the warm weather of the past several days. However, the bulk of the crop is young and it will be several weeks yet before the season is on in full.

ALBANY MAY HAVE RIVERSIDE DRIVE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—That Mayor Tarver's idea of a beautiful winding driveway along the Flint River may terminate in some definite action seems probable. Superintendent of Parks Harmon has been asked to consider plans and offer suggestions. This has been done and he not only thinks the plan feasible but is a very ethusiastic advocate.

Dougherty's Jail Doing Double Duty

Ten Prisoners From Early County Added to Number Already Confined There.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Dougherty's new county jail is now doing double duty, containing not only the county prisoners and those of the city of Albany, but those of Early County, ten of whom have been brought here for safe-keeping.

Soon after the new jail was completed the city of Albany made arrangements for the city prisoners to be jailed and cared for in a portion of the county jail. The city barracks were small, insanitary and not safe in case of violent prisoners. That portion of the city hall formerly used as the guardhouse has been remodeled for offices. The county feeds all the city's prisoners and City Court is held each day in the detention corridor of the jail.

The Sheriff of Early County, realizing the condition of the new jail, selected this one for the safe-keeping of his prisoners while Early's jail is being remodeled.

Feast on Collards Instead of Cabbage

Thomas County Convicts Revel in Delicious "Greens"—Fresh Corn as Dessert.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The convicts in the camps of Thomas County have had a change of diet from the cabbage which was so much enjoyed by them in the spring and early summer, and have transferred their allegiance to collard greens.

The report made by the superintendent of the county farm this week shows that for the month of July 1,250 head of these collards were fed to the convicts of the various camps, and as the average darky is proverbially fond of these greens they doubtless enjoyed their meals. With the collards were eaten 600 ears of green corn and several bushels of onions.

As vegetables are considered good summertime diet they probably went a long way toward preserving the health of the convicts as all the camps are reported in a healthy condition.

Cashier, Sentenced, Making Hard Fight

J. H. Cason's Lawyers Determined to Carry Case Through Highest State Courts.

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Arguments in the motion for a new trial of J. H. Cason, now under five-year sentence in the penitentiary for embezzling nearly $8,000 from the Bank of Cresland, will be heard in Valdosta before Judge Thomas on September 8.

Attorneys for the former bank cashier state they will leave nothing undone to save their client and that the case will be fought through all the courts before it is concluded.

CORDELE COTTON MARKET SHOWS GREAT ACTIVITY

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—With more than 100 bales ginned and marketed, the cotton season is getting well under way in Cordele and within two weeks will be in full sway. The movement of the crop has already had a decided effect upon the business interests of the city and county, a general optimism prevailing among the people as a result. The opinion is common that the yield of cotton will surpass that of the past several years and that the quality of the staple will hold up unusually well, demanding good prices.

WOODMEN OF WORLD HOLD 'CUE AND PICNIC AT TY TY

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—Friday was Woodmen of the World Day in Ty Ty, nine miles west of Tifton, in Tift County, the choppers holding a big barbecue and basket picnic, between 1,500 and 2,000 people attending. Besides enjoying a good basket dinner and some of Jack Frost's barbecue, better than which there is none, those attending heard an excellent address by Hon. Roscoe Luke on the W. O. W. order and an address on general topics by Colonel Claude Payton, of Sylvester.

NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE WELCOMED BY SHIPPERS

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Columbus tariff schedule No. 2, on which the Board of Trade has been working, has been received in the city and the merchants are prepared to take advantage of it at every opportunity. The new tariff schedule applies to all of the railroads entering the city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.

MELROSE YOUTH UNDER BOND FOR FATAL STABBING

Harry Miller, 17 Years Old, Must Face Trial for Slaying Turpentine Man.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—Hardy Miller, the 17-year-old lad who stabbed and instantly killed L. A. Smith at Melrose recently, has been released from custody under a $5,000 bond on a charge of manslaughter.

The preliminary hearing of the case was before Judge J. G. Cranford, of the City Court. Several eye-witnesses to the killing testified that the man had a quarrel and that Smith struck Miller with a stick. A few minutes later Miller passed by Smith and struck him in the breast with his knife, the blade penetrating Smith's heart. The men were employed at the turpentine distillery of Miller's brother, Smith having charge of the mules on the place. The fatal quarrel was caused by Smith's refusal to let the boy ride one of the mules at night after it had been worked all day.

Valdosta to Issue Bonds for Paving

Election Called to Vote on $50,000 for Streets and Waterworks.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—An election for an issue of $50,000 municipal bonds has been called by the City Council for September 15.

If it carries Valdosta will in a few months be the best paved city of its size in the State, and will have a waterworks system adequate to take care of the growth of the city for several years.

Of the proposed issue $35,000 is to be used for extending the paving now in operation, while the remainder, $15,000, is to be used for extending the water mains and in improving the waterworks station. A 3,000,000-gallon pump was bought with a portion of the last bond issue and the plant is now being prepared for its installation. In the business section the six-inch mains are being taken up and replaced with twelve-inch mains, while the system is being extended to the northern and eastern portions of town, which were recently taken into the corporate limits.

Three of the principal residence streets are now being paved with asphalt, but the recent bond issue has not been sufficient to pave other streets on which the work is demanded.

The proposed issue will be 30-year bonds to bear 5 per cent interest.

MOULTRIE RAISES $100,000 FOR A PACKING HOUSE

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—A hundred thousand dollars has been subscribed by Moultrie business men to build a packing house and abattoir. All preliminary plans have been completed and construction is scheduled to begin soon.

It is believed this will encourage stock raising in Southwest Georgia, providing as it will a cash market at all seasons.

FARMER BEGINS SERVING SENTENCE AS COW THIEF

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—J. J. Hiers, farmer, of Colquitt, began serving a twelve months' sentence on the chaingang this week, after being denied a new trial by Judge Thomas, of the Southern Circuit.

Hiers was convicted at the last term of Superior Court on an indictment charging him with cow rustling, but the jury recommended that he be punished as for a misdemeanor.

Albany Boosters Get Big Meeting

Put Up Winning Fight for State Agricultural Society Session In 1914.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Knowing that the bringing of the State Agricultural Society to Albany for its 1914 meeting would be a great boom for Albany, as well as furnishing a good place for its meeting, several of Albany's citizens went to Cuthbert this week and attended the session which has been in progress. On Thursday it was realized that a hard fight would be necessitated to secure them, as Norta Georgia was making a strong bid, and immediate steps were taken to apply the pressure. All Dougherty residents who were at the meeting started boosting Albany as the proper place, this being supplemented with telegrams from the Mayor, president of the Chamber of Commerce and others who are recognized as leaders in Albany. The net result was that they decided on Albany, and in addition expressed their thanks for the strong effort that was made to secure them.

Tift's Courthouse Handsome Building

One of the Most Complete and Comfortable in the State.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—There are many handsome and comfortably furnished courtrooms in this section of the State, but none will surpass the one in Tift County's attractive new courthouse when that building has been completed. The work is now nearing completion, and some idea can be gained of its attractive simplicity and elegance.

Five large windows on either side of the courtroom give plenty of light and ventilation. Between each window is a pilaster column capped with a scroll design, and over each window an arch surmounted by a keystone. Crossing the ceiling are five large beams and between these is an attractive design in dental work. In this work there are over 7,000 pieces, nine to the foot, and there are 875 running feet to be covered.

There are three large lights in the ceiling, with a light on each column and a desk light at the judge's stand.

The staircases will be of steel with terazza steps.

CORDELE PLANS TO PUT $40,000 IN WATERWORKS

Site Selected for Big Plant, and Work Will Begin in Short Time.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—The Cordele Bond Commission has selected and purchased a site for a new waterworks plant for the city, located immediately adjacent to the site on which the old station is situated. The location provides ample room for the improvements to be made, and was purchased by the commission from Judge E. F. Strozier, administrator of the estate of W. E. Smith, the consideration being $4,500.

A $40,000 issue of bonds will be expended in building the new plant and making further improvements upon the waterworks system. The building alone will probably cost $3,500, and is to be fireproof, while the machinery will be of the most modern type and will be duplicated all the way round, costing not under $18,000. The new reservoir will be capacitated at 250,000 gallons, and an elevated tank of almost three times that capacity will be erected.

RECORD PECAN CROP IN SOUTH GEORGIA

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—That there will be more pecan nuts in South Georgia this season than ever before is the general opinion of the growers. This is owing not merely to the fact that the crop is a good one, but is the result of the larger number of trees that have come into bearing. The crop of paper-shell pecans planted all through this section is a large one, but many of the young trees are just beginning to bear well. Some of the growers are very enthusiastic over the crop on these young trees this year and the knowledge that they will put on a larger one each year as they grow older means that it will not be very long before the output of these nuts will be the means of bringing much money into South Georgia.

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00	Sofas at	$93.75	
75.00	Sofas at	56.25	
85.00	Bureaus at	56.25	
110.00	Book Cases at	82.50	
125.00	Sideboard	93.75	
35.00	Fireside Chair	22.50	
35.00	Scroll Rockers at	17.50	
$85.00	Desks at	$56.25	
65.00	Pier Tables	45.00	
85.00	Library Tables	56.25	
85.00	French Beds at	56.25	
35.00	Work Tables	27.50	
65.00	Serving Tables	37.50	
55.00	Corner Pieces	37.50	

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY

222 PEACHTREE STREET

B. C. BUFORD, Manager **ATLANTA, GEORGIA**

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P.M.

Savannah

Latest News of South Georgia

Waycross

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorably upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

Marion Lucas Will Get Savannah Plum

Congressman Edwards Picks Successor to Marcus Baker as Savannah Postmaster.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The fact that Congressman Charles G. Edwards has announced his intention of indorsing Marion Lucas for postmaster to succeed Marcus S. Baker, Jr., who is expected to be ousted shortly as a result of a recent investigation of his private and official life, has created little surprise here. It had been known for more than a week that Lucas stood the best chance to land the plum.

Besides the indorsements sent to Congressman Edwards direct, Lucas has furnished him with more than 1,000 letters from Savannahians in every walk of life.

Chatham Jail Too Full for Comfort

New Sheriff Asks County Commission to Remodel and Enlarge Prison.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—As a result of an inspection of the county jail by the newly elected Sheriff, Colonel Merrett W. Dixon, the County Commission will be asked to do something to relieve the congestion there.

It may be necessary to build an annex to the jail or convert the southern wing of the building now occupied by the jailer as a residence, into prison quarters. Sheriff Dixon was accompanied on his inspection by Judge Walter G. Charlton, of the Superior Court, and Solicitor General Walter G. Hartridge.

Of the 183 prisoners in the jail there was only one who registered a kick.

SHUPTRINE TO HEAD BIG POLITICAL CLUB

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Although the officials will not make public the result of the election, it is learned that Herman C. Shuptrine, Representative in the Legislature from Chatham County, was elected president of the Cracker Progressive Club, a political organization, last night. Shuptrine has stated that he will accept.

TRADE BOARD SECRETARY RETAINED AT BRUNSWICK

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Secretary J. G. Weatherly has been reappointed by unanimous vote of the Brunswick Board of Trade. Mr. Weatherly came to this city last year from Columbus, Miss., and since taking charge of the local board he has made an enviable reputation, both for himself and the city.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, just or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witchhazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Savannah Minister Has Saloons Raided

Pastor Objects to Near-Beer Dispensaries Near His Church. Dealers Arrested.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—On complaint of the Rev. M. F. Roberts, pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church, three near-beer dealers, with places around the corner from his church have been placed under arrest and required to give bond for their appearance on charges of violating the State prohibition law.

The places raided are the same which received the attention of the authorities last Sunday. The men under arrest are Andrew Pappedes, M. Patro and C. L. Davis. A lot of near beer and whisky was confiscated and will be used as evidence against the men.

Recovery of Dare Question of Time

Savannah Man, Shot by Wife, Improves Rapidly After Reconciliation.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stretched comfortably on a cot in a cell at police barracks, quietly reading a novel while the summer breezes blow through the bars upon her, Mrs. Joe Dare, who several weeks ago shot her husband following a quarrel in their apartment, presents a striking contrast to-day to her extremely nervous condition two weeks ago, when it was believed that Dare would die and that she would be called upon to face trial for his murder.

The physicians who are attending Dare at the Savannah Hospital have given out the information that he is continually improving. His recovery is now practically assured unless there is a sudden change for the worse. The physicians are confident that his reconciliation with his pretty wife on what was believed to be his deathbed has had much to do with bringing about the change in his condition.

Dare was shot by his wife in a fit of jealousy after he had remained out later at night than she thought he ought to.

Grimshaw Will Not Give Up Residence

Transferred to Americus, Savannah Alderman Holds His Office in City Government.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Harry G. Grimshaw, superintendent of the Savannah division of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, who has recently been transferred to Americus as superintendent of the Alabama division, effective to-day, will maintain a residence in Savannah, and will not resign from the aldermanic board of the city. He will also retain his position of chairman of the board of control of the Union Station.

Superintendent Grimshaw will retain a residence in Savannah, and will come down each week-end, remaining over until Monday morning. He will also be able to make special trips to Savannah when necessity arises, and will thus be a regular attendant upon the meetings of Council. Mr. Grimshaw's force of clerks, stenographers and dispatchers will depart for their new location to-morrow morning.

WRECKER WANTED TO SEE WHAT TRAIN WOULD DO

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—"Just wanted to see a wreck, just to see what the train would do," was the explanation of John Hosey, 14 years old, when arrested last night charged with placing a beam on the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad tracks at Thirty-third and Plant streets in an attempt to wreck the shuttle train running between Savannah and Newyards. A special officer saw two boys place the beam on the track. He arrested Hosey, but the other lad escaped.

Miss Margaret Elise Cafiero

One of the pretty debutantes of the coming season in Savannah. She was one of the graduates of the Savannah High School in the Spring.



8-Foot Shark Caught At St. Simons Island

Sam Levinne Lands Largest Catch of Years in Waters Around Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—An eight-foot shark has been caught on St. Simons Island by Sam Levinne, of this city. Before the fish could be landed it required a horse to pull it ashore.

The young man had his line out for a shark for more than an hour when suddenly it was almost jerked from his hand. Several times he managed to get the shark to the surface, each time shooting it, and before it was killed eight bullets had been poured into its body.

The shark weighed more than 300 pounds, and was the largest caught in these waters in ten years.

Firemen Endangered By a Falling Steeple

Lightning Sets Brunswick Church Spire Ablaze and Causes It to Topple.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—When McKendree Methodist Church was struck by lightning and set on fire, Fire Chief Harrison and three of his men narrowly missed death.

The lightning set fire to the steeple. The chief and three firemen climbed to the roof of a one-story addition adjoining the main part of the building. Before the fire was under control the steeple fell. Chief Harrison saw wha was coming and quickly ordered his men to seek safety. Just as the got under cover the steeple crashed on the roof where they had been standing.

NEGRO ACCUSED OF SLAYING 16 YEARS AGO IS CAUGHT

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Charged with killing B. C. Booth, at Manor, Ware County, sixteen years ago, Will Eady, a negro, has been brought to Waycross from near Blountstown, Fla. He has been identified and will be placed on trial in December.

Eady's escape from a mob was narrow. The Booth family conducted a search for him. W. S. Booth has just paid a reward of $100 for the negro's arrest and the State's reward of $100 will be paid soon.

WAYCROSS PLANS TO SEND MAN ON BOOSTER TRIP

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross may have a representative on the Georgia Booster Train, which will leave Macon soon for a tour of the Middle West.

Secretary T. Jeff Botley, of the Board of Trade, has been authorized to make the trip. He is getting splendid co-operation from the citizens. Thousands of Waycross booster booklets will be distributed by the secretary while on the trip.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching, Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

STREET PAVING AGITATION IS ON IN WAYCROSS

Act of Legislature Gives Authority to Make Levies on Property Owners.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—While none of the members of the Georgia Legislatures except those from Ware knew what the passage of the local act on levies for street pavement in Waycross meant they really paved Gilmore, a leading street of the city, by voting to pass the act.

The amendment to the city charter was proposed by Council to establish beyond any question the right of the city to make a levy against property of the street railway company for paving on a street occupied by the tracks of the company, whether the part of the street occupied by the tracks was paved or left unpaved.

In trying to pave Gilmore, Council has handled one of the hardest problems Waycross has ever tackled. First one proposition would be agreed upon, then another, and all kinds of petitions from property owners were received. Sentiment is anything but unanimous with reference to the paving of Gilmore, but Council is apparently determined to pave the street with brick.

Estimates on the cost of paving Gilmore have varied from $20,000 to above $30,000. With the street car company's portion of the expense certain for the city, the financial end of the pavement has been closed, and Council probably will be asked at an early date to authorize the Mayor to sign a contract and have work started without delay.

Convicts to Work Streets.

At last Waycross is going to get some return from the part the city has been contributing to the improvement of roads in Ware County. The convict gang of the county, under the new county commissioner law, will have to be worked on the principal streets of Waycross three months of each year, and in order that some benefit might result this year, the law stipulates that for 45 days between now and the end of the year the gang must be worked in Waycross.

An effort to reduce the membership of the board to five was defeated, and the board will be increased after January 1, 1915, to seven instead of six members, as at present. Four of the seven will be from the Waycross district. The chairman, instead of being a resident of the Waycross district, may reside in any district of the county. However, with four members from Waycross, it is extremely doubtful if the chairmanship ever goes out of the Waycross district.

Senator J. L. Sweat's plan for a board of information, holding quarterly meetings with the Commissioners, were eliminated.

SHORTHAND WILL NOT BE TAUGHT IN SCHOOLS

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stenography and typewriting will not be taught in the public schools of Chatham County during the coming session "because of the shortness of finances." This is the decision of the Board of Education of the county.

Superintendent Otis Ashmore and Principal B. F. Pickett, of the High School, were instructed by the board to investigate the question and report. They hold that the only additional expense would be the purchase of typewriters. It would not be necessary to employ another teacher. Bookkeeping and commercial subjects already are taught in the schools.

Waycross Lid Is On 7 Days Every Week

Sunday Closing Supplement by 'Move On Order to 'Houses in Our Midst.'

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Although the first warrants issued in the crusade against the sale of cold drinks in Waycross on Sundays have been withdrawn on the promise of good behavior, it is announced to-day that the campaign for Sabbath observance will in no way be lessened. The prime reformers are H. Murphy and Dan T. Cowart.

Right on top of the fight on Sunday drink sales, Chief of Police John W. Colley has issued warnings to women who have returned here despite the "lid order" issued last fall by Mayor Reed shortly after Atlanta closed the "houses in our midst." Several houses bordering on the disorderly variety have just been closed and the inmates compelled to leave the city. Only a few of the women waited until the last day to leave, as the police let it be known that all caught here after the limit expired would be arrested and tried in Police Court.

Fire Chief May Hold His Job After All

Expected Shake-up Fails to Materialize in Waycross—Council Remains Inactive.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—The expected shake-up in the Waycross fire department has not yet materialized. It was reported a week ago that former Chief Thomas Ballentyne, of the Savannah fire department, would become chief of the Waycross department. So far, however, the matter has not been presented to Council for action.

Recent improvements in the fire department caused members of Council to feel that a more experienced man was needed as chief, and the report of the expected change caused the friends of Chief E. C. Hall to get busy. What effect, if any, this had is unknown, but it is stated on authority that the fire department shake-up may not be talked about again until the first of the year, when Council elects the Fire Chief along with other city officials.

Fought Four Men; Held for Killing

Charlton County Slayer Released on Bond of $5,000—Now in Hospital.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—An order was passed by Judge E. A. Parker, of the Waycross circuit to-day allowing C. W. Webb, charged with killing J. M. Crawford at Moniac, in Charlton County, temporary bail of $5,000. Authority was also given to transfer Cobb from Valdosta, where he has been in a hospital, to Hazlehurst. Thursday is the date fixed for a commitment trial at Folkston.

When he killed Crawford, Cobb was fighting four men, who attacked him as he started to board a passenger train. After he was cut to pieces he was left by the track all night.

NEW TRIAL FOR LANIER OVERRULED BY JUDGE

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Judge T. A. Parker overruled the motion for new trial in the case of State vs. W. C. Lanier, under life sentence for killing an infant. Attorneys will appeal the case to the Supreme Court. Lanier's wife, who was jointly indicted with him, was acquitted when she was tried at an adjourned term of court in June.

WAYCROSS TO TRY NEW FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Semi-Commission and Business Manager Plans To Be Voted on at Special Election.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross is on the verge of two interesting elections, and will top off the year with a warm municipal campaign.

The first election will be that of a Recorder to fill the recently-created position of City Recorder. The bill, as passed by the Georgia Legislature, provides that any lawyer 21 years of age may fill the place, and while there are no announced candidates for the position, it is known that members of Council have been approached by several who would like to serve until the election next year.

After the election of a Recorder will be the charter election. This will probably be called by Council at a meeting to be held next Tuesday, and will be for the purpose of deciding what changes, if any, in the present government of Waycross will be made. The charter bill provides for the city manager plan of government, which is a combination of the aldermanic and commission government, and an increased Board of Aldermen with appointive departmental heads. The proposition to have an all-time Mayor has been given up, and instead the charter provides that whoever is named Mayor must give sufficient time to look after the office properly. The salary of the Mayor is doubled, $1,200 being allowed under the new charter, as compared to $600 at present. The salaries for Aldermen are wiped out completely by the new charter. Heretofore Aldermen have been paid $200 a year.

There are many advocates of the two kinds of city government, and the election to be held will undoubtedly go down in the city's history as one of the warmest ever known in Waycross.

NEW RAILROAD TO BRUNSWICK FROM DARIEN

Connecting Link Will Be Completed by October 1—Preparations for Entry.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Preparations are already under way for the entry of the Georgia Coast and Piedmont Railroad into Brunswick on October 1.

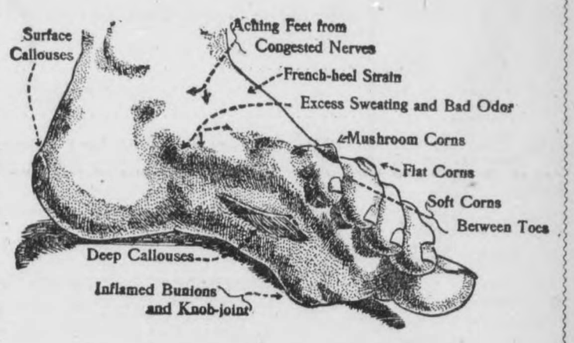
The rails are laid almost in entirety from Darien to Brunswick, and all that remains to make the connecting link perfect is the completion of the steel bridge over the Altamaha River. Work on the passenger and freight depots in this city is well under way, as likewise the work on the terminals along the river front.

By connecting Brunswick and Darien, many miles will be saved in going from one place to the other. The only direct connection with the McIntosh County seat is by boat from this city, which requires four and one-half hours to make the trip. With the Georgia Coast and Piedmont in operation, it will be possible to traverse the distance in less than an hour.

The road now runs from Collins, in Toombs County, to Darien, and with the extension to this city one of the richest territories agriculturally in Georgia will be opened up.

The road was started last summer, after having been under discussion for five years. The County Commissioners of Glynn and the city of Brunswick appropriated a large sum to aid in bringing the road here. The general offices of the road will be brought to Brunswick from Darien before the entry into this city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building. Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit)	$ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit)	250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value	$1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities	$1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash	$ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash	$ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	$30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913. EDWIN G. MARKS, Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock	$ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash	500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value	$4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities	$4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash	$967,024.22

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash	$875,954.38
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding	452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913. H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon — **5,000 VOTES**

FOR ORGANIZATIONS

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon — **1,000 VOTES**

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

GIRLS' CLASS

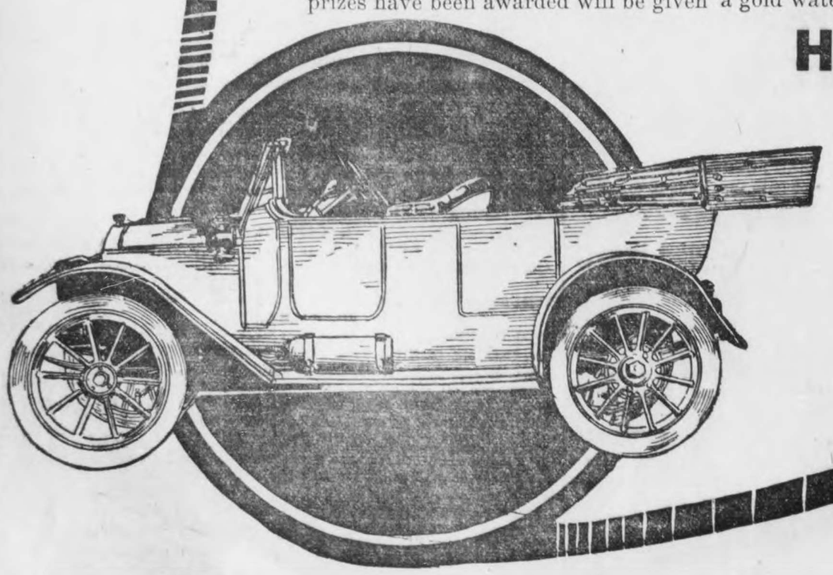
To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Griffin

GRIFFIN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Annie Martin is at Demorest, accompanied by Mrs. George Marlin, of Columbus.

Mrs. Lucy Cunningham, of Glade Springs, Va., is in Griffin, where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Elam, which occurred Sunday.

Misses Mary Lucia Slade and Jesse Cannifax and Messrs. J. T. Wells and E. V. Weathers have returned from Lifsey Springs, where they have been members of a camping party.

Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott left Wednesday for Salem, Va., where she is to be a member of a house party to be given by Miss Columbia Kelly.

Dr. and Mrs. Marcus F. Carson have just returned home from a visit to relatives at Commerce.

Walter B. Jackson and Miss Fannie Webster Logan were married here by the Rev. J. R. King.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruskin have returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

Mrs. B. B. Brown, Miss Olivia Brown and Master Douglas Brown have been visiting relatives in Rowell.

Mrs. W. E. H. Searcy, Sr., spent last week in Atlanta in company with Senator Searcy.

Miss Nina Jenkins has returned from Eatonton, where she was a member of a house party.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wolcott, Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Faircloth and daughter, Miss Marianna Sears, Mrs. A. J. Dunham and her guests, Miss Wood, of Tennille; Mrs. J. M. Kelly, Miss Jesse Cannifax, of Barnesville; Miss Page Acree, of Chattanooga; Miss Elise Hay, of Dallas, Texas; Miss Rebecca Brown, Miss Mary Lucia Slade, Miss Elise Johnson, Messrs. Hughlett Kellett, Crossenberrey, C. V. Weathers, H. T. Green, Robert Williams, L. H. Beck and Robert Ramspeck, of Atlanta, formed a camping party to Lifsey Springs.

Miss Annie Suber, of Macon, is spending the week-end in Griffin with her sister, Mrs. Z. E. Jay, on Hill street.

Miss Mattie Evans has returned to her home in Washington, D. C. She will return to Griffin early in September.

Mrs. R. O. Crouch and children are in Meriwether County, the guests of Mrs. M. T. Crouch, the mother of Mr. Crouch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartow Jackson, of Bernice, La., are here on a visit to relatives of the former.

A wedding of interest in this section was that of Miss Edna Dingler, of Williamson, to Dr. Jackson, of Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Blake and son have returned from a tour of several Northern cities, including New York, Washington, Philadelphia and other places in the East. They were accompanied by Mrs. Blake's sister, Mrs. Lilah Copeland, and her son, H. F. Copeland, of McDonough.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Reddy, who have resided in Griffin for the past four years, have removed to Tennille.

Miss Lucile Flemister entertained Wednesday morning at a porch party in compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Walker, of Monroe.

Mrs. J. R. Cole and Mrs. James Flint were the hostesses at a domino party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. A. DuPree, of Marietta; Miss Jessie Robinson, of Owensboro, Ky., the guest of Mrs. James Baxter, and several other visitors.

Miss Etienne Goddard entertained Tuesday afternoon at an al fresco party in honor of her guest, Miss Ruth Brown, of Waycross.

Captain and Mrs. James Kimbrough entertained Monday evening at dinner in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. William L. Owen, of New Orleans, La.

Miss Oressa Shackleford entertained at a lawn party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Lula Hanson, of Macon.

Miss Nellie Corbin gave a swimming party Tuesday afternoon at Corbin's Pond in honor of her guest, Miss Laura Porter, of Houston, Texas.

Mrs. J. C. Brooks leaves Thursday morning for Panama, where she will visit her son, Jack Brooks.

Miss Carmine Thomas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. L. Tucker, returned to her home in Atlanta Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Strickland will leave Sunday for an extended tour through the New England States, and will spend some time in Boston and New York before returning to Griffin.

Mrs. A. J. Mills has gone to Sharpsburg, the home of her childhood.

Miss Mary Enss has returned from a stay of several weeks at Lake Chautauqua, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hammond, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Woods Hammond on West Poplar street.

Jackson

JACKSON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. S. H. Thornton gave a reception Thursday in honor of her house guests, Mrs. A. B. Roberts, Mrs. S. B. Hungerford, Mrs. Charles Clawson and Miss Lucile Roberts, of Macon. Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Mrs. R. W. Oxford, Miss Nina Harris, Miss Mary Newton and Miss Pauline Mallett assisted Mrs. Thornton in entertaining. Misses Doris Nutt, Sylvia Lyons and Helen Ham served punch.

Miss Lucile Tolleson, of McDonough, was the honor guest at a rook party given Saturday by Miss Doris Nutt, whose guest she is. Miss Helen Carmichael won the first prize, a handkerchief, and the guest of honor was given a lace fan. Mrs. E. D. Tolleson assisted in entertaining.

In compliment to her guest, Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, Miss Mary Land gave a rook party Tuesday afternoon. The guest's prize was a silk fan and the trophy for top score fell to Miss Kate Ham.

Mrs. A. H. Smith and Miss Helen Smith, who are here for the summer, spent a few days of the week at their home in Atlanta.

Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, is the guest of Miss Mary Land.

Mrs. W. S. McBryant and her daughter, Mrs. Homer Young, of Augusta, and Mrs. J. D. Loner and children, of Alabama City, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McBryant.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mays are in Whitesburg.

Mrs. Wilbur Ham, of Cartersville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Ham.

Miss Thelma Woods is at home from a visit to Mrs. Fred Hatfield, in Opelika.

Mrs. Charles Rice, of Atlanta, is spending the week-end with Mrs. A. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carmichael have returned from a visit to Norfolk.

Mrs. H. H. Hooten, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Maddox, Jr., of Valdosta, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Maddox.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—A party of twelve of the Thomasville Campfire Girls, chaperoned by Mrs. J. Scott Hunter, left this week for Hendersonville, N. C., and will camp for a month at Bat's Cave, near Hendersonville. Those in the party were Misses Mabel Evans, Ethel Evans, Katherine Balfour, Blanche McDonald, Rose Evans, Carmen Evans, Georgia McKay, Florence Vaughn, Mary Patterson, Isabel Peacock and Hattie Brandon.

Miss Lucile Green left this week for a trip to Washington, New York and other points.

Miss Alice Bateman, of Dallas, Texas, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Mash.

Miss Pauline Harrell, of Bainbridge, is the guest of Miss Nell Patten.

Mrs. T. N. Hopkins and Miss Helen Hopkins have returned from a visit to Waynesville, N. C.

Miss Bessie Helm, of Bronwood, Texas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. S. Parker, has returned home.

Miss Martha Brantley, of Boston, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Willis Moore.

Misses Fraser and Isabel Mitchell are the guests of Mrs. D. I. MacIntyre in Atlanta.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe, of Valdosta, are the guests of Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. W. H. Parker is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. D. Steel, in St. Paul, Minn.

Miss Maude Speight has returned from Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Turner are visiting New York and other Eastern points.

Mrs. H. W. Hopkins has returned from Western North Carolina.

Mrs. W. L. Ball has returned from Battle Creek, Mich.

Mrs. J. B. Lockhart has returned to her home in Adel after a visit to her mother, Mrs. Arthur Patten.

Mrs. H. D. Atkinson and Miss Gladys Atkinson have returned from a visit to friends in Bainbridge.

Mrs. Henry Lester and Misses Mildred and Susan Lester have returned from a visit to Atlanta and Chattanooga.

Miss Margaret McKay, who has been visiting Miss Susie Leonard at Talbotton, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Spence left this week for a trip North.

Miss Eula Brooks, of Boston, is the guest of friends.

Mrs. James A. Mallette, of Boston, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Tifton

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Tom Williams, of Douglas, was the guest of Mrs. N. Peterson Monday.

Misses Vannie and Nora Goggans are attending a house party at Sylvester given by Miss Lamp.

Miss Rose Scheuerman has returned to Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Hazel Ford has returned from Atlanta and the Blue Ridge Mountains.

Mrs. I. A. Fulwood and Miss Louise Fagan are visiting in Rochelle and Fort Valley.

Miss Deborah McRae, of Thomasville, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. McRae Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Myers left Wednesday for Washington, D. C.

Mrs. W. T. Hargrett is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Speight, of Moultrie.

Mrs. R. S. Kell and children have returned home from Atlanta.

Misses Mary Carl Hurst, of Atlanta, and Florence Mercer, of Albany, are the guests of a house party given by Mr. Amos Tift, for which Mrs. S. L. Fleetwood is chaperon.

Misses Julia Williams, of Douglas, and Florence Parks, of Ty Ty, are the guests of a house party given by Miss Aline Shipp.

Miss Adelaide Hargrett entertained her guests with an all-day picnic at Lucy Lake Tuesday.

Cordele

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—Miss Lamar Ryals is expected to return Monday from a trip to the Eastern States.

Misses Sarah and Erin McArthur, of McGregor, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. John B. Ryals.

Mrs. D. Meredith Clarke was the hostess Wednesday to the Young Matrons' Club.

Miss Jurelle Little has returned from Eastman.

Mrs. Robert Wynne, of Eastman, is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Walters.

Mrs. John Barfield and little son, of Emerich, were guest during the week-end at the home of Judge and Mrs. S. W. Coney.

Mrs. A. H. Holder, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Miss Nellie Roberts.

Sam Coney, Jr., is home from Washington for a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Webb have returned from a visit at Chipley and Columbus.

Miss Emily Hyde is visiting Mrs. John Hyde at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Arthur Purvis has returned to her home at Americus after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Persall.

Mrs. James Kee, of Macon, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Williams.

Misses Marie and Lucile Diffee have returned home from a visit to Mrs. H. J. Maddox at Bainbridge.

Miss Mazie Crawford was the hostess Thursday at a luncheon for a party of young friends, including her three cousins, the Misses Coffman, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Miss Neta Reser, of Bristol, Tenn., and Messrs. L. E. Fenn, Hunt, Hancock, Reagan and Turner.

Miss Ida Fay Mathews has returned from a visit at Shellman.

Mrs. W. A. Frout, of Barnesville, is visiting Mrs. T. E. Jennings.

Misses Elma and Laura Bell, of Valdosta, are the guests of Miss Mary Sue Russell.

Miss Ruth Carswell, of Waycross, the guest of her cousin, Miss Harriet Carswell, was entertained this week by Miss Carswell, Mrs. J. E. Lindsay and Miss Sarah Hyde.

Miss Alice Oliver has returned to Americus after a visit to Miss Belle Jones.

Talbotton

TALBOTTON, Aug. 16.—The most important social event of the week was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones to Mr. Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, Monday night. The wedding was at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Trussell. Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church here, performed the ceremony. C. K. Mahone and Mrs. Dana Brown were the attendants. The wedding was a surprise.

Mrs. Jennie Gray Draughon returned to Reynolds Tuesday after a visit to Miss Hattie Simpson.

Miss Hattie Taylor, of Fitzgerald, has been the guest of Miss Susie Leonard during the week. She and Miss Leonard and a few others were entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner given in her honor by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bryan Monday night. The others present were Miss Lizzie Ragland and Miss Imogene Smith.

Miss Clara Spivey and Miss Anne Douglass left Monday for Franklin, N. C., where they are invited on a camping trip with Miss Lynn Johnston.

One of the most enjoyable of the summer dances given by our nearby little town of Geneva was that Tuesday evening by J. E. Bartlett and Walter Adams at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson, in compliment to the young ladies of Geneva. The punch bowl was presided over by Misses Willie Kate Edge and Gussie Lee Cook. Ices and cakes were served by Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Hazel McCrary and little Kate Whit Stinson. Among the dancers were Misses May Covington, Willie and Mary Edge, Hazel McCrary, Gussie Lee Cook, Myrtice and Jennie McCrary, Etta and Zoudie Bradshaw, Ora Colquitt, Sallie Shipp, Kate Whit Stinson, Messrs. J. E. Bartlett, Walter Adams, E. G. Cook, Albert Persons, Fitz Colquitt, Lake McCrary, Clinton Barksdale, Jim McFarland, and Harvey Benson. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Missie McCrary.

A social event of this week which came as a surprise was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones of Mount Ida, Talbot County, to Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Trussell on College avenue Monday night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church. C. K. Mahone was best man and Mrs. Lilyan Brown matron of honor.

Mrs. Dickerson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. T. Jones, of Mount Ida. Mr. Dickerson formerly resided at Talbotton and in Atlanta.

Hazlehurst

HAZLEHURST, Aug. 16.—A beautiful wedding of Friday was that of Miss Mary Frazier to Bolling Harvey Johnson, which was quietly solemnized by the Rev. W. M. McMorries, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. H. Greene.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left immediately after a reception for the mountains of North Carolina.

Moultrie

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. C. A. Beall is with relatives at Sylvester.

Mrs. W. E. Adams who has been the guest of friends here has returned to her home at Thomaston.

Miss Lonnie Vickers is at home after visiting relatives at Greenville, Fla.

Miss Ethel Spivey left yesterday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. J. C. Mebale is at home from a visit to Oklahoma City and Muskogee, Okla.

Miss Mabel Clark, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Bessie Muller.

Mrs. J. M. Strickland, of Dothan, Ala., who has been the guest of relatives here, left Friday for home.

Miss Lucia Gilmore is the guest of friends at Cordele.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Tharpe are spending the summer at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

Mrs. D. B. L. Powell is at home from Panama City, Fla.

Misses Minnie and Janie Milligan, of Newton, Ala., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. A. Huber.

Miss Nona Smith returned yesterday from Chautauqua, N. Y.

Mrs. T. W. Maddox came home Friday from Atlantic Beach, Fla.

Mrs. W. B. Linder, of Dublin, is with her mother, Mrs. G. S. Nelson.

Mrs. I. A. Heard is the guest of relatives at Vienna.

Mrs. C. L. Stevenson left yesterday for Cartersville.

Miss Mary Harris has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Pidcock left yesterday for White House, N. J.

Mrs. W. F. Way entertained a party of friends at a domino party Thursday.

Eatonton

EATONTON, Aug. 16.—Dr. and Mrs. George Noble, accompanied by Misses Noble and Drs. Wagner and Henry Noble, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, making the trip in Dr. Noble's car.

Mrs. Clinton Powell entertained for her guest, Miss Mary T. Lawrence, of Milledgeville, Friday afternoon.

Mrs. R. Preston Brooks and children, of Athens, are the guests of Mrs. Alex Reid.

Mrs. Walter Chamblee, of Atlanta, and Mrs. and Mrs. Irby Kilpatrick, of Athens, are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kilpatrick.

Mrs. James Davenport, of Brunswick, and Miss Annie Smith, of Sparta, are visiting Mrs. T. G. Greene.

Mrs. T. G. Greene entertained at a reception for Mrs. Davenport and Miss Smith, on Saturday afternoon. The Delta Phi's formed a group of girls, receiving the guests on the porch, where Mrs. Sam Dusenburg, of Barnesville, served punch.

An event of the week was Miss Agnes Leverette's bridge party in honor of Mrs. Davenport, of Brunswick, at the home of Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, Monday evening. Mrs. John T. Dennis received first prize, Sam Hearn the consolation, and Mrs. Davenport was given a guest prize.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Candler, Jr., of Clearwater, Fla., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Reid Hearn.

Saturday morning Mrs. M. F. Adams, Mrs. B. N. Alsbrook and Mrs. James Denham were joint hostesses at a party given in honor of Miss Helen Denham and her house party.

Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro will entertain in honor of her visitors, Misses Noble, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Gardner entertained at tea Saturday evening for Mrs. Sidney Reid and her guest, Mrs. Rogers Davis, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis entertained Tuesday for their house guests, Miss Allen Bell, of South Carolina; Mrs. Rollin Hutchinson, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dennis, of Elberton. The punch bowl was presided over by Miss Leila Turner and Miss Eleanor Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Dennis were assisted in entertaining by Colonel and Mrs. Frak Jenkins, Mrs. Sid Edmondson and Miss Mattie Edmondson.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Miss Juanita Bennett has returned from a visit to Americus.

Miss Clifton Wing, of Macon, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thorpe.

Members of the Friday Club were entertained by Miss Hettie Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wall left Thursday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. W. B. Stovall, who has been visiting in Griffin, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Remley left on Wednesday for a visit to White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Macey Highsmith left Wednesday for a visit to Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. V. A. Jones, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting relatives in Waycross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Scruggs and little daughter and Mr. Oren L. Gray left Tuesday for an auto trip through Georgia and North Carolina.

Mrs. Jennie Mell and Miss Viola Mell left yesterday for a visit to points in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Dessau Bunn visited relatives in the city this week, returning to St. Simons.

Mrs. A. M. Litch left Wednesday for Spartanburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Brewer and Miss Hester Brewer, who have been visiting Judge and Mrs. H. P. Brewer, have returned to Douglas.

Miss Dorothy Krauss, who has been the guest of Miss Anice Daniel and Miss Annie Laurie Walker, returned to Brunswick Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Hughes and son returned Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Atwood, Mrs. R. J. Haines and Miss Moneta Haines left Thursday for a visit to points in Virginia.

Mrs. E. P. Guren and little son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. J. Walter Lyon.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran left this week for a visit to points in North Georgia and Tennessee.

Mrs. E. H. Clark and children have returned from a visit to St. Louis.

Mrs. John C. Nicholls and daughter, Miss Meta Nicholls, returned Tuesday from Hendersonville, N. C.

Miss Lula Platt, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. B. N. Norvell, left Wednesday for Woodland, Cal.

Miss Anna Morrison left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. E. C. Yerkes, of St. Louis, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. B. Drane, her daughter, left Thursday for San Francisco.

Misses Ada and Natalie Smith, of New York, arrived Wednesday.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—The Art Needle Workers were entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William R. Youles.

Mrs. J. H. Scruggs left on Tuesday for Aberdeen, Miss.

Mr. A. B. Smith and family have gone down to Rocky Ford and are in camp.

Mr. J. F. Stapler chaperoned six or eight couples of young people to Blue Springs, Fla., on a fishing trip.

Mrs. John Q. Sineath and her little daughter, Virginia, left Tuesday for Atlanta and Huntington, Tenn.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and children left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C. Dr. Rose and the boys went up on Thursday in their automobile.

Mrs. W. B. Fender and children returned to Valdosta from Atlanta on Monday.

Miss Eula Garbutt has returned to her home at Fitzgerald.

Miss Julie Winn Varnedoe and her guests, Misses Gladys Laney and Daisy Wilkins, are at Thomasville visiting Miss Louise Grantham.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Black left Wednesday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. C. C. Brantley left Thursday night for Brevard and Toxaway, N. C.

Mr. J. N. Griffin has returned from the Nacoochee Valley, where he has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. G. Hardman.

Miss Georgia Smith and Messrs. Frank Smith and Leon Paine left Tuesday for New York.

Miss Edith Doty left Friday for Niagara Falls and Canada.

Miss Sallie Mathis left Wednesday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyly Doty and children have gone to Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mathis left Thursday for New York.

Miss Mattie Pope Hagherty left Thursday for Americus.

Misses Irvin Denmark and Cap Relihan left Wednesday for New York.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe left Monday for Thomasville to visit Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. C. R. Ashley and her son and Miss Eugie Dasher left Wednesday over the National Highway for points in North Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland and child left Wednesday night for Newnan, Ga.

Washington

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The patriotic societies of Washington are planning to entertain all Confederate veterans in Wilkes County the first Tuesday in September.

Mrs. Lawrence O. Fortson was the hostess at a meeting of the Wednesday Afternoon Bridge Club this week.

Miss Roselyn Wootten, who has been visiting relatives in Columbus, returned Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. William Graham Love, who will spend two weeks in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Richard Wootten.

Mrs. W. D. Ellington is visiting in Daytona Beach, Fla., the guest of Mrs. C. L. Horn.

Mrs. Mary Fisher, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Richard D. Callaway.

Washington relatives who will attend the marriage of Miss Edythe Sims and Mr. Paul Newsom, of this city, which will occur Monday afternoon in Atlanta, are Mrs. James O. Newsom, Miss Ina Newsom, Mrs. E. S. Roberts, Misses Julia Toombs and Lucy Willis DuBose and Messrs. Sam Brooks, W. Frank Lee and John B. Green. Following the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Newsom will leave on the afternoon train for Washington and will be at home with Mr. and Mrs. Raymond R. Smith.

Gainesville

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—One of the most interesting affairs of the week was a party given by Miss Marguerite Chamblee, in honor of her cousin, Miss Estelle Barrett, of Clarkston, and Miss Dorothy Fitzgerald, of Gainesville.

Miss Lillah Fickling, of Rome, the guest of Misses Helen and Dorothy Dean, was the honoree of Miss Louise Law in a lawn party given Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Henry Washington entertained a few friends at a porch party Thursday afternoon for Miss Jeannette Christian, the guest of Mrs. J. C. Pruitt.

On Friday afternoon Miss Margaret Jewell celebrated her eighth birthday with a quaint party.

Misses Annie and Esther Smith entertained informally at their home Monday evening in honor of their guests, Misses Mary and Annie Smith, of Silver City.

The party given Friday evening by Miss Mary Logan was a compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Hanna Kimsey, of Cornelia.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. Noah Webster was hostess at a delightful sewing party.

Cedartown

CEDARTOWN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Lucy Henderson was married Tuesday to J. H. Hawkins, of Rome. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. C. Heard at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. F. A. Irwin. Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins have gone to Borden Wheeler Springs and will be at home in Rome after September 1.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, Aug. 16.—Miss Vannie Phillips spent Wednesday in Atlanta.

Miss Ethel Stevens, of Ball Ground, arrived Tuesday to attend the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Cramer spent Monday in Temple.

Miss Lucy Harris spent Wednesday and Thursday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Smith returned Tuesday from Atlanta and Dallas.

Mrs. Arthur Coffee, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Bass.

Mrs. L. S. Sims left for Cartersville Sunday to visit her mother, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hanna, of Chesterfield, S. C., are visiting Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. J. R. Jolly is visiting her parents in Dawson.

Miss Floy Rawls, of Rome, is the guest of Miss Vannie Phillips.

Mrs. George Harris and baby are in Warm Springs visiting Mrs. Harris' sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bickford and son are in Atlanta.

Miss Eugenie Mandeville has returned to Atlanta.

Mrs. Leon Walker, of Clearwater, Fla., is the guest of their mother, Mrs. T. B. Griffin.

Miss Marie Spence, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. W. Glass.

Mrs. T. B. Griffin has returned from a visit to Newnan and Atlanta.

Mrs. Cecil Boykin left Monday for her home in Marietta.

Mr. and Mrs. Mandeville Long have returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Edna Cook left Wednesday for Piedmont Springs.

Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers, is the guest of Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almon.

Miss Lula Kingsbery has returned to Atlanta, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Henderson.

Miss Natalie Jones, of Griffin, who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Griffin, has returned.

Miss Nell Sharpe, of Jacksonville, Fla., is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hearn, of New York, are expected in Carrollton next week to visit Mr. Hearn's mother, Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. Robert Creel, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bledsoe, has returned to her home in Jasper, Ala.

Miss Katie Lou Thomasson will leave Tuesday for Piedmont Springs.

Mrs. Cleo Shaw and daughter, Sarah Helen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Teague, at Heflin, Ala.

Miss Lucy Harris, who has been in New York studying music, returned Friday and is with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson, left Wednesday for Opelika, Ala.

Mrs. E. W. Keith and little daughter, Louise, of Rome, attended the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Mrs. Ruth Kramer entertained at a theater party Wednesday afternoon complimentary to Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thomasson spent Tuesday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, of Griffin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Moore.

Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almand entertained at a theater party Monday afternoon complimentary to their visitor, Miss Mary Lou Tucker.

Mrs. William Beall and daughter, Miss Allie Beall, have returned from Birmingham and Bessemer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Bass and baby have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bass, at Piedmont Springs.

LaGrange

LAGRANGE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Michael Cody, of Montgomery, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Ferrell.

Miss Stella Bradfield is visiting relatives in McDonough.

Mrs. Fred Robinson, of Atlanta, is visiting her father, Glover Hood, of LaGrange.

Mrs. John Brown, of Locust Grove, is the guest of Mrs. E. R. Bradfield.

Miss Alma Albright is visiting her brother, Will Albright.

Mrs. Griffin is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Harrison.

Mrs. Howell, of Warrenville, is a guest of her son, Jim Howell, on Hill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Shang are visiting in Hogansville.

Miss Margaret Bell, of Dadeville, Ala., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Shearer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dix have returned from a visit to Huntsville, Ala.

Misses Mildred and Marion Bradfield, of Atlanta, are visiting Miss Sara Lane.

Mrs. Lillie Cason is the guest of Mrs. Fuller E. Callaway.

Miss Ethel Pike is visiting in Atlanta.

Mrs. Charles J. Warner and family, of Rome; Mrs. J. B. Ridley and family, of Atlanta; Mrs. G. S. Edmundson and family, of Abbottsford; Carl Edmundson, of Conyers; Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy and family and J. P. Edmundson, who have been guests of Mayor and Mrs. Edmundson, have returned to their homes.

Helena

HELENA, Aug. 16.—A wedding which came as a surprise was that of Miss May Council to Eugene Suddeth, of Madison, Fla. They went for a drive and stopped at the parsonage of the Rev. J. K. Hines, where they were married. Miss Mantie Coker, a friend of the bride, going with them.

An event of Tuesday evening was a social affair given by Miss Florence Davenport in honor of J. C. Clements, of Macon. Those present were Misses Florence Davenport, Marie Brewton, Edith and Marion Creighton, Clara Dunford, Vera McGinty, Messrs. J. C. Clements, of Macon; Richard Carson, P. W. Pittman, of Atlanta; Billie Ryals and G. A. Boatright, of Americus.

Mr. Marion Howard, of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Pittman this week.

Mrs. E. J. Tyson, of Abbeville, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. F. M. Creighton.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, Aug. 16.—A delightful affair was the afternoon tea given by Mrs. Horace Howard in honor of Mrs. Henry Gooding, of Columbia, S. C., who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bradley Howard.

Mrs. John P. Anderson entertained the Round Dozen Sewing Club Wednesday afternoon. The guests were Mrs. Conyers Fite, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Samuel Candler, Clearwater, Fla.; Mrs. George L. Cope, Savannah; Mrs. J. G. Simpson, Miss Mattie Jones, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Bert Sims, Murfreesboro, Tenn.; Mrs. Otto Conn, Mrs. Louie Hall, Miss Maude Norris, Milledgeville; Miss Ann Smith, Pittsfield, Mass.; Mrs. Bob Best, Rome, and Mrs. Gordon Cassells, Savannah.

Mrs. W. T. Bate, of Barnesville, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Calhoun.

Mrs. Buford Graw has returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Mrs. Otto Conn and Miss Ruth Conn, of Milledgeville, are in Cartersville, the guests of Mrs. D. B. Freeman.

Mrs. Harris Cope and Mr. W. H. Field left Tuesday for Versailles, Ky., to visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton.

Miss Johnnie Louise Sanders, of Elmwood, is the guest of Miss Emily Davis.

Mrs. Lena Wofford Harley, of Sparta, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Wofford.

Miss Ruth Berry, of Atlanta, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Lutie Harvey.

Mrs. J. C. Platt and little daughter, Katherine Platt, of Augusta, are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Saxon.

Mrs. Alfred Zachry and son, Alfred Zachry, Jr., of West Point, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. J. W. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cassells and Miss Gladys Cassells, of Savannah, are the guests of Mrs. Emriod Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Walker, of Monroe, spent the week with their daughter, Mrs. Hampton Field.

Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. John Adair are at Glenn Springs, S. C.

Mrs. Logan Vaughn has returned from White Sulphur Springs.

Covington

COVINGTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. B. C. Jenkins and children, of Columbus, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. N. Rainey, left Friday for Atlanta, where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Murphy.

Mrs. Jack H. Estes, of Dallas, Texas, arrived Monday to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. D. Bush. Mrs. Estes is remembered as Miss Florrie Cheney, having frequently been the guest of Mrs. Bush before her marriage.

Miss Ida Shellnut, who has been entertained as the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Carter, left Friday to visit relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. R. H. Bickerstaff and children have returned to their home in Athens after a visit to Mrs. J. M. Allen and Miss Jule Allen.

Miss Clara Belle Adams is entertaining a bevy of girls at her home on Floyd street, including Misses Mary Stephens, of Nashville, Tenn.; Maggie Rogers, Marguerite and Agnes Adams, of Carrollton.

Misses Bernice Breedlove, of Monroe; Virginia Withers, of Atlanta, and Fannie Mae Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., returned to their homes Monday after spending ten days at Henderson's Mill as the guests of the campers.

Mrs. Roscoe Johnson, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mrs. T. F. Hodges and children, of Dothan, Ala., who have been spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Clarke, have returned to their homes. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke have as their guests now Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mobley, of Millen.

Miss Dotye Greer, of Brunswick, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. Colquitt Greer, at Eatonton and Oconee Springs, spent last week as the guest of relatives in Madison. Miss Greer is spending this week with her sister, Mrs. C. I. Cash.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harwell, Mr. Candler Harwell, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry W. Branham and Mrs. Annie Webb, of Atlanta, left Thursday in Mr. Harwell's car for Indian Springs.

Miss Emily Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., and the Misses Mobley, of Hogansville, were guests of honor at a party given by Miss Leila Perry on Saturday morning. Misses Fannie Mae Henderson, Julia Cowan and Kate Perry assisted the hostess.

Mrs. P. W. Godfrey and Miss Frances Godfrey, accompanied by Mrs. Berto Lee, returned home Saturday from Atlanta, making the trip in Mrs. Godfrey's car.

Miss Frances Lee, of Atlanta, who has been the guest of Mrs. Laura Carter and Mrs. John M. Fleming, left Friday for a visit to relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. J. M. Fleming entertained Thursday afternoon at the Lyric Theater in honor of her guests, Misses Ida Shellnutt, of Sandersville, and Frances Lee, of Atlanta. In the party were Misses Ruby Vining, Lartrelle Meadors, Josephine Franklin, Ida Shellnut and Frances Lee.

A delightful event of the past week was that at which Mr. James Wells entertained Thursday evening at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Wells, in honor of Miss Edna Tompkins, of Helena, who, with her mother, Mrs. Robert Tompkins, has been the guest of Mrs. Wells for several days.

Misses Bower entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening in honor of their house guest, Miss Kittie Lee Bower, of Quitman.

Miss Sallie Mae Sockwell entertained Saturday morning with a porch party.

Dublin

DUBLIN, Aug. 16.—The marriage of Miss Julia Porter, of Danville, and C. G. Kitchens, of Dublin, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Porter, near Danville, Tuesday afternoon. The wedding was a simple home affair. The Rev. T. Bright performed the ceremony. The wedding march was played by Mrs. J. C. Chanler, of Swains

MR. HEARST TELLS WHY HE KEEPS OIL LETTERS FROM LOBBY INQUIRY

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Dogs Succeed Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figgins, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a [illegible] on his cheek.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

Foreign-Born Women Voting Is Restricted

Illinois Attorney General Outlines Conditions Under Which They Can Cast Ballots.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 16.—In answer to Mayor Schriver, of Rock Island, for an opinion on votes for women under the new suffrage law and to govern authorities in an approaching election, Attorney General Lucey to-day held:

"That a foreign-born woman who marries a citizen of the United States, whether such citizen be natural born or naturalized, by such an act of marriage becomes a citizen of the United States.

"An unmarried foreign-born woman whose father did not become naturalized until after she arrived at her majority, would not, by such act of naturalization upon the part of her father, become a citizen of the United States.

"A woman born in the United States whose father was not naturalized prior to her arriving at her majority is a citizen of the United States."

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

DEER HINDERS TRAFFIC; DODGES TEAMS IN ROAD

ALBANY, ORE., Aug. 16.—Running along on a well-traveled country road a big buck deer dodged its way between three teams of horses and escaped unhurt last week. The deer was encountered near Brewster Station, on the Woodburn-Springfield line between Crabtree and Labanon, by three men who were hauling lumber to the railroad line.

As the season is not yet open for deer no attempt was made to shoot it.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

WANT TO MAKE MONEY? START TERRAPIN FARM

Government Authority Declares There Are Big Profits in the Diamond Backs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The diamond-back terrapin, aristocrat of the dining table and king of the banquet menu, need not disappear from the sandy shores of the United States and be lost to disciples of Epicurus forever if the business men of the nation will allow themselves to be awakened to the fact that there are fat dividends in the breeding of the animals.

Uncle Sam is sponsor for this statement. Experts in the Bureau of Fisheries are anxious that business men shall read its report.

At Beaufort, N. C., the experts started out four years ago with 40 females and 18 males, terrapin such as may be found from Southern Virginia all along the coast down to Florida. From this small breeding stock the experts procured 295 eggs in 1910. Of the 295 eggs only 7 failed to hatch.

In 1911 513 eggs were procured, and of these 421 were hatched. Even better results were obtained in 1912, when 650 eggs were procured and 538 hatched. The number of eggs laid and hatched in 1913 is expected to be far greater. Of course, a terrapin must be five or six years old before he is in the best shape for the table, but this slow growth is offset by the fact that "one man may care for several thousand terrapin."

Terrapin farms, the Government report says, should be situated on the shore line of tidal salt water, where a supply of fresh water also is available; low, swamp land where fish and crabs are plentiful being preferable. Best results are obtained by breeding the terrapin in pens specially built, but not expensive in construction.

Unlike the chicken breeders and the breeders of other food animals, the terrapin breeder need not worry about disease in his stock. The Government experts say: "So far as is known, diamond-back terrapins are not subject to epidemic disease, and after reaching the age of two or three years have no important enemy except man."

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 106 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906. William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

Our August Furniture Sale



Our "Middle of the Month" August Furniture Specials have never been so numerous and the values so great.

The articles you want are here, carrying prices much lower than you expected to pay.

Why delay buying longer? Our courteous salesmen will be glad to show you through and aid you in making selections, and we will be pleased to arrange terms to suit YOU. Come in to-morrow.

Special Rocker Sale Monday

Monday Special on Small Rugs

Beautiful patterns in floral and Oriental designs. These rugs are positively guaranteed. Please note these prices, which are good for to-morrow only.

$1.50 Brussels Rugs, Monday 98c
$2.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $1.48
$4.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $2.98
$6.00 Axminster Rugs, Monday $3.98

A big shipment of four-dollar values. Substantially made, are attractive patterns, beautifully finished in rich golden oak. You can get genuine comfort in these rockers. Not more than three to any one customer and none to dealers. Our special price for to-morrow only is **$1.98**

Special Sale on Go-Carts Monday

25% Discount on Gas Ranges

Every sanitary, fuel-saving, conveniently arranged Buck's gas stove and range is included in this special discount. One dollar per week pays for your choice.

Special Sale on German Porch Screens

About three dozen left. They will make your porch cool and attractive. Please note these special prices.

$2.50 6-foot Screens, now only.....$1.48
$3.50 8-foot Screens, now only.....$1.98

About one dozen included in this lot. They are all samples—all badly damaged—values are from five to fifteen dollars. They are equipped with best re-tempered steel springs, heavy rubber tires, fold completely up in one and two movements. To-morrow only you may take your choice for only **$1.98**

Duplex Mattress

—made of eight layers of fluffy, sanitary felt; has imperial, tightly stitched edges, grade "A" ticking and we positively guarantee this mattress to not sag or lump. We are exclusive agents for this mattress. $1.00 cash, $1.00 weekly, at..... **$10.00**

Wood's Special Davenport

—a wonderful value. Frames are made of well seasoned materials. It is upholstered with genuine chase leather, has best re-tempered steel springs, and we can furnish it in golden oak, mahogany or mission finish. An ideal davenport by day, and ONE MOVEMENT converts into a full sized bed. Complete with sanitary felt mattress only **$37.50**

Blue Tag Bargain Basement

Six big wagonloads were added yesterday to this already well filled space of big home-furnishing values.

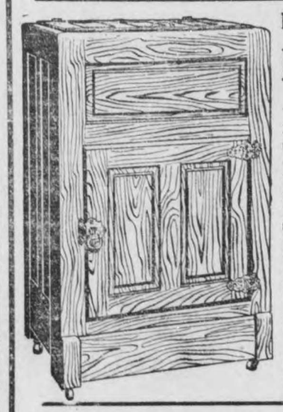
Every piece a needed article in some home—every piece an incomparable value. Come to-morrow (BIG MONDAY) and make your selections. Our usual terms apply to any selection made in our Blue Tag Bargain Basement.

Sellers Kitchen Cabinets

—the one kitchen cabinet which really fills all requirements. It has an ant and dust proof flour bin and sugar compartment—a convenient and sanitary place for everything needed in a modern kitchen—see our special for only **$31.50**

Wood's Special Chifforobe

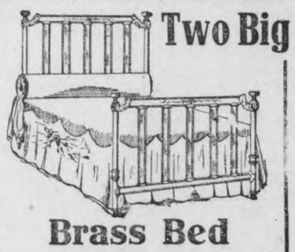
—has a separate and convenient place for everything a man wears from an overcoat to a collar button. Also a large and conveniently arranged shaving mirror. It has a trouser rack which will keep trousers in shape, and a most convenient coat rack. Our special terms on any finish is $1.00 cash, $1.00 per week, and the price is only **$21.50**



Family Size
EAGLE

—will keep your foodstuff to perfection—the ice bill will be small and it will in every particular give satisfaction. Special terms of one dollar cash, the balance one dollar per week, and our price is only **$7.50**

Two Big Specials



Brass Bed

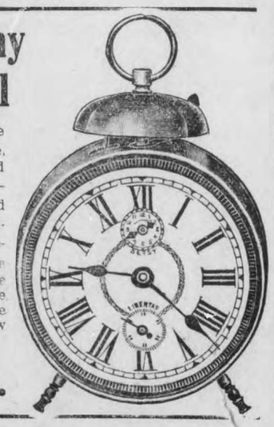
—has heavy, substantial two-inch posts, five extra large and strong fillers—furnished in either single or double sizes in satin or gloss finish—terms one dollar cash and one dollar per week, and our price is only **$12.50**



Special Outfit

—the outfit consists of one heavy two-inch continuous post gold bed, one sanitary felt mattress, one pair springs and one pair feather pillows. A great value. Our special terms are ninety cents cash and the balance $1.00 per week. Complete outfit only **$17.90**

Monday Special



An attractive dollar value, guaranteed time keeper—has extra loud alarm attachment—securely packed in a specially made box, and the special price for to-morrow only is

48 Cts.

Bachelor's Den

The coziest and most attractive MAN'S room you ever saw. See front window, Whitehall street. This entire outfit will be sold to any bachelor on especially attractive terms.

Rhodes-Wood FURNITURE COMPANY

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

103-5-7-9-11 Whitehall Street, Corner Mitchell

Crawford Chairs

—the most substantially made chair on the market—here in any finish—guaranteed by the manufacturer for five years—we are exclusive agents—see big display.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EXTRA

VOL. I. NO. 20.

Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company.

ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GIRL STICKS TO STORY OF HER FLIGHT WITH DIGGS

Marsha Warrington Says Former State Architect Took Advantage of Friendship in Elopement to Reno—Lived as Man and Wife.

Accused Appealed to Her to Keep Him Out of the Penitentiary, She Testifies—Court Cautions Jurors Not to Discuss the Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Her eyes averted from the gaze of Maury L. Diggs, former State Architect, on trial for white slavery, Marsha Warrington, the girl with whom he is alleged to have eloped to Reno, leaving behind a wife and family, finished her recital of her relations with the prisoner and remained steadfast to her story how he had taken advantage of a platonic friendship and against her will made her take the trip to the Nevada town, where they lived together as man and wife.

Though vigorously cross-examined, the girl's story was unshaken.

In concluding her testimony, Miss Warrington said:

"After arriving in Reno on March 10 we had luncheon and then we went to the Riverside Hotel, while Diggs and Caminetti went to a real estate office," she said. "They said they were going to rent a bungalow and that they intended to remain in Reno about six months.

Took Suite of Roome.

"When Diggs and Caminetti returned, Diggs registered and we went to a suite of rooms. We had two bedrooms, a parlor and a bath. Diggs and I had one room and Caminetti and Lola the other.

"We took a bungalow while we were there. We were never out of it except at night and never farther away than around the block. Diggs cautioned us not to be seen.

"When Chief Hillhouse came to arrest us on the morning of the 14th, we were still in bed. Diggs said: 'There are the police.'

"He understood that it was a serious situation, for he told me: 'It's up to you girls to keep us out of the penitentiary. Do everything you can to shield us.' He told us to say that Lola and I had occupied the front room and that he and Caminetti had slept in the rear room.

"Dear Pickles," He writes.

A letter addressed to "Dear Pickles," said to have been written to Miss Warrington by Diggs after his arrest, was shown to the jury. The letter contained this sentence:

"Don't worry now; everything will come out O. K., and you remember what I said to you, the last words?"

Miss Warrington was asked what were the "last words." Adjurations, she answered, not to tell anything that would incriminate the writer.

During the cross-examination Diggs constantly prompted the questions of his attorneys and steadily kept his eyes on the girl's veiled face, but she constantly avoided his gaze.

When the essentials of her previous testimony were called into doubt, she made her answers a stronger reaffirmation.

The courtroom was somewhat startled in the afternoon session by the emphatic admonitions of the judge to the jury that the case must not be discussed by the jurors, particularly with any friend of Diggs or F. Drew Caminetti, the latter a co-defendant in another case on a similar indictment. The judge said they must not even allow the case to be mentioned within their hearing or read about it in the newspapers.

Jurors Are Cautioned.

These are the usual instructions to jurors, but the emphasis with which they were twice repeated by Judge Van Fleet this afternoon gave rise to inquiries which he would not satisfy. Theodore Roche, who thus far has conducted the Government's case, merely said there was reason for the court's order. One juror admitted he had been in company where the case was discussed, though he had not joined in the talk.

Two minor witnesses—the managing editor of a Sacramento newspaper and the Probation Officer of Sacramento County—denied to-day that there had been any scandal connected with the names of the four on the point of exploding into print or that arrests were impending if they remained in Sacramento. Miss Warrington had testified that Diggs had told her such was the case, and this fear had been her prime motive for leaving home.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother, the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications to-night to teach it.

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam, Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweetheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeoligist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

FRANK'S COUNSEL BIT BY BIT BUILDS STRUCTURE TO CRUSH CONLEY STORY

Intricate Mass of Circumstantial Evidence Is Assembled to Disprove Direct Testimony of Negro and Corroboration Theories of State.

DEFENDANT'S MORALS TO BE NEXT BATTLE GROUND

An intricate structure is being raised by Leo Frank's lawyers as his defense against the formidable case made out by the prosecution. Little by little its parts were laid, all during last week's period of the trial, with no less than 50 witnesses as agents.

No one of the many witnesses for the defense has given testimony that in itself was essentially significant. But each one has embodied an attack on the State's case, testifying against the character of a damaging anti-Frank witness, or to Frank's good character, or as to the likelihood of expert testimony that the State drew forth.

The case of the defense, as it was made out with the close of the week's session, is a structure of little bits. It is an attempt to overcome a long line of circumstantial evidence and the direct testimony of a single witness—Jim Conley—with another long line of circumstances. In this case as the week has revealed the State is truly the aggressive, the defense truly the defensive.

Arnold Charges Scheme.

Most strenuous of the attempts of the defense has been that to prevent the examination of witnesses along the lines of Frank's alleged immoral conduct. Time and again Solicitor Dorsey has asked witnesses if they have heard of certain actions by Frank in connection with young girls. Each time a heated objection has come from Reuben Arnold, Frank's attorney, who has charged that the questions are without foundation, and that they are framed merely to set the prisoner in an evil light before the jury.

To Lawyer Arnold's objections was added the protest of the prisoner's mother, in a startling, dramatic manner. Plainly overwrought, bordering on the hysterical, Mrs. Frank rose from her seat after Dorsey asked J. Ashley Jones if he had heard of Frank's immoral behavior with a little girl.

Mrs. Frank was trembling and pale faced. She advanced toward the Solicitor and pointed a finger at him.

"No, he hasn't heard," she cried, her voice almost a shriek. "Nor you either."

The situation was doubly dramatic, coming as it did unexpectedly. Mrs. Frank has been apparently the calmest and coolest and most courageous person in the courtroom since the trial began, not a quiver of her face betokening lack of composure. No one expected the outburst from her.

Dorsey's Look Triumphant.

To all the protests of the lawyers, however, Solicitor Dorsey declared that the State can prove the charges of gross immoral conduct against Frank, and will bring witnesses to that effect on rebuttal. There was something triumphant in the Solicitor's bearing when Frank's attorneys introduced testimony to prove the good character of the prisoner.

This lets down the bars. The prosecution now may produce witnesses in rebuttal to attack Frank's character and his behavior, in case they have such evidence in hand. The Solicitor announces that he has this evidence and will produce it.

At one time during the week's course of the trial it was hinted that forty or fifty witnesses will be called by the State when the case again comes into its hands in reply to the testimony for the defense. In that event, the trial will be prolonged through the greater part of next week. Several days undoubtedly will be required for the lawyers' argument of the case, which has become one of the most complicated and tangled of Georgia's legal history. And thus it is not unlikely that the last week of the month will come before the verdict of the jury is announced.

Testimony on which the defense relies most was produced in that of several medical experts—Dr. George Bachman, Dr. T. H. Hancock, Dr. Willis Westmoreland, Dr. W. S. Kendrick and Dr. William Owens. All these men were called to reply to the statement of Dr. Harris, of the State Board of Health, whose testimony is

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

MORAL CONDUCT OF FRANK NOW IS BATTLE GROUND

Solicitor General Apparently Welcomes Arnold's Putting Defendant's Character in Issue.

Continued from Page 1.

believed to be hurtful to the defense.

He had declared that the undigested bits of cabbage in Mary Phagan's stomach proved she was killed within a short period after her midday meal. The whole contention of the State is that Frank killed Mary Phagan before 12:30 o'clock on the afternoon of April 26, and the fact has been established that she ate dinner less than an hour before that time.

But the experts called by the defense were almost unanimous in declaring that Dr. Harris could have been mistaken, however positively he stated his opinion. A bitter fight developed on cross-examination of each of the experts.

Bitter also was the fight that came over the testimony of Dr. William Owens. It was he who timed the actions of mimics when they rehearsed in pantomime Conley's version of the death of Mary Phagan some time after his arrest. Eighteen and a half minutes were taken up by the incident, a length of time which seems to offset the State's theory that the murder was done and the body disposed of within a short time. Solicitor Dorsey objected to the introduction of the testimony, but Judge Roan allowed it to be entered, with the remark that he would study the arguments for and against and announce later a judgment as to its admissibility.

The hope and belief of the defense that the commission of the crime may be laid on the shoulders of Jim Conley was revealed in the course of the Owens examination, when Lawyer Arnold made a heated statement.

Arnold Accuses Conley.

Solicitor Dorsey was objecting to the admission of the evidence concerning the murder in pantomime, and spoke sarcastically of its features.

"Your honor," he protested to Judge Roan, "you're surely not going to allow a thing like this."

"I don't know what I am going to do," replied Judge Roan.

The Solicitor turned to Arnold.

"Well," he asked, "how long did it take in this farce to choke the little girl to death?"

"We don't know how long it took the nigger to kill the child," replied the lawyer for the defense, hotly.

The Solicitor turned to the Judge at this accusation of Conley.

"Now, your honor," he said, "that won't do."

Judge Roan agreed with him, and the examination proceeded.

Following the examination of the expert witnesses the defense produced men who were classmates and associates of Frank in college to testify to his good character. It was at this juncture that the hearing of the Solicitor plainly revealed triumph. He had contended all during the trial that he would produce evidence of Frank's immoral behavior if an opening were given him. This was the opening.

The first four character witnesses were A. L. Lane and R. A. Knight, of Brooklyn, and Philip Nash, of Greenwood, N. J., and J. Ashley Jones, an insurance man of Atlanta. Others, the defense has announced, will be brought forth. The attitude of Frank's lawyers is that of defying the prosecution to attack the prisoner's moral character.

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 100 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figgins, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job

But Lind Is Most Unusual Man

Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



© By Zimmerman

Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of disssatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

"But every night I taught them to pray: "God, give mother back her sight before she dies,'" she said in Chicago. "And their prayers have been answered."

The woman, now bent and feeble is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

Mrs. Welsh came to the hospital from her home alone. On her breast she wore the inscription, "I am blind. I am going to the Wesley Hospital, Chicago. Please direct me," on a large card.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

Dogs Succeed Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Before Butler left the Fulton County jail, after sentence was passed, his attorneys began efforts to save him from the penitentiary.

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

Mr. Hearst Tells Why He Keeps Oil Letters From Lobby Inquiry

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends in Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine?" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retires corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and refilling the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

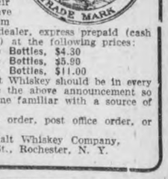
Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to
The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.





Dr. W. J. Harper

New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery

Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00

All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Rheumatism, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank, 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Chic and Dashing Fall Hats Will Bring $1,000,000 to Atlanta

Here's where the factions divide—some like it; some laugh. It is made of midnight blue plush, with a yellow figured top and a yellow feather butterfly off at the side.

Shaped like a man's derby, this hat of garnet plush has a silk ribbon to match which trails behind the left shoulder. Gray roses are used.

"One must be pretty to wear this hat"—of black velvet and patent leather.

A flat sailor, of "tete de negre" plush, trimmed with cream and brown fur and sacred bird of Siam feathers.

Butterflies are the prevailing motif. This is a hat of black velvet with a black lace butterfly.



MULHALL BARES FRAUD USED TO DEFEAT HEARST IN RACE FOR GOVERNOR

Lobbyist Got Confidence of Up-State Chairman in New York Campaign by Fake Letter and Betrayed Plans of Democrats to Republican Leaders.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

Prisoner 34 Years, Hates to Leave Jail

Slayer of Policeman Says Such Life as He Led Has Not Been Failure.

THOMASTON, MAINE, Aug. 16.—Samuel D. Haynes, of Detroit, walked out of the prison gates to-day, after serving 34 years for the murder of James L. Robbins, a policeman, at Rockland, in 1879.

At midnight his sister, Mrs. F. H. Rogers, of Detroit, had telephoned the prisoner that Governor Haines had pardoned him.

"The battle is won," Haynes told Warden Ham, "but I hate to leave." Outside the prison he held a reception for a big crowd, who knew him as a model prisoner.

"I am willing to forgive and forget," he said. "The prison has been a good thing for me, but I feel that I have paid my bill to society.

"I have been in prison since I was 17 years old, but I have spent the better part of my life here trying to be useful. There is no failure in such a life as that."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Turquoise blue satin crown, with a brim of taupe dubitine, and an aigrette—dubitine being a new material.

Chic—that's the word. It needs a pert face and vivacious manner. Black velvet with pink facings and Paradise feathers.

Autumn Styles in Millinery Show That Large Creations Are Thing of the Past—Butterflies Are Popular.

"Now, deny it if you can,
"Though it's manners make the man,
"It's millinery makes the girl."
—Song from "Red Feather."

Millinery, then, being such a serious affair, some 1,400 women and 100 men will visit Atlanta these later weeks of August, and they will spend close to $1,000,000 for millinery. The "openings" for fall and winter styles are on in Atlanta's great wholesale houses, and the great semi-annual buying is under way.

The general public will not see these styles for a month or so to come. Therefore, this is NEWS—real hot stuff—for feminine readers. Here goes:

Black predominates.
Nearly all hats are almost collapsible.
Butterflies are the prevailing motif in trimmings.
Few large hats are shown.
Feathers and fur are "particularly good."
Rats and switches apparently have gone to stay, for nearly all the new hats are close-fitting and necessitate scant coiffures.

For instance, one of the very prettiest styles shown—from masculine viewpoint at least—is a new poke of black plush with pink facing and paradise feathers. This is a saucy little hat that goes with a pert face and lively manner. One can imagine it on a vivacious little demoiselle at Longchamps—where, in fact, it was photographed by an Atlanta designer, and copied.

Splendiferous, indeed, must be the sacred bird of Siam, whose feathers adorn an extremely flat plush hat of sailor shape.

Fur Cream and Brown.

A pelt of some little animal, about the size of a weasel, twists about the crown, and the two feathers complete the trimming. The fur is cream and brown. The feathers are brown with wonderful bluish markings more beautiful than a peacock's glories. The plush is a new shade of brown called "tete de negre," which sounds much better in French than in English. All this sets "hubby" back about fifty.

"Tete de negre," by the way, vies with black in popularity.

A huge black butterfly is the only trimming on a little black silk velvet turban with soft crown.

"Smart. And good. Oh! Very good, indeed," is what the designer calls it. Let it go at that. Why argue?

All humanity is divided into two parts. Of these, one is composed of those to whom styles in millinery are a serious matter; the other, of those who grin.

There's one hat which will bring strict division of these parties. Now, from the "pro's" standpoint it is a creation of midnight blue plush, with a variegated plush top on the crown, and an artistic feather butterfly perched airily on the edge of the brim.

Now, the "antis": It's a dark blue contraption with a yellow, scrambled, Bulgarian top, and a funny little yellow thingamajig sticking up behind.

Take your choice.

"Donna e mobile," as our old friend Caruso hes it—"woman is fickle"—and he might add, inexplicable. No doubt this is pretty, to a woman.

One must be pretty to wear the little black velvet hat, shaped like a traffic cop's helmet and trimmed with patent leather fixings—so says the designer. If this is carefully explained to customers, the hat should sell well.

Derby Covers Eye.

Rather a novelty, but pretty, too, is a hat shaped like a man's derby, which pulls down almost covering the right eye. The shape is of garnet plush, and a long ribbon matching this shade is thrown across the throat from right to left, so that it hangs down behind the left shoulder. Gray roses complete the trimming.

Current history ever finds its reflection in the styles. Bulgarian designs still are with us, and now comes a blue plush hat—one of the few large ones, in the Mexican style—that is, it has a broad, flat brim ornamented with fuzzy little balls.

Big velvet hats, very like the sort art students wear in the Latin Quarter of Paris, are to be seen. They are almost bare of trimming—just great, floppy pieces of black velvet, sometimes to be pulled down over one eye.

"Dubitine" is a new material. It is seen to best advantage in a hat with a brim flaring up on one side, and with a round crown. An aigrette stands pertly off to the rear. The crown is of turquoise dubitine and the underbrim of taupe satin.

If you see a slate gray rubber hat worn by some pretty girl on Peachtree street this winter, don't say you weren't prepared for it. This is due notice that rubber has been called into use for millinery. It was sure to come, straw, feathers, furs, flowers, silks, satins, fruits, birds, animals and what-not having been used.

The rubber hats are severe in design. One has a "drape" to go under the chin, made of green and blue chenille. "They say" rain won't hurt them, and that they're fine for autoing, because they're small.

It is the auto, so every one in the millinery trade believes, that has killed the big hat. A big hat is a nuisance in a limousine, and hard to keep on in a touring car or runabout—and the rest of us like to act as if we might go autoing, even if we do not.

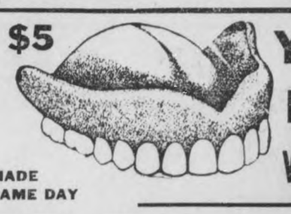
ANTI-KISSING LAW NOT IN BOOKS, SO SUITOR IS FREED

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Howard B. Smith, employee of a local moving picture house, was arrested a few days ago for publicly kissing and hugging Florence Vigil, a pretty 14-year-old girl, of Verjemo Park, N. Mex. Taken to the city jail, it was found there was no city ordinance that prevented kissing either in public or private, and the offender was released with the admonition of Police Judge Hines to "go forth and kiss no more." The affair was the result of a summer afternoon flirtation.

Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

Anna Rocheleau Burt
VOICE CULTURE AND SIGHT READING
STUDIOS { 412 Wesley Memorial Bldg. / Cor. Cascade Ave and Beecher St. } Residence Phone West 1239
BUSCH & GERTS PIANOS USED



$5 Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE
MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS
24½ Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's
Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR
You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH . .	$5	GOLD FILLING . .	$1
GOLD CROWNS . .	$4	AMALGAM FILLING,	50c up
BRIDGE WORK . .	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up

TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . . $1 up

SULZER AND LAWYERS GRIMLY FIGHTING TO CLEAR GOVERNOR'S NAME

Wife Is Determined to Take Stand to Tell Her Husband's Accusers That She Signed His Name to Checks to Gamble in the Stock Market.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Governor William Sulzer and a formidable staff of lawyers are busy in the preparation of an answer to the impeachment charges brought against him by the New York Assembly. Issue will be joined and a trial held September 18 before the New York Senate and Court of Appeals, sitting in joint assembly.

The sensation of the trial and the incident which the public most avidly awaits will be the statement by Mrs. Sulzer, the brave wife whose attempt to save her husband from disgrace involved a sacrifice of her own honor.

The most telling charge against Sulzer is that he appropriated to his own use in stock exchange gambling certain checks which were given toward his campaign fund. Mrs. Sulzer, in statements to her friends, declared that she indorsed the checks and used them in Wall street speculation without her husband's knowledge, and that she would go on the stand at the trial of her husband to reiterate the story of her misdeed.

Enemies Are Pitiless.

If she does, she will be bared to vicious attacks and cross-examination by the lawyers for the prosecution, who, as members of the assembly which impeaches her husband, already have proved themselves pitiless and vindictive.

It may be that her statement, proved true, will save her husband. None of its purport was revealed to the General Assembly before the impeachment came. However, to-day the Governor announces that under no circumstances will he allow his wife to become a witness, even if h's honor and his fortune suffer.

Mrs. Sulzer is in a state of nervous collapse. The long strain imposed on her during the investigation by the General Assembly told on her, and she succumbed when the impeachment vote was announced. So serious became her condition that the Governor was forced to send a hurry call to New York summoning a famous nerve specialist.

In her chamber Mrs. Sulzer is hysterical, and it is understood that she insists that she be allowed to testify for her husband.

Mrs. Sulzer was Miss Clara Rodelheim, of Philadelphia. She married Sulzer, who then was a Congressman, July 7, 1908. They have no children, and Mrs. Sulzer is enthrallingly interested in politics. During her husband's campaign for the election to Congress, and his subsequent campaign for Governor, she accompanied him on his speaking trips.

She, Too, Is Combative.

More than anything else she openly admires his combative nature. She is aggressive and positive herself. Of her husband she is quoted as saying: "He's ready to fight at the drop of the hat, and he'll drop the hat himself. As long as he fights, I'll fight, too—and then some."

If she takes the stand in her heroic attempt to save her husband, it is likely that her reputation will suffer. Otherwise, her husband's reputation will suffer, her friends say.

These friends say that a week ago she besought the Governor to permit her to tell her story to the public, and he refused. They say, too, that he consented to the publication of her statement only when he found he could not prevent it, and that it had been widely circulated as a rumor on the lips of the public.

Governor Sulzer, the fighter, is easily recognized in his avowed intention of holding his office even with the impeachment charges against him. His enemies in the General Assembly have declared against his right of remaining in office and have insisted that Lieutenant Governor Glynn take over the reins of government. But Sulzer shows a firm determination to stay in, and the wildest rumors are given credence as to what he will do to retain his authority. It is even asserted that he will call the militia to prevent the entrance of the Lieutenant Governor, and to prevent his own ejection. At any rate, he and his lawyers firmly contend for his right to hold office with the impeachment proceedings pending.

Herrick Issues Statement.

Little is said concerning the approaching ordeal by either the Governor or his attorneys. Mrs. Sulzer can not be reached, and it is understood that could she be seen no statement would be obtained, as she has the attorneys' orders to say nothing. Judge D. Cady Herrick, who will act as chief counsel for the defense, made a statement, which is regarded as the only word to come from him.

"Counsel for Governor Sulzer," he said, "have no desire to try the case in the newspapers. We have engaged in his defense not for William Sulzer, but as a professional duty to the Governor of the State, and to preserve, so far as it can now be preserved, the good name and fame of the State.

"After an examination of Mr. Sulzer in relation to the transactions disclosed by the Frawley committee, we are satisfied that there has been only a partial revelation of the facts so far, as we are satisfied that he has been guilty of no willful wrongdoing."

Besides Judge Herrick, Governor Sulzer's attorneys at the trial will be Irving G. Vann, Syracuse; Louis Marshall and Austen G. Fox, New York; Harvey D. Hinman, Binghamton; Virgil Kellogg, Watertown, and Judge James Gay Gordon, of Philadelphia.

Governor Sulzer, the eighth Governor of all the United States to be impeached, is the victim of Tammany's vengeance.

7 Governors Have Been Impeached

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—In all the United States only seven other Governors have faced impeachment proceedings. These men and the results that followed were:

Charles Robinson, Kansas, 1862, acquitted.

Harrison Reed, Florida, 1868, charges dropped.

William W. Holden, North Carolina, 1870, removed.

Powell Clayton, Arkansas, 1871, charges dropped.

David Butler, Nebraska, 1871, removed.

Henry C. Warmouth, Louisiana, 1872, term expired and proceedings dropped.

Adelbert Ames, Mississippi, 1876, resigned.

WILLIAM SULZER, impeached Governor of New York, with his wife, who intends to sacrifice her own good name to save him. Below is Martin Glynn, Lieutenant Governor, who disputes Sulzer's claim that he is still in office.





BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906. William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

DEEP-LAID PLOT IN APPOINTMENT HOBSON CHARGE

Alabama Congressman Attacks Governor O'Neal for Naming Clayton for U. S. Senate.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 16.—Congressman Richmond Pearson Hobson of the Sixth District, who was a candidate for the Senatorship against the late Senator Joseph F. Johnston, in a warm card charges a deep-laid conspiracy in the appointment by Governor O'Neal of Congressman Henry D. Clayton to succeed Senator Johnston.

From Washington comes the news that there is an overwhelming opinion among both Democrats and Republicans in the Senate that Governor O'Neal had no right to appoint without specific authority from the Legislature of Alabama, and that the belief is general that Mr. Clayton has no chance of being seated on the credentials he holds.

Governor O'Neal said to-day that in event the United States Senate rejected the appointment of Congressman Clayton he would act on the recommendation of the Senate Judiciary Committee. He refused to say whether or not he would call an extra session of the Legislature.

Hobson's Card.

Congressman Hobson says of Clayton's appointment:

"It is a brazen defiance of law, the people and the Constitution—the most humiliating travesty of our political institutions.

"It is a defiance of the law and the rights of the people, willfully made with the knowledge that the appointment is illegal and is so regarded by the United States Senators, not only by the opposition Senators, but by Democratic Senators as well.

"The effect of the appointment will be to postpone indefinitely the settlement of the question. This delay is fully understood by the Alabama politician, and is incurred against the earnest advice of our Democratic leaders.

"In the midst of the crisis of the tariff bill, the interest of the Democratic party, the relief and welfare of the nation, the law of the land, the sacred political rights of the people seem to have counted for naught.

Jockeying Charged.

"The fact is that after all the jockeying and caucusing, the scheme went through precisely as Mr. Bankhead had planned. It was very remarkable how Senator Bankhead hurried to Alabama and had the whole specious article prepared to give out almost immediately.

"You will recall that Senator Bankhead and the lamented Johnston were themselves chosen by popular vote; in fact, the principle was considered of such sacred importance in our progressive State that we even went so far as to provide an election for successors to our great Morgan and Pettus before the deaths of these grand old men.

"How, then, can any true Alabaman stand for the miserable expedient of having their United States Senators appointed by Emmet O'Neal instead of being elected by the people themselves?

"It belongs to the people. It is theirs by law as well as every true consideration of the Democratic rights. They demand it, and they are not going to be fooled or hoodwinked by the hair-splitting quibblings of technical lawyers or professional pot-politicians."

HENRY D. CLAYTON, who has been appointed Senator from Alabama by Governor O'Neal to fill Senator Johnston's unexpired term.



Tammany and Sulzer's Fight Thrilling Drama

When Governor William Sulzer, the "People's Governor," and the "Poor Man's Friend," refused to do the bidding of Boss Murphy, of Tammany Hall, the most remarkable political drama New York State had ever seen was enacted. From that very moment Tammany Hall carried out a steady and consistent program of guerrilla warfare against Sulzer and all things Sulzer.

A tammanyized Legislature instituted an "investigation" of Sulzer and Sulzer reciprocated with an "investigation" of some Tammany controlled State departments.

Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany Hall leader, sought to have certain organization men appointed to office. Sulzer declined to appoint them, although he had been something of an organization man himself for a great many years, and immediately after his election to the governorship, had been extremely intimate with Murphy.

Breaks With Tammany.

Sulzer broke with Tammany over the question of appointments. Immediately afterward he employed guards to protect him against assassination, which he feared. No attempt to injure Sulzer's person was made, but political attacks came thick and fast. Sulzer first was accused of perjury, committed, according to his accuser, in 1890. The acquisation carried no weight. The public retained its confidence in Sulzer. Then another bombshell was expected. A suit was filed in Philadelphia by a young woman, Mignon (Polly) Hopkins, charging Sulzer with breach of promise.

Miss Hopkins asked $30,000 damages for her wounded heart. Sulzer admitted having known Miss Hopkins some years ago, but denied that he had ever proposed marriage to her and declared the filing of the suit was engineered by his Tammany enemies.

Fights for Direct Primary.

When Sulzer promised direct primaries to the people of New York he evidently meant what he said. When he went into office he started such legislation. Immediately he discovered his political associates didn't want direct primaries and would not back him up in his fight for the primary bill as he framed it. His bill was introduced in the Legislature, but before it was voted upon a Tammany direct primaries bill, which Sulzer characterized a "fraud upon the people," was introduced in both branches of the Legislature and passed. Governor Sulzer promptly vetoed it, and then called upon the Legislature to pass his bill.

The Assembly and then the Senate killed the Sulzer bills, amid wild scenes in the Senate and Assembly chambers. There were shouts of rage and shaking of fists in the direction of the Capitol. There was wild cheering when it was announced that the Sulzer bill had been killed.

Sulzer then inaugurated a campaign to obtain direct primaries. He enlisted many well-known men in his cause, and called the Legislature in extraordinary session. It had then become a case of open warfare. It became Sulzer's object to make himself leader of the Democratic party in New York.

He had lined up with him some 33 county chairmen and about 17 State committeemen. In one of his speeches at this time Sulzer said that he had been attacked, vilified and threatened as no other man ever had been who had occupied the Governorship of New York.

Tammany Loses Patronage.

Tammany lost hundreds of thousands of dollars in patronage. No appointments of Tammany men were made by Sulzer. George W. Blake was made a special investigator by the Governor and set about unearthing incompetency in the State prisons. John A. Hennessy was made an investigator by Sulzer and he conducted several probes into various State departments. Tammany verged on panic. Finally that organization turned on Sulzer the very same weapon that he had used against it and an investigation of Sulzer's campaign fund was instituted by a legislative committee composed of Tammany men.

Senator Frawley, a Tammany chieftain, was the chairman of the committee, and it commenced its sittings in Albany. The first witness to be called was Louis A. Sarecky, Sulzer's private secretary and campaign manager. Sarecky was questioned about Sulzer's campaign fund, but he declined to answer. It was intimated that Sulzer had received checks for his campaign fund which he had not listed in his sworn statement, a misdemeanor under the laws of New York State.

Two checks were introduced into the evidence. One was for $2,500 from Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the bankers, and indorsed "Mr. Schiff's contribution to the Sulzer campaign." The other check was for $500, and was signed by Abram I. Elkus, a prominent New York City lawyer. It was alleged by the Frawley committee that neither of these checks appeared in Sulzer's campaign list.

Then Came Stock Dealing.

At a later session of the Frawley committee, held in New York, testimony was given to the effect that the "People's Governor" and the "Poor Man's Friend" had owed the stock brokerage firm of Harris & Fuller $48,599.38 on January 1, 1912, when Sulzer was in Congress. According to testimony and evidence offered, Sulzer had been a steady loser in the stock market.

The brokers to whom he owed money dunned him for payment, according to the testimony, and Sulzer finally was rescued by his business partner, ex-Governor A. E. Spriggs, of Montana, who paid $5,000, and Louis M. Josephthal, of New York, who on July 19 last paid $26,749.21.

It also was testified before the committee that Sulzer had traded with Boyer, Griswold & Co. Charles H. Reynolds, formerly cashier for that firm, testified that on October 16 last Frederick L. Colwell, whom he understood to be an agent for Sulzer, had bought 200 shares of Big Four Railroad stock for $12,025. The stock was paid for the same day, with eight checks and $7,125 in cash. One check given in payment for the stock was a campaign contribution. The Frawley committee alleged that the seven other checks also were campaign contributions, and asserted that this would be proved.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witchhazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

TATE SPRING

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT



A high, cool, healthful resort, in the heart of the Cumberland Mountains of East Tennessee, an unexcelled climate.

Modern hotel—one thousand acre park and grounds—eighteen hole golf course—saddle horses—fine five-piece orchestra for concerts and dancing and that most famous of all American Mineral Waters,

TATE SPRING NATURAL MINERAL WATER

always a help, nearly always a cure in indigestion, nervousness and all ailments attributable to improper functions of the bowels, liver and kidneys.

Rev. Dr. E. E. Hoss, Bishop Methodist Church, Nashville, Tenn., says:

"It gives me the greatest pleasure to say that I regard Tate Spring water as the best remedy for all disorders of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys of which I have knowledge."

Enjoy the healthful water at the spring or have it shipped to your home. For sale by all druggists, in sterilized bottles, filled and sealed at the spring.

Send postal to-day for illustrated booklet, giving rates, location and description of this ideal place for the summer outing. Address

TATE SPRING HOTEL CO.

S. B. ALLEN, MANAGING DIRECTOR,
TATE SPRING, TENN.

ATLANTA MINERAL WATER CO., LOCAL DISTRIBUTORS.



Goodrich Route Book for your tour Free

Maps and correct instructions in handiest form

Goodrich Guide Posts are as dependable as

Goodrich Tires

—Best in the Long Run

Over fifty thousand miles of American highways are marked by Goodrich guide posts, and more are being put up right along. Goodrich guide posts tell the motorist how to go where he wants to go. Goodrich Tires take him there.

You can depend upon the exact knowledge of rubber which comes from our forty-three years experience in manufacturing all kinds of rubber products—which is crystalized in the Goodrich principle of Unit Molding.

Every Goodrich Tire is made and molded as a unit. The layers of fine, strong fabric, strips of pure rubber, side strips, bead, and the thick tough tread are literally molded into a unit in our single vulcanization.

The result is a unit tire which gives resistance and resiliency, as both tire users and automobile manufacturers testify by their choice.

Your tire dealer will supply you with the particular Goodrich Tire which best meets the requirements of your car, whether it is the Goodrich American Clincher, Goodrich Quick Detachable, Goodrich Straight Bead, Goodrich Cord for electrics, Goodrich Metal Stud, Goodrich Pneumatic Truck, Goodrich Bailey Tread or Goodrich Safety Tread.

Write for our free folders telling how to avoid common tire injuries and how to get the most tire service.

The B. F. Goodrich Co.

Atlanta Branch, 25 Houston St.
Factories: Akron, Ohio

Branches and Service Stations in All Principal Cities. Dealers Everywhere.

Write for Goodrich Route Book, covering the auto tour you select. These books are sent free on request

There is nothing in Goodrich Advertising that isn't in Goodrich Goods

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

RULES OF CAUCUS FORBID

Measures to Build Postoffice at Squash Center Will Have to Wait for a Session.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bill's proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Ben River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires when he may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

Would you have a slim, youthful figure? Though no longer young, it may be yours.

Drink **"GET SLIM"**



A delicious fruit combination, in powder form, to be dissolved in your drinking water and taken when thirsty, at any time and in any quantity.

Not one drop of medicine—not laxative. Positively not injurious. Pure Food Serial No. 46516.

"Get Slim" reduced me 18 pounds in 4 months without the slightest change in my mode of living.

It improved both my health and appearance. I believe it the simplest and easiest way of controling weight. Sold by

Randolph Hairdressing Parlors
Atlanta, Ga.
or direct from me.

JEAN DOWNS
Your Wholesale Druggist or
334 Fifth Avenue--33rd Street
Opp. Waldorf Astoria.
Call if possible. Booklet on request.

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD AND UNDERWOOD.

Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic canoeists both of them, and inveterate campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then to Beaver Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal and river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will fly. The life-saving crew of Clifton, the Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equippage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury. Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "roughneck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "makeup" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed. I walked down alleys and hid in doorways every time I saw a policeman. Had I been seen by one of them I surely would have been arrested.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price. Negroes and white men, trembling with the 'habit,' elbowed each other to the counter. I was unnoticed; they probably took me for one of their kind, which was just what I desired. When I finally asked for the 'snow'—a slang term for cocaine—it was handed out without question. The clerk simply went back behind his prescription case for an instant and emerged with the little box and handed it to me—but not before he took my dime. Later I had the contents of the box analyzed. It was 98 per cent cocaine.

"I got the idea of this individual raid while visiting the Police Court. I noticed that an alarming per cent of the prisoners showed unmistakable signs of being dope fiends. After I began this investigation I found that 'coke' can be purchased at almost any drug store in the lower wards of the city. The police don't, or won't, get the evidence with which to stop the traffic, although, from what I saw, the evidence is lying around loose ready for anyone to pick up and present to the County Attorney."

Mr. Hess is a young man and his congregation is composed almost exclusively of young people. He is college and city bred, and he "knows the ropes" as well as the ordinary young man about town. His sermons on the uplift of the city have attracted much attention. During his "coke" tour he secured enough proofs of law violation to close half the drug stores in the lower part of the city.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Neighbors Spur Lone Bachelor to Marry

Induce Him to Write to Widow He Never Has Seen and Wedding Follows.

CONCONCULLY, Wash., Aug. 16—Marriage licenses have been issued to Benedict Gubser, of Conconully, and Carolina G. Marshall, of Ontario.

Benedict Gubser has been a bachelor, living on a ranch near Conconully, Carolina G Marshall, was a widow, living alone in Ontario. Neighbors of Gubser's took pity on his bachelorhood and prevailed upon him to write to Carolina Marshall, who was a friend of theirs, but who Gubser had never seen and did not know.

The correspondence was kept up for more than a year, and a short time ago she came to Pine Creep to visit with friends. They were introduced at a neighbor's and in a few days decided to be married.

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it.

The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife Eva died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

Foreign-Born Women Voting Is Restricted

Illinois Attorney General Outlines Conditions Under Which They Can Cast Ballots.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 16.—In answer to Mayor Schriver, of Rock Island, for an opinion on votes for women under the new suffrage law and to govern authorities in an approaching election, Attorney General Lucey to-day held:

"That a foreign-born woman who marries a citizen of the United States, whether such citizen be natural born or naturalized, by such an act of marriage becomes a citizen of the United States.

"An unmarried foreign-born woman whose father did not become naturalized until after she arrived at her majority, would not, by such act of naturalization upon the part of her father, become a citizen of the United States.

"A woman born in the United States whose father was not naturalized prior to her arriving at her majority is a citizen of the United States."

Asks Court to Keep Mother-in-Law Away

Wealthy Nebraskan Gets Out Injunction to Curtail Visit of His Wife's Parent.

OMAHA, NEBR., Aug. 16.—Mrs. Levi A. Gardner, of Harvard, Ill., was yesterday placed under a restraining order from the District Court ordering her to keep out of the house of her son-in-law, Leslie L. King, a wealthy business man of Omaha.

Mrs. Gardner has been visiting the King family for some months, and, according to King, is causing trouble between him and his wife. Mrs. Gardner refused to leave when requested to do so, and King applied to the court and secured an injunction. Mrs. Gardner moved to a hotel.

According to King's petition, he furnished his home at a cost of $15,000, and offered to pay his mother-in-law expenses to the amount of $15 per day if she will go somewhere else in the city.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

HOW 8,000 YEAR OLD STATUE WAS FOUND IN CELLAR

Priceless Bust of Parian Marble of the Archaic Greek Period Was Stolen 15 Years Ago.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 16.—The story of how the priceless Grecian bust stolen from Athens fifteen years ago, was discovered in a cellar near here reads like a romance.

The detectives found it buried in the damp cellar of the store of Charles Memphos. There was nothing to protect it from the soil, which had to be brushed and scraped from the features and hair of the head.

It is just the head and shoulders of a child—a girl about five. But it is one of the finest samples extant of the sculpture of the archaic period of Greece. It is of Parian marble. Its age is placed at 3,000 years, 800 years older than the famous de Milo.

Fifteen years ago the bust was stolen from the National Greek Museum at Athens. Government detectives traced the thief to America. Since the time the Greek Government has spent thousands of dollars searching for it.

The bust was recovered after Memphos had been subjected to a "third degree" quizzing which lasted all night. A spirit of revenge caused the story to come out. Memphos has a nephew, Charles Memphos, with whom he quarreled several weeks ago, and the latter told about the hidden bust.

"Ten, maybe eleven, years ago," said Memphos, "a man work for me. He was Greek like me. He sells bananas for me. His name I forget. One day he want to borrow some money. He came to me and say he have statue worth much money. It come from Athens, he says; I lend him the money. He give me the statue. He never pay the money back. Then he leave me to work for another man. I don't know where he is. I don't know where it came from."

Asked why he had buried the bust, Memphos said because he feared it would be stolen.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug. 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

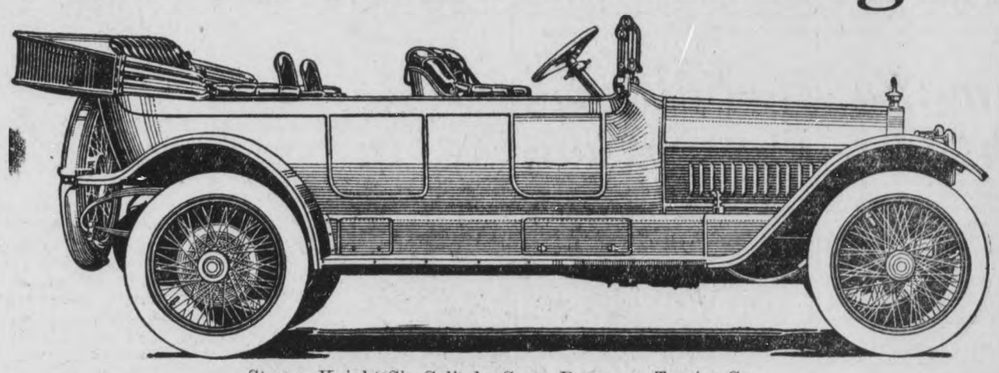
The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughteds and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "fad" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

The women are going to work now to make Woodland Park an important station on the new international automobile highway, which probably will pass through here. They have an organization of 50 active members, and are going to show their fathers, husbands and brothers the right way to put a town on the map. They have done more in a week than the men have done in twenty years, and the men have about concluded that they are amateurs in town building.

The Most Advanced Six Ever Offered--- The Stearns-Knight



Stearns-Knight Six-Cylinder Seven-Passenger Touring Car
(Wire Wheels extra)

THE new Stearns-Knight models---just received from the factory---are the finest and most complete cars ever placed upon the market. In mechanical construction and body design they combine the best ideas of American and European practice.

Power Plant
—Stearns-Knight sleeve valve motor—construction unchanged for three years.

Left Hand Drive and Center Control
—a necessary feature of every high-grade car.

Centralized Steering Column Control
—not a cumbersome affair, but a neat arrangement, small and compact, just under the wheel.

Design
—tapered hood, flush with cowl. Hood and body one unbroken surface.

Wire Wheel Option
— Rudge - Whitworth wire wheels furnished at slight extra expense.

Starting and Lighting
—the Gray & Davis system on all models.

Upholstery
—deep thick upholstery; splendid trimming throughout.

Interior Appointments
—tonneau leather trimmed, with spacious pockets and luxurious appointments.

Auxiliary Seat
—tonneau chairs exceptionally comfortable; upholstered arms.

Tool Boxes
—located under front of body, over running-board — quickly and easily accessible.

Equipment
—absolutely complete, including speedometer, Klaxon horn, electric lights, etc.

The new models are ready for your inspection and approval. The complete line embodies three-, four-, five-, six- and seven-passenger open bodies and four enclosed types---Limousine, Landaulet, Coupe and Sedan---all mounted on both four- and six-cylinder chasses.

Prices range from $4850 to $6200 for the six-cylinder models.
Four-cylinder cars $3750 to $5100.

The F. B. Stearns Company

Direct Factory Branch

546 Peachtree St. **ATLANTA**

For MILADY'S WARDROBE

By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

MANY of the latest summer models are almost entirely made of white muslin richly embroidered in the openwork English style. These dresses are accompanied by broad sashes and short coats of real lace. The hats worn with them are exaggeratedly "picture" in outline. The brim is always wide and the crown almost hidden behind immense butterfly bows of tulle or lace. For occasions of ceremony Leghorn and Tuscan hats are trimmed with sweeping ostrich feathers in white or palé pastel tints.

• • •

Half a dozen different coatees or mantlets can be worn with the same robette, and endless variations can be arranged with the introduction of finely embroidered sashes which possess heavily fringed ends. The corsage portion of these robettes is quite plain, almost like a fine corset cover. It is made plain expressly, because the great object is the introduction of dainty lace and net blouses and picturesque coatees or mantlets. When accompanied by a shady hat in Leghorn trimmed with pale roses and black velvet ribbons these little dresses have a special cachet.

• • •

Embroidered linen bags are offered in many shapes and in as many degrees of smartness, some being treated quite as carefully in matters of finish, mountings, etc., as though they were of gorgeous material. Colored linen, embroidered with a touch of Bulgarian embroidery makes some effective bags for individual costumes, but the one-tone color is more practical for general use, and some of the handsome bags of real Irish lace filat or other bold lace are better for general summer use than the embroidered linens.

• • •

Some particularly good belts called the hip belt, are made up in white and fashionable shades and have large oval buckles of the leather.

• • •

The waistline is not only allowed to remain normal, but by swathing it in wide supple sashes its size is considerably increased.

• • •

The soft draped bodice minus the high restraining collar is a feature of artistic gowns worn by women in Paris.

• • •

The French designer knows where a line must be accentuated and in many cases uses tiny buttons for this purpose.

• • •

Keen appreciation of the effective lights and shadows given by a moire effect has returned. Many frocks worn by Paris manequins at the Longchamps races were made of soft crepe with the moire effect.

• • •

Very much worn are the evening coats of fine black net, closely woven with glittering beads.

• • •

Plaited peplums of maline, net or mousseline de soie appear on some of the newest frocks, and these are stiffened by a thin wire or ruching of taffeta at the bottom, so they extend beyond the frock.

• • •

The colored slip is in vogue and summer frocks of sheer linen, mousseline de soie or batiste have pink, blue, yellow or green silk linings. The girdles worn with these costumes are usually of a contrasting color.

• • •

In millinery a single red rose is a note which bids fair to become extremely popular. It nestles among folds of black or white tulle, clings to the edge of the brim, hangs over the hair on the underbrim or forms a spikelike arrangement at the back.

The large garden hats of leghorn, maline and lace are trimmed with black velvet ribbon, drawn about the crown and, passing through the slits at the back, is tied in a flat bow at the back. A single flower placed at the side near the edge of the brim completes the trimming.

• • •

Coats show great diversity of length, plain tailor-made models being shorter than dressier models, in which coats may reach to knees.

• • •

One pretty feature of recent summer frocks has been the lace jacket or coatee with its trimming of fur or of swansdown. Ermine is being used for this purpose, sometimes forming a wide collar at the back. Wide lace bretelles are another feature of late fashions. They are a poor second, it must be admitted, to the surplice and the fichu. But anything that has the temerity to dispute the claims of these two effects deserves some notice.

• • •

Apropos of furs, it is reported that Bechoff-David recently introduced fox scarfs dyed a reddish shade; and the somewhat alarming suggestion is made that next winter we shall see furs artificially colored in brilliant tints. It is rather appalling to think of blue, green, red and violet furs!

• • •

The cincture that suggests the plaster babies of Lucas della Robia, at the Orphanage in Florence, is strongly suggested in some of the sashes that wrap around the waist and girdle the torso of the fashionable woman. When these long sashes first appeared they were not liked, but the public taste now finds them picturesque.

• • •

Velvet, brocaded velvet and metallic brocades are going to be the favored fabrics for these garments in the autumn and winter, just as they are now, and the fur collars that make them smart in summer—according to fashion's paradoxical whims—will make them practical as well as smart when the theater and opera seasons begin.

• • •

Many women are wearing eyelet embroidered stockings in white, black and colors; also white and black silk stockings ornamented with embroidery or insets of lace. The girls who are clever with the needle can fashion these expensive stockings for themselves, and pretty color notes to match the gowns may be introduced.

• • •

Popular prizes at the bridge contests held by the sea are the bathing girl pin cushions. Bisque jointed dolls dressed in red and white and blue and white striped bathing suits are mounted on cushions of Turkish toweling. Some are very prim looking, with the hair in two long braids; others suggest the mermaid with flowing hair. The cushions are shown in ovals, squares, circles, etc., and are arranged to hang up and stand. They are fitted with pins and trimmed with ribbons to match the bathing suits.

• • •

It is almost compulsory for the blue serge suit to have a vest or waistcoat, and all sorts of materials are being used for them. The new duvetyns—a successor to the velvety velours de laine—in the lovely soft colorings are ideal for these waistcoats.

• • •

Chiffon veils are being embroidered, the work being done in floss of the same color. The pattern in all these veils must be so arranged as to make the plain mesh area, whether over the entire face or simply over the eyes, conspicuously transparent by way of contrast.

• • •

Now that the pendulum of fashion has swung in the direction of pleated skirts they threaten to become ubiquitous. Women are discovering that the little loose folds at the feet are very becoming, and also that pleated skirts do not really add width to the figure. The sunray pleats are in great demand for such materials as charmeuse, silk cashmere and tussor, but for crepe de chine and chiffon nothing can take the place of the fine accordion pleats.

• • •

In the world of fashion things are frequently topsy-turvy. The unexpected is always welcome. Now that valuable jewels are worn on hats and shoes the homely, but always effective jet ornaments are given a place of honor. Round jet brackets are the latest fad, and they are worn with light and fragile summer gowns of lace and chiffon.

• • •

The black and white season in the world of Fashion is now upon us. After the garish colors of the spring, there has come a complete revulsion of feeling. Women of taste have grown disgusted with the color schemes in which crude tints were thrown together by unskilled hands, at the bidding of inartistic brains. Bulgarian tints have sounded the knell of crude colors; for the moment we are black and white or "pastel." And for the Trouville season, of which I shall speak in detail in a future article, an amazing number of pure white costumes are being made. White linen, white China silk, white embroidered lawn—these and many other dainty materials are in constant request for seaside dresses. As a fine white tulle it is being used for a dozen different purposes—for dresses, mantles, millinery, blouses, etc. Very lovely summer gowns are those made of wide-meshed silk net, the net which bears the name of "Tosca." These gowns are mounted over pleated slips of chiffon or crepe de chine and very frequently they are decorated with tiers of graduated flounces. Ordinary Brussels net is also fashionable just now, especially for draped mantles and for pleated waistcoats, the latter being used in connection with tailored suits of fine serge or linen.

• • •

A pretty fashion has been revived for children's summer frocks of thin material. This is the long-ended bow of ribbon, fastened just below the left shoulder. The ribbon, in soft shades of blue or pink, is made into a many-looped rosette, quite in the old fashion, and from the rosette hang three or four streamer ends. The ribbon should not be more than an inch or an inch and a half wide.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

Daring Dresses Stir Even Paris

MODISTES THREATENED WITH BOYCOTT



The climax in bold attire for women. The "Languourous Lift" is shown at the left, while the "Dagger Point" appears at the right. All Paris is excited over these latest gowns for evening dress.

"Languorous Lift" and "Dagger Point" Two Productions That Have Caused Criticism.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—All manner of figure-displaying fashions have eben disported at race courses and in the cafes of Paris by models of the modistes, and in some instances the public of the French Capital has been disgusted by the extreme to which the dictators of feminine attire have gone, but has looked on with unprotesting interest. At length, however, Parisiennes are overwrought. Even the leading dressmakers are endeavoring to put forth evening gowns which in their scantiness expose to view more of the bust and limbs of the wearer than modest woman will countenance. All Paris is stirred and threats of boycotts are to be heard.

The two productions which are accredited with precipitating this disturbed situation are termed the "Languorous Lift" and the "Dagger Point." The situation has been acute for months, and the introduction of these latest effects has but served to bring it to a head. The protests come not alone from women of France, but rumors are drifting into Paris of a revulsion on the part of American and German patrons, who for years have proved so profitable to the modistes of this city.

Being designed exclusively for evening wear, both the "Languorous Lift" and the "Dagger Point" are made with extensive trains. The former gown is so constructed as to display one limb to the height of the knee. This effect is not gained, however, by a side slit, but by the draping of the skirt, which is caught up near the hip and permitted to fall in folds on either side of the exposed limb. The bodice, close fitting, is cut with a deep square neck and trimmed in velvet, which extends down the front, terminating in streamers.

The "Languorous Lift," though the cause of wide criticism, does not approach in boldness the "Dagger Point." This is the most pronounced limb-displaying gown which has been shown here. With its train at the back, the front of the skirt is cut away on either side slightly above the knees to terminate in the sharp point, from which the creation gets its name.

From a front view both lower limbs are entirely exposed, and when the wearer attempts to walk, leaving her train to sweep from knees down her form is displayed. It is with this gown that the most profusely decorated hosiery has been introduced. All manner of unique designs in varied colors are embroidered on these stockings.

The bodice is nearly as scanty as the skirt. Being close fitting, it is cut in a sharp V to the high waist line formed by a broad sash girdle. The arm, like neck and limbs, are exposed to view, since shoulder sleeves are worn.

Decollete Gowns for Day Wear

The newest models for gowns created by the leading dressmakers for the seasons at the fsahionable seaside resorts present several novel features. In the first place, the greater number of these gowns would have been pronounced evening dresses by our mothers, but not by our great-great-grandmothers, who themselves wore decolete corsages in the daytime. The sleeves of the elaborate afternoon gown of to-day are so short and so skimpy that they hardly deserve to be called sleeves at all. In many cases the corsages of garden party and race gowns do not have the pointed back and front effect which is peculiar to the evening dresses of today, but are made round on the shoulders, quite in the style of certain 1830 gowns. White fox stoles and borders are freely used in conjunction with such robes as these. A quaint but exceedingly picturesque idea.

• • •

New Jewelry Fads

Platinum, which has bounded up to the height of fashion (and price, too) as a setting for diamonds, seems now to be the supreme metal, and in the latest designs of the jewelers gold is used only in jewels designed for informal morning wear. Small gems have crowded out the larger sizes, and the dainty, filmy creations, to be popular this summer, show this trend. The Balkan war is reflected by jewelry of many colors, and the designs follow the ideas embodied in the jewelry of those countries, but somewhat modified.

Yellow, at present a popular color in the fashion world, has called for the use of amber, topaz and yellow sapphires, while the use of red, in its various shades, has met with a response in the Oriental trend in jewelry. Good taste and fashion go hand in hand in dictating that jewelry appropriate for evening wear is entirely out of place in the morning, when only ornaments of actual use are suitable, as, for example, a simple brooch that holds the collar in place. If a woman is in the habit of wearing earrings—which, by the way, are waning in popularity in the latest jewelry offerings—those of the "stud" type are considered right for morning wear. They may be either of pearls, baroque pearls (of good quality) or a pearl and small diamond. A simple pin at the throat, either in bar, circle, oval or other shape, may be worn in the forenoon with good taste, but in the whole realm of jewelry the pearl necklace of a single strand is the only piece that may be worn with absolute good taste mornings, afternoons or evenings.

Perhaps the most popular single article of jewelry that has appeared in the shops in months is the watch bracelet. Shown in every conceivable pattern and in all grades, from the expensive diamond studded platinum affairs, which only the wealthy can afford, to the cheaper of plated gold and silver offerings.

Lapel Chains for Men

There was a time not so very long ago when lapel buttons and chains were considered bad form by some of the men who pay special attention to matters of dress, but nowadays the fashion is generally accepted, though of course only with the negligee. With the soft shirt and light summer suit these chains are much worn.

The chains are of gold or silver to correspond with the watch, and the button which is fastened in the lapel buttonhole may be of plain, polished gold or silver, hand engraved or with engine turning (a popular mode of decoration) or enamelled, set with one or more gems, and fashioned into any one of countless shapes.

The plainer buttons are concave disks, ovals, triangles, squares, hexagons or octagons with engine-turned holders, and variations of these shapes are shown with fluted or beaded edges.

The monogram may be engraved on the lapel button, or the crest or initials traced in colored enamels. Club, fraternity or society emblems or school or college colors make good decorations for the buttons.

• • •

Uses for Old Lace

The woman who possesses rare old family lace is as fortunate as she who owns lovely jewelry. Lace lends itself to a thousand adaptations. A woman of taste and individuality can do more with lace than with anything else to solve the problem of dressing well at a moderate cost.

Lace is never old-fashioned. Take, for instance, a dress of supple white silk over which is a clinging straight gown with a tunic effect. The bodice is plain over the shoulders. Under the arms and across the bust is a full, straight piece of lace with a blue velvet ribbon threading the top. The fullness is gathered in at the waist, under a blue velvet waistband, and in front is a row of pretty shaded roses over the waistband. Could anything be more charmingly youthful? Almost any woman has old pieces of lace laid away which would serve in such a gown.

For a young matron a yellow crepe de chine is gathered up over a lace front panel. Another frock of white lace is partially veiled in old rose, and pale blue mousseline de soie, draped toward one side. With the present fashions of draping, the possibilities of using beautiful laces without cutting or destroying them is endless.

FUTURIST GAUZE WRAPS LATEST EUROPEAN FAD

Weirdest Designs Are Printed Upon Them, and Some, Not Too Grotesque, Are Attractive.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The very latest craze, initiated by a futurist artist in Paris, is for gauze wraps to be worn at race meetings or at the Casino on the continent. These wraps have the weirdest designs printed upon them, and some of them, when not too grotesque, are wonderfully attractive.

The Viscountess Curzon, one of the loveliest blondes in England, has just had made a marvelous gauze wrap for continental wear. It has a border of Egyptian figures in black thrown against dead white background, the material being so fine that it could be drawn through a ring.

The lining of the wrap is of tangerine orange tulle and there is an immense tulle.

It is to be worn over a fairylike dress of embroidered muslin. The hat is a broad Tuscan, weighed down at one side by a cluster of white, black and purple irissee. Long single black velvet ribbon, which depends on the hat, is passed round the throat and allowed to hang low at the back.

All the latest tunics are of striped gauze, and they are very effective, and are worn over black charmeuse. Sleeves are shorter and shorter, so that thirty-button gloves are an absolute necessity.

In regard to hats, society women are getting tired of big lace, since they have become fashionable in the music halls. The bonnet-shaped hat is now much in favor with girls.

Lady Diana Manners looked particularly attractive at a recent garden party in one which came well down over her ears. Around the rim were clusters of black and red cherries and wide strings of black velvet, tied at the back so that the ends fell straight down.

At the seaside resorts, white linen hats lined with black moire, adorned with white wings, are being worn by many well dressed girls.

Perfect Diamond Is Exceedingly Rare

London Dealer Declares That Women Are Best Judge of the Jewels.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—It was demonstrated at the Jewelers' Exhibition, Agricultural Hall, Islington, which closed the other day, that the perfect diamond is rare.

One dealer produced a very large diamond which he was prepared to sell for $200.

"If nature," he said, "had not tinged it with that tint of yellow the stone would be worth $30,000.

"To those who have no knowledge of gems I would say: 'Do not buy as real for $25 a diamond that is pure crystal without blemish, for it would not be real.'

"Women are the best judges of the value of precious stones because they treasure them more than men. It is a matter of instinct."

X-Ray Skirts Told To Hide in Spokane

Meeting of Transparent Gowns and Sunday Sunshine Forbidden on the Streets.

SPOKANE, WASH., Aug. 16.—Women who saunter about the streets of Spokane clad in flimsy, transparent silhouette or tango gowns will hereafter do so at risk of arrest, according to the announcement to-day by David C. Coates, Commissioner of Silic Safety. The much-heralded silhouette gown appeared on the streets in the Sunday sunshine and created so much commotion that the Commissioner issued the warning at once.

"If necessary, I will order the police department to make arrests," said the Commissioner.

FULFILL DYING PLEA FOR POSIES AND FINE DRESS

FORT COLLINS, COLO., Aug. 16. Complying so far as they were able with the last expressed wish of Mrs. Alice McMillan, who was frozen to death in the Manhattan mining district, many sympathetic women of Fort Collins united to provide a decent burial for the body, thus saving it from interment in the Potter's Field.

Mrs. McMillan, whose body was not found until the April thaws, had left a note asking that she be buried in "fine clothing, in a white casket, with a white hearse and an abundance of flowers."

When it was learned definitely that Mrs. McMillan was likely to be buried in a pauper's grave, the women took the matter in hand and the funeral was held.

POLICEMEN PERMITTED TO WORK IN SHIRT SLEEVES

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Aug. 16.—Shirt sleeves and white duck caps are to replace the blue coat and heavy helmet of the traffic policemen.

White roll collars and narrow black bow ties are to be worn with the shirtwaists, and the traffic officers have been asked to have their "gun pockets" deepened, so that their revolvers will not show.

HOBBLE HINDERS HER FLIGHT FROM POLICE

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Hazel Allsworth's hobble skirt was her undoing. "Otherwise I never should have been caught," she told the police, when relating her pursuit by a policeman.

Mrs. Allsworth confessed to the police, they said, that she had received $40 her husband had taken from a man from Keytesville, Mo., who was stopping at their home.

BLACK HOSE BOSTON FAD.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Black stockings worn with white shoes seem to be quite the fad on the North Shore. Last year all wore white stockings with black shoes, but this season things have been reversed. Several girls are following the fad.

Alert Modisters Now Invent Dress For the Pet Dogs

Motoring Coats, Jeweled Collars and Fancy Leashes Among Articles of Canine Apparel.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The dog question is again the liveliest subject at seaside and salon. Having thrashed out fashions for women, artists and our leaders of fashion, male and female, are discussing what fashionable dogs should wear. Here are their conclusions:

Leather collars are still worn, but they should be of the same color and material as the leash. The most fashionable collars are of brass or silver, many of them mounted with precious stones, turquoises, sapphires and rubies.

Color Schemes Popular.

Much attention is paid to artistic combinations in dog wear. For instance, a dark brindled bulldog should have a red leather collar with silver-gilt mountings, while a white brindled dog looks best in a white collar set with tourquoises.

For Pekinese, Japanese and King Charles spaniels the collar should be of worked silver, light and supple, of fine mesh and closed by a tiny padlock. A very stylish effect is obtained by the use of patent leather collars, and a ravishing combination for Poms is the dog harness which encircles the neck and breast.

Light Coats for Greyhounds.

Greyhounds look best in light colored coats with a stripe to match.

For motoring dogs, English stuffs and fur coats are in high favor, and plaids of dark shades are considered most suitable. At the seaside, sporting sweaters are very fashionable for short-haired dogs, and the wet summer is responsible for the appearance of canine mackintoshes, daintily gathered in at the neck and legs.

Every well bred dog has at least two pairs of boots, a pair of Wellingtons for outdoors wear and velvet or satin pumps for indoors.

"Unlucky Opal" Is To Be Worn a Great Deal This Season

Royalty Starts the Vogue and Jewelers Find it a Hard Matter to Supply the Demand.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The real opal, which has long been out of favor with the fair sex, is going to enjoy a great vogue this fall. There has always been a superstitious prejudice against these stones, but the new fashion of long necklaces of uncut opals has proved too much for the women to resist, and the jewelers of Bond street and the Rue de la Paix are hard put to it to get a sufficient stock.

Queen Victoria presented to each of her daughters on her marriage a magnificent set of opal ornaments, but these have seldom seen the light of day. One night at the opera, however, it was observed that Princess Henry of Pattenberg was wearing hers, and no doubt Princess Louise and Princess Christian will follow her example.

The Queen of Spain has always worn these stones, for her birthday is in October, the lucky month for opals, and Lady Deerhurst and Lady Aline Vivian are similarly fortunate—the latter indeed wore them on her wedding day.

Lady de Bathe (Lily Langtry) has some fine stones, but probably the most valuable opals in England belong to Countess Beauchamp, who has a tiara, necklace, brooches and earrings, which were collected at much below their value by Lord Beauchamp when he was Governor of Australia.

Others who have worn opals lately are the Dowager Lady Sligo and Lady Norah Brassey.

The Princess Royal has a deep-rooted horror of them. Some fine opals were maong the jewels she lost when whencked on the Delhi and she declares that their evil influence pursues her to this day.

SUSPENDERS TO BE INCLUDED IN WOMAN'S ATTIRE

"Galluses" or Braces of Blue the Last Word in New Masculine Mode.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Women's skirts for some time have been approaching the shape of the garments worn by the masculine sex, and now Paris and London face the prospect of seeing feminine attire more like men's than ever. The last word in women's clothes is "galluses." The suspenders look very much like the broad blue variety often hung in shop windows in America and possibly labeled, "The Fireman's Friend."

A Rue de la Paix dressmaker is enthusiastic over women wearing suspenders. "Braces," she declared, "will keep the blouse from coming up out of the waistband, as it sometimes does, and if carried out in the color of the skirt they should make a charming line."

Braces are not the only masculine trend in fashion, however, for after a wave of decided femininity in frocks, when frills and fluffs, and sashes and slashes, and hoppings and hobblings have been in vogue, fashion has dashed to the other extreme and London and Paris are promised waistcoats with cutaway coats, large steel trouser buckles at the back of tweed skirts and a ponderous and portly watch chain stretched across the diaphragm.

For the present the waistcoats are still daintily evolved in delicate grays and chestnuts, sprigged or flowered. Sometimes the waistcoats reach up to the neck, finishing in a small "V." Again they wrinkle effectively around the waist with a single or double row of pearl buttons. One ladies' tailor is showing a striped blue and red waistcoat with roses of another shade wandering gayly across it, the whole effect being something like a Union Jack with a flower garden on it.

The men's tailors speak rather contemptuously of the new fashions for women, scoffing especially at waistcoats, which they say have been tried several seasons without much success.

"GETS-IT" Chases Corns Alright!

Easy As One, Two, Three; No Fuss, No Pain, by Using "GETS-IT."

Just take two seconds to put a little "GETS-IT" on that corn. That corn is "done for" as sure as the sun rises. The corn shrivels up, vanishes. That's the surprise you get by



"We can Dance All Night and Our Corns Won't Hurt. We Both Use 'GETS-IT'—It Gets Corns Every Time, Dead Sure!"

using this new-plan corn cure. There's nothing to stick to the stockings or sock; your corn pains stop. You're saved the bother of applying plasters that make the corn bulge out from the core. You're saved salves that eat into the healthy flesh and "pull;" no more fussing with bandages. You don't have to help by picking and dragging out your corns, or cutting with knives or razors.

"GETS-IT" is safe, painless, stops pain, never hurts healthy flesh. It is guaranteed. Try it on warts, callouses and bunions, too.

"GETS-IT" is sold at all druggists at 25 cents a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago. Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Elkin Drug Co., Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Co., E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Co.

MAIL YOUR FILMS TO US



For developing. We are film specialists with the largest laboratory in the South. All prints made on Prize-Winning Cyko Paper. All roll films developed FREE, no matter where purchased. Brownie Prints, 3c each. Write for descriptive Camera Catalogue G. Prices $2.00 to $85.00. Use that fast Ansco film; fits any camera or kodak; costs no more, but also gives true color values. Mail Order Department.



E. H. CONE, Inc., 2 Stores, Atlanta, Ga.



IMPROVED ROOFLESS PLATE

Made of gold or aluminum, no gums, no roof. Truly Nature's duplicate, made only by us. Perfect fit or no pay.

GOLD CROWNS
WHITE CROWNS
BRIDGE WORK
$3

20-YEAR GUARANTEE

UNTIL AUGUST 15th We will continue to make our Whalebone Everstick Suction Plate for $3.00. The lightest and strongest plate known.

EASTERN PAINLESS DENTISTS THE BIG, COOL SANITARY OFFICE 38 1-2 PEACHTREE ST., Near Walton

R. R. FARE ALLOWED 25 MILES

MARRIAGE INVITATIONS

CORRECTLY AND PROMPTLY ENGRAVED

SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO., ENGRAVERS

47 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

LONDON W. Orton Tewson, Chester Overton — PARIS Paul Pierre Rignaux, Marquis de Castellane — BERLIN C. de Vidal-Hundt, Fritz Jacobsohn — ROME J. M. E. D'Aquin, George M. Bruce

SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

'OH, I SAY,' REAL FRENCH FARCE; ITS DOORS BANG

Alan Dale Finds It Minus the Star, but He Is Willing to Admit That He Did Smile.

By ALAN DALE,
Special Correspondent of The Sunday American.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—One swallow may not make a summer (though I believe it does), but nobody will deny that one "star" can make a play. Therefore, if that one "star" should be out of the cast (as often happens in London) it is quite likely that the play will lose its exuberance. I saw "Oh, I Say!" at the Criterion Theater when Mr. James Welch was out of the cast. I couldn't ask for my money back (I had been kindly presented with a pair of stalls), so I sat through a star-less "Oh, I Say!" and paid far more attention to the play than I should have done.

Londoners don't mind a bit when the actor or actress they pay to see takes a little vacation and an understudy goes on. (You learn this from a slip always inclosed in the program, when it is too late to repine.) Londoners are used to it.

I don't know what had happened to James Welch. Anyway, it was his understudy, H. Langdon Bruce, who played the part of the bridegroom in "Oh, I Say!"—a particularly arduous role for an understudy to tackle. I divided my time feeling sorry for H. Langdon Bruce and for myself—particularly for myself.

"Oh, I Say!" must have been a scorcher in its original French of Henri Kersai and Albert Barre, when it was called "Une Nuit de Noces" (A Wedding Night). It had to be adapted into London by Sydney Blew and Douglas Hoare. What they had to do was to "wedding-ring" the affair, or at least, in a question of equivocal relations, to suggest that the two were "engaged."

The little English word "engaged" covers a multitude of Parisian iniquities. Marcel, the hero of the piece, just married to the beautiful Suzette, meets in the foyer of the Hotel d'Angleterre at Beauvais the scintillant and corruscating Sidonie, to whom he has been "engaged." You smile as the word pops out in its Anglo-Saxon humbug. You are perfectly well aware what the adapter has done, but you look around you at the ornate and bare-shouldered British matron, and you quite understand why Marcel and Sidonie were "engaged."

That is really the gist and the gust of "Oh, I Say!!" The usual farcical use of lies is resorted to, and when I tell you that there are four doors in the setting—all of which bank—you can see your play. Everybody is pushed in at one door or other. Everybody else rushes in at another door. The most popular remark made is "You here?"

Each, seeing the other, cries "You here?" I daresay you have heard the remark before in French farce. Half of the French farces wouldn't get over the footlights unless you heard that lovely query, "You here?" Sometimes it is only "You here?" More emphatically, it is You here?" In cases of desperation it is "YOU here?"

However, I'm not going to pretend that I didn't smile at "Oh, I say!!" for it would be foolish pretense. I did smile. It has its funny moments in spite of allusions to pajamas, keyholes, disinfectants, and so on. Once get into the mood, and in spite of reason one laughs. "Laughter," says Professor Henri Bergson, "always implies a sort of secret freemasonry, or even complicity, with other laughers, real or imaginary. How often has it been said that the fuller the theater, the more uncontrolled the laughter of the audience!" There was a good deal of laughter at the Criterion Theater, and whatever one may write, in all cynicism of this cut-and-dried farce business, the piece HAS caught on. In my humble opinion, what "Oh, I Say!!" needs, and what I am told Mr. Lee Shubert will give it for U. S. A., is music.

Music dulls noe's sense of logic What appears banal and trite and far-fetched in a straight farce is accepted without question when a bit of music happens. With a chorus of pretty girls chirping "Oh, I Say!!" it wouldn't matter very much what I DID say. So there you are.

I can't tell you what James Welch did with the farce, but I should imagine that it belonged to him. There were two very pretty girls in the cast—Miss Sybil de Bray, who appeared as the bride, and Miss Ruby Miller, who was the maid. Then there was a very clever actress, rejoicing in the name of Marguerite Sciaitiel, who is, I fancy, Norwegian, and who is quite likely to be heard from again. There were many others, who had to rush in and rush out, and get banged in the doors. They had to work hard for their living; and if they were not merry, they were at least active little things!

It is a long time since we have had a dose of real French farce, even in London, and the English public has taken kindly to "Oh, I Say!!" even without music. The piece is very short, indeed, which is distinctly in its favor, and it says what it has to say with lightning-like rapidity. Anyway, it is established here.

American Likely to Rule Ireland

Earl of Granard May Be Viceroy

Wife Was Miss Beatrice Mills

Countess of Granard, formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, whose husband is prominently mentioned as first Viceroy of Ireland under home rule.



All London Believes She Will Grace Court if Husband Gets Important Post.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—An American woman may rule in Ireland as wife the first victory under home rule.

All London is talking over the prospect and is prophesying the appointment of the Earl of Granard as Vice Regent of Ireland. The Countess of Granard was formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, of New York, the beautiful heiress whose marriage to the Earl was generally considered a love match.

The talk of the appointment is almost universally popular gossip. The Earl is a Catholic and his American wife is wealthy, and it is believed he will be acceptable to the Irish people, and fully able to hold his own as to the splendor of his court.

But apart from the material advantages of politics, wealth and religion, society talks pleasantly of the Countess herself. They recall the brilliant figure that Lady Daisy Leiter Curzon made as wife of the Viceroy in India, and announce in their opinion Countess of Granard will be as presentable.

Color of reality was given to the gossip when the Earl and his Countess went to Castle Forbes, Ireland, last week. No announcement was made that their trip had anything of a momentous nature, but it is rumored that beyond the casual appearance of the journey there is something of significance.

'WHITE LADY' IS AGAIN SEEN IN KAISER'S HALLS

Fears Feft for Life of Emperor if Traditional Ghost Appears in Castle

By STEVEN BURNETT.
Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Superstitious people here are convinced that some great calamity is threatening the Kaiser or his family for the Hohenzollern family ghost, the famous "white lady," is said to have walked at the Palace, a thing she never does except when some disaster is impending or when a Hohenzollern is about to die.

The Kaiser himself ridicules the idea and has forbidden any talk about it inside the Palace walls, but several of the servants swear they did see the "white lady" and that the explanation that it must have been some lady resident of the Palace walking in her sleep through the endless corridors in her night dress is absurd, for she looked exactly as tradition says she does look, clad in long flowing white dress, her pale hands crossed on her breast, and her face covered with a nun's veil.

Appears in Middle Ages.

The "white lady" was first heard of as haunting the castles at Bayreuth, Ansbach and Plassenburg in the middle ages. At Plassenburg she was so much feared that the cavaliers of the court took delight in masquerading in white in certain rooms to frighten those who came their way.

Once, when Markgraf Albrecht, the Warrior, met a white lady at Plassenburg, he grasped her with his strong arms and threw her down the stairs, and at the bottom was found the dead body of his Chancellor, who, with the Bishop of Bamberg, had conspired against his ruler. But this incident did not in any way damage the reputation of the "white lady." Someone always managed to see her just before death entered the castle.

Napoleon Saw Specter.

The great Napoleon, who was intensely superstitious, on his military campaigns twice had occasion to pass through Bayreuth. The first time was in 1812, when on his way to Russia, and he sent a request from Aschaffenburg that he should not be asked to pass the night in the rooms at Bayreuth, which were known to be visited by the "white lady." His request was granted; yet next morning he arose in the worst of moods, and as he was getting into his carriage he was heard to mutter something about the "accursed castle." It was certainly the presage of disaster to him. The following year when he passed through the place he refused to pass the night there.

Last time a "white lady" showed herself at Berlin was in 1859, a short time before the birth of the present Kaiser.

Windsor Castle Open To Tourists Again

King George Orders That Any Official Accepting Tip Will Be Dismissed.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—At this time of the year hundreds of American visitors go to Windsor to explore the castle, and there is rejoicing in the town over the reopening of the State apartments which have been closed ever since last January through fear of suffragette outrages.

Every person who enters the castle will have to pay a shilling, and there will be no free days as hitherto. By the King's command this money will go to the local hospital.

By the King's command also it is reported that no "tips" whatever shall be given to guides or to any of the officials at the castle. If any official is discovered accepting a "tip," he will be dismissed.

CHINA SUFFRAGETTES GET FIRST BIGAMY SENTENCE

Special Cable to The American.

HONG KONG, Aug. 16.—The first Chinese bigamy trial that has ever taken place ended in Un Chan Tse being sentenced to eighty days imprisonment by a mixed court at Shanghai. The prosecution was instigated by the Chinese Woman Suffragette Society.

POLYGAMY URGED AS CRYING NEED BY GIRL MILITANT

British Suffragette Declares That Monogamy Is Favored Only by the Happily Wedded

By HERBERT TEMPLE.
Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There is no better evidence of the remarkable change that is taking place in English women and girls than the existence of militancy and the appearance of a movement led by a young English girl for the introduction of polygamy in England.

Militancy among suffragettes had been confined to a very small number of women and to a certain class of women. The advocate of polygamy to whom I refer, however, is a very well-known writer, although quite a young girl.

An interview with the Sheik Ul Islam, the supreme priest of the Mohammedan Church, cabled first to New York and then to London, in which the Sheik pointed out he Mo-Mohammedans have polygamy and very little immorality, whereas we Europeans have monogamy and widespread immorality, was read with a great deal of interest here, particularly by women. It was very widely commented upon.

The young woman writer who would have polygamy says:

"Let us approach the problem fearlessly and frankly. The fact is that the present standard of morality is false and unreal, or that while nature produces what is ultimately a surplus of women over men, monogamy is not a suitable system for all our people.

"No system can be suitable which condemns to death or non-life so large a portion of the community as we, the surplus women, form.

"Monogamy is not a sacred institution, and there is no real necessity for hundreds of thousands, even millions, of women to be sacrificed upon its altar. Nor would anything of value be destroyed by its removal and by the setting up of a more suitable moral and legal standard.

"We are told that the ideal condition is one man—one wife. Well, whatever alteration takes place there can be nothing to force people, if they think fit, to preserve that equation so far as they themselves are concerned.

"But those who adopt that standard for themselves have no right—human or divine—to try to impose it upon others who are able and willing to adopt another, especially when imposing such standard is against nature itself and actually condemns a large number of human beings who have equal rights to themselves to exclusion from life.

"I do not believe the difficulty lies with men. I think that each man deep down in his heart admits—if only to himself—that monogamy is unnatural and has failed.

"The difficulty lies with the fortunately married woman.

"If she and her husband are satisfied with one another, then whatever the legal right may be they would never have anyone else.

"If they are not satisfied with each other, then monogamy will not bind them in fact.

"When all bachelor women and widows have the parliamentary vote, and their right to assist in the making of the nation's laws, one of its first influences will be to remove and destroy the artificial and arbitrary standard of monogamy and to establish polygamy as the legal and proper right and custom of an advanced people!"

Plombieres-les-Bains Bores And Drenches Paris Society

By LA RACONTEUSE

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—I have just returned from Plombieres-les-Bains, our most fashionable pleasure resort, where I went not because I really wanted to, for in this miserably wet summer Paris is most decidedly the best place to spend your time, but because my concierge, in plain words, told me that she could not possibly have any respect for a tenant who showed such atrocious disrespect of the laws of "le beau-monde" as to remain in Paris all summer instead of going to some fashionable resort.

In other words, I had to leave my cozy apartment for a while, or I knew that my female tyrant would make life unbearable for me by those thousands of mean little tricks known only to a Paris concierge, against which you are absolutely defenseless.

I found Plombieres-les-Bains as cold and wet as I had expected it, but crowded with society people, all dreadfully bored and all asking what to do on a dreadfully long afternoon with the rain pouring down.

Takes Hour to Recover.

In the morning time passes quickly, no matter how the weather. You take "le traitement," which here consists in a hot bath, followed by a cold shower, massage "sans l'seau" in the "kurhouse," or massage "a sec" at home in bed, after which you need at least an hour's rest to recover.

After lunch you go to the kursal to drink your coffee, tea or elder blossom tea to the accompaniment of the band; then you attend to your private correspondence, play a little "aux petits chevaux" or "a la roulette," but what then?

The afternoon is still young, and promenading, tennis or golf are out of the question.

Suddenly an electric shock passed through the room the news has spread that Monseigneur Angouard, the Congo missionary, will give a lecture at Hotel Deschauseaux, the hotel of all priests and religious people. You know in advance whom you will meet there and whom not. Not a single gambler, not a single "dame dernier cri"—nobody, in fact, but the members of the poorer aristocracy and the badly dressed bourgeoisie.

On the stroke of 4 these people meet in the large hall, and when they are all seated, firm steps are heard in the corridor and Monseigneur's imposing figure appears in the doorway smiling at everybody. He pretends to take a sip of watery and then he begins to tell about the 37 years he has spent in voluntary exile, first as a soldier in the Foreign Legion and then, when he was tired of shooting heathens, trying to save their souls as a missionary.

And the Hat Is Passed.

And when he has finished, one of the young girls present gets up, takes off her hat, turns it upside down and carries it around, asking for contributions to Monseigneur's little colored babies, and a few moments later she smilingly hands Monseigneur $150.

These affairs are always alike, and the Monseigneurs always turn up on a rainy day when people can not get away.

A lady who has caused a stir is the beautiful and charming Duchess of Manchester, who has given us a new dance which my readers probably know and which "isn't doing a thing" (is that right?) to the once almighty tango.

The dance, I am told, is composed by an American, Uriel Davis.

To be able to dance it you must first patiently practice walking upstairs instead of using the elevator. When you are quite familiar with the movement required to walk from one step to the one above, all you have to do is to repeat this movement in the ballroom—eight steps forward, eight steps back, raising your knees as much as possible; then you slide sideways as fast as possible and then repeat the first eight steps each way.

Without intending to hurt the feelings of Mr. Uriel Davis, I venture to say that I find the dance silly, and the reason it is so popular is because it is an excellent exercise to take off flesh.

Croquet Suddenly The Fad in England

Old Game Again Is Feature of the Smartest Week-End Parties.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Croquet has suddenly come back into favor after a long rest, and is a marked feature at all smart week-end parties.

Tennis is too strenuous and golf too baffling for many whose social duties call for much of their time.

The croquet lawns at Ranelagh and Hurlingham are in great demand, and many are introducing new rules and new kinds of hoops to give novelty to the game.

The Earl of Essex is devoted to the game. Lady Charles Beresford also passes hours at it.

Viscount Doneraile, Lord Tollamache, Lord Lurgan and Nigel Kingscote are often to be seen playing at Ranelagh.

Among the fair sex one notices Lady Angela Forbes, Lady Margaret Spicer, Lady Sophie Scott, Lady Winifred Butler and Mrs. Arthur Sassoon.

MANY ESCAPE VACCINATION.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—More than a quarter of a million children—or 31.6 per cent of those born—were exempted from vaccination last year under the "conscientious objection" rule.

Over 300 Ragtimers Pining for America

London Music Halls Crowded With Idle Singers Scheming to Raise Steerage Fare.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There are 300 or 400 homesick Americans in London. They are music hall artists who flocked over here when ragtime brought about a trans-Atlantic boom.

They came first class, talking of three-figure contracts, and now they are scheming to get cheap passages home disguised as Polish emigrants.

The trouble, of course, is that the music hall stage has been glutted with American turns.

BRITISH PRESS CALLS KIPLING REAL LAUREATE

Appointment of Dr. Bridges Declared Tribute to Pedantry Rather Than to Poetry.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The appointment of Dr. Robert Bridges to succeed Alfred Austin as poet laureate has note been treated as kindly by the press as was Mr. Austin's succession to Tennyson, notwithstanding the fact that both as a man of letters and as a poet Dr. Bridges is measurably his immediate predecessor's superior. The censure of Dr. Bridges' selection is probably to be found in the fact that the press is merely voicing public opinion, which is keenly disappointed that Rudyard Kipling did not secure the office.

Says The Morning Post: "If Mr. Kipling had been appointed laureate our people in these islands and overseas would have understood the honor as expressing a national sense. We are apt to forget that poets are of service in the world not merely as delighting the ears and refining the emotions of the cultured few, but as calling like a trumpet to duty in life and work, to the scorn of the base and the glory of the patriot, according to the poet's conception of baseness and patriotism."

The Pall Mall Gazette: "Mr. Kipling's claim is far above that of any contemporary. The writer of the 'Recessional' and of 'If' will be the laureate of the English people whenever crisis calls for utterance, and a world-wide empire will be his responsive audience."

The Star: "Mr. Kipling has more poetry in his little finger than Dr. Bridges has in his whole body. To be perfectly candid, the election of Dr. Bridges is a tribute to pedantry, and not to poetry. There are many living poets whose claims are indisputably superior to his. But in this country the path of dullness is the road to glory."

Just before the post of poet laureate was filled, T. P.'s Weekly published the following table as the result of an exhaustive canvass among its readers:

Kipling, Rudyard	22,630
Meynell, Alice	5,598
Masefield, John	3,267
Hardy, Thomas	2,170
Watson, William	1,086
Newbolt, Henry	821
Chesterton, Gilbert K.	777
Bridges, Robert	710
Noyes, Alfred	704
Keats, W. B.	641
Dobson, Austin	575
Le Gallienne, Richard	522
Housman, A. E.	468
Davies, W. H.	423
Phillips, Stephen	324
Hewlett, Maurice	35

$30,000,000 Yearly in Penny-Slot Gambling

French Government Is Forced to Put Ban on Machines in Small Cafes.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The French Government has decided to prohibit the "penny-in-the-slot" gambling machines in all the lower class cafes.

The last available statistics show that in 1911 there were 64,953 of these petty gambling machines in use in France, and that their total receipts during the year were $30,000,000.

The machines are usually leased by cafe keepers on a sharing basis. During 1911 the proprietors received as their share $10,000,000.

The remaining $20,000,000 was represented by tickets, drawn from the machines, which were useless unless exchanged for drinks.

Red Horses for Army; New Breed Developed

Chestnut Equines Said to Have More Fire Than Those of Less Vivid Color.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—As a result of experiments made in Leicestershire by biologists, not yet completed, a new species of horses is being developed for the army.

Bright chestnut, which is the equivalent of red hair in children, has quite overcome all other tints among hackneys, and it is associated with the mental quality that is called "fire." It is a master color in more than one respect, indicating a viking spirit.

In horses and men a sort of duel is going on between red and brown, or rather chestnut and bay. The hackney is chiefly red, the hunter chiefly brown, though Ireland is now producing many chestnuts.

ITALY BUILDS FLEET OF 300 MILITARY AIRCRAFT

Special Cable to The American.

MILAN, Aug. 16.—A large number of military aeroplanes are now being constructed in Italy with funds raised by national subscription.

When this program is completed Italy will have 300 military aeroplanes.

Dirigibles also will be built.

BINGHAM SCHOOL'S central purpose for 120 years has been to make Men of Boys. Asheville climate world renowned. Organization Military. Two details from U. S. Army allowed to N. C. The A. & M. College has one, Bingham the other. Target and Gallery practice, with latest U. S. Army Rifles. Lake for Swimming. Summer Camp during July and August. Tuition and Board $150 per Half Term. $300 a year. Address Col. R. Bingham, Box 6, Asheville, N. C.

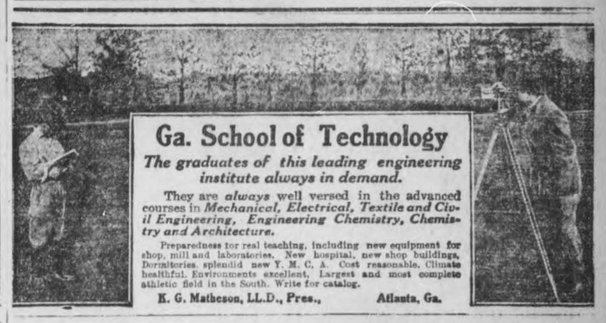
Atlanta Conservatory of Music
MORTIMER WILSON, General Director
Location: In the Heart of Atlanta, *Peachtree and Broad Streets* — 1913-14 Session *Opens September 2d*
Complete Music Courses From the Kindergarten Games to the Concert Stage
Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Cello, Harp, Orchestral Instruments, Analysis, Ear-Training, History, Harmony, Composition, Conducting, School Orchestra and Chorus in concerted works. Ensemble Classes in all departments with recitals. Diplomas and Certificates of dependability.
Prospectus mailed on application.
Atlanta Conservatory, Atlanta, Ga.

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, ATHENS, GA.
Named by a United States Commissioner of Education as being among the best fitted State Normal Schools in the United States. Fifty-six officers and teachers, ten buildings, eighteen departments of instruction, full certificate courses in Psychology, Pedagogy, English, Expression, Oratory, Mathematics, Science, History, Latin, German, Greek, French, Spanish, Correspondence.
The Home-Life courses are among the strongest in the South. Domestic Arts and Sciences, Manual Arts, Agriculture, Gardening, Home Nursing, Physical Culture, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Sight Singing. Diploma, a license to teach. Two Practice Schools. Education for fitness and happiness in the home. Total expenses for a year less than $150.00. Write for Catalogue.
JERE M. POUND, President.

PHARMACY Studied at the University of Georgia, under the most favorable environment of college life means efficient preparation for a lucrative position. Graduates have never failed to pass State examination. Send for catalog to Dean S. C. Benidict, M. D., Athens, Ga.



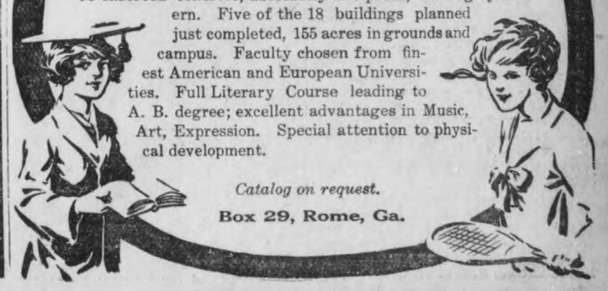
WASHINGTON SEMINARY
1374 PEACHTREE ROAD - - - - ATLANTA
THE SOUTH'S MOST BEAUTIFUL SCHOOL
DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.
1. Boarding Department limited. $100,000.00 in Grounds and Buildings.
2. New School Building, modern in equipment, with provision for open-air class rooms.
3. Courses in Domestic Science and Physical Training a part of regular curriculum.
4. Departments: Kindergarten, Primary, Academic, College Preparatory, Music, Art, Expression.
Thirty-sixth Session begins SEPTEMBER 11th, 1913.
Write for illustrated catalogue.—B. L. D. and EMMA B. SCOTT, Principals.



Ga. School of Technology
The graduates of this leading engineering institute always in demand.
They are *always* well versed in the advanced courses in *Mechanical, Electrical, Textile and Civil Engineering, Engineering Chemistry, Chemistry and Architecture.*
Preparedness for real teaching, including new equipment for shop, mill and laboratories. New hospital, new shop buildings, Dormitories splendid new Y. M. C. A. Cost reasonable, Climate healthful, Environments excellent, Largest and most complete athletic field in the South. Write for catalog.
K. G. Matheson, LL.D., Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA MILITARY ACADEMY
THE SOUTH'S MOST SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED PREP SCHOOL
College Park, Eight Miles From Atlanta, Georgia
Fills every hour of a boy's life with wholesome mental development, body building, moral and social training, and preparation for a man's part in the world's work. A thoroughly disciplined, modernly appointed, attractive school for boys and young men—a gentleman's school limited to about 125 boarding pupils, so grouped as to give every teacher about 12 Cadets for tutoring and oversight at night. Delightful home life—a big happy family of successful, cultured teachers and pupils. Every sanitary convenience. Electric lights, steam heat, artesian water. Elevation nearly 1,200 feet, no malaria, perfect health.
BEST TABLE FARE AND PRETTIEST SCHOOL CAMPUS IN THE SOUTH
Three regular courses—Classical, Engineering, Commercial.
Members Southern Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools.
Active U. S. Officer in Charge of Military Department.
Classed A by U. S. War Department.
All arms accouterments and ordinance supplies furnished by U. S., just as at the V. M. I. and the Citadel.
Magnificent outdoor gymnasium now being constructed.
Thorough work in Class Room.
Largest Faculty in any Prep School in Georgia.
Athletics, without any "hired or induced" players, properly encouraged.
Location in College Park, Atlanta's most beautiful suburb.
Special advantages for Atlanta pupils.
Modern dairy operated for exclusive use of Cadets.
Prospective patrons urged to visit and compare with the best in America.
COLONEL J. C. WOODWARD, A. M., Pres.

SHORTER COLLEGE
A High Grade Institution For Young Women
Beautifully located near the mountains in the most healthful section of the South—not a death in the College during the forty years of its existence. Every convenience of modern home. Only two girls to a room, with large study between every two rooms. Every building of re-enforced concrete, absolutely fire-proof, thoroughly modern. Five of the 18 buildings planned just completed, 155 acres in grounds and campus. Faculty chosen from finest American and European Universities. Full Literary Course leading to A. B. degree; excellent advantages in Music, Art, Expression. Special attention to physical development.
Catalog on request.
Box 29, Rome, Ga.



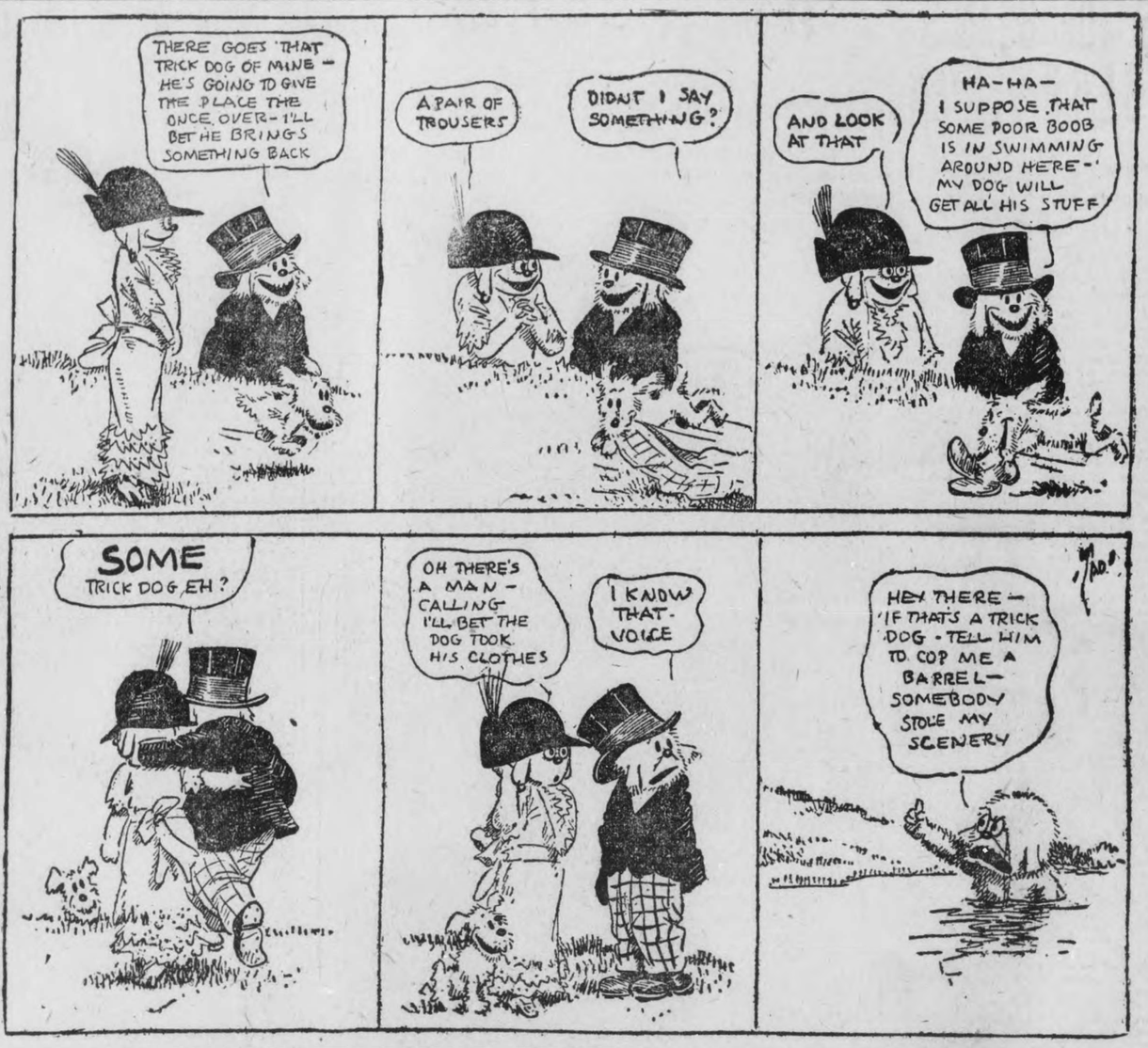
Sunday American Sporting Pages Lead All Others

YOU WOULDN'T KNOW THE OLD CAR NOW

Copyright, 1913, International News Service.

By Tad





RITCHIE DOESN'T COMPARE WITH OTHER CHAMPS

Must Meet Murphy, Welsh and Cross Before He Can Hope To Be World Figure.

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Here is a question fired at me from a home critic:

"How does Willie Ritchie compare with the lightweight champions who preceded him?"

Up to date he does not begin to compare in the slightest. Ritchie is still young and lacking in experience, however, and may loom up as more of a world-figure in pugilism when he has pitted himself against men like Tommy Murphy, Freddy Welsh and Leach Cross. Wolgast, who preceded as a champion, was a wonderful fighter before appendicitis marked him for its own. His handling of Battling Nelson on Richmond Field was something to live in memory, even if little "Ad" had never accomplished anything else.

* * *

BATTLING NELSON in his prime, was an interesting performer. And it was his negative qualities that made him worth while. There never was a man within twenty pounds of his weight who could stand such rough usage and keep pressing steadily forward. He wasn't the most gainly fighter of his class, by long odds, but his powers of assimilation covered a multitude of defects.

* * *

JOE GANS was a thorough workman, and a sight of him in action was as great a treat as a student of boxing could desire. He stepped around in a soft-footed way and was never out of position. His manner of ending it all with a downward clip of the right, delivered without drawing back the elbow, was well worth the price of admission.

He was an artist and it was a lament with old-time sports that Joe and Jack McAuliffe did not flourish contemporaneously. A tilt between the pair would have been worth a journey to see.

WACO SECOND SACKER IS SOLD TO BOSTON BRAVES

WACO, TEXAS, Aug. 16.—Oscar Dugey, second baseman of the Waco Texas League team and leading base runner of the league, was sold to the Boston Nationals, to report at the end of the local season. The consideration is said to have been about $2,000.

Koney Makes One Error a Month

Cards' Fielder May Set New Mark

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 16.—An error a month is the pace Ed Koney is setting for what probably will be a world's record as a fielding first baseman. So far the guardian of the Cardinals' initial sack has turned but four miscues this season—one in April, May, June and July—and if he gets but one in August and September his name will be engraved in the record books.

To accept 1,112 of the 1,116 chances offered him in 101 games is quite a phenomenal performance; still this is owned by Koney for his 1913 work. And it has everything eclipsed in the records of fielding first basemen since the National League was organized.

The highest average ever compiled by a first baseman in the National League was by Frank Chance in 1910, when he missed but three chances out of 814; that gave him a mark of .996. This to-day stands supreme, but if Koney continues his average of one error per month he will shade Chance's record by a slight margin.

Chance Leads All Rivals.

Since 1871, when the first set of records was kept in the National League, Chance's .996 stands out on top. Next to the ex-Peerless Leader is Dan McGann with a .995, and then .994 is the highest figure. The following table shows the five highest averages of the first basemen:

Year.	Name.	g	po.	a.	e.	pct.
1910—Chance		87	773	38	3	.996
1906—McGann.		133	1391	83	8	.995
1909—Chance		92	901	40	6	.994
1907—McGann.		81	781	55	5	.994
1897—Tebeau		91	912	42	5	.994

Koney's fielding this year has been sensational and proves that he is without a superior as a fielding first baseman. Of course, now Chase and Daubert and Stovall have their supporters, but the truth is that for being steady day in and day out Koney is supreme.

Koney isn't as flashy as Chase. He will not dive high into the air and make the catch one-handed and he doesn't pull off the fancy stuff which Chase does. But he gets the wild pegs, the high ones, the low ones and those far too high, left and right minus the "grandstand" effort.

How Koney Made Errors.

On April 20 Koney made his first error. It was at Robison Field and he missed an easy foul off Chief Wilson. Later, Wilson put a single in left. The second error was May 28 in Chicago against the Cubs. It happened in the inning when Mitchell rolled to Huggins. Hug made the perfect toss, but Big Ed clamped his hands before the ball arrived, muffed and the runner was safe.

Then came error No. 3. It was June 25, at Robison Field. Carey grounded to Koney. Max raced for the bag and Ed, seeing he couldn't get there first, made a toss to Harmon. Bob let it get away, Carey ran to second and Koney got the error.

Big Ed almost escaped the month of July, but a bit of severe scoring gave him an error on the last day of the month. In the fourth inning Connolly rolled a slow grounder to Koney. Sallee raced over to the bag, but Connolly had the play beaten and it was scored as a hit. Sal allowed the ball to drop, roll a few feet away, and taking his time in recovery, Connolly hiked down to second.

There is how Ed Koney has made his four errors this season. And in between them he has accepted 1,112, certainly a remarkable record.

With the Cards in a slump this year, Koney's fielding hasn't dropped a bit. His batting has, and for that reason the fans have been handing the jeers occasionally to the Big Train. Every fan can rehearse when Ed failed to get a hit and drive in a run. And why? Because his play is watched every day where the others are passed by.

McCloskey Develops Big Ed.

Koney can miss driving in a run and the fans will see it. But Magee, Oakes, Mowrey, Wingo, Whitted and others will miss and nobody pays any attention to it. Not Koney, though.

It took time and constant training on the part of John J. McCloskey to develop Koney into the great first baseman that he is. Koney came here in June, 1907. He was a big kid, awkward around first, and didn't know how to shift his feet. He had the right foot in front when the left should have been there, and often the other way, too.

But McCloskey knew what he had. The entire summer John J. drilled his new capture. In the morning practice Mac toiled with Koney. He showed him this; he showed him that; he showed him how to keep one foot on the sack and catch the wide throw with the gloved mitt.

And it didn't take Koney long to master these fine points. He shows it to-day.

Some will doubt Koney's ability as a first baseman. But here he has a .996 average, just a fraction under .997, and every winter the Cubs, Pirates and Giants bid for the "Big Train."

Koney really isn't appreciated in St. Louis. They won't realize what a marvel and wonder he is until if, by chance, a trade will send him to some other club. And a duplicate of Ed Koney isn't cavorting around any of the minor league fields to-day.

TO CHANGE A. A. U. CODE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—G. T. Kirby, president of the Amateur Athletic Union, is to revise the A. A. U. code of rules, which, he says, in their present form can not be understood by attorneys. Kirby made this announcement before sailing for Berlin to attend the conference of athletic authorities of the world.

GIANTS CAN GET KONEY IF MATTY IS IN THE DEAL

President Britton Says He Will Make Swap With McGraw for "Big Six" and Merkle.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 16.—If the Giants will part with Christy Mathewson and Fred Merkle, then McGraw can have Ed Koney from the Cardinals!

From New York Thursday came a report that the Giants were dickering with the Cardinals for another swap, and that McGraw had offered Southpaw Wiltse and First Baseman Fred Merkle for the "Big Train."

Considering that Wiltse is fading and fading fast, and that Koney easily outclasses Merkle, the cards would run second on such an exchange, and the truth of such a transaction was asked of President Britton.

"If McGraw will make it Mathewson and Merkle instead of Wiltse and Merkle then I will O. K. the trade," said President Britton. "But Wiltse and Merkle, no."

Then the Cards' Prexy smiled and puffed his perfecto and continued:

"Yes, that's what I mean, Matty and Merkle. Matty must be in the deal. Anybody but Matty and there's nothing doing with us for Ed Koney."

"But don't you know, Mr. Britton, that McGraw never would consent to trade Mathewson?" was put to the Cards' chief.

"Why, certainly I know it, and that's just why I name Matty in a deal with the Giants for Koney," flashed back Britton. "After we took Crandall instead of Wiltse for McLean, I offered to buy Wiltse from the Giants, but McGraw said he did not want money, but was after players.

"We're after players to strengthen our club, too. We are trying to get the youngsters, and are willing to make a trade where we have an edge, but it's a cinch that we're not going to pass out anything like Koney for Merkle and Wiltse."

NEW COACH AT ROBINSON.

ROBINSON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Charles C. Wells, late instructor in mathematics in Millikin University, and prominent in athletic circles, has been appointed athletic coach and instructor of the Robinson baseball, football and basketball, and will reorganize the athletic department of the Robinson school.

CATLIN TO COACH LAWRENCE.

APPLETON, WIS., Aug. 16.—At the Lawrence high school it was last night decided to re-engage Mark Catlin as football coach.

GIANTS ALWAYS FIGHTING, EVEN IF IT'S M'GRAW

Crandall Incident Goes to Prove That Muggsy's Men Are Always in Wrangling Mood.

CINCINNATI has pulled the story that two or three of the New York Giants took a punch at Manager McGraw because he released Otis Crandall, star pinch pitcher and pinch hitter, accompanying his action with the statement that Otis never was a real star and wasn't fit for membership on a high class baseball team. Naturally the players were incensed to see an old pal thus turned down, the more because McGraw's action deprives the young Indiana boy of a probable slice of world's series money later in the fall. Maybe they did punch McGraw and maybe they didn't. It doesn't look reasonable that they did, for "Muggsy" isn't standing around as a target for anybody.

* * *

BUT the incident shows two things conclusively. The Giants are fighters, every inch of them, and it is the fighting spirit that wins in any sort of an athletic contest. The Giants are keyed up to the right tension and their position at the head of the National League race is one to which they are fully entitled because of this fighting spirit. McGraw has them gingered to a nicety and doubtless welcomes a little shindig now and then off the field, just as a matter of relaxation.

* * *

MANY of the McGraw methods are far from commendable and some of them are even reprehensible, but in the main other baseball managers might well take example of the Giants' leader and instill this fighting spirit into the men. Frank Chance could keep the old Cub machine snarling and snapping in much the same way and Jimmy Callahan's nature is infectious at times and carries the team along under high pressure. Joe Tinker is a fighter at heart and even the queer conditions in Cincinnati hasn't taken all of Joe's heart. There are few other managers, however, who really scrap and succeed in getting the fighting spirit into their men.

DUFFY SELLS OUTFIELDER JOSEPH BURNS TO TIGERS

PORTLAND, ME., Aug. 16.—Manager Hugh Duffy, of the Portland club of the New England League, announced that Outfielder Joseph Burns had been sold to Detroit.

Burns' home is in Ipswich, Mass. The price was not made public.

RACE TRACK AT AUCTION.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The passing of another famous New York race track apparently is forecast in a foreclosure sale of the Brighton Beach property, scheduled for August 28. The action was brought on a second mortgage of approximately $95,000. The first mortgage is $650,000.

Johnny Evers Need Not Worry

President Murphy Is With Him

By Davenport.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—John Evers is not worried concerning the report he is to be ousted from the managership of the Cubs.

"I am worried in a sense," said the Keystone King when he heard the report, "for I know these reports are not tending to the improvement of conditions on the club.

"I firmly believe the reports emanate from sources unfriendly to the Cubs.

"Last winter when it was announced I had been appointed to succeed Frank Chance, my enemies said I would not last until Decoration Day.

"I was right on the job at Pittsburg on Memorial Day and then the fellows who seem to have a grudge against me said: 'Well, he'll blow up before the Fourth of July,' but there was no premature explosion and yours truly celebrated the glorious Fourth by managing the Cubs while they went through a double-header.

"Now they are flirting me right off the reel, but so far as the stability of my position is concerned I am not concerned.

Murphy Pleased With Work.

"I have the knowledge that President Murphy is back of me. He has convinced me upon more than one occasion that he is backing me, and I know him well enough to feel that I can rely upon him.

"He has upheld everything I have done in the management of the players and he has informed me upon more than one occasion that I am giving satisfaction.

"As I have said concerning alleged dissensions in the club, I know who is starting these reports. They do not come from West Side fans. It is a trouble that has existed for years, and some one must be the goat, so why not your humble servant? Let it go with the other managerial duties. My shoulders are broad. I can not only stand the hisses and jeers of the fans, but I guess it is up to me to pay no heed to these false reports that are being circulated and have been circulated all season."

President Murphy also emphatically denies he intends to remove the Keystone King.

When apprised of the fact some one had started the report Evers was to be separated from his job, President Murphy said: "There is absolutely no truth in the report. I still believe Evers is the best manager in the business and the greatest ball player in the world. I have backed him up in his action on and off the field.

"I wouldn't give 2 cents for a manager who can't manage, and I am satisfied that Evers is not one of that sort."

Discussing the reports that the Cubs are fighting among themselves, Manager Evers said: "I want men who fight, but I want them to use a little judgment in whom they fight.

Wants Fighting Spirit.

"I like men of the Zimmerman type, who are fighting every inch of the way.

"True, Heine was put out of a number of games this summer, but why? Because he was always up on the job, watching every play and ready to fight for what he considered his rights.

"I do think it is unfair for the fans and sport writers to pick up every little petty quarrel that may come up and make a mountain of it. These are the things that are hurting the club."

Considering the pitching the Cubs had during the early part of the season, the misfortune sustained by Overall in the way of illness, and the other hard luck, Evers has done well to keep his club up among the top notchers, and he is being given credit for it all around the circuit.

Then there was the hard luck encountered when the Cubs invaded the East the last time, Archer out of the game with a bad finger, Zimmerman out with a game ankle, and Bridwell out with punk pins.

Some handicap, "fellers," but Jawn has been right on the job fighting his way through all the time.

We have it from the Keystone King, right from the shoulder, that stories of dissension on the club have been greatly magnified, and here's a little secret that will surprise you.

That story to the effect Evers is to be deposed came from an eavesdropper.

AFTER BERTH IN WESTERN.

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., Aug. 16.—Leo Meyer, of this city, has made a bid for the Sioux City franchise of the Western League. Meyer said he was anxious to bring the club here, but declared he was not sure about meeting all the requirements of the league.



DROPSY SPECIALISTS give quick relief usually from the first dose. Distressing Symptoms rapidly disappear. Swelling and short breath soon removed; often gives entire relief in 15 to 25 days. A trial treatment FREE by mail.

Dr. H. H. Green's Sons Box G, Atlanta, Ga.

For Everybody, Everywhere

For workers with hand or brain—for rich and poor—for every kind of people in every walk of life—there's delicious refreshment in a glass of

Coca-Cola

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

different and better in purity and flavor. The best drink anyone can buy.



Be sure to get the genuine. Ask for it by its full name —to avoid imitations and substitution.

Send for free booklet. 2

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

All the News of the Boxing World on These Pages

GEO. HARRISON IS JOE BEAN'S BEST PLAYER

Ex-Marist Star Now Making Fine Baseball Record at Georgia University.

By O. B. Keeler.

WITH your kind permission, we will now introduce Mr. Harrison, prominent second baser of the University of Georgia baseball team, former Marist star and a corking good student of pharmaceutics as well as the national sport.

Mr. Harrison's initials are George L., the "L." standing for Larrup. He is an Atlanta boy, 19 years old, sound in wind and limb, and quite a hobby of Joe Bean's.

"I think a lot of George because he can think," says Joe, who was George's coach at Marist. "Every year the colleges show us a lot of young ball players that can run and throw and field and hit. But a fearful percentage of these neat little baseball machines use their heads mainly to keep their collars from slipping off."

But that isn't the way of George. Take it from Joe.

A Smart Ball Player.

"He is what is known in professional circles as a 'smart ball player,'" Joe adds. "He remembers every little tip anybody gives him—and he uses his memory on the field. He thinks fast and he has the physical speed to carry out his hunches. He is the best all-round college ball player I ever had charge of."

George was a freshman last year, starring in pharmaceutics and the territory around second base. He is expected to do the same, only more so, in the gentle springtime of 1914.

At present George, who is an earnest investigator of things entirely apart from the squeeze play and touching second, is doing a bit of extra work in physics at the summer school of the university. He takes quite a serious view of life, even at the supposedly callow age of 19 summers and the same number of winters.

Had Heart Trouble?

An odd feature of George's development as a ball player cropped out when he started to Marist where he played with great effect three years for Joe Bean.

George was very young then, and he was growing so fast that he frequently found his clothes too small for him when he got up in the morning. The stretching worried some of his insides a bit, and George's folks had an idea he had a floppy heart. It used to flop when George played tennis. They asked Joe Bean to take good care of George and not let him play ball too hard. They recommended first base as the easiest job.

The Flopping Stopped.

But Joe needed a second baseman. Also he saw right away where George ought to perform. He reasoned that one place was as bad as another, if not worse, when it came to causing cardiacal floppings, and he diagnosed properly the uncertain behavior of George's pumping apparatus.

Moreover, George had let up on the growing by that time and was feeling great.

So George went to second base, where he proceeded to eat 'em alive. He has been doing that ever since, too.

George isn't looking forward to professional toil on the sunburned square. He is going to be a pharmacist, which is a druggist with a university training.

And if George applies the same system to pharmaceutics that he has to baseball, he should travel along on the high speed.

Joe Bean says George is one smart ball player.

BOOKING AGENCY FOR BOXERS TO BE FORMED

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Plans are maturing for a national boxing organization, which will have for its purpose the booking of boxers for various clubs or promoters throughout the country; in fact, it is to be a general booking agency, the same as is in vogue among theatrical people. The man back of the project is Wilbur Stuart, of Columbus, Ohio.

It is the intention of the organizers of the company to have connections in all the large cities of the country. This project would do away with the middleman, or manager, to some extent, but not necessarily, as very often managers are only too willing to pay the regular booking fee to get a match.

The scheme may not look very tempting to some at the present time, but with the growth of the boxing game there is no reason why the project should not be a success—at least, it is worth trying.

KONETCHY FOR MERKLE AND WILTSE IS RUMORED TRADE

PITTSBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Local baseball men gave credence to-day to a tip that Manager McGraw, of the Giants, is dealing with St. Louis for First Baseman Konetchy and has offered First Baseman Merkle and Pitcher Wiltse in exchange. Since the golf squabble in which Merkle was involved along with Mathewson, McGraw and Merkle have not been the best of friends.

INDIANS GET CENTRAL STAR.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Aug. 16.—Wheeler, of the Terre Haute club, has been ordered by the Cubs to report to the Indianapolis American Association club. This was a great surprise to the fans, who did not know that the Cubs owned him. Wheeler leads the Central League in batting with .342.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
REMEDY FOR MEN
AT DRUGGISTS OR TRIAL BOX BY MAIL 50c
FROM PLANTEN 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.
—BEWARE OF IMITATIONS—

Here Is George Harrison, Georgia's Great Infielder, Who Uses His "Bean" in Playing Baseball

Three years of second basing under the tuition of Joe Bean at Marist fitted George to jump right into the spotlight in his freshman year at Georgia and pile himself up a fine little reputation. He will start with flying colors when the season opens next spring.



This looks like pretty severe training for a future pharmacist, but it isn't the only kind Harrison takes. Just now Georgia's star infielder is taking a summer course in physics at the University.

It really doesn't matter how fast the pace is, or whether George Harrison is sliding to second, or dashing in to start a swinging double play—he's always thinking. Joe Bean says he thinks faster and with more effect than any other college player he ever had anything to do with. "His head does more than merely hold his collar on," says Joe. And Joe ought to know something about it.

Looking over the film, it is hard to imagine that George was suspected of having heart trouble a few years ago, when he entered Marist and wanted to play first base, because that job was supposed to be easier than the other stations of the infield. Joe Bean diagnosed George's trouble as rapid growing, and Joe was right about it. As soon as George stopped expanding, his heart settled down to a fine, even gait, and has never missed a tick since. He is now approaching his twentieth year, and is sound in wind, limb and disposition.

PHOTOS BY SUNDAY AMERICAN STAFF PHOTOGRAPHER

'Walsh Now Pitching for Sox' Tickers Don't Flash That Now

ED WALSH is not with the White Sox on their Eastern trip. In all the games Callahan's men play during their stay in the East, the ticker will never flash, 'NINTH INNING: WALSH NOW PITCHING FOR CHICAGO."

The Big Moose, the greatest of iron men, isn't the Walsh of 1912. The averages give him seven won and three lost for a percentage of .700. He has pitched 10 games, with the season half over. If he pitches 10 more during the remainder of 1913 it will be a surprise.

Walsh is worn out. He has the heart and head of last year, but his arm isn't able to perform what he wills. He is just a shadow of his 1912 self, so far as pitching goes.

Too many innings of relief work, too many innings pitched did for his iron arm.

For years he was "THE WHITE SOX," practically all there was to the White Sox, and the only reason anyone went to see the club. Last season, with ordinary backing, he pitched Chicago into fourth place. There were 78 games won by the club. Walsh is credited with 27 of them in his own record. Many more he saved for other twirlers, going in with the Sox ahead and stopping rallies.

Callahan pitched his willing worker 393 innings, or 43 nine-inning games, during the American League season. This shows on the books but there is no record of the innings Walsh warmed up and used up his arm by so doing.

This season Comiskey, the Sox owner, thought Walsh would pitch more than 400 innings. Callahan thought so Wash thought so.

But the Iron Man was through. He had held the White Sox up so long that his arm was weary, even if he didn't know it. His record of 393 innings in the American League season, topped off by his feat of twirling the Sox to victory by pitching 40 innings of the Chicago city series with the Cubs—which he won practically by himself—has taken toll.

Whether Ed Walsh will come back is a thing the future will have to tell. Sometimes they do, but oftener they don't. Rest may bring him back, if Callahan gives it to him. But again it may be that 393 innings of fiercely competitive ball have ruined his arm for good and all and that one of the greatest pitchers the game has known is now a has-been.

Universal Polo at Panama Exposition

Exciting Game To Be Opening Feature of Great Affair—Stand to Seat 18,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 16.—Universal polo will be the opening feature incident to the department of live stock at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

There will be many stables on the site, and the race track infield will afford an ideal location for polo grounds.

Polo enthusiasm is spreading all over the world and it is proposed to have ten or fifteen days of polo, beginning with the opening day of the exposition.

A series of elimination matches will be arranged, and because of climatic advantages a number of the established teams will winter their ponies in California.

There will be a grand stand which will seat 18,000, and its capacity will be taxed during the great tournament, which will be held on the exposition grounds.

The question of cups and prizes is now being considered. If the Hurlingham cup still remains in this country it is possible that the international polo match can be held at San Francisco. That, of course, is a question which can only be decided by time, but in any event representative teams from many countries will be attracted to a universal meet at San Francisco in 1915.

TESREAU HAS BEEN ON SLAB IN MANY GAMES

McGraw Has Sent Jeff to Mound Oftener Than Any Other Member of Giants.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—John McGraw had called on Jeff Tesreau oftener to start battles this year than any other member of the Giants' pitching staff. Up to August 12 the "Little Napoleon" had given the pitching assignment to the big spitballer 28 times. Jeff only went the route on ten occasions, but on many of the times he was dercricked he was lifted to allow a pinch hitter to be inserted into the proceedings, and not because he was not performing to the satisfaction of his commander.

* * *

WERE Hugh Chalmers, of Detroit, to offer a car to the National League pitcher who twirled the greatest number of complete games instead to the player who is most valuable to his team, Christy Mathewson undoubtedly would be riding around in a new auto next fall. "Big Six" has opened on the firing line in 22 skirmishes for the Giants this year and has lasted through 17 engagements, which gives him a finishing average of .773. Matty quit twice because he had to, twice because his team had an enormous lead and once because McGraw wished to shove Harry McCormick in as a pinch hitter.

* * *

THE club that has compelled Mathewson to retire under fire is St. Louis, the team that handed him his first beating twelve years ago, when he first became famous. The Cardinals ought to be proud of themselves for their showing against "Big Six" this year. They have received five of the thirteen passes Matty has issued this season, Ed Konetchy and Miller Huggins each obtaining two and Steve Evans one. The eight other National Leaguers who have been honored with complimentaries by Mathewson this season are Viox and Mensor, of Pittsburg; Bates and Groh, of Cincinnati; Zimmerman, of Chicago, and Titus, Rariden and Maranville, of Boston.

MANY CATCHERS GET INJURED BY MIXED SIGNALS

Chief Meyers Nearly Lost a Finger When Christy Mathewson Double-Crossed Him.

By Otto C. Floto.

DENVER, Aug. 16.—Nothing breaks up a battery so fast as double-crossing the catcher. Mind, we do not mean to say this is intentionally done—but through carelessness or through not getting the signal correct, it happens in some of the most important games. And when it does—well, the opposition has the "shade" from that time forth. In Chicago recently, during a conversation between John McGraw and the writer, the Grand Mandarin of the Giants told us of an incident when even the great Mathewson was at fault in this sort of play.

"Meyers is naturally dark," said McGraw. "When he becomes tanned in the summer time he is darker than ever and quite naturally when he places his finger on the palm of the soiled glove it takes quite an eye to distinguish whether he has one or two fingers pointed to the ground. Oftentimes one finger means a straight fast ball and then again it means a curve, and vice versa. Mathewson, in one of the games against St. Louis, got his signals mixed and pitched a curve when Meyers was looking for a straight fast one. The result was that the ball not only got away from the Indian, but came near tearing his finger off. Of course, I immediately took him out of the game, because I knew he would be rattled from that time forth. The next day he was steadied again and the incident forgotten.

* * *

ANOTHER time while with Baltimore, Joe Corbett double-crossed Robinson and lost a game for us. Of course, the double-crossing is unintentional on the part of the pitcher, and it occurs only when the catcher and the pitcher get mixed in the signals and don't ask each other for a repetition of the same. If they did this no error would be made. In the big leagues when this tangle occurs the players think nothing of it. But I have seen in the smaller leagues, when the battery gets mixed the catcher, generally a youngster trying to make his reputation, seems to labor under the impression that the pitcher is 'trying to show him up,' and it often creates hard feelings on a team."

* * *

REFERRING again to the honesty of the game, we need nothing better to point to than the leaders of the National and American Leagues. Both the Giants and the Athletics have spoiled the race. They are so far ahead of all the other clubs that even at this early day of August 4 interest is eliminated. It means several hundred thousand dollars to the club owners to have a condition of this sort exist. Yet they would rather have it this way and lose thousands of dollars than "frame" and kill the sport.

What if Boston and the Athletics in the American League were neck-and-neck and battling for every game—well, the grounds in either city would not be large enough to hold the crowds. In the National League, what if New York and Chicago were abreast—it would simply mean all records for attendance would be shattered.

So you see the playing is absolutely on its merits and when a team wins or loses everything connected with it is on the level. That's why baseball will ever remain the most popular of outdoor sports. The finger of suspicion is never pointed at any act on the ball field.

Meddling Has Ruined Red Sox Stallings Is Popular in Boston

By W. J. McBeth.

THERE is little comfort in a reputation to the fellow who has lost his punch. This ring chatter applies directly to baseball. A pugilist may get away by sidestepping action, but organized baseball requires 154 tilts every year.

The Boston Red Sox furnishes a very fine object lesson for the point in question. One year ago the staid old "Hub" was wild with enthusiasm over its pets of a generation. To dispute that the "Speed Boys" boasted the classiest aggregation in modern times was the shortest route to suicide. To-day, though a world's championship has been added to the achievements of the Back Bay athletes, the pennant winners are the scorn of the City of Culture.

The answer lies for the most part in four agate lines—which represent the difference between first and fifth places in the American League standings. Boston's National League team which saw many lean and hungry years, while its rival lived upon the fat of the land, has usurped the popularity of its fading contemporary. The Red Sox in their company have shown the better percentage of victories. But still their work has slopped off so badly from what was expected of the holders of baseball's highest honors that in comparison to the improvement made by the Braves the Red Sox appear in the light of the veriest "bush" class.

Boston, like every other town, has little use for a team that has hit the chutes, while always ready to extend a hand of encouragement to a club that stems on the upward trend.

* * *

IN gaining a few rounds on the ladder from the cellar George Stallings' Braves have accomplished a task that well might be considered more wonderful than cinching a second American League pennant with the champions. Baseball fandom is clever enough to appreciate the point and pay tribute where tribute is due. But the Boston situation of the American League furnishes a moral which many of our meddling promoters might well take to heart. One thing is to leave good enough alone; another that it is far easier to destroy a finely attuned mechanism than to overhaul and rebuilt it.

* * *

EVERYBODY said a year ago that the Boston Red Sox were the luckiest world's champions known to history. Perhaps they were, but they certainly had some class to get in the finals. Moreover, they went through a long campaign without dropping more than two games in a row till the pennant was cinched. The club looked anything but impressive in the world's series. But was it altogether the fault of the club?

I honestly believe, in the light of later developments, that if the real inside truth were known President James McAleer had a lot to do both with the poor showing of that team against the Giants and in the 1913 race so far this season. Jake Stahl, deposed from the management in mid-season, may have been left unhampered this season as McAleer insinuated, but he certainly did not have a free hand against the Giants last fall. He was girt about by a so-called bond of strategy. These many cooks came very near to scorching the broth.

While the Red Sox were setting themselves, Jake Stahl and, incidentally, McAleer on the high pedestal where the bump incident to this year's fall should be all the more pronounced, somebody put a stick of dynamite under the foundation. In the height of battle a serious row cropped out among certain players. As is usually the case, factions resulted. The unity of the team was undermined. The big explosion followed the poor start of 1913 consequent to wholesome injuries and sickness.

McAleer may not have directly interfered with Stahl. Yet the inference is there pretty strong. Jimmy looked like an ideal president when everything was of rosy hue. But once a manager always a manager. We see that in the attitudes of some of our renowned scouts. The cunning hand of McAleer might be traced in the present dilemma of his noble country.

AT least McAleer, or his associates in the business administration of the club, deserve little sympathy for the cold desertion of Hub fandom. They brought it upon themselves by a cold throw down of their most loyal supporters. The band of "Royal Rooters" which had accompanied the team to and fro between New York and Boston were not provided with seats for the seventh game. The business management was unable to explain satisfactorily this shameful oversight; naturally the rooters took it as an insult, believing they had been "given the works" simply through avarice of the management.

"It is the last game and they think standing room good enough for us" was the universal sentiment. The rooters put a boycott on the eighth and deciding game. Also they gathered round the offices at the close of the contest when they were slighted to put the curse on Fenway Park, Red Sox and all connected with them. By the looks of things it was some curse.

Tire Prices Down

How We Did It Without Skimping On the Costliest Tire That's Built

Here are a few amazing facts which every tire user should know.

Goodyear No-Rim-Cut tires used to cost one-fifth more than other standard tires. And yet they gained the topmost place in Tiredom.

Three things caused this extra price.

In the base of each tire we vulcanize six flat bands of 126 braided wires. It is thus that we make a hookless tire—a tire that can't be rim-cut.

Then every No-Rim-Cut gets the "On-Air Cure." It is final-vulcanized on air bags. This is done to save blow-outs. It adds to our tire cost $1,500 per day.

Then we use in each tread base a patent "rivet" fabric. We paid $50,000 for this feature to prevent tread separation.

Not one of these costly features are used in any other make of tire.

We have clung to small capitalization. On this account we can and do keep our profits under 8½ per cent.

All these savings, as fast as we made them, went to users of our tires.

Note What Our Price Includes

Rival makers must in some way meet the Goodyear price. But please consider what our price includes.

A tire that never rim-cuts.

A tire built to save blow-outs, in a way so costly that no one else employs it.

A tire built in our patent way to prevent tread separation. And built in every other way for longest mileage, regardless of the cost.

Now No Extra Price

Now these same tires, with all of these features, cost you no extra price. Not a standard tire of any type costs you any less.

And these are the reasons:

Our overhead cost, in days of small output, ran as high as thirty per cent.

It is now less than six per cent. Our multiplied output, in this one way, has cut our tire cost twenty-four per cent.

We have built new factories with modern equipment, with every new invention in labor-saving machinery.

That's Why They Outsell

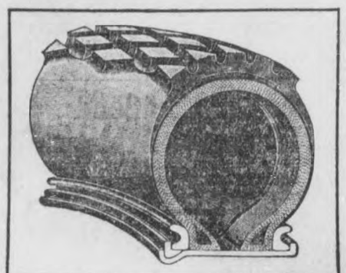
Hundreds of thousands now use these tires. They far outsell any other. Yet the demand from users is now growing faster than ever before in our history.

That's for the reasons told you.

Rim-Cutting alone, with old-type tires, ruins 31.8 per cent—almost one tire in three. Blow-outs and loose treads, which our methods combat, are immensely costly items.

You should get these savings—get them all—when you pay the Goodyear price.

Our dealers are everywhere.



GOODYEAR AKRON, OHIO
No-Rim-Cut Tires
With or Without Non-Skid Treads

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AKRON, OHIO
This Company has no connection whatever with any other rubber concern which uses the Goodyear name.

Atlanta Branch, 223 Peachtree Street
Phone Bell Ivy 915-916. Atlanta 797

Latest Baseball News and Gossip of All the Leagues

SULLIVAN TELLS WHY A.A.U. PUTS BAN ON WOMEN

Athletic Body Objects to Mixed Competitions in Order to Preserve Dignity of Women.

By James E. Sullivan.
Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U. and "Father of Amateur Athletics."

(Mr. Sullivan submitted the following interesting article to The American just before he sailed for Germany last Tuesday. Mr. Sullivan will attend the first convention of the International Athletic Federation at Berlin on August 20-21 as the representative of the United States.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Should women be allowed by the Amateur Athletic Union in open competition against men? is a question attracting a lot of attention in the world of sport at present. From the woman's side of the question the opinion is voiced that to be in keeping with the great strides of women's emancipation the women should be allowed to compete on the same footing as men, especially in aquatic sports and other competitions.

Unfortunately, perhaps, for the feelings of the gay and thoughtless, the A. A. U. looks at the matter from an entirely different angle, and it is as well that the public should know right now that the A. A. U. national body will never permit mixed competitions between men and women in any of the sports it happens to govern.

I may say that this is no mere personal statement. It is the unanimous policy of the national body. I have frequently been criticised on account of my alleged opposition to mixed competition in swimming races, and am sorry to have aroused the ire of the progressive element among the women and the suffragists.

I happen to be secretary-treasurer of the A. A. U., and would remind my critics that the man in such an office is always intrusted with the job of making public the feelings of the governing body; and its domain extends from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific and from Florida to the North Pole.

Against Mixed Competition.

More than once the question of allowing women to register has been discussed, and to the present it has been turned down every time without a dissenting voice. So far as I can see now nothing short of a miracle will ever change the views of the A. A. U. men on the subject of mixed competition.

Of course, a great many will want to know the reason for this stand of the A. A. U. in keeping out the women. There are two reasons. One is to try and preserve the dignity of the American girl and the woman, and the other is to keep amateur sport clear of the demimonde. If we are in the business of developing champion athletes to uphold the American flag in international competition we surely ought to be pardoned for being conservative about our women.

While those old-fashioned men of the A. A. U. like to see the American woman healthy, and in the full enjoyment of sports and pastimes suitable to her sex, they do not want to see a feminine race of Amazons devoid of home ties, and the qualities that create the respect and admiration of men.

The A. A. U. is guided by experiences of the past. Years ago when the long distance walking craze struck New York a great number of women were seized with the fad, especially as it was found to be good for their health and complexions. Numbers of women's walking clubs sprung up, and it was a great thing to see bunches of women hiking along the highways at a brisk clip and at all hours.

Bicycle Craze Expires.

The bicycle craze of a few years ago furnished another illustration of the unsavory element in sport, and they spoiled one of the finest recreations of modern times. At first myriads of decent women enjoyed it until the questionable element swarmed over the roads and drives devoted to cycling. Again the decent women were forced to quit, and with them went their companions—husbands, fathers and brothers.

Now suppose that to-morrow the A. A. U. was to throw down the bars and allow women to register, and that they would have liberty to compete in the track and field games, the swimming, the gymnastics and the tumbling. What would be the consequence? For a while there might be nothing but decent girls among the boys in the swimming tanks and the pools, but after a spell the other element would appear.

What a nice position the decent young girls would find themselves in then, and what a tirade of criticism the A. A. U. would bring forth from the clergy, and from the men and women of the uplift! I wonder if those who are so willing to comment unfavorably on the A. A. U.'s rejection of mixed competition ever looked at the probable situation in this light.

Although the A. A. U. does not countenance mixed competition, its governing members are willing to advocate that women and girls engage in swimming races among themselves. If those among the women who are so anxious for speed conditions can form themselves into an association, then the sport can be made even more popular than if the women were allowed into the A. A. U.

GOOD STILL A MEMBER OF CUBS, SAYS JOHNNY EVERS

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Wilbur Good, the Cub outfielder, is still a member of the West Side club. At least, Manager Evers said so just before the Cubs started for the East. John was greatly surprised when he saw in local papers that Good had been released to Indianapolis. Evers says that there is no chance of Good leaving the Cubs, as he figures that the pinch hitter is fast developing into one of the best outfielders in the business. The Cub manager further stated that if waivers had been asked on Good it was done without his knowledge. Good accompanied the team to Boston.

Giants Again Must Oppose "$100,000 Infield" in World's Series

Athletics' Inner Defense Hailed as Greatest in Baseball History



This is the "$100,000 infield" of the Athletics the Giants must again face in the coming world's series—if the local champions repeat their pennant triumph in the National League and the Athletics recapture the American League flag, which is almost a certainty now. From left to right: Baker, third base; Barry, shortstop; McInnis, first base. Below, Eddie Collins, second base.

Fans Await World-Series Clash

Former Rivals May Meet Again

By Monty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—In view of the fact that the Giants and Athletics are conceded almost universally now as certain to meet in the next world's series, fans are beginning to turn their attention to the question of how the two teams compare with each other. Though nearly two months remain before the clash for the world's championship gets under way, it is the main subject in the minds of the real followers of the game, now that the pennant races have ceased to absorb more than a superficial amount of interest.

The series this year has an extra element of attraction in that old rivals are meeting again, aggregations that met only two years ago. Enough of the 1911 players still remain to make the tilt practically a renewal of the same duel.

* * *

THE majority of baseball men in the country seem to think that the Athletics are the strongest team in the game. There is one sound way of reasoning this out. At the end of last season the Quakers were playing a much better grade of ball than the Red Sox, who won the pennant and whose performance was good enough to beat the Giants. This would prove almost a final argument if the present Giants and present Athletics were identical with the Giants and Athletics of last fall, but they, of course, are not.

The main basis for the superior appraisal of the Philadelphians by the fans, however, is simply that they seem a stronger team, one with greater ability, without bothering to delve into the dope for any more specific reasons. This system, though, is like betting on a race horse because of a "hunch." It is going in blindly. Baseball is a game of such distinct departments of play that they all must be considered separately with one phase of this team compared to the opposite department of the other. For instance, the estimate of the Athletics' batting in the series must be formed at the same time that the Giants' pitching is considered, and vice versa.

* * *

IF such things as base running and fielding were eliminated, the problem would be, "Will the Giants hit the Athletic pitchers harder and more timely than the Athletics hit the Giant pitchers?" Many seem to believe they will not, but this remains to be seen. Both aggregations possess tremendous batting power, with all hands in shape, and both have pitching staffs that can not be called other than great.

In the matter of one team's batting opposed to the other's pitching, a reminiscent light is thrown toward that old foolish puzzle of an irresistible body meeting an immovable one. Nobody can predict with any degree of confidence whether these games will produce the highest scoring on record for a world's series or the lowest. A complete triumph for batting would result in the former and the same for pitching would bring the latter. Or—which is more likely—it may produce about an even break with scores of average size.

* * *

JUST now an attempt might be made to decide the way this unique combat of departments will turn out, but it would be the old blind guess again to a large extent, for many changes may occur in the outlook between now and October. For instance, Jack Coombs may show himself to be back in form and the same old Quaker artist of the mound, or it may turn out that his sickness and consequent long lay-off have impaired his efficiency badly. Mathewson may be lost to the Giants through injury. Home Run Frank Baker may sprain his ankle and Larry Doyle may or may not recover his batting eye. Any one of these things could have a telling effect. Therefore, it is wise to lay low and wait until October before making any bold predictions.

Red Sox May Send Yerkes to Athletics

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Steve Yerkes, who for the last few years has been the star second baseman of the world's champion Boston Red Sox, will probably wear an Athletic uniform in the near future, as waivers have been asked on him.

Connie Mack refused to waive claim on the former brilliant second baseman, and the chances are that he will be sent to Philadelphia in the near future.

Yerkes first learned to play baseball on the lots at Millville, N. J., and reached the height of his baseball career in the world's series with the New York Giants when he played an important part in the notable victories of the Boston Red Sox.

He proved far superior to Doyle, the Giants' second baseman, in that series, hitting the ball hard and timely and fielding in sensational style.

WOLVERINES PICK LUNDGREN.

ANN ARBOR, MICH., Aug. 16.—Carl L. Lundgren, former twirler on the Chicago team and once a University of Illinois star, has been chosen as coach of the Michigan baseball team to succeed Branch Rickey, who recently resigned. Lundgren pitched four years at Illinois and then joined the Chicago club in 1902, where he remained seven years, being a member of two world's championship nines.

20,000 Boy Athletes In Playground Meet

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The most elaborate playground field day ever held in New York city will take place at Empire City Park, Yonkers, N. Y., on August 20. The meet is made possible by the courtesy of the officials of the Greater New York Fair and Exposition and the sanction of the A. A. U., and will be under the direction of the Bureau of Recreation, Department of Parks.

Twenty thousand boys are now in training for the fifteen events to be contested at their first interpark-playground athletic championship of Greater New York.

This invitation meet is the greatest incentive offered the boys to join the athletic clubs at the park playgrounds. No expense of any kind will be incurred; even transportation will be afforded the boys.

SOUTHERN BOY IS AFTER MATCH WITH KILBANE

CLEVELAND, Aug. 16.—George Chaney, featherweight champion of the South, may yet have a fling at Johnny Kilbane. Chaney claims 100 victories. He has beaten Al Delmont, George Kirkwood and Ty Cobb and has stopped Phil McGovern.

When one stops to consider, there is hardly a featherweight in the game who could give Kilbane a battle, unless it be Kid Julian. But there are a few comers, among them Matty McCue, of Racine, whose loss to Patsy Branningan will not put him out of his stride.

Tommy Leach in Same Class as Wagner, Lajoie and Mathewson

A good bit has been spoken and written about the wonderful way Wagner, Lajoie and others are hanging on, despite their duration of service. But in this respect we know of no one who can push through and edge by Tommy Leach. Tommy has been reported all in for several seasons, and yet to-day he is still playing fine ball in every department with his old speed intact. They crowded him away from third, where he ruled for over twelve years, and now he is starring at another job on a par with almost any in the game. In the salvos of applause that are scattered about, Leach deserves enough to rock the stands.

MORAN GETS BOUT WITH PALZER IN NEW YORK RING

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—That Jimmy Johnston, the new manager of the St. Nicholas A. C., only intends to provide top notch cards for his patrons is inferred by the matches he has already arranged. Johnston realizes that it is only from the high class bouts he can hope to make any money, and he only intends to run shows when he has such to offer.

The bouts already arranged by Johnston for the near future look to be about the best obtainable. On September 10 Jack Britton, the unusually clever Chicagoan, will hook up with Young Shugrue, the aggressive boy from Jersey City. They'll clash at 133 pounds, weigh in at 10 o'clock on the night of the bout.

Another card clinched will bring together Al Palzer, the tenacious Iowan, and Frank Moran, the Pittsburger, who made such a great battle against long odds when he met the late Luther McCarty in this city. Moran and Palzer will clash either on August 20 or 27, the date to be selected later by Dan McKetrick and Tom O'Rourke, the respective managers of the two heavyweights.

Ritchie Open to Harsh Criticism

Willie Ignores Murphy and Ad

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Every once in a while the thoughtful critic informs us that boxing is in a chaotic condition.

It occurs to the writer that remarks of that character would be particularly apropos just now. As I understand it, chaos reigns when you can not figure out just what is going to happen, and it seems to me that to attempt to peer into the pugilistic future at this juncture would be to invite vertigo, or at any rate headache.

In some of the weight classes there is actual stagnation, while in others confusion reigns. True, Willie Ritchie, who won the lightweight title through a foul, and Arthur Pelky, who became white heavyweight champion through a fatality are going to risk their laurels in September, but it is doubtful if either of the events referred to rises to the dignity of a championship battle in the eyes of the American sporting public.

Of course, if one argues by the book—and in cases of this kind the record book should be the basis of all discussion—Freddie Welsh has every right to aspire to a crack at the championship. He is England's premier lightweight and he won from Ritchie once before.

Murphy Entitled to Chance.

But Freddie has been a long time in the lists and in this country there are other lads who are thought to have a better claim to the consideration. Tommy Murphy, the Harlem spitfire, for instance, is looked upon as Ritchie's logical opponent, and the coast sports fondly hoped to see Ritchie and Murphy signed for a clash on Labor Day.

On the plea that better inducements were forthcoming, Ritchie has decided to take his dolls to Vancouver, B. C., on September 1 and tackle Welsh in a 20-round contest.

In the consciousness that he is doing exactly what is sportsmanlike and fair, Ritchie seems to defy criticism. But, like all champions before him, he has enemies and detractors. He is sure to be dealt harshly with by these, and unless i miss my guess his motives also will be questioned by numbers of fight fans who view these matters dispassionately.

Willie Also Ignores Ad.

Coming right at this time, some of these things told by Billy Nolan after he ceased to manage Ritchie will carry weight. Nolan said that before Ritchie returned to the ring he planned to meet just three men, to-wit: Rivers, Freddie Welsh and Leach Cross. Ritchie by his actions is bearing out Nolan's words, but public opinion can whip any champion into line, and Ritchie will have a hard time trying to withstand the lances of criticism that will be leveled at him if he refuses to recognize the claims of Tommy Murphy and Ad Wolgast later along.

Of course, if Ritchie is defeated by Freddie Welsh, he would be allowed to go on his way in peace, but somehow the far Western sports appear to think that a contingency of that kind is not on the cards.

Pelky vs. Miller.

Late in September Arthur Pelky and Big Charlie Miller are to box in Los Angeles. As Pelky under existing heavyweight conditions has the best right to call himself white heavyweight champion, the match will of necessity be for the championship But why could not Pelky be signed with some hope who is better known to fame.

If there is such a thing as pugilistic code, Miller is the last man in the world who should have been selected as a champion candidate. At the same time, if Arthur has picked Miller in the belief that a man with such a meager record must necessarily be easy, he will find himself mistaken. Miller is a man of much displacement and he is as strong as an elephant and can sop up punishment as a sponge absorbs water.

And if Miller should win—well, chaos would not begin to describe the situation.

In the smaller classes of pugilism there is a marked degree of inaction.

Whenever any violent action talk is indulged in in Bantam Champion Johny Coulon's presence, the news goes out that Johny is the next thing to a confirmed invalid and that his doctor has warned him to avoid anything calculated to excite him.

It would seem that the only way to keep Johny Coulon in good humor would be to crown him perpetual king of the knights and make it a felony to challenge him. It may be that this is of course sarcasm, but in view of the many times Johnny's small ailments have prevented him defending his title, I think it warranted

No Welters in Sight.

Welterweights there appear to be none. Mike Gibbons and Jimmy Clabby, who could fill welter requirements, are eager to be known as middleweights.

For some time the middleweight division has been all head and points, but now that there has been an infusion of new blood, the spirit of rivalry and competition may be revived.

Maybe Frank Klaus will stay away from Paris long enough to take a hand in clearing up the championship question, provided he can make the weight.

Let us hope that in some of the classes events will so shape themselves that here will soon be a deciding match in prospect—one that will have the earmarks of a genuine world's championship and appeal to the sports generally as such.

NEW WHITE HOPE SOUGHT AMONG BRITISH HEAVIES

Failure of Wells Has Brought About a Change, and Dick Smith Is New Entrant.

By T. S. Andrews.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—Since the defeat of Bombardier Wells, the heavyweight champion of Great Britain, by Gunboat Smith in New York, the Britishers have been casting about for another "white hope," one who will be able to "stand the gaff" and weather the storm when it comes to body punishment; and from information at hand they have unearthed another "hope" in the person of Dick Smith, the amateur champion of England.

Dick has decided to throw in his lot with the professionals. Born 27 years ago, Smith possesses all the necessary qualifications for a "white hope," and may go further than some of the blasted hopes. He stands 6 feet 1 1-2 inches, weighs about 190 pounds, and has a very satisfactory record. Of his 49 contests he has won 45, lost 3 and drawn 1.

Formerly a soldier, he followed Bombardier Wells as champion of India. As an amateur boxer he has done remarkably well, having won the championship of Great Britain in 1911-12-13, while a member of the London police force.

Will Not Tackle Wells First.

He probably will not take on Bombardier Wells and Georges Carpentier for his intial efforts as a professional, but one of the lesser lights. Professional and amateur boxing are vastly different things on the other side of the Atlantic, as many amateurs have found on taking the plunge into the professional waters.

The referees view things from an entirely different standpoint, and a 20-round contest with three-minute rounds under professional rules takes a bit of negotiating. Under amateur laws boxing contests are not allowed of longer duration than six rounds of two minutes each, but for the championships and most interclub competitions, the bouts are limited to three rounds.

Amateur Referees Strict.

Amateur referees are very strict in upholding the rules of the game, and some of their antics would not be tolerated by professionals for one minute. Clinching is barred and a boxer is liable to be disqualified for a second offense after having been once cautioned. Then, again, amateurs are forbidden to receive any advice during the progress of a bout, and any instructions that the second may have for his boy has to wait until the round ends. Under amateur rules boxing is kept very clean, which is more than can be said for professions.

Therefore the entry of Dick Smith (namesake of Gunboat) will be watched with interest, even by followers on this side of the big pond.

JOHNSON HELPS SICK YOUTH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—A baseball and an autograph letter from Walter Johnson, Washington's premier pitcher, did more than medicine could do to bring about the rapid convalescence of Warren A. Slee, a youthful admirer of the big ball tosser. Johnson, whose numerous admirers include scores of youthful fars who idolize the pitcher, heard of the serious illness of the boy and wrote to him, sending a baseball he had used in pitching the Washington team to victory. The boy's recovery since receiving the letter has progressed rapidly.

RED SOX GET OUTFIELDER.

BOSTON, MASS., Aug. 16.—The Boston American League team announced yesterday the purchase of Outfielder Walsh from the Worcester team of the New England League.

WAR DECLARED BY P. A. A. OVER 1915 FAIR PLUM

James E. Sullivan's Reported Action in Naming T. S. Mulvey as Aide Causes Strife.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 11. There is a flurry among the officials of the Pacific Athletic Association and in amateur athletic circles generally over the allegation that James E. Sullivan, director general of the amateur games to be held here during the Panama-Pacific Exposition, has appointed Thomas S. Mulvey, the well-known San Francisco clubman, his principal aide in connection with the handling of the exposition sports.

A few days ago Mulvey received a telegram from Sullivan, who was then on the point of departure to Berlin to attend a conference of the Olympiad committee.

In his telegram Sullivan said he would be back in New York early in September, and that it would be necessary for Mulvey to come to New York at that time to aid in interesting the athletic fraternities there in the games to be held in this city in 1915.

Elliott Issues Statement.

While the telegram intimated that Mulvey was appointed the head of the San Francisco committee on games, no reference was made to any other appointments of local men in the same connection.

The Pacific Association of the Amateur Athletic Association took umbrage at this indication of Mulvey's appointment, and John Elliott, president of the association, issued a statement yesterday in which he said that the selection of Mulvey to the post did not meet with the sanction of the association.

Elliott pointed out that the Pacific Association had given valuable assistance to the exposition officials in securing sanctions for American championships to be held here in 1915. He declared that Mulvey had no knowledge of or affiliation with amateur sports, and intimated that Mulvey's appointment would cause the association to refrain from using its endeavors toward making the 1915 games the success they should be.

Mulvey Has No News.

While Elliott did not say so, it is evident that he and his associates expected Sullivan to depend upon the local athletic body for whatever assistance he required.

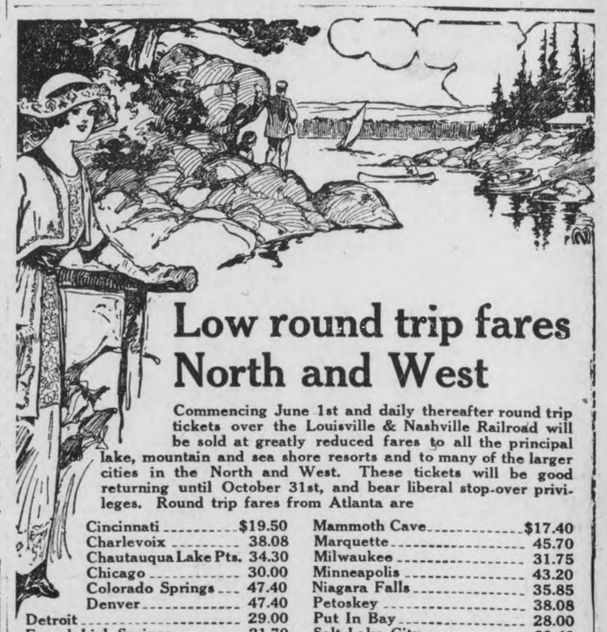
The Panama Exposition officials stated emphatically that no appointment such as the Pacific Association complained of had been made, nor had any such appointment been authorized by the exposition directorate, which, of course, is the last word in all matters of this kind.

Under these circumstances it is believed that the Pacific Association will take no precipitate action until a clearer understanding is had as to just what honor Sullivan intended to confer upon Mulvey. As Sullivan is on the high seas, it would be some little time before he could be heard from.

Mulvey said yesterday that he had no news regarding his appointment other than was conveyed in the Sullivan telegram. He said he intended going East, but will wait to hear further before making the trip.

M'FARLAND IS GETTING READY FOR BUSY CAMPAIGN

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Packey McFarland is getting himself ready for the ring again. While no matches have been closed as yet by Manager Thiry, the latter is negotiating with Milwaukee, Kenosha and several Eastern clubs. Once Packey is back in action his matches will come fast, his style and rep being favored all over. Jimmy Coffroth would like McFarland out West with Tommy Murphy.



Low round trip fares North and West

Commencing June 1st and daily thereafter round trip tickets over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will be sold at greatly reduced fares to all the principal lake, mountain and sea shore resorts and to many of the larger cities in the North and West. These tickets will be good returning until October 31st, and bear liberal stop-over privileges. Round trip fares from Atlanta are

Cincinnati	$19.50	Mammoth Cave	$17.40
Charlevoix	38.08	Marquette	45.70
Chautauqua Lake Pts.	34.30	Milwaukee	31.75
Chicago	30.00	Minneapolis	43.20
Colorado Springs	47.40	Niagara Falls	35.85
Denver	47.40	Petoskey	38.08
Detroit	29.00	Put In Bay	28.00
French Lick Springs	21.70	Salt Lake City	60.40
Indianapolis	22.80	St. Louis	25.60
Louisville	18.00	Toronto	38.20
Mackinac Island	39.50	Yellowstone Park	67.60

These are but a few of the points. There are a great many others and we will be pleased to give full information upon application. Proportionately low fares from other points in Georgia.

L&N

Let Us Arrange Your Vacation Trip
CITY TICKET OFFICE
4 Peachtree St. PHONES { Atlanta 178 / Bell - 1088 ATLANTA

MONEY
LOANED TO SALARIED MEN AT LAWFUL RATES
ON PROMISSORY NOTES
Without Endorsement
Without Collateral Security
Without Real Estate Security
NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO.
1211-12 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

Latest Stories From Tennis Courts and Golf Courses

HOME RUN GAVE H. WAGNER REAL START IN GAME

Big Dutchman Has the Most Interesting Career of All the Baseball Stars.

HANS WAGNER, the hero of all baseball heroes, has had an interesting career. Wagner, the big German, was born in what is now Carnegie, Pa., on February 27, 1874. His father, who is still living, was a coal miner in those days, and he decided that John P. should help him in his work. So Honus was packed off to the mines to help dad every day. Hans was not lazy, but he didn't like the black darkness of the earth's interior, and many a warning he received for playing hookey from the bituminous section and scampering off for a game of baseball with other kids of the neighborhood.

A correspondent recently approached the big fellow and asked him to tell how he came to break into baseball. Honus pondered a moment, and then spun the following yarn about his early experience:

* * *

"I BROKE into baseball by posing as my brother Al. We were playing ball around home. Al received an offer from Canton, Ohio, before he was offered a place with the Mansfield, Ohio, club, in the same league. The day he got the second offer he turned to me and told me to go to Mansfield. I got there early in the afternoon, and a man named Taylor recognized me. He had seen me play. The club was hard put for a third baseman, however, and Taylor decided to take a chance with me.

"It so happened that Mansfield played Canton that day. My brother was in the line-up of the Canton team, and the pitcher, 'Toots' Barret, was also from Carnegie, or Mansfield, as it was called in those days. They regarded me as pretty much of a kid, and when Canton got away to a good lead early in the game Barret let up in his pitching when I went to bat. He want to see me make good and figured that a couple of hits more or less would not affect his rating any. I made a couple of hits in this way, and then came the ninth inning. Never will I forget it. Mansfield was three runs to the bad when we went to bat. They needed four to win. We filled the bases and it was my turn to bat.

* * *

"TAYLOR was not wise to the fact that Barrett had been easing up when I had been at bat before and made a couple of hits, or he might have sent in a pinch hitter. He let me stick. With the bases full, Barrett meant to strike me out. It was too ticklish a time for monkey business. He shoved across a fast one and I knocked it over the fence for a home run and won the game. It was just a case of the luck of things. That's always the way. If the pitcher is lucky he gets you. If you're lucky you get him."

Wagner then explained that he went to Adrian, Mich., where the club was owned by a son of the Taylor who ran the Mansfield (Ohio) club. He went there as infielder and captain. Honus got homesick after a few months and quit the club, going to Warren in the Iron and Oil League. Toward the close of the season he joined the Steubenville club of the Interstate League. That was in 1895.

* * *

"I WENT there as a sort of all-around player," said Wagner. "I pitched for a while. I was so wild that I used to walk half the batters and strike out the other half. I had terrific speed and it was hard to get a catcher who could hold me. They borrowed Pete Lavelle from the Pittsburg Nationals to catch me in a couple of games, thinking it would steady me. As a pitcher I was a failure. However, while in the games as a twirler I banged a couple of hits over the fence and they made me an outfielder, putting me in the middle garden.

"The following spring the Pittsburg club signed me, and W. W. Kerr, who then owned the Pirates, wanted to farm me out to Kansas City, but I insisted that it was too far from home, so he sent me to Paterson, N. J., in the Atlantic League. I played with Paterson all of that year and until June 29, 1897, when the Louisville club, then owned by Barney Dreyfuss, my present employer, bought my release. The Colonels were managed by Fred Clarke, and the secretary of the club was the late Harry C. Pulliam, later secretary of the Pirates, and still later president of the National League. Harry was one of the best friends I ever had."

NAPS ARE AFTER THREE PLAYERS FROM MUD HENS

TOLEDO, OHIO, Aug. 16.—Vice President Barnard, of the Naps, came to Toledo yesterday to look over possible purchases for the Naps. It is thought that Pitcher Lefty James, Shortstop Brady and First Baseman Bluhm may be sold to the Cleveland club.

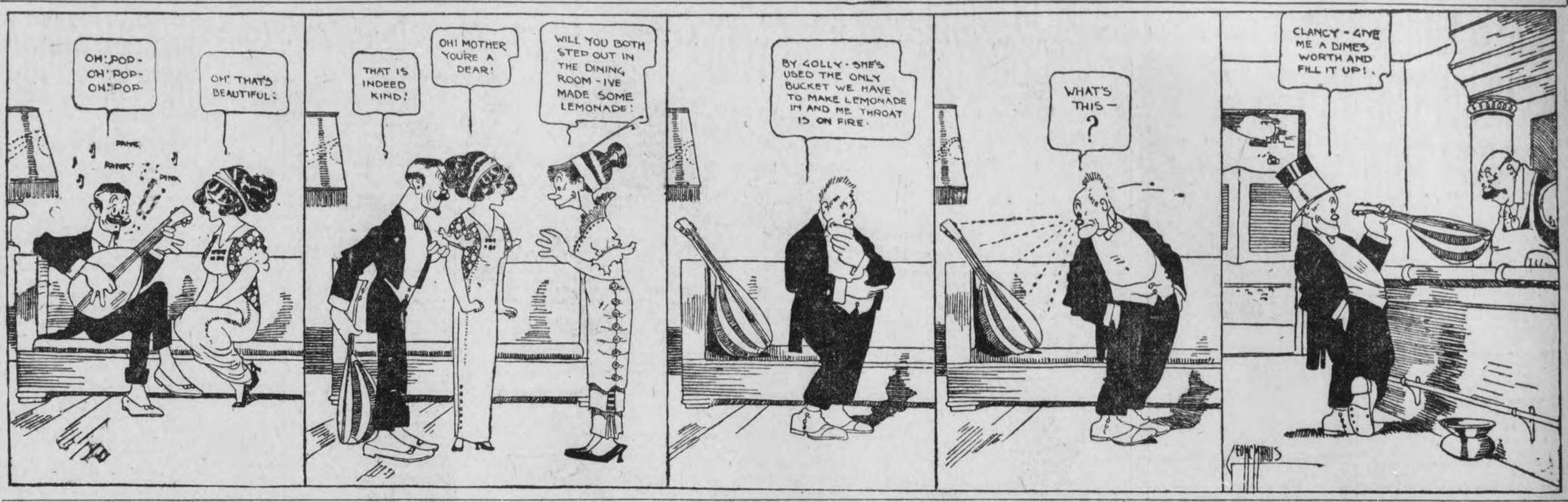
James may be the only player to report to the Naps before the A. A. season closes. In return for him the Hens expect a good southpaw from the Naps. Toledo will recall Pitchers Leak and Myers from Charleston, W. Va.; Pitcher Williams and Catcher Brady from Waterbury.

Nash, who has been playing a whirlwind game at short for the latter club, and is hitting at a .360 clip, and on whom Toledo has a string, will quit baseball at the close of the season to go into politics. He is now running for Assemblyman in his home town.

CUBS NOT AFTER DENVER MEN.

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Officials of the Chicago Nationals denied today that the visit of President McGill and Manager Hendricks, of the Denver Western League club, here was made in connection with a deal for players. The Denver men, according to President O'Neill, of the Western League, came to discuss general matters and the annual draft, which takes place this month.

Bringing Up Father — By George McManus



PUNCH COUNTS IN THE VARIOUS LINES OF SPORT

McLoughlin Possesses Punch in Tennis; So Have American Poloists and Boxers.

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—A magazine man of my acquaintance told me that one of his short stories was returned to him with the criticism that it lacked "the punch."

This goes to show that "the punch" counts in fiction as well as in real life.

An Englishman wrote to one of the London papers the other day, complaining that Maurice E. McLoughlin had introduced the punch into lawn tennis. The smashing service which McLoughlin has perfected was characterized as a trick, but a legitimate trick at that.

The Englishman referred to said that if methods like McLoughlin's are countenanced "lawn tennis is within measurable distance of death."

It was the plaint of a man who is used to old ideals. He has watched the rhythmic, lobbing game for years, and got it into his blood that that is the only way to play tennis.

But perhaps the outlook is not as gloomy as he pictures it. His countrymen may adopt McLoughlin's trick and try to improve on it.

Even lawn tennis must change in character when the punch comes along.

* * *

ANOTHER Englishman discusses a form of sport into which the punch enters with broader view. He wrote to The Times asking how it is that English boxers are more easily knocked out than American ringmen.

Then he attempts to furnish the explanation. Beginning with the question of physique, he satisfies himself that while Americans are slightly sturdier than latter-day Britons, the answer is not found in that. He believes that it all rests in what he considers a false conception of the manner in which pugilists should be schooled.

English lads, he says, are required to conform to old standards of boxing. It would be quite different, he thinks, if academic notions were sacrificed to personal initiative, for, while learning to spar on the "one, two, three" principle, a British student loses his punch and never recovers it.

* * *

In America, he says, it is different. It is by setting in his own particular fashion with various kinds of opponents, rather than by following the rules laid down in some pugilistic primer, that a young American develops an effective individual style; that with those who learn boxing naturally—that is from experience—the acquisition of the punch is not only the first consideration, but a matter that takes care of itself as the student's knowledge widens.

This Englishman, it is noticed, does not take the stand that because English pugilists are deficient in smiting force boxing "is within measurable distance of death."

He says frankly that English methods are wrong and intimates that there would be wisdom in taking a leaf out of America's book.

* * *

THE punch was in evidence again when the American polo players took the Britishers by storm at Meadowbrook recently. The judgment of the expert was that the visiting Britishers comprised the flower of the polo world. They brought their own ponies with them, and their seeming superiority influenced the betting market to the extent that they were made odds-on favorites.

From all accounts the Americans went at them like Japanese at a Russian fort. The visitors were just loaded to the Plimsoll mark with knowledge of "how to play polo," but the punch upset them. All the King's horses and all the King's men could not withstand the onslaught of the Americans and the cup remained on this side.

Maiden Turned in Great Card Didn't Make a Single "Five"

By Tich Tichenor.

WHEN H. H. Barker did a 69 over the course of the Atlanta Athletic Club in the open tournament held in December, 1910, it was the opinion of all of the professionals who were present that he had set a record which would stand for some years. In this opinion they have thus far been correct. Yet on two different occasions Stewart Maiden, the local professional, has had a chance to break it if he could have holed out in one put on the eighteenth green, while at another time he reached the last green on his sixty-sixth shot. He tried to hole the put for a 67 and ran past the hole and then missed a comparatively easy one for the record.

In one of his rounds which tied the record Maiden performed the feat which might be equaled but which can not be excelled when he went around without a five upon his card. If you are familiar with the East Lake course the more you think of this performance the more wonderful it becomes.

On the outward journey there are the second, the seventh and eighth holes, which are all par fives, while it is easy enough to take a five at either the fourth or ninth, both of which are bogey five. In coming home there are the twelfth, sixteenth and eighteenth, which are par fives, while the fifteenth and seventeenth are hard fours. Yet not a five did he have at any of these holes. At every hole he took a four except at the fifth, fourteenth and fifteenth where he secured threes. Just think of it, fifteen fours and three threes and neither of the threes gotten at the first or third holes, where he would be expected to get a three.

I don't know how this score will appeal to others, but the more I play around East Lake and labor to keep out the sixes and sevens, the more remarkable this score becomes. To be perfectly frank, I do not recall but one round I have ever played around this course in which my card did not register at least one six. George Adair has had the same experience, except he has two such rounds to his credit.

* * *

DURING the early part of June Maiden took a trip to his home in Scotland and while on this visit entered the British open championship. In this event there were 270 entries. These were divided into squads of 90 players each, who played a 36-hole medal play qualifying round, and the lowest twenty in each squad qualified for the championship, which was 72 holes of medal play.

Maiden landed on Tuesday and had only one day to learn the course and to become accustomed to the vast difference in the greens from those he has played upon since he has been in Atlanta, as he was drawn among the players who had to play on Thursday. In this qualifying round he failed to get in by two strokes which he says was due entirely to his putting, which was very bad.

* * *

IN writing of this tournament, the British correspondent of The American Golfer says: "For most of the day the weather was very bad, indeed. When play began at 9 o'clock, the wind was very strong and rain was pouring down, while late in the afternoon it was worse. In such circumstances the peculiar difficulties of Hoylake were well brought out, and the foreign visitors had an unenviable task before them. The first of the Americans to go out was Stewart Maiden, of Atlanta, who was partnered with J. Higgins, of Walsall, and this pair was second on the list, striking off at five minutes past 9. Maiden opened with a nice four at the dog-leg hole, with which the round begins, and after dropping a stroke at the second, went along steadily to the sixth, the famous Briars, and the hole which caused more disaster than any other on this course (it was once halved in nine in the final of the amateur championship), and here he took a six.

"However, at the difficult short hole that follows he got a splendid two, but another six was added at the eighth, and he turned in 40. He came home fairly well, but lost a stroke at the short blind Alps, being the eleventh, and two very valuable ones at the home hole, making his round in 82. In his second round in the afternoon he had a bad seven at the third hole, which is a long one and straight, but very narrow in the fairway, with ditches on either side, and another six was added at the Briars, so that by the time he got to the turn he had used up 43 strokes. He came home really fine in 36, almost the only blemish on his card being the five at the eighteenth, and that was very excusable."

His second round was 79.

* * *

HIS scores were as follows:

Out.	Dist.	1st.	2d.
Holes.			
1	420	4	4
2	330	5	4
3	490	5	7
4	155	3	2
5	410	5	5
6	365	6	6
7	200	2	4
8	460	6	5
9	380	4	5
Out	3210	40	43
In.	**Dist.**	**1st.**	**2d.**
Holes.			
10	400	5	4
11	190	4	3
12	355	4	3
13	130	3	3
14	485	5	4
15	440	5	5
16	510	5	5
17	360	5	4
18	40	6	5
In	3270	42	36

Total for 36 holes, 161.

Maiden's 36 for the last nine made in his second round was the best done on this nine holes on the first day of the elimination rounds.

It was on this first day that George Duncan, who was the favorite to win the tournament, was unable to fight against the weather conditions and failed to qualify by four strokes. This was also the round which eliminated Alex Smith, Mike Brady and Alex Campbell, of the American team.

It was a strange coincidence that five of the six American entries should be drawn in the first squad of 90 to fight it out against each other as well as all of the others to get into the tournament.

JAKE STAHL DENIES HE IS TO SUCCEED CALLAHAN

GLOUCESTER, Aug. 16.—The rumor that Jake Stahl was to be given the position as manager of the Chicago White Sox and that Jimmy Callahan, the present head of the team, was to be deposed is entirely without foundation, according to Stahl, who was interviewed at Annisquam yesterday afternoon.

"No," said Stahl, "I have no knowledge of my being picked for the position of manager, and I had not even heard the rumor until you told me just now. Rumors put me out of a job. I guess that is all this talk is, rumor. Those things hurt the club considerably and it keeps the fellows guessing as to the exact truth of the matter. You can say for me that it is a rumor pure and simple and one without the least foundation."

When asked if he would accept the position if it were offered him, Stahl declined to answer.

BOSTON BUYS NEW PLAYER.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—President McAleer, of the Boston American League club, announced to-day that he has purchased First Baseman Mundy from the Portsmouth club of the Virginia State League.

GOV. TENER FINDS JOB FOR A BASEBALL MATE

HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Governor John K. Tener has given a substantial reward to a comrade of his old baseball days, when he appointed George Wood, once a member of the Philadelphia National League team, and a mighty outfielder and hitter, to a good State position. Governor Tener and Wood have been friends ever since their ball-playing days.

About two years ago the Governor found Wood serving as a ticket taker at the American League park in Philadelphia and told him he would try and find him a better job.

Soon afterward Wood was made messenger in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Later he was promoted to a clerkship in the same office. Now he is marshal of the new Public Service Commission, with a salary of $2,000 a year.

W.-I. DROPS TWO UMPIRES.

GREEN BAY, WIS., Aug. 16.—President Weeks, of the Wisconsin-Illinois League, announced yesterday he had dropped Umpires Roth and McFarlane. George Hogreiver was given a regular place on the staff.

ATHLETES ARE IMPROVING IN BRITISH ISLES

European Track and Field Stars Gradually Approaching Americans; 17,000 Saw Games.

THE fact that the United States and English track and field championships were held upon the same day makes a comparison of the work of the native athletes and their visiting competitors of more than usual interest. England's A. A. A. games were held on the famous oval at Stamford Bridge, London, while the United States championships were being contested at Chicago.

Some 17,000 spectators watched the English and Swedish athletes battle for honors in a drizzle, while about half that number sweltered in a temperature close to 100, while American titles were won on a track and in a field which failed to elicit any praise from the competitors. Although conditions as reported from both athletic fields were against record-breaking performances, a remarkable improvement was shown in the general all-round work of the English and Swedish athletes, indicating that the lessons learned in the recent Olympic games have not been forgotten.

* * *

THE English program consisted of fourteen events, of which English athletes won nine and Sweden's representatives five. Four A. A. A. records were established, two by the Swedes and two by English contenders. The United States schedule contained eighteen contests, in which two new "games" records were made, one by an American-born and another by an Irish athlete.

A comparison of the programs of the two meets shows that eleven similar events appeared on both, and with these as a basis a comparing of records proves that times of distances were better at Stamford Bridge in six of the eleven competitions. To what extent local conditions affected these figures there is no way of knowing. The comparison is made simply to show that the oft-repeated statements that European athletics are gradually approaching American standards are not based on idle observation.

* * *

BEGINNING with the 100, 200 and 440-yard runs, England showed a winner in the first two events in the person of W. R. Applegarth, who won in 10 and 21 2-3 seconds, respectively, against Sprinter Drew's times of 10 2-5 and 22 4-5 seconds at Chicago. Haff, the Chicago A. A. and Michigan flyer, won the 440 yards in 51 1-5, while G. Nichol did 49 2-5 at London.

In both the mile and one-half mile runs the United States figures were better. Baker, the New York A. C. runner, captured the 880 in 2 minutes and 1-5 second. E. Wide, of Sweden, winner in England, was two-fifths of a second slower. Norman Tabor won the mile at Chicago in 4:20 2-5, while Zander, of the Swedish team, required 4:25 4-5 to take the English title. In the running broad jump Abrahams cleared 22 feet 6 inches at the A. A. A. games, while Stiles, the winner at Chicago, did 22 feet 3-4 inch.

* * *

THE running high jump showed that Richards, the Olympic champion, had but three-eighths of an inch advantage over Baker, England's champion, who jumped 6 feet 1 inch. Nilsson, the Swedish shotputter, pushed the weight out 47 feet 4 1-4 inches, against American Champion Whitney's 46 feet 2 5-6 inches. In the pole vault and hammer throw the American figures were far superior to those made at Stamford Bridge.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER Relieved in 24 Hours
Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
Beware of counterfeits

MANAGER OUT FOR SEASON.

CHAMPAIGN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Fred Wilson, manager of the Champaign baseball team, is out of the game for the rest of the season with a broken shoulder blade, received while sliding to base. Charles Fleming has succeeded him.

KEWANEE SIGNS CALHOUN.

KEWANEE, ILL., Aug. 16.—Outfielder Calhoun, of Danville, was signed yesterday by the Kewanee Central Association team.

NEW HURLER FOR GRIFFITH.

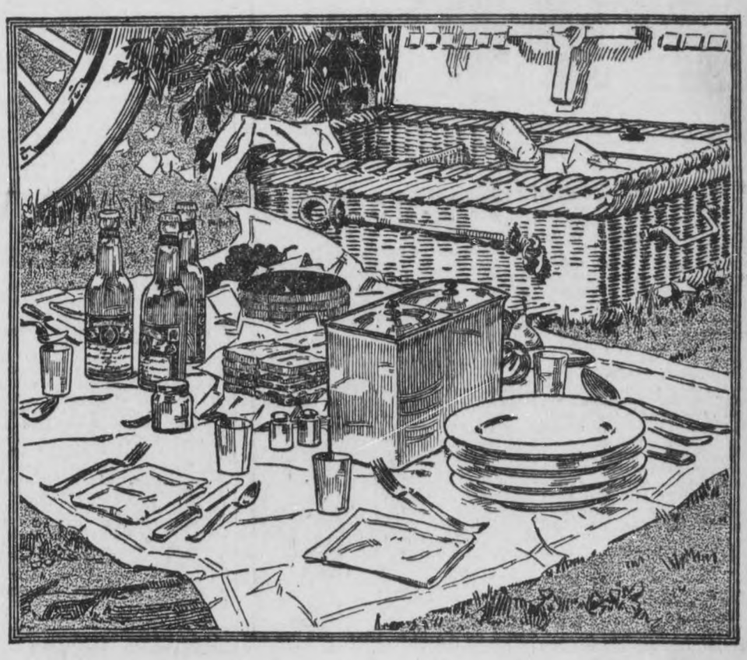
HELENA, MONT., Aug. 16.—Manager Flannery, of the Helena baseball club, announced yesterday the sale of Pitcher M. Williams to the Washington Americans. The price stated was $3,000.

DETROIT BUYS TWO PLAYERS.

FORT WAYNE, IND., Aug. 16.—Infielder Fadrique and Outfielder Tuetweiler, of the Fort Wayne club, have been sold to the Detroit Americans and will finish the season with Providence.

GOTCH BUYS 920 ACRES.

CROOKSTON, MINN., Aug. 16.—Frank A. Gotch, of Humboldt, Iowa, the champion wrestler, closed a deal yesterday which makes him the owner of 920 acres of land in Polk County, south of Crookston. He secured some very fine land, and it is understood that he will at once begin the development of a model farm and spend a portion of his time here. Gotch intends starting a thoroughbred herd and raising prize-winning stock.



THE *cool* lunch for *hot days.*
Serve it in the country. Take the motor car, the family, a friend or two, some sandwiches—and

Budweiser

7,500 Employes to Make It

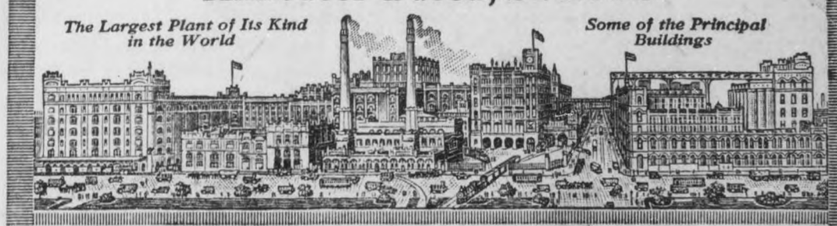
The Anheuser-Busch main plant and branches give employment to 7,500 people.

The main plant covers 142 acres, equal to 70 city blocks. There are 110 separate buildings, a city in themselves.

Hundreds of visitors every day go through with guides to inspect this immaculate institution.

One cannot see it without the conviction that quality is an Anheuser-Busch rule.

Anheuser-Busch, St. Louis



JAS. F. LYNCH
Distributor ATLANTA, GA.

(5)

WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

ATLANTA HAS NEW FRIENDS AS RESULT OF CONVENTION

Many Attracted to City Who Never Came Before, but Who Now Will Make Semi-Annual Trips and Become Regular Customers.

Attendance Surpasses All Expectations, as Does the Volume of Business Transacted as Direct Result of the Fine Gathering.

The Southern Merchants' Convention is over.

With a theater party at the Forsyth Monday night, a barbecue Wednesday, and the Atlanta-Chattanooga ball game Friday, the visiting delegates enjoyed the second week of their stay, and the Atlanta merchants who pushed the convention to success believe they have made enduring friends of their guests, friends who will come again in February and every half year after that.

The purpose of the convention was twofold. First, the retail dealers from all over the South were given an opportunity to meet and discuss the problems which confront them in the everyday conduct of their business. Second, every effort was made to emphasize Atlanta's advantages as a buying center for all the South.

Both Objects Achieved.

Both these objects were achieved. The speeches during the first week of the convention threw valuable help in the way of those who found perplexities in buying, selling, management of stores, credits, or any of the multitudinous things which go to make up a merchant's work.

It is a good thing that the proceedings are to be published. All of the speeches are well worthy of preservation for future reference. Some of the speakers gave plain talks, just the simple, practical expression of what they had learned through years of experience.

Others spoke with scholarly finish—their speeches really were erudite, of studied completeness and finish. Still others were inspirational—they pointed out the intellectual and spiritual significance of the merchant's work. They made him feel that his is a noble calling, that the great prizes of the world are for the business man.

New Friends Made.

From the other point of view, the results attained were no less notable. Hundreds of buyers came to Atlanta who never had been here before, and who would not have come this time had it not been for the convention.

To them the completeness, the cheapness, the quality and the diversity of things sold by Atlanta manufacturers and jobbers must have been a revelation—indeed, they so expressed themselves.

Some of them bought big bills. Every large jobbing house reports a splendid fall trade. The crop prospects are such as to make everyone optimistic. There will be a good demand for merchandise in the fall, and the buyers prepared to meet it.

There were others who did not buy so much. They are just as welcome, for the Atlantans feels that their goods, their prices and their service are right, and that every customer who buys here once will come again.

New Associations.

A noteworthy result of the meeting was the organization of a permanent body—the Southern States Merchants' Association, headed by J. W. Vaughn, of Carnesville, Ga.

This it is hoped, will bring very tangible benefits to the retailers of the South in general. It may prove to be the parent of scores of local organizations, which can do worlds of good in watching credits, preventing price-slashing and equalizing freight rates.

Notions Novelties in Demand From Buyers

Americans Tire Quickly of Any One Style, as Compared to Stability in Europe.

Buyers are very anxious for novelties this season, and it is constantly shown how quickly Americans tire of a given style. In England, France and Germany certain classes of merchandise move about the same year after year, but here we get new things continually. This has its advantages, however, because it stimulates business and there are new interests arising all the time.

Fall business in fancy goods and notions has opened well.

Styles this season are radically new, and leather hand bags with deep pockets and vanity accessories, as well as the beaded varieties in high colors, are especially strong. Tasmania shell hair ornaments are a new item. These goods are the nearest approach to genuine tortoise shell ever produced, and the line comprises braid pins, barettes, and back combs.

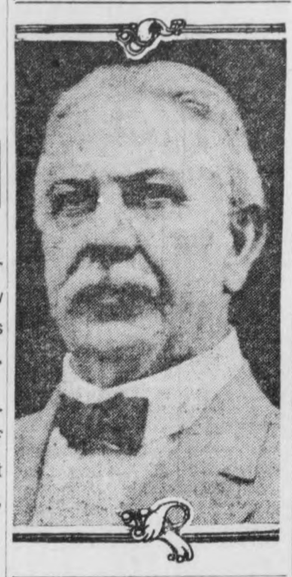
Opera length bead necklaces in jet, pearl, amethyst, galalith, white amber and real and imitation pearl are excellent sellers among the newer jewelry features.

Cuff pins, bar pins and hat pins, set with diamond chips, also move readily. Beaded tunics, in the staple gold and silver and high colors, are also strong, and are attractively priced.

Metal vanity cases are produced more reasonably this season, chased effects being shown in gold, oxidized silver or nickel, which are in exact imitation of the very expensive goods.

Parisian ivory goods have been enlarged and the line shown extends from the simple vanity case, retailing at 25 cents, to the more pretentious toilet sets retailing at $25.

WILLIS E. RAGAN, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the "M. & M.," to whom much of the convention's success is due.



GARMENT TRADE AWAITS REPORT OF WAGE BOARD

Complicated Mathematics Necessary to Compute Proper Pay for Piece Workers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—It is recognized generally in the dress and waist industry that one of the most important provisions of the protocol signed early this year by the manufacturers and their employees is that which brought the wage scale board into existence.

This board, as designated in the protocol, consists of eight members, four nominated by the manufacturers and four by the union. The duties of the board are to standardize work throughout the industry, and to preserve data and statistics, with a view to establishing a scientific basis for fixing these prices that will insure a minimum wage.

It has power to engage experts in price fixing, to settle all disputes over prices and to make special exemptions for week work where special exigencies arise or where special scales are required.

A kindred provision made necessary an immediate investigation of the rates paid in various parts of the industry, the earnings of the operatives and the classification of garments. This investigation is now being made under the direction of N. I. Stone, formerly chief statistician of the tariff board. Commenting recently on the scope of the work, Mr. Stone said:

36,000 Employed.

"There are now about 36,000 operatives in this industry. To date we have collected two sets of wage records, one for 1912 and one for this year, for 30,000 of them, and we are now tabulating the returns. Averages are useless in work of this kind. There are some workers earning as high as $40 a week, and there are some who make only $4. To say that the average wage in the industry is $22 because of these figures is ridiculous.

When our tabulations are completed, I expect to be able to show the percentage of operatives earning from $4 to $5 a weekly, $5 to $6, and so on. Then we will have a practical basis for working out a satisfactory minimum rate.

"Following the report on weekly wage, the board will begin its labors on piecework rates. This will be extremely difficult work, but by a system of minute dissection of garments that has been worked out, I believe that we eventually will be able to determine just what rate should be fixed for each operation. From that the rates justly due the various operatives can be provided on the cheaper lines, and from that the more complicated rates will be figured.

Test Used Now.

"At the present time piece rates are decided by the employers, and piece price committees selected by the workers in the various shops.

"In case of failure to agree on estimates, an experienced operative, a good worker, is selected to make the garment, and the rate is then fixed as provided by the protocol. For instance, if the operative took four hours to make the garment and the factory rate was 30 cents an hour, the manufacturer would then have to allow his employees $1.20 for making the garment.

"This test, however, is not always satisfactory. If the operative takes longer than the employer thinks should be required to make the garment in question, there is apt to be complaints of 'soldiering;' if the operative finishes more quickly than the workers had estimated, she is apt to be accused of siding with the employer. It is this discontent we are working to do away with."

SHINGLES FROM TIN CANS.

In Ottawa a machine has been perfected to make shingles out of discarded tin cans. After being rolled straight the can is put through a corrugating machine. Then it is put through a weatherproofing process, and then into a vat containing a substance like tar. The tin, while still wet, is dipped in asbestos, which readily adheres to the tar-like coating. Shingles so made are said to be more flexible and lighter than the wood or corrugated steel articles, and they are produced in various colors.

SHOE DEALERS HAVE REASONS FOR DECEPTION

Motives for Using Code in Marking Sizes on Footwear Is Humanitarian, They Say.

Fully 90 adults out of every 100, be they male or female, show a distinct unwillingness to buy shoes that are long enough and wide enough to fit their feet comfortably.

This statement is made on the authority of a retailer who has tried for more than twenty years to suit the buying public and who has succeeded only at the sacrifice of a considerable portion of his stock of truthfulness. This tendency to buy small shoes is characteristic of Americans, according to this merchant.

The position of the retail merchant and salesman is none too desirable as a result of this liking for small feet. Often the customer will want a size that the salesman can see at once will be too short or too narrow. Argument is dangerous, for the customers are frequently more willing to accept cramped toes than a criticism of their knowledge of their own necessities. Most often argumentative salesmanship results in lost sales.

Numerous Codes.

It is for this reason that plain marking of lengths and widths of shoes is more and more avoided by the retailers. Numerous codes have come into existence in the last few years that have completely put the average layman out of the running when it comes to telling the size of the shoes he is having fitted. Wholesalers make no attempt to deny that these codes are used purposely to keep the customer in the dark as to the real size of the shoe, but the retailers are less willing to acknowledge this point.

It can not be denied, however, that code markings save lost sales, time, and money. This is due largely to the fact that there is no general standard last, despite the efforts of several of the leading manufacturers to have one established. A 7C shoe made by one manufacturer often will differ in size from a shoe bearing a similar mark, but coming from another factory. This is not generally known, and a salesman often has difficulty in explaining why a size that at one time gave a comfortable fit gives an uncomfortable pinch at another.

Styles Make Difference.

In shoes made by the same manufacturer it frequently happens that a size which fits well in one style will not fit at all in a second style. This gives another trying time for the salesman when plain markings are used, especially so if the customer be a woman. Customers do not complain a great deal on finding out a clerks' deception if the shoes fit all right, whereas if they knew the real size of the shoe at the time they bought it they would probably go to some other shop.

The wide variety of codes now in existence has caused no small trouble to the manufacturers. In one case twenty-two different markings are required to satisfy the codes of retail dealers. This has led the manufacturers to ask that the retailers order their shoes stamped only in plain sizes and widths, or to adopt one standard system of code marking. This, it is believed, eventually will be done.

One of the most practical codes used is the so-called "Western System." In this code the English width designations, AA, A, B, C, etc., are indicated by figures ranging from zero for AA to 5 for E. The length of the shoe is given plainly as 3, 4 or 5, with zero attached for whole size and b attached for half sizes. The whole code contains three figures, and by its use size 3 1-2C would be marked 335. Size 7D would be marked 470, and so on.

Electric Signs Now Made Right at Home

One of the First Products of New Studio Is Largest Display South of New York.

Atlanta now possesses a first-class electric sign studio. Heretofore local merchants have been obliged to purchase their electric signs in other cities and have them shipped here at heavy expense.

Proof that this is no inconsequential studio is the new electric sign at the south end of the Whitehall-Peachtree viaduct—the largest south of New York, and one of the most beautiful anywhere. It was made in Atlanta from start to finish. It uses more than 2,500 lamps, and some of the letters on the sign are more than twelve feet high.

The new studio is the property of the Massengale Bulletin System, and is in the remodeled building which the Atlanta Athletic Club once occupied at 56 Edgewood avenue.

Ten high-salaried experts, men who thoroughly understand how to design and manufacture intricate and artistic electric signs, have been brought here by the Massengale Company to take charge of the new studio. M. O. Trusdell is in charge of the electrical department.

St. Elmo Massengale is president of the company and Gordon B. Massengale is secretary and manager.

E. Frank Munn is assistant manager and general superintendent.

NEW ARTIFICIAL SILK IS MADE FROM COTTON

A factory on an eight-acre plot will soon be erected at Kingston, N. Y., for manufacturing artificial silk from cotton by the Greiner-Wilkins process. Proof of the practicability of the new process was that stockings, shirtings, plushes, velvets and neckties could be made from the spun yarn. The demand for artificial silk is considerably greater than the supply, and it is maintained that the cost of its production from cotton is cheaper than where wood was used, and that silk made by the new process is more durable than that made from wood.

USES U. S. PORTS.

Of wheat exported from Canada last year, 64 per cent went by United States ports.

NEW RICE HIGH; MARKET IS BARE OF LAST YEAR'S

Honduras Quoted at 7½ Cents to Jobbers by Big Atlanta Brokerage House.

New rice is being shown by H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers, and the price is "sky high," higher than any of the grocers remember, the figure quoted being 7 1-2 cents for full head Honduras clean. Japan sells for 3 1-2 and 4 cents. These are quotations to wholesalers.

The market is bare of old crop rice of good grades. Those who demand the fancy article have had to deny themselves. The new crop, it seems, is moving slowly, and indications are that the high levels will be maintained for some time, although a break is possible later on. At the present time, even samples are hard to get from New Orleans, which, of course, is the center of the rice trade.

Cheese also is high, considering the season. The usual fall advance is coming very early. Plymouth, Wis., American full cream cheese is quoted, daisy, 15 cents, and twin daisies, 14 3-4 cents.

"White Fish" Coming.

Great Lakes salt herring will begin to come in next month, and this most palatable fish promises to be in unparalleled demand. This is the variety known for years as "white fish," but the real white fish is as scarce as prairie chicken, and by a recent government ruling it is made an offense to brand fresh water herring by this name. The Whitcomb-Burke supply comes from the great fisheries at Green Bay, Wis.

Every week, it seems, some new product appears on the market to make the housewife's work lighter. The woman who so desires could feed her family for months at a time and never do a bit of cooking, with bakers' bread, canned brown bread, coffee which needs only the addition of water, tinned roast beef, lemon pie filling, lemon sugar, onion salad and a multitude of ready-prepared articles.

The latest in this line is prepared doughnut flour. The powder contains flour, eggs, spices and all the other ingredients of doughnuts. All that is necessary is to add water, roll the dough, cut it and fry the doughnuts. Sufficient to make two dozen doughnuts is sold for 15 cents.

New Pack Yams Due.

New pack sweet potatoes are due in a few weeks, with a fair-sized crop of excellent quality in prospect. This is an all-Southern product unknown in the North a few years ago. But the juicy Southern yellow pumpkin yam is so much superior to the kiln-dried, mealy Jersey sweet potato of the North that it is believed a very short time will serve to make the more palatable product supreme in the market.

Every day there's a new condiment. This time it is onion salad, a Boston product with a peculiar tang which makes a hit on first trial. Louisiana, the home of tabasco peppers, is putting out a new tabasco sauce which the Whitcomb-Burke Company is introducing with considerable success.

Sweeping Decision In Soft Drinks Case

Beverage Similar in Color, Taste and Bottle Infringes, Even Though Names Differ Widely.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A decision which is likely to have an important bearing upon the whole question of imitation and substitution in various lines of business has just been rendered by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

The court has ordered an injunction in favor of the manufacturers of a popular beverage and restraining the making of a similar articles from putting out their product in bottles of the same size and shape.

What is generally regarded as the important phase of the court's decree is the apparently broad interpretation given to the law for the protection of manufacturers against imitators. In this particular case the similarity between the two products was confined to their color and taste and the shape of the bottles. The names were wholly dissimilar, the labels were of different colors and had no points of resemblance, either as to typography or general appearance. Also, the caps for sealing the bottles were of different kinds. The court held, however, that differences which do not destroy the general similarity of appearance to the ordinary purchaser are of no consequence and need not be dwelt upon, and that the defendant had not performed his legal duty of distinguishing his product by making differences which leave unimpaired the general resemblance.

TOYS FROM WASTE WOOD.

A toy company in Sheboygan, Wis., has begun to use only the waste wood from other mills. It has even worked out a system of using all small pieces, as well as the larger ones, so that practically nothing is lost but sawdust.

In Field Where Brains Win, Atlanta Is Leader

Millinery Business Amounts to $2,000,000 Yearly—Buyers Now Are in the City.

In a field which is in many respects the most difficult in the mercantile world—millinery—Atlanta stands supreme in the South, and is one of the prominent centers of the United States.

Millinery involves no question of geography. Transportation charges do not enter into it as they do, for instance, in the flour or coal trade. Millinery involves few problems of prices or narrow cost margins. A hat is worth what it will bring.

The business does require the keenest study—study carried on on two sides of the ocean (there are many Atlanta designers who spend a part of each season in Paris). It requires able generalship, for competition is keen both in the designing and selling fields. More trying than any of these things is the constant shifting of women's whims. These make the business the great thing it is, but also they cause heavy losses when goods bought at high prices suddenly become absolutely unsalable.

Brains, then, alone conquer in this peculiar business. And Atlanta is long on brains.

Brains have built up a business which insiders estimate at $2,000,000 a year in Atlanta. There are six large wholesale houses in Atlanta—E. L. Rhodes Company, Meyer-Regenstein Company, M. Kutz Company, D. Silverman Company, N. Myers Company and N. Bodenheimer & Bro.

The fall season just has opened. It will attract, in two weeks or so, about 1,500 buyers.

They come here to see the advance styles, to buy hats trimmed in these styles, to take notes of the models for later production in Tallapoosa or Hushpuckena, or to copy the models with thorough fidelity for the same purpose.

A little before the semi-annual openings women begin to appear, seeking work as trimmers. Now, here is a strange thing. These women are milliners. Many of them own prosperous little establishments in the smaller towns. Others are managers of millinery departments in department stores.

They work until the opening, learning the new styles and how to trim them—how to make the new bows, for instance.

Then these women change from their role of wage-earners and become merchants. They make their selections, buy their stock for the season and go back to Tallapoosa to remain until a little before the opening of the next season.

The wholesale houses encourage this. It gives them skilled workers when they need such help and it gives them friends in all the millinery shops on whom they must depend for trade.

Mrs. Jones, who works a few weeks a year at Rhodes', learns styles there, and knows Rhodes' stock, is pretty apt to buy all her goods from Rhodes. This is the system, and the wholesalers make of themselves regular employment bureaus, furnishing skilled milliners to any firms which demand them.

Fall Car Shortage Will Be No Worse

Shippers and Railroad Men Are Cooperating to Make Best Possible Use of Equipment.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Railroad officials say that while there will be a shortage of cars in the fall, it is not likely to be greater than last year, when average deficiency was reported as 27,581 cars.

The situation this year may be less difficult to handle because shippers, as well as railroad men, have had impressed on them the requirements of the situation that arise every autumn. In the case of railroad men, timely repair of freight equipment, simplification of terminal operations and recasting of inspection and interchange rules are the considerations.

Railroads are devoting more attention to utilization of the freight car, their best assets, earning about 75 per cent of gross, and undoubtedly their best freight solicitor during periods of heavy traffic. Average earnings of each car per day for 1912 were $2.35, or, eliminating Sundays and holidays and confining computation to the busy season, gross earnings capacity was $3.85, while net was $1.15.

Overcoats Will Be Shorter This Season

Norfolk Designs Less in Favor—Chinchilla Favorite Material for the Garments.

There will be no decided change in the fall and winter styles for men's clothing, excepting that overcoats will be made shorter.

Chinchilla is the popular fabric for them, and there is a tendency toward using solid colors and avoiding fancy effects. The demand for Norfolk coats is diminishing. Soft roll front coats of the two and three button English style, with patch pockets, are favored. Sack coats will be slightly shorter. Vests will be cut somewhat lower than formerly and trousers are to be narrower.

For suitings, narrow pencil stripes, serges and Oxfords are the featured materials. The color trend is toward blue, gray and brown. Some manufacturers think well of neat plaids and checks.

FRANCE COINS GOLD.

Because of recent monetary stringency, Bank of France has decided to convert its $600,000,000 gold reserve, until now represented by ingots, into gold currency. More than $200,000,000 has already been coined.

TIGHTER MONEY NOT LIKELY.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—John J. Mitchell says: "Money is unlikely to get any closer this year than it has been recently, and would not, regardless of treasury relief. Good rains would restore corn to very general conditions."

WATERPROOF SHOES OF PAPER.

Waterproof shoes made of paper are covered by a patent recently issued to Morris H. Siegel. The paper is of sufficient toughness to stand at least one wearing. To prevent tearing there are gores at the sides which unfold to admit the foot.

Lace Hosiery Latest Novelty in the Trade

Radical Fashions Encourage Demand for These Goods—Only High-Priced Samples Shown.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Some members of the hosiery trade believe there are indications of an increasing demand for lace goods, and that the novelty developments for another season will be along this line. Their opinions are based on the business that already is being done this season in high-priced lace hosiery. Women with the money to satisfy the latest fashion demands are turning to lace hosiery as the surest way to get something different, something that is not worn by the populace at large.

Fashionable summer resorts accordingly have seen this year a large use of lace hosiery. The goods already on the market of this kind are so far, of course, all high priced, $5 a pair being nothing unusual. Such goods are made with a regular silk foot, with genuine lace inserted in a panel form.

Should this latest hosiery style prove to be of the importance now given to it by members of the trade, it is predicted that before long domestic manufacturers in large numbers will be taking it up and turning out goods in quantity to sell at prices that will mean a large distribution.

Past experience, it was pointed out, showed that by simple changes in machinery, lace hosiery, so called, can be turned out so cheaply as to warrant its sale at popular prices. During the last run on lace hosiery, a number of years ago, the production was large because of the cheapness at which goods could be offered.

Prevailing fashions in women's dresses, with the skirt conspicuous, will help materially any established demand for lace effects.

Dress Goods Moving With More Freedom

Spot Lots of Underwear and Hosiery, Lightweight, Being Picked Up Wherever Found.

On some dry goods lines jobbers admit that retailers are rather slow in taking hold, while on other lines sales are ahead of those for the corresponding period last year.

Dress goods are moving ou with more freedom, silks are wanted, and buyers are asking for immediate shipment of goods on old order. Spot lots of lightweight underwear and hosiery are being picked up wherever available, but jobbers' stocks have been reduced to such a point that there is little or nothing left on which deliveries can be made.

The question of prices on forward cotton goods contracts for the last nine months of the year is still coming in for considerable discussion. The shortage of spot and nearby delivery goods is causing some manufacturers to hesitate over shading their prices for future delivery, although it is a difficult matter to bring home the shortage to buyers, unless they actually come into the market for goods and can not obtain what they want.

BUYERS SLOW TO TAKE FANCY COTTON GOODS

Business Actually Placed With Many Houses Confined to Sample Lines—Ratines Lead.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Hesitation marks the course of many buyers of wash fabrics and fine fancy cottons. In many instances restrictions of merchandise managers are restraining them, the desire of financial heads of many houses being to postpone all buying that is not absolutely essential for the conduct of the business.

Numbers of buyers have operated in quantities sufficient to permit them to ask for full lines of sample cards for traveling men, and no more. They have said that if the lines sell well on the road when men go out seeking business for spring from retailers they will duplicate in their usual quantities, but they declare that if business is to be slow on fancies and novelties they are going to see that mills bear the burden of any accumulations.

Style developments have held many men back. The development of the ratine and crepe weaves has been so broad that buyers are afraid to order them fully until they hear more from their own trade.

That a great many of these cloths will be worn goes without saying, if for no other reason than the one that few other fancies have been shown and prepared. As a rule, buyers are less troubled about the style probabilities of the cloths than they are about the danger of a flooding of the trade with the cheap goods.

A cloth that was scarce at $1 a yard at retail a year ago and is now found freely at 8 1-2 cents a yard in various forms at wholesale, is sufficient in itself to make the experienced buyer pause and await for the answer that will come from retailers to road men traveling for the jobbing houses.

CHEMICAL COMPANY'S YEAR.

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company reports for the year ended May 31 last as follows:

		Decrease
Net earnings	$2,991,103	$586,349
Charges	1,224,005	*143,107
Net profit	1,747,098	729,456
Pfd dividend	1,600,000	*40,000
Bal for com	147,098	769,456
Deficit	692,524	*769,456
Prev. surplus	9,451,915	*101,513
Total surplus	8,759,481	667,943
Total deductions	425,538	598,721
Final surplus	8,333,943	1,117,971

*Increase.

RAILROADS TAX SALESMEN WHO HAVE NO VOTE

Excess Baggage Rates Are Much Higher Than Express Company Charges, One Complaint.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Out of the maze of discussion that has centered about the excess baggage problem during the past two years a few points have been brought out to show the salesman's need of the voting privilege when away on business trips.

When shippers complain of railroad and express companies' rates, the Interstate Commerce Commission gives prompt attention to an appeal, but the voice of the traveling man is unheard. He pays his own expenses and has no vote. For example, the excess rate for a Pacific coast excursion ticket up to a year ago was $8.80 per hundred pounds. The railroads thought that the traveler could stand another squeeze and raised it to $10.

The present rate of 16 2-3 per cent and more is maintained in spite of the fact that the maximum legal charge is 12 1-2 per cent. The unfairness of this rate is more apparent when it is compared with the charges of express companies.

To illustrate, a first class ticket to Chicago on the Pennsylvania or the New York Central is $20. The excess rate per 100 pounds is $3.45, or 17 per cent of the ticket's cost. The express rate is $2.50 per 100 pounds, out of which the railroad receives $1.25, which is only 6 3-4 per cent of $20. On the Baltimore and Ohio the ticket costs only $18, but the excess rate is the same, thus bringing the rate to a still higher percentage in that case. Under the new express rate schedule the discrepancy will be still larger without lowering the excess rates to the salesmen.

The movement to procure votes for traveling men is steadily gaining ground. The Secretary of the Navy, in a letter expressed his approval of the idea.

High Prices for Ostrich Farms.

A striking illustration of the profits in ostrich farming is found in the report that a man in the Oudtshoorn feather district of South Africa has leased 290 acres of land for a period of ten years for $7,500 per year. In the same district 35 acres of land sold for $30,000.

DIXIE PICKLE AND PRESERVING CO.
Manufacturers of
Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.
CANNED GOODS
364 to 378 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

VOLLMER MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Moore Building
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY
Special Designs in Platinum
Engravers *Diamond Setters* *Watchmakers*
Specialists in Jewelry Repairing

A FREE TRIP
To Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.
Write to
H. T. Moore
SECRETARY.
Rhodes Building, Atlanta.

At What Rate Do You Do Business?

Fire insurance rates on a building are based not only on the chances of that building catching fire, but to a larger extent on the facilities at hand for putting out the fire, should it occur.

The more convenient the Fire Service, the lower the rate.

Just so in merchandising; the cost of doing business is directly governed by the convenience of a merchant's source of supply.

Take shoes, for instance; the Southern merchant who buys his stock in the distant markets of New England and the West is paying a mighty high rate to do business.

Here are the extra costs he pays:

1st. Excess freight charges.

2d. Interest on half the stock he now carries that would be unnecessary with a near-by efficient factory connection.

3d. Loss on accumulation and depreciation of dead styles.

4th. Sales missed by being out of the right styles and sizes when he needs them.

The RED SEAL Shoe Factory right here in Georgia offers QUICK SHIPMENTS, LOW FREIGHTS, THE BEST KNOWN AND BEST SPOKEN OF LINE IN THE SOUTH.

Its Mail Order Service is the best remedy for the High Cost of Doing Business.

Postal brings catalog or salesman.

Mail orders on way same day.

J. K. Orr Shoe Co.
RED SEAL FACTORY, Atlanta.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

COTTON FIELDS TELL STORY OF TWO ASPECTS

No Cause for Complaint in the Central or Eastern Belt. Spinners Reluctant.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—A genuine crop scare in a considerable portion of the cotton belt and an absence of bullish activity in the price marts was an anomaly presented during the week. A partial explanation for it was, that while the crop was admittedly losing condition in Oklahoma and Texas, in practically all the rest of the belt there was no good reason for complaint. In fact, most of the central and eastern belt sent in reports of excellent progress toward a satisfactory yield. There was thus a two-sided story from the cotton fields, and the sections which last season had only moderate outturns were giving promise of evening up matters with a section that had bumper crops.

The promise of rains in the western part of the belt at the close of last wek, which afforded much of the basis for the bearish activity in the speculative market on Friday and Saturday, proved barren of much results, for the showers were scattered, and by no means sufficient to relieve the situation. In only a few localities did they amount to enough to give relief, and as the temperatures continued high, some of them might better not have come. Arkansas had some fine rains, which put an end to an incipient drouth. The week has brought no important relief to Oklahoma and Texas, and most students of the situation have reduced expectations for those important areas.

It seems certain enough damage already has been done to make unlikely a yield of as much as last year, despite increased acreage. The injury will continue until the drouth is relieved, and then for them to have full benefit there will have to be a late and open fall so late fruit can mature.

In the central belt conditions are still excellent, and the critical period will soon pass. Expectations are for the largest crop ever gathered in this territory, and picking will start in earnest in a few weeks. The "first" bale has already appeared here, nine days ahead of last year and five earlier than the average date. However, the crop as a whole is not that much ahead, the bale having come from the section that is trying to get ahead of the boll weevil by early planting and forced cultivation.

Opinion here is that the improvement of the past few weeks in the eastern belt has been such as to make possible a large yield, though it is doubted whether the record of two years ago will be reached in any large area.

The spot situation is still without much feature, and it seems likely that the spinners are going to take their time about buying. Very little forward business is reported booked and the disposition to scatter orders is not yet marked. From across the water comes talk of trade not being so promising, though there is a suspicion that one motive for such news is the need of raw material in large quantities soon and it will not hurt any to spread the notion that trade is going to be dull, thus helping to depress values and enable as cheap buying as possible.

The effect of the legislation against futures, should it be passed, is also expected to be for lower prices, which is another motive for the spinners waiting. There are many people who think the removal of this menacing cloud would result in a very quick revival of bullish speculative activity and thus the crop scare would become a price factor of more importance than it has been.

The foreign spinner, no doubt, also feels that the money situation is such that there will be a rush to sell the new crop, which will better his chances of getting bargains provided he does not show too much eagerness this early.

The domestic spinner naturally is biding his time and being conservative, pending the passage of the tariff act and its effect on business. Other things also encourage him to be a little patient, although advices indicate a healthy prospect for business.

SEABOARD NOTES CHEAP.

The offering of the unsold balance of Seaboard Air Line $1,900,000 equipment trust notes is being made at a price to yield 6 per cent. Seaboard Air Line Railway's surplus over all fixed charges and bond interest, for the year ended June 30, last, it is understood, was between $1,725,000 and $1,750,000, or equivalent to 6.9 per cent on the $25,000,000 preferred stock. Last year the surplus on the same basis was $899,000.

THE NEW ISSUES.

The Financial Chronicle's New York review of new security issues for the last six months shows them to have been the smallest in years and much below the average of the last eight years, totaling for stocks and bonds only $627,048,160, par value, compared with $1,219,250 in the first six months of 1912.

PHYSICAL LIMIT SET.

The Baldwin Locomotive Company says the factor determining size and power of locomotives is the physical ability of firemen to shovel coal.



Six Crops of Alfalfa in One Season; Big Opportunity for Farmers of South

Special Soil Preparatin Is Necessary to Success—Inoculation and Liming Important—Seed Bed Preparation Should Begin Two Years in Advance.

CHARLES A. WHITTLE.

(Georgia State College of Agriculture.)

Think of from four to six crops of hay off a field in a year, and you are thinking of the possibilities of alfalfa growing in the South. Think of cutting from one to one and a half tons per acre each time and figure that each ton is worth at least $25 and you arrive at a very snug income with mighty little sweat as compared to cotton, for instance.

But be not deceived. Learning to grow alfalfa in the South is the biggest thing about it. Anybody who takes it as a matter of course that all he has to do is to stir the land and plant and thereafter watch the negroes harvest, is more than likely to be enrolled with the long list of those who have proven alfalfa failures in the South.

With all the good things that can be said of the soil of the South, it can pretty generally be said that Southern lands are not naturally "cut out" to grow alfalfa. This is not saying that alfalfa as a rule will not grow in the South, nor is it reflecting in any wise on either the soil or the climate. The point is that all Southern soils have to be given special treatment and preparation before alfalfa will be at home in it.

Alfalfa on Every Farm.

"Alfalfa on every farm," the slogan now going the rounds, does not point to an impossible ideal, but if anyone thinks it can be attained in the South without a considerable revolution, he may be easily deceived by trying it.

With all, it is easy enough to prepare the soil for alfalfa and go along producing it, if the prospective grower will follow good advice—but there is the rub.

The ordinary cotton grower of the South will have to practice crop rotation, he will have to add inoculation to his vocabulary and practices, and he will have to get lime into his soil. Those who have been teaching this sort of doctrine and have observed how far it has taken root in the South will understand how much farming practice will have to be changed to realize "Alfalfa on every farm."

To the average Southern farmer to mention inoculation is to elicit inquiries. What is it? Why? And to tell the truth, it is neither easy to understand nor to explain. A full explanation, indeed, is impossible. Inoculation means to introduce friendly bacteria into the soil. Without certain nitrogen fixing bacteria present in the ordinary soil, alfalfa and other legumes make poor headway. Certain it is that some of these bacteria can take the nitrogen from the air and fix it in the ground, converting at the same time the nitrogen into food for the growing plant.

Alfalfa Bred Bacteria Best.

It is believed that almost any soil has some of the nitrogen fixing bacteria present in it, but as a matter of fact in some soils these bacteria are few and apparently so starved as to be unequal to the task imposed by thrifty alfalfa.

The best bacteria with which to inoculate are those which have been bred in a good alfalfa field. Good bacteria can be grown artificially and it is with such artificially grown bacteria that seed are inoculated. When sprinkled with a solution in which the artificially grown bacteria have been turned loose, the seed carry on their surface enough of the bacteria to start up business in a new field.

Of course the bacteria are invisible except under a compound microscope. The farmer can not see them and when he buys he buys on faith. If his alfalfa grows and produces good crops he believes in inoculation. If it does not, he is likely to have notions of his own about inoculation. It is possible for seed to be perfectly inoculated and by reason of improper handling may fail to show results. Sunlight destroys bacteria and inoculated seed left exposed to the sunlight will become sterile. To escape the danger of sunlight it is necessary, of course, to shelter the bacteria, and it is wiser to sow or to apply the inoculation medium late in the afternoon or during cloudy weather.

Again, the seed may be properly inoculated, due precaution may be taken to get it into the soil with the least injury from the sunlight, but the soil may be sour, which is no sort of soil for a nitrogen fixing bacteria.

Lime Necessary to Alfalfa.

To correct sourness of soil lime is necessary. The fact is that practically all soils in the South are deficient in lime. This may never become apparent so long as cotton or corn is grown, but it is certainly true when it comes to growing legumes.

The lime is not needed as a fertilizer. It is merely a tonic to nitrogen fixing bacteria. Soils generally are supplied with all the lime that the crops need. Experiments have shown that most of the crops grown in the South are benefited by the use of lime, a benefit that is attributable to increasing bacterial activity. Bacterial activity means increase of plant food, for bacteria in effect are minute laboratories changing the elements nonavailable for plant food into elements of the soil that are available. Of course there are good and bad bacteria. Some of those that might be classed as bad operate to change available plant food into non-available. Of such are the denitrifying bacteria, which instead of preparing bacteria for the plants change it into perhaps free nitrogen that returns again to the air.

These friendly bacteria have been isolated and named and are nurtured, coaxed and strengthened to do their best. Only the border of the realm of these soil agents has been entered, and it may be reckoned with a degree of certainty that as the scientist ventures further into the mysterious country of the unseen that he will bring back to the farmer knowledge that will mean two bushels where one is now grown, all by learning which are the good bacteria that are serving plant life and how to encourage their growth.

The first great contribution of the scientist in looking into the teeming soil world is that lime is good for nitrogen-fixing bacteria, and since nitrogen is the most expensive plant food and one of the most important, it is a wonderful discovery this of lime and its relations to bacteria.

Since nitrogen-fixing bacteria operating to the good of alfalfa set up shop on the roots of the plant and there extract nitrogen from the air that has penetrated the soil, to know that lime will make it thrive is equivalent to saying that without lime alfalfa will not grow in many Southern soils, for it is a fact that most Southern soils are deficient in lime and are too sour for nitrogen-fixing bacteria.

Success Has Made Failures.

Some pretty well-known, highly respected and intelligent men have said that they do not believe in inoculation nor in liming for alfalfa. They point to their successful alfalfa patch to show you that neither is necessary. Unwittingly such well-meaning people have been the means of the downfall of others in their attempts to grow alfalfa. Do not get an idea that there are many such alfalfa successes in the South, especially among those who have not used lime. Even where the soil has been formed by the disintegration of limestone rock, where there is a foundation of limestone in the soil, is to be found a marked deficiency in available lime. The lime has leached out. It must be supplied. On soils which for some reason, exceptional to the rule, there is sufficient lime, alfalfa may be started and grown successfully even without inoculation. The reason for the unnecessary inoculation will be found to be that the soil has already been stocked with nitrogen-fixing bacteria through the medium of clover, cowpeas, beans or one of a hundred other legumes.

Some of the authorities are now advocating going to the roadside, the fence corners or other places where sweet clover or burr clover, or lespedeza, or some other legumes are growing, taking some of the soil from underneath, scatter it over the alfalfa seed bed and harrow it under. By this mean nitrogen-fixing bacteria will be added to the soil, bacteria that have been making their living off the very kind of soil in which they are appointed to continue operations.

Better still, of course, would be soil taken from a field in which alfalfa had grown, a field where conditions are similar as to character of soil, climate, growing zone, etc. Naturally bacteria that have been feeding on alfalfa must have established alfalfa-loving characteristics.

Suppose some cotton farmer gets inspiration enough to get out of the ruts and takes the advice of the man who does not believe in inoculation or liming, and suppose he fails, as he is likely to do, what a pity! When again will he be in frame of mind to try?

Preparing the Seed Bed.

The preparation of the seed bed with reference to weed eradication is important. It is time well spent if two years are taken in preparing the land for alfalfa. If barnyard manure is applied, it is better to follow with a crop of corn as a weed eradicator. This followed by rye or oats drilled between the corn rows at the last time the corn is worked, will afford not only a winter cover crop, but good pasturage for the colts and calves during the winter. After the rye or oats, as the case may be, is taken off, the cowpea or soy bean will prove excellent for keeping the weeds from getting a start. Turning under the cowpeas or soy beans and harrowing the ground until it is in find tilth, as good a seed bed as could be obtained for growing alfalfa is prepared.

Weeds and alfalfa do not do well together. If the farmer can not get rid of the weeds, he need not look to alfalfa to do it. Many farmers have had fits of despair over the weeds and crab grass which have made their appearance in their alfalfa patches.

But weeds are not formidable obstacles to growing alfalfa where the precautions described have been taken. Even where the weeds have appeared in an alfalfa patch there is a fighting chance for alfalfa if the right steps are taken to keep down the weeds. The method usually recommended is to run a disk harrow over the field. This plays havoc with the weeds, but harms the alfalfa very little. By some it is claimed that the harrowing will break up the alfalfa crowns or bunches and start new plants. Weed eradication in the field will rarely be necessary if the seed bed is properly prepared in advance.

Then Put In Lime.

Having brought the seed bed through two seasons of preparation and having broken and harrowed the ground, the next important step is to put in the lime. The amount of lime to apply will depend upon the degree of acidity or sourness of the land, not on the amount of lime already in the soil. The degree of sourness is usually determined by the use of litmus paper, a prepared paper that can be purchased at any drug store. This paper when imbedded in fairly moist soil and left a short time, when taken out will show by the change of color how acid the soil is. If the change of color is very marked plenty of lime should be applied. The application will vary from one to two tons per acre.

Lime is comparatively inexpensive and when once applied serves its purpose five or more years. Ground limestone is the form which is most generally used. The price is determined largely by the cost of freight. At lime manufacturing centers the ground limestone can usually be bought at $1 per ton and even less, especially where the lime is a by-product.

The lime should be broadcasted or drilled in. If broadcasted, then harrowed under.

Sourness of soil is attributed to an incomplete stage of decomposition of vegetable matter which has been turned into the soil. The lime is the one element that will at once adjust conditions and permit other bacteria as well as the nitrogen fixing bacteria to do their work. The vegetable matter which has been turned under in preparing the seed bed and is in process of decomposition, that is, which is being transformed by bacteria, proceeds with its processes most favorably in the presence of lime, becomes humus and then plant food.

An application of nitrate of soda after the alfalfa has come up, especially if it is not showing good color, has often proved helpful.

Cropping Alfalfa.

When the alfalfa plant has grown its full height, a second growth will the second growth has put up its shoots and has started vigorously, be found starting at the roots. When then is the time to cut off the first crop. If the weather is normal, in a month's time there will be another crop ready to cut. The same signs of when to cut are to be followed in each instance—that is, the oncoming of another crop.

In the South when there has been as much rain as has generally prevailed this summer, the owner of an alfalfa patch will be cutting hay once a month for about six months in the year. Indeed, the prospect are favorable in some alfalfa patches for seven crops this year, five already having been cut, and the growing season ahead extending through September and October.

If a ton of cured hay per acre is obtained with each cutting, the alfalfa can be counted as doing first rate. Some will do better.

Alfalfa hay is worth taking good care of. The weather is not always favorable for curing it in the field, especially during the thundershower period. Canvas caps for the piles of hay in the field pay for themselves over and over by saving hay that would rot in the field from too much rain. Any grower of hay of whatever kind of hay it may be can well afford to provide hay caps.

Alfalfa hay is good, rich hay and ranks very near wheat bran in the amount of nutriments, ton for ton. Wheat bran costs about $30 per ton laid down in the South. Raise alfalfa hay and the wheat bran need not be purchased. The alfalfa has a feeding value of nearly $30 per ton at present prices, but at the outset of this article a selling prices of $25 was set as an average.

As a feed alfalfa is a producer of high-class barnyard manure. Considering that the feeding value of alfalfa is nearly $30 per ton and the manure produced of high fertilizing value, the conclusion is that alfalfa is most profitable to the farmer when he feeds it to farm animals and applies the manure to the land.

Thus the story of alfalfa ends most happily when alfalfa is married to a home made live stock business.

Selling U. S. Bonds Short Is Risky Deal

Restricted Market for These Securities Makes the 'Bear's' Lot One Not Enviable.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The trader who sells any Government bonds short takes a long chance of making a profit, because of the restricted market for these securities, and the short seller of those which bear coupons assumes a risk much greater than is attached to any active stock or bond on the Stock Exchange list. Government coupon bonds, particularly those which have the circulation privilege, are comparatively scarce.

The coupon bonds may be converted into registered bonds, but registered bonds may not be exchanged for others of the same clas which bear coupons.

The application of this provision to the issues which are used to secure bank note issues, naturally, has worked to cut down the number of coupon bonds outstanding and thereby greatly lessened the opportunity of short-sellers for covering their contracts at times when they have the best advantage for a profitable transaction.

An expert on Government issues predicted yesterday that traders who went short on coupon 2s below 96 would have difficulty in covering at any price under par unless some development at Washington occurs to weaken them drastically.

No One Surprised at Passing of Dividend

National Railways of Mexico Made the Plaything of Every Rebel Chieftain.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Persons sufficiently interested in the National Railways of Mexico to watch earnings long ago decided that the company could not pay another semi-annual dividend on its first preferred stock while the revolution continued. Members of the New York board said the payment due August 10 would not be made; and when word came from Mexico City that the usual declaration expected at this time had been omitted by the directors, there was no surprise.

The Railways' lines have been the plaything of the rebels and bandits wherever they have congregated in numbers sufficient to defy the authorities. Under the delusion that one of the first rules of warfare is to destroy as much property as possible, the insurrectos have burned trestles and torn up track in which they, as natives of Mexico, had a proprietary interest.

There is a great deal of European money invested in the National Railways, as well as a very respectable amount of American capital but the Mexican Government owns $74,724,000 of the $150,000,000 common stock, $10,000,000 of the $57,662,000 of the first preferred and $38,278,00 of the $240,597,000 of second preferred.

Moreover, the Government will be held liable for the damage to the railways when peace is restored, so that every time a piece of property is destroyed the Mexican Government is saddled with additional obligations. Preliminary estimates for the last year indicate that the company earned almost $2,000,000 over its expenses and fixed charges, or about $500,000 less than the dividends paid.

PULLMAN'S YEAR.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The report of the Pullman company for the twelve months ended July 31, which will be published about a month hence, is expected to show the largest gross earnings in the corporation's history.

BEARS CHECKED BY DAMAGE IN WESTERN BELT

Small Demand for Forward Delivery in Spots Best Argument for Low Prices.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—Bearish activity, which had been encouraged by the anti-option legislation pending at Washington has been somewhat restrained recently by reports of deterioration in the condition of the cotton crop in Texas and Oklahoma.

Unevenly distributed showers have fallen in both of those States within the last few days, but it is believed that what relief has come has been too late to prevent material damage to the crop in that section of the belt. Consequently the next bureau report is expected to show a further decline in condition from last month, when both Texas and Oklahoma fell off sharply.

The one redeeming feature in the crop situation at the moment is the improved outlook in the eastern half of the belt. According to reports received in this market, the crop in Alabama and in Georgia has undergone wonderful improvement since the date of the last bureau report. Should this improvement in the eastern belt continue, the deterioration likely to be shown in the Western belt will be offset, in a measure, by the improvement in the Atlantics.

It is believed that while conditions may be serious in those two States, rains within a week would yet permit the making of a fairly large crop, and it is argued that even if there were a shortage in the crop in the Western belt the increase apparent in the Atlantics, together with a normal yield in the Central belt, would result in a crop of at least 15,000,000 bales.

The most bearish feature in the general situation is the fact that there is less demand for forward deliveries in spots than has been the case in years. Fully good middling is being offered in this market at 45 points on October, and good middling at 15 points less for September delivery, with few, if any, buyers in sight. The slack spot demand is attributed to declining trade at Manchester and to the bearish sentiment engendered at Liverpool by the introduction of the Clarke bill in Congress.

News as to the outcome of the fight being made against the Clarke bill continues of a favorable character, and it is believed here now that the measure has been practically killed as a result of the criticism aimed at it by Southern newspapers generally.

The optimistic feeling prevailing here has been reflected by an advance of $600 in the price of New Orleans Cotton Exchange stock, two shares of which have sold this week for $2,100, with none offering at less than $2,500 now.

When the Clarke bill was first introduced, shares of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange declined below $1,500, whereas the stock had been $2,500 bid before the bill was introduced by Senator Clarke.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has revolutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.



You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac, also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

'L. & N.' Not Much Worried Over the Senatorial Probe

Busy Developing Its Own Lines, Has No Time To Buy New Holdings.

Interests familiar with affairs of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company are not apprehensive over the outcome of whatever action may be taken in connection with the resolution introduced in the Senate by Senator Lea. This resolution calls for investigation and report by the Interstate Commerce Commission of the ownership and control of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway Company and other subsidiary companies of the first mentioned road, "and the practices and methods of the Louisville and Nashville in attempting to preserve a monopoly in its territory."

It is not thought that there will be immediate legal action in the matter, as any investigation that may be made by the commission would necessarily consume a considerable amount of time, and it is considered more or less doubtful in the minds of some that sufficient evidence will be obtained to warrant the institution of a suit by the Government calling for the divorce of the lines involvei.

It is known that the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis has lines running in territory which may be considered competitive with the Louisville and Nashville. But whether it can be established that any collusion exists or has existed between the two roads to abolish competition is quite another question. So far as te Tennessee Central Railroad's purchase by the Louisville and Nashville is concerned, it is understood that such a development has not been considered by the management of the last mentioned property.

The Louisville and Nashville, it is pointed out, is kept busy developing and improving its own road in order to care more expeditiously for the large traffic that is being offered, and is not in the market for other lines. It owns about 75 per cent of the stock of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, which virtually gives it control of that system. No doubt the management of the Louisville and Nashville will fight a suit should it be instituted by the Government, to the bitter end.

At the present time the company is spending large amounts of money in double-tracking its main liens from a point about 10 miles above Nashville to Birmingham, Ala., a distance of over 300 miles. When this important work is completed the road will be in a position to handle its business in that territory much more effectively than at present. The double-track work is not being done on the old roadbed all the distance, as in many places lines are being straightened, and at Nashville one track is being run around the city to avoid congestion. It is proposed to utilize one of the tracks between Nashville and Birmingham for freight and the other for passengers.

Louisville and Nashville has a very large surplus and it is believed in some circles that before long stockholders will receive another "bonus" in stock. The last one of $12,000,000 was only about half what was expected, and at that time predictions were freely made that within a reasonable length of time something more in this connection might be looked for. Earnings of the company are substantial during the fiscal year ended June 30 last, there having been an estimated balance available for dividends approximately of 11 1-2 or 12 per cent. Last year there was a surplus available for dividends equal to 15.93 per cent on the $60,000,000 capital stock then outstanding.

NEWS FOR INVESTORS

Anaconda Copper Company's production for July exceeds June's by 600,000 pounds, although this is 1,000,000 pounds below the July output last year.

• • •

American Smelting and Refining Company earnings, although not so large as last year, owing to Mexican disturbances, will make no change in the regular dividend.

• • •

Minneapolis and St. Louis Railroad for the twelve months ended June 30 increased gross by $1,880,782 and net by $1,173,665, compared with last year.

Seaboard Air Line for the fiscal year increased total operating revenue $783,417 and net $1,028,700 over 1912. Surplus, which increased $836,558 over last year, is equal to 7 1-4 per cent on the preferred stock outstanding, compared with 3 3-4 per cent in 1912.

• • •

The St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company has been authorized by the Missouri Public Service Commission to issue $28,584,500 first and refunding 40-year 6 per cent bonds, of which $26,730,000 are to replace bonds already outstanding, and the remainder for reimbursing the road for expenditures made for improvements and equipment.

NEW SEABOARD MANAGEMENT IS DOING WELL

Deficit of $121,000 in First Quarter Overcome and oGod Surplus Besides.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Seaboard Air Line in the year ended June 30 earned in excess of 7 per cent on $23,894,000. Final surplus was approximately $1,730,000, against $813,000 in 1912, both figures including only rail operations.

The showing reflects credit on the new management. In a year when the company's territory scored only about 60 per cent of a normal cotton crop and when the initial three months' operations under the old management produced a deficit of $121,000, results for the succeeding nine months not only overcame these handicaps, but so far recovered that gross increased $1,523,000 and surplus over all charges increased $817,000.

On basis of nine months' operations under the new management, and allowing for effort necessary to pick up and recover the initial quarter's deficit, the property appears to be earning at rate of nearly $2,000,000 surplus annually, or equivalent to more than 8 per cent on the outstanding preferred. Total operating ratio in the past year was 72 per cent of gross. In 1912 it was 75 per cent.

Officials look forward to better than a $2,000,000 surplus in the current year. Crops offer excellent promise, with one of the largest cotton crops ever raised among the prospects this year. General business is moving in fair volume and traffic outlook shows no unfavorable signs.

PITTSBURG COAL MINES PRODUCING BIG PROFIT

PITTSBURG, Aug. 16.—Mines in the Pittsburg district are being operated to the limit fixed by car and labor supply. As these are very satisfactory, output is correspondingly large. There is not a very heavy demand for quick delivery. Contracts are calling for the greater part of the attention of operators.

Consumers have very little coal on hand and the increased activity in iron production may cause a stiffening of prices of both coal and coke.

EVERY WOMAN



NEEDS THESE UNIQUE BOOKS $1 EACH

The first edition of "Salads" is sold out; but the second edition is just off the press. The first edition of "Desserts" is going fast. Send in orders at once. There are no books like these.

"SALADS"

This is not a "cookbook" in the ordinary sense. It is **unique**—the work of the foremost authority on salad-making, Olive M. Hulse.

"Salads" contains more than 200 original recipes—each a masterpiece in the art of making salads; 30 recipes for salad dressings, and a remarkable introductory chapter on "Salad Lore."

There are 95 pages and the printing and binding are most attractive. **$1 Postpaid.**

"DESSERTS"

This volume contains 155 pages. In it are more than 200 matchless recipes for the making of the most delicious desserts—French Pastries, Pies, Cakes, Puddings, Ices and Fruit Desserts. The introductory chapter on "Dessert Lore" reads more like a fairy story than the actual history of desserts.

In the preparation of "Desserts" Mrs. Hulse has had the co-operation of some of the most famous chefs in America. The result is the most fascinating and useful book of its kind ever published. **$1 Postpaid.**

Don't Delay—Send Now

Mrs. Hulse's "Salads" and "Desserts" are unique not only because of their invaluable recipes, but in the manner in which the author presents her subject. Her recipes enable the woman in the most moderate circumstances to match the skill of the French chef. Send to-day for "Salads" and "Desserts"—they are $1 each, prepaid. The editions are limited, but a prompt reply will insure delivery.

Western Merchandise & Supply Company

326 West Madison Street : : : : : : : : : : Chicago, Ill.

JUMP INTO THE CONTEST TO WIN!

Complete List of Prizes

Organization Prizes
For Churches, Lodges, Etc.

1st. $1,000.00 in Gold.
2d. $500.00 Furniture, Own Selection.

Capital Grand Prizes for Men, Women and Children

1st. One Touring Car.
2d. Double Tour to California.

Individual Prizes---Men

First—One two-cylinder Motorcycle.
Second—One-cylinder Motorcycle.
Third—Diamond Ring.
Fourth—Gold Watch and Fob.
Fifth—Gold Watch.



Individual Prizes---Women

First—Player-Piano.
Second—Piano.
Third—Diamond Ring.
Fourth—Gold Watch and Neckchain.
Fifth—Diamond Lavalliere.

Individual Prizes---Boys

First—Motorcycle.
Second—Business College Scholarship.
Third—Gold Watch and Chain.
Fourth—Bicycle.
Fifth—Gold Watch.

Individual Prizes---Girls

1st. Piano.
2d. Business College Scholarship.
3d. Gold Watch and Neckchain.
4th. Bicycle.
5th. Diamond Lavalliere.

"WANT AD" CONTEST OPEN TO EVERYBODY!

Contest Department

4th Floor Foote & Davies Building

Office Hours:

Every Day
8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays

Office Open Until 8 P. M.

Nomination Coupon — **1,000 VOTES**

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I Nominate ..... (Name)

.... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

.... (Address)

.... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 Votes for Contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each Contestant.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

SAVANNAH EDITION

VOL. I. NO. 20. Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company. ★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GIRL STICKS TO STORY OF HER FLIGHT WITH DIGGS

Marsha Warrington Says Former State Architect Took Advantage of Friendship in Elopement to Reno—Lived as Man and Wife.

Accused Appealed to Her to Keep Him Out of the Penitentiary, She Testifies—Court Cautions Jurors Not to Discuss the Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Her eyes averted from the gaze of Maury L. Diggs, former State Architect, on trial for white slavery, Marsha Warrington, the girl with whom he is alleged to have eloped to Reno, leaving behind a wife and family, finished her recital of her relations with the prisoner and remained steadfast to her story how he had taken advantage of a platonic friendship and against her will made her take the trip to the Nevada town, where they lived together as man and wife.

Though vigorously cross-examined, the girl's story was unshaken.

In concluding her testimony, Miss Warrington said:

"After arriving in Reno on March 10 we had luncheon and then we went to the Riverside Hotel, while Diggs and Caminetti went to a real estate office," she said. "They said they were going to rent a bungalow and that they intended to remain in Reno about six months.

Took Suite of Roome.

"When Diggs and Caminetti returned, Diggs registered and we went to a suite of rooms. We had two bedrooms, a parlor and a bath. Diggs and I had one room and Caminetti and Lola the other.

"We took a bungalow while we were there. We were never out of it except at night and never farther away than around the block. Diggs cautioned us not to be seen.

"When Chief Hillhouse came to arrest us on the morning of the 14th, we were still in bed. Diggs said: 'There are the police.'

"He understood that it was a serious situation, for he told me: 'It's up to you girls to keep us out of the penitentiary. Do everything you can to shield us.' He told us to say that Lola and I had occupied the front room and that he and Caminetti had slept in the rear room.

"Dear Pickles," He writes.

A letter addressed to "Dear Pickles," said to have been written to Miss Warrington by Diggs after his arrest, was shown to the jury. The letter contained this sentence:

"Don't worry now; everything will come out O. K., and you remember what I said to you, the last words?"

Miss Warrington was asked what were the "last words." Adjurations, she answered, not to tell anything that would incriminate the writer.

During the cross-examination Diggs constantly prompted the questions of his attorneys and steadily kept his eyes on the girl's veiled face, but she constantly avoided his gaze.

When the essentials of her previous testimony were called into doubt, she made her answers a stronger reaffirmation.

The courtroom was somewhat startled in the afternoon session by the emphatic admonitions of the judge to the jury that the case must not be discussed by the jurors, particularly with any friend of Diggs or W. Drew Caminetti, the latter a co-defendant in another case on a similar indictment. The judge said they must not even allow the case to be mentioned within their hearing or read about it in the newspapers.

Jurors Are Cautioned.

These are the usual instructions to jurors, but the emphasis with which they were twice reiterated by Judge Van Fleet this afternoon gave rise to inquiries which he would not satisfy. Theodore Roche, who thus far has conducted the Government's case, merely said there was reason for the court's order. One juror admitted he had been in company where the case was discussed, though he had not joined in the talk.

Two minor witnesses—the managing editor of a Sacramento newspaper and the Probation Officer of Sacramento County—denied to-day that there had been any scandal connected with the names of the four on the point of exploding into print or that arrests were impending if they remained in Sacramento. Miss Warrington had testified that Diggs had told her such was the case, and this fear had been her prime motive for leaving home.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother, the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy, and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam, Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweeaheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeoligist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the lifter as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

FRANK'S COUNSEL BIT BY BIT BUILDS STRUCTURE TO CRUSH CONLEY STORY

Intricate Mass of Circumstantial Evidence Is Assembled to Disprove Direct Testimony of Negro and Corroboration Theories of State.

DEFENDANT'S MORALS TO BE NEXT BATTLE GROUND

An intricate structure is being raised by Leo Frank's lawyers as his defense against the formidable case made out by the prosecution. Little by little its parts were laid, all during last week's period of the trial, with no less than 50 witnesses as agents.

No one of the many witnesses for the defense has given testimony that in itself was essentially significant. But each one has embodied an attack on the State's case, testifying against the character of a damaging anti-Frank witness, or to Frank's good character, or as to the likelihood of expert testimony that the State drew forth.

The case of the defense, as it was made out with the close of the week's session, is a structure of little bits. It is an attempt to overcome a long line of circumstantial evidence and the direct testimony of a single witness—Jim Conley—with another long line of circumstances. In this case as the week has revealed the State is truly the aggressive, the defense truly the defensive.

Arnold Charges Scheme.

Most strenuous of the attempts of the defense has been that to prevent the examination of witnesses along the lines of Frank's alleged immoral conduct. Time and again Solicitor Dorsey has asked witnesses if they have heard of certain actions by Frank in connection with young girls. Each time a heated objection has come from Reuben Arnold, Frank's attorney, who has charged that the questions are without foundation, and that they are framed merely to set the prisoner in an evil light before the jury.

To Lawyer Arnold's objections was added the protest of the prisoner's mother, in a startling, dramatic manner. Plainly overwrought, bordering on the hysterical, Mrs. Frank rose from her seat after Dorsey asked J. Ashley Jones if he had heard of Frank's immoral behavior with a little girl.

Mrs. Frank was trembling and pale faced. She advanced toward the Solicitor and pointed a finger at him.

"No, he hasn't heard," she cried, her voice almost a shriek. "Nor you either."

The situation was doubly dramatic, coming as it did unexpectedly. Mrs. Frank has been apparently the calmest and coolest and most courageous person in the courtroom since the trial began, not a quiver of her face betokening lack of composure. No one expected the outburst from her.

Dorsey's Look Triumphant.

To all the protests of the lawyers, however, Solicitor Dorsey declared that the State can prove the charges of gross immoral conduct against Frank, and will bring witnesses to that effect on rebuttal. There was something triumphant in the Solicitor's bearing when Frank's attorneys introduced testimony to prove the good character of the prisoner.

This lets down the bars. The prosecution now may produce witnesses in rebuttal to attack Frank's character and his behavior, in case they have such evidence in hand. The Solicitor announces that he has this evidence and will produce it.

At one time during the week's course of the trial it was hinted that forty or fifty witnesses will be called by the State when the case again comes into its hands in reply to the testimony for the defense. In that event, the trial will be prolonged through the greater part of next week. Several days undoubtedly will be required for the lawyers' argument of the case, which has become one of the most complicated and tangled of Georgia's legal history. And thus it is not unlikely that the last week of the month will come before the verdict of the jury is announced.

Testimony on which the defense relies most was produced in that of several medical experts—Dr. George Bachman, Dr. T. H. Hancock, Dr. Willis Westmoreland, Dr. W. S. Kendrick and Dr. William Owens. All these men were called to reply to the statement of Dr. Harris, of the State Board of Health, whose testimony is

MORAL CONDUCT OF FRANK NOW IS BATTLE GROUND

Solicitor General Apparently Welcomes Arnold's Putting Defendant's Character in Issue.

Continued from Page 1.

believed to be hurtful to the defense.

He had declared that the undigested bits of cabbage in Mary Phagan's stomach proved she was killed within a short period after her midday meal. The whole contention of the State is that Frank killed Mary Phagan before 12:30 o'clock on the afternoon of April 26, and the fact has been established that she ate dinner less than an hour before that time.

But the experts called by the defense were almost unanimous in declaring that Dr. Harris could have been mistaken, however positively he stated his opinion. A bitter fight developed on cross-examination of each of the experts.

Bitter also was the fight that came over the testimony of Dr. William Owens. It was he who timed the actions of mimics when they rehearsed in pantomime Conley's version of the death of Mary Phagan some time after his arrest. Eighteen and a half minutes were taken up by the incident, a length of time which seems to offset the State's theory that the murder was done and the body disposed of within a short time. Solicitor Dorsey objected to the introduction of the testimony, but Judge Roan allowed it to be entered, with the remark that he would study the arguments for and against and announce later a judgment as to its admissibility.

The hope and belief of the defense that the commission of the crime may be laid on the shoulders of Jim Conley was revealed in the course of the Owens examination, when Lawyer Arnold made a heated statement.

Arnold Accuses Conley.

Solicitor Dorsey was objecting to the admission of the evidence concerning the murder in pantomime, and spoke sarcastically of its features.

"Your honor," he protested to Judge Roan, "you're surely not going to allow a thing like this."

"I don't know what I am going to do," replied Judge Roan.

The Solicitor turned to Arnold.

"Well," he asked, "how long did it take in this farce to choke the little girl to death?"

"We don't know how long it took the nigger to kill the child," replied the lawyer for the defense, hotly.

The Solicitor turned to the Judge at this accusation of Conley.

"Now, your honor," he said, "that won't do."

Judge Roan agreed with him, and the examination proceeded.

Following the examination of the expert witnesses the defense produced men who were classmates and associates of Frank in college to testify to his good character. It was at this juncture that the hearing of the Solicitor plainly revealed triumph. He had contended all during the trial that he would produce evidence of Frank's immoral behavior if an opening were given him. This was the opening.

The first four character witnesses were A. L. Lane and R. A. Knight, of Brooklyn, and Philip Nash, of Greenwood, N. J., and J. Ashley Jones, an insurance man of Atlanta. Others, the defense has announced, will be brought forth. The attitude of Frank's lawyers is that of defying the prosecution to attack the prisoner's moral character.

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, coptaining 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 100 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figgins, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job

But Lind Is Most Unusual Man

Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



© By Zumbrun

Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of disssatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

"But every night I taught them to pray: "God, give mother back her sight before she dies,'" she said in Chicago. "And their prayers have been answered."

The woman, now bent and feeble is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

Mrs. Welsh came to the hospital from her home alone. On her breast she wore the inscription, "I am blind. I am going to the Wesley Hospital, Chicago. Please direct me," on a large card.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

Dogs Succeed Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Before Butler left the Fulton County jail, after sentence was passed, his attorneys began efforts to save him from the penitentiary.

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

Mr. Hearst Tells Why He Keeps Oil Letters From Lobby Inquiry

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends in Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County Jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine?" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.50
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to
The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.





Dr. W. J. Harper

New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery

Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00

All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Blood Poisoning, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplid from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank
16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Chic and Dashing Fall Hats Will Bring $1,000,000 to Atlanta

Here's where the factions divide—some like it; some laugh. It is made of midnight blue plush, with a yellow figured top and a yellow feather butterfly off at the side.

Shaped like a man's derby, this hat of garnet plush has a silk ribbon to match which trails behind the left shoulder. Gray roses are used.

"One must be pretty to wear this hat"—of black velvet and patent leather.

A flat sailor, of "tete de negre" plush, trimmed with cream and brown fur and sacred bird of Siam feathers.

Butterflies are the prevailing motif. This is a hat of black velvet with a black lace butterfly.



Turquoise blue satin crown, with a brim of taupe dubitine, and an aigrette—dubitine being a new material.

Chic—that's the word. It needs a pert face and vivacious manner. Black velvet with pink facings and Paradise feathers.

Autumn Styles in Millinery Show That Large Creations Are Thing of the Past—Butterflies Are Popular.

"Now, deny it if you can,
"Though it's manners make the man,
"It's millinery makes the girl."
—Song from "Red Feather."

Millinery, then, being such a serious affair, some 1,400 women and 100 men will visit Atlanta these later weeks of August, and they will spend close to $1,000,000 for millinery. The "openings" for fall and winter styles are on in Atlanta's great wholesale houses, and the great semi-annual buying is under way.

The general public will not see these styles for a month or so to come. Therefore, this is NEWS—real hot stuff—for feminine readers. Here goes:

Black predominates.
Nearly all hats are almost collapsible.
Butterflies are the prevailing motif in trimmings.
Few large hats are shown.
Feathers and fur are "particularly good."
Rats and switches apparently have gone to stay, for nearly all the new hats are close-fitting and necessitate scant coiffures.

For instance, one of the very prettiest styles shown—from masculine viewpoint at least—is a new poke of black plush with pink facing and paradise feathers. This is a saucy little hat that goes with a pert face and lively manner. One can imagine it on a vivacious little demoiselle at Longchamps—where, in fact, it was photographed by an Atlanta designer, and copied.

Splendiferous, indeed, must be the sacred bird of Siam, whose feathers adorn an extremely flat plush hat of sailor shape.

Fur Cream and Brown.

A pelt of some little animal, about the size of a weasel, twists about the crown, and the two feathers complete the trimming. The fur is cream and brown. The feathers are brown with wonderful bluish markings more beautiful than a peacock's glories. The plush is a new shade of brown called "tete de negre," which sounds much better in French than in English. All this sets "hubby" back about fifty.

"Tete de negre," by the way, vies with black in popularity.

A huge black butterfly is the only trimming on a little black silk velvet turban with soft crown.

"Smart. And good. Oh! Very good, indeed," is what the designer calls it. Let it go at that. Why argue?

All humanity is divided into two parts. Of these, one is composed of those to whom styles in millinery are a serious matter; the other, of those who grin.

There's one hat which will bring strict division of these parties. Now, from the "pro's" standpoint it is a creation of midnight blue plush, with a variegated plush top on the crown, and an artistic feather butterfly perched airily on the edge of the brim.

Now, the "antis": It's a dark blue contraption with a yellow, scrambled, Bulgarian top, and a funny little yellow thingamajig sticking up behind.

Take your choice.

"Donna e mobile," as our old friend Caruso has it—"woman is fickle"—and he might add, inexplicable. No doubt this is pretty, to a woman.

One must be pretty to wear the little black velvet hat, shaped like a traffic cop's helmet and trimmed with patent leather fixings—so says the designer. If this is carefully explained to customers, the hat should sell well.

Derby Covers Eye.

Rather a novelty, but pretty, too, is a hat shaped like a man's derby, which pulls down almost covering the right eye. The shape is of garnet plush, and a long ribbon matching this shade is thrown across the throat from right to left, so that it hangs down behind the left shoulder. Gray roses complete the trimming.

Current history ever finds its reflection in the styles. Bulgarian designs still are with us, and now comes a blue plush hat—one of the few large ones, in the Mexican style—that is, it has a broad, flat brim ornamented with fuzzy little balls.

Big velvet hats, very like the sort art students wear in the Latin Quarter of Paris, are to be seen. They are almost bare of trimming—just great, floppy pieces of black velvet, sometimes to be pulled down over one eye.

"Dubitine" is a new material. It is seen to best advantage in a hat with a brim flaring up on one side, and with a round crown. An aigrette stands pertly off to the rear. The crown is of turquoise dubitine and the underbrim of taupe satin.

If you see a slate gray rubber hat worn by some pretty girl on Peachtree street this winter, don't say you weren't prepared for it. This is due notice that rubber has been called into use for millinery. It was sure to come, straw, feathers, furs, flowers, silks, satins, fruits, birds, animals and what-not having been used.

The rubber hats are severe in design. One has a "drape" to go under the chin, made of green and blue chenille. "They say" rain won't hurt them, and that they're fine for autoing, because they're small.

It is the auto, so every one in the millinery trade believes, that has killed the big hat. A big hat is a nuisance in a limousine, and hard to keep on in a touring car or runabout—and the rest of us like to act as if we might go autoing, even if we do not.

ANTI-KISSING LAW NOT IN BOOKS, SO SUITOR IS FREED

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Howard B. Smith, employee of a local moving picture house, was arrested a few days ago for publicly kissing and hugging Florence Vigil, a pretty 14-year-old girl, of Verjemo Park, N. Mex. Taken to the city jail, it was found there was no city ordinance that prevented kissing either in public or private, and the offender was released with the admonition of Police Judge Hines to "go forth and kiss no more." The affair was the result of a summer afternoon flirtation.

MULHALL BARES FRAUD USED TO DEFEAT HEARST IN RACE FOR GOVERNOR

Lobbyist Got Confidence of Up-State Chairman in New York Campaign by Fake Letter and Betrayed Plans of Democrats to Republican Leaders.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not frienaly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

Prisoner 34 Years, Hates to Leave Jail

Slayer of Policeman Says Such Life as He Led Has Not Been Failure.

THOMASTON, MAINE, Aug. 16.—Samuel D. Haynes, of Detroit, walked out of the prison gates to-day, after serving 34 years for the murder of James L. Robbins, a policeman, at Rockland, in 1879.

At midnight his sister, Mrs. F. H. Rogers, of Detroit, had telephoned the prisoner that Governor Haines had pardoned him.

"The battle is won," Haynes told Warden Ham, "but I hate to leave." Outside the prison he held a reception for a big crowd, who knew him as a model prisoner.

"I am willing to forgive and forget," he said. "The prison has been a good thing for me, but I feel that I have paid my bill to society.

"I have been in prison since I was 17 years old, but I have spent the better part of my life here trying to be useful. There is no failure in such a life as that."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam ovenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

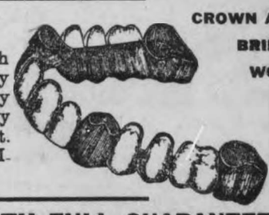
Anna Rocheleau Burt
VOICE CULTURE AND SIGHT READING
STUDIOS { 412 Wesley Memorial Bldg. / Cor. Cascade Ave and Beecher St. } Residence Phone West 1239
BUSCH & GERTS PIANOS USED



$5 MADE SAME DAY
Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS
24½ Whitehall St. Telephone M. 1708
Over Brown & Allen's Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR
You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH	$5	GOLD FILLING	$1
GOLD CROWNS	$4	AMALGAM FILLING,	50c up
BRIDGE WORK	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up
TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS			$1 up

SULZER AND LAWYERS GRIMLY FIGHTING TO CLEAR GOVERNOR'S NAME

Wife Is Determined to Take Stand to Tell Her Husband's Accusers That She Signed His Name to Checks to Gamble in the Stock Market.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Governor William Sulzer and a formidable staff of lawyers are busy in the preparation of an answer to the impeachment charges brought against him by the New York Assembly. Issue will be joined and a trial held September 18 before the New York Senate and Court of Appeals, sitting in joint assembly.

The sensation of the trial and the incident which the public most avidly awaits will be the statement by Mrs. Sulzer, the brave wife whose attempt to save her husband from disgrace involved a sacrifice of her own honor.

The most telling charge against Sulzer is that he appropriated to his own use in stock exchange gambling certain checks which were given toward his campaign fund. Mrs. Sulzer, in statements to her friends, declared that she indorsed the checks and used them in Wall street speculation without her husband's knowledge, and that she would go on the stand at the trial of her husband to reiterate the story of her misdeed.

Enemies Are Pitiless.

If she does, she will be bared to vicious attacks and cross-examination by the lawyers for the prosecution, who, as members of the assembly which impeaches her husband, already have proved themselves pitiless and vindictive.

It may be that her statement, proved true, will save her husband. None of its purport was revealed to the General Assembly before the impeachment came. However, to-day the Governor announces that under no circumstances will he allow his wife to become a witness, even if his honor and his fortune suffer.

Mrs. Sulzer is in a state of nervous collapse. The long strain imposed on her during the investigation by the General Assembly told on her, and she succumbed when the impeachment vote was announced. So serious became her condition that the Governor was forced to send a hurry call to New York, summoning a famous nerve specialist.

In her chamber Mrs. Sulzer is hysterical, and it is understood that she insists that she be allowed to testify for her husband.

Mrs. Sulzer was Miss Clara Rodelheim, of Philadelphia. She married Sulzer, who then was a Congressman, July 7, 1908. They have no children, and Mrs. Sulzer is enthrallingly interested in politics. During her husband's campaign for the election to Congress, and his subsequent campaign for Governor, she accompanied him on his speaking trips.

She, Too, Is Combative.

More than anything else she openly admires his combative nature. She is aggressive and positive herself. Of her husband she is quoted as saying:

"He's ready to fight at the drop of the hat, and he'll drop the hat himself. As long as he fights, I'll fight, too—and then some."

If she takes the stand in her heroic attempt to save her husband, it is likely that her reputation will suffer. Otherwise, her husband's reputation will suffer, her friends say.

These friends say that a week ago she besought the Governor to permit her to tell her story to the public, and he refused. They say, too, that he consented to the publication of her statement only when he found he could not prevent it, and that it had been widely circulated as a rumor on the lips of the public.

Governor Sulzer, the fighter, is easily recognized in his avowed intention of holding his office even with the impeachment charges against him. His enemies in the General Assembly have declared against his right of remaining in office and have insisted that Lieutenant Governor Glynn take over the reins of government. But Sulzer shows a firm determination to stay in, and the wildest rumors are given credence as to what he will do to retain his authority. It is even asserted that he will call the militia to prevent the entrance of the Lieutenant Governor, and to prevent his own ejection. At any rate, he and his lawyers firmly contend for his right to hold office with the impeachment proceedings pending.

Herrick Issues Statement.

Little is said concerning the approaching ordeal by either the Governor or his attorneys. Mrs. Sulzer can not be reached, and it is understood that could she be seen no statement would be obtained, as she has the attorneys' orders to say nothing. Judge D. Cady Herrick, who will act as chief counsel for the defense, made a statement, which is regarded as the only word to come from him.

"Counsel for Governor Sulzer," he said, "have no desire to try the case in the newspapers. We have engaged in his defense not for William Sulzer, but as a professional duty to the Governor of the State, and to preserve, so far as it can now be preserved, the good name and fame of the State.

"After an examination of Mr. Sulzer in relation to the transactions disclosed by the Frawley committee, we are satisfied that there has been only a partial revelation of the facts so far, as we are satisfied that he has been guilty of no willful wrongdoing."

Besides Judge Herrick, Governor Sulzer's attorneys at the trial will be Irving G. Vann, Syracuse; Louis Marshall and Austen G. Fox, New York; Harvey D. Hinman, Binghamton; Virgil Kellogg, Watertown, and Judge James Gay Gordon, of Philadelphia.

Governor Sulzer, the eighth Governor of all the United States to be impeached, is the victim of Tammany's vengeance.

7 Governors Have Been Impeached

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—In all the United States only seven other Governors have faced impeachment proceedings. These men and the results that followed were:

Charles Robinson, Kansas, 1862, acquitted.

Harrison Reed, Florida, 1868, charges dropped.

William W. Holden, North Carolina, 1870, removed.

Powell Clayton, Arkansas, 1871, charges dropped.

David Butler, Nebraska, 1871, removed.

Henry C. Warmouth, Louisiana, 1872, term expired and proceedings dropped.

Adelbert Ames, Mississippi, 1876, resigned.

WILLIAM SULZER, impeached Governor of New York, with his wife, who intends to sacrifice her own good name to save him. Below is Martin Glynn, Lieutenant Governor, who disputes Sulzer's claim that he is still in office.





ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton, Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906. William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

DEEP-LAID PLOT IN APPOINTMENT HOBSON CHARGE

Alabama Congressman Attacks Governor O'Neal for Naming Clayton for U. S. Senate.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 16.—Congressman Richmond Pearson Hobson of the Sixth District, who was a candidate for the Senatorship against the late Senator Joseph F. Johnston, in a warm card charges a deep-laid conspiracy in the appointment by Governor O'Neal of Congressman Henry D. Clayton to succeed Senator Johnston.

From Washington comes the news that there is an overwhelming opinion among both Democrats and Republicans in the Senate that Governor O'Neal had no right to appoint without specific authority from the Legislature of Alabama, and that the belief is general that Mr. Clayton has no chance of being seated on the credentials he holds.

Governor O'Neal said to-day that in event the United States Senate rejected the appointment of Congressman Clayton he would act on the recommendation of the Senate Judiciary Committee. He refused to say whether or not he would call an extra session of the Legislature.

Hobson's Card.

Congressman Hobson says of Clayton's appointment:

"It is a brazen defiance of law, the people and the Constitution—the most humiliating travesty of our political institutions.

"It is a defiance of the law and the rights of the people, willfully made with the knowledge that the appointment is illegal and is so regarded by the United States Senators, not only by the opposition Senators, but by Democratic Senators as well.

"The effect of the appointment will be to postpone indefinitely the settlement of the question. This delay is fully understood by the Alabama politician, and is incurred against the earnest advice of our Democratic leaders.

"In the midst of the crisis of the tariff bill, the interest of the Democratic party, the relief and welfare of the nation, the law of the land, the sacred political rights of the people seem to have counted for naught.

Jockeying Charged.

"The fact is that after all the jockeying and caucusing, the scheme went through precisely as Mr. Bankhead had planned. It was very remarkable how Senator Bankhead hurried to Alabama and had the whole specious article prepared to give out almost immediately.

"You will recall that Senator Bankhead and the lamented Johnston were themselves chosen by popular vote; in fact, the principle was considered of such sacred importance in our progressive State that we even went so far as to provide an election for successors to our great Morgan and Pettus before the deaths of these grand old men.

"How, then, can any true Alabaman stand for the miserable expedient of having their United States Senators appointed by Emmet O'Neal instead of being elected by the people themselves?

"It belongs to the people. It is theirs by law as well as every true consideration of the Democratic rights. They demand it, and they are not going to be fooled or hoodwinked by the hair-splitting quibblings of technical lawyers or professional pot-politicians."

HENRY D. CLAYTON, who has been appoointed Senator from Alabama by Governor O'Neal to fill Senator Johnston's unexpired term.



Tammany and Sulzer's Fight Thrilling Drama

When Governor William Sulzer, the "People's Governor," and the "Poor Man's Friend," refused to do the bidding of Boss Murphy of Tammany Hall, the most remarkable political drama New York State had ever seen was enacted. From that very moment Tammany Hall carried out a steady and consistent program of guerrilla warfare against Sulzer and all things Sulzer.

A tammanyized Legislature instituted an "investigation" of Sulzer and Sulzer reciprocated with an "investigation" of some Tammany controlled State departments.

Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany Hall leader, sought to have certain organization men appointed to office. Sulzer declined to appoint them, although he had been something of an organization man himself for a great many years, and immediately after his election to the governorship, had been extremely intimate with Murphy.

Breaks With Tammany.

Sulzer broke with Tammany over the question of appointments. Immediately afterward he employed guards to protect him against assassination, which he feared. No attempt to injure Sulzer's person was made, but political attacks came thick and fast. Sulzer first was accused of perjury, committed, according to his accuser, in 1890. The acquisation carried no weight. The public retained its confidence in Sulzer. Then another bombshell was expected. A suit was filed in Philadelphia by a young woman, Mignon (Polly) Hopkins, charging Sulzer with breach of promise.

Miss Hopkins asked $30,000 damages for her wounded heart. Sulzer admitted having known Miss Hopkins some years ago, but denied that he had ever proposed marriage to her and declared the filing of the suit was engineered by his Tammany enemies.

Fights for Direct Primary.

When Sulzer promised direct primaries to the people of New York he evidently meant what he said. When he went into office he started such legislation. Immediately he discovered his political associates didn't want direct primaries and would not back him up in his fight for the primary bill as he framed it. His bill was introduced in the Legislature, but before it was voted upon a Tammany direct primaries bill, which Sulzer characterized a "fraud upon the people," was introduced in both branches of the Legislature and passed. Governor Sulzer promptly vetoed it, and then called upon the Legislature to pass his bill.

The Assembly and then the Senate killed the Sulzer bills, amid wild scenes in the Senate and Assembly chambers. There were shouts of rage and shaking of fists in the direction of the Capitol. There was wild cheering when it was announced that the Sulzer bill had been killed.

Sulzer then inaugurated a campaign to obtain direct primaries. He [illegible] many well-known men in his cause, and called the Legislature in extraordinary session. It had then become a case of open warfare. It became Sulzer's object to make himself leader of the Democratic party in New York.

He had lined up with him some 33 county chairmen and about 17 State committeemen. In one of his speeches at this time Sulzer said that he had been attacked, vilified and threatened as no other man ever had been who had occupied the Governorship of New York.

Tammany Loses Patronage.

Tammany lost hundreds of thousands of dollars in patronage. No appointments of Tammany men were made by Sulzer. George W. Blake was made a special investigator by the Governor and set about unearthing incompetency in the State prisons. John A. Hennessy was made an investigator by Sulzer and he conducted several probes into various State departments. Tammany verged on panic. Finally that organization turned on Sulzer the very same weapon that he had used against it and an investigation of Sulzer's campaign fund was instituted by a legislative committee composed of Tammany men.

Senator Frawley, a Tammany chieftain, was the chairman of the committee, and it commenced its sittings in Albany. The first witness to be called was Louis A. Sarecky, Sulzer's private secretary and campaign manager. Sarecky was questioned about Sulzer's campaign fund, but he declined to answer. It was intimated that Sulzer had received checks for his campaign fund which he had not listed in his sworn statement, a misdemeanor under the laws of New York State.

Two checks were introduced into the evidence. One was for $2,500 from Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the bankers, and indorsed "Mr. Schiff's contribution to the Sulzer campaign." The other check was for $500, and was signed by Abram I. Elkus, a prominent New York City lawyer. It was alleged by the Frawley committee that neither of these checks appeared in Sulzer's campaign list.

Then Came Stock Dealing.

At a later session of the Frawley committee, held in New York, testimony was given to the effect that the "People's Governor" and the "Poor Man's Friend" had owed the stock brokerage firm of Harris & Fuller $48,599.23 on January 1, 1912, when Sulzer was in Congress. According to testimony and evidence offered, Sulzer had been a steady loser in the stock market.

The brokers to whom he owed money dunned him for payment, according to the testimony, and Sulzer finally was rescued by his business partner, ex-Governor A. E. Spriggs, of Montana, who paid $5,000, and Louis M. Josephthal, of New York, who on July 19 last paid $26,749.21.

It also was testified before the committee that Sulzer had traded with Boyer, Griswold & Co. Charles H. Reynolds, formerly cashier for that firm, testified that on October 16 last Frederick L. Colwell, whom he understood to be an agent for Sulzer, had bought 200 shares of Big Four Railroad stock for $12,025. The stock was paid for the same day with eight checks and $7,125 in cash. One check given in payment for the stock was a campaign contribution. The Frawley committee alleged that the seven other checks also were campaign contributions, and asserted that this would be proved.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you: worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witch-hazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

TATE SPRING



UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

A high, cool, healthful resort, in the heart of the Cumberland Mountains of East Tennessee, an unexcelled climate.

Modern hotel—one thousand acre park and grounds—eighteen hole golf course—saddle horses—fine five-piece orchestra for concerts and dancing and that most famous of all American Mineral Waters,

TATE SPRING NATURAL MINERAL WATER

always a help, nearly always a cure in indigestion, nervousness and all ailments attributable to improper functions of the bowels, liver and kidneys.

Rev. Dr. E. E. Hoss, Bishop Methodist Church, Nashville, Tenn., says:

"It gives me the greatest pleasure to say that I regard Tate Spring water as the best remedy for all disorders of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys of which I have knowledge."

Enjoy the healthful water at the spring or have it shipped to your home. For sale by all druggists, in sterilized bottles, filled and sealed at the spring.

Send postal to-day for illustrated booklet, giving rates, location and description of this ideal place for the summer outing. Address

TATE SPRING HOTEL CO.
S. B. ALLEN, MANAGING DIRECTOR,
TATE SPRING, TENN.
ATLANTA MINERAL WATER CO., LOCAL DISTRIBUTORS.



Goodrich Route Book for your tour Free

Maps and correct instructions in handiest form

Goodrich Guide Posts are as dependable as

Goodrich Tires

—Best in the Long Run

Over fifty thousand miles of American highways are marked by Goodrich guide posts, and more are being put up right along. Goodrich guide posts tell the motorist how to go where he wants to go. Goodrich Tires take him there.

You can depend upon the exact knowledge of rubber which comes from our forty-three years experience in manufacturing all kinds of rubber products—which is crystalized in the Goodrich principle of Unit Molding.

Every Goodrich Tire is made and molded as a unit. The layers of fine, strong fabric, strips of pure rubber, side strips, bead, and the thick tough tread are literally molded into a unit in our single vulcanization.

The result is a unit tire which gives resistance and resiliency, as both tire users and automobile manufacturers testify by their choice.

Your tire dealer will supply you with the particular Goodrich Tire which best meets the requirements of your car, whether it is the Goodrich American Clincher, Goodrich Quick Detachable, Goodrich Straight Bead, Goodrich Cord for electrics, Goodrich Metal Stud, Goodrich Pneumatic Truck, Goodrich Bailey Tread or Goodrich Safety Tread.

Write for our free folders telling how to avoid common tire injuries and how to get the most tire service.

The B. F. Goodrich Co.

Atlanta Branch, 25 Houston St.
Factories: Akron, Ohio

Branches and Service Stations in All Principal Cities. Dealers Everywhere.

Write for Goodrich Route Book, covering the auto tour you select. These books are sent free on request

There is nothing in Goodrich Advertising that isn't in Goodrich Goods

Savannah

Latest News of South Georgia

Waycross

CENTRAL ROAD LOSES IN FIGHT TO LUMBERMEN

Judge Orders Verdict in Favor of the Plaintiff in Chatham Superior Court.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—A verdict in favor of James M. Dixon & Co., in the mandamus suit against the Central of Georgia Railway, has been returned in the Chatham County Superior Court. Judge Walter G. Charlton, before whom the proceeding was heard, directed the jury to find in favor of all the contentions of the plaintiff.

The abrupt ending came after counsel for both sides had devoted an entire afternoon to arguments on a motion to direct a verdict, both sides contending it was entitled to a judgment from the bench.

The decision is one of vast importance to lumber shippers, many of whom participated in a meeting at the Board of Trade just prior to the filing of this suit by Dixon, at which time the trade as a whole protested against the alleged arbitrary and discriminatory methods employed by the railroads and steamship lines.

Rule Not Signed.

Judge Charlton has not yet signed the rule absolute on the writ of mandamus. If this rule holds it will destroy a rule promulgated by the Central of Georgia many years ago in regard to the handling of shipments of lumber from connecting rail lines at Savannah. This rule was the bone of contention in the case. Judge Charlton took the positon that such an arbitrary rule is unjust and not justifiable by law.

Under the Central's rule this road would not receive from connecting lines cars of lumber for delivery to the steamship docks until the shipper had first obtained the consent of the steamship company for the rail carrier to move the cars. It was contended that this allowed the carriers to discriminate against shipments which originated locally in favor of through cars. In addition to the fact that there was so much delay in the handling of the business, it was shown that the lines on which the cars were delayed charged the shipper demurrage.

Complete Victory.

The verdict is considered a complete victory for the Dixon Company, and shippers are naturally elated at the outcome. Dixon was the only shipper who was willing to "buck the tiger" after the lumbermen had held their indignation meeting. He filed suits against the Central of Georgia, the case now before the court; the Seaboard Air Line and the Atlantic Coast Line.

Following the verdict in the mandamus suit application for a writ of supersedeas was filed by the Central, which, if granted, will prevent the enforcement of the mandamus until the Supreme Court of Georgia has passed on the appeal, notice of which has been filed by the public service corporation. The mandamus directs the Central to receive all local shipments of lumber just as it would handle consignments billed through from outside points.

Following the victory of the Dixon Company the complaining concern and the Seaboard Air Line, against which a similar suit was filed, came to a temporary agreement pending the outcome of the appeal of the Central to the Supreme Court. Under this adjustment the Seaboard agrees to accept all shipments of the Dixon people and deliver them at the terminals of the Central, without waiting on the Merchants and Miners' Transportation Company. It is agreed also that the demurrage claim will not be pressed until the outcome of the Central's case before the Supreme tribunal.

SECOND BATTERY OF CHATHAM ARTILLERY

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Steps for the organization of a second battery of the Chatham Artillery, under the authority of the adjutant general, have already been taken.

First Lieutenant E. D. Wells has been informally elected captain of the new battery, while Second Lieutenant Gilbert Lang has been chosen for the first lieutenancy. Sergeant Joseph Thompson has been selected as the second lieutenant of the battery. All three of these officers have been ordered to appear for examination.

LIEUTENANT SULLIVAN TENDERS RESIGNATION

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—After three years of faithful service, First Lieutenant George D. Sullivan, of Company A, Savannah Volunteer Guards, has tendered his resignation.

Would you have a slim, youthful figure? Though no longer young, it may be yours.

Drink "GET SLIM"



A delicious fruit combination, in powder form, to be dissolved in your drinking water and taken when thirsty, at any time and in any quantity.

Not one drop of medicine—not laxative. Positively not injurious. Pure Food Serial No. 46516.

"Get Slim" reduced me 18 pounds in 4 months without the slightest change in my mode of living.

It improved both my health and appearance. I believe it the simplest and easiest way of controlling weight. Sold by

Randolph Hairdressing Parlors
Atlanta, Ga.

or direct from me.

JEAN DOWNS
Your Wholesale Druggist or
334 Fifth Avenue--33rd Street
Opp. Waldorf Astoria.
Call if possible. Booklet on request.

Schedule to Tybee For September

Superstitious Fears Vanish as Record Is Unearthed—Few Storms in September.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Following a prolonged agitation on the subject, the Central of Georgia Railway has announced a Tybee schedule for September which will answer all requirements of those who care to remain on the island during that month, and will make it possible for the season to be extended for the additional 30 days. It is now up to the people to show whether the experiment is justifiable or not.

For years a sort of superstition has existed that it is not well to stay on Tybee during the month of September. People have thought that it is not healthful to go in the water during this month. There is also a very deep-seated fear of storms during this period, when the hurricane season is in full swing and the weather man is likely to spring a West Indian tornado this way overnight. It is certainly not pleasant on Tybee during one of these storms.

Heretofore the season at Tybee has always closed with Labor Day, after which winter schedules on the railroad were in operation, making excursion visits to Tybee impracticable.

Miss Margaret Elise Cafiero

One of the pretty debutantes of the coming season in Savannah. She was one of the graduates of the Savannah High School in the Spring.



In Savannah Social Circles

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Much interest attaches to the marriage of Miss Lila Evans to Dr. Olin Harrington Longino, first lieutenant, C. A. C., U. S. A., of Fort Screven, at Christ Episcopal Church, Savannah, on August 28.

A marriage in which there was much interest was that of Miss Clara Millen and James E. Haskin, which was solemnized Tuesday night at 3 o'clock by the Rev. M. F. Roberts at Rev. Mr. Roberts' residence on Abercorn street.

The marriage of Miss Adelaide Guerrard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William P. Guerrard, to William James McNish, of San Francisco, took place Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock at St. Paul's Episcopal Church. The pastor, the Rev. S. B. McGlohon, officiated.

Miss Lillian T. Johnson and Richard F. Lovett were married Tuesday afternoon at St. Patrick's Church, the Rev. Father O'Hara officiating. Miss Jennie V. Reilly was bridesmaid. James H. McGrath was best man.

Miss Harriett Christine Dennett and Frederick C. Schwarz were married at 8 o'clock Monday evening at the parsonage of St. Paul's Lutheran Church by the pastor, the Rev. M. J. Epting.

Miss Josephine Slater and C. W. Patrick were married by the Rev. Samuel J. White, pastor of the Second Christian Church, in his study at 6:30 o'clock Wednesday night. Both of the young people are from Pembroke. They were accompanied to Savannah by W. H. Brewton, W. C. Lanier and Miss Pearl Olive. Mr. Patrick is postmaster at Pembroke. The party returned to Pembroke in the evening.

Miss Viola Trott and Joseph W. Sognier were married at 9 o'clock Wednesday night by the Rev. William Hoppe at the parsonage of the Lutheran Church of the Ascension. The attendants were Miss May Turner and J. W. Haffneau.

Mrs. C. A. L. Cunningham and the Misses Cunningham left Monday night for Brevard, N. C. Mr. J. Sullivan Bond left Wednesday night for Waynesville, N. C., where he joined Mrs. Bond and their children. Others leaving on Wednesday for North Carolina were E. S. Elliott, Miss Landershine, the Misses Barnwell and Miss A. E. Collins. Among those leaving Thursday were Mrs. Harriett C. Hunter, Mrs. Rovert Aldrich and children, Mr. and Mrs. Ormand B. Strong, the Misses Kennedy and Mrs. L. C. Young. On Friday Mrs. L. A. Falligant and Mrs. Robert Travis and children left for Swannanoa, and Mrs. William Davidson left for Asheville. Miss Olga Oelschig and Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Roland also left on Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Huger, Miss Lena Huger, Dr. and Mrs. Lawrence E. Lee and Moultrie Lee left Thursday for Little Switzerland and North Carolina. Mrs. William M. Davidson and little son left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. C. R. Barber entertained informally Thursday afternoon for Miss Estelle White, of Hazelton, Pa., who is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. S. Patton.

Miss Cardo Krenson and Miss Elizabeth Malone, who have been visiting Miss Susanna Grantland, in Griffin, are now at Highlands, N. C.

Miss Carnelia Lee has returned from a visit to Mrs. Gaston C. Raoul on Lookout Mountain.

R. M. Hull and Miss Ermine Munford left Wednesday to join Mrs. Hull in Lexington, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Moise and the Misses Moise are at Coburg, Canada.

Miss Irene Withers left Wednesday for Lancaster, N. C.

Miss Rosalind Wood, Mrs. Wood and Miss Raiford Wood left to-day for Lake George.

Mrs. W. W. Mangum left Wednesday for Blowing Rock, N. C.

Mrs. S. E. Theus is at Roland Park, Baltimore, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Beard and Miss Hazel Beard, who have been at Hillgirt, N. C., for a short time, are now in Waynesville.

Mrs. Van B. Abery left Wednesday for North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon N. Gazan are at Waynesville, N. C.

M. and Mrs. T. S. Whitfield and Miss Bessie Copeland will leave the latter part of the month for Baltimore and New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Merriman Holt left Thursday for White Sulphur Springs and Mount Airy, N. C., where Mrs. Holt will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Wilson.

Mrs. Harold M. Prager and her little daughter will leave to-morrow night for Waynesville.

Miss Bessie Copeland will leave the end of August with Miss Sallie Blount Holt for Montgomery, Ala., where she will be Miss Holt's guest until the opening of the State Normal School, when she will return for her senior year.

Mr. and Mrs. Grover Flynn left Wednesday for Hendersonville, N. C., where they will spend several weeks.

Miss Katie Lanier is on a camping trip in North Georgia, after which she will go to Turin to spend a few weeks as the guest of Miss Mary Moses.

Mrs. I. M. Schwab and Misses Rosalyn and Myra Schwab left Thursday for New York and Atlantic City.

Mrs. J. Lovenstein and Miss Katherine Lovenstein will leave in a short time for Atlantic City.

Miss Melva Register and Miss Gladys Register left Wednesday for a visit to Brunswick and St. Simons.

Mrs. W. H. Coleman, Miss Ollie Coleman, Miss Etta Harrison and Miss Louise Doerflinger left Wednesday for Waynesville, where they will be joined by Miss Nellie Coleman.

Mrs. Clarendon Bangs will leave in a few days for New York and Atlantic City.

Miss Mary Glaimas will leave tomorrow for Charleston, S. C., and Sullivan's Island.

Miss Lottie Branch Robider is at home from Baltimore to spend some weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry D. Robider.

Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Helmly left Wednesday night for Waynesville, N. C.

Miss Carmel Murphy left Wednesday night for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. E. N. Cartwright and little daughter are spending some time at Brevard, N. C.

Mrs. T. Hunter Henderson, the Misses Hazel and Gladys Henderson are in the North Carolina mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Derrell Del Treville left last night for Highlands, N. C.

Miss Nellie Haile leaves to-day for Pomfret, Conn., to visit Miss J. J. Rauers.

Mrs. David C. Barrow and children are at Montgomery.

Miss Jessie Dixon left Wednesday night to visit friends in Asheville, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Cobb left Wednesday night for the mountains of North Carolina.

Miss Patience Barrow is visiting Mrs. Craig Barrow at Kanuga Club, N. C.

Mrs. Abram Solomons will leave next month for New York, where she will make her home this winter. She will be joined later in the fall by the Misses Irma, Ruth and Etta Solomons.

Mrs. James Gibson and little daughter, Mary, and Mrs. W. H. Lierly left Wednesday night for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. James Menzies and her sister, Miss Helen Vorhees, Miss Janet Menzies and Miss Helen Menzies left Tuesday for Twilight Park, in the Catskills. Miss Janet Menzies will spend a few days with Miss Mart Shotter at Lenox, Mass., before joining her mother for the remainder of the summer.

SAVANNAH PLANT FOR FERTILIZER COMPANY

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—A plant in which nitra-germ, a fertilizer, will be manufactured will be established at Savannah in September by the Nitra-Germ Fertilizer Company. The only other plant in the United States is in Milwaukee, Wis.

CHATHAM'S TAX RETURNS SHOW BIG INCREASE

Official Report Gives $2,669,598 Over 1912—Exceeds Estimate More Than Half-Million.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—With an increase of $2,669,598 over the returns of 1912, the tax returns for Chatham County for this year have reached a figure beyond the most optimistic expectations—that of $41,316,140. The total of the returns has been officially declared by Tax Receiver Marcus S. Baker.

The collector had expected a large return this year, based upon the evident increase in the individual returns received, but it was impossible to predict with any certainty how great the increase would be. An increase of $2,000,000 was figured on, however, and more than this was hardly expected.

The budget of the County Commissioners was made up on the anticipated increase of two million.

County's Revenues.

The county's revenues from these returns will be $309,871.05, an unprecedented figure, giving the county an income increased by $20,021.98 over 1912. The county gets its revnue on a basis of $7.50 on each one thousand dollars of tax returns.

It is shown by the returns that building activities and improvements to lands and general prosperity in the city and county, which caused this large increase in returns, is not confined only to the white population. The total returns from colored people for the year are $1,031,448, as compared with a total of $964,478 for 1912. This is the first time that the colored returns have gone over the one-million mark.

South Georgia Society

Brunswick

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Miss Janie Symons is visiting in North Carolina.

Miss Eula Dixon, of Thomasville, is the guest of Misses Marion and Lucile Bruce.

Miss Polly King, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Elizabeth Hopkins on St. Simons.

The Rev. and Mrs. L. F. Roberts and children are visiting in Asheville and Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Winter left Thursday for a trip to New York, Washington and Baltimore.

Mrs. William Fitts, of Albany, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Prim.

Mrs. V. C. Bourne and children are in Fletcher, N. C., where they will spend several weeks.

Mrs. J. B. Wright entertained a number of friends at St. Simons on Thursday.

Mrs. Max Isaac and her children left Thursday for Jacksonville.

Miss Annie Kate Ward has returned from Macon, accompanied by Miss Martha Stubbs, who will be her guest for some time.

Misses Genevieve and Margaret Ralston left Wednesday to spend several weeks in Asheville.

Mrs. C. Downing and little Marjorie Nightengale left Monday for New York.

The Misses Baumgartner entertained with a morning bridge Thursday in honor of their guest, Miss Evelyn Johnson, of Savannah.

The Clement A. Evans Chapter, U. D. C., has received many acknowledgments of the pretty souvenirs of the reunion sent out by the chapter. These souvenirs were gray folders containing the poem, "Brunswick Welcomes the Boys in Gray," written by Miss Annie O'Connor. Colonel J. D. Warren, of Sylvester, wrote a note of appreciation, and said that the beauty of the poem inspired him to write a response, which he would send to the U. D. C. in the near future.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Miss Juanita Bennett has returned from a visit to Americus.

Miss Clifton Wing, of Macon, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thorpe.

Members of the Friday Club were entertained by Miss Hettie Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wall left Thursday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. W. B. Stovall, who has been visiting in Griffin, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Remley left on Wednesday for a visit to White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Macey Highsmith left Wednesday for a visit to Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. V. A. Jones, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting relatives in Waycross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Scruggs and little daughter and Mr. Oren L. Gray left Tuesday for an auto trip through Georgia and North Carolina.

Mrs. Jennie Mell and Miss Viola Mell left yesterday for a visit to points in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Dessau Bunn visited relatives in the city this week, returning to St. Simons.

Mrs. A. M. Litch left Wednesday for Spartanburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Brewer and Miss Hester Brewer, who have been visiting Judge and Mrs. H. P. Brewer, have returned to Douglas.

Miss Dorothy Krauss, who has been the guest of Miss Anice Daniel and Miss Annie Laurie Walker, returned to Brunswick Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Hughes and son returned Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Atwood, Mrs. R. J. Haines and Miss Moneta Haines left Thursday for a visit to points in Virginia.

Mrs. E. P. Guren and little son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. J. Walter Lyon.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran left this week for a visit to points in North Georgia and Tennessee.

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

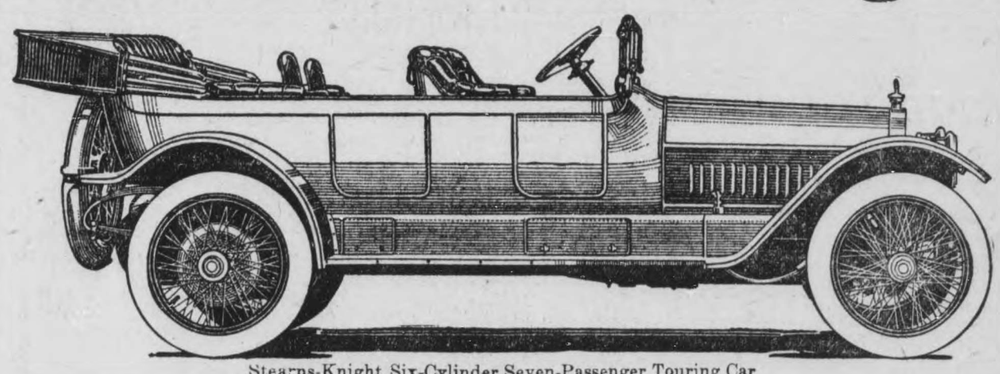
SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorably upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

The Most Advanced Six Ever Offered---The Stearns-Knight



Stearns-Knight Six-Cylinder Seven-Passenger Touring Car
(Wire Wheels extra)

THE new Stearns-Knight models---just received from the factory---are the finest and most complete cars ever placed upon the market. In mechanical construction and body design they combine the best ideas of American and European practice.

Power Plant
—Stearns-Knight sleeve valve motor—construction unchanged for three years.

Left Hand Drive and Center Control
—a necessary feature of every high-grade car.

Centralized Steering Column Control
—not a cumbersome affair, but a neat arrangement, small and compact, just under the wheel.

Design
—tapered hood, flush with cowl. Hood and body one unbroken surface.

Wire Wheel Option
— Rudge - Whitworth wire wheels furnished at slight extra expense.

Starting and Lighting
—the Gray & Davis system on all models.

Upholstery
—deep thick upholstery; splendid trimming throughout.

Interior Appointments
—tonneau leather trimmed, with spacious pockets and luxurious appointments.

Auxiliary Seat
—tonneau chairs exceptionally comfortable; upholstered arms.

Tool Boxes
—located under front of body, over running-board — quickly and easily accessible.

Equipment
—absolutely complete, including speedometer, Klaxon horn, electric lights, etc.

The new models are ready for your inspection and approval. The complete line embodies three-, four-, five-, six- and seven-passenger open bodies and four enclosed types---Limousine, Landaulet, Coupe and Sedan---all mounted on both four- and six-cylinder chasses.

Prices range from $4850 to $6200 for the six-cylinder models.
Four-cylinder cars $3750 to $5100.

The F. B. Stearns Company
Direct Factory Branch
546 Peachtree St. ATLANTA

For MILADY'S WARDROBE

By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

MANY of the latest summer models are almost entirely made of white muslin richly embroidered in the openwork English style. These dresses are accompanied by broad sashes and short coats of real lace. The hats worn with them are exaggeratedly "picture" in outline. The brim is always wide and the crown almost hidden behind immense butterfly bows of tulle or lace. For occasions of ceremony Leghorn and Tuscan hats are trimmed with sweeping ostrich feathers in white or pale pastel tints.

• • •

Half a dozen different coatees or mantlets can be worn with the same robette, and endless variations can be arranged with the introduction of finely embroidered sashes which possess heavily fringed ends. The corsage portion of these robettes is quite plain, almost like a fine corset cover. It is made plain expressly, because the great object is the introduction of dainty lace and net blouses and picturesque coatees or mantlets. When accompanied by a shady hat in Leghorn trimmed with pale roses and black velvet ribbons these little dresses have a special cachet.

• • •

Embroidered linen bags are offered in many shapes and in as many degrees of smartness, some being treated quite as carefully in matters of finish, mountings, etc., as though they were of gorgeous material. Colored line, embroidered with a touch of Bulgarian embroidery, makes some effective bags for individual costumes, but the one-tone color is more practical for general use, and some of the handsome bags of real Irish lace filet or other bold lace are better for general summer use than the embroidered linens.

• • •

Some particularly good belts called the hip belt, are made up in white and fashionable shades and have large oval buckles of the leather.

• • •

The waistline is not only allowed to remain normal, but by swathing it in wide supple sashes its size is considerably increased.

• • •

The soft draped bodice minus the high restraining collar is a feature of artistic gowns worn by women in Paris.

• • •

The French designer knows where a line must be accentuated and in many cases uses tiny buttons for this purpose.

• • •

Keen appreciation of the effective lights and shadows given by a moire effect has returned. Many frocks worn by Paris manequins at the Longchamps races were made of soft crepe with the moire effect.

• • •

Very much worn are the evening coats of fine black net, closely woven with glittering beads.

• • •

Plaited peplums of maline, net or mousseline de soie appear on some of the newest frocks, and these are stiffened by a thin wire or ruching of taffeta at the bottom, so they extend beyond the frock.

• • •

The colored slip is in vogue and summer frocks of sheer linen, mousseline de soie or batiste have pink, blue, yellow or green silk linings. The girdles worn with these costumes are usually of a contrasting color.

• • •

In millinery one single red rose is a note which bids fair to become extremely popular. It nestles among folds of black or white tulle, clings to the edge of the brim, hangs over the hair on the underbrim or forms a spikelike arrangement at the back.

The large garden hats of leghorn, maline and lace are trimmed with black velvet ribbon, drawn about the crown and, passing through the slits at the back, is tied in a flat bow at the back. A single flower placed at the side near the edge of the brim completes the trimming.

• • •

Coats show great diversity of length, plain tailor-made models being shorter than dressier models, in which coats may reach to knees.

• • •

One pretty feature of recent summer frocks has been the lace jacket or coatee with its trimming of fur or of swansdown. Ermine is being used for this purpose, sometimes forming a wide collar at the back. Wide lace bretelles are another feature of late fashions. They are a poor second, it must be admitted, to the surplice and the fichu. But anything that has the temerity to dispute the claims of these two effects deserves some notice.

• • •

Apropos of furs, it is reported that Bechoff-David recently introduced fox scarfs dyed a reddish shade; and the somewhat alarming suggestion is made that next winter we shall see furs artificially colored in brilliant tints. It is rather appalling to think of blue, green, red and violet furs!

• • •

The cincture that suggests the plaster babies of Lucas della Robia, at the Orphanage in Florence, is strongly suggested in some of the sashes that wrap around the waist and girdle the torso of the fashionable woman. When these long sashes first appeared they were not liked, but the public taste now finds them picturesque.

• • •

Velvet, brocaded velvet and metallic brocades are going to be the favored fabrics for these garments in the autumn and winter, just as they are now, and the fur collars that make them smart in summer—according to fashion's paradoxical whims—will make them practical as well as smart when the theater and opera seasons begin.

• • •

Many women are wearing eyelet embroidered stockings in white, black and colors; also white and black silk stockings ornamented with embroidery or insets of lace. The girls who are clever with the needle can fashion these expensive stockings for themselves, and pretty color notes to match the gowns may be introduced.

• • •

Popular prizes at the bridge contests held by the sea are the bathing girl pin cushions. Bisque jointed dolls dressed in red and white and blue and white striped bathing suits are mounted on cushions of Turkish toweling. Some are very prim looking, with the hair in two long braids; others suggest the mermaid with flowing hair. The cushions are shown in ovals, squares, circles, etc., and are arranged to hang up and stand. They are fitted with pins and trimmed with ribbons to match the bathing suits.

• • •

It is almost compulsory for the blue serge suit to have a vest or waistcoat, and all sorts of materials are being used for them. The new duvetyns—a successor to the velvety velours de laine—in the lovely soft colorings are ideal for these waistcoats.

• • •

Chiffon veils are being embroidered, the work being done in floss of the same color. The pattern in all these veils must be so arranged as to make the plain mesh area, whether over the entire face or simply over the eyes, conspicuously transparent by way of contrast.

• • •

Now that the pendulum of fashion has swung in the direction of pleated skirts they threaten to become ubiquitous. Women are discovering that the little loose folds at the feet are very becoming, and also that pleated skirts do not really add width to the figure. The sunray pleats are in great demand for such materials as charmeuse, silk cashmere and tussor, but for crepe de chine and chiffon nothing can take the place of the fine accordion pleats.

• • •

In the world of fashion things are frequently topsy-turvy. The unexpected is always welcome. Now that valuable jewels are worn on hats and shoes the homely, but always effective jet ornaments are given a place of honor. Round jet brackets are the latest fad, and they are worn with light and fragile summer gowns of lace and chiffon.

• • •

The black and white season in the world of Fashion is now upon us. After the garish colors of the spring, there has come a complete revulsion of feeling. Women of taste have grown disgusted with the color schemes in which crude tints were thrown together by unskilled hands, at the bidding of inartistic brains. Bulgarian tints have sounded the knell of crude colors; for the moment we are black and white or "pastel." And for the Trouville season, of which I shall speak in detail in a future article, an amazing number of pure white costumes are being made. White linen, white China silk, white embroidered lawn—these and many other dainty materials are in constant request for seaside dresses. As a fine white tulle it is being used for a dozen different purposes—for dresses, mantles, millinery, blouses, etc. Very lovely summer gowns are those made of wide-meshed silk net, the net which bears the name of "Tosca." These gowns are mounted over pleated slips of chiffon or crepe de chine and very frequently they are decorated with tiers of graduated flounces. Ordinary Brussels net is also fashionable just now, especially for draped mantles and for pleated waistcoats, the latter being used in connection with tailored suits of fine serge or linen.

• • •

A pretty fashion has been revived for children's summer frocks of thin material. This is the long-ended bow of ribbon, fastened just below the left shoulder. The ribbon, in soft shades of blue or pink, is made into a many-looped rosette, quite in the old fashion, and from the rosette hang three or four streamer ends. The ribbon should not be more than an inch or an inch and a half wide.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

Daring Dresses Stir Even Paris

MODISTES THREATENED WITH BOYCOTT



The climax in bold attire for women. The "Languorous Lift" is shown at the left, while the "Dagger Point" appears at the right. All Paris is excited over these latest gowns for evening dress.

"Languorous Lift" and "Dagger Point" Two Productions That Have Caused Criticism.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—All manner of figure-displaying fashions have eben disported at race courses and in the cafes of Paris by models of the modistes, and in some instances the public of the French Capital has been disgusted by the extreme to which the dictators of feminine attire have gone, but has looked on with unprotesting interest. At length, however, Parisiennes are overwrought. Even the leading dressmakers are endeavoring to put forth evening gowns which in their scantiness expose to view more of the bust and limbs of the wearer than modest woman will countenance. All Paris is stirred and threats of boycotts are to be heard.

The two productions which are accredited with precipitating this disturbed situation are termed the "Languorous Lift" and the "Dagger Point." The situation has been acute for months, and the introduction of these latest effects has but served to bring it to a head. The protests come not alone from women of France, but rumors are drifting into Paris of a revulsion on the part of American and German patrons, who for years have proved so profitable to the modistes of this city.

Being designed exclusively for evening wear, both the "Languorous Lift" and the "Dagger Point" are made with extensive trains. The former gown is so constructed as to display one limb to the height of the knee. This effect is not gained, however, by a side slit, but by the draping of the skirt, which is caught up near the hip and permitted to fall in folds on either side of the exposed limb. The bodice, close fitting, is cut with a deep square neck and trimmed in velvet, which extends down the front, terminating in streamers.

The "Languorous Lift," though the cause of wide criticism, does not approach in boldness the "Dagger Point." This is the most pronounced limb-displaying gown which has been shown here. With its train at the back, the front of the skirt is cut away on either side slightly above the knees to terminate in the sharp point, from which the creation gets its name.

From a front view both lower limbs are entirely exposed, and when the wearer attempts to walk, leaving her train to sweep from knees down her form is displayed. It is with this gown that the most profusely decorated hosiery has been introduced. All manner of unique designs in varied colors are embroidered on these stockings.

The bodice is nearly as scanty as the skirt. Being close fitting, it is cut in a sharp V to the high waist line formed by a broad sash girdle. The arm, like neck and limbs, are exposed to view, since shoulder sleeves are worn.

Decollete Gowns for Day Wear

The newest models for gowns created by the leading dressmakers for the seasons at the fashionable seaside resorts present several novel features. In the first place, the greater number of these gowns would have been pronounced evening dresses by our mothers, but not by our great-great-grandmothers, who themselves wore decollete corsages in the daytime. The sleeves of the elaborate afternoon gown of to-day are so short and so skimpy that they hardly deserve to be called sleeves at all. In many cases the corsages of garden party and race gowns do not have the pointed back and front effect which is peculiar to the evening dresses of to-day, but are made round on the shoulders, quite in the style of certain 1830 gowns. White fox stoles and borders are freely used in conjunction with such robes as these. A quaint but exceedingly picturesque idea.

• • •

New Jewelry Fads

Platinum, which has bounded up to the height of fashion (and price, too) as a setting for diamonds, seems now to be the supreme metal, and in the latest designs of the jewelers gold is used only in jewels designed for informal morning wear. Small gems have crowded out the larger sizes, and the dainty, filmy creations, to be popular this summer, show this trend. The Balkan war is reflected by jewelry of many colors, and the designs follow the ideas embodied in the jewelry of those countries, but somewhat modified.

Yellow, at present a popular color in the fashion world, has called for the use of amber, topaz and yellow sapphires, while the use of red, in its various shades, has met with a response in the Oriental trend in jewelry. Good taste and fashion go hand in hand in dictating that jewelry appropriate for evening wear is entirely out of place in the morning, when only ornaments of actual use are suitable, as, for example, a simple brooch that holds the collar in place. If a woman is in the habit of wearing earrings—which, by the way, are waning in popularity in the latest jewelry offerings—those of the "stud" type are considered right for morning wear. They may be either of pearls, baroque pearls (of good quality) or a pearl and small diamond. A simple pin at the throat, either in bar, circle, oval or other shape, may be worn in the forenoon with good taste, but in the whole realm of jewelry the pearl necklace of a single strand is the only piece that may be worn with absolute good taste mornings, afternoons or evenings.

Perhaps the most popular single article of jewelry that has appeared in the shops in months is the watch bracelet. Shown in every conceivable pattern and in all grades, from the expensive diamond studded platinum affairs, which only the wealthy can afford, to the cheapest of plated gold and silver offerings.

Lapel Chains for Men

There was a time not so very long ago when lapel buttons and chains were considered bad form by some of the men who pay special attention to matters of dress, but nowadays the fashion is generally accepted, though of course only with the negligee. With the soft shirt and light summer suit these chains are much worn.

The chains are of gold or silver to correspond with the watch, and the button which is fastened in the lapel buttonhole may be of plain, polished gold or silver, hand engraved or with engine turning (a popular mode of decoration) or enamelled, set with one or more gems, and fashioned into any one of countless shapes.

The plainer buttons are concave disks, ovals, triangles, squares, hexagons or octagons with engine-turned holders, and variations of these shapes are shown with fluted or beaded edges.

The monogram may be engraved on the lapel button, or the crest or initials traced in colored enamels. Club, fraternity or society emblems or school or college colors make good decorations for the buttons.

• • •

Uses for Old Lace

The woman who possesses rare old family lace is as fortunate as she who owns lovely jewelry. Lace lends itself to a thousand adaptations. A woman of taste and individuality can do more with lace than with anything else to solve the problem of dressing well at a moderate cost.

Lace is never old-fashioned. Take, for instance, a dress of supple white silk over which is a clinging straight gown with a tunic effect. The bodice is plain over the shoulders. Under the arms and across the bust is a full, straight piece of lace with a blue velvet ribbon threading the top. The fullness is gathered in at the waist, under a blue velvet waistband, and in front is a row of pretty shaded roses over the waistband. Could anything be more charmingly youthful? Almost any woman has old pieces of lace laid away which would serve in such a gown.

For a young matron a yellow crepe de chine is gathered up over a lace front panel. Another frock of white lace is partially veiled in old rose, and pale blue mousseline de soie, draped toward one side. With the present gashions of draping, the possibilities of using beautiful laces without cutting or destroying them is endless.

BLACK HOSE BOSTON FAD.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Black stockings worn with white shoes seem to be quite the fad on the North Shore. Last year all wore white stockings with black shoes, but this season things have been reversed. Several girls are following the fad.

FUTURIST GAUZE WRAPS LATEST EUROPEAN FAD

Weirdest Designs Are Printed Upon Them, and Some, Not Too Grotesque, Are Attractive.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The very latest craze, initiated by a futurist artist in Paris, is for gauze wraps to be worn at race meetings or at the Casino on the continent. These wraps have the weirdest designs printed upon them, and some of them, when not too grotesque, are wonderfully attractive.

The Viscountess Curzon, one of the loveliest blondes in England, has just had made a marvelous gauze wrap for continental wear. It has a border of Egyptian figures in black thrown against dead white background, the material being so fine that it could be drawn through a ring.

The lining of the wrap is of tangerine orange tulle and there is an immense tulle.

It is to be worn over a fairylike dress of embroidered muslin. The hat is a broad Tuscan, weighed down at one side by a cluster of white, black and purple irissee. Long single black velvet ribbon, which depends on the hat, is passed round the throat and allowed to hang low at the back.

All the latest tunics are of striped gauze, and they are very effective, and are worn over black charmeuse. Sleeves are shorter and shorter, so that thirty-button gloves are an absolute necessity.

In regard to hats, society women are getting tired of big lace, since they have become fashionable in the music halls. The bonnet-shaped hat is now much in favor with girls.

Lady Diana Manners looked particularly attractive at a recent garden party in one which came well down over her ears. Around the rim were clusters of black and red cherries and wide strings of black velvet, tied at the back so that the ends fell straight down.

At the seaside resorts, white linen hats lined with black moire, adorned with white wings, are being worn by many well dressed girls.

Perfect Diamond Is Exceedingly Rare

London Dealer Declares That Women Are Best Judge of the Jewels.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—It was demonstrated at the Jewelers' Exhibition, Agricultural Hall, Islington, which closed the other day, that the perfect diamond is rare.

One dealer produced a very large diamond which he was prepared to sell for $300.

"If nature," he said, "had not tinged it with that tint of yellow the stone would be worth $30,000.

"To those who have no knowledge of gems I would say: 'Do not buy as real for $25 a diamond that is pure crystal without blemish, for it would not be real.'

"Women are the best judges of the value of precious stones because they treasure them more than men. It is a matter of instinct."

X-Ray Skirts Told To Hide in Spokane

Meeting of Transparent Gowns and Sunday Sunshine Forbidden on the Streets.

SPOKANE, WASH., Aug. 16.—Women who saunter about the streets of Spokane clad in filmsy, transparent silhouette or tango gowns will hereafter do so at risk of arrest, according to the announcement to-day by David C. Coates, Commissioner of Public Safety. The much-heralded silhouette gown appeared on the streets in the Sunday sunshine and created so much commotion that the Commissioner issued the warning at once.

"If necessary, I will order the police department to make arrests," said the Commissioner.

FULFILL DYING PLEA FOR POSIES AND FINE DRESS

FORT COLLINS, COLO., Aug. 16. Complying so far as they were able with the last expressed wish of Mrs. Alice McMillan, who was frozen to death in the Manhattan mining district, many sympathetic women of Fort Collins united to provide a decent burial for the body, thus saving it from interment in the Potter's Field.

Mrs. McMillan, whose body was not found until the April thaws, had left a note asking that she be buried in "fine clothing, in a white casket, with a white hearse and an abundance of flowers."

When it was learned definitely that Mrs. McMillan was likely to be buried in a pauper's grave, the women took the matter in hand and the funeral was held.

POLICEMEN PERMITTED TO WORK IN SHIRT SLEEVES

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Aug. 16.—Shirt sleeves and white duck caps are to replace the blue coat and heavy helmet of the traffic policemen.

White roll collars and narrow black bow ties are to be worn with the shirtwaists, and the traffic officers have been asked to have their "gun pockets" deepened, so that their revolvers will not show.

HOBBLE HINDERS HER FLIGHT FROM POLICE

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Hazel Allsworth's hobble skirt was her undoing. "Otherwise I never should have been caught," she told the police, when relating her pursuit by a policeman.

Mrs. Allsworth confessed to the police, they said, that she had received $40 her husband had taken from a man from Keytesville, Mo., who was stopping at their home.

Alert Modisters Now Invent Dress For the Pet Dogs

Motoring Coats, Jeweled Collars and Fancy Leashes Among Articles of Canine Apparel.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The dog question is again the liveliest subject at seaside and salon. Having thrashed out fashions for women, artists and our leaders of fashion, male and female, are discussing what fashionable dogs should wear. Here are their conclusions:

Leather collars are still worn, but they should be of the same color and material as the leash. The most fashionable collars are of brass or silver, many of them mounted with precious stones, turquoises, sapphires and rubies.

Color Schemes Popular.

Much attention is paid to artistic combinations in dog wear. For instance, a dark brindled bulldog should have a red leather collar with silver-gilt mountings, while a white brindled dog looks best in a white collar set with tourquoises.

For Pekinese, Japanese and King Charles spaniels, the collar should be of worked silver, light and supple, of fine mesh and closed by a tiny padlock. A very stylish effect is obtained by the use of patent leather collars, and a ravishing combination for Poms is the dog harness which encircles the neck and breast.

Light Coats for Greyhounds.

Greyhounds look best in light colored coats with a stripe to match.

For motoring dogs, English stuffs and fur coats are in high favor, and plaids of dark shades are considered most suitable. At the seaside, sporting sweaters are very fashionable for short-haired dogs, and the wet summer is responsible for the appearance of canine mackintoshes, daintily gathered in at the neck and legs.

Every well bred dog has at least two pairs of boots, a pair of Wellingtons for outdoors wear and velvet or satin pumps for indoors.

"Unlucky Opal" Is To Be Worn a Great Deal This Season

Royalty Starts the Vogue and Jewelers Find it a Hard Matter to Supply the Demand.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The real opal, which has long been out of favor with the fair sex, is going to enjoy a great vogue this fall. There has always been a superstitious prejudice against these stones, but the new fashion of long necklaces of uncut opals has proved too much for the women to resist, and the jewelers of Bond street and the Rue de la Paix are hard put to it to get a sufficient stock.

Queen Victoria presented to each of her daughters on her marriage a magnificent set of opal ornaments, but these have seldom seen the light of day. One night at the opera, however, it was observed that Princess Henry of Pattenberg was wearing hers, and no doubt Princess Louise and Princess Christian will follow her example.

The Queen of Spain has always worn these stones, for her birthday is in October, the lucky month for opals, and Lady Deerhurst and Lady Aline Vivian are similarly fortunate—the latter indeed wore them on her wedding day.

Lady de Bathe (Lily Langtry) has some fine stones, but probably the most valuable opals in England belong to Countess Beauchamp, who has a tiara, necklace, brooches and earrings, which were collected at much below their value by Lord Beauchamp when he was Governor of Australia.

Others who have worn opals lately are the Dowager Lady Sligo and Lady Norah Brassey.

The Princess Royal has a deep-rooted horror of them. Some fine opals were maong the jewels she lost when whencked on the Delhi and she declares that their evil influence pursues her to this day.

SUSPENDERS TO BE INCLUDED IN WOMAN'S ATTIRE

"Galluses" or Braces of Blue the Last Word in New Masculine Mode.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Women's skirts for some time have been approaching the shape of the garments worn by the masculine sex, and now Paris and London face the prospect of seeing feminine attire more like men's than ever. The last word in women's clothes is "galluses." The suspenders look very much like the broad blue variety often hung in shop windows in America and possibly labeled, "The Fireman's Friend."

A Rue de la Paix dressmaker is enthusiastic over women wearing suspenders. "Braces," she declared, "will keep the blouse from coming up out of the waistband, as it sometimes does, and if carried out in the color of the skirt they should make a charming line."

Braces are not the only masculine trend in fashion, however, for after a wave of decided femininity in frocks, when frills and fluffs, and sashes and slashes, and hoppings and hobblings have been in vogue, fashion has dashed to the other extreme and London and Paris are promised waistcoats with cutaway coats, large steel trouser buckles at the back of tweed skirts and a ponderous and portly watch chain stretched across the diaphragm.

For the present the waistcoats are still daintily evolved in delicate grays and chestnuts, sprigged or flowered. Sometimes the waistcoats reach up to the neck, finishing in a small "V." Again they wrinkle effectively around the waist with a single or double row of pearl buttons. One ladies' tailor is showing a striped blue and red waistcoat with roses of another shade wandering gayly across it, the whole effect being something like a Union Jack with a flower garden on it.

The men's tailors speak rather contemptuously of the new fashions for women, scoffing especially at waistcoats, which they say have been tried several seasons without much success.

"GETS-IT" Chases Corns Alright!

Easy As One, Two, Three; No Fuss, No Pain, by Using "GETS-IT."

Just take two seconds to put a little "GETS-IT" on that corn. That corn is "done for" as sure as the sun rises. The corn shrivels up, vanishes. That's the surprise you get by using this new-plan corn cure. There's nothing to stick to the stockings or sock; your corn pains stop. You're saved the bother of applying plasters that make the corn bulge out from the core. You're saved salves that eat into the healthy flesh and "pull;" no more fussing with bandages. You don't have to help by picking and dragging out your corns, or cutting with knives or razors.



"We can Dance All Night and Our Corns Won't Hurt. We Both Use 'GETS-IT'—It Gets Corns Every Time, Dead Sure!"

"GETS-IT" is safe, painless, stops pain, never hurts healthy flesh. It is guaranteed. Try it on warts, callouses and bunions, too.

"GETS-IT" is sold at all druggists at 25 cents a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago. Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Elkin Drug Co., Courney & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Co., E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Co.

MAIL YOUR FILMS TO US



For developing. We are film specialists with the largest laboratory in the South. All prints made on Prize-Winning Cyko Paper. All roll films developed FREE, no matter where purchased. Brownie Prints, 3c each. Write for descriptive Camera Catalogue G. Prices $2.00 to $85.00. Use that fast Ansco film; fits any camera or kodak; costs no more, but also gives true color values. Mail Order Department.



E. H. CONE, Inc., 2 Stores, Atlanta, Ga.



IMPROVED ROOFLESS PLATE

Made of gold or aluminum, no gums, no roof. Truly Nature's duplicate, made only by us. Perfect fit or no pay.

GOLD CROWNS
WHITE CROWNS
BRIDGE WORK } $3

20-YEAR GUARANTEE

UNTIL AUGUST 15th We will continue to make our Whalebone Ever-stick Suction Plate for $3.00. The lightest and strongest plate known.

EASTERN PAINLESS DENTISTS THE BIG, COOL SANITARY OFFICE 38 1-2 PEACHTREE ST., Near Walton

R. R. FARE ALLOWED 25 MILES

MARRIAGE INVITATIONS

CORRECTLY AND PROMPTLY ENGRAVED

SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO., ENGRAVERS

47 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

LONDON W. Orton Tewson, Chester Overton — PARIS Paul Pierre Rignaux, Marquis de Castellane — BERLIN C. de Vidal-Hundt, Fritz Jacobsohn — ROME J. M. E. D'Aquin, George M. Bruce

SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

'OH, I SAY,' REAL FRENCH FARCE; ITS DOORS BANG

Alan Dale Finds It Minus the Star, but He Is Willing to Admit That He Did Smile.

By ALAN DALE,
Special Correspondent of The Sunday American.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—One swallow may not make a summer (though I believe it does), but nobody will deny that one "star" can make a play. Therefore, if that one "star" should be out of the cast (as often happens in London) it is quite likely that the play will lose its exuberance. I saw "Oh, I Say!" at the Criterion Theater when Mr. James Welch was out of the cast. I couldn't ask for my money back (I had been kindly presented with a pair of stalls), sb I sat through a star-less "Oh, I Say!!" and paid far more attention to the play than I should have done.

Londoners don't mind a bit when the actor or actress they pay to see takes a little vacation and an understudy goes on. (You learn this from a slip always inclosed in the program, when it is too late to repine.) Londoners are used to it.

I don't know what had happened to James Welch. Anyway, it was his understudy, H. Langdon Bruce, who played the part of the bridegroom in "Oh, I Say!!"—a particularly arduous role for an understudy to tackle. I divided my time feeling sorry for H. Langdon Bruce and for myself—particularly for myself.

"Oh, I Say!!" must have been a scorcher in its original French of Henri Kersai and Albert Barre, when it was called "Une Nuit de Noces" (A Wedding Night). It had to be adapted into London by Sydney Blew and Douglas Hoare. What they had to do was to "wedding-ring" the affair, or at least, in a question of equivocal relations, to suggest that the two were "engaged."

The little English word "engaged" covers a multitude of Parisian iniquities. Marcel, the hero of the piece, just married to the beautiful Suzette, meets in the foyer of the Hotel d'Angleterre at Beauvais the scintillant and corruscating Sidonie, to whom he has been "engaged." You smile as the word pops out in its Anglo-Saxon humbug. You are perfectly well aware what the adapter has done, but you look around you at the ornate and bare-shouldered British matron, and you quite understand why Marcel and Sidonie were "engaged."

That is really the gist and the gust of "Oh, I Say!!" The usual farcical use of lies is resorted to, and when I tell you that there are four doors in the setting—all of which bank—you can see your play. Everybody is pushed in at one door or other. Everybody else rushes in at another door. The most popular remark made is "You here?"

Each, seeing the other, cries "You here?" I daresay you have heard the remark before in French farce. Half of the French farces wouldn't get over the footlights unless you heard that lovely query, "You here?" Sometimes it is only "You here?" More emphatically, it is You here?" In cases of desperation it is "YOU here?"

However, I'm not going to pretend that I didn't smile at "Oh, I say!!" for it would be foolish pretense. I did smile. It has its funny moments in spite of allusions to pajamas, keyholes, disinfectants, and so on. Once get into the mood, and in spite of reason one laughs. "Laughter," says Professor Henri Bergson, "always implies a sort of secret freemasonry, or even complicity, with other laughers, real or imaginary. How often has it been said that the fuller the theater, the more uncontrolled the laughter of the audience!" There was a good deal of laughter at the Criterion Theater, and whatever one may write, in all cynicism of this cut-and-dried farce business, the piece HAS caught on. In my humble opinion, what "Oh, I Say!!" needs, and what I am told Mr. Lee Shubert will give it for U. S. A., is music.

Music dulls noe's sense of logic What appears banal and trite and far-fetched in a straight farce is accepted without question when a bit of music happens. With a chorus of pretty girls chirping "Oh, I Say!!" it wouldn't matter very much what I DID say. So there you are.

I can't tell you what James Welch did with the farce, but I should imagine that it belonged to him. There were two very pretty girls in the cast—Miss Sybil de Bray, who appeared as the bride, and Miss Ruby Miller, who was the maid. Then there was a very clever actress, rejoicing in the name of Marguerite Sciaitiel, who is, I fancy, Norwegian, and who is quite likely to be heard from again. There were many others, who had to rush in and rush out, and get banged in the doors. They had to work hard for their living, and if they were not merry, they were at least active little things!

It is a long time since we have had a dose of real French farce, even in London, and the English public has taken kindly to "Oh, I Say!!" even without music. The piece is very short, indeed, which is distinctly in its favor, and it says what it has to say with lightning-like rapidity. Anyway, it is established here.

ITALY BUILDS FLEET OF 300 MILITARY AIRCRAFT

Special Cable to The American.

MILAN, Aug. 16.—A large number of military aeroplanes are now being constructed in Italy with funds raised by national subscription.

When this program is completed Italy will have 300 military aeroplanes.

Dirigibles also will be built.

American Likely to Rule Ireland

Earl of Granard May Be Viceroy

Wife Was Miss Beatrice Mills

Countess of Granard, formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, whose husband is prominently mentioned as first Viceroy of Ireland under home rule.



All London Believes She Will Grace Court if Husband Gets Important Post.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—An American woman may rule in Ireland as wife the first victory under home rule.

All London is talking over the prospect and is prophesying the appointment of the Earl of Granard as Vice Regent of Ireland. The Countess of Granard was formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, of New York, the beautiful heiress whose marriage to the Earl was generally considered a love match.

The talk of the appointment is almost universally popular gossip. The Earl is a Catholic and his American wife is wealthy, and it is believed he will be acceptable to the Irish people, and fully able to hold his own as to the splendor of his court.

But apart from the material advantages of politics, wealth and religion, society talks pleasantly of the Countess herself. They recall the brilliant figure that Lady Daisy Leiter Curzon made as wife of the Viceroy in India, and announce in their opinion Countess of Granard will be as presentable.

Color of reality was given to the gossip when the Earl and his Countess went to Castle Forbes, Ireland, last week. No announcement was made that their trip had anything of a momentous nature, but it is rumored that beyond the casual appearance of the journey there is something of significance.

$30,000,000 Yearly in Penny-Slot Gambling

French Government Is Forced to Put Ban on Machines in Small Cafes.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The French Government has decided to prohibit the "penny-in-the-slot" gambling machines in all the lower class cafes.

The last available statistics show that in 1911 there were 64,953 of these petty gambling machines in use in France, and that their total receipts during the year were $30,000,000.

The machines are usually leased by cafe keepers on a sharing basis. During 1911 the proprietors received as their share $10,000,000.

The remaining $20,000,000 was represented by tickets, drawn from the machines, which were useless unless exchanged for drinks.

Red Horses for Army; New Breed Developed

Chestnut Equines Said to Have More Fire Than Those of Less Vivid Color.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—As a result of experiments made in Leicestershire by biologists, not yet completed, a new species of horses is being developed for the army.

Bright chestnut, which is the equivalent of red hair in children, has quite overcome all other tints among hackneys, and it is associated with the mental quality that is called "fire." It is a master color in more than one respect, indicating a viking spirit.

In horses and men a sort of duel is going on between red and brown, or rather chestnut and bay. The hackney is chiefly red, the hunter chiefly brown, though Ireland is now producing many chestnuts.

BINGHAM SCHOOL'S central purpose for 120 years has been to make Men of Boys. Asheville climate world renowned. Organization Military. Two details from U. S. Army allowed to N. C. The A. & M. College has one, Bingham the other. Target and Gallery practice, with latest U. S. Army Rifles. Lake for Swimming. Summer Camp during July and August. Tuition and Board $150 per Half Term. $300 a year. Address Col. R. Bingham, Box 6, Asheville, N. C.

Atlanta Conservatory of Music
MORTIMER WILSON, General Director
Location: In the Heart of Atlanta, Peachtree and Broad Streets — 1913-14 Session Opens September 2d
Complete Music Courses From the Kindergarten Games to the Concert Stage
Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Cello, Harp, Orchestral Instruments, Analysis, Ear-Training, History, Harmony, Composition, Conducting, School Orchestra and Chorus in concerted works. Ensemble Classes in all departments with recitals. Diplomas and Certificates of dependability.
Prospectus mailed on application.
Atlanta Conservatory, Atlanta, Ga.

'WHITE LADY' IS AGAIN SEEN IN KAISER'S HALLS

Fears Feft for Life of Emperor if Traditional Ghost Appears in Castle

By STEVEN BURNETT.
Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Superstitious people here are convinced that some great calamity is threatening the Kaiser or his family for the Hohenzollern family ghost, the famous "white lady," is said to have walked at the Palace, a thing she never does except when some disaster is impending or when a Hohenzollern is about to die.

The Kaiser himself ridicules the idea and has forbidden any talk about it inside the Palace walls, but several of the servants swear they did see the "white lady" and that the explanation that it must have been some lady resident of the Palace walking in her sleep through the endless corridors in her night dress is absurd, for she looked exactly as tradition says she does look, clad in long flowing white dress, her pale hands crossed on her breast, and her face covered with a nun's veil.

Appears in Middle Ages.

The "white lady" was first heard of as haunting the castles at Bayreuth, Ansbach and Plassenburg in the middle ages. At Plassenburg she was so much feared that the cavaliers of the court took delight in masquerading in white in certain rooms to frighten those who came their way.

Once, when Markgraf Albrecht, the Warrior, met a white lady at Plassenburg, he grasped her with his strong arms and threw her down the stairs, and at the bottom was found the dead body of his Chancellor, who, with the Bishop of Bamberg, had conspired against his ruler. But this incident did not in any way damage the reputation of the "white lady." Someone always managed to see her just before death entered the castle.

Napoleon Saw Specter.

The great Napoleon, who was intensely superstitious, on his military campaigns twice had occasion to pass through Bayreuth. The first time was in 1812, when on his way to Russia, and he sent a request from Aschaffenburg that he should not be asked to pass the night in the rooms at Bayreuth, which were known to be visited by the "white lady." His request was granted; yet next morning he arose in the worst of moods, and as he was getting into his carriage he was heard to mutter something about the "accursed castle." It was certainly the presage of disaster to him. The following year when he passed through the place he refused to pass the night there.

Last time a "white lady" showed herself at Berlin was in 1859, a short time before the birth of the present Kaiser.

Windsor Castle Open To Tourists Again

King George Orders That Any Official Accepting Tip Will Be Dismissed.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—At this time of the year hundreds of American visitors go to Windsor to explore the castle, and there is rejoicin- in the town over the reopening of the State apartments which have been closed ever since last January through fear of suffragette outrages.

Every person who enters the castle will have to pay a shilling, and there will be no free days as hitherto. By the King's command this money will go to the local hospital.

By the King's command also it is reported that no "tips" whatever shall be given to guides or to any of the officials at the castle. If any official is discovered accepting a "tip," he will be dismissed.

CHINA SUFFRAGETTES GET FIRST BIGAMY SENTENCE

Special Cable to The American.

HONG KONG, Aug. 16.—The first Chinese bigamy trial that has ever taken place ended in Un Chan Tse being sentenced to eighty days imprisonment by a mixed court at Shanghai. The prosecution was instigated by the Chinese Woman Suffragette Society.

POLYGAMY URGED AS CRYING NEED BY GIRL MILITANT

British Suffragette Declares That Monogamy Is Favored Only by the Happily Wedded

By HERBERT TEMPLE.
Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There is no better evidence of the remarkable change that is taking place in English women and girls than the existence of militancy and the appearance of a movement led by a young English girl for the introduction of polygamy in England.

Militancy among suffragettes had been confined to a very small number of women and to a certain class of women. The advocate of polygamy to whom I refer, however, is a very well-known writer, although quite a young girl.

An interview with the Sheik Ul Islam, the supreme priest of the Mohammedan Church, cabled first to New York and then to London, in which the Sheik pointed out he Mo-Mohammedans have polygamy and very little immorality, whereas we Europeans have monogamy and widespread immorality, was read with a great deal of interest here, particularly by women. It was very widely commented upon.

The young woman writer who would have polygamy says:

"Let us approach the problem fearlessly and frankly. The fact is that the present standard of morality is false and unreal, or that while nature produces what is ultimately a surplus of women over men, monogamy is not a suitable system for all our people.

"No system can be suitable which condemns to death or non-life so large a portion of the community as we, the surplus women, form.

"Monogamy is not a sacred institution, and there is no real necessity for hundreds of thousands, even millions, of women to be sacrificed upon its altar. Nor would anything of value be destroyed by its removal and by the setting up of a more suitable moral and legal standard.

"We are told that the ideal condition is one man—one wife. Well, whatever alteration takes place there can be nothing to force people, if they think fit, to preserve that equation so far as they themselves are concerned.

"But those who adopt that standard for themselves have no right—human or divine—to try to impose it upon others who are able and willing to adopt another, especially when imposing such standard is against nature itself and actually condemns a large number of human beings who have equal rights to themselves to exclusion from life.

"I do not believe the difficulty lies with men. I think that each man deep down in his heart admits—if only to himself—that monogamy is unnatural and has failed.

"The difficulty lies with the fortunately married woman.

"If she and her husband are satisfied with one another, then whatever the legal right may be they would never have anyone else.

"If they are not satisfied with each other, then monogamy will not bind them in fact.

"When all bachelor women and widows have the parliamentary vote, and their right to assist in the making of the nation's laws, one of its first influences will be to remove and destroy the artificial and arbitrary standard of monogamy and to establish polygamy as the legal and proper right and custom of an advanced people!"

Plombieres-les-Bains Bores And Drenches Paris Society

By LA RACONTEUSE

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—I have just returned from Plombieres-les-Bains, our most fashionable pleasure resort, where I went not because I really wanted to, for in this miserably wet summer Paris is most decidedly the best place to spend your time, but because my concierge, in plain words, told me that she could not possibly have any respect for a tenant who showed such atrocious disrespect of the laws of "le beau-monde" as to remain in Paris all summer instead of going to some fashionable resort.

In other words, I had to leave my cozy apartment for a while, or I knew that my female tyrant would make life unbearable for me by those thousands of mean little tricks known only to a Paris concierge, against which you are absolutely defenseless.

I found Plombieres-les-Bains as cold and wet as I had expected it, but crowded with society people, all dreadfully bored and all asking what to do on a dreadfully long afternoon with the rain pouring down.

Takes Hour to Recover.

In the morning time passes quickly, no matter how the weather. You take "le traitement," which here consists in a hot bath, followed by a cold shower, massage "sans l'seau" in the "kurhouse," or massage "a sec" at home in bed, after which you need at least an hour's rest to recover.

After lunch you go to the kursal to drink your coffee, tea or elder blossom tea to the accompaniment of the band; then you attend to your private correspondence, play a little "aux petits chevaux" or "a la roulette," but what then?

The afternoon is still young, and promenading, tennis or golf are out of the question.

Suddenly an electric shock passed through the room the news has spread that Monseigneur Angouard, the Congo missionary, will give a lecture at Hotel Deschauseaux, the hotel of all priests and religious people. You know in advance whom you will meet there and whom not. Not a single gambler, not a single "dame dernier cri"—nobody, in fact, but the members of the poorer aristocracy and the badly dressed bourgeoisie.

On the stroke of 4 these people meet in the large hall, and when they are all seated, firm steps are heard in the corridor and Monseigneur's imposing figure appears in the doorway smiling at everybody. He pretends to take a sip of water, and then he begins to tell about the 37 years he has spent in voluntary exile, first as a soldier in the Foreign Legion and then, when he was tired of shooting heathens, trying to save their souls as a missionary.

And the Hat Is Passed.

And when he has finished, one of the young girls present gets up, takes off her hat, turns it upside down and carries it around, asking for contributious to Monseigneur's little colored babies, and a few moments later she smilingly hands Monseigneur $150.

These affairs are always alike, and the Monseigneurs always turn up on a rainy day when people can not get away.

A lady who has caused a stir is the beautiful and charming Duchess of Manchester, who has given us a new dance which my readers probably know and which "isn't doing a thing" (is that right?) to the once almighty tango.

The dance, I am told, is composed by an American, Uriel Davis.

To be able to dance it you must first patiently practice walking upstairs instead of using the elevator. When you are quite familiar with the movement required to walk from one step to the one above, all you have to do is to repeat this movement in the ballroom—eight steps forward, eight steps back, raising your knees as much as possible; then you slide sideways as fast as possible and then repeat the first eight steps each way.

Without intending to hurt the feelings of Mr. Uriel Davis, I venture to say that I find the dance silly, and the reason it is so popular is because it is an excellent exercise to take off flesh.

Croquet Suddenly The Fad in England

Old Game Again Is Feature of the Smartest Week-End Parties.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Croquet has suddenly come back into favor after a long rest, and is a marked feature at all smart week-end parties.

Tennis is too strenuous and golf too baffling for many whose social duties call for much of their time.

The croquet lawns at Ranelagh and Hurlingham are in great demand, and many are introducing new rules and new kinds of hoops to give novelty to the game.

The Earl of Essex is devoted to the game. Lady Charles Beresford also passes hours at it.

Viscount Doneraile, Lord Tollamache, Lord Lurgan and Nigel Kingscote are often to be seen playing at Ranelagh.

Among the fair sex one notices Lady Angela Forbes, Lady Margaret Spicer, Lady Sophie Scott, Lady Winifred Butler and Mrs. Arthur Sassoon.

MANY ESCAPE VACCINATION.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—More than a quarter of a million children—or 31.6 per cent of those born—were exempted from vaccination last year under the "conscientious objection" rule.

Over 300 Ragtimers Pining for America

London Music Halls Crowded With Idle Singers Scheming to Raise Steerage Fare.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There are 300 or 400 homesick Americans in London. They are music hall artists who flocked over here when ragtime brought about a trans-Atlantic boom.

They came first class, talking of three-figure contracts, and now they are scheming to get cheap passages home disguised as Polish emigrants.

The trouble, of course, is that the music hall stage has been glutted with American turns.

BRITISH PRESS CALLS KIPLING REAL LAUREATE

Appointment of Dr. Bridges Declared Tribute to Pedantry Rather Than to Poetry.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The appointment of Dr. Robert Bridges to succeed Alfred Austin as poet laureate has note been treated as kindly by the press as was Mr. Austin's succession to Tennyson, notwithstanding the fact that both as a man of letters and as a poet Dr. Bridges is measurably his immediate predecessor's superior. The censure of Dr. Bridges' selection is probably to be found in the fact that the press is merely voicing public opinion, which is keenly disappointed that Rudyard Kipling did not secure the office.

Says The Morning Post: "If Mr. Kipling had been appointed laureate our people in these islands and overseas would have understood the honor as expressing a national sense. We are apt to forget that poets are of service in the world not merely as delighting the ears and refining the emotions of the cultured few, but as calling like a trumpet to duty in life and work, to the scorn of the base and the glory of the patriot, according to the poet's conception of baseness and patriotism."

The Pall Mall Gazette: "Mr. Kipling's claim is far above that of any contemporary. The writer of the 'Recessional' and of 'If' will be the laureate of the English people whenever crisis calls for utterance, and a world-wide empire will be his responsive audience."

The Star: "Mr. Kipling has more poetry in his little finger than Dr. Bridges has in his whole body. To be perfectly candid, the election of Dr. Bridges is a tribute to pedantry, and not to poetry. There are many living poets whose claims are indisputably superior to his. But in this country the path of dullness is the road to glory."

Just before the post of poet laureate was filled, T. P.'s Weekly published the following table as the result of an exhaustive canvass among its readers:

Kipling, Rudyard	22,630
Meynell, Alice	5,598
Masefield, John	3,267
Hardy, Thomas	2,170
Watson, William	1,088
Newbolt, Henry	821
Chesterton, Gilbert K.	777
Bridges, Robert	710
Noyes, Alfred	704
Keats, W. B.	641
Dobson, Austin	575
Le Gallienne, Richard	522
Housman, A. E.	468
Davies, W. H.	42[illegible]
Phillips, Stephen	324
Hewlett, Maurice	35

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, ATHENS, GA.
Named by a United States Commissioner of Education as being among the best fitted State Normal Schools in the United States. Fifty-six officers and teachers, ten buildings, eighteen departments of instruction, full certificate courses in Psychology, Pedagogy, English, Expression, Oratory, Mathematics, Science, History, Latin, German, Greek, French, Spanish, Correspondence.
The Home-Life courses are among the strongest in the South. Domestic Arts and Sciences, Manual Arts, Agriculture, Gardening, Home Nursing, Physical Culture, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Sight Singing. Diploma a license to teach. Two Practice Schools. Education for fitness and happiness in the home. Total expenses for a year less than $150.00. Write for Catalogue.
JERE M. POUND, President.

PHARMACY Studied at the University of Georgia, under the most favorable environment of college life means efficient preparation for a lucrative position. Graduates have never failed to pass State examination. Send for catalog to Dean S. C. Benidict, M. D., Athens, Ga.


WASHINGTON SEMINARY
1374 PEACHTREE ROAD - - - - ATLANTA
THE SOUTH'S MOST BEAUTIFUL SCHOOL
DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.
1. Boarding Department limited. $100,000.00 in Grounds and Buildings.
2. New School Building, modern in equipment, with provision for open-air class rooms.
3. Courses in Domestic Science and Physical Training a part of regular curriculum.
4. Departments: Kindergarten, Primary, Academic, College Preparatory, Music, Art, Expression.
Thirty-sixth Session begins SEPTEMBER 11th, 1913.
Write for illustrated catalogue.—S. L. D. and EMMA B. SCOTT, Principals.


Ga. School of Technology
The graduates of this leading engineering institute always in demand.
They are *always* well versed in the advanced courses in *Mechanical, Electrical, Textile and Civil Engineering, Engineering Chemistry, Chemistry and Architecture.*
Preparedness for real teaching, including new equipment for shop, mill and laboratories. New hospital, new shop buildings. Dormitories splendid new Y. M. C. A. Cost reasonable. Climate healthful. Environments excellent. Largest and most complete athletic field in the South. Write for catalog.
K. G. Matheson, LL.D., Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA MILITARY ACADEMY
THE SOUTH'S MOST SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED PREP SCHOOL
College Park, Eight Miles From Atlanta, Georgia
Fills every hour of a boy's life with wholesome mental development, body building, moral and social training, and preparation for a man's part in the world's work. A thoroughly disciplined, modernly appointed, attractive school for boys and young men—a gentleman's school limited to about 125 boarding pupils, so grouped as to give every teacher about 12 Cadets for tutoring and oversight at night. Delightful home life—a big happy family of successful, cultured teachers and pupils. Every sanitary convenience. Electric lights, steam heat, artesian water. Elevation nearly 1,200 feet, no malaria, perfect health.
BEST TABLE FARE AND PRETTIEST SCHOOL CAMPUS IN THE SOUTH
Three regular courses—Classical, Engineering, Commercial.
Members Southern Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools.
Active U. S. Officer in Charge of Military Department.
Classed A by U. S. War Department.
All arms accouterments and ordinance supplies furnished by U. S., just as at the V. M. I. and the Citadel.
Magnificent outdoor gymnasium now being constructed.
Thorough work in Class Room.
Largest Faculty in any Prep School in Georgia.
Athletics, without any "hired or induced" players, properly encouraged.
Location in College Park, Atlanta's most beautiful suburb.
Special advantages for Atlanta pupils.
Modern dairy operated for exclusive use of Cadets.
Prospective patrons urged to visit and compare with the best in America.
COLONEL J. C. WOODWARD, A. M., Pres.

SHORTER COLLEGE
A High Grade Institution For Young Women
Beautifully located near the mountains in the most healthful section of the South—not a death in the College during the forty years of its existence. Every convenience of modern home. Only two girls to a room, with large study between every two rooms. Every building of re-enforced concrete, absolutely fire-proof, thoroughly modern. Five of the 18 buildings planned just completed, 155 acres in grounds and campus. Faculty chosen from finest American and European Universities. Full Literary Course leading to A. B. degree; excellent advantages in Music, Art, Expression. Special attention to physical development.
Catalog on request.
Box 29, Rome, Ga.

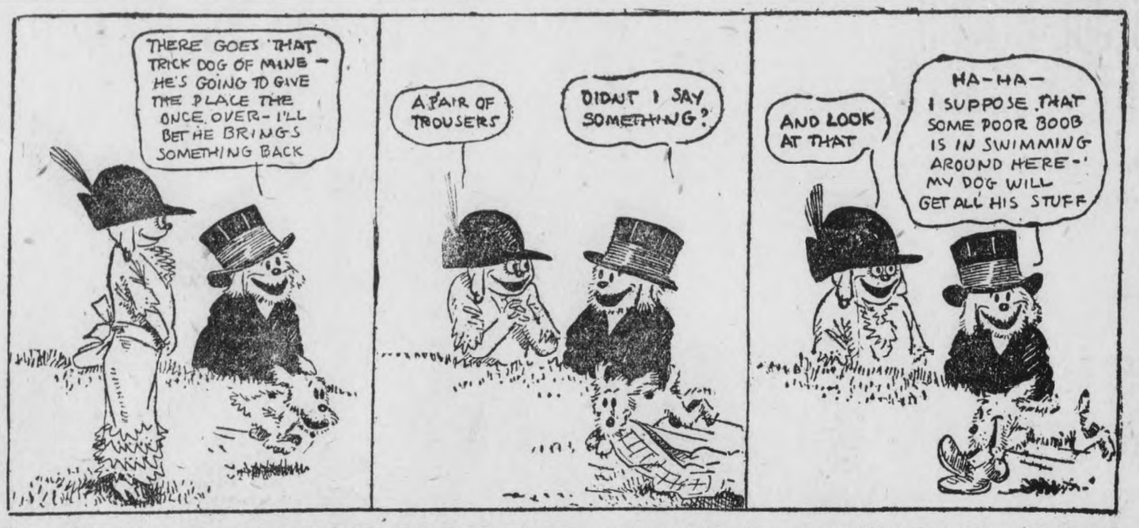
Sunday American Sporting Pages Lead All Others

YOU WOULDN'T KNOW THE OLD CAR NOW

Copyright, 1913, International News Service.

By Tad







RITCHIE DOESN'T COMPARE WITH OTHER CHAMPS

Must Meet Murphy, Welsh and Cross Before He Can Hope To Be World Figure.

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Here is a question fired at me from a home critic:

"How does Willie Ritchie compare with the lightweight champions who preceded him?"

Up to date he does not begin to compare in the slightest. Ritchie is still young and lacking in experience, however, and may loom up as more of a world-figure in pugilism when he has pitted himself against men like Tommy Murphy, Freddy Welsh and Leach Cross. Wolgast, who preceded as a champion, was a wonderful fighter before appendicitis marked him for its own. His handling of Battling Nelson on Richmond Field was something to live in memory, even if little "Ad" had never accomplished anything else.

* * *

BATTLING NELSON in his prime, was an interesting performer. And it was his negative qualities that made him worth while. There never was a man within twenty pounds of his weight who could stand such rough usage and keep pressing steadily forward. He wasn't the most gainly fighter of his class, by long odds, but his powers of assimilation covered a multitude of defects.

* * *

JOE GANS was a thorough workman, and a slight of him in action was as great a treat as a student of boxing could desire. He stepped around in a soft-footed way and was never out of position. His manner of ending it all with a downward clip of the right, delivered without drawing back the elbow, was well worth the price of admission.

He was an artist and it was a lament with old-time sports that Joe and Jack McAuliffe did not flourish contemporaneously. A tilt between the pair would have been worth a journey to see.

WACO SECOND SACKER IS SOLD TO BOSTON BRAVES

WACO, TEXAS, Aug. 16.—Oscar Dugey, second baseman of the Waco Texas League team and leading base runner of the league, was sold to the Boston Nationals, to report at the end of the local season. The consideration is said to have been about $2,000.

Koney Makes One Error a Month

Cards' Fielder May Set New Mark

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 16.—An error a month is the pace Ed Koney is setting for what probably will be a world's record as a fielding first baseman. So far the guardian of the Cardinals' initial sack has turned but four miscues this season—one in April, May, June and July—and if he gets but one in August and September his name will be engraved in the record books.

To accept 1,112 of the 1,116 chances offered him in 101 games is quite a phenomenal performance; still this is owned by Koney for his 1913 work. And it has everything eclipsed in the records of fielding first basemen since the National League was organized.

The highest average ever compiled by a first baseman in the National League was by Frank Chance in 1910, when he missed but three chances out of 814; that gave him a mark of .996. This to-day stands supreme, but if Koney continues his average of one error per month he will shade Chance's record by a slight margin.

Chance Leads All Rivals.

Since 1871, when the first set of records was kept in the National League, Chance's .996 stands out on top. Next to the ex-Peerless Leader is Dan McGann with a .995, and then .994 is the highest figure. The following table shows the five highest averages of the first basemen:

Year.	Name.	g	po.	a.	e.	pct.
1910—	Chance . .	87	773	38	3	.996
1906—	McGann. .	133	1391	83	8	.995
1909—	Chance . .	92	901	40	6	.994
1907—	McGann. .	81	781	55	5	.994
1897—	Tebeau . .	91	912	42	5	.994

Koney's fielding this year has been sensational and proves that he is without a superior as a fielding first baseman. Of course, now Chase and Daubert and Stovall have their supporters, but the truth is that for being steady day in and day out Koney is supreme.

Koney isn't as flashy as Chase. He will not dive high into the air and make the catch one-handed and he dosen't pull off the fancy stuff which Chase does. But he gets the wild pegs, the high ones, the low ones and those far too high, left and right minus the "grandstand" effort.

How Koney Made Errors.

On April 20 Koney made his first error. It was at Robison Field and he missed an easy foul off Chief Wilson. Later, Wilson put a single in left. The second error was May 28 in Chicago against the Cubs. It happened in the inning when Mitchell rolled to Huggins. Hug made the perfect toss, but Big Ed clamped his hands before the ball arrived, muffed and the runner was safe.

Then came error No. 3. It was June 25, at Robison Field. Carey grounded to Koney. Max raced for the bag and Ed, seeing he couldn't get there first, made a toss to Harmon. Bob let it get away, Carey ran to second and Koney got the error.

Big Ed almost escaped the month of July, but a bit of severe scoring gave him an error on the last day of the month. In the fourth inning Connolly rolled a slow grounder to Koney. Sallee raced over to the bag, but Connolly had the play beaten and it was scored as a hit. Sal allowed the ball to drop, roll a few feet away, and taking his time in recovery, Connolly hiked down to second.

There is how Ed Koney has made his four errors this season. And in between them he has accepted 1,112, certainly a remarkable record.

With the Cards in a slump this year, Koney's fielding hasn't dropped a bit. His batting has, and for that reason the fans have been handing the jeers occasionally to the Big Train. Every fan can rehearse when Ed failed to get a hit and drive in a run. And why? Because his play is watched every day where the others are passed by.

McCloskey Develops Big Ed.

Koney can miss driving in a run and the fans will see it. But Magee, Oakes, Mowrey, Wingo, Whitted and others will miss and nobody pays any attention to it. Not Koney, though.

It took time and constant training on the part of John J. McCloskey to develop Koney into the great first baseman that he is. Koney came here in June, 1907. He was a big kid, awkward around first, and didn't know how to shift his feet. He had the right foot in front when the left should have been there, and often the other way, too.

But McCloskey knew what he had. The entire summer John J. drilled his new capture. In the morning practice Mac toiled with Koney. He showed him this; he showed him that; he showed him how to keep one foot on the sack and catch the wide throw with the gloved mitt.

And it didn't take Koney long to master these fine points. He shows it to-day.

Some will doubt Koney's ability as a first baseman. But here he has a .996 average, just a fraction under .997, and every winter the Cubs, Pirates and Giants bid for the "Big Train."

Koney really isn't appreciated in St. Louis. They won't realize what a marvel and wonder he is until if, by chance, a trade will send him to some other club. And a duplicate of Ed Koney isn't cavorting around any of the minor league fields to-day.

TO CHANGE A. A. U. CODE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—G. T. Kirby, president of the Amateur Athletic Union, is to revise the A. A. U. code of rules, which, he says, in their present form can not be understood by attorneys. Kirby made this announcement before sailing for Berlin to attend the conference of athletic authorities of the world.

GIANTS CAN GET KONEY IF MATTY IS IN THE DEAL

President Britton Says He Will Make Swap With McGraw for "Big Six" and Merkle.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Ang. 16.—If the Giants will part with Christy Mathewson and Fred Merkle, then McGraw can have Ed Koney from the Cardinals!

From New York Thursday came a report that the Giants were dickering with the Cardinals for another swap, and that McGraw had offered Southpaw Wiltse and First Baseman Fred Merkle for the "Big Train."

Considering that Wiltse is fading and fading fast, and that Koney easily outclasses Merkle, the cards would run second on such an exchange, and the truth of such a transaction was asked of President Britton.

"If McGraw will make it Mathewson and Merkle instead of Wiltse and Merkle then I will O. K. the trade," said President Britton. "But Wiltse and Merkle, no."

Then the Cards' Prexy smiled and puffed his perfecto and continued:

"Yes, that's what I mean, Matty and Merkle. Matty must be in the deal. Anybody but Matty and there's nothing doing with us for Ed Koney."

"But don't you know, Mr. Britton, that McGraw never would consent to trade Mathewson?" was put to the Cards' chief.

"Why, certainly I know it, and that's just why I name Matty in a deal with the Giants for Koney," flashed back Britton. "After we took Crandall instead of Wiltse for McLean, I offered to buy Wiltse from the Giants, but McGraw said he did not want money, but was after players.

"We're after players to strengthen our club, too. We are trying to get the youngsters, and are willing to make a trade where we have an edge, but it's a cinch that we're not going to pass out anything like Koney for Merkle and Wiltse."

NEW COACH AT ROBINSON.

ROBINSON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Charles C. Wells, late instructor in mathematics in Millikin University, and prominent in athletic circles, has been appointed athletic coach and instructor of the Robinson baseball, football and basketball, and will reorganize the athletic department of the Robinson school.

CATLIN TO COACH LAWRENCE.

APPLETON, WIS., Aug. 16.—At the Lawrence high school it was last night decided to re-engage Mark Catlin as football coach.

GIANTS ALWAYS FIGHTING, EVEN IF IT'S M'GRAW

Crandall Incident Goes to Prove That Muggsy's Men Are Always in Wrangling Mood.

CINCINNATI has pulled the story that two or three of the New York Giants took a punch at Manager McGraw because he released Otis Crandall, star pinch pitcher and pinch hitter, accompanying his action with the statement that Otis never was a real star and wasn't fit for membership on a high class baseball team. Naturally the players were incensed to see an old pal thus turned down, the more because McGraw's action deprives the young Indiana boy of a probable slice of world's series money later in the fall. Maybe they did punch McGraw and maybe they didn't. It doesn't look reasonable that they did, for "Muggsy" ins't standing around as a target for anybody.

* * *

BUT the incident shows two things conclusively. The Giants are fighters, every inch of them, and it is the fighting spirit that wins in any sort of an athletic contest. The Giants are keyed up to the right tension and their position at the head of the National League race is one to which they are fully entitled because of this fighting spirit. McGraw has them gingered to a nicety and doubtless welcomes a little shindig now and then off the field, just as a matter of relaxation.

* * *

MANY of the McGraw methods are far from commendable and some of them are even reprehensible, but in the main other baseball managers might well take example of the Giants' leader and instill this fighting spirit into the men. Frank Chance could keep the old Cub machine snarling and snapping in much the same way and Jimmy Callahan's nature is infectious at times and carries the team along under high pressure. Joe Tinker is a fighter at heart and even the queer conditions in Cincinnati hasn't taken all of Joe's heart. There are few other managers, however, who really scrap and succeed in getting the fighting spirit into their men.

DUFFY SELLS OUTFIELDER JOSEPH BURNS TO TIGERS

PORTLAND, ME., Aug. 16.—Manager Hugh Duffy, of the Portland club of the New England League, announced that Outfielder Joseph Burns had been sold to Detroit.

Burns' home is in Ipswich, Mass. The price was not made public.

RACE TRACK AT AUCTION.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The passing of another famous New York race track apparently is forecast in a foreclosure sale of the Brighton Beach property, scheduled for August 28. The action was brought on a second mortgage of approximately $95,000. The first mortgage is $650,000.

Johnny Evers Need Not Worry

President Murphy Is With Him

By Davenport.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—John Evers is not worried concerning the report he is to be ousted from the managership of the Cubs.

"I am worried in a sense," said the Keystone King when he heard the report, "for I know these reports are not tending to the improvement of conditions on the club.

"I firmly believe the reports emanate from sources unfriendly to the Cubs.

"Last winter when it was announced I had been appointed to succeed Frank Chance, my enemies said I would not last until Decoration Day.

"I was right on the job at Pittsburg on Memorial Day and then the fellows who seem to have a grudge against me said: 'Well, he'll blow up before the Fourth of July,' but there was no premature explosion and yours truly celebrated the glorious Fourth by managing the Cubs while they went through a double-header.

"Now they are flirting me right off the reel, but so far as the stability of my position is concerned I am not concerned.

Murphy Pleased With Work.

"I have the knowledge that President Murphy is back of me. He has convinced me upon more than one occasion that he is backing me, and I know him well enough to feel that I can rely upon him.

"He has upheld everything I have done in the management of the players and he has informed me upon more than one occasion that I am giving satisfaction.

"As I have said concerning alleged dissensions in the club, I know who is starting these reports. They do not come from West Side fans. It is a trouble that has existed for years, and some one must be the goat, so why not your humble servant? Let it go with the other managerial duties. My shoulders are broad. I can not only stand the hisses and jeers of the fans, but I guess it is up to me to pay no heed to these false reports that are being circulated and have been circulated all season."

President Murphy also emphatically denies he intends to remove the Keystone King.

When apprised of the fact some one had started the report Evers was to be separated from his job, President Murphy said: "There is absolutely no truth in the report. I still believe Evers is the best manager in the business and the greatest ball player in the world. I have backed him up in his action on and off the field.

"I wouldn't give 2 cents for a manager who can't manage, and I am satisfied that Evers is not one of that sort."

Discussing the reports that the Cubs are fighting among themselves, Manager Evers said: "I want men who fight, but I want them to use a little judgment in whom they fight.

Wants Fighting Spirit.

"I like men of the Zimmerman type, who are fighting every inch of the way.

"True, Heine was put out of a number of games this summer, but why? Because he was always up on the job, watching every play and ready to fight for what he considered his rights.

"I do think it is unfair for the fans and sport writers to pick up every little petty quarrel that may come up and make a mountain of it. These are the things that are hurting the club."

Considering the pitching the Cubs had during the early part of the season, the misfortune sustained by Overall in the way of illness, and the other hard luck, Evers has done well to keep his club up among the top notchers, and he is being given credit for it all around the circuit.

Then there was the hard luck encountered when the Cubs invaded the East the last time, Archer out of the game with a had finger, Zimmerman out with a game ankle, and Bridwell out with punk pins.

Some handicap, "fellers," but Jawn has been right on the job fighting his way through all the time.

We have it from the Keystone King, right from the shoulder, that stories of dissension on the club have been greatly magnified, and here's a little secret that will surprise you.

That story to the effect Evers is to be deposed came from an eavesdropper.

AFTER BERTH IN WESTERN.

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., Aug. 16.—Leo Meyer, of this city, has made a bid for the Sioux City franchise of the Western League. Meyer said he was anxious to bring the club here, but declared he was not sure about meeting all the requirements of the league.



DROPSY SPECIALISTS

give quick relief usually from the first dose. Distressing Symptoms rapidly disappear. Swelling and short breath soon removed; often gives entire relief in 15 to 25 days. A trial treatment FREE by mail.

Dr. H. H. Green's Sons Box B, Atlanta, Ga.



For Everybody, Everywhere

For workers with hand or brain—for rich and poor—for every kind of people in every walk of life—there's delicious refreshment in a glass of

Coca-Cola

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

different and better in purity and flavor. The best drink anyone can buy.



Be sure to get the genuine. Ask for it by its full name —to avoid imitations and substitution.

Send for free booklet.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

All the News of the Boxing World on These Pages

GEO. HARRISON IS JOE BEAN'S BEST PLAYER

Ex-Marist Star Now Making Fine Baseball Record at Georgia University.

By O. B. Keeler.

WITH your kind permission, we will now introduce Mr. Harrison, prominent second baser of the University of Georgia baseball team, former Marist star and a corking good student of pharmaceutics as well as the national sport.

Mr. Harrison's initials are George L., the "L." standing for Larrup. He is an Atlanta boy, 19 years old, sound in wind and limb, and quite a hobby of Joe Bean's.

"I think a lot of George because he can think," says Joe, who was George's coach at Marist. "Every year the colleges show us a lot of young ball players that can run and throw and field and hit. But a fearful percentage of these neat little baseball machines use their heads mainly to keep their collars from sliping off."

But that isn't the way of George. Take it from Joe.

A Smart Ball Player.

"He is what is known in professional circles as a 'smart ball player,'" Joe adds. "He remembers every little tip anybody gives him—and he uses his memory on the field. He thinks fast and he has the physical speed to carry out his hunches. He is the best all-round college ball player I ever had charge of."

George was a freshman last year, starring in pharmaceutics and the territory around second base. He is expected to do the same, only more so, in the gentle springtime of 1914.

At present George, who is an earnest investigator of things entirely apart from the squeeze play and touching second, is doing a bit of extra work in physics at the summer school of the university. He takes quite a serious view of life, even at the supposedly callow age of 19 summers and the same number of winters.

Had Heart Trouble?

An odd feature of George's development as a ball player cropped out when he started to Marist where he played with great effect three years for Joe Bean.

George was very young then, and he was growing so fast that he frequently found his clothes too small for him when he got up in the morning. The stretching worried some of his insides a bit, and George's folks had an idea he had a floppy heart. It used to flop when George played tennis. They asked Joe Bean to take good care of George and not let him play ball too hard. They recommended first base as the easiest job.

The Flopping Stopped.

But Joe needed a second baseman. Also he saw right away where George ought to perform. He reasoned that one place was as bad as another, if not worse, when it came to causing cardiacal floppings, and he diagnosed properly the uncertain behavior of George's pumping apparatus.

Moreover, George had let up on the growing by that time and was feeling great.

So George went to second base, where he proceeded to eat 'em alive.

He has been doing that ever since, too.

George isn't looking forward to professional toil on the sunburned square. He is going to be a pharmacist, which is a druggist with a university training.

And if George applies the same system to pharmaceutics that he has to baseball, he should travel along on the high speed.

Joe Bean says George is one smart ball player.

BOOKING AGENCY FOR BOXERS TO BE FORMED

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Plans are maturing for a national boxing organization, which will have for its purpose the booking of boxers for various clubs or promoters throughout the country; in fact, it is to be a general booking agency, the same as is in vogue among theatrical people. The man back of the project is Wilbur Stuart, of Columbus, Ohio.

It is the intention of the organizers of the company to have connections in all the large cities of the country. This project would do away with the middleman, or manager, to some extent, but not necessarily, as very often managers are only too willing to pay the regular booking fee to get a match.

The scheme may not look very tempting to some at the present time, but with the growth of the boxing game there is no reason why the project should not be a success—at least, it is worth trying.

KONETCHY FOR MERKLE AND WILTSE IS RUMORED TRADE

PITTSBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Local baseball men gave credence to-day to a tip that Manager McGraw, of the Giants, is dealing with St. Louis for First Baseman Konetchy and has offered First Baseman Merkle and Pitcher Wiltse in exchange. Since the golf squabble in which Merkle was involved along with Mathewson, McGraw and Merkle have not been the best of friends.

INDIANS GET CENTRAL STAR.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Aug. 16.—Wheeler, of the Terre Haute club, has been ordered by the Cubs to report to the Indianapolis American Association club. This was a great surprise to the fans, who did not know that the Cubs owned him. Wheeler leads the Central League in batting with .342.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
REMEDY FOR MEN
AT DRUGGISTS OR TRIAL BOX BY MAIL 50c
FROM PLANTEN 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.
—BEWARE OF IMITATIONS—

Here Is George Harrison, Georgia's Great Infielder, Who Uses His "Bean" in Playing Baseball

Three years of second basing under the tuition of Joe Bean at Marist fitted George to jump right into the spotlight in his freshman year at Georgia and pile himself up a fine little reputation. He will start with flying colors when the season opens next spring.

This looks like pretty severe training for a future pharmacist, but it isn't the only kind Harrison takes. Just now Georgia's star infielder is taking a summer course in physics at the University.



It really doesn't matter how fast the pace is, or whether George Harrison is sliding to second, or dashing in to start a swinging double play—he's always thinking. Joe Bean says he thinks faster and with more effect than any other college player he ever had anything to do with. "His head does more than merely hold his collar on," says Joe. And Joe ought to know something about it.

Looking over the film, it is hard to imagine that George was suspected of having heart trouble a few years ago, when he entered Marist and wanted to play first base, because that job was supposed to be easier than the other stations of the infield. Joe Bean diagnosed George's trouble as rapid growing, and Joe was right about it. As soon as George stopped expanding, his heart settled down to a fine, even gait, and has never missed a tick since. He is now approaching his twentieth year, and is sound in wind, limb and disposition.

PHOTOS BY SUNDAY AMERICAN STAFF PHOTOGRAPHER

'Walsh Now Pitching for Sox' Tickers Don't Flash That Now

ED WALSH is not with the White Sox on their Eastern trip. In all the games Callahan's men play during their stay in the East, the ticker will never flash, 'NINTH INNING: WALSH NOW PITCHING FOR CHICAGO."

The Big Moose, the greatest of iron men, isn't the Walsh of 1912. The averages give him seven won and three lost for a percentage of .700. He has pitched 10 games, with the season half over. If he pitches 10 more during the remainder of 1913 it will be a surprise.

Walsh is worn out. He has the heart and head of last year, but his arm isn't able to perform what he wills. He is just a shadow of his 1912 self, so far as pitching goes.

Too many innings of relief work, too many innings pitched did for his iron arm.

For years he was "THE WHITE SOX," practically all there was to the White Sox, and the only reason anyone went to see the club. Last season, with ordinary backing, he pitched Chicago into fourth place. There were 78 games won by the club. Walsh is credited with 27 of them in his own record. Many more he saved for other twirlers, going in with the Sox ahead and stopping rallies.

Callahan pitched his willing worker 393 innings, or 43 nine-inning games, during the American League season. This shows on the books but there is no record of the innings Walsh warmed up and used up his arm by so doing.

This season Comiskey, the Sox owner, thought Walsh would pitch more than 400 innings. Callahan thought so Wash thought so.

But the Iron Man was through. He had held the White Sox up so long that his arm was weary, even if he didn't know it. His record of 393 innings in the American League season, topped off by his feat of twirling the Sox to victory by pitching 40 innings of the Chicago city series with the Cubs—which he won practically by himself—has taken toll.

Whether Ed Walsh will come back is a thing the future will have to tell. Sometimes they do, but oftener they don't. Rest may bring him back, if Callahan gives it to him. But again it may be that 393 innings of fiercely competitive ball have ruined his arm for good and all and that one of the greatest pitchers the game has known is now a has-been.

Universal Polo at Panama Exposition

Exciting Game To Be Opening Feature of Great Affair—Stand to Seat 18,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 16.—Universal polo will be the opening feature incident to the department of live stock at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

There will be many stables on the site, and the race track infield will afford an ideal location for polo grounds.

Polo enthusiasm is spreading all over the world and it is proposed to have ten or fifteen days of polo, beginning with the opening day of the exposition.

A series of elimination matches will be arranged, and because of climatic advantages a number of the established teams will winter their ponies in California.

There will be a grand stand which will seat 18,000, and its capacity will be taxed during the great tournament, which will be held on the exposition grounds.

The question of cups and prizes is now being considered. If the Hurlingham cup still remains in this country it is possible that the international polo match can be held at San Francisco. That, of course, is a question which can only be decided by time, but in any event representative teams from many countries will be attracted to a universal meet at San Francisco in 1915.

TESREAU HAS BEEN ON SLAB IN MANY GAMES

McGraw Has Sent Jeff to Mound Oftener Than Any Other Member of Giants.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—John McGraw had called on Jeff Tesreau oftener to start battles this year than any other member of the Giants' pitching staff. Up to August 12 the "Little Napoleon" had given the pitching assignment to the big spitballer 28 times. Jeff only went the route on ten occasions, but on many of the times he was dericked he was lifted to allow a pinch hitter to be inserted into the proceedings, and not because he was not performing to the satisfaction of his commander.

• • •

WERE Hugh Chalmers, of Detroit, to offer a car to the National League pitcher who twirled the greatest number of complete games instead to the player who is most valuable to his team, Christy Mathewson undoubtedly would be riding around in a new auto next fall. "Big Six" has opened on the firing line in 22 skirmishes for the Giants this year and has lasted through 17 engagements, which gives him a finishing average of .773. Matty quit twice because he had to, twice because his team had an enormous lead and once because McGraw wished to shove Harry McCormick in as a pinch hitter.

• • •

THE club that has compelled Mathewson to retire under fire is St. Louis, the team that handed him his first beating twelve years ago, when he first became famous. The Cardinals ought to be proud of themselves for their showing against "Big Six" this year. They have received five of the thirteen passes Matty has issued this season, Ed Konetchy and Miller Huggins each obtaining two and Steve Evans one. The eight other National Leaguers who have been honored with complimentaries by Mathewson this season are Viox and Mensor, of Pittsburg; Bates and Groh, of Cincinnati; Zimmerman, of Chicago, and Titus, Rariden and Maranville, of Boston.

MANY CATCHERS GET INJURED BY MIXED SIGNALS

Chief Meyers Nearly Lost a Finger When Christy Mathewson Double-Crossed Him.

By Otto C. Floto.

DENVER, Aug. 16.—Nothing breaks up a battery so fast as double-crossing the catcher. Mind, we do not mean to say this is intentionally done—but through carelessness or through not getting the signal correct, it happens in some of the most important games. And when it does—well, the opposition has the "shade" from that time forth. In Chicago recently, during a conversation between John McGraw and the writer, the Grand Mandarin of the Giants told us of an incident when even the great Mathewson was at fault in this sort of play.

"Meyers is naturally dark," said McGraw. "When he becomes tanned in the summer time he is darker than ever and quite naturally when he places his finger on the palm of the soiled glove it takes quite an eye to distinguish whether he has one or two fingers pointed to the ground. Oftentimes one finger means a straight fast ball and then again it means a curve, and vice versa. Mathewson, in one of the games against St. Louis, got his signals mixed and pitched a curve when Meyers was looking for a straight fast one. The result was that the ball not only got away from the Indian, but came near tearing his finger off. Of course, I immediately took him out of the game, because I knew he would be rattled from that time forth. The next day he was steadied again and the incident forgotten.

• • •

ANOTHER time while with Baltimore, Joe Corbett double-crossed Robinson and lost a game for us. Of course, the double-crossing is unintentional on the part of the pitcher, and it occurs only when the catcher and the pitcher get mixed in the signals and don't ask each other for a repetition of the same. If they did this no error would be made. In the big leagues when this tangle occurs the players think nothing of it. But I have seen in the smaller leagues, when the battery gets mixed the catcher, generally a youngster trying to make his reputation, seems to labor under the impression that the pitcher is 'trying to show him up,' and it often creates hard feelings on a team."

• • •

REFERRING again to the honesty of the game, we need nothing better to point to than the leaders of the National and American Leagues. Both the Giants and the Athletics have spoiled the race. They are so far ahead of all the other clubs that even at this early day of August 4 interest is eliminated. It means several hundred thousand dollars to the club owners to have a condition of this sort exist. Yet they would rather have it this way and lose thousands of dollars than "frame" and kill the sport.

What if Boston and the Athletics in the American League were neck-and-neck and battling for every game—well, the grounds in either city would not be large enough to hold the crowds. In the National League, what if New York and Chicago were abreast—it would simply mean all records for attendance would be shattered.

So you see the playing is absolutely on its merits and when a team wins or loses everything connected with it is on the level. That's why baseball will ever remain the most popular of outdoor sports. The finger of suspicion is never pointed at any act on the ball field.

Meddling Has Ruined Red Sox Stallings Is Popular in Boston

By W. J. McBeth.

THERE is little comfort in a reputation to the fellow who has lost his punch. This ring chatter applies directly to baseball. A pugilist may get away by sidestepping action, but organized baseball requires 154 tilts every year.

The Boston Red Sox furnishes a very fine object lesson for the point in question. One year ago the staid old "Hub" was wild with enthusiasm over its pets of a generation. To dispute that the "Speed Boys" boasted the classiest aggregation in modern times was the shortest route to suicide. To-day, though a world's championship has been added to the achievements of the Back Bay athletes, the pennant winners are the scorn of the City of Culture.

The answer lies for the most part in four agate lines—which represent the difference between first and fifth places in the American League standings. Boston's National League team, which saw many lean and hungry years, while its rival lived upon the fat of the land, has usurped the popularity of its fading contemporary. The Red Sox in their company have shown the better percentage of victories. But still their work has slopped off so badly from what was expected of the holders of baseball's highest honors that in comparison to the improvement made by the Braves the Red Sox appear in the light of the vertest "bush" class.

Boston, like every other town, has little use for a team that has hit the chutes, while always ready to extend a hand of encouragement to a club that stems on the upward trend.

• • •

IN gaining a few rounds on the ladder from the cellar George Stallings' Braves have accomplished a task that well might be considered more wonderful than cinching a second American League pennant with the champions. Baseball fandom is clever enough to appreciate the point and pay tribute where tribute is due. But the Boston situation of the American League furnishes a moral which many of our meddling promoters might well take to heart. One thing is to leave good enough alone; another that it is far easier to destroy a finely attuned mechanism than to overhaul and rebuilt it.

• • •

EVERYBODY said a year ago that the Boston Red Sox were the luckiest world's champions known to history. Perhaps they were, but they certainly had some class to get in the finals. Moreover, they went through a long campaign without dropping more than two games in a row till the pennant was cinched. The club looked anything but impressive in the world's series. But was it altogether the fault of the club?

I honestly believe, in the light of later developments, that if the real inside truth were known President James McAleer had a lot to do both with the poor showing of that team against the Giants and in the 1913 race so far this season. Jake Stahl, deposed from the management in mid-season, may have been left unhampered this season as McAleer insinuated, but he certainly did not have a free hand against the Giants last fall. He was girt about by a so-called bond of strategy. These many cooks came very near to scorching the broth.

While the Red Sox were setting themselves, Jake Stahl and, incidentally, McAleer on the high pedestal where the bump incident to this year's fall should be all the more pronounced, somebody put a stick of dynamite under the foundation. In the height of battle a serious row cropped out among certain players. As is usually the case, factions resulted. The unity of the team was undermined. The big explosion followed the poor start of 1913 consequent to wholesome injuries and sickness.

McAleer may not have directly interfered with Stahl. Yet the inference is there pretty strong. Jimmy looked like an ideal president when everything was of rosy hue. But once a manager always a manager. We see that in the attitudes of some of our renowned scouts. The cunning hand of McAleer might be traced in the present dilemma of his noble country.

AT least McAleer, or his associates in the business administration of the club, deserve little sympathy for the cold desertion of Hub fandom. They brought it upon themselves by a cold throw down of their most loyal supporters. The band of "Royal Rooters" which had accompanied the team to and fro between New York and Boston were not provided with seats for the seventh game. The business management was unable to explain satisfactorily this shameful oversight; naturally the rooters took it as an insult, believing they had been "given the works" simply through avarice of the management.

"It is the last game and they think standing room good enough for us" was the universal sentiment. The rooters put a boycott on the eighth and deciding game. Also they gathered round the offices at the close of the contest when they were slighted to put the curse on Fenway Park, Red Sox and all connected with them. By the looks of things it was some curse.

Tire Prices Down

How We Did It Without Skimping On the Costliest Tire That's Built

Here are a few amazing facts which every tire user should know.

Goodyear No-Rim-Cut tires used to cost one-fifth more than other standard tires. And yet they gained the topmost place in Tiredom.

Three things caused this extra price.

In the base of each tire we vulcanize six flat bands of 126 braided wires. It is thus that we make a hookless tire—a tire that can't be rim-cut.

Then every No-Rim-Cut gets the "On-Air Cure." It is final-vulcanized on air bags. This is done to save blow-outs. It adds to our tire cost $1,500 per day.

Then we use in each tread base a patent "rivet" fabric. We paid $50,000 for this feature to prevent tread separation.

Not one of these costly features are used in any other make of tire.

We have clung to small capitalization. On this account we can and do keep our profits under 8½ per cent.

All these savings, as fast as we made them, went to users of our tires.

Note What Our Price Includes

Rival makers must in some way meet the Goodyear price. But please consider what our price includes.

A tire that never rim-cuts.

A tire built to save blow-outs, in a way so costly that no one else employs it.

A tire built in our patent way to prevent tread separation. And built in every other way for longest mileage, regardless of the cost.

Now No Extra Price

Now these same tires, with all of these features, cost you no extra price. Not a standard tire of any type costs you any less.

And these are the reasons:

Our overhead cost, in days of small output, ran as high as thirty per cent.

It is now less than six per cent. Our multiplied output, in this one way, has cut our tire cost twenty-four per cent.

We have built new factories with modern equipment, with every new invention in labor-saving machinery.

That's Why They Outsell

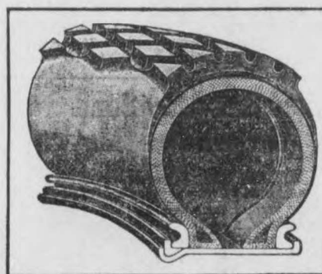
Hundreds of thousands now use these tires. They far outsell any other. Yet the demand from users is now growing faster than ever before in our history.

That's for the reasons told you.

Rim-Cutting alone, with old-type tires, ruins 31.8 per cent — almost one tire in three. Blow-outs and loose treads, which our methods combat, are immensely costly items.

You should get these savings—get them all—when you pay the Goodyear price.

Our dealers are everywhere.



GOODYEAR AKRON, OHIO
No-Rim-Cut Tires
With or Without Non-Skid Treads

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AKRON, OHIO
This Company has no connection whatever with any other rubber concern which uses the Goodyear name.

Atlanta Branch, 223 Peachtree Street
Phone Bell Ivy 915-916. Atlanta 797

Latest Baseball News and Gossip of All the Leagues

SULLIVAN TELLS WHY A.A.U. PUTS BAN ON WOMEN

Athletic Body Objects to Mixed Competitions in Order to Preserve Dignity of Women.

By James E. Sullivan.
Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U. and "Father of Amateur Athletics."

(Mr. Sullivan submitted the following interesting article to The American just before he sailed for Germany last Tuesday. Mr. Sullivan will attend the first convention of the International Athletic Federation at Berlin on August 20-21 as the representative of the United States.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Should women be allowed by the Amateur Athletic Union in open competition against men? is a question attracting a lot of attention in the world of sport at present. From the woman's side of the question the opinion is voiced that to be in keeping with the great strides of women's emancipation the women should be allowed to compete on the same footing as men, especially in aquatic sports and other competitions.

Unfortunately, perhaps, for the feelings of the gay and thoughtless, the A. A. U. looks at the matter from an entirely different angle, and it is as well that the public should know right now that the A. A. U. national body will never permit mixed competitions between men and women in any of the sports it happens to govern.

I may say that this is no mere personal statement. It is the unanimous policy of the national body. I have frequently been criticised on account of my alleged opposition to mixed competition in swimming races, and am sorry to have aroused the ire of the progressive element among the women and the suffragists.

I happen to be secretary-treasurer of the A. A. U., and would remind my critics that the man in such an office is always intrusted with the job of making public the feelings of the governing body; and its domain extends from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific and from Florida to the North Pole.

Against Mixed Competition.

More than once the question of allowing women to register has been discussed, and to the present it has been turned down every time without a dissenting voice. So far as I can see now nothing short of a miracle will ever change the views of the A. A. U. men on the subject of mixed competition.

Of course, a great many will want to know the reason for this stand of the A. A. U. in keeping out the women. There are two reasons. One is to try and preserve the dignity of the American girl and the woman, and the other is to keep amateur sport clear of the demimonde. If we are in the business of developing champion athletes to uphold the American flag in international competition we surely ought to be pardoned for being conservative about our women.

While those old-fashioned men of the A. A. U. like to see the American woman healthy, and in the full enjoyment of sports and pastimes suitable to her sex, they do not want to see a feminine race of Amazons devoid of home ties, and the qualities that create the respect and admiration of men.

The A. A. U. is guided by experiences of the past. Years ago when the long distance walking craze struck New York a great number of women were seized with the fad, especially as it was found to be good for their health and complexions. Numbers of women's walking clubs sprung up, and it was a great thing to see bunches of women hiking along the highways at a brisk clip and at all hours.

Bicycle Craze Expires.

The bicycle craze of a few years ago furnished another illustration of the unsavory element in sport, and they spoiled one of the finest recreations of modern times. At first myriads of decent women enjoyed it until the questionable element swarmed over the roads and drives devoted to cycling. Again the decent women were forced to quit, and with them went their companions—husbands, fathers and brothers.

Now suppose that to-morrow the A. A. U. was to throw down the bars and allow women to register, and that they would have liberty to compete in the track and field games, the swimming, the gymnastics and the tumbling. What would be the consequence? For a while there might be nothing but decent girls among the boys in the swimming tanks and the pools, but after a spell the other element would appear.

What a nice position the decent young girls would find themselves in then, and what a tirade of criticism the A. A. U. would bring forth from the clergy, and from the men and women of the uplift! I wonder if those who are so willing to comment unfavorably on the A. A. U.'s rejection of mixed competition ever looked at the probable situation in this light.

Although the A. A. U. does not countenance mixed competition, its governing members are willing to advocate that women and girls engage in swimming races among themselves. If those among the women who are so anxious for speed conditions can form themselves into an association, then the sport can be made even more popular than if the women were allowed into the A. A. U.

GOOD STILL A MEMBER OF CUBS, SAYS JOHNNY EVERS

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Wilbur Good, the Cub outfielder, is still a member of the West Side club. At least, Manager Evers said so just before the Cubs started for the East. John was greatly surprised when he saw in local papers that Good had been released to Indianapolis. Evers says that there is no chance of Good leaving the Cubs, as he figures that the pinch hitter is fast developing into one of the best outfielders in the business. The Cub manager further stated that if waivers had been asked on Good it was done without his knowledge. Good accompanied the team to Boston.

Giants Again Must Oppose "$100,000 Infield" in World's Series

Athletics' Inner Defense Hailed as Greatest in Baseball History



This is the "$100,000 infield" of the Athletics the Giants must again face in the coming world's series—if the local champions repeat their pennant triumph in the National League and the Athletics recapture the American League flag, which is almost a certainty now. From left to right: Baker, third base; Barry, shortstop; McInnis, first base. Below, Eddie Collins, second base.

Fans Await World-Series Clash

Former Rivals May Meet Again

By Monty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—In view of the fact that the Giants and Athletics are conceded almost universally now as certain to meet in the next world's series, fans are beginning to turn their attention to the question of how the two teams compare with each other. Though nearly two months remain before the clash for the world's championship gets under way, it is the main subject in the minds of the real followers of the game, now that the pennant races have ceased to absorb more than a superficial amount of interest.

The series this year has an extra element of attraction in that old rivals are meeting again, aggregations that met only two years ago. Enough of the 1911 players still remain to make the tilt practically a renewal of the same duel.

* * *

THE majority of baseball men in the country seem to think that the Athletics are the strongest team in the game. There is one sound way of reasoning this out. At the end of last season the Quakers were playing a much better grade of ball than the Red Sox, who won the pennant and whose performance was good enough to beat the Giants. This would prove almost a final argument if the present Giants and present Athletics were identical with the Giants and Athletics of last fall, but they, of course, are not.

The main basis for the superior appraisal of the Philadelphians by the fans, however, is simply that they seem a stronger team, one with greater ability, without bothering to delve into the dope for any more specific reasons. This system, though, is like betting on a race horse because of a "hunch." It is going in blindly. Baseball is a game of such distinct departments of play that they all must be considered separately with one phase of this team compared to the opposite department of the other. For instance, the estimate of the Athletics' batting in the series must be formed at the same time that the Giants' pitching is considered, and vice versa.

* * *

IF such things as base running and fielding were eliminated, the problem would be, "Will the Giants hit the Athletic pitchers harder and more timely than the Athletics hit the Giant pitchers?" Many seem to believe they will not, but this remains to be seen. Both aggregations possess tremendous batting power, with all hands in shape, and both have pitching staffs that can not be called other than great.

In the matter of one team's batting opposed to the other's pitching, a reminiscent light is thrown toward that old foolish puzzle of an irresistible body meeting an immovable one. Nobody can predict with any degree of confidence whether these games will produce the highest scoring on record for a world's series or the lowest. A complete triumph for batting would result in the former and the same for pitching would bring the latter. Or—which is more likely—it may produce about an even break with scores of average size.

* * *

JUST now an attempt might be made to decide the way this unique combat of departments will turn out, but it would be the old blind guess again to a large extent, for many changes may occur in the outlook between now and October. For instance, Jack Coombs may show himself to be back in form and the same old Quaker artist of the mound, or it may turn out that his sickness and consequent long lay-off have impaired his efficiency badly. Mathewson may be lost to the Giants through injury. Home Run Frank Baker may sprain his ankle and Larry Doyle may or may not recover his batting eye. Any one of these things could have a telling effect. Therefore, it is wise to lay low and wait until October before making any bold predictions.

Tommy Leach in Same Class as Wagner, Lajoie and Mathewson

A good bit has been spoken and written about the wonderful way Wagner, Lajoie and others are hanging on, despite their duration of service. But in this respect we know of no one who can push through and edge by Tommy Leach. Tommy has been reported all in for several seasons, and yet to-day he is still playing fine ball in every department with his old speed intact. They crowded him away from third, where he ruled for over twelve years, and now he is starring at another job on a par with almost any in the game. In the salvos of applause that are scattered about, Leach deserves enough to rock the stands.

MORAN GETS BOUT WITH PALZER IN NEW YORK RING

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—That Jimmy Johnston, the new manager of the St. Nicholas A. C., only intends to provide top notch cards for his patrons is inferred by the matches he has already arranged. Johnston realizes that it is only from the high class bouts he can hope to make any money, and he only intends to run shows when he has such to offer.

The bouts already arranged by Johnston for the near future look to be about the best obtainable. On September 10 Jack Britton, the unusually clever Chicagoan, will hook up with Young Shugrue, the aggressive boy from Jersey City. They'll clash at 133 pounds, weigh in at 10 o'clock on the night of the bout.

Another card clinched will bring together Al Palzer, the tenacious Iowan, and Frank Moran, the Pittsburger, who made such a great battle against long odds when he met the late Luther McCarty in this city. Moran and Palzer will clash either on August 20 or 27, the date to be selected later by Dan McKetrick and Tom O'Rourke, the respective managers of the two heavyweights.

Red Sox May Send Yerkes to Athletics

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Steve Yerkes, who for the last few years has been the star second baseman of the world's champion Boston Red Sox, will probably wear an Athletic uniform in the near future, as waivers have been asked on him.

Connie Mack refused to waive claim on the former brilliant second baseman, and the chances are that he will be sent to Philadelphia in the near future.

Yerkes first learned to play baseball on the lots at Millville, N. J., and reached the height of his baseball career in the world's series with the New York Giants when he played an important part in the notable victories of the Boston Red Sox.

He proved far superior to Doyle, the Giants' second baseman, in that series, hitting the ball hard and timely and fielding in sensational style.

WOLVERINES PICK LUNDGREN.

ANN ARBOR, MICH., Aug. 16.—Carl L. Lundgren, former twirler on the Chicago team and once a University of Illinois star, has been chosen as coach of the Michigan baseball team to succeed Branch Rickey, who recently resigned. Lundgren pitched four years at Illinois and then joined the Chicago club in 1902, where he remained seven years, being a member of two world's championship nines.

20,000 Boy Athletes In Playground Meet

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The most elaborate playground field day ever held in New York city will take place at Empire City Park, Yonkers, N. Y., on August 20. The meet is made possible by the courtesy of the officials of the Greater New York Fair and Exposition and the sanction of the A. A. U., and will be under the direction of the Bureau of Recreation, Department of Parks.

Twenty thousand boys are now in training for the fifteen events to be contested at their first interpark-playground athletic championship of Greater New York.

This invitation meet is the greatest incentive offered the boys to join the athletic clubs at the park playgrounds. No expense of any kind will be incurred; even transportation will be afforded the boys.

SOUTHERN BOY IS AFTER MATCH WITH KILBANE

CLEVELAND, Aug. 16.—George Chaney, featherweight champion of the South, may yet have a fling at Johnny Kilbane. Chaney claims 100 victories. He has beaten Al Delmont, George Kirkwood and Ty Cobb and has stopped Phil McGovern.

When one stops to consider, there is hardly a featherweight in the game who could give Kilbane a battle, unless it be Kid Julian. But there are a few comers, among them Matty McCue, of Racine, whose loss to Patsy Brannigan will not put him out of his stride.

Ritchie Open to Harsh Criticism

Willie Ignores Murphy and Ad

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Every once in a while the thoughtful critic informs us that boxing is in a chaotic condition.

It occurs to the writer that remarks of that character would be particularly apropos just now. As I understand it, chaos reigns when you can not figure out just what is going to happen, and it seems to me that to attempt to peer into the pugilistic future at this juncture would be to invite vertigo, or at any rate headache.

In some of the weight classes there is actual stagnation, while in others confusion reigns. True, Willie Ritchie, who won the lightweight title through a foul, and Arthur Pelky, who became white heavyweight champion through a fatality are going to risk their laurels in September, but it is doubtful if either of the events referred to rises to the dignity of a championship battle in the eyes of the American sporting public.

Of course, if one argues by the book—and in cases of this kind the record book should be the basis of all discussion—Freddie Welsh has every right to aspire to a crack at the championship. He is England's premier lightweight and he won from Ritchie once before.

Murphy Entitled to Chance.

But Freddie has been a long time in the lists and in this country there are other lads who are thought to have a better claim to the consideration. Tommy Murphy, the Harlem spitfire, for instance, is looked upon as Ritchie's logical opponent, and the coast sports fondly hoped to see Ritchie and Murphy signed for a clash on Labor Day.

On the plea that better inducements were forthcoming, Ritchie has decided to take his dolls to Vancouver, B. C., on September 1 and tackle Welsh in a 20-round contest.

In the consciousness that he is doing exactly what is sportsmanlike and fair, Ritchie seems to defy criticism. But, like all champions before him, he has enemies and detractors. He is sure to be dealt harshly with by these, and unless I miss my guess his motives also will be questioned by numbers of fight fans who view these matters dispassionately.

Willie Also Ignores Ad.

Coming right at this time, some of these things told by Billy Nolan after he ceased to manage Ritchie will carry weight. Nolan said that before Ritchie returned to the ring he planned to meet just three men, to-wit: Rivers, Freddie Welsh and Leach Cross. Ritchie by his actions is bearing out Nolan's words, but public opinion can whip any champion into line, and Ritchie will have a hard time trying to withstand the lances of criticism that will be leveled at him if he refuses to recognize the claims of Tommy Murphy and Ad Wolgast later along.

Of course, if Ritchie is defeated by Freddie Welsh, he would be allowed to go on his way in peace, but somehow the far Western sports appear to think that a contingency of that kind is not on the cards.

Pelky vs. Miller.

Late in September Arthur Pelky and Big Charlie Miller are to box in Los Angeles. As Pelky under existing heavyweight conditions has the best right to call himself white heavyweight champion, the match will of necessity be for the championship But why could not Pelky be signed with some hope who is better known to fame.

If there is such a thing as pugilistic code, Miller is the last man in the world who should have been selected as a champion candidate. At the same time, if Arthur has picked Miller in the belief that a man with such a meager record must necessarily be easy, he will find himself mistaken. Miller is a man of much displacement and he is as strong as an elephant and can sop up punishment as a sponge absorbs water.

And if Miller should win—well, chaos would not begin to describe the situation.

In the smaller classes of pugilism there is a marked degree of inaction.

Whenever any violent action talk is indulged in in Bantam Champion Johny Coulon's presence, the news goes out that Johny is the next thing to a confirmed invalid and that his doctor has warned him to avoid anything calculated to excite him.

It would seem that the only way to keep Johny Coulon in good humor would be to crown him perpetual king of the knights and make it a felony to challenge him. It may be that this is of course sarcasm, but in view of the many times Johnny's small ailments have prevented him defending his title, I think it warranted.

No Welters in Sight.

Welterweights there appear to be none. Mike Gibbons and Jimmy Clabby, who could fill welter requirements, are eager to be known as middleweights.

For some time the middleweight division has been all head and points, but now that there has been an infusion of new blood, the spirit of rivalry and competition may be revived.

Maybe Frank Klaus will stay away from Paris long enough to take a hand in clearing up the championship question, provided he can make the weight.

Let us hope that in some of the classes events will so shape themselves that here will soon be a deciding match in prospect—one that will have the earmarks of a genuine world's championship and appeal to the sports generally as such.

MONEY
LOANED TO SALARIED MEN
AT LAWFUL RATES
ON PROMISSORY NOTES
Without Endorsement
Without Collateral Security
Without Real Estate Security
NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO.
1211-12 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

NEW WHITE HOPE SOUGHT AMONG BRITISH HEAVIES

Failure of Wells Has Brought About a Change, and Dick Smith Is New Entrant.

By T. S. Andrews.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—Since the defeat of Bombardier Wells, the heavyweight champion of Great Britain, by Gunboat Smith in New York, the Britishers have been casting about for another "white hope," one who will be able to "stand the gaff" and weather the storm when it comes to body punishment; and from information at hand they have unearthed another "hope" in the person of Dick Smith, the amateur champion of England.

Dick has decided to throw in his lot with the professionals. Born 27 years ago, Smith possesses all the necessary qualifications for a "white hope," and may go further than some of the blasted hopes. He stands 6 feet 1 1-2 inches, weighs about 190 pounds, and has a very satisfactory record. Of his 49 contests he has won 45, lost 3 and drawn 1.

Formerly a soldier, he followed Bombardier Wells as champion of India. As an amateur boxer he has done remarkably well, having won the championship of Great Britain in 1911-12-13, while a member of the London police force.

Will Not Tackle Wells First.

He probably will not take on Bombardier Wells and Georges Carpentier for his intial efforts as a professional, but one of the lesser lights. Professional and amateur boxing are vastly different things on the other side of the Atlantic, as many amateurs have found on taking the plunge into the professional waters.

The referees view things from an entirely different standpoint, and a 20-round contest with three-minute rounds under professional rules takes a bit of negotiating. Under amateur laws boxing contests are not allowed of longer duration than six rounds of two minutes each, but for the championships and most interclub competitions, the bouts are limited to three rounds.

Amateur Referees Strict.

Amateur referees are very strict in upholding the rules of the game, and some of their antics would not be tolerated by professionals for one minute. Clinching is barred and a boxer is liable to be disqualified for a second offense after having been once cautioned. Then, again, amateurs are forbidden to receive any advice during the progress of a bout, and any instructions that the second may have for his boy has to wait until the round ends. Under amateur rules boxing is kept very clean, which is more than can be said for professions.

Therefore the entry of Dick Smith (namesake of Gunboat) will be watched with interest, even by followers on this side of the big pond.

JOHNSON HELPS SICK YOUTH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—A baseball and an autograph letter from Walter Johnson, Washington's premier pitcher, did more than medicine could do to bring about the rapid convalescence of Warren A. Slee, a youthful admirer of the big ball tosser. Johnson, whose numerous admirers include scores of youthful fans who idolize the pitcher, heard of the serious illness of the boy and wrote to him, sending a baseball he had used in pitching the Washington team to victory. The boy's recovery since receiving the letter has progressed rapidly.

RED SOX GET OUTFIELDER.

BOSTON, MASS., Aug. 16.—The Boston American League team announced yesterday the purchase of Outfielder Walsh from the Worcester team of the New England League.

WAR DECLARED BY P. A. A. OVER 1915 FAIR PLUM

James E. Sullivan's Reported Action in Naming T. S. Mulvey as Aide Causes Strife.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 11. There is a flurry among the officials of the Pacific Athletic Association and in amateur athletic circles generally over the allegation that James E. Sullivan, director general of the amateur games to be held here during the Panama-Pacific Exposition, has appointed Thomas S. Mulvey, the well-known San Francisco clubman, his principal aide in connection with the handling of the exposition sports.

A few days ago Mulvey received a telegram from Sullivan, who was then on the point of departure to Berlin to attend a conference of the Olympiad committee.

In his telegram Sullivan said he would be back in New York early in September, and that it would be necessary for Mulvey to come to New York at that time to aid in interesting the athletic fraternities there in the games to be held in this city in 1915.

Elliott Issues Statement.

While the telegram intimated that Mulvey was appointed the head of the San Francisco committee on games, no reference was made to any other appointments of local men in the same connection.

The Pacific Association of the Amateur Athletic Association took umbrage at this indication of Mulvey's appointment, and John Elliott, president of the association, issued a statement yesterday in which he said that the selection of Mulvey to the post did not meet with the sanction of the association.

Elliott pointed out that the Pacific Association had given valuable assistance to the exposition officials in securing sanctions for American championships to be held here in 1915. He declared that Mulvey had no knowledge of or affiliation with amateur sports, and intimated that Mulvey's appointment would cause the association to refrain from using its endeavors toward making the 1915 games the success they should be.

Mulvey Has No News.

While Elliott did not say so, it is evident that he and his associates expected Sullivan to depend upon the local athletic body for whatever assistance he required.

The Panama Exposition officials stated emphatically that no appointment such as the Pacific Association complained of had been made, nor had any such appointment been authorized by the exposition directorate, which, of course, is the last word in all matters of this kind.

Under these circumstances it is believed that the Pacific Association will take no precipitate action until a clearer understanding is had as to just what honor Sullivan intended to confer upon Mulvey. As Sullivan is on the high seas, it would be some little time before he could be heard from.

Mulvey said yesterday that he had no news regarding his appointment other than was conveyed in the Sullivan telegram. He said he intended going East, but will wait to hear further before making the trip.

M'FARLAND IS GETTING READY FOR BUSY CAMPAIGN

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Packey McFarland is getting himself ready for the ring again. While no matches have been closed as yet by Manager Thiry, the latter is negotiating with Milwaukee, Kenosha and several Eastern clubs. Once Packey is back in action his matches will come fast, his style and rep being favored all over. Jimmy Coffroth would like McFarland out West with Tommy Murphy.



Low round trip fares North and West

Commencing June 1st and daily thereafter round trip tickets over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will be sold at greatly reduced fares to all the principal lake, mountain and sea shore resorts and to many of the larger cities in the North and West. These tickets will be good returning until October 31st, and bear liberal stop-over privileges. Round trip fares from Atlanta are

Cincinnati	$19.50	Mammoth Cave	$17.40
Charlevoix	38.08	Marquette	45.70
Chautauqua Lake Pts.	34.30	Milwaukee	31.75
Chicago	30.00	Minneapolis	43.20
Colorado Springs	47.40	Niagara Falls	35.85
Denver	47.40	Petoskey	38.08
Detroit	29.00	Put In Bay	28.00
French Lick Springs	21.70	Salt Lake City	60.40
Indianapolis	22.80	St. Louis	25.60
Louisville	18.00	Toronto	38.20
Mackinac Island	39.50	Yellowstone Park	67.60

These are but a few of the points. There are a great many others and we will be pleased to give full information upon application. Proportionately low fares from other points in Georgia.

L&N

Let Us Arrange Your Vacation Trip
CITY TICKET OFFICE
4 Peachtree St. PHONES { Atlanta 178 / Bell - 1088 ATLANTA

Latest Stories From Tennis Courts and Golf Courses

HOME RUN GAVE H. WAGNER REAL START IN GAME

Big Dutchman Has the Most Interesting Career of All the Baseball Stars.

HANS WAGNER, the hero of all baseball heroes, has had an interesting career. Wagner, the big German, was born in what is now Carnegie, Pa., on February 27, 1874. His father, who is still living, was a coal miner in those days, and he decided that John P. should help him in his work. So Honus was packed off to the mines to help dad every day. Hans was not lazy, but he didn't like the black darkness of the earth's interior, and many a warning he received for playing hookey from the bituminous section and scampering off for a game of baseball with other kids of the neighborhood.

A correspondent recently approached the big fellow and asked him to tell how he came to break into baseball. Honus pondered a moment, and then spun the following yarn about his early experience:

* * *

"I BROKE into baseball by posing as my brother Al. We were playing ball around home. Al received an offer from Canton, Ohio, before he was offered a place with the Mansfield, Ohio, club, in the same league. The day he got the second offer he turned to me and told me to go to Mansfield. I got there early in the afternoon, and a man named Taylor recognized me. He had seen me play. The club was hard put for a third baseman, however, and Taylor decided to take a chance with me.

"It so happened that Mansfield played Canton that day. My brother was in the line-up of the Canton team, and the pitcher, 'Toots' Barret, was also from Carnegie, or Mansfield, as it was called in those days. They regarded me as pretty much of a kid, and when Canton got away to a good lead early in the game Barret let up in his pitching when I went to bat. He want to see me make good and figured that a couple of hits more or less would not affect his rating any. I made a couple of hits in this way, and then came the ninth inning. Never will I forget it. Mansfield was three runs to the bad when we went to bat. They needed four to win. We filled the bases and it was my turn to bat.

* * *

"TAYLOR was not wise to the fact that Barrett had been easing up when I had been at bat before and made a couple of hits, or he might have sent in a pinch hitter. He let me stick. With the bases full, Barrett meant to strike me out. It was too ticklish a time for monkey business. He shoved across a fast one and I knocked it over the fence for a home run and won the game. It was just a case of the luck of things. That's always the way. If the pitcher is lucky he gets you. If you're lucky you get him."

Wagner then explained that he went to Adrian, Mich., where the club was owned by a son of the Taylor who ran the Mansfield (Ohio) club. He went there as infielder and captain. Honus got homesick after a few months and quit the club, going to Warren in the Iron and Oil League. Toward the close of the season he joined the Steubenville club of the Interstate League. That was in 1895.

* * *

"I WENT there as a sort of all-around player," said Wagner. "I pitched for a while. I was so wild that I used to walk half the batters and strike out the other half. I had terrific speed and it was hard to get a catcher who could hold me. They borrowed Pete Lavelle from the Pittsburg Nationals to catch me in a couple of games, thinking it would steady me. As a pitcher I was a failure. However, while in the games as a twirler I banged a couple of hits over the fence and they made me an outfielder, putting me in the middle garden.

"The following spring the Pittsburg club signed me, and W. W. Kerr, who then owned the Pirates, wanted to farm me out to Kansas City, but I insisted that it was too far from home, so he sent me to Paterson, N. J., in the Atlantic League. I played with Paterson all of that year and until June 29, 1897, when the Louisville club, then owned by Barney Dreyfuss, my present employer, bought my release. The Colonels were managed by Fred Clarke, and the secretary of the club was the late Harry C. Pulliam, later secretary of the Pirates, and still later president of the National League. Harry was one of the best friends I ever had."

NAPS ARE AFTER THREE PLAYERS FROM MUD HENS

TOLEDO, OHIO, Aug. 16.—Vice President Barnard, of the Naps, came to Toledo yesterday to look over possible purchases for the Naps. It is thought that Pitcher Lefty James, Shortstop Brady and First Baseman Bluhm may be sold to the Cleveland club.

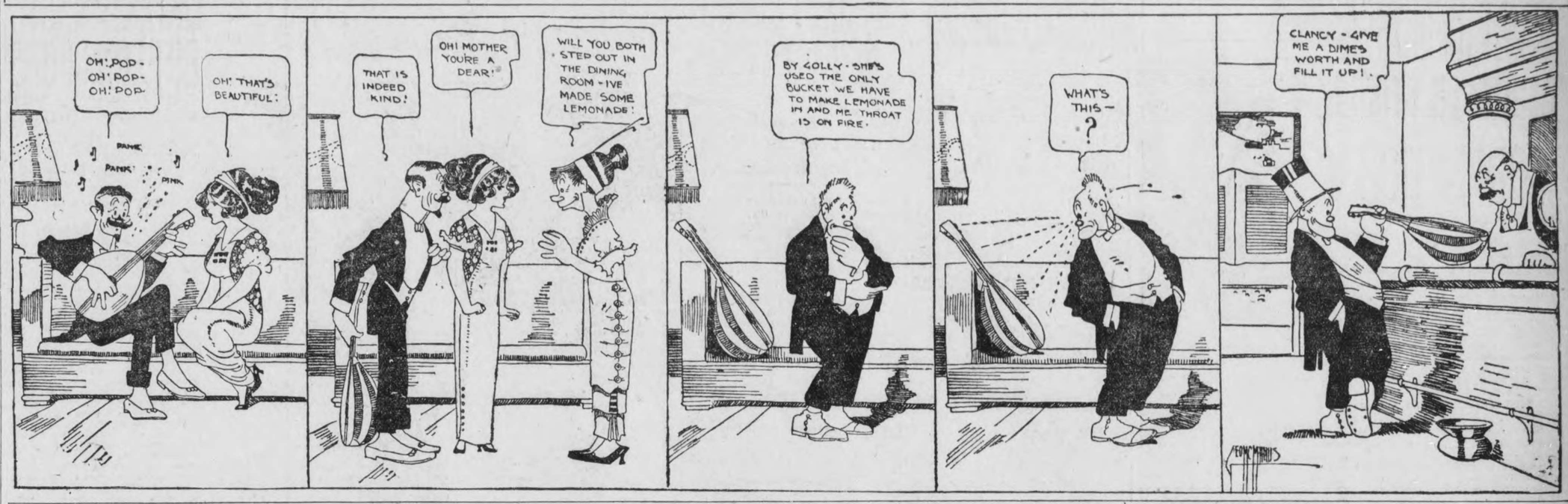
James may be the only player to report to the Naps before the A. A. season closes. In return for him the Hens expect a good southpaw from the Naps. Toledo will recall Pitchers Leak and Myers from Charleston, W. Va.; Pitcher Williams and Catcher Brady from Waterbury.

Nash, who has been playing a whirlwind game at short for the latter club, and is hitting at a .360 clip, and on whom Toledo has a string, will quit baseball at the close of the season to go into politics. He is now running for Assemblyman in his home town.

CUBS NOT AFTER DENVER MEN.

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Officials of the Chicago Nationals denied today that the visit of President McGill and Manager Hendricks, of the Denver Western League club, here was made in connection with a deal for players. The Denver men, according to President O'Neill, of the Western League, came to discuss general matters and the annual draft, which takes place this month.

Bringing Up Father — By George McManus



PUNCH COUNTS IN THE VARIOUS LINES OF SPORT

McLoughlin Possesses Punch in Tennis; So Have American Poloists and Boxers.

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—A magazine man of my acquaintance told me that one of his short stories was returned to him with the criticism that it lacked "the punch."

This goes to show that "the punch" counts in fiction as well as in real life.

An Englishman wrote to one of the London papers the other day, complaining that Maurice E. McLoughlin had introduced the punch into lawn tennis. The smashing service which McLoughlin has perfected was characterized as a trick, but a legitimate trick at that.

The Englishman referred to said that if methods like McLoughlin's are countenanced "lawn tennis is within measurable distance of death."

It was the plaint of a man who is used to old ideals. He has watched the rhythmic, lobbing game for years, and got it into his blood that that is the only way to play tennis.

But perhaps the outlook is not as gloomy as he pictures it. His countrymen may adopt McLoughlin's trick and try to improve on it.

Even lawn tennis must change in character when the punch comes along.

* * *

ANOTHER Englishman discusses a form of sport into which the punch enters with broader view. He wrote to The Times asking how it is that English boxers are more easily knocked out than American ringmen.

Then he attempts to furnish the explanation. Beginning with the question of physique, he satisfies himself that while Americans are slightly sturdier than latter-day Britons, the answer is not found in that. He believes that it all rests in what he considers a false conception of the manner in which pugilists should be schooled.

English lads, he says, are required to conform to old standards of boxing. It would be quite different, he thinks, if academic notions were sacrificed to personal initiative, for, while learning to "bear on the 'one, two, three" principle, a British student loses his punch and never recovers it.

* * *

In America, he says, it is different. It is by setting in his own particular fashion with various kinds of opponents, rather than by following the rules laid down in some pugilistic primer, that a young American develops an effective individual style; that with those who learn boxing naturally—that is from experience—the acquisition of the punch is not only the first consideration, but a matter that takes care of itself as the student's knowledge widens.

This Englishman, it is noticed, does not take the stand that because English pugilists are deficient in smiting force boxing "is within measurable distance of death."

He says frankly that English methods are wrong and intimates that there would be wisdom in taking a leaf out of America's book.

* * *

THE punch was in evidence again when the American polo players took the Britishers by storm at Meadowbrook recently. The judgment of the expert was that the visiting Britishers comprised the flower of the polo world. They brought their own ponies with them, and their seeming superiority influenced the betting market to the extent that they were made odds-on favorites.

From all accounts the Americans went at them like Japanese at a Russian fort. The visitors were just loaded to the Plimsoll mark with knowledge of "how to play polo," but the punch upset them. All the King's horses and all the King's men could not withstand the onslaught of the Americans and the cup remained on this side.

Maiden Turned in Great Card Didn't Make a Single "Five"

By Tich Tichenor.

WHEN H. H. Barker did a 69 over the course of the Atlanta Athletic Club in the open tournament held in December, 1910, it was the opinion of all of the professionals who were present that he had set a record which would stand for some years. In this opinion they have thus far been correct. Yet on two different occasions Stewart Maiden, the local professional, has had a chance to break it if he could have holed out in one put on the eighteenth green, while at another time he reached the last green on his sixty-sixth shot. He tried to hole the put for a 67 and ran past the hole and then missed a comparatively easy one for the record.

In one of his rounds which tied the record Maiden performed the feat which might be equaled but which can not be excelled when he went around without a five upon his card. If you are familiar with the East Lake course the more you think of this performance the more wonderful it becomes.

On the outward journey there are the second, the seventh and eighth holes, which are all par fives, while it is easy enough to take a five at either the fourth or ninth, both of which are bogey five. In coming home there are the twelfth, sixteenth and eighteenth, which are par fives, while the fifteenth and seventeenth are hard fours. Yet not a five did he have at any of these holes. At every hole he took a four except at the fifth, fourteenth and fifteenth where he secured threes. Just think of it, fifteen fours and three threes and neither of the threes gotten at the first or third holes, where he would be expected to get a three.

I don't know how this score will appeal to others, but the more I play around East Lake and labor to keep out the sixes and sevens, the more remarkable this score becomes. To be perfectly frank, I do not recall but one round I have ever played around this course in which my card did not register at least one six. George Adair has had the same experience, except he has two such rounds to his credit.

* * *

DURING the early part of June Maiden took a trip to his home in Scotland and while on this visit entered the British open championship. In this event there were 270 entries. These were divided into squads of 90 players each, who played a 36-hole medal play qualifying round, and the lowest twenty in each squad qualified for the championship, which was 72 holes of medal play.

Maiden landed on Tuesday and had only one day to learn the course and to become accustomed to the vast difference in the greens from those he has played upon since he has been in Atlanta, as he was drawn among the players who had to play on Thursday. In this qualifying round he failed to get in by two strokes which he says was due entirely to his putting, which was very bad.

* * *

IN writing of this tournament, the British correspondent of The American Golfer says: "For most of the day the weather was very bad, indeed. When play began at 9 o'clock, the wind was very strong and rain was pouring down, while late in the afternoon it was worse. In such circumstances the peculiar difficulties of Hoylake were well brought out, and the foreign visitors had an unenviable task before them. The first of the Americans to go out was Stewart Malden, of Atlanta, who was partnered with J. Higgins, of Walsall, and this pair was second on the list, striking off at five minutes past 9. Maiden opened with a nice four at the dog-leg hole, with which the round begins, and after dropping a stroke at the second, went along steadily to the sixth, the famous Briars, and the hole which caused more disaster than any other on this course (it was once halved in nine in the final of the amateur championship), and here he took a six.

"However, at the difficult short hole that follows he got a splendid two, but another six was added at the eighth, and he turned in 40. He came home fairly well, but lost a stroke at the short blind Alps, being the eleventh, and two very valuable ones at the home hole, making his round in 82. In his second round in the afternoon he had a bad seven at the third hole, which is a long one and straight, but very narrow in the fairway, with ditches on either side, and another six was added at the Briars, so that by the time he got to the turn he had used up 43 strokes. He came home really fine in 36, almost the only blemish on his card being the five at the eighteenth, and that was very excusable."

His second round was 79.

* * *

HIS scores were as follows:

Out.

Holes.	Dist.	1st.	2d.
1	420	4	4
2	330	5	4
3	490	5	7
4	155	3	3
5	410	5	5
6	365	6	6
7	200	2	4
8	460	6	5
9	380	4	5
Out	3210	40	43

In.

Holes.	Dist.	1st.	2d.
10	400	5	4
11	190	4	3
12	355	4	3
13	130	3	3
14	485	5	4
15	440	5	5
16	510	5	5
17	360	5	4
18	40	6	5
In	3270	42	36

Total for 36 holes, 161.

Maiden's 36 for the last nine made in his second round was the best done on this nine holes on the first day of the elimination rounds.

It was on this first day that George Duncan, who was the favorite to win the tournament, was unable to fight against the weather conditions and failed to qualify by four strokes. This was also the round which eliminated Alex Smith, Mike Brady and Alex Campbell, of the American team.

It was a strange coincidence that five of the six American entries should be drawn in the first squad of 90 to fight it out against each other as well as all of the others to get into the tournament.

JAKE STAHL DENIES HE IS TO SUCCEED CALLAHAN

GLOUCESTER, Aug. 16.—The rumor that Jake Stahl was to be given the position as manager of the Chicago White Sox and that Jimmy Callahan, the present head of the team, was to be deposed is entirely without foundation, according to Stahl, who was interviewed at Annisquam yesterday afternoon.

"No," said Stahl, "I have no knowledge of my being picked for the position of manager, and I had not even heard the rumor until you told me just now. Rumors put me out of a job. I guess that is all this talk is, rumor. Those things hurt the club considerably and it keeps the fellows guessing as to the exact truth of the matter. You can say for me that it is a rumor pure and simple and one without the least foundation."

When asked if he would accept the position if it were offered him, Stahl declined to answer.

BOSTON BUYS NEW PLAYER.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—President McAleer, of the Boston American League club, announced today that he has purchased First Baseman Mundy from the Portsmouth club of the Virginia State League.

GOV. TENER FINDS JOB FOR A BASEBALL MATE

HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Governor John K. Tener has given a substantial reward to a comrade of his old baseball days, when he appointed George Wood, once a member of the Philadelphia National League team, and a mighty outfielder and hitter, to a good State position. Governor Tener and Wood have been friends ever since their ball-playing days.

About two years ago the Governor found Wood serving as a ticket taker at the American League park in Philadelphia and told him he would try and find him a better job.

Soon afterward Wood was made messenger in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Later he was promoted to a clerkship in the same office. Now he is marshal of the new Public Service Commission, with a salary of $2,000 a year.

W.-I. DROPS TWO UMPIRES.

GREEN BAY, WIS., Aug. 16.—President Weeks, of the Wisconsin-Illinois League, announced yesterday he had dropped Umpires Roth and McFarlane. George Hogreiver was given a regular place on the staff.

ATHLETES ARE IMPROVING IN BRITISH ISLES

European Track and Field Stars Gradually Approaching Americans; 17,000 Saw Games.

THE fact that the United States and English track and field championships were held upon the same day makes a comparison of the work of the native athletes and their visiting competitors of more than usual interest. England's A. A. A. games were held on the famous oval at Stamford Bridge, London, while the United States championships were being contested at Chicago.

Some 17,000 spectators watched the English and Swedish athletes battle for honors in a drizzle, while about half that number sweltered in a temperature close to 100, while American titles were won on a track and in a field which failed to elicit any praise from the competitors. Although conditions as reported from both athletic fields were against record-breaking performances, a remarkable improvement was shown in the general all-round work of the English and Swedish athletes, indicating that the lessons learned in the recent Olympic games have not been forgotten.

* * *

THE English program consisted of fourteen events, of which English athletes won nine and Sweden's representatives five. Four A. A. A. records were established, two by the Swedes and two by English contenders. The United States schedule contained eighteen contests, in which two new "games" records were made, one by an American-born and another by an Irish athlete.

A comparison of the programs of the two meets shows that eleven similar events appeared on both, and with these as a basis a comparing of records proves that times of distances were better at Stamford Bridge in six of the eleven competitions. To what extent local conditions affected these figures there is no way of knowing. The comparison is made simply to show that the oft-repeated statements that European athletics are gradually approaching American standards are not based on idle observation.

* * *

BEGINNING with the 100, 200 and 440-yard runs, England showed a winner in the first two events in the person of W. R. Applegarth, who won in 10 and 21 2-3 seconds, respectively, against Sprinter Drew's times of 10 2-5 and 22 4-5 seconds at Chicago. Haff, the Chicago A. A. and Michigan flyer, won the 440 yards in 51 1-5, while G. Nichol did 49 2-5 at London.

In both the mile and one-half mile runs the United States figures were better. Baker, the New York A. C. runner, captured the 880 in 2 minutes and 1-5 second. E. Wide, of Sweden, winner in England, was two-fifths of a second slower. Norman Tabor won the mile at Chicago in 4:20 2-5, while Zander, of the Swedish team, required 4:25 4-5 to take the English title. In the running broad jump Abrahams cleared 22 feet 6 inches at the A. A. A. games, while Stiles, the winner at Chicago, did 22 feet 3-4 inch.

* * *

THE running high jump showed that Richards, the Olympic champion, had but three-eighths of an inch advantage over Baker, England's champion, who jumped 6 feet 1 inch. Nilsson, the Swedish shotputter, pushed the weight out 47 feet 4 1-4 inches, against American Champion Whitney's 46 feet 2 5-6 inches. In the pole vault and hammer throw the American figures were far superior to those made at Stamford Bridge.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER Relieved in 24 Hours
Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
Beware of counterfeits

MANAGER OUT FOR SEASON.

CHAMPAIGN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Fred Wilson, manager of the Champaign baseball team, is out of the game for the rest of the season with a broken shoulder blade, received while sliding to base. Charles Fleming has succeeded him.

KEWANEE SIGNS CALHOUN.

KEWANEE, ILL., Aug. 16.—Outfielder Calhoun, of Danville, was signed yesterday by the Kewanee Central Association team.

NEW HURLER FOR GRIFFITH.

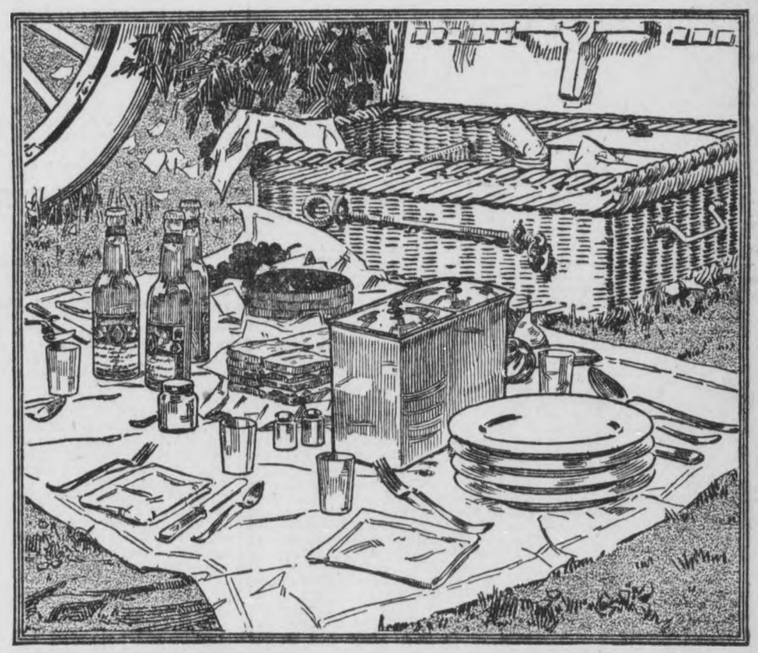
HELENA, MONT., Aug. 16.—Manager Flannery, of the Helena baseball club, announced yesterday the sale of Pitcher M. Williams to the Washington Americans. The price stated was $3,000.

DETROIT BUYS TWO PLAYERS.

FORT WAYNE, IND., Aug. 16.—Infielder Fadrique and Outfielder Tuetweiler, of the Fort Wayne club, have been sold to the Detroit Americans and will finish the season with Providence.

GOTCH BUYS 920 ACRES.

CROOKSTON, MINN., Aug. 16.—Frank A. Gotch, of Humboldt, Iowa, the champion wrestler, closed a deal yesterday which makes him the owner of 920 acres of land in Polk County, south of Crookston. He secured some very fine land, and it is understood that he will at once begin the development of a model farm and spend a portion of his time here. Gotch intends starting a thoroughbred herd and raising prize-winning stock.



THE *cool* lunch for *hot days.*
Serve it in the country. Take the motor car, the family, a friend or two, some sandwiches—and

Budweiser

7,500 Employes to Make It

The Anheuser-Busch main plant and branches give employment to 7,500 people.

The main plant covers 142 acres, equal to 70 city blocks. There are 110 separate buildings, a city in themselves.

Hundreds of visitors every day go through with guides to inspect this immaculate institution.

One cannot see it without the conviction that quality is an Anheuser-Busch rule.

Anheuser-Busch, St. Louis

The Largest Plant of Its Kind in the World



Some of the Principal Buildings

JAS. F. LYNCH
Distributor ATLANTA, GA.

(5)

WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

ATLANTA HAS NEW FRIENDS AS RESULT OF CONVENTION

Many Attracted to City Who Never Came Before, but Who Now Will Make Semi-Annual Trips and Become Regular Customers.

Attendance Surpasses All Expectations, as Does the Volume of Business Transacted as Direct Result of the Fine Gathering.

The Southern Merchants' Convention is over.

With a theater party at the Forsyth Monday night, a barbecue Wednesday, and the Atlanta-Chattanooga ball game Friday, the visiting delegates enjoyed the second week of their stay, and the Atlanta merchants who pushed the convention to success believe they have made enduring friends of their guests, friends who will come again in February and every half year after that.

The purpose of the convention was twofold. First, the retail dealers from all over the South were given an opportunity to meet and discuss the problems which confront them in the everyday conduct of their business. Second, every effort was made to emphasize Atlanta's advantages as a buying center for all the South.

Both Objects Achieved.

Both these objects were achieved. The speeches during the first week of the convention threw valuable help in the way of those who found perplexities in buying, selling, management of stores, credits, or any of the multitudinous things which go to make up a merchant's work.

It is a good thing that the proceedings are to be published. All of the speeches are well worthy of preservation for future reference. Some of the speakers gave plain talks, just the simple, practical expression of what they had learned through years of experience.

Others spoke with scholarly finish—their speeches really were erudite, of studied completeness and finish. Still others were inspirational—they pointed out the intellectual and spiritual significance of the merchant's work. They made him feel that his is a noble calling, that the great prizes of the world are for the business man.

New Friends Made.

From the other point of view, the results attained were no less notable. Hundreds of buyers came to Atlanta who never had been here before, and who would not have come this time had it not been for the convention.

To them the completeness, the cheapness, the quality and the diversity of things sold by Atlanta manufacturers and jobbers must have been a revelation—indeed, they so expressed themselves.

Some of them bought big bills. Every large jobbing house reports a splendid fall trade. The crop prospects are such as to make everyone optimistic. There will be a good demand for merchandise in the fall, and the buyers prepared to meet it.

There were others who did not buy so much. They are just as welcome, for the Atlantans feels that their goods, their prices and their service are right, and that every customer who buys here once will come again.

New Associations.

A noteworthy result of the meeting was the organization of a permanent body—the Southern States Merchants' Association, headed by J. W. Vaughn, of Cartersville, Ga.

This, it is hoped, will bring very tangible benefits to the retailers of the South in general. It may prove to be the parent of scores of local organizations, which can do worlds of good in watching credits, preventing price-slashing and equalizing freight rates.

Notions Novelties in Demand From Buyers

Americans Tire Quickly of Any One Style, as Compared to Stability in Europe.

Buyers are very anxious for novelties this season, and it is constantly shown how quickly Americans tire of a given style. In England, France and Germany certain classes of merchandise move about the same year after year, but here we get new things continually. This has its advantages, however, because it stimulates business and there are new interests arising all the time.

Fall business in fancy goods and notions has opened well.

Styles this season are radically new, and leather hand bags with deep pockets and vanity accessories, as well as beaded varieties in high colors, are especially strong. Tasmania shell hair ornaments are a new item. These goods are the nearest approach to genuine tortoise shell ever produced, and the line comprises braid pins, barettes, and back combs.

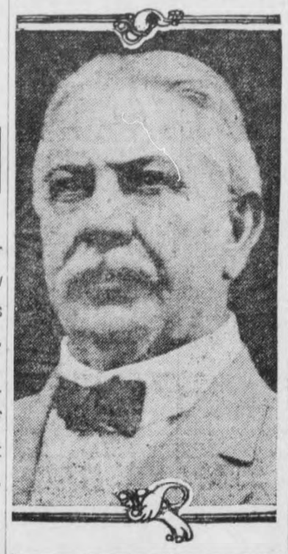
Opera length bead necklaces in jet, pearl, amethyst, galalith, white amber and real and imitation pearl are excellent sellers among the newer jewelry features.

Cuff pins, bar pins and hat pins, set with diamond chips, also move readily. Beaded tunics, in the staple gold and silver and high colors, are also strong, and are atttractively priced.

Metal vanity cases are produced more reasonably this season, chased effects being shown in gold, oxidized silver or nickel, which are in exact imitation of the very expensive goods.

Parisian ivory goods have been enlarged and the line shown extends from the simple vanity case, retailing at 25 cents, to the more pretentious toilet set, selling at $25.

WILLIS E. RAGAN, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the "M. & M.," to whom much of the convention's success is due.



GARMENT TRADE AWAITS REPORT OF WAGE BOARD

Complicated Mathematics Necessary to Compute Proper Pay for Piece Workers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—It is recognized generally in the dress and waist industry that one of the most important provisions of the protocol signed early this year by the manufacturers and their employees is that which brought the wage scale board into existence.

This board, as designated in the protocol, consists of eight members, four nominated by the manufacturers and four by the union. The duties of the board are to standardize work throughout the industry, and to preserve data and statistics, with a view to establishing a scientific basis for fixing these prices that will insure a minimum wage.

It has power to engage experts in price fixing, to settle all disputes over prices and to make special exemptions for week work where special exigencies arise or where special scales are required.

A kindred provision made necessary an immediate investigation of the rates paid in various parts of the industry, the earnings of the operatives and the classification of garments. This investigation is now being made under the direction of N. I. Stone, formerly chief statistician of the tariff board. Commenting recently on the scope of the work, Mr. Stone said:

36,000 Employed.

"There are now about 36,000 operatives in this industry. To date we have collected two sets of wage records, one for 1912 and one for this year, for 30,000 of them, and we are now tabulating the returns. Averages are useless in work of this kind. There are some workers earning as high as $40 a week, and there are some who make only $4. To say that the average wage in the industry is $22 because of these figures is ridiculous.

When our tabulations are completed, I expect to be able to show the percentage of operatives earning from $4 to $5 a weekly, $5 to $6, and so on. Then we will have a practical basis for working out a satisfactory minimum rate.

"Following the report on weekly wage, the board will begin its labors on piecework rates. This will be extremely difficult work, but by a system of minute dissection of garments that has been worked out, I believe that we eventually will be able to determine just what rate should be fixed for each operation. From that the rates justly due the various operatives can be provided on the cheaper lines, and from that the more complicated rates will be figured.

Test Used Now.

"At the present time piece rates are decided by the employers, and piece price committees selected by the workers in the various shops.

"In case of failure to agree on estimates, an experienced operative, a good worker, is selected to make the garment, and the rate is then fixed as provided by the protocol. For instance, if the operative took four hours to make the garment and the factory rate was 30 cents an hour, the manufacturer would then have to allow his employees $1.20 for making the garment.

"This test, however, is not always satisfactory. If the operative takes longer than the employer thinks should be required to make the garment in question, there is apt to be complaints of 'soldiering;' if the operative finishes more quickly than the workers had estimated, she is apt to be accused of siding with the employer. It is this discontent we are working to do away with."

SHINGLES FROM TIN CANS.

In Ottawa a machine has been perfected to make shingles out of discarded tin cans. After being rolled straight the can is put through a corrugating machine. Then it is put through a weatherproofing process, and then into a vat containing a substance like tar. The tin, while still wet, is dipped in asbestos, which readily adheres to the tar-like coating. Shingles so made are said to be more flexible and lighter than the wood or corrugated steel articles, and they are produced in various colors.

SHOE DEALERS HAVE REASONS FOR DECEPTION

Motives for Using Code in Marking Sizes on Footwear Is Humanitarian, They Say.

Fully 90 adults out of every 100, be they male or female, show a distinct unwillingness to buy shoes that are long enough and wide enough to fit their feet comfortably.

This statement is made on the authority of a retailer who has tried for more than twenty years to suit the buying public and who has succeeded only at the sacrifice of a considerable portion of his stock of truthfulness. This tendency to buy small shoes is characteristic of Americans, according to this merchant.

The position of the retail merchant and salesman is none too desirable as a result of this liking for small feet. Often the customer will want a size that the salesman can see at once will be too short or too narrow. Argument is dangerous, for the customers are frequently more willing to accept cramped toes than a criticism of their knowledge of their own necessities. Most often argumentative salesmanship results in lost sales.

Numerous Codes.

It is for this reason that plain marking of lengths and widths of shoes is more and more avoided by the retailers. Numerous codes have come into existence in the last few years that have completely put the average layman out of the running when it comes to telling the size of the shoes he is having fitted. Wholesalers make no attempt to deny that these codes are used purposely to keep the customer in the dark as to the real size of the shoe, but the retailers are less willing to acknowledge this point.

It can not be denied, however, that code markings save lost sales, time, and money. This is due largely to the fact that there is no general standard last, despite the efforts of several of the leading manufacturers to have one established. A 7C shoe made by one manufacturer often will differ in size from a shoe bearing a similar mark, but coming from another factory. This is not generally known, and a salesman often has difficulty in explaining why a size that at one time gave a comfortable fit gives an uncomfortable pinch at another.

Styles Make Difference.

In shoes made by the same manufacturer it frequently happens that a size which fits well in one style will not fit at all in a second style. This gives another trying time for the salesman when plain markings are used, especially so if the customer be a woman. Customers do not complain a great deal on finding out a clerks' deception if the shoes fit all right, whereas if they knew the real size of the shoe at the time they bought it they would probably go to some other shop.

The wide variety of codes now in existence has caused no small trouble to the manufacturers, as these twenty-two different markings are required to satisfy the codes of retail dealers. This has led the manufacturers to ask that the retailers order their shoes stamped only in plain sizes and widths, or to adopt one standard system of code marking. This, it is believed, eventually will be done.

One of the most practical codes used is the so-called "Western System." In this code the English width designations AA, A, B, C, etc., are indicated by figures ranging from zero for AA to 5 for E. The length of the shoe is given plainly as 3, 4 or 5, with zero attached for whole size and a attached for half sizes. The whole code contains three figures, and by its use size 3 1-2C would be marked 335. Size 7D would be marked 470, and so on.

Electric Signs Now Made Right at Home

One of the First Products of New Studio Is Largest Display South of New York.

Atlanta now possesses a first-class electric sign studio. Heretofore local merchants have been obliged to purchase their electric signs in other cities and have them shipped here at heavy expense.

Proof that this is no inconsequential studio is the new electric sign at the south end of the Whitehall-Peachtree viaduct—the largest south of New York, and one of the most beautiful anywhere. It was made in Atlanta from start to finish. It uses more than 2,500 lamps, and some of the letters on the sign are more than twelve feet high.

The new studio is the property of the Massengale Bulletin System, and is in the remodeled building which the Atlanta Athletic Club once occupied at 56 Edgewood avenue.

Ten high-salaried experts, men who thoroughly understand how to design and manufacture intricate and artistic electric signs, have been brought here by the Massengale Company to take charge of the new studio. M. O. Trusdell is in charge of the electrical department.

St. Elmo Massengale is president of the company and Gordon B. Massengale is secretary and manager.

E. Frank Munn is assistant manager and general superintendent.

NEW ARTIFICIAL SILK IS MADE FROM COTTON

A factory on an eight-acre plot will soon be erected at Kingston, N. Y., for manufacturing artificial silk from cotton by the Greiner-Wilkins process. Proof of the practicability of the new process was that stockings, shirtings, plushes, velvets and neckties could be made from the spun yarn. The demand for artificial silk is considerably greater than the supply, and it is maintained that the cost of its production from cotton is cheaper than where wood was used, and that silk made by the new process is more durable than that made from wood.

USES U. S. PORTS.

Of wheat exported from Canada last year, 64 per cent went by United States ports.

NEW RICE HIGH; MARKET IS BARE OF LAST YEAR'S

Honduras Quoted at 7½ Cents to Jobbers by Big Atlanta Brokerage House.

New rice is being shown by H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers, and the price is "sky high," higher than any of the grocers remember, the figure quoted being 7 1-2 cents for full head Honduras clean. Japan sells for 3 1-2 and 4 cents. These are quotations to wholesalers.

The market is bare of old crop rice of good grades. Those who demand the fancy article have had to deny themselves. The new crop, it seems, is moving slowly, and indications are that the high levels will be maintained for some time, although a break is possible later on. At the present time, even samples are hard to get, from New Orleans, which, of course, is the center of the rice trade.

Cheese also is high, considering the season. The usual fall advance is coming very early. Plymouth, Wis., American full cream cheese is quoted, daisy, 15 cents, and twin daisies, 14 3-4 cents.

"White Fish" Coming.

Great Lakes salt herring will begin to come in next month, and this most palatable fish promises to be in unparalleled demand. This is the variety known for years as "white fish," but the real white fish is as scarce as prairie chicken, and by a recent government ruling it is made an offense to brand fresh water herring by this name. The Whitcomb-Burke supply comes from the great fisheries at Green Bay, Wis.

Every week, it seems, some new product appears on the market to make the housewife's work lighter. The woman who so desires could feed her family for months at a time and never do a bit of cooking, with bakers' bread, canned brown bread, coffee which needs only the addition of water, tinned roast beef, lemon pie filling, lemon sugar, onion salad and a multitude of ready-prepared articles.

The latest in this line is prepared doughnut flour. The powder contains flour, eggs, spices and all the other ingredients of doughnuts. All that is necessary is to add water, roll the dough, cut it and fry the doughnuts. Sufficient to make two dozen doughnuts is sold for 15 cents.

New Pack Yams Due.

New pack sweet potatoes are due in a few weeks, with a fair-sized crop of excellent quality in prospect. This is an all-Southern product unknown in the North a few years ago. But the juicy Southern yellow pumpkin yam is so much superior to the kiln-dried, mealy Jersey sweet potato of the North that it is believed a very short time will serve to make the more palatable product supreme in the market.

Every day there's a new condiment. This time it is onion salad, a Boston product with a peculiar tang which makes a hit on first trial. Louisiana, the home of tabasco peppers, is putting out a new tabasco sauce which the Whitcomb-Burke Company is introducing with considerable success.

Sweeping Decision In Soft Drinks Case

Beverage Similar in Color, Taste and Bottle Infringes, Even Though Names Differ Widely.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A decision which is likely to have an important bearing upon the whole question of imitation and substitution in various lines of business has just been rendered by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

The court has ordered an injunction in favor of the manufacturers of a popular beverage and restraining the making of a similar articles from putting out their product in bottles of the same size and shape.

What is generally regarded as the important phase of the court's decree is the apparently broad interpretation given to the law for the protection of manufacturers against imitators. In this particular case the similarity between the two products was confined to their color and taste and the shape of the bottles. The names were wholly dissimilar, the labels were of different colors and had no points of resemblance, either as to typography or general appearance. Also, the caps for sealing the bottles were of different kinds. The court held, however, that differences which do not destroy the general similarity of appearance to the ordinary purchaser are of no consequence and need not be dwelt upon, and that the defendant had not performed his legal duty of distinguishing his product by making differences which leave unimpaired the general resemblance.

TOYS FROM WASTE WOOD.

A toy company in Sheboygan, Wis., has begun to use only the waste wood from other mills. It has even worked out a system of using all small pieces, as well as the larger ones, so that practically nothing is lost but sawdust.

In Field Where Brains Win, Atlanta Is Leader

Millinery Business Amounts to $2,000,000 Yearly—Buyers Now Are in the City.

In a field which is in many respects the most difficult in the mercantile world—millinery—Atlanta stands supreme in the South, and is one of the prominent centers of the United States.

Millinery involves no question of geography. Transportation charges do not enter into it as they do, for instance, in the flour or coal trade. Millinery involves few problems of prices or narrow cost margins. A hat is worth what it will bring.

The business does require the keenest study—study carried on on two sides of the ocean (there are many Atlanta designers who spend a part of each season in Paris). It requires able generalship, for competition is keen both in the designing and selling fields. More trying than any of these things is the constant shifting of women's whims. These make the business the great thing it is, but also they cause heavy losses when goods bought at high prices suddenly become absolutely unsalable.

Brains, then, alone conquer in this peculiar business. And Atlanta is long on brains.

Brains have built up a business which insiders estimate at $2,000,000 a year in Atlanta. There are six large wholesale houses in Atlanta—E. L. Rhodes Company, Meyer-Regenstein Company, M. Kutz Company, D. Silverman Company, N. Myers Company and N. Bodenheimer & Bro.

The fall season just has opened. It will attract, in two weeks or so, about 1,500 buyers.

They come here to see the advance styles, to buy hats trimmed in these styles, to take notes of the models for later production in Tallapoosa or Hushpuckena, or to copy the models with thorough fidelity for the same purpose.

A little before the semi-annual openings women begin to appear, seeking work as trimmers. Now, here is a strange thing. These women are milliners. Many of them own prosperous little establishments in the smaller towns. Others are managers of millinery departments in department stores.

They work until the opening, learning the new styles and how to trim them—how to make the new bows, for instance.

Then these women change from their role of wage-earners and become merchants. They make their selections, buy their stock for the season and go back to Tallapoosa to remain until a little before the opening of the next season.

The wholesale houses encourage this. It gives them skilled workers when they need such help and it gives them friends in all the millinery shops on whom they must depend for trade.

Mrs. Jones, who works a few weeks a year at Rhodes', learns styles there and knows Rhodes' stock, is pretty apt to buy all her goods from Rhodes. This is the system, and the wholesalers make of themselves regular employment bureaus, furnishing skilled milliners to any firms which demand them.

Fall Car Shortage Will Be No Worse

Shippers and Railroad Men Are Cooperating to Make Best Possible Use of Equipment.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Railroad officials say that while there will be a shortage of cars in the fall, it is not likely to be greater than last year, when average deficiency was reported as 27,581 cars.

The situation this year may be less difficult to handle because shippers, as well as railroad men, have had impressed on them the requirements of the situation that arise every autumn. In the case of railroad men, timely repair of freight equipment, simplification of terminal operations and recasting of inspection and interchange rules are the considerations.

Railroads are devoting more attention to utilization of the freight car, their best assets, earning about 75 per cent of gross, and undoubtedly their best freight solicitor during periods of heavy traffic. Average earnings of each car per day for 1912 were $2.35, or, eliminating Sundays and holidays and confining computation to the busy season, gross earnings capacity was $3.85, while net was $1.15.

Overcoats Will Be Shorter This Season

Norfolk Designs Less in Favor—Chinchilla Favorite Material for the Garments.

There will be no decided change in the fall and winter styles for men's clothing, excepting that overcoats will be made shorter.

Chinchilla is the popular fabric for them, and there is a tendency toward using solid colors and avoiding fancy effects. The demand for Norfolk coats is diminishing. Soft roll front coats of the two and three button English style, with patch pockets, are favored. Sack coats will be slightly shorter. Vests will be cut somewhat lower than formerly and trousers are to be narrower.

For suitings, narrow pencil stripes, serges and Oxfords are the featured materials. The color trend is toward blue, gray and brown. Some manufacturers think well of neat plaids and checks.

FRANCE COINS GOLD.

Because of recent monetary stringency, Bank of France has decided to convert its $600,000,000 gold reserve, until now represented by ingots, into gold currency. More than $200,000,000 has already been coined.

TIGHTER MONEY NOT LIKELY.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—John J. Mitchell says: "Money is unlikely to get any closer this year than it has been recently, and would not, regardless of treasury relief. Good rains would restore corn to very general conditions."

WATERPROOF SHOES OF PAPER.

Waterproof shoes made of paper are covered by a patent recently issued to Morris H. Siegel. The paper is of sufficient toughness to stand at least one wearing. To prevent tearing there are gores at the sides which unfold to admit the foot.

Lace Hosiery Latest Novelty in the Trade

Radical Fashions Encourage Demand for These Goods—Only High-Priced Samples Shown.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Some members of the hosiery trade believe there are indications of an increasing demand for lace goods, and that the novelty developments for another season will be along this line. Their opinions are based on the business that already is being done this season in high-priced lace hosiery. Women with the money to satisfy the latest fashion demands are turning to lace hosiery as the surest way to get something different, something that is not worn by the populace at large.

Fashionable summer resorts accordingly have seen this year a large use of lace hosiery. The goods already on the market of this kind are so far, of course, all high priced, $5 a pair being nothing unusual. Such goods are made with a regular silk foot, with genuine lace inserted in a panel form.

Should this latest hosiery style prove to be of the importance now given to it by members of the trade, it is predicted that before long domestic manufacturers in large numbers will be taking it up and turning out goods in quantity to sell at prices that will mean a large distribution.

Past experience, it was pointed out, showed that by simple changes in machinery, lace hosiery, so called, can be turned out so cheaply as to warrant its sale at popular prices. During the last run on lace hosiery, a number of years ago, the production was large because of the cheapness at which goods could be offered.

Prevailing fashions in women's dresses, with the skirt conspicuous, will help materially any established demand for lace effects.

Dress Goods Moving With More Freedom

Spot Lots of Underwear and Hosiery, Lightweight, Being Picked Up Wherever Found.

On some dry goods lines jobbers admit that retailers are rather slow in taking hold, while on other lines sales are ahead of those for the corresponding period last year.

Dress goods are moving ou with more freedom, silks are wanted, and buyers are asking for immediate shipment of goods on old order. Spot lots of lightweight underwear and hosiery are being picked up wherever available, but jobbers' stocks have been reduced to such a point that there is little or nothing left on which deliveries can be made.

The question of prices on forward cotton goods contracts for the last nine months of the year is still coming in for considerable discussion. The shortage of spot and nearby delivery goods is causing some manufacturers to hesitate over shading their prices for future delivery, although it is a difficult matter to bring home the shortage to buyers, unless they actually come into the market for goods and can not obtain what they want.

BUYERS SLOW TO TAKE FANCY COTTON GOODS

Business Actually Placed With Many Houses Confined to Sample Lines—Ratines Lead.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Hesitation marks the course of many buyers of wash fabrics and fine fancy cottons. In many instances restrictions of merchandise managers are restraining them, the desire of financial heads of many houses being to postpone all buying that is not absolutely essential for the conduct of the business.

Numbers of buyers have operated in quantities sufficient to permit them to ask for full lines of sample cards for traveling men, and no more. They have said that if the lines sell well on the road when men go out seeking business for spring from retailers they will duplicate in their usual quantities, but they declare that if business is to be slow on fancies and novelties they are going to see that mills bear the burden of any accumulations.

Style developments have held many men back. The development of the ratine and crepe weaves has been so broad that buyers are afraid to order them fully until they hear more from their own trade.

That a great many of these cloths will be worn goes without saying, if for no other reason than the one that few other fancies have been shown and prepared. As a rule, buyers are less troubled about the style probabilities of the cloths than they are about the danger of a flooding of the trade with the cheap goods.

A cloth that was scarce at $1 a yard at retail a year ago and is now found freely at 8 1-2 cents a yard in various forms at wholesale, is sufficient in itself to make the experienced buyer pause and await for the answer that will come from retailers to road men traveling for the jobbing houses.

CHEMICAL COMPANY'S YEAR.

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company reports for the year ended May 31 last as follows:

		Decrease
Net earnings	$2,991,103	$586,349
Charges	1,224,005	*143,107
Net profit	1,747,098	729,456
Pfd dividend	1,600,000	*40,000
Bal for com	147,098	769,456
Deficit	692,534	*769,456
Prev. surplus	9,451,915	*101,513
Total surplus	8,759,481	667,943
Total deductions	425,538	598,721
Final surplus	$8,333,943	1,117,971

*Increase.

RAILROADS TAX SALESMEN WHO HAVE NO VOTE

Excess Baggage Rates Are Much Higher Than Express Company Charges, One Complaint.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Out of the maze of discussion that has centered about the excess baggage problem during the past two years a few points have been brought out to show the salesman's need of the voting privilege when away on business trips.

When shippers complain of railroad and express companies' rates, the Interstate Commerce Commission gives prompt attention to an appeal, but the voice of the traveling man is unheard. He pays his own expenses and has no vote. For example, the excess rate for a Pacific coast excursion ticket up to a year ago was $8.50 per hundred pounds. The railroads thought that the traveler could stand another squeeze and raised it to $10.

The present rate of 16 2-3 per cent and more is maintained in spite of the fact that the maximum legal charge is 12 1-2 per cent. The unfairness of this rate is more apparent when it is compared with the charges of express companies.

To illustrate, a first class ticket to Chicago on the Pennsylvania or the New York Central is $20. The excess rate per 100 pounds is $3.45, or 17 per cent of the ticket's cost. The express rate is $2.50 per 100 pounds, out of which the railroad receives $1.25, which is only 6 3-4 per cent of $20. On the Baltimore and Ohio the ticket costs only $18, but the excess rate is the same, thus bringing the rate to a still higher percentage in that case. Under the new express rate schedule the discrepancy will be still larger without lowering the excess rates to the salesmen.

The movement to procure votes for traveling men is steadily gaining ground. The Secretary of the Navy, in a letter expressed his approval of the idea.

High Prices for Ostrich Farms.

A striking illustration of the profits in ostrich farming is found in the report that a man in the Oudtshoorn feather district of South Africa has leased 290 acres of land for a period of ten years for $7,500 per year. In the same district 35 acres of land sold for $30,000.

DIXIE PICKLE AND PRESERVING CO.
Manufacturers of
Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.
CANNED GOODS
364 to 378 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

VOLLMER MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Moore Building
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY
Special Designs in Platinum
Engravers Diamond Setters Watchmakers
Specialists in Jewelry Repairing

A FREE TRIP
To Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.
Write to
H. T. Moore
SECRETARY.
Rhodes Building, Atlanta.

At What Rate Do You Do Business?

Fire insurance rates on a building are based not only on the chances of that building catching fire, but to a larger extent on the facilities at hand for putting out the fire, should it occur.

The more convenient the Fire Service, the lower the rate.

Just so in merchandising; the cost of doing business is directly governed by the convenience of a merchant's source of supply.

Take shoes, for instance; the Southern merchant who buys his stock in the distant markets of New England and the West is paying a mighty high rate to do business.

Here are the extra costs he pays:

1st. Excess freight charges.

2d. Interest on half the stock he now carries that would be unnecessary with a near-by efficient factory connection.

3d. Loss on accumulation and depreciation of dead styles.

4th. Sales missed by being out of the right styles and sizes when he needs them.

The RED SEAL Shoe Factory right here in Georgia offers QUICK SHIPMENTS, LOW FREIGHTS, THE BEST KNOWN AND BEST SPOKEN OF LINE IN THE SOUTH.

Its Mail Order Service is the best remedy for the High Cost of Doing Business.

Postal brings catalog or salesman.

Mail orders on way same day.

J. K. Orr Shoe Co.
RED SEAL FACTORY, Atlanta.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

COTTON FIELDS TELL STORY OF TWO ASPECTS

No Cause for Complaint in the Central or Eastern Belt. Spinners Reluctant.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—A genuine crop scare in a considerable portion of the cotton belt and an absence of bullish activity in the price marts was an anomaly presented during the week. A partial explanation for it was, that while the crop was admittedly losing condition in Oklahoma and Texas, in practically all the rest of the belt there was no good reason for complaint. In fact, most of the central and eastern belt sent in reports of excellent progress toward a satisfactory yield. There was thus a two-sided story from the cotton fields, and the sections which last season had only moderate outturns were giving promise of evening up matters with a section that had bumper crops.

The promise of rains in the western part of the belt at the close of last wek, which afforded much of the basis for the bearish activity in the speculative market on Friday and Saturday, proved barren of much results, for the showers were scattered, and by no means sufficient to relieve the situation. In only a few localities did they amount to enough to give relief, and as the temperatures continued high, some of them might better not have come. Arkansas had some fine rains, which put an end to an incipient drouth. The week has brought no important relief to Oklahoma and Texas, and most students of the situation have reduced expectations for those important areas.

It seems certain enough damage already has been done to make unlikely a yield of as much as last year, despite increased acreage. The injury will continue until the drouth is relieved, and then for them to have full benefit there will have to be a late and open fall so late fruit can mature.

In the central belt conditions are still excellent, and the critical perjod will soon pass. Expectations are for the largest crop ever gathered in this territory, and picking will start in earnest in a few weeks. The "first" bale has already appeared here, nine days ahead of last year and five earlier than the average date. However, the crop as a whole is not that much ahead, the bale having come from the section that is trying to get ahead of the boll weevil by early planting and forced cultivation.

Opinion here is that the improvement of the past few weeks in the eastern belt has been such as to make possible a large yield, though it is doubted whether the record of two years ago will be reached in any large area.

The spot situation is still without much feature, and it seems likely that the spinners are going to take their time about buying. Very little forward business is reported booked and the disposition to scatter orders is not yet marked. From across the water comes talk of trade not being so promising, though there is a suspicion that one motive for such news is the need of raw material in large quantities soon and it will not hurt any to spread the notion that trade is going to be dull, thus helping to depress values and enable as cheap buying as possible.

The effect of the legislation against futures, should it be passed, is also expected to be for lower prices, which is another motive for the spinners waiting. There are many people who think the removal of this menacing cloud would result in a very quick revival of bullish speculative activity and thus the crop scare would become a price factor of more importance than it has been.

The foreign spinner, no doubt, also feels that the money situation is such that there will be a rush to sell the new crop, which will better his chances of getting bargains provided he does not show too much eagerness this early.

The domestic spinner naturally is biding his time and being conservative, pending the passage of the tariff act and its effect on business. Other things also encourage him to be a little patient, although advices indicate a healthy prospect for business.

SEABOARD NOTES CHEAP.

The offering of the unsold balance of Seaboard Air Line $1,900,000 equipment trust notes is being made at a price to yield 6 per cent. Seaboard Air Line Railway's surplus over all fixed charges and bond interest, for the year ended June 30, last, it is understood, was between $1,725,000 and $1,750,000, or equivalent to 6.9 per cent on the $25,000,000 preferred stock. Last year the surplus on the same basis was $899,000.

THE NEW ISSUES.

The Financial Chronicle's New York review of new security issues for the last six months shows them to have been the smallest in years and much below the average of the last eight years, totaling for stocks and bonds only $627,048,160, par value, compared with $1,219,250 in the first six months of 1912.

PHYSICAL LIMIT SET.

The Baldwin Locomotive Company says the factor determining size and power of locomotives is the physical ability of firemen to shovel coal.



Six Crops of Alfalfa in One Season; Big Opportunity for Farmers of South

Special Soil Preparatin Is Necessary to Success—Inoculation and Liming Important—Seed Bed Preparation Should Begin Two Years in Advance.

CHARLES A. WHITTLE.

(Georgia State College of Agriculture.)

Think of from four to six crops of hay off a field in a year, and you are thinking of the possibilities of alfalfa growing in the South. Think of cutting from one to one and a half tons per acre each time and figure that each ton is worth at least $25 and you arrive at a very snug income with mighty little sweat as compared to cotton, for instance.

But be not deceived. Learning to grow alfalfa in the South is the biggest thing about it. Anybody who takes it as a matter of course that all he has to do is to stir the land and plant and thereafter watch the negroes harvest, is more than likely to be enrolled with the long list of those who have proven alfalfa failures in the South.

With all the good things that can be said of the soil of the South, it can pretty generally be said that Southern lands are not naturally "cut out" to grow alfalfa. This is not saying that alfalfa as a rule will not grow in the South, nor is it reflecting in any wise on either the soil or the climate. The point is that all Southern soils have to be given special treatment and preparation before alfalfa will be at home in it.

Alfalfa on Every Farm.

"Alfalfa on every farm," the slogan now going the rounds, does not point to an impossible ideal, but if anyone thinks it can be attained in the South without a considerable revolution, he may be easily deceived by trying it.

With all, it is easy enough to prepare the soil for alfalfa and go along producing it, if the prospective grower will follow good advice—but there is the rub.

The ordinary cotton grower of the South will have to practice crop rotation, he will have to add inoculation to his vocabulary and practices, and he will have to get lime into his soil. Those who have been teaching this sort of doctrine and have observed how far it has taken root in the South will understand how much farming practice will have to be changed to realize "Alfalfa on every farm."

To the average Southern farmer to mention inoculation is to elicit inquiries. What is it? Why? And to tell the truth, it is neither easy to understand nor to explain. A full explanation, indeed, is impossible. Inoculation means to introduce friendly bacteria into the soil. Without certain nitrogen fixing bacteria present in the ordinary soil, alfalfa and other legumes make poor headway. Certain it is that some of these bacteria can take the nitrogen from the air and fix it in the ground, converting at the same time the nitrogen into food for the growing plant.

Alfalfa Bred Bacteria Best.

It is believed that almost any soil has some of the nitrogen fixing bacteria present in it, but as a matter of fact in some soils these bacteria are few and apparently so starved as to be unequal to the task imposed by thrifty alfalfa.

The best bacteria with which to inoculate are those which have been bred in a good alfalfa field. Good bacteria can be grown artificially and it is with such artificially grown bacteria that seed are inoculated. When sprinkled with a solution in which the artificially grown bacteria have been turned loose, the seed carry on their surface enough of the bacteria to start up business in a new field.

Of course the bacteria are invisible except under a compound microscope. The farmer can not see them and when he buys he buys on faith. If his alfalfa grows and produces good crops he believes in inoculation. If it does not, he is likely to have notions of his own about inoculation. It is possible for seed to be perfectly inoculated and by reason of improper handling may fail to show results. Sunlight destroys bacteria and inoculated seed left exposed to the sunlight will become sterile. To escape the danger of sunlight it is necessary, of course, to shelter the bacteria, and it is wiser to sow or to apply the inoculation medium late in the afternoon or during cloudy weather.

Again, the seed may be properly inoculated, due precaution may be taken to get it into the soil with the least injury from the sunlight, but the soil may be sour, which is no sort of soil for a nitrogen fixing bacteria.

Lime Necessary to Alfalfa.

To correct sourness of soil lime is necessary. The fact is that practically all soils in the South are deficient in lime. This may never become apparent so long as cotton or corn is grown, but it is certainly true when it comes to growing legumes.

The lime is not needed as a fertilizer. It is merely a tonic to nitrogen fixing bacteria. Soils generally are supplied with all the lime that the crops need. Experiments have shown that most of the crops grown in the South are benefited by the use of lime, a benefit that is attributable to increasing bacterial activity. Bacterial activity means increase of plant food, for bacteria in effect are minute laboratories changing the elements nonavailable for plant food into elements of the soil that are available. Of course there are good and bad bacteria. Some of those that might be classed as bad operate to change available plant food into non-available. Of such are the denitrifying bacteria, which instead of preparing bacteria for the plants change it into perhaps free nitrogen that returns again to the air.

These friendly bacteria have been isolated and named and are nurtured, coaxed and strengthened to do their best. Only the border of the realm of these soil agents has been entered, and it may be reckoned with a degree of certainty that as the scientist ventures further into the mysterious country of the unseen that he will bring back to the farmer knowledge that will mean two bushels where one is now grown, all by learning which are the good bacteria that are serving plant life and how to encourage their growth.

The first great contribution of the scientist in looking into the teeming soil world is that lime is good for nitrogen-fixing bacteria, and since nitrogen is the most expensive plant food and one of the most important, it is a wonderful discovery this of lime and its relations to bacteria.

Since nitrogen-fixing bacteria operating to the good of alfalfa set up shop on the roots of the plant and there extract nitrogen from the air that has penetrated the soil, to know that lime will make it thrive is equivalent to saying that without lime alfalfa will not grow in many Southern soils, for it is a fact that most Southern soils are deficient in lime and are too sour for nitrogen-fixing bacteria.

Success Has Made Failures.

Some pretty well-known, highly respected and intelligent men have said that they do not believe in inoculation nor in liming for alfalfa. They point to their successful alfalfa patch to show you that neither is necessary. Unwittingly such well-meaning people have been the means of the downfall of others in their attempts to grow alfalfa. Do not get an idea that there are many such alfalfa successes in the South, especially among those who have not used lime. Even where the soil has been formed by the disintegration of limestone rock, where there is a foundation of limestone in the soil, is to be found a marked deficiency in available lime. The lime has leached out. It must be supplied. On soils which for some reason, exceptional to the rule, there is sufficient lime, alfalfa may be started and grown successfully even without inoculation. The reason for the unnecessary inoculation will be found to be that the soil has already been stocked with nitrogen-fixing bacteria through the medium of clover, cowpeas, beans or one of a hundred other legumes.

Some of the authorities are now advocating going to the roadside, the fence corners or other places where sweet clover or burr clover, or lespedeza, or some other legumes are growing, taking some of the soil from underneath, scatter it over the alfalfa seed bed and harrow it under. By this mean nitrogen-fixing bacteria will be added to the soil, bacteria that have been making their living off the very kind of soil in which they are appointed to continue operations.

Better still, of course, would be soil taken from a field in which alfalfa had grown, a field where conditions are similar as to character of soil, climate, growing zone, etc. Naturally bacteria that have been feeding on alfalfa must have established alfalfa-loving characteristics.

Suppose some cotton farmer gets inspiration enough to get out of the ruts and takes the advice of the man who does not believe in inoculation or liming, and suppose he fails, as he is likely to do, what a pity! When again will he be in frame of mind to try?

Preparing the Seed Bed.

The preparation of the seed bed with reference to weed eradication is important. It is time well spent if two years are taken in preparing the land for alfalfa. If barnyard manure is applied, it is better to follow with a crop of corn as a weed eradicator. This followed by rye or oats drilled between the corn rows at the last time the corn is worked, will afford not only a winter cover crop, but good pasturage for the colts and calves during the winter. After the rye or oats, as the case may be, is taken off, the cowpea or soy bean will prove excellent for keeping the weeds from getting a start. Turning under the cowpeas or soy beans and harrowing the ground until it is in find tilth, as good a seed bed as could be obtained for growing alfalfa is prepared.

Weeds and alfalfa do not do well together. If the farmer can not get rid of the weeds, he need not look to alfalfa to do it. Many farmers have had fits of despair over the weeds and crab grass which have made their appearance in their alfalfa patches.

But weeds are not formidable obstacles to growing alfalfa where the precautions described have been taken. Even where the weeds have appeared in an alfalfa patch there is a fighting chance for alfalfa if the right steps are taken to keep down the weeds. The method usually recommended is to run a disk harrow over the field. This plays havoc with the weeds, but harms the alfalfa very little. By some it is claimed that the harrowing will break up the alfalfa crowns or bunches and start new plants. Weed eradication in the field will rarely be necessary if the seed bed is properly prepared in advance.

Then Put In Lime.

Having brought the seed bed through two seasons of preparation and having broken and harrowed the ground, the next important step is to put in the lime. The amount of lime to apply will depend upon the degree of acidity or sourness of the land, not on the amount of lime already in the soil. The degree of sourness is usually determined by the use of litmus paper, a prepared paper that can be purchased at any drug store. This paper when imbedded in fairly moist soil and left a short time, when taken out will show by the change of color how acid the soil is. If the change of color is very marked plenty of lime should be applied. The application will vary from one to two tons per acre.

Lime is comparatively inexpensive and when once applied serves its purpose five or more years. Ground limestone is the form which is most generally used. The price is determined largely by the cost of freight. At lime manufacturing centers the ground limestone can usually be bought at $1 per ton and even less, especially where the lime is a by-product.

The lime should be broadcasted or drilled in. If broadcasted, then harrowed under.

Sourness of soil is attributed to an incomplete stage of decomposition of vegetable matter which has been turned into the soil. The lime is the one element that will at once adjust conditions and permit other bacteria as well as the nitrogen fixing bacteria to do their work. The vegetable matter which has been turned under in preparing the seed bed and is in process of decomposition, that is, which is being transformed by bacteria, proceeds with its processes most favorably in the presence of lime, becomes humus and then plant food.

An application of nitrate of soda after the alfalfa has come up, especially if it is not showing good color, has often proved helpful.

Cropping Alfalfa.

When the alfalfa plant has grown its full height, a second growth will the second growth has put up its shoots and has started vigorously, be found starting at the roots. When then is the time to cut off the first crop. If the weather is normal, in a month's time there will be another crop ready to cut. The same signs of when to cut are to be followed in each instance—that is, the oncoming of another crop.

In the South when there has been as much rain as has generally prevailed this summer, the owner of an alfalfa patch will be cutting hay once a month for about six months in the year. Indeed, the prospcest are favorable in some alfalfa patches for seven crops this year, five already having been cut, and the growing season ahead extending through September and October.

If a ton of cured hay per acre is obtained with each cutting, the alfalfa can be counted as doing first rate. Some will do better.

Alfalfa hay is worth taking good care of. The weather is not always favorable for curing it in the field, especially during the thundershower period. Canvas caps for the piles of hay in the field pay for themselves over and over by saving hay that would rot in the field from too much rain. Any grower of hay of whatever kind of hay it may be can well afford to provide hay caps.

Alfalfa hay is good, rich hay and ranks very near wheat bran in the amount of nutriments, ton for ton. Wheat bran costs about $30 per ton laid down in the South. Raise alfalfa hay and the wheat bran need not be purchased. The alfalfa has a feeding value of nearly $30 per ton at present prices, but at the outset of this article a selling prices of $25 was set as an average.

As a feed alfalfa is a producer of high-class barnyard manure. Considering that the feeding value of alfalfa is nearly $30 per ton and the manure produced of high fertilizing value, the conclusion is that alfalfa is most profitable to the farmer when he feeds it to farm animals and applies the manure to the land.

Thus the story of alfalfa ends most happily when alfalfa is married to a home made live stock business.

Selling U. S. Bonds Short Is Risky Deal

Restricted Market for These Securities Makes the 'Bear's' Lot One Not Enviable.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The trader who sells any Government bonds short takes a long chance of making a profit, because of the restricted market for these securities, and the short seller of those which bear coupons assumes a risk much greater than is attached to any active stock or bond on the Stock Exchange list. Government coupon bonds, particularly those which have the circulation privilege, are comparatively scarce.

The coupon bonds may be converted into registered bonds, but registered bonds may not be exchanged for others of the same clas which bear coupons.

The application of this provision to the issues which are used to secure bank note issues, naturally, has worked to cut down the number of coupon bonds outstanding and thereby greatly lessened the opportunity of short sellers for covering their contracts at times when they have the best advantage for a profitable transaction.

An expert on Government issues predicted yesterday that traders who went short on coupon 2s below 96 would have difficulty in covering at any price under par unless some development at Washington occurs to weaken them drastically.

No One Surprised at Passing of Dividend

National Railways of Mexico Made the Plaything of Every Rebel Chieftain.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Persons sufficiently interested in the National Railways of Mexico to watch earnings long ago decided that the company could not pay another semi-annual dividend on its first preferred stock while the revolution continued. Members of the New York board said the payment due August 10 would not be made; and when word came from Mexico City that the usual declaration expected at this time had been omitted by the directors, there was no surprise.

The Railways' lines have been the plaything of the rebels and bandits wherever they have congregated in numbers sufficient to defy the authorities. Under the delusion that one of the first rules of warfare is to destroy as much property as possible, the insurrectos have burned trestles and torn up track in which they, as natives of Mexico, had a proprietary interest.

There is a great deal of European money invested in the National Railways, as well as a very respectable amount of American capital but the Mexican Government owns $74,724,000 of the $150,000,000 common stock, $10,000,000 of the $57,662,000 of the first preferred and $38,278,00 of the $240,597,000 of second preferred.

Moreover, the Government will be held liable for the damage to the railways when peace is restored, so that every time a piece of property is destroyed the Mexican Government is saddled with additional obligations. Preliminary estimates for the last year indicate that the company earned almost $2,000,000 over its expenses and fixed charges, or about $500,000 less than the dividends paid.

PULLMAN'S YEAR.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The report of the Pullman company for the twelve months ended July 31, which will be published about a month hence, is expected to show the largest gross earnings in the corporation's history.

BEARS CHECKED BY DAMAGE IN WESTERN BELT

Small Demand for Forward Delivery in Spots Best Argument for Low Prices.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—Bearish activity, which had been encouraged by the anti-option legislation pending at Washington, has been somewhat restrained recently by reports of deterioration in the condition of the cotton crop in Texas and Oklahoma.

Unevenly distributed showers have fallen in both of those States within the last few days, but it is believed that what relief has come has been too late to prevent material damage to the crop in that section of the belt. Consequently the next bureau report is expected to show a further decline in condition from last month, when both Texas and Oklahoma fell off sharply.

The one redeeming feature in the crop situation at the moment is the improved outlook in the eastern half of the belt. According to reports received in this market, the crop in Alabama and in Georgia has undergone wonderful improvement since the date of the last bureau report. Should this improvement in the eastern belt continue, the deterioration likely to be shown in the Western belt will be offset, in a measure, by the improvement in the Atlantics.

It is believed that while conditions may be serious in those two States, rains within a week would yet permit the making of a fairly large crop, and it is argued that even if there were a shortage in the crop in the Western belt the increase apparent in the Atlantics, together with a normal yield in the Central belt, would result in a crop of at least 15,000,000 bales.

The most bearish feature in the general situation is the fact that there is less demand for forward deliveries in spots than has been the case in years. Fully good middling is being offered in this market at 45 points on October, and good middling at 15 points less for September delivery, with few, if any, buyers in sight. The slack spot demand is attributed to declining trade at Manchester and to the bearish sentiment engendered at Liverpool by the introduction of the Clarke bill in Congress.

News as to the outcome of the fight being made against the Clarke bill continues of a favorable character, and it is believed here now that the measure has been practically killed as a result of the criticism aimed at it by Southern newspapers generally.

The optimistic feeling prevailing here has been reflected by an advance of $600 in the price of New Orleans Cotton Exchange stock, two shares of which have sold this week for $2,100, with none offering at less than $2,500 now.

When the Clarke bill was first introduced, shares of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange declined below $1,500, whereas the stock had been $2,500 bid before the bill was introduced by Senator Clarke.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has revolutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.



You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac, also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

'L. & N.' Not Much Worried Over the Senatorial Probe

Busy Developing Its Own Lines, Has No Time To Buy New Holdings.

Interests familiar with affairs of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company are not apprehensive over the outcome of whatever action may be taken in connection with the resolution introduced in the Senate by Senator Lea. This resolution calls for investigation and report by the Interstate Commerce Commission of the ownership and control of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway Company and other subsidiary companies of the first mentioned road, "and the practices and methods of the Louisville and Nashville in attempting to preserve a monopoly in its territory."

It is not thought that there will be immediate legal action in the matter, as any investigation that may be made by the commission would necessarily consume a considerable amount of time, and it is considered more or less doubtful in the minds of some that sufficient evidence will be obtained to warrant the institution of a suit by the Government calling for the divorce of the lines involved.

It is known that the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis has lines running in territory which may be considered competitive with the Louisville and Nashville. But whether it can be established that any collusion exists or has existed between the two roads to abolish competition is quite another question. So far as te Tennessee Central Railroad's purchase by the Louisville and Nashville is concerned, it is understood that such a development has not been considered by the management of the last mentioned property.

The Louisville and Nashville, it is pointed out, is kept busy developing and improving its own road in order to care more expeditiously for the large traffic that is being offered, and is not in the market for other lines. It owns about 75 per cent of the stock of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, which virtually gives it control of that system. No doubt the management of the Louisville and Nashville will fight a suit, should it be instituted by the Government, to the bitter end.

At the present time the company is spending large amounts of money in double-tracking its main liens from a point about 10 miles above Nashville to Birmingham, Ala., a distance of over 300 miles. When this important work is completed the road will be in a position to handle its business in that territory much more effectively than at present. The double-track work is not being done on the old roadbed all the distance, as in many places lines are being straightened, and at Nashville one track is being run around the city to avoid congestion. It is proposed to utilize one of the tracks between Nashville and Birmingham for freight and the other for passengers.

Louisville and Nashville has a very large surplus and it is believed in some circles that before long stockholders will receive another "bonus" in stock. The last one of $12,000,000 was only about half what was expected, and at that time predictions were freely made that within a reasonable length of time something more in this connection might be looked for. Earnings of the company are substantial during the fiscal year ended June 30 last, there having been an estimated balance available for dividends approximately of 11 1-2 or 13 per cent. Last year there was a surplus available for dividends equal to 15.93 per cent on the $60,000,000 capital stock then outstanding.

NEWS FOR INVESTORS

Anaconda Copper Company's production for July exceeds June's by 600,000 pounds, although this is 1,000,000 pounds below the July output last year.

* * *

American Smelting and Refining Company earnings, although not so large as last year, owing to Mexican disturbances, will make no change in the regular dividend.

* * *

Minneapolis and St. Louis Railroad for the twelve months ended June 30 increased gross by $1,880,782 and net by $1,173,665, compared with last year.

Seaboard Air Line for the fiscal year increased total operating revenue $783,417 and net $1,028,700 over 1912. Surplus, which increased $835,558 over last year, is equal to 7 1-4 per cent on the preferred stock outstanding, compared with 3 3-4 per cent in 1912.

* * *

The St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company has been authorized by the Missouri Public Service Commission to issue $28,584,500 first and refunding 40-year 6 per cent bonds, of which $26,730,000 are to replace bonds already outstanding, and the remainder for reimbursing the road for expenditures made for improvements and equipment.

NEW SEABOARD MANAGEMENT IS DOING WELL

Deficit of $121,000 in First Quarter Overcome and oGod Surplus Besides.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Seaboard Air Line in the year ended June 30 earned in excess of 7 per cent on $23,894,000. Final surplus was approximately $1,730,000, against $813,000 in 1912, both figures including only rail operations.

The showing reflects credit on the new management. In a year when the company's territory scored only about 60 per cent of a normal cotton crop, and when the initial three months' operations under the old management produced a deficit of $121,000, results for the succeeding nine months not only overcame these handicaps, but so far recovered that gross increased $1,523,000 and surplus over all charges increased $817,000.

On basis of nine months' operations under the new management, and allowing for effort necessary to pick up and recover the initial quarter's deficit, the property appears to be earning at rate of nearly $2,000,000 surplus annually, or equivalent to more than 8 per cent on the outstanding preferred. Total operating ratio in the past year was 72 per cent of gross. In 1912 it was 75 per cent.

Officials look forward to better than a $2,000,000 surplus in the current year. Crops offer excellent promise, with one of the largest cotton crops ever raised among the prospects this year. General business is moving in fair volume and traffic outlook shows no unfavorable signs.

PITTSBURG COAL MINES PRODUCING BIG PROFIT

PITTSBURG, Aug. 16.—Mines in the Pittsburg district are being operated to the limit fixed by car and labor supply. As these are very satisfactory, output is correspondingly large. There is not a very heavy demand for quick delivery. Contracts are calling for the greater part of the attention of operators.

Consumers have very little coal on hand and the increased activity in iron production may cause a stiffening of prices of both coal and coke.

EVERY WOMAN



NEEDS THESE UNIQUE BOOKS $1 EACH



The first edition of "Salads" is sold out; but the second edition is just off the press. The first edition of "Desserts" is going fast. Send in orders at once. There are no books like these.

"SALADS"

This is not a "cookbook" in the ordinary sense. It is **unique**—the work of the foremost authority on salad-making, Olive M. Hulse.

"Salads" contains more than 200 original recipes—each a masterpiece in the art of making salads; 30 recipes for salad dressings, and a remarkable introductory chapter on "Salad Lore."

There are 95 pages and the printing and binding are most attractive. **$1 Postpaid.**

"DESSERTS"

This volume contains 155 pages. In it are more than 200 matchless recipes for the making of the most delicious desserts—French Pastries, Pies, Cakes, Puddings, Ices and Fruit Desserts. The introductory chapter on "Dessert Lore" reads more like a fairy story than the actual history of desserts.

In the preparation of "Desserts" Mrs. Hulse has had the co-operation of some of the most famous chefs in America. The result is the most fascinating and useful book of its kind ever published. **$1 Postpaid.**

Don't Delay—Send Now

Mrs. Hulse's "Salads" and "Desserts" are unique not only because of their invaluable recipes, but in the manner in which the author presents her subject. Her recipes enable the woman in the most moderate circumstances to match the skill of the French chef. Send to-day for "Salads" and "Desserts"—they are $1 each, prepaid. The editions are limited, but a prompt reply will insure delivery.

Western Merchandise & Supply Company

326 West Madison Street : : : : : : : : : : : : Chicago, Ill.

JUMP INTO THE CONTEST TO WIN!

Complete List of Prizes

Organization Prizes
For Churches, Lodges, Etc.

1st. $1,000.00 in Gold.
2d. $500.00 Furniture, Own Selection.

Capital Grand Prizes for Men, Women and Children

1st. One Touring Car.
2d. Double Tour to California.

Individual Prizes---Men

First—One two-cylinder Motorcycle.
Second—One-cylinder Motorcycle.
Third—Diamond Ring.
Fourth—Gold Watch and Fob.
Fifth—Gold Watch.



Individual Prizes---Women

First—Player-Piano.
Second—Piano.
Third—Diamond Ring.
Fourth—Gold Watch and Neckchain.
Fifth—Diamond Lavalliere.

Individual Prizes---Boys

First—Motorcycle.
Second—Business College Scholarship.
Third—Gold Watch and Chain.
Fourth—Bicycle.
Fifth—Gold Watch.

Individual Prizes---Girls

1st. Piano.
2d. Business College Scholarship.
3d. Gold Watch and Neckchain.
4th. Bicycle.
5th. Diamond Lavalliere.

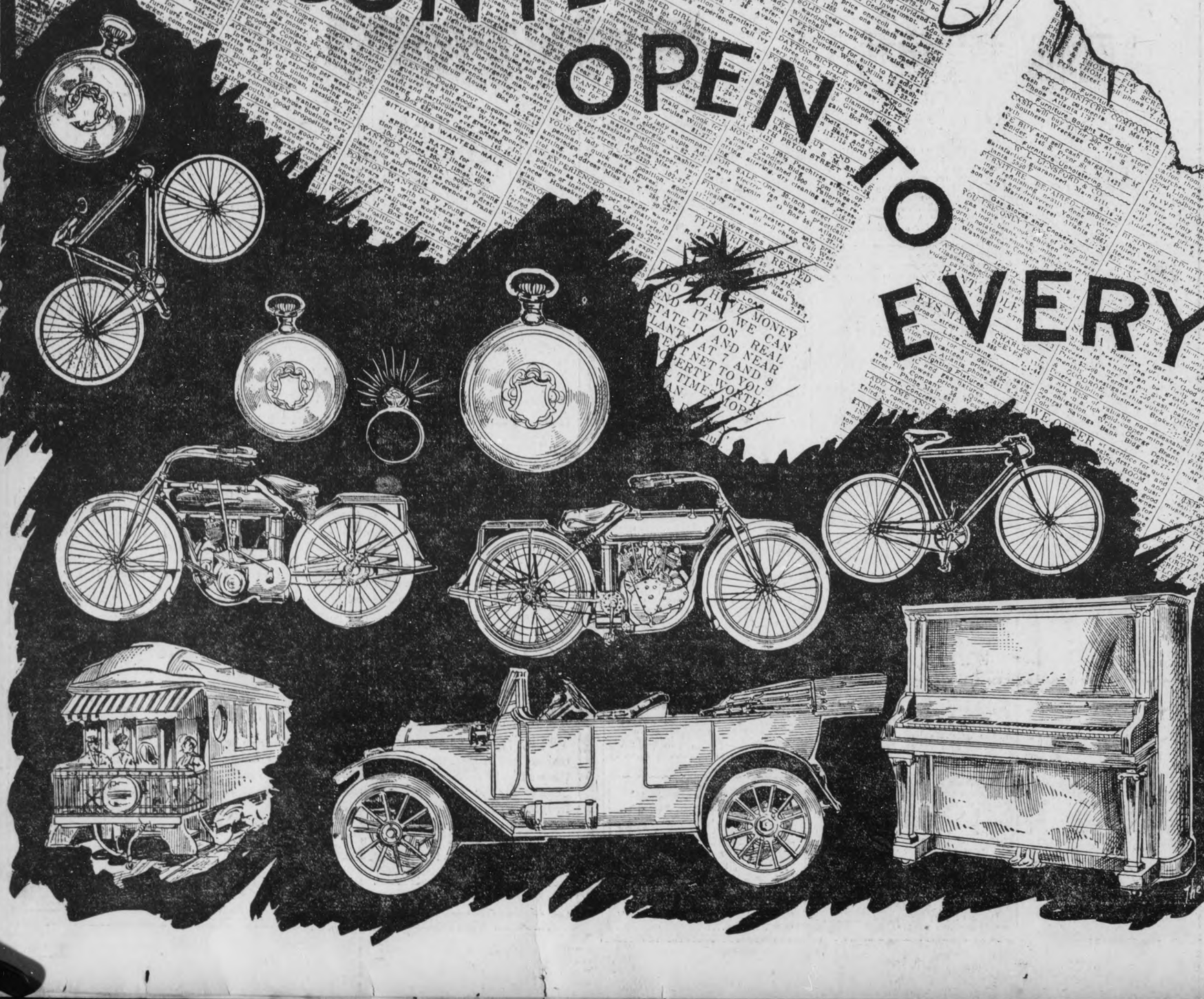
Contest Department

4th Floor Foote & Davies Building

Office Hours:

Every Day
8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays
Office Open Until 8 P. M.

"WANT AD" CONTEST OPEN TO EVERYBODY!



Nomination Coupon — **1,000 VOTES**

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I Nominate ..... (Name)
.... (Address)
as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.
.... (Address)
.... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 Votes for Contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each Contestant.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

FLORIDA EDITION

VOL. I. NO. 20. Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GIRL STICKS TO STORY OF HER FLIGHT WITH DIGGS

Marsha Warrington Says Former State Architect Took Advantage of Friendship in Elopement to Reno—Lived as Man and Wife.

Accused Appealed to Her to Keep Him Out of the Penitentiary, She Testifies—Court Cautions Jurors Not to Discuss the Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Her eyes averted from the gaze of Maury L. Diggs, former State Architect, on trial for white slavery, Marsha Warrington, the girl with whom he is alleged to have eloped to Reno, leaving behind a wife and family, finished her recital of her relations with the prisoner and remained steadfast to her story how he had taken advantage of a platonic friendship and against her will made her take the trip to the Nevada town, where they lived together as man and wife.

Though vigorously cross-examined, the girl's story was unshaken.

In concluding her testimony, Miss Warrington said:

"After arriving in Reno on March 10 we had luncheon and then we went to the Riverside Hotel, while Diggs and Caminetti went to a real estate office," she said. "They said they were going to rent a bungalow and that they intended to remain in Reno about six months.

Took Suite of Roome.

"When Diggs and Caminetti returned, Diggs registered and we went to a suite of rooms. We had two bedrooms, a parlor and a bath. Diggs and I had one room and Caminetti and Lola the other.

"We took a bungalow while we were there. We were never out of it except at night and never farther away than around the block. Diggs cautioned us not to be seen.

"When Chief Hillhouse came to arrest us on the morning of the 14th, we were still in bed. Diggs said: 'There are the police.'

"He understood that it was a serious situation, for he told me: 'It's up to you girls to keep us out of the penitentiary. Do everything you can to shield us.' He told us to say that Lola and I had occupied the front room and that he and Caminetti had slept in the rear room.

"Dear Pickles," He writes.

A letter addressed to "Dear Pickles," said to have been written to Miss Warrington by Diggs after his arrest, was shown to the jury. The letter contained this sentence:

"Don't worry now; everything will come out O. K., and you remember what I said to you, the last words?"

Miss Warrington was asked what were the "last words." Adjurations, she answered, not to tell anything that would incriminate the writer.

During the cross-examination Diggs constantly prompted the questions of his attorneys and steadily kept his eyes on the girl's veiled face, but she constantly avoided his gaze.

When the essentials of her previous testimony were called into doubt, she made her answers a stronger reaffirmation.

The courtroom was somewhat startled in the afternoon session by the emphatic admonitions of the judge to the jury that the case must not be discussed by the jurors, particularly with any friend of Diggs or C. Drew Caminetti, the latter a co-defendant in another case on a similar indictment. The judge said they must not even allow the case to be mentioned within their hearing or read about it in the newspapers.

Jurors Are Cautioned.

These are the usual instructions to jurors, but the emphasis with which they were twice reiterated by Judge Van Fleet this afternoon gave rise to inquiries which he would not satisfy. Theodore Roche, who thus far has conducted the Government's case, merely said there was reason for the court's order. One juror admitted he had been in company where the case was discussed, though he had not joined in the talk.

Two minor witnesses—the managing editor of a Sacramento newspaper and the Probation Officer of Sacramento County—denied to-day that there had been any scandal connected with the names of the four on the point of exploding into print or that arrests were impending if they remained in Sacramento. Miss Warrington had testified that Diggs had told her such was the case, and this fear had been her prime motive for leaving home.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam., Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweeaheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeoligist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

FRANK'S COUNSEL BIT BY BIT BUILDS STRUCTURE TO CRUSH CONLEY STORY

Intricate Mass of Circumstantial Evidence Is Assembled to Disprove Direct Testimony of Negro and Corroboration Theories of State.

DEFENDANT'S MORALS TO BE NEXT BATTLE GROUND

An intricate structure is being raised by Leo Frank's lawyers as his defense against the formidable case made out by the prosecution. Little by little its parts were laid, all during last week's period of the trial, with no less than 50 witnesses as agents.

No one of the many witnesses for the defense has given testimony that in itself was essentially significant. But each one has embodied an attack on the State's case, testifying against the character of a damaging anti-Frank witness, or to Frank's good character, or as to the likelihood of expert testimony that the State drew forth.

The case of the defense, as it was made out with the close of the week's session, is a structure of little bits. It is an attempt to overcome a long line of circumstantial evidence and the direct testimony of a single witness—Jim Conley—with another long line of circumstances. In this case as the week has revealed the State is truly the aggressive, the defense truly the defensive.

Arnold Charges Scheme.

Most strenuous of the attempts of the defense has been that to prevent the examination of witnesses along the lines of Frank's alleged immoral conduct. Time and again Solicitor Dorsey has asked witnesses if they have heard of certain actions by Frank in connection with young girls. Each time a heated objection has come from Reuben Arnold, Frank's attorney, who has charged that the questions are without foundation, and that they are framed merely to set the prisoner in an evil light before the jury.

To Lawyer Arnold's objections was added the protest of the prisoner's mother, in a startling, dramatic manner. Plainly overwrought, bordering on the hysterical, Mrs. Frank rose from her seat after Dorsey asked J. Ashley Jones if he had heard of Frank's immoral behavior with a little girl.

Mrs. Frank was trembling and pale faced. She advanced toward the Solicitor and pointed a finger at him.

"No, he hasn't heard," she cried, her voice almost a shriek. "Nor you either."

The situation was doubly dramatic, coming as it did unexpectedly. Mrs. Frank has been apparently the calmest and coolest and most courageous person in the courtroom since the trial began, not a quiver of her face betokening lack of composure. No one expected the outburst from her.

Dorsey's Look Triumphant.

To all the protests of the lawyers, however, Solicitor Dorsey declared that the State can prove the charges of gross immoral conduct against Frank, and will bring witnesses to that effect on rebuttal. There was something triumphant in the Solicitor's bearing when Frank's attorneys introduced testimony to prove the good character of the prisoner.

This lets down the bars. The prosecution now may produce witnesses in rebuttal to attack Frank's character and his behavior, in case they have such evidence in hand. The Solicitor announces that he has this evidence and will produce it.

At one time during the week's course of the trial it was hinted that forty or fifty witnesses will be called by the State when the case again comes into its hands in reply to the testimony for the defense. In that event, the trial will be prolonged through the greater part of next week. Several days undoubtedly will be required for the lawyers' argument of the case, which has become one of the most complicated and tangled of Georgia's legal history. And thus it is not unlikely that the last week of the month will come before the verdict of the jury is announced.

Testimony on which the defense relies most was produced in that of several medical experts—Dr. George Bachman, Dr. T. H. Hancock, Dr. Willis Westmoreland, Dr. W. S. Kendrick and Dr. William Owens. All these men were called to reply to the statement of Dr. Harris, of the State Board of Health, whose testimony is

MORAL CONDUCT OF FRANK NOW IS BATTLE GROUND

Solicitor General Apparently Welcomes Arnold's Putting Defendant's Character in Issue.

Continued from Page 1.

believed to be hurtful to the defense.

He had declared that the undigested bits of cabbage in Mary Phagan's stomach proved she was killed within a short period after her midday meal. The whole contention of the State is that Frank killed Mary Phagan before 12:30 o'clock on the afternoon of April 26, and the fact has been established that she ate dinner less than an hour before that time.

But the experts called by the defense were almost unanimous in declaring that Dr. Harris could have been mistaken, however positively he stated his opinion. A bitter fight developed on cross-examination of each of the experts.

Bitter also was the fight that came over the testimony of Dr. William Owens. It was he who timed the actions of mimics when they rehearsed in pantomime Conley's version of the death of Mary Phagan some time after his arrest. Eighteen and a half minutes were taken up by the incident, a length of time which seems to offset the State's theory that the murder was done and the body disposed of within a short time. Solicitor Dorsey objected to the introduction of the testimony, but Judge Roan allowed it to be entered, with the remark that he would study the arguments for and against and announce later a judgment as to its admissibility.

The hope and belief of the defense that the commission of the crime may be laid on the shoulders of Jim Conley was revealed in the course of the Owens examination, when Lawyer Arnold made a heated statement.

Arnold Accuses Conley.

Solicitor Dorsey was objecting to the admission of the evidence concerning the murder in pantomime, and spoke sarcastically of its features.

"Your honor," he protested to Judge Roan, "you're surely not going to allow a thing like this."

"I don't know what I am going to do," replied Judge Roan.

The Solicitor turned to Arnold.

"Well," he asked, "how long did it take in this farce to choke the little girl to death?"

"We don't know how long it took the nigger to kill the child," replied the lawyer for the defense, hotly.

The Solicitor turned to the Judge at this accusation of Conley.

"Now, your honor," he said, "that won't do."

Judge Roan agreed with him, and the examination proceeded.

Following the examination of the expert witnesses the defense produced men who were classmates and associates of Frank in college to testify to his good character. It was at this juncture that the hearing of the Solicitor plainly revealed triumph. He had contended all during the trial that he would produce evidence of Frank's immoral behavior if an opening were given him. This was the opening.

The first four character witnesses were A. L. Lane and R. A. Knight, of Brooklyn, and Philip Nash, of Greenwood, N. J., and J. Ashley Jones, an insurance man of Atlanta. Others, the defense has announced, will be brought forth. The attitude of Frank's lawyers is that of defying the prosecution to attack the prisoner's moral character.

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 106 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figgins, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job

But Lind Is Most Unusual Man

Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the conventions mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain; ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of dissatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

"But every night I taught them to pray: "God, give mother back her sight before she dies,'" she said in Chicago. "And their prayers have been answered."

The woman, now bent and feeble is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

Mrs. Welsh came to the hospital from her home alone. On her breast she wore the inscription, "I am blind. I am going to the Wesley Hospital, Chicago. Please direct me," on a large card.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hilsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

Dogs Succeed Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Before Butler left the Fulton County jail, after sentence was passed, his attorneys began efforts to save him from the penitentiary.

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

Mr. Hearst Tells Why He Keeps Oil Letters From Lobby Inquiry

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends in Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine!" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY.

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $6.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED TRADE MARK



New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery

Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00

All Other Work at Reasonable Prices

Dr. W. J. Harper LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Eczema, Rheumatism, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplid from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank
16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Chic and Dashing Fall Hats Will Bring $1,000,000 to Atlanta

Here's where the factions divide—some like it; some laugh. It is made of midnight blue plush, with a yellow figured top and a yellow feather butterfly off at the side.

Shaped like a man's derby, this hat of garnet plush has a silk ribbon to match which trails behind the left shoulder. Gray roses are used.

"One must be pretty to wear this hat"—of black velvet and patent leather.

A flat sailor, of "tete de negre" plush, trimmed with cream and brown fur and sacred bird of Siam feathers.

Butterflies are the prevailing motif. This is a hat of black velvet with a black lace butterfly.



Turquoise blue satin crown, with a brim of taupe dubitine, and an aigrette—dubitine being a new material.

Chic—that's the word. It needs a pert face and vivacious manner. Black velvet with pink facings and Paradise feathers.

Autumn Styles in Millinery Show That Large Creations Are Thing of the Past—Butterflies Are Popular.

"Now, deny it if you can,
"Though it's manners make the man,
"It's millinery makes the girl."
—Song from "Red Feather."

Millinery, then, being such a serious affair, some 1,400 women and 100 men will visit Atlanta these later weeks of August, and they will spend close to $1,000,000 for millinery. The "openings" for fall and winter styles are on in Atlanta's great wholesale houses, and the great semi-annual buying is under way.

The general public will not see these styles for a month or so to come. Therefore, this is NEWS—real hot stuff—for feminine readers. Here goes:

Black predominates.
Nearly all hats are almost collapsible.
Butterflies are the prevailing motif in trimmings.
Few large hats are shown.
Feathers and fur are "particularly good."
Rats and switches apparently have gone to stay, for nearly all the new hats are close-fitting and necessitate scant coiffures.

For instance, one of the very prettiest styles shown—from masculine viewpoint at least—is a new poke of black plush with pink facing and paradise feathers. This is a saucy little hat that goes with a pert face and lively manner. One can imagine it on a vivacious little demoiselle at Longchamps—where, in fact, it was photographed by an Atlanta designer, and copied.

Splendiferous, indeed, must be the sacred bird of Siam, whose feathers adorn an extremely flat plush hat of sailor shape.

Fur Cream and Brown.

A pelt of some little animal, about the size of a weasel, twists about the crown, and the two feathers complete the trimming. The fur is cream and brown. The feathers are brown with wonderful bluish markings more beautiful than a peacock's glories. The plush is a new shade of brown called "tete de negre," which sounds much better in French than in English. All this sets "hubby" back about fifty.

"Tete de negre," by the way, vies with black in popularity.

A huge black butterfly is the only trimming on a little black silk velvet turban with soft crown.

"Smart. And good. Oh! Very good, indeed," is what the designer calls it. Let it go at that. Why argue?

All humanity is divided into two parts. Of these, one is composed of those to whom styles in millinery are a serious matter; the other, of those who grin.

There's one hat which will bring strict division of these parties. Now, from the "pro's" standpoint it is a creation of midnight blue plush, with a variegated plush top on the crown, and an artistic feather butterfly perched airily on the edge of the brim.

Now, the "antis": It's a dark blue contraption with a yellow, scrambled, Bulgarian top, and a funny little yellow thingamajig sticking up behind.

Take your choice.

"Donna e mobile," as our old friend Caruso has it—"woman is fickle"—and he might add, inexplicable. No doubt this is pretty, to a woman.

One must be pretty to wear the little black velvet hat, shaped like a traffic cop's helmet and trimmed with patent leather fixings—so says the designer. If this is carefully explained to customers, the hat should sell well.

Derby Covers Eye.

Rather a novelty, but pretty, too, is a hat shaped like a man's derby, which pulls down almost covering the right eye. The shape is of garnet plush, and a long ribbon matching this shade is thrown across the throat from right to left, so that it hangs down behind the left shoulder. Gray roses complete the trimming.

Current history ever finds its reflection in the styles. Bulgarian designs still are with us, and now comes a blue plush hat—one of the few large ones, in the Mexican style—that is, it has a broad, flat brim ornamented with fuzzy little balls.

Big velvet hats, very like the sort art students wear in the Latin Quarter of Paris, are to be seen. They are almost bare of trimming—just great, floppy pieces of black velvet, sometimes to be pulled down over one eye.

"Dubitine" is a new material. It is seen to best advantage in a hat with a brim flaring up on one side, and with a round crown. An aigrette stands pertly off to the rear. The crown is of turquoise dubitine and the underbrim of taupe satin.

If you see a slate gray rubber hat worn by some pretty girl on Peachtree street this winter, don't say you weren't prepared for it. This is due notice that rubber has been called into use for millinery. It was sure to come, straw, feathers, furs, flowers, silks, satins, fruits, birds, animals and what-not having been used.

The rubber hats are severe in design. One has a "drape" to go under the chin, made of green and blue chenille. "They say" rain won't hurt them, and that they're fine for autoing, because they're small.

It is the auto, so every one in the millinery trade believes, that has killed the big hat. A big hat is a nuisance in a limousine, and hard to keep on in a touring car or runabout—and the rest of us like to act as if we might go autoing, even if we do not.

MULHALL BARES FRAUD USED TO DEFEAT HEARST IN RACE FOR GOVERNOR

Lobbyist Got Confidence of Up-State Chairman in New York Campaign by Fake Letter and Betrayed Plans of Democrats to Republican Leaders.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

Prisoner 34 Years, Hates to Leave Jail

Slayer of Policeman Says Such Life as He Led Has Not Been Failure.

THOMASTON, MAINE, Aug. 16.—Samuel D. Haynes, of Detroit, walked out of the prison gates to-day, after serving 34 years for the murder of James L. Robbins, a policeman, at Rockland, in 1879.

At midnight his sister, Mrs. F. H. Rogers, of Detroit, had telephoned the prisoner that Governor Haines had pardoned him.

"The battle is won," Haynes told Warden Ham, "but I hate to leave." Outside the prison he held a reception for a big crowd, who knew him as a model prisoner.

"I am willing to forgive and forget," he said. "The prison has been a good thing for me, but I feel that I have paid my bill to society.

"I have been in prison since I was 17 years old, but I have spent the better part of my life here trying to be useful. There is no failure in such a life as that."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

ANTI-KISSING LAW NOT IN BOOKS, SO SUITOR IS FREED

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Howard B. Smith, employee of a local moving picture house, was arrested a few days ago for publicly kissing and hugging Florence Vigil, a pretty 14-year-old girl, of Verjeme Park, N. Mex. Taken to the city jail, it was found there was no city ordinance that prevented kissing either in public or private, and the offender was released with the admonition of Police Judge Hines to "go forth and kiss no more." The affair was the result of a summer afternoon flirtation.

Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

Anna Rocheleau Burt
VOICE CULTURE AND SIGHT READING
STUDIOS { 412 Wesley Memorial Bldg. / Cor. Cascade Ave and Beecher St. } Residence Phone West 1239
BUSCH & GERTS PIANOS USED

$5  Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE
MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS
24½ Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's
Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR
You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.

CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH	$5	GOLD FILLING	$1
GOLD CROWNS	$4	AMALGAM FILLING	50c up
BRIDGE WORK	$4	PLATES REPAIRED	50c up

TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . . $1 up

SULZER AND LAWYERS GRIMLY FIGHTING TO CLEAR GOVERNOR'S NAME

Wife Is Determined to Take Stand to Tell Her Husband's Accusers That She Signed His Name to Checks to Gamble in the Stock Market.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Governor William Sulzer and a formidable staff of lawyers are busy in the preparation of an answer to the impeachment charges brought against him by the New York Assembly. Issue will be joined and a trial held September 18 before the New York Senate and Court of Appeals, sitting in joint assembly.

The sensation of the trial and the incident which the public most avidly awaits will be the statement by Mrs. Sulzer, the brave wife whose attemp' to save her husband from disgrace involved a sacrifice of her own honor.

The most telling charge against Sulzer is that he appropriated to his own use in stock exchange gambling certain checks which were given toward his campaign fund. Mrs. Sulzer, in statements to her friends, declared that she indorsed the checks and used them in Wall street speculation without her husband's knowledge, and that she would go on the stand at the trial of her husband to reiterate the story of her misdeed.

Enemies Are Pitiless.

If she does, she will be bared to vicious attacks and cross-examination by the lawyers for the prosecution, who, as members of the assembly which impeaches her husband, already have proved themselves pitiless and vindictive.

It may be that her statement, proved true, will save her husband. None of its purport was revealed to the General Assembly before the impeachment came. However, to-day the Governor announces that under no circumstances will he allow his wife to become a witness, even if his honor and his fortune suffer.

Mrs. Sulzer is in a state of nervous collapse. The long strain imposed on her during the investigation by the General Assembly told on her, and she succumbed when the impeachment vote was announced. So serious became her condition that the Governor was forced to send a hurry call to New York, summoning a famous nerve specialist.

In her chamber Mrs. Sulzer is hysterical, and it is understood that she insists that she be allowed to testify for her husband.

Mrs. Sulzer was Miss Clara Rodelheim, of Philadelphia. She married Sulzer, who then was a Congressman, July 7, 1908. They have no children, and Mrs. Sulzer is enthrallingly interested in politics. During her husband's campaign for the election to Congress, and his subsequent campaign for Governor, she accompanied him on his speaking trips.

She, Too, Is Combative.

More than anything else she openly admires his combative nature. She is aggressive and positive herself. Of her husband she is quoted as saying: "He's ready to fight at the drop of the hat, and he'll drop the hat himself. As long as he fights, I'll fight, too—and then some."

If she takes the stand in her heroic attempt to save her husband, it is likely that her reputation will suffer. Otherwise, her husband's reputation will suffer, her friends say.

These friends say that a week ago she besought the Governor to permit her to tell her story to the public, and he refused. They say, too, that he consented to the publication of her statement only when he found he could not prevent it, and that it had been widely circulated as a rumor on the lips of the public.

Governor Sulzer, the fighter, is easily recognized in his avowed intention of holding his office even with the impeachment charges against him. His enemies in the General Assembly have declared against his right of remaining in office and have insisted that Lieutenant Governor Glynn take over the reins of government. But Sulzer shows a firm determination to stay in, and the wildest rumors are given credence as to what he will do to retain his authority. It is even asserted that he will call the militia to prevent the entrance of the Lieutenant Governor, and to prevent his own ejection. At any rate, he and his lawyers firmly contend for his right to hold office with the impeachment proceedings pending.

Herrick Issues Statement.

Little is said concerning the approaching ordeal by either the Governor or his attorneys. Mrs. Sulzer can not be reached, and it is understood that could she be seen no statement would be obtained, as she has the attorneys' orders to say nothing. Judge D. Cady Herrick, who will act as chief counsel for the defense, made a statement, which is regarded as the only word to come from him.

"Counsel for Governor Sulzer," he said, "have no desire to try the case in the newspapers. We have engaged in his defense not for William Sulzer, but as a profession al duty to the Governor of the State, and to preserve, so far as it can now be preserved, the good name and fame of the State.

"After an examination of Mr. Sulzer in relation to the transactions disclosed by the Frawley committee, we are satisfied that there has been only a partial revelation of the facts so far, as we are satisfied that he has been guilty of no willful wrongdoing."

Besides Judge Herrick, Governor Sulzer's attorneys at the trial will be Irving G. Vann, Syracuse; Louis Marshall and Austen G. Fox, New York; Harvey D. Hinman, Binghamton; Virgil Kellogg, Watertown, and Judge James Gay Gordon, of Philadelphia.

Governor Sulzer, the eighth Governor of all the United States to be impeached, is the victim of Tammany's vengeance.

7 Governors Have Been Impeached

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—In all the United States only seven other Governors have faced impeachment proceedings. These men and the results that followed were:

Charles Robinson, Kansas, 1862, acquitted.

Harrison Reed, Florida, 1868, charges dropped.

William W. Holden, North Carolina, 1870, removed.

Powell Clayton, Arkansas, 1871, charges dropped.

David Butler, Nebraska, 1871, removed.

Henry C. Warmouth, Louisiana, 1872, term expired and proceedings dropped.

Adelbert Ames, Mississippi, 1876, resigned.

WILLIAM SULZER, impeached Governor of New York, with his wife, who intends to sacrifice her own good name to save him. Below is Martin Glynn, Lieutenant Governor, who disputes Sulzer's claim that he is still in office.



BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906. William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

DEEP-LAID PLOT IN APPOINTMENT HOBSON CHARGE

Alabama Congressman Attacks Governor O'Neal for Naming Clayton for U. S. Senate.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 16.—Congressman Richmond Pearson Hobson of the Sixth District, who was a candidate for the Senatorship against the late Senator Joseph F. Johnston, in a warm card charges a deep-laid conspiracy in the appointment by Governor O'Neal of Congressman Henry D. Clayton to succeed Senator Johnston.

From Washington comes the news that there is an overwhelming opinion among both Democrats and Republicans in the Senate that Governor O'Neal had no right to appoint without specific authority from the Legislature of Alabama, and that the belief is general that Mr. Clayton has no chance of being seated on the credentials he holds.

Governor O'Neal said to-day that in event the United States Senate rejected the appointment of Congressman Clayton he would act on the recommendation of the Senate Judiciary Committee. He refused to say whether or not he would call an extra session of the Legislature.

Hobson's Card.

Congressman Hobson says of Clayton's appointment:

"It is a brazen defiance of law, the people and the Constitution—the most humiliating travesty of our political institutions.

"It is a defiance of the law and the rights of the people, willfully made with the knowledge that the appointment is illegal and is so regarded by the United States Senators, not only by the opposition Senators, but by Democratic Senators as well.

"The effect of the appointment will be to postpone indefinitely the settlement of the question. This delay is fully understood by the Alabama politician, and is incurred against the earnest advice of our Democratic leaders.

"In the midst of the crisis of the tariff bill, the interest of the Democratic party, the relief and welfare of the nation, the law of the land, the sacred political rights of the people seem to have counted for naught.

Jockeying Charged.

"The fact is that after all the jockeying and caucusing, the scheme went through precisely as Mr. Bankhead had planned. It was very remarkable how Senator Bankhead hurried to Alabama and had the whole specious article prepared to give out almost immediately.

"You will recall that Senator Bankhead and the lamented Johnston were themselves chosen by popular vote; in fact, the principle was considered of such sacred importance in our progressive State that we even went so far as to provide an election for successors to our great Morgan and Pettus before the deaths of these grand old men.

"How, then, can any true Alabaman stand for the miserable expedient of having their United States Senators appointed by Emmet O'Neal instead of being elected by the people themselves?

"It belongs to the people. It is theirs by law as well as every true consideration of the Democratic rights. They demand it, and they are not going to be fooled or hoodwinked by the hair-splitting quibblings of technical lawyers or professional pot-politicians."

HENRY D. CLAYTON, who has been appointed Senator from Alabama by Governor O'Neal to fill Senator Johnston's unexpired term.



Tammany and Sulzer's Fight Thrilling Drama

When Governor William Sulzer, the "People's Governor," and the "Poor Man's Friend," refused to do the bidding of Boss Murphy, of Tammany Hall, the most remarkable political drama New York State had ever seen was enacted. From that very moment Tammany Hall carried out a steady and consistent program of guerrilla warfare against Sulzer and all things Sulzer.

A tammanyized Legislature instituted an "investigation" of Sulzer and Sulzer reciprocated with an "investigation" of some Tammany controlled State departments.

Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany Hall leader, sought to have certain organization men appointed to office. Sulzer declined to appoint them, although he had been something of an organization man himself for a great many years, and immediately after his election to the governorship, had been extremely intimate with Murphy.

Breaks With Tammany.

Sulzer broke with Tammany over the question of appointments. Immediately afterward he employed guards to protect him against assassination, which he feared. No attempt to injure Sulzer's person was made, but political attacks came thick and fast. Sulzer first was accused of perjury, committed, according to his accuser, in 1890. The acquisation carried no weight. The public retained its confidence in Sulzer. Then another bombshell was expected. A suit was filed in Philadelphia by a young woman, Mignon (Polly) Hopkins, charging Sulzer with breach of promise.

Miss Hopkins asked $30,000 damages for her wounded heart. Sulzer admitted having known Miss Hopkins some years ago, but denied that he had ever proposed marriage to her and declared the filing of the suit was engineered by his Tammany enemies.

Fights for Direct Primary.

When Sulzer promised direct primaries to the people of New York he evidently meant what he said. When he went into office he started such legislation. Immediately he discovered his political associates didn't want direct primaries and would not back him up in his fight for the primary bill as he framed it. His bill was introduced in the Legislature, but before it was voted upon a Tammany direct primaries bill, which Sulzer characterized a "fraud upon the people," was introduced in both branches of the Legislature and passed. Governor Sulzer promptly vetoed it, and then called upon the Legislature to pass his bill.

The Assembly and then the Senate killed the Sulzer bills, amid wild scenes in the Senate and Assembly chambers. There were shouts of rage and shaking of fists in the direction of the Capitol. There was wild cheering when it was announced that the Sulzer bill had been killed.

Sulzer then inaugurated a campaign to obtain direct primaries. He enlisted many well-known men in his cause, and called the Legislature in extraordinary session. It had then become a case of open warfare. It became Sulzer's object to make himself leader of the Democratic party in New York.

He had lined up with him some 33 county chairmen and about 17 State committeemen. In one of his speeches at this time Sulzer said that he had been attacked, vilified and threatened as no other man ever had been who had occupied the Governorship of New York.

Tammany Loses Patronage.

Tammany lost hundreds of thousands of dollars in patronage. No appointments of Tammany men were made by Sulzer. George W. Blake was made a special investigator by the Governor and set about unearthing incompetency in the State prisons. John A. Hennessy was made an investigator by Sulzer and he conducted several probes into various State departments. Tammany verged on panic. Finally that organization turned on Sulzer the very same weapon that he had used against it and an investigation of Sulzer's campaign fund was instituted by a legislative committee composed of Tammany men.

Senator Frawley, a Tammany chieftain, was the chairman of the committee, and it commenced its sittings in Albany. The first witness to be called was Louis A. Sarecky, Sulzer's private secretary and campaign manager. Sarecky was questioned about Sulzer's campaign fund, but he declined to answer. It was intimated that Sulzer had received checks for his campaign fund which he had not listed in his sworn statement, a misdemeanor under the laws of New York State.

Two checks were introduced into the evidence. One was for $2,500 from Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the bankers, and indorsed "Mr. Schiff's contribution to the Sulzer campaign." The other check was for $500, and was signed by Abram I. Elkus, a prominent New York City lawyer. It was alleged by the Frawley committee that neither of these checks appeared in Sulzer's campaign list.

Then Came Stock Dealing.

At a later session of the Frawley committee, held in New York, testimony was given to the effect that the "People's Governor" and the "Poor Man's Friend" had owed the stock brokerage firm of Harris & Fuller $48,599.38 on January 1, 1912, when Sulzer was in Congress. According to testimony and evidence offered, Sulzer had been a steady loser in the stock market.

The brokers to whom he owed money dunned him for payment, according to the testimony, and Sulzer finally was rescued by his business partner, ex-Governor A. E. Spriggs, of Montana, who paid $5,000, and Louis M. Josephthal, of New York, who on July 19 last paid $26,749.21.

It also was testified before the committee that Sulzer had traded with Boyer, Griswold & Co. Charles H. Reynolds, formerly cashier for that firm, testified that on October 16 last Frederick L. Colwell, whom he understood to be an agent for Sulzer, had bought 200 shares of Big Four Railroad stock for $12,025. The stock was paid for the same day with eight checks and $7,125 in cash. One check given in payment for the stock was a campaign contribution. The Frawley committee alleged that the seven other checks also were campaign contributions, and asserted that this would be proved.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witchhazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

GOODRICH ALWAYS MILWAUKEE-57 CHICAGO-33 WAUKEGAN-5 EVANSTON-20 ZURICH-12 ALL ROCKEFELLER-3 TIRES

Goodrich Route Book for your tour Free

Maps and correct instructions in handiest form

Goodrich Guide Posts are as dependable as

Goodrich Tires

—Best in the Long Run

Over fifty thousand miles of American highways are marked by Goodrich guide posts, and more are being put up right along. Goodrich guide posts tell the motorist how to go where he wants to go. Goodrich Tires take him there.

You can depend upon the exact knowledge of rubber which comes from our forty-three years experience in manufacturing all kinds of rubber products—which is crystalized in the Goodrich principle of Unit Molding.

Every Goodrich Tire is made and molded as a unit. The layers of fine, strong fabric, strips of pure rubber, side strips, bead, and the thick tough tread are literally molded into a unit in our single vulcanization.

The result is a unit tire which gives resistance and resiliency, as both tire users and automobile manufacturers testify by their choice.

Your tire dealer will supply you with the particular Goodrich Tire which best meets the requirements of your car, whether it is the Goodrich American Clincher, Goodrich Quick Detachable, Goodrich Straight Bead, Goodrich Cord for electrics, Goodrich Metal Stud, Goodrich Pneumatic Truck, Goodrich Bailey Tread or Goodrich Safety Tread.

Write for our free folders telling how to avoid common tire injuries and how to get the most tire service.

The B. F. Goodrich Co.

Atlanta Branch, 25 Houston St.

Factories: Akron, Ohio

Branches and Service Stations in All Principal Cities. Dealers Everywhere.

Write for Goodrich Route Book, covering the auto tour you select. These books are sent free on request

There is nothing in Goodrich Advertising that isn't in Goodrich Goods

TATE SPRING

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT



A high, cool, healthful resort, in the heart of the Cumberland Mountains of East Tennessee, an unexcelled climate.

Modern hotel—one thousand acre park and grounds—eighteen hole golf course—saddle horses—fine five-piece orchestra for concerts and dancing and that most famous of all American Mineral Waters,

TATE SPRING NATURAL MINERAL WATER

always a help, nearly always a cure in indigestion, nervousness and all ailments attributable to improper functions of the bowels, liver and kidneys.

Rev. Dr. E. E. Hoss, Bishop Methodist Church, Nashville, Tenn., says:

"It gives me the greatest pleasure to say that I regard Tate Spring water as the best remedy for all disorders of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys of which I have knowledge."

Enjoy the healthful water at the spring or have it shipped to your home. For sale by all druggists, in sterilized bottles, filled and sealed at the spring.

Send postal to-day for illustrated booklet, giving rates, location and description of this ideal place for the summer outing. Address

TATE SPRING HOTEL CO.

S. B. ALLEN, MANAGING DIRECTOR,

TATE SPRING, TENN.

ATLANTA MINERAL WATER CO., LOCAL DISTRIBUTORS.

ALL THE LATEST, LIVELIEST NEWS OF FLORIDA

CASE STRONGER THAN LAWYERS HAD EXPECTED

Girl's Aunt Gives That as Reason for Disappearance of Witnesses From Tampa.

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—Miss Dora Green, aunt of the 11-year-old girl whom her brother-in-law, W. E. Mattox, is charged with mistreating, to-day told what she knows about the mysterious disappearance of her sister, Mrs. Mattox and the girl. They are the most material witnesses against Mattox, whom G. E. Green, of Sylvania, Ga., an uncle of the girl, tried to shoot in the county courtroom on July 2.

Miss Green told how the woman and child disappeared after an interview with Attorney Layton Shepard, of Fort Valley, Ga., a relative of Mattox, and Police Justice Bailey of this city.

"They had no money and were utterly without means," said Miss Green. "My niece told her story to the lawyers and my sister admitted to me after it that it 'cooked' her husband. The testimony against Mattox was too strong for the lawyers to contest."

Judge Whitaker has taken a strong stand in the matter, saying that Mattox will remain in the county jail without hearing until Whitaker's term expires or the missing witnesses are produced.

New Florida Road Nears Completion

Tampa and Gulf Coast Will Haul Fruit by Middle of Next Winter.

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—President Charles H. Brown, of the Tampa and Gulf Coast Railway, has announced that construction is going ahead rapidly and that it may be possible to haul fruit over the new road next winter. It had hardly been hoped to have it ready for use before the middle of next summer.

The road is 47 miles long, from here to St. Petersburg, via Clearwater, and will form an important Seaboard feeder, virtually giving that road an entry to St. Petersburg, where the Coast Line has had a monopoly.

Negro Surrenders to Pensacola Sheriff

Feared Lynching if Captured Near Scene of Cutting of Young White Man.

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—Glenville Johnson, a negro, wanted on a charge of cutting Leon Milstead, a young white man, at Millview, in this county, several days ago, has surrendered The Sheriff and posse had been hunting for Johnson since the cutting affray. The negro stated that the reason he had been in hiding was that he feared lynching if captured in the Millview neighborhood.

Feeling is said to be high against the negro in that neighborhood.

BIG INCREASE SHOWN IN TAX VALUATIONS

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—After purging the tax books of delinquents to the extent of $150,000, Tax Assessor Dell, completing his 1913 roll, reports valuations of $7,200,000 for Alachua County, an increase in twelve months of $304,000, although the State Comptroller has reduced assessments on railroads and telegraph property in the county $128,000.

SHIPS FIRST BALE OF SEA ISLAND COTTON

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—A. B. McClenny, of Cadillac, this county, shipped Wednesday a bale of sea island cotton to Frost & Co., Savannah, the grade was fine, weight 385 pounds.

The weather is good for rapid opening of the bolls, and picking will be well under way next week.

Would you have a slim, youthful figure? Though no longer young, it may be yours.

Drink "GET SLIM"



A delicious fruit combination, in powder form, to be dissolved in your drinking water and taken when thirsty, at any time and in any quantity.

Not one drop of medicine—not laxative. Positively not injurious. Pure Food Serial No. 46516.

"Get Slim" reduced me 18 pounds in 4 months without the slightest change in my mode of living.

It improved both my health and appearance. I believe it the simplest and easiest way of controlling weight. Sold by

Randolph Hairdressing Parlors
Atlanta, Ga.

or direct from me.

JEAN DOWNS
Your Wholesale Druggist or
334 Fifth Avenue--33rd Street
Opp. Waldorf Astoria.
Call if possible. Booklet on request.

Mrs. James Otto Stevenson

A recent addition to St. Augustine social circles, formerly of Washington, D. C. She is the wife of the new Secretary of the St. Augustine Chamber of Commerce.



STOCK VENDERS WILL BE DRIVEN OUT OF FLORIDA

Blue Sky Law Will Force Investment Fakers to Leave the "Land of Flowers."

TALLAHASSEE, Aug. 16.—In view of the fact that stock venders and investment fakers have enjoyed some good pickings among the unsuspecting public of Florida, especially during the last few years, it is well to note some of the provisions of the act of the recent Legislature with regard to stock salesmen, which became effective on July 1.

This law is generally known as the "blue sky law." It is now unlawful to offer for sale outside of the county in which the company may be located the stocks, bonds or securities of any concern except those of Florida public utility corporations, banking and trust companies and corporations under the control of the Railroad Commission without an official permit.

It requires every concern located in or out of the State except those specially exempted as enumerated above, before offering for sale any of their stock, bonds or other securities of any kind or character outside of the county in which they are located to submit to the Comptroller complete financial statements and get a permit signed by the Comptroller and Attorney General. The law requires also that when the company is given such a permit they register every agent, and a registration certificate is given.

Before the Comptroller and Attorney General may issue to any investment company a permit to sell its stocks, bonds or securities in this State they must make such an examination of the concern and of their plan of doing business as will satisfy them that the concern has a fair, just and equitable proposition to offer, but the law does not permit the Comptroller and Attorney General to recommend any company's securities.

Florida Merchants Hit by New Tax Law

Giving of Premiums Matter of Serious Nature on Account of Stock on Hand.

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—The last Florida Legislature created a law placing a tax of $500 on any business selling goods containing premiums or coupons and in addition to State tax counties can collect $250 tax.

Merchants are much worried over this, as they do not know in what way to dispose of goods on hand, not being able to pay the license.

The Internal Revenue Collector wrote to Washington for advice in regard to cigarette packages, and United States Revenue Commissioner Osborne authorized the removal of the coupons before sale, but an affidavit must be made by dealer as to the number removed.

ITALIAN SHOT TO DEATH BY HIS CONTRYMEN

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—Guiseppe Illuminato, an Italian who was shot to death Tuesday night by two men armed with shotguns, which they threw away, is said to have been killed because of improper relations with another Italian's wife. Judge Fernandez is said to be in ossession of evidence that convinces him this is the fact, and has postponed the Coroner's inquest to Monday, when this woman will be asked to take the stand.

NO WHISKY EXCEPT IN HOMES IN FLORIDA TOWN

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 15.—The city commissioners have passed stringent ordinances regulating the selling of liquor in this city, Pinellas County having voted "dry" at the recent election. The ordinance is even more stringent than the State law. It provides that liquor found anywhere except in a private residence is prima focie evidence that it is for sale.

FLORIDA ROAD MAY BE BUILT BY SURETY CO.

Arrest of President Dickinson Will Hasten Work — Franchise Expires September 1.

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—According to well-founded reports, the arrest of W. P. Dickinson, president of the Memphis and Pensacola Railroad, in Chicago on the charge of issuing worthless checks will not prevent the building of this road, which has already been graded for a considerable distance out of Pensacola.

In fact, it is claimed that the arrest of the president, who is still in the Cook County jail, Chicago, will hasten the construction work on the road, as some other parties are said ot be very eager to secure the franchise granted the road by this city, which will expire on September 1 unless certain conditions are complied with, which it is certain Dickinson can not comply with unless he gets out of jail, and probably not even then.

The city is secured by a surety bond of $10,000, but parties in Pensacola who contracted for and did considerable grading are said to have claims amounting to more than $5,000 against Dickinson and no security. These bills are said to have led indirectly to his arrest, as it is alleged that he represented to his associates that he had already settled them and obtained money from them for that purpose.

RECORD ATTENDANCE.

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—The coming session of the State University, which opens September 23, will be the largest in the history of the institution. Many are coming from other States, and large accommodations will be crowded.

Girl Thinks Soldier Only Intended to Rob

Opinion Changes Charge and Court-martial Ordered at Pensacola Post.

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—The young woman upon whom Jack Gord, a soldier, is alleged to have attempted an attack at her home in Warrington Tuesday night, has made a statement, in which she said she believed his motive was robbery. Tuesday was pay day at the postoffice and she believes the soldier knew it and thought she had a considerable sum of money in her room.

It was at her request that the warrant issued by the United States Commissioner was withdrawn and Gord turned over to military authorities. He is still held in irons and will be tried by courtmartial at an early date.

Women Clerks for Central of Georgia

Road Claims Girls Are More Valuable in Office Than Men—Boost for Suffragettes.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The Central of Georgia Railway hereafter will employ women clerks in its offices in preference to men. The officials claim that they get the best results from girls, who are more attentive to their duties, quicker to learn, not so clamorous for promotion, and have less outside interests.

The suffrage movement helps rather than hinders the efficiency of the women, according to these officials, in that it makes them more self-assertive and independent.

BOY RIDES OFF DOCK ON WHEEL IS RESCUED

FT. MYERS, Aug. 16.—As Albert Stevens was riding a bicycle on the Ireland Dock here, he went overboard in 10 feet of water. The lad could not swim, and came near drowning before being pulled out by his father and others.

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorable upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

Social News of Florida

Tampa

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—Miss Sarah Elizabeth McCreery, of Nashville, Tenn., whose engagement to Judge Shelby Graham, of Tampa, has been announced by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John F. McCreery, has spent the last three winters in this city, and is well known and very popular here. Judge Graham was county judge for several years, and was thought to be a confirmed bachelor. News of the betrothal has aroused much interest in society circles of this city. The marriage takes place at Nashville on August 27.

Dr. and Mrs. John O'Donoghue and daughter, Miss Aileen, left Friday morning for Jacksonville, from where they sail by Clyde Line steamer to New York. From there they will go to Buffalo, where Dr. O'Donoghue will attend the encampment of Spanish war veterans, of which organization he has been surgeon general. Later they will tour through Niagara Falls, Canada and Michigan. On returning to New York, Mrs. O'Donoghue and her daughter will sail for Montevideo, where they will spend six months with Mrs. O'Donoghue's parents. Miss O'hDonoghue, who has been living with her grandparents, will be married there in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Snow, of Fort Myers, are in the city for a short visit with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Snow. From here they will go to Washington to visit friends.

Pensacola

PENSACOLA, Aug. 16.—Sister Esther Carlotta, State president of the Florida Division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, has announced the appointment of the following members of the Pensacola chapter to service on the standing committees of the Florida Division, U. D. C.: Organization, Miss Adele Chaffee; Cook Memorial Benevolent Fund, Mrs. A. E. McDavid; Florida Room Confederate Museum, Mrs. Audrey de LaRua; Shiloh Monument Fund, Miss Julia L. Lee; Arlington Monument, Mrs. B. T. Wilson; Marianna Monument Fund, Mrs. R. Pope Reese; Sub-Education, Miss Louise O'Neal; Cemeteries, Mrs. S. A. Moreno.

One of the most delightful dances of the season was that given at the Country Club last night by Penrose Stout in honor of his sister, Miss Rebeccah Stout, of Montgomery, Ala., and Miss Emily Riggs, of Baltimore. Both of these young ladies are popular in this city, where they have visited before and a large number of their friends availed themselves of the opportunity.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. McKee McClellan, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. McGaughey, Mr. and Mrs. Earle Thornton, Mr. and Mrs. Will Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Brent, Mr. and Mrs. George Hervey, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Hyer, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hervey, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hyer, Mr. and Mrs. George Berry, Mr. and Mrs. Bedo Blount, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Willie Blount, Mrs. Lewis Willis, Judge and Mrs. Evelyn Maxwell, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. Junius Hall, Judge and Mrs. John Avery, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Gunter Elmore, Dr. and Mrs. Mallory Kennedy, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Alba Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Eitzen, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Yonge, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Yonge, Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer Hayward, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Tuemler, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Knowles, Misses Lillie Taylor, Daisy Hyer, Marion Suter, Daisy and Marion Spencer, Bessie Kelly, Ada Green, Kathleen and Mabel Gonzalez, Mollie Blount, Hilma, Mabel and Vera Green, Evelyn Maxwell, Kitten and Em Turner, Merritt, Cora and Kathleen Malory, Vera Keller Marion and Nettie Baker, Frances Beard, Fidelia Sublett, Mollie, Genevieve and Frances Brent, Marguerite Finch; Messrs. Tino, George and Willie Brent, Knowles Hyer, Mansfield Moreno, Dan McMillan, C. E. Dobson, Ish Therlow, Pat Eagan, Pressley Thornton, Oscar Bass, Harold Wright, Ralph Fisher, Patterson Maronzi, Albert Avery, Tom Finch, Jack and Horace Roberts, George Owen, Albert Quina, J. H. Smithwick, Willis Drummond, S. A. Harvey, H. H. Thornton, Franklyn Forbes, Henry Baars, Theo Baars, Peter Knowles, Penn and Henry Harvey, S. R. Mallory and Clarence Avery.

St. Augustine

ST. AUGUSTINE, Aug. 16.—Extensive plans for city beautification and general civic improvement are being urged by the Woman's Civic League, and as a result members of the league are preparing for an active winter season of work.

The league was organized last winter and accomplished a great deal. The members are now urging additional beautification. The league has "beauty spots" in each ward, and these will be planted in pretty flowers which will bloom through the tourist season. Mrs. C. M. Bevan is president of the league.

Mrs. Alleen Cooper, a favorite in local social circles and an active leader in the work of the St. Cecilia Music Club, is now visiting relatives in Charlotte, N. C. She will spend some time in Atlanta before returning home.

Mrs. W. W. Greatorex and daughter, Miss Winnifred, are spending several weeks at White Springs.

The Misses Everett left yesterday for Clarkesville, Ga., where they will spend some time visiting friends.

Lanark

LANARK, Aug. 16.—Dr. Fred Moor joined his family at Lanark for the week-end.

Tallahassee people who spent Sunday at Lanark included Miss Mary Robinson, Melrose S. Avery, Stanley Grambling, D. R. Swing, L. D. Fain, Carroll Smith, Humphrey Gwynn, Dr. W. L. Moore, C. L. Hardwick, Bernard Byrd, William Byrd, J. E. Cozine, Jr., Frank Wilson and Gwynn Crawford.

John McDougall, Guy Haynes, Abe McDougall and Phil Caldwell, of Tallahassee, are in camp at St. Theresa.

C. G. Myers, of Tallahassee, spent a few days with his family at the hotel.

John W. Henderson and family, of Tallahassee, spent Wednesday at Hotel Lanark.

John Marshall and family, of Apalachicola, accompanied by Harry Fannin, came over in his private launch Saturday and spent a few days here.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Camp and Mrs. Camp's sister, Miss Powell, came over in their automobile Sunday evening from Carrabelle.

R. J. Phillips, of Tallahassee, joined his family at their cottage for the week-end, they returning with him on Monday.

Tallahassee

TALLAHASSEE, Aug. 16.—Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Parks left this week for a visit to Mrs. Parks' mother in South Alabama.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Tench have gone for a week's visit to Mr. Tench's parents at Gainesville.

Mrs. Helveston, who for some time has been at the home of her father, C. A. Finley, is expected to leave in a few days for West Palm Beach for a visit.

Miss Mildred Woodward has gone for a visit of several weeks to relatives in Monticello.

J. F. Hill, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Grace Hill, is in Atlanta.

Thomas Hall and family are spending the summer at their cottage at Panacea Springs.

Mrs. Scott and daughter, Miss Mildred Scott, of Quincy, have been visiting Mrs. L. M. Lively.

Mrs. Robinson and daughter, Miss Mary Robinson, have returned from a week's outing at Lanark, and in a few days will go to their country place north of the city to spend the remainder of the summer.

Mrs. F. C. Moor and little son and daughter are spending two weeks at Lanark Hotel.

T. M. Dozier, of Tampa, was here this week with Mrs. Dozier, who is visiting her father, T. H. Randolph.

Mrs. Max de la Rua, of Pensacola, has been quite sick here at the home of her mother, Mrs. L. D. Yon. Mr. la Rua spent last week with his wife.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Brown and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Corbett will leave next week for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and other cities in the East. They will make the trip and return in Mr. Corbett's automobile. Mrs. J. P. Lawn and little granddaughter, Frances Brown, will accompany the party as far as Macon, where they will visit relatives for several weeks.

Gainesville

GAINESVILLE, FLA., Aug. 16.—W. J. Adams, of Fort Meade, and Miss Eunice C. Berwick were married Sunday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Jarvis by the Rev. S. I. Hendrix, of Green Cove Springs. The young couple left for an extended tour of the summer resorts that afternoon, after which they will be at home to their friends at Fort Meade.

Miss Isabel Patton left on Monday for Atlanta to spend two weeks with friends.

Miss Ethel Butler left on Sunday last for Atlanta, to remain until the last of August.

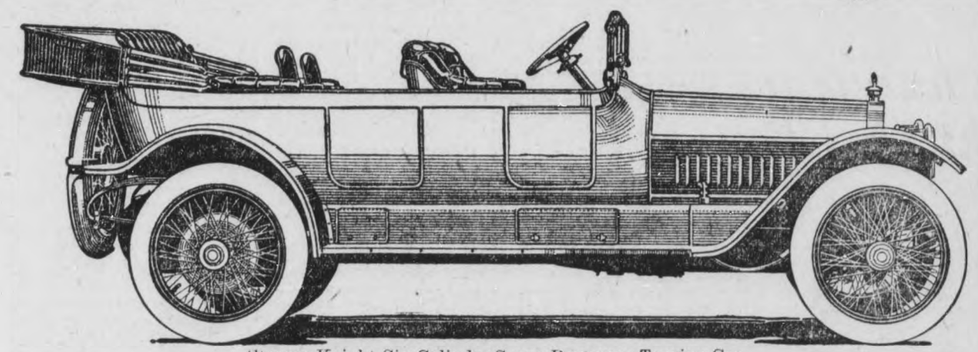
MAY INSPECT WORK ONLY TWICE A WEEK

SAVANNAH Aug. 16.—Under a decree filed in the Superior Court of Chatham County representatives of the Collins Bros. Company, contractors, may inspect the construction work on the Georgia Hotel as often as twice each week. Collins Bros. were recently ousted from continuing work on the hotel.

FLORIDA TITLE MEN MEET.

JACKSONVILLE, Aug. 16.—The Florida Association of Title Men opened a two-day session this morning at Atlantic Beach, with President B. R. Colson, of Gainesville, presiding.

The Most Advanced Six Ever Offered--- The Stearns-Knight



Stearns-Knight Six-Cylinder Seven-Passenger Touring Car
(Wire Wheels extra)

THE new Stearns-Knight models---just received from the factory---are the finest and most complete cars ever placed upon the market. In mechanical construction and body design they combine the best ideas of American and European practice.

Power Plant
—Stearns-Knight sleeve valve motor—construction unchanged for three years.

Left Hand Drive and Center Control
—a necessary feature of every high-grade car.

Centralized Steering Column Control
—not a cumbersome affair, but a neat arrangement, small and compact, just under the wheel.

Design
—tapered hood, flush with cowl. Hood and body one unbroken surface.

Wire Wheel Option
— Rudge - Whitworth wire wheels furnished at slight extra expense.

Starting and Lighting
—the Gray & Davis system on all models.

Upholstery
—deep thick upholstery; splendid trimming throughout.

Interior Appointments
—tonneau leather trimmed, with spacious pockets and luxurious appointments.

Auxiliary Seat
—tonneau chairs exceptionally comfortable; upholstered arms.

Tool Boxes
—located under front of body, over running-board — quickly and easily accessible.

Equipment
—absolutely complete, including speedometer, Klaxon horn, electric lights, etc.

The new models are ready for your inspection and approval. The complete line embodies three-, four-, five-, six- and seven-passenger open bodies and four enclosed types---Limousine, Landaulet, Coupe and Sedan---all mounted on both four- and six-cylinder chasses.

Prices range from $4850 to $6200 for the six-cylinder models.
Four-cylinder cars $3750 to $5100.

The F. B. Stearns Company
Direct Factory Branch
546 Peachtree St. ATLANTA

For MILADY'S WARDROBE

By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

MANY of the latest summer models are almost entirely made of white muslin richly embroidered in the openwork English style. These dresses are accompanied by broad sashes and short coats of real lace. The hats worn with them are exaggeratedly "picture" in outline. The brim is always wide and the crown almost hidden behind immense butterfly bows of tulle or lace. For occasions of ceremony Leghorn and Tuscan hats are trimmed with sweeping ostrich feathers in white or pale pastel tints.

* * *

Half a dozen different coatees or mantlets can be worn with the same robette, and endless variations can be arranged with the introduction of finely embroidered sashes which possess heavily fringed ends. The corsage portion of these robettes is quite plain, almost like a fine corset cover. It is made plain expressly, because the great object is the introduction of dainty lace and net blouses and picturesque coatees or mantlets. When accompanied by a shady hat in Leghorn trimmed with pale roses and black velvet ribbons these little dresses have a special cachet.

* * *

Embroidered linen bags are offered in many shapes and in as many degrees of smartness, some being treated quite as carefully in matters of finish, mountings, etc., as though they were of gorgeous material. Colored linen, embroidered with a touch of Bulgarian embroidery makes some effective bags for individual costumes, but the one-tone color is more practical for general use, and some of the handsome bags of real Irish lace filet or other bold lace are better for general summer use than the embroidered linens.

* * *

Some particularly good belts called the hip belt, are made up in white and fashionable shades and have large oval buckles of the leather.

* * *

The waistline is not only allowed to remain normal, but by swathing it in wide supple sashes its size is considerably increased.

* * *

The soft draped bodice minus the high restraining collar is a feature of artistic gowns worn by women in Paris.

* * *

The French designer knows where a line must be accentuated and in many cases uses tiny buttons for this purpose.

* * *

Keen appreciation of the effective lights and shadows given by a moire effect has returned. Many frocks worn by Paris manequins at the Longchamps races were made of soft crepe with the moire effect.

* * *

Very much worn are the evening coats of fine black net, closely woven with glittering beads.

* * *

Plaited peplums of maline, net or mousseline de soie appear on some of the newest frocks, and these are stiffened by a thin wire or ruching of taffeta at the bottom, so they extend beyond the frock.

* * *

The colored slip is in vogue and summer frocks of sheer linen, mousseline de soie or batiste have pink, blue, yellow or green silk linings. The girdles worn with these costumes are usually of a contrasting color.

* * *

In millinery the single red rose is a note which bids fair to become extremely popular. It nestles among folds of black or white tulle, clings to the edge of the brim, hangs over the hair on the underbrim or forms a spikelike arrangement at the back.

The large garden hats of leghorn, maline and lace are trimmed with black velvet ribbon, drawn about the crown and, passing through the slits at the back, is tied in a flat bow at the back. A single flower placed at the side near the edge of the brim completes the trimming.

* * *

Coats show great diversity of length, plain tailor-made models being shorter than dressier models, in which coats may reach to knees.

* * *

One pretty feature of recent summer frocks has been the lace jacket or coatee with its trimming of fur or of swansdown. Ermine is being used for this purpose, sometimes forming a wide collar at the back. Wide lace bretelles are another feature of late fashions. They are a poor second, it must be admitted, to the surplice and the fichu. But anything that has the temerity to dispute the claims of these two effects deserves some notice.

* * *

Apropos of furs, it is reported that Bechoff-David recently introduced fox scarfs dyed a reddish shade; and the somewhat alarming suggestion is made that next winter we shall see furs artificially colored in brilliant tints. It is rather appalling to think of blue, green, red and violet furs!

* * *

The cincture that suggests the plaster babies of Lucas della Robia, at the Orphanage in Florence, is strongly suggested in some of the sashes that wrap around the waist and girdle the torso of the fashionable woman. When these long sashes first appeared they were not liked, but the public taste now finds them picturesque.

* * *

Velvet, brocaded velvet and metallic brocades are going to be the favored fabrics for these garments in the autumn and winter, just as they are now, and the fur collars that make them smart in summer—according to fashion's paradoxical whims—will make them practical as well as smart when the theater and opera seasons begin.

* * *

Many women are wearing eyelet embroidered stockings in white, black and colors; also white and black silk stockings ornamented with embroidery or insets of lace. The girls who are clever with the needle can fashion these expensive stockings for themselves, and pretty color notes to match the gowns may be introduced.

* * *

Popular prizes at the bridge contests held by the sea are the bathing girl pin cushions. Bisque jointed dolls dressed in red and white and blue and white striped bathing suits are mounted on cushions of Turkish toweling. Some are very prim looking, with the hair in two long braids; others suggest the mermaid with flowing hair. The cushions are shown in ovals, squares, circles, etc., and are arranged to hang up and stand. They are fitted with pins and trimmed with ribbons to match the bathing suits.

* * *

It is almost compulsory for the blue serge suit to have a vest or waistcoat, and all sorts of materials are being used for them. The new duvetyns—a successor to the velvety velours de laine—in the lovely soft colorings are ideal for these waistcoats.

* * *

Chiffon veils are being embroidered, the work being done in floss of the same color. The pattern in all these veils must be so arranged as to make the plain mesh area, whether over the entire face or simply over the eyes, conspicuously transparent by way of contrast.

* * *

Now that the pendulum of fashion has swung in the direction of pleated skirts they threaten to become ubiquitous. Women are discovering that the little loose folds at the feet are very becoming, and also that pleated skirts do not really add width to the figure. The sunray pleats are in great demand for such materials as charmeuse, silk cashmere and tussor, but for crepe de chine and chiffon nothing can take the place of the fine accordion pleats.

* * *

In the world of fashion things are frequently topsy-turvy. The unexpected is always welcome. Now that valuable jewels are worn on hats and shoes the homely, but always effective jet ornaments are given a place of honor. Round jet brackets are the latest fad, and they are worn with light and fragile summer gowns of lace and chiffon.

* * *

The black and white season in the world of Fashion is now upon us. After the garish colors of the spring, there has come a complete revulsion of feeling. Women of taste have grown disgusted with the color schemes in which crude tints were thrown together by unskilled hands at the bidding of inartistic brains. Bulgarian tints have sounded the knell of crude colors; for the moment we are black and white or "pastel." And for the Trouville season, of which I shall speak in detail in a future article, an amazing number of pure white costumes are being made. White linen, white China silk, white embroidered lawn—these and many other dainty materials are in constant request for seaside dresses. As a fine white tulle it is being used for a dozen different purposes—for dresses, mantles, millinery, blouses, etc. Very lovely summer gowns are those made of wide-meshed silk net, the net which bears the name of "Tosca." These gowns are mounted over pleated slips of chiffon or crepe de chine and very frequently they are decorated with tiers of graduated flounces. Ordinary Brussels net is also fashionable just now, especially for draped mantles and for pleated waistcoats, the latter being used in connection with tailored suits of fine serge or linen.

* * *

A pretty fashion has been revived for children's summer frocks of thin material. This is the long-ended bow of ribbon, fastened just below the left shoulder. The ribbon, in soft shades of blue or pink, is made into a many-looped rosette, quite in the old fashion, and from the rosette hang three or four streamer ends. The ribbon should not be more than an inch or an inch and a half wide.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

Daring Dresses Stir Even Paris

MODISTES THREATENED WITH BOYCOTT



The climax in bold attire for women. The "Languourous Lift" is shown at the left, while the "Dagger Point" appears at the right. All Paris is excited over these latest gowns for evening dress.

"Languorous Lift" and "Dagger Point" Two Productions That Have Caused Criticism.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—All manner of figure-displaying fashions have been disported at race courses and in the cafes of Paris by models of the modistes, and in some instances the public of the French Capital has been disgusted by the extreme to which the dictators of feminine attire have gone, but has looked on with unprotesting interest. At length, however, Parisiennes are overwrought. Even the leading dressmakers are endeavoring to put forth evening gowns which in their scantiness expose to view more of the bust and limbs of the wearer than modest woman will countenance. All Paris is stirred and threats of boycotts are to be heard.

The two productions which are accredited with precipitating this disturbed situation are termed the "Languorous Lift" and the "Dagger Point." The situation has been acute for months, and the introduction of these latest effects has but served to bring it to a head. The protests come not alone from women of France, but rumors are drifting into Paris of a revulsion on the part of American and German patrons, who for years have proved so profitable to the modistes of this city.

Being designed exclusively for evening wear, both the "Languorous Lift" and the "Dagger Point" are made with extensive trains. The former gown is so constructed as to display one limb to the height of the knee. This effect is not gained, however, by a side slit, but by the draping of the skirt, which is caught up near the hip and permitted to fall in folds on either side of the exposed limb. The bodice, close fitting, is cut with a deep square neck and trimmed in velvet, which extends down the front, terminating in streamers.

The "Languorous Lift," though the cause of wide criticism, does not approach in boldness the "Dagger Point." This is the most pronounced limb-displaying gown which has been shown here. With its train at the back, the front of the skirt is cut away on either side slightly above the knees to terminate in the sharp point, from which the creation gets its name.

From a front view both lower limbs are entirely exposed, and when the wearer attempts to walk, leaving her train to sweep from knees down her form is displayed. It is with this gown that the most profusely decorated hosiery has been introduced. All manner of unique designs in varied colors are embroidered on these stockings.

The bodice is nearly as scanty as the skirt. Being close fitting, it is cut in a sharp V to the high waist line formed by a broad sash girdle. The arm, like neck and limbs, are exposed to view, since shoulder sleeves are worn.

BLACK HOSE BOSTON FAD.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Black stockings worn with white shoes seem to be quite the fad on the North Shore. Last year all wore white stockings with black shoes, but this season things have been reversed. Several girls are following the fad.

Decollete Gowns for Day Wear

The newest models for gowns created by the leading dressmakers for the seasons at the fsahionable seaside resorts present several novel features. In the first place, the greater number of these gowns would have been pronounced evening dresses by our mothers, but not by our great-great-grandmothers, who themselves wore decollete corsages in the daytime. The sleeves of the elaborate afternoon gown of to-day are so short and so skimpy that they hardly deserve to be called sleeves at all. In many cases the corsages of garden party and race gowns do not have the pointed back and front effect which is peculiar to the evening dresses of today, but are made round on the shoulders, quite in the style of certain 1830 gowns. White fox stoles and borders are freely used in conjunction with such robes as these. A quaint but exceedingly picturesque idea.

* * *

New Jewelry Fads

Platinum, which has bounded up to the height of fashion (and price, too) as a setting for diamonds, seems now to be the supreme metal, and in the latest designs of the jewelers gold is used only in jewels designed for informal morning wear. Small gems have crowded out the larger sizes, and the dainty, flimy creations, to be popular this summer, show this trend. The Balkan war is reflected by jewelry of many colors, and the designs follow the ideas embodied in the jewelry of those countries, but somewhat modified.

Yellow, at present a popular color in the fashion world, has called for the use of amber, topaz and yellow sapphires, while the use of red, in its various shades, has met with a response in the Oriental trend in jewelry. Good taste and fashion go hand in hand in dictating that jewelry appropriate for evening wear is entirely out of place in the morning, when only ornaments of actual use are suitable, as, for example, a simple brooch that holds the collar in place. If a woman is in the habit of wearing earrings—which, by the way, are waning in popularity in the latest jewelry offerings—those of the "stud" type are considered right for morning wear. They may be either of pearls, baroque pearls (of good quality) or a pearl and small diamond. A simple pin at the throat, either in bar, circle, oval or other shape, may be worn in the forenoon with good taste, but in the whole realm of jewelry the pearl necklace of a single strand is the only piece that may be worn with absolute good taste mornings, afternoons or evenings.

Perhaps the most popular single article of jewelry that has appeared in the shops in months is the watch bracelet. Shown in every conceivable pattern and in all grades, from the expensive diamond studded platinum affairs, which only the wealthy can afford, to the cheapest of plated gold and silver offerings.

Lapel Chains for Men

There was a time not so very long ago when lapel buttons and chains were considered bad form by some of the men who pay special attention to matters of dress, but nowadays the fashion is generally accepted, though of course only with the negligee. With the soft shirt and light summer suit these chains are much worn.

The chains are of gold or silver to correspond with the watch, and the button which is fastened in the lapel buttonhole may be of plain, polished gold or silver, hand engraved or with engine turning (a popular mode of decoration) or enamelled, set with one or more gems, and fashioned into any one of countless shapes.

The plainer buttons are concave disks, ovals, triangles, squares, hexagons or octagons with engine-turned holders, and variations of these shapes are shown with fluted or beaded edges.

The monogram may be engraved on the lapel button, or the crest or initials traced in colored enamels. Club, fraternity or society emblems or school or college colors make good decorations for the buttons.

* * *

Uses for Old Lace

The woman who possesses rare old family lace is as fortunate as she who owns lovely jewelry. Lace lends itself to a thousand adaptations. A woman of taste and individuality can do more with lace than with anything else to solve the problem of dressing well at a moderate cost.

Lace is never old-fashioned. Take, for instance, a dress of supple white silk over which is a clinging straight gown with a tunic effect. The bodice is plain over the shoulders. Under the arms and across the bust is a full, straight piece of lace with a blue velvet ribbon threading the top. The fullness is gathered in at the waist, under a blue velvet waistband, and in front is a row of pretty shaded roses over the waistband. Could anything be more charmingly youthful? Almost any woman has old pieces of lace laid away which would serve in such a gown.

For a young matron a yellow crepe de chine is gathered up over a lace front panel. Another frock of white lace is partially veiled in old rose, and pale blue mousseline de soie, draped toward one side. With the present fashions of draping, the possibilities of using beautiful laces without cutting or destroying them is endless.

FUTURIST GAUZE WRAPS LATEST EUROPEAN FAD

Weirdest Designs Are Printed Upon Them, and Some, Not Too Grotesque, Are Attractive.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The very latest craze, initiated by a futurist artist in Paris, is for gauze wraps to be worn at race meetings or at the Casino on the continent. These wraps have the weirdest designs printed upon them, and some of them, when not too grotesque, are wonderfully attractive.

The Viscountess Curzon, one of the loveliest blondes in England, has just had made a marvelous gauze wrap for continental wear. It has a border of Egyptian figures in black thrown against dead white background, the material being so fine that it could be drawn through a ring.

The lining of the wrap is of tangerine orange tulle and there is an immense tulle.

It is to be worn over a fairylike dress of embroidered muslin. The hat is a broad Tuscan, weighed down at one side by a cluster of white, black and purple irissee. Long single black velvet ribbon, which depends on the hat, is passed round the throat and allowed to hang low at the back.

All the latest tunics are of striped gauze, and they are very effective, and are worn over black charmeuse. Sleeves are shorter and shorter, so that thirty-button gloves are an absolute necessity.

In regard to hats, society women are getting tired of big lace, since they have become fashionable in the music halls. The bonnet-shaped hat is now much in favor with girls.

Lady Diana Manners looked particularly attractive at a recent garden party in one which came well down over her ears. Around the rim were clusters of black and red cherries and wide strings of black velvet, tied at the back so that the ends fell straight down.

At the seaside resorts, white linen hats lined with black moire, adorned with white wings, are being worn by many well dressed girls.

Perfect Diamond Is Exceedingly Rare

London Dealer Declares That Women Are Best Judge of the Jewels.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—It was demonstrated at the Jewelers' Exhibition, Agricultural Hall, Islington, which closed the other day, that the perfect diamond is rare.

One dealer produced a very large diamond which he was prepared to sell for $300.

"If nature," he said, "had not tinged it with that tint of yellow the stone would be worth $30,000.

"To those who have no knowledge of gems I would say: 'Do not buy as real for $25 a diamond that is pure crystal without blemish, for it would not be real.'

"Women are the best judges of the value of precious stones because they treasure them more than men. It is a matter of instinct."

X-Ray Skirts Told To Hide in Spokane

Meeting of Transparent Gowns and Sunday Sunshine Forbidden on the Streets.

SPOKANE, WASH., Aug. 16.—Women who saunter about the streets of Spokane clad in flimsy, transparent silhouette or tango gowns will hereafter do so at risk of arrest, according to the announcement to-day by David C. Coates, Commissioner of Public Safety. The much-heralded silhouette gown appeared on the streets in the Sunday sunshine and created so much commotion that the Commissioner issued the warning at once.

"If necessary, I will order the police department to make arrests," said the Commissioner.

FULFILL DYING PLEA FOR POSIES AND FINE DRESS

FORT COLLINS, COLO., Aug. 16. Complying so far as they were able with the last expressed wish of Mrs. Alice McMillan, who was frozen to death in the Manhattan mining district, many sympathetic women of Fort Collins united to provide a decent burial for the body, thus saving it from interment in the Potter's Field.

Mrs. McMillan, whose body was not found until the April thaws, had left a note asking that she be buried in "fine clothing, in a white casket, with a white hearse and an abundance of flowers."

When it was learned definitely that Mrs. McMillan was likely to be buried in a pauper's grave, the women took the matter in hand and the funeral was held.

POLICEMEN PERMITTED TO WORK IN SHIRT SLEEVES

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Aug. 16.—Shirt sleeves and white duck caps are to replace the blue coat and heavy helmet of the traffic policemen.

White roll collars and narrow black bow ties are to be worn with the shirtwaists, and the traffic officers have been asked to have their "gun pockets" deepened, so that their revolvers will not show.

HOBBLE HINDERS HER FLIGHT FROM POLICE

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Hazel Allsworth's hobble skirt was her undoing. "Otherwise I never should have been caught," she told the police, when relating her pursuit by a policeman.

Mrs. Allsworth confessed to the police, they said, that she had received $40 her husband had taken from a man from Keytesville, Mo., who was stopping at their home.

Alert Modisters Now Invent Dress For the Pet Dogs

Motoring Coats, Jeweled Collars and Fancy Leashes Among Articles of Canine Apparel.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The dog question is again the liveliest subject at seaside and salon. Having thrashed out fashions for women, artists and our leaders of fashion, male and female, are discussing what fashionable dogs should wear. Here are their conclusions:

Leather collars are still worn, but they should be of the same color and material as the leash. The most fashionable collars are of brass or silver, many of them mounted with precious stones, turquoises, sapphires and rubies.

Color Schemes Popular.

Much attention is paid to artistic combinations in dog wear. For instance, a dark brindled bulldog should have a red leather collar with silver-gilt mountings, while a white brindled dog looks best in a white collar set with tourquoises.

For Pekinese, Japanese and King Charles spaniels, the collar should be of worked silver, light and supple, of fine mesh and closed by a tiny padlock. A very stylish effect is obtained by the use of patent leather collars, and a ravishing combination for Poms is the dog harness which encircles the neck and breast.

Light Coats for Greyhounds.

Greyhounds look best in light colored coats with a stripe to match.

For motoring dogs, English stuffs and fur coats are in high favor, and plaids of dark shades are considered most suitable. At the seaside, sporting sweaters are very fashionable for short-haired dogs, and the wet summer is responsible for the appearance of canine mackintoshes, daintily gathered in at the neck and legs.

Every well bred dog has at least two pairs of boots, a pair of Wellingtons for outdoors wear and velvet or satin pumps for indoors.

"Unlucky Opal" Is To Be Worn a Great Deal This Season

Royalty Starts the Vogue and Jewelers Find it a Hard Matter to Supply the Demand.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The real opal, which has long been out of favor with the fair sex, is going to enjoy a great vogue this fall. There has always been a superstitious prejudice against these stones, but the new fashion of long necklaces of uncut opals has proved too much for the women to resist, and the jewelers of Bond street and the Rue de la Paix are hard put to it to get a sufficient stock.

Queen Victoria presented to each of her daughters on her marriage a magnificent set of opal ornaments, but these have seldom seen the light of day. One night at the opera, however, it was observed that Princess Henry of Pattenberg was wearing hers, and no doubt Princess Louise and Princess Christian will follow her example.

The Queen of Spain has always worn these stones, for her birthday is in October, the lucky month for opals, and Lady Deerhurst and Lady Aline Vivian are similarly fortunate—the latter indeed wore them on her wedding day.

Lady de Bathe (Lily Langtry) has some fine stones, but probably the most valuable opals in England belong to Countess Beauchamp, who has a tiara, necklace, brooches and earrings, which were collected at much below their value by Lord Beauchamp when he was Governor of Australia.

Others who have worn opals lately are the Dowager Lady Sligo and Lady Norah Brassey.

The Princess Royal has a deep-rooted horror of them. Some fine opals were maong the jewels she lost when whencked on the Delhi and she declares that their evil influence pursues her to this day.

SUSPENDERS TO BE INCLUDED IN WOMAN'S ATTIRE

"Galluses" or Braces of Blue the Last Word in New Masculine Mode.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Women's skirts for some time have been approaching the shape of the garments worn by the masculine sex, and now Paris and London face the prospect of seeing feminine attire more like men's than ever. The last word in women's clothes is "galluses." The suspenders look very much like the broad blue variety often hung in shop windows in America and possibly labeled, "The Fireman's Friend."

A Rue de la Paix dressmaker is enthusiastic over women wearing suspenders. "Braces," she declared, "will keep the blouse from coming up out of the waistband, as it sometimes does, and if carried out in the color of the skirt they should make a charming line."

Braces are not the only masculine trend in fashion, however, for after a wave of decided femininity in frocks, when frills and fluffs, and sashes and slashes, and hoppings and hobblings have been in vogue, fashion has dashed to the other extreme and London and Paris are promised waistcoats with cutaway coats, large steel trouser buckles at the back of tweed skirts and a ponderous and portly watch chain stretched across the diaphragm.

For the present the waistcoats are still daintily evolved in delicate grays and chestnuts, sprigged or flowered. Sometimes the waistcoats reach up to the neck, finishing in a small "V." Again they wrinkle effectively around the waist with a single or double row of pearl buttons. One ladies' tailor is showing a striped blue and red waistcoat with roses of another shade wandering gayly across it, the whole effect being something like a Union Jack with a flower garden on it.

The men's tailors speak rather contemptuously of the new fashions for women, scoffing especially at waistcoats, which they say have been tried several seasons without much success.

"GETS-IT" Chases Corns Alright!

Easy As One, Two, Three; No Fuss, No Pain, by Using "GETS-IT."

Just take two seconds to put a little "GETS-IT" on that corn. That corn is "done for" as sure as the sun rises. The corn shrivels up, vanishes. That's the surprise you get by



"We can Dance All Night and Our Corns Won't Hurt. We Both Use 'GETS-IT'—It Gets Corns Every Time, Dead Sure!"

using this new-plan corn cure. There's nothing to stick to the stockings or sock; your corn pains stop. You're saved the bother of applying plasters that make the corn bulge out from the core. You're saved salves that eat into the healthy flesh and "pull;" no more fussing with bandages. You don't have to help by picking and dragging out your corns, or cutting with knives or razors.

"GETS-IT" is safe, painless, stops pain, never hurts healthy flesh. It is guaranteed. Try it on warts, callouses and bunions, too.

"GETS-IT" is sold at all druggists at 25 cents a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago. Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Elkin Drug Co., Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Co., E. H. Cone, Inc., Tinton & Co.

MAIL YOUR FILMS TO US



For developing. We are film specialists with the largest laboratory in the South. All prints made on Prize-Winning Cyko Paper. All roll films developed FREE, no matter where purchased. Brownie Prints, 3c each. Write for descriptive Camera Catalogue G. Prices $2.00 to $85.00. Use that fast Ansco film; fits any camera or kodak; costs no more, but also gives true color values. Mail Order Department.



E. H. CONE, Inc., 2 Stores, Atlanta, Ga.



IMPROVED ROOFLESS PLATE

Made of gold or aluminum, no gums, no roof. Truly Nature's duplicate, made only by us. Perfect fit or no pay.

GOLD CROWNS
WHITE CROWNS
BRIDGE WORK
$3

20-YEAR GUARANTEE

UNTIL AUGUST 15th We will continue to make our Whalebone Everstick Suction Plate for $3.00. The lightest and strongest plate known.

EASTERN PAINLESS DENTISTS THE BIG, COOL SANITARY OFFICE 33 1-2 PEACHTREE ST., Near Walton

R. R. FARE ALLOWED 25 MILES

MARRIAGE INVITATIONS

CORRECTLY AND PROMPTLY ENGRAVED

SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO., ENGRAVERS

47 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

LONDON W. Orton Tewson, Chester Overton — PARIS Paul Pierre Rignac, Marquis de Castellane — BERLIN C. de Vidal-Hundt, Fritz Jacobsohn — ROME J. M. E. D'Aquin, George M. Bruce

SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

'OH, I SAY,' REAL FRENCH FARCE; ITS DOORS BANG

Alan Dale Finds It Minus the Star, but He Is Willing to Admit That He Did Smile.

By ALAN DALE,
Special Correspondent of The Sunday American.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—One swallow may not make a summer (though I believe it does), but nobody will deny that one "star" can make a play. Therefore, if that one "star" should be out of the cast (as often happens in London) it is quite likely that the play will lose its exuberance. I saw "Oh, I Say!" at the Criterion Theater when Mr. James Welch was out of the cast. I couldn't ask for my money back (I had been kindly presented with a pair of stalls), so I sat through a star-less "Oh, I Say!!" and paid far more attention to the play than I should have done.

Londoners don't mind a bit when the actor or actress they pay to see takes a little vacation and an understudy goes on. (You learn this from a slip always inclosed in the program, when it is too late to repine.) Londoners are used to it.

I don't know what had happened to James Welch. Anyway, it was his understudy, H. Langdon Bruce, who played the part of the bridegroom in "Oh, I Say!!"—a particularly arduous role for an understudy to tackle. I divided my time feeling sorry for H. Langdon Bruce and for myself—particularly for myself.

"Oh, I Say!!" must have been a scorcher in its original French of Henri Kersai and Albert Barre, when it was called "Une Nuit de Noces" (A Wedding Night). It had to be adapted into London by Sydney Blew and Douglas Hoare. What they had to do was to "wedding-ring" the affair, or at least, in a question of equivocal relations, to suggest that the two were "engaged."

The little English word "engaged" covers a multitude of Parisian iniquities. Marcel, the hero of the piece, just married to the beautiful Suzette, meets in the foyer of the Hotel d'Angleterre at Beauvais the scintillant and corruscating Sidonie, to whom he has been "engaged." You smile as the word pops out in its Anglo-Saxon humbug. You are perfectly well aware what the adapter has done, but you look around you at the ornate and bare-shouldered British matron, and you quite understand why Marcel and Sidonie were "engaged."

That is really the gist and the gust of "Oh, I Say!!" The usual farcical use of lies is resorted to, and when I tell you that there are four doors in the setting—all of which bank—you can see your play. Everybody is pushed in at one door or other. Everybody else rushes in at another door. The most popular remark made is "You here?"

Each, seeing the other, cries "You here?" I daresay you have heard the remark before in French farce. Half of the French farces wouldn't get over the footlights unless you heard that lovely query, "You here?" Sometimes it is only "You here?" More emphatically, it is You here?" In cases of desperation it is "YOU here?"

However, I'm not going to pretend that I didn't smile at "Oh, I say!!" for it would be foolish pretense. I did smile. It has its funny moments in spite of allusions to pajamas, keyholes, disinfectants, and so on. Once get into the mood, and in spite of reason one laughs. "Laughter," says Professor Henri Bergson, "always implies a sort of secret freemasonry, or even complicity, with other laughers, real or imaginary. How often has it been said that the fuller the theater, the more uncontrolled the laughter of the audience!" There was a good deal of laughter at the Criterion Theater, and whatever one may write, in all cynicism of this cut-and-dried farce business, the piece HAS caught on. In my humble opinion, what "Oh, I Say!!" needs, and what I am told Mr. Lee Shubert will give it for U. S. A., is music.

Music dulls noe's sense of logic What appears banal and trite and far-fetched in a straight farce is accepted without question when a bit of music happens. With a chorus of pretty girls chirping "Oh, I Say!!" it wouldn't matter very much what I DID say. So there you are.

I can't tell you what James Welch did with the farce, but I should imagine that it belonged to him. There were two very pretty girls in the cast—Miss Sybil de Bray, who appeared as the bride, and Miss Ruby Miller, who was the maid. Then there was a very clever actress, rejoicing in the name of Marguerite Sciaitiel, who is, I fancy, Norwegian, and who is quite likely to be heard from again. There were many others, who had to rush in and rush out, and get banged in the doors. They had to work hard for their living; and if they were not merry, they were at least active little things!

It is a long time since we have had a dose of real French farce, even in London, and the English public has taken kindly to "Oh, I Say!!" even without music. The piece is very short, indeed, which is distinctly in its favor, and it says what it has to say with lightning-like rapidity. Anyway, it is established here.

ITALY BUILDS FLEET OF 300 MILITARY AIRCRAFT

Special Cable to The American.

MILAN, Aug. 16.—A large number of military aeroplanes are now being constructed in Italy with funds raised by national subscription.

When this program is completed Italy will have 200 military aeroplanes.

Dirigibles also will be built.

American Likely to Rule Ireland

Earl of Granard May Be Viceroy

Wife Was Miss Beatrice Mills

Countess of Granard, formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, whose husband is prominently mentioned as first Viceroy of Ireland under home rule.



All London Believes She Will Grace Court if Husband Gets Important Post.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—An American woman may rule in Ireland as wife the first victory under home rule.

All London is talking over the prospect and is prophesying the appointment of the Earl of Granard as Vice Regent of Ireland. The Countess of Granard was formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, of New York, the beautiful heiress whose marriage to the Earl was generally considered a love match.

The talk of the appointment is almost universally popular gossip. The Earl is a Catholic and his American wife is wealthy, and it is believed he will be acceptable to the Irish people, and fully able to hold his own as to the splendor of his court.

But apart from the material advantages of politics, wealth and religion, society talks pleasantly of the Countess herself. They recall the brilliant figure that Lady Daisy Leiter Curzon made as wife of the Viceroy in India, and announce in their opinion Countess of Granard will be as presentable.

Color of reality was given to the gossip when the Earl and his Countess went to Castle Forbes, Ireland, last week. No announcement was made that their trip had anything of a momentous nature, but it is rumored that beyond the casual appearance of the journey there is something of significance.

$30,000,000 Yearly in Penny-Slot Gambling

French Government Is Forced to Put Ban on Machines in Small Cafes.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The French Government has decided to prohibit the "penny-in-the-slot" gambling machines in all the lower class cafes.

The last available statistics show that in 1911 there were 64,953 of these petty gambling machines in use in France, and that their total receipts during the year were $30,000,000.

The machines are usually leased by cafe keepers on a sharing basis. During 1911 the proprietors received as their share $10,000,000.

The remaining $20,000,000 was represented by tickets, drawn from the machines, which were useless unless exchanged for drinks.

Red Horses for Army; New Breed Developed

Chestnut Equines Said to Have More Fire Than Those of Less Vivid Color.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—As a result of experiments made in Lecestershire by biologists, not yet completed, a new species of horses is being developed for the army.

Bright chestnut, which is the equivalent of red hair in children, has quite overcome all other tints among hackneys, and it is associated with the mental quality that is called "fire." It is a master color in more than one respect, indicating a viking spirit.

In horses and men a sort of duel is going on between red and brown, or rather chestnut and bay. The hackney is chiefly red, the hunter chiefly brown, though Ireland is now producing many chestnuts.

BINGHAM SCHOOL'S central purpose for 120 years has been to make Men of Boys. Asheville climate world renowned. Organization Military. Two details from U. S. Army allowed to N. C. The A. & M. College has one, Bingham the other. Target and Gallery practice, with latest U. S. Army Rifles. Lake for Swimming. Summer Camp during July and August. Tuition and Board $150 per Half Term. $300 a year. Address Col. R. Bingham, Box 6, Asheville, N. C.

Atlanta Conservatory of Music
MORTIMER WILSON, General Director
Location: In the Heart of Atlanta, *Peachtree and Broad Streets* — 1913-14 Session *Opens September 2d*
Complete Music Courses From the Kindergarten Games to the Concert Stage
Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Cello, Harp, Orchestral Instruments, Analysis, Ear-Training, History, Harmony, Composition, Conducting, School Orchestra and Chorus in concerted works. Ensemble Classes in all departments with recitals. Diplomas and Certificates of dependability.
Prospectus mailed on application.
Atlanta Conservatory, Atlanta, Ga.

'WHITE LADY' IS AGAIN SEEN IN KAISER'S HALLS

Fears Feft for Life of Emperor if Traditional Ghost Appears in Castle

By STEVEN BURNETT.
Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Superstitious people here are convinced that some great calamity is threatening the Kaiser or his family for the Hohenzollern family ghost, the famous "white lady," is said to have walked at the Palace, a thing she never does except when some disaster is impending or when a Hohenzollern is about to die.

The Kaiser himself ridicules the idea and has forbidden any talk about it inside the Palace walls, but several of the servants swear they did see the "white lady" and that the explanation that it must have been some lady resident of the Palace walking in her sleep through the endless corridors in her night dress is absurd, for she looked exactly as tradition says she does look, clad in long flowing white dress, her pale hands crossed on her breast, and her face covered with a nun's veil.

Appears in Middle Ages.

The "white lady" was first heard of as haunting the castles at Bayreuth, Ansbach and Plassenburg in the middle ages. At Plassenburg she was so much feared that the cavaliers of the court took delight in masquerading in white in certain rooms to frighten those who came their way.

Once, when Markgraf Albrecht, the Warrior, met a white lady at Plassenburg, he grasped her with his strong arms and threw her down the stairs, and at the bottom was found the dead body of his Chancellor, who, with the Bishop of Bamberg, had conspired against his ruler. But this incident did not in any way damage the reputation of the "white lady." Someone always managed to see her just before death entered the castle.

Napoleon Saw Specter.

The great Napoleon, who was intensely superstitious, on his military campaigns twice had occasion to pass through Bayreuth. The first time was in 1812, when on his way to Russia, and he sent a request from Aschaffenburg that he should not be asked to pass the night in the rooms at Bayreuth, which were known to be visited by the "white lady." His request was granted; yet next morning he arose in the worst of moods, and as he was getting into his carriage he was heard to mutter something about the "accursed castle." It was certainly the presage of disaster to him. The following year when he passed through the place he refused to pass the night there.

Last time a "white lady" showed herself at Berlin was in 1859, a short time before the birth of the present Kaiser.

Windsor Castle Open To Tourists Again

King George Orders That Any Official Accepting Tip Will Be Dismissed.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—At this time of the year hundreds of American visitors go to Windsor to explore the castle, and there is rejoicing in the town over the reopening of the State apartments which have been closed ever since last January through fear of suffragette outrages.

Every person who enters the castle will have to pay a shilling, and there will be no free days as hitherto. By the King's command this money will go to the local hospital.

By the King's command also it is reported that no "tips" whatever shall be given to guides or to any of the officials at the castle. If any official is discovered accepting a "tip," he will be dismissed.

CHINA SUFFRAGETTES GET FIRST BIGAMY SENTENCE

Special Cable to The American.

HONG KONG, Aug. 16.—The first Chinese bigamy trial that has ever taken place ended in Un Chan Tse being sentenced to eighty days imprisonment by a mixed court at Shanghai. The prosecution was instigated by the Chinese Woman Suffragette Society.

POLYGAMY URGED AS CRYING NEED BY GIRL MILITANT

British Suffragette Declares That Monogamy Is Favored Only by the Happily Wedded

By HERBERT TEMPLE.
Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There is no better evidence of the remarkable change that is taking place in English women and girls than the existence of militancy and the appearance of a movement led by a young English girl for the introduction of polygamy in England.

Militancy among suffragettes had been confined to a very small number of women and to a certain class of women. The advocate of polygamy to whom I refer, however, is a very well-known writer, although quite a young girl.

An interview with the Sheik Ul Islam, the supreme priest of the Mohammedan Church, cabled first to New York and then to London, in which the Sheik pointed out he Mo-Mohammedans have polygamy and very little immorality, whereas we Europeans have monogamy and widespread immorality, was read with a great deal of interest here, particularly by women. It was very widely commented upon.

The young woman writer who would have polygamy says:

"Let us approach the problem fearlessly and frankly. The fact is that the present standard of morality is false and unreal, or that while nature produces what is ultimately a surplus of women over men, monogamy is not a suitable system for all our people.

"No system can be suitable which condemns to death or non-life so large a portion of the community as we, the surplus women, form.

"Monogamy is not a sacred institution, and there is no real necessity for hundreds of thousands, even millions, of women to be sacrificed upon its altar. Nor would anything of value be destroyed by its removal and by the setting up of a more suitable moral and legal standard.

"We are told that the ideal condition is one man—one wife. Well, whatever alteration takes place there can be nothing to force people, if they think fit, to preserve that equation so far as they themselves are concerned.

"But those who adopt that standard for themselves have no right—human or divine—to try to impose it upon others who are able and willing to adopt another, especially when imposing such standard is against nature itself and actually condemns a large number of human beings who have equal rights to themselves to exclusion from life.

"I do not believe the difficulty lies with men. I think that each man deep down in his heart admits—if only to himself—that monogamy is unnatural and has failed.

"The difficulty lies with the fortunately married woman.

"If she and her husband are satisfied with one another, then whatever the legal right may be they would never have anyone else.

"If they are not satisfied with each other, then monogamy will not bind them in fact.

"When all bachelor women and widows have the parliamentary vote, and their right to assist in the making of the nation's laws, one of its first influences will be to remove and destroy the artificial and arbitrary standard of monogamy and to establish polygamy as the legal and proper right and custom of an advanced people!"

Plombieres-les-Bains Bores And Drenches Paris Society

By LA RACONTEUSE

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—I have just returned from Plombieres-les-Bains, our most fashionable pleasure resort, where I went not because I really wanted to, for in this miserably wet summer Paris is most decidedly the best place to spend your time, but because my concierge, in plain words, told me that she could not possibly have any respect for a tenant who showed such atrocious disrespect of the laws of "le beau-monde" as to remain in Paris all summer instead of going to some fashionable resort.

In other words, I had to leave my cozy apartment for a while, or I knew that my female tyrant would make life unbearable for me by those thousands of mean little tricks known only to a Paris concierge, against which you are absolutely defenseless.

I found Plombieres-les-Bains as cold and wet as I had expected it, but crowded with society people, all dreadfully bored and all asking what to do on a dreadfully long afternoon with the rain pouring down.

Takes Hour to Recover.

In the morning time passes quickly, no matter how the weather. You take "le traitement," which here consists in a hot bath, followed by a cold shower, massage "sans l'seau" in the "kurhouse," or massage "a sec" at home in bed, after which you need at least an hour's rest to recover.

After lunch you go to the kursal to drink your coffee, tea or elder blossom tea to the accompaniment of the band; then you attend to your private correspondence, play a little "aux petits chevaux" or "a la roulette," but what then?

The afternoon is still young, and promenading, tennis or golf are out of the question.

Suddenly an electric shock passed through the room the news has spread that Monseigneur Angouard, the Congo missionary, will give a lecture at Hotel Deschauseaux, the hotel of all priests and religious people. You know in advance whom you will meet there and whom not. Not a single gambler, not a single "dame dernier cri"—nobody, in fact, but the members of the poorer aristocracy and the badly dressed bourgeoisie.

On the stroke of 4 these people meet in the large hall, and when they are all seated, firm steps are heard in the corridor and Monseigneur's imposing figure appears in the doorway smiling at everybody. He pretends to take a sip of water, and then he begins to tell about the 37 years he has spent in voluntary exile, first as a soldier in the Foreign Legion and then, when he was tired of shooting heathens, trying to save their souls as a missionary.

And the Hat Is Passed.

And when he has finished, one of the young girls present gets up, takes off her hat, turns it upside down and carries it around, asking for contributions to Monseigneur's little colored babies, and a few moments later she smilingly hands Monseigneur $150.

These affairs are always alike, and the Monseigneurs always turn up on a rainy day when people can not get away.

A lady who has caused a stir is the beautiful and charming Duchess of Manchester, who has given us a new dance which my readers probably know and which "isn't doing a thing" (is that right?) to the once almighty tango.

The dance, I am told, is composed by an American, Uriel Davis.

To be able to dance it you must first patiently practice walking upstairs instead of using the elevator. When you are quite familiar with the movement required to walk from one step to the one above, all you have to do is to repeat this movement in the ballroom—eight steps forward, eight steps back, raising your knees as much as possible; then you slide sideways as fast as possible and then repeat the first eight steps each way.

Without intending to hurt the feelings of Mr. Uriel Davis, I venture to say that I find the dance silly, and the reason it is so popular is because it is an excellent exercise to take off flesh.

Croquet Suddenly The Fad in England

Old Game Again Is Feature of the Smartest Week-End Parties.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Croquet has suddenly come back into favor after a long rest, and is a marked feature at all smart week-end parties.

Tennis is too strenuous and golf too baffling for many whose social duties call for much of their time.

The croquet lawns at Ranelagh and Hurlingham are in great demand, and many are introducing new rules and new kinds of hoops to give novelty to the game.

The Earl of Essex is devoted to the game. Lady Charles Beresford also passes hours at it.

Viscount Doneraile, Lord Tollamache, Lord Lurgan and Nigel Kingscote are often to be seen playing at Ranelagh.

Among the fair sex one notices Lady Angela Forbes, Lady Margaret Spicer, Lady Sophie Scott, Lady Winifred Butler and Mrs. Arthur Sassoon.

MANY ESCAPE VACCINATION.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—More than a quarter of a million children—or 31.6 per cent of those born—were exempted from vaccination last year under the "conscientious objection" rule.

Over 300 Ragtimers Pining for America

London Music Halls Crowded With Idle Singers Scheming to Raise Steerage Fare.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There are 300 or 400 homesick Americans in London. They are music hall artists who flocked over here when ragtime brought about a trans-Atlantic boom.

They came first class, talking of three-figure contracts, and now they are scheming to get cheap passages home disguised as Polish emigrants.

The trouble, of course, is that the music hall stage has been glutted with American turns.

Kipling, Rudyard	22,630
Meynell, Alice	5,598
Masefield, John	3,267
Hardy, Thomas	2,170
Watson, William	1,086
Newbolt, Henry	821
Chesterton, Gilbert K.	777
Bridges, Robert	710
Noyes, Alfred	704
Keats, W. B.	641
Dobson, Austin	575
Le Gallienne, Richard	522
Housman, A. E.	468
Davies, W. H.	42[illegible]
Phillips, Stephen	324
Hewlett, Maurice	35

BRITISH PRESS CALLS KIPLING REAL LAUREATE

Appointment of Dr. Bridges Declared Tribute to Pedantry Rather Than to Poetry.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The appointment of Dr. Robert Bridges to succeed Alfred Austin as poet laureate has note been treated as kindly by the press as was Mr. Austin's succession to Tennyson, notwithstanding the fact that both as a man of letters and as a poet Dr. Bridges is measurably his immediate predecessor's superior. The censure of Dr. Bridges' selection is probably to be found in the fact that the press is merely voicing public opinion, which is keenly disappointed that Rudyard Kipling did not secure the office.

Says The Morning Post: "If Mr. Kipling had been appointed laureate our people in these islands and overseas would have understood the honor as expressing a national sense. We are apt to forget that poets are of service in the world not merely as delighting the ears and refining the emotions of the cultured few, but as calling like a trumpet to duty in life and work, to the scorn of the base and the glory of the patriot, according to the poet's conception of baseness and patriotism."

The Pall Mall Gazette: "Mr. Kipling's claim is far above that of any contemporary. The writer of the 'Recessional' and of 'If' will be the laureate of the English people whenever crisis calls for utterance, and a world-wide empire will be his responsive audience."

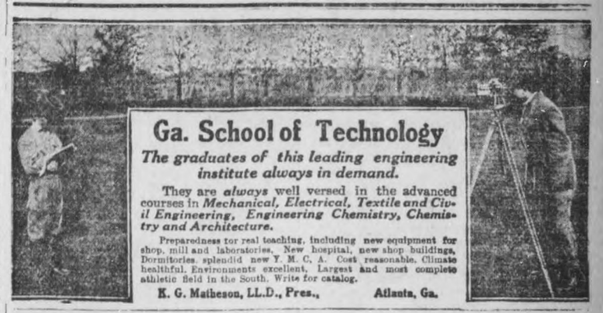
The Star: "Mr. Kipling has more poetry in his little finger than Dr. Bridges has in his whole body. To be perfectly candid, the election of Dr. Bridges is a tribute to pedantry, and not to poetry. There are many living poets whose claims are indisputably superior to his. But in this country the path of dullness is the road to glory."

Just before the post of poet laureate was filled, T. P.'s Weekly published the following table as the result of an exhaustive canvass among its readers:

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, ATHENS, GA.
Named by a United States Commissioner of Education as being among the best fitted State Normal Schools in the United States. Fifty-six officers and teachers, ten buildings, eighteen departments of instruction, full certificate courses in Psychology, Pedagogy, English, Expression, Oratory, Mathematics, Science, History, Latin, German, Greek, French, Spanish, Correspondence.
The Home-Life courses are among the strongest in the South. Domestic Arts and Sciences, Manual Arts, Agriculture, Gardening, Home Nursing, Physical Culture, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Sight Singing. Diploma a license to teach. Two Practice Schools. Education for fitness and happiness in the home. Total expenses for a year less than $150.00. Write for Catalogue.
JERE M. POUND, President.

PHARMACY Studied at the University of Georgia, under the most favorable environment of college life means efficient preparation for a lucrative position. Graduates have never failed to pass State examination. Send for catalog to Dean S. C. Benidict, M. D., Athens, Ga.


WASHINGTON SEMINARY
1374 PEACHTREE ROAD - - - - ATLANTA
THE SOUTH'S MOST BEAUTIFUL SCHOOL
DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.
1. Boarding Department limited. $100,000.00 in Grounds and Buildings.
2. New School Building, modern in equipment, with provision for open-air class rooms.
3. Courses in Domestic Science and Physical Training a part of regular curriculum.
4. Departments: Kindergarten, Primary, Academic, College Preparatory, Music, Art, Expression.
Thirty-sixth Session begins SEPTEMBER 11th, 1913.
Write for illustrated catalogue.—S. L. D. and EMMA B. SCOTT, Principals.


Ga. School of Technology
The graduates of this leading engineering institute always in demand.
They are *always* well versed in the advanced courses in *Mechanical, Electrical, Textile and Civil Engineering, Engineering Chemistry, Chemistry and Architecture.*
Preparedness for real teaching, including new equipment for shop, mill and laboratories. New hospital, new shop buildings, Dormitories splendid new Y. M. C. A. Cost reasonable. Climate healthful. Environments excellent. Largest and most complete athletic field in the South. Write for catalogue.
K. G. Matheson, LL.D., Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA MILITARY ACADEMY
THE SOUTH'S MOST SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED PREP SCHOOL
College Park, Eight Miles From Atlanta, Georgia
Fills every hour of a boy's life with wholesome mental development, body building, moral and social training, and preparation for a man's part in the world's work. A thoroughly disciplined, modernly appointed, attractive school for boys and young men—a gentleman's school limited to about 125 boarding pupils, so grouped as to give every teacher about 12 Cadets for tutoring and oversight at night. Delightful home life—a big happy family of successful, cultured teachers and pupils. Every sanitary convenience. Electric lights, steam heat, artesian water. Elevation nearly 1,200 feet, no malaria, perfect health.
BEST TABLE FARE AND PRETTIEST SCHOOL CAMPUS IN THE SOUTH
Three regular courses—Classical, Engineering, Commercial.
Members Southern Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools.
Active U. S. Officer in Charge of Military Department.
Classed A by U. S. War Department.
All arms accouterments and ordinance supplies furnished by U. S., just as at the V. M. I. and the Citadel.
Magnificent outdoor gymnasium now being constructed.
Thorough work in Class Room.
Largest Faculty in any Prep School in Georgia.
Athletics, without any "hired or induced" players, properly encouraged.
Location in College Park, Atlanta's most beautiful suburb.
Special advantages for Atlanta pupils.
Modern dairy operated for exclusive use of Cadets.
Prospective patrons urged to visit and compare with the best in America.
COLONEL J. C. WOODWARD, A. M., Pres.

SHORTER COLLEGE
A High Grade Institution For Young Women
Beautifully located near the mountains in the most healthful section of the South—not a death in the College during the forty years of its existence. Every convenience of modern home. Only two girls to a room, with large study between every two rooms. Every building of re-enforced concrete, absolutely fire-proof, thoroughly modern. Five of the 18 buildings planned just completed, 155 acres in grounds and campus. Faculty chosen from finest American and European Universities. Full Literary Course leading to A. B. degree; excellent advantages in Music, Art, Expression. Special attention to physical development.


Catalog on request.
Box 29, Rome, Ga.

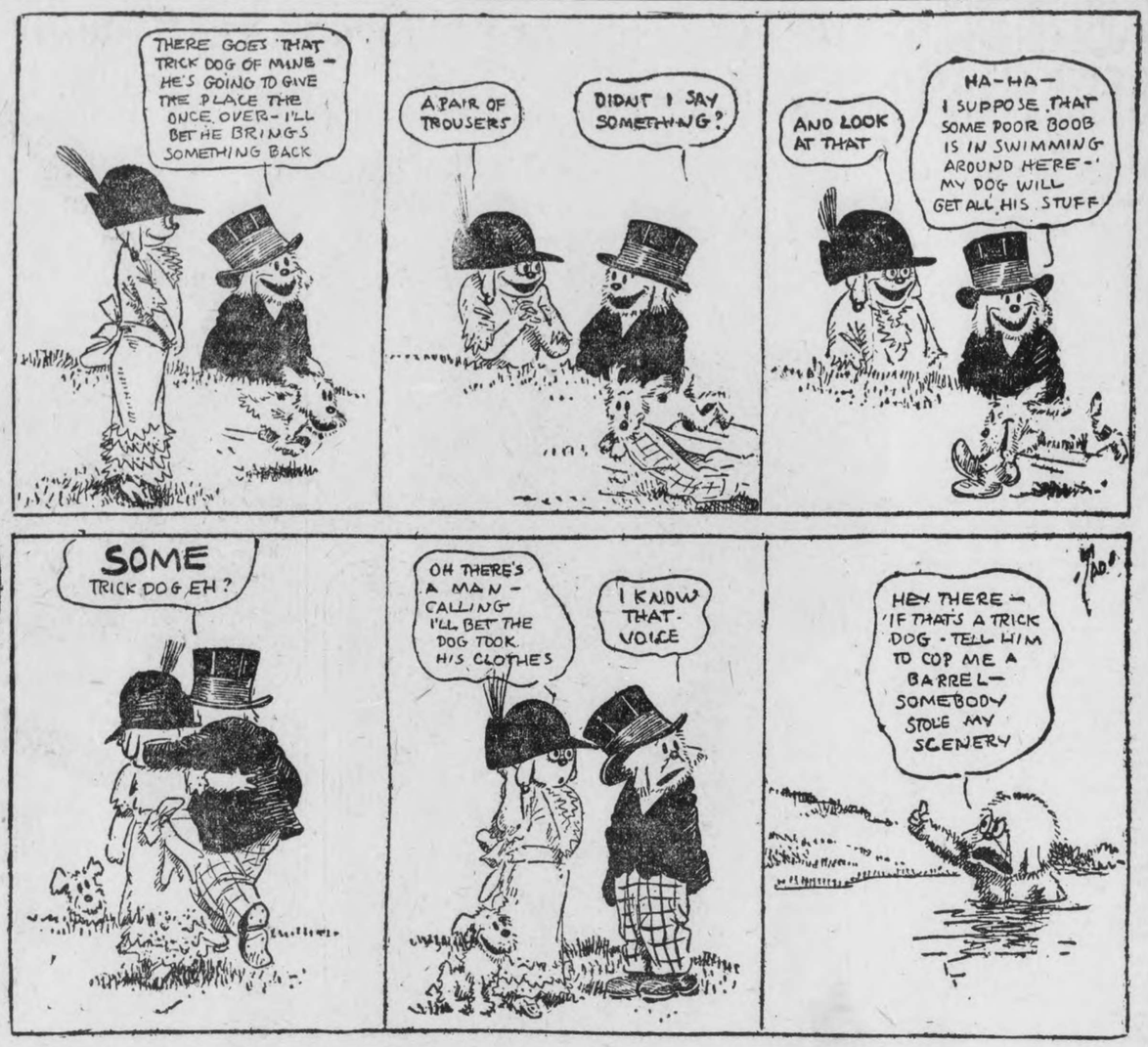
Sunday American Sporting Pages Lead All Others

YOU WOULDN'T KNOW THE OLD CAR NOW

Copyright, 1913, International News Service.

By Tad





RITCHIE DOESN'T COMPARE WITH OTHER CHAMPS

Must Meet Murphy, Welsh and Cross Before He Can Hope To Be World Figure.

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Here is a question fired at me from a home critic:

"How does Willie Ritchie compare with the lightweight champions who preceded him?"

Up to date he does not begin to compare in the slightest. Ritchie is still young and lacking in experience, however, and may loom up as more of a world-figure in pugilism when he has pitted himself against men like Tommy Murphy, Freddy Welsh and Leach Cross. Wolgast, who preceded as a champion, was a wonderful fighter before appendicitis marked him for its own. His handling of Battling Nelson on Richmond Field was something to live in memory, even if little "Ad" had never accomplished anything else.

* * *

BATTLING NELSON in his prime, was an interesting performer. And it was his negative qualities that made him worth while. There never was a man within twenty pounds of his weight who could stand such rough usage and keep pressing steadily forward. He wasn't the most gainly fighter of his class, by long odds, but his powers of assimilation covered a multitude of defects.

* * *

JOE GANS was a thorough workman, and a sight of him in action was as great a treat as a student of boxing could desire. He stepped around in a soft-footed way and was never out of position. His manner of ending it all with a downward clip of the right, delivered without drawing back the elbow, was well worth the price of admission.

He was an artist and it was a lament with old-time sports that Joe and Jack McAuliffe did not flourish contemporaneously. A tilt between the pair would have been worth a journey to see.

WACO SECOND SACKER IS SOLD TO BOSTON BRAVES

WACO, TEXAS, Aug. 16.—Oscar Dugey, second baseman of the Waco Texas League team and leading base runner of the league, was sold to the Boston Nationals, to report at the end of the local season. The consideration is said to have been about $2,000.

Koney Makes One Error a Month

Cards' Fielder May Set New Mark

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 16.—An error a month is the pace Ed Koney is setting for what probably will be a world's record as a fielding first baseman. So far the guardian of the Cardinals' initial sack has turned but four miscues this season—one in April, May, June and July—and if he gets but one in August and September his name will be engraved in the record books.

To accept 1,112 of the 1,116 chances offered him in 101 games is quite a phenomenal performance; still this is owned by Koney for his 1913 work. And it has everything eclipsed in the records of fielding first basemen since the National League was organized.

The highest average ever compiled by a first baseman in the National League was by Frank Chance in 1910, when he missed but three chances out of 814; that gave him a mark of .996. This to-day stands supreme, but if Koney continues his average of one error per month he will shade Chance's record by a slight margin.

Chance Leads All Rivals.

Since 1871, when the first set of records was kept in the National League, Chance's .996 stands out on top. Next to the ex-Peerless Leader is Dan McGann with a .995, and then .994 is the highest figure. The following table shows the five highest averages of the first basemen:

Year. Name.	g	po.	a.	e.	pct.
1910—Chance . .	87	773	38	3	.996
1906—McGann. .	133	1391	83	8	.995
1909—Chance . .	92	901	40	6	.994
1907—McGann. .	81	781	55	5	.994
1897—Tebeau . .	91	912	42	5	.994

Koney's fielding this year has been sensational and proves that he is without a superior as a fielding first baseman. Of course, now Chase and Daubert and Stovall have their supporters, but the truth is that for being steady day in and day out Koney is supreme.

Koney isn't as flashy as Chase. He will not dive high into the air and make the catch one-handed and he dosen't pull off the fancy stuff which Chase does. But he gets the wild pegs, the high ones, the low ones and those far too high, left and right minus the "grandstand" effort.

How Koney Made Errors.

On April 20 Koney made his first error. It was at Robison Field and he missed an easy foul off Chief Wilson. Later, Wilson put a single in left. The second error was May 28 in Chicago against the Cubs. It happened in the inning when Mitchell rolled to Huggins. Hug made the perfect toss, but Big Ed clamped his hands before the ball arrived, muffed and the runner was safe.

Then came error No. 3. It was June 25, at Robison Field. Carey grounded to Koney. Max raced for the bag and Ed, seeing he couldn't get there first, made a toss to Harmon. Bob let it get away, Carey ran to second and Koney got the error.

Big Ed almost escaped the month of July, but a bit of severe scoring gave him an error on the last day of the month. In the fourth inning Connolly rolled a slow grounder to Koney. Sallee raced over to the bag, but Connolly had the play beaten and it was scored as a hit. Sal allowed the ball to drop, roll a few feet away, and taking his time in recovery, Connolly hiked down to second.

There is how Ed Koney has made his four errors this season. And in between them he has accepted 1,112, certainly a remarkable record.

With the Cards in a slump this year, Koney's fielding hasn't dropped a bit. His batting has, and for that reason the fans have been handing the jeers occasionally to the Big Train. Every fan can rehearse when Ed failed to get a hit and drive in a run. And why? Because his play is watched every day where the others are passed by.

McCloskey Develops Big Ed.

Koney can miss driving in a run and the fans will see it. But Magee, Oakes, Mowrey, Wingo, Whitted and others will miss and nobody pays any attention to it. Not Koney, though.

It took time and constant training on the part of John J. McCloskey to develop Koney into the great first baseman that he is. Koney came here in June, 1907. He was a big kid, awkward around first, and didn't know how to shift his feet. He had the right foot in front when the left should have been there, and often the other way, too.

But McCloskey knew what he had. The entire summer John J. drilled his new capture. In the morning practice Mac toiled with Koney. He showed him this; he showed him that; he showed him how to keep one foot on the sack and catch the wide throw with the gloved mitt.

And it didn't take Koney long to master these fine points. He shows it to-day.

Some will doubt Koney's ability as a first baseman. But here he has a .996 average, just a fraction under .997, and every winter the Cubs, Pirates and Giants bid for the "Big Train."

Koney really isn't appreciated in St. Louis. They won't realize what a marvel and wonder he is until if, by chance, a trade will send him to some other club. And a duplicate of Ed Koney isn't cavorting around any of the minor league fields to-day.

TO CHANGE A. A. U. CODE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—G. T. Kirby, president of the Amateur Athletic Union, is to revise the A. A. U. code of rules, which, he says, in their present form can not be understood by attorneys. Kirby made this announcement before sailing for Berlin to attend the conference of athletic authorities of the world.

GIANTS CAN GET KONEY IF MATTY IS IN THE DEAL

President Britton Says He Will Make Swap With McGraw for "Big Six" and Merkle.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 16.—If the Giants will part with Christy Mathewson and Fred Merkle, then McGraw can have Ed Koney from the Cardinals!

From New York Thursday came a report that the Giants were dickering with the Cardinals for another swap, and that McGraw had offered Southpaw Wiltse and First Baseman Fred Merkle for the "Big Train."

Considering that Wiltse is fading and fading fast, and that Koney easily outclasses Merkle, the cards would run second on such an exchange, and the truth of such a transaction was asked of President Britton.

"If McGraw will make it Mathewson and Merkle instead of Wiltse and Merkle then I will O. K. the trade," said President Britton. "But Wiltse and Merkle, no."

Then the Cards' Prexy smiled and puffed his perfecto and continued:

"Yes, that's what I mean, Matty and Merkle. Matty must be in the deal. Anybody but Matty and there's nothing doing with us for Ed Koney."

"But don't you know, Mr. Britton, that McGraw never would consent to trade Mathewson?" was put to the Cards' chief.

"Why, certainly I know it, and that's just why I name Matty in a deal with the Giants for Koney," flashed back Britton. "After we took Crandall instead of Wiltse for McLean, I offered to buy Wiltse from the Giants, but McGraw said he did not want money, but was after players.

"We're after players to strengthen our club, too. We are trying to get the youngsters, and are willing to make a trade where we have an edge, but it's a cinch that we're not going to pass out anything like Koney for Merkle and Wiltse."

NEW COACH AT ROBINSON.

ROBINSON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Charles C. Wells, late instructor in mathematics in Millikin University, and prominent in athletic circles, has been appointed athletic coach and instructor of the Robinson baseball, football and basketball, and will reorganize the athletic department of the Robinson school.

CATLIN TO COACH LAWRENCE.

APPLETON, WIS., Aug. 16.—At the Lawrence high school it was last night decided to re-engage Mark Catlin as football coach.

GIANTS ALWAYS FIGHTING, EVEN IF IT'S M'GRAW

Crandall Incident Goes to Prove That Muggsy's Men Are Always in Wrangling Mood.

CINCINNATI has pulled the story that two or three of the New York Giants took a punch at Manager McGraw because he released Otis Crandall, star pinch pitcher and pinch hitter, accompanying his action with the statement that Otis never was a real star and wasn't fit for membership on a high class baseball team. Naturally the players were incensed to see an old pal thus turned down, the more because McGraw's action deprives the young Indiana boy of a probable slice of world's series money later in the fall. Maybe they did punch McGraw and maybe they didn't. It doesn't look reasonable that they did, for "Muggsy" isn't standing around as a target for anybody.

* * *

BUT the incident shows two things conclusively. The Giants are fighters, every inch of them, and it is the fighting spirit that wins in any sort of an athletic contest. The Giants are keyed up to the right tension and their position at the head of the National League race is one to which they are fully entitled because of this fighting spirit. McGraw has them gingered to a nicety and doubtless welcomes a little shindig now and then off the field, just as a matter of relaxation.

* * *

MANY of the McGraw methods are far from commendable and some of them are even reprehensible, but in the main other baseball managers might well take example of the Giants' leader and instill this fighting spirit into the men. Frank Chance could keep the old Cub machine snarling and snapping in much the same way and Jimmy Callahan's nature is infectious at times and carries the team along under high pressure. Joe Tinker is a fighter at heart and even the queer conditions in Cincinnati hasn't taken all of Joe's heart. There are few other managers, however, who really scrap and succeed in getting the fighting spirit into their men.

DUFFY SELLS OUTFIELDER JOSEPH BURNS TO TIGERS

PORTLAND, ME., Aug. 16.—Manager Hugh Duffy, of the Portland club of the New England League, announced that Outfielder Joseph Burns had been sold to Detroit.

Burns' home is in Ipswich, Mass. The price was not made public.

RACE TRACK AT AUCTION.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The passing of another famous New York race track apparently is forecast in a foreclosure sale of the Brighton Beach property, scheduled for August 28. The action was brought on a second mortgage of approximately $95,000. The first mortgage is $650,000.

Johnny Evers Need Not Worry

President Murphy Is With Him

By Davenport.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—John Evers is not worried concerning the report he is to be ousted from the managership of the Cubs.

"I am worried in a sense," said the Keystone King when he heard the report, "for I know these reports are not tending to the improvement of conditions on the club.

"I firmly believe the reports emanate from sources unfriendly to the Cubs.

"Last winter when it was announced I had been appointed to succeed Frank Chance, my enemies said I would not last until Decoration Day.

"I was right on the job at Pittsburg on Memorial Day and then the fellows who seem to have a grudge against me said: 'Well, he'll blow up before the Fourth of July,' but there was no premature explosion and yours truly celebrated the glorious Fourth by managing the Cubs while they went through a double-header.

"Now they are flirting me right off the reel, but so far as the stability of my position is concerned I am not concerned.

Murphy Pleased With Work.

"I have the knowledge that President Murphy is back of me. He has convinced me upon more than one occasion that he is backing me, and I know him well enough to feel that I can rely upon him.

"He has upheld everything I have done in the management of the players and he has informed me upon more than one occasion that I am giving satisfaction.

"As I have said concerning alleged dissensions in the club, I know who is starting these reports. They do not come from West Side fans. It is a trouble that has existed for years, and some one must be the goat, so why not your humble servant? Let it go with the other managerial duties. My shoulders are broad. I can not only stand the hisses and jeers of the fans, but I guess it is up to me to pay no heed to these false reports that are being circulated and have been circulated all season."

President Murphy also emphatically denies he intends to remove the Keystone King.

When apprised of the fact some one had started the report Evers was to be separated from his job, President Murphy said: "There is absolutely no truth in the report. I still believe Evers is the best manager in the business and the greatest ball player in the world. I have backed him up in his action on and off the field.

"I wouldn't give 2 cents for a manager who can't manage, and I am satisfied that Evers is not one of that sort."

Discussing the reports that the Cubs are fighting among themselves, Manager Evers said: "I want men who fight, but I want them to use a little judgment in whom they fight.

Wants Fighting Spirit.

"I like men of the Zimmerman type, who are fighting every inch of the way.

"True, Heine was put out of a number of games this summer, but why? Because he was always up on the job, watching every play and ready to fight for what he considered his rights.

"I do think it is unfair for the fans and sport writers to pick up every little petty quarrel that may come up and make a mountain of it. These are the things that are hurting the club."

Considering the pitching the Cubs had during the early part of the season, the misfortune sustained by Overall in the way of illness, and the other hard luck, Evers has done well to keep his club up among the top notchers, and he is being given credit for it all around the circuit.

Then there was the hard luck encountered when the Cubs invaded the East the last time, Archer out of the game with a had finger, Zimmerman out with a game ankle, and Bridwell out with punk pins.

Some handicap, "fellers," but Jawn has been right on the job fighting his way through all the time.

We have it from the Keystone King, right from the shoulder, that stories of dissension on the club have been greatly magnified, and here's a little secret that will surprise you.

That story to the effect Evers is to be deposed came from an eavesdropper.

AFTER BERTH IN WESTERN.

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., Aug. 16.—Leo Meyer, of this city, has made a bid for the Sioux City franchise of the Western League. Meyer said he was anxious to bring the club here, but declared he was not sure about meeting all the requirements of the league.



For Everybody, Everywhere

For workers with hand or brain—for rich and poor—for every kind of people in every walk of life—there's delicious refreshment in a glass of

Coca-Cola

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

different and better in purity and flavor. The best drink anyone can buy.



Be sure to get the genuine. Ask for it by its full name —to avoid imitations and substitution.

Send for free booklet.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.



DROPSY SPECIALISTS

give quick relief usually from the first dose. Distressing symptoms rapidly disappear. Swelling and short breath soon removed; often gives entire relief in 15 to 25 days. A trial treatment FREE by mail.

Dr. H. H. Green's Sons Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

All the News of the Boxing World on These Pages

GEO. HARRISON IS JOE BEAN'S BEST PLAYER

Ex-Marist Star Now Making Fine Baseball Record at Georgia University.

By O. B. Keeler.

WITH your kind permission, we will now introduce Mr. Harrison, prominent second baser of the University of Georgia baseball team, former Marist star and a corking good student of pharmaceutics as well as the national sport.

Mr. Harrison's initials are George L., the "L." standing for Larrup. He is an Atlanta boy, 19 years old, sound in wind and limb, and quite a hobby of Joe Bean's.

"I think a lot of George because he can think," says Joe, who was George's coach at Marist. "Every year the colleges show us a lot of young ball players that can run and throw and field and hit. But a fearful percentage of these neat little baseball machines use their heads mainly to keep their collars from slipping off."

But that isn't the way of George. Take it from Joe.

A Smart Ball Player.

"He is what is known in professional circles as a 'smart ball player,'" Joe adds. "He remembers every little tip anybody gives him—and he uses his memory on the field. He thinks fast and he has the physical speed to carry out his hunches. He is the best all-round college ball player I ever had charge of."

George was a freshman last year, starring in pharmaceutics and the territory around second base. He is expected to do the same, only more so, in the gentle springtime of 1914.

At present George, who is an earnest investigator of things entirely apart from the squeeze play and touching second, is doing a bit of extra work in physics at the summer school of the university. He takes quite a serious view of life, even at the supposedly callow age of 19 summers and the same number of winters.

Had Heart Trouble?

An odd feature of George's development as a ball player cropped out when he started to Marist where he played with great effect three years for Joe Bean.

George was very young then, and he was growing so fast that he frequently found his clothes too small for him when he got up in the morning. The stretching worried some of his insides a bit, and George's folks had an idea he had a floppy heart. It used to flop when George played tennis. They asked Joe Bean to take good care of George and not let him play ball too hard. They recommended first base as the easiest job.

The Flopping Stopped.

But Joe needed a second baseman. Also he saw right away where George ought to perform. He reasoned that one place was as bad as another, if not worse, when it came to causing cardiacal floppings, and he diagnosed properly the uncertain behavior of George's pumping apparatus.

Moreover, George had let up on the growing by that time and was feeling great.

So George went to second base, where he proceeded to eat 'em alive.

He has been doing that ever since, too.

George isn't looking forward to professional toil on the sunburned square. He is going to be a pharmacist, which is a druggist with a university training.

And if George applies the same system to pharmaceutics that he has to baseball, he should travel along on the high speed.

Joe Bean says George is one smart ball player.

BOOKING AGENCY FOR BOXERS TO BE FORMED

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Plans are maturing for a national boxing organization, which will have for its purpose the booking of boxers for various clubs or promoters throughout the country; in fact, it is to be a general booking agency, the same as is in vogue among theatrical people. The man back of the project is Wilbur Stuart, of Columbus, Ohio.

It is the intention of the organizers of the company to have connections in all the large cities of the country. This project would do away with the middleman, or manager, to some extent, but not necessarily, as very often managers are only too willing to pay the regular booking fee to get a match.

The scheme may not look very tempting to some at the present time, but with the growth of the boxing game there is no reason why the project should not be a success—at least, it is worth trying.

KONETCHY FOR MERKLE AND WILTSE IS RUMORED TRADE

PITTSBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Local baseball men gave credence to-day to a tip that Manager McGraw, of the Giants, is dealing with St. Louis for First Baseman Konetchy and has offered First Baseman Merkle and Pitcher Wiltse in exchange. Since the golf squabble in which Merkle was involved along with Mathewson, McGraw and Merkle have not been the best of friends.

INDIANS GET CENTRAL STAR.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Aug. 16.—Wheeler, of the Terre Haute club, has been ordered by the Cubs to report to the Indianapolis American Association club. This was a great surprise to the fans, who did not know that the Cubs owned him. Wheeler leads the Central League in batting with .342.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
REMEDY FOR MEN
AT DRUGGISTS OR TRIAL BOX BY MAIL 50c
FROM PLANTEN 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.
—BEWARE OF IMITATIONS—

Here Is George Harrison, Georgia's Great Infielder, Who Uses His "Bean" in Playing Baseball

Three years of second basing under the tuition of Joe Bean at Marist fitted George to jump right into the spotlight in his freshman year at Georgia and pile himself up a fine little reputation. He will start with flying colors when the season opens next spring.



This looks like pretty severe training for a future pharmacist, but it isn't the only kind Harrison takes. Just now Georgia's star infielder is taking a summer course in physics at the University.

It really doesn't matter how fast the pace is, or whether George Harrison is sliding to second, or dashing in to start a swinging double play—he's always thinking. Joe Bean says he thinks faster and with more effect than any other college player he ever had anything to do with. "His head does more than merely hold his collar on," says Joe. And Joe ought to know something about it.

Looking over the film, it is hard to imagine that George was suspected of having heart trouble a few years ago, when he entered Marist and wanted to play first base, because that job was supposed to be easier than the other stations of the infield. Joe Bean diagnosed George's trouble as rapid growing, and Joe was right about it. As soon as George stopped expanding, his heart settled down to a fine, even gait, and has never missed a tick since. He is now approaching his twentieth year, and is sound in wind, limb and disposition.

PHOTOS by SUNDAY AMERICAN STAFF PHOTOGRAPHER

'Walsh Now Pitching for Sox' Tickers Don't Flash That Now

ED WALSH is not with the White Sox on their Eastern trip. In all the games Callahan's men play during their stay in the East, the ticker will never flash, 'NINTH INNING: WALSH NOW PITCHING FOR CHICAGO."

The Big Moose, the greatest of iron men, isn't the Walsh of 1912. The averages give him seven won and three lost for a percentage of .700. He has pitched 10 games, with the season half over. If he pitches 10 more during the remainder of 1913 it will be a surprise.

Walsh is worn out. He has the heart and head of last year, but his arm isn't able to perform what he wills. He is just a shadow of his 1912 self, so far as pitching goes.

Too many innings of relief work, too many innings pitched did for his iron arm.

For years he was "THE WHITE SOX," practically all there was to the White Sox, and the only reason anyone went to see the club. Last season, with ordinary backing, he pitched Chicago into fourth place. There were 78 games won by the club. Walsh is credited with 27 of them in his own record. Many more he saved for other twirlers, going in with the Sox ahead and stopping rallies.

Callahan pitched his willing worker 393 innings, or 43 nine-inning games, during the American League season. This shows on the books but there is no record of the innings Walsh warmed up and used up his arm by so doing.

This season Comiskey, the Sox owner, thought Walsh would pitch more than 400 innings. Callahan thought so Wash thought so.

But the Iron Man was through. He had held the White Sox up so long that his arm was weary, even if he didn't know it. His record of 393 innings in the American League season, topped off by his feat of twirling the Sox to victory by pitching 40 innings of the Chicago city series with the Cubs—which he won practically by himself—has taken toll.

Whether Ed Walsh will come back is a thing the future will have to tell. Sometimes they do, but oftener they don't. Rest may bring him back, if Callahan gives it to him. But again it may be that 393 innings of fiercely competitive ball have ruined his arm for good and all and that one of the greatest pitchers the game has known is now a has-been.

Universal Polo at Panama Exposition

Exciting Game To Be Opening Feature of Great Affair—Stand to Seat 18,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 16.—Universal polo will be the opening feature incident to the department of live stock at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

There will be many stables on the site, and the race track infield will afford an ideal location for polo grounds.

Polo enthusiasm is spreading all over the world and it is proposed to have ten or fifteen days of polo, beginning with the opening day of the exposition.

A series of elimination matches will be arranged, and because of climatic advantages a number of the established teams will winter their ponies in California.

There will be a grand stand which will seat 18,000, and its capacity will be taxed during the great tournament, which will be held on the exposition grounds.

The question of cups and prizes is now being considered. If the Hurlingham cup still remains in this country it is possible that the international polo match can be held at San Francisco. That, of course, is a question which can only be decided by time, but in any event representative teams from many countries will be attracted to a universal meet at San Francisco in 1915.

TESREAU HAS BEEN ON SLAB IN MANY GAMES

McGraw Has Sent Jeff to Mound Oftener Than Any Other Member of Giants.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—John McGraw had called on Jeff Tesreau oftener to start battles this year than any other member of the Giants' pitching staff. Up to August 12 the "Little Napoleon" had given the pitching assignment to the big spitballer 28 times. Jeff only went the route on ten occasions, but on many of the times he was dericked he was lifted to allow a pinch hitter to be inserted into the proceedings, and not because he was not performing to the satisfaction of his commander.

* * *

WERE Hugh Chalmers, of Detroit, to offer a car to the National League pitcher who twirled the greatest number of complete games instead to the player who is most valuable to his team, Christy Mathewson undoubtedly would be riding around in a new auto next fall. "Big Six" has opened on the firing line in 22 skirmishes for the Giants this year and has lasted through 17 engagements, which gives him a finishing average of .773. Matty quit twice because he had to, twice because his team had an enormous lead and once because McGraw wished to shove Harry McCormick in as a pinch hitter.

* * *

THE club that has compelled Mathewson to retire under fire is St. Louis, the team that handed him his first beating twelve years ago, when he first became famous. The Cardinals ought to be proud of themselves for their showing against "Big Six" this year. They have received five of the thirteen passes Matty has issued this season, Ed Konetchy and Miller Huggins each obtaining two and Steve Evans one. The eight other National Leaguers who have been honored with complimentaries by Mathewson this season are Vlox and Mensor, of Pittsburg; Bates and Groh, of Cincinnati; Zimmerman, of Chicago, and Titus, Rariden and Maranville, of Boston.

MANY CATCHERS GET INJURED BY MIXED SIGNALS

Chief Meyers Nearly Lost a Finger When Christy Mathewson Double-Crossed Him.

By Otto C. Floto.

DENVER, Aug. 16.—Nothing breaks up a battery so fast as double-crossing the catcher. Mind, we do not mean to say this is intentionally done—but through carelessness or through not getting the signal correct, it happens in some of the most important games. And when it does—well, the opposition has the "shade" from that time forth. In Chicago recently, during a conversation between John McGraw and the writer, the Grand Mandarin of the Giants told us of an incident when even the great Mathewson was at fault in this sort of play.

"Meyers is naturally dark," said McGraw. "When he becomes tanned in the summer time he is darker than ever and quite naturally when he places his finger on the palm of the soiled glove it takes quite an eye to distinguish whether he has one or two fingers pointed to the ground. Oftentimes one finger means a straight fast ball and then again it means a curve, and vice versa. Mathewson, in one of the games against St. Louis, got his signals mixed and pitched a curve when Meyers was looking for a straight fast one. The result was that the ball not only got away from the Indian, but came near tearing his finger off. Of course, I immediately took him out of the game, because I knew he would be rattled from that time forth. The next day he was steadied again and the incident forgotten.

* * *

ANOTHER time while with Baltimore, Joe Corbett double-crossed Robinson and lost a game for us. Of course, the double-crossing is unintentional on the part of the pitcher, and it occurs only when the catcher and the pitcher get mixed in the signals and don't ask each other for a repetition of the same. If they did this no error would be made. In the big leagues when this tangle occurs the players think nothing of it. But I have seen in the smaller leagues, when the battery gets mixed the catcher, generally a youngster trying to make his reputation, seems to labor under the impression that the pitcher is 'trying to show him up,' and it often creates hard feelings on a team."

* * *

REFERRING again to the honesty of the game, we need nothing better to point to than the leaders of the National and American Leagues. Both the Giants and the Athletics have spoiled the race. They are so far ahead of all the other clubs that even at this early day of August 4 interest is eliminated. It means several hundred thousand dollars to the club owners to have a condition of this sort exist. Yet they would rather have it this way and lose thousands of dollars than "frame" and kill the sport.

What if Boston and the Athletics in the American League were neck-and-neck and battling for every game—well, the grounds in either city would not be large enough to hold the crowds. In the National League, what if New York and Chicago were abreast—it would simply mean all records for attendance would be shattered.

So you see the playing is absolutely on its merits and when a team wins or loses everything connected with it is on the level. That's why baseball will ever remain the most popular of outdoor sports. The finger of suspicion is never pointed at any act on the ball field.

Meddling Has Ruined Red Sox Stallings Is Popular in Boston

By W. J. McBeth.

THERE is little comfort in a reputation to the fellow who has lost his punch. This ring chatter applies directly to baseball. A pugilist may get away by sidestepping action, but organized baseball requires 154 tilts every year.

The Boston Red Sox furnishes a very fine object lesson for the point in question. One year ago the staid old "Hub" was wild with enthusiasm over its pets of a generation. To dispute that the "Speed Boys" boasted the classiest aggregation in modern times was the shortest route to suicide. To-day, though a world's championship has been added to the achievements of the Back Bay athletes, the pennant winners are the scorn of the City of Culture.

The answer lies for the most part in four agate lines—which represent the difference between first and fifth places in the American League standings. Boston's National League team which saw many lean and hungry years, while its rival lived upon the fat of the land, has usurped the popularity of its fading contemporary. The Red Sox in their company have shown the better percentage of victories. But still their work has slopped off so badly from what was expected of the holders of baseball's highest honors that in comparison to the improvement made by the Braves the Red Sox appear in the light of the veriest "bush" class.

Boston, like every other town, has little use for a team that has hit the chutes, while always ready to extend a hand of encouragement to a club that stems on the upward trend.

* * *

IN gaining a few rounds on the ladder from the cellar George Stallings' Braves have accomplished a task that well might be considered more wonderful than cinching a second American League pennant with the champions. Baseball fandom is clever enough to appreciate the point and pay tribute where tribute is due. But the Boston situation of the American League furnishes a moral which many of our meddling promoters might well take to heart. One thing is to leave good enough alone; another that it is far easier to destroy a finely attuned mechanism than to overhaul and rebuilt it.

* * *

EVERYBODY said a year ago that the Boston Red Sox were the luckiest world's champions known to history. Perhaps they were, but they certainly had some class to get in the finals. Moreover, they went through a long campaign without dropping more than two games in a row till the pennant was clinched. The club looked anything but impressive in the world's series. But was it altogether the fault of the club?

I honestly believe, in the light of later developments, that if the real inside truth were known President James McAleer had a lot to do both with the poor showing of that team against the Giants and in the 1913 race so far this season. Jake Stahl, deposed from the management in mid-season, may have been left unhampered this season as McAleer insinuated, but he certainly did not have a free hand against the Giants last fall. He was girt about by a so-called bond of strategy. These many cooks came very near to scorching the broth.

While the Red Sox were setting themselves, Jake Stahl and, incidentally, McAleer on the high pedestal where the bump incident to this year's fall should be all the more pronounced, somebody put a stick of dynamite under the foundation. In the height of battle a serious row cropped out among certain players. As is usually the case, factions resulted. The unity of the team was undermined. The big explosion followed the poor start of 1913 consequent to wholesome injuries and sickness.

McAleer may not have directly interfered with Stahl. Yet the inference is there pretty strong. Jimmy looked like an ideal president when everything was of rosy hue. But once a manager always a manager. We see that in the attitudes of some of our renowned scouts. The cunning hand of McAleer might be traced in the present dilemma of his noble country.

AT least McAleer, or his associates in the business administration of the club, deserve little sympathy for the cold desertion of Hub fandom. They brought it upon themselves by a cold throw down of their most loyal supporters. The band of "Royal Rooters" which had accompanied the team to and fro between New York and Boston were not provided with seats for the seventh game. The business management was unable to explain satisfactorily this shameful oversight; naturally the rooters took it as an insult, believing they had been "given the works" simply through avarice of the management.

"It is the last game and they think standing room good enough for us" was the universal sentiment. The rooters put a boycott on the eighth and deciding game. Also they gathered round the offices at the close of the contest when they were slighted to put the curse on Fenway Park, Red Sox and all connected with them. By the looks of things it was some curse.

Tire Prices Down

How We Did It Without Skimping On the Costliest Tire That's Built

Here are a few amazing facts which every tire user should know.

Goodyear No-Rim-Cut tires used to cost one-fifth more than other standard tires. And yet they gained the topmost place in Tiredom.

Three things caused this extra price.

In the base of each tire we vulcanize six flat bands of 126 braided wires. It is thus that we make a hookless tire—a tire that can't be rim-cut.

Then every No-Rim-Cut gets the "On-Air Cure." It is final-vulcanized on air bags. This is done to save blow-outs. It adds to our tire cost $1,500 per day.

Then we use in each tread base a patent "rivet" fabric. We paid $50,000 for this feature to prevent tread separation.

Not one of these costly features are used in any other make of tire.

We have clung to small capitalization. On this account we can and do keep our profits under 8½ per cent.

All these savings, as fast as we made them, went to users of our tires.

Note What Our Price Includes

Rival makers must in some way meet the Goodyear price. But please consider what our price includes.

A tire that never rim-cuts.

A tire built to save blow-outs, in a way so costly that no one else employs it.

A tire built in our patent way to prevent tread separation. And built in every other way for longest mileage, regardless of the cost.

Now No Extra Price

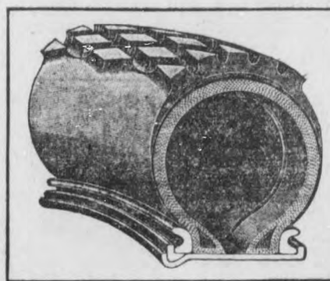
Now these same tires, with all of these features, cost you no extra price. Not a standard tire of any type costs you any less.

And these are the reasons:

Our overhead cost, in days of small output, ran as high as thirty per cent.

It is now less than six per cent. Our multiplied output, in this one way, has cut our tire cost twenty-four per cent.

We have built new factories with modern equipment, with every new invention in labor-saving machinery.



GOODYEAR AKRON, OHIO
No-Rim-Cut Tires
With or Without Non-Skid Treads

That's Why They Outsell

Hundreds of thousands now use these tires. They far outsell any other. Yet the demand from users is now growing faster than ever before in our history.

That's for the reasons told you.

Rim-Cutting alone, with old-type tires, ruins 31.8 per cent—almost one tire in three. Blow-outs and loose treads, which our methods combat, are immensely costly items.

You should get these savings—get them all—when you pay the Goodyear price.

Our dealers are everywhere.

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AKRON, OHIO
This Company has no connection whatever with any other rubber concern which uses the Goodyear name.

Atlanta Branch, 223 Peachtree Street
Phone Bell Ivy 915-916. Atlanta 797

Latest Baseball News and Gossip of All the Leagues

SULLIVAN TELLS WHY A.A.U. PUTS BAN ON WOMEN

Athletic Body Objects to Mixed Competitions in Order to Preserve Dignity of Women.

By James E. Sullivan.
Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U. and "Father of Amateur Athletics."

(Mr. Sullivan submitted the following interesting article to The American just before he sailed for Germany last Tuesday. Mr. Sullivan will attend the first convention of the International Athletic Federation at Berlin on August 20-21 as the representative of the United States.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Should women be allowed by the Amateur Athletic Union in open competition against men? is a question attracting a lot of attention in the world of sport at present. From the woman's side of the question the opinion is voiced that to be in keeping with the great strides of women's emancipation the women should be allowed to compete on the same footing as men, especially in aquatic sports and other competitions.

Unfortunately, perhaps, for the feelings of the gay and thoughtless, the A. A. U. looks at the matter from an entirely different angle, and it is as well that the public should know right now that the A. A. U. national body will never permit mixed competitions between men and women in any of the sports it happens to govern.

I may say that this is no mere personal statement. It is the unanimous policy of the national body. I have frequently been criticised on account of my alleged opposition to mixed competition in swimming races, and am sorry to have aroused the ire of the progressive element among the women and the suffragists.

I happen to be secretary-treasurer of the A. A. U., and would remind my critics that the man in such an office is always intrusted with the job of making public the feelings of the governing body; and its domain extends from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific and from Florida to the North Pole.

Against Mixed Competition.

More than once the question of allowing women to register has been discussed, and to the present it has been turned down every time without a dissenting voice. So far as I can see now nothing short of a miracle will ever change the views of the A. A. U. men on the subject of mixed competition.

Of course, a great many will want to know the reason for this stand of the A. A. U. in keeping out the women. There are two reasons. One is to try and preserve the dignity of the American girl and the woman, and the other is to keep amateur sport clear of the demimonde. If we are in the business of developing champion athletes to uphold the American flag in international competiton we surely ought to be pardoned for being conservative about our women.

While those old-fashioned men of the A. A. U. like to see the American woman healthy, and in the full enjoyment of sports and pastimes suitable to her sex, they do not want to see a feminine race of Amazons devoid of home ties, and the qualities that create the respect and admiration of men.

The A. A. U. is guided by experiences of the past. Years ago when the long distance walking craze struck New York a great number of women were seized with the fad, especially as it was found to be good for their health and complexions. Numbers of women's walking clubs sprung up, and it was a great thing to see bunches of women hiking along the highways at a brisk clip and at all hours.

Bicycle Craze Expires.

The bicycle craze of a few years ago furnished another illustration of the unsavory element in sport, and they spoiled one of the finest recreations of modern times. At first myriads of decent women enjoyed it until the questionable element swarmed over the roads and drives devoted to cycling. Again the decent women were forced to quit, and with them went their companions—husbands, fathers and brothers.

Now suppose that to-morrow the A. A. U. was to throw down the bars and allow women to register, and that they would have liberty to compete in the track and field games, the swimming, the gymnastics and the tumbling. What would be the consequence? For a while there might be nothing but decent girls among the boys in the swimming tanks and the pools, but after a spell the other element would appear.

What a nice position the decent young girls would find themselves in then, and what a tirade of criticism the A. A. U. would bring forth from the clergy, and from the men and women of the uplift! I wonder if those who are so willing to comment unfavorably on the A. A. U.'s rejection of mixed competition ever looked at the probable situation in this light.

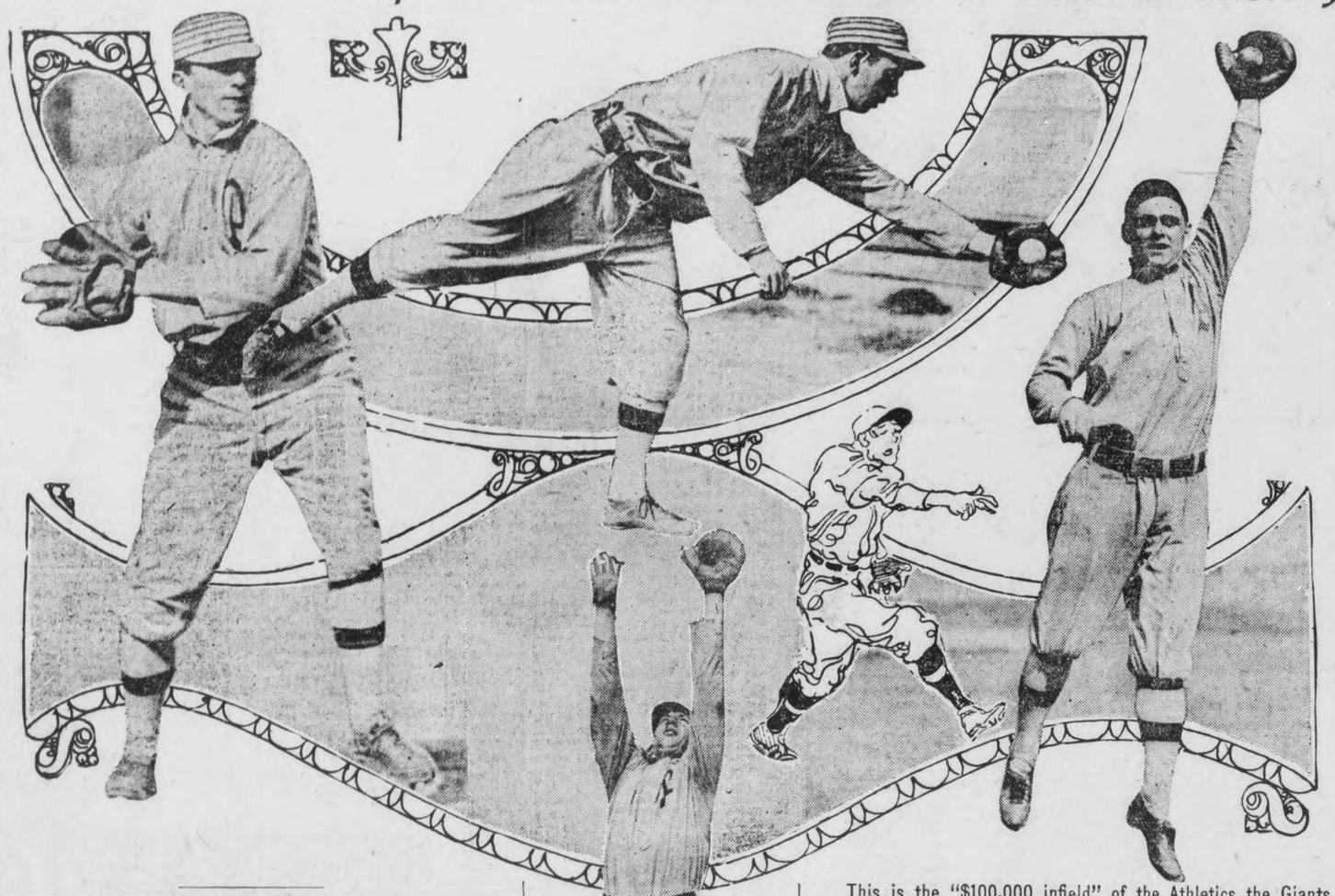
Although the A. A. U. does not countenance mixed competition, its governing members are willing to advocate that women and girls engage in swimming races among themselves. If those among the women who are so anxious for speed conditions can form themselves into an association, then the sport can be made even more popular than if the women were allowed into the A. A. U.

GOOD STILL A MEMBER OF CUBS, SAYS JOHNNY EVERS

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Wilbur Good, the Cub outfielder, is still a member of the West Side club. At least, Manager Evers said so just before the Cubs started for the East. John was greatly surprised when he saw in local papers that Good had been released to Indianapolis. Evers says that there is no chance of Good leaving the Cubs, as he figures that the pinch hitter is fast developing into one of the best outfielders in the business. The Cub manager further stated that if waivers had been asked on Good it was done without his knowledge. Good accompanied the team to Boston.

Giants Again Must Oppose "$100,000 Infield" in World's Series

Athletics' Inner Defense Hailed as Greatest in Baseball History



This is the "$100,000 infield" of the Athletics the Giants must again face in the coming world's series—if the local champions repeat their pennant triumph in the National League and the Athletics recapture the American League flag, which is almost a certainty now. From left to right: Baker, third base; Barry, shortstop; McInnis, first base. Below, Eddie Collins, second base.

Fans Await World-Series Clash

Former Rivals May Meet Again

By Monty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—In view of the fact that the Giants and Athletics are conceded almost universally now as certain to meet in the next world's series, fans are beginning to turn their attention to the question of how the two teams compare with each other. Though nearly two months remain before the clash for the world's championship gets under way, it is the main subject in the minds of the real followers of the game, now that the pennant races have ceased to absorb more than a superficial amount of interest.

The series this year has an extra element of attraction in that old rivals are meeting again, aggregations that met only two years ago. Enough of the 1911 players still remain to make the tilt practically a renewal of the same duel.

* * *

THE majority of baseball men in the country seem to think that the Athletics are the strongest team in the game. There is one sound way of reasoning this out. At the end of last season the Quakers were playing a much better grade of ball than the Red Sox, who won the pennant and whose performance was good enough to beat the Giants. This would prove almost a final argument if the present Giants and present Athletics were identical with the Giants and Athletics of last fall, but they, of course, are not.

The main basis for the superior appraisal of the Philadelphians by the fans, however, is simply that they seem a stronger team, one with greater ability, without bothering to delve into the dope for any more specific reasons. This system, though, is like betting on a race horse because of a "hunch." It is going in blindly. Baseball is a game of such distinct departments of play that they all must be considered separately with one phase of this team compared to the opposite department of the other. For instance, the estimate of the Athletics' batting in the series must be formed at the same time that the Glans' pitching is considered, and vice versa.

* * *

IF such things as base running and fielding were eliminated, the problem would be, "Will the Giants hit the Athletic pitchers harder and more timely than the Athletics hit the Giant pitchers?" Many seem to believe they will not, but this remains to be seen. Both aggregations possess tremendous batting power, with all hands in shape, and both have pitching staffs that can not be called other than great.

In the matter of one team's batting opposed to the other's pitching, a reminiscent light is thrown toward that old foolish puzzle of an irresistible body meeting an immovable one. Nobody can predict with any degree of confidence whether these games will produce the highest scoring on record for a world's series or the lowest. A complete triumph for batting would result in the former and the same for pitching would bring the latter. Or—which is more likely—it may produce about an even break with scores of average size.

* * *

JUST now an attempt might be made to decide the way this unique combat of departments will turn out, but it would be the old blind guess again to a large extent, for many changes may occur in the outlook between now and October. For instance, Jack Coombs may show himself to be back in form and the same old Quaker artist of the mound, or it may turn out that his sickness and consequent long lay-off have impaired his efficiency badly. Mathewson may be lost to the Giants through injury. Home Run Frank Baker may sprain his ankle and Larry Doyle may or may not recover his batting eye. Any one of these things could have a telling effect. Therefore, it is wise to lay low and wait until October before making any bold predictions.

Tommy Leach in Same Class as Wagner, Lajoie and Mathewson

A good bit has been spoken and written about the wonderful way Wagner, Lajoie and others are hanging on, despite their duration of service. But in this respect we know of no one who can push through and edge by Tommy Leach. Tommy has been reported all in for several seasons, and yet to-day he is still playing fine ball in every department with his old speed intact. They crowded him away from third, where he ruled for over twelve years, and now he is starring at another job on a par with almost any in the game. In the salvos of applause that are scattered about, Leach deserves enough to rock the stands.

Red Sox May Send Yerkes to Athletics

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Steve Yerkes, who for the last few years has been the star second baseman of the world's champion Boston Red Sox, will probably wear an Athletic uniform in the near future, as waivers have been asked on him.

Connie Mack refused to waive claim on the former brilliant second baseman and the chances are that he will be sent to Philadelphia in the near future.

Yerkes first learned to play baseball on the lots at Millville, N. J., and reached the height of his baseball career in the world's series with the New York Giants when he played an important part in the notable victories of the Boston Red Sox.

He proved far superior to Doyle, the Giants' second baseman, in that series, hitting the ball hard and timely and fielding in sensational style.

WOLVERINES PICK LUNDGREN.

ANN ARBOR, MICH., Aug. 16.—Carl L. Lundgren, former twirler on the Chicago team and once a University of Illinois star, has been chosen as coach of the Michigan baseball team to succeed Branch Rickey, who recently resigned. Lundgren pitched four years at Illinois and then joined the Chicago club in 1902, where he remained seven years, being a member of two world's championship nines.

20,000 Boy Athletes In Playground Meet

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The most elaborate playground field day ever held in New York city will take place at Empire City Park, Yonkers, N. Y., on August 20. The meet is made possible by the courtesy of the officials of the Greater New York Fair and Exposition and the sanction of the A. A. U., and will be under the direction of the Bureau of Recreation, Department of Parks.

Twenty thousand boys are now in training for the fifteen events to be contested at their first interpark-playground athletic championship of Greater New York.

This invitation meet is the greatest incentive offered the boys to join the athletic clubs at the park playgrounds. No expense of any kind will be incurred; even transportation will be afforded the boys.

SOUTHERN BOY IS AFTER MATCH WITH KILBANE

CLEVELAND, Aug. 16.—George Chaney, featherweight champion of the South, may yet have a fling at Johnny Kilbane. Chaney claims 100 victories. He has beaten Al Delmont, George Kirkwood and Ty Cobb and has stopped Phil McGovern.

When one stops to consider, there is hardly a featherweight in the game who could give Kilbane a battle, unless it be Kid Julian. But there are a few comers, among them Matty McCue, of Racine, whose loss to Patsy Branningan will not put him out of his stride.

MORAN GETS BOUT WITH PALZER IN NEW YORK RING

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—That Jimmy Johnston, the new manager of the St. Nicholas A. C., only intends to provide top notch cards for his patrons is inferred by the matches he has already arranged. Johnston realizes that it is only from the high class bouts he can hope to make any money, and he only intends to run shows when he has such to offer.

The bouts already arranged by Johnston for the near future look to be about the best obtainable. On September 10 Jack Britton, the unusually clever Chicagoan, will hook up with Young Shugrue, the aggressive boy from Jersey City. They'll clash at 133 pounds, weigh in at 10 o'clock on the night of the bout.

Another card clinched will bring together Al Palzer, the tenacious Iowan, and Frank Moran, the Pittsburger, who made such a great battle against long odds when he met the late Luther McCarty in this city. Moran and Palzer will clash either on August 20 or 27, the date to be selected later by Dan McKetrick and Tom O'Rourke, the respective managers of the two heavyweights.

Ritchie Open to Harsh Criticism

Willie Ignores Murphy and Ad

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Every once in a while the thoughtful critic informs us that boxing is in a chaotic condition.

It occurs to the writer that remarks of that character would be particularly apropos just now. As I understand it, chaos reigns when you can not figure out just what is going to happen, and it seems to me that to attempt to peer into the pugilistic future at this juncture would be to invite vertigo, or at any rate headache.

In some of the weight classes there is actual stagnation, while in others confusion reigns. True, Willie Ritchie, who won the lightweight title through a foul, and Arthur Pelky, who became white heavyweight champion through a fatality, are going to risk their laurels in September, but it is doubtful if either of the events referred to rises to the dignity of a championship battle in the eyes of the American sporting public.

Of course, if one argues by the book—and in cases of this kind the record book should be the basis of all discussion—Freddie Welsh has every right to aspire to a crack at the championship. He is England's premier lightweight and he won from Ritchie once before.

Murphy Entitled to Chance.

But Freddie has been a long time in the lists and in this country there are other lads who are thought to have a better claim to the consideration. Tommy Murphy, the Harlem spitfire, for instance, is looked upon as Ritchie's logical opponent, and the coast sports fondly hoped to see Ritchie and Murphy signed for a clash on Labor Day.

On the plea that better inducements were forthcoming, Ritchie has decided to take his dolls to Vancouver, B. C., on September 1 and tackle Welsh in a 20-round contest.

In the consciousness that he is doing exactly what is sportsmanlike and fair, Ritchie seems to defy criticism. But, like all champions before him, he has enemies and detractors. He is sure to be dealt harshly with by these, and unless I miss my guess his motives also will be questioned by numbers of fight fans who view these matters dispassionately.

Willie Also Ignores Ad.

Coming right at this time, some of these things told by Billy Nolan after he ceased to manage Ritchie will carry weight. Nolan said that before Ritchie returned to the ring he planned to meet just three men, to-wit: Rivers, Freddie Welsh and Leach Cross. Ritchie by his actions is bearing out Nolan's words, but public opinion can whip any champion into line, and Ritchie will have a hard time trying to withstand the lances of criticism that will be leveled at him if he refuses to recognize the claims of Tommy Murphy and Ad Wolgast later along.

Of course, if Ritchie is defeated by Freddie Welsh, he would be allowed to go on his way in peace, but somehow the far Western sports appear to think that a contingency of that kind is not on the cards.

Pelky vs. Miller.

Late in September Arthur Pelky and Big Charlie Miller are to box in Los Angeles. As Pelky under existing heavyweight conditions has the best right to call himself white heavyweight champion, the match will of necessity be for the championship. But why could not Pelky be signed with some hope who is better known to fame.

If there is such a thing as pugilistic code, Miller is the last man in the world who should have been selected as a champion candidate. At the same time, if Arthur has picked Miller in the belief that a man with such a meager record must necessarily be easy, he will find himself mistaken. Miller is a man of much displacement and he is as strong as an elephant and can sop up punishment as a sponge absorbs water.

And if Miller should win—well, chaos would not begin to describe the situation.

In the smaller classes of pugilism there is a marked degree of inaction.

Whenever any violent action talk is indulged in in Bantam Champion Johny Coulon's presence, the news goes out that Johny is the next thing to a confirmed invalid and that his doctor has warned him to avoid anything calculated to excite him.

It would seem that the only way to keep Johny Coulon in good humor would be to crown him perpetual king of the knights and make it a felony to challenge him. It may be that this is of course sarcasm, but in view of the many times Johnny's small ailments have prevented him defending his title, I think it warranted.

No Welters in Sight.

Welterweights there appear to be none. Mike Gibbons and Jimmy Clabby, who could fill welter requirements, are eager to be known as middleweights.

For some time the middleweight division has been all head and points, but now that there has been an infusion of new blood, the spirit of rivalry and competition may be revived.

Maybe Frank Klaus will stay away from Paris long enough to take a hand in clearing up the championship question, provided he can make the weight.

Let us hope that in some of the classes events will so shape themselves that here will soon be a deciding match in prospect—one that will have the earmarks of a genuine world's championship and appeal to the sports generally as such.

MONEY

LOANED TO SALARIED MEN AT LAWFUL RATES ON PROMISSORY NOTES Without Endorsement Without Collateral Security Without Real Estate Security

NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO.

1211-12 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

NEW WHITE HOPE SOUGHT AMONG BRITISH HEAVIES

Failure of Wells Has Brought About a Change, and Dick Smith Is New Entrant.

By T. S. Andrews.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—Since the defeat of Bombardier Wells, the heavyweight champion of Great Britain, by Gunboat Smith in New York, the Britishers have been casting about for another "white hope," one who will be able to "stand the gaff" and weather the storm when it comes to body punishment; and from information at hand they have unearthed another "hope" in the person of Dick Smith, the amateur champion of England.

Dick has decided to throw in his lot with the professionals. Born 27 years ago, Smith possesses all the necessary qualifications for a "white hope," and may go further than some of the blasted hopes. He stands 6 feet 1 1-2 inches, weighs about 190 pounds, and has a very satisfactory record. Of his 49 contests he has won 45, lost 3 and drawn 1.

Formerly a soldier, he followed Bombardier Wells as champion of India. As an amateur boxer he has done remarkably well, having won the championship of Great Britain in 1911-12-13, while a member of the London police force.

Will Not Tackle Wells First.

He probably will not take on Bombardier Wells and Georges Carpentier for his intial efforts as a professional, but one of the lesser lights. Professional and amateur boxing are vastly different things on the other side of the Atlantic, as many amateurs have found on taking the plunge into the professional waters.

The referees view things from an entirely different standpoint, and a 20-round contest with three-minute rounds under professional rules takes a bit of negotiating. Under amateur laws boxing contests are not allowed of longer duration than six rounds of two minutes each, but for the championships and most interclub competitions, the bouts are limited to three rounds.

Amateur Referees Strict.

Amateur referees are very strict in upholding the rules of the game, and some of their antics would not be tolerated by professionals for one minute. Clinching is barred and a boxer is liable to be disqualified for a second offense after having been once cautioned. Then, again, amateurs are forbidden to receive any advice during the progress of a bout, and any instructions that the second may have for his boy has to wait until the round ends. Under amateur rules boxing is kept very clean, which is more than can be said for professions.

Therefore the entry of Dick Smith (namesake of Gunboat) will be watched with interest, even by followers on this side of the big pond.

JOHNSON HELPS SICK YOUTH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—A baseball and an autograph letter from Walter Johnson, Washington's premier pitcher, did more than medicine could do to bring about the rapid convalescence of Warren A. Slee, a youthful admirer of the big ball tosser. Johnson, whose numerous admirers include scores of youthful fars who idolize the pitcher, heard of the serious illness of the boy and wrote to him, sending a baseball he had used in pitching the Washington team to victory. The boy's recovery since receiving the letter has progressed rapidly.

RED SOX GET OUTFIELDER.

BOSTON, MASS., Aug. 16.—The Boston American League team announced yesterday the purchase of Outfielder Walsh from the Worcester team of the New England League.

WAR DECLARED BY P. A. A. OVER 1915 FAIR PLUM

James E. Sullivan's Reported Action in Naming T. S. Mulvey as Aide Causes Strife.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 11. There is a flurry among the officials of the Pacific Athletic Association and in amateur athletic circles generally over the allegation that James E. Sullivan, director general of the amateur games to be held here during the Panama-Pacific Exposition, has appointed Thomas S. Mulvey, the well-known San Francisco clubman, his principal aide in connection with the handling of the exposition sports.

A few days ago Mulvey received a telegram from Sullivan, who was then on the point of departure to Berlin to attend a conference of the Olympiad committee.

In his telegram Sullivan said he would be back in New York early in September, and that it would be necessary for Mulvey to come to New York at that time to aid in interesting the athletic fraternities there in the games to be held in this city in 1915.

Elliott Issues Statement.

While the telegram intimated that Mulvey was appointed the head of the San Francisco committee on games, no reference was made to any other appointments of local men in the same connection.

The Pacific Association of the Amateur Athletic Association took umbrage at this indication of Mulvey's appointment, and John Elliott, president of the association, issued a statement yesterday in which he said that the selection of Mulvey to the post did not meet with the sanction of the association.

Elliott pointed out that the Pacific Association had given valuable assistance to the exposition officials in securing sanctions for American championships to be held here in 1915. He declared that Mulvey had no knowledge of or affiliation with amateur sports, and intimated that Mulvey's appointment would cause the association to refrain from using its endeavors toward making the 1915 games the success they should be.

Mulvey Has No News.

While Elliott did not say so, it is evident that he and his associates expected Sullivan to depend upon the local athletic body for whatever assistance he required.

The Panama Exposition officials stated emphatically that no appointment such as the Pacific Association complained of had been made, nor had any such appointment been authorized by the exposition directorate, which, of course, is the last word in all matters of this kind.

Under these circumstances it is believed that the Pacific Association will take no precipitate action until a clearer understanding is had as to just what honor Sullivan intended to confer upon Mulvey. As Sullivan is on the high seas, it would be some little time before he could be heard from.

Mulvey said yesterday that he had no news regarding his appointment other than was conveyed in the Sullivan telegram. He said he intended going East, but will wait to hear further before making the trip.

M'FARLAND IS GETTING READY FOR BUSY CAMPAIGN

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Packey McFarland is getting himself ready for the ring again. While no matches have been closed as yet by Manager Thiry, the latter is negotiating with Milwaukee, Kenosha and several Eastern clubs. Once Packey is back in action his matches will come fast, his style and rep being favored all over. Jimmy Coffroth would like McFarland out West with Tommy Murphy.



Low round trip fares North and West

Commencing June 1st and daily thereafter round trip tickets over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will be sold at greatly reduced fares to all the principal lake, mountain and sea shore resorts and to many of the larger cities in the North and West. These tickets will be good returning until October 31st, and bear liberal stop-over privileges. Round trip fares from Atlanta are

Cincinnati	$19.50	Mammoth Cave	$17.40
Charlevoix	38.08	Marquette	45.70
Chautauqua Lake Pts.	34.30	Milwaukee	31.75
Chicago	30.00	Minneapolis	43.20
Colorado Springs	47.40	Niagara Falls	35.85
Denver	47.40	Petoskey	38.08
Detroit	29.00	Put In Bay	28.00
French Lick Springs	21.70	Salt Lake City	60.40
Indianapolis	22.80	St. Louis	25.50
Louisville	18.00	Toronto	38.20
Mackinac Island	39.50	Yellowstone Park	67.60

These are but a few of the points. There are a great many others and we will be pleased to give full information upon application. Proportionately low fares from other points in Georgia.

L&N

Let Us Arrange Your Vacation Trip

CITY TICKET OFFICE

4 Peachtree St. PHONES { Atlanta 178 Bell - 1088 ATLANTA

Latest Stories From Tennis Courts and Golf Courses

HOME RUN GAVE H. WAGNER REAL START IN GAME

Big Dutchman Has the Most Interesting Career of All the Baseball Stars.

HANS WAGNER, the hero of all baseball heroes, has had an interesting career. Wagner, the big German, was born in what is now Carnegie, Pa., on February 27, 1874. His father, who is still living, was a coal miner in those days, and he decided that John P. should help him in his work. So Honus was packed off to the mines to help dad every day. Hans was not lazy, but he didn't like the black darkness of the earth's interior, and many a warning he received for playing hookey from the bituminous section and scampering off for a game of baseball with other kids of the neighborhood.

A correspondent recently approached the big fellow and asked him to tell how he came to break into baseball. Honus pondered a moment, and then spun the following yarn about his early experience:

* * *

"I BROKE into baseball by posing as my brother Al. We were playing ball around home. Al received an offer from Canton, Ohio, before he was offered a place with the Mansfield, Ohio, club, in the same league. The day he got the second offer he turned to me and told me to go to Mansfield. I got there early in the afternoon, and a man named Taylor recognized me. He had seen me play. The club was hard put for a third baseman, however, and Taylor decided to take a chance with me.

"It so happened that Mansfield played Canton that day. My brother was in the line-up of the Canton team, and the pitcher, 'Toots' Barret, was also from Carnegie, or Mansfield, as it was called in those days. They regarded me as pretty much of a kid, and when Canton got away to a good lead early in the game Barret let up in his pitching when I went to bat. He want to see me make good and figured that a couple of hits more or less would not affect his rating any. I made a couple of hits in this way, and then came the ninth inning. Never will I forget it. Mansfield was three runs to the bad when we went to bat. They needed four to win. We filled the bases and it was my turn to bat.

* * *

"TAYLOR was not wise to the fact that Barrett had been easing up when I had been at bat before and made a couple of hits, or he might have sent in a pinch hitter. He let me stick. With the bases full, Barrett meant to strike me out. It was too ticklish a time for monkey business. He shoved across a fast one and I knocked it over the fence for a home run and won the game. It was just a case of the luck of things. That's always the way. If the pitcher is lucky he gets you. If you're lucky you get him."

Wagner then explained that he went to Adrian, Mich., where the club was owned by a son of the Taylor who ran the Mansfield (Ohio) club. He went there as infielder and captain. Honus got homesick after a few months and quit the club, going to Warren in the Iron and Oil League. Toward the close of the season he joined the Steubenville club of the Interstate League. That was in 1895.

* * *

"I WENT there as a sort of all-around player," said Wagner. "I pitched for a while. I was so wild that I used to walk half the batters and strike out the other half. I had terrific speed and it was hard to get a catcher who could hold me. They borrowed Pete Lavelle from the Pittsburg Nationals to catch me in a couple of games, thinking it would steady me. As a pitcher I was a failure. However, while in the games as a twirler I banged a couple of hits over the fence and they made me an outfielder, putting me in the middle garden.

"The following spring the Pittsburg club signed me, and W. W. Kerr, who then owned the Pirates, wanted to farm me out to Kansas City, but I insisted that it was too far from home, so he sent me to Paterson, N. J., in the Atlantic League. I played with Paterson all of that year and until June 29, 1897, when the Louisville club, then owned by Barney Dreyfuss, my present employer, bought my release. The Colonels were managed by Fred Clarke, and the secretary of the club was the late Harry C. Pulliam, later secretary of the Pirates, and still later president of the National League. Harry was one of the best friends I ever had."

NAPS ARE AFTER THREE PLAYERS FROM MUD HENS

TOLEDO, OHIO, Aug. 16.—Vice President Barnard, of the Naps, came to Toledo yesterday to look over possible purchases for the Naps. It is thought that Pitcher Lefty James, Shortstop Brady and First Baseman Bluhm may be sold to the Cleveland club.

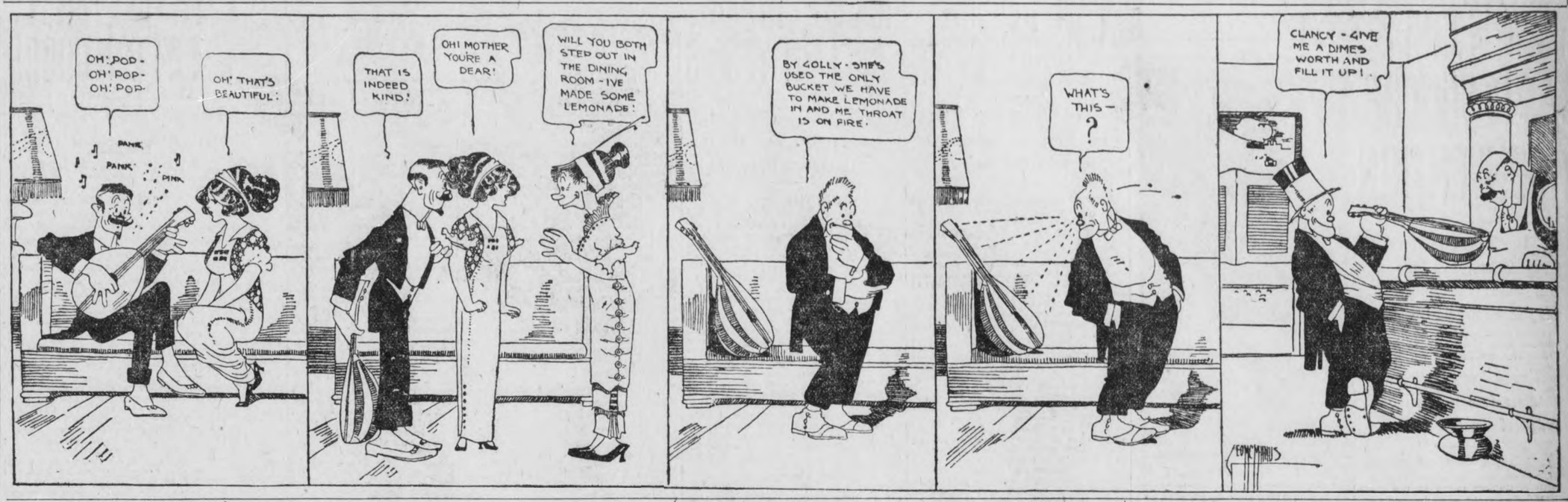
James may be the only player to report to the Naps before the A. A. season closes. In return for him the Hens expect a good southpaw from the Naps. Toledo will recall Pitchers Leak and Myers from Charleston, W. Va.; Pitcher Williams and Catcher Brady from Waterbury.

Nash, who has been playing a whirlwind game at short for the latter club, and is hitting at a .360 clip, and on whom Toledo has a string, will quit baseball at the close of the season to go into politics. He is now running for Assemblyman in his home town.

CUBS NOT AFTER DENVER MEN.

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Officials of the Chicago Nationals denied to-day that the visit of President McGill and Manager Hendricks, of the Denver Western League club, here was made in connection with a deal for players. The Denver men, according to President O'Neill, of the Western League, came to discuss general matters and the annual draft, which takes place this month.

Bringing Up Father — By George McManus



PUNCH COUNTS IN THE VARIOUS LINES OF SPORT

McLoughlin Possesses Punch in Tennis; So Have American Poloists and Boxers.

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—A magazine man of my acquaintance told me that one of his short stories was returned to him with the criticism that it lacked "the punch."

This goes to show that "the punch" counts in fiction as well as in real life.

An Englishman wrote to one of the London papers the other day, complaining that Maurice E. McLoughlin had introduced the punch into lawn tennis. The smashing service which McLoughlin has perfected was characterized as a trick, but a legitimate trick at that.

The Englishman referred to said that if methods like McLoughlin's are countenanced "lawn tennis is within measurable distance of death."

It was the plaint of a man who is used to old ideals. He has watched the rhythmic, lobbing game for years, and got it into his blood that that is the only way to play tennis.

But perhaps the outlook is not as gloomy as he pictures it. His countrymen may adopt McLoughlin's trick and try to improve on it.

Even lawn tennis must change in character when the punch comes along.

* * *

ANOTHER Englishman discusses a form of sport into which the punch enters with broader view. He wrote to The Times asking how it is that English boxers are more easily knocked out than American ringmen.

Then he attempts to furnish the explanation. Beginning with the question of physique, he satisfies himself that while Americans are slightly sturdier than latter-day Britons, the answer is not found in that. He believes that it all rests in what he considers a false conception of the manner in which pugilists should be schooled.

English lads, he says, are required to conform to old standards of boxing. It would be quite different, he thinks, if academic notions were sacrificed to personal initiative, for, while learning to spar on the "one, two, three" principle, a British student loses his punch and never recovers it.

* * *

In America, he says, it is different. It is by setting in his own particular fashion with various kinds of opponents, rather than by following the rules laid down in some pugilistic primer, that a young American develops an effective individual style; that with those who learn boxing naturally—that is from experience—the acquisition of the punch is not only the first consideration, but a matter that takes care of itself as the student's knowledge widens.

This Englishman, it is noticed, does not take the stand that because English pugilists are deficient in smiting force boxing "is within measurable distance of death."

He says frankly that English methods are wrong and intimates that there would be wisdom in taking a leaf out of America's book.

* * *

THE punch was in evidence again when the American polo players took the Britishers by storm at Meadowbrook recently. The judgment of the expert was that the visiting Britishers comprised the flower of the polo world. They brought their own ponies with them, and their seeming superiority influenced the betting market to the extent that they were made odds-on favorites.

From all accounts the Americans went at them like Japanese at a Russian fort. The visitors were just loaded to the Plimsoll mark with knowledge of "how to play polo," but the punch upset them. All the King's horses and all the King's men could not withstand the onslaught of the Americans and the cup remained on this side.

Maiden Turned in Great Card Didn't Make a Single "Five"

By Tich Tichenor.

WHEN H. H. Barker did a 69 over the course of the Atlanta Athletic Club in the open tournament held in December, 1910, it was the opinion of all of the professionals who were present that he had set a record which would stand for some years. In this opinion they have thus far been correct. Yet on two different occasions Stewart Maiden, the local professional, has had a chance to break it if he could have holed out in one put on the eighteenth green, while at another time he reached the last green on his sixty-sixth shot. He tried to hole the put for a 67 and ran past the hole and then missed a comparatively easy one for the record.

In one of his rounds which tied the record Maiden performed the feat which might be equaled but which can not be excelled when he went around without a five upon his card. If you are familiar with the East Lake course the more you think of this performance the more wonderful it becomes.

On the outward journey there are the second, the seventh and eighth holes, which are all par fives, while it is easy enough to take a five at either the fourth or ninth, both of which are bogey five. In coming home there are the twelfth, sixteenth and eighteenth, which are par fives, while the fifteenth and seventeenth are hard fours. Yet not a five did he have at any of these holes. At every hole he took a four except at the fifth, fourteenth and fifteenth where he secured threes. Just think of it, fifteen fours and three threes and neither of the threes gotten at the first or third holes, where he would be expected to get a three.

I don't know how this score will appeal to others, but the more I play around East Lake and labor to keep out the sixes and sevens, the more remarkable this score becomes. To be perfectly frank, I do not recall but one round I have ever played around this course in which my card did not register at least one six. George Adair has had the same experience, except he has two such rounds to his credit.

* * *

DURING the early part of June Maiden took a trip to his home in Scotland and while on this visit entered the British open championship. In this event there were 270 entries. These were divided into squads of 90 players each, who played a 36-hole medal play qualifying round, and the lowest twenty in each squad qualified for the championship, which was 72 holes of medal play.

Maiden landed on Tuesday and had only one day to learn the course and to become accustomed to the vast difference in the greens from those he has played upon since he has been in Atlanta, as he was drawn among the players who had to play on Thursday. In this qualifying round he failed to get in by two strokes which he says was due entirely to his putting, which was very bad.

* * *

IN writing of this tournament, the British correspondent of The American Golfer says: "For most of the day the weather was very bad, indeed. When play began at 9 o'clock, the wind was very strong and rain was pouring down, while late in the afternoon it was worse. In such circumstances the peculiar difficulties of Hoylake were well brought out, and the foreign visitors had an unenviable task before them. The first of the Americans to go out was Stewart Maiden, of Atlanta, who was partnered with J. Higgins, of Walsall, and this pair was second on the list, striking off at five minutes past 9. Maiden opened with a nice four at the dog-leg hole, with which the round begins, and after dropping a stroke at the second, went along steadily to the sixth, the famous Briars, and the hole which caused more disaster than any other on this course (it was once halved in nine in the final of the amateur championship), and here he took a six.

"However, at the difficult short hole that follows he got a splendid two, but another six was added at the eighth, and he turned in 40. He came home fairly well, but lost a stroke at the short blind Alps, being the eleventh, and two very valuable ones at the home hole, making his round in 82. In his second round in the afternoon he had a bad seven at the third hole, which is a long one and straight, but very narrow in the fairway, with ditches on either side, and another six was added at the Briars, so that by the time he got to the turn he had used up 43 strokes. He came home really fine in 36, almost the only blemish on his card being the five at the eighteenth, and that was very excusable."

His second round was 79.

* * *

HIS scores were as follows:

Out.	Dist.	1st.	2d.
Holes.			
1	420	4	4
2	330	5	4
3	490	5	7
4	155	3	3
5	410	5	5
6	365	6	6
7	200	2	4
8	460	6	5
9	380	4	5
Out	3210	40	43
In.			
Holes.	Dist.	1st.	2d.
10	400	5	4
11	190	4	3
12	355	4	3
13	130	3	3
14	485	5	4
15	440	5	5
16	510	5	5
17	360	5	4
18	40	6	5
In	3270	42	36

Total for 36 holes, 161.

Maiden's 36 for the last nine made in his second round was the best done on this nine holes on the first day of the elimination rounds.

It was on this first day that George Duncan, who was the favorite to win the tournament, was unable to fight against the weather conditions and failed to qualify by four strokes. This was also the round which eliminated Alex Smith, Mike Brady and Alex Campbell, of the American team.

It was a strange coincidence that five of the six American entries should be drawn in the first squad of 90 to fight it out against each other as well as all of the others to get into the tournament.

JAKE STAHL DENIES HE IS TO SUCCEED CALLAHAN

GLOUCESTER, Aug. 16.—The rumor that Jake Stahl was to be given the position as manager of the Chicago White Sox and that Jimmy Callahan, the present head of the team, was to be deposed is entirely without foundation, according to Stahl, who was interviewed at Annisquam yesterday afternoon.

"No," said Stahl, "I have no knowledge of my being picked for the position of manager, and I had not even heard the rumor until you told me just now. Rumors put me out of a job. I guess that is all this talk is, rumor. Those things hurt the club considerably and it keeps the fellows guessing as to the exact truth of the matter. You can say for me that it is a rumor pure and simple and one without the least foundation."

When asked if he would accept the position if it were offered him, Stahl declined to answer.

BOSTON BUYS NEW PLAYER.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—President McAleer, of the Boston American League club, announced to-day that he has purchased First Baseman Mundy from the Portsmouth club of the Virginia State League.

GOV. TENER FINDS JOB FOR A BASEBALL MATE

HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Governor John K. Tener has given a substantial reward to a comrade of his old baseball days, when he appointed George Wood, once a member of the Philadelphia National League team, and a mighty outfielder and hitter, to a good State position. Governor Tener and Wood have been friends ever since their ball-playing days.

About two years ago the Governor found Wood serving as a ticket taker at the American League park in Philadelphia and told him he would try and find him a better job.

Soon afterward Wood was made messenger in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Later he was promoted to a clerkship in the same office. Now he is marshal of the new Public Service Commission, with a salary of $2,000 a year.

W.-I. DROPS TWO UMPIRES.

GREEN BAY, WIS., Aug. 16.—President Weeks, of the Wisconsin-Illinois League, announced yesterday he had dropped Umpires Roth and McFarlane. George Hogreiver was given a regular place on the staff.

ATHLETES ARE IMPROVING IN BRITISH ISLES

European Track and Field Stars Gradually Approaching Americans; 17,000 Saw Games.

THE fact that the United States and English track and field championships were held upon the same day makes a comparison of the work of the native athletes and their visiting competitors of more than usual interest. England's A. A. A. games were held on the famous oval at Stamford Bridge, London, while the United States championships were being contested at Chicago.

Some 17,000 spectators watched the English and Swedish athletes battle for honors in a drizzle, while about half that number sweltered in a temperature close to 100, while American titles were won on a track and in a field which failed to elicit any praise from the competitors. Although conditions as reported from both athletic fields were against record-breaking performances, a remarkable improvement was shown in the general all-round work of the English and Swedish athletes, indicating that the lessons learned in the recent Olympic games have not been forgotten.

* * *

THE English program consisted of fourteen events, of which English athletes won nine and Sweden's representatives five. Four A. A. A. records were established, two by the Swedes and two by English contenders. The United States schedule contained eighteen contests, in which two new "games" records were made, one by an American-born and another by an Irish athlete.

A comparison of the programs of the two meets shows that eleven similar events appeared on both, and with these as a basis a comparing of records proves that times of distances were better at Stamford Bridge in six of the eleven competitions. To what extent local conditions affected these figures there is no way of knowing. The comparison is made simply to show that the oft-repeated statements that European athletics are gradually approaching American standards are not based on idle observation.

* * *

BEGINNING with the 100, 200 and 440-yard runs, England showed a winner in the first two events in the person of W. R. Applegarth, who won in 10 and 21 2-3 seconds, respectively, against Sprinter Drew's times of 10 2-5 and 22 4-5 seconds at Chicago. Haff, the Chicago A. A. and Michigan flyer, won the 440 yards in 51 1-5, while G. Nichol did 49 2-5 at London.

In both the mile and one-half mile runs the United States figures were better. Baker, the New York A. C. runner, captured the 880 in 2 minutes and 1-5 second. E. Wide, of Sweden, winner in England, was two-fifths of a second slower. Norman Tabor won the mile at Chicago in 4:20 2-5, while Zander, of the Swedish team, required 4:25 4-5 to take the English title. In the running broad jump Abrahams cleared 22 feet 6 inches at the A. A. A. games, while Stiles, the winner at Chicago, did 22 feet 3-4 inch.

* * *

THE running high jump showed that Richards, the Olympic champion, had but three-eighths of an inch advantage over Baker, England's champion, who jumped 6 feet 1 inch. Nilsson, the Swedish shotputter, pushed the weight out 47 feet 4 1-4 inches, against American Champion Whitney's 46 feet 2 5-6 inches. In the pole vault and hammer throw the American figures were far superior to those made at Stamford Bridge.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
Relieved in 24 Hours
Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
Beware of counterfeits

MANAGER OUT FOR SEASON.

CHAMPAIGN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Fred Wilson, manager of the Champaign baseball team, is out of the game for the rest of the season with a broken shoulder blade, received while sliding to base. Charles Fleming has succeeded him.

KEWANEE SIGNS CALHOUN.

KEWANEE, ILL., Aug. 16.—Outfielder Calhoun, of Danville, was signed yesterday by the Kewanee Central Association team.

NEW HURLER FOR GRIFFITH.

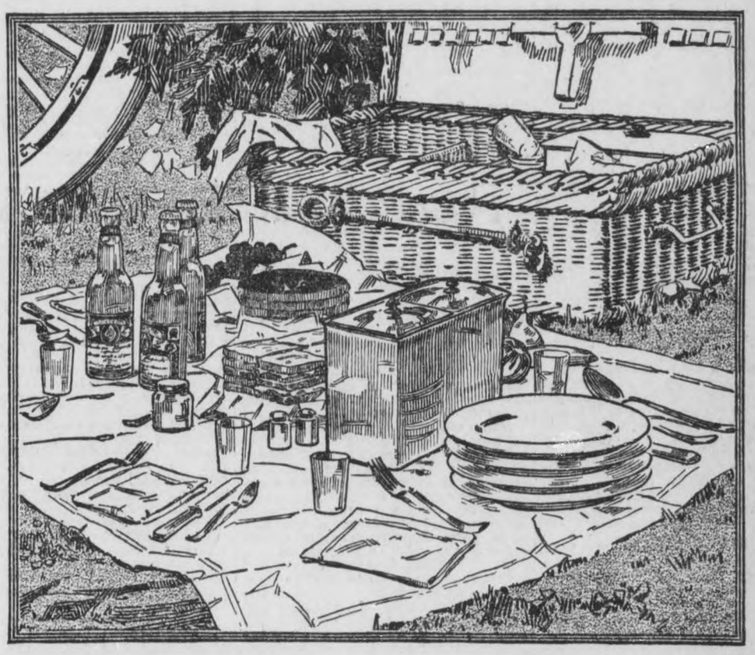
HELENA, MONT., Aug. 16.—Manager Flannery, of the Helena baseball club, announced yesterday the sale of Pitcher M. Williams to the Washington Americans. The price stated was $3,000.

DETROIT BUYS TWO PLAYERS.

FORT WAYNE, IND., Aug. 16.—Infielder Fadrique and Outfielder Tuetweiler, of the Fort Wayne club, have been sold to the Detroit Americans and will finish the season with Providence.

GOTCH BUYS 920 ACRES.

CROOKSTON, MINN., Aug. 16.—Frank A. Gotch, of Humboldt, Iowa, the champion wrestler, closed a deal yesterday which makes him the owner of 920 acres of land in Polk County, south of Crookston. He secured some very fine land, and it is understood that he will at once begin the development of a model farm and spend a portion of his time here. Gotch intends starting a thoroughbred herd and raising prize-winning stock.



THE *cool* lunch for *hot days.*
Serve it in the country. Take the motor car, the family, a friend or two, some sandwiches—and

Budweiser

7,500 Employes to Make It

The Anheuser-Busch main plant and branches give employment to 7,500 people.

The main plant covers 142 acres, equal to 70 city blocks. There are 110 separate buildings, a city in themselves.

Hundreds of visitors every day go through with guides to inspect this immaculate institution.

One cannot see it without the conviction that quality is an Anheuser-Busch rule.

Anheuser-Busch, St. Louis

The Largest Plant of Its Kind in the World



Some of the Principal Buildings

JAS. F. LYNCH
Distributor ATLANTA, GA.

(5)

WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

ATLANTA HAS NEW FRIENDS AS RESULT OF CONVENTION

Many Attracted to City Who Never Came Before, but Who Now Will Make Semi-Annual Trips and Become Regular Customers.

Attendance Surpasses All Expectations, as Does the Volume of Business Transacted as Direct Result of the Fine Gathering.

The Southern Merchants' Convention is over.

With a theater party at the Forsyth Monday night, a barbecue Wednesday, and the Atlanta-Chattanooga ball game Friday, the visiting delegates enjoyed the second week of their stay, and the Atlanta merchants who pushed the convention to success believe they have made enduring friends of their guests, friends who will come again in February and every half year after that.

The purpose of the convention was twofold. First, the retail dealers from all over the South were given an opportunity to meet and discuss the problems which confront them in the everyday conduct of their business. Second, every effort was made to emphasize Atlanta's advantages as a buying center for all the South.

Both Objects Achieved.

Both these objects were achieved. The speeches during the first week of the convention threw valuable help in the way of those who found perplexities in buying, selling, management of stores, credits, or any of the multitudinous things which go to make up a merchant's work.

It is a good thing that the proceedings are to be published. All of the speeches are well worthy of preservation for future reference. Some of the speakers gave plain talks, just the simple, practical expression of what they had learned through years of experience.

Others spoke with scholarly finish—their speeches really were erudite, of studied completeness and finish. Still others were inspirational—they pointed out the intellectual and spiritual significance of the merchant's work. They made him feel that his is a noble calling, that the great prizes of the world are for the business man.

New Friends Made.

From the other point of view, the results attained were no less notable. Hundreds of buyers came to Atlanta who never had been here before, and who would not have come this time had it not been for the convention.

To them the completeness, the cheapness, the quality and the diversity of things sold by Atlanta manufacturers and jobbers must have been a revelation—indeed, they so expressed themselves.

Some of them bought big bills. Every large jobbing house reports a splendid fall trade. The crop prospects are such as to make everyone optimistic. There will be a good demand for merchandise in the fall, and the buyers prepared to meet it.

There were others who did not buy so much. They are just as welcome, for the Atlantans feels that their goods, their prices and their service are right, and that every customer who buys here once will come again.

New Associations.

A noteworthy result of the meeting was the organization of a permanent body—the Southern States Merchants' Association, headed by J. W. Vaughn, of Cartersville, Ga.

This it is hoped, will bring very tangible benefits to the retailers of the South in general. It may prove to be the parent of scores of local organizations, which can do worlds of good in watching credits, preventing price-slashing and equalizing freight rates.

Notions Novelties in Demand From Buyers

Americans Tire Quickly of Any One Style, as Compared to Stability in Europe.

Buyers are very anxious for novelties this season, and it is constantly shown how quickly Americans tire of a given style. In England, France and Germany certain classes of merchandise move about the same year after year, but here we get new things continually. This has its advantages, however, because it stimulates business and there are new interests arising all the time.

Fall business in fancy goods and notions has opened well.

Styles this season are radically new, and leather hand bags with deep pockets and vanity accessories, as well as beaded varieties in high colors, are especially strong. Tasmania shell hair ornaments are a new item. These goods are the nearest approach to genuine tortoise shell ever produced, and the line comprises braid pins, barettes, and back combs.

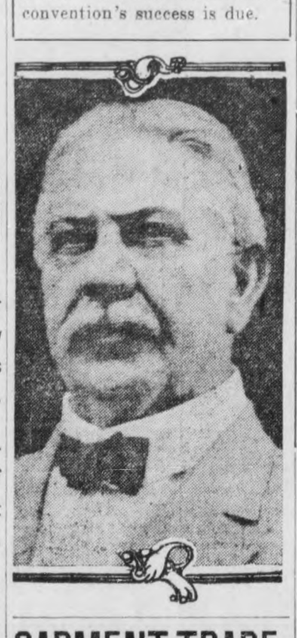
Opera length bead necklaces in jet, pearl, amethyst, galalith, white amber and real and imitation pearl are excellent sellers among the newer jewelry features.

Cuff pins, bar pins and hat pins, set with diamond chips, also move readily. Beaded tunics, in the staple gold and silver and high colors, are also strong, and are atttractively priced.

Metal vanity cases are produced more reasonably this season, chased effects being shown in gold, oxidized silver or nickel, which are in exact imitation of the very expensive goods.

Parisian ivory goods have been enlarged and the line shown extends from the simple vanity case, retailing at 25 cents, to the more pretentious toilet set retailing at $25.

WILLIS E. RAGAN, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the "M. & M.," to whom much of the convention's success is due.



GARMENT TRADE AWAITS REPORT OF WAGE BOARD

Complicated Mathematics Necessary to Compute Proper Pay for Piece Workers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—It is recognized generally in the dress and waist industry that one of the most important provisions of the protocol signed early this year by the manufacturers and their employees is that which brought the wage scale board into existence.

This board, as designated in the protocol, consists of eight members, four nominated by the manufacturers and four by the union. The duties of the board are to standardize work throughout the industry, and to preserve data and statistics, with a view to establishing a scientific basis for fixing these prices that will insure a minimum wage.

It has power to engage experts in price fixing, to settle all disputes over prices and to make special exemptions for week work where special exigencies arise or where special scales are required.

A kindred provision made necessary an immediate investigation of the rates paid in various parts of the industry, the earnings of the operatives and the classification of garments. This investigation is now being made under the direction of N. I. Stone, formerly chief statistician of the tariff board. Commenting recently on the scope of the work, Mr. Stone said:

36,000 Employed.

"There are now about 36,000 operatives in this industry. To date we have collected two sets of wage records, one for 1912 and one for this year, for 30,000 of them, and we are now tabulating the returns. Averages are useless in work of this kind. There are some workers earning as high as $40 a week, and there are some who make only $4. To say that the average wage in the industry is $22 because of these figures is ridiculous.

When our tabulations are completed, I expect to be able to show the percentage of operatives earning from $4 to $5 a weekly, $5 to $6, and so on. Then we will have a practical basis for working out a satisfactory minimum rate.

"Following the report on weekly wage, the board will begin its labors on piecework rates. This will be extremely difficult work, but by a system of minute dissection of garments that has been worked out, I believe that we eventually will be able to determine just what rate should be fixed for each operation. From that the rates justly due the various operatives can be provided on the cheaper lines, and from that the more complicated rates will be figured.

Test Used Now.

"At the present time piece rates are decided by the employers, and piece price committees selected by the workers in the various shops.

"In case of failure to agree on estimates, an experienced operative, a good worker, is selected to make the garment, and the rate is then fixed as provided by the protocol. For instance, if the operative took four hours to make the garment and the factory rate was 30 cents an hour, the manufacturer would then have to allow his employees $1.20 for making the garment.

"This test, however, is not always satisfactory. If the operative takes longer than the employer thinks should be required to make the garment in question, there is apt to be complaints of 'soldiering;' if the operative finishes more quickly than the workers had estimated, she is apt to be accused of siding with the employer. It is this discontent we are working to do away with."

SHINGLES FROM TIN CANS.

In Ottawa a machine has been perfected to make shingles out of discarded tin cans. After being rolled straight the can is put through a corrugating machine. Then it is put through a weatherproofing process, and then into a vat containing a substance like tar. The tin, while still wet, is dipped in asbestos, which readily adheres to the tar-like coating. Shingles so made are said to be more flexible and lighter than the wood or corrugated steel articles, and they are produced in various colors.

SHOE DEALERS HAVE REASONS FOR DECEPTION

Motives for Using Code in Marking Sizes on Footwear Is Humanitarian, They Say.

Fully 90 adults out of every 100, be they male or female, show a distinct unwillingness to buy shoes that are long enough and wide enough to fit their feet comfortably.

This statement is made on the authority of a retailer who has tried for more than twenty years to suit the buying public and who has succeeded only at the sacrifice of a considerable portion of his stock of truthfulness. This tendency to buy small shoes is characteristic of Americans, according to this merchant.

The position of the retail merchant and salesman is none too desirable as a result of this liking for small feet. Often the customer will want a size that the salesman can see at once will be too short or too narrow. Argument is dangerous, for the customers are frequently more willing to accept cramped toes than a criticism of their knowledge of their own necessities. Most often argumentative salesmanship results in lost sales.

Numerous Codes.

It is for this reason that plain marking of lengths and widths of shoes is more and more avoided by the retailers. Numerous codes have come into existence in the last few years that have completely put the average layman out of the running when it comes to telling the size of the shoes he is having fitted. Wholesalers make no attempt to deny that these codes are used purposely to keep the customer in the dark as to the real size of the shoe, but the retailers are less willing to acknowledge this point.

It can not be denied, however, that code markings save lost sales, time, and money. This is due largely to the fact that there is no general standard last, despite the efforts of several of the leading manufacturers to have one established. A 7C shoe made by one manufacturer often will differ in size from a shoe bearing a similar mark, but coming from another factory. This is not generally known, and a salesman often has difficulty in explaining why a size that at one time gave a comfortable fit gives an uncomfortable pinch at another.

Styles Make Difference.

In shoes made by the same manufacturer it frequently happens that a size which fits well in one style will not fit at all in a second style. This gives another trying time for the salesman when plain markings are used, especially so if the customer be a woman. Customers do not complain a great deal on finding out a clerks' deception if the shoes fit all right, whereas if they knew the real size of the shoe at the time they bought it they would probably go to some other shop.

The wide variety of codes now in existence has caused no small trouble to the manufacturers. In one case twenty-two different markings are required to satisfy the codes of retail dealers. This has led the manufacturers to ask that the retailers order their shoes stamped only in plain sizes and widths, or to adopt one standard system of code marking. This, it is believed, eventually will be done.

One of the most practical codes used is the so-called "Western System." In this code the English width designations, AA, A, B, C, etc., are indicated by figures ranging from zero for AA to 5 for E. The length of the shoe is given plainly as 3, 4 or 5, with zero attached for whole size and b attached for half sizes. The whole code contains three figures, and by its use size 3 1-2C would be marked 335. Size 7D would be marked 470, and so on.

Electric Signs Now Made Right at Home

One of the First Products of New Studio Is Largest Display South of New York.

Atlanta now possesses a first-class electric sign studio. Heretofore local merchants have been obliged to purchase their electric signs in other cities and have them shipped here at heavy expense.

Proof that this is no inconsequential studio is the new electric sign at the south end of the Whitehall-Peachtree viaduct—the largest south of New York, and one of the most beautiful anywhere. It was made in Atlanta from start to finish. It uses more than 2,500 lamps, and some of the letters on the sign are more than twelve feet high.

The new studio is the property of the Massengale Bulletin System, and is in the remodeled building which the Atlanta Athletic Club once occupied at 56 Edgewood avenue.

Ten high-salaried experts, men who thoroughly understand how to design and manufacture intricate and artistic electric signs, have been brought here by the Massengale Company to take charge of the new studio. M. O. Trusdell is in charge of the electrical department.

St. Elmo Massengale is president of the company and Gordon B. Massengale is secretary and manager.

E. Frank Munn is assistant manager and general superintendent.

NEW ARTIFICIAL SILK IS MADE FROM COTTON

A factory on an eight-acre plot will soon be erected at Kingston, N. Y., for manufacturing artificial silk from cotton by the Greiner-Wilkins process. Proof of the practicability of the new process was that stockings, shirtings, plushes, velvets and neckties could be made from the spun yarn. The demand for artificial silk is considerably greater than the supply, and it is maintained that the cost of its production from cotton is cheaper than where wood was used, and that silk made by the new process is more durable than that made from wood.

USES U. S. PORTS.

Of wheat exported from Canada last year, 64 per cent went by United States ports.

NEW RICE HIGH; MARKET IS BARE OF LAST YEAR'S

Honduras Quoted at 7½ Cents to Jobbers by Big Atlanta Brokerage House.

New rice is being shown by H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers, and the price is "sky high," higher than any of the grocers remember, the figure quoted being 7 1-2 cents for full head Honduras clean. Japan sells for 3 1-2 and 4 cents. These are quotations to wholesalers.

The market is bare of old crop rice of good grades. Those who demand the fancy article have had to deny themselves. The new crop, it seems, is moving slowly, and indications are that the high levels will be maintained for some time, although a break is possible later on. At the present time, even samples are hard to get from New Orleans, which, of course, is the center of the rice trade.

Cheese also is high, considering the season. The usual fall advance is coming very early. Plymouth, Wis., American full cream cheese is quoted, daisy, 15 cents, and twin daisies, 14 3-4 cents.

"White Fish" Coming.

Great Lakes salt herring will begin to come in next month, and this most palatable fish promises to be in unparalleled demand. This is the variety known for years as "white fish," but the real white fish is as scarce as prairie chicken, and by a recent government ruling it is made an offense to brand fresh water herring by this name. The Whitcomb-Burke supply comes from the great fisheries at Green Bay, Wis.

Every week, it seems, some new product appears on the market to make the housewife's work lighter. The woman who so desires could feed her family for months at a time and never do a bit of cooking, with bakers' bread, canned brown bread, coffee which needs only the addition of water, tinned roast beef, lemon pie filling, lemon sugar, onion salad and a multitude of ready-prepared articles.

The latest in this line is prepared doughnut flour. The powder contains flour, eggs, spices and all the other ingredients of doughnuts. All that is necessary is to add water, roll the dough, cut it and fry the doughnuts. Sufficient to make two dozen doughnuts is sold for 15 cents.

New Pack Yams Due.

New pack sweet potatoes are due in a few weeks, with a fair-sized crop of excellent quality in prospect. This is an all-Southern product unknown in the North a few years ago. But the juicy Southern yellow pumpkin yam is so much superior to the kiln-dried, mealy Jersey sweet potato of the North that it is believed a very short time will serve to make the more palatable product supreme in the market.

Every day there's a new condiment. This time it is onion salad, a Boston product with a peculiar tang which makes a hit on first trial. Louisiana, the home of tabasco peppers, is putting out a new tabasco sauce which the Whitcomb-Burke Company is introducing with considerable success.

Sweeping Decision In Soft Drinks Case

Beverage Similar in Color, Taste and Bottle Infringes, Even Though Names Differ Widely.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A decision which is likely to have an important bearing upon the whole question of imitation and substitution in various lines of business has just been rendered by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

The court has ordered an injunction in favor of the manufacturers of a popular beverage and restraining the making of a similar articles from putting out their product in bottles of the same size and shape.

What is generally regarded as the important phase of the court's decree is the apparently broad interpretation given to the law for the protection of manufacturers against imitators. In this particular case the similarity between the two products was confined to their color and taste and the shape of the bottles. The names were wholly dissimilar, the labels were of different colors and had no points of resemblance, either as to typography or general appearance. Also, the caps for sealing the bottles were of different kinds. The court held, however, that differences which do not destroy the general similarity of appearance to the ordinary purchaser are of no consequence and need not be dwelt upon, and that the defendant had not performed his legal duty of distinguishing his product by making differences which leave unimpaired the general resemblance.

TOYS FROM WASTE WOOD.

A toy company in Sheboygan, Wis., has begun to use only the waste wood from other mills. It has even worked out a system of using all small pieces, as well as the larger ones, so that practically nothing is lost but sawdust.

In Field Where Brains Win, Atlanta Is Leader

Millinery Business Amounts to $2,000,000 Yearly—Buyers Now Are in the City.

In a field which is in many respects the most difficult in the mercantile world—millinery—Atlanta stands supreme in the South, and is one of the prominent centers of the United States.

Millinery involves no question of geography. Transportation charges do not enter into it as they do, for instance, in the flour or coal trade. Millinery involves few problems of prices or narrow cost margins. A hat is worth what it will bring.

The business does require the keenest study—study carried on on two sides of the ocean (there are many Atlanta designers who spend a part of each season in Paris). It requires able generalship, for competition is keen both in the designing and selling fields. More trying than any of these things is the constant shifting of women's whims. These make the business the great thing it is, but also they cause heavy losses when goods bought at high prices suddenly become absolutely unsalable.

Brains, then, alone conquer in this peculiar business. And Atlanta is long on brains.

Brains have built up a business which insiders estimate at $2,000,000 a year in Atlanta. There are six large wholesale houses in Atlanta—E. L. Rhodes Company, Meyer-Regenstein Company, M. Kutz Company, D. Silverman Company, N. Myers Company and N. Bodenheimer & Bro.

The fall season just has opened. It will attract, in two weeks or so, about 1,500 buyers.

They come here to see the advance styles, to buy hats trimmed in these styles, to take notes of the models for later production in Tallapoosa or Hushpuckena, or to copy the models with thorough fidelity for the same purpose.

A little before the semi-annual openings women begin to appear, seeking work as trimmers. Now, here is a strange thing. These women are milliners. Many of them own prosperous little establishments in the smaller towns. Others are managers of millinery departments in department stores.

They work until the opening, learning the new styles and how to trim them—how to make the new bows, for instance.

Then these women change from their role of wage-earners and become merchants. They make their selections, buy their stock for the season and go back to Tallapoosa to remain until a little before the opening of the next season.

The wholesale houses encourage this. It gives them skilled workers when they need such help and it gives them friends in all the millinery shops on whom they must depend for trade.

Mrs. Jones, who works a few weeks a year at Rhodes', learns styles there, and knows Rhodes' stock, is pretty apt to buy all her goods from Rhodes. This is the system, and the wholesalers make of themselves regular employment bureaus, furnishing skilled milliners to any firms which demand them.

Fall Car Shortage Will Be No Worse

Shippers and Railroad Men Are Cooperating to Make Best Possible Use of Equipment.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Railroad officials say that while there will be a shortage of cars in the fall, it is not likely to be greater than last year, when average deficiency was reported as 27,581 cars.

The situation this year may be less difficult to handle because shippers, as well as railroad men, have had impressed on them the requirements of the situation that arise every autumn. In the case of railroad men, timely repair of freight equipment, simplification of terminal operations and recasting of inspection and interchange rules are the considerations.

Railroads are devoting more attention to utilization of the freight car, their best assets, earning about 75 per cent of gross, and undoubtedly their best freight solicitor during periods of heavy traffic. Average earnings of each car per day for 1912 were $2.35, or, eliminating Sundays and holidays and confining computation to the busy season, gross earnings capacity was $3.85, while net was $1.15.

Overcoats Will Be Shorter This Season

Norfolk Designs Less in Favor—Chinchilla Favorite Material for the Garments.

There will be no decided change in the fall and winter styles for men's clothing, excepting that overcoats will be made shorter.

Chinchilla is the popular fabric for them, and there is a tendency toward using solid colors and avoiding fancy effects. The demand for Norfolk coats is diminishing. Soft roll front coats of the two and three button English style, with patch pockets, are favored. Sack coats will be slightly shorter. Vests will be cut somewhat lower than formerly and trousers are to be narrower.

For suitings, narrow pencil stripes, serges and Oxfords are the featured materials. The color trend is toward blue, gray and brown. Some manufacturers think well of neat plaids and checks.

FRANCE COINS GOLD.

Because of recent monetary stringency, Bank of France has decided to convert its $600,000,000 gold reserve, until now represented by ingots, into gold currency. More than $200,000,000 has already been coined.

TIGHTER MONEY NOT LIKELY.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—John J. Mitchell says: "Money is unlikely to get any closer this year than it has been recently, and would not, regardless of treasury relief. Good rains would restore corn to very general conditions."

WATERPROOF SHOES OF PAPER.

Waterproof shoes made of paper are covered by a patent recently issued to Morris H. Siegel. The paper is of sufficient toughness to stand at least one wearing. To prevent tearing there are gores at the sides which unfold to admit the foot.

Lace Hosiery Latest Novelty in the Trade

Radical Fashions Encourage Demand for These Goods—Only High-Priced Samples Shown.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Some members of the hosiery trade believe there are indications of an increasing demand for lace goods, and that the novelty developments for another season will be along this line. Their opinions are based on the business that already is being done this season in high-priced lace hosiery. Women with the money to satisfy the latest fashion demands are turning to lace hosiery as the surest way to get something different, something that is not worn by the populace at large.

Fashionable summer resorts accordingly have seen this year a large use of lace hosiery. The goods already on the market of this kind are so far, of course, all high priced, $5 a pair being nothing unusual. Such goods are made with a regular silk foot, with genuine lace inserted in a panel form.

Should this latest hosiery style prove to be of the importance now given to it by members of the trade, it is predicted that before long domestic manufacturers in large numbers will be taking it up and turning out goods in quantity to sell at prices that will mean a large distribution.

Past experience, it was pointed out, showed that by simple changes in machinery, lace hosiery, so called, can be turned out so cheaply as to warrant its sale at popular prices. During the last run on lace hosiery, a number of years ago, the production was large because of the cheapness at which goods could be offered.

Prevailing fashions in women's dresses, with the skirt conspicuous, will help materially any established demand for lace effects.

Dress Goods Moving With More Freedom

Spot Lots of Underwear and Hosiery, Lightweight, Being Picked Up Wherever Found.

On some dry goods lines jobbers admit that retailers are rather slow in taking hold, while on other lines sales are ahead of those for the corresponding period last year.

Dress goods are moving ou with more freedom, silks are wanted, and buyers are asking for immediate shipment of goods on old order. Spot lots of lightweight underwear and hosiery are being picked up wherever available, but jobbers' stocks have been reduced to such a point that there is little or nothing left on which deliveries can be made.

The question of prices on forward cotton goods contracts for the last nine months of the year is still coming in for considerable discussion. The shortage of spot and nearby delivery goods is causing some manufacturers to hesitate over shading their prices for future delivery, although it is a difficult matter to bring home the shortage to buyers, unless they actually come into the market for goods and can not obtain what they want.

BUYERS SLOW TO TAKE FANCY COTTON GOODS

Business Actually Placed With Many Houses Confined to Sample Lines—Ratines Lead.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Hesitation marks the course of many buyers of wash fabrics and fine fancy cottons. In many instances restrictions of merchandise managers are restraining them, the desire of financial heads of many houses being to postpone all buying that is not absolutely essential for the conduct of the business.

Numbers of buyers have operated in quantities sufficient to permit them to ask for full lines of sample cards for traveling men, and no more. They have said that if the lines sell well on the road when men go out seeking business for spring from retailers they will duplicate in their usual quantities, but they declare that if business is to be slow on fancies and novelties they are going to see that mills bear the burden of any accumulations.

Style developments have held many men back. The development of the ratine and crepe weaves has been so broad that buyers are afraid to order them fully until they hear more from their own trade.

That a great many of these cloths will be worn goes without saying, if for no other reason than the one that few other fancies have been shown and prepared. As a rule, buyers are less troubled about the style probabilities of the cloths than they are about the danger of a flooding of the trade with the cheap goods.

A cloth that was scarce at $1 a yard at retail a year ago and is now found freely at 8 1-2 cents a yard in various forms at wholesale, is sufficient in itself to make the experienced buyer pause and await for the answer that will come from retailers to road men traveling for the jobbing houses.

CHEMICAL COMPANY'S YEAR.

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company reports for the year ended May 31 last as follows:

		Decrease
Net earnings	$2,991,103	$586,349
Charges	1,224,005	*143,107
Net profit	1,747,098	729,456
Pfd dividend	1,600,000	*40,000
Bal for com	147,098	769,456
Deficit	693,524	*769,456
Prev. surplus	9,451,915	*101,513
Total surplus	8,759,481	667,943
Total deductions	425,538	598,721
Final surplus	$8,333,943	1,117,971

*Increase.

RAILROADS TAX SALESMEN WHO HAVE NO VOTE

Excess Baggage Rates Are Much Higher Than Express Company Charges, One Complaint.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Out of the maze of discussion that has centered about the excess baggage problem during the past two years a few points have been brought out to show the salesman's need of the voting privilege when away on business trips.

When shippers complain of railroad and express companies' rates, the Interstate Commerce Commission gives prompt attention to an appeal, but the voice of the traveling man is unheard. He pays his own expenses and has no vote. For example, the excess rate for a Pacific coast excursion ticket up to a year ago was $8.80 per hundred pounds. The railroads thought that the traveler could stand another squeeze and raised it to $10.

The present rate of 16 2-3 per cent and more is maintained in spite of the fact that the maximum legal charge is 12 1-2 per cent. The unfairness of this rate is more apparent when it is compared with the charges of express companies.

To illustrate, a first class ticket to Chicago on the Pennsylvania or the New York Central is $20. The excess rate per 100 pounds is $3.45, or 17 per cent of the ticket's cost. The express rate is $2.50 per 100 pounds, out of which the railroad receives $1.25, which is only 6 3-4 per cent of $20. On the Baltimore and Ohio the ticket costs only $18, but the excess rate is the same, thus bringing the rate to a still higher percentage in that case. Under the new express rate schedule the discrepancy will be still larger without lowering the excess rates to the salesmen.

The movement to procure votes for traveling men is steadily gaining ground. The Secretary of the Navy, in a letter expressed his approval of the idea.

High Prices for Ostrich Farms.

A striking illustration of the profits in ostrich farming is found in the report that a man in the Oudtshoorn feather district of South Africa has leased 290 acres of land for a period of ten years for $7,500 per year. In the same district 35 acres of land sold for $30,000.

DIXIE PICKLE AND PRESERVING CO.
Manufacturers of
Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.
CANNED GOODS
364 to 378 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

VOLLMER MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Moore Building
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY
Special Designs in Platinum
Engravers *Diamond Setters* *Watchmakers*
Specialists in Jewelry Repairing

A FREE TRIP
To Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.
Write to
H. T. Moore
SECRETARY.
Rhodes Building, Atlanta.

At What Rate Do You Do Business?

Fire insurance rates on a building are based not only on the chances of that building catching fire, but to a larger extent on the facilities at hand for putting out the fire, should it occur.

The more convenient the Fire Service, the lower the rate.

Just so in merchandising; the cost of doing business is directly governed by the convenience of a merchant's source of supply.

Take shoes, for instance; the Southern merchant who buys his stock in the distant markets of New England and the West is paying a mighty high rate to do business.

Here are the extra costs he pays:

1st. Excess freight charges.

2d. Interest on half the stock he now carries that would be unnecessary with a near-by efficient factory connection.

3d. Loss on accumulation and depreciation of dead styles.

4th. Sales missed by being out of the right styles and sizes when he needs them.

The RED SEAL Shoe Factory right here in Georgia offers QUICK SHIPMENTS, LOW FREIGHTS, THE BEST KNOWN AND BEST SPOKEN OF LINE IN THE SOUTH.

Its Mail Order Service is the best remedy for the High Cost of Doing Business.

Postal brings catalog or salesman.

Mail orders on way same day.

J. K. Orr Shoe Co.
RED SEAL FACTORY, Atlanta.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

COTTON FIELDS TELL STORY OF TWO ASPECTS

No Cause for Complaint in the Central or Eastern Belt. Spinners Reluctant.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—A genuine crop scare in a considerable portion of the cotton belt and an absence of bullish activity in the price marts was an anomaly presented during the week. A partial explanation for it was, that while the crop was admittedly losing condition in Oklahoma and Texas, in practically all the rest of the belt there was no good reason for complaint. In fact, most of the central and eastern belt sent in reports of excellent progress toward a satisfactory yield. There was thus a two-sided story from the cotton fields, and the sections which last season had only moderate outturns were giving promise of evening up matters with a section that had bumper crops.

The promise of rains in the western part of the belt at the close of last wek, which afforded much of the basis for the bearish activity in the speculative market on Friday and Saturday, proved barren of much results, for the showers were scattered, and by no means sufficient to relieve the situation. In only a few localities did they amount to enough to give relief, and as the temperatures continued high, some of them might better not have come. Arkansas had some fine rains, which put an end to an incipient drouth. The week has brought no important relief to Oklahoma and Texas, and most students of the situation have reduced expectations for those important areas.

It seems certain enough damage already has been done to make unlikely a yield of as much as last year, despite increased acreage. The injury will continue until the drouth is relieved, and then for them to have full benefit there will have to be a late and open fall so late fruit can mature.

In the central belt conditions are still excellent, and the critical period will soon pass. Expectations are for the largest crop ever gathered in this territory, and picking will start in earnest in a few weeks. The "first" bale has already appeared here, nine days ahead of last year and five earlier than the average date. However, the crop as a whole is not that much ahead, the bale having come from the section that is trying to get ahead of the boll weevil by early planting and forced cultivation.

Opinion here is that the improvement of the past few weeks in the eastern belt has been such as to make possible a large yield, though it is doubted whether the record of two years ago will be reached in any large area.

The spot situation is still without much feature, and it seems likely that the spinners are going to take their time about buying. Very little forward business is reported booked and the disposition to scatter orders is not yet marked. From across the water comes talk of trade not being so promising, though there is a suspicion that one motive for such news is the need of raw material in large quantities soon and it will not hurt any to spread the notion that trade is going to be dull, thus helping to depress values and enable as cheap buying as possible.

The effect of the legislation against futures, should it be passed, is also expected to be for lower prices, which is another motive for the spinners waiting. There are many people who think the removal of this menacing cloud would result in a very quick revival of bullish speculative activity and thus the crop scare would become a price factor of more importance than it has been.

The foreign spinner, no doubt, also feels that the money situation is such that there will be a rush to sell the new crop, which will better his chances of getting bargains provided he does not show too much eagerness this early.

The domestic spinner naturally is biding his time and being conservative, pending the passage of the tariff act and its effect on business. Other things also encourage him to be a little patient, although advices indicate a healthy prospect for business.

SEABOARD NOTES CHEAP.

The offering of the unsold balance of Seaboard Air Line $1,900,000 equipment trust notes is being made at a price to yield 6 per cent. Seaboard Air Line Railway's surplus over all fixed charges and bond interest, for the year ended June 30, last, it is understood, was between $1,725,000 and $1,750,000, or equivalent to 6.9 per cent on the $25,000,000 preferred stock. Last year the surplus on the same basis was $899,000.

THE NEW ISSUES.

The Financial Chronicle's New York review of new security issues for the last six months shows them to have been the smallest in years and much below the average of the last eight years, totaling for stocks and bonds only $627,048,160, par value, compared with $1,219,250 in the first six months of 1912.

PHYSICAL LIMIT SET.

The Baldwin Locomotive Company says the factor determining size and pewer of locomotives is the physical ability of firemen to shovel coal.



Six Crops of Alfalfa in One Season; Big Opportunity for Farmers of South

Special Soil Preparatin Is Necessary to Success—Inoculation and Liming Important—Seed Bed Preparation Should Begin Two Years in Advance.

CHARLES A. WHITTLE.
(Georgia State College of Agriculture.)

Think of from four to six crops of hay off a field in a year, and you are thinking of the possibilities of alfalfa growing in the South. Think of cutting from one to one and a half tons per acre each time and figure that each ton is worth at least $25 and you arrive at a very snug income with mighty little sweat as compared to cotton, for instance.

But be not deceived. Learning to grow alfalfa in the South is the biggest thing about it. Anybody who takes it as a matter of course that all he has to do is to stir the land and plant and thereafter watch the negroes harvest, is more than likely to be enrolled with the long list of those who have proven alfalfa failures in the South.

With all the good things that can be said of the soil of the South, it can pretty generally be said that Southern lands are not naturally "cut out" to grow alfalfa. This is not saying that alfalfa as a rule will not grow in the South, nor is it reflecting in any wise on either the soil or the climate. The point is that all Southern soils have to be given special treatment and preparation before alfalfa will be at home in it.

Alfalfa on Every Farm.

"Alfalfa on every farm," the slogan now going the rounds, does not point to an impossible ideal, but if anyone thinks it can be attained in the South without a considerable revolution, he may be easily deceived by trying it.

With all, it is easy enough to prepare the soil for alfalfa and go along producing it, if the prospective grower will follow good advice—but there is the rub.

The ordinary cotton grower of the South will have to practice crop rotation, he will have to add inoculation to his vocabulary and practices, and he will have to get lime into his soil. Those who have been teaching this sort of doctrine and have observed how far it has taken root in the South will understand how much farming practice will have to be changed to realize "Alfalfa on every farm."

To the average Southern farmer to mention inoculation is to elicit inquiries. What is it? Why? And to tell the truth, it is neither easy to understand nor to explain. A full explanation, indeed, is impossible. Inoculation means to introduce friendly bacteria into the soil. Without certain nitrogen fixing bacteria present in the ordinary soil, alfalfa and other legumes make poor headway. Certain it is that some of these bacteria can take the nitrogen from the air and fix it in the ground, converting at the same time the nitrogen into food for the growing plant.

Alfalfa Bred Bacteria Best.

It is believed that almost any soil has some of the nitrogen fixing bacteria present in it, but as a matter of fact in some soils these bacteria are few and apparently so starved as to be unequal to the task imposed by thrifty alfalfa.

The best bacteria with which to inoculate are those which have been bred in a good alfalfa field. Good bacteria can be grown artificially and it is with such artificially grown bacteria that seed are inoculated. When sprinkled with a solution in which the artificially grown bacteria have been turned loose, the seed carry on their surface enough of the bacteria to start up business in a new field.

Of course the bacteria are invisible except under a compound microscope. The farmer can not see them and when he buys he buys on faith. If his alfalfa grows and produces good crops he believes in inoculation. If it does not, he is likely to have notions of his own about inoculation. It is possible for seed to be perfectly inoculated and by reason of improper handling may fail to show results. Sunlight destroys bacteria and inoculated seed left exposed to the sunlight will become sterile. To escape the danger of sunlight it is necessary, of course, to shelter the bacteria, and it is wiser to sow or to apply the inoculation medium late in the afternoon or during cloudy weather.

Again, the seed may be properly inoculated, due precaution may be taken to get it into the soil with the least injury from the sunlight, but the soil may be sour, which is no sort of soil for a nitrogen fixing bacteria.

Lime Necessary to Alfalfa.

To correct sourness of soil lime is necessary. The fact is that practically all soils in the South are deficient in lime. This may never become apparent so long as cotton or corn is grown, but it is certainly true when it comes to growing legumes.

The lime is not needed as a fertilizer. It is merely a tonic to nitrogen fixing bacteria. Soils generally are supplied with all the lime that the crops need. Experiments have shown that most of the crops grown in the South are benefited by the use of lime, a benefit that is attributable to increasing bacterial activity. Bacterial activity means increase of plant food, for bacteria in effect are minute laboratories changing the elements non-available for plant food into elements of the soil that are available. Of course there are good and bad bacteria. Some of those that might be classed as bad operate to change available plant food into non-available. Of such are the denitrifying bacteria, which instead of preparing bacteria for the plants change it into perhaps free nitrogen that returns again to the air.

These friendly bacteria have been isolated and named and are nurtured, coaxed and strengthened to do their best. Only the border of the realm of these soil agents has been entered, and it may be reckoned with a degree of certainty that as the scientist ventures further into the mysterious country of the unseen that he will bring back to the farmer knowledge that will mean two bushels where one is now grown, all by learning which are the good bacteria that are serving plant life and how to encourage their growth.

The first great contribution of the scientist in looking into the teeming soil world is that lime is good for nitrogen-fixing bacteria, and since nitrogen is the most expensive plant food and one of the most important, it is a wonderful discovery this of lime and its relations to bacteria.

Since nitrogen-fixing bacteria operating to the good of alfalfa set up shop on the roots of the plant and there extract nitrogen from the air that has penetrated the soil, to know that lime will make it thrive is equivalent to saying that without lime alfalfa will not grow in many Southern soils, for it is a fact that most Southern soils are deficient in lime and are too sour for nitrogen-fixing bacteria.

Success Has Made Failures.

Some pretty well-known, highly respected and intelligent men have said that they do not believe in inoculation nor in liming for alfalfa. They point to their successful alfalfa patch to show you that neither is necessary. Unwittingly such well-meaning people have been the means of the downfall of others in their attempts to grow alfalfa. Do not get an idea that there are many such alfalfa successes in the South, especially among those who have not used lime. Even where the soil has been formed by the disintegration of limestone rock, where there is a foundation of limestone in the soil, is to be found a marked deficiency in available lime. The lime has leached out. It must be supplied. On soils which for some reason, exceptional to the rule, there is sufficient lime, alfalfa may be started and grown successfully even without inoculation. The reason for the unnecessary inoculation will be found to be that the soil has already been stocked with nitrogen-fixing bacteria through the medium of clover, cowpeas, beans or one of a hundred other legumes.

Some of the authorities are now advocating going to the roadside, the fence corners or other places where sweet clover or burr clover, or lespedeza, or some other legumes are growing, taking some of the soil from underneath, scatter it over the alfalfa seed bed and harrow it under. By this mean nitrogen-fixing bacteria will be added to the soil, bacteria that have been making their living off the very kind of soil in which they are appointed to continue operations.

Better still, of course, would be soil taken from a field in which alfalfa had grown, a field where conditions are similar as to character of soil, climate, growing zone, etc. Naturally bacteria that have been feeding on alfalfa must have established alfalfa-loving characteristics.

Suppose some cotton farmer gets inspiration enough to get out of the ruts and takes the advice of the man who does not believe in inoculation or liming, and suppose he fails, as he is likely to do, what a pity! When again will he be in frame of mind to try?

Preparing the Seed Bed.

The preparation of the seed bed with reference to weed eradication is important. It is time well spent if two years are taken in preparing the land for alfalfa. If barnyard manure is applied, it is better to follow with a crop of corn as a weed eradicator. This followed by rye or oats drilled between the corn rows at the last time the corn is worked, will afford not only a winter cover crop, but good pasturage for the colts and calves during the winter. After the rye or oats, as the case may be, is taken off, the cowpea or soy bean will prove excellent for keeping the weeds from getting a start. Turning under the cowpeas or soy beans and harrowing the ground until it is in find tilth, as good a seed bed as could be obtained for growing alfalfa is prepared.

Weeds and alfalfa do not do well together. If the farmer can not get rid of the weeds, he need not look to alfalfa to do it. Many farmers have had fits of despair over the weeds and crab grass which have made their appearance in their alfalfa patches.

But weeds are not formidable obstacles to growing alfalfa where the precautions described have been taken. Even where the weeds have appeared in an alfalfa patch there is a fighting chance for alfalfa if the right steps are taken to keep down the weeds. The method usually recommended is to run a disk harrow over the field. This plays havoc with the weeds, but harms the alfalfa very little. By some it is claimed that the harrowing will break up the alfalfa crowns or bunches and start new plants. Weed eradication in the field will rarely be necessary if the seed bed is properly prepared in advance.

Then Put In Lime.

Having brought the seed bed through two seasons of preparation and having broken and harrowed the ground, the next important step is to put in the lime. The amount of lime to apply will depend upon the degree of acidity or sourness of the land, not on the amount of lime already in the soil. The degree of sourness is usually determined by the use of litmus paper, a prepared paper that can be purchased at any drug store. This paper when imbedded in fairly moist soil and left a short time, when taken out will show by the change of color how acid the soil is. If the change of color is very marked plenty of lime should be applied. The application will vary from one to two tons per acre.

Lime is comparatively inexpensive and when once applied serves its purpose five or more years. Ground limestone is the form which is most generally used. The price is determined largely by the cost of freight. At lime manufacturing centers the ground limestone can usually be bought at $1 per ton and even less, especially where the lime is a by-product.

The lime should be broadcasted or drilled in. If broadcasted, then harrowed under.

Sourness of soil is attributed to an incomplete stage of decomposition of vegetable matter which has been turned into the soil. The lime is the one element that will at once adjust conditions and permit other bacteria as well as the nitrogen fixing bacteria to do their work. The vegetable matter which has been turned under in preparing the seed bed and is in process of decomposition, that is, which is being transformed by bacteria, proceeds with its processes most favorably in the presence of lime, becomes humus and then plant food.

An application of nitrate of soda after the alfalfa has come up, especially if it is not showing good color, has often proved helpful.

Cropping Alfalfa.

When the alfalfa plant has grown its full height, a second growth will the second growth has put up its shoots and has started vigorously, be found starting at the roots. When then is the time to cut off the first crop, if the weather is normal, in a month's time there will be another crop ready to cut. The same signs of when to cut are to be followed in each instance—that is, the oncoming of another crop.

In the South when there has been as much rain as has generally prevailed this summer, the owner of an alfalfa patch will be cutting hay once a month for about six months in the year. Indeed, the prospcest are favorable in some alfalfa patches for seven crops this year, five already having been cut, and the growing season ahead extending through September and October.

If a ton of cured hay per acre is obtained with each cutting, the alfalfa can be counted as doing first rate. Some will do better.

Alfalfa hay is worth taking good care of. The weather is not always favorable for curing it in the field, especially during the thundershower period. Canvas caps for the piles of hay in the field pay for themselves over and over by saving hay that would rot in the field from too much rain. Any grower of hay of whatever kind of hay it may be can well afford to provide hay caps.

Alfalfa hay is good, rich hay and ranks very near wheat bran in the amount of nutriments, ton for ton. Wheat bran costs about $30 per ton laid down in the South. Raise alfalfa hay and the wheat bran need not be purchased. The alfalfa has a feeding value of nearly $30 per ton at present prices, but at the outset of this article a selling prices of $25 was set as an average.

As a feed alfalfa is a producer of high-class barnyard manure. Considering that the feeding value of alfalfa is nearly $30 per ton and the manure produced of high fertilizing value, the conclusion is that alfalfa is most profitable to the farmer when he feeds it to farm animals and applies the manure to the land.

Thus the story of alfalfa ends most happily when alfalfa is married to a home made live stock business.

Selling U. S. Bonds Short Is Risky Deal

Restricted Market for These Securities Makes the 'Bear's' Lot One Not Enviable.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The trader who sells any Government bonds short takes a long chance of making a profit, because of the restricted market for these securities, and the short seller of those which bear coupons assumes a risk much greater than is attached to any active stock or bond on the Stock Exchange list. Government coupon bonds, particularly those which have the circulation privilege, are comparatively scarce.

The coupon bonds may be converted into registered bonds, but registered bonds may not be exchanged for others of the same clas which bear coupons.

The application of this provision to the issues which are used to secure bank note issues, naturally, has worked to cut down the number of coupon bonds outstanding and thereby greatly lessened the opportunity of short sellers for covering their contracts at times when they have the best advantage for a profitable transaction.

An expert on Government issues predicted yesterday that traders who went short on coupon 2s below 96 would have difficulty in covering at any price under par unless some development at Washington occurs to weaken them drastically.

No One Surprised at Passing of Dividend

National Railways of Mexico Made the Plaything of Every Rebel Chieftain.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Persons sufficiently interested in the National Railways of Mexico to watch earnings long ago decided that the company could not pay another semi-annual dividend on its first preferred stock while the revolution continued. Members of the New York board said the payment due August 10 would not be made; and when word came from Mexico City that the usual declaration expected at this time had been omitted by the directors, there was no surprise.

The Railways' lines have been the plaything of the rebels and bandits wherever they have congregated in numbers sufficient to defy the authorities. Under the delusion that one of the first rules of warfare is to destroy as much property as possible, the insurrectos have burned trestles and torn up track in which they, as natives of Mexico, had a proprietary interest.

There is a great deal of European money invested in the National Railways, as well as a very respectable amount of American capital but the Mexican Government owns $74,724,000 of the $150,000,000 common stock, $10,000,000 of the $57,662,000 of the first preferred and $38,278,00 of the $240,597,000 of second preferred.

Moreover, the Government will be held liable for the damage to the railways when peace is restored, so that every time a piece of property is destroyed the Mexican Government is saddled with additional obligations. Preliminary estimates for the last year indicate that the company earned almost $2,000,000 over its expenses and fixed charges, or about $500,000 less than the dividends paid.

PULLMAN'S YEAR.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The report of the Pullman company for the twelve months ended July 31, which will be published about a month hence, is expected to show the largest gross earnings in the corporation's history.

BEARS CHECKED BY DAMAGE IN WESTERN BELT

Small Demand for Forward Delivery in Spots Best Argument for Low Prices.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—Bearish activity, which had been encouraged by the anti-option legislation pending at Washington, has been somewhat restrained recently by reports of deterioration in the condition of the cotton crop in Texas and Oklahoma.

Unevenly distributed showers have fallen in both of those States within the last few days, but it is believed that what relief has come has been too late to prevent material damage to the crop in that section of the belt. Consequently the next bureau report is expected to show a further decline in condition from last month, when both Texas and Oklahoma fell off sharply.

The one redeeming feature in the crop situation at the moment is the improved outlook in the eastern half of the belt. According to reports received in this market, the crop in Alabama and in Georgia has undergone wonderful improvement since the date of the last bureau report. Should this improvement in the eastern belt continue, the deterioration likely to be shown in the Western belt will be offset, in a measure, by the improvement in the Atlantics.

It is believed that while conditions may be serious in those two States, rains within a week would yet permit the making of a fairly large crop, and it is argued that even if there were a shortage in the crop in the Western belt the increase apparent in the Atlantics, together with a normal yield in the Central belt, would result in a crop of at least 15,000,000 bales.

The most bearish feature in the general situation is the fact that there is less demand for forward deliveries in spots than has been the case in years. Fully good middling is being offered in this market at 45 points on October, and good middling at 15 points less for September delivery, with few, if any, buyers in sight. The slack spot demand is attributed to declining trade at Manchester and to the bearish sentiment engendered at Liverpool by the introduction of the Clarke bill in Congress.

News as to the outcome of the fight being made against the Clarke bill continues of a favorable character, and it is believed here now that the measure has been practically killed as a result of the criticism aimed at it by Southern newspapers generally.

The optimistic feeling prevailing here has been reflected by an advance of $600 in the price of New Orleans Cotton Exchange stock, two shares of which have sold this week for $2,100, with none offering at less than $2,500 now.

When the Clarke bill was first introduced, shares of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange declined below $1,500, whereas the stock had been $2,500 bid before the bill was introduced by Senator Clarke.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has revolutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.



You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac, also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

'L. & N.' Not Much Worried Over the Senatorial Probe

Busy Developing Its Own Lines, Has No Time To Buy New Holdings.

Interests familiar with affairs of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company are not apprehensive over the outcome of whatever action may be taken in connection with the resolution introduced in the Senate by Senator Lea. This resolution calls for investigation and report by the Interstate Commerce Commission of the ownership and control of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway Company and other subsidiary companies of the first mentioned road, "and the practices and methods of the Louisville and Nashville in attempting to preserve a monopoly in its territory."

It is not thought that there will be immediate legal action in the matter, as any investigation that may be made by the commission would necessarily consume a considerable amount of time, and it is considered more or less doubtful in the minds of some that sufficient evidence will be obtained to warrant the institution of a suit by the Government calling for the divorce of the lines involvel.

It is known that the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis has lines running in territory which may be considered competitive with the Louisville and Nashville. But whether it can be established that any collusion exists or has existed between the two roads to abolish competition is quite another question. So far as te Tennessee Central Railroad's purchase by the Louisville and Nashville is concerned, it is understood that such a development has not been considered by the management of the last mentioned property.

The Louisville and Nashville, it is pointed out, is kept busy developing and improving its own road in order to care more expeditiously for the large traffic that is being offered, and is not in the market for other lines. It owns about 75 per cent of the stock of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, which virtually gives it control of that system. No doubt the management of the Louisville and Nashville will fight a suit, should it be instituted by the Government, to the bitter end.

At the present time the company is spending large amounts of money in double-tracking its main lines from a point about 10 miles above Nashville to Birmingham, Ala., a distance of over 300 miles. When this important work is completed the road will be in a position to handle its business in that territory much more effectively than at present. The double-track work is not being done on the old roadbed all the distance, as in many places lines are being straightened, and at Nashville one track is being run around the city to avoid congestion. It is proposed to utilize one of the tracks between Nashville and Birmingham for freight and the other for passengers.

Louisville and Nashville has a very large surplus and it is believed in some circles that before long stockholders will receive another "bonus" in stock. The last one of $12,000,000 was only about half what was expected, and at that time predictions were freely made that within a reasonable length of time something more in this connection might be looked for. Earnings of the company are substantial during the fiscal year ended June 30 last, there having been an estimated balance available for dividends approximately of 11 1-2 or 12 per cent. Last year there was a surplus available for dividends equal to 15.93 per cent on the $60,000,000 capital stock then outstanding.

NEWS FOR INVESTORS

Anaconda Copper Company's production for July exceeds June's by 600,000 pounds, although this is 1,000,000 pounds below the July output last year.

* * *

American Smelting and Refining Company earnings, although not so large as last year, owing to Mexican disturbances, will make no change in the regular dividend.

* * *

Minneapolis and St. Louis Railroad for the twelve months ended June 30 increased gross by $1,880,782 and net by $1,173,665, compared with last year.

Seaboard Air Line for the fiscal year increased total operating revenue $783,417 and net $1,028,700 over 1912. Surplus, which increased $836,558 over last year, is equal to 7 1-4 per cent on the preferred stock outstanding, compared with 3 3-4 per cent in 1912.

* * *

The St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company has been authorized by the Missouri Public Service Commission to issue $28,584,500 first and refunding 40-year 6 per cent bonds, of which $26,730,000 are to replace bonds already outstanding, and the remainder for reimbursing the road for expenditures made for improvements and equipment.

NEW SEABOARD MANAGEMENT IS DOING WELL

Deficit of $121,000 in First Quarter Overcome and oGod Surplus Besides.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Seaboard Air Line in the year ended June 30 earned in excess of 7 per cent on $24,894,000. Final surplus was approximately $1,730,000, against $812,000 in 1912, both figures including only rail operations.

The showing reflects credit on the new management. In a year when the company's territory scored only about 60 per cent of a normal cotton crop, and when the initial three months' operations under the old management produced a deficit of $121,000, results for the succeeding nine months not only overcame these handicaps, but so far recovered that gross increased $1,523,000 and surplus over all charges increased $817,000.

On basis of nine months' operations under the new management, and allowing for effort necessary to pick up and recover the initial quarter's deficit, the property appears to be earning at rate of nearly $2,000,000 surplus annually, or equivalent to more than 8 per cent on the outstanding preferred. Total operating ratio in the past year was 72 per cent of gross. In 1912 it was 75 per cent.

Officials look forward to better than a $2,000,000 surplus in the current year. Crops offer excellent promise, with one of the largest cotton crops ever raised among the prospects this year. General business is moving in fair volume and traffic outlook shows no unfavorable signs.

PITTSBURG COAL MINES PRODUCING BIG PROFIT

PITTSBURG, Aug. 16.—Mines in the Pittsburg district are being operated to the limit fixed by car and labor supply. As these are very satisfactory, output is correspondingly large. There is not a very heavy demand for quick delivery. Contracts are calling for the greater part of the attention of operators.

Consumers have very little coal on hand and the increased activity in iron production may cause a stiffening of prices of both coal and coke.

EVERY WOMAN



NEEDS THESE UNIQUE BOOKS $1 EACH



The first edition of "Salads" is sold out; but the second edition is just off the press. The first edition of "Desserts" is going fast. Send in orders at once. There are no books like these.

"SALADS"

This is not a "cookbook" in the ordinary sense. It is unique—the work of the foremost authority on salad-making, Olive M. Hulse.

"Salads" contains more than 200 original recipes—each a masterpiece in the art of making salads; 30 recipes for salad dressings, and a remarkable introductory chapter on "Salad Lore."

There are 95 pages and the printing and binding are most attractive. $1 Postpaid.

"DESSERTS"

This volume contains 155 pages. In it are more than 200 matchless recipes for the making of the most delicious desserts—French Pastries, Pies, Cakes, Puddings, Ices and Fruit Desserts. The introductory chapter on "Dessert Lore" reads more like a fairy story than the actual history of desserts.

In the preparation of "Desserts" Mrs. Hulse has had the co-operation of some of the most famous chefs in America. The result is the most fascinating and useful book of its kind ever published. $1 Postpaid.

Don't Delay—Send Now

Mrs. Hulse's "Salads" and "Desserts" are unique not only because of their invaluable recipes, but in the manner in which the author presents her subject. Her recipes enable the woman in the most moderate circumstances to match the skill of the French chef. Send to-day for "Salads" and "Desserts"—they are $1 each, prepaid. The editions are limited, but a prompt reply will insure delivery.

Western Merchandise & Supply Company

326 West Madison Street : : : : : : : : : : : : Chicago, Ill.

JUMP INTO THE CONTEST TO WIN!

Complete List of Prizes

Organization Prizes

For Churches, Lodges, Etc.

1st. $1,000.00 in Gold.
2d. $500.00 Furniture, Own Selection.

Capital Grand Prizes for Men, Women and Children

1st. One Touring Car.
2d. Double Tour to California.

Individual Prizes---Men

First—One two-cylinder Motorcycle.
Second—One-cylinder Motorcycle.
Third—Diamond Ring.
Fourth—Gold Watch and Fob.
Fifth—Gold Watch.



Individual Prizes---Women

First—Player-Piano.
Second—Piano.
Third—Diamond Ring.
Fourth—Gold Watch and Neckchain.
Fifth—Diamond Lavalliere.

Individual Prizes---Boys

First—Motorcycle.
Second—Business College Scholarship.
Third—Gold Watch and Chain.
Fourth—Bicycle.
Fifth—Gold Watch.

Individual Prizes---Girls

1st. Piano.
2d. Business College Scholarship.
3d. Gold Watch and Neckchain.
4th. Bicycle.
5th. Diamond Lavalliere.

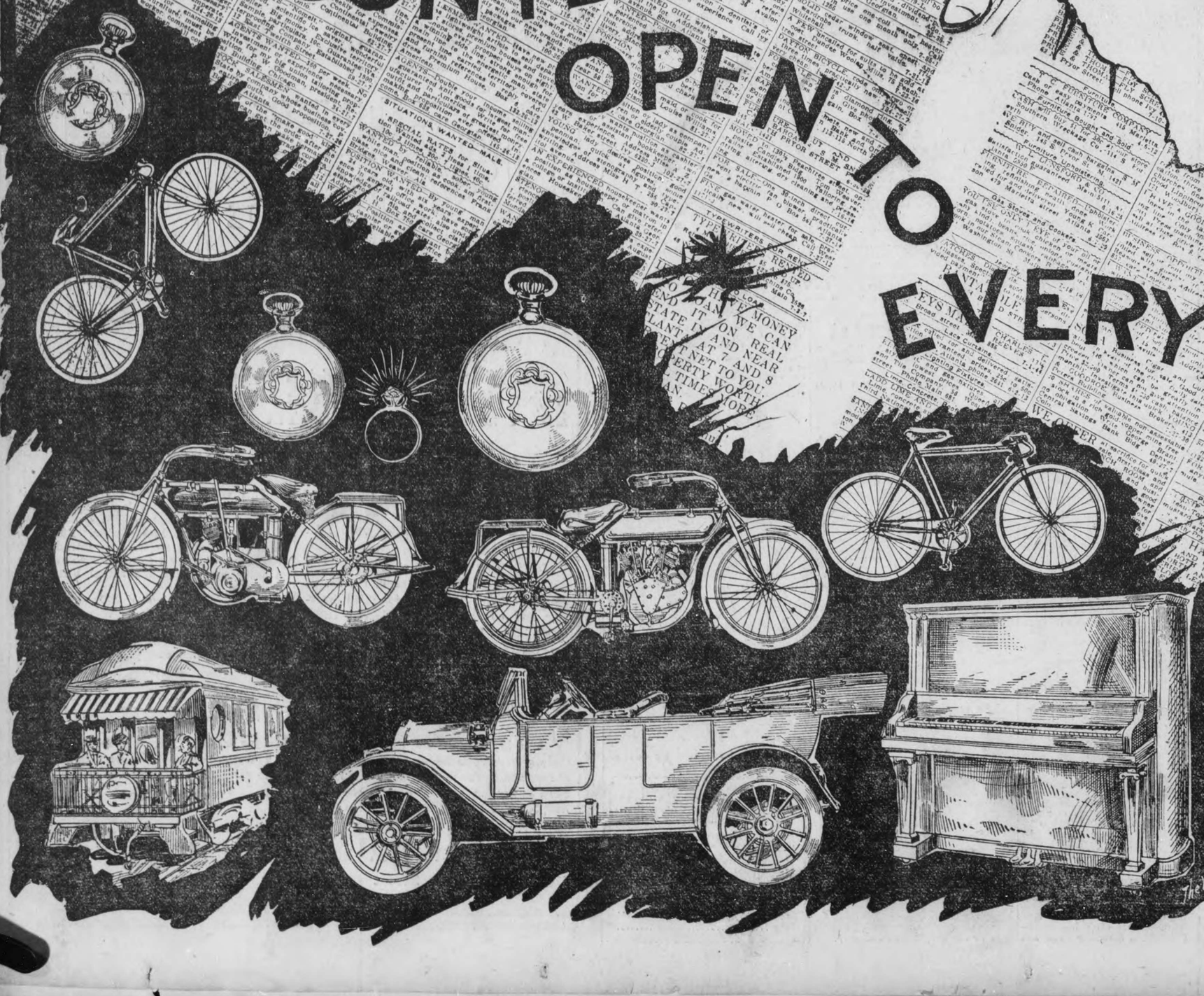
Contest Department

4th Floor Foote & Davies Building

Office Hours:

Every Day
8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays
Office Open Until 8 P. M.

"WANT AD" CONTEST OPEN TO EVERYBODY!



Nomination Coupon

1,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I Nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 Votes for Contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each Contestant.

ERICAN

EXTRA

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

REFUSE TO BUDGE INCH

Deadlock Results in New York Impeachment Situation as Each Claimant Refuses to Make Move—Both Go to Capitol.

Accused Executive Accompanied by His Bodyguard Goes to State House and Plunges Into Business—No Outbreak Surprise.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Neither drastic nor violent steps will be taken by Lieutenant Governor Martin H. Glynn to force William Sulzer, the impeached Governor of New York, from office—at least not to-day. Owing to the fact that this was a half holiday at the State offices, Mr. Glynn spent but a few minutes at the Capitol, and while both Sulzer and Glynn forces refused to budge an inch, matters were at a deadlock.

Accompanied by his bodyguard, Governor Sulzer walked from the executive mansion to the Capitol, where he plunged into State business, just as though his right to exercise the gubernatorial prerogatives were not contested.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who claims the powers of Acting Governor under the Constitution until Mr. Sulzer is brought to trial on September 18, went from the Capitol to the offices of his newspaper and announced he would spend the afternoon at an athletic meet. He denied that, like Napoleon, he would lift the power of ruling New York State on the bayonets of the National Guard.

Lack of Trouble a Surprise.

Absence of an actual outbreak today was a surprise to many who expected to see the executive chamber a battleground for the Sulzer and Tammany forces.

Mr. Sulzer now virtually stands alone, having been deserted by the members of his cabinet, who have allied themselves to the Glynn forces. But Sulzer refuses to abdicate, despite the fact that the ranks of his political enemies have been strengthened during the last 24 hours.

Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who is now signing State documents with this signature, "Martin H. Glynn, Acting Governor, State of New York," announced that, in spite of any obstructions thrown in his way by the Sulzer legal forces, he would continue to administer gubernatorial affairs pending Mr. Sulzer's trial for alleged high crimes and misdemeanors September 18.

Both Sides Fear Trick.

Both sides are taking elaborate precautions to guard against a trick. Throughout the night armed guards stood watch over each State department, while lawyers and legislators involved in the struggle were trailed by private detectives. Mr. Sulzer was in retirement planning a new legal move with his counsel. Messenger boys with Washington and New York city telegrams could not find the Governor, but members of the "inner circle" took charge of the dispatches, saying they would find the Governor.

Leaders of the anti-Sulzer faction made the threat that Mr. Glynn, now having control of the State Military Department, would actually invade the executive chamber.

"He will get a mighty warm reception," declared Sulzer adherents, who are few, but courageous.

Some Fear Martial Law.

Some residents of this city, realizing the intense seriousness of the situation, fear that conditions may become so grave that martial law will have to be declared.

It was assumed that Governor Sulzer to-day would reply to the second note from Lieutenant Governor Glynn, demanding the unconditional surrender of all prerogatives by Mr. Sulzer and the abdication of the Governor. Counsel were with the Governor at the beginning of the official day, and it was reported that the Governor was urged to take a fling at Tammany Hall.

Germany Also Snubs Panama Exposition

Kaiser's Government Follows John Bull's Action in Declining American Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The German Government to-day decided to refuse to participate in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the

Continued on Page 6, Column 6.

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

TO BEAT HEARST, SAYS MULHALL

Lobbyist Declares He Obtained Confidence of Democratic Leader in Campaign for Governor.

GAVE REPUBLICANS SECRET

Letter Was Forged to Give Him Introduction to Up-State Committeeman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

France to Welcome Envoy de la Barra

Mexican Legation Is Assured That There Is No Objection to New Minister

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Mexican Legation has heard nothing of any objection on the part of France to the reception of Francisco de la Barra as Mexican Minister to this country. The secretary of the legation said to-day.

"We would hardly be the first to hear of it if any such objection existed."

The Agence Nationale was the authority for the report, which was printed here yesterday. Senor de la Barra sailed from New York to-day.

May Yohe to Re-Wed Lord Hope, Is Rumor

American Singer Wins Back Her Former Husband With Favorite Music Hall Song.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Rumors that Lord Francis Hope may re-wed his former wife, May Yohe, are current. A week ago Lord Hope visited the London Opera House, where Miss Yohe is appearing with considerable success. The former Lady Hope was in excellent voice and sang "Honey, Ma Honey" that she often sang to her husband during their life together.

Lord Francis is said to have been touched by the song. Overtures for a reconciliation, it is said, have been made through Lord Francis' brother the Duke of Newcastle, and the Duke's lawyer, Mr. Isitt, husband of Adeline Genee.

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

Col. Degrange Ill In Paris Hospital

Prominent New Orleans Man Is Compelled to Undergo Operation Following Sickness Aboard Ship.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Colonel Joseph H. Degrange, of New Orleans, is ill in the American Hospital at Neuilly. Mr. Degrange's illness developed first on board a steamer on his way to Europe early in the summer.

On July 22 he was taken to the hospital for an operation for the removal of the carbuncle on the back of his neck. A second operation became necessary on Tuesday of this week. The operations, while painful, were not dangerous, and the attending physicians say that he will be able to be about within a few days.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

SUPREME TEST COMES AS STATE TRAINS GUNS ON FRANK'S CHARACTER

Defendant Will Take the Stand Early in Week to Give His Account of His Movements on Day Mary Phagan Was Killed.

ATTORNEYS SEEKING TO PROVE A COMPLETE ALIBI

Believed That Case Will Stand or Fall on Efforts of Prosecution to Prove Its Charge of Immorality Against the Accused.

BY AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The third week of the Frank trial came to an end at noon Saturday.

The defense has not yet concluded its case, but confidently expects to finish within the next day or two.

Its last card, and one of its biggest, will be the defendant's statement. This statement is scheduled for the early part of this week.

It will mark the climax of the defense's case, just as Conley's story marked the climax of the State's.

It became more and more evident as the case progressed during the past week that the defense is pitting Frank squarely against Conley—that it is to be Frank's life or Conley's life for little Mary Phagan's, snuffed out cruelly nearly four months ago in the National Pencil Factory.

Frank's statement on the stand, which the law permits him to make, but not under oath, and which may be accepted by the jury, either in whole or in part, in preference to all the sworn testimony, will be matched against the story the negro told so dramatically and with such frightful emphasis soon after the case got under way.

Into the negro's story, moreover, was injected the question of Frank's general character, particularly in one unmentionable direction, and this the defense will undertake to offset completely and finally.

More than a hundred witnesses have been summoned to testify to Frank's good character, and these include men and women from every walk of life, where it could be shown that such witnesses had come in contact with Frank from time to time in such wise as to be competent judges of his general character.

DALTON'S TESTIMONY IMPEACHED.

Already, the one witness (Dalton) so far introduced by the State to corroborate Conley has been successfully impeached by the defense, and it is likely that others introduced to uphold the negro also will be subjected to impeachment proceedings, if the defense suspects that it may successfully inaugurate the same.

The defense seemingly has realized fully the heavy necessity of breaking down Conley's awful story, not only in direct connection with the murder, but in every phase of it that bears upon the character of the defendant.

As a primary proposition, the advantage in the situation thus set up dwells within the defense.

In the first place, Frank goes to the jury with the presumption of innocence in his favor. The burden is not upon him to make out a case in behalf of himself. It is upon the State to make out a case against him.

Moreover, the only right of appeal attaching to persons indicted for felonies is within the defense. Once the State loses, it is lost forever.

The State must allege and prove the guilt of the defendant "beyond a reasonable doubt," and fight right up to that limit.

If there remains a reasonable doubt of Frank's guilt, after the last word has been said to the jury, Frank, under the law, is entitled to it, and if the trial jury fails to award it, a court of review will remedy the legal wrong thus inflicted upon him.

ALL STATE TESTIMONY SWORN.

The State, moreover, must submit every bit of its evidence, to the last shred or patch, under oath.

The defense, on the contrary, may clear itself upon testimony not one word of which is sworn to.

The State's star witness, Conley, also comes into court a confessed accessory after the fact of the murder, a confessed falsifier in numerous conflicting statements as to his knowledge of and connection with the crime, and accompanied by a well established jail record fearfully and wonderfully made up.

His is a much harder story to hold up than Frank's, viewing the two stories generally and in their broader personal aspects.

Even without Conley, to be sure, the State still has a circumstantial case against Frank that might compel considerable attention and respect, but there are few people who seemingly believe that it alone would be sufficiently strong to convict.

It probably is a realization of the State's tremendous task, involved in the holding together of Conley's story, that has caused

DORSEY SURE C

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Fr

Trial Will Last Through Week, Declare Men Who Have Followed It.

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense Objects too Late.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, depending alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta is that to fail in the establishment and corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing will be to fail in a crisis heavily important to the State now.

Liability Becomes Asset.

Strange to say—there are so many strange things to say in this surpassingly strange Phagan story—one of the State's apparent weaknesses is proving, in one direction, to be one of its greatest elements of strength.

The deefnse's strenuous insistence that Conley's remarkable story is impossible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believe the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually, and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element, as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

Relv on State Witnesses.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relving upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several differeat directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this despite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Mary's mother), George Epps, a motorman, and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probebly to be amplified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

State Seems Confident.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless, the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get on pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.



Girl on Stand Shouts She Would Die for Leo Frank

Employee of Pencil Factory Furnishes Dramatic Incident of Day—Dressing Room Evidence Is Brought Out.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimoney in any way prejudicial to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into a eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by the time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guiltlessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though if never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to conduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmeline Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sister. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded against it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled toward Miss Kitchen, and then turned around and walked away. She testified that the girls never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking their overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her in regard to a reported remark of N. V. Darley, general manager, that "if the girls stay with us through this, they will not lose by it." She said she had overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

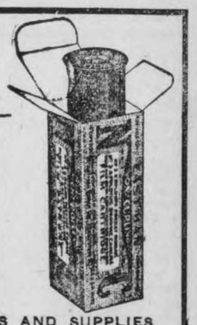
The following pencil company employees were called as character witnesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stewart, Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Ina Hayes, Eula May Flowers, Elma Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dickerson, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osman, Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, Rebecca Carson, Maude Wright, Irene Jackson, and Mesdames Emma Freeman and Ella Thomas.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL
368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L
Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A graded school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.
Send For Booklet

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee August 25
THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF "HER FATAL SHADOW"
Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPENS THURSDAY AUG. 21


New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery
Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00
All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
Dr. W. J. Harper LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

Bring Us Your Films for Development

We Give You BETTER RESULTS Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING
AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT
ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.
We Also Carry a Complete Line of EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES
GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.
Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree

LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE DECLARE HE ALONE HAS PREPARED STATEMENT

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of Jurors, But Will Simply Outline His Contention as to Tragedy.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Saleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, international tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated to-night that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer, of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam., Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweetheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shanty and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

Grape Juice vs. Milk

Secretary Bryan Does Not Have Undivided Support of Cabinet in Choice of Beverage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Grape juice as a Cabinet beverage has gone into eclipse, in spite of the prominence given to it by Ciceronian eloquence as being the only nectar of the gods.

A canvass of the preferences of other members of the Cabinet beside that of Mr. Bryan, whose favorite beverage is well known, disclosed the fact that plain old milk, sweet and buttermilk, is ahead in the race. President Wilson prefers orange juice to that of the luscious grape.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is one of the sweet milk champions and has a fellow champion in Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo leans toward buttermilk.

Attorney General McReynolds and Secretary of War Garrison are said to be ardent milk advocates.

Secretary of Agriculture David Houston is one of the two members that find enjoyment in pure unfermented grape juice.

Secretary of the Interior Lane prefers hot tea, while Secretary of Commerce Redfield likes his tea cold.

Charges Sister Stole Her Husband's Love

California Woman Names Beautiful Relative In Her Plea for a Divorce.

SUSANVILLE, CAL., Aug. 16.—Charging that her younger and prettier sister had stolen her husband's love, Mrs. Celia Rundquist Schaefer asked Judge Monroe for a divorce from Marin Schaefer, a fruit grower and rancher. Miss Rose Rundquist, sister of the plaintiff, was named as co-respondent.

Mrs. Schaefer testified that her sister admitted that her husband was a "grand man," and that he showered attentions upon the sister and admitted making love to her. The plaintiff also claimed that she had to support both for two years.

Judge Monroe held that there was insufficient corroborating evidence and instructed the applicant for divorce to get more witnesses.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

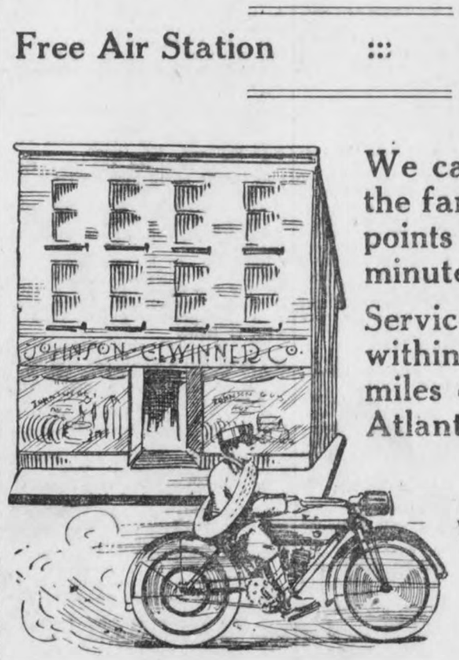
(We sell all makes.)

Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

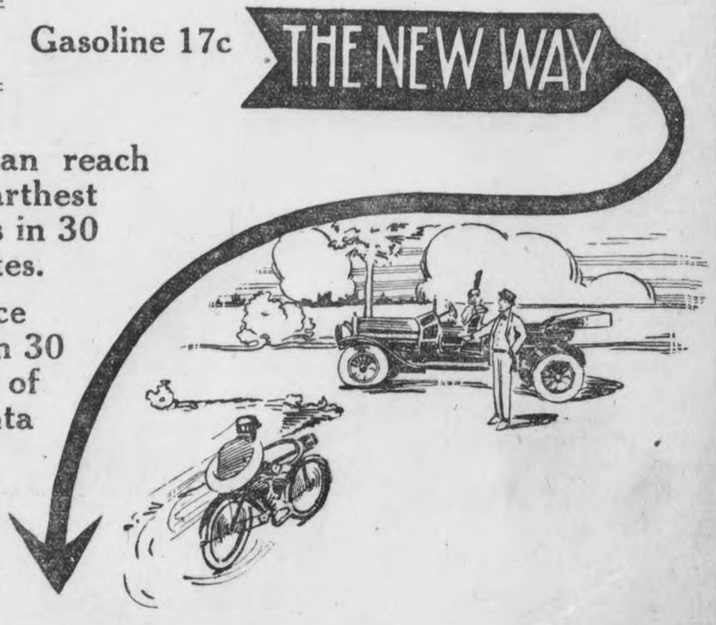
83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

Free Air Station ::: **Gasoline 17c**



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta



GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury T. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court. Below is Lola Norris, the other girl witness in noted case.



BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her shearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacramento in the same fear of exposure of their liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," replied Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such low voice that Judge VanFleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the defendant said that resulted in your deciding to leave Sacramento.—A. Well, he said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say she would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money given to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. Did you wait in the depot for Caminetti?—A. No; he was to return to the restaurant. There was some talk about going on an earlier train. We waited in a little street car waiting room near the depot. Miss Norris stayed in there when the train came in. I walked out with Mr. Diggs and told him to go and I would stay there. He said, "No," that he thought too much of me to have me stay there. The train finally left.

Caminetti Gets Money.

Q. Then Mr. Diggs went to the waiting room and telephoned?—A. Yes, to Mr. Caminetti, I think.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. We returned to the Saddle Rock and waited half an hour for Mr. Caminetti. When he came, he said he had the money and would go on the next train.

Q. Then you did what?—A. We went to the depot.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. Mr. Diggs said to wait while he got the tickets.

Q. Whom did you wait with?—A. With Lola Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Q. Then what?—A. When the train came, we got on.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall, do you, going to the Riverside Hotel on the 10th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is, Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris, were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say?

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of February, 1913?—A. Yes.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris stop at the Grand Hotel, the same place, in San Francisco, upon that occasion?—A. Yes.

Q. And the same room was occupied by you and Mr. Diggs upon that night, was it not?—A. Yes.

Q. And Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti, to your knowledge occupied another room alone in that hotel, did they not?—A. Yes.

Stopped at San Jose.

Q. Upon the second day of February, 1913, you, Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris, did not go in an automobile from San Francisco to San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidelberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

Mr. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many times were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I don't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No, sir.

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I shall appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

BRING YOUR VACA-

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Blood Poison, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the purest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank, 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

$5



Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE

MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S

GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's

Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH	$5	GOLD FILLING	$1
GOLD CROWNS	$4	AMALGAM FILLING,	50c up
BRIDGE WORK	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up
TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS			$1 up

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison, was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine!" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.50
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job

But Lind Is Most Unusual Man

Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm no. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of disssatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg, of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order...$165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US

Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.

Name .....

Address .....

Cable Piano Co.
84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.
GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.

MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existinfi in individual counties, and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 15 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues; they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing doctors; they have heard the plea of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the father and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. Ten Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

The Tax Receivers of the counties shall open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

In ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has revolutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.



You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic canoeists both of them, and inveterate campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then to Beaver Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal an river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will f. The life-saving crew of Clifton, t. Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equippage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bills proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Bo i River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires when he may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions.

"I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

BRIN... YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Fresh films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 42 N. Broad street.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

Nance Believed Mad When He Slew Wife

Relatives Declare He Was Mentally Unbalanced When He Left Knoxville Friday.

KNOXVILLE, Aug. 16.—George R. Nance is believed by his wife's relatives in Knoxville to have been insane when he killed her in a hotel at Hamlet, N. C., yesterday. They recite incidents connected with his former residence in this city that cause them to suspect he was mentally unbalanced.

At one time Nance left home and his wife did not know of his whereabouts until she received a cablegram from him in Liverpool, England. Soon thereafter he came here and they remained until they went to Greenville, S. C., last March, where his wife was manager of a sanitarium operated by a company with hospitals in various cities. For four years she was head of this company's hospital at Los Angeles. Her last station had been at Chattanooga, where her local relatives thought she was yesterday.

Mrs. Nance was born in Sweetwater, Tenn., and had many relatives over East Tennessee. She married Nance in Alexandria, Va., nine years ago, and they had no children. Mrs. J. T. Steele, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. B. T. Baker, of Alexandria, Va.; Mrs. Jerry Reagan, of Portland, Oreg., and Mrs. J. A. McCampbell, of Friendsville, Tenn., are her sisters.

Autos Are Barred By Canadian Island

Residents of Prince Edward Will Not Allow Machines to Enter Province.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—"It seems strange in these days when automobiles are seen on every street, on every country road that there should be one section on the American continent where these vehicles are positively prohibited," said R. A. Dewey, of Toronto.

"Recently the Canadian Parliament enacted legislation to permit the use of self-propelling carriages in the Province of Prince Edward Island, but it is by no means certain that the legislation will be effective. There is every indication that the law will never be put in force because a plebiscite on the question was taken throughout the island when the annual district school meetings were held.

"The returns that have come thus far indicate that the farmers are strenuously opposed to allowing automobiles on Prince Edward Island. More than 90 per cent of the population voted no on the proposition, and in some of these places the vote in the negative was unanimous.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends in Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife Eva died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover, Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

"Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA



WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established—because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."

WHITLAW PRICES RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.

Original Painless Dentist

The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT
Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!



The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE **SAVOY CAFE** 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE === LOW PRICES

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the annulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of habitual drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Men's Socks Adorn Girl's--Ahem

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde Is Bold Apostle of New Style and She's a Good Proselyter.

Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short socks are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features, you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it. The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeoligist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY
A MODERN CONSERVATORY.
A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.
OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug. 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughteds and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "tag" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury, Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "roughneck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "makeup" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

The woman, now bent and feeble, is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865

82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta

The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

Columbus

Latest Southwest Georgia News

Albany

SUFFRAGETTES INVADE STAID GEORGIA TOWN

Thomasville Has Its Quota of Women Who Demand the Ballot.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The granting of a charter for a Woman's Suffrage Association in Georgia and the bobbing up of the suffragettes over the country generally is causing many towns to take an introspective view, so to speak, to ascertain if there are any of this new brand of women within their borders, and the result shows that while there may not be a great many avowedly calling themselves suffragettes, there are more in sympathy with the movement than the mind of the average man conceives to be the case.

That there should be suffragettes in other towns in Georgia seemed very probable, but that they should be found in Thomasville, which is regarded by the outside world as being eminently staid and conservative, never going wild over anything but baseball or fighting about anything but "Sis" Cow, seemed almost unbelievable, but they are here just the same.

This does not at all mean that the majority of the fair sex here are in sympathy with this new order of women who are fighting for the ballot. There is, however, a very fair sprinkling of them, who do not hesitate to assert their belief in the equal rights of woman, and they likewise acknowledge that they would enjoy taking a hand in the management of public affairs, to a certain extent at any rate.

Of course, there are a few of the more advanced in their ideas who even believe that they could run a town and would like to try it a while and show the male management in charge just how a sure enough town should look and how affairs would be managed with a female board at the head of things. When questioned as to what would be done in a town run by women in regard to holding Police Court, serving on juries, etc., the enthusiasm did not seem so marked, though little attention was paid to the query, it evidently being the idea that all unpleasant duties could be turned over to the mere men and only the "running" of affairs be reserved for those in charge.

As it will probably be a good long time before Thomasville will be run by a female management, at least openly, as they are often accused of being the power behind the throne, nobody is very much worried over it, but it is interesting to know just how the matter stands and whether the women of the South will ever go into this movement in earnest as they have in the West and parts of the North.

Timbermen Fight Over Debt; 1 Dead

W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen End Dispute by Pistol Duel in Street at Blakely.

BLAKELY, Aug. 16.—W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen, two well-known timbermen, had a pistol duel on the public square at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, as a result of which Keen is dead with five bullet holes in his body.

Keen is said to have shot at Stamper twice and missed him. Stamper escaped unhurt, except a graze near the left eye.

The trouble grew out of a dispute over the division of the proceeds of a debt due to both of them by a common debtor.

Keen leaves a wife and several children.

Miss Marie Whitehead



An attractive and vivacious brunette, of Albany, who is now touring Europe with Mrs. James S. Farnum, of Charleston, and Mrs. E. B. Young, of Albany. During the past school term Miss Whitehead was a student at Brenau College. (Photo by White, Gainesville.)

Truck Growers to Organize in Tift

Object Is to Promote Growing and Marketing of Products.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Present indications are that not only the truck growers of Tift County will work in co-operation, but that all the truckers of South Georgia counties will co-operate in promoting the growing and marketing of trucking products.

Two melon and truck growers of Brooks County, M. L. Bowen, of Quitman, and A. J. Powell, of Dixie, were in Tifton this week and conferred with the Tifton Chamber of Commerce and a number of men engaged in trucking, inquiring as to the working of the Tift County Truckers' Association, with a view to forming a similar organization in Brooks County.

Mr. Bowen has been in the melon business for nearly twenty years and Mr. Powell is an expert at growing Irish potatoes.

TERRELL FARMER FIRES BULLET THROUGH HEAD

DAWSON, Aug. 16.—P. C. Calley, well-to-do Terrell County farmer and brother-in-law of Jesse Mercer, committed suicide at his country home near Dawson by shooting himself through the head. He left no note as to the cause, but despondency over money matters is believed to have been responsible.

Columbus Shows Healthy Increase

Nearly Half Million Gained on Tax Values of Property—Rate Was Reduced.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Tax Assessor Frank M. Sommerkamp, of Muscogee County, has completed his tax digest for 1913, which shows $22,769,804 compared to $22,508,202 in 1912, an increase for 1913 of $261,602.

When it is taken into consideration that the tax assessments this year in the city of Columbus were made at 75 per cent of the county assessment, while they have been made heretofore at the same, it will be seen that the county has made a remarkable showing. In other words, something like $14,000,000 worth of property has only been asssessed at 75 per cent of the assessment of last year. It is believed that the increase in values would have run far over half a million dollars.

The digest shows that there are 40 lawyers, 43 doctors, 17 dentists, 1 veterinary surgeon, 2 architects, 2 engineers. The dogs in the county are valued at $2,192.

DOUGHERTY TAX VALUES SHOW GOOD INCREASE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—The total value of taxable property in Dougherty County, as shown by the figures just compiled by Tax Receiver J. H. Davis, shows an increase for 1913 over 1912 of $437,218. The comparative figures are as follows: Property values, 1913, $7,449,866. Property values, 1912, $7,012,648.

ALBANY MAY BUILD BIG CREMATORY PLANT

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—A crematory to dispose of Albany's garbage is a matter that is being seriously considered at the present time. Mayor Tarver has procured literature bearing on this subject and is giving the matter careful study.

With the idea of making Albany one of the most healthy and sanitary towns in the State, the city officials, led by Mayor Tarver, are considering this step.

GLENN TAKES CHARGE AS DEPUTY MARSHAL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—L. H. Glenn, of Rochelle, who has been appointed Deputy United States Marshal for this district, to succeed R. L. Thomas, resigned, will make this city his headquarters. He is now here preparing to take over the office.

COURT HEARING OF INJUNCTION IS POSTPONED

Americus City Council Would Prevent Consolidation of Power Plant Companies.

AMERICUS, Aug. 16.—The postponement by Judge Z. A. Littlejohn in the Superior Court of the hearing of the injunction brought by the City Council of Americus against the Americus Power Company, the rival power company to the old Americus Gas and Electric Company, to keep the new company from consolidating with the old and advancing rates, is another link in the history of one of the most sensational municipal fights in Georgia.

Judge Littlejohn postponed the hearing until September 27 on the ground that certain important parties to the various transactions were not in Americus, though it is claimed that at least one of them was here.

City Attorney Hollis Fort and W. P. Wallis, for the city, and Shipp & Sheppard, for the Americus Power Company, are prepared for a grueling and continued fight when the hearing does occur.

It is thought that it will either kill forever the hopes of municipal ownership here or revive them anew. As this has been a hotly contested municipal issue, the interest in the hearing is wide and keen.

'Hoodoo Doctors'. Ply 'Art' in Cordele

Raid Farms for Cotton Root to Brew Tea for Superstitious Negroes.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—"Hoodoo" or "root" doctors, as they are commonly known, seem to be getting in some very effective work in Cordele, though if their identity should become known to the police the effect would very probably not be pleasing to them. For several nights these characters have devastated patches of cotton in the western part of the city, belonging to negroes. For the purpose of making cotton root tea, which is said to have a healing effect in a good many cases, they have pulled up row after row of cotton by the roots, cutting off the weeds and taking the roots with them.

UNKNOWN NEGRO STABS WHITE MAN AT RAY'S MILL

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—W. J. Williams, of Rays Mill, Ga., was probably fatally stabbed by an unknown negro in this city at 1 o'clock Friday morning. Williams and a companion passed a group of negro youths at the Georgia Southern and Florida passenger station and said something to the negroes which they resented. One of them plunged his knife into Williams' side and drew it across his breast, making a gash nine inches long and exposing the heart-action. Two negroes are in jail charged with complicity in the affair, but they claim that the youth who did the stabbing escaped.

MUSCOGEE JURY BOARD RESUMES WORK MONDAY

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Muscogee County's Jury Commissioners will meet again Monday to take up the work they began sometime ago, but were forced to drop because of the continued illness of one of the members. It is expected that every effort will be made to increase the list, as there has been much complaint in recent years over the difficulty experienced in obtaining jurors, when only about one-fourth of the taxpayers and voters of the county have their names in the jury box. A remedy has been demanded often.

100 BALES OF COTTON SOLD AT TIFTON IN WEEK

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—The cotton market has opened up lively in Tifton this week and it is believed that the receipts will show a total of nearly 100 bales. There is quite a lot of old cotton in this section and this is opening fast as a result of the warm weather of the past several days. However, the bulk of the crop is young and it will be several weeks yet before the season is on in full.

ALBANY MAY HAVE RIVERSIDE DRIVE

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—That Mayor Tarver's idea of a beautiful winding driveway along the Flint River may terminate in some definite action seems probable. Superintendent of Parks Harmon has been asked to consider plans and offer suggestions. This has been done and he not only thinks the plan feasible but is a very ethusiastic advocate.

Dougherty's Jail Doing Double Duty

Ten Prisoners From Early County Added to Number Already Confined There.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Dougherty's new county jail is now doing double duty, containing not only the county prisoners and those of the city of Albany, but those of Early County, ten of whom have been brought here for safe-keeping.

Soon after the new jail was completed the city of Albany made arrangements for the city prisoners to be jailed and cared for in a portion of the county jail. The city barracks were small, insanitary and not safe in case of violent prisoners. That portion of the city hall formerly used as the guardhouse has been remodeled for offices. The county feeds all the city's prisoners and City Court is held each day in the detention corridor of the jail.

The Sheriff of Early County, realizing the condition of the new jail, selected this one for the safe-keeping of his prisoners while Early's jail is being remodeled.

Feast on Collards Instead of Cabbage

Thomas County Convicts Revel in Delicious "Greens"—Fresh Corn as Dessert.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The convicts in the camps of Thomas County have had a change of diet from the cabbage which was so much enjoyed by them in the spring and early summer, and have transferred their allegiance to collard greens.

The report made by the superintendent of the county farm this week shows that for the month of July 1,250 head of these collards were fed to the convicts of the various camps, and as the average darky is proverbially fond of these greens they doubtless enjoyed their meals. With the collards were eaten 600 ears of green corn and several bushels of onions.

As vegetables are considered good summertime diet they probably went a long way toward preserving the health of the convicts as all the camps are reported in a healthy condition.

Cashier, Sentenced, Making Hard Fight

J. H. Cason's Lawyers Determined to Carry Case Through Highest State Courts.

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Arguments in the motion for a new trial of J. H. Cason, now under five-year sentence in the penitentiary for embezzling nearly $8,000 from the Bank of Cresland, will be heard in Valdosta before Judge Thomas on September 8.

Attorneys for the former bank cashier state they will leave nothing undone to save their client and that the case will be fought through all the courts before it is concluded.

CORDELE COTTON MARKET SHOWS GREAT ACTIVITY

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—With more than 100 bales ginned and marketed, the cotton season is getting well under way in Cordele and within two weeks will be in full sway. The movement of the crop has already had a decided effect upon the business interests of the city and county, a general optimism prevailing among the people as a result. The opinion is common that the yield of cotton will surpass that of the past several years and that the quality of the staple will hold up unusually well, demanding good prices.

WOODMEN OF WORLD HOLD 'CUE AND PICNIC AT TY TY

TIFTON, Aug. 17.—Friday was Woodmen of the World Day in Ty Ty, nine miles west of Tifton, in Tift County, the choppers holding a big barbecue and basket picnic, between 1,500 and 2,000 people attending. Besides enjoying a good basket dinner and some of Jack Frost's barbecue, better than which there is none, those attending heard an excellent address by Hon. Roscoe Luke on the W. O. W. order and an address on general topics by Colonel Claude Payton, of Sylvester.

NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE WELCOMED BY SHIPPERS

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—Columbus tariff schedule No. 2, on which the Board of Trade has been working, has been received in the city and the merchants are prepared to take advantage of it at every opportunity. The new tariff schedule applies to all of the railroads entering the city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.

MELROSE YOUTH UNDER BOND FOR FATAL STABBING

Harry Miller, 17 Years Old, Must Face Trial for Slaying Turpentine Man.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—Hardy Miller, the 17-year-old lad who stabbed and instantly killed L. A. Smith at Melrose recently, has been released from custody under a $5,000 bond on a charge of manslaughter.

The preliminary hearing of the case was before Judge J. G. Cranford, of the City Court. Several eye-witnesses to the killing testified that the man had a quarrel and that Smith struck Miller with a stick. A few minutes later Miller passed by Smith and struck him in the breast with his knife, the blade penetrating Smith's heart. The men were employed at the turpentine distillery of Miller's brother, Smith having charge of the mules on the place. The fatal quarrel was caused by Smith's refusal to let the boy ride one of the mules at night after it had been worked all day.

Valdosta to Issue Bonds for Paving

Election Called to Vote on $50,000 for Streets and Waterworks.

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—An election for an issue of $50,000 municipal bonds has been called by the City Council for September 15.

If it carries Valdosta will in a few months be the best paved city of its size in the State, and will have a waterworks system adequate to take care of the growth of the city for several years.

Of the proposed issue $35,000 is to be used for extending the paving now in operation, while the remainder, $15,000, is to be used for extending the water mains and in improving the waterworks station. A 3,000,000-gallon pump was bought with a portion of the last bond issue and the plant is now being prepared for its installation. In the business section the six-inch mains are being taken up and replaced with twelve-inch mains, while the system is being extended to the northern and eastern portions of town, which were recently taken into the corporate limits.

Three of the principal residence streets are now being paved with asphalt, but the recent bond issue has not been sufficient to pave other streets on which the work is demanded.

The proposed issue will be 30-year bonds to bear 5 per cent interest.

MOULTRIE RAISES $100,000 FOR A PACKING HOUSE

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—A hundred thousand dollars has been subscribed by Moultrie business men to build a packing house and abattoir. All preliminary plans have been completed and construction is scheduled to begin soon.

It is believed this will encourage stock raising in Southwest Georgia, providing as it will a cash market at all seasons.

FARMER BEGINS SERVING SENTENCE AS COW THIEF

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—J. J. Hiers, farmer, of Colquitt, began serving a twelve months' sentence on the chaingang this week, after being denied a new trial by Judge Thomas, of the Southern Circuit.

Hiers was convicted at the last term of Superior Court on an indictment charging him with cow rustling, but the jury recommended that he be punished as for a misdemeanor.

Albany Boosters Get Big Meeting

Put Up Winning Fight for State Agricultural Society Session In 1914.

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Knowing that the bringing of the State Agricultural Society to Albany for its 1914 meeting would be a great boom for Albany, as well as furnishing a good place for its meeting, several of Albany's citizens went to Cuthbert this week and attended the session which has been in progress. On Thursday it was realized that a hard fight would be necessitated to secure them, as North Georgia was making a strong bid, and immediate steps were taken to apply the pressure. All Dougherty residents who were at the meeting started boosting Albany as the proper place, this being supplemented with telegrams from the Mayor, president of the Chamber of Commerce and others who are recognized as leaders in Albany. The net result was that they decided on Albany, and in addition expressed their thanks for the strong effort that was made to secure them.

Tift's Courthouse Handsome Building

One of the Most Complete and Comfortable in the State.

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—There are many handsome and comfortably furnished courtrooms in this section of the State, but none will surpass the one in Tift County's attractive new courthouse when that building has been completed. The work is now nearing completion, and some idea can be gained of its attractive simplicity and elegance.

Five large windows on either side of the courtroom give plenty of light and ventilation. Between each window is a pilaster column capped with a scroll design, and over each window an arch surmounted by a keystone. Crossing the ceiling are five large beams and between these is an attractive design in dental work. In this work there are over 7,000 pieces, nine to the foot, and there are 875 running feet to be covered.

There are three large lights in the ceiling, with a light on each column and a desk light at the judge's stand.

The staircases will be of steel with terazza steps.

CORDELE PLANS TO PUT $40,000 IN WATERWORKS

Site Selected for Big Plant, and Work Will Begin in Short Time.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—The Cordele Bond Commission has selected and purchased a site for a new waterworks plant for the city, located immediately adjacent to the site on which the old station is situated. The location provides ample room for the improvements to be made, and was purchased by the commission from Judge E. F. Strozier, administrator of the estate of W. E. Smith, the consideration being $4,500.

A $40,000 issue of bonds will be expended in building the new plant and making further improvements upon the waterworks system. The building alone will probably cost $3,500, and is to be fireproof, while the machinery will be of the most modern type and will be duplicated all the way round, costing not under $18,000. The new reservoir will be capacitated at 250,000 gallons, and an elevated tank of almost three times that capacity will be erected.

RECORD PECAN CROP IN SOUTH GEORGIA

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—That there will be more pecan nuts in South Georgia this season than ever before is the general opinion of the growers. This is owing not merely to the fact that the crop is a good one, but is the result of the larger number of trees that have come into bearing. The crop of paper-shell pecans planted all through this section is a large one, but many of the young trees are just beginning to bear well. Some of the growers are very enthusiastic over the crop on these young trees this year and the knowledge that they will put on a larger one each year as they grow older means that it will not be very long before the output of these nuts will be the means of bringing much money into South Georgia.

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the

BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00	Sofas at $93.75	$85.00	Desks at $56.25
75.00	Sofas at 56.25	65.00	Pier Tables 45.00
85.00	Bureaus at 56.25	85.00	Library Tables 56.25
110.00	Book Cases at 82.50	85.00	French Beds at 56.25
125.00	Sideboard 93.75	35.00	Work Tables 27.50
35.00	Fireside Chair 27.50	65.00	Serving Tables 37.50
35.00	Scroll Rockers at 27.50	55.00	Corner Pieces 37.50

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY

222 PEACHTREE STREET

B. C. BUFORD, Manager **ATLANTA, GEORGIA**

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

Savannah — Latest News of South Georgia — Waycross

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorably upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

Marion Lucas Will Get Savannah Plum

Congressman Edwards Picks Successor to Marcus Baker as Savannah Postmaster.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The fact that Congressman Charles G. Edwards has announced his intention of indorsing Marion Lucas for postmaster to succeed Marcus S. Baker, Jr., who is expected to be ousted shortly as a result of a recent investigation of his private and official life, has created little surprise here. It had been known for more than a week that Lucas stood the best chance to land the plum.

Besides the indorsements sent to Congressman Edwards direct, Lucas has furnished him with more than 1,000 letters from Savannahians in every walk of life.

Chatham Jail Too Full for Comfort

New Sheriff Asks County Commission to Remodel and Enlarge Prison.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—As a result of an inspection of the county jail by the newly elected Sheriff, Colonel Merrett W. Dixon, the County Commission will be asked to do something to relieve the congestion there.

It may be necessary to build an annex to the jail or convert the southern wing of the building now occupied by the jailer as a residence, into prison quarters. Sheriff Dixon was accompanied on his inspection by Judge Walter G. Charlton, of the Superior Court, and Solicitor General Walter G. Hartridge.

Of the 183 prisoners in the jail there was only one who registered a kick.

SHUPTRINE TO HEAD BIG POLITICAL CLUB

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Although the officials will not make public the result of the election, it is learned that Herman C. Shuptrine, Representative in the Legislature from Chatham County, was elected president of the Cracker Progressive Club, a political organization, last night. Shuptrine has stated that he will accept.

TRADE BOARD SECRETARY RETAINED AT BRUNSWICK

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Secretary J. G. Weatherly has been reappointed by unanimous vote of the Brunswick Board of Trade. Mr. Weatherly came to this city last year from Columbus, Miss., and since taking charge of the local board he has made an enviable reputation, both for himself and the city.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witchhazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Savannah Minister Has Saloons Raided

Pastor Objects to Near-Beer Dispensaries Near His Church. Dealers Arrested.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—On complaint of the Rev. M. F. Roberts, pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church, three near-beer dealers, with places around the corner from his church have been placed under arrest and required to give bond for their appearance on charges of violating the State prohibition law.

The places raided are the same which received the attention of the authorities last Sunday. The men under arrest are Andrew Pappedea, M. Patro and C. L. Davis. A lot of near beer and whisky was confiscated and will be used as evidence against the men.

Recovery of Dare Question of Time

Savannah Man, Shot by Wife, Improves Rapidly After Reconciliation.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stretched comfortably on a cot in a cell at police barracks, quietly reading a novel while the summer breezes blow through the bars upon her, Mrs. Joe Dare, who several weeks ago shot her husband following a quarrel in their apartment, presents a striking contrast to-day to her extremely nervous condition two weeks ago, when it was believed that Dare would die and that she would be called upon to face trial for his murder.

The physicians who are attending Dare at the Savannah Hospital have given out the information that he is continually improving. His recovery is now practically assured unless there is a sudden change for the worse. The physicians are confident that his reconciliation with his pretty wife on what was believed to be his deathbed has had much to do with bringing about the change in his condition.

Dare was shot by his wife in a fit of jealousy after he had remained out later at night than she thought he ought to.

Grimshaw Will Not Give Up Residence

Transferred to Americus, Savannah Alderman Holds His Office in City Government.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Harry G. Grimshaw, superintendent of the Savannah division of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, who has recently been transferred to Americus as superintendent of the Alabama division, effective to-day, will maintain a residence in Savannah, and will not resign from the aldermanic board of the city. He will also retain his position of chairman of the board of control of the Union Station.

Superintendent Grimshaw will retain a residence in Savannah, and will come down each week-end, remaining over until Monday morning. He will also be able to make special trips to Savannah when necessity arises, and will thus be a regular attendant upon the meetings of Council. Mr. Grimshaw's force of clerks, stenographers and dispatchers will depart for their new location to-morrow morning.

WRECKER WANTED TO SEE WHAT TRAIN WOULD DO

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—"Just wanted to see a wreck, just to see what the train would do," was the explanation of John Hosey, 14 years old, when arrested last night charged with placing a beam on the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad tracks at Thirty-third and Plant streets in an attempt to wreck the shuttle train running between Savannah and Newyards. A special officer saw two boys place the beam on the track. He arrested Hosey, but the other lad escaped.

Miss Margaret Elise Cafiero

One of the pretty debutantes of the coming season in Savannah. She was one of the graduates of the Savannah High School in the Spring.



8-Foot Shark Caught At St. Simons Island

Sam Levinne Lands Largest Catch of Years in Waters Around Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—An eight-foot shark has been caught on St. Simons Island by Sam Levinne, of this city. Before the fish could be landed it required a horse to pull it ashore.

The young man had his line out for a shark for more than an hour when suddenly it was almost jerked from his hand. Several times he managed to get the shark to the surface, each time shooting it, and before it was killed eight bullets had been poured into its body.

The shark weighed more than 300 pounds, and was the largest caught in these waters in ten years.

Firemen Endangered By a Falling Steeple

Lightning Sets Brunswick Church Spire Ablaze and Causes It to Topple.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—When McKendree Methodist Church was struck by lightning and set on fire, Fire Chief Harrison and three of his men narrowly missed death.

The lightning set fire to the steeple. The chief and three firemen climbed to the roof of a one-story addition adjoining the main part of the building. Before the fire was under control the steeple fell. Chief Harrison saw wha was coming and quickly ordered his men to seek safety. Just as the got under cover the steeple crashed on the roof where they had been standing.

NEGRO ACCUSED OF SLAYING 16 YEARS AGO IS CAUGHT

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Charged with killing B. C. Booth, at Manor, Ware County, sixteen years ago, Will Eady, a negro, has been brought to Waycross from near Blountstown, Fla. He has been identified and will be placed on trial in December.

Eady's escape from a mob was narrow. The Booth family conducted a search for him. W. S. Booth has just paid a reward of $100 for the negro's arrest and the State's reward of $100 will be paid soon.

WAYCROSS PLANS TO SEND MAN ON BOOSTER TRIP

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross may have a representative on the Georgia Booster Train, which will leave Macon soon for a tour of the Middle West.

Secretary T. Jeff Bailey, of the Board of Trade, has been authorized to make the trip. He is getting splendid co-operation from the citizens. Thousands of Waycross booster booklets will be distributed by the [illegible] while on the trip.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching, Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

STREET PAVING AGITATION IS ON IN WAYCROSS

Act of Legislature Gives Authority to Make Levies on Property Owners.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—While none of the members of the Georgia Legislatures except those from Ware knew what the passage of the local act on levies for street pavement in Waycross meant they really paved Gilmore, a leading street of the city, by voting to pass the act.

The amendment to the city charter was proposed by Council to establish beyond any question the right of the city to make a levy against property of the street railway company for paving on a street occupied by the tracks of the company, whether the part of the street occupied by the tracks was paved or left unpaved.

In trying to pave Gilmore, Council has handled one of the hardest problems Waycross has ever tackled. First one proposition would be agreed upon, then another, and all kinds of petitions from property owners were received. Sentiment is anything but unanimous with reference to the paving of Gilmore, but Council is apparently determined to pave the street with brick.

Estimates on the cost of paving Gilmore have varied from $20,000 to above $30,000. With the street car company's portion of the expense certain for the city, the financial end of the pavement has been closed, and Council probably will be asked at an early date to authorize the Mayor to sign a contract and have work started without delay.

Convicts to Work Streets.

At last Waycross is going to get some return from the part the city has been contributing to the improvement of roads in Ware County. The convict gang of the county, under the new county commissioner law, will have to be worked on the principal streets of Waycross three months of each year, and in order that some benefit might result this year, the law stipulates that for 45 days between now and the end of the year the gang must be worked in Waycross.

An effort to reduce the membership of the board to five was defeated, and the board will be increased after January 1, 1915, to seven instead of six members, as at present. Four of the seven will be from the Waycross district. The chairman, instead of being a resident of the Waycross district, may reside in any district of the county. However, with four members from Waycross, it is extremely doubtful if the chairmanship ever goes out of the Waycross district.

Senator J. L. Sweat's plan for a board of information, holding quarterly meetings with the Commissioners, were eliminated.

SHORTHAND WILL NOT BE TAUGHT IN SCHOOLS

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Stenography and typewriting will not be taught in the public schools of Chatham County during the coming session "because of the shortness of finances." This is the decision of the Board of Education of the county.

Superintendent Otis Ashmore and Principal B. F. Pickett, of the High School, were instructed by the board to investigate the question and report. They hold that the only additional expense would be the purchase of typewriters. It would not be necessary to employ another teacher. Bookkeeping and commercial subjects already are taught in the schools.

Waycross Lid Is On 7 Days Every Week

Sunday Closing Supplement by 'Move On Order to 'Houses in Our Midst.'

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Although the first warrants issued in the crusade against the sale of cold drinks in Waycross on Sundays have been withdrawn on the promise of good behavior, it is announced to-day that the campaign for Sabbath observance will in no way be lessened. The prime reformers are H. Murphy and Dan T. Cowart.

Right on top of the fight on Sunday drink sales, Chief of Police John W. Colley has issued warnings to women who have returned here despite the "lid order" issued last fall by Mayor Reed shortly after Atlanta closed the "houses in our midst." Several houses bordering on the disorderly variety have just been closed and the inmates compelled to leave the city. Only a few of the women waited until the last day to leave, as the police let it be known that all caught here after the limit expired would be arrested and tried in Police Court.

Fire Chief May Hold His Job After All

Expected Shake-up Fails to Materialize in Waycross—Council Remains Inactive.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—The expected shake-up in the Waycross fire department has not yet materialized. It was reported a week ago that former Chief Thomas Ballentyne, of the Savannah fire department, would become chief of the Waycross department. So far, however, the matter has not been presented to Council for action.

Recent improvements in the fire department caused members of Council to feel that a more experienced man was needed as chief, and the report of the expected change caused the friends of Chief E. C. Hall to get busy. What effect, if any, this had is unknown, but it is stated on authority that the fire department shake-up may not be talked about again until the first of the year, when Council elects the Fire Chief along with other city officials.

Fought Four Men; Held for Killing

Charlton County Slayer Released on Bond of $5,000—Now in Hospital.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—An order was passed by Judge E. A. Parker, of the Waycross circuit to-day allowing C. W. Webb, charged with killing J. M. Crawford at Moniac, in Charlton County, temporary bail of $5,000. Authority was also given to transfer Cobb from Valdosta, where he has been in a hospital, to Hazlehurst. Thursday is the date fixed for a commitment trial at Folkston.

When he killed Crawford, Cobb was fighting four men, who attacked him as he started to board a passenger train. After he was cut to pieces he was left by the track all night.

NEW TRIAL FOR LANIER OVERRULED BY JUDGE

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Judge T. A. Parker overruled the motion for new trial in the case of State vs. W. C. Lanier, under life sentence for killing an infant. Attorneys will appeal the case to the Supreme Court. Lanier's wife, who was jointly indicted with him, was acquitted when she was tried at an adjourned term of court in June.

WAYCROSS TO TRY NEW FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Semi-Commission and Business Manager Plans To Be Voted on at Special Election.

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Waycross is on the verge of two interesting elections, and will top off the year with a warm municipal campaign.

The first election will be that of a Recorder to fill the recently-created position of City Recorder. The bill, as passed by the Georgia Legislature, provides that any lawyer 21 years of age may fill the place, and while there are no announced candidates for the position, it is known that members of Council have been approached by several who would like to serve until the election next year.

After the election of a Recorder will be the charter election. This will probably be called by Council at a meeting to be held next Tuesday, and will be for the purpose of deciding what changes, if any, in the present government of Waycross will be made. The charter bill provides for the city manager plan of government, which is a combination of the aldermanic and commission government, and an increased Board of Aldermen with appointive departmental heads. The proposition to have an all-time Mayor has been given up, and instead the charter provides that whoever is named Mayor must give sufficient time to look after the office properly. The salary of the Mayor is doubled, $1,200 being allowed under the new charter, as compared to $600 at present. The salaries for Aldermen are wiped out completely by the new charter. Heretofore Aldermen have been paid $200 a year.

There are many advocates of the two kinds of city government, and the election to be held will undoubtedly go down in the city's history as one of the warmest ever known in Waycross.

NEW RAILROAD TO BRUNSWICK FROM DARIEN

Connecting Link Will Be Completed by October 1—Preparations for Entry.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Preparations are already under way for the entry of the Georgia Coast and Piedmont Railroad into Brunswick on October 1.

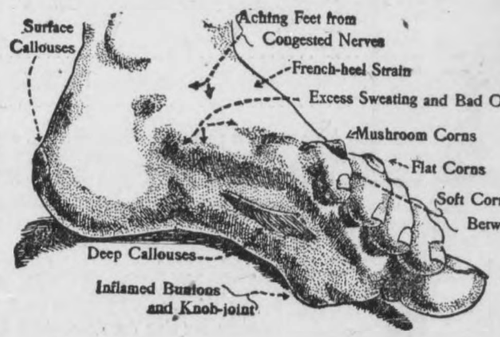
The rails are laid almost in entirety from Darien to Brunswick, and all that remains to make the connecting link perfect is the completion of the steel bridge over the Altamaha River. Work on the passenger and freight depots in this city is well under way, as likewise the work on the terminals along the river front.

By connecting Brunswick and Darien, many miles will be saved in going from one place to the other. The only direct connection with the McIntosh County seat is by boat from this city, which requires four and one-half hours to make the trip. With the Georgia Coast and Piedmont in operation, it will be possible to traverse the distance in less than an hour.

The road now runs from Collins, in Toombs County, to Darien, and with the extension to this city one of the richest territories agriculturally in Georgia will be opened up.

The road was started last summer, after having been under discussion for five years. The County Commissioners of Glynn and the city of Brunswick appropriated a large sum to aid in bringing the road here. The general offices of the road will be brought to Brunswick from Darien before the entry into this city.

For social news of the South, see Page 11, this section, and the society section.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building. Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit) ... $ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit) ... 250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value ... $1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities ... $1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash ... $ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash ... $ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk ... $30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913.
EDWIN G. MARKS,
Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock ... $ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash ... 500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value ... $4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities ... $4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash ... $967,024.23

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash ... $875,954.38
Greatest amount insured in any one risk ... $ 50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding ... 452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913.
H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon
FOR ORGANIZATIONS

5,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon

1,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

GIRLS' CLASS

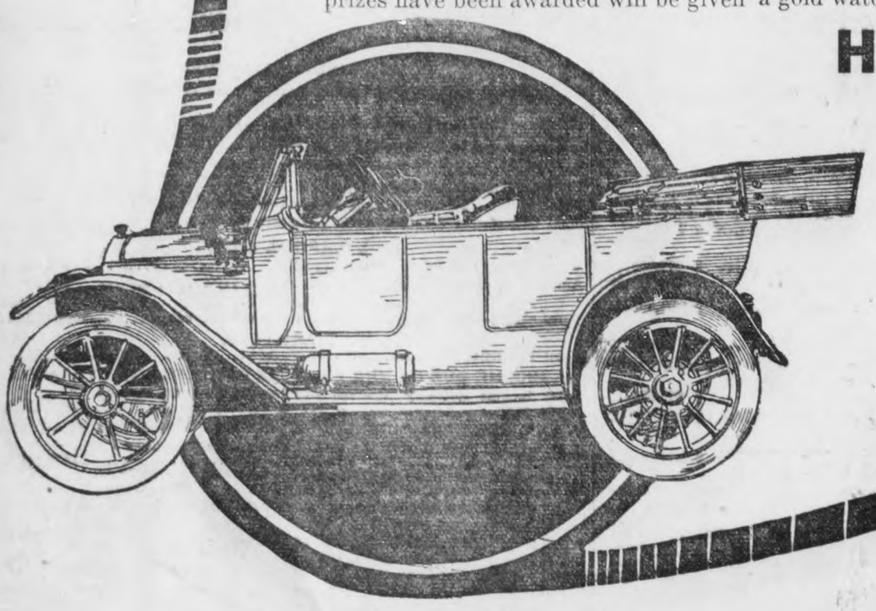
To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Griffin

GRIFFIN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Annie Martin is at Demorest, accompanied by Mrs. George Marlin, of Columbus.

Mrs. Lucy Cunningham, of Glade Springs, Va., is in Griffin, where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Elam, which occurred Sunday.

Misses Mary Lucia Slade and Jesse Cannifax and Messrs. J. T. Wells and C. V. Weathers have returned from Lifsey Springs, where they have been members of a camping party.

Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott left Wednesday for Salem, Va., where she is to be a member of a house party to be given by Miss Columbia Kelly.

Dr. and Mrs. Marcus F. Carson have just returned home from a visit to relatives at Commerce.

Walter B. Jackson and Miss Fannie Webster Logan were married here by the Rev. J. R. King.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruskin have returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

Mrs. B. B. Brown, Miss Olivia Brown and Master Douglas Brown have been visiting relatives in Rowsell.

Mrs. W. E. H. Searcy, Sr., spent last week in Atlanta in company with Senator Searcy.

Miss Nina Jenkins has returned from Eatonton, where she was a member of a house party.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wolcott, Miss Marjorie Hayes Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Faircloth and daughter, Miss Marianna Sears, Mrs. A. J. Dunham and her guests, Miss Wood, of Tennille; Mrs. J. M. Kelly, Miss Jesse Cannifax, of Barnesville; Miss Page Acree, of Chattanooga; Miss Elise Hay, of Dallas, Texas; Miss Rebecca Brown, Miss Mary Lucia Slade, Miss Elise Johnson, Messrs. Hughlett Kellett, Crossenberrey, C. V. Weathers, H. T. Green, Robert Williams, L. H. Beck and Robert Ramspeck, of Atlanta, formed a camping party to Lifsey Springs.

Miss Annie Suber, of Macon, is spending the week-end in Griffin with her sister, Mrs. Z. E. Jay, on Hill street.

Miss Mattie Evans has returned to her home in Washington, D. C. She will return to Griffin early in September.

Mrs. R. O. Crouch and children are in Meriwether County, the guests of Mrs. M. T. Crouch, the mother of Mr. Crouch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartow Jackson, of Bernice, La., are here on a visit to relatives of the former.

A wedding of interest in this section was that of Miss Edna Dingler, of Williamson, to Dr. Jackson, of Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Blake and son have returned from a tour of several Northern cities, including New York, Washington, Philadelphia and other places in the East. They were accompanied by Mrs. Blake's sister, Mrs. Lilah Copeland, and her son, H. J. Copeland, of McDonough.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Reddy, who have resided in Griffin for the past four years, have removed to Tennille.

Miss Lucile Flemister entertained Wednesday morning at a porch party in compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Walker, of Monroe.

Mrs. J. R. Cole and Mrs. James Flint were the hostesses at a domino party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. A. DuPree, of Marietta; Miss Jessie Robinson, of Owensboro, Ky., the guest of Mrs. James Baxter, and several other visitors.

Miss Ettienne Goddard entertained Tuesday afternoon at an al fresco party in honor of her guest, Miss Ruth Brown, of Waycross.

Captain and Mrs. James Kimbrough entertained Monday evening at dinner in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. William L. Owen, of New Orleans, La.

Miss Oressa Shackleford entertained at a lawn party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Lula Hanson, of Macon.

Miss Nellie Corbin gave a swimming party Tuesday afternoon at Corbin's Pond in honor of her guest, Miss Laura Porter, of Houston, Texas.

Mrs. J. C. Brooks leaves Thursday morning for Panama, where she will visit her son, Jack Brooks.

Miss Carmine Thomas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. L. Tucker, returned to her home in Atlanta Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Strickland will leave Sunday for an extended tour through the New England States, and will spend some time in Boston and New York before returning to Griffin.

Mrs. A. J. Mills has gone to Sharpsburg, the home of her childhood.

Miss Mary Bass has returned from a stay of several weeks at Lake Chautauqua, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hammond, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Woods Hammond on West Poplar street.

Jackson

JACKSON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. S. H. Thornton gave a reception Thursday in honor of her house guests, Mrs. A. B. Roberts, Mrs. S. B. Hungerford, Mrs. Charles Clawson and Miss Lucile Roberts, of Macon. Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Mrs. R. W. Oxford, Miss Nina Harris, Miss Mary Newton and Miss Pauline Mallett assisted Mrs. Thornton in entertaining. Misses Doris Nutt, Sylvia Lyons and Helen Ham served punch.

Miss Lucile Tolleson, of McDonough, was the honor guest at a rook party given Saturday by Miss Doris Nutt, whose guest she is. Miss Helen Carmichael won the first prize, a handkerchief, and the guest of honor was given a lace fan. Mrs. E. D. Tolleson assisted in entertaining.

In compliment to her guest, Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, Miss Mary Land gave a rook party Tuesday afternoon. The guest's prize was a silk fan and the trophy for top score fell to Miss Kate Ham.

Mrs. A. H. Smith and Miss Helen Smith, who are here for the summer, spent a few days of the week at their home in Atlanta.

Miss Sarah Wylie, of Cartersville, is the guest of Miss Mary Land.

Mrs. W. S. McBryant and her daughter, Mrs. Homer Young, of Augusta, and Mrs. J. D. Loner and children, of Alabama City, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McBryant.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mays are in Whitesburg.

Mrs. Wilbur Ham, of Cartersville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Ham.

Miss Thelma Woods is at home from a visit to Mrs. Fred Hatfield, in Opelika.

Mrs. Charles Rice, of Atlanta, is spending the week-end with Mrs. A. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carmichael have returned from a visit to Norfolk.

Mrs. H. H. Hooten, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Maddox, Jr., of Valdosta, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Maddox.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—A party of twelve of the Thomasville Campfire Girls, chaperoned by Mrs. J. Scott Hunter, left this week for Hendersonville, N. C., and will camp for a month at Bat's Cave, near Hendersonville. Those in the party were Misses Mabel Evans, Ethel Evans, Katherine Balfour, Blanche McDonald, Rose Evans, Carmen Evans, Georgia McKay, Florence Vaughn, Mary Patterson, Isabel Peacock and Hattie Brandon.

Miss Lucile Green left this week for a trip to Washington, New York and other points.

Miss Alice Bateman, of Dallas, Texas, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Mash.

Miss Pauline Harrell, of Bainbridge, is the guest of Miss Nell Patten.

Mrs. T. N. Hopkins and Miss Helen Hopkins have returned from a visit to Waynesville, N. C.

Miss Bessie Helm, of Bronwood, Texas, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. S. Parker, has returned home.

Miss Martha Brantley, of Boston, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Willis Moore.

Misses Fraser and Isabel Mitchell are the guests of Mrs. D. I. MacIntyre in Atlanta.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe, of Valdosta, are the guests of Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. W. H. Parker is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. D. Steel, in St. Paul, Minn.

Miss Maude Speight has returned from Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Turner are visiting New York and other Eastern points.

Mrs. H. W. Hopkins has returned from Western North Carolina.

Mrs. W. L. Ball has returned from Battle Creek, Mich.

Mrs. J. B. Lockhart has returned to her home in Adel after a visit to her mother, Mrs. Arthur Patten.

Mrs. H. D. Atkinson and Miss Gladys Atkinson have returned from a visit to friends in Bainbridge.

Mrs. Henry Lester and Misses Mildred and Susan Lester have returned from a visit to Atlanta and Chattanooga.

Miss Margaret McKay, who has been visiting Miss Susie Leonard at Talbotton, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Spence left this week for a trip North.

Miss Eula Brooks, of Boston, is the guest of friends.

Mrs. James A. Mallette, of Boston, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Tifton

TIFTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Tom Williams, of Douglas, was the guest of Mrs. N. Peterson Monday.

Misses Vannie and Nora Goggans are attending a house party at Sylvester given by Miss Lamp.

Miss Rose Scheuerman has returned to Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Hazel Ford has returned from Atlanta and the Blue Ridge Mountains.

Mrs. I. A. Fulwood and Miss Louise Fagan are visiting in Rochelle and Fort Valley.

Miss Deborah McRae, of Thomasville, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. McRae Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Myers left Wednesday for Washington, D. C.

Mrs. W. T. Hargrett is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Speight, of Moultrie.

Mrs. R. S. Kell and children have returned home from Atlanta.

Misses Mary Carl Hurst, of Atlanta, and Florence Mercer, of Albany, are the guests of a house party given by Mr. Amos Tift, for which Mrs. S. L. Fleetwood is chaperon.

Misses Julia Williams, of Douglas, and Florence Parks, of Ty Ty, are the guests of a house party given by Miss Aline Shipp.

Miss Adelaide Hargrett entertained her guests with an all-day picnic at Lucy Lake Tuesday.

Cordele

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—Miss Lamar Ryals is expected to return Monday from a trip to the Eastern States.

Misses Sarah and Erin McArthur, of McGregor, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. John B. Ryals.

Mrs. D. Meredith Clarke was the hostess Wednesday to the Young Matrons' Club.

Miss Jurelle Little has returned from Eastman.

Mrs. Robert Wynne, of Eastman, is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Walters.

Mrs. John Barfield and little son, of Emerich, were guest during the week-end at the home of Judge and Mrs. S. W. Coney.

Mrs. A. H. Holder, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Miss Nellie Roberts.

Sam Coney, Jr., is home from Washington for a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Webb have returned from a visit at Chipley and Columbus.

Miss Emily Hyde is visiting Mrs. John Hyde at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Arthur Purvis has returned to her home at Americus after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Persall.

Mrs. James Kee, of Macon, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Williams.

Misses Marie and Lucile Diffee have returned home from a visit to Mrs. H. J. Maddox at Bainbridge.

Miss Mazie Crawford was the hostess Thursday at a luncheon for a party of young friends, including her three cousins, the Misses Colman, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Miss Neta Reser, of Bristol, Tenn., and Messrs. L. E. Fenn, Hunt, Hancock, Reagan and Turner.

Miss Ida Fay Mathews has returned from a visit at Shellman.

Mrs. W. A. Frout, of Barnesville, is visiting Mrs. T. E. Jennings

Misses Elma and Laura Bell, of Valdosta, are the guests of Miss Mary Sue Russell.

Miss Ruth Carswell, of Waycross, the guest of her cousin, Miss Harriet Carswell, was entertained this week by Miss Carswell, Mrs. J. E. Lindsay and Miss Sarah Hyde.

Miss Alice Oliver has returned to Americus after a visit to Miss Belle Jones.

Talbotton

TALBOTTON, Aug. 16.—The most important social event of the week was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones to Mr. Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, Monday night. The wedding was at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Trussell. Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church here, performed the ceremony. C. K. Mahone and Mrs. Dana Brown were the attendants. The wedding was a surprise

Mrs. Jennie Gray Draughon returned to Reynolds Tuesday after a visit to Miss Hattie Simpson.

Miss Hattie Taylor, of Fitzgerald, has been the guest of Miss Susie Leonard during the week. She and Miss Leonard and a few others were entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner given in her honor by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bryan Monday night. The others present were Miss Lizzie Ragland and Miss Imogene Smith.

Miss Clara Spivey and Miss Anne Douglass left Monday for Franklin, N. C., where they are invited on a camping trip with Miss Lynn Johnston.

One of the most enjoyable of the summer dances given by our nearby little town of Geneva was that Tuesday evening by J. E. Bartlett and Walter Adams at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson, in compliment to the young ladies of Geneva. The punch bowl was presided over by Misses Willie Kate Edge and Gussie Lee Cook. Ices and cakes were served by Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Hazel McCrary and little Kate Whit Stinson. Among the dancers were Misses May Covington, Willie and Mary Edge, Hazel McCrary, Gussie Lee Cook, Myrtice and Jennie McCrary Etta and Zoudie Bradshaw, Ora Colquitt, Sallie Shipp, Kate Whit Stinson, Messrs. J. E. Bartlett, Walter Adams, E. G. Cook, Albert Persons, Fitz Colquitt, Lake McCrary, Clinton Barksdale, Jim McFarland, and Harvey Benson. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stinson and Miss Missie McCrary.

A social event of this week which came as a surprise was the marriage of Miss Miriam Jones, of Mount Ida, Talbot County, to Herbert Linwood Dickerson, of Cordele, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Trussell on College avenue Monday night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist Church. C. K. Mahone was best man and Mrs. Lilyan Brown matron of honor.

Mrs. Dickerson is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. T. Jones, of Mount Ida. Mr. Dickerson formerly resided at Talbotton and in Atlanta.

Hazlehurst

HAZLEHURST, Aug. 16.—A beautiful wedding of Friday was that of Miss Mary Frazier to Bolling Harvey Johnson, which was quietly solemnized by the Rev. W. M. McMorries, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. H. Greene.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left immediately after a reception for the mountains of North Carolina.

Moultrie

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. C. A. Beall is with relatives at Sylvester.

Mrs. W. E. Adams who has been the guest of friends here has returned to her home at Thomaston.

Miss Lonnie Vickers is at home after visiting relatives at Greenville, Fla.

Miss Ethel Spivey left yesterday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. J. C. Mebale is at home from a visit to Oklahoma City and Muskogee, Okla.

Miss Mabel Clark, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Bessie Muller.

Mrs. J. M. Strickland, of Dothan, Ala., who has been the guest of relatives here, left Friday for home.

Miss Lucia Gilmore is the guest of friends at Cordele.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Tharpe are spending the summer at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

Mrs. D. B. L. Powell is at home from Panama City, Fla.

Misses Minnie and Janie Milligan, of Newton, Ala., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. A. Huber.

Miss Nona Smith returned yesterday from Chautauqua, N. Y.

Mrs. T. W. Maddox came home Friday from Atlantic Beach, Fla.

Mrs. W. B. Linder, of Dublin, is with her mother, Mrs. G. S. Nelson.

Mrs. I. A. Heard is the guest of relatives at Vienna.

Mrs. C. L. Stevenson left yesterday for Cartersville.

Miss Mary Harris has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Pidcock left yesterday for White House, N. J.

Mrs. W. F. Way entertained a party of friends at a domino party Thursday.

Eatonton

EATONTON, Aug. 16.—Dr. and Mrs. George Noble, accompanied by Misses Noble and Drs. Wagner and Henry Noble, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, making the trip in Dr. Noble's car.

Mrs. Clinton Powell entertained for her guest, Miss Mary T. Lawrence, of Milledgeville, Friday afternoon.

Mrs. R. Preston Brooks and children, of Athens, are the guests of Mrs. Alex Reid.

Mrs. Walter Chamblee, of Atlanta, and Mrs. and Mrs. Irby Kilpatrick, of Athens, are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kilpatrick.

Mrs. James Davenport, of Brunswick, and Miss Annie Smith, of Sparta, are visiting Mrs. T. G. Greene.

Mrs. T. G. Greene entertained at a reception for Mrs. Davenport and Miss Smith, on Saturday afternoon. The Delta Phi's formed a group of girls, receiving the guests on the porch, where Mrs. Sam Dusenburg, of Barnesville, served punch.

An event of the week was Miss Agnes Leverette's bridge party in honor of Mrs. Davenport, of Brunswick, at the home of Dr. and Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro, Monday evening. Mrs. John T. Dennis received first prize, Sam Hearn the consolation, and Mrs. Davenport was given a guest prize.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Candler, Jr., of Clearwater, Fla., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Reid Hearn.

Saturday morning Mrs. M. F. Adams, Mrs. B. N. Alsbrook, and Mrs. James Denham were joint hostesses at a party given in honor of Miss Helen Denham and her house party.

Mrs. V. H. Taliaferro will entertain in honor of her visitors, Misses Noble, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Gardner entertained at tea Saturday evening for Mrs. Sidney Reid and her guest, Mrs. Rogers Davis, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis entertained Tuesday for their house guests, Miss Allen Bell, of South Carolina; Mrs. Rollin Hutchinson, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dennis, of Elberton. The punch bowl was presided over by Miss Lelia Turner and Miss Eleanor Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Dennis were assisted in entertaining by Colonel and Mrs. Frak Jenkins, Mrs. Sid Edmondson and Miss Mattie Edmondson.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, Aug. 16.—Miss Juanita Bennett has returned from a visit to Americus.

Miss Clifton Wing, of Macon, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thorpe.

Members of the Friday Club were entertained by Miss Hettie Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wall left Thursday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. W. B. Stovall, who has been visiting in Griffin, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Remley left on Wednesday for a visit to White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Macey Highsmith left Wednesday for a visit to Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. V. A. Jones, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting relatives in Waycross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Scruggs and little daughter and Mr. Oren L. Gray left Tuesday for an auto trip through Georgia and North Carolina.

Mrs. Jennie Mell and Miss Viola Mell left yesterday for a visit to points in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Dessau Bunn visited relatives in the city this week, returning to St. Simons.

Mrs. A. M. Litch left Wednesday for Spartanburg, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Brewer and Miss Hester Brewer, who have been visiting Judge and Mrs. H. P. Brewer, have returned to Douglas.

Miss Dorothy Krauss, who has been the guest of Miss Anice Daniel and Miss Annie Laurie Walker, returned to Brunswick Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Hughes and son returned Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Atwood, Mrs. R. J. Haines and Miss Moneta Haines left Thursday for a visit to points in Virginia.

Mrs. E. P. Guren and little son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. J. Walter Lyon.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran left this week for a visit to points in North Georgia and Tennessee.

Mrs. E. H. Clark and children have returned from a visit to St. Louis.

Mrs. John C. Nicholls and daughter, Miss Meta Nicholls, returned Tuesday from Hendersonville, N. C.

Miss Lula Platt, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. B. N. Norvell, left Wednesday for Woodland, Cal.

Miss Anna Morrison left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. E. C. Yerkes, of St. Louis, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. B. Drane, her daughter, left Thursday for San Francisco.

Misses Ada and Natalie Smith, of New York, arrived Wednesday.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, Aug. 16.—The Art Needle Workers were entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William R. Youles.

Mrs. J. H. Scruggs left on Tuesday for Aberdeen, Miss.

Mr. A. B. Smith and family have gone down to Rocky Ford and are in camp.

Mr. J. F. Stapler chaperoned six or eight couples of young people to Blue Springs, Fla., on a fishing trip.

Mrs. John Q. Sineath and her little daughter, Virginia, left Tuesday for Atlanta and Huntington, Tenn.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and children left Tuesday for Hendersonville, N. C. Dr. Rose and the boys went up on Thursday in their automobile.

Mrs. W. B. Fender and children returned to Valdosta from Atlanta on Monday.

Miss Eula Garbutt has returned to her home at Fitzgerald.

Miss Julie Winn Varnedoe and her guests, Misses Gladys Laney and Daisy Wilkins, are at Thomasville visiting Miss Louise Grantham.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Black left Wednesday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. C. C. Brantley left Thursday night for Brevard and Toxaway, N. C.

Mr. J. N. Griffin has returned from the Nacoochee Valley, where he has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. G. Hardman.

Miss Georgia Smith and Messrs. Frank Smith and Leon Paine left Tuesday for New York.

Miss Edith Doty left Friday for Niagara Falls and Canada.

Miss Sallie Mathis left Wednesday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyly Doty and children have gone to Savannah.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mathis left Thursday for New York.

Miss Mattie Pope Hagherty left Thursday for Americus.

Misses Irvin Denmark and Cap Relihan left Wednesday for New York.

Misses Louise and Mattie Sue Goodloe left Monday for Thomasville to visit Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pardee.

Mrs. C. R. Ashley and her son and Miss Eugie Dasher left Wednesday over the National Highway for points in North Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland and child left Wednesday night for Newnan, Ga.

Washington

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The patriotic societies of Washington are planning to entertain all Confederate veterans in Wilkes County the first Tuesday in September.

Mrs. Lawrence O. Fortson was the hostess at a meeting of the Wednesday Afternoon Bridge Club this week.

Miss Roselyn Wootten, who has been visiting relatives in Columbus, returned Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. William Graham Love, who will spend two weeks in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Richard Wootten.

Mrs. W. D. Ellington is visiting in Daytona Beach, Fla., the guest of Mrs. C. L. Horn.

Mrs. Mary Fisher, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Richard D. Callaway.

Washington relatives who will attend the marriage of Miss Edythe Sims and Mr. Paul Newsom, of this city, which will occur Monday afternoon in Atlanta, are Mrs. James C. Newsom, Miss Ina Newsom, Mrs. E. S. Roberts, Misses Julia Toombs and Lucy Willis DuBose and Messrs. Sam Brooks, W. Frank Lee and John B. Green. Following the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Newsom will leave on the afternoon train for Washington and will be at home with Mr. and Mrs. Raymond R. Smith.

Gainesville

GAINESVILLE, Aug. 16.—One of the most interesting affairs of the week was a party given by Miss Marguerite Chamblee, in honor of her cousin, Miss Estelle Barrett, of Clarkston, and Miss Dorothy Fitzgerald, of Gainesville.

Miss Lillah Fickling, of Rome, the guest of Misses Helen and Dorothy Dean, was the honoree of Miss Louise Law in a lawn party given Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Henry Washington entertained a few friends at a porch party Thursday afternoon for Miss Jeannette Christian, the guest of Mrs. J. C. Pruitt.

On Friday afternoon Miss Margaret Jewell celebrated her eighth birthday with a quaint party.

Misses Annie and Esther Smith entertained informally at their home Monday evening in honor of their guests, Misses Mary and Annie Smith, of Silver City.

The party given Friday evening by Miss Mary Logan was a compliment to her guest, Miss Mary Hanna Kimsey, of Cornelia.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. Noah Webster was hostess at a delightful sewing party.

Cedartown

CEDARTOWN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Lucy Henderson was married Tuesday to J. H. Hawkins, of Rome. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. C. Heard at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. F. A. Irwin. Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins have gone to Borden Wheeler Springs and will be at home in Rome after September 1.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, Aug. 16.—Miss Vannie Phillips spent Wednesday in Atlanta.

Miss Ethel Stevens, of Ball Ground, arrived Tuesday to attend the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Cramer spent Monday in Temple.

Miss Lucy Harris spent Wednesday and Thursday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Smith returned Tuesday from Atlanta and Dallas.

Mrs. Arthur Coffee, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Bass.

Mrs. L. S. Sims left for Cartersville Sunday to visit her mother, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hanna, of Chesterfield, S. C., are visiting Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. J. R. Jolly is visiting her parents in Dawson.

Miss Floy Rawls, of Rome, is the guest of Miss Vannie Phillips.

Mrs. George Harris and baby are in Warm Springs visiting Mrs. Harris' sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bickford and son are in Atlanta.

Miss Eugenie Mandeville has returned to Atlanta.

Mrs. Leon Walker, of Clearwater, Fla., is the guest of their mother, Mrs. T. B. Griffin.

Miss Marie Spence, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. W. Glass.

Mrs. T. B. Griffin has returned from a visit to Newnan and Atlanta.

Mrs. Cecil Boykin left Monday for her home in Marietta.

Mr. and Mrs. Mandeville Long have returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Edna Cook left Wednesday for Piedmont Springs.

Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers, is the guest of Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almon.

Miss Lula Kingsbery has returned to Atlanta, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Henderson.

Miss Natalie Jones, of Griffin, who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Griffin, has returned.

Miss Nell Sharpe, of Jacksonville, Fla., is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hearn, of New York, are expected in Carrollton next week to visit Mr. Hearn's mother, Mrs. E. E. Hearn.

Mrs. Robert Creel, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bledsoe, has returned to her home in Jasper, Ala.

Miss Katie Lou Thomasson will leave Tuesday for Piedmont Springs.

Mrs. Cleo Shaw and daughter, Sarah Helen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Teague, at Heflin, Ala.

Miss Lucy Harris, who has been in New York studying music, returned Friday and is with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson, left Wednesday for Opelika, Ala.

Mrs. E. W. Keith and little daughter, Louise, of Rome, attended the Shell-Stevens wedding.

Mrs. Ruth Kramer entertained at a theater party Wednesday afternoon complimentary to Miss Mary Lou Tucker, of Conyers.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thomasson spent Tuesday in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, of Griffin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Moore.

Misses Cleo and Kathleen Almand entertained at a theater party Monday afternoon complimentary to their visitor, Miss Mary Lou Tucker.

Mrs. William Beall and daughter, Miss Allie Beall, have returned from Birmingham and Bessemer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Bass and baby have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bass, at Piedmont Springs.

LaGrange

LAGRANGE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Michael Cody, of Montgomery, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Ferrell.

Miss Stella Bradfield is visiting relatives in McDonough.

Mrs. Fred Robinson, of Atlanta, is visiting her father, Glover Hood, of LaGrange.

Mrs. John Brown, of Locust Grove, is the guest of Mrs. E. R. Bradfield.

Miss Alma Albright is visiting her brother, Will Albright.

Mrs. Griffin is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Harrison.

Mrs. Howell, of Warrenton, is a guest of her son, Jim Howell, on Hill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Shang are visiting in Hogansville.

Miss Margaret Bell, of Dadeville, Ala., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Shearer.

Mr. and Mrs. George [illegible] have returned from a visit to [illegible]ville, Ala.

Misses Mildred and [illegible]on Bradfield, of Atlanta, are visiting Miss Sara Lane.

Mrs. Lillie Cason is the guest of Mrs. Fuller E. Callaway.

Miss Ethel Pike is visiting in Atlanta.

Mrs. Charles J. Warner and family, of Rome; Mrs. J. B. Ridley and family, of Atlanta; Mrs. G. S. Edmundson and family, of Abbottsford; Carl Edmundson, of Conyers; Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy and family and J. P. Edmundson, who have been guests of Mayor and Mrs. Edmundson, have returned to their homes.

Helena

HELENA, Aug. 16.—A wedding which came as a surprise was that of Miss May Council to Eugene Suddeth, of Madison, Fla. They went for a drive and stopped at the parsonage of the Rev. J. K. Hines, where they were married. Miss Mantie Coker, a friend of the bride, going with them.

An event of Tuesday evening was a social affair given by Miss Florence Davenport in honor of J. C. Clements, of Macon. Those present were Misses Florence Davenport, Marie Brewton, Edith and Marion Creighton, Clara Dunford, Vera McGinty, Messrs. J. C. Clements, of Macon; Richard Carson, P. W. Pittman, of Atlanta; Billie Ryals and G. A. Boatright, of Americus.

Mr. Marion Howard, of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Pittman this week.

Mrs. E. J. Tyson, of Abbeville, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. F. M. Creighton.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, Aug. 16.—A delightful affair was the afternoon tea given by Mrs. Horace Howard in honor of Mrs. Henry Gooding, of Columbia, S. C., who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bradley Howard.

Mrs. John P. Anderson entertained the Round Dozen Sewing Club Wednesday afternoon. The guests were Mrs. Conyers Fite, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Samuel Candler, Clearwater, Fla.; Mrs. George L. Cope, Savannah; Mrs. J. G. Simpson, Miss Mattie Jones, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Bert Sims, Murfreesboro, Tenn.; Mrs. Otto Conn, Mrs. Louie Hall, Miss Maude Norris, Milledgeville; Miss Ann Smith, Pittsfield, Mass.; Mrs. Bob Best, Rome, and Mrs. Gordon Cassells, Savannah.

Mrs. W. T. Bate, of Barnesville, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Calhoun.

Mrs. Buford Graw has returned from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Mrs. Otto Conn and Miss Ruth Conn, of Milledgeville, are in Cartersville, the guests of Mrs. D. B. Freeman.

Mrs. Harris Cope and Mr. W. H. Field left Tuesday for Versailles, Ky., to visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton.

Miss Johnnie Louise Sanders, of Elmwood, is the guest of Miss Emily Davis.

Mrs. Lena Wofford Harley, of Sparta, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Wofford.

Miss Ruth Berry, of Atlanta, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Lutie Harvey.

Mrs. J. C. Platt and little daughter, Katherine Platt, of Augusta, are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Saxon.

Mrs. Alfred Zachry and son, Alfred Zachry, Jr., of West Point, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. J. W. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cassells and Miss Gladys Cassells, of Savannah, are the guests of Mrs. Emriod Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Walker, of Monroe, spent the week with their daughter, Mrs. Hampton Field.

Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. John Adair are at Glenn Springs, S. C.

Mrs. Logan Vaughn has returned from White Sulphur Springs.

Covington

COVINGTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. B. C. Jenkins and children, of Columbus, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. N. Rainey, left Friday for Atlanta, where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Murphy.

Mrs. Jack H. Estes, of Dallas, Texas, arrived Monday to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. D. Bush. Mrs. Estes is remembered as Miss Florrie Cheney, having frequently been the guest of Mrs. Bush before her marriage.

Miss Ida Shelnut, who has been entertained as the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Carter, left Friday to visit relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. R. H. Bickerstaff and children have returned to their home in Athens after a visit to Mrs. J. M. Allen and Miss Jule Allen.

Miss Clara Belle Adams is entertaining a bevy of girls at her home on Floyd street, including Misses Mary Stephens, of Nashville, Tenn.; Maggie Rogers, Marguerite and Agnes Adams, of Carrollton.

Misses Bernice Breedlove, of Monroe; Virginia Withers, of Atlanta, and Fannie Mae Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., returned to their homes Monday after spending ten days at Henderson's Mill as the guests of the campers.

Mrs. Roscoe Johnson, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mrs. T. F. Hodges and children, of Dothan, Ala., who have been spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Clarke, have returned to their homes. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke have as their guests now Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mobley, of Millen.

Miss Dotye Greer, of Brunswick, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. Colquitt Greer, at Eatonton and Oconee Springs, spent last week as the guest of relatives in Madison. Miss Greer is spending this week with her sister, Mrs. C. I. Cash.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harwell, Mr. Candler Harwell, the Rev. and Mrs. Henry W. Branham and Mrs. Annie Webb, of Atlanta, left Thursday in Mr. Harwell's car for Indian Springs.

Miss Emily Henderson, of Tampa, Fla., and the Misses Mobley, of Hogansville, were guests of honor at a party given by Miss Leila Perry on Saturday morning. Misses Fannie Mae Henderson, Julia Cowan and Kate Perry assisted the hostess.

Mrs. P. W. Godfrey and Miss Frances Godfrey, accompanied by Mrs. Berto Lee, returned home Saturday from Atlanta, making the trip in Mrs. Godfrey's car.

Miss Frances Lee, of Atlanta, who has been the guest of Mrs. Laura Carter and Mrs. John M. Fleming, left Friday for a visit to relatives in Newborn.

Mrs. J. M. Fleming entertained Thursday afternoon at the Lyric Theater in honor of her guests, Misses Ida Shelnutt, of Sandersville, and Frances Lee, of Atlanta. In the party were Misses Ruby Vining, Lartrelle Meadors, Josephine Franklin, Ida Shelnut and Frances Lee.

A delightful event of the past week was that at which Mr. James Wells entertained Thursday evening at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Wells, in honor of Miss Edna Tompkins, of Helena, who, with her mother, Mrs. Robert Tompkins, has been the guest of Mrs. Wells for several days.

Misses Bower entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening in honor of their house guest, Miss Kittie Lee Bower, of Quitman.

Miss Sallie Mae Sockwell entertained Saturday morning with a porch party.

Dublin

DUBLIN, Aug. 16.—The marriage of Miss Julia Porter, of Danville, and C. G. Kitchens, of Dublin, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Porter, near Danville, Tuesday afternoon. The wedding was a simple home affair. The Rev. T. Bright performed the ceremony. The wedding march was played by Mrs. J. C. Ch

MR. HEARST TELLS WHY HE KEEPS OIL LETTERS FROM LOBBY INQUIRY

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Foreign-Born Women Voting Is Restricted

Illinois Attorney General Outlines Conditions Under Which They Can Cast Ballots.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 16.—In answer to Mayor Schriver, of Rock Island, for an opinion on votes for women under the new suffrage law and to govern authorities in an approaching election, Attorney General Lucey to-day held:

"That a foreign-born woman who marries a citizen of the United States, whether such citizen be natural born or naturalized, by such an act of marriage becomes a citizen of the United States.

"An unmarried foreign-born woman whose father did not become naturalized until after she arrived at her majority, would not, by such act of naturalization upon the part of her father, become a citizen of the United States.

"A woman born in the United States whose father was not naturalized prior to her arriving at her majority is a citizen of the United States."

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

DEER HINDERS TRAFFIC; DODGES TEAMS IN ROAD

ALBANY, ORE., Aug. 16.—Running along on a well-traveled country road a big buck deer dodged its way between three teams of horses and escaped unhurt last week. The deer was encountered near Brewster Station, on the Woodburn-Springfield line between Crabtree and Labanon, by three men who were hauling lumber to the railroad line.

As the season is not yet open for deer no attempt was made to shoot it.

WANT TO MAKE MONEY? START TERRAPIN FARM

Government Authority Declares There Are Big Profits in the Diamond-Backs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The diamond-back terrapin, aristocrat of the dining table and king of the banquet menu, need not disappear from the sandy shores of the United States and be lost to disciples of Epicurus forever if the business men of the nation will allow themselves to be awakened to the fact that there are fat dividends in the breeding of the animals.

Uncle Sam is sponsor for this statement. Experts in the Bureau of Fisheries are anxious that business men shall read its report.

At Beaufort, N. C., the experts started out four years ago with 40 females and 18 males, terrapin such as may be found from Southern Virginia all along the coast down to Florida. From this small breeding stock the experts procured 295 eggs in 1910. Of the 295 eggs only 7 failed to hatch.

In 1911 513 eggs were procured, and of these 421 were hatched. Even better results were obtained in 1912, when 650 eggs were procured and 538 hatched. The number of eggs laid and hatched in 1913 is expected to be far greater. Of course, a terrapin must be five or six years old before he is in the best shape for the table, but this slow growth is offset by the fact that "one man may care for several thousand terrapin."

Terrapin farms, the Government report says, should be situated on the shore line of tidal salt water, where a supply of fresh water also is available; low, swamp land where fish and crabs are plentiful being preferable. Best results are obtained by breeding the terrapin in pens specially built, but not expensive in construction.

Unlike the chicken breeders and the breeders of other food animals, the terrapin breeder need not worry about disease in his stock. The Government experts say: "So far as is known, diamond-back terrapins are not subject to epidemic disease, and after reaching the age of two or three years have no important enemy except man."

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 100 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time. Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906. William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

...d Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figgins, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

Border Officer Who Killed Six Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

Our August Furniture Sale

Our "Middle of the Month" August Furniture Specials have never been so numerous and the values so great.

The articles you want are here, carrying prices much lower than you expected to pay.

Why delay buying longer? Our courteous salesmen will be glad to show you through and aid you in making selections, and we will be pleased to arrange terms to suit YOU. Come in to-morrow.



Special Rocker Sale Monday

Monday Special on Small Rugs

Beautiful patterns in floral and Oriental designs. These rugs are positively guaranteed. Please note these prices, which are good for to-morrow only.

$1.50 Brussels Rugs, Monday 98c
$2.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $1.48
$4.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $2.98
$6.00 Axminster Rugs, Monday $3.98

A big shipment of four-dollar values. Substantially made, are attractive patterns, beautifully finished in rich golden oak. You can get genuine comfort in these rockers. Not more than three to any one customer and none to dealers. Our special price for to-morrow only is **$1.98**

Special Sale on Go-Carts Monday

25% Discount on Gas Ranges

Every sanitary, fuel-saving, conveniently arranged Buck's gas stove and range is included in this special discount. One dollar per week pays for your choice.

Special Sale on German Porch Screens

About three dozen left. They will make your porch cool and attractive. Please note these special prices.

$2.50 6-foot Screens, now only.....$1.48
$3.50 8-foot Screens, now only.....$1.98

About one dozen included in this lot. They are all samples—all badly damaged—values are from five to fifteen dollars. They are equipped with best re-tempered steel springs, heavy rubber tires, fold completely up in one and two movements. To-morrow only you may take your choice for only **$1.98**

Duplex Mattress

—made of eight layers of fluffy, sanitary felt; has imperial, tightly stitched edges, grade "A" ticking and we positively guarantee this mattress to not sag or lump. We are exclusive agents for this mattress. $1.00 cash, $1.00 weekly, at..... **$10.00**

Wood's Special Davenport

—a wonderful value. Frames are made of well seasoned materials. It is upholstered with genuine chase leather, has best re-tempered steel springs, and we can furnish it in golden oak, mahogany or mission finish. An ideal davenport by day, and ONE MOVEMENT converts into a full sized bed. Complete with sanitary felt mattress only **$37.50**

Blue Tag Bargain Basement

Six big wagonloads were added yesterday to this already well filled space of big home-furnishing values.

Every piece a needed article in some home—every piece an incomparable value. Come to-morrow (BIG MONDAY) and make your selections. Our usual terms apply to any selection made in our Blue Tag Bargain Basement.

Sellers Kitchen Cabinets

—the one kitchen cabinet which really fills all requirements. It has an ant and dust proof flour bin and sugar compartment—a convenient and sanitary place for everything needed in a modern kitchen—see our special for only **$31.50**

Wood's Special Chifforobe

—has a separate and convenient place for everything a man wears from an overcoat to a collar button. Also a large and conveniently arranged shaving mirror. It has a trouser rack which will keep trousers in shape, and a most convenient coat rack. Our special terms on any finish is $1.00 cash, $1.00 per week, and the price is only **$21.50**



Family Size
EAGLE

—will keep your foodstuff to perfection—the ice bill will be small and it will in every particular give satisfaction. Special terms of one dollar cash, the balance one dollar per week, and our price is only **$7.50**

Two Big Specials



Brass Bed

—has heavy, substantial two-inch posts, five extra large and strong fillers—furnished in either single or double sizes in satin or gloss finish—terms one dollar cash and one dollar per week, and our price is only **$12.50**



Special Outfit

—the outfit consists of one heavy two-inch continuous post gold bed, one sanitary felt mattress, one pair springs and one pair feather pillows. A great value. Our special terms are ninety cents cash and the balance $1.00 per week. Complete outfit only **$17.90**

Monday Special

An attractive dollar value, guaranteed time keeper—has extra loud alarm attachment—securely packed in a specially made box, and the special price for to-morrow only is

48 Cts.



Bachelor's Den

The coziest and most attractive MAN'S room you ever saw. See front window, Whitehall street. This entire outfit will be sold to any bachelor on especially attractive terms.

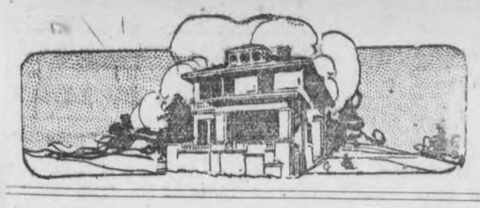
Rhodes-Wood FURNITURE COMPANY

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

103-5-7-9-11 Whitehall Street, Corner Mitchell

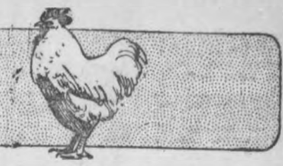
Crawford Chairs

—the most substantially made chair on the market—here in any finish—guaranteed by the manufacturer for five years—we are exclusive agents—see big display.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Real Estate, Want Ads, Financial



ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913.

Want Anything?

TELEPHONE

Main / Atlanta 100

Telephone clerk will take your ad, and, if requested, assist you in wording, or will write the ad for you—that's his business. He will also make it as brief as possible to obtain the results desired. In order to accommodate customers accounts will be opened by phone, but you will make payments promptly after publication or when bills are presented by mail.

Classified Advertising Rates:

1 insertion .....10c a line
3 insertions..... 6c a line
7 insertions..... 5c a line
30 insertions.....4½c a line
90 insertions..... 4c a line

No advertisements taken for less than the cost of two lines. Six words make a line.

To protect your interests as well as ours, an order to discontinue an ad will not be accepted over the phone. Please make order to discontinue in writing.

TELEPHONE

Both Phones 100

LITTLE ADS THAT BRING BIG RESULTS

RAILWAY SCHEDULES.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

"PREMIER CARRIER OF THE SOUTH."

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF PASSENGER TRAINS, ATLANTA.

The following schedule figures are published only as information, and are not guaranteed:

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
36	Birmingh'm ..12:01 am	36	New York....12:15 am
35	New York..... 5:00 am	20	Columbus .... 5:20 am
13	Jacksonville . 5:30 am	13	Cincinnati .. 5:40 am
43	Washington .. 8:25 am	32	Fort Valley.. 7:15 am
12	Shreveport ... 6:30 am	35	Birmingh'm. 5:50 am
16	Rollin ..... 8:20 am	7	Chatt'ga .... 6:40 am
29	New York....11:10 am	12	Richmond .... 6:55 am
8	Chatt'ga .... 10:35 am	23	Kansas City. 7:00 am
7	Macon ..... 10:40 am	16	Brunswick .. 7:45 am
17	Fort Valley..10:45 am	29	Birmingh'm 11:30 am
21	Columbus .... 10:50 am	38	New York....1:00 pm
6	Cincinnati ...11:10 am	40	Charlotte ...12:00 n'n
29	Columbus .... 1:40 pm	6	Macon ..... 12:20 pm
29	Birmingh'm ..12:40 pm	21	Columbus .... 12:30 pm
40	Birmingh'm .12:40 pm	39	New York.... 2:45 pm
39	Charlotte .... 3:55 pm	15	Chatt'ga .... 3:00 pm
5	Macon ..... 4:00 pm	37	Birmingh'm. 4:10 pm
37	New York..... 5:00 pm	18	Tocoa ..... 4:30 pm
15	Brunswick .... 7:50 pm	22	Columbus .... 5:10 pm
11	Richmond .... 8:15 pm	5	Cincinnati .. 5:10 pm
24	Kansas City... 9:30 pm	32	Fort Valley.. 5:20 pm
19	Columbus .... 9:35 pm	25	Rollin ..... 5:45 pm
19	Columbus ....10:20 pm	10	Macon ..... 5:50 pm
31	Fort Valley... 9:00 pm	14	Washington.. 5:45 pm
14	Cincinnati ...11:00 pm	24	Jacksonville.. 9:30 pm
23	Jacksonville . 6:50 am	11	Shreveport ..11:10 pm
17	Tocoa ..... 8:10 am	14	Jacksonville..11:10 pm

All trains run daily. Central time.

City Ticket Office No. 1 Peachtree St.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE Colored Labor Day Association will not be responsible for any debts or contracts not authorized by an order signed by the presidenar. C. M. Tanner.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

To Chiefs and Members of Comanche Tribe, No. 6:

You are requested to meet at the Red Men's Wigwam, 86 Central avenue, Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock, August 17, 1913, for purpose of attending funeral of our deceased brother, A. J. Grubbs. Funeral services at H. M. Patterson's Chapel, Interment Hollywood Cemetery. Brothers of other tribes invited to attend. SAM DUNLAP, Sachem.

Attest: HENRY H. GREEN, Chief of Records.

CHURCH NOTICES.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

FIRST Church of Christ, Scientist, Cable Hall, North Broad Street. Services, Sunday, 11 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; Wednesday evening testimonial meeting at 8 o'clock. Reading rooms at 613 the Grand, open daily, except Sundays and legal holidays, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., free to the public. 1-25-8

METHODIST.

ST. MARK—Corner Peachtree and Fifth Streets. A. M. Hughlett, A.M., LL.D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. 2-15-3

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

The Western and Atlantic Fire Insurance Company, of Nashville, Tenn., hereby gives notice that it has withdrawn from the State of Georgia and has not written any business in Georgia since the 10th of May, and will not write any more business in that State.

(Signed)
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Nashville, Tenn.
7-11-12

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Traveling man's sample case containing machinery catalogue, etc. Cash reward. Ivy 6862. Charles F. Ames.

LOST—Near Capital City Club or West Peachtree street man's watch fob, gold locket. Masonic emblem, engraved; monogram "W. W. S." Return to J. F. Allen & Co. Reward.

LOST—Saturday morning, downtown section, pocketbook containing cash, notes, railroad ticket, Sabrine card and other valuable papers, bearing signature of J. N. McClure. Finder will please return to 407 Gould Bldg., and receive reward.

LOST—Thursday evening between Peachtree and West Harris, an automobile crank handle. Finder please call Ivy 6387.

CERTIFICATE of Deposit No. 7412, issued by Capital National Bank to the order of A. N. Hollis, for $500, and payable only on his indorsement, bearing date December 11, 1912, has been lost. The public is hereby warned against accepting or otherwise dealing with said lost certificate. Third National Bank of Atlanta, Thomas C. Erwin, Cashier.

LOST—Will the party who found a ladies' black moire pocket book containing several dollars and receipts on West Peachtree car Friday morning please phone M. 3912-J? Reward.

STRAYED—From South Moreland avenue, Ormewood park, black mare, right hind foot white. Reward to finder. Phone Atlanta 1015, Bell 1023. W. C. Satterwhite, 109 West Mitchell street.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, either on car or Peachtree street between Candler Building and Eiseman Bros. store. Initials "L. R." on watch. Liberal reward if returned to Miss L. Thompson at Eiseman Bros., 13 Whitehall street.

LOST—Tuesday morning, between Courtland and Piedmont, plain gold bracelet. Return to 39 Currier street. Reward.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On South Broad street, near Mitchell, or Parson street, near Ashby street, Wednesday afternoon, order book containing yellow colored outside pencil book; contained near front and back names of people ordering. Liberal reward for return of book to Cook's Barber shop, 80 South Broad street.

LOST—$110 in bills, between Edgewood avenue and 289 Fort street. Liberal reward will be given for their return to M. P. Watts, 259 Fort street.

LOST—Ladies' card case, engraved "M. L. H." Finder return to 537 Equitable Bldg. Reward.

LOST—On Whitehall street, August 13, gold crescent brooch with cross of pearls. Reward. Phone M. 3184-L.

LOST—Bunch of keys along with patent belt fastener, early Friday morning; probably on Gordon street, Whitehall street car, or on Peachtree street in vicinity of Edgewood avenue. Reward will be paid if returned to George J. Auer, Edgewood Ave. office of The Georgian.

LOST—Between Westview Cemetery and 390 Rawson street, Sunday afternoon, ladies' gold watch; monogram on back and inside "Albert to Mary, 1912." Reward. 390 Rawson street.

LOST—Ladies' small gold open face watch; monogram D. L.; on Richardson, Washington street or Woodward avenue, Monday, August 11. Reward if returned to 228 Richardson.

LOST—Bunch of keys. Return to O. B. Oakes, 71 Capitol Ave. Reward.

LOST—One blue enamel gold bar pin. Finder please phone Ivy 6047, or call at 87 West Fifteenth street.

LOST—On Eads street, ladies' size solid gold Elgin watch, August 7. Reward. Return 107 Ira St.

LOST—One diamond and sapphire ring left in smoker A., B. and A. train near Manchester Saturday afternoon, August 9th. Liberal reward. Communicate with Maier & Berkele, Inc., Atlanta, Ga.

LOST—August 6, carved platinum gold back diamond set bar pin; liberal reward. Phone Main 2382-J.

$100 REWARD—Stolen on July 29, from the Pryor street entrance to Candler Building, Atlanta, Ga., one Cadillac touring car; factory number 44851; four-cylinder 30-horsepower 1912 model; Georgia State license No. 21836; $100 reward will be paid by the undersigned for information resulting in recovery of said car and conviction of thieves. Signed 7, Adjustment Bureau, Equitable Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

W. M. COX cleans all kinds of carpets, rugs a specialty. Ivy 3135-J, Atlanta 1818. 147 Auburn Ave. 7-20-3

LOST—Small black purse containing dress goods samples, sixteen dollars in bills and small change, Tuesday afternoon, between Brown & Allen's and M. Rich's. Finder please call Ivy 2380. Liberal reward.

PERSONAL.

LADIES TO SEW at home for a large Philadelphia firm; good money; steady work; no canvassing; send stamped envelope for prices paid. Universal Co., Dept. 68, Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 6-8-8

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

VIRGIN SNOW is not whiter than your complexion will be after you have used Peach Blow, the matchless skin bleach and skin food preparation. If your skin is discolored from any cause, write us once for free sample booklet and special offer now being made by the Brittain Company, McMinnville, Tenn.

LADIES—Ask your druggist for Chichester Pills, the Diamond brand; for twenty years known as best, safest, always reliable; buy of your druggist. Take no other. Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills are sold by druggists everywhere.

TWO young ladies experienced barbers, desire to take charge of barber shop in city or small town on commission or guaranteed salary. Call or address Agnes A. Herod, 403 Vance avenue, Memphis, Tenn.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

SUITS PRESSED ONLY 35 CENTS.

PHONE MAIN 1177 AND A MESSENGER WILL CALL.

THE WRIGHT SHOP.

FORMERLY IDEAL TAILOR SHOP.

15 FAIRLIE STREET.

6-30-23

ARE you addicted to the liquor habit? Send $5 and get one month's treatment; consultation free. Silver Medicine Co., P. O. Box 702, Buffalo, N. Y.

WOMAN DETECTIVE.

IF you need an honest, experienced detective, try a woman. Address Woman Detective, 15 Woodward Avenue, or phone Main 1959-J.

A BEAUTIFUL woman finds the world at her feet; all women can become beautiful. Write us. We will advise you. Goss-Wheeler Spec. Co., 15 Ex. Fla., Passaic, N. J.

LADIES—Sanderson's Cotton Root Pills; safe and sure cure for delayed periods; price $2; money refunded if it fails. Address W. T. Pierce, San Francisco. Cal.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

WANTED! STOP! LISTEN!

SEE O. I. CHAMBERS for papering, tinting and painting. 297 Cooper street.

$100 REWARD—Ladies, our monthly compound never disappoints, safely relieves longest, most obstinate, abnormal cases of suppressed menstruation in three days. Price $2. Southern Remedy Company, Memphis, Tenn.

HAT SALE—Trimmed hats, $1.50 to $5.00; outing hats, 75c; imported horsehair hats, $3.98; black hats, maline and lace trimmed. Remodeling hats specialty, $1.50. Panamas cleaned. Mrs. Smith, 115 Peachtree, next to Candler Bldg.

Velvet ICE CREAM PURE, SMOOTH DELICIOUS

Velvet Ice Cream Co., Phone Ivy 6349.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, homelike. Limited number of patients cared for. Home provided for infants. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor street.

SERIOUS RESULTS come from trusses improperly fitted. John B. Daniel, at 34 Wall street, has an expert fitter and it will cost you no more to have him fit you, and it means insurance.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BE A DETECTIVE—Big pay, easy work; wonderful opportunities. No experience required. Travel over the world. Write Fidelity Secret Service, 30 Fourteenth street, Wheeling, W. Va.

MEN of good character to study pharmacy; great demand for our graduates, at good salaries, than we can supply. Rates very reasonable. Address Dr. George F. Payne, president, 253 Courtland street, Atlanta, Ga.

WRITE moving picture plays; $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details free. Atlas Publishing Co., M-97, Cincinnati, Ohio.

BE A DETECTIVE; earn $150 to $300 per month; travel over the world. Write Supt. Ludwig, 611 Westover Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

GOVERNMENT examinations. Most thorough preparation. $5. Returned if not appointed. Particulars free. American Civil Service School, Washington, D. C. 25-6-7

IF YOU CAN SELL life insurance I want you. Address or write Insurance, 42 Inman building.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Finish carpenter; work guaranteed; non-union men; steady job; drop card to G. C. Furtick, Swansea, S. C.

WANTED—Colored men to prepare as sleeping car porters and train porters. If you wish position near Atlanta, write immediately. No experience necessary. Inclose stamp. Address Inter Railway, care Georgian.

INDUSTRIAL life and accident agents can make liberal contract with us; our policies are payable monthly; no lapses. North American Accident Insurance Co., 16 Liberty St., New York.

A YOUNG MAN, over 21 years of age, to act as salesman and learn the real estate business; quick promotion; an opportunity to make $25 to $100 per week. For particulars ask for Mr. Anderson, 1107 Empire Life (Flat Iron) Bldg.

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become trained salesmen and learn while earning; write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED — First-class, experienced drug store man; license not required; must be neat in appearance; reference required. Apply Williams Drug Co., Woodberry, Ga.

WANTED—To employ one reliable carpenter or cabinet-maker in every town (large or small) and city; good pay; references. William G. Kinney, 1181 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN WANTED to sell high-grade food product. Must be well recommended. Give references and experience in first letter. S. S., care Georgian.

MOTORDROME—Wanted, riders with motorcycles, for portable motordrome; season's work and good salary. General Amusement Co., 440 Eddy St., Newark, Ohio.

WANTED—Machinist apprentice of two years or more; steady work for the right man. Apply Atlanta Paper Co., corner Moore street and Georgia Railway.

MOUNTERS—Hand work on picture frames; steady work for good men; state experience. C. F. Nast & Co., 1816 W. Fulton St., Chicago, Ill.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS are easy to get; my free booklet Y-412 tells how. Write to-day—NOW. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

FOREMAN WANTED—A first-class bed spring man; references must be furnished Refer to the C. L. Greeno Co., of Cincinnati, for reference in regard to ourselves. Emmons Brothers, Meridian, Miss.

WANTED—A-1 first-class barbecue man. Apply 11 Peters street.

WANTED—First-class finishers to work in finishing room. Apply Southern Upholstering Co., corner Jefferson and Echo Sts.

WANTED a first-class short order cook. Address The Holland, 164½ Clayton st., Athens, Ga.

BOY, 15 years old, to work in grocery. Box 378, care Georgian.

STENO-BOOKKEEPER—COMPETENT YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS BOOKKEEPING WRITES GOOD HAND, ACCURATE TEN FIGURES, ADDRESS, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED, "R. M.," P. O. BOX 1575, CITY.

PAPER BOX HELP—We want experienced help on covering machines and table hands. Paragon Box Company, corner Alabama and Pryor streets.

YOUNG MAN, over 21, to sell lots, $200 to $500, on terms; overlooking Druid Hills; a good chance to pick up some easy money; no experience necessary. See Mr. Merrill before 9 a. m. 1109 Empire Life Bldg.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Teach you in a short while. Position furnished. Complete course, $30 salary while learning. Call or write Southern Barber College, 151 Decatur street.

WANTED—Men capable of selling a new speculative proposition of great merit; better than land, lots or stocks. Creta Co., 320 Flateau Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

WANTED—Jewelry installment salesman. Local reference required. Call 610 Gould Building.

WANTED—Experienced wood turner and bench man. Give references. Address Lumber, Box 196, Macon, Ga.

WANTED—Competent draughtsman for permanent position. State experience and salary expected. Address Draughtsman, P. O. Box 1155, Atlanta.

WANTED—Good plumbers. Steady work, good pay, open shop. Address W. E., Box 783, care Georgian.

FOR Colored Southern Automobile School, day and night classes. Corner Magnolia and Hunter streets.

DISTRICT MANAGERS to handle a high-grade health and accident insurance proposition; best policies and most liberal agency contracts to live men. Royal, Box 84, care Georgian.

WANTED—Two route boys, about 16; good salary. Apply 3:30 p. m., Georgian Substation, 27 W. Mitchell and Davis Sts.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; tools and position furnished. Atlanta Barber College, 10 E. Mitchell St.

WANTED—Combination ruler, forwarder and finisher; steady position. The Paragon Press, Montgomery, Ala.

POOL AND BILLIARDS.

DO YOU PLAY POOL? If you do, you better see "Bias" at the Terminal Hotel Pool Parlor. He will treat you right. 50c in checks for 25c; excellent tables; good cues and a clever bunch of boys.

WANTED—Young men to learn pharmacy this fall; demands for our graduates exceed supply; next session begins October 1. Southern College of Pharmacy, 81 Luckie St., Atlanta.

NEW, patented, self-feeding, sanitary oil mop; wonderful seller; widely advertised; big demand; demonstrate and sale is made; your territory open; write quick. Sanitary, care Georgian.

70c PROFIT on every sale; biggest seller of the season; every woman instantly attracted; you will make big money. We start you at our expense. Milton, Box 36, care Georgian.

POSTAL brings free "Monthly Directory," illustrated; contains details newest, best-selling specialties and money-making propositions of responsible concerns. Postal, care Georgian.

DON'T KILL YOURSELF working if you are run down; move West and regain that lost health. We help you secure a position. Southwestern Information Bureau, P. O. B. 1058, El Paso, Texas.

MAKE $10 a day selling rugs at $1 each; cost agents 55c; size 36 by 68; sell from one to six at each house. Something every housewife wants. Three full size rugs for samples for $1.65. Consolidated Co., Box 12, care American.

A SUMMER Gold Mine For Agents—Preserve Ice Blankets cut ice bills in half; sanitary and odorless; retail 25c; agents make 100 per cent. Write to-day. G. cafe \Atlanta Georgian.

WANTED, MEN—Legitimate substitute for slot machines; patented. Sells on sight for 25c. Particulars. Gisha, Box 47, care Georgian.

FIELD unlimited for this rapid seller; agents get rich with it. Every one needs it. Nine out of ten will buy. Send to-day for proofs. They will convince you. 100 per cent profit. Box 75, care Georgian.

WE have new leader. Big profits earned quickly. Write for free sample and new summer catalogue. Alive, care American and Georgian

OUR MAGNET shears locates needles and pins; threads any needle; wonderful seller; splendid profits; your territory open; write quick for free sample if you mean business. Magnetic, Box 36, care Georgian.

TO SELL on commission basis, men or women, line brassieres, pads, bust forms; national reputation. State references. Apply Sex, care Georgian.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

LARGE company desires at once representative in this territory to look after its big interests and customers in this territory; good salaried position for the man that makes good; position permanent. Address R. P., care Georgian.

MEN wanted to sell the best article on the market. Good money in it and easy to sell. 100 per cent profit. Send postal for particulars to R. J., care Georgian.

500 PER CENT PROFIT—Sliding casters; necessity every home; child can attach; saves floors, carpets, furniture. Hotels, restaurants buy in gross lots. Cost 2½c, sell 15c. Agents making $25 to $100 every week. Samples free. Box 468, care Georgian.

SELL BY MAIL—Pleasant, profitable business means independence; start spare time; co-operate with established corporation. We furnish best sellers. Factory prices. Valuable booklet free. Box 98-A, care Georgian.

HERE is the one live agents' seller of the year; needed in every home, office and factory; sells on sight; a sure repeater; 100 per cent profit; send a postal for free particulars. C. O. E., care Georgian.

WOULD YOU take steady job making $30 weekly with opportunity to be district manager at $3,000 yearly? No experience required. My goods are snappy, self-sellers. Make big money quick by writing me to-day. Manager, Box 3, care Georgian.

BE the first in your territory selling Anderson's Vegetable Soap and Beautifying Cream. Profits large; steady income from repeat orders. K., care American and Georgian

BONANZA—Quick selling new specialty; people everywhere buy; hustlers wanted; write to-day. A-30, this paper.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; great demand for barbers; big wages; easy work; short time required; expert instructions; tools given; earn while learning. Write for free catalogue. Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie street, Atlanta.

RELIABLE men wanted to handle new live-wire proposition; easy, rapid, sure seller; big repeater. Reliable, Box 15, care American and Georgian.

SELL rich-looking imported 35 by 68 rugs, $1 each. Carter, Tennessee, sold 115 in four days; profit, $57. You can do same. Write for sample offer selling plan; exclusive territory. Sample rug by parcel post prepaid 98 cents. Condan, Box 44, care American and Georgian.

STOP selling old, worn-out lines; something new—good for $50 a week and more. Write for our proposition to exclusive agents. A. S., Box 52, care Georgian.

FREE SAMPLES—Prosperity for all men, women, the bold, the timid; experience unnecessary; any boy or girl make $3 day up; any man or woman make $5 day up. Success guaranteed or money refunded. R. Q., care Georgian.

PORTRAIT MEN—Write us for copy of new catalog; solar and bromide prints made in twenty-four hours' time; we have two convexing machines, eleven artists and 5,000 wood and metal frames. Write at once. A., 900, care Georgian.

FOR this territory; begin August 15; staple line for all classes of stores. Permanent position. Commission contract. Expenses advanced right man. Territory, care Georgian

$25 a week for two hours' work a day; brand-new hosiery proposition that beats them all. Write for terms and free samples if you mean business. Terms, Box 88, care Georgian.

MAKE 500 per cent profit selling "Novelty Sign Cards." Merchants buy 10 to 100 on sight; 800 varieties; catalog free. Catalogue, care American and Georgian

CAPABLE salesman familiar with architects, large building or manufacturing trade to represent high-quality line building paints and specialties; excellent connection to right man. Address, stating qualifications and experience, Capable, 16, care Georgian.

RUSTLING, high-priced salesmen can make permanent connection, paying $300 monthly; monthly. New, snappy proposition, sure winner with general retail trade. $40 weekly for expenses. Worthy of investigation. Commercial, C-2, care Georgian.

$500 monthly; tremendous demand now for Woodward power tire pump; latest auto accessory; agents "cleaning up" everywhere; quick action necessary. Get Busy, care Georgian.

EXPERIENCED salesmen to sell premium service backed by strongest possible testimony from present users, showing it unequaled as a trade builder to retail merchants; exclusive territory; permanent connection worth $100 week y and renewal commissions. Weekly, Box 3, care Georgian.

NO experience required. Hundreds of positions open paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year; position assured where you can earn good wages while you learn. Write Dept. 460, care Georgian.

GET THIS WINNER boys; 100 per cent profit; sure and rapid seller; particulars free. Winner-100, care Georgian.

YES, shave 10c, hair cut 15c, massage 15c, at 41 Marietta street, 4 E. Mitchell, 115 Edgewood avenue, 99 Whitehall, 52 Ivy. Best white workmen. Clean linen. Baths 15c. 6-21-5

BIG PROFITS for you; manufacture barley crisp; new confection. 5c package costs you 1c. Machine, instructions complete, $7.50 prepaid. Send 10c for samples. Barley, Box 97, care Georgian.

DOUBLE your income selling guaranteed knit goods for largest manufacturer in America; write for free outfit and particulars of greatest money-making proposition ever offered. Knit, Box 2, care Georgian.

WILLIAMS School of Practical Tailoring for Colored; cutting and drafting; full course in two months. Rates reasonable. Start now. Finish in time for position in fall season. 200 Auburn, Atlanta.

SUCCESSFUL salesmen, working small towns, can increase their earnings by placing our punch board assortments (jewelry, cutlery, chocolate, gum). Can take back unsold goods. Can use only men now employed. State territory. We want men capable of earning $50 per week and we want them now. Now, Box 3, care Georgian.

PULLMAN porters wanted; give references. For information write Box 921, care Georgian, Atlanta, Ga.

MEN—$50 weekly selling needle cases through my "trust scheme" method. Easy work. No talking necessary. Sample, care Georgian.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks, $75 to $150 per month. Details free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 49-F, Rochester, N. Y.

WE START YOU in business, furnishing everything; men and women; $30 to $200 weekly operating our "New System Specialty Candy Factories," home or small room anywhere. Lifetime, care Georgian.

WANTED—Two men to travel; experience not necessary. 508-509 Peters Building.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 1927½ Second avenue, Birmingham, Ala.; 411 Cherry street, Macon; Leonard Building, Augusta, or Broad and Marietta, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISING salesman wanted to sell parcel post maps to business houses for Oklahoma, Kansas, Arkansas and Missouri. Address with references and self-addressed envelope, Post Maps, care Georgian.

HILBURN HOTEL,

10 AND 12 WALTON STREET, FOR GENTLEMEN only; center of city, near new postoffice; rate 50c, 75c and $1.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WRITE moving picture plays; $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details free. Atlas Publishing Company, F-97, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WRITE moving picture plays; $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details free. Atlas Publishing Company, F-97, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—Lady to do filing, typewriting, etc., in an office. Stenography not required. Prefer one who is settled and has good education. Call for Mr. B., at 1014 Candler Building, Monday between 9 and 10.

LADIES make shields at home, $10 per hundred. Work sent prepaid to reliable women. Particulars for stamped addressed envelope. Eureka Company, Dept 107-C, Kalamazoo, Mich.

WANTED—A reliable woman to cook and help with housework. Apply 316 Myrtle street.

WANTED—First-class maid who is not afraid of work. Good references required; $4 week. Apply 7 West Eighth street.

ONE or two energetic young ladies to act as salesladies and learn the real estate business. An opportunity to make $25 to $50 per week. Ask for Mr. Anderson, 1107 Empire Life (Flat Iron) Bldg., 8 to 10 a. m.

COLORED WOMEN agents for wonder-working Palmer's Skin Whitener. Start own business. 100 per cent profit. $1.50 outfit free to responsible agents. Write to-day, giving references, Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga. 1-25-3

WANTED—A good cook. Apply with references 222 Waverly way.

WOMEN WANTED to act as agents for an article all women need; fine profits. Make $25 weekly sure. Write quick for particulars. Address The American Specialty Company, 404 Park avenue, Sherman, Tex.

PAPER BOX HELP—We want experienced help on covering machines and table hands. Paragon Box Company, corner Alabama and Pryor streets.

WANTED—Colored woman to cook and do general housework. Main 5424-J.

WANTED—White nurse to care for two small children, to live and help in house. Attractive, pleasant place for responsible party. Phone Ivy 3649-L.

MILLINERS WANTED.

THE J. REGENSTEIN CO., 40 Whitehall street, can use the services of ten high-class, competent milliners to fill out-of-town positions. Apply Wholesale Department.

WANTED—At once, four experienced millinery saleslades; no others need apply. Mrs. E. M. Buchanan, 342 Edgewood Ave.

WANTED—Intelligent woman to act as companion for lady; must understand housekeeping and be willing to travel occasionally; must have good references. Address R. Z., care Georgian.

WANTED—A first-class white woman cook for tea room work; must be a hustler. Address The Holland, 164½ Clayton st., Athens, Ga.

WANTED—Young lady to sell lots $200 to $500, on terms; overlooking Druid Hills. A good chance to pick up easy money. No experience necessary. See Mr. Merrill before 9 a. m. 1109 Empire Life Bldg.

WANTED—Reliable and experienced dressmaker, understanding cutting and fitting. Phone Ivy 5109.

WANTED—Colored girl for housework. Apply 58 Bass street.

WANTED—Bright, clever woman to secure members for Junior League of America; pleasant and profitable employment; stay out of city. Call Room 916 Austell Bldg., City, after 9 a. m.

WANTED—Lady canvassers. Call 9 to 10, 610 Gould Building.

I WANT a stylish, good hairdresser with best references and two or three years' experience, to work with me or be my partner in small town. She can board at my residence. My parlor is in my residence. 185 McIntosh, Elberton, Ga.

WANTED—Young women and girls desiring attractive positions. Welfare of operators and clerks closely supervised by the company; their conduct on the premises carefully guarded by matron, woman supervisors and chief operator, who have complete charge of the retiring and operating rooms. Short training course for those inexperienced; salary paid while learning. Salary increased upon being transferred to operating force, and for those becoming efficient operators as they become worthy, with opportunities for ultimate advancement to $75 per month. References proving the standing of the applicant essential. Those having educational advantages preferred. Lunch room and comfortable retiring rooms provided with several hundred Carnegie Library books for the convenience of the operators. Matron and trained nurse in attendance. Apply 8:30 to 5, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company Training School, 25 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—A competent cook for two people. 69 Windsor street.

GIRLS LEARN MILLINERY; best trade on earth for women; pays $60 to $100 a month. Write Ideal School of Millinery, 100½ Whitehall street. We make over and retrim hats free.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS OPEN TO WOMEN. Write for free list. Franklin Institute, Dept. 602-F, Rochester, N. Y.

PICTURE PLAYS.

WRITE MOVING PICTURE PLAYS. ONE hour after you receive instructions you will be able to write. Information free. Al Bartlett Film Co., Rhodes Bldg

HELP WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE.

SPECIAL WORK for stenographers and office men. Send 10c for contract and details. Good pay to right parties. Postal Law Bureau, Station A, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WANTED, Cotton Mill Help SPINNERS AND FRAME HANDS ESPECIALLY. High Wages. Fulton Bag & Cotton Mills, Atlanta, Ga.

WE HAVE several good positions for first-class stenographers. Apply Remington Typewriter Company, 56 North Broad.

PLEASANT, permanent position offered to competent men and women securing new members for modern fraternal order. Write The Patricians, Athens, Ga.

MEN and women, now is the time to learn the barber trade; good wages paid; we teach modern methods; tools furnished; jobs in our shops when competent; call or address Jacksonville Barber College, 822 West Bay street, Jacksonville, Fla.

ARE YOU LOOKING for a good position? A little "Want Ad" will find it for you.

TEACHERS WANTED.

MANY GOOD openings yet. Write for particulars. Foster's Teachers' Agency, Atlanta, Ga.

MUSICAL.

WANTED—Piano pupils. 37 East Alexander street. Ivy 7070-J.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

SALESMEN—Side line or exclusive; cutlery assortment; $18.75 commission on each sale. Snappiest deal of the year. Write quick for territory. National Importing Company, St. Louis, Mo.

WE HAVE NEW LEADER—Big profits earned quickly. Write for free sample and new summer catalogue. Mercer Supply Co., Lock Box 20, Arnold, Pa.

AGENTS—Don't be greedy for work; easily make $4 to $10 a day; sell everywhere without talk; sample 25c; catalogue free. Sanitary Household Company, McElhattan, Pa.

EARN good pay copying addresses. Particulars six stamps. Hinchey, $45, Middleport, N. Y. 31-25-5

"SAY-CO" VACUUM CLEANERS GIVE ABSOLUTE SATISFACTION

ALL STYLES; agents, solicitors, crew managers, wanting the best territorial arrangement and best built vacuum cleaners, write to-day. Address Cleaner, care American.

AGENTS make big money and become sales managers for our goods, establishing growing business of their own. Fast office sellers. Fine profit. Experience unnecessary. Particulars free. Office Equipment Co., Albany, Ga. 7-13-253

AGENTS—Great opportunity; quick sales; 100 per cent profit; write for particulars. Box 15, care American.

WANTED—Salesmen to sell our line of polishes to the grocery trade. Send stamp for particulars. Heroux Mfg. Co. 199 Short St., Attleboro, Mass. 6-1-3

I MADE $15,000 in five years with a small mail order business; began with $5. Send for free booklet. Tells how. Independence, Box 98, care American.

WANTED—Man in every town where they have no agent to sell the Venus bath spray; something new; nothing like it. Southwestern Mercantile Company, Inc., 210 Baltimore Building, Oklahoma City, U. S. A.

AGENTS WANTED—100 per cent profit selling useful specialty; used in homes, hotels, stores and by auto owners; good repeater; sample free. Address Auburn, Box 159, care American.

THE ROBERT CHAPMAN COMPANY of New York, recognized leaders in the manufacture of art calendars, monthly calendars, blotters, postcards, leather novelties, wool pennants, etc., for advertising purposes, is ready to make contract for 1914 with a high-grade experienced salesman to represent them in this territory on a commission basis only; if you are a real producer, and not a mere order-taker, with abundant initiative and hustle, this is an unusual opportunity for you to make a very desirable connection with the most liberal and progressive house of its kind in the world. Address R. A. Chapman, president, Brooklyn, N. Y., Grand street and Morgan avenue.

MAKE $200 to $500 per month, new invention. Kerosene gas lighting systems and portable lamps; 300 to 500-candle-power for less than a nickel a week. Any one can install and operate them. Artistic fixtures for all lighting purposes. An opportunity of a lifetime for energetic men to get into a permanent money-making business. Light, Box 53, care American.

WANTED—Producing representatives in every town; $15 all-wool suits to order; fall line ready. Leeds Woolen Mills, Chicago, Ill.

DEMONSTRATORS for new scientific toilet preparation; a revelation; removes superfluous hairs; some come out by the roots; any one can use it; never been sold; great money getter; sample 10c; price $1. Address La Ex, care American.

THREE RELIABLE, hustling salesmen for Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana, to sell best oil guns and tanks made, on strictly commission basis. Address Box 357, Fort Worth, Texas.

FLY KILLING is on; get busy; imported novelty; big seller; profits; fairs, homes, stores, offices. Sample 5c. Address E. N., care American.

THE MISSOURI State Life has $12,000,000 in force in Texas, over $85,000,000 in force in United States. Wrote in the United States more than $16,000,000 first six months in 1913. Get a contract with a going company while the getting is good. W. H. PATTERSON, manager, 608-609-610 Wilson Building, Dallas, Texas.

AGENTS—$20 daily; easy sales; big profits; selling 50c sheet music for 6c. Latest hits, best publishers, largest variety. Write quick. Music, Box 80, care American.

WOMEN—Sell guaranteed hosiery to wearer. 70 per cent profit. Also neckwear, handkerchiefs and petticoats. Make $15 daily. Experience unnecessary. Wear Proof, 3038 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS—Hundreds making $50, $75 weekly; sensational offer; $1 nickel-plated safety razor; beautiful chased handle; 25c stick finest quality shaving soap; all 12½c. United, Box 83, care American.

AGENTS—Either sex, sell our specialty; we start you; you make $25 to $50 weekly. Write LeClerc Puncture Repair Works, Bellport, N. Y.

AGENTS—Marvel of the age; patent steel tension shears; every household needs one. Particulars and sample free. Write Enterprise, Box 15, care American.

AGENTS WANTED to sell Fibsilk neckwear; 100 per cent profit; sample 15c; write for proposition. Fisher Knitting Company, Utica, N. Y.

WANTED—An active agent in every town at once; 100 per cent profit. Address Capable, Box 158, care American.

WANTED—A live merchant in every town of Tennessee, Arkansas and Mississippi to act as agent for Floyd's Famous Candies. Floyd's, 55 South Main street, Memphis.

SALESMEN—Experienced in any line, to sell general trade in Georgia; unexcelled specialty proposition; commission contract, $35 weekly expenses. Jewelry, 574, care American.

NOTICE—Hat salesman with established trade, Tennessee, Alabama or Mississippi, can make handy connection; state firm with and how long. Write G. T. A., care Aragon Hotel, Jacksonville, Fla.

AGENTS WANTED—In every town in Georgia to sell instant-seal guaranteed liquid puncture proof for automob

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Position as driver or collector; know city well; saalry no object; want work. J. O. G., care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young man of experience and ability to act as salesman or manager for retail tailoring establishment. Address Box 311, care Georgian.

POSITION as engineer, hoisting engine, concrete mixer or rollerman. W. O. B., care Georgian.

POSITION as timekeeper or material man; can furnish reference. C. F. L., care Georgian.

POSITION WANTED by an A-1 salesman; Southern territory preferred. Best of references. Address A No. 1, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by reliable man with two years experience in grocery store; willing to do any honest work. Address G. G. G., Box 25, care Georgian.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads. 3 lines 1 time, 10c; 3 times, 20c; 7 times, 40c.

IF YOU WANT a bright, competent stenographer, call Main 5542 or Atlanta phone 3776.

PLAIN SEWING WANTED. Apply to Mrs. Anna Martin, 94 McAfee street, city.

YOUNG lady stenographer employed at present desires position immediately. Can give excellent references. Address C. G., 408 Mulberry St., Macon, Ga.

WANTED—Position with small family as housekeeper or will keep house for widower. Address M. J. J., 38 Haden street.

WANTED—Position by young lady as stenographer; age 19. Call M. 1419-J. 630 Capitol Ave.

COLORED GIRL wishes position as maid or nurse with kind good family of people that will permit room on place, as she has no home; can furnish references. Address 748 Peidmont ave.

A YOUNG LADY, experienced in lunch counter work, would like position; smart and a good worker. Address Good Worker, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position, first-class manicurist, first-class place, in or out of the city. Address G., care Georgian.

A SITUATION as housekeeper for widower, by a refined, unincumbered, settled lady. Address Housekeeper, 42½ Decatur St.

STENOGRAPHIC and general office work, or private secretary; ten years' experience in medical line. Call Main 5264-J.

WANTED—Position as stenographer or bookkeeper or the combination, by young lady employed at present, but desires change. Six months experience. Miss C. K. O., Box 115, care Georgian.

COLORED GIRL wants position as maid; can give good reference; at once. 105 Rankin St. Can't stay on place.

EXPERIENCED lady stenographer desires position by September 1. Competent, accurate and a hard worker. A-1 references. No objection to small town. Address B. G. G., care A. N. C., Livingston, Ala.

A GOOD COOK would like a place to cook. 316 Hilliard St.

DRESSMAKING—DRESSMAKERS.

WANTED—Sewing; private homes; $1.25 per day; first-class dressmaker. 374 E. Hunter.

ICE CREAM—ICES.

Velvet Ice Cream The Best In Atlanta.
26 East North avenue. Ivy 6849.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FEATHERS—Wanted, to buy old goose feather beds and pillows at once. Call Atlanta phone 1548.

WANTED—To buy all kinds of second-hand household and office furniture. Cameron Furniture Co., 85 S. Forsyth street.

DROP A CARD. We'll bring cash for old clothes and shoes. "The Vestaire," 166 Decatur St. 7-25-13

SPOT CASH Best prices for articles of old gold and PAID FOR platinum of every description. General **OLD GOLD** Assaying and Smelting Works, 607 Empire Life Building, Atlanta, Ga.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

I BUY MEN'S old clothes and shoes. Drop a card. I. Bock, 177 Gilmer street.

WE PAY HIGHEST cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture. Cash advanced on consignments. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell street. Bell phone Main 2424.

FOR EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS

WILL EXCHANGE one of my electric cars for lot of equal value or will swap for good gas car. Dr. Kesner, Walton Building.

FOR EXCHANGE—Black Orpington hen and nineteen chicks for small gas stove or something of equal value, or $3.50. 206 Spring St.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE. MISCELLANEOUS.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

SEVERAL thousand flower pots, assorted sizes; perfect condition; will exchange for anything of value or sell at bargain. Ivy 1151.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ACCOUNT being overstocked, we offer for sale at very cheap prices carriages, tallyhos, surreys, beach wagons, buggies and single and double harness. Not worn-out stuff, but in first-class condition. Newsom Stable Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Complete I. C. S. shorthand course 320, cost $45. W. C. Mobley, care Empire Cotton Oil Company, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Cheap, mission dining table, oak dining table, four oak dining chairs and oak buffet. Phone W. 729-J.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

SECOND-HAND SAFES—All sizes, home safes $15.00; Hall's bank and fireproof safes, vault doors, etc. C. J. Daniel, 416 Fourth National Bank Building. 9-7-33

FOR SALE—Moving picture machines, chairs, curtains and all supplies at lowest prices. W. H. Peck, Rhodes Building, Atlanta, Ga. 4-6-23

BURROUGHS adding machine, in perfect condition. Call M. 3104.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—A handsome old mahogany chest of drawers, in perfect condition and a beauty. Will sell, worth the money. Address G. H. N., Box 150, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Two new Herring & Hall safes, 5 feet by 4 feet. Call Mair 3104.

REMINGTON typewriter for sale at sacrifice, in perfect condition. Call Main 3104.

FOR SALE—Furniture for five-room apartment, good as new. Phone Ivy 676.

FOR SALE—Plate glass, 72 by 129 inches; also two showcases, two tables. 49 East Hunter street.

FOR SALE—One antique chair, in good condition; will sell cheap. Address Box 437, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Forty thousand feet of oak and poplar in lumber. Write C. D. Estes, Dallas, Ga., Wholesale Dealer.

FOR SALE—Fine household furniture, stoves, linoleum and shades; in good condition; bargain prices. 513 S. Pryor.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

30,000 NEW NAMES. ADDRESS H., 23½ PEACHTREE STREET.

DIAMOND FOR SALE.

A REAL GEM—solitaire—in about a carat diamond. Call at Room 201 Equitable Building. Will sell on good terms to a responsible party.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

Walker-Cooley Furniture Company

87-89 S. FORSYTH STREET.
Bell Phone Main 2785.

WE ARE SELLING furniture cheaper for cash than any store in Atlanta, as we are out of the high-rent district. See us before buying.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Tent, 12 by 24, complete, ton 12-ounce duck, used fifteen weeks, sacrifice price $18. First checks gets it by return freight or express. Hardy J. Clark, Glennville, Ga.

FOR SALE—One National bicycle, in good condition. Call Ivy 6465-J.

FOR SALE—A $37 kitchen range, in perfect condition, for $15. Call at 626 Piedmont ave.

$25 WILL BUY

SOLID walnut marble-top sideboard, large walnut extension dining table, good kitchen coal range, Smyrna rug, 12 by 14. 92 Gordon street. Phone West 747.

FOR SALE—Meat market fixtures and large floor cases, cheap. For information, call Ivy 7077-J or Atlanta phone 909.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—Roll-top desk. 173 Walker street; $8.

FOR SALE—We ship the best grade of crimson clover seed, rye, barley and all other kinds of field seed, direct to farmers, at close prices. Write for quotations. Nashville Field Seed Co., Nashville, Tenn.

FOR SALE—Rock quarrying and crushing outfit. Steam drill, No. 3 National crusher, 20-horsepower Ajax engine, rock hammer, blacksmith outfit, etc. Address Outfit, Box 876, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Large gas stove, $8; combination oak bookcase and writing desk, $10; both nearly new. 154 Park Avenue, Grant Park.

TWO SMALL National cash registers. Good condition, cheap. W. J. Garner, 250 Marietta street.

FOR SALE—Desirable bedroom, hall and kitchen furniture; in good condition. For inspection, call only between 9 a. m. and 1 p. m., 379 Washington St.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—Two rolltop desks in good condition; will sell cheap. Address Box 437, care Georgian.

FURNITURE BARGAINS every day. S. M. Snider, 145 South Pryor street. Phone Main 1421.

FOR SALE—One sewing machine; in good condition; cheap. Phone Main 1816-J.

FOR SALE—Ten pairs of outside blinds at reasonable price. Address Blind, Box 32, Atlanta.

FOR SALE—One Angora goat and equipment; very cheap. Call West 290-J.

Velvet Ice Cream Made Philadelphia Famous.
Now made in Atlanta. 26 E. North. Ivy 6849.

SAFES, FILES, cabinets, new and second-hand. Gookin Bank and Office Equipment Company, 113-115 North Pryor Street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR RENT.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
MOST COMPLETE line in South. We rent only first-class machines—Remingtons, Monarchs and Smith Premiers. Rental rates from $1.67 to $3 per month per machine.

Remington Typewriter Co
56 NORTH BROAD STREET.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.

4 MONTHS FOR $5 AND UP.
Rebuilt typewriters, $23 to $75.
American Writing Machine Co.,
48 North Pryor St. Phone Main 2526.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Leather dining room suit, sideboard, round extension table, mahogany library table, rugs, one massive bedroom suit, two iron beds, springs, mattresses, refrigerator, etc. Mrs. E. H. Hirsh, 229 Washington, third floor.

AUTOMOBILES AND SUPPLIES.

OXYGEN REMOVES CARBON.
We clean your auto cylinders while you wait. Good job, small price.

AUTOGENOUS WELDING
of all metals. Gear cutting and general machine repairs. Satisfaction guaranteed.

SHEARER MACHINE CO,
197 WHITEHALL. MAIN 1570.

GET AN AUTOMOBILE AT

A BARGAIN PRICE.

Overland, 4-passenger	$250.00
Maxwell, 5-passenger, 35-H. P.	400.00
E M F 30, 5-passenger	400.00
Chalmers 30, 4-passenger	500.00
Chalmers 30, 5-passenger	600.00
Maxwell Runabout, 16-H. P.	200.00
Winton, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger, 60-H. P.	800.00
Peerless, 50-H. P., 7-passenger	800.00
Oakland 30-H. P. Roadster	350.00
Buick, Model 19, 5-passenger	450.00
Stevens 40-H. P., 5-passenger, almost new	500.00
Cadillac 30, 5-passenger	350.00
Baby Maxwell, almost new	200.00
Cole 30, 5-passenger	400.00
Herreshoff 30 roadster	350.00
30 others; prices from $100 to	1,000.00

All cars mentioned are newly painted, thoroughly overhauled and fully equipped with tops, windshields, lamps, tools, etc., and guaranteed perfect in every respect. They look like new.

COLUMBIA AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

287 Edgewood Ave.

Ivy 1625.

OXYGEN-ACETYLENE WELDING.

"IT STICKS LIKE A BULL PUP." But this process doesn't simply stick things together. It MELTS the metal at the crack or break and runs it together again. We weld anything made of any kind of metal. Nothing too small or too large.

ATLANTA WELDING CO.
BELL PHONE IVY 5367.
74 IVY STREET.

OXYGEN REMOVES CARBON
We clean your auto cylinders while you wait. Good job, small price.

AUTOGENOUS WELDING
of all metals. Gear cutting and general machine repairs. Satisfaction guaranteed.

SHEARER MACHINE CO.
197 WHITEHALL. MAIN 1570.

AUTOMOBILES AND SUPPLIES.

CARBON REMOVED FROM AUTOMOBILE CYLINDERS

Without removing cylinders or disturbing a single adjustment.

WE USE OXYGEN

No liquid, solvent or preparation of any kind. A recent discovery. No possible injury to car. It takes one hour's time.
Think of the saving in time and money.
SCORES OF REFERENCES FURNISHED.
Come and let us tell you about it.

ATLANTA WELDING CO.,
Bell Phone Ivy 5367.
74 IVY STREET.

FOR SALE at a bargain, 60-horsepower Rickett automobile, six cylinders. Farmers and Merchants Bank, Reynolds, Ga.

ONE practically new E-M-F 30 auto for sale at once. Write Box 264, Cornelia, Ga.

AUTO FOR SALE.

COLE SPEEDSTER, 1913 Model, 60 h. p., with 100-mile Warner speedometer, top and fender and three extra casings; gauranteed 65 miles an hour; car in good condition; motor in perfect condition. Will sell at sacrifice, as am leaving city. Don't care to exchange or swap for equities. Address Cole Bargain, Box 110, care Georgian.

FOUR-CYLINDER chain drive Stearns; in good shape; cheap for cash. 70 Ivy street, Phone Ivy 4268.

FOR SALE—One 32-horsepower Stoddard-Dayton, Courier runabout; top and windshield; thoroughly overhauled. Rear tires new. Cheap for cash. J. H. Falks, 142 Peachtree.

USED CARS.

RIGHT PRICES.
STUDEBAKER—7-passenger touring car.
CADILLAC—5-passenger touring car.
CADILLAC—4-passenger touring car.
OVERLAND—2-passenger runabout.
All fully equipped and in good condition.

BUICK MOTOR CO.
241 Peachtree Street.

FOR SALE—One 5-passenger 1912 model Studebaker (Flanders) in A1 condition; been run 3,500 miles, brand new tires; all accessories; a pick-up at $450. Address Box 200, Grantville, Ga.

CAMP CLEANS CARBONS

TOURISTS WILL FIND THIS METHOD ESPECIALLY GOOD FOR THEM.

CAMP MACHINE SHOP,
CLEANS PERFECTLY WHILE YOU WAIT. 276 MARIETTA STREET. 7-27—

TRAVIS & JONES,
AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING.
Ivy 4832. 26 James Street.

WINDSHIELDS,

RADIATORS, lamps, fenders, repaired as good as new. Manufacturers all kinds sheet metal work. WarNick Sheet Metal Company, 243 Edgewood.

SAVE your auto and motorcycle tires by using Auto Puncture Cure. Seals valve leaks and all punctures up to 20-penny spikes automatically at once; preserves the rubber; prevents tube from sticking to casing; saves 35 per cent of tire expense, 50 per cent tire trouble and 40 per cent of your religion. Watch for trademark, A. P. C. Call North Pryor Garage. Auto Puncture Cure Company, Atlanta, Ga. Phone Ivy 5210.

Tire Repairing.

HIGH-GRADE STEAM VULCANIZING. Retreading a specialty. Prompt attention given express shipments. Sanders-Speer Vulcanizing Company, 100 Spring street, Atlanta, Ga.

Autos Wanted.

WANTED—A model T. Ford; must be cheap for cash. J. O. Carroll, Drakestown, Ga.

PIANO BARGAINS.

THREE PLAYER-PIANOS AT FACTORY COST.

I HAVE 3 PLAYER-PIANOS LEFT OUT OF SIX CARLOAD SHIPMENTS SINCE FIRST OF YEAR. I AM A FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE FOR ONE OF THE BEST KNOWN PIANO MANUFACTURERS IN THIS COUNTRY. I WAS DUE AT FACTORY ON AUGUST 1, BUT COULD NOT LEAVE ON ACCOUNT OF THESE PLAYERS. SAY, THERE ARE SOME BARGAINS HERE FOR A PLAYER-PIANO BUYER. HURRY. TO-DAY IS THE DAY. ADDRESS FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE, BOX 727, CARE ATLANTA GEORGIAN.

ARE YOU LOOKING for comptent help? The "Situations Wanted" columns of Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian are fruitful of life in every line of business in each issue.

Hearst's Sunday American
Published Weekly
BY THE GEORGIAN COMPANY
At 20 East Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Entered as mail matter of the second-class at the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga., under act of March 3, 1873.
Subscription price $2.00 per year, payable in advance.

POULTRY
Pet and Live Stock

Bantams.

BANTAMS—Game bantams, Sebrights, Buff Cochins. Carlisle, Cobb, Athens, Ga. 4-26-30

Doves.

FOR SALE—Ring doves, white doves, guinea pigs, spotted rats, white rats, fancy mice, fancy pigeons. John M. Ornellas, 1719 East Mason street, Springfield, Ill.

Ducks.

35 WHITE INDIAN RUNNER Ducks; all the first prize winners, including first pen at Atlanta November 1912, 110 in class. About eight drakes, balance ducks; $35 for lot. Must have the room. Bell phone Decatur 195. John Low Smith, 241 Peters street, Atlanta.

Guineas.

WANTED—Some young guineas. R. R. W., 3-5-7 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

Leghorns.

BRED TO LAY—March and April hatched White Leghorn pullets, $1.25 each; in lots of 100, $1 each; cockerels, $1.50, $2 and $3 each; May hatched pullets, $1 each; in lots of 100, 75c each. Hunt's Poultry Farm, Valdosta, Ga.

1,500 GRAND White Leghorns; breeders; of our celebrated "Model" strain; in perfect health; pure white, and heavy layers; must have room; sacrince price, $1 each. Order to-day. Model Poultry Farm, "The Farm of Quality," Box G, Colbert, Ga. 6-17-29

FOR SALE—S. C. White Leghorn yearling hens; also a few choice cock birds. Satisfaction guaranteed. Arnold Egg Farm, Hapeville, Ga. Telephone East Point 324.

Seeds.

S E E D S

J. C. M'MILLAN, JR., HAS OPENED AT 23 S. BROAD ST. WITH A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF GARDEN, FIELD AND FLOWER SEEDS, POULTRY SUPPLIES AND PET STOCK.

WE INVITE OUR FRIENDS TO COME AND INSPECT OUR LINE OF GOODS.

ALL PHONE ORDERS APPRECIATED AND PROMPTLY FILLED.

PHONE MAIN 912
ATLANTA 912

J. C. McMILLAN JR.
SEED CO.
23 S. BROAD STREET

S E E D S

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

POULTRY, PET AND LIVE STOCK.

Leghorns.

FOR SALE—One thoroughbred White Leghorn cock; excellent stock; reasonable. W. 742-J. 297 Lawton.

FOR SALE—One fine thoroughbred Brown Leghorn cock; finest breed; reasonable. Phone W. 742-J. 297 Lawton.

Magazines.

RELIABLE POULTRY JOURNAL, the leading poultry magazine for fanciers, exhibitors and farmers; 84 to 224 pages monthly. Illustrated. Department for every branch of the business. Subscribe now and save money. Only 50c a year. W. Grady, Southern Agent, Pendleton Street, Greenville, S. C.

Orpingtons.

WHITE ORPINGTONS for sale, four hens, one cockerel, $15; six hens, one cock, $20; ten hens, one cockerel, $25; five cockerels, $5 each. H. A. Black, Cartersville, Ga. 1-23-7

Plymouth Rocks.

AT THE SOUTHERN International show our one pen entry of Barred Rocks won first pen and the grand sweepstakes cup for the best pen in the show, all breeds competing. We also won grand sweepstakes cup of Barred Plymouth Rock cock at Georgia Poultry Association Show. We are booking orders for a few settings of eggs from this grand pen. Atlanta Poultry Yards, 582 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. 1-25-2

Poultry—All Varieties.

MAKE MONEY WITH POULTRY.

AMERICAN POULTRY is a magazine devoted entirely to helping earnest men and women make a financial success of poultry raising. Its staff of writers is composed entirely of those who have made a practical, instead of theoretical, success of poultry farming, and who are glad to pass on the results of their hard-earned experience to AMERICAN POULTRY readers. There are many pitfalls in the path of the novice which may be entirely avoided by those who will follow the teachings set forth in this magazine. It fully explains how to make a start, how to construct houses, coops, and other devices, how to get a large egg yield, how to cure and prevent disease, how to exhibit, how to get the top price for eggs, how to use incubators and brooders, and hundreds of other points which every one wishes to know. It explains the famous secret system through which poultrymen have become rich and afterwards solid for hundreds of dollars. AMERICAN POULTRY is a large, handsomely illustrated, monthly journal, well printed on fine paper, and should be found on file in the home of every poultry lover. No beginner in the poultry business should think of being without it. It will save him many times the small subscription price. The advanced poultryman will also find it of great value; the articles being varied in their scope.

SPECIAL OFFER. The regular price of AMERICAN POULTRY is 50c per year, but in order to introduce it to several thousand new readers, we will, for a short time, give a large 200-page poultry book, which is a complete guide in the poultry business, absolutely free to every one sending 50c for a yearly subscription or $1.00 for a three-year-subscription to AMERICAN POULTRY. A trial six months' subscription (without book) will be sent for 25c. Never has so much been offered for so small a sum. Advantage of this offer should be taken at once.

AMERICAN POULTRY.
Savoy Bldg. Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

ONE 300-egg Cyphers incubator, new, $30; one 240-egg Cyphers incubator, new, $25; one 70-egg Cyphers incubator, new, $10; one 100-egg Queen incubator, new, $10; one 100-egg Buckeye incubator, new, $8; one 100-chick Cyphers outdoor brooder, new, $12; one 100-chick Cyphers adaptable hover, new, $6. Guarantee to please. Order from this ad. Oak Dean Farm, Stone Mountain, Ga.

50 WHITE WYANDOTTES and 40 White Leghorn hens, yearlings, thoroughbred, $1 and $1.50 each. Oak Dean Farm, Stone Mountain, Ga.

Poultry—Disinfectants.

AGASCO-SPRAY

WILL RID your premises of mites, lice, fleas and ants. It is ready for immediate use with brush or spray pump. When applied to poles and nests it eradicates lice and mites so effectually that fowls do not have to be carried through that inconvenient and nerve-racking process of dipping. Manufactured by Atlanta Gas Light Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Poultry Remedies.

ARE your hens paying their board? If not Southern Poultry Remedy is the best thing to give them now. It's guaranteed. Price 25c and 50c at all seed stores and dealers.

Wyandottes.

ONE pen 8 hens and cock for $10; one pen 8 hens and cock for $15; one pen 8 hens and cock for $20; 200 young golden laced Wyandottes for sale. W. D. Bennett, Molena, Ga. 7-27-19

ON ACCOUNT of being crowded, I will sell at a sacrifice twenty White Wyandotte hens and forty pullets. Tell me your wants and I will make the price right. A. G. Wilson, Lithonia, Ga.

Dogs.

TRAINED BEAGLES, rabbit hounds, fox hounds, broke on fox and rabbits, coon, opossum, skunk hounds, deer, bear, wolf hounds, setters, pointers, ferrets, guinea pigs, etc. Brown's Kennels, York, Pa.

FOR SALE—Redbone hounds, trained for fox, cats, coons, opossums and squirrels. Also young stock ready for training. Prices reasonable. Robert A. Smith, Robertstown, Ga.

Hogs.

THE GREAT MULE-FOOT HOG—A hog with great vitality, a hog that is fast coming to the front. Write for prices. Stock of all ages for sale. Hunt's Poultry Farm, Valdosta, Ga.

Horses, Mules, Vehicles, Etc.

SHETLAND PONY, bridle and saddle, won as ninth pick in Georgian pony contest. Can see same at 43 White street. West 1112-J.

FOR SALE—One horse and delivery wagon. Apply 309 East Hunter street.

WANTED—Second-hand surrey; must be a bargain. J. C. H., Box 1265.

D. MORGAN, high-class harness and saddles. 135 Whitehall street.

WANTED—Sound horse or mule for farmwork. Want to rent with privilege of buying. Farmer, care Georgian

Seeds.

TURNIP SEEDS—The New Fourteen Top, Sweet German, Broadstone, and other standard sorts. Rye, barley and oats at Mark W. Johnson Seed Co., 35 South Pryor street.

Poultry, Plants and Seeds.

H. G. HASTINGS & CO.,
SEEDS AND POULTRY SUPPLIES.
BOTH PHONES 2568.

ALL ORDERS FOR THE NORTH AND SOUTH SIDES GIVEN BEFORE 9 O'CLOCK, AND FROM INMAN PARK AND WEST END GIVEN BEFORE 2 O'CLOCK, WILL BE DELIVERED SAME DAY THEY ARE GIVEN.

WE HAVE just gotten in a beautiful lot of Canary birds, guaranteed singers, at $2.50 each.

WE CARRY a complete line of dog remedies. If your dog is out of condition, phone us.

SPRATT'S and Daniel's dog and puppy cakes.

A FULL LINE of Canary and Mockingbird food.

ALL SIZES of flower pots, tubs and saucers.

WE HAVE all the best brands of lice powder and lice liquids.

MYERS' FAULTLESS SPRAYS, the best 50c spray on the market.

CANARY and mockingbird cages and fish globes.

PLANT NOW for late use Valentine beans, kale, turnip, mustard, parsley, carrot and onion sets.

BUSINESS GUIDE

"A" Vacuum Clothes Washer.

WASH a tub of clothes in 5 minutes. No rubbing, no bending over, and with very little work. Terms or for cash, $3.50 to $7.50. Demonstration rooms 256 Edgewood avenue. Out-of-town agents wanted.

All Kinds Carpets and Rugs Cleaned.

WORK called for; 15 years' experience; feathers renovated. Atlanta Carpet and Rug Cleaning Works, 27 W. Alexander St. Ivy 4186.

All Transfer and Storaging Done.

PITTMAN TRANSFER & STORAGE COMPANY
Storage, packing and shipping. Both phones, 26-28 North Moore street.

Altering, Dyeing and Dry Cleaning.

THE CENTRAL TAILOR.
ALTERING, dyeing and dry cleaning; satisfaction guaranteed; popular prices. 13 Central Ave. M. 2472.

THE METROPOLITAN. Cleaning, dyeing and repairing; membership $1 per eight suits. 280 Edgewood. Atlanta 2854.

GILSON & EMANUEL—Altering, repairing and dyeing neatly done; steaming and dry cleaning a specialty; work called for and delivered. Main 745.

CITY CLEANING & PRESSING CO. SKIRTS dry cleaned and pressed 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed. Main 3210. 110 Garnett street.

Abstract and Title Insurance.

ATLANTA TITLE GUARANTEE CO., ground floor Equitable Bldg. Bell phone Main 5420.

Auction Sales of Furniture and Household Goods.

CENTRAL AUCTION COMPANY, 12 East Mitchell street, buys and sells everything; regular auction Tuesday and Friday. Bell phone Main 2424. 10-3-41

Bag Stock.

WANTED—For cash, waste paper, rag stock. Atlanta Supply Co. Phone M. 3816. Wagon will call.

Banks.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK.
Corner Alabama and Broad Streets.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1,000,000.

Baths and Pressing.

FOR THE BEST cleaning, pressing, shave and hair cut, come to 24-A W. Mitchell. New shop. Expert barbers. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Blue Prints.

DIXIE BLUE PRINT CO.
PRINTS of any kind. Quality unsurpassed. Low prices. 40½ Luckie street. Phone Ivy 5364.

Books and Stationery.

COLE BOOK AND ART COMPANY, 85 Whitehall. Main 482.

Chronic Diseases.

SPECIALTY—CHRONIC DISEASES OF BLOOD, heart, lungs, kidneys, liver, etc., rheumatism, nervous diseases, medicines furnished; consultation free. Write or call on Dr. M. T. Salter, 68 South Broad. 11-11-2

Clock and Watch Repairing.

FINE CLOCK REPAIRING.
French, Hall and Chinese.
HARRY BIGGS,
5 Viaduct Place.
Phone us, Main 5100.

Collections.

COLLECTIONS.
WE CAN collect your notes, accounts and claims, if they can be collected. United States Collecting Association. T. J. Ripley, President; Charles M. Yeates, Secretary and Treasurer.

Contracting.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
J. B. M'CONNELL,
113½ Whitehall Street. Main 4937-J.

Contractor and Builder.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR, BUILDER. Estimates free. I draw plans free where I build. Emory Williams, 110 Edgewood. Ivy 3372-L.

Cotton Warehouse.

PLACE your orders for brands now. Get upstairs price on brands. All work guaranteed. Harwell Rubber Stamp Company, 23½ South Broad street.

Display and Window Fixtures.

SHOW CASES, display fixtures. See us. Atlanta Show Case Company. Main 1753.

Ear, Nose, Throat and Lung Trouble.

DR. GEORGE BROWN, Diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, 312-314 Austell Building. I have the only compound oxygen plant ever brought South and make this gas daily. Weak, nervous, anemic and pale people are invited to call. 4-6-13

Films Developed.

KODAK FILMS developed free. Picture Dept. J. M. High Co., Atlanta.

Fish.

EMPIRE FISH MARKET—Fresh oysters and dressed poultry, fish daily. 112 Whitehall.

Fly Screens.

Fly Screens Made to Order.
OAKLAND CITY REPAIR WORKS.
Carpenter and cabinet work a specialty. Call West 242-L. Atlanta 528. C. F. Dickey, Manager. 5-1-37

FLY—SCREENS—FLY
COME and see our roll-away screen, our roller-bearing screen, our sliding screen; none better. It will pay you to see our goods and get prices. 217 Kiser Bldg. Main 1319. Porter Screen Co., J. J. Crawford, Agent.

Fresh Fish Daily.

INMAN PARK FISH COMPANY, 493 Edgewood. Fresh fish dressed and delivered. Atlanta phone 3093-A.

Furnaces.

Moncrief-Atlanta Co 73 Walton st. Phone Ivy 4930

Furniture.

EARNEST & FLOYD—Why not see us before you buy. We can save you money. We exchange new for old. Cash or easy terms. 279 Edgewood avenue.

T. C. FURNITURE COMPANY.
Cash or easy payments. 415 Marietta. Phone Atlanta 1797. 4-5-12

Furniture Bought and Sold.

CASH will buy $1 for 50c at our store. Southern Wreckage Co., 114 S. Forsyth.

WE BUY and sell cash bargains. S. M. Snider, 145 S. Pryor St. M. 1421.

Furnace Repairs.

PHONE Ivy 4930. Ask them.
FURNACE REPAIRS.
THE ONLY PEOPLE to repair Moncrief furnaces is the Moncrief Furnace Company, 139 South Pryor. Main 285, Atlanta 2877.

Furniture Upholstering.

W. L. LUNSFORD & CO.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Main 5111, Atlanta 5950-F. 6-16-25

FURNITURE REPAIRED—Upholstering, refinishing neatly done. Work called for and delivered. Young K. Carson, 479 Marietta street Atlanta 3567. 6-7-29

Gun and Lock Repairing.

GUN AND LOCK REPAIRING—We announce the opening of an up-to-date repair shop for keys, locks and guns; your patronage solicited. The B. and B. Lock Co., 4 South Forsyth St.

House Moving.

W. C. PEASE MOVES brick and frame buildings; 27 years' experience. 417 4th Nat. Bank Bldg. M. 1615, Atl. 955, Residence M. 3980.

Indelible Clothes-Marking Outfit.

FOR the best indelible clothes-marking outfit, go to Harwell Rubber Stamp Co., No. 23½ S. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE YOU SOLD THAT HOUSE? A little "For Sale" ad in the "Want Ad" section will find a purchaser.

WE DON'T CARE who you are, where you live or what you have, Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian ant Ads will bring results.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

BUSINESS GUIDE.

Jewelry.

WATCHES, Diamonds, Jewelry, Eye Glasses, Spectacles sold on the "divided payment" plan to reliable persons.

BANTA-COLE CO.,
5 SOUTH BROAD STREET. 6-26-3

Lighting Fixtures.

ELECTRIC and gas fixtures; all new styles; lowest prices. Queen Mantel and Tile Company, 56 West Mitchell street. Phone Main 681. 1-16-16

Lime, Concrete, Roofing, Stone.

LADD LIME AND STONE COMPANY. Lime, concrete and roofing stone. 915 Third National Bank Building. 2-3-50

Mattress Renovating.

MATTRESSES RENOVATED, feathers steamed, cleaned and bought. Bell 4840, Standard 1476. P. O. Box 5. Meadows & Rogers Mfg. Co.

SANITARY MATTRESS RENOVATING—Factory new and up to date; moderate prices; give us a trial. Jackson & Orr Company, Means street and W. and A. R. R. Both phones. 3-20-14

Machine Works.

SKIP—KNOCK—JUMP CARBON.
CAMP cleans perfectly while you wait. A great thing for trucks. Try it.
CAMP MACHINE SHOP.
275 Marietta Street. Main 2937. 7-8-29

Multigraphing, Addressing, Mailing.

BEST WORK IN SOUTH. PROMPT SERVICE. BUSINESS SERVICE CO., P. O. BOX 836. IVY 7011.

New Rubber Tires.

NEW RUBBER tires put on your baby's carriage; repaired, repainted and re-covered. Ivy 3076. Robert Mitchell, 229 Edgewood.

Oil, Gas Stoves and Steam Cookers.

YOU USE ONLY 1 EYE of your oil or gas stove to cook chicken or meats (any kind), beans, rice, onions, custard, corn, potatoes, squash, cabbage, if U cook in our Steam Cookers. B. B. Henry, 252 South Pryor. Bell phone.

Painting and Tinting.

PAINT=-PAINT
THE TRIPOD PAINT COMPANY,
37-9 Pryor Street.
BEST goods, prompt service. Phone us your orders. Phones Bell Main 4711, Main 4710, Atlanta 406. 7-1-12

Paints and Creosote.

C. F. BINDER & SON.
MANUFACTURERS of high-grade paints, white lead and creosote stains. We make ready mixed paints to order. Corner LaFrance and Lowry streets. Bell phone Ivy 5852-J, Atlanta, Ga. 5-27-2

Painting and Wall Tinting.

J. A. JOHNSON does all kinds of repair work. Painting and tinting a specialty. Bell phone West 1288-J. 397 West Fair street. 6-22-137

Phenoline.

A DISINFECTANT, deodorant and germicide; destroys chicken mites and all kinds of insects. Phenoline Co., 106 A Edgewood ave. M. 2317. At. 3038-A.

Pictures and Frames.

COLE BOOK AND ART CO.,
85 Whitehall. Main 482.

Pressing Club—Barber Shop.

BUSTER BROWN and hair cuts for children every Friday for 15c. A trial in our shop is convincing. We do cleaning and pressing. 6 South Forsyth street.

Safes.

ATLANTA SAFE CO.
THE ONLY exclusive safe company in the city. Safe experts. Reference, any bank in Atlanta. 50 Madison avenue.

Printing.

WE do expert printing and a trial order will make you a satisfied customer. No. 41 West Hunter street. Phone Main 1992.

Printing of all Kinds.

RYBERT & HOLLINGSWORTH
JOB PRINTING. 10 Gilmer street. Main 4600.

Safe Cracksman.

FIRE and burglar-proof safes opened and repaired. C. C. Downes, 29½ Marietta street. Phones M. 2146, Atlanta 4922. 6-5-11

Sewing Machines.

WE RENT new machines with complete set of attachments for $2 per month; also machines repaired; prompt delivery. Both phones 1893. Singer Sewing Machine Company, 79 Whitehall. 9-14-44

Shoe Repairing.

M'NEIL & HUNTER, shoe repairing. Work called for and delivered. 485 Edgewood avenue. Atlanta 1627.

Signs.

SIGNS BROWN SIGN & PAINTING CO., 77½ Whitehall. M. 3780. 8-18-33

KENT ON SIGNS signifies best quality. Kent Sign Co., 130½ Peachtree street. 3-5-20

Slate Roofing.

JONES SLATE ROOFING CO. NEW roofing and repairing by practical men. 417 Fourth Nat. Bank. M. 1615.

Stove and Range Repairing.

STOVE, RANGE AND FURNACE REPAIRING.
Atlanta Stove Supply Company. We also make chimney stacks. Ivy 7240. 101 N. Forsyth street.

STOVE DOCTOR.
STOVE, range and furnace repairing. 61 South Pryor street. Bell phone Main 1460. Atlanta Phone 1410. 4-10-10

DAN, THE FIXER.
STOVES AND REFRIGERATOR REPAIRING.
We sell second-hand gas stoves.
We sweep chimneys.
121 WHITEHAL

ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED, BOARDERS—On both car lines; convenient to schools and churches; nice rooms; excellent table board. No. 1 Candler St., Decatur, Ga. Call or write.

FOR RENT—One furnished room for men only, with or without board. 39 Mills street.

CAN ACCOMMODATE a couple of business ladies or gentlemen with cool and pleasant room and board in private West End home. All conveniences. Reasonable. West 1332.

LOVELY front room, with or without meals; also room and sleeping porch. W. 950-J.

TWO nicely furnished rooms and board for couple and young men. 84 West Peachtree.

WANTED—Table boarders; easy walk to town. 84 West Peachtree street.

TWO large, nicely furnished rooms, with excellent table board. Main 4839-L. 121 Capitol square.

ROOM with board; private home. Peachtree street. Ivy 1779-J.

FORSYTH HOTEL.

COMFORTABLE rooms, 50c up. Special rate per week. Nice meals, 25c. 50½ South Forsyth street.

333 WHITEHALL STREET.

LARGE ROOMS, excellent board, close in; rates reasonable; excellent place; walking distance. Main 2129-L.

THE ELM HOUSE—Nicely furnished rooms and board; rates reasonable. 291 E. Hunter.

LARGE ROOM and small bath and board. 513 Peachtree.

COMFORTABLY furnished room for couple; steam heat; good car service; private family. W. 190-L.

TWO furnished rooms, with or without board. 161 Grant street. Phone Main 4095-L.

REFINED couple to board in private home in West End. References exchanged. L. H. T., care Georgian.

REFINED men to board and room. 206 S. Forsyth St.; close in.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished room; private family; good car service; steam heat. Call W. 190-L.

HAVE splendid room in private family; ten minutes' ride to town; for one or two gentlemen. Call W. 73-J.

NICELY furnished front room, with or without board. 43 West Peachtree street. Ivy 2160.

TWO nice large cool rooms for couples or two gentlemen; first-class board. 238 Washington.

NICELY furnished rooms with board, electric lights, private bath; five minutes' ride from town. Main 3415. 503 Washington.

292 RAWSON.

WELL FURNISHED rooms; excellent table board. Main 1854.

NICELY furnished, sunny room; gentlemen. Excellent table. 322 W. Peachtree St. Ivy 994-L.

NICELY furnished room with excellent table board. Ivy 6790-J. Mrs. Sullivan, 4 W. Peachtree St.

WEST PEACHTREE residence; large, desirable rooms, adjoins bath; also single room; refined home; table board. Ivy 1959-L.

BOARD and room for refined young men in private family. First-class. Ivy 5859-L.

YOU can get good board in walking distance of the city with refined Christian people; references exchanged. Main 1978.

IVY HOTEL, 98 IVY ST.

American plan, $1.25 day. Special rates by week.

BEST MEALS IN TOWN, $3 WEEK; ROOM AND MEALS, $4. 197 SOUTH PRYOR. CALL MAIN 5048.

36 EAST NORTH AVE.

BETWEEN Peachtrees, nicely furnished rooms, excellent table board. Ivy 6501.

87 E. NORTH AVE.

NICELY furnished rooms with all conveniences. Ivy 2423-J.

NICE furnished rooms, with or without board. 69½ E. Alabama street. Atlanta phone 2832. 7-20-84

68 WALTON ST.

BLOCK of postoffice, under new management; large, cool rooms; newly furnished, painted and papered; meals a specialty at reasonable prices.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Room with private bath and board for couple; none but with private bath need apply. Call Ivy 5021.

HOTELS.

WHITE PATH HOTEL and Mineral Springs open June 10; sixteen-page booklet free. White Path Hotel Co., T. H. Tabor, Manager, White Path, Ga. 6-1-8

SUMMER RESORTS.

WHITE PATH HOTEL and Mineral Springs, White Path, Ga., Blue Ridge Mountains. See Book at L. and N. Office, 4 Peachtree.

RESORTS.

OCEAN VIEW HOUSE.

St. Simons Island, Ga.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR; GOOD FISHING; ALSO DEEP SEA FISHING. W. ARNOLD, PROP.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

19 WEST CAIN STREET.

LIGHT three-room apartment; all conveniences.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences. 139 West Peachtree.

FURNISHED ROOM, steam heat, hot and cold water, electric lights, etc. 24 East Alexander street.

ONE NICELY furnished front room, close in. 8 Pulliam street.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms, close in; gentlemen preferred. Apply 98 East Pine street.

FOR RENT—Large front room furnished for one or two young ladies. 55 Fraser street.

GENTLEMEN ONLY.

BEAUTIFUL rooms; close in; steam heat; every convenience; Apartments 5 and 6, The Vernon, 61 E. Cain street. Ivy 3137.

DELIGHTFULLY furnished room and board for couple. 84 West Peachtree street. Ivy 7635-J.

109 COOPER STREET, three rooms, private bath; modern. Main 2890-J.

MARLBOROUGH, elegant front room; conveniences; one or two gentlemen. Apart. 2. Ivy 5527-J.

NICELY furnished rooms, all conveniences. 200 West Peachtree. Phone Ivy 3281. References.

ONE nice cool front bed room, with all conveniences. Ivy 5356. 256-B Courtland.

BEAUTIFUL furnished room for rent; all conveniences; close in. 123 East Fair street.

WELL furnished two rooms, kitchenette with sink; private porch; conveniences; also separate bed rooms. 183 Ivy street.

FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; good neighborhood. 121 S. Pryor.

TWO or three furnished rooms complete for housekeeping with owner; references exchanged. 185 E. Pine St. Ivy 6965-J.

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping, bed room, furnished, in home with young married couple, in Ormewood Park on Soldiers' Home car line. Use of telephone, piano, electric lights, city water, baths, included in rent of $12 per month, to young couple without children; must give references. Phone Main 2447, or Atlanta 5975-F.

NICELY furnished room, convenient to bath, close in. Ivy 4890-J.

ONE large steam-heated room; hot and cold water; private bath. 488 Peachtree street.

ONE steam-heated room for gentlemen; twelve minutes' walk to Candler Building. North Side. Phone Ivy 3842.

ROOM and breakfast with private family for young man. 25 West End Place.

TO a couple, lower floor, at 21 Delta Place. Completely furnished. Phone Ivy 3468-L.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS, close in, reasonable; modern conveniences. 90 West Baker. Ivy 7520-J.

LARGE front nicely furnished room, with or without board, in adult private family; a real home for right persons; references. 92 Gordon street. Phone W. 747.

TWO newly papered, large size rooms; close in; will furnish if desired. Apply 25 E. Ellis St.

NICELY furnished rooms; block from Candler Bldg. 102 Ivy St.

FOR RENT—Two beautiful furnished rooms in private home; steam heat, electric lights etc. Will be glad to hear from parties who are looking for something real nice. References exchanged. Gentlemen preferred. Phone Ivy 6164.

NICELY furnished rooms in private home; gentlemen only. 19 E. Harris St. Ivy 6349-J.

NICELY furnished upstairs rooms for two or three gentlemen. 116 Luckie street.

FOR RENT—Three elegantly furnished rooms; will rent real cheap; don't object to children. 407 Fraser.

FURNISHED room for men; all conveniences. Ivy 4468. Peachtree place.

THE FLANDERS—Well furnished front room, adjoining bath; steam heat. 95 West Peachtree, Apartment 4.

NICE furnished room for two gentlemen; $8 per month. 105 Rawson.

FOR RENT—One, two or three furnished rooms; steam heated; all modern conveniences. 14 W. Baker St. Phone Ivy 5039.

ONE NICE front room, furnished or unfurnished. Gentlemen preferred. Close in. 234 Central avenue.

NICE, clean, upstairs front room for rent to gentlemen. Phone Ivy 4769-L. 258 North Boulevard.

COOL ROOMS for transient; near postoffice; fine baths; for gents. 11 Cone.

FOR GENTLEMAN—Delightful, well furnished room; Myrtle, near Ponce DeLeon avenue. Also garage. Ivy 1495.

FOUR or five desirable rooms for housekeeping, North Side; terms reasonable. References exchanged. Ivy 2080-J.

TWO nicely furnished front rooms with board; modern conveniences; gentlemen preferred. 193 Spring St., Apartment 3. Ivy 1564

THE PICKWICK.

NEW TEN-STORY AND FIREPROOF. Cool outside rooms; connecting bath; convenient shower baths on each floor. 77 Fairlie street, next Carnegie library.

The Fairleigh 133-5-7 Spring Street. Phone Ivy 5558-J.

Furnished rooms and furnished 3-room apartments; close in; conveniences.

NICE front rooms, fine location, one block from car line; only $10 per month. 102 Ivy street.

AT THE CARROLLTON,

20 CARNEGIE WAY. FURNISHED APARTMENTS AND FURNISHED ROOMS. J. F. STEELE, MGR.

BEAUTIFUL, cool, front room; private bath; shady lot; gentleman. "Between Peachtrees," care Georgian.

TWO nicely furnished rooms at 352 Whitehall street, apartment D, for $12.50 and $10, respectively, until November 1. $15 after.

19 W. CAIN.

FEW refined people for elegant rooms adjoining bath, newly renovated; also light housekeeping apartments. Ivy 7435-J.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Five unfurnished rooms with private bath, arranged as an apartment with exception of entrance. Situated in one of best sections of North Side. Furnace heat, electric lights, hot and cold water and telephone furnished. $35.00 per month. Telephone Ivy 5398-L.

390 PEACHTREE, upstairs, four unfurnished rooms, only $10 month; gas, water and sink in kitchen. Apply 59 East Alexander.

NICE ROOMS, also light housekeeping apartment; private family. Close in. Ivy 6640-J.

TWO ROOMS with kitchenette, $12.50. Phone, lights, piazza. 54 East Alexander.

WANTED—Nice couple to rent three nice connecting rooms. References exchanged. Answer 530 Washington. No children.

THREE or five nice rooms for nice people for light housekeeping. Ivy 3626.

390 PEACHTREE—Upstairs, four unfurnished rooms for rent; gas, water, sink and kitchen. Apply 59 East Alexander.

THREE connecting unfurnished rooms for rent. Phone M. 5459-J, or apply 23 Bryant St.

TWO unfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. Apply 63 Windsor st.

THREE connecting rooms, bath adjoining; private entrance; September 2. 40 Boulevard Terrace.

UNFURNISHED rooms, close in, reasonable, modern conveniences. 90 West Baker. Ivy 7520-J.

WANTED—Desirable party to share house. Can spare five rooms. Terms reasonable. North Side. Ivy 2080-J.

FOR RENT—Three connecting upstairs rooms, nice and clean; all conveniences. Cheap to couple. 11 Whitehall Terrace.

TWO large connecting rooms; close in; gas and convenient to car line; small rent. Phone Main 1058.

FOR RENT—Unfurnished, for $7.50 per month, two rooms for light housekeeping, with owner; gas, bath and sink. Phone Ivy 6106.

IN WEST END, two rooms and kitchenette; every convenience; beautiful surroundings. Call West 302-J.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

SEPTEMBER 1, one or two rooms, furnished or unfurnished; steam heat; all conveniences; five minutes' walk Candler Bldg.; North Side private family. Phone Ivy 2842-L.

FURNISHED APARTS. FOR RENT.

MRS. BLACK will take charge of the Vernon, steam-heated apartments, 61 East Cain street, September 1, and will have room for a few more young men.

FOR RENT—Furnished apartment of six rooms with steam heat. 294 Myrtle St. Call Ivy 6607-J.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Apartment, six rooms, butler's pantry, linen locker, provision closet, storage room, clothes closets, large front and back porches; strictly modern and complete; just like being in your own home with all conveniences of an up-to-date apartment; steam heat, hot and cold water. Main 5411.

FOR RENT—One apartment of two rooms, with hot and cold water, bath; price $8. Couple preferred. Apply 389 Whitehall street.

TWO apartments, 310 and 312 Myrtle street; very desirable; all modern improvements; reasonable terms. Phone Ivy 5065-L.

APARTMENTS—Piedmont and Merritts, $35, $37, $40. Apply 70 Merritts. Ivy 2843-J.

TWO 4-room apartments, every modern convenience, 324 Forrest avenue. Apply premises. Phone Ivy 508-J. L. B. Sanders, owner.

ONE modern five-room apartment cheap. Phone Ivy 3698-J.

DELIGHTFULLY comfortable two six-room apartments for lease; strictly first-class; best North Side residence section; one block from Georgian Terrace; handsome grounds; large individual porches; automobile accommodations, etc. Phone Ivy 657-J, or call at 29 Ponce DeLeon avenue.

WE HAVE some nice four and five-room apartments on the North Side for rent. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton street.

FOR RENT—Apartment, six rooms, butler's pantry, linen locker, provision closet, storage room, clothes closets, large front and back porches; strictly modern and complete; just like being in your own home with all conveniences of an up-to-date apartment; steam heat, hot and cold water. Main 5411.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS. FOR RENT.

BOSCOBEL AND EUCLID APARTMENTS,

CORNER Euclid avenue and Hurt street. Three and four rooms, steam heated, wall beds and wall safes. Most exclusive neighborhood, on car line. Every apartment fronts the street. Separate entrance, no congestion in halls. The most delightful and ventilated apartments in the city, $30 to $37.50 each.

FITZHUGH KNOX,
1613 CANDLER BLDG.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

OWNER (man) would rent his well-furnished home on Juniper street for his board for two months to approved party. Main 3300.

FOR RENT—Five-room cottage in Inman Park; all conveniences. Call Ivy 3243-J.

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE; all conveniences; excellent neighborhood. 192 Crew St.

MODERN eight-room house for rent. Well furnished. Apply 277 West Peachtree street.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Near Ponce DeLeon avenue and North Boulevard, eight-room house, hardwood floors, vapor heat, screened, summer dining rooms, garage, elevated lot. John Pappa, 610 North Boulevard. Phone Ivy 474.

SIX-ROOM cottage, good repair; modern improvements; near in. 140 Walton street. Ivy 6212-L.

FOR RENT—Corner East Fair and Whitefoord avenue, six-room house, with or without 8 acres good land; house has city conveniences; one block from car line; city school in two blocks. John Pappa, 610 North Boulevard. Phone Ivy 474.

VERY desirable 10-room house, arranged conveniently for one or two families; newly painted and renovated; four car lines; at Grant Park main entrance; September 1. Main 3875-J.

FOR RENT—At 235 East Pine street five-room cottage with bath, $22.50, for a small family only.

WOULD YOU OWN YOUR HOME? A Georgian "Want Ad" will show you the way.

SEVEN-ROOM house, one block Grant Park, on Georgia Ave.; house in perfect condition; reasonable rent. Phone Main 3199-L.

FOR RENT—284 E. Georgia Ave., five rooms and bath, with large basement; newly tinted and painted; only $18, worth $20. L. Grossman, 96 Whitehall St.

OFFICES FOR RENT.

WE have two nice front offices that can be rented immediately. Will be glad to show them to you. Atlanta Trust Co., 140 Peachtree street.

SUITES of two rooms each and single rooms in Rhodes Building. Call Main 46 or office at the building.

OFFICES in the Moore Building at No. 10 Auburn avenue, steam heat; passenger elevator; lights and janitor service. $12.50 to $18.00. One furnished office, price $17.50

OFFICE SPACE FOR RENT.

OFFICE SPACE FOR RENT—Suitable for stock broker or real estate man. Phone Main 1931, or Box 366, care Georgian.

STORES FOR RENT.

STORE at 392 Peachtree; only $30 per month. Good place for market.

FOR RENT—224 Marietta street; good location. Apply 49 W. Mitchell St.

DESK SPACE FOR RENT.

DESK and space with telephone. Apply 616 Third National Bank Building.

DESK SPACE FOR RENT—Use of desk and telephone; front room; $10 monthly. 140½ Peachtree.

BUSINESS SPACE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Second and third floors of 172 and 174 Whitehall street; both floors are large and light, with all modern conveniences; suitable for business or Lodge rooms; rent reasonable. Apply Southeastern Dental University at office.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—By couple, three or four furnished rooms or small apartment for housekeeping. North Side. Box 655, care Georgian.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

YOUNG COUPLE want about three nice upstairs rooms; all conveniences; good neighborhood. Address H-335, care American.

WANTED—To rent four or five unfurnished rooms in private family by couple with one child two years old. Must have all modern conveniences and be on car line. Answer to H. A. V., Box 69, care Georgian, giving price and location. References exchanged.

WANTED—September 1 large unfurnished steam-heated room, convenient to cars, by settled business woman. Address References, 54 East Baker street.

WANTED—By young married couple, about four rooms with gas, water and bath; prefer North Side, but will consider other sections. J. L. B., 93 E. Ellis St.

WANTED—To rent or lease, three or four unfurnished rooms, on North Side, with private bath on same floor, in walking distance Candler Building. In replying, state price. Address P. O. Box 1111, Atlanta.

WANTED—Three rooms for light housekeeping in South Kirkwood. Address V. C. T., care composing room Georgian, Atlanta, Ga., stating price.

FURNISHED APARTS. WANTED.

WANTED—By couple, furnished apartment of three or four rooms on North Side. N. H., 15 East Merritts avenue.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS. WANTED.

WANTED— TO RENT—Steam-heated apartment of four or five rooms; must have all conveniences and be close to car line. Answer at once to H. A. V., Box 69, care Georgian, giving best price and location.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED to rent five or six-room house by 25th; modern; good yard; any good section or suburb acceptable; reasonable; state price. Address Box 1121, care Georgian.

WANTED—By September 1 or 15 five-room bungalow or cottage on North Side or Inman Park; must be reasonable. No children. Address B. S., care Georgian.

WANTED—To rent about September 15, house or bungalow; six to eight rooms; Inman Park preferred. Address Box 379, care Georgian.

STABLES WANTED.

WANTED—To rent barn or stable for five automobiles. Must have water. Address Box 506, care Georgian.

HOTELS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Only first-class brick hotel in Cedartown, Ga.; well located, near Seaboard depot; unfurnished. Can give possession October 1. Fine opportunity for good hotel man. For particulars write Tison Real Estate Agency, Cedartown, Ga.

MEDICAL.

DROPSY treated 10 days free. Short breathing relieved in a few hours, swelling, uric acid and water removed in a few days. Regulates liver, kidneys, digestion and heart. Write for testimonials, symptom blank for free Home Treatment. Collum Dropsy Remedy Co., 406 Austell Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and similar obstructions. Trial box by mail, 50c. Frank Edmondson & Bro., manufacturing chemists, 11 North Broad St., Atlanta.

HAVE YOU SOLD THAT HOUSE? A little "For Sale" ad in the "Want Ad" section will find a purchaser.

LOOK—You have read this; if you want anything, others will read your ad if it's in the Want Ad Section.

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$10,000 first mortgage notes in annual series; would consider second mortgage notes of gilt-edge. Ready Money, Box 10, care Georgian.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

6%—WE WILL PAY—6% ON SAVINGS

In Sums of $500 and over.

THE MERCHANTS AND MECHANICS BANKING AND LOAN CO.,
209 Grant Building. Telephone Ivy 5341.

Cash Capital $120,000.

Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier.
B. M. Grant, President.

WE CAN net you 7 to 8 per cent on first mortgage on Atlanta and nearby real estate if you have money to lend. See Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood avenue.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

YOUR CHOICE FOR TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS

OWNER forced to sell one of two lots, fronting Ansley Park golf links. Terms, $250 cash, balance $25 per month at 6 per cent interest. Address A. C. G., care Georgian.

$7,000 PROFIT IN THIS.

Improved place on North avenue, 150 feet from Peachtree, almost adjoining the Ponce DeLeon and Georgian Terrace Hotels. Less than $300 per front foot; adjoining property can't be bought for less than $500 per front foot.

A. J. & H. F. WEST.
Atlanta National Bank Building.

FOR SALE—Near Ponce DeLeon avenue and North Boulevard, eight-room house, hardwood floors, vapor heat, screened, summer dining room, large, elevated lot, garage. John Pappa, 610 North Boulevard. Phone Ivy 474.

Four Acres, Williams Street.

Aristocratic growing location; small fortune in this; will exchange.

A. J. & H. F. WEST.
Atlanta National Bank Building.

FOR SALE—$1,000 buys beautiful five-room bungalow on large lot in Florida town, on large lake. Owner leaving State and must sacrifice. Ideal winter home; for boating and fishing. Address Bungalow, No. 4 Line St., Decatur, Ga.

NORTH SIDE HOME.

NINE-ROOM house on Highland avenue; best part of street; no cash and small monthly payments; lot 60x150; level and shady; cheap. Address Bargain, Box 13, care Georgian.

SIX-ROOM cottage, Delaware avenue, Ormewood Park, for rent or sale. Phone Main 5471-L or write Route 3, Box 38, Atlanta.

TEXAS SCHOOL LANDS, $1.50 to $5 acre; one-fortieth down, balance forty years. Information and Texas map free. Journal Publishing Company, Houston, Tex.

IN the Druid Hill section, 500 feet from the East Lake drive, this side of Oakhurst, one block from North Decatur car line, I have several beautiful lots for sale, price $450 to $900. Will accept $75 cash and very small monthly payment on each lot. Consider the location and write Owner, Box 709, care Georgian.

FOUR-ROOM house, $900; renting for $9.10 per month; also two nice lots on Ashby street, near new school house. All city improvements, cheap. W. J. Garner, 250 Marietta street.

EQUITY in cemetery lot to exchange for something of equal value. Address Business Bargain, Box 121, care Georgian.

RARE opportunity for investment near new Y. M. C. A. Building on Luckie street; lot 100 by 100. Fine place for double apartment. Address G. W. J., Box 120, care Georgian.

INMAN PARK LOTS—75 feet front, $1,050 cash. Twelve minutes from Five Points. Good neighborhood and all improvements. Call or phone W. R. Beck, Fourth National Bank. Main 3087. At night, Ivy 2329-L.

LEASE OR SALE—Artistic bungalow; screened, tiled, furnace, garage. Address "Ansley Park," care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Two lots in Hollywood Cemetery, $75 each, for a quick sale. 54 W. Baker St.

FOR SALE OR RENT—8-room house, 379 Washington St., lot 40x200; prefer to sell on easy terms. Apply to owner, 370 Washington St.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

HAVE about $2,000 equity in North Side property, yielding monthly income, will sell or trade for modern North Side home. Address A., Box 788, Atlanta.

FOR BEAUTIFUL HOMES and building lots in College Park, the most desirable suburb of Atlanta, see I. C. McCrory.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WILL EXCHANGE gilt-edge bank stock for residence. Investment, care Georgian.

ON EASY TERMS, modern six-room cottage or bungalow; must be in good section and worth the price asked; give street number in answering or no attention will be paid. Box 39, care Georgian.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WE have several buyers for small investments ranging from $1,000 to $5,000. Phone or write us.

OTIS & HOLLIDAY.
1505-6 Fourth National. Phone M. 175

FARMS FOR SALE.

TIMBER FOR SALE—100 acres, one mile east of Guthrie; contains oak and cottonwood; appraised at $5,000; two railroads run through this property; a good proposition for dealer in wood, sawmill or match factory. For further information write owner, Frank J. Kirk, 1612 Maple avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

FARMS FOR SALE.

CHICKEN, pigeon and duck farm, within sight of New York; house, modern improvements; plenty poultry houses and fruit; sale or rent at great sacrifice, account death. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

FARMS in Erie, Niagara, Orleans, Allegheny, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus and Wyoming Counties. Albert D. Jamieson, 606 White Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Modern hotel in live business and healthy resort Arkansas town. For full particulars address J. L. McKamey, agent, Imboden, Ark.

IMPROVED farms, 50 miles southwest of Macon, Ga. Write us your wants. Butler Realty Co., Butler, Ga.

FOR SALE—Whole section, best land in Butler County, Mo. No overflow, nor boll weevil. Forty acres in cultivation. Sixteen houses; two stores; on railroad and County road. Will produce immense crops of cotton corn, wheat and alfalfa. For terms address B. B. Boyd, Covington, Tenn.

A REAL INVESTMENT.

IT'S a 303-acre farm; all modern improvements; buildings in good repair; 185 acres in cultivation, 220 acres under wire fence; gravel clay subsoil; average one bale cotton per acre; three miles Butler; county seat; 1,000 population; growing town; $35 per acre. Quick sale. BUTLER REALTY CO., Butler, Ga.

TWO thousand acres of hardwood timber for sale; on quick sale will take following prices for same, $14 per acre; five miles of Central Railroad, 30 miles south of Macon. R. L. Stubbs, Toomsboro, Ga.

FOR SALE—Four hundred acres of timbered land at $4 per acre. For particulars, address T. S. Wells, Cornelia, Ga.

MISSISSIPPI delta farm for sale. The finest 1,489 acres in the delta, 1,250 acres in cultivation. One mile from railroad station. Address Box 25, Tutwiler, Miss.

226 ACRES, 150 in cultivation; 50 in meadow, hog fenced, five sets houses, small orchard; soil dark sandy loam and black; $25. 2,000 acres under hog fence, 1 mile station, $11. Write for list. O. R. Hamilton, Franklin, Texas.

FOR COUNTRY HOME—59 acres, 2 miles Imboden. Old-fashioned log house, barn and other outbuildings; 22 acres in cultivation; more general farming land to clear; about 1,000 bearing fruit trees; one of the best springs in the Ozarks. Ideal summer place. Price $1,800. For full particulars and land list, address J. L. McKamey, Imboden, Ark.

160 ACRES—Stock farm below Ocala; enormous free range; timber uncut; must sell quickly; need money. Box 1400, Modello Fla.

WIDOW must sell; 400 acres, including 36 choice Holstein cows; all crops, hundred acres timber, modern buildings, worth $7,000; running water; price $10,000; easy terms; free catalogue. C. J. Ellis, Farmers' Bank, Springville, N. Y.

BY OWNER, 5,000 acres of cut-over land, sixteen miles west of Jacksonville, Fla.; every acre good farming land; $8 per acre; or will sell 2,000 at $9; $1 per acre will handle these. A. E. Reid, Ionia St., Jacksonville, Fla.

FOR BARGAINS in central Ohio farms. Write John Watkins, North Lewisburg, Ohio.

160-ACRE FARM for sale; three houses. Write or see me. One-half cash; good bargain. R. B. Moon, Kennesaw, Ga.

LANDS in Mississippi and Alabama at $4 to $10 an acre. J. C. Van Dolah, Dillsboro, Ind.

WISCONSIN

FARMS FOR SALE—Can furnish retired business men, clerks, bookkeepers and others fine farms, five acres and up to 1,000, near railway stations and good markets, cheaply and on easy payments. Write for particulars to Stephenson Land and Lumber Co., Oconto, Wis.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Sharp & Boylston

ORMEWOOD PARK BUNGALOW.

BY FAR the cheapest home in this beautiful suburban residence section. This is a six-room bungalow, stone front, with large front and back porches, on lot 70 by 220 feet, fronts on car line and good chert street. House is screened throughout with best grade of wire. Owner has spent about $500 on the lot in the way of flowers, fruit and fowl houses. If you are looking for a home of this kind at a real bargain, let us show you this one Monday. Owner leaving city, and instructed us to sell, as he will not rent it. Price away under actual cost, and terms very easy.

OXYGEN-ACETYLENE WELDING.



"It STICKS like a bull pup." But this process doesn't simply stick things together. It MELTS the metal at the crack or break and runs it together again. We weld anything made of any kind of metal. Nothing too small or too large.

ATLANTA WELDING COMPANY.

BELL PHONE IVY 5367.
74 IVY STREET.

YOUR "Lost and Found" ads will be taken over phone. Advertise for your articles in The Georgian and have them returned to you.

You are particular who you have in your home. The Want Ad Man will assist you in securing refined tenants. Phone Main 8000 or Atlanta 8000.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FIFTY SMALL FARMS AT AUCTION

DAKOTA, TURNER COUNTY, GEORGIA
AUGUST 28TH
CHOICE RED PEBBLE SOIL

TERMS—10 per cent cash, balance in five equal annual payments, 6 per cent interest after January 1st, 1914.

FREE—Round trip ticket to every purchaser.

You are invited—Grand Barbecue and Band Music.

EDWIN P. ANSLEY

ATLANTA

Carolina Development Company, Auctioneers.

Auction Sale of Real Estate as Follows:

NO. 161 BELLWOOD AVENUE, two-story five-room house. Lot 262x110.

NO. 215 BELLWOOD AVENUE, one storehouse located corner of Bellwood avenue and Oliver street, on a lot 32x108.

NO. 217, NO. 219 AND NO. 221 Bellwood avenue. All three three-room cottages, on lots 35x108 each. All of same rented, and in good condition.

THESE were advertised to have been sold on August 14 at 3:30 o'clock, but on account of the bad weather was postponed, and will be sold on August 20, at 3:30 o'clock.

ANYONE who desires to make a good investment with a possibility of doubling their money will do well to attend this sale.

TAKE the River or English avenue car line, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, and get off when the car first reaches Bellwood avenue, and walk up to No. 215, where the sale will begin.

T. B. LUMPKIN REALTY COMPANY will sell this property with Mr. O. G. Clark as auctioneer.

FOR SALE BY
GREENE REALTY COMPANY
511 EMPIRE BLDG. REAL ESTATE, RENTING, LOANS. Phones 1599.

GRANT PARK HOMES.

WE have several of the best bargains in this entire section. We have them that can not fail to please you from five rooms to twelve rooms. Priced low and terms easy.

Call by the office or use the phone.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. HOUSES FOR RENT.

W. A. FOSTER & RAYMOND ROBSON

REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND LOANS.
11 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

FOR SALE.

IN ANSLEY PARK, the prettiest home in Atlanta; reception hall, parlor, library, dining room and kitchen; second floor has three bedrooms and two baths and sleeping porch; large elevated lot overlooking park. Really the nicest home to be found anywhere for $15,000. Terms. See Mr. Martin.

ON ST. CHARLES AVENUE—Two lots, 50 by 200 feet each, for $2,100 each. These are by far cheaper than anything else on this street, or on the North Side. Terms can be arranged. See Mr. Bradshaw.

IN THE thriving little town of Smyrna, Ga., the coming suburb of Atlanta, on Marietta car line, and W. and A. R. R., situated on large shady lots, near depot, we have two nice five-room cottages, with plenty of porch room. We recommend these for either homes or investment. See Mr. Eve.

NORTH MORELAND, near Druid Hills, two-story eight-room modern home; furnace heat; east front lot; cheap for $6,650. See Mr. Radford.

IF YOU HAVE MONEY to lend, we can place it safely.

FOR RENT.

6-r. h.,	Bates avenue	$35.00
6-r. h.,	250 East Georgia ave.,	21.60
6-r. h.,	361 Formwalt	25.00
6-r. h.,	48 East Georgia ave.	32.50
6-r. h.,	Lucile ave.	30.00
6-r. h.,	12 Dundee	17.50
6-r. h.,	97 Greenwich	30.00
6-r. h.,	21 Howell Place	27.50
6-r. h.,	116 East Ellis	25.00
6-r. h.,	575 Edgewood ave.	27.50
6-r. h.,	112 McDonough Road (Decatur)	25.00
6-r. h.,	Hardee st. (Kirkwood)	15.00
6-r. h.,	13 Haynes	30.00
6-r. h.,	401 East Fair	30.00
6-r. h.,	126 Waverly Way	35.00
6-r. h.,	369 Cherokee ave., apartment	35.00
6-r. h.,	196 Crumley	25.00
6-r. h.,	44 East 13th st.	19.10
6-r. h.,	132 Whitehall Terrace	30.60
6-r. h.,	127 West Boulevard DeKalb	18.00
6-r. h.,	108 Mansfield	25.00
6-r. h.,	41 Gordon ave. (Kirkwood)	30.00
6-r. h.,	339 Ormond st.	22.50
6-r. h.,	47 Markham	15.00
6-r. h.,	127 Sycamore (Decatur)	25.00
6-r. h.,	158 Ashby st.	25.00
5-r. h.,	Pryor and Crumley, flat.	31.50
5-r. h.,	41 Orleans ave.	18.10

HOUSES FOR RENT. HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWELVE-ROOM HOUSE.

20 Uncle Remus Avenue—On the south side of Uncle Remus avenue, between Lawton and Queen, we have a two-story twelve-room frame. Has gas, hot and cold water, bath and sink; stationary washstand. Gordon street car block and a half; in good condition, $30.00.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE,
REAL ESTATE, RENTING, STORAGE.
Phones, Bell, Ivy 671; Atlanta, 618. 12 "Real Estate Row."

FOR RENT

Bell Apartments Corinthian Apartments

IN THE BELL, corner North Boulevard and Ponce DeLeon, we have one four and one five-room apartment for rent.
IN THE CORINTHIAN, 136 West Peachtree, one four and one five-room apartment for rent.
BOTH of these apartments are strictly modern and are steam heated.
Apply

Chas. P. Glover Realty Co.

Phone Ivy 3390. 2½ WALTON STREET.

STEAM-HEATED APARTMENTS

TWO SIX-ROOM APARTMENTS—one up and one down. Every modern convenience—gas ranges and refrigerators—$37.00. 67 Highland avenue, two doors west of Jackson street.

W. H. WITHERS

218 TEMPLE COURT. PHONE MAIN 2974.

FOR RENT

Chas. P. Glover Realty Co.

2½ WALTON STREET.

20-r. h.,	135 Ivy street	$100.00
14-r. h.,	173 Luckie street	40.00
14-r. h.,	530 Washington street.	50.00
12-r. h.,	82 Central place	35.00
12-r. h.,	79 E. Merritts ave.	65.00
10-r. h.,	354 Euclid avenue	60.00
10-r. h.,	338 W. Peachtree street	60.00
10-r. h.,	71 W Fifteenth st.	85.00
10-r. h.,	26 Peachtree circle	75.00
10-r. h.,	164 Ponce DeLeon ave.	75.00
10-r. h.,	44 East Ninth street	63.00
10-r. h.,	84 East Cain street	40.00
9-r. h.,	708 Piedmont avenue	65.00
9-r. h.,	73 East Merritts ave.	42.50
9-r. h.,	83 Ashby street	40.00
9-r. h.,	669 Highland avenue	40.00
8-r. h.,	29 East Ninth street	40.00
8-r. h.,	167 Capitol avenue	42.50
8-r. h.,	26 Argard avenue	37.50
8-r. h.,	135 Myrtle street	55.00
8-r. h.,	63 Currier street	45.00
8-r. h.,	824 Piedmont ave.	60.00
8-r. h.,	91 McLendon street	45.00
8-r. h.,	315 S. Pryor street	40.00
8-r. h.,	50 Kennesaw ave.	42.50
8-r. h.,	96 W. North ave.	35.00
8-r. h.,	37 Copenhill avenue	$37.50
8-r. h.,	42 Logan avenue	25.00
7-r. h.,	381 S. Pryor street	30.00
7-r. h.,	330 Central ave.	25.00
7-r. h.,	91 Elmira street	45.00
7-r. h.,	55 W. Peachtree Place	30.00
7-r. h.,	261 East Georgia ave.	27.50

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

INVESTMENTS

NO. 796 MARIETTA STREET—Next to corner of Bellwood avenue on the railroad side running through to another street, lot 50x197. Want offer at once for division of estate.

NO. 105 LUCKIE STREET—Near new Y. M. C. A., lot 22x68. Also No. 104 W. Cain street, lot 23x68. Make an offer on either.

DECATUR STREET LOT—This side of Boulevard, 52x85 to an alley. $60.00 per front foot. Nothing around it for less than $100 and over.

NO. 385 E. GEORGIA AVENUE—Six rooms, $3,650.00.

NO. 451 E. GEORGIA AVENUE—Five rooms, $3,500.00.

SEVERAL PRETTY BUNGALOWS in Ormewood Park, with all improvements except gas, in prices from $2,500 to $7,000. Large lots, easy terms.

THOMSON & LYNES

18-20 Walton Street. Phone Ivy 718.

Ponce DeLeon Avenue

$15,000—THE SWELLEST thing on the street beyond the park. You will have to see this and take in the surroundings to properly appreciate it. $3,000 cash.

$7,500—ON BEST section of North Jackson street. 10-room house, piped for furnace; all conveniences; large lot. This is $500 less than it is worth. See us Monday.

$5,000—$2,500 CASH, $35 per month, will buy a modern, new, 6-room bungalow, in Ponce DeLeon avenue section. Reduced $500 for this special sale. See us Monday morning.

$3,850—$500 CASH, $35 per month. This is a special price given us for a short time on 6-room new bungalow, short distance from Atkins Park, Druid Hills. Best value on the street.

D. C. SMITH

M. W. TURNER, Salesman.

901 EMPIRE BUILDING. BELL PHONE 2059.

NORTH SIDE BUNGALOW for sale in Druid Hills section at a bargain. As I am leaving the city it must be sold at once. Has six large rooms, bath, with tile. Furnace heated, hardwood floors, beamed ceiling, beautiful brick mantel in living room, house screened throughout. House contains living room, dining room, den, two bed rooms, bath between, kitchen with butler's pantry between. House is brand new, has fine lawn front and rear, garage on place with servants' quarters upstairs—2 rooms with bath between, electric lights. Chicken run wired, and cow house with cement floor. You could not find a more complete place in the city, and you can see the entire city, being beautifully situated. This place could not be bought at any price if the owner could remain here. As business calls him away, the opportunity presents itself.
APPLY 174 St. Charles Avenue, or through your own agent.

HOME BARGAINS

EAST GEORGIA AVENUE, corner lot; a handsome little home; six rooms; modern and classy. Terms easy. Price $4,000.

CLOSE TO ATKINS PARK and Highland avenue, we are offering one of the most attractive six-room bungalows ever built; hardwood floors in borders; furnace and sleeping porch; $500 cash, balance easy. Price $5,000.

WEST END, six-room bungalow, up to date and very pretty. If you want a little home in this section, look at this, sure. Terms to suit you. Price, $3,750.

NORTH JACKSON STREET, corner East avenue. This is one of the handsomest nine-room homes on the street. Terms can be arranged. $7,500.

MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO.
Third National Bank Bldg. Phone Ivy 1276, Atl. 208.

SOUTH SIDE HOME

WE OFFER an especially nice home, corner Formwalt and Bass, built one year. Two stories, nine rooms; cement basement; bath, furnace; in fact an ideal home in every way. Price, $6,500; $1,500 cash, balance like rent.

L. P. BOTTENFIELD,

PHONE MAIN 3010. EMPIRE BUILDING.
T. A. GUMM, Manager City Sales Department.

Listings. Listings. Listings.

WE HAVE a dozen customers on our list wanting homes AT ONCE, ranging in price from $3,000 up to $10,000; most of these people have the cash and want to buy before September. List your property with us for quick results.

HAVE also six loans for private money, amounting to $1,500 to $5,000, at 7 and 8 per cent on property of good value.

OUR connections pay highest price for good PURCHASE MONEY NOTES.
"LET US SHOW YOU."

ADAIR & HOLT

REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.
97½ Peachtree Street. Phone Ivy 10.

BEN W. L. GRAHAM & MERK

319 EMPIRE BLDG., M. 4376.

$550—PRETTY corner lot, with sewers, water and electric lights. This is between the North Decatur car line and Ponce DeLeon avenue and right at Druid Hills. Can make terms if desired.

SIX beautiful lots on Piedmont avenue, 100 by 250, 100 by 285; worth at least $50 per foot. We will sell for $35 per foot.

CENTRAL AVENUE—Seven-room house; lot 50 by 110, for the sum of $3,500, on terms.

WE HAVE some acreage about twelve miles from the city on Peachtree road that we can sell at a great bargain.

LANDS FOR SALE BY THOS. W. JACKSON.

Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.
Bell Phone Main 5214.

470 ACRES.

AN ideal stock farm in Southwest Georgia; 100 acres in cultivation, balance in pasture and timber; well watered; 6-room residence, three tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings. With this farm will go 400 head of cattle, all mules, horses, wagons, 50 head of sheep, 50 head of hogs, all chickens, guineas and other personal property and implements now on the place. Price, $12,400—one-third cash, balance easy terms.

383 ACRES.

SOUTHWEST GEORGIA; 60 acres in cultivation, the balance in timber; 7-room dwelling, tenant house, barn and other outbuildings. This place can be bought for $5,250, on easy terms.

437 ACRES.

AN ideal farming proposition near West Point, Ga.; about 215 acres in high state of cultivation and lies well; 35 acres of fine river bottom; 4 good tenant houses; 40 acres in pasture under wire fence; rented this year for 15 bales of cotton. If you are looking for a first-class farming proposition, well located and near a good market, it would be to your interest to investigate this.

185 ACRES.

ON the Roswell chert road, land lies well; 125 acres in original timber; has a nice frontage on the road, large spring and 2 branches, and in one-fourth of a mile of railroad depot and sidetrack. Special price if sold at once.

3,100 ACRES.

AN ideal Southwest Georgia farm; 500 acres of level land in high state of cultivation; two good 7-room residences and 12 tenant houses. I could sell this place for $20 per acre—half cash—or trade for Atlanta property.

140 ACRES.

ON graded road, 11-2 miles from the county seat; two-story, nine-room colonial home, servants' house, garage, barn, tenant house and other outbuildings; 100 acres in cultivation, balance in pasture; belongs to a non-resident and will sell at a bargain, or exchange for Atlanta renting property.

392 ACRES.

MODERN dairy farm, fully equipped, on pike road, 13 miles of a city of 75,000 inhabitants. There is about 140 acres of rich level bottom land, fine for grain, grass and hay; large barn that cost $1,500 to build; nice residence in beautiful grove, nice lawn, 3 tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings. This is an ideal country home; belongs to a non-resident and can be bought for cash, $45 per acre, if sold by September 1, and arrange terms almost like rent.

THOS. W. JACKSON.
Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.

EIGHTY-TWO acres, 18 miles from the city, on main public road. Good waterpower, two houses, barns and other outbuildings; large spring. Forty-five acres in cultivation. Price $2,000 cash, if sold at once.

THOS. W. JACKSON.
Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.

A House,
A Home,
A Horse,
A Cow—

"Want Ads"

Will Tell You How

HOUSES FOR RENT. HOUSES FOR RENT.

THE EUCLID APARTMENTS

THIS NEW APARTMENT HOUSE at No. 161 Euclid avenue has just been completed and consists of 16 three and four-room apartments. Each apartment fronts Euclid avenue and has all the latest improvements and novelties. The wall safes are attractive features for valuables, and the three-room apartments have wall beds, which really makes them equal to four rooms. Prices are $32.50 and $37.50. The neighborhood is unexcelled.
IN THE BOSCOBEL, which adjoins, are three and four-room apartments at $30 to $35 each.

FITZHUGH KNOX
1613 Candler Building

READY BY SEPTEMBER 1.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

THE LAWRENCE

52 AND 54 WEST PEACHTREE PLACE.

A NEW, CLOSE-IN KITCHENETTE APARTMENT

SIX BLOCKS OF THE CANDLER BUILDING.

SEVERAL CHOICE 3 AND 4-ROOM APARTMENTS LEFT; BUILT FOR COMFORT IN SUMMER TIME AS WELL AS WINTER. EVERY ROOM HAS OUTSIDE EXPOSURE. ALL CONVENIENCES, WITH LIGHTS, STOVES AND REFRIGERATORS FURNISHED.

REFERENCES REQUIRED. APARTMENTS GIVEN PERSONAL ATTENTION. PRICES $37.50 TO $50.00.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY TO
J. L. TURNER CO., Owners.
1520 CANDLER BUILDING, Ivy 5213.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

AUCTION

DON'T fail to see those eighteen beautiful acreage tracts, averaging from one to twenty acres, fronting the Marietta car line at Turner's crossing, two miles south of Marietta, that we are going to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, before the courthouse door at Marietta, Ga., September 2, 10 a. m., Remember this is an administratrix sale. Property MUST SELL. You make the price. We the terms. One-half cash, balance one and two years at 7 per cent interest. See this property without fail.

J. B. Jackson

213-214 PETERS BUILDING. PHONE MAIN 929.

$75,000 to Invest in Central Property

WE WANT IMMEDIATELY for a client a close-in apartment or central store to cost not exceeding $75,000. MUST BE WORTH THE PRICE ASKED.

MONEY.

WE HAVE money to loan in large sums on store property or office buildings.

J. R. SMITH & J. H. EWING

REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND LOANS.
Ivy 1513. 130 Peachtree St. Atl. 2865.

FOR SALE JOHN J. WOODSIDE

HOME—EUCLID AVENUE.
(Price $6,750.)

It is two stories, has eight rooms, and of course has modern conveniences; built of brick. Desirable terms.

THOS. R. FINNEY, Sales Mgr.,
12 "Real Estate Row."

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TO LOAN.

WE HAVE for immediate loans several thousand dollars second-mortgage money; will loan one-half of original loan.
A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS 7 per cent private money; city property; to owners of property. See us quick.
ONE MILLION DOLLARS to loan on improved farms, 6 per cent. Five years.
THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS private money at 8 per cent direct to owners of property, in $1,000 to $2,000 lots.

RANDOLPH LOAN CO.

21 Inman Building. Main 877.

J. H. EWING PLANS MOVE FOR PEACHTREE HOME

J. H. Ewing, of the real estate firm of Smith & Ewing, will sell his present home and build on Peachtree road. He made this announcement during the past week, although he declared that his plans were not definite.

Mr. Ewing lives in Ansley Park south of the stone house of Edwin P. Ansley, and his home is one of the most attractive in the park. He has several lots at his disposal on Peachtree road and will decide on one of them soon.

SELLS CITY RESIDENCE TO BUILD IN COUNTRY

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—William V. Kelley, president of the Mieble Printing Press and Manufacturing Company, has sold to Samuel C. Hibben, an attorney, his residence at the northeast corner of Ellis avenue and Forty-ninth street, lot 55 by 200 feet.

The dwelling is of brick and stone, three stories high, containing fifteen rooms and six bathrooms. There is a garage in the rear.

The price is said to have been about $70,000. It has been the intention of Mr. Kelley to build a fine country place in Lake Forest for some time. W. K. Young & Bro. were the brokers.

RENT BELLETINS IN COLORS.

Rent bulletins of certain local real estate agents have been given a new "dress." They are printed partly in colors, which, it is contended, catches the eye of the house-seeker and produces a generally pleasing effect.

GOOD REALTY INCREASE IN CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Realty transfers for July show a large increase in recorded deeds as compared with the same period a year ago. This has been the case practically during all this year.

There were filed for record 5,013 deeds. Involving a total consideration of $11,772,254, as compared with 3,843 and $12,552,129 for July, 1912, a gain of 1,170 in number and a decrease of $779,875 in consideration, the latter due to "nominal" considerations.

There were recorded 3,971 trust deeds and mortgages involving a total of $18,773,121, compared with 2,835 and $12,522,800 for july a year ago, a gain of 1,133 in number and $6,250,321 in amount.

TROT MUSIC AT DINNER.

Members of the Atlanta Real Estate Board who gathered in the convention room of the Hotel Ansley for luncheon Friday were treated to music of the turkey trot variety. True to early training, George H. Bonnell, Eugene S. Kelly and Philip L'Engle, of the Charles P. Glover Agency, started the usual motion.

SKYSCRAPERS NOT TOO HIGH.

Building Inspector Ed R. Hays does not think that Atlanta has reached the point where it should limit the height of buildings. "Furthermore," declared Mr. Hays, "I don't believe there is an office building in Atlanta that could be dislodged by a cyclone. Some glass might blow out, but this would relieve the tension."

Six Crops of Alfalfa in One Season; Big Opportunity for Farmers of South

Special Soil Preparatin Is Necessary to Success—Inoculation and Liming Important—Seed Bed Preparation Should Begin Two Years in Advance.

CHARLES A. WHITTLE.
(Georgia State College of Agriculture.)

Think of from four to six crops of hay off a field in a year, and you are thinking of the possibilities of alfalfa growing in the South. Think of cutting from one to one and a half tons per acre each time and figure that each ton is worth at least $25 and you arrive at a very snug income with mighty little sweat as compared to cotton, for instance.

But be not deceived. Learning to grow alfalfa in the South is the biggest thing about it. Anybody who takes it as a matter of course that all he has to do is to stir the land and plant and thereafter watch the negroes harvest, is more than likely to be enrolled with the long list of those who have proven alfalfa failures in the South.

With all the good things that can be said of the soil of the South, it can pretty generally be said that Southern lands are not naturally "cut out" to grow alfalfa. This is not saying that alfalfa as a rule will not grow in the South, nor is it reflecting in any wise on either the soil or the climate. The point is that all Southern soils have to be given special treatment and preparation before alfalfa will be at home in it.

Alfalfa on Every Farm.

"Alfalfa on every farm," the slogan now going the rounds, does not point to an impossible ideal, but if anyone thinks it can be attained in the South without a considerable revolution, he may be easily deceived by trying it.

With all, it is easy enough to prepare the soil for alfalfa and go along producing it, if the prospective grower will follow good advice—but there is the rub.

The ordinary cotton grower of the South will have to practice crop rotation, he will have to add inoculation to his vocabulary and practices, and he will have to get lime into his soil. Those who have been teaching this sort of doctrine and have observed how far it has taken root in the South will understand how much farming practice will have to be changed to realize "Alfalfa on every farm."

To the average Southern farmer to mention inoculation is to elicit inquiries. What is it? Why? And to tell the truth, it is neither easy to understand nor to explain. A full explanation, indeed, is impossible. Inoculation means to introduce friendly bacteria into the soil. Without certain nitrogen fixing bacteria present in the ordinary soil, alfalfa and other legumes make poor headway. Certain it is that some of these bacteria can take the nitrogen from the air and fix it in the ground, converting at the same time the nitrogen into food for the growing plant.

Alfalfa Bred Bacteria Best.

It is believed that almost any soil has some of the nitrogen fixing bacteria present in it, but as a matter of fact in some soils these bacteria are few and apparently so starved as to be unequal to the task imposed by thrifty alfalfa.

The best bacteria with which to inoculate are those which have been bred in a good alfalfa field. Good bacteria can be grown artificially and it is with such artificially grown bacteria that seed are inoculated. When sprinkled with a solution in which the artificially grown bacteria have been turned loose, the seed carry on their surface enough of the bacteria to start up business in a new field.

Of course the bacteria are invisible except under a compound microscope. The farmer can not see them and when he buys he buys on faith. If his alfalfa grows and produces good crops he believes in inoculation. If it does not, he is likely to have notions of his own about inoculation. It is possible for seed to be perfectly inoculated and by reason of improper handling may fail to show results. Sunlight destroys bacteria and inoculated seed left exposed to the sunlight will become sterile. To escape the danger of sunlight it is necessary, of course, to shelter the bacteria, and it is wiser to sow or to apply the inoculation medium late in the afternoon or during cloudy weather.

Again, the seed may be properly inoculated, due precaution may be taken to get it into the soil with the least injury from the sunlight, but the soil may be sour, which is no sort of soil for a nitrogen fixing bacteria.

Lime Necessary to Alfalfa.

To correct sourness of soil lime is necessary. The fact is that practically all soils in the South are deficient in lime. This may never become apparent so long as cotton or corn is grown, but it is certainly true when it comes to growing legumes.

The lime is not needed as a fertilizer. It is merely a tonic to nitrogen fixing bacteria. Soils generally are supplied with all the lime that the crops need. Experiments have shown that most of the crops grown in the South are benefited by the use of lime, a benefit that is attributable to increasing bacterial activity. Bacterial activity means increase of plant food, for bacteria in effect are minute laboratories changing the elements non-available for plant food into elements of the soil that are available. Of course there are good and bad bacteria. Some of those that might be classed as bad operate to change available plant food into non-available. Of such are the denitrifying bacteria, which instead of preparing bacteria for the plants change it into perhaps free nitrogen that returns again to the air.

These friendly bacteria have been isolated and named and are nurtured, coaxed and strengthened to do their best. Only the border of the realm of these soil agents has been entered, and it may be reckoned with a degree of certainty that as the scientist ventures further into the mysterious country of the unseen that he will bring back to the farmer knowledge that will mean two bushels where one is now grown, all by learning which are the good bacteria that are serving plant life and how to encourage their growth.

The first great contribution of the scientist in looking into the teeming soil world is that lime is good for nitrogen-fixing bacteria, and since nitrogen is the most expensive plant food and one of the most important, it is a wonderful discovery this of lime and its relations to bacteria.

Since nitrogen-fixing bacteria operating to the good of alfalfa set up shop on the roots of the plant and there extract nitrogen from the air that has penetrated the soil, to know that lime will make it thrive is equivalent to saying that without lime alfalfa will not grow in many Southern soils, for it is a fact that most Southern soils are deficient in lime and are too sour for nitrogen-fixing bacteria.

Some pretty well-known, highly respected and intelligent men have said that they do not believe in inoculation nor in liming for alfalfa. They point to their successful alfalfa patch to show you that neither is necessary. Unwittingly such well-meaning people have been the means of the downfall of others in their attempts to grow alfalfa. Do not get an idea that there are many such alfalfa successes in the South, especially among those who have not used lime. Even where the soil has been formed by the disintegration of limestone rock, where there is a foundation of limestone in the soil, is to be found a marked deficiency in available lime. The lime has leached out. It must be supplied. On soils which for some reason, exceptional to the rule, there is sufficient lime, alfalfa may be started and grown successfully even without inoculation. The reason for the unnecessary inoculation will be found to be that the soil has already been stocked with nitrogen-fixing bacteria through the medium of clover, cowpeas, beans or one of a hundred other legumes.

Some of the authorities are now advocating going to the roadside, the fence corners or other places where sweet clover or burr clover, or lespedeza, or some other legumes are growing, taking some of the soil from underneath, scatter it over the alfalfa seed bed and harrow it under. By this mean nitrogen-fixing bacteria will be added to the soil, bacteria that have been making their living off the very kind of soil in which they are appointed to continue operations.

Better still, of course, would be soil taken from a field in which alfalfa had grown, a field where conditions are similar as to character of soil, climate, growing zone, etc. Naturally bacteria that have been feeding on alfalfa must have established alfalfa-loving characteristics.

Suppose some cotton farmer gets inspiration enough to get out of the ruts and takes the advice of the man who does not believe in inoculation or liming, and suppose he fails, as he is likely to do, what a pity! When again will he be in frame of mind to try?

Preparing the Seed Bed.

The preparation of the seed bed with reference to weed eradication is important. It is time well spent if two years are taken in preparing the land for alfalfa. If barnyard manure is applied, it is better to follow with a crop of corn as a weed eradicator. This followed by rye or oats drilled between the corn rows at the last time the corn is worked, will afford not only a winter cover crop, but good pasturage for the colts and calves during the winter. After the rye or oats, as the case may be, is taken off, the cowpea or soy bean will prove excellent for keeping the weeds from getting a start. Turning under the cowpeas or soy beans and harrowing the ground until it is in find tilth, as good a seed bed as could be obtained for growing alfalfa is prepared.

Weeds and alfalfa do not do well together. If the farmer can not get rid of the weeds, he need not look to alfalfa to do it. Many farmers have had fits of despair over the weeds and crab grass which have made their appearance in their alfalfa patches.

But weeds are not formidable obstacles to growing alfalfa where the precautions described have been taken. Even where the weeds have appeared in an alfalfa patch there is a fighting chance for alfalfa if the right steps are taken to keep down the weeds. The method usually recommended is to run a disk harrow over the field. This plays havoc with the weeds, but harms the alfalfa very little. By some it is claimed that the harrowing will break up the alfalfa crowns or bunches and start new plants. Weed eradication in the field will rarely be necessary if the seed bed is properly prepared in advance.

Then Put In Lime.

Having brought the seed bed through two seasons of preparation and having broken and harrowed the ground, the next important step is to put in the lime. The amount of lime to apply will depend upon the degree of acidity or sourness of the land, not on the amount of lime already in the soil. The degree of sourness is usually determined by the use of litmus paper, a prepared paper that can be purchased at any drug store. This paper when imbedded in fairly moist soil and left a short time, when taken out will show by the change of color how acid the soil is. If the change of color is very marked plenty of lime should be applied. The application will vary from one to two tons per acre.

Lime is comparatively inexpensive and when once applied serves its purpose five or more years. Ground limestone is the form which is most generally used. The price is determined largely by the cost of freight. At lime manufacturing centers the ground limestone can usually be bought at $1 per ton and even less, especially where the lime is a by-product.

The lime should be broadcasted or drilled in. If broadcasted, then harrowed under.

Sourness of soil is attributed to an incomplete stage of decomposition of vegetable matter which has been turned into the soil. The lime is the one element that will at once adjust conditions and permit other bacteria as well as the nitrogen fixing bacteria to do their work. The vegetable matter which has been turned under in preparing the seed bed and is in process of decomposition, that is, which is being transformed by bacteria, proceeds with its processes most favorably in the presence of lime, becomes humus and then plant food.

An application of nitrate of soda after the alfalfa has come up, especially if it is not showing good color, has often proved helpful.

Cropping Alfalfa.

When the alfalfa plant has grown its full height, a second growth will the second growth has put up its shoots and has started vigorously, be found starting at the roots. When then is the time to cut off the first crop. If the weather is normal, in a month's time there will be another crop ready to cut. The same signs of when to cut are to be followed in each instance—that is, the oncoming of another crop.

In the South when there has been as much rain as has generally prevailed this summer, the owner of an alfalfa patch will be cutting hay once a month for about six months in the year. Indeed, the prospect are favorable in some alfalfa patches for seven crops this year, five already having been cut, and the growing season ahead extending through September and October.

If a ton of cured hay per acre is obtained with each cutting, the alfalfa can be counted as doing first rate. Some will do better.

Alfalfa hay is worth taking good care of. The weather is not always favorable for curing it in the field, especially during the thundershower period. Canvas caps for the piles of hay in the field pay for themselves over and over by saving hay that would rot in the field from too much rain. Any grower of hay of whatever kind of hay it may be can well afford to provide hay caps.

Alfalfa hay is good, rich hay and ranks very near wheat bran in the amount of nutriments, ton for ton. Wheat bran costs about $30 per ton laid down in the South. Raise alfalfa hay and the wheat bran need not be purchased. The alfalfa has a feeding value of nearly $30 per ton at present prices, but at the outset of this article a selling prices of $25 was set as an average.

As a feed alfalfa is a producer of high-class barnyard manure. Considering that the feeding value of alfalfa is nearly $30 per ton and the manure produced of high fertilizing value, the conclusion is that alfalfa is most profitable to the farmer when he feeds it to farm animals and applies the manure to the land.

Thus the story of alfalfa ends most happily when alfalfa is married to a home made live stock business.

CLEAN UP

And Sell the Unused Things That You Have About the House

Old Clothing, unused pieces of Furniture and numberless other articles that can be found in nearly every household can easily be converted into cash if advertised in the "For Sale" columns of The Georgian's classified section. Cost only 30c to run an ad like this:

FOR SALE—Upright piano; good as new; will sell less than half price. Address B., Box 98, care Georgian.

Phone Main 8000 or Atlanta 8000

and give in your ad and you will have no trouble in selling anything you have.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

COTTON FIELDS TELL STORY OF TWO ASPECTS

No Cause for Complaint in the Central or Eastern Belt. Spinners Reluctant.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—A genuine crop scare in a considerable portion of the cotton belt and an absence of bullish activity in the price marts was an anomaly presented during the week. A partial explanation for it was, that while the crop was admittedly losing condition in Oklahoma and Texas, in practically all the rest of the belt there was no good reason for complaint. In fact, most of the central and eastern belt sent in reports of excellent progress toward a satisfactory yield. There was thus a two-sided story from the cotton fields, and the sections which last season had only moderate outturns were giving promise of evening up matters with a section that had bumper crops.

The promise of rains in the western part of the belt at the close of last wek, which afforded much of the basis for the bearish activity in the speculative market on Friday and Saturday, proved barren of much results, for the showers were scattered, and by no means sufficient to relieve the situation. In only a few localities did they amount to enough to give relief, and as the temperatures continued high, some of them might better not have come. Arkansas had some fine rains, which put an end to an incipient drouth. The week has brought no important relief to Oklahoma and Texas, and most students of the situation have reduced expectations for those important areas.

It seems certain enough damage already has been done to make unlikely a yield of as much as last year, despite increased acreage. The injury will continue until the drouth is relieved, and then for them to have full benefit there will have to be a late and open fall so late fruit can mature.

In the central belt conditions are still excellent, and the critical period will soon pass. Expectations are for the largest crop ever gathered in this territory, and picking will start in earnest in a few weeks. The "first" bale has already appeared here, nine days ahead of last year and five earlier than the average date. However, the crop as a whole is not that much ahead, the bale having come from the section that is trying to get ahead of the boll weevil by early planting and forced cultivation.

Opinion here is that the improvement of the past few weeks in the eastern belt has been such as to make possible a large yield, though it is doubted whether the record of two years ago will be reached in any large area.

The spot situation is still without much feature, and it seems likely that the spinners are going to take their time about buying. Very little forward business is reported booked and the disposition to scatter orders is not yet marked. From across the water comes talk of trade not being so promising, though there is no suspicion that one motive for such news is the need of raw material in large quantities soon and it will not hurt any to spread the notion that trade is going to be dull, thus helping to depress values and enable as cheap buying as possible.

The effect of the legislation against futures, should it be passed, is also expected to be for lower prices, which is another motive for the spinners waiting. There are many people who think the removal of this menacing cloud would result in a very quick revival of bullish speculative activity and thus the crop scare would become a price factor of more importance than it has been.

The foreign spinner, no doubt, also feels that the money situation is such that there will be a rush to sell the new crop, which will better his chances of getting bargains provided he does not show too much eagerness this early.

The domestic spinner naturally is biding his time and being conservative, pending the passage of the tariff act and its effect on business. Other things also encourage him to be a little patient, although advices indicate a healthy prospect for business.

'L. & N.' Not Much Worried Over the Senatorial Probe

Busy Developing Its Own Lines, Has No Time To Buy New Holdings.

Interests familiar with affairs of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company are not apprehensive over the outcome of whatever action may be taken in connection with the resolution introduced in the Senate by Senator Lea. This resolution calls for investigation and report by the Interstate Commerce Commission of the ownership and control of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway Company and other subsidiary companies of the first mentioned road, "and the practices and methods of the Louisville and Nashville in attempting to preserve a monopoly in its territory."

It is not thought that there will be immediate legal action in the matter, as any investigation that may be made by the commission would necessarily consume a considerable amount of time, and it is considered more or less doubtful in the minds of some that sufficient evidence will be obtained to warrant the institution of a suit by the Government calling for the divorce of the lines involved.

It is known that the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis has lines running in territory which may be considered competitive with the Louisville and Nashville. But whether it can be established that any collusion exists or has existed between the two roads to abolish competition is quite another question. So far as te Tennessee Central Railroad's purchase by the Louisville and Nashville is concerned, it is understood that such a development has not been considered by the management of the last mentioned property.

The Louisville and Nashville, it is pointed out, is kept busy developing and improving its own road in order to care more expeditiously for the large traffic that is being offered, and is not in the market for other lines. It owns about 75 per cent of the stock of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, which virtually gives it control of that system. No doubt the management of the Louisville and Nashville will fight a suit, should it be instituted by the Government, to the bitter end.

At the present time the company is spending large amounts of money in double-tracking its main liens from a point about 10 miles above Nashville to Birmingham, Ala., a distance of over 300 miles. When this important work is completed the road will be in a position to handle its business in that territory much more effectively than at present. The double-track work is not being done on the old roadbed all the distance, as in many places lines are being straightened, and at Nashville one track is being run around the city to avoid congestion. It is proposed to utilize one of the tracks between Nashville and Birmingham for freight and the other for passengers.

Louisville and Nashville has a very large surplus and it is believed in some circles that before long stockholders will receive another "bonus" in stock. The last one of $12,000,000 was only about half what was expected, and at that time predictions were freely made that within a reasonable length of time something more in this connection might be looked for. Earnings of the company are substantial during the fiscal year ended June 30 last, there having been an estimated balance available for dividends approximately of 11 1-2 or 12 per cent. Last year there was a surplus available for dividends equal to 15.93 per cent on the $60,000,000 capital stock then outstanding.

Gains Outnumber Losses in Stocks

Business Is Light, but Tone Is Firm During Short Session In Wall Street.

By CHARLES W. STORM.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Texas Company touched 120 at the opening of the stock market, advancing 1 point over Friday's final. A number of stocks were higher at the beginning, but at the end of half an hour the tone was heavy and recessions were in order. There was a nervous feeling over corn crop figures. Rock Island preferred declined a point, and the same amount of loss was sustained by Mexican Petroleum and St. Paul.

Amalgamated Copper began ¼ higher, but soon lost it and declined ½.

Steel common was ⅛ off.

Among the other losses were Union Pacific ⅜, Erie ¼ and American Can ⅛. The gains included Southern Pacific ⅜, Northern Pacific ½ and Colorado Fuel and Iron ¼.

Americans in London were irregular.

The curb market was dull.

The market closed steay; governments unchanged; other bonds steady.

Stock quotations and net change:

STOCK—	High.	Low.	Clos. Bid.	Net Ch'ge.
Amal. Copper..	72⅜	71⅞	73½	+1⅜
Am. Agricul..	....	....	45	.....
Am. Beet Sug.	25½	25½	26	+ ⅜
American Can	33½	32⅝	33½	+ ½
do, pref. ..	....	....	93⅛	+ ⅛
Am. Car Fdy..	46⅛	45	45	.....
Am. Cot. Oil..	....	....	43	+1
American Ice..	20	20	21	.....
Am. Locomo..	32	32	31⅜	— ⅛
Am. Smelting..	67¼	66½	67⅜	+1⅛
Am. Sug. Ref.	109	109	109¼	— ⅜
Am. T.-T.	129¾	129⅞	129⅝	+ ⅛
Amer. Woolen.	....	....	17½	.....
Anaconda	35¾	35¾	36⅜	+ ⅝
Atchison	96	95	95½	+ ¼
A. C. L.	....	....	120½	+1
B. and O.	96⅝	96½	96⅛	— ⅜
Beth. Steel....	34½	33⅞	34⅞	+ ⅝
B. R. T.	88⅝	88¾	88⅝	+ ⅛
Can. Pacific..	219	217⅞	218⅝	+ ⅜
Cen. Leather..	23	23	23¼	+ ½
C. and O.	55½	55½	56⅝	+ ¼
Colo. F. and I.	31½	31½	30½	+ ½
Colo. Southern.	....	....	27¼	— ¼
Consol. Gas....	....	....	130½	+ ½
Corn Products	11	11	11	.....
D. and H.	....	....	156¼	+ ¼
Den. and R. G.	20	20	20	—2
Erie	28¼	27⅝	28¼	— ¼
do. pref. ..	46½	46½	46⅜	+ ⅜
Gen. Electric...	142	141½	142	.....
G. North. pfd.	126¾	126¾	126	— ¾
G. North. Ore.	35½	35½	35½	...
G. Western....	14	13¾	13½	— ¼
Ill. Central....	....	....	106¾	— ½
Interboro	15⅝	15⅝	15¾	.....
do. pref. ..	60	60	60	+ ¾
Iowa Central..	....	....	7	—1
K. C. S. . . .	25⅝	25⅝	25¾	+ ¼
M., K. and T.	22½	22½	23	+ ½
do. pfd.. . .	....	....	58¼	+ ¼
L. Valley. . .	152	151	151¾	+1
L. and N. . . .	134⅜	134⅜	134	— ½
Mo. Pacific . .	31	30½	31¼	+ ¼
N. Y. Central.	....	....	98	.....
Northwest. . .	....	....	129½	— ½
Nat. Lead . . .	49	49	....	.....
N. and W. . .	....	....	106¼	— ⅛
No. Pacific . .	121	110¼	113⅜	+3⅝
O. and W. . .	....	....	29⅝	+ ⅛
Penna.	113	112⅝	112⅞	+ ⅝
P. Gas Co. . .	....	....	113½	.....
P. Steel Car .	....	....	24¾	+ ¾
Reading. . . .	160½	159¼	160⅞	+1¼
R. I. and Steel.	23⅛	23⅛	23⅝	— ⅜
do. pfd.. . .	....	....	87	—1⅝
Rock Island . .	17	16⅛	17⅜	+ ⅝
do. pfd.. . .	28⅜	28⅛	28	— ⅜
S.-Sheffield . .	....	....	28	—1½
So. Pacific . .	92⅜	91⅞	92¼	+ ¼
So. Railway .	24⅝	24⅝	24⅞	+ ¼
do. pfd.. . .	....	....	78	—1
St. Paul . . .	107	106	106½	+ ½
Tenn. Copper.	31	30½	31⅜	+ ⅝
Texas Pacific.	16	16	16	.....
Third Avenue	....	....	36	+1
Union Pacific.	152⅞	151⅝	153⅜	+ ⅛
U. S. Rubber.	61	60½	61	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel. . .	62¾	61⅞	62⅞	+ ⅜
do. pfd.. . .	108¼	108	108	+ ½
Utah Copper .	50¾	49¾	50¾	+ ¾
V.-C. Chem. .	....	....	24½	+ ½
Wabash	3¾	3¼	4	+ ½
do. pfd.. . .	10⅝	10¾	11⅛	+ ⅜
W. Union . . .	....	....	66¼	— ⅜
W. Maryland.	....	....	41	.....
W. Electric . .	69	69	72	+3¼
W. Central . .	....	....	47	.....

No One Surprised at Passing of Dividend

National Railways of Mexico Made the Plaything of Every Rebel Chieftain.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Persons sufficiently interested in the National Railways of Mexico to watch earnings long ago decided that the company could not pay another semi-annual dividend on its first preferred stock while the revolution continued. Members of the New York board said the payment due August 10 would not be made; and when word came from Mexico City that the usual declaration expected at this time had been omitted by the directors, there was no surprise.

The Railways' lines have been the plaything of the rebels and bandits wherever they have congregated in numbers sufficient to defy the authorities. Under the delusion that one of the first rules of warfare is to destroy as much property as possible, the insurrectos have burned trestles and torn up track in which they, as natives of Mexico, had a proprietary interest.

There is a great deal of European money invested in the National Railways, as well as a very respectable amount of American capital, but the Mexican Government owns $74,724,000 of the $150,000,000 common stock; $10,000,000 of the $57,662,000 of the first preferred and $38,278,00 of the $240,597,000 of second preferred.

Moreover, the Government will be held liable for the damage to the railways when peace is restored, so that every time a piece of property is destroyed the Mexican Government is saddled with additional obligations. Preliminary estimates for the last year indicate that the company earned almost $2,000,000 over its expenses and fixed charges, or about $500,000 less than the dividends paid.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The weekly statement of the New York Associated Banks shows the following changes:

Average statement:
Excess cash reserve, decrease $1,784,600.
Loans, increase $7,771,000.
Specie, decrease 5195,000.
Legal tenders, decrease $78,000.
Net deposits, increase $5,622,000.
Actual statement:
Loans, increase $401,000.
Specie, decrease $3,398,000.
Legal tenders, increase $1,770,000.
Net deposits, decrease $3,281,000.
Reserve, decrease $985,450.

BAR SILVER.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Bar silver quiet at 27 5-16d.

PORT RECEIPTS.

The following table shows receipts at the ports to-day compared with the same day last year:

	1913.	1912.
New Orleans. . . .	26	429
Galveston.	6,933	7,050
Mobile.	.....	13
Savannah.	459	181
Charleston	164	1
Wilmington	1	.....
Norfolk.	277	48
Boston.	81	11
Various.	81	.....
Total.	8,156	7,733

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

	1913.	1912.
Houston.	6,408	3,625
Augusta.	72	47
Memphis.	163	33
St. Louis.	103	24
Cincinnati.	108	94
Total.	6,904	8,823

SEABOARD NOTES CHEAP.

The offering of the unsold balance of Seaboard Air Line $1,900,000 equipment trust notes is being made at a price to yield 6 per cent. Seaboard Air Line Railway's surplus over all fixed charges and bond interest, for the year ended June 30, last, it is understood, was between $1,725,000 and $1,750,000, or equivalent to 6.9 per cent on the $25,000,000 preferred stock. Last year the surplus on the same basis was $899,000.

THE NEW ISSUES.

The Financial Chronicle's New York review of new security issues for the last six months shows them to have been the smallest in years and much below the average of the last eight years, totaling for stocks and bonds only $627,048,160, par value, compared with $1,219,250 in the first six months of 1912.

NEWS FOR INVESTORS

Anaconda Copper Company's production for July exceeds June's by 600,000 pounds, although this is 1,000,000 pounds below the July output last year.

• • •

American Smelting and Refining Company earnings, although not so large as last year, owing to Mexican disturbances, will make no change in the regular dividend.

• • •

Minneapolis and St. Louis Railroad for the twelve months ended June 30 increased gross by $1,880,782 and net by $1,173,665, compared with last year.

• • •

Seaboard Air Line for the fiscal year increased total operating revenue $783,417 and net $1,028,700 over 1912. Surplus, which increased $836,558 over last year, is equal to 7 1-4 per cent on the preferred stock outstanding, compared with 8 3-4 per cent in 1912.

• • •

The St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company has been authorized by the Missouri Public Service Commission to issue $28,584,500 first and refunding 40-year 6 per cent bonds, of which $26,730,000 are to replace bonds already outstanding, and the remainder for reimbursing the road for expenditures made for improvements and equipment.

HAS METHOD OF MAKING COTTON LIVE FOR YEARS

German Savant Patents System for Producing Frost and Pest Proof Perennial Plant.

By M. A. ROSE.

Now comes Herr Woldemar Schuetze, the newest recruit to the ranks of those who would revolutionize cotton growing.

All the world eventually will adopt his system, he asserts, and thereby produce a wiltproof, pestproof, frostproof, high-grade cotton which need be planted but once in 25 years.

The system makes the cotton-picking machine entirely practicable and increases the planter's profit, not only by cutting out the cost of seed, but also by reducing the cost of labor. These are some of his claims.

The system, it seems, is protected by patents in every country of the globe except in Japan. The wily Japs, according to Herr Woldemar Schuetze, considered his application, turned it down, and then spread knowledge of his methods the length and breadth of the Flowery Empire.

Details Are Vague.

But when it comes to details, Herr Schuetze is rather vague, or at least the reports of interviews with him in London are rather vague.

The cotton plant in its wild state is perennial. This is the foundation stone of the system. In the countries where wild cotton is found the plant lives 20 to 25 years. Under cultivation it degenerates to the extent of about 80 per cent after the first crop, and can not resist frost.

Herr Schuetze promises to prevent this degeneration, to make the cotton plant live 25 years or more, to make it proof against frost and all pests. He does not tell how, except to say:

"Like so many great discoveries, mine is most simple.

"One wonders why it has not been discovered ages ago. It is really the result of applying the law that in grafting, the closer the relationship, the better the result. When this system is once applied, the reduction in cost will soon amount to 50 per cent at least.

"There is an old law that the qualities of cultivation in a plant are not continued with certainty in seedlings; that is to say, that they are most unreliable. Now, my process prevents this, applying the law I referred to by first sowing, and then grafting from the parent plant onto the seedling."

Herr Schuetze takes great comfort from the fact that experiments by the Royal Pomological Society at Eisenach bear him out.

Helps Cotton Picker.

"With perennial cotton plants, or rather, trees," he goes on, "it will be possible to train them to grow in a series of arches. It follows, therefore, that a cotton-picking machine can be designed which will do its work with far greater regularity and thoroughness than is possible under the present system, where a large number of levers or arms are required to work in equally numerous directions and angles. At present, the cotton-picking machine leaves behind about one-third of the cotton, whereas, under the new system, practically all of the cotton will be picked with comparative ease.

"Again, with the trees trained in this manner, the cotton bolls will be better exposed to the rays of the sun, with the result that the bolls will develop better, grow larger and produce better cotton."

The Carvonica cotton plant, which is perennial, already is well known, but it will not grow everywhere. Herr Schuetze says he can fit his system to any cotton-growing climate. Three to five years would be required to adapt the cotton of the South to his system.

Shorts Cover When Rains Fail to Come

Forecast of Fair Weather for Texas and Oklahoma Causes Rally in Cotton.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Reports of half an inch of rainfall over the Oklahoma belt lessened the strong influence of Liverpool cables to-day, and the cotton market opened only 2 to 6 points higher than Friday's final, whereas Liverpool was 4 to 6 points higher. Ordinarily such strength in Liverpool would have caused much higher prices here. There was some unloading on weather reports, but prices were only lowered 2 to 4 points from the opening range. The ring, however, were inclined to sell rather freely on rains in Oklahoma and predictions by Kofler, of New Orleans, for more rain in Oklahoma and better prospects for Texas. Offerings were readily absorbed by the leaders who bought yesterday.

A sudden short covering movement prevailed during the last hour, based on the Government forecast of fair weather in Oklahoma and Texas over Sunday, resulting in prices recovering the early decline and advancing some 4 to 8 points higher than the initial level.

At the close the market was steady with prices at a net adance of 3 to 5 points from the closing quotations of Friday.

Estimated cotton receipts:

	Monday.	1912.
New Orleans	50 to 100	301
Galveston	6,500 to 7,500	5,959

RANGE IN NEW YORK FUTURES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Ag	11.75	11.79	11.69	11.74	11.74-75	11.69-70
Sp	11.44	11.44	11.38	11.38	11.39-41	11.36-38
Oc	11.18	11.25	11.18	11.20	11.19-20	11.14-15
Nv	11.08	11.13	11.08	11.13	11.11-12	11.05-07
Dc	11.13	11.18	11.09	11.13	11.12-13	11.07-08
Jn	10.99	11.07	10.99	11.02	11.02-03	10.97-98
Fb	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.04-06	10.99-01
Mh	11.09	11.14	11.07	11.09	11.08-09	11.05-06
My	11.11	11.17	11.09	11.17	11.11-13	11.08-09

Closed steady.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16.—Due 5½ points higher on August and 4½ points higher on other positions, this market opened steady, generally 4 points advance. At the close the market was firm at a net advance of 9½ to 10½ points.

Spot cotton quiet at 11 points advance; middling, 6.51d; sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,000 American bales; speculation and export, 500; imports 2,000, of which none were American bales.

Futures opened firm.

	Opening Range.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Aug.	.6.22 -6.26	6.27½	6.18
Aug.-Sept . . .	.6.15	6.20½	6.11
Sept.-Oct. . . .	.605	6.11	6.01
Oct.-Nov. . . .	.6.01	6.08	5.97½
Nov.-Dec. . . .	.5.96 -6.00	6.02	5.92
Dec.-Jan. . . .	.5.96½-6.06	6.02	5.92
Jan.-Feb. . . .	.5.97 -6.02½	6.03	5.93
Feb.-Mch. . . .	.598½-596½	6.04½	5.14½
Mch.-Apr. . . .	.6.00 -6.06	6.05½	5.95½
Apr.-May . . .	.6.01 -6.04	6.06½	5.96½
May-June . . .	.6.01½	6.07½	5.97½
June-July . . .	.6.07½	6.07½	.....

Closed firm.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Ag	11.69	11.69	11.63	11.64	11.63-64	11.60-62
Sp	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.23-25	11.22-24
Oc	11.19	11.25	11.18	11.19	11.18-10	11.18-19
Nv	11.20	11.20	11.18	11.18	11.15-16	11.14-16
De	11.16	11.23	11.14	11.17	11.17	11.16-17
Jn	11.16	11.23	11.16	11.17	11.17-18	11.16-17
Fb	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.15-17	11.14-16
Mh	11.28	11.31	11.24	11.24	11.24-26	11.25-27
My	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.33-35	11.32-34

Closed steady.

SPOT COTTON MARKET.

Atlanta, nominal; middling 11¾.
Athens, steady; middling 11⅞
Macon, steady; middling 11½.
New Orleans, quiet; middling 12 1-16.
New York, quiet; middling 12c.
Philadelphia, quiet; middling 12c.
Boston, quiet; middling 12.3o
Liverpool, quiet; middling 6.51d.
Savannah, steady, middling 11½.
Augusta, steady; middling 12c.
Charleston, steady; middling 12 5-16.
Norfolk, firm; middling 11¾.
Galveston, steady; middling 11⅞.
Mobile, steady; middling 12c.
Wilmington, quiet; middling 12c.
Little Rock, steady; middling 13c.
Baltimore, nominal; middling 12½.
Memphis, steady; middling 11¾.
St. Louis, quiet; middling 12 5-16.
Houston, steady; middling 11⅞.
Louisville, firm; middling 12¼.
Charlotte, steady; middling 12c
Greenville, steady; middling 12c.

NEW SEABOARD MANAGEMENT IS DOING WELL

Deficit of $121,000 in First Quarter Overcome and oGod Surplus Besides.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Seaboard Air Line in the year ended June 30 earned in excess of 7 per cent on $23,894,000. Final surplus was approximately $1,730,000, against $813,000 in 1912, both figures including only rail operations.

The showing reflects credit on the new management. In a year when the company's territory scored only about 60 per cent of a normal cotton crop, and when the initial three months' operations under the old management produced a deficit of $121,000, results for the succeeding nine months not only overcame these handicaps, but so far recovered that gross increased $1,523,000 and surplus over all charges increased $817,000.

On basis of nine months' operations under the new management, and allowing for effort necessary to pick up and recover the initial quarter's deficit, the property appears to be earning at rate of nearly $2,000,000 surplus annually, or equivalent to more than 8 per cent on the outstanding preferred. Total operating ratio in the past year was 72 per cent of gross. In 1912 it was 75 per cent.

Officials look forward to better than a $2,000,000 surplus in the current year. Crops offer excellent promise, with one of the largest cotton crops ever raised among the prospects this year. General business is moving in fair volume and traffic outlook shows no unfavorable signs.

Selling U. S. Bonds Short Is Risky Deal

Restricted Market for These Securities Makes the 'Bear's' Lot One Not Enviable.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The trader who sells any Government bonds short takes a long chance of making a profit, because of the restricted market for these securities, and the short seller of those which bear coupons assumes a risk much greater than is attached to any active stock or bond on the Stock Exchange list. Government coupon bonds, particularly those which have the circulation privilege, are comparatively scarce.

The coupon bonds may be converted into registered bonds, but registered bonds may not be exchanged for others of the same clas which bear coupons.

The application of this provision to the issues which are used to secure bank note issues, naturally, has worked to cut down the number of coupon bonds outstanding and thereby greatly lessened the opportunity of short sellers for covering their contracts at times when they have the best advantage for a profitable transaction.

An expert on Government issues predicted yesterday that traders who went short on coupon 2s below 96 would have difficulty in covering at any price under par unless some development at Washington occurs to weaken them drastically.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Nothing said in money to-day. Posted rates: Sterling exchange 4.83½@4.87, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.86½ for demand and 4.83@4.8330 for sixty-day bills.

New High Made for Corn, But Not Held

Fear of Rains Throughout the Southwest Acts as Check on Bull Operations.

ST. LOUIS CASH QUOTATIONS.

Wheat—No. 2 red . . . . . 87¼@89½
Corn—No. 2 . . . . . 78½
Oats—No. 2 . . . . . 42½@43

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Profit-taking was again to be seen in the corn market early to-day. December corn was ⅛c to ¼c lower than yesterday. At Oklahoma City there was a half inch of rain reported and fifteen minutes of rain at Hutchinson, Kans.

Wheat was up ⅝c to ⅞c and strong, mainly in sympathy with corn. Northwestern receipts were smaller. Liverpool was higher.

Oats were up ¼c to ⅜c.

Provisions were better.

New high prices were made in corn on the present bull campaign in that cereal when September sold at 75⅛, December at 69¾ and May at 71 to-day. There were recessions of ⅜c to ⅝c from the best prices and resting spots for the day were at an advance of only ⅛c for September, while the other months were ⅛c to ⅜c lower. The fear of rains throughout the Southwest was the leading bearish factor late in the session.

Wheat closed ⅝c to ⅞c higher and oats were unchanged to ⅛c higher.

Provisions were higher all around on shorts covering.

Grain quotations:

	High.	Low.	Previous Close.	Close.
WHEAT—				
Sept.....	87⅝	87⅛	87⅜	87¼
Dec.....	91⅛	90⅝	90⅞	90½
May.....	95⅞	95⅜	95⅝	95⅜
CORN—				
Sept.....	75⅛	74⅝	74¾	74⅜
Dec.....	69¾	69	69⅛	69⅜
May.....	71	70	70⅛	70⅜
OATS—				
Sept.....	43⅝	43⅛	43⅛	43¼
Dec.....	46⅜	45⅝	45⅝	45⅜
May.....	49	48⅜	48⅜	48⅝
PORK—				
Sept....	20.70	20.60	20.70	20.55
Jan.....	19.12½	18.97½	19.12½	18.67½
LARD—				
Sept....	11.15	11.07½	11.15	11.07½
Oct.....	11.20	11.15	11.20	11.12½
Jan.....	10.67½	10.60	10.67½	10.55
RIBS—				
Sept....	11.10	11.00	11.10	10.95
Oct.....	11.02½	10.80	11.02½	10.85
Jan.....	10.12½	9.95	10.12½	9.90

CHICAGO CASH QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Wheat—No. 2 red, new, 88@88½; No. 3 red, new, 87½@88; No. 2 hard winter, new, 88@88½; No. 3 hard winter, new, 87½@88; No. 1 Northern spring, 90@91½; No. 3 spring, 88@90.

Corn—No. 2, 75¾@76½; No. 2 white, 77; No. 2 yellow, 76½@77; No. 3, 75¾@76; No. 3 white, 76½@76¾; No. 3 yellow, 76¼@76½; No. 4, 75¾@76; No. 4 white, 76@76½; No. 4 yellow, 75¾@76.

Oats—No. 2 white, new; 43¾@44; No. 3 white, new, 42½@43½; No. 4 white, 42½; standard, new, 43½@44.

ST. LOUIS CASH.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—Cash—No. 2 red wheat, 87¾@89½; No. 3 red, 86@87¼; No. 4 red, 83@86; No. 2 hard, 85¾@92; No. 3 hard, 85@86; No. 4 hard, 84.

Corn—No. 2, 78½; No. 3, 78; no grade, 73; No. 3 yellow, 78; No. 2 white, 79½@80½; No. 3 white, 79½.

Oats—No. 2, 42½@43; No. 3, 42; No. 4, 41; No. 2 white, 42⅝@43¼; standard 43½; No. 3 white, 42¾@43; No. 4 white, 41@41½; No. 2 rye, 67.

PRIMARY MOVEMENT.

WHEAT—	1913.	1912.
Receipts	1,208,000	1,409,000
Shipments	1,240,000	1,225,000
CORN—		
Receipts	344,000	367,000

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16.—Wheat closed ⅝ to ½d higher.

Corn closed ¾d higher.

COTTON SEED OIL.

Coffee quotations:

	Opening.	Closing.
August	8.99@9.10	8.91@9.50
September	8.77@8.80	8.87@8.90
October	8.00@8.01	8.01@8.02
November	6.94@6.96	6.92@6.94
December	6.79@6.84	6.79@6.81
January	6.80@6.84	6.78@6.81
February	6.78@6.85	6.75@6.80
March	6.81@6.83	6.80@6.82

MINING STOCKS.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Opening: North Butte, 27¾; Fruit, 169; Shannon, 6⅞; Alaska, 18¾; New Haven, 99⅝.

BEARS CHECKED BY DAMAGE IN WESTERN BELT

Small Demand for Forward Delivery in Spots Best Argument for Low Prices.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—Bearish activity, which had been encouraged by the anti-option legislation pending at Washington has been somewhat restrained recently by reports of deterioration in the condition of the cotton crop in Texas and Oklahoma.

Unevenly distributed showers have fallen in both of those States within the last few days, but it is believed that what relief has come has been too late to prevent material damage to the crop in that section of the belt. Consequently the next bureau report is expected to show a further decline in condition from last month, when both Texas and Oklahoma fell off sharply.

The one redeeming feature in the crop situation at the moment is the improved outlook in the eastern half of the belt. According to reports received in this market, the crop in Alabama and in Georgia has undergone wonderful improvement since the date of the last bureau report. Should this improvement in the eastern belt continue, the deterioration likely to be shown in the Western belt will be offset, in a measure, by the improvement in the Atlantics.

It is believed that while conditions may be serious in those two States, rains within a week would yet permit the making of a fairly large crop, and it is argued that even if there were a shortage in the crop in the Western belt the increase apparent in the Atlantics, together with a normal yield in the Central belt, would result in a crop of at least 15,000,000 bales.

The most bearish feature in the general situation is the fact that there is less demand for forward deliveries in spots than has been the case in years. Fully good middling is being offered in this market at 45 points on October, and good middling at 15 points less for September delivery, with few, if any, buyers in sight. The slack spot demand is attributed to declining trade at Manchester and to the bearish sentiment engendered at Liverpool by the introduction of the Clarke bill in Congress.

News as to the outcome of the fight being made against the Clarke bill continues of a favorable character, and it is believed here now that the measure has been practically killed as a result of the criticism aimed at it by Southern newspapers generally.

The optimistic feeling prevailing here has been reflected by an advance of $600 in the price of New Orleans Cotton Exchange stock, two shares of which have sold this week for $2,100, with none offering at less than $2,500 now.

When the Clarke bill was first introduced, shares of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange declined below $1,500, whereas the stock had been $2,500 bid before the bill was introduced by Senator Clarke.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee quotations:

	Opening.	Closing.
January.	9.20@9.31	9.23@9.25
February.	9.25@9.40	9.29@9.31
March	9.42@9.50	9.36@9.37
April.	9.45@9.55	9.43@9.46
May.	9.53@9.54	9.98@9.50
June	9.55@9.65	9.52@9.54
July.	9.62@9.67	9.56@9.58
August	.....	8.94@8.95
September. . . .	8.95@8.96	8.95@8.96
October.	9.00@9.10	8.99@9.01
November. . . .	.....	9.06@9.98
December. . . .	9.16@9.20	9.15@9.16

Closed steady. Sales, 36,000 bags.

Travel Troubles

They are great and numerous—if not precluded by availing yourself of the opportunities offered by this safe, strong bank.

For instance: If you leave your valuable papers or jewelry in the house during your absence from the city, all during your travels you will be anxious concerning their safety. Whereas, if you rent a Safe Deposit Box in our Steel Vault, your mind will be relieved of this anxiety, which will be worth many times the cost of rental.

Again: If you start out with a pocketful of cash, you will be incessantly bothered with making change; and if traveling in foreign countries, will be subject to the dangers of receiving SHORT change. Our Travelers' Cheques or Letters of Credit will make your travel money matters simple and safe. And the cost is very nominal.

Atlanta National Bank

C. E. CURRIER, President.
F. E. BLOCK, Vice President.
JAMES S. FLOYD, Vice President.
G. R. DONOVAN, Cashier.
J. S. KENNEDY, Asst. Cashier.
J. D. LEITNER, Asst. Cashier.

CAPITAL $1,000,000.00
SURPLUS 1,000,000.00
RESOURCES 10,000,000.00

American National Bank

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Statement of Condition August 9, 1913

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$3,495,486.16
United States Bonds	518,000.00
Other Bonds and Securities	74,750.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer	25,000.00
Cash in Vault and with Banks	900,402.11
	$5,013,.38.27

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$ 600,000.

WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

ATLANTA HAS NEW FRIENDS AS RESULT OF CONVENTION

Many Attracted to City Who Never Came Before, but Who Now Will Make Semi-Annual Trips and Become Regular Customers.

Attendance Surpasses All Expectations, as Does the Volume of Business Transacted as Direct Result of the Fine Gathering.

The Southern Merchants' Convention is over.

Registration reached the imposing total of 2,500, Secretary H. T. Moore reported Saturday. Several hundreds did not register. Probably 3,000 is none too liberal an estimate of the number of retailers from Atlanta territory who visited the city during the two weeks.

With a theater party at the Forsyth Monday night, a barbecue Wednesday, and the Atlanta-Chattanooga ball game Friday, the visiting delegates enjoyed the second week of their stay, and the Atlanta merchants who pushed the convention to success believe they have made enduring friends of their guests, friends who will come again in February and every half year after that.

The purpose of the convention was twofold. First, the retail dealers from all over the South were given an opportunity to meet and discuss the problems which confront them in the everyday conduct of their business. Second, every effort was made to emphasize Atlanta's advantages as a buying center for all the South.

Both Objects Achieved.

Both these objects were achieved. The speeches during the first week of the convention threw valuable help in the way of those who found perplexities in buying, selling, management of stores, credits, or any of the multitudinous things which go to make up a merchant's work.

It is a good thing that the proceedings are to be published. All of the speeches are well worthy of preservation for future reference. Some of the speakers gave plain talks, just the simple, practical expression of what they had learned through years of experience.

Others spoke with scholarly finish—their speeches really were erudite, of studied completeness and finish. Still others were inspirational—they pointed out the intellectual and spiritual significance of the merchant's work. They made him feel that his is a noble calling, that the great prizes of the world are for the business man.

New Friends Made.

From the other point of view, the results attained were no less notable. Hundreds of buyers came to Atlanta who never had been here before, and who would not have come this time had it not been for the convention.

To them the completeness, the cheapness, the quality and the diversity of things sold by Atlanta manufacturers and jobbers must have been a revelation—indeed, they so expressed themselves.

Some of them bought big bills. Every large jobbing house reports a splendid fall trade. The crop prospects are such as to make everyone optimistic. There will be a good demand for merchandise in the fall, and the buyers prepared to meet it.

There were others who did not buy so much. They are just as welcome, for the Atlantans feels that their goods, their prices and their service are right, and that every customer who buys here once will come again.

New Associations.

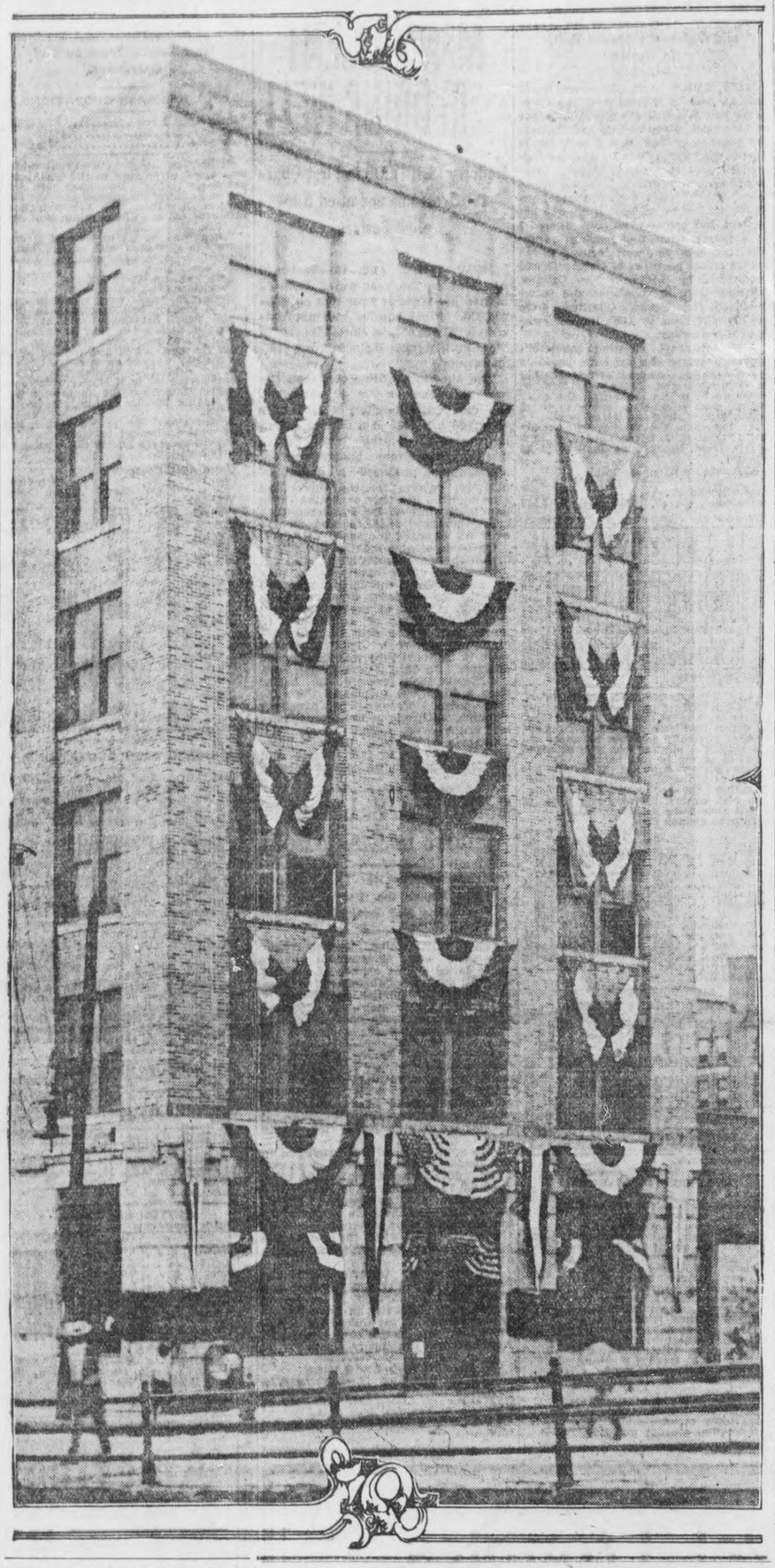
A noteworthy result of the meeting was the organization of a permanent body—the Southern States Merchants' Association, headed by J. W. Vaughn, of Cartersville, Ga.

This, it is hoped, will bring very tangible benefits to the retailers of the South in general. It may prove to be the parent of scores of local organizations, which can do worlds of good in watching credits, preventing price-slashing and equalizing freight rates.

USES U. S. PORTS.

Of wheat exported from Canada last year, 64 per cent went by United States ports.

WARD-TRUITT COMPANY'S building, decorated in honor of the visiting merchants, as were many of the wholesale houses.



WATERPROOF SHOES OF PAPER.

Waterproof shoes made of paper are covered by a patent recently issued to Morris H. Siegel. The paper is of sufficient toughness to stand at least one wearing. To prevent tearing there are gores at the sides which unfold to admit the foot.

High Prices for Ostrich Farms.

A striking illustration of the profits in ostrich farming is found in the report that a man in the Oudtshoorn feather district of South Africa has leased 290 acres of land for a period of ten years for $7,500 per year. In the same district 35 acres of land sold for $30,000.

NEW RICE HIGH; MARKET IS BARE OF LAST YEAR'S

Honduras Quoted at 7½ Cents to Jobbers by Big Atlanta Brokerage House.

New rice is being shown by H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers, and the price is "sky high," higher than any of the grocers remember, the figure quoted being 7 1-2 cents for full head Honduras clean. Japan sells for 3 1-2 and 4 cents. These are quotations to wholesalers.

The market is bare of old crop rice of good grades. Those who demand the fancy article have had to deny themselves. The new crop, it seems, is moving slowly, and indications are that the high levels will be maintained for some time, although a break is possible later on. At the present time, even samples are hard to get from New Orleans, which, of course, is the center of the rice trade.

Cheese also is high, considering the season. The usual fall advance is coming very early. Plymouth, Wis., American full cream cheese is quoted, daisy, 15 cents, and twin daisies, 14 3-4 cents.

Great Lakes salt herring will begin to come in next month, and this most palatable fish promises to be in unparalleled demand. This is the variety known for years as "white fish," but the real white fish is as scarce as prairie chicken, and by a recent government ruling it is made an offense to brand fresh water herring by this name. The Whitcomb-Burke supply comes from the great fisheries at Green Bay, Wis.

Every week, it seems, some new product appears on the market to make the housewife's work lighter. The woman who so desires could feed her family for months at a time and never do a bit of cooking, with bakers' bread, canned brown bread, coffee which needs only the addition of water, tinned roast beef, lemon pie filling, lemon sugar, onion salad and a multitude of ready-prepared articles.

The latest in this line is prepared doughnut flour. The powder contains flour, eggs, spices and all the other ingredients of doughnuts. All that is necessary is to add water, roll the dough, cut it and fry the doughnuts. Sufficient to make two dozen doughnuts is sold for 15 cents.

New pack sweet potatoes are due in a few weeks, with a fair-sized crop of excellent quality in prospect. This is an all-Southern product unknown in the North a few years ago. But the juicy Southern yellow pumpkin yam is so much superior to the kiln-dried, mealy Jersey sweet potato of the North that it is believed a very short time will serve to make the more palatable product supreme in the market.

Every day there's a new condiment. This time it is onion salad, a Boston product with a peculiar tang which makes a hit on first trial. Louisiana, the home of tabasco peppers, is putting out a new tabasco sauce which the Whitcomb-Burke Company is introducing with considerable success.

Fate of Exhibit to Be Sealed Tuesday

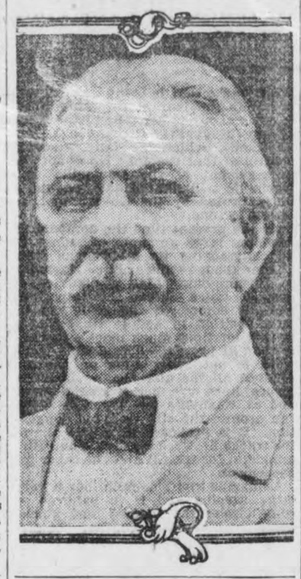
Thirty-one Manufacturers Signed Up by Saturday, Besides Those of Cotton Industry.

Atlanta manufacturers will seal the fate of the proposed permanent exhibit of Atlanta-made goods Tuesday. A luncheon will be held at the Ansley at 10 o'clock that day. If sufficient support can not be secured by that time to guarantee the rental of four floors for two years, the attempt will be dropped, at least for a year.

Thirty-one manufacturers had signed by Saturday, an each of the 31 was commissioned to bring in another. Including the cotton exhibit, three floors seemed to be assured.

Contractors now are at work on the Chamber of Commerce building, remodeling it for offices. If the plans are to be changed, immediate decision is necessary.

WILLIS E. RAGAN, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the "M. & M.," to whom much of the convention's success is due.



Electric Signs Now Made Right at Home

One of the First Products of New Studio Is Largest Display South of New York.

Atlanta now possesses a first-class electric sign studio. Heretofore local merchants have been obliged to purchase their electric signs in other cities and have them shipped here at heavy expense.

Proof that this is no inconsequential studio is the new electric sign at the south end of the Whitehall-Peachtree viaduct—the largest south of New York, and one of the most beautiful anywhere. It was made in Atlanta from start to finish. It uses more than 2,500 lamps, and some of the letters on the sign are more than twelve feet high.

The new studio is the property of the Massengale Bulletin System, and is in the remodeled building which the Atlanta Athletic Club once occupied at 56 Edgewood avenue.

Ten high-salaried experts, men who thoroughly understand how to design and manufacture intricate and artistic electric signs, have been brought here by the Massengale Company to take charge of the new studio. M. O. Trusdell is in charge of the electrical department.

St. Elmo Massengale is president of the company and Gordon B. Massengale is secretary and manager.

E. Frank Munn is assistant manager and general superintendent.

NEW ARTIFICIAL SILK IS MADE FROM COTTON

A factory on an eight-acre plot will soon be erected at Kingston, N. Y., for manufacturing artificial silk from cotton by the Greiner-Wilkins process. Proof of the practicability of the new process was that stockings, shirtings, plushes, velvets and neckties could be made from the spun yarn. The demand for artificial silk is considerably greater than the supply, and it is maintained that the cost of its production from cotton is cheaper than where wood was used, and that silk made by the new process is more durable than that made from wood.

TOYS FROM WASTE WOOD.

A toy company in Sheboygan, Wis., has begun to use only the waste wood from other mills. It has even worked out a system of using all small pieces, as well as the larger ones, so that practically nothing is lost but sawdust.

YEARLY TRADE IN MILLINERY IS $2,000,000

Atlanta Leads in Field Where Brains Are Prime Requisite for Success.

In a field which is in many respects the most difficult in the mercantile world—millinery—Atlanta stands supreme in the South, and is one of the prominent centers of the United States.

Millinery involves no question of geography. Transportation charges do not enter into it as they do, for instance, in the flour or coal trade. Millinery involves few problems of prices or narrow cost margins. A hat is worth what it will bring.

The business does require the keenest study—study carried on on two sides of the ocean (there are many Atlanta designers who spend a part of each season in Paris). It requires able generalship, for competition is keen both in the designing and selling fields. More trying than any of these things is the constant shifting of women's whims. These make the business the great thing it is, but also they cause heavy losses when goods bought at high prices suddenly become absolutely unsalable.

Brains, then, alone conquer in this peculiar business. And Atlanta is long on brains.

Brains have built up a business which insiders estimate at $2,000,000 a year in Atlanta. There are six large wholesale houses in Atlanta—E. L. Rhodes Company, Meyer-Regenstein Company, M. Kutz Company, D. Silverman Company, N. Myers Company and N. Bodenheimer & Bro.

The fall season just has opened. It will attract, in two weeks or so, about 1,500 buyers.

They come here to see the advance styles, to buy hats trimmed in these styles, to take notes of the models for later production in Tallapoosa or Hushpuckena, or to copy the models with thorough fidelity for the same purpose.

A FREE TRIP

To Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.

Write to

H. T. Moore

SECRETARY.

Rhodes Building, Atlanta.

The Hirshberg Company

STATIONERY — DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES — NOVELTIES — BLANK BOOKS

Glendale Line

13-15-17 NELSON STREET

ATLANTA

At What Rate Do You Do Business?

Fire insurance rates on a building are based not only on the chances of that building catching fire, but to a larger extent on the facilities at hand for putting out the fire, should it occur.

The more convenient the Fire Service, the lower the rate.

Just so in merchandising; the cost of doing business is directly governed by the convenience of a merchant's source of supply.

Take shoes, for instance; the Southern merchant who buys his stock in the distant markets of New England and the West is paying a mighty high rate to do business.

Here are the extra costs he pays:

1st. Excess freight charges.

2d. Interest on half the stock he now carries that would be unnecessary with a near-by efficient factory connection.

3d. Loss on accumulation and depreciation of dead styles.

4th. Sales missed by being out of the right styles and sizes when he needs them.

The RED SEAL Shoe Factory right here in Georgia offers QUICK SHIPMENTS, LOW FREIGHTS, THE BEST KNOWN AND BEST SPOKEN OF LINE IN THE SOUTH.

Its Mail Order Service is the best remedy for the High Cost of Doing Business.

Postal brings catalog or salesman.

Mail orders on way same day.

J. K. Orr Shoe Co.

RED SEAL FACTORY, Atlanta.

DIXIE PICKLE AND PRESERVING CO.

Manufacturers of

Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.

CANNED GOODS

364 to 378 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

VOLLMER MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Moore Building

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY

Special Designs in Platinum

Engravers *Diamond Setters* *Watchmakers*

Specialists in Jewelry Repairing

Write for our latest Catalogue. The leading merchants are adding the 5c and 10c departments. Why not one for your town?

McCLURE 10c CO., 47-49 S. Broad St.

Give Your "DIMES" a Chance

Have You Bought Your

SCHOOL SUPPLIES?

Schools will be opening again in September---be sure you are ready for them.

Send for our new 500-page Catalog illustrating the most complete line of School Supplies in the South.

We Sell to Dealers Only

MONTAG BROTHERS

Manufacturers--Importers--Jobbers

ATLANTA

Established 1872.

The J. Regenstein Co.

40-42 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

Importers, Manufacturers, Jobbers of

"Everything Millinery"

From the Cheapest That's GOOD To the BEST That's Made

Catering to the wants of dealers who like to carry

The Better Class Millinery

Third Week's Showing of Imported Patterns and Regenstein Models.

Our workrooms are open to the trade, and visiting milliners. We are proud of our service. TRY US.

We furnish high class, competent milliners. See us. Cordially yours,

The J. Regenstein Company

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S
SUNDAY AMERICAN

EXTRA

VOL. I. NO. 20.

Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company.

ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GIRL STICKS TO STORY OF HER FLIGHT WITH DIGGS

Marsha Warrington Says Former State Architect Took Advantage of Friendship in Elopement to Reno—Lived as Man and Wife.

Accused Appealed to Her to Keep Him Out of the Penitentiary, She Testifies—Court Cautions Jurors Not to Discuss the Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Her eyes averted from the gaze of Maury L. Diggs, former State Architect, on trial for white slavery, Marsha Warrington, the girl with whom he is alleged to have eloped to Reno, leaving behind a wife and family, finished her recital of her relations with the prisoner and remained steadfast to her story how he had taken advantage of a platonic friendship and against her will made her take the trip to the Nevada town, where they lived together as man and wife.

Though vigorously cross-examined, the girl's story was unshaken.

In concluding her testimony, Miss Warrington said:

"After arriving in Reno on March 10 we had luncheon and then we went to the Riverside Hotel, while Diggs and Caminetti went to a real estate office," she said. "They said they were going to rent a bungalow and that they intended to remain in Reno about six months.

Took Suite of Roome.

"When Diggs and Caminetti returned, Diggs registered and we went to a suite of rooms. We had two bedrooms, a parlor and a bath. Diggs and I had one room and Caminetti and Lola the other.

"We took a bungalow while we were there. We were never out of it except at night and never farther away than around the block. Diggs cautioned us not to be seen.

"When Chief Hillhouse came to arrest us on the morning of the 14th, we were still in bed. Diggs said: 'There are the police.'

"He understood that it was a serious situation, for he told me: 'It's up to you girls to keep us out of the penitentiary. Do everything you can to shield us.' He told us to say that Lola and I had occupied the front room and that he and Caminetti had slept in the rear room.

"Dear Pickles," He writes.

A letter addressed to "Dear Pickles," said to have been written to Miss Warrington by Diggs after his arrest, was shown to the jury. The letter contained this sentence:

"Don't worry now; everything will come out O. K., and you remember what I said to you, the last words?"

Miss Warrington was asked what were the "last words." Adjurations, she answered, not to tell anything that would incriminate the writer.

During the cross-examination Diggs constantly prompted the questions of his attorneys and steadily kept his eyes on the girl's veiled face, but she constantly avoided his gaze.

When the essentials of her previous testimony were called into doubt, she made her answers a stronger reaffirmation.

The courtroom was somewhat startled in the afternoon session by the emphatic admonitions of the judge to the jury that the case must not be discussed by the jurors, particularly with any friend of Diggs or F. Drew Caminetti, the latter a co-defendant in another case on a similar indictment. The judge said they must not even allow the case to be mentioned within their hearing or read about it in the newspapers.

Jurors Are Cautioned.

These are the usual instructions to jurors, but the emphasis with which they were twice repeated by Judge Van Fleet this afternoon gave rise to inquiries which he would not satisfy. Theodore Roche, who thus far has conducted the Government's case, merely said there was reason for the court's order. One juror admitted he had been in company where the case was discussed, though he had not joined in the talk.

Two minor witnesses—the managing editor of a Sacramento newspaper and the Probation Officer of Sacramento County—denied to-day that there had been any scandal connected with the names of the four on the point of exploding into print or that arrests were impending if they remained in Sacramento. Miss Warrington had testified that Diggs had told her such was the case, and this fear had been her prime motive for leaving home.

Big Patches of Skin Her Birthday Gifts

Father, Nurse, Brother, Sister and Friends Under Knife for Girl's Sake.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Carolyn Estelle Day, daughter of Frederick D. Day, of Hollis, L. I., celebrated her fourth birthday yesterday in the children's ward of Jamaica Hospital. Carolyn was badly burned while playing around a bondfire, but was all smiles when a dozen of her playmates were ushered into the ward, each bearing a gift. Carolyn admired the presents, and thanked each friend.

"I've got some other presents, too," she said.

"This is a birthday present from daddy," she said, pointing to a three-inch strip of skin which was removed from the arm of her father.

"Here's one from Uncle Langdon," she said, pointing to another strip.

The child's father was unable to supply enough skin, so his brothers, Langdon and Roland; his sisted, Miss Dorothy Day, and Benjamin Dubocq made up the amount needed.

Woman Carried to Shrine, Walks Back

Victim of Elephantiasis Apparently Cured During Novena at Chapel Near Kankakee, Ill.

KANKAKEE, ILL., Aug. 16.—After visiting the shrine of St. Anne de Beaupre at St. Anne, near here, Mrs. Beaupriele Mailloux, of Earl Park, Ind., who had been declared to be slowly dying of elephantiasis, and was carried to the shrine, was able to walk away, and is believed by her friends to be cured.

No other cures were announced by the 3,000 pilgrims who visited the shrine during the novena just closed. The first cure reported was that of Miss Cunea, of Chicago, about ten years ago.

Papers Have Right To Refuse Advertising

Court Rules That Objectionable Matter May Be Declined, Despite Previous Contract.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down today in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a local paper to recover money due under a yearly contract, which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

Joy Rider Compelled To Pension Victim

In Lieu of Jail Sentence, Speeder Must Pay Girl $30 a Month Until Recovery.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Instead of sending J. S. McNutt, a convicted joy rider, to prison, Judge Wilbur, of the Superior Court, suspended a five-year sentence over him to-day, on condition that he pay $30 a month until she recovers to Miss Olive Davis, a young woman injured when McNutt's machine was wrecked. Physicians say Miss Davis' injuries are permanent.

The girl, in a plaster cast, testified to-day that McNutt was speeding while intoxicated.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

Wildcat Attacks Artist in His Studio

Painter Using Stuffed Animal as Model Has to Fight the Real Thing.

PITTSFIELD, MASS., Aug 16.—Robert Hamilton, a New York artist who has a summer studio in Lenox, near Frogs Landing, is recovering from injuries received in a rough and tumble fight with a wildcat in his lonely studio. He was surprised by the beast while painting a wildcat from a stuffed model.

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, with whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abondon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the annulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buell Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

Weds Model; Loses Home; Goes to Work

'I Should Worry,' Remarks Rich Retired Merchant's Son When Disowned.

WORCESTER, MASS., Aug. 16.—Because William A. Lyttle, Jr., son of Colonel W. A. Lyttle, a wealthy retired merchant and erstwhile member of the Governor's Council, eloped with Miss Thyra Linea Johnson, a 19-year-old artist's model of this city, to Putnam, Conn., he has been disowned by his father.

Colonel Lyttle has ordered his son to give the girl up. Disregarding that mandate, young Lyttle brought matters to a crisis by quietly slipping out of town a few days ago with his sweeaheart and having the matrimonial knot tied.

"I should worry," said young Lyttle when he was told of his father's decision, and then he promptly started with his bride to Detroit, where he will learn the automobile business.

Court Frees 'Old Maid' Who Resents Epithet

Judge Rules Spinster Was Right in Smiting Married Woman With Chair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Unmarried women of mature years who are subjected to ridicule as "old maids" have won a victory in court. Miss Minnie Flatley, of the Colonial Hotel, is 31, and Mrs. Lizzie Varley, of the same address, has been calling her an "old maid."

Miss Flatley resented the sarcasm by smiting Mrs. Varley with a chair and punishing her seriously. When she was arraigned in court Judge Gemmill, after hearing the story, said "Discharged."

"I think this sort of provocation justifies any assault up to murder," said the judge. "It is despicable to humiliate a woman."

Father Sells Girl at Auction in Detroit

Authorities Take Steps to Have Marriage of Syrian Child to Turk Annulled.

DETROIT, MICH., Aug. 16.—The marriage license department of the County Clerk's office has taken steps to nullify an auction sale of Marie Aman, a Syrian girl, only 15 years old. Her father made the sale. There were half a dozen bidders.

The girl had been in the country only seven weeks, and was brought here by her father expressly to be sold. A Turk, Mehammed Haj Seleem, was the successful bidder.

The bargain was sealed immediately by the reading of an Oriental marriage service. The girl had a sweetheart who could not bid high enough to win her.

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

Evidence Found of Prehistoric Dentists

Archaeologist of Columbia University Discovers Ancient Skulls With Gold-Filled Teeth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Apparent evidence that dentistry was a profession in prehistoric ages has been disclosed by Professor Marshall H. Saville, archaeologist of Columbia University, who returned here to-day from an exploring expedition in South America. Human skulls containing teeth filled with gold were among the interesting discoveries made in Ecuador.

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it pulled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times.

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

Hidden Pistol Seen As Girl Lifts Dress

Young Woman Is Arrested When Masked Battery Is Exposed as She Crosses Street.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Holding her dress a little too high to avoid the water as she crossed Main street to-day, Mattie Pearce was arrested when she revealed a large revolver in a holster fastened around her leg at the knee.

She was taken to the police station, where she showed the officers the new mode of carrying a gun. Strapped to a leg was the holster in which she carried the revolver.

The girl explained that there were "bad men" at Uniontown and she was not taking any chances with them. She stated that she had worn the revolver in that position for some time.

Mattie said she did not know she was holding her dress quite as high as she was, and that she had forgotten for a moment about the masked battery. She was released on bail.

Wife Paints Story of Her Life on Walls

St. Louis Matron Does Remarkable Work She Calls 'A Young Girl's Love."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—One of the most-talked-of works of art in St. Louis hangs in the home of Dr. Robert E. Wilson and was painted by Mrs. Wilson. The canvas is called "The Story of a Young Girl's Love," and covers the entire wall space in the parlor of this magnificent Colonial home. Two years were devoted to the work.

The painting is divided into panels, the size of each picture depending on the amount of space to be covered. Artists pronounce the canvas a masterpiece. Mrs. Wilson's friends say that the painting illustrates her blissful married state.

TOWN CELEBRATES WEDDING.

AXTELL, KANS., Aug. 16.—All the citizens of this town celebrated today the sixty-second wedding anniversary of Stephen and Margaret Stout, aged 85 and 81, respectively, whose home for more than a third of a century has been the social center here.

FRANK'S COUNSEL BIT BY BIT BUILDS STRUCTURE TO CRUSH CONLEY STORY

Intricate Mass of Circumstantial Evidence Is Assembled to Disprove Direct Testimony of Negro and Corroboration Theories of State.

DEFENDANT'S MORALS TO BE NEXT BATTLE GROUND

An intricate structure is being raised by Leo Frank's lawyers as his defense against the formidable case made out by the prosecution. Little by little its parts were laid, all during last week's period of the trial, with no less than 50 witnesses as agents.

No one of the many witnesses for the defense has given testimony that in itself was essentially significant. But each one has embodied an attack on the State's case, testifying against the character of a damaging anti-Frank witness, or to Frank's good character, or as to the likelihood of expert testimony that the State drew forth.

The case of the defense, as it was made out with the close of the week's session, is a structure of little bits. It is an attempt to overcome a long line of circumstantial evidence and the direct testimony of a single witness—Jim Conley—with another long line of circumstances. In this case as the week has revealed the State is truly the aggressive, the defense truly the defensive.

Arnold Charges Scheme.

Most strenuous of the attempts of the defense has been that to prevent the examination of witnesses along the lines of Frank's alleged immoral conduct. Time and again Solicitor Dorsey has asked witnesses if they have heard of certain actions by Frank in connection with young girls. Each time a heated objection has come from Reuben Arnold, Frank's attorney, who has charged that the questions are without foundation, and that they are framed merely to set the prisoner in an evil light before the jury.

To Lawyer Arnold's objections was added the protest of the prisoner's mother, in a startling, dramatic manner. Plainly overwrought, bordering on the hysterical, Mrs. Frank rose from her seat after Dorsey asked J. Ashley Jones if he had heard of Frank's immoral behavior with a little girl.

Mrs. Frank was trembling and pale faced. She advanced toward the Solicitor and pointed a finger at him.

"No, he hasn't heard," she cried, her voice almost a shriek. "Nor you either."

The situation was doubly dramatic, coming as it did unexpectedly. Mrs. Frank has been apparently the calmest and coolest and most courageous person in the courtroom since the trial began, not a quiver of her face betokening lack of composure. No one expected the outburst from her.

Dorsey's Look Triumphant.

To all the protests of the lawyers, however, Solicitor Dorsey declared that the State can prove the charges of gross immoral conduct against Frank, and will bring witnesses to that effect on rebuttal. There was something triumphant in the Solicitor's bearing when Frank's attorneys introduced testimony to prove the good character of the prisoner.

This lets down the bars. The prosecution now may produce witnesses in rebuttal to attack Frank's character and his behavior, in case they have such evidence in hand. The Solicitor announces that he has this evidence and will produce it.

At one time during the week's course of the trial it was hinted that forty or fifty witnesses will be called by the State when the case again comes into its hands in reply to the testimony for the defense. In that event, the trial will be prolonged through the greater part of next week. Several days undoubtedly will be required for the lawyers' argument of the case, which has become one of the most complicated and tangled of Georgia's legal history. And thus it is not unlikely that the last week of the month will come before the verdict of the jury is announced.

Testimony on which the defense relies most was produced in that of several medical experts—Dr. George Bachman, Dr. T. H. Hancock, Dr. Willis Westmoreland, Dr. W. S. Kendrick and Dr. William Owens. All these men were called to reply to the statement of Dr. Harris, of the State Board of Health, whose testimony is

MORAL CONDUCT OF FRANK NOW IS BATTLE GROUND

Solicitor General Apparently Welcomes Arnold's Putting Defendant's Character in Issue.

Continued from Page 1.

believed to be hurtful to the defense.

He had declared that the undigested bits of cabbage in Mary Phagan's stomach proved she was killed within a short period after her midday meal. The whole contention of the State is that Frank killed Mary Phagan before 12:30 o'clock on the afternoon of April 26, and the fact has been established that she ate dinner less than an hour before that time.

But the experts called by the defense were almost unanimous in declaring that Dr. Harris could have been mistaken, however positively he stated his opinion. A bitter fight developed on cross-examination of each of the experts.

Bitter also was the fight that came over the testimony of Dr. William Owens. It was he who timed the actions of mimics when they rehearsed in pantomime Conley's version of the death of Mary Phagan some time after his arrest. Eighteen and a half minutes were taken up by the incident, a length of time which seems to offset the State's theory that the murder was done and the body disposed of within a short time. Solicitor Dorsey objected to the introduction of the testimony, but Judge Roan allowed it to be entered, with the remark that he would study the arguments for and against and announce later a judgment as to its admissibility.

The hope and belief of the defense that the commission of the crime may be laid on the shoulders of Jim Conley was revealed in the course of the Owens examination, when Lawyer Arnold made a heated statement.

Arnold Accuses Conley.

Solicitor Dorsey was objecting to the admission of the evidence concerning the murder in pantomime, and spoke sarcastically of its features.

"Your honor," he protested to Judge Roan, "you're surely not going to allow a thing like this."

"I don't know what I am going to do," replied Judge Roan.

The Solicitor turned to Arnold.

"Well," he asked, "how long did it take in this farce to choke the little girl to death?"

"We don't know how long it took the nigger to kill the child," replied the lawyer for the defense, hotly.

The Solicitor turned to the Judge at this accusation of Conley.

"Now, your honor," he said, "that won't do."

Judge Roan agreed with him, and the examination proceeded.

Following the examination of the expert witnesses the defense produced men who were classmates and associates of Frank in college to testify to his good character. It was at this juncture that the hearing of the Solicitor plainly revealed triumph. He had contended all during the trial that he would produce evidence of Frank's immoral behavior if an opening were given him. This was the opening.

The first four character witnesses were A. L. Lane and R. A. Knight, of Brooklyn, and Philip Nash, of Greenwood, N. J., and J. Ashley Jones, an insurance man of Atlanta. Others, the defense has announced, will be brought forth. The attitude of Frank's lawyers is that of defying the prosecution to attack the prisoner's moral character.

500 Birds Kept in Cage on Housetop

St. Louis Collector Has Scores of Varieties and Many of Them Are Carnivorous.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—A huge cage, containing 500 birds, is built on top of the home of D. J. Pishorski, No. 1911 North Twelfth street. Not one of these birds is for sale.

Instead Pishorski adds to his collection almost every week, and will continue to do so until he possesses a pair of every variety of birds.

Almost every land is represented in this assemblage of feathered warblers. They range from the nightingale of Japan to the Missouri jaybird.

In this collection are probably 100 birds that can not exist on seeds, lettuce and grass. They belong to the carnivorous class and must feed upon insects.

FINDS KNIFE BLADE IN CHEEK AFTER 31 YEARS

REPUBLIC, KANS., Aug. 16.—To have part of a knife blade imbedded in his cheek for 31 years and not know it is the experience of Ora Figure, who has just returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he underwent an operation for the removal of a growth on his cheek.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

John Lind Has Most Unusual Job But Lind Is Most Unusual Man Calling Bluffs Is His Specialty

Former Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, who is in Mexico to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him an dhis policies.



Former Governor Has No Official Position, but Has Been Selected in Ticklish Diplomatic Work.

A plain man named John Lind is in Mexico City awaiting an opportunity to tell the explosive and dynamic President Huerta that President Wilson, of the United States, disapproves of him and his government.

This man is not the Ambassador of the United States. He has no more an official standing than a Chinese coolie. He is a plain American citizen come to discuss matters.

President Huerta may refuse to see him. The President might tell John Lind to go back to Minnesota whence he came, and still would be on safe ground.

But President Huerta will see him, and will talk to him, and will listen to what he has to say. Because John Lind, as all the world knows, is the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson. He does not stand for the Government of the United States, nor represent any plan of intervention or anexation. He is merely the ears ad mouth of Woodrow Wilson, who wants to know exactly what is going on and why.

The mission on which President Wilson sent John Lind, former Governor of Minnesota, to Mexico, is one of the most remarkable in diplomatic history.

Holds No Office.

"It is to be pointed out that Mr. Lind holds no office which is recognized between nations," announced dispatches from Washington. "A grave responsibility rests on his shoulders. * * * The administration insisted that it should be made plain that Mr. Lind was acting entirely in an unofficial capacity in his mission to Mexico, but that he possesses most extraordinary powers in speaking for President Wilson is admitted."

It is plain that John Lind is on a most unusual mission, to be successful in which he must be calm, cool, careful, tactful, unruffled and all that. He must be alive to his responsibility. He must expect rebuffs. He must be honest, fearless, sincere.

John Lind's friends say he is all that. His enemies concede that he is every bit of it. President Wilson was certain that John Lind would meet all requirements, and so he sent to St. Paul for him.

John Lind is a former Governor of Minnesota. Years after he had served his first term, the Democrats nominated him again. They wanted him badly, and in the convention mentioned the name of nobody else.

But Lind was on his way to Alaska. He refused to turn back to accept the nomination. He refused to say yes or no. They had disregarded his wishes back home concerning a county option plank in the platform, and he scornfully said nothing to their overtures to come back and be Governor.

Weeks passed. Election time drew near. Politicians in Minnesota were certain that Lind would run. Who ever refused a gubernatorial nomination with certain victory to result from it?

Lind's Refusal Firm.

But when Lind got back, he broke his silence with a firm refusal. He would have none of the Governorship. And it being too late for the Democrats to rally around anyone else, the Republican Eberhardt won out.

It is the same calm, imperturbable John Lind for whom President Wilson invented a job as his personal representative. An unusual job it was, and President Wilson looked about for an unusual man to fill it. He decided that his friend John Lind was the man.

John Lind comes naturally by his impassiveness. He was born in Sweden and came to America a boy of 11, when his mother and father decided, like hundreds of other Swedes, to move to the new country and try to find their fortunes in the great Northwest. They came over and moved into their log cabin at Goodhue, Minn.

John Lind went to the common schools in his home town until he was 17. Then he taught school himself, saving his money that he might enter the University of Michigan. Then he practiced law, got married, moved to Minneapolis, held the job of receiver in a land office, went to Congress, lost out for re-election after three terms, served as lieutenant and quartermaster in the Twelfth Minnesota Volunteers during the war with Spain, ran for Governor and was defeated, all before 1898.

But when he came back from the war, the pleased Democrats named him as their candidate for Governor, and won with him. All Minnesota knew him by that time as a calm, self-contained, capable, good-hearted lawyer who never beat about the bush and who usually managed to call the other fellow's bluff. Out in Minnesota they like that kind of fellow.

Takes Defeat Calmly.

In 1900, a bad year for Democrats, he was beaten for re-election. John Lind took his defeat calmly. He just stuck around, practiced law, ran for Congress again, and was elected. After retirement here, he worked plainly and simply and prosperously until President Wilson, knowing him for a worker and a plain-talking, hard-fisted person, sent for him to go to Mexico. It was in the interim, about 1910, that he refused the offer of Minnesota Democrats to make him Governor again.

Mr. Lind is a man of action, cool-headed, alert, and a fighter; but above all he is silent and inscrutable. It is this quality which is going to stand him in good stead in the present situation, and it is the quality which no doubt proved very forceful in moving President Wilson to appoint him.

In all the words of criticism of Mr. Lind's mission to Mexico—and there have been many to criticise the President's course—there has been no hint of disssatisfaction with the personal qualities of the man. It is pointed out that Mr. Lind's mission in Mexico will fail. He is going to tell President Huerta that President Wilson disapproves of him and his government. But none has said that it will fail because of his personality, and it is certain that it will not fail because the President's representative talks too much. If it is to be a game of bluff, John Lind is the man to play it.

AFTER 50 YEARS MOTHER OF 8 IS ENABLED TO SEE

Although 66 Years Old, She Travels From Home to Hospital All Alone.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fifty years ago a little girl was stricken blind.

She was 16, and never had seen the man whom she later married. In her home at Hillsdale, Mich., she became the mother of eight children.

The father died a little later and they went out into the world, but the mother never had seen their faces.

"But every night I taught them to pray: "God, give mother back her sight before she dies,'" she said in Chicago. "And their prayers have been answered."

The woman, now bent and feeble, is Mrs. Mary J. Welsh, and is back in her Hillsdale home, her sight restored. Mrs. Welsh during the last month has been in the Wesley Hospital here. The operation that gave her back her sight, surgeons say, was one of the most remarkable on record. It consisted in the removal of a cataract of fifty years standing.

Mrs. Welsh came to the hospital from her home alone. On her breast she wore the inscription, "I am blind. I am going to the Wesley Hospital, Chicago. Please direct me," on a large card.

A chaplain of the hospital, the Rev. M. W. Satterfield, delivered an address in Hillsdale several months ago. He told of the charitable work done by the hospital. The white-haired blind woman heard him. She groped her way forward.

"Can you do anything for me?" she asked. "I only want to see my babies before I go. I have been praying."

A month ago the Methodist congregation took up a collection which made it possible for her to make the trip to Chicago.

Perhaps the 'Pied Piper' Can Explain

'What Becomes of Rats That Die Natural Deaths?' Scientist Wants to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—An article in the current public health bulletin, issued to-day, makes a mystery of the question:

"What becomes of rats which die natural deaths?"

The article was prepared by Surgeon Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer of the Philippine Islands, who had charge of the rat-destroying campaign in Manila.

He states that the average rat mortality for the Philippine city is 2,500 a month. He seeks to find out what becomes of the bodies of those that die each day.

"It appears that at least many hundreds of rats disappear each month from Manila by natural means, the exact nature of which is not known, but if it could be discovered the knowledge might be useful in the destruction of rats."

Dogs Succeed Boys On Chickasaw Links

Troubles With Latter Send Golfers Scurrying for Tamer Kind of Caddies.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—Bird dogs to replace caddies and retrieve lost golf balls will soon make their appearance on the municipal links at Overton Park, according to an announcement made by City Hall officials.

J. P. Clages, dog fancier and expert trainer, has been schooling the animals at the links for several weeks and the dogs will be given a trial, and if they prove adept, they will be used regularly.

The canine caddies are the result of numerous troubles with boys, who were put under charge of the Juvenile Court for various offenses committed at the links.

Girl Asleep 10 Days Apparently Is Dead

New York Sufferer Has 86 Convulsions Before Relapsing Into Comatose State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jeannette Guttman, the 13-year-old daughter of a plumbing contractor, living at 1046 Tiffany street, the Bronx, for ten days has been lying in a state of coma in the Hydropathic Institute, 2011 Madison avenue.

With the exception of a faint blush of crimson on the girl's cheek, she apparently is lifeless. Life has been sustained by feeding her brandy and predigested milk, and the process of nourishment has been so successful that the girl has not lost any weight.

According to Dr. Gilbert Miller, Miss Guttman has been an epileptic for about ten years. Three days before she relapsed into a comatose state she had 86 convulsions.

From Dr. Miller it was learned that her temperature was just normal, while there was no accentuation of the pulse. Efforts have been made to produce some kind of response from the girl, without result.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BAR TO FREE LUNCHES

LA CROSSE, WIS., Aug. 16.—While saloonkeepers of Connecticut are preparing to go into court to resist the law which forbids free lunches in saloons, liquor men of La Crosse are circulating a petition which will be presented to the Common Council asking for the passage of an ordinance making the free lunch unlawful. All saloonkeepers in town except two have signed it.

Downtown proprietors who have been setting up expensive lunches are the instigators of the movement. They declare the cost of meats and vegetables is so high they can no longer afford it.

BOY FINANCIER FIGHTING FOR PRISON PAROLE

Earl W. Butler, of Canton, Ill., Seeks to Escape Penalty for Banking Methods.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Earl W. Butler, the boy banker, whose career in frenzied finance wrecked two banks in Fulton and one in Peoria County in 1910, and ended by landing Butler in the Joliet penitentiary with an indeterminate sentence of from one to three years, again is making strenuous efforts through his attorneys and friends, to obtain his release from the State Board of Pardons.

So far the boy banker has not made much progress toward getting his freedom, because of the position taken by former State's Attorney W. S. Jewell, under whose incumbency Butler was convicted of embezzlement in connection with the Ellisville bank, and who is supported in his view of the matter by the present State's Attorney, M. P. Rice.

Butler was convicted in the Fulton County Circuit Court in October, 1911, over a year after his three banks closed their doors, and he was taken to Joliet in November of the same year. He has served nearly two years in the penitentiary and has another year to remain there, if his sentence is carried out to the limit. In addition to imprisonment, the verdict in his case imposed a fine of $2,800, but it is the expectation that he will try to schedule out of this obligation.

Before Butler left the Fulton County jail, after sentence was passed, his attorneys began efforts to save him from the penitentiary.

Science Pleads for Bats, Insect Killers

University Professor Says Can Not See, but Are Guided by Sound.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Aug. 16.—That the bat by killing night-flying insects is a benefit to humanity; that he can not really see at night, as is popularly believed, but directs his flight and hunts his prey by sound; that, as a rule, he devours his prey in full flight—these are among the interesting statements in a plea for the bat which Dr. Joseph Grinnell, of the university faculty, has included in a recent paper in which he says:

"A vast quantity of night-flying insects are destroyed by bats every 24 hours. It can be seen, therefore, that bats continue the warfare on insect life which is so incessantly waged by the birds during the daytime.

"All bats have enormously developed ears, and their sense of hearing is doubtless very acute. It is suggested that the drone of a June beetle sounds to a bat as does the roar of a biplane motor to us."

Father and Son Vote For Every President

Pennsylvania Pair Hold Suffrage Record That Is Unequaled in United States.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA., Aug. 16.—George C. Miller, of Tunkhannock, claims that he and his father, George Miller, Sr., and the only father and son in the United States who have voted at every Presidential election, commencing with Washington, in 1788, to the present time.

The father voted until 1852, being then 90 years of age. He and son George C., then 22, both cast their ballot for Winfield Scott for President. The son has voted at every Presidential election since, and is now 83 years old.

The father, when about 30 years old, removed from near Harrisburg to Tunkhannock, where he opened the first gun store in that place. He died at the age of 93.

The son is the last of a family of ten children, and is in good health, with a prospect of voting for some years to come.

Border Officer Who Killed Six, Men Dies

Louis Kreeger Also Convicted His Son, Who Will Attend Funeral Under Guard.

TRINIDAD, COLO., Aug. 16.—Luis M. Kreeger, 68 years old, for nearly forty years one of the prominent peace officers of the Southwest, is dead at his home here. He had served variously as Sheriff, Under Sheriff, town marshal and special deputy in this county, and during that time he had figured in almost every adventure with criminals of any importance, and no less than six men are known to have been victims of his marksmanship.

Kreeger was a native of Missouri and came here in 1868. He achieved fame late in the seventies by killing Rice Brown, jockey and cowpuncher, then employed by the Thomas outfit. In trailing a quartet who were accused of robbing the Victor-American Coal Company's pay wagon near Gray Creek in 1910, Kreeger obtained part of the evidence which resulted in the conviction of his own son, "Quick Trigger" Kreeger. The son, under guard, will attend the funeral.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

Mr. Hearst Tells Why He Keeps Oil Letters From Lobby Inquiry

Publisher Does Not Wish to Associate Already Proven Documents With Series of Exaggerated Accusations as Mulhall Confession Seems To Be.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The following is a letter from Mr. William Randolph Hearst in reply to a letter sent to him by Congressman Clyde H. Tavenner asking Mr. Hearst to put the Standard Oil letters before the Garrett lobby investigation committee in the House of Representatives:

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 5, 1913.

Hon. Clyde H. Tavenner, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

Did you write me a letter and make the letter public, asking me to submit all the Standard Oil letters that I have in my possession to the House committee now investigating the charges of lobbying made by a certain Mulhall?

I would be very glad to submit again to the Congressional committee or to any responsible body the Standard Oil letters which I have already submitted many times to the public and to bodies which more or less accurately and sincerely represent the public.

I would prefer, however, not to submit these Standard Oil letters in connection with the Mulhall letters and charges for the simple reason that the Standard Oil letters are very important to the nation, very serious in their incriminations and wholly authoritative and genuine, while the Mulhall letters and documentary evidence have never appeared to me especially important or serious or genuine.

The Mulhall letters and charges were offered to one of my magazines, the one that published the Standard Oil letters, but the editors of the magazine with my approval declined to purchase or publish the Mulhall documents and confession. The reason we did not purchase the Mulhall letters was not at all because of the price. That question was not even considered.

The reason we failed to purchase them was because we had not full confidence in them. We felt that the more or less innocent or at least moderate wording of the documents did not justify the extravagant allegations on which Mulhall based the documents, and we felt if that any part of Mulhall's evidence or testimony was untrue that all of it was open to suspicion.

Furthermore, our magazine had just performed what we had every right and reason to believe a great public service. We had performed this service with the utmost sincerity and consciousness and with the most scrupulous care.

We had exposed the corrupting influence of privilege-seeking corporations in politics. We had revealed the connection between these corrupt corporations and certain important public officials who were supposed to represent the people in office, but who in reality, prostituted their offices to serve the illegitimate interests of criminal trusts.

The editors of the magazine were agreed that we did not wish to diminish or discredit the effect of these genuine revelations by the publication of Mulhall's letters, which seemed to us less serious and sincere.

The Standard Oil letters can not be denied, because there always have been additional documents to disprove every denial made to confuse and confound every falsifier.

We did not wish our magazine to associate a great public service and a vital political exposure like this with an extravagant series of exaggerated accusations, as the Mulhall confessions appeared to us to be, and I would rather not associate the genuine with the questionable at your Congressional investigation.

Of course, I am expressing only my preference. I can control the course of my magazine, but I do not seek to control or influence the action of your committee. I shall always be ready to submit to any such committee any such information I have which can be considered of public interest or importance.

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Wealthy Father at Last Finds Daughter

Search of 38 Years Ends in Astonishment for His Policeman Son-in-Law.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 16.—Anthony Lloyd, a policeman, living on $65 a month, was surprised when John Strause, aged 76, walked into his home and embraced Mrs. Lloyd, who turns out to be his only child, lost to him for more than 38 years.

Strause is worth $200,000 and lives in Laramie City.

Many years ago, after he returned from service in the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry of the Civil War, he placed his daughter, Emma, in the charge of relatives and went West. Though wealthy, he was unable to find any trace of her until his sudden meeting.

COUPLE ELOPE, THOUGH THEY CAN NOT CONVERSE

GARY, IND., Aug. 16.—Cupid was somewhat nonplussed for a while in Gary, when a young couple, neither of whom can speak the language of the other, eloped to Crown Point, where they answered the marriage vow by means of an interpreter.

On their way home the pair were arrested at the instance of the irate father, because of the bride's youth.

They were taken to the Gary police station, where neither could give the other a word of comfort. Later the father's heart melted, and they were released.

LIVING DEATH IN ITALY IS FACED BY CHARLTON

Young American Travels in Steerage, but Is Confident of an Early Acquittal.

Continued From Page 1.

At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

Charlton Expects Acquittal.

Charlton is cheerful. He has expressed the opinion that he will be acquitted in spite of the evidence against him, and has told his father and mother and other friends as well that he will be back home for Christmas dinner.

The trial will be held in Milan some time early in the fall.

Appeals have been made to Secretary of State Bryan, and an attempt even has been made to reach the ear of President Wilson to present the extradition of the young man. His father has stopped at nothing to save his son. But all attempts have proved fruitless. Secretary Bryan, Judge Charlton's personal friend of long standing, has expressed his sympathy, but declared that it was impossible for him to do anything for the son.

The plans for the defense will take the form of an inquisition to bring out the moral and mental traits of the murdered woman, besides the consideration of Charlton's sanity. Attorneys will try to show that there was great provocation for the killing. It is hoped in this that the sentence of Charlton will not be the short-living death at solitary confinement in an Italian dungeon, but a more tempered punishment.

Cat Rides Brake Beam To Be With Master

Feline Fails to Relish Being Given to Baby and Climbs Aboard Train.

CUMBERLAND, MD., Aug. 16.—Charles Toner, of Frederick, Md., recently brought to his baby brother, of this place, from Frederick, 135 miles away, a fine cat. The next morning the cat seemed dissatisfied, and when the Frederick man was preparing to return to his home the cat disappeared.

Toner was annoyed about the disappearance of the feline, and to his surprise, when the train stopped at Frederick, the cat jumped off the brakebeam of the car and greeted its master.



New York Dental Offices
28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET
Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery

Gold Crowns - $3.00
Bridge Work - $4.00
Good Set Teeth - $5.00

All Other Work at Reasonable Prices
LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Etc. Also Chronic Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplid from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank
16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Chic and Dashing Fall Hats Will Bring $1,000,000 to Atlanta

Here's where the factions divide—some like it; some laugh. It is made of midnight blue plush, with a yellow figured top and a yellow feather butterfly off at the side.

Shaped like a man's derby, this hat of garnet plush has a silk ribbon to match which trails behind the left shoulder. Gray roses are used.

"One must be pretty to wear this hat"—of black velvet and patent leather.

A flat sailor, of "tete de negre" plush, trimmed with cream and brown fur and sacred bird of Siam feathers.

Butterflies are the prevailing motif. This is a hat of black velvet with a black lace butterfly.



Turquoise blue satin crown, with a brim of taupe dubitine, and an aigrette—dubitine being a new material.

Chic—that's the word. It needs a pert face and vivacious manner. Black velvet with pink facings and Paradise feathers.

Autumn Styles in Millinery Show That Large Creations Are Thing of the Past—Butterflies Are Popular.

"Now, deny it if you can,
"Though it's manners make the man,
"It's millinery makes the girl."
—Song from "Red Feather."

Millinery, then, being such a serious affair, some 1,400 women and 100 men will visit Atlanta these later weeks of August, and they will spend close to $1,000,000 for millinery. The "openings" for fall and winter styles are on in Atlanta's great wholesale houses, and the great semi-annual buying is under way.

The general public will not see these styles for a month or so to come. Therefore, this is NEWS—real hot stuff—for feminine readers. Here goes:

Black predominates.
Nearly all hats are almost collapsible.
Butterflies are the prevailing motif in trimmings.
Few large hats are shown.
Feathers and fur are "particularly good."
Rats and switches apparently have gone to stay, for nearly all the new hats are close-fitting and necessitate scant coiffures.

For instance, one of the very prettiest styles shown—from masculine viewpoint at least—is a new poke of black plush with pink facing and paradise feathers. This is a saucy little hat that goes with a pert face and lively manner. One can imagine it on a vivacious little demoiselle at Longchamps—where, in fact, it was photographed by an Atlanta designer, and copied.

Splendiferous, indeed, must be the sacred bird of Siam, whose feathers adorn an extremely flat plush hat of sailor shape.

Fur Cream and Brown.

A pelt of some little animal, about the size of a weasel, twists about the crown, and the two feathers complete the trimming. The fur is cream and brown. The feathers are brown with wonderful bluish markings more beautiful than a peacock's glories. The plush is a new shade of brown called "tete de negre," which sounds much better in French than in English. All this sets "hubby" back about fifty.

"Tete de negre," by the way, vies with black in popularity.

A huge black butterfly is the only trimming on a little black silk velvet turban with soft crown.

"Smart. And good. Oh! Very good, indeed," is what the designer calls it. Let it go at that. Why argue?

All humanity is divided into two parts. Of these, one is composed of those to whom styles in millinery are a serious matter; the other, of those who grin.

There's one hat which will bring strict division of these parties. Now, from the "pro's" standpoint it is a creation of midnight blue plush, with a variegated plush top on the crown, and an artistic feather butterfly perched airily on the edge of the brim.

Now, the "antis": It's a dark blue contraption with a yellow, scrambled, Bulgarian top, and a funny little yellow thingamajig sticking up behind.

Take your choice.

"Donna e mobile," as our old friend Caruso has it—"woman is fickle"—and he might add, inexplicable. No doubt this is pretty, to a woman.

One must be pretty to wear the little black velvet hat, shaped like a traffic cop's helmet and trimmed with patent leather fixings—so says the designer. If this is carefully explained to customers, the hat should sell well.

Derby Covers Eye.

Rather a novelty, but pretty, too, is a hat shaped like a man's derby, which pulls down almost covering the right eye. The shape is of garnet plush, and a long ribbon matching this shade is thrown across the throat from right to left, so that it hangs down behind the left shoulder. Gray roses complete the trimming.

Current history ever finds its reflection in the styles. Bulgarian designs still are with us, and now comes a blue plush hat—one of the few large ones, in the Mexican style—that is, it has a broad, flat brim ornamented with fuzzy little balls.

Big velvet hats, very like the sort art students wear in the Latin Quarter of Paris, are to be seen. They are almost bare of trimming—just great, floppy pieces of black velvet, sometimes to be pulled down over one eye.

"Dubitine" is a new material. It is seen to best advantage in a hat with a brim flaring up on one side, and with a round crown. An aigrette stands pertly off to the rear. The crown is of turquoise dubitine and the underbrim of taupe satin.

If you see a slate gray rubber hat worn by some pretty girl on Peachtree street this winter, don't say you weren't prepared for it. This is due notice that rubber has been called into use for millinery. It was sure to come, straw, feathers, furs, flowers, silks, satins, fruits, birds, animals and what-not having been used.

The rubber hats are severe in design. One has a "drape" to go under the chin, made of green and blue chenille. "They say" rain won't hurt them, and that they're fine for autoing, because they're small.

It is the auto, so every one in the millinery trade believes, that has killed the big hat. A big hat is a nuisance in a limousine, and hard to keep on in a touring car or runabout—and the rest of us like to act as if we might go autoing, even if we do not.

MULHALL BARES FRAUD USED TO DEFEAT HEARST IN RACE FOR GOVERNOR

Lobbyist Got Confidence of Up-State Chairman in New York Campaign by Fake Letter and Betrayed Plans of Democrats to Republican Leaders.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

Confusion in Study Of Grammar Dispelled

Committee's Report on Standardizing Nomenclature Makes Good Impression.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Standardization of grammatical nomenclature, which will do away with the confusion in the study of English, as well as other languages, in American schools, has been effected by a committee of fifteen, of which Professor Hills, of Colorado College, was a member.

The committee made a report to the National Education Association in convention at Salt Lake City and its adoption without amendment virtually insures the following of the committee's recommendations in all schools and colleges.

According to Professor Hills, it was found that in the sentence "John is good," the word "good" was called by nine different names in 25 grammars; the word "John" in "This is John," was called by nineteen terms, and in "We made John president," the word "president" was given eighteen different names in the textbooks examined.

Prisoner 34 Years, Hates to Leave Jail

Slayer of Policeman Says Such Life as He Led Has Not Been Failure.

THOMASTON, MAINE, Aug. 16.—Samuel D. Haynes, of Detroit, walked out of the prison gates to-day, after serving 34 years for the murder of James L. Robbins, a policeman, at Rockland, in 1879.

At midnight his sister, Mrs. F. H. Rogers, of Detroit, had telephoned the prisoner that Governor Haines had pardoned him.

"The battle is won," Haynes told Warden Ham, "but I hate to leave." Outside the prison he held a reception for a big crowd, who knew him as a model prisoner.

"I am willing to forgive and forget," he said. "The prison has been a good thing for me, but I feel that I have paid my bill to society.

"I have been in prison since I was 17 years old, but I have spent the better part of my life here trying to be useful. There is no failure in such a life as that."

Returns $1,000 Gems And Gets $1 Reward

Laundry Girl Is Not Even Thanked When She Returns Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—For returning $1,000 worth of jewelry to its owner, Miss Ella Veronica Shea, of No. 969 Putnam ovenue, Brooklyn, was rewarded with a dollar.

Miss Shea works in a laundry. While unpacking a laundry bag received from Mrs. I. Rodberg, of No. 635 Decatur street, she found four diamond rings and a diamond lavalliere.

"The shock which Mrs. Rodberg got when she received the jewelry was so great she forgot to thank me," said Miss Shea yesterday. "I had scarcely got back to the office when a man came running after me with an envelope in which was a note of thanks and—a dollar."

PASTOR SHEDS HIS COLLAR.

GRANITE CITY, Aug. 16.—A new pace has been set by the Rev. W. W. Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church at Granite City, who tells the men to come without collar or neckties and with sleeves rolled up if that will conduce to their comfort. He promises to do likewise.

Webster's Old Home Restored by Society

Preparations Are Made for Celebration of Rehabilitation of Birthplace of Statesman.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Aug. 16.—The ancient New Hampshire farmhouse in which Daniel Webster was born has been reset on its old foundations and restored to look as it did in the eighteenth century when Webster was a small boy, and preparations have been made to celebrate its rehabilitation. It is in the town of Franklin, and the celebration will take place August 28.

It is expected that President Wilson will attend and deliver an address. Samuel W. McCall, former Congressman from Massachusetts, who was the principal speaker at the hundredth anniversary of Webster's graduation from Dartmouth College, will speak.

Rivals David Harum As a Horse Trader

But Youth Is Forced to Pay Back Money He Got for a 'Frozen Tail.'

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—William H. Schmidt, 17, a horse trader, was directed to give back $70 he accepted from Tom Cavanaugh for a "frozen tail" horse, and return the horse to Tom Shroyer, a liveryman, when his case was heard in court.

Schmidt was charged with false pretenses, in that he represented the horse to have a useful and active fly chaser. As a matter of fact, the swatting appendage was merely ornamental and utterly useless. Schmidt said he did not know the horse had a broken tail.

"Why that horse was as helpless as a baby," asserted Mrs. Cavanaugh. "We had to carry along a fly brush as well as a buggy whip everywhere we went."

WAITS FOR WIFE WITH A HEARSE; FINDS HER ALIVE

Husband Who Got Message of Her Death Overjoyed to See Her Alight From Train

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heinrich Dietz became the happiest man in Chicago yesterday, and his condition in this respect is likely to be chronic. It all happened in a few seconds. From the depths of woe Mr. Dietz was raised to an ecstatic joy that almost took his breath away.

Dietz is a Russian who came to this country about a year ago, and earned money slowly and saved it until he could rent and furnish a small apartment at No. 529 Hartland court. Then he saved some more and sent a steamship ticket to his wife. She embarked for America. Dietz expected her to arrive here yesterday.

On Thursday night K. W. Kempf, the ticket agent at No. 120 North La Salle street, handed Dietz a telegram from Philadelphia reading:

"Your wife, Eva, died to-day—on 9:40 B. and O. Comm's Immigration."

That message dropped a somber curtain on Dietz's happiness. To cap his misery, he had almost no money. Kempf in sympathy lent him $10 and gave him a note to P. Hursen, an undertaker. Hursen read the note, then returned the $10 to Dietz and sent a hearse with him to the La Salle street depot.

Dietz was mournfully watching the train when suddenly he saw a plump, rosy cheeked young woman leave it. With a shout he sprang forward and Mr. and Mrs. Dietz were clasped in each other's arms.

Mrs. Dietz had sent a telegram as her husband had requested, but the operator had written "died" instead of "arrived."

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions.

"I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of habitual drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shanty and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has revolutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.



You can now throw away all your mercury, iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac, also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.
Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

Anna Rocheleau Burt
VOICE CULTURE AND SIGHT READING
STUDIOS { *412 Wesley Memorial Bldg.* / *Cor. Cascade Ave and Beecher St.* } Residence Phone West 1239
BUSCH & GERTS PIANOS USED

SULZER AND LAWYERS GRIMLY FIGHTING TO CLEAR GOVERNOR'S NAME

Wife Is Determined to Take Stand to Tell Her Husband's Accusers That She Signed His Name to Checks to Gamble in the Stock Market.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Governor William Sulzer and a formidable staff of lawyers are busy in the preparation of an answer to the impeachment charges brought against him by the New York Assembly. Issue will be joined and a trial held September 18 before the New York Senate and Court of Appeals, sitting in joint assembly.

The sensation of the trial and the incident which the public most avidly awaits will be the statement by Mrs. Sulzer, the brave wife whose attempt to save her husband from disgrace involved a sacrifice of her own honor.

The most telling charge against Sulzer is that he appropriated to his own use in stock exchange gambling certain checks which were given toward his campaign fund. Mrs. Sulzer, in statements to her friends, declared that she indorsed the checks and used them in Wall street speculation without her husband's knowledge, and that she would go on the stand at the trial of her husband to reiterate the story of her misdeed.

Enemies Are Pitiless.

If she does, she will be bared to vicious attacks and cross-examination by the lawyers for the prosecution, who, as members of the assembly which impeaches her husband, already have proved themselves pitiless and vindictive.

It may be that her statement, proved true, will save her husband. None of its purport was revealed to the General Assembly before the impeachment came. However, to-day the Governor announces that under no circumstances will he allow his wife to become a witness, even if his honor and his fortune suffer.

Mrs. Sulzer is in a state of nervous collapse. The long strain imposed on her during the investigation by the General Assembly told on her, and she succumbed when the impeachment vote was announced. So serious became her condition that the Governor was forced to send a hurry call to New York, summoning a famous nerve specialist.

In her chamber Mrs. Sulzer is hysterical, and it is understood that she insists that she be allowed to testify for her husband.

Mrs. Sulzer was Miss Clara Rodelheim, of Philadelphia. She married Sulzer, who then was a Congressman, July 7, 1908. They have no children, and Mrs. Sulzer is enthrallingly interested in politics. During her husband's campaign for the election to Congress, and his subsequent campaign for Governor, she accompanied him on his speaking trips.

She, Too, Is Combative.

More than anything else she openly admires his combative nature. She is aggressive and positive herself. Of her husband she is quoted as saying:

"He's ready to fight at the drop of the hat, and he'll drop the hat himself. As long as he fights, I'll fight, too—and then some."

If she takes the stand in her heroic attempt to save her husband, it is likely that her reputation will suffer. Otherwise, her husband's reputation will suffer, her friends say.

These friends say that a week ago she besought the Governor to permit her to tell her story to the public, and he refused. They say, too, that he consented to the publication of her statement only when he found he could not prevent it, and that it had been widely circulated as a rumor on the lips of the public.

Governor Sulzer, the fighter, is easily recognized in his avowed intention of holding his office even with the impeachment charges against him. His enemies in the General Assembly have declared against his right of remaining in office and have insisted that Lieutenant Governor Glynn take over the reins of government. But Sulzer shows a firm determination to stay in, and the wildest rumors are given credence as to what he will do to retain his authority. It is even asserted that he will call the militia to prevent the entrance of the Lieutenant Governor, and to prevent his own ejection. At any rate, he and his lawyers firmly contend for his right to hold office with the impeachment proceedings pending.

Herrick Issues Statement.

Little is said concerning the approaching ordeal by either the Governor or his attorneys. Mrs. Sulzer can not be reached, and it is understood that could she be seen no statement would be obtained, as she has the attorneys' orders to say nothing. Judge D. Cady Herrick, who will act as chief counsel for the defense, made a statement, which is regarded as the only word to come from him.

"Counsel for Governor Sulzer," he said, "have no desire to try the case in the newspapers. We have engaged in his defense not for William Sulzer, but as a professional duty to the Governor of the State, and to preserve, so far as it can now be preserved, the good name and fame of the State.

"After an examination of Mr. Sulzer in relation to the transactions disclosed by the Frawley committee, we are satisfied that there has been only a partial revelation of the facts so far, as we are satisfied that he has been guilty of no willful wrongdoing."

Besides Judge Herrick, Governor Sulzer's attorneys at the trial will be Irving G. Vann, Syracuse; Louis Marshall and Austen G. Fox, New York; Harvey D. Hinman, Binghamton; Virgil Kellogg, Watertown, and Judge James Gay Gordon, of Philadelphia.

Governor Sulzer, the eighth Governor of all the United States to be impeached, is the victim of Tammany's vengeance.

Other Governors States Impeached

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—In all the United States only seven other Governors have faced impeachment proceedings. These men and the results that followed were:

Charles Robinson, Kansas, 1862, acquitted.

Harrison Reed, Florida, 1868, charges dropped.

William W. Holden, North Carolina, 1870, removed.

Powell Clayton, Arkansas, 1871, charges dropped.

David Butler, Nebraska, 1871, removed.

Henry C. Warmouth, Louisiana, 1872, term expired and proceedings dropped.

Adelbert Ames, Mississippi, 1876, resigned.

WILLIAM SULZER, impeached Governor of New York, with his wife, who intends to sacrifice her own good name to save him. Below is Martin Glynn, Lieutenant Governor, who disputes Sulzer's claim that he is still in office.





Tammany and Sulzer's Fight Thrilling Drama

When Governor William Sulzer, the "People's Governor," and the "Poor Man's Friend," refused to do the bidding of Boss Murphy, of Tammany Hall, the most remarkable political drama New York State had ever seen was enacted. From that very moment Tammany Hall carried out a steady and consistent program of guerrilla warfare against Sulzer and all things Sulzer.

A tammanyized Legislature instituted an "investigation" of Sulzer and Sulzer reciprocated with an "investigation" of some Tammany controlled State departments.

Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany Hall leader, sought to have certain organization men appointed to office. Sulzer declined to appoint them, although he had been something of an organization man himself for a great many years, and immediately after his election to the governorship, had been extremely intimate with Murphy.

Breaks With Tammany.

Sulzer broke with Tammany over the question of appointments. Immediately afterward he employed guards to protect him against assassination, which he feared. No attempt to injure Sulzer's person was made, but political attacks came thick and fast. Sulzer first was accused of perjury, committed, according to his accuser, in 1890. The acquisation carried no weight. The public retained its confidence in Sulzer. Then another bombshell was expected. A suit was filed in Philadelphia by a young woman, Mignon (Polly) Hopkins, charging Sulzer with breach of promise.

Miss Hopkins asked $30,000 damages for her wounded heart. Sulzer admitted having known Miss Hopkins some years ago, but denied that he had ever proposed marriage to her and declared the filing of the suit was engineered by his Tammany enemies.

Fights for Direct Primary.

When Sulzer promised direct primaries to the people of New York he evidently meant what he said. When he went into office he started such legislation. Immediately he discovered his political associates didn't want direct primaries and would not back him up in his fight for the primary bill as he framed it. His bill was introduced in the Legislature, but before it was voted upon a Tammany direct primaries bill, which Sulzer characterized as "fraud upon the people," was introduced in both branches of the Legislature and passed. Governor Sulzer promptly vetoed it, and then called upon the Legislature to pass his bill.

The Assembly and then the Senate killed the Sulzer bills, amid wild scenes in the Senate and Assembly chambers. There were shouts of rage and shaking of fists in the direction of the Capitol. There was wild cheering when it was announced that the Sulzer bill had been killed.

Sulzer then inaugurated a campaign to obtain direct primaries. He enlisted many well-known men in his cause, and called the Legislature in extraordinary session. It had then become a case of open warfare. It became Sulzer's object to make himself leader of the Democratic party in New York.

He had lined up with him some 33 county chairmen and about 17 State committeemen. In one of his speeches at this time Sulzer said that he had been attacked, vilified and threatened as no other man ever had been who had occupied the Governorship of New York.

Tammany Loses Patronage.

Tammany lost hundreds of thousands of dollars in patronage. No appointments of Tammany men were made by Sulzer. George W. Blake was made a special investigator by the Governor and set about unearthing incompetency in the State prisons. John A. Hennessy was made an investigator by Sulzer and he conducted several probes into various State departments. Tammany verged on panic. Finally that organization turned on Sulzer the very same weapon that he had used against it and an investigation of Sulzer's campaign fund was instituted by a legislative committee composed of Tammany men.

Senator Frawley, a Tammany chieftain, was the chairman of the committee, and it commenced its sittings in Albany. The first witness to be called was Louis A. Sarecky, Sulzer's private secretary and campaign manager. Sarecky was questioned about Sulzer's campaign fund, but he declined to answer. It was intimated that Sulzer had received checks for his campaign fund which he had not listed in his sworn statement, a misdemeanor under the laws of New York State.

Two checks were introduced into the evidence. One was for $2,500 from Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the bankers, and indorsed "Mr. Schiff's contribution to the Sulzer campaign." The other check was for $500, and was signed by Abram I. Elkus, a prominent New York City lawyer. It was alleged by the Frawley committee that neither of these checks appeared in Sulzer's campaign list.

Then Came Stock Dealing.

At a later session of the Frawley committee, held in New York, testimony was given to the effect that the "People's Governor" and the "Poor Man's Friend" had owed the stock brokerage firm of Harris & Fuller $48,599.38 on January 1, 1912, when Sulzer was in Congress. According to testimony and evidence offered, Sulzer had been a steady loser in the stock market.

The brokers to whom he owed money dunned him for payment, according to the testimony, and Sulzer finally was rescued by his business partner, ex-Governor A. E. Spriggs, of Montana, who paid $5,000, and Louis M. Josephthal, of New York, who on July 19 last paid $26,749.21.

It also was testified before the committee that Sulzer had traded with Boyer, Griswold & Co. Charles H. Reynolds, formerly cashier for that firm, testified that on October 16 last Frederick L. Colwell, whom he understood to be an agent for Sulzer, had bought 200 shares of Big Four Railroad stock for $12,025. The stock was paid for the same day with eight checks and $7,125 in cash. One check given in payment for the stock was a campaign contribution. The Frawley committee alleged that the seven other checks also were campaign contributions, and asserted that this would be proved.

State Has Turkey Farm to Cut Price

Ohio Goes Into Poultry Business When Cost of Thanksgiving Birds Soar.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—The State of Ohio is going into the turkey raising business. Kind o' forced into it, as it were, because of the high price of the favored Thanksgiving bird and the demand from State institutions for the bird.

The experiment was tried out a little the last year, and so successful did it prove that this year practically in all of the State institutions where any chickens are kept turkeys have been added.

The price of turkeys has been gradually soaring until they have become almost too expensive for even the State of Ohio to buy, and rather than permit the wards of the State to go hungry on Thanksgiving Day the employees of the different institutions began the work of hatching them.

Veteran Priest Prepares Own Tomb

Oldest Living Father in Kansas Writes Inscription on His Last Resting Place.

KANSAS CITY, KANS., Aug. 16.—A plain concrete vault, empty and without a door, has attracted the curiosity of visitors to St. John's Catholic Cemetery, west of here.

The vault was built according to specifications made by the Rev. Monsignor Antony Kuhls, the oldest living Catholic priest in point of service in Kansas.

In addition to having the vault built, it was learned too that the veteran priest has prepared his own epitaph. It reads:

"REV. ANTONIUS KUHLS,
Rector of St. Mary's
1864 to 1908.
Born Sept. 26, 1839.
Died, ——.
Rest in Peace."

Coffee Tastes Cause Break in Family

Wife Liked Hers Strong, Husband Preferred It Weak, so She Entered Suit.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Aug. 16.—Black coffee and the high cost of living wrecked the romance of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hauser, of Catasauqua, who were married three years ago, when he was 63 and she was 43, each embarking in matrimony the second time. The wife, Zenobia, has started divorce proceedings.

Mrs. Hauser says she was used from life with her first husband to good black coffee. Hauser wanted his coffee as weak as dishwater, and also objected to the bills she ran up at the store for her favorite beverage. The rackets that followed got on her nerves to such an extent that she desires to resume the state of single blessedness.

The court allowed her $6 a week temporary alimony.

Canary Flies Away; Cat Brings it Back

Feline Sleuth Trails Bird by Song and Returns it Unharmed.

READING, PA., Aug. 16.—While Mrs. Franklin Woods, of Denver Township, was clearing her canary bird's cage four days ago the canary flew away. The family cat seemed disconsolate.

That night the cat disappeared and nothing was seen of either of the household pets until to-day, when the cat came back. Tenderly holding the missing bird by a wing, pussy delivered her burden to Mr. Woods. His wife at once restored it to its cage. There was not a scratch on the bird. Mr. Woods believes the cat went out in search of the missing canary and when he heard its song captured it.

WIFE TAKES 16 YEARS TO DECIDE TO ASK DIVORCE

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—Sixteen years ago Peter N. Engstrom, angry because his wife had gone walking with a mutual friend, slapped her face and upbraided her, she declares. After thinking the incident over carefully, and considering also other alleged cruel acts, she filed a suit for divorce in the District Court here. Mrs. Engstrom is 68 years old and her husband 64. The couple lived together 40 years.

Autos Are Barred By Canadian Island

Residents of Prince Edward Will Not Allow Machines to Enter Province.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—"It seems strange in these days when automobiles are seen on every street, on every country road that there should be one section on the American continent where these vehicles are positively prohibited," said R. A. Dewey, of Toronto.

"Recently the Canadian Parliament enacted legislation to permit the use of self-propelling carriages in the Province of Prince Edward Island, but it is by no means certain that the legislation will be effective. There is every indication that the law will never be put in force because a plebiscite on the question was taken throughout the island when the annual district school meetings were held.

"The returns that have come thus far indicate that the farmers are strenuously opposed to allowing automobiles on Prince Edward Island. More than 90 per cent of the population voted no on the proposition, and in some of these places the vote in the negative was unanimous.

DEER HINDERS TRAFFIC; DODGES TEAMS IN ROAD

ALBANY, ORE., Aug. 16.—Running along on a well-traveled country road a big buck deer dodged its way between three teams of horses and escaped unhurt last week. The deer was encountered near Brewster Station, on the Woodburn-Springfield line between Crabtree and Labanon, by three men who were hauling lumber to the railroad line.

As the season is not yet open for deer no attempt was made to shoot it.

HOW 8,000 YEAR OLD STATUE WAS FOUND IN CELLAR

Priceless Bust of Parian Marble of the Archaic Greek Period Was Stolen 15 Years Ago.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 16.—The story of how the priceless Grecian bust stolen from Athens fifteen years ago, was discovered in a cellar near here reads like a romance.

The bust is now held by State's Attorney Broening for the Greek Legation at Washington preparatory to shipping it to Greece.

The detectives found it buried in the damp cellar of the store of Charles Memphos. There was nothing to protect it from the soil, which had to be brushed and scraped from the features and hair of the head.

It is just the head and shoulders of a child—a girl about five. But it is one of the finest samples extant of the sculpture of the archaic period of Greece. It is of Parian marble. Its age is placed at 3,000 years, 800 years older than the famous de Milo.

Fifteen years ago the bust was stolen from the National Greek Museum at Athens. Government detectives traced the thief to America. Since the time the Greek Government has spent thousands of dollars searching for it.

The bust was recovered after Memphos had been subjected to a "third degree" quizzing which lasted all night. A spirit of revenge caused the story to come out. Memphos has a nephew, Charles Memphos, with whom he quarreled several weeks ago, and the latter told about the hidden bust.

"Ten, maybe eleven, years ago," said Memphos, "a man work for me. He was Greek like me. He sells bananas for me. His name I forget. One day he want to borrow some money. He came to me and say he have statue worth much money. It come from Athens, he says; I lend him the money. He give me the statue. He never pay the money back. Then he leave me to work for another man. I don't know where he is. I don't know where it came from."

Asked why he had buried the bust, Memphos said because he feared it would be stolen.

Wife No. 3 Shelters Girl Victim No. 2

Meanwhile Polygamist Husband Goes to Prison for Bigamy and Forgery.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—As W. T. Southwick entered upon a sentence of sixteen months' imprisonment, after his conviction of a forgery and polygamy charge, his third "wife," herself only 19, undertook to provide a shelter for Southwick's second wife whom he deserted that he might "marry" the former.

It was by his arrest and prosecution on the fraud charge that it was discovered that in addition to Miss Mildred Morse, who lives at No. 48 Gray street, in the South End, whom he married last February, Southwick also had a wife in Miss Dorothy M. Allen, who until a few months ago lived at No. 88 Winter street, Malden.

The latter is only 18, was married about eighteen months ago to Southwick and has a baby three months old. The child is now being cared for by the Boston Floating Hospital.

Both girls faced Southwick, but neither could appear against him. He pleaded guilty to both the charge of passing the bad check and of marrying the two young women, and he seemed relieved when sentence was passed.

Miss Allen, or Mrs. Southwick second, declared that she had no place to go, since her own people had disowned her. Thereupon Miss Morse said that she would see to it that her sister victim had a home and both young women went to Miss Morse's home in the South End.

D. A. R.'s Will Mark Old Missouri Trails

Sites Are Selected for Designation Pioneer Route to West in Callaway County.

FULTON, MO., Aug. 16.—Sites for the location of markers on the Old Trails road across Callaway County have been selected by Mrs. Mary L. Salisbury, of Independence, and a committee representing the Fulton Chapter of Daughters of the American Revolution.

The first marker will be at the Emmett Grant farm; the next at the site of the old John Jones tanyard, on the east side of Auxvasse Creek, a mile east of the present town of Calwood; the third on the site of the Elkanah Smith carding mill, on the east extension of Fulton; another is to be placed somewhere near the western limits of Fulton, and the fifth on the Henry Wolfmeyer farm, four miles west of Fulton.

Jokes Called Fine Aid to Digestion

Doctor Believes Keeping in Good Humor Would Reduce High Cost of Living.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—A new method of reducing the high cost of living was advanced here in a lecture given by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University of Massachusetts, who talked upon the "Psychology of Eating." He said:

"Everything affects the appetite and appetite is the mainspring of life. Clean napkins, good table talk, a clean tablecloth, companionships, flowers and music will make the same quantity of food go twice as far as it will without them. A good joke is a digester and good cooking a preventive of intemperance.

"Cell hunger is responsible for all activities. This hunger is a different thing from stomach hunger, for cells are eating all the time. All our curiosity is the hunger of brain cells."

Gored by Steer, He Wins Girl He Loves

Moving Picture Actress Refuses 'Broncho Buster' Until He Meets With Accident.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, Aug. 16.—Pity is akin to love, is the adage which again was proved by the marriage of Art Acord, one of the best broncho riders in the West. He wedded Miss Edythe Kessinger, motion picture actress. The romance began in California, where the two were filling an engagement with a film company.

The "movie" associations of the couple developed a warm love affair, but the little actress persistently whispered "No" when Acord refused to give up his hazardous occupation. Then Acord came to Salt Lake City to become a contestant in the recent "Stampede," where he was gored by a maddened steer.

Only when Miss Kessinger saw her admirer at St. Mark's Hospital would she recede from her former stand.

'Dead' Soldier Says He Is Quite Alive

Michigan Veteran of the Civil War Tells How Department Killed Him Off.

LANSING, MICH., Aug. 16.—One of the most interesting figures in the ranks of the G. A. R. is John Broad, of Lansing.

According to the war records, Mr. Broad did not participate in the recent reunion here at all. The war records say he is dead. He has been trying for years to convince the officials at Washington that he is alive, and he has not succeeded yet. "John Broad; killed at the battle of Fair Oaks, Va.," say the records, and so far as the department is concerned that is all there is to it.

"I'm dead yet, officially," he says, "but the boys don't object to associating with a ghost, so I guess it's all right."

Charges Sister Stole Her Husband's Love

California Woman Names Beautiful Relative in Her Plea for a Divorce.

SUSANVILLE, CAL., Aug. 16.—Charging that her younger and prettier sister had stolen her husband's love, Mrs. Celia Rundquist Schaefer asked Judge Monroe for a divorce from Marin Schaefer, a fruit grower and rancher. Miss Rose Rundquist, sister of the plaintiff, was named as co-respondent.

Mrs. Schaefer testified that her sister admitted that her husband was a "grand man," and that he showered attentions upon the sister and admitted making love to her. The plaintiff also claimed that she had to support both for two years.

Judge Monroe held that there was insufficient corroborating evidence and instructed the applicant for divorce to get more witnesses.

SAN FRANCISCO BOASTS OF ITS MANY COMMUTERS

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Figures brought out at a hearing of the State Railroad Commission shows that the commuter is more active around San Francisco Bay than anywhere else in the country.

For the month of June the Southern Pacific Railroad handled on its suburban and ferry service between San Francisco and Alameda County, 1,733,191 passengers. For the same month the Delaware and Lackawanna Railroad, which carries the heaviest suburban business to and from New York City, handled 1,450,000 commuters and the Illinois Central, to and from Chicago, 1,269,744.

ADMITS HE IS A SLAYER TO SAVE DYING BROTHER

Arthur Spaugh Tells the Pardon Board That He Shot Sheriff at Ironton, Mo.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—In a last attempt to get a parole for his brother, William Spaugh, Jr., who is ill of tuberculosis and can live but a short time, Arthur Spaugh, the younger brother, also an inmate of the Penitentiary, told the Board of Pardons that he killed Sheriff Polk at Ironton, Mo., to save William's life. William Spaugh is serving a life sentence for shooting Polk, while Arthur Spaugh was sentenced to fifty-five years.

"Bill did not shoot Sheriff Polk. I shot him when I thought he intended to kill Bill. He had already shot Bill through the shoulder and was advancing on him when I fired. My brother had his hands in the air, begging the sheriff not to shoot him," said Arthur Spaugh.

Doesn't Care for Himself.

"I do not want my brother to die here. He is not guilty of the killing of Sheriff Polk. I alone am guilty. Bill was not even armed when the sheriff was shot. I thought the sheriff intended to kill my brother, and after warning him not to advance three times, shot him. I hope the Governor will release Bill so that he can spend what few days he has to live a free man. It does not matter what becomes of me."

The prison physician says that William Spaugh can not live to exceed sixty days and his death is expected sooner. William Spaugh has arranged to have his body shipped back to their old home at Ironton Mo., for burial, provided he does not secure his release.

Mother Also Pleads.

Arthur Spaugh has tuberculosis also, and is unable to do heavy work. He is in the first stage of the disease, but is able to work about the halls and do light work in the open air.

Mary E. Spaugh, aged mother of the Spaughs, has been here much of late pleading with the Board of Pardons and Paroles for her dying son. She says she would like to take him to her home in St. James, Mo., and nurse him until he dies.

Arthur Spaugh has been in the penitentiary since July 27, 1906, William Spaugh was received July 26, 1907. Both have been model prisoners.

Horse Drowns Self While Despondent

Gets Blue, Wades Into Shallow River and Commits Suicide, Says Farmer.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Aug. 16.—Frederick J. Minor, who returned from a canoeing trip on the Passaic, states what he believes is a sure enough case of suicide by a horse.

Near the town of Beaufort, Mr. Minor saw a farmer draw a dead horse from the river, where it is only 2 feet deep. He asked the farmer what had caused the horse's death.

"Suicide, sir," said the farmer. "He was ambling around in the morning as spry as a colt. Later he seemed to be afflicted with the blues and moped about. Then I saw him go down to the river and look all around. He lay down in the water, and when I got there I'll be hanged if he hadn't drowned himself. I tugged and hauled, but when I got him out he was dead."

Mr. Minor asserts it was impossible for the horse to drown unless he wanted to, for the river at the point in question is too shallow.

Air-Float TALC IS BORATED

Two tints—flesh and white



THERE is no other Talcum Powder so soft, so smooth, so delightfully perfumed.

Guaranteed Pure
10 Cents a Box
Mined and made only by
TALCUM PUFF CO.
Bush Terminal Building
Brooklyn, N. Y.

TATE SPRING

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT



A high, cool, healthful resort, in the heart of the Cumberland Mountains of East Tennessee, an unexcelled climate.

Modern hotel—one thousand acre park and grounds—eighteen hole golf course—saddle horses—fine five-piece orchestra for concerts and dancing and that most famous of all American Mineral Waters,

TATE SPRING NATURAL MINERAL WATER

always a help, nearly always a cure in indigestion, nervousness and all ailments attributable to improper functions of the bowels, liver and kidneys.

Rev. Dr. E. E. Hoss, Bishop Methodist Church, Nashville, Tenn., says:

"It gives me the greatest pleasure to say that I regard Tate Spring water as the best remedy for all disorders of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys of which I have knowledge."

Enjoy the healthful water at the spring or have it shipped to your home. For sale by all druggists, in sterilized bottles, filled and sealed at the spring.

Send postal to-day for illustrated booklet, giving rates, location and description of this ideal place for the summer outing. Address

TATE SPRING HOTEL CO.
S. B. ALLEN, MANAGING DIRECTOR,
TATE SPRING, TENN.
ATLANTA MINERAL WATER CO., LOCAL DISTRIBUTORS.

Summer-Spoiled Skin
Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witch hazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

NEW MEMBERS' PET BILLS DYING IN COMMITTEE

Recently Elected Congressmen Have Hard Time Telling Why District Doesnt Profit.

RULE OF CAUCUS FORBID

Meaures to Build Postoffice at Squash Center Will Have to Wait for a Session.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The new members of the House—there are approximately 150 of them—are beginning to find out something about the intricacies of legislation at Washington, and just now they are busy explaining away a bunch of campaign promises. The new member isn't getting anywhere with pet legislation and he is a sorely distressed individual.

Nearly 7,000 bills and resolutions have been introduced in the House of Representatives since President Wilson called the Sixty-third Congress into extra session early in April. About one in a hundred have received consideration, and the ratio bids fair to be maintained during the remainder of the extra session owing to a rule of the Democratic caucus which binds the House committees not to report out legislation before the regular session, which begins in November.

In consequence of this unexpected caucus rule, the new member who came to Congress leaving many promises behind is up against it. His hands are tied; he may introduce bills and resolutions to his heart's content, but they won't get anywhere for months, and perhaps not then. It is embarrassing to make explanations, especially when a statesman beat out some other fellow by promising big things for the district.

All Have Horde of Bills.

The average new member, as soon as he reaches the House chamber, walks up to the bill basket and drops therein a bill providing that the town of Jonesville shall have a $25,000 postoffice. He follows this with a dozen or so bills proposing that certain worthy pensioners in his district shall have their annual pensions increased. Then he comes along with the crying complaint that the little Ben River needs about $50,000 or $100,000 to improve navigation in order that the towns of Squash Center and Hickory Hollow may have increased transportation facilities.

Congressman Newcomer then passed the word along to the newspaper correspondent representing the home paper that he has introduced the foregoing bill and will push it to an early passage. The people back home are duly elated and begin to get glad that they retired the former Congressman and sent so active a successor in his place.

In a short time the new member drops around to the committee to which his various pet kind bills have been referred. Without desiring to appear too solicitous, he gently inquires when he may expect the committee to get together and take up the pressing need of his district. The chairman, with equal gentleness, breaks the news that it will be absolutely impossible to do anything for the present.

Caucus Rules Forbid.

In the first place, says the chairman, a quorum of the committee isn't in town. In the second place, the caucus has forbidden the report of anything except currency, tariff reform and pressing appropriations bills or resolutions at this session. The new member is absolutely unable to see the justice of such a mandate, even though he may have been a member of the caucus. He thought the rule would apply to the other fellow, not himself. There is general woe and lamentation.

It is the same old story, told over in about 50 different ways. Each new member has a peculiar complaint to make and peculiar local needs to satisfy. There is nothing doing, however, and the recruit statesman is told that he will have to wait until the regular session rolls around.

RECEIVES FORTUNE IN OLD AGE AFTER LIFE OF DENIAL

INDEPENDENCE, OREG., Aug. 16. After years of toil and broken health and a continuous struggle in courts, James A. Simmons, of this city, has received $17,000.

Would you have a slim, youthful figure? Though no longer young, it may be yours.

Drink "GET SLIM"



A delicious fruit combination, in powder form, to be dissolved in your drinking water and taken when thirsty, at any time and in any quantity.

Not one drop of medicine—not laxative. Positively not injurious. Pure Food Serial No. 46516.

"Get Slim" reduced me 18 pounds in 4 months without the slightest change in my mode of living.

It improved both my health and appearance. I believe it the simplest and easiest way of controlling weight. Sold by

Randolph Hairdressing Parlors
Atlanta, Ga.

or direct from me.

JEAN DOWNS
Your Wholesale Druggist or
334 Fifth Avenue--33rd Street
Opp. Waldorf Astoria.
Call if possible. Booklet on request.

Off in Canoe on 7,000-Mile Trip

Couple to Make Record Cruise

Argonauts to Visit the South

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Green, who have started from Staten Island to cruise to New Orleans and back in a canoe.



BY UNDERWOOD AND UNDERWOOD.

Yearning to See Dixie and West Prompts Young Pair to Make Hazardous Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—"We have never been South," said Mrs. Walter Green half to herself. There was yearning in her tone.

"Nor West," said Walter Green, who heard her.

They sat in their canoe as it drifted with the tide, their faces turned away from their Staten Island home, toward the South.

Mrs. Green looked at her husband with a quick inspiration.

"Let's go," she said, eagerly.

And so they planned within a few minutes the 7,000-mile canoe trip on which they started yesterday and which will take them not only South, but West, revealing to them the grandeur of the Mississippi, the warmth of the Gulf Coast and the stretch of the Atlantic Ocean. The two young persons, enthusiastic canoeists both of them, and inveterate campers, will be away from their home for ten months or more in the course of the journey.

Will Call on Wilson.

They started up the Hudson River, going on the first stage of the journey to Yonkers. Thence they will go through the Erie Canal to Buffalo, through Lake Erie to Ashtabula, then to Beaver Canal and Rochester, Pa. From there they will go up the Ohio to Pittsburg, down the Ohio to Cairo, up the Mississippi to St. Louis, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, across the Gulf of Mexico and along the coast to St. James City, Fla., through the Everglades and a river or two to Palm Beach, up Indian River to Jacksonville, along the Atlantic coast to Chesapeake Bay, up to Washington to call on President Wilson and present a letter from Mayor Gaynor. Last they will go by canal to Delaware River, Raritan Canal and river to New York Bay and home.

A crowd cheered the gay young couple at their start. A party of suffragettes, admirers of Mrs. Green for her daring, presented her with a "Votes for Women" pennant, which her craft will fly. The life-saving crew of Clifton, the Greens' home, gave them a pennant, which also became a part of the equipment.

Light Equipment Carried.

In order to make the canoe as light as possible, they took only four boxes containing provisions, camp equippage and clothing, and two large duffel bags containing a small circular tent and bedding. All was covered with canvas, which will be used as floor of the tent.

It is the intention of the couple to put into a city, town or village each night, pitch their tent and sleep for eight hours. When the stores they carry run out, they will get new supplies at the places where they will stop.

The Greens are anticipating with the greatest eagerness the portion of their trip that will take them to the South, about the gulf and the South Atlantic coast.

PASTOR POSING AS A DRUG USER GETS VICE DATA

Visits Omaha Stores and Secures Evidence for the Grand Jury. Made Up Like Tramp.

OMAHA, Aug. 16.—In order to more effectively carry on war against vice of all kinds, the Rev. A. E. Hess, pastor of the Hirst Memorial Young People's Church, of this city, has been disguising himself as a "roughneck" dope fiend and scouring the haunts of the denizens of the underworld for proofs of lawbreaking to present to the Grand Jury.

His latest tour was through a number of drug stores suspected of selling "coke." For his disguise he secured the services of a professional costumer, and so good was his "makeup" that he now has in his possession a hatful of little wooden boxes, each containing a few grains of cocaine—each labeled with the time and place of purchase, and in many cases the name of the clerk who sold it.

"I was never so scared in my life as when I started out for the 'dope' drug stores," Mr. Hess. "I was 'made up' like a dope fiend tramp and I was afraid I would be recognized and quizzed. I walked down alleys and hid in doorways every time I saw a policeman. Had I been seen by one of them I surely would have been arrested.

"At the first drug store I entered twice before I raked up enough courage to ask for the cocaine. The first time I merely watched the traffic; and that was terrible enough. I saw a woman fairly weep in her plea for the drug she craved and for which she had not the purchase price. Negroes and white men, trembling with the 'habit,' elbowed each other to the counter. I was unnoticed; they probably took me for one of their kind, which was just what I desired. When I finally asked for the 'snow'—a slang term for cocaine—it was handed out without question. The clerk simply went back behind his prescription case for an instant and emerged with the little box and handed it to me—but not before he took my dime. Later I had the contents of the box analyzed. It was 98 per cent cocaine.

"I got the idea of this individual raid while visiting the Police Court. I noticed that an alarming per cent of the prisoners showed unmistakable signs of being dope fiends. After I began this investigation I found that 'coke' can be purchased at almost any drug store in the lower wards of the city. The police don't, or won't, get the evidence with which to stop the traffic, although, from what I saw, the evidence is lying around loose ready for anyone to pick up and present to the County Attorney."

Mr. Hess is a young man and his congregation is composed almost exclusively of young people. He is college and city bred, and he "knows the ropes" as well as the ordinary young man about town. His sermons on the uplift of the city have attracted much attention. During his "coke" tour he secured enough proofs of law violation to close half the drug stores in the lower part of the city.

Predicts Dancing Is To Be Part of Church

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, Declares Grace Should Be Encouraged.

GREELEY, COLO., Aug. 16.—That dancing is one of the best forms of exercise that is possible to take and that eventually it will become a part and parcel of the church when the grosser forms of it have been eliminated, was the statement made by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University.

"Dancing in itself as practiced in ancient times is what kept the Greeks and Romans healthful and graceful. The dances of those days were far different from the kind which are popular now and made strong men and graceful women.

"Rhythm is the basis of all physical movement, and I am convinced that this form of amusement, under the proper supervision, will become not only an adjunct to the church, which is proper and right, but to the schools also."

Neighbors Spur Lone Bachelor to Marry

Induce Him to Write to Widow He Never Has Seen and Wedding Follows.

CONCONCULLY, Wash., Aug. 16—Marriage licenses have been issued to Benedict Gubser, of Conconully, and Carolina G. Marshall, of Ontario.

Benedict Gubser has been a bachelor, living on a ranch near Conconully, Carolina G Marshall, was a widow living alone in Ontario. Neighbors of Gubser's took pity on his bachelorhood and prevailed upon him to write to Carolina Marshall, who was a friend of theirs, but who Gubser had never seen and did not know.

The correspondence was kept up for more than a year, and a short time ago she came to Pine Creep to visit with friends. They were introduced at a neighbor's and in a few days decided to be married.

Trees of Ice Age Found in Illinois

Species Have Been Preserved Through Thousands of Years.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Members of the International Phytographic Society who made studies among the hills and cliffs about Lake Bluff this week discovered there species of trees and shrubs that have been retained in the region since the Ice Age. This species, the Europeans found, have been preserved through thousands of years.

The poplar and creeping juniper, examples of the Ice Age flora, rarely found in this part of the temperate zone, were seen flourishing vigorously beside the beech, birch, oak and maple, which followed them in the normal succession. Lake Bluff is said to be "farthest south" for the creeping juniper.

Dog Carries Mail 10 Miles for Master

Faithful Canine Postman Prefers Making His Trips Between Sundown and Dark.

COVINGTON, IND., Aug. 16.—Charles Keller, south of this city, owns a dog which carries letters from Mr. Keller's home to Philip Keller's home, ten miles. When Mr. Keller wishes to communicate with his father he fastens the letter on the dog's neck and instructs him to deliver it.

The trip is always begun between sundown and dark, as this seems to be the time of day that the dog likes to travel best. The following evening the dog will return to his master with a reply.

SCHOOLS MUST TEACH HEALTH, SAYS EXPERT

Knoxville Educator Declares Children Must Be Given Training in Method of Living.

DENVER, Aug. 16.—"Is a college education necessary to fit a boy or girl for life?" P. P. Claxton, of Knoxville, Tenn., Commissioner of Education, was asked during his stay here.

"Every boy or girl should be given training of the kind best fitted to prepare him for life until he or she reaches the age of twenty-one. I do not believe that every young man or woman should spend all of his or her time studying dead languages or acquiring the ordinary cultural education. Girls are divided into two classes—pie-crust girls and Shakespeare girls. The first should have a pie-crust training, the latter a Shakespeare training.

"My hobby is the rural schools. The economic and social value of the country school is underestimated. It is in truth the training ground for our country."

Believes in Eugenics.

"Do you believe that eugenics should be taught in our schools?"

"There is one fundamental interest of humanity, and that is life. What has to do with the perpetuation of life and the improvement of the life of the race should certainly be taught in our schools," Claxton answered.

"I believe that the mother should teach the child the serious matters connected with its life, but when she fails, the school must do her work.

"I can see no sane reason why that which is of vital importance to the child should be omitted from its education."

In speaking at the University of Denver on the subject of "Some Rights of Children," he said.

"Legislators have more power than God Almighty to dominate the homes and characters of children.

Everything in Environment.

"When Dr. Holmes was asked when education begins he answered:

"'With the child's grandmother at least. A child should live in such an environment that his character will respond to its healthy influences. It is better for a child to be reared in a home where the living is plain and the thinking high rather than in a home where the thinking is petty and trivial, though the living may be as fat as a pig eating swill out of a golden trough.

"The first right of the child," Claxton continued, "is to live and not to die. Formerly two out of every five children died when very young. It is the duty of parents to see that their child is born with vitality enough to live. In the second place, the parents must see that home conditions are sanitary. Mothers must know how to care for children. Girls should be taught domestic science and the care of the children in the schools.

"The second right of the child is to reach manhood and womanhood in good health, so as to do his or her work with power and strength and to reach a good old age."

Rich Girl Takes Job In Milliner's Shop

Young Woman Works to Equip Herself for Teaching at Eastern Girls' School.

ST. LOUIS Aug. 16.—Miss Delphine Force, pretty society girl and daughter of wealthy parents, is now a millinery apprentice at $3 a week and says she likes it. She recently acquired fame by quitting society to become a professional cook. Not that she means apprenticing to be her life work; she is going to be a teacher of domestic science at Dana Hall, Wellesley, Mass., in the fall, and as millinery comes in the curriculum, she has to know it.

Two months ago she applied for a position at a big St. Louis store. She was offered $1.50 a week. She refused and got $2. On July 26 her pay was raised to $3. She felt so good about having her proficiency recognized that she took a week's vacation.

CHANCE REVEALS $200 SECRETED IN A TABLE

BRISTOL, PA., Aug. 16.—Because a table was too big to get through the door at the sale of the household effects of Joseph Hall, who committed suicide, it was taken apart, when a roll of bills totaling $200 dropped out.

BREAKS TOOTH ON PEARL.

AKRON, OHIO, Aug. 16.—While eating clams at a restaurant here, Jack Newman, a waiter, bit into something hard, breaking a tooth. He found a pearl worth $1,000.

U. S. Commissioner's Idea Of the Rights of Children

To live and not to die.
To reach manhood and womanhood in good health.
To be born with a good name.
To have a joyous childhood.
Induction into appreciation of institutional life.
Induction into understanding of religious heritage.
Right to have individuality respected.

Foreign-Born Women Voting Is Restricted

Illinois Attorney General Outlines Conditions Under Which They Can Cast Ballots.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 16.—In answer to Mayor Schriver, of Rock Island, for an opinion on votes for women under the new suffrage law and to govern authorities in an approaching election, Attorney General Lucey to-day held:

"That a foreign-born woman who marries a citizen of the United States, whether such citizen be natural born or naturalized, by such an act of marriage becomes a citizen of the United States.

"An unmarried foreign-born woman whose father did not become naturalized until after she arrived at her majority, would not, by such act of naturalization upon the part of her father, become a citizen of the United States.

"A woman born in the United States whose father was not naturalized prior to her arriving at her majority is a citizen of the United States."

Leaves Rich Man's Home for Kitchen

Canadian's Wife Arrested Says She Prefers Love to Comfort and Luxury.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—In order to be near her first husband, whom she declared she had always loved, Mrs. J. F. Bradford, who says she is the wife of a wealthy business man of Medicine Hat, left her husband's comfortable home eight months ago and came here where, until a few days ago, she worked as a domestic in a kitchen.

H. M. Cherron, the half-breed Indian whom she had married in Stillwater fourteen years ago when she was 16, was arrested with her. Mrs. Bradford, herself part Indian, told the police that she married Bradford eighteen months ago in Canada. Life with him was not pleasant, she said, so she took her two children by her first marriage and was joined by Cherron.

Fathers to Learn To Care for Babies

Philadelphia Hospital Will Have Training School Feature for Paternal Nurses.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 16.—Physicians in charge of the Children's Homeopathic Hospital have decided to have a weekly clinic for fathers. Heretofore they have conducted throughout the year a clinic for mothers in order that a free course of instruction might be given to show the mothers how to care for the babies and children. The course has given such success that many of the mothers frequently expressed the desire that their husbands might hear the lectures, too, for they said that many of the things that they went home and told were not believed.

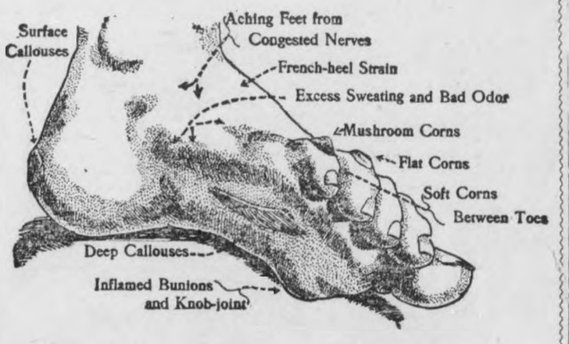
The doctors began to plan an investigation, and they found that many of the errors of childhood might be corrected if the "Old Man" only knew what to do in emergencies.

Wedding Ring Made Smaller for Another

Wife Enters Suit When She Finds Husband Had Bridal Token Transformed.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—When she discovered that her husband had caused her wedding ring to be remelted and made small enough to fit the finger of another woman, Cleroa Prentiss, a vaudeville actress, began suit for divorce, according to her testimony before Superior Judge B. V. Sargent, sitting for Judge Cabaniss.

Judge Sargent, after listening to her story, granted an interlocutory decree from Colonel D. Prentiss, an actor. The grounds were statutory.



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

WOMEN RUN TOWN WHERE MEN FAILED

For Twenty Years Efforts to Put Woodland, Colo., on the Map Were Useless.

WOODLAND PARK, COLO., Aug. 16.—The women of Woodland Park have started a movement to put the town on the map of Colorado's summer resorts.

Twenty years ago the men of the town tried it and their efforts ended a few years ago in the best building lots selling for taxes.

When the men of two decades ago thought the town offered great inducements, they voted $20,000 in bonds and built a water system and an artificial lake in the center of the town.

There were bandstands built in the woods around the town, and a band was maintained for two or three summers. Then the bottom fell out.

The other day the waterworks bonds became due. The men who had been the prime movers in the boom of twenty years ago were discouraged and their daughters and wives took up the affairs of the town.

They organized the Woodland Park Improvement Association. The association succeeded in having the bonded indebtedness compromised for $6,000 and the town now has the money to pay the bonds and improve the water system.

The women have decided to have a series of "tag" days and entertainments by which they will raise funds to put in street lights, street signs, lights at the Colorado Midland station and other improvements.

The women are going to work now to make Woodland Park an important station on the new international automobile highway, which probably will pass through here. They have an organization of 50 active members, and are going to show their fathers, husbands and brothers the right way to put a town on the map. They have done more in a week than the men have done in twenty years, and the men have about concluded that they are amateurs in town building.

Slayer's Children Cause Bishop's Plea

Family Needs Prisoner More Than State, Minister Declares in His Petition.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—Explanation of the recent request of Bishop Edwin H. Hughes, of San Francisco, that the Minnesota Board of Pardons consider favorably the application of Matthew H. McNabb, is contained in a letter to Governor Eberhart. Bishop Hughes, a boyhood playmate of McNabb, who was convicted of white slavery, writes:

"My appeal was not based on behalf of McNabb himself, but rather in behalf of his wife and six children, who sorely needed his financial support."

McNabb's application for a pardon was denied.

Asks Court to Keep Mother-in-Law Away

Wealthy Nebraskan Gets Out Injunction to Curtail Visit of His Wife's Parent.

OMAHA, NEBR., Aug. 16.—Mrs. Levi A. Gardner, of Harvard, Ill., was yesterday placed under a restraining order from the District Court ordering her to keep out of the house of her son-in-law, Leslie L. King, a wealthy business man of Omaha.

Mrs. Gardner has been visiting the King family for some months, and, according to King, is causing trouble between him and his wife. Mrs. Gardner refused to leave when requested to do so, and King applied to the court and secured an injunction. Mrs. Gardner moved to a hotel.

According to King's petition, he furnished his home at a cost of $15,000, and offered to pay his mother-in-law expenses to the amount of $15 per day if she will go somewhere else in the city.

BOLT KILLS HIM ON GRAVE.

CLIFTON HEIGHTS, PA., Aug. 16. Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery.

WANT TO MAKE MONEY? START TERRAPIN FARM

Government Authority Declares There Are Big Profits in the Diamond Backs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The diamond-back terrapin, aristocrat of the dining table and king of the banquet menu, need not disappear from the sandy shores of the United States and be lost to disciples of Epicurus forever if the business men of the nation will allow themselves to be awakened to the fact that there are fat dividends in the breeding of the animals.

Uncle Sam is sponsor for this statement. Experts in the Bureau of Fisheries are anxious that business men shall read its report.

At Beaufort, N. C., the experts started out four years ago with 40 females and 18 males, terrapin such as may be found from Southern Virginia all along the coast down to Florida. From this small breeding stock the experts procured 295 eggs in 1910. Of the 295 eggs only 7 failed to hatch.

In 1911 513 eggs were procured, and of these 421 were hatched. Even better results were obtained in 1912, when 650 eggs were procured and 538 hatched. The number of eggs laid and hatched in 1913 is expected to be far greater. Of course, a terrapin must be five or six years old before he is in the best shape for the table, but this slow growth is offset by the fact that "one man may care for several thousand terrapin."

Terrapin farms, the Government report says, should be situated on the shore line of tidal salt water, where a supply of fresh water also is available; low, swamp land where fish and crabs are plentiful being preferable. Best results are obtained by breeding the terrapin in pens specially built, but not expensive in construction.

Unlike the chicken breeders and the breeders of other food animals, the terrapin breeder need not worry about disease in his stock. The Government experts say: "So far as is known, diamond-back terrapins are not subject to epidemic disease, and after reaching the age of two or three years have no important enemy except man."

BANKRUPT'S REQUEST TO PAY DEBTS JARS COURT

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 16.—In John Mitchell, of Troy, Federal Judge Sater has discovered an honest man.

Several months ago, when Mitchell filed his petition in bankruptcy, his liabilities so exceeded his assets that his creditors decided that the estate offered "poor picking."

Judge Sater rubbed his eyes and read twice when he received a letter from Mitchell stating he had recently come into possession of enough property to pay off entirely his outstanding claims. It will take about all, he said, but he desired to escape being declared a bankrupt.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine!" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.00

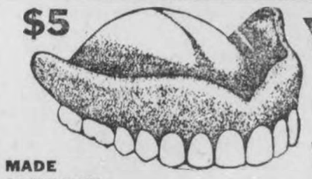


Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
98 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

$5



Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE

MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS
24½ Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's
Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH . . $5
GOLD CROWNS . . $4
BRIDGE WORK . . $4
GOLD FILLING . . $1
AMALGAM FILLING, 50c up
PLATES REPAIRED, 50c up
TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . . $1 up

For MILADY'S WARDROBE

By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

MANY of the latest summer models are almost entirely made of white muslin richly embroidered in the openwork English style. These dresses are accompanied by broad sashes and short coats of real lace. The hats worn with them are exaggeratedly "picture" in outline. The brim is always wide and the crown almost hidden behind immense butterfly bows of tulle or lace. For occasions of ceremony Leghorn and Tuscan hats are trimmed with sweeping ostrich feathers in white or pale pastel tints.

* * *

Half a dozen different coatees or mantlets can be worn with the same robette, and endless variations can be arranged with the introduction of finely embroidered sashes which possess heavily fringed ends. The corsage portion of these robettes is quite plain, almost like a fine corset cover. It is made plain expressly, because the great object is the introduction of dainty lace and net blouses and picturesque coatees or mantlets. When accompanied by a shady hat in Leghorn trimmed with pale roses and black velvet ribbons these little dresses have a special cachet.

* * *

Embroidered linen bags are offered in many shapes and in as many degrees of smartness, some being treated quite as carefully in matters of finish, mountings, etc., as though they were of gorgeous material. Colored linen, embroidered with a touch of Bulgarian embroidery makes some effective bags for individual costumes, but the one-tone color is more practical for general use, and some of the handsome bags of real Irish lace filet or other bold lace are better for general summer use than the embroidered linens.

* * *

Some particularly good belts called the hip belt, are made up in white and fashionable shades and have large oval buckles of the leather.

* * *

The waistline is not only allowed to remain normal, but by swathing it in wide supple sashes its size is considerably increased.

* * *

The soft draped bodice minus the high restraining collar is a feature of artistic gowns worn by women in Paris.

* * *

The French designer knows where a line must be accentuated and in many cases uses tiny buttons for this purpose.

* * *

Keen appreciation of the effective lights and shadows given by a moire effect has returned. Many frocks worn by Paris manequins at the Longchamps races were made of soft crepe with the moire effect.

* * *

Very much worn are the evening coats of fine black net, closely woven with glittering beads.

* * *

Plaited peplums of maline, net or mousseline de soie appear on some of the newest frocks, and these are stiffened by a thin wire or ruching of taffeta at the bottom, so they extend beyond the frock.

* * *

The colored slip is in vogue and under frocks of sheer linen, mousseline de soie or batiste have pink, blue, yellow or green silk linings. The girdles worn with these costumes are usually of a contrasting color.

* * *

In millinery the single red rose is a note which bids fair to become extremely popular. It nestles among folds of black or white tulle, clings to the edge of the brim, hangs over the hair on the underbrim or forms a spikelike arrangement at the back.

The large garden hats of leghorn, maline and lace are trimmed with black velvet ribbon, drawn about the crown and, passing through the slits at the back, is tied in a flat bow at the back. A single flower placed at the side near the edge of the brim completes the trimming.

* * *

Coats show great diversity of length, plain tailor-made models being shorter than dressier models, in which coats may reach to knees.

* * *

One pretty feature of recent summer frocks has been the lace jacket or coatee with its trimming of fur or of swansdown. Ermine is being used for this purpose, sometimes forming a wide collar at the back. Wide lace bretelles are another feature of late fashions. They are a poor second, it must be admitted, to the surplice and the fichu. But anything that has the temerity to dispute the claims of these two effects deserves some notice.

* * *

Apropos of furs, it is reported that Bechoff-David recently introduced fox scarfs dyed a reddish shade; and the somewhat alarming suggestion is made that next winter we shall see furs artificially colored in brilliant tints. It is rather appalling to think of blue, green, red and violet furs!

* * *

The cincture that suggests the plaster babies of Lucas della Robia, at the Orphanage in Florence, is strongly suggested in some of the sashes that wrap around the waist and girdle the torso of the fashionable woman. When these long sashes first appeared they were not liked, but the public taste now finds them picturesque.

* * *

Velvet, brocaded velvet and metallic brocades are going to be the favored fabrics for these garments in the autumn and winter, just as they are now, and the fur collars that make them smart in summer—according to fashion's paradoxical whims—will make them practical as well as smart when the theater and opera seasons begin.

* * *

Many women are wearing eyelet embroidered stockings in white, black and colors; also white and black silk stockings ornamented with embroidery or insets of lace. The girls who are clever with the needle can fashion these expensive stockings for themselves, and pretty color notes to match the gowns may be introduced.

* * *

Popular prizes at the bridge contests held by the sea are the bathing girl pin cushions. Bisque jointed dolls dressed in red and white and blue and white striped bathing suits are mounted on cushions of Turkish toweling. Some are very prim looking, with the hair in two long braids; others suggest the mermaid with flowing hair. The cushions are shown in ovals, squares, circles, etc., and are arranged to hang up and stand. They are fitted with pins and trimmed with ribbons to match the bathing suits.

* * *

It is almost compulsory for the blue serge suit to have a vest or waistcoat, and all sorts of materials are being used for them. The new duvetyns—a successor to the velvety velours de laine—in the lovely soft colorings are ideal for these waistcoats.

* * *

Chiffon veils are being embroidered, the work being done in floss of the same color. The pattern in all these veils must be so arranged as to make the plain mesh area, whether over the entire face or simply over the eyes, conspicuously transparent by way of contrast.

* * *

Now that the pendulum of fashion has swung in the direction of pleated skirts they threaten to become ubiquitous. Women are discovering that the little loose folds at the feet are very becoming, and also that pleated skirts do not really add width to the figure. The sunray pleats are in great demand for such materials as charmeuse, silk cashmere and tussor, but for crepe de chine and chiffon nothing can take the place of the fine accordion pleats.

* * *

In the world of fashion things are frequently topsy-turvy. The unexpected is always welcome. Now that valuable jewels are worn on hats and shoes the homely, but always effective jet ornaments are given a place of honor. Round jet brackets are the latest fad, and they are worn with light and fragile summer gowns of lace and chiffon.

* * *

The black and white season in the world of Fashion is now upon us. After the garish colors of the spring, there has come a complete revulsion of feeling. Women of taste have grown disgusted with the color schemes in which crude tints were thrown together by unskilled hands at the bidding of inartistic brains. Bulgarian tints have sounded the knell of crude colors; for the moment we are black and white or "pastel." And for the Trouville season, of which I shall speak in detail in a future article, an amazing number of pure white costumes are being made. White linen, white China silk, white embroidered lawn—these and many other dainty materials are in constant request for seaside dresses. As to fine white tulle it is being used for a dozen different purposes—for dresses, mantles, millinery, blouses, etc. Very lovely summer gowns are those made of wide-meshed silk net, the net which bears the name of "Tosca." These gowns are mounted over pleated slips of chiffon or crepe de chine and very frequently they are decorated with tiers of graduated flounces. Ordinary Brussels net is also fashionable just now, especially for draped mantles and for pleated waistcoats, the latter being used in connection with tailored suits of fine serge or linen.

* * *

A pretty fashion has been revived for children's summer frocks of thin material. This is the long-ended bow of ribbon, fastened just below the left shoulder. The ribbon, in soft shades of blue or pink, is made into a many-looped rosette, quite in the old fashion, and from the rosette hang three or four streamer ends. The ribbon should not be more than an inch or an inch and a half wide.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

Daring Dresses Stir Even Paris

MODISTES THREATENED WITH BOYCOTT



The climax in bold attire for women. The "Languourous Lift" is shown at the left, while the "Dagger Point" appears at the right. All Paris is excited over these latest gowns for evening dress.

"Languorous Lift" and "Dagger Point" Two Productions That Have Caused Criticism.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—All manner of figure-displaying fashions have been disported at race courses and in the cafes of Paris by models of the modistes, and in some instances the public of the French Capital has been disgusted by the extreme to which the dictators of feminine attire have gone, but has looked on with unprotesting interest. At length, however, Parisiennes are overwrought. Even the leading dressmakers are endeavoring to put forth evening gowns which in their scantiness expose to view more of the bust and limbs of the wearer than modest woman will countenance. All Paris is stirred and threats of boycotts are to be heard.

The two productions which are accredited with precipitating this disturbed situation are termed the "Languorous Lift" and the "Dagger Point." The situation has been acute for months, and the introduction of these latest effects has but served to bring it to a head. The protests come not alone from women of France, but rumors are drifting into Paris of a revulsion on the part of American and German patrons, who for years have proved so profitable to the modistes of this city.

Being designed exclusively for evening wear, both the "Languorous Lift" and the "Dagger Point" are made with extensive trains. The former gown is so constructed as to display one limb to the height of the knee. This effect is not gained, however, by a side slit, but by the draping of the skirt, which is caught up near the hip and permitted to fall in folds on either side of the exposed limb. The bodice, close fitting, is cut with a deep square neck and trimmed in velvet, which extends down the front, terminating in streamers.

The "Languorous Lift," though the cause of wide criticism, does not approach in boldness the "Dagger Point." This is the most pronounced limb-displaying gown which has been shown here. With its train at the back, the front of the skirt is cut away on either side slightly above the knees to terminate in the sharp point, from which the creation gets its name.

From a front view both lower limbs are entirely exposed, and when the wearer attempts to walk, leaving her train to sweep from knees down her form is displayed. It is with this gown that the most profusely decorated hosiery has been introduced. All manner of unique designs in varied colors are embroidered on these stockings.

The bodice is nearly as scanty as the skirt. Being close fitting, it is cut in a sharp V to the high waist line formed by a broad sash girdle. The arm, like neck and limbs, are exposed to view, since shoulder sleeves are worn.

BLACK HOSE BOSTON FAD.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Black stockings worn with white shoes seem to be quite the fad on the North Shore. Last year all wore white stockings with black shoes, but this season things have been reversed. Several girls are following the fad.

Decollete Gowns for Day Wear

The newest models for gowns created by the leading dressmakers for the seasons at the fashionable seaside resorts present several novel features. In the first place, the greater number of these gowns would have been pronounced evening dresses by our mothers, but not by our great-great-grandmothers, who themselves wore decollete corsages in the daytime. The sleeves of the elaborate afternoon gown of to-day are so short and so skimpy that they hardly deserve to be called sleeves at all. In many cases the corsages of garden party and race gowns do not have the pointed back and front effect which is peculiar to the evening dresses of to-day, but are made round on the shoulders, quite in the style of certain 1830 gowns. White fox stoles and borders are freely used in conjunction with such robes as these. A quaint but exceedingly picturesque idea.

* * *

New Jewelry Fads

Platinum, which has bounded up to the height of fashion (and price, too) as a setting for diamonds, seems now to be the supreme metal, and in the latest designs of the jewelers gold is used only in jewels designed for informal morning wear. Small gems have crowded out the larger sizes, and the dainty, flimy creations, to be popular this summer, show this trend. The Balkan war is reflected by jewelry of many colors, and the designs follow the ideas embodied in the jewelry of those countries, but somewhat modified.

Yellow, at present a popular color in the fashion world, has called for the use of amber, topaz and yellow sapphires, while the use of red, in its various shades, has met with a response in the Oriental trend in jewelry. Good taste and fashion go hand in hand in dictating that jewelry appropriate for evening wear is entirely out of place in the morning, when only ornaments of actual use are suitable, as, for example, a simple brooch that holds the collar in place. If a woman is in the habit of wearing earrings—which, by the way, are waning in popularity in the latest jewelry offerings—those of the "stud" type are considered right for morning wear. They may be either of pearls, baroque pearls (of good quality) or a pearl and small diamond. A simple pin at the throat, either in bar, circle, oval or other shape, may be worn in the forenoon with good taste, but in the whole realm of jewelry the pearl necklace of a single strand is the only piece that may be worn with absolute good taste mornings, afternoons or evenings.

Perhaps the most popular single article of jewelry that has appeared in the shops in months is the watch bracelet. Shown in every conceivable pattern and in all grades, from the expensive diamond studded platinum affairs, which only the wealthy can afford, to the cheapest of plated gold and silver offerings.

Lapel Chains for Men

There was a time not so very long ago when lapel buttons and chains were considered bad form by some of the men who pay special attention to matters of dress, but nowadays the fashion is generally accepted, though of course only with the negligee. With the soft shirt and light summer suit these chains are much worn.

The chains are of gold or silver to correspond with the watch, and the button which is fastened in the lapel buttonhole may be of plain, polished gold or silver, hand engraved or with engine turning (a popular mode of decoration) or enamelled, set with one or more gems, and fashioned into any one of countless shapes.

The plainer buttons are concave disks, ovals, triangles, squares, hexagons or octagons with engine-turned holders, and variations of these shapes are shown with fluted or beaded edges.

The monogram may be engraved on the lapel button, or the crest or initials traced in colored enamels. Club, fraternity or society emblems or school or college colors make good decorations for the buttons.

* * *

Uses for Old Lace

The woman who possesses rare old family lace is as fortunate as she who owns lovely jewelry. Lace lends itself to a thousand adaptations. A woman of taste and individuality can do more with lace than with anything else to solve the problem of dressing well at a moderate cost.

Lace is never old-fashioned. Take, for instance, a dress of supple white silk over which is a clinging straight gown with a tunic effect. The bodice is plain over the shoulders. Under the arms and across the bust is a full, straight piece of lace with a blue velvet ribbon threading the top. The fullness is gathered in at the waist, under a blue velvet waistband, and in front is a row of pretty shaded roses over the waistband. Could anything be more charmingly youthful? Almost any woman has old pieces of lace laid away which would serve in such a gown.

For a young matron a yellow crepe de chine is gathered up over a lace front panel. Another frock of white lace is partially veiled in old rose, and pale blue mousseline de soie, draped toward one side. With the present fashions of draping, the possibilities of using beautiful laces without cutting or destroying them is endless.

FUTURIST GAUZE WRAPS LATEST EUROPEAN FAD

Weirdest Designs Are Printed Upon Them, and Some, Not Too Grotesque, Are Attractive.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The very latest craze, initiated by a futurist artist in Paris, is for gauze wraps to be worn at race meetings or at the Casino on the continent. These wraps have the weirdest designs printed upon them, and some of them, when not too grotesque, are wonderfully attractive.

The Viscountess Curzon, one of the loveliest blondes in England, has just had made a marvelous gauze wrap for continental wear. It has a border of Egyptian figures in black thrown against dead white background, the material being so fine that it could be drawn through a ring.

The lining of the wrap is of tangerine orange tulle and there is an immense tulle.

It is to be worn over a fairylike dress of embroidered muslin. The hat is a broad Tuscan, weighed down at one side by a cluster of white, black and purple frissee. Long single black velvet ribbon, which depends on the hat, is passed round the throat and allowed to hang low at the back.

All the latest tunics are of striped gauze, and they are very effective, and are worn over black charmeuse. Sleeves are shorter and shorter, so that thirty-button gloves are an absolute necessity.

In regard to hats, society women are getting tired of big lace, since they have become fashionable in the music halls. The bonnet-shaped hat is now much in favor with girls.

Lady Diana Manners looked particularly attractive at a recent garden party in one which came well down over her ears. Around the rim were clusters of black and red cherries and wide strings of black velvet, tied at the back so that the ends fell straight down.

At the seaside resorts, white linen hats lined with black moire, adorned with white wings, are being worn by many well dressed girls.

Perfect Diamond Is Exceedingly Rare

London Dealer Declares That Women Are Best Judge of the Jewels.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—It was demonstrated at the Jewelers' Exhibition, Agricultural Hall, Islington, which closed the other day, that the perfect diamond is rare.

One dealer produced a very large diamond which he was prepared to sell for $300.

"If nature," he said, "had not tinged it with that tint of yellow the stone would be worth $30,000.

"To those who have no knowledge of gems I would say: 'Do not buy as real for $25 a diamond that is pure crystal without blemish, for it would not be real.'

"Women are the best judges of the value of precious stones because they treasure them more than men. It is a matter of instinct."

X-Ray Skirts Told To Hide in Spokane

Meeting of Transparent Gowns and Sunday Sunshine Forbidden on the Streets.

SPOKANE, WASH., Aug. 16.—Women who saunter about the streets of Spokane clad in flimsy, transparent silhouette or tango gowns will hereafter do so at risk of arrest, according to the announcement to-day by David C. Coates, Commissioner of Public Safety. The much-heralded silhouette gown appeared on the streets in the Sunday sunshine and created so much commotion that the Commissioner issued the warning at once.

"If necessary, I will order the police department to make arrests," said the Commissioner.

FULFILL DYING PLEA FOR POSIES AND FINE DRESS

FORT COLLINS, COLO., Aug. 16. Complying so far as they were able with the last expressed wish of Mrs. Alice McMillan, who was frozen to death in the Manhattan mining district, many sympathetic women of Fort Collins united to provide a decent burial for the body, thus saving it from interment in the Potter's Field.

Mrs. McMillan, whose body was not found until the April thaws, had left a note asking that she be buried in "fine clothing, in a white casket, with a white hearse and an abundance of flowers."

When it was learned definitely that Mrs. McMillan was likely to be buried in a pauper's grave, the women took the matter in hand and the funeral was held.

POLICEMEN PERMITTED TO WORK IN SHIRT SLEEVES

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Aug. 16.—Shirt sleeves and white duck caps are to replace the blue coat and heavy helmet of the traffic policemen.

White roll collars and narrow black bow ties are to be worn with the shirtwaists, and the traffic officers have been asked to have their "gun pockets" deepened, so that their revolvers will pot show.

HOBBLE HINDERS HER FLIGHT FROM POLICE

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Hazel Allsworth's hobble skirt was her undoing. "Otherwise I never should have been caught," she told the police, when relating her pursuit by a policeman.

Mrs. Allsworth confessed to the police, they said, that she had received $40 her husband had taken from a man from Keytesville, Mo., who was stopping at their home.

Alert Modisters Now Invent Dress For the Pet Dogs

Motoring Coats, Jeweled Collars and Fancy Leashes Among Articles of Canine Apparel.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The dog question is again the liveliest subject at seaside and salon. Having thrashed out fashions for women, artists and our leaders of fashion, male and female, are discussing what fashionable dogs should wear. Here are their conclusions:

Leather collars are still worn, but they should be of the same color and material as the leash. The most fashionable collars are of brass or silver, many of them mounted with precious stones, turquoises, sapphires and rubies.

Color Schemes Popular.

Much attention is paid to artistic combinations in dog wear. For instance, a dark brindled bulldog should have a red leather collar with silver-gilt mountings, while a white brindled dog looks best in a white collar set with tourquoises.

For Pekinese, Japanese and King Charles spaniels, the collar should be of worked silver, light and supple, of fine mesh and closed by a tiny padlock. A very stylish effect is obtained by the use of patent leather collars, and a ravishing combination for Poms is the dog harness which encircles the neck and breast.

Light Coats for Greyhounds.

Greyhounds look best in light colored coats with a stripe to match.

For motoring dogs, English stuffs and fur coats are in high favor, and plaids of dark shades are considered most suitable. At the seaside, sporting sweaters are very fashionable for short-haired dogs, and the wet summer is responsible for the appearance of canine mackintoshes, daintily gathered in at the neck and legs.

Every well bred dog has at least two pairs of boots, a pair of Wellingtons for outdoors wear and velvet or satin pumps for indoors.

"Unlucky Opal" Is To Be Worn a Great Deal This Season

Royalty Starts the Vogue and Jewelers Find it a Hard Matter to Supply the Demand.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The real opal, which has long been out of favor with the fair sex, is going to enjoy a great vogue this fall. There has always been a superstitious prejudice against these stones, but the new fashion of long necklaces of uncut opals has proved too much for the women to resist, and the jewelers of Bond street and the Rue de la Paix are hard put to it to get a sufficient stock.

Queen Victoria presented to each of her daughters on her marriage a magnificent set of opal ornaments, but these have seldom seen the light of day. One night at the opera, however, it was observed that Princess Henry of Pattenberg was wearing hers, and no doubt Princess Louise and Princess Christian will follow her example.

The Queen of Spain has always worn these stones, for her birthday is in October, the lucky month for opals, and Lady Deerhurst and Lady Aline Vivian are similarly fortunate—the latter indeed wore them on her wedding day.

Lady de Bathe (Lily Langtry) has some fine stones, but probably the most valuable opals in England belong to Countess Beauchamp, who has a tiara, necklace, brooches and earrings, which were collected at much below their value by Lord Beauchamp when he was Governor of Australia.

Others who have worn opals lately are the Dowager Lady Sligo and Lady Norah Brassey.

The Princess Royal has a deep-rooted horror of them. Some fine opals were maong the jewels she lost when whencked on the Delhi and she declares that their evil influence pursues her to this day.

SUSPENDERS TO BE INCLUDED IN WOMAN'S ATTIRE

"Galluses" or Braces of Blue the Last Word in New Masculine Mode.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Women's skirts for some time have been approaching the shape of the garments worn by the masculine sex, and now Paris and London face the prospect of being feminine attire more like men's than ever. The last word in women's clothes is "galluses." The suspenders look very much like the broad blue variety often hung in shop windows in America and possibly labeled, "The Fireman's Friend."

A Rue de la Paix dressmaker is enthusiastic over women wearing suspenders. "Braces," she declared, "will keep the blouse from coming up out of the waistband, as it sometimes does, and if carried out in the color of the skirt they should make a charming line."

Braces are not the only masculine trend in fashion, however, for after a wave of decided femininity in frocks, when frills and fluffs, and sashes and slashes, and hoppings and hobblings have been in vogue, fashion has dashed to the other extreme and London and Paris are promised waistcoats with cutaway coats, large steel trouser buckles at the back of tweed skirts and a ponderous and portly watch chain stretched across the diaphragm.

For the present the waistcoats are still daintily evolved in delicate grays and chestnuts, sprigged or flowered. Sometimes the waistcoats reach up to the neck, finishing in a small "V." Again they wrinkle effectively around the waist with a single or double row of pearl buttons. One ladies' tailor is showing a striped blue and red waistcoat with roses of another shade wandering gayly across it, the whole effect being something like a Union Jack with a flower garden on it.

The men's tailors speak rather contemptuously of the new fashions for women, scoffing especially at waistcoats, which they say have been tried several seasons without much success.

"GETS-IT" Chases Corns Alright!

Easy As One, Two, Three; No Fuss, No Pain, by Using "GETS-IT."

Just take two seconds to put a little "GETS-IT" on that corn. That corn is "done for" as sure as the sun rises. The corn shrivels up, vanishes. That's the surprise you get by using this new-plan corn cure. There's nothing to stick to the stockings or sock; your corn pains stop. You're saved the bother of applying plasters that make the corn bulge out from the core. You're saved salves that eat into the healthy flesh and "pull;" no more fussing with bandages. You don't have to help by picking and dragging out your corns, or cutting with knives or razors.



"We can Dance All Night and Our Corns Won't Hurt. We Both Use 'GETS-IT'—it Gets Corns Every Time, Dead Sure!"

"GETS-IT" is safe, painless, stops pain, never hurts healthy flesh. It is guaranteed. Try it on warts, callouses and bunions, too.

"GETS-IT" is sold at all druggists at 25 cents a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago. Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Elkin Drug Co., Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Co., E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Co.

MAIL YOUR FILMS TO US



For developing. We are film specialists with the largest laboratory in the South. All prints made on Prize-Winning Cyko Paper. All roll films developed FREE, no matter where purchased. Brownie Prints, 3c each. Write for descriptive Camera Catalogue G. Prices $2.00 to $85.00. Use that fast Ansco film; fits any camera or kodak; costs no more, but also gives true color values. Mail Order Department.



E. H. CONE, Inc., 2 Stores, Atlanta, Ga.



IMPROVED ROOFLESS PLATE

Made of gold or aluminum, no gums, no roof. Truly Nature's duplicate, made only by us. Perfect fit or no pay.

GOLD CROWNS
WHITE CROWNS
BRIDGE WORK } $3

20-YEAR GUARANTEE

UNTIL AUGUST 15th We will continue to make our Whalebone Everstick Suction Plate for $3.00. The lightest and strongest plate known.

EASTERN PAINLESS DENTISTS THE BIG, COOL SANITARY OFFICE 38 1-2 PEACHTREE ST., Near Walton

R. R. FARE ALLOWED 25 MILES

MARRIAGE INVITATIONS

CORRECTLY AND PROMPTLY ENGRAVED

SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO., ENGRAVERS

47 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

LONDON W. Orton Tewson, Chester Overton — PARIS Paul Pierre Rignaux, Marquis de Castellane — BERLIN C. de Vidal-Hundt, Fritz Jacobsohn — ROME J. M. E. D'Aquin, George M. Bruce

SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

'OH, I SAY,' REAL FRENCH FARCE; ITS DOORS BANG

Alan Dale Finds It Minus the Star, but He Is Willing to Admit That He Did Smile.

By ALAN DALE,
Special Correspondent of The Sunday American.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—One swallow may not make a summer (though I believe it does), but nobody will deny that one "star" can make a play. Therefore, if that one "star" should be out of the cast (as often happens in London) it is quite likely that the play will lose its exuberance. I saw "Oh, I Say!" at the Criterion Theater when Mr. James Welch was out of the cast. I couldn't ask for my money back (I had been kindly presented with a pair of stalls), so I sat through a star-less "Oh, I Say!!" and paid far more attention to the play than I should have done.

Londoners don't mind a bit when the actor or actress they pay to see takes a little vacation and an understudy goes on. (You learn this from a slip always inclosed in the program, when it is too late to repine.) Londoners are used to it.

I don't know what had happened to James Welch. Anyway, it was his understudy, H. Langdon Bruce, who played the part of the bridegroom in "Oh, I Say!!"—a particularly arduous role for an understudy to tackle. I divided my time feeling sorry for H. Langdon Bruce and for myself—particularly for myself.

"Oh, I Say!!" must have been a scorcher in its original French of Henri Kersai and Albert Barre, when it was called "Une Nuit de Noces" (A Wedding Night). It had to be adapted into London by Sydney Blew and Douglas Hoare. What they had to do was to "wedding-ring" the affair, or at least, in a question of equivocal relations, to suggest that the two were "engaged."

The little English word "engaged" covers a multitude of Parisian iniquities. Marcel, the hero of the piece, just married to the beautiful Suzette, meets in the foyer of the Hotel d'Angleterre at Beauvais the scintillant and corruscating Sidonie, to whom he has been "engaged." You smile as the word pops out in its Anglo-Saxon humbug. You are perfectly well aware what the adapter has done, but you look around you at the ornate and bare-shouldered British matron, and you quite understand why Marcel and Sidonie were "engaged."

That is really the gist and the gust of "Oh, I Say!!" The usual farcical use of lies is resorted to, and when I tell you that there are four doors in the setting—all of which bank—you can see your play. Everybody is pushed in at one door or other. Everybody else rushes in at another door. The most popular remark made is "You here?"

Each, seeing the other, cries "You here?" I daresay you have heard the remark before in French farce. Half of the French farces wouldn't get over the footlights unless you heard that lovely query, "You here?" Sometimes it is only "You here?" More emphatically, it is You here?" In cases of desperation it is "YOU here?"

However, I'm not going to pretend that I didn't smile at "Oh, I say!!" for it would be foolish pretense. I did smile. It has its funny moments in spite of allusions to pajamas, keyholes, disinfectants, and so on. Once get into the mood, and in spite of reason one laughs. "Laughter," says Professor Henri Bergson, "always implies a sort of secret freemasonry, or even complicity, with other laughers, real or imaginary. How often has it been said that the fuller the theater, the more uncontrolled the laughter of the audience!" There was a good deal of laughter at the Criterion Theater, and whatever one may write, in all cynicism of this cut-and-dried farce business, the piece HAS caught on. In my humble opinion, what "Oh, I Say!!" needs, and what I am told Mr. Lee Shubert will give it for U. S. A., is music.

Music dulls noe's sense of logic What appears banal and trite and far-fetched in a straight farce is accepted without question when a bit of music happens. With a chorus of pretty girls chirping "Oh, I Say!!" it wouldn't matter very much what I DID say. So there you are.

I can't tell you what James Welch did with the farce, but I should imagine that it belonged to him. There were two very pretty girls in the cast—Miss Sybil de Bray, who appeared as the bride, and Miss Ruby Miller, who was the maid. Then there was a very clever actress rejoicing in the name of Marguerite Scialtiel, who is, I fancy, Norwegian, and who is quite likely to be heard from again. There were many others, who had to rush in and rush out, and get banged in the doors. They had to work hard for their living; and if they were not merry, they were at least active little things!

It is a long time since we have had a dose of real French farce, even in London, and the English public has taken kindly to "Oh, I Say!!" even without music. The piece is very short, indeed, which is distinctly in its favor, and it says what it has to say with lightning-like rapidity. Anyway, it is established here.

American Likely to Rule Ireland

Earl of Granard May Be Viceroy

Wife Was Miss Beatrice Mills

Countess of Granard, formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, whose husband is prominently mentioned as first Viceroy of Ireland under home rule.



All London Believes She Will Grace Court if Husband Gets Important Post.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—An American woman may rule in Ireland as wife the first victory under home rule.

All London is talking over the prospect and is prophesying the appointment of the Earl of Granard as Vice Regent of Ireland. The Countess of Granard was formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, of New York, the beautiful heiress whose marriage to the Earl was generally considered a love match.

The talk of the appointment is almost universally popular gossip. The Earl is a Catholic and his American wife is wealthy, and it is believed he will be acceptable to the Irish people, and fully able to hold his own as to the splendor of his court.

But apart from the material advantages of politics, wealth and religion, society talks pleasantly of the Countess herself. They recall the brilliant figure that Lady Daisy Leiter Curzon made as wife of the Viceroy in India, and announce in their opinion Countess of Granard will be as presentable.

Color of reality was given to the gossip when the Earl and his Countess went to Castle Forbes, Ireland, last week. No announcement was made that their trip had anything of a momentous nature, but it is rumored that beyond the casual appearance of the journey there is something of significance.

'WHITE LADY' IS AGAIN SEEN IN KAISER'S HALLS

Fears Feft for Life of Emperor if Traditional Ghost Appears in Castle

By STEVEN BURNETT.
Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Superstitious people here are convinced that some great calamity is threatening the Kaiser or his family for the Hohenzollern family ghost, the famous "white lady," is said to have walked at the Palace, a thing she never does except when some disaster is impending or when a Hohenzollern is about to die.

The Kaiser himself ridicules the idea and has forbidden any talk about it inside the Palace walls, but several of the servants swear they did see the "white lady" and that the explanation that it must have been some lady resident of the Palace walking in her sleep through the endless corridors in her night dress is absurd, for she looked exactly as tradition says she does look, clad in long flowing white dress, her pale hands crossed on her breast, and her face covered with a nun's veil.

Appears in Middle Ages.

The "white lady" was first heard of as haunting the castles at Bayreuth, Ansbach and Plassenburg in the middle ages. At Plassenburg she was so much feared that the cavaliers of the court took delight in masquerading in white in certain rooms to frighten those who came their way.

Once, when Markgraf Albrecht, the Warrior, met a white lady at Plassenburg, he grasped her with his strong arms and threw her down the stairs, and at the bottom was found the dead body of his Chancellor, who, with the Bishop of Bamberg, had conspired against his ruler. But this incident did not in any way damage the reputation of the "white lady." Someone always managed to see her just before death entered the castle.

Napoleon Saw Specter.

The great Napoleon, who was intensely superstitious, on his military campaigns twice had occasion to pass through Bayreuth. The first time was in 1812, when on his way to Russia, and he sent a request from Aschaffenburg that he should not be asked to pass the night in the rooms at Bayreuth, which were known to be visited by the "white lady." His request was granted; yet next morning he arose in the worst of moods, and as he was getting into his carriage he was heard to mutter something about the "accursed castle." It was certainly the presage of disaster to him. The following year when he passed through the place he refused to pass the night there.

Last time a "white lady" showed herself at Berlin was in 1859, a short time before the birth of the present Kaiser.

Windsor Castle Open To Tourists Again

King George Orders That Any Official Accepting Tip Will Be Dismissed.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—At this time of the year hundreds of American visitors go to Windsor to explore the castle, and there is rejoicing in the town over the reopening of the State apartments which have been closed ever since last January through fear of suffragette outrages.

Every person who enters the castle will have to pay a shilling, and there will be no free days as hitherto. By the King's command this money will go to the local hospital.

By the King's command also it is reported that no "tips" whatever shall be given to guides or to any of the officials at the castle. If any official is discovered accepting a "tip," he will be dismissed.

POLYGAMY URGED AS CRYING NEED BY GIRL MILITANT

British Suffragette Declares That Monogamy Is Favored Only by the Happily Wedded

By HERBERT TEMPLE.
Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There is no better evidence of the remarkable change that is taking place in English women and girls than the existence of militancy and the appearance of a movement led by a young English girl for the introduction of polygamy in England.

Militancy among suffragettes had been confined to a very small number of women and to a certain class of women. The advocate of polygamy to whom I refer, however, is a very well-known writer, although quite a young girl.

An interview with the Sheik Ul Islam, the supreme priest of the Mohammedan Church, cabled first to New York and then to London, in which the Sheik pointed out he Mo-Mohammedans have polygamy and very little immorality, whereas we Europeans have monogamy and widespread immorality, was read with a great deal of interest here, particularly by women. It was very widely commented upon.

The young woman writer who would have polygamy says:

"Let us approach the problem fearlessly and frankly. The fact is that the present standard of morality is false and unreal, or that while nature produces what is ultimately a surplus of women over men, monogamy is not a suitable system for all our people.

"No system can be suitable which condemns to death or non-life so large a portion of the community as we, the surplus women, form.

"Monogamy is not a sacred institution, and there is no real necessity for hundreds of thousands, even millions, of women to be sacrificed upon its altar. Nor would anything of value be destroyed by its removal and by the setting up of a more suitable moral and legal standard.

"We are told that the ideal condition is one man—one wife. Well, whatever alteration takes place there can be nothing to force people, if they think fit, to preserve that equation so far as they themselves are concerned.

"But those who adopt that standard for themselves have no right—human or divine—to try to impose it upon others who are able and willing to adopt another, especially when imposing such standard is against nature itself and actually condemns a large number of human beings who have equal rights to themselves to exclusion from life.

"I do not believe the difficulty lies with men. I think that each man deep down in his heart admits—if only to himself—that monogamy is unnatural and has failed.

"The difficulty lies with the fortunately married woman.

"If she and her husband are satisfied with one another, then whatever the legal right may be they would never have anyone else.

"If they are not satisfied with each other, then monogamy will not bind them in fact.

"When all bachelor women and widows have the parliamentary vote, and their right to assist in the making of the nation's laws, one of its first influences will be to remove and destroy the artificial and arbitrary standard of monogamy and to establish polygamy as the legal and proper right and custom of an advanced people!"

Plombieres-les-Bains Bores And Drenches Paris Society

By LA RACONTEUSE

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—I have just returned from Prombieres-les-Bains, our most fashionable pleasure resort, where I went not because I really wanted to, for in this miserably wet summer Paris is most decidedly the best place to spend your time, but because my concierge, in plain words, told me that she could not possibly have any respect for a tenant who showed such atrocious disrespect of the laws of "le beau-monde" as to remain in Paris all summer instead of going to some fashionable resort.

In other words, I had to leave my cozy apartment for a while, or I knew that my female tyrant would make life unbearable for me by those thousands of mean little tricks known only to a Paris concierge, against which you are absolutely defenseless.

I found Plombieres-les-Bains as cold and wet as I had expected it, but crowded with society people, all dreadfully bored and all asking what to do on a dreadfully long afternoon with the rain pouring down.

Takes Hour to Recover.

In the morning time passes quickly, no matter how the weather. You take "le traitement," which here consists in a hot bath, followed by a cold shower, massage "sans l'seau" in the "kurhouse," or massage "a sec" at home in bed, after which you need at least an hour's rest to recover.

After lunch you go to the kursal to drink your coffee, tea or elder blossom tea to the accompaniment of the band; then you attend to your private correspondence, play a little "aux petits chevaux" or "a la roulette," but what then?

The afternoon is still young, and promenading, tennis or golf are out of the question.

Suddenly an electric shock passed through the room the news has spread that Monseigneur Angouard, the Congo missionary, will give a lecture at Hotel Deschauseaux, the hotel of all priests and religious people. You know in advance whom you will meet there and whom not. Not a single gambler, not a single "dame dernier cri"—nobody, in fact, but the members of the poorer aristocracy and the badly dressed bourgeoisie.

On the stroke of 4 these people meet in the large hall, and when they are all seated, firm steps are heard in the corridor and Monseigneur's imposing figure appears in the doorway smiling at everybody. He pretends to take a sip of water, and then he begins to tell about the 37 years he has spent in voluntary exile, first as a soldier in the Foreign Legion and then, when he was tired of shooting heathens, trying to save their souls as a missionary.

And the Hat Is Passed.

And when he has finished, one of the young girls present gets up, takes off her hat, turns it upside down and carries it around, asking for contributions to Monseigneur's little colored babies, and a few moments later she smilingly hands Monseigneur $150.

These affairs are always alike, and the Monseigneurs always turn up on a rainy day when people can not get away.

A lady who has caused a stir is the beautiful and charming Duchess of Manchester, who has given us a new dance which my readers probably know and which "isn't doing a thing" (is that right?) to the once almighty tango.

The dance, I am told, is composed by an American, Uriel Davis.

To be able to dance it you must first patiently practice walking upstairs instead of using the elevator. When you are quite familiar with the movement required to walk from one step to the one above, all you have to do is to repeat this movement in the ballroom—eight steps forward, eight steps back, raising your knees as much as possible; then you slide sideways as fast as possible and then repeat the first eight steps each way.

Without intending to hurt the feelings of Mr. Uriel Davis, I venture to say that I find the dance silly, and the reason it is so popular is because it is an excellent exercise to take off flesh.

BRITISH PRESS CALLS KIPLING REAL LAUREATE

Appointment of Dr. Bridges Declared Tribute to Pedantry Rather Than to Poetry.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The appointment of Dr. Robert Bridges to succeed Alfred Austin as poet laureate has note been treated as kindly by the press as was Mr. Austin's succession to Tennyson, notwithstanding the fact that both as a man of letters and as a poet Dr. Bridges is measurably his immediate predecessor's superior. The censure of Dr. Bridges' selection is probably to be found in the fact that the press is merely voicing public opinion, which is keenly disappointed that Rudyard Kipling did not secure the office.

Says The Morning Post: "If Mr. Kipling had been appointed laureate our people in these islands and overseas would have understood the honor as expressing a national sense. We are apt to forget that poets are of service in the world not merely as delighting the ears and refining the emotions of the cultured few, but as calling like a trumpet to duty in life and work, to the scorn of the base and the glory of the patriot, according to the poet's conception of baseness and patriotism."

The Pall Mall Gazette: "Mr. Kipling's claim is far above that of any contemporary. The writer of the 'Recessional' and of 'If' will be the laureate of the English people whenever crisis calls for utterance, and a world-wide empire will be his responsive audience."

The Star: "Mr. Kipling has more poetry in his little finger than Dr Bridges has in his whole body. To be perfectly candid, the election of Dr. Bridges is a tribute to pedantry, and not to poetry. There are many living poets whose claims are indisputably superior to his. But in this country the path of dullness is the road to glory."

Just before the post of poet laureate was filled, T. P.'s Weekly published the following table as the result of an exhaustive canvass among its readers:

Kipling, Rudyard	22,630
Meynell, Alice	5,598
Masefield, John	3,267
Hardy, Thomas	2,170
Watson, William	1,086
Newbolt, Henry	821
Chesterton, Gilbert K.	777
Bridges, Robert	710
Noyes, Alfred	704
Keats, W. B.	641
Dobson, Austin	575
Le Gallienne, Richard	567
Housman, A. E.	468
Davies, W. H.	423
Phillips, Stephen	324
Hewlett, Maurice	35

Croquet Suddenly The Fad in England

Old Game Again Is Feature of the Smartest Week-End Parties.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Croquet has suddenly come back into favor after a long rest, and is a marked feature at all smart week-end parties.

Tennis is too strenuous and golf too baffling for many whose social duties call for much of their time.

The croquet lawns at Ranelagh and Hurlingham are in great demand, and many are introducing new rules and new kinds of hoops to give novelty to the game.

The Earl of Essex is devoted to the game. Lady Charles Beresford also passes hours at it.

Viscount Doneralle, Lord Tollemache, Lord Lurgan and Nigel Kingscote are often to be seen playing at Ranelagh.

Among the fair sex one notices Lady Angela Forbes, Lady Margaret Spicer, Lady Sophie Scott, Lady Winifred Butler and Mrs. Arthur Sassoon.

MANY ESCAPE VACCINATION.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—More than a quarter of a million children—or 31.6 per cent of those born—were exempted from vaccination last year under the "conscientious objection" rule.

Over 300 Ragtimers Pining for America

London Music Halls Crowded With Idle Singers Scheming to Raise Steerage Fare.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There are 300 or 400 homesick Americans in London. They are music hall artists who flocked over here when ragtime brought about a trans-Atlantic boom.

They came first class, talking of three-figure contracts, and now they are scheming to get cheap passages home disguised as Polish emigrants.

The trouble, of course, is that the music hall stage has been glutted with American turns.

$30,000,000 Yearly in Penny-Slot Gambling

French Government Is Forced to Put Ban on Machines in Small Cafes.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The French Government has decided to prohibit the "penny-in-the-slot" gambling machines in all the lower class cafes.

The last available statistics show that in 1911 there were 64,953 of these petty gambling machines in use in France, and that their total receipts during the year were $30,000,000.

The machines are usually leased by cafe keepers on a sharing basis. During 1911 the proprietors received as their share $10,000,000.

The remaining $20,000,000 was represented by tickets, drawn from the machines, which were useless unless exchanged for drinks.

Red Horses for Army; New Breed Developed

Chestnut Equines Said to Have More Fire Than Those of Less Vivid Color.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—As a result of experiments made in Lecestershire by biologists, not yet completed, a new species of horses is being developed for the army.

Bright chestnut which is the equivalent of red hair in children, has quite overcome all other tints among hackneys, and it is associated with the mental quality that is called "fire." It is a mas er color in more than one respect, indicating a viking spirit.

In horses and men a sort of duel is going on between red and brown, or rather chestnut and bay. The hackney is chiefly red, the hunter chiefly brown, though Ireland is now producing many chestnuts.

CHINA SUFFRAGETTES GET FIRST BIGAMY SENTENCE

Special Cable to The American.

HONG KONG, Aug. 16.—The first Chinese bigamy trial that has ever taken place ended in Un Chan Tse being sentenced to eighty days imprisonment by a mixed court at Shanghai. The prosecution was instigated by the Chinese Woman Suffragette Society.

ITALY BUILDS FLEET OF 300 MILITARY AIRCRAFT

Special Cable to The American.

MILAN, Aug. 16.—A large number of military aeroplanes are now being constructed in Italy with funds raised by national subscription.

When this program is completed Italy will have 300 military aeroplanes.

Dirigibles also will be built.

BINGHAM SCHOOL'S central purpose for 120 years has been to make Men of Boys. Asheville climate world renowned. Organization Military. Two details from U. S. Army allowed to N. C. The A. & M. College has one, Bingham the other. Target and Gallery practice, with latest U. S. Army Rifles. Lake for Swimming. Summer Camp during July and August. Tuition and Board $150 per Half Term. $300 a year. Address Col. R. Bingham, Box 6, Asheville, N. C.

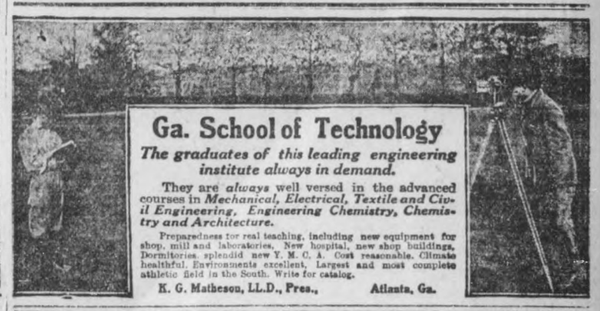
Atlanta Conservatory of Music
MORTIMER WILSON, General Director
Location: In the Heart of Atlanta, *Peachtree and Broad Streets* — 1913-14 Session *Opens September 2d*
Complete Music Courses From the Kindergarten Games to the Concert Stage
Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Cello, Harp, Orchestral Instruments, Analysis, Ear-Training, History, Harmony, Composition, Conducting, School Orchestra and Chorus in concerted works. Ensemble Classes in all departments with recitals. Diplomas and Certificates of dependability.
Prospectus mailed on application.
Atlanta Conservatory, Atlanta, Ga.

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, ATHENS, GA.
Named by a United States Commissioner of Education as being among the best fitted State Normal Schools in the United States. Fifty-six officers and teachers, ten buildings, eighteen departments of instruction, full certificate courses in Psychology, Pedagogy, English, Expression, Oratory, Mathematics, Science, History, Latin, German, Greek, French, Spanish, Correspondence.
The Home-Life courses are among the strongest in the South. Domestic Arts and Sciences, Manual Arts, Agriculture, Gardening, Home Nursing, Physical Culture, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Sight Singing. Diploma a license to teach. Two Practice Schools. Education for fitness and happiness in the home. Total expenses for a year less than $150.00. Write for Catalogue.
JERE M. POUND, President.

PHARMACY Studied at the University of Georgia, under the most favorable environment of college life means efficient preparation for a lucrative position. Graduates have never failed to pass State examination. Send for catalog to Dean S. C. Benidict, M. D., Athens, Ga.



WASHINGTON SEMINARY
1374 PEACHTREE ROAD - - - ATLANTA
THE SOUTH'S MOST BEAUTIFUL SCHOOL
DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.
1. Boarding Department limited. $100,000.00 in Grounds and Buildings.
2. New School Building, modern in equipment, with provision for open-air class rooms.
3. Courses in Domestic Science and Physical Training a part of regular curriculum.
4. Departments: Kindergarten, Primary, Academic, College Preparatory, Music, Art, Expression.
Thirty-sixth Session begins SEPTEMBER 11th, 1913.
Write for illustrated catalogue.—S. L. D. and EMMA B. SCOTT, Principals.



Ga. School of Technology
The graduates of this leading engineering institute always in demand.
They are *always* well versed in the advanced courses in *Mechanical, Electrical, Textile and Civil Engineering, Engineering Chemistry, Chemistry and Architecture.*
Preparedness for real teaching, including new equipment for shop, mill and laboratories. New hospital, new shop buildings, Dormitories splendid new Y. M. C. A. Cost reasonable. Climate healthful. Environments excellent. Largest and most complete athletic field in the South. Write for catalog.
E. G. Matheson, LL.D., Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA MILITARY ACADEMY
THE SOUTH'S MOST SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED PREP SCHOOL
College Park, Eight Miles From Atlanta, Georgia
Fills every hour of a boy's life with wholesome mental development, body building, moral and social training, and preparation for a man's part in the world's work. A thoroughly disciplined, modernly appointed, attractive school for boys and young men—a gentleman's school limited to about 125 boarding pupils, so grouped as to give every teacher about 12 Cadets for tutoring and oversight at night. Delightful home life—a big happy family of successful, cultured teachers and pupils. Every sanitary convenience. Electric lights, steam heat, artesian water. Elevation nearly 1,200 feet, no malaria, perfect health.
BEST TABLE FARE AND PRETTIEST SCHOOL CAMPUS IN THE SOUTH
Three regular courses—Classical, Engineering, Commercial.
Members Southern Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools.
Active U. S. Officer in Charge of Military Department.
Classed A by U. S. War Department.
All arms accouterments and ordinance supplies furnished by U. S., just as at the V. M. I. and the Citadel.
Magnificent outdoor gymnasium now being constructed.
Thorough work in Class Room.
Largest Faculty in any Prep School in Georgia.
Athletics, without any "hired or induced" players, properly encouraged.
Location in College Park, Atlanta's most beautiful suburb.
Special advantages for Atlanta pupils.
Modern dairy operated for exclusive use of Cadets.
Prospective patrons urged to visit and compare with the best in America.
COLONEL J. C. WOODWARD, A. M., Pres.

SHORTER COLLEGE
A High Grade Institution For Young Women
Beautifully located near the mountains in the most healthful section of the South—not a death in the College during the forty years of its existence. Every convenience of modern home. Only two girls to a room, with large study between every two rooms. Every building of re-enforced concrete, absolutely fire-proof, thoroughly modern. Five of the 18 buildings planned just completed, 155 acres in grounds and campus. Faculty chosen from finest American and European Universities. Full Literary Course leading to A. B. degree; excellent advantages in Music, Art, Expression. Special attention to physical development.
Catalog on request.
Box 29, Rome, Ga.

Sunday American Sporting Pages Lead All Others

YOU WOULDN'T KNOW THE OLD CAR NOW

Copyright, 1913, International News Service.

By Tad







RITCHIE DOESN'T COMPARE WITH OTHER CHAMPS

Must Meet Murphy, Welsh and Cross Before He Can Hope To Be World Figure.

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Here is a question fired at me from a home critic:

"How does Willie Ritchie compare with the lightweight champions who preceded him?"

Up to date he does not begin to compare in the slightest. Ritchie is still young and lacking in experience, however, and may loom up as more of a world-figure in pugilism when he has pitted himself against men like Tommy Murphy, Freddy Welsh and Leach Cross. Wolgast, who preceded as a champion, was a wonderful fighter before appendicitis marked him for its own. His handling of Battling Nelson on Richmond Field was something to live in memory, even if little "Ad" had never accomplished anything else.

* * *

BATTLING NELSON in his prime, was an interesting performer. And it was his negative qualities that made him worth while. There never was a man within twenty pounds of his weight who could stand such rough usage and keep pressing steadily forward. He wasn't the most gainly fighter of his class, by long odds but his powers of assimilation covered a multitude of defects.

* * *

JOE GANS was a thorough workman, and a sight of him in action was as great a treat as a student of boxing could desire. He stepped around in a soft-footed way and was never out of position. His manner of ending it all with a downward clip of the right, delivered without drawing back the elbow, was well worth the price of admission.

He was an artist and it was a lament with old-time sports that Joe and Jack McAuliffe did not flourish contemporaneously. A tilt between the pair would have been worth a journey to see.

WACO SECOND SACKER IS SOLD TO BOSTON BRAVES

WACO, TEXAS, Aug. 16.—Oscar Dugey, second baseman of the Waco Texas League team and leading batter of the league, was sold to the Boston Nationals, to report at the end of the local season. The consideration is said to have been about $2,000.

Koney Makes One Error a Month

Cards' Fielder May Set New Mark

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 16.—An error a month is the pace Ed Koney is setting for what probably will be a world's record as a fielding first baseman. So far the guardian of the Cardinals' initial sack has turned but four miscues this season—one in April, May, June and July—and if he gets but one in August and September his name will be engraved in the record books.

To accept 1,112 of the 1,116 chances offered him in 101 games is quite a phenomenal performance; still this is owned by Koney for his 1913 work. And it has everything eclipsed in the records of fielding first basemen since the National League was organized.

The highest average ever compiled by a first baseman in the National League was by Frank Chance in 1910, when he missed but three chances out of 814; that gave him a mark of .996. This to-day stands supreme, but if Koney continues his average of one error per month he will shade Chance's record by a slight margin.

Chance Leads All Rivals.

Since 1871, when the first set of records was kept in the National League, Chance's .996 stands out on top. Next to the ex-Peerless Leader is Dan McGann with a .995, and then .994 is the highest figure. The following table shows the five highest averages of the first basemen:

Year.	Name.	G	po.	a.	e.	pct.
1910—	Chance	87	773	38	3	.996
1906—	McGann.	133	1391	83	8	.995
1909—	Chance	92	901	40	6	.994
1907—	McGann.	81	781	55	5	.994
1897—	Tebeau	91	912	42	5	.994

Koney's fielding this year has been sensational and proves that he is without a superior as a fielding first baseman. Of course, now Chase and Daubert and Stovall have their supporters, but the truth is that for being steady day in and day out Koney is supreme.

Koney isn't as flashy as Chase. He will not dive high into the air and make the catch one-handed and he dosen't pull off the fancy stuff which Chase does. But he gets the wild pegs, the high ones, the low ones and those far too high, left and right minus the "grandstand" effort.

How Koney Made Errors.

On April 20 Koney made his first error. It was at Robison Field and he missed an easy foul off Chief Wilson. Later, Wilson put a single to left. The second error was May 28 in Chicago against the Cubs. It happened in the inning when Mitchell rolled to Huggins. Hug made the perfect toss, but Big Ed clamped his hands before the ball arrived, muffed and the runner was safe.

Then came error No. 3. It was June 25, at Robison Field. Carey grounded to Koney. Max raced for the bag and Ed, seeing he couldn't get there first, made a toss to Harmon. Bob let it get away, Carey ran to second and Koney got the error.

Big Ed almost escaped the month of July, but a bit of severe scoring gave him an error on the last day of the month. In the fourth inning Connolly rolled a slow grounder to Koney. Sallee raced over to the bag, but Connolly had the play beaten and it was scored as a hit. Sal allowed the ball to drop, roll a few feet away, and taking his time in recovery, Connolly hiked down to second.

There is how Ed Koney has made his four errors this season. And in between them he has accepted 1,112, certainly a remarkable record.

With the Cards in a slump this year, Koney's fielding hasn't dropped a bit. His batting has, and for that reason the fans have been handing the jeers occasionally to the Big Train. Every fan can rehearse when Ed failed to get a hit and drive in a run. And why? Because his play is watched every day where the others are passed by.

McCloskey Develops Big Ed.

Koney can miss driving in a run and the fans will see it. But Magee, Oakes, Mowrey, Wingo, Whitted and others will miss and nobody pays any attention to it. Not Koney, though.

It took time and constant training on the part of John J. McCloskey to develop Koney into the great first baseman that he is. Koney came here in June, 1907. He was a big kid, awkward around first, and didn't know how to shift his feet. He had the right foot in front when the left should have been there, and often the other way, too.

But McCloskey knew what he had. The entire summer John J. drilled his new capture. In the morning practice Mac failed with Koney. He showed him this; he showed him that; he showed him how to keep one foot on the sack and catch the wide throw with the gloved mitt.

And it didn't take Koney long to master these fine points. He shows it to-day.

Some will doubt Koney's ability as a first baseman. But here he has a .996 average, just a fraction under .997, and every winter the Cubs, Pirates and Giants bid for the "Big Train."

Koney really isn't appreciated in St. Louis. They won't realize what a marvel and wonder he is until if, by chance, a trade will send him to some other club. And a duplicate of Ed Koney isn't cavorting around any of the minor league fields to-day.

TO CHANGE A. A. U. CODE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—G. T. Kirby, president of the Amateur Athletic Union, is to revise the A. A. U. code of rules, which, he says, in their present form can not be understood by attorneys. Kirby made this announcement before sailing for Berlin to attend the conference of athletic authorities of the world.

GIANTS CAN GET KONEY IF MATTY IS IN THE DEAL

President Britton Says He Will Make Swap With McGraw for "Big Six" and Merkle.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 16.—If the Giants will part with Christy Mathewson and Fred Merkle, then McGraw can have Ed Koney from the Cardinals!

From New York Thursday came a report that the Giants were dickering with the Cardinals for another swap, and that McGraw had offered Southpaw Wiltse and First Baseman Fred Merkle for the "Big Train."

Considering that Wiltse is fading and fading fast, and that Koney easily outclasses Merkle, the cards would run second on such an exchange, and the truth of such a transaction was asked of President Britton.

"If McGraw will make it Mathewson and Merkle instead of Wiltse and Merkle then I will O. K. the trade," said President Britton. "But Wiltse and Merkle, no."

Then the Cards' Prexy smiled and puffed his perfecto and continued:

"Yes, that's what I mean, Matty and Merkle. Matty must be in the deal. Anybody but Matty and there's nothing doing with us for Ed Koney."

"But don't you know, Mr. Britton, that McGraw never would consent to trade Mathewson?" was put to the Cards' chief.

"Why, certainly I know it, and that's just why I name Matty in a deal with the Giants for Koney," flashed back Britton. "After we took Crandall instead of Wiltse for McLean, I offered to buy Wiltse from the Giants, but McGraw said he did not want money, but was after players.

"We're after players to strengthen our club, too. We are trying to get the youngsters, and are willing to make a trade where we have an edge, but it's a cinch that we're not going to pass out anything like Koney for Merkle and Wiltse."

NEW COACH AT ROBINSON.

ROBINSON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Charles C. Wells, late instructor in mathematics in Millikin University, and prominent in athletic circles, has been appointed athletic coach and instructor of the Robinson baseball, football and basketball, and will reorganize the athletic department of the Robinson school.

CATLIN TO COACH LAWRENCE.

APPLETON, WIS., Aug. 16.—At the Lawrence high school it was last night decided to re-engage Mark Catlin as football coach.

GIANTS ALWAYS FIGHTING, EVEN IF IT'S M'GRAW

Crandall Incident Goes to Prove That Muggsy's Men Are Always in Wrangling Mood.

CINCINNATI has pulled the story that two or three of the New York Giants took a punch at Manager McGraw because he released Otis Crandall, star pinch pitcher and pinch hitter, accompanying his action with the statement that Otis never was a real star and wasn't fit for membership on a high class baseball team. Naturally the players were incensed to see an old pal thus turned down, the more because McGraw's action deprives the young Indiana boy of a probable slice of world's series money later in the fall. Maybe they did punch McGraw and maybe they didn't. It doesn't look reasonable that they did, for "Muggsy" ins't standing around as a target for anybody.

* * *

BUT the incident shows two things conclusively. The Giants are fighters, every inch of them, and it is the fighting spirit that wins in any sort of an athletic contest. The Giants are keyed up to the right tension and their position at the head of the National League race is one to which they are fully entitled because of this fighting spirit. McGraw has them gingered to a nicety and doubtless welcomes a little shindig now and then off the field, just as a matter of relaxation.

* * *

MANY of the McGraw methods are far from commendable and some of them are even reprehensible, but in the main other baseball managers might well take example of the Giants' leader and instill this fighting spirit into the men. Frank Chance could keep the old Cub machine snarling and snapping in much the same way and Jimmy Callahan's nature is infectious at times and carries the team along under high pressure. Joe Tinker is a fighter at heart and even the queer conditions in Cincinnati hasn't taken all of Joe's heart. There are few other managers, however, who really scrap and succeed in getting the fighting spirit into their men.

DUFFY SELLS OUTFIELDER JOSEPH BURNS TO TIGERS

PORTLAND, ME., Aug. 16.—Manager Hugh Duffy, of the Portland club of the New England League, announced that Outfielder Joseph Burns had been sold to Detroit.

Burns' home is in Ipswich, Mass. The price was not made public.

RACE TRACK AT AUCTION.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The passing of another famous New York race track apparently is forecast in a foreclosure sale of the Brighton Beach property, scheduled for August 28. The action was brought on a second mortgage of approximately $95,000. The first mortgage is $650,000.

Johnny Evers Need Not Worry

President Murphy Is With Him

By Davenport.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—John Evers is not worried concerning the report he is to be ousted from the managership of the Cubs.

"I am worried in a sense," said the Keystone King when he heard the report, "for I know these reports are not tending to the improvement of conditions on the club.

"I firmly believe the reports emanate from sources unfriendly to the Cubs.

"Last winter when it was announced I had been appointed to succeed Frank Chance, my enemies said I would not last until Decoration Day.

"I was right on the job at Pittsburg on Memorial Day and then the fellows who seem to have a grudge against me said: 'Well, he'll blow up before the Fourth of July,' but there was no premature explosion and yours truly celebrated the glorious Fourth by managing the Cubs while they went through a double-header.

"Now they are firing me right off the reel, but so far as the stability of my position is concerned I am not concerned.

Murphy Pleased With Work.

"I have the knowledge that President Murphy is back of me. He has convinced me upon more than one occasion that he is backing me, and I know him well enough to feel that I can rely upon him.

"He has upheld everything I have done in the management of the players and he has informed me upon more than one occasion that I am giving satisfaction.

"As I have said concerning alleged dissensions in the club, I know who is starting these reports. They do not come from West Side fans. It is a trouble that has existed for years, and some one must be the goat, so why not your humble servant? Let it go with the other managerial duties. My shoulders are broad. I can not only stand the hisses and jeers of the fans, but I guess it is up to me to pay no heed to these false reports that are being circulated and have been circulated all season."

President Murphy also emphatically denies he intends to remove the Keystone King.

When apprised of the fact some one had started the report Evers was to be separated from his job, President Murphy said: "There is absolutely no truth in the report. I still believe Evers is the best manager in the business and the greatest ball player in the world. I have backed him up in his action on and off the field.

"I wouldn't give 2 cents for a manager who can't manage, and I am satisfied that Evers is not one of that sort."

Discussing the reports that the Cubs are fighting among themselves, Manager Evers said: "I want men who fight, but I want them to use a little judgment in whom they fight.

Wants Fighting Spirit.

"I like men of the Zimmerman type, who are fighting every inch of the way.

"True, Heine was put out of a number of games this summer, but why? Because he was always up on the job, watching every play and ready to fight for what he considered his rights.

"I do think it is unfair for the fans and sport writers to pick up every little petty quarrel that may come up and make a mountain of it. These are the things that are hurting the club."

Considering the pitching the Cubs had during the early part of the season, the misfortune sustained by Overall in the way of illness, and the other hard luck, Evers has done well to keep his club up among the top notchers, and he is being given credit for it all around the circuit.

Then there was the hard luck encountered when the Cubs invaded the East the last time, Archer out of the game with a had finger, Zimmerman out with a game ankle, and Bridwell out with punk pins.

Some handicap, "fellers," but Jawn has been right on the job fighting his way through all the time.

We have it from the Keystone King, right from the shoulder, that stories of dissension on the club have been greatly magnified, and here's a little secret that will surprise you.

That story to the effect Evers is to be deposed came from an eavesdropper.

AFTER BERTH IN WESTERN.

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., Aug. 16.—Leo Meyer, of this city, has made a bid for the Sioux City franchise of the Western League. Meyer said he was anxious to bring the club here, but declared he was not sure about meeting all the requirements of the league.



DROPSY SPECIALISTS

give quick relief usually from the first dose. Distressing Symptoms rapidly disappear. Swelling and short breath soon removed; often gives entire relief in 15 to 25 days. A trial treatment FREE by mail.

H. H. Green's Sons, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.



For Everybody, Everywhere

For workers with hand or brain—for rich and poor—for every kind of people in every walk of life—there's delicious refreshment in a glass of

Coca-Cola

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

different and better in purity and flavor. The best drink anyone can buy.



Be sure to get the genuine. Ask for it by its full name —to avoid imitations and substitution.

Send for free booklet.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

All the News of the Boxing World on These Pages

GEO. HARRISON IS JOE BEAN'S BEST PLAYER

Ex-Marist Star Now Making Fine Baseball Record at Georgia University.

By O. B. Keeler.

WITH your kind permission, we will now introduce Mr. Harrison, prominent second baser of the University of Georgia baseball team, former Marist star and a corking good student of pharmaceutics as well as the national sport.

Mr. Harrison's initials are George L., the "L." standing for Larrup. He is an Atlanta boy, 19 years old, sound in wind and limb, and quite a hobby of Joe Bean's.

"I think a lot of George because he can think," says Joe, who was George's coach at Marist. "Every year the colleges show us a lot of young ball players that can run and throw and field and hit. But a fearful percentage of these neat little baseball machines use their heads mainly to keep their collars from slipping off."

But that isn't the way of George. Take it from Joe.

A Smart Ball Player.

"He is what is known in professional circles as a 'smart ball player,'" Joe adds. "He remembers every little tip anybody gives him—and he uses his memory on the field. He thinks fast and he has the physical speed to carry out his hunches. He is the best all-round college ball player I ever had charge of."

George was a freshman last year, starring in pharmaceutics and the territory around second base. He is expected to do the same, only more so, in the gentle springtime of 1914.

At present George, who is an earnest investigator of things entirely apart from the squeeze play and touching second, is doing a bit of extra work in physics at the summer school of the university. He takes quite a serious view of life, even at the supposedly callow age of 19 summers and the same number of winters.

Had Heart Trouble?

An odd feature of George's development as a ball player cropped out when he started to Marist where he played with great effect three years for Joe Bean.

George was very young then, and he was growing so fast that he frequently found his clothes too small for him when he got up in the morning. The stretching worried some of his insides a bit, and George's folks had an idea he had a floppy heart. It used to flop when George played tennis. They asked Joe Bean to take good care of George and not let him play ball too hard. They recommended first base as the easiest job.

The Flopping Stopped.

But Joe needed a second baseman. Also he saw right away where George ought to perform. He reasoned that one place was as bad as another, if not worse, when it came to causing cardiacal floppings, and he diagnosed properly the uncertain behavior of George's pumping apparatus.

Moreover, George had let up on the growing by that time and was feeling great.

So George went to second base, where he proceeded to eat 'em alive. He has been doing that ever since, too.

George isn't looking forward to professional toil on the sunburned square. He is going to be a pharmacist, which is a drugeist with a university training.

And if George applies the same system to pharmaceutics that he has to baseball, he should travel along on the high speed.

Joe Bean says George is one smart ball player.

BOOKING AGENCY FOR BOXERS TO BE FORMED

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Plans are maturing for a national boxing organization, which will have for its purpose the booking of boxers for various clubs or promoters throughout the country; in fact, it is to be a general booking agency, the same as is in vogue among theatrical people. The man back of the project is Wilbur Stuart, of Columbus, Ohio.

It is the intention of the organizers of the company to have connections in all the large cities of the country. This project would do away with the middleman, or manager, to some extent, but not necessarily, as very often managers are only too willing to pay the regular booking fee to get a match.

The scheme may not look very tempting to some at the present time, but with the growth of the boxing game there is no reason why the project should not be a success—at least, it is worth trying.

KONETCHY FOR MERKLE AND WILTSE IS RUMORED TRADE

PITTSBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Local baseball men gave credence to-day to a tip that Manager McGraw, of the Giants, is dealing with St. Louis for First Baseman Konetchy and has offered First Baseman Merkle and Pitcher Wiltse in exchange. Since the golf squabble in which Merkle was involved along with Mathewson, McGraw and Merkle have not been the best of friends.

INDIANS GET CENTRAL STAR.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Aug. 16.—Wheeler, of the Terre Haute club, has been ordered by the Cubs to report to the Indianapolis American Association club. This was a great surprise to the fans, who did not know that the Cubs owned him. Wheeler leads the Central League in batting with .342.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
REMEDY FOR MEN
AT DRUGGISTS OR TRIAL BOX BY MAIL 60c
FROM PLANTEN 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.
—BEWARE OF IMITATIONS—

Here Is George Harrison, Georgia's Great Infielder, Who Uses His "Bean" in Playing Baseball

Three years of second basing under the tuition of Joe Bean at Marist fitted George to jump right into the spotlight in his freshman year at Georgia and pile himself up a fine little reputation. He will start with flying colors when the season opens next spring.



This looks like pretty severe training for a future pharmacist, but it isn't the only kind Harrison takes. Just now Georgia's star infielder is taking a summer course in physics at the University.

It really doesn't matter how fast the pace is, or whether George Harrison is sliding to second, or dashing in to start a swinging double play—he's always thinking. Joe Bean says he thinks faster and with more effect than any other college player he ever had anything to do with. "His head does more than merely hold his collar on," says Joe. And Joe ought to know something about it.

PHOTOS BY SUNDAY AMERICAN STAFF PHOTOGRAPHER

Looking over the film, it is hard to imagine that George was suspected of having heart trouble a few years ago, when he entered Marist and wanted to play first base, because that job was supposed to be easier than the other stations of the infield. Joe Bean diagnosed George's trouble as rapid growing, and Joe was right about it. As soon as George stopped expanding, his heart settled down to a fine, even gait, and has never missed a tick since. He is now approaching his twentieth year, and is sound in wind, limb and disposition.

'Walsh Now Pitching for Sox' Tickers Don't Flash That Now

ED WALSH is not with the White Sox on their Eastern trip. In all the games Callahan's men play during their stay in the East, the ticker will never flash, 'NINTH INNING: WALSH NOW PITCHING FOR CHICAGO."

The Big Moose, the greatest of iron men, isn't the Walsh of 1912. The averages give him seven won and three lost for a percentage of .700. He has pitched 10 games, with the season half over. If he pitches 10 more during the remainder of 1913 it will be a surprise.

Walsh is worn out. He has the heart and head of last year, but his arm isn't able to perform what he wills. He is just a shadow of his 1912 self, so far as pitching goes.

Too many innings of relief work, too many innings pitched did for his iron arm.

For years he was "THE WHITE SOX," practically all there was to the White Sox, and the only reason anyone went to see the club. Last season, with ordinary backing, he pitched Chicago into fourth place. There were 78 games won by the club. Walsh is credited with 27 of them in his own record. Many more he saved for other twirlers, going in with the Sox ahead and stopping rallies.

Callahan pitched his willing worker 393 innings, or 43 nine-inning games, during the American League season. This shows on the books, but there is no record of the innings Walsh warmed up and used up his arm by so doing. This season Comiskey, the Sox owner, thought Walsh would pitch more than 400 innings. Callahan thought so Walsh thought so.

But the Iron Man was through. He had held the White Sox up so long that his arm was weary, even if he didn't know it. His record of 393 innings in the American League season, topped off by his feat of twirling the Sox to victory by pitching 40 innings of the Chicago city series with the Cubs—which he won practically by himself—has taken toll.

Whether Ed Walsh will come back is a thing the future will have to tell. Sometimes they do, but oftener they don't. Rest may bring him back, if Callahan gives it to him. But again it may be that 393 innings of fiercely competitive ball have ruined his arm for good and all and that one of the greatest pitchers the game has known is now a has-been.

MANY CATCHERS GET INJURED BY MIXED SIGNALS

Chief Meyers Nearly Lost a Finger When Christy Mathewson Double-Crossed Him.

By Otto C. Floto.

DENVER, Aug. 16.—Nothing breaks up a battery so fast as double-crossing the catcher. Mind, we do not mean to say this is intentionally done—but through carelessness or through not getting the signal correct, it happens in some of the most important games. And when it does—well, the opposition has the "shade" from that time forth. In Chicago recently, during a conversation between John McGraw and the writer, the Grand Mandarin of the Giants told us of an incident when even the great Mathewson was at fault in this sort of play.

"Meyers is naturally dark," said McGraw. "When he becomes tanned in the summer time he is darker than ever and quite naturally when he places his finger on the palm of the soiled glove it takes quite an eye to distinguish whether he has one or two fingers pointed to the ground. Oftentimes one finger means a straight fast ball and then again it means a curve, and vice versa. Mathewson, in one of the games against St. Louis, got his signals mixed and pitched a curve when Meyers was looking for a straight fast one. The result was that the ball not only got away from the Indian, but came near tearing his finger off. Of course, I immediately took him out of the game, because I knew he would be rattled from that time forth. The next day he was steadied again and the incident forgotten.

* * *

ANOTHER time while with Baltimore, Joe Corbett double-crossed Robinson and lost a game for us. Of course, the double-crossing is unintentional on the part of the pitcher, and it occurs only when the catcher and the pitcher get mixed in the signals and don't ask each other for a repetition of the same. If they did this no error would be made. In the big leagues when this tangle occurs the players think nothing of it. But I have seen in the smaller leagues, when the battery gets mixed the catcher, generally a youngster trying to make his reputation, seems to labor under the impression that the pitcher is 'trying to show him up,' and it often creates hard feelings on a team."

* * *

REFERRING again to the honesty of the game, we need nothing better to point to than the leaders of the National and American Leagues. Both the Giants and the Athletics have spoiled the race. They are so far ahead of all the other clubs that even at this early day of August 4 interest is eliminated. It means several hundred thousand dollars to the club owners to have a condition of this sort exist. Yet they would rather have it this way and lose thousands of dollars than "frame" and kill the sport.

What if Boston and the Athletics in the American League were neck-and-neck and battling for every game—well, the grounds in either city would not be large enough to hold the crowds. In the National League, what if New York and Chicago were abreast—it would simply mean all records for attendance would be shattered.

So you see the playing is absolutely on its merits and when a team wins or loses everything connected with it is on the level. That's why baseball will ever remain the most popular of outdoor sports. The finger of suspicion is never pointed at any act on the ball field.

Universal Polo at Panama Exposition

Exciting Game To Be Opening Feature of Great Affair—Stand to Seat 18,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 16.—Universal polo will be the opening feature incident to the department of live stock at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

There will be many stables on the site, and the race track infield will afford an ideal location for polo grounds.

Polo enthusiasm is spreading all over the world and it is proposed to have ten or fifteen days of polo, beginning with the opening day of the exposition.

A series of elimination matches will be arranged, and because of climatic advantages a number of the established teams will winter their ponies in California.

There will be a grand stand which will seat 18,000, and its capacity will be taxed during the great tournament, which will be held on the exposition grounds.

The question of cups and prizes is now being considered. If the Hurlingham cup still remains in this country it is possible that the international polo match can be held at San Francisco. That, of course, is a question which can only be decided by time, but in any event representative teams from many countries will be attracted to a universal meet at San Francisco in 1915.

TESREAU HAS BEEN ON SLAB IN MANY GAMES

McGraw Has Sent Jeff to Mound Oftener Than Any Other Member of Giants.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—John McGraw had called on Jeff Tesreau oftener to start battles this year than any other member of the Giants' pitching staff. Up to August 12 the "Little Napoleon" had given the pitching assignment to the big spitballer 28 times. Jeff only went the route on ten occasions, but on many of the times he was dericked he was lifted to allow a pinch hitter to be inserted into the proceedings, and not because he was not performing to the satisfaction of his commander.

* * *

WERE Hugh Chalmers, of Detroit, to offer a car to the National League pitcher who twirled the greatest number of complete games instead to the player who is most valuable to his team, Christy Mathewson undoubtedly would be riding around in a new auto next fall. "Big Six" has opened on the firing line in 22 skirmishes for the Giants this year and has lasted through 17 engagements, which gives him a finishing average of .773. Matty quit twice because he had to, twice because his team had an enormous lead and once because McGraw wished to shove Harry McCormick in as a pinch hitter.

* * *

THE club that has compelled Mathewson to retire under fire is St. Louis, the team that handed him his first beating twelve years ago, when he first became famous. The Cardinals ought to be proud of themselves for their showing against "Big Six" this year. They have received five of the thirteen passes Matty has issued this season, Ed Konetchy and Miller Huggins each obtaining two and Steve Evans one. The eight other National Leaguers who have been honored with complimentaries by Mathewson this season are Viox and Mensor, of Pittsburg; Bates and Groh, of Cincinnati; Zimmerman, of Chicago, and Titus, Rariden and Maranville, of Boston.

Meddling Has Ruined Red Sox Stallings Is Popular in Boston

By W. J. McBeth.

THERE is little comfort in a reputation to the fellow who has lost his punch. This ring chatter applies directly to baseball. A pugilist may get away by sidestepping action, but organized baseball requires 154 tilts every year.

The Boston Red Sox furnishes a very fine object lesson for the point in question. One year ago the staid old "Hub" was wild with enthusiasm over its pets of a generation. To dispute that the "Speed Boys" boasted the classiest aggregation in modern times was the shortest route to suicide. To-day, though a world's championship has been added to the achievements of the Back Bay athletes, the pennant winners are the scorn of the City of Culture.

The answer lies for the most part in four agate lines—which represent the difference between first and fifth places in the American League standings. Boston's National League team, which saw many lean and hungry years, while its rival lived upon the fat of the land, has usurped the popularity of its fading contemporary. The Red Sox in their company have shown the better percentage of victories. But still their work has slopped off so badly from what was expected of the holders of baseball's highest honors that in comparison to the improvement made by the Braves the Red Sox appear in the light of the veriest "bush" class.

Boston, like every other town, has little use for a team that has hit the chutes, while always ready to extend a hand of encouragement to a club that stems on the upward trend.

* * *

IN gaining a few rounds on the ladder from the cellar George Stallings' Braves have accomplished a task that well might be considered more wonderful than cinching a second American League pennant with the champions. Baseball fandom is clever enough to appreciate the point and pay tribute where tribute is due. But the Boston situation of the American League furnishes a moral which many of our meddling promoters might well take to heart. One thing is to leave good enough alone; another that it is far easier to destroy a finely attuned mechanism than to overhaul and rebuilt it.

* * *

EVERYBODY said a year ago that the Boston Red Sox were the luckiest world's champions known to history. Perhaps they were, but they certainly had some class to get in the finals. Moreover, they went through a long campaign without dropping more than two games in a row till the pennant was cinched. The club looked anything but impressive in the world's series. But was it altogether the fault of the club?

I honestly believe, in the light of later developments, that if the real inside truth were known President James McAleer had a lot to do both with the poor showing of that team against the Giants and in the 1913 race so far this season. Jake Stahl, deposed from the management in mid-season, may have been left unhampered this season as McAleer insinuated, but he certainly did not have a free hand against the Giants last fall. He was girt about by a so-called bond of strategy. These many cooks came very near to scorching the broth.

While the Red Sox were setting themselves, Jake Stahl and, incidentally, McAleer on the high pedestal where the bump incident to this year's fall should be all the more pronounced, somebody put a stick of dynamite under the foundation. In the height of battle a serious row cropped out among certain players. As is usually the case, factions resulted. The unity of the team was undermined. The big explosion followed the poor start of 1913 consequent to wholesome injuries and sickness.

McAleer may not have directly interfered with Stahl. Yet the inference is there pretty strong. Jimmy looked like an ideal president when everything was of rosy hue. But once a manager always a manager. We see that in the attitudes of some of our renowned scouts. The cunning hand of McAleer might be traced in the present dilemma of his noble country.

AT least McAleer, or his associates in the business administration of the club, deserve little sympathy for the cold desertion of Hub fandom. They brought it upon themselves by a cold throw down of their most loyal supporters. The band of "Royal Rooters" which had accompanied the team to and fro between New York and Boston were not provided with seats for the seventh game. The business management was unable to explain satisfactorily this shameful oversight; naturally the rooters took it as an insult, believing they had been "given the works" simply through avarice of the management.

"It is the last game and they think standing room good enough for us" was the universal sentiment. The rooters put a boycott on the eighth and deciding game. Also they gathered round the offices at the close of the contest when they were slighted to put the curse on Fenway Park, Red Sox and all connected with them. By the looks of things it was some curse.

Tire Prices Down

How We Did It Without Skimping On the Costliest Tire That's Built

Here are a few amazing facts which every tire user should know.

Goodyear No-Rim-Cut tires used to cost one-fifth more than other standard tires. And yet they gained the topmost place in Tiredom.

Three things caused this extra price.

In the base of each tire we vulcanize six flat bands of 126 braided wires. It is thus that we make a hookless tire—a tire that can't be rim-cut.

Then every No-Rim-Cut gets the "On-Air Cure." It is final-vulcanized on air bags. This is done to save blow-outs. It adds to our tire cost $1,500 per day.

Then we use in each tread base a patent "rivet" fabric. We paid $50,000 for this feature to prevent tread separation.

Not one of these costly features are used in any other make of tire.

We have clung to small capitalization. On this account we can and do keep our profits under 8½ per cent.

All these savings, as fast as we made them, went to users of our tires.

Note What Our Price Includes

Rival makers must in some way meet the Goodyear price. But please consider what our price includes.

A tire that never rim-cuts.

A tire built to save blow-outs, in a way so costly that no one else employs it.

A tire built in our patent way to prevent tread separation. And built in every other way for longest mileage, regardless of the cost.

Now No Extra Price

Now these same tires, with all of these features, cost you no extra price. Not a standard tire of any type costs you any less.

And these are the reasons:

Our overhead cost, in days of small output, ran as high as thirty per cent.

It is now less than six per cent. Our multiplied output, in this one way, has cut our tire cost twenty-four per cent.

We have built new factories with modern equipment, with every new invention in labor-saving machinery.

That's Why They Outsell

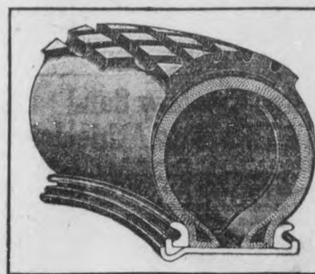
Hundreds of thousands now use these tires. They far outsell any other. Yet the demand from users is now growing faster than ever before in our history.

That's for the reasons told you.

Rim-Cutting alone, with old-type tires, ruins 31.8 per cent — almost one tire in three. Blow-outs and loose treads, which our methods combat, are immensely costly items.

You should get these savings—get them all—when you pay the Goodyear price.

Our dealers are everywhere.



GOODYEAR
AKRON, OHIO
No-Rim-Cut Tires
With or Without Non-Skid Treads

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AKRON, OHIO
This Company has no connection whatever with any other rubber concern which uses the Goodyear name.

Atlanta Branch, 223 Peachtree Street
Phone Bell Ivy 915-916. Atlanta 797

Latest Baseball News and Gossip of All the Leagues

SULLIVAN TELLS WHY A.A.U. PUTS BAN ON WOMEN

Athletic Body Objects to Mixed Competitions in Order to Preserve Dignity of Women.

By James E. Sullivan.
Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U. and "Father of Amateur Athletics."

(Mr. Sullivan submitted the following interesting article to The American just before he sailed for Germany last Tuesday. Mr. Sullivan will attend the first convention of the International Athletic Federation at Berlin on August 20-21 as the representative of the United States.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Should women be allowed by the Amateur Athletic Union in open competition against men? is a question attracting a lot of attention in the world of sport at present. From the woman's side of the question the opinion is voiced that to be in keeping with the great strides of women's emancipation the women should be allowed to compete on the same footing as men, especially in aquatic sports and other competitions.

Unfortunately, perhaps, for the feelings of the gay and thoughtless, the A. A. U. looks at the matter from an entirely different angle, and it is as well that the public should know right now that the A. A. U. national body will never permit mixed competitions between men and women in any of the sports it happens to govern.

I may say that this is no mere personal statement. It is the unanimous policy of the national body. I have frequently been criticised on account of my alleged opposition to mixed competition in swimming races, and am sorry to have aroused the ire of the progressive element among the women and the suffragists.

I happen to be secretary-treasurer of the A. A. U., and would remind my critics that the man in such an office is always intrusted with the job of making public the feelings of the governing body; and its domain extends from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific and from Florida to the North Pole.

Against Mixed Competition.

More than once the question of allowing women to register has been discussed, and to the present it has been turned down every time without a dissenting voice. So far as I can see now nothing short of a miracle will ever change the views of the A. A. U. men on the subject of mixed competition.

Of course, a great many will want to know the reason for this stand of the A. A. U. in keeping out the women. There are two reasons. One is to try and preserve the dignity of the American girl and the woman, and the other is to keep amateur sport clear of the demimonde. If we are in the business of developing champion athletes to uphold the American flag in international competition we surely ought to be pardoned for being conservative in shut our women.

While those old-fashioned men of the A. A. U. like to see the American woman healthy, and in the full enjoyment of sports and pastimes suitable to her sex, they do not want to see a feminine race of Amazons devoid of home ties, and the qualities that create the respect and admiration of men.

The A. A. U. is guided by experiences of the past. Years ago when the long distance walking craze struck New York a great number of women were seized with the fad, especially as it was found to be good for their health and complexions. Numbers of women's walking clubs sprung up, and it was a great thing to see bunches of women hiking along the highways at a brisk clip and at all hours.

Bicycle Craze Expires.

The bicycle craze of a few years ago furnished another illustration of the unsavory element in sport, and they spoiled one of the finest recreations of modern times. At first myriads of decent women enjoyed it until the questionable element swarmed over the roads and drives devoted to cycling. Again the decent women were forced to quit, and with them went their companions—husbands, fathers and brothers.

Now suppose that to-morrow the A. A. U. was to throw down the bars and allow women to register, and that they would have liberty to compete in the track and field games, the swimming, the gymnastics and the tumbling. What would be the consequence? For a while there might be nothing but decent girls among the boys in the swimming tanks and the pools, but after a spell the other element would appear.

What a nice position the decent young girls would find themselves in then, and what a tirade of criticism the A. A. U. would bring forth from the clergy, and from the men and women of the uplift! I wonder if those who are so willing to comment unfavorably on the A. A. U.'s rejection of mixed competition ever looked at the probable situation in this light.

Although the A. A. U. does not countenance mixed competition, its governing members are willing to advocate that women and girls engage in swimming races among themselves. If those among the women who are so anxious for speed conditions can form themselves into an association, then the sport can be made even more popular than if the women were allowed into the A. A. U.

GOOD STILL A MEMBER OF CUBS, SAYS JOHNNY EVERS

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Wilbur Good, the Cub outfielder, is still a member of the West Side club. At least Manager Evers said so just before the Cubs started for the East. John was greatly surprised when he saw in local papers that Good had been released to Indianapolis. Evers says that there is no chance of Good leaving the Cubs, as he figures that the pinch hitter is fast developing into one of the best outfielders in the business. The Cub manager further stated that if waivers had been asked on Good it was done without his knowledge. Good accompanied the team to Boston.

Giants Again Must Oppose "$100,000 Infield" in World's Series

Athletics' Inner Defense Hailed as Greatest in Baseball History



This is the "$100,000 infield" of the Athletics the Giants must again face in the coming world's series—if the local champions repeat their pennant triumph in the National League and the Athletics recapture the American League flag, which is almost a certainty now. From left to right: Baker, third base; Barry, shortstop; McInnis, first base. Below, Eddie Collins, second base.

Fans Await World-Series Clash

Former Rivals May Meet Again

By Monty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—In view of the fact that the Giants and Athletics are conceded almost universally now as certain to meet in the next world's series, fans are beginning to turn their attention to the question of how the two teams compare with each other. Though nearly two months remain before the clash for the world's championship gets under way, it is the main subject in the minds of the real followers of the game, now that the pennant races have ceased to absorb more than a superficial amount of interest.

The series this year has an extra element of attraction in that old rivals are meeting again, aggregations that met only two years ago. Enough of the 1911 players still remain to make the tilt practically a renewal of the same duel.

* * *

THE majority of baseball men in the country seem to think that the Athletics are the strongest team in the game. There is one sound way of reasoning this out. At the end of last season the Quakers were playing a much better grade of ball than the Red Sox, who won the pennant and whose performance was good enough to beat the Giants. This would prove almost a final argument if the present Giants and present Athletics were identical with the Giants and Athletics of last fall, but they, of course, are not.

The main basis for the superior appraisal of the Philadelphians by the fans, however, is simply that they seem a stronger team, one with greater ability, without bothering to delve into the dope for any more specific reasons. This system, though, is like betting on a race horse because of a "hunch." It is going in blindly. Baseball is a game of such distinct departments of play that they all must be considered separately with one phase of this team compared to the opposite department of the other. For instance, the estimate of the Athletics' batting in the series must be formed at the same time that the Giants' pitching is considered, and vice versa.

* * *

IF such things as base running and fielding were eliminated, the problem would be, "Will the Giants hit the Athletic pitchers harder and more timely than the Athletics hit the Giant pitchers?" Many seem to believe they will not, but this remains to be seen. Both aggregations possess tremendous batting power, with all hands in shape, and both have pitching staffs that can not be called other than great.

In the matter of one team's batting opposed to the other's pitching, a reminiscent light is thrown toward that old foolish puzzle of an irresistible body meeting an immovable one. Nobody can predict with any degree of confidence whether these games will produce the highest scoring on record for a world's series or the lowest. A complete triumph for batting would result in the former and the same for pitching would bring the latter. Or—which is more likely—it may produce about an even break with scores of average size.

* * *

JUST now an attempt might be made to decide the way this unique combat of departments will turn out, but it would be the old blind guess again to a large extent, for many changes may occur in the outlook between now and October. For instance, Jack Coombs may show himself to be back in form and the same old Quaker artist of the mound, or it may turn out that his sickness and consequent long lay-off have impaired his efficiency badly. Mathewson may be lost to the Giants through injury. Home Run Frank Baker may sprain his ankle and Larry Doyle may or may not recover his batting eye. Any one of these things could have a telling effect. Therefore, it is wise to lay low and wait until October before making any bold predictions.

Red Sox May Send Yerkes to Athletics

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Steve Yerkes, who for the last few years has been the star second baseman of the world's champion Boston Red Sox, will probably wear an Athletic uniform in the near future, as waivers have been asked on him.

Connie Mack refused to waive claim on the former brilliant second baseman, and the chances are that he will be sent to Philadelphia in the near future.

Yerkes first learned to play baseball on the lots at Millville, N. J., and reached the height of his baseball career in the world's series with the New York Giants when he played an important part in the notable victories of the Boston Red Sox.

He proved far superior to Doyle, the Giants' second baseman, in that series, hitting the ball hard and timely and fielding in sensational style.

WOLVERINES PICK LUNDGREN.

ANN ARBOR, MICH., Aug. 16.—Carl L. Lundgren, former twirler on the Chicago team and once a University of Illinois star, has been chosen as coach of the Michigan baseball team to succeed Branch Rickey, who recently resigned. Lundgren pitched four years at Illinois and then joined the Chicago club in 1902, where he remained seven years, being a member of two world's championship nines.

20,000 Boy Athletes In Playground Meet

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The most elaborate playground field day ever held in New York city will take place at Empire City Park, Yonkers, N. Y., on August 20. The meet is made possible by the courtesy of the officials of the Greater New York Fair and Exposition and the sanction of the A. A. U., and will be under the direction of the Bureau of Recreation, Department of Parks.

Twenty thousand boys are now in training for the fifteen events to be contested at their first interpark-playground athletic championship of Greater New York.

This invitation meet is the greatest incentive offered the boys to join the athletic clubs at the park playgrounds. No expense of any kind will be incurred; even transportation will be afforded the boys.

SOUTHERN BOY IS AFTER MATCH WITH KILBANE

CLEVELAND, Aug. 16.—George Chaney, featherweight champion of the South, may yet have a fling at Johnny Kilbane. Chaney claims 100 victories. He has beaten Al Delmont, George Kirkwood and Ty Cobb and has stopped Phil McGovern.

When one stops to consider, there is hardly a featherweight in the game who could give Kilbane a battle, unless it be Kid Julian. But there are a few comers, among them Matty McCue, of Racine, whose loss to Patsy Branningan will not put him out of his stride.

Tommy Leach in Same Class as Wagner, Lajoie and Mathewson

A good bit has been spoken and written about the wonderful way Wagner, Lajoie and others are hanging on, despite their duration of service. But in this respect we know of no one who can push through and edge by Tommy Leach. Tommy has been reported all in for several seasons, and yet to-day he is still playing fine ball in every department with his old speed intact. They crowded him away from third, where he ruled for over twelve years, and now he is starring at another job on a par with almost any in the game. In the salvos of applause that are scattered about, Leach deserves enough to rock the stands.

MORAN GETS BOUT WITH PALZER IN NEW YORK RING

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—That Jimmy Johnston, the new manager of the St. Nicholas A. C., only intends to provide top notch cards for his patrons is inferred by the matches he has already arranged. Johnston realizes that it is only from the high class bouts he can hope to make any money, and he only intends to run shows when he has such to offer.

The bouts already arranged by Johnston for the near future look to be about the best obtainable. On September 10 Jack Britton, the unusually clever Chicagoan, will hook up with Young Shugrue, the aggressive boy from Jersey City. They'll clash at 133 pounds, weigh in at 10 o'clock on the night of the bout.

Another card clinched will bring together Al Palzer, the tenacious Iowan, and Frank Moran, the Pittsburger, who made such a great battle against long odds when he met the late Luther McCarty in this city. Moran and Palzer will clash either on August 20 or 27, the date to be selected later by Dan McKetrick and Tom O'Rourke, the respective managers of the two heavyweights.

Ritchie Open to Harsh Criticism

Willie Ignores Murphy and Ad

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—Every once in a while the thoughtful critic informs us that boxing is in a chaotic condition.

It occurs to the writer that remarks of that character would be particularly apropos just now. As I understand it, chaos reigns when you can not figure out just what is going to happen, and it seems to me that to attempt to peer into the pugilistic future at this juncture would be to invite vertigo, or at any rate headache.

In some of the weight classes there is actual stagnation, while in others confusion reigns. True, Willie Ritchie, who won the lightweight title through a foul, and Arthur Pelky, who became white heavyweight champion through a fatality, are going to risk their laurels in September, but it is doubtful if either of the events referred to rises to the dignity of a championship battle in the eyes of the American sporting public.

Of course, if one argues by the book—and in cases of this kind the record book should be the basis of all discussion—Freddie Welsh has every right to aspire to a crack at the championship. He is England's premier lightweight and he won from Ritchie once before.

Murphy Entitled to Chance.

But Freddie has been a long time in the lists and in this country there are other lads who are thought to have a better claim to the consideration. Tommy Murphy, the Harlem spitfire, for instance, is looked upon as Ritchie's logical opponent, and the coast sports fondly hoped to see Ritchie and Murphy signed for a clash on Labor Day.

On the plea that better inducements were forthcoming, Ritchie has decided to take his dolls to Vancouver, B. C., on September 1 and tackle Welsh in a 20-round contest.

In the consciousness that he is doing exactly what is sportsmanlike and fair, Ritchie seems to defy criticism. But, like all champions before him, he has enemies and detractors. He is sure to be dealt harshly with by these, and unless I miss my guess his motives also will be questioned by numbers of fight fans who view these matters dispassionately.

Willie Also Ignores Ad.

Coming right at this time, some of these things told by Billy Nolan after he ceased to manage Ritchie will carry weight. Nolan said that before Ritchie returned to the ring he planned to meet just three men, to-wit: Rivers, Freddie Welsh and Leach Cross. Ritchie by his actions is bearing out Nolan's words, but public opinion can whip any champion into line, and Ritchie will have a hard time trying to withstand the lances of criticism that will be leveled at him if he refuses to recognize the claims of Tommy Murphy and Ad Wolgast later along.

Of course, if Ritchie is defeated by Freddie Welsh, he would be allowed to go on his way in peace, but somehow the far Western sports appear to think that a contingency of that kind is not on the cards.

Pelky vs. Miller.

Late in September Arthur Pelky and Big Charlie Miller are to box in Los Angeles. As Pelky under existing heavyweight conditions has the best right to call himself white heavyweight champion, the match will of necessity be for the championship. But why could not Pelky be signed with some hope who is better known to fame.

If there is such a thing as pugilistic code, Miller is the last man in the world who should have been selected as a champion candidate. At the same time, if Arthur has picked Miller in the belief that a man with such a meager record must necessarily be easy, he will find himself mistaken. Miller is a man of much displacement and he is as strong as an elephant and can sop up punishment as a sponge absorbs water.

And if Miller should win—well, chaos would not begin to describe the situation.

In the smaller classes of pugilism there is a marked degree of inaction.

Whenever any violent action talk is indulged in in Bantam Champion Johny Coulon's presence, the news goes out that Johny is the next thing to a confirmed invalid and that his doctor has warned him to avoid anything calculated to excite him.

It would seem that the only way to keep Johny Coulon in good humor would be to crown him perpetual king of the knights and make it a felony to challenge him. It may be that this is of course sarcasm, but in view of the many times Johnny's small ailments have prevented him defending his title, I think it warranted.

No Welters in Sight.

Welterweights there appear to be none. Mike Gibbons and Jimmy Clabby, who could fill welter requirements, are eager to be known as middleweights.

For some time the middleweight division has been all head and points, but now that there has been an infusion of new blood, the spirit of rivalry and competition may be revived.

Maybe Frank Klaus will stay away from Paris long enough to take a hand in clearing up the championship question, provided he can make the weight.

Let us hope that in some of the classes events will so shape themselves that here will soon be a deciding match in prospect—one that will have the earmarks of a genuine world's championship and appeal to the sports generally as such.

NEW WHITE HOPE SOUGHT AMONG BRITISH HEAVIES

Failure of Wells Has Brought About a Change, and Dick Smith Is New Entrant.

By T. S. Andrews.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—Since the defeat of Bombardier Wells, the heavyweight champion of Great Britain, by Gunboat Smith in New York, the Britishers have been casting about for another "white hope," one who will be able to "stand the gaff" and weather the storm when it comes to body punishment; and from information at hand they have unearthed another "hope" in the person of Dick Smith, the amateur champion of England.

Dick has decided to throw in his lot with the professionals. Born 27 years ago, Smith possesses all the necessary qualifications for a "white hope," and may go further than some of the blasted hopes. He stands 6 feet 1 1-2 inches, weighs about 190 pounds, and has a very satisfactory record. Of his 49 contests he has won 45, lost 3 and drawn 1.

Formerly a soldier, he followed Bombardier Wells as champion of India. As an amateur boxer he has done remarkably well, having won the championship of Great Britain in 1911-12-13, while a member of the London police force.

Will Not Tackle Wells First.

He probably will not take on Bombardier Wells and Georges Carpentier for his intial efforts as a professional, but one of the lesser lights. Professional and amateur boxing are vastly different things on the other side of the Atlantic, as many amateurs have found on taking the plunge into the professional waters.

The referees view things from an entirely different standpoint, and a 20-round contest with three-minute rounds under professional rules takes a bit of negotiating. Under amateur laws boxing contests are not allowed of longer duration than six rounds of two minutes each, but for the championships and most interclub competitions, the bouts are limited to three rounds.

Amateur Referees Strict.

Amateur referees are very strict in upholding the rules of the game, and some of their antics would not be tolerated by professionals for one minute. Clinching is barred and a boxer is liable to be disqualified for a second offense after having been once cautioned. Then, again, amateurs are forbidden to receive any advice during the progress of a bout, and any instructions that the second may have for his boy has to wait until the round ends. Under amateur rules boxing is kept very clean, which is more than can be said for professions.

Therefore the entry of Dick Smith (namesake of Gunboat) will be watched with interest, even by followers on this side of the big pond.

JOHNSON HELPS SICK YOUTH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—A baseball and an autograph letter from Walter Johnson, Washington's premier pitcher, did more than medicine could do to bring about the rapid convalescence of Warren A. Slee, a youthful admirer of the big ball tosser. Johnson, whose numerous admirers include scores of youthful fans who idolize the pitcher, heard of the serious illness of the boy and wrote to him, sending a baseball he had used in pitching the Washington team to victory. The boy's recovery since receiving the letter has progressed rapidly.

RED SOX GET OUTFIELDER.

BOSTON, MASS., Aug. 16.—The Boston American League team announced yesterday the purchase of Outfielder Walsh from the Worcester team of the New England League.

WAR DECLARED BY P. A. A. OVER 1915 FAIR PLUM

James E. Sullivan's Reported Action in Naming T. S. Mulvey as Aide Causes Strife.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 11. There is a flurry among the officials of the Pacific Athletic Association and in amateur athletic circles generally over the allegation that James E. Sullivan, director general of the amateur games to be held here during the Panama-Pacific Exposition, has appointed Thomas S. Mulvey, the well-known San Francisco clubman, his principal aide in connection with the handling of the exposition sports.

A few days ago Mulvey received a telegram from Sullivan, who was then on the point of departure to Berlin to attend a conference of the Olympiad committee.

In his telegram Sullivan said he would be back in New York early in September, and that it would be necessary for Mulvey to come to New York at that time to aid in interesting the athletic fraternities there in the games to be held in this city in 1915.

Elliott Issues Statement.

While the telegram intimated that Mulvey was appointed the head of the San Francisco committee on games, no reference was made to any other appointments of local men in the same connection.

The Pacific Association of the Amateur Athletic Association took umbrage at this indication of Mulvey's appointment, and John Elliott, president of the association, issued a statement yesterday in which he said that the selection of Mulvey to the post did not meet with the sanction of the association.

Elliott pointed out that the Pacific Association had given valuable assistance to the exposition officials in securing sanctions for American championships to be held here in 1915. He declared that Mulvey had no knowledge of or affiliation with amateur sports, and intimated that Mulvey's appointment would cause the association to refrain from using its endeavors toward making the 1915 games the success they should be.

Mulvey Has No News.

While Elliott did not say so, it is evident that he and his associates expected Sullivan to depend upon the local athletic body for whatever assistance he required.

The Panama Exposition officials stated emphatically that no appointment such as the Pacific Association complained of had been made, nor had any such appointment been authorized by the exposition directorate, which, of course, is the last word in all matters of this kind.

Under these circumstances it is believed that the Pacific Association will take no precipitate action until a clearer understanding is had as to just what honor Sullivan intended to confer upon Mulvey. As Sullivan is on the high seas, it would be some little time before he could be heard from.

Mulvey said yesterday that he had no news regarding his appointment other than was conveyed in the Sullivan telegram. He said he intended going East, but will wait to hear further before making the trip.

M'FARLAND IS GETTING READY FOR BUSY CAMPAIGN

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Packey McFarland is getting himself ready for the ring again. While no matches have been closed as yet by Manager Thiry, the latter is negotiating with Milwaukee, Kenosha and several Eastern clubs. Once Packey is back in action his matches will come fast, his style and rep being favored all over. Jimmy Coffroth would like McFarland out West with Tommy Murphy.



Low round trip fares North and West

Commencing June 1st and daily thereafter round trip tickets over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will be sold at greatly reduced fares to all the principal lake, mountain and sea shore resorts and to many of the larger cities in the North and West. These tickets will be good returning until October 31st, and bear liberal stop-over privileges. Round trip fares from Atlanta are'

Cincinnati	$19.50	Mammoth Cave	$17.40
Charlevoix	38.08	Marquette	45.70
Chautauqua Lake Pts.	34.30	Milwaukee	31.75
Chicago	30.00	Minneapolis	43.20
Colorado Springs	47.40	Niagara Falls	35.85
Denver	47.40	Petoskey	38.08
Detroit	29.00	Put In Bay	28.00
French Lick Springs	21.70	Salt Lake City	60.40
Indianapolis	22.80	St. Louis	25.60
Louisville	18.00	Toronto	38.20
Mackinac Island	39.50	Yellowstone Park	67.60

These are but a few of the points. There are a great many others and we will be pleased to give full information upon application. Proportionately low fares from other points in Georgia.

L&N

Let Us Arrange Your Vacation Trip
CITY TICKET OFFICE
4 Peachtree St. PHONES { Atlanta 178 / Bell - 1088 } ATLANTA

MONEY

LOANED TO SALARIED MEN AT LAWFUL RATES
ON PROMISSORY NOTES
Without Endorsement
Without Collateral Security
Without Real Estate Security
NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO.
1211-12 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

Latest Stories From Tennis Courts and Golf Courses

HOME RUN GAVE H. WAGNER REAL START IN GAME

Big Dutchman Has the Most Interesting Career of All the Baseball Stars.

HANS WAGNER, the hero of all baseball heroes, has had an interesting career. Wagner, the big German, was born in what is now Carnegie, Pa., on February 27, 1874. His father, who is still living, was a coal miner in those days, and he decided that John P. should help him in his work. So Honus was packed off to the mines to help dad every day. Hans was not lazy, but he didn't like the black darkness of the earth's interior, and many a warning he received for playing hookey from the bituminous section and scampering off for a game of baseball with other kids of the neighborhood.

A correspondent recently approached the big fellow and asked him to tell how he came to break into baseball. Honus pondered a moment, and then spun the following yarn about his [illegible] experience:

* * *

"I BROKE into baseball by posing as my brother Al. We were playing ball around home. Al received an offer from Canton, Ohio, before he was offered a place with the Mansfield, Ohio, club, in the same league. The day he got the second offer he turned to me and told me to go to Mansfield. I got there early in the afternoon, and a man named Taylor recognized me. He had seen me play. The club was hard put for a third baseman, however, and Taylor decided to take a chance with me.

"It so happened that Mansfield played Canton that day. My brother was in the line-up of the Canton team, and the pitcher, 'Toots' Barret, was also from Carnegie, or Mansfield, as it was called in those days. They regarded me as pretty much of a kid, and when Canton got away to a good lead early in the game Barret let up in his pitching when I went to bat. He want to see me make good and figured that a couple of hits more or less would not affect his rating any. I made a couple of hits in this way, and then came the ninth inning. Never will I forget it. Mansfield was three runs to the bad when we went to bat. They needed four to win. We filled the bases and it was my turn to bat.

* * *

"TAYLOR was not wise to the fact that Barrett had been easing up when I had been at bat before and made a couple of hits, or he might have sent in a pinch hitter. He let me stick. With the bases full, Barrett meant to strike me out. It was too ticklish a time for monkey business. He shoved across a fast one and I knocked it over the fence for a home run and won the game. It was just a case of the luck of things. That's always the way. If the pitcher is lucky he gets you. If you're lucky you get him."

Wagner then explained that he went to Adrian, Mich., where the club was owned by a son of the Taylor who ran the Mansfield (Ohio) club. He went there as infielder and captain. Honus got homesick after a few months and quit the club, going to Warren in the Iron and Oil League. Toward the close of the season he joined the Steubenville club of the Interstate League. That was in 1895.

* * *

"I WENT there as a sort of all-around player," said Wagner. "I pitched for a while. I was so wild that I used to walk half the batters and strike out the other half. I had terrific speed and it was hard to get a catcher who could hold me. They borrowed Pete Lavelle from the Pittsburg Nationals to catch me in a couple of games, thinking it would steady me. As a pitcher I was a failure. However, while in the games as a twirler I banged a couple of hits over the fence, and they made me an outfielder, putting me in the middle garden.

"The following spring the Pittsburg club signed me, and W. W. Kerr, who then owned the Pirates, wanted to farm me out to Kansas City, but I insisted that it was too far from home, so he sent me to Paterson, N. J., in the Atlantic League. I played with Paterson all of that year and until June 29, 1897, when the Louisville club, then owned by Barney Dreyfuss, my present employer, bought my release. The Colonels were managed by Fred Clarke, and the secretary of the club was the late Harry C. Pulliam, later secretary of the Pirates, and still later president of the National League. Harry was one of the best friends I ever had."

NAPS ARE AFTER THREE PLAYERS FROM MUD HENS

TOLEDO, OHIO, Aug. 16.—Vice President Barnard, of the Naps, came to Toledo yesterday to look over possible purchases for the Naps. It is thought that Pitcher Lefty James, Shortstop Brady and First Baseman Bluhm may be sold to the Cleveland club.

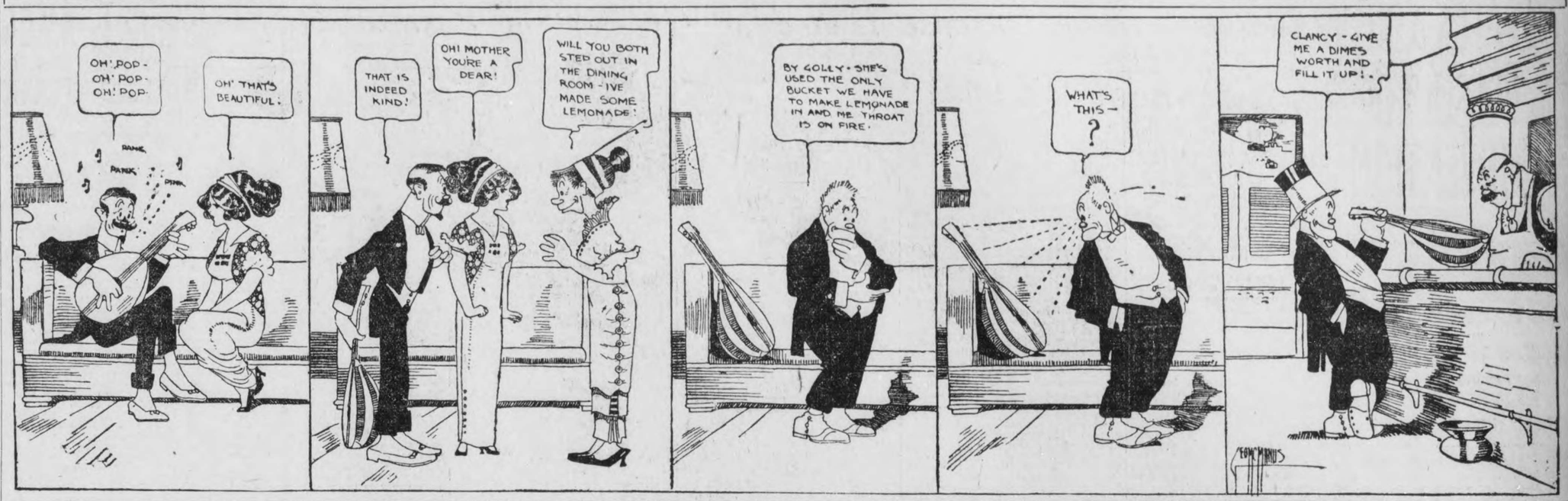
James may be the only player to report to the Naps before the A. A. season closes. In return for him the Hens expect a good southpaw from the Naps. Toledo will recall Pitchers Leak and Myers from Charleston, W. Va.; Pitcher Williams and Catcher Brady from Waterbury.

Nash, who has been playing a whirlwind game at short for the latter club, and is hitting at a .360 clip, and on whom Toledo has a string, will quit baseball at the close of the season to go into politics. He is now running for Assemblyman in his home town.

CUBS NOT AFTER DENVER MEN.

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Officials of the Chicago Nationals denied today that the visit of President McGill and Manager Hendricks, of the Denver Western League club, here was made in connection with a deal for players. The Denver men, according to President O'Neill, of the Western League, came to discuss general matters and the annual draft, which takes place this month.

Bringing Up Father — By George McManus



PUNCH COUNTS IN THE VARIOUS LINES OF SPORT

McLoughlin Possesses Punch in Tennis; So Have American Poloists and Boxers.

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—A magazine man of my acquaintance told me that one of his short stories was returned to him with the criticism that it lacked "the punch."

This goes to show that "the punch" counts in fiction as well as in real life.

An Englishman wrote to one of the London papers the other day, complaining that Maurice E. McLoughlin had introduced the punch into lawn tennis. The smashing service which McLoughlin has perfected was characterized as a trick, but a legitimate trick at that.

The Englishman referred to said that if methods like McLoughlin's are countenanced "lawn tennis is within measurble distance of death."

It was the plaint of a man who is used to old ideals. He has watched the rhythmic, lobbing game for years, and got it into his blood that that is the only way to play tennis.

But perhaps the outlook is not as gloomy as he pictures it. His countrymen may adopt McLoughlin's trick and try to improve on it.

Even lawn tennis must change in character when the punch comes along.

* * *

ANOTHER Englishman discusses a form of sport into which the punch enters with broader view. He wrote to The Times asking how it is that English boxers are more easily knocked out than American ringmen.

Then he attempts to furnish the explanation. Beginning with the question of physique, he satisfies himself that while Americans are slightly sturdier than latter-day Britons, the answer is not found in that. He believes that it all rests in what he considers a false conception of the manner in which pugilists should be schooled.

English lads, he says, are required to conform to old standards of boxing. It would be quite different, he thinks, if academic notions were sacrificed to personal initiative, for, while learning to roar on the "one, two, three" principle, a British student loses his punch and never recovers it.

* * *

In America, he says, it is different. It is by setting in his own particular fashion with various kinds of opponents, rather than by following the rules laid down in some pugilistic primer, that a young American develops an effective individual style; that with those who learn boxing naturally—that is from experience—the acquisition of the punch is not only the first consideration, but a matter that takes care of itself as the student's knowledge widens.

This Englishman, it is noticed, does not take the stand that because English pugilists are deficient in smiting force boxing "is within measurable distance of death."

He says frankly that English methods are wrong and intimates that there would be wisdom in taking a leaf out of America's book.

* * *

THE punch was in evidence again when the American polo players took the Britishers by storm at Meadowbrook recently. The judgment of the expert was that the visiting Britishers comprised the flower of the polo world. They brought their own ponies with them, and their seeming superiority influenced the betting market to the extent that they were made odds-on favorites.

From all accounts the Americans went at them like Japanese at a Russian fort. The visitors were just loaded to the Plimsoll mark with knowledge of "how to play polo," but the punch upset them. All the King's horses and all the King's men could not withstand the onslaught of the Americans and the cup remained on this side.

Maiden Turned in Great Card Didn't Make a Single "Five"

By Tich Tichenor.

WHEN H. H. Barker did a 69 over the course of the Atlanta Athletic Club in the open tournament held in December, 1910, it was the opinion of all of the professionals who were present that he had set a record which would stand for some years. In this opinion they have thus far been correct. Yet on two different occasions Stewart Maiden, the local professional, has had a chance to break it if he could have holed out in one put on the eighteenth green, while at another time he reached the last green on his sixty-sixth shot. He tried to hole the put for a 67 and ran past the hole and then missed a comparatively easy one for the record.

In one of his rounds which tied the record Maiden performed the feat which might be equaled but which can not be excelled when he went around without a five upon his card. If you are familiar with the East Lake course the more you think of this performance the more wonderful it becomes.

On the outward journey there are the second, the seventh and eighth holes, which are all par fives, while it is easy enough to take a five at either the fourth or ninth, both of which are bogey five. In coming home there are the twelfth, sixteenth and eighteenth, which are par fives, while the fifteenth and seventeenth are hard fours. Yet not a five did he have at any of these holes. At every hole he took a four except at the fifth, fourteenth and fifteenth where he secured threes. Just think of it, fifteen fours and three threes and neither of the threes gotten at the first or third holes, where he would be expected to get a three.

I don't know how this score will appeal to others, but the more I play around East Lake and labor to keep out the sixes and sevens, the more remarkable this score becomes. To be perfectly frank, I do not recall but one round I have ever played around this course in which my card did not register at least one six. George Adair has had the same experience, except he has two such rounds to his credit.

* * *

DURING the early part of June Maiden took a trip to his home in Scotland and while on this visit entered the British open championship. In this event there were 270 entries. These were divided into squads of 90 players each, who played a 36-hole medal play qualifying round, and the lowest twenty in each squad qualified for the championship, which was 72 holes of medal play.

Maiden landed on Tuesday and had only one day to learn the course and to become accustomed to the vast difference in the greens from those he has played upon since he has been in Atlanta, as he was drawn among the players who had to play on Thursday. In this qualifying round he failed to get in by two strokes which he says was due entirely to his putting, which was very bad.

* * *

IN writing of this tournament, the British correspondent of The American Golfer says: "For most of the day the weather was very bad, indeed. When play began at 9 o'clock, the wind was very strong and rain was pouring down, while late in the afternoon it was worse. In such circumstances the peculiar difficulties of Hoylake were well brought out, and the foreign visitors had an unenviable task before them. The first of the Americans to go out was Stewart Maiden, of Atlanta, who was partnered with J. Higgins, of Walsall, and this pair was second on the list, striking off at five minutes past 9. Maiden opened with a nice four at the dog-leg hole, with which the round begins, and after dropping a stroke at the second, went along steadily to the sixth, the famous Briars, and the hole which caused more disaster than any other on this course (it was once halved in nine in the final of the amateur championship), and here he took a six.

"However, at the difficult short hole that follows he got a splendid two, but another six was added at the eighth, and he turned in 40. He came home fairly well, but lost a stroke at the short blind Alps, being the eleventh, and two very valuable ones at the home hole, making his round in 82. In his second round in the afternoon he had a bad seven at the third hole, which is a long one and straight, but very narrow in the fairway, with ditches on either side, and another six was added at the Briars, so that by the time he got to the turn he had used up 43 strokes. He came home really fine in 36, almost the only blemish on his card being the five at the eighteenth, and that was very excusable."

His second round was 79.

* * *

HIS scores were as follows:

Out.			
Holes.	Dist.	1st.	2d.
1	420	4	4
2	330	5	4
3	490	5	7
4	155	3	3
5	410	5	5
6	365	6	6
7	200	2	4
8	460	6	5
9	380	4	5
Out	3210	40	43
In.			
Holes.	Dist.	1st.	2d.
10	400	5	4
11	190	4	3
12	355	4	3
13	130	3	3
14	485	5	4
15	440	5	5
16	510	5	5
17	360	5	4
18	40	6	5
In	3270	42	36

Total for 36 holes, 161.

Maiden's 36 for the last nine made in his second round was the best done on this nine holes on the first day of the elimination rounds.

It was on this first day that George Duncan, who was the favorite to win the tournament, was unable to fight against the weather conditions and failed to qualify by four strokes. This was also the round which eliminated Alex Smith, Mike Brady and Alex Campbell, of the American team.

It was a strange coincidence that five of the six American entries should be drawn in the first squad of 90 to fight it out against each other as well as all of the others to get into the tournament.

JAKE STAHL DENIES HE IS TO SUCCEED CALLAHAN

GLOUCESTER, Aug. 16.—The rumor that Jake Stahl was to be given the position as manager of the Chicago White Sox and that Jimmy Callahan, the present head of the team, was to be deposed is entirely without foundation, according to Stahl, who was interviewed at Annisquam yesterday afternoon.

"No," said Stahl, "I have no knowledge of my being picked for the position of manager, and I had not even heard the rumor until you told me just now. Rumors put me out of a job. I guess that is all this talk is, rumor. Those things hurt the club considerably and it keeps the fellows guessing as to the exact truth of the matter. You can say for me that it is a rumor pure and simple and one without the least foundation."

When asked if he would accept the position if it were offered him, Stahl declined to answer.

BOSTON BUYS NEW PLAYER.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—President McAleer, of the Boston American League club, announced to-day that he has purchased First Baseman Mundy from the Portsmouth club of the Virginia State League.

GOV. TENER FINDS JOB FOR A BASEBALL MATE

HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Governor John K. Tener has given a substantial reward to a comrade of his old baseball days, when he appointed George Wood, once a member of the Philadelphia National League team, and a mighty outfielder and hitter, to a good State position. Governor Tener and Wood have been friends ever since their ball-playing days.

About two years ago the Governor found Wood serving as a ticket taker at the American League park in Philadelphia and told him he would try and find him a better job.

Soon afterward Wood was made messenger in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Later he was promoted to a clerkship in the same office. Now he is marshal of the new Public Service Commission, with a salary of $2,000 a year.

W.-I. DROPS TWO UMPIRES.

GREEN BAY, WIS., Aug. 16.—President Weeks, of the Wisconsin-Illinois League, announced yesterday he had dropped Umpires Roth and McFarlane. George Hogreiver was given a regular place on the staff.

ATHLETES ARE IMPROVING IN BRITISH ISLES

European Track and Field Stars Gradually Approaching Americans; 17,000 Saw Games.

THE fact that the United States and English track and field championships were held upon the same day makes a comparison of the work of the native athletes and their visiting competitors of more than usual interest. England's A. A. A. games were held on the famous oval at Stamford Bridge, London, while the United States championships were being contested at Chicago.

Some 17,000 spectators watched the English and Swedish athletes battle for honors in a drizzle, while about half that number sweltered in a temperature close to 100, while American titles were won on a track and in a field which failed to elicit any praise from the competitors. Although conditions as reported from both athletic fields were against record-breaking performances, a remarkable improvement was shown in the general all-round work of the English and Swedish athletes, indicating that the lessons learned in the recent Olympic games have not been forgotten.

* * *

THE English program consisted of fourteen events, of which English athletes won nine and Sweden's representatives five. Four A. A. A. records were established, two by the Swedes and two by English contenders. The United States schedule contained eighteen contests, in which two new "games" records were made, one by an American-born and another by an Irish athlete.

A comparison of the programs of the two meets shows that eleven similar events appeared on both, and with these as a basis a comparing of records proves that times of distances were better at Stamford Bridge in six of the eleven competitions. To what extent local conditions affected these figures there is no way of knowing. The comparison is made simply to show that the oft-repeated statements that European athletics are gradually approaching American standards are not based on idle observation.

* * *

BEGINNING with the 100, 200 and 440-yard runs, England showed a winner in the first two events in the person of W. R. Applegarth, who won in 10 and 21 2-3 seconds, respectively, against Sprinter Drew's times of 10 2-5 and 22 4-5 seconds at Chicago. Haff, the Chicago A. A. and Michigan flyer, won the 440 yards in 51 1-5, while G. Nichol did 49 2-5 at London.

In both the mile and one-half mile runs the United States figures were better. Baker, the New York A. C. runner, captured the 880 in 2 minutes and 1-5 second. E. Wide, of Sweden, winner in England, was two-fifths of a second slower. Norman Tabor won the mile at Chicago in 4:20 2-5, while Zander, of the Swedish team, required 4:25 4-5 to take the English title. In the running broad jump Abrahams cleared 22 feet 6 inches at the A. A. A. games, while Stiles, the winner at Chicago, did 22 feet 3-4 inch.

* * *

THE running high jump showed that Richards, the Olympic champion, had but three-eighths of an inch advantage over Baker, England's champion, who jumped 6 feet 1 inch. Nilsson, the Swedish shotputter, pushed the weight out 47 feet 4 1-4 inches, against American Champion Whitney's 46 feet 2 5-6 inches. In the pole vault and hammer throw the American figures were far superior to those made at Stamford Bridge.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
Relieved in 24 Hours
Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
Beware of counterfeits

MANAGER OUT FOR SEASON.

CHAMPAIGN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Fred Wilson, manager of the Champaign baseball team, is out of the game for the rest of the season with a broken shoulder blade, received while sliding to base. Charles Fleming has succeeded him.

KEWANEE SIGNS CALHOUN.

KEWANEE, ILL., Aug. 16.—Outfielder Calhoun, of Danville, was signed yesterday by the Kewanee Central Association team.

NEW HURLER FOR GRIFFITH.

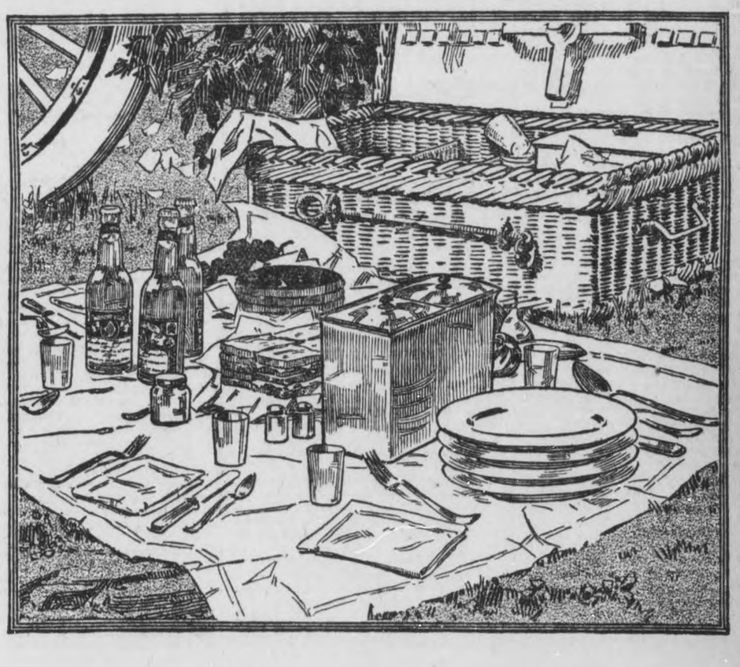
HELENA, MONT., Aug. 16.—Manager Flannery, of the Helena baseball club, announced yesterday the sale of Pitcher M. Williams to the Washington Americans. The price stated was $3,000.

DETROIT BUYS TWO PLAYERS.

FORT WAYNE, IND., Aug. 16.—Infielder Fadrique and Outfielder Tuetweiler, of the Fort Wayne club, have been sold to the Detroit Americans and will finish the season with Providence.

GOTCH BUYS 920 ACRES.

CROOKSTON, MINN., Aug. 16.—Frank A. Gotch, of Humboldt, Iowa, the champion wrestler, closed a deal yesterday which makes him the owner of 920 acres of land in Polk County, south of Crookston. He secured some very fine land, and it is understood that he will at once begin the development of a model farm and spend a portion of his time here. Gotch intends starting a thoroughbred herd and raising prize-winning stock.



THE *cool* lunch for *hot days.*
Serve it in the country. Take the motor car, the family, a friend or two, some sandwiches—and

Budweiser

7,500 Employes to Make It

The Anheuser-Busch main plant and branches give employment to 7,500 people.

The main plant covers 142 acres, equal to 70 city blocks. There are 110 separate buildings, a city in themselves.

Hundreds of visitors every day go through with guides to inspect this immaculate institution.

One cannot see it without the conviction that quality is an Anheuser-Busch rule.

Anheuser-Busch, St. Louis

The Largest Plant of Its Kind in the World



Some of the Principal Buildings

JAS. F. LYNCH
Distributor ATLANTA, GA.

(5)

WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

ATLANTA HAS NEW FRIENDS AS RESULT OF CONVENTION

Many Attracted to City Who Never Came Before, but Who Now Will Make Semi-Annual Trips and Become Regular Customers.

Attendance Surpasses All Expectations, as Does the Volume of Business Transacted as Direct Result of the Fine Gathering.

The Southern Merchants' Convention is over.

With a theater party at the Forsyth Monday night, a barbecue Wednesday, and the Atlanta-Chattanooga ball game Friday, the visiting delegates enjoyed the second week of their stay, and the Atlanta merchants who pushed the convention to success believe they have made enduring friends of their guests, friends who will come again in February and every half year after that.

The purpose of the convention was twofold. First, the retail dealers from all over the South were given an opportunity to meet and discuss the problems which confront them in the everyday conduct of their business. Second, every effort was made to emphasize Atlanta's advantages as a buying center for all the South.

Both Objects Achieved.

Both these objects were achieved. The speeches during the first week of the convention threw valuable help in the way of those who found perplexities in buying, selling, management of stores, credits, or any of the multitudinous things which go to make up a merchant's work.

It is a good thing that the proceedings are to be published. All of the speeches are well worthy of preservation for future reference. Some of the speakers gave plain talks, just the simple, practical expression of what they had learned through years of experience.

Others spoke with scholarly finish—their speeches really were erudite, of studied completeness and finish. Still others were inspirational—they pointed out the intellectual and spiritual significance of the merchant's work. They made him feel that his is a noble calling, that the great prizes of the world are for the business man.

New Friends Made.

From the other point of view, the results attained were no less notable. Hundreds of buyers came to Atlanta who never had been here before, and who would not have come this time had it not been for the convention.

To them the completeness, the cheapness, the quality and the diversity of things sold by Atlanta manufacturers and jobbers must have been a revelation—indeed, they so expressed themselves.

Some of them bought big bills. Every large jobbing house reports a splendid fall trade. The crop prospects are such as to make everyone optimistic. There will be a good demand for merchandise in the fall, and the buyers prepared to meet it.

There were others who did not buy so much. They are just as welcome, for the Atlantans feels that their goods, their prices and their service are right, and that every customer who buys here once will come again.

New Associations.

A noteworthy result of the meeting was the organization of a permanent body—the Southern States Merchants' Association, headed by J. W. Vaughn, of Cartersville, Ga.

This, it is hoped, will bring very tangible benefits to the retailers of the South in general. It may prove to be the parent of scores of local organizations, which can do worlds of good in watching credits, preventing price-slashing and equalizing freight rates.

Notions Novelties in Demand From Buyers

Americans Tire Quickly of Any One Style, as Compared to Stability in Europe.

Buyers are very anxious for novelties this season, and it is constantly shown how quickly Americans tire of a given style. In England, France and Germany certain classes of merchandise move about the same year after year, but here we get new things continually. This has its advantages, however, because it stimulates business and there are new interests arising all the time.

Fall business in fancy goods and notions has opened well.

Styles this season are radically new, and leather hand bags with deep pockets and vanity accessories, as well as the beaded varieties in high colors, are especially strong. Tasmania shell hair ornaments are a new item. These goods are the nearest approach to genuine tortoise shell ever produced, and the line comprises braid pins, barettes, and ~~comb~~ combs.

Opera length bead necklaces in jet, pearl, amethyst, galalith, white amber and real and imitation pearl are excellent sellers among the newer jewelry features.

Cuff pins, bar pins and hat pins, set with diamond chips, also move readily. Beaded tunics, in the staple gold and silver and high colors, are also strong, and are attractively priced.

Metal vanity cases are produced more reasonably this season, chased effects being shown in gold, oxidized silver or nickel, which are in exact imitation of the very expensive goods.

Parisian ivory goods have been enlarged and the line shown extends from the simple vanity case, retailing at 25 cents, to the more pretentious toilet ~~fitting~~ fitting at $25.

'L. & N.' Not Much Worried Over the Senatorial Probe

Busy Developing Its Own Lines, Has No Time To Buy New Holdings.

Interests familiar with affairs of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company are not apprehensive over the outcome of whatever action may be taken in connection with the resolution introduced in the Senate by Senator Lea. This resolution calls for investigation and report by the Interstate Commerce Commission of the ownership and control of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway Company and other subsidiary companies of the first mentioned road, "and the practices and methods of the Louisville and Nashville in attempting to preserve a monopoly in its territory."

It is not thought that there will be immediate legal action in the matter, as any investigation that may be made by the commission would necessarily consume a considerable amount of time, and it is considered more or less doubtful in the minds of some that sufficient evidence will be obtained to warrant the institution of a suit by the Government calling for the divorce of the lines involved.

It is known that the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis has lines running in territory which may be considered competitive with the Louisville and Nashville. But whether it can be established that any collusion exists or has existed between the two roads to abolish competition is quite another question. So far as te Tennessee Central Railroad's purchase by the Louisville and Nashville is concerned, it is understood that such a development has not been considered by the management of the last mentioned property.

The Louisville and Nashville, it is pointed out, is kept busy developing and improving its own road in order to care more expeditiously for the large traffic that is being offered, and is not in the market for other lines. It owns about 75 per cent of the stock of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, which virtually gives it control of that system. No doubt the management of the Louisville and Nashville will fight a suit, should it be instituted by the Government, to the bitter end.

At the present time the company is spending large amounts of money in double-tracking its main liens from a point about 10 miles above Nashville to Birmingham, Ala., a distance of over 300 miles. When this important work is completed the road will be in a position to handle its business in that territory much more effectively than at present. The double-track work is not being done on the old roadbed all the distance, as in many places lines are being straightened, and at Nashville one track is being run around the city to avoid congestion. It is proposed to utilize one of the tracks between Nashville and Birmingham for freight and the other for passengers.

Louisville and Nashville has a very large surplus and it is believed in some circles that before long stockholders will receive another "bonus" in stock. The last one of $12,000,000 was only about half what was expected, and at that time predictions were freely made that within a reasonable length of time something more in this connection might be looked for. Earnings of the company are substantial during the fiscal year ended June 30 last, there having been an estimated balance available for dividends approximately of 11 1-2 or 12 per cent. Last year there was a surplus available for dividends equal to 15.83 per cent on the $60,000,000 capital stock then outstanding.

GARMENT TRADE AWAITS REPORT OF WAGE BOARD

Complicated Mathematics Necessary to Compute Proper Pay for Piece Workers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—It is recognized generally in the dress and waist industry that one of the most important provisions of the protocol signed early this year by the manufacturers and their employees is that which brought the wage scale board into existence.

This board, as designated in the protocol, consists of eight members, four nominated by the manufacturers and four by the union. The duties of the board are to standardize work throughout the industry, and to preserve data and statistics, with a view to establishing a scientific basis for fixing these prices that will insure a minimum wage.

It has power to engage experts in price fixing, to settle all disputes over prices and to make special exemptions for week work where special exigencies arise or where special scales are required.

A kindred provision made necessary an immediate investigation of the rates paid in various parts of the industry, the earnings of the operatives and the classification of garments. This investigation is now being made under the direction of N. I. Stone, formerly chief statistician of the tariff board. Commenting recently on the scope of the work, Mr. Stone said:

36,000 Employed.

"There are now about 36,000 operatives in this industry. To date we have collected two sets of wage records, one for 1912 and one for this year, for 30,000 of them, and we are now tabulating the returns. Averages are useless in work of this kind. There are some workers earning as high as $40 a week, and there are some who make only $4. To say that the average wage in the industry is $22 because of these figures is ridiculous.

When our tabulations are completed, I expect to be able to show the percentage of operatives earning from $4 to $5 a weekly, $5 to $6, and so on. Then we will have a practical basis for working out a satisfactory minimum rate.

"Following the report on weekly wage, the board will begin its labors on piecework rates. This will be extremely difficult work, but by a system of minute dissection of garments that has been worked out, I believe that we eventually will be able to determine just what rate should be fixed for each operation. From that the rates justly due the various operatives can be provided on the cheaper lines, and from that the more complicated rates will be figured.

Test Used Now.

"At the present time piece rates are decided by the employers, and piece price committees selected by the workers in the various shops.

"In case of failure to agree on estimates, an experienced operative, a good worker is selected to make the garment, and the rate is then fixed as provided by the protocol. For instance, if the operative took four hours to make the garment and the factory rate was 30 cents an hour, the manufacturer would then have to allow his employees $1.20 for making the garment.

"This test, however, is not always satisfactory. If the operative takes longer than the employer thinks should be required to make the garment in question, there is apt to be complaints of 'soldiering;' if the operative finishes more quickly than the workers had estimated, she is apt to be accused of siding with the employer. It is this discontent we are working to do away with."

USES U. S. PORTS.

Of wheat exported from Canada last year, 64 per cent went by United States ports.

BUYERS SLOW TO TAKE FANCY COTTON GOODS

Business Actually Placed With Many Houses Confined to Sample Lines—Ratines Lead.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Hesitation marks the course of many buyers of wash fabrics and fine fancy cottons. In many instances restrictions of merchandise managers are restraining them, the desire of financial heads of many houses being to postpone all buying that is not absolutely essential for the conduct of the business.

Numbers of buyers have operated in quantities sufficient to permit them to ask for full lines of sample cards for traveling men, and no more. They have said that if the lines sell well on the road when men go out seeking business for spring from retailers they will duplicate in their usual quantities, but they declare that if business is to be slow on fancies and novelties they are going to see that mills bear the burden of any accumulations.

Style developments have held many men back. The development of the ratine and crepe weaves has been so broad that buyers are afraid to order them fully until they hear more from their own trade.

That a great many of these cloths will be worn goes without saying, if for no other reason than the one that few other fancies have been shown and prepared. As a rule, buyers are less troubled about the style probabilities of the cloths than they are about the danger of a flooding of the trade with the cheap goods.

A cloth that was scarce at $1 a yard at retail a year ago and is now found freely at 8 1-2 cents a yard in various forms at wholesale, is sufficient in itself to make the experienced buyer pause and await for the answer that will come from retailers to road men traveling for the jobbing houses.

Electric Signs Now Made Right at Home

One of the First Products of New Studio Is Largest Display South of New York.

Atlanta now possesses a first-class electric sign studio. Heretofore local merchants have been obliged to purchase their electric signs in other cities and have them shipped here at heavy expense.

Proof that this is no inconsequential studio is the new electric sign at the south end of the Whitehall-Peachtree viaduct—the largest south of New York, and one of the most beautiful anywhere. It was made in Atlanta from start to finish. It uses more than 2,500 lamps, and some of the letters on the sign are more than twelve feet high.

The new studio is the property of the Massengale Bulletin System, and is in the remodeled building which the Atlanta Athletic Club once occupied at 56 Edgewood avenue.

Ten high-salaried experts, men who thoroughly understand how to design and manufacture intricate and artistic electric signs, have been brought here by the Massengale Company to take charge of the new studio. M. O. Trusdell is in charge of the electrical department.

St. Elmo Massengale is president of the company and Gordon B. Massengale is secretary and manager.

E. Frank Munn is assistant manager and general superintendent.

WATERPROOF SHOES OF PAPER.

Waterproof shoes made of paper are covered by a patent recently issued to Morris H. Siegel. The paper is of sufficient toughness to stand at least one wearing. To prevent tearing there are gores at the sides which unfold to admit the foot.

NEW RICE HIGH; MARKET IS BARE OF LAST YEAR'S

Honduras Quoted at 7½ Cents to Jobbers by Big Atlanta Brokerage House.

New rice is being shown by H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers, and the price is "sky high," higher than any of the grocers remember, the figure quoted being 7 1-2 cents for full head Honduras clean. Japan sells for 3 1-2 and 4 cents. These are quotations to wholesalers.

The market is bare of old crop rice of good grades. Those who demand the fancy article have had to deny themselves. The new crop, it seems, is moving slowly, and indications are that the high levels will be maintained for some time, although a break is possible later on. At the present time, even samples are hard to get from New Orleans, which, of course, is the center of the rice trade.

Cheese also is high, considering the season. The usual fall advance is coming very early. Plymouth, Wis., American full cream cheese is quoted, daisy, 15 cents, and twin daisies, 14 3-4 cents.

"White Fish" Coming.

Great Lakes salt herring will begin to come in next month, and this most palatable fish promises to be in unparalleled demand. This is the variety known for years as "white fish," but the real white fish is as scarce as prairie chicken, and by a recent government ruling it is made an offense to brand fresh water herring by this name. The Whitcomb-Burke supply comes from the great fisheries at Green Bay, Wis.

Every week, it seems, some new product appears on the market to make the housewife's work lighter. The woman who so desires could feed her family for months at a time and never do a bit of cooking, with bakers' bread, canned brown bread, coffee which needs only the addition of water, tinned roast beef, lemon pie filling, lemon sugar, onion salad and a multitude of ready-prepared articles.

The latest in this line is prepared doughnut flour. The powder contains flour, eggs, spices and all the other ingredients of doughnuts. All that is necessary is to add water, roll the dough, cut it and fry the doughnuts. Sufficient to make two dozen doughnuts is sold for 15 cents.

New Pack Yams Due.

New pack sweet potatoes are due in a few weeks, with a fair-sized crop of excellent quality in prospect. This is an all-Southern product unknown in the North a few years ago. But the juicy Southern yellow pumpkin yam is so much superior to the kiln-dried, mealy Jersey sweet potato of the North that it is believed a very short time will serve to make the more palatable product supreme in the market.

Every day there's a new condiment. This time it is onion salad, a Boston product with a peculiar tang which makes a hit on first trial. Louisiana, the home of tabasco peppers, is putting out a new tabasco sauce which the Whitcomb-Burke Company is introducing with considerable success.

Sweeping Decision In Soft Drinks Case

Beverage Similar in Color, Taste and Bottle Infringes, Even Though Names Differ Widely.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A decision which is likely to have an important bearing upon the whole question of imitation and substitution in various lines of business has just been rendered by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

The court has ordered an injunction in favor of the manufacturers of a popular beverage and restraining the making of a similar articles from putting out their product in bottles of the same size and shape.

What is generally regarded as the important phase of the court's decree is the apparently broad interpretation given to the law for the protection of manufacturers against imitators. In this particular case the similarity between the two products was confined to their color and taste and the shape of the bottles. The names were wholly dissimilar, the labels were of different colors and had no points of resemblance, either as to typography or general appearance. Also, the caps for sealing the bottles were of different kinds. The court held, however, that differences which do not destroy the general similarity of appearance to the ordinary purchaser are of no consequence and need not be dwelt upon, and that the defendant had not performed his legal duty of distinguishing his product by making differences which leave unimpaired the general resemblance.

TOYS FROM WASTE WOOD.

A toy company in Sheboygan, Wis., has begun to use only the waste wood from other mills. It has even worked out a system of using all small pieces, as well as the larger ones, so that practically nothing is lost but sawdust.

SHOE DEALERS HAVE REASONS FOR DECEPTION

Motives for Using Code in Marking Sizes on Footwear Is Humanitarian, They Say.

Fully 90 adults out of every 100, be they male or female, show a distinct unwillingness to buy shoes that are long enough and wide enough to fit their feet comfortably.

This statement is made on the authority of a retailer who has tried for more than twenty years to suit the buying public and who has succeeded only at the sacrifice of a considerable portion of his stock of truthfulness. This tendency to buy small shoes is characteristic of Americans, according to this merchant.

The position of the retail merchant and salesman is none too desirable as a result of this liking for small feet. Often the customer will want a size that the salesman can see at once will be too short or too narrow. Argument is dangerous, for the customers are frequently more willing to accept cramped toes than a criticism of their knowledge of their own necessities. Most often argumentative salesmanship results in lost sales.

Numerous Codes.

It is for this reason that plain marking of lengths and widths of shoes is more and more avoided by the retailers. Numerous codes have come into existence in the last few years that have completely put the average layman out of the running when it comes to telling the size of the shoes he is having fitted. Wholesalers make no attempt to deny that these codes are used purposely to keep the customer in the dark as to the real size of the shoe, but the retailers are less willing to acknowledge this point.

It can not be denied, however, that code markings save lost sales, time, and money. This is due largely to the fact that there is no general standard last, despite the efforts of several of the leading manufacturers to have one established. A 7C shoe made by one manufacturer often will differ in size from a shoe bearing a similar mark, but coming from another factory. This is not generally known, and a salesman often has difficulty in explaining why a size that at one time gave a comfortable fit gives an uncomfortable pinch at another.

Styles Make Difference.

In shoes made by the same manufacturer it frequently happens that a size which fits well in one style will not fit at all in a second style. This gives another trying time for the salesman when plain markings are used, especially so if the customer be a woman. Customers do not complain a great deal on finding out a clerks' deception if the shoes fit all right, whereas if they knew the real size of the shoe at the time they bought it they would probably go to some other shop.

The wide variety of codes now in existence has caused no small trouble to the manufacturers. In one case twenty-two different markings are required to satisfy the codes of retail dealers. This has led the manufacturers to ask that the retailers order their shoes stamped only in plain sizes and widths, or to adopt one standard system of code marking. This, it is believed, eventually will be done.

One of the most practical codes used is the so-called "Western System." In this code the English width designations, AA, A, B, C, etc., are indicated by figures ranging from zero for AA to 5 for E. The length of the shoe is given plainly as 3, 4 or 5, with zero attached for whole size and 5 attached for half sizes. The whole code contains three figures, and by its use size 3 1-2C would be marked 335. Size 7D would be marked 470, and so on.

NEW ARTIFICIAL SILK IS MADE FROM COTTON

A factory on an eight-acre plot will soon be erected at Kingston, N. Y., for manufacturing artificial silk from cotton by the Greiner-Wilkins process. Proof of the practicability of the new process was that stockings, shirtings, plushes, velvets and neckties could be made from the spun yarn. The demand for artificial silk is considerably greater than the supply, and it is maintained that the cost of its production from cotton is cheaper than where wood was used, and that silk made by the new process is more durable than that made from wood.

SHINGLES FROM TIN CANS.

In Ottawa a machine has been perfected to make shingles out of discarded tin cans. After being rolled straight the can is put through a corrugating machine. Then it is put through a weatherproofing process, and then into a vat containing a substance like tar. The tin, while still wet, is dipped in asbestos, which readily adheres to the tar-like coating. Shingles so made are said to be more flexible and lighter than the wood or corrugated steel articles, and they are produced in various colors.

In Field Where Brains Win, Atlanta Is Leader

Millinery Business Amounts to $2,000,000 Yearly—Buyers Now Are in the City.

In a field which is in many respects the most difficult in the mercantile world—millinery—Atlanta stands supreme in the South, and is one of the prominent centers of the United States.

Millinery involves no question of geography. Transportation charges do not enter into it as they do, for instance, in the flour or coal trade. Millinery involves few problems of prices or narrow cost margins. A hat is worth what it will bring.

The business does require the keenest study—study carried on on two sides of the ocean (there are many Atlanta designers who spend a part of each season in Paris). It requires able generalship, for competition is keen both in the designing and selling fields. More trying than any of these things is the constant shifting of women's whims. These make the business the great thing it is, but also they cause heavy losses when goods bought at high prices suddenly become absolutely unsalable.

Brains, then, alone conquer in this peculiar business. And Atlanta is long on brains.

Brains have built up a business which insiders estimate at $2,000,000 a year in Atlanta. There are six large wholesale houses in Atlanta—E. L. Rhodes Company, Meyer-Regenstein Company, M. Kutz Company, D. Silverman Company, N. Myers Company and N. Bodenheimer & Bro.

The fall season just has opened. It will attract, in two weeks or so, about 1,500 buyers.

They come here to see the advance styles, to buy hats trimmed in these styles, to take notes of the models for later production in Tallapoosa or Hushpuckena, or to copy the models with thorough fidelity for the same purpose.

A little before the semi-annual openings women begin to appear, seeking work as trimmers. Now, here is a strange thing. These women are milliners. Many of them own prosperous little establishments in the smaller towns. Others are managers of millinery departments in department stores.

They work until the opening, learning the new styles and how to trim them—how to make the new bows, for instance.

Then these women change from their role of wage-earners and become merchants. They make their selections, buy their stock for the season and go back to Tallapoosa to remain until a little before the opening of the next season.

The wholesale houses encourage this. It gives them skilled workers when they need such help and it gives them friends in all the millinery shops on whom they must depend for trade.

Mrs. Jones, who works a few weeks a year at Rhodes', learns styles there, and knows Rhodes' stock, is pretty apt to buy all her goods from Rhodes. This is the system, and the wholesalers make of themselves regular employment bureaus, furnishing skilled milliners to any firms which demand them.

Lace Hosiery Latest Novelty in the Trade

Radical Fashions Encourage Demand for These Goods—Only High-Priced Samples Shown.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Some members of the hosiery trade believe there are indications of an increasing demand for lace goods, and that the novelty developments for another season will be along this line. Their opinions are based on the business that already is being done this season in high-priced lace hosiery. Women with the money to satisfy the latest fashion demands are turning to lace hosiery as the surest way to get something different, something that is not worn by the populace at large.

Fashionable summer resorts accordingly have seen this year a large use of lace hosiery. The goods already on the market of this kind are so far, of course, all high priced, $5 a pair being nothing unusual. Such goods are made with a regular silk foot, with genuine lace inserted in a panel form.

Should this latest hosiery style prove to be of the importance now given to it by members of the trade, it is predicted that before long domestic manufacturers in large numbers will be taking it up and turning out goods in quantity to sell at prices that will mean a large distribution.

Past experience, it was pointed out, showed that by simple changes in machinery, lace hosiery, so called, can be turned out so cheaply as to warrant its sale at popular prices. During the last run on lace hosiery, a number of years ago, the production was large because of the cheapness at which goods could be offered.

Prevailing fashions in women's dresses, with the skirt conspicuous, will help materially any established demand for lace effects.

Dress Goods Moving With More Freedom

Spot Lots of Underwear and Hosiery, Lightweight, Being Picked Up Wherever Found.

On some dry goods lines jobbers admit that retailers are rather slow in taking hold, while on other lines sales are ahead of those for the corresponding period last year.

Dress goods are moving ou with more freedom, silks are wanted, and buyers are asking for immediate shipment of goods on old order. Spot lots of lightweight underwear and hosiery are being picked up wherever available, but jobbers' stocks have been reduced to such a point that there is little or nothing left on which deliveries can be made.

The question of prices on forward cotton goods contracts for the last nine months of the year is still coming in for considerable discussion. The shortage of spot and nearby delivery goods is causing some manufacturers to hesitate over shading their prices for future delivery, although it is a difficult matter to bring home the shortage to buyers, unless they actually come into the market for goods and can not obtain what they want.

Overcoats Will Be Shorter This Season

Norfolk Designs Less in Favor—Chinchilla Favorite Material for the Garments.

There will be no decided change in the fall and winter styles for men's clothing, excepting that overcoats will be made shorter.

Chinchilla is the popular fabric for them, and there is a tendency toward using solid colors and avoiding fancy effects. The demand for Norfolk coats is diminishing. Soft roll front coats of the two and three button English style, with patch pockets, are favored. Sack coats will be slightly shorter. Vests will be cut somewhat lower than formerly and trousers are to be narrower.

For suitings, narrow pencil stripes, serges and Oxfords are the featured materials. The color trend is toward blue, gray and brown. Some manufacturers think well of neat plaids and checks.

RAILROADS TAX SALESMEN WHO HAVE NO VOTE

Excess Baggage Rates Are Much Higher Than Express Company Charges, One Complaint.

Out of the maze of discussion that has centered about the excess baggage problem during the past two years a few points have been brought out to show the salesman's need of the voting privilege when away on business trips.

When shippers complain of railroad and express companies' rates, the Interstate Commerce Commission gives prompt attention to an appeal, but the voice of the traveling man is unheard. He pays his own expenses and has no vote. For example, the excess rate for a Pacific coast excursion ticket up to a year ago was $8.80 per hundred pounds. The railroads thought that the traveler could stand another squeeze and raised it to $10.

The present rate of 16 2-3 per cent and more is maintained in spite of the fact that the maximum legal charge is 12 1-2 per cent. The unfairness of this rate is more apparent when it is compared with the charges of express companies.

To illustrate, a first class ticket to Chicago on the Pennsylvania or the New York Central is $20. The excess rate per 100 pounds is $3.45, or 17 per cent of the ticket's cost. The express rate is $2.50 per 100 pounds, out of which the railroad receives $1.25, which is only 6 3-4 per cent of $20. On the Baltimore and Ohio the ticket costs only $18, but the excess rate is the same, thus bringing the rate to a still higher percentage in that case. Under the new express rate schedule the discrepancy will be still larger without lowering the excess rates to the salesmen.

The movement to procure votes for traveling men is steadily gaining ground. The Secretary of the Navy, in a letter expressed his approval of the idea.

High Prices for Ostrich Farms.

A striking illustration of the profits in ostrich farming is found in the report that a man in the Oudtshoorn feather district of South Africa has leased 290 acres of land for a period of ten years for $7,500 per year. In the same district 35 acres of land sold for $30,000.

DIXIE PICKLE AND PRESERVING CO.
Manufacturers of
Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.
CANNED GOODS
364 to 378 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

VOLLMER MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Moore Building
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY
Special Designs in Platinum
Engravers Diamond Setters Watchmakers
Specialists in Jewelry Repairing

A FREE TRIP
To Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.
Write to
H. T. Moore
SECRETARY.
Rhodes Building, Atlanta.

At What Rate Do You Do Business?

Fire insurance rates on a building are based not only on the chances of that building catching fire, but to a larger extent on the facilities at hand for putting out the fire, should it occur.

The more convenient the Fire Service, the lower the rate.

Just so in merchandising; the cost of doing business is directly governed by the convenience of a merchant's source of supply.

Take shoes, for instance; the Southern merchant who buys his stock in the distant markets of New England and the West is paying a mighty high rate to do business.

Here are the extra costs he pays:

1st. Excess freight charges.

2d. Interest on half the stock he now carries that would be unnecessary with a near-by efficient factory connection.

3d. Loss on accumulation and depreciation of dead styles.

4th. Sales missed by being out of the right styles and sizes when he needs them.

The RED SEAL Shoe Factory right here in Georgia offers QUICK SHIPMENTS, LOW FREIGHTS, THE BEST KNOWN AND BEST SPOKEN OF LINE IN THE SOUTH.

Its Mail Order Service is the best remedy for the High Cost of Doing Business.

Postal brings catalog or salesman.

Mail orders on way same day.

J. K. Orr Shoe Co.
RED SEAL FACTORY, Atlan...

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

MANY MILLIONS EMERGE FROM HIDING PLACES

Inquiry for Standard Stocks Is Growing and Prices Are Better. Trade Record High.

By CHARLES W. STORM.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A marked brightening of our financial sky is reflected in easier money, an increased demand for high grade investments and higher prices for securities.

Bankers are authority for the statement that the corner has been turned and confidence, the most sensitive element in the world, gradually is coming back. Many millions of capital which have been in hiding waiting for the financial squall to blow over, are beginning to seek investment. The amount of money that has been accumulating is very large and its owners are expected to continue seeking employment for their savings up to the fall, when the crop movement will make demands on capital.

Inquiry for standard stocks is growing.

Investors have been coming to Wall Street and picking up shares which are considered to be selling at bargain prices. Commission houses report the opening of many new accounts, but a very large proportion of the buyers are paying for their securities and taking them home.

The stock market is considered to be the truest barometer of general trade, the advance in securities has done considerable to restore confidence. Railroads and corporations are making fresh offerings of securities, emphasizing a belief on the part of railroad operators and industry that conditions have improved sufficiently to go ahead with new work.

Why the Bankers Howl.

Bankers have been decrying the offer of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo to deposit between $25,000,000 and $50,000,000 in Western and Southern banks to facilitate the movement of the crops, but this offer has done much to relieve fear of tight money and high rates during the harvest period.

Deposits of so much money by Secretary McAdoo will prevent high rates, and as the profits to banks accrue from the rates received on funds loaned it is only natural that they should raise a hue and cry.

Everything is done through the pocket.

Improvement in the demand for copper metal continues, a further advance in the price of electrolytic being recorded the past week. Some agencies have sold their supplies for August and September. The Copper Producers' Association report of the supply of copper metal on hand July 1 showed an increase of 690,338 pounds, which was much less than expected.

The Government crop report, issued Friday, is considered worse than the ten-year average. It made a very bad showing, inasmuch as the indicated yields of wheat, corn, oats, barley, rye, flaxseed and potatoes show an aggregate shrinkage of 975,330,500 bushels, compared with the final yields of last year. The indicated hay crop also shows a substantial reduction. Bad as the figures were they had been discounted by the stock market, which rose after their publication.

The Corn Market.

The condition of corn was the center of attraction owing to the recent reports of severe deterioration, which seemed to be confirmed in a large measure by the Government's figures. Damage to the plant, however, was greatest in those States where bumper crops were raised last year and where there is a large carry-over.

Calamity howlers who have been insisting that the country is "going to the dogs" received a rude shock when the Government announced that the United States established a new high record for trade of $4,275,000,000 during the fiscal year. This is a growth of $421,000,000 over the previous year. The balance of trade in favor of Uncle Sam was $663,000,000.

With the advent of the parcel post the express companies changed their motto of "the public be damned" to that of "the public be pleased." But they were too late, and the general public now will make them pay for the shameful treatment accorded it.

Rail Presidency Too Much for One Man

Northern Pacific Creates Office to Relieve Chief Executive of Many Onerous Duties.

More and more the railways are coming to realize that the duties connected with the president's office are too numerous properly to be handled by one man.

This is especially true of the lines in the East, where a president's time is largely taken up by hearings before commissions on abolishing grade crossings, or the authorization of new securities, or in meetings with other railroad heads to discuss various traffic problems. In the Northern Pacific case the decision to create a chairmanship was partly due to the fact that the road is operated from St. Paul, most of the directors living in New York.

With a resident chairman it will not be necessary for the President to come East every few weeks for a meeting with his board. Colonel W. P. Clough, who is expected to be promoted from vice president to chairman has been a member of the executive committee, with his office in New York, and will continue to perform much the same duties as in the past.

J. M. Hannaford, who seems to be slated for promotion from vice president, will manage the road from St. Paul.

PROFESSORS IN THE SHOPS.

Twenty-eight instructors representing the electrical engineering departments in 26 colleges are spending their vacations working side by side with the skilled mechanics and engineers in the Westinghouse Company's works in East Pittsburg. The instructors conform to shop hours and regulations, and receive the pay of second-class apprentices—22 cents an hour, or an average of about $55 a month.

Six Crops of Alfalfa in One Season; Big Opportunity for Farmers of South

Special Soil Preparatin Is Necessary to Success—Inoculation and Liming Important—Seed Bed Preparation Should Begin Two Years in Advance.

CHARLES A. WHITTLE.
(Georgia State College of Agriculture.)

Think of from four to six crops of hay off a field in a year, and you are thinking of the possibilities of alfalfa growing in the South. Think of cutting from one to one and a half tons per acre each time and figure that each ton is worth at least $25 and you arrive at a very snug income with mighty little sweat as compared to cotton, for instance.

But be not deceived. Learning to grow alfalfa in the South is the biggest thing about it. Anybody who takes it as a matter of course that all he has to do is to stir the land and plant and thereafter watch the negroes harvest, is more than likely to be enrolled with the long list of those who have proven alfalfa failures in the South.

With all the good things that can be said of the soil of the South, it can pretty generally be said that Southern lands are not naturally "cut out" to grow alfalfa. This is not saying that alfalfa as a rule will not grow in the South, nor is it reflecting in any wise on either the soil or the climate. The point is that all Southern soils have to be given special treatment and preparation before alfalfa will be at home in it.

Alfalfa on Every Farm.

"Alfalfa on every farm," the slogan now going the rounds, does not point to an impossible ideal, but if anyone thinks it can be attained in the South without a considerable revolution, he may be easily deceived by trying it.

With all, it is easy enough to prepare the soil for alfalfa and go along producing it, if the prospective grower will follow good advice—but there is the rub.

The ordinary cotton grower of the South will have to practice crop rotation, he will have to add inoculation to his vocabulary and practices, and he will have to get lime into his soil. Those who have been teaching this sort of doctrine and have observed how far it has taken root in the South will understand how much farming practice will have to be changed to realize "Alfalfa on every farm."

To the average Southern farmer to mention inoculation is to elicit inquiries. What is it? Why? And to tell the truth, it is neither easy to understand nor to explain. A full explanation, indeed, is impossible. Inoculation means to introduce friendly bacteria into the soil. Without certain nitrogen fixing bacteria present in the ordinary soil, alfalfa and other legumes make poor headway. Certain it is that some of these bacteria can take the nitrogen from the air and fix it in the ground, converting at the same time the nitrogen into food for the growing plant.

Alfalfa Bred Bacteria Best.

It is believed that almost any soil has some of the nitrogen fixing bacteria present in it, but as a matter of fact in some soils these bacteria are few and apparently so starved as to be unequal to the task imposed by thrifty alfalfa.

The best bacteria with which to inoculate are those which have been bred in a good alfalfa field. Good bacteria can be grown artificially and it is with such artificially grown bacteria that seed are inoculated. When sprinkled with a solution in which the artificially grown bacteria have been turned loose, the seed carry on their surface enough of the bacteria to start up business in a new field.

Of course the bacteria are invisible except under a compound microscope. The farmer can not see them and when he buys he buys on faith. If his alfalfa grows and produces good crops he believes in inoculation. If it does not, he is likely to have notions of his own about inoculation. It is possible for seed to be perfectly inoculated and by reason of improper handling may fail to show results. Sunlight destroys bacteria and inoculated seed left exposed to the sunlight will become sterile. To escape the danger of sunlight it is necessary, of course, to shelter the bacteria, and it is wiser to sow or to apply the inoculation medium late in the afternoon or during cloudy weather.

Again, the seed may be properly inoculated, due precaution may be taken to get it into the soil with the least injury from the sunlight, but the soil may be sour, which is no sort of soil for a nitrogen fixing bacteria.

Lime Necessary to Alfalfa.

To correct sourness of soil lime is necessary. The fact is that practically all soils in the South are deficient in lime. This may never become apparent so long as cotton or corn is grown, but it is certainly true when it comes to growing legumes.

The lime is not needed as a fertilizer. It is merely a tonic to nitrogen fixing bacteria. Soils generally are supplied with all the lime that the crops need. Experiments have shown that most of the crops grown in the South are benefited by the use of lime, a benefit that is attributable to increasing bacterial activity. Bacterial activity means increase of plant food, for bacteria in effect are minute laboratories changing the elements non-available for plant food into elements of the soil that are available. Of course there are good and bad bacteria. Some of those that might be classed as bad operate to change available plant food into non-available. Of such are the denitrifying bacteria, which instead of preparing bacteria for the plants change it into perhaps free nitrogen that returns again to the air.

These friendly bacteria have been isolated and named and are nurtured, coaxed and strengthened to do their best. Only the border of the realm of these soil agents has been entered, and it may be reckoned with a degree of certainty that as the scientist ventures further into the mysterious country of the unseen that he will bring back to the farmer knowledge that will mean two bushels where one is now grown, all by learning which are the good bacteria that are serving plant life and how to encourage their growth.

The first great contribution of the scientist in looking into the teeming soil world is that lime is good for nitrogen-fixing bacteria, and since nitrogen is the most expensive plant food and one of the most important, it is a wonderful discovery this of lime and its relations to bacteria.

Since nitrogen-fixing bacteria operating to the good of alfalfa set up shop on the roots of the plant and there extract nitrogen from the air that has penetrated the soil, to know that lime will make it thrive is equivalent to saying that without lime alfalfa will not grow in many Southern soils, for it is a fact that most Southern soils are deficient in lime and are too sour for nitrogen-fixing bacteria.

Success Has Made Failures.

Some pretty well-known, highly respected and intelligent men have said that they do not believe in inoculation nor in liming for alfalfa. They point to their successful alfalfa patch to show you that neither is necessary. Unwittingly such well-meaning people have been the means of the downfall of others in their attempts to grow alfalfa. Do not get an idea that there are many such alfalfa successes in the South, especially among those who have not used lime. Even where the soil has been formed by the disintegration of limestone rock, where there is a foundation of limestone in the soil, is to be found a marked deficiency in available lime. The lime has leached out. It must be supplied. On soils which for some reason, exceptional to the rule, there is sufficient lime, alfalfa may be started and grown successfully even without inoculation. The reason for the unnecessary inoculation will be found to be that the soil has already been stocked with nitrogen-fixing bacteria through the medium of clover, cowpeas, beans or one of a hundred other legumes.

Some of the authorities are now advocating going to the roadside, the fence corners or other places where sweet clover or burr clover, or lespedeza, or some other legumes are growing, taking some of the soil from underneath, scatter it over the alfalfa seed bed and harrow it under. By this mean nitrogen-fixing bacteria will be added to the soil, bacteria that have been making their living off the very kind of soil in which they are appointed to continue operations.

Better still, of course, would be soil taken from a field in which alfalfa had grown, a field where conditions are similar as to character of soil, climate, growing zone, etc. Naturally bacteria that have been feeding on alfalfa must have established alfalfa-loving characteristics.

Suppose some cotton farmer gets inspiration enough to get out of the ruts and takes the advice of the man who does not believe in inoculation or liming, and suppose he fails, as he is likely to do, what a pity! When again will he be in frame of mind to try?

Preparing the Seed Bed.

The preparation of the seed bed with reference to weed eradication is important. It is time well spent if two years are taken in preparing the land for alfalfa. If barnyard manure is applied, it is better to follow with a crop of corn as a weed eradicator. This followed by rye or oats drilled between the corn rows at the last time the corn is worked, will afford not only a winter cover crop, but good pasturage for the colts and calves during the winter. After the rye or oats, as the case may be, is taken off, the cowpea or soy bean will prove excellent for keeping the weeds from getting a start. Turning under the cowpeas or soy beans and harrowing the ground until it is in find tilth, as good a seed bed as could be obtained for growing alfalfa is prepared.

Weeds and alfalfa do not do well together. If the farmer can not get rid of the weeds, he need not look to alfalfa to do it. Many farmers have had fits of despair over the weeds and crab grass which have made their appearance in their alfalfa patches.

But weeds are not formidable obstacles to growing alfalfa where the precautions described have been taken. Even where the weeds have appeared in an alfalfa patch there is a fighting chance for alfalfa if the right steps are taken to keep down the weeds. The method usually recommended is to run a disk harrow over the field. This plays havoc with the weeds, but harms the alfalfa very little. By some it is claimed that the harrowing will break up the alfalfa crowns or bunches and start new plants. Weed eradication in the field will rarely be necessary if the seed bed is properly prepared in advance.

Then Put In Lime.

Having brought the seed bed through two seasons of preparation and having broken and harrowed the ground, the next important step is to put in the lime. The amount of lime to apply will depend upon the degree of acidity or sourness of the land, not on the amount of lime already in the soil. The degree of sourness is usually determined by the use of litmus paper, a prepared paper that can be purchased at any drug store. This paper when imbedded in fairly moist soil and left a short time, when taken out will show by the change of color how acid the soil is. If the change of color is very marked plenty of lime should be applied. The application will vary from one to two tons per acre.

Lime is comparatively inexpensive and when once applied serves its purpose five or more years. Ground limestone is the form which is most generally used. The price is determined largely by the cost of freight. At lime manufacturing centers the ground limestone can usually be bought at $1 per ton and even less, especially where the lime is a by-product.

The lime should be broadcasted or drilled in. If broadcasted, then harrowed under.

Sourness of soil is attributed to an incomplete stage of decomposition of vegetable matter which has been turned into the soil. The lime is the one element that will at once adjust conditions and permit other bacteria as well as the nitrogen fixing bacteria to do their work. The vegetable matter which has been turned under in preparing the seed bed and is in process of decomposition, that is, which is being transformed by bacteria, proceeds with its processes most favorably in the presence of lime, becomes humus and then plant food.

An application of nitrate of soda after the alfalfa has come up, especially if it is not showing good color, has often proved helpful.

Cropping Alfalfa.

When the alfalfa plant has grown its full height, a second growth will the second growth has put up its shoots and has started vigorously, be found starting at the roots. When then is the time to cut off the first crop. If the weather is normal, in a month's time there will be another crop ready to cut. The same signs of when to cut are to be followed in each instance—that is, the oncoming of another crop.

In the South when there has been as much rain as has generally prevailed this summer, the owner of an alfalfa patch will be cutting hay once a month for about six months in the year. Indeed, the prospcest are favorable in some alfalfa patches for seven crops this year, five already having been cut, and the growing season ahead extending through September and October.

If a ton of cured hay per acre is obtained with each cutting, the alfalfa can be counted as doing first rate. Some will do better.

Alfalfa hay is worth taking good care of. The weather is not always favorable for curing it in the field, especially during the thundershower period. Canvas caps for the piles of hay in the field pay for themselves over and over by saving hay that would rot in the field from too much rain. Any grower of hay of whatever kind of hay it may be can well afford to provide hay caps.

Alfalfa hay is good, rich hay and ranks very near wheat bran in the amount of nutriments, ton for ton. Wheat bran costs about $30 per ton laid down in the South. Raise alfalfa hay and the wheat bran need not be purchased. The alfalfa has a feeding value of nearly $30 per ton at present prices, but at the outset of this article a selling prices of $25 was set as an average.

As a feed alfalfa is a producer of high-class barnyard manure. Considering that the feeding value of alfalfa is nearly $30 per ton and the manure produced of high fertilizing value, the conclusion is that alfalfa is most profitable to the farmer when he feeds it to farm animals and applies the manure to the land.

Thus the story of alfalfa ends most happily when alfalfa is married to a home made live stock business.

Selling U. S. Bonds Short Is Risky Deal

Restricted Market for These Securities Makes the 'Bear's' Lot One Not Enviable.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The trader who sells any Government bonds short takes a long chance of making a profit, because of the restricted market for these securities, and the short seller of those which bear coupons assumes a risk much greater than is attached to any active stock or bond on the Stock Exchange list. Government coupon bonds, particularly those which have the circulation privilege, are comparatively scarce.

The coupon bonds may be converted into registered bonds, but registered bonds may not be exchanged for others of the same clas which bear coupons.

The application of this provision to the issues which are used to secure bank note issues, naturally, has worked to cut down the number of coupon bonds outstanding and thereby greatly lessened the opportunity of short sellers for covering their contracts at times when they have the best advantage for a profitable transaction.

An expert on Government issues predicted yesterday that traders who went short on coupon 2s below 96 would have difficulty in covering at any price under par unless some development at Washington occurs to weaken them drastically.

No One Surprised at Passing of Dividend

National Railways of Mexico Made the Plaything of Every Rebel Chieftain.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Persons sufficiently interested in the National Railways of Mexico to watch earnings long ago decided that the company could not pay another semi-annual dividend on its first preferred stock while the revolution continued. Members of the New York board said the payment due August 10 would not be made; and when word came from Mexico City that the usual declaration expected at this time had been omitted by the directors, there was no surprise.

The Railways' lines have been the plaything of the rebels and bandits wherever they have congregated in numbers sufficient to defy the authorities. Under the delusion that one of the first rules of warfare is to destroy as much property as possible, the insurrectos have burned trestles and torn up track in which they, as natives of Mexico, had a proprietary interest.

There is a great deal of European money invested in the National Railways, as well as a very respectable amount of American capital but the Mexican Government owns $74,724,000 of the $150,000,000 common stock, $10,000,000 of the $57,662,000 of the first preferred and $38,278.00 of the $240,597,000 of second preferred.

Moreover, the Government will be held liable for the damage to the railways when peace is restored, so that every time a piece of property is destroyed the Mexican Government is saddled with additional obligations. Preliminary estimates for the last year indicate that the company earned almost $2,000,000 over its expenses and fixed charges, or about $500,000 less than the dividends paid.

PULLMAN'S YEAR.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The report of the Pullman company for the twelve months ended July 31, which will be published about a month hence, is expected to show the largest gross earnings in the corporation's history.

NEW SEABOARD MANAGEMENT IS DOING WELL

Deficit of $121,000 in First Quarter Overcome and oGod Surplus Besides.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Seaboard Air Line in the year ended June 30 earned in excess of 7 per cent on $23,894,000. Final surplus was approximately $1,730,000, against $813,000 in 1912, both figures including only rail operations.

The showing reflects credit on the new management. In a year when the company's territory scored only about 60 per cent of a normal cotton crop, and when the initial three months' operations under the old management produced a deficit of $121,000, results for the succeeding nine months not only overcame these handicaps, but so far recovered that gross increased $1,523,000 and surplus over all charges increased $817,000.

On basis of nine months' operations under the new management, and allowing for effort necessary to pick up and recover the initial quarter's deficit, the property appears to be earning at rate of nearly $2,000,000 surplus annually, or equivalent to more than 8 per cent on the outstanding preferred. Total operating ratio in the past year was 72 per cent of gross. In 1912 it was 75 per cent.

Officials look forward to better than a $2;000,000 surplus in the current year. Crops offer excellent promise, with one of the largest cotton crops ever raised among the prospects this year. General business is moving in fair volume and traffic outlook shows no unfavorable signs.

Permanent Gains Recorded in Bonds

Traders Say Market Is Certain to Raise Prices on All Issues. Buyers Confident.

Improvement in the bond market is of the gradual and steady sort that makes for permanence.

July was a good month for the bond market. Forced liquidation appeared to culminate late in June. Since then investors have been quietly selecting the bargains that most appealed to their choice. As the prospect has become clearer that there will be no serious money disturbance in connection with the autumn crop moving, the buying has become more confident.

Special causes were responsible for large advances made by certain issues. Erie convertible 4 per cent bonds rose 5 1-2 points, owing to the large gains in gross and net which the company will report in its statement for the year ended June 30. Rock Island collateral 4s, which were unduly depressed, rebounded over 3 points.

In the following table are shown comparisons of the prices of twenty representative bonds now and at the beginning of July:

	Price July 1.	Latest price.
Atchison gen. 4s 1995	93¾	95⅝
B. and O. conv. 4½s 1933	90½	91⅝
B. R. T. conv. 4s, 1945	86⅜	87⅝
C. Pacific 1st guar. 4s, 1921	93⅝	95¼
C. G. Western 4s, 1959	71	72½
C., St. P., M. and O. deb. 5s, 1930	98⅛	98⅞
C., R. I. and P. col. 4s, 2002	54⅝	58
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s, 1934	78	79
Denver and R. G. ref. 4s, 1955	68	70¾
Erie conv. 4s A, 1953	67½	73
Erie conv. 4s B, 1953	65½	71
Illinois Steel 4½s, 1940	83¼	84
Interboro-Met. col. 4½s, 1956	74½	75⅛
N. and W. conv. 4s, 1996	92	93
N. P. prior 1st 4s, 1997	91⅝	94⅝
Pacific Tel. 1st 5s, 1937	96¼	97⅝
Reading gen. 4s, 1997	94	95¼
Repub. I. and S. s. f. 5s, 1940	89	92
St. L. and S. F. gen. 1 5s, 1927	52	53⅝

PITTSBURG COAL MINES PRODUCING BIG PROFIT

PITTSBURG, Aug. 16.—Mines in the Pittsburg district are being operated to the limit fixed by car and labor supply. As these are very satisfactory, output is correspondingly large. There is not a very heavy demand for quick delivery. Contracts are calling for the greater part of the attention of operators.

Consumers have very little coal on hand and the increased activity in iron production may cause a stiffening of prices of both coal and coke.

CHEMICAL COMPANY'S YEAR.

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company reports for the year ended May 31 last as follows:

		Decrease
Net earnings	$2,991,103	$586,349
Charges	1,224 005	*143,107
Net profit	1,747,098	729,456
Pfd dividend	1,600 000	*40,000
Bal for com	147,098	769,456
Deficit	692,534	*769,456
Prev. surplus	9,451,915	*101,513
Total surplus	8,759,481	667,943
Total deductions	425,538	598,721
Final surplus	8,333,943	1,117,971

*Increase.

SEABOARD NOTES CHEAP.

The offering of the unsold balance of Seaboard Air Line $1,900,000 equipment trust notes is being made at a price to yield 6 per cent. Seaboard Air Line Railway's surplus over all fixed charges and bond interest, for the year ended June 30, last, it is understood, was between $1,725,000 and $1,750,000, or equivalent to 6.9 per cent on the $25,000,000 preferred stock. Last year the surplus on the same basis was $899,000.

FRANCE COINS GOLD.

Because of recent monetary stringency, Bank of France has decided to convert its $600,000,000 gold reserve, until now represented by ingots, into gold currency. More than $200,000,000 has already been coined.

TIGHTER MONEY NOT LIKELY.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—John J. Mitchell says: "Money is unlikely to get any closer this year than it has been recently, and would not, regardless of treasury relief. Good rains would restore corn to very general conditions."

MANY FACTORS POINT TO BIG COTTON YIELD

Increase in Acreage, More Fertilizing, Superior Seed, Better Cultivation, Clean Fields.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—Cotton for 1913, on the Government August condition of 79.6, may be anything from 13,500,000 bales to 15,000,000. It has to the end of December, when picking ends. The frost limit, the extent to which later bolls mature, the weevil damages and systems of cultivation are still influences not fully incorporated.

The things that make for a larger crop than last year are (1) acreage, (2) more extensive use of fertilizers, (3) superior seed selection, (4) better cultivation, (5) clean fields and (6) less devastation from insect pests.

This year's area is 35,622,00 acres, or 856,000 more than harvested in 1912. Fertilizers formerly used to increase yield are now used to force earlier maturity. Clean, continuous cultivation and better mastery of the boll weevil are factors favorable to an increase over crop of 14,313,000 bales of 1912.

On the other hand, we have never had a large crop on a condition under 83.9 for July 25.

With a crop of 13,500,000 bales, there would be more active competition among buyers than among sellers, so that the grower would come nearer getting the price he thinks he ought to have. If he follows the policy of holding out of the market any considerable quantity of so-called "distress" cotton, it would take a great deal less to effect his purpose on such a crop than on one 2,000,000 bales larger.

From the standpoint of the manufacturer a crop of the minimum given above is more likely to mean 12 cents than 11 cents a pound. Anything under 14,000,000 bales would be just so much of a premium on the early buying by mills or their agents. Last year's crop of 14,131,000 bales was bought early by foreigners and exported promptly at an average of 12 cents a pound. From present indications the Government's report of condition under ten-year average may be expected to stimulate early commitments.

This season's plant is remarkably well fruited and has a bearing power which many a better looking plant never enjoyed. With 856,000 acres larger than last season, and a condition 3.1 per cent better, a 14,000,000-bale crop under average conditions may be assured.

If the season from now on favors maturing of the bolls on the lower half of the stalk, it should easily add 500,000 to 1,000,000 bales more than otherwise. On existing acreage it would require an average of 200 pounds to produce 14,250,000 bales and of 190 pounds to produce 13,436,000.

Big Credit Wheel To Move Texas Crop

Bankers Will Need $400,000,000, but Not in Cash, and Not in One Lump.

Discussing Secretary McAdoo's offer of Government funds in marketing the crops, Texas bankers were quoted as saying that the State would require $400,000,000 to take care of its cotton this fall.

As it read in cold type the quotation seemed to imply that this huge sum would be needed in bulk when Texas cotton began moving. This will not be the case and the author of the statement did not so intend. Texas will, nevertheless, require the use of $400,000,000 worth of credit before its major crop passes into consumers' hands.

It would, perhaps, make the situation clearer to say that the use of $20,000,000 will be needed twenty times, or $10,000,000 40 times, to handle the Texas crop. The cotton goes to market slowly—four months will pass, in all likelihood, before it has all been disposed of—and funds necessary to handle the first consignments will be used over and over in subsequent operations.

The State is expected to produce 5,250,000 bales in round numbers, valued at present market prices at $60 per bale. The value of the crop therefore will be $315,000,000 exclusive of by-products.

The use of credit in handling the cotton crop may be likened to the revolution of a gigantic wheel whose hub is in New York and whose rim cuts a circle from Liverpool, say, to Dallas, Texas. The wheel is constantly revolving in the cotton marketing season and the load it carries is evenly distributed. The credit wheel is never suddenly weighter at one spot, selling in the region behind it progresses evenly. The wheel is valued at $400,000,000, but only when it is considered as a whole. It would be a difficult task to estimate the worth of its different parts.

Fall Car Shortage Will Be No Worse

Shippers and Railroad Men Are Cooperating to Make Best Possible Use of Equipment.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Railroad officials say that while there will be a shortage of cars in the fall, it is not likely to be greater than last year, when average deficiency was reported as 27,581 cars.

The situation this year may be less difficult to handle because shippers, as well as railroad men, have had impressed on them the requirements of the situation that arise every autumn. In the case of railroad men, timely repair of freight equipment, simplification of terminal operations and recasting of inspection and interchange rules are the considerations.

Railroads are devoting more attention to utilization of the freight car, their best assets, earning about 75 per cent of gross, and undoubtedly their best freight solicitor during periods of heavy traffic. Average earnings of each car per day for 1912 were $2.35, or, eliminating Sundays and holidays and confining computation to the busy season, gross earnings capacity was $3.85, while net was $1.15.

NEWS FOR INVESTORS

Anaconda Copper Company's production for July exceeds June's by 600,000 pounds, although this is 1,000,000 pounds below the July output last year.

* * *

American Smelting and Refining Company earnings, although not so large as last year, owing to Mexican disturbances, will make no change in the regular dividend.

* * *

Minneapolis and St. Louis Railroad for the twelve months ended June 30 increased gross by $1,880,782 and net by $1,173,665, compared with last year.

* * *

Seaboard Air Line for the fiscal year increased total operating revenue $783,417 and net $1,028,700 over 1912. Surplus, which increased $836,558 over last year, is equal to 7 1-4 per cent on the preferred stock outstanding, compared with 3 3-4 per cent in 1912.

* * *

The St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company has been authorized by the Missouri Public Service Commission to issue $28,584,500 first and refunding 40-year 6 per cent bonds, of which $26,730,000 are to replace bonds already outstanding, and the remainder for reimbursing the road for expenditures made for improvements and equipment.

TEXAS TRAIN OF 98 CARS HAS CANTALOUPE BURDEN

AUSTIN, TEXAS, Aug. 16.—The longest train ever run on a railroad in Texas recently crossed the upper Panhandle on Rock Island. It consisted of 98 loaded freight cars, and, what was the more remarkable, 95 were loaded with cantaloupes, there being 1,277,060 melons in the load. Of the remaining three cars, one was loaded with wool, one with cattle and the other with merchandise.

This long train was pulled by one engine from Dalhart, Texas, to Liberal, Kans., 111 miles, in five hours, including stops and delays. The track is almost straight and nearly level.

THE NEW ISSUES.

The Financial Chronicle's New York review of new security issues for the last six months shows them to have been the smallest in years and much below the average of the last eight years, totaling for stocks and bonds only $627,048,160, par value, compared with $1,219,250 in the first six months of 1912.

ROADS FORCED TO PAY TOLL ON SIMPLE IDEA

Patent on Crude Petroleum for Laying Dust Forces Tribute of Five Dollars Per Mile.

Every railroad in the country oiling its tracks with crude petroleum must pay a private company $5 per mile as a royalty for an idea and not a device. James R. Nichol holds the patent on the principle of allaying dust on railroads by crude petroleum, and for this principle the transportation companies must pay. It matters not by what device or system the oil is applied to the road the owner of the idea must be given his reward.

The point came up when the Burlington road sought to oil its tracks this season between Chicago and Downers Grove, 22 miles. Attorneys for the owner of the idea put in a bill, and after investigation it was found that by similar claim against the Pennsylvania Railroad had been upheld by the courts. The Burlington and the Pennsylvania roads used sprinkling devices of their own creation, but the royalty was paid just the same.

The ruling is for a royalty of $5 each line of road, or $10 for double track. As the Burlington maintains three tracks between Chicago and Downers Grove and the distance is 22 miles the amount paid to the owner of the idea was $330. This royalty, however, is paid but once; after which a railroad is free to use oil as often and long as it pleases.

The Illinois Central also was required to pay for oiling its suburban tracks in Chicago, and the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe likewise joined in tribute to the idea.

As it is only comparatively recently that railroads have started to oil railroads the company owning the idea has not reaped much of a reward and it is not likely to, as the patent expires in about a year, it is said.

UNDERWRITERS BUY ISSUE

Underwriters of Buenos Aires Pacific Railway issue have been compelled to take 60 per cent.

PHYSICAL LIMIT SET.

The Baldwin Locomotive Company says the factor determining size and power of locomotives is the physical ability of firemen to shovel coal.



BEAUTY and Health for You Through Electric Massage

Be your own beauty masseuse. Give yourself the true charm of healthy beauty. Rejoice in the possession of a fresh, smooth, rosy skin, sparkling eyes and a luxuriant head of lustrous hair. Know the joys and powers of an active mind and sound body. Science has placed health, vigor and attractiveness within your reach in the perfection of the wonderful Home Electric Massage Battery. The magic power of this achievement in electrical science is in its refreshing and recreating radiance of faradic electricity. Faradism is the great method employed by the foremost beauty specialists. Test the marvelous powers of the Home Electric Massage Battery on a 10 days' free trial.

Helps Hair The electric brush feature of the Home Electric Massage Battery will stimulate your scalp to the perfect performance of all its functions. This means that you will have a healthy scalp, and that every woman can have the glorious crown of soft, silky, lustrous hair that she wants. Every man should use this treatment to prevent loss of hair and premature baldness. Save your hair by using the Home Electric Massage Battery.

For Rheumatism

Faradism is the only method known to medical science for quickly relieving the pains and aches of rheumatism. Your physician will tell you that faradic current as supplied by the Home Electric Massage Battery will banish rheumatism pains by eliminating the causes. It also gives instant relief to headaches, neuralgia, lumbago, scalp disease, failing hair, nervousness, paralysis, sleeplessness and other nerve ailments.

Home-Electric Massage Battery

The newest, latest and most convenient scientific application of faradic energy. Complete in itself. Always ready for instant use. No electric light connections are needed in the operation of this remarkable achievement in electrical science. It is so simple that a child can use it with perfect results. Every home should get a Home Electric Massage Battery at the amazingly low price now open for a limited time.



Free Trial

Use the Home Electric Massage Battery for 10 days to prove to you that it is worth more to you every week than the special low price for it now. Your money back if you are not more than delighted with its marvelous powers for health and beauty. Take advantage of this great opportunity to secure all the benefits of faradism at a price you can easily afford. Send coupon to-day.

Massage Book Free

Write for our free illustrated booklet on the benefits of faradism to beauty and health. It is postpaid free to you together with our very special low price on the Home Electric Massage Battery and full particulars of free trial offer. Send to-day.



Send Free Coupon

The special small price for the complete Home Electric outfit is within the reach of every man and woman. Send coupon to-day and get a copy of the Massage Booklet free. Send to-day.

Western Merchandise and Supply Co.
326 W. Madison St., Chicago, Illinois

Massage Book Coupon
Western Merchandise & Supply Company, 326 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

Gentlemen: Without any obligation to me, please send me, postpaid, free copy of your massage booklet and special price and all particulars of 10 days' free trial on the Home Electric Massage Battery.

Name .....

Address .....

JUMP INTO THE CONTEST TO WIN!

Complete List of Prizes

Organization Prizes
For Churches, Lodges, Etc.

1st. $1,000.00 in Gold.
2d. $500.00 Furniture, Own Selection.

Capital Grand Prizes for Men, Women and Children

1st. One Touring Car.
2d. Double Tour to California.

Individual Prizes---Men

First—One two-cylinder Motorcycle.
Second—One-cylinder Motorcycle.
Third—Diamond Ring.
Fourth—Gold Watch and Fob.
Fifth—Gold Watch.



Individual Prizes---Women

First—Player-Piano.
Second—Piano.
Third—Diamond Ring.
Fourth—Gold Watch and Neckchain.
Fifth—Diamond Lavalliere.

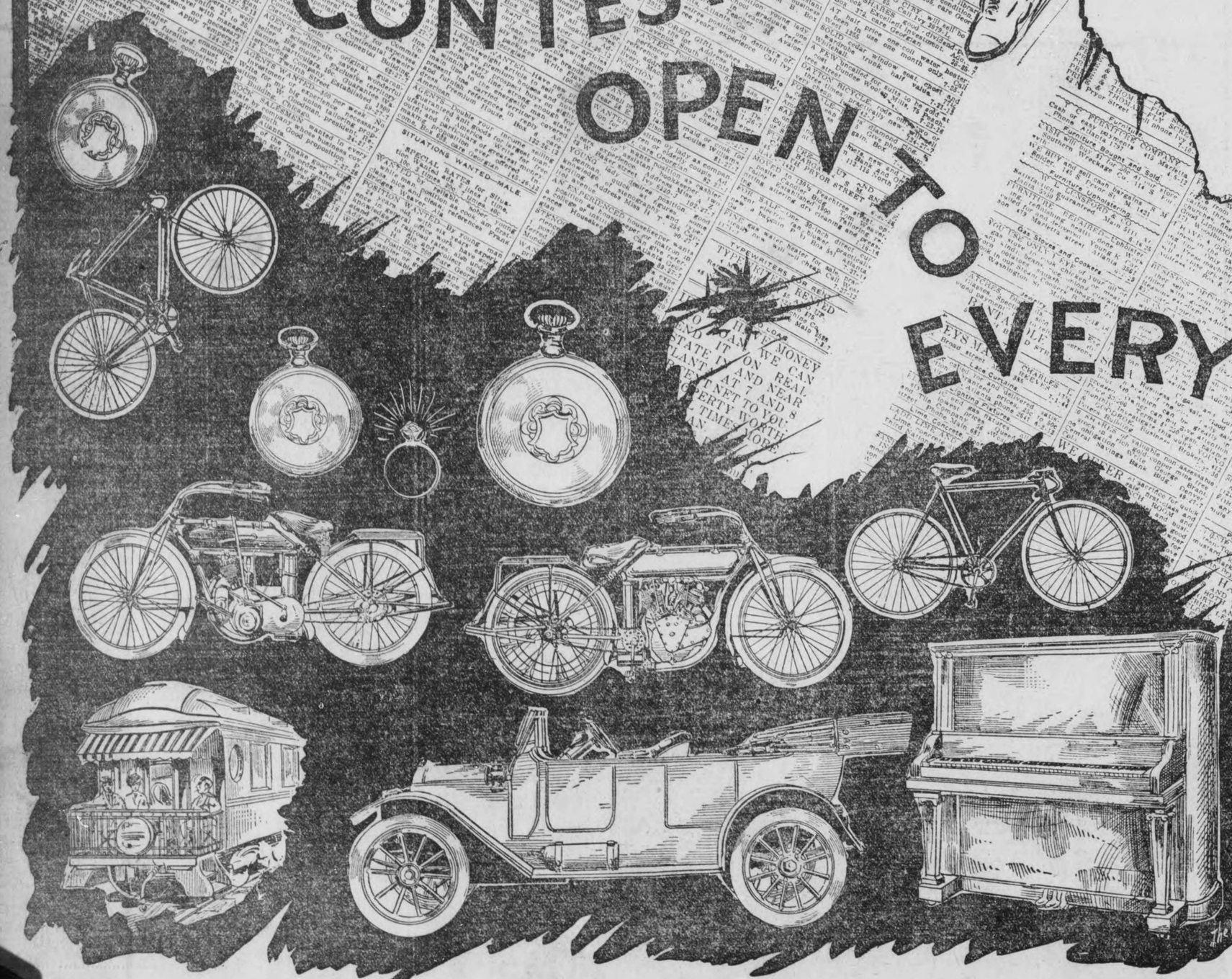
Individual Prizes---Boys

First—Motorcycle.
Second—Business College Scholarship.
Third—Gold Watch and Chain.
Fourth—Bicycle.
Fifth—Gold Watch.

Individual Prizes---Girls

1st. Piano.
2d. Business College Scholarship.
3d. Gold Watch and Neckchain.
4th. Bicycle.
5th. Diamond La alliere.

"WANT AD" CONTEST OPEN TO EVERYBODY!



Contest Department

4th Floor Foote & Davies Building

Office Hours:

Every Day
8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays
Office Open Until 8 P. M.

Nomination Coupon — **1,000 VOTES**

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I Nominate ..... (Name)
..... (Address)
as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.
..... (Address)
..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 Votes for Contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each Contestant.



The Weather.

Weather Forecast—Atlanta and vicinity: Generally fair Sunday and Monday.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

Atlanta Edition of The American

Consists of the Following Sections:
1—Late News. 2—Real Estate, Wants. 3—Sports, Autos. 4—Society and Foreign. 5—Editorial and City Life. 6—Magazine. 7—Comics.

BE SURE TO GET THEM ALL.

VOL. I. NO. 20. Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company. ★★★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

2 GOVERNORS SNARL STATE MACHINERY IN NEW YORK

Public Business Drifts Into Chaotic Condition as Sulzer and Glynn Continue Hot Battle for Executive Power.

Impeached Man to Base Defense on Charge Wall Street and Tammany Made His Wife Unwilling Victim in Plot to Ruin Him.

By JAMES J. MONTAGUE.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Unless the chaotic condition of public business occasioned by William Sulzer's insistence that he is Governor is speedily straightened out, the State's affairs will soon be in such a snarl that it will require extraordinary sessions of half a dozen courts to untangle them.

The vouchers signed by Acting Governor Glynn for the pay of the Adjutant General's office were flatly turned down to-day by the First National Bank, of which John A. Dix is a director. The ground stated to the disappoined soldiery was that the bank handled much State money, and that it can not afford to take a chance on paying any of it out without a court ruling.

Sheriff Becker of Buffalo sent word to the Capitol that he would hold firmly to the custody of Lulz Leucht, the Cleveland, Ohio, fugitive for whom Mr. Glynn signed extradition papers. Becker also wants a court ruling.

Sulzer to-day made another appeal to Mr. Glynn to stake his claims to the Governorship on a court decision, but this Mr. Glynn ignored. At noon, having once again asserted that it would no more require a legal opinion to convince him he is Governor than it would be to convince him that he owns his Albany newspaper, Mr. Glynn put on his coat and went down to Nassau to attend a Knights of Columbus celebration.

State Officials Cautious.

Downstairs in the office of the Attorney General an opinion that Mr. Glynn is the Governor with all the Governor's powers, has been drawn up, but as yet no official has called for it.

Although every State officer not appointed by Mr. Sulzer professes to regard Mr. Glynn as Governor, all are extremely cautious about doing any work till the political fog clears away.

Meanwhile, Sulzer with his detectives to protect him, wades through stacks of mail in the executive chamber, which he holds against all comers.

Apparently the Government of the United States regards Sulzer as Governor, for all mail addressed to "the Governor" is taken directly to him by the uniformed letter carriers, and his secretary signs for registered letters and packages.

Despite the opinion of the Attorney General that the Assembly had the right to impeach Mr. Sulzer and that Sulzer should vacate his office, this is certain: As long as Sulzer maintains his position in the executive chamber, not only many thousands of citizens, but many State officers as well, believe that he has the right to be there and that there is a realization as to who is Governor.

Until some of the questions already raised, like the validity of Glynn's signature on bank checks and the requisition papers, are made the subject of a ruling, the business of the State will be attended with much confusion, if, indeed, it can be transacted at all.

Sulzer More Cheerful.

Mr. Sulzer expected to leave this morning for Cooperstown with his wife, but, partly because of her illness and partly because of his fear that he would be dispossessed in his absence, he decided to remain.

He was very much more cheerful to-day. Plainly he is encouraged by the failure of Mr. Glynn to attempt to oust him by force.

That a conspiracy was hatched by Wall Street and Tammany Hall to get Governor Sulzer hopelessly entangled and in their clutches—a conspiracy with a woman as its unwilling victim—will be charged as a basis of the defense of the impeached Governor if the impeachment comes to trial.

Sulzer and his counsel confidently

Continued on Page 7, Column 2.

Rains Break 14-Day Heat Wave in West

Government Stations In Kansas Report Temperatures as High as 115 Degrees.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 16.—Scattered rains over Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma to-day, with prospects of more rains for to-morrow, are ending the long drouth and excessive heat wave that has ruined crops valued at millions of dollars, caused much suffering, many death and scores of prostrations in these States in the past few months.

To-day was the fourteenth day of excessive heat, temperatures of more than 100 degrees being recorded every day, some of the Government weather stations reporting readings as high as 115 degrees. There has been no rain in this territory for two weeks, while some places, Concordia, Kans., for example, have had no rain for 70 days, causing all records for "dry" years to be broken.

Guest Lists Drawn For Wilson Wedding

Formal Announcement of Date of White House Nuptials Expected Soon.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Miss Isabelle Hagner, Mrs. Wilson's social secretary, left Washington to-day for Cornish, N. H., where she will take up the arrangements for Miss Jessie Wilson's wedding and go over the details with the presidential ladies.

It is expected that the formal announcement of the date of the White House wedding will be made soon after Miss Hagner's arrival in Cornish. One of the trying feature is the making up of the invitation list. There are between 500 and 600 official persons who must be invited, besides personal friends of the family and the cream of American society from the cities.

Prince's Laundress Goes Back to Her Tub

Viennese Woman Who Claimed Sulkowski Will Go in Business in Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Clara Melcher, the Viennese laundress who claimed Prince Stanislaus Sulkowiski as hers, announced to-day that she would open a laundry in Los Angeles. Mrs. Melcher appeared to-day at police headquarters to ascertain whether or not any charge remained against her. She was told that there was none.

"Then I shall stay here and open a laundry," sar Mrs. Melcher. "I have no funds with which to go back to Austria, and I probably would not care to go if I had. My Prince is lost to me forever. I have given up hopes of ever getting him back. I know my laundry will have many patrons."

Madeline DuPont Reported Wed Again

Daughter of Powder Magnate Said To Have Married Man Named in Suit.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Aug. 16.—Madeline DuPont, eldest daughter of Alfred I. Dupont, wealthy powder magnate, who was divorced by her husband, John Bancroft, Jr., in a sensational suit here over 18 months ago, has married Max Heibler, of Munich, Germany, if a report that reached here to-day is true. Heibler was corespondent in the famous litigation.

An infant son of his wife whom Bancroft disowned was made a codefendant by the husband, it being called Max Heibler, Jr., by him. The divorced wife has been in Germany for some time.

Suffragist Aviatrix Saved in 200-ft. Fall

Mrs. Mary Simms Owes Her Life to Her Being Strapped to Her Machine.

HEMPSTEAD, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Mrs. Mary Simms, a wealthy widow of New York, a pupil at the Hempstead aviation field, was saved from severe injury and probable death today by being strapped to the seat of her monoplane.

When 200 feet high the machine turned turtle and fell. She was trapped underneath, but when the airship was raised and the straps unfastened, Mrs. Simms emerged from the wreckage smiling and not much hurt.

She is practicing for Suffragette Day, September 6.

GEN. MILES SALES FOR HOME FROM ENGLAND

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles sailed for New York to-day on the Atlantic transport liner Minnetonka.

SQUANDERER OF $25,000 IN YEAR JAILED BY KIN

Atlantan Neglects Wife and Spends Wealth Among Throng of Fast Living Friends.

HIS LAST DOLLAR IS GONE

Companions Desert Him When Fortune Is Wasted and His Arrest Follows.

The story of a man who came to Atlanta two years ago, entered the real estate field and made money for a year, and then, neglecting his wife and two little children to mingle with the white lights, spent a fortune of $25,000 in less than twelve months, was revealed at police headquarters Saturday night when Earl G. Whitehead, No. 263 Crew street, was placed under arrest on a warrant sworn out by one of his relatives.

He is charged with disorderly conduct, but it is understood that the warrant was a cloak under which an attempt is to be made to send him to a sanitarium to ~ain his shattered health.

Whitehead comes of a prominent Athens, Ga., family and is a former member of the City Council of that city. He inherited a large sum of money from relatives and was successful in business in Athens.

Started Off Well.

Two years ago, when he came to Atlanta, he brought with him $25,000. He entered the real estate field, striking Atlanta at boom times, and was successful. For a year he attended strictly to business and added to his fortune. He was happy at home with his wife and two little boys, 5 and 8 years old.

Less than a year ago Whitehead formed the acquaintance of a fast set. It was the beginning of the end. The convivial friendships were formed rapidly and were an ever increasing drain on his fortune.

For the past six months, his relatives told the police, he has neglected his wife and children and spent the greater part of his time with his friends. Two weeks ago, it is asserted, he beat his wife and ran her and the children out of the house.

Since then this has occurred not less than four times. Each time the neighbors have asked the police to come, but when the officers got there they have each time refused to prefer charges against Whitehead.

Last Dollar Gone.

Less than a week ago Whitehead's last dollar was gone, and the "friends" deserted him. With his fortune gone, business gone, his home life unhappy, Whitehead faced certain ruin.

It was then that his relatives, one of whom is said to be a brother, began their efforts to save him. Pleading failed, and late yesterday afternoon one of them swore out a warrant and last night at 10 o'clock Patrolmen Milam and Palmer served it. Whitehead now occupies a cell at police headquarters.

Czar's Ukase Creates Ministry of Sports

Football Is Expected to Become Antidote for Revolutionary Movement in Russia.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 16.—To encourage athletics throughout the Russian Empire the Czar to-day issued a ukase creating a Ministry of Sport.

General Voyekoff was appointed the first Minister. He began by forming an Olympic council among leading Russian sportsmen in preparation for the Berlin games of 1916.

It is expected that football will act as an antidote to the revolutionary movement.

Tells Babies' Future By Tone of Wails

Society Leader of Washington Says Infant With Lusty Cry Will Be Successful.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. L. B. Bishop, a society leader of Chicago, now in Washington, can tell from a baby's cry the kind of a man or woman it will make when grown.

"Te baby that cries with a whine or a snarl note," said Mrs. Bishop today, "will make a discontented, fretful adult. The infant whose cry is a series of wails will have a chip on its shoulder always, while the youngster with a strong, lusty cry, with a laugh and a smile at the close, will make a world leader."

FACTORY GIRL ACCUSES FRANK

IRENE JACKSON, pictured below, is an 18-year-old ex-employee of the Pencil Company. On the stand yesterday she testified as follows:

"Emily Mayfield and I were in the ladies' dressing room of the factory one morning when the door opened suddenly and Frank came in. I was fully dressed, but Emily stood in her underskirt. Frank said nothing and walked out. Another time I was in the dressing room with my sister, who was lying down. Frank came in, but walked out again, saying nothing. The third time, I was in the dressing room with Mamie Kitchens when Frank came in. I was not dressed. He pushed open the door without knocking, looked at us, and then left."



Benton McMillan Off To Peru as Minister

Tennessean Lets Wife Do Talking as They Embark for South America.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Benton McMillin, of Nashville, recently appointed Minister to Peru, sailed to-day with his wife and daughter, Elinor, for Callao.

The Tennesseean observed diplomatic silence when asked for an interview, and said that Mrs. McMillin would do all the talking.

Mrs. McMillin was asked what she regarded as the duties of a diplomat's wife, and she replied:

"She should be intensely loyal to her husband, soothe his cares, give him help when he asks for it and always let him feel that he has her moral support. She should not meddle with state affairs."

Germany Also Snubs Panama Exposition

Kaiser's Government Follows John Bull's Action in Declining American Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The German Government to-day decided to refuse to participate in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

Pelky Is Offered Fight With Johnson

Tommy Burns Announces His Protege Will Meet Negro in Paris if Terms Are Satisfactory.

SAN DIEGO, CAL., Aug. 16.—Tommy Burns, manager of Arthur Pelky, claimant of the heavyweight championship, announced to-day that his protege would box Jack Johnson in Paris within the next three months.

Burns received a cablegram from "Jim" Pratt, the Paris promoter, as follows:

"Will you permit Pelky to fight Johnson in Paris? Public here anxious for the match."

Burns filed the following reply:

"Pelky will fight Johnson if terms are satisfactory. If I were not absolutely certain that Pelky can defeat Johnson, I would never make the match."

3 Dead, Many Injured In Missouri Cyclone

Large Section of Village Destroyed. Broken Wires Delay Details of Storm.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Aug. 16.—A cyclone destroyed a large section of the town of Buffalo, Mo., late to-day, killing at least three persons and injuring many.

All wires to the town are down tonight. Buffalo has about 800 people.

French Train Eagles To Fight Airships

Birds Are Taught to Attack Aeroplane Models in Preparation for Cloud Battle.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Pastor Schuster, well known Ornithologist, declares in a magazine article that the French War Office will use eagles to harass possible enemies in aeroplanes.

The birds, which are kept in army aeroplanes, are being trained to attack models of aeroplanes, destroying them with their beaks and claws. In case of war the eagles are expected to attack the pilots themselves.

Armed Negro Puts Luckie St. in Panic

Policemen With Pistols Force Black to Drop Gun With Which He Threatened Wife.

Residents in the vicinity of No. 131 Luckie street were thrown into a panic late Saturday night when Abe Stamps, a negro living at the rear of 139 Luckie street, armed with a double-barrelled shotgun, chased down the street a negro woman, threatening her life.

The police were notified, and Callmen Gorman and Evans responded. The officers, with drawn revolvers, surrounded the negro. Stamps threw up his hands and dropped the gun.

SUPREME TEST COMES AS STATE TRAINS GUNS ON FRANK'S CHARACTER

Defendant Will Take the Stand Early in Week to Give His Account of His Movements on Day Mary Phagan Met Death in Pencil Factory.

ATTORNEYS SEEKING TO ESTABLISH COMPLETE ALIBI

Believed That Case Will Stand or Fall on Efforts of Prosecution to Prove Its Charge of Immorality Against Accused---Many Witnesses Called.

BY AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The third week of the Frank trial came to an end at noon Saturday.

The defense has not yet concluded its case, but confidently expects to finish within the next day or two.

Its last card, and one of its biggest, will be the defendant's statement. This statement is scheduled for the early part of this week.

It will mark the climax of the defense's case, just as Conley's story marked the climax of the State's.

It became more and more evident as the case progressed during the past week that the defense is pitting Frank squarely against Conley—that it is to be Frank's life or Conley's life for little Mary Phagan's, snuffed out cruelly nearly four months ago in the National Pencil Factory.

Frank's statement on the stand, which the law permits him to make, but not under oath, and which may be accepted by the jury, either in whole or in part, in preference to all the sworn testimony, will be matched against the story the negro told so dramatically and with such frightful emphasis soon after the case got under way.

Into the negro's story, moreover, was injected the question of Frank's general character, particularly in one unmentionable direction, and this the defense will undertake to offset completely and finally.

More than a hundred witnesses have been summoned to testify to Frank's good character, and these include men and women from every walk of life, where it could be shown that such witnesses had come in contact with Frank from time to time in such wise as to be competent judges of his general character.

Dalton's Testimony Impeached.

Already, the one witness (Dalton) so far introduced by the State to corroborate Conley has been successfully impeached by the defense, and it is likely that others introduced to uphold the negro also will be subjected to impeachment proceedings, if the defense suspects that it may successfully inaugurate the same.

The defense seemingly has realized fully the heavy necessity of breaking down Conley's awful story, not only in direct connection with the murder, but in every phase of it that bears upon the character of the defendant.

As a primary proposition, the advantage in the situation thus set up dwells within the defense.

In the first place, Frank goes to the jury with the presumption of innocence in his favor. The burden is not upon him to make out a case in behalf of himself. It is upon the State to make out a case against him.

Moreover, the only right of appeal attaching to persons indicted for felonies is within the defense. Once the State loses, it is lost forever.

The State must allege and prove the guilt of the defendant "beyond a reasonable doubt," and fight right up to that limit.

If there remains a reasonable doubt of Frank's guilt, after the last word has been said to the jury, Frank, under the law, is entitled to it, and if the trial jury fails to award it, a court of review will remedy the legal wrong thus inflicted upon him.

All State Testimony Sworn.

The State, moreover, must submit every bit of its evidence, to the last shred or patch, under oath.

The defense, on the contrary, may clear itself upon testimony not one word of which is sworn to.

The State's star witness, Conley, also comes into court a confessed accessory after the fact of the murder, a confessed falsifier in numerous conflicting statements as to his knowledge of and connection with the crime, and accompanied by a well established jail record fearfully and wonderfully made up.

His is a much harder story to hold up than Frank's, viewing the two stories generally and in their broader personal aspects.

Even without Conley, to be sure, the State still has a circumstantial case against Frank that might compel considerable attention and respect, but there are few people who seemingly believe that it alone would be sufficiently strong to convict.

It probably is a realization of the State's tremendous task, involved in the holding together of Conley's story, that has caused

DORSEY SURE OF CASE AS CRISIS COMES

Solicitor Expects to Prove That Frank Had Life Which He Hid From Relatives and Friends

INTEREST CENTERS ON ATTACK ON CHARACTER

Continued from Page 1.

the defense to train its every gun squarely upon it, for upon Conley's story will the State be forced to stand or fall eventually.

One of the curious things about the Frank case is the way the question of his general character got into the pleadings.

Theoretically, the defense alone may put the defendant's character in issue—it being contemplated by the law that no man shall be required, without his own consent, to answer more than one charge at one and the same time.

And so far as legal strategy and astuteness is concerned, the State ouegenera lthe defense in the matter of getting Frank's character before the jury.

Had Conley, the State's star witness, ben a man, even a negro, of respectability and approximately good previous record, the necessity of attaching to Frank the charge of utter depravity might not have seemed so pressing. But Frank's previous good record seemed so well established, and his standing generally was thought to be so high, that it contrasted rather painfully with the record of the main witness of all others (Conley) set up for the defndant's undoing.

The State doubtless knew that the unspeakable portion of Conley's evidence was primarily inadmissible, but it also knew that the defense would be taking rather a long chance to move its rejection when tendered.

In that event, a sinister and certainly dangerous impression would have been left upon the mind of the jury.

So the State deliberately drew out of Conley the unmentionable charge, which, in addition to the murder charge, undoubtedly made absolutely necessary the injection of Frank's character in issue.

The defense, in not objecting to the admission of the evidence last cited when it was first offered, may have been moved by the idea that it would, in the cross-examination of Conley, so break him down that it still might save itself the necessity of pleading Frank's good character—that it would even be able to make the frightful charge of perversion act as a boomerang on Conley!

Defense's Delay Gives State Victory.

Seemingly, that idea, if it ever existed, was dissipated as the Conley cross-examination proceeded, however, for eventually the defense DID move to strike out the evidence, but at that time it was too late.

Having walked into the trap set by the State, if it indeed was a trap, the defense could not very well extricate itself save by pleading Frank's complete good character, and thus in a sweeping way dispose of the specific charge lodged against Frank by Conley, in addition to the murder charge.

Once committed to the necessity of establishing Frank's good character, however, the defense went at it in no half-hearted way.

It summoned indiscriminately every employee of the National Pencil Factory, male and female, old and new, and with unanimous voice they testified willingly and thoroughly that the defendant's general character is good.

In addition to these witnesses, business men, former college professors and classmates, and dozens of others fell into line with the same line of evidence.

The State now stands, therefore, where it must close up the gap between its primary allegation, dependent alone upon Conley's word so far, and the absolute proof of his sinister story.

If the State in rebuttal is able to prove conclusively that Frank is the thing Conley has labeled him, the State's case will go to the jury dangerously formidable.

If it fails to substantiate and corroborate Conley, it will go to the jury greatly weakened.

To overcome the fine showing as to Frank's good character made by the defense the State must bring forth witnesses in rebuttal that can not be impeached.

The impression throughout Atlanta is that to fail in the establishment and corroboration of Conley's story by witnesses of integrity and standing will be to fail in a crisis heavily important to the State now.

Strange to say—there are so many strange things to say in this surpassingly strange Phagan story—one of the State's apparent weaknesses is proving, in one direction, to be one of its greatest elements of strength.

The deefnse's strenuous insistence that Conley's remarkable story is impossible is one reason why a lot of people are saying that it is impossible. Conley may have manufactured it out of the whole cloth.

If it is a lie, it is a lie too devilishly cunning for a negro of Conley's limited mentality to conjure or carry in his own mind in such remarkable detail, these people hold. If the negro were only less sure of everything, if he had wabbled dangerously under the terrific grilling administered by Luther Z. Rosser, if he had broken down or contradicted himself in any essential detail once he got to the witness stand, it now would be an easier thing for many people, fair-minded enough, too, to believe the negro's tale a mass of lies from start to finish!

And the danger to the defense here is that if Conley's story sticks in the minds of the jury, even in fractional part, it probably just as well stick in its entirety, so far as the hope of acquittal upon this trial is concerned.

Whole Story Must Be Torn Asunder.

In other words, many people are arguing to themselves that the negro, no matter how hard he tried and no matter how generously he was coached, still neevr could have framed up a story like the one he told, unless there was somewhere in it some foundation in fact.

And if there remains the impression of even a little foundation in fact, the defense is damaged beyond repair.

And so it gets back to where it started, and to where it will end—it is Conley pitted against Frank!

The State, with the burden of proof to carry, appears to have considerably more of an uphill fight on its hands than the deefnse has, and yet the very nature of both fights—uncompromising, and neither asking nor giving quarter—makes it something of a toss-up, really, as to which actually, and as a matter of fact, has the harder task to perform.

Undoubtedly, the defense expects to profit much through its insistence that the time element, as set up in Conley's story, constitutes a most vital and compelling factor in determining the truth or falsity of the entire story.

It is rather odd, too, that the defense should be relying upon the State's witnesses in this matter quite as much as upon its own. It will seek to use generously the State's witnesses to the State's embarrassment—through the discrediting of Conley's story—in several different directions.

The deefnse is seeking to show how utterly absurd Conley's story is from Frank's point of view, by setting up these incompatible things:

Time Element Again Enters Case.

That Mary Phagan (Conley's testimony) reached the pencil factory sufficiently well in advance of Monteen Stover (Conley's testimony) to go up to Frank's office, get her pay, be lured to a room in the rear and killed, notwithstanding the fact that Miss Stover (Conley's and Miss Stover's testimony) reached the factory at 12:05. And this despite the fact that Mary Phagan could not have been in the factory before 12:12, in any event, as shown by Mrs. Coleman (Mary's mother), George Epps, a motorman, and a conductor.

To get around this state of things, set up for the most part by the State's own witnesses, the State already has suggested, by a line of examination probably to be amplified, that the car upon which Mary Phagan came into town on Saturday, April 26, was running AHEAD of scheduled time, and that the litle girl did, as a matter of fact, reach the factory before 12:12, and that the clock in the factory, by which both Miss Stover and Conley testified as to the time, was running SLOW on the day of the crime.

In other words, to meet its own witnesses' statements, the State will move backward the time of the street car and move forward the time of the office clock!

If the State can do that, which looks like a big job, it will eliminate the dangerous time element in one direction, at least; but if it can not do that, it will find itself in a most trying position.

And whether it now can get away from its own established time element is one of the very prettiest problems involved in the entire case thus far!

Again, the defense will insist that the time element cuts in another direction most favorably in Frank's behalf, when it will show by Conley's evidence that the disposing of Mary Phagan's body began at 12:56, but that Frank was seen at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets at 1:10, waiting for a car. The latter fact is testified to by Miss Helen Curran positively, and she is unimpeachable.

Every Second Has Important Bearing.

The defense contends that the body of Mary Phagan could not have been disposed of, and the things done that Conley alleges were done, within the fourteen minutes of time thus allowed, between the beginning of the work, according to Conley, and the time of Frank's presence two blocks and a half away.

Conley would have been obliged to dispose of the body in the remarkable way he says he did, have written the notes, remained in the wardrobe eight minutes or more, all within the fourteen minutes.

According to the State's own witnesses, Conley was in the wardrobe eight minutes and used six minutes framing the notes. This would have consumed the entire fourteen minutes, without the dead girl's body ever having been touched.

It is admitted among lawyers generally that there is no defense so completely effective as a sustained alibi—which means that the crime alleged was committed in the absence and without the knowledge of the alleged principal to it, or, more properly stated, perhaps, that the crime could not have been committed by the defendant because it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have effected it, in the circumstances of it.

The past week, of course, was the defense's day in court, and it is but fair to say that it made good use of it.

Evidence Really Challenge to State.

It has frankly and aggressively urged Frank's character as a vital fact in his favor, and it thereby challenged the State to do its very worst by way of breaking that character down, if it can.

This attitude upon the part of the defense undoubtedly has had a steadying effect upon the public, too, for it seems at least to have suspended judgment pending the State's rebuttal.

In addition to its insistence upon Frank's good character, the defense unquestionably has given the State serious concern in the way it has brought forward the time element, and that in two separate and distinct directions.

If it successfully maintains either one of its time theories, it will have greatly discredited Conley's story. If it successfully maintains both theories, it will have about discredited the Conley story to the point of complete collapse.

As it was out of order to conclude at the end of the second week of the Frank trial, however, that the State had made out a case that could not be broken down, so it now is out of order to conclude that the defense has broken down the State.

The State for one thing does not appear to be particularly alarmed, either by the injection of Frank's character or by the turning of the time element against the Conley story.

The State, it must be remembered, has not yet entered or disclosed its rebuttal, either of the character evidence or the undermining of its own witnesses as to the time elements stated.

Dorsey Seems All Confidence.

It is perfectly confident of its ability to show that Frank's character is not good, despite the opinions of his friends, business associates and acquaintances; and it will insist, indeed, that as in other depraved characters of the sort it claims Frank to be, his business acquaintances, his relatives and his social intimates would be the very last people of all to discover the truth concerning him.

The State, in seeking to prove Frank a dissolute character, may be forced to the summoning of dissolute characters, with whom he is alleged to have been associated in degrading practices, in order to prove its contention.

Thus witnesses brought out by the State to establish Frank's depravity are apt to be easier marks for impeachment proceedings than witnesses of the ordinary sort, and to that extent the breaking down of Frank's character is pregnant with difficulty.

Nevertheless, the State proposes to establish the fact of Frank's degeneracy by witnesses of sufficient credibility, particularly in the nature of the charge sought to be proved, to get by at least in sufficient numbers to overwhelm the defendant.

If the State can put up even one or two witnesses that can weather the gale of the defense's rights of impeachment, it will have put Frank in a most unenviable position before the jury. If, therefore, it puts up 50 witnesses, and 48 of them get knocked out, there still will remain the two that stood the test!

Here, then, is another pretty problem to be thrashed out: Can the State, in sustaining a charge of degeneracy against Frank, bring forth witnesses to prove it absolutely, and at the same time not bring forth witnesses so much a party to Frank's offense that they will run serious risks in testifying themselves?

A witness who is willing to swear that he saw Frank do thus and so, or was a party to Frank's doing thus and so, if the thus and so is particularly reprehensible, is apt to get on pretty thin ice himself, if he isn't very careful!

The State says it can and will rebut Frank's good character. If it does, Frank is in unutterably bad shape; but if it doesn't, Frank's cause must be helped tremendously.

Frank Really Combats 2 Charges.

It is markedly unique in the annals of judicial procedure in Georgia, as it is contrary to the entire theory of the law, that Leo Frank should be engaged now in combating at one and the same time two of the gravest crimes in the catalogue of crime, when he has been indicted for only one.

As extraordinary as the Frank case is in so many of its ramifications, it is extraordinary in nothing more than in that!

And yet, which is additionally unique, the fact that he is answering two charges simultaneously is largely the fault or the misfortune of his own lawyers!

Judge Roan virtually admitted that had the more sinister charge of Conley been objected to by the defense at the proper time, he would not have admitted it. It was not objected to, however, and it, therefore, was left in the record. So, in a way, if not technically, Frank is answering the two charges of his own voluntary motion!

Apparently neither the State nor the defense has hesitated to suggest things calculated to prejudice the minds of the jury whenever either could.

For instance, the examination of Mrs. Rea Frank, the defendant's mother, as to the extent of her wealth and many details of her private life, and the suggestion that for some reason or other Mrs. Leo Frank refrained from visiting her husband in jail for two weeks or more after his arrest, seemingly were injected more by way of arousing some vague suspicion in the minds of the jury, rather than by way of proving anything definite.

On the other hand, the defense has not hesitated to suggest, wherever it could, that the entire charge against Frank is a police and detective "frame-up," and that Conley has been used merely as a cat'spaw to convict Frank; the presumption being that the big rewards offered for the arrest and conviction of Mary Phagan's murderer may later be distributed among these officials.

This suggestion seems to have been thrown out largely in the hope that the jury would assimilate enough of it to throw discredit over the entire case of the State.

Most Bitterly Fought Case in State.

There never has been in this State a case fought so bitterly and so uncompromisingly as this one of the State vs. Leo Frank.

Besides the life and liberty of Leo Frank, the preservation of his home and family circle, the restoration of his erstwhile good reputation, there are big fees at stake, big reputations to be preserved, big prejudices either to combat or pander to—and there is even some politics involved!

All in all, however, the public seems impressed with the idea that the trial has been as fair and square thus far as human ingenuity can make it, and that neither side has been given any undue advantage over the other in any quarter.

Much of the bitterness that has crept into the trial has been occasioned, of course, by reason of the fame and tremendous significance of the case. It is a battle to an everlasting finish, and both sides are pressing it on that exact theory.

Despite the fact that the case now is entering its fourth week, with the end not yet in sight, public interest still is at fever heat over it. No topic is talked so exhaustively about the streets, in the cafes and hotel lobbies, and even in the homes, as the now celebrated Phagan case.

Great crowds throng the stuffy little courtroom daily, and the hours have been few when admission could be obtained without extreme difficulty.

It is not thought likely that the arguments will begin before the end of this week, and probably not until next. It is anticipated that it will require not less than three days for the lawyers to finish their discussion of the case before the jury. Nobody looks for a verdict within the present week, unless the unforeseen happens.

Speculation as to the outcome of the trial is varied and general. The most widespread impression is that the case likely is headed for a mistrial, although there are many people who believe the jury will make a verdict before dissolving.

Newt Lee Falls Into Lazy Ways in Prison.

Newt Lee should worry. Being a prisoner is not the most undesirable occupation in the world for the old negro. There is no work to do, and now that he is safely beyond suspicion in this Mary Phagan case there is nothing for him to bother over.

Altogether, being in jail all day, alternately sleeping and dawdling from meal to meal, never leaving his cell, seems to suit the factory night watchman. Newt Lee has fallen into lazy ways there in the Tower.

The negro has been assigned to a cell almost directly above that of Frank, on the third floor south. He grumbles a bit at he monotony and scantiness of the prison fare, but then it comes safe and certain twice a day.

No More Fat of the Land for Jim Conley.

Time was when Jim Conley lived on the fat of the land. That was when he was the most prominent negro prisoner in Georgia, the vital witness in the case of the State against Leo M. Frank. None of your prison fare for him! They brought his breakfast of thick steaks and chops to his cell. Lawyers were considerate of the negro, and Jim experienced fat days, indeed for a little while.

Against his will, it is declared, they forced on him a cold bath and some good clothes, and he came to court in unwonted fine apparel.

But "sic transit gloria" Jim Conley. The sad fact comes that he is about to be forgotten at the jail. No more are his meals brought to him, and like the other "niggers," who never even got their names in the paper, he must subsist on prison fare—two meager meals a day.

Jim Conley, in his cell on the first floor north, sulks a little because of the unkind fate that has sent him back to grits and bread and water for breakfast. And he has taken no bath since.

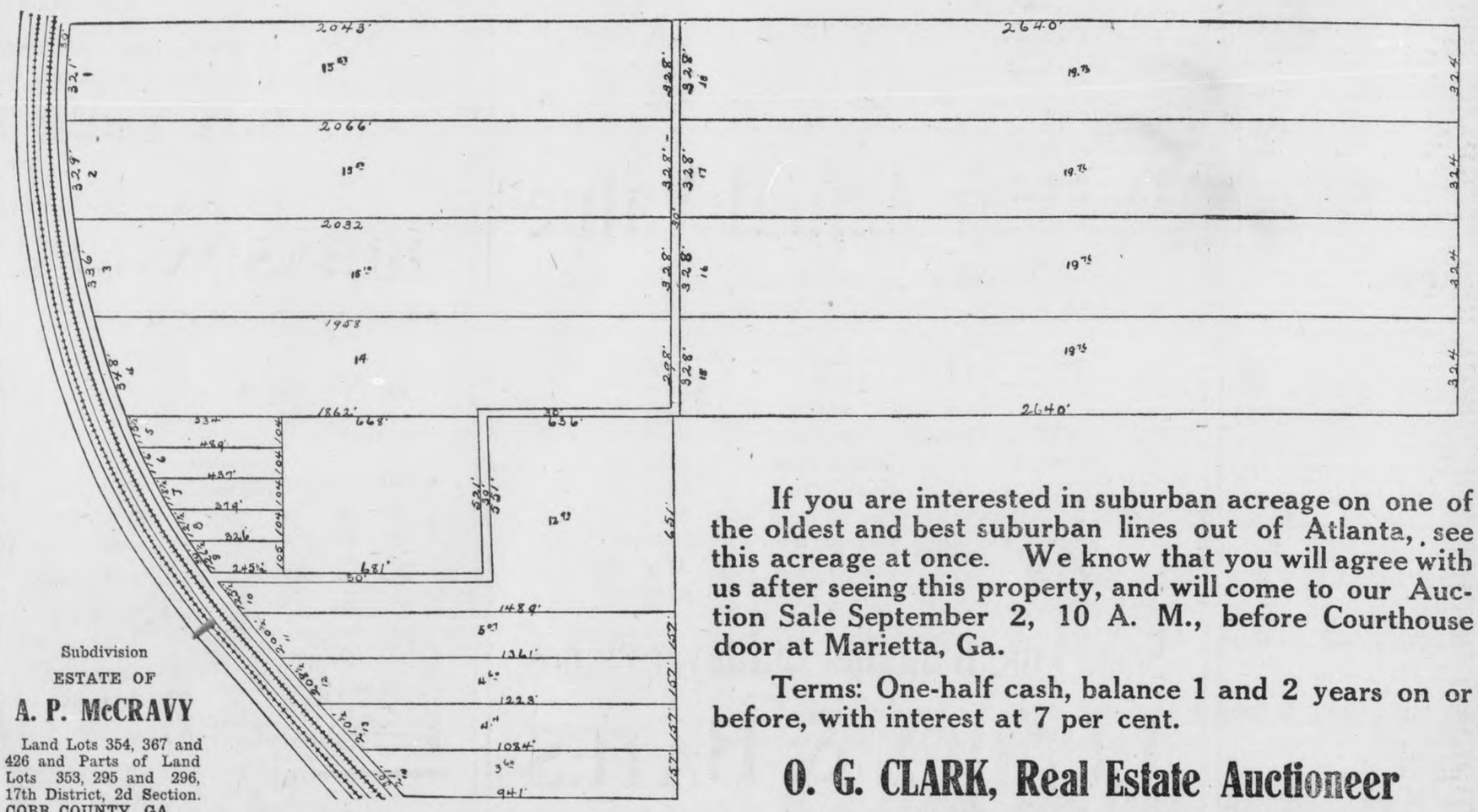
FRANK'S MOTHER DENIES FAMILY IS WEALTHY

WE are not wealthy and Leo has no rich relative in Brooklyn. My husband is broken in health and has retired from business. We have about $20,000 which is loaned out at 6 per cent. We live on that income. Our home, which we own, has a $6,000 mortgage on it. I have a sister, Mrs. Bennet, whose husband clerks for my brother-in-law. I also have one son-in-law who is in the retail cigar business. I don't know much about my other relatives. I have enough to do to keep up with my own affairs.—Testimony of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of Leo M. Frank, on the witness stand yesterday.

TRIAL TO LAST THROUGH WEEK, LAWYERS THINK

AUCTION! ADMINISTRATRIX SALE!

We will sell the A. P. McCravy farm before the courthouse door in Marietta, Ga., SEPTEMBER 2ND, AT 10 A. M. This property is at Turner's Crossing on Marietta car line, 2 miles south of Marietta, and has been subdivided into 18 acreage tracts, averaging from 1 to 20 acres each. 14 of these tracts front the W. & A. Railroad and the electric car line and the public road. The other 4 are in sight of same. All of said tracts have beautiful building sites, ground fairly level and mostly under cultivation. Several tracts have beautiful shades and many have running water. 3 of these tracts have small houses on them. All are splendidly adapted for suburban homes, poultry or truck farms.



Subdivision
ESTATE OF
A. P. McCRAVY
Land Lots 354, 367 and 426 and Parts of Land Lots 353, 295 and 296, 17th District, 2d Section. COBB COUNTY, GA.

If you are interested in suburban acreage on one of the oldest and best suburban lines out of Atlanta, see this acreage at once. We know that you will agree with us after seeing this property, and will come to our Auction Sale September 2, 10 A. M., before Courthouse door at Marietta, Ga.

Terms: One-half cash, balance 1 and 2 years on or before, with interest at 7 per cent.

J. B. JACKSON, Agent,
213-214 Peters Building, Phone Main 929.

O. G. CLARK, Real Estate Auctioneer
PHONES: MAIN 4412 ATLA. 1700 Atlanta, Ga.

MRS. JANE L. McCRAVY, Administratrix

GIRL EMPLOYEE SHOUTS SHE'D DIE FOR FRANK

Another Tells How Defendant Peered Into Room Where Women Dressed in Factory

LAWYERS FAIL TO HALT PRAISE OF THE ACCUSED

Dramatic Incident Comes When Witness Heaps Encomiums on Superintendent on Trial.

More than one hundred witnesses had been called to testify in defense of Leo M. Frank's character when the third week of the factory superintendent's trial concluded shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday.

Character witnesses occupied most of the time during the four hours of Saturday's session. They displayed a remarkable loyalty to their employer, who is being tried on the charge of being the murderer of little Mary Phagan. Only one of the number, Miss Irene Jackson, gave testimony in any way prejudiced to the case of Frank.

The character testimony, the tale of the finding of Mary Phagan's envelope and other so-called clews on the first floor of the factory by W. D. McWorth, Pinkerton operative, and the return of Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, formed the important features of the day.

Girl Furnishes Incident.

A spectacular incident, which would have been even more amusing than it proved had it not been for the evident sincerity and profound earnestness of the witness, came in the testimony of Miss Sarah Barnes, one of the pencil factory employees.

"I'd die for Mr. Frank if they'd let me!" she exclaimed almost the instant she had composed herself in the witness chair. Attorney Arnold had only time to ask her the formal question: "Do you know Leo M. Frank, the defendant in this case?" before she launched into an eulogistic description of the young factory superintendent that left her breathless at the end of five minutes.

The attorney sought to interject another of the formal questions prescribed by law, but by this time she had caught her breath and was engaged in telling her willingness to lay down her life, if need be, to prove the guiltlessness of Frank.

Attorney Arnold could not stop her. The court could not dam the flood of words. She had a mind to speak and she was determined to speak without check and without interruption.

"I know Frank couldn't have committed such a terrible deed," she cried, accompanying her declaration with an emphatic brandishing of her folded fan. "I have known him ever since I have been in the pencil factory. He has always been kind to all of the employees and to the girls in particular. He never has done any of these things that have been told about him. He has always been a gentleman.

Willing to Die for Him.

"I've had to fight for him, almost, a number of times since these awful charges have been made against him. I'm willing to fight for him again. I am willing to die in his place."

At this point she turned toward the jury and said:

"You can give me any sort of a death you want. I know he is an innocent man. I just wish that I could make everyone believe in his innocence."

Attorney Arnold succeeded in the brief space of one of the moments when she paused for a fresh start to ask the remainder of the questions he desired, and then gave her to Solicitor Dorsey.

Dorsey met with the same trouble. He tried to get her to say with whom she had talked about the testimony to which she was to swear. Disregarding his question as though if never had been asked, she continued in her encomiums of Frank until the courtroom spectators were convulsed with laughter and the Solicitor filed with disgust at his inability to get the sort of answer he wanted from the girl.

Miss Irene Jackson, daughter of County Policeman A. W. Jackson, was called by the defense as a character witness, but gave testimony on her cross-examination in regard to conduct by Franak which the State has construed as highly improper.

Looked in Dressing Room.

Miss Jackson said that so far as she knew the character of Frank was good and that she never had known him to attempt any liberties with the factory girls. To the Solicitor she admitted, however, that she three times had been in the girls' dressing room when Frank had pushed open the door and looked in.

Once Emmelin. Mayfield had been in the room with her, she said; once Mamie Kitchen and once her own sister. Her sister had threatentod to quit on this last occasion, she testified, but had been persuaded against it.

She said that Frank merely pushed the door open, looked in, one one occasion smiled to ard Miss Kitchen, and then turned around and walked away. She testified that the girls never were any further in a condition of undress than lacking their overskirt.

Solicitor Dorsey inquired of her in regard to a reported remark of N. V. Darley general manager, that "if the girls stay with us through this, they will not lose by it." She said she had overheard Darley say this.

Many Employees Called.

The following pencil company employees were called as character witnesses during the day:

Misses Mollie Blair, Ethel Stewart, Sarah Barnes, Corinthia Hall, Ina Hayes, Eula May Flowers, Elma Hayes, Minnie Foster, Obie Dickerson, Gussie Wallace, Annie Osman, Bessie Thrailkill, Allie Denham, Rebecca Carson, Maude Wright, Irene Jackson, and Mesdames Emma Freeman and Ella Thomas.

Frank Ordered Flirting Stopped.

Attorney Arnold in his redirect examination of Miss Jackson asked if it were not true that girls had been caught flirting from the dressing room windows, which front on Forsyth street, and that Frank had given orders that this should be stopped. She said that this had occurred.

"Might not Frank have been looking in to see if his orders were being carried out?" asked his attorney, but his interrogation was ruled out as leading to a conclusion on the part of the witness.

Miss Opie Dickerson, another of the character witnesses, appeared somewhat perturbed when asked by the Solicitor in regard to her movements on the Saturday night of the murder. She was requested to tell if she was not in the company of N. V. Darley, Wade Campbell and Miss Louise Gresham at the Bijou that evening. She replied that she could not remember, and the question later was ruled out as irrelevant and immaterial, on the objections of Attorneys Rosser and Arnold.

The testimony of W. D. McWorth, a Pinkerton operative, provided one of the sensations of the day, and at the same time provoked a lively wrangle among the attorneys over the manner in which the Solicitor persisted in questioning him.

McWorth testified that he found on May 15, on the first floor near a radiator, a piece of a pay envelope bearing the name of Mary Phagan, her number, 186, and the amount due her, $1.20. He said that he found at the same time several pieces of cord similar to that found around the neck of the slain girl, a club and part of a buggy whip. He described splotches near the trapdoor leading into the basement which he thought at the time might be bloodstains.

Neither side brought out what the real value of McWorth's testimony might be. The defense submitted it without asking whether the spots had proved to be blood, and the Solicitor also failed to question him on this point.

Dorsey's main attack was contained in his charge that the Pinkerton operatives had "played double" with the city detectives and, while professing to "go down the road with the road" with the city department, in reality branched off, discovered clews very material if they were genuine and kept their discovery a secret from the city detectives in spite of the agreement to work hand in hand.

Dorsey tried to find out from the witness under whose instructions he had withheld this information from the police while prentending to work with them. Rosser objected on the ground that Frank should not be bound by anything a detective did. While the point was being debated with some acrimony, Rosser, shouted, referring to Dorsey:

"The State of Georgia ought to be represented in this case with decency, your honor, and not in the manner in which the Solicitor General is conducting the prosecution."

Dorsey charged that the Pinkertons,

Three of the great army of witnesses called to testify in the the trial of Leo M. Frank, snapped by The Sunday American photographer at the courthouse. They are, left to right, Mrs. Ida Miller, Rosser Shields and Miss Ara Fagan.



TELLS OF FINDING CLUB AND ENVELOPE

BEHIND a radiator on the ground floor near the elevator shaft I found a piece of heavy cord, one end of which looked as if it had been freshly cut. There was also a piece of pay envelope folded up. The number 186 was marked on it, and the initials "M. P." I also found a big stick lying nearby, which had stains on it resembling blood. I also found stains resembling blood—six or seven of them—around the cubby hole on the first floor. I was looking for the girl's mesh bag when I found these things.—From testimony of Pinkerton Detective W. D. McWorth.

when Detective John Black had come to inspect the new evidence, showed him the buggy whip found behind the front door of the factory and did not show him the club which was produced in evidence at the trial. The Solicitor failed in his effort to show that McWorth and his fellow operative, L. P. Whitfield, did all this at the direction of Superintendent H. B. Pierce.

Time Element Again.

Interesting testimony, which may prove of considerable importance in the development of the time element in the case, was given by Knox Thomas, a civil engineer.

From the intersection of Marietta and Forsyth streets to the pencil factory, Thomas testified the distance was 1,016 feet, and that it required him 4 1-2 minutes to walk it at a fairly brisk pace. This is the walk which the State contends Mary Phagan made Saturday, April 26, to get to the factory from her car. The car was due at this corner about 12:07. This would have brought her to the factory at about 12:11 1-2. A conflict is found here in the State's own theory, as the Solicitor believes Mary Phagan entered the factory before Monteen Stover, who glanced at the clock and saw that it was 12:05 o'clock.

This obstacle is overcome by accepting as the truth the possibility that the car may have been running about five minutes ahead of time and that the clock at the factory was several minutes slow.

Thomas said that the distance from the pencil factory to Whitehall and Alabama streets, where Miss Helen Curran declared she saw Frank awaiting a car, was 831 feet, and that it required him 3 1-2 minutes to walk it.

The distance from Broad and Hunter streets to the pencil factory, the route the defense contends the Phagan girl took to the factory the day she went after her pay, the witness said was 333 feet, and that it took him 1 3-4 minutes to walk it.

Frank's Mother Recalled.

Mrs. Rae Frank, mother of the defendant, who testified briefly at Friday's session of court, was recalled to the stand when the trial resumed Saturday. The defense sought to show that Frank would have been most unlikely to make any remark to Jim Conley about having "wealthy folks in Brooklyn" by proving that, as a matter of fact, his Brooklyn relatives were of only ordinary means.

The witness became somewhat exasperated on cross-examination when the Solicitor insisted on going into every source of income, as well as the financial resources of her husband. She said that she and her husband were living on the interest of $20,000 which was lent to different persons at an average of 6 per cent interest. She said that this constituted all of the wealth of her husband and herself, except for the home in which they lived. On this she said there was a $6,000 mortgage.

Lanford Takes Day Off To Go to Camp Meeting.

Chief of Detectives Newport A. Lanford, under whose guidance the State's evidence was secured against Leo M. Frank, wants a day's complete respite and will spend Sunday at Sandy Springs, Ga., where a Methodist camp meeting is in progress.

Chief Lanford's activities in the case ended when the trial began, but he has been daily in the courtroom sitting close to Solicitor Dorsey whispering information about the various witnesses. The Chief will return to Atlanta Monday morning in time for the opening of Monday's session of the trial.

We Don't Want Them Maybe You Do!

This refers to a fine lot of used pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange on player-pianos. We need the room and they go on sale Monday at

½ Their Actual Value

Most of them are nearly new and are standard makes. Below we list a few of them:

Wing	*Used*	*$ 75.00*
Cooper	*Used*	*$85.00*
Cote	*Used*	*$145.00*
Smith & Barnes	*Used*	*$155.00*
Temple	*Nearly New*	*$160.00*
Everett	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*
Columbus	*Nearly New*	*$150.00*
Estey	*Nearly New*	*$260.00*
Weser	*Nearly New*	*$145.00*
Lester	*Nearly New*	*$225.00*

Some Fine Bargains in Player-Pianos

LUDDEN & BATES

63 Peachtree Street

Atlanta, Georgia



This Is a Thing of the Past for Our Tire Customers

RING IVY 2023

Three service cars and two motorcycles on duty day and night, every day in the year, to come to your assistance.

BUY YOUR TIRES FROM US

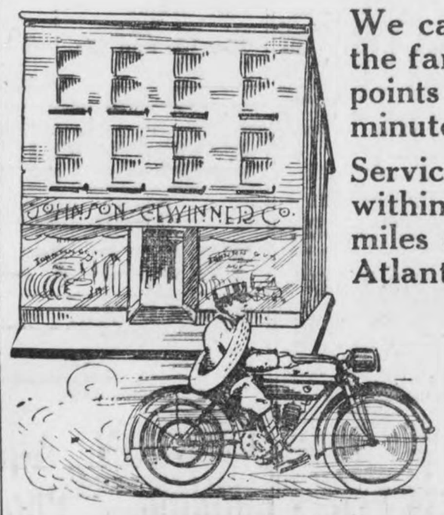
(We sell all makes.)

Our prices are no higher and the service is free

JOHNSON-GEWINNER COMPANY

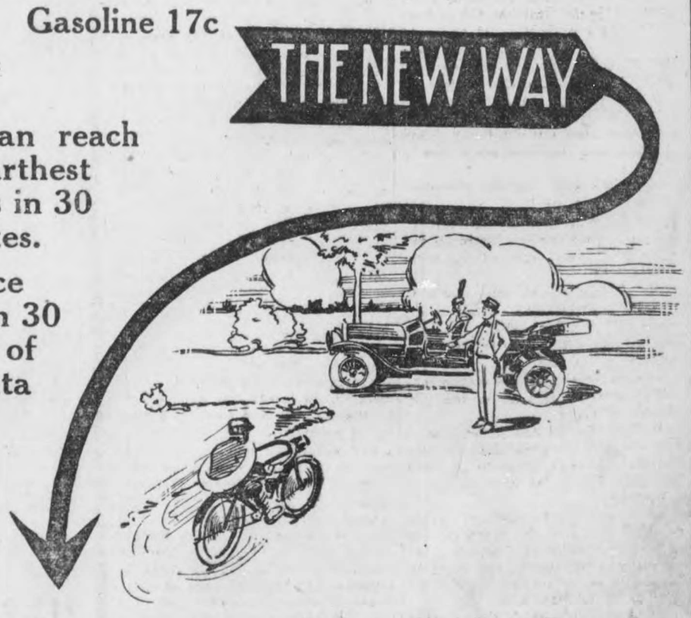
83-85 North Forsyth St. **Opposite Ansley Hotel**

Free Air Station ::: Gasoline 17c



We can reach the farthest points in 30 minutes.

Service within 30 miles of Atlanta



LEO FRANK IS READY TO REVEAL HIS STORY

Accused Superintendent to Appeal to Reason of the Men Who Will Decide His Fate

LAWYERS SAY THEY HAVEN'T ADVISED HIM

Defendant Will in No Way Try to Stir Emotion of the Jurors.

Leo M. Frank's statement to the jury, delayed from last week by the swarm of character witnesses brought in at the last moment, is the main factor of interest remaining in the trial of the National Pencil Factory superintendent before the rebuttal is taken up by the two attorneys representing the State.

What this statement will be the defendant's lawyers themselves profess not to know. They have had little or no part in framing it, they say. All they know is that he proposes to make one, and that he has been preparing it piecemeal as the trial has progressed and one point after another has arisen.

Whether it will be a formal statement read verbatim, no one knows except the prisoner and possibly his immediate relatives.

If the lawyers know they are keeping it darkly a secret. They believe, they have ventured to say, that it will be more or less informal and that it will be in the nature of an address to the jury and the court based upon the notes that Frank has made from time to time during the trial.

Appeal To Reason.

That there will be little appeal to the emotions of the jurors is practically a foregone conclusion. It is the purpose of Frank, it is understood, to appeal directly to the reason and common sense of the twelve men—to outline to them as he has outlined to his own attorneys the weak points or improbabilities in the negro Conley's story.

As well as this, it is his intention to picture to them his every movement during the entire day and to represent the physical impossibility of his having committed the crime and disposed of the body as Conley describes, if his alibi as set up by a score of witnesses is accepted by the jury.

The statement will embrace much to which he testified at the Coroner's inquest. But there will be much more. He will go into some things on which his own lawyers have not touched. The statement practically is certain to form a most remarkable and most important portion of the record of the trial's proceedings.

What promised to provide a sensation during the presentation of the defendant's case may collapse into nothing. This is W. H. Mincey and his startling declaration that he saw Jim Conley on the afternoon of the murder, and that Jim bragged to him that he had killed a girl that afternoon and didn't want to kill anyone else.

Appear to Doubt Mincey.

The attorneys for the defense have not been willing to say whether or not they would call Mincey. They have appeared to entertain some doubts of Mincey's credibility. Reuben Arnold said Saturday that he was not prepared to say that he would or would not call Mincey.

If Mincey's story could be corroborated it would furnish a most effective weapon in winning the battle for Frank's life. Granting its truthfulness, it is the most definite and direct evidence of the entire case, embracing as it does a virtual confession of murder on the part of the negro.

Mincey said he met Conley at Electric avenue and Carter street Saturday afternoon, April 26. Conley was partially intoxicated and becoming angered at Mincey's insistence that he take out an insurance policy threatened the agent and boasted of killing a girl shortly before, according to the affidavit made by Mincey.

If Mincey goes on the stand his testimony will become the target for some of the State's strongest rebuttal. That and the character of Frank will divide the attention of the Solicitor. He will not bother about much else. He is content to let Conley's story, as bolstered and strengthened by the testimony of detectives and other witnesses, stand as a sufficient rebuttal for practically all of the evidence that the defense has brought out in favor of Frank. The Solicitor believes that when the arguments go before the jury the members will be willing to accept the story of the negro as against that of Frank.

After Frank's Character.

Dorsey, however, has been unceasing in his efforts to wreck Frank's character. He has branded him as a degenerate and a criminal of the worst type. The introduction of character witnesses by the defense has given him a new opening, and he proposes to take every advantage of it. His attitude is shown in a colloquy between himself and Judge Roan.

"How far do you intend to go in that line of testimony?" inquired the judge.

"Just exactly as far as your honor will let me," Dorsey replied.

Judge Roan remonstrated that the Solicitor General should not seek to introduce evidence that he knew was illegal. The Solicitor smiled.

Dorsey has about twenty witnesses he will use in an effort to destroy all of the favorable impression created by the 100 character witnesses who have testified for Frank so far in the trial. From some of them he has promised to produce testimony of the most sensational sort.

One young girl, Dewey Hewell, not yet out of her teens, was brought all the way from Cincinnati last Friday for the express purpose of testifying against the young factory superintendent.

She was in the Home of the Good Shepherd, to which she was sent from Atlanta.

The defense is expected to close its case by Monday night or Tuesday noon if the cross-examination of its witnesses is note xtended. The rebuttal of the State will not last more than a day and a half, or two days at the most, according to the estimates made by lawyers connected with the case. This will bring the closing arguments some time Thursday. It is not improbable that he judge's charge will be made before court adjourns Thursday night.

Arguments Are Awaited.

The true strength of the defense and the prosecution will not be developed until the closing arguments. Much of the significance of important bits of evidence has been obscured and passed over lightly as the case progressed. The lawyers have been willing that the jurors, as well as the spectators, did not see the full import of certain pieces of testimony at the time it was given. They have been just as willing that no one understood the particular part it was to play in their theory of the crime. Their main purpose was to get it clearly and unmistakably on the record.

When the arguments begin, these apparently disconnected and disassociated fragments of evidence will assemble themselves magically. Their significance will dawn forcibly on the minds of the jurors under the spell of the eloquence and logic of four shrewd and capable lawyers.

As the Frank trial has surpassed all other criminal cases in the history of Georgia in the amount of testimony that has been transcribed, so will it surpass all others, it is very likely, in point of eloquence and masterly argument.

Both sides are determined. That there will be bitterness and rancor in the arguments is inescapable. If the attitude of the Solicitor has been forcast at all truly in his remarks during the progress of the trial, his address to the jury will be charged with as terrible and denunciatory invective as ever heard in an Atlanta court. If the prisoner at the bar, innocent or guilty, can save himself from cringing or from the least sign of emotion during the argument of the Solicitor General, he will have earned his title of iron man, indeed.

Alibi Built Up.

The two lawyers for the defense, Luther Rosser and Reuben Arnold, have built up an alibi for the accused man which they believe is indestructible. At the same time from this witness and that one, they have obtained testimony supporting their theory that the crime was done by the negro, Jim Conley, and that the negro's story is a product of his imagination evolved for the sole purpose of saving his own neck.

This theory has been suggested from time to time during the trial, but little attempt has been made to develop it in the minds of the jurors through the medium of the supporting testimony.

The two lawyers will marshal—probably already have marshaled—the evidence in its proper sequence and will then present it to the jury as the most convincing argument that the crime was the deed of the negro and not of Leo Frank.

"How's the Health?"

Can you say: "I am feeling fine!" If you're run down and have that "don't care" feeling, you need

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

because it imparts and stimulates the mental alertness and physical energy which attends perfect health. A tablespoonful in milk or water before meals and retiring corrects stomach and bowel disturbances, aiding digestion and helping build new tissues by purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood, thus restoring functional activity to the entire system.

Get feeling right NOW—Buy a bottle TODAY!

The genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, by most druggists, grocers and dealers. Should our friends for any reason be unable to secure it in their locality, we will have it shipped to them from their nearest dealer, express prepaid (cash to accompany order) at the following prices:

4 Large Bottles, $4.30
6 Large Bottles, $5.90
12 Large Bottles, $11.80

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be in every home and we make the above announcement so that you may become familiar with a source of supply.

Remit by express order, post office order, or certified check to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Company,
364 White St., Rochester, N. Y.

TIME A BIG FACTOR IN FRANK TRIAL

The time element plays the most important part in the trial of Frank. The State has built up an elaborate case to show that Frank had the opportunity to kill Mary Phagan. The defense, on the other hand, is building up just as elaborate a case to show that Frank could not have had the time to do the things charged against him. The principal time elements brought out so far follows:

THE STATE'S TIME-TABLE

8:30—Conley and Frank met at the factory.

9:00—Conley left to see his mother at the Capital City Laundry, Frank admonishing him to return in 40 minutes and meet him at Montag Bros., Nelson and Forsyth streets.

9:30—Miss Mattie Smith left.

10:30—Conley met Frank at Nelson and Forsyth streets. Frank told the negro to wait a few minutes while he went into Montag Bros.

10:50—Frank came out and went back to the factory with Conley.

10:55—Frank stationed Conley on the first floor. Frank said there would be a girl there soon, and he wanted Conley to lock the door when he stamped and unlock it when he whistled.

11:30—N. V. Darley left.

11:45—Holloway left.

11:50—Lemmie Quinn entered the factory.

11:55—Lemmie Quinn left.

12:05—Mary Phagan entered. The State contends that although the car schedule would have brought her to Forsyth and Marietta streets at 12:07, it might have been five or six minutes ahead of time, giving Mary ample time to get to the factory by about 12:05. The State also has to discard the testimony of George Epps, who swore that he rode with Mary to town and got off the car with her at 12:07 o'clock.

12:06—Frank went with the girl to the metal room and there attacked her. Conley heard the retreating footsteps and later a scream.

12:08 to 12:10—Monteen Stover entered the factory; was seen by Conley; went to Frank's office and found him absent.

12:13 to 12:15—Monteen Stover left.

12:20—Frank returned to his office, leaving the body in the metal room.

12:25—Conley dropped asleep.

12:30—Frank was startled by the arrival of Mrs. Arthur White.

12:50—Frank went to the fourth floor and told Mrs. White, her husband and Harry Denham that they would have to be locked in the building if they did not leave, as he was going to lunch.

12:52—Mrs. White left.

12:54—Conley was awakened by Frank stamping on the floor. He locked the door and a minute later unlocked it when he heard Frank whistling. Conley was directed to go to the metal room to get a girl whom Frank "had struck too hard."

12:56—Conley and Frank carried the body of the girl downstairs.

1:03—They completed their task and returned to Frank's office. Conley hid in a closet five minutes while two women were in Frank's office.

1:08—Conley wrote four notes at Frank's dictation.

1:15—Conley left the factory.

1:18—Frank left the factory.

1:20—Frank caught his car.

1:30—Frank arrived home, but hastily returned to town.

THE DEFENSE'S TIME-TABLE

8:25 A. M.—Frnk arrived at factory. Met Holloway, day watchman, and Alonza Mann, office boy.

8:50 A. M.—Employees began coming for pay envelopes, Mattie Smith among them. N. V. Darley arrived.

9:40 A. M.—Miss Smith and Darley left.

10:00 A. M.—Frank went to Montag Bros., Nelson and Forsyth streets.

11:00 A. M.—Returned alone to pencil factory.

11:45 A. M.—Miss Corinthia Hall and Mrs. Emma Freeman left factory after entering to get Mrs. Freeman's coat.

12:02 P. M.—Miss Hattie Hall, the stenographer, left.

12:05 P. M.—Miss Monteen Stover entered.

12:10 P. M.—Miss Monteen Stover left.

12:12 P. M.—Mary Phagan received pay envelope from Frank. Frank testified at coroner's inquest that she left his office in two or three minutes and that he thought he heard her talking with another girl and then heard their footsteps dying away.

12:20 P. M.—Lemmie Quinn visited Frank's office.

12:22 P. M.—Lemmie Quinn left.

12:30 P. M.—Mrs. Arthur White entered Frank's office and then went to the fourth floor to see her husband.

12:50 P. M.—Frank went to the fourth floor and saw Mr. and Mrs. White and Harry Denham. He stayed about two minutes.

12:53 P. M.—Mrs. White left. On her way down the stairs she saw a negro sitting on a box on the first floor. She thought it was Conley.

1:05 P. M.—Frank left for his luncheon. He walked up Forsyth street to Alabama and down Alabama to Whitehall.

1:10 P. M.—Miss Helen Curran saw Frank waiting at Alabama and Whitehall streets for his car. It is the contention of the defense that Frank could not have been there at this time is Conley's story is true.

1:20 P. M.—Mrs. A. P. Levy saw Frank enter the home of Emil Selig, with whom he lived at 68 East Georgia avenue. Frank sat down and ate with his father-in-law. The servant, Minola McKnight, saw him when he arrived home.

1:50 P. M.—Left home for factory. Saw Mrs. M. J. McMichael, his wife's aunt, Jerome McMichael, Julian Loeb and others.

2:00 P. M. —Caught car at Glenn and Washington streets. Met J. C. Loeb on car.

2:10 P. M.—Car was blocked at Hunter street by Memorial day crowds. Frank was seen by H. J. Hinchey who was riding by in his automobile. Frank left the car and walked on Hunter street to Whitehall.

2:20 P. M.—Watched parade. Met Miss Rebecca Carson in front of Rich's store.

2:40 P. M.—Was seen by Miss Carson to go in Jacobs' Pharmacy, Whitehall and Alabama streets.

3:00 P. M.—Arrived at the pencil factory. Went to fourth floor to see Denham and White.

3:08 P. M.—Denham and White left

Frank Follows Schedule in Jail Life.

Leo Frank is living a sane and rational life as a prisoner in the Tower—a life of scrupulous dumbbell exercises, daily cold baths, chats with many visitors, chess playing and reading.

Always an energetic man, Frank is himself even in jail. Each morning he arises at 6 o'clock and dives for his dumbbells. Following a brisk exercise he takes a cold bath, and then relaxes until breakfast is brought him.

Usually his breakfast is sent from his home. Before the time of the trial he ate in his cell. Now, however, coming daily to the courtroom he gets his breakfast in the witness room of the courthouse, and his wife is there to talk with him during the meal.

At 6 o'clock in the evening he has dinner. The meal usually is brought to the jail from a downtown restaurant or hotel, occasionally from his home, and always Frank's friends come to sit with him while he eats. Later they stay on to talk, leaving about 9 o'clock. Then there are papers to read, magazines to look over and an occasional book or two, which keeps Frank up until about 10:30 o'clock, the hour of his retirement each night.

Lawyers In Frank Trial All Georgia College Men.

Thomas W. Connally, the well-known attorney, has gathered some interesting facts about principal lawyers in the Frank case.

All of the lawyers, Mr. Connally finds, are college men. Luther Z. Rosser and Hugh M. Dorsey are charter members of the University Club, of which Mr. Connally is secretary.

Mr. Rosser is a graduate of Emory in the class of 1878. In spite of the fact that he was nearly blind during part of his college course, caused by an attack of measles, he was able by listening to his roommates study aloud to master the work so thoroughly that he took an honor in his class. For years he was an alumni trustee of Emory.

Hugh Dorsey is a graduate of the University of Georgia in the class of 1893, and afterward studied law at the University of Virginia.

Reuben Arnold was at the University of Georgia in the class of 1888.

Frank A. Hooper was a student at the Southwest Georgia Agricultural College before he entered Mercer, where he graduated with the A. B. degree in 1885. In 1888 his alma mater conferred an honorary A. M. degree.

E. A. Stephens, assistant to Solicitor Dorsey, is an Emory man of the class of 1891.

Mr. Rosser and Mr. Stephens are members of the Chi Phi Fraternity. Mr. Arnold and Mr. Hooper are Phi Delta Thetas. Mr. Dorsey is a Kappa Alpha.

Luther Z. Rosser, Jr., and L. S. Hopkins, Jr., from Rosser's office, have assisted him. Young Rosser is a Tech man, an Emory man and graduated from the law department of Mercer in 1909. Mr. Hopkins is an A. B. graduate of Emory, 1901, graduate of the law department of the University of Georgia in 1904, and LL. B. from Yale University in 1905. Mr. Rosser is a Chi Phi and Mr. Hopkins is a member of Phi Delta Theta and the Phi Delta Phi legal fraternity.

Luther Z. Rosser, Jr., and Hugh Dorsey are brothers-in-law, and C. B. Shelton, Rosser's brother-in-law, is a law partner of Dorsey's two brothers, Cam and E. Roy Dorsey.

Jurors' Wives Find Solace in Union.

None of your clinging wives are the eleven women who, the wives of jury members, are made widows for the while by the trial of Leo Frank. They are not women to stay at home and weep in weeds. With their "Club for Temporary Widows" they are making the best of a bad situation, and even finding some real fun.

Mrs. W. M. Jeffries, one of the wives made widows because her husband must serve on the jury, wandered about disconsolately the first two or three days. Then she became nervous and from nervousness she drifted into a spell of the blues.

Blues is the mother of invention, as all the world knows. With the tears not far from her eyelashes one afternoon she was seized with an idea that sent the tears back and that made her hurry to the telephone. One by one she located them, the other wives who were widows, and unfolded her plans for an organization.

"And then we should worry," she told each one.

The idea found favor with them all. Eleven women who didn't know each other before were drawn together, and now they can be seen sallying forth, consoled by their own numbers, and even gay, to the courthouse of an afternoon.

Time was when the trial started that their greetings were waved to their husbands with handkerchiefs wet with tears. But now the signal is gay. The widows have found in their common grief something to laugh at.

And the jurymen themselves don't worry about the folks at home so much now. They smile, too, when they leave the courtroom and catch the cheery greetings. All except C. J. Bosshardt, the lone unmarried member. There is no one to greet him, but they do say——

BIJOU Reopens Monday Matinee August 25
THE JEWELL KELLEY CO., IN A GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF "HER FATAL SHADOW"
Daily Mat 2:30 || EVENINGS 8:30 || BOX OFFICE OPENS THURSDAY AUG. 21

GRAND ALL WEEK AUG. 18th MAT. 2:30 & NIGHT 6:30
Matinee 10c
Night 10c, 15c and 25c.
THAT GREAT PICTURE
VICTORY
With U. S. Battleships and Airships.
The Wonder of Modern Photo Plays.

FORSYTH WEEK AUGUST 18th DAILY AT 2:30 and 8:30
REAL KEITH VAUDEVILLE
TOOTS PAKA AND HAWAIIAN MUSICIANS
GRACE DeMAR, COMEDIENNE
FOSTER & LOVETT, LAUGH WINNERS
KENNEDY & ROONEY, SONG AND DANCE
NIKKO TROUPE, JAP MARVELS
CASTILLIONS, BRONZE STATUES
PATHE PICTURES, MODERN
WILLIE WESTON, SONGS
MIKE BERNARD, THE PIANO

Could You Qualify as Juror in Case Hinging on Circumstantial Evidence?

By O. B. KEELER.

Putting it somewhat abruptly—

Would you hang a man on circumstantial evidence?

This is with some small reference to the Frank trial. Nearly everything has a Frank trial trend these days. And the trial itself is working around to where that problem is beginning to press on the twelve good men and true.

Also it is pestering the courtroom regulars.

It always does at a big murder trial. Probably more friendships have ceased over the question of hanging on circumstantial evidence than over the proposition that all men are born free and equal, or the world's series or the age of Ann.

You Either Would or Wouldn't.

Probably you have a pretty well fixed idea as to the ultimate value of circumstantial evidence.

Either you would hang a man on it or you wouldn't.

If you wouldn't, you couldn't have got on the Frank jury. Not honestly.

Because there is no direct evidence in the case.

In the first place it would be pretty tough if everybody in the world snared the conviction that no man should be convicted on circumstantial evidence.

If that were the case the potential murderer could use a little intelligence and a bit of care in arranging the stage setting for his crime and get by with it comfortably enough. He would just provide that nobody should see him when he let his victim have it under the fifth rib, or swung the well known blunt instrument, or pulled the trigger of the equally celebrated smoking revolver.

Then the fact that the knife had been in his possession for years, or he had been seen extracting the clue from a lumber pile, or purchasing the revolver from a pawnbroker, would be valueless in default of some open-faced person who would take his stand upon the witness chair and assert dramatically:

"I seen him when he done it!"

Moveover, what are you going to do with that most monstrous of all murderers, the poisoner? It is the rarest thing in the world for a witness to be present when he offers his victim the fatal capsule and remarks:

"This is a little slug of strychnine."

If he didn't say what it was, there wouldn't be any direct evidence that it wasn't quinine, you see.

So it does look as if some people in this world are well justified in their belief that there can be circumstantial evidence strong enough to hang a man.

Value of Direct Evidence.

It looks like a good thing, if only to bear the murder market.

Now, let's look over the value of direct evidence. And there's an odd thing about its actual face value, too.

Just at first sight it seems nothing could be clearer and more convincing. Here's a man, right on the spot. He sees all that occurs. All he has to do is to tell about it, in words of one syllable, if he likes—just a round, unvarnished tale.

The trouble is, there frequently is another man who also was right on the spot, and also saw all that occurred.

When it comes to telling about it, those two men, like as not, will each tell an honest and straightforward story.

But the stories may not agree.

Both May Be Honest, Too.

And both witnesses may be perfectly honest.

There was a professor of psychology or something, and he got all worked up over the amazing proposition that several intelligent persons could see a tragedy enacted and tell several and radically different stories of how it happened.

So he framed up a little game on his class of 40 students, or 60 students, or whatever number it was—all bright young college men, well above the average direct witness who just happened to be there when it happened.

The class was hearing him lecture one day, and, presumably, thinking of nothing else in the world, when one door of the room burst open and a pop-eyed man rushed in, followed closely by two others. The first man ran halfway across the room, wheeled and shouted:

"Stand back!"

His nearest pursuer leveled a paper cap pistol at him and replied:

"I'll settle you right now!"

The companion waved his arms and yelled:

"Down with the traitor!"

Then the first man ducked, ran for the door and disappeared, with the others after him.

Just Like a Regular Tragedy.

It was all unexpected, just like any regular tragedy. And it was all very sudden. It only took about ten seconds for the whole performance.

The class was surprised. That was rather natural. But the professor calmed the students and told them what it was all about. He wanted to see how accurate their powers of observation were under actual test. Had the young gentlemen seen and heard all that passed?

The young gentlemen had.

Then would the young gentlemen kindly write out each a full account of the proceeding, with the same care that would be used in testifying to the happening in a case that involved life and death?

The young gentlemen would.

And you can take it from the professor there was something to ponder in the "testimony."

A few samples will explain it.

How They Told of It.

One young gentleman testified that the foremost pursuer held a shotgun and cried, "Sic semper tyrannis!" Another was positive the weapon was a long dagger, and that the wielder said something about revenge for the invasion of his home, while his companion shouted, "Let me get at him!"

One eyewitness was sure the pursued man had dropped on his knees and lifted his hands in supplication; also that he had red whiskers; while another said he was clean shaven and held a revolver.

And that is a fair sample of the contradictory "evidence" given by eyewitnesses in the test case.

One thing stood out above all the rest:

Not one single student gave an absolutely correct account of the affair, which had been worked out and rehearsed carefully by the actors.

Believe Half You See.

And in a great many cases of direct evidence it is a pretty good plan to believe only half what you see.

And by arguing around in a circle it would seem that there is a good deal to be said in favor of circumstantial evidence, if only because it is sought intelligently and considered in cold blood, in place of the usual goggle-eyed mental condition of the witness suddenly confronted with a raw and ugly situation, entirely at variance with anything else he ever had encountered before.

And now could you qualify as juror in a circumstantial evidence case?

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from Jacobs' Pharmacy and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

Every Summer Garment

Every Dress, Every Suit, Every Waist, Every Skirt

Almost Given Away!

---At Frohsin's

THIS will be the FINAL and most extraordinary call, of the season, to the women of Atlanta—to buy, for next-to-nothing, any Summer Dress, Suit, Waist or Skirt—in our Store!

Every Summer Garment MUST now be disposed of—we MUST make room for the workmen who are coming to remodel our Ready-to-Wear Dept.

Sale commences at 8 o'clock to-morrow (Monday) morning. Our store is full of surprising BARGAINS—there are, by far, too many to list—but the few that are itemized below will give you an inkling!

Remember, There Are Many Other Bargains, Besides the Following!

Women's Dresses

Summer Dresses that were from $6 to $10, reduced to $1.95

Summer Dresses that were from $12.50 to $15, reduced to $3.75

Summer Dresses that were from $20 to $25, reduced to $6.75

Women's Suits

The balance of our summer Silk Suits and Woolen Suits, worth up to $25, are reduced to $8.75

Women's Skirts

Women's Skirts that were $1.50 and $2.00 reduced to 89c

Women's Skirts that were $3.50 to $5, reduced to $1.19

Child's Bloomer Dresses

Children's Bloomer Dresses, in sizes from 2 to 8 years, that were from $1 to $2, are reduced to 49c

WAISTS Worth $1 to $3 — 25c

A large assortment of odds and ends in Women's Lingerie and Tailored Waists, that were from $1 to $3, are reduced to 25c each.

Atlanta's Busy Store **FROHSIN'S** Fifty Whitehall Street

'COURAGE' IS MESSAGE SENT BY HAWTHORNE

Distinguished Prisoner Writes Poem When Told That Attorney General Denied Him Parole.

CONVICTS ARE SYMPATHETIC

Author Gives No Outward Sign of Keen Disappointment, Declares Penitentiary Inmates.

Julian Hawthorne, novelist, poet, philosopher, in the Atlanta Federal prison was a very characteristic Julian Hawthorne at the moment when he learned that Attorney General McReynolds had denied him the freedom which the parole board recommended and which he had frankly anticipated.

Hawthorne read a newspaper account of the official action. For a long time he stared at the story, which was a very short story. Then, without a word to the men near him, he went into his cellroom, and lay on his cot.

For half an hour he meditated. Then he arose, and wrote a poem that will be published in the next issue of Good words, the prison paper.

The poem is entitled "Courage."

It is a short verse of Hawthorne's typical pentameter style, and chock full of Hawthorne's typical philosophy of optimism.

Hawthorne Keeps Silent.

All this is the story that Hawthorne's fellow prisoners tell of the incident two weeks ago, when the news first came to the prison that the Attorney General had blasted the hopes of the distinguished prisoner. Hawthorne himself would say nothing of it, maintaining a consistent silence concerning his personal affairs, as he has since he first came to the prison.

It is generally considered among the prisoners who have come to know Hawthorne well that he was keenly disappointed at the action of the Attorney General, especially after friends in Washington had assured him that freedom was forthcoming, and after the parole board had acted favorably on his petition for release. It was believed that he had even laid plans for the period of freedom that seemed to be near.

"It hurt him," said one of the prisoners Saturday. "But he has kept it to himself. He never mentions the subject, and it looks as if he resents the mention of it by others. When they say anything about it, he usually laughs, and says nothing.

Prisoners Sympathetic.

"Well, it was only the newspapers who were sure I would get out," he answered once, however, to a man who said he was sorry. "It never was the most certain thing in the world, and I didn't consider it as such."

There were a good many expressions of sympathy, Hawthorne's friends said. The tall old man is a general favorite in the prison. But with it all there is no outward sign of disappointment as he sits in the midst of his fellows on the little hill overlooking the baseball diamond, his sharp face set, his keen eyes squinting as they look out over the bright, bare, sunlit field.

He and Dr. W. P. Morton will be free, by the natural expiration of their terms, in October.

Celebrated English Organist in Recital

Eugene Wyatt to Play Popular Program at the Auditorium This Afternoon.

Eugene Wyatt, the celebrated English organist, will be the soloist at the free concert at the Auditorium-Armory Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Wyatt plays to 12,000 people at a time in Royal Albert Hall, London. He is expected to play to over 6,000 in Atlanta.

While the program is one that will surely interest all musicians, it is full of melody and harmony and will appeal strongly to the popular ear.

Mr. Wyatt is the first of a number of distinguished organists who will be brought here by the Music Festival Association during the next couple of months. From among them will be chosen a successor to Dr. Percy J. Starnes.

Stockade or Reform Faces Young Woman

Nina Allison, Twice Escaped From Martha Home, Awaits Mercy of Refuge Keepers.

The question of whether Mrs. Nina Allison, a young woman who says she is a former telephone operator, must serve time in the city stockade will be determined by officials of the Martha Home Monday.

If they agree to take her back into the home, from which she has escaped twice, she will be saved from the stockade; if they decide she is incorrigible and can not be benefited by the home, she will have to go to the gang.

The young woman has been arrested on previous occasions and is now on probation. She was arrested by Policeman Barton Friday night with two men.

YOU SHOULD WEAR

Kryptok Bifocals—light, solid lenses—smooth, unbroken surfaces—cementing done away with—no clouding. John L. Moore & Sons make them and will be glad to explain these lenses to you. 42 N. Broad street.

'Kneeless Stocking' Arrives

Fair Wearer Defies Hot Weather

Miss Bunee Wyde, pretty actress at Forsyth last week, who shows how comfortable she is in new "kneeless stockings."



Miss Bunee Wyde said she should worry. Everybody else was swearing at the beastly weather whose heat left no peace in mind or body.

"You see?" she said naively, and hoisted her skirts a wee bit beyond the conventional height. She was wearing half hose. Men's socks.

She had brought to Atlanta a new fashion. Very frankly she announced her belief that the short socks are good to wear, much, ever so much, more comfortable than the long stocking; allow much, ever so much, freedom of the limbs, and are altogether desirable. And to her very best friends she minded not a bit to show them that she indeed wore them.

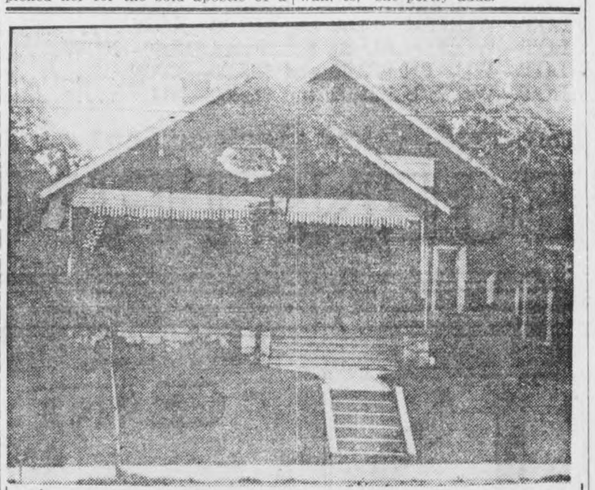
Everybody in Atlanta laughed at Miss Wyde and with Miss Wyde at the Forsyth Theater last week, where she played with Franker Wood in a little act, "Good Night." Nobody picked her for the bold apostle of a new fashion in wearing apparel, though. But she is, and a pretty good proselyter at that. She talked the new fad very generally in Atlanta while she was here.

She calls them the "kneeless stocking," though. "Half hose" has a cold, unfamiliar, masculine tone to it. And she makes the prophecy that the kneeless stocking will be popular.

"Garters?" said she. "Certainly not. I don't need 'em. Up New York lots of the girls wear silk garters or men's hose supporters with these, but under certain desirable physical features, you won't need anything to hold them up. They just stay.

"Of course you couldn't wear these with a slit skirt, and some might blush to put them on with a tight skirt that clings when you mount a street car or even a sidewalk curbing. Still, there is nothing immodest in wearing kneeless stockings. They are comfortable and convenient.

"Well, you needn't look if you don't want to," she pertly adds.



Here Is a Beauty and a Bargain!

Let us show it to you. Six-room bungalow on car line and close to Ponce DeLeon avenue and Druid Hills. Splendid neighborhood and only two blocks from school. Has large veranda, all conveniences. The lot has 65 feet frontage. The price is low and the terms very easy. A rare opportunity for an excellent home in a choice location.

SHELBY SMITH

W. D. HOYT, Sales Manager.

401-402 Empire Building. Phone Main 2627.

Daniels to Dispense Fresh Air Hospitality

Secretary of the Navy to Keep Country Home Open Throughout Winter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fresh air hospitality will be the slogan Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels will sound in Washington society next winter, now they have decided to retain "Single Oak," their country place on the outskirts of Washington, as an all-year-round residence.

Despite the distance from the fashionable center of the northwest, the Daniels plan a series of unique country sports to entertain their friends in good old Southern fashion, cross-country tramps, week-end parties when hunting and winter sports will be in order, are included in these plans.

At Christmas a jolly house party will make the old mansion ring from rafters to yule log on the roomy hearth.

Negroes Plan Big Labor Day Outing

Proceeds Will Be Used to Complete and Promote Bethel Church.

Preparations for the big outing conducted by the negroes of Atlanta at the Speedway on Labor Day are practically complete, according to announcement Saturday. The proceeds of the celebration will go to complete the Big Bethel Church building and to promote the industrial and social work of the church.

Among the stunts which will be pulled off at the Speedway will be automobile, motorcycle and foot races, for which cash prizes, netting $300, will be given to the winners. In addition, Bishop Turner and Dr. C. T. Walker will make speeches of welcome. Provision for white patrons will be made, according to an announcement of the committee, and no drinking or bad conduct will be allowed.

Lawyer's Attack on Judge Preston Fails

W. M. Smith Unable to Disqualify Recorder Pro Tem, Who Finally Finds for Him.

W. M. Smith, a lawyer, who clashed with Recorder Pro Tem. Preston in Police Court Friday, failed Saturday in an attempt to disqualify Judge Preston from sitting on the case of Mrs. B. E. Carroll, of 15 Houston street, charged with conducting a boarding house without a license.

Smith questioned Judge Preston as to whether he had complied with the city law requiring him to call on members of Council to serve on the Police Court bench in the absence of the Recorder.

Smith also presented a demurrer, asking that the case be thrown out of court, and this was overruled. The trial came to a sudden end a few minutes later, however, when Judge Preston, after three or four witnesses had been heard, dismissed the case for lack of sufficient evidence. He turned the matter over to Sergeant Barfield and License Inspector Hayes for a further investigation.

Cochran to Deliver Address at Clayton

Hoke Smith's Opponent Expected to Sound Keynote of His Senatorial Campaign.

Ralph O. Cochran, candidate for United States Senator to succeed Senator Hoke Smith, will fire the second gun of his campaign next Saturday morning at Clayton. The address, it is thought, will be the keynote speech of the Cochran campaign.

Although the Senatorial election does not take place until next summer, Mr. Cochran has plunged into the campaign with the apparent determination to liven things up considerably, politically, within the next few months. He delivered his first speech in Douglas County a few weeks ago.

Luncheon to Boost Atlanta-Made Goods

Merchants and Manufacturers Will Gather Tuesday to Plan Permanent Exhibit.

A luncheon through which it is hoped to create greater interest in the proposed permanent exhibit of Atlanta-made goods will be given at the Hotel Ansley Tuesday afternoon by the Chamber of Commerce.

Leading merchants and manufacturers will be invited and will be entertained with speeches enumerating the benefits of the exhibit. The necessary number to insure the success of the movement have not yet signed up and it is hoped to secure them Tuesday.

GONE TO NEW YORK

For the purpose of making Fall and Winter purchases. Will return in few days with fine display of latest styles.

SAMUEL ISECOFF,

78 1-2 Whitehall. Ladies' Tailoring and Habit Maker.



AUGUST PIANO SALE

THE large number who have taken advantage of this sale to own a dependable Piano, of standard make, at a greatly reduced price, has been very gratifying. We must make room for the incoming fall stock---hence the attractive offers we are making. Every one is guaranteed. It is your best opportunity. Don't miss it.

$350.00 SCHUBERT—English Antique oak case, rebuilt and in fine order...$165.00

$375.00 ESTEY—Oak case in very good condition $160.00

$350.00 CLOUGH & WARREN—Nearly new and only slightly shopworn $200.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case and excellent tone $175.00

$350.00 KINGSBURY—Taken in from rental. All the rent allowed $160.00

$400.00 HARDMAN—Ebonized case, rebuilt and in good order $150.00

$300.00 SCHULENBERG—Mahogany case and good as new, fine tone $210.00

$250.00 WALWORTH—Large size, mahogany case, in good order $150.00

$375.00 KINGSBURY—Mahogany case, in first-class order $180.00

$300.00 WELLINGTON—Mahogany case, large size, fine order $175.00

And upward of 50 other Pianos of various makes, slightly used and brought in from Rental to be closed out this coming week.

ONLY $5.00 First Cash Payment EASY TERMS ONLY $1.50 PER WEEK

CUT THIS OUT AND MAIL TO US

Please send me complete list of your Piano Bargains.

Name .....

Address .....

Cable Piano Co.

84 N. BROAD ST., Atlanta, Ga.

GEO. W. WILKINS, Pres.

CABLE PIANO CO

CABLE PIANO CO

HOBSON TALKS; O'NEAL SILENT; CLAYTON BUSY

Governor Urged to Call Special Session of Alabama Legislature at Once.

BANKHEAD IN WASHINGTON

Senatorial Tangle Shows No Signs of Being Straightened Out Except by Congress.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 16.—Prominent citizens, attorneys and politicians are advising Governor O'Neal to call a special session of the Legislature and place in proper position the United States Senatorial condition.

The appointment of Congressman Henry D. Clayton to the position made vacant by the death of Senator Joseph F. Johnston does not suit those in command, and, therefore, the proper channel will have to be sought.

Among those who have petitioned the Governor to call a special session of the Legislature is Walter Percy, prominent attorney of Birmingham and member of the Legislature. He says that in addition to the Senatorial matter some attention could be given to the elimination of the fee system in Jefferson County, where the Sheriff alone makes $50,000 per annum.

The consensus of opinion here is that the Governor will have to call a special session of the Legislature, in the meantime filling vacancies and then set about regularly toward selecting a Senator.

Legal, Says Bankhead.

Senator John S. Bankhead, who has just returned to Washington from a stay of a few weeks at his home at Jasper, near here, expresses the belief that the appointment of Governor O'Neal, announced last Monday, is legal and will stand. It is expected that he will be heard on the proposition the coming week in Washington.

Until the appointment is legally turned down in the Senate in Washington, no definite action is probable in Alabama. Everything now is in the presumption that the appointment of Congressman Clayton will be turned down.

Governor O'Neal is quiet on the subject of a possible special session of the Legislature so far as can be heard.

The names of Congressmen Oscar Underwood, Thomas Heflin, John W. Abercrombie, and Dr. R. M. Cunningham, of Ensley, are mentioned as probable candidates for the Senatorship in the regular election.

Hobson's Card.

Congressman Hobson says of Clayton's appointment:

"It is a brazen defiance of law, the people and the Constitution—the most humiliating travesty of our political institutions.

"It is a defiance of the law and the rights of the people, willfully made with the knowledge that the appointment is illegal and is so regarded by the United States Senators, not only by the opposition Senators, but by Democratic Senators as well.

"The effect of the appointment will be to postpone indefinitely the settlement of the question. This delay is fully understood by the Alabama politician, and is incurred against the earnest advice of our Democratic leaders.

"In the midst of the crisis of the tariff bill, the interest of the Democratic party, the relief and welfare of the nation, the law of the land, the sacred political rights of the people seem to have counted for naught."

SHOP TALK.

The Durham Jewelry Company, which has taken the agency of South Bend watches, has a novel way of advertising this well known make. It has placed one of these watches in the center of a 200-pound cake of ice. The watch keeps perfect time and is attracting a great deal of attention.

The 999 Clothing Company has opened at No. 34 Whitehall street. This firm is an immense Eastern manufacturer, and is opening one of its best stores in the South in Atlanta. With its large stock and excellent location the 999 Shop feels certain of much success here.

Miss Anna Von Hoffmann, an artist of remarkable ability, is appearing at the Montgomery this week. Miss Hoffmann's act will be an opera repertoire scenes from grand opera will be depicted, and the management of this theater feels sure that the public of Atlanta will be delighted with this singer.

OBITUARY.

Henry S. Chaffin, aged 25, died at a private sanitarium here. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Chaffin, of Monroe, Ga.; three brothers, Wyman, Hugh and Dana, and one sister, Mrs. L. B. Nowell. The body was carried Saturday to his old home, Monroe, for interment.

The Funeral of Andrew J. Glenn, who died Friday, will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from Patterson's chapel. The Rev. A. R. Holderby will officiate. Interment at Hollywood.

MISS ELIZABETH FREWEN, of Philadelphia, who kicked a Prince, and is proud of it.



American Girl Tells Of 'Walloping' Prince

"I Kicked Radziwill Out of His Auto for Kissing My Hand too Rapturously," She Says.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Frewen, of Philadelphia, arrived from London to-day on the Oceanic with a Pekinese named Bo Sing, a gift from Prince Albert Radziwill, who married Miss Dorothy Deacon, a Boston society girl, some years ago.

"Just because I tell you the Prince gave me Bo Sing," said Miss Frewen, "don't think he is a friend of mine. Just before I left London I walloped him on the jaw and kicked him out of his automobile for kissing my hand too rapturously."

Miss Frewen is six feet tall. She was met at the pier by Joseph Daley, of Boston, to whom she is to be married next month.

Boy Without Home Is Looking for Job

Judge Turns Waif Over to Probation Officer Who Seeks Work for Him.

With no folks and no home, a youth of 16 years, who gave his name as Albert Ollinger, told Recorder Pro Tem Preston Saturday afternoon that he would work if he only had the chance.

Judge Preston turned the boy over to Probation Officer Coogler, who said he would try and get him a job.

Ollinger said his native home is New Orleans, but that now he is an outcast, with no place to call home.

SEES BENEFIT TO PACKERS IN IMPORTED BEEF

Patrick Cudahy Thinks Lowering of Bars to South American Meats Will Aid Business.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Patrick Cudahy, who is here for a six weeks' rest, speaking to-day on business conditions in America, said:

"The chief effect of the tariff bill on our business will be to let in a considerable quantity of beef from South America. We welcome this, because we are rapidly approaching a condition when we will be compelled to import beef. The day of unlimited free pastures is gone. Farmers now are finding it expensive business to raise beef, and prices are going up.

"There may be a few hogs coming from Southern Canada, but I do not anticipate that this will have any effect on the market. I believe that the difficulties caused by the tariff can be adjusted. What is needed most is the creation of an independent tariff commission, which will investigate the whole matter and take it out of politics. That would be the best way to kill lobbying.

"Our country just now is cursed by politicians. I believe there is good times ahead. Although the corn crop is not very good, the wheat crop is excellent and ought to boost business."

4 Royal Bridesmaids For Manuel's Wedding

Eighty Princes and Princesses Will Attend Ex-King's Betrothed on September 4.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug 16.—Arrangements for ex-King Manuel's wedding to Princess Augustine Hohenzollern on September 4 at Sigmaringen show the ceremony will be gorgeous.

Eighty royal princes and princesses will attend, including the Prince of Wales, representing King George, and four princesses as bridesmaids.

The Kaiser excuses himself from being present on account of the German army maneuvers. He and other monarchs will be represented by princes.

25,000 Books From Carnegie Library Read Last Month

Trustees Note Addition of 400 New Members—Establishment of Branches Taken Up.

Four hundred new members were enrolled on the Carnegie Library lists and something like 25,000 volumes were taken out of the library for home reading, according to the monthly report of the librarian, issued at the regular meeting of the board of trustees.

The board discussed plans for the opening of the new Uncle Remus branch library in the Uncle Remus Home, in West End. The branch, which probably will be opened during September, will be in charge of Miss Mary Browne, who succeeds Miss Alberta Malone, who resigned to accept a position in a college library.

The board also considered the report of the installation of several deposits of books at various points in the city, including the Wesley House, the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills and the Baptist Home of Stewart Avenue. The board also accepted with thanks the recent gift of a photograph of Major Charles W. Hubner, presented by Joseph L. Humphries. The resignation of Miss Emily Kemp was accepted with regrets.

Savannah Minister Has Saloons Raided

Pastor Objects to Near-Beer Dispensaries Near His Church. Dealers Arrested.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—On complaint of the Rev. M. F. Roberts, pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church, three near-beer dealers, with places around the corner from his church have been placed under arrest and required to give bond for their appearance on charges of violating the State prohibition law.

The places raided are the same which received the attention of the authorities last Sunday. The men under arrest are Andrew Pappedes, M. Patro and C. L. Davis. A lot of near beer and whisky was confiscated and will be used as evidence against the men.

WHAT CONGRESS DID SATURDAY

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The Senate authorized the President to appoint delegates to the international institute. McLean urged inclusion of provision in tariff bill prohibiting importation of feathers of birds, and Lodge denounced free listing of fish. Foreign Relations Committee discussed Mexican affairs. Finance Committee heard protests of California wine producers against tariff bill.

The House was not in session.

FIGHT BEGUN TO PUT ATLANTAN IN JUDGESHIP

Lawyers Start Move to Assure Appointment of Local Man for City Bench.

With a committee appointed to place before Governor John M. Slaton the movement for an "Atlanta man for an Atlanta Judge," local attorneys have begun in earnest a campaign to have one of their number appointed to the judgeship created by the recent session of the General Assembly.

This committee will present to the Governor a petition signed by virtually every lawyer in Atlanta, asking that the request of the local attorneys be complied with in the making of the appointment. Already more than a majority of Atlanta attorneys have signed the petition, and other signatures are being secured every day. Hollins N. Randolph is chairman of the committee.

Others of the committee are Albert Howell, Jr., Clifford L. Anderson, Shepard Bryan, Eugene Dodd, Victor Lamar Smith, George Westmoreland, E. V. Carter, Samuel D. Hewlett, Samuel Nesbit Evins, William A. Wimbish, Robert P. Jones, Jesse M. Wood, Paul E. Johnson, W. Carroll Latimer, Lee M. Jordan, W. J. Tilson, Philip H. Alston, Harrison Jones, Hudson Moore, John A. Hynds, Van-Astor Batchelor, Thomas H. Goodwin, W. H. Terrell, Winfield Jones and H. M. Patty.

TWO FIRES IN NEGRO SECTION DO $1,000 DAMAGE

Fire at 10 o'clock Saturday night destroyed a negro cabin at No. 162 Terry street and damaged another at No. 18 Rawson street, two blocks away. The loss is $1,000. The alarms came in three minutes apart.

MRS. ZACHRY IS NOW IN AUGUSTA WITH HER BABY

Is Confident of Her Ability to Establish That She Is Proper Person for Custody.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Mary Zachry and her one-year-old daughter, Mildred, have returned from Columbia, where she resided temporarily after her sensational flight with her two children following a decision by Judge Hammond to the effect that the decision of the Ordinary with regard to the award of the children be made the decision of the higher court.

At that time Judge Hammond refused to go into the merits of the case, holding that he had no right to hear evidence on a matter which the Ordinary had already decided.

Mrs. Zachry's attorney, C. E. Dunbar, appealed that phase of the case to the Supreme Court, with the result that Judge Hammond's decision was reversed and the case will be heard in the Superior Court on its merits.

Now that the opportunity is afforded of a full and unrestricted presentation of the facts in the case, Mrs. Zachry is confident of her ability to establish that she, the mother, is the proper person to have the custody of the children.

Judge Hammond has ordered that Julian J. Zachry pay immediately $56 alimony due Mrs. Zachry, but has allowed some time for the payment of $40 attorney's fees in the case.

AUTO AS MATADOR SAVES FARMER FROM MAD BULL

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Matadors may be succeeded by automobiles as bullfighters. This was proven when Peter Green, a farmer, 60 years old, of Huntley, was being gored by a bull in one of his pastures. His screams attracted an automobile party of three men, who were in the road. They witnessed the attack for a moment, then the driver of the big touring car made a dash into the pasture and after the bull.

The horn was tooted and tooted, and the bull finally was driven away from the helpless farmer. Three of Green's ribs were broken, but he will recover.

MISS HANNA'S SCHOOL

368 Peachtree Phone Ivy 2163-L

Opens Monday, September 8, for its twenty-sixth session. A graded school with Primary, Grammar and Collegiate Departments, Art and Music. Office hours, 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.

Send For Booklet



New York Dental Offices

28½ and 32½ PEACHTREE STREET

Over the Bonita Theater and Zakas' Bakery

Gold Crowns - $3.00

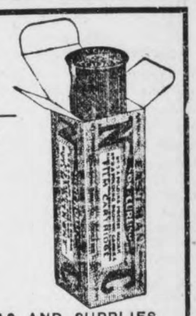
Bridge Work - $4.00

Good Set Teeth - $5.00

All Other Work at Reasonable Prices

Dr. W. J. Harper LADY ATTENDANT IVY 1817

Bring Us Your Films for Development



We Give You BETTER RESULTS
Why? Because We're Specialists at KODAK FINISHING

AND WE NEVER DISAPPOINT

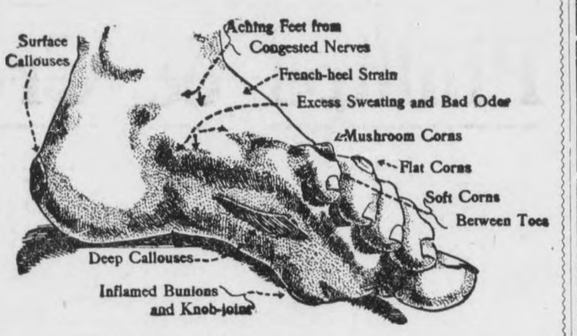
ASK FOR NEW PRICE LIST.

We Also Carry a Complete Line of EASTMAN KODAKS, BROWNIE CAMERAS AND SUPPLIES

GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.

Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree



Tells Positive Cure For all Foot Troubles

Science has proven that nearly all foot troubles originate from a common cause; that of injured tissues. The following information will be welcomed by thousands of victims of daily foot torture. No matter how many patent medicines you have tried in vain, this treatment which was formerly known only to doctors will do the work. Don't waste time. Get it at once. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

Selling Out at Sacrifice Prices for a Short Time

Antiques at the BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

222 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

A Chance to Get Solid Mahogany Furniture at Cost

We are closing out our Atlanta store and are offering special low prices, as follows:

$125.00 Sofas at	$93.75	$85.00 Desks at	$56.25
75.00 Sofas at	56.25	65.00 Pier Tables	45.00
85.00 Bureaus at	56.25	85.00 Library Tables	56.25
110.00 Book Cases at	82.50	85.00 French Beds at	56.25
125.00 Sideboard	93.75	35.00 Work Tables	27.50
35.00 Fireside Chair	22.50	65.00 Serving Tables	37.50
35.00 Scroll Rockers at	17.50	55.00 Corner Pieces	37.50

And lots of other pieces at the lowest prices such goods were ever sold at. Come early and get the biggest bargains ever sold in solid Mahogany Furniture.

BIGGS ANTIQUE COMPANY

222 PEACHTREE STREET

B. C. BUFORD, Manager ATLANTA, GEORGIA

REGENSTEIN'S REGENSTEIN'S

A FINAL CLEAN-UP

AUGUST REDUCTIONS

ON ALL SUMMER READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS

Wash Dresses $2.95

This lot of Lawn, Linen and Ratine Dresses—white and colors—worth to $8.00, NOW.. $2.95

Linen Dresses $5.00

This lot of pure Linen Dresses, white and light shades, worth to $13.95, NOW.. $5.00

Silk Dresses $7.95

This lot of Silk Dresses, light and dark colors, also China Silk Dresses, worth to $25.00, NOW.. $7.95

Coat Suits $7.50

This lot of Linen and Ratine Coat Suits, white and colors, worth to $22.50, NOW.. $7.50

Wash Dresses $3.25

This lot of Linen, Ratine and Lawn Dresses, white and colors, worth to $10.95, NOW.. $3.25

Linen Dresses $7.50

This lot of fine Linen Dresses, white, pink, blue and tan, worth to $20.00, NOW.. $7.50

Linen Dresses $10.00

This lot of extra fine Pure French Linen Dresses, heavy lace trimmed, white and colors, worth to $25.00, NOW.. $10

Coat Suits $15.00

This lot of fine White Wool Coat Suits—Bedford Cords, Diagonals and Wool Ratines—worth to $35.00, NOW.. $15

Fine Silk Shirts $1.95

This lot of fine Silk Shirts, white with colored stripes; low collars; short and long sleeves; worth $3.50, NOW.. $1.95

Fine Black Silk Coats

All these Coats reduced to half price and less:

ONLY 8 in THIS LOT—WORTH $13.50 and $15.00—NOW.. $ 7.95
ONLY 9 IN THIS LOT—WORTH $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00—NOW.. $ 8.95
ONLY 6 IN THIS LOT—WORTH $22.50 and $25.00—NOW.. $11.95
ONLY 5 IN THIS LOT—WORTH $25.00 and $30.00—NOW.. $14.95

None Exchanged, Taken Back or Sent on Approval

Forty Whitehall Street **REGENSTEIN'S** Forty Whitehall Street

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

U. S. LOOKS TO HUERTA TO RESIGN; CRISIS PAST

Only Explosion of the Republican Opposition in Senate Stands in the Way of Peaceable Settlement of Mexican Situation.

Present Executive of Revolution-Torn Republic Is Expected to Wait Few Days Before Stepping Down and Calling an Election.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—This was the happiest day that the Administration has passed since the developments of the Mexican crisis. Barring some unforeseen explosion, officials regard the troubles as in a fair way of peacable settlement.

Unless the Republicans stir up trouble in the Senate, the Administration intends to mark time until word is received that Huerta has resigned and has declared himself a candidate for re-election.

According to the latest information from Mexico City, that is what Huerta will do, after taking enough time to consider the propositions transmitted to him through Special Envoy Lind, to show that his backdown was dignified and not precipitate.

No doubt is expressed here now that Huerta will finally yield. On his retirement Senor Camboa, Minister of Foreign Affairs, will assume the reins of office and hold them until a new President is elected.

Carranzists May Cause Trouble.

Right here, however, comes part of the trouble. The constitutionalists now in arms are likely to declare, in case of Huerta's re-election, that he had "fixed" matters so as to be sure of winning, and refuse to accept the result.

That will not affect this country's position, however. If the United States is able to recognize any man as the legal President, the entire crisis will have passed and the Mexican Government will be able to secure funds with which to crush the revolutionists.

There is ground for great hope that the Carranzists will welcome any plan for a free and fair election. If both sides should invite such action, the United States would, no doubt, agree to supervise the election.

The Carranzists, as well as the Huerta followers, have been given thoroughly to understand that no faction is being recognized by the American Government. This is likely to have a marked effect on the election program as decided upon.

All the steps being taken by Mr. Lind are being communicated to the foreign Governments represented in Mexico. This is merely "for the information" of these Governments, but if they objected they would have an opportunity to do so without violating any diplomatic custom.

Majority Supports Wilson.

President Wilson has the full support of the Democratic majority in the Senate for his program. This was shown to-day when Senator William Alden Smith, chairman of the special committee that investigated conditions along the border, was instructed to submit his report when ready to the Foreign Relations Committee and not to the full Senate. Senator Fall was instructed to take similar action.

Senator Smith asked for more time to bring the report up to date, but Senator Bacon declared that if this were granted more members would be appointed to the committee to make it conform with the political complexion of the Senate and a Democrat would be made chairman.

Senator Lodge was invited by Secretary Bryan to-day to visit the State Department. They talked over Mexican affairs for an hour, and later Mr. Lodge said he had confidence in the sincerity of the President and wanted to give him all the support he could.

Opposition met Senator Smith's plan as presented in the Senate to deport from the United States members of any junta fomenting revolution against any South American country. This country was held up as the haven of political refuge, and Senator Smith was practically alone in his advocacy of the resolution.

JOHN LIND, former Governor of Minnesota, who, without official position, is sent to solve the most perplexing diplomatic problem that faces the Wilson administration.



© By ZIMMERMAN

Sulzer Charges Wall St. Made Victim of His Wife

Continued From Page 1.

hope that it will not. They believe the action of the Assembly will be declared unusual and that the impeachment court never will assemble.

The high points of the conspiracy story upon which Sulzer has built his hopes of a complete vindication are these:

1. That while Sulzer was away campaigning Matthew T. Horgan, who was living at the Sulzer home and keeping Charles F. Murphy informed of events, gave Mrs. Sulzer the tip on Big Four.

2. At that time Sulzer was in debt $48,000 and Mrs. Sulzer saw an opportunity to rehabilitate the family finances by acting on this market tip. She was assured it could not go wrong.

3. Campaign contributions had been coming in in large amounts and she took the checks, regarding her act as a legitimate temporary loan, and bought stocks.

Say Bank Books Were Stolen.

4. She was assured there would be an immediate and sensational rise in the price of Big Four, and she could take her profits and reimburse these campaign funds.

5. That her bank books and memorandum of these transactions were stolen, so she would be unable to furnish the proof of her acts if ever called upon to do so.

It is claimed that Louis A. Sarecky, Sulzer's private secretary, had full knowledge of all these transactions and aided Mrs. Sulzer in carrying out her plan to rehabilitate her husband's finances.

He is looked to by the Sulzer defense to take the stand and swear that Horgan gave Mrs. Sulzer the tip, assuring her that it could not go wrong, and that she was certain to make a profit of many thousand dollars.

The impeached Governor hopes to establish that at the time Horgan was living at his home he was in constant communication with Murphy, and the market tip came through him from Murphy. Sulzer recently said that he has learned during the time Horgan was living as a member of his family he was on intimate terms with Murphy.

Tammany Calls Story Weak.

Tammany foes of Sulzer declare this conspiracy story is so weak it will not stand analysis. "They point out that Mrs. Sulzer could not have hoped to win in the market the $48,000 her husband owed; that she was not speculating, but bought the stock outright. Had the stock gone up, as she professed to have believed, her profits on 400 shares could not possibly have been more than a few thousand dollars.

The reply of Mrs. Sulzer's friends to this is that she had been assured there would be a sensational rise; that Wall Street had planned to run up Big Four stock from 60 to way above par, and she anticipated her purchase would net her a profit of more than $20,000.

As a further evidence of her good faith, it is asserted she refused to buy on margin, insisting that by buying outright she would have the stock to reimburse the campaign fund if by any chance the tip went wrong.

The $48,000 Sulzer owed at this time accounts for the account with Harris & Fuller, the one account of which he admitted knowledge in his statement a week ago. Sulzer declared at that time, and his statement has since been corroborated by the brokers, that this money was borrowed by him on stock he had accumulated years before.

Nothing Improper, They Say.

It is now contended that there was nothing improper on the face of this transaction. Prior to January 1, 1912, a year before he took office, Sulzer took 500 shares of Big Four, 200 American Smelters and 100 Southern Pacific to the office of Harris & Fuller and borrowed $45,000. This was all the brokers would loan on these securities. The letters calling on Sulzer for more margins are explained in this way:

When the market values of the shares began to go down the brokers, following the usual custom, called on Sulzer for margins to protect his loans.

On October 12 Mrs. Sulzer bought 200 shares of Big Four, paying $11,825, from Fuller & Gray. This was account No. 500. The payment was made in cash and the stock was delivered by the brokers. It is claimed Sarecky handled this transaction for Mrs. Sulzer through F. E. Colwell and the brokers were told it was for Mr. Sulzer. It was said to-day persons who knew of this transaction besides the brokers were Sarecky, Horgan and Colwell.

Four days later the second purchase of 200 shares of Big Four was made for Mrs. Sulzer by Colwell, acting through the firm of Boyer & Grisswold. This stock cost $12,025. The rise predicted in the tip given Mrs. Sulzer had started and she was in a hurry to get aboard before the sensational climb of a "point a trade" began. She did not take time to cash the checks and send the currency to the brokers, but turned over a number of campaign checks, making up the balance with a $900 "William Sulzer" check. This stock was delivered to Colwell.

The Legislature officially will recognize Acting Governor Glynn, on convening Tuesday night. It will be necessary to have a message calling for the passage of the supply bill in order to validate such action at an extraordinary session. Sulzer has hitherto refused to issue such a message and has thus kept the Legislature in continued session as no money can be had for the expense of the session until this bill can be passed.

Mrs. Sulzer's condition is greatly improved this evening. Dr. Robert Abrahams, who arrived at 1 o'clock in response to a hurried call, returned to New York at 9 p. m.

Marion Lucas Will Get Savannah Plum

Congressman Edwards Picks Successor to Marcus Baker as Savannah Postmaster.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—The fact that Congressman Charles G. Edwards has announced his intention of indorsing Marion Lucas for postmaster to succeed Marcus S. Baker, Jr., who is expected to be ousted shortly as a result of a recent investigation of his private and official life, has created little surprise here. It had been known for more than a week that Lucas stood the best chance to land the plum.

Besides the indorsements sent to Congressman Edwards direct, Lucas has furnished him with more than 1,000 letters from Savannahians in every walk of life.

TAKES PRIZED BEES FOR VACATION IN MOUNTAINS

HOOD RIVER, OREG., Aug. 16.—W. W. Dakin, who owns the largest apiary here, left for his vacation in the forest reserves above Parkdale. Mr. Dakin took two hives of bees to the mountains to gather honey from fireweed in the burned-over regions.

"I am going to try for some of the prizes offered at the State fair," said Mr. Dakin.

TOWN BLACKLISTS 85 DEMON RUM'S SLAVES

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 16.—Leading citizens of this city are lauding the blacklisting of "habitual" drunkards, which prevents them purchasing intoxicants in saloons, as a far-reaching temperance victory. The list contains, according to the police, the names of 85 persons who have made no effort to free themselves of the drink habit.

ATLANTA INSTITUTE of MUSIC and ORATORY
A MODERN CONSERVATORY.
A curriculum that insures the best results, leading to certificate and diploma.
A faculty recognized not only as artists in their several departments, but successful teachers of proven ability.
Music and Oratory in all its branches.
OPENS SEPTEMBER FIRST, NEXT. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
20 East Baker Street. Atlanta, Ga.

MONEY READY FOR PAYMENT OF TEACHERS

Eight Months of Waiting Ends This Week When Borrowed Funds Will Be Used.

After more than eight months of delay, and despite the failure of the General Assembly to enact a measure that would bring immediate relief, Georgia's country school teachers are to be paid.

The money will come from the $475,000 recently borrowed by the Governor, on behalf of the State, under the new Constitutional amendment, plus 20 per cent of the $2,500,000 appropriated for the common schools for 1914.

The announcement that the teachers were to receive their back salary, for which they have waited patiently for eight long months, was made by M. L. Brittain, State Superintendent of Schools, Saturday afternoon, following a meeting of the State Board of Education at the Capitol. Mr. Brittain said the vouchers probably will be mailed Monday or Tuesday at the latest.

The State Board has also issued a notice that at its next regular meeting, September 29, the question of making a contract for school books will be taken up.

Publishers of school books will be heard by the board at this meeting. The contract will be let October 27.

DOCTORS PLAN NEW MEDICAL COLLEGE HERE

School Will Be Opened in Old Tabernacle Building in September, Say Promoters.

That a new medical college for Atlanta will be opened this fall was determined at a meeting of physicians held Saturday in the assembly hall of the Hotel Ansley.

This new institution will become a branch of the Southern University system, and will open for the beginning of the fall term on September 25.

The building on Luckie street formerly occupied by the Baptist Tabernacle has been secured as a temporary location, and is being remodeled.

Neither the faculty nor the board of trustees has been completed, but among the physicians who will occupy positions on the faculty are Dr. Charles W. Gould, Dr. Baxter Moore, Dr. W. E. Quillian, Dr. C. A. Rhodes, Dr. Hugh M. Lokey, Dr. George Mizell, Dr. J. O. Kinard, Dr. James N. Brawner, Dr. G. F. Spearman, Dr. Garnett W. Quillian, Dr. Walpole Brewer, Dr. W. T. Martin, Dr. George Murray, Dr. O. H. Matthews, Dr. Cosby Swanson, Mr. Martin, of Hood's Pharmacy School, and others.

The board of trustees is composed of Judge Beverly D. Evans, Hon. Thomas W. Hardwick, James L. Mayson, H. A. Etheridge, Judge R. B Russell, W. P. Anderson, the Rev. J. A. Belts and others to be elected.

Grape Juice vs. Milk

Secretary Bryan Does Not Have Undivided Support of Cabinet in Choice of Beverage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Grape juice as a Cabinet beverage has gone into eclipse, in spite of the prominence given to it by Ciceronian eloquence as being the only nectar of the gods.

A canvass of the preferences of other members of the Cabinet beside that of Mr. Bryan, whose favorite beverage is well known, disclosed the fact that plain old milk, sweet and buttermilk, is ahead in the race. President Wilson prefers orange juice to that of the luscious grape.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is one of the sweet milk champions and has a fellow champion in Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo leans toward buttermilk.

Attorney General McReynolds and Secretary of War Garrison are said to be ardent milk advocates.

Secretary of Agriculture David Houston is one of the two members that find enjoyment in pure unfermented grape juice.

Secretary of the Interior Lane prefers hot tea, while Secretary of Commerce Redfield likes his tea cold.

COLLEGE MEN TO SPEAK HERE FOR SUFFRAGE

Addresses by 'Varsity Students Fill Program for First Day of Association Meeting.

A college day program will feature the open meeting of the Atlanta Equal Suffrage Association which will be called to order at 3:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon in Carnegie Hall.

A number of college men, fresh from the 'varsity campus, will give their reasons for the enfranchisement of women. George Baker Mayer, of Cleveland, Ohio, a student in the architectural college at the University of Pennsylvania, will speak of men's equal suffrage leagues. With many of his college classmates, Mayer has taken part in the "soap-box" suffrage campaigns of the North, and an interesting feature of his address will be a discussion of the suffrage street-corner meetings.

Charles McDaniels, son of the Rev. Charles McDaniels, a student at the University of Georgia, will deliver a suffrage address, and Victor Victor, a member of the senior class in the University of Georgia Law School, will talk on how the suffrage question appeals to college men.

Mrs. Mary L. McLendon, president of the Georgia Woman's Suffrage Association, will welcome the college students. Attorney Leonard J. Grossman will discuss the new suffrage charter and the State-wide campaign for the enfranchisement of Georgia women.

TECH TO TEACH 3-YEAR COURSE IN COMMERCE

Practical Training To Be Offered in Finance, Accounting and Business Law.

The Georgia School of Technology will offer this fall a three-year course in commercial science, presenting thus an opportunity for the business men of Atlanta, young and old, to obtain collegiate training in commerce, accounts, finance and commercial law. The lectures will be held from 6 o'clock to 8 o'clock at night.

Plans for the course, with its various subdivisions, have been compiled from information furnished by other schools and educators, and adapted to local conditions. The preliminary work required the greater part of the summer.

It is the aim of the school of commerce to secure the services of representative business and professional men for special talks. The courses will include studies of corporation and trust finance, practical banking, money and credit, financial history, theory of investments, theory and technique of foreign exchange, causes of panics, money market, raw materials, stock and commodity markets, tariff legislation, transportation and commercial expansion.

The courses as offered begin Monday, September 15.

In the Piano Business the Concern by Which All Others Are Measured Is the Phillips & Crew Company!

There's always One by which the Rest are Measured---

In every line of business there's unquestionably ONE that is generally accepted by ALL as being ***the Standard***---the one by which ALL OF THE REST ARE MEASURED OR COMPARED.

So, ask any Piano Salesman what Atlanta Piano house he would like most to work for or to represent in the field---

Ask Piano purchasers what Piano Concern's lines are always mentioned in comparison, when other Pianos are being considered for purchase.

And then, ask yourself at what Store you'd rather select a Piano for use in your own home---

The answer cannot help but be in every instance the same, for the Phillips & Crew Company are the acknowledged Standard Piano concern in Atlanta---the Old and Reliable Piano House by which all others are Measured or Compared.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY

---The STEINWAY
---The KNABE
---The HARDMAN
---The FISCHER
---The PIANOLA-PIANO

The STANDARD Pianos of The WORLD!

ESTABLISHED 1865

82-84-86 North Pryor Street, Atlanta

The Victor Talking Machine---The Victor-Victrola

M'DERMOTT HIT BY EVIDENCE OF PAWNBROKERS

Page Says Congressman Got $7,500 for Defeating Loan Shark Bill Before House.

DEALERS ADMIT DONATIONS

Thought Money Was To Be Used for Employment of Lawyers, They Say.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Pawnbrokers had their innings before a Congressional committee to-day for the first time in history, when the House lobby investigators set out to substantiate the evidence of I. H. McMichael, former page of the House, against Representative James T. McDermott, of Chicago.

McMichael testified earlier in the day that McDermott had told him he (McDermott) had received $7,500 from local pawnbrokers for defeating a loan shark bill.

The first pawnbroker called, Abraham Burnstine, testified that he had contributed $700 to a fund to beat the loan shark bill. He said that his understanding was that he was contributing twenty per cent of the fund and on that basis it would have amounted to $3,500.

He said he thought the money was to hire lawyers to appear before the District of Columbia Committee and also before President Taft to make oral arguments. The records show there were no oral arguments before the committee.

Burnstine said he had cashed checks for McDermott, but for no other member of Congress.

"Wasn't it unusual for you to cash a check for a man you didn't know?" he was asked.

"Any member of Congress can come into my shop and get a check cashed any time," replied the pawnbroker smiling.

Burnstine admitted that he gave the money for the funds to George D. Horning, another pawnbroker, without any questions as to how it was to be spent. Horning was one of the men he named as having accompanied him to McDermott's office.

"How did you know that $3,500 was enough to beat the bill?" he was asked.

"Oh, we were not opposing the bill," he replied. "We simply wanted Congress to know our grievances. I am pretty sure that it would take $40,000 or $50,000 to really defeat legislation."

This brought a laugh from the committee.

Steiner testified that he never contributed to the fund though urged to do so. He said he had agreed to do so, but had gone out of business.

Registered Nurses of Atlanta Entertain in Their New Home



In the picture from left to right Miss Alline Watson and Miss Bessie Miller, pupil nurses of the Georgian Hospital, are serving punch to Miss Fie Kamensky, president of the Registered Nurses' Association, and Miss Berta Thomson, vice president of the association, at the housewarming reception with which the nurses formally opened their new home Wednesday afternoon. Full details of the affair will be found on page 6 of the society section.

FACTORY SHOW TO BE BOOSTED AT BIG DINNER

Chamber of Commerce Invites 150 Atlanta Manufacturers to Lunch at Ansley.

The Chamber of Commerce has invited about 150 leading Atlanta manufacturers to a luncheon at the Hotel Ansley at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon to present to them fully the plans for the proposed permanent exhibit of Atlanta-made goods which will occupy the top four floors of the new Chamber of Commerce Building.

A committee from the Atlanta Retail Grocers' Association will be present, and O. T. Camp, president of the association, will address the guests. He will explain the plan of the Grocers' Association to have Atlanta-made goods specially pushed every Wednesday, after the end of the Wednesday afternoon closing season. Others who will speak are Brooks Morgan, chairman of the Committee on Permanent Exhibit, and W. H. Leahy, who has charge of the statistical bureau of the Chamber of Commerce.

The Committee on Permanent Exhibit, which is composed of Brooks Morgan, chairman, Bolling H. Jones, J. K. Orr, V. H. Kriegshaber, M. M. Davies, J. T. Rose and W. H. White, Jr., has been hard at work on the exhibit the past week. Over two floors of space have been sold.

Exhibits similar to the one now being worked up for Atlanta are supported by the manufacturers of Chattanooga, Richmond, Nashville, Charlotte, High Point, N. C.; Louisville, Cincinnati, Evansville and many other cities, and the demand for space always exceeds the amount available in those cities.

Atlanta does not generally fail in matters of public interest, and it is the consensus of opinion among business men that if the manufacturers fail to support the exhibit at this time it will set the porposition back several years.

The contemplated manufacturers' exhibit would be a show place for Atlantans and visitors, where Atlanta products would be advertised. The exhibit would be of inestimable value both to the city and to the individual manufacturer according to the Chamber of Commerce.

PRINTER CHIEF THINKS FIGHTS ARE GOOD SIGN

James M. Lynch Declares Disagreements in Union Show Men Are in Earnest.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 16.—With words tending to heal wounds caused by the many bitter clashes of the week, President James M. Lynch this afternoon closed the fifty-ninth session of the International Typographical Union, which, in the words of the president, was the most important session ever held.

Shortly before the close, President Lynch, in taking the floor to defend Syracuse Council against New York on a difference over an account for traveling expenses, replied to Vice President Duncan's plea for peace, saying:

"We can obtain peace by fighting persistently for what we think is right. We must fight the issues as they come. This is not a peace society nor a pink tea organization. There will be dissension as long as there are wage earners and disorganization as long as wage earners exist, and we must never relax."

The greatest feature of the closing session was that the committee on allied trades relations reported favorably on the suggestion for close affiliation of all the trades unions of the printing field. Steps will follow immediately.

President Berry, of the International Pressmen, was criticised for inaction in the Pacific Coast pressmen's strike.

Local councils were warned against sending tubercular patients in the advanced stage to the national home at Colorado Springs, as the altitude hastens death of such patients.

DR. W H. BORN RECOVERS FROM SEVERE OPERATION

Dr. W. H. Born, a physician of McRae and brother of Colonel E. Winn Born, the Atlanta lawyer, is convalescing after an operation for appendicitis at the Grady Hospital. Dr. Born was brought to Atlanta from his home Friday, dangerously ill, with an immediate operation necessary.

RHEUMATISM COMES FROM CONDITIONS WHICH CAN BE REMEDIED

But Local Applications on the Skin Cannot Get at the Cause of Your Suffering.

Just a bilious attack and a slight deposit of uric acid. Now calomel and similar mercurial purgatives do not dissolve and expel the uric acid sediment that forms from undigested, fermenting foods, and when this poisonous acid is not expelled it accumulates quickly, thickens the blood and settles in joints and muscles. The joints and muscles then become stiff.

An attempt to cure this rheumatism must be directed toward removing uric acid from blood and tissues, breaking up the crystalline urates already formed and preventing new deposits.

JACOBS' LIVER SALT is remarkably successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It dissolves uric acid out of the tissues, holds it in solution and expels it in the urine. It thoroughly cleanses the system of fermentation and purifies the blood. It will give prompt relief in all cases of rheumatism resulting from uric acid poisoning.

If you are suffering with rheumatism, try JACOBS' LIVER SALT immediately. It will relieve you more promptly and surely than anything else. Don't take an inferior substitute; some closely imitate the name, but none produces the same result. Insist on the genuine JACOBS' LIVER SALT, 25c. If your druggist can not supply you, full size jar mailed upon receipt of price, postage free. Made and guaranteed by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta.—(Advt.)

Triplets in Home Where 6 Twins Live

President Wilson Is Honored Three Times in the Naming of the Babies.

LAONIA, WIS., Aug. 16.—Three pairs of twins and a set of triplets is the record that Mrs. Joseph Checota, of this town, boasts. The triplets will be named Woodrow, Wilson and W. W. Joseph, in honor of the President.

The father believes this is a record that will stand for a long time to come.

Mr. and Mrs. Checota have been married six years and in that time have had nine children. All but one are living.

'Pussy Sneak' Routs Staid Old Tangos

Creepy Glide Brings New York Team Applications to Teach New Dance.

ONSET, MASS., Aug. 16.—The "tangoes," "hugs," "trots," "grapevine" and other similar dances have been cast into darkness by the creation introduced this afternoon at the local dancing casino by a New York couple. It is called the "pussy sneak," and is danced with the rubber-soled shoes commonly worn at the seaside.

The "pussy sneak" is a creepy sort of dance, with a few glides, but catchy, and the New York team that "put the stunt on" had several applications tonight to teach it.

Labor Sunday To Be Observed by Unions

Atlanta Federation of Trades Will Have Special Services at English Lutheran Church.

At a meeting of the Atlanta Federation of Trades Saturday night arrangements were perfected to observe Labor Sunday August 31 with special Labor Day services at the English Lutheran Church.

The Rev. W. C. Schaeffer will prepare a special sermon for the occasion.

The committee on arrangements are as follows: C. L. Ashley, Mrs E. B. Smith, W. B. VanHouten, M. Palmer and J. E. Bradfield.

Rockefeller's Rival In Riches Tips Dime

Nitrate King Hands Man Ten Cents for Returning Lost Pocketbook.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Senor E. E. Ossio, the Nitrate King of Chili, who has declared John D. Rockefeller a pauper in comparison with himself, overwhelmed a steward on the United Fruit steamer Pastores yesterday by the size of a tip.

The steward had picked up the Nitrate King's wallet and, running after him, bowed low and handed over the pocketbook. Opening it, Senor Ossio pulled out a dollar bill, then changed his mind, and, taking a dime from his pocket, handed it to the steward.

HOMESTEADER IS BLOWN FROM HIS BED BY STORM

PIERRE, S. DAK., Aug. 16.—Otto Everhardt, a young bachelor homesteader, arrived at the home of a neighbor dressed only in a two-foot piece of blanket, which he said was all that remained of his household property as a result of the storm which swept this section. Everhardt said that the tornado struck his shack while he was in bed, carried away the shanty and bed and left him uninjured. Other homesteaders suffered heavy losses, reports indicate.

WRECKER WANTED TO SEE WHAT TRAIN WOULD DO

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—"Just wanted to see a wreck, just to see what the train would do," was the explanation of John Hosey, 14 years old, when arrested last night charged with placing a beam on the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad tracks at Thirty-third and Plant streets in an attempt to wreck the shuttle train running between Savannah and Newyards. A special officer saw two boys place the beam on the track. He arrested Hosey, but the other lad escaped.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

General Insurance

Personal Attention Given All Policy Holders

428-9 Grant Building. Phone Ivy 2832

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Frankfort General Insurance Company

OF FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, GERMANY,

Organized under the laws of the Empire of Germany, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—No. 123 William street, New York City, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock (statutory deposit)... ... $ 250,000.00
Amount paid up in cash (statutory deposit)... ... ... 250,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value... $1,423,995.76

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $1,423,995.76

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash ... ... $ 664,792.18

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash ... ... $ 692,508.54
Greatest amount insured in any one risk $30,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of New York.

Personally appeared before the undersigned C. H. Franklin, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States manager and attorney of the Frankfort General Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. C. H. FRANKLIN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of August, 1913. EDWIN G. MARKS, Notary Public, Kings County.

Name of State Agents—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Agricultural Fire Insurance Company

OF WATERTOWN,

Organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—203 Washington St., Watertown, N. Y.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Whole amount of capital stock ... ...$ 500,000.00
Amount paid up in cash 500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value $4,134,625.27

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $4,134,625.27

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash $967,024.22

V. EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $875,954.38
Greatest amount insured in any one risk ...$ 50,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding 452,631,900.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK—County of Jefferson:

Personally appeared before the undersigned W. H. Stevens, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of Agricultural Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. W. H. STEVENS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of August, 1913. H. R. WAITE, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—H. M. TANNER.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—T. I. LYNCH INS. AGENCY.

SUMMER SHOE REDUCTIONS

That Apply

All Over the Store for

Men's, Ladies', Boys', Misses', and Children's and All Ladies' Fancy Slippers

$7.00	Low Shoes now only.....	$5.35	$2.50	Low Shoes now only.....	$1.95
$6.00	Low Shoes now only.....	$4.85	$2.00	Low Shoes now only.....	$1.65
$5.00	Low Shoes now only.....	$3.95	$1.50	Low Shoes now only.....	$1.20
$4.00	Low Shoes now only.....	$3.15	$1.25	Low Shoes now only.....	95c
$3.50	Low Shoes now only.....	$2.85	$1.00	Low Shoes now only.....	85c
$3.00	Low Shoes now only.....	$2.45	75c	Low Shoes now only.....	65c

All Men's, Ladies' and Children's Summer Hosiery Reduced

Pronounced BIX

Byck's

27-29 Whitehall

Mail Orders Filled Promptly at These Prices.

PRISON REFORM ADVOCATES LIKE TWO NEW LAWS

Georgia Association Encouraged Over Bill Providing for Adult Probation.

SCANS LEGISLATURE'S WORK

Act Establishing Home for Wayward Girls Comes In for Praise.

Now that the Legislature has adjourned and the bills passed have been submitted to Governor Slaton for signature, the Georgia Prison Association has figured out definitely just how much was accomplished in the way of reforming Georgia's criminal procedure by this year's Legislature.

The bill which will have more effect than any is the one providing for adult probation and suspension of sentence in misdemeanor cases. This will become effective in every Criminal Court in Georgia as soon as Governor Slaton signs it. The operations of the law are exceedingly simple and are thoroughly safeguarded, to prevent the habitual criminal benefiting from them.

They provide that in first offenses and other cases where there are sufficiently mitigating circumstances, the adult convicted of misdemeanor may be freed on probation to report back to the court or probation officer at stated times. This means, for instance, that a man convicted of deserting his wife can be sentenced, and instead of being put on chain-gang work, where he will do no good to his family, can be sent back home and forced to work for his family under court supervision.

All Judges Approve Law.

This measure received the endorsement of practically every Criminal Court judge in Georgia, and of the Prison Board. It applies not to Superior Courts alone, but in all courts in which misdemeanor cases are tried.

The second reform measure passed is the bill establishing a home for wayward girls in Georgia, and providing $20,000 toward its establishment. At present Georgia has no reformatory to which it may send its wayward girls. It has the alternative of sending them to the prison farm with hardened offenders, or having them sent to institutions outside of Georgia.

Under the new law Governor Slaton will appoint a board of five members of whom two will be women, to put the work of establishing this home immediately under way. One of their first duties will be to select a site.

Sites Have Been Offered.

The bill provides that if no site is given the home shall be established at Milledgeville, but already two or three tentative offers of a site have been made, and there is no likelihood of it being necessary to put the new home at Milledgeville, a location which the friends of the measure believe would be ill-advised.

These are the only two measures which were passed at this session, but one other notable thing was accomplished. A bill was framed providing for indeterminate sentences. It received the formal indorsement of the Prison Board, was passed by the Senate and recommended for passage by the House committee. It has no opposition and is in such shape that it will almost certainly be one of the first general measures to pass the 1914 session.

The Prison Association of Georgia, which framed the original measures, and the association's friends in the Legislature, were largely responsible for the enactment of these measures.

Woman Not Man's Equal, Says Prelate

Archbishop Says He Wouldn't Dare Say Suffrage Agitation Is Against Church Rules.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—"I do not believe the Creator intended the position of woman in the world should be the same as that of man," said Archbishop Sebastian G. Messmer, of this city, in an address to the Catholic Press Association to-day.

"But I would not dare make the positive statement that agitation for woman suffrage is against the rules of the church. The church has not taken any definite stand and until it does each individual has a right to think, talk and act as he sees fit."

Cuts in Parcel Post Rates Are Followed By Record Business

Atlanta Office Sends Out $1,000 Every Day in Collect on Delivery Packages.

The new parcel post rates, which have just gone into effect, made a record-breaking business for the close of the week at the Atlanta postoffice. The number of packages handled was more than double that of any similar period, nearly all Atlanta business houses sending packages out of town taking advantage of the reduced rates.

The new rates affect only the local, first and second zones. The weight limit on parcels has been raised from eleven to twenty pounds, and a twenty-pound package can, under the new rate, be sent 150 miles for nearly half what it formerly cost to send an eleven-pound package the same distance.

Since the C. O. D. department of the parcels post went into effect the local office has sent out an average of $1,000 a day in C. O. D. packages.

Custom Officers Seize Davis Trophy

International Tennis Cup, Just Won by America Is Held Up for Duty.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Davis cup, international tennis trophy, recently won in England by the American team, was seized by customs officials when it reached here to-day on the liner Mauretania, but Collector of the Port Mitchell intimated to-night that the prize would probably be released within a short time.

The basis of the seizure was the officials claim that although the trophy was originally American property, it had been abroad so long that the payment of duty might be necessary.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE FATAL TO RAILROAD TREASURER

MOBILE, Aug. 16.—George W. McCrary, for seven years secretary and treasurer of the New Orleans, Mobile and Chicago Railroad Company with headquarters in this city, died here to-day at an infirmary from Brights' disease, following a stroke of apoplexy.

Mr. McCrary was 65 years old and a native of Cincinnati. The interment will be in that city.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES

Spread to Back. Could Hardly Sleep for Burning and Itching. Caused Disfigurement. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Cured.

214 Brevard St., Tampa, Fla. — "Some three years ago I commenced to suffer from a rash on my face and back. Before the pimples came on my face there were a lot of blackheads. It looked as if the blackheads turned into pimples because after a little while all of them were gone and my face was covered with pimples. They were small at first but gradually grew and right at the end of each pimple it was all white. I carelessly picked them with my finger nails, which made them spread, and I soon discovered them on my back. My back was covered with pimples and my face the same way. At night I could hardly sleep on account of the burning and itching sensation they caused. I felt like a lot of small-sized crabs biting at my back. I did not like to go out because the pimples caused disfigurement.



"Seeing the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in one of the magazines I sent for a sample. At night I would put the Cuticura Ointment on my face and back and I was pleased with the result. I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I am glad to be able to say that I am entirely cured of pimples." (Signed) Jno. O. Darlington, Jan. 25, 1913.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.



IMPROVED ROOFLESS PLATE

Made of gold or aluminum, no gums, no roof. Truly Nature's duplicate, made only by us. Perfect fit or no pay.

GOLD CROWNS
WHITE CROWNS
BRIDGE WORK
$3

20-YEAR GUARANTEE

UNTIL AUGUST 15th We will continue to make our Whalebone Ever-stick Suction Plate for $3.00. The lightest and strongest plate known.

EASTERN PAINLESS DENTISTS THE BIG, COOL SANITARY OFFICE 38 1-2 PEACHTREE ST., Near Walton

R. R. FARE ALLOWED 25 MILES

P-R-I-N-T-O-R-I-A-L-S
No. 116

The productive possibilities of *Good Printing* —are appreciated by the business men who use PRINTER'S INK at its best. They know that advertising literature to be sent out with the expectancy of profitable returns MUST BE WELL WRITTEN, CONVINCINGLY ILLUSTRATED — ATTRACTIVELY PLANNED, and PERFECTLY PRINTED. That is exactly the way we produce SALESMANSHIP ON PAPER; and it WINS. Phone for our Representative to call.

BYRD
Printing Co.
46-48-50 W. Alabama, Atlanta.

Phones M. 1560-2608-2614.

THE AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY HEREWITH REPRESENTED APPRECIATING THE VALUE TO AUTOMOBILING OF THE

ALL-SOUTHERN TRANS-CONTINENTAL HIGHWAY

Bids the Hearst's Sunday American's Pathfinding Party Starting 10:00 o'Clock Monday Morning

"GODSPEED" FROM ATLANTA

Good Luck TO HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN'S ALL-SOUTHERN Trans-Continental Highway

1914 MODELS

$750—$1085—$1975

HERE'S WISHING FOR A MOST SUCCESSFUL TRIP

Cartercar

"THE CAR AHEAD"

ATLANTA BRANCH

238 PEACHTREE ST.

1914

PAIGE

"36"

$1275

STANDARD AUTO CO.

225 Peachtree St.

AU REVOIR FROM THE

HUDSON

54-SIX

$2250

FULTON AUTO SUPPLY CO.

16 E. North Ave.

IF YOU WANT AN

OHIO

ELECTRIC

BETTER GET YOUR ORDER IN EARLY

The Factory is now being doubled in size, but deliveries will be hard to get from now until about January 1.

FIRESTONE COLUMBUS SOUTHERN COMPANY,

K. T. McKinstry, Manager.

"We Are Strong For the Tour"

"Firestone"

Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.

ATLANTA BRANCH

"ALL HAIL TO GOOD ROADS"

FROM

Oakland

"THE CAR WITH A CONSCIENCE"

Oakland Motor Sales Co.

Distributors

ALWAYS BOOSTING GOOD ROADS

REPUBLIC STAGGARD TREAD TIRES

THE REPUBLIC RUBBER CO.

237 Peachtree St.

HERE'S ASSURANCE OF OUR CO-OPERATION

Stearns THE ULTIMATE CAR (KNIGHT TYPE MOTOR)

ATLANTA BRANCH

THE F. B. STEARNS CO.

560 PEACHTREE STREET

'A Great Undertaking'

1914

Overland

$950

Overland Southern Automobile Co.

230 Peachtree St.

Premier

America's Greatest Touring Car Will Be Well Represented In The Tour

PREMIER SALES CO.

451 Peachtree St.

BEST WISHES FROM THE

ALCO

AND

FEDERAL

ALCO MOTOR SALES CO.

PEACHTREE ST.

GIVE US GOOD ROADS WE'LL TEAR 'EM UP

POPE

LOTS OF SERVICE CRANE

328 Peachtree St.

GOOD ROADS FROM ATLANTA TO FRISCO

THREE POINT SUSPENSION POWER PLANT UNIT

JOHNSON MOTOR CAR CO.

455 Peachtree St.

Stevens - Duryea

A JOYOUS FAREWELL TO THE ATLANTA-TO-FRISCO PATHFINDERS

Cadillac

STEINHAUER & WIGHT, 228 Peachtree St.

AFFINITY EARLE ABOUT TO LOSE 'DEAREST' DORA

Third Wife of Famous Wooer, Declared "Sweetest of Them All," Files Suit.

TELLS STORY OF MEETING

Did Not Know of Long Marital Record of Poet Until She Had Joined Him.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Dora of the laughing brown eyes, third wife and unnumbered affinity of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, New York poet, artist and record wooer—described by him at the time of their marriage in June, 1911, as "the dearest, sweetest and loveliest of them all"—said to-day that she is about to seek her freedom.

She said she actually has begun suit in New York for an absolute divorce, basing her action on evidence she says she has obtained of Earle's behavior on the Continent since she parted from him in March.

Mrs. Earle is now only 25, twelve years younger than Earle. Her maiden name was Helen Theodora Sidford. From her father, an English architect, she inherited artistic tastes and is an artist of pronounced talent. She is a very attractive young woman.

Lived at "Earle's Folly."

The original story that reached America of her relations with Earle narrated a meeting in the fields, a walk home hand in hand, swift and ardent wooing, marriage within the month and a start on a tour of the world, which wound up prematurely in the country home in Monroe, Orange County, known as "Earle's Folly."

Her story to-day sets right much of that early fiction, for the meeting with Earle seems to have been conventional.

"How did you come to give yourself to a man of Earle's matrimonial record?" was asked.

"I knew nothing of his past until after our marriage," she replied. "Whatever his reputation in America, I had lived in a quiet English town and had never heard of his antecedents. After our marriage his life story was cabled from America to the London newspapers. Clippings were sent to me on the Continent on our honeymoon by my mother.

He Softened the Blow.

"It was a terrible shock to find that I had been so utterly deceived, but I accepted the explanation and excuses offered by Mr. Earle and his assurances that I would never have anything of which to complain.

"After our wedding we spent two months on the Continent. In September, 1911, three months following the wedding, we went to America, and lived happily at his place in Monroe, N. Y. Our first baby was born there in April, 1912. I remained with him in America until last January, and then came here to visit my mother, by whom I have since lived. It was arranged that Mr. Earle would come here for the summer.

"At the time of my return I had not the slightest expectation that our relations would go wrong. We kept in constant correspondence. He arrived here in March, remained two days and then went to the Continent. My second baby was born here April 20. Her father has never seen her.

"Soon after he went from here in March information reached me which left me no option except to prepare divorce proceedings. He has appealed to me to abandon them, but that is quite impossible after his conduct as disclosed to me."

Mrs. Earle declined to anticipate by publication the specific evidence she is reserving for the court. Thus the name of the co-respondent is withheld. Judging from Mrs. Earle's convincing manner of speech, she thinks she has ample ground for her petition.

Earle's Love Affairs.

Earle's love affairs were first brought to public notice in 1908 when he took to his Monroe home Miss Julia Kuttner, and informed his wife that the newcomer was his affinity and soul-mate. The rightful Mrs. Earle at that time was formerly Miss Emilie Marie Fischbacher, daughter of a bookseller on the banks of the Seine in Paris, whom Earle had married in 1903 and by whom he had a son, Harold Erwin.

Mrs. Earle departed for France, with a reported money settlement, and obtained a divorce there. Earle, Miss Kuttner and Miss Kuttner's mother went to Europe and domiciled themselves in Venice. Their departure from Monroe was hastened by threats of neighbors there to punish Earle without process of law.

Within a few months Mrs. Kuttner decided a marriage was necessary and a ceremony was performed at the British consulate. Soon afterward a son was born and named Edmond Erwin Earle. In 1910 the second wife sued for the anulment of the marriage on the ground that the ceremony had taken place before Earle was free under French law.

She also charged cruelty, especially following the birth of the child. After long consideration the Westchester County Court granted the petition of annulment and declared the child legitimate.

Earle had not defended either suit, but while the courts were trying to dispose of the second he sailed to Europe with Miss Gertrude Buel Dunn, a bright-eyed young woman from Chicago, who had "advanced" ideas. It was announced that together they would work out and publish a new philosophy on the ideal relations of the sexes. Their zeal subsided and they parted without scandal.

BRING YOUR VACATION

Films to us for prompt and correct finishing. Use nothing but the best of chemicals and Velox paper. Kodak films and supplies always on hand at John L. Moore & Sons', 61 N. Broad street.

'Film Opry' Man Held as Bandit

Atlantan's Experiences in 'Wilds'



Willard Patterson Maintains Circumstantial Evidence Isn't Worth a Perforated Penny.

Circumstantial evidence isn't worth as much as a perforated penny, and a county constable is as safe to fool with as dynamite and rattlesnakes.

Ask Williard Patterson, the Forsyth Theater treasurer. He will tell you that the two statements are as true as gospel, for he knows.

Patterson returned to Atlanta last week after a "tour of tanks with the great magic lantern opry, 'Quo Vadis?'" as he himself describes it, and on this tour he discovered the value of circumstantial evidence and the nature of the rural police.

Listen to his story.

"I left here two weeks ago, all swelled up. Why shouldn't I be. I was the manager, press representative, agent, electrician, property man, and transfer agent for a production that numbered 5,000 people, three dozen lions, and we burned an eternal city at least once a night and as many more times as the people had quarters.

Whole Production in Grip.

"It's true I carried the entire production in a sample case, with my other collar and pair of socks, but I was a regular manager.

"I didn't tell anybody, though. The knowledge of my greatness meant too much to me to impart it to anyone else.

"My route was through North Carolina and I encountered pretty much the same set of drummers on every train and in every hotel.

"Pretty soon, I noticed them trying to size me up each night as I entered the hotel after the show to deposit the money in the safe that the Tar Heels had paid to see "Ursus" throw the bull and hear me shoot it.

"One night I heard a couple of them talking and I was the subject that my friends, the drummers, were watching me.

"I stalled around and was about to go to the amusement palace with my show, when a long, raw-boned, Tar Heel walked up to me.

"'Wait thar a minute, young feller,' he said and he said it in a drawl that made me stand as still as a hitching post.

"'What have you got in that air grip?' he asked.

"'Ah, he was eager to see the magic lantern opry without paying the requisite price, I thought.

"'You'll have to pay money to find that out,' I said, and turned to walk away.

He Knew B'Gosh!

"'I know what it is all right,' said he. 'I know that you've been playing you were a drummer. I've got witnesses to swear that you don't never sell no goods and always come in the hotel in the dead of night with money. Nobody ain't never seen you open that case and there was a safe cracked in Durham last night, and that's where you come here from. And now I find you right here, looking in this bank. Come on. You're arrested for robbery.' And he flashed a tin star as big as a dishpan.

"I decided to tell the truth. I blush to admit it, but I did so and let him look in the sample case for corroboration.

"But at that he wouldn't let me go until he had seen the pictures run and knew that they were really pictures and not dynamite. I lost his admission fee, but I learned two lessons.

"And I learned another thing. Atlanta is the place for me. There are no circumstances under which a man has to tell the truth here."



of their conversation.

"'Who is this guy?' said the man who sold shoes. 'He's got me dippy. He's a traveling man, but what does he sell? He stays in bed all day. Comes down at night, takes the dinky sample case. Walks out. Stays two hours and comes back with a hatful of money.

Had Them All Going.

"'I've been making this territory for fourteen years and I know there isn't a store or a business house that is open after 6 o'clock at night. I'd give my next week's expense account to know his game.'

"'Search me,' said the man who sells millinery.

"That gave me an idea. I'd give those fresh drummers something to think about. I picked up the sample case with the films inside. I walked down the main street to the front of the country bank. I peered through the window at the safe. And I knew

VAUDEVILLE BILL AT BONITA THEATER SETS REAL PACE IN ATLANTA

Vaudeville shoved tabloid musical comedy off the boards at the Bonita last week and is a winner. For next week the following great bill will be given:

The Famous Medoras, Anglo-Australian entertainers.

Burnette and Lee, singing and talking refined comedy.

Wallace and Beech in a real comedy novelty act.

Bud Fagg, the great negro character artist, whose work in Atlanta has been of the highest class.

SEEDS

J. C. McMillan, Jr.

Has Opened at

23 S. Broad Street.

With a Full and Complete Line of

Garden, Field and Flower Seeds, Poultry Supplies and Pet Stock.

We invite our friends to come and inspect our line of goods.

All phone orders appreciated and promptly filled.

Phone
Main 940 Atlanta 912

J. C. McMILLAN, Jr., SEED CO.

23 S. BROAD ST.

SEEDS

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Also Rheumatism, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the purest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank
16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

WANT AD RACE STARTS; EVERY ENTRY HUSTLES

Club Folk and Lodge Members Out to Win That $1,000 in Gold.

"We are going out to win that $1,000 in gold, and we want you all to work for success. Let's all get together."

That's what the members of half a dozen Atlanta organizations are saying to each other. For the entries in the Want Ad Contest are growing day by day, and already several churches, lodges and other organizations are entered and are at work. There is still opportunity for others, but they had better hurry and get in.

But organizations are not alone in the contest. Any individual has a chance, without competing with a group. The first grand prize for individuals is a five-passenger automobile, and the second is a tour to California and return for two persons, all expenses paid. Then there are twenty others prizes, five in each of four classes, giving men, women, boys and girls an equal opportunity.

But the full-page advertisement on another page of this issue of Hearst's Sunday American will give you every detail of the Want Ad Contest, the way the prizes are to be awarded and complete instructions on how to succeed. Don't fail to read it carefully.

Contestants should see the Want Ad Man Monday. He has something to tell them. His offices, fourth floor of the Foote & Davies Building, will be open until 5 o'clock, and contestants and prospective entrants should have a talk with him.

Dr. Etheridge Out For Council in 5th

Two Candidates in Race for Post Made Vacant by Expiration of J. J. Greer's Term.

The political bee began buzzing in the Fifth Ward Saturday, and the announcement of Dr. W. M. Etheridge for Councilman furnished lots of talk. Dr. Etheridge is one of the most popular druggists in the city, having operated a drug store at 209 Kennedy street for many years. Announcement of his candidacy was made by Councilman J. J. Greer, of the Fifth, whose term expires this fall.

This puts two candidates in the field for the place to be made vacant by the expiration of Councilman Greer's term. Jesse B. Lee is the other candidate.

ATLANTANS TO HEAR PASTORS OF OTHER CITIES

Pulpits Will Be Filled at To-day's Services by Ministers Visiting Here.

Many pulpits in Atlanta will be filled Sunday by outside church workers of note.

The Rev. W. W. Landrum, pastor of the Broadway Baptist Church at Louisville, Ky., will preach at the Ponce DeLeon Baptist Church, his former charge, at 11 o'clock this morning. He will also conduct the afternoon service at 5:30 o'clock.

The Rev. W. L. Pickard, of Savannah, will preach at the morning and evening services at the First Baptist Church to-day. His subject for the morning will be "The Love of God," and the evening, "Owning the Earth." Dr. Pickard was located at Cleveland before coming to Savannah.

Regular services will be held at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. at the Gordon Street Presbyterian Church Sunday, the pastor, the Rev. Arnold Hall, leading both services. Sabbath school will be held at 10 a. m. There will be a cottage prayer meeting Tuesday at 8 p. m. at 590 Sells avenue.

General Secretary J. P. Jackson, of the Young Men's Christian Association, will lead the services at the Park Street Methodist Church Sunday night, the Epworth League being in charge of the evening meetings during the absence of the pastor, Dr. S. R. Bell. Recorder Pro Tem W. H. Preston will assist Mr. Jackson.

The Central Baptist pulpit will be filled Sunday by two of the most prominent churchmen in the South, Dr. H. C. Buchols, head evangelist of the Baptist State Mission Board, preaching at the morning service, and Dr. W. S. Witham at the evening meeting. The evening service will begin at 7:45 o'clock.

Among the special selections which will be rendered in the song service at the North Avenue Presbyterian Church Sunday will be "Lift Up Thine Eyes," offertory; "The Birthday of a King," and "Praise the Lord, O Jerusalem." The choir is composed of Miss Mayme Clyburne, soprano; Mrs. Charles Bellingrath, contralto; C. N. Anderson, tenor; R. O. Kerlin, basso; Joseph Ragan, Jr., organist and director.

Evangelist J. M. Bass, of the South Georgia Conference, will inaugurate revival services Sunday morning at the Grace Methodist Church, corner of Boulevard and Highland avenue. Mr. Bass will be assisted in the services by the pastor, Dr. Jones, and Singing Evangelist O. W. Stapleton. The services will be held daily at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m., with special services for men, women and children. A large chorus has been organized for the services which probably will continue for a week or ten days.

Wilson Once Longed To Be a Jolly Tar

Daniels, Presenting Prize to U. S. S. Idaho, Remarks President Might Have Become Admiral.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 16.—While the Jackies cheered, Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Admiral J. C. Berger, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, to-day presented to Captain George W. Kline, commander of the battleship Idaho, the "battle efficiency pennant." A complimentary letter from President Wilson also was read.

In his speech Secretary Daniels drew attention to a phase of the earlier life of President Wilson that apparently has escaped most of the biographers.

"As a boy," he said, "it was the highest ambition of Woodrow Wilson to enter the naval academy and become a naval officer. If his father had not led him into other lines, the probability is that to-day he would be with us as a captain or an admiral—commanding the New Jersey, let us say."

KING G. GILLETTE TO WED FAIR CALIFORNIA BELLE

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—The marriage license for King G. Gillette, heir of many millions, and Miss Elizabeth Caldwell, beautiful daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Caldwell, of Los Angeles, has just been issued pending an elaborate society wedding early in September. Gillette is the only son of King C. Gillette, the safety razor manufacturer. Miss Caldwell is an only daughter in the Caldwell family.

Boll Weevil Pest Nears Georgia Line

Quarantine Against Three Counties Touching Alabama May Be Necessary, Says Entomologist.

Fear that the ravages of the boll weevil may necessitate establishment of a quarantine against three counties on the Alabama border was expressed Saturday by E. Lee Worsham, State Entomologist.

Dr. Worsham declared that the weevil has been ravaging the crops in Alabama, and that traces of the pest have been found within thirty miles of the State line. He expects the weevil to invade at least three counties in Georgia before frost comes.

5th Regiment Band Gives Two Concerts

Military Musicians to Play Sunday Afternoon at Grant and Piedmont Parks.

The Fifth Regiment Band will hold the boards Sunday at both Piedmont and Grant Parks. The concerts will begin promptly at 3:30 o'clock.

Among the special selections which will be rendered at Grant Park will be "The Goddess of Liberty," "As Long as the Shamrock Grows Green," "In the Shadows" and "Good-Bye, Boys."

At Piedmont Park the band will render "King Dodo," "Enchanted Nights," "Fantasia," "Sprites Revelry," "Lucrezia Borgia," by Tobani, and others.



Just received a new stock of "The South Bend" Watch

When you select your watch, look further than the case—

Go deeper than the dial—

Consider more than the mere number of jewels.

Nowhere in the world will you find the equal of the **South Bend Watch** in material, construction, finish and time-keeping qualities, for the price—

It is the utmost for your money—

We sell these Watches on credit, as well as Diamonds and other jewelry.

Durham Jewelry Company
20 Edgewood Ave. :: Atlanta, Georgia

ENTERS RACE FOR COUNCIL FIFTH WARD



JESSE B. LEE

Well Known Business Man Who Announces His Candidacy for Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16, 1913.

To the Voters of the Fifth Ward:

I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for Councilman to succeed Hon. J. J. Greer, whose term expires with this year, subject to the action of the city primary.

I was born in the Fifth Ward and have lived in its boundaries all my life. I am reasonably well informed about city affairs and feel that I am in position to render you efficient and intelligent service.

I am the candidate of no clique or faction, and shall always vote for and advocate those measures in Council which, in my opinion, are for the best interests of the people of the city and my ward, regardless of where they come from or who supports them.

I shall not be content to support measures introduced by other people, but shall endeavor to introduce and advocate measures which I have originated for the good of the people.

On all such questions as charter reform, etc., I shall endeavor to ascertain the wishes of my constituents, and then support their will, whether it coincides with my own private and personal views or not.

I shall do my best as your representative, if elected, to render you capable and satisfactory service, always standing for the best thing to be had for the city as a whole and my own section and ward in particular.

I will appreciate the vote and influence of my many friends and the voters generally of the Fifth Ward.—Adv.

An Innovation at The PIEDMONT HOTEL!

The . . . . . PIEDMONT HOTEL *For Years-- and Still-- the Pride of ATLANTA*

The PIEDMONT HOTEL wishes to announce that it has finally surrendered, in compliance with repeated requests of Atlanta patrons, as well as the traveling public, and decided to serve,

Commencing Monday, August 18th,

Imported Muenchener Kinderl Brau

and

Piel's Celebrated Pilsener

ON DRAUGHT

In the Buffet as well as in the Cafe and Ladies' Restaurant. We guarantee "The Bohemian Spirit" will not in any way abate or interfere with the refinement of the atmosphere to which our guests have been accustomed.



The PIEDMONT N-O-W--- as Always---a Long Step Forward in Southern Hoteldom.

H. N. DUTTON, Resident Manager R. FRANK TAYLOR, Asst. Manager

FRAUD USED TO BEAT HEARST, SAYS MULHALL

Lobbyist Declares He Obtained Confidence of Democratic Leader in Campaign for Governor.

GAVE REPUBLICANS SECRET

Letter Was Forged to Give Him Introduction to Up-State Committeeman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, self-confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, testified before the Garrett Lobby Investigating Committee that his political lines crossed those of William Randolph Hearst in 1906, and that he helped to defeat Mr. Hearst for the New York Governorship.

Introduced by a letter forged upon the letterhead of the Hearst campaign headquarters, Mulhall said that he went into Congressman Fairchild's district, the Twenty-fourth New York, an upstate district, and gained the confidence of a local campaign manager for Mr. Hearst.

Tells Plans to Republicans.

Learning from the latter the plans of campaign in the district, Mulhall reported them to Fairchild, and Republican plans to checkmate them and defeat their object were perfected. Mulhall was employed for a week on this work with the approval, he says, of Fairchild.

Mulhall told a few days ago how he started to work for Senator Foraker in Ohio. He was prepared to make his report to Foraker when the Hearst Standard Oil disclosure letters were first made public. Foraker admitted to the Senate committee that these letters defeated him for re-election to the Unied Staes Senate.

Unconcernedly, Mulhall told how he had taken his "fake letters" of introduction to Fairchild and got his instructions for political detective work. He met Mr .Hearst's friends, including a clergyman, at a hotel, entertained them and worked his way into their confidence. He ascertained that the Republican district committee chairman was not friendly to Fairchild.

Letter Was Faked.

"Whose signature did this fake letter of introduction bear?" asked Representative Stafford.

"It was that of some member of the Democratic State Committee."

"Who were you represented to be?"

"I was supposed to be connected with Mr. Hearst, and so represented myself to Mr. Scott, the candidate, I think, opposing Fairchild."

"It was your first meeting with him, and you won his confidence to the extent of getting from him his campaign plans?" said Stafford.

"Yes."

"Who signed this fake letter?"

"The letter was given to me by Marshall Cushing, and I can not say who signed it. Mr. Cushing was a very good letter writer. He told me it was a fake letter. I knew that Cushing was not connected with the Hearst organization."

Mr. Stafford—He was connected in the way of using the letterhead of the Hearst organization to good effect.

"Mr. Cushing thought it was a smart political trick, and I guess that was his system of working," replied Mulhall.

Scott Well Deceived.

"Mr. Scott's confidence was so complete," continued Mulhall, "that he told me Mr. Hearst had sent him a number of workers and quite an amount of money, and I believe in this letter the latter stated that they were ready to send at that time more workers and more money."

"Scott swallowed everything, hook, line and all, as far as you represented it," commented Stafford.

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Fairchild know all about this arrangement?" asked Representative Kline.

"Yes, he knew about hte letter, and I had Mr. Fairchild's advice in presenting it. He has spoken to me since about that clever piece of work."

Charlton at Last in Italy's Grasp

Wife Slayer Loses 3-Year Fight

Now on Ocean on Way to Trial

Porter Charlton, young American, who killed beautiful wife and is now on way to face trial in Italy.



Young Prisoner Is Confident He Will Escape Spending Life in Solitary Confinement.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Porter Charlton, after three years' fight against extradition from America, is in the clutches of the Italian Government and to-day is on the high seas, bound for Italy and for trial on the charge of killing his beautiful young wife and sinking her body in Lake Como in June, 1910.

In spite of the ordeal that faces him, Charlton left New York as cheerful as a schoolboy. Three years in close confinement had repressed his natural buoyancy, but the prospect of a sea voyage, even with a trial for murder awaiting him at his journey's end, restored it to a considerable degree.

"I'll be back for Christmas!" he cried, waving a good-bye from the liner as it puiled out. All the time he has declared that he will be acquitted, in spite of the fact that he confessed to killing his wife on their honeymoon. Extenuating circumstances, his friends declare, will have their weight on the Italian jury.

Charlton's quarters on the liner are isolated, and he is not permitted to mingle with the other passengers. He travels third class, as the Italian Government does not provide first-class accommodations for prisoners.

Faces Living Death.

Unless the contention of his insanity can be proved, a living death surely will be the fate of Porter Charlton, a hideous confinement that is far worse than death on the gallows.

Extenuating circumstances, it is expected, can not be revealed of sufficient strength to obtain his acquittal, and unless his defense prove insanity, he must go to prison. There is no death sentence in Italy.

And imprisonment in Italy is a dreadful punishment, feared far more than the electric chair, the gallows, or the garrote. It is invested with mental torture of such degree that few who live through it more than a few years are sound of mind.

Charlton is known to have a sensitive, nervous temperament. His behavior toward his wife proves him high-strung. To a person of his psychological make-up incarceration under the Italian system would be certainly destructive of mental balance.

For the first ten years of a life sentence the prisoner may be kept in utter darkness and in the strictest solitude, with nothing to eat and drink but plain bread and water. A few weeks of this treatment generally is sufficient to reduce the most unemotional criminal to a state of nervous collapse.

Insanity Practically Only Hope.

His attorneys hope to present in the Italian courts the great mass of evidence brought to bear in the United States Supreme Court to prove him insane. Justice Lurton, in the opinion which declared that Charlton must go back to Italy to stand trial, admitted that the evidence to substantiate the insanity plea was preponderous.

The opinion of the Supreme Court brought to an end the three years' unsuccessful fight of Charlton and his family against extradition to Italy. It was in June, 1910, that he killed his wife, according to his own confession. After the crime he fled, but was caught at Hoboken, N. J., when the liner landed there. The brother of the slain wife there met him, and caused him to be placed under arrest.

The first night of his imprisonment in New Jersey a confession was produced, bearing his name, and generally supposed to be authentic.

"My wife and I lived happily together, but she had an uncontrollable temper," read the confession. "So had I. On the night of the murder she had the worst outbreak of temper I ever saw.

"I told her to keep quiet or I would make her quiet. Then she had another outbreak. I took up a wooden mallet, with which I had been repairing a table, and hit her on the head and body two or three times. At midnight I put the body in a trunk, dragged it to a small pier near the house, and threw it overboard."

His wife was a beautiful young woman, although eight years older than he, who was only 21. The two were on their honeymoon when the murder occurred.

Mrs. Charlton was the divorced wife of Neville H. Castle, a San Francisco lawyer. Charlton is the son of Paul Charlton, law adviser of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and former President Taft's classmate at Yale. He has stood by his son through all the fight against extradition.

Extradition Fight Begins.

The fight began the day after the confession appeared. It seemed at first that the young man surely must go back to Italy to face trial, and every legal step was taken against it. His friends, led by his father, took the position that he could not be extradited, because Italy had always refused, under the extradition treaty of 1868, to return Italian subjects to the United States to answer for crimes committed here.

They lost this fight, when Italy made a request for the prisoner. The fight was resumed, and Charlton's father entered the insanity plea, in a habeas corpus suit. Losing this in the lower court, the father appealed to the Supreme Court, in which, about a month ago, the opinion of Justice Lurton was handed down, to the effect that Charlton was subject to extradition.

Officers arrived in the United States from Italy last week to take Charlton back for trial. Conflicting reports have been spread regarding the young man's health, certain physicians contending that he is the victim of pulmonary tuberculosis and others that he is in perfect health.

Newspaper reports, written by men who have seen him, say that he appears healthy. He has been allowed an unusual degree of freedom while being held in the Hudson County jail, being permitted to take walks, automobile drives and two hours of exercise each day. Sometimes he was taken to picture shows.

MRS. GUNTER IS CRAZY, SWEARS STEP-DAUGHTER

Trial of Divorce Suit Against Former Alabama Supreme Court Jurist Sensational.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 16.—That Mrs. Kate Gunter is crazy and a subject for an insane asylum, was the testimony offered by Mrs. Donald Simple, who conducts a fashionable society school for girls in New York, in the divorce trial of her father, Judge W. A. Gunter, here yesterday. She said her stepmother, who filed the original bill of complaint in the sensational case, told falsehoods and that it was almost unenduarble to live with her. Still, she said, she stuck up for her as long as she was her father's wife, but when Mrs. Gunter filed the bill asking for a separation from her aged husband all love for the mother ceased.

The suit has now been in progress for more than 50 days. Witness after witness has been upon the stand and some of them, especially the two principals, have been grilled for a whole day at a time. Every effort has been made here to suppress publicity of the case.

The suit now in progress is for the possession of the children, five of whom have come from the union of thirteen years.

The original bill and also the testimony offered by Mrs. Gunter is to the effect that the respondent threatened to kill her and then commit suicide. She also said he was cruel to her and that her life was in danger.

Judge Gunter, who is 77 years old, was formerly on the Alabama Supreme Court bench and is prominent in the State. His son, William Gunter, Jr., is Mayor of the city, and another son, Gaston Gunter, is Judge of the criminal division of the City Court. The latter, who is a former Yale football star, was among the witnesses on the stand to-day.

SHUPTRINE TO HEAD BIG POLITICAL CLUB

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Although the officials will not make public the result of the election, it is learned that Herman C. Shuptrine, Representative in the Legislature from Chatham County, was elected president of the Cracker Progressive Club, a political organization, last night. Shuptrine has stated that he will accept.

Feast on Collards Instead of Cabbage

Thomas County Convicts Revel in Delicious "Greens"—Fresh Corn as Dessert.

THOMASVILLE, Aug. 16.—The convicts in the camps of Thomas County have had a change of diet from the cabbage which was so much enjoyed by them in the spring and early summer, and have transferred their allegiance to collard greens.

The report made by the superintendent of the county farm this week shows that for the month of July 1,250 head of these collards were fed to the convicts of the various camps, and as the average darky is proverbially fond of these greens they doubtless enjoyed their meals. With the collards were eaten 600 ears of green corn and several bushels of onions.

As vegetables are considered good summertime diet they probably went a long way toward preserving the health of the convicts as all the camps are reported in a healthy condition.

'Hoodoo Doctors' Ply 'Art' in Cordele

Raid Farms for Cotton Root to Brew Tea for Superstitious Negroes.

CORDELE, Aug. 16.—"Hoodoo" or "root" doctors, as they are commonly known, seem to be getting in some very effective work in Cordele, though if their identity should become known to the police the effect would very probably not be pleasing to them. For several nights these characters have devastated patches of cotton in the western part of the city, belonging to negroes. For the purpose of making cotton root tea, which is said to have a healing effect in a good many cases, they have pulled up row after row of cotton by the roots, cutting off the weeds and taking the roots with them.

Cashier, Sentenced, Making Hard Fight

J. H. Cason's Lawyers Determined to Carry Case Through Highest State Courts.

MOULTRIE, Aug. 16.—Arguments in the motion for a new trial of J. H. Cason, now under five-year sentence in the penitentiary for embezzling nearly $8,000 from the Bank of Cresland, will be heard in Valdosta before Judge Thomas on September 8.

Attorneys for the former bank cashier state they will leave nothing undone to save their client and that the case will be fought through all the courts before it is concluded.

ITALIAN SHOT TO DEATH BY HIS CONTRYMEN

TAMPA, Aug. 16.—Guiseppe Illuminato, an Italian who was shot to death Tuesday night by two men armed with shotguns, which they threw away, is said to have been killed because of improper relations with another Italian's wife. Judge Fernandez is said to be in ossession of evidence that convinces him this is the fact, and has postponed the Coroner's inquest to Monday, when this woman will be asked to take the stand.

NO WHISKY EXCEPT IN HOMES IN FLORIDA TOWN

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 15.—The city commissioners have passed stringent ordinances regulating the selling of liquor in this city, Pinellas County having voted "dry" at the recent election. The ordinance is even more stringent than the State law. It provides that liquor found anywhere except in a private residence is prima focie evidence that it is for sale.

TERRELL FARMER FIRES BULLET THROUGH HEAD

DAWSON, Aug. 16.—P. C. Calley, well-to-do Terrell County farmer and brother-in-law of Jesse Mercer, committed suicide at his country home near Dawson by shooting himself through the head. He left no note as to the cause, but despondency over money matters is believed to have been responsible.

PHYSICIANS AID M'NAUGHTON IN FIGHT FOR LIFE

Savannah Medicos Lending Influence to Secure Pardon for Condemned Doctor.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Savannah physicians are lending their aid toward securing the freedom of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, who is in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Fred Flanders in Emanuel County three years ago.

At the request of the Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who has been a consistent friend of the condemned man, several Savannah physicians have given affidavits relative to the effect of the amount of arsenic poisoning which it is claimed killed Flanders. They declare this amount of the poison would not produce death. It is understood the Prison Commission, which is now considering the case of Dr. McNaughton, is perfectly willing to grant him a commutation to life imprisonment, but his friends are striving for a full pardon for him.

Dr. McNaughton may return to his old home in Emanuel County and resume the practice of his profession if the Prison Commission acts favorably upon his application for a pardon.

"I am an innocent man, and naturally expect to be given a full pardon," he said. "All I hope is that the facts were presented to the Prison Commission properly. If they were, I feel confident I will be liberated. I have already been deprived of several years of my life, and I am praying constantly that the great wrong that has been done me may be righted as far as possible by the granting of a full pardon."

Timbermen Fight Over Debt; 1 Dead

W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen End Dispute by Pistol Duel in Street at Blakely.

BLAKELY, Aug. 16.—W. C. Stamper and G. R. Keen, two well-known timbermen, had a pistol duel on the public square at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, as a result of which Keen is dead with five bullet holes in his body.

Keen is said to have shot at Stamper twice and missed him. Stamper escaped unhurt, except a graze near the left eye.

The trouble grew out of a dispute over the division of the proceeds of a debt due to both of them by a common debtor.

Keen leaves a wife and several children.

8-Foot Shark Caught At St. Simons Island

Sam Levinne Lands Largest Catch of Years in Waters Around Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—An eight-foot shark has been caught on St. Simons Island by Sam Levinne, of this city. Before the fish could be landed it required a horse to pull it ashore.

The young man had his line out for a shark for more than an hour when suddenly it was almost jerked from his hand. Several times he managed ro get the shark to the surface, each time shooting it, and before it was killed eight bullets had been poured into its body.

The shark weighed more than 300 pounds, and was the largest caught in these waters in ten years.

"GETS-IT" Chases Corns Alright!

Easy As One, Two, Three; No Fuss, No Pain, by Using "GETS-IT."

Just take two seconds to put a little "GETS-IT" on that corn. That corn is "done for" as sure as the sun rises. The corn shrivels up, vanishes. That's the surprise you get by



"We can Dance All Night and Our Corns Won't Hurt. We Both Use 'GETS-IT'—It Gets Corns Every Time, Dead Sure!"

using this new-plan corn cure. There's nothing to stick to the stockings or sock; your corn pains stop. You're saved the bother of applying plasters that make the corn bulge out from the core. You're saved salves that eat into the healthy flesh and "pull;" no more fussing with bandages. You don't have to help by picking and dragging out your corns, or cutting with knives or razors.

"GETS-IT" is safe, painless, stops pain, never hurts healthy flesh. It is guaranteed. Try it on warts, callouses and bunions too.

"GETS-IT" is sold at all druggists at 25 cents a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago. Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Elkin Drug Co., Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Co., E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Co.

Our Wardrobe Trunks

Will always be your friend.

From top to bottom they are designed and made to care for your comfort and to stand the hardest kind of travel.

Made in Steamer, Men's and Women's sizes, at

$17.50 to $65.00

But they are worth more.

No freight, no retailer's profit added.

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

EISEMAN BROS., Inc.

New and Greater Discounts In Men's Suits!

at $6.50 One lot Men's and Young Men's Two and Three-Piece Suits, Fancy mixtures. Formerly sold at $12.50 to $18.00. These are exceptional values. Sizes 32 to 36. *Quantity Limited*

at $7.50 One very special lot Men's and Young Men's BLUE SERGE SUITS. Regularly sold at $12.50 to $18.00. Sizes 32 to 35.

at $9.75 One extra special lot of Men's and Young Men's Two and Three-Piece SUITS. Absolute values $15 to $22.50. Sizes 32 to 38.

Any Soft or Stiff Brim Straw Hat 95c



PANAMA HATS
BANGKOK HATS
½ Price

Bargain Prices in Every Department!

SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, NECKWEAR, HOSIERY Greatly UNDERPRICED!

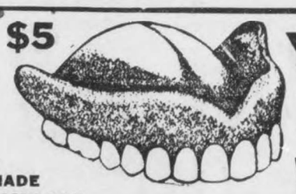
Scores of BARGAINS in the Children's Department

MEN'S FINE SHOES AT BARGAIN PRICES

Eiseman Bros., Inc.

Trunks, Bags, Suit Cases at Clearance Prices

11-13-15-17 Whitehall

$5 

Your Teeth Examined WITHOUT CHARGE

MADE SAME DAY

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S

GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24½ Whitehall St. **Over Brown & Allen's**

Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

TWICE EACH YEAR

You should have your teeth examined at least once every six months, to see that they are kept healthy. They may or may not need treatment. WE MAKE THESE EXAMINATIONS FREE.



CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

SET OF TEETH . .	$5	GOLD FILLING . .	$1
GOLD CROWNS . .	$4	AMALGAM FILLING,	50c up
BRIDGE WORK . .	$4	PLATES REPAIRED,	50c up

TEETH CLEANED, NEW PROCESS . . $1 up

A Dozen Things to Interest Every Member of Every Family in the South

A Great Southern Newspaper Covering All Important Happenings in the World----Bristling With Entertaining and Instructive Features

News

Hearst's Sunday American covers completely every avenue of news of the universe. Local, State, National and Foreign news is presented in attractive shape in every issue. Every item of importance is handled as it should be handled. The happenings of the world are given to readers of Hearst's Sunday American in such quality and quantity as to make the news columns of the paper a wonderful mine of information.

For All the News of All the World,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Fashions

Every week Hearst's Sunday American carries news and pictures of all the latest ideas in the world of Fashion. Up-to-the-minute modes are discussed and explained by fashion experts so that the feminine reader learns at first hand every detail of Dame Fashion's newest creation.

For Latest News of Fashions,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Society

In the realms of Society Polly Peachtree and her associate writers on Hearst's Sunday American are thoroughly at home and present each week in intimate fashion all the latest tea-table gossip, drawing-room small-talk and the doings of the members of the smart set in Atlanta, Georgia and the South. No feature of the Sunday paper is read more eagerly than the social news section. It is an authority on Society.

For All the Real News of Society,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Politics

Men who know politics and politicians as they know their A B C's write the news of politics for Hearst's Sunday American. No paper in the South presents more complete and authentic political news. If you would keep abreast of the times in a political way you must read the American's political page.

For Genuine News of the Political Game,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Fiction

It is the policy of Hearst's Sunday American to keep its readers fully and and accurately acquainted with all the best and latest fiction. Gripping short stories and thrilling serials are to be found in its columns, together with entertaining gossip of writers and the makers of books.

For the Best in Fiction,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Theater

The news of the stage in New York and Europe is presented in most attractive shape. The successes and failures—are written about by Charles Henry Meltzer and Allan Dale, America's foremost dramatic critic, whose pen is caustic, but honest, and who can be relied upon at all times to tell the whole truth about the drama. Just now Dale is in Europe.

For Honest News of the Theater,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Sports

In the field of sport Hearst's Sunday American is foremost. Every branch of sport is handled by an expert. The American's staff of sport writers is the largest of any paper in the South. Among its sporting writers are W. S. Farnsworth, W. W. Naughton, O. B. Keeler, J. W. Heisman, Joe Bean, W. J. McBeth, Innis Brown, Damon Runyon, Ed Smith and Sam Crane. The best, most graphic pictures of sporting events are printed in The American, which devotes four or more pages every week to sport. Everywhere it goes, The American is regarded as an authority on sporting affairs. The paper stands for and insists upon clean, honest athletics.

For First News of Sports,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Farming

The South is the garden spot of the country in agriculture and every week Hearst's Sunday American offers articles on farming that are written by men who know the soil and its possibilities. These special articles are written so entertainingly that they interest the city man as well as the farmer and are a prime feature of the Sunday paper.

For Instructive News of the Farm,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Humor

Hearst's Sunday American is especially strong in real humor. The comic section is replete with the best that is to be found in genuine humor. It is a sure cure for the blues. The newest jokes and anecdotes appear in the columns of the Comic Section. The illustrations are beyond compare. Swinnerton, McManus, "Bud" Fisher, Windsor McCay and other artists of note are represented in the Comic Section.

For Worth-While Humor,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Finance

News of the cotton markets, Wall street and the world of money and industry is given plenty of space in Hearst's Sunday American. Every phase of finance is touched upon and readers of the paper have the satisfaction of knowing that they are reading facts by writers who know what they are writing about. The financial pages of The American are authoritative and unbiased.

For Dependable News of Finance,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Features

In addition to all the regular and standard departments in Hearst's Sunday American, the paper every week presents a wealth of special features that can not be found in any other Sunday newspaper. Pictures of people and events that are of interest; comment upon important affairs, editorials that are a mental bracer, stories of people you know or have heard about, comment on the passing show—features similar to these make each number of The American stand out as a most complete exposition of the world and its people.

For Entertaining Features,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

Cartoons

The cartoon is the editorial that strikes quickest and surest the mental perception of the reader and the most striking cartoons are to be found in Hearst's Sunday American. "Tad," and Opper and Powers, and others are represented in the Editorial and City Life sections. "Mutt and Jeff" appear each week.

For Cartoons of Merit,
Get Hearst's Sunday American

These Are SOME of the Features You Will Find EVERY Week in

Don't Miss Your Copy ---Order It in Advance

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Don't Miss Your Copy ---Order It in Advance

GIRLS BARE SECRETS OF FLIGHT WITH DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Blushing and With Downcast Eyes They Tell Jury Pitiful Story of Their Downfall

FEAR OF EXPOSURE OF THEIR RELATIONS WITH MEN LED TO ELOPEMENT

Marsha Warrington Declares Both She and Lola Norris Had Promises of Marriage When They Embarked on Trip---Firm Under Cross-Fire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The case of Maury I. Diggs, formerly State Architect of California, charged before the United States Court under the Mann white slavery act because he took pretty, dainty Marsha Warrington, of Sacramento, to Reno, Nev., leaving behind a beautiful wife and a little daughter, has passed the stage of revelation and disclosure and now has come to the technicalities of defense.

It will be recalled that on March 10 last the tea tables of the West were rattled by the tale that Diggs had run away with Miss Warrington, daughter of a general agent of the Santa Fe, and that F. Drew Caminetti, son of the Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States, had fled from his wife's children at the same time, taking with him Miss Lola Norris, the prettiest girl in the State Library, daughter of one of the oldest and most respected families in the Capital of the State.

Caught in a bungalow at Reno, the United States authorities took over the prosecution.

Becomes National Incident.

Then came the effort at Washington to postpone and suppress that prosecution, with the explosion and resignation of United State District Attorney John L. McNab, the forcing of Cabinet consideration and the administrative fake of sustaining Attorney General McReynolds in theory and rebuking him in fact and procedure. An escapade of love and champagne had been dignified into an event of national importance.

After a struggle that exhausted the entire panel and required a special venire, a jury was sworn, and on Tuesday of this week came the long-expected sacrifice—the appearance of Miss Marsha Warrington before her shearers.

She appeared, a pretty, plump, frightened little thing, 20 years of age, who kept her eyes in her lap and slowly and painfully told, detail on detail, of her meeting with Diggs of the making up of a joy-hunting party of four with Miss Norris and Caminetti; of her yielding to her lover's importunities in his office; of trips that extended near and far, joy riding to destruction.

Then she told of how Diggs and Caminetti had, playing upon their fears of arrest and exposure, induced and coerced her and Miss Norris to fly with them to Nevada. There was no relation, however intimate, no situation, however delicate, that the pretty miss was not forced to disclose.

Terrified Into Trips.

Next came Miss Norris, tall, willowy and prepossessing, and she, too, clearly, distinctly, compellingly, told how she had loved not wisely and how she and Miss Warrington had been cajoled, persuaded and terrified into accompanying Diggs and Caminetti to Reno, where her own downfall was completed.

There has been something of corroboration of the love tale and the completion of a hard case under the letter of the Mann law, which punishes those who take women from one State to another for the purpose of making them mistresses and concubines.

And now the defense has stated its case. It does not intend to deny the stories of the two girls, but will rest its hopes on the theory that there was "no persuasion" to leave California, or "intent" to force the young women into concubinage in Nevada; but that all fled Sacrameto in the same fear of exposure of their liaison and arrest and disgrace following the exposure.

Both Miss Warrington and Miss Norris had to submit to the most searching questions during their appearance on the witness stand. The two girls occupied the stand from Tuesday to Friday. The transcript of their testimony virtually tells the complete story of the escapade that led to the indictment of Diggs and Caminetti and made the flight to Reno eventually result in a crisis in the Cabinet of President Wilson. On it the Government proposes to convict the two defendants.

A new warrant was sworn out for Diggs to-day in police court charging him with attacking a newspaper protographer. Diggs, it is expected, will take the stand Wednesday, and will be followed by Caminetti. Both will maintain that they fled from Sacramento only to escape arrest.

In this contention, they will be corroborated by their their wives, who will testify that they had already threatened criminal action against their husbands.

Love for Wife Forgotten.

"How often during the two weeks prior to your departure to Reno did Mr. Diggs discuss with you his relations with his wife?" was one of the first questions asked Miss Warrington by Special Prosecutor Roche.

"Several times," repiled Miss Warrington, giving the answer in such a low voice that Judge VanFleet had to tell her to speak up louder.

Q. Did he say anything concerning himself and yourself in the future?—A. Yes.

Q. How often did he refer to his regard for you?—A. He spoke of it very often and said that he cared more for me than he did for his wife.

Q. Did you believe what he said?—A. I did.

Q. Did Diggs demonstrate his affection—I mean did he ever kiss you?—A. Yes, he did.

Q. Did he discuss marriage with you?—A. He did.

Q. What did he say about marriage?—A. He said he would divorce his wife and marry me.

Q. How often did he discuss marriage with you?—A. I don't know.

Q. More than once?—A. Yes.

Best to Leave City.

Q. Now, tell the jury what the defendant said that resulted in your deciding to leave Sacramento.—A. Well, he said his father was coming up from Berkeley to prosecute us; that there was talk about us all over town; that it was best for all of us to leave the city, and that it was the advice of his attorney. He said he had paid an attorney large sums for his advice on the situation.

Talks of Reform School.

Q. Now go on and state what you said and what the others said, starting with the first discussion.—A. Well, Mr. Diggs said we would be sent to the reform school; that there was going to be something published in the papers; that we would be tried in the juvenile court and there was a warrant out for our arrest, and if we did not go we would be put through the third degree.

Q. By whom?—A. He didn't say. The policeman, I suppose.

Q. What did Caminetti say?—A. He didn't say much. He just agreed.

Q. What did you and Lola Norris say?—A. We said we couldn't go.

Q. What part of the time of your meetings was taken up with these discussions?—A. Most all of the time.

Q. Did you agree to leave for Reno before Saturday, March 9?—A. No.

Q. Did Miss Norris?—A. No.

Q. Did you make any statement as to the effect of your leaving on your father or mother?—A. I said I couldn't go and leave my father; it would simply kill him. He said it would all come out in the papers anyway, and I might as well go.

Would Kill Her Mother.

Q. What did Miss Norris say about her mother?—A. She said it would kill her if she left.

Q. Did the men say anything about that?—A. Diggs said her mother would get over it.

Q. How soon did they say you should get away?—A. Right away.

Q. Did they say that each time you discussed going?—A. Yes; they said we had to go immediately every time.

Q. What time did you meet Diggs and Caminetti at the Saddle Rock restaurant the evening you left for Reno?—A. About 8:30 o'clock.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about marrying you there?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. Did he say anything about any action his wife might take?—A. Regarding a divorce, do you mean? He didn't say she would get a divorce.

Q. Did Diggs say, what Caminetti would do?—A. He said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.

Q. Who did the talking?—A. Mr. Diggs. He said we might go to Salt Lake City, Reno or Los Angeles. He finally decided Reno.

Q. Was anything said about what would happen if you didn't go?—A. He said we had to go; that we couldn't back out now.

Q. Did you protest?—A. We said we would stay there and take our chances, and he repeated it was too late to back out then.

Q. What was said about tickets?—A. First we talked about buying them ourselves. Mr. Caminetti said it would be better to have the girls buy them. Finally Diggs said he would get them.

Q. Was any more money given to anybody by one of the four?—A. Mr. Caminetti gave Miss Norris some money.

Q. How much?—A. I don't know.

Girl Kept Money.

Q. To buy tickets with? What did he say when he gave her the money?—A. He told her to keep it.

Q. How long after Caminetti left did you stay in the restaurant?—A. About an hour.

Q. What did you talk about?—A. About Mr. Caminetti and whether he would get the money, and our destination.

Q. How were the berths occupied?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti had the upper and Mr. Diggs and myself had the lower berth.

Q. What baggage did the party have?—A. Mr. Diggs had a suitcase and I had a grip.

Q. Was the baggage checked?—A. No.

Q. Did you see the tickets?—A. I saw Mr. Diggs give them to the conductor.

Q. Where did you go from the restaurant?—A. The depot.

Q. What kind of a car did you get in?—A. A Pullman sleeper.

Q. What part did you go into first?—A. We stood in the car while Mr. Diggs got a drawing room.

Q. Who paid for the drawing room?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who ordered the porter to make up the berths?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Did the four of you enter the room together?—A. Yes.

Q. How many beds were there in the drawing room?—A. Two berths and the little side bed.

Q. Did you go to bed?—A. Yes.

Q. Right away?—A. Yes.

Tried to Rent House.

Q. Miss Warrington, you recall, do you, going to the Riverside Hotel on the 7th day of March, 1913?—A. I do.

Q. Was that after or before the four of you had your lunch at the cafe?—A. After.

Q. Upon leaving the cafe in Reno, just state to what place the two men went, that is Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs?—A. They said we could go to the hotel and wait for them and they would try to rent a house.

Q. During the time that you were in Reno with Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris were any further statements made by Mr. Diggs as to what he intended to do so far as you were concerned?—A. I don't understand.

Q. Well, I mean so far as marriage was concerned?—A. Yes.

Q. What, if anything, did he say?—A. He said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me.

Q. And what, if anything, did Mr. Caminetti say in your presence to Miss Norris regarding that subject?—A. He said the same thing.

Q. What room in that bungalow was occupied by you?—A. The front room.

Q. Who else occupied that room with you?—A. Mr. Diggs.

Q. Who occupied the rear room, that is, the north bedroom?—A. Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti.

Miss Warrington was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by Nat Coghlan, counsel for Diggs and Caminetti.

Replying to his questions, Miss Warrington explained she was working for her father, general agent of the Santa Fe Railroad at Sacramento, as a stenographer at the time she went to Reno.

"Under what circumstances did you meet Mr. Diggs?" she was asked.

"He was introduced to me by a friend of mine, Mr. Monte Austin," was the girl's reply.

Q. Were you not introduced to Mr. Diggs as Miss Williamson?—A. I could not say.

Q. Did Mr. Austin give you the name of Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you at that time know who Mr. Diggs was?—A. I did not.

Q. You did not know whether he was a married or a single man?—A. Mr. Austin told me that he was not living with his wife at that time.

Pair Met Frequently.

Q. When was it that you met Mr. Diggs the next time?—A. The last of October.

Q. Did you meet him frequently after the second time?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember visiting Mr. Diggs and Mr. Caminetti in the city of San Francisco and going to the Grand Hotel during the month of ary, 1913, I will ask you if you, in company with Mr. Caminetti and Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris, did not go in an automobile from San Francisco to San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. You stopped, did you not, at the New Montgomery Hotel, at San Jose?—A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember, Miss Warrington, going to Stockton upon a certain Sunday in January, 1913, with Mr. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. Didn't you go to the Old Heidel- February, 1913?—A. Yes.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti and Miss Norris stop at the Grand Hotel, the same place, in San Francisco, upon that occasion?—A. Yes.

Q. And the same room was occupied by you and Mr. Diggs upon that night, was it not?—A. Yes.

Q. And Miss Norris and Mr. Caminetti, to your knowledge occupied another room alone in that hotel, did they not?—A. Yes.

Stopped at San Jose.

Q. Upon the second day of Februberg there and hire a cottage for the afternoon?—A. I don't remember.

Mr. Coghlan—I will ask you if you do not remember going to Jackson with Mr. Diggs and Miss Norris in the auto of Mr. Diggs upon election night for the purpose of getting Mr. Caminetti—that is to say, election night in November, 1912?—A. Yes, I remember.

Q. Where did you stop at Jackson that night?—A. We didn't stay there. We came right back.

Q. During that trip did you and the other three members of that party drink any intoxicating liquors?—A. Yes, a little.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you arrived home on that night about 3 o'clock—I mean the next morning, on the morning of November 4, I believe it was or, at any rate, the morning after election—and that you had been drinking considerably upon the trip?—A. I do not remember what time we returned home; I do not think it was so late as that.

Wanted to Leave Town.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that you wanted to leave Sacramento by reason of the fact of your condition?—A. No.

Q. And you were frightened at that time, were you?—A. Yes.

Q. Afraid that you might be arrested? Is that correct?—A. That is what Mr. Diggs said, that we were to be arrested the next day.

Q. I am asking you now if you were afraid or were not afraid you would be arrested.—A. Certainly.

Miss Lola Norris made an even better witness for the Government than Miss Warrington, although much of her testimony was simply in corroboration of the testimony of her chum.

"How old are you?" she was asked by Prosecutor Roche upon taking the stand.

"I was 20 the 3d of last August," she replied.

Q. Do you know Maury I. Diggs?—A. Yes.

Q. From when does your acquaintance with him date?—A. Since about the latter part of October, 1912.

Q. At that time where were you employed?—A. In the State Library, Sacramento.

Q. You are acquainted with Drew Caminetti?—A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been acquainted with him?—A. A little over a year.

Knew He Was Married.

Q. Did you know he was a married man?—A. I did.

Q. And did you know Mr. Diggs was a married man?—A. Yes.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, you remember the trip you took to Reno with Mr. Caminetti and Miss Warrington and Mr. Diggs. How many times were you in the habit of meeting together before that time?—A. Three or four times each week.

Q. Did Diggs say anything about his relations with his wife during these meetings?—A. Yes; he said he was not happy with his wife.

Q. How often did he say this?—A. A number of times.

Q. And did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his relations with his wife?—A. Yes.

Q. What did he say?—A. He told me he was not living happily with her.

Q. Did Diggs ever tell you that his relations with his wife were about to be served? What, if anything, did he say upon this subject?—A. Well, I remember on one occasion that I received a telephone message saying that he and Mrs. Diggs had agreed to separate and that she was to apply for a divorce in a few days.

Promised to Marry Her.

Q. Did Mr. Caminetti say anything about his wife and what his plans were respecting her after he went away?—A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

A. He said that he would get a divorce from her and marry me.

Mr. Roche:

Q. Go on and state what occurred in the drawing room after you entered it?—A. There were two berths on one side, an upper and a lower, and a couch on the other side. I lay down on the couch for a while.

Q. What became of Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington?—A. They went into a lower berth?

Q. What became of Mr. Caminetti?—A. He entered the upper berth.

Q. You were still lying on the couch?—A. Yes.

Q. How long did you remain there?—A. About half an hour.

Q. Then what did you do?—A. I got into the upper berth.

Q. At whose request?—A. Mr. Caminetti's.

Reached Reno in Morning.

Q. Do you recall what time it was when you reached Reno?—A. It might have been 8 or 9 o'clock the next morning.

Q. Now coming back to the trip to Reno, did you shed any tears on the train?—A. Yes, because I was very unhappy.

Q. How were the rooms occupied at the bungalow you finally rented at Reno?—A. Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington occupied the front rooms and Mr. Caminetti and I the back room.

Q. At this time had Mr. Caminetti made any declarations of his intention to marry you?—A. Yes; he promised that he would marry me.

Q. When the officer finally arrived, with Mr. Martin Beasley, what did you and Miss Warrington do?—A. We cried, but he told us not to worry—that everything would be all right when we returned to our homes and parents.

Q. Was any hilarity indulged in by either Miss Warrington or yourself on this occasion?—A. No. We couldn't laugh, because we were both very unhappy.

Q. Now, Miss Norris, prior to this trip to Reno, had you ever been intimate with any man besides Mr. Caminetti?—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

—A. I had not, and Mr. Caminetti knew it.

Q. And when you entered into these relations with Mr. Caminetti, you believed that he would marry you?—A. Yes, sir.

Miss Norris was cross-examined by Attorney Robert Devlin, of the defense, former United States District Attorney here.

"Now, Miss Norris, on the trip you took to San Francisco and San Jose," was one of Attorney Devlin's questions, "did not Mr. Caminetti at first object to going, saying his wife was ill in the hospital, and didn't Miss Warrington say, 'You're a piker. We girls have framed this up and you must go along'?"

"I dbn't remember any such thing," Miss Norris answered.

Q. Did you have anything to drink on this trip?—A. I think I had some lemonade.

Q. Don't you remember that there was considerable drinking done in the party, and that you girls took part in some auto racing with another machine containing theatrical people, members of David Warfield's company?—A. No, sir.

Q. Do you remember that when you finally returned to the Grand Hotel it was very late—about 4 o'clock in the morning?—A. No, sir. I had no idea what time it was.

Q. You said you rapped on Miss Warrington's door after you had reached the hotel and that you tried to enter her room. Did she hear you knocking?

Objection interposed by Mr. Roche.

Q. Did you stay in the room all night with Mr. Caminetti after you left the Grand Hotel and went to San Jose—at the hotel in San Jose?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. At that time did you rap on Miss Warrington's door?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after the trip to Jackson did you make another trip to Stockton—you four?—A. Yes, sir.

Registered as His Wife.

Q. Do you remember on this occasion that Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington retired to a room and were gone for two hours, and that you and Mr. Caminetti retired to another room?—A. I don't remember.

Q. Upon your arrival in Reno, Mr. Caminetti registered at the Riverside Hotel as Mr. Ross and you as Mrs. Ross?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And Mr. Diggs as Mr. Enright and Miss Warrington as Mrs. Enright?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, after leaving the hotel and going to the cottage that you occupied, do you remember Mr. Diggs and Miss Warrington going downtown and buying you a night gown?—A. Yes; they returned with one, but I don't know who bought it.

Q. Do you remember after the Reno incident that Miss Warrington heard that Mr. Diggs and his wife were reconciled, and that she remarked: "If I can't get him, he'll go to the penitentiary?"—A. She never said that to me.

Q. Do you remember on one occasion entering the private office of Mr. Diggs in Sacramento when he was alone with Miss Warrington? Do you remember on this occasion Miss Warrington remarked, "What do you think this is—a private show, and why don't you buy tickets?"—A. No sir.

MARSHA WARRINGTON and Maury I. Diggs, whom she accuses on a white slavery charge, as they appeared in court in the noted case.



PHOTOS BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

BOTH PROMISED MARRIAGE, GIRLS TESTIFY

Diggs said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry me. He also said Mr. Caminetti was going to get a divorce from his wife and marry Miss Norris.---*From the testimony of Marsha Warrington.*

Mr. Caminetti told me he was not living happily with his wife and he promised that he would get a divorce and marry me.---*From the testimony of Lola Norris.*

Cures Blood Poison

Wonderful New Vegetable Discovery, as Proved by Wasserman Test, Cures at Home the Blood Poison That Causes Ulcers, Copper Spots, Mucous Patches, etc.

Free to You How to Cure Yourself Quickly, Absolutely, Safely, Without Mercury, Iodide or Other Mineral Poisons.

It doesn't matter how bad your case of blood poison, no matter in what stage, I can cure you quickly, completely, permanently with the wonderful, pure, vegetable Obbac Treatment. It has revolutionized the treatment of blood poison. Its cures have been amazing, and the infallible Wasserman Test absolutely proves it. I have cured cases with the body covered with ulcers, the hair gone, the internal organs badly damaged, the brain affected, and the bones of nose and throat involved.



The Wonderful and Prompt Results of Vegetable Obbac.

You can now throw away all your mercury; iodide, arsenic and other dangerous poisons which have a frightful effect and do not cure. Obbac not only cures the blood poison, but the damage from these mineral drugs as well, and has cured cases which failed to be cured by injection method, now admitted to be dangerous and fatal in many cases.

The Obbac Company is one of the big institutions of Chicago. Send coupon below to-day and I will send you free how to cure yourself of blood poison, right in your own home, with wonderful Obbac, also proofs of amazing cures by the score.

FREE COUPON

To Medical Director, OBBAC CO.,
960 Commercial Building,
Chicago, Ill.

Send me by return mail, absolutely free, how to cure myself quickly and completely at home of blood poison by the wonderful vegetable Obbac, also free book, proofs of cures, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....



DON'T EXPERIMENT, Send Your Roll to Me

and get the best results you ever had in 8 hours.

Ask Any Kodak Owner

in Atlanta or Georgia, or better still, send Shelley Ivey a trial order and don't pay if work is not O. K. on receipt. Write for his new square deal PROGRESSIVE price list and camera catalogue and coupon system.

THE COLLEGE "CO-OP,"
Shelley Ivey, Manager.

I've moved to 119 and 121 Peachtree, Candler Bldg.

Special.

P. S.—Free development of any brand of rolls or packs. I work day and night to give quick deliveries. S. I.

Use My 8-Hour Service

FARM SEEDS

We shall take pleasure in quoting current prices at any time on request, or shall fill all orders intrusted to us at lowest existing prices at the time the order is received.

We have just received our New Crop Seeds of Crimson Clover, Alfalfa Clover, Dwarf Essex Rape, Hairy Winter Vetch, Georgia Rye and Grasses. Let us hear from you.

McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO.

'Arch" 12 S. BROAD STREET "Bob"

THE BRIDGE BLOCK,

Bell Phone 3076. Atlanta 593.

FASTEST GROWING DENTAL BUSINESS IN ATLANTA

WHY? Because Public Confidence is completely established---because every claim is made good.

Whitlaw, the Only Dentist Who Says: "If It Hurts, Don't Pay Me."



Original Painless Dentist

WHITLAW PRICES RUN AS LOW AS:

Porcelain Crowns	$3
Gold Crowns	$4
Bridge Work	$4
Plates (Gold Dust, Rubber)	$5

And remember, if it hurts, it doesn't cost you anything.



The claim that it does not hurt is absolutely genuine. I can kill a live nerve, fill the most sensitive cavity, extract a tooth, crown a tooth, in fact I can perform the most difficult operations without hurting you a particle.

Lady Attendant and Ladies' Rest Room

TERMS TO SUIT
Phone Main 1298

DR. WHITLAW, PAINLESS DENTIST

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Sanitary Office in the South

73½ Whitehall St.

THE UP-TO-DATE CAFE!



The Savoy Cafe has been remodeled, and is now fully equipped with the best and most up-to-date equipment in the South. It is clean, wholesome and inviting. Everything spotless and sanitary. A meal or lunch here is a real delight.

"JUST AT FIVE POINTS"

THE **SAVOY CAFE** 34 Peachtree

QUICK SERVICE === LOW PRICES

Electric Signs Now Made Right at Home

One of the First Products of New Studio Is Largest Display South of New York.

Atlanta now possesses a first-class electric sign studio. Heretofore local merchants have been obliged to purchase their electric signs in other cities and have them shipped here at heavy expense.

Proof that this is no inconsequential studio is the new electric sign at the south end of the Whitehall-Peachtree viaduct—the largest south of New York, and one of the most beautiful anywhere. It was made in Atlanta from start to finish. It uses more than 2,500 lamps, and some of the letters on the sign are more than twelve feet high.

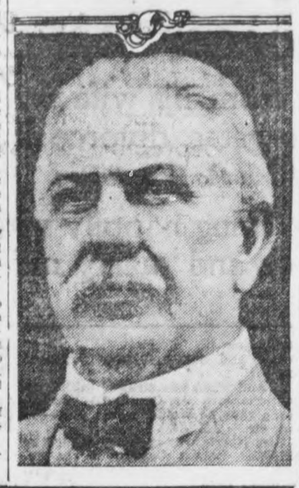
The new studio is the property of the Massengale Bulletin System, and is in the remodeled building which the Atlanta Athletic Club once occupied at 56 Edgewood avenue.

Ten high-salaried experts, men who thoroughly understand how to design and manufacture intricate and artistic electric signs, have been brought here by the Massengale Company to take charge of the new studio. M. O. Trusdell is in charge of the electrical department.

St. Elmo Massengale is president of the company and Gordon B. Massengale is secretary and manager.

E. Frank Munn is assistant manager and general superintendent.

WILLIS E. RAGAN, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the "M. & M.," to whom much of the convention's success is due.



The Merchants Convention a Great Success With Us

Our special terms, prices and discounts brought merchants to Atlanta whom we have never seen before. We had all the business we could take care of and we expect even more when it is known generally what we are offering and the terms and prices and discounts we are making. Our stock of $225,000 of nice, fresh merchandise must be sold.

WARD-TRUITT CO.
ATLANTA

MILLINERY BUYERS

Have You Secured Your Milliner?

We can aid you. We have the best in the South now in our workrooms. Our customers' workrooms are now open for you.

We invite your inspection of the largest stock of high-class millinery in the South.

ERNEST L. RHODES CO.
MILLINERY
WHOLESALE ONLY
67-69 South Pryor St. Atlanta, Ga.

Established 1872.

The J. Regenstein Co.
40-42 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.
Importers, Manufacturers, Jobbers of
"Everything Millinery"
From the Cheapest That's GOOD To the BEST That's Made
Catering to the wants of dealers who like to carry
The Better Class Millinery
Third Week's Showing of Imported Patterns and Regenstein Models.
Our workrooms are open to the trade, and visiting milliners. We are proud of our service. TRY US.
We furnish high class, competent milliners. See us. Cordially yours,
The J. Regenstein Company

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN ADVERTISING CONTEST

$10.00 GIVEN AWAY!!

In the six advertisements the names and addresses are omitted---only the trade marks or distinguishing characteristics of the advertisers are given. Send in to The Sunday American the missing names of the advertisers below, and in the fewest possible words describe the merits of the goods or business represented by the trade marks of the following advertisers and if yours is the best you get a check for $10.00. Next Sunday the winner will be announced and the complete ad with the address given.

"Better Be Safe than Sorry"	"Go where the Crowds Go"	"Truly-----"
"Your Credit is Good at-----"	"27 years in the same stand----Shoes for the entire family"	"The velvet kind" *"The Velvet Kind"*

WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

ATLANTA HAS NEW FRIENDS AS RESULT OF CONVENTION

Many Attracted to City Who Never Came Before, but Who Now Will Make Semi-Annual Trips and Become Regular Customers.

Attendance Surpasses All Expectations, as Does the Volume of Business Transacted as Direct Result of the Fine Gathering.

The Southern Merchants' Convention is over.

Registration reached the imposing total of 2,500, Secretary H. T. Moore reported Saturday. Several hundreds did not register. Probably 3,000 is none too liberal an estimate of the number of retailers from Atlanta territory who visited the city during the two weeks.

With a theater party at the Forsyth Monday night, a barbecue Wednesday, and the Atlanta-Chattanooga ball game Friday, the visiting delegates enjoyed the second week of their stay, and the Atlanta merchants who pushed the convention to success believe they have made enduring friends of their guests, friends who will come again in February and every half year after that.

The purpose of the convention was twofold. First, the retail dealers from all over the South were given an opportunity to meet and discuss the problems which confront them in the everyday conduct of their business. Second, every effort was made to emphasize Atlanta's advantages as a buying center for all the South.

Both Objects Achieved.

Both these objects were achieved. The speeches during the first week of the convention threw valuable help in the way of those who found perplexities in buying, selling, management of stores, credits, or any of the multitudinous things which go to make up a merchant's work.

It is a good thing that the proceedings are to be published. All of the speeches are well worthy of preservation for future reference. Some of the speakers gave plain talks, just the simple, practical expression of what they had learned through years of experience.

Others spoke with scholarly finish—their speeches really were erudite, of studied completeness and finish. Still others were inspirational—they pointed out the intellectual and spiritual significance of the merchant's work. They made him feel that his is a noble calling, that the great prizes of the world are for the business man.

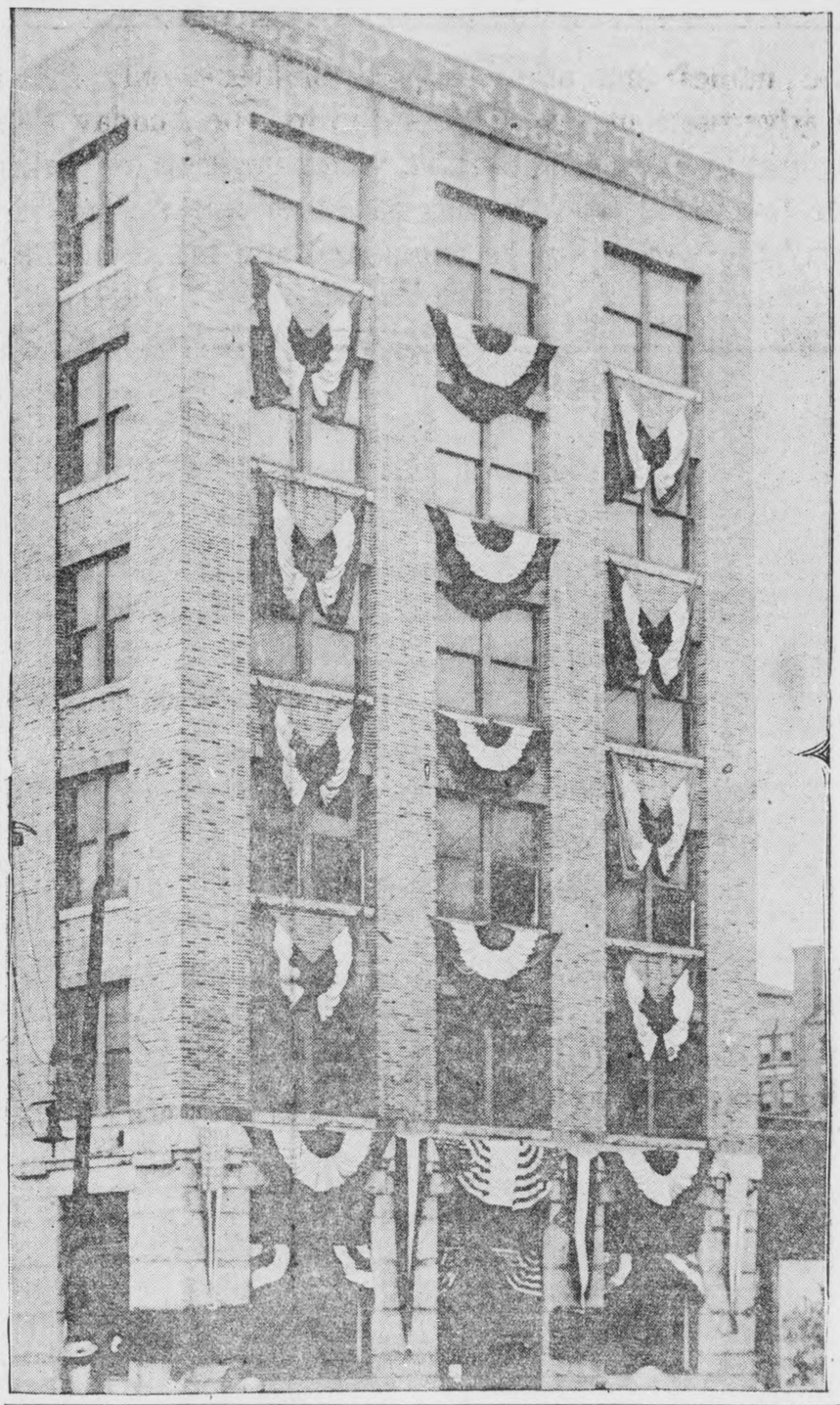
New Friends Made.

From the other point of view, the results attained were no less notable. Hundreds of buyers came to Atlanta who never had been here before, and who would not have come this time had it not been for the convention.

To them the completeness, the cheapness, the quality and the diversity of things sold by Atlanta manufacturers and jobbers must have been a revelation—indeed, they so expressed themselves.

Some of them bought big bills.

WARD-TRUITT COMPANY'S building, decorated in honor of the visiting merchants, as were many of the wholesale houses.



Every large jobbing house reports a splendid fall trade. The crop prospects are such as to make everyone optimistic. There will be a good demand for merchandise in the fall, and the buyers prepared to meet it.

There were others who did not buy so much. They are just as welcome, for the Atlantans feels that their goods, their prices and their service are right, and that every customer who buys here once will come again.

A noteworthy result of the meeting was the organization of a permanent body—the Southern States Merchants' Association, headed by J. W. Vaughn, of Cartersville, Ga.

This, it is hoped, will bring very tangible benefits to the retailers of the South in general. It may prove to be the parent of scores of local organizations, which can do worlds of good in watching credits, preventing price-slashing and equalizing freight rates.

NEW RICE HIGH; MARKET IS BARE OF LAST YEAR'S

Honduras Quoted at 7½ Cents to Jobbers by Big Atlanta Brokerage House.

New rice is being shown by H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers, and the price is "sky high," higher than any of the grocers remember, the figure quoted being 7 1-2 cents for full head Honduras clean. Japan sells for 3 1-2 and 4 cents. These are quotations to wholesalers.

The market is bare of old crop rice of good grades. Those who demand the fancy article have had to deny themselves. The new crop, it seems, is moving slowly, and indications are that the high levels will be maintained for some time, although a break is possible later on. At the present time, even samples are hard to get from New Orleans, which, of course, is the center of the rice trade.

Cheese also is high, considering the season. The usual fall advance is coming very early. Plymouth, Wis., American full cream cheese is quoted, daisy, 15 cents, and twin daisies, 14 3-4 cents.

Great Lakes salt herring will begin to come in next month, and this most palatable fish promises to be in unparalleled demand. This is the variety known for years as "white fish," but the real white fish is as scarce as prairie chicken, and by a recent government ruling it is made an offense to brand fresh water herring by this name. The Whitcomb-Burke supply comes from the great fisheries at Green Bay, Wis.

Every week, it seems, some new product appears on the market to make the housewife's work lighter. The woman who so desires could feed her family for months at a time and never do a bit of cooking, with bakers' bread, canned brown bread, coffee which needs only the addition of water, tinned roast beef, lemon pie filling, lemon sugar, onion salad and a multitude of ready-prepared articles.

The latest in this line is prepared doughnut flour. The powder contains flour, eggs, spices and all the other ingredients of doughnuts. All that is necessary is to add water, roll the dough, cut it and fry the doughnuts. Sufficient to make two dozen doughnuts is sold for 15 cents.

New pack sweet potatoes are due in a few weeks, with a fair-sized crop of excellent quality in prospect. This is an all-Southern product unknown in the North a few years ago. But the juicy Southern yellow pumpkin yam is so much superior to the kiln-dried, mealy Jersey sweet potato of the North that it is believed a very short time will serve to make the more palatable product supreme in the market.

Every day there's a new condiment. This time it is onion salad, a Boston product with a peculiar tang which makes a hit on first trial. Louisiana, the home of tabasco peppers, is putting out a new tabasco sauce which the Whitcomb-Burke Company is introducing with considerable success.

Fate of Exhibit to Be Sealed Tuesday

Atlanta manufacturers will seal the fate of the proposed permanent exhibit of Atlanta-made goods Tuesday.

A luncheon will be held at the Ansley at 10 o'clock that day. If sufficient support can not be secured by that time to guarantee the rental of four floors for two years, the attempt will be dropped, at least for a year.

Thirty-one manufacturers had signed by Saturday, an each of the 31 was commissioned to bring in another. Including the cotton exhibit, three floors seemed to be assured.

TOYS FROM WASTE WOOD.

A toy company in Sheboygan, Wis., has begun to use only the waste wood from other mills. It has even worked out a system of using all small pieces, as well as the larger ones, so that practically nothing is lost but sawdust.

Write for our latest Catalogue. The leading merchants are adding the 5c and 10c departments. Why not one for your town?

McCLURE 10c CO., 47-49 S. Broad St.

Give Your "DIMES" a Chance

A FREE TRIP

To Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.

Write to

H. T. Moore

SECRETARY.

Rhodes Building, Atlanta.

DIXIE PICKLE AND PRESERVING CO.

Manufacturers of

Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.

CANNED GOODS

364 to 378 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

The Hirshberg Company

STATIONERY, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, NOVELTIES, BLANK BOOKS

NOTHING BETTER THAN THE GLENDALE LINE

THE CELEBRATED

Glendale Line

13-15-17 NELSON STREET

ATLANTA

VOLLMER MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Moore Building

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY

Special Designs in Platinum

Engravers *Diamond Setters* *Watchmakers*

Specialists in Jewelry Repairing

Have You Bought Your SCHOOL SUPPLIES?

Schools will be opening again in September---be sure you are ready for them.

Send for our new 500-page Catalog illustrating the most complete line of School Supplies in the South.

We Sell to Dealers Only

MONTAG BROTHERS

Manufacturers---Importers---Jobbers

ATLANTA

At What Rate Do You Do Business?

Fire insurance rates on a building are based not only on the chances of that building catching fire, but to a larger extent on the facilities at hand for putting out the fire, should it occur.

The more convenient the Fire Service, the lower the rate.

Just so in merchandising; the cost of doing business is directly governed by the convenience of a merchant's source of supply.

Take shoes, for instance; the Southern merchant who buys his stock in the distant markets of New England and the West is paying a mighty high rate to do business.

Here are the extra costs he pays:

1st. Excess freight charges.

2d. Interest on half the stock he now carries that would be unnecessary with a near-by efficient factory connection.

3d. Loss on accumulation and depreciation of dead styles.

4th. Sales missed by being out of the right styles and sizes when he needs them.

The RED SEAL Shoe Factory right here in Georgia offers QUICK SHIPMENTS, LOW FREIGHTS, THE BEST KNOWN AND BEST SPOKEN OF LINE IN THE SOUTH.

Its Mail Order Service is the best remedy for the High Cost of Doing Business.

Postal brings catalog or salesman.

Mail orders on way same day.

J. K. Orr Shoe Co.

RED SEAL FAC TORY, Atlanta.

"True Friendship's Laws Are by This Rule Expressed-
Welcome the Coming, Speed the Parting, Guest."

The good word that's passing up and down the line to-day, anent the convention, is "All's well."

We believe everybody had a good time. We tried to make it so, and without laying any unduly flattering unction to ourselves we feel that we have had a pair of mighty pleasant weeks.

The prospects for the coming season are brightening every sixty seconds. The smile is chasing away glum doubt. The step that yesterday was fearsome and cautious is to-day strong and steady. The mists are rolling up and away and the good old sun makes genial shining for us all.

Look about you and see what's happening. Get ready for the reaping. And while you do it, have this thought in your mind, you Men who Merchandise:

We Southern folks are bound together in peculiarly close business relations. Our section is our empire! We can make it. We can shake it!

If we who WHOLESALE and you who RETAIL will pull together, push together, work together, trade together, we will PROSPER together.

Good sentiment, but better business!

ATLANTA is the logical Base of Supplies for you Southern merchants. She's your best bet when it comes to the goods you need. She's your surest ally in the upbuild of your own particular section, because her vision is brbad and her interest is not selfishly local—it's all-Southern.

Come to see us just as often as you can. The right hand of fellowship will greet you every time. We want you to know us and to like us and to feel sure of us and to make us your MARKET.

ATLANTA will measure up with the best in America and make a proud showing. WE ARE SEEING TO THAT EVERY DAY. Come here to buy, and we will prove it to you.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION

ATLANTA

MORE THAN 300 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE; GOVERNOR LAUDS WORK

Act for Equalization of Taxes Is Regarded of Supreme Importance, Meaning Millions of Added Revenue to Ga. Each Year.

Measure Was Passed Only After One of Most Dramatic Fights General Assembly Has Known. Will Revolutionize System.

The 1913 session of the General Assembly of Georgia, which adjourned Thursday night, passed more than three hundred bills. Of these more than 250 were local bills, designed to relieve conditions existing in individual counties, and not operative in any other county. The remaining ones were general bills and local bills of general application.

Practically all of the measures have been engrossed and sent to Governor Slaton's office, and need only the signature of the Chief Executive of the State to become laws.

Governor Slaton has already signed some of the more important bills. He signed the Lipscomb-Miller-Anderson tax bill, to be known as the Lipscomb act, within a day after it passed the House, and Friday he signed the bill giving mothers equal rights with fathers to the custody of minor children.

Other bills received the official O. K. Saturday, but the great majority of them will not be signed until the coming week.

Of the 50 or more general bills that passed both branches of the Legislature, 19 are of importance, and their effect will be generally felt throughout the State.

Governor Praises Work.

They have been praised by Governor Slaton, Speaker Burwell, of the House, and President Anderson, of the Senate, as comprising one of the best Legislatures the State has had since the Civil War. They have passed five tax measures that will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and add millions to the revenues, they have raised the standard of physicians in the State and centralized the control of practicing docs, they have heard the plea of Georgia mothers and enacted a law that places her on a par with the fathers and recognizes her ability to care for her own child; they have established a home to care for the wayward girls of the State, and they have shown their friendship to the cause of higher education by passing an appropriation bill that carries large sums for the maintenance of the educational institutions of the State.

By far the most important measure passed by the House is the bill creating the office of State Tax Commissioner and county boards of tax assessors. This law has been characterized by veteran members of the House and Senate and by legislative experts as the best measure that has been passed in Georgia in 50 years.

It will revolutionize the taxation system of the State, and conservative estimates place the amount of revenue it will add to the funds of the State at $1,000,000 a year, sufficient to clear the State of debt and allow plenty of money to conduct the business of the Empire State of the South in a manner commensurate with her importance.

Four other tax bills that will bring in large sums, though the amounts can hardly be estimated until the laws are tried, were passed—the automobile tax bill, the inheritance tax bill, the special tax on bottling works and the occupation tax on corporations.

Inheritance Tax Important.

The inheritance tax alone is expected to bring into the treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The bill providing for the State Tax Commissioner developed the hardest fight. Opponents of tax reform in the House, where the bill was first introduced by Lipscomb of Clarke County, led by Sheppard of Sumter and Stovall of Elbert County, succeeded in defeating the original bill and securing the passage of what was known as the Sheppard substitute, providing for county boards of equalization only. This measure went to the senate, where it was defeated and the substitute prepared that eventually became a law, by Senators Miller and Anderson. The Senate substitute, with its provisions for a State Tax Commissioner and the county boards of assessors, came back to the House during the last days of the session.

The fight that developed was one of the most thrilling and dramatic the House has ever seen. During the time the bill was under consideration by the Senate, tax reform members of the House had converted many of their original enemies. Efforts to destroy the bill by substituting amendments were defeated, and the bill was brought to a vote during the latter part of last week.

To Speaker Burwell, of Hancock County, belongs the credit for the passage of the bill. From the time the original Lipscomb bill was introduced he worked hard to get the bill through, and when the Senate substitute came to a vote, and Henderson of Jones County, a staunch friend of tax revision, tied up the vote after a thrilling ride to the Capitol in an auto, Speaker Burwell made the measure a law by casting his vote in favor of it.

Features of Tax Bill.

The bill is modeled after similar laws that are now on the statute books of a number of Northern States, where it has worked satisfactorily. Its main provisions are as follows:

It creates the office of State Tax Commissioner at $2,500 a year, and County Boards of Assessors.

Tax Receivers of the counties shall open their books February 1 and close them May 1.

Ten days after the books are closed the Tax Receivers shall present the returns to the county boards.

The county board is to be composed of three members, appointed by the Board of County Commissioners or the Ordinary.

The county board must examine the tax returns and equalize them.

The taxpayer, if dissatisfied with the decision of the county board, can ask for reconsideration and arbitration. The differences shall be adjusted by three arbitrators.

The county boards shall complete their work by July 1.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully examine all tax returns submitted by the county boards and recommend decreases or increases.

The State Tax Commissioner shall carefully investigate all taxation questions and recommend laws to the General Assembly.

The Tax Commissioner shall visit annually all the counties of the State and investigate conditions.

If the county board is dissatisfied with the decision of the State Tax Commissioner upon its returns, it may appeal for arbitration, to be conducted the same as when a taxpayer appeals to the county board.

Governor Slaton already has appointed a State Tax Commissioner, Judge J. C. Hart, and the formation of the county boards probably will be begun at once. The law becomes operative January 1, 1914.

The medical practices act abolishes the old system of a separate board for each school of medicine, and creates a joint board to pass upon the physicians who apply for permission to practice in Georgia.

The bill for the establishment of a home for wayward girls, to be known as the Georgia Industrial Home for Girls, carries with it an appropriation of $10,000. The original bill carried a $30,000 appropriation, but was cut $10,000 in the House and $10,000 more in the Senate.

Though the Legislature passed many measures that are recognized as good, there were many other good bills that failed to get through. Many of them, however, were held over until the next session for various reasons, and may be passed then. Among them were a number of child labor bills, measures designed to remedy working conditions, the vital statistics bill, compulsory education bill, and others.

In addition to aiding in the fight for tax reform, in which they were strong factors, the Fulton County delegation—Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—succeeded in getting through three bills that directly affect Atlanta. They are a bill creating a new charter for the city, a bill establishing municipal courts, and a bill providing an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit. The three Fulton County men, Blackburn and Smith especially, were recognized as being among the leaders in the House, and were in the forefront in the fight for all the reform legislation that was passed.

Important Bills Made Laws by 1913 Legislature

Here are the most important bills that passed both houses of the General Assembly, and which become laws upon receiving the signature of the Governor:

To provide for a State Tax Commissioner and County Boards of Tax Assessors.

A "blue sky" measure, to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds.

To allow freight trains to run on Sunday.

To increase the occupation tax on corporations.

To place a special tax on bottling works.

The general appropriation bill.

To provide an inheritance tax.

To regulate the practice of medicine and raise the standard of physicians.

To create a new charter for the city of Atlanta.

To create municipal courts in Atlanta and abolish the Justice courts.

To provide an additional Superior Court judge for the Atlanta Circuit.

To provide for the permanent registration of voters.

To establish and maintain a Home for Wayward Girls.

To enable judges to grant charters in vacation.

To create a Western & Atlantic Commission to investigate the release of the State Road.

To give the mother equal rights with the father in the custody of minor children.

To provide a tax of $5 on automobiles.

To create a commission to investigate the advisability of the State publishing its own school books.

To allow trial judges to place persons convicted of misdemeanors on probation, and to provide county probation officers.

To provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

B. & O. Joins Fight On Tuberculosis

Railway Will Send Specially Equipped Car and Experts Over Its Lines.

In an effort to check the "great white plague" the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has joined in the fight, and will attempt to educate the people along its different lines to the necessity of preventing the spread of the disease. An anti-tuberculosis car has been equipped and, in charge of experts, will be sent over the entire system.

The car is fitted with charts and other exhibits which show the progress of tuberculosis, its causes and the means of eradication. It also contains a lecture hall, where doctors may talk to those who are interested in the campaign.

Auto Parking Fire Menace, Says Chief

Cummings Declares That Congregation of Cars in Peachtree Street Hinders Department's Work.

Chief W. B. Cummings, of the fire department, has come out with an emphatic protest against the practice of parking automobiles along the curbing on Peachtree, Whitehall and Marietta streets and other main thoroughfares, following a fire in the Williams House, No. 3, at 15 1-2 Marietta street, Saturday when the presence of long rows of cars prevented the fire apparatus from reaching the curbing.

Chief Cummings declares that the curbing should be kept clear, in order that the firemen may have free access to buildings with their apparatus. Present conditions greatly handicap his men, he states, and in case of a large fire there is danger of the gasoline in the tanks of the autos igniting, which would completely cut the firemen off from the burning buildings.

The fire in the Williams House was caused by a cigiarette or cigar thrown from a window of the Empire Building next door. It fell in a gutter amidst a pile of trash and started a small blaze.

Auto Is Caught in Street Car Pocket

Motorist Grazes One Coach Only to Crash Into the Front End of Another.

An automobilist had two narrow escapes from injury within 30 seconds late Saturday at the junction of Highland and Ponce DeLeon avenues, when he grazed the rear end of a Highland avenue car and then ran his car into the front end of a Ponce DeLeon avenue car. The driver backed his machine away from the street car, turned to the right and went on, with his machine undamaged. No one was hurt.

The Highland avenue car was crossing Ponce DeLeon and the automobile was running up the avenue at a high rate of speed. The Ponce De Leon avenue car had stopped, waiting for the Highland car to pass. The automobilist failed to turn his machine out of the road, and missed the rear end of the Highland car by inches. The Highland car shut off the view of the Ponce DeLeon car, and the autoist did not see it until too late to avoid the collision.

Right of Pedestrian To Streets Is Upheld

Woman Whose Husband Was Killed by an Auto Given $10,000 by Court.

The Georgia Court of Appeals, in a ruling Saturday in the case of J. L. O'Dowd vs. Mrs. Clara C. Nawman, of Augusta, declared that a pedestrian possesses the same right on a street or highway as an automobilist. The ruling declares also that the automobilist must recognize this right and be governed accordingly.

The case which brought forth the ruling was appealed from the Richmond Superior Court. Mrs. Nawman sued O'Dowd for $20,000 for the death of her husband, who was struck by the former's automobile and killed while running to catch a street car. She secured a judgment for $10,000, which is affirmed by the Court of Appeals.

Atlanta Agents Like Bush Insurance Act

Local Men Pleased With Measure Raising Standard of Their Business.

Atlanta insurance men express gratification at the passage by the Legislature of Senator Bush's bill, which is aimed to eliminate grafters and certain bad practices which in the past have done considerable injury to their business.

The Bush bill makes unlawful any misrepresentation as to the terms of a policy or the financial condition of an industrial company; makes it a misdemeanor for one to act as insurance agent without a license, and gives the State Commissioner added powers in regulating the activities of insurance companies.

SAVANNAH LAD IN CRITICAL CONDITION FROM LOCKJAW

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—William, the 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Osborne, is critically ill with lockjaw at his home. His condition is such that only faint hopes are held out of his recovery. The condition of the child resulted from a cut on the leg sustained from a piece of broken glas. The wound at first began to heal nicely, but Thursday night there was a turn for the worse.

"Watch Out"

Indigestion
Dyspepsia
Constipation
Biliousness

will surely "get you" if you are careless and neglect the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Be on guard, and at the first sign of trouble always take

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It tones, strengthens, invigorates the entire system. Try it now.

NEWLANDS IS DETERMINED TO DEFEAT TARIFF

Death of Johnston, Illness of Culberson, Give Nevadan Power to Kill Measure.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Senate Democratic managers were alarmed to-night when news reached them that Senator Newlands, of Nevada, who has been out West for a month fixing up his political fences, is coming back to vote on the tariff. He comes up for re-election next year.

It is stated that Newlands has been notified that if he votes for free wool and free sugar he will have to retire to private life. He is known to be against the bill on principle and opposed to it in caucus.

Senator Newlands holds the balance of power because of the death of Senator Johnston and the illness of Senator Culberson.

Conclusion of to-day's debate on the tariff bill in the Senate found the agricultural schedule only two-thirds complete, though it has been under discussion for a week.

During to-day's debate Senator Burton warned the Democrats that their proposed duty on bananas is a slap in the face of all the countries of the Caribbean Sea at a time when this country should strengthen its friendly relations.

MRS. BARLOW'S COURT WAR FOR CHILD RENEWED

Hearing of Writ for Custody of Daughter Next Step in Famous Divorce Case.

The next step in a fight which Mrs. Edith P. Barlow, No. 219 West Peachtree street, divorced wife of J. E. Barlow, a Havana, Cuba, millionaire, has instituted to obtain the permanent custody of their 10-year-old daughter, Madeline, will be taken Wednesday when Mrs. Barlow's petition for a writ of habeas corpus will be heard before Judge Bell, of the Superior Court.

Both Mrs. Barlow and her former husband are in Atlanta. The little girl now is in the custody of her mother, having been awarded to Mrs. Barlow through a ruling of the Ordinary's Court in Stewart County, where the divorce was granted to Mr. Barlow. The judge who heard the divorce proceedings awarded the girl to her father.

After getting the order from the Stewart County Court on August 12, Mrs Barlow went direct to Lumpkin, where Madeline had been left by her father with his present wife, and took the child. She then came to Atlanta. Mr. Barlow was in Havana when he heard of the ruling of the court, and came on at once.

Slaton Works Late Approving Bills

Governor Is Scanning Each Measure With Care Before Affixing His Signature.

Governor Slaton remained at his desk in the State Capitol until almost midnight Saturday, signing the bills that were passed at the recent session of the Legislature.

While there are several hundred measures to be signed, the Governor is going at the work carefully, closely scanning each one before he affixes his signature. Saturday morning and afternoon he signed only local bills, but later in the evening some of the general bills were signed.

Talented Musician at St. John's Methodist

Miss Viola Slaughter, of Jackson, to Conduct Obligatos at Sunday Services.

Services at St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday will be featured by several extra musical numbers, conducted by Miss Viola Slaughter, the talented pianist of Jackson, Ga.

Among the numbers will be a violin obligato by Miss Mary Douglass and James C. Wardwell.

HEN GROWS FAT ON ENGLISH SPARROW DIET

SEAFORD, DEL., Aug. 16.—Enlisting in the crusade to exterminate the English sparrow, which has become a nuisance in this section, a large Plymouth Rock hen, owned by George Stengle, in West Seaford, ingeniously kills off scores of the birds every day and has grown so fat she declines to accept other food.

ELKIN SEEKS NEXT MEETING OF DRUG MEN

Atlanta Pharmacist Would Bring Convention of Rexall People to the Gate City.

If plans formulated by W. S. Elkin, of the Elkin Drug Company, are carried out, the next annual convention of the International Rexall Club, composed of druggists from all over the world who handle the Rexall products, will be held in Atlanta.

Mr. Elkin is president of the international organization, and at the head of 60 druggists from Georgia and surrounding States left Saturday for Boston, where the 1913 gathering is being held. Among those who made the trip to Boston are the following:

W. S. Elkin, Jr., and Mrs. Elkin, of Atlanta; J. R. Cates, of Newnan, Ga.; E. J. Ward, Ellisville, Miss.; W. R. Ardrey, Fort Mills, Miss.; Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Bloodworth, Perry, Fla.; J. M. Seal, Waycross, Ga.; Paul Echolls, Crowley, Fla.; C. F. Herndon, Elberton, Ga.; G. L. Wysinger, Blackville, S. C.; C. Y. Stallenwerck, Greensboro, Ala.; John L. Sibert, Sumter, S. C.; R. B. Suggs, Belmont, N. C.; J. B. Bruce, Greenville, N. C.; H. H. Livingstone, Savannah, Ga.; W. A. Daniels, Thomasville, Ga.; A. H. Branch, Ludowici, Ga.; C. C. Culbreath, Grantville, Ga.; A. O. McDiomed, Gainesville, Ga.; John J. Engle, Pittsburg, Tenn.; L. L. Scarbrough, Anniston, Ala.; Roy N. Chelf, Brooksville, Fla.; E. J. Coe, Hastings, Fla.; J. A. Mitchell, Macon, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Rice, Greensboro, Ga.; Miss Whatley, Greensboro, Ga.; Lewis W. McKesson, Statesville, N. C.; J. N. Hallum, Pickens, S. C.; R. P. Mullins, Selma, Ala.; B. W. Mills, Tifton, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Hale, Rome, Ga.; D. W. Ramsaur, Palatka, Fla.; H. R. Palmer, Athens, Ga.; A. M. Riley, Andalusia, Ala.; and the following from Atlanta: A. E. Haigh, representative of the United Drug Company; R. W. McRoberts, Wayman Walker, Sanford Mize and George Croft.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

(From Home Queen.)

As undue summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, dust or grease, often freckles, too, it would seem more sensible to remove such surface than to hide it with cosmetics. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercolized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently and gradually, so there's no inconvenience and no detention indoors. Just spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store and use for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spotless purity and beautiful whiteness.

Don't let those summer wrinkles worry you; worry will breed more wrinkles. Better to banish them by bathing the face in a solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in ½ pt. witchhazel. Used daily for a while this will be found wonderfully effective. (Adv.)

Our August Furniture Sale

Our "Middle of the Month" August Furniture Specials have never been so numerous and the values so great.

The articles you want are here, carrying prices much lower than you expected to pay.

Why delay buying longer? Our courteous salesmen will be glad to show you through and aid you in making selections, and we will be pleased to arrange terms to suit YOU. Come in to-morrow.



Special Rocker Sale Monday

Monday Special on Small Rugs

Beautiful patterns in floral and Oriental designs. These rugs are positively guaranteed. Please note these prices, which are good for to-morrow only.

$1.50 Brussels Rugs, Monday 98c
$2.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $1.48
$4.50 Velvet Rugs, Monday $2.98
$6.00 Axminster Rugs, Monday $3.98

A big shipment of four-dollar values. Substantially made, are attractive patterns, beautifully finished in rich golden oak. You can get genuine comfort in these rockers. Not more than three to any one customer and none to dealers. Our special price for to-morrow only is **$1.98**

Special Sale on Go-Carts Monday

25% Discount on Gas Ranges

Every sanitary, fuel-saving, conveniently arranged Buck's gas stove and range is included in this special discount. One dollar per week pays for your choice.

Special Sale on German Porch Screens

About three dozen left. They will make your porch cool and attractive. Please note these special prices.

$2.50 6-foot Screens, now only $1.48
$3.50 8-foot Screens, now only $1.98

About one dozen included in this lot. They are all samples—all badly damaged—values are from five to fifteen dollars. They are equipped with best re-tempered steel springs, heavy rubber tires, fold completely up in one and two movements. To-morrow only you may take your choice for only **$1.98**

Duplex Mattress

—made of eight layers of fluffy, sanitary felt; has imperial, tightly stitched edges, grade "A" ticking and we positively guarantee this mattress to not sag or lump. We are exclusive agents for this mattress. $1.00 cash, $1.00 weekly, at..... **$10.00**

Wood's Special Davenport

—a wonderful value. Frames are made of well seasoned materials, it is upholstered with genuine chase leather, has best re-tempered steel springs, and we can furnish it in golden oak, mahogany or mission finish. An ideal davenport by day, and ONE MOVEMENT converts into a full sized bed. Complete with sanitary felt mattress only **$37.50**

Blue Tag Bargain Basement

Six big wagonloads were added yesterday to this already well filled space of big home-furnishing values.

Every piece a needed article in some home—every piece an incomparable value. Come to-morrow (BIG MONDAY) and make your selections. Our usual terms apply to any selection made in our Blue Tag Bargain Basement.

Sellers Kitchen Cabinets

—the one kitchen cabinet which really fills all requirements. It has an ant and dust proof flour bin and sugar compartment—a convenient and sanitary place for everything needed in a modern kitchen—see our special for only **$31.50**

Wood's Special Chifforobe

—has a separate and convenient place for everything a man wears from an overcoat to a collar button. Also a large and conveniently arranged shaving mirror. It has a trouser rack which will keep trousers in shape, and a most convenient coat rack. Our special terms on any finish is $1.00 cash, $1.00 per week, and the price is only **$21.50**



Family Size
EAGLE

—will keep your foodstuff to perfection—the ice bill will be small and it will in every particular give satisfaction. Special terms of one dollar cash, the balance one dollar per week, and our price is only **$7.50**

Two Big Specials



Brass Bed

—has heavy, substantial two-inch posts, five extra large and strong fillers—furnished in either single or double sizes in satin or gloss finish—terms one dollar cash and one dollar per week, and our price is only **$12.50**



Special Outfit

—the outfit consists of one heavy two-inch continuous post gold bed, one sanitary felt mattress, one pair springs and one pair feather pillows. A great value. Our special terms are ninety cents cash and the balance $1.00 per week. Complete outfit only **$17.90**

Monday Special



An attractive dollar value, guaranteed time keeper—has extra loud alarm attachment—securely packed in specially made box, and the special price for to-morrow only is

48 Cts.

Bachelor's Den

The coziest and most attractive MAN'S room you ever saw. See front window, Whitehall street. This entire outfit will be sold to any bachelor on especially attractive terms.

Rhodes-Wood FURNITURE COMPANY

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

103-5-7-9-11 Whitehall Street, Corner Mitchell

Crawford Chairs

—the most substantially made chair on the market—here in any finish—guaranteed by the manufacturer for five years—we are exclusive agents—see big display.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Sporting Section



ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913.

D. BROWN LOW IN QUALIFYING FOR LANE CUP

Leads Forty-two Golfers Over Athletic Club Course at East Lake.

SON "DEFEATS" FATHER

George Adair Is Outdrawn by Young Perry When Both Make an "88."

By Tick Tichenor.

DOWDELL BROWN led a field of 42 golfers in the qualifying round of the tournament started at the Atlanta Athletic Club Saturday afternoon for the Lane cup, with a 79.

In this tournament the players qualify in flights of eight. In the first flight there was a tie for the eighth place between George W. Adair and his son, Perry, both of whom had scores of 88. In the draw for this place Perry was the lucky one and went into first flight and his father into the second.

The first match in each of the flights of this tournament must be played by Monday night, the second match by Wednesday night, and the final by Friday night, as the tournament for the Davis & Freeman cup begins on Saturday afternoon.

The qualifying scores were as follows:

Qualifying Scores.

Dowdell Brown	79
J. A. Ellen	82
T. B. Fay	83
C. E. Corwin	85
W. R. Tichenor	85
W. F. Spalding	87
H. P. D. Cowee	87
G. W. Adair	88
Perry Adair	88
D. E. Root	89
J. S. Raine	89
R. T. Jones, Jr.	89
Wm. Markham	90
H. Black	90
Robert Morris	92
S. Hard	93
J. L. Dickey	94
M. Saul	95
D. B. Osborne	96
C. Donaldson	96
J. B. Pollard	97
J. G. Darling	97
J. D. Eby	97
S. C. Williams	98
J. C. McMichael	99
S. Hudson	99
L. D. Scott	99
W. C. Warren	100
J. S. Dean	105
W. Alfriend	107
Keith Conway	108
R. I. Gresham	109
W. C. Spiker	110
G. N. Spring	110
L. M. Crichton	111
W. F. Upshaw	118
Byron Crawford	124

The drawing threw the following players together:

First Flight.

D. Brown vs. Perry Adair.
W. R. Tichenor vs. T. B. Fay.
C. E. Corwin vs. W. F. Spalding.
H. P. D. Cowes vs. J. A. Ellen.

Second Flight.

G. W. Adair vs. S. Hard.
H. Block vs. D. E. Root.
R. Jones, Jr., vs. William Markham.
R. J. Morris vs J. S. Raine.

Third Flight.

J. L. Dickey vs. C. Williams.
M. Saul vs. J. B. Pollard.
J. G. Darling vs. C. Donaldson.
J. D. Eby vs. B. D. Osborne.

Fourth Flight.

J. C. McMichael vs. R. I. Gresham.
L. D. Scott vs. W. Alfriend.
W. C. Warren vs. J. G. Derr.
K. Conway vs. S. Hudson.

Fifth Flight.

G. N. Spring vs. W. F. Upshaw.
W. C. Spiker vs. L. M. Crichton.

Red Sox May Send Yerkes to Athletics

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Steve Yerkes, who for the last few years has been the star second baseman of the world's champion Boston Red Sox, will probably wear an Athletic uniform in the near future, as waivers have been asked on him.

Connie Mack refused to waive claim on the former brilliant second baseman, and the chances are that he will be sent to Philadelphia in the near future.

Yerkes first learned to play baseball on the lots at Millville, N. J., and reached the height of his baseball career in the world's series with the New York Giants when he played an important part in the notable victories of the Boston Red Sox.

He proved far superior to Doyle, the Giants' second baseman; in that series, hitting the ball hard and timely and fielding in sensational style.

JOHNSON HELPS SICK YOUTH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—A baseball and an autograph letter from Walter Johnson, Washington's premier pitcher, did more than medicine could do to bring about the rapid convalescence of Warren A. Slee, a youthful admirer of the big ball tosser. Johnson, whose numerous admirers include scores of youthful fans who idolize the pitcher, heard of the serious illness of the boy and wrote to him, sending a baseball he had used in pitching the Washington team to victory. The boy's recovery since receiving the letter has progressed rapidly.

Wednesday To Be Bill Smith Day at Poncy

NEXT Wednesday is to be Bill Smith Day at Ponce DeLeon.

The management of the Atlanta ball club got its several heads together Saturday and that announcement is the output of the confab.

"We think Bill deserves some such recognition for his work with the club," President Callaway said in explanation. "He has any quantity of tough luck in the way of illness and injury—the club is fighting hard under that sort of handicap now—and we want to show him our appreciation. We believe, too, that the fans of Atlanta will be glad to have a chance to express in a tangible way their feelings toward the man who has brought two pennants to the town and is doing his best to win another."

That would seem to go without argument.

Bill Smith took hold a club that finished hopelessly in the ruck last year and the year before. This season he has made a game fight all the way, and has driven the club to a position that enables it to make a real fight for the top.

It is needless to explain that the more fans who turn out to the doings between the Crackers and the Barons next Wednesday, the more substantial will be the appreciation expressed for our old friend William.

Everybody in Atlanta knows Bill Smith's heart is in his work for the Atlanta ball club.

Wednesday will give everybody a fine little chance to show the esteem in which Atlanta holds the scrappy little manager and his fine record in this town.

Baseball Summary.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

Mobile at New Orleans.
Montgomery at Memphis.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Mobile..	71	48	.597	Chatt...	58	55	.513
Mont....	64	49	.566	M'phis..	57	61	.483
Atlanta.	62	54	.534	N'ville.	49	67	.423
B'ham..	62	56	.525	New O..	38	71	.358

Saturday's Results.

Atlanta, 7-2; Chattanooga, 2-6.
Birmingham, 4-7; Nashville, 9-5.
Memphis, 4; Montgomery, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

No games scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
N. York	75	33	.694	B'klyn..	47	58	.444
Phila...	64	39	.622	Boston.	45	61	.424
C'cago..	60	51	.641	S. Louis	42	69	.379
P'burg.	57	51	.528	C'nnati.	43	71	.377

Saturday's Results.

Boston, 8; Cincinnati, 2.
Pittsburg, 8; New York, 6.
St. Louis, 1-5; Brooklyn, 0-14.
Chicago, 4-8; Philadelphia, 3-3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

New York at Chicago.
Boston at St. Louis.
Washington at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Phila...	73	36	.670	Boston.	53	54	.495
C'land..	68	44	.607	Detroit.	47	65	.420
W'gton	61	48	.560	S. Louis	44	72	.420
Chicago	60	54	.526	N. York	36	69	.343

Saturday's Results.

Chicago, 2; New York, 0.
Boston, 4; St. Louis, 0.
Washington, 6; Detroit, 1.
Cleveland, 10; Philadelphia, 1.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

No games scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Sav'nah	26	19	.578	Albany.	20	46	.303
Col'bus.	25	20	.556	Ch'ston.	20	24	.455
J'ville...	24	22	.522	Macon.	20	24	.455

Saturday's Results.

Columbus, 4; Charleston, 4 (thirteen innings).
Jacksonville, 2-1; Albany, 1-0.
Savannah, 11-3; Macon, 4-5.

EMPIRE STATE LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

No games scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
T'ville..	24	16	.600	W'cross	19	22	.463
Am'cus.	22	19	.537	C'dele...	19	22	.463
B'swick	20	21	.488	V'dosta.	19	23	.452

Saturday's Results.

Americus, 3-4; Cordele, 2-2.
Brunswick, 4-3; Waycross, 2-1.
Thomasville, 10-4; Valdosta, 5-2.

OTHER RESULTS.

American Association.

Columbus, 14; Kansas City, 4.
Toledo, 6; Minneapolis, 3.
Milwaukee, 9; Indianapolis, 3.
Louisville, 9; St. Paul, 1.

Federal League.

St. Louis, 3; Indianapolis, 2 (twelve innings).
Pittsburg, 1; Kansas City, 0 (fourteen innings).
Chicago, 6; Cleveland, 4.

Carolina Association.

Charlotte, 2; Durham, 1.
Asheville, 7; Grensboro, 2.
Winston-Salem, 9; Raleigh, 3.

Virginia League.

Petersburg, 5-3; Newport News, 0-0.
Portsmouth, 2-3; Roanoke, 1-4.
Richmond, 10-7; Norfolk, 9-0.

International League.

Baltimore, 10-1; Buffalo, 7-10.
Montreal, 6; Providence, 3.
Rochester, 5; Jersey City, 4.
Newark, 4; Toronto, 0.

Western League.

Des Monies 9, Topeka 5.
Sioux City 13, Wichita 7.
Omaha 5, Lincoln 1.
St. Joseph 3, Denver 2.

Central League.

Grand Rapids 8, Dayton 2.
Fort Wayne 3, Springfield 2.
Evansville 4, Terre Haute 3.

Three-Eye League.

Bloomington 3, Davenport 1.
Dubuque 6, Danville 0.
Quincy 5, Springfield 4.
Peoria 3, Decatur 1.

H. GLENN RODE GREAT RACE IN SWEEPSTAKES

Tex Richards Trailed Atlanta Boy in Last Heat, but Won on Points.

HARRY RODE GRAVES' "BOAT"

Big Crowd at the Motordrome Was Treated to Some Fine Riding.

By Innis Brown.

ENTHUSIASTIC boosters of home talent had a happy round at the motorcycle races at Jack Prince's motordrome Saturday night. Wherefore is due a vote of thanks to Harry Glenn, Atlantan, and promising pilot of a two-wheel gasoline cart on the near-perpendicular board. Yes, Harry was all there, three ways across the board, or, in fact, in more ways across the boards than Heinz ever made pickles.

Harry's chief bid for distinction, and, incidentally, for the plaudits of the good crowd present, consisted of leading Tex Richards to the tape in the final heat of the Valedrome de Buffalo Sweepstakes, over a distance of seven miles. Aside from this he did a graceful descent with a blown rear tire in the second heat of this race. On the third lap, while well up with the bunch, riding close up to the white boards, he suffered a blow-out. However, he managed to hold his machine straight, and coasted in on the rim without any damage, other than to the tire.

Glenn on Graves' Motor.

His victory over Richards in the final heat of the sweepstakes was won on Morty Graves' machine. Five entries were carded for this event, and Jock McNeil went to the post as an added starter. However, George Renel was forced to scratch because of engine trouble.

For the first few laps the five were well bunched, but one after another McNeil, Luther and Lewis dropped out, leaving the race to Glenn and Richards. Barely ten feet separated them at any time after the first five laps, with Glenn maintaining a slight lead at all times. He crossed the finish some five feet ahead of the Texan.

The first race of the program was a two-mile affair, run in three preliminary heats. Graves and Swartz qualified in the first heat, Renel and Lockner in the second, and Graves and Swartz on the third. Graves won the final, with Renel second and Swartz third. The first heat showed the best time, with 41 2-5 seconds.

The second event was a three-cornered special match race between Swartz, Lockner and Graves. Graves took the first heat, with Swartz second. Swartz reversed the count in the second heat, and clinched the decision by getting home ahead of the other two in the last round. Graves negotiated a mile in the first heat in 43 seconds. Swartz' time for the second heat at twice the distance was 1:25 4-5, while he made the 3-mile course for the final heat in 2:11 1-5.

26 Points for Richards.

Scoring by points, counting ten points for first place, six for second and three for third, Tex Richards won the Sweepstakes. He counted ten in the first heat at three miles, and repeated with a like number in the second heat over a distance of five miles. Harry Glenn nosed him out in the final run at seven miles, allowing him six points, with a total of 26 for the three. By virtue of winning the last heat, Glenn scored ten points, while Luther and Renel scored nine each. Only two men finished in the final heat.

In the third heat of the special three-cornered match race, Swartz and Lockner finished in what the judges called a dead heat. They immediately ran off the tie in a one-mile dash. Swartz won in 43 2-5 seconds.

The Summary.
Motordrome Purse.

First Heat—Graces, first; Swartz, second. Time, :41 2-5. One mile.

Second Heat—Renel, first; Lockner, second. Time, :42 3-5. One mile.

Final—Graves, first; Renel, second; Swartz, third. Time, 1:24 2-5.

Special Race.

First Heat—One mile: Graves, first, Swartz, second; Lockner, third. Time, 43 seconds.

Second Heat—Two miles: Swartz, first; Graves, second. Time, 1:25 4-5.

Third Heat—Three miles: Swartz and Lockner tied for first. Swartz won in run-off. Time for 3 miles, 2:11 1-5.

Veladrome de Buffalo Sweepstakes.

First Heat—Three miles: Richards, first; Luther, secon Renel, third. Time, 2:11 2-5.

Second Heat—Five miles: Richards, first; Renel, second; Luther, third. Time, 3:45 1-5.

Third Heat—Seven miles: Glenn, first; Richards, second. Time, 5:09 1-5.

WACO SECOND SACKER IS SOLD TO BOSTON BRAVES

WACO, TEXAS, Aug. 16.—Oscar Dugey, second baseman of the Waco Texas League team and leading base runner of the league, was sold to the Boston Nationals, to report at the end of the local season. The consideration is said to have been about $2,000.

WOLVERINES PICK LUNDGREN.

ANN ARBOR, MICH., Aug. 16.—Carl L. Lundgren, former twirler on the Chicago team and once a University of Illinois star, has been chosen as coach of the Michigan baseball team to succeed Branch Rickey, who recently resigned. Lundgren pitched four years at Illinois and then joined the Chicago club in 1902, where he remained seven years, being a member of two world's championship nines.

Jacinta Calvo, Crackers' Crack Cuban Outfielder

CALVO looks like a "find." He is playing a corking game, showing much speed on the bases, is a fine hitter and a finished outfielder. He is also possessed of a fine whip. With Long, Welchonce and Calvo in the outfield Billy Smith has the classiest outer works in the Southern league.



Photos by Sunday American Staff Photographer

The photograph at the top shows the little Cuban lining out a smashing hit. The lower photograph was snapped just as he crossed first, beating out an infield tap.

Alperman Is Here; Calls Himself Lucky

Whitey Arrives From Mobile and Chums With Teammates; Will Leave for Home.

There was a little reception Saturday afternoon in the Crackers' coop at the ball park, and our old friend, Whitey Alperman, was the guest of honor.

Whitey trundled in from Mobile Saturday morning, rather bleached out, and shy a few pounds in weight and a bum appendix, but otherwise looking exactly like his old self.

"They tell me I had a very quick recovery from the operation," Whitey said, "and I reckon I did, but it seemed an awfully long time to be lying in bed. I'm not used to that sort of thing."

Whitey also is of the opinion that he is one lucky bird.

"Three of those doctors told me if I'd gone two days longer without an operation, I never would have lived," says Whitey. And he feels pretty happy, thinking of that.

The Crackers' popular ex-captain will remain in Atlanta for a few days, until he picks up a little more of his strength, when he will go to his home in Pennsylvania for a good, long rest.

CAMPBELL AND HOGG TO WORK IN DOUBLE BILL

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—"Win" Campbell and Bradley Hogg will be Manager Finn's choice for the double bill scheduled with the Pelicans Sunday afternoon. Opposed to these two Manager Frank will use "Dixie" Walker and Glavenich. W. Robertson's spiked leg will keep him out of Sunday's games.

Finn stated to-day that he had no knowledge of the board of directors appointing a new manager. He refuses to discuss the report.

FOOD FOR SPORT FANS

By GEORGE E. PHAIR.

J. M'GRAW, HE YEARNS.

I hope you win, John Evers,
Criss-cross my heart, I do.
It gives me chills and fevers
To see them wallop you.

It gives me chills and fevers
To see them crowd you down.
I hope you win, John Evers,
When Dooin's in your town.

We note by the papers that Joe Jackson leads Ty Cobb by a nose. Now, if it only were Rollie Zeider, what an awful lead he would have!

While Jim Flynn took a lot of punishment, it was nothing to the agony suffered by Jack Curley, who saw his meal ticket punched to a frazzle.

Reports from Paris indicate that John Arthur Johnson is almost as welcome there as a German army.

Ed Walsh is off for a long rest, but there are those who suspect that the pardon came too late.

Frank Chance may have bought a bloomer in his $12,000 minor leaguer, but he has the satisfaction of knowing that the youth can not possibly weaken the team.

F. CHANCE TO HIS PHENOM.

Full well I knew when buying you
Some magnate may have pulled my leg,
But, gazing on the Yanks, I knew
You could not spoil a rotten egg.

Enthusiasm over the pending conflict between Messrs. Ritchie and Welsh is confined largely to Messrs. Ritchie and Welsh and the moving picture man.

King Cole threatens to jump to the Federal League, demonstrating that he has just about as much sense as he had when he was with the Cubs.

Doctors tell us that laughter will cure appendicitis. If you have appendicitis, watch the Pelicans attempting to play the national pastime.

Appointing a prize fight promoter to run the San Francisco games is Jim Sullivan's idea of amateurism. Jim is one of our best little professional amateurs.

Yes, Oswald; you may call it the sport of kings, but you may convey the impression that you are a rabid Socialist.

When the magnates remind us of the low salaries the baseball stars of other days received they overlook the dinky gate receipts the magnates of other days drew.

Baseball in the early days was a sport. To-day one might call it a business if one has no mercy on the word Business.

GOOD STILL A MEMBER OF CUBS, SAYS JOHNNY EVERS

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Wilbur Good, the Cub outfielder, is still a member of the West Side club. At least, Manager Evers said so just before the Cubs started for the East. John was greatly surprised when he saw in local papers that Good had been released to Indianapolis. Evers says that there is no chance of Good leaving the Cubs, as he figures that the pinch hitter is fast developing into one of the best outfielders in the business. The Cub manager further stated that if waivers had been asked on Good it was done without his knowledge. Good accompanied the team to Boston.

CRACKERS BREAK EVEN AND PEPPER KIDS TAKE SERIES; COVELESKIE WINS ANOTHER

Carl Thompson Only Atlanta Victor in Five Games, One a Tie---Too Much Pole the Reason---Jacinta Calvo Shows Speed on Bases.

By O. B. Keeler.

JUST about sun-down Saturday afternoon, a certain Norman Elberfeld realized the fond ambition of his young and innocent career, when the Crackers collapsed in defeat and the last game and the series went to Harrovitch Coveleskie, the same being Mr. Elberfeld's ball club at present.

The count in the final disaster was 6 to 2, and the score in games was 3-1.

The latter calculation conveys the idea that the opening game of the two-ply matinee was wrenched bodily from the greedy visitors, 7 to 2, saving us the disgrace of losing a straight series, and probably preserving Mr. Elberfeld from a joyously fatal attack of apoplexy.

Carl Thompson was one large factor in the wrenching. The Elberfeld ball club was the other. Three hits and a base on balls had produced a two-run lead for the Lookouts in the first inning, and the prosperity went straight to their alleged domes of thought.

That was made plain in the domestic section of the same round, when two bases on balls, three remarkably timely errors and two of the scratchiest hits ever registered yielded five runs.

The struggle was decided right there, and it would have saved a lot of time, horsepower and exasperation had the contest been stopped at that point and the second game started.

But nobody knew it was all over, and Howell and Thompson settled down and pitched regular ball until the eighth inning, when Senor Calvo's scratch single was followed by doubles by Dunn and Agler for another and highly ornamental pair of tallies.

Other features of the happy little occasion were Gabby Street's failure to stand on first base while taking a throw, Bisland's beautiful play to force a runner at second on a grounder just back of that bag; Umpire Hart's dive into the turf while running toward first base, and the fact that Mr. Elberfeld remained in the game clear to the bitter end.

The Pesky Pole Again.

Little Paprika had his entire works in the field for the second game. After appearing for one inning Thursday and working a five-round bout Friday the Pole was unblanketed, well greased and hauled out to the center of the arena to an accompaniment of lamentation.

The big crowd—there were upward of 5,000 there—had a pretty fair line on what was coming. And it came along as per schedule.

Opposed to the tow-headed giant was out own pet telephone pole, Slim Love. And those two cock-eyes did have one grand little hurling duel for four innings.

The native Pole started like a circular saw. He swung the old soup-bone ten times in the first inning and nine of the results were strikes, fanning the side. Love did nearly as well, fanning two, but permitting a single between whiles.

Slim kept up his terrific gait in the second and third, fanning three more batsmen, and permitting one hit in each inning. For his part, the Pole hit Harry Holland in the second and was nicked for two hits and a base on balls in the third, but without damage. Love got by with a hitless fourth, and so did his rival.

Pepper in the Soup.

Then the Paprika began stirring.

Love fanned the Kid in the first inning and got him out easily in the fourth, and little Norman was wild. In the next frame he stationed himself off the coast of third, exuded conversation so highly spiced that even Umpire Fifield's feelings were hurt.

It seemed to be too much for Slim, and he wabbled in all nine feet of him, so that Graff was passed and sacrificed easily, after which a single by the Terrible Pole himself sent him the rest of the way.

That was only one run, but it loomed large, the way the Pole was traveling.

The next session settled it. Having found a vocal chord that suited him, little Norman made noises like a disintegrating hand organ and used phrases that caused the umpires to cover their blushes with one hand and indicate the bench with the other thumb.

Mr. Elberfeld took the hint, but not until Love had succumbed to a treatment of base hits that produced two more tallies.

A person actually named Giddo replaced Mr. Elberfeld in right and helped to get Mr. Voss in wrong, John D. having taken up Mr. Love's thankless job in the seventh. Enough runs were added off the Oil King's namesake to bring the total up to six, and the Pole took things comfortably the rest of the way, even allowing a few base hits and as many as two runs to the crippled Crackers.

One of the said runs showed our new Mr. Calvo in a pleasing role.

The little Cuban beat out an infield hit in the seventh, with one out. He promptly stole second, where he worried Covvy into one of his celebrated wheeling pegs to nip him off. Nobody was covering the bag but Calvo, and the ball hit him between the shoulders, bounding into center field, while Jacinta legged it to third. Then he came home like a white streak on a short outfield fly.

Joy, Then Gloom

First Game.

Chattanooga.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Walsh, ss.	4	1	2	1	4	1
Flick, 2b.	4	0	1	4	1	0
Coyle, 1b.	1	1	1	0	0	0
Street, 1b.	3	0	0	10	1	1
Elberfeld, rf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Johnson, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Graff, 3b.	4	0	2	2	7	2
Williams, lf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Graham, c.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Howell, p.	3	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	33	2	7	24	17	4

Atlanta.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Agler, 1b.	3	1	1	9	0	0
Manush, lf.	5	1	3	5	0	0
Welchonce, cf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Smith, 2b.	3	0	0	3	2	0
Bisland, ss.	4	1	2	1	6	0
Holland, 3b.	3	1	1	1	1	0
Calvo, rf.	3	1	1	1	0	0
Dunn, c.	3	1	1	3	0	0
Thompson, p.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	31	7	10	27	9	0

Score by innings:	R
Chattanooga	.200 000 000—2
Atlanta	.500 000 02*—7

Summary: Two-base hits—Dunn, Agler, Graff. Double plays—Graff to Coyle to Graff; Smith to Bisland to Agler. Struck out—By Thompson 3, by Howell 2. Bases on balls—Off Thompson 2, off Howell 4. Sacrifice hits—Welchonce, Holland, Calvo, Dunn, Thompson. Stolen bases—Welchonce, Coyle. Time, 1:56. Umpires, Fifield and Hart.

Second Game.

Chattanooga.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Walsh, ss.	5	0	0	3	3	1
Flick, 2b.	4	2	1	2	3	0
Coyle, 1b.	2	0	1	11	0	2
Elberfeld, rf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Giddo, rf.	1	1	1	0	0	0
Johnson, cf.	4	1	2	2	0	0
Graff, 3b.	3	1	2	0	4	0
Williams, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Street, c.	4	1	2	5	0	0
Coveleskie, p.	2	0	1	1	4	1
Totals	31	6	10	27	14	4

Atlanta.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Agler, 1b.	5	0	1	13	0	0
Manush, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Welchonce, cf.	4	1	2	2	0	0
Smith, 2b.	4	0	0	1	1	0
Bisland, ss.	4	0	1	1	3	0
Holland, 3b.	3	0	0	0	4	0
Calvo, rf.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Dunn, c.	3	0	1	8	2	0
Love, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Voss, p.	1	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	33	2	6	27	12	0

Score by innings:	R
Chattanooga	.000 012 021—6
Atlanta	.000 000 110—2

Summary: Two-base hits—Johnson, Giddo. Three-base hit—Welchonce. Double plays—Dunn to Smith. Innings pitched—By Love 6, by Voss 3. Struck out—By Love 5, by Voss 3, by Coveleskie 5. Bases on balls—Off Love 1, off Voss 1, off Coveleskie 2. Sacrifice hits—Dunn, Coyle 2, Williams, Coveleskie 2. Stolen bases—Calvo, Coyle, Johnson, Graff. Passed balls—Dunn. Wild pitch—Voss. Hit by pitched ball—By Coveleskie 1. Time, 1:55. Umpires, Hart and Fifield.

CINCINNATI GOLF PLAYER DEFENDS TITLE AT 'NOOGA'

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Aug. 16. W. G. Oehmig, of Cincinnati, successfully defended his title as tennis champion of the Golf and Country Club this afternoon when he defeated Eugene Thomasson, of this city, 7-5, 6-2, 3-6, 5-7, 6-4. The match was the most brilliant ever staged on the local courts, and marked the close of the annual open tournament.

NEW COACH AT ROBINSON.

ROBINSON, ILL., Aug. 16.—Charles C. Wells, late instructor in mathematics in Millikin University, and prominent in athletic circles, has been appointed athletic coach and instructor of the Robinson baseball, football and basketball, and will reorganize the athletic department of the Robinson school.

All the News of the Boxing World on These Pages

GEO. HARRISON IS JOE BEAN'S BEST PLAYER

Ex-Marist Star Now Making Fine Baseball Record at Georgia University.

By O. B. Keeler.

WITH your kind permission, we will now introduce Mr. Harrison, prominent second baser of the University of Georgia baseball team, former Marist star and a corking good student of pharmaceutics as well as the national sport.

Mr. Harrison's initials are George L., the "L." standing for Larrup. He is an Atlanta boy, 19 years old, sound in wind and limb, and quite a hobby of Joe Bean's.

"I think a lot of George because he can think," says Joe, who was George's coach at Marist. "Every year the colleges show us a lot of young ball players that can run and throw and field and hit. But a fearful percentage of these neat little baseball machines use their heads mainly to keep their collars from slipping off."

But that isn't the way of George. Take it from Joe.

A Smart Ball Player.

"He is what is known in professional circles as a 'smart ball player,'" Joe adds. "He remembers every little tip anybody gives him—and he uses his memory on the field. He thinks fast and he has the physical speed to carry out his hunches. He is the best all-round college ball player I ever had charge of."

George was a freshman last year, starring in pharmaceutics and the territory around second base. He is expected to do the same, only more so, in the gentle springtime of 1914.

At present George, who is an earnest investigator of things entirely apart from the squeeze play and touching second, is doing a bit of extra work in physics at the summer school of the university. He takes quite a serious view of life, even at the supposedly callow age of 19 summers and the same number of winters.

Had Heart Trouble?

An odd feature of George's development as a ball player cropped out when he started to Marist where he played with great effect three years for Joe Bean.

George was very young then, and he was growing so fast that he frequently found his clothes too small for him when he got up in the morning. The stretching worried some of his insides a bit, and George's folks had an idea he had a floppy heart. It used to flop when George played tennis. They asked Joe Bean to take good care of George and not let him play ball too hard. They recommended first base as the easiest job.

The Flopping Stopped.

But Joe needed a second baseman. Also he saw right away where George ought to perform. He reasoned that one place was as bad as another, if not worse, when it came to causing cardiacal floppings, and he diagnosed properly the uncertain behavior of George's pumping apparatus.

Moreover, George had let up on the growing by that time and was feeling great.

So George went to second base, where he proceeded to eat 'em alive.

He has been doing that ever since, too.

George isn't looking forward to professional toil on the sunburned square. He is going to be a pharmacist, which is a druggist with a university training.

And if George applies the same system to pharmaceutics that he has to baseball, he should travel along on the high speed.

Joe Bean says George is one smart ball player.

BOOKING AGENCY FOR BOXERS TO BE FORMED

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Plans are maturing for a national boxing organization, which will have for its purpose the booking of boxers for various clubs or promoters throughout the country; in fact, it is to be a general booking agency, the same as is in vogue among theatrical people. The man back of the project is Wilbur Stuart, of Columbus, Ohio.

It is the intention of the organizers of the company to have connections in all the large cities of the country. This project would do away with the middleman, or manager, to some extent, but not necessarily, as very often managers are only too willing to pay the regular booking fee to get a match.

The scheme may not look very tempting to some at the present time, but with the growth of the boxing game there is no reason why the project should not be a success—at least, it is worth trying.

KONETCHY FOR MERKLE AND WILTSE IS RUMORED TRADE

PITTSBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Local baseball men gave credence to-day to a tip that Manager McGraw, of the Giants, is dealing with St. Louis for First Baseman Konetchy and has offered First Baseman Merkle and Pitcher Wiltse in exchange. Since the golf squabble in which Merkle was involved along with Mathewson, McGraw and Merkle have not been the best of friends.

MENNEY TO MEET CONLEY.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., Aug. 16.—Eddie Menney, St. Louis scrapper, will exchange taps with Frankie Conley in a fifteen-round bout here on Labor Day. The boys will make 122 pounds.

EYTON TO REFEREE.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—Charles Eyton has been selected to referee the coming twenty-round bout between Leach Cross and Joe Rivers on Labor Day.

BOSTON GETS PITCHER.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—The Boston Americans added another pitcher to their roster when rank Kelly was purchased from the Seattle club.

JENNINGS MISSED THIS ONE.

KEWANEE, ILL., Aug. 16.—Pitcher Howard House, of the Kewanee Central league team, was sold to-day to the Chicago White Sox for $1,500.

Here Is George Harrison, Georgia's Great Infielder, Who Uses His "Bean" in Playing Baseball

Three years of second basing under the tuition of Joe Bean at Marist fitted George to jump right into the spotlight in his freshman year at Georgia and pile himself up a fine little reputation. He will start with flying colors when the season opens next spring.



This looks like pretty severe training for a future pharmacist, but it isn't the only kind Harrison takes. Just now Georgia's star infielder is taking a summer course in physics at the University.

It really doesn't matter how fast the pace is, or whether George Harrison is sliding to second, or dashing in to start a swinging double play—he's always thinking. Joe Bean says he thinks faster and with more effect than any other college player he ever had anything to do with. "His head does more than merely hold his collar on," says Joe. And Joe ought to know something about it.

PHOTOS BY SUNDAY AMERICAN STAFF PHOTOGRAPHER

Looking over the film, it is hard to imagine that George was suspected of having heart trouble a few years ago, when he entered Marist and wanted to play first base, because that job was supposed to be easier than the other stations of the infield. Joe Bean diagnosed George's trouble as rapid growing, and Joe was right about it. As soon as George stopped expanding, his heart settled down to a fine, even gait, and has never missed a tick since. He is now approaching his twentieth year, and is sound in wind, limb and disposition.

JAKE DAUBERT LEADS BATTERS IN OLD LEAGUE

JAKE DAUBERT, with a batting average of .365, is setting a hot pace for the batters in Tom Lynch's circuit. Jake is hitting the ball at a merry clip and seems in a fair way to be on top at the end of the season.

Cravath, the veteran Philadelphia outfielder, is also holding a high place in the list. Kling, Zimmerman and Wheat are other old-timers hitting in the charmed circle.

Following are the averages up to and including Wednesday's games:

	Ab.	R.	H.	Pct.
Yingling, Brooklyn	30	5	12	.400
McDonald, Brook.	133	20	49	.370
Daubert, Brook.	356	58	130	.365
Hyatt, Pitts.	57	7	20	.357
R. Miller, Phila.	68	5	23	.338
Cravath, Phila.	315	53	105	.333
Walsh, Phila.	24	1	8	.333
Kling, Cincin.	133	9	43	.323
Gibson, Pitts.	76	7	25	.329
Hess, Boston.	50	4	16	.320
Crandall, St. L.	22	3	7	.318
Becker, Phila.	289	45	91	.315
Zimmerman, Chi.	302	45	94	.311
Wheat, Brooklyn.	388	45	119	.307
Viox, Pittsburg.	332	52	102	.307
Huggins, St. L.	230	54	86	.307
Titus, Boston	261	31	80	.306
S. Magee, Phila.	287	47	82	.306
Shafer, N. Y.	369	54	112	.304
Hauser, St. L.	46	4	14	.304
Fletcher, N. Y.	370	49	112	.303
Hoblitzel, N. Y.	345	41	103	.299
J. Meyers, N. Y.	291	32	87	.299
Tinker, Cincin.	314	35	94	.299
Wagner, Pitts.	245	27	73	.298
Bates, Cincin.	266	49	79	.297
Mitchell, Pitts.	303	43	90	.297
Murray, N. Y.	365	52	108	.296
Lobert, Phila.	393	64	116	.295
Leach, Chicago	282	66	83	.294
Butler, Pitts.	191	36	56	.293
Marsans, Cincin.	323	40	93	.288
Harmon, St. L.	73	5	21	.288
Miller, Pitts.	408	61	117	.287
Saier, Chicago	353	68	101	.286
Bridwell, Chicago	273	27	78	.286
O. Miller, Brook.	260	21	74	.285
Connolly, Bos.	314	54	89	.283
Groh, Cincin.	258	32	73	.283
Snodgrass N. Y.	312	51	88	.282
Stengel, Brook.	299	47	84	.281
R. Fisher, Brook.	304	31	85	.280
Wingo, St. L.	219	20	61	.279
Hendrix, Pitts.	73	10	20	.278
Evers, Chicago	311	56	86	.277
Dooin, Phila.	76	4	21	.276
Mowry, St. L.	304	45	84	.276
Burns, N. Y.	433	56	119	.275
F. Smith, Boston	120	19	33	.275
J. Smith Brook.	370	40	101	.273
McCormick, N. Y.	45	4	12	.272
Herzog, N. Y.	210	34	57	.271
Schulte, Chicago	358	59	97	.271
Devore, Phila.	223	36	60	.269
Cutshaw, Brook.	394	55	106	.269
Griner, St. L.	71	6	19	.268
Clarke, Cincin.	265	22	71	.268
Oakes, St. L.	362	35	97	.268
McLean, N. Y.	165	6	44	.267
Knabe, Phila.	344	48	92	.267
Mann, Boston.	285	35	76	.267
Doyle, N. Y.	349	52	93	.266
Konetchy, St. L.	385	62	102	.265
Phelan, Chicago.	182	31	48	.264
Kirkpatrick, Brk.	57	8	15	.263
Paskert, Phila.	337	67	88	.261
Byrne, Pitts.	391	42	102	.261
Egan, Cincin.	112	9	29	.260
Adams, Pitts.	81	9	21	.260
Rariden, Boston.	151	20	39	.258
Bescher, Cincin.	373	60	96	.258
Merkle, N. Y.	404	62	104	.257
L. Magee, St. L.	391	38	100	.356
Evans, St. L.	172	15	44	.256
Luderus, Phila.	381	46	96	.256
Myers, Boston.	392	54	100	.255
Carey, Pitts.	427	68	109	.255
O. Wilson, Pitts.	400	54	102	.255
Lord, Boston	158	14	40	.253
Dodge, Cincin.	182	21	46	.253
Sweeney, Bos.	329	37	83	.252
Hummell, Brook.	171	19	43	.251
Moran, Brook.	323	42	81	.250
Fischer, Brook.	73	8	18	.247
Moranville, Bos.	425	46	105	.247
Killifer Phila.	242	15	59	.244
Kelly, Pitts.	58	9	14	.241
Dolan, Phila	96	10	23	.239
Brown, Cincin.	42	2	10	.239
Cheney, Chicago	73	4	17	.235
Whitted, St. L.	235	29	55	.234
Rocker, Brook.	56	1	13	.232
Archer, Chicago.	230	20	56	.233
Sallee, St. L.	71	6	16	.226
Clymer, Boston	141	20	32	.226
Cathers, St. L.	138	14	31	.224
Doolan, Phila.	321	17	71	.221
Devlin, Boston.	204	16	45	.221
W. Miller, Chicago.	141	17	31	.220
Tesreau, N. Y.	64	5	14	.217
Sheckard, Cincin.	199	28	43	.216
O'Leary, St. L.	274	24	59	.215
Grant, N. Y.	98	17	21	.214
Benton, Cincin.	47	8	10	.213
Simon, Pitts.	171	14	36	.211
Bresnahan, Chi.	137	15	29	.211
Corridon, Chicago	63	10	13	.206
Robinson, Pitts.	44	3	9	.205
Whalling, Bos.	155	13	31	.200
Ragon, Brook.	70	4	12	.200
Meyer, Brook.	85	11	17	.200

JACKSON STILL LEADS COBB IN BATTING CHASE

JOE JACKSON continues to hold on to his slight lead over Ty Cobb in the American League batting race. Ty is just six points behind the Tiger outfielder. Jackson is hitting the pill at a .393 clip.

Three other outfielders follow Cobb in the standing. Speaker, Henrickson and Danny Murphy are all swatting the ball to all corners of the lot. Baker, Gandil, Eddie Collins, McInnis and Crawford are other sluggers holding good averages in Ban Johnson's circuit.

These figures include games played Wednesday.

	Ab.	R.	H.	Pct.
Jackson, Cleveland	374	79	147	.393
Cobb, Detroit	266	45	103	.387
Speaker, Boston	394	78	146	.371
Henricksen, Boston	36	7	13	.361
D. Murphy, Phila.	48	3	17	.354
Lajoie, Cleveland	306	42	108	.353
E. Collins, Phila.	378	95	128	.339
Baker, Phila.	408	..	138	.338
Gandil, Washington	369	39	123	.333
McInnis, Phila.	389	54	128	.329
Crawford, Detroit	425	56	135	.318
A. Williams, Wash.	90	7	28	.311
Stovall, St. Louis	260	34	80	.307
Strunk, Phila.	241	27	74	.307
Lelivelt, Cleveland	49	2	15	.306
E. Murphy, Phila.	345	75	104	.301
Shotten, St. Louis	491	79	119	.237
Birmingham, Cleve.	115	13	34	.296
Oloring, Phila.	382	69	112	.293
Pratt, St. Louis.	438	45	127	.290
Ryan, Cleveland	228	26	66	.289
Veach, Detroit	356	40	102	.287
Bladmig, Cleveland	56	4	16	.286
Gainer, Detroit	314	41	89	.283
Zeider, New York	46	7	13	.283
Wood, Boston	53	10	15	.283
McKees, Detroit	124	11	35	.282
Caldwell, New York.	39	5	11	.282
Lewis, Boston	384	37	107	.279
Milan, Washington.	407	59	113	.278
Sweeney, New York.	235	23	65	.277
Gardner, Boston	324	44	89	.275
Garney, Cleveland	386	43	106	.275
Cree, New York	375	34	103	.275
Morgan, Washington	322	43	91	.274
Engle, Boston	367	53	100	.272
Schaefer, Wash.	85	14	23	.272
Lord, Chicago	409	47	111	.271
Chapman, Cleveland	352	52	95	.270
Hooper, Boston	427	74	115	.269
Peckenpaugh, N. Y.	259	30	69	.266
O'Neill, Cleveland	148	9	39	.264
Woltor, New York	349	46	92	.264
Hartzell, New York.	360	41	95	.264
G. Williams, St. L.	407	59	107	.263
Willett, eDtroit	61	5	16	.262
Thomas, Phila.	50	3	13	.260
W. Johnston, Cleve.	402	57	104	.259
Schang, Phila.	116	22	30	.258
Austin, St. Louis	346	37	89	.253
Bush, Detroit	418	67	107	.256
LaPorte, Wash.	211	22	54	.256
J. Collins, Chicago.	397	39	101	.255
Barry, Phila.	348	48	88	.253
Olson, Cleveland	329	41	83	.242
Knight, New York	115	7	29	.252
Dubuc, Detroit	100	11	25	.250
Weaver, Chicago	373	32	93	.249
Bodie, Chicago	266	..	66	.248
Chase, Chicago	381	42	94	.246
Turner, Cleveland	284	45	70	.246
Fisher, New York	61	3	16	.246
Yerkes, Boston	339	51	83	.245
Johnson, Wash.	90	8	22	.244
Schalk, Chicago	313	32	76	.243
Leibold, Cleveland	120	18	29	.242
Moeller, Washington.	401	59	97	.242
Shanks, Wash.	315	34	77	.241
J. Walsh, Phila.	175	31	42	.240
Chappell, Chicago	63	5	15	.238
J. Johnston, St. L.	341	36	80	.235
Moriarty, Detroit	288	24	67	.233
Foster, Wash.	225	28	52	.231
Vitt, Detroit	317	39	77	.230
Lapp, Phila.	188	19	43	.229
Stanage, Detroit	190	15	43	.226
Carisch, Cleveland	170	10	35	.206
Daley, Phila.	84	8	19	.226
Wagner, Boston	272	34	61	.224
Fournier, Chicago	156	17	35	.224
McBride, Wash.	346	38	76	.220
Hall, Boston	32	2	7	.219
Nunamaker, Boston.	56	7	12	.218
High, Detroit	164	16	35	.218
Wallace, St. Louis	147	1	31	.211
Baumgardner, St. L.	59	4	12	.203
Henry, Wash.	177	14	36	.203
Ainsmith, Wash.	160	14	32	.200
Rath, Chicago	295	36	59	.200
Easterly, Chicago	65	1	13	.200

What Jack Johnson Did on Paris Stage

Sunday American's Special Correspondent Sees Champion Perform in France.

THE following story from the Sunday American's correspondent in Paris, shows how the Frenchmen are taking Jack Johnson. They, like every member of his race, have absolutely no use for him. He is still leading the "gay life" and is in no condition to ever defend his title.

By FREDERICK JOHNS.
Special Correspondent in Paris.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Folies Bergere is usually closed at this season, but this year it is rivaling the summer amusement resorts, and there is a big black reason. It is Jack Johnson, the bail-jumping champion.

Jack Johnson and the new Mrs. Johnson are working together in an entertainment entitled "La Revue en Chemise," which means just what you might think it meant if you don't understand French. But it must not be thought that Jack and Mrs. Jack are living up to the title. The title of French Reviews has nothing whatever to do with the show.

"Let's go down and see Jack Johnson," said my friend Brown who doesn't want to overlook anything in Paris.

"What for?"

"Oh, I don't know. Somebody might kill him to-night."

So we took a taxi, taxis cost about 20 cents a mile in Paris, no matter how many pile in, and twisted our way through the bewildering street traffic to the Folies Bergere. On the poster outside was an enormous picture of Johnson, as black as French ink could make him, and an extremely blonde picture of Mrs. Johnson, snuggling. The French love contrasts. "The terrible Jack Johnson and the gentle Mrs. Johnson," was the label. Brown snorted with indignation.

You remember that the Folies Bergere is a winter place of amusement. Well, to create the impression that it was artificially cooled they had placed two 10-cent pieces of ice at each side of the lobby entrance and scattered four or five 5-cent pieces upon jardinieres about the promenade. The effect upon the atmosphere of the theater was entirely imaginary.

The review proceeded. Ever see a Franch review? It is the sort of thing that Ziegfeld calls the Follies and takes around the country every year. Only, all French reviews have to have a godfather and godmother. These unfortunate people stand at each side of the stage during the entire performance, occasionally waving their hands and making a few conversational remarks to tell what the scenes are about; remarks that are very necessary, I assure you.

The review proceeded. There were lots of pretty girls, comedians in the costume of the French police, and situations that were worthy of the attention of the real police if there happened to be any in Paris.

Finally came the Johnson scene. A fat man, with a moth-eaten mustache and evening clothes, came out with what appeared to be a sheet of music. We thought he was a comedy tenor. Not at all, he was Johnson's representative, and he read an announcement.

CHEERED BY PAID APPLAUDERS.

"Jack Johnson, the champion of 'boxe' of the world, is here, and is desirous of meeting anybody. He will pay a thousand francs to a person who will stand up to him for three rounds. Such persons must have a physician's certificate that they have not weak hearts, their families must be insured and they must be careful not to irritate the champion, because he loses his temper very easily. Jack Johnson, messieurs and mesdames."

Out came the negro. He was positively grotesque. He shuffled and slouched as of yore, but he was as fat as a capon. He wore white trunks and they did not conceal his embonpoint. He grinned, displaying the well-known gold teeth, and half a dozen horny-handed workmen paid for the purpose and stationed in the gallery applauded lustily.

The manager stood by with a bottle of chloroform to administer to any championship aspirant who might claim the right of boxing with the terrible Jack, but none appeared. He sighed with relief and whistled to a tame boxer from the wings.

Oh, I forgot to say that Jack had the French tricolor wrapped around him as a belt. The opponent who strolled upon the scene wore the Stars and Stripes around his loins.

Any but a French crowd would have demanded its money back when the two men shook hands, for Johnson outweighed the white man by 100 pounds and was at least eight inches taller.

They began to box, and lack of familiarity with the French language caused Johnson to keep his usual witticisms to himself. They traveled for about two minutes, each carefully refraining from hitting the other, and at the end of that time Johnson was blowing like a stranded whale. The orchestra played the intermezzo from "Cavalleria Rusticana" during the intermission.

FRENCH PROFESSOR GOES ON

By this time the stage was very damp as a result of Mr. Johnson's exhalations, and several ladies and gentlemen in the front row hastily left the theater.

The plump referee now came forward and announced that in a later scene the terrible and agreeable Mr. Johnson and his sweet and gentle spouse would dance the tango together. Much applause from the professional clappers in the gallery.

The final scene was supposed to be a soiree in an aristocratic Parisian family. The guests were scattered about the saloon and they were not prejudiced against color, for there was the terrible Jack looking like a mountain in evening dress.

The second round brought on a French professor of boxe. This gentleman was nearer Johnson's size, and beyond a tendency to kick and bite in the clinches, he boxed rather well. Still he didn't hit a hard blow, and most of the round was occupied by dancing.

A second intermezzo by the orchestra and Mr. Peewee, the first boxer, was given a second chance. Nothing happened, and after a musical interlude the professor had a second round.

MRS. JACK JOHNSON TANGOES.

After several guests had volunteered to dance and sing, the white spouse of Johnson walked leisurely upon the scene. He placed his arm around her and led her to the footlights. The orchestra struck up the music of the Argentine tango and they tangoed. Mrs. Johnson had been seen by a swell Paris dressmaker, who had turned her out so she couldn't be distinguished from the French ladies upon the stage or the promenade.

Having tangoed for about five minutes, Madame Johnson retired amid applause, whereupon the great smoke proceeded to a buck and wing, a la the old Howard, which drew down the first sincere applause of the evening. Then the curtain fell.

"You see, nobody killed him," I said to Brown.

"No, but somebody will. The first boxer that gets up against him will knock him out and win a cinch championship. That fellow is all in. He'll never get his wind back."

Brown claims to be an authority upon boxing, and maybe he is right.

Koney Makes One Error a Month



Cards' Fielder May Set New Mark

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 16.—An error a month is the pace Ed Koney is setting for what probably will be a world's record as a fielding first baseman. So far the guardian of the Cardinals' initial sack has turned but four miscues this season—one in April, May, June and July—and if he gets but one in August and remember his name will be engraved in the record books.

To accept 1,112 of the 1,116 chances offered him in 101 games is quite a phenomenal performance; still this is owned by Koney for his 1913 work. And it has everything eclipsed in the records of fielding first basemen since the National League was organized.

The highest average ever compiled by a first baseman in the National League was by Frank Chance in 1910, when he missed but three chances out of 814; that gave him a mark of .996. This to-day stands supreme, but if Koney continues his average of one error per month he will shade Chance's record by a slight margin.

Chance Leads All Rivals.

Since 1871, when the first set of records was kept in the National League, Chance's .996 stands out on top. Next to the ex-Peerless Leader is Dan McGann with a .995, and then .994 is the highest figure. The following table shows the five highest averages of the first basemen:

Year. Name.	g	po.	a.	e.	pct.
1910—Chance	87	773	38	3	.996
1906—McGann.	133	1391	83	8	.995
1909—Chance	92	901	40	6	.994
1907—McGann.	81	781	55	5	.994
1897—Tebeau	91	912	42	5	.994

Koney's fielding this year has been sensational and proves that he is without a superior as a fielding first baseman. Of course, now Chase and Daubert and Stovall have their supporters, but the truth is that for being steady day in and day out Koney is supreme.

Koney isn't as flashy as Chase. He will not dive high into the air and make the catch one-handed and he dosen't pull off the fancy stuff which Chase does. But he gets the wild pegs, the high ones, the low ones and those far too high, left and right minus the "grandstand" effort.

How Koney Made Errors.

On April 20 Koney made his first error. It was at Robison Field and he missed an easy foul off Chief Wilson. Later, Wilson put a single in left. The second error was May 28 in Chicago against the Cubs. It happened in the inning when Mitchell rolled to Huggins. Hug made the perfect toss, but Big Ed clamped his hands before the ball arrived, muffed and the runner was safe.

Then came error No. 3. It was June 25, at Robison Field. Carey grounded to Koney. Max raced for the bag and Ed, seeing he couldn't get there first, made a toss to Harmon. Bob let it get away, Carey ran to second and Koney got the error.

Big Ed almost escaped the month of July, but a bit of severe scoring gave him an error on the last day of the month. In the fourth inning Connolly rolled a slow grounder to Koney. Sallee raced over to the bag, but Connolly had the play beaten and it was scored as a hit. Sal allowed the ball to drop, roll a few feet away, and taking his time in recovery, Connolly hiked down to second.

There is how Ed Koney has made his four errors this season. And in between them he has accepted 1,112, certainly a remarkable record.

With the Cards in a slump this year, Koney's fielding hasn't dropped a bit. His batting has, and for that reason the fans have been handing the jeers occasionally to the Big Train. Every fan can rehearse when Ed failed to get a hit and drive in a run. And why? Because his play is watched every day where the others are passed by.

McCloskey Develops Big Ed.

Koney can miss driving in a run and the fans will see it. But Magee, Oakes, Mowrey, Wingo, Whitted and others will miss and nobody pays any attention to it. Not Koney, though.

It took time and constant training on the part of John J. McCloskey to develop Koney into the great first baseman that he is. Koney came here in June, 1907. He was a big kid, awkward around first, and didn't know how to shift his feet. He had the right foot in front when the left should have been there, and often the other way, too.

But McCloskey knew what he had. The entire summer John J. drilled his new capture. In the morning practice Mac toiled with Koney. He showed him this; he showed him that; he showed him how to keep one foot on the sack and catch the wide throw with the gloved mitt.

And it didn't take Koney long to master these fine points. He shows it to-day.

Some will doubt Koney's ability as a first baseman. But here he has a .996 average, just a fraction under .997, and every winter the Cubs, Pirates and Giants bid for the "Big Train."

$100,000 OFFER FOR TY COBB WAS 'PHONY'

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1?.—A report from Detroit that Clark Griffith, manager of the Nationals, had offered $100,000 to President Navin, of Detroit, for the purchase of Ty Cobb had Washington fans almost on the verge or nervous prostration to-day. They wanted to believe the story, but they could not figure out where the $100,000 had come from.

William H. Rapley, treasurer of the Washington club, could not throw any light on the $100,000 certified check that Griff had flashed in Detroit. When told about it, Rapley laughed and said, "I would like to know where he got it."

Washington sporting writers traveling with the team were mean enough to send dispatches from Detroit that Griffith had just signed a check for $100,000 and permitted it to be photographed to accommodate a newspaper friend.

SOX TO GET MAGGERT.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 16.—President Comiskey, of the Chicago Americans, has exercised his option on Maggert, center fielder of the local club, who has been leading the Coast league in batting and who has been second in stolen bases.

M'GRATH LOSES SIGHT OF ONE EYE IN FIGHT

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Matty McGrath, the noted American athlete, has lost the sight of one eye. Pending the court's determination of his status as a policeman, McGrath has been floor manager of the Jardin DeDanse, on the New York theater roof.

In a fight in the lobby yesterday, a man poked the point of his cane in his eye. Dr. Pryon, of the Polytechnic Hospital, who took twelve stitches in McGrath's face, said that the pupil of the eye had been destroyed and that the hammer thrower would be blind in that

TO CHANGE A. A. U. CODE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—G. T. Kirby, president of the Amateur Athletic Union, is to revise the A. A. U. code of rules, which, he says, in their present form can not be understood by attorneys. Kirby made this announcement before sailing for Berlin to attend the conference of athletic authorities of the world.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER Relieved In 24 Hours
Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
Beware of counterfeits

Stop That Whooping Cough
WITH THE McFAUL
Whooping Cough Powders
Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*
For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.
Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.
By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.
The McFaul Medicine Company
431 Marietta Street Atlanta, Georgia

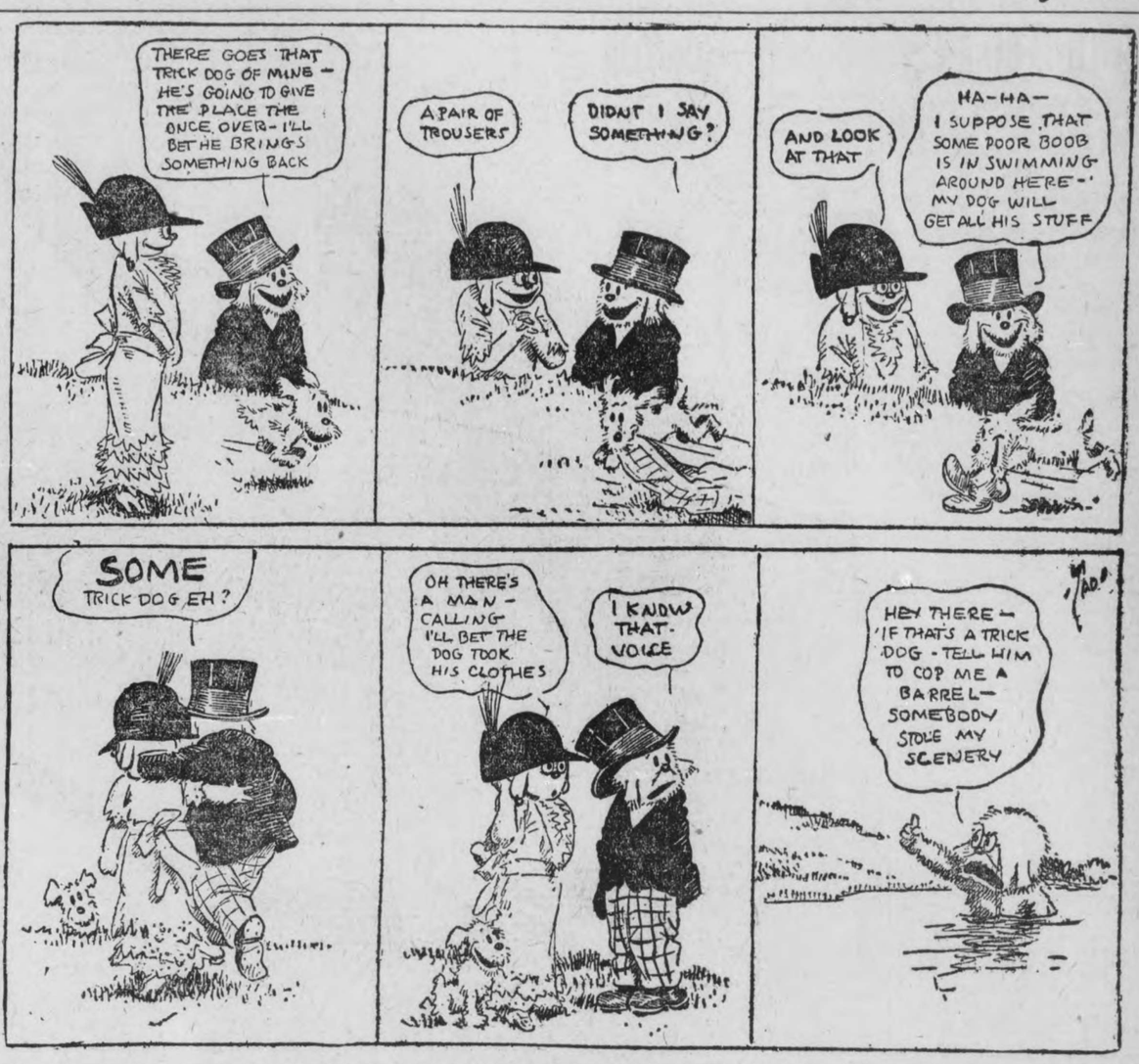
Sunday American Sporting Pages Lead All Others

YOU WOULDN'T KNOW THE OLD CAR NOW

Copyright, 1913, International News Service.

By Tad





AMERICAN LEAGUE

SENATORS, 6; TIGERS, 5.

DETROIT, Aug. 16.—The Senators defeated Detroit here to-day, 6 to 1. Dauss, for the locals, pitched good ball up to the sixth, when he weakened and thereafter was pounded freely. Groom, for the visitors, was in his old-time form, and held the Tigers helpless except in the sixth, when three safeties scored one run. The box score:

Washington.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Moeller, rf.	4	2	2	0	0	0
Foster, 3b.	4	1	2	0	2	0
Milan, cf.	5	0	2	4	0	0
Gandil, 1b.	4	1	2	12	0	0
Morgan, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2	0
Laporte, lf.	4	0	2	3	0	0
McBride, ss.	4	1	1	1	5	1
Henry, c.	4	1	0	6	0	0
Groom, p.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	36	6	11	27	10	1
Detroit.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Bush, ss.	4	0	0	1	6	0
Bauman, 2b.	4	1	1	1	4	0
Crawford, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Cobb, cf.	4	0	1	2	1	0
Veach, lf.	4	0	1	4	0	1
Gainer, 1b.	3	0	0	13	0	0
Stanage, c.	3	0	0	2	2	0
Moriarity, 3b.	2	0	1	3	3	0
Dauss, p.	3	0	0	0	1	1
High	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	1	5	27	17	2

High batted for Gainer in the ninth.

Score by innings:

Washington	010 002 201—6
Detroit	000 001 000—1

Summary: Two-base hits—Lajoie, Moeller, Walsh. Three-base hits—Gandil, Milan. Sacrifice hit—Henry. Bases on balls—Off Dauss, 2. First base on errors—Washington, 1; Detroit, 1. Left on bases—Washington, 7; Detroit, 4. Struck out—By Groom, 4; by Dauss, 2. Time—1:45. Umpires—O'Loughlin and Sheridan.

NAPS, 10; ATHLETICS, 1.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 16.—Hard and timely hitting resulted in the Naps trouncing the Athletics, 10 to 1, here to-day. Bush and Wyckoff were hammered hard, Chapman knocking a home rune with two on, and Jackson also getting a circuit drive. The Mackmen scored the only tally in the fourth when Collins scored on McInnis' liner along the third base line. The box score:

Cleveland.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Leibold, cf.	4	1	2	4	0	0
Chapman, ss.	5	1	1	2	4	0
Jackson, rf.	3	3	2	1	1	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	1	2	1	3	0
Johnston, 1b.	4	1	2	12	0	0
Turner, 3b.	2	0	1	1	0	2
Bates, 3b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Graney, lf.	3	1	2	1	0	0
O'Neill, c.	3	0	0	5	1	0
Mitchell, p.	4	1	0	0	1	0
Totals	32	10	11	27	12	0
Phila.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Walsh, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Oldring, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Collins, 2b.	3	1	1	1	6	0
Baker, 3b.	4	0	1	1	0	0
McInnis, 1b.	4	0	3	15	0	0
Murphy, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Schang, c.	3	0	0	3	2	3
Barry, ss.	3	0	0	1	5	0
Bush, p.	3	0	3	0	2	0
Wyckoff, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Daley	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	1	8	24	15	3

Daley ran for Bush in eighth inning.

Score by innings:

Cleveland	200 101 142—10
Philadelphia	000 100 000— 1

Summary: Two-base hits—Lajoie 2; Johnston, Collins, McInnis. Three-base hit—Bush. Home runs—Chapman, Jackson. Stolen bases—Leibold, Jackson, Turner, Graney, 3; Collins. Sacrifice hits—Turner, Graney. Bases on balls—Off Bush 2, off Mitchell 2, off Wyckoff 2. Struck out—By Bush, 3; by Mitchell, 4; by Wyckoff, 2. Double plays—Chapman to Turner; Collins to Orr to McInnis, Turner to Lajoie to Johnston. Hits—Off Bush, 10 in 7 innings. Umpires—Hildebrand and Evans. Time—1:20.

RED SOX, 4; BROWNS, 0.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—The Red Sox aplied the brush to the Browns today, winning 4 to 0. Costly errors by Balenti and the slugging of Speaker helped to account for the score. A pass, a steal and an error gave the visitors a run in the fourth. Two were added in the fifth on three safeties and two pilfered bases. A double and two sacrifices scored the final run in the sixth. The box score:

St. Louis.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Shotten, cf.	4	0	0	3	1	0
Balenti, ss.	4	0	1	1	5	2
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	2	2	6	0
Williams, rf.	4	0	2	0	1	0
Austin, 3b.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Brief, 1b.	4	0	0	13	0	0
Johnson, lf.	2	0	0	2	0	0
McAlester, c.	3	0	0	4	1	0
Leverenz, p.	3	0	1	0	3	0
Stovall	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	0	8	27	17	2

Stovall batted for Johnson in the ninth inning.

Boston.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Hooper, rf.	4	0	1	6	0	0
Engle, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0	0
Speaker, cf.	3	2	2	1	0	0
Lewis, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Gardner, 3b.	3	0	0	0	1	1
Janvrin, ss.	4	0	1	2	3	0
Wagner, 2b.	3	1	1	4	4	0
Carrigan, c.	3	0	0	5	3	0
Leonard, p.	2	1	1	0	2	0
Totals	29	4	7	x26	13	1

xBalenti out; hit by batted ball.

Score by innings:

Boston	000 121 000—4
St. Louis	000 000 000—0

Summary: Two-base hits—Speaker 2; Pratt, Hooper, Williams. Sacrifice hits—Lewis, Leonard. Sacrifice fly—Gardner. Double play—Balenti to Pratt to Brief; Shotten to Brief; Janvrin to Wagner to Engle. Hit by pitched ball—By Leonard, Austin. Bases on balls—Off Leonard, 2; off Leverenz, 2. Struck out—By Leonard, 5; by Leverenz, 3. Left on base—Boston, 3; St. Louis, 8. Time—1:50. Umpires—McGreevy and Connolly.

WHITE SOX, 2; YANEES, 0.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The White Sox shut out the Yankees in a close affair here to-day by a score of 2 to 0. The game proved a pitchers' battle between Fisher for the visitors and Scott for the locals. Both allowed four hits, but the Sox succeeded in bunching three of theirs in the seventh round, which resulted in two tallies. The box score:

New York.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Maisel, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3	0
Cook, cf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Cree, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Hartsell, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Peckinpa'gh, ss.	3	0	1	1	3	1
Knight, 2b.	3	0	0	3	0	1
Williams, 1b.	2	0	0	9	2	0
Sweeney, c.	2	0	0	6	4	1
Fisher, p.	2	0	1	1	4	1
Wolter	1	0	1	0	0	0
McConnell, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	0	4	24	16	4
Chicago.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Chappell, lf.	3	0	0	3	0	0
Berger, 2b.	3	1	1	1	5	1
Lord, 3b.	2	0	0	0	2	1
Chase, 1b.	3	1	0	14	0	0
Bodie, cf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
Collins, rf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Kuhn, c.	3	0	0	4	0	0
Weaver, ss.	2	0	0	3	3	0
Scott, p.	3	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	26	2	3	27	12	2

Wolter batted for Fisher in the eighth.

Score by innings:

New York	000 000 000—0
Chicago	000 000 20x—2

Summary: Bases on balls—Off Scott, 2; off Fisher, 1. Struck out—By Scott, 3; by Fisher, 6. Umpires—Egan and Dineen.

Universal Polo at Panama Exposition

Exciting Game To Be Opening Feature of Great Affair—Stand to Seat 18,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 16.—Universal polo will be the opening feature incident to the department of live stock at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

There will be many stables on the site, and the race track infield will afford an ideal location for polo grounds.

Polo enthusiasm is spreading all over the world and it is proposed to have ten or fifteen days of polo, beginning with the opening day of the exposition.

A series of elimination matches will be arranged, and because of climatic advantages a number of the established teams will winter their ponies in California.

There will be a grand stand which will seat 18,000, and its capacity will be taxed during the great tournament, which will be held on the exposition grounds.

The question of cups and prizes is now being considered. If the Hurlingham cup still remains in this country it is possible that the international polo match can be held at San Francisco. That, of course, is a question which can only be decided by time, but in any event representative teams from many countries will be attracted to a universal meet at San Francisco in 1915.

RACING RESULTS

AT SARATOGA.

FIRST—Six furlongs: Trifler 107 (Bryne), 6-5, 1-3, out, won; Beaucoup 119 (Wolfe), 8, 7-5, out; Luria 100 (McTaggart), 6-5, 1-3, out. Time, 1:13 1-5. Also ran: Magazine.

SECOND—About two and one-half miles: Wickson 160 (Beamish), 5, 7-5, out, won; Gold Plate 146 (O'Brien), 20, 7, 7-5; Penobscot 163 (Walker), 9-10, 1-3, out. Time, 5:24. Also ran: The Evader and The Prophet.

THIRD—Six furlongs: Bringhurst 113 (Loftus), 4, 3-5, out, won; Little Nephew 113 (Killingsworth), 1-2, out; Black Broom 104 (Borel), 10, 2, 1-2. Time, 1:12 2-5. Also ran: Mr. Sniggs and Vandergrift.

FOURTH—Mile and one-eighth: Cock of the Walk 114 (Glass), 2, 4-5, 2-5, won; Night Stick 99 (Ambrose), 6, 2, 1; Prince Eugene 110 (Ferguson), 8, 3, 8-5 third. Time, 1:54 4-5. Also ran: Lahore, Hawthorne, Sam Jackson, Guy Fisher and Any Port.

FIFTH RACE—Mile: Grassmere 99 (Ward), 6-5 1-2, out, won; Inspector Iastraea 109 (J. McTaggart), 10, 4, 2 second; Swish 107 (Borel), 3, 4-5, 1-3, third. Time 1:38. Also ran: Breaker Boy, Cre mede Menthe, Fred Mulholland.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs: Undaunted 105 (Byrne), 6-5, 1-2, out, won; Belle 108 (McCabe), 20, 7, 3, second; J. Nolan 108 (Borel), 8, 5-2, 6-5, third. Time 1:13 3-5. Also ran: Ring Marshal Small, Stonehedge, Heartbeat, Bayhead, Peterkin, Francis.

AT WINDSOR.

FIRST—Five furlongs: Ratina 108 (Montour), 1-2, 1-4, 1-10, won; Requiram 110 (Lounsberry), 12, 3, 3-5; Pat Rutledge 102 (Deronde), 9-2, 4-5, 1-2. Time, 1:00. Also ran: Indolence, Patty negan, Silver Tone, Bolala, Superl, Roumania.

SECOND RACE—Five and half furlongs: Jessup Burn 104 (Taylor), 7, 5-2, 7-5, won; Right Easy 99 (Deronde), 8-5, 7-10, 1-3, second; Theo Cook 109 (Callahan), 6, 2, even, third. Time 1:06. Also ran: Tillie's Nightmare, Frank Woodman, Moisant, Shemulpo and Husky Lad.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs: U See It 102 (Gross), 4, 9-5, 4-5, won; Zim 104 (Small), 7, 5-2, 6-5, second; Floral Park 97 (Callahan), 6, 5-2, 6-5, third. Time 1:12. Also ran: Rifle Brigade, T. M. Green, Majorie A., Sun Queen and Jim Basey.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and sixteenth: Lochiel 99 (Buxton), 6, even, out, won; Flora Fina 109 (Callahan), 3, 9-20, out, second; Buckhorn 125 (Small), 9-20, out, third. Time 1:45 4-5. Three starters.

FIFTH RACE—Five and half furlongs: Rubicon II, 105 (Kederis), 12, 5, 2, won; Mack B. Eubanks 102 (Buxton), 4, 8-5, 4-5, second; Chilton Queen 100 (Deronde), 3, 6-5, 3-5, third. Time 1:06 1-5. Also ran: Allean, Little Jane, Lep Godchaux, Falcada, Mawr Lad, Prince Chap, Stanley.

SIXTH RACE—Harry Lauder 110 (Peak), 5+2, 6-5, 3-5, won; Chilton King 105 (Kederis), 3-2, 7-10, 1-3, second; Trovato 99 (Kyler), 12, 5, 5-2, third. Time 1:39 3-5. Big Dipper, Monsieur Perry, Cordie F., Marshon, Queed, Gerard and Billy Baker also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Mile and 70 yards: Billy Vandever 98 (Deronde), 3, 6-5, 3-5, won; Mudsill 99 (Scharfe), 12, 5, 5-2, second; Wander 109 (Buxton), 5-2, even, 1-2, third. Time 1:43 3-5. Also ran: Mycenae, Bobby Cook, Joe Stein, Rash and Henry Hutchinson.

UNUSUAL RULES AND PLAYS IN BASEBALL

(No. 6.) By J. W. Heisman.

ORDINARILY a new pitcher may be substituted for the one already performing at any stage of the game—even in the middle of a batter's turn at bat; that is, after he has delivered one or more balls to that batter, who has, however, not yet either reached first or been put out. As I have already pointed out though, the second pitcher must, in such a case, stay in the box until this batter, who has already faced one pitcher, is either put out or has reached a base; he can not be compelled to face three pitchers during one and the same time at bat.

But there is one case in which the batter can not be compelled to face even two pitchers during the one time at bat; that is to say, the pitcher who starts in to pitch to him must continue until he has either been put out or has reached base. And that is the case of the batter who goes first to the plate in the first inning of the game. After the umpire has once announced who the pitchers are to be, those pitchers MUST go in and do duty until they have either retired the first batsman or he has succeeded in reaching his base. I fancy very few people are aware of the existence of this rule.

• • •

IF the first and third base lines are extended indefinitely backward, where they cross each other at home plate, they will, of course, outline a right angle triangle, with the apex squarely at the point of the home plate. Now this triangular space between the two base lines extended is called the catcher's lines or position, and no player of the side at bat has a right to cross this space back of the catcher while either the pitcher or the catcher are standing in their positions.

But this is not all. Did you know that the catcher himself is not allowed to go over toward first or third, to receive the pitcher's delivery, so far that he will be standing on ground outside the lines of his position? Oftimes catchers, as everybody knows, move out and away from the batter with the intention of having the pitcher throw the ball so wide of the plate that the batter can not possibly reach it. They do this when they intend to walk him. But in doing this the catcher must have a care that he does not set himself outside the boundaries laid down for him by the extended base lines. Delivery of the ball by the pitcher to the catcher while the latter is standing outside these lines would be called a balk, permitting all the runners on base to move up one base each.

• • •

HERE is a seeming anomaly in the rules of baseball: Section 15, of Rule 56, says that base-runner is out "if with one or no one out and a base-runner on third base the batsman interferes with a play being made at home plate."

This is plain enough. But I have been asked why the runner on third—presumably coming in and trying to score—shouldn't be called out just the same for interference on the part of the batsman when there were two out as well as none or only one.

Well, in the great majority of times when the batsman hits the ball, with two men already out, the play is made by the fielder to first base; and even if it isn't made there the batsman can surely do nothing to interfere with it at the plate inasmuch as he is, or ought to be, on his way down to first base.

But there could be a case all right in which the play would be made at home plate, with the batter still at the plate and with two hands down; and the batter could very palpably interfere with the opponent's attempt to get the runner out coming in from third. That, of course, would be the case of the runner on third trying to steal home. In such an event the latter might not strike at the ball, and the catcher might catch it all right. Then, when he advanced in front of the plate to touch the runner out as he came in, the batter could certainly collide with him or get in his way so as to prevent him from touching the runner. And yet, in a palpable case like this the umpire could not call the runner out, because the section above quoted says that the case must be one in which there is only one out or where nobody is out. And yet there must be a remedy for such a thing like this; what is it?

The answer is that, by Section 5, Rule 51, the batsman himself (not the base runner) would be out. And as there are, under supposition, two out already the batsman's out would make three, and the side would be down without the runner's tally being permitted to count.

"But," someone hastens to ask, "why not have the rule uniform? Why shouldn't the batter be the one to be called out in both cases, since he was the one who does the foul and dirty work?" Simply because with only one or none down to put the batter out would be to add merely another out as a penalty, and, the side not having been retired, the runner from third would have to be credited with the run he scored on the batter's foul work. This, of course, would never do, else many a weak batter would willingly get put out himself if by so doing he could surely score a man of his on third base.

Thus we see there is a rule and a remedy for about every odd play that can come up in baseball provided one only knows where to find it. But one who was familiar with the provisions of Rule 56 might have the other case arise and then have the decision go against him because the supplementary rule is found under heading No. 51, section fifth, of which he had forgotten.

• • •

MANY think that the batsman is credited with a sacrifice every time he hits the ball in such a way that the runner already on gets the next base out of it. It is true that in order to qualify with a sacrifice the runner on must get his base advancement out of it, but, further, the ball must have been hit in such a way as to make it apparent that the batter intended to advance the batsman, even while he subjected himself to a strong danger of being put out. Now, this can only be done by a bunted ball. No one can swing and hit the ball in such a way as to convince scorers or any one else that they firmly intended and expected this metheod of going at the ball to result in the runner getting on further while he was being put out; to bunt the ball is the only known way of signifying this definite intention to really sacrifice and, outside of the outfield fly sacrifice, which scores a man after it is caught, the bunt is the only way in which a batter can be cerdited with a sacrifice.

JAKE STAHL DENIES HE IS TO SUCCEED CALLAHAN

GLOUCESTER, Aug. 16.—The rumor that Jake Stahl was to be given the position as manager of the Chicago White Sox and that Jimmy Callahan, the present head of the team, was to be deposed is entirely without foundation, according to Stahl, who was interviewed at Annisquam yesterday afternoon.

"No," said Stahl, "I have no knowledge of my being picked for the position of manager, and I had not even heard the rumor until you told me just now. Rumors put me out of a job. I guess that is all this talk is, rumor. Those things hurt the club considerably and it keeps the fellows guessing as to the exact truth of the matter. You can say for me that it is a rumor pure and simple and one without the least foundation."

When asked if he would accept the position if it were offered him, Stahl declined to answer.

GOV. TENER FINDS JOB FOR A BASEBALL MATE

HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Governor John K. Tener has given a substantial reward to a comrade of his old baseball days, when he appointed George Wood, once a member of the Philadelphia National League team, and a mighty outfielder and hitter, to a good State position. Governor Tener and Wood have been friends ever since their ball-playing days.

About two years ago the Governor found Wood serving as a ticket taker at the American League park in Philadelphia and told him he would try and find him a better job.

Soon afterward Wood was made messenger in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Later he was promoted to a clerkship in the same office. Now he is marshal of the new Public Service Commission, with a salary of $2,000 a year.

Latest Baseball News and Gossip of All the Leagues

Gridiron Coaches Seek Kickers

South Has Overlooked Booting

By Innis Brown.

"WANTED—One good punter and place kicker. Apply to any Southern football coach."

We don't know that we have lamped the above in any recent classified columns, it being a bit contradictory to the ethics of the game to go about landing desirable citizens from a football standpoint in this manner. However, we would willingly wager a few simoleons that it expresses the real sentiments of practically every football instructor in Dixie.

Did it ever occur to you just how valuable a first-class toe artist is to an ambitious collection of gridiron athletes? Well, if you will stop and figure it out you will readily see that such an asset is one of the most valuable that can be included in the repertoire of any coach and team. In many respects such a player sustains the same relations to a football team that a clean-up man does to baseball, although his duties are defensive rather than offensive, so far as the punting goes. In his field goal work he is the old pinch hitter, the gent who is rushed in at a critical time, to put over the winning smash either from a drop or placement.

* * *

APPARENTLY the game in the South has not shown as much attention to the kicking game as has been shown in the East and middle West. Coaches and captains have either failed to realize that twenty yards gained on an exchange of punts is more easily obtained and counts just as much, as the same distance smashed through the line or ripped off past the ends, or knowing this, they have failed to take advantage of the fact. Practically every follower of football can recall games in which one team rushes the other up and down the field almost at will, but fails to score because of the fact that when the ball is rushed down into the shadow of the goal post, the opposition stiffens long enough to take the ball on downs, and then some hefty kicker boots it back up the field into proposition. Then, to support our proposition further, supposing the weaker team at rushing recovers the ball, on a fumble possibly, within striking distance of the goal and with a good man at field goals, either by drop or placement shoves over a counter from the field. So narrow a margin can and has decided many games.

* * *

The kicking game in every department is largely a matter of development. Some players have more of an aptitude for it than others, but it is largely development with all of them. As evidence of this fact, watch a new recruit in his first effort to shove his toe into the ball. He need be little surprised if he misses it entirely on the first attempt. Furthermore, practically all of the great kickers have been men who have played ball for years, beginning when they were young.

* * *

THERE are a number of players who have made football history through their footwork alone. Take the case of John Dewitt, of Princeton. Good line man that he was, the public remembers him largely as the man who contributed to Yale's downfall the last year he played by delivering a field goal at a very difficult angle from the middle of the field. Also a Mr. Kennard had Cambridge falling at his feet a few seasons ago by virtue of the fact that he had booted one over from the field against the Elis, scoring the only counter of the contest.

A few seasons ago Marshall crack end of the Minnesota outfit, by his footwork earned the decision over Chicago. With the score 2 to 0 against the Gophers, Marshall shot a goal from the field, while his mates were able to prevent further scoring by Stagg's eleven during the few minutes remaining to play.

Here in the South Derrill Pratt, since developed into a great infielder at baseball, achieved a big reputation by virtue of his prowess with his good right foot at Ponce DeLeon in a game between Alabama and Georgia. Practically every football bug in Atlanta will recall this performance. With the ball down about the 51-yard line, Pratt dropped back for a try at goal. Harry Harman, playing center for Georgia at the time, says the Red and Black squad took the play for a fake and had no idea that a real attempt at goal would be made.

It was made, not only the attempt but the goal as well. The ball sailed squarely between the posts, and Harry is authority for the statement that it would have been good five yards farther back. This is certainly the record for a Southern gridiron, and no doubt for the country, on a goal from placement, since the ball was actually kicked from approximately the 60-yard line.

* * *

TECH also had the good fortune to land a stubborn battle several seasons ago by virtue of good footwork. This game was played with Davidson, and the great Lobster Brown was the boy to put over the counter. The Carolinians had had all the best of the rushing game throughout. However, the Jackets managed to brace in time to keep them from rushing the ball over. Finally Brown dropped back about the 40-yard line and shot one true to the mark. This score won the game.

Up at Vanderbilt some three seasons ago an unknown youngster returned from a distant invasion with the team a pronounced hero. Zach Curlin is the man referred to, and his performance was pulled off at the expense of the Michigan eleven at Ann Arbor. Curlin, a substitute, was rushed into the game with the ball in Vanderbilt's possession about the 30-yard line. He had been shooting them with unerring accuracy in practice, and in this, his one big attempt, he did not fail. He shot the goal easily, and while it did not win the game, it enabled the Commodores to score in a game that would have been scoreless from their standpoint on a rushing game.

These are cases of pinch hitting, so to speak. Defensive work in punting is equally as prominent in football history, both in this section and elsewhere. We remember having seen a game in Waco several seasons ago where one good punt caused a tie of what would surely have resulted in a game won for one of the teams but for this punt.

Texas A. and M. College was playing Baylor University. The Aggies had all the better of the rushing game and, with about five minutes left to play, rushed the ball to the two-yard line. Baylor held for downs and promptly punted. The kicker shot a high one well over the head of the man in the back field, and netted a gain of some 70 yards. A. and M. rushed back consistently, and likely would have scored but for the fact that time saved the Baylorites.

* * *

FOR all of the evolution and development from the old game, where every man sought to kick a large round ball along the ground, to the present article as played nowadays there is still good and sufficient reason why the game should be called "foot" ball, and the value of a good punter or goal kicker is almost inestimable.

RESULTS OF AMATEUR GAMES

WHITTIER, 10; ARAGON, 3.

The Whittier Mills team Saturday afternoon walloped the crack bunch of Aragon ball tossers, 10 to 3. The score:

W. Mills.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Simmons, ss	3	3	2	3	4	0
Osbourne, 1b	2	0	1	10	2	0
Edwards, 2b	5	1	2	4	2	1
Clowers, 3b	5	1	0	1	2	0
Smith, lf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Duncan, rf	5	1	2	2	0	0
Mayou, cf	5	1	0	2	0	0
Mullins, p	4	1	1	0	2	0
Thompson, c	4	1	1	5	1	0
Totals	28	10	12	27	13	1

Aragon.	ab.	r.	po.	a.	e.
Lawrence, 1b	4	0	10	2	0
C. Spence, c	3	1	7	0	0
Lachley, ss	4	1	1	0	0
A Daniel, 3b	4	0	2	3	2
Buenley, lf	4	0	1	0	0
H. Daniel, 2b	3	1	1	3	1
Arnold rf	4	0	1	1	0
Y. Daniel, cf	4	0	1	0	0
Wrigley, p	4	0	1	1	2
Totals	34	3	7	27	8

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Whittier Mills	420 120 010	10	1
Aragon	000 000 120	3	

Summary: Two-base hit—H. Daniel. Struck out—By Mullins, 6; by Wrigley, 5. Sacrifice hits—Osbourne, 3. Stolen bases—Osborne, Summers Spence Edwards. Passed balls—Daniels.

PIEDMONT, 8-6; CENTER HILL, 0 0.

Piedmont copped a double bill from Center Hill by the scores of 8 to 0 and 6 to 0. The scores:

First Game.

Center Hill.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Smith, cf	3	0	0	0	0	1
Brooks, 1b	3	0	1	7	0	0
Rhinehart, 2b	3	0	0	3	1	3
York, rf	3	0	0	4	0	0
Wilson, c	3	0	0	6	0	0
Segars, 3b	2	0	0	4	1	1
Hardee, lf	2	0	0	1	0	1
Pittman, c	2	0	0	0	0	0
Wrigley, p	1	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	21	0	1	21	4	7

Piedmont.	tb.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Dickerson, rf	3	2	2	0	0	0
B. Williams, 1b	3	2	2	4	0	0
J. Williams, ss	4	2	1	0	0	0
Chappelear, 2b	3	1	2	3	1	0
Howard, p	3	0	0	2	0	0
Underwood, 3b	4	0	1	3	0	0
Kelly, lf	3	1	1	0	0	0
Osborne, cf	3	1	1	1	0	0
Harry, c	3	0	0	5	0	0
Totals	27	8	10	18	0	0

Score by innings:

Center Hill	000 000 0—0
Piedmont	220 202 *—8

Second Game.

Center Hill.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Smith, rf	3	0	0	2	0	1
Brooks, 1b	3	0	0	3	0	1
York, 2b	3	0	0	2	6	2
Wilson, c	2	0	0	3	0	1
Wrigley, p	2	0	0	1	1	0
Segars, ss	2	0	0	1	1	0
Kendall, lf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Arrington, 3b	2	0	0	1	0	0
Rhinehart, rf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	21	0	1	18	2	5

Piedmont.	tb.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Dickerson, p	3	2	2	2	0	0
B. Williams, 1b	3	1	1	5	0	1
J. Williams, ss	3	1	1	0	0	1
Chappelear, 2b	3	0	2	2	0	0
Howard, rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Underwood, 3b	2	0	0	2	0	0
Kelly, lf	2	1	2	0	0	0
Osborne, cf	2	1	2	1	0	0
Harry, c	2	1	2	6	0	0
Totals	22	6	12	18	0	1

Score by innings:

Center Hill	000 000 0—0
Piedmont	200 202 0—6

ASSOCIATED GROCERS, 14; POST-OFFICE, 13.

In one of the hardest-fought battles seen in the Clothiers' League, the Associated Grocers defeated the Post-office 14 to 13. The score:

Asso. Gro.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
A. Turner, c	6	2	1	6	1	0
Mozley, rf	6	2	1	0	0	0
Plyant, ss	5	3	3	2	3	4
Retsch, cf	5	3	2	0	0	0
Friddell, 3b	5	3	3	3	2	1
Reese, 2b	5	1	0	2	0	3
Byrd, lf	5	0	0	2	0	0
N. Turner, 1b	5	0	1	10	0	1
Smith, p	4	0	1	1	5	0
Totals	46	14	12	27	11	9

Postoffice.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Niblach, p	6	2	2	0	3	0
Summerlee, 2b	6	2	1	1	2	0
Wagner, ss	6	2	2	0	4	0
Solomon, rf	6	1	1	1	0	1
E. Manning, 3b	5	1	1	2	3	0
Pennington, 1b	4	1	2	12	0	1
Clark, cf	5	2	3	0	0	0
McDonald, lf	4	1	2	0	0	0
F. Manning, c	5	1	1	8	1	0
Totals	47	13	15	26*	13	2

*Two out when winning run was scored.

Score by innings:

Associated Grocers	530 102 021—14
Postoffice	320 080 000—13

Summary: Two-base hits—Pennington, Plyant. Three-base hit—Pennington. Struck out—By Smith, 6; by Niblach, 8. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 2; off Niblach, 3. Umpire—Booher. Time—2 hours 55 minutes.

STANDAR OIL, 9; SMYRNA, 6.

Smyrna, after winning fifteen straight games, went down in defeat before the strong Standard Oil team.

Standard Oil	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Cannon, 2b	4	1	1	3	0	0
Weitnaugh, 3b	5	1	0	1	0	0
Gilliette, c	4	3	3	11	4	0
Reynolds, 1b	5	3	3	7	0	0
Temple, ss	5	0	2	4	5	0
Hardman, cf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Bradley, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Richards, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Cooper, p	3	1	1	1	3	1
Totals	39	9	11	27	14	1

Smyrna.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Hawkins, 1b	2	0	0	6	0	0
Blake, ss	4	1	1	1	2	1
Cassidy, 2b	2	1	0	1	2	1
Howell, 3b	4	1	1	0	2	0
Smith, lf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Waddell, c	3	0	0	10	1	2
Berry, cf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Dempsey, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Yarbrough, 1b	0	0	0	4	0	1
Dunn, p	1	0	0	1	2	0
Kane, p	2	0	1	1	0	0
Rutherford, cf	2	1	2	1	0	0
Totals	28	6	7	27	9	5

Score by innings:

Standard Oil Co.	203 020 200—9
Smyrna	000 000 006—6

Summary: Hits—Off Cooper 3, off Cannon 4, off Dunn 7, off Kane 4. Three-base hit—Blake. Home run—Rutherford. Double plays—Cooper to Cameron. Gillette to Connor. Innings pitched—By Cooper, 8 2-3, by Connor and Temple, 1-3, by Dunn 4, by Kane 6. Struck out—By Cooper, 2, by Dunn 4, by Kane 5. Bases on balls—Off Cooper 3, off Dunn 1, off Kane 1. Sacrifice hits—Berry and Hardman. Stolen bases—Conner, Weitnaugh, Reynolds, Richards, Gillette, Cassidy. Umpire—Charles Dubignon.

S. V. D., 14-4; CAPITOL VIEW, 2-1.

The S. V. D team of the Sunday School League, took both ends of a double-header from the strong Capitol View team. The scores:

First Game.

Capitol View.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Bevil, c	4	0	1	0	0	0
Allen, 1b	3	1	2	0	0	1
H. Bell, rf	4	0	0	7	1	1
Vandergriff, cf	3	0	1	10	1	0
Schockley, ss	3	0	0	2	0	0
Walker, 3b	3	0	2	0	3	1
Tinsley, lf	2	1	1	0	4	1
E. Bell, 2b	3	0	1	2	1	3
Barter, p	3	0	2	0	0	2
Totals	28	2	10	21	10	9

S. V. D.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Gerlack, rf	3	2	2	1	0	0
Blodgett, 3b	4	2	0	1	2	0
Robertson, p	4	1	0	0	0	0
Starr, ss	4	0	1	0	0	0
Floyd, 1b	3	1	0	6	0	0
Clower, 2b	2	1	0	3	1	0
Frank, cf	2	1	0	0	0	0
Ewing, lf	4	3	2	1	2	0
Wallace, c	2	2	1	9	3	0
Totals	30	14	6	21	8	0

Score by Innings: R. H. E.

Capitol View	000 110 0—	2	10 0
S. V. D.	324 111 2—14	0	0

Summary: Two-base hits—Walker, Barter. Three-base hits—Starr, Wallace.

Second Game.

Capitol View ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Walker, c	2	0	0	1	0
Walker, lf	2	0	0	5	0
Tinsley, 3b	3	0	2	1	3	0
Vandergriff, ss	2	0	0	3	1	3
H. Bell, 1b	2	1	2	10	0	1
Schockley, cf	3	0	1	2	3	0
E. Bell, 2b	2	0	1	4	3	0
Baxter, rf	2	0	1	1	1	0
Pursley, p	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	21	1	7	21	17	4

S. V. D.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Gerlash, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Blodgett, ss	3	0	0	3	2	0
Robertson, p	3	0	1	0	0	0
Starr, lf	3	1	1	0	2	0
Wallace, cf	2	2	1	4	3	0
Floyd, 1b	3	1	1	8	0	0
Ewing, 3b	3	0	2	2	5	1
Clower, 2b	3	0	0	4	0	0
Frank, c	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	4	6	21	12	1

Score by innings:

S. V. D.	201 100 0—4
Capitol View	100 000 0—1

Summary Two-base hits—Starr, Ewing, Vandergriff. Three-base hit—Vandergriff.

LOWRY SLUGGERS, 4; PRESSMEN, 1.

The Lowry Sluggers, a crack amateur ball club, triumphed over the strong Pressmen team of the Saturday Afternoon League, 4 to 1. The game was interesting from start to finish. The box score:

Sluggers.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Simpson, 1b	3	0	2	16	0	0
D. Lowry, c	3	0	0	8	2	0
Appling, p	3	0	0	0	4	0
H. Lowry, lf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Lockhart, 3b	2	1	1	1	3	1
Butler, rf	2	1	1	1	0	0
Watts, ss	2	1	2	2	0	4
Harrison, 2b	2	1	1	2	2	1
Yates, cf	2	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	21	4	8	27	15	4

Pressmen.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Phillips, 1b	3	0	1	14	1	0
Hiles, lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Mahon, 3b	2	0	0	0	2	0
Mahon, c	2	0	1	5	2	0
Akers, p	2	0	0	0	1	1
Quinn, cf	2	0	0	2	0	0
Turnipseed, ss	2	1	0	0	3	1
Daughendorf, rf	2	0	0	3	0	0
Hughes, 2b	2	0	2	1	2	1
Totals	21	1	5	27	11	3

Score by innings:

Pressmen	100 000 000—1
Lowry Sluggers	201 000 010—4

Summary: Two-base hits—Hughes, Watts. Struck out—By Appling, 8; by Akers, 5. Time—1:40. Umpire—Baker.

CENTRAL CONG., 11; HOLY INN., 8

Central won a closely contested game fro mHoly Innocence, 11 to 8. The score:

Holy. Inn.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Hoke Jenk's, lf	5	1	1	2	0	0
H. Jenkins, 2b	5	2	2	4	3	1
A. Mullins, p	5	0	1	2	2	0
F. Jenkins, 3b	4	1	1	2	4	1
Strong, 1b	4	1	1	14	0	2
Smith, c	3	0	2	2	2	0
R. Pachran, ss	3	1	2	0	3	2
Prater, rf	4	1	2	0	0	0
C. Duncan, cf	4	1	0	1	0	1
Totals	38	8	12	27	14	7

Central.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
A. Turner, c	5	2	2	12	1	0
N. Turner, p	5	1	2	7	0	0
H. Boling, 2b	5	2	1	2	3	0
Shaw, ss	5	1	1	0	2	1
Braswell, cf	5	1	1	4	1	0
Lochlin, 3b	5	1	1	1	4	2
F. Turner, lf	5	1	2	1	2	0
Cook, rf	5	0	1	0	1	0
Ball, p	5	2	1	0	2	0
Totals	45	11	15	27	13	2

Score by innings:

Central Congregation	021 500 102—11
Holy Innocence	300 311 000—8

CAPITOL VIEW, 21; FIRST CHRISTIAN, 6.

Making 23 hits for a total of 21 runs, Capitol View swamped First Christian 21 to 6.

The score:

Capitol View ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Walker, cf	5	4	3	0	0	1
Allen, p	4	4	4	0	2	1
H. Bell, 1b	5	3	3	8	0	1
Shockley, c	3	1	0	12	2	1
Benedict, 3b	6	4	4	2	2	1
Blackmon, lf	5	4	1	1	0	1
E. Bell, 2b	4	1	3	3	2	0
Baxler, ss	6	1	2	0	3	0
Dixon, rf	5	2	3	1	0	0
Totals	42	21	23	27	11	6

First Chris.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Calloway, cf	4	0	0	2	2	1
Hubert, lf	3	1	1	3	0	0
Everett, 1b	4	1	2	9	1	1
Niblach, 2b	5	1	3	0	1	0
Cornwell, ss	5	1	1	1	1	2
Ziebert, 3b	4	1	0	3	2	0
McClain, rf	4	0	1	0	0	2
Rhoades, p	5	0	2	0	0	0
Asbery, c	4	0	0	6	2	0
Totals	38	6	10	24	9	6

Score by innings:

Score by Innings. R. H. E.

First Christian	300 001 200—	6	10 6
Capitol View	117 107 04x—21	23	6

Summary: Two-base hits—Walker, Allen, Bell (2). Three-base hits—Benedict, Niblich. Cornwell. Home run—Niblach. Struck out—By Allen, 8; by Rhoades, 3; by Cheek, 4. Bases on balls—Off Allen, 2; off Rhoades, 2; off Cheek 3. Sacrifice hits—Allen, 2; E. Bell, 1. Wild pitch—Rhoades.

AGOGAS, 4-1; GRANT PARK, 3-7.

The strong Agoga team divided honors with the Grant Park team of the Baraca League. The scores:

First Game.

Agogas.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Roberts, rf	3	1	1	3	1	0
Hooper, 1b	5	0	1	12	0	0
Weaver, c	5	0	0	13	0	0
Byers, 3b	5	2	1	1	1	0
Smith, ss	5	0	1	1	2	0
Mayfield, cf	5	0	0	0	0	0
Kike, lf	5	1	0	2	0	1
Sullivan, 2b	5	0	0	3	4	2
York, p	5	0	0	3	10	0
Totals	43	4	4	39	18	3

Grant Park.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Clayton, 3b	6	1	1	1	0	1
Jantzen, cf	6	1	2	24	2	0
E. Kelly, 2b	6	0	1	3	1	1
McRae, 1b	5	0	2	6	0	0
Southard, lf	5	0	0	1	0	0
Johnson, cf	5	0	0	1	1	0
McGrath, rf	5	0	1	0	0	0
Parker, p	5	1	2	1	1	0
Totals	47	3	9	39	6	3

Score by innings:

Agogas	200 000 000 100 1—4
Grant Park	000 101 000 100 0—3

Second Game.

Agogas.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Roberts, rf	3	1	2	2	0	0
Hooper, 1b	3	0	1	8	0	1
Sullivan, 3b	3	0	0	3	2	1
Byers, 3b	3	0	1	1	3	1
Smith, ss	3	0	0	0	4	1
Mayfield, cf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Kike, lf	2	0	0	7	0	1
York, p	2	0	1	0	2	0
Totals	23	1	5	21	11	5

Grant Park.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Clayton, 2b	2	0	0	0	2	0
Reid, 3b	4	1	1	0	3	0
Kelly, rf	4	1	3	0	0	0
McRae, 1b	3	1	1	7	0	0
Southard, lf	4	1	0	1	0	0
Johnson, cf	3	2	1	1	0	0
Pitchford, c	2	1	1	12	0	0
Mills, ss	3	0	0	0	4	1
McGrath, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	28	7	7	21	11	1

Score by innings:

Grant Park	124 00 0—7
Agogas	100 000 0—1

Summary: Three-base hits—Johnson; Kelly, 2. Home run—Roberts. Struck out—By McGrath, 5; by York, 2; by Smith, 8; by Byers, 2.

E. P., 6; CENTER HILL, 4.

East Point defeated Center Hill in a hard fought game, 6 to 4. Both teams played jam-up ball all the way. The score:

Center Hill.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Wilson, p	3	1	1	2	2	1
Brooks, 1b	3	0	1	9	2	0
Hardy, ss	3	0	1	2	2	0
Smith, lf	3	1	1	2	1	0
Gilbert, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Kendall, 2b	3	0	2	2	2	1
Bailey, cf	3	0	1	0	0	0
Pittman, c	3	1	2	5	2	0
Seeger, 3b	3	1	0	2	3	0
Pace, rf	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	4	9	24	16	2

East Point.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Collier, ss	4	1	2	2	1	0
Adams, 1b	4	1	2	11	2	0
Driver, p	5	1	2	2	1	0
Boykin, c	4	1	2	8	2	0
Byrd, 3b	4	1	2	0	2	1
Brown, 2b	3	0	1	3	2	0
Keeler, cf	3	1	1	0	1	0
Shorts, cf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Wright, rf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	31	6	12	27	11	1

Score by innings:

East Point	300 000 21x—6
Center Hill	002 010 010—4

Summary: Two-base hits—Pittman, 2; Smith, Kendall. Three-base hits—Bailey, Boykin. Double plays—Hardy to Kendall to Brooks; Collier to Brown to Adams. Struck out—By Hardy, 3; by Wilson, 3; by Driver, 8. Bases on balls—Off Hardy, 2; off Wilson, 1; off Driver, 1. Stolen bases—Bailey, Smith, Boykin. Passed ball—Pittman. Wild pitch—Hardy.

LOIS MILLS, 6; VILLA RICA, 5.

The Lois Mills team took a pretty game from Villa Rica Saturday by the score of 6 to 5. It was anybody's game until the last man was out in the ninth. The score:

Lois Mills.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Bragg, 3b	5	2	1	1	2	2
Craton, ss	4	0	1	3	4	0
Harding, 2b	4	1	2	3	3	0
Rogers, 1b	4	0	1	14	0	0
Johnson, c	4	0	0	4	2	0
Broome, p	4	0	0	0	3	2
Couch, lf	4	0	1	2	1	0
Davis, cf	4	1	1	0	0	0
White, rf	4	2	1	0	0	0
Totals	37	6	7	27	13	2

Villa Rica.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Wells, 3b	5	1	2	2	3	0
McClelland, cf	5	0	1	3	0	0
Plunkett, 1b	4	0	1	10	0	0
Robinson, p	4	0	2	1	4	0
Matthews, 2b	4	1	1	4	3	0
Skinners, ss	4	2	0	0	1	1
Britton, rf	4	0	1	1	0	1
Barnes, lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Light, c	4	1	0	4	4	0
Totals	38	5	9	27	15	4

Score by innings:

Lois Mills	002 000 301—6
Villa Rica	101 021 000—5

Summary: Two-base hits—Robinson, Burns, Rogers. Struck out—By Broome, 7; by Robinson, 8. Bases on balls—Off Broome, 3; off Robinson, 2. Sacrifice hits—Craton, Harding, Bragg, Barnes. Stolen bases—Craton, 2; Johnson, 2; Light, Britton. Hit by pitched ball—By Broome, Wells.

MORAN GETS BOUT WITH PALZER IN NEW YORK RING

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—That Jimmy Johnston, the new manager of the St. Nicholas A. C., only intends to provide top notch cards for his patrons is inferred by the matches he has already arranged. Johnston realizes that it is only from the high class bouts he can hope to make any money, and he only intends to run shows when he has such to offer.

The bouts already arranged by Johnston for the near future look to be about the best obtainable. On September 10 Jack Britton, the unusually clever Chicagoan, will hook up with Young Sh

Latest Stories From Tennis Courts and Golf Courses

National League

CUBS WIN DOUBLE BILL.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 16.—The Cubs added a double trimming to the Phillies here to-day, winning the first engagement 4 to 3 and the second 8 to 3. Ed Stack suppressedt he Quakers in the opening engagement until the eighth, when Larry Cheney was rushed to his rescue. Cheney then continued through the second contest. The locals used 18 players in the last game, four being pitchers. The Cubs pounded the opposing crabmen for a total of twelve hits, Zimmerman knocking two home runs and Archer one. The box scores:

First Game.

Chicago.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Leach, cf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
Evers, 2b.	4	1	0	1	2	0
Schulte, rf.	4	2	2	2	0	1
Zimmerman, 3b.	2	1	1	2	1	0
Saier, 1b.	4	0	2	6	1	0
Williams, lf.	4	0	1	5	0	0
Bridwell, ss.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Archer, c.	4	0	1	7	1	0
Stack, p.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Cheney, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	4	8	27	7	1
Philadelphia.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Paskert, cf.	3	0	1	3	1	0
Knabe, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2	0
Lobert, 3b.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Becker, lf.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Cravath, rf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Luderus, 1b.	4	0	1	14	1	0
Doolan, ss.	4	0	0	1	3	1
Killifer, c.	4	0	0	3	0	0
Mayer, p.	2	0	0	0	3	0
Devore, cf.	2	1	1	1	0	0
Brennan, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
P. Miller	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magee	1	1	1	0	0	0
Dolan, 2b.	0	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	3	9	27	10	1

P. Miller batted for Paskert in eighth. Magee batted for Knabe in eighth.

Score by innings:

Chicago .100 120 000—4
Philadelphia .000 000 030—3

Summary: Bases on balls—Off Mayer, 3. Struck out—By Stack, 3. Hit by pitched ball—Zimmerman and Miller. Two-base hits—Schulte, Becker. Home run—Schulte. Stolen bases—Zimmerman, Bridwell, Leach. Double plays—Knabe to Luderus, Luderus to Doolan to Luderus. Umpires—O'Day and Emslie.

Second Game.

Chicago.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Leach, cf.	4	3	2	2	0	0
Phelan, 2b.	4	1	0	2	1	0
Schulte, rf.	5	1	2	2	1	1
Zimmerman, 3b.	5	2	4	0	2	0
Saier, 1b.	4	0	2	11	0	0
Williams, lf.	5	0	1	3	0	0
Bridwell, ss.	4	0	0	0	3	0
Archer, c.	4	1	1	7	0	1
Cheney, p.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	39	8	12	27	8	2
Philadelphia.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Paskert, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Magee, cf.	1	1	1	0	0	0
Knabe, 2b.	3	0	0	0	1	0
Walsh, rf.	1	0	1	0	1	0
Lobert, 3b.	4	1	2	0	2	0
Becker, lf.	3	1	1	5	0	0
Devore, lf.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Cravath, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Luderus, 1b.	4	0	2	10	0	1
Doolan, ss.	2	0	0	1	2	0
Reed, ss.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Killifer, c.	2	0	0	5	1	0
Rixey, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Seaton, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Howley, c.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Marshall, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miller	1	0	0	0	0	0
Imlay, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	35	3	8	27	10	1

Chicago .310 004 100—8
Philadelphia .000 200 010—3

Summary: Bases on balls—Off Rixey, Leach, Phelan and Saier. Struck out—By Rixey, Cheney, Schulte and Saier; by Cheney, Rixey. Two-base hits—Cravath, Magee. Home runs—Zimmerman, 2; Archer. Stolen bases—Leach, Phelan, Archer. Umpires—O'Day and Emslie.

CARDS-DODGERS DIVIDE.

BROOKLYN, Aug. 16.—The Cardinals and Dodgers broke even in a double-header to-day, the former winning the first game 1 to 0 and the Dodgers the second 14 to 5. "Slim" Sallee held the locals powerless in the opening game, allowing five safeties. Two hits and a sacrifice in the opening round off Yingling netted the only tally. The Dodgers bumped three Cardinal pitchers in the final game for twenty hits, netting a total of 37 bases. Four homers were included in the swatfest, Bob Fisher getting two and Stengel and Fischer one each. The box scores:

First Game.

St. Louis.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Huggins, 2b.	4	1	2	1	3	0
Oakes, cf.	4	0	3	2	0	0
Magee, lf.	3	0	1	4	0	0
Lowry, 3b.	3	0	0	2	2	0
Konetchy, 1b.	4	0	2	11	0	0
Whitted, ss.	4	0	0	3	2	0
Leathers, rf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Hildebrand, c	3	0	0	3	2	0
Crandall	1	0	0	0	0	0
Wingo, c.	0	0	0	1	1	0
Sallee, p.	3	0	1	0	3	0
Totals	33	1	10	27	13	0

Crandall batted for Hildebrand in ninth.

Brooklyn.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Moran, rf.	3	0	1	3	0	0
Cutshaw, 2b.	3	0	1	9	4	2
Stengel, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Wheat, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Daubert, 1b.	3	0	2	6	0	0
Smith, 3b.	1	0	0	1	3	0
Fisher, ss.	3	0	1	1	2	0
Miller, c.	3	0	0	3	5	0
Yingling, p.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Kirkpatrick	1	0	1	0	0	0
Meyer	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hummel	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	0	6	27	15	2

Kirkpatrick batted for Moran in inning. Meyer ran for Girkpatrick in ninth. Meyer ran for Kirkpatrick in ninth.

Score by innings:

St. Louis .100 000 000—1
Brooklyn .000 000 000—0

Summary: Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Brooklyn, 3. Two-base hits—Magee, Cutshaw. Sacrifice fly—Magee. Sacrifice hit—Cutshaw. Stolen base—Cutshaw. Double plays—Fisher, Cutshaw to Daubert; Miller to Cutshaw; Whitted to Mowrey; Wingo and Moran. Base on balls—Off Sallee, 1; off Yingling, 1. Struck out—By Sallee, 3; by Yingling, 3. Umpires—Rigler and Byron. Time—1:32.

Second Game.

St. Louis.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Huggins, 2b.	3	1	1	1	3	0
O'Leary, 2b.	2	0	0	0	3	0
Evans, rf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Magee, cf.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Mowry, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1	0
Konetchy, 1b.	3	1	1	12	1	0
Whitted, ss.	4	1	2	1	2	1
Cathers,	4	1	3	4	0	0
Wingo, c.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Roberts, tc.	3	0	0	0	0	1
Griner, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0
Geyer, p.	3	1	1	0	3	0
Treckell, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oakes	1	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	35	5	10	26	15	2

Oakes batted for Treckell in ninth.

Brooklyn	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Moran, rf.	4	1	2	0	0	0
Hummel, rf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Cutshaw, 2b.	5	0	1	3	4	1
Stengel, cf.	5	2	2	2	0	0
Wheat, lf.	5	1	2	4	0	0
Daubert, 1b.	4	2	3	9	1	0
Smith, 3b.	4	2	1	2	0	0
R. Fisher, ss.	5	4	3	1	3	1
W. Fisher, c.	5	2	3	4	2	0
Curtis, p.	4	0	3	2	1	0
Totals	42	14	20	27	11	2

Score by innings:

St. Louis .100 000 301— 5
Brooklyn .043 101 32x—14

Summary: Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Brooklyn, 8. Two-base hits—Cather, Wheat, Daubert, Smith. Three-base hits—Evans, R. Fisher. Home runs—Stengel, R. Fisher (2), W. Fisher. Sacrifice hits—Daubert, Curtis. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1. Stolen bases—Evans, Cather, Oakes. Double plays—Curtis and Smith, Cutshaw and Fisher and Daubert. Bases on balls—Off Geyer, 1; off Treckell, 1; off Curtis, 1. Hits—Off Griner, 6 in 1 1-3 innings; off Geyer, 10 in 5 innings; off Treckell, 4, in 1 2-3 innings. Umpires—Byron and Rigler. Time—1:55.

PIRATES, 8; GIANTS, 6.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Pirates took the first game of the series from the Giants here to-day, 8 to 6, winning the game in the first three innings when Mathewson was pounded to all parts of the lot. The visitors scored three in the first round, when Wagner knocked a home run with two on bases. Two doubles, a single and two errors netted five more runs in the third. Wiltse then relieved Matty and held the Pirates to five hits during the remaining innings. The Giants scored four runs in the third off Adams, when Shaefer knocked a home run with the bases full. Two bingles netted another in the fifth, and by bunching hits scored another in the eighth. The box score:

New York.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Burns, lf.	4	1	4	1	0	0
Shafer, 2b-3b.	4	1	2	2	3	1
Fletcher, ss.	5	0	1	3	3	0
Herzog, 3b.	2	0	0	0	2	1
Doyle, 2b.	2	0	0	1	2	0
Merkle, 1b.	4	0	0	15	0	0
Murray, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Snodgrass cf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
McLean, c.	1	1	0	1	3	1
Wilson, c.	3	1	1	2	1	0
Mathewson, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0
Wiltse, p.	2	1	1	0	1	0
Demaree, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0
Thorpe	0	1	0	0	0	0
McCormack	1	1	1	0	0	0
Grant	0	0	0	0	0	1
Totals	35	6	12	27	16	5

Thorpe ran for McLean in third inning. McCormack batted for Mathewson in third. Grant batted for Wiltse in eighth.

Pittsburg.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Byrne, 3b.	5	0	0	0	4	0
Carey, lf.	5	1	1	4	0	0
Viox, 2b.	5	2	3	2	2	1
Wagner, ss.	5	2	4	2	2	0
Miller, 1b.	4	1	0	9	0	0
O. Wilson, rf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Mitchell, cf.	3	1	2	2	0	0
Gibson, c.	4	0	2	6	1	0
Adams, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
McQuillen, p.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	39	8	13	27	11	1

Score by innings:

Pittsburg .305 000 000—8
New York .004 010 010—6

Summary: Two-base hits—Viox, Mitchell. Three-base hit—Wilson. Sacrifice hit—Shafer. Home run—Wagner, Shafer. Double plays—Viox to Wagner to Miller, Fletcher to Merkle, Fletcher to Shafer to Merkle, Doyle to Merkle. Stolen base—Snodgrass. Bases on balls—Off Adams, 1; off McQuillen, 1. Left on bases—New York, 7; Pittsburg, 5. Hits—Off Mathewson, 8 in 3 innings; off Adams, 9 in 5 innings. Struck out—By Mathewson, 1; by Adams, 1. Time—2:00. Umpires—Klem and Orth. Attendance—25,000.

BRAVES, 8; REDS, 7.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Boston defeated Cincinnati, 8 to 7, to-day in an eleven-inning contest. Maranville's triple and a perfect squeeze play in the final round netted the winning run. Dickson and Packard started the pastiming, but the former was relieved by Rudolph and the latter by Brown. The batting of Bescher, Hoblitzel, Lord and Mann featured the engagement. The box score:

Cincinnati.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Bescher, lf.	6	1	4	1	0	0
Sheckard, rf.	2	2	0	1	0	0
Groh, 2b.	6	2	2	5	5	1
Marsans, cf.	6	0	0	0	0	0
Hoblitzel, 1b	5	1	4	10	0	0
Egan, ss.	3	0	0	2	1	1
Dodge, 3b.	4	0	1	0	4	1
Tinker, 3b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clarke, c.	5	0	1	3	3	1
Packard, p.	3	1	1	0	1	1
Brown, p.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Bates	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	42	7	13	31	24	5
Boston.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Maranville, ss.	6	2	1	3	1	0
Myers, 1b.	6	1	1	14	1	0
Connolly, lf.	3	2	1	2	0	0
Sweeny, 2b.	5	1	3	0	5	0
Lord, rf.	5	0	3	2	0	0
Smith, 3b.	4	1	0	1	3	0
Devlin, 3b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mann, cf.	4	1	3	5	0	0
Rariden, c.	5	0	0	5	0	1
Dickson, p.	3	0	0	1	4	0
Rudolph, p.	2	0	1	0	3	0
McDonald	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	44	8	13	32	18	1

Bates batted for Dodge in tenth.

Only one out when winning run was scored.

McDonald batted for Smith in tenth inning.

Score by innings:

Boston .103 002 100 01—8
Cincinnati .200 040 010 00—7

Summary: Two-base hits—Mann, Lord (2), Hoblitzel (3). Three-base hit—Maranville. Home run—Groh. Hits—Off Packard, 8 in six innings; off Dickson, 10 in seven innings; off Brown, 5 in four and one-third innings; off Rudolph, three in four innings. Sacrifice hits—Connolly, Sheckard (2); Egan. Stolen bases—Maranville, Mann (2), Rudolph. Base on balls—Off Dickson, 1; off Brown, 3; off Rudolph, 2. Struck out—By Packard, 2; by Dickson, 4; by Brown, 1. Wild pitch—Packard. Time—2:32. Umpires—Brennan and Eason.

INDIANS GET CENTRAL STAR.

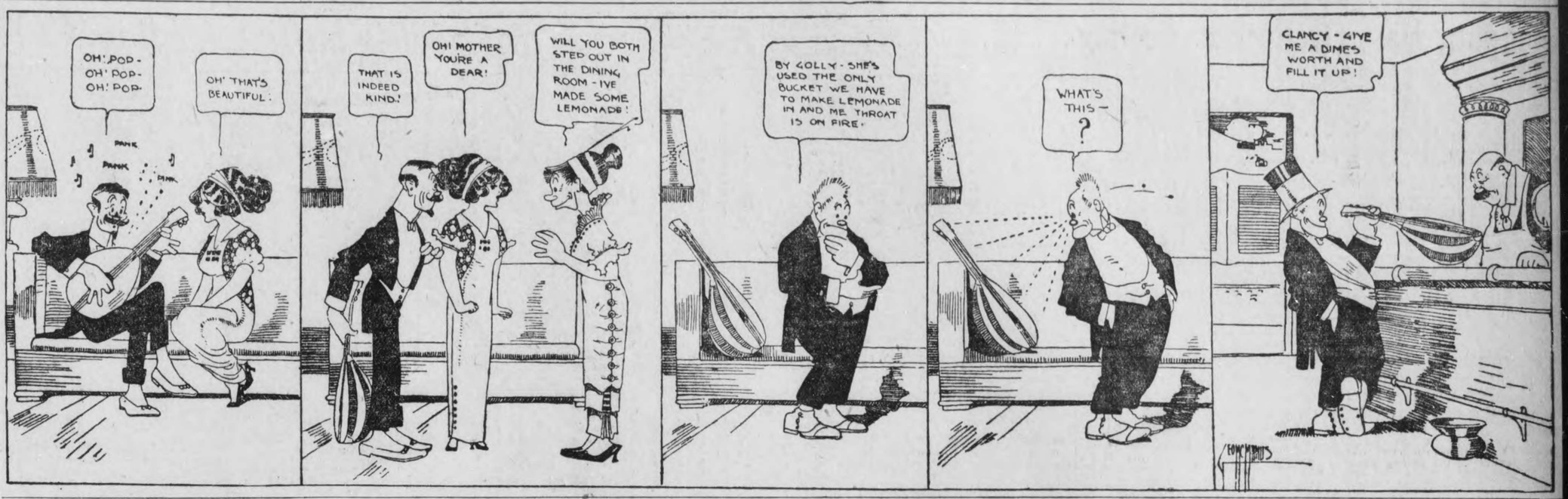
TERRE HAUTE, IND., Aug. 16.—Wheeler, of the Terre Haute club, has been ordered by the Cubs to report to the Indianapolis American Association club. This was a great surprise to the fans, who did not know that the Cubs owned him. Wheeler leads the Central League in batting with .342.

RACE TRACK AT AUCTION.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The passing of another famous New York race track apparently is forecast in a foreclosure sale of the Brighton Beach property, scheduled for August 28. The action was brought on a second mortgage of approximately $95,000. The first mortgage is $650,000.

Bringing Up Father

By George McManus



Maiden Turned in Great Card

Didn't Make a Single "Five"

By Tich Tichenor.

WHEN H. H. Barker did a 69 over the course of the Atlanta Athletic Club in the open tournament held in December, 1910, it was the opinion of all of the professionals who were present that he had set a record which would stand for some years. In this opinion they have thus far been correct. Yet on two different occasions Stewart Maiden, the local professional, has had a chance to break it if he could have holed out in one put on the eighteenth green, while at another time he reached the last green on his sixty-sixth shot. He tried to hole the put for a 67 and ran past the hole and then missed a comparatively easy one for the record.

In one of his rounds which tied the record Maiden performed the feat which might be equaled but which can not be excelled when he went around without a five upon his card. If you are familiar with the East Lake course the more you think of this performance the more wonderful it becomes.

On the outward journey there are the second, the seventh and eighth holes, which are all par fives, while it is easy enough to take a five at either the fourth or ninth, both of which are bogey five. In coming home there are the twelfth, sixteenth and eighteenth, which are par fives, while the fifteenth and seventeenth are hard fours. Yet not a five did he have at any of these holes. At every hole he took a four except at the fifth, fourteenth and fifteenth where he secured threes. Just think of it, fifteen fours and three threes and neither of the threes gotten at the first or third holes, where he would be expected to get a three.

I don't know how this score will appeal to others, but the more I play around East Lake and labor to keep out the sixes and sevens, the more remarkable this score becomes. To be perfectly frank, I do not recall but one round I have ever played around this course in which my card did not register at least one six. George Adair has had the same experience, except he has two such rounds to his credit.

* * *

DURING the early part of June Maiden took a trip to his home in Scotland and while on this visit entered the British open championship. In this event there were 270 entries. These were divided into squads of 90 players each, who played a 36-hole medal play qualifying round, and the lowest twenty in each squad qualified for the championship, which was 72 holes of medal play.

Maiden landed on Tuesday and had only one day to learn the course and to become accustomed to the vast difference in the greens from those he has played upon since he has been in Atlanta, as he was drawn among the players who had to play on Thursday. In this qualifying round he failed to get in by two strokes which he says was due entirely to his putting, which was very bad.

* * *

IN writing of this tournament, the British correspondent of The American Golfer says: "For most of the day the weather was very bad, indeed. When play began at 9 o'clock, the wind was very strong and rain was pouring down, while late in the afternoon it was worse. In such circumstances the peculiar difficulties of Hoylake were well brought out, and the foreign visitors had an unenviable task before them. The first of the Americans to go out was Stewart Maiden, of Atlanta, who was partnered with J. Higgins, of Walsall, and this pair was second on the list, striking off at five minutes past 9. Maiden opened with a nice four at the dog-leg hole, with which the round begins, and after dropping a stroke at the second, went along steadily to the sixth, the famous Briars, and the hole which caused more disaster than any other on this course (it was once halved in nine in the final of the amateur championship), and here he took a six.

"However, at the difficult short hole that follows he got a splendid two, but another six was added at the eighth, and he turned in 40. He came home fairly well, but lost a stroke at the short blind Alps, being the eleventh, and two very valuable ones at the home hole, making his round in 82. In his second round in the afternoon he had a bad seven at the third hole, which is a long one and straight, but very narrow in the fairway, with ditches on either side, and another six was added at the Briars, so that by the time he got to the turn he had used up 43 strokes. He came home really fine in 39, almost the only blemish on his card being the five at the eighteenth, and that was very excusable."

His second round was 79.

* * *

HIS scores were as follows:

Out.

Holes.	Dist.	1st.	2d.
1	420	4	4
2	330	5	4
3	490	5	7
4	155	3	3
5	410	5	5
6	365	6	6
7	200	2	4
8	460	6	5
9	380	4	5
Out	3210	40	43

In.

Holes.	Dist.	1st.	2d.
10	400	5	4
11	190	4	3
12	355	4	3
13	130	3	3
14	485	5	4
15	440	5	5
16	510	5	5
17	360	5	4
18	40	6	5
In	3270	42	36

Total for 36 holes, 161.

Maiden's 36 for the last nine made in his second round was the best done on this nine holes on the first day of the elimination rounds.

It was on this first day that George Duncan, who was the favorite to win the tournament, was unable to fight against the weather conditions and failed to qualify by four strokes. This was also the round which eliminated Alex Smith, Mike Brady and Alex Campbell, of the American team.

It was a strange coincidence that five of the six American entries should be drawn in the first squad of 90 to fight it out against each other as well as all of the others to get into the tournament.

ENTRIES

AT WINDSOR.

FIRST—Purse $600 for all ages foaled in Canada, selling, 6 furlongs: Maid of Fromme 102, T. P. Coneff 112, Caper Sauce 116, Widow Wise 106, Marcoval 112, Havrock 124.

SECOND—Purse $600, 3-year-olds, maidens, 5½ furlongs: Tavoni 99, Kisland 9, Penniless 104, Sheffield 107, Prospero Boy 110, Harbard 110, Best Bet 99, Zodiac 104, Mockery 104, Just 104, Mockery 104, Just Y. 110, Bolala 110, Decathon 114. Also eligible, Woodrow 102.

THIRD—$500, 3-year-olds and up, selling, mile and a sixteenth—xOndramida 97, Falcada 103, Lord Elam 107, L. M. Eckert 107, Spindle 109, Ralph Lloyd 200, Marahon 103, Strite 107, xJ. H. Houghton 109, Rake 110.

FOURTH—Tecumseh handicap purse, $700, 3-year-olds and up, mile—Floral Park 98, Ymir 104, Melton Street 110, Elwah 102, Zim 108.

FIFTH—Purse, $600, 3-year-old fillies, selling, 5 furlongs—xLady Bountiful 88, xJanet 105, Birka 109, xMiss Declare 110, Ruby Hyams 102, Vellchen 104, Edna Leska 94, xLaura 98, Bastante 104, Irish Ann 100, xRags 106, Theodorita 106. Also eligible Ave 98, Scarlet Letter 100, Silver Tone 102, xRequiem 98.

SIXTH—Purse, $600, 3-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs: Spring Mass 102, xCamellia 105, xYord Lad 108, xThree Links 111, Cowl 116, Joe Stein 104, Back Bay 108, Yorkville 109, Florence Roberts 114, Hoffman 121.

SEVENTH—Purse $500, 3-year-olds and up, selling, mile and sixteenth: Kinmundy 90, xField 97, xMaster Jim 97, Allaneen 101, Miss Jonah 103, Good Day 103, xBig Dipper 93, xBlack River 97, Mimeses 98, Adolante 102, xBobby Cook 103, Carlton Club 104.

xApprentice allowance.

Weather clear; track fast.

AT SARATOGA.

FIRST—Two-year-olds; selling; 6 furlongs: Robert Oliver 105, Poliy H 92, Any Time 97, Cannock 111, Water Lily 111, Rosamundi 97, Bandit 95, Heartbeat 110, Samuel 111, Lily Orme 107, Naiad 101, Korfghage 110.

SECOND—Three-year-olds; maidens; steeplechase, about 2 miles: Rhomb 137, Hands All Around 135, Humility 135, Bay Port 137, Ballet 135, Repentant 135.

THIRD—Two-year-olds; handicap; 6 furlongs: Bradley Choice 117, Gainer 122, Pan American 110, Stake and Cap 113, Iridescence 108, Trade Mark 108, Punch Bowl 119, Pomette Bleu 107.

FOURTH—Three-year-olds and up; 7 furlongs: Moltke 140, Belamour 157, Virile 134, Compliment 140, Dortmouth 140, Water Welles 140, Flying Yankee 140.

FIFTH—All ages; handicap; mile: Light O M Life 120, Swannanoa 105, Flying Fairy 113, Cliff Edge 106, Barnegat 104, Mission 105, Belamour 97, Kalinka 99, Strenuous 95, Hedge 99, Hamilton 109. Also eligible: Shackleton 117, Tale Carrier 97, Star Gaze 95, Semptrite 108, Princess Callaway 108, Azyfade 100, Leochares 115.

SIXTH—Three-year-olds and up; selling; mile: Oakhurst 113, Working Lad 106, Abdon 103, Star Actress 95, Gates 107, Inspector Lestrade 98.

Weather clear. Track fast.

M'FARLAND IS GETTING READY FOR BUSY CAMPAIGN

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Packey McFarland is getting himself ready for the ring again. While no matches have been closed as yet by Manager Thiry, the latter is negotiating with Milwaukee, Kenosha and several Eastern clubs. Once Packey is back in action his matches will come fast, his style and rep being favored all over. Jimmy Coffroth would like McFarland out West with Tommy Murphy.

DUFFY SELLS OUTFIELDER JOSEPH BURNS TO TIGERS

PORTLAND, ME., Aug. 16.—Manager Hugh Duffy, of the Portland club of the New England League, announced that Outfielder Joseph Burns had been sold to Detroit.

Burns' home is in Ipswich, Mass. The price was not made public.

AFTER BERTH IN WESTERN.

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., Aug. 16.—Leo Meyer, of this city, has made a bid for the Sioux City franchise of the Western League. Meyer said he was anxious to bring the club here, but declared he was not sure about meeting all the requirements of the league.

BOSTON BUYS NEW PLAYER.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—President McAleer, of the Boston American League club, announced to-day that he has purchased First Baseman Mundy from the Portsmouth club of the Virginia State League.

W.-I. DROPS TWO UMPIRES.

GREEN BAY, WIS., Aug. 16.—President Weeks, of the Wisconsin-Illinois League, announced yesterday he had dropped Umpires Roth and McFarlane. George Hogreiver was given a regular place on the staff.

CATLIN TO COACH LAWRENCE.

APPLETON, WIS., Aug. 16.—At the Lawrence high school it was last night decided to re-engage Mark Catlin as football coach.

MANAGER OUT FOR SEASON.

CHAMPAIGN, ILL., Aug. 16.—Fred Wilson, manager of the Champaign baseball team, is out of the game for the rest of the season with a broken shoulder blade, received while sliding to base. Charles Fleming has succeeded him.

KEWANEE SIGNS CALHOUN.

KEWANEE, ILL., Aug. 16.—Outfielder Calhoun, of Danville, was signed yesterday by the Kewanee Central Association team.

NEW HURLER FOR GRIFFITH.

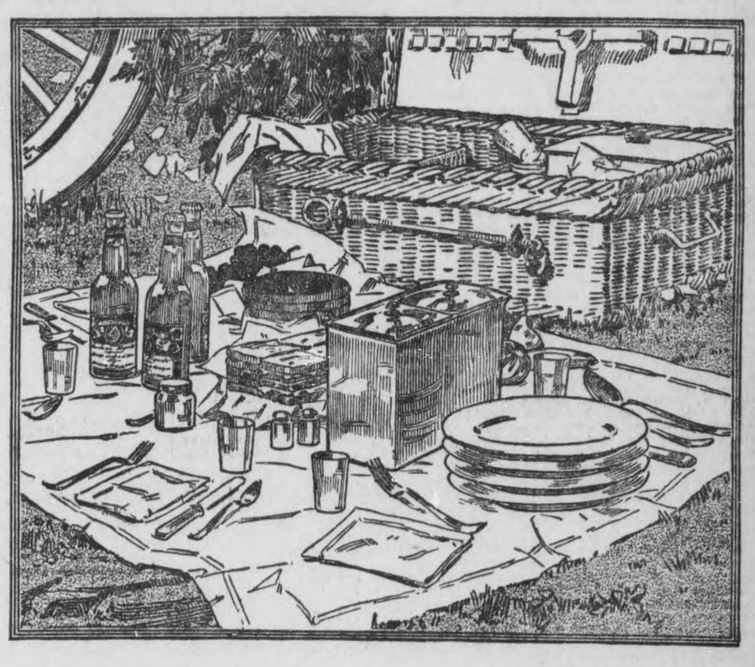
HELENA, MONT., Aug. 16.—Manager Flannery, of the Helena baseball club, announced yesterday the sale of Pitcher M. Williams to the Washington Americans. The price stated was $3,000.

DETROIT BUYS TWO PLAYERS.

FORT WAYNE, IND., Aug. 16.—Infielder Fadrique and Outfielder Tuetweiler, of the Fort Wayne club, have been sold to the Detroit Americans and will finish the season with Providence.

GOTCH BUYS 920 ACRES.

CROOKSTON, MINN., Aug. 16.—Frank A. Gotch, of Humboldt, Iowa, the champion wrestler, closed a deal yesterday which makes him the owner of 920 acres of land in Polk County, south of Crookston. He secured some very fine land, and it is understood that he will at once begin the development of a model farm and spend a portion of his time here. Gotch intends starting a thoroughbred herd and raising prize-winning stock.



THE *cool* lunch for *hot days.*

Serve it in the country. Take the motor car, the family, a friend or two, some sandwiches—and

Budweiser

7,500 Employes to Make It

The Anheuser-Busch main plant and branches give employment to 7,500 people.

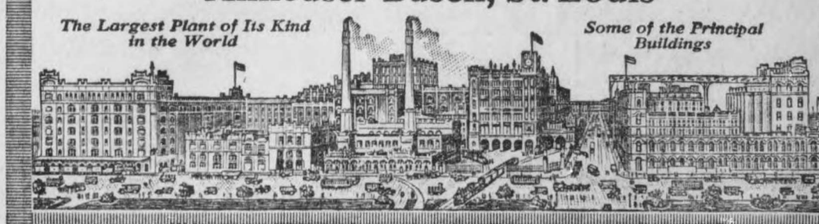
The main plant covers 142 acres, equal to 70 city blocks. There are 110 separate buildings, a city in themselves.

Hundreds of visitors every day go through with guides to inspect this immaculate institution.

One cannot see it without the conviction that quality is an Anheuser-Busch rule.

Anheuser-Busch, St. Louis

The Largest Plant of Its Kind in the World



Some of the Principal Buildings

JAS. F. LYNCH
Distributor ATLANTA, GA.

(5)

Southern and Big League Averages on These Pages

JOE BEAN OFFERS SOME STUNTS THAT CHEER LIVER AND CAUSE FACE TO SMILE

Don't Take Your Life-Work So Seriously That It Keeps You From That Good Old Early Morning Exercise and the Glow of Health.

By Joe Bean.

IN continuing the subject of general exercise, I want to impress upon the minds of my readers the importance of regularity in the work—or play, as I would rather put it. I am not advocating development that would become a Sandow or a statue of Hercules. But I am trying to hark back to the youthful days when you were doubtless told that exercise was a most important step in achieving the grand combination of "a sound mind in a healthy body."

Very likely that idea stuck while you were young. It is an attractive idea for youth, when the natural pressure of health and spirit seeks an outlet in any kind of physical activity.

But as you grew older, it also is very likely that the daily portion of exercise became something of a grind. Perhaps you stopped all at once; perhaps you let up, little by little. Either way, the chances are you became too lazy—to be frank about it—to keep up the system that more than anything else will serve to keep you young.

Or maybe you were taking your "life work" so seriously that you came to consider as wasted the time spent in outdoor sports and exercise.

Well, well—I know how it is.

But let's not be so serious about it all. We can do more work and better work in eight hours and a half a day, when feeling fit and fine, than we can in nine hours a day, when the poor body has to be driven to it. Don't forget that, when you are calculating the value of a few minutes spent in exercise, to see if it will "pay."

It puts a new look on your face, too.

Instead of dragging yourself out of bed in the morning just in time to crawl into your clothes and get outside a hasty breakfast, set the old alarm clock thirty minutes earlier.

Be Kind to the Clock.

Then when it rings, don't throw a shoe at it and turn over, but jump out of bed and turn off the buzzer. Then romp through the ten or fifteen minutes' exercise and get some fun out of it. Before you have been at it two minutes the sleep fog will have cleared from your brain and your eyes will be wide open.

Then the cold bath and a hard rub with a rough towel—and when you look yourself over in the mirror you'll be surprised at the color in your face and the clearness of your eyes.

Also, you can shake hands with your breakfast and greet it with a new regard and a warmer interest. Take your time and chew the food well—and you'll get to the office with a cheerful visage that will make your friends wonder who left you the fortune.

And it does keep you young. The mere fact that there is a tinge of gray in your hair has nothing to do with putting you in the has-been class. A man is as young as he feels, you know. And exercise will keep you feeling young.

Get You All Over.

The exercise illustrated to-day also come under the head of general exercise, as they reach so many different parts of the body that the few that escape their benefit are hardly worth considering.

No. 1.—This was one of our easy tricks, back in our boyhood days; now see what you can do with it. Stand erect, hands above head, and bend over to touch the floor with the fingertips without bending the knees. If that proves too easy, touch the floor with the knuckles.

No. 2.—This is not designed especially for chorus girls, no matter what you may think of its looks. Keeping both legs rigid, bring one of them up to right angles with the body, at the same time bringing down hand from above the head to touch the toes.

No. 3.—Start with feet well apart and hands over the head. Bend one knee, keeping the other rigid, and lower the hand on the "bent knee" side to touch the floor, keeping the other arm pointing upward and looking in the same direction.

No. 4.—A little jumping stunt. Starting from erect position, jump the feet apart, forward and backward, alternating and swinging the arms upward and downward, repeating quickly, and alternating both feet and arms.

'BIG SIX' LEADS DEMAREE FOR HURLING HONORS

CHRISTY MATHEWSON, the old master, and Al Demaree, the ex-Mobile hurler, are fighting it out for the pitching honors in the National League. Both are members of the Giants' pitching staff and are doing much to keep Muggsy's crew on top.

Matty is the real leader, as he has won 20 games and has lost but 6. Demaree has led his team to victory on ten occasions, while three teams have managed to take his measure. Humphries, of the Cubs, is tied with Demaree.

These averages include games played Wednesday.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Mathewson, New York.	20	6	.769
Demaree, New York .	10	3	.769
Humphries, Chicago . .	10	3	.769
Alexander, Philadelphia.	16	5	.762
Robinson, Pittsburg . .	11	4	.733
Marquard, New York .	15	6	.714
McQuillien, Pittsburg. .	17	7	.708
Seaton, Philadelphia. .	17	7	.708
Cheney, Chicago . . .	19	9	.679
Rixey, Philadelphia. .	6	3	.667
Cooper, Pittsburg . . .	4	2	.667
Wagner, Brooklyn . . .	2	1	.667
Brennan, Philadelphia .	15	8	.652
Adams, Pittsburg . . .	14	9	.609
Pierce, Chicago	6	4	.600
Fromme, New York. . .	8	6	.571
Yingling, Brooklyn . . .	4	3	.571
Tesreau, New York. . .	13	10	.565
Sallee, St. Louis. . . .	14	11	.560
Mayer, Philadelphia . .	5	4	.556
Benton, Cincinnati . .	8	7	.533
Perdue, Boston	11	10	.524
Ragon, Brooklyn	12	12	.500
Ames, Cincinnati . . .	10	10	.500
Brown, Cincinnati . . .	9	9	.500
C. Smith, Chicago . . .	5	5	.500
Dickson, Boston	5	5	.500
Steele, St. Louis	4	4	.500
Overall, Chicago. . . .	4	4	.500
Hendrix, Pittsburg . . .	11	12	.478
Tyler, Boston	11	1	.478
Stack, Chicago	5	6	.455
Curtis, Brooklyn . . .	9	11	.450
Rudolph, Boston	8	10	.444
Rucker, Brooklyn . . .	9	12	.429
Johnson, Cincinnati . .	8	12	.400
James, Boston	6	9	.400
Reulbach, Brooklyn . .	2	3	.400
Griner, St. Louis	9	14	.392
O'Toole, Pittsburg . . .	3	5	.375
Crandall, St. Louis . . .	2	4	.333
Lavender, Chicago . . .	6	13	.315
Suggs, Cincinnati . . .	6	14	.300
Packard, Cincinnati . .	3	7	.300
Harmon, St. Louis . . .	7	17	.292
Perritt, St. Louis . . .	3	8	.273
Camnitz, Pittsburg . . .	6	17	.261
Hess, Boston	4	12	.250
Geyer, St. Louis	1	3	.250
Allen, Brooklyn	3	11	.214
Moore, Chicago	1	4	.200
Chalmers, Philadelphia.	1	6	.143

NAPS GET NEW HURLER.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Aug. 16. The Grand Rapids club, of the Central League, yesterday announced the sale of Pitcher Abe Bowman to the Cleveland American League club. The price is given out as $2,500. Bowman will report to the Naps at the close of the Central season.

INDIANS PURCHASE PITCHER.

HASTINGS, NEBR., Aug. 16.—George Norton, a 19-year-old pitcher with the Hastings (Nebr.) State League team for the past two months, has been sold to the Indianapolis club, of the American Association. Norton is to report at once.

A LONG HAVANA FILLER.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, Aug. 16.—Gonzales, the Cuban catcher whom Tinker thinks of trying out and holding for next season, is as tall as Larry McLean, but very slender. He is a good thrower and batter.

DALY TO COACH ARMY.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Word was received here yesterday that Charlie Daly, the old West Point and Harvard football star, now a lieutenant at Fort Sill, Okla., will coach the army eleven at West Point this fall.

CLYMER RETURNS TO MILLERS.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 16.—Otis Clymer, who helped Minneapolis win three pennants and who last year was drafted by the Cubs and this season sold to the Boston Nationals, was yesterday sent back to Cantillon's Millers.

FOLEY TO COACH MARQUETTE.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., Aug. 16.—Dr. Lee Foley, former All-Western end, has been named as head coach at Marquette University after three years' service as assistant coach. He will be assisted by Hanley, who played tackle at his side, and Deacon Koehler, formerly with Stagg, will be head of a board of advisory coaches to handle individuals during the football season.

SMITH IS RELEASED.

SCRANTON, Aug. 16.—Richard Smith, who has been manager of the Scranton team of the New York State League, was given his outright release by President Edward J. Coleman. The latter has placed the team in charge of Catcher Bob Peterson, who will be temporary manager. Peterson formerly played with Boston Americans. Smith came here from the Springfield (Three I League) club.

A Man Is as Young as He Feels, and After You Keep This Up a While You Can Feel Youth Creeping On



No. 1—Stand erect, hands above head. Stoop and touch floor with fingertips, without bending knees. Repeat until tired.

No. 2—With legs rigid, raise one of them to right angles with the body, at the same time bringing down one hand from over head to touch toes. Alternate.

No. 3—Feet well apart, hands over head. Bend one knee and lean over to that side, bringing that arm down to touch floor, pointing other arm straight up, and looking in the same direction. Alternate.

No. 4—Stand erect, hands at sides, feet together. Jump feet apart, front and back, swinging arms upward and downward. Alternate and repeat as rapidly as possible. Keep legs fairly rigid, and spring from the toes.

Kid Elberfeld Catches Robertson

Harry Welchonce in Fourth Place

KID ELBERFELD, the scrappy Chatanooga manager, is now tied with Dave Robertson, Mobile's star gardener, for the swatting honors of the Southern Circuit. Both are hitting at .336 mark, just three points higher than Pete Knisely, who is third in the race.

Harry Welchonce is clouting the ball for a .326 average, and is fourth. Nine players in all are hitting the ball over .300. Wallie Smith has fallen below the charmed circle and now has a mark of .294. Joe Agler is but five points behind the Cracker third sacker, and it would not be surprising to see Joe up with the leaders when the season closes. He is hitting the ball better than ever in his life.

The following figures include games played Wednesday:

	g.	ab.	r.	h.	tb.	2b.	3b.	hr.	sh.	sb.	pct.
D. Robertson, Mobile	72	208	91	53	68	4	4	1	14	2	.255
Elberfeld, Chattanooga	80	262	35	88	106	8	5	..	6	10	.336
Knisely, Birmingham	90	303	48	101	148	14	12	3	8	16	.333
Welchonce, Atlanta	116	469	69	153	199	16	8	4	20	15	.326
Sloan, Montgomery	105	384	49	122	172	15	10	5	7	11	.318
Kraft, New Orleans	24	80	10	26	36	5	1	1	..	4	.325
Messenger, Birmingham	115	413	66	126	167	14	9	3	33	49	.305
Gribbens, Montgomery	68	194	25	59	87	6	7	1	5	6	.304
Long, Atlanta	114	445	90	135	185	20	10	3	15	30	.303
Smith, Atlanta	119	394	67	116	159	11	10	4	18	10	.294
Agler, Atlanta	116	398	60	115	134	9	5	..	19	21	.289
Sentell, Mobile	47	163	18	47	54	5	1	..	9	8	.288
Stock, Mobile	111	439	74	126	146	9	4	1	16	34	.287
Street, Chattanooga	106	354	30	101	130	13	5	2	4	3	.285
Schmidt, Mobile	108	353	47	100	138	16	5	4	11	9	.283
Seabough, Mobile	65	181	12	51	59	5	..	1	10	3	.282
Callahan, Nashville	115	431	79	121	167	13	9	5	10	22	.281
C. Brown, Montgomery	28	72	9	20	23	1	1	..	4	..	.278
Alperman, Atlanta	97	388	58	108	149	20	6	3	16	17	.278
Bisland, Atlanta	96	349	45	97	139	15	10	1	28	11	.278
Cavet, Mobile	31	101	13	28	39	4	2	2	3	..	.277
Gibson, Nashville	69	242	21	67	85	10	4	..	4	8	.277
Starr, Mobile	89	322	41	89	105	11	1	1	20	30	.276
McBride, Birmingham	115	410	48	113	140	11	5	2	21	15	.276
E. Williams, New Orleans	66	222	24	61	80	14	1	1	5	5	.275
Chapman, Atlanta	45	138	15	38	53	6	3	1	3	1	.275
Perry, Nashville	114	394	50	108	135	18	3	1	23	18	.274
Butler, Memphis	108	364	40	99	131	17	3	3	26	19	.272
Johnson, Chattanooga	72	259	29	70	88	11	2	1	7	7	.270
Mayer, Birmingham	103	333	33	90	117	17	5	..	12	8	.270
Hofman, Nashville	33	104	17	28	37	9	..	..	4	2	.270
Spencer, New Orleans	92	331	36	89	128	12	3	7	8	10	.269
Campbell, Mobile	45	127	16	34	39	5	..	..	5	3	.268
Abstein, Memphis	119	425	52	113	107	19	9	5	12	12	.266
Atz, New Orleans	62	203	28	54	60	6	..	..	10	4	.266
Flick, Chattanooga	114	409	41	109	139	19	4	1	22	10	.266
Wares, Montgomery	107	372	62	99	134	18	4	3	34	52	.266
Coyle, Chattanooga	105	378	46	100	122	15	2	1	14	6	.265
Elwert, Montgomery	97	355	50	93	116	11	6	..	15	21	.262
Manning, Montgomery	39	99	11	26	38	3	3	1	1	2	.262
McDonald, Birmingham	73	225	50	59	77	3	3	3	15	23	.262
Ward, Memphis	106	416	53	109	153	20	11	1	16	11	.262
Hogg, Mobile	43	107	12	28	28	..	..	..	2	2	.261
Paulet, Mobile	113	427	47	110	142	18	4	2	13	13	.258
Baerwald, Memphis	118	450	49	119	155	17	7	2	5	19	.259
Walker, Montgomery	77	291	37	75	116	12	7	5	6	8	.258
Jantzen, Montgomery	112	380	51	98	129	11	5	3	25	27	.258
Schweitzer, Memphis	97	309	48	79	100	10	4	1	8	12	.256
Bailey, Atlanta	81	258	43	66	90	15	3	1	14	10	.256
Adams, New Orleans	56	172	13	44	47	3	..	..	3	1	.256
Merritt, Memphis	72	208	91	53	68	4	4	1	14	2	.255
Jacobson, Mobile	53	194	35	49	73	9	6	1	7	7	.253
L. Williams, Chattanooga	66	179	6	45	52	7	..	..	12	9	.252
McDowell, New Orleans	36	116	18	29	40	4	2	1	5	7	.250
Love, Memphis	101	370	52	92	130	18	4	4	6	19	.248
Schwartz, Nashville	101	348	88	86	103	6	4	1	18	5	.247
Young, Nashville	104	338	29	83	115	15	3	4	17	5	.246
Shanley, Memphis	104	373	47	91	113	9	5	1	8	16	.244
Berger, Mobile	22	66	2	16	21	2	..	1	1	..	.242
Clark, Mobile	117	402	49	97	123	15	3	2	20	16	.241
Snedecor, Montgomery	115	398	37	94	107	10	..	1	10	14	.236
McGilvray, Birmingham	120	390	41	92	118	6	7	2	24	11	.236
Knaupp, Montgomery	105	323	38	76	107	5	10	2	18	23	.235
Spratt, Nashville	32	115	8	27	36	2	2	1	1	..	.235
Graff, Nashville	61	193	21	45	68	5	3	4	6	5	.233
Hendrix, New Orleans	117	422	61	98	148	27	7	3	13	21	.232
Manush, Atlanta	50	169	21	39	50	6	2	..	12	6	.231
Dent, Atlanta	24	65	10	15	17	2	..	..	3	..	.231
Marcan, Birmingham	116	420	56	97	115	7	4	1	10	29	.231
Bagby, New Orleans	61	191	25	44	63	5	1	4	4	3	.230
Yantz, New Orleans	26	66	4	15	19	2	1	..	2	1	.227
Daley, Nashville	104	389	36	88	101	7	3	..	19	10	.226
Donahue, Montgomery	65	187	14	42	52	6	2	..	4	4	.224
Snell, Memphis	61	169	21	37	44	5	1	..	6	3	.219
Graham, Chattanooga	45	133	12	29	36	1	3	..	4	1	.218
Thompson, Atlanta	24	69	1	15	17	2	..	..	3	..	.217
Wilson, New Orleans	24	65	6	14	16	2	..	..	1	1	.215
Price, Atlanta	32	79	4	17	22	3	1	..	6	..	.215
Carroll, Birmingham	89	288	27	62	70	3	1	1	13	14	.215
E. Brown, Montgomery	27	84	8	18	24	1	1	1	1	..	.214
Fleharty, Nashville	27	66	5	14	18	..	2	..	1	..	.212
O'Dell, Mobile	113	441	52	93	112	15	2	..	21	32	.211
Evans, New Orleans	32	100	6	21	28	5	1	..	6	..	.210
Prough, Birmingham	28	82	4	17	19	2	..	..	8	..	.207
Sommers, Chattanooga	32	88	9	18	20	2	..	..	5	..	.205
Noyes, Nashville	61	142	19	29	44	6	3	1	5	1	.204
Gillespie, Chattanooga	43	143	10	29	38	4	3	..	5	2	.203
More, Nashville	33	85	1	17	18	1	..	..	2	..	.200
McGill, Mobile	28	90	6	18	23	2	..	1	3	1	.200

COULON READY TO DEFEND TITLE; TO MEET BURNS

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Johnny Coulon, featherweight champion, is fit and ready again to defend his title, after a long siege of illness. Coulon will tackle Bobby Hedges for ten rounds at Omaha on September 12. The Garden A. C., of New York, is trying to match the titleholder with Kid Williams, of Baltimore.

SULLIVAN IS REAPP[illegible]ED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—M[illegible]aynor yesterday appointed James [illegible]ivan, secretary-treasurer of the A[illegible]thletic Union of the United St[illegible]s, a member of the Public Recreation [illegible]s- sion of the city of New York to [illegible]d himself.

ATHLETICS BUY SOUTHPAW.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 16.—Announcement was made yesterday of the sale of Rube Bressler, left-handed pitcher, of the Harrisburg Tri-State League team to the Philadelphia Athletics for $2,000, Bressler to remain here until Labor Day, when the Tri-State season ends.

ADAMS TROUBLED WITH HEAD.

PITTSBURG, PA., Aug. 16.—Pitcher Adams, of the Pirates, has been troubled on hot days this year, feeling dizziness after pitching a few innings on extremely torrid days, so that he has to quit the box to avoid sunstroke.

JOHNSON HAS WON 26 GAMES THIS SEASON

WALTER JOHNSON, king of all pitchers, is enjoying his greatest season since entering major league baseball. The "Big Swede" has the great record of winning 26 games so far this year, and is going better than ever. But five teams have managed to make Walter leave the slab a loser since the season started.

Boehling, Bender and Wood also are twirling remarkable ball. Bender's wonderful work has done much to keep the Mackmen on top in the American League. Eddie Plank has slumped lately and is now ninth in the list.

Below are the averages up to and including Wednesday's games.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Johnson, Washington . .	26	5	.839
Boehling, Washington .	11	3	.786
Bender, Philadelphia . .	17	6	.739
Wood, Boston	12	5	.706
Walsh, Chicago	7	3	.700
Falkenberg, Cleveland . .	16	7	.696
Houck, Philadelphia . . .	9	4	.692
Blanding, Cleveland . .	11	5	.688
Plank, Philadelphia . .	15	7	.682
Brown, Philadelphia . .	14	7	.667
J. Bush, Philadelphia . .	12	6	.667
W. Mitchell, Cleveland .	11	6	.647
Gregg, Cleveland . . .	18	10	.643
R. Collins, Boston . . .	12	7	.632
Dauss, Detroit	9	6	.600
Cicotte, Chicago	12	9	.571
Lake, Detroit	16	13	.552
Russell, Chicago . . .	13	11	.542
Hamilton, St. Louis . .	13	11	.542
Scott, Chicago	15	13	.536
Bedient, Boston	10	9	.526
M. Hall, Detroit	10	10	.500
Ford, New York . . .	10	10	.500
Warhop, New York . . .	4	4	.500
Foster, Boston	3	3	.500
White, Chicago	3	3	.500
Steen, Cleveland . . .	3	3	.500
Caldwell, New York . .	2	2	.500
Cullop, Cleveland . . .	2	2	.500
R. Mitchell, St. Louis .	10	11	.476
Groom, Washington . .	10	12	.455
Benz, Chicago	4	5	.444
Baumgardner, St. Louis.	8	11	.421
Dubuc, Detroit	8	11	.421
Willett, Detroit	7	12	.368
Kahler, Cleveland . . .	5	9	.357
Leonard, Boston	5	9	.357
Welleman, St. Louis . .	7	14	.333
Fisher, New York . . .	6	12	.333
Engel, Washington . . .	4	8	.333
Mosely, Boston	2	4	.333
Schulz, New York . . .	5	11	.313
Leverenz, St. Louis . .	5	12	.294
O'Brien, Chicago	4	10	.286
Hughes, Washington . .	4	12	.250
Keating, New York . . .	4	12	.250
McConnell, New York . .	4	14	.222
C. Hall, Boston	2	7	.222

HIGHBROWS FAVOR SLANG IN BASEBALL WRITE-UPS

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Charles A. Comiskey, owner of the Chicago Americans, likes baseball reports best when they are written in plain English, while professors at the University of Chicago deplore the possibility of the elimination of slang from the accounts of games. These unexpected attitudes were learned to-day in a vote being taken by a local daily to determine just how the followers of the national pastime want the games described.

"I am in favor of a clean, plain English story of a baseball game," said Comiskey, who has just returned from the woods of Northern Wisconsin. "What readers want to know is who won the game and how it was won. When those facts are covered up with a lot of useless words the reader is apt to grow tired."

"I think it would be pretty tame to report baseball in plain, ordinary English," said Professor Nathaniel Butler. "There is a species of humor on the sporting page which is enjoyable. We want the picturesque in the reports, but the writer shows a defect when it is impossible for the layman to understand him."

Several other professors at the university declared their preference for stories sprinkled with slang.

BARON PROUGH TOPS TWIRLERS IN DIXIE LEAGUE

WITH twenty victories and four defeats to his credit, Bill Prough, Birmingham's star box artist, is showing the way to all Dixie League slabmen. Coveleskie, E. Brown and Cavet, the other twirlers sure to go up to the majors at the end of the Southern League season, are also hurling remarkable ball.

Gilbert Price and Conzelman are doing the best work for Atlanta, according to the figures. Price has won fourteen games and lost seven. Conzelman has left the slab a winner eight different times, while four teams have taken his measure.

Following are the averages up to and including Wednesday's games.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Prough, Birmingham . . .	20	4	.833
Coveleskie, Chattanooga.	22	9	.710
E. Brown, Montgomery.	17	7	.708
Cavet, Mobile	21	9	.700
Williams, Nashville. . . .	16	8	.667
Price, Atlanta	14	7	.667
Conzelman, Atlanta	8	4	.667
Dent, Atlanta	11	6	.647
Hardgrove, Birmingham.	15	9	.625
Manning, Montgomery .	16	10	.615
Bagby, New Orleans . . .	8	5	.615
W. Robertson, Mobile.	11	7	.611
Sommers, Chattanooga .	15	12	.556
Grimes, Chattanooga . . .	5	4	.556
Harrell, Memphis	11	9	.550
Hogg, Mobile	11	9	.550
C. Brown, Montgomery .	12	10	.545
Liebhart, Memphis . . .	7	6	.538
Beck, Nashville	12	11	.522
Campbell Mobile	12	11	.522
Foxen, Birmingham . . .	13	12	.520
Kroh, Chattanooga	11	11	.500
Berger, Mobile	11	11	.500
Newton, Memphis	11	11	.500
Brenton, New Orleans .	10	11	.476
Kissinger, Memphis . . .	10	11	.476
Case, Montgomery	9	10	.474
Brady, Atlanta	8	9	.471
Evans, Birmingham	12	15	.444
Wilson, New Orleans . . .	7	9	.438
Parsons, Memphis	10	14	.417
Fleharty, Nashville	9	13	.409
More, Nashville	10	16	.385
Chappelle, Atlanta	3	6	.333
Thompson, Atlanta	7	15	.318

KENOSHA WANTS C. WHITE TO BOX EDDIE MURPHY

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—If Eddie Murphy, Boston lightweight, can be induced to come on here for August 22 he can secure a match at Kenosha with Charlie White, local 126-pounder. The club matchmaker to-day closed terms with Nate Lewis, White's pilot, Nate agreeing to allow Murphy to come into the ring at 133 pounds at 6 o'clock. This means a 10-pound handicap for White. As an inducement, the club will pit Jack Britton against the winner, a chance both White and Murphy should welcome. This will be Kenosha's first show under the Hedding law.

CHARLEY MURPHY 'JOLLIES' HARGROVE, NEW CATCHER

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Aug. 16.—Eugene "Dubbies" Hargrove, the young catcher of the Terre Haute club, bought by the Cubs, has received a letter from Owner Charles W. Murphy, who tells him that he and Manager Evers watched him at Fort Wayne last week and that "both believe that you are to go higher in the profession."

The magnate says he is sorry he did not have a chance to talk with the player, but that Owner Wagner of the Terre Haute club told him that Hargrove was "a boy of good habits and does not drink intoxicating liquors."

BIRMY TO PREACH AGAIN.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Manager Birmingham, of the Naps, will once again become a playing manager, resuming his former position at center field. Leibold's poor work in the middle garden is the cause of the change.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
PLANTEN'S BLACK C & C CAPSULES
REMEDY FOR MEN
AT DRUGGISTS OR TRIAL BOX BY MAIL 50c
FROM PLANTEN 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.
—BEWARE OF IMITATIONS—

MONEY
LOANED TO SALARIED MEN
AT LAWFUL RATES
ON PROMISSORY NOTES
Without Endorsement
Without Collateral Security
Without Real Estate Security
NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO.
211-12 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

LOOK OUT FOR THE GEORGIAN FLYER



Only limited number of Flyers to be given. Better start in now.

FREE BOYS AND GIRLS HERE'S YOUR CAR FREE

A Georgian Flyer Pedalmobile, all Steel, Rubber Tired, Worth $25

Forty New Subscribers to Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian for 26 weeks each. Subscriptions may be paid weekly to carrier boys.

Will Be Given You FREE

Forty New Subscribers to Hearst's Sunday American alone, for one year each. May be paid weekly to carriers.

Only Bona Fide New Subscriptions Will Be Accepted

No persons who have been Subscribers within past four weeks will be taken.
Remember:---You Don't Have to Beat any one else to earn your Flyer.
Just go out and get the required number of subscriptions. :-: :-: :-: :-:

Get Ready for The Flyer Races

As soon as a dozen or more flyers are awarded The American and Georgian will inaugurate a series of races among the successful boys and girls, with prizes worth racing for. Enter now, go out and earn your machine and put yourself in training to win a race. There will be fun to burn.

Send in Your Nomination

DO IT NOW!

Complete Specifications of The Georgian Flyer

Body—Metal.
Type of Body—One passenger.
Color—Red, striped in black.
Wheel Base—56 inches.
Transmission—Sliding gear, two speeds forward and reverse, with coaster.
Wheels—16 inches.
Tires—¾-inch rubber.
Rear Axle—Steel.
Tread—21½ inches.
Steering Wheel—12 inches, wood.
Steering Rod—Metal.
Frame—Angle Iron.
For boys and girls from 8 to 16 years old.

Carrying Capacity of Flyer 350 Pounds

The Flyer Is Worth Owning

You can see the Flyer at the Circulation Department, 20 East Alabama street, where subscription blanks and rates will be given you. The Flyer is worth working for. It isn't a toy. It's built just like an automobile and strong enough to carry a grown man.

You can get up real speed on it

APPLICATION BLANK

Pedalmobile Department of the Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian.
20 East Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.

I am interested in your free Pedalmobile offer and am determined to win one if my application is accepted. Please send blanks and full particulars.

Name .....
Street .....
City .....
Recommended by
.....

Only limited number of Flyers to be given. Better start in now.

TRUCK WINNER IN COMPETITION WITH ANIMALS

Four Times the Work Is Estimate of Vice President Bennett, of Willys-Overland.

Volumes have been written tending to show the desirability from the viewpoints of efficiency and economy of the motor truck over horse and wagon systems of delivery. Truck manufacturers have spent small fortunes in having traffic and delivery experts investigate the economic features of both systems. Long tables of figures have been prepared, dealing with such items as horse cost, feed, maintenance and depreciation as against the same items in motor truck upkeep. These investigations have proved that, under nearly every condition of service, the truck is much more economical than the horse.

There is one phase of the question, however, which had not been touched on until in a recent discussion Vice President G. W. Bennett, of the Willys-Overland Company, pointed out an important saving in the time of drivers.

Four Times the Work.

He makes the statement that the driver of a light motor truck can do from three to four times as much work in a given time as the driver of a horse and wagon outfit, declaring that the time saved trebles any sometimes quadruples his capacity.

"This interesting discovery was made," says Mr. Bennett, "in a recent investigation we conducted as to the practicability of our Willys utility three-quarter ton truck. Most of our findings contained nothing that we did not know before; namely, that in the matter of maintenance and operation costs and economy of time, the truck was vastly superior to the horse. We did learn that this saving in time was largely due to the increased efficiency of the operator of the power vehicle, a point that we had not before taken into consideration.

Horse-Tying Eliminated.

"Day after day, during our tests, our drivers did from three to four times as much work as could be done by the men in charge of horse and wagon outfits, solely because they could save time both in travel and in making deliveries. The saving in time through the elimination of the necessity for tying the horses while the driver carried a package to a home or business place furnished some interesting figures. We found that the truck operator could stop his vehicle, select the parcel, make the delivery and return to the car in just about the time it required for the horse driver to assure himself that his vehicle would be where he left it on his return."

Fast Catching Up On Diamond Orders

H. A. Price, Local Agent, Says Rush for Tires This Season Has Been Unusual.

In an interview Saturday H. A. Price, the local manager of Diamond tires, said:

"The majority of builders of automobiles sold most of their output earlier this season than ever before. As a consequence, the rush for tires has been unusual.

"At the beginning of the season we had a large stock of tires ready for instant delivery. Enormous stocks were also on hand at our various branch houses, as well as at our factory at Akron, Ohio.

"Shortly after the announcement six months ago that all Diamond tires were made of vitalized rubber, now popularly known as the 'more mileage' tire, our stocks here and all over the country were exhausted owing to the unprecedented demand.

"Motorists everywhere welcomed the new 'more mileage' tire. Our factories at Akron began running day and night in an effort to supply this demand. In addition they erected new buildings, installed more machinery and increased their forces of expert tire builders.

"But we couldn't make the tires fast enough. The factory distributed the output over the entire United States as evenly as possible, but for the past three months have not been able to fill all orders promptly.

"As a consequence, many motorists have been disappointed by delayed deliveries, and in most cases have blamed the local dealer, who was really not at fault at all."

In reply to a question, Mr. Price said: "We are pleased to announce that we are now filling all dealers' orders promptly. This will be glad news to the thousands of motorists, especially those who have had orders in for some time for our celebrated Diamond vitalized rubber tires."

Harvey Granger Goes To Elgin Auto Races To Sign Speed Stars

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Harvey Granger, president of the Savannah Automobile Club, left Thursday for Boston, from which place he will go to Elgin, Ill., to attend the automobile races there on August 29 and 30. Mr. Granger will be accompanied by the members of his family to Boston. Mrs. Granger will attend the races with him.

Mr. Granger expects to secure entries for the Grand Prize and Vanderbilt Cup races, which will be held over the Chatham County course during Thanksgiving week. There are fourteen entries in the Elgin races, and he expects to secure all these cars for the Savannah races. He will return to Savannah about September 5.

HIGHWAY ASSOCIATION EFFECTS ORGANIZATION

CHATTANOOGA, Aug. 16.—The Chattanooga-Athens-Knoxville Highway Association has effected a permanent organization, electing the following: President, S. H. Thompson, Athens; vice presidents, N. E. Logan, Knoxville; George L. Hardwick, Cleveland, and H. C. Adler, Chattanooga; secretary and treasurer, V. D. Robinson, Chattanooga.

All in Readiness Monday for Cross-Country Tour

Best Wishes Go With Ferguson, American Scout

Parade Forms 10 A. M. on East Alabama Street, and All Local Automobilists Are Invited.

WHEN E. L. Ferguson, official "patchfinder" for the all-Southern - open-the-year-round transcontinental highway from Atlanta to the Pacific Coast, leaves Atlanta Monday on the first lap of the long journey, he will go with not only the good wishes and godspeed of the people of Atlanta and Georgia, but with the hearty indorsement of Governor Slaton and the Georgia State Senate, which passed resolutions last week.

The monster parade which will be given in connection with the official start is incidental. Thousands of Atlantans and Georgians will turn out, gaze in admiration, clap their hands in joy, yell, jostle each other good naturedly in the effort to see everything and everybody, connected with this unique tour, and then disperse to their home and places of business, soon to forget the main features of the parade. In fact, within a short time the whole of it—with one exception—Mr. Ferguson and his car with that significant and unique streamer across the top, "All-Southern Transcontinental Tour"—will be forgotten.

"That Man" Ferguson.

That streamer catches the eye immediately and makes an indelible impression, for it means something. In the first place, it means that this man, Ferguson, who is known all over the country as one of the most successful "trial blazers" in the business, is going to take an auto spin across the country which should make the fondest long-distance tourist sit up and take notice, with not a little bit of envy mixed in. Not only will Mr. Ferguson make the trip, but Mrs. Ferguson and two little Fergusons will be along, as well as newspaper men, members of a relay team stretching all the way from Atlanta to San Francisco and embracing more than half a dozen leading Southern newspapers, including Hearst's Sunday American, the Birmingham News, the Montgomery Advertiser, the New Orleans Item, the Dallas Times-Herald and the Houston Daily Post.

Importance of Highway.

So much for the trip, in brief, and the parties making it. In the second place, the streamer means the launching of a monster campaign to blaze a trail for a highway reaching across the country from coast to coast.

It is this feature that is going to stick in the minds of the people for months while the campaign is on and then for years to come when the efforts of the highway and good roads boosters have been crowned with the success which seems sure.

It is this feature, too, that has already created a lively interest in the monster project.

Pathfinder Ferguson arrived in Atlanta a week ago Saturday to arrange the details of the official start. On the following day Hearst's Sunday American launched the campaign by formal announcement, including maps and cuts showing the proposed route, etc. Almost immediately the parade planners got busy, and Monday announced their general plans. Immediately people began to talk it on the streets; several progressive citizens called The American office to indorse the movement, and on Tuesday came the hearty indorsement of Governor John M. Slaton, one of the biggest and most enthusiastic good roads and highway boosters in the State of Georgia, if not in the South.

Governor Slaton's Boost.

"No better evidence of the progress of the people can be had," said the Governor, "than promotions of this sort for better road and highway facilities. Obviously, better roads within a State bring the people into closer communication with each other, and this makes for increased interchange of both trade and mental products. I can see no reason why this project launched by The Sunday American should not go through without a hitch."

Following fast on the heels of Governor Slaton's indorsement came the official resolution of the Georgia Senate, which was in session, indorsing the movement as "a step which will link the East with the South and the West by means of highways." Among other prominent Atlantans who have placed their stamp of approval on the project is County Commissioner Shelby Smith.

To Test Climate.

Naturally, these expressions of approval have put Pathfinder Ferguson in the very best of spirits. On the eve of the start he declared that he confidently expected to blaze a trail from coast to coast which will afford an all-the-year-round highway reaching from New York through the South and Southwest to San Francisco.

The first trip will be made in easy stages in order that the closest sort of check may be made on various roads with the view of selecting the very best route. In addition to mapping out routes, Mr. Ferguson will take the temperature three times daily in an attempt to demonstrate beyond question that the South and Southwest afford the very best climate for the coast-to-coast route.

Meet Alabama Party.

Starting Monday from Atlanta, Mr. Ferguson will proceed direct to the Georgia-Alabama line near Talladoosa, where he will meet another party, composed of John Craft, president of the Alabama Good Roads Association, and one of the biggest road boosters in the entire country, and State Highway Engineer Keller, who will accompany the party through Alabama. Leaving Georgia, Mr. Ferguson and party will make a bee line for Birmingham, the end of the first lap. Here a representative of The Birmingham News will join the party, relieving The Hearst's American special man, and the party will proceed to Montgomery, and thence to Mobile.

The remainder of the route embraces New Orleans, Houston, Dallas, El Paso, Phoenix, Yuma, San Diego Los Angeles and San Francisco.

Will Improve Roads.

All along the route Mr Ferguson will give information grantis concerning the development of better roads and highways. He has already received assurance from Alabamans that the good roads boosters of that State are planning to form groups to give a part of their time to the working of the roads. This unique plan probably will be taken up in other States along the route.

Following the first trip, Mr. Ferguson will return to Atlanta and plan for a second trip in order to check up the first results obtained. If the present schedule carries, he should be in San Francisco not later than October 1, with the possibilities of an earlier arrival.



The photograph shows E. L. Ferguson, official pathfinder, and Hugh Grant, The American representative, as they will record facts of the tour to Birmingham. Mr. Grant will be relieved in the Alabama city by a representative of the Birmingham News.

PARADE FORMS MONDAY TO SEE AUTO SCOUTS OFF

Thousands of Alantans will turn out Monday at 10 a. m. before The Georgian and American office on East Alabama street to give the Atlanta - to - 'Frisco automobile scouts a rousing sendoff. There will be representatives of practically every automobile, tire and accessory agency in town, as well as State house and municipal officials. The scouts expect to make San Francisco not later than October 1, and then Mr. Ferguson will return for another trip to check up on the previous route.

ATLANTA-ASHEVILLE RECORD.

With a Studebaker "Six," brand new and just out of a box car, Frank A. Mears drove from Atlanta to Asheville, N. C., 246 miles, in nine hours fifteen minutes, breaking the record over the rough and hilly course by more than two hours. The run was checked at both ends and is doubly unique in the fact that it was made by a car which had no advance limbering up.

PARISH HONORS ITS PRIEST.

Members of the congregation of the Church of the Annunciation at Eagle, Ill., have presented Father Eagan, the parish priest, with a new Studebaker "35" in which to make his pastoral calls.

Around-Globe Trip Made in 35 Days

John Henry Mears Beats Record of Jaeger-Schmidt—His Finish Full of Thrills.

Ending a flying trip around the world faster than anybody ever traveled before, John Henry Mears made his final dash to New York in a high-powered Alco car.

Mears was driven at 60 miles an hour from the Grand Central Station to the finishing line. Warning signals of various descriptions sounded continuously and apprised crowds along the way of the approach of the globe-circling champion, who made the journey in 35 days as against the former best record by Jaeger-Schmidt of 39 days.

"I thought I had experienced all the thrills known," said Mears, "but this idea of going at break-neck speed through the streets of New York was a brand new one."

The route taken by the car was from Vanderbilt avenue and Forty-second street across to Broadway, thence to Chambers street and Park Row, where the trip was officially terminated. Mears arrived at the Grand Central Station at 10:10 p. m. and it was but four minutes before he was at his journey's end.

DEALERS SHOULD SPECIALIZE.

That automobile dealers should centralize their whole efforts on that business, specializing even to the extent of handling but one line, is the belief of Ernest R. Benson, Studebaker sales manager.

Annual Vacation For Cadillac Men

Plant Closed Down for Two Weeks and Employees Celebrate—New System of Holidays.

The annual vacation of the employees of the Cadillac Motor Car Company started Saturday with the closing of the plant at Detroit.

"This has always been an unusual event with us," declared General Manager W. C. Leland, "and as the plant runs steadily eleven and a half months out of the year the men always welcome it.

It is also made necessary in order to take inventory, to overhaul machinery, to install new and to make other preparations for increased output.

"In past years it has been customary to have the vacation period between the completion of the old model and the starting of the new. This year, however, we were prevailed upon by our dealers to delay the vacation until after the 1914 cars were under way in order that they could have samples and demonstrators and get an early start on new business.

"Up to the closing time 1,500 of the new cars had been shipped. The plant will reopen September 3, with increased force and equipment and start in on the remainder of the 18,000 cars planned for the ensuing year."

TRADES HOTEL FOR AUTO.

J. W. Wiseley, the East Side restaurant man, has traded hote property in Mattoon to L. V. Nunamaker, of Greenup, for the latter's Studebaker automobile.—Toledo (Ill.) Democrat.

For those who want the best there is in Tires and Tubes



REPUBLIC STAGGARD TREAD TIRES

Republic Staggard Tread Pat. Sep. 15-22 1908

and Republic Black-Line Red Inner Tubes are a combination that will insure the greatest mileage per dollar spent, saying nothing of the safety from skidding and the real riding comfort.

The Republic Rubber Co.

237 Peachtree Street

STEARNS MODELS TYPES OF BEAUTY

Car of 1914 Has Left-Hand Drive With Center Control—Self-Starter Important.

In placing its new 1914 models before the public, the F. B. Stearns Company, of Cleveland, lifts the curtain on a number of new improvements, and announces its championship of many changes gradually affecting the entire industry.

Notable among these are the adoption of the left-hand drive with center control, optional wire wheel equipment, steering column control, and the tapering hood and cowl.

The changes include both the four and six-cylinder models, whether touring cars, runabouts or closed bodies.

Self-Starter Important.

One of the most noticeable mechanical advances is the steering column control. Instead of the customary clumsy arrangement, the principle of centralizing the control under the operator's hand has been carried out by a system of small rods, operating in the casing surrounding the steering column proper. These rods are operated by small levers located just under the steering wheel, while the lights are controlled by the customary pull-and-push buttons, also carried just under the wheel.

The switch, carburetor adjustment, light and Klaxon horn controls all center so that there is a minimum of effort employed to operate them. The self-starter is operated in the usual way by foot pedal.

Complete Assortment.

The new Stearns models offer the largest variety of any season's output. Four, five, six and seven passenger touring car bodies are mounted on either the four or six cylinder chassis, while the same applies to the new three-passenger roadsters, limousines and landaulets.

In addition, the Cleveland factory announces two new models, a coupe and sedan, to be built on either the four or six cylinder chassis. Taking into consideration the fact that altogether the Stearns factory is building four chassis types—two-wheel base lengths in both the four and six cylinder models—it is quickly seen that the new Stearns line is most complete in every detail.

Same Motor Sizes.

There has been practically no noteworthy change in the motor in either the four or six-cylinder models. The motor sizes remain the same as last season, namely, 4½ by 5½ inches in the four cylinder product and 4¼ by 5¾ inches in the six. In the six-cylinder the chassis remains practically the same as last year so far as basic ideas are concerned, but in the four-cylinder type the transmission has been moved forward from the rear axle to amidships.

This change in no way affects the well-known rear axle construction, which has been a feature of the Stearns product for a great many years, and which is admitted to be about the strongest construction which is possible to use.

RECORD NUMBER OF CARS COMING FOR STUDEBAKER

Three or Four Times as Many in Year as Have Been Built, Declares Chief Engineer.

How universally the motoring luxuries of yesterday have become the common conveniences of to-day is pointed out by James G. Heaslet, chief engineer of the Studebaker Corporation, who cites as factors demountable rims, electric lights and starters, a wide range of dash equipment, rear axle transmission, dropped frames and many other improvements, all tried out in their first form as exclusive features of costly cars, but now included generally as standard in popular-priced models.

"And now," he declares, "we have the six-cylinder motor—two or three years ago big, cumbersome, whimsical and costly; now light, faithful and economical—an ideal car for the driver-owner of moderate income.

Many Studebakers Coming.

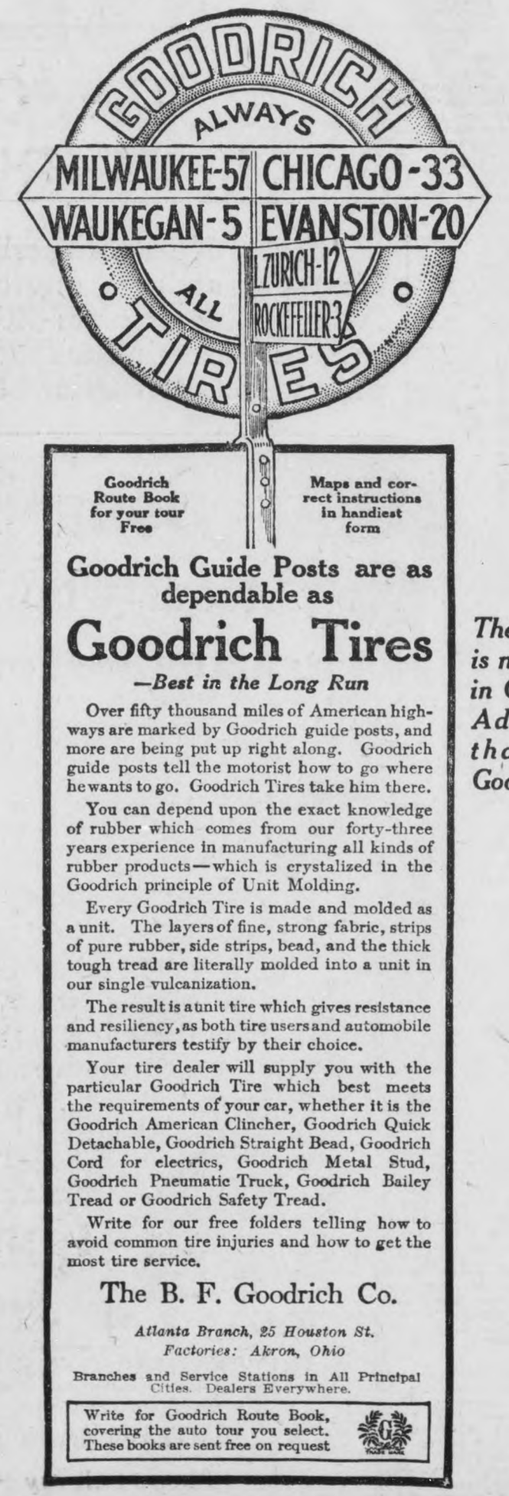
"Studebaker has built, sold and watched carefully ever since several thousand Studebaker 'Sixes' this year. Almost all of them are being driven and cared for by their owners. We know from the experience of these men that our faith in the car was well founded. As a result, we have laid plans for the production next season of a revolutionary number of Studebaker 'Sixes'—three or four times as many as any other manufacturer has ever built in one year.

"We do not believe that the 'Six' will ever force the light 'Four' into retirement. The 'Four' will always be cheaper to build and will be salable at a lower price. But we do predict that in a very short time nobody will put into the purchase of a 'Four' a sum for which he can buy a 'Six.'

"With the same sort of care and driving ability, a 'Six' will duplicate the work of any 'Four' of similar power, and will do that work easier and with less strain to its own mechanism and its driver's nerves. This statement will be confirmed by any motorist who has had experience with both types.

Where Pleasure Lies.

"To pilot a car free from vibration; a car that in traffic conditions or in hard pulling never labors, but rolls smoothly even at walking pace on high gear; a car in which the acceleration is like a steady, irresistible pull from an invisible cable—that is real motoring pleasure.



Goodrich Route Book for your tour Free

Maps and correct instructions in handiest form

Goodrich Guide Posts are as dependable as

Goodrich Tires

—Best in the Long Run

Over fifty thousand miles of American highways are marked by Goodrich guide posts, and more are being put up right along. Goodrich guide posts tell the motorist how to go where he wants to go. Goodrich Tires take him there.

You can depend upon the exact knowledge of rubber which comes from our forty-three years experience in manufacturing all kinds of rubber products—which is crystalized in the Goodrich principle of Unit Molding.

Every Goodrich Tire is made and molded as a unit. The layers of fine, strong fabric, strips of pure rubber, side strips, bead, and the thick tough tread are literally molded into a unit in our single vulcanization.

The result is a unit tire which gives resistance and resiliency, as both tire users and automobile manufacturers testify by their choice.

Your tire dealer will supply you with the particular Goodrich Tire which best meets the requirements of your car, whether it is the Goodrich American Clincher, Goodrich Quick Detachable, Goodrich Straight Bead, Goodrich Cord for electrics, Goodrich Metal Stud, Goodrich Pneumatic Truck, Goodrich Bailey Tread or Goodrich Safety Tread.

Write for our free folders telling how to avoid common tire injuries and how to get the most tire service.

The B. F. Goodrich Co.

Atlanta Branch, 25 Houston St.
Factories: Akron, Ohio

Branches and Service Stations in All Principal Cities. Dealers Everywhere.

Write for Goodrich Route Book, covering the auto tour you select. These books are sent free on request

There is nothing in Goodrich Advertising that isn't in Goodrich Goods

THRILLING BALLOON STORY TOLD BY GOODYEARSCOUT

How It Feels to Travel at Night Through Air---R. A. D. Preston on Race Which Won Championship.

R. A. D. Preston, of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio, aide in the flight of the balloon "Goodyear," which won the national championship race at Kansas City, July 4, tells the following fascinating story of his experience on the memorable flight:

"The victory of the balloon 'Goodyear' in the national championship balloon race from Kansas City this year is attributable to two things, good equipment and constant watchfulness, and the story of the race is a story of sturdiness of our balloon in the buffetings of wind and rain and of the crew's constant attention to its navigation.

"Very little time did we have to watch the beautiful and wonderful cloud effects. At intervals we would snatch a bite of lunch or drink a cup of coffee or malted milk, but sleep was not thought of.

Basket Is Smashed.

"Captain Berry in the 'Million Population Club,' the St. Louis entry, was the first to get away. He smashed his own basket, but substituted one from the deflated 'Miss Sophia II.'

"A little difficulty, due to high wind, was experienced in getting the 'Goodyear' ready, but soon things were all right and Upson gave the word to let go.

"The wind carried us across the field at a great rate, and it looked for a few seconds as if we would crash into the fence. It was soon plain, however, from our position in the balloon, that we were safe, although I remember a sigh of relief from the spectators as we cleared the fence and shot skyward.

"We struck a fair equilibrium at about 1,500 feet above ground, and sailed rapidly away to the northeast. A few minutes later we saw the 'Kansas City Post,' Honeywell's balloon, and the 'Kansas City II' (John Watts') coming after us.

"The 'Goodyear' continued at approximately original height until after midnight, the two other balloons appearing to be working west of us, as occasionally we could see their lights flashing in that direction, though the balloons themselves could not be distinguished. We passed over several fair-sized towns, and at 11:50 skirted a small city which was probably Ottumwa, Iowa.

Hit by Rainstorm.

"Almost as soon as we were well in the air over in the north appeared what seemed to be the inevitable thundershower for this race, and as the night grew on another came up in the east, and we could see more lightning flashes away to the south. At 12:10 the sharp patter of rain above told us that we were in the storm. In a minute or two the rain was pouring down on the balloon, and in a few seconds more we started downward.

"Upson watched the instruments, while the aide hustled inboard the sandbags and other accoutrements we had hung outside the basket. This was to prevent them from being torn off if we should drag along the ground. About 2:30, while I was making things fast inside the basket, Upson called to me that our dragrope had touched ground, and to watch out as he was going to let her bump.

"A few minutes later we struck the ground going at high speed. The basket was heavy with ballast at this time, and it seemed as though we hit pretty hard. The balloon was not damaged at all, however, and the only inconvenience was the pint or so of sand that was shot up into my face when we hit the ground. Winking this out, I kept my eyes on the statoscope, the instrument which showed our vertical motion. Rain poured for half an hour or so, and we raced along with the storm, the rope hitting the tops of the hills, and once or twice the basket struck the ground, but quickly bounced up again.

"The lightning helped rather than worried us, as it assisted us in making out the country ahead. We flashed by a windmill and several trees at close range, but were not in much danger of striking these, since we could see them some distance ahead.

Had Crossed Mississippi.

"Gradually the storm drew away from us, and it was not long before it was light enough to see the ground pretty clearly. We had crossed the Mississippi during the storm, but where we do not know. Just after the storm an upward air current carried us up into low lying clouds, and for a few minutes we were completely surrounded by the wet mist. As soon as we could we descended to an altitude of 500 or 600 feet.

"Soon a small city appeared ahead, which later we found was Galena, Ill.

Called to Farmers.

"The sun was just breaking through the clouds to the far east, and we knew that we would shortly be well up in the air. We let the balloon come down a little as we went along in a northeasterly course, and after a repeated halloing to the farmers below, we finally found at 6:25 that we were five miles north of Mineral Point, Wis.

"There were clouds all about us, but the sky just above was clear. The balloon ascended as the gas heated up and Upson called to me to take readings of speed as we ascended. This kept me busy for the next hour, when he called my attention to a large city below us. This we knew from the Capitol to be Madison, Wis.

"In a few minutes we could hear the steamer whistles at Milwaukee, and a little later, down through rifts in the clouds, were the waters of Lake Michigan. Just before noon we reached our highest elevation of nearly 13,000 feet. It was interesting at this height to look down and see the shadow of the balloon on the clouds below, surrounded by a bright rainbow-like ring.

Going Through Clouds.

"Descending through the lower cloud layer was very interesting. We did not go into the cloud at all, but seemed to slide down the side of this huge ball of mist with the ground in plain sight just over its edge.

"By 3 o'clock our ballast was all gone, and soon our empty sand bags, camp stools, water, milk cans and most of our provisions were also gone. Reserving a little for landing, we looked ahead and finally found a spot of fairly smooth ground where we landed. It was a buckwheat patch.

"The greater part of the population of that section of the township was soon on hand asking the usual questions.

Surprise Over Result.

"After packing up the next day, it developed there was no train south till 2 a. m. Not until we boarded this train and I picked up a paper in the smoking compartment did we learn that we had won the balloon championship of America."

This race not only decides the national championship, but is also for the purpose of choosing America's representatives for the international balloon trophy for free balloons, or more commonly known as the Gordon Bennett Cup. The international race will probably be held early in the fall, starting from the Garden of the Tuileries, Paris, France.

Cartercar Is Made Every Few Years

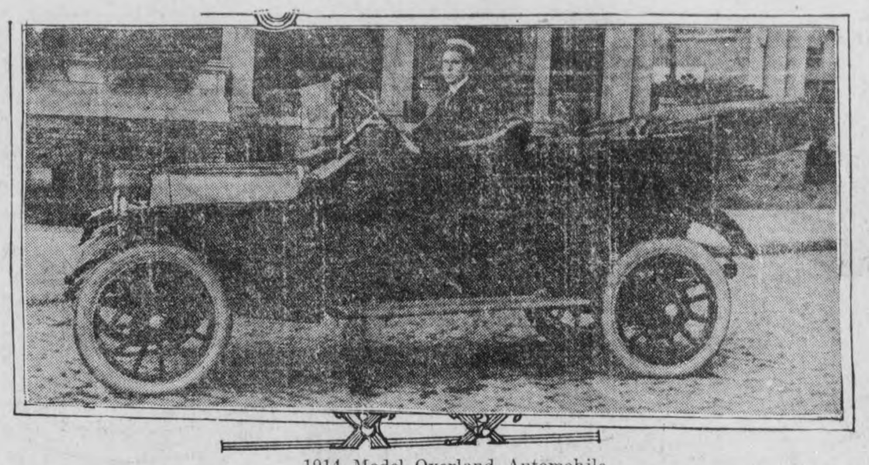
"We do not produce yearly models," said W. C. Mahoney, Atlanta branch manager of the Cartercar Company, "because we do not believe it is at all fair to the owners.

"Why should a motor car concern sell a car and then turn right around and produce a new model, which will, of course, make the previous models obsolete? It is ridiculous to think that the motorist should have to buy a new car every year in order to have an up-to-date machine.

"Suppose it were necessary to buy new motor boats, new launches or new bicycles every year. Yet it is exactly the same thing. New models are produced merely to give makers an excuse to urge those who already have their cars to buy new ones. This is what we consider grossly unfair to the owner who has paid out his good money and expects to get a long life of useful service from his car.

"Our stand on this matter has met with enthusiastic approval of all Cartercar owners from which we have heard. And the dealers are realizing that it means a better all-the-year-round business for them.

Overland 1914 Model Machine And Willys Truck Are Received



1914 Model Overland Automobile.

Concentration upon one model will henceforth be the slogan of the Willys Overland Company. To design one chassis only and to put into that chassis every possible mechanical perfection and luxurious improvement is the idea.

"This is the final step of the mammoth Overland organization," says W. S. Becker, of the Overland Southern Automobile Company. "It has been figured out by our experts, headed by John North Willys, that by manufacturing one certain car and manufacturing that car in enormous quantities we will be able to give to the purchaser far more real automobile value and luxury for every dollar invested than by any other method.

Latest Thing in Cars.

"This $950 car will be the very essence of up-to-dateness in every particular. It can be supplied in three different body designs, roadster, touring car and coupe. The coupe will cost a few dollars more on account of the increased expense upon the body material and work.

"In the Willys utility truck we feel that we have filled a long-felt want. There has been a practice in the past of mounting delivery bodies upon a pleasure car chassis, but the Willys utility improves upon this method for lighter delivery than a one-ton truck affords by strengthening the pleasure car.

"It is practically the same as the Overland chassis, with all the good points of that design, except that it is strengthened in parts necessary for bearing the load. It is a 1,500-pound wagon and will do the utility work in a marvelous manner at a very small upkeep cost.

Tire Equipment a Feature.

"A feature of the Willys is the tire equipment—pneumatic in front and solid in the rear. Here's the reason—resiliency where it is needed and strength where the heavy pulling comes in. The vibrations to the mechanism of the motor and transmission are brought to a minimum by the use of pneumatics in front, and the solid tires in the rear bear the heavy weight of the work and the load, giving long life and good service to the car.

"The Willys utility will sell at $1,250, and is going to be a great seller."

FEATURE AT GALVESTON RACES.

For three days on the Galveston Beach two little Studebaker cars fought out 100 miles a day in the feature event of the meeting with a field of big Stutz, National, Peugeot, Case, Simplex, Mason and other racing cars. Improving their position each day and running the entire distance without an intermediate stop one of the consistent little pluggers finished fourth and the other sixth in a field that included fourteen entries.

OUT FOR OVERLAND BUSINESS.

Thomas H. Smart, Southern district manager for the Overland line, is Touring the territory with R. E. Becker, of the Atlanta Overland house. They are giving the dealers a chance to examine the features of the new Overland at close range and word comes back that enthusiasm over this car is high.

Sales Increase Is 114 Per Cent

Director of Sales Charles E. Giltner, of the Velie Motor Vehicle Company, is authority for the statement that during the past year sales of the Velie Company have increased 114 per cent over sales for the year previous. Mr. Gilmer attributes this big increase largely to the demand on the part of the automobile buying public for a car of medium price, possessing all the features of design and equipment that up to the present day have usually been only associated with cars of the highest price.

CHARLES BOOTH BACK FROM TRIP

District Manager of Maxwell Gives Interesting Account of Climb Up "Poor House Hill."

Charles H. Booth, the popular district manager of the Maxwell interests in the South, has just returned from Jacksonville, brimful of enthusiasm for the future of the little Maxwell "25."

There was a convention of dealers held in Charlotte a week ago, and Manager Burrell and Mr. Booth royally entertained the dealers of North and South Carolina. The little "25" was driven up "Poor House Hill," considered the worst grade in the South, on high speed. In the car were five large-sized men, but the Maxwell didn't buck a minute. Starting at the bottom of the hill at a rate of 15 miles per hour, she developed 35 by the time the top was gained. Only one other car, it is said, has ever made this hill on high.

At Jacksonville last Tuesday and Wednesday one of the greatest automobile demonstrations ever known was held by the Florida dealers.

A big banquet was given at the Hotel Seminole, after which the car was tested in the Florida sands and at every point came through with flying colors.

An exceptionally large number of motor men were in attendance, and before the convention had closed over 300 cars were sold to Florida dealers.

It is estimated by Mr. Booth that before the contracting season closes the Maxwell Company will have closed with 286 Southern dealers.

C. H. SORRICK ON VISIT TO MANAGER WYLIE WEST

C. H. Sorrick, manager of the carriage tire department of the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio, thinks Atlanta is a splendid automobile field.

In company with Wylie West, Atlanta Firestone manager, he will visit all the large carriage manufacturers in this section.

Mr. Sorrick is probably the best known carriage tire man in the country to-day. Through his efforts the carriage industry has received many important improvements.

Republic Tire Men Enjoy Annual Feast With Thos. Robinson

Branch managers, officials and department heads of the Republic Rubber Company to the number of two score were recently the guests of President Thomas L. Robinson at the Country Club, Youngstown, Ohio. All the branch managers reported splendid business and were enthusiastic over the prospects for even greater sales of quality tires. The list included H. K. Wick, Youngstown; John C. Wick, Youngstown; L. T. Peterson, first vice president; J. H. Kelly, second vice president and general sales manager; A. H. Harris, superintendent; W. D. Morris, assistant general superintendent; C. F. Garrison, secretary; M. L. Arms, II, treasurer; H. W. Bixler, assistant sales manager; M. E. Murray, San Francisco; C. W. Hardin, New York; J. W. Maguire, Chicago; Webb Brown, adertising manager; B. C. Swinehart, Philadelphia. Also B. F. Morris, Buffalo; W. S. Carleton, Boston; J. C. Kearns, Detroit; W. R. Goudie, New York; F. G. Hill, New York; H. W. Pratt, New York; G. A. Sohl, Atlanta; J. Palmer, Chicago; N. W. Sayles, purchasing agent; G. L. Stansbury, auditor; O. M. Norby, manager credit department; E. B. Frase, manager hose department; Thomas Matchett, manager belting; Tod J. Mell, inventor of Staggard fread; W. D. Norris, shipping clerk; C. A. Rice, mechanical, electrical engineer; W. Dunn, paymaster; F. W. Osmun, Minneapolis; G. M. Hoffman, St. Louis; G. N. Talcott, Cleveland.

Detours on Hartford Greenfield Route

An Automobile Club of America road car has just traversed the main route from Hartford, Conn., to Greenfield, Mass., and the crew reports poor going, the road undergoing construction at four different places.

Leaving Hartford, rough and worn macadam is followed for seven miles. Here the road is under construction for one mile, but is open on the side. Fair macadam, with short rutted stretches, is encountered to Windsor Locks. Mostly good macadam, with some rough spots, leads to Springfield. The next nine and one-half miles to Holyoke is fair macadam and followed along the Connecticut River a worn stretch about one mile long.

From Holyoke good macadam is to Mount Tom, and from Mount Tom to Northampton the road is entirely closed and will not be open all summer. A detour is necessary over rough dirt and worn macadam via Easthampton. Now comes three miles of rough and worn macadam, and then a detour is necessary over a rutted sandy road to Hatfield.

MUST FIGURE VEHICLE COST BY SYSTEM

So Says G. W. Bennett, of Garford Company, in Advice on Keeping Motor Trucks.

Keep your motor vehicle maintenance costs down—not only in size, but also on paper. This is the advice given to owners of both pleasure and commercial cars by one of the leading manufacturers in the automobile industry, G. W. Bennett, vice president of the Garford Company, of Elyria, Ohio.

The man who is constantly striving to keep his upkeep expenditure at a low figure is working along the right track, says Mr. Bennett, but he is overlooking a good thing if he fails to see the importance of keeping an account of his costs.

Method Is Needed.

"This is especially true in the operation of a motor truck," he says. "Not only does the truck owner need to know how much he is spending for the upkeep of his vehicle, but how he is spending it, too. Both are highly important. Every manufacturer and dealer will tell you to keep your costs down by careful operation and handling of your vehicle, but only a comparatively few of them will give you the best method whereby you may accomplish this economy.

"I believe that a cost accounting system is as essential in the operation of a motor truck as in the conduct of any other business. Without such a system, which can b maintained with very little trouble, the truck owner is without a key to his upkeep problem. He may know from the total amounts expended that he is not getting service at as low cost as he should, but there is no way for him to know where the leak is.

Success in System.

"With a cost system, and it need not be at all elaborate, he can easily tell at the end of a week, month or year just what he is spending too much money on and how the loss may be adjusted."

This "On-Air Cure" In No-Rim-Cut Tires Costs Us $1,500 Daily

No Other Maker Employs It

Done to Save Blow-Outs

Here is another reason why Goodyear tires hold the leading place in Tiredom.

Another big and exclusive economy.

No-Rim-Cut tires are final-vulcanized on air-bags, shaped like inner tubes. All other tires are vulcanized on iron cores alone.

We cure the tires on elastic air, because they are used on air. Thus the rubber and fabric adjust themselves to actual road conditions. Every part of the fabric bears its share of the strain.

Curing involves a tremendous compression. When this is done on an iron core, the fabric often buckles. This wrinkled fabric escapes its share of the strain, and that leads to countless blow-outs.

We add to our cost $1,500 daily to save those blow-outs by this "On-Air Cure." And no other maker does that.

Our Treads Alone Are Rubber-Riveted

In the usual tire, another big item in tire upkeep is due to loosened threads.

This occurs near the breaker strip—the fabric strip at the base of the tread in every well-made tire.

We use a patent fabric, woven with hundreds of quarter-inch holes. The tread rubber is forced down through these holes. Thus hundreds of large rubber rivets are made to prevent tread separation. Then the whole tire is vulcanized en masse.

This is done in no other tire, because we have exclusive use of this patent.

How We Alone End Rim-Cutting

Then we control the No-Rim-Cut tire, which makes rim-cutting impossible.

The braided wire bands, which make this feasible, are controlled by secrecy. No one else can make them.

With clincher tires—the hooked-base tires—rim-cutting ruins almost one tire in three. This is shown by statistics lately gathered **by certified public accountants.**

No-Rim-Cut tires end this waste entirely. That we guarantee.

No Extra Price

We offer you tires that can't rim-cut—

With "On-Air Cure" to save blow-outs—

With the rubber-riveted treads—

Yet they cost you no extra price.

No-Rim-Cut tires, with these costly features, used to cost one-fifth more than clinchers. We brought the cost down by our multiplied output. Now no standard tire of any type costs less than No-Rim-Cut tires. Some lesser tires cost more.

All these economies, which we alone employ, add not one penny to the price to you. That's why Goodyear tires outsell any other tire. Our dealers are everywhere.



This shows how the fabric wrinkles unless tires are cured on air. This buckled fabric bears no strain at all. That's the main cause of blow-outs.

GOODYEAR AKRON, OHIO

No-Rim-Cut Tires

With or Without Non-Skid Treads

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AKRON, OHIO

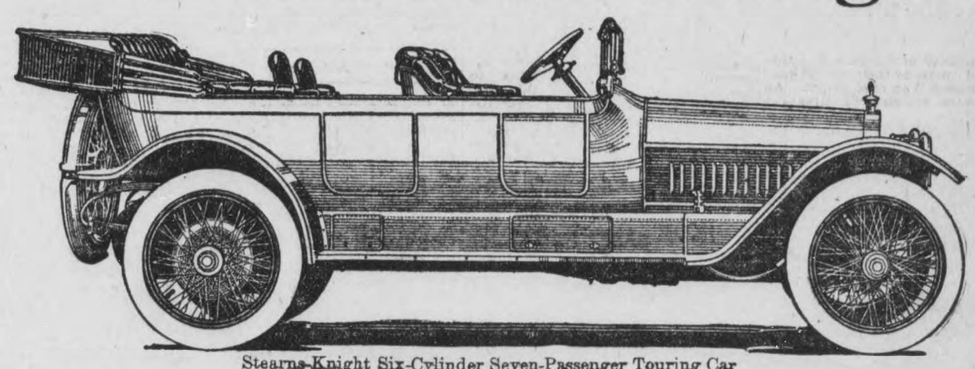
This Company has no connection whatever with any other rubber concern which uses the Goodyear name.

Branches and Agencies in 103 Principal Cities. For Sale by All Dealers.

Atlanta Branch, 223 Peachtree Street

Phone Bell Ivy 915-916. Atlanta 797

The Most Advanced Six Ever Offered--- The Stearns-Knight



Stearns-Knight Six-Cylinder Seven-Passenger Touring Car
(Wire Wheels extra)

THE new Stearns-Knight models---just received from the factory---are the finest and most complete cars ever placed upon the market. In mechanical construction and body design they combine the best ideas of American and European practice.

Power Plant
—Stearns-Knight sleeve valve motor—construction unchanged for three years.

Left Hand Drive and Center Control
—a necessary feature of every high-grade car.

Centralized Steering Column Control
—not a cumbersome affair, but a neat arrangement, small and compact, just under the wheel.

Design
—tapered hood, flush with cowl. Hood and body one unbroken surface.

Wire Wheel Option
— Rudge - Whitworth wire wheels furnished at slight extra expense.

Starting and Lighting
—the Gray & Davis system on all models.

Upholstery
—deep thick upholstery; splendid trimming throughout.

Interior Appointments
—tonneau leather trimmed, with spacious pockets and luxurious appointments.

Auxiliary Seat
—tonneau chairs exceptionally comfortable; upholstered arms.

Tool Boxes
—located under front of body, over running-board — quickly and easily accessible.

Equipment
—absolutely complete, including speedometer, Klaxon horn, electric lights, etc.

The new models are ready for your inspection and approval. The complete line embodies three-, four-, five-, six- and seven-passenger open bodies and four enclosed types---Limousine, Landaulet, Coupe and Sedan---all mounted on both four- and six-cylinder chasses.

Prices range from $4850 to $6200 for the six-cylinder models.
Four-cylinder cars $3750 to $5100.

The F. B. Stearns Company

Direct Factory Branch

546 Peachtree St. ATLANTA

BONUS FAVORED FOR TRUCK MEN WHO DRIVE CARS

G. W. Bennett Would Put Premium on Competency—Reward to Men Who Serve Well.

The bonus system for motor truck drivers, such as is now in general use in England and parts of Europe, is meeting with favor among American truck owners and manufacturers. The system is a simple one, merely providing extra compensation for those drivers who establish good records of economy and efficiency in the operation of their vehicles. Vice President G. W. Bennett of the Garford Company, of Elyria, Ohio, has gone on record in favor of the adoption of the plan in this country, declaring that the extra cost to truck owners is more than made up in lowered maintenance costs and longer life for the vehicles.

Driver's Work Important.

"The driver is a mighty important factor in successful motor truck operation, and any system whereby his carefulness of his employer's interests and his efficiency are increased will surely be welcomed by American business men," says Mr. Bennett. "While motor truck drivers are, as a class, as high-grade workmen as can be found in the world, they are bound to do better work with the added incentive of a reward for greater efficiency and economy. The same rule holds true in every business; the well-paid, appreciated employee is the one whose services will be found the most valuable to his employer.

"I am heartily in favor of the plan of offering a bonus to motor truck operators, and every fair-minded and careful owner will agree with me, I think. American employers, as a class, are progressive, and will see the desirability of rewarding extra good service.

Necessity for Economy.

"As a matter of fact, the proposition is only one of good business. Owners who will offer a suitable bonus to those drivers who effect an economy in operating and upkeep costs will find that their profit is not only of the present, but for the future. A dollar spent in rewarding a driver who makes a record of using the smallest quantity of gasoline in a given time will bring multiplied returns for months.

"Not only is the driver in such a competition after the particular monetary reward, but personal pride prompts him to continually strive for a better record than his fellows. This spirit will effect a great saving in his work, for he is unconsciously learning that conscientious effort is his one means to the end of better conditions."

FRANCE TO MAKE ALL ROADS PLAIN

Stranger Will Find Travel Easier Through Sign Help—Plan Now Tried in America.

The thousands of autoists who have been guided through the Automobile Club of Southern California territory by the club signs have considered themselves fortunate to travel on roads which were so carefully marked for their benefit. Now France is taking up the road-marking idea on a national scope, so that the foreigner may travel the highways there as easily as he would follow the auto club's signs in Southern California.

All the roads in France are divided into classes—national highways, departmental highways, chemins de grand communication, etc.—and each road bears a number. This classification is used by the authorities, who never speak of a highway as the road between Dieppe and Rouen, but as "National Highway No. —."

To indicate the position more accurately, they have only got to add "Kilometer stone No. —," or "Hundred-meter stone No. —," to make it possible for any person to find a desired spot as easily as he would pick out a numbered house in a numbered street.

Much Detail in Plan.

This system of numbering is to be given full amplification. Every kilometer post in France and every direction post under Government control will have the name and number of the road on which it stands painted in big letters and figures. This work has already been begun and will be completed before the present touring season is in full swing.

As all the Government and most private maps now bear the name and number of each road, it will be possible for a motorist to plan out a tour by merely writing down the names of the roads he has to follow, and there will be practically no need for a map when on the road. This system has been applied to a limited extent for a number of years and has been used by experienced travelers. It was not sufficiently extensive, however, to give all the help of which it is capable.

Simplicity Is Apparent.

Under the new system, a motorist wishing to make a straight run from Havre to Nice, crossing France in its greatest length, would have need of no other instructions than "R. N. 14, Paris, R. N. 7, Nice." He will keep on R. N. 14 (Route Nationale 14) until it brings him to Paris; on leaving the capital he would pick up R. N. 7, and would follow it until it brought him to Nice, thus accomplishing a journey of 900 miles without any need for a map and without any necessity for asking a question.

As the name of the road on which he is traveling is brought before him every five-eighths of a mile, it would be practically impossible to make a mistake. Should he make a wrong turn in a village, his mistake would be revealed to him at the most five-eighths mile farther on.

1914

Overland $950

35 horsepower Electric lights 114-inch wheelbase

Again the price comes down—

—again the value goes up!

—again we prove the power and possibilities of large production.

Last year we built 40,000 cars. This was not enough for the demand by nearly 10,000 cars. This year we will manufacture 50,000 cars (twice as many as we did two years ago), cover the car with additional value and what will strike you as most remarkable, **MAKE THE PRICE LOWER THAN EVER.** Such is the net economical result of manufacturing one type of automobile on an enormous scale.

You who have followed our success from season to season have watched our annual models grow in value and decline in price. And as our prices came down our production went up. We have always and unfailingly given the public more automobile for less money than any other manufacturer in the industry.

Here are the big 1914 facts!

The motor has been enlarged. The bore is 4 1-8 inch—stroke 4 1-2 inch. It is conservatively rated at 35 horsepower and will develop 50 miles an hour. It has a five bearing crankshaft and three bearings on the camshaft.

The wheelbase has been lengthened to 114 inches. This, as you know, is the average wheelbase of $1,200 cars. And a long wheelbase eliminates road jars and rut jolts.

The tires are larger—33x4 inch Q. D. Large tires insure less upkeep expense, smoother operation and add to the appearance of the car.

The body design is symmetrical and graceful. It will appeal to those who admire the beauty of simplicity. It has a European cowl dash and full U doors (fore and rear) with disappearing hinges. The body is richly finished in dark Brewster green, edged with lighter green stripings and trimmed in heavy polished nickel and aluminum.

The upholstery is Turkish—soft, luxurious and comfortable. The rear back-cushion is 18 1-4 inches deep.

$950 Completely Equipped

Specifications and Equipment.

With Gray & Davis Electric Starter and Generator—$1075 f. o. b. Toledo.

Electric head, side and tail lights	Brewster green body with light green striping, nickel and aluminum trimmings
Storage battery and ammeter	Cowl dash
35-horsepower motor	Turkish upholstery
114-inch wheelbase	Mohair top and boot
Timken bearings	Clear-vision windshield
Splitdorf magneto	Stewart speedometer
Model R Schebler carburetor	Electric horn
Three-quarter floating rear axle	Flush U doors with disappearing hinges
33x4 Q. D. tires	

Brakes are very large. Respond gradually, positively and smoothly without jumping or jerking. Either brake will keep the car under perfect control at any speed with a full load.

Rear axle is three-quarter floating, fitted with the famous Hyatt bearings. Front axle is I beam section drop-forged in one heat without welding. Timken bearings on front wheels.

The equipment is the pick of the market—and is complete. It includes such high-priced features as one of the finest electric lighting systems with storage battery. Head, side and tail lights are electric. Dash light is also electric. All light and control buttons are located on the dash under the cowl. Set flush with the dash is a $50 Stewart speedometer—the most practical speed indicator in the world. Timken bearings, Splitdorf magneto, Model R Schebler carburetor, Electric horn, 18-inch Steering Wheel, Mohair top and boot, and a clear-vision windshield are a few of the many other finishing touches that go to make it the car complete.

The foregoing is but a short digest of the newest Overland, yet it concisely itemizes and sums up the greater Overland value. When you fully realize what an exceptional and economical buy the 1914 Overland is—after the great value facts have become firmly lodged in your commercial and calculating brain, remember this—**THAT IN THE VERY FACE OF THIS INCREASED VALUE THE PRICE HAS AGAIN COME DOWN.**

Price reduction is a condition that is controlled and regulated by factory facilities—the larger the manufacturer the lower he can market his merchandise. As we are producing more cars of this type than any other manufacturer in the world, we can effect industrial economies which make it possible for us to market a car that will, on the average, cost you 30 per cent less than any other similar model.

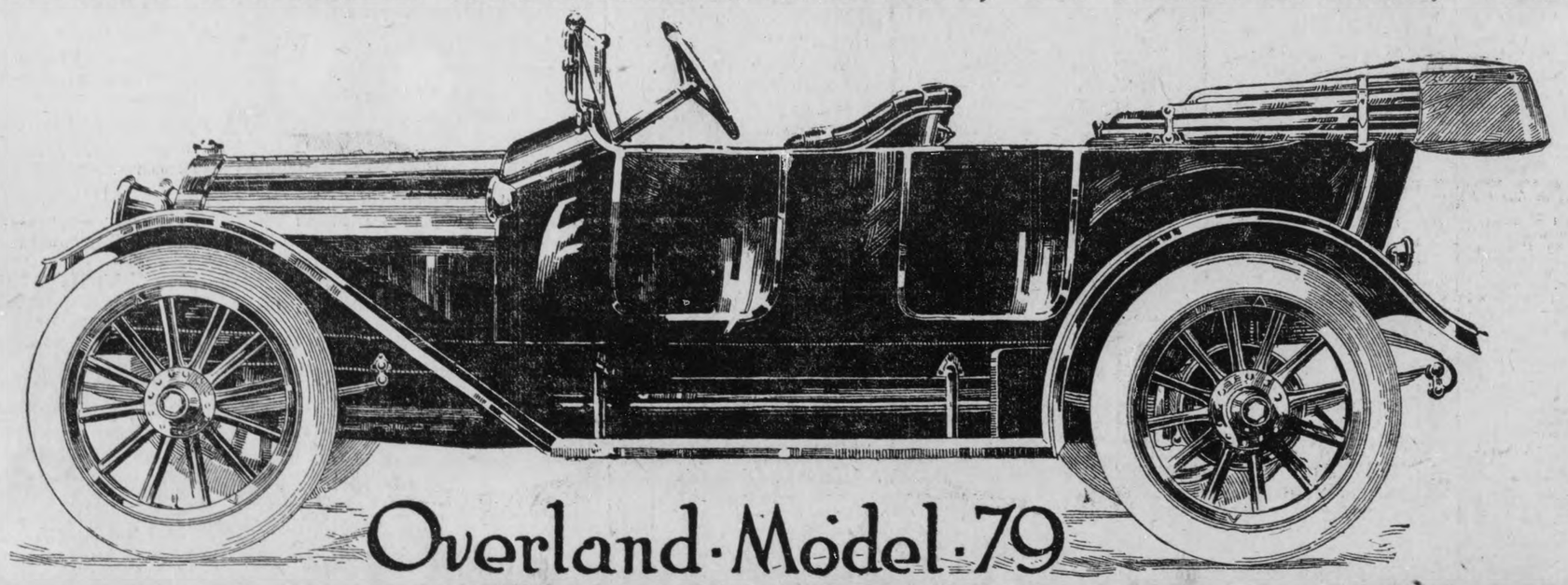
Now—see this car.

Deliveries will be made according to the action you take. Prompt action means prompt delivery.

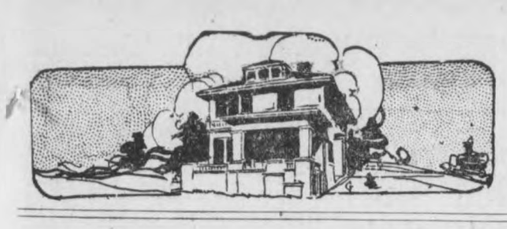
Live, hustling agents, who will handle this car upon a legitimate businesslike basis, can easily earn a comfortable income.

Car is now touring the State. Wire request for a visit.

OVERLAND SOUTHERN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY, 232 Peachtree Street, Atlanta

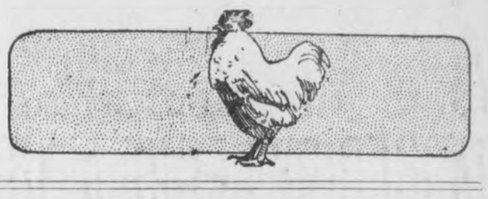


Overland·Model·79



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Real Estate, Want Ads, Financial



ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913.

Want Anything?

TELEPHONE

Main / Atlanta 100

Telephone clerk will take your ad, and, if requested, assist you in wording, or will write the ad for you—that's his business. He will also make it as brief as possible to obtain the results desired. In order to accommodate customers accounts will be opened by phone, but you will make payments promptly after publication or when bills are presented by mail.

Classified Advertising Rates:

1 insertion .....10c a line
3 insertions..... 6c a line
7 insertions..... 5c a line
30 insertions.....4½c a line
90 insertions..... 4c a line

No advertisements taken for less than the cost of two lines. Six words make a line.

To protect your interests as well as ours, an order to discontinue an ad will not be accepted over the phone. Please make order to discontinue in writing.

TELEPHONE

Both Phones 100

LITTLE ADS THAT BRING BIG RESULTS

RAILWAY SCHEDULES.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

"PREMIER CARRIER OF THE SOUTH."

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF PASSENGER TRAINS, ATLANTA.

The following schedule figures are published only as information, and are not guaranteed:

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
36	Birmingh'm ..12:01 am	36	New York....12:15 am
35	New York..... 5:00 am	40	Columbus ..... 5:20 am
13	Jacksonville .. 5:30 am	48	Cincinnati ..... 5:40 am
48	Washington .. 5:25 am	32	Fort Valley.. 7:15 am
12	Shreveport .... 6:50 am	35	Birmingh'm.. 8:50 am
16	Heflin ..... 8:20 am	7	Chatt'ga .... 6:40 am
29	New York.....11:15 am	12	Richmond .... 6:55 am
8	Chatt'ga ..... 10:35 am	23	Kansas City. 7:00 am
17	Macon ..... 10:40 am	15	Brunswick .. 7:45 am
17	Fort Valley...10:45 am	29	Birmingh'm 11:30 am
21	Columbus ....10:50 am	38	New York.....11:01 am
6	Cincinnati ....11:10 am	40	Charlotte ....12:00 n'n
29	Columbus ..... 1:40 pm	6	Macon ..... 1:20 pm
20	Birmingh'm .. 2:30 pm	30	Columbus ....12:20 pm
40	Birmingh'm .12:40 pm	30	New York..... 2:45 pm
39	Charlotte ..... 3:55 pm	15	Chatt'ga ..... 3:00 pm
5	Macon ..... 4:00 pm	39	Birmingh'm. 4:10 pm
37	New York..... 5:00 pm	18	Toccoa ..... 4:30 pm
15	Brunswick .... 7:50 pm	22	Columbus .... 5:10 pm
12	Richmond ..... 8:15 pm	5	Cincinnati .... 5:10 pm
24	Kansas City.. 9:20 pm	23	Fort Valley.. 5:20 pm
16	Chatt'ga ..... 9:35 pm	25	Heflin ..... 5:45 pm
19	Columbus ....10:20 pm	10	Macon ..... 8:30 pm
31	Fort Valley... 1:00 am	34	Washington.. 8:45 pm
14	Cincinnati ....11:00 pm	24	Jacksonville.. 9:30 pm
23	Jacksonville .. 6:50 am	11	Shreveport ..11:10 pm
17	Toccoa ..... 8:10 am	14	Jacksonville..11:10 pm

All trains run daily. Central time.

City Ticket Office No. 1 Peachtree St.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE Colored Labor Day Association will not be responsible for any debts or contracts not authorized by an order signed by the president. C. M. Tanner.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

To Chiefs and Members of Comanche Tribe, No. 6:

You are requested to meet at the Red Men's Wigwam, 86 Central avenue, Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock, August 17, 1913, for purpose of attending funeral of our deceased brother, A. J. Grubbs. Funeral services at H. M. Patterson's Chapel. Interment Hollywood Cemetery. Brothers of other tribes invited to attend.

SAM DUNLAP, Sachem.
Attest: HENRY H. GREEN, Chief of Records.

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED from 22 Bonaventure avenue, Friday night, 3½-months-old male Boston bull terrier, white markings under throat and on breast. Phone John F. Toole, Ivy 4032.

LOST—Traveling man's sample case containing machinery catalogue, etc. Cash reward. Ivy 6862. Charles F. Ames.

LOST—Near Capital City Club or West Peachtree street man's watch fob, gold locket. Masonic emblem, engraved; monogram "W. W. S." Return to J. P. Allen & Co. Reward.

LOST—Saturday morning, downtown section, pocketbook containing cash, notes, railroad ticket, Shrine card and other valuable papers, bearing signature of J. N. McClure. Finder will please return to 407 Gould Bldg., and receive reward.

LOST—Thursday evening between Peachtree and West Harris, an automobile crank handle. Finder please call Ivy 5387.

LOST—Will the party who found a ladies' black moire pocket book containing several dollars and receipts on West Peachtree car Friday morning please phone M. 3012-J? Reward.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, either on car or Peachtree street between Candler Building and Eiseman Bros. store. Initials "L. H." on watch. Liberal reward if returned to Miss L. Thompson at Eiseman Bros., 13 Whitehall street.

LOST—Tuesday morning, between Courtland and Piedmont, plain gold bracelet. Return to 39 Currier street. Reward.

LOST—Wednesday night on Luckie street car, in the Vaudette or Alamo or on Whitehall, a gold crescent brooch, Friday morning a prayer book on East Hunter car. Reward if returned to Miss M. E. O'Donnell, 94 Hill St.

LOST—$110 in bills, between Edgewood avenue and 289 Fort street. Liberal reward will be given for their return to M. P. Watts, 289 Fort street.

LOST—Ladies' card case, engraved "M. L. H." Finder return to 537 Equitable Bldg. Reward.

LOST—On Whitehall street, August 13, gold crescent brooch with cross of pearls. Reward. Phone M. 3184-L.

LOST—Bunch of keys along with patent belt fastener, early Friday morning; probably on Gordon street, Whitehall street car, or on Peachtree street in vicinity of Edgewood avenue. Reward will be paid if returned to George J. Auer, Edgewood Ave. office of The Georgian.

LOST—Between Westview Cemetery and 390 Rawson street, Sunday afternoon, ladies' gold watch; monogram on back and inside "Albert to Mary, 1912." Reward. 390 Rawson street.

LOST—Ladies' small gold open face watch; monogram D. L.; on Richardson, Washington street or Woodward avenue, Monday, August 11. Reward if returned to 228 Richardson.

LOST—Bunch of keys. Return to O. B. Oakes, 71 Capitol Ave. Reward.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—One blue enamel gold bar pin. Finder please phone Ivy 6047, or call at 87 West Fifteenth street.

LOST—On Eads street, ladies' size solid gold Elgin watch, August 7. Reward. teturn 197 Ira St.

LOST—One diamond and sapphire ring left in smoker A., B. and A. train near Manchester Saturday afternoon, August 9th. Liberal reward. Communicate with Maier & Berkele, Inc., Atlanta, Ga.

LOST—August 6, carved platinum gold back diamond set bar pin; liberal reward. Phone Main 2382-J.

$100 REWARD—Stolen on July 29, from the Pryor street entrance to Candler Building, Atlanta, Ga., one Cadillac touring car; factory number 44851; four-cylinder 30-horsepower 1912 model; Georgia State license No. 21836; $100 reward will be paid by the undersigned for information resulting in recovery of said car and conviction of thieves. Signed J. Adjustment Bureau, Equitable Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

W. M. COX cleans all kinds of carpets, rugs a specialty. Ivy 3135-J, Atlanta 1818. 146 Auburn Ave. 7-20-81

LOST—Small black purse containing dress goods samples, sixteen dollars in bills and small change, Tuesday afternoon, between Brown & Allen's and M. Rich's. Finder please call Ivy 2380. Liberal reward.

PERSONAL.

Do You Want a Divorce?

IF YOUR present husband does not think enough of you to have your Range or Heating Stove repaired, call us up and we will be glad to apear as expert witnesses.

Atlanta Stove Supply Co.
101 NORTH FORSYTH STREET.

GENTLEMAN, 35, of good character, appearance and means, wishes lady acquaintance; object, matrimony. Address Lonesome, P. O. Box 808, City.

ACREAGE—FOR SALE.

100 ACRES of land, close-in, to trade for home and renting property, or will trade for a first-class apartment house and other smaller property. Land, Box 8 care American.

PERSONAL.

MONEY TO LEND on first mortgages, or will buy purchase money notes—first or second liens; money in hand. Money, Box 12, care American.

LADIES—When delayed or irregular, use Triumph Pills. Always dependable. "Relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis.

LADIES—Sanderson's Cotton Root Pills, safe and sure cure for delayed periods; price $2; money refunded if it fails. Dr. T. Pierce, San Francisco, Cal.

FREE READING by stars on all subjects. Nothing kept back. Send birthdate of time. Address Frank Schuberger, Weir, Kans.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

LADIES TO SEW at home for a large Philadelphia firm; good money; steady work; no canvassing; send stamped envelope for prices paid. Universal Co., Dept. 68, Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 6-8-8

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FAST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

VIRGIN SNOW is not whiter than your complexion will be after you have used Peach Blow, the matchless skin bleach and skin food preparation. If your skin is discolored from any cause, write at once for full free particulars and special offer now being made by the Brittain Company, McMinnville, Tenn.

TWO young ladies, experienced barbers, desire to take charge of barber shop in city or small town on commission or guaranteed salary. Call or write. Address A. Herod, 403 Vance avenue, Memphis, Tenn.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

ARE you addicted to the liquor habit? Send $5 and get one month's treatment; consultation free. Silver Medicine Co., P. O. Box 702, Buffalo, N. Y.

WOMAN DETECTIVE.

IF you need an honest, experienced detective, employ a woman. Address Woman Detective, 15 Woodward avenue, or phone Main 1059-J.

A BEAUTIFUL woman finds the world at her feet; all women can become beautiful. Write us. We will advise you. Goss-Wheeler Spec. Co., 15 Ex. Pla., Passaic, N. J.

LADIES—Sanderson's Cotton Root Pills; safe and sure cure for delayed periods; price $2; money refunded if it fails. Address Dr. T. Pierce, San Francisco, Cal.

CALL on TeBow Bros for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

WANTED! STOP! LISTEN!

SEE O. I. CHAMBERS for papering, tinting and painting. 297 Cooper street.

$100 REWARD—Ladies, our monthly compound never disappoints, safely relieves longest, most obstinate, abnormal cases of suppressed menstruation in three days. Price $2. Southern Remedy Company, Memphis, Tenn.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

HAT SALE—Trimmed hats, $1.50 to $5.00; cutting hats, 75c; imported horsehair hats, $3.98; black hats, malline and lace trimmed. Remodeling hats specialty, $1.50. Panamas cleaned. Mrs. C. H. Smith, 115 Peachtree, next to Candler Bldg.

Velvet ICE CREAM PURE, SMOOTH DELICIOUS
Velvet Ice Cream Co., Phone Ivy 6849.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, homelike. Limited number of patients cared for. Home provided for infants. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor street.

SERIOUS RESULTS come from trusses improperly fitted. John B. Daniel, at 34 Wall street, has an expert fitter and it will cost you no more to have him fit you, and it means insurance.

MATRIMONIAL.

MANUFACTURER, 41, comfortably situated, would marry. N-Box 35, League, Toledo, Ohio.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—All-round drug store man. Gunn's Pharmacy, Columbus, Ga.

WANTED—Boy with bicycle Monday morning. 539 Whitehall St.

WANTED—Young man thoroughly familiar with making round and oval pasteboard boxes. Address D. W., care Georgian.

WANTED—Two carpenters. Apply at Lakewood Heights. Take South Side transit cars, 6:30 and 7:15 Monday and Tuesday.

HUSTLING young man, fully reliable, has wife, no children, wants work; would work truck or general farm; can help gather present crop. Address B, care Edward Barnett, Macon, Ga.

BE A DETECTIVE—Big pay, easy work; wonderful opportunities. No experience required. Travel over the world. Write Fidelity Secret Service, 30 Fourteenth street, Wheeling, W. Va.

MEN of good character to study pharmacy; great demand for our graduates, at good salaries, than we can supply. Rates very reasonable. Address Dr. George F. Payne, president, 253 Courtland street, Atlanta, Ga.

BE A DETECTIVE; earn $150 to $300 per month; travel over the world. Write Supt. Ludwig, 611 Westover Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WRITE moving picture plays; $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details free. Atlas Publishing Co., M-97, Cincinnati, Ohio.

GOVERNMENT examinations. Most thorough preparation, $5. Returned if not appointed. Particulars free. American Civil Service School, Washington, D. C. 25-6-7

IF YOU CAN SELL life insurance I want you. Address or write Insurance, 42 Inman building.

WILLIAMS School of Practical Tailoring for Colored; cutting and drafting; full course in three months. Rates reasonable. Start now. Finish in time for position in fall season. 200 Auburn, Atlanta.

SUCCESSFUL salesmen, working small towns, can increase their earnings by placing our punch board assortments (jewelry, cutlery, chocolate, gum). We take back unsold goods. Can use only men now employed. State territory. We want men capable of earning $50 per week and we want them now. Now, Box 3, care Georgian.

PULLMAN porters wanted; give references. For information write Box 921, care Georgian, Atlanta, Ga.

MEN—$50 weekly selling needle cases through my "trust scheme" method. Easy work. No talking necessary. Sample, care Georgian.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks, $75 to $150 per month. Details free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 49-F, Rochester, N. Y.

WE START YOU in business, furnishing everything; men and woman; $30 to $200 weekly operating our "New System Specialty Candy Factories," home or small room anywhere. Lifetime, care Georgian.

WANTED—Two men to travel; experience not necessary. 508-509 Peters Building.

ADVERTISING salesman wanted to sell parcel post maps to business houses for Oklahoma, Kansas, Arkansas and Missouri. Address with references and self-addressed envelope, Post Maps, care Georgian.

HILBURN HOTEL,

10 AND 12 WALTON STREET.
FOR GENTLEMEN only; center of city, near new postoffice; rate 50c, 75c and $1.

NO experience required. Hundreds of positions open paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year; position assured where you can earn good wages while you learn. Write Dept. 460 care Georgian.

GET THIS WINNER, boys; 100 per cent profit; sure and rapid seller; particulars free. Winner-100, care Georgian.

YES, shave 10c, hair cut 15c, massage 15c, at 41 Marietta street, 4 E. Mitchell, 115 Edgewood avenue, 99 Whitehall, 52 Ivy. Best white workmen. Clean linen. Baths 15c. 6-21-5

BIG PROFITS for you; manufacture barley crisp; new confection. Our package costs you 1c. Machine, instructions complete, $7.50 prepaid. Send 10c for samples. Barley, Box 97, care Georgian.

DOUBLE your income selling guaranteed knit goods for largest manufacturer in America; write for free outfit and particulars of greatest moneymaking proposition ever offered. Knit, Box 2, care Georgian.

$100 WEEKLY PROFIT in spare time at home; mail order business—don't worry about capital. Boyd H. Brown, Omaha, Nebr.

WANTED—Fifty young men to obtain the data for the 1913 city directory; must be clean and sober, able to write a very plain, legible hand, and be recommended by some business man. Apply by letter only, written by yourself. Do not call in person or by phone. Atlanta City Directory Company.

WANTED—First-class colored cook; male; must be well recommended. Inquire 9 to 10 a. m., 501 Peters building.

WANTED—Finish carpenter; work guaranteed; non-union men; steady job; drop card to G. C. Furtick, Swansea, S. C.

WANTED—Colored men to prepare as sleeping car porters and train porters. If you wish position near Atlanta, write immediately. No experience necessary. Inclose stamp. Address Inter Railway, care Georgian.

INDUSTRIAL life and accident agents can make liberal contract with us; our policies are payable monthly; no lapses. North American Accident Insurance Co., 16 Liberty St., New York.

A YOUNG MAN, over 21 years of age, to act as salesman and learn the real estate business; quick promotion; an opportunity to make $25 to $100 per week. For particulars ask for Mr. Anderson, 1107 Empire Life (Flat Iron) Bldg.

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become trained salesmen and learn while earning; write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED — First-class, experienced drug store man; license not required; must be neat in appearance; reference requested. Apply Williams Drug Co., Woodberry, Ga.

WANTED—To employ one reliable carpenter or cabinet-maker in every town (large or small) and city; good pay; references. William G. Kinney, 1151 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN WANTED to sell high-grade food product. Must be well recommended. Give references and experience in first letter. S. S., care Georgian.

MOTORDROME—Wanted, riders with motorcycles, for portable motordrome; season's work and good salary. General Amusement Co., 440 Eddy St., Newark, Ohio.

WANTED—Machinist apprentice of two years or more; steady work for the right man. Apply Atlanta Paper Co., corner Moore street and Georgia Railway.

MOUNTERS—Hand work on picture frames; steady work for good men; state experience. C. F. Nast & Co., 1816 W. Fulton St., Chicago, Ill.

FOREMAN WANTED—A first-class bed spring man; references must be furnished Refer to the C. L. Greeno Co., of Cincinnati, for reference in regard to references. Emmons Brothers, Meridian, Miss.

WANTED—A-1 first-class barbecue man. Apply 11 Peters street.

WANTED—First-class finishers to work in finishing room. Apply Southern Upholstering Co., corner Jefferson and Echo Sts.

WANTED a first-class short order cook. Address The Holland, 164½ Clayton st., Athens, Ga.

BOY, 15 years old, to work in grocery. Box 378 care Georgian.

STENO-BOOKKEEPER—COMPETENT YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS BOOKKEEPING WRITES GOOD HAND, ACCURATE IN FIGURES. ADDRESS GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED, "R. M.," P. O. BOX 1575, CITY.

YOUNG MAN, over 21, to sell lots, $200 to $500, on terms; overlooking Druid Hills; a good chance to pick up some easy money; no experience necessary. See Mr Merrill, 1109 Empire Life Bldg.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Teach you in a short while. Position furnished. Complete course; $30 salary while learning. Call or write. Southern Barber College, 151 Decatur street.

WANTED—Men capable of selling a new speculative proposition of great merit; better than land, lots or stocks. Creta Co., 320 Flateau Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

WANTED—Jewelry installment salesman. Local reference required. Call 610 Gould Building.

WANTED—Experienced wood turner and bench man. Give references. Address Lumber, Box 196, Macon, Ga.

WANTED—Competent draughtsman for permanent position. State experience and salary expected. Address Draughtsman, P. O. Box 1155, Atlanta.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Good plumbers. Steady work, good pay, open shop. Address W. E., Box 783, care Georgian.

FOR Colored Southern Automobile School, day and night classes. Corner Magnolia and Hulsey streets.

DISTRICT MANAGERS to handle a high-grade health and accident insurance proposition; best policies and most liberal agency contracts to live men. Royal, Box 84, care Georgian.

WANTED—Two route boys, about 16; good salary. Apply 3:30 p. m., Georgian Substation, 27 W. Mitchell and Davis Sts.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; tools and position furnished. Atlanta Barber College, 10 E. Mitchell St.

WANTED—Combination ruler, forwarder and finisher; steady position. The Paragon Press, Montgomery, Ala.

POOL AND BILLIARDS.

DO YOU PLAY POOL? If you do, you better see "Bias" at the Terminal Hotel Pool Parlor. He will treat you right; 35c in checks for 25c; excellent tables; good cues and a clever bunch of boys.

WANTED—Young men to learn pharmacy this fall; demands for our graduates exceed supply; next session begins October 1. Southern College of Pharmacy, 81 Luckie St., Atlanta.

NEW, patented, self-feeding, sanitary oil mop; wonderful seller; widely advertised; big demand; demonstrate and sale is made; your territory open; write quick. Sanitary, care Georgian.

70c PROFIT on every sale; biggest seller of the season; every woman instantly attracted; you will make big money. We start you at our expense. Milton, Box 36, care Georgian.

POSTAL brings free "Monthly Directory" (illustrated); contains details newest, best-selling specialties and money-making propositions of responsible concerns. Postal, care Georgian.

DON'T KILL YOURSELF working if you are run down; move West and regain that lost health. We help you secure position. Southwestern Information Bureau, P. O. B. 1058, El Paso, Texas.

MAKE $10 a day selling rugs at $1 each; cost agents 55c; size 36 by 68; sell from one to six at each house. Something every housewife wants. Three full size rugs for samples for $1.65. Commerce, Box 12, care American.

A SUMMER Gold Mine For Agents—Preserve Ice Blankets cut ice bills in half; sanitary and odorless; retail 25c; agents make 100 per cent. Write to-day. G. care Atlanta Georgian.

WANTED, MEN—Legitimate substitute for slot machines; patented. Sells on sight for $1. Particulars. Gisha, Box 47, care Georgian.

FIELD unlimited for this rapid seller; agents get rich with it. Every one needs it. Nine out of ten will buy. Send to-day for proofs. They will astonish you. 100 per cent profit. Box 75, care Georgian.

WE have new leader. Big profits earned quickly. Write for free sample and new summer catalogue. Alive, care American and Georgian.

OUR MAGNET shears locates needles and pins; threads any needle; wonderful seller; splendid profits; your territory open; write quick for free sample and see what a business. Magnetic, Box 36, care Georgian.

TO SELL on commission basis, men or women, line brassieres, pads, bust forms; national reputation. State references. Apply Sex, care Georgian.

WHY LONGER endure inside drudgery? Be our representative doing outside, healthful work. Own boss. $20 daily profit not unusual. Experience unnecessary. G. Macy, sales manager, 640 Lytle street, Chicago.

LARGE company desires at once representative in this territory to look after its big interests and customers in this territory; good salaried position for the man that makes good; position permanent. Address R. P., care Georgian.

MEN wanted to sell the best article on the market. Good money in it and easy to sell. 100 per cent profit. Send postal for particulars to R. J., care Georgian.

500 PER CENT PROFIT—Sliding casters; necessity every home; child can attach; saves floors, carpets, furniture. Hotels, restaurants buy in gross lots. Cost 2½c, sell 15c. Agents making $25 to $100 every week. Samples free. Box 468, care Georgian.

SELL BY MAIL—Pleasant, profitable business means independence; start spare time; co-operate with established corporation. We furnish best sellers. Factory prices. Valuable booklet free. Box 98-A, care Georgian.

HERE is the one live agents' seller of the year; needed in every home, office and factory; sells on sight; a sure repeater; 100 per cent profit; send a postal for particulars. C. O. E., care Georgian.

WOULD YOU take steady job making $30 weekly with opportunity to be district manager at $3,000 yearly? No experience required. My goods are snappy, self sellers. Make big money quick by writing me to-day. Manager, Box 3, care Georgian.

BE the first in your territory selling Anderson's Vegetable Soap and Beautifying Cream. Profits large; steady income from repeat orders. K., care American and Georgian

BONANZA—Quick selling new specialty; people everywhere buy; hustlers wanted; write to-day. A-30, this paper.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; great demand for barbers; big wages; easy work; short time required; expert instructions; tools given; earn while learning. Write for free catalogue. Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie street, Atlanta.

RELIABLE men wanted to handle new live-wire proposition; easy, rapid, sure seller; big repeater. Reliable, Box 15, care American and Georgian.

SELL rich-looking imported 36 by 68 rugs, $1 each. Carter, Tennessee, sold 115 in four days; profit, $57. You can do same. Write for sample offer selling plan; exclusive territory. Sample rug by parcel post prepaid, 98 cents. Condan, Box 44, care American and Georgian.

STOP selling old, worn-out lines; something new—good for $50 a week and more. Write for our proposition to exclusive agents. A. S., Box 52, care Georgian.

FREE SAMPLES—Prosperity for all men, women, the bold, the timid; experience unnecessary; any boy can quit make $3 day up; any man or woman make $5 day up. Success guaranteed or money refunded. R. Q., care Georgian.

FOR this territory; begin August 15; splendid line for all classes of stores. Permanent position. Commission contract. Expenses advanced right man. Territory, care Georgian.

$25 a week for two hours' work a day; brand new hosiery proposition that beats them all. Write for terms and free samples if you mean business. Terms, Box 88, care Georgian.

MAKE 500 per cent profit selling "Novelty Sign Cards." Merchants buy 10 to 100 on sight; 800 varieties; catalog free. Catalogue, care American and Georgian

CAPABLE salesman familiar with architects, large building or manufacturing trade in this territory for quality line building paints and specialties; excellent connection to right man. Address, stating qualifications and experience, Capable, 16, care Georgian.

HUSTLING, high-priced salesmen can make permanent connection, paying $300 to $600 monthly. New, snappy proposition, sure winner with general retail trade. $40 weekly for expenses. Worthy of investigation. Commercial, C-2, care Georgian.

$500 monthly; tremendous demand now for Woodward power tire pump; latest auto accessory; agents "cleaning up" everywhere; quick action necessary. Get Busy, care Georgian.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

HELP WANTED—MALE.

PORTRAIT MEN—Write us for copy of new catalog; solar and bromide prints made in twenty-four hours' time; we have two convexing machines, eleven artists and 5,000 wood and metal frames. Write at once. A., 900, care Georgian.

EXPERIENCED salesmen to sell premium service backed by strongest possible testimony from present users, showing it unequaled as a trade builder to retail merchants; exclusive territory; permanent connection worth $100 weekly and renewal commissions. Weekly, Box 9, care Georgian.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY stenographer and office assistant; state salary expected and references. Address Box 888, care Georgian.

WE HAVE AN OPENING out of town for a refined woman who can meet refined people. Call for Sales Manager, 916 Austell Bldg., City.

WANTED—Ladies to act as agents for a sure paying ladies' necessity; sells on sight to every lady. H. T. Grady Co., Atlanta.

WANTED—Lady representative; whole or part of time; our famous "Knit-top" Form-Fitting Petticoats assure good, immediate, permanent income; sells on sight; experience unnecessary. Prompt reply secures exclusive territory. No "dealer" competition. Spelman & Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Saleslady; must have at least two years experience in dry goods, shoes. Good salary. Apply Lester's, 776 Marietta.

WRITE moving picture plays; $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details free. Atlas Publishing Company, F-97, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WRITE moving picture plays; $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details, free. Atlas Publishing Company, F-97, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—Lady to do filing, typewriting, etc., in an office. Stenography not required. Prefer one who is settled and has good education. Call for Mr. B., at 1014 Candler Building, Monday between 9 and 10.

LADIES make shields at home, $10 per hundred. Work sent prepaid to reliable women. Particulars for stamped addressed envelope. Eureka Company, Dept 107-C, Kalamazoo, Mich.

EXPERIENCED power-sewing machine operators to make wash dresses and middy blouses. Our work is light and the pay is liberal and operators that have made shirts, overalls or any garment in a factory have little trouble making good money the first week. We can guarantee steady work all the year. Enterprise Mfg. Co., 38 1-2 W. Alabama St.

WANTED—A reliable woman to cook and help with housework. Apply 316 Myrtle street.

WANTED—First-class maid who is not afraid of work. Good references required; $4 week. Apply 7 West Eighth street.

ONE or two energetic young ladies to act as salesladies and learn the real estate business. An opportunity to make $25 to $50 per week. Ask for Mr. Anderson, 1107 Empire Life (Flat Iron) Bldg., 8 to 10 a. m.

COLORED WOMEN agents for wonderworking Palmer's Skin Whitener. Start own business, 100 per cent profit. $1.50 outfit free to responsible agents. Write to-day, giving references, Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga. 1-25-3

WANTED—A good cook. Apply with references 222 Waverly way.

WOMEN WANTED to act as agents for an article all women need; fine profits. Make $25 weekly sure. Write quick for particulars. Address The American Specialty Company, 404 Park avenue, Sherman, Tex.

PAPER BOX HELP—We want experienced help on covering machines and table hands. Paragon Box Company, corner Alabama and Pryor streets.

WANTED—Colored woman to cook and do general housework. Main 5424-L.

WANTED—White nurse to care for two small children, to live and help in house. Attractive, pleasant place for responsible party. Phone Ivy 3649-L.

MILLINERS WANTED.

THE J. REGENSTEIN CO., 40 Whitehall street, can use the services of ten high-class, competent milliners to fill out-of-town positions. Apply Wholesale Department.

WANTED—At once, four experienced millinery saleslades; no others need apply. Mrs. E. M. Buchanan, 342 Edgewood Ave.

WANTED—Intelligent woman to act as companion for lady; must understand housekeeping and be willing to travel occasionally; must have good references. Address R. Z., care Georgian.

WANTED—A first-class white woman cook for tea room work; must be a hustler. Address The Holland, 164½ Clayton st., Athens, Ga.

WANTED—Young lady to sell lots $200 to $500, on terms; overlooking Druid Hills. A good chance to pick up easy money. No experience necessary. See Mr. Merrill, 1109 Empire Life Bldg.

WANTED—Colored girl for housework. Apply 58 Bass street.

WANTED—Bright, clever woman to secure members for Junior League of America; pleasant and profitable employment; in and out of city. Call Room 916 Austell Bldg., City, after 9 a. m.

WANTED—Lady canvassers. Call 9 to 10. 610 Gould Building.

WANTED—Young women and girls desiring attractive positions. Welfare of operators and clerks closely supervised by the company; their conduct on the premises carefully guarded by matron, woman supervisors and chief operator, who have complete control over the retiring and operating rooms. Short training course for those inexperienced; salary paid while learning. Salary increased upon being transferred to operating force, and for those becoming efficient, increased as they become worthy, with opportunities for ultimate advancement of $75 per month. References proving the standing of the applicant essential. Those having educational advantages preferred. Lunch room and comfortable retiring rooms provided with several hundred Carnegie Library books for the convenience of the operators. Matron and trained nurse in attendance. Apply 8:30 to 5. Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company Training School, 25 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—A competent cook for two people. 69 Windsor street.

GIRLS LEARN MILLINERY; best trade on earth for women; pays $60 to $100 a month. Write Ideal School of Millinery, 100½ Whitehall street. We make over and retrim hats free.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS OPEN TO WOMEN. Write for free list. Franklin Institute, Dept. 602-F, Rochester, N. Y.

PICTURE PLAYS.

WRITE MOVING PICTURE PLAYS ONE hour after you receive instructions you will be able to write. Information free. Al Bartlett Film Co., Rhodes Bldg

YOUR "Lost and Found" ads will be taken over phone. Advertise for your articles in The Georgian and have them returned to you.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

HELP WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE.

SPECIAL WORK for stenographers and office men. Send 10c for contract and details. Good pay to right parties. Postal Law Bureau, Station A, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WANTED,
Cotton Mill Help
SPINNERS AND FRAME HANDS ESPECIALLY.
High Wages.
Fulton Bag & Cotton Mills,
Atlanta, Ga.

WE HAVE several good positions for first-class stenographers. Apply Remington Typewriter Company, 56 North Broad.

PLEASANT, permanent position offered to competent men and women securing new members for modern fraternal order. Write The Patricians, Athens, Ga.

MEN and women, now is the time to learn the barber trade; good wages paid; we teach modern methods; tools furnished; jobs in our shops when competent; call or address Jacksonville Barber College, 822 West Bay street, Jacksonville, Fla.

TEACHERS WANTED.

DURING the next few weeks we will need a number of first-class teachers for emergency calls. Sheridan's Teachers' Agency, 307 Candler Building.

MANY GOOD openings yet. Write for particulars. Foster's Teachers' Agency, Atlanta, Ga.

EDUCATIONAL.

WILL coach limited number of pupils. Best references. Reasonable rates. Ivy 2591-L.

MUSICAL.

WANTED—Piano pupils. 37 East Alexander street. Ivy 7070-J.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

WAYS to make money easy! Quick! Particulars free. Address Box 400, care American and Georgian.

AGENTS—Just out. Hot weather seller; self-heating iron; 1c does a week's ironing; light in weight; low priced; credit given. Sample free to workers. Address Iron, care American.

AGENTS—Salesmen—Monthly directory of newest, best selling specialties sent free. Address Distributor, Box 53, care American.

WANTED—Four salesmen to sell Carroll-Adams shoes, Grenfield & Sons' silks, ribbons, etc.; dry goods of all kinds. Address Box 366, care Georgian.

REPRESENTATIVE, individual or jobber, to market high-grade structural steel and industrial paint; exclusive Atlanta territory; commission basis, only those with ability to work with references. Box C-100, care Georgian.

SALESMAN to handle a popular line of fur neckwear and fur muffs as sideline on commission; one who is acquainted with the trade; security for samples required. Answer Samples, Box 5, care American.

$50 PER WEEK easily made; free samples to workers; big seller; premium on every sale; agents get busy. Write quick for our big offer. It sells on sight. Address C. A. M., Box 152, care Georgian.

AGENTS—Would you take steady job, making $30 weekly with opportunity to be district manager at $3,000 yearly? No experience required. My goods are snappy self sellers. Make big money quick by writing me to-day. Learn about our $1,000 contest. E. M. Davis, president, 822 Davis Block, Chicago.

GREATEST dry goods bargains on earth; fine dress lengths, etc. Agents wanted. Address Remnant, Box 24, care Georgian.

WANTED—Stock salesmen; want fifteen high-class stock salesmen, best selling and most highly indorsed proposition offered the investing public; going concern; will stand rigid investigation. Indorsements alone will sell it. Box U-22, care American.

BLESSING TO AGENTS—Chance of lifetime; enormous sales; hat pin point protectors; surprising terms; sample 10c. D. P., Box 534, care American and Georgian.

SALESMEN WANTED—Earn $100 monthly and expenses; sell cigars. Woodfern Company, New York, N. Y.

SELF-HEATING SAD IRON. It's a beauty; sells for $1; agents' samples; parcel post, 80c; folders free. A-44, care Sunday American.

EVER had experience selling goods? Could you sell a good dollar for 100 cents? If so we can use you. Must be industrious, of good appearance, male or female. Hustlers only. Box V-116, care American.

AGENTS—Salary or commission; greatest seller yet; every user pen and ink buys on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Box 32, care Hearst's American.

ONE person wanted in each locality as general agent for complete line polish mops, self-wringing mops (five styles), fibre brooms. This line can not be duplicated. Hilker Mop Co., 1374 Grand Ave., Chicago.

AGENTS—Handle remarkable moneygetter; easy to sell; easy to handle; repeat orders most every house. Write for free sample. Address Southern, Box 9-C, care Georgian.

WANTED—Three real salesmen; men who have ambition to make a permanent connection with old-established firm on high-grade nationally advertised specialty sold to all classes of retail trade in towns and smaller cities. Producers can connect with $2,000 annually or better more than expenses. References and bond required. Address C, Box 401, care American.

SALESMEN everywhere; $15 daily selling $20 soda fountain. Address Manufacturer, Box 151, care Georgian and American.

TRAVELING SALESMEN.
WE CAN PLACE AT ONCE, IN SOUTHERN TERRITORY, FOUR A-1 TRAVELING SALESMEN WITH THE NEWEST AND STRONGEST SPECIALTY LINE IN THE UNITED STATES TO-DAY. THE LARGER TOWNS AND CITIES, AND THE EARNING POSSIBILITIES ARE VERY GREAT FOR STRONG SALESMEN.
APPLICANTS MUST BE OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE, STRONG PERSONALITY, AND HAVE SUCCES

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

WANTED—A promoter, capable of handling the stock end of a big and successful enterprise on a percentage basis; money now coming in assuring an immediate income. Address Z., Box 510, care American.

AN OPPORTUNITY for several salesmen of proven ability to form a profitable and permanent connection with leading real estate firm. If you have produced in the sale of insurance, stocks and bonds, adding machines, typewriters, scales, books or other kindred lines where real salesmanship is essential, then you can get a contract which will pay you from $3,000 per annum upward. All replies confidential. Address Future, Box 444, care Georgian.

WANTED—Agents. Strong made $159 last week. Sold 52 $5 metal window display bulletin boards in one block. Parker, Box 96, care American.

DEMONSTRATORS for new scientific toilet preparation; a revelation; removes superfluous hair; hairs come out by the roots; any one can use it; never been sold; great money getter; sample 10c; price $1. Address La Ex, care American.

WANTED—Agents; just out. Hot weather seller. Self-heating iron. One cent does a week's ironing. Light in weight. Low priced. Credit given. Thomas, Box 306, care American.

THREE RELIABLE, hustling salesmen for Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana, to sell best oil cans and tanks made, on strictly commission basis. Address Box 357, Fort Worth, Texas.

WANTED—Agents; start at once. Make $5 to $10 eevry day selling our specialty. Great demand. Investigate. Terrace, Box 106, care American.

FLY KILLING is on; get busy; imported novelty; big seller; profits; fairs, homes, stores, offices. Sample 5c. Address E. N., care American.

WANTED—Good stock salesmen who can sell shares and get the money. Nothing to equal this opportunity. Good commission. X. Y. Z., care American.

THE MISSOURI State Life has $12,000,000 in force in Texas, over $85,000,000 in force in the United States. Wrote in the United States more than $16,000,000 first six months in 1913. Get a contract with a going company while the getting is good. W. H. PATTERSON, manager, 608-609-610 Wilson Building, Dallas, Texas.

WANTED—Alert, ambitious sales manager to establish headquarters and look after entire business. Exclusive contract. References required. Dawn, Box 76, care American.

AGENTS—$20 daily; easy sales; big profits; selling 50c sheet music for 6c. Latest hits, best publishers, largest variety. Write quick. Music, Box 80, care American.

WANTED — Salesmen, demonstrators and agents for a new proposition to be placed on the market this week, with wide advertising campaign. Efficient men and women only. O. S. Company, care American.

WOMEN—Sell guaranteed hosiery to wearer; 70 per cent profit. Also neckwear, handkerchiefs and petticoats. Make $15 daily. Experience unnecessary. Wear Proof, 3036 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Experienced agents can secure exclusive territory with the assurance of increasing business in the introduction of a most desirable patented article which at once appeals to every intelligent housekeeper. Positively no competition. Box H-41, care American.

AGENTS—Hundreds making $50, $75 weekly; sensational offer; $1 nickel-plated safety razor; beautiful chased handle; 25c stick finest quality shaving soap; all 12½c. United, Box 83, care American.

WANTED—Salesmen, male or female, can make big money selling the burglar-proof window guard. No competition. Work, Box 108, care American.

AGENTS—Either sex, sell our specialty; we show you how to make $25 to $50 weekly. Write LeClere Puncture Repair Works, Bellport, N. Y.

AGENTS—Marvel of the age; patent steel tension shears; every household needs one. Particulars and sample free. Write Enterprise, Box 15, care American.

WANTED—$24 a week, new, patented, automatic cleaner curry comb. Takes just half as long to clean a horse. No clogging with hair and dirt. Big demand. Comb Company, care American.

AGENTS WANTED to sell Fibrsilk neckwear; 100 per cent profit; sample 15c; write for proposition. Fisher Knitting Company, Utica, N. Y.

AGENTS—Double your income selling guaranteed knit goods for largest manufacturer in America. Write for free outfit and particulars of greatest money-making proposition ever offered. Income, Box 638, care Georgian.

WANTED—An active agent in every town at once; 100 per cent profit. Address Capable, Box 158, care American.

WANTED—A live merchant in every town of Tennessee, Arkansas and Mississippi to act as agent for Floyd's Famous Candies. Floyd's, 55 South Main street, Memphis.

SALESMEN—Experienced in any line, to sell general trade in Georgia; unexcelled specialty proposition; commission contract, $35 weekly expenses. Jewelry, 574, care American.

NOTICE—Hat salesman with established trade, Tennessee, Alabama or Mississippi, can make dandy connection; state firm with and how long. Write G. T. A., care Aragon Hotel, Jacksonville, Fla.

AGENTS WANTED—In eevry town in Georgia to sell Instant-ceal guaranteed liquid puncture proof for automobile tires; big commission. Address Union, care American.

THE M'CASKEY REGISTER COMPANY has an opening in desirable territory for competent salesman to market its famous McCaskey System and Carbon Sales Books to retail storekeepers. With a man to finance himself, large commissions and a favorable contract will be made. Address The McCaskey Register Company, 707-708 Lyric Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

AGENTS—Salesmen can make $50 weekly selling chemical coolers, to hotels, restaurants, butchers and merchants; cool refrigerators and ice boxes; cheaper than ice; the best selling article on the market. Chemical, care American.

AGENTS—Let us show you how to make big money selling new patented specialties; write for new fall catalog. R. Meyer & Co., 727 East 216th street, New York City.

AGENTS—Make $1 an hour with our $6 sensational offers. Here's one offer: Twelve pairs of guaranteed hose, only 85c, with 60c worth of handkerchiefs or garters free. Write quick for free outfit. C. H. Reed & Co., Baltimore, Md.

SALESMEN WANTED to handle our successful merchandise selling propositions; high commissions or salary if you "make good;" experience unnecessary. Answer Success, Box 68, care Georgian.

AGENTS make big money and become sales managers for our goods, establishing growing business of their own. Fast office sellers. Fine profit. Experience unnecessary. Particulars free. Office Equipment Co., Albany, Ga. 7-13-253

WANTED—An active agent in every town at once; 100 per cent profit; parlars free. Address Special, Box 514, care American.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

WANTED—Representative for a high-grade steam speciality; practical steam man or man with established territory preferred. Do not object to selling non-competitive goods. M., Box 502, care American.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell Springfield's celebrated shampoo; cures dandruff, falling hair; big profit; sample 10c. R. Langfield Chemical Laboratory, 39 College street, Buffalo, N. Y.

AGENTS—Money is always useful; get our plan and make lots of money; do it now; free sample. The Kossuth Supply Company, 4007 Kossuth avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Traveling salesman by a New York importer of laces and embroideries, for the State of Georgia; state age, experience and references. B. A., Box 21, care American.

AGENTS—Do not accept any offer until you write us first. Write for free samples and fall catalog of whirlwind sellers. Kreisher Sales Company, 145 North Railroad street, Bellevue, Ohio.

GENERAL AGENT—In every city, to sell the new fender and license holder for autos; every Ford must have one; $1 per set. Klorb Company, Hamilton, Ohio.

FIELD unlimited for this rapid seller; agents can get rich with it; every one you approach needs it; nine out of ten will buy; send for proofs; they will convince you; 100 per cent profit. Address S. N., Box 51, American.

MEN WANTED—To sell a picture of our presidents and their biography; 11 by 14 inches in color; send 6c in stamps for sample. William Pike, 30 East Fourteenth street, New York City.

SALESMAN, big commissions; unlimited possibilities; large profits by giving part of entire time selling novelty punch board deals; something new. Address Manager, 4, American.

ROAD WORK—Must be refined, with good habits; good salary; steady employment. Call W. A. Henry, 644 York street, Newport, Ky.

SUCCESSFUL salesmen working small country towns can increase their earnings from $65 to $75 per week, selling our line of fancy fruit ciders; 25 per cent commission; prompt settlements; light samples. R. C., Box 87, American.

SALESMEN WANTED to work Ohio, Michigan, Indiana and Kentucky; salary or commission basis; big money to live men; steady, pleasant work; must give reference. Box 776, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SALESMEN WANTED—For vacancy in Georgia, traveling salesman, experienced in specialty or advertising line; man worth good compensation can secure permanent, well-paying position, with splendid chance for rapid advancement; well-known manufacturer; staple, well-advertised line. Permanent, Box 48, care American.

SALESMEN—By new manufacturing process we make quality whips and beat competition. Largest, oldest and strongest independent whip line made. Commission, 25 per cent. Peck Whip Company, Kansas City, Mo.

SALESMAN—Georgia territory open; must be producer; excellent opening; staple line; expenses advanced against commission contract; references required. Address Commission, care American.

AGENTS make 500 per cent profit selling "Novelty Sign Cards." Merchants buy 10 to 100 on sight. 800 varieties. Catalogue free. Sullivan Company, 1234 VanBuren street, Chicago, Ill.

NATIONAL VACUUM CLEANER. PATENTED and guaranteed; more than 197,000 satisfied customers in United States and Canada; best known vacuum cleaner on the market; see new metal flexible spring adjusting nozzle; also makers of fast selling Daisy three-bellows sweeper type machine. Write for prices. Address Daisy, Box 1, care American.

AGENTS—A great proposition. Easiest and best selling article on the market. Write for particulars. The McKenzie Specialty Company, 510 East Eighth street, Rome, Ga.

SALESMAN wanted to sell our fall line of dry goods and blankets to retail merchants; the side line for traveling men. Liberal commission. Address Box 71, American.

AGENTS, canvassers, crew managers, salesmen wanted, every community, for our famous seven and eight-cake $1 soap assortments; advertising price 25c; costs you 12½c; attractive premiums given; everybody buys; lose no time getting our list of money getters. Moore Bros Co., manufacturers, established 1890, 288 Greenwich street, New York.

AGENTS—The folding tray-wagon is the latest step-saver for women—the greatest one since the kitchen cabinet; useful every day in every home; all steel; light and strong; easy sales; handsome profits; no competition. Write quick for agents' proposition. Address Folder, Box 5, care American.

WANTED—Agents everywhere to sell necessity; demand growing daily; easy seller and good pay. Pinnacle Supply Company, Richland, S. C.

AGENTS—New profitable field; brilliant Mexican diamonds; exactly resemble genuine; defy experts; quick sales; large commissions. Send for special offer. Box 59, care American.

LIVE AGENTS—Here's your opportunity. Send at once for free particulars regarding easily demonstrated high grade specialty. Bess Manufacturing Company, Bessemer City, N. C.

AGENTS—To handle speciality that sells on sight; sure repeater; big profits; ask for particulars. Address F, Box 75, American.

HERE'S A REAL PROPOSITION to agents and salesmen: The Swedish Rhythmic Vibrator for home vibratory massage treatments. Relieves rheumatism, neuralgia, constipation, catarrh and all chronic afflictions. Sells to the home, to physicians, masseurs, osteopaths, chiropractors, barbers, beauty parlors and electrical dealers. Gives 150 per cent commission. One sale a day earns $90 a week. Unprecedented business and money-making opportunity. Write for territory immediately. Swedish Vibrator Company, 92 Vibrator Building, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—$25 a week for two hours work a day. A brand-new hosiery proposition that beats them all. Write for terms and free samples if you mean business. Guaranteed Hosiery Company, 1929 Wayne Building, Dayton, Ohio.

AGENTS WANTED—For new auto device. Record-breaking sales everywhere. Big money. Full particulars given free. Write to-day. Address Phoenix Specialty Company, Asheville, N. C.

CUT your ice bill in two. "Lessice," the original ice-saving blanket, keeps ice box colder, will last a season, 12c postpaid; good proposition for agents. The George A. Page Company 34-36 West Fourth street, Charlotte, N. C.

SALESMAN of ability to sell widely advertised soda fountain specialty in the South; straight salary and expenses; state age, experience and references. Address D. P., Box 869, care Georgian.

PORTRAIT AGENTS—Send your work direct to artist and get better work. We get order out on time. Prices to suit your trade. Stevens Bros., 23½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta. 3-7-35

WANTED—Salesman to sell Puncture Seal, the only preparation on the market that will successfully eliminate tire trouble; four wanted for Atlanta and one agent for every town in South. Write or call quick, 407 Edgewood Ave., Puncture Seals Co.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads. 3 lines 1 time, 10c; 3 times, 20c; 7 times, 40c.

SITUATION WANTED—Experienced window trimmer and show card writer wants position by middle of August or first of September. I am also experienced in gent's furnishing goods. Will work inside when not busy with the windows. Can furnish the best of references. Address Box Y-710, care Georgian.

YOUNG MAN, 28, married, ambitious, fine reference, in need of work; any kind. Address E. W. M., Box 840, care Georgian.

BY YOUNG MAN, 20 years of age, position as assistant bookkeeper or general office work. Bell phone West 402-J.

WANTED—Position as man, cook, on North Side. J. S. H., 349 North Butler street. $6 a week.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Plumber, all-around man, 30 years old, would like steadyposition with building company, or corporation, long experience. Address J., Box 67, care American.

AN experienced bookkeeper, with A-1 references, desires a set of books to keep after 6 o'clock. Address F., Box 637, care Georgian.

WANTED—Gentleman of culture and extensive travel is open to engagement as companion to elderly gentleman for fall and winter. South Seas, Hawaii or the Orient preferred. Reasonable. Address Y, Box 564, care American.

WANTED—Position as city salesman by experienced man; best of references as to character and ability. G., Box 889, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—By thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and mercantile man capable of managing a business; A-No. 1 reference; age 31; married; steady, moral; at present holding good position in Florida. Desires to make change. Write me. I may be the man you want. Address Box O-201, care Georgian.

YOUNG married man will accept position as mechanic, demonstrator or chauffeur, had five years experience at the automobile business. Best references. N. Q., care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by ex-New York coachman and chauffeur, with private family where good, careful driving economy, sobriety and courtesy will be appreciated; married, aged 40, one child. Box X-20, care American.

POSITION as electrician or wireman; twelve years experience; no objection to out of town. Address Box 880, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young man, 22 years old, who has had country experience in handling small engines; would like something in the machinery line where trade could be learned. Address Box 1421, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—By well-educated German, 31 years; speaks four languages, with eight years' experience in office work; competent bookkeeper; wants permanent office position or as salesman. Will accept position with good possibilities for a trial month. Address Box U-701, care Georgian.

TAILORING SALESMAN—Experienced office man open for position September 1; want permanent position with opportunity to purchase interest in company; best of references. Address Reliable, Box 20, care Georgian.

YOUNG MAN of steady habits experienced bookkeeper and cashier, or expert shipping clerk, wants position with large concern; employed at present. H. H., care Georgian.

SIDE LINE by traveling salesman covering Georgia. Opportunity, Box 305, care Georgian.

WANTED—Place as man cook or housekeeper on North Side. J. S. H., 349 North Butler St.

WANTED—Position by licensed druggist; four years' experience; good references. Address H. C., Box 600, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position to learn to be chauffeur, at a sacrifice of wages. Standard phone 5259. Oswald Freeman, 28 Vine street.

CHAUFFEUR desires position with private family; make all repairs; six years' experience; careful, competent; no bad habits; can furnish good references; white (American), age 31; neat. Address C. E. Booker, 124 South Blount street, Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED—Position by reliable colored man as butler. Can do any kind of house and yard work. Address Joseph Burdett, Decatur, Ga.

YOUNG MAN wishes employment as city collector; will give good reference. Address J. M., care Georgian.

POSITION WANTED in Atlanta by male stenographer; married; five years' experience; best references; thoroughly familiar with law office work. Stenographer, care Georgian.

YOUNG MAN with four years' banking experience wants position as salesman. Address Live Wire, care Georgian.

MARRIED MALE TEACHER, AGE 30, EIGHT YEARS' SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE; UNUSUALLY AGGRESSIVE; ESSENTIALLY A S CHOOL-BUILDER OPEN FOR OFFER. H. J. CLARK, CLEVELAND, GA.

COLORED MAN desires position as experienced pressor or porter. R. L. Crawford, 97 Ivy street.

WANTED—Position by middle-aged married man; shoe or dry goods store; have had several years' experience. Can be ready September 1. Best of references. Address A. L. J., P. O. Box 44, Elberton, Ga.

HONEST, reliable colored man wants a position as butler or houseman, with room on premises; can do cooking for small family if preferred. Address S. Morris, 293 Auburn avenue.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires work where hard work is appreciated. Spurgeon Moore, Buford, Ga.

SIX HOURS FOR SALE per day by good business man; quick; A-1 reference. Melligg, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position on gentleman's country place as working foreman. Am trained in care of automobile, motor boats, horses, landscaping or anything connected with such a place. No liquor, no tobacco. References from best families. Foreman, Box 26, care American.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, general office man; long experience; open for position. Address D. C. A., Box 878, care Georgian.

ENGINEER, now employed, desires change; position preferred in large electric plant or office building. Address Engineer, Box 800, care Georgian.

PAINTER wants work on automobiles, carriages or wagons. Write G. T. K., Box 34, East Point, Ga.

WE BOTTOM all kinds of cane chairs in the old original way; 20 years' experience. Georgie Askew, 20 Horton.

WANTED—By reliable, sober young white man, position as cook; am first class, nice and clean. References. Frank Bridges, Lula, Ga.

WANTED—Position as foreman on large farm; experience; best of references. Box 21, Duluth, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED—In drug store, or to run small drug store in small place. Young man, single, registered, eight years' experience; best references; moderate wages; no bad habits. Address Box W-181, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position as furniture salesman; experience; best of references. Box 21, Duluth, Ga.

PAINTER, paperhanger, hardwood finisher, all around man, open for position. Address C. H. Crockett, 108 Cherokee Ave.

SITUATION WANTED—Young man, age 18, capable and reliable, two years with last employer, wants place with substantial firm where there is a chance of advancement. Address Box M-710, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position as teamster; can furnish reference as to my ability; can drive as many as twenty mules if necessary. 62 Kelly street.

WANTED—Highly educated Spanish young man desires position. Graduated bookkeeper, some stenography. English, Spanish, some French and Italian. Menoces, Box 22, care American.

WANTED—Position as driver or collector; know city well; saalry no object; want work. J. O. G., care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young man of experience and ability to act as salesman or manager for retail tailoring establishment. Address Box 311, care Georgian.

POSITION as engineer, hoisting engine, concrete mixer or rollerman. W. O. B., care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—By thoroughly competent gent's as furnishing and clothing salesman. Would like a chance by August 15. Can furnish best references. Employed now. Address Box Z-178, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by reliable man with two years experience in grocery store; willing to do any honest work. Address G. G. G., Box 25, care Georgian.

POSITION WANTED by an A-1 salesman; Southern territory preferred. Best of references. Address A No. 1, care Georgian.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SITUATION WANTED—An American young man, 21, speaking and writing Spanish fluently, desires position with manufacturing concern. Any respectable position considered. Address Box S-639, care Georgian.

EXPERT auto tire repairer, with factory and shop experience of more than two years, desires good location. Address H. A. J. Box 655, care Georgian.

YOUNG MAN of 21, moderate education, ambitious and willing, wants situation as collector and office work; does not use tobacco or intoxicants; best of references. Address M. G. W., 201 Whitehall street.

MAN, 30 years old, wants position as night watchman or other work. Address A. B., Box 508, care Georgian.

WANTED—Place with railroad by an experienced filing clerk who uses typewriter. An young man and willing, as well as anxious, to work. Address A. G., Box 10, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young man aged 25; high school education; good penman and calculator. Must have work at once; past profession, teaching. Address F., Box 17, care Georgian.

REGISTERED druggist, now employed, wants to locate in smaller town; references. A. J. H., care McIntyre Pharmacy, Savannah, Ga.

PRACTICAL, registered druggist desires position; temperate and good references. Address "Trional," care American.

WANTED—Young man wants work tracing or plotting maps or doing surveying, calculating. Have had experience. Best references. Surveyor, Box 24, care American.

WANTED—Position by capable young man; experienced salesman, but would accept any kind of inside work. Address C. A. P., care Georgian.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, perpetually employed for three years, desires change. Reasonable salary to begin if good future. Prefers part stenographic and part outdoor work if possible. Box 411, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position at any kind of honest work by young man with three years' experience in grocery business; good references. C., Box 898, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position as meat cutter and grocery clerk combined; 5 years' experience. Box 437, care Georgian.

PICTURE SHOW manager, singer and trap drummer open for position. Address Chas. Crockett, 106 Cherokee Ave.

WANTED—By colored man, position as first-class cook. Address Cook, Box 354, care Georgian.

RELIABLE, experienced colored chauffeur wants position at once. Call at 124 Howell St.

AS REPRESENTATIVE of some corporation or salesman; for some firm at Macon, or on the road. Willing to work one month to demonstrate my ability. Can furnish references. Address Honest Gentleman, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—By auto tire repair man; six years' experience in some of the largest shops in the country. Know the position thoroughly and know how to show a profit. Address Box L-401, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young man as pressman. Will accept reasonable salary. Address Press, Box 495, care Georgian.

POSITION as timekeeper or material man; can furnish reference. C. F. L., care Georgian.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads. 3 lines 1 time, 10c; 3 times, 20c; 7 times 40c.

EXPERIENCED, capable stenographer, for good reason, wishes to change position. Address S. Sit., Box 161, care American.

AN experienced and capable housekeeper wants position where competency and worth are appreciated. Address K., Box 911, care Georgian.

A GRADUATE of the Georgia Normal and Industrial College at Milledgeville, Ga., with one year's experience license, desires position of any grade from seventh or eighth grade; a good country place would also be desirable. Address A. L. Reynolds, R. F. D. No. 2, Thomson, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED—Position as companion by refined Christian elderly lady wanted; best of references. Address Box R-409, care Georgian.

UNDERGRADUATE nurse with highest city references wants patients in city or country; children's diseases a specialty. Clara, Main 2263-J.

SITUATION WANTED—Educated, capable woman wants position in doctor's office, or similar work; half days or otherwise. Address Box K-731, care Georgian.

POSITION by competent lady stenographer; four years' experience; can take charge correspondence; collection agency preferred. L. B. N., 923 Fourth Ave., Columbus, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED—Thoroughly experienced telephone operator with responsible concern; seven years' experience with private exchange work; best references; no agents. Address Box T-501, care Georgian.

EXPERIENCED, competent young lady stenographer desires position; now employed; salary $10 per week. A. L., care Georgian.

WANTED—Position in office as maid by colored girl. Address L. F., rear 485 Courtland St.

REFINED, middle-aged lady desires managing housekeeper's position; widower's home preferred. Mrs. S., care Georgian.

WANTED—Teacher's place in musical department by young lady with musical diploma and medal; one year's experience. Address Miss Powell Gordon, Ga.

IF YOU WANT a bright, competent stenographer, call Main 5542 or Atlanta phone 3776.

PLAIN SEWING WANTED. Apply to Mrs. Anna Martin, 94 McAfee street, city.

SITUATION WANTED—Teacher of vocal music and French wishes to exchange lessons for board in refined, quiet family living in select neighborhood. Address G-201, care Georgian.

YOUNG lady stenographer employed at present desires position immediately. Can give excellent references. Address C. G., 408 Mulberry St., Macon, Ga.

WANTED—Position with small family as housekeeper or will keep house for widower. Address M. J. J., 38 Haden street.

WANTED—Position by young lady as stenographer; age 19. Call M. 1419-J. 630 Capitol Ave.

WANTED—A situation by a white woman as working housekeeper; a fine cook; best of experience. Miss C., Box 28, care Georgian.

COLORED GIRL wishes position as maid or nurse with kind good family of people that will permit room on place, as she has no home; can furnish references. Address 748 Peidmont ave.

A YOUNG LADY, experienced in lunch counter work, would like position; smart and a good worker. Address Good Worker, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position, first-class manicurist, first-class place, in or out of the city. Address G., care Georgian.

A SITUATION as housekeeper for widower, by a refined, unincumbered, settled lady. Address Housekeeper, 42½ Decatur St.

GOVERNESS wishes position in refined home; high school graduate, with college training. Music a specialty. Address Miss M., care Georgian.

STENOGRAPHIC and general office work, or private secretary; ten years' experience in medical line. Call Main 5264-J.

SITUATION WANTED—Expert masseuse wants position in sanitarium or institution, or with private lady in summer resort; doctor's certificate. Address Box I-149, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position by young lady as stenographer; three years' experience. Address R. R. W., Box 80, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—Experienced long hand bill clerk wants position; good footer and extender; four years general office experience; can do light bookkeeping. Address Box P-803, care Georgian.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SITUATION WANTED — Middle-aged lady, college graduate, teacher, ten years' experience, would like to make a home for two or three children; would give personal supervision or private instruction if desired; arrangements must be made before September 1. Address Box W-810, care Georgian.

WANTED—Position as stenographer or bookkeeper or the combination, by young lady employed at present, but desires change. Six months experience. Miss C. K. O., Box 115, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—French dressmaker, formerly with Marshall Field in Chicago, wants position; perfect fitter. Address Box W-709, care Georgian.

COLORED GIRL wants position as maid; can give good reference; at once. 105 Rankin St. Can't stay on place.

EXPERIENCED lady stenographer desires position by September 1. Competent, accurate and a hard worker. A-1 references. No objection to small town. Address B. G. G., care A. N. C., Livingston, Ala.

SITUATION WANTED—Young lady wants position as librarian in law office or educational institution; has experience of stenography, typewriter and bookkeeping; also experienced in law work. Address Box P-171, care Georgian.

GOOD COOK would like a place to cook. 316 Hilliard St.

DRESSMAKING—DRESSMAKERS.

WANTED—Sewing; private homes; $1.25 per day; first-class dressmaker 374 E. Hunter.

ICE CREAM—ICES.

Velvet Ice Cream The Best in Atlanta. 26 East North avenue. Ivy 6849.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Good set second-hand market fixtures; give full description and value. Address P. O. Box 367, Griffin, Ga.

FEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company. 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FEATHERS—Wanted, to buy old goose feather beds and pillows at once. Call Atlanta phone 1548.

WANTED—To buy all kinds of second-hand household and office furniture. Cameron Furniture Co., 85 S. Forsyth street.

DROP A CARD. We'll bring cash for old clothes and shoes. "The Vestaire," 166 Decatur St. 7-25-13

SPOT CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD Best prices for articles of old gold and platinum of every description. General Assaying and Smelting Works, 607 Empire Life Building, Atlanta, Ga.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

I BUY MEN'S old clothes and shoes. Drop a card. I. Bock, 177 Gilmer street.

WE PAY HIGHEST cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture. Cash advanced on consignments. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell street. Bell phone Main 2424.

FOR EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS

WILL EXCHANGE one of my electric cars for lot of equal value or will swap for good gas car. Dr. Kesner, Wynn Building.

FOR EXCHANGE—Black Orpington hen and nineteen chicks for small gas stove or something of equal value, or $3.50. 206 Spring St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company. 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE. MISCELLANEOUS.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

SEND $2.50 for 1,000 plants, raspberry, dewberry, grape vines, etc., cabbage, and tomato plants. John Lightfoot, East Chattanooga, Tenn.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY—Seventy-five-page illustrated catalogue sent for 2c stamp; goods guaranteed or money back. Kelleher Brothers & Sullivan, 82 Front street, Worcester, Mass., Desk 10.

EMPTY Coca Cola and syrup barrels for sale, 45 to 50 gallons; also empty kegs, 5 and 10 gallons. Make offer f. o. b. Eastman, Ga. McRae's Pharmacy, Eastman, Ga.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co

FOR SALE—One mahogany bed and dresser. Apply 154 Park avenue, Atlanta.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

ACCOUNT being overstocked, we offer for sale at very cheap prices carriages, tallyhos, surreys, beach wagons, buggies and single and double harness. Not worn-out stuff, but in first-class condition. Newsom Stable Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Complete I. C. S. shorthand course $20, cost $45. W. C. Mobley care Empire Cotton Oil Company, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Cheap, mission dining table, oak dining table, four oak dining chairs and oak buffet. Phone W. 723-J.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

SECOND-HAND SAFES—All sizes, home safes $15.00; Hall's bank and firerpof safes, vault doors, etc. C. J. Daniel, 416 Fourth National Bank Building. 9-7-33

FOR SALE—Moving picture machines, chairs, curtains and all supplies at lowest prices. W. H. Peck, Rhodes Building, Atlanta, Ga. 4-6-23

BURROUGHS adding machine, in perfect condition. Call M. 3104.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—Two new Herring & Hall safes, 5 feet by 4 feet. Call Main 3104.

REMINGTON typewriter for sale at sacrifice, in perfect condition. Call Main 3104.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co.

FOR SALE—Furniture for five-room apartment, good as new. Phone Ivy 876.

FOR SALE—Plate glass 72 by 129 inches; also two showcases, two tables. 19 East Hunter street.

FOR SALE—One antique chair, in good condition; will sell cheap. Address Box 437, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Forty thousand feet of oak and poplar in lumber. Write C. D. Estes, Dallas, Ga., Wholesale Dealer.

FOR SALE—Fine household furniture, stoves, linoleum and shades; in good condition; bargain prices. 513 S. Pryor.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

30,000 NEW NAMES. ADDRESS H., 32½ PEACHTREE STREET.

FOR SALE—Tent, 12 by 24, complete, ton 12-ounce duck, used fifteen weeks, sacrifice price $18. First checks gets it by return freight or express. Hardy J. Clark, Glennville, Ga.

FOR SALE—One National bicycle, in good condition. Call Ivy 6465-J.

FOR SALE—A $37 kitchen range, in perfect condition, for $15. Call at 626 Piedmont ave.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

FURNITURE FOR SALE. FURNITURE FOR SALE.

DEAR HOME LOVER:

DOES your home give you all the comfort and satisfaction you would like?

AS WE ALL know, nothing goes further toward making the home cozier and more comfortable than the right kind of furnishings. Not certain styles or makes, but the right kind in regard to service and appearance.

WE HAVE spent many years in furnishing homes in and around Atlanta. We have studied the needs of the different homes and rooms; we have tested the different articles that go into the home, and have brought together an assortment of home furnishings that we are proud of. We believe in them and want you to. That is why we guarantee satisfaction.

OUR STOCK is well arranged; easy to see. You will always receive courteous treatment whether on an inspection or buying trip; and with our store service we are sure you will be satisfied.

THE HOME OF THE HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINETS.

Ed. Matthews & Co.
23 E. Alabama St.
BETWEEN WHITEHALL AND PRYOR STS.

Walker-Cooley Furniture Company
87-89 S. FORSYTH STREET.
Bell Phone Main 2785.

WE ARE SELLING furniture cheaper for cash than any store in Atlanta, as we are out of the high-rent district. See us before buying.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

$25 WILL BUY

SOLID walnut marble-top sideboard, large walnut extension dining table, good kitchen coal range, Smyrna rug, 12 by 14. 92 Gordon street. Phone West 747.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company. 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co.

FOR SALE—Meat market fixtures and large floor cases, cheap. For information, call Ivy 7077-J or Atlanta phone 909.

FOR SALE—Roll-top desk. 173 Walker street; $8.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

FOR SALE—We ship the best grade of crimson clover seed, rye, barley and all other kinds of field seed, direct to farmers, at close prices. Write for quotations. Nashville Field Seed Co., Nashville, Tenn.

GAS RANGE, base burner and hot water heater; good condition; cheap. Ivy 1333.

DIAMOND FOR SALE.

A REAL GEM—Solitaire—Diamond—In about a karat. Call at room 201 Equitable Building; will sell on terms to reasonable party.

FOR SALE—Rock quarrying and crushing outfit. Steam drill No. 3 National crusher, 20-horsepower Ajax engine, rock hammer, blacksmith outfit, etc. Address Outfit, Box 876, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Large gas stove, $8; combination oak bookcase and writing desk, $10; both nearly new. 154 Park Avenue, Grant Park.

TWO SMALL National cash registers. In good condition, cheap. W. J. Garner, 250 Marietta street.

FOR SALE—Desirable bedroom, hall and kitchen furniture; in good condition. For inspection, call only between 9 a. m. and 1 p. m. 379 Washington St.

CALL on TeBow Bros. for choice groceries and meats. 290 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—Two rolltop desks in good condition; will sell cheap. Address Box 437, care Georgian.

"BETTER BE WISE than foolish" and trade at Piedmont Wall Paper Co.

FURNITURE BARGAINS every day. S. M. Snider, 145 South Pryor street. Phone Main 1421.

Velvet Ice Cream Made Philadelphia Famous. Now made in Atlanta. 26 E. North. Ivy 6849.

SAFES, FILES, cabinets, new and second-hand. Gookin Bank and Office Equipment Company, 113-115 North Pryor Street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR RENT.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
MOST COMPLETE line in South. We rent only first-class machines—Remingtons, Monarchs and Smith Premiers. Rental rates from $1.67 to $3 per month per machine.
Remington Typewriter Co
56 NORTH BROAD STREET.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 MONTHS FOR $5 AND UP.
Rebuilt typewriters, $23 to $75.
American Writing Machine Co.,
48 North Pryor St. Phone Main 2526.

PIANO BARGAINS.

THREE PLAYER-PIANOS AT FACTORY COST.

I HAVE 3 PLAYER-PIANOS LEFT OUT OF SIX CARLOAD SHIPMENTS SINCE FIRST OF YEAR. I AM A FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE FOR ONE OF THE BEST KNOWN PIANO MANUFACTURERS IN THIS COUNTRY. I WAS DUE AT FACTORY ON AUGUST 1, BUT COULD NOT LEAVE ON ACCOUNT OF THESE PLAYERS. SAY, THERE ARE SOME BARGAINS HERE FOR A PLAYER-PIANO BUYER. HURRY. TO-DAY IS THE DAY. ADDRESS FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE, BOX 727, CARE ATLANTA GEORGIAN.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Leather dining room suit, sideboard, round extension table, mahogany library table, rugs, one massive bedroom suit, two iron beds, springs, mattresses, refrigerator, etc. Mrs. E.

POULTRY
Pet and Live Stock

Bantams.

BANTAMS—Game bantams, Sebrights, Buff Cochins. Carlisle Cobb, Athens, Ga. 4-26-30

Doves.

FOR SALE—Ring doves, white doves, guinea pigs, spotted rats, white rats, fancy mice, fancy pigeons. John M. Ornellas, 1719 East Mason street, Springfield, Ill.

Dogs.

FOR SALE—Very cheap, a fine male watch dog; six months old; a dandy. L. Grossman, 96 Whitehall street.

Ducks.

35 WHITE INDIAN RUNNER Ducks; all the first prize winners, including first pen at Atlanta November 1912, 110 in class. About eight drakes, balance ducks; $35 for lot. Must have the room. Bell phone Decatur 195. John Low Smith, 241 Peters street, Atlanta.

Guineas.

WANTED—Some young guineas. R. R. W., 3-5-7 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

Leghorns.

BRED TO LAY—March and April hatched White Leghorn pullets, $1.25 each; in lots of 100, $1 each; cockerels, $1, $1.50, $2 and $3 each; May hatched pullets, $1 each; in lots of 100, 75c each. Hunt's Poultry Farm, Valdosta, Ga.

1,500 GRAND White Leghorns; breeders; of our celebrated "Model" strain; in perfect health; pure white, and heavy layers; must have room; sacrifice price, $1 each. Order to-day. Model Poultry Farm, "The Farm of Quality," Box G, Colbert, Ga. 6-17-29

FOR SALE—S. C. White Leghorn yearling hens; also a few choice cock birds. Satisfaction guaranteed. Arnold Egg Farm, Hapeville, Ga. Telephone East Point 324.

Seeds.

S E E D S

J. C. M'MILLAN, JR., HAS OPENED AT 23 S. BROAD ST. WITH A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF GARDEN, FIELD AND FLOWER SEEDS, POULTRY SUPPLIES AND PET STOCK.

WE INVITE OUR FRIENDS TO COME AND INSPECT OUR LINE OF GOODS.

ALL PHONE ORDERS APPRECIATED AND PROMPTLY FILLED.

PHONE MAIN 912
ATLANTA 912
J. C. McMILLAN JR.
SEED CO.
23 S. BROAD STREET

S E E D S

POULTRY, PET AND LIVE STOCK.
Leghorns.

FOR SALE—One thoroughbred White Leghorn cock; excellent stock; reasonable. W. 742-J. 297 Lawton.

FOR SALE—One fine thoroughbred Brown Leghorn cock; finest breed; reasonable. Phone W. 742-J. 297 Lawton.

Magazines.

RELIABLE POULTRY JOURNAL, the leading poultry magazine for fanciers, exhibitors and farmers; 84 to 224 pages monthly. Illustrated. Department for every branch of the business. Subscribe now and save money. Only 50c a year. W. Grady, Southern Agent, Pendleton Street, Greenville, S. C.

Orpingtons.

WHITE ORPINGTONS for sale, four hens, one cockerel, $15; six hens, one cock, $30; ten hens, one cockerel, $35; five cockerels, $5 each. H. A. Black, Cartersville, Ga. 1-23-7

Plymouth Rocks.

AT THIS SOUTHERN international show our one pen entry of Barred Rocks won first pen and the grand sweepstakes cup for the best pen in the show, all breeds competing. We also won grand sweepstakes cup of Barred Plymouth Rock cock at Georgia Poultry Association Show. We are booking orders for a few settings of eggs from this grand pen. Atlanta Poultry Yards, 582 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. 1-25-2

Poultry—All Varieties.

MAKE MONEY WITH POULTRY.

AMERICAN POULTRY is a magazine devoted entirely to helping earnest men and women make a financial success of poultry raising. Its staff of writers is composed entirely of those who have made a practical, instead of theoretical, success of poultry farming, and who are glad to pass on the results of their hard-earned experience to AMERICAN POULTRY readers. There are many pitfalls in the path of the novice which may be entirely avoided by those who will follow the teachings set forth in this magazine. It fully explains how to make a start, how to construct houses, coops, and other devices, how to get a large egg yield, how to cure and prevent disease, how to exhibit, how to get the top price for eggs, how to use incubators and hundreds of other points which every one wishes to know. It explains the famous secret system through which poultrymen have become rich and afterwards sold for hundreds of dollars. AMERICAN POULTRY is a large, handsomely illustrated, monthly journal, well printed on fine paper, and should be found on file in the home of every poultry lover. No beginner in the poultry business should think of being without it. It will save him many times the small subscription price. The advanced poultryman will also find it of great value; the articles being varied in their scope.

SPECIAL OFFER. The regular price of AMERICAN POULTRY is 50c per year, but in order to introduce it to several thousand new readers, we will, for a short time, give a large 200-page poultry book, which is a complete guide in the poultry business, absolutely free to every one sending 50c for a yearly subscription or $1.00 for a three-year-subscription to AMERICAN POULTRY. A trial six months' subscription (without book) will be sent for 25c. Never has so much been offered for so small a sum. Advantage of this offer should be taken at once.

AMERICAN POULTRY.
Savoy Bldg. Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

ONE 300-egg Cyphers incubator, new, $30; one 240-egg Cyphers incubator, new, $25; one 70-egg Cyphers incubator, new, $10; one 100-egg Queen incubator, new, $10; one 100-egg Buckeye incubator, new, $8; one 100-chick Cyphers outdoor brooder, new, $12; one 100-chick Cyphers adaptable hover, new, $6. Guarantee to please. Order from this ad. Oak Dean Farm, Stone Mountain, Ga.

Poultry—Disinfectants.

AGASCO-SPRAY

WILL RID your premises of mites, lice, fleas and ants. It is ready for immediate use with brush or spray pump. When applied to poles and nests it eradicates lice and mites so effectually that fowls do not have to be carried through that inconvenient and nerve-racking process of dipping. Manufactured by Atlanta Gas Light Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Poultry Remedies.

ARE your hens paying their board? If not, Southern Poultry Remedy is the best thing to give them now. It's guaranteed. Price 25c and 50c at all seed stores and dealers.

Poultry, Plants and Seeds.

H. G. HASTINGS & CO.

SEEDS AND POULTRY SUPPLIES.
BOTH PHONES 2568.

IF OUR CUSTOMERS living on the North and South Side place their orders before 9 o'clock and the ones in Inman Park and West End before 2 o'clock, they will be delivered the same day the orders are given. We are trying to give the very best service possible, and if our customers will bear in mind the hours that our deliveries leave the store it will insure prompt service.

IT IS ABSOLUTELY necessary for chickens to have green food during the winter. This can easily be supplied if you will plant out a small patch of rye and rape. They both grow very rapidly and will furnish an abundance of green food all the winter. Now is the time to plant.

THIS IS THE MOULTING SEASON, and that means that the hens should be fed a good tonic. Pratt's Poultry Regulator and Conkey's Laying Tonic insure a quick and complete moult, and that means plenty of eggs during the fall and winter when they bring the high prices; 25c, 50c and $1.00 package.

AVOID GIVING YOUR CHICKENS scratch feed with too much corn in it at this season. Use Red Comb Scratch. The percentage of corn is very small, but it has just the kinds of grain that they need now; $2.25 per 100 pounds.

DON'T OVERLOOK giving charcoal—it helps to keep down indigestion, and it is essential that the chickens have it.

A NEW IMPORTATION of Hartz Mountain Canaries, dandy little singers, at $2.50 each.

GET YOUR TURNIP SEED FROM HASTINGS' if you want the freshest and best.

WE HAVE some beautiful Ferns, and are selling them very low—come in and see them.

KEEP A CLOSE watch and don't let the lice and mites get a start of you. We have preparations that are guaranteed to kill them.

POULTRY, PET AND LIVE STOCK.
Wyandottes.

ONE pen 8 hens and cock for $10; one pen 8 hens and 1 cock for $15; one pen 8 hens and cock for $20; 200 young golden laced Wyandottes for sale. W. D. Bennett, Molena, Ga. 7-27-19

ON ACCOUNT of being crowded, I will sell at a sacrifice twenty White Wyandotte hens and forty pullets. Tell me your wants and I will make the price right. A. G. Wilson, Lithonia, Ga.

Dogs.

TRAINED BEAGLES, rabbit hounds, fox hounds, broke on fox and rabbits, coon, opossum, skunk hounds, deer, bear, wolf hounds, setters, pointers, ferrets, guinea pigs, etc. Brown's Kennels, York, Pa.

FOR SALE—Redbone hounds, trained for fox, cats, coons, opossums and squirrels. Also young stock ready for training. Prices reasonable. Robert A. Smith, Robertstown, Ga.

Hogs.

THE GREAT MULE-FOOT HOG—A hog with great vitality, a hog that is fast coming to the front. Write for prices. Stock of all ages for sale. Hunt's Poultry Farm, Valdosta, Ga.

Horses, Mules, Vehicles, Etc.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE—The horse Helmet, sired by Baron Blizzard, son of Baron Wilkes, first dam Pearl by R. A. Pounds, second dam by Helmet; third dam by Eland. This horse, Helmet, has as much blue blood in his veins as any horse in this country; 6 years old; fine buggy horse; rides well. Call at 35 South Forsyth street, Branan's Stables, look at him; drive him; ride him; fine walk-trot gait; then you'll buy.

SHETLAND PONY, bridle and saddle, won as ninth pick in Georgian pony contest. Can see same at 43 White street. West 1112-J.

FOR SALE—One horse and delivery wagon. Apply 309 East Hunter street.

WANTED—Second-hand surrey; must be a bargain. J. C. H., Box 1265.

D. MORGAN, high-class harness and saddles, 135 Whitehall street.

WANTED—Sound horse or mule for farmwork. Want to rent with privilege of buying. Farmer, care Georgian

Seeds.

TURNIP SEEDS—The New Pourteen Top, Sweet German, Broadstone, and other standard sorts. Rye, barley and oats at Mark W. Johnson Seed Co., 35 South Pryor street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate; lowest rates; no delay; purchase money notes bought. Address P. S., Box 125, care Georgian.

LOANS $25.00 AND UP.

On Furniture, Pianos, or on Endorsed Notes.

WE ARE a new company, organized for the purpose of loaning money to working men and ladies keeping house, at the lowest possible rate of interest. We positively make no charges for commissions, drafting papers or any other so-called charge, but only ask you to pay the rate permitted by the laws of the State. Our easy payment plan allows you to pay us back to suit your income. We also protect you from publicity, and extend every courtesy to make the carrying of a loan satisfactory to you in every way.

GUARANTEE LOAN CO.,

Room 318 Atlanta National Bank Bldg., Bell Phone Main 440.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS, upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments. Confidential. D. H. Tolman, 820 Austell Building.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS TO LEND, any amount; 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 24 South Broad street.

FARM LOANS PLACED in any amount on improved farm lands in Georgia. The Southern Mortgage Company, Gould Building.

WE HAVE plenty of money to lend at lowest rates on Atlanta and nearby property, either for straight or monthly payment plan. Also for purchasing purchase money notes. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood Avenue.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

BUSINESS GUIDE

"A" Vacuum Clothes Washer.

WASH a tub of clothes in 5 minutes. No rubbing, no bending over, and with very little work. Terms or for cash, $3.50 to $7.50. Demonstration rooms 256 Edgewood avenue. Out-of-town agents wanted.

All Kinds Carpets and Rugs Cleaned.

WORK called for; 15 years' experience; feathers renovated. Atlanta Carpet and Rug Cleaning Works, 27 W. Alexander St. Ivy 4186.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

All Transfer and Storaging Done.

PITTMAN TRANSFER & STORAGE COMPANY
Storage, packing and shipping. Both phones, 26-28 North Moore street.

Altering, Dyeing and Dry Cleaning.

THE CENTRAL TAILOR.

ALTERING, dyeing and dry cleaning; satisfaction guaranteed; popular prices. 13 Central Ave. M. 2472.

THE METROPOLITAN. Cleaning, dyeing and repairing; membership $1 per eight suits. 280 Edgewood. Atlanta 2894.

HILSON & EMANUEL—Altering, repairing and dyeing neatly done; steaming and dry cleaning a specialty; work called for and delivered. Main 2745.

CITY CLEANING & PRESSING CO. SKIRTS dry cleaned and pressed 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed. Main 3210. 110 Garnett street.

Abstract and Title Insurance.

ATLANTA TITLE GUARANTEE CO., ground floor Equitable Bldg. Bell phone Main 5420.

Auction Sales of Furniture and Household Goods.

CENTRAL AUCTION COMPANY, 12 East Mitchell street, buys and sells everything; regular auction Tuesday and Friday. Bell phone Main 2424. 10-3-41

Bag Stock.

WANTED—For cash, waste paper, rag stock. Atlanta Supply Co. Phone M. 3816. Wagon will call.

Banks.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK, Corner Alabama and Broad Streets. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1,000,000.

Baths and Pressing.

FOR THE BEST cleaning, pressing, shave and hair cut, come to 24-A W. Mitchell. New shop. Expert barbers. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Blue Prints.

DIXIE BLUE PRINT CO.

PRINTS of any kind. Quality unsurpassed. Low prices. 40½ Luckie street. Phone Ivy 5364.

Books and Stationery.

COLE BOOK AND ART COMPANY, 85 Whitehall. Main 482.

Chronic Diseases.

SPECIALTY—CHRONIC DISEASES OF BLOOD, heart, lungs, kidneys, liver, etc., rheumatism, nervous diseases; medicines furnished; consultation free. Write or call on Dr. M. T. Salter, 68 South Broad. 11-11-2

Clock and Watch Repairing.

FINE CLOCK REPAIRING.

French, Hall and Chinese.
HARRY BIGGS,
5 Viaduct Place.
Phone us, Main 5100.

Collections.

COLLECTIONS.
WE CAN collect your notes, accounts and claims, if they can be collected. United States Collecting Association. T. J. Ripley, President; Charles M. Yeates, Secretary and Treasurer.

Contracting.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
J. B. M'CONNELL,
113½ Whitehall Street. Main 4937-J.

Contractor and Builder.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR, BUILDER. Estimates free. I draw plans free where I build. Emory Williams, 110 Edgewood. Ivy 3372-L.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company, Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

Cotton Warehouse.

PLACE your orders for brands now. Get upstairs prices on brands. All work guaranteed. Harwell Rubber Stamp Company, 23½ South Broad street.

Display and Window Fixtures.

SHOW CASES, display fixtures. See us. Atlanta Show Case Company. Main 1753.

Ear, Nose, Throat and Lung Trouble.

DR. GEORGE BROWN, Diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, 312-314 Austell Building. I have the only compound oxygen plant ever brought South and make this gas daily. Weak, nervous, anemic and pale people are invited to call. 4-6-13

Films Developed.

KODAK FILMS developed free. Picture Dept. J. M. High Co., Atlanta.

Fish.

EMPIRE FISH MARKET—Fresh oysters and dressed poultry, fish daily. 112 Whitehall.

Fly Screens.

Fly Screens Made to Order.
OAKLAND CITY REPAIR WORKS. Carpenter and cabinet work a specialty. Call West 242-L Atlanta, Ga. C. F. Dickey, Manager. 7-27

FLY—SCREENS—FLY
COME and see our roll-away screen, our roller-bearing screen, our sliding screen; none better. It will pay you to see our goods and get prices. 217 Kiser Bldg. Main 4319. Porter Screen Co., J. J. Crawford, Agent.

Fresh Fish Daily.

INMAN PARK FISH COMPANY, 493 Edgewood. Fresh fish dressed and delivered. Atlanta phone 3093-A.

Furnaces.

Moncrief-Atlanta Co 73 Walton st. Phone Ivy 4930

Furniture.

EARNEST & FLOYD—Why not see us before you buy. We can save you money. We exchange new for old. Cash or easy terms. 279 Edgewood avenue.

T. C. FURNITURE COMPANY. Cash or easy payments. 415 Marietta. Phone Atlanta 1797. 4-5-12

Furniture Bought and Sold.

CASH will buy $1 for 50c at our store. Southern Wreckage Co., 114 S. Forsyth.

WE BUY and sell cash bargains. S. M. Snider, 146 S. Pryor St. M. 1421.

Furnace Repairs.

PHONE Ivy 4930. Ask them.

FURNACE REPAIRS.
THE ONLY PEOPLE to repair Moncrief furnaces is the Moncrief Furnace Company, 139 South Pryor. Main 385, Atlanta 2877.

Furniture Upholstering.

W. L. LUNSFORD & CO.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Main 5111, Atlanta 5950-F. 6-16-25

FURNITURE REPAIRED—Upholstering, refinishing neatly done. Work called for and delivered. Young K. Carson, 479 Marietta street Atlanta 3567. 6-7-29

Gun and Lock Repairing.

GUN AND LOCK REPAIRING—We announce the opening of an up-to-date repair shop for keys, locks and guns; your patronage solicited. The B. and B. Lock Co., 4 South Forsyth St.

Hardware.

CALL Goodrum & Terrell when in need of anything in hardware line. 108 Edgewood. Main 2317.

House Moving.

W. C. PEASE MOVES brick and frame buildings; 27 years' experience. 417 4th Nat. Bank Bldg. M. 1615, Atl. 955, Residence M 3980.

"Taylor-Made" UMBRELLAS

BUY from makers—All prices from $1.00 up, with detachable handles. Guaranteed and kept in repair free. Expert repairing.

TAYLOR UMBRELLA CO.,
116 1-2 Whitehall St.

Wall Papering and Tinting.

BETTER be safe than sorry. That's J. L. Burnett, the Wall Paper Man, 71 South Pryor. Phones 48.

Wall Paper and Paint.

SEE J. M. QUICK at Rockwood Improvement Company for low prices on wall paper. Best work. 11 South Forsyth. Main 4027, Atlanta 322. 7-27-57

Stove and Range Repairing.

STOVE, RANGE AND FURNACE REPAIRING.
Atlanta Stove Supply Company. We also make chimney stacks. Ivy 7240. 101 N. Forsyth street.

STOVE DOCTOR.

STOVE, range and furnace repairing. 61 South Pryor street. Bell phone Main 1460. Atlanta Phone 1410. 4-10-10

DAN, THE FIXER.

STOVES AND REFRIGERATOR REPAIRING.
We sell second-hand gas stoves.
We sweep chimneys.
121 WHITEHALL STREET.
Atlanta Phone 2235. Bell Phone M. 2699

Tailoring and Cleaning.

THE STOWAH Tailoring, Pressing and Dry Cleaning. Membership taken; $1 per month 8 suits. Atlanta 5664-M.

Transfer, Packing and Storage.

SKINNER Transfer and Storage, 34 N. Forsyth. Ivy 4232

Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases.

RETAILED AND REPAIRED. ROUNTREE'S, 77 WHITEHALL ST. PHONES: Bell Main 1576, Atlanta 1654.

Tin and Sheet Iron Workers.

BEST WORK. Prices reasonable. J. L. McNinch, 209 Marietta street. Main 5276-J, Atlanta 2127.

Upholstering and Furniture Repairing.

Capital Upholstering Company.
OFFICE furniture a specialty; all kinds of furniture refinished, packed and shipped on short notice. 148 South Pryor. Both phones. 7-24-15

Umbrellas.

"Taylor-Made" UMBRELLAS
BUY from makers—All prices from $1.00 up, with detachable handles. Guaranteed and kept in repair free. Expert repairing.

TAYLOR UMBRELLA CO.,
116 1-2 Whitehall St.

Wall Papering and Tinting.

BETTER be safe than sorry. That's J. L. Burnett, the Wall Paper Man, 71 South Pryor. Phones 48.

Wall Paper and Paint.

SEE J. M. QUICK at Rockwood Improvement Company for low prices on wall paper. Best work. 11 South Forsyth. Main 4027, Atlanta 322. 7-27-57

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

BUSINESS GUIDE.
Indelible Clothes-Marking Outfit.

FOR the best indelible clothes-marking outfit, go to Harwell Rubber Stamp Co., No. 23½ S. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE YOU SOLD THAT HOUSE? A little "For Sale" ad in the "Want Ad" section will find a purchaser.

WE DON'T CARE who you are, where you live or what you have, Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian Want Ads will bring results.

Jewelry.

WATCHES, Diamonds, Jewelry, Eye Glasses, Spectacles sold on the "divided payment" plan to reliable persons.

BANTA-COLE CO.,
5 SOUTH BROAD STREET. 6-26-3

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

Lighting Fixtures.

ELECTRIC and gas fixtures; all new styles; lowest prices. Queen Mantel and Tile Company, 56 West Mitchell street. Phone Main 681. 1-16-16

Lime, Concrete, Roofing, Stone.

LADD LIME AND STONE COMPANY. Lime, concrete and roofing stone. 915 Third National Bank Building. 2-3-50

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

Mattress Renovating.

MATTRESSES RENOVATED, feathers steamed, cleaned and bought. Bell 4840, Standard 1476. P. O. Box 5. Meadows & Rogers Mfg. Co.

SANITARY MATTRESS RENOVATING—Factory new and up to date; moderate prices; give us a trial. Jackson & Orr Company, Means street and W. and A. R. R. Both phones. 3-20-14

Machine Works.

SKIP—KNOCK—JUMP CARBON.
CAMP cleans perfectly while you wait. A great thing for trucks. Try it.
CAMP MACHINE SHOP.
275 Marietta Street. Main 2937. 7-8-29

Multigraphing, Addressing, Mailing.

ATLANTA MULTIGRAPHING CO., 902 Empire Life Building. Ivy 1436. High class work; quick service; live mailing lists furnished.

BEST WORK IN SOUTH. PROMPT SERVICE. BUSINESS SERVICE CO., P. O. BOX 836. IVY 7011.

New Rubber Tires.

NEW RUBBER tires put on your baby's carriage; repaired, repainted and re-covered. Ivy 3076. Robert Mitchell, 229 Edgewood.

Painting and Tinting.

PAINT--PAINT

THE TRIPOD PAINT COMPANY,
37-9 Pryor Street.
BEST goods, prompt service. Phone us your orders. Phones Bell Main 4711, Main 4710, Atlanta 406. 7-1-12

Paints and Creosote.

C. F. BINDER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS of high-grade paints, white lead and creosote stains. We make ready mixed paints to order Corner LaFrance and Lowry streets. Bell phone Ivy 5852-J, Atlanta, Ga. 5-27-1

Painting and Wall Tinting.

J. A. JOHNSON does all kinds of repair work. Painting and tinting a specialty. Bell phone West 1288-J. 397 West Fair street. 6-22-137

Phenoline.

A DISINFECTANT, deodorant and germicide; destroys chicken mites and all kinds of insects. Phenoline Co., 106-A Edgewood ave. M. 2317. At. 3038-A.

Pictures and Frames.

COLE BOOK AND ART CO., 85 Whitehall. Main 482.

Safes.

ATLANTA SAFE CO.
THE ONLY exclusive safe company in the city. Safe experts. References, any bank in Atlanta. 50 Madison avenue.

Printing.

FOR PRINTING that stands for quality, satisfaction and economy, call Phone M. 1320. The Georgia Printing Co., 10 Peters street.

WE do expert printing and a trial order will make you a satisfied customer. No. 41 West Hunter street. Phone Main 1992.

Printing of all Kinds.

RYBERT & HOLLINGSWORTH
JOB PRINTING. 10 Gilmer street. Main 4500.

Safe Cracksman.

FIRE and burglar-proof safes opened and repaired. C. C. Downes, 29½ Marietta street. Phones M. 2146, Atlanta 4922. 6-5-11

Sewing Machines.

WE RENT new machines with complete set of attachments for $2 per month; also machines repaired; prompt delivery. Both phones 1893. Singer Sewing Machine Company, 79 Whitehall. 9-14-44

Shoe Repairing.

M'NEIL & HUNTER, shoe repairing. Work called for and delivered. 485 Edgewood avenue. Atlanta 1627.

Signs.

SIGNS BROWN SIGN & PAINTING CO., 77½ Whitehall. M. 3780. 8-18-33

KENT ON SIGNS signifies best quality. Kent Sign Co., 130½ Peachtree street. 3-5-20

Slate Roofing.

JONES SLATE ROOFING CO. NEW roofing and repairing by practical men. 417 Fourth Nat. Bank. M. 1615.

Stove and Range Repairing.

STOVE, RANGE AND FURNACE REPAIRING.
Atlanta Stove Supply Company. We also make chimney stacks. Ivy 7240. 101 N. Forsyth street.

STOVE DOCTOR.

STOVE, range and furnace repairing. 61 South Pryor street. Bell phone Main 1460. Atlanta Phone 1410. 4-10-10

DAN, THE FIXER.

STOVES AND REFRIGERATOR REPAIRING.
We sell second-hand gas stoves.
We sweep chimneys.
121 WHITEHALL STREET.
Atlanta Phone 2235. Bell Phone M. 2699

Tailoring and Cleaning.

THE STOWAH Tailoring, Pressing and Dry Cleaning. Membership taken; $1 per month 8 suits. Atlanta 5664-M.

Transfer, Packing and Storage.

SKINNER Transfer and Storage, 34 N. Forsyth. Ivy 4232

Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases.

RETAILED AND REPAIRED. ROUNTREE'S, 77 WHITEHALL ST. PHONES: Bell Main 1576, Atlanta 1654.

Tin and Sheet Iron Workers.

BEST WORK. Prices reasonable. J. L. McNinch, 209 Marietta street. Main 5276-J, Atlanta 2127.

Upholstering and Furniture Repairing.

Capital Upholstering Company.
OFFICE furniture a specialty; all kinds of furniture refinished, packed and shipped on short notice. 148 South Pryor. Both phones. 7-24-15

Umbrellas.

"Taylor-Made" UMBRELLAS
BUY from makers—All prices from $1.00 up, with detachable handles. Guaranteed and kept in repair free. Expert repairing.

TAYLOR UMBRELLA CO.,
116 1-2 Whitehall St.

Wall Papering and Tinting.

BETTER be safe than sorry. That's J. L. Burnett, the Wall Paper Man, 71 South Pryor. Phones 48.

Wall Paper and Paint.

SEE J. M. QUICK at Rockwood Improvement Company for low prices on wall paper. Best work. 11 South Forsyth. Main 4027, Atlanta 322. 7-27-57

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

BUSINESS GUIDE.
Waste Paper.

WANTED—For cash, waste paper, rag stock. Atlantic Supply Co. Phone M. 3816. Wagon will call.

Window Shade Trouble.

IS ALL GONE when your shades are hung in Brewer's Window Shade Adjusters. Before buying shades or hanging your old shades, call Main 307-J and get all the data from B. B. Henry, 269 Washington street; money saved.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES.

WILL buy four thousand dollars' worth of purchase money notes; either first or seconds; monthly or yearly; money in bank. Purchase Box 3, care Georgian.

WANTED—Purchase money notes. Address Purchase Money, Box 120, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—$1,000 worth first mortgage purchase money notes. No brokers need apply. Box 437, care Georgian.

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$10,000 first mortgage notes in annual series; would consider second mortgage notes of gilt-edge. Ready Money, Box 10, care Georgian.

ESTABLISHED 1888.
6%—WE WILL PAY—6%
ON SAVINGS
In Sums of $500 and over.
THE MERCHANTS AND MECHANICS BANKING AND LOAN CO.,
209 Grant Building. Telephone Ivy 5341.
Cash Capital $120,000.
Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier.
B. M. Grant, President.

WE CAN net you 7 to 8 per cent on first mortgage on Atlanta and nearby real estate if you have money to lend. See Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood avenue.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

PHOTO GALLERY for sale for $250; building included. Apply to Novelty Photo Company, 145 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

FREE FOR SIX MONTHS—My summer offer to introduce my magazine, "Investing for Profit." It is worth $10 a copy to any man who has been getting poorer while the rich richer. It demonstrates the real earning power of money, and shows how any one, no matter how poor, can acquire riches. Investing for Profit has the largest financial circulation in America—the only progressive financial journal published. It shows how $100 quickly grows to $2,200. Write me now and I'll send it six months free. H. L. Barber, 449, 22 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago.

WOULD LIKE to have work with some photographer; have some experience. Miss M. E. O., 99 Jones avenue.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

YOUNG LADY desires position as stenographer or typist; one year's experience. Miss X. Y. Z., Box 84, care Georgian.

LOCAL PARTNER WANTED—No investment. All steel sectional garages and sectional buildings. Very attractive proposition. Fullest sales co-operation. Permanent, profitable. Ruby Manufacturing Company, Jackson, Mich.

TEACHER wants position for September 1; young lady, college graduate, normal trained; prefers domestic science. Address Box 23, Mountville, Ga.

BEST wall papering work done by Piedmont Wall Paper Company, 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047, Atlanta 802.

FOR SALE—Drug store, established fourteen years, owner retiring. Will sell at invoice. Terms to right man or will consider city property for part. Rare chance. No agents. Address Box C-325, care Georgian.

BUSINESSES

FOR SALE BY YOUNG & GOODROE.

POOL ROOM SIX first-class tables; good location; cheap rent; making $100 to $150 per month net; cheap; on easy terms.

SODA WATER GOOD corner, in fine residence section; monthly sales about $800; fine opportunity and must sell at $1,850.

BARBER SHOP; most central location; fine equipment. This is good and getting better every day. Price only $1,500.

HOTEL LEASE AND FURNISHINGS; very cheap rent; house has extra good reputation; town of 3,000 people; price, $1,100.

LOOK HERE GOOD office building SODA and LUNCH business; fine opening here for a hustler; price right; terms easy.

TO SWAP FOR AUTO or real estate, centrally located SODA and LUNCH business; extra good opportunity; will sell at bargain price on terms.

DRUG STORE GOOD South Georgia town; best reason for selling; extra good chance here; price, $3,500; only $1,500 cash; stock inventories $4,500.

BAKERY AND LUNCH ROOM; central location; here's where you can make a "hit." Get busy. Price, $650.

ON A CORNER WITH 8-room house attached; rent $40 for all; nice SODA, CIGAR and MILK DEPOT; a big bargain at $1,100; most reasonable terms. Investigate this.

MILLING PLANER, cotton gin and grist mill, real estate and buildings; good town in southeast Georgia; big sacrifice at $2,200.

SODA AND CONFECTIONERY; good corner; fine residence section; a big bargain (twenty-syrup fount); cheap rent. Price $800 cash.

OFFICE BUSINESS; well established; making money; splendid chance for good man; half interest for $650.

ROOMING HOUSE; about twenty rooms; clean; nice; well equipped; close in; North Side; strictly first class.

WE HAVE SOLD THREE businesses this week. Do you want to buy or sell? See us. It might be to your interest to do so.

YOUNG & GOODROE
Business Brokers.
413-14 PETERS BUILDING,
PHONES: Main 3155; Atlanta, 2755.

FOR SALE—Moving picture theater. Have the best location in the South for a small theater and a good proposition to make any one with $1,500 or $1,800 to invest. Address Box E-136, care Georgian.

BOARDING HOUSE FOR SALE—First-class and full of regular boarders; nice location, Washington street; owner sick and must sell; only $250 cash gets this. Young & Goodroe, Business Brokers, 413 Peters Bldg.

A GREAT BARGAIN FOR TAILOR. WILL sell a small well-selected stock of staple and fancy woolens invoicing $1,400 for $900 cash. For further information write or wire R. L. Michels, Albany, Ga.

WANTED IDEAS, Write for list of inventions wanted by manufacturers and prizes offered for inventions. Our four books sent free. Patent secured or fee refunded. Victor J. Evans & Co., Washington, D. C.

WANTED—To sell all or half interest in a good telephone system; particulars. Write Box 2, Wildwood, Fla.

WANTED—Lady partner in rooming house proposition. Mrs. S. Tanner, Box 842, care Georgian.

HOTEL BARGAIN.
LICENSED road house and resort hotel in prosperous operation; immediate possession. Call or write P. Hall Packer, Sea Bright, N. J.

EGG FARM.
LARGE, PROFITABLE COMMERCIAL BUSINESS.
PERFECT condition; equipment unequaled; best location in Jersey; New York one hour; trolley passes entrance; 6,000 hens laying now; 14,000 growing stock on range; no incumbrance. Owner's representative, James Maxwell, Finderne, N. J.

$500 invested in Atlanta coffee house will treble in two years. Experienced associates. Address Box 511, care Georgian.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

BARGAIN—Quick sale, $100, eight-room fully furnished boarding or lodging house; all filled; in heart of city. Box 338, care American.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

ATLANTA HAS ROOM and we have the business for you. YOUNG & GOODROE, Business Brokers, 413-414 Peters Building.

WHEN YOU WANT to buy or sell a business consult us. YOUNG & GOODROE, Business Brokers, 413-414 Peters Building.

I HAVE a patent on a new lawn mower and want to sell one-half interest to a good, reliable party with some means for the purpose of starting a factory; there is good money in this for us both; reference required. Address C. M. Byrd, Lock Box 98, Cherokee, Okla.

IF YOU WANT to sell your business, no matter where located, need partner or additional capital, call or write YOUNG & GOODROE, Business Brokers, 413-14 Peters Building, Atlanta. "We can sell any business that has merit." 7-27-28

FOR SALE—Saloon business in Waco, Texas; monthly sales $1,200 to $2,400; also good bottle trade. Address Box 1110, Waco, Texas.

ADVERTISE—Twenty words in seventy-five weeklies, $1.50; twenty Sunday papers, $5. Life Company, St. Louis. 26-22-6

A TIRE and tire repair store carrying a small but complete line of accessories; located in the best automobile city in Colorado; a good paying business that will stand investigation. Inquire Boak Rubber Co., 17 S. Cascade, Colorado Springs, Colo.

WANTED IDEAS Write for list of inventions wanted by manufacturers and prizes offered for inventions. Our four books sent free. Patent secured or fee refunded. Victor J. Evans & Co., Washington, D. C. 27-6-7

$450 CASH buys good one-man newspaper and job office. Will invoice twice that amount. Don't write, come and see. George S. Barger, Tryon, Okla.

$5,000,000 European capital for investment in attractive enterprises. Address Bankers' Alliance, 14 Bloomsbury street, London, England. 41-27-7

ON ACCOUNT of age, will sell my meat market, situated in a good town of 3,000 population. It is the best market in the town and one of the best in the State. Will also sell my twelve-room house, arranged for two families. Address Box A-618, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—A paying abstract business, a Pecos valley, farm, 80 acres, $8,000 incumbrance, $2,500. Address Box O, Artesia, New Mexico.

PLUMBING business and stock in one of the best towns in Georgia. Excellent opportunity for a practical man. Very small capital required. Good reason for selling. Address Box D-407, care Georgian.

FOR SALE—Drug store fixtures and nice line of drugs. Will sell separately or all together. Terms to suit purchaser. Address G. W. Mills, Calhoun, Ga.

FOR SALE—General grain and feed business in live town in North Georgia, doing fine business. Business is taken up by other business. Will sell at very low price. Business will bear a thorough investigation. For full particulars address Easy Terms, Box R-111, care Georgian.

PIEDMONT Wall Paper Company. Foreign and domestic wall paper. 33 Auburn avenue.

FOR SALE—Restaurant in town of 3,000 inhabitants. Must be sold at once. Good business year through. Address Box B-124, care Georgian.

FOR SALE, $350—Established tailoring agency, cleaning and pressing business; $350 cash, balance $300 in payments if desired. P. O. Box 314, Columbus, Ga.

A FIRST-CLASS drug store in new and growing town in South Georgia; only store in town; reasonable. Address Box 46, Caryville, Fla.

FOR SALE—Grocery store in hustling town of 5,000 inhabitants. Exceptional chance to obtain good paying business with a good, clean stock and best trade. Good reason for selling. Address Box A-222, care Georgian.

I WRITE copy with the "hook" that catches orders. In this quiet country spot I saturate myself with the vital arguments on your proposition and then send you stirring stuff—worded to win. All service sent on approval. Advertising booklets prepared and published. Letters, circulars, ads, etc. I am

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; good neighborhood. 121 S. Pryor.

TWO or three furnished rooms complete for housekeeping with owner; references exchanged. 185 E. Pine St. Ivy 6965-J.

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping, bed room, furnished, in home with young married couple, in Ormewood Park on Soldiers' Home car line. Use of telephone, piano, electric lights, city water, baths, included in rent of $12 per month, to young couple without children; must give references. Phone Main 2447, or Atlanta 5975-F.

NICELY furnished room, convenient to bath, close in. Ivy 4529-J.

ONE large steam-heated room; hot and cold water; private bath. 488 Peachtree street.

ONE steam-heated room for gentlemen; twelve minutes' walk to Candler Building. North Side. Phone Ivy 2842.

ROOM and breakfast with private family for young man. 25 West End Place.

TO a couple, lower floor, at 21 Delta Place. Completely furnished. Phone Ivy 3468-L.

FURNISHED rooms for rent; one very large room; with or without board. 224 South Pryor.

FURNISHED ROOMS, close in, reasonable; modern conveniences. 90 West Baker. Ivy 7520-J.

LARGE front nicely furnished room, with or without board, in adult private family; a real home for right persons; references. 92 Gordon street. Phone W. 747.

TWO newly papered, large size rooms; close in; will furnish if desired. Apply 25 E. Ellis St.

NICELY furnished rooms; block from Candler Bldg. 102 Ivy St.

FOR RENT—Two beautiful furnished rooms in private home; steam heat, electric lights etc. Will be glad to hear from parties who are looking for something real nice. References exchanged. Gentlemen preferred. Phone Ivy 6164.

NICELY furnished rooms in private home; gentlemen only. 19 E. Harris St. Ivy 6349-J.

NICELY furnished upstairs rooms for two or three gentlemen. 116 Luckie street.

FOR RENT—Three elegantly furnished rooms; will rent real cheap; don't object to children. 407 Fraser.

FURNISHED room for men; all conveniences. Ivy 4468. Peachtree place.

THE FLANDERS—Well furnished front room, adjoining bath; steam heat. 95 West Peachtree, Apartment 4.

NICE furnished room for two gentlemen; $8 per month. 105 Rawson.

FOR RENT—One, two or three furnished rooms; steam heated; all modern conveniences. 14 W. Baker St. Phone Ivy 5039.

ONE NICE front room, furnished or unfurnished. Gentlemen preferred. Close in. 234 Central avenue.

NICE, clean, upstairs front room to rent to gentlemen. Phone Ivy 4769-L. 258 North Boulevard.

COOL ROOMS for transient; near postoffice; fine baths; for gents. 11 Cone.

THE PICKWICK.

NEW TEN-STORY AND FIREPROOF. Cool outside rooms; connecting bath; convenient shower baths on each floor. 77 Fairlie street, next Carnegie library.

The Fairleigh 133-5-7 Spring Street. Phone Ivy 5558-J.

Furnished rooms and furnished 3-room apartments; close in; conveniences.

NICE front rooms, fine location, one block from car line; only $10 per month. 102 Ivy street.

AT THE CARROLLTON,

20 CARNEGIE WAY. FURNISHED APARTMENTS AND FURNISHED ROOMS. J. F. STEELE, MGR.

BEAUTIFUL, cool, front room; private bath; shady lot; gentleman. "Between Peachtrees," care Georgian.

19 W. CAIN.

FEW refined people for elegant rooms adjoining bath, newly renovated; also light housekeeping apartments. Ivy 7435-J.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

THREE ROOMS, kitchenette, gas and bath; every convenience for housekeeping. 39 Woodward Ave.

ONE ROOM, with kitchenette, nicely furnished for light housekeeping; all conveniences. 147 Capitol avenue.

THREE connecting rooms for light housekeeping; North Side; also one nicely furnished room, suitable for gentleman or lady. Call Ivy 1960-J.

WANTED—Couple to rent part of new home. W. 1349-J. West End.

UPSTAIRS, consisting of three rooms, private bath and kitchen with gas; best part Inman Park; good car service; $25 per month. 187 N. Moreland, near Euclid.

TO SETTLED COUPLE, without children, three connecting first floor rooms; separate gas, china closet, pantry, water and sink in kitchen; $14. 265 Crumley street.

FOR RENT—Five unfurnished rooms with private bath, arranged as an apartment with exception of entrance. Situated in one of best sections of North Side. Furnace heat, electric lights, hot and cold water and telephone furnished. $35.00 per month. Telephone Ivy 5398-L.

390 PEACHTREE, upstairs, four unfurnished rooms, only $10 month; gas, water and sink in kitchen. Apply 59 East Alexander.

NICE ROOMS, also light housekeeping apartment; private family. Close in. Ivy 6640-J.

TWO ROOMS with kitchenette, $12.50. Phone, lights, piazza. 54 East Alexander.

WANTED—Nice couple to rent three nice connecting rooms. References exchanged. Answer 530 Washington. No children.

THREE or five nice rooms for nice people for light housekeeping. Ivy 3625.

THREE connecting unfurnished rooms for rent. Phone M. 5459-J, or apply 23 Bryant St.

TWO unfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. Apply 63 Windsor st.

THREE connecting rooms, bath adjoining; private entrance; September 2. 40 Boulevard Terrace.

UNFURNISHED rooms, close in, reasonable, modern conveniences. 90 West Baker. Ivy 7520-J.

WANTED—Desirable party to share house. Can spare five rooms. Terms reasonable. North Side. Ivy 2080-J.

FOR RENT—Three connecting upstairs rooms, nice and clean; all conveniences. Cheap to couple. 11 Whitehall Terrace.

TWO large connecting rooms; close in; gas and convenient to car line; small rent. Phone Main 1058.

FURNISHED APARTS. FOR RENT.

LEAVING city, will rent newly furnished 4-room apartment, with every convenience; North Side. Address G. H. A., Box 881, care Georgian.

FOR RENT—Furnished, to responsible party, lower floor, consisting of bedroom, dining room and kitchen. Apply 10 West Pine, one door of West Peachtree, or call Ivy 5859-J.

MRS. BLACK will take charge of the Vernon, steam-heated apartments, 61 East Cain street, September 1, and will have room for a few more young men.

FOR RENT—Furnished apartment of six rooms with steam heat. 294 Myrtle St. Call Ivy 6607-J.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT.

A BEAUTIFUL FIVE-ROOM APARTMENT.

FOR RENT at 387 Peachtree street; steam heated and good janitor service. Phone W. 93 for all information.

FOR RENT—Apartment, six rooms, butler's pantry, linen locker, provision closet, storage room, clothes closets, large front and back porches; strictly modern and complete; just like being in your own home with all conveniences of an up-to-date apartment; steam heat; hot and cold water. Main 5411.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS. ROOMS FOR RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—STEAM HEATED APARTMENT OF FOUR OR FIVE ROOMS; MUST HAVE ALL CONVENIENCES AND BE CLOSE TO CAR LINE. ANSWER AT ONCE TO H. A. V., BOX 69, CARE GEORGIAN, GIVING BEST PRICE AND LOCATION.

FOR RENT—One apartment of two rooms, with hot and cold water, bath; price $8. Couple preferred. Apply 389 Whitehall street.

TWO apartments, 310 and 312 Myrtle street; very desirable; all modern improvements; reasonable terms. Phone Ivy 5065-L.

APARTMENTS—Piedmont and Merritts, $35, $37, $40. Apply 70 Merritts. Ivy 2843-J.

TWO 4-room apartments every modern convenience, 324 Forrest avenue. Apply premises. Phone Ivy 508-J. L. B. Sanders, owner.

DELIGHTFULLY comfortable two six-room apartments for lease; strictly first-class; best North Side residence section; one block from Georgian Terrace; handsome grounds; large individual porches; automobile accommodations, etc. Phone Ivy 657-J, or call at 29 Ponce DeLeon avenue.

WE HAVE some nice four and five-room apartments on the North Side for rent. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton street.

AVALON, West Peachtree and North avenue, one five-room apartment; September 1; elevator; sleeping porch; superior service. Call Mr. Martin. Main 1754.

BOSCOBEL AND EUCLID APARTMENTS,

CORNER Euclid avenue and Hurt street. Three and four rooms, steam heated, wall beds and wall safes. Most exclusive neighborhood, on car line. Every apartment fronts the street. Separate entrance, no congestion in halls. The most delightful and ventilated apartments in the city, $30 to $37.50 each.

FITZHUGH KNOX,
1613 CANDLER BLDG.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Five-room cottage in Inman Park; all conveniences. Call Ivy 3224-J.

MODERN house furnished. Apply 277 West Peachtree street.

OWNER (man) would rent his well-furnished home on Juniper street for his board for two months to approved party. Main 3300.

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE; all conveniences; excellent neighborhood. 192 Crew St.

MODERN eight-room house for rent. Well furnished. Apply 277 West Peachtree street.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—September 1, 80 East Fifth street; house in thorough repair; reception hall, sitting room, bath, dining room and kitchen downstairs; four bedrooms and bath on second floor; electric lights and steam heat. Apply E. R. DuBose, 66 Whitehall.

FOR RENT—Near Ponce DeLeon avenue and North Boulevard, eight-room house, hardwood floors, vapor heat, screened, summer dining rooms, garage, elevated lot. John Pappa, 610 North Boulevard. Phone Ivy 474.

Four Acres, Williams Street.

Aristocratic growing location; small fortune in this; will exchange.

A. J. & H. F. WEST.
Atlanta National Bank Building.

FOR SALE—$1,000 buys beautiful five-room bungalow on large lot in Florida town, on large lake. Owner leaving State and must sacrifice. Ideal winter home; fine boating and fishing. Address Bungalow, No. 4 Line St., Decatur, Ga.

NORTH SIDE HOME.

NINE-ROOM house on Highland avenue; best part of street; no cash and small monthly payments; lot 60x150; level and shady; cheap. Address Bargain, Box 13, care Georgian.

SIX-ROOM cottage, Delaware avenue, Ormewood Park, for rent or sale. Phone Main 5471-L or write Route 3, Box 38, Atlanta.

IN the Druid Hill section, 500 feet from the East Lake drive, this side of Oakhurst, one block from North Decatur car line, I have several beautiful lots for sale, price $450 to $900. Will accept $75 cash and very small monthly payment on each lot. Consider the location and write Owner Box 709, care Georgian.

FOUR-ROOM house, $900; renting for $9.10 per month; also two nice lots on Ashby street, near new school house. All city improvements, cheap. W. J. Garner, 250 Marietta street.

EQUITY in cemetery lot to exchange for something of equal value. Address Business Bargain, Box 121, care Georgian.

RARE opportunity for investment near new Y. M. C. A. Building on Luckie street; lot 100 by 100. Fine place for double apartment. Address G. W. J., Box 120, care Georgian.

INMAN PARK LOTS—75 feet front, $1,050 each. Twelve minutes from Five Points. Good neighborhood and all improvements. Call or phone W. R. Beck, Fourth National Bank. Main 3087. At night, Ivy 2329-L.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

HAVE about $2,000 equity in North Side property, yielding monthly income, will sell or trade for modern North Side home. Address A., Box 788, Atlanta.

FOR BEAUTIFUL HOMES and building lots in College Park, the most desirable suburb of Atlanta, see I. C. McCrory.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—Direct from owner, a small house with large lot, on easy terms. Address K. P., care Georgian.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WE have several buyers for small investments ranging from $1,000 to $5,000. Phone or write us.

OTIS & HOLLIDAY.
1505-6 Fourth National. Phone M. 175

FARMS FOR SALE.

TIMBER FOR SALE—100 acres, one mile east of Guthrie; contains oak and cottonwood; appraised at $5,000; two railroads run through this property; a good proposition for dealer in wood, sawmill or match factory. For further information write owner, Frank J. Kirk, 1612 Maple avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—Iron ore property, 400-acre tract; standard quality, within 2½ miles of two trunk lines of railroads. Price $25,000; bargain. Tison Real Estate Agency Cedartown, Ga.

160 ACRES good level land covered with timber; two miles from Garvin, Okla.; for short time $10 acre, third cash, balance easy, or will trade for cattle; also four 45-acre tracts close to Valiant, part in cultivation, in best fruit country; half mile good school; well watered, a bargain. Judd Moore, Valiant, Okla.

FOR SALE—Two hundred and fifty acres of good strong red land; plenty timber; pasture with running water; one-half mile of depot. Will divide into small farms, or sell the whole at a bargain. Write for terms to Box 224, Raymond, Ga. 43-27-7

IF YOU are in the market for a farm we can suit you either black or sandy land in any part of North Texas. Will G. Hiett Co., 109 Field street, Dallas, Tex.

I HAVE farm lands around Albany, Ga., the best farming section in the South. You can grow from two to three crops a year. For sale cheap, or will exchange for Atlanta property. M. L. Petty, 125 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE or Exchange—Irrigated alfalfa farm near Deming, N. M., some cash some trade, balance deferred. Box 361 Deming, N. M.

A SNAP for the money, 640 acres Pecos Valley adjoining railroad town. R. S. Long, Owner, Longworth, Texas.

423 ACRES, ten sets houses; rent $1,200; price $2,250. W. J. Gilbert, Dublin, Ga.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

FURNISHED APARTS WANTED.

WANTED—By couple, furnished apartment of three or four rooms on North Side. N. H., 15 East Merritts avenue.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.

TO RENT OR PURCHASE—A bungalow on North Side. Must be nice neighborhood. Write full particulars stating exact location and terms. A. C. B., 61 Walton street.

WANTED—By September 1 or 15 five-room bungalow or cottage on North Side or Inman Park; must be reasonable. No children. Address B. S., care Georgian.

WANTED—To rent about September 15, house or bungalow; six to eight rooms; Inman Park preferred. Address Box 379, care Georgian.

STABLES WANTED.

WANTED—To rent barn or stable for five automobiles. Must have water. Address Box 506, care Georgian.

HOTELS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Only first-class brick hotel in Cedartown, Ga.; well located, near Seaboard depot; unfurnished. Can give possession October 1. Fine opportunity for good hotel man. For particulars write Tison Real Estate Agency, Cedartown, Ga.

MEDICAL.

DROPSY treated 10 days free. Short breathing relieved in a few hours, swelling, uric acid and water removed in a few days. Regulates liver, kidneys, digestion and heart. Write for testimonials, symptom blank for free Home Treatment. Collum Dropsy Remedy Co., 406 Austell Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and similar obstructions. Trial box by mail, 50c. Frank Edmondson & Bro., manufacturing chemists, 11 North Broad St., Atlanta.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—By owner, new six-room house in South Kirkwood, in beautiful grove; easy terms. C. W. S., No. 918 Austell building. Phone Main 2243.

TRUCK FARM.

SIX MILES from the center of the city; 14 acres in high state of cultivation; 4 acres of good bottom land; one 5-room and one 3-room house; running water; all kinds fruits; right at railroad stop and near car line. Bargain at $3,000, on good terms. See YOUNG & GOODROE, 413 Peters Bldg.

YOUR CHOICE FOR TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS.

OWNER forced to sell one of two lots, fronting Ansley Park golf links. Terms, $250 cash, balance $25 per month at 6 per cent interest. Address A. C. G., care Georgian.

$7,000 PROFIT IN THIS.

Improved place on North avenue, 150 feet from Peachtree, almost adjoining the Ponce DeLeon and Georgian Terrace Hotels. Less than $300 per front foot; adjoining property can't be bought for less than $500 per front foot.

A. J. & H. F. WEST.
Atlanta National Bank Building.

FOR SALE—Near Ponce DeLeon avenue and North Boulevard, eight-room house, hardwood floors, vapor heat, screened, summer dining room, large, elevated lot, garage. John Pappa, 610 North Boulevard. Phone Ivy 474.

FARMS FOR SALE.

W. M. SCOTT & CO.
Apple and Chicken Farms.

AT BLUE RIDGE, a nice town where the Baptists are to build a female college, 31½ acres one-half mile from depot, 20 acres cultivated, all under fence; 6 acres in timber; 4 acres in pasture, 1,000 apple trees—500 6 to 8 years old, worth $5 each $2,500
200 three years old, worth $3 each.. 600
300 two years old, worth $1 each... 300
All selected fall and winter varieties, on hill side northern and western slope; five-room frame, weatherboarded, ceiled, and painted dwelling, running water in the kitchen, worth 900
One barn, three stalls, feed room, corn crib, fencing, etc. 300
House in edge of timber, well shaded, faces east, good garden, schools and churches; in fact, it is in town; you can have electric lights if desired; land, say 600
$5,200

$3,000 buys it; $1,000 cash, balance at 7 per cent. Two apple crops will pay for it, and a lifetime business. After four years it ought to pay $3,000 per annum. Might take city property in part payment.

TWO MILES from Lithia Springs on County Line road, 80 acres beautiful little farm, 35 acres in cultivation, 200 peach trees, seven quince, number of cultivated goose plums; in fact, a large family orchard; land lies well; four-room dwelling; fine shade around the house; good garden. Price $2,500.

AMONG other desirable farms near Elijay, we have one on the main highway automobile route, 134 acres, 30 acres fenced, 3 acres branch bottom land, 80 acres mixed timber for pasture and stock range, five good springs, old orchard of 70 trees, 180 seven-year-old fall and winter apples, 50 Elberta peach trees, grapes, plums, etc.; good four-room house, two barns and other outbuildings; house shaded by walnut and apple trees, on telephone line; only $2,000; $500 or $600 cash, balance $200 per annum.

WE HAVE a large number of very desirable apple and chicken farms in that section.

GO LOOK at five-room house on Hoke street, near water works; three lots, fruit and big garden; small payment down; balance like rent.

SMALL STORE and three-room dwelling, front and back veranda, in Bellwood; corner lot; should rent for $7; now rented for $5; pay 10 per cent on $600; $475 cash buys it.

W. M. SCOTT & CO.
210-212 Gould Building.

18,000 ACRES of irrigable land from one to ten miles from Midland, Tex. This is the newest discovered irrigation belt and promises to be the best of all. I will sell 80 acres or the entire 18,000 acres at $30 an acre. Henry M. Halff, Owner, Midland, Tex.

9 1-16 ACRES, over 1,200 feet along railroad, with right of way across tracks; 28 miles from New York, near Bound Brook, in a few years this property will be very valuable; price only $900; easy terms; discount for cash. W. B. McLain, 47 West Thirty-fourth street, New York.

FOR SALE—4,000-acre improved delta plantation, 2,000 acres in cultivation; 1,000 acres in 12-inch and up cottonwood; fine soil and no boll weevil. For details write J. C. Walker, Shaw, Miss.

CHICKEN, pigeon and duck farm within sight of New York; house, modern improvements; plenty poultry houses and fruit; sale or rent at great sacrifice, account death. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

FARMS in Erie, Niagara, Orleans, Allegheny, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus and Wyoming Counties. Albert D. Jamieson, 606 White Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Modern hotel in live business and healthy resort Arkansas town. For full particulars address J. L. McKamey, agent, Imboden, Ark.

IMPROVED farms, 50 miles southwest of Macon, Ga. Write us your wants. Butler Realty Co., Butler, Ga.

FOR SALE—Whole section, best land in Butler County, Mo. No overflow, nor boll weevil. Forty acres in cultivation. Sixteen houses; two stores; on railroad and County road. Will produce immense crops of cotton corn, wheat and alfalfa. For terms address B. B. Boyd, Covington, Tenn.

A REAL INVESTMENT.

IT'S a 303-acre farm; all modern improvements; buildings in good repair; 185 acres in cultivation, 220 acres under wire fence; gravel clay subsoil; average one bale cotton per acre; three miles Butler; county seat; 1,000 population; growing town; $35 per acre. Quick sale.
BUTLER REALTY CO.,
Butler, Ga.

TWO thousand acres of hardwood timber for sale; on quick sale will take following price for same, $14 per acre; five miles of Central Railroad, 30 miles south of Macon. R. L. Stubbs, Toomsboro, Ga.

FOR SALE—Four hundred acres of timbered land at $4 per acre. For particulars, address T. S. Wells, Cornelia, Ga.

MISSISSIPPI delta farm for sale. The finest 1,489 acres in the delta, 1,250 acres in cultivation. One mile from railroad station. Address Box 25, Tutwiler, Miss.

326 ACRES, 150 in cultivation, 50 in meadow, hog fenced, five sets houses, small orchard; soil dark sandy loam and black; $25. 2,000 acres under hog fence, 1 mile station, $11. Write for list. O. R. Hamilton, Franklin, Texas.

FOR COUNTRY HOME—59 acres, 2 miles Imboden. Old-fashioned log house, barn and other outbuildings; 22 acres in cultivation; more general farming land to clear; about 1,000 bearing fruit trees; one of the best springs in the Ozarks. Ideal summer place. Price $1,800. For full particulars and land list, address J. L. McKamey, Imboden, Ark.

160 ACRES—Stock farm below Ocala; enormous free range; timber uncut; must sell quickly; need money. Box 1400, Modello Fla.

WIDOW must sell; 400 acres, including 36 choice Holstein cows; all crops, hundred acres timber, modern buildings, worth $7,000; running water; price $10,000; easy terms; free catalogue. C. J. Hills, Farmers' Bank, Springville, N. Y.

BY OWNER, 5,000 acres of cut-over land, sixteen miles west of Jacksonville, Fla.; every acre good farming land; $8 per acre; or will sell 2,000 at $9; $1 per acre will handle these. A. E. Reid, Ionia St., Jacksonville, Fla.

FOR BARGAINS in central Ohio farms. Write John Watkins, North Lewisburg, Ohio.

160-ACRE FARM for sale; three houses. Write or see me. One-half cash; good bargain. R. B. Moon, Kennesaw, Ga.

LANDS in Mississippi and Alabama at $4 to $10 an acre. J. C. Van Dolah, Dillsboro, Ind.

WISCONSIN

FARMS FOR SALE—Can furnish retired business men, clerks, bookkeepers and others fine farms, five acres and up to 1,000, near railway stations and good markets, cheaply and on easy payments. Write for particulars to Stephenson Land and Lumber Co., Oconto, Wis.

OXYGEN-ACETYLENE WELDING.



"It STICKS like a bull pup." But this process doesn't simply stick things together. It MELTS the metal at the crack or break and runs it together again. We weld anything made of any kind of metal. Nothing too small or too large.

ATLANTA WELDING COMPANY.

BELL PHONE IVY 5367.
74 IVY STREET.

HOUSES FOR RENT. HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT
BY FOSTER & ROBSON.

8-r. h., 140 Capitol avenue	$45.00	8-r. h., 580 Washington	$50.00
8-r. h., 45 South Gordon	45.00	8-r. h., 80 McLendon	50.00
8-r. h., 1120 DeKalb	35.00	8-r. h., 77 Jones avenue	17.50
8-r. h., 763 Edgewood avenue	40.00	8-r. h., 1 S. Gordon	40.00
8-r. h., 53 Atlanta, Decatur	25.00	7-r. h., 37 Ponce DeLeon, Decatur	27.50
8-r. h., 1102 Peachtree (apt.)	70.00	7-r. h., 64 Currier	40.00
8-r. h., 707 N. Boulevard (fur.)	75.00	7-r. h., 11 Candler, Decatur	30.00
8-r. h., 458 Capitol	33.35	7-r. h., 560 Central	30.00
8-r. h., 38 Norcross	35.00	7-r. h., 56 Currier (apt.)	42.50
8-r. h., 574 Washington	50.00	7-r. h., 58 Currier (apt.)	42.50
8-r. h., 20 Gordon, Kirkwood	40.00	7-r. h., 170 Washington	50.00
8-r. h., 366 Capitol	35.00	7-r. h., 65 Austin	40.00
8-r. h., 568 Washington	50.00	7-r. h., 41 Zachry	31.50
8-r. h., 38 E. Thirteenth	25.50	7-r. h., 418 S. Moreland	17.00
8-r. h., 57 DeKalb avenue	30.00	7-r. h., 55 Howard, Kirkwood	25.00

FOSTER & ROBSON,
11 EDGEWOOD AVE.

FOR RENT.

10-r. h., 150 Spring st. (Aug. 31)	$55.00	8-r. h., 8 Kennesaw avenue (Aug. 31)	$50.00
10-r. h., 452 Whitehall street (Aug. 23)	50.00	8-r. h., 23 Columbia avenue (Aug. 31)	45.00
9-r. h., 29 E. Third street (Aug. 31)	75.00	8-r. h., 163 E. Pine street (Aug. 31)	37.50
8-r. h., 74 Forrest avenue	75.00	8-r. h., 484 Courtland street (Aug. 31)	45.00

JOHN J. WOODSIDE,
REAL ESTATE, RENTING, STORAGE.
Phones, Bell, Ivy 671; Atlanta, 618. 12 "Real Estate Row."

FOR RENT
Chas. P. Glover Realty Co.
2½ WALTON STREET.

20-r. h., 135 Ivy street	$100.00	8-r. h., 37 Copenhill avenue	$37.50
14-r. h., 173 Luckie street	40.00	8-r. h., 42 Logan avenue	25.00
14-r. h., 530 Washington street	50.00	7-r. h., 381 S. Pryor street	30.00
12-r. h., 82 Central place	35.00	7-r. h., 330 Central ave.	25.00
12-r. h., 79 E. Merritts ave.	65.00	7-r. h., 94 Elmira street	45.00
10-r. h., 354 Euclid avenue	60.00	7-r. h., 55 W. Peachtree Place	30.00
10-r. h., 338 W. Peachtree street	60.00	7-r. h., 261 East Georgia ave.	27.50
10-r. h., 71 W. Fifteenth st.	85.00	7-r. h., 529 Pulliam street	20.00
10-r. h., 26 Peachtree circle	75.00	7-r. h., 537 N. Boulevard	55.00
10-r. h., 164 Ponce DeLeon ave.	75.00	6-r. apt. 633 Piedmont avenue	50.00
10-r. h., 44 East Ninth street	62.00	6-r. h., 87 Elmira street	35.00
10-r. h., 84 East Cain street	40.00	6-r. h., 185 Holderness	30.00
9-r. h., 708 Piedmont avenue	65.00	6-r. h., 41 Woodward avenue	25.00
9-r. h., 73 East Merritts ave.	43.50	6-r. h., 41 Woodward avenue	25.00
9-r. h., 83 Ashby street	40.00	6-r. h., 16 Kings Highway (Decatur)	35.00
9-r h., 669 Highland avenue	40.00	6-r. h., 37 W. Boulevard DeKalb	27.50
8-r. h., 29 East Ninth street	40.00	6-r. h., 28 Queen street	27.50
8-r. h., 167 Capitol avenue	42.50	6-r. h., 15 East Pine street	35.00
8-r. h., 36 Argard avenue	37.50	6-r. h., 137 Venable street	18.60
8-r. h., 135 Myrtle street	55.00	6-r. h., 55 Killian street	17.50
8-r. h., 63 Currier street	45.00	5-r. h., 233 Crew street	20.00
8-r. h., 824 Piedmont ave.	60.00	5-r. h., 980 Glenwood ave.	15.60
8-r. h., 91 McLendon street	45.00	5-r. h., 210 Kirkwood ave.	12.00
8-r. h., 315 S. Pryor street	40.00	4-r. flat, 1 Baltimore place	25.00
8-r. h., 50 Kennesaw ave.	42.50		
8-r. h., 96 W. North ave.	35.00		

FOR RENT.

361 Capitol ave., fourteen rooms	$60.00	162 Pulliam street, six rooms	$27.50
507 W. Peachtree, ten rooms	70.00	244 Lake avenue, six rooms	32.50
Collins Swith, ten rooms	25.00	42 Chickamauga ave., six rooms	25.00
354 Euclid avenue, ten rooms	60.00	94 Gilmer street, five rooms	22.50
15 Howard street, nine rooms	45.00	423-A Crew st., five rooms	20.00
Collins Switch, ten rooms	25.00	109 Rawson street, five rooms	18.00
118 Simpson st., seven rooms	18.60	2 Flanders apartments, five rooms	45.00
41 Gresham street, seven rooms	18.00	222 Courtland st., five rooms	20.00
570 Capitol ave., seven rooms	25.00	505 Cherokee avenue, five rooms	22.50
139 Davis street, seven rooms	16.00	10 Flanders Apts., five rooms	45.00
67-A Highland ave., six rooms	37.10	34 Ponders avenue, five rooms	14.00

RALPH O. COCHRAN CO.
74-6 PEACHTREE STREET.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. APARTMENTS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT
Bell Apartments Corinthian Apartments

IN THE BELL, corner North Boulevard and Ponce DeLeon, we have one four and one five-room apartment for rent.
IN THE CORINTHIAN, 136 West Peachtree, one four and one five-room apartment for rent.
BOTH of these apartments are strictly modern and are steam heated. Apply

Chas. P. Glover Realty Co.
Phone Ivy 3390. 2½ WALTON STREET.

STEAM-HEATED APARTMENTS

TWO SIX-ROOM APARTMENTS—one up and one down. Every modern convenience—gas ranges and refrigerators—$37.00. 67 Highland avenue, two doors west of Jackson street.

W. H. WITHERS

218 TEMPLE COURT. PHONE MAIN 2974.

READY BY SEPTEMBER 1.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

THE LAWRENCE

52 AND 54 WEST PEACHTREE PLACE.

A NEW, CLOSE-IN KITCHENETTE APARTMENT

SIX BLOCKS OF THE CANDLER BUILDING.

SEVERAL CHOICE 3 AND 4-ROOM APARTMENTS LEFT; BUILT FOR COMFORT IN SUMMER TIME AS WELL AS WINTER. EVERY ROOM HAS OUTSIDE EXPOSURE. ALL CONVENIENCES, WITH LIGHTS, STOVES AND REFRIGERATORS FURNISHED.

REFERENCES REQUIRED. APARTMENTS GIVEN PERSONAL ATTENTION. PRICES $37.50 TO $50.00.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY TO

J. L. TURNER CO., Owners.

1520 CANDLER BUILDING, Ivy 5213.

AUTOS. AUTOS.

GASOLINE 18c

Best grade of Auto Oils my specialty. (Barrels or bulk.) Prices right on all standard make tires and tubes.

AUTO OIL AND GASOLINE CO.,
J. L. Carroll, Proprietor, 71 North Forsyth Street.

HOUSES FOR RENT. HOUSES FOR RENT.

HOUSES FOR RENT
by
SHARP & BOYLSTON.

78 E. N. Avenue, 10-rooms	$55.00
66 E. Cain Street, 10-rooms	67.50
114 S. Pryor Street, 10-rooms	55.00
791 W. Peachtree Street, 10-rooms	75.00
43 Trinity Avenue, 9-rooms	52.50
824 Piedmont Avenue, 8-rooms	60.00
320 Grant Street, 8-rooms	40.00
114 Garnett Street, 8-rooms	30.00
701 N. Boulevard, 8-rooms	60.00
198 Forrest Avenue, 8-rooms	37.50
69 Auburn Avenue, 7-rooms	40.00
28 Tattnall Street, 7-rooms	20.00
48 Evans Street, 7-rooms	18.60
50 Woodward Avenue, 7-rooms	28.00
370 Euclid Avenue, 7-rooms	50.00
Ansley Street, Decatur, 6-rooms	22.50
Rose Hill Station, 6-rooms	22.50
351 Fraser Street, 6-rooms	20.60
101 Pulliam Street, 6-rooms	25.00
80 Windsor Street, 6-rooms	30.00
529 Pulliam Street, 6-rooms	20.00
107 Kelly Street, 6-rooms	18.60
46 Woodward Avenue, 6-rooms	22.50
270 1-2 E. Fair Street, 5-rooms	20.00
23 Fowler Street, 5-rooms	12.60
110 Jones Avenue, 5-rooms	18.50
30 Atwood Avenue, 5-rooms	20.00

THE EUCLID APARTMENTS

THIS NEW APARTMENT HOUSE at No. 161 Euclid avenue has just been completed and consists of 16 three and four-room apartments. Each apartment fronts Euclid avenue and has all the latest improvements and novelties. The wall safes are attractive features for valuables, and the three-room apartments have wall beds, which really makes them equal to four rooms. Prices are $32.50 and $37.50. The neighborhood is unexcelled.

IN THE BOSCOBEL, which adjoins, are three and four-room apartments at $30 to $35 each.

FITZHUGH KNOX
1613 Candler Building

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

AUCTION

DON'T fail to see those eighteen beautiful acreage tracts, averaging from one to twenty acres, fronting the Marietta car line at Turner's crossing, two miles south of Marietta, that we are going to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, before the courthouse door at Marietta, Ga., September 2, 10 a. m. Remember this is an administratrix sale. Property MUST SELL. You make the price. We the terms. One-half cash, balance one and two years at 7 per cent interest. See this property without fail.

J. B. Jackson

213-214 PETERS BUILDING. PHONE MAIN 929.

For Sale By
FOSTER & ROBSON
11 Edgewood Ave.

ON W. TENTH STREET, a new bungalow, with all conveniences. Price $5,000. Easy terms. See Mr. Cohen.

ON EAST FOURTEENTH STREET, we have one of the nicest homes in Atlanta. Hardwood finish; steam heat; four large bedrooms; extra large sleeping porch inclosed in glass; three tile baths; servants' house with bath and toilet; large barn or garage. On beautiful, large lot. The surroundings are the very best and the price is reasonable. No curiosity seekers need apply. Positively no information over phone. See Mr. Martin.

WEST END—One of the most prominent streets, a 10-room house, with servants' house and barn. Large lot, 60x230; $8,000, $1,000 cash, balance easy. See Mr. White.

WE HAVE LISTED with us, on several of Atlanta's very best North Side streets, a number of beautiful, modern, up-to-date in every respect, 8, 9 and 10-room residences, that we know will appeal to the most careful and exacting buyer. You can be suited absolutely in house, locality, price and terms. It will be my pleasure to show you. See Mr. Bradshaw.

WE HAVE some lovely grove and open tracts of land at Decatur, from 5 to 10 acres, and ranging in price from $250 to $500 per acre. Come out and buy 5 acres, and have a little farm. See Mr. Eve.

FIFTY SMALL FARMS

AT AUCTION

DAKOTA, TURNER COUNTY, GEORGIA
AUGUST 28TH
CHOICE RED PEBBLE SOIL

TERMS—10 per cent cash, balance in five equal annual payments, 6 per cent interest after January 1st, 1914.

FREE—Round trip ticket to every purchaser. You are invited—Grand Barbecue and Band Music.

EDWIN P. ANSLEY
ATLANTA

Carolina Development Company, Auctioneers.

HOTELS FOR RENT.

SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
Renting Agents,
130 Peachtree St.
Ivy 1511.

FOR RENT.

Ten-Room Houses.

71	E. Fifteenth street	$75.00
174	N. Jackson street	50.00
151	N. Jackson street	50.00
34	Norwood, Kirkwood, Ga.	35.00
266	Houston street	35.00

Nine-Room Houses.

155	Lucile avenue, West End	$35.00
202	S. Forsyth street	32.50
391	Spring street	30.00
105	W. Harris	50.00
38	E. Georgia avenue	42.00

Eight-Room Houses.

29	E. Ninth street	$40.00
824	Piedmont avenue	60.00
123	W. Harris	40.00
138	Spring street	35.00
92	W. North avenue	40.00
96	W. North avenue	37.50

Seven-Room Houses.

316	Houston street	$30.00
208	Haynes street	25.00
560	Central avenue	30.00
147	N. Jackson street	55.00
210	Woodward avenue	37.50

Six-Room Houses.

50	Windsor street	$30.00
472	Hill street	18.00
62	Whitehall Terrace	18.60
11	Helena, Battle Hill	10.00
37	McLendon avenue	32.50
385	E. Georgia avenue	30.00
761	Gordon street, Battle Hill	35.00
32	Inman street, Battle Hill	18.00
43	Pickert street	$15.60

Five-Room Houses.

54	Lena street	$15.00
34	Killian street	20.00

SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree St.

FOR RENT BY
EDWIN P ANSLEY,
78 North Forsyth St.
Bell Ivy 1600. Atl. 363.

Location.	Rooms.	Price.
69 Lucile street	35	$200.00
305 Woodward avenue	10	$32.50
358 Whitehall street	9	$60.00
16 West North avenue	9	$50.00
Decatur Ga., 11 Howard ave.	8	$42.50
42 Adair avenue	8	$50.00
118 East Ninth street	8	$55.00
358 East Fair street	8	$21.00
123 East Eleventh street	8	$87.50
604 Washington street	8	$40.00
563 North Jackson street	8	$50.00
15 Garnett street	7	$22.60
269 Euclid avenue	7	$35.00
280 Courtland street	6	$22.50
282 Courtland street	6	$22.50
212 Cooper street	5	$15.60
5 Ormewood avenue	5	$25.00
15 Little street	5	$12.50

APARTMENTS.

Location.	Rooms.	Price.
212 Rawson street	5	$27.50
513 Courtland street	5	$27.50
515 Courtland street	5	$27.50
515-A Courtland street	5	$27.50
40-A Eugenia street	5	$25.00
442 South Pryor street	7	$40.00
442-A South Pryor street	6	$30.00
58 Williams street	5	$25.60
115 Crew street	5	$27.50
115-A Crew street	5	$27.50
115-B Crew street	5	$27.50
115-C Crew street	5	$27.50

EDWIN P ANSLEY.

EIGHTY-TWO acres, 18 miles from the city, on main public road. Good waterpower, two houses, barns and other outbuildings; large spring. Forty-five acres in cultivation. Price $2,000 cash, if sold at once.
THOS. W. JACKSON.
Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.

Do You Want an Automobile?

The Automobile Columns of The Georgian "WANT AD" Section is the place to find real bargains in cars. If you will read these ads every day you will eventually find what you want at a price you can afford to pay.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

INVESTMENTS

NO. 796 MARIETTA STREET—Next to corner of Bellwood avenue on the railroad side running through to another street, lot 50x197. Want offer at once for division of estate.

NO. 105 LUCKIE STREET—Near new Y. M. C. A., lot 22x68. Also No. 104 W. Cain street, lot 23x68. Make an offer on either.

DECATUR STREET LOT—This side of Boulevard, 52x85 to an alley. $60.00 per front foot. Nothing around it for less than $100 and over.

NO. 385 E. GEORGIA AVENUE—Six rooms, $3,650.00.

NO. 451 E. GEORGIA AVENUE—Five rooms, $3,500.00.

SEVERAL PRETTY BUNGALOWS in Ormewood Park, with all improvements except gas, in prices from $2,500 to $7,000. Large lots, easy terms.

THOMSON & LYNES

18-20 Walton Street. Phone Ivy 718.

Ponce DeLeon Avenue

$15,000—THE SWELLEST thing on the street beyond the park. You will have to see this and take in the surroundings to properly appreciate it. $3,000 cash.

$7,500—ON BEST section of North Jackson street. 10-room house, piped for furnace; all conveniences; large lot. This is $500 less than it is worth. See us Monday.

$5,000—$2,500 CASH, $35 per month, will buy a modern, new, 6-room bungalow, in Ponce DeLeon avenue section. Reduced $500 for this special sale. See us Monday morning.

$3,850—$500 CASH, $35 per month. This is a special price given us for a short time on 6-room new bungalow, short distance from Atkins Park, Druid Hills. Best value on the street.

D. C. SMITH

M. W. TURNER, Salesman.

901 EMPIRE BUILDING. BELL PHONE 2059.

NORTH SIDE BUNGALOW for sale in Druid Hills section at a bargain. As I am leaving the city it must be sold at once. Has six large rooms, bath, with tile. Furnace heated, hardwood floors, beamed ceiling, beautiful brick mantel in living room, house screened throughout. House contains living room, dining room, den, two bed rooms, bath between, kitchen with butler's pantry between. House is brand new, has fine lawn front and rear, garage on place with servants' quarters upstairs—2 rooms with bath between, electric lights. Chicken run wired, and cow house with cement floor. You could not find a more complete place in the city, and you can see the entire city, being beautifully situated. This place could not be bought at any price if the owner could remain here. As business calls him away, the opportunity presents itself.
APPLY 174 St. Charles Avenue, or through your own agent.

HOME BARGAINS

EAST GEORGIA AVENUE, corner lot; a handsome little home; six rooms; modern and classy. Terms easy. Price $4,000.

CLOSE TO ATKINS PARK and Highland avenue, we are offering one of the most attractive six-room bungalows ever built; hardwood floors in borders; furnace and sleeping porch; $500 cash, balance easy. Price $5,000.

WEST END, six-room bungalow, up to date and very pretty. If you want a little home in this section, look at this, sure. Terms to suit you. Price, $2,750.

NORTH JACKSON STREET, corner East avenue. This is one of the handsomest nine-room homes on the street. Terms can be arranged. $7,500.

MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO.
Third National Bank Bldg. Phone Ivy 1276, Atl. 208.

SOUTH SIDE HOME

WE OFFER an especially nice home, corner Formwalt and Bass, built one year. Two stories, nine rooms; cement basement; bath, furnace; in fact an ideal home in every way. Price, $6,500; $1,500 cash, balance like rent.

L. P. BOTTENFIELD,

PHONE MAIN 3010. EMPIRE BUILDING.
T. A. GUMM, Manager City Sales Department.

Listings. Listings. Listings.

WE HAVE a dozen customers on our list wanting homes AT ONCE, ranging in price from $3,000 up to $10,000; most of these people have the cash and want to buy before September. List your property with us for quick results.

HAVE also six loans for private money, amounting to $1,500 to $5,000, at 7 and 8 per cent on property of good value.

OUR connections pay highest price for good PURCHASE MONEY NOTES.
"LET US SHOW YOU."

ADAIR & HOLT

REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.
97½ Peachtree Street. Phone Ivy 10.

BEN GRAHAM & MERK — W. L. MERK

319 EMPIRE BLDG., M. 4276.

$550—PRETTY corner lot, with sewers, water and electric lights. This is between the North Decatur car line and Ponce DeLeon avenue and right at Druid Hills. Can make terms if desired.

SIX beautiful lots on Piedmont avenue, 100 by 250, 100 by 285; worth at least $50 per foot. We will sell for $35 per foot.

CENTRAL AVENUE—Seven-room house; lot 50 by 110, for the sum of $3,500, on terms.

WE HAVE some acreage about twelve miles from the city on Peachtree road that we can sell at a great bargain.

LANDS FOR SALE BY
THOS. W. JACKSON.
Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.
Bell Phone Main 5214.

470 ACRES.

AN ideal stock farm in Southwest Georgia; 100 acres in cultivation, balance in pasture and timber; well watered; 6-room residence, three tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings. With this farm will go 400 head of cattle, all mules, horses, wagons, 50 head of sheep, 50 head of hogs, all chickens, guineas and other personal property and implements now on the place. Price, $12,400—one-third cash, balance easy terms.

383 ACRES.

SOUTHWEST GEORGIA; 60 acres in cultivation, the balance in timber; 7-room dwelling, tenant house, barn and other outbuildings. This place can be bought for $5,250, on easy terms.

437 ACRES.

AN ideal farming proposition near West Point, Ga.; about 215 acres in high state of cultivation and lies well; 35 acres of fine river bottom; 4 good tenant houses; 40 acres in pasture under wire fence; rented this year for 15 bales of cotton. If you are looking for a first-class farming proposition, well located and near a good market, it would be to your interest to investigate this.

185 ACRES.

ON the Roswell chert road, land lies well; 125 acres in original timber; has a nice frontage on the road, large spring and 2 branches, and in one-fourth of a mile of railroad depot and sidetrack. Special price if sold at once.

3,100 ACRES.

AN ideal Southwest Georgia farm; 500 acres of level land in high state of cultivation; two good 7-room residences and 12 tenant houses. I could sell this place for $20 per acre—half cash—or trade for Atlanta property.

140 ACRES.

ON graded road, 1 1-2 miles from the county seat; two-story, nine-room colonial home, servants' house, garage, barn, tenant house and other outbuildings; 100 acres in cultivation, balance in pasture; belongs to a non-resident and will sell at a bargain, or exchange for Atlanta renting property.

392 ACRES.

MODERN dairy farm, fully equipped, on pike road, 13 miles of a city of 75,000 inhabitants. There is about 140 acres of rich level bottom land, fine for grain, grass and hay; large barn that cost $1,500 to build; nice residence in beautiful grove, nice lawn, 3 tenant houses, barns and other outbuildings. This is an ideal country home; belongs to a non-resident and can be bought for cash, $45 per acre, if sold by September 1, and arrange terms almost like rent.

THOS. W. JACKSON.
Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.

How is Business?

A small ad in the Business Guide of the "Want Ad" Section will build up your trade. It points the way to your place. How many people know what your business is and where it is located?

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

INMAN PARK HOME

CORNER Moreland and Alta avenues, on a lot 50 by 180 feet to a 10-foot alley, we offer a modern seven-room home. This place was built for a home and has all the up-to-date ideas worked out that would naturally go with an individual modern home. This place has servant's room, garage, hardwood floors, furnace-heated and is absolutely complete in every detail. Price, $6,000; assume $2,500 loan, $1,000 cash, balance to suit purchaser.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

FOR SALE JOHN J. WOODSIDE

HOME—EUCLID AVENUE.
(Price $6,750.)
It is two stories, has eight rooms, and of course has modern conveniences; built of brick. Desirable terms.
THOS. R. FINNEY, Sales Mgr., 12 "Real Estate Row."

LANE REALTY COMPANY

504 Gould Bldg., Phone M. 4454

WE sell and exchange city property and farms. We buy, sell and exchange all kinds of real estate. If you have anything to swap, see us at 504 Gould Building.

WE HAVE 720 acres of land on Southern Railway, 85 miles from Atlanta, 640 acres original timber. Will cut from three to four thousand feet lumber per acre. Titles perfect. Would exchange for Atlanta property.

FINEST APPLE orchard in Georgia, 358 acres, 3,000 feet above level of sea, located near White Path, Ga. 2 good houses, barn, etc. 1,200 good apple trees, all in first-class condition, two miles hog wire fence, fine mule and wagon, house furnished; worth $15,000 spot cash, for $5,000. Be quick if you want this.

J. H. LANE, Manager

Auction Sale of Real Estate as Follows:

NO. 161 BELLWOOD AVENUE, two-story five-room house. Lot 262x110.

NO. 215 BELLWOOD AVENUE, one storehouse located corner of Bellwood avenue and Oliver street, on a lot 32x108.

NO. 217, NO. 219 AND NO. 221 Bellwood avenue. All three three-room cottages, on lots 35x108 each. All of same rented, and in good condition.

THESE were advertised to have been sold on August 14 at 3:30 o'clock, but on account of the bad weather was postponed, and will be sold on August 20, at 3:30 o'clock.

ANYONE who desires to make a good investment with a possibility of doubling their money will do well to attend this sale.

TAKE the River or English avenue car line, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, and get off when the car first reaches Bellwood avenue, and walk up to No. 215, where the sale will begin.

T. B. LUMPKIN REALTY COMPANY will sell this property with Mr. O. G. Clark as auctioneer.

FOR SALE BY
GREENE REALTY COMPANY

GRANT PARK HOMES.

WE have several of the best bargains in this entire section. We have them that can not fail to please you from five rooms to twelve rooms. Priced low and terms easy.
Call by the office or use the phone.

511 EMPIRE BLDG. REAL ESTATE, RENTING, LOANS. Phones 1599.

BUSINESS CORNERS WORTH THE MONEY

ONE OF THE BEST BUSINESS CORNERS IN THE THIRD WARD, being the transfer point for two main car lines. Store on corner, with good five-room cottage connecting, cottage having gas, water, bath and sewerage. Owner's sales of soft drinks alone more than $100 per month, besides doing a fine grocery business. Lot 43 by 80. Small loan. Price $5,000. Terms can be arranged.

CORNER OF EAST FAIR AND KELLY STREETS—Lot 46 by 96, with good five-room cottage having modern conveniences on same. Corner is an excellent location for a store. No loan. Price, $3,250.

KIRKWOOD AVENUE—Store and four-room cottage on lot 100 by 140. Buildings only occupy small corner, leaving balance of lot vacant to build on. Price $3,000.

CORNER OF MELDRIM AND CAPITOL AVENUE—Small store and four-room cottage, just beyond city limits, in thickly settled negro section. Lot 40 by 147. Owner leaving town cause of sacrifice. Price $925. Will rent for $12 per month. Terms easy.

EQUITIES IN VACANT LOTS TO EXCHANGE for small cottages in Grant Park section or Inman Park. Lots located just off Peachtree Road, size 50 by 150. In 5 miles of center of city. Lots beautifully situated and well worth the money asked.
PHONE US WHAT YOU WISH SOLD.

THE L. C. GREEN CO.

305 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg. Phones, Ivy 2943, 4546.

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TO LOAN.

WE HAVE for immediate loans several thousand dollars second-mortgage money; will loan one-half of original loan.
A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS 7 per cent private money; city property; to owners of property. See us quick.
ONE MILLION DOLLARS to loan on improved farms, 6 per cent. Five years.
THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS private money at 8 per cent direct to owners of property, in $1,000 to $2,000 lots.

RANDOLPH LOAN CO.

21 Inman Building. Main 877.

J. R. SMITH — J. H. EWING

SMITH & EWING

Real Estate, Renting, Loans

Ivy 1513 130 Peachtree St. Atl. 2865

TIMBER LANDS

WE HAVE exclusive sale for a short time of a splendid body of 10,000 acres of timbered lands lying in Jeff Davis County between two trunk lines of railway, within four miles of Hazlehurst, a live town of TWO THOUSAND people. This land for farming purposes is easily worth FIFTEEN TO TWENTY DOLLARS per acre. The timber rights are worth SEVENTY-FIVE TO ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. We can deliver the land for one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and might be able to trade it for good Atlanta property on that basis. SEE US AT ONCE.

Exchange Propositions

WE HAVE a number of fine farms of all sizes, as well as large acreage tracts, which we can exchange for city property. THIS IS THE TIME to get control of country lands which are bound to increase in value, since high-priced Northern and Western lands are being exhausted, and the tide of immigration is turning toward the South. Bring US a list of property you have for exchange, and you will BE SURPRISED at some opportunities we can give you for WISE INVESTMENT.

Call for Mr. Maddox or Mr. Daves.

SMITH & EWING

Sharp & Boylston

INVESTMENTS.

$1,250 will buy a double 3-room negro house on Fraser street. All street improvements and city conveniences down and paid for. Rents for $14.00 per month—nearly 14 per cent.

$2,500 buys a store and two dwelling houses on good corner near Southern shops. Rental $300 per year. A cheap corner.

ORMEWOOD PARK COTTAGE.

THIS IS a real nice little 5-room cottage on large lot. Street cherted and in one-half block of car line and near school. Price $2,250. Terms $100 cash, and monthly notes of $20 each without any interest. A little bargain.

Carolyn M. Ely Buys Ferry Field Property

Sale of 16 1-2 Acres on North Shore Winds Up Syndicate—$50,000 for Property, Is Report.

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—A notable sale of North Shore property was closed when Mrs. Carolyn M. Ely purchased from the McGuire & Orr Ferry Field Syndicate 16½ acres fronting on Sheridan road at the south end of Lake Bluff. The property lies between the purchases of H. B. Clow and A. A. Sprague II. It is surrounded by ravines, but does not go to the lake. The property has been offered at $50,000.

This sale winds up the syndicate. There were originally 150 acres in what was known as Ferry Field, which for years was used for the annual Lake Forest horse show and polo grounds. This tract was purchased about four years ago by McGuire & Orr for $800 an acre and sold by them to Stanley Field, A. A. Sprague II, H. B. Clow, Roy McWilliams and others for $3,000 an acre, which paid a net profit of more than $250,000.

Mrs. Ely purchased the property with the idea of improving with a handsome country home. The sale was negotiated by John Griffith of Lake Forest.

J. H. EWING PLANS MOVE FOR PEACHTREE HOME

J. H. Ewing, of the real estate firm of Smith & Ewing, will sell his present home and build on Peachtree road. He made this announcement during the past week, although he declared that his plans were not definite.

Mr. Ewing lives in Ansley Park south of the stone house of Edwin P. Ansley, and his home is one of the most attractive in the park. He has several lots at his disposal on Peachtree road and will decide on one of them soon.

Citizen in N. Fulton Wants Plant Moved

Lawyer Living Near Fertilizer Factory Says Complaints Will Cause Action—Land Is Valuable.

That a fight on the fertilizer factories in North Fulton County is coming before a great while seems to be certain. Property owners who are moving to the neighborhood of Peachtree Creek are continuing to complain. The general impression seems to be that the factories should either install machinery sufficient to do away with most of the objectionable odors or else move to neighborhoods that are more remote and not so valuable from a real estate standpoint.

Discussing the situation Saturday, a well-known lawyer, who lives near the largest of the factories, said:

"All that is necessary for the property owners to do is to complain of the factories and the courts will grant a hearing. One owner can do this, or it can be done through petition. If it is established that the plants are objectionable, they will either have to move or cease being an objection. There are around me subdivisions that in a few years will be filled with high-class residents, and I don't believe the factories can stay very much longer."

J. W. Moore Building On West Peachtree

House Nearly Completed at Cost of About $8,000—Corner Lot To Be Reserved.

John W. Moore, the well-known attorney, is building a two-story brick veneer dwelling next to the northwest corner of West Peachtree and West Tenth streets, which he expects to occupy. Th house is nearly completed and will cost about $8,000.

Mr. Moore owns the corner also, and the total frontage is 100 feet and the depth 160 feet. He will reserve the corner for the present for a side yard.

Atlantan Successful In Los Angeles Work

Philip D. Wilson, Formerly Here, Now Secretary of Realty Board in California Town.

Atlanta friends of Philip D. Wilson, son of the late B. J. Wilson, of West End, will be interested to learn that he is now performing the duties of secretary of the Los Angeles Real Estate Board, and is in addition a successful real estate operator.

Mr. Wilson is a native of Atlanta, and has been instrumental in making a success of the Los Angeles Real Estate Bulletin and Building News, the official publication of the board.

GOOD REALTY INCREASE IN CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 16.—Realty transfers for July show a large increase in recorded deeds as compared with the same period a year ago. This has been the case practically during all this year.

There were filed for record 5,013 deeds. Involving a total consideration of $11,772,264, as compared with 3,843 and $12,552,129 for July, 1912, a gain of 1,170 in number and a decrease of $779,875 in consideration, the latter due to "nominal" considerations.

There were recorded 3,971 trust deeds and mortgages involving a total of $18,773,121, compared with 2,335 and $12,522,800 for july a year ago, a gain of 1,133 in number and $6,250,321 in amount.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

ADAIR'S LIST

AUBURN AVENUE INVESTMENT.

NEAR the corner of Jackson Street, fronting 104 feet on Auburn Avenue, and running through the block 110 feet to Old Wheat Street, we offer 6 houses, bringing in an income of $57 per month. Take into consideration the fact that this piece of property is near three good streets, runs through the block, and has a steady, monthly income of $57. These facts assure a steady enhancement in value, the property in the meanwhile bringing in a substantial income. Price, $9,000. Terms.

Suburban Cottage Near East Lake Road

A SIX-ROOM COTTAGE on lot 100x200, half a block from car line, in growing section. Price, $3,000. Terms, $250 cash and $25 a month.

Jackson Street A $4,250 Residence

NEXT to the corner of Jackson Street and Highland Avenue, a two-story, seven-room house, well built and in good repair. A home you can occupy a while and make some money on. One-third cash.

Piedmont Avenue, Near Fourteenth St.

WE have made a subdivision of the two blocks on Piedmont Avenue, between Twelfth and Fourteenth Streets; lots are about 70x200 in size; prices range from $115 to $135 a front foot. This is among the choicest building frontage in Atlanta, and is well suited for apartments.

Railroad Front Near Bellwood Ave.

AN ENTIRE BLOCK, fronts 225 feet on A., B. and A. Railroad; triangular in shape; has three renting houses. An income property with railroad background; lies well for factory site. Price, $2,500.

Crescent Avenue. A $4,500 Home.

BETWEEN Eleventh and Twelfth Streets, facing east, an attractive six-room cottage on Crescent Avenue, lot 50x150. When we sell this $4,500 home, the edition will be out of print; there will not be any more at the price.

WEST END HOME.

ON LAWTON Street, just off Gordon, we offer a modern, 7-room bungalow, on lot 50x150. This home is up to date in all respects and is in perfect keeping with the usual high standard of West End residence property. Price, $5,000. Reasonable terms.

Pryor Street A 12 Per Cent Investment

IT IS NOT OFTEN you can buy a 12 per cent investment on a main paved street, all improvements down and enhancement a certainty. We offer an apartment building on Pryor, near Vassar Street, lot 50x165; rents four tenants at $13 each; total rent $52. Price, $5,200. Tenants pay water bills. This is standard income property.

Renting Property Near Davis Street

THREE BLOCKS from A., B. and A. freight depot, a corner lot 100x105; has two single and one double house; room for another double house. Rents $30 above water bills; price, $3,200. This is very close to Terminal Station and always rents.

EAST LAKE ROAD. A Ten-Acre Tract.

CORNER East Lake Road and Boulevard DeKalb; fronts 467 feet; adjoining tracts owned by J. H. Porter, W. T. Gentry, Major W. R. Dashiell and Adam W. Jones; a residence site de luxe. Price, $16,000.

COUNTRY HOME SITE At East Lake.

SMALL acreage tract (about 4 acres); has spring and clear spring branch on it; suitable for chicken ranch or gardens; fine building site, with trees; car line runs through property. Price, $4,000.

AT EAST LAKE. Fronts 400 Feet.

THIS tract is on Skiff Avenue, facing club grounds; in next block to Joseph Richardson's new residence. Price of entire tract, $4,000; easy terms.

Fair Street At East Lake

ONE BLOCK from Country Club, a pretty lot in oak grove, 100x200; close to paved road; a desirable bungalow site. Price, $1,500; terms.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR.

LOAN AGENTS NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

College Park Busy Building Many Pretty Homes

Steady Population Increase Is Noted in Suburb



The accompanying illustration shows a typical bungalow of the College Park section. Prominent in its construction is the wide porch across the front of the house, the attractive stone pillars at the side and rear, and the wide, sweeping, symmetrical eaves. The stone harmonizes well with the white trimmings, and the contrast in white and dark effects is good. The cost is about $3,000.

Autumn Renting Business To Take on Roseate Hue

Agents Preparing for Rush That Follows Return of Tourists From Summer Resorts.

September is "moving time" in Atlanta. Next month the local moving vans will do the heaviest business in the year, and the renting agencies will have their hands full until the rush is finally over. Parents are busy selecting schools for their children, and this figures largely in determining changes of residence. Each family wants to be as near a schoolhouse as possible, and the best locations are always spoken for early.

Another thing that causes the fall renting business to be unusually heavy is the return of thousands of people from the summer resorts. Families and couples which have formerly rented houses are moving into apartments, and apartment dwellers are seeking homes with front yards. Between the tourists and the people who want locations near the schools, the renting agents are kept busy devising means of accommodation.

Scarcity of "Good" Houses.

Leases for a long time have been expiring in September and October and when a lease is out there are usually half a dozen people who want to rent the house. Strange as it may seem, there are never enough "good" houses in Atlanta to take care of each year's surplus population.

"If we had 50 houses of a certain type," declared M. S. Rankin, of the Smith, Ewing & Rankin Renting Agency, Saturday, "we could fill them with tenants in a week's time. The greatest demand is for seven and eight-room houses on the North Side, easily accessible to the schools, and renting from $35 to $50 a month. Builders who would make a specialty of this kind of house could sell or rent with a minimum of trouble. Bungalows naturally are popular, and are rising higher and higher in percentage each year."

An Interesting Factor.

Colonel John J. Woodside, who makes a specialty of renting, also predicts a record business. His office force has been carefully through old lists, canceling out-of-date listings and adding new ones, to be ready for the business that is expected to develop next month. Tenants, asserts Colonel Woodside, are becoming more and more fastidious about bathrooms. Whereas many families were formerly content with one bathroom, they now almost invariably call for two, especially when there is a bedroom on the ground floor of a two-story house. The minimum for people in the so-called "upper middle" class is two bathrooms, and the maximum is whatever wealth and taste want to make it.

A tendency to re-lease, indicating satisfaction with places now occupied, has been noted by Manager Aycock, of the renting department of the Charles P. Glover Real Estate Agency.

Other renting agents have joined in the general prediction of a record autumn business, and after the rush is over they are expected to call on the builders for more houses of the "good" kind.

Watch Charm Given To Chas. P. Glover

Former President of Realty Agents Honored—Presentation Speech Is Made by M. F. Ramsey.

Charles P. Glover, vice president of the National Association of Real Estate Exchanges and formerly president of the Atlanta Real Estate Board, is in possession of a handsome gift from his fellow real estate men in recognition of his services as head of the board during the past year.

This is a watch charm, studded with a diamond solitaire, to represent the rising sun, and containing the figures of a stork and a frog. It was presented to Mr. Glover at the monthly dinner of the land dealers at the Hotel Ansley Friday at noon.

M. F. Ramsey, who made the presentation speech, referred to Mr. Glover as "a man of remarkable energy and sterling worth, who has done more than any one person to make the Atlanta Real Estate Board a force in the community."

Mr. Glover declared: "I wish it were in my power to reply as beautifully in accepting as Mr. Ramsey has spoken in presenting this prized, but unexpected, gift."

"S. B. Turman explained that the stork on the fob was symbolical of hope rather than of realization. Eugene S. Kelly, of the Glover Agency, was responsible for the suggestion.

Mr. Glover was given an ovation. That the presentation was delayed was due to the haste with which local delegates got away to the Winnipeg convention.

Many Atlanta Business Men Live in Quiet Suburb to South—Section Noted for Civic Plan.

The completion of a large number of new homes in College Park places that community in the forefront of local suburbs as regards building. Never before, say College Park citizens, has there been such a steady demand for good homes, and this applies alike to expensive houses and inexpensive ones.

The census of 1910 showed the population of College Park to be slightly more than 2,000, and an estimate of the number in 1913 is easily 2,500, and probably 3,000. Building has jumped ahead in proportion

College Park is the home of some of the best known business men in Atlanta. These men find it profitable and pleasant to work in the midst of skyscrapers during the day and to enjoy a cooling car ride home in the quiet of evening. They are the original "commuters" drawn from sections on which the city depends largely for original forces in business.

Six miles south of Atlanta, College Park is a unique suburb. Ever since it was laid out by its founders it has been an educational and home-loving community. Its builders made wide streets, beautiful parkways and erected fine homes and educational institutions. Not long in this process and it was a modern Utopia, and still is.

College Park and Decatur are prototypes. Each has its boys' school, its girls' school, its local government, its churches and fine homes, its railroad and its street car system. Each is six miles and 30 minutes from busy Atlanta. In the College Park and Decatur radius are the Chattahoochee River station on the west and Buckhead on the north.

Commerce Chamber Aid From Local Realty Board

Committees Named For Realty Board

Men Who Will Do Big Part of Work During Year Announced at Local Dinner.

Standing committees which will do a good deal of the work of the Atlanta Real Estate Board in the coming twelve months have just been announced and are ready to take up their respective duties.

These committees are on membership, arbitration, renting, legislation, entertainment and public good.

The committee on membership is composed of J. Hope Tigner, chairman; Ben Treadwell, J. F. Mayfield, H. C. Blake and A. S. Hook.

The committee on arbitration is Edwin P. Ansley, chairman; B. M. Grant, Edward L. Winn, J. P. Sturgeon and W. E. Treadwell.

The committee on renting is Eugene S. Kelly, chairman; Albert S. Adams, Raymond Robson, Forrest Adair, Edwin P. Ansley, R. O. Cochran, Albert Boylston, A. J. Mayfield, E. Rivers, S. B. Turman, M. L. Thrower, John J. Woodside, Thomas Cheatham, J. H. Ewing and S. L. Dallas.

The committee on legislation is W. P. Walthall, chairman; Walker Dunson, C. A. Horne, R. C. Eve and W. A. Sharpe.

The committee on entertainment is J. R. Smith, chairman; Frank Adair, Thomas Cheatham, John O. Dupree and E. T. Luckie.

The committee on public good is S. W. Carson, chairman; M. D. Eubanks, L. O. Turner, John S. Scott and Thomas R. Finney.

Chas. D. McKinney Presents Plan to Advertise Through State Organization.

What can the members of the Atlanta Real Estate Board do to help the work of the State Chamber of Commerce?

This question was put forcibly at the regular monthly dinner of the real estate men Friday at the Hotel Ansley, and it has set the land dealers to thinking.

"It seems to me," declared Attorney Charles D. McKinney, representing the State Chamber, "that it lies within the power of the real estate men to give this project as great a boost as any other organization can give it. I want to know now or later whether the chamber can count on the Atlanta Real Estate Board to cooperate with it in advertising the advantages of the State and in bringing in a desirable class of settlers.

Central Body Needed.

"Georgia is one of a very few States which does not have a central organization for the dissemination of this detailed data. We have no way in this State of giving outsiders information on every phase of agriculture, population, labor and lands. In Atlanta we are also somewhat deficient in telling of the city.

"Texas has organizations whose sole purpose is to boom the resources of the State, and she is doing it in a very effective manner. I sent for some literature and I received a package which it required 38 cents to carry through the mail."

The real estate men took no definite action on the suggestion, but assured Mr. McKinney that they would be glad to consider the matter further.

The monthly dinner was by far the best that the land brokers have held. Fifty were present and there was great enthusiasm over the work which lies ahead—to secure if possible the ninth annual convention of the National Association of Real Estate Exchanges and to assist next year in the proper entertainment of the thousands of visiting Shriners.

List of Agents Present.

Charles P. Glover, S. B. Turman and Harris G. White told of their recent trip to Winnipeg, and declared that Atlanta must wake up if she is to rival the growing towns of the great Canadian Northwest. Mr. Glover said that 5,000 settlers pass each week through Winnipeg. The towns, he said, boosted Western Canada above everything. If settlers were not satisfied to stay in town they were advised to move on the farms but always to stay in Canada.

The suggestion has been made that hereafter dinners be held oftener than once a month, and it is possible that something will be done to get the real estate men together every two weeks. Among those present Friday, in addition to those named above, were F. R. Graham, Philip L'Engle, Eugene S. Kelly, R. L. Turman, Haralson Bleckley, Van B. Smith, G. T. R. Fraser, John D. Babbage, George H. Bonnell, L. O. Turner, H. W. Dillin, C. D. Galloway, Edward Morris, John H. and Crawford Maddox, Joseph D. Greene, G. M. McKinnon, T. B. Gay, Fitzhugh Knox, L. M. Anderson, Herbert Kaiser, Hal Steed, M. C. and Horton Kiser, Newton S. Thomas, Ben Treadwell, J. Hope Tigner, S. E. Davidson, E. L. Winn, W. H. S. Hamilton, J. F. Mayfield, Walker Dunson and H. S. Willingham.

In Real Estate Circles

"I'm going to put my spare money on Broad street," asserted a prominent real estate agent the other day in speculating on the best trading centers for 1914. "Broad hasn't yet risen near the height of its possibilities. Wait until we get those chickens off the street and put up a few new and tall buildings and you will see the change. Railroad development on the West Side will have its influence. Cinders and smoke will remain, but Whitehall and Peachtree buildings manage to exist with both, so I suppose Broad can."

• • •

Charles P. Glover, formerly president of the Atlanta Real Estate Board and now vice president of the National Association of Real Estate Exchanges, mingled with "royalty" at the recent real estate men's convention at Winnipeg, according to his companions on the trip. Mr. Glover is a stickler for ceremony, and he found that the Canadians used it every day and Sunday, too. Hence, when convention guests gathered, they heard everybody addressed from King to Constable.

Mr. Glover's speech was important, and he sought a Canadian friend on the form of introduction. The preliminaries ran something like this: "Your Majesty, Your Grace, Your Worship, Your Lordship, Your Ladyship, Delegates to the National Convention, Ladies and Gentlemen."

Following Mr. Glover's perfect rendition, a Canadian made a bad mistake in his preliminaries, and with bended head and flushed face he said "Sir, I humbly beg pardon for this seeming indiscretion."

King George could not be present, but the Governor General of the Province mingled with the guests.

• • •

Nearly every time any public discussion of a downtown corner arises, it awakes with it memories of what might have been. Half a dozen real estate dealers could have bought low and sold high—but they didn't. Now, they declare, it's out of sight!

Same with the Connally property, southeast corner of Whitehall and Alabama. "Lordy, Lordy!" sighed a leading real estate dealer a few days ago. "I came within an ace of leasing that in 1910 for 99 years at $25,000 a year, and now it's easily worth $60,000! I would have put a big building—you bet!"

• • •

That Atlanta must take a giant stride forward in street improvements if she is to rival the progressive towns of the Pacific Coast is the opinion of H. F. West, of the A. J. & H. F. West Real Estate Agency, who has just returned from an extensive trip.

"I have been all over certain Western towns," declared Mr. West, "and I find that the street conditions are so far ahead of Atlanta that there is no comparison. Miles and miles of beautifully paved thoroughfares make locomotion a pleasure. If work is needed to be done, the order is given, and the money is forthcoming. There is no delay, no haggling about it.

"I don't mean that the principal streets are the only ones that are paved. Nearly all thoroughfares have been improved to such an extent that the poorer classes of people living in the outlying districts receive benefit. The same is true of lighting, numbering and naming streets. Atlanta is far behind in this respect, and she can better her condition when the leading citizens of the community take a more active interest in civic affairs."

• • •

Who will be the next patriot to give the city another park?

Real estate men have been wondering. What park spaces the city has are filling a great need, but more parks must come. The large tracts which could once have been bought for a song are now mostly cut up into city lots and many individuals hold deeds to them.

The Peters property on Peachtree between Fourth and Fifth streets will soon be cut into store lots—unless it is purchased for a park. Ten years hence, if the city has not acquired this, citizens will recall that it could have been bought for comparatively little.

Another illustration is the triangle at the northern junction of the Peachtrees—a good place to cut an octagonal space resembling roughly Columbus circle in New York, and a splendid place for a handsome statue of some pioneer citizen. This triangle extends southward to Seventeenth street, but the southern extremity of it has been built up with houses. "For sale" signs are on most of the rest of it, for that matter.

Speaking of parks, a real estate man pointed out the other day that the so-called "park patriots" don't seem to be with us any more. "People offer parks these days with commercial motives," said he. "It has been a long time since anybody offered a park who didn't expect to get as much out of the city as the city got out of them."

Six Crops of Alfalfa in Season; Big Opportunity for Farmers of South

CHARLES A. WHITTLE.

(Georgia State College of Agriculture.)

Think of from four to six crops of hay off a field in a year, and you are thinking of the possibilities of alfalfa growing in the South. Think of cutting from one to one and a half tons per acre each time and figure that each ton is worth at least $25 and you arrive at a very snug income with mighty little sweat as compared to cotton, for instance.

But be not deceived. Learning to grow alfalfa in the South is the biggest thing about it. Anybody who takes it as a matter of course that all he has to do is to stir the land and plant and thereafter watch the negroes harvest, is more than likely to be enrolled with the long list of those who have proven alfalfa failures in the South.

With all the good things that can be said of the soil of the South, it can pretty generally be said that Southern lands are not naturally "cut out" to grow alfalfa. This is not saying that alfalfa as a rule will not grow in the South, nor is it reflecting in any wise on either the soil or the climate. The point is that all Southern soils have to be given special treatment and preparation before alfalfa will be at home in it.

Alfalfa on Every Farm.

"Alfalfa on every farm," the slogan now going the rounds, does not point to an impossible ideal, but if anyone thinks it can be attained in the South without a considerable revolution, he may be easily deceived by trying it.

With all, it is easy enough to prepare the soil for alfalfa and go along producing it, if the prospective grower will follow good advice—but there is the rub.

The ordinary cotton grower of the South will have to practice crop rotation, he will have to add inoculation to his vocabulary and practices, and he will have to get lime into his soil. Those who have been teaching this sort of doctrine and have observed how far it has taken root in the South will understand how much farming practice will have to be changed to realize "Alfalfa on every farm."

To the average Southern farmer to mention inoculation is to elicit inquiries. What is it? Why? And to tell the truth, it is neither easy to understand nor to explain. A full explanation, indeed, is impossible. Inoculation means to introduce friendly bacteria into the soil. Without certain nitrogen fixing bacteria present in the ordinary soil, alfalfa and other legumes make poor headway. Certain it is that some of these bacteria can take the nitrogen from the air and fix it in the ground, converting at the same time the nitrogen into food for the growing plant.

Alfalfa Bred Bacteria Best.

It is believed that almost any soil has some of the nitrogen fixing bacteria present in it, but as a matter of fact in some soils these bacteria are few and apparently so starved as to be unequal to the task imposed by thrifty alfalfa.

The best bacteria with which to inoculate are those which have been bred in a good alfalfa field. Good bacteria can be grown artificially and it is with such artificially grown bacteria that seed are inoculated. When sprinkled with a solution in which the artificially grown bacteria have been turned loose, the seed carry on their surface enough of the bacteria to start up business in a new field.

Of course the bacteria are invisible except under a compound microscope. The farmer can not see them and when he buys he buys on faith. If his alfalfa grows and produces good crops he believes in inoculation. If it does not, he is likely to have notions of his own about inoculation. It is possible for seed to be perfectly inoculated and by reason of improper handling may fail to show results. Sunlight destroys bacteria and inoculated seed left exposed to the sunlight will become sterile. To escape the danger of sunlight it is necessary, of course, to shelter the bacteria, and it is wiser to sow or to apply the inoculation medium late in the afternoon or during cloudy weather.

Again, the seed may be properly inoculated, due precaution may be taken to get it into the soil with the least injury from the sunlight, but the soil may be sour, which is no sort of soil for a nitrogen fixing bacteria.

Lime Necessary to Alfalfa.

To correct sourness of soil lime is necessary. The fact is that practically all soils in the South are deficient in lime. This may never become apparent so long as cotton or corn is grown, but it is certainly true when it comes to growing legumes.

The lime is not needed as a fertilizer. It is merely a tonic to nitrogen fixing bacteria. Soils generally are supplied with all the lime that the crops need. Experiments have shown that most of the crops grown in the South are benefited by the use of lime, a benefit that is attributable to increasing bacterial activity. Bacterial activity means increase of plant food, for bacteria in effect are minute laboratories changing the elements unavailable for plant food into elements of the soil that are available. Of course there are good and bad bacteria. Some of those that might be classed as bad operate to change available plant food into non-available. Of such are the denitrifying bacteria, which instead of preparing bacteria for the plants change it into perhaps free nitrogen that returns again to the air.

These friendly bacteria have been isolated and named and are nurtured, coaxed and strengthened to do their best. Only the border of the realm of these soil agents has been entered, and it may be reckoned with a degree of certainty that as the scientist ventures further into the mysterious country of the unseen that he will bring back to the farmer knowledge that will mean two bushels where one is now grown, all by learning which are the good bacteria that are serving plant life and how to encourage their growth.

The first great contribution of the scientist in looking into the teeming soil world is that lime is good for nitrogen-fixing bacteria, and since nitrogen is the most expensive plant food and one of the most important, it is a wonderful discovery this of lime and its relations to bacteria.

Since nitrogen-fixing bacteria operating to the good of alfalfa set up shop on the roots of the plant and there extract nitrogen from the air that has penetrated the soil, to know that lime will make it thrive is equivalent to saying that without lime alfalfa will not grow in many Southern soils, for it is a fact that most Southern soils are deficient in lime and are too sour for nitrogen-fixing bacteria.

Some pretty well-known, highly respected and intelligent men have said that they do not believe in inoculation nor in liming for alfalfa. They point to their successful alfalfa patch to show you that neither is necessary. Unwittingly such well-meaning people have been the means of the downfall of others in their attempts to grow alfalfa. Do not get an idea that there are many such alfalfa successes in the South, especially among those who have not used lime. Even where the soil has been formed by the disintegration of limestone rock, where there is a foundation of limestone in the soil, is to be found a marked deficiency in available lime. The lime has leached out. It must be supplied. On soils which for some reason, exceptional to the rule, there is sufficient lime, alfalfa may be started and grown successfully even without inoculation. The reason for the unnecessary inoculation will be found to be that the soil has already been stocked with nitrogen-fixing bacteria through the medium of clover, cowpeas, beans or one of a hundred other legumes.

Some of the authorities are now advocating going to the roadside, the fence corners or other places where sweet clover or burr clover, or lespedeza, or some other legumes are growing, taking some of the soil from underneath, scatter it over the alfalfa seed bed and harrow it under. By this mean nitrogen-fixing bacteria will be added to the soil, bacteria that have been making their living off the very kind of soil in which they are appointed to continue operations.

Better still, of course, would be soil taken from a field in which alfalfa had grown, a field where conditions are similar as to character of soil, climate, growing zone, etc. Naturally bacteria that have been feeding on alfalfa must have established alfalfa-loving characteristics.

Suppose some cotton farmer gets inspiration enough to get out of the ruts and takes the advice of the man who does not believe in inoculation or liming, and suppose he fails, as he is likely to do, what a pity! When again will he be in frame of mind to try?

Preparing the Seed Bed.

The preparation of the seed bed with reference to weed eradication is important. It is time well spent if two years are taken in preparing the land for alfalfa. If barnyard manure is applied, it is better to follow with a crop of corn as a weed eradicator. This followed by rye or oats drilled between the corn rows at the last time the corn is worked, will afford not only a winter cover crop, but good pasturage for the colts and calves during the winter. After the rye or oats, as the case may be, is taken off, the cowpea or soy bean will prove excellent for keeping the weeds from getting a start. Turning under the cowpeas or soy beans and harrowing the ground until it is in find tilth, as good a seed bed as could be obtained for growing alfalfa is prepared.

Weeds and alfalfa do not do well together. If the farmer can not get rid of the weeds, he need not look to alfalfa to do it. Many farmers have had fits of despair over the weeds and crab grass which have made their appearance in their alfalfa patches.

But weeds are not formidable obstacles to growing alfalfa where the precautions described have been taken. Even where the weeds have appeared in an alfalfa patch there is a fighting chance for alfalfa if the right steps are taken to keep down the weeds. The method usually recommended is to run a disk harrow over the field. This plays havoc with the weeds, but harms the alfalfa very little. By some it is claimed that the harrowing will break up the alfalfa crowns or bunches and start new plants. Weed eradication in the field will rarely be necessary if the seed bed is properly prepared in advance.

Then Put In Lime.

Having brought the seed bed through two seasons of preparation and having broken and harrowed the ground, the next important step is to put in the lime. The amount of lime to apply will depend upon the degree of acidity or sourness of the land, not on the amount of lime already in the soil. The degree of sourness is usually determined by the use of litmus paper, a prepared paper that can be purchased at any drug store. This paper when imbedded in fairly moist soil and left a short time, when taken out will show by the change of color how acid the soil is. If the change of color is very marked plenty of lime should be applied. The application will vary from one to two tons per acre.

Lime is comparatively inexpensive and when once applied serves its purpose five or more years. Ground limestone is the form which is most generally used. The price is determined largely by the cost of freight. At lime manufacturing centers the ground limestone can usually be bought at $1 per ton and even less, especially where the lime is a by-product.

The lime should be broadcasted or drilled in. If broadcasted, then harrowed under.

Sourness of soil is attributed to an incomplete stage of decomposition of vegetable matter which has been turned into the soil. The lime is the one element that will at once adjust conditions and permit other bacteria as well as the nitrogen fixing bacteria to do their work. The vegetable matter which has been turned under in preparing the seed bed and is in process of decomposition, that is, which is being transformed by bacteria, proceeds with its processes most favorably in the presence of lime, becomes humus and then plant food.

An application of nitrate of soda after the alfalfa has come up, especially if it is not showing good color, has often proved helpful.

Alfalfa hay is good, rich hay and ranks very near wheat bran in the amount of nutriments, ton for ton. Wheat bran costs about $30 per ton laid down in the South. Raise alfalfa hay and the wheat bran need not be purchased. The alfalfa has a feeding value of nearly $30 per ton at present prices, but at the outset of this article a selling prices of $25 was set as an average.

As a feed alfalfa is a producer of high-class barnyard manure. Considering that the feeding value of alfalfa is nearly $30 per ton and the manure produced of high fertilizing value, the conclusion is that alfalfa is most profitable to the farmer when he feeds it to farm animals and applies the manure to the land.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

PEACE, PLUS GOOD CROPS, GIVES WORLD NEW SPIRIT

Hopefulness Prevails in United States, United Kingdom and Continental Europe Because War Seems To Be Passing Away

Progress Toward Passage of Currency Bill and McAdoo's Policy Tends to Restore Credit and Improve Securities Market

By BOERSANIER.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Hopefulness prevails in the United States, the United Kingdom and Continental Europe as a result of the excellence of crop returns, peace in the Balkans and consequent returns of foreign investment funds to American securities.

A bumper winter wheat yield, fair returns promised by spring wheat fields, improvement in the corn belt and excellence of the oats crop displayed by thrashing machine results have stimulated general business.

Progress made at Washington carrying the currency bill toward fruition and extension of credit facilities by the Treasury's distribution of Government funds inspired confidence which found reflection in a stronger security market.

A cheerful view of the world's monetary situation is taken by the London Statist, which says of Europe's prospects:

"There is no change to record in the Continental money markets. There is a more hopeful feeling; but nobody can define exactly why he feels more hopeful, except by saying that the belligerents in Southeastern Europe, with the exception of Roumania, are exhausted, and that Roumania appears not to be intent upon creating trouble, but rather is endeavoring to bring about peace.

Understanding Suspected.

"Furthermore, it is believed in an indefinite kind of way that Russia and Austria-Hungary have come to an understanding. Probably there has been a sort of understanding between the two courts ever since the special mission of Prince Gottfried Hohenlohe from the Emperor Francis Joseph to the Czar. And recent events may have made both feel that they should combine their influence to bring about a settlement of all questions at issue.

"At the same time we are very skeptical of any real agreement between Austria-Hungary and Russia. Their interests differ too markedly and the position of the two countries contrasts too strongly. Moreover, Southeastern Europe, and for that matter Western Asia, just now are in the melting pot.

"It is difficult for anyone, even though he be a great monarch, to foresee how events are shaping themselves, or what will be the outcome of the hurly-burly through which the Balkans have passed. Therefore, it seems much more likely that both governments are carefully limiting their action to the immediate present, and affecting even the immediate future as little as possible.

"Money in Germany is, as every well-informed person anticipated, easy. It always is easy in July, unless something very untoward happens, and as July this year has passed over rather tamely, there has been no disturbance of the financial market.

Future Is Hazy.

"What will happen during the remainder of this month is less easy to foresee. Probably for a couple of weeks rates will remain very much as they are. About the middle of the month people may wake up to the recollection that there will be a difficult settlement at the end of September, and then preparations for that settlement may be begun.

"On the other hand, the middle of August is usually a quiet time, and the weather having been bad during July, it is honed that it will be fine this month. If so, holiday making will be in full swing. It is possible consequently, that there may be little disturbance of rates all through the month.

"The influence of Roumania is being exercised for good, and it is hoped she will succeed in making both Servia and Greece more amenable to reason and thus bring about a tolerable arrangement.

"But even if all that is done, the outlook will continue to be dark. It will be extremely difficult for the Balkan States to borrow. Had they been wise enough to make a treaty of peace early in the year they would have come to Western Europe with great prestige. There would have been a general willingness to lend to them and a general belief that they had shown themselves so capable in their attack upon Turkey that they would be sure to use beneficially the money intrusted to them.

Confidence Dissipated.

"But all that belief in their capacity and, consequently, in their future, has been dissipated, and it will be extremely difficult, therefore, to obtain the loans that are actually indispensable if they are to make any progress in the immediate future.

"The matter is of great importance to Austria-Hungary as well as to the Balkan States. So far as the latter are concerned, it is hardly necessary to point out that they can not wind up the war except they get some money.

"Thus Roumania is likely not only to gain in territory and prestige because of the obstinate folly of Bulgaria, but also to gain economically because of the exceedingly good weather she has had."

Upward Tendency in Cotton Is Unchecked

Bulls Show Less Vigor at Week-end. Crop News Proves To Be More Mixed.

By EDWARD LOW RANLETT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The upward tendency of cotton values was continued during to-day's session, but with less vigor. Prices started from 3 to 7 points higher, and while additional gains of a few points soon were recorded, there was enough selling by the South and for the account of recent buyers to cause a partial reaction. The market closed steady. The disposition was to await week-end weather developments.

Crop news was more mixed. As a rule the advices on the Central and Eastern belt are very satisfactory, but with each day of dry weather in the Southwest despatches from that section are more serious.

There has been a tendency to reduce crop estimates, because the Western belt has shown a falling off in possibilities, while east of the Mississippi River, while the crop may not have improved very much, it has held its own in much better shape. Speculation has not been much in evidence, but the general tendency of operators has been to avoid the short side of the market.

Estimated cotton receipts:

	Monday.	1912.
New Orleans	50 to 100	301
Galveston	6,500 to 7,500	5,959

RANGE IN NEW YORK FUTURES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Ag	11.75	11.79	11.69	11.74	11.74-75	11.69-70
Sp	11.44	11.44	11.38	11.38	11.39-41	11.36-38
Oc	11.18	11.25	11.18	11.20	11.19-20	11.14-15
Nv	11.08	11.13	11.08	11.13	11.10-12	11.05-07
Dc	11.13	11.18	11.09	11.13	11.12-13	11.07-08
Jn	10.99	11.07	10.99	11.02	11.02-03	10.97-98
Fb	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.04-06	10.99-01
Mh	11.09	11.14	11.07	11.09	11.08-09	11.05-06
My	11.11	11.17	11.09	11.17	11.11-13	11.08-09

Closed steady.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16.—Due 5½ points higher on August and 4½ points higher on other positions, this market opened steady, generally 4 points advance. At the close the market was firm at a net advance of 9½ to 10½ points.

Spot cotton quiet at 11 points advance; middling, 6.51d; sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,000 American bales; speculation and export, 500; imports 2,000, of which none were American bales.

Futures opened firm.

	Opening Range.		Close.	Prev. Close.
Aug.	6.22	-6.26	6.27½	6.18
Aug.-Sept.	6.15		6.20½	6.11
Sept.-Oct.	6.05		6.11	6.01
Oct.-Nov.	6.01		6.08	5.97½
Nov.-Dec.	5.96	-6.00	6.02	5.92
Dec.-Jan.	5.96½	-6.06	6.02	5.92
Jan.-Feb.	5.97	-6.02½	6.03	5.93
Feb.-Mch.	5.98½	-5.99½	6.04½	5.94½
Mch.-Apr.	6.00	-6.06	6.05½	5.95½
Apr.-May	6.01	-6.04	6.06½	5.96½
May-June	6.01½		6.07½	5.97½
June-July	6.07½		6.07½	.....

Closed firm.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—A surprisingly strong Liverpool was offset to-day by private reports of rains in Oklahoma. Consequently the cotton market opened only one point up on October and one point down on other active new crop months. During the early trading professionals were inclined to sell short, but turned buyers as soon as the official forecast predicting clear weather for Texas and Oklahoma over Sunday was posted.

Reports of rains at Omaha, Nebraska, which, it was thought, would spread to Oklahoma over Sunday, caused some aggressive selling on the part of bears during the late trading. Bulls bought moderately on the decline, in anticipation of an unfavorable crop report by The Times-Democrat Monday morning. The market at the close ruled steady, with prices unchanged to one point higher, as compared with Friday's closing.

Spots were officially reported firm and 1-16c higher on all grades, middling being quoted at 12 1-16c. Sales amounted to 285 bales of spots.

At the high point to-day the market showed an advance of 31 points from the low level of the week established Thursday when the market broke below 11 cents for the new crop positions.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale.	Close	Prev Close
Ag	11.69	11.69	11.63	11.64	11.63-64	11.60-62
Sp	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.23-25	11.22-24
Oc	11.19	11.25	11.18	11.19	11.18-19	11.18-19
Nv	11.20	11.20	11.18	11.18	11.15-16	11.14-16
Dc	11.16	11.23	11.14	11.17	11.17	11.16-17
Jn	11.16	11.23	11.16	11.17	11.17-18	11.16-17
Fb	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.15-17	11.14-16
Mh	11.28	11.31	11.24	11.24	11.24-26	11.25-27
My	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.36	11.33-35	11.32-34

Closed steady.

SPOT COTTON MARKET.

Atlanta, nominal; middling 11¾.
Athens, steady; middling 11⅞
Macon, steady; middling 12½.
New Orleans, quiet; middling 12 1-16.
New York, quiet; middling 12c.
Philadelphia, quiet; middling 12c.
Boston, quiet; middling 12.3o
Liverpool, quiet; middling 6.51d.
Savannah, steady, middling 11½.
Augusta, steady; middling 12c.
Charleston, steady; middling 12 5-16.
Norfolk, firm; middling 11¾.
Galveston, steady; middling 11⅞.
Mobile, steady; middling 12c.
Wilmington, quiet; middling 12c.
Little Rock, steady; middling 12c.
Baltimore, nominal; middling 12½.
Memphis, steady; middling 11¾.
St. Louis, quiet, middling 12 5-16.
Houston, steady; middling 11⅞.
Louisville, firm, middling 12¼.
Charlotte, steady; middling 12c.
Greenville, steady; middling 12c.

COTTON SEED OIL.

Coffee quotations:

	Opening.	Closing.
August	8.99@9.10	8.91@9.50
September	8.77@8.80	8.87@8.90
October	8.00@8.01	8.01@8.02
November	6.94@6.96	6.92@6.94
December	6.79@6.84	6.79@6.81
January	6.80@6.84	6.78@6.81
February	6.78@6.85	6.75@6.80
March	6.81@6.83	6.80@6.82

NEW ORLEANS RICE.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—The market for clean rice shows a strong tone on Honduras and rules to-day on Japan.

Quotations on the leading grades follow:

	Honduras.	Japan.
Head	4¾@5¾	3¾@3½
Straights	3½@5¼	2¾@3
Screenings	2 @2½	2 @2¼

SUGAR.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—All grades of refined and spot raw sugar were unchanged to-day. The European beet sugar market was easier, August and September beets unchanged at 9s 4½d bid, but October and December beets were ¾d lower at 9s 2¾d.

BONDS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Government bonds unchanged. Railroad and other bonds strong.

COTTON FIELDS TELL STORY OF TWO ASPECTS

No Cause for Complaint in the Central or Eastern Belt. Spinners Reluctant.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 16.—A genuine crop scare in a considerable portion of the cotton belt and an absence of bullish activity in the price marts was an anomaly presented during the week. A partial explanation for it was, that while the crop was admittedly losing condition in Oklahoma and Texas, in practically all the rest of the belt there was no good reason for complaint. In fact, most of the central and eastern belt sent in reports of excellent progress toward a satisfactory yield. There was thus a two-sided story from the cotton fields, and the sections which last season had only moderate outturns were giving promise of evening up matters with a section that had bumper crops.

The promise of rains in the western part of the belt at the close of last wek, which afforded much of the basis for the bearish activity in the speculative market on Friday and Saturday, proved barren of much results, for the showers were scattered, and by no means sufficient to relieve the situation. In only a few localities did they amount to enough to give relief, and as the temperatures continued high, some of them might better not have come. Arkansas had some fine rains, which put an end to an incipient drouth. The week has brought no important relief to Oklahoma and Texas, and most students of the situation have reduced expectations for those important areas.

It seems certain enough damage already has been done to make unlikely a yield of as much as last year, despite increased acreage. The injury will continue until the drouth is relieved, and then for them to have full benefit there will have to be a late and open fall so late fruit can mature.

In the central belt conditions are still excellent, and the critical period will soon pass. Expectations are for the largest crop ever gathered in this territory, and picking will start in earnest in a few weeks. The "first" bale has already appeared here, nine days ahead of last year and five earlier than the average date. However, the crop as a whole is not that much ahead, the bale having come from the section that is trying to get ahead of the boll weevil by early planting and forced cultivation.

Opinion here is that the improvement of the past few weeks in the eastern belt has been such as to make possible a large yield, though it is doubted whether the record of two years ago will be reached in any large area.

The spot situation is still without much feature, and it seems likely that the spinners are going to take their time about buying. Very little forward business is reported booked and the disposition to scatter orders is not yet marked. From across the water comes talk of trade not being so promising, though there is a suspicion that one motive for such news is the need of raw material in large quantities soon and it will not hurt any to spread the notion that trade is going to be dull, thus helping to depress values and enable as cheap buying as possible.

The effect of the legislation against futures, should it be passed, is also expected to be for lower prices, which is another motive for the spinners waiting. There are many people who think the removal of this menacing cloud would result in a very quick revival of bullish speculative activity and thus the crop scare would become a price factor of more importance than it has been.

The foreign spinner, no doubt, also feels that the money situation is such that there will be a rush to sell the new crop, which will better his chances of getting bargains provided he does not show too much eagerness this early.

The domestic spinner naturally is biding his time and being conservative, pending the passage of the tariff act and its effect on business. Other things also encourage him to be a little patient, although advices indicate a healthy prospect for business.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The weekly statement of the New York Associated Banks shows the following changes:

Average statement:
Excess cash reserve, decrease $1,784,600.
Loans, increase $7,771,000.
Specie, decrease 5195,000.
Legal tenders, decrease $78,000.
Net deposits, increase $5,622,000.
Actual statement:
Loans, increase $401,000.
Specie, decrease $3,398,000.
Legal tenders, increase $1,770,000.
Net deposits, decrease $3,281,000.
Reserve, decrease $985,450.

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Hogs: Receipts, 11,000; market 10 to 15c lower; choice light, 8.75@8.90; light mixed, 8.45@8.60; prime light butchers, 8.40@8.60; prime heavy butchers, 8.25@8.35; heavy packing, 7.25@7.60; mixed packing, 7.35@7.90.

Cattle: Receipts, 100; market steady; steers, good to choice, 8.50@9.00; steers, fair to good, 7.50@8.50; stockers, 6.75@7.00; feeding steers, 7.00@8.00; fair to good heifers, 7.00@8.00; good to prime heifers, 8.00@8.75; good to choice cows, 5.75@7.25; good to choice calves, 10.25@10.75; fair to good calves, 8.00@10.25.

Sheep: Receipts, 2,000; market steady; native lambs and range lambs, 6.50@7.50; range yearlings, 5.50@6.25; range wethers, 4.50@4.65; range ewes, 4.25@4.40; feeding lambs, 6.00@6.75; native wethers, 4.50@5.00; native ewes, 4.00@4.50; native yearlings, 6.25.

NAVAL STORES.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Turpentine firm, 38¼c and 38½c; sales 658 barrels; receipts 1,040 barrels. Rosin firm. Sales 2,824 barrels. Water white, $6.25; window glass, $6; N, $5.10; M, $4.35; K, $4.05; I, $4.00; H, $3.95; G, $3.90; F, $3.90; E, $3.90; D, $3.75; B, $3.55.

HAS METHOD OF MAKING COTTON LIVE FOR YEARS

German Savant Patents System for Producing Frost and Pest Proof Perennial Plant.

By M. A. ROSE.

Now comes Herr Woldemar Schuetze, the newest recruit to the ranks of those who would revolutionize cotton growing.

All the world eventually will adopt his system, he asserts, and thereby produce a wiltproof, pestproof, frostproof, high-grade cotton which need be planted but once in 25 years.

The system makes the cotton-picking machine entirely practicable and increases the planter's profit, not only by cutting out the cost of seed, but also by reducing the cost of labor. These are some of his claims.

The system, it seems, is protected by patents in every country of the globe except in Japan. The wily Japs, according to Herr Woldemar Schuetze, considered his application, turned it down, and then spread knowledge of his methods the length and breadth of the Flowery Empire.

Details Are Vague.

But when it comes to details, Herr Schuetze is rather vague, or at least the reports of interviews with him in London are rather vague.

The cotton plant in its wild state is perennial. This is the foundation stone of the system. In the countries where wild cotton is found the plant lives 20 to 25 years. Under cultivation it degenerates to the extent of about 80 per cent after the first crop, and can not resist frost.

Herr Schuetze promises to prevent this degeneration, to make the cotton plant live 25 years or more, to make it proof against frost and all pests. He does not tell how, except to say:

"Like so many great discoveries, mine is most simple.

"One wonders why it has not been discovered ages ago. It is really the result of applying the law that in grafting, the closer the relationship, the better the result. When this system is once applied, the reduction in cost will soon amount to 50 per cent at least.

"There is an old law that the qualities of cultivation in a plant are not continued with certainty in seedlings; that is to say, that they are most unreliable. Now, my process prevents this, applying the law I referred to by first sowing and then grafting from the parent plant onto the seedling."

Herr Schuetze takes great comfort from the fact that experiments by the Royal Pomological Society at Elsenach bear him out.

Helps Cotton Picker.

"With perennial cotton plants, or rather, trees," he goes on, "it will be possible to train them to grow in a series of arches. It follows, therefore, that a cotton-picking machine can be designed which will do its work with far greater regularity and thoroughness than is possible under the present system, where a large number of levers or arms are required to work in equally numerous directions and angles. At present, the cotton-picking machine leaves behind about one-third of the cotton, whereas under the new system, practically all of the cotton will be picked with comparative ease.

"Again, with the trees trained in this manner, the cotton bolls will be better exposed to the rays of the sun, with the result that the bolls will develop better, grow larger and produce better cotton."

The Carvonica cotton plant, which is perennial, already is well known, but it will not grow everywhere. Herr Schuetze says he can fit his system to any cotton-growing climate. Three to five years would be required to adapt the cotton of the South to his system.

General Rally in Stocks Good Sign

Traders Take Encouragement From Strenght Shown After Early Bear Attack.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—One encouraging feature of to-day's stock market was a general rally after Union Pacific and Steel had been forced down a point in the early trading, with other stocks falling off 1-4 to 3-4 at the same time. Atchison, Missouri Pacific and Rock Island were all weak in the early session on account of reports of corn crop damage. Later, reports of rain in Kansas and Oklahoma brought about the rally, which, though slight, was regarded as important when prices were compared with those of Wednesday and Thursday.

Amalgamated Copper and Smelters both showed considerable strength, presumably because of the strength of the market for the metal.

There was a lack of foreign news Paris being closed by the three-day holiday and London being dull in consequence.

Of domestic news, the most important was the news from Washington that the Administration appeared to have currency legislation well under control and that the bill was likely to reach the House as early as August 25.

The bank statement was considered favorable.

Stock quotations and net change:

STOCK—	High.	Low.	Clos. Bid.	Net Ch'ge.
Amal. Copper	72¾	71⅞	73½	+1⅝
Am. Agricul	.....	.....	46	.....
Am. Beet Sug.	25½	25½	26	+ ⅜
American Can	33½	32⅝	33½	+ ½
do. pref.	.....	.....	93⅛	+ ⅛
Am. Car Fdy.	46⅛	45	45	.....
Am. Cot. Oil.	.....	.....	43	+1
American Ice.	20	20	21	.....
Am. Locomo.	32	32	31⅜	— ⅛
Am. Smelting.	67¼	66½	67⅜	+1⅛
Am. Sug. Ref.	109	109	109½	— ⅜
Am. T.-T.	129¾	129⅞	129⅝	+ ⅛
Amer. Woolen.	.....	.....	17½	.....
Anaconda	35¾	35¾	36⅜	+ ⅝
Atchison	96	95	95½	+ ¼
A. T. L.	.....	.....	20½	+1
B. and O.	96⅝	96½	96¼	+ ⅛
Beth. Steel	34½	33⅞	34⅞	+ ⅝
B. R. T.	88⅜	88⅜	88⅝	+ ⅛
Can. Pacific	219	217⅞	218⅝	+ ¾
Cen. Leather	23	23	23¼	+ ½
C. and O.	55½	55½	56⅜	+ ¼
Colo. F. and I.	31½	31½	32⅛	+ ½
Colo. Southern.	.....	.....	27½	+ ½
Consol. Gas	.....	.....	130½	+ ½
Corn Products	11	11	11	.....
D. and H.	.....	.....	156¼	+ ¼
Den. and R. G.	20	20	20	— ¼
Erie	28¼	27⅝	28¼	+ ¼
do. pref.	46½	46½	46⅜	+ ⅛
Gen. Electric	142	141½	142	.....
G. North. pfd.	126¾	125¾	126	— ¾
G. North. Ore.	35½	35½	35½	.....
G. Western	14	13¾	13½	— ¼
Ill. Central	.....	.....	106¾	— ½
Interboro	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	.....
do. pref.	60	60	60	+ ¾
Iowa Central	.....	.....	7	—1
K. C. S.	25⅝	25⅝	25¾	+ ¼
M., K. and T.	22½	22½	23	+ ½
do. pfd.	.....	.....	58¼	+ ¼
L. Valley	152	151	151¾	+1
L. and N.	134⅜	134⅜	134	— ½
Mo. Pacific	31	30½	31¼	+ ¼
N. Y. Central	.....	.....	98	.....
Northwest.	.....	.....	129½	— ½
Nat. Lead	49	49	.....	.....
N. and W.	.....	.....	106¼	.....
No. Pacific	111	110¼	113⅜	+3⅜
O. and W.	.....	.....	29⅝	+ ⅜
Penna.	113	112⅝	112⅝	+ ⅝
P. Gas Co.	.....	.....	113½	.....
P. Steel Car	.....	.....	24¾	+ ⅛
Reading	160½	159¼	160⅝	+1¼
R. I. and Steel	23¼	23⅛	23⅜	— ⅜
do. pfd.	.....	.....	87	—1⅜
Rock Island	17	16½	17⅜	+ ⅝
do. pfd.	28⅜	28⅛	28	— ⅛
S.-Sheffield	.....	.....	28	—1½
So. Pacific	92⅜	91⅞	92¼	+ ¼
So. Railway	24⅝	24⅝	24⅞	+ ¼
do. pfd.	.....	.....	78	—1
St. Paul	107	106	106½	+ ½
Tenn. Copper	31	30½	31⅜	+ ⅝
Texas Pacific	16	16	16	.....
Third Avenue	.....	.....	36	+1
Union Pacific	152⅞	151⅞	153⅜	+ ⅛
U. S. Rubber	61	59⅝	61	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	62⅜	61⅞	62⅞	+ ⅜
do. pfd.	108¼	108	108	+ ½
Utah Copper	50¾	49⅜	50¾	+ ¾
V.-C. Chem.	.....	.....	24½	+ ½
Wabash	3¾	3¼	4	+ ½
do. pfd.	10⅜	10¼	11¼	+ ⅜
W. Union	.....	.....	66¼	.....
W. Maryland	.....	.....	41	.....
W. Electric	69	69	72	+3½
W. Central	.....	.....	47	.....

Number of shares sold to-day 171,-110 against 234,865 a year ago.

Par value of bonds sold to-day $579,-000, against $921,000 a year ago.

BANK CLEARINGS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Bank clearings, $282,511,343, against $304,035,905 a year ago, a decrease of $21,524,562.

NEW SEABOARD MANAGEMENT IS DOING WELL

Deficit of $121,000 in First Quarter Overcome and oGod Surplus Besides.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Seaboard Air Line in the year ended June 30 earned in excess of 7 per cent on $23,-894,000. Final surplus was approximately $1,730,000, against $813,000 in 1912, both figures including only rail operations.

The showing reflects credit on the new management. In a year when the company's territory scored only about 60 per cent of a normal cotton crop, and when the initial three months' operations under the old management produced a deficit of $121,000, results for the succeeding nine months not only overcame these handicaps, but so far recovered that gross increased $1,523,000 and surplus over all charges increased $817,000.

On basis of nine months' operations under the new management, and allowing for effort necessary to pick up and recover the initial quarter's deficit, the property appears to be earning at rate of nearly $2,000,000 surplus annually, or equivalent to more than 8 per cent on the outstanding preferred. Total operating ratio in the past year was 72 per cent of gross. In 1912 it was 75 per cent.

Officials look forward to better than a $2,000,000 surplus in the current year. Crops offer excellent promise, with one of the largest cotton crops ever raised among the prospects this year. General business is moving in fair volume and traffic outlook shows no unfavorable signs.

Selling U. S. Bonds Short Is Risky Deal

Restricted Market for These Securities Makes the 'Bear's' Lot One Not Enviable.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The trader who sells any Government bonds short takes a long chance of making a profit, because of the restricted market for these securities, and the short seller of those which bear coupons assumes a risk much greater than is attached to any active stock or bond on the Stock Exchange list. Government coupon bonds, particularly those which have the circulation privilege, are comparatively scarce.

The coupon bonds may be converted into registered bonds, but registered bonds may not be exchanged for others of the same class which bear coupons.

The application of this provision to the issues which are used to secure bank note issues, naturally, has worked to cut down the number of coupon bonds outstanding and thereby greatly lessened the opportunity of short sellers for covering their contracts at times when they have the best advantage for a profitable transaction.

An expert on Government issues predicted yesterday that traders who went short on coupon 2s below 96 would have difficulty in covering at any price under par unless some development at Washington occurs to weaken them drastically.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Money on call nominal; no loans; time loans easier; 60 days, 3¾@4; 90 days, 4½@4¾; six months, 5¼@5¾ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5@6½ per cent; sterling exchange steady at 4.8305 for 60-day bills and 4.8645 for demand; commercial bills, 4.82¾.

New High Made for Corn, but Not Held

Longs Supply All Demands When Crest Is Reached, Causing Slight Reaction.

By JOS. F. PRITCHARD.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—New high prices were made in the corn pit again to-day. These advances are likely to be seen from day to day until such time as the mad speculative movement has spent its force, or the Southwest has been deluged by rain.

A runaway market was slated in corn for to-day, and it looked at one time as if even with the selling by the larger men in the trade the upturn could not be checked. Around 75 1-8 cents for September, 69 3-4 cents for December and 71 cents for May—the highest prices of the day, as well as of the week—the chutes of the longs were thrown wide open and all comers were fully supplied and more. This selling caused reactions from the best prices of the day and declines for the session of 1-8@3-8 were seen in the deferred months.

The mention of "corners" on the Chicago Board of Trade causes a smile to overspread the average trader of to-day. The big trade mart has an anti-corner rule and this is being lived up to with great earnestness.

While the farmers of the country have lost heavily because of the almost unheard of crop deterioration many of them have partially recouped their losses, while others have made more money by taking a hand on the bull side than they otherwise would have made.

Eastern exporters were in the wheat market on a liberal scale to-day and in addition to this buying there was improved milling business. The total sales to-day here were 685,000 bushels.

Prices advanced 1-8@1-2 cent today and they closed pretty well around the best prices of the session.

New buying was noticeable in oats and prices were fully maintained following the advance of Friday. Cash transactions were small at 150,000 bushels; corn sales were larger at 240,000 bushels.

Grain quotations:

	High.	Low.	Previous Close.	Close.
WHEAT—				
Sept.	87⅝	87⅛	87⅝	87¼
Dec.	91¾	90⅝	90⅞	90½
May	95⅞	95⅜	95¾	95⅝
CORN—				
Sept.	75⅛	74⅝	74¾	74¾
Dec.	69¾	69	69½	69⅜
May	71	70	70¼	70⅜
OATS—				
Sept.	43⅝	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛
Dec.	45⅝	45⅜	45⅜	45⅜
May	49	48⅜	48⅜	48⅜
PORK—				
Sept.	20.70	20.60	20.70	20.55
Jan.	19.12½	18.97½	19.12½	18.67½
LARD—				
Sept.	11.15	11.07½	11.15	11.07½
Oct.	11.20	11.15	11.20	11.12½
Jan.	10.67½	10.60	10.67½	10.55
RIBS—				
Sept.	11.10	11.00	11.10	10.95
Oct.	11.02½	10.80	11.02½	10.85
Jan.	10.12½	9.95	10.12½	9.90

CHICAGO CASH QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Wheat—No. 2 red, new, 88@88½; No. 3 red, new, 87½@88; No. 2 hard winter, new, 88@88½; No. 3 hard winter, new, 87½@88; No. 1 Northern spring, 90@91½; No. 3 spring, 88@90.

Corn—No. 2, 75¾@76½; No. 2 white, 77; No. 2 yellow, 76½@77; No. 3, 75¾@76; No. 3 white, 76¼@76¾; No. 3 yellow, 76¼@76½; No. 4, 75¾@76; No. 4 white, 76¾@76¼; No. 4 yellow, 75¾@76.

Oats—No. 2 white, new, 43¾@44; No. 2 white, new, 42¼@43½; No. 4 white, 42½; standard, new, 43½@44.

ST. LOUIS CASH.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—Cash—No. 2 red wheat, 87¾@89¼; No. 3 red, 86@87¼; No. 4 red, 83@86; No. 2 hard, 85¾@92; No. 3 hard, 85@86; No. 4 hard, 84.

Corn—No. 2, 78½; No. 3, 78; no grade, 73; No. 3 yellow, 78; No. 2 white, 79½@80½; No. 3 white, 79½.

Oats—No. 2, 42½@43; No. 3, 42; No. 4, 41; No. 2 white, 42¾@43½; standard 43½; No. 3 white, 42¾@43; No. 4 white, 41@41½; No. 2 rye, 67.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16.—Wheat closed ⅜ to ½d higher.

Corn closed ¾d higher.

BEARS CHECKED BY DAMAGE IN WESTERN BELT

Small Demand for Forward Delivery in Spots Best Argument for Low Prices.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—Bearish activity, which had been encouraged by the anti-option legislation pending at Washington has been somewhat restrained recently by reports of deterioration in the condition of the cotton crop in Texas and Oklahoma.

Unevenly distributed showers have fallen in both of those States within the last few days, but it is believed that what relief has come has been too late to prevent material damage to the crop in that section of the belt. Consequently the next bureau report is expected to show a further decline in condition from last month, when both Texas and Oklahoma fell off sharply.

The one redeeming feature in the crop situation at the moment is the improved outlook in the eastern half of the belt. According to reports received in this market, the crop in Alabama and in Georgia has undergone wonderful improvement since the date of the last bureau report. Should this improvement in the eastern belt continue, the deterioration likely to be shown in the Western belt will be offset, in a measure, by the improvement in the Atlantics.

It is believed that while conditions may be serious in those two States, rains within a week would get permit the making of a fairly large crop, and it is argued that even if there were a shortage in the crop in the Western belt the increase apparent in the Atlantics, together with a normal yield in the Central belt, would result in a crop of at least 15,000,000 bales.

The most bearish feature in the general situation is the fact that there is less demand for forward deliveries in spots than has been the case in years. Fully good middling is being offered in this market at 45 points on October, and good middling at 15 points less for September delivery, with few, if any, buyers in sight. The slack spot demand is attributed to declining trade at Manchester and to the bearish sentiment engendered at Liverpool by the introduction of the Clarke bill in Congress.

News as to the outcome of the fight being made against the Clarke bill continues of a favorable character, and it is believed here now that the measure has been practically killed as a result of the criticism aimed at it by Southern newspapers generally.

The optimistic feeling prevailing here has been reflected by an advance of $600 in the price of New Orleans Cotton Exchange stock, two shares of which have sold this week for $2,100, with none offering at less than $2,500 now.

When the Clarke bill was first introduced, shares of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange declined below $1,500, whereas the stock had been $2,500 bid before the bill was introduced by Senator Clarke.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee quotations:

	Opening.	Closing.
January	9.20@9.21	9.23@9.25
February	9.23@9.40	9.20@9.21
March	9.42@9.50	9.36@9.37
April	9.45@9.55	9.43@9.46
May	9.53@9.54	9.48@9.50
June	9.55@9.65	9.52@9.54
July	9.62@9.67	9.56@9.58
August	.....	8.94@8.95
September	8.95@8.96	8.95@8.96
October	9.00@9.10	8.99@9.01
November	.....	9.06@9.08
December	9.16@9.20	9.15@9.16

Closed steady. Sales, 36,000 bags.

Travel Troubles

They are great and numerous—if not precluded by availing yourself of the opportunities offered by this safe, strong bank.

For instance: If you leave your valuable papers or jewelry in the house during your absence from the city, all during your travels you will be anxious concerning their safety. Whereas, if you rent a Safe Deposit Box in our Steel Vault, your mind will be relieved of this anxiety, which will be worth many times the cost of rental.

Again: If you start out with a pocketful of cash, you will be incessantly bothered with making change; and if traveling in foreign countries, will be subject to the dangers of receiving SHORT change. Our Travelers' Cheques or Letters of Credit will make your travel money matters simple and safe. And the cost is very nominal.

Atlanta National Bank

C. E. CURRIER, President.
F. E. BLOCK, Vice President.
JAMES S. FLOYD, Vice President.
G. R. DONOVAN, Cashier.
J. S. KENNEDY, Asst. Cashier.
J. D. LEITNER, Asst. Cashier.

CAPITAL $1,000,000.00
SURPLUS 1,000,000.00
RESOURCES 10,000,000.00

American National Bank

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Statement of Condition August 9, 1913

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$3,495,486.16
United States Bonds	518,000.00
Other Bonds and Securities	74,750.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer	25,000.00
Cash in Vault and with Banks	900,402.11
	$5,013,.38.27

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$ 600,000.00
Surplus and Profits	611,336.59
Circulation	500,000.00
Bills Payable	300,000.00
Deposits	3,002,301.68
	$5,013,638.27

The business of the country is in surprisingly large volume. The st



$1,000 IN GOLD COIN



First Prize for Organizations

in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's "Want Ad" Contest!

Thousands of dollars in other prizes for individuals. The Contest is now open. Any church, lodge or other organization or any individual, man or woman, boy or girl, may enter. See the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon
FOR ORGANIZATIONS

5,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

organization in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 5,000 votes for organization named. Only one coupon will be counted for each organization.

RULES GOVERNING CONTEST

Any person residing in the territory in which The Hearst's Sunday American and The Atlanta Georgian circulates is eligible to enter the contest.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject any nominations.

Candidates may nominate themselves or be nominated by a friend.

The Contest opened Aug. 15 and willl close at midnight Nov. 15, 1913.

No office employee or member of an office employee's immediate family of Hearst's American and Atlanta Georgian can enter the contest.

Coupon Books valued at **$2.50** and **$5.00** in classified advertising will be sold by the contestants.

4,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$2.50** book.

10,000 votes will be given for the sale of a **$5.00** book.

The votes will be convassed by an impartial committee.

In case of a tie the prize will be divided between the contestants tying.

These rules are subject to change by Hearst's American and The Atlanta Georgian.

Any questions which may arise will be settled by the Contest Manager and his decision will be absolute and final.

Nomination Coupon

1,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)

as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 votes for contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each contestant.

HOW PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

PRIZES FOR ORGANIZATIONS

To the organization polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $1,000 in gold.

To the organization polling the second highest number of votes in the contest will be awarded $500 in furniture of their own selection.

INDIVIDUAL PRIZES

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the largest number of votes in the contest will be awarded a five-passenger touring car.

To the man, woman, boy or girl polling the second largest number of votes in the entire contest will be awarded a tour to California, choosing your own companion with all expenses paid.

After the two grand prizes have been awarded there will be several other prizes awarded according to class as follows:

BOYS' CLASS

To the boy polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a motorcycle.

To the boy polling the second largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the boy polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and chain.

To the boy polling the fourth highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the boy polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

MEN'S CLASS

To the man having the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a twin-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given one single-cylinder motorcycle.

To the man having the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the man having the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and fob.

To the man having the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch.

WOMEN'S CLASS

To the woman polling the largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a player-piano.

To the woman polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the woman polling the third highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond ring.

To the woman polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the woman polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.

GIRLS' CLASS

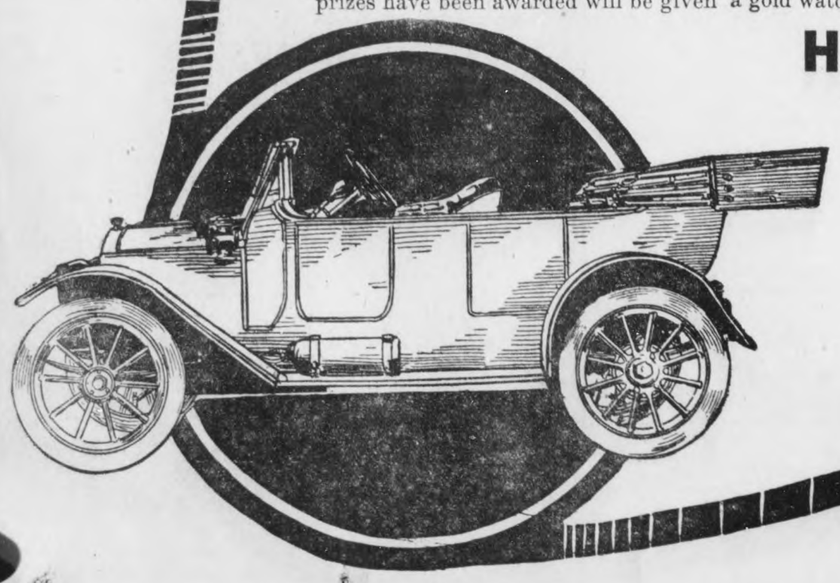
To the girl polling the highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a piano.

To the girl polling the second highest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a business college scholarship.

To the girl polling the third largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a gold watch and neckchain.

To the girl polling the fourth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a bicycle.

To the girl polling the fifth largest number of votes after the two grand prizes have been awarded will be given a diamond lavalliere.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN
AND
THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Want Ad Contest
Offices Fourth Floor
Foote & Davies Building.
C. L. Simpson,
Contest Manager.
Both Phones 100.

PIANO
MOTORCYCLES
BICYCLES
CALIFORNIAN
TRIPS
WATCHES
DIAMOND
RINGS

The Elephant's Foot—and Heavy Taxes



Until Recently the Rulers of India Used the Power of the Elephant to Crush Out the Life of Rebellious Subjects. Now the Elephants That Were Executioners Are Laborers and Helpers.

With Us the System of Taxation Crushes the Poor at the Command of the Rich Rulers. Some Day the Tax System Will Work for the People Instead of Crushing Them.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

THIS picture is intended to fix your mind on our "civilized" system of taxation, and also to make you know that the world is getting better steadily and rapidly.

When the rajahs, gaekwars and other curiously named rulers controlled India the elephant was the princes' toy and pleasure.

Sometimes elephants were put to fighting each other for the amusement of a prince.

Constantly the elephant's great bulk and power were used to crush out the lives of those that rebelled against the princes.

Many a miserable creature felt the weight of the elephant's heavy foot upon his chest—and never felt anything else in this world.

Such executions were shocking to look upon. The helpless criminal, often a man who had failed in slavish obedience to his betters, was stretched upon the ground. The elephant was brought out, guided by his mahout.

Coldly and indifferently, without hatred, simply obeying orders, the powerful beast raised his heavy foot, brought it down with all his weight upon the victim's chest or head. There was a crunching of bones, one more life was snuffed out, and the dignity and power of princes again demonstrated.

♣ ♣ ♣

The miserable subject sentenced to die under the elephant's foot rarely protested. He did not scream or struggle, but lay still, waiting for the weight to settle upon him. He probably thought that it was inevitable and natural.

Rajahs always HAD used elephants to kill the disobedient, and they probably always WOULD do so.

But the days of crushing rebellion with the foot of an elephant have gone in India. The rajahs and the other rulers are under the power of England, which is at least a semi-civilized nation.

Widows are no longer burned alive to honor their husbands.

Elephants do not crush the heads of rebellious peasants.

Even the ancient custom of marrying little girls eight years old and younger to men of forty is dying out.

India, that has so long lain stagnant under the curse of caste, under the curse of a religion that taught obedience to superiors and preached stupid obedience; India, land of famines, poisonous snakes, stupid religion and needless brutality —EVEN INDIA SEES IMPROVEMENT.

The elephant that used to crush men now works for a living, lending his strength to the peasant in the hardest labor.

The girls of India are taught to read and think, to rely upon themselves and to mistrust the brutal priests of Buddha. They no longer ask to be buried alive when their husbands die. They know better—they go and get another husband.

♣ ♣ ♣

When you realize how conditions have improved in India, the land of stagnation, you feel sure that in this country, where improvement is also needed, every problem will be solved and every abuse will be wiped out with time.

We have never had heavy elephants stepping on the chests of Bull Moosers or other rebels.

We haven't the blazing suttee, we never threw girl babies to the crocodiles, and we don't die of famine by the millions.

But there is plenty of room for improvement, and it will come.

♣ ♣ ♣

We have in America, for instance, a system of taxation which is in itself an excellent imitation of that elephant's foot in the picture.

Our taxing system is a system of crushing the small man with the power and weight of monstrous injustice and discrimination.

Every man struggling to take care of his home and provide for his children feels the weight of our elephant system of taxation.

That system presses down on the little man's chest in this country, just as the elephant's foot used to press on the chest of the peasant in India.

The rajah never felt the elephant's foot, and our American rajahs of money have not until now felt the foot of the elephant of taxation.

Our tax is laid on the little man's house, on the little man's property, on the silk dress that his wife wears—when she can get it—on the worker's glass of beer or his pipeful of tobacco.

♣ ♣ ♣

THE ELEPHANT'S FOOT HAS BEEN ON THE LITTLE MAN FOR A LONG TIME.

The big man has not felt it. His property escaped. His hundreds of millions went free of taxation—he paid a little something occasionally out of good nature in a joking sort of way.

And while the elephant's foot still is felt, with its heavy weight, every man, woman and child in this country has cause for congratulation.

For at least we know the truth, we see it, can utter it, AND THE TRUTH WILL SET US FREE.

It is the poor man in our country who has felt the weight. He has carried the heavy load to keep his children in school. He has paid the big taxes that the trust laid upon the food that he ate, from the meat of the ox to the milk in his baby's bottle.

♣ ♣ ♣

Our American elephant of taxation, although invisible and not always understood, has been just as REAL as any elephant that ever lumbered out of his richly carved stable in the rajah's court to crush a miserable creature's skull.

Our farmers, feeding the people, actually producing the wealth, have been forced to borrow money and forced to pay more than eight per cent for it on the average.

And the little business man has been crushed by the competition and the brutal conspiracies of the big capitalistic combination. He has felt the elephant's foot.

Young women in tens of thousands have been employed on a basis of under-payment and underfeeding that meant ruined health or worse.

Children have been ground up into dividends in mills, factories and mines—they have all felt the elephant's foot and its full weight.

♣ ♣ ♣

But improvement has been steady in this country. And the man able to recognize conditions and changes sees clearly an ending of the system by which the weight of power and the weight of taxes and the weight of sorrow have always been upon the chest of the weak.

We have started our system of taxing incomes, which is a beginning at least. And that means progress.

We have discovered that public opinion and public investigation can cope with private conspiracies and combinations, and that means progress.

♣ ♣ ♣

We have broken away as a nation from the stupid system of subserviency and submission. PROTESTS ARE HEARD IN EVERY HOUSE, IN EVERY CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE—AND THAT MEANS PROGRESS.

Remember that the human race as a whole has been able to read for less than a century.

And printing is a new art, and telling the truth with print still newer.

The business of conquering and cultivating this continent has kept the nation busy.

To a few dishonest men and to dishonest lawyers has been left the business of law making, law interpreting and gouging through the laws.

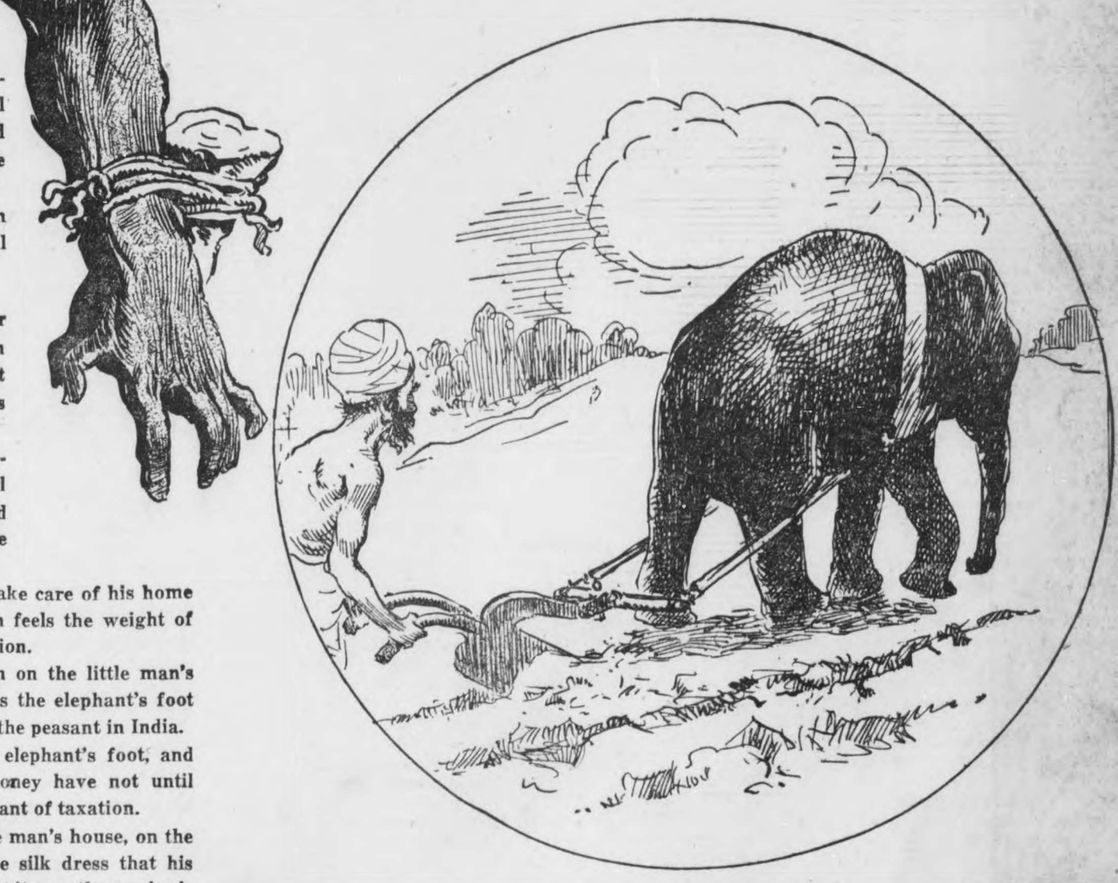
♣ ♣ ♣

We should be encouraged when we realize how much has been done in this land.

Only one hundred and thirty-seven years ago a nation smaller than the population of New York City is to-day decided to set up in the governing business independent of England.

In that short time we have built all our railroads, developed our nation, created the great States, and DEVELOPED PUBLIC EDUCATION FREE FROM INTERFERENCE OF GOVERNMENT OR RELIGION.

We have done wonders, indeed, in a few generations.



And while the elephant's foot still is felt, with its heavy weight, every man, woman and child in this country has cause for congratulation.

For at least we know the truth, we see it, can utter it, AND THE TRUTH WILL SET US FREE.

The Woman Who Never Had the Kind of Baby She Wanted

The Remarkable Picture of Mother Love in "The Long Desire," One of a New "Comedie Humaine" Series by James Hopper Now Being Published in Hearst's Magazine

MOTHER love is the greatest of all loves. In "The Long Desire," a story by the famous American author, James Hopper, published in the August number of Hearst's Magazine, the passion of mother love is reflected in a manner unique in fiction, and in the story of the woman who never had the kind of baby she wanted, Mr. Hopper has gone past his finest efforts, and has taken laurels from the crowns of Balzac and de Maupassant.

So remarkable is the story that the following excerpts from it are published by permission of the editors of Hearst's Magazine. "The Long Desire" is the fourth of a series by Mr. Hopper now being published in Hearst's Magazine, and forms what one might call "a new Comedie Humaine."

(Published by Permission of, and Copyrighted 1913 by HEARST'S MAGAZINE)

By JAMES HOPPER.

THE little girl dragged a round table into the closet. Upon the round table, with much effort, she placed a chair. She climbed up on the round table, climbed up on the chair, and poised high, steadied by one chubby finger hooked to the corner of the shelf above her, she stood a long moment immobile, listening intently.

* * * *

The small heels tapped back upon the cane; the round arms lowered; she held against her heart an oblong box. Cradling it on a bent elbow, with her free hand she undid the string and wrapping, took off the cover, and, her lashes a shadow on her cheeks, looked within, attentively.

In the box, filling it wholly, a big doll lay. She lay there like a princess long under enchantment, instantly and charmingly alive to the return of light and day and deliverance. Her silken gown, of tender pink, stood out on the sides, crinkly, in invitation to the first zephyr; her square little feet, encased in white openwork hose and satin slippers, toes to the sky, seemed eager for adventure; her lips were parted in a half-smile; and with her right hand, smallest finger out and up, held daintily by this flower of a mouth, she seemed about to break into a lively speech.

The little girl looked long at the doll, and with singular gravity. Once she raised delicately the hem of the skirt and saw, as if she had expected it, the light white foam beneath. Her head went slowly from side to side; she replaced the cover of the box; the wrapping; resung about it the twine; placed it back upon the shelf. She climbed down from the chair to the table, from the table to the door, destroyed the improvised pyramid, and slid out of the closet; a new languor had come into her movements.

She went across the wide hall, through the solemn vibrations of the clock as if aimless; she sauntered into a dark big room full of books, plunged into its depths, and curled within a leather arm-chair, in a sombre corner beneath a rose window.

After a while her feet drew upward to the edge of the chair; her bare knees drew up to her face; her head lowered, and against the palpitant whiteness of a diminutive handkerchief, she wept silently in the gloom.

* * * *

Then it was Christmas Day. A tree glowed in the hall; many children surrounded it; they found toys; with other rich toys, the little girl obtained a doll—the doll which already she knew.

Before all these eyes, all this good-will, she feigned surprise and great pleasure. She played with her doll all day, and all the next day; for a week, as long as people still watched, she fondled her and loved her, and whispered to her.

Then on one of the empty afternoons she went up to her blue room, opened her trunk, and laid the doll quietly in the top tray. She placed it by the little Parisian beauty of the Christmas before, near the stiff cuirassier of two Winters ago. Rising, she stood before the open trunk and looked at the whole line of them there, so colored and so gay—and yet so inert. She saw the zouave, the sailor, the nurse, the Dutch girl and the Bretonne maid. She remembered every one; some could talk and some could walk and some could swim. She looked at them with some love, yet with a weight at her heart; a dew-drop pearled at the end of a long lash.

With a listless yet certain gesture, she closed the trunk; closed it heavily upon them all; upon all her grievous disappointments.

Every Christmas time, it was the same.

For the doll was never, never, never the doll for which she yearned.

* * * *

The years passed, falling one by one like great drops from a huge reservoir.

And now, she ceased to get dolls at all.

Her gown was lowered to her shoe tops; that period of her life was gone, forever gone, leaving her unappeased.

Years passed by; she began to love babies.

She would find them everywhere. It was as if a new epoch had come into the world, as if some mysterious and prodigious sowing of the past were coming to a sudden and simultaneous flowering of small red faces and pudgy hands and very pure eyes. She would find them everywhere, these babies. When she called, they would be brought out of cradles for her, hot and soft and odorous in depths of warm wool and starchy lace, with fragile skulls against which her lips pressed half in passion, half in fear; an older girl friend had one of her own; grandmothers, aunts, proud and officious, brought others to the house; in the parks, on the walks, beneath the trees, in care of nurses, were hundreds, cooing and gurgling in the depths of small buggies. And the girl, before each, felt the same strangeness happen to her; taking it in her arms, or simply standing before it, she felt the little being leap toward her—though the body remained motionless—leap toward her, enter within her, and curl itself about her heart, contentedly, as if with a sigh.

At times she remembered the doll for which she had yearned and which she had never obtained, and remained looking at the vision, vaguely troubled.

There was something about her, gentle, tender and wistful, which drew the hearts of men. One night, between dances, on a veranda in the moon, one kissed her, passionately, on the lips.

She felt a great bound within her, then a stillness. In the moonlight, she was regarding him. He had golden, curly hair, and his eyes were blue. And his face, just in that position, with just that sheen upon it, showed, beneath its heavy carving, gone now, here again, faint, elusive, but always returning, a promise which answered to the profound nostalgia within her. He was silent, panting; she looked at him; the light was right; she was sure now. Beneath his strength, a mere hint, a ripple, a dim opalescence it lay—the curve, the sweet, sweet curve of cheek of which she had dreamed for her doll.

She rose to him and kissed him, passionately, on the lips.

They were married. The girl was happy now. She no longer dwelled in large empty houses full of the ticking of a clock. Her nest was small. He strove hard on the outside, and she called him her Boy. When he worked in the evening, she would spend hours watching him hungrily, till to a crumbling of the coals in the grate, or a flicker of the lamp, she caught beneath his stern features the hint, the promise, the vague shadow of that for which she had always longed in her dolls.

She wanted a child now.

She would say: "O Boy, I want a little babe, a little babe all my own."

In her bed, by her side, she would lay a pillow, and would hollow it with tender tappings of her hand. "To lie right here, Boy, by my side, my own sweet little babe."

And her arms would curve so beautifully and so eloquently about the empty pillow that one almost saw a child there, in the hollow, like the Jesus in the manger.

As for her, she could see it clearly, and feel it poignantly, the babe she desired. It was a boy-child, with soft grave male coo; it had curls of gold and azure eyes; but the wondrous thing about it, that for which all her being yearned with surety, was a something about its cheek. A line simply, a curve. A curve made for her lips, fitted to the ache of her heart. That same curve of which she had dreamed for her dolls.

She became heavy and listless; her eyes widened and widened; she would sit long hours very still, her gray eyes full of light. She saw him clearly before her, with curls of gold and azure eyes and the sweet curve of cheek; she felt its soft male coo vibrating against her breast; she felt him curl around her heart.

Then came a night of pain; pain doubled and redoubled upon pain; weary strugglings in a hot delirium; moments when one let life slip away, then fastened upon it again and strove and suffered—and finally a blessed peace like Death.

"I have my boy," she thought with closed eyes, "I have my darling boy." And she could see its golden curls, its blue eyes, and the sweet, sweet curve of cheek for which she had always longed.

But when she was allowed to see in reality the child—it was a girl. A wistful slip of a baby girl; its hair was brown and its eyes were gray. And it had not the right curve of cheek, not the right curve of cheek at all!

When the little mother was strong enough to rise, she went to the old trunk and opened it. On the top tray, all in order, lay the two Parisiennes, the Dutch girl, the Bretonne maid, the cuirassier, the soldier, the zouave, and the others.

She was carrying her baby in her arms. Whimsically she laid it in the tray, next to the sad-faced clown.

But she took it up again, and fondled it and loved it, just as years ago she had loved the dolls in spite of the heavy disappointment they were—loved it all the more so that it might never know.

Her soul again turned its light ahead, hope returned to her, she held to her dream. Sitting by the fire in the evenings, she would look long at her husband. His hair was just a little less bright than of yore, his eyes just a little less blue; the task of making gold was taking him more and more. But at times, to a new flicker of the fire, to the strange passing of a light, beneath the growing heaviness of the mask she caught the promise of the sweet curve; and sitting there so still she yearned so achingly that it seemed impossible the yearning should not come true.

Again she grew listless with a burden like a solemn ecstasy. Then came the night of pain.

But this time—ah, it was worse than ever. A fat, round, jovial girl baby with straight hair!

Once more the little mother went to her trunk, opened it, and laid the new babe on the tray, near the sad-faced clown. But as before, she drew it back to her breast and loved it—so that it might not know. She wept this time, though, a few secret tears.

* * * *

To a gentle stirring within her, all at once all her sweet hope returned.

She remained very quiet, long weeks, her eyes luminous; she could see him, there before her eyes, the boy-child with the grave voice, the curling hair, the blue eyes, and the ineffable curve of cheek.

But this time she was long ill, desperately. And when she awoke from the sore fight, no one would answer her questions. When at last she rose, it was to go to a little mound covered with flowers.

* * * *

She had one more child—a boy. It had black hair, an amiable smile, and brown eyes.

And she ceased to have children, to have children at all. That period of her life was closed, locked, unappeased as had been the first, its yearning memory hazed in gray melancholies.

Her daughters grew. One married; then the other.

She was by now a little faded, frail, silvery lady. No one, from the outside, could have known the richness, the mellowness within that bosom, now so narrow and so fragile—nor the pain.

Her daughters began to have children.

She would be about, small, hovering like a will-o'-the-wisp, during the agony; then she would come running when the birth had taken place, and she was given permission. Every one laughed at the eagerness with which she came running, the panting scrutiny with which she examined the newborn; laughed and was vexed a little.

No one knew what a tremendous adventure it was each time.

Finally it was her son who married.

There was a great wedding. The little gray grandmother hung upon the lips, the eyes, the movements of her new daughter—her tall, proud new daughter. Her glance followed her son as he departed.

From a far country, two years later, she heard that she was once more a grandmother—grandmother to a little boy.

She could hear even across the wide distance its grave gentle cooing. She could hardly wait to see—she who knew so well how to wait.

At last they were coming back. The house on the other knoll was all animated with servants preparing. At night all the lights shone. Even then she was not allowed to come: they had just arrived. And in the morning they were resting. It was late afternoon of the next day before permission was given; without waiting for her carriage, the little frail lady went racing absurdly across the lawns.

She entered the nursery, took three steps, looked, stopped, and almost swooned.

For it was here at last, her longing, her long yearning, here at last, vouchsafed her. It slept peacefully there, and one finger was in its mouth. Its hair was curly and gold, and the sweet cheek, toward her, realized the ineffable curve. With a small cry almost as of hunger, she placed her lips upon it and kissed and kissed and kissed. He opened his eyes upon her—and they were blue. She drew him up and strained him to her heart. She was weeping now, free happy tears leaving her so easily, so abundantly that it was like a warm draining of her blood from her veins, her life flowing away, exquisitely.

But a hand was upon her. It was the proud daughter-in-law. She stood there, jealous. "You must put him down. He must not be disturbed this way. He is not your son."

For a moment the faded little lady, who had been the little mother, who had been the little girl, held her doll, her babe, her dream tight there against her narrow flattened chest, beneath flashing, defiant eyes. Then to a harsh remembrance of Things-as-they-are, she handed the child to its mother, and turned away.

She turned away ,and went back across the lawns, languidly, to the big house, across the hall with its ticking clock, and far upstairs to a blue room, the room, restored, of her childhood. She opened an old, old trunk, and sat down before it, looking.

They were all ranged here in a row on the topmost tray, the Zouave, the sad-faced clown—the Parisiennes, the Dutch girl, the cuirassier—all her disappointments. She gazed at them: she did not weep; but a hard grip was at her throat.

After a while she got up, took from the dresser photographs of her babies and laid these pictures in the tray in line with the dolls. Again she sat down, and remained very still, looking at all her disappointments, her grievous disappointments.

The room was becoming dusky, and was very silent; the ticking of the clock rose from below; the grip at her throat was tighter.

But someone in the dimness stood by her side and said: "Why are you so sad?"

Without turning her eyes from the dolls, from the babes, she said: "Because I have never had the doll I wanted, never had the babe I wanted, and now I am too old."

"I will take you to the doll you wanted, to the babe you wanted," said the vague presence in the blue twilight. "Will you come with me?"

"Yes," said the little old lady, springing to her feet. "Oh, yes, I will go with you!"

A slow, vast movement in the darkness seemed to be his arms spreading out to her. But when she had neared, feverish and frail, she saw that these were not arms, but two white wings, unfurled.



"It was here at last. * * * But the proud baughter-in-law stood there. 'You must put him down,' she said, 'he is not your son.'"
(One of Howard Chandler Christy's Exquisite Illustrations of "The Long Desire" in HEARST'S MAGAZINE)

This charming story can be read in full in the August number of HEARST'S MAGAZINE.

Evidence---A Near-Tragedy of Atlanta

"EVIDENCE is evidence," said Jasper Johnson to his wife, Willie Bob, "and when you get into trouble you never can tell what evidence is going to be sprung in court against you. Therefore, I say never have anything that has possibilities of evidence around you."

"Why, Jasper, I declare," exclaimed Willie Bob. "How crazy you talk. Who is going to get into trouble, anyway?"

"Well, this man Leo Frank maybe didn't think he was going to get into trouble until the trouble was surging around him," answered Jasper, "and then there came the evidence to show that he had made the trouble—heaps of it.

"Take that bloody bludgeon, as the papers called it. Probably it had been seen lying around the factory a hundred times, but don't you know that if it had ever been thought that it would some day be used as evidence in a murder trial it would have been thrown so far away that it never would have been anywhere near the scene of the murder, and so couldn't have been mixed up as evidence against anyone.

"Then, too," continued Jasper, waxing enthusiastic over his own deductions, "there was that time clock. Do you think Frank would ever have touched a time clock if he had thought it was ever going to appear in court against him!

"No, sir; he wouldn't; and there are a lot of other things he wouldn't have done or said if he had known what was coming. That is why I say be forewarned and likewise forearmed, and not take any chances on having things around you that might be used against you."

As Jasper finished speaking he walked across the room to the corner in which stood a broom used by Willie Bob to sweep with.

"You see that broom, Willie Bob?" he asked. "Well those blood spots on the end of its handle come from where you cut your finger the other day, don't they?"

"Yes," answered the bewildered Willie Bob.

"Well, don't you know," said her husband shaking an accusing finger at her, "that if there was a murder in this house to-night, that that broom would be introduced as evidence to show how the victim was killed and the blood spots on it would uphold that theory?

"Throw that broom away," the husband commanded. "It is dangerous to have around."

Turning to the center of the floor, Jasper picked up a speckled feather which had become dislodged from his wife's feather duster.

"And if the victim was a woman," the husband continued, "couldn't it be claimed as easy as not that this feather had fallen from her hat, or something like that?"

Willie Bob laughed at her overcautious husband, and he picked up a toothpick and left, to resume his accustomed seat in the courtroom where the trial of Frank was being held, and in which the evidence which had so wrought upon him was being displayed.

Willie Bob, without a glance at the accusing feather and broom handle, took up the cares of the afternoon.

When Jasper Johnson returned to his home that night, he was met with considerable commotion and the accusing finger of his irate neighbor, Henry Jones, who was accompanied by a deputy.

Jasper was forthwith served with a warrant to appear in court the following day to answer the charge of having willfully and maliciously murdered, killed and beaten to death Jones' $1,000 prize Dominicker rooster.

It was with some difficulty that Jasper was restrained from attacking his neighbor when the warrant was served, so great was his indignation. However, the pleas of his wife saved the day. With loud denunciations, the husband and wife prepared to go into court the following morning.

The case was brought before Judge Broyles in due course of time. Arraigned on one side was Henry Jones, his wife and Mrs. Spratling, who lives adjoining the disputants. On the other side was Jasper and Willie Bob. Dagger-like glances flashed between the two parties.

On the witness stand, Henry Jones told of having missed his prize rooster the afternoon before. Mrs. Spratling followed to swear that she was the last person known to have seen the rooster and that the fowl was then wandering about in Johnson's back yard.

Then the evidence was produced. It consisted of the broom belonging to the Johnson menage. Exhibited on the handle of it were the bloody spots. There was also a feather which had been found in the dining room of the Johnson home. It corresponded in coloring to the handsome suit worn by the missing rooster.

The trial judge looked accusingly at Jasper Johnson and asked him what he had to say before sentence was pronounced. Jasper, enraged, looked at his wife.

"What did I tell you," he shouted. "Didn't I say throw those things away."

His remarks were misconstrued by the judge.

"The evidence is against you, Mr. Johnson," the jurist said slowly, and shook his head. "I am afraid I will have to fine you. ——"

There was a commotion in the courtroom near the door. Willie Simpson, a small boy neighbor of the Jones, rushed in lugging a heavy Dominicker rooster.

Triumphantly the small boy held the fowl up at arm's length and shouted, despite the dignity of the court:

"Here's your rooster, Mr. Jones. He was caught under Mr. Johnson's house in a steel trap which was set for rats. I found him when I crawled under the house to get a baseball."

More evidence then introduced into court showed that the unfortunate fowl had sauntered under the Johnson house in search of food and had made the vital mistake of pecking at some bait set in the trap for rodents. The steel claws of the instrument had became loosened and closed over his neck, strangling him to death.

Profuse were the apologies offered Mr. Johnson by his accuser.

"I don't blame you at all," returned Jasper. "If the evidence hadn't been there, you wouldn't have accused me. That's what I get for having such things around."

Pets I Have Known :: By Ann Teek

"POLICE" was her name. She was a beautiful black cat with a black mask outlined with a slender white fringe of soft fur, and she was born in the police barracks. That is why she received the name she bore through an eventful life.

Drowsily her great amber-colored eyes gazed out upon the world, and seldom did they take on that fire-glow that belongs to the wary mouse hunter. "Police" did not care for mice, nor did she care for the unthinking ducks and chickens that made tracks in the big road.

Her one delight was flowers. The sight of flowers, the fragrance of them, sent her into a hypnotic trance, and if by any chance a perfumed handkerchief was waved her way, "Police" was overcome with ecstasy.

If by another chance, someone placed a vase of flowers on the table or on the piano, or even on the mantel, in a very few minutes you would find this princess of the cat world quietly lying under the flowers, her little black paws crossed, her tiny pink nose upturned to the flowers and her amber-colored eyes blinking contentedly as she purred and purred in happy abandon.

"Police" was the pet of the late Clarence Moore, clerk to the Recorder, and was noted for her esthetic taste.

One morning, when the honeysuckles were in bloom and the soft June air stirred the fragrant blossoms, "Police" was found dead with her neck wreathed about with a friendly cordon of vine, and in her softly cushioned paws lay a few of the honeysckle flowers. In life she had loved flowers; in death she was laid away with them as a winding sheet.

"Bijou Judy" belonged to a member of the family of Mrs. Bohnefeld, at the police barracks. She was a diminutive pocket terrier, with glossy coat of black and markings of delicate tan that ran down her feet to long highly polished nails that were the surest badge of "Bijou's" aristocracy.

When "Bijou" was about a year old, a chicken thief was caught with the goods, which included a nice fat hen. The hen was taken to the station house and there she remained until early spring, when she brought forth a happy little family of five downy chicks. The close confinement of prison life, the excitement that necessarily environed her, or something that was never diagnosed got upon the hen-mother's nerves, and one morning she died.

What to do with the five little biddies became a question of vital import in the station house, and finally it was decided that they be given to a bachelor member of the court, who carried them home and gave them into the keeping of "Bijou Judy," and as faithfully as a mother the little dog cared for her charges.

She would sit for hours on one side of the lawn watching them, and if they happened to get in the walk she would drive them back. Sometimes "Bijou" would cross the walk and drive the chickens over to the side where she had been and where she knew the bugs were in greatest numbers. Time passed and "Bijou" became trained to catch the chickens desired for the table, but never under any circumstances could she be induced to run or catch the chickens she had brought up.

Over at Athens there is an unusual pet, a rooster, who was originally named "May." In time "May's" name was changed to Mabie. He belongs to Miss Annie Carlton, one of the prettiest and most charming of the society girls of Athens, and the accomplishment that Mabie is noted for is untying the shoe strings of his mistress and taking walks with her. He follows Miss Carlton about like a dog, and is entirely devoted to her.

"Pete" was the name of a mongrel dog that belonged to Mrs. C. I. Peck. "Pete" was a descendant of a beautiful little Italian greyhound, and he retained until his death the beautiful instincts of a true aristocrat, else he had never done the thing he did. It was this: At the end of the block, with a vacant lot between the Peck home and the next neighbor, stood a barn.

"The first time I noticed Pete's mysterious conduct," said Mrs. Peck, "was one day when he trotted through the hall with his dinner bone in his mouth. He went out to the front gate, and the gate being shut, sat down with his bone and waited until the gate was opened.

"Out ran Pete, with the bone, and every succeeding day the same thing happened. I determined to watch and find out what he was doing, so one day followed him. He ran to the barn, and under the side, where he left his bone. Later observations disclosed the fact that there was a sick dog under the barn, whose back had been hurt, and Pete was feeding his unfortunate friend with the same constancy as the cook was 'panning' her friends out the back gate."

Mrs. J. Frank Meador used to have a little singing mouse that she watched with great interest. Every night the mouse would come out of the closet in her room and sing with all the abandon of a Farrar, or a Fremstad, or any of the great operatic stars. After a time the little mouse disappeared, and what was its fate no one ever knew.

"I had a trained butterfly," said a well-known Atlanta woman, "and you would be surprised to know how attached one can get to a pet of that kind. I found the cocoon out in Oakland Cemetery, and seeing that it was a perfect one, carried it home and set the branch on which it hung in the vase on the mantel in my room. One night I heard a queer fluttering sound and located it as the opening of the cocoon.

"Presently the butterfly emerged soft and downy with its crimson and black plumes heavy with moisture. I laid the helpless thing in a box of cotton, and in a few days it began to take notice. I fed it with sugar, which I placed on my finger. It became a splendid specimen of butterfly and would light on my hand and feed on the sweets it held.

"When the butterfly grew strong, was fluffy and its tentacles were uncurled and long, I carried him to the window and let him fly off in the sunshine. I have often wondered if his butterfly mind ever grasped the scheme of things during the few days I made of him a pet."

Another strange pet that I have known was an educated turtle that belonged to Steve Grady, a well-known Atlantan. The trained turtle lived many years, perhaps it was the only pet of its kind in the world. I never heard of another. The turtle's name was "Pete," and "Pete" would come to the edge of the bowl in which he lived whenever the master would tap upon it. He would feed from his owner's hand and often he would make a queer little sound as if he were talking. "Pete" had a companion, but the companion seemed not to have any intellect. At least he never talked or came at the sound of the tap on the bowl.

"Bide-a-Wee"---a Country Home Which Brings Paradise Near to Atlanta

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Witham Have Turned a "Now-and-Then-House" Into a Palace of Joy Among Gardens and Bowers Where All Their Friends Find a Real Welcome.

THE charm of country places around Atlanta is being widely heralded. Nature, it seems, here supplements so eagerly man's art that the making of beautiful, luxuriant estates becomes a pastime, and is never a labor. The results attained are wonderful.

The current issue of Suburban Life, the well-known magazine, contains an article descriptive of the country place of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Witham, of Atlanta. That the article should be eloquent at the same time that it is truthfully descriptive is but natural. "Bide-a-Wee," the Witham place, inspires eloquence.

The name itself is quaint and charming enough. Somehow it strikes you as being without affectation. If there is anywhere a welcoming, home-like home, it is the Witham place. It invites you of itself to "bide a wee." Its garden calls, its pergolas lure, its big cool well-house tempts.

And with all the intimate tone of the place, it is pretentious enough. The house is big, and of the style of the English country lodge. On one side is a formal garden of carefully trimmed hedges, accurate terraces, and sweeping driveways. At the rear is a Spanish court, a patio, flanked by the two wings of the building, stone paved and dotted with many shrubs and plants in pots.

On the other side is a shady grove, primitive in its thickness and luxuriance, giving to the estate the atmosphere of the true country, away from the city and the smoke and noise.

The place is situated about eight miles out Peachtree road. It was established six years ago, as a country place, a "now-and-then house," as the magazine article called it. "Bide-a-Wee" as a name seemed to fit the place then. It was not for permanent residence. The Withams have a townhouse, and they would make of this estate on Peachtree road a place to spend the summer and for occasional trips during the cooler seasons.

But as it developed, the hearts of the Withams went into the building. Mrs. Witham herself took charge of the garden planting and planning. And the "bide-a-wee" place became the Witham home naturally, the town house being neglected.

At "Bide-a-Wee" charming hospitality is given out. It is a home for entertaining, being spacious, pleasant and "luxurious in the best sense of the word," as the writer in Suburban Life characterized it.

Mrs. Corinne Horton, a friend of the Withams, wrote the story of the "now-and-then house that became a home," and wrote it as one inspired. The charm of the Witham home impressed her deeply.

Of one of the most attractive features of the place she wrote in Suburban Life:

"The glory of 'Bide-a-Wee' is its gardens, and this is true of all suburban homes. The house was soon finished. All houses are soon finished, alas! and when finished the spell is over, the enchantment of trying effects and establishing an atmosphere is past. But the gardens! They are different. They are more like human beings growing, changing, developing, full of never-to-be-exhausted possibilities; and then, quite unlike human beings, they are to be relied upon as unchanging sources of pleasure.

"The success of the gardens at 'Bide-a-Wee' is entirely due to Mrs. Witham herself, who has given them her undivided attention, and has produced them almost without the aid of trained gardeners, using, for the most part, the easy-to-be-picked-up negro gardener, who only knows how to dig, and who won't do that unless you watch him.

"Fortunately, the natural lay of the land, was quite in accordance with Mrs. Witham's plans—or perhaps she adapted her plans to the lay of the land—and the low gulch to the south was easily developed into a sunken garden, and surrounded by terraces. At the rear, a series of marble steps, bordered with a hedge of Rosa rugosa, descend from a path which leads through the rose pergola from the patio at the rear of the house. The sunken garden was laid out in formal flower-beds, showing gay foliage plants and bright borders, which strike the eye of the beholder from afar with pleasant results.

"Few people realize how frequently this similarity of style in the designing of gardens results in monotonous effects. Frequently, quite by accident, a combination of the two kinds of gardens is effected with pleasing and satisfactory results. However, it is well to remember that the so-called 'natural' or 'wild' garden is always softened and bettered by proximity to formal beds, while the formal garden is strengthened by contrast with the unsymmetrical natural garden.

"The sunken garden is splendidly seen from the verandas of 'Bide-a-Wee,' and from the street as well. Passers-by revel in it, believing it to be the feature of the place. In this, however, the public fatuously deceives itself. Like a true mystic, 'Bide-a-Wee' hides its greatest beauties for those who know and love it intimately.

"Take the long rose pergola—there are two pergolas at 'Bide-a-Wee;' pass through it early in June, if possible, and you will imagine yourself in Paradise. I think roses never grew as here. Such a mad luxury of beauty—such a revel of pink and white, soft salmon, and deepest crimson; great-hearted roses of a thousand petals, immense, odorous, heavy with beauty and with scent, tender of stem and flower, such as are grown only in rich, well-tended earth! The very perfection of rose-culture—vine roses of course—is to be found here on this erstwhile rough hillside in the red clay soil in Georgia.

"Gold-hearted, plush-petal'd Marechal Niel roses—
Almost upon your stem the scissors she closes;
Moon-color'd, moss-crested Nonpareil roses.
Nay! Thou'rt the day couch where Cynthia reposes;
Virgin immaculate, pale climbing roses—
There Mariposa dreamily dozes.
Passionate deep-center'd Jacqueminot roses—
No redder, no rarer, blossom uncloses.
* * * * * * * * * * *
Oh, the undreamable, undreampt deliciousness, gathering roses."

"Roses of twenty years ago, when this little verse went the rounds, bore different names from those featured in modern rose-gardens. The climbing Testout, the climbing Marie Henriette, the Maman Cochet in pink and white, the Empress of China, the wonderful Frau Karl Druschki, the finest white rose that grows, and of course the Paul Neyron that can not be excelled—these and many others grow in marvelous perfection at 'Bide-a-Wee.' The house verandas are overgrown with wistaria and Empress of China roses. These bloom at the same time, and the pale lavender of the wistaria and the exquisite pink of the Empress of China form a combination delightful to the spirit. The grounds about the house abound in lilacs, dogwood, crabapple, sugar maples, which are covered with pink blossoms late in March, umbrella China, and ornamental trees of every description. Besides these, there are the hardy oak and all the sturdy forestry of Georgia.

"Back of the house is an old well under a well-house, with home-grown gourds, having handles a yard long, and longer, out of which to drink the 'best water in the world,' which is pumped through the house and gardens. There is a park to the north and a rustic summer house, and far in the back, skirting the kitchen-garden, chicken runs for many famous breeds of chickens, and heavy hot-leaved fig bushes; and still farther over, peaches galore, that delight April with their pink blossoms and July with their luscious fruits."

The Withams returned only a few weeks ago from a European trip, on which they went with the American commission to study conditions on the Continent. Mrs. Witham confessed that she had spent hours in the Old World gardens of Sans Souci and Potsdam, and found inspiration in them for additions and innovations in her own garden.

"The garden grew in just that way," she related. "We planned it bit by bit, and built it as we planned. It was modeled after nothing except our own whims and desires."

Surely there is nothing of affectation about "Bide-a-Wee" or its gardens.

Strange enough, the Withams call their beautiful place "the farm." As proud as Mrs. Witham is of her garden and hedges and pergolas, she and her husband are proud of their irrigation system, and their alfalfa field and "garden sass" plot back of the house. Altogether there are twenty-six acres in the place, about half of which is cultivated as farm land. The house is no bit like a farmhouse. Here is how Mrs. Horton describes it:

"The planning of the house, which was to be of half-timber and rubble stone in the style of the English country lodge, was left to Mrs. Witham, and she wisely decided on an immense reception hall with a dining room at one end, a living room at the other, and the staircase rising immediately in front of the entrance. On entering, you are impressed with the delightful spaciousness and country-lifeness of the interior, which is luxurious in the best sense of the word and enchantingly homelike, most suggestive of the English country house, too, where are seen usually a profusion of books, pillows, photographs and growing flowers, producing a more filled-in effect than is common with the most typical American country houses, which seem to be a little cold in feeling, due to underfurnishing.

"There are other apartments back of those mentioned, of course, and they reveal themselves to you as you know the house better; all being most satisfactory and well arranged, opening out on all sides on spacious and romantic vine-embowered verandas overlooking the gardens and pergolas, which are not confined to any one locality but are outspread over the place.

"A most charming and pleasure-giving feature of the 'Bide-a-Wee' residence is the patio, which occupies the open court immediately back of the staircase. The floor of the patio being of cement, leaves openings, or cement tunnels, which lead to solid ground below. These are filled with rich earth, and rose vines are planted to clamber over the trellises that shade the glass doors and windows of the morning room on one side, and cut off the necessarily unpicturesque view of the kitchen and pantries on the other—the house being shaped like a square horseshoe, the patio occupying the open space between the two extensions to the rear. Nothing could be more charming than these rose vines—Dorothy Perkins in pink and white, Gainsborough roses, the largest and loveliest that grow—planted, apparently, right in the cement floor, and preparing to clamber over the sides of the surrounding trellis-work embowering this charming gathering-place. This summer sitting room, in early morning—the residence fronts east—is darkly shaded and densely cool; and in the evening is fresh with moist west wind, thick stars above—for the full moon is also to the east.

"The second floor of 'Bide-a-Wee' is quite as interesting in its way as the first. The low-ceilinged, brick-manteled chambers are most attractively furnished with old mahogany and stray pieces of effective design, picked up here and there, such pieces as are well used when upholstered in chintz."

The home that "Bide-a-Wee" is you see revealed in every corner. Friendly cats brush against your legs. Little dogs waddle to your feet and there lie on their backs, inviting you to tickle their fat sides. And how can a formal garden be formal with children around, hiding behind hedges, making garlands of four-o'-clocks, picking the roses in season.

Always there are children around, or grown people who are like children under the spell of "Bide-a-Wee." The place invests the owner with the responsibility of hospitality, and the owners are persons to enjoy and welcome that responsibility.

"Come any time," Mr. Witham tells his friends. "Don't telephone. Just come at night and sleep out on the porches and in the big rooms. We'll put you in the Bishop's Room—or, anyhow, there'll be room enough. Come on out."

Mrs. Horton supplements her description of "Bide-a-Wee" with a comment:

"If all people—middle-aged people, say, whose children are just married, who have reached that crucial period when man and wife are starting life over again together, just the two of them—should start to build and plan a suburban home somewhere, they would experience, to their surprise, an illumination within, something so sweet and unexpected that it would indeed be a new life beginning for them in more ways than they had foreseen. It is in essence the joy of the yet unfulfilled that overtakes the suburban builder. Many men and women in middle life see little in the future to look forward to, and consequently live from day to day; but whosoever plants a hedge lives in the future—the future when that hedge shall have grown high—and the same is true of trees and flowers, vines and shrubberies."

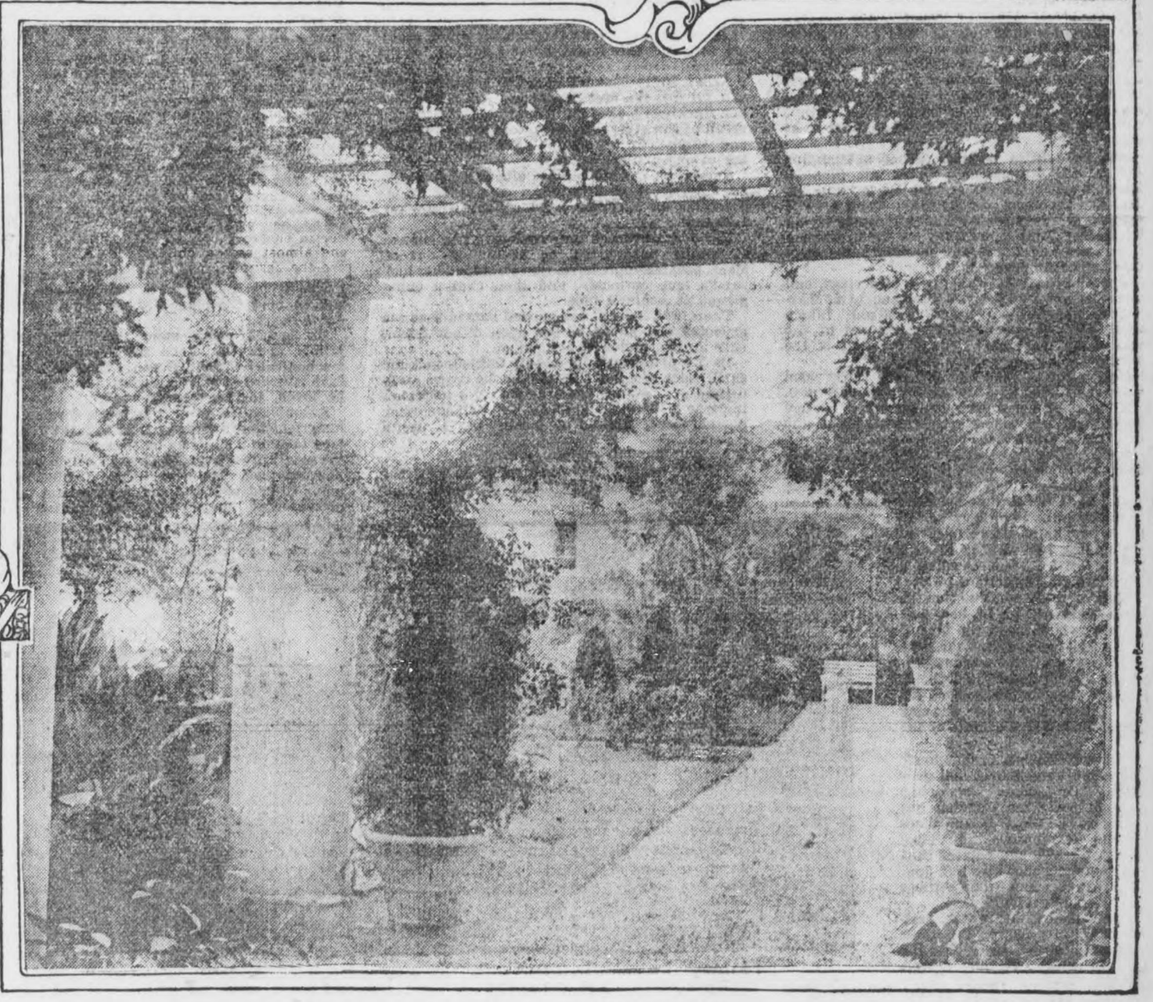
The rustic summer house at "Bide-a-Wee," built in the form of a bridge to span a ravine. Mrs. W. S. Witham is shown at the right on the lawn of her home with Inez Derry, James Keene and Charles Derry, some youthful visitors.







The Spanish Court, which is one of the charming spots of this quaint country residence.



The house seen from the magnificent pergola.

ADAM'S CLAY - - - By Cosmo Hamilton

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.

FROM babyhood John Ashley has known no life except that of a lonely English farm, no society except that of his morose father and the farm laborers. At the age of twenty-five he learns the reason for this—his mother ran away with his father's closest friend a year after her marriage. The elder Ashley has been determined that his son should be spared a fate like his own, and has guarded him against the wiles of worldly wise women. Learning of the death of his wife, who forsook him and their child, the elder Ashley kills himself. A few months later Betty Blundell, a charming but heartless married coquette, visits at a neighboring farm, learns John's history, and writes to her London woman friend, Milly Cator, of her proposed conquest.

Betty takes advantage of a severe thunderstorm to seek shelter at John's farm. There she comes in contact with her victim, and the result of the interview is an appointment for the following afternoon on a nearby hill.

John is on hand promptly. Betty makes use of all the arts she knows to win him, and he leaves her completely fascinated.

Betty's husband, Evelyn Blundell, a naval officer, is on his way home to her from a foreign cruise. She telegraphs her friend, Milly Cator, to detain him in London for another day in order that she may have the opportunity for another meeting with Ashley.

Milly Cator, who was once in love with Blundell, takes a mean revenge on Betty by handing him the letters telling of her affair with Ashley. Before going to his room to read the letters Blundell has a little flirtation with a restaurant waitress.

Blundell, deeply wounded at the revelation of Betty's faithlessness as made in her letters to Milly, remains in London. In the meantime Betty entertains Ashley one evening in her room, and later, while she is standing at the window in her nightgown, he climbs up the wall and takes her in his arms. The next day she brutally tells him that all is over between them because she is married and impatiently awaits her husband's arrival.

Concluded from Last Sunday.

CHAPTER XIV.

"Faithful!"

EARLY in the morning, furiously angry, Mrs. Blundell sent a telegram to her husband and prepaid the reply. What right had he to stay at the Metropole while she had to put up with two impossible rooms in an out-of-the-way hole in the country? It was unjust. It was ridiculous. She was only there, she argued, with dabs of angry color on her cheeks, at his especial request. All this time she might have been in London, or near London, at any rate in civilization, having a good time.

At midday, a telegram and a note were brought up to her. The telegram was from Evelyn Blundell, the note from John Ashley.

"Coming some time to-day," ran the first.

The second contained these eleven words:

"Meet me on the hill this evening for the last time."

Anger left Mrs. Blundell. Determination took its place—a determination to get Blundell to take her away to London, to Brighton, to Dieppe, anywhere away from the country, where there were people, things to dress for, things to see; a determination to make him pay for not having hurried to her side.

And she could make him pay, she said to herself, with a triumphant smile, in which there was not a little cruelty. She knew her husband well. She knew exactly the temper of him, the nature of him. Ah, yes, he should be made to pay.

She laughed a rippling laugh of amusement as she re-read John Ashley's little note. Yes; distinctly it would be good fun to see him again. After all, he was an unkissed man. He still existed as a subject for experiments, and it would be interesting to see what manner of mood he was in.

But she had plenty to do before the evening. Whether she ultimately decided on Brighton, Dieppe, Dinard, or London, dress was a difficulty. She would, she decided, run through her wardrobe, and see how she stood—decide which dresses would pass muster as they were, which could be made to pass muster with a little manipulation, and which would have to be replaced.

She gave little thought to her outstanding bills at the dressmaker's. After all, Blundell couldn't expect to get everything for nothing. And so, in the best of spirits, she spent a large portion of the morning and afternoon trying on frocks, peering critically at them, patting them here and there, and making notes on a sheet of writing-paper.

And she sang the while, as a bird sings, and flung her arms up gaily at the thought of leaving the country she so heartily disliked. Like a child, she even stood and looked out at the magnificent panorama, spread in front of the window, and made a moue at it.

Yes; after all, she had put in a fairly good time, she thought. John Ashley was very new. He had given her some excellent fun. He had proved to her, almost too convincingly, the fact that she had lost none of her power.

The evening came, as evenings have a knack of doing. She had been longer over her dress parade than she had intended to be. Evelyn would be in the cottage before she could return from the hill. It pleased her to think that he would be upset at not finding her waiting to give him welcome. She dawdled a little in giving directions to Mrs. Weeks as to dinner, and, for the same purpose, made her way quite slowly through the fields.

She had no eyes for the delicate beauty of the evening, for the rich coloring of the corn, for the splashes in the hedges, for the whispers of the shaking grass, for the loud cantata of the birds.

"Dinard, Dieppe, or London?" she asked herself over and over again. "Or London. It's a bad time of year for London, but there are the theatres, and there is the Exhibition—that huge patch of gravel and painted canvas, popular chocolates and popular bands. But there—there are people—people!"

She looked at her watch, resting one pretty foot on the lower step of a stile. By taking the cart in which she had driven, Evelyn would be already in the cottage. She laughed as she imagined his disappointed face, and wondered how long it would be before he commenced to blaspheme.

Against the sky, erect and very still, stood Ashley, arms folded, chin low, watching her gravely as she went up. The expression in his eyes was curiously cynical, curiously bitter.

With a kind of shock Mrs. Blundell noticed that the young look she had so admired in him had gone. There were lines about his eyes and mouth; a peculiar slope about his shoulders.

He made no movement as she came nearer. Bareheaded, there he stood, with a never-changing expression, like a man turned into a statue.



"Father," he said, bending over the grave, "you were right, after all."

Ashley shook his head without a word. Then he stooped and picked up his hat, and Blundell watched the man who thought that he knew more than his father had known swing down the hill.

A sudden feeling of fright seized Betty Blundell. She scrambled to her knees, clasped her hands together, and cried out:

"Evelyn, Evelyn!" Again the coarse laugh rang out. "Evelyn, before God I have been faithful to you—before God, Evelyn!"

Blundell was not looking at her. He was watching Ashley.

The beautiful Betty Blundell crept through the grass and caught up her husband's hand.

With a shudder and a gesture of disgust Blundell shook her off. "Faithful!" he said. "Faithful?"

"Yes, yes."

He took out the bundle of letters and flung them in her face.

The veins stood out suddenly upon his forehead and his face grew red.

"Get up," he said; "your stockings won't affect me. And when you've got nothing better to do, run through those letters. They'll amuse you. I shall allow you a third of my pay through my solicitors. You know how precious much that is. But you won't starve, worse luck! It would be a mighty fine thing if you could! Your sort don't starve, but in order to live as you want to do, you'll be obliged to follow the oldest profession in the world like an honest woman, and no longer spend your life indulging in your amusin' hobby. You'll find at least one good woman among your new companions—very much too good for you. Here's your first week's pay."

With a sneer on his face, Blundell dropped two sovereigns upon the grass at Betty's feet.

"Evelyn, Evelyn," she cried, "as God's my judge"——

With a hoarse, inarticulate cry Blundell sprang at his wife and seized her by the shoulders. All his rage and grief and wounded vanity and self-pity were stirred, and they surged through his veins into his brain. Murder was in his blood—a red hot, fiendish, irresistible desire to hurt, to smash, to wound, to stamp upon the beautiful thing who had tricked and fooled him, whose life was a lie, whose touch was contamination, whose mind was warped and horrid and low. The good little bad woman had used the same expression in defending a lie. On her lips it had not sounded blasphemous. On the lips of this woman, this kind of woman——

Blundell shook her as a dog shakes a rat. His lip was curled up from his teeth, and his breath came in gasps.

He suddenly flung her away with an exclamation of horror, and stood shaking for a moment, as he realized what he had intended to do. Then he, too, turned on his heel and swung down the hill.

Having sucked a clover-head dry, the bee moved off, and its humming hung for a moment on the air. The boy raised his voice again in a long whoop, but at a greater distance than before. The linnet's song ceased, and the bird dipped away. Below, the old clock sang the death and the birth of an hour.

"Evelyn. Evelyn!"

CHAPTER XV.

The End of It All

YOUNG ASHLEY opened the gate of the little churchyard gently and closed it behind him. His hands were still shaking and his heart still beating quickly.

He halted on the narrow gravel path, bordered with irregular lines of box, and took off his hat. He would not stand by his father's grave until he had mastered himself. There was not much to tell him, but he would say what he had to say coolly.

In the fading light he stood erect, with limp arms and set face, among the graves of the villagers, young and old. Young and old, many of them had worked on the farm. Young and old, many of them had been known to him by sight. Angry blood no longer rushed through their veins. Pain and happiness afflicted them no longer. They had escaped.

Then, at last, young Ashley made his way to the grave of his father.

He took a revolver out of his pocket and placed it by his side. It was the one which had enabled the elder Ashley to take a short cut to death.

He looked down upon the letters carved primly upon the stone and read them over mechanically—"John Everard Campbell Ashley. John Everard Campbell Ashley, born, died. For he loved, for he loved."

Swamping his great loneliness, forcing aside his grief, came a rush of intense bitterness. His face took on a sneer as he reviewed in his mind the small procession of days in which so much had occurred. He saw himself waking up and going to bed with the sun, a sorrowful but not discontented man. He saw himself going through his day's work with quiet energy and determination, painfully conscious of his father's absence, but fully aware and appreciative of the ripening beauty of the earth. He saw himself flung into a state of chaos at the sudden apparition of the woman who had seemingly fallen from the sky. He lived over again the thrill, the bewilderment, the wonder, the desire. He heard himself appealing to his father to be let off his promise never to have anything to do with a woman of the world. With contempt he went through his blind infatuation, his implicit belief, his absolute and willing capitulation.

He revived the feeling of ecstasy which possessed him as he stumbled blindly home, certain that all was right with the world, and that it was only a matter of days before he should possess her, body and soul; the sense of calm assurance and thankfulness which were his as he waited for her on the hill; the frightful shock caused by her callous announcement of the arrival of her husband. His breathing became short, and the perspiration broke out on his forehead as he again felt his fingers tightening around the slim throat and the mad desire to prevent her, by death, from ever being held in another man's arms.

"Father," he said, bending over the grave, "you were right, after all. I am sorry I asked you to let me off my promise. Her beauty took my breath away. I never had seen anything so wonderful before. I needn't tell you what she did. You can guess—all the same, it has done for me. I shall end it all with your pistol. Will you keep a lookout for me?"

He leaned over the stone. His hand closed over the revolver. As he cocked it a thrush in a tree almost within arm's length of him suddenly broke into a throbbing song.

Young Ashley started guiltily and listened. In the song he caught a note of optimism and a love of life that put him to shame. He looked round. The night had opened her eyes while he had knelt there. Over his head an evening star gazed down upon him steadily.

"Coward," croaked a frog at his side.

"Coward," whispered the wind.

"Live, and thank God for His great gift," sang the bird. "Put back that revolver. You are not the only living thing to know suffering. You are not the only one to meet with falseness and trickery. Go home and live it down. Go home, young Ashley, and carry out your work. There are other women in the world, good, sweet women, whose lives are like the aroma of flowers, whose influence in the world is blown upon the wind. Don't whine and grizzle like a schoolgirl because the only woman you happen to have met is not one of these. Get up and play the man. Even if you don't have the good fortune to find one of these, the earth is very beautiful, and you are needed by the earth. Your father's case was a different one. He didn't take his life until he knew that the woman he had loved and had lost was free. He had lived without her for twenty-five bitter years, and he hurried, rightly or wrongly, to join her. You have no such excuse. The creature who twisted you around her finger and dropped you when you had served her purpose belongs to no sex. You are badly hit, but the wound will heal. You gave her your heart. Don't feed the maw of her vanity by throwing her your life. Go home, young Ashley. Who knows how much you may be needed, there? Who knows, who knows—who—knows?"

The song stopped as suddenly as it had begun. Another star came out and blinked cheerfully at him.

Young Ashley slipped the revolver into his pocket and rose to his feet. He was cramped and wet with dew, but his pulse was normal and his blood cool.

"Father," he said, "I am going back to the farm. Whether the bird said those things to me or not, they are true. There is work for me to do, and life is very short. I still refuse to believe that all women are alike. I will see. Good night, father."

Young Ashley shut the gate of the little churchyard after him softly and turned his face in the direction of home. Hope led him by the hand through the copse, not despair.

There were two ways from the churchyard to Ashley's farm—the long way over the Hog's Back and the short way through the village.

With a superstitious feeling for which he was unable to account, young Ashley chose the shorter way. "Who knows how much you may be needed at home," he repeated to himself again and again. And the faster he walked, the louder rang this sentence in his ears.

Since the death of his father, young Ashley had not felt that he was needed in the world. He gave work to a handful of men, and so enabled them to bring up their families, it is true. Old Sloke and his faithful wife depended upon him for a livelihood, it is true. The poor woman and her little superfluous child would have to enter the workhouse but for his charity, it is true. But others would carry on the farm if he were to give it up, and pay the same wages to his men and to the Slokes, and he could leave in the parson's care enough money to provide for the woman and the child for whom his father had been so sorry. And so the bare idea of his being needed at home again gave swiftness to his stride. So great a hold did the words of the bird's song take upon him that he broke into a run as he cleared the copse and turned into the road.

If, in passing, he had looked into the post-office, he would have seen Mrs. Blundell, smiling cynically, leaning over the desk, writing out a telegram. He would not have seen the wording of the message. Had he done so it would have conveyed very little to his mind. It was addressed to Valentine Werthing, 333 Piccadilly, London:

"Meet me Paddington to-morrow, 2:45.

"BETTY BLUNDELL."

But young Ashley's eyes were looking straight ahead. Betty Blundell and all to do with her must belong to the past. She had played the chief part in a bad dream. He would root her out of his memory, he determined.

All the same, his pace quickened as he ran under the windows of Mrs. Weeks's cottage, and his teeth came together with a snap.

He opened the white gate of the farm and pulled up. There were lights in the kitchen and the sittingroom. But the place was as quiet as usual.

He found old Sloke waiting on the threshold. He searched the man's face eagerly. He saw anxiety suddenly replaced by relief. But nothing else.

He passed quickly into the sittingroom and looked round wistfully. The lamp stood alight upon the table. The windows were open, and the scented air filled the room. The cat rose up from the hearth and rubbed against his ankles. The sheep dog charged at him, barking loudly. The lamplight fell softly upon the photograph of old Ashley. But the room was empty.

With a feeling of poignant disappointment young Ashley sat down in his chair.

"Who knows how much you may be needed at home?" What did that mean, if it meant anything? Young Ashley did not know whom he expected to find, but he had expected to find someone. There was no one. He was still alone. He was to remain alone, always.

As he said these things to himself, young Ashley rose quickly and stood listening. He strode to the door and opened it. He could hear the rumble of old Sloke's voice in the kitchen and the chink of crockery. Nothing that was not usual. Then he shut the door and turned into the room. With a sudden feeling of excitement he went over to his father's chair, which stood in the shadow.

With difficulty young Ashley restrained a cry.

With her golden head resting against the back of the chair, her long lashes lying on her pale cheeks, glistening with tears, her thin, black legs hanging limp, her hands crossed upon her lap, lay the little superfluous girl, fast asleep.

From under her hands half an envelope peeped, with a black border. Young Ashley bent over the little girl, and held his breath. His heart beat quickly. He saw his name upon the envelope. With the gentleness of a woman he drew the envelope away and crept to the lamp. With a hand that trembled he opened the envelope and read the note.

"Honored Sir—But for your father and you, my baby and me would have starved or gone to the workhouse. I have prayed to God to bless you both for your goodness every night of my life. I now write this knowing that I am going. It will be brought to you by my child when I am dead. She will need a friend. Dare I ask"——

Young Ashley dropped the letter upon the table and flung his arms above his head. "Oh, my God," he cried in his heart, "this is good of You. In a bird's song Your message came, and I give You thanks. I am needed in the world. Here is a little girl who shall be one of the good, sweet women of the earth. I will guard her. Nothing of harm shall come to her, ever."

With a smile upon his face, young Ashley tiptoed into the kitchen.

"Mrs. Sloke," he said, in a whisper, "the little girl. When did she come?"

"Well, theer now!" cried Sloke. "Dagged if Oi didnt forget to tell 'ee about"——

"Never mind—her mother's dead."

"Yes, sir," said Mrs. Sloke, "yesterday, poor thing!"

"She has asked me in a letter to take care of the child. I shall do so," said young Ashley, holding his head high. "Get my father's room ready for her."

"The old master's sir?" There was surprise as well as pleasure in the woman's voice.

"Yes; and lay her place by my side at the table." A gush of tears came suddenly into young Ashley's eyes. 'Oh, Mrs. Sloke," he said, with the abandonment of a boy, "it is very good to be needed again."

He returned to the sittingroom and stood looking down at the little girl.

She gave a long sigh and opened her eyes. For a moment she forgot where she was. Bewildered and nervous, her hands wandered about for the letter. Then she slipped out of the chair and gave a curtsey.

"Oh, Master John," she said. "If you please, I came with a letter from—from"——

Her mouth trembled. She shut her eyes. Her little shoulders shook with sobs.

Young Ashley sat down, put his arm round the child, and drew her head down upon his chest, gently.

"Poor little girl," he whispered, "poor little girl, poor little girl! It is like that with me, too. You have lost your mother and I my father. We were both alone. But you will have me now, and I shall have you, and I will try and make up a little, if I can, for your loss. It will be a poor try, because no one can ever make up for it. But I will help you keep your mother's grave green, and you shall help me with my father's. Will you, little girl."

She put her hands against his shoulders and leaned back and looked into his face.

"Yes, Master John," she said. Then she flung her arms round his neck and pressed her fresh, sweet lips on his cheek.

Young Ashley stood up and went over to the window with the little girl's hand in his. A new moon hung shyly in the sky.

"Who knows," he thought, "who knows?"

THE END.

Copyright by the Ess Ess Publishing Co. and Brentano's.



When Betty Blundell came to herself, as she did quickly, the first thing she noticed was that her stockings looked quite charming against the green of the grass.

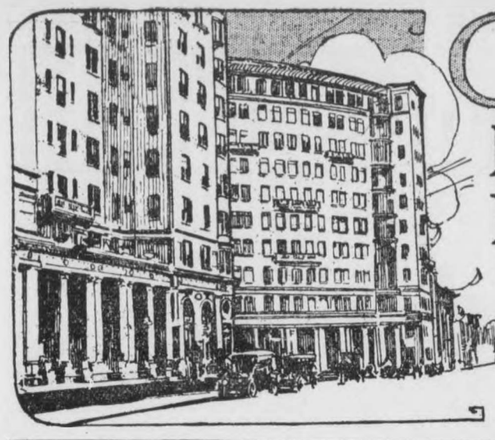
"The Plot for the Pennant"

By HUGH S. FULLERTON,
The Pioneer of Baseball Fiction Writers,

Will be one of the many new features in

Next Sunday's American

Better order at once and take no chance of missing the first inning of this great story



CITY LIFE SECTION

BEST HUMOR, MOVING PICTURES, VAUDEVILLE.

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913.



A SURE ROAD TO THE PEOPLE

You Want to Reach Can Be Found in

SUNDAY AMERICAN

-OR-

ATLANTA GEORGIAN

WANT ADS

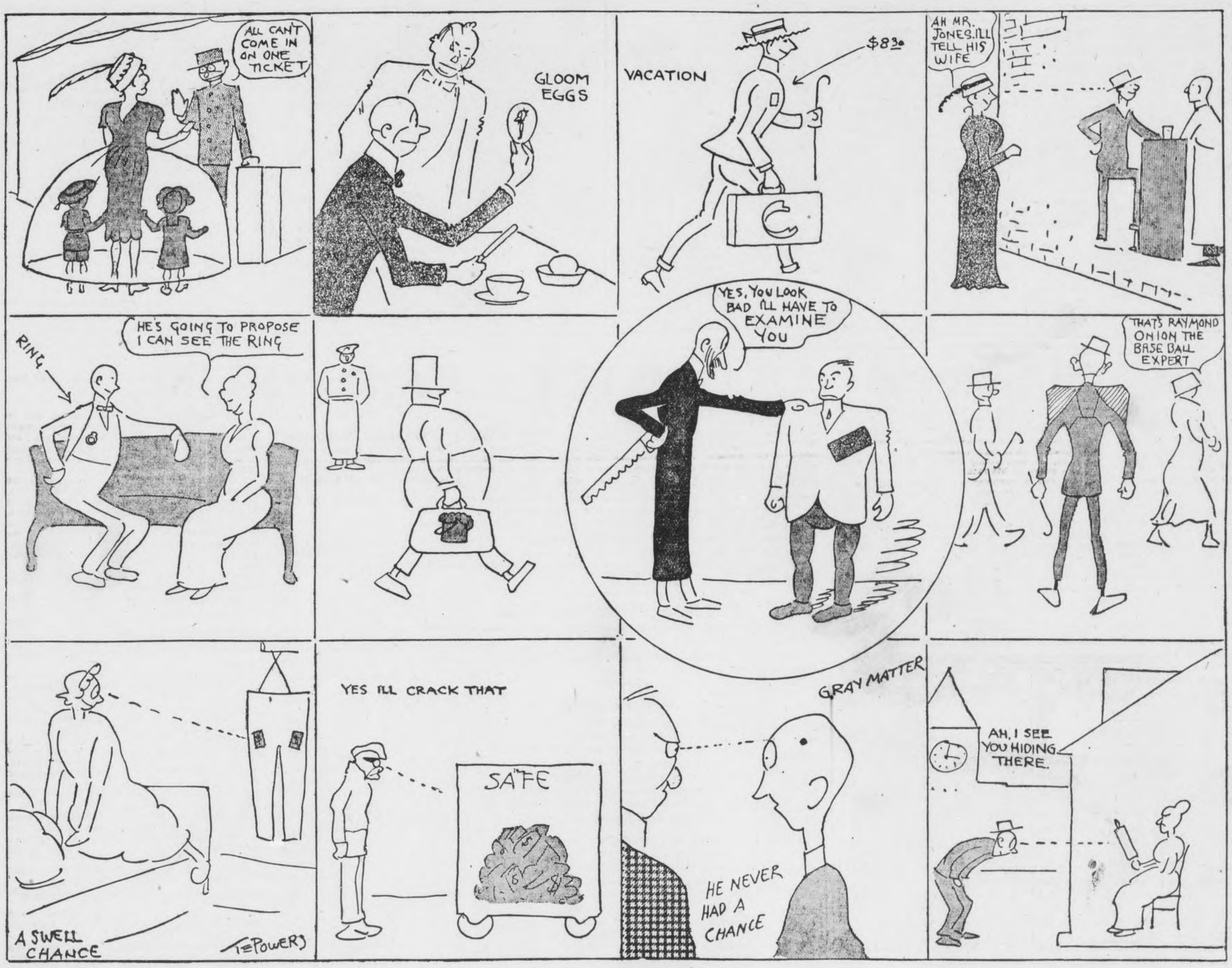
TRY THEM

If You Could See Through Everything==

Like the X-Ray Skirts

By T. E. POWERS, the Famous Cartoonist

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.



Funny Dope Stories

By JUNIE M'CREE.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

THREE fellows were hitting the pipe in a regulation opium joint, stretched out in bunks that were laid out in tiers, one above the other. The man in the lower bunk was saying: "Gee, I had a little tough luck to-day. I made a little bet of $500,000 on Dandelion at 8 to 1. She got off in front, just breezed all the way around for a mile. Coming into the stretch she led by ten lengths, but twenty yards from the wire she stumbled and went to her knees. Shotgun, coming like a streak on the rail, was at Dandelion's flanks just as old Dandy got on her feet. They came on to the wire and, say, talk about hard luck, Shotgun beat old Dandelion by a HEAD for my $500,000, at 8 to 1.

"Well, I had a little set-back myself to-day," said the fellow in the middle bunk. "I sent in a little bet of $1,000,000 on Gold Heels in the last race to-day at 40 to 1; I'd run that from a dollar. Well, they get off flying, with Gold Heels beating the barrier by ten lengths. The boy on her just settled down to a common canter for home. That old brown baby just came down the stretch with his ears pricked up as if he was looking for a lump of sugar from the judges. I couldn't loose nohow. Just as they came down the stretch the band started up a turkey trot, and if Gold Heels didn't get up on his hind pins and start to do a tango I'll never live to get out of this bunk.

"Well, when the jock got him down and started for home again Colin had come up on him and they lit out for home, head and head. Colin was pouting all the way down the stretch, and his under lip was still sticking out when he came on in a dead heat with Gold Heels. That lip just stuck out enough to win for Colin. Just a little tough, wasn't it, to blow $40,000,000 by a pouty lip?"

The fellow in the top bunk yawned, stretched, rolled over, and, looking over the edge of the bunk, said quietly, "Hey, throw those two PIKERS out, will ya?"

• • •

A SEEDY looking opium smoker wandered into a gambling house and watched them play faro bank for a while. After fumbling about in his pockets for some time he drew out a nickel and placed it on the jack. The dealer, without noticing the person who placed the coin, reached down and gently but firmly flicked the coin onto the floor.

The smoker didn't say a word, but looked about the floor, got his nickel, came back to the table and placed it on the queen. Again the dealer flicked it onto the floor. Again the smoker picked it up, returned to the table and placed it on the ace. The dealer calmly brushed it off the table again and, as it clattered around in the farther corner, he looked the opium smoker squarely in the eye and said:

"And I want to tell you, young feller, we don't DEAL for that kind of money."

The smoker drew himself up and said, "Well, then, deal for any PART of it."

• • •

TWO smokers were wandering along in the snow. It was bitter cold and they were down and out. Just as they turned the wind-swept corner one of them stooped down and picked up a quarter.

"Lucky," said the other.

"Nope, not lucky; there's a guy leaves that here for me every night—sometimes a HALF."

• • •

TWO dope fiends were sentenced to Sing Sing on separate charges. After they had been in about three months they met in the prison chapel one Sunday morning.

One said, "Hello, Bill, when do you get out of here?"

Bill replied, "In about ten years."

"You're just the guy I'm looking for," said his friend, pulling a letter from his pocket, "I want you to mail this letter."

• • •

IN 1888 a theatre in Tacoma where only ribald and suggestive songs were appreciated by the sailor and longshoreman audiences was visited by the chief of police, a few clergymen and grand jurors with a view to revoking the license of the place.

The manager of the theatre, J. Willie, a notorious dope fiend, heard they were coming and warned his actors to eliminate all suggestive songs and jokes. The performance that night was received in utter silence. During the afterpiece the crusaders left the place satisfied that the performance was rotten, but not vulgar or immoral. As the last reformer left the theatre, J. Willie yelled to his favorite comedian from an upper box:

"Lead your ace, Johnny; lead your ace."

• • •

A SMOKER of "seconds"—meaning a fiend who never had enough money to buy real opium, but derives some satisfaction out of the ashes—played ten cents in a Chinese lottery in 'Frisco one day and hit a seven spot which netted him two dollars.

He carried this immense fortune over to Oakland and played faro.



He was lucky, and cashed in over eighty dollars' worth of chips. The money was paid to him in quarters, half dollars and a few of the cumbersome cartwheel dollars of the West, making quite a jingle as his hand fondled in his pocket.

He stepped on the Oakland ferry, with the air of a successful gambler. During his entire life he had not eaten a first-class meal, so he strolled to the lunch counter on the boat, jingling his wealth, and said to a waiter in a most impressive and positive manner:

"I want three soft-boiled eggs, and one of them MUST be good."

The Actor and the Drummer---

SOME GOOD LINES BY FOSTER AND LOVETT IN THEIR RIOT OF RIDICULE TO BE SEEN AT THE FORSYTH

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

LOVE—That's all right, old man; bring me on good and noisy, but please not quite so loud with those drums while I am singing.

FOS—These are new drums, and I have to try 'em out on somebody. You can't sing anyhow, while as a drummer I can make the greatest living travelling salesman look like a trading stamp.

LOVE—How haughty is this person. Well, if I couldn't drum any better than you I'd run for the river.

FOS—Well, if I couldn't sing any better than you I'd jump in.

LOVE—Huh! You look like a common waiter to me.

FOS—You eat at common joints, then, don't you?

LOVE—That so?

FOS—Merry Christmas!

LOVE—You're the personification of a cheap guy. You only have half a dress suit on. Why don't you wear pants to match your coat?

FOS—What's the difference. The coat's all the audience sees.

LOVE—The rest of the musicians don't dress that way.

FOS—Don't they, though? You don't know 'em. Some of 'em wear pajamas below the belt line. Stand up, boys.

LOVE—Why, I shouldn't even be seen standing here talking to you.

FOS—No? Let's go up an alley.

LOVE—Say, you're too clever to be down there drumming for eighteen a week. Why don't you get a good girl partner and do a double on the stage?

FOS—I know I'm a boob, but I haven't any songs to sing.

LOVE—I'll get you a good song—"I love my drumsticks, but oh, you chicken."

FOS—That ought to be pretty good, but if I ever start to sing it'll be back to Yonkers for yours.

LOVE—Hush that patter. I'd sink you so far I'd drown you out.

FOS—We'll see about that. If there's another drummer in the house I'll come up on the stage and sing you till you're so hoarse you'll trot away.

LOVE—Good. Here's another drummer. Now come on up. *(Goes up.)*

FOS—If we're to sing opposition songs we'll have to pick different orchestras. Who'll you take?

LOVE—I'll be reasonable. All I want are the piano, violin, cornet, clarinet and trombone.

FOS—That leaves the drums for me. All right. You won't be heard from at all. *(Sings.)*

LOVE—Say, you really have a wonderful voice. You don't want to go back to drumming. Come along and travel with me.

FOS—That's an awful threat.

LOVE—Are you married?

FOS—Sure. Didn't I say I was a boob?

LOVE—Well, that is a handicap. How long have you been married?

FOS—Two years.

LOVE—Any children?

FOS—Six.

LOVE—What!

FOS—Yes. I married a widow.

LOVE—Oh, I see. You married a widow with six children.

FOS—No. She only had four. I am the father of the latest two—the 1912 and 1913 models.

LOVE—Well, it's high time for you to go on the stage and make some real money.

FOS—And leave my drums behind? Not much. They cost me a hundred and sixty dollars.

LOVE—A mere penny in the slot, my boy. You'll make more than that the first week.

FOS—Oh! *(Pointing to other drummer.)* He can have the drums. But what about my wife, Lucia?

LOVE—Why, with that wonderful voice of yours you ought to make five hundred a week at the start.

FOS—Lead me to it. Give him the drums, the widow and the sextet from Lucia. Everything goes.

LOVE—What are you so fidgety about?

FOS—I've lost a button.

LOVE—Don't be foolish. Do you want to stop our song on account of a button?

FOS—No. I want to stop the pants.

LOVE—Come on, now. We'll sing "All Night Long."

FOS—Not without a button.

LOVE—Say, there's one thing sure, though. If you intend to be on the stage you'll have to learn to dress better. That's a fine looking shirt! It's not even half a shirt. Do all the musicians wear those?

FOS—Those? Huh! Some of 'em only wear a sheet of writing paper.

LOVE—We'll start now. We'll play "All Night Long" in A flat.

FOS—In a flat? Why be so particular? Make it on the beach. It's cooler.

Cherry Valley Notes

By OLD JOE BIGGER.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

OUR brave fire laddies hev a new chemical cart and they kin hardly keep frum drinkin' the stuff, becaus it fizzes sew.

A feller wuz in our midst Saterday sellin' cucumber seeds, and to illustrate how fast they would grow he told the followin' true story erbout his own expeerence: "I went tew a store and bot sum of these seeds and when I went tew plant them they growed so fast thet they throwed dirt in my eyes. I tried tew git away, but the vine tript me. I went tew reach intew my pocket tew git my knife, and I'll be blessed if a seed in my pocket hadn't growed so much that it filled it. I had tew holler tew a feller tew cut me loose."

A city feller what is doin bee raisin' here wuz told thet when a swarm left the hive he wuz to put on his large straw hat, placin a piece of muskeeter nettin over the front of it when he went tew git them back. He done that, and when he found the swarm he lifted the nettin so they would come in—and they did. It'll be sum time afore he will be able tew do much.

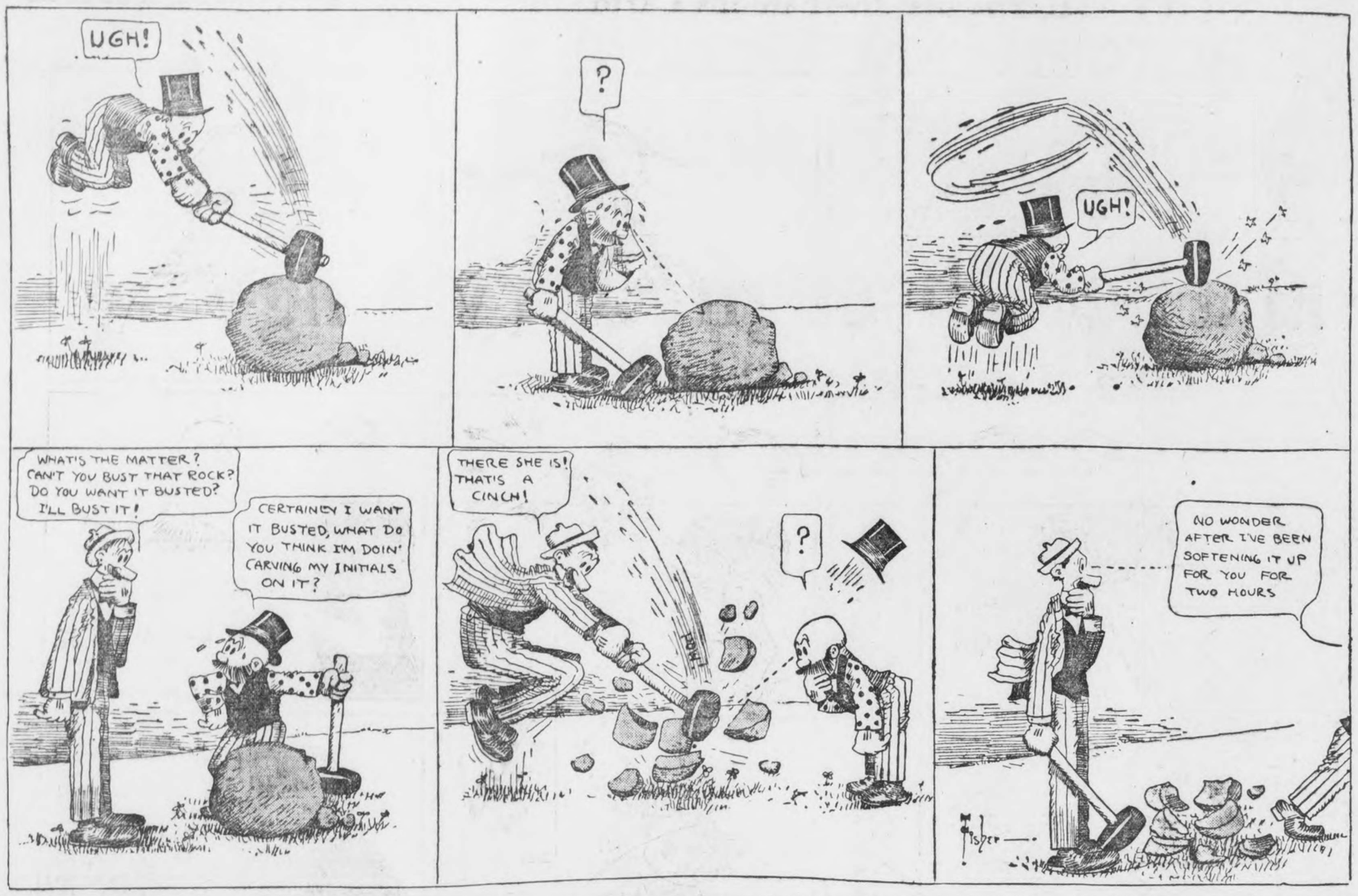
There is one of them pesky pert city fellers clerkin' in Fullers ice cream parlors. I went in last nite and tole him I would take a cinnemon. "Bear?" sez he. "No," sez I, "yew may put a collar on it." "We ain't bruin that kind tewday," sez he. Then they all laffed and I walked out.

They hev got sum new fangled mouse traps at the Emporium and Hank Pett bet Joe Bloom a five cent seegar that he could tetch the thing off with his tung and never git cot. The last seen of Hank he was runnin' bent-fer-election fer Dr. Stiles, with the plaigged trap still stickin.' He hain't bin round the corners since.

At That the Rock Wasn't as Soft as Jeff! — By "Bud" Fisher

Mutt and Jeff appear every day in The Atlanta Georgian.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.



SMILES

Henpecked.

"We're henpecked, pa, ain't we?"

"Why, what do you mean, my boy?"

"Well, ma makes me wash my hands before I come to the supper table, and she makes you wash yours before you hook up her back."

Hopper on the Farm.

Spending the summer on a farm has rendered De Wolf Hopper even more of a punster than usual. One day, when he had run up to the city, he chanced to meet a friend, and they went to luncheon together.

Mr. Hopper was giving his friend a very enthusiastic account of life in the country, telling him what an early riser he had become, etc.

"How do you know," asked the friend, "what time it is in the morning, when you want to get up so early?"

"Oh, that's easy," answered Mr. Hopper, with a twinkle in his eye. "You see, my neighbors all keep chickens. The rooster is my crownometer."

Startling News.

New Yorker (at box office window)—Have you two orchestra seats in the fourth row, center, for tonight?

Ticket Seller—Yes, sir.

New Yorker (after recovering from the shock)—I guess I don't want them—the show can't be any good!

A Valid Excuse.

"Kin ye deny ye was exceedin' the speed limit?" demanded the judge.

"No, I can't, judge," said Larrups, "but I had a good reason your honor."

"Whut was that?" demanded the judge.

"Why, my gasoline was getting low, sir, and I wanted to hurry in before it gave out," said Larrups.

Coming to It.

College Suitor—All evening I have been waiting to say something to you.

Damsel (in despair)—It wasn't goodnight, was it?

Jokes Heard on Atlanta Streets

One Remembered.

Wealthy City Man (who has taken a fancy to revisit his village birthplace)—Ah, me! there is the little red schoolhouse, and yonder is the old church. How well I remember them! But the dear, old, familiar faces are gone; not one remains to recall those happy——

The Oldest Inhabitant (advancing)—Ye're Bill Judd, ain't ye? I knew ye the minute I sot eyes on to ye. I trusted your father for a watermelon in 1883, an' if ye've got the money handy I'd be obleeged if ye'd settle for it.

Learning Golf.

A young woman entered a sporting goods store one morning, and the polite clerk went forward to meet her.

"I want," she said, "to see some golf clubs."

"Certainly," replied the clerk. "About how many do you want?"

"Well, really," she responded slowly, "I scarcely know. You see, I am just learning to play golf, and I do not know much about it as yet. Why, I don't even know which end of the caddie to use."

The Correct Style.

Little Harold, aged four, had gone to town to buy his first pair of "store pants." He tried on one pair after another, but none quite suited him. At last he found a pair that had real pockets. Slipping his hands deep into them and spreading his wide apart, he looked up and exclaimed:

"Now, grandma, we've struck the pants."

That's No Lie.

"I want you to understand that I got my money by hard work."

"Why, I thought it was left you by your uncle."

"So it was; but I had hard work getting it away from the lawyers."

Caught.

"Do you know anything about flirting?"

"No," he replied, sadly. "I thought I did, but when I tried it the girl married me."

Stuck on 'Em.

Mrs. Shortley was discussing the latest fashions with a young lady caller.

"Did you say your husband was fond of those clinging gowns, Mae?"

"Yes; he likes one to cling to me for about three years."

No Doubt About It.

One day a young negro of sporty appearance dropped in at a country livery stable and said he needed a job. He looked promising, so he was set to work greasing the axles of a buggy.

In a remarkably short space of time he reported the task finished.

"Look here," said his new boss, "do you mean to say you've greased all four of them wheels already?"

"Well," rejoined the new man, "I've greased the two front ones."

"And why haven't you greased the two hind ones?"

"Well," said the new man again, "so long's the two front ones goes all right, the two hind ones jes' nachelly got to foller!"

Not Very Close.

"Are you related to Barney Sullivan?" Patrick Sullivan was once asked.

"Very distantly," replied Patrick. "I was me mother's first child, and Barney was the sivinteenth."

Not Invidious.

Ted—I'm trying to find some one who knows me, to go security on my note.

Ned—Don't you think, my boy, you'd better look for some one who doesn't knw yu?

The Waiter's Price.

It was a banquet where a notable gathering of politicians had assembled. A certain aspiring young attorney was among the number, and as he spied an influential judge at the far end of the parlor he called the head waitr, slippd half a dollar into his hand, and whispered, "Put me next to Judge Spinks at the table."

Upon being seated, however, he found that he was at the other end of the room from the judge.

He called the head waiter to explain.

"Well, sir," replied the official, "the fact is that the judge gave me a dollar to put you as far from him as possible."

Her Brother's Voice.

Little Faith was possessed of a most friendly disposition, but had not yet reached the age where she could understand the silence that may wrap itslf around a wordless intimacy. In fact, she demanded speech, frequent and loving.

One night her brother was studying most assiduously his arithmetic lesson, and after calling to him several times without receiving an answer, she appealed to her father.

"George is busy," said father.

"I know," replied Faith, "but he might at least have said, 'Shut up.'"

Breaking It Gently.

A young man, an only son, married against the wishes of his parents.

A short time afterwards, in telling a friend how to break the news to them, he said:

"Tell them first I am dead; and then gently work up to the climax."

What Did Father Do to Him.

Little Frank came running to his father in the study, and, throwing his arms about his neck, said, joyfully: "Oh, papa, Fourth of July is coming tomorrow!"

Papa, who was busy and did not want to be interrupted just at this time, replied rather sharply:

"Well, let it come."

"Yes, papa, I was going to," was the quick response.

Illustrated Legal Phrase



"Settled Out of Court."

JUST FOR FUN

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

He Didn't Wish to Be Overheard.

NOT long ago the Washington police were set to work collecting certain information for a census of the city. Each officer was directed, in every case, to seek the data desired from the head of the house he visited.

When one big copper rang the bell of a certain establishment a timid little man, with sparse whiskers, answered the call; and, when the officer in a tone like that of the Bull of Bashan demanded to see the head of the house, the little man whispered:

"Sh! You needn't shout so! I am the head of the house. What is it you want?"

He'd Have to Make More Waits.

"I SEE by the papers," said Perkins, "that a fellow swam to Boston light in eight hours."

"Aha," said Gherkins, "I wonder how long it would take him to swim there loaded."

Absent Minded.

I GOT up this morning at sunrise,
And hurriedly shaved off my hair.
I rubbed the bay rum on the end of my thumb,
And powdered my elbows with care.
I buttoned my waistcoat up backward,
Then jumped in the tub for a song—
I know I'm dressed neatly, in style and completely,
Yet seem to suspect something's wrong.

For breakfast we'd sausage and bacon;
I ate them with sugar and thyme.
Then buttered the baby—his nickname is Abie—
My wife only saved him in time.
I put the beeksteak in my pocket,
Then off to the train ran along—
I know I'm dressed neatly, in style and completely,
Yet seem to suspect something's wrong.

No Doubt.

SAID the blushing young lady of Hocking,
When asked for her fare, "This is shocking!
I'm afraid I can't pay,
Until some other day."

She had put all her cash in her—purse, the location of which probably was inaccessible.

What She Had to Contend With.

THERE are two dusky housemaids in the service of a Washington family whose thoughts, as is the case with many of their race, turn greatly to dress.

On one occasion Hattie became smitten with a hat she had seen on her afternoon off. As she had her week's wages in her pocket, it was not long before the coveted headgear was hers. It was a wonderful creation of black velvet and pink roses; and to Hattie it seemed the last word in hats.

When she got home she spent much time at the mirror, but the hat did not seem to look so well on her as it had in the shop window.

"Doggone it," she muttered, "it looks like de very dickens, don't it? An' it look so fine in dat window!"

"Yo' must remember, Hattie," said the other housemaid, malevolently, "dat de situation is different now. Yo' has got it on, and yose got yo' face to contend with!"

Father Hubbard.

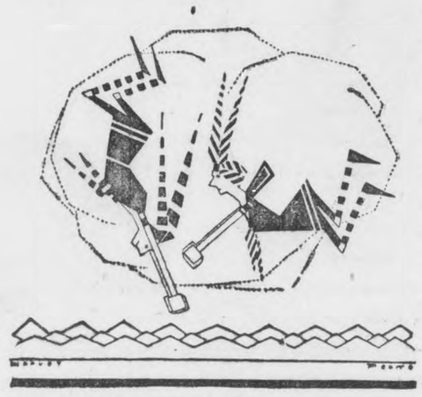
OLD Father Hubbard
Went to the cupboard
To quench his awful thirst;
When he got there
The cupboard was bare—
His wife had been there first!

Made His Mouth Water.

T. TROT—Who is the peach you just danced the Tango with?

B. Hugg—She isn't a peach.

T. Trot—She isn't?



B. Hugg—No. She's a Tangorene.

Little squares for faces,
Little spots for limbs,
Make the Cubist Summer Girl
Look "dotty" when she swims.

A Case of Commission

ALGY'S Mother—I suppose yer gittin' a good fee, sir, fer attendin' to the rich Smith boy?

Doctor—Well, yes, I get a pretty good fee; but why are you asking?

Algy's Mother—Well, I 'ope yer won't forget that my little Algy threw the brick that 'it 'im!

The Real Feminine Power.

"SO you don't approve of those London suffragettes?"

"I don't know much about them," replied Miss Cayenne, "but I can't help feeling that a woman who can't subdue a few men without the use of dynamite is something of a failure."

Not Getting a Cook.

HUSBAND—I say, dear, dinner's horribly late again.

Wife—Look here, when you married me you didn't marry a cook.

Husband—Well, you needn't rub it in.

Made Up for It.

RAY—The Widow Dashaway's husband didn't leave her much when he died, did he?

Ray—No; but he left her very often when he was alive.

Funny Tales From Everywhere

The Canny Traveler.

Richard Harding Davis had an amusing experience while on a recent visit to England. While motoring through the country, his party stopped to see an old church. The native guide was showing the party through, explaining all the points of interest after his own style.

"In the far corner of this 'ere church," he said, "lies William the Conker; be'ind the organ, where you can't see, are tombs of Guy Fawkes, Robin 'Ood, and Cardinal Wolsey. Now, sir," he asked, addressing Mr. Davis, "does that there guide-book as I sees you 'ave in your 'and tell yer who's lyin' 'ere?"

"No," said Mr. Davis candidly; "the book says nothing of it, but I can guess."

Honest Abe.

A farmer once made to Abraham Lincoln an obviously exaggerated statement as to the weight of his hay crops.

"I've been cutting hay, too," said Lincoln, smiling.

"Good crop?" the farmer asked.

"Fine—very fine!" said Lincoln.

"How many tons?"

"Well, I don't exactly know how many tons," said Lincoln, carelessly, "but my men stacked all they could out of doors, and then stored the rest in the barn!"

Women May Be Able to Trim Hats, But---

By T. E. Powers, the Famous Cartoonist

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.



A Summer Resort Alphabet

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

A is for "air," the only thing cheap;

B is for "breakfast," which we oversleep;

C is for "chestnut," the guests all relate;

D is for "dinner" from six until eight;

E is for "early," we rush to our seats;

F is for "famished," we tackle the eats;

G is for "gloom" when we size up the food;

H is for something we say that's quite rude;

I is for "innocence" the girls try to bluff;

J is for "Jay," who thinks it's straight stuff;

K is for "kiss" flirtations afford;

L is for "looney," which is just the right word;

M is for "money" (you'll need a big hoard);

N is for "nymph" in a silk bathing suit;

O is for "ogle" (for man is a brute!);

P is for "pay," which is what the guests do;

Q is for "quince," and it's handed to you;

R is for "ramble" beneath orchard trees;

S is for "sting" when you sit on the bees;

T is for "tango" we dance ev'ry night;

U is for "ultra," which sizes it right;

V is for "vows" the Summer spoons make;

W's for "wedlock," perchance the vows "take";

X is for ten-spot hotels cost per day;

Y is for "you," the poor boob who must pay;

Z is for "zero," 'tis much less than one,

& it's all you'll have left when vacation's done.

T. Featherbrane O'Reilly

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

T. FEATHERBRANE O'REILLY, a comedian smooth and smiley,
Had the other bum comedians looking sick.
From the house where he held sway he was turning them away,
And he had a bunch of sugar in his kick.
While at luncheon every day, in some beautiful cafe,
With the manager across the table trim,
Both the men forgot their trouble while the wine went "bubble, bubble"—
That was when O'Reilly's bankroll wasn't slim.

ERE a year had passed away, our comedian young and gay
Didn't have a five-spot he could call his own;
Now we see our Broadway star leaning on a Broadway bar,
Watching old-time friends go by with hearts of stone.
But a first-class Broadway lunch is a dainty thing to crunch,
And O'Reilly thanked the gods that it was free;
There was luscious sugar ham, there was toast and there was jam,
Quite as swell a lunch as one would care to see.

ANOTHER year had gone, and about the break of dawn
A comedian slunk along an avenue;
Not Fifth avenue, oh, no!—there he wouldn't stand a show—
'Twas on Sixth our luckless hero placed each shoe.
At the witching hour of lunch T. O'Reilly had a hunch,
And he marched into a barroom long and dim.
There was sawdust on the floor, tramps came slinking through the door,
But O'Reilly's lunch seemed mighty good to him.

WAS T. FEATHERBRANE O'REILLY, once a jester smooth and smiley,
And he told the tattered fellows grouped around
Of the house where he held sway, when he turned the crowds away,
Of the days when he was happy and renowned.
Then he took a piece of bread (when the bar boy turned his head),
And he speared a piece of sausage with a fork;
Out into the roaring town went the jester, head bowed down,
There are many ways of lunching in New York.

It's an ill Wind That—

THE MORNING SMILE

Wex Jones, Editor

Doesn't Lower the Temperature.

Vol. II. Atlanta, Sunday, August 17, 1913. No. 36.

More Summer Fiction

Some Frothy and Frivolous Books for Lazy Readers.

"THE Burglar and the Duchess," by Elizette Elbow, is a charming little love story. The burglar, driven to the deed by starvation, breaks into the castle and takes the Duchess's pearls.

The Duchess shoots him as he is leaving the room, and then nurses him back to health. Subsequently she discovers that owing to a misprint the burglar is not a burglar at all, but a Bulgar of noble birth. The usual wedding winds up the story.

Of a different type is "The Burglaress and the Duke." The book is of a different type, because the burglar in this case is a lady with a passion for artistic crime. The Duke wings her with a shot, and later they are unhappily married.

OUR WEEKLY HEALTH HINT.

Never try to crack a nightstick with your head.

Clasified Advertisements.

WANTED—Old gold, silver, money of all descriptions, diamonds, etc.; given good home. THOMAS DINGLE, Kirkwood.

TO LET—Empty bottle, suitable for milk, small goldfish, water, air, cork or other responsible tenants. MARIETTA.



"It felt tight 'round the neck."

Oddities in the News.

Cherry tree in Newark orchard when tapped gave plentiful supply of Manhattan cocktails. [The New York influence again.]

Inwood, L. I., woman fell in the well and refused to be rescued, saying it was the coolest place she had been in that Summer

Riot started in Irish town because a man declared it was wrong to fight. [It was wrong for that man to fight, for he was sent to the hospital the first wallop.]

Grasshopper in Buckhead is out of a job, as owing to the scorching weather there is no grass for him to hop over.

Mayor Gaynor.

Mouse caught in a trap held the trap over a gas jet until the spring cracked and released the mouse.

Our Poet's Corner

THE HOBBLE.

A West Endite started downtown,
Decked out in her art nouveau gown;
It felt tight 'roung the neck,
Then she saw that, by heck,
She'd put it on upside down.
—Bob Lafferty.

Did You Know That---

Clams are not minerals, although found underground?

Potatoes are not minerals, but missiles?

Business letters differ from love letters in being less expensive?

Bees make honey for a living and sting for amusement?

Mars is 5,000,000,000 miles away from Venus, which shows that Mars is a stand-offish cuss?

A tunnel under the United States would cost $17,794,560,000,000, and wouldn't be worth 15 cents?

Soft shell crabs can't hide their feelings so well as hard shell crabs?

On the other hand, a hard shell crab may conceal a bleeding heart beneath his shell overcoat?

HINTS ON LION TAMING.

Have a motorcycle handy.

The Worst Jokes of the Week

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

IT is even harder to select the worst jokes which come in than to pick out the best ones. Hard Work is our middle name, however, so "if you have tears, prepare to shed them now."

It Must Be the Heat.

"I DON'T get you," bawled the man at the telephone. "Did you ask 'How much are reels?' or 'How much are eels?' This isn't either a film factory or a fish market; it's the office of the McElroy flat."

"Oh, well, then, send mackerel. I don't like flatfish. They always make me think a steam roller had run over 'em."

But Why Talk About It?

EDITOR—Your story is good, but I do not like some of the phrases. For instance: "Her laugh rang out!" Who could have a ringing laugh?

Author—A belle, of course.

Oh, Very Well!

LITTLE JOHNNY bought a hatchet
And into the forest went;
Cut his toe and stopped to scratch it—
Must have been an ax-ident!

Help!

"NOW, Hopkings," said the professor, "quit using such slangy ejaculations as 'Holy smoke!' You know very well there is no such thing."

"Oh, I don't know," replied Hop. "What do you call that which comes out of an incense pot?"

Here's Another.

"WHO is he?"

"Why, he's the chap who takes the bun from bunions."

"Say, do you expect me to take that 'for corn'?"

We Didn't Quite Get This.

"I HEAR that sailors don't like cats."

"No. I often noticed that they always had their kit with them."

And There You Are!

WHY is a bootblack like the sun? Because he shines. And why not? Because he gets paid for shining; the sun shines free.

Somebody Ought to Be an Inmate.

IF a lady has a shoe sole made by a shoemaker, must he not be her soul mate?

MENUS for the WEEK

Arranged for The Sunday American by E. L. Thornton, Steward of the Atlanta Athletic Club.

MONDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Baked Apples
Cream of Wheat
Broiled Lamb Kidneys and Bacon
Baked Grits
Griddle Cakes
Coffee or Tea

DINNER.
Chicken Mulligatawny
Radishes
Baked Chicken Pie, Farmer's Style
Creamed Potatoes Fried Okra
Corn Muffins
Head Lettuce German Dressing
Ginger and Yam Custard Pie
Iced Tea

SUPPER.
Chicken Patties a la Reine
Chip Potatoes
Graham Gems
Coffee or Tea

RECIPES.

CHICKEN MULLIGATAWNY—Boil one large hen in about two or three gallons of water and season with salt, pepper and two red peppers. After the stock is strong enough remove the hen. Add two quarts of milk and one quart of cream, six chopped hard-boiled eggs and two cups of boiled rice. Let continue to boil slowly for one hour, then add teaspoon of curry powder and some chopped parsley. Let cook slowly until ready to serve.

CHICKEN PATTIES A LA REINE—It is more economical and saves time to buy the patty shells from your baker. The filling is as follows: Remove the white meat of boiled fowl and cut into slices and put into sauce pan with enough cream sauce to cover. Add one-half can of mushrooms and one ounce of good sherry. Let cook very slow and fill patties when ready to serve.

TUESDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Bananas and Cream
Force
Fried Calf Brains, Brown Gravy
Hash in Creamed Potatoes
Waffles
Coffee or Tea
Syrup

DINNER.
Pepper Pot
Mangoes
Fricassee of Veal Indienne
Broiled Potatoes Corn on Cob
Hoecake
Tomato, French Dressing
Watermelon Sherbert
Wafers
Buttermilk

SUPPER.
Spaghetti—Chafing Dish
Rye Bread
Coffee or Tea

RECIPE.

FRIED CALF BRAINS, BROWN GRAVY—Scald and clean two sets of calf brains. Split and flour and fry a light brown in very little grease. When brown, remove and place on napkin and make gravy in pan from the grease left. Put on platter and pour gravy over and garnish with chopped parsley.

WEDNESDAY.

BREAKFAST
Cantaloupe
Toasted Corn Flakes
Smothered Steak and Onions
Hot Grits
Flannel Cakes
Coffee or Tea

DINNER
Tomatoes and Celery
Young Onions
Roast Beef and Sweet Potatoes
New Potaoes Collard Sprouts
Eggbread
String Beans and Onion Salad
Fresh Peach Roll. Hand Sauce
Iced Tea

SUPPER.
Golden Buck—Chafing Dish
Buttered Toast
Coffee or Tea

RECIPE.

ROAST BEEF AND SWEET POTATOES.—Roast the beef and potatoes in the same pan and be sure to baste well. Have plenty of gravy by thickening the stock in pan and season with salt and pepper.

GOLDEN BUCK—The same as Welsh Rarebit with a poached egg served on top.

THURSDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Fresh Pineapple
Oat Meal and Cream
Deviled Calf Liver
Lyonnaise Potatoes
Hot Rolls
Coffee or Tea

DINNER.
Puree of Flageolets
Sour Pickle
Smoked Tongue with Spinach
New Potatoes, Candied Yams
Georgia Corn Pone
Mexican Salad
Frozen Claret Punch
Vanilla Wafers
Iced Tea

SUPPER.
Lamb Tongue Bearnaise
Julienne Potatoes
Graham Rolls
Coffee or Tea

RECIPE.

MEXICAN SALAD—This salad is made of vegetables such as green peppers, tomatoes and lettuce cut into squares and served with French dressing.

FRIDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Grapes
Shredded Wheat Biscuit
Country Scrambled Eggs
Hot Grits
Wheat Cakes
Preserves
Coffee or Tea

DINNER
Bisque of Crab
Olives
Baked Red Snapper Creole
Browned Potatoes Snap Beans
Corn Bread
Boneless Sardines Vinaigrette
Green Apple Pie with Whipped Cream
Coffee or Tea

SUPPER.
Patties of Shrimp a la Newburg
Buttered Toast
Sliced Tomatoes
Coffee or Tea

RECIPE.

PATTIES OF SHRIMP A LA NEWBURG—Heat one quart of cream sauce and add two egg yolks and one ounce of sherry. When ready, add one can of shrimp and fill patty shells.

SATURDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Stewed Prunes and Cream
Post Toasties
Fried Salt Mackerel (corn meal)
French Fried Potatoes
Hot Biscuit
Coffee or Tea

DINNER.
Corn, Okra and Tomato Soup
Sweet Mixed Pickle
Irish Stew, Dublin style
Baked Yams Mustard Greens
Georgia Corn Muffins
Beet and Pepper Salad
Bread and Butter Pudding, Wine Sauce
Buttermilk

SUPPER.
Omelette with Sweet Bread
Fried Grits
Hot Waffles
Syrup
Coffee or Tea

RECIPE.

OMELETTE WITH SWEETBREADS—After boiling, chop sweetbreads very fine and put in saucepan with butter and let cook while you prepare the omelette. When omelette is ready to turn, add the sweetbreads and let brown; then turn on hot platter and garnish with lemon and parsley.

SUNDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Sliced Peaches and Cream
Cereal
Broiled Squab on Toast
Lye Hominy in Cream Fried Potatoes
Wheat Cakes
Coffee or Tea

DINNER.
Beef Bouillon in Cup.
Celery Mangoes Radishes
Bake Chicken Sage Dressing
Mashed Potatoes Fried New Corn
Yams Glace Butterbeans
Baked Stuffed Green Pepper
Head Lettuce and Egg
Fresh Fig Ice Cream
Chocolate Cake
Cheese Toasted Saltines
Coffee

SUPPER.
Cold Roast Chicken
Cold Vegetables
Sliced Tomatoets
Toast
Coffee or Tea

RECIPE.

BAKED STUFFED GREEN PEPPER—One slice of fried ham, one hard-boiled egg, one sprig celery and one-half cup of cracker crumbs. Chop all very fine and mix well and fill peppers. Butter on top and bake until brown.

Recipes for Busy Cooks

MEAT LOAF WITH HARD COOKED EGGS.

CHOP one pound each of raw veal and beef with one-fourth pound of salt pork. Add one-half teaspoonful each of thyme and marjoram, or one tablespoonful of poultry seasoning and one-half teaspoonful of onion juice, one tablespoonful of chopped parsley, and salt and pepper to taste. Mix it with one-half cup of bread crumbs and two well beater eggs. Butter a mold and fill half full with the meat mixture. On this place lengthwise two whole hard cooked eggs, then fill with the rest of the mixture. Place a tablespoonful of melted butter or beef shortening on top and bake in a slow oven one and one-half hours. When served the meat will have a round slice of hard cooked egg in each slice of meat. Parsley may be used for a garnish and the meat may be served hot or cold.

GERMAN CHEESE CAKES.

THIS recipe from a famous German chef, Alex. Berger, makes delicious cheese cakes. Beat the yolks of four eggs with one pound of cottage cheese or schmier kase, eight tablespoonfuls of flour and eight tablespoonfuls of sugar. Add a little salt and a pinch of ground mace or nutmeg and lastly the whites of four eggs beaten very stiff. And sufficient milk to make a batter about the consistency of griddle cake batter. Line a baking tin with a sheet of buttered paper, spread the mixture uniformly thick, sprinkle some ground cinnamon and a few currants over the top and bake in a moderately hot oven.

VEAL LOAF WITH MUSHROOMS.

PUT two pounds of veal and one-half pound of fresh pork through the meat chopper; soften one cupful of soft but stale bread crumbs in one-quarter cupful of milk and add to the meat. Season with one-quarter teaspoonful of pepper, one teaspoonful of salt, a little nutmeg and the juice and grated rind of one lemon; add two well-beaten eggs and one-half cupful of button mushrooms. Shape into an oblong loaf and place in a greased shallow pan; dredge with flour and pour the liquor from the can of mushrooms around the loaf. Bake 40 minutes, basting occasionally while baking. Place the loaf on a hot platter. Thicken the sauce with two teaspoonfuls of butter and two teaspoonfuls of flour rubbed together, season well, add remainder of the mushrooms, cook gently till thickened, then pour around the loaf on the platter.

Book Reviews

By Edwin Markham and H. Effa Webster

By EDWIN MARKHAM

A Spirit Book.

Miss Etta DeCamp insists that Frank R. Stockton, the author of "The Lady or the Tiger?" is still writing, though he passed to the Great Beyond many years ago.

Miss DeCamp backs up her startling assertion with a volume of stories, "The Return of Frank R. Stockton" (The Macoy Publishing Company), which she says she penned after spiritualistic seances with Mr. Stockton. She explains thus how she came to take up the duty of putting into earthly words the spiritual tales of the deceased writer:

"Early in 1909, when I first learned that Mr. Stockton was eager to write, I was a school-teacher

"At that time my time was so taken up with material affairs that nothing psychic entered my mind.

"After a busy day in the latter part of January, and while resting before dinner, I picked up an evening paper. My attention was attracted to a few lines announcing that a book had been written by William T. Stead giving his experience as an automatic writer. I laid down the paper and began to think.

"The third night I determined to find out what it all meant. I said: 'If there is a spirit here who would like to communicate with me, he must write more legibly.' That night the writing consisted of words, clear enough, but meaningless when taken as a whole.

"In March, two months later, I received a message from my father, who had been dead twelve years, saying: 'We will bring you the spirit of an author who wishes his stories written.'

"The next night the spirit told me the author who wished to write through my instrumentality was Frank R. Stockton."

Apart from the investigation made by the Society for Psychical Research, the stories collected by Miss DeCamp do bear a strong flavor of the Stockton style.

Yet, without prejudice, may we ask why Mr. Stockton, of all those in the Elysian Fields, is alone in wishing to transcribe his thoughts into a mundane copyrighted book?

The Masked War.

Ignorant, indeed, is the person who knows not of William J. Burns. His name is a household word. He has not only proved himself a terror to criminals, but a revelation to wise men. We have seen his hand in a play, and now, under the title "The Masked War" (George H. Doran Company, $1.50), he gives the inside story of the case that made him famous.

Of this remarkable history—the history of the operations of the McNamaras—we have read in the newspapers. Yet the story, as Burns tells it in book form, has all the freshness of a brand-new novel.

Perhaps it is because the great detective leaves "the ego" in the background. He takes occasion to give his opinion of J. J. McNamara in his dealings with women, throwing a further new and unenviable light on that individual. Dynamite was McNamara's jack of all work. He tried to blow up a stenographer who had been led away by his fascinations.

That, of course, is only an incident. Says Burns, speaking of taking over the serious task of running down the dynamiters in September, 1910:

"I have always insisted that every criminal leaves a track—that many times Providence interferes to uncover the footprints left by the criminal. And on this occasion, one charge under a second girder failed to explode, due to the fact that the dry battery used in the clock bomb lost its voltage.

"In this way we were able to determine the method used by the dynamiters for bringing about those simultaneous explosions, as through this clock-working device they were enabled to set the explosion for 11 hours 59 minutes 59 seconds, which would give them plenty of leeway to escape.

"They could thereby establish a perfect alibi.

"I detailed the very best operatives in our service and personally directed each step of their operations. They returned several times with final reports, and each time were sent back to dig further.

"Knowing that nitroglycerin could not be transported on railroad trains, we felt that it must have been manufactured within easy reach of where the explosion took place. Besides, the dynamiters used the original can in which they purchased the nitroglycerin that failed to explode. There was also an empty can found in the vicinity, and in the same spot were found some grains of sawdust, all of which had been carefully gathered up."

It was these few grains of sawdust that resulted in the running to earth of the McNamaras and in their ultimate confession.

Mr. Burns makese it clear that self-respecting workingmen would never countenance the outrages perpetrated by the McNamaras.

Tales of the Sea.

Delightfully told and full of the inspiration that comes from a heartfelt interest in the things of which he writes are the sea stories in "From Wheel and Lookout," by Frank T. Bullen. (J. B. Lippincott Co., $1.25.)

Mr. Bullen is well known as the author of "The Cruise of the Cachelot," and while the present volume contains only a series of little tales incidental to the sea, it can not fail to add to his reputation.

There's the little account of the figurehead which leads the book—nothing could be more sympathetically pictured and the rest of the stories are well up to the standard of the first.

The Thunderhead Lady.

"Wanted: By a Harvard graduate, a permanent position as husband. Carefully trained by an anxious mother, and used to feminine domination."

So begins a clipping from The Boston Herald, written in jest, and printed from bravado, which elicits a reply from a chance reader, and results in a correspondence not only interesting but romantic, and forming the theme of "The Thunderhead Lady," by Anna Fuller and Brian Read. (G. P. Putnam's Sons, $1.00.)

The letters which pass between the correspondents are full of comment and wit. Naturally they verge more and more upon the personal as the volume nears an end, and finally the lady has the last word, which is "yes," to a question as old as the world.

In Another Moment.

Yes, that's the way you feel. "In Another Moment," the latest from the pen of Charles Belmont Davis (The Bobbs-Merrill Co.) is evidently intended to keep the reader on the ragged edge of expectation. The author lays his scene in New York, among the men and women who have more cash than moral purpose, and his heroine is always rescued in the nick of time.

Fay Clayton, saved from the sea, grows up with the usual poor family and reaches a beautiful young womanhood. This is as it should be. All the neighbors see stamped on her brow the traces of ages of lineage. In love with her is a boy who has grown up with her. But, of course, trouble is in store for Fay. A New Yorker, who has only to see a pretty girl to entrap her, falls desperately in love with her, and to get her to the city gives Fielding a position in his brokerage office.

Then the lure of the theater is placed before Fay and she becomes a show girl. What might have happened to her "in another moment" no one can tell, but there comes a kindly millionaire (they do exist) and she escapes the shoals by marrying him.

"In Another Moment" discusses a phase of metropolitan life that we hear a good deal about, but of which it is to be hoped we know little.

Plain Woman.

What most of us do not know about women would fill more volumes than have yet been written. We may learn a little of the vast lot there is to learn from consulting "The Old-Fashioned Woman," by Elsie Clews Parsons (Putnam & Sons, $1.50.)

Mrs. Parsons writes in a fresh and convincing manner. She shows that what she calls "primitive fancies about the sex" represent an immense amount of research.

Throughout her book she deals with facts and figures proving that man has always been the favored of the race. It doesn't matter what part of the world is under discussion, the arrival of a boy is always more to be welcomed than that of a girl; and as the two grow it is always the male who receives the plums in the pudding.

The book is full of most interesting data, all tending to convince "mere man" how foolish he has been not to have recognized that woman was his equal long ago. Says Mrs. Parsons in her chapter called "One:"

"A few years ago Washington society was highly diverted by an incident at a State dinner at the White House. As the guests were going in to dinner the aide noticed that two couples stayed behind. They were a Western Senator, his wife and their dinner partners.

"'I find,' said the Senator to the aide, 'that I am not taking my wife in to dinner. I married my wife to take her in to dinner, and unless I can do so here to-night we are going home' * * * The President after dinner clapped the Senator on the back, saying: 'Bully for you, old fellow; I wish there were more like you.'"

And in a footnote she adds: "It was also said that the wife of the Senator, a millionaire, got her carfare from him as she needed it, and that to win his consent to a new dress required considerable maneuvering."

A refrain to one of Mr. Kipling's poems says: "And I learned about women from her." "The Old-Fashioned Woman" is a good thing for the new-fashioned man and the old-fashioned man to read.

On Love and Death.

Edward Carpenter is known on both continents to a select inner circle. His "Towards Democracy" is perhaps the most advanced book of the century; and his "Love's Coming of Age" treats boldly some of the difficult and anxious problems of sex, problems coming more and more into the light of popular discussion.

To these Mr. Carpenter now adds "The Drama of Love and Death." (Mitchell Kinnerley, $1.50.) It is a study of human evolution and transfiguration under the pressure of nature and spirit. His survey reaches back into the dim aeons and sweeps forward into the eternities.

Among other great matters, he treats of love as an art, of the art of dying, of reincarnation, of the mystery of personality. He also discusses the problem of the inner or spiritual body and the great question of the state of man after death. This is a book for all who are touched by the pathetic mystery of our existence.

By H. EFFA WEBSTER

"The Book Mother."

Have you tried being a "Book Mother" to your Mary or Elizabeth or Margaret?

Recently a sweet, brown-eyed mother confessed without shame that she is not above letting books bring up her daughter when her own maternal resources fail. She explained as follows:

"I have found the right kind of books often put my girl in the way she should go when my own teachings failed.

"The best-natured little girl sometimes gets tired of her mother's voice She wearies of the oft-repeated lessons of life. She knows mother is right, but she 'Don't want to be talked to,' as she says.

"Then I became a 'book mother.' I simply think of some well-written girl's book which embodies, in the heroine, some particular trait or conduct I wish my little girl to adopt.

"For instance, when Catherine seemed to be a little thoughtless toward children less fortunate than herself I put her in the way of reading 'The Little Colonel' series, those wholesome books which have led to formation of dozens of boys' and girls' clubs all over the country.

"'The Little Colonel' books by Annie Fellows Johnson (L. C. Page & Co., $1.20), too, are entertaining and delightfully pure in spirit and free from mawkish sentimentality.

"Result—Catherine plunged into the series, read one book and another about 'The Little Colonel'—who is a girl, you know—and absorbed fine ideals without realizing that she was being instructed.

"I might have told her the same things and not have interested her half so much, merely because she would have regarded it as one of 'Mamma's talks.'

"That's what I mean by being a 'book mother' once in a while." We pass along the brown-eyed mother's suggestion to other members who dislike to talk their little ones weary.

Harlette.

Of all the early rulers in the times of the Crusaders "Robert the Devil of Normandy" makes perhaps the most powerful appeal to the imagination. His romance with Harlette, the peasant woman of Palaise and mother of William the Conquerer, is one of the landmarks of modern history.

The story of "Harlette" is told in book form by Marion Polk Angelotti (The Century Company, 75c).

Harlette of all human beings is the one person who has no fear of the King. Robert has poisoned his brother and the knowledge of the deed preys on his mind and drives him into fits of insanity. Harlette, the tanner's daughter, always dispassionate and calm, manages to bring him out of these attacks until after eight years she advises him to make a journey to the Holy Land to gain absolution for his crime.

Before he goes he has her proclaimed regent and his son heir to the throne of Normandy. At the Holy Sepulcher Robert finds peace, but dies on his way home.

The author has taken some liberty with the exact historical facts, but none that is open to criticism. She tells her story in a dramatic and human way.

The Old Adam.

Of course, everyone who likes Arnold Bennett remembers "Denry the Audacious;" we take it for granted that Denry can not be forgotten. We are glad to meet him again, even if a little older and not displaying quite so much of "the Card" as he did in his earlier years.

Under the title "The Old Adam" Mr. Bennett gives us some of Denry's further adventures (George H. Doran Co., $1.35). But he is no longer "Denry"—with increasing wealth and circumstances he has become Edward Henry Machin.

At forty-three the "Alderman" decides that he is too provincial and he sets out to make another name for himself. By accident he finds an opportunity to take over the lease to a plot in London on which it is proposed to build a theater. Naturally Henry knows nothing about theaters but, alas—he soon learns.

From the moment of his determination to embark in this wild venture Denry is filled with visions of his new importance. The theater is built and the show—a poetical show—is put on.

How the proprietor makes of this a success is told in Mr. Bennett's inimitable manner. Denry is always equal to an occasion—nothing stops him. His hurried trip to New York and his daring move in replacing one of his stars with a suffragette who had gotten herself arrested and was the talk of two continents is an inspiration.

Denry triumphs and returns to his admiring wife. A delightful book full of philosophy and humor. We hope Denry will not cease his activities. May The Five Towns live forever!

About Gardening.

Of gardening most of us know too little; we are too busy cultivating the famous national plant—the dollar flower—to stop over the rearing of geraniums and roses.

Yet in our hearts there isn't one of us who wouldn't like a rose garden—somewhere. Jessie Peabody Frothingham, in a volume issued by Duffield & Co. (1.25), called "Success in Gardening," gives more than 300 pages of advice and experience on the most fascinating of pursuits.

Frankly she says: "Those who know about gardens will find nothing new;" and, quoting Sir William Temple, "Success is wholly in the gardener."

Of manuals there are many, but here is a book which takes up, week by week, the ways of the garden. In this it is unique. If, after following its chapters in actual practice, your garden fails, surely there can be no help in you.

There are many illustrations.

Thou Shalt Not Kill.

Is it ever allowable to cause another's death, even with the compassionate motive of relieving human suffering? This is the theme of "The Decision" (G. W. Dillingham & Co., 25 cents), a novel by Leon de Tinseau, which is Englished by Frank Alvah Dearborn.

A soldier is fatally wounded. A comrade, to put an end to the soldier's awful agony gives him, as he thinks, a fatal dose of morphine. The deed torments his conscience. The woman he falls in love with (and she is the soldier's widow) condemns the act, and even when it is discovered that the draught was harmless, not poisonous, she still denounces him for intending the death, and pronounces him guilty of murder by intention.

The story forces upon the reader a delicate psychological question—what is man's answer, and God's?

Book For Men, Free

8,000 Words, 30 Illustrations

TO MY READERS:

Of the little illustrated advice book described below, which I gladly send free to all men who fill in the coupon, I beg to say that it represents the very BEST information of a private nature which I am able to offer you as a result of over 30 years' observation and study of my subject, during which time I have personally interviewed many thousands of men, young and elderly, single and married, rich and poor alike, who came to me in confidence with their confessions of debility, lost nerve force and failing strength.

It is, reader, this vast and unusual opportunity which has enabled me to compile this very popular and valuable little free book (over a million of which have been sent everywhere to men who wrote me for them), and in a manner to reflect the exact living, breathing experiences and needs of real men who sought information as to the newer ways of self treatment without the use of drugs.

Remember, this book of over 8,000 words and 30 illustrations will come to you by return mail in reply to your request, and in a perfectly plain, sealed envelope, for it is no one's business but your own what the envelope contains. There is absolutely no obligation on your part to buy anything or pay anything, and merely the receipt of this book does not mean in any way that you are to use one of my VITALIZERS (see description below), and, in fact, only a portion of the book has any reference to the VITALIZER at all. Primarily it is a compendium of useful information for private reference, which you and all other men may easily profit by through life.

Therefore, please use the coupon, or, if nearby, I should be very glad to have you call.

SANDEN, AUTHOR.

It is a fact, reader, which you and I must recognise and admit, that the whole world admires and is fascinated by strong, vigorous, husky, manly manhood, and we must also admit that it is this same manhood and this alone which is back of the real leaders and producers in every walk of life. No matter where we go, we find it to be the manly, vigorous, vital fellow who forges to the front, and fascinates men and women of his community, who does the really great things. An unmanly man merely means nature's laws gone wrong, for it is he who halts and hesitates, who takes the back seat, who does not fit into the picture in a way that a manly, vital nature should. And yet, reader, it is my firm belief that any man, no matter what his past, no matter what dissipations or follies may have left their mark upon his physical and mental being, I say to you that such a man, unless there be some unusual reason, may hope for a complete return of his strength, vigor and self confidence, if he but go about his self-restoration in a natural, commonsense way.

I make a little appliance which we will call a VITALIZER, because I think that is the best word to describe its strange power. I don't want you to think of getting one of these VITALIZERS



MANLY MEN MOVE THE WHOLE WORLD.

just now, but I would like you to investigate my claims as to what I believe can be accomplished by almost any weakened man who uses this VITALIZER faithfully for a few weeks. I speak, of course, of him who is willing to give up dissipation and lead a decent, conservative life, not only while using the VITALIZER, but for the future. The other kind of man, the dissipated, can hope for nothing from any treatment, no matter what it may be, hence such a man is eliminated from my consideration.

This little VITALIZER is made to wear upon the body all night. It weighs only several ounces and is no more unhandy than an ordinary belt, yet it generates a great FORCE that I call VIGOR, which flows into your blood organs and nerves while you sleep. Men say it often takes any pain or weakness out of the back in one application, and that 60 to 90 days' use has been sufficient to restore manly strength and to put men in the "never felt better in my life" class. Special attachments carry the FORCE of the VITALIZER to any part of the body, for the use of women as well as men in cases of rheumatism, kidney, liver, stomach, bladder disorders, etc.

Over two hundred thousand of these VITALIZERS have been used or are now being used by men all over the world.

You had better learn more of this VITALIZER. It is fully described in my free book. If you live near me, why not call and test the VITALIZER yourself.

WHAT THE FREE BOOK TELLS

The free illustrated advice booklet mentioned above is meant to be a simple declaration of certain important truths that every man in the world should know. The day has gone by when men are kept in ignorance of the real problems pertaining to these private subjects, and this illustrated advice booklet, which I send to men sealed, by mail, gives certain important facts relating to sex, just as these facts are. The booklet also fully describes my VITALIZER and you are told how you may get one for your own use if you decide that you want one. Please use coupon below, or call. Hours 9 to 6; Sundays, 10 to 1.

B. G. SANDEN CO., 1261 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Dear Sirs—Please forward me your book, as advertised, free, sealed.



NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

WANTED IDEAS

An Opportunity To Make Money

Inventors, men of ideas and inventive ability, should write today for our list of inventions needed, and prizes offered by leading manufacturers.

Patents secured or our fee returned. "Why Some Inventors Fail," "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money," and other valuable booklets sent free to any address.

RANDOLPH & CO.
Patent Attorneys,
618 "F" Street, N. W.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

ALABAMA PENNANT SEAL

For 15 Cents and the Pennant Coupon That Appears Below

Regulation Size --- 12x30 Inches

Is suggested by us to be used as the centerpiece for table cover made from the other fourteen pennants listed below, 15c each; 18c each by mail and coupon.

By using the Alabama Pennant Seal for a centerpiece you have colors that blend well with all colors of the other fourteen pennants.

For sale by the regular Atlanta Newsdealers and by the following

IN ATLANTA

JACKSON-WESSEL DRUG CO., Marietta and Broad Streets.
CRUICKSHANK CIGAR CO., Peachtree and Pryor Streets.
GEORGIAN TERRACE CIGAR CO., Georgian Terrace.
HARBOUR'S SMOKE HOUSE, 41 North Pryor Street.
WEINBERG BROS. CIGAR STORE, Alabama and Pryor Streets.
BROWN & ALLEN, Alabama and Whitehall Streets.
HAMES DRUG CO., 380 Whitehall Street.
MEDLOCK PHARMACY, Lee and Gordon Streets.
WEST END PHARMACY, Lee and Gordon Streets.
JOHNSON SODA CO., 441 Whitehall Street.
WHITEHALL ICE CREAM CO., 284 Whitehall Street.
STEWART SODA CO., Cooper and Whitehall Streets.
GREATER ATLANTA CONFECTIONERY CO., 209 Peachtree St.
ADAMS & WISE DRUG STORE, Peachtree and Linden Streets.
TAYLOR BROS. DRUG CO., Peachtree and Tenth Streets.
TAYLOR BROS. DRUG CO., West Peachtree and Howard Streets.
CRYSTAL SODA CO., Luckie and Broad Streets.
ELKIN DRUG CO., Peachtree and Marietta Streets.
JACOBS' PHARMACY, Alabama and Whitehall Streets.
WALTON SODA CO., Walton Building.

Out-of-Town Dealers

Out-of-Town Price, 18c and the Pennant Coupon.

BENNETT BROS., 1409 Newcastle Street, Brunswick, Ga.
JOE N. BURNETT, 413-A King Street, Charleston, S. C.
REX VINING, Dalton, Ga.
ORA LYONS, Griffin, Ga.
SUNDAY AMERICAN BRANCH OFFICE, 165 East Clayton Street, Athens, Ga. C. Lee Gowan.
ROME BOOK STORE CO., Rome, Ga.
CHEROKEE NEWS STAND, Rome, Ga.
H. K. EVERETT, Calhoun, Ga.
J. D. BRADFORD, Sumter, S. C.
EARL A. STEWART, 451 Cherry Street, Macon, Ga.
ROBT. NEWBY, Vienna, Ga.
GEO. W. HORAN & SON, Dalton, Ga.

If your newsdealer can not supply you, write us. We send all pennant anywhere for 18 cents each and the Pennant Coupon.

SPECIAL COUPON

THIS COUPON entitles the holder to any or all Pennants at the ***Special Reduced Price of 15 Cents*** for each pennant when presented to any Atlanta newsdealer or at the offices of

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

20 East Alabama St. 7 Edgewood Ave.

LIST OF PENNANTS

Harvard	Georgia Tech	Masonic
Yale	Ga. University	Elk
Princeton	Alabama	Eagle
Royal Arcanum	Pennsylvania	Odd Fellows
Vassar	Cornell	Columbia
College	University	University

Three cents extra if sent by mail or redeemed by out-of-town newsdealers or agents

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

20 East Alabama St. 7 Edgewood Ave.

ATLANTA

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Society and Foreign News

ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, AUGUST 17, 1913.

CHATTER of SOCIETY

By POLLY PEACHTREE

YES, we will all be out at East Lake next Saturday—at least, all of us fortunate enough to have the entree to this beautiful club. And we will all be there in our best bib and tucker and with our ears and eyes—especially our eyes—wide open.

It is a great treat that Eugene Kelley and his committee on water sports has in store for Atlanta's swelldom—none other than a water carnival at which all the fairest of Atlanta's mermaiden will disport themselves. Of course, the mermen will also be in evidence, but who wants to look at a merman—all the time?

I don't know when I have been so excited about anything as I am about this event. I was present last year, and I will never forget the graceful, pretty appearance of some of our athletic girls. I don't know what my readers think about it, but I can't imagine anything more attractive than the sight of beautiful Regina Rambo in her splendidly daring high dives; of Lyda Nash, Helen O'Keefe, Helen Thorn, the Misses Duncan and little, athletic, wholesome Alexa Stirling disporting themselves in the water in their charming bathing costumes.

They will all take part this year, and there will be many others. The men? Oh, what charming, athletic manly figures they make. I always feel proud of Atlanta's manhood when I see them.

Of course, the water carnival—which, I understand, is to be made an annual event—will be only one feature of this great day. There will be dinner parties galore on the veranda, and in the natural course of the evening's events the inevitable dance. I'll be there and I hope all the rest of you will, too.

* * *

SWIMMING parties are lots of fun but sometimes there is a heartache or two mixed in. Pretty Gladys LeVin, who is one of the constant and splendid swimmers regularly seen at East Lake, had all her pleasure spoiled the other day by an unfortunate accident while she was bathing.

She noticed that the diamond in a beautiful solitaire that she was wearing had become loose, so she gave it to a young man in attendance (there is always one or more young men in attendance on Gladys) to take to a friend on shore. The young man started shoreward, but was violently bumped into and upset by a small boy who dived at his feet. There was a flash and Miss LeVin's ring disappeared under the water.

Search as they would, nothing could be found of the jewel, and Miss LeVin was heartbroken. I don't know anything about it, but from her manner I rather suspect there was a great sentimental interest attached to it. I sympathize with her, but I am sure that it will be replaced soon if not found.

* * *

WHAT would you do if you were in an automobile with a young man, out on a lonely road far away from anywhere, and he told you that if you did not kiss him you would have to get out and walk home?

That was the situation that confronted a charming girl visitor to Atlanta a few nights ago. This young lady, who has been a central figure in the gay parties at the clubs, met the situation in a manner that commands my admiration. She not only threw an icy chill over the young man's ardor but made him so thoroughly ridiculous that I don't think he will try to repeat his impertinence.

It happened at a dancing party on one of these recent warm nights. The young man and the girl had just finished a particularly strenuous turkey trot and strolled out to cool off. He was the possessor of a fine big touring car which was standing close by, and he suggested that they take a short spin to further the cooling-off process. She consented and they started out. They soon got beyond the lighted places out on Pace's Ferry road and then the youth lost his head. He tried to kiss her and when she repulsed him made the threat stated above.

Without a word the young lady leaped from the machine and started to trudge back to town. He was nonplussed as he sat and watched her go. Of course, he had not really intended to carry out his threat. After she had walked about a mile he followed her and was profuse in his apologies.

Without a word, the girl got back into the car—but in the tonneau this time—and they went back to the party, the young man still begging for forgiveness, and the girl silent with all the dignity of an offended queen. Reaching the ballroom she marched in and then and there proceeded to tell the whole story, not failing, either, to express her opinion of the caddishness of her escort. The young man was the picture of humiliation and shamefacedness and quickly made his escape. I venture to say, however, that he never threatens another girl as long as he lives.

* * *

A WELL-KNOWN young married woman of Atlanta, who has recently visited Wrightsville Beach, was forced, soon after her arrival, into a situation which required quick decision, and she came off with flying colors.

Her first evening there she met a number of men, and early the next morning, responding to a knock on her door, she was greeted by a suavely smiling "boy," who bore a cold bottle of something to drink and the card of one of the several men she had met the evening before.

Astonished and doubtful of the propriety of accepting the gift upon so slight an acquaintance, the young woman asked the boy if he hadn't made a mistake.

"No, ma'm, he said 'Room 104,'" the boy replied. Tentatively reaching for the bottle, she changed her mind and told the boy to take it back for more definite instructions "I think you must have made a mistake," she said, with the idea that even if a mistake had not been made this was a good way to refuse the young man's premature attentions.

When she went down to breakfast she soon found out that she had played in luck, for the morning offering had been tendered two girls who had vacated her room the day before, and the bellboy had only been carrying out instructions of a week's standing by carrying up the bottle of iced refreshment every morning to Room 104.

* * *

I HAVE seen some pretty clothes in my life, and being strongly addicted to the habit of admiring pretty things, I have memories of many charming toilets stored away. But I do not recall that I ever saw one girl with as many pretty gowns and hats, et cetera, as Mildred Hazen, a lovely visitor in Atlanta, has been wearing at the many social affairs given in her honor the past two weeks.

She is just back from Paris, for one thing, and every lovely frock bears a magic name sewed in the lining—not that I have any of 'em, but I have seen the frocks, and I know a good thing when I see it.

This charming young visitor, slender and graceful, and with a piquant beauty, is just the type to set off the wonderful French creations of the day to the best advantage. A fad which I have noticed in Miss Hazen's costumes is the wearing of gold-colored hose and gold slippers with most of her evening gowns and with some of her dressiest afternoon toilets.

A particularly charming effect is gained with a costume she wore at a afternoon affair last week. The skirt of this costume was of black charmeuse, draped in the soft folds that only deft French fingers could achieve, and worn with a coat of black and gold stripes, the gold slippers and gold stockings being of the same color as the stripe of the charmeuse coatee, as the fashionable bodice of the season is called. The hat worn with this toilet was of black tagal, with a trimming of gold tulle.

One of the attractions of the toilet was its completeness—the artistic blending of hat, gown, slippers, and all details of the costume. A particularly charming evening toilet worn by Miss Hazen at one of the Country Club dinner dances was of shadow lace—the sheerest, finest lace that can be made, mounted on a foundation of net, and caught with tiny clusters of flowers, distinction being given by a very wide belt of satin

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.



Miss LOUISE RILEY

Photo by Hirshberg & Phillips

Engagements



Smith-Williams

MR. AND MRS. FLOYD WALDO HENDRICKSON announce the engagement of their sister, Miss Laurie Martha Smith, to the Rev. James Toy Williams, of Jacksonville, the marriage to take place on September 16 at their residence in Milledgeville.

Lee-Adams

MR. AND MRS. T. T. LEE, of Savannah, announce the engagement of their daughter, Della Marie, to Cleveland Clark Adams, the wedding to take place September 18 at the First Baptist Church.

Burgess-Elliott

MR. AND MRS. R. S. BURGESS, of Savannah, announce the engagement of their daughter, Hattie Lou, to Dr. Spencer B. Elliott, of Jacksonville, the marriage to take place in the early winter.

McCreery-Graham

MR. AND MRS. JOHN F. M'CREERY, of Nashville, Tenn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Sarah Elizabeth, to Judge William Shelby Graham, of Tampa, the marriage to take place at the McCreery home on August 27.

Ghent-LeMassena

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT TAYLOR GHENT announce the engagement of their daughter, Roberta Cecilia, to Clarence Edward LeMassena, the wedding to take place September 17 at the First Baptist Church, Dothan, Ala.

Booth-Cole

MR. AND MRS. J. E. BOOTH, of Columbus, announce the engagement of their daughter, Anna Hazel, to Robert Rast Cole, the wedding to take place in October.

Tague-Briggs

ANNOUNCEMENT has been made of the engagement of Miss Nell Josephine Tague and George Briggs, both of Chattanooga.

Beck-Batterson

JUDGE AND MRS. MARCUS BECK announce the engagement of their daughter, Margaret, to Lyle K. Batterton, of Atlanta but formerly of South Dakota. The wedding will take place in September.

Dickson-Barrett

MR. AND MRS. GEORGE F. DICKSON, of Douglas, announce the engagement of their daughter, Agnes Drane, to Harvey Wells Barrett, the wedding to take place in the early fall.

Ralls-Dockstader

MRS. CHARLES BYRON RALLS, of Smyrna, announces the engagement of her daughter, Mary Eliza, to Dean McArthur Dockstader, of Atlanta, the marriage to take place in September. No cards.

Solloway-Barrett

MR. AND MRS. L. SOLLOWAY announce the engagement of their daughter, Minnie, to Samuel J. Barrett. The date to be announced later.

Pattillo-Clark

MR. AND MRS. R. S. PATTILO, of Macon, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Ruth Forrester, to Dr. Thomas Hardeman Clark, the marriage to take place on Wednesday, August 20.

Ragland-High

MR. AND MRS. J. P. BONNER announce the marriage of their sister, Miss Ruby Ragland, to Fred High, the wedding to take place Wednesday, August 20, at the First Christian Church.

Smith-Freeman

JAMES WILLIAM SMITH announces the engagement of his daughter, Elizabeth Blanche, to Fred K. Freeman, of Albany, Ga., the wedding to occur at Monroe in the early fall. No cards.

Miss Emma Jordan

Who is having an interesting tour of Europe. She is traveling with her father, Harvie Jordan, who is abroad on governmental business. Miss Jordan is a popular member of the college set. (Photo by McCrary.)



News of Society

SEVERAL of Atlanta's very popular young women left Atlanta last week to attend a house party in Maine. Miss Hildreth Burton Smith is entertaining the party at the summer home of her aunt, Mrs. Orton Bishop Browne, in a camp on Rangeley Lake. The girls who left early in the week for that place were Misses Nancy Prince, Passie May Ottley, Marion Goldsmith and Lula Dean Jones.

They were accompanied by Gabriel Coleman, and in the party besides these Miss Burton Smith's guests include a number of young men from New England. Upon the termination of the house party at the camp they will take a motor trip to Berlin, N. H. Miss Ottley will visit Mrs. Albert Heyward on the Massachusetts coast before returning home.

* * *

Miss Lottie Wyly has returned from Wrightsville, where she has been spending the month.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Bates Block will leave to-day for Yellowstone Park, and before returning home they will visit other points of interest in the West.

* * *

Mrs. Hugh Bancker is at Weirs, where she has been for several weeks. Very soon she will join her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Block, at Atlantic City, where she will be until returning home.

* * *

MISS ANNA SHAFFIELD returned to Atlanta this week after a several weeks' stay in Dalias ond New Orleans, where she was the guest of Mrs. Claude E. Williamson. Mrs. Williamson, who was formerly Miss Pearl Robinson, of this city, accompanied her to Atlanta, and after the first of September Mr. and Mrs. Williamson will be at home at 600 Washington street.

* * *

COLONEL AND MRS. ROBERT J. LOWRY have been at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York until they left Saturday for Atlantic City for a few days, later going to the Grove Park Inn, Asheville, for several weeks.

* * *

Miss Maud Scruggs, who has been spending the summer with her sister, Mrs. Robinson, will return to Washington the last of August.

* * *

MRS. FRANK MOORE PEARSON has returned from Wrightsville Beach, where she has filled a summer engagement to sing at the Lumina Sunday concerts.

* * *

IN compliment to Miss Fannie Mae Specht, whose wedding to Ernest Clarke Andrews took place Thursday afternoon, Misses Ruby and Essie George gave a matinee party at the Forsyth Tuesday afternoon, inviting to be their guests Misses Pauline Specht, Lucile Specht, Marion Miller, Alma Nantz, Genevieve Sewell, Emmie Stewart, Mrs. Bruce Morrison, Mrs. Clarence Aldredge and Mrs. Morris.

On Wednesday Mrs. Robert Morrison entertained at luncheon for Miss Specht. The table had as its centerpiece a bowl of pink roses and all the details were in pink.

Invited to meet Miss Specht were Misses Genevieve Sewell, Alma Thomas, Alma Nantz, Emmie Stewart, Lucile Specht, Pauline Specht, Marion Miller, Mrs. John Flowers, Mrs. Ethel Martin and Mrs. William Stewart.

* * *

MRS. J. H. HOPKINS entertained her bridge club Tuesday morning at her home on Ashby street. The house was decorated with nasturtiums, and Mrs. Mack Evans won the club prize, white and gold china, and Mrs. Norman P. Davidson cut the guests' prize, an embroidered towel.

The guests included Mrs. J. H. Salmon, Mrs. Mack Evans, Mrs. E. J. Coleman, Mrs. Hull, Mrs. H. L. Carroll, Mrs. Tomlinson, Mrs. M. S. Herndon, Mrs. Newcomb, Mrs. T. K. Moore, Mrs. Frank Vaughan, Mrs. Morman P. Davidson and Mrs. Julia Wilburn.

* * *

MRS. HAROLD HILTON entertained Wednesday afternoon at a bridge tea, inviting the members of her club for the game and a few other friends in for tea at 5 o'clock.

The honor guests were Miss Genevieve Gresham the guest of Mrs. Russell Gresham, and Mrs. Pennell, of Fort Oglethorne, who is visiting Mrs. J. C. Peavy.

Quantities of pink and white roses were used in decorating the house, large vases of these flowers adorning the mantels and cabinets.

The prizes were gold and white china for top score and for the honor guests correspondence cards.

Mrs. Hilton was becomingly gowned in lavender crepe and lace, with a deep girdle of satin.

* * *

MISS MARY BROWN entertained at a swimming party Wednesday afternoon at the Capital City Country Club for Mrs. Frampton Ellis, a June bride.

Fourteen girls enjoyed this informal affair. Tea was served on the porch.

* * *

MISS FARRA BACON, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Marie Colcord. Many informal affairs have been given for her the past week. Among them wa the matinee party at which Miss Colcord entertained Wednesday afternoon at the Forsyth, inviting six girls to be her guests.

Thursday afternoon there was a swimming party at the Capital City Country Club for Miss Bacon. Twelve guests were present, and after a swim, tea was served them on the veranda.

* * *

THERE were many informal parties given last week for Miss Martha Boynton's guests, Miss Ann Grady, of Chattanooga, and Miss Susie Veach, of Adairsville.

Tuesday Mrs. George Boynton entertained at juncheon followed by a matinee party at the Forsyth for these attractive visitors. Her guests included Misses Susie Veach, Ann Grady, Laura Cole and Martha Carrington, of Charleston, who is visiting Mrs. Gilham Morrow.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles Boynton gave an informal supper party Tuesday evening in compliment to Miss Boynton's guests. The table had a centerpiece of yellow sunflowers in a wicker basket and the small details of the table were in yellow. The guests were Misses Susie Veach, Ann Grady, Martha Carrington, Laura Cole, Martha Boynton, Messrs. Perrin Nicolson, Cary Callaway, Harold Barnwell, George Northern and William McCullough.

These girls were honor guests at a luncheon on Wednesday at which Mrs. Henry Porter entertained at the East Lake Country Club. Luncheon was served on the veranda and old-fashioned garden flowers adorned the tables. Mrs. Porter had as her guests Miss Grady, Miss Veach, Miss Boynton, Mrs. Gilham Morrow, her guest, Miss Martha Carrington, and Mrs. B. L. Durrence, who spent the past week with Mrs. Porter at her East Lake home.

* * *

THE first german of the season at the Greenbrier White was an event of last Monday evening. Eighty couples danced, led by Mrs. Thomas B. Paine and E. Pendleton Turner. Thomas B. Paine was chairman of the committee, the chaperons including Mrs. Chief Justice White and Mmes. James H. Preston, Sanford C. Kellogg, John D. Potts, Garret B. Wall, A. W. Calhoun, Billups Phinizy, Frank Ellis and John Chism.

Following the dance Colonel James H. Preston, the Mayor of Baltimore, and Mrs. Preston entertained a company of 25, including Captain and Mrs. Thomas B. Jaine, Mr. and Mrs. John Grant, Mr. and Mrs. E. Fontaine Broun, Mr. and Mrs. Morton Jourdan, Mr. and Mrs. James Branch, Mr. and Mrs. Thornton Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Barret B. Wall and Mrs. William C. Worthington.

* * *

MRS. J. R. MOBLEY, Miss Jennie Mobley and Miss Josephine Mobley are at Tate Springs for several weeks.

* * *

MISS BESSIE TAPPAN'S guests, Miss Lucy Jacks, of Forsyth, and Miss Julia Gills, of Woodberry, have had many informal affairs given them the past week. They were guests of honor at an afternoon tea Monday at the East Lake Country Club, and Tuesday afternoon Mrs. O. L. Jernigan had a swimming party for them at East Lake, serving tea on the veranda afterward.

Miss Julia McGaughey entertained at a matinee party at the Forsyth Wednesday for Miss Tappan's guests and for Miss Julia Lokey, of Birmingham, who is visiting Mrs. Hugh Lokey on Fourteenth street. Besides Misses Bessie Tappan, Lucy Jacks, Julia Gills and Julia Lokey, Miss McGaughey had as her guest Miss Minnie Purvis.

Wednesday evening they were the honor guests at a theater party and Thursday evening Miss Marion Cook gave a party for them.

* * *

MISS MARY LUCY TURNER gave a bridge party Tuesday evening for her guest, Miss Carol Dean, of Gainesville.

The house was artistically decorated with garden flowers and ferns.

The guests included Misses Lucile Dennis, Nellie Kiser Stewart, Edith Dunson, Annie Lou Pagett, Sadye Andrews, Annie Sykes Rice, Frank Spratling, George Walker, Grover Lowe, Dr. Charles Hodge, Frank Gillespie, Harry Johnson, James Campbell, Steele Yorke, and Allan Shears.

* * *

ONE of the largest parties of the week was given by Miss Julia McIntyre at her home near Brookhaven on Thursday afternoon. She entertained 100 guests in honor of Misses Fraser and Isabel Mitchell and Frances Berry. The young hostess was assisted in receiving by Misses Frances Ansley, Laura Ripley, Sina White, Mrs. D. I. McIntyre, Jr., Mrs. John Scott and Mrs. H. A. McAfee.

The decorations everywhere were in yellow and green, asters and marigolds being combined with palms and ferns. The tea table was a symphony in yellow. Miss McIntyre wore a pink crepe gown, with flounces of shadow lace. Miss Fraser Mitchell wore white lace, Miss Isabel Mitchell was gowned in pink crepe, and Miss Berry wore white chiffon, with touches of pale green.

In the World of Society

A WEDDING in which a great deal of interest centered was that of Miss Leonora Maddox and Dr. Clyde Zirkle, which took place Saturday morning at 11 o'clock at the home of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Maddox, on Howard Street.

The bride was given in marriage by her uncle, W. I. Maddox, and she entered with him into the drawing room where an altar was improvised of palms, ferns and white asters. Large vases of asters stood at each end of the prieu dieu, and the mantels were adorned with these same flowers.

There were no wedding attendants and only the relatives of the two families were present.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served in the dining room, where every detail was in pink. A mound of pink orchids graced the table, and the mints and ices were in the form of orchids.

The bride wore a stylish tailored model of blue serge, a blouse of white crepe de chine and a black tulle hat. Her corsage bouquet was of orchids and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Maddox was gowned in white crepe and lace.

After the ceremony Dr. and Mrs. Zirkle left for New York and Canada, where they will spend a month, and on their return they will be at home with Dr. Zirkle's parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. M. Zirkle, on Boulevard.

The only out-of-town guest at the wedding was Mr. Gulley Zirkle, of Rome, who is an uncle of the bridegroom.

* * *

MR. AND MRS. J. SHIELDS GLADNEY announce the marriage of their daughter, Anna Belle, to Mr. Charles W. Carroll, of Yorkville, S. C. The wedding took place August 14, at the rectory of the Sacred Heart Church, Rev. Father DuBois officiating.

* * *

MANY pretty and becoming toilets are seen at the informal parties of the summer season. Although apparently simple in design, the models show a gracefulness of drapery that is indescribable.

Among the dainty frocks worn at the Capital City Country Club dinner-dance Thursday evening Miss Jennie D. Harris was seen in a shell pink crepe of the sheerest texture. The deep flounce of shadow lace was joined to the upper part of the skirt with a sash of pink satin ribbon. With this she wore a shepherdess hat of pink hemp adorned with pink plumes.

Miss Marian Achison wore a white lingerie gown with a deep girdle, so much the fad at present, of the palest shade of blue. Her hat was of blue tulle edged with the plaitings of tulle.

Miss Nell Prince wore a stunning frock of old rose corded ratine. The skirt was becomingly draped and a small lace collar finished the neck. Her black eyes peeped from under a large black tulle hat.

Miss Emma Kate Amorous was handsome in pink crepe, and her pink hat with its exquisite roses was held in place by narrow black velvet ribbon streamers.

Another young girl who was gowned all in pink was Miss Elizabeth Morgan.

Miss Alice May Freeman wore a simple white lingerie dress with a trimming of shadow lace.

Miss Mary Hines wore a Frenchy creation of pink flowered crepe, with a girdle and sash of blue. About the neck was a Robespierre ruche of blue tulle. She had on a large hat of blue, which was weighted on one side with a pink rose. Shadow lace was draped over the brim.

Always the picture of fashion, Miss LeVin appeared in a Nell rose gown, and her hat of the same shade completed her costume.

Another pretty toilet seen was that of Miss Caroline Muse, who wore blue crepe made with the peplum and corsage of shadow lace; a girdle of blue satin was drawn about the waist and the skirt was of a graceful draped model. Her white hat was adorned with white jadonicas.

* * *

ONE of the most delightful house parties of the season was the one given by Miss Zadie Stewart at her summer home at Pine Mountain Springs. Besides all the pleasures of the country, swimming parties, tennis, watermelon cuttings and straw rides added much to the amusement of the pleasure-seekers.

Miss Stewart's guests included Misses Frances and Annie Smith, Misses Mattie Lou and Willie Richardson and Miss Mildred Harris, of Atlanta; Miss Velma Stewart, of Yatesville; Miss Ruth Herrin, of Macon, and Miss Annie Byrd Ogletree, of Laurel, Miss.; Bussey Eberhart and Gordon Freeman, of Atlanta; Uhland and Terah Stewart, of Savannah; Homer Sullivan, of Thomaston; Will Teague and Pierce Southerlin, of Atlanta, and Otis Stewart, of Savannah.

* * *

MRS. ESTELLE GARRETT BAKER, Mrs. Roland Alston and her uncle, C. L. Hutcheson, of Chattanooga, are traveling in Nova Scotia. Before returning home they will spend some time in Atlantic City.

* * *

THE affairs at the clubs last week were, as usual, full of interest.

The Thursday evening dinner dance at the Capital City Country Club and the week-end dances at the Piedmont and East Lake Clubs were all well attended.

Every afternoon the lakes of the country clubs have been the scene of merry swimming parties. Society has been much interested in water sports this season, and the annual water carnival at East Lake is anticipated with more than the usual interest.

The water carnival takes place next Saturday at 4 o'clock, and will consist of swimming contests, diving contests and other sports, a committee of which Eugene Kelley is chairman being in charge of the affair.

Among the people at the Thursday evening dance of the Capital City Country Club were:

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Rosser, Jr., who had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Roy Collier; Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hawkins entertained Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wood; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Carhart had with them Mr. and Mrs. Jack Lewis. In another party were Misses Elizabeth Morgan, Emma Kate Amorous, Gladys LeVin, Lee Harvey, Julius Jennings and C. F. Roddey.

Others present were Misses Caroline Muse, Alice May Freeman, Marion Hodgson, of Athens; Marion Achison, Jennie D. Harris, Mary Hines, Cobbie Vaughan, Nell Prince, Carolyn King, Mr. and Mrs. George Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Speer, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Ottley, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Cohen, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Achison, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Conroy, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hardy, Messrs. Winter Alfriend, Fred Kloefer, Strother Flemming, Eugene Haynes, Ben Daniel, Turner Carson, Livingston Wright, Granberry, of Nashville; Charles Sciple, Jr., Dr. J. D. Osborne, Willard McBurney, Dugas McClesky, Fred Gamble, Madison Bell, Arthur Clarke, Ernest Ottley and H. B. Miles.

* * *

MISS ISABEL AMOROUS gave a pretty afternoon tea at the Piedmont Driving Club Monday. The girls were seated about a table on the terrace and in the center was a mound of old-fashioned garden flowers, mostly old maids and zinnias in the rose shades.

Her guests were Misses Julia Murphy, Dorothy Arkwright, Lawrence Horine, Frances Winship, Louise Richardson, Dodo White, Madeline McCullough, Louise Hill of Macon, Marjorie Weldon, Ann Patterson, Nina Hopkins, Katherine Dickey, Jean Douglas, Annie Winship Bates, Irene King, Nellie Dodd, Emma Kate Amorous and Mrs. Charles Sciple.

* * *

MRS. ARTHUR HOWELL gave a matinee party Monday afternoon at the Forsyth for Misses Lucile and Esther Howell, of Valdosta, who are the guests of Mrs. McWhorter Milner.

* * *

MISS HELEN JONES will leave the latter part of the week for North Carolina, where she will spend several months in the mountains. Later she plans to visit her cousin, Miss Margaret Buckner, in Roanoke.

Then she goes to New York to study voice during the winter months. Miss Buckner is now with Miss Jones and has been given many informal parties this summer as Miss Jones' guest. She leaves soon to resume her studies at college in Roanoke.

MAIL YOUR FILMS TO US



For developing. We are film specialists with the largest laboratory in the South. All prints made on Prize-Winning Cyko Paper. All roll films developed FREE, no matter where purchased. Brownie Prints, 3c each. Write for descriptive Camera Catalogue G. Prices $2.00 to $85.00. Use that fast Ansco film; fits any camera or kodak; costs no more, but also gives true color values. Mail Order Department.

E. H. CONE, Inc., 2 Stores, Atlanta, Ga.



MARRIAGE INVITATIONS

CORRECTLY AND PROMPTLY ENGRAVED

SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO., ENGRAVERS

47 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

$1.45 Sale of White Canvas Pumps

Monday and Tuesday

We have just received 260 pairs of Ladies' White Canvas Colonial Pumps, with turn soles and medium heels; Ladies' Canvas Pumps with regular heels and turn soles, and White Canvas Button Oxfords with turn sole, very pretty. $2.00 and $2.50 values, your choice Monday and Tuesday **$1.45**

$1.95 SPECIALS—We are offering hundreds of pairs of fine Nu-Buck and White Canvas Pumps and Button and Lace Oxfords, $2.50 and $3.00 values, at **$1.95**

CHILDREN'S PUMPS AT $1.00—We have a big tableful of Children's and Misses' Canvas and Velvet Pumps. $1.50 to $2.00 values. Your choice **$1.00**

MEN, ATTENTION! We have 200 pairs of Men's Patent Colt and Tan Oxfords, $3.50 styles, that we shall offer at **$2.29**

Gun-metal Oxfords at $2.45.

J. M. HIGH COMPANY.

SOCIETY CHATTER



BY POLLY PEACHTREE

UNLESS all signs and portents fail, the coming social season is to be a brilliant one. The brides who are to figure in the calendar are numerous and prominent socially. We have heard definitely from a few of these, and there are more to come—in fact, some of the city's most popular and most beautiful young women will be married next fall.

Of course, the brilliancy of social life depends largely on the bridal affairs, pre-nuptial parties and weddings; hence the outlook along that line is more than promising—it is sure. Then the debutantes—the list of buds contains names of some of the finest girls in the South. In fact, I never knew a company of debutantes with so many and so diversified accomplishments and graces as this year's band possesses.

There is something special about each of these girls, I verily believe—one sings divinely, another is unusually beautiful, another is a noted equestrienne, and so on. So much is required of a girl nowadays, anyway. The old-fashioned "parlor tricks" are at a discount. Young women not only go in for various sports or accomplishments, but must excel in these in order to gain any special social prominence. And the debutantes of the coming year have seen to this requirement of a society girl, or their mothers have.

I am inclined to think that the fact that these "buds" have charming and accomplished mothers, who are popular and prominent in society, is, after all, the real "open sesame" which has been given them for entrance into the gay world of social success.

Just an enumeration of the debutantes will bring visions of brilliant balls and other affairs this winter. There's Margaret Grant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Grant, and niece of Mrs. John Marshall Slaton; Katherine Ellis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ellis, who have a magnificent home in Ansley Park; Adgate Ellis, the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Ellis, also an Ansley Park belle; Eula Jackson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jackson, and niece of Robert Maddox; Rosalie Davis, the lovely young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Davis, and sister of Mrs. Harvey Anderson and Mrs. Hudson Moore; Mary Allgood Jones, noted horsewoman and the athletic notable among the bevy of "birds;" Callie Hoke Smith, daughter of Senator and Mrs. Hoke Smith, and Jessie McKee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McKee.

I have heard of several debut balls in prospect, two at the Driving Club, one or two at the Capital City Club and others in the ballrooms of private residences. The debutantes promise well—even as the brides.

Of course, we will have the usual large affairs which brighten every season—the Nine O'Clocks, four of them, and the Cotillion Club affairs, and all of that, of which more anon. I just want to say that if one finds the times dull right now, a look into the future will bring reassurance and anticipations of rose color.

• • •

I DON'T know anything about politics—in fact, I never could get even the rudimentary principles of that pastime through my frivolous head, but I certainly am glad that the turn of the wheel has brought success to Congressman Henry Clayton, of Eufaula, Ala. Governor O'Neal has just appointed Mr. Clayton to be United States Senator to succeed Senator Johnston.

I don't know Mr. Clayton, but I have met his wife, and any man worthy to be her husband is deserving of the highest honor his State could give him. Mrs. Clayton is one of the most charming women I have ever met. She is a hostess par excellence, and never overlooks an opportunity to make friends welcome and happy. Not only in her own State is she immensely popular but in Washington and all the other cities where she has visited.

She was selected last year as chairman of the Dolly Madison breakfast, which was given in Washington a year ago, and her grace and charm were commented on by all the wives and relatives of the great Democrats of the country who were present.

She presided not only at the breakfast, but at the many meetings, at which its details were organized, with a tact that contributed immensely to the success of the unique function. Mr. and Mrs. Clayton have an apartment in Washington at the Parkwood, where their home is a center of continuous hospitality.

• • •

WHILE writing of the water carnival at East Lake the thought came to me that swimming was never more popular in Atlanta. This is due in great part to Forrest Adair, whose hospitality has made his famous swimming pool so popular this summer.

I understand that next summer will see several more of these private pools, now that the possibilities for summer entertainments have been so well demonstrated.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Cooledge have already made a pool at their handsome home on Peachtree road, and I understand that Colonel Willis Ragan is planning for one at his home. The pools belonging to the folks on the Pace's Ferry road have contributed their quota to the social calendar this summer.

These private pools and the lakes at the country clubs are developing some fine swimmers in Atlanta. Mrs. Robert Maddox and Mrs. Will Kiser are approaching the expert class. Mrs. Morris Brandon has only just learned to swim this summer, although the "fringed grotto" wherein the Morris Brandon guests disport themselves was one of the first of the private pools in the city. Mrs. James D. Robinson has been swimming this summer for the first time in a number of years. Many people are learning, and others are perfecting themselves in swimming, diving, and so forth.

• • •

DON'T you think that the most useful invention of the ages, after electricity and motor cars, was the postcard? What would we do about hearing from our wandering families and friends, had we no postcards—or rather, had they none? Time was when a woman would sit in the "writing room" at the summer hotel and write longand gossipy epistles to her friend or sweetheart.

But in these days of strenuous summer social life one hardly has time to address the postcard bearing a scene of life on the ocean wave, or the summer hotel and write long and glorified beyond any possible recognition.

But from a little anecdote which drifted down from Atlantic City recently, I draw the conclusion that some girls do write back some time, even now. Two of the many charming girls now at the Beach were resting on the sands in an interlude of jumping the big waves. "Frank wants to hold my hand all the time," said one of the girls to the other. "Well, is there any harm in that?" asked her friend. "But I need my hand occasionally—I have to write to Charlie sometimes."

• • •

LAURA GRAVES, of New York, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Temple Graves, is to be a debutante this winter. Friends of mine have written me of the plans for the debutante, which include among other delightful events the entertainment of several house parties of Atlanta and College Park friends during the season.

Mr. Graves has taken a house in New York, and will entertain the Georgia guests there. This summer the Graveses have been occupying a bungalow in the Adirondacks and have had guests from this city and from College Park, their old home, with them from time to time.

You will all be glad to know, I am sure, that Callie Hoke Smith, who is counted in the bouquet of Washington's "buds," will first make her debut at home. She has been very anxious for this, and her mother has planned to come to Atlanta early in October so that Callie can "come out" here first, later going to Washington for debut parties.

You know the Hoke Smith girls are very loyal to Atlanta and "home," despite their social triumphs elsewhere, and it is characteristic of the youngest daughter of the household to insist on having a debut in Atlanta. By the way, the two sisters, Lucy and Callie, are to be at Toxaway for a while, going, I believe on the 18th. Mrs. Rondal Ransome expects to join them there, and the girls will accompany her home when she comes in September. It will be the first visit made to Atlanta by Lucy in more than a year, and she will be welcomed right royally, for she is a leader of one of Atlanta's jolly contingents when she is at home.

Speaking of Washington folk, I am reminded that the William Bailey Lamars are again changing their place of residence. You know of the beautiful Italian villa they had spent so much thought and time and money on, and which was just about ready for occupancy, out on the Pace's Ferry road, when they decided to move to Washington, where they have a prominent and interesting set of friends.

They bought a home there, and have just settled down comfortably when the assumption of his duties as United States Commissioner to the Panama Exposition has taken him and his charming wife to San Francisco, for a residence of some length.

• • •

ATLANTA friends of Mrs. Allen Potts, of Albemarle County, Virginia, will be interested in her recent success as a horsewoman. Mrs. Potts, you will all recall, takes little stock in the sartorial display of the horse shows which she attends.

She is a fine rider, is devoted to her horses and spends most of her time in the saddle, and consequently she always appears at the horse show in her smart riding habit. Mrs. Potts is an advocate of the side-saddle, and one of the few women now riding in horse shows who is, for the present generation prefers the cross saddle, despite the disapproval of King George of England—if they know anything about King George's likes and dislikes, which isn't likely.

When Mrs. Potts was in Atlanta, she often occupied a box with Atlanta friends, but she invariably wore her sporting togs. She and her famous sister, the Princess Troubetzkoy, learned to ride when they were happy care-free Virginia girls, and both are fearless riders. At the Greenbrier White Horse Show Mrs. Potts will be a conspicuous rider and exhibitor. Her beautiful horse, Bracken Rose, which recently carried off four blue ribbons in the Albemarle Horse Show and several prizes in the recent Washington Horse Show, will be entered, as well as others.

• • •

FROM across the Pacific I have gathered pleasant news concerning a former Atlanta woman and her life in Shanghai, China. Lieutenant and Mrs. Royal Ingersoll, who left Atlanta some time ago in obedience to the commands of Uncle Sam, have arrived in China and were delighted to find that their lines will lie in pleasant places during their sojourn there—in other words, they will live in Shanghai, with its extensive English, French and American population, instead of having to go to some of the totally foreign cities.

Lieutenant Ingersoll will be on the flagship Saratoga, and the couple will have apartments at a beautiful hotel in the English quarter of Shanghai. As Mrs. Ingersoll left Atlanta with numerous letters to mutual acquaintances of her friends here and friends in Shanghai, she will immediately be introduced into the charming social life of the English quarter and of the army in Shanghai.

• • •

I WAS in a party at the Piedmont Driving Club the other night when a young man arose from a table and started out. His flushed face and unsteady gait showed that he had been partaking a trifle too freely of the cup that cheers.

Some one of the party I was with commented on his appearance and this started an argument the subject of which was "When is a man intoxicated?" There were numerous replies made, most of them facetious, but the argument ended when a young man gravely pronounced his opinion that "a man is not intoxicated as long as he can lie on the floor without holding on."

He was awarded the palm.

• • •

I DON'T know many men who are averse to marrying a girl with a lot of money. And after they have married her, those I know seem to take it as a natural course to spend that money or a part of it. But I heard last week of one man in this town who simply could not stand the twittering of his friends because he had married a woman with money.

In fact, I understand, the knowing smiles and gentle sarcasm of his well-meaning friends literally drove him and his bride out of town. They did not want to leave Atlanta and they were building a beautiful residence just outside of town. But that residence has never been completed and is already on the market for sale, while the sensitive man and his wealthy wife have moved to a distant city, where friends are kinder.

• • •

A MAN new to Atlanta attended one of our largest churches last Sunday with his wife. It was obvious that they were strangers and after the service the pastor hurried down to shake the newcomers by the hand and to invite them to attend regularly.

"I liked your sermon immensely," said the new attender, having been nudged by his wife.

"I am more than pleased," beamed the parson. "Which part did you like the best?"

"That part where I dreamed I had a million dollars!" said the newcomer ere his wife had a chance to nudge him again.

• • •

I HEAR that a young married couple who have gone vacationing to a famous Virginia resort carried along all the paraphernalia of fashion, and are well equipped to sustain Atlanta's reputation for a sartorial display. My informant tells me that the lady in question, who is a very charming young married woman with good looks and social graces, carried 65 gowns of the latest mode in the trunks which accompanied her to her destination. And her husband, not to be outdone by the variety of his wife's wardrobe, carried 32 suits in his luggage.

I have only to add that they both include two dozen varieties of new steps in the ir turkey-trotting repertoire to give you assurance that they will be among the most popular people at the resort they have honored with their presence this summer.

• • •

MADAME SARAH BERNHARDT, I believe, is one of the most wonderful women the world has ever known. The Divine Sarah, though now a great-grandmother, is never idle. Her wonderful vitality and energy keep her hands and mind constantly busy. When she is not charming us with her wonderful acting, she is doing something else of a useful or artistic nature.

Right now she is employing her vacation by carving a monument for the embellishment of her own tomb.

The striking character of this woman is well illustrated by the fact that for this tomb she has bought a desolate island off the coast of Brittany.

She is working hard on a clay sketch of the complete conception, with a young Breton woman as a model. The latter is sworn to silence, and the design of the monument is kept a profound secret. It is said, however, by Mme. Bernhardt's friends to be simple yet strangely moving in idea. The tragedienne is reported to have said a short time ago that she had a horror of intrusting the creation of the monument to anybody else.

Of course, I would not recommend any such labor as this, but I sometimes wish that some of my frivolous Atlanta sisters could emulate the industry of this remarkable French woman.

Miss Mildred Hazen

A much admired visitor from East Orange, N. J., who is the guest of Miss Mignon McCarty. The two young women have recently returned from a trip abroad. Miss Hazen has visited Atlanta before, and has many friends here. (Photo by Hirshburg & Phillips.)



Society Notes

GOVERNOR JOHN M. SLATON and Mrs. Slaton contribute to social life with many informal affairs. One of the affairs of this kind which took place last week was a small dinner in honor of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Burwell, and another was a pretty luncheon which Mrs. Slaton gave in honor of a visitor, Mrs. Charles Donnally, of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Donnally is a former Atlantan and made her debut in society the same season that Mrs. Slaton made her bow. The two have been great friends ever since. Mrs. Donnally is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Stocking.

Among those invited to meet her at the luncheon given by Mrs. Slaton at the Executive Mansion were Mrs. Robert J. Lowry, Mrs. Clark Howell, Mrs. James D. Robinson, Mrs. Walter Andrews, Mrs. W. H. Kiser, Mrs. Albert Howell, Mrs. James L. Dickey, Mrs. W. D. Grant and Miss Stocking.

• • •

MR. AND MRS. FRANK ADAIR'S first party since their return from a stay in Europe, was an event of the past week. Of course, the affair was a swimming party, the guests going out for a dip in the beautiful pool on the Forrest Adair estate in Druid Hills at 7 o'clock on Tuesday, the swimming party being followed by supper at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair.

It has become the custom of the hospitable Adairs to entertain these swimming parties each Tuesday evening, sometimes one and then another couple being hosts of the occasion. The Frank Adairs had quite an elaborate party, the guests being seated for supper at a long table, decorated in pink and mauve asters, arranged in silver vases down the length of the table.

The sun parlor was open to guests and the library also, vases of gladioli being used to impart a festive air to the last-named apartment.

Mrs. Adair, the hostess, was most attractive, wearing one of her new French gowns, a cream white chiffon frock, belted in old blue, with sash ends of blue and cream chiffon.

Among the guests of the evening were Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Simmons, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Dickey, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John K. Ottley, Mr. and Mrs. Hughes Spalding, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Smith, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hopkins, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Ronald Ransome, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. King, Dr. and Mrs. Shallenberger, Dr. and Mrs. R. T. Dorsey, Mr. and Mrs. John Kiser, Mr. and Mrs. George Adair, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kiser, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Remsen, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Kneip, Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Payne, Misses Leone Ladson, Isabel Kuhrt, Ruth Stallings, Sarah Rawson, Nell Prince, Constance Knowles, Julia Murphy, Jennie D. Harris, Helen Hobbs, Marion Acheson; Messrs. Lynn Werner, Eugene Haynes, Jesse Draper, Marion Smith, J. D. Osborne, James Alexander, Clarence Knowles, Milton Dargan, Jr., Neil Reid, Edward Gay, William Dickey and others.

• • •

MISS MAY SMITH, of Athens, will come to Atlanta in September to spend the winter. Miss Smith has been studying in the Dramatic League with Miss Carolyn Cobb, president of the Georgia League, and made a brilliant success in "The Piper," which the league presented at Lucy Cobb in June.

• • •

MRS. ROBERT COLEMAN, who is spending the summer at Crab Orchard Springs, in Kentucky, has had as her guest for two weeks Miss Georgia Thornton Munroe, formerly of Atlanta, now of the Canal Zone. Miss Munroe will go to the Mammoth Cave, Ravinia, Ill.; Battle Creek, Washington and New York, from which place she sails for Panama September 22. Miss Munroe has been assistant superintendent of the Government Public Schools since they were established in the zone, and will continue her work until the canal is opened.

• • •

MISS ANNIE LOU PADGETT was hostess at a bridge party, followed by a small buffet luncheon, Thursday. The house was decorated in garden flowers, and among the guests were members of a club and a few visiting girls.

The club members are Misses Edith and Elizabeth Dunson, Katie and Lilian Sturdivant, Helen and Grace Thorn, Mary Lucy Turner, Martha Ryder, Emmie Willingham, Van McKinnon and Mrs. Julian Prade. The visitors present were Miss Carol Deane of Gainesville, and Miss Mary Belle Nixon, of Americus.



$10.00 For Special Value in Sterling Silver Vanity Cases

As a midsummer special, we are offering for a short time a quantity of new and pretty Sterling silver vanity cases at prices which are remarkably low.

There are two styles which are specially featured. Both are hand-engraved, Old English style, and each style has silver chain attached to end, in the latest fashion. They are leather lined, fitted with Sterling silver engine-turned pencil, mirror, memorandum tablet, purse and compartment for change and powder puff.

The $10.00 cases are full engraved. They are thin models and generally sell for $12.00 to $16.50 each.

Mail Orders Filled.

Write for 160-page illustrated catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds."

MAIER & BERKELE, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths.

Established 1887. 31-33 Whitehall Street. Atlanta, Ga.

U. S. Postal Sub-station in Center Aisle.

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

Clearaway of Summer Dresses

Stupendous final clearance of every summer dress in stock with little regard to original price.

There are only 418 of our finest summer dresses on hand, and, though the summer season is by no means over, we must hurry these out to make way for fall goods. **They must go.** Therefore we have used the good-bye signal to startling advantage—**for you.** The frocks which were reserved at their original price until the last minute have had to yield to the sign of the blue pencil.

These dresses are charming, captivating and chic. Any one of them will be suitable for informal wear all winter. We prefer you to have them and have listed them at ruinously low prices for Monday.

$73.50 to $75 Dresses $25

Only 6 of these charming crepe de chine and net dinner gowns. They would grace the finest dinner party.

$45 Dresses $15.75

Most of these are figured crepes with prettily draped skirts. One chance in 12 to get a modish frock for nearly one-third its value.

$29.50 to $39.50 Dresses $10.75

60 of these dresses, so there are many pretty styles for selection. One is a white crepe with ratine crepe trimmings, several are figured crepes. Dressy and simple styles.

$19.75 to $25 Dresses $6.75

Cotton voiles, white crepes in fancy weaves, figured crepes and lingerie frocks make up this assortment of 150 dresses.

$7.85 Dresses $3.85

This array of 180 dresses embraces every fascinating style. Materials—linens, figured crepes and cotton voiles.

10 Silk Dresses ½ Price

These were originally $45 to $75 dresses. All of them are suitable for the coming season and two beautiful evening gowns are included, one black with jet garniture, the other rose charmeuse.

(Ready-to-Wear—Second Floor)

"Buy Furniture With Care"



"This is our slogan and we pass it on to you." It is the reason for our splendid array of good furniture—furniture that will last a lifetime. When you buy furniture you are not buying for the moment—you are buying for a lifetime of satisfactory service. You indicate your tastes, personality and refinement in the furniture you place in your home. We uphold the reputation of the store in selling you only furniture built on honor. We could buy inferior furniture—but we won't.

This solid mahogany chiffonier represents our policy. It is 73 inches high—top 36x23 inches, with mirror 18x26. It is Colonial scroll pattern built for a century's use **$67.50**

This handsome dresser matches the chiffonier. Height, 72 inches. Top, 54x25 inches. Mirror, 30x40 Colonial scroll pattern. Price **$78.50**

Other Good Values

	WAS	IS
1 Solid Mahogony Chiffonier	$45.00	$30.00
1 Solid Mahogany Toilet Table	$30.00	$22.00
2 Single Solid Mahogany beds, Four-posters each,	$37.50	$33.00
1 Full Size Solid Mahogany Four-post bed	$65.00	$56.50
1 Colonial Scroll Solid Mahogany Cheval Mirror	$75.00	$48.00
1 Circassian Walnut Wardrobe, 2 Mirror Doors	$55.00	$43.50
1 White Enamel Bureau	$36.00	$25.00
1 Mahogany Veneer Napoleon Bed	$35.00	$29.00
1 Kitchen Cabinet	$35.00	$30.00
1 Kitchen Cabinet	$33.00	$28.50
1 Kitchen Cabinet	$21.50	$18.00
2 White Enamel Medicine Cabinets, each	$8.50	$5.00
1 Fumed Oak Dresser	$50.00	$40.00
1 Fumed Oak Chiffonier to match	$40.00	$30.00
1 Fumed Oak Bed, to match	$29.00	$22.50
1 Fumed Oak Toilet Table, to match	$32.00	$25.00
1 Fumed Oak Chair, to match	$5.00	$4.00
1 Fumed Oak Rocker to match, (Sold Seperate or in Suit.)	$5.50	$4.50
1 Arts & Crafts Settee, Fumed Oak	$25.00	$16.50
1 Arts & Crafts Rocker, to match	$12.50	$7.75
1 Arts & Crafts Chair, to match (Sold Separate or in Suit.)	$12.50	$7.75



Very Special Values

50-pound Art Tick Felt Mattress $10.00
Box Spring to match $12.50

(Furniture, Fourth Floor.)

When They Go Off to School

have their trunks supplied with the requisite sheets and pillowcases and a blanket for chilly nights.

WHITE AND FANCY PLAID BLANKETS.

Single bed blankets, 60x78 inches, $4.50 value, per pair **$3.69.**

Three-quarter bed blankets, 66x80 inches, $6.00 value, per pair **$4.69.**

Reduced From ¼ to ⅓

Rich's Silver Bleach Sheets and Cases.

Our Silver Bleach Sheets are well known and noted for their durability. Medium weight, made of fine smooth yarns, with a linen-like appearance after laundering.

	Each		Each
Sheets, Hemmed, 72x90 in.	63c	Sheets, Hemmed, 90x99 in.	84c
Sheets, Hemmed, 81x90 in.	69c	Cases, Hemmed, 42x36 in.	16c
Sheets, Hemmed, 90x90 in.	76c	Cases, Hemmed, 45x36 in.	18c

Hemmed Bedspreads.

	Each
Hemmed Crochet Quilts, 76x88 in.	$1.29
Hemmed Crochet Quilts, 78x88 in.	$1.69
Hemmed Crochet Quilts, 82x92 in.	$1.98
Twin Bed Hemmed Crochet Quilts, 66x88 in.	$1.69
Satin Marseilles Quilt, Hemmed, 64x86 in.	$1.98
Satin Marseilles Quilt, Hemmed, 72x90 in.	$2.98
Satin Marseilles Quilt, Hemmed, 78x88 in.	$2.48

Scalloped Bedspreads.

	Each
Twin Bed Crochet Quilt, Scalloped, 66x88 in.	$1.98
Crochet Quilt, Scalloped, 78x88 in.	$1.98
Crochet Quilt, Scalloped, 82x92 in.	$2.48
Satin Marseilles Quilt, Scalloped, 64x86 in.	$2.48
Satin Marseilles Quilt, Scalloped, 72x90 in.	$3.48
Satin Marseilles Quilt, Scalloped, 78x88 in.	$2.98

(Main Floor, Left)

Lure of Lovely Laces

19c Shadow laces in bands and flounces. Beautiful designs in 29c to 49c laces.

10c Exquisitely dainty nainsook matched embroideries. Includes 6 and 7-inch fast edge scalloped edging.

39c All-over shadow laces in cream and white. 36 and 45-inch widths. Values up to 69c.

Fall Designs In Curtain Nets and Draperies

All next week we are going to show our new stock of curtain nets and draperies for your special benefit. Values up to 40c will be sold for 25c a yard. All fresh, new patterns.

Curtain Nets.

Fish net, filet net, and madras weaves, in ecru, arabian and white scrims and Marquisettes, plain and with drawnwork borders. Scrims with cheerful floral and colored borders.

Draperies include:

Cretonnes and prints in beautiful reproductions of Old English chintz—fas color. Tapestry in verdure designs and draperies in one and two-tone color effects.

(Draperies—Third Floor)

M. RICH & BROS. CO. M. RICH & BROS. CO.

CHATTER OF SOCIETY by POLLY PEACHTREE

Continued from Page 1.

ribbon embroidered in Futurist design and color.

Miss Hazen is visiting Miss Mignon McCarty, and both young women have only recently returned from an extended stay abroad. Miss McCarty has some wonderful French gowns also, and the two young women are among the best-gowned guests at any affairs they attend.

* * *

Simple Susan went a-fishing
For to catch a whale;
Wore a costly Paris bonnet
And a spangled veil.

Wore a pair of high-heeled slippers
And her silken hose—
Other things wore Simple Susan,
As you may suppose.

Wore her newest, tightest pattern
Tube skirt, with a slit—
As a dress display fair Susan
Certainly was "it."

Susan wore her hair in frizzes
And made up her face,
Then she motored off a-fishing
With a languid grace.

Susan didn't take a rod or
Reel or creel or hooks,
And for bait she just depended
On her bonny looks.

Simple Susan went a-fishing.
Luck? Well, pretty fair;
Went a-fishing in the mountains—
Caught a millionaire!

* * *

TOXAWAY has a reputation for match-making, you know, and this year's record, I hear, will "boost" that reputation quite a bit. I am not surprised that a number of Atlanta's young men have left for Toxaway the past week. It was sheer folly in their letting all the pretty girls stay up there without them this long time, while millionaires and beaux from everywhere are busy trying to persuade these girls to leave Georgia permanently.

I hear that recently a half dozen of Atlanta's finest—Dozier Lowndes, Charles Cox, Milton Dargan, Jr., and Clarence Knowles among them—have hied themselves to that resort.

It was at Toxaway, I understand, that Effie Pope Hill met her fate in the New York millionaire, thereby disappointing many a younger man. It is not matter of wonder that matches are being made at Toxaway, when one stops to reflect upon the fact that the very flower of Georgia's young womanhood is gathered in that comparatively small place.

There are more pretty girls to the square foot at Toxaway than any place I know just now. There's Helen Dargan, Marjorie Brown, Marion Goldsmith, Laura Ansley, some of Atlanta's most charming girls; Viola Johnson and Martina Burke, of Macon; Marguerite Wright, of Augusta; Sophie Meldrim, of Savannah—how's that for a bouquet of beauties?

* * *

THREE popular sisters, who are members of Atlanta's gay young set, had a real adventure right in their own home and in broad daylight one afternoon last week. After luncheon the girls went to take their regular siesta and talk-fest. They donned negligee garb and all lay down on the same bed, which they pulled out of its regular place nearer the door so that wandering breezes would come in. They were very comfortable and chattered and yawned and chattered some more.

The hours passed—two, three, four—and just as the clock was getting ready to strike five the closet door burst open with a sudden jar, and a man wrapped in a long cloak just like James K. Hackett affects in some of his roles, came running out. He put one foot on the foot of the bed and jumped clear over it—girls and all—and bounded down the stairway. As he ran he looked up, and meeting the astonished eyes of three frightened girls said: "I scared you that time."

He certainly did, too. The girls broke their social engagements that night and helped the police search for clews. But nothing was found except one of the girls' last winter's opera-coat at the foot of the stairs. Whether the man was a practical joker or an imprisoned burglar will probably never be known. At any rate, he must have had a warm time of it, shut up in a closet for four hours on an August afternoon!

* * *

IT took all the cunning of one of Georgia's leading legal lights to keep out of court a few days ago in New York. I'm not going into details, but suffice it to say that he was a guest at once of the big hotels where a very acute house detective is employed.

The detective, who neither knew nor cared about the lawyer's prominent social position in Atlanta, found that he was cutting up in a most scandalous way and threatened to have him arrested. Our hero made a most impassioned speech, promising to be good all the rest of his days, which he agreed to spend outside of the hotel in question. And so he was allowed to go on his way a wiser and, let us hope, a better little lawyer.

* * *

WOULD you call the inventor of a new dance a genius? I don't know much about those things (I admit I am giddy pated), but if Gene Kelley isn't a genius, then is he something else like that. Yes, Gene has invented a new dance and he electrified the turkey trot corps of the Driving Club the other night when he sprung it on them without warning.

Gene's partner in this invention was pretty little Allene Fielder, and she helped him introduce it. As they are two of the best dancers in Atlanta, everybody at the club stopped dancing and became spectators when our charming couple started their new terpsichorean confection.

Mr. Kelley calls his invention the "heavenly dance," and it is very pretty, though 'most too strenuous and difficult to become generally popular. As near as I can tell, the movements and steps of the dance include a high jump on the part of the lady, a long slide almost on the knees by the couple, followed by three whirls, during which the young lady has a fine time, but Gene has to work hard. Then over again, ad libitum.

The heavenly dance is more of an athletic dance than a one-step, but it is certainly new, in Atlanta's ballrooms at any rate. Mr. Kelley and Miss Fielder execute the dance in a very graceful manner, but I shudder to think what a couple less agile or skillful would do with it.

* * *

I PROMISED last week to tell something more of that Damon and Pythias affair—the one in which Damon hit Pythias over the head with a bottle. However, that incident has become much too serious for me even to think of. I'm never going to mention it again, so the only way you can learn anything about it will be from the divorce courts.

* * *

I HAVE just enough of the speculative fever in me to itch to make a small wager once in a while. Indeed, in these columns I have so far allowed this itch to get the better of me that I have offered two small wagers—which, however, have not yet been accepted.

But I hate the word "bet." Somehow, it seems so different. It conjures up to my mind visions of underpaid men straining over gambling tables, while pale-faced, tearful women and children sit alone at home. That's just my idea from books and moving pictures (yes, I indulge in the "movies" once in a while).

But at a ball game last week at Poncey just before our Crackers went away, I overheard a very attractive girl and a mighty well set-up young man engaged in a betting transaction and they used the word "bet" just like I imagined a seasoned gambler would do.

They were discussing the game, although he was thinking much more of the girl than the game.

"Let's bet on the game," said she.

"All right," he replied, "but I must name the stakes."

"That's fair enough," she replied with a daring light in her eyes. "What shall we bet?"

"Well," he proposed, "if Atlanta wins I get you, and if Atlanta loses you get me."

"You're on" she flushed back.

She won and I am just dying with curiosity to know how the bet was paid.

* * *

The maiden in the bathing suit
Now lounges on the beach,
And scorns to get wet in the waves
That splash in easy reach.
Why should she? She is shapely
And the sand is soft and warm,
And bathing with the maiden
Is a matter of good form.

She doesn't mind the people
That stop to view her charms,
Or fly to let old Ocean
Enfold her in his arms.
She doesn't mind the cameras
As other maidens might,
For at home she has a mirror
And she knows she is all right.

* * *

ONE would naturally suppose that in the matter of extreme styles of bathing suits the married women would exploit the most striking examples. But in the crowds of Atlantans who frequent the many fine private pools of their friends the opposite has proved to be the case this season.

One of the most striking bathing suits I have seen, among young or old, is worn by a pretty girl not yet out—in fact, I believe, she is hardly to be included in the debutante set. But her swimming make-up and toilet have been accorded universal attention and admiration. It is a very chic and becoming affair of wine colored silk, cut on modish lines, and worn with a silk cap, silk hose and satin slippers, all of red.

Another bathing suit which has attracted attention, more for its extreme cut than for the color, belongs to a beautiful girl who will be among the coming season's buds. The suit is altogether charming, and so is the wearer—in fact, I really think that the principal reason the suit is so charming is that it reveals so well the charm of its wearer.

Up at Wrightsville this season a smart young married woman who has been in New York the past winter initiated the bathing socks which startled some of the Eastern resorts recently. No especial fuss was made about the Wrightsville Beach socks, and they certainly were pretty! Of course, the young woman was irreproachable in appearance, else she wouldn't have dared to attempt the socks.

There has been a complete transformation in the style of bathing suits of late years. I remember when it was considered immodest to wear the clinging silk or satin suit, and everyone wore serge with cotton hose. Oh, my! I haven't seen a serge suit or a pair of any kind of hose except of the sheerest silk of these past two seasons, and as for suits—crepe de chine is taking the place of the heavier satin or the stiffer taffeta which was once considered the height of daring!

By the way, a kodak picture has recently attracted much attention in Atlanta, although it was, of course, for private circulation only, and not to be displayed in the window of the Cole—well, anywhere except to the favored friends of the originals. The picture shows two Atlanta belles and their escorts, the girls wearing the latest one-piece swimming suit which is the fad of the moment at some of the ultra-fashionable watering places. It is a very saucy picture, I am told.

* * *

It used to be that bathing suits
Could shock the modest masses,
But no one by the Sea will see.
My lady when she passes,
Although her limbs be firm and free,
Or sun-bright water blot her,
For nothing counts, unless she be,
Tango, or Turkey Trotter.

* * *

WITH all that has been written and said about tangoing and turkey-trotting and fish-gliding and the other steps, the half has not been told. If you go to the seashore, your time for sporting in the ocean is curtailed for turkey-trotting, and as for sitting quietly on the shore and listening to what the wild waves say—well, nobody does that now.

They are all dancing the one-step. If you decide to spend your holidays in the mountains, you find that the turkey-trotter is there also—and is busy. Girls who were never known to dance before have been obliged to get onto the new steps or be left out of the fun entirely.

I know a girl whose father and mother, although taking part in social life with such things as the giving of teas and dinners and bridge parties, are opposed to dancing and never sent their daughters to dancing school. One day when this girl's name came up in casual conversation, I mentioned the fact that her lack of dancing was a handicap to her social success, when the girl I was speaking to—a young person in the same set as the girl who "couldn't dance"—she replied: "Why, good gracious me, that girl is the worst—I mean the best—turkey-trotter in town. She's the limit——"

And I found this to be true when I saw her dancing at the seashore.

And that brings to my mind another girl who is a fine dancer of the tango and the turkey trot, and who had been the toast of all "the fellows" during a two weeks' stay at Wrightsville Beach, whither she had gone under the chaperonage of a young married friend. Every night that girl would be the center of attraction with her exploitation of the latest steps.

But there came a Saturday night when she danced most decorously. Gone were the turkey-trotting, and the swaying—gone the languid dip of the fish-walk, one the bunny-hug embrace. "What on earth's the matter with Miss J——; I thought you said she was a good turkey-trotter?" I overheard one man ask another. "Well, you see, her father came up this morning, and he's looking on!"

* * *

STILL another little incident anent dancing at the seashore concerns two charming young married women who were the belles of the balls at a well-known resort favored by Atlantans. During their stay these two had their choice of the best there was in the summer man line. To each other they were liberal, but they weren't so liberal when it came to the other women, so the creme de la creme was always attached to their train. As I said, however, they respected each other's rights, and once a man was attached to one or the other he was not interfered with at all.

The two young women were—and still are—great friends, you see, and thought more of each other all the time than of any of the men there. But one night a man who had become definitely known as the property—"pro tem," of course—of one of these ladies happened to arrive at the ballroom before his chosen. He found her chum there, however, and the two swung into a turkey trot. In a few minutes the other woman came in, and directly she was noted the man dancing with her friend was released like a hot coal, dropped instanter, in the middle of the ballroom and in the middle of a measure.

All the onlookers were vastly amused and entertained themselves for the rest of the evening by speculating on whether the man was deserted so suddenly because of his poor dancing or because of his partner's unwillingness to strain friendship for such as he. He WAS an awful dancer, they say!

* * *

THE parties for "Jack and Gill" have been happy occasions of the past week. No, dear reader, I am not making a mistake—the girls are visiting Bessie Tappan, out on Fourteenth street, and the boys say they are a charming pair. "Jack and Gill" they are to their numerous admirers, but to the world at large they are Miss Lucy Jacks, of Forsyth, and Miss Julia Gill, of Woodberry, Ga.

* * *

TWO of Atlanta's very prettiest girls, Louise Broyles and Margaret McCarty, have just come home from Bar Harbor with many pleasant stories of the happy times they had up there.

The girls went to Maine with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Inman, who have a summer home on the coast of Maine. Their home is called Sutherland, and Mr. Inman's gardens are one of the show sights of the place. People come for miles around to see the flowers at Sutherland, Miss Broyles assures me, and the sight must be well worth seeing for the dahlias are the largest in the country, and the other summer blooming flowers are of the finest.

Sailing parties up and down the coast were features of delight to these two inland-bred girls. Arthur Inman, the young son of the household, is an expert yachtsman and can handle a sailboat with the best of 'em. Several Harvard men were there, and all of them loved the water—and the girls, also, of course. They didn't tell me this; I am just making it up—that part about love, I mean.

The girls themselves probably did not know anything about it, for they are just charming, unaffected, happy-hearted college girls at present, with thoughts just now on plans for European study. Miss Broyles will leave early in September with Miss Isabel Robinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roby Robinson, to spend a year at Miss Yeatman's school in Paris. The girls will be chaperoned by Miss Robinson's grandmother, Mrs. Horne.

Margaret McCarty, the younger of the two lovely sisters, will not go away this winter, but will study at home. She will not be introduced this season, but will wait for her chums, Louise Broyles and Isabel Robinson, the three to be among the loveliest of the debutantes of winter after next. I guess I'll stop here. Don't you think I am going altogether too far in advance of the seasons with speculations on the buds of two years hence?

Miss Oda Teabeaut

The charming sister of Mrs. William Candler, of Inman Park. Miss Teabeaut is pretty, and popular with a large circle of friends here and over the State. (Photo by Hirshburg & Phillips.)



In the WORLD of SOCIETY

IN compliment to Miss Julia MacIntyre's guests, Misses Fraser Mitchell and Isabel Mitchell, of South Georgia, and Miss Constance Berry, Mrs. John Scott entertained at bridge luncheon Friday at her home at Scottdale.

The house was decorated with garden flowers and pretty souvenirs were given as prizes.

On Saturday Miss Constance Berry entertained them at a matinee party, which was followed by tea at the Piedmont Club when Miss Laura Ripley entertained for them.

These girls will be the honor guests at an informal afternoon party Monday. Miss Sina White will be the hostess.

* * *

THE summer season is now in full swing in "The Land of the Sky."

The golf links are occupied from morn till night with enthusiastic players. Week-end camping parties and rides over the mountains make a most informal out-of-door life that is quite satisfying during the hot months of August and September.

The horse show held in Asheville last week was largely attended and was quite a success socially.

Among the Atlanta people registered at the Grove Park Hotel, Asheville, are Miss Louise Dooly, Mrs. Dooly, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Wilkes, Messrs. Melvin Clarke, John E. White and Clyde Haynes.

Others in Asheville are Mrs. C. B. Shelton, Miss Rosser, E. E. Huguley, R. A. Dewar, H. S. Smith, Mrs. J. C. McMichael, Mrs. T. B. Lumpkin, Mr. and Mrs. Joel Dabney, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Harman, Miss C. Resor, Mrs. E. S. Hartman and son, Mrs. J. H. Ergens, Mr. and Mrs. N. McQueen, Mrs. Julia Arnold, Miss L. Campbell, Mrs. G. T. Halley, Mrs. E. H. Hinton, Miss Hinton and E. H. Hinton.

* * *

MRS. ALEX SMITH, Miss Esther Smith and Messrs. Theodore and Kendrick Smith have returned from Linville, N. C., where they have spent several weeks.

* * *

MISS HELEN WOOLFOLK, of New York, who is visiting Mrs. Virginius Hitt, was the honor guest at several little affairs last week. Among them was the luncheon at which Mrs. Garnett McMillan entertained Thursday at her home in College Park.

* * *

WEDNESDAY evening there was a swimming party at East Lake, the guests enjoying a picnic supper on the boathouse porch just at twilight. The party included Misses Mary Hines, Elizabeth Morgan, Alice May Freeman, Laura Cowles, Emma Kate Amorous, Marion Hodgson, of Athens; Elizabeth Dunson, Margaret Northen Bockover Toy, Joseph Hodgson, Stralten Hard, Fred Hoyt, Francis Clarke, Ben Daniel, Harry Lorick and Julian Thomas.

* * *

MRS. A. H. ALFRIEND entertained at tea at the Piedmont Club Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Woolfolk of New York, who is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Virginius Hitt.

Tea was served on the terrace about a table which had as its central decoration a bowl of pink and white phlox.

Invited to meet Miss Woolfolk were Misses Susanne Poullaine, Caroline Crenshaw, Lalla Bright Cannon, Mrs. Hitt, Mrs. Lewis Jones, Mrs. F. J. Merriam, and Mrs. Garnett McMillan.

* * *

MR. AND MRS. HARRY DUTTON are at Asbury Park, N. J., for two weeks.

* * *

MR. AND MRS. WILLIAM ARNAUD are chaperoning a congenial party who are camping this week at Silver Lake. Friday morning they motored out and pitched their tents to rough it until next Saturday.

The party includes Misses Helen Thorn, Christine Hooper, Lyda Brown, Virginia Stannard, Priscilla Patton, Mary Virginia Harrison, of Brunswick, who is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Spencer Atkinson, and has with her Miss Ruth Aiken, also of Brunswick. Paul Reese, James Scott, Henry Collier and Harry Howden, of Charleston. Many young men are spending the week-end at the camp. Mr. and Mrs. Valdemar Gude are also with them until Monday.

* * *

MISS HELEN WOOLFORK, of New York, was the attractive honor guest of Mrs. Virginius Hitt's party o nFriday. The apartments of Mrs. Hitt's home were decorated in golden glow and salvia.

The prizes included a silver vanity case for the maker of top score and for the guest of honor, and a cut glass bonbon dish for consolation.

The guests included a charming group of young women; Misses Adeline Thomas, Mignon McCarty, Mildred Hazen, of New Jersey; Helen Jones, Mary Buckner, of Virginia; Frances Connally, Carolyn King, Emma Kate Amorous, Nell Prince, Lilian Logan, Laura Cowles and Mrs. Julian Prade.

* * *

A DELIGHTFUL party was given by little Miss Maria Brown on Saturday afternoon, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Ten-Eyck Brown.

* * *

Mrs. William M. Tilt and little daughter, of New York, are spending some time as guests of Mrs. Tilt's parents, Colonel and Mrs. William Lawson Peel, at "Woodbine," on Peachtree road.

* * *

Mrs. Alan Rogers and her two sons have returned from a month's stay in Jacksonville and Atlantic Beach, Mr. Rogers being engaged in newspaper work at present in Jacksonville.

* * *

IN compliment to Miss Marie Norris and her guests, Miss Marie Beatie, of New York, and Miss Minnie Fambrough, who was with Mrs. William Fambrough last week, Miss Margaret Green gave a swimming party at East Lake County Club Monday afternoon, entertaining at an informal supper on the veranda afterwards.



A Splendid Means of Entertainment

Prices: Our own make $450 600 700 800

THE KIMBALL

88-Note

PLAYER-PIANO

finds its legitimate sphere in the home life of our people. Its ownership bridges the years formerly spent in mechanical toil.

It Unfolds Instantly the Beauty of Music

enabling the performer to devote his attention to the enjoyment and interpretation of the master works. Every musical mood is immediately gratified by the possession of this matchless instrument.

Ask to Hear Any Music

in which you chance to delight, played on the Kimball 88-note Player-Piano at the warerooms of the W. W. Kimball Co. Their library of music rolls comprises every form of music—the popular, classic, operatic, church or dance. You will be charmed with the artistic playing of the Player-Piano. Inquire also about special Library Privileges.

Should you prefer, however, a new upright—we have a most complete stock; prices ranging from $195 to $440; Grands, $650 to $1,250. We have your choice in woods, such as Oak, Mission, Walnut, Rosewood, Circassian and Mahogany.

Special bargains in used instruments at nominal prices.

YOU SAVE WHEN YOU BUY AT KIMBALL'S

W. W. Kimball Co.
Atlanta Branch,
94 N. Pryor Street
H. R. CALEF,
Manager

YOU SAVE WHEN YOU BUY AT KIMBALL'S

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

The Downstairs Section has a mountain of good merchandise which these very low prices will move Monday.

Wash Goods at Extreme Reductions

35c silk-stripe Ottoman Cloth and Poplin in plain colors at 19c yard.

Plain Crepes with self-color stripes; a pretty dress fabric in a full range of colors. Priced for this sale at 10c yard.

Good grade, soft finish Chambray in solid colors, at 8½c a yard.

Galatea in stripes and checks for children's suits and dresses, at 12½c a yard.

Novelty plaids for children's school dresses in fashionable color combinations, at 12½c yard.

7½c yard for yard-wide, soft finish bleached muslin.

29c yard for 60-inch bleached cotton damask, soft finish—ready for the table.

4½c yard for printed Voiles, white ground with dainty colored designs; they are priced regularly at 10c yard.

Remnants of dress and shirting percales, light or dark shades, good quality at 10c yard.

Renfrew dress Ginghams, standard make; plenty of good patterns to select from; priced regularly at 12½c yard, for Monday at 10c.

Blouse LINENE, in natural linen shade, 36 inches wide, at 9c yard.

For Monday we have assembled hundreds of REMNANTS of Percales, Ginghams, Prints, Crepes, Lawns, other Colored Wash Fabrics and White Goods at greatly reduced prices.

The assortment includes many excellent materials for Children's Clothes, which may be had at a very small cost.

Children's Muslin Drawers at 10c pair—hemstitched hem, cluster tucks above; 2 to 12-year sizes.

Girls' White Middy Blouses with blue, red or checked collar and cuffs; 49c each.

Women's Nainsook Gowns; chemise style, lace or embroidery trimmed, finished with beading and ribbon; 75c each.

Corset Covers, lace and embroidery trimmed, drawn with ribbon-run beading; four groups priced at 15c, 19c, 25c and 35c each.

Women's Muslin Drawers at 19c pair.

Bungalow Aprons that give one a domestic turn. They are made of checked percale with red band trimming; cover the entire dress; priced at 49c each.

Good Dresses for Women at Little Prices

Street and House Dresses at $1.69

Well-made, stylish Dresses, of many materials, Ottoman cloth, pique, percale, linene and ginghams, in pinks, blues, tan and black-and-white or all-white.

$1.50 House Dresses at 89c

There is still good choosing among these dresses, which are truly wonderful at the price now asked for them. Prettily made and becoming dresses of lawns, batistes and ginghams, in striped and figured effects; a variety of desirable colors.

$2.49 for $5 to $7.50 Linen Suits

Two-piece Suits of ramie linen, cutaway coat, draped effect skirt; the colors are Copenhagen, light blue, lavender, brown and white. Suits of wonderful value at the price asked Monday.

A Sale of Embroidery at 5c yard

An assortment of embroidery edges and insertions of various widths and patterns, priced for disposal Monday at 5c yard.

Shadow Lace edges and insertions, wide and narrow, for Monday at 5c and 10c yard.

Colonial Embroidery Edging, in colors, or white with colored edges; 6-yard bolts at 10c bolt.

Handkerchiefs, Hosiery and Knit Underwear

Men's initialed Handkerchiefs, narrow hemstitched hem; 10c each, three for 25c.

Children's school Handkerchiefs, plain white, hemstitched hem; 30c dozen—six for 15c.

Women's 35c lace-boot Hose, fast black, for Monday at 25c pair.

Men's Balbriggan Underwear; long or short sleeve shirts; ankle length drawers; broken size range; regular 25c garments at 19c each.

Boys' Summer Combination Suits, athletic style, at 35c suit.

Miscellaneous Economies

100-yard spools of Silk Thread 5c
2 Spools of Cotton Thread, for 5c
2 Papers Needle-point Pins, for 5c
2 Cards Hooks and Eyes, for 5c
2 Cards Nursery Pins, for 5c
1 Card Pearl Buttons 5c
New Patent Egg Beater 10c
Large Basting Spoons 10c
Skimmer Spoons 10c
Giant Forks 10c
Cake Turners 10c
Shelf Brackets, pair 10c

Society in the Suburbs

Decatur

MRS. LEWIS JONES, of Columbia, S. C., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Watts.

Mrs. W. P. Watts, of Carrollton, was the recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Davis and family left Wednesday for White Path, where they will spend several weeks.

Mrs. Rowell, of Macon, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Lightfoot.

Mrs. Manget, of Newnan, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Richards.

Miss Willie Reeves, of Charleston, who has been the guest of Mrs. H. L. Graves, left on Tuesday for Saluda, N. C.

Mrs. E. K. Hunter and Miss Clifford Hunter returned Wednesday from Perry, Ga., where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hurst.

Miss I. C. Footman, Miss Isabelle Wilson and Masters Joe and Fraser Wilson were the recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Kennedy, of Lithia Springs.

Miss Annie Ansley spent the week-end as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Flake, of Conyers.

Miss Mary Houston was hostess for the Decatur Social Club on Thursday.

Mrs. H. G. Hastings entertained charmingly at a 5-o'clock tea on Tuesday for her guest, Miss Freeborn, of Ohio.

Miss Lucy Thompson is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hurst, of Perry.

Miss Merle Hayes entertained at a tea on Tuesday evening for her guests, Miss Mattie Cheves and Miss Gladys Tappan, of White Plains.

Miss Evelyn Harris, of Dothan, Ala., is the guest of the Misses Brigman.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hollingsworth, of Dawson, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Christy.

Miss Mattie Cheves, of Montezuma, and Miss Gladys Tappan, of White Plains, are the guests of Miss Merle Hayes.

Miss Zerretta Estes entertained at a matinee party on Thursday for Miss Tappan and Miss Cheves, the guests of Miss Merle Hayes.

Miss Louise Colzey was the recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Kennedy, of Lithia Springs.

Miss Mittie Beaman, of Greenville, N. C., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Thompson.

Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Von Ezdorf, of Mobile, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Thompson.

Miss Frankie Thompson has returned from a visit to Charlotte.

Mrs. R. A. Alston and children, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Alston, returned to their home in Tennessee on Monday.

Miss Alice Steed, of DeLand, Fla., who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Alden, returned home on Monday.

Mrs. Edgar Stubbs, of Waycross, is the guest of Mrs. Rebekah Green.

Mrs. John Powell, of Sparta, is the guest of Mrs. Rebekah Green.

Miss Mamie Powers gave a pretty luncheon on Friday for Miss Alice Steed, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Alden.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Burgess and Mr. Hugh Burgess left on Saturday for a visit to North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Stewart, of Savannah, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Williams.

Miss Margery Moore has returned from a visit to Prof. E. H. Beck, of Cohutta Springs.

Miss Edith Brightwell, who has been the guest of Miss Sara Franklin Montgomery, returned to Gainesville on Monday.

Misses Sara Smith and Katherine Jones have returned from Newnan where they were the guests of Miss May Moore.

Miss Annie Jones has returned from a visit to Brevard, N. C.

Mrs. N. S. Candler and Miss Nell Candler left on Wednesday for Waynesville, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Cooper left on Tuesday for Blowing Rock, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Stewart, of Fort Pearce are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Williams.

An enjoyable event of the week was the straw ride given by the young men as a compliment to Misses Gladys Tappan and Mattie Cheves, of Montezuma, the guests of Miss Merle Hayes.

Mrs L. P. Peabody, of Columbus, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Martinere.

Kirkwood

MR. AND MRS. ANDREW WILEY were guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Crowley in South Kirkwood recently.

Misses Catherine and Page Davis, daughters of Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Davis, of Atlanta, are visiting Mrs. V. P. Sisson.

Miss Eva Mae Willingham left last week for High Point, N. C.

Mrs. Stewart and the Misses Stewart, of Birmingham, will spend the remainder of the summer with Mrs. Jennie Simons.

Misses Caroline and Phyllis Larendon visited Kirkwood during the week.

Miss Stella Cole Wooten, of Albany, is spending several days with Miss Caroline Sisson.

Mrs. E. M. Willingham, of "Sutherland," accompanied by her daughter, Cleone, left Friday for a visit to New York.

Miss Laura Flanders, of East Orange, N. J., spent the week-end in Kirkwood.

Mrs. W. E. Wooten, of Albany, was the guest of friends in North Kirkwood.

Bishop Rees, of Sewanee, Tenn., has been visiting the family of Col. Z. D. Harrison at "Fern Bank."

Miss Anne Postell, of Savannah, is the guest of Mrs. Harry W. Young in Oakhurst.

Miss Roberta Robson is on a camping trip.

Miss Dell Lane is the guest of Mrs. A. I. Branan.

Mrs. Aram entertained her club last week.

Mrs. Robert Jackson and son, of Bainbridge, is visiting Mrs. Jackson's mother, Mrs. J. D. Dunwoody.

Miss Cornelia Dunwoody is expected home this week from Missouri.

The ice cream festival and entertainment given by the Civic League of Kirkwood was largely attended on Saturday and a handsome sum was realized for the benefit of the school fund.

Misses Helen and Isabel Wayt visited Kirkwood last week.

Miss Helene Corey

She leaves soon for a visit to her kinspeople in Illinois. Miss Corey is a High School girl and is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Corey, of 605 West Peachtree street.



Oakland City

MRS. F. M. MORGAN entertained at "500" Monday afternoon in compliment to her sister, Mrs. W. B. Friedman, of Montgomery. Mrs. Robert Shumake received the prize, a hand-embroidered towel.

Mrs. W. W. Almand entertained the members of the Baraca Class of the Oakland City Baptist Sunday school Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Zurhellen, of Natchez, Miss., with their daughter, Mrs. J. B. Morton, spent the week-end with Mrs. W. O. Martin at her cottage at Tallulah.

Miss Ruth Giles, who has just returned from a two-week visit to Mrs. C. E. Giles, will leave Thursday for Nacoochee to attend a house party.

Miss Rebie Upchurch left Monday for Acworth to join a party of friends on a camping trip.

Misses Mamie and Marie Tabler have returned from Texas.

Mrs. A. H. Brandhorst and children are the guests of relatives in Cincinnati.

Miss May Belle Cherry is visiting Miss Lillian Blair at Austell.

Miss Gladys Fuller has returned from Birmingham.

Miss Flora Baisden has returned from Birmingham, where she was the guest of Mrs. Ollie Roberts.

Mrs. S. W. White and daughters, of Attalla, Ala., are the guests of Mrs. S. T. Whittaker.

Miss Virginia Withers returned Monday from Covington.

Mrs. J. S. Withers is the guest of friends in Austell.

Mrs. M. E. Whittaker is the guest of her son, Dr. S. T. Whittaker.

Mrs. William Spratt has as her guest Mrs. C. E. Giles, of Oxford, and Mrs. R. L. Giles, of New Jersey.

Conne Upchurch, of Macon, was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Upchurch, for the week-end.

Hapeville

MRS. C. GRAVES, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Flint.

Mr. and Mrs. Marvin King have returned from Doerun.

Colonel and Mrs. J. D. Humphries are spending a week at Indian Springs.

Miss Mattie Couch has returned from Senoia.

Misses Alma and Elizabeth Coleman, of Devereaux, are the guests of their brother, H. A. Coleman.

Percy Danford, of Augusta, was the recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Clyatt.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Smith have returned from Indian Springs.

Miss Maud Stilwell, of Montezuma, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Estes.

Dr. Felix McElroy is spending several weeks in New York city.

Mrs. E. H. Wilson, of Jasper, Ala., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Wells.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Coleman have returned to Devereaux, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Coleman.

Misses Asa Carmichael and Virgie Green have returned from Indian Springs, where they were guests of Miss Bernice Jones.

Miss Rounell Brodnax has returned from a month's visit at Monroe and Walnut Grove.

Miss Ida Rhodes has returned from St. Louis, where she attended the Baptist convention.

College Park

MISS GEORGIANA WHITE, of Griffin, is visiting Miss Helen Smith.

The sewing club met on Friday with Miss Carrie Crenshaw.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hitchings motored to Stone Mountain with Dr. and Mrs. Sambright for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Myers entertained at dinner on Wednesday for Mrs. Parsons, of New York.

The Misses DeFoor entertained for their guest, Miss Gladys Hudson, at a dance on Tuesday evening.

Miss Bessie Smith is attending a house party in Greenville.

Miss Gladys Hudson is the guest of the Misses Olive and Ethel DeFoor.

Miss Plumb is visiting Miss Winie Ison.

Miss Ruth Reid leaves Monday to visit Miss Young, of Quitman.

Mrs. George Longino is visiting her aunt, Mrs. A. P. Patterson, in Griffin.

Miss Helen Smith entertained Wednesday for her guest, Miss White.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Foster, of Manchester, who have been with Mr. and Mrs. Edward Richardson, are now at the Majestic Hotel in Atlanta.

HOTEL ANSLEY

Atlanta, Ga.

The South's finest and most modern hotel.

Table d'Hote Dinner served today, Sunday, August 17, 6 p. m. to 8:30 p. m.; price, $1.00 per person.

Tables should be reserved in advance, if possible. Phone Ivy 1100.

MENU

Stuffed Celery. Olives.
Cream of Chicken a la Reine.
Pomme Laurette.
Siberian Punch.
Broiled Squab Chicken au Cresson.
Pomme Gaufrette, Harricote Verts.
Lettuce Salad Russian Dressing.
Pistache Ice Cream. Cakes.
Cafe Noir.

Special Sunday evening concert by Hotel Ansley Orchestra from 6 to 10 p. m., on mezzanine floor.

NEWS of SOCIETY at the RESORTS

White Sulpher Springs

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA., Aug. 16.—The season, which did not get under way here until the arrival of the Atlanta contingent, has reached a brilliant climax this week, the social calendar including a bal poudre on Monday night; the first the dansant ever given here, on Tuesday afternoon, when many Atlantans responded to invitatios extended by Mrs. James H. Preston, wife of the Mayor of Baltimore, in compliment to her debutante daughter, Miss Alice Wilks Preston; a morning german yesterday by George W. Stevens, president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway, and a german this afternoon in the Casino with Mr. and Mrs. John W. Grant as hosts, in compliment to Miss Margaret Grant, one of the most popular debutantes here, and the Georgia girls who have been spending the season here.

Thomas B. Paine, to whom everyone looks as the leader here, alternated with Colonel Jo Lane Sterne in leading the cotillion which followed a revival of the "White Sulphur Riley," at the bal poudre on Monday evening. Many handsome gowns were worn, some of the most notable being those of Mrs. Thomas B. Paine, Mrs. Billups Phinizy, Mrs. F. S. Ellis, Mrs. Grant and the Misses Harriet Calhoun, Margaret Grant, Martha and Nellie Phinizy and Katherine Ellis.

On Wednesday evening Miss Ellis was entertained at a large supper party in the grill by Mrs. Frank Ellis.

The party given by Mr. and Mrs. Grant this afternoon was one of the most charming affairs of the week. Refreshments were served on the lawns surrounding the Casino and dancing continued until long after sunset.

Mrs. John W. Somerville has joined Mr. and Mrs. Paine for a brief visit.

Indian Springs

INDIAN SPRINGS, Aug. 16.—Among those registering at the Wigwam Hotel this week were Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Lane and family, Macon; Miss Florella Crouch, Mrs. J. E. Wikles and daughter, Dawson; Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Thomas, Augusta; A. M. Beck, Atlanta; Jole Davis, Macon; Mrs W. K. Daniels, Gabbettville; Miss Carrie Mayo, Miss Mamie Upchurch, Locust Grove; Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Odam, Lyons; Neon Buchanan and family, Americus; Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Jones and family, Marshallville; W. T. Anderson, Macon; Miss Jennie Farmer, Dothan; Major and Mrs. A. Lewis, Dawson; Judge and Mrs. E. L. Brinson, Waynesboro; Miss Cecile Ingram, Miss Sarah Hearn, Mrs. M. A. Hudson, Miss Mildred Walker, Eatonton; Dr. J. Leon Bell, Swainsboro; Thomas Callaway, Milledgeville; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Dodson, Miss Mattie Lewis Dodson, Miss Georgia Bena Dodson, W. A. Dodson, Jr., Americus; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Walker, Mrs. W. H. Felton, Mrs. M. J. Hatcher, Marshallville; Mr. and Mrs. Bona Allen, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Allen, Mrs. Shadbourn and daughter; O. D. Hall, Buford; B. G. Tippins and wife, Fitzgerald; S. H. Barrett and wife, Miss Mina McGinity, Mrs. R. C. McGinity, Georgetown; Mrs. F. O. Miller, Fort Valley; George Mulligan, Ben F. Bradley, Washington Mr. and Mrs. J. Mobley, Atlanta; Mrs. J. W. Wooten, Miss Claire Wooten, Dawson; Mr. and Mrs. Ed M. McKenzie, Montezuma, Mr. and Mrs. W. Parks Walker, Griffin; Mrs. J. W. Spencer and son, Eufaula; Mrs. J. S. and Miss Eunice Lott, Douglas; George B. Jewett and family, Macon; C. W. Wimberly, Waynesboro, M. W. Johnson and wife, Lithonia; Alf Truitt, Atlanta; Mrs. M. P. Law and Miss Law, Marietta; J. E. Lewis, New Orleans; Mr. S. J. Simms, Miss Bonner Simms, Miss Lester, Covington.

Wrightsville Beach

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, Aug. 16. Among the recent arrivals at the Beach from Georgia are W. M. Woods, Misses May Connell, Madalyn Brooks, Mrs. C. Marshall, Misses Eula and Mildred Caldwell, F. R. Veale, J. E. Rowe, Frank Sally, L. D. McDonald, R. G. Musick, Atlanta; Clifford Walker, Monroe; R. C. Postell, Tifton; Misses Gertrude, Marion and Ella Black, Rome.

St. Augustine

ST. AUGUSTINE, Aug. 16.—Extensive plans for city beautification and general civic improvement are being urged by the Woman's Civic League, and as a result members of the league are preparing for an active winter season of work.

The league was organized last winter and accomplished a great deal. The members are now urging additional beautification. The league has "beauty spots" in each ward, and these will be planted in pretty flowers which will bloom through the tourist season. Mrs. C. M. Bevan is president of the league.

Mrs. Aileen Cooper, a favorite in local social circles and an active leader in the work of the St. Cecilia Music Club, is now visiting relatives in Charlotte, N. C. She will spend some time in Atlanta before returning home.

Mrs. W. W. Greatorex and daughter, Miss Winnifred, are spending several weeks at White Springs.

The Misses Everett left yesterday for Clarkesville, Ga., where they will spend some time visiting friends.

Isle of Palms

ISLE OF PALMS, S. C., Aug. 16.—Among the guests of the week at the Isle of Palms Hotel were the following Atlanta people: Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Brittain, S. M. McKendry, C. B. Beardsley, J. B. Jacoway, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carman, the Misses Carman, Wylie West, W. A. Johnson, T. T. Gaffney and party, Lloyd Massenbrutz, R. H. Chadwick, C. H. Williamson, Miss Brady, K. B. Spencer, H. H. Ware, C. K. Ayer and W. W. Malsby.

Other Georgia visitors were R. J. Holmes, Savannah; C. H. Highley and Miss Frances Marion Highley, Augusta; Miss Ware, LaGrange; Miss Gladys Chapman, Augusta; Miss Armstrong, Augusta; Miss Jean LeFrage, Dublin; Euclid Claussen, Augusta, and John W. McAuliffe, Augusta.

In the WORLD of SOCIETY

MRS. ROBERT MADDOX has gone to Kineo, Maine, to spend August, having stopped over en route for a short visit to Washington, followed by a week-end at the Greenbrier White. Dr. and Mrs. Bates Block left Sunday for a trip to the Yellowstone Park, after which they will make an extended tour of the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Winship Nunnally and Mr. and Mrs. John Charles Wheatley have recently joined the Atlanta colony at Wrightsville Beach. Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Kiser, Mrs. Harry English and Captain English are to go East for a short stay, Mrs. Harry English to go to Kineo, Maine, afterward for a month's stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Woodruff are in Michigan, and are having a pleasant tour in the Great Lakes country. Mrs. Howell Peeples left a few days ago for Warrenton, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Block are at Atlantic City. The exodus continues, day by day, and there are few returns to note as yet except from the seashore. The mountains, the East and West are the favored places for those leaving Atlanta in August.

• • •

MISS CAROL DEAN, of Gainesville, who is visiting Miss Mary Lucy Turner, has been the guest of honor at several informal affairs the past week.

On Thursday evening she was tendered a swimming party at the East Lake Country Club. In the afternoon the guests enjoyed swimming, after which they rowed on the lake, going to the farther side of the lake to have their picnic supper.

In the party were Misses Mary Lucy Turner, Carol Dean, Mary Belle Hixon of Americus, the guest of Mrs. Russell Bridges; Virginia Stannard, Lucile Dennis, Emma Jordan, Frank Spratling, George Walker, Thomas Munroe, Hugh Hackney, Allan Shears, Eugene Harrington, Dr. Charles Hodge, Frank Gillespie and Julian Thomas. Mr. and Mrs. Russell Bridges chaperoned the party.

• • •

MRS. THOMAS H. MORGAN and Miss Elizabeth Morgan entertained at tea at the Piedmont Club Friday afternoon for Mrs. Frampton Ellis, a recent bride.

The guests included Misses Carolyn King, Mary Brown, Mrs. W. H. Rhett, Mrs. John Oliver, Mrs. Prioleau Ellis and Mrs. W. A. Speer.

• • •

A RATHER unusual party was that given Friday evening by Miss Helen Jones, when she invited five girls to spend the night with her. The party was in compliment to Miss Mildred Hazen, of Orange, N. J., who is visiting Miss Mignon McCarty.

The guests included Misses Mignon McCarty, Mildred Hazen, Margaret Buckner, Carolyn King, Lalla Bright Cannon; Tyler Waller, Clarence Trippe, Frank Spratling, Drury Walters, Fred Hoyt and George Street.

• • •

MRS. JAMES H. TAYLOR entertained at bridge luncheon Friday at her home in Druid Circle, in compliment to Miss Eva Marie Beatie, of New York, who is the guest of Miss Marie Norris.

Misses Norris and Beatie are the house guests of Mrs. Taylor for a week.

Invited to meet Miss Beatie were Misses Irene Bennett, Margaret Farnsworth, Lallie Tipton, Margaret Green, Allene Perryman, Mildred Harris, Josephine Smith, Marie Oliver, Margaret Gause and Winnie Ison.

• • •

MRS. W. D. WILLINGHAM, Miss Theodosia Willingham and W. D. Willingham, Jr., are spending several weeks in Atlantic City. They will go from there to Portland, Maine, for the remainder of the summer.

• • •

MRS. CHARLES WALKER entertained at bridge Friday evening for her guest, Miss Allison Smith, of Birmingham.

Invited to meet Miss Smith were Misses Lucile Oslin, Cullen Battle, Marie Dinkins, Dora Candler, Estelle Lindsey, Mary Belle Hixon of Americus, Annie Lou Pagett, Emily Cassin, Mildred Holding, Evelyn Estes, Eloise Cooper, Virginia Rodgers, Marvine Morris; Owen Lively, Horace McHand, Milton McGovern, John Dobbs, Rolla Cassells, Winslow McGovern, Clarence Everett, Sewell, Brooks, Mell, James Miller, James Mellichamp, Locke Crumley, Charley Moon, Paul McGovern and John White.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. Michael Hoke and little daughters have gone to Highlands, N. C., for a stay of several weeks.

• • •

Misses Helen Atkissen, Louise Couper and Katherine Darby left Friday afternoon to be the house party guests of Mrs. George Spence at her country home, "Woodmill," near Roswell.

Call 43---
To STODDARDIZE

STEP to either phone—call Bell, Ivy 43 or Atlanta phone, 43. We'll send a wagon for a phone call—and STODDARDIZE your clothes so they'll really look like new!

We pay Charges (one way) on Out-of-Town Orders of $2 or more.

Stoddard — 126 Peachtree Street, Bell Phone, Ivy 43, Atlanta Phone 43 — Dixie's Greatest Dry Cleaner and Dyer

J. M. HIGH COMPANY. — High's Restaurant Best Place to Eat in Atlanta. — J. M. HIGH COMPANY.

New Fall Models in Corsets at $1.00 up



First showing Monday of new Warner's Rust Proof, R. & G. and W. B. Corsets, in the proper models to wear with new fall suits and dresses. Some in styles to give the modish "Corsetless" figure, others in the more conservative models, but all the low and medium bust and long hip fashions.

Priced $1.00 and up

One-Day Sale Silk Petticoats

New Fall Styles $1.98 Monday only

We insist that you get one of these rare bargains bright and early Monday. You will have to pay $3.00 and $3.50 elsewhere. They are new—every color for street and evening. Splendid qualities messaline and taffeta.

Monday's Price $1.98

No Phone Orders Filled on These.

$10 White Voile Dresses Monday $3.95

100 elegantly embroidered and lace inserted white voile dresses, in all sizes, and in several beautiful models. The usual $10.00 kinds, to close $3.95

Now for Another Busy Monday!

Our Buyer Triumphs Again in a Wonder Purchase of New

Silk Dresses

Not Old Stock, but Fresh, New, Bright, Fall Styles, Values to $25 — $14.75



These came by Friday's express; dresses of the latest styles, newest French colors and distinctively elegant qualities. We consider them some of the greatest bargains we ever had the pleasure of presenting—but we want your opinion, too. Plenty of new blue shadings and a wide variety of blacks, some suitable for mourning wear, some with embellishments of contrasting colorings. Be sure you see them early and get first choice for $14.75

White Skirts — Values to $3.50 — $1.50
Do you need an elegant white skirt? Would a price interest you? Take a look at these fine ratine, linen and crash skirts.
Values to $3.50 at $1.50.

Linen Dresses — Values to $12.50 — $2.95
Only a limited number of these pretty colored linen dresses. Some in coatee styles, some one-piece models. We are going to close out dresses priced $7.50 to $12.50. Choice $2.95.

Voile Waists — Values to $2.50 — 77c
We want you to share in these great bargains. Fine voile, lingerie and linen waists, clean and dainty, values up to $2.50. While they last 77c

Elegant Charmeuse Messaline Dresses

$20 Values $7.95

Another most important dress offering—perfectly beautiful charmeuse messaline dresses in taupe, black, browns, tans and blues. We have only 24 dresses and they are most wonderful $20 values. To first comers Monday ... $7.95

J. M. HIGH COMPANY — Attend Our August Sale of Furniture — J. M. HIGH COMPANY



In the REALM of CLVBDOM



CARDINAL GIBBONS ON WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE

CARDINAL GIBBONS, of the Roman Catholic Church, has expressed his belief in the coming of suffrage for woman in this country, but he qualified his expression with the remark that he was not voicing his own approval on the subject, as the church had taken no action in the matter and that the Catholic Church had always maintained the home-loving idea in its women. But that he believed that suffrage is coming, he did assert.

These are not the exact words of the Cardinal, but they embody the idea.

In other States the ballot has been given women, and women have proved that they can conduct a political campaign without lessening their dignity.

"The danger lies, however," said a well known Southern club woman, who comes of a race of politicians and statesmen, "not in the fact that women can vote or that they are likely to neglect their homes and families, but in their OWN PERSONAL AMBITION. Women as a rule are FOLLOWERS. They must have a leader, and when a leader appears upon the boards, they naturally, not knowing themselves much of the machinery of politics, follow. When the leader becomes accustomed to be followed and feels her power of position and influence she just naturally wants everything in sight. And the other women are ready to give it to her, until they learn to lead themselves, and then they become her bitter foes. Women are not like men when they are your foes. They will give no inch while they are taking every ell in sight.

"I have seen men in political campaigns fight to the finish at one time, and next year walk serenely, hand in hand, in their affiliations. Women will never do that. They are your enemy to-day, to-morrow and forever! That is their idea of right and justice. Once condemned, forever lost.

"In the maelstrom of political affairs that are brewing for the women of Georgia there is sure to come a time when the test of this will be in the public eye. There are already LEADERS and FOLLOWERS in the State, and the question will be, will the leaders lead, and will the followers follow after they have dived deep into politics and get a clearer understanding of the situation?

"Women will make honest politicians. They will not squander the State's patrimony, nor will they patronize unscrupulous political heelers. They will administer with clean hands, but until they broaden out considerably they will administer with the dominant thought of self-advancement—not for the advancement of the cause so much as for the advancement of their personal plans and power.

"Herein lies the danger to the ballot if women are enfranchised. Herein lies the danger to the State, to the home, if there really is any danger to the home, and to the other women who FOLLOW.

"It has been said that many of the women's club of to-day that are organizing unostentatiously are bodies political, and that is true in a way. They are unconsciously political. Reading up on law, on civics, on all the MAN-WOMAN questions that are pertinent to-day, they just naturally become informed along the lines that make them politicians, and while some of them will deny being for suffrage, they are UNCONSCIOUSLY.

"Cardinal Gibbons is right, as is many of the best minds in the country to-day. Suffrage is coming, but before it comes the women must grow out of the PERSONAL, before they can accomplish the beautiful and wonderful reorganization that is expected in the world of politics in the near future.

"THE DANGER LIES IN THE FEW—NOT THE MANY!

"There are several suffrage organizations in Atlanta with brainy women at the head. The Atlanta Woman's Suffrage Association has Mrs. Mary L. McLendon as its president. The leader of the Woman's Suffrage League is Mrs. Francis Whitesides. Both women are well equipped to be at the head of any organization where brains and ability are necessary. Besides, there are several branches of the main societies that are composed of younger women, and there is proposed for the fall an organization for young girls who will be trained for the great thought and work the suffragists have on hand for the future. This organization will be formed on the North Side, and will have as its head one of the most brilliant of the younger members of society, a woman who is graduated from one of the foremost colleges in the country and who is gifted in many ways. The Atlanta woman suffragists are not militant. They are an earnest body of intelligent women working for what they believe is their right—the ballot.

"And sooner or later they are sure of getting that, for it is sure to come."

• • •

REGISTERED NURSES HAVE HOUSE WARMING

THE Atlanta Registered Nurses' Association entertained at their new home in the Herbert Apartments Wednesday afternoon and evening with a brilliant reception, more than 200 guests calling.

The Atlanta Registered Nurses' Association, although a newly organized club, is one of the most enterprising and active clubs in the City Federation.

The club made its formal debut as a regularly organized body at the Pure Food Show in the spring. At that time the nurses kept an open booth, where demonstrations of child welfare, the care of babies and everything pertaining to the life of a child was put into practice for the benefit of the public. At that time articles of value to the needs of children were sold, and a nice sum of money was raised to contribute to the Home for Incurables.

The reception on Wednesday afternoon and evening was in the way of a house warming, as it was the first time the new quarters of the nurses were opened for inspection.

It is proposed by the club to furnish a permanent home for the nurses who have no home or family of their own in the city. There will be all the comforts provided for a home life, and the occupants of the home will have every attention when off duty. In the home will be an accurately kept register, where the nurses can check in and check out as they go on and off duty. It will furnish a central place so nurses can be reached without delay, and where every nurse will have an equal showing when it comes to recommendations and placing on cases.

The principal object of the association is to provide first-class service for the public, and to promote good fellowship among the nurses.

It is a matter of fact that many of the very best nurses who graduate from the schools and hospitals are not started off right. If a physician calls a nurse on a case she has the chance to make friends, thereby getting well spoken of by her patient and his family, and in this way get other calls. Sometimes a nurse graduates and for some reason is overlooked by the doctors, and for many months may go without a case, which means a great loss to her. The Atlanta Registered Nurses' Association will remedy this situation by keeping in touch with every nurse in the club and helping her to the road of success.

On the occasion of the home being opened Wednesday the advisory board, the superintendents of all the hospitals and sanitariums in the city, together with the officers of the club assisted in receiving the guests.

On the occasion of the reception Wednesday afternoon the house was beautifully decorated with flowers and refreshments were served from a prettily appointed table.

Assisting in the entertainment were the advisory board, the superintendents of all the hospitals and sanitariums in the city and the officers of the club, as follows:

Miss Kamensky, president; Miss Berta Thompson, first vice president; Miss Caroline Norton, second vice president; Miss Florence Atwell, recording secretary; Miss J. M. Candlish, corresponding secretary; Miss Mamie Mobley, treasurer; Miss E. P. Tupman, auditor; Mrs. Theodosia Wardell, registrar; Mrs. Molly Rosenberg, chairman house committee; Miss Frances Patton, chairman membership committee; Miss Alberta Dozier, chairman register committee; Miss E. B. Whatley, chairman nominations committee; Miss E. P. Tupman, chairman auditing committee; Miss Virginia Gibbs and Miss C. M. Johnson, chairman press and publicity committee.

The advisory board is Dr. Charles Boynton, Dr. William Perrin Nicolson, Dr. C. W. Summerall, Dr. J. B. Paulin, Dr. Cyrus Strickler, Mrs. Charles J. Haden, president of the City Federation; Mrs. W. B. Price-Smith, Mrs. Fred Hodgson, Mrs. H. E. W. Palmer and Mrs. W. L. Peel.

Superintendents of the private sanitariums and city hospitals who were in the receiving party were: Miss McGlynn, of the Noble Sanitarium; Miss Phebeck, of Grady Hospital; Miss Morton, of Davis-Fischer Sanitarium; Miss Morgan, of the Tabernacle Infirmary; Miss Thomas, of the Elkin-Goldsmith Sanitarium, and others.

• • •

THE WOMAN SUFFRAGE LEAGUE.

THE Woman Suffrage League held its regular semi-monthly meeting in the lecture rooms of Carnegie Library Wednesday, Mrs. Harry Smith, the president, in the chair.

Mrs. Gardner, the secretary, gave a most gratifying report of work accomplished. Numbers of buttons and badges had been sold, and suffrage literature, The Woman's Journal and leaflets by the hundred had been distributed to eager inquirers.

Mrs. Bradley gave a full account of the funds she had collected from membership dues, sales and contributions. In spite of constant and heavy calls upon the treasury, the reserve fund was most gratifying.

Mrs. Helmer, chairman of membership, presented 30 new names that had just been passed upon by the executive committee. She stated that the enrollment was now approaching the 200 mark.

Mrs. Whiteside, chairman of education, outlined the work in political economics for the coming fall. Municipal government will be the first subject taken up. From the city the study work will proceed to the State, and then to the National Government.

She spoke in glowing terms of the reception of the "pilgrims" in Washington, July 31. She said the Senators of the ten suffrage States warmly advocated suffrage, and Senators from Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Ohio and Nevada fully indorsed their sentiments. But few Senators uttered unfavorable criticism. They either are convinced that suffrage is the need of the country or, if adverse, they have decided that silence is the better policy.

She referred to the work accomplished by the women of Chicago, who determined to keep Mrs. Ella Flagg Young in her position as superintendent of schools. These women, with the ballot as their weapon, demanded and obtained fair representation on the Board of Education, and retained in office the best superintendent Chicago has ever known.

Mrs. Albert Howell, the vice president, gave an interesting anecdote on suffrage campaigning.

"I asked a neighbor," said Mrs. Howell, "to join our league. She was quite horrified that anyone should suggest to her to leave her children and neglect her family by voting. I asked her how many bridge clubs she belonged to. 'Only three,' she told me. 'Yes,' I replied, 'I see. Each of these clubs meets once a week, taking you from home about nine hours per week, about 450 hours per year. It is not to be wondered at that you fail to find five minutes twice a year to cast your ballot.'"

The feature of the meeting was an address by Professor George Allen Loehr. He gave woman's work in its different phases, and showed how fully she has measured up in every field she has entered.

So thoroughly were the audience in accord with the speaker that he was urged to furnish his address to the league for publication.

• • •

Y. M. C. A. AUXILIARY HOLDS MEETING FRIDAY

THE Ladies Auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian Association met Friday afternoon in the Baptist Tabernacle with a large attendance.

• • •

PSYCHOLOGICAL STUDY CLASS.

THE PSYCHOLOGICAL STUDY CLASS met Thursday afternoon, at which time Mrs. Allen, of Springfield, Mo., lectured on "Spiritual Science." A large number of psychologists were present to hear Mrs. Allen, who is regarded as one of the advanced thinkers of the society.

• • •

PIONEER WOMAN MEETS WITH ACCIDENT

DURING the week Mrs. John M. Stephens, member of the Atlanta Woman's Pioneer Society, had the misfortune to break her wrist, from which she is suffering greatly. Mrs. Stephens is at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Eugene Mitchell, on the Peachtree road.

• • •

KIRKWOOD CIVIC LEAGUE.

ONE of the most successful civic clubs in the federation is that organized in Kirkwood in 1911. There are 54 members, with civic betterment, literature and philanthropy as an incentive for their endeavor, and all are directing their activities toward the improvement of their community.

Officers of the Kirkwood Civic Club are Mrs. J. D. Dunwoody, president; Mrs. A. R. Brogdon, vice president; Mrs. D. K. Aran, second vice president; Miss Estill, secretary, and Mrs. W. D. Paden, treasurer.

During the first year of its establishment the Kirkwood Civic Club bought and paid for a lot for a park and schoolhouse, and established the drinking cups in the schools.

For the early fall work this organization has many interesting plans to develop which will be taken up with the October meetings.

The league gave an ice cream festival at Warlick Place Saturday afternoon, at which time a delightful program of games and music was enjoyed. A large number of patrons attended the entertainment, which made it a social and financial success.

• • •

NEEDLECRAFT CIRCLE, NO. 1.

EDGEWOOD Needlecraft Circle was organized in January, 1913, with a charter membership of 22, which continues about the same at the present time.

As is implied by its name, the purpose of the organization is a kind of social co-operation in promoting interest and ambition to excel in the art of needlecraft, the purpose being not only to develop skill, but to cultivate an appreciation of the beautiful and artistic.

So it was that last January 22 enthusiastic ladies gathered in an Edgewood home for the purpose of organizing, and organized into a circle with the following officers: Mrs. W. M. Gill, president; Mrs. M. V. Hartwell, vice president; Mrs. E. E. Stud, treasurer; Miss Willie Hartwell, secretary.

Committee on Membership: Mrs. McDonald, chairman; Mrs. Dennis, Mrs. M. D. Ruff, Mrs. Aiken, Mrs. McCormack.

After a few meetings it was felt by the members that they should broaden the scope beyond the limits of the original thought, needlecraft, and this gradually led to activity in civic interest.

• • •

CENTER HILL CIVIC CLUB.

THE Center Hill Civic Club met with Mrs. John Starr at her home in Center Hill during the week, when the question of widening the public road in that section of the city and of better car service was taken up as the subject for discussion.

Center Hill is a community of 1,200 home-owners, and it has been one of the important works of the club to get better car service. In this suburban section, which lies adjacent to the river car line, there are 100 children under 9 years of age who attend the public school at Center Hill, and as the road is very narrow and dangerous for the children on account of the automobiles that pass so continuously, and so almost impassable for the residents in bad weather, the club is directing its energies partly toward the improvement of this condition.

"There is only 150 feet of road to be worked into a desirable thoroughfare, and we hope through the road commissioners to get it done speedily," said Mrs. Starr, president of the club.

"In bad weather it is very hard on the young women who come into Atlanta to attend the various office positions many of them hold, for the road is muddy, and with the cuts in the dirt made by wagons and automobile traffic, the mud becomes slush and has spoiled several of the girls' clothes. It is unsafe, too, for the children and I have seen many little ones nearly run over on account of the unfavorable condition of the road. To remedy this," concluded Mrs. Starr, "is one of the dearest wishes of the Center Hill Club."

There are nearly 100 members in the club, which has but recently organized.

• • •

TENTH WARD IMPROVEMENT CLUB.

MRS. F. R. LINDORME, president of the Tenth Ward Improvement Club, was hostess for the club Thursday afternoon at her home in Stewart avenue.

During the summer the Tenth Ward Improvement Club has been holding monthly meetings instead of semi-monthly meetings, as is the regular order, but will shortly begin meeting every second and fourth Thursday, as heretofore.

The Thursday meeting was a business one, at which time reports were made on the Westminster Park, for which the city has appropriated $1,500 on the street improvements and other matters that are engaging the attention of the club.

There are 25 members in the club. Following are the officers: Mrs. F. R. Lindorme, president; Mrs. Norman Harper, vice president; Mrs. Carl Weinmeister, second vice president; Mrs. A. M. Turman, secretary, and Mrs. McDonald, treasurer.

• • •

RAILWAY AUXILIARY POSTPONES MEETING

THE Woman's Auxiliary of the Railway Men's Association postponed their regular meeting, which was to have taken place this week, on account of the illness of Mrs. Roy Willheit, who is one of the active members of the association.

• • •

D. A. R. SCHOLARSHIP AT WASHINGTON SEMINARY

THE Atlanta Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, has a scholarship in the Washington Seminary.

This scholarship includes four years of study in all the branches of English literature. Mrs. A. McDowell Wolff, chairman of the educational committee, has requested all girls wishing to enter the list of applicants to report to her at once in person or by letter at her address, No. 9 Peachtree place, where she is prepared to give all information concerning the scholarship.

This scholarship carries with it nothing of obligation and is a full four-year course.

• • •

W. C. T. U. ARRANGES FOR FALL WORK

THE Woman's Christian Temperance Union held an interesting meeting in the Sunday school room of Trinity church Thursday afternoon, at which time plans were made for the early fall work. Mrs. Mary L. McLendon is president of this organization and has furthered the influence of the association to the extent of having a splendid membership enrolled at this time.

• • •

HABERSHAM CHAPTER PLANS FOR WINTER

AN interesting meeting was held by the Joseph Habersham Chapter D. A. R. at the home of the regent, Mrs. John A. Perdue, Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, at which time important matters pertaining to the work of the chapter were discussed. This chapter has been very active during the summer months, and has more elaborate plans for the fall and winter, all of which will bear upon the social life of the city, as well as upon the patriotic work of the D. A. R. organization.

• • •

U. D. C.'S ATTEND MRS. SMITH'S FUNERAL

THE United Daughters of the Confederacy attended the funeral of Mrs. A. J. Smith, which took place from St. Mark church last week. Mrs. Smith was a prominent member of the Atlanta Chapter U. D. C. and had many friends in the association.

• • •

MRS. MARIE MYRICK VISITS LEGISLATURE

MRS. MARIE LOUISE MYRICK, has been in the city this week with her son, Shelby Myrick, of Savannah, who is in the Legislature. Mrs. Myrick is a prominent club woman and is said to be among the best women politicians in the state.

SOCIETY in the Churches

ST. MARK.

WEDNESDAY afternoon the ladies of the two committee, No. 8 and No. 5, of the Methodist Church gave a delightful ice cream festival on the lawn of St. Mark Church under the management of the chairmen of the committees. A large number of patrons were served and a nice sum added to the committee funds. Having charge of the festival was Mrs. Elizabeth Winship Bates and Mrs. R. L. Byers.

The Woman's Missionary Society of St. Mark Church held its regular meeting at the Sunday school rooms Tuesday afternoon.

• • •

ALL SAINT'S

MISS JENNIE PRENTISS, Miss Mary Prentiss and Mrs. Prentiss, their mother, will return from Goshen, N. Y., September 1.

Mrs. J. S. Hamilton and Miss Louisa Hamilton will return from Sewanee, Tenn., early in September, and will take an apartment for the winter.

• • •

ST. PHILIP'S CATHEDRAL.

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT SHARP and their daughter, Miss Sharp, will spend the next few weeks in Canada visiting relatives and friends. Mrs. Sharp is president of the Woman's Guild of St. Philip's Cathedral.

Rev. C. T. A. Pise, dean of St. Philip's Cathedral, has returned from a week's visit to Clarkesville.

The Ladies' Aid Society will resume its meetings in September, at which time plans will be perfected for the December bazar which the ladies of the Cathedral hold annually.

• • •

THURSDAY evening the ladies of the Druid Hills Methodist Church gave a "Mother Goose" entertainment, at which time beautiful pantomime stories from Mother Goose melodies were reproduced by children.

Mrs. William Frizzell and Miss Hope Wilder had charge of the entertainment, which was an artistic as well as financial success.

• • •

PONCE DE LEON BAPTIST.

THE district meeting of the Atlanta Baptist women will be held with the Ponce DeLeon Avenue Baptist Church next Monday afternoon, at which time Mrs. W. O. Mitchell, superintendent of the district, will preside.

Following the business session a reception will be held in honor of Miss Clifford Hunter, who is going to China as a missionary in a short time. Miss Hunter was appointed by the Foreign Mission Board to a post in North China. Every woman in the Baptist church is invited to attend the meeting and personally meet Miss Hunter, who sails for her new home in the Orient in the early fall.

DRUID HILLS METHODIST.

THE ladies of Circle No. 5 and Circle No. 1 of the Druid Hills Methodist Church will entertain the ladies of the Druid Hills Presbyterian Church and the ladies of St. John's Methodist Church Monday afternoon.

There will be an interesting program and refreshments. Following is the program:

Devotional—Mrs. T. R. Kendall, Gainesville, Ga.

Solo—Mrs. J. W. Shinholser.

Snatches from Bulletin—Mrs. E. W. Rose.

Tampa—Mrs. W. A. Albright.

Reading—Miss Mary Stovall.

Cuba—Mrs. W. A. Candler.

Solo—Mrs. J. W. Shinholser.

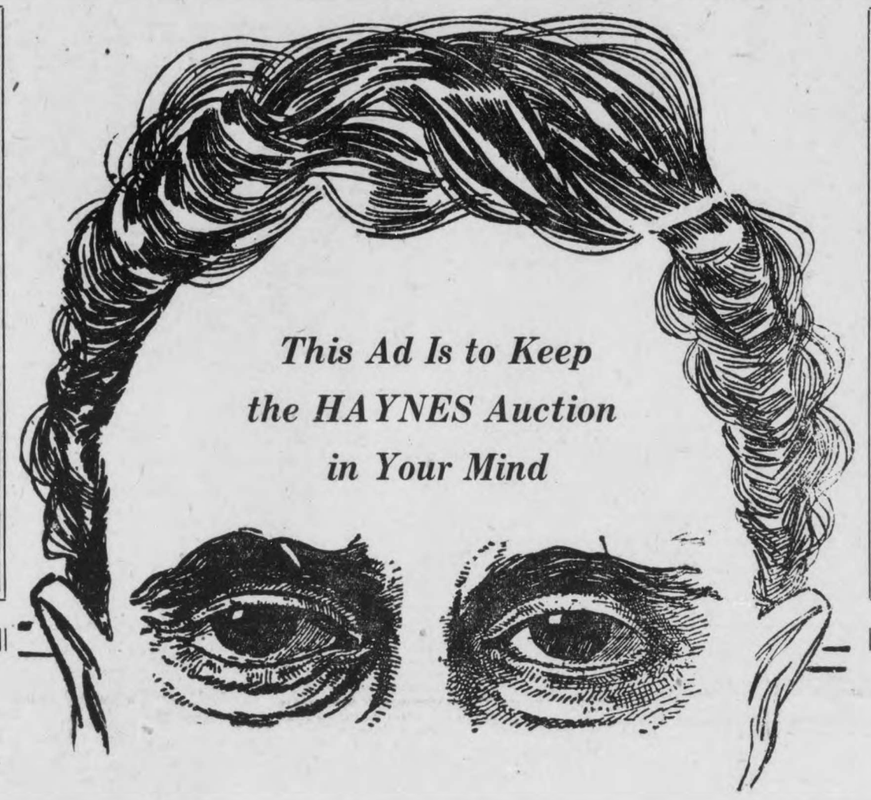
Symposium—Led by Mrs. Leon C. Greer.

Social—Mrs. A. L. Norris.

COME!

Every Article Goes to the Highest Bidder.

COME!



This Ad Is to Keep the HAYNES Auction in Your Mind

Beautiful Presents for the Ladies

Come To-morrow to the Great AUCTION of Jewelry That Surely Has Set the Entire Town Talking!

$150,000 worth of the most beautiful Diamonds, Gold Goods, Sterling Silver, Cut Glass and Fine Jewelry selling to the HIGHEST BIDDER!

SALES DAILY 11:00 a. m. 3:30 p. m. 8:00 p. m. SATURDAY

BEAUTIFUL PRESENTS FOR THE LADIES

EUGENE V. HAYNES CO.

BRIGGS & REID, Auctioneers 37 Whitehall Street

Rich's Economy Basement

Fresh, New Satin Evening Slippers

$1.95



In Black, White, Pink, Blue and Red, with beautiful rose Pom-pon to match color.

Cuban heels only.

Genuine $3.50 values.

Mail Orders filled.

Rich's

Economy Basement

M. Rich & Bros. Co.

A stirring sale of $4 White Canvas Pumps

$1.95



Over 400 pairs, including a number of white canvas Button and Lace Oxfords.

The range of sizes and widths is almost perfect.

To-morrow is the better day to profit from this price slashing.

Do not forget the price and come early.

$1.95

M. Rich & Bros. Co.

Shoe Section. Rear, Main Aisle.

Out-of-Town Society



Savannah

SAVANNAH, Aug. 16.—Much interest attaches to the marriage of Miss Lila Evans to Dr. Olin Harrington Longino, first lieutenant, C. A. C., U. S. A., of Fort Screven, at Christ Episcopal Church, Savannah, on August 28.

A marriage in which there was much interest was that of Miss Clara Millen and James E. Haskin, which was solemnized Tuesday night at 8 o'clock by the Rev. M. F. Roberts at Rev. Mr. Roberts' residence on Abercorn street.

The marriage of Miss Adelaide Guerrard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William P. Guerrard, to William James McNish, of San Francisco, took place Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock at St. Paul's Episcopal Church. The pastor, the Rev. S. B. McGlohon, officiated.

Miss Lillian T. Johnson and Richard F. Lovett were married Tuesday afternoon at St. Patrick's Church, the Rev. Father O'Hara officiating. Miss Jennie V. Reilly was bridesmaid. James H. McGrath was best man.

Miss Harriett Christine Dennett and Frederick C. Schwarz were married at 8 o'clock Monday evening at the parsonage of St. Paul's Lutheran Church by the pastor, the Rev. M. J. Epting.

Miss Josephine Slater and C. W. Patrick were married by the Rev. Samuel J. White, pastor of the Second Christian Church, in his study at 6:30 o'clock Wednesday night. Both of the young people are from Pembroke. They were accompanied to Savannah by W. H. Brewton, W. C. Lanier and Miss Pearl Olive. Mr. Patrick is postmaster at Pembroke. The party returned to Pembroke in the evening.

Miss Viola Trott and Joseph W. Sognier were married at 9 o'clock Wednesday night by the Rev. William Hoppe at the parsonage of the Lutheran Church of the Ascension. The attendants were Miss May Turner and J. W. Haffner.

Mrs. C. A. L. Cunningham and the Misses Cunningham left Monday night for Brevard, N. C. Mr. J. Sullivan Bond left Wednesday night for Waynesville, N. C., where he joined Mrs. Bond and their children. Others leaving on Wednesday for North Carolina were E. S. Elliott, Miss Landershine, the Misses Barnwell and Miss A. E. Collins. Among those leaving Thursday were Mrs. Harriett C. Hunter, Mrs. Rovert Aldrich and children, Mr. and Mrs. Ormand B. Strong, the Misses Kennedy and Mrs. L. C. Young. On Friday Mrs. L. A. Falligant and Mrs. Robert Travis and children left for Swannanoa, and Mrs. William Davidson left for Asheville. Miss Olga Oelschig and Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Roland also left on Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Huger, Miss Lena Huger, Dr. and Mrs. Lawrence E. Lee and Moultrie Lee left Thursday for Little Switzerland and North Carolina. Mrs. William M. Davidson and little son left Thursday for Asheville.

Mrs. C. R. Barber entertained informally Thursday afternoon for Miss Estelle White, of Hazelton, Pa., who is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. S. Patton.

Miss Cardo Krenson and Miss Elizabeth Malone, who have been visiting Miss Susanna Grantland, in Griffin, are now at Highlands, N. C.

Macon

MACON, Aug. 16.—A wedding of much interest Thursday afternoon was that of Miss Augusta L. Hines to Luther W. Green at the residence of the bride's brother, Richard H. Hines, on High street. The young couple left for a wedding trip to the North.

Miss Gladys Ponder entertained Friday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Ruth Ponder, of Forsyth.

Misses Namie Hardin, Nadine Calaway, Kathleen Gilham and Katherine King entertained Thursday night at an old-fashioned cooking party at the residence of Mrs. W. R. Hardin on Park place. A camp stove was placed in the yard and the young hostesses themselves did the cooking. A delightful supper had been arranged and was served direct from the stove to the guests, who were seated at tables in the yard beneath the trees. Afterward the guests adjourned to the home of B. Gilham for an evening of vocal and instrumental music.

Mrs. Homer Parker and little daughter, of Statesboro, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Y. Mallary.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael O'Hara, Jr., of Roanoke, Va., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. O'Hara.

Mrs. T. H. Medlock and her two sons, of Jacksonville, Fla., are visiting Mrs. Lewis E. Munsch.

Miss Eunice Stillers, of Albany, is the guest of Mrs. A. B. Allen.

Misses Katherine, Lillie and Maud Jelks, of Hawkinsville, are spending some time with Mrs. Nat Jelks.

Mrs. Minter Wimberly left yesterday to visit her niece, Mrs. Alsop, of New York, at Beverly, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth Hall and family leave next week for Atlantic City.

Mrs. E. T. Napier is visiting her father, Dr. Sykes, in Aberdeen, Miss.

Miss Ruth Jelks, of Hawkinsville, is the guest of Miss Annie Payne Jelks.

Mrs. Clifford A. Locke, of Eufaula, Ala., is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Callaway, Jr.

Mrs. Joseph Hall has returned from a visit to friends at Columbus, Miss.

Miss Katherine Moseley, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Hazlehurst, has returned to Albany.

Mrs. C. R. Vandiver and daughter, Miss Rhoda Vandiver, who have been the guests of Mrs. George Hatcher, have returned to Anderson, S. C.

Americus

AMERICUS, Aug. 16.—At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John L. Ross, Miss Hattie May Ross and Thomas P. McCarthy, of Savannah, were married Tuesday morning. The ceremony was performed at 11 o'clock, with Mrs. Joe Johnson at the piano, little Gladys Smith, a cousin of the bride, as ringbearer; Mrs. C. Y. Harris, of Atlanta, sister of the bridegroom, as matron of honor, and J. C. Bostwick, of Americus, as best man, while the Rev. J. A. Thomas, pastor of the First Methodist Church, acted as the officiating clergyman. Among the out-of-town guests were Mrs. George Barnes, of Macon; Mrs. C. L. Harris, of Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McCarthy and Miss Helen McCarthy, of Savannah; Mr. Ferrell Wyche, of Macon; Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Thompson, of Albany; Mrs. T. A. Corley, of Macon; Mrs. E. J. Tyson and Miss Myrtle Maynard, of Abbeville. Mr. and Mrs. McCarthy left at noon for a bridal trip to Norfolk and New York.

Miss Lillian Lewis has returned to Flovilla after a visit here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Dodson, Will Dodson, Jr., and Misses Mattie Lewis and Georgia Bena Dodson have returned from a visit to Indian Springs.

Mrs. Rena Horne is spending the week in Flovilla and Indian Springs.

Miss Ruth Brown, of Tennille, and Miss Elizabeth McMaster, of Waynesboro, are guests of Miss Mattie Sue Taylor.

Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Clay and family have moved to their summer home near DeSoto.

A large number of the young people here enjoyed a dance at the Country Club Tuesday evening, at which many visiting ladies were present.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Castelberry and Miss Hilda Castleberry are spending some time in Jaksonville and at Atlantic Beach.

Misses Mary Littlejohn and Laverne Thomas are expected to return this week from the mountains of Northern Georgia.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Battle, of Oglethorpe, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hodges.

Columbus

COLUMBUS, Aug. 16.—As a courtesy to her aunt, Mrs. A. R. Wilkinson, of Cuthbert, Mrs. G. Everett Strupper was hostess to the Advanced Auction Club on Tuesday afternoon at her home on Third avenue. The guests were confined to the honoree of the occasion and the membership of the club. Those present included Mrs. Wilkinson, Mrs. C. B. Woodruff, Mrs. Barschall Andrews, Mrs. Theodore Petri, Mrs. Charles J. Merideth, Mrs. Charlton Battle, Mrs. W. E. Estes and Mrs. Strupper.

Mrs. Mitchell Bryan was the hostess of the Tea Cup Club the past week at her home on upper Second avenue. Those present were Mrs. Henry R. Goetchius, Mrs. John Mitchell, Mrs. J. O. McNulty, Mrs. Henry Crawford, Mrs. W. R. Blanchard, Mrs. Martha Curtis, Mrs. Mollie Wright and Mrs. Richard Slade.

Miss Marion Lummus has been entertaining a bevy of girls at a house party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lummus in Wynnton. Her guests included Miss Mary Foy, of Eufaula, Ala.; Miss Mary Roddy, of Rock Hill, S. C.; Miss Minnie Drane Hornady, of Buena Vista. Mrs. D. C. Bullock and Mrs. Tom Andrews have entertained the party and Misses Fleurine and Susie Hatcher and Miss Margaret Golden will also entertain in their honor.

Miss Bessie Bruce, of Macon, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. M. Anderson for several weeks, left Wednesday for the Blue Ridge Mountains, where she joined a party of Macon friends.

Mrs. Adelle Dooley, Miss Kathryn Dooley, Master Earl Dooley, Mr. Charles Hartpence and Mr. Hadley Lummus are in Juniper.

Mrs. A. R. Wilkinson, of Cuthbert, is with her nieces, Mrs. W. E. Estes and Mrs. G. Everett Strupper, on Third avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dozier Pou are at Warm Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Williams have returned from a trip to New York and other points in the East. En route home Mr. Williams stopped at Warm Springs to open his summer cottage, where Mrs. Williams and children will spend the summer.

Mrs. Joseph Pou and little daughter, Charlotte, who have been spending some time at Esquiline with Mrs L. C. Levy, have gone to Gainesville to join Mr. Pou.

Miss Ophelia Davis has gone to Pensacola, Fla., where she will visit Miss Mary Saunders.

Mrs. Maynard Boardman Smith, formerly Miss Alice Brannon, of this city, but now of Macon, is in Columbus with relatives.

Mrs. S. Lacy and daughter, Miss Lorene Lacy, of Jasper, Ala., who have been the guests of Mrs. Annie Affleck, have returned home.

Newnan

NEWNAN, Aug. 16.—Mrs. H. L. Edmondson is in Gainesville.

Mrs. W. J. Millican, of Carrollton, is the guest of Mrs. J. T. Morris.

Misses Evelyn and Susie Martin left Wednesday for Greenville, where they will attend a house party given by Misses Martha and Janie Hill.

Mrs. E. Guy Cole and children have returned from Borden-Wheeler Springs.

Mrs. J. W. Dukes, of Gadsden, Ala., is spending some time with Miss Athagene Kersey.

Miss Beulah Gibson, of Macon, is the guest of Mrs. Bryan Blackburn.

Miss Ruth Kinnard has returned from Knoxville, Tenn., where she was the guest of Mrs. James Kinnard.

On Tuesday Miss Sarah Thames was hostess at a noonday luncheon, with Miss Mary Powel and her visitors, Misses Elizabeth Tuller and Louise Harwell, of Atlanta, as honor guests.

Miss Evelyn Wright is visiting Mrs. Joel B. Ramey in Atlanta.

Miss Martha King, of Macon, is the guest of Miss Grace Davis.

Mrs. Mamie Johnson, Miss Gabrelle Johnson and Thomas Johnson are at Borden-Wheeler Springs.

Mrs. Joe Arnall is at home after a visit to New York.

Miss Daisy Ellis, of Greenville, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Walter Welch.

Misses Mabel, Lois and Esther Fincher, of Mountville, are guests of Mrs. Amos Wilkinson.

Mrs. Lebrandt Lyndon was hostess at an informal morning party on Thursday, entertaining for Miss Beulah Gibson, of Macon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Brown are entertaining a family house party, the guests including Mrs. B. E. Corley and Mrs. A. R. Jones, of Atlanta; Judge and Mrs. R. W. Moore, of Sparta, and Mrs. A. T. Vondereau, of Hazelhurst.

Mrs. W. Y. Atkinson, with Misses Susie Milton and Georgia Atkinson, left Friday for Warm Springs.

Mrs. Augusta Dameron, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. C. O. Hollis.

Mrs. Raphael Powell and children, of Savannah, are visiting Miss Annie Powell.

Mrs. Eugene Askew entertained at a series of parties this week in honor of her house guests, Misses Emma Anderson and Florence Trimble, of West Point, and Sarah Robertson, of Atlanta.

Mrs. Ogden Johnson, of Atlanta, was the guest of Mrs. Lewis Hill this week.

Mrs. Mattie Strickland is in the North Carolina mountains.

Mrs. Jennie Mills, of Barnesville, is visiting Mrs. Frank Wadsworth.

Mrs. James Brakefield, of Haralson, is the guest of Miss Augusta Mann.

Mrs. M. F. Cole, with Misses Christine and May Cole, left Friday for Tallulah Falls and Gainesville.

Athens

ATHENS, Aug. 16.—Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Small have removed to Macon and will join the young married set there, after spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Barnett.

Mrs. Alice Adams left Friday for Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. O. M. Robers entertained Thursday morning at an informal sewing party in honor of her sister, Miss Lois Dukes, of Orangeburg, S. C.

Miss Louise Dorsey and Mr. Edward Dorsey left Thursday for Franklin, N. C., where they joined a number of college friends at a camping party.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Reed and Miss Eunice Reed have returned from Mountain City.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Hutchens, of Phoenix, Ariz., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hutchens.

Miss Louise Kytle was hostess last evening in honor of Miss Anna Robinson, of Covington, her house guest.

Miss Mina Simpson, of Nashville, Tenn., who is the guest of Miss Kathrine Rowland, was entertained by her hostess Saturday evening with a straw ride to the country home and a rowing party.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Cohen have returned from New York and Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hodgson have returned from Columbus.

Miss Willie Ritter, who has been touring Europe, is expected to return soon to spend the winter with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Cunningham.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Ketron will arrive shortly from Washington, D. C.

Augusta

AUGUSTA, Aug. 16.—The formal announcement only a few days ago from Mrs. Alfred Martin of the approaching marriage of her daughter, Marian Dunbar, to Thomas Bryson Irvine, Jr. ("T. B.") was no little surprise to their friends, although their engagement had been an open secret for some time. It was very generally expected that the wedding would take place in the fall.

Augusta friends of Miss Liva Fraser will feel an interest in the announcement of her approaching marriage to August Ulmann, Jr., of New York and Cuba.

Miss Mary Kilpatrick is visiting friends in Mears, Ga.

Miss Sarah Marsyll is visiting Atlanta friends.

Mrs. E. D. Beman, Miss Helen Beman and Miss Bessie Stafford have returned from Indian Springs.

Miss Verna Cute has returned from Atlanta.

Miss Carrie Thompson is spending a few days in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. M. F. McDade are in the North.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Thomas and little Virginia Thomas have returned home.

Miss Harrydelle Davison is visiting Savannah and Tybee friends. Mrs. H. T. Davison and Miss Naomi Davison, joined her yesterday, and will remain with Savannah friends until Wednesday.

Mrs. Thomas Hamilton left Wednesday for the North Carolina mountains.

After a visit with Miss Mildred Whiteford, Miss Carolyn McCallum returned to Macon Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Sorentrue, of Charleston, are receiving congratulations on the birth of a little son at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Levy.

Miss Sallie Whitaker has returned to Harlem after a visit to Augusta.

Misses Roberta and Sarah Biggar have returned from a visit with relatives in Norfolk, Va.

Miss Louise Hankinson and Miss Agnes Rowland left Thursday for Wyeth, N. C., where they will join a party of girls and be in camp.

Mr. Eugene Fuller has joined Mrs. Fuller and Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Richards in North Carolina.

Mrs. Henry Shaw returns to-day from Charleston and the Island.

Mrs. Minis and Miss Dovie Bell have returned from Atlanta.

Dalton

DALTON, Aug. 16.—Mrs. C. M. Hollingsworth entertained at a 5 o'clock tea at her home on North Thornton avenue Friday for her house guests, Mrs. John Bale, of Rome, and Mrs. T. S. Lucas. Mrs. Hollingsworth was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. W. E. Mann, Mrs. J. C. King, Mrs. W. N. Moree, Mrs. J. A. Crawford, Miss Ruth Bale, of Rome; Misses Annie Horne, Willie White and Maude Hollingsworth.

Mrs. W. C. Martin was hostess at an informal affair in honor of Mrs. W. W. Johnson, of Charlotte, N. C., and Mrs. T. S. Lucas Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. W. M. Denton entertained at a theater party in compliment to Miss Elizabeth Walker, of Atlanta; Miss Emily Cooper, of Murphy, N. C., and Miss Ellen Lowry, of Rome, Friday evening.

Saturday afternoon Mrs. H. J. Smith was hostess at a matinee party in compliment to Mrs. T. S. Lucas and Miss Edna Jones, of Atlanta.

Misses Elizabeth, Jennie and Ruth Rankin Walker, of Atlanta; Emily Cooper, of Murphy, N. C.; Ruth Rankin, of Dallas, Texas; Dr. John F. Denton, of Atlanta, and Messrs. Henry Hamilton, Ogburn Alley and W. M. Lynn formed a motor party to Maddox Mill Monday afternoon.

Miss Mattie Lee Nuff chaperoned the members of the younger set on a moonlight picnic and straw ride to Maddox Mill Monday evening.

Mrs. C. L. Hamilton entertained her card club at a morning bridge Thursday.

Misses Elizabeth, Jennie and Ruth Rankin Walker, of Atlanta, who have been the attractive guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Hamilton and family, returned home Thursday.

Mrs. L. W. Carter and Miss Emily Carter are with Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Horton at their summer home near Balsam, N. C.

Mrs. B. A. Portrum is at St. Augustine, Fla.

Miss Ruth Bridges, of Virginia, is the guest of Miss Lou Shumate.

Mrs. John Bale and Miss Ruth Bale, of Rome, are guests of Mrs. C. M. Hollingsworth.

Miss Aileen Nance has returned to her home in Atlanta after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. C. D. McCutchen and Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Farrar.

Miss Frances Hardwick is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. M. Hogshead, in Chattanooga.

Brunswick

BRUNSWICK, Aug. 16.—Miss Janie Symons is visiting in North Carolina.

Miss Eula Dixon, of Thomasville, is the guest of Misses Marion and Lucile Bruce.

Miss Polly King, of Savannah, is the guest of Miss Elizabeth Hopkins on St. Simons.

The Rev. and Mrs. L. F. Roberts and children are visiting in Asheville and Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Winter left Thursday for a trip to New York, Washington and Baltimore.

Mrs. William Fitts, of Albany, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Prim.

Mrs. V. C. Bourne and children are in Fletcher, N. C., where they will spend several weeks.

Mrs. J. B. Wright entertained a number of friends at St. Simons on Thursday.

Miss Annie Kate Ward has returned from Macon, accompanied by Miss Martha Stubbs, who will be her guest for some time.

Rome

ROME, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Samuel Perry Maner, of Columbia, S. C., is the guest of her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Maner. She was the guest of honor at two affairs by the young Mrs. Maner and Mrs. Leon Porter on Fourth avenue.

Miss Evelyn Byrd, of Central America, the daughter of Phil G. Byrd, a former Rome newspaper owner, is the guest of Colonel and Mrs. L. A. Dean. Later Miss Byrd will visit Mrs. oJhn M. Reese on East First street.

Miss Joy Harper has returned from a visit to Tybee.

Mrs. J. L. Davenport entertained last evening in honor of her guests, Misses Florence and Frances Powell, of Athens, at a watermelon cutting.

Misses Maude Morrison, of Gainesville, is the guest of Mrs. A. F. Nunn.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Parks have gone to Mentone, Ala.

Mrs. Frank Burney, of Waynesboro, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Burney. She was the honoree at a euchre party given by Misses Elizabeth and Caroline Burney at their home on East Fourth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Hale left to-day for New York, Boston and other Eastern points.

Mrs. Graham Wright has gone to North Carolina for a visit.

Mrs. William Sproull, of Gainesville, Fla., who was the guest of Mrs. Ned York, has gone to Anniston for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Hight have gone to Canada for a visit of several weeks.

Albany

ALBANY, Aug. 16.—Misses Minnie and Annie Pate have gone to Whittle Springs, Tenn.

Miss Minnie McKinney and Mr. Joseph McKinney are at St. Simons.

Mr. Charles T. Lehman and son, Master Charles Ellis Lehman, of Birmingham, Ala., are the guests of Mrs. Rosalie Bell.

Mrs. J. W. Anderson, who has been spending the last month with relatives in Atlanta and Marietta, has returned home.

Miss Lena Rosenberg left the first of the week for Fitzgerald.

Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Hofmayer and Miss Juliette Hofmayer have returned from New York.

Miss Minnie Ree Smith, of Columbus, is the guest of Misses Janie and Elizabeth Jordan.

Miss Virginia Williamson has returned from Sylvester.

Mrs. Mary Brooks has gone to Montreat, N. C.

Captain and Mrs. W. E. Martin have gone to Hendersonville, N. C.

Mrs. Denis Fleming, who has been seriously ill, following an operation at the Phoebe Putney Memorial Hospital, is improving.

Miss Pauline Barbre and Miss Florence Mercer are spending a few days in Dawson.

Misses Pearl, Jennie and Frances Soule have gone to Norfolk, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Flowers, Mr. J. H. Flowers Jr., Mr. Robert Flowers and Mr. James Evans of Thomasville, composed an auto party, spending Tuesday in Albany.

Miss Minnie Davis, of Perry, Ga., is the guest of Mrs. E. B. Davis.

Mrs. J. P. Munnerlyn and Miss Florence Munnerlyn have returned from a visit in the mountains of New Hampshire.

Mrs. R. Hobbs and Mrs. P. L. Hilsman left Wednesday for Warm Springs, where they will visit Mrs. P. J. Brown.

Monroe

MONROE, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Ed A. Caldwell entertained at dinner Wednesday in honor of Mrs. Lottie Troutt Johnson, of Atlanta.

A picnic party chaperoned by Mrs. Dr. O. N. Pendergrass and Mrs. Beulah Kent Lawrence, spent Thursday at Selman's Mill.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Simmons of Lumberton, Miss., were recent visitors to Mr. and Mrs. J. Z. Dillard Mr. and Mrs. Simmons were once residents of Walton County.

Mrs. John W. Arnold and Miss Elizabeth Lee are at Blue Ridge, Ga., engaged in chautauqua work.

Mrs. M. K. Layton and Miss Margaret Layton, of Houston, Texas, are in Monroe.

Miss Alene Phillips is entertaining this week in honor of Miss Mary Dean Cook, of Social Circle, and Miss Bertine Phillips, of Douglasville.

The Sunday school class of Mrs. W. M. Phillips, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Phillips, have returned from their camping trip to Snow's Mill.

An interesting family reunion was that of the Hale family given at their country home at Good Hope. Among those present, besides the members of the family were Mr. and Mrs. Bondurant, of Winder, and Mrs. J. I. J. Bell, of Winder.

West Point

WEST POINT, Aug. 16.—P. A. Tatum entertained in compliment to Miss Eloise Sykes, of Luverne, Ala., Tuesday evening.

The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Trox Bankston, Mr. and Mrs. Terrell Tatum, Mr. and Mrs. Ab Booker, Misses Susie and Erin Hayes, Winona Wright, Mary and Cornelia Booker, Daisy Zachry and Messrs. Walter P. Thomas, Cooper Kirby, Tharpe Forrester, Marvin Tatum, John Adair, C. E. Wright and Dr. Allen.

Prof. C. E. Bronson, Judge and Mrs. Shackleford, of Athens, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Lanier this week.

Miss Alice Zachry, valedictorian of the West Point High School this year, will enter Agnes Scott College this fall.

The engagement of Griggs Zachry and Miss Mattie Lou Scott, of this city, has been announced.

Forsyth

FORSYTH, Aug. 16.—Mrs. V. B. Hooks entertained Friday afternoon for her guest, Miss Carroll, of Atlanta.

Miss Frances Bangs entertained Tuesday for Miss Linda Felker, of Mcnroe, the guest of Miss Louise Wallace.

Mrs. J. O. Elrod entertained at a party on Friday afternoon in honor of Miss Kate Carroll, of Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Ensign and Miss Cornelia Ensign have returned from a visit to Eastern points.

Miss Kate Carroll, of Atlanta, has returned to her home after a visit to Mrs. V. B. Hooks.

Mrs. John Phinizy spent several days in Forsyth last week with her brother, Mr. O. H. B. Bloodworth.

Mrs. J. M. McDowell and children have gone to Acworth for several weeks.

Mrs. Posey Carnes and little son, Clayton, who have been the guests of Mrs. J. M. McDowell and Mr. O. H. B. Bloodworth left Thursday for a visit to Atlanta and Acworth.

Mrs. J. A. Cox, Otho Cox and Miss Sara Haygood spent Wednesday at Indian Springs.

Mrs. D. J. Tribble entertained Thursday evening at a 6-o'clock dinner in honor of her guest, Mrs. Griner, the wife of Rev. R. W. Griner, formerly pastor of the First Methodist Church of Forsyth and a former resident of Forsyth. Mrs. Tribble was assisted in entertaining by Misses Elma and Lula Tribble. The guests were Mesdames T. J. Hardin, S. D. Smith, John O. Ponder, L. M. Harp, M. T. McKay, J. M. Thomas, G. W. Griner and Miss Sallie Evans.

Miss Anna Warren Clark, who has been the guest of Miss Anna Hill at her house party, has returned to her home in Moultrie.

Mr. Oliver Bloodworth spent Tuesday in Macon.

Mrs. Molly Proctor is spending the week at Blount.

ALLEN $3.00 to $5.00 SHOES, $1, $1.50, $2.00

We have rounded up all of our small lots, straggling sizes, odds and ends, of white, black and tan shoes, and we are putting prices on them that should make them sell by the middle of the week. You can easily see that early selections are advisable.

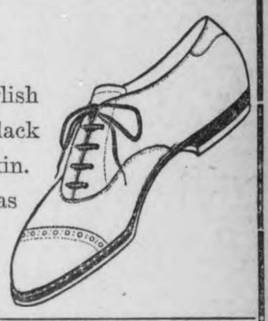


Women's White Canvas Pumps at $1.00

a pair, like cut. There are also some button and lace oxfords in this lot. Women's white canvas and white buckskin pumps and oxfords at $1.50 a pair. Women's patent leather, gun metal, tan and white pumps $2.00 a pair. The sizes are broken, but they are worth from $3.00 to $5.00 a pair.

Rubber Sole Oxfords $2.95

Like cut. We also have the pump style or the English Walking Oxford with rubber soles at $3.95 a pair, in black or tan; likewise the white canvas and white buckskin. Every tan pump, oxford and colonial in the house has been reduced: $4.00 and $5.00 shoes $2.95 and $3.95; $5.00 and $6.00 shoes $3.95 and $4.95.





Cut Steel Buckle Colonial Pumps

Buckles worth $2.50, pumps worth $6.00, both complete for $5.95.

$7.00 cut steel buckle colonial pumps at $4.95 a pair, and $6.00 patent leather colonials with black satin quarters, French Cuban heels, at $3.95; or taupe grey, with grey satin quarters.

All of the above have the new Cuban French heels.

Mail orders carefully filled

Every low shoe reduced

J. P. Allen & Co.

Late Summer Opportunity for Profitable Buying at Allen's

Though the waning season has diminished our summer stocks, as is only natural, you will find here great unusual values in dresses of fine voile, linen and other summer stuffs at such low prices that a visit will profit you surprisingly—each dress being not more than one-third its former selling price.

$ 850 to $10.00 Dresses **$2.95** | $25.00 to $30.00 Dresses **$9.75**
$12.50 to $16.50 Dresses **$4.95** | $35.00 to $40.00 Dresses **$12.75**
$18.50 to $22.50 Dresses **$7.75** | $45.00 to $50.00 Dresses **$16.75**
$55.00 to $65.00 Dresses **$22.75**

Street, Motor or Evening Coat, with Values $25 to $35

$9.75

Any Linen Suit in the House

Value up to $40,

$5.00

New White Crepe de Chine Dresses

The beautiful clinging nature of crepe is enhanced beyond imagination when developed in white. The soft bride-like folds are entrancingly fascinating, the designing in the new dresses a work of art.

We're showing some beautiful models in advanced fall styles.

New Colored Crepe Dresses

All the new fall shades, green, wood brown, wistaria and raisin, also black and white, make up an attractive assortment of the new silk crepe and crepe de chine dresses—$12.50.

New Crepe de Chine Dresses $19.75

Fine quality crepe and extremely smart fall modes are represented in our latest shipment of these new dresses—$25.00 value, at **$19.75**

J. P. ALLEN & CO. 51 and 53 Whitehall St.

Anna Rocheleau Burt
VOICE CULTURE AND SIGHT READING
STUDIOS { 412 Wesley Memorial Bldg. / Cor. Cascade Ave and Beecher St. } Residence Phone West 1239
BUSH & GERTS PIANOS USED

Atlanta Conservatory of Music
MORTIMER WILSON, General Director
Location: In the Heart of Atlanta, Peachtree and Broad Streets
1913-14 Session Opens September 2d
Complete Music Courses From the Kindergarten Games to the Concert Stage
Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Cello, Harp, Orchestral Instruments, Analysis, Ear-Training, History, Harmony, Composition, Conducting, School Orchestra and Chorus in concerted works. Ensemble Classes in all departments with recitals. Diplomas and Certificates of dependability.
Prospectus mailed on application.
Atlanta Conservatory, Atlanta, Ga.

It's absolutely impossible to bake better bread than **Uncle Sam Bread!** *Your Grocer sells it! Always good ---always fresh*

Chic and Dashing Fall Hats Will Bring $1,000,000 to Atlanta

Here's where the factions divide—some like it; some laugh. It is made of midnight blue plush, with a yellow figured top and a yellow feather butterfly off at the side.

Shaped like a man's derby, this hat of garnet plush has a silk ribbon to match which trails behind the left shoulder. Gray roses are used.

"One must be pretty to wear this hat"—of black velvet and patent leather.

A flat sailor, of "tete de negre" plush, trimmed with cream and brown fur and sacred bird of Siam feathers.

Butterflies are the prevailing motif. This is a hat of black velvet with a black lace butterfly.



Turquoise blue satin crown, with a brim of taupe duvetyn, and an aigrette—duvetyn being a new material.

Chic—that's the word. It needs a pert face and vivacious manner. Black velvet with pink facings and Paradise feathers.

Autumn Styles in Millinery Show That Large Creations Are Thing of the Past—Butterflies Are Popular.

"Now, deny it if you can,
"Though it's manners make the man,
"It's millinery makes the girl."
—Song from "Red Feather."

Millinery, then, being such a serious affair, some 1,400 women and 100 men will visit Atlanta these later weeks of August, and they will spend close to $1,000,000 for millinery. The "openings" for fall and winter styles are on in Atlanta's great wholesale houses, and the great semi-annual buying is under way.

The general public will not see these styles for a month or so to come. Therefore, this is NEWS—real hot stuff—for feminine readers. Here goes:

Black predominates.

Nearly all hats are almost collapsible.

Butterflies are the prevailing motif in trimmings.

Few large hats are shown.

Feathers and fur are "particularly good."

Rats and switches apparently have gone to stay, for nearly all the new hats are close-fitting and necessitate scant coiffures.

For instance, one of the very prettiest styles shown—from masculine viewpoint at least—is a new poke of black plush with pink facing and paradise feathers. This is a saucy little hat that goes with a pert face and lively manner. One can imagine it on a vivacious little demoiselle at Longchamps—where, in fact, it was photographed by an Atlanta designer, and copied.

Splendiferous, indeed, must be the sacred bird of Siam, whose feathers adorn an extremely flat plush hat of sailor shape.

Fur Cream and Brown.

A pelt of some little animal, about the size of a weasel, twists about the crown, and the two feathers complete the trimming. The fur is cream and brown. The feathers are brown with wonderful bluish markings more beautiful than a peacock's glories. The plush is a new shade of brown called "tete de negre," which sounds much better in French than in English. All this sets "hubby" back about fifty.

"Tete de negre," by the way, vies with black in popularity.

A huge black butterfly is the only trimming on a little black silk velvet turban with soft crown.

"Smart. And good. Oh! Very good, indeed," is what the designer calls it. Let it go at that. Why argue?

All humanity is divided into two parts. Of these, one is composed of those to whom styles in millinery are a serious matter; the other, of those who grin.

There's one hat which will bring strict division of these parties. Now, from the "pro's" standpoint it is a creation of midnight blue plush, with a variegated plush top on the crown, and an artistic feather butterfly perched airily on the edge of the brim.

Now, the "antis": It's a dark blue contraption with a yellow, scrambled, Bulgarian top, and a funny little yellow thingamajig sticking up behind.

Take your choice.

"Donna e mobile," as our old friend Caruso has it—"woman is fickle"—and he might add, inexplicable. No doubt this is pretty, to a woman.

One must be pretty to wear the little black velvet hat, shaped like a traffic cop's helmet and trimmed with patent leather fixings—so says the designer. If this is carefully explained to customers, the hat should sell well.

Derby Covers Eye.

Rather a novelty, but pretty, too, is a hat shaped like a man's derby, which pulls down almost covering the right eye. The shape is of garnet plush, and a long ribbon matching this shade is thrown across the throat from right to left, so that it hangs down behind the left shoulder. Gray roses complete the trimming.

Current history ever finds its reflection in the styles. Bulgarian designs still are with us, and now comes a blue plush hat—one of the few large ones, in the Mexican style—that is, it has a broad, flat brim ornamented with fuzzy little balls.

Big velvet hats, very like the sort art students wear in the Latin Quarter of Paris, are to be seen. They are almost bare of trimming—just great, floppy pieces of black velvet, sometimes to be pulled down over one eye.

"Duvetyn" is a new material. It is seen to best advantage in a hat with a brim flaring up on one side, and with a round crown. An aigrette stands pertly off to the rear. The crown is of turquoise duvetyn and the underbrim of taupe satin.

If you see a slate gray rubber hat worn by some pretty girl on Peachtree street this winter, don't say you weren't prepared for it. This is due notice that rubber has been called into use for millinery. It was sure to come, straw, feathers, furs, flowers, silks, satins, fruits, birds, animals and what-not having been used.

The rubber hats are severe in design. One has a "drape" to go under the chin, made of green and blue chenille. "They say" rain won't hurt them, and that they're fine for autoing, because they're small.

It is the auto, so every one in the millinery trade believes, that has killed the big hat. A big hat is a nuisance in a limousine, and hard to keep on in a touring car or runabout—and the rest of us like to act as if we might go autoing, even if we do not.

BLACK HOSE BOSTON FAD.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—Black stockings worn with white shoes seem to be quite the fad on the North Shore. Last year all wore white stockings with black shoes, but this season things have been reversed. Several girls are following the fad.

For MILADY'S WARDROBE

By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

MANY of the latest summer models are almost entirely made of white muslin richly embroidered in the openwork English style. These dresses are accompanied by broad sashes and short coats of real lace. The hats worn with them are exaggeratedly "picture" in outline. The brim is always wide and the crown almost hidden behind immense butterfly bows of tulle or lace. For occasions of ceremony Leghorn and Tuscan hats are trimmed with sweeping ostrich feathers in white or pale pastel tints.

* * *

Half a dozen different coatees or mantlets can be worn with the same robette, and endless variations can be arranged with the introduction of finely embroidered sashes which possess heavily fringed ends. The corsage portion of these robettes is quite plain, almost like a fine corset cover. It is made plain expressly, because the great object is the introduction of dainty lace and net blouses and picturesque coatees or mantlets. When accompanied by a shady hat in Leghorn trimmed with pale roses and black velvet ribbons these little dresses have a special cachet.

* * *

Embroidered linen bags are offered in many shapes and in as many degrees of smartness, some being treated quite as carefully in matters of finish, mountings, etc., as though they were of gorgeous material. Colored line, embroidered with a touch of Bulgarian embroidery, makes some effective bags for individual costumes, but the one-tone color is more practical for general use, and some of the handsome bags of real Irish lace filet or other bold lace are better for general summer use than the embroidered linens.

* * *

Some particularly good belts called the hip belt, are made up in white and fashionable shades and have large oval buckles of the leather.

* * *

The waistline is not only allowed to remain normal, but by swathing it in wide supple sashes its size is considerably increased.

* * *

The soft draped bodice minus the high restraining collar is a feature of artistic gowns worn by women in Paris.

* * *

The French designer knows where a line must be accentuated and in many cases uses tiny buttons for this purpose.

* * *

Keen appreciation of the effective lights and shadows given by a moire effect has returned. Many frocks worn by Paris manequins at the Longchamps races were made of soft crepe with the moire effect.

* * *

Very much worn are the evening coats of fine black net, closely woven with glittering beads.

* * *

Plaited peplums of maline, net or mousseline de soie appear on some of the newest frocks, and these are stiffened by a thin wire or ruching of taffeta at the bottom, so they extend beyond the frock.

* * *

The colored slip is in vogue and summer frocks of sheer linen, mousseline de soie or batiste have pink, blue, yellow or green silk linings. The girdles worn with these costumes are usually of a contrasting color.

* * *

In millinery the single red rose is a note which bids fair to become extremely popular. It nestles among folds of black or white tulle, clings to the edge of the brim, hangs over the hair on the underbrim or forms a spikelike arrangement at the back. The large garden hats of leghorn, maline and lace are trimmed with black velvet ribbon, drawn about the crown and, passing through the slits at the back, is tied in a flat bow at the back. A single flower placed at the side near the edge of the brim completes the trimming.

* * *

Coats show great diversity of length, plain tailor-made models being shorter than dressier models, in which coats may reach to knees.

* * *

One pretty feature of recent summer frocks has been the lace jacket or coatee with its trimming of fur or of swansdown. Ermine is being used for this purpose, sometimes forming a wide collar at the back. Wide lace bretelles are another feature of late fashions. They are a poor second, it must be admitted, to the surplice and the fichu. But anything that has the temerity to dispute the claims of these two effects deserves some notice.

* * *

Apropos of furs, it is reported that Bechoff-David recently introduced fox scarfs dyed a reddish shade; and the somewhat alarming suggestion is made that next winter we shall see furs artificially colored in brilliant tints. It is rather appalling to think of blue, green, red and violet furs!

* * *

The cincture that suggests the plaster babies of Lucas della Robia, at the Orphanage in Florence, is strongly suggested in some of the sashes that wrap around the waist and girdle the torso of the fashionable woman. When these long sashes first appeared they were not liked, but the public taste now finds them picturesque.

* * *

Velvet, brocaded velvet and metallic brocades are going to be the favored fabrics for these garments in the autumn and winter, just as they are now, and the fur collars that make them smart in summer—according to fashion's paradoxical whims—will make them practical as well as smart when the theater and opera seasons begin.

* * *

Many women are wearing eyelet embroidered stockings in white, black and colors; also white and black silk stockings ornamented with embroidery or insets of lace. The girls who are clever with the needle can fashion these expensive stockings for themselves, and pretty color notes to match the gowns may be introduced.

* * *

Popular prizes at the bridge contests held by the sea are the bathing girl pin cushions. Bisque jointed dolls dressed in red and white and blue and white striped bathing suits are mounted on cushions of Turkish toweling. Some are very prim looking, with the hair in two long braids; others suggest the mermaid with flowing hair. The cushions are shown in ovals, squares, circles, etc., and are arranged to hang up and stand. They are fitted with pins and trimmed with ribbons to match the bathing suits.

* * *

It is almost compulsory for the blue serge suit to have a vest or waistcoat, and all sorts of materials are being used for them. The new duvetyns—a successor to the velvety velours de laine—in the lovely soft colorings are ideal for these waistcoats.

* * *

Chiffon veils are being embroidered, the work being done in floss of the same color. The pattern in all these veils must be so arranged as to make the plain mesh area, whether over the entire face or simply over the eyes, conspicuously transparent by way of contrast.

* * *

Now that the pendulum of fashion has swung in the direction of pleated skirts they threaten to become ubiquitous. Women are discovering that the little loose folds at the feet are very becoming, and also that pleated skirts do not really add width to the figure. The sunray pleats are in great demand for such materials as charmeuse, silk cashmere and tussor, but for crepe de chine and chiffon nothing can take the place of the fine accordion pleats.

* * *

In the world of fashion things are frequently topsy-turvy. The unexpected is always welcome. Now that valuable jewels are worn on hats and shoes the homely, but always effective jet ornaments are given a place of honor. Round jet brackets are the latest fad, and they are worn with light and fragile summer gowns of lace and chiffon.

* * *

The black and white season in the world of Fashion is now upon us. After the garish colors of the spring, there has come a complete revulsion of feeling. Women of taste have grown disgusted with the color schemes in which crude tints were thrown together by unskilled hands, at the bidding of inartistic brains. Bulgarian tints have sounded the knell of crude colors; for the moment we are black and white or "pastel." And for the Trouville season, of which I shall speak in detail in a future article, an amazing number of pure white costumes are being made. White linen, white China silk, white embroidered lawn—these and many other dainty materials are in constant request for seaside dresses. As to fine white tulle it is being used for a dozen different purposes—for dresses, mantles, millinery, blouses, etc. Very lovely summer gowns are those made of wide-meshed silk net, the net which bears the name of "Tosca." These gowns are mounted over pleated slips of chiffon or crepe de chine and very frequently they are decorated with tiers of graduated flounces. Ordinary Brussels net is also fashionable just now, especially for draped mantles and for pleated waistcoats, the latter being used in connection with tailored suits of fine serge or linen.

* * *

A pretty fashion has been revived for children's summer frocks of thin material. This is the long-ended bow of ribbon, fastened just below the left shoulder. The ribbon, in soft shades of blue or pink, is made into a many-looped rosette, quite in the old fashion, and from the rosette hang three or four streamer ends. The ribbon should not be more than an inch or an inch and a half wide.

Decollete Gowns for Day Wear

The newest models for gowns created by the leading dressmakers for the seasons at the fsahionable seaside resorts present several novel features. In the first place, the greater number of these gowns would have been pronounced evening dresses by our mothers, but not by our great-great-grandmothers, who themselves wore decollete corsages in the daytime. The sleeves of the elaborate afternoon gown of to-day are so short and so skimpy that they hardly deserve to be called sleeves at all. In many cases the corsages of garden party and race gowns do not have the pointed back and front effect which is peculiar to the evening dresses of today, but are made round on the shoulders, quite in the style of certain 1830 gowns. White fox stoles and borders are freely used in conjunction with such robes as these. A quaint but exceedingly picturesque idea.

FUTURIST GAUZE WRAPS NOW A FAD

Weirdest Designs Are Printed Upon Them, and Some, Not Too Grotesque, Are Attractive.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The very latest craze, initiated by a futurist artist in Paris, is for gauze wraps to be worn at race meetings or at the Casino on the continent. These wraps have the weirdest designs printed upon them, and some of them, when not too grotesque, are wonderfully attractive.

The Viscountess Curzon, one of the loveliest blondes in England, has just had made a marvelous gauze wrap for continental wear. It has a border of Egyptian figures in black thrown against dead white background, the material being so fine that it could be drawn through a ring.

The lining of the wrap is of tangerine orange tulle and there is an immense tulle.

It is to be worn over a fairylike dress of embroidered muslin. The hat is a broad Tuscan, weighed down at one side by a cluster of white, black and purple irissee. Long single black velvet ribbon, which depends on the hat, is passed round the throat and allowed to hang low at the back.

All the latest tunics are of striped gauze, and they are very effective, and are worn over black charmeuse. Sleeves are shorter and shorter, so that thirty-button gloves are an absolute necessity.

Lady Diana Manners looked particularly attractive at a recent garden party in one which came well down over her ears. Around the rim were clusters of black and red cherries and wide strings of black velvet, tied at the back so that the ends fell straight down.

WOMEN OF PARIS WEAR SUSPENDERS

"Galluses" or Braces of Blue the Last Word in New Masculine Mode.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Women's skirts for some time have been approaching the shape of the garments worn by the masculine sex, and now Paris and London face the prospect of seeing feminine attire more like men's than ever. The last word in women's clothes is "galluses." The suspenders look very much like the broad blue variety often hung in shop windows in America and possibly labeled, "The Fireman's Friend."

A Rue de la Paix dressmaker is enthusiastic over women wearing suspenders. "Braces," she declared, "will keep the blouse from coming up out of the waistband, as it sometimes does, and if carried out in the color of the skirt they should make a charming line."

Braces are not the only masculine trend in fashion, however, for after a wave of decided femininity in frocks, when frills and fluffs, and sashes and slashes, and hoppings and hobblings have been in vogue, fashion has dashed to the other extreme and London and Paris are promised waistcoats with cutaway coats, large steel trouser buckles at the back of tweed skirts and a ponderous and portly watch chain stretched across the diaphragm.

For the present the waistcoats are still daintily evolved in delicate grays and chestnuts, sprigged or flowered. Sometimes the waistcoats reach up to the neck, finishing in a small "V." Again they wrinkle effectively around the waist with a single or double row of pearl buttons.

TATE SPRING

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT



A high, cool, healthful resort, in the heart of the Cumberland Mountains of East Tennessee, an unexcelled climate.

Modern hotel—one thousand acre park and grounds—eighteen hole golf course—saddle horses—fine five-piece orchestra for concerts and dancing and that most famous of all American Mineral Waters,

TATE SPRING NATURAL MINERAL WATER

always a help, nearly always a cure in indigestion, nervousness and all ailments attributable to improper functions of the bowels, liver and kidneys.

Rev. Dr. E. E. Hoss, Bishop Methodist Church, Nashville, Tenn., says:

"It gives me the greatest pleasure to say that I regard Tate Spring water as the best remedy for all disorders of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys of which I have knowledge."

Enjoy the healthful water at the spring or have it shipped to your home. For sale by all druggists, in sterilized bottles, filled and sealed at the spring.

Send postal to-day for illustrated booklet, giving rates, location and description of this ideal place for the summer outing. Address

TATE SPRING HOTEL CO.

S. B. ALLEN, MANAGING DIRECTOR,
TATE SPRING, TENN.

ATLANTA MINERAL WATER CO., LOCAL DISTRIBUTORS

LONDON W. Orton Tewson, Chester Overton — PARIS Paul Pierre Rignaux, Marquis de Castellane — BERLIN C. de Vidal-Hundt, Fritz Jacobsohn — ROME J. M. E. D'Aquin, George M. Bruce

SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

DEAUVILLE DRAB TOWN, BUT NOW IT IS THE RAGE

Trouville, the Neighboring Resort, Is Completely Eclipsed and Entertains None but Bourgeois.

By CHARLES HENRY MELTZER.
Special Cable to The American.

DEAUVILLE, Aug. 16.—Deauville-Trouville week ends to-morrow.

A fortnight hence both towns will be deserted. Deauville this year killed its next door neighbor, killed it deliberately with aforethought and malice. Trouville, which used to be the pet of fashion, has been abandoned to the humble bourgeois, while Deauville, which once was its placid annex, is now the center of French summer life.

Apart from its casino and hotels, Deauville has little in itself to draw a crowd with the exception of its race course and its polo grounds. Its beach is bare and sad, its streets sordid, the local shops are merely offshoots of Parisian stores. The natives are uncivil and ill-bred, yet somehow Deauville is the heart of fashion. Newport would give its very soul to boast of a tenth of the nobility which lounges about the Deauville casino and chatters at the "potiniere" and tangoes in new and garish villas.

Grouped about those haunts, half the Faubourge Saint Germain and the cream of American plutocracy seem pent up here in a space one mile square. The chief hotels, the old Normandy and new Royal, fairly reek of money.

Great Artists at Casino.

Great singers, famous actors and popular musicians add to the brilliancy of the season. In the tiny casino theater one may hear French and Italian opera sung by Maria Kousnezoff, the gifted Russian, who has supplanted Mary Garden in Paris; Chaliapine, Sammarco, LaFont and other favorites.

Society comes here above all to see itself, to talk scandal or to cause scandal, to display dresses and to air its millions. Each morning the Rue Gontant Biron, adjoining the casino, is thronged with women wearing eccentric costumes slashed and low.

Mesdames with titles a yard long jostle women of no social standing. The men chaff, laugh and flirt with all alike, and for an hour the street resembles a big love mart.

By far the best-dressed woman here this year is Mme. Kousnezoff. Yesterday, when I met her at the Royal, she wore a poetic white silk gown cut rather low and relieved by knots of dark blue satin, a much modernized mob cap trimmed with lace, transparent white stockings and white sandal shoes. About her arms and neck were sapphires, pearls and diamonds, from her ears hung costly sapphires and diamond earrings.

Mme. Kousnezoff, who is the daughter of a famous Russian painter, told me she had hoped to sing with the Chicago Opera Company next winter. Baron Gunzburg, her French manager, however, flatly refused to release her, so it may be another year before she goes to America. She is planning an American concert tour with her husband and a distinguished conductor named Lasalle.

Chaliapine, her compatriot, paid her an unusual compliment by supporting her in a small part. In one respect Mme. Kousnezoff is unique. Besides being a most charming singer, she is a premiere danseuse who could hold her own with even Pavlova. The Czar was so amazed one night by her dancing one of Rimsky Korsakoff's operas that he sent her a decoration.

Mary Garden Can't Sing.

Mary Garden, who, I regret to hear, has not yet recovered her voice, was to have sung the title role in "Le Jongleur" this week at the Casino, but could not appear.

It is unlikely that she will create the part of Maliela in "The Jewel of the Madonna" at the Paris Opera House. Some hint that she may never reappear there. This would distress her friends and please her foes, who seem equally numerous.

In the lobby of the Royal I found Chaliapine upright and boyish in his air as ever. He know nothing of his reported engagement with the Russian Opera Company by Milton and Sargent Aborn, though he assured me he would rather like to return to America.

"The first time I was there, and also the last time," said Chaliapine, "I was wrongly introduced as a Russian basso. Besides, I had to face Italian comrades who, in a quiet but effective way, edge out their rivals."

Some days ago society was thrilled by the arrival of Comte DeLarienty Tholozan in an aeroplane. He came just in time to attend the big race for Prix Florian de Kergolux. Though I saw several dainty dresses in the paddock, the cool weather prevented many women doing themselves justice with their toilets. Princess Guy de Faucigny Lucinge wore mauve. Comtesse de Segonsac affected heliotrope, Comtesse de Gallifet looked very well in gray.

Among the host of smart Americans who attended the races this week were Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, whose yacht is anchored; Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Curtis, Lady Granard (nee Beatrice Mills), Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Duryea, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Widener, Mrs. Potter Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. T. Biddle, Mrs. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Anthony J. Drexel and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Carroll, of Carrollton.

One of the most exclusive clubs in France, the Cercle de Deauville, has just elected Clarence H. Mackay and J. E. Widener permanent members.

$10,000,000 STEEL CONCERN ORGANIZED IN ENGLAND

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—A new British steel manufacturing corporation with a capital of $10,000,000, called the Oviatt British Iron and Steel Corporation, has been formed. Among the incorporators are Biggard, Lumsden & Co., of Glasgow, members of the Shipbuilding Employers' Federation.

American Likely to Rule Ireland

Earl of Granard May Be Viceroy

Wife Was Miss Beatrice Mills

Countess of Granard, formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, whose husband is prominently mentioned as first Viceroy of Ireland under home rule.



All London Believes She Will Grace Court if Husband Gets Important Post.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—An American woman may rule in Ireland as wife the first victory under home rule.

All London is talking over the prospect and is prophesying the appointment of the Earl of Granard as Vice Regent of Ireland. The Countess of Granard was formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, of New York the beautiful heiress whose marriage to the Earl was generally considered a love match.

The talk of the appointment is almost universally popular gossip. The Earl is a Catholic and his American wife is wealthy, and it is believed he will be acceptable to the Irish people, and fully able to hold his own as to the splendor of his court.

But apart from the material advantages of politics, wealth and religion, society talks pleasantly of the Countess herself. They recall the brilliant figure that Lady Daisy Leiter Curzon made as wife of the Viceroy in India, and announce in their opinion Countess of Granard will be as presentable.

Color of reality was given to the gossip when the Earl and his Countess went to Castle Forbes, Ireland, last week. No announcement was made that their trip had anything of a momentous nature, but it is rumored that beyond the casual appearance of the journey there is something of significance.

U. S. SPORTSMEN CORNER SCOTCH SHOOTING SITES

Americans Have Paid From Two to Three Million Dollars for Hunting Privilege.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There was a great outpouring from the metropolis this week for northern moors, where grouse shooting opened on the "glorious twelfth."

This method of spending a vacation is becoming more and more popular owing to the keenness with which American sportsmen have taken to it. It is no exaggeration to say that at least 50 per cent of the finest shooting in England and Scotland this year are rented by Americans who, according to one computation, paid from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 to needy landowners for the privilege of "having a go at the birds."

Lord Granard and Henry Phipps, Jr., have taken Glenprosen Lodge, Forfarshire, Scotland, for the shooting season. Lady Granard and Mrs. Henry Phipps are twin sisters.

Depews Entertain on Yacht.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Depew, who gave a very jolly dance on their yacht Mirande to wind up the Cowes regatta, are now cruising off the south coast. Mrs. David Beatty also is cruising in the channel. Among her guests in Millicent, Duchess of Sutherland, who is finding it rather trying to be a dowager.

The Countess of Suffolk, nee Leith, has left Charlton Park, Wiltshire, for Lochluchart, Scotland. This place is owned by the young Marquis of Northampton, the hero of the recent sensational breach of promise case.

Lady Paget, who is with her great friend, Mrs. William Leeds, at Aix Les Bains, is expected to return soon en route to Ireland.

Mrs. Almeric Paget, nee Whitney, is also completing a cure at the same place.

Mrs. Sam Nehouse, who just left for Baden Baden, will join later a small house party which Mrs. Bradley Martin will entertain at Balmacaan.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gould will spend the autumn at their shooting lodge near Aberfeldy, Scotland where they will be joined by Lady Decies and her husband.

Ambassador and Mrs. Page, who have been spending a few days at Cambridge, have returned to town. They are still looking for a suitable residence.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie are due to arrive at The Hague August 27 as guests of the United States Minister and Mrs. Lloyd Brice until the opening of the peace palace.

The marriage of Hon. Victoria Sackville West, otherwise the "Kidlet," with Harold Nicholson has been fixed for October.

Mackey in Scotland.

Queen Alexandra, Princess Victoria and Queen Amelie of Portugal were represented at the funeral of Lady Cook, wife of Sir Frederick Cook, this week. Lady Francis Cook, formerly Tennessee Claflin, of New York, is stepmother of Sir Frederick.

Henry C. Frick is spending a few days at the Carlton Hotel incognito. Clarence H. Mackay stayed some days at the Carlton, then left for some shooting in Scotland.

George Ade has arrived after a continental tour and has been looking up old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Roger C. Sullivan, of Chicago, entertained a party consisting of John Hopkins, James F. Gallagher and E. F. Kelly. Mrs. Sullivan has gone on a visit to her Irish relatives. Sullivan proclaims himself an enthusiastic supporter of the English Channel tunnel scheme, but believes a tunnel between Ireland and England will be even more advantageous by opening the English market to the daily produce of Ireland.

Sullivan believes Russia offers enormous opportunities to American enterprise and is likely in the near future to become one of the best world's markets.

Philip M. Lydig gave a couple of dinner parties before departing to Scotland for the shooting with a party including W. C. Reick.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Guggenheim spent a couple of days with Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim before the latter's departure for Cologne.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McCullough have left for the Scottish moors, where they are entertaining a shooting party. Miss A. Lowell has returned from Paris.

Mrs. E. H. Lounsberghas left for France. Mrs. Frank Wiborg has arrived for a few days' shopping. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jennings have returned.

Mrs. Harold Brown, sister of Lady Camoys, has left for Paris.

ITALY BUILDS FLEET OF 300 MILITARY AIRCRAFT

Special Cable to The American.

MILAN, Aug. 16.—A large number of military aeroplanes are now being constructed in Italy with funds raised by national subscription.

When this program is completed Italy will have 300 military aeroplanes. Dirigibles also will be built.

MANY ESCAPE VACCINATION.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—More than a quarter of a million children—or 31.6 per cent of those born—were exempted from vaccination last year under the "conscientious objection" rule.

IDEAL SUMMER LIFE SPENT BY KING OF ITALY

Villa Near Pisa Furnishes Unlimited Enjoyment for Royal Family—Banish All Formality.

Special Cable to The American.

PISA, Aug. 16.—A visit to San Rossore, only a few miles from Pisa, where the Italian royal family spends part of the summer vacation, would reveal to the reader an idyllic site.

In June Queen Elena leaves the capital for the pine forest and the shores of San Rossore, where her four beautiful children are allowed to roam and exercise in the sports which have made them strong and healthy. The actual vacation, however, does not begin until after Parliament has adjourned and King Victor has signed the last laws voted during the summer session.

Then he is free, and the royal family enjoys complete rest in the company of a few selected friends and the ladies and gentlemen in waiting who accompany them and who are changed every two weeks.

Formalities Are Banished.

At San Rossore, and later on at the Castle of Racconigi, where the royal family spends September and October, court etiquette and the formalities of the court ceremonial are banished and everybody is left free to follow his own inclinations.

The King, who is an amateur agriculturist, spends much time experimenting with combinations to produce new varieties of flowers, while the Queen paints and sketches under the aged trees in which the estate is very rich. The King, when tired of his floricultural labors, repairs to his library and his numismatic collection.

The King and Queen are both enthusiastic pedestrians, and now and then they start out early in the morning to traverse the old forest, which extends more than twenty miles along the sea front. During the walk the Queen is always ready to snapshot with her camera a picturesque scene, while the King, who has inherited from his father and grandfather a passion for hunting, takes an occasional shot at the sea birds.

Every Liberty for Children.

The royal children are allowed the fullest liberty.

Their pastimes are so arranged as to teach them many things for which there is no place in the school curriculum. This year a Norwegian village has been built for them by Architect Stromucci of the Royal Castle on a green lawn facing the sea.

The furniture of the four small cottages was designed by the Queen herself, and the children will decorate it with pyrography.

The idea of the Queen is to teach the young princesses to learn the management of the house. The children invite each other by turn and the Crown Prince is always required to escort the visiting party. The inviting princess receives the visitors and entertains them at tea.

Only two governesses look after the royal children when on vacation, as the tutors are dismissed during the summer. The only lessons they take are in foreign languages, and even these are imparted in a most practical way. A day in the week is set for each language and on that day they are allowed to speak no other language but that scheduled at both lunch and dinner. French is spoken on Sunday, for example, German on Tuesday and English on Thursday.

CHINA SUFFRAGETTES GET FIRST BIGAMY SENTENCE

Special Cable to The American.

HONG KONG, Aug. 16.—The first Chinese bigamy trial that has ever taken place ended in Un Chan Tse being sentenced to eighty days imprisonment by a mixed court at Shanghai. The prosecution was instigated by the Chinese Woman Suffragette Society.

30,000 Americans In Berlin This Year

Police Statistics Show That 7,000 Visited German Capital in Single Month.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—According to carefully tabulated statistics of the police, nearly 7,000 Americans registered at Berlin hotels during the past month. This is about 1,000 more than stopped here during the corresponding period last year and greatly exceeds the number of tourists coming from any other one country Russia and Austria being the only exceptions.

Although this has not been a record-breaking year in the matter of American tourist traffic, it is safe to assume that the total number of visitors from the United States during the present season considerably exceeds 30,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice L. Rothschild, of Chicago, stopped here after a motor tour of nearly two months in different parts of Europe. With the Rothschild party is Miss Florence Simon, of Minneapolis. Other motorists who arrived during the week were Gilbert W. Lee and Norton Lee, Detroit, who also motored from Leipzig on their awy home.

Explorers To Be First Through Canal

Peary and Amundsen Will Sail Over Panama Waterway in Historic Whaler.

Special Cable to The American.

BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 16.—The whaler Fram sailed from this port to-day bound for Colon, where she will take aboard Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary and Captain Amundsen. The two explorers, it is reported, are to have the honor of being the first to pass through the completed Panama Canal. The Fram was under the command of Captain Doxrud.

After making the passage through the canal, Captain Amundsen will stay on his ship and proceed northward, taking advantage of the Arctic currents in the direction of the North Pole. He will return on the ship to Christiania, Norway.

Captain Doxrud intends visiting San Francisco to perfect himself in the science of aviation in order that he may use this mode of travel when he makes his next trip to the polar regions.

Fast Living Robs Life Of Its Joy, He Says

Alexander H. Revel, of Chicago, Declares Money Is Wasted Trying to Hide Time's Ravages.

Special Cable to The American.

CARLSBAD, Aug. 16.—Alexander H. Revel, of Chicago, thinks modern life is becoming so fast that all the joy of it is being crushed out and the best of heaven's gifts are being set at naught.

"There is a great waste," said Mr. Revel, "hurtful to the best interests of all the people, and in this England and America easily lead. But they are being run a close race by France and Germany.

"In the great spas of Europe one sees men and women from all parts of the world, nervous excitable and looking artificially well, because their money is spent to hide the blemishes and ravages of life. More wholesome living all around, with a certain substance in simplicity, would do more for health, comfort and good cheer."

GIRL REALLY LEAPS FROM AEROPLANE FOR 'MOVIES'

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The latest in moving picture films is a ballroom drama taken over Hampton Court Palace 300 feet in the air. In one unrehearsed effect Marie Pickering, 18 years old, leaped from the aeroplane and caught the guide rope hanging from the balloon, but being too weak to climb the rope she had to be lassoed and hauled up to the basket.

ALL POMP AND SPLENDOR GONE FROM VATICAN

Pope Pius' Love of Simplicity Is Bemoaned by Courtiers of the Holy See.

By CAMILLO CIANFARRA.
Special Cable to The American.

ROME, Aug. 16.—The tenth anniversary of the election of Pius X to the throne of St. Peters, also the anniversary of his coronation, will be observed at the Vatican this week in a much quieter way than in former years.

The Pope was in better health, and his activity as a reformer was at its zenith.

This year the change which the Papal Court has undergone ever since Pius X was elected has become very noticeable.

To say that the old conservative Roman element court, the Papal nobility and a large army of Vatican officeholders are mourning the days of yore and that deep dissatisfaction exists among the Curia Prelates is to state only part of the truth.

Prelates who reached the highest rank in the church under Leo XIII make sad reflections over the change and the passing of the splendor of the court.

Life Extremely Simple.

One of the traits of the Pope's character which has endeared him to exalted and humble alike is the extreme simplicity of his life and his dislike of gorgeous ceremonies when not intended to do honor to God, but naturally this policy, although strongly supported by the clergy at large, has found few sympathizers among those connected with the court.

The press, still devoted to the memory of the great Pope, has been drawing some sharp comparisons between the way the anniversaries scheduled to be celebrated under Leo and that in vogue now.

Under Leo, coronation days were occasions of gorgeous ceremonies, intended to convey to the enemies of the church a concrete idea of the Pope's power on earth. On coronation day Pope Leo would receive the diplomatic corps sitting on his gold and jewel-studded throne, assisted by the heads of the two oldest princely families in Rome, Prince Colonna and Prince Orsini, surrounded by all the members of the sacred college who were summoned to Rome.

The Vatican presented a spectacle, with the militia in gala uniforms, prelates of all ranks in picturesque robes, the heads of religious orders, civilians wearing insignia of offices and court robes, forming an ensemble which would hardly be surpassed by any other court.

Splendor Has Disappeared.

To-day the gorgeousness and splendor have almost disappeared from the Papal Court. Ever since his election, one of the features of the policy of Pius X has been a steady curtailment of expenses and the abolition of offices which the changed times and the new state of things have rendered obsolete and merely decorative.

From the diplomatic point of view, the Papal Court has lost much of its importance under Pius X. Several European countries, including France, Portugal and the principality of Monaco, have abolished their legations to the Holy See.

SUFFRAGETTE WANTS WOMEN IN FRENCH ARMY

Madame Dieulafoy Would Have Them Fill Hospital, Commissary and Other Departments.

By MARQUIS DE CASTELLANE.
Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Madame Dieulafoy, who has permission from the French Government to wear man's attire, lays down some logical military consequences which must follow, she says, from the suffragette movement.

Madame Dieulafoy is not a mere eccentric in dress. She is a distinguished explorer and author. She says:

"One of the results of the suffragette movement is that women must assume many responsibilities which formerly belonged to men. Certain assistant positions in the army should be assigned to them. They should take over all the work of the nurses in the army.

"In time of war 40,000 male attaches of hospitals could be replaced by women. This would add a good sized army corps to the fighting material of the country.

"I would even favor compulsory hospital training for women, with a view to service as field nurses in time of war. This is a rough draft of a bill to meet the situation.

"Every woman of 20 years, married or unmarried, shall serve six months in the hospitals. In every subsequent year, until she is 45, she shall serve three weeks in the hospitals.

"Women with children under 7 years of age shall be exempt.

"Women with more than three children shall be exempt from all further hospital service."

Would you have a slim, youthful figure? Though no longer young, it may be yours.

Drink "GET SLIM"



A delicious fruit combination, in powder form, to be dissolved in your drinking water and taken when thirsty, at any time and in any quantity.

Not one drop of medicine—not laxative. Positively not injurious. Pure Food Serial No. 46516.

"Get Slim" reduced me 18 pounds in 4 months without the slightest change in my mode of living.

It improved both my health and appearance. I believe it the simplest and easiest way of controlling weight. Sold by

Randolph Hairdressing Parlors
Atlanta, Ga.
or direct from me.

JEAN DOWNS
Your Wholesale Druggist or
334 Fifth Avenue--33rd Street
Opp. Waldorf Astoria.
Call if possible. Booklet on request.

Windsor Castle Open To Tourists Again

King George Orders That Any Official Accepting Tip Will Be Dismissed.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—At this time of the year hundreds of American visitors go to Windsor to explore the castle, and there is rejoicing in the town over the reopening of the State apartments which have been closed ever since last January through fear of suffragette outrages.

Every person who enters the castle will have to pay a shilling, and there will be no free days as hitherto. By the King's command this money will go to the local hospital.

By the King's command also it is reported that no "tips" whatever shall be given to guides or to any of the officials at the castle. If any official is discovered accepting a "tip," he will be dismissed.

$30,000,000 Yearly in Penny-Slot Gambling

French Government Is Forced to Put Ban on Machines in Small Cafes.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The French Government has decided to prohibit the "penny-in-the-slot" gambling machines in all the lower class cafes.

The last available statistics show that in 1911 there were 64,953 of these petty gambling machines in use in France, and that their total receipts during the year were $30,000,000.

The machines are usually leased by cafe keepers on a sharing basis. During 1911 the proprietors received as their share $10,000,000.

The remaining $20,000,000 was represented by tickets, drawn from the machines, which were useless unless exchanged for drinks.

Croquet Suddenly The Fad in England

Old Game Again Is Feature of the Smartest Week-End Parties.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Croquet has suddenly come back into favor after a long rest, and is a marked feature at all smart week-end parties.

Tennis is too strenuous and golf too baffling for many whose social duties call for much of their time.

The croquet lawns at Ranelagh and Hurlingham are in great demand, and many are introducing new rules and new kinds of hoops to give novelty to the game.

The Earl of Essex is devoted to the game. Lady Charles Beresford also passes hours at it.

Viscount Doneraile, Lord Tollemache, Lord Lurgan and Nigel Kingscote are often to be seen playing at Ranelagh.

Among the fair sex one notices Lady Angela Forbes, Lady Margaret Spicer, Lady Sophie Scott, Lady Winifred Butler and Mrs. Arthur Sassoon.

Red Horses for Army; New Breed Developed

Chestnut Equines Said to Have More Fire Than Those of Less Vivid Color.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—As a result of experiments made in Lecestershire by biologists, not yet completed, a new species of horses is being developed for the army.

Bright chestnut which is the equivalent of red hair in children, has quite overcome all other tints among hackneys, and it is associated with the mental quality that is called "fire." It is a mas er color in more than one respect, indicating a viking spirit.

Air-Float TALC IS BORATED

Two tints—flesh and white



THERE is no other Talcum Powder so soft, so smooth, so delightfully perfumed.

Guaranteed Pure
10 Cents a Box
Mined and made only by
TALCUM PUFF CO.
Bush Terminal Building
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Christian Association Hall at Cox College



The above view represents the Y. W. C. A. Hall at Cox College, College Park, Ga., that has just been remodeled, showing its two-manual organ recently installed and giving a glimpse into the reading room.

The Association is the center of the religious and social activities of the college. Prominent ministers and missionaries have often addressed the young ladies and inspired them to higher and nobler things. Many interesting social gatherings where distinguished people from Atlanta and other cities are entertained, form a valuable feature of college life. At these gatherings students from the Conservatory furnish delightful programs. At times the guests are treated to a recital on the large three-manual organ in the chapel, which is considered the largest and sweetest toned college instrument in the South.

With the splendid environment of rural seclusion on the one hand and a great city near by all throbbing with life and the greatest intellectual and moral forces on the other, with the fine equipments and strong faculty, great things may be accomplished by the earnest student. The College points with pride to its alumnae who hold prominent positions all over the Southland.

Workmen have been busy throughout the summer, putting in many improvements which the students will appreciate and enjoy the coming session.

Cox College can be reached in a day from any point in this or adjoining states and many prospective patrons have visited the College this summer.

Preparations have been made to accommodate a larger student body than usual the coming year, and all Atlanta is looking forward to the arrival of the students on September 10, when the seventy-first session of this time-honored institution begins.

BRENAU COLLEGE

A Distinctive College for Women Which Offers Unexcelled Instruction in Literary Studies, Art, Music, Oratory and Domestic Science.

BRENAU is located conveniently near to Atlanta, Ga., which gives the college the advantages of a large city, while at the same time it enjoys the splendid climate and delightful social spirit of the smaller town in which it is situated.

GAINESVILLE is notable for its healthfulness, cleanness and crispness of its atmosphere being due to its nearness to the Blue Ridge mountains.

BEAUTIFUL furnishings and complete equipment make the college buildings homelike and comfortable; and the girls receive every attention while away from home.

THE table fare is wholesome and palatable. Brenau's source of supply is mainly its own farm and dairy, which insures pure milk and nourishing food.

THESE facts are important, for the girl's health and happiness must be considered as well as her intellectual advancement. Brenau takes care of all three.

Fall Term Opens September 11th
Catalogue on Request
DR. H. J. PEARCE DR. T. J. SIMMONS
Associate Presidents
GAINESVILLE, GA.

'OH, I SAY,' REAL FRENCH FARCE; ITS DOORS BANG

Alan Dale Finds It Minus the Star, but He Is Willing to Admit That He Did Smile.

By ALAN DALE,
Special Correspondent of The Sunday American.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—One swallow may not make a summer (though I believe it does), but nobody will deny that one "star" can make a play. Therefore, if that one "star" should be out of the cast (as often happens in London) it is quite likely that the play will lose its exuberance. I saw "Oh, I Say!" at the Criterion Theater when Mr. James Welch was out of the cast. I couldn't ask for my money back (I had been kindly presented with a pair of stalls), so I sat through a star-less "Oh, I Say!!" and paid far more attention to the play than I should have done.

Londoners don't mind a bit when the actor or actress they pay to see takes a little vacation and an understudy goes on. (You learn this from a slip always inclosed in the program, when it is too late to repine.) Londoners are used to it.

I don't know what had happened to James Welch. Anyway, it was his understudy, H. Langdon Bruce, who played the part of the bridegroom in "Oh, I Say!!"—a particularly arduous role for an understudy to tackle. I divided my time feeling sorry for H. Langdon Bruce and for myself—particularly for myself.

"Oh, I Say!!" must have been a scorcher in its original French of Henri Kersai and Albert Barre, when it was called "Une Nuit de Noces" (A Wedding Night). It had to be adapted into London by Sydney Blew and Douglas Hoare. What they had to do was to "wedding-ring" the affair, or at least, in a question of equivocal relations, to suggest that the two were "engaged."

The little English word "engaged" covers a multitude of Parisian iniquities. Marcel, the hero of the piece, just married to the beautiful Suzette, meets in the foyer of the Hotel d'Angleterre at Beauvais the scintillant and corruscating Sidonie, to whom he has been "engaged." You smile as the word pops out in its Anglo-Saxon humbug. You are perfectly well aware what the adapter has done, but you look around you at the ornate and bare-shouldered British matron, and you quite understand why Marcel and Sidonie were "engaged."

That is really the gist and the gust of "Oh, I Say!!" The usual farcical use of lies is resorted to, and when I tell you that there are four doors in the setting—all of which bank—you can see your play. Everybody is pushed in at one door or other. Everybody else rushes in at another door. The most popular remark made is "You here?"

Each, seeing the other, cries "You here?" I daresay you have heard the remark before in French farce. Half of the French farces wouldn't get over the footlights unless you heard that lovely query, "You here?" Sometimes it is only "You here?" More emphatically, it is You here?" In cases of desperation it is "YOU here?"

However, I'm not going to pretend that I didn't smile at "Oh, I say!!" for it would be foolish pretense. I did smile. It has its funny moments in spite of allusions to pajamas, keyholes, disinfectants, and so on. Once get into the mood, and in spite of reason one laughs. "Laughter," says Professor Henri Bergson, "always implies a sort of secret freemasonry, or even complicity, with other laughers, real or imaginary. How often has it been said that the fuller the theater, the more uncontrolled the laughter of the audience!" There was a good deal of laughter at the Criterion Theater, and whatever one may write, in all cynicism of this cut-and-dried farce business, the piece HAS caught on. In my humble opinion, what "Oh, I Say!!" needs, and what I am told Mr. Lee Shubert will give it for U. S. A., is music.

Music dulls noe's sense of logic What appears banal and trite and far-fetched in a straight farce is accepted without question when a bit of music happens. With a chorus of pretty girls chirping "Oh, I Say!!" it wouldn't matter very much what I DID say. So there you are.

I can't tell you what James Welch did with the farce, but I should imagine that it belonged to him. There were two very pretty girls in the cast—Miss Sybil de Bray, who appeared as the bride, and Miss Ruby Miller, who was the maid. Then there was a very clever actress, rejoicing in the name of Marguerite Scialtiel, who is, I fancy, Norwegian, and who is quite likely to be heard from again. There were many others, who had to rush in and rush out, and get banged in the doors. They had to work hard for their living; and if they were not merry, they were at least active little things!

It is a long time since we have had a dose of real French farce, even in London, and the English public has taken kindly to "Oh, I Say!!" even without music. The piece is very short, indeed, which is distinctly in its favor, and it says what it has to say with lightning-like rapidity. Anyway, it is established here.

Dance to Feature Forsyth Bill

Emma Bunting to Open Lyric

Mrs. Grace DeMar, pretty vaudeville actress, who will be a feature on the Forsyth bill this week.



Bert French and Alice Eis to Present "The Dance of Fortune" Here.

Bert French and Alice Eis, in "The Dance of Fortune," will be the headline attraction at the Forsyth during the week starting with matinee on Monday, and there will be six other features, including some of the best known entertainers in modern Keith vaudeville.

The headliners are perhaps the greatest dancers in vaudeville. Five years ago, when they were simply beginners, they appeared at the old Orpheum and danced the "Vampire." They created a sensation in the newspapers and in every gathering that crowded the vaudeville theater twice a day.

Leaving Atlanta, they sailed almost immediately from New York for Paris and spent three years in the largest cities of Europe and then filled a long return engagement in Paris, where they studied new dances. Returning to America a few months ago, they were booked by Hammerstein, and created a new sensation for the Victoria Theater.

They are going to dance their best success, "The Dance of Fortune," here. It is wonderful, according to people who know. It is sensational, according to the newspapers, and it is a wonderful drawing card, according to the New York managers. Miss Eis is a decidedly pretty girl, the perfection of grace and charm. Mr. French is a dancer in a class by himself, and the act promises to live up to its wonderful reputation here in Atlanta.

As an extra added feature the management has secured Willie Weston and Mike Bernard. This act is unlike any other in vaudeville. There are two stars in one act, either of whom could and would be a headliner for any bill. Willie Weston is in a class by himself as a character singer. He sings his own songs, and therefore, they will all be new. Mike Bernard is the leader of all comedy pianists. He is the acknowledged champion ragtime pianist. Together the "team" makes an act that can not be duplicated. It is a drawing card for any theater and will be a great Forsyth feature.

Pretty Grace DeMar will make her first appearance in Atlanta. It is natural to call an actress pretty. For some reason or other, a vaudeville comedienne is always pretty, and in this case it is a fact that Miss DeMar is one of the prettiest girls ever to face an audience. She is an artist of ability and will exhibit some gowns that will be models. Miss DeMar is classed with the big acts of modern vaudeville, and it is predicted that she will become a genuine favorite in Atlanta.

Kennedy and Rooney will offer a singing and dancing oddity that promises to have much to do with the hits of the week. This duo, though one of the big features in vaudeville, has never been seen in Atlanta before, and is more evidence of the fact that the Forsyth management is going after new records.

Foster and Lovette will be hits in their act, and the Nikko Troupe, two men and a woman, who hail from Japan, will show stunts that will be thrilling.

War Drama "Movie" At Grand All Week.

A spectacular war drama, "Victory," made in Cuba with the aid and permission of the United States Navy, a stupendous production in five reels that will appeal to all Atlanta, will be the attraction at the Grand matinee and night all of the week, starting with matinee on Monday. There will be daily matinees at 10 cents for the best seats, and the night prices will be 10, 15 and 25 cents. Reserved seats will be sold for all performances.

"Victory" is a thrilling story of love and war that will continue for nearly two hours. It has been passed by some of the greatest critics in the land and has the written indorsement of officers of the Navy Department. It shows Secretary Josephus Daniels; Admiral Badger, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet; Commander Benson, Lieutenant Commanders Bassett and Butler and other famous people of the Navy.

Emma Bunting to Open at Lyric.

At the Lyric Theater, commencing with a special matinee on Labor Day, Miss Emma Bunting, a favorite actress in Atlanta, will play a week's engagement, presenting "The Circus Girl," a three-act comedy, by Sydney Grundy. Little Miss Bunting is so well and favorably known in this city that the mere announcement of her approaching engagement will undoubtedly be hailed with enthusiasm by her friends and local playgoers.

"The Circus Girl" is a play in Miss Bunting's repertoire which is new to this city, and is described as a rollicking farce, with a part for the little actress which suits her dainty personality to perfection. It was first produced in England at the Globe Theater, London, where it enjoyed great vogue for a long period, and was also played at Daly's Theater, in New York.

As on previous occasions, George Whitaker will be Miss Bunting's leading man, and others in the support are Eva Sargent, Jack Ball, Sam C. Miller, Jessie Harcourt, Louis Dean, Leslie Webb and Vera Townsend. It is promised that "The Circus Girl" will receive a first-class production.

BINGHAM SCHOOL'S central purpose for 120 years has been to make Men of Boys. Asheville climate world renowned. Organization Military. Two details from U. S. Army allowed to N. C. The A. & M. College has one. Bingham the other. Target and Gallery practice, with latest U. S. Army Rifles. Lake for Swimming. Summer Camp during July and August. Tuition and Board $150 per Half Term. $300 a year. Address Col. R. Bingham, Box 6, Asheville, N. C.

Ga. School of Technology

The graduates of this leading engineering institute always in demand.

They are *always* well versed in the advanced courses in *Mechanical, Electrical, Textile and Civil Engineering, Engineering Chemistry, Chemistry and Architecture.*

Preparedness for real teaching, including new equipment for shop, mill and laboratories. New hospital, new shop buildings, Dormitories splendid new Y. M. C. A. Cost reasonable. Climate healthful. Environments excellent. Largest and most complete athletic field in the South. Write for catalog.

K. G. Matheson, LL.D., Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

STAGE NOTES

WHITFORD KANE believes in advertising. It has brought him distinction, and, being scrupulously accurate in making his own announcements, he has equal faith in the announcements of others, but he is not so sure now.

After his return from England, where he went on professional matters, he decided that he would join the great army of flesh reducers and sought the advertising columns of the daily press. One advertisement interested him especially. The advertiser boldly announced, "Fat folks reduced, $5." And, while Mr. Kane is not fat, he decided that if the advertiser's proposition was good for fat folks it should do for him, so he invested.

"Well, what was the result?" a friend asked after he had related his experience.

"He did it all right," Mr. Kane replied.

"How much did he reduce you?"

"Just as he said—$5," was the rueful reply.

* * *

MAUDE LESLIE ran across a typical Southern negress in New York recently, and when the warm days came and they were followed by the hot ones, which gave way to the sweltering, Miss Leslie concluded to hie to the mountains, take a bungalow and live a primitive life for a few weeks. To the end that she might have more time to live such a life she approached Mandy, under which cognomen her new acquaintance sailed, and presented the plan with its allurements. She did not omit the purling brooks and the golden sunsets and all that sort of thing, you know, and Mandy was interested at once.

"Would you like to go away with me this summer and keep house for me?"

Mandy was sure she would.

"Suppose I get just a bungalow. Do you think you could take care of it nicely by yourself?"

Mandy gasped and rolled her eyes.

"'Deed, no! Reckon you all better get somebody else. I don't know nothin' about takin' care of any animals!"

* * *

Mollie McIntyre, who was the Bunty in the special Western organization of "Bunty Pulls the Strings," has returned to America after a vacation at her home in England. She expects to appear in a musical production this season.

* * *

Among the attractions under the management of producers affiliated with the Messrs. Shubert which will be seen during the coming season are "The Family Cupboard," McIntyre and Heath in revival of "The Ham Tree," Lillian Russell, Anna Held, Emma Trentini, "High Jinks," "The Purple Road," "When Dreams Come True," "Kiss Me Quick," "The Bird Cage," Blanche Ring, Pavlowa, Gertrude Hoffmann, Polaire and Lady Richardson.

* * *

Sallie Fisher, since her recent marriage, has become an ardent advocate of matrimony and was recently narrating the joys of married life.

"But," expostulated her friend, "you see, all the best men are already married."

"Yes, that's so," admitted the prima donna. "But, you know, they were not the best men until they were married."

* * *

An aspiring young musician visited Homer Lind when that excellent opera singer was in the English production of "Parsifal," and begged a criticism of her work. Mr. Lind received the young lady in his music room and listened attentively while she damaged his piano. Finally, at the conclusion, she turned to him with a beam of satisfaction.

"Now that you have heard me, look over my music and tell me what you prefer to have me play."

"I should imagine it would be do-inoes," he replied.

Berlin Depends On U. S. for Opera Stars

Emma Destinn and Olive Fremstadt Among Metropolitan Singers in German City.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The extent to which Germany is becoming dependent upon New York as a source of supply for its operatic talent is shown again this year in recent productions both at Berlin and Munich, where the Wagner festival is in progress. The leading stars in both cases were borrowed from the forces of the Metropolitan Opera House.

The appearance of Emma Destinn at Croll's Opera House here has been the most important event of the midsummer season. At Munich the heaviest roles have fallen to Olive Fremstadt, who sang the part of Isolde at the inaugural performance of "Triestan" Monday night.

ATLANTA MUSIC TEACHERS ARE TAKING VACATION

Misses Eda and Marguerite Bartholomew, two of the most popular music teachers of Atlanta, are spending the summer at their old home in Indiana. Miss Furlow Anderson, another well-known music teacher, chaperoned three of her music pupils, Misses Evelyn Hunt, Dorothy Harraison and Frances Greshman, for a month's stay in Waynesville, N. C.

Over 300 Ragtimers Pining for America

London Music Halls Crowded With Idle Singers Scheming to Raise Steerage Fare.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There are 300 or 400 homesick Americans in London. They are music hall artists who flocked over here when ragtime brought about a trans-Atlantic boom.

They came first class, talking of three-figure contracts, and now they are scheming to get cheap passages home disguised as Polish emigrants.

The trouble, of course, is that the music hall stage has been glutted with American turns.

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, ATHENS, GA.

Named by a United States Commissioner of Education as being among the best fitted State Normal Schools in the United States. Fifty-six officers and teachers, ten buildings, eighteen departments of instruction, full certificate courses in Psychology, Pedagogy, English, Expression, Oratory, Mathematics, Science, History, Latin, German, Greek, French, Spanish, Correspondence.

The Home-Life courses are among the strongest in the South. Domestic Arts and Sciences, Manual Arts, Agriculture, Gardening, Home Nursing, Physical Culture, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Sight Singing. Diploma & license to teach. Two Practice Schools. Education for fitness and happiness in the home. Total expenses for a year less than $150.00. Write for Catalogue.

JERE M. POUND, President.

PHARMACY Studied at the University of Georgia, under the most favorable environment of college life means efficient preparation for a lucrative position. Graduates have never failed to pass State examination. Send for catalog to **Dean S. C. Benidict, M. D., Athens, Ga.**

GEORGIA MILITARY ACADEMY

THE SOUTH'S MOST SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED PREP SCHOOL

College Park, Eight Miles From Atlanta, Georgia

Fills every hour of a boy's life with wholesome mental development, body building, moral and social training, and preparation for a man's part in the world's work. A thoroughly disciplined, modernly appointed, attractive school for boys and young men—a gentleman's school limited to about 125 boarding pupils, so grouped as to give every teacher about 12 Cadets for tutoring and oversight at night. Delightful home life—a big happy family of successful, cultured teachers and pupils. Every sanitary convenience. Electric lights, steam heat, artesian water. Elevation nearly 1,200 feet, no malaria, perfect health.

BEST TABLE FARE AND PRETTIEST SCHOOL CAMPUS IN THE SOUTH

Three regular courses—Classical, Engineering, Commercial.
Members Southern Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools.
Active U. S. Officer in Charge of Military Department.
Classed A by U. S. War Department.
All arms accouterments and ordinance supplies furnished by U. S., just as at the V. M. I. and the Citadel.
Magnificent outdoor gymnasium now being constructed.
Thorough work in Class Room.
Largest Faculty in any Prep School in Georgia.
Athletics, without any "hired or induced" players, properly encouraged.
Location in College Park, Atlanta's most beautiful suburb.
Special advantages for Atlanta pupils.
Modern dairy operated for exclusive use of Cadets.
Prospective patrons urged to visit and compare with the best in America.

COLONEL J. C. WOODWARD, A. M., Pres.

Dixie Diva Wants English Opera

Atlanta Visitor to Sing in East

Miss Lois Ewell, Memphis girl and niece of Captain Edward S. Gay, of Atlanta, who will make her grand opera debut in New York.



Niece of Captain Gay Believes That Classics Should Not Be Rendered in Alien Tongue.

Grand opera in English, the dream of thousands of patriotic American music-lovers, has found one of its most capable disciples in Miss Lois Ewell, a young Southern singer, of prominent connections in Atlanta. Miss Ewell is a kinswoman of Captain Edward S. Gay, whom she has visited in the course of her tours. She has been extensively entertained in Atlanta, where she has many friends.

Upon Miss Ewell's return recently to New York, after a period spent in European study, her arrival was acclaimed joyfully by the Eastern newspapers. Here was an apostle of a new order of opera; here was a singer whose voice gave promise of achieving for her fame and a following, to establish the fact that the country's native language is a music language—a fact long and often disputed by the fastidious followers of foreign opera.

That Miss Ewell can sing well is known to New York, whose populace followed her in light opera and in the productions of the Aborn Opera Company before she went abroad to study. New York's welcome, then, was not altogether a matter of speculation.

Miss Ewell has been engaged to sing in a repertoire of thirty operas, including all the world-famous operas, whose consistent production in their original foreign language has aroused resentment. The company which has her services has announced that it established the English opera repertoire in response to numerous demands, and that it is ready to prophesy success for the experiment.

Miss Ewell probably will sing in New York all next season, and from the success that greets her performance will be drawn the conclusion whether opera in English will be made an institution.

Miss Ewell is a native of Memphis, and is a niece of Gilbert Raines, editor of The Memphis News-Scimitar. She is connected, also, through other branches of her family, with some of the most prominent folk of the South.



MUSIC

The Atlanta Conservatory of Music has issued a beautiful year book, in which Mortimer Wilson has an interesting foreword. Mr. Wilson has accepted the general directorship of the Conservatory and will devote much of his time to the work outlined for the year.

Mr. Wilson came to Atlanta several months ago to accept the position of musical director of the Philharmonic Orchestra, which was the outgrowth of the Atlanta Musical Association, with Mrs. John Marshall Slaton as president. His association with that organization has been the means of greatly advancing the standard of orchestral music in Atlanta and he will continue as director to the Philharmonic Orchestra.

Mr. Wilson is a composer whose work is generally known in the United States and has added to his popularity.

* * *

A quaint revival of an old custom will be the reception and soiree to be given by the faculty of the Atlanta Conservatory of Music at the Cable Building on the evening of September 10, at which time members of the faculty will participate.

The reception will be held in the big hall, after which the guests of the occasion will be invited to visit the various studios, where refreshments will be served.

Reception-soirees were at one time very popular in the Old World and are about to become a part of the social life of the musicians in this city.

Those taking part in the entertainment will be Miss Annabel Wood, Mrs. Grace Lee Brown Townsend, David Love, Hunter Welsh, Alexander Skibinski and Mr. Pauli.

* * *

The following musical program will be rendered at the First Baptist Church to-day, under the direction of J. P. O'Donnelly, organist:

MORNING.

Prelude.
Te Deum, Chapman.
"I Need Thee Every Hour," Read—Mrs. Peyton H. Todd.
Postlude.

EVENING.

Prelude.
"I Will Magnify Thee," Rogers; "Watchman, Tell Us of the Night," Neidlinger—Mr. Drukenmiller and Mr. Bates.
Postlude.

ATLANTA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Twenty-two years of remarkably successful work. Greater demand for our graduates than we can supply. Best attendance south of Philadelphia. Begins October 6th. Address

GEORGE F. PAYNE, PH. G., President. 255 Courtland St., Atlanta, Georgia.



WASHINGTON SEMINARY

1374 PEACHTREE ROAD - - - - ATLANTA

THE SOUTH'S MOST BEAUTIFUL SCHOOL

DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.

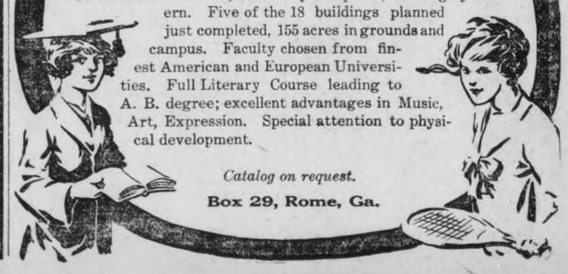
1. Boarding Department limited. $100,000.00 in Grounds and Buildings.
2. New School Building, modern in equipment, with provision for open-air class rooms.
3. Courses in Domestic Science and Physical Training a part of regular curriculum.
4. Departments: Kindergarten, Primary, Academic, College Preparatory, Music, Art, Expression.

Thirty-sixth Session begins SEPTEMBER 11th, 1913.
Write for illustrated catalogue.—B. L. D. and EMMA B. SCOTT, Principals.

SHORTER COLLEGE

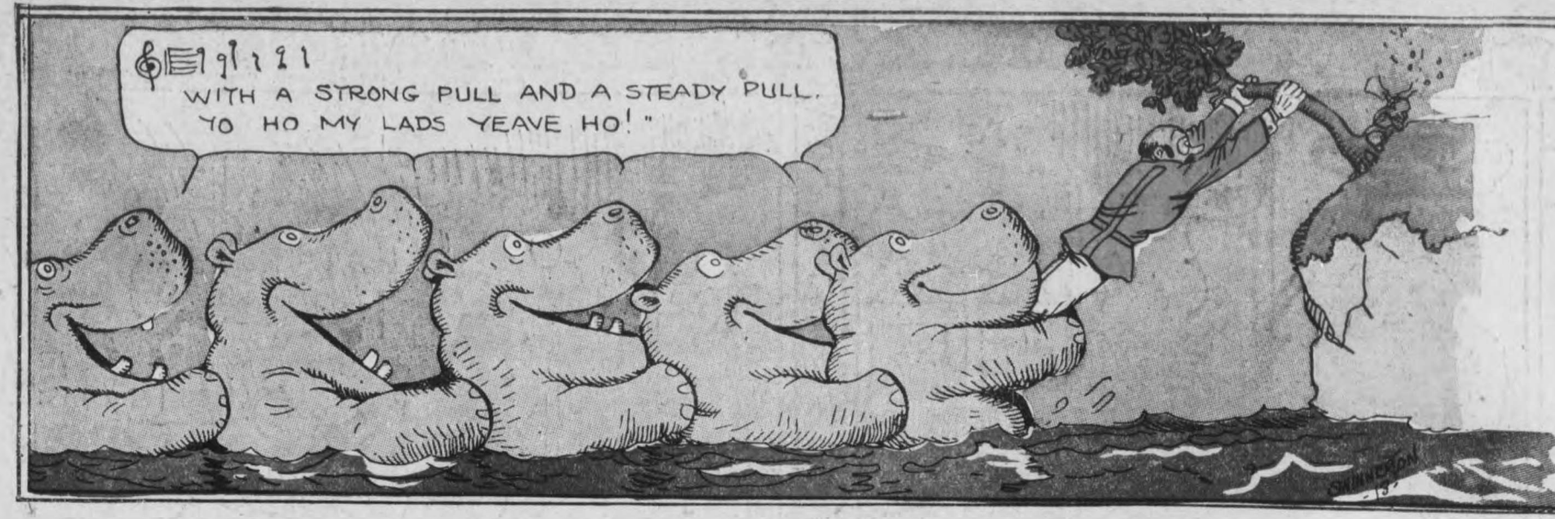
A High Grade Institution For Young Women

Beautifully located near the mountains in the most healthful section of the South—not a death in the College during the forty years of its existence. Every convenience of modern home. Only two girls to a room, with large study between every two rooms. Every building of re-enforced concrete, absolutely fire-proof, thoroughly modern. Five of the 18 buildings planned just completed, 155 acres in grounds and campus. Faculty chosen from finest American and European Universities. Full Literary Course leading to A. B. degree; excellent advantages in Music, Art, Expression. Special attention to physical development.



Catalog on request.

Box 29, Rome, Ga.



COMIC SECTION
OF HEARST'S
SUNDAY
AMERICAN
Atlanta, August 17, 1913

Jimmy--Will Papa Ever See the Circus Through?

Copyrighted, 1913, by the Star Company Great Britain Rights Reserved

1. "ISN'T IT PRETTY TOUGH, JIMMY, THAT PAPA HAS TO TAKE CARE OF BABY HIMSELF BECAUSE YOU CAN'T BE TRUSTED?" "SHET UP!" "JIMMY DON'T MEAN NO HARM MISTER THOMPSON."

2. "IT'S A PIG!" "NO, IT AIN'T!" "HEY, MISTER THOMPSON! AIN'T THAT A BABY ELLERFUNT?" "WHICH ONE, PINKEY?"

3. "THAT? NO, THAT'S A TAPIR. HAVEN'T YOU EVER HEARD OF A TAPIR?"

4. "THE TAPIR COMES FROM SOUTH AMERICA AND EATS BUSHES AND FRUIT. IT IS SOMETIMES TAMED AND —

5.

6. "COME HERE, BABY! DON'T GO UNDER THERE! COME TO PAPA!"

7. "COME TO PAPA, BABY!"

8.

9. "HEY! LEGGO!" "YOU LET MY PAPA ALONE!" "CUT IT OUT! YUH BIG LOBSTER!" "OUCH!"

10. "HELP!" "HELP!" "HELP!" "HELP!" "HEY! LEGGO THAT MONKEY!"

11. "LEGGO! YOU GENERAL!"

12.

13. "YOU GIT OUTA HERE!" "LOOK!"

14. "ARE YOU HURTED PAPA?" "ER - WHERE AM I?"

15. JIMMY AND ER - BOYS THE LESS SAID ABOUT THIS THE BETTER. IT WOULD WORRY MAMMA AND REALLY NO ONE WAS AT FAULT WERE THEY? I - ER - THOUGHT WE MIGHT SAY NOTHING ABOUT IT AT ALL AND THEN WE'D SURELY BE RIGHT. ER - YES, I'M SURE, THAT'S BEST." ICE CREAM TO-DAY "CUT OUT THAT WINKIN'!"

And Happy Was Innocent, at That!

Copyrighted, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.



They Walked Right In--

They Turned Around and They Came Right Out Again!

Copyrighted, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

THEIR ONLY CHILD

HE WANTED CATS — THAT'S ALL!

Copyrighted, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

DA!

1
LOVEY - WHAT ARE WE TO DO - HE'S BEEN CRYING FOR THE CAT ALL DAY - I WISH WE COULD FIND HIM!
THE BEST WAY TO GET HIM BACK IS TO ADVERTISE IN THE LOST COLUMN FOR HIM!

2
THAT'S A GOOD IDEA - THE SOONER THE BETTER!
HELLO - IS THIS THE GAZETTE? WELL, PUT THIS AD IN YOUR PAPER - "LOST - A BLACK CAT, WITH A WHITE TAIL ANSWERS TO THE NAME TOTO - LIBERAL REWARD IF RETURNED TO NO. 261 ASHLEY PLACE!

3
I SAW YOUR AD IN THE PAPER AND -
DA!
NO - NO - THAT ISN'T OUR CAT - HE'S ALL BLACK!

4
DOT'S STRANGE!
JUST A MINUTE - HOW MUCH DO YOU WANT FOR THAT ONE?
BUY IT - IT'S JUST AS GOOD!
WOW!

5
I SAW YOUR WRITINGS IN DE PAPER AND I HAVE HERE YOUR PUSSY - I BROUGHT TWO TO BE SURE!
NO - WE JUST FOUND OUR CAT!
THE CUNNING LITTLE PETS!

6
GEE! I VISH I HADN'T STOLE THESE!
WHY - UH! WAIT - ER A SECOND!
LOVEY - SNOOKIE WANTS THEM TOO!

7
I FOUND YOUR CAT, MISTER!
HERE YOU ARE - GREAT HEAVENS ANOTHER?
FIVE DOLLARS FOR THE TWO!

8
IT ANSWERS YOUR DESCRIPTION PERFECTLY!
PUT IT DOWN - I'LL BUY IT!

9
LOVEY - THERE'S SOME MORE PEOPLE COMING UP STAIRS WITH CATS!
WHAT? I MUST HEAD THEM OFF!

10
JUST A MINUTE!

11
PLEASE - PLEASE GO AWAY - I'VE FOUND MY CAT!
OH! DON'T SAY DOT!
THAT CAN'T BE 'CAUSE I DUN STOLE DIS CAT FROM HIM!
WHAT! AFTER ALL THE TROUBLE I WENT TO FOR DIS!
HAVE A HEART - I CAME ALL THE WAY FROM YONKERS!
THE VERY IDEA!
DON'T SAY IT!
McMANUS

IN THE LAND OF WONDERFUL DREAMS

Copyrighted, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Flip Lands a Whale on the Shores of Lilliput!

1
OH! YES THIS IS OUR LAST WEEK HERE!
KEEP AN EYE ON IMPIE WILL YOU? PLEASE! THIS IS OUR LAST WEEK IN GULLIVER CITY AND HIS MAJESTY WANTS—
WANTS TO GIVE US A GOOD TIME! SURE! YES! LEAVE IT TO ME!

2
A WHALE? WHERE? I DON'T SEE A WHALE, FLIP!
CAN'T YOU SEE IT? AW LOOK AGAIN' NOW, DO YOU SEE IT?

3
OH! YEH! I SEE IT! HUH! IT'S A BIG ONE!
SEE HIM, EH? SEE HIM! HE'S SPOUTING! — LET'S GO GET HIM! —

4
IT'S A LILIPUT-IAN WHALE! COME ON! WE'LL GRAB HIM IN! —

5
WOW! LOOK OUT, FLIP, HE WILL SWALLOW YOU! BE CARE-FUL, KID!

6
GET HOLD OF HIM NEMO! HUH! GRAB HIM! HURRY!
WHAT WILL WE DO WITH HIM AFTER WE DO GET HIM FLIP?

7
EAT HIM! I'M HUNGRY E-NOUGH TO EAT A DOZEN WHALES! —
I'M HUNT-ING FOR A FIN TO HOLD UM! HE'S SLIPPERY!

8
WE'RE GET-TING HIM IN! HANG ON TO HIM! HE'LL FLOP HIM-SELF IN!
OH! FLIP! YOU'RE NOT GOING TO TAKE THAT WHALE UP ON THE SAND!
CHILDREN! CHILDREN! DON'T BRING THAT FISH UP ONTO THE BEACH!

9
OH! FLIP! THE KING IS GETTING MAD! HUH! LISTEN!
FLIP YOU WILL DRIVE EVERYBODY AWAY FROM HERE WITH THAT THING!
TSI TSI! TSI TSI! TSI TSI!
TAKE THAT WHALE AWAY FROM MY BATHING BEACH! —

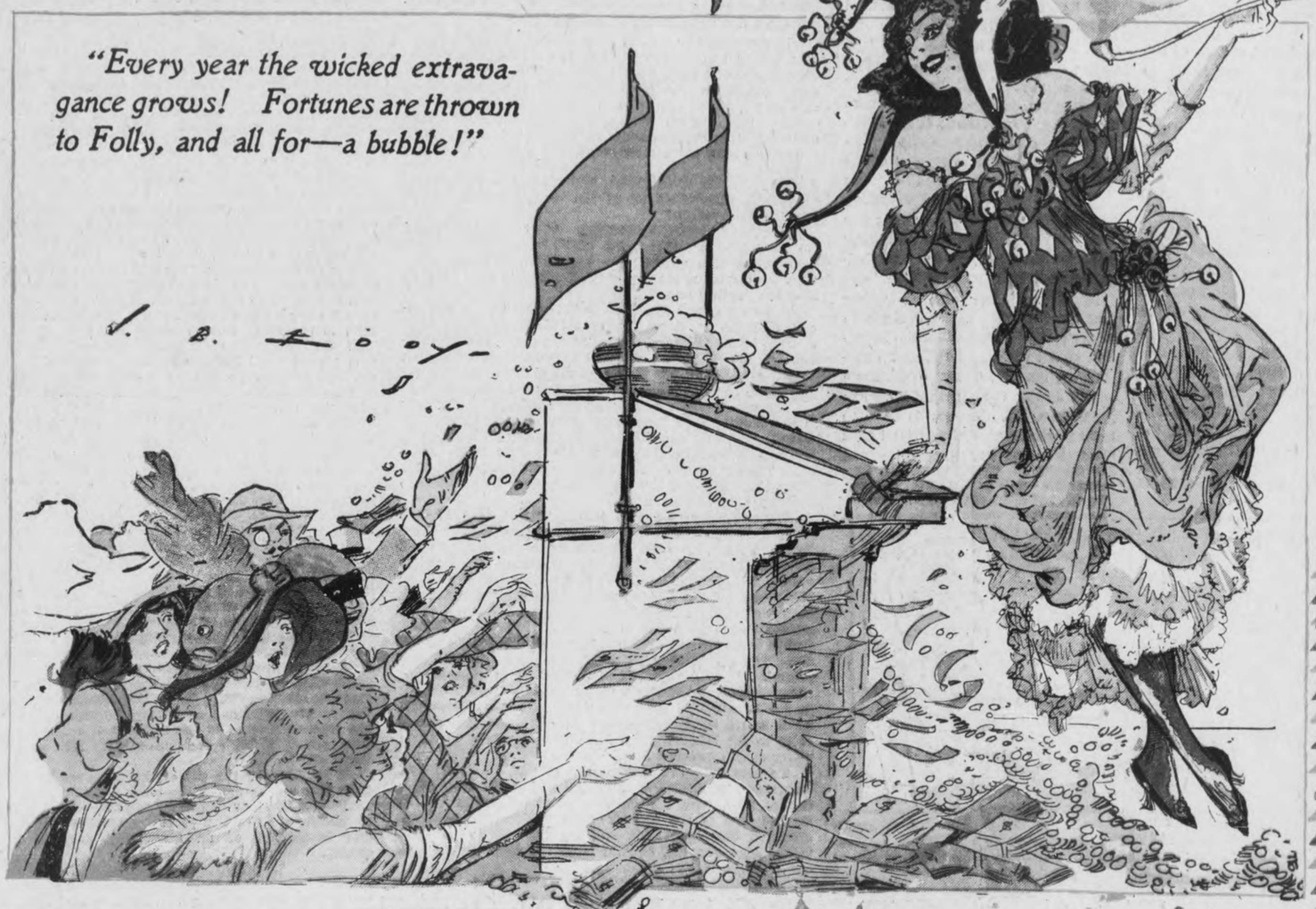
10
I DON'T BLAME YOU ONE BIT YOUR MAJESTY FOR BEING MAD I'M MAD
I DON'T THINK THEY MEANT TO DO ANY HARM! —
NEXT WEEK WE LEAVE YOUR WONDERFUL LIT-TLE COUNTRY AND YOU WILL BE GLAD! —
I'M MAD! YES I'M GOOD AND MAD! I'M AS MAD AS I EVER WAS IN MY LIFE I'M HOPPING MAD, YES!
OH! WELL! IF THE KING IS GO-ING TO GET SORE ABOUT IT WE'LL PUT IT BACK —

10
WAS THAT A DREAM? HUH! IT WAS! UM! THAT'S FUN-NY! HUM! —

WINSOR McCAY

American Magazine Section of Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, August 17, 1913=
Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Where Will Newport's Wicked Extravagance Stop?



"Every year the wicked extravagance grows! Fortunes are thrown to Folly, and all for—a bubble!"

"The Sky's the Limit," the Slogan of Society's Frivolous Summer Capital, Which Aims to Break This Year in Wasteful Foolish Frolics All Its Fortune-Squandering Records.

FOLLY flying on the wings of the west wind" is the Newport season as seen by a prominent diplomat spending the Summer in the heart of the Circus Set. The season may have been late in getting into its accustomed stride, but since Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish's Fairy Ball ushered in August, Folly and Extravagance have been rampant. In the words of one of Folly's band, "We are out to break all records in foolishness, extravagance and scandal. We are limited only by the sky above."

Newport, of course, has a reputation to keep up. Each season the limit for extravagance and hilarity has been raised until at last the "no-limit" stage has been reached. And each year the pace has been set by a different group of young matrons. At one time it was Mrs. Oliver Belmont, Mrs. Fish and Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs who started the ball and kept it rolling. Last year Mrs. "Neely" Vanderbilt and Mrs. Belmont rivalled each other until it seemed that either one or the other would become bankrupt in ideas if not wealth.

This Summer the social reins are firmly held in the hands of Mrs. Robert Goelet, Mrs. Craig Biddle and Mrs. Dick Stevens, and the wealth of Midas is at their back. Money is no object with these young matrons when it is a question of putting the entertainments of other years in the shade.

Mrs. Fish's bidding for Folly's favor started the extravagant entertainments of the year.

The Circus Set is still talking of the Fairy Ball. Naturally Mrs. Fish wanted something that mere money alone could not produce. Oriental effects were tabooed, for Mrs. Vanderbilt reached the summit last year in that field. No one has ever tried a fairy ball before in Newport. The everyday lives led by the members of the Circus Set are more like fairy tales than real truth any way.

Jewels whose total value would have put the diamond mines of Kimberley to shame were gathered in the new ballroom at Crossways the night the Fairies held sway. Their value was so great that Mrs. Fish had a dozen plain-clothes detectives on guard to protect her guests. There was the Queen of the Fairies in crown and robe of jewels. Diamonds hung from her gown and draped her figure so that she scintillated with every move.

"Two million dollars could not duplicate those jewels," said one man whose father made a fortune in the diamond business.

In keeping with the extravagance of the costumes the favors were costly beyond anything ever given in Newport. Fairies cannot be treated as common mortals. The beautiful ballroom and the other rooms on the lower floor were transformed into veritable fairy bowers at a cost that only an expert accountant could compute.

The day after this triumph the new Triple Alliance, as Mesdames Biddle, Stevens and Goelet call themselves, met in solemn conclave.

Urged by Folly, they decided that they must go Mrs. Fish one better.

"And this will be hard," said Mrs. Biddle.

The Andrew Morelands of Pittsburgh and the Charlie Welshes of Philadelphia had made bids which had to be carefully considered.

With all this extravagance and with so much originality to outdo, is it any wonder the Triple Alliance looks worried?

And what is the result? Mrs. Goelet will wind up her series of dances with a Living Picture dance, at which every member of the Circus Set is to represent some famous picture. As anything is proper where Art is concerned, any picture but the "September Morn" will be voted eligible for reproduction. Folly whispers as she waits for higher bids for her favor that this will be one of the most stupendous hits of the year and one that will be most difficult to rival in extravagance and excitement.



PHOTO BY CAMPBELL STUDIO

MRS. CRAIG BIDDLE,
Whose Extravagance Makes Even Folly Gasp.



PHOTO By CAMPBELL STUDIO.

MRS. ROBERT GOELET,
Who Proposes a "Living Picture" Dance.

Mrs. Stevens, who has all the wealth of the Stevens family of Hoboken at her command, places before Folly her scheme to take over Easton's Beach for two nights, going Mrs. Belmont one better. For two nights at a cost of from $50,000 to $100,000 the new Coney Island will belong to Folly's band. Diamonds will flash and pearls glimmer up and down the roller coaster and round and round the merry-go-round.

What is there left for Folly to wait for? Has she not been given every bid that human can think of? With the close of the season she will have received at her feet more than one million dollars, more than one ruined reputation, more than one broken home. There are dozens of balls and routs not listed here, more than one can count.

There will be nights when the Circus Set will go from one dance to another, and then on to a third—times when it will be staggering home in broad daylight, with priceless jewels hanging crookedly on haggard figures and framing haggard faces. But what would you? Folly flies high when there is no limit but the sky.



MRS. DICK STEVENS,
Who Tells "Folly" She Will Take Over Newport's Coney Island for a Two Nights' Run.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

NEW DISCOVERIES ALL OVER THE EARTH

Why WOMEN Should RIDE ASTRIDE

By Dr. J. V. V. MANNING

THE anatomist and physician are aware that the bony framework of the human female is as well, and even better, adapted to cross saddle riding than is the framework of the human male. In the female the pelvis, that bony basin from which the hip bones are swung, is wider from side to side than is the male pelvis, and consequently the articulations of the hip bones are separated by a wider interval in the female than in the male. The greater width between the hip sockets, and the resultant approximation of the knees, secure to the woman of equal weight and stature an equally firm seat and knee grip with the man. This holds true in spite of the fact that her contours are not so sparingly cushioned.

The reasonable or prejudiced doubter of this statement may convince himself of its truth by comparing well articulated male and female skeletons, and the study is suggested to those who declare that a woman is not constructed to ride cross saddle to advantage.

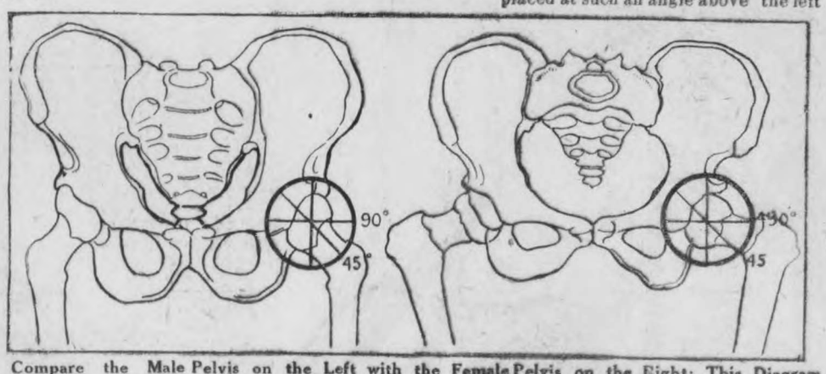
The English press in their quite unanimous reference to cross saddle riding as "an American cow-girl innovation which can never appeal to English ladies" has somewhat hastily assumed that the use of the side-saddle has the right of precedence. This is not so.

The Wyf of Bath rode three times to Jerusalem with a "pair of scharpe spurs on hire fete." During the fourteenth century, when ladies almost spent their lives on horseback, "hunting, hawking or traveling," "they rode astride, on saddles adapted from those of the knights;" "they were not satisfied with spirited palfreys" it is recorded, "but must needs ride afield on chargers."

The transition from the immemorial custom of riding a horse astride to the sidewise position seems to have taken place late in the fourteenth century. The shape of the new saddle would indicate that it was at first adapted for the use of the aged or infirm. The sambue, as it was called, was a broad, flat, silk covered pad to which was sometimes attached a low semi-circular chairback, to be seen in a woodcut by Hans Schauflein. The rider sat at square right angles to her mount, and could only have maintained her seat on the most docile and slowgaited of sumpter equines.

This position, however, permitted the lady to wear a showy toilet, and it was therefore immediately adopted as a part of the state etiquette of the many exotic courts of the day.

According to Anstruther-Thomson the first real side saddles were adapted from those used by men, by the addition of a pommel on the righthand side and a second shorter stirrup on the left. "With this change went all the finer qualities of horsemanship, all the pliancy and strength, so striking in the riding of the ladies" of the fourteenth century. "The poor ladies lost all initiative, all horsemanship and all freedom of action."



Compare the Male Pelvis on the Left with the Female Pelvis on the Right; This Diagram Shows the Different Angles at Which the Male and Female Femur Are Attached to the Pelvis and Seems to Prove Woman Is Better Adapted to Ride Astride Than Man.

The English woman's saddle in 1800 had acquired a second pommel which held the right leg on the outside, but the left leg still hung free to the stirrup. "An instant's loss of balance made a fall unavoidable." A riding primer of the period warns the novice: "The stirrup is no security to the seat in any situation; the right leg is to be applied to the horse's shoulder with such firmness as to keep you down in the saddle, but be mindful that in getting his head down he does not pull your body forward, lest you lose your balance and tumble over his head."

In 1830 an Englishman's wager that he could ride a steeplechase in a lady's saddle resulted in the invention of the third pommel, and deferring the era of innocuous desuetude which awaits the side saddle. The gentleman, Mr. Oldacre, is said to have found by preliminary trial that his rash wager would never be won. He thereupon attached to the two-pommeled saddle a third pommel, placed at such an angle above the left knee that the purchase obtained between the left stirrup and the new pommel enabled the rider to at last maintain a comparatively firm seat.

The writer, like most of the girls two decades ago, was taught to consider cross saddle riding in questionable taste, and rode with a side saddle exclusively in early years in North Carolina. The knowledge of anatomy gained in later life determined the use of the cross saddle, and as it happened during the first ride undertaken, a fractious saddle would have surely thrown the rider, save for the extraordinary advantage of the knee grip.

What is the mechanism, and what are the advantages and disadvantages of the modern twelve-pound English side saddle?

After an excellent analysis of the complicated forces a woman rider must exert to maintain a firm seat in the side saddle, Mr. Anstruther-Thomson wonders with much naivete why "bad riding is so universal, and good riding so rare?"

The neurologist can answer that question. It is because of the needless, the criminal waste of nervous energy. The girl who rides the plantation mule bareback at a wild gallop, or the girl who rides an Indian broncho cross saddle is not harassed by a similar expenditure of vital force to keep her seat!

The cross saddle rider, man or woman, sits squarely in the saddle; it is the natural position, and the rider's weight is evenly distributed. The first requirement of the novice learning to use a side saddle is that she also must "sit square." How is this accomplished when three-fifths of the rider's weight is transferred to the left side of her mount?

For the rider of a side saddle to "sit square" face front it is necessary first that the saddle girth should be extra tight. A fashionable woman's mount has the disadvantage that his abdominal breathing space is lessened and confined. The profile view of a saddler carrying a lady in a side saddle demonstrates the break in the abdominal curve. The girth used for the cross saddle makes no break in the belly line of the mount, and it circles the barrel immediately behind the shoulder. The essential girth constriction for proper maintenance of badly balanced side saddle and rider might cause sufficient irritation, under certain circumstances, to render a gentle mount fractious. If the side saddle girth is not tight, unbalanced weight pulls saddle and rider to the left. Women have been dragged to death under such circumstances.

To return to the novice who is told to sit square. Repeated admonitions, vanity and will power result in a square seat, with hip sockets at right angles to the median line of the mount. This position is attained, although the right knee and leg as well as left hip, thigh, knee and leg, depend from the left flank of the mount. There is at once a direct pull on the trunk muscles of the right side of the body, and if the rider is in the least delicate, a beginning lateral curvature of the spine may be established.

A more immediate and disastrous result of this artificial position may be the forced prolapse of the right kidney. In the effort to maintain a square seat the muscles of the right torso (the erectors of the spine, the latissimus dorsi and psoas group, and the external and internal abdominal oblique) become rigid with tension and then relax. The right kidney, never too secure in its moorings in the upright human animal, and now deprived of the security of natural muscular tonus, may be joggled by a violent trot or canter from its pocket under the ribs and become that life long source of pain lateral curvature of the spine and (4) discolated kidney.

The safety of the rider, all authorities agree, is due primarily to a firm seat and a light hand. What defender of the use of a side saddle will affirm that it affords a safe seat? Would he trust his daughter in a side saddle while mountain climbing? What advantage does it offer when a horse rears? Or kicks? What happens to the rider when a horse shies violently to the left? Or right? When it whirls and bolts? Would the polo player trust his life to a side saddle? There is not one cat-like jump of a polo pony to which your daughter may not be subjected the next time she is cantering in the park.

The score the physician brings against the use of the side saddle for women riders consists of: (1 An unsafe seat; (2) wasted nerve force; (3) incipient lateral curvature and (4) dislocated kidney.

There remains the question of taste, or rather of propriety. The mid-Victorian prude, with the aid of crinoline, established a fiction that female members of the human species had no legs, but why should that fiction be kept alive by coddling in the days of the graceful draperies and trim ankles of the twentieth century? The woman who says that it is "not proper, not becoming, not in good taste" for her sister to ride a cross saddle, is casting backward to the prudish and unhealthful customs of the last century. An American authority reminded the equestrian public that the continental Crown Princesses are never seen riding cross saddle even in military costume. We would like to enquire what relationship this lack of anatomical hygiene bears to the American girl? The American college girl has already developed an average stature which exceeds the average stature of the soldiers of continental countries proud of their horsemanship. She has already made good.

It has been by the use of the cross saddle, an out-of-door life, untrammeled clothing and the disdaining of temporary fashions which do not coincide with the laws of health and grace that the American girl has come into possession of an abounding physical life and beauty.

How to Avoid Sleepless Nights

SLEEP is a habit. It is a very natural and beneficial habit, but one that can be easily broken through injudicious living and thinking. Poor sleepers are usually high-strung, nervous people, who have too active bodies or brains, or both, and who are ambitious and inclined to neglect themselves.

Insomnia cannot be cured by drugs. It is always dangerous to use drugs to produce sleep, and they should seldom be resorted to except in serious illness, and then only on the advice of a physician.

If you cannot sleep, and find that your sleeplessness is becoming a habit, begin immediately to go slower. Curb your ambition, leave off all unnecessary work and learn how to rest. Your body and your brain need repose and rest, but the trouble with the people who "cannot sleep" is, they do not know how to rest. They do not stop thinking, planning, worrying, and go to bed with active brains and only partly relaxed bodies and then worry because sleep does not come. Perfect relaxation of body and mind is the first essential, and relaxation of either one helps to relax the other.

There is one exercise, which, properly practised, will be found beneficial in more ways than one. Stand erect, but without stiffness, arms hanging easily at the sides. Now very gently inhale air through the nostrils, at the same time lifting the arms straight out at the side. Time the motion so that when the lungs are fully inflated the thumbs touch above the head. Raise the face slightly at the same time toward the ceiling. Then, without holding the breath, exhale gently, sweeping the arms, hands together, downward and forward, so that when the exhalation is complete they again hang easily at the sides. Extreme gentleness and slowness must be observed without force or haste Let the air flow into the lungs, don't force it in.

When wakefulness is caused by a dull, sedentary life, more physical activity, outdoor sports and brisk walking are good. Slow outdoor walking and deep breathing are very beneficial to those whose wakefulness is the result of worry or fatigue.

Make yourself comfortable in bed, in a cool room and realize that the bed is holding you, not you the bed. Feel as heavy as you can. Then don't count or con dull sayings; you want to make the mind a blank, stifle thought, and this can be done with a little practise. But if thoughts persist in presenting themselves a mental repetition of the words, "Let go—relax, relax," will aid you in relaxing and letting go. Then if you cannot sleep, don't worry over it, for any kind of worry will only prolong your wakefulness. Be content to rest and after a while sleep will come.

Go to bed early, even when you cannot sleep, and do not get up too early, unless you positively have to. Even a short morning nap, when you have lain awake many hours of the night, is very refreshing.

Above all, go to bed in a pleasant state of mind. You need not expect to sleep if the brain is burdened with anxiety, worry, jealousy, regret or anything else undesirable. A clear mind, a hopeful spirit and an optimistic view of life are powerful aids to sleep as well as to digestion and the general bodily health.

The Serious Harm CARELESS SURGEONS Often Do

HARDLY a week goes by that some patient who has undergone an operation does not find that he has been enriched by a pair of scissors, a lancet, a piece of gauze, a finger-ring or some similar foreign body, which, through the negligence of the surgeon or his assistants, has been sewn up in the wound.

How it happens that even the best surgeons are thus frequently exposing themselves to the charge of gross carelessness or even malpractice can be more easily accounted for than excused.

In up-to-the-minute hospitals no operation, however simple, is performed by a surgeon single handed. Usually the operating surgeon is assisted by at least two or three other doctors, three nurses and an anaesthetist, besides an orderly who carries the various articles needed back and forth. All of the doctors and nurses are fully covered from head to foot in white, sterilized linens. Their hands, arms, faces and hair are thoroughly disinfected, and even eyeglasses and finger-rings are carefully freed of germs.

After the incision has been made the busy assistants and nurses adeptly and in a flash stitch up each bleeding spot. So quickly is this accomplished nowadays that even in a tedious operation on the kidneys or appendix lasting several hours it is rarely that the patient loses more than a thimbleful of blood.

Between the skilful moves of the chief surgeon the others staunch the drops of blood with pincers, forceps, needles and sterile gauze. Everything that reaches the wound is thoroughly sterilized and perfectly free of germs.

But with twenty busy hands, two hundred busy fingers and thumbs, all at work at the same time over a gaping wound and handling many hundreds of small instruments, such as lancets, scalpel, forceps, scissors, needle-holders, bits of gauze and silk, it is hardly any wonder that every now and then one of the instruments or a piece of gauze is stitched up in the wound.

According to the doctors, none of these "foreign bodies," if free of germ life, can do any harm. Human tissues, they point out, cannot be injured by steel, iron, gold, nickel-plated or linen materials. Instruments, gauze, or even rubber, may be allowed to remain in a clean-cut for years without harm of any kind resulting.

But despite the utmost care of the nurses responsible for the sterilizing of the instruments and other articles to be used in the operation it is quite possible that germs may still remain or find lodgment after the sterilizing process has been completed.

Despite the assurances of the doctors, therefore, the patients interested are loth to admit that foreign bodies thus left in their wounds can in no way harm them. It is true that the only reason a splinter, a rusty nail, a pin or a needle that gets into one's throat, foot or finger causes damage, sometimes death, is because of dirt and microbes that cling to them. Although everything animate and inanimate that gets near the white-marbled operating rooms of a modern hospital is supposed to be made free of ultra-microscopic life, it is conceivable that germs may find their way into even those well-guarded precincts.

The viewpoint of the patient rather than that of the surgeons is the one which has been taken by the courts.

Only a few weeks ago a judgment of $1,000 was rendered against Dr. Guy L. Junner, of the Johns Hopkins Hospital, for leaving a piece of gauze bandage in a wound in a patient, and Mrs. George E. Bates, wife of a well-known New Yorker, alleging carelessness of the surgeon, has filed a suit in the Supreme Court for $5,000 damages against Columbia University as proprietor of the Sloane Hospital for Women. She alleges that surgeons who operated on her at the hospital carelessly sewed up in her abdomen a rubber finger stall.

Mrs. Bates went to a hospital last January to be operated upon for the removal of a tumor. After the incision was made she alleges the surgeons decided not to proceed with the operation and sewed up the wound. Some weeks later the finger-stall was discovered.

And so the New York courts will have to decide whether the surgeons should be made to pay for their alleged carelessness in leaving the finger-stall in the wound or whether, as the medical profession insists, such mishaps are entirely harmless.

Wearing BUGS Instead of GEMS

THE practise of wearing bugs as jewels is much more common than is generally supposed. The insect most frequently used in this way is the beetle, many species of which are highly colored and make beautiful decorations. The Brazilian variety is perhaps most often used. Set in gold, it is worn in bracelets, earrings, brooches and sleeve buttons.

Another common South American variety of beetle is that known as Euchroma gigantia, a large insect of a brilliant metallic color. The Indians of the west coast of South America sew this bettle onto cloth to make cuirasses. The insects are so hard when dried that they clink together like pieces of metal.

Another member of the same beetle family is used in Ceylon in making bed covers. The covers are embroidered very beautifully, and the beetles are worked into the design symmetrically, making a creation very interesting and probably very conducive to refreshing dreams.

A very remarkable insect, called the jewelled beetle, has the appearance of being studded with gems, and makes a good substitute for jewels in brooches, earrings and stickpins. Another similar insect has a close resemblance to the ruby and is used as such. The European rose chafers, which are very brilliant, make gorgeous ornaments.

One of the handsomest of all insects is the gold beetle—very appropriately named, for almost every part of the insect appears as if made of solid gold. A single specimen of this insect sells for $2.50, while a much rarer variety, the silver-hued, is worth $15. The gold beetle is of a greenish-gold hue and makes a very handsome ornament.

Another South American beetle, used for decoration, is the repulsive burying beetle. It makes a very desirable ornament, owning to its rather strange shape and metallic luster. The most remarkable of these burying beetles are the sacred scarabs of Egypt. Stone scarabs have long been in use in that country and are sometimes used in America. The ancient Romans used the beetle as a tailsman, and Pliny recommended that it be worn as a preventive of fever.

In South America and Central America several species of living insects are worn as ornaments. A beetle found in the crevices of old walls is worn by the girls to ward off evil spirits.

The NEW BREAD That Is NOT KNEADED

PROGRESSIVE housekeepers who wish to eliminate all useless labor and secure the most nourishing food are cooking a new kind of bread. This new bread is prepared without any kneading.

The new departure is something more than a plan for avoiding the laborious task of kneading the dough. The real reason for it lies in the recently discovered fact that bread which is not kneaded contains less raw starch than when prepared in the old way.

Raw starch is something to be avoided, for it is hard to digest and is one of the fruitful causes of uric acid. Nine-tenths of the starch in an ordinary loaf of bread is entirely raw.

An intelligent Philadelphia housekeeper stumbled upon the fact that kneading the bread dough forces this starchy matter into the centre of the loaf where it is least affected by the heat of the oven. Unless the outer crust is baked to a crisp it remains there an uncooked, indigestible mass.

Examination of many loaves of bread under a microscope showed this to be true. But it was found that when the bread is not kneaded these starch cells are scattered throughout the loaf where the heat can reach them, burst them open and change them into digestible material.

Here is the recipe for cooking four loaves of bread without kneading: To a quart and a half of lukewarm water, and two quarts of flour add two cakes of yeast and three tablespoonfuls of sugar. Stir in a pinch of salt, and then add two more quarts of sifted flour. Stir the dough until stiff and shape into loaves with the tips of the fingers. Handle the dough as little as possible, for this lessens the danger of concentrating the raw starch in the centre. The loaves should stand until about half raised, and then should be baked in the usual way.

TRY THESE WAYS of CREATING LIFE

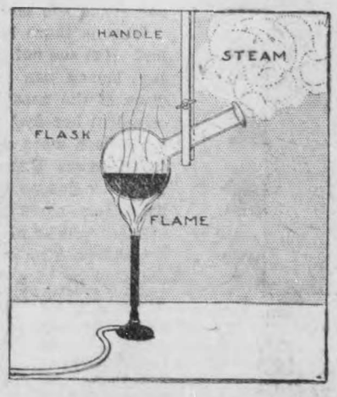
ACCORDING to Dr. Charlton Bastian, the creation of life from non-living matter is an assured fact.

"Living organisms can be obtained almost at will," says Dr. Bastian, in his work on "The Origin of Life," from solutions which have been heated in hermetically sealed vessels to a temperature very much higher than that which is known to be their thermal death point. This leaves no further room for doubt upon the much-disputed point whether or not non-living matter is still capable of coming into existence.

Remarkable as it may seem, it does not require any large amount of scientific knowledge, or any costly laboratory equipment to create life artificially. According to Dr. Bastian the miracle can be performed with a little patience right in your own home. Here is how it is done:

Add to one fluid ounce of distilled water eight drops of liquor ferri pernitratis and three drops of sodium silicate.

Place this mixture in a glass tube which has first been carefully sterilized to destroy all life and bring it to a boil. While steam is coming from the tube seal it hermetically with the aid of a blowpipe. This is done to prevent any life germs entering from the atmosphere.



Dr. Bastian's Simple Apparatus for Creating Life.

All forms of life are supposed to be killed at the temperature of boiling water (212 degrees Fahrenheit). To make quite sure, however, the tubes may be inserted in an oil bath having a temperature of 266 degrees Fahrenheit, and kept there for fifteen or twenty minutes.

The tube is then removed, put carefully away in diffuse daylight, and left there for several days. At the end of that time the tube is broken, its contents poured on glass slides and examined microscopically.

Living bacteria of various kinds may be seen in the liquid—multiplying, and, apparently, perfectly happy! Life—even if it is a low form of life—has been created.

In addition to the formula mentioned above, here is another which may be used in this experiment with equally satisfactory results:

Sodium silicate, two or three drops; ammonium phosphate, four to six grains; dilute phosphoric acid, four to six drops; distilled water, one fluid ounce.

How to LIVE 100 YEARS

THE decrease in the death rate during the last century has been remarkable, but as every well-informed physician will tell you, it has been brought about chiefly by lessening the number of deaths among infants and persons under thirty-five years of age. After the latter age the danger of death is greater than ever in spite of all that medicine and surgery can do.

The famous British physician, Sir James Sawyer, believes it is by no means a difficult matter for any human being to live to be a hundred years old. He has recently declared that anybody can attain this age, unless killed by accident, if he or she will religiously observe the following nineteen "Commandments of Health":

1—Eight hours sleep every night.
2—Sleep on your right side.
3—Keep your bedroom window open.
4—Have a mat at your bedroom door.
5—Keep your bed away from the wall.
6—No cold bath in the morning, but a bath at the temperature of the body.
7—Exercise before breakfast.
8—Eat little meat, and be sure that it is well cooked.
9—Drink no milk. (This applies to adults only.)
10—Eat plenty of fat to feed the cells which destroy disease germs.
11—Avoid intoxicants, which destroy the cells that combat disease.
13—Allow no pet animals in your living rooms, for they carry disease germs.
14—Live in the country if you can.
15—Watch the three D's—Drinking water, Damp and Drains.
16—Have change of occupation.
17—Take frequent and short holidays.
18—Limit your ambition.
19—Keep your temper.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

SO DIFFERENT FROM "THREE WEEKS"

Revealing the Writhing, Loving "Isabella," the Snake, and the Interesting Contrasts in the First and Latest Romances of "Baby Paul," Elinor Glyn's Famous Hero

PRINCE PAUL DE CLAIRMONT is the real hero of Elinor Glyn's famous "Three Weeks." Prince de Clairmont, who is now in New York, where he has had troublesome experiences equally as thrilling as those which occured to him in London, vows that he is the hero. He says that Mrs. Glyn ran across his story, submitted the proofs of the novel to him, and that he was forced to cut out a number of passages to humanity's irrevocable loss.

You are introduced to Prince Paul de Clairmont because he is going to get married. This fact has already been mentioned in the newspapers, but the extraordinary difference between the love making in "Three Weeks" and this last romance has not been mentioned, nor have the interesting facts contained in this article and secured from the Prince de Clairmont and Miss Elizabeth Golden, his fiancee, been told.

Instead of a Three Week's queen, Paul's choice has fallen upon a simple Yankee spinster, old enough to be his mother—she is fifty-four, he is twenty-seven.

The heroine of the febrile novel was a Slav. The woman the romance-tossed Paul is to marry is from Haverhill, Mass., and lived there until eight years ago. Thereafter she dwelt in Boston, for it was only a year ago that she ventured as far as New York.

The romance of the book was unselfish, hazardous, impetuous. The last one of its heroes culminates in his own cool, cigarette-illumined statement: "She has been very generous in her settlements to me. I receive $25,000 a year and a lump sum of $30,000."

The Queen in the book desires an heir to her throne. The present heroine admits that her great ambition is to be presented to the English Court, and that she also likes the idea of a title, and both privileges her bridegroom-to-be has promised her.

Miss Golden is the last of the Golden family. Her father, Patrick Golden, made a fortune in real estate. Miss Golden, despite her fortune, has killed time for years by working in a millinery establishment because she liked that form of art. It is not on record that the Three Weeks' queen ever trimmed a hat.

The Queen was married to a King, and worry about wealth didn't enter into her existence. Miss Golden has long been suspicious of fortune hunters. John Ryan, a dry goods store superintendent, was jilted after an engagement of several months because, she declared, he didn't love her, but was seeking capital with which to begin business for himself.

How interesting will be this interesting pair! The Prince de Clairment, if nothing else *is* a cosmopolite. Miss Golden, of Haverhill, Mass., is NOT.

And then there is Isabella!

At Haverhill, when not trimming hats, Miss Golden was a gentle minister to roses, hollyhocks and shrinking violets in her garden. The other parts of her life were not filled in with glittering dances and hob-nobbing with nobility, ambassadors, mondaines and demi-mondaines, as has been the life of De Clairmont. Instead she brought comfort and peace to many a home that housed illness and poverty. Her house at Haverhill was furnished with the usually distressing New England severity. She has never seen the Tango!

On the other hand the Prince de Clairmont's apartment might have been transported directly from Paris. There is no New England simplicity there. Every article speaks of the complex tastes of the French man of the world.

Prince de Clairmont greeted the interviewer with courtly courtesy. On one side was a beautiful Louis XIV. bed.

"Pardon me a moment," said the Prince, "I am afraid that Isabella is suffering." He strolled to the bed.

Horrors! Who was Isabella? What had the interviewer discovered that might conceivably stop the course of the Golden romance. Had she discovered anything?

Yes, indeed, Isabella was far worse than she could have ever expected! Prince Paul went to the bed, and patted the pillow affectionately.

"Come forth, Isabella, my darling," he said.

But where was Isabella?

Prince Paul lifted the pillow. There, curled under the pillow was a six-foot snake.

"Come, forth, Isabella, my darling," he said.

"This!" said Prince Paul ceremoniously, "is my darling Isabella."

The Prince lifted Isabella from the bed, and, seating himself upon an excellent Louis XV. chair, placed Isabella upon his knee.

The interviewer sat in frozen terror.

"So, this is Isabella," she at last found the strength to murmur, in the classic phrases of Mayor Gaynor on being introduced to Tammany Hall. Isabella promptly shot up her length with disconcerting swiftness. It seemed as though she would never stop growing. She placed her flat head upon Prince Paul's cheek and kissed him rapturously with her little pointed red tongue.

"Yes, this is Isabella. She is so charming. I love snakes. Some people love cats, but I find the snake so wonderfully congenial and feminine. You see, I have removed her poison sacs, which," said the Prince, sagely, "you cannot always do with women."

"But will Miss Golden like her as well as cats?" said the interviewer.

"What I admire about Miss Golden is that she comes to my point of view so quickly. She will accept Isabella as she does all my other personal fancies," said the Prince.

He caressed Isabella reflectively.

"Mrs. Glyn and I have been friends for a long time," he said. "Charming woman and very talented. She got the story by being on the scene when it took place.

"The queen's beauty and the scenes of the story are correct. Buffie Boy, the dog, was my own Pike. I must say, however, that the tiger skin was exaggerated out of its true importance. For one thing, I didn't buy it. It was in the hotel rooms. And the time consumed by the romance was not three weeks but three months.

"I knew and loved her. Her name was Marie. I called her Queen Marie. The romance was very sweet and sad and final."

The Prince sighed and Isabella beat the air with her tail.

"I was born in Russia. My father was Admiral of the British Navy, Paul Preston Arnott," he said, "a great friend of the late King Edward. This cabuchon sapphire I am wearing was given to him by the King. My mother was the Princess Blanche de Clairmont of Russia. On my father's side I am a cousin, once removed, of the Duke of Norfolk. I am a widower. Seven years ago I married a Spanish lady. She is dead. I have a little daughter who is in England.

"But Miss Golden, ah, Miss Golden! We met at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel at a dinner," he said. " I was introduced to her by a fellow guest. I admired her because she was so different from the other women. She was dressed in something black.

"Oh, yes, it was quite leisurely. Nothing like Three Weeks. Many women, many wooings, you know. Miss Golden refused me at first because she said I should marry a titled woman. 'You should marry a Princess,' she said, and for the first time we differed.

"The second time I was able to convince her that she was mistaken. She has honored me and we will be married early in September at the Cathedral. An Archbishop will perform the ceremony and my wife will travel with me with the sketch 'The Vendetta,' which I have written and will present, with my classical dances this season.

"Eventually we will return to London to live. I will open my house there. That is necessary in order to be presented at court, as I have promised Miss Golden.

"The disparity in our ages? Yes, I've considered that. It is of no consequence if she looks older. I admire older women myself. I have always admired them. The older woman can guide a man's career out of the shoals.

"Miss Golden is beautiful simplicity itself," smiled "Baby Paul.' "She has been here a year and has given away thirty-thousand dollars. Everyone who asked got.

"Would you like Isabella to kiss you good-by?" asked the Prince.

* * * * * *

Miss Elizabeth Golden, in her home on Madison avenue, looked happy. The Prince had said she was happy. One wondered whether she knew of Isabella and what she would say. But she looked so happy, one hadn't the heart to ask.

"I met him at a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria," she said. "I admired him at once. He looked so innocent and lonesome. I suppose he thought I looked lonesome, too. We saw each other quite often after that and he proposed. I told him to wait and think it over. Then something happened and I did not see him for several months. In the meantime I had moved. He found me here and again he proposed. This time I accepted."

The "something" at mention of which Miss Golden winced, was the enforced stay of the "Baby Paul" of "Three Weeks" in the Tombs in New York.

He had been charged by a woman with stealing her watch. The Prince stayed in the Tombs because he could not get bail. The first jury disagreed; the second said "Not guilty."

"I don't know much about it, but I know he is a noble young man and wouldn't do anything dreadful at all. It was a cruel, frightful mistake."

The scrap of newspaper that recalled the ignominious event fluttered to her feet. Tears gathered in her eyes.

"It is awful," she breathed, in a hushed little voice. "What will my family think? I lived quietly at home all my life until my mother died, eight years ago. I've given my life to charities. I've never had my name in the paper except in lists of ladies in charge of bazaars and such things before."

She crossed her hands in a helpless, hopeless movement. The flash of an emerald on her third finger, restored her courage.

"That has been in the De Clairmont family for three hundred years," she said. "All the brides wear it. He told me so."

As she sat there, spinster of fifty-four, from Haverhill, Mass., the thought of Isabella would not down. What would she do about Isabella—Isabella under the pillow? One had a swift vision of the Prince sleeping placidly with his darling pet raising up its whole dreadful length and the Haverhill spinster, now Princess de Clairmont, peeping in horror around the door!

It all seemed, indeed, so different from "Three Weeks."

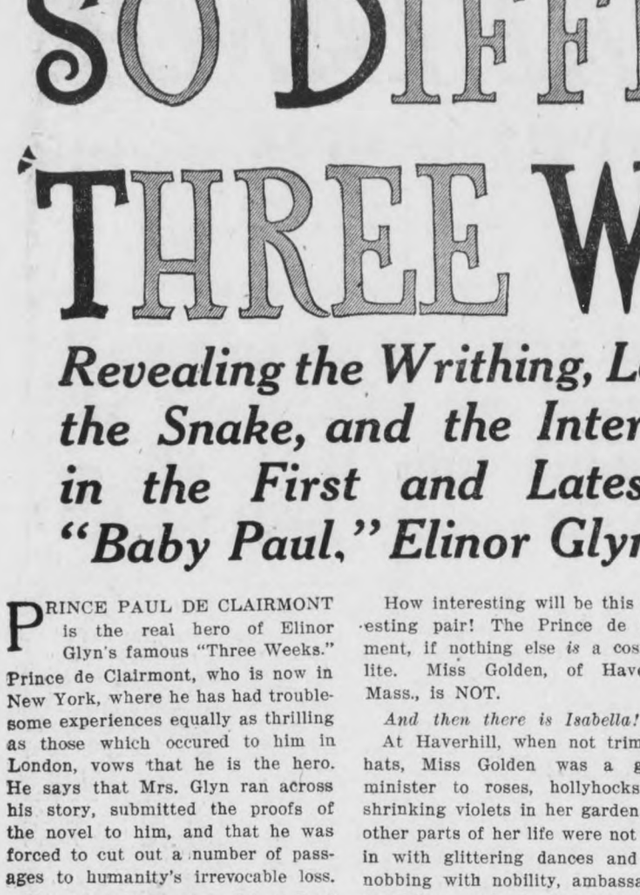


PHOTO BY AIME DUPONT.

Miss Elizabeth Golden who, Though So Different from the Heroine of "Three Weeks," Will Marry "Three Weeks'" Hero.



Prince Paul de Clairmont, "Baby Paul" of the Book, in Cunning Costume.



"One had a swift vision of the Prince sleeping placidly with his darling pet raising up its whole dreadful length and the Haverhlll spinster, now the Princess de Clairmont, peeping in horror around the door! Isabella would surely seem to her to touch the ceiling!"

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

WHY CRIME DOES NOT PAY—

No. 20 of a Series of Remarkable Revelations by Sophie Lyons, the "QUEEN OF THE BURGLARS"



"Oh, chief!" I cried, sinking to my knees and raising my hands as my babies did when they said their prayers; "lock me up, or do whatever you wish with me, but please let this poor old man go. He has done nothing wrong, and I swear by all that is good and holy that I never saw him before to-night."

How the Criminal, When Hard Pressed by the Police, Tries to Hide Behind the Respectability of Honest Men and Women and Often Involves Perfectly Innocent People in Serious Trouble



Sophie Lyons.

Written by Sophie Lyons

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company.

THE old adage which says that appearances are often deceiving holds good, I think, among criminals even more than among honest men and women.

Mark Shinburn owed his remarkable success in eluding the police to the fact that in everything—dress, speech, manners and refined habits of living—he always looked and acted the prosperous, upright man of affairs. And so it was with the dapper Harry Raymond, with the silk-hatted Langdon Moore, and with scores of other notorious criminals I have known. They looked anything but the thieves they were. On more than one occasion detectives who had been trailing them for months thought themselves victims of a sorry mistake in identity when they saw these clever men dressed in the height of fashion and rubbing shoulders on terms of equality with the members of some well-known club or the guests of a fashionable hotel.

"When you're the crookedest, Sophie, try to look and act as if you were as straight as the road to heaven."

That was the advice given me back in the days when I was graduating from my girlhood trade of picking pockets into more ambitious lines of crime. It was Jimmie Hope, the Manhattan Bank robber, if I remember right, who told me that. His words made a deep impression on me and my escape from arrest scores of times was due solely to following this terse bit of advice.

But please don't think for a minute that I am gloating over all my evasions of the laws of God and man. The memory of them brings me only remorse—not only for my own sake and my children's sake, but because many of my escapes were achieved at the expense of humiliation and in some cases actual suffering to perfectly innocent men and women.

I have only regret for the way I deceived these kind-hearted, well-meaning people into believing me an innocent woman who was being persecuted by the police. It was all wrong—I know that now, but I can't undo the harm. All I can do is hope that by telling you some of these experiences I may help prevent other innocent people from becoming dupes of criminals who seek in this way to conceal their wrongdoing and escape its consequences.

Just listen to the trouble I made for a young Kentuckian once and you will be more wary than perhaps you now are about cultivating chance acquaintances.

It was in Lexington, Ky., this happened. I had been down in Tennessee with a party of "bank sneaks." We had had the worst of luck ever since we left New York—just missing arrest several times and never once making a haul large enough to more than pay our expenses. To cap the climax, when we were completing our plans for what looked sure to be a very profitable robbery in Memphis, the leader of the party was taken suddenly and dangerously ill. It took almost all the money we had left to arrange for his care in a hospital, and when this was done the rest of us scattered in four directions to await his recovery and, incidentally, to raise some ready money.

I took a train for Kentucky, accompanied by the boy of the party—a young man barely twenty-one—who within the last two years had travelled the road from honesty to crime by way of the gambling hells.

We stopped off at Lexington from necessity, not choice. For some reason or other my telegrams to New York and Chicago for funds brought no response and we had between us barely enough to pay expenses for a day or so at a second-rate hotel.

A big race meet was in progress at Lexington and the town was crowded. Although I was still a young woman, it had been two or three years since I had picked a pocket and until that afternoon I had believed I was done forever with this petty variety of crime.

The prosperous crowd of racegoers, however, with their glittering studs and scarfpins, their massive watch fobs and bulging pocketbooks, made my fingers fairly itch with the old temptation, and the desire to put my hands to stealing grew all the stronger when I thought of our nearly empty purses.

"Come, Jack," said I to my companion, "we simply must make some money, and the only way I know of getting it is by going through the crowd out at the track this afternoon."

Jack knew as little about picking pockets as I did about flying. Unlike most criminals, he had not started his career in that kind of crime.

But as I intended to do most of the work myself, I did not worry on this score. Jack was eager to help, and he was such a bright, quick-witted fellow I knew I would have no difficulty in teaching him to do his part.

A clever pickpocket rarely works alone. Wherever possible he is followed by a confederate to whom he hands the valuables as fast as he secures them. Thus, unless the thief is actually caught in the act of picking a pocket, he never has in his possession any stolen property. This is the reason why the police find it so hard to catch pickpockets.

It took nearly every cent we had to pay our fare out to the race track and our admission to the paddock, but it was worth it, for no pickpocket could have asked for a better opportunity than we found. The grounds were packed with well-to-do Southerners, and while they were craning their necks to get a better view of the ponies even a novice would have had no difficulty in appropriating a large number of pocketbooks and pieces of jewelry.

"Don't let me get out of your sight," were my final instructions to Jack, "but on no condition speak to me or pretend to take any notice of me. If I should get into trouble, leave town by the first train and raise enough money on the booty you have to get me a lawyer."

What a rich harvest field that was for my nimble fingers! There were few policemen and, so far as I could see, no detectives in plain clothes to worry about. Five minutes after I got inside the gate I was robbing every one I could lay my hands on, with all the deftness for which I had long been famous.

It was all a new experience for Jack, and he was rather nervous. His lips were twitching a bit and his eyes shining with excitement when I quickly slipped my first watch into his hand. But as he watched me rob man after man without being detected his coolness returned.

Long before the last race was run I had handed Jack all the booty he could comfortably carry, so I gave him the signal that it was time to go. He followed me at a safe distance to the obscure little hotel where he had registered.

"Not half bad for one afternoon's work!" said I with satisfaction as Jack emptied his pockets in the seclusion of my room.

There were a dozen diamond studs and scarf-pins, four or five gold watches and a half dozen well-filled pocketbooks containing in all between five and six hundred dollars.

We divided the cash equally, cut the empty pocketbooks into shreds and hid the pieces in the fireplace.

All the jewelry we wrapped in some soiled linen and tied up in a pasteboard box. We checked this package at the railroad station and hid the brass check where we could easily find it later on.

Jack was for returning to Memphis or going on to New York at once—but I said no. My success had only whetted my appetite for crime and I was determined to return to that track the next afternoon and try my luck again.

This was where I made a mistake that came near proving disastrous. It seems that Jack and I had not been the only thieves who attended the races. Others besides us had plied their trade so industriously that the track managers were besieged with indignant complaints from the victims. The result was, although of course we were unaware of it at the time, that a score of keen-eyed detectives in plain clothes were scattered about the track on the following day.

The instant the cry of "They're off!" went up for the first race I edged my way into the thickest of the crowd. Soon I found what looked like an easy victim—a man with a magnificent diamond hanging loosely in his tie in the careless way which is a standing invitation to thieves.

I was standing almost abreast of him. With a quick thrust of one arm I drove the end of my parasol against his back. He turned and as he did so I reached my other hand out for his scarf pin.

My fingers were actually touching the diamond, when, not a dozen feet away, I saw a detective staring hard at me, watching my every move.

Like lightning I drew my hand back and, turning to my intended victim, apologized profusely for jostling him. Then, without appearing to hurry, I moved away, trying to lose myself in the crowd.

But it was no use. Wherever I went that detective followed. Presently I saw him pointing me out to two other plain clothes men.

I was in a dilemma. If I tried to leave the track I was almost certain to be arrested—and I probably would be if I remained. There was no way of communicating with Jack without involving him in the impending trouble, and I had to rely on his intuition to let him know something was wrong.

As I pondered all these things Jimmie Hope's advice flashed through my mind and I at once determined to put it into practice.

A good-looking, well-dressed young man stood close by admiring the crowds of fashionably gowned ladies. I felt his glance run up and down my figure, resting at last on my face with just the hint of a smile of approval on his lips.

That was my cue to drop my parasol. With a gallant bow the young man restored it to me.

"Thank you so much," I murmured graciously. "I wonder if you could tell me if ladies unescorted are served in the restaurant over there."

"No," he replied, just as I had felt sure he would; "but I was just going to luncheon myself and would be delighted to have you join me."

I blushed and hesitated a minute before accepting as if I felt a becomingly maidenish doubt about the propriety of such a proposal from an utter stranger. Finally I took his arm and we strolled into the restaurant.

We were hardly seated before the three detectives entered and took a nearby table. After a whispered conversation one of them rose and hurried out.

As I afterward learned he went to police headquarters to confirm his growing suspicion that I was Sophie Lyons, by inspecting some of my photographs without which no "rogues' gallery" in those days was considered complete.

My gallant escort and I loitered through the elaborate luncheon he ordered with lavish disregard of expense. He was exceptionally well bred and able to talk interestingly on a wide variety of subjects.

At last we left the restaurant, the two detectives close at our heels. One of them walked up to me and placed a brawny hand on my shoulder.

"Come, Sophie, we want you," he said.

I drew back with a great show of fright and indignation and turned on my escort the most appealing gaze I could muster.

"Take your hands off!" he cried angrily. "What do you mean by insulting a lady in this way?"

"I mean," said the detective, with a sneer, "that this 'lady,' as you call her, is the most notorious thief outside of jail."

"You lie!" shouted the fiery young Southerner. And as the words left his mouth his right fist landed on the point of the detective's jaw with a force that sent him sprawling full length on the turf.

At this the remaining detective leaped upon the young man and when he, too, went down a half dozen uniformed officers took a hand in the struggle. I never saw a man fight so fiercely as he did in resentment of this supposed insult to me.

It was fully twenty minutes before he was finally overpowered and bundled into a patrol wogan. His face and head were bruised and bleeding from the blows of the police clubs and all his captors showed the cruel punishment his own fists had inflicted.

I rode to the police station by his side, crying all the way as if my heart would break. It was not my own plight that worried me but the fact that I had brought so much trouble to a perfectly innocent man.

Friends soon came to his rescue, of course, and he was released early that evening. I got out the next morning,



"You lie," my escort shouted, dealing the detective a blow on the jaw which sent his portly form sprawling full length on the turf.

thanks to Jack who retained a good lawyer and to the fact that no property which could be identified as stolen was found in my possession.

I have never laid eyes on that young man since and do not know whether he ever learned how he had been deceived in me. If he ever did learn my identity I hope his experience at the race track taught him never to place too much confidence in a chance acquaintance again.

Even more surprising was what happened in St. Louis several years later when the detectives took a highly respected minister off the train, carried him to police headquarters, and subjected him to all sorts of indignities simply because he and I happened to be sitting in the same seat and talking together.

This is how it happened: I had stopped off in St. Louis for a day or so on a matter of perfectly legitimate business.

Early one morning I went for a little walk. Whom should I meet at almost the first corner I turned but Tom Lynch, a well-known "bank sneak," with whom I had often worked, but who I supposed was serving a long term in an Eastern prison.

"Why, Tom," I said, "what on earth are you doing here? I thought you were behind the bars for a long time to come."

"Sophie," he said, "you ought to know me well enough to know that they don't make prison bars strong enough to hold me once I make my mind up to breathe the air of freedom."

But I ignored his vanity and, instead of inquiring how he had succeeded in reducing a ten years' sentence to three, said:

"Never mind how you got here. But what are you doing now that you're here?"

Well, to make a long story short, after considerable questioning Tom finally told me how he and three other thieves whom I knew well had their plans all made to rob one of the largest banks in the city during the noon hour that very day.

"Join us, Sophie," said Tom, "and we'll give you 20 per cent of the profits."

But I laughingly said I had all the money I needed, and went my way, after urging him to be careful and not take too many chances. By the time I had transacted my business and returned to my hotel I had almost forgotten my meeting with Tom and the bank robbery he had told me about.

I ate my luncheon leisurely and then went to the writing room to finish some letters. As I sat there attending to my correspondence I noticed a man watching me intently. Several times I changed my seat to avoid his annoying gaze, but each time he moved so that he could look directly into my face. And finally I saw that he was comparing my features furtively with what were evidently photographs which he carried in his inside pocket.

At last he walked over to the desk where I was sitting and placed me under arrest, saying that I was charged with complicity in the bank robbery Tom had told me about. I accompanied him to the police station willingly enough, thinking that this was the easiest way of proving my perfect innocence.

The chief of police himself was on hand to try to wring what information he could out of me. For two solid hours he coaxed and threatened and bulldozed me in every conceivable way.

When he found he could not shake the bulwark of my innocence he announced that, whether guilty or not, I was a suspicious character, and would be locked in a cell unless I promised to leave the city at once. This being exactly what I was intending to do when arrested, I readily gave him my word of honor to board the first train for Chicago.

They let me go to the station unaccompanied, but while I was buying my ticket I saw the faces of two detectives peering at me from the door of the station. This made me think that they had taken my story with several large grains of salt, and that they really believed I was on my way to join the men who had robbed the bank that noon.

The car I entered was already well filled and I took the only seat which remained entirely vacant. Presently a venerable-looking man in clerical garb entered and asked if he might share the seat with me. Of course I said yes, and by the time the train started we were talking religion, politics and many other topics as if we had known each other for years. He told me that he was a Baptist minister on his way to a church meeting in Illinois, and I—well, I said I was a school teacher from Arkansas, going to Chicago to take a kindergarten training course!

We were chatting away at a great rate when the train made its first stop at a little suburban station just inside the St. Louis city limits. To my great surprise I saw coming down the aisle the two detectives whom I had seen at the station. One of them grabbed me by the arm and the other took hold of the astonished old minister.

"You see, you couldn't fool us, Sophie," said one of the detectives, as he pulled me to my feet. "We've caught you and your pal, and now we're going to find out how you robbed that bank this noon."

If I had really been guilty I suppose I should have had a great deal to say, but, innocent as I was, my tongue stuck to the roof of my mouth, and I followed my captor out of the car in silence. The poor minister, however, poured forth a torrent of protests, but he was so excited that they were hardly intelligible, and even if they had been they would have done no good. You see, the detectives were thoroughly convinced that his venerable appearance and clerical garb were only the clever disguises of a desperate thief.

With no gentle hand the two detectives bundled us into a patrol wagon and hurried us back to the police station I had left only a few hours before. The chief was there, chuckling with satisfaction at having caught Sophie just as she was making her escape with her cleverly disguised confederate.

"Come, now," he said, roughly, "let's have the whole story before we lock you up. How did you rob the bank and what did you do with the money? It's no use keeping anything back, now we've got the pair of you."

"But I'm no thief—I'm a minister of the gospel," the old man cried.

"A minister! That's the best I ever heard," laughed the chief. "You ought to stick to your pulpit instead of trying to walk away with a bank's money. Go ahead and search him, men. Perhaps some of those bonds are in his pockets now."

A burly patrolman seized the minister's silk hat and turned the lining inside out. Two others grabbed the sleeves of his sombre frock coat and started pulling it off. A sergeant, who aspired to be chief of detectives, tweaked his beard as if he expected to find it false.

This was more than the poor old man could stand. He was trembling in every muscle and the tears were splashing down his withered cheeks like rain. It was more than my sympathetic heart could stand, too.

"Oh, chief," I cried, sinking to my knees and raising my hands as my babies did when they said their prayers, "lock me up or do whatever you wish with me, but please let this poor old man go. He has done nothing wrong, and I swear by all that is good and holy that I never saw him before to-night."

Incredulity was written on every line of the chief's hard face, and he was about to wave me away to a cell when one of the officers shoved before his eyes a Testament, cardcase and bundle of letters which they had found in the pockets of the "bank robber's" frock coat. These proved conclusively that the old gentleman was a minister—the pastor of a well-known St. Louis church.

I bear policemen no ill will because, like all other human beings, they frequently make mistakes. This is why I do not undertake to describe their chagrin on this occasion. It is sufficient to say that the poor old minister and I were promptly released and sent on our way in cabs, with the contrite apologies of the St. Louis police ringing in our ears.

The fact that I was wholly innocent in this instance does not lessen the force of the moral I am trying to bring out—that it is a dangerous thing to become too intimate with chance acquaintances, particularly when travelling. I know from experience that every criminal when he thinks he is hard pressed by detectives will try to throw them off the track by scraping an acquaintance with some honest man or woman, and that, if necessary, he will not hesitate to involve these innocent people in trouble

SOPHIE LYONS.

Why Lobsters and 'Rabbits' Aid Digestion

MEDICAL information, like many systems of philosophy, is eminently satisfying in one regard—that with patience one can find proofs to support any pet habit or even little vice. Now comes to the front a Carlsbad doctor who warns his colleagues gravely against insisting on too well-measured a diet. Especially is he aroused against the false belief creeping into the European war departments that on a campaign soldiers can be fed on tabloids which will contain in highly concentrated form the nutritive qualities of a large quantity of food.

There are a large number of poisonous products that are constantly being discharged by various organs of the body, such as the pancreas, and it is necessary, in order to keep up the health of the body, that these should not be retained in the intestines. But, Dr. Lorand points out, the wave-like motion of the intestines is primarily mechanical and peristalsis (which is an opening and closing movement, shoving the food along) cannot continue unless there is some bulk of food o nwhich it can take effect.

Hence follows the singular result that if we ate only the food we ought to eat, we should be worse off than if we ate a great deal of material that has no nutritive qualities whatever. Vegetables, for example, rarely have much nutrition, yet they are among the most valuable aids to digestion, because the cellulose undergoes few changes and yet renders it easy for the intestines to carry off products that are no longer needed in the body, whereas meat and finely ground cereals are absorbed by the body with but little residue.

The lobster, of the "lobster palace," and the "rabbit," of Wales, must therefore be ranked as valuable aids to dietetics, and those whose tastes run in those directions may solace themselves during the subsequent attacks of indigestion, with the thought that they are doing themselves good by not being too precise in the selection of food material.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

THEY ALL WANT WHAT THEY WANT WHEN THEY WANT IT!

Distracting Exhibitions of Artistic Temperament That Follow the Effort to Harness the Eccentric Polaire with Two Even More Erratic Stars==

What Next?



Polaire and Her Crippled Dogs Whose Rights Are Fully Protected in Her Contract.



Lady Constance Stewart Richardson at One of the Most Temperamental Moments of Her Classic Dances.

POLAIRE—once known to fame as the ugliest woman on the stage, now by her own admission one of the most beautiful—is sitting at her writing desk in her Paris apartment. Before her are spread out the 100 closely typewritten sheets, which compose the contract binding her to a tour of America with Lady Constance Stewart Richardson and Gertrude Hoffman. Beside her sits Morris Gest, of New York, the man who has been careless enough of his own peace of mind to undertake harnessing together three of the most tempestuous temperaments that ever drove a manager insane by their efforts to get what they want when they want it.

In the background stand a half dozen French, English and American lawyers. They look weary, these lawyers, and why not? For two solid weeks they have been trying to reduce to legal contract form all the feminine fads and foibles the eccentric notions and artistic jealousies which make this temperamental French woman what she is.

Is Polaire really going to sign at last? One can feel the tenseness of the situation in the very atmosphere of the room. Not a word is spoken—there is not a sound save the nervous tap-tap-tap of Polaire's slippered foot as, with puckered brow, she scans the last paragraphs of this long, complicated agreement.

A dozen times within the past few days Polaire has been on the point of signing, only to discover some fancied slight to her art or some imagined favoritism to Lady Constance or Miss Hoffman, which made her angrily tear the laboriously prepared document into shreds and demand that an entirely new one be drawn up.

It really looks, however, as if American enterprise this time has found the solution to this perplexing problem of Gallic femininity. Polaire has read the contract through twice without voicing a single objection. And now, see—she takes up her favorite gold pen, dips it in the jewelled well of purple ink, which she affects and gives her slender wrist a little preliminary flourish to impart the necessary boldness to her signature.

But she does not sign her name—not yet. Instead, Polaire flings down her pen, scatters the sheets of the contract on the floor with an impetuous sweep of her hand and starts pacing up and down the room like a mad woman. Any one not accustomed to her strange moods might actually fear for his safety at sight of the sudden violence of her passion.

With a wisdom born of long experience with temperaments artistic and feminine, Mr. Gest says nothing. And really there is nothing he can say, for he has not even a suspicion of the real cause of his prospective star's latest outburst.

Now she pauses, her bosom heaving with emotion, cheeks flushed, eyes flashing fire. She faces the little group of astonished men like a tigress and starts talking. But she is so agitated, her words pour forth in such torrent, and she emphasizes them with such violent gestures that it is several minutes before her hearers know what she is getting at.

"Jamais de ma vie! Nevaire!! Nie!!!" she cries, calling alternately on French, English and German to express himself. "This contract what you make—it says nothing, not one word about Napoleon, my pig, and Dodo and Fifi, my pauvre little Jame dogs. Nevaire will I sign it—no, not for ten million francs—unless you provide in it the protection for my pauvres petites, my precious pets."

At this moment the door opens and the pinkest of snouts appears, followed by the famous pig. Pearls, rubies and diamonds sparkle on his plump form wherever they can find lodging, for it is Polaire's newest pleasure to adorn piggie with her jewels instead of wearing them herself. Behind the redoubtable Napoleon come his inseparable comrades, Dodo and Fifi, the crippled little puppies which Polaire rescued from death on the road to Versailles after one of her motor cars had crushed them.

With a scream of delight Polaire rushes toward her pets, gathers them one after another in her serpentine arms, and fairly smothers them with ardent embraces. It is an effective tableau—just how effective no one knows better than Polaire, who stages even the most trivial details of her daily life with the skill of an expert.

"Oh, mes pauvres enfants," she murmurs, smiling delightfully through a real, hope-I-may-die mist of tears, "my precious babies! Is it not adorable the way they love me? And wicked Polaire—what is it that she has done for her pets? Nothing! She has forgotten them, neglected them, never mentioned them once in her contract. Ciel, how I have shame for myself when I think of it! And it is for this that I shall not go to your Etats-Unis—no, not one step. Instead I shall enter some convent and bury myself under an ugly black veil to do penance for my sins."

Manager Gest tried hard to conceal his relief. He had already made so many concessions to this artistic temperament that he could have well afforded to supply valets and trained nurses for her pets. But he had supposed her objection concerned something more serious and more difficult to adjust than two lame dogs and a fat, waddling pig.

A brand new contract was accordingly drafted, with clauses added providing for the welfare of the three animals which are to be Polaire's constant companions on her American tour. Stripped of their complicated Anglo-Franco-American legal phraseology, these clauses provide as follows:

That neither Miss Hoffman, Lady Richardson nor any other person connected with the company shall enjoy the possession of any animal pets during the tour. Fifi, Dodo and Napoleon are to enjoy the undisputed freedom of the stage, dressing rooms and auditorium of every theatre where the company appears, and proper precautions are to be taken to prevent "any parrot, cat, snake or any other bird that flies, beast that walks or reptile that crawls from entering the building while Polaire and her pets are there."

The kangaroo was specifically mentioned because once when Polaire was playing at a German vaudeville theatre where there was a boxing kangaroo on the bill, the creature put on its gloves and frightened Napoleon half to death by chasing him all over the stage. And the parrot and snake were named. Manager Gest more than half suspects, simply because Miss Hoffman is known to be fond of such pets.

Polaire signed the contract the following day without any further trouble. It is written in duplicate in French and English, covers 103 closely typewritten pages of legal foolscap and is beyond doubt the most complicated agreement of the kind in the history of the law.

Polaire is delighted with it. "It is my Magna Charta," she declares, "just the sort of agreement which every great artist should insist upon for the protection of her art, her person and her temperament."

"It is no contract at all," says an eminent New York lawyer who has seen it, "but an attempt to describe in legal terms an eccentric woman's senseless foibles and to surround the gratification of her whims with all sorts of impossible and preposterous conditions."

"You'll never be able to fulfill your part of the agreement," say Mr. Gest's friends.

"Oh, yes, I shall," he replies confidently, but he admits he has his doubts on the matter when he compares the provisions of the Polaire agreement with those of the similar contracts he has made with Gertrude Hoffman, the temperamental American, and Lady Constance Stewart Richardson, the equally temperamental Englishwoman.

This is where the difficulty lies—in this triple alliance of antagonistic temperaments, each hoping to rise to success on the failures of the other two. Each of the three stars has not been content with ensuring herself getting what she wants when she wants it, down to the most inconsequential things, but she has tried to prevent the other two from gratifying just as many of their pet desires as she could. Many men of experience in theatrical affairs maintain that in signing three contracts which conflict so violently in so many respects, Mr. Gest has sown the seeds for a crop of dissensions which will take the courts years to thresh out.

Each of the stars insists, for example, on a third floor corner room with southern exposure in the best hotel. This requirement can easily be met in the large cities where there are several hotels of the highest standing; but what will happen in the small one-night stands where there is only one good hotel?

Manager Gest also scents serious trouble over the matter of perfumes. Polaire's contract explicitly states that "no one but herself shall use any sort of perfume on the stage, in the dressing rooms or in the railway trains during the tour." She declares that she is possessed of the exclusive rights to a "certain perfume of such a delicate and peculiar nature that the presence of any other perfume would tend to destroy its fragrance and thereby interfere with her own happiness and pleasure."

Polaire will not tolerate gardenias, which happen to be Miss Hoffman's favorite flowers, and Miss Hoffman bars lilies-of-the-valley, of which Lady Richardson is passionately fond.

"The mere presence of lilies-of-the valley in my vicinity drives me into a fury," says Miss Hoffman. "A stupid friend of mine once sent me a box of them, and they excited me so that I seized a revolver and drove the messenger boy from the room."

The sight or sound of an alarm clock irritates Lady Richardson's sensibilities even more than lilies-of-the-valley do Miss Hoffman's. Her contract becomes null and void if by any chance she find an alarm clock in her dressing room or at her hotel. In London once she became so enraged at the sight of one of the hated things that she hurled it through a costly plate-glass window. It narrowly missed killing a prominent English nobleman who chanced to be passing in the street below.

Polaire's contract provides that her dressing room shall be draped from floor to ceiling with purple hangings, and that under no consideration shall any other member of the company be allowed to wear purple at any time. At the close of her act a butler in purple livery must be on hand to serve her with champagne of a vintage and at a temperature carefully specified in the contract.

How jealous Polaire is of her fellow stars is shown by the clause which provides for a trusted servant of hers to ring the curtain up and down for her act. This is done for fear the theatre's regular curtain man might be bribed to deprive her of her proper share of applause by lowering the curtain too soon.

Each of the stars demands a manager, press representative and musical conductor of her own—all at Mr. Gest's expense. And each will have, in addition, the exclusive services of a private detective to see that none of her rights is infringed upon by either of the others.

The stars demand that their names shall be printed in type of the same size in all posters, and each of them insists that her name shall be the only one to appear in the theatre's electric sign. Mr. Gest will doubtless be able to get around this latter difficulty by having the artists arrive and leave the theatre at different hours and by providing three separate signs, each bearing the name of one of the stars. Thus with a little careful planning it will be possible to have each artiste see her name flashing by itself in electric lights when she passes the front of the theatre.

None of the temperaments must be given the slightest precedence over the others. If their motor cars should chance to reach the stage door at the same time, they must be drawn up at the curb in such a way that the distance from the door to each of the cars, will be precisely the same.

Another point on which all three contracts agree is that art cannot flourish without a reasonably sympathetic atmosphere. To provide the proper amount of sympathy, each star demands twenty of the best seats for every performance to be distributed among her countrymen. Polaire, of course, will give her seats to Parisians of the boulevard type; Lady Richardson will distribute hers among monocled Englishmen, and Miss Hoffman will endeavor to find in every city a score of typical Broadway first-nighters to be her guests.

"But these contracts all seem very one-sided," one of Mr. Gest's friends remarked. "What do these exacting ladies condescend to do for you in return for all the attentions you are going to lavish on them?"

"Oh," replied Mr. Gest, "they are willing to sing and dance and act a little occasionally, and they graciously allow me to charge admission to hear and see them. What more could I expect?"

If tact is able to keep this tantalizing trio of temperaments working harmoniously together for even part of a season, it will indeed be a triumph. But many husbands and theatrical managers, who have failed dismally in their efforts to gratify the whims of only one artistic woman, declare that Mr. Gest might as well try to bring the moon to Broadway.



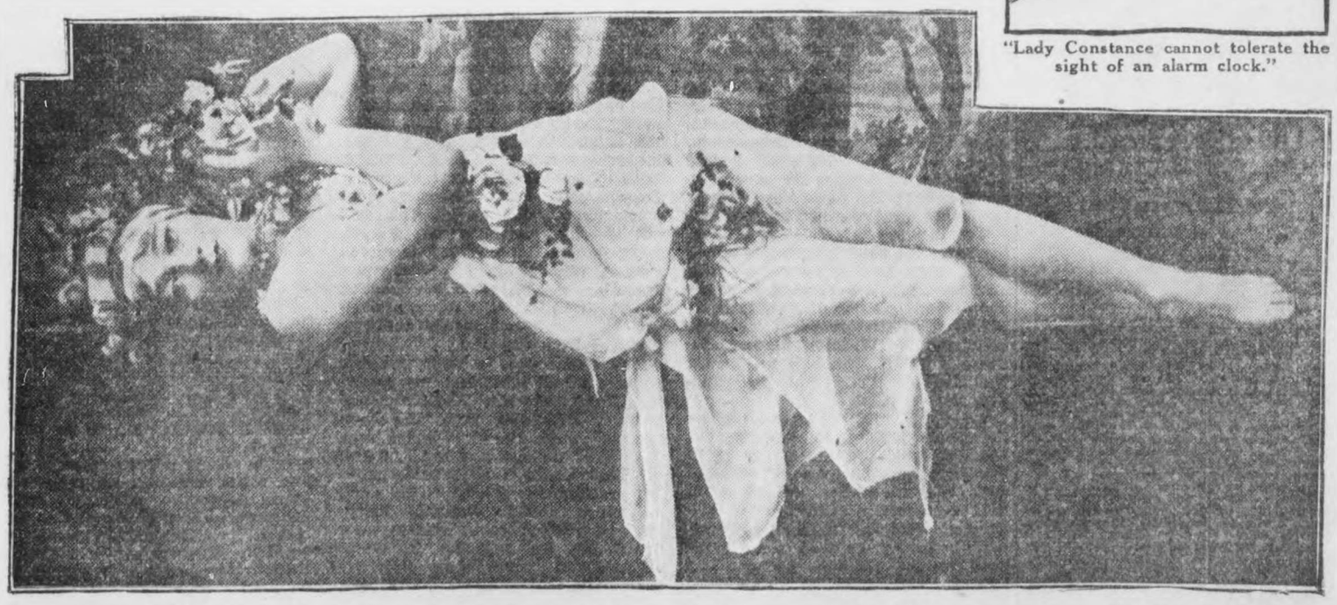
"The boxing kangaroo frightened Polaire's pig half to death."



"Lilies-of-the-valley always drive Miss Hoffman into a fury."



"Lady Constance cannot tolerate the sight of an alarm clock."



Miss Gertrude Hoffman Who Is Barred from Using Perfume and Wearing Purple by the Terms of Polaire's Contract.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Ought We Revive the Barbarous Whipping Post?

A Distinguished American Judge Says That the Lash, as Used in Delaware and England, Is the Only Way to Stop Atrocious Assaults and Crimes Against Women and Children

IN this day of enlightenment and tender care for the defective and erring members of the community there are still intelligent men and women who say that we should revive the whipping post for certain crimes.

England still uses the cat-o'-nine-tails as a punishment for atrocious offences against the person, and has recently made it applicable to the hideous crimes of the white slavers. In our country, the fine old State of Delaware has always employed the cat as a punishment for thieves, wife-beaters and other criminals. A statement on this page by the Governor of Delaware indicates that the State is well satisfied with the punishment and intends to stick to it.

Nevertheless it is probably true that the majority of Americans regard flogging as barbarous. The tendency is in the other direction. The movement to abolish capital punishment altogether is very strong. Recently the State of Colorado, in its solicitude for the murderer, has offered him a choice between shooting, poisoning and electrocution—all humane forms of death.

In connection with these humanitarian tendencies we must note that atrocious crimes against women and children, murders, burglaries and crimes of violence are increasing.

Judge Lewis L. Fawcett, a Brooklyn judge who has become noted for his severe dealing with burglars and other violent criminals, has just declared sharply in favor of reviving flogging throughout this country.

"The lash," said Judge Fawcett, "has done more to reduce crime in England than anything else. . . . What we need here for gangsters, white slavers and Black Handers is just that sort of punishment. A good lashing and a little salt in the wound will tame the most ferocious criminals.

"Under the English system, when the wounds from the lashes have healed the surgeons open the wounds and apply salt. This operation is performed several times before the six months have expired. Consequently he becomes a tamed citizen."

The argument of Judge Fawcett and others who think like him is that the agony and humiliation of the lash is the only punishment that can reach the sensibilities of the brutes who commit atrocious crimes against women and children. It is a barbarous punishment for a barbarous nature. Imprisonment means nothing to these brutes, and even the death penalty often fails to terrify them.

Strange to say, experience has shown that they have a certain kind of self-respect, which is wounded when they are publicly flogged. Most of them are powerful brutes physically, and the humiliation of being whipped is more than they can bear.

The suggestion to revive flogging in New York has been severely criticised by persons interested in the treatment of criminals. Dr. Beverley Robinson, discussing the subject, wrote:

"It brutalizes both prisoners and keepers. It is revolting to our senses. It is barbarous, unfeeling and worthless. It should be tolerated in no civilized community. It is to me a disgrace for any State or people to tolerate it."

In England flogging has always been regarded as a valuable means of punishment, discipline and education. Until a generation ago soldiers and sailors were flogged almost to death with the cat-o'-nine-tails for the most trifling offences against discipline. In the law courts a severe flogging was the accompaniment of nearly every sentence.

Between 1860 and 1870 there was a movement against excessive flogging, but many influential Englishmen have never ceased to uphold it. About that time a law was passed that flogging should only be ordered in cases of atrocious assault. For these offences the punishment has always been freely inflicted. The tendency recently has been to inflict it more frequently. Judges have availed themselves more often of their power of ordering it.

Now the law has been amended, making it permissible to order the lash for criminals convicted of traffic in "white slavery." The judges may order as much as one hundred lashes with the cat-o'-nine-tails. Thus the punishment is extended beyond the cases of atrocious assault. It was argued that the other punishments inflicted had failed to produce any terrifying effects on those engaged in this hideous traffic.



Until Recently the Whipping Post Was Combined with the Pillory in Delaware.



How the Lash Is Given to Thieves and Wife-Beaters in Delaware To-day.



Apparatus Used in Flogging "White Slavers" at Newgate Prison, London.

The devotion of Delaware to the whipping post is a particularly interesting chapter of American history. It is favored by every member of the State judiciary, by the police and officials. They point to the significant fact that not for the past ten years has a single "crook" of a dangerous class been caught in Delaware. The reason has been explained by the "crooks" themselves. They would feel degraded beyond expression at having to receive a flogging with the cat-o'-nine-tails at the hands of a Delaware jail warden.

Men like the late "Jimmy" Hope, the notorious bank burglar, would a dozen times have preferred to take chances with the combined police and detective forces of New York or Chicago than the small police force of a city like Wilmington, Del., because capture would have meant "hugging old Susan," as the whipping post is called.

While the horror of the post keeps the professional thief outside the boundaries of the State, the petty thief continues to take his chances with Delaware justice just the same. In a great many cases thieves are whipped time and time again, until their backs appear to become hardened to the rawhide thongs, and whatever self respect they may have had has been destroyed.

The law whereby wife-beaters are punished at the post has been recently revived. It was in force during Colonial days, but after the Civil War it was discovered that a woman desiring to get rid of a husband would not hesitate to go upon the witness stand and swear that he had beaten her. As the man once whipped is disfranchised for life, the law was for a time repealed. Then aggravated cases of wife-beating became numerous, and so the punishment was revived.

The whipping post in Delaware has been a means of punishing lawbreakers since its early history. In the chronicles of Diedrich Knickerbocker is a reference to it. In 1656, the punishment was administered at the pleasure of the Governor, there being no regular laws. The first official whipping occurred in 1679, when Agnita Hendricks, a depraved woman, was whipped with twenty-seven lashes. Within a few months, she repeated her offense, was whipped with thirty-one lashes and was banished from the State.

The first code of laws for the punishment of criminals was passed in 1717 by a General Assembly composed of delegates from "the counties of New Castle, Kent and Sussex upon the Delaware and the Province of Pennsylvania." It provided that the punishments should be the same as then in force in England. Thieving and various other crimes were punishable by flogging in Great Britain, and consequently they became so in the colonies. In addition to the whipping post, the pillory and the stocks were introduced. They continued in force until 1789, when a particularly severe punishment was inflicted upon a negro convicted of attacking a woman. He was compelled to stand four hours in the pillory with his ears nailed to it, and when he was taken down, his ears were severed close to his head. Afterward he was banished.

The punishment of criminals as late as 1830 was not confined to the state courts, but was administered by the justices of the peace, and old records show that offenders were sentenced by a 'squire,' taken outside of the building and flogged by the constable.

In Wilmington the whippings took place in the city hall park, the lash being handled by the chief of police, then known as the "high constable."

The law providing for the whipping of women remained in force until 1852, when it was stricken from the statute books as barbarous.

Practically all of the whippings in Delaware at the present time take place at the New Castle County workhouse. Arrangements have been made by the officials of other counties, by which their long-term prisoners are boarded at the workhouse, and consequently they are flogged there.

In the past the methods of whipping were different in each of the three counties. In New Castle County the post was two stories in height. Planted in the centre of the old jail yard at New Castle (now torn down) was a twelve-inch post about twenty feet high. Ten feet from the ground was a platform upon which the prisoner stood when in the pillory. The pillory itself consisted of two side arms to the post, the arms being so split that the upper half raised on a hinge. In the arms were two small holes at either end and a larger hole in the centre. In these the prisoner placed his head and hands, the upper part was lowered, locked with a clasp and he was securely fastened as if held in a vise.

Fastened to the post, below the platform and about three feet from the ground, were two iron semi-circular bands. When a prisoner was to be flogged, he was made to put his hands through these manacles, which were fastened with a clasp and he was held firmly. In Kent and Sussex counties the post consisted merely of a rough log stuck in the ground.

The present post employed at the New Castle County workhouse is not the imposing structure of the past, because the pillory has been abolished, but it is just as effective.

Delaware Devoted to Whipping

By Governor Charles R. Miller, of Delaware, in an Interview.

WHILE the State of Delaware has been held up to criticism throughout the country for the continuation of this mode of punishment, it is, to my mind, one of the most effective barriers to vicious criminals in their acts that we have on the statute books to-day.

The City of Wilmington, which contains about half the population of the State of Delaware, is on a direct line of communication between four of our largest Eastern cities, namely, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. There are three trunk line railroads running through the City of Wilmington. The situation of Wilmington makes it, therefore, a very fertile field for the professional crook or criminal in his movements to and fro between these large cities. A professional criminal or crook has a greater degree of intelligence than most people give him credit for, and accompanied with this intelligence is generally great nerve. The sentence of a public whipping is more than the pride of such men can stand, and it is not the jail sentence, but it is the whipping post that makes this State, and particularly the City of Wilmington free from depredations I have mentioned above.

Crime is at a minimum in the State of Delaware, and I attribute this largely to the fear and public disgrace of the whipping post. The whipping post is also used for wife beaters, and I think every one will agree with me that this is a most deserved punishment for men who have this strain within them.

We are not menaced by the so-called white slave traffic in Delaware, but I have always thought that if the whipping post was provided for the people engaged in this species of crime it would be an effective punishment for this nefarious practice.

Manners of Young People at Summer Resorts

By MRS. FRANK LEARNED, Author of "The Etiquette of New York To-day."

EVERYWHERE at this season of the year there is joy in open-air amusements and recreations. Golf, polo, tennis, bathing, motor-boating, sailing and canoeing are among the varied pleasures which fill the days at country clubs or seashore, or mountain and lake resorts.

Athletics and out-door sports of every description form an important part of the life of the young men and girls of the present day. Ease and grace, well-developed muscles and a good constitution are gained by these sports. An important consideration is not to become so absorbed in sports or in the cultivation of physical perfection as to forget the relative value of things.

Out-door sports may be an education in many ways. When games are played collectively they help to teach good manners, self-control, obedience to a leader, or the yielding to an umpire. Courteous acquiescence to what may seem an unfavorable or an unjust decision from an umpire is a test of temper. Rules for referees and polo players are that decisions are given decisively and no discussion or remark by the players is allowable. Strict compliance with the rule for players is therefore quite a training in manners. Although all the world does not play polo, this hint of the etiquette of the game points to the fact that good manners should be practised on a tennis court, or a baseball field, as well as on a polo ground.

In out-door contests of skill, girls and young men may learn to understand something of each other's characters. Discoveries of the qualities of good temper, generosity toward an adversary, forbearance toward others, courage in defeat may be made; or the undesirable qualities of selfishness, ill-temper, vanity or meanness may be unveiled. It is a pleasure to observe that, as a general rule, fine characteristics come to the front in sport.

A frank, pleasant, wholesome intercourse may be developed between girls and young men in out-door pastimes. There is joy in the comradeship which brings them together in the recreations of Summertime. There may not be a thought of sentiment, but, even in the modern craze for being a "good sport," young people are young people, and will wander, as Tennyson tells us, in the "new world which is the old." The only note of warning is in not becoming interested too suddenly in new and untried friendships. Sometimes there is a rude awakening. It is well to be a trifle reticent and reserved.

There is something to be said as to the fitness of things in Summer amusements. The sense of freedom from restraint tempts girls and young men to go to extremes in what they call having a "good time." Some people think they are not having a "good time" unless they are making a noise. They forget that this is an indication of crudeness.

Enthusiasm does not mean loudness. No one admires a hoyden and a man wearies of a noisy comrade. A girl may be very blithe and gay without losing the womanly attributes of gentleness and dignity. She has herself to blame if she is lightly spoken of or placed in the category of "Summer girls." The word is objectionable. It conveys what it intends—the suggestion of a flashy, flippant girl, loud in dress and manner, whose aim is to attract attention. If she makes chance acquaintances with men, or carries on foolish, sentimental affairs on the plea that it is only a bit of Summer fun, she is lowering not only the best standards of manners, but of womanhood. Perhaps her parents may be at fault for not guarding her from being forward, reckless, lacking in the fine graces of life.

Parents get the credit of being very ignorant or very negligent. Girls get the reputation of being intolerant and rebellious about any sort of restraint. Very annoying and distressing complications might be avoided if parents and the young people themselves would recognize that there are certain conventionalities of society which are intended to guard girls from having even the appearance of being in a false position. The world does not judge kindly when these laws are disregarded.

In regard to evening pastimes, for instance, it is not the custom in the best social life for girls to go alone with men to evening parties, theatres, restaurants or public places.

In small towns, or places where social rules are modified, at least there may always be a regard for propriety and a mother can be careful that her daughter is under proper protection. It is best that a girl should be with a party of friends and that an older woman should accompany young people when going to public places.

Free-and-easy manners in girls are never admired by men. A man may like to amuse himself with the "jolly" girl, or the "free-and-easy" girl, but in his innermost heart he likes the modest girl, one who is too reserved in her womanliness to indulge in undignified behavior anywhere. The "free-and-easy" girl who has lavished attentions, notes, gifts and telephone messages upon him is sometimes astonished to find that he is seriously charmed away by the reserved, almost demure girl, whom she never suspected to be a rival.

Common sense as well as dignity should guard a girl from the wrong influence of those who say that present-day objectionable manners or customs may be followed, and that because others do certain things which are bold, or verging on impropriety, there is no harm in doing the same. Wherever there is a questionable thing it is best to keep on the safe side of reserve. To follow an exaggerated or an immodest fashion, or to take conspicuous romping steps in dancing is to lower one's standard.

The standard that a girl sets will always govern a man's manner toward her. If he is lacking in respect, she has herself to blame. He will never take a liberty, nor will he make a rude jest or tell a doubtful story if she shows that she does not allow freedom of action or speech.

Free-and-easy manners on a bathing beach are very objectionable. It is certainly very far from good form for girls and young men to lounge on a beach in bathing suits, or to race and romp up and down a beach in bathing attire, shouting and attracting attention.

If men fail to observe the courtesies it is from associating with girls and women who are indifferent about high standards, who care nothing for deference and allow rudeness to go unrebuked.

Chivalry exists in men to-day as much as ever and can always be called forth. A man should be as chivalrous in his conduct toward the girls he meets as he wishes other men to be toward his sister. It is noticeable that a young man is very careful about his sister's behavior and very critical about her men friends.

Respect for woman is a trait of nobility in true manliness. Much of a young man's education of character depends on his association with women who have high standards.

Too great freedom and laxity in manners is a dangerous characteristic of the present time. Much depends on the women and young girls to maintain a higher tone if they would preserve the purity and simplicity of manners. The well-bred girl or young man will be as well-behaved on a golf course or on a beach as in a drawing-room. The occasion is different but the inherent refinement will not be lost.



Are You FAT?

I Was ONCE.

I Reduced MYSELF.

I was Fat, Uncomfortable, Looked Old, Felt Miserable, suffered with Rheumatism, Asthma, Neuralgia. When I worked or walked, I puffed like a Porpoise. I took every advertised medicine I could find. I Starved, Sweated, Exercised, Doctored and changed climate, but I ruined my digestion, felt like an invalid, but steadily gained weight. There was not a single plan or drug that I heard of that I did not try. I failed to reduce my weight. I dropped society, as I did not care to be the butt of all the jokes. It was embarrassing to have my friends tell me I was getting Stout, as no one knew it better than myself.

SOMETHING HAD TO BE DONE

I began to study the cause of FAT. When I discovered the cause I found the remedy. The French Method gave me an insight. I improved on that. Removed the objectionable features, added more pleasant ones, and then I tried my plan on myself for a week. It worked like Magic. I could have

SCREAMED WITH JOY

at the end of the first week, when the scales told me I had lost ten pounds by my simple, easy, harmless, Drugless Method. It was a pleasure then to continue until I regained my normal self in size. I feel fifteen years younger. I look fifteen years younger. My Double Chin has entirely disappeared. I can walk or work now. I can climb a mountain. I am normal in size. I can weigh just what I want to weigh. I am master of my own body now. I did not starve, but ate all I wanted to. I did not take Sweat Baths. I did not Drug. I used no Electricity, or harmful exercises, but I found the Simple, Sane, Common Sense WAY of reducing my weight and I applied it. I have tried it on others. My Doctor says I am a perfect picture of health now. I am no longer ailing. I am now a happy, healthy woman. Now I am going to help others to be happy. I have written a book on the subject. If you are fat, I want you to have it. It will tell you all about my Harmless, Drugless Method. To all who send me their name and address I mail it FREE, as long as the present supply lasts. It will save you Money, Save you from Harmful Drugs, Save you from Starvation Diets, Harmful Exercises, possibly save YOUR LIFE. It is yours for the asking without a penny. Just send your name and address. A Postal Card will do and I'll be glad to send it so that you can quickly learn how to reduce yourself and be as happy as I am. Write today, as this advertisement may not appear again in this paper.

HATTIE BIEL, 4115 Barclay, Denver, Colo.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

New Things Not Found in Any Books

What YOUR NOSE TELLS ABOUT YOU

How Science Can Determine YOUR RACE by Studying YOUR NOSTRILS

OUR noses have more to do with the character of our faces than any other features. If they are ill-shaped they give the whole countenance an ugly aspect, while if they are moulded on strong, graceful lines they lend distinction to what would otherwise be very plain faces.

Almost no other feature shows the infinite variety that noses do. Even among members of the same family you will rarely find two individuals whose noses are exactly alike. The reason for this wide variation in size and shape is a mystery which science has not yet been able to clear up.

The nose is easily affected by influences from within and without because of its softness. Only the root of the nose, far between the eyes, is of bone, and the greater part of the organ consists of a series of bits of gristle or cartilage piled one on top of the other.

The shape of this soft gristly mass can be easily altered, but just what the influences are which affect it and result in such wide variations of nasal shape, even within the limits of a single family, have not yet been satisfactorily explained.

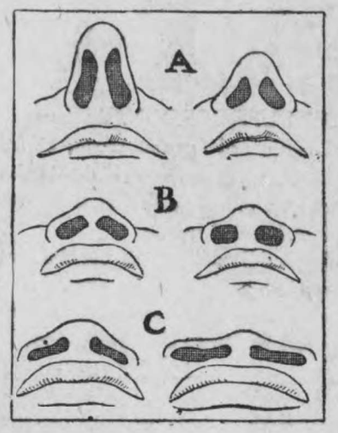
Undoubtedly the kind of food a child eats affects the growth of his nose just as it does his bones. The gristle which forms the nose is, in fact, only bone that has stopped hardening, and whatever growth our bodies show is due simply to the progressive hardening of the gristle at the extremities of the joints.

But while physicians are unable to say what food a child should eat to make his nose shapely surgeons can do wonders in the way of correcting deformities in the nose. This gristle is a substance easy to cut away and if a cavity remains after the deformity has been removed this can be filled with paraffin or some similar substance.

Several eminent surgeons believe that the day is not far distant when they will be able to take a nose in early childhood and train it into any desired shape without using the knife or leaving a scar. This seems reasonable, for a baby's nose at birth is the tiniest thing imaginable and as soft and pliable as a bit of putty. An ingenious French surgeon has devised shapers which can be applied to baby's face when an abnormal nose may be expected from a study of the noses of parents and grandparents.

Although we are not yet able to make our noses grow just as we would like, we do know how to learn many things from their shapes. The nose is, for instance, an extremely accurate index to a person's race, and scientists have lately laid down certain principles by which an individual's racial history can be deduced from the shape and position of his nostrils.

There is a striking difference between the nostrils of Europeans and the colored races, but this is not so noticeable when viewed in the ordinary way as when seen from below.



Lips and Nostrils of European (A); of a Mongol (B); and of a Negroid (C)—as Seen from Below.

It has been found that the nose follows closely the foundation laid by the root between the eyes. This is the only bony part, and if it is broad and flat the nose is sure to be the same, the cartilage appearing to follow the general outlines of the foundation. When you come to consider it from an artistic point of view you can not fail to note that as a rule the nose matches the face. If the cheek-bones are broad, and the face is correspondingly spread out, the nose is broad, too. In fact, a broad face with an aquiline nose would look most incongruous.

Among the white races the bridge of the nose averages 54.5 per cent of the breadth; among the Mongols, 40.5 per cent, and among the negroid races, 25.6 per cent.

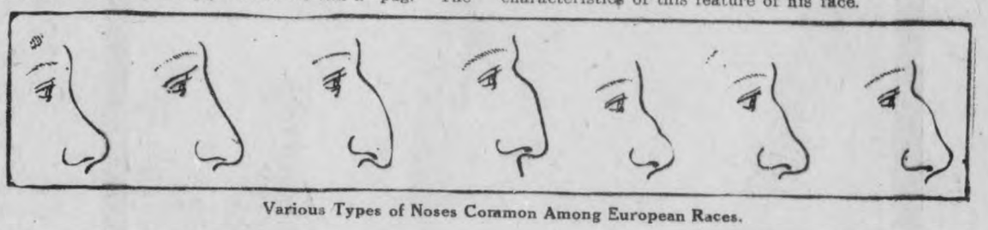
There is a great variety of nasal shapes among Europeans, probably because of the many crossings and mixtures of races, and their noses are less typical than those of the unmixed colored races.

The varieties include straight noses, bent noses and depressed noses of various shapes at the end. In many cases the nose starts out straight from the root and the point turns up sharply—what we call a "pug." The Greek nose runs straight from the root, which is not depressed below the brow. Bent or curved noses are of frequent occurrence.

From a physiological standpoint the nose should be of fair size so that air can be inhaled freely, and the danger of breathing through the mouth is lessened. Most great men, and many great women, have been well endowed nasally. They are not beautiful, perhaps, but they have a commanding look, and there can be little doubt that noses are to be carefully considered when judging character. No one need be ashamed of having a "big nose."

When Henry Clay visited Europe Sidney Smith said: "He is a living lie, for no man can be half as grand as he looks." This impression was largely due to Clay's massive nose and brow. Napoleon was well endowed nasally, and George Eliot had a full, large nose. It does not always follow that greatness of mind goes with the large nose, but it is seldom that you find a great man or woman with a small, pudgy nose.

There is no feature by which resemblance can be more surely traced than the nose, and the child frequently goes back several generations for the peculiar characteristics of this feature of his face.



Various Types of Noses Common Among European Races.

A MAN'S Measure in EGGS

THE latest research proves that 1,200 eggs hold all the chemical elements contained in a man weighing 150 pounds. This does not mean that if you made an enormous omelet of these twelve hundred eggs a man would be produced. It does signify that the elements in the eggs would be equal to the elements in a man.

If a person were to eat nothing but eggs he would get just the chemicals needed for supporting life, but the system would not digest an exclusive diet like this. The person trying to live on eggs alone would soon sicken, and if the diet were not changed would die.

If an average man, weighing 150 pounds, were reduced to a fluid he would yield 3,630 cubic feet of illuminating gas and hydrogen, or enough to fill a balloon that would carry a hundred and fifty-five pounds.

If the normal human body were taken just as it is and all of the elements extracted from it there would be found enough iron to make seven large nails; enough fat for fourteen pound candles; enough carbon to make the lead in sixty-five gross of pencils, and phosphorus enough to tip 820,000 matches. Besides all this would be found twenty teaspoonfuls of salt, fifty full sized lumps of sugar and thirty-eight quarts of water.

Thus it is evident that a human being is a great chemical factory, and the value of a man in actual materials is considerable.

The hundred dozen eggs would yield precisely the same quantities of these chemical elements, and even at the present high price of eggs most of us would rather have the eggs used for the purpose than the man.

Cooking an egg changes the character of many of its chemical constituents, but renders it more digestible and just as nutritious. While the white of an egg can readily be digested in a raw state, the yolk is much better cooked.

YOU MIGHT TRY...

Cleaning Flannel Trousers.

GET a package of white cornmeal, rub it thoroughly into all the spots, and lightly over the rest. Then brush well. This is much better than washing.

Taking Ink Out of Linen.

DIP the ink spot in melted tallow, then wash out the tallow, and the ink will come out also. When the spot is fresh, milk will remove it.

For Bad Burns.

BURNS and scalds should be treated with glycerine and flour, the latter heaped well over the afflicted part. Then tie a linen bandage over it. The irritation is quickly driven away, and a quicker cure assured.

Restoring Gilt Braid.

GILT braid easily becomes tarnished. When this happens brush the braid free from dust and rub a little powdered alum well into it. Leave it for a few hours, then brush off, and you'll find the braid as bright as new.

Don't Give Up to HEADACHE

IF your leg goes to sleep, as we express it, you do not sit still and await developments, but you vigorously rub it and stamp your foot to start the blood into action.

When one has a headache it simply means there is congestion or a clot on the brain. To remove congestion requires active, not passive measures.

"I had to lay off from work yesterday—I was just completely used up with a headache" is a common complaint one hears. The dark room, the secluded couch, the druggist's tablets and a day lost are the ordinary remedies for curing headache.

The man or woman who wakes up with a headache or later in the day finds one gradually coming on generally succumbs in despair and the day's plans go by the board.

As a matter of fact, all this pampering of headaches is the result of a misunderstanding of the evil. Headaches should not be indulged, but combated. A sure and easy way to bring quick relief to a severe headache is to bend the head backward and forward a number of times, then from side to side with an easy motion. Move it gradually and carefully forward and back until the pain passes away. A brisk walk, a horseback ride, a game of golf or tennis—in fact, anything that starts the blood and produces a natural circulation will be a remedy at hand. The housewife may go busily about her work despite the headache. The stooping and bending in brushing and dusting are the best remedies she could supply.

A stirring conversation, an animated argument or an intense interest awakened in any subject may bring the desired result. Constant dwelling on one line of thought often produces a slight congestion of the brain in such cases shake up your mental poise by interest in new lines of thought, and the way your headache will disappear will surprise you.

Never give up to a headache, for if you do it will fasten itself upon you and return at regular intervals. Throw it aside by action in some form, either physical or mental, as the case may require, and you will usually find yourself able to conquer it.

SUNDAY AMERICAN EXAMINER PATTERNS

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Send 10 cents in silver or stamps for our Up-to-Date 1913-1914 Fall and Winter Catalogue, containing over 400 designs of ladies', misses' and children's patterns and a concise and comprehensive article on dressmaking.

No woman can afford to be without one of these catalogues, as the illustrations shown therein are practical designs that are necessary for the home dressmaker.

Five Modish and Unique Designs, Easily Made by the Home Dressmaker--10 Cents Each

NO. 9686.—PRACTICAL "GYM" SUIT FOR THE GROWING GIRL

BLUE serge was used for the bloomers and white linen for the blouse. The blouse may serve to wear with any skirt, and is suitable for lawn, galatea, madras, percale, silk or serge.

The pattern is cut in four sizes—8, 10, 12 and 14 years. It requires 3½ yards of 44-inch material for an 8-year size.

NO. 9702.—GIRL'S ONE-PIECE DRESS.

Blue serge, with facings of black satin, was used for this design. It is also suitable for panama, voile, prunella, cashmere, galatea, gingham, seersucker, linen, velvet and corduroy.

The pattern is cut in four sizes—6, 8, 10 and 12 years. It requires 4⅛ yards of 36-inch material for a 10-year size.

NO. 9689.—DRESS FOR LADIES, MISSES AND SMALL WOMEN.

Plaid gingham in brown and tan tones, with trimming of tan, was used for this model. If preferred the inserts on waist and skirt fronts may be omitted.

The sleeve in shorter length is finished with a shaped cuff. The back of skirt is finished with tiny darts.

The pattern is cut in eight sizes—For misses, 14, 16, 17 and 18 years, and for ladies, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires 5¼ yards of 36-inch material for a 16-year size, and 6⅝ yards of 36-inch material for a 36-inch size.

NO. 9703.—LADY'S WAIST, WITH LINING.

Brown velvet, with venise lace "all over" and plaited crepe de chine in a new ecru shade, are here combined. The bolero fronts are faced and button trimmed, and the under portions are mounted on a round yoke.

The waist is finished in blouse style, and is closed at the centre back.

The pattern is cut in five sizes—34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires 3¾ yards of 36-inch material for a 36-inch size.

NO. 9679.—LADY'S SKIRT.

Brown chiffon broadcloth was employed to make this design. The right front is crossed over the left and shaped in a point below the knee, where it meets two upturned plaits in the left front.

The habit back is finished with a slight gathering at the top. The model is suitable for silk, satin, velvet, serge, voile and other fabrics of the season.

The pattern is cut in five sizes—22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches waist measure. It requires 3 yards of 44-inch material for a 24-inch size.



Every week we receive a few orders without the name or address of the persons sending for patterns, and often the size of the patterns desired is omitted. Please be careful to give full mailing directions.

To obtain any of these desirable models, fill in the accompanying coupon and mail, with 10 cents for each pattern in silver or stamps, to

SUNDAY PATTERNS,
Post Office Box 260,
New York City.

Each number represents one pattern.

SUNDAY AMERICAN-EXAMINER PATTERNS.
10 CENTS EACH.

No. 9686.—Size.....Years. No. 9702.—Size.....Years.
No. 9689.—Size.....Years. No. 9689.—Size.....Bust.
No. 9703.—Size.....Bust. No. 9679.—Size.....Waist.
Name.....
Street and Number.....
City and State.....

Ask This Man to Read Your Life

His Wonderful Power to Read Human Lives at Any Distance Amazes All Who Write to Him.

Thousands of people in all walks of life have benefited by this man's advice. He tells you what you are capable of, and how you can be successful. He mentions your friends and enemies, and describes the good and bad periods in your life.



His description as to past, present and future events will astonish and help you. All he wants is your name (written by yourself), your birth date and sex to guide him in his work. Money is not necessary. Mention the name of this paper and get a Trial Reading free. If you want to take advantage of this special offer and obtain a review of your life, simply send your full name, address, the date, month and year of birth (all clearly written), state whether Mr., Mrs. or Miss, and also copy the following verse in your own handwriting:

"Your advice is useful,
So thousands say;
I wish success and happiness,
Will you show me the way?"

If you wish you may enclose 10 cents (stamps of your own country) to pay postage and clerical work. Send your letter to Clay Burton Vance, Suite 692-E, Palais Royal, Paris, France. Do not enclose coins in your letter. Postage on letters to France is 5 cents.

THE NATIONAL MARKET PLACE

SONGS

FORTUNES IN SUCCESSFUL SONGS—I've paid thousands in royalties. Send your poems or musical compositions to me for acceptance. I'll publish under 50% royalty contract. I composed and published "Wedding of the Winds" Waltz. Million copies sold. Dozens of "hits." Est. 16 yrs. Free booklet. John T. Hall, 2 Columbus Circle, N.Y.

MAKE MONEY WRITING SONG POEMS—I'll write the music, copyright in your name, publish and pay you 50 per cent of the profits. Success means thousands. Particulars free. Established 25 years. O. L. PARTEE, 804 Astor Theatre Building, New York.

SONG POEMS WANTED—Immediate publication on Big Royalty if accepted. SEND MSS. TO-DAY. A HIT MEANS THOUSANDS. FREE BOOK. LEN FLEMING & CO., Dept. 301, 1416 Broadway, New York City.

SONG POEMS WANTED—New Plan. Big Money. Songs published if accepted. Free book. HAYWORTH MUSIC CO., 663G Washington, D.C.

SONG POEMS EXAMINED FREE—Send yours; make money. MUSIC CLEARING HOUSE, 131 West 45th st., New York.

BIG MONEY WRITING SONGS. We have paid thousands of dollars to amateur song-writers. Experience not necessary. Write for free particulars or send us your song poems or melodies today for free examination. Acceptance guaranteed if available. Big Song Writer's Magazine, beautifully illustrated book and available advice all free. DUGDALE CO., 175 Dugdale Building, Washington, D. C.

EYE REMEDIES.

WHEN YOUR EYES NEED CARE try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the public and sold by your Druggists at 25c. and 50c. per bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c. Write us for Books. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., Chicago.

FOR WOMEN.

Grow Tall! Bust, Figure, all in Proportion. Write Helen Heer & Co., Rockaway Beach, N. Y.

DEVELOP your bust free. Send me a postal for my wonderful free offer. Don't delay. MADAM WILLIAMS, care of F. D. Williams Sanative Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A PERFECTLY DEVELOPED BUST—"Growslina" gives wonderful results; no failures, otherwise money refunded; $1 jar. Call, write MLLE. KOPPELS' PARISIAN STUDIO, 158 West 34th st., New York.

PATENTS AND INVENTIONS.

WANTED, IDEAS—Men of ideas and inventive ability should write for our list of needed inventions and prices offered by leading manufacturers. Patent secured or our fee refunded. "Why Some Inventors Fail." "How to Sell Your Patent," "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money," and other valuable booklets sent free to any address. RANDOLPH & CO., 618 F. N. W., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C.

HIGH GRADE HELP.

LEARN TO WRITE ADVERTISEMENTS—Earn $25 to $100 weekly. We can positively show you by mail how to increase your salary. Prospectus free. Page-Davis Co., Dept. 85, Page Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

AN intelligent person can earn $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; send for particulars. PRSS SYNDICATE, 740, Lockport, N. Y.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

LEARN to Write Advertisements—Earn $25 to $100 weekly; we can positively show you by mail how to increase your salary; prospectus free. Page-Davis Co., Dept. 85, Page Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

I MADE $50,000 in five years with a small mail order business; began with $3. Send for free for particulars. PRESS SYNDICATE, 740, Lockport, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TOBACCO HABIT—How to overcome it quickly, easily, safely, lastingly; medical indorsements; legions of testimonials; interesting, valuable book free. EDW. J. WOODS, 534 6th ave., 401 N, New York.

TRICKS, JOKES, PUZZLES.

MAGIC POCKET TRICK and Catalogue for 6c. MAGIC CO., Dept. 3, 249 West 38th st., New York.

ASTHMA.

ASTHMA AND HAY FEVER REMEDY sent by express to any sufferer. If satisfied send me $1.00. Write to-day, giving express office. W. K. STERLINE, 807 Ohio ave., Sidney, Ohio.

STAGE INSTRUCTION.

ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET on Show Business for 2c. stamp. STAGE STUDIO, Sta. 3, 249 West 38th st., New York.

The Triumph of Tulle.

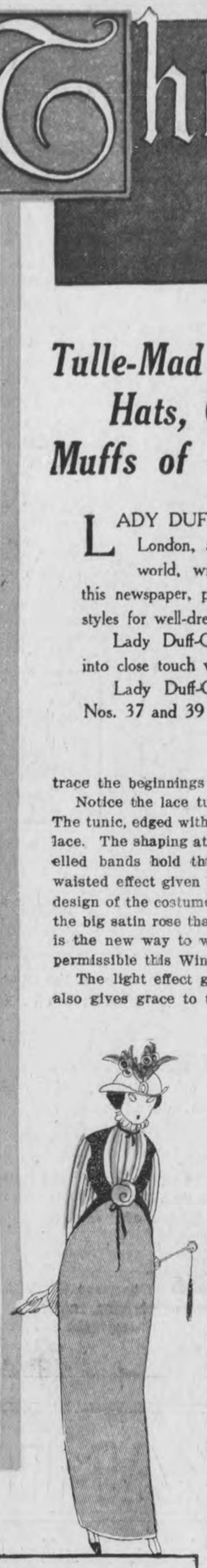
Tulle-Mad Paris Wears Scarves, Hats, Corsage Bouquets and Muffs of This Fairy Fabric.

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's Paris establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

Lady Duff-Gordon's American establishment is at Nos. 37 and 39 West Fifty-seventh street, New York.







This Chantilly Lace Tunic and Tulle Scarf Make This Costume a Thing of Beauty.

Cerise Tulle Forms the Frame for This Dinner Costume of Cerise Crepe and Lace.

By Lady Duff-Gordon ("Lucile").

IT was Moliere, I think, who said that a woman's reputation was as fragile as tulle and as easily damaged. He might also have said that many women find it an expensive matter to keep up their supply of both these fragile commodities. I thought of this expression of the great French dramatist the other day when I dropped in at a very private "opening," an opening, by the way, from which the general public was jealously barred.

As I glanced at these delightful creations my first thought was that the well-dressed woman this Winter would be wearing nothing much more than a wisp of tulle and a frightened smile after candles are lit.

"Oui," said the artiste to whom I made this remark "Oui; the lady of the Winter must wear tulle in some fashion—a scarf, a corsage ornament or a drapery. What else she wears will not matter, but the tulle she must have."

Before describing to you the fascinating costumes that I saw I must speak more of this delightful, misty fabric and its uses. It is not a cheap wear, in spite of the fact that it can be had for twenty-five cents a yard in your money. Its expensiveness lies in the fact that it must ever be fresh and crisp. It can seldom be worn the second time, and when used as a drapery or a scarf several yards are needed.

A hat of this delicate, fairy-like material will have to be remade nearly every time that it is worn. But I know only too well that in spite of my warning nine out ten girls will be going tulle mad this season.

There is nothing more delicious than a scarf of cobwebby tulle draped carelessly across the shoulders. It is fluffy, yet transparent. It frames the face and shrouds the shoulders most piquantly, and just between ourselves such a scarf takes ten years from a woman's appearance and creates a feeling of mystery

With the use of tulle there is a perfectly natural tendency to continue the use of lace. These two fabrics—if lace can be called a fabric—blend charmingly. Both are as light as air, and both are never used to better advantage than when combined in an evening costume.

Of tulle hats I have already written; therefore will say nothing more of them this week. But there are signs that point to a revival of the lace hat, a perfectly logical outcome of the fragile tulle hat, I think.

Whether you realize it or not, fashion is always logical, always the outgrowth of something that went before.

In these three costumes I am showing you here you can easily trace the beginnings of these particular costumes.

Notice the lace tunic, for instance, combined with rose satin. The tunic, edged with a very new chic flounce, is of black chantilly lace. The shaping at the top of the bodice is most effective. Jewelled bands hold this in place over the shoulders. The high-waisted effect given by the crushed girdle is in keeping with the design of the costume and with the figure of the wearer. I do like the big satin rose that is tucked into the front of the girdle. This is the new way to wear flowers and the only place that will be permissible this Winter.

The light effect given by the tulle scarf is fascinating and it also gives grace to the whole costume. A lace or chiffon scarf worn instead would be too heavy and decidedly "out of the picture."

Another scarf that is most satisfactorily in the picture is the hat worn with the cerise charmeuse crepe and the net lace. The mesh of this lace skirt, which, by the way, is fulled over a cerise drop skirt, is as fine as tulle. The bertha which distinguishes the bodice is rapidly growing in favor. The scarf worn here is a delightful rose tulle affair.



A Modern Carmen in Flame and Canary Yellow Satin, With the Ever Present Tulle Bodice.

LET US MAKE YOU FAT

50-CENT BOX FREE!

We Want to Prove at Our Own Expense That It Is No Longer Necessary to Be Thin, Scrawny and Undeveloped

WE INVITE EVERY THIN MAN AND WOMAN HERE,

Every Reader of This Magazine Who Is Run Down, Nervous or Underweight, To Get Fat at Our Expense.



"Gee! Look at that pair of skinny scarecrows! Why don't they try Sargol?"

This is a generous offer to every thin man or woman reader of this paper. We positively guarantee to increase your weight to your own satisfaction or no pay. Think this over. Think what it means. At our own risk, we offer to put 10, 15, yes, 30 pounds of good, solid "stay there" flesh on your bones, to fill out hollows in cheeks, neck or bust, to get rid of that "peaked" look, to rejuvenate and revitalize your whole body until it tingles with vibrant energy; to do this without drastic "diet," "tonics," severe physical culture "stunts," detention from business or any irksome requirements—if we fail it costs you nothing.

We particularly wish to hear from the excessively thin, those who know the humiliation and embarrassment which only skinny people have to suffer in silence. We want to send a free 50-cent package of our new discovery to the people who are called "slats" and "bean poles," to bony women, whose clothes never look "anyhow," no matter how expensively dressed, to the skinny men who fail to gain social or business recognition on account of their starved appearance. We care not whether you have been thin from birth, whether you have lost flesh from sickness, how many flesh builders you have experimented with. We take the risk and assume it cheerfully. If we can not put pounds and pounds and pounds of healthy flesh on your frame we don't want your money.

How can we do this? We will tell you. We have discovered a remarkable concentrated treatment for increasing cell growth, the very substance of which our bodies are made—a treatment that users say makes indigestion and other stomach troubles disappear as if by magic, and makes an old dyspepsic or a sufferer from weak nerves or lack of vitality feel like a 2-year-old. This new treatment which has proven a boon to thin people is called Sargol. Don't forget the name—"S-A-R-G-O-L." Nothing like it has ever been produced before. It is a revelation to women who have never been able to appear stylish in anything they wear because of their thinness. It is a godsend to every man who is under weight or who is lacking in nerve force or energy. If you want a beautiful and well-rounded figure of symmetrical proportions, of which you can feel justly proud—if you want a body full of throbbing life and energy, write The Sargol Company, 371-G Herald Building, Binghamton, N. Y., to-day, and we will send you, absolutely free, a 50c. box of Sargol to prove what we claim. Take one with every meal, and in five minutes after you take the first concentrated tablet of this precious product see how it commences to unfold its virtues. It has by actual demonstration often increased the weight at the rate of one pound a day. But you say you want proof. Well, here you are. Here is the statement of F. Gagon, who has tried Sargol, and is convinced of its wonderful value:

F. GAGNON writes:

"Here is my report since taking the Sargol treatment. I am a man 67 years of age, and was all run down to the very bottom. I had to quit work, as I was so weak. Now, thanks to Sargol, I look like a new man. I gained 22 pounds with 26 days' treatment. I cannot tell you how happy I feel."

WHAT SARGOL HAS DONE FOR OTHERS

We have hundreds of letters like this which we want to send you. Here are gains in weight reported from just a few: G. E. Crouner, 15 lbs. in thirty days; Thomas Davis, 10 lbs. in 16 days; Lenore Patton, 16 lbs. in 30 days; Mrs. Seim, 13 lbs. in 20 days; F. A. Myrick, 20 lbs. in 30 days, Mrs. S. E. Murray, 30 lbs. in 40 days; Mary Bland, 18 lbs. in 40 days; W. W. Allis, 36 lbs. in 50 days; Wm. Carmichael, 5 lbs. in 10 days; Arthur Stewart, 5 lbs. in 12 days; Mrs. C. Craig, 13 lbs. in 30 days; Mrs. N. Gallagher, 18 lbs. in 35 days.

Send to-day for our Free 50-cent package, and let us prove that.

SARGOL SHOULD DO THE SAME FOR YOU

The new treatment is used to increase the red corpuscles in the blood, strengthen the nerves and put the digestive tract into such shape that your food is assimilated and turned into good, solid, healthy flesh, instead of passing through the system undigested and unassimilated. It is a thoroughly scientific principle. This Sargol, for building up the thin, weak and debilitated without any nauseous dosing.

Send for the 50-cent box to-day. Convince us by your prompt acceptance of this offer that you are writing in good faith and really desire to gain in weight.

We could not publish this offer if we were not prepared to live up to it. It is only the astounding results of our new method of treatment that make such an offer and such a guarantee possible on our part. So cut off the coupon to-day and mail it at once to The Sargol Company, 371-H, Herald Building, Binghamton, N. Y., and please inclose 10c. with your letter to help pay distribution expenses. Take our word, you'll never regret it.

FREE COUPON

COME EAT WITH US AT OUR EXPENSE

This coupon entitles any thin person to one 50c. package of Sargol, the concentrated Flesh Builder (provided you have never tried it, and that 10c. is enclosed to cover postage, packing, etc.) Read our advertisement printed above, and then put 10c. in stamps in letter to-day, with this coupon, and the full 50c package will be sent to you by return of post. Address The Sargol Company, 371-H, Herald Building, Binghamton, N. Y. Write your name and address plainly, and

PIN THIS COUPON TO YOUR LETTER