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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

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John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Golfers Go 35 Miles In Just 1,087 Strokes

Experts Play From Maidstone to Littleton on the Sea on a Wager.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—To cover 35 miles in 1,087 strokes is a feat that two golfers accomplished in playing from Maidstone to Littleton-on-the-Sea.

How this came about a well-known golfer offered to bet Neville Foster, of the Ashdown Forest Golf Club, and W. Warman, of the Newton Green Golf Club, that they could not play from Forest row to Crowborough over the woodland heather and hills, a distance of eight miles, in 350 strokes. The bet was taken and the task accomplished in 184 strokes.

Waiters Back of Bill To Prevent 'Tipping'

Measure Provides Fine for Both 'Tipper' and Recipient of Bounty, and Reward for Informer.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An ordinance to end "tipping" has been passed by the City Council and will now go to the House of Delegates, where it is expected it will be speedily adopted, and, with the signature of the Mayor, become a law.

This ordinance has had the backing of the union waiters of St. Louis, who are now striking in the principal hotels and restaurants. The bill provides a fine of from $10 to $50 for each offense, both the "tipper" and recipient of the "tip" being subject to fine, and the informer to receive half of the fine.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Suffragists Plan National Campaign

Women Who Now Possess Franchise Will Aid Movement in All Other States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans for a widespread campaign for "votes for women" to be carried into all the States of the Union not now having suffrage will be laid at a conference of the National Council of Woman Voters here August 13, 14 and 15. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the congressional committee headquarters of the council.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Porter Charlton Makes 'Xmas Date

American Ordered Extradited to Italy Confident He Will Be Back in Few Months.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 26.—Porter Charlton, the young man who has been ordered extradited to Italy to stand trial for the murder of his wife, seems to be apparently unconcerned about the outcome of the trial, and openly stated that he would be back in America again for Christmas. Although the United States Government has ordered him sent back to Italy, he confidently told a friend yesterday that he would soon return.

"Don't you worry," he is reported as saying. "I'll make an engagement with you next Christmas at Churchill's."

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well, good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

'Imperator' Is Too Small, Says Captain

Greatest Vessel Afloat Is Already Fully Booked for Next Two Voyages West.

Special Cable to The American.

PLYMOUTH, July 26.—"The Imperator is too small; we want larger vessels," exclaimed Captain Ruser, when, after landing the greatest ship in the world at this port to-day, he was told that the Imperator is already fully booked for her next two westward trips.

The Imperator proceeded from here to Cherbourg and Hamburg. On the way over there were three days of such extreme heat that many experienced stokers were unable to work. The average speed for the voyage was 22.5 knots and the best single day's run was 540 miles.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to b eused for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Dclares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by Mrs. Belle Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen allve and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Develpoments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by himself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with a me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

Washington Society Trembles

'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says: "Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, today decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"You will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer in Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Co ipany for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

MOTOR RACES
TUESDAY, July 29
8:15 P. M.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality., This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

GRAND
WEEK JULY 28
DAILY AT 2:30 & 8:30
CARNEGIE MUSEUM ALASKA SIBERIAN PICTURES AND FIRST RUN FEATURES
MATINEES 10 CTS.
NIGHT 10-15-25 CTS.
GET THE GRAND HABIT

BIJOU THIS WEEK
NORMAN FRIEDENWALD'S Hilarious Musical Farce COMEDY,
THE GIRL FROM DUBLIN
The liveliest, most tuneful and up-to-the-minute musical comedy show of the season.
1 1-2 HOURS OF FUN.
PRETTY GIRLS.
GREAT SCENIC EFFECTS.
20—FUN MAKERS—20.
SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE.
TUNEFUL MUSICAL NUMBERS.
Daily Matinees. Night Shows at 7:30 and 9.
BARGAIN PRICES.

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST THEATER
FORSYTH WEEK OF JULY 28 Daily at 2:30 and 8:30
The Famous Character Comedian
JOE WELCH
ELSA WARD, KARL CRESS, CUNNINGHAM & MARION
Robt. Dailey & Co. (OUR BOB)
DOLAN & LENBARR CO. "SOME MIND-READER"
KEITH VAUDEVILLE
NEXT WEEK
EVEREST'S MONKEY HIPPODROME
The Novelty of Modern Vaudeville

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privilege and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unles it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1458 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline, and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, in difference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but it will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case, until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1436 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the military forces have been called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "And person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempest to go orto remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5369 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the light of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Bartholomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Parr. He said he had been living at Goshen and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband Cites Story of His First Wife

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr. Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

"He falsely and fraudulently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, "that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysteria shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said: "Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother, instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Buy a Diamond On Monthly Payments

You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

Say you wanted a diamond ring at $250. You pay one-fifth ($50.00) cash and settle the deferred balance in ten equal monthly payments of $20.55 each.

This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

MAIER & BERKELE, Inc.
Gold and Silversmiths,
31-33 Whitehall Street,
Established 1867.

Atlanta Conservatory of Music

Announces its complete reorganization under the general direction of MORTIMER WILSON, CONDUCTOR ATLANTA PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 2
Peachtree and Broad Streets Atlanta, Georgia
Unsurpassed Advantages
PROSPECTUS AUGUST 1
DEPARTMENTS: Theory and Composition, Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Orchestral Instruments, Technical Lectures, Artist Recitals, Orchestra Routine, Chorus Singing, Public School Music, Music-Kindergarten, etc. Bureau-Extension.

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Stop That Whooping Cough
WITH THE McFAUL
Whooping Cough Powders
Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*
For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.
Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.
By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.
The McFaul Medicine Company
431 Marietta Street Atlanta, Georgia

MODERN DENTISTRY
CAN EFFECTIVELY REMEDY THE WORST OF
YOUR TOOTH TROUBLES
AND THERE IS NO REASON WHY YOU SHOULD PAY TWO OR THREE PRICES FOR IT
DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS
24 1-2 Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's
Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1
BEST MATERIALS USED



OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:
Set of Teeth, $5 Gold Filling $1
Gold Crowns, $4 Amalgam Filling, 50c Up
Bridge Work, $4 Plates Repaired, 50c Up
Teeth Cleaned, New Process . . . . . $1 Up
EXAMINATION AN... CONSULTATION FREE

OPEN AIR CONCERTS
GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK
Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

There is a well-defined, positive and aggressive movement on to nominate Governor John M. Slaton for Senator in next year's primary.

The Governor himself is not known to be a party to it, and the impression is that he is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrashed out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith, and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why, then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House, and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlanta.

On the other hand, the Senator's wellwying friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

SEASHORE
EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers

An actual snapshot of a slashed skirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.



© INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 171 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent, or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Takes Off Freckles, Removes Tan.



Beautify your complexion. Get rid of those freckles. You can invest 50c in a jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM and they'll disappear. Severe cases may require two jars—no more. We positively guarantee this, and if your complexion isn't fully restored to its natural beauty, we agree to refund your money without argument. And in addition, WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is a fine, fragrant toilet cream. Doesn't cause hair to grow and does positively remove TAN and FRECKLES. Try it at our risk. Price 50c—sent by mail if desired. Mammoth jars $1.00. WILSON'S FAIR SKIN SOAP 25c. Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C., makers. For sale and guaranteed by all druggists.

PONY CONTEST GROWS RED HOT IN FINAL WEEK

Four Days Left in Race for Shetlands—Splendid Chance for Every Entry.

Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "trailers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

Good Breeding Shown.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

It is not necessary, the contest manager explains, to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Four More Busy Days.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid, admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Cella Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK
$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

Bifocals and Lenses Ground to Order at Lowest Prices

Columbian Optical Co.
81-83 Whitehall Street---With Columbian Book Co.

DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Copper, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life In Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The will of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here, leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This had been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE

IOWA CITY, LOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising

and You'll Enjoy Your Breakfast



NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt.

Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doing out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elmination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores
And Druggist Generally

NUXCARA
Cures Indigestion!

Indigestion and all its accompanying evils—headache, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and irritability—can be completely and permanently cured.

TAKE NUXCARA
3 Times a Day

One-half hour before each meal. Then eat what you please, for NUXCARA will instantly relieve while gradually effecting a permanent cure.

NUXCARA is a pure vegetable preparation.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST
$1.00 a bottle, 6 for $5.00

Lamar-Rankin Drug Co.
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Edmondson Drug Co.
Special Atlanta Agents
106 N. Pryor 11 N. Broad St.

Manufactured by the NUXCARA Co., Atlanta

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

* * *

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

* * *

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

* * *

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

* * *

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

* * *

He may depose the Sultan.

* * *

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Always, as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulfied his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Mosiem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

PORCELAIN---NO GOLD
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



Whalebone; Best Set, $3.00 No More, No Less.

GOLD CROWN (22-K)..... $3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS ..... .25
GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
CLEANING TEETH ..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street.

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

CEREMONY IMPRESSION AS SON BAPTIZES FATHER

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Being baptized by his own son, according to Baptist Church rites, was the experience of Charles Bentzien, 90 years old, father of the assistant pastor of the Temple Baptist Church, who also was formerly of the White Temple at Portland. The occasion was attended by impressive ceremonies.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

FATHER SENT SEVEN SONS TO WAR BETWEEN STATES

QUARRYVILLE, PA., July 26.—The death of George W. Bierly, of Eden township, recalls the fact that he and six of his brothers served in the Civil War. When the conflict started their father told his seven sons it was their duty to enlist, and all did so. One was killed at Bowling Green, Ky. The remaining six returned from the army, and of them only one now survives, Taylor Bierly, of Parkesburg, Pa.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of 80,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it.

If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast. Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection. Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

SALOON CLOSES ITS DOORS WHEN PET CAT DISAPPEARS

CINCINNATI, July 26.—"Closed on account of the loss of Scotty's black cat, Nigger," read a sign on the door of Scotty's saloon for one day. Several days ago the cat, who is looked upon as a member of the family, disappeared. Two days passed and the cat did not put in an appearance, so Scotty hung out a sign draped in carnations to tell his customers that he had closed the saloon in mourning for the cat.

I Want a Partner

He must be a live citizen and have a few thousand dollars—from $1,000 to $5,000.

I ask nothing more than I have to offer.

This is an opportunity to make $5,000 a year. State age, amount you have to invest and give references.

ADDRESS HUSTLER
Box 600
Care Hearst's Sunday American
Atlanta, Ga.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thunderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 5213 Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

We Can Again Supply the Demand for the two New Style

Euphona
Player-Pianos
Prices $475 and $600



The June Bride's Piano
New
Euphona Player-Piano
Value Supreme Among Player-Pianos

It makes musicians of us all.

The highest type of piano-player mechanism yet produced.

Contains many (exclusive patented) advantages and is concealed within the case of a

Beautiful Tone Piano

possessing a delightful touch for hand playing as well as with music rolls.

$25 worth of music rolls, stool and scarf included FREE.

Your silent piano taken in exchange.

Pay cash or by the month.

15th Midsummer Piano Sale

Bargains in rebuilt pianos taken in part payment for Euphonas.

Conover — Mahogany case, 7 1-3 octaves; very good. Cost new $400; sale price $225

Walworth — Large size; mahogany case; fine order. Cost new $250; sale price $150

Estey — Mahogany, upright grand, in good, fine tone. Cost new $300; sale price..... $125

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CABLE PIANO COMPANY,
84 N. Broad St., Atlanta:
Please send me your complete bargain list and details easy payment plan.
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ADDRESS .....

Atlanta's Leading Headquarters for Victor Victrolas and Victor Records.

Victor Parlor, First Floor

Cable Piano Co.

GEO. W. WILKINS, President.
84 N. Broad Street.
Atlanta, Ga.



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Tifton

TIFTON, July 26.—Mrs. Vina Henderson, of Bainbridge, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Oren Roberts.

Mrs. R. W. Goodman and children left Thursday for Odessadale.

Miss Jeanne Philbaut, of Napoleonville, La., is the guest of Miss Effie Scarboro.

Miss Winnifred Cumlin, who was the guest of Miss Maurine Ridgdill, left Thursday for St. Marys.

Miss Marion Wooley returned to Atlanta Thursday.

Mrs. R. D. Smith is the guest of her brother, A. H. Smith, in Cordele.

Mrs. W. M. Thurman and children, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Harman.

Miss Tommie McGuirt is the guest of Miss Ella Sanford in Thomasville.

Mrs. A. P. Hunter and son, Frank, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Timmons.

Miss Cora Stephens is in Macon.

Mrs. R. C. Postell and son, Carlisle, returned Wednesday from Atlanta, Monticello and other North Georgia points.

Misses Maurine and Wilma Ridgdill, Winnifred Cumlin, Lula Mae and Estelle Morgan, Marie and Sarah Colcord and Bessie Murrow were the members of a picnic party to Murrow Springs Wednesday. Mrs. J. B. Murrow and Mrs. J. S. Ridgdill were the chaperons.

Miss Alexandra Rhodes entertained at tea Wednesday in honor of Miss Marguerite Drake, of Thomasville. Those present were Misses Marguerite Drake Effie Scarboro, Maude and Nellie Timmons and Alexandra Rhodes, John Fountain, Lennon Bowen, Dr. C. R. Dickert, Dr. E. B. Mount, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Eason and Mrs. L. A. Rhodes.

Mrs. L. P. Thurman entertained Wednesday for little Miss Anna Sheppard Thurman, of Atlanta Rook, hearts dice and upjinks were played. Misses Grace Fulwood and Laura Coe served punch.

Mrs. I. L. Ford chaperoned a picnic party to Lucy Lake Tuesday. Those in the party were Misses Wynona and Floy Ford and Aurelia Hargrett, Ben Moore, C. E. Foy, Arthur Hollingsworth and Dr. E. B. Mount.

Milledgeville

MILLEDGEVILLE, July 26.—The marriage of Miss Tillie Smith, of Montezuma, to E. Culver Kidd took place at Montezuma Wednesday.

Mr. Kidd was accompanied to Montezuma by O. R. Horton, Malcolm Flemister, Stewart Wootten and George Nottingham, of Macon.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr and Mrs. Kidd left for Savannah, embarking for New York, Niagara, Toronto and a run through Thousand Islands, stopping on their way home at Washington.

Mrs. Carlyle Cobb, of Athens, is visiting Mrs. Ed Treanor.

Miss Clara Williams has returned from the mountains and Waynesboro, Va.

Misses Effie and Marie Grenade are attending a house party at Hurtsboro, Ala.

Mrs. T. O. Powell, Mrs. Julia West, Misses Jessie Allen, Julia Conn and Francis Conn are visiting Tallulah Falls.

Judge and Mrs. E. R. Hines entertained the men's class of the Methodist Sunday school last Thursday.

Miss Mary Lawrence is visiting Barnesville.

Miss Bertha Gholson has returned from a visit to Florida.

Miss Venie Montgomery has returned from a visit to Oconee Springs.

Miss Myrtle McDermot is attending a house party at Agricola.

Jackson

JACKSON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Copeland, Mrs. Emma Mallett and Miss Mary Newton form a party of Jackson people at St. Simons Island.

Miss Georgia Rice, of Atlanta, is the guest of Miss Helen Smith and was the honor guest at a dinner party Saturday evening at the Wigwam, Indian Springs.

Miss Rosa Newton leaves Tuesday for a two months' stay in the North.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Carmichael are in Baltimore.

Miss Julia Curry is being entertained as the guest of Miss Fannie Belle Waits, in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawson have returned to their home in Dublin after a visit with Mrs. W. J. Wood and Mrs. E. C. Robinson.

Miss Clio Carmichael is spending some time as the guest of Miss Margaret Rushton and Mrs. Stewart Roberts in Atlanta.

Misses Vera and Jessie Jones have as their guest Miss Carrie Knott, of Locust Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Carreker left Wednesday for a visit with relatives in Zebulon.

Mrs. H. A. Butner and sister, Miss Roberts, of Greenville, S. C., are guests of Mrs. C. A. Butner and Miss Annie Lou McCord.

Mrs. J. W. Crum is at home from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Sasnett Crum in Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Annie Catchings Crum is visiting Miss Annie Kieth in Spartanburg.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, July 26.—For her guest, Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, Miss Alice Parker was the hostess on Thursday evening at a porch party.

Miss Caroline Higgins left this week for a visit to friends in New Jersey and Maryland.

Miss Alice Parker has returned from a visit to friends in Moultrie.

Miss Mary Merrill and Miss May Patten will leave next week for East Orange, N. J.

Miss Marianne Watt will leave on Monday for Savannah, where she will spend a short time as the guest of Miss Margaret Charlton.

Miss Florida Stevens, of Norfolk, is the guest of Mrs. F. L. MacIntyre.

Miss Minnie Weldon is spending some time at Pablo Beach, Fla.

Miss Josephine Porter, of Apalachicola, Fla., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Peacock.

Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, is visiting Miss Alice Parker.

Mrs. M. R. Mallette left this week for Montgomery and will later go to Baltimore for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Kate Mack left this week for New York for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Emmie Plowden, of Dickey, was the guest this week of Mrs. W. A. Pringle, Jr.

Miss Susie May Dreger, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. T. C. Mitchell.

Miss McGuirt, of Tifton, is the guest of Miss Ella Sandford.

Mrs. Rhydon Mays and children left this week for Marietta and will spend the remainder of the summer at the Whitlock House in that city.

Miss Myrtle Goff, of Valdosta, is visiting Mrs. R. W. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Loveless left this week for Tiverton, R. I., where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Miss Lilly May McKinley, of Atlanta, is the guest for a short time of Miss Mattie Rigsby.

Mrs. M. C. Thornton, of Abbeville, Ala., and Mrs. R. N. Thornton, of Dothan, are the guests of Mrs. R. L. Dekle.

Miss Hilton Evans, of Tampa, Fla., is visiting Mrs. William McMillen.

Fitzgerald

FITZGERALD, July 26.—A lawn party was given by Miss Emily Griffin in honor of her cousin, Miss Edith Harrell, of Cumberland, this week.

Those invited were Dorothy Thurmond, Margaret Wise, Elizabeth McCarty, Martha Turner, Martha Bell Spiller, Merle Scarborough, Corrine Womble, Marion Dunn, Laura Whitley, Hazel Mayes, Mildred Hall, Lillie Mae Hughes, Josephine Manning, Maud Paulk and Mamie Calloway.

Mrs. James Oates, of Live Oak, Fla., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Chandler.

Mrs. J. E. Anderson is visiting in Montgomery.

Mrs. J. W. Swearinger has returned to her home in Jacksonville after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Sedlmyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Adams and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Reid have gone to Cumberland Island.

Mrs. Ackerman and children left recently for a visit in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. D. Mashburn and daughters, Misses Emmie and Mayme, left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. B. Braswell, of Fitzgerald, is visiting her friend, Miss Corinne Cunyus. Mrs. Braswell is remembered in Atlanta as Miss Johnnie Broughton.

Miss Helen Matthews returned Tuesday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. R. Tippett and Miss Eugene Blade, of Hawkinsville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holder.

Fay Wyman and Miss Mary Paul were quietly married recently.

Miss Atha Meyer entertained Monday at a reception in honor of her attractive guest, Miss Annie Browning, of Lakeland, Fla., and Mr. and Mrs. Yancey M. Bowles, who were recently married.

LaGrange

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Mrs. J. A. Jones, of Summit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. L. Edwards.

Miss Louise Freeman is the guest of Mrs. Louise Young.

Misses Edith Lupton, of Atlanta, and Florence Smith, of Ypsilanti, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith.

Mrs. Milam has as her guests Misses Martha Jarell, Mary White and Marion Taylor, of Greenville.

Miss Stella Broadfield has returned from a two weeks' visit as the guest of Mrs. Tom Patterson, of McDonough.

Miss Eleanor Dunson, after visiting in Atlanta and McDonough, has returned to LaGrange.

Misses Sarah and Francis Mathews, of Decatur, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Market.

Misses Salome Bradfield and Mary Scott are the attractive guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bradfield.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis entertained in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Lance, of Hannibal, Mo.

Besides the guests of honor, the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Jim Lane, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Willis, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hutchinson, Misses Stella and Julia Bradfield, Mary Scott, Ruth Slack and Messrs. Searcy Slack and Lloyd Bradfield.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—Misses Gladys and Zeta White are expected home next week from Savannah, where they have been the guests of Miss Gladys Cassells. Miss Cassells will probably accompany them home for a visit in Cartersville.

Miss Rachel McEntyre had as her guests last week Misses Lucy Green and Gladys Mitchell, of Atlanta, and Miss Lonnie Mae McEntyre, of Rock Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Womelsdorf entertained Tuesday evening with a delightful swimming party. After the swimming a supper was served at the clubhouse, followed by songs and conversation. Later in the evening a watermelon cutting was enjoyed.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Young and family, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Peeples and family, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Akin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Munford, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Felton Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Granger, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Stella Brumby, Harry Womelsdorf, Mrs. Lila Morgan, Captain J. J. Calhoun, Garner Jones and John Calhoun.

Misses Mildred Matthews and Sue Lou Hull left Wednesday morning for Woolsey, where they will be guests at a house party given by Miss Addie Lou Sams.

Miss Robena Shaw, of Atlanta, is the attractive guest of Miss Irene Shaw.

Miss Ethel Adair returned home Tuesday from a visit to Rome.

Thursday evening the younger set enjoyed a moonlight picnic at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Ruohs Pyron.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Mrs. J. L. Walker and daughter, Miss Annie Laurie Walker, have returned from St. Simons Island.

Miss Annie May Bates, of Williston, S. C., is the guest of relatives.

Miss Ora Scarborough has returned to her home in Statesboro.

Miss Myrtise Adams was the guest of relatives in Blackshear this week.

Miss Sarah Houk has gone to Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Norvel returned Wednesday from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bates, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bates, will return to their home at Elko, S. C., to-morrow.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran leaves shortly for Tennessee.

Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children have returned from a visit to White Oak.

Miss Ethel Broadshaw, of Charleston, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. H. S. DuBose.

Mrs. W. A. McKnight is visiting in Macon.

Mrs. C. E. Williamson and little daughter are visiting in Sylvester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tubbs returned this week from a visit to Black Mountain, N. C.

Mrs. R. E. Finn and children left this week for St. Simons.

Miss Clara Wood, of Brunswick, is visiting Mrs. R. T. Hitch.

Mrs. B. T. Pharr and two daughters, of Houston, are guests of Mrs. A. M. Litch.

Mrs. Emma Mannin, of Dublin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Brewer.

Mrs. A. M. Bailey and children returned Wednesday from McDonald.

Mrs. G. W. Julian, of Tifton, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. Crawley.

Mrs. W. R. Beach left this week for Philadelphia.

Mrs J. T. Strickland visited friends at Bickley this week.

Miss Grace Taylor left Wednesday for Virginia.

Mrs. McIntosh Noble left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Rachael McRee returned to her home at Kinderlou Thursday after a visit to Misses Lucile and Nell Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Page Anderson and Mrs. Wayne Walker have returned from a visit to Pablo Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Knight, Jr., spent the week on St. Simons Island.

Mrs. T. F. Broadwater has returned from a visit to relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. W. M. Bird has returned from a visit to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Otis Bell was the guest this week of relatives in Quitman.

Misses Lucile Sutton and Ellen Goodrich have returned from Jacksonville.

Crawfordsville

CRAWFORDSVILLE, July 26.—Miss Virginia Butler, of Madison, is spending several days as the guest of Miss Frances Burges.

Misses Caroline and Mary Emma Gee are visiting in Lithonia as the guests of Miss Lillie Mae Hughes, who is entertaining a house party of her Chicora College girl friends.

Miss Kathleen Melton has returned from Monticello, where she has been spending some time with Miss Davidson.

One of the interesting social events of the week was the marriage of Miss Thelma Williams to Boykin Hollis.

Among the Crawfordsville people who are spending the week at Daniel Springs, a popular resort near here, are Colonel and Mrs. J. A. Beazley, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Beazley, Mrs. H. M. Holden and family, Miss Minnie Olive Park, Mrs. J. W. Tucker, and Mrs. E. D. Anthony.

What bids fair to be one of the events of the season for Crawfordsville society is the house party of Brenau girls that Miss Lillian Asbury will entertain during the first week in August. Among those expected to come are Misses Crawford, of Lexington; Miss Laing, of Dawson; Miss Brock, of Carrollton; Miss Allen, of Elberton, and Miss Wyche, of Alabama.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Mrs. John T. Blalock and children have returned to Valdosta from North Georgia.

Mrs. James Wooten and her little daughter, Katherine, reached Valdosta from Savannah this week and are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Norris Pinder.

Miss Julia Lambert, of Athens, is turned from Pablo Beach.

Mrs. Lorena McCully and her little granddaughter, Mary Lorena, left Tuesday for St. Marys.

Miss Gussie Spence, of Pelham, is visiting her brother, E. J. Spence.

The W. C. T. U. had an ice cream festival in the courthouse square on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Bitzer and family have gone to Harrisonburg, Va.

Mrs. W. W. Carpenter and her little daughter have gone to their home at Plymouth, Fla.

Mrs. Henry Pullen, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. J. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McCully, Mrs. D. W. Aldman and Misses Harriet and Mary Converse left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Luelle Strickland left last Monday for Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stampler and children left Wednesday for Columbia, S. C., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Smith Davis left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and her daughters have returned from Pablo Beach.

Misses Annabel Converse and Virginia Varnedoe have gone to Waycross to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Dimmock.

Miss Gertrude Monroe has returned from Jacksonville. She was accompanied home by her little cousin, Miss Eloise Roberts.

Camilla

CAMILLA, July 26.—Miss Maude Haddock, of Kestler; Miss Katie McCall, of Atapulgus, and Miss Patty Wilson, of Bainbridge, are the guests of Mrs. Robin Cochran.

Miss Fannie Haynes, of Lommerton, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. McNight.

Miss Lucile Black, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Claude Davis.

Miss Rose Cox and her sister, Mrs. E. E. Cox, are spending the summer in Marietta.

Miss Margaret Hughes, of Cordele, is the guest of Miss Susie Belle Hughes.

Mrs. G. A. Gibbs, of Homerville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Collins.

Miss Willa Veta Almand, who has been the visitor of Mrs. J. C. Wilson, went to Albany yesterday, where she will visit Miss Susie Brown.

Miss Emma Bibb, of Kinderlou, is visiting Miss Marceline Twitty.

Mrs. R. L. Pope left Tuesday for Albany.

Miss Sarah Hilliard is visiting Miss Maude Livingston in Newton.

Miss Sadie May Wade has gone to Cuthbert, where she will be the guest of Miss Mary Davenport.

Miss Kathlene Acree has returned after a visit to Miss Seveille Arthur, of Albany.

Miss Myrtle Brown is expecting Miss Lillian Britt, of Tifton, as her guest.

Miss Marie Owen, of Enterprise, Ala., is the guest of Miss Mary Baggs.

Miss Susie Belle Hughes and her mother, Mrs. E. A. Hughes, are visiting relatives in Monticello, Fla.

Mrs. S. J. Faircloth, of Quitman, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth, has returned home.

Miss Leah Gardner, of Pavo, is the guest of Mrs. B. C. Gardner.

Miss Annie Ruth Spence is in Quitman visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. B. Bennett.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Groover, of Savannah, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth.

Miss Verdi Holton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Kate Bolton, in Fort Valley.

Mrs. J. C. Turner entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Faircloth and Misses Agnes Acree and Annie May Collins left Friday for an automobile trip on the Gulf Coast.

Miss Ruth Collins, of Holder, Fla., is visiting relatives.

Mrs. Wilson Joiner, of Albany, returned home after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Joiner.

Miss Freddie Wade and her mother, Mrs. J. P. Wade, of Quitman, are the guests of Mrs. J. P. McRee.

Mrs. Sam Kendel, of Albany, is spending the week-end with Mrs. G. W. Swindle.

Mrs. J. T. Fenn and little daughter, with Miss May Travis, have returned to their home in Birmingham after a visit to Mrs. L. J. Hay.

Miss Hattie Heath returned home Monday from Moultrie, where she was the guest of honor at a house party given her by Miss Lucile Autry.

Mrs. R. T. Cochran and children are visiting relatives in Shellman.

Miss Susie Fleming returned Saturday after a visit to her sister in Tifton.

Villa Rica

VILLA RICA, July 6.—A social event of much interest was the marriage of Miss Annie Powell, of Villa Rica, and Robin Lowry Berry, of Jonesboro, Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. C. A. Jamison officiating.

Miss Caroline Marchman, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor and Claude H. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro, was best man.

Little Misses Ellen Powell and Nell Jiles were the flower girls. H. G. Robertson and I. A. Scotts were the ushers.

Following the wedding, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Powell tendered the wedding party and guests a reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry will spend a week at Franklin, N. C., after which they will return to Villa Rica, where they will reside in future.

Why Endure Sore Feet Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.



Cordele

CORDELE, July 26.—Wednesday afternoon Mrs. J. S. Sheppard was the hostess to the members of the Young Matrons' Club. Rook was the game played.

Mrs. J. H. Shipp made highest score and was presented a cutglass salad bowl. Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines, being honor guests, they were presented with evening fans.

Miss Marie Scandrett has returned from several weeks' stay with friends at Little Rock, Mobile and Birmingham.

Miss Inez Hyman will leave early in August for a visit to Miss Mamie Slade at Griffin.

Miss Mary McArthur has returned from a stay with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Farrior, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. Leo Marshall and children, of Jacksonville, are visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. Coffman, of Johnson City, Tenn., are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fenn.

Mrs. Arthur Wheeler and Mrs. C. B. Whatley entertained at a series of afternoon parties during the week in honor of their house guests, Mrs. Odell Allison Gilbert, of West Virginia, and Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Livingston are spending the summer with relatives at Seneca and Greenville, S. C.

Misses Stell Colwell and Birdie Bulloch are spending the week-end at St. Simons.

Miss Van Mitchell, of Butler, is the guest of Mrs. William Scandrett.

Miss Lamar Ryals is being entertained at the home of Miss Rose Tate at Shelbyville, Tenn.

Miss Mabel Barber has returned from a visit to Captain and Mrs. Sam Barber at Vidalia.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church was entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. Edward Stallings.

Mrs. M. R. Smith entertained with a party Wednesday morning.

Eastman

EASTMAN, July 26.—Mrs. John H. Hargrove is visiting in Dothan, Ala.

Miss Annamaude Burch left a few days ago for Winder.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gentry and children are spending a few days with relatives in Decatur.

Mrs. Fred R. Hall, of Blakely, has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Prince are in New York.

Mrs. J. D. Herrman and daughter, Miss Hortense, are spending the summer at Far Rockaway, Long Island.

Mrs. W. R. Hall and son, Harris, after spending a week with relatives in Macon, have returned home.

Mrs. J. W. Morris and daughter, Mary Ann, are spending the summer in Selma, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Sapp and daughter, who have been spending a few days in Nashville, Ga., have returned home.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts is spending a few days with friends and relatives in Macon.

Miss Claudie Bailley spent last Sunday in Gresston.

Mrs. E. Rothols, of Darlington, S. C., was honor guest at a reception given by her daughter, Mrs. Harry Hirsch, this week. The other guest of honor was Miss Miriam Morgan, of Savannah.

Mrs. H. R. Cooke has been spending the past two weeks in Indian Springs and Tallulah Falls.

Mrs. H. W. Hurst and children are spending the summer with relatives in Thomaston.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brock have returned from a trip to South Carolina.

Misses Corinne Beverly and Lucile Matthews are the guests of Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. Fred Walters, of Cordele, and Miss Ann Hughes, of Statesboro, are the guests of Mrs. Bob Wynne.

Miss Sylvia Harris, of Montgomery, will be the guest of Mrs. App Herrman.

Miss Catherine Pennington is at home after spending the past three weeks with friends and relatives in Atlanta, Covington, Shady Dale and Tallulah Falls.

Thursday evening a party of young folks was invited to meet Miss Corinne Beverly and Miss Lucile Mathews, of Hawkinsville, and Albert Hargrove at a porch party given by Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. J. A. Paxson and little daughter, Eugenia, are the guests of relatives in Abbeville.

Mrs. Earle C. Chandler, of Valdosta, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Burch.

Miss Mayme Arthur is the guest of friends and relatives in Cuthbert.

Miss Anice Johnson, of Atlanta, and LeRoy Johnson, of Macon, are spending a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson.

Miss Estora Jackson, who has been on a visit to Cochran, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Hewitt and children, of Leesburg, Fla., are the guests of Miss Kyle Arthur.

Miss Julia Hall left a few days ago for a few weeks' visit to Macon, Monticello and other North Georgia towns.

Misses Valeria and Marjorie McGee are spending a few days with relatives in McRae.

Mrs. T. H. Edwards and Miss Mary Charter left this week for Chalybeate Springs.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilkins have returned from a visit to Atlanta.

Mrs. W. L. Mathers and little daughter, Martha Doane, have returned to their home in Macon.

Mrs. M. A. Earle, of McRae, is the guest of relatives.

Miss Julia Hall entertained the "Noisy Nine" Friday evening in honor of Miss Emily Bealer's guest, Miss Kathleen McKnight, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, July 26.—Mrs. Buford Boykin, who has been at Piedmont Springs, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cheney, of Savannah, arrived in the city Monday.

Miss Bessie Smith has ben visiting in Atlanta the past week.

Miss Mattie Jones, of Griffin, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Griffin.

Mrs. R. A. Jolly returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Isabel Fitts left the first of the week for Piedmont Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McPherson, of Atlanta, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. W. H. Turner and daughters, Rosebud and Mary, left Saturday for a two weks' visit at Copper Hill, Tenn., and Culverson, N. C.

Mrs. T. A. Conner and little daughter, Dorothy, of Bainbridge, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Edith Couch and Miss Ruby Martin, of Atlanta, are the guests of Miss Elizabeth Edmondson.

Miss Mattie Lou Houston, of Dawson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Pace.

Mrs. Robert Creel, of Jasper, Ala., is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. T. H. Collins, of Atlanta, has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. H. Turner.

Mrs. Robert Fitts and little sons, Andrew and Frances, left Friday for Newnan and Turin.

Miss Ethel Tumlin, of Birmingham, will arrive Saturday to be the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. J. Tumlin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Padgett, of Atlanta, arrived in the city Saturday.

Mr. Will Webb and Miss Marie Perdue were married Sunday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Edmondson officiating.

Miss Winnie Reeves is visiting friends in Grantville.

Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Lovvorn, of Bowdon spent Sunday in the city, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Roop.

Misses Mary and Winnie Austin and Mary Snead are visiting friends near Temple.

Miss Lizzie Radford, of Monroe, is the guest of Mrs. R. D. Jackson.

Mrs. Hilton Tyus entertained the Ladies Bridge Club Wednesday.

Mrs. William Lyle, left Tuesday for her home in Augusta.

Mrs. J. A. Bass and Miss Maude Bass left Tuesday for Birmingham.

Mrs. L. J. Brock and children and Mrs. J. R. Miller left Tuesday for Lithonia.

Mrs. W. L. Fitts entertained a few friends Tuesday afternoon at a sewing party.

Miss Grace Blalock returned Sunday from a visit to her sister, Mrs. T. E. Maxwell, of LaGrange.

Mrs. J. H. Garrett left Monday for a visit to friends and relatives in Edwardsville, Ala.

Mrs. T. B. Bailey, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, of Bristol, Va., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson.

Mrs. Henri Honrath, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Brown.

Miss Alice Weems returned Saturday from a visit to Jacksonville, Ala.

Mrs. J. D. Perryman left Monday for Tallapoosa.

Miss Bell Hitchcock, of Atlanta, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nelle McKown.

Mesdames C. E. Roop and Fannie Veal returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs.

Miss Annie Slade left Tuesday for Columbus.

Mrs. W. A. A. Anderson, of Washington, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown.

The Jokers' Club met Tuesday afternoon with Miss Annie Maude New.

Miss Elma Boykin will leave Friday for Gillsville.

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For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

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The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

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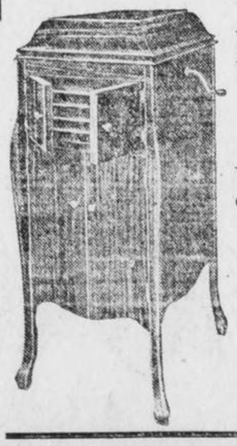

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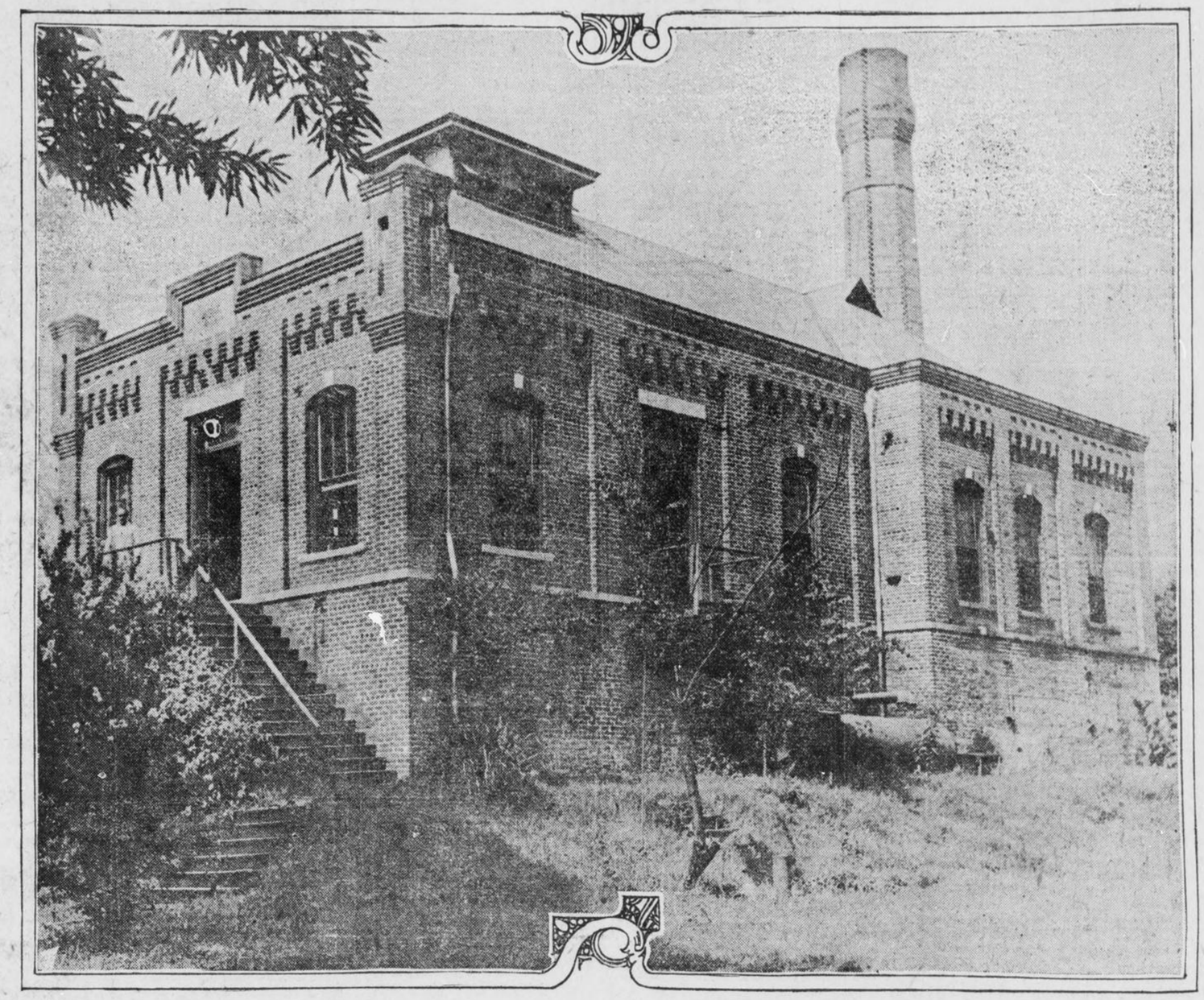
82 & 84 N. Broad St.

ATLANTA

Rome Buys Central Station Electric Current For Her 4,000,000-Gallon City Pump



ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

CONTRACT DEP'T

Georgia Railway & Power Company

ATLANTA

Athens — Latest News of North Georgia — Rome

GIRL IN TRANCE WHISPERS CURE TO RELATIVES

Occult Powers of Country Lass Arouse Interest of Psychologists and Physicians.

ATHENS, July 26.—Scientists, doctors, professors and ministers again have become deeply interested in the weird actions and mysterious manifestations of Sue Mae Burgess, the 14-year-old Green County girl who has startled all who have seen her by her uncanny doings and unaccountable predictions, the strangest of which all have come true.

This little country girl, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Burgess, living near Farmington, where the counties of Green and Oconee join, became subject to repeated attacks of what were pronounced by the country physicians as cataleptic fits, and while undergoing these attacks, her body became rigid and she was unconscious of what was being said or done around her.

However, she was able to speak occasionally in a whisper, and after a few minutes she would whisper to some member of the family what could be done to relieve her.

Weird Remedies Effective.

The commands the mother, sister, brother or perhaps father received were of the strangest kind, and it was not until they were convinced that she was really relieved in this way that they had faith in what she said. It might be to touch her forehead lightly or rub her hand, then again it might require a visit to a neighbor's house so that some one not of the immediate family could minister to her.

These facts, along with the ability she had of predicting when she would be attacked, even days ahead, caused the family and neighbors to regard her and her actions in a different way, for it began to seem she must possess superhuman traits. Then came the climax. During one of her "spells," she told of a strange root in the grave of old Governor Peter Early, which was not far distant, and which would glow like fire, and if prepared into a tea would cure her. What happened during the next few days reads like a story from the "Arabian Nights."

During her next "fit" she reprimanded her brother for not following her instructions, and finally the physician, Dr. Harrell, was persuaded to go to the old grave in search of the glowing root that possessed such wonderful properties.

Finds Wonderful Root.

He did. He found the locust tree beside the grave and the loose rock as the girl had said, and was not long in finding something that startled him. It was the root, and he could hardly believe it when he noticed that it shone and gave out a soft golden light. Pieces of it were brought to Athens and exhibited here without explanation. Prof. D. L. Earnest, of the State Normal College, one of the best authorities on psychology in the State, visited the home and on returning to Athens in the night used a piece of the root to look at his watch, without ever striking a match.

The lotion from the root was prepared as the girl directed and applied, and for a month it seemed that it would be the means of restoring good health again.

Hornet Breaks Spell.

But the spell was broken last week and as the result of the sting of a hornet, the girl against is having cataleptic fits. Everything had gone well since the application of the mysterious root lotion until she was attacked and stung by a large hornet. The only relief possible now is the instruction she gives those around her as to what to do, and it is predicted that she again will suggest something strangely unusual as a permanent cure.

Many visitors from Watson Springs, Crawford, Athens and other nearby places have heard when she would be under a "spell" and have gone to the home to see her in one of her rigid and unconscious states.

Normally she is a very pretty girl with light hair and brown eyes and is admired.

NEW HOTEL FOR ROME NOW IS A CERTAINTY

ROME, July 26.—Rome is to have a new hotel. It will be one of the handsomest structures in the State, and work will begin on it about September 1.

During the last few weeks a committee composed of M. S. Lanier, J. D. McCartney and L. S. Daniel has been canvassing the city for subscriptions. The committee had little difficulty in raising enough to clinch the project. At least $150,000 will be expended. The hotel will be at Broad street and Fifth avenue, where now stands the historic Choice House. It will be six or seven stories in height.

FORMER DALTON FARMER KILLED IN LONE STAR STATE

DALTON, July 26.—Henry J. Cucksee, a farmer who left this county in 1902 to locate in Texas, was struck by an automobile and killed near Hereford, Texas. His body was brought to Dalton and taken to Sumach Cemetery for interment.

The dead man had a wide acquaintance in this section, being before leaving here a prominent farmer of this county. He is survived by three sisters and two brothers.

GAINESVILLE CHURCHES HOLD OUTDOOR SERVICES

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A novel feature in church services here, joined in by several congregations of the city, is the holding of meetings on the lawns one evening each week. Seats and lights are arranged on the beautiful lawn in front of the First Methodist Church. The meetings have proved to be most interesting and delightful.

Crawford Wheatly

Of Americus, who was the principal drafter of the appropriations bill, passed by the Georgia House of Representatives last week.

Representative from Sumter County.



Chairman of House Appropriations Committee.

Drouth Broken When Countryside Prays

Seven Weeks of Dry Weather Followed by Heavy Rain After Prayer Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Seven weeks' drouth in the vicinity of Rebecca was broken yesterday by a heavy rain, and the people of that place believe that a prayer service the night before to invoke the Almighty to send showers upon the crops was altogether responsible.

Crops were burning up and it appeared that the entire year's work of the farmers would be a failure. It was suggested that a prayer service be held at the Baptist Church, the proposition meeting with instant approval.

According to announcement, the people for miles around met at Rebecca and offered up prayers, continuing in the service for some time. Apparently in answer to this prayer, the rain came the following day.

WOMEN TO MEET MEN IN SUFFRAGE DEBATE

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A most interesting occasion will be the debate in Brenau Auditorium Monday night on "Woman's Suffrage," in which a number of prominent local men and women will take part. It is to be held under the auspices of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. Miss Ella Powell will deliver a lecture.

ELBERT COUNTY SATISFIED WITH NEW LAW CHANGES

ELBERTON, July 26.—The bill which passed the House this week changing the County Commissioners of Elbert from three to one, providing for the employment of a competent supervisor and engineer and making other changes in this most important county office, is satisfactory to the people of the county.

100 ODD FELLOWS ENJOY DAY'S OUTING AT CLERMONT

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A special train over the Gainesville and Northwestern Railway carried about 100 to the twentieth division meeting of the I. O. O. F. at Clermont this week. There was a big dinner and a number of addresses by prominent Odd Fellows. The degree work of the order was exemplified.

STATE GAME REPORT PRINTED.

DALTON, July 26.—The annual report of the State Department of Game and Fish, consisting of 94 pages, is off the press of a Dalton printing company and will be ready for distribution within a few days.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

Refuses to Allow Revival in Church

Pastor Obliged to Leave, Says Evangelist Shall Not Hold Proposed Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Because he could not be in attendance and aid in the meeting, it is said that Rev. B. F. Rainey, pastor of the Pleasant Hill Baptist Church near Cordele, refused to allow a revival to be held in his church.

On request of some of the members of the church the State Board of the Baptist denomination sent an evangelist to conduct the meeting. It had been in progress but a day when the pastor informed the members and the evangelist that he objected to the meeting continuing longer; that he was going away and did not want a meeting conducted in his church while he was not there.

DALTON FIREMEN TO TAKE TWO-WEEK OUTING

DALTON, July 26.—More than a score of the members of the Dalton fire department will leave here on the morning of August 9 for a fortnight's outing at St. Simons Island.

The firemen are already making preparations for the trip, for which the railroads will grant special rates.

THREE MILES OF CEMENT SIDEWALKS FOR DALTON

DALTON, July 26.—Thornton avenue, Cleveland, Selvidge, McCamy and North Hamilton are the residential streets in which the City Council will take immediate steps looking to laying cement sidewalks.

The initial work as mapped out consists of about three miles of sidewalks.

TROUP SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION TO MEET

LA GRANGE, July 26.—The Troup County Sunday School Association will hold a two days' session next week. The first meeting will be held at Pleasant Grove Church, a few miles in the country, on Thursday. The second will be at the First Baptist Church of LaGrange on Friday.

GYPSY SMITH TO CONDUCT BIG REVIVAL

London Preacher to Hold Services in Accordance With Wishes of Dead Evangelist.

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—For some twenty years the late Rev. Sam P. Jones conducted annually a meeting at the tabernacle in this city and in this historic building, thousands came from far and near, during his lifetime, to hear him. At the last meeting just about a month before he died, he appointed a tabernacle committee and requested that the annual meetings continue after he died.

One meeting was held the year after his death and then the meetings were abandoned until last year, when the Rev. Bob Jones, of Montgomery, Ala., was invited to come and hold a revival meeting at the tabernacle.

Next Sunday morning, August 3, Rev. "Gypsy" Smith, of London, England, will preach at 11 o'clock. At 3:30 Rev. John Callahan, of the Water Street Mission of New York City, will have charge of the services and at 8 o'clock the Rev. Mr. Smith will preach again. Throughout the ten days there will be three services each day, the morning and evening services conducted by "Gypsy" Smith and the afternoon services by John Callahan.

Rev. Bob Jones will be platform director and will take an active part in the meeting, but, it is said, will not preach. He will arrive Friday night. The Rev. Mr. Sellers, of the Moody Bible Institute, of Chicago, will accompany him. The Rev. Mr. Smith and John Callanan will reach here next Saturday.

A fine singer has been secured and there will be a large choir organized from the ranks of the young men and ladies of the city and county.

Large crowds are expected. The railroads have given reduced rates.

The Sam Jones Tabernacle is situated in a beautiful grove about one-half mile from the city and has a seating capacity of 6,000. As many as 10,000 people have heard Rev. Sam Jones at one time preach from that pulpit.

JUDGE JONES ADVOCATES AUTO SPEED REGUATION

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—In his charge to the Grand Jury this week Judge J. B. Jones said it would be a good step to have a State law governing the speed limit of automobiles. As the law now stands, there is no speed limit on straight and good roads. There is a speed limit of six miles when machines are approaching and crossing bridges or turning curves.

ROME SOCIAL CLUBS ESCAPE INDICTMENT

ROME, July 26.—Although Judge Moses Wright recommended in his charge to the Grand Jury that the locker clubs of Rome be investigated, no indictments were brought, which is believed to mean that these organizations are abiding by the law. However, a number of true bills were brought against individuals for selling whisky.

ASSAILANT OF BROTHER GETS RELEASE ON BOND

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—John Eberhart, who was arrested and jailed for shooting his brother, Joe Eberhart, has been released on $500 bond. The two fell out over a division of land and the former shot the latter with a shotgun at close range, the load taking effect in the left side. It is thought that the wounded man may recover.

WEST SIDE SUNDAY SCHOOL MEETING BREAKS RECORD

DALTON, July 26.—More than 2,000 people attended the West Side Sunday school convention at Mount Vernon Saturday, the crowd being a record-breaker. The convention decided to hold annual meetings at Mount Vernon.

Officers were elected as follows: Luther Boyd, president; T. D. Bates, vice president; S. B. Hassler, chorister; Miss Ruth Griffin, secretary; Miss Mary Jordan, organist.

MEETING AT LA GRANGE TO TALK COUNTY FAIR

LA GRANGE, July 26.—A mass meeting will be held at the courthouse here next Thursday night at the time of the regular session of the Chamber of Commerce. The Troup County Fair Association will meet with the chamber in the interest of the coming county fair.

ROME DROUTH BROKEN.

ROME, July 26.—Rome was visited by a heavy rain, ending a drouth that has existed since June 7. The precipitation lasted for more than three hours and is worth thousands of dollars to this section.

RETURNS FROM SALT LAKE.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—W. N. Sheats, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, has returned from Salt Lake City, where he attended the annual meeting of the National Educational Association.

Three Stills Found In White County

Owners Offer No Resistance When Destroyed—Revenue Officers All Ordered to Chattanooga.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Deputy Collector Cooley and Revenue Officers Bush, Barney Richardson and Hymen Richardson, in a raiding tour through White County, found and destroyed three illicit stills, meeting no defiance from the owners.

At one of the stills there were two negroes, and the officers report that upon their approach the negroes "burned the wind" in escaping. Many gallons of beer and mash were destroyed, and at one place the officers smelled the refuse from the stil from a stream where it had been poured, and, traveling up the stream half a mile, found the still.

Officers Cooley and Bush this week were called to Chattanooga and advised to comep repared for a long trip and be well armed. It is said that the "revvies" from many of the districts have been ordered to this point. It is thought moonshiners in the mountains of Tennessee have banded together to fight an effort to take their distilleries.

Deputy Sings Hymns To Enliven Auction

No Bidder for Box of Songbooks Until Auctioneer Gives Samples of Contents.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—A deputy sheriff standing on the auction block with a hymnbook in his hand, warbling at the top of his voice, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was the sight seen by a big crowd gathered at the Sheriff's sale at the courthouse here a couple of mornings ago.

A box full of sacred songbooks was among the goods offered. No one offered to bid even a nickel. W. O. Beard, the deputy sheriff, nearly "talked his head off" without persuading anyone that he needed a box full of songbooks. Then it was an assistant took one of the books in his hand, mounted on the platform, turned to page 47 and began to sing. A score or more people in the crowd joined in the old familiar tune, and a few minutes afterward the hymnbooks were knocked down to a ready bidder for what they were worth.

BANKRUPT FIRM TO PAY ALL CREDITORS IN FULL

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Walden Brothers Clothing Company, one of the largest clothing concerns in the city, has gone into voluntary bankruptcy, with assets of more than $18,000 and liabilities of about $9,000. Just prior to filing the petition in bankruptcy the stockholders held a meeting to discuss the situation, but as it was found the firm was losing money rapidly it was thought best to file the petition. It was announced that the creditors would be paid dollar for dollar.

PASTOR GIVEN VACATION BY LA GRANGE BAPTISTS

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Dr. A. B. Vaughan, pastor of the First Baptist Church, has been voted a month's vacation by his church, and during his absence repairs to the amount of $2,000 will be made on the church.

FOUR IN SAME FAMILY APPENDICITIS VICTIMS

ELBERTON, July 26.—Alonzo Bowen, 14-year-old son of Ed Bowen, was operated on for appendicitis. He is doing well and will recover. This is the fourth operation in the Bowen family for appendicitis.

WAR ON BLIND TIGERS.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Chief of Police W. E. Smith is determined to rid the city of blind tigers. Eight have been convicted the past week. Two came clear on trial.

REUNION AT REDWINE.

GAINESVILLE, July 25.—Colonel B. P. Gaillard, of this city, will be orator of the day at the reunion of Confederate veterans at Redwine Church next Saturday. There will be band music and a basket dinner. The reunion is for Company D, Twenty-seventh Georgia Regiment.

DISTRICT CONFERENCE MEETS.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—About 100 preachers and laymen of the Gainesville District Methodist Conference have been in attendance upon the session at Flowery Branch this week. There are 28 pastoral charges in this district.

REAL INVENTOR OF TYPEWRITER WAS GEORGIAN

Birmingham Man Starts Movement to Rear Monument Over His Grave Near Rome.

ROME, July 26.—The inventor of the typewriter, John Jonathan Pratt, once lived within a few miles of Rome. Pratt's body now rests near the old loghouse that was his home, on the Center-Leesburg road, practically unknown and unnoticed by passersby.

Necessity was the mother of the invention, because from his duties as Clerk of the Court he developed typewriter's cramp and invented the machine to relieve it. Claude M. Hall of Birmingham, has lately inaugurated a campaign to revive interest in the memory of the inventor, and hopes the result will be the rearing of a monument over the lonely grave of the genius. His plan involves small subscriptions by users of the typewriters throughout the nation.

There are two or three other claimants for the distinction of inventing the typewriter, but the honor really belongs to Pratt, who died in Chattanooga June 24, 1905, at the age of 75 years. A few years before his death Pratt lived in Brooklyn.

December 19, 1857, Pratt was appointed Register in Chancery of Cherokee County and held this place until February 22, 1864. While working here Pratt got writer's cramp and decided to invent a typewriter to save suffering. He made a machine that worked earlier, but did not begin the active sale of his invention until 1867, in London, England.

From an aunt, Miss Elizabeth Herndon, of South Carolina, he borrowed $10,000 in 1867 to finance operations and perfect patents both here and in Europe. He went to England in the sixties and his machine attracted considerable attention. Immediately, the manufacture of typewriter in the United States was started by Milwaukee capitalists. Through the breaking of a contract by Memphis men Pratt encountered trouble, but later a wealthy man by the name of Hammond agreed to defeat the Memphis men, on the condition that the machine could be manufactured under the name of Hammond. Pratt stayed in Hammond's employ until his death, receiving $2,500 per annum and a royalty on all typewriters sold.

Although the grave of the inventor lies within 200 yards of the Leesburg-Center road, hundreds of visitors pass by it every year without paying any attention to it.

Tift Truckers Plan To Improve Packing

Want Output Uniform and Carefully Prepared for Market—Meeting Called for Saturday.

TIFTON, July 26.—A meeting of the farmers, corn club boys and business men of Tift County has been called for Saturday, August 2, at the Tifton Chamber of Commerce. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss plans and methods for harvesting and marketing the crops.

The farmers will tell their experiences of the year at the meeting and discuss crop conditions and methods of fertilization and cultivation. The corn club boys will tell how it is that they can beat their fathers growing corn, and do it cheaper.

One of the important matters to be considered at the meeting will be the establishment of a truck packing house and the employment of experienced packers. Tift County truckers are determined that all truck from this county shall be of standard grade and packed by experienced men.

COUNTY FAIR PLANNED BY GAINESVILLE'S BOOSTERS

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—While the plans are not yet matured, the Chamber of Commerce has taken up the question of a fair to be held in the fall, at which farmers, stock raisers, manufacturers, etc., together with a woman's department, will have exhibits. It has been four years since a fair was held in Hall County, and it is believed this plan of the Chamber of Commerce will meet the approval of all and result in enlivening the business interests of this entire section.

Important Murder Trial Due This Week

Special Jury Expected to Probe Hatfield Slaying—Three Men in Jail.

DALTON, July 26.—When Superior Court meets here Monday morning for the regular July term it is probable Judge Fite's first action will be the drawing of a special Grand Jury to investigate the recent killing of Will Parrish in North Dalton for which three men, Dan Hatfield and John and Tom Nicodemus, are in jail, the former charged with the murder and the other two as accessories.

Hatfield is confined in the Floyd County jail, where he was taken after being brought here, owing to rumors of contemplated mob violence. Parrish, the man killed by Hatfield, was well liked by his associates, and after the killing the feeling all turned against Hatfield. When he was caught in Cleveland, Tenn., and brought here, the Sheriff telephoned Judge Fite and obtained the necessary order for transferring him to the Floyd County jail.

If indictments are returned against the three men the trials will occupy a big portion of the week.

Cashier Is Indicted On Bank's Complaint

J. H. Cason of Bank of Crosland Is Accused of Embezzling More Than $7,000.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—The Colquitt County Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday against J. H. Cason, former cashier of the Bank of Crosland, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars.

Cason was arrested several weeks ago and has been in prison here in default of $6,000 bond. Notwithstanding the fact that Cason has confessed to using over $7,000 of the bank's funds, he will plead not guilty when his case is called for trial next week, according to the statement of his attorney, Alfred Kline, of Moultrie.

Tifton Trade Board To Aid Tift Farmers

Chamber of Commerce Plans to Improve Market Conditions for Planters.

TIFTON, July 26.—Among the things which the Tifton Chamber of Commerce proposes to put through during the remainder of the summer are:

Begin a series of monthly farmers' meetings.

Take steps to aid the farmers in marketing their products.

Provide facilities for handling the meat, grain and like products of the farmers, for which there is not a steady and ready market.

Begin a campaign for securing a new union passenger station.

Get out a small booklet advertising Tifton and Tift County.

Co-operate with the Board of County Commissioners in seeing that all public highways leading to Tifton are in first-class shape for the hauling of cotton and like products to market.

Students Building Tift's First Silo

TIFTON, July 26.—Professor J. F. Hart, Jr., principal, and the students who have remained through the summer to care for the school property and tend the crops on the school farm began work this week building a modern silo at the Second District Agricultural School.

This is probably the first silo in this section of the State. It is believed this will lead to the construction of a number of others throughout Tift County. A crop sufficient to fill the silo has already been planted, and is now being cultivated by the summer students.

Sorority Girls Camp Beside Lake Warner

Alpha Delta Phi Party First, but More Are Expected From Athens Organization.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Young ladies of the Alpha Delta Phi Sorority, 25 in number, of Wesleyan College, Macon, will arrive in Gainesville Friday for a two weeks' camp on Lake Warner.

It is likely that other parties, probably from Lucy Cobb, Athens, sororities, later will be added to the number of pretty, lively campers on the shores of the beautiful lake.

There now are in camp over 200 people. For several years Chattahoochee Park has been the scene of animated camp colonies each summer. There are more this summer than ever before.

NEGRO LOSES FINGERS PLAYING WITH DYNAMITE

DALTON, July 26.—A young son of O. A. Sims, a negro physician of this city, found a dynamite cap and immediately decided he could make a first-class whistle out of the harmless looking little thing. Securing a hammer and nail, he fitted the nail in the cap and struck it. His "whistle" quickly disappeared and with it went several of the fingers of his hand.

LAWYERS DRAFTING NEW CHARTER FOR GAINESVILLE

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Three among the ablest lawyers of the city, W. A. Charters, H. H. Perry and W. M. Johnson, will draft a new charter for the City of Gainesville, but it is not likely that it will be completed in time for the present Legislature to take action on it. The present charter was drawn in 1871 by H. H. Perry. It is not likely that the commission form of government will be considered at the present time.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

$2.50 Glasses Now $1.00
$5.00 Glasses Now $2.50

We have an experienced oculist in charge who will thoroughly examine your eyes and prescribe what is best for them.

L. N. HUFF OPTICAL CO.

70 Whitehall St. 52 W. Mitchell St.

THIS WEEK

Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

1-2 PRICE

You'll see them in our Window

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store 92 Whitehall

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

Macon — Latest Middle Georgia News — Augusta

MRS. MOKLER IS OVERRULED IN ALIMONY FIGHT

Husband Also Wins Custody of Children After Sensational Battle in Macon Court.

MACON, July 26.—Mrs. Lottie Mokler, of Peoria, Ill., to-day lost her fight for alimony from her husband, Victor R. Mokler, and for the possession of their 9-year-old boy, Herman.

Judge Mathews decided in favor of the husband, without requiring Mokler's attorney, O. C. Hancock, to argue the case.

The evidence presented against Mrs. Mokler was so overwhelming that the judge did not think it necessary to proceed further with the hearing, and he stopped Attorney Hancock just as the latter began his argument and stated that his mind was satisfied as to the facts in the case.

Several months ago Mokler returned to his home in the Carling Flats and found his wife with another man. The man ran, but Mokler pursued and fired a pistol at him five times. He then left his wife and brought suit for divorce, charging her with infidelity. This suit was heard last Monday, when he was awarded the first verdict. He will obtain the second verdict at the November term of the Superior Court.

Recently, however, Mrs. Mokler instituted a fight for allmony and for the custody of the boy, and the hearing on her petition was concluded today. The testimony in it was taken last Saturday and was mostly in the form of affidavits.

Mokler offered numerous affidavits of various men in Macon, Spartanburg, S. C., and other cities to show that his wife had been rather free in her ways of living. The boy, Herman, proved an interesting witness, testifying as to many material points. He declared that he preferred to live with his father.

Mokler is well known in Macon and by those who know him he is highly regarded. Numerous affidavits were presented this morning as to his excellent character. He is the Southern agent for a publishing house that issued Christian literature and Bibles. His headquarters are in Macon, and it is stated that he has a large income. He testified that during the last year he and his wife lived together in Macon she spent over $4,000 in addition to her living expenses, which he paid. He introduced statements from local bank officers as to the sums drawn from the banks by Mrs. Mokler. He believes, and stated, that Mrs. Mokler gave this money to some of her men friends.

Moker was happy over the decision of the Judge and left the courtroom affectionately caressing his son.

Compromise Reached On Clerk's Salary

Bill Originally Reduced Pay to $2,400 a Year From $8,000—Agreement Now $4,000.

MACON, July 26.—A compromise has been reached with Representative Wallace Miller in regard to the bill which reduces the income of the Clerk of the City Court. Judge Hodges and Clerk Charles H. Smith spent most of the week in Atlanta in consultation with Mr. Miller and the other Representatives.

The bill as originally drawn provided that the Clerk's income should be reduced to $2,400, but now it will be fixed at $4,000, payable by the county as a salary. The present income of the office is $8.000 a year in fees. It is considered "the best office in Bibb County."

New Marshal Takes Official Oath Aug. 1

Will Not Name Appointees Until Sworn in—Expects to Make Macon Headquarters.

MACON, July 26.—Joseph S. Davis, newly appointed Marshal of the United States Court for the Southern District of Georgia, will take his oath of office August 1, succeeding George F. White, who has held the place for twelve years.

Mr. Davis wants to have headquarters in Albany, but expects the Attorney General to designate Macon as his official location, on account of the Judge and the District Attorney living here.

Mr. Davis will not announce the names of his appointees until he goes into office.

100,000 PEACH TREES FOR GEORGIA ORCHARDS

MACON, July 26.—Edward J. Martin, a large peach grower of Marshallville, while in Macon to-day, stated that fully 100,000 peach trees would be set out this fall by the orchard men in his section. "The fine prices brought by this year's crop," he stated, "have encouraged the fruit growers to enlarge their orchards.

"With satisfactory weather conditions in the spring I expect the 1914 fruit crop, especially the peaches, to be the largest in the history of the State, even exceeding that of 1909."

MACON BOY APPOINTED TO WEST POINT PLACE

MACON, July 26.—Robert Emmett Duffy, of James, has passed the entrance examination for West Point, and on August 1 he will leave for the institution to prepare for a commission in the United States army. He is a son of T. W. Duffy, Sr., who formerly represented Jones County in the Legislature.

Miss Frances Webb

A popular member of Dublin's social set, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Claude Shewmake, in Atlanta. Mrs. H. P. Shewmake, of Dublin, is also Mrs. Claude Shewmaker's guest.

Miss Webb formerly resided in Augusta. (Photo by Hirshburg.)

She is society editor of The Dublin Herald.



Mud Around Depot Makes Griffin Kick

Several Carloads of Red Dirt Dumped Along Tracks and Rains Make Sticky Walking.

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The people of Griffin are raising more fuss about the conditions around the union passenger station maintained here by the Central and Southern Railways.

Some time ago a strong kick was made against insanitary conditions, and against the fact that four trains are coming in on parallel tracks and unloading and taking on passengers and baggage at the same time each morning at 9 o'clock. Now the complaint is over the dumping of several carloads of red dirt on the train yards and forcing people during the recent rains to walk through the consequent mud and slush. No promise is given that conditions will be improved. The citizens have carried the matter to the Railroad Commission, which promises some kind of relief.

$300,000 PLANT SEEKS LOCATION IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A Maryland corporation, with a capital stock of $300,000, engaged in the manufacture and sale of stoves, ranges and like products, is seeking a location in Columbus, attracted to this city by flattering inducements offered through the Board of Trade.

CRISP COUNTY TORN UP BY FREAK WINDSTORM

CORDELE, July 26.—A brisk windstorm yesterday afternoon over parts of Crisp and adjoining counties did considerable damage by leveling corn fields and blowing down fences. The wind came in spasmodic puffs and fear was felt that it would develop into a storm of serious nature.

COLUMBUS BALL TEAM TO GET BOOSTER GAME

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Monday has been designated as "Booster Day" with the Columbus baseball team, when it begins a series of three games with Albany. The management of the team is undertaking to arouse interest to keep the treasury in a safe condition during the wane of the season.

OIL STOVE BURNS MAY PROVE FATAL TO WOMAN

WAYCROSS, July 26.—As she lit an oil stove this morning preparatory to baking a cake, Mrs. J. D. Ridley caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished was so badly burned about the body and face that her recovery is doubtful. She ran into the street, where neighbors tore the flaming clothing from her.

A. J. Patterson Puts More 'Air' in 'Fair'

Tells Griffin the Exhibit This Year Will Be "the Biggest and Best Ever Held."

GRIFFIN, July 26.—A. P. Patterson, president of the Spalding County Fair and the man who put the "air" in "fair," says the county fair of Spalding this year will be the biggest and best ever held here.

Contracts are to be let for the erection of a poultry house and also a live stock building. In addition to these, some of the present buildings will be enlarged, and other improvements made. The race track is to be regraded and a new grandstand built.

It is expected that this year's fair will have a larger number of farm and domestic exhibits than formerly and that the newly organized Boys' Corn Club will take an important part in the exhibits.

CORDELE METHODIST CONFERENCE CLOSES

CORDELE, July 26.—The annual Methodist Conference of the Cordele district came to a close yesterday at Rochelle. The meeting was attended by about 130 ministers and delegates.

The following delegates were chosen to the annual South Georgia Conference to be held in Macon next November: Hugh Lasseter, Cordele; R. L. Greer, Oglethorpe; D. W. Howard, Unadilla; J. G. Forehand, Vienna.

SEABOARD TO CONSTRUCT WAREHOUSE IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The Seaboard Air Line has completed the survey for the foundation of a large storage warehouse and grain elevator in Columbus, to be located on its property in the southeastern part of the city. The warehouse, it is understood, will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

LOWNDES TAX VALUES EXCEED EIGHT MILLION

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Lowndes County's tax values this year show an increase of $259,000. Tax Receiver Bacon to-day completed the footings of the 1913 digest. The total tax values of the county are $8,223,000, and, in view of the rather depressed conditions of the past year, the increase of more than $250,000 is regarded as satisfactory. If the bill now before the Legislature to provide a board of tax assessors passes, it is believed that values in Lowndes County will go to $10,000,000 next year.

Augusta Primary To Be Held Oct. 29

Each Candidate Will Have Equal Representation in Officers to Conduct Election.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—The white primary committee has fixed October 29 as the date for the city primary to choose Councilmen from the various wards. Of course, there will be no primary in the event commission government wins and is referred to the people by the Legislature, because the result will be a foregone conclusion.

An innovation this year will be the giving of equal representation in the polling places to all candidates. Each candidate is to have a manager and a clerk in each box in every precinct.

The following candidates have announced for Council: First Ward, W. S. Morris and Clem E. Castleberry; Second Ward, T. S. Raworth; Third Ward, George H. Howard; Fourth Ward, N. T. Barnes; Fifth Ward, H. A. Woodward; Sixth Ward, J. Miller Morris and F. W. Moore.

Hitch Probable in New Charter Election

Commission Government and Water works Bond Advocates of Columbus Threaten War.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A hitch in the proposed vote on commission government for Columbus by the people during the year 1913 is probable.

A bill providing for commission government in lieu of the present Mayor and aldermanic form will be presented to the Legislature next week. Advocates of the proposed waterworks bond issue are making an effort to keep the commission government election from taking place this year, claiming it would affect the chances of the waterworks bonds.

The regular Mayor and aldermanic election is to be held the second Saturday in December, while the bond election comes on October 18, and it would be difficult to hold a commission government election before October.

The advocates of waterworks bonds have threatened, if an election is proposed in the commission form bill prior to the waterworks bond election, to go before the Lepislature and fight the passage of the commission government bill. The advocates of commission government threaten to retaliate by fighting the waterworks proposition. If the advocates of commission government can have the election this year they propose to do so.

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WORKING FOR BOND ISSUE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the next six weeks the Savannah Chamber of Commerce will be engaged in active work in arousing interest in the auditorium bond election, which will be held September 15.

The proposed issue of $200,000 will give Savannah a much-needed auditorium.

LAWMAKERS OF BIBB DIVIDED ON COURT BILL

Proposal to Abolish Justices and Establish Municipal Tribunal Gets Mixed Reception.

MACON, July 26.—The Bibb County Representatives are divided on the bill to abolish the justice courts and to establish a municipal court, and it is probable that the bill may not pass at the present session of the Legislature unless a compromise is reached.

Representative Wallace Miller is in favor of the whole bill just as it stands.

Representative Minter Wimberly beljeves that the jurisdiction of the court should be r duced from $500 to $100, and he is opposed to the advance payment of costs. Representative Ben J. Fowler believes the judge should receive a salary of only $2,000 and that the other officers should be paid less than is now provided in the bill. The bill provides for $3,000 a year for the judge, $1,800 for the clerk and $1,500 for the sheriff.

Another bill on which the Bibb Representatives are divided is the one proposing changes in the fee system so far as its affects several of the county officers.

Representative Fowler wants the Solicitor General put on a salary of $3,000.

Union Station Mix Is Near Solution

Only One Property Owner on the New Depot Site Still Refuses to Arbitrate.

MACON, July 26.—Macon now is nearer the unfon station than at any time since the agitation took definite shape several months ago.

Property owners on Chetry street below Fifth who objected to the passage of the bill in the Legislature which authorizes the city to close Cherry between Fifth and Sixth, have now agreed to withdraw their objections if the Central of Georgia will agree to arbitrate their claims for damages.

As the Central of Georgia previously has signified its willingness to enter into any fair arrangement for the settlement of the calims, it is believed that the arbitration plan will be adopted.

Only one of the property owners, C. B. Adams, refuses to agree to arbitrate. He says that the Central of Georgia must buy his property outright ofr $30,000 or he will resist the closing of the streets by appeal to the courts.

Macon Prepares a Booster Excursion

Plans Made to Send Special Train to Northwest to Advertise Middle Georgia.

MACON, July 26.—Macon is going to send a booster train to the Northwest in September for the purpose of advertising the resources of the State, as well as this city.

The train will go as far north as Minneapolis, arriving there at the time of the Minnesota State Fair. Stops will be made at every city of size along the route. Birmingham, Chattanooga, St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, Cedar Rapids ,and Burlington are some of the cities that will be visited.

The Boards of Trade of Columbus, Adel, Waycross and other Georgia cities and towns already have applied for space on the train.

It is assured that over 100 Macon business houses will be represented, and it is probable that the drum and bugle corps also will make the trip.

Capital for Macon Bill Again Prepared

Fifty-three Signatures Have Been Obtained for Measure to Move State Capital.

MACON, July 26.—Signed by fifty-three members of the House, the bill to submit to the people the question of moving the State Capital to Macon will be introduced in the House on Monday morning.

At the same time the campaign in favor of the bill will be renewed by the executive committee of the Capital Removal Association of Macon and South Georgia.

The Bibb delegation is sanguine of the bill coming to a vote in the House at this session. They believe the committee will report favorably on it.

Should the bill fail of consideration at this session, the campaign in its favor will be conducted throughout the winter and up to the meeting of the next Legislature.

HYDROPHOBIC HEN KILLED WHEN SHE ATTACKS CHILD

MACON, July 26.—A "mad" chicken, the first ever seen or heard of in Macon, was killed to-day by Policeman T. R. Roland, after the fowl had savagely attacked his 10-year-old boy. It developed that the hen was bitten a week ago by a rabid dog, but not until to-day were the hydrophobic symptoms manifested. When Policeman Roland first observed the chicken it was fighting the other hens. The boy went out in the yard to see what was the matter with his pet, and the hen viciously fought him.

BOARD FORMED; OBJECT IS TO BOOST GRIFFIN

J. W. Gresham Is President and W. B. Royster Secretary of New Organization.

GRIFFIN, July 26.—As a result of a whirlwind campaign, a live Board of Trade, with $4,000 capital, has been just organized in Griffin. Beginning the first day of the coming month, work in behalf of the business interests of the town and community will be started and kept up indefinitely. W. B. Royster, of Palatka, Fla., has been placed in charge of the board's work as secretary.

It has been only a few weeks since the first mention of a Board of Trade was made here by A. W. McKeand, representing the Southern Commercial Secretaries. At a mass meeting a decision was made to start such a movement at the earliest day, and committees to secure $4,000 working capital were appointed and authorized to begin work immediately. Within ten days' time the full amount had been secured, and a definite plan of action determined upon for the new board.

The directorate of the board, which starts with a membership of 125, follows: J. W. Gresham, president; J. P. Persons, treasurer; W. B. Royster, secretary; A. P. Patterson, C. A. Jones, R. O. Crouch, J. P. Persons and J. W. Gresham, commissioners.

Headquarters for the board are in a large room of the new Griffin Hotel. In this place will be kept on exhibit permanently a display of the products of the manufacturing concerns of the city, and also a good exhibit of the county's products.

Some of the first work to which the board will give attention will be the construction of a system of electric street railways, the civic improvement of the town, the erection of a new union passenger station and a publicity campaign.

If You Are Sleepy, Get a Police Job

Augusta Bluecoats Find Time to Take Their Naps While on Duty.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—Augusta policemen can outsleep any set of bluecoats in this part of the country.

The other day President J. C. Acton, of the Augusta Mattress Manufacturing Company, found a policeman's club in his factory. The Chief of Police, after an investigation, came to the conclusion that one of the officers went into the place to take a nap and forgot his club.

Several nights ago a citizen on upper Broad street was sleeping on his front porch upstairs when he heard a noise on the porch downstairs. He found that the policeman on his beat had gone to sleep on the porch and had a nightmare.

Another officer went to sleep in May Park with his shoes off. When found snoring by the sergeant, he was rudely awakened and asked what he meant by going to sleep on duty with his shoes off. "Why, I can't sleep with them on," the officer replied.

This Lawyer Can Outfarm Farmers

Solicitor of City Court at Augusta Knows How to Raise Big Crops.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—A lawyer and a solicitor of the City Court who can get out into the country and outfarm the farmers is something of a novelty, but that is just what J. C. C. Black, Jr., of this city, can do and, indeed, has done. Mr. Black has been Solicitor of the City Court for nearly ten years. His annual income from that position is estimated at from $5,000 to $18,000.

But back to the farm with the Solicitor. He bought about 200 acres of land in Columbia County several years ago and proceeded to farm scientifically. He used plenty of commercial fertilizer, planted great quantities of peas, and diversified his crops.

Mr. Black now says that he can raise a bale of cotton to the acre on almost any part of his place. Sixty bushels of corn per acre on the uplands is not uncommon, and he raises more peas than he can gather.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

RAILROAD MEN ATTEND IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

WAYCROSS, July 26.—An important conference between General Superintendent J. W. Brand, Division Counsel W. E. Kay, of Jacksonville, and District Counsel Joseph W. Bennett, of Brunswick, was held in Waycross to-day. The meeting was called for the purpose of going over legal matters in which the Atlantic Coast Line is involved.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Rains Boost Crops In Augusta Section

Richmond County Farmers Do Not Fear 'Wolf at the Door' This Year.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—The farmers of Richmond County no longer are fearing the proverbial wolf at the door this fall. Copious rains have fallen in practically every section of the county during the past week, and the outlook for a good cotton crop is excellent. The continued dry weather has done serious damage to the corn, and not more than one-half to two-thirds of a normal yield will be made. The cotton, however, stood the lack of rain very well, and Richmond County will make much better crops than last year.

The wheat and oat crops were splendid this year, and many thousands of bushels of both have been gathered. The alluvial lands of the Savannah River Valley made from 60 to 80 bushels of oats to the acre.

The crop of watermelons and cantaloupes are fair this year and, because of the poor yield of peaches throughout the State, watermelons are bringing a splendid price.

Supreme Court Lets Lynn Sentence Stand

Slayer of Hightower Refused Relief by Georgia Tribunal—Appeal to Washington Likely.

DUBLIN, July 26.—The Supreme Court of Georgia has denied a rehearing in the Lynn case, which was heard by it a few weeks ago, and the judgment of the lower court is affirmed. Lynn's attorneys now are preparing to take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Lynn was convicted of killing F. Hightower at his home just a short time before Christmas of last year, and was tried, with his wife, who claimed to have abetted the killing because Hightower insulted her. His wife was freed by the jury, but ne was found guilty of murder with recommendation to life imprisonment.

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savannah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

DUBLIN CLEANS HOUSE THROUGH VICE CRUSADE

Mass Meeting Calls on Police and Council to Assist in Wiping Out Social Evils.

DUBLIN, July 26.—Dublin is in the midst of a vice crusade, and the City Council and Police Department are being asked to take a hand.

A called meeting of Council was held this week and a body of about 50 representative men went before the city officials and called their attention to the fact that lewd houses are being operated in the city limits, that blind tigers are plentiful, that the city is "wide open" on Sunday.

A censorship also was asked for the motion picture shows.

Speeches were made by many of the citizens and by the Mayor, and the crowd finally left, after being assured that the Police Department and the Council would do their utmost to abate the evils. There was no word of criticism, and the discussion was entirely friendly. The meeting gives promise of bringing good results, and the city will experience another moral house cleaning that bids fair to reach into all the dark corners and get all the things that should not be there.

SPALDING COUNTY HOLDS SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The first Sunday School convention ever held in Spalding County, which occurred this week, was a big success from the start. Of the thirty Sunday schools in the county, representatives from fifteen of them were present at the institute. Plans were adopted for the entire county to be canvassed in the work of the Sunday school and to carry the benefits of the new organization to each school of all denominations.

Principal speakers in the convention here were D. W. Sims, of Atlanta, general secretary of the Georgia Sunday School Association, and Miss Daisy MaGee, of Columbia, Miss., superintendent of elementary work.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

DROWNED CLOSING WATER GATE.

DUBLIN, July 26.—C. C. Horton was drowned at Chappell's Mill, Laurens County, while trying to remove an obstruction that hindered the closing of a water gate.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

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Splendid hotels; finest beach on Atlantic Coast; best sea and sound fishing; electric train service to city. No end to indoor and outdoor amusements. Reduced railroad rates. For literature and other information write to

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Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

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DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

COURT IN READINESS FOR FRANK TRIAL OPENING

Factory Superintendent To Be Placed on Trial for Girl's Slaying Monday Morning—Both Sides Confident of Winning a Victory.

Continued From Page 1.

defending Frank. They already ridicule the idea of accepting an iota of Conley's testimony, in view of the many changes he has made in it since he first talked to the detectives. They brand him as a perjurer and his statements rot.

State Ready for Fight.

Solicitor Dorsey and his associate in the prosecution, Frank A. Hooper, have been preparing themselves for the fight that may be precipitated at any moment after the opening of the trial over the subpenas duces tecum which have been issued by Luther Z. Rosser and Reuben R. Arnold, lawyers for Frank.

The subpenas, which were issued last month when it was thought that the trial might begin June 30, commanded Solicitor Dorsey, Chief Lanford, Chief Beavers, Harry Scott and other detectives who had worked on the Phagan mystery to bring to court with them the affidavits of Jim Conley, Newt Lee, Monteen Stover, W. M. Matthews and several other witnesses.

The attorneys for the prosecution branded the subpenas as a trick to discredit the State's witnesses if their testimony should vary in the slightest from that contained in the affidavits. They announced that they would fight the move before the bar of the court. If unsuccessful, it was regarded as not unlikely that they would retaliate with subpenas duces tecum of their own. It is possible that the skirmish over the subpenas may precede the drawing of the jury, which also will involve a large amount of legal jockeying.

P. H. Brewster, one of the oldest members of the Atlanta bar, and known for his wealth of legal information, has been called in to assist the prosecution in preparing certain phases of its case.

Colonel Brewster to Figure.

Colonel Brewster has compiled briefs bearing on the admissibility of every particle of evidence which the prosecution has in its possession, and he is expected to be an interesting figure in the courtroom during the progress of the trial.

Attorneys for the defense announced yesterday that they knew of nothing that would influence them to ask for a continuance when the case is called to-morrow. Subpenas have been issued for about 150 witnesses by Frank's lawyers. One of the subpenas was served upon Harry Scott, who conducted the investigation into the murder mystery for the Pinkerton Agency. Scott also is under summons by the prosecution.

Frank and his attorneys will go into the trial confident of an acquittal. Evidence has been in their possession for weeks which points suspicion directly at the negro Conley.

All of the veniremen, with the exception of two or three who could not be located yesterday, have been notified to appear. The courtroom has been prepared for the crowd that will pack it while the trial is in progress.

Judge Roan has said that he knows of no reason why there should be a further postponement.

Judge Roan to Preside.

The formal trial of Leo M. Frank for the murder of Mary Phagan will begin at 9 o'clock Monday morning, when Judge L. S. Roan calls the criminal division of the Superior Court to order in the courtroom on the first floor of the old City Hall, South Pryor and Hunter streets.

Under direction of Deputy Sheriff Plennie Minor, all preparations for receiving the vast crowds that are expected to be drawn by the celebrated case have been made. Benches, outside the space reserved for the attorneys and newspaper men, have been replaced with chairs there, and the seating capacity of the room has been raised to 250. No spectator will be admitted after the seats are filled.

Saturday morning electricians were installing half a dozen electric fans, which will help to make the room comfortable during the battle to come. There also have been installed half a dozen ozonators to help purify the air.

Judge Roan was in his chambers all of Saturday. He declared that despite his recent attack of indigestion he will be on the bench when the hour of the trial arrives.

Every Bit of Evidence Against Frank Sifted and Tested, Declares Solicitor

Solicitor-General Hugh Dorsey, who will prosecute the case against Leo M. Frank, last night gave the Sunday American the following statement:

WITHOUT going into the merit of the State's case against Leo M. Frank, charged with the murder of little Mary Phagan, the possibility of a mistake having been made is very remote.

To say why the State believes Frank to be guilty of this murder would be hurtful, and lay before the defense the evidence we have so carefully guarded.

We have employed only the fairest methods and have accepted no evidence until it had been subjected to the acid test.

Conley's connection with the case occasioned the most careful investigation. No statement of his was accepted until it had been proved. He is merely a link in the chain.

We looked into the possibility of Conley having committed the murder, but with other facts considered, it was impossible to connect him other than as an accessory.

Whether there can be a reasonable doubt when the evidence is weighed remains to be seen, but on the eve of the trial I have no misgiving as to the strength of the State's case.

SOLICITOR GENERAL DORSEY.



Public Demands Frank Trial To-morrow

Old Police Reporter Sees No Cause for Delay

Either Side Asking Postponement Will Reveal Weakness, as Time Has Been Given for Preparation. Conley Is Center of Interest.

By AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The defense in the case of Leo Frank would have made a mistake, if current street comment counts for anything, had it decided to move for a continuance of the case to-morrow.

Indeed, the fact that the defense even was suspected of an intent to move for a continuance—righteously or otherwise—has not had a happy effect upon the public, even if it has not, on the other hand, served particularly to prejudice the case.

The people want the Frank case tried. I think there is no mistake about that.

And when it was rumored that it might be postponed, with the consent of the defense, even if not of its own motion, more than one person in Atlanta, even those inclined to be friendly to Frank, began, more or less impatiently, to ask themselves, WHY?

If the State is sure of itself, why delay? If the defense is sure of itself, why delay?

If either is not sure of itself, why, then, it must be because the one not sure of itself has a weak case Thus reasons the public.

Leo Frank is guilty or he is not guilty.

The case against him can be thrashed out NOW as well as later along. Frank is reported eager for trial. The State professes to be altogether ready.

Hesitancy upon the part of either now is not apt to win favor to the hesitating.

Public Not Muddled.

While much has been said of Jim Conley of late, and an effort was made to have him indicted in advance of Frank's trial, the public has not permitted itself to be muddled.

It realizes that Conley occupies a somewhat dual position, to be sure, and that the finger of suspicion points to him as a possible principal to the killing of Mary Phagan, no less than as a confessed accessory after the fact.

The public has its eye very much on Conley—YES. But the public has not YET been convinced—and may never become convinced—that Leo Frank is innocent of the crime for which he has been indicted.

And he has been indicted, by "twelve good men and true," as the law requires—one must NOT forget that!

Frank is admitted to have been in the pencil factory when the crime MIGHT have been committed. The evidence that he actually committed the deed is, to be sure, entirely circumstantial.

Even the affidavit of the negro Conley, if it withstands the blistering attacks Attorneys Rosser and Arnold unquestionably will make upon it, still will not be direct evidence that Frank committed the crime.

It is rather difficult for the layman to comprehend fully the exact difference between circumstantial and direct evidence, and to keep his mind quite clear when passing through the twilight zone dividing the one from the other, but there IS a dividing line, and Frank stands well within the circumstantial limits.

Law Recognizes Circumstances.

While, however, the law holds the State to a sterner accounting in the matter of establishing guilt through circumstances rather than by direct evidence, it nevertheless permits circumstances to convict SWEEPINGLY AND COMPLETELY, if properly sequenced and sustained!

Here, then, is the case against Leo Frank, from the State's point of view, as given to the newspapers and not otherwise:

Frank was in the factory at the time Mary Phagan might have been slain. He had the OPPORTUNITY to consummate the deed. He had been in prior communication with the girl, when they two were practically alone in the pencil factory, save for the then unsuspected presence of the negro Conley. There is some evidence that Frank had been, at times, rather familiar with factory employees — particularly with two or three young girls.

Frank, contrary to his usual custom, permitted Newt Lee to go away from the factory during the afternoon of April 26—Saturday. This extraordinary procedure has not been accounted for to the State's satisfaction.

Frank, contrary again to his usual custom, phoned to the factory after he arrived at his home Saturday evening, and this fact also never has been explained to the State's satisfaction.

A negro, Jim Conley, a sweeper in the factory, has signed an affidavit to the effect that Frank, nervous and seemingly much agitated, called him to the second floor of the factory—the negro admitting that he had been dozing in a drunken stupor on the floor below—along about 1 o'clock in the afternoon of the killing, and that Frank thereafter hired him to remove the dead body of Mary Phagan from the second floor to the basement below, hide it, and, at Frank's dictation, write and place the notes beside the dead girl, found next morning.

Frank also is accused—whether the State will rely upon this evidence in any particular is not altogether clear, however—with phoning persistently a notorious woman between 7 and 10 in the evening of April 26, asking that he be permitted to bring to her house a girl, unnamed, "upon a matter of life and death."

Conley Center of Case.

Now, if the State can sustain itself thoroughly upon these allegations, it must be admitted that the case against Frank will be very serious, indeed!

Of course, Conley will be the most damaging witness against him, for upon Conley's evidence will depend the hurtfulness or the utter worthlessness of the other circumstances set up against the defendant.

In other words, if Conley is BROKEN DOWN, the remaining allegations against Frank doubtless will be quickly and easily disposed of.

If Conley is NOT broken down, however, then the other circumstances become links in a chain against Frank that likely can be made to hold together.

It is just as well to look things squarely in the face, as the Frank trial comes on to-morrow!

Can the defense break Conley down?

That, of course, I do not know—I can not know.

The only thing I know of experience in cases of this kind is that the defense MUST break Conley down or Leo Frank will face a very, very dangerous situation!

It must be borne in mind, moreover, that it will be the defense's burden to break Conley down, rather than the State's burden to establish his credibility.

Unless successfully assailed, Conley's affidavit will stand before the jury unprejudiced for exactly what it may be worth.

The defense claims to be prepared perfectly for the annihilation of Conley's statement. Maybe it is—the defense should have read its own hand pretty well by now.

The defense, however, may be in the situation "Br'er Rabbit" found himself once when he "clum a tree" because he just naturally was "obleeged to," and NOT because anybody ever had heard of a rabbit climbing a tree before in all natural history. And I do not write this flippantly, but to illustrate the point.

Whether the defense can break down Conley or not, the DEFENSE MUST BREAK DOWN CONLEY or face a perilous alternative!

Refused Conley Indictment.

All the circumstances and recitals concerning Conley, tending to show that he and not Frank more likely was the principal in the killing of Mary Phagan, is beside the IMMEDIATE QUESTION. The trial to called to-morrow is the trial of LEO FRANK and not James Conley.

In addition to that, a Grand Jury but recently has definitely and directly REFUSED to indict James Conley for the murder, pending the disposition of the Frank case.

These are stubborn facts the defense is called upon to face—and it will not do, I take it, to face them either hesitatingly or otherwise than frankly and candidly.

The defense may be loaded with ammunition sufficient to shoot the State's case to pieces, just as it claims to be. There are many people who believe it is—but there also are quite as many people, perhaps, who believe it isn't.

Looking back over the progress of events in this puzzling, elusive and continuously interesting Phagan case—to my mind by far the most bizarre and grimly engaging mystery in all the catalogue of crime in Georgia—I am moved to no great surprise that the public yet is largely of open and fair mind in respect of it.

CHRONOLOGY OF PHAGAN CASE

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for Grand Jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand Jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

Defense Must Break Story of Negro or Face Difficult Situation. State Will Base Case on Chain of Circumstantial Evidence.

DEFENSE CLAIMS CONLEY AND LEE PREPARED NOTES

Theory Is That Watchman Surprised Sweeper Attempting to Dispose of Body and Entered Into Pact.

An amazing chain of evidence, laying bare the mystery of the two notes found beside the body of Mary Phagan, which have proved the most baffling of all the facts connected with the girl's murder, came to light as in the possession of the defense Saturday.

According to the theory of the defense, Conley murdered the girl and was unexpectedly discovered with her body in the basement of the pencil factory by Newt Lee; that the night watchman declared the blame for the murder would be placed upon himself instead of Conley, and that the two notes, laying the blame upon the negro fireman Knoyls, and openly accusing the night watchman of the crime, sealed an agreement of secrecy between Lee and Conley.

Motive of Notes.

The first note, written by Conley, to soothe Lee's fears, is believed to have been the one reading:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this. I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write this while play with me."

According to the defense's theory, this did not satisfy Lee, and hence the second one reading:

"He said he would love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long tall black negro did it by hisself," was written.

It is the claim of the defense that in the obvious exoneration of Lee by Conley, as is shown in the second note, despite the admissions of both that they were barely acquainted with each other lies the proof that Lee directed the execution of the note.

The defense will also show, it is said, that when the notes were picked up by officers, Lee called their attention to the peculiar spelling of words "night witch" and explained that they meant night watchman and himself.

Missing Time Punches.

Following the writing of the two notes, Conley is supposed to have been the companion of Lee until the watchman telephoned to the police. Then Conley departed.

The defense, it is declared, believes the notes to have been written between 11:30 and 1:30 o'clock on the night of the murder and will present the fact to uphold this theory that Lee's time clock failed to show that he was at his post on the upper floor during this time. The time clock slip in the possession of the defense shows that Lee missed punching it at 11:30, 12:30 and 1:30 o'clock that morning.

Despite the claims of the defense as to the missing punches in the time slip, however, Leo M. Frank, on the witness stand at the Coroner's inquest, declared that the time card showed that the negro made his rounds regularly on the night of the murder, and that no misses appeared, so far as he knew.

Prosecution Knows Theory.

That the prosecution is aware of the defense's theory of the presence of the notes was indicated by the bringing of the two negroes together last week in Newt Lee's cell in the county jail, when Solicitor Dorsey put them through a cross-examination. At this time, however, both are declared to have denied emphatically the conspiracy of which they are accused.

As astounding as may be the defense's conception of the murder notes, it satisfactorily explains their potentiality and conforms readily with the other evidence in the hands of Frank's counsel to direct guilt at Conley—namely, the torn bit of the dead girl's pay envelope, found near the elevator shaft on the first floor, the umbrella of the girl discovered at the bottom of the elevator shaft, the murder notes, the broken latch on the basement door and the time slip with the missing punches.

Contention of Defense.

Here is the theory of the defense as it has been learned by the prosecution:

Conley is believed to have waylaid the girl on the first floor, and when she descended the stairway, after receiving her pay envelope from Frank, to have struck her from behind with the stick which was afterward found blood-stained near by. As the girl fell unconscious from the blow the negro is believed to have heard the footsteps of Lemmie Quinn entering the building. Witht a quick movement he is thought to have snatched the girl's purse and cast her body and umbrella down the open elevator shaft, then dashed behind some boxes to hide. There he opened the purse, took out the envelope and tore it open, casting the torn-off top behind the radiator, where it was later found by Pinkerton detectives. After Quinn had gone upstairs, the theory is that Conley came from his hiding place, descended the ladder through the trap door to the basement, picked up the girl's body and carried to back to the sawdust pile. In his haste, he is declared to have forgotten the umbrella which had fallen with the girl, and left it to be found later by detectives. After depositing the body, Conley broke open the basement door and escaped, but returned at nightfall to get the body and take it away. Then it was that Newt Lee is supposed to have discovered him, to have framed the murder notes and entered the pact of secrecy.

Prominent Atlantans Named On Frank Trial Jury Venire

The venire of 144 men from which twelve will be selected to decide the fate of Leo M. Frank is considered to be one of the most representative ever drawn from a petit jury box in Fulton County. Prominent among the prospective jurors are Joel Hurt, Dr. E. L. Connally and J. W. Alexander, capitalists; David Woodward, president of the Woodward Lumber Company; George Law, of Law Brothers; R. F. Shedden, of the Mutual Life Insurance Company; Thomas D. Meador, vice president of the Lowry National Bank, and Edwin F. Johnson, advertising man.

The complete jury list is printed below:

C. A. Virgin.
J. D. Hardy, B. R.
J. M. Defoore, E. P.
Bud Walts, C. P.
W. W. Sorrells, Hapeville.
Sol Benjamin, 348 Whitehall street.
P. H. Miller, Peachtree.
C. J. Bosshardt, No. 215 Bryan street.
W. S. Copelan, Oak Grove.
O. T. Camp, No. 309 Oakland avenue.
A. W. Brewerton, 45 W. Peachtree Pl
F. W. Stone, No. 82 East Linden street.
W. H. Dunne, not in directory (probaby Wynne).
W. A. Abercrombie, Blackhall.
R. G. Elliott, Atlanta Agricultural Works, Glendale.
T. C. Lauren, No. 13 Decatur street.
L. E. Smith, Hapeville.
C. T. Hopkins, Jr., 403 N. Boulevard.
W. D. Cates, South Bend.
R. F. Shedden, Mutual Life of New York, Grant Bldg. 20 East Linden Ave.
T. G. Young, Georgia Railway and Power Company, 42 Loomis avenue.
D. D. Henry, 178 Oakland avenue.
Howard Oliver, B. R.
H. E. Lackey, 4 Rosedale avenue.
James F. Hast, Collins.
Alfred Barilli, Jr., Grant Building.
O. L. Spurlin, 156 Lawton street.
A. H. Henslee, No. 74 Oak street.
Thomas D. Meador, Imperial Hotel.
R. E. Biggers, 745 Glenn, carpenter.
F. V. L. Smith, Empire Building, No. 481 Cherokee avenue.
R. L. Clett, No. 58 Boulevard place.
H. R. Callaway, 691 Piedmont Ave.
A. J. Shide, No. 45 Lucy street.
F. A. Hull, 60 Milledge, 130 Grant.
Edward E. Hawkins, Collins.
H. D. Hurlbut.
S. J. McDowell, No. 80 Waddell.
W. W. Brown, No. 107 Peachtree place or No. 217 Glennwood avenue.
Edwin F. Johnson, Appeal Publishing Company, 176 West Peachtree.
J. L. Fulghum, Hapeville.
W. C. Willis, E. P.
H. C. Hasty, No. 261 Jones avenue.
George R. Law, No. 4 Whitehall street, residence No. 205 Ashby.
F. M. York, No. 221 Cooper street.
A. H. Cook, 252 E. Georgia avenue.
Chas. H. Candler, 114 Elizabeth St.
George R. Wall, No. 139 Hill street.
S. C. Owens, E. P.
J. C. Henderson, 413 Piedmont ave.
J. W. Heinsman.
D. M. Brown, College Park.
W. J. Brooks, 224 East Fair St.
R. J. Baldwin, Hapeville.
D. Townsend, 84 Whitehall terrace.
R. A. Thompson, 152 Ashby street.
C. C. Thorne, 135 East North Ave.
C. A. Vaughn, Collins.
R. A. Palmer, No. 68 Austin avenue.
Ben F. Willis, Cooks.
C. M. Patten, Hapeville.
Carl Weinmeister, 27 Elbert St.
S. L. Miller, No. 27 Fraser street.
Henry L. Solmonson, 71 Sells Ave.
C. S. Johnson, 140 Gaskill street.
L. A. Hendon, 91 West Fifth street.
W. S. Medcalf, not in directory.
Homer C. Ashford, 83 East Fifth St.
E. C. Wachendorff, 22 Willow St.
Nicholas Ittner, 234 Forrest Ave.
J. C. Harrison, 304 Capitol Ave.
W. H. Hudson, 298 Myrtle St.
H. Maness, rooms No. 47 Bell street.
G. R. Jilner, not in directory.
John S. Head, Oak Grove.
C. H. Allen, not in directory.
V. N. Carroll, 1292-A Marietta St.
Robert Schmidt, 195 Angier Ave.
T. F. Barber, 281 E. Georgia Ave.
H. B. Chamberlain, Peachtree Dis.
O. Wingate, 328 Edgewood Ave.
T. E. Winslow, 29 Boulevard Ter.
C. A. Withers, 15 Simpson St.
A. W. Wafford, not in directory.
W. F. Burdett, Buckhead.
H. H. Kelly, Blackhall.
M. A. Lang, not in directory.
John W. Bowin, Collins.
C. W. Gittens, Hapeville.
H. T. Ferguson, 332 E. Georgia Ave.
W. L. Merk, No. 108 Grant street.
G. F. Hardy, 514 St. Charles.
F. E. Walker, 610 North Boulevard.
E. L. Connally, No. 53 Ashby street.
T. B. Sale, 136 N. Moreland avenue.
Elmo Moore E.
W. S. Gaston, 481 Whitehall.
C. L. Asbury, No. 44 Park avenue.
J. W. Chatham, rooms 132 Jones.
C. W. Seagraves, Collins.
J. A. McCrary, 78 E. North ave.
L. A. Helms, rooms 253 Forrest ave.
T. J. Henderson, 25 Woodson.
L. F. Davis, 148 Bellwood ave.
David Woodward, 635 Peachtree.
J. E. Betterton, College Park.
J. H. Holcomb, Oakland City.
M. J. Sewell, East Point.
J. F. Higdon, 108 Ormond.
F. E. Winburn, 213 Lucile ave.
Chas. Witherspoon, 23 Vedado way.
Walter H. Scott, No. 215 Gordon.
H. J. Kuglar, South Bend.
T. J. Hale, South Bend.
J. P. Hays, South Bend.
A. L. Wisbey, No. 31 Hood street.
E. L. Winn, 1210 Peachtree.
Joel Hurt, No. 85 Elizabeth.
W. H. Abbott, No. 224 Rawson.
K. P. Mason, Peachtree.
W. M. Jeffries, Collins.
Boyd Perry, 537 N. Boulevard.
M. Johenning, rooms 161 Jones ave.
M. S. Woodward, No. 182 Park.
Samuel Schoen, 214 Washington.
W. F. Wingleton, not in directory.
Earl Davis, Collins.
C. F. Cantrell.
W. M. Donehoo, Buckhead.
John W. Woodruff, 58 Cooper.
David W. Perdu, Collins.
George Mathieson, Buckhead.
S. J. Hayles, 20 Flat Shoals ave.
John W. Alexander, 439 S. Pryor.
John W. Collier, 81 Washington.
J. E. Redd, not in directory.
Y. R. Norris, Blackhall.
W. W. Hammett, 34 Decatur.
A. F. Bellingrath, 91 Milledge ave.
D. Berger, 380 Capitol ave.
E. A. Massa, 305 E. Fair.
J. T. Osburn, not in directory.
J. H. Gilbert, South Bend.
H. H. Jones, 69 E. Ashland ave.

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SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

Joe Brown and His Successor Will Undoubtedly Get Together on Program Before Announcement Is Made of Either's Candidacy.

There is a well-defined, positive and aggressive movement on to nominate Governor John M. Slaton for Senator in next year's primary.

The Governor himself is not known to be a party to it, and the impression is that he is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrashed out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith, and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why, then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlnnta.

On the other hand, the Senator's unloving friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

Brenau Girl to Make Grand Opera Debut Soon

Miss Cauble Dreams of Future With Metropolitan

Southern society girl who will join Russian grand opera company.



Miss Miriam Cauble, Atlanta visitor who plans grand opera company.

Visitor in Atlanta Will Join Forces of Russian Company at Beginning of Season.

To-day Miss Miriam Cauble is in Atlanta as a visitor. She goes to dances, to the picture shows, on automobile rides and generally leads the elysian existence that is the lot of a courted visitor.

Some day, however, she will be here as a grand opera star of the Metropolitan company and sing to the brilliant audiences in the Auditorium.

With all the assurance of a young woman confident of her own ability, Miss Cauble makes the promise. Already she has been working for years toward the goal. In addition to her natural ability, she has had the advantage of personal, affectionate instruction by Mrs. McDonald Sheridan, a former Atlantan, whose protegee she is. Mrs. Sheridan is the teacher, also, of Miss Margaret Wilson, the President's daughter.

Joins Russian Opera Company.

Miss Cauble's dreams of a career as a singer first came when she was a student at the Georgia Brenau, at Gainesville. So well have they worked out that within a few weeks she will join the Russian Grand Opera Company, in New York, to begin an engagement for which its director, Max Rabinoff, sought her out.

She will spend a season with that company in Montreal, later returning to New York for performances there. The repertoire of the company includes 26 classic operas, and this Southern girl will work as understudy to the principals. And this is her first season in grand opera.

Miss Cauble, whose home is in Greenville, S. C., is practically an Atlanta girl. She has been here often, and is popular among the younger set. She visits her cousin, Mrs. C. W. Thomas, in Druid circle.

After her graduation at Gainesville, Miss Cauble sang in concert two summers, spending the other months of two years in study under Mrs. Sheridan, in New York. She is Mrs. Sheridan's most intimate pupil. It was through Mrs. Sheridan that she obtained the position with the Russian Grand Opera Company.

Dreamed of Work.

"When I was a schoolgirl at Brenau," said Miss Cauble yesterday, "I dreamed of work in musical fields. I had no thought then of grand opera, but now that I have entered it, I have set out to work toward the highest place and toward a position with the Metropolitan company."

Early next month Miss Cauble will join Mrs. Sheridan for final instruction before beginning her first grand opera season. Mrs. Sheridan is a friend of the family of President Woodrow Wilson, as Miss Margaret Wilson's instructor. She will spend the summer near the Wilson home, in Cornish, N. H., and it is there that Miss Cauble will be with her for the period of coaching.

Friends Ask Help For Family in Need

Friends have appealed to the public for aid for Mrs. Carrie Barton and her six children, who are in destitute circumstances at No. 87 South Jackson street.

It is stated that Mrs. Barton's husband has practically deserted her, sending a little money occasionally, but not enough to keep one alive. The family is in need of food, and the generous people of Atlanta are asked to help them.

LIGHTNING PLAYS PRANKS IN STORM AT WAYCROSS

WAYCROSS, July 26.—During a severe lightning and rainstorm, Edgar Griffin, whose home is west of Waycross, was knocked from a wagon when lightning hit the vehicle. Except for a severe shock he was uninjured. The seat of the wagon was splintered.

Another freak of the storm is reported from Waresboro. Eleven successive telephone poles of a private line running out of Waycross were splintered when lightning struck the wires.

PINKERTON MEN BRAND LANFORD CHARGES FALSE

Detectives Declare City Police and Dorsey Were Told All Evidence They Developed.

Emphatic denial of the charges by Chief of Detectives Lanford that he had kept bad faith with the city department in connection with the investigation of the murder of Mary Phagan was made by H. B. Pierce, superintendent of the Pinkerton Detective Agency in Atlanta, Saturday night.

Chief Lanford's accusations against the Pinkerton official were mainly that he had withheld evidence from the city police, especially the blood-stained stick and the pay envelope of the Phagan girl, both of which were found by Pinkerton operatives on the first floor of the factory and were later reported in possession of the defense. The Chief intimated that the Police Board would be asked to take action against Pierce personally.

"The stick was submitted to Chief Lanford by myself," declared Mr. Pierce. "The Mary Phagan pay envelope was shown him by our representative, Harry Scott.

Scoffs Stick Story.

"When I displayed the stick to Mr. Lanford, he informed me that it could not have been found in the place it was reported found, as a minute search of every bit of the three floors in the factory already had been inspected by two of the city detectives, in company with Mr. Scott. Under this information, we cast the stick aside and did not regard it as evidence and thought nothing else about it until I read about it in the newspapers—I think, Thursday.

"The stick was turned over to Mr. Rosser. When I learned a day or two ago that Mr. Dorsey had not heard of it, I went to Mr. Rosser's office, obtained the stick, and took it to Mr. Dorsey. Mr. Dorsey, I understand, does not think much of the stick as evidence, and neither does Mr. Rosser.

"As to it being planted evidence, I desire to say that I believe Mr. Rosser to be entirely too honorable to have been connected with the planting of evidence, while I also hold the same opinion of Mr. Dorsey.

"Inasmuch as two city detectives and Mr. Scott had made a minute investigation of the factory before the time of the reported finding of the stick, I do not regard the stick highly as evidence.

"Scott Has Been Fair."

"The policy of the Pinkerton Agency is to be fair and impartial in its investigations. Mr. Scott has been absolutely in charge of this investigation, and I think the least that could be said is that he has been absolutely fair with the police, Solicitor General and the National Pencil Company people in his work upon it."

Mr. Scott was with Mr. Pierce at the time of the interview. He said he did not remember hearing the conversations between Chief Lanford and Pierce regarding the stick.

"I submitted the pay envelope to Chief Lanford, though," he said. "He asked me for it, and I said that I preferred to keep it. The Police Department has been advised of everything we have developed in the case, while the same is true of the Solicitor General and Mr. Rosser."

TARPON SPRINGS SPONGE SALES IN 2 WEEKS $215,000

TARPON SPRINGS, July 26.—The sponge sale here the last two weeks total $215,000. This city is the center of the Gulf sponging industry and supports perhaps 1,500 Greek divers and requires 200 boats. The spongers no longer dive "in their skins" or use the old rakes. Modern diving suits are used and the vessels are well equipped.

Dublin Cleans City With Vice Crusade

Mass Meeting Calls on Police and Council to Wipe Out Social Evil.

DUBLIN, July 26.—Dublin is in the midst of a vice crusade, and the City Council and Police Department are being asked to take a hand.

A called meeting of Council was held this week and a body of about 50 representative men went before the city officials and called their attention to the fact that lewd houses are being operated in the city limits, that blind tigers are plentiful, that the city is "wide open" on Sunday.

A censorship also was asked for the motion picture shows.

Speeches were made by many of the citizens and by the Mayor, and the crowd finally left, after being assured that the Police Department and the Council would do their utmost to abate the evils. There was no word of criticism, and the discussion was entirely friendly. The meeting gives promise of bringing good results, and the city will experience another moral house cleaning that bids fair to reach into all the dark corners and get all the things that should not be there.

'Turkey-Tillion' Stirs Old-Timers

Valdosta Folk Startled by Modern Freak Dances of Younger Society Set.

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Society is agog to-day over some of the extreme modern dances introduced for the first time in this city at a ball given in the parlors of one of the principal hotels last night. Most of the tangoes, trots and wiggles were danced, and with an abandon and zest that rather shocked the old-timers present.

The dance is described as a "turkey-tillion," and was attended by a large number of the younger leaders in society. From the familiar and simple turkey trot it was only a short step to the more extreme and newer dances.

Cashier Is Indicted On Bank's Complaint

J. H. Cason of Bank of Crosland Is Accused of Embezzling More Than $7,000.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—The Colquitt County Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday against J. H. Cason, former cashier of the Bank of Crosland, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars.

Cason was arrested several weeks ago and has been in prison here in default of $6,000 bond. Notwithstanding the fact that Cason has confessed to using over $7,000 of the bank's funds, he will plead not guilty when his case is called for trial next week, according to the statement of his attorney, Alfred Kline, of Moultrie.

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.

Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.

TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.

10 p. m. solid Pullman train.

10:15 p. m. Coach train.

Make Reservations Now.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

AROUND THE CLOCK

4:40 P. M.—Missed her pocketbook.

LAMENTATION

4:41 P. M.—Retraced her footsteps.

EXPECTATION

5:00 P. M.—Failed to find it.

DESPERATION

6:00 P. M.—Put an advertisement in the "Lost and Found" columns of The American.

ANTICIPATION

9:00 A. M.—Pocketbook returned by finder.

JUBILATION

FEARS FELT OF MINER RIOT AT BIG CONFERENCE

Copper Workers Show Resentment When Michigan Governor Fails To Come to Scene.

CALUMET, MICH., July 26.—Apprehension was felt here to-night following the announcement that the striking copper miners will hold a giant demonstration to-morrow in which the miners and trammers of the Calumet and Keweenaw mines will participate. Fearing trouble might result, Brigadier General Abby dispatched troops to various mining locations where there have been disturbances and announced martial law would be declared the instant there was any appearance of disorder or rioting.

Striking miners to-night expressed resentment over the failure of Governor Ferris to come here and take charge of the situation. They expressed the belief that in not coming, but in sending troops instead, he listened rather to the mining companies than to advices from their side. The labor officials feel that sooner or later there must be a rigid investigation of industrial conditions in the Michigan copper regions, and they hold that now is the right time for this investigation.

Following to-morrow's demonstrations a mass meeting will be held, when it is planned to pass strong resolutions, demanding the presence and intervention of Governor Ferris.

The situation remained quiet to-day. The only trouble reported was in the Calumet district, where a non-union sympathizer was badly beaten by strikers. The disorder was of short duration. At the Quincy mine a big demonstration of union men was held during the funeral of a member of the Federation.

KAISER FOREGOES USUAL TRIP TO BE NEAR KAISERIN

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, July 26.—It was announced to-day that Emperor William had decided to abandon his usual summer visit to Wilhelmshoehe and instead would spend August in Hamburg, where the Empress now is undergoing medical treatment.

Sermon Saves Woman From Suicide's Grave

Pastor's Discourse on 'Scandal Mongers' Stays Hand of Despondent Savannahan.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who delivered a sermon on "Scandal Mongers" last Sunday, is in receipt of an unsigned letter from a woman, who confesses that her troubles had driven her to determine upon suicide when his message restored her faith in God and determined her to abandon her rash intention.

The woman says she had the poison bottle in her hand when the printed sermon came under her eye. She says she had been wronged by malicious tales, and that she was alone in a friendless city.

Buy a Diamond On Monthly Payments

You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

Say you wanted a diamond ring at $250. You pay one-fifth ($50.00) cash and settle the deferred balance in ten equal monthly payments of $20.55 each.

This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

MAIER & BERKELE, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths,

31-33 Whitehall Street,

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Announces its complete reorganization under the general direction of MORTIMER WILSON, CONDUCTOR ATLANTA PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

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DEPARTMENTS: Theory and Composition, Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Orchestral Instruments, Technical Lectures, Artist Recitals, Orchestra Routine, Chorus Singing, Public School Music, Music-Kindergarten, etc. Bureau-Extension.

MODERN DENTISTRY

CAN EFFECTIVELY REMEDY THE WORST OF

YOUR TOOTH TROUBLES

AND THERE IS NO REASON WHY YOU SHOULD PAY TWO OR THREE PRICES FOR IT

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OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

Set of Teeth, $5 — Gold Filling $1

Gold Crowns, $4 — Amalgam Filling, 50c Up

Bridge Work, $4 — Plates Repaired, 50c Up

Teeth Cleaned, New Process . . . . . $1 Up

EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally.

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Then every military officer who was in Augusta will be called to testify. The testimony of a woman, Mrs. B. S. Dunbar, who said that one of the officers told her he had ordered promiscus firing, has caused the legislature to decide to probe the affair deeply. Mr McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privilege and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unless it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1458 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, indifference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but it will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1436 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the military forces have been called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "Any person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempts to go or to remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5369 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the light of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising



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NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doling out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elimination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

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Second Georgia's Encampment Ends

Regiment Leaves St. Simons Island for Home Towns—Eight Days of Army Life.

BRUNSWICK, July 26.—The Second Regiment of the Georgia National Guard broke camp on St. Simons Island at noon to-day and arrived in Brunswick shortly after noon. The soldiers immediately boarded Coast Line and Southern trains and left during the afternoon for their home cities. The boys have enjoyed camp life for eight days.

Colonel Thomas, who was in command, joined the officers who were here with the Fifth Regiment in their recommendation that the island be made a permanent camp for the militia. The United States army officers who have been detailed to train the Georgia troops are loud in their praise of the militia of this State.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

Girl Who Caused Arrest Of Rev. Crawford Jackson



Lovinia Dunder snapped at trial of the accused pastor.

She Charges He Tried To Hug and Kiss Her Against Her Will

JUDGE SCORES JACKSON AS HE FIXES HIS BAIL

Continued From Page 1.

around me. He was staggering a little. I released myself and tried to get away, but he persisted and tried to kiss me.

"'Oh, Mr. Jackson, don't do that,' I pleaded with him, then I broke away from his grasp, and grabbing my hat, ran out of the door. As I left, he called to me that I was discharged."

Admits Drink Was Ale.

Jackson on the stand admitted that the liquid he had offered the girl was ale, but declared that it was offered solely to cure her headache.

"Why, I knew that girl when she was a bit of a child," he said on the stand, pointing to his accuser. "Four years ago I boarded with the Dundir family, and have known them all for many years. I was particularly fond of them, especially of Lovinia, and often took her on my knee and called her sweetheart when she was a baby. Her charges now are absolutely false."

On cross-examination, the girl denied that the minister had ever been fond of her or showed openly any attention to her.

Scarborough on the stand told of his sister-in-law bringing her complaint to him and repeated what she had told him of Jackson's alleged actions, in substance the same as that told by Miss Dundir on the stand.

The last witness was Probation Officer Lowe, who was used as a character witness against Jackson.

Lawyer Denounces Jackson.

Following the testimony, Frank Harralson, an attorney, representing the Dundir girl, launched into a bitter denunciation of Jackson.

"This man is a minister," declared Mr. Harralson. "This girl, who is the daughter of a family which he has known for years, comes to his office and is insulted by him. He should be severely punished for this offense."

Following the trial Jackson departed from the court with Deputy Rogers to get funds to cover the bond.

Jackson is well known in Atlanta, where he has been connected with the Juvenile Association work for several years. Prior to his connection with the association he was pastor of several churches in Georgia, including the Centenary Methodist Church of Macon, the First Methodist Church of Fayetteville and a church at Louisville, Ga. His home is in Guilford, N. C. He has a wife, his second, and seven children, several of whom are grown. One unmarried daughter resides at College Park.

ANDERSON SEES ONLY ONE WAY TO CUT STATE DEBT

President of Senate Ridicules the Special Tax and Special Property Valuation Ideas.

Declaring that in his opinion the one and only possible relief for Georgia's financial stringency lies in a complete reorganization of the taxing system, so as to provide for an equalization of both individual and county taxes, Randolph Anderson, President of the Senate, Saturday delivered some sledge-hammer blows at the arguments of the advocates for a special tax, as recommended by Governor John M. Slaton.

Incidentally, President Anderson declared emphatically that the upper body of the General Assembly would work overtime—"morning, noon and night until the end of the session," if necessary—to pass the neecssary legislation to relieve the State's financial embarrassment.

The Senate, he says, eagerly awaits the action of the House of Representatives. It now has under consideration a taxing bill which, it is believed, will bring about the desired results. Should the bill reach the Senate in time, he added, undoubtedly it will be passed by a healthy majority and can be put in operation not later than next spring.

Ridicules Special Tax.

President Anderson ridiculed the special tax proposition as suggested by the Governor and others, on the grounds that such a constitutional amendment could not possibly become effective until the next general election in October, 1914. He also criticised the proposed State loan, which, he says, will have to be paid back out of the taxes collected this year.

"It is just as easy to lift yourself out of the mud with bootstraps," he declared, "as to borrow money to pay back debts."

In the heralded relief through increased property valuations President Anderson puts little faith, too, in view of the hard times he says have faced the cotton farmers this year. If the boll weevil strikes Georgia next year, President Anderson says, there will be a tremendous slump accompanied by downward valuations.

The only possible relief, he concludes, therefore, is a complete readjustment of the present taxing system by the appointment of special county boards, which in turn shall be supervised by a State board composed of from three to twelve members possibly.

"We Georgians boast of the Empire State of the South," declared President Anderson, "while as a matter of fact our State is among the poorest, as a result of an antiquated and unheard-of taxing system which permits the non-return on hundreds of thousands of acres of our richest land. I venture to say that there are at even million acres of land in this State on which not one cent of tax is paid.

Attacks Tax System.

"This iniquitous system has resulted in a depletion of the State treasury to the extent that whereas we should get an even two billions of dollars per year, we actually get only $850,000,000.

"The whole fault is with them system, and half-way measures will not relieve it. In the first place, locally there should be a county board of tax equalizers to see to it that every man in that county pays as much as every other man, in proportion, of course. By such an equalization the general tax rate would be reduced by at least 2 or 2 1-2 mills on the dollar, while at the same time the revenues would be increased by the large return on property which is not now taxed.

"In the second place, the work of the county boards should be supervised by the State Board of Tax Equalizers, which should see to it that the counties are taxed alike when the property of the one is as valuable as that of the other. For instance, if the tax rate in one county is $10, while that in another is only $8, the State board can equalize by making a general raise, which obviously would hardly be felt by the individual landowner. And yet the general effect would be a big increase in the revenue.

"We can not afford to go only half way at this thing. The present system of Grand Jury supervision in the counties must be supplanted by capable county boards, which, in turn, shall be supervised by a special State board. The change must be complete—the people demand it."

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK

$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

Bifocals and Lenses Ground to Order at Lowest Prices

Columbian Optical Co.

81-83 Whitehall Street---With Columbian Book Co.

Crowd Sees Negro Fight With Police

Caught Attempting to Rob Another Black, He Has To Be Clubbed Nearly to Death.

Charley Allen, a negro desperado, engaged two policemen in a fight for their lives within the shadow of the city prison Saturday night, and was subdued only after he was clubbed to unconsciousness. Hundreds of people witnessed the conflict.

The negro was caught by Policeman W. L. Payne attempting to rob another negro at Butler and Decatur streets. At the approach of the policeman the negro drew a knife, and became aggressive, grappling with the officer.

Allen's arm was drawn back and he was aiming a deadly thrust with the big knife when he was seized by Policeman L. O. Askew. Askew struck the negro on the head with his club, and Allen went wild, fighting to cut both men.

After several minutes of fighting, during which the clothes of the policemen were torn and cut and the officers bruised considerably, the negro was beaten into subjection and hauled to the station house. Later he was sent to Grady Hospital when it was found that his injuries were serious.

New Marshal Takes Official Oath Aug. 1

Will Not Name Appointees Until Sworn In—Expects to Make Macon Headquarters.

MACON, July 26.—Joseph S. Davis, newly appointed Marshal of the United States Court for the Southern District of Georgia, will take his oath of office August 1, succeeding George F. White, who has held the place for twelve years.

Mr. Davis wants to have headquarters in Albany, but expects the Attorney General to designate Macon as his official location, on account of the Judge and the District Attorney living here.

Mr. Davis will not announce the names of his appointees until he goes into office.

Misses Prioleau Not Seriously Injured

Atlanta Family of Young Society Girls Gets Definite News of Auto Crash.

From Monroe, La., Saturday evening Atlanta members of the Prioleau family learned that injuries received by Misses Theo and Dolly Prioleau in an automobile accident Thursday would not result seriously.

W. S. Prioleau, of No. 79 East Merritts avenue, a brother of the young women, reached Monroe early Saturday afternoon. Miss Theo Prioleau suffered a double fracture of the leg. Miss Dolly Prioleau was bruised and shaken, but not badly hurt.

B. H. S. CLASS OF 1912 HOLDS 2D BANQUET

Thirty-six Members Gather at the Festal Board and Recount School Memoirs.

The Georgia Pine room at the New Ansley Hotel last night was the rendezvous of a happy gathering when the members of the class of 1912 of the Atlanta Boys' High School held its second annual banquet.

George L. Bell, Jr., was the toastmaster, and as the boys partook of the delicious repast members of the class were called upon for impromptu speeches. Many memorable incidents of the old class life were related and a spirit of good fellowship prevailed.

Thirty-six members of the 1912 class were present. Eighteen of the boys are now attending college. The class roll follows:

Isadore Abelson, E. L. Abernathy, Albert J. Andrews, George L. Bell, Jr., Easom J. Bond, R. J. Broyles, H. W. Chambers, C. H. Crocker, Charles M. Davis, Charles I. Ennis, Howell Foreman, Ames Frazer, P. F. Greenfield, C. P. Goldsmith, Gerson Hadas, Stanton Henley, John W. Hill, Hal Hulsey, Louis Lester, W. W. Masters, W. C. Mathews, Robert C. Morris, C. McClamroch, Asa Patterson, L. A. Pinkussohn, John W. Russey, A. L. Snodgrass, A. Hoke Swann, G. W. Walters and C. S. Winn. The class officers are: E. J. Bond, president; R. C. Morris, vice president; C. H. Crocker, secretary and treasurer.

HYDROPHOBIC HEN KILLED WHEN SHE ATTACKS CHILD

MACON, July 26.—A "mad" chicken, the first ever seen or heard of in Macon, was killed to-day by Policeman T. R. Roland, after the fowl had savagely attacked his 10-year-old boy. It developed that the hen was bitten a week ago by a rabid dog, but not until to-day were the hydrophobic symptoms manifested. When Policeman Roland first observed the chicken it was fighting the other hens. The boy went out in the yard to see what was the matter with his pet, and the hen viciously fought him.

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$20.85 Round Trip $20.85

Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Stop That Whooping Cough

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Whooping Cough Powders

Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*

For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.

Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.

By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.

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NUXCARA

Cures Indigestion!

Indigestion and all its accompanying evils—headache, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and irritability—can be completely and permanently cured.

TAKE NUXCARA

3 Times a Day

One-half hour before each meal. Then eat what you please, for NUXCARA will instantly relieve while gradually effecting a permanent cure.

NUXCARA is a pure vegetable preparation.

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Athens — Latest News of North Georgia — Rome

GIRL IN TRANCE WHISPERS CURE TO RELATIVES

Occult Powers of Country Lass Arouse Interest of Psychologists and Physicians.

ATHENS, July 26.—Scientists, doctors, professors and ministers again have become deeply interested in the weird actions and mysterious manifestations of Sue Mae Burgess, the 14-year-old Green County girl who has startled all who have seen her by her uncanny doings and unaccountable predictions, the strangest of which all have come true.

This little country girl, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Burgess, living near Farmington, where the counties of Green and Oconee join, became subject to repeated attacks of what were pronounced by the country physicians as cataleptic fits, and while undergoing these attacks, her body became rigid and she was unconscious of what was being said or done around her.

However, she was able to speak occasionally in a whisper, and after a few minutes she would whisper to some member of the family what could be done to relieve her.

Weird Remedies Effective.

The commands the mother, sister, brother or perhaps father received were of the strangest kind, and it was not until they were convinced that she was really relieved in this way that they had faith in what she said. It might be to touch her forehead lightly or rub her hand, then again it might require a visit to a neighbor's house so that some one not of the immediate family could minister to her.

These facts, along with the ability she had of predicting when she would be attacked, even days ahead, caused the family and neighbors to regard her and her actions in a different way, for it began to seem she must possess superhuman traits. Then came the climax. During one of her "spells," she told of a strange root in the grave of old Governor Peter Early, which was not far distant, and which would glow like fire, and if prepared into a tea would cure her. What happened during the next few days reads like a story from the "Arabian Nights."

During her next "fit" she reprimanded her brother for not following her instructions, and finally the physician, Dr. Harrell, was persuaded to go to the old grave in search of the glowing root that possessed such wonderful properties.

Finds Wonderful Root.

He did. He found the locust tree beside the grave and the loose rock as the girl had said, and was not long in finding something that startled him. It was the root, and he could hardly believe it when he noticed that it shone and gave out a soft golden light. Pieces of it were brought to Athens and exhibited here without explanation. Prof. D. L. Earnest, of the State Normal College, one of the best authorities on psychology in the State, visited the home and on returning to Athens in the night used a piece of the root to look at his watch, without ever striking a match.

The lotion from the root was prepared as the girl directed and applied, and for a month it seemed that it would be the means of restoring good health again.

Hornet Breaks Spell.

But the spell was broken last week and as the result of the sting of a hornet, the girl against is having cataleptic fits. Everything had gone well since the application of the mysterious root lotion until she was attacked and stung by a large hornet. The only relief possible now is the instruction she gives those around her as to what to do, and it is predicted that she again will suggest something strangely unusual as a permanent cure.

Many visitors from Watson Springs, Crawford, Athens and other nearby places have heard when she would be under a "spell" and have gone to the home to see her in one of her rigid and unconscious states.

Normally she is a very pretty girl with light hair and brown eyes and is admired.

NEW HOTEL FOR ROME NOW IS A CERTAINTY

ROME, July 26.—Rome is to have a new hotel. It will be one of the handsomest structures in the State, and work will begin on it about September 1.

During the last few weeks a committee composed of M. S. Lanier, J. D. McCartney and L. S. Daniel has been canvassing the city for subscriptions. The committee had little difficulty in raising enough to clinch the project. At least $150,000 will be expended. The hotel will be at Broad street and Fifth avenue, where now stands the historic Choice House. It will be six or seven stories in height.

FORMER DALTON FARMER KILLED IN LONE STAR STATE

DALTON, July 26.—Henry J. Cucksee, a farmer who left this county in 1902 to locate in Texas, was struck by an automobile and killed near Hereford, Texas. His body was brought to Dalton and taken to Sumach Cemetery for interment.

The dead man had a wide acquaintance in this section, being before leaving here a prominent farmer of this county. He is survived by three sisters and two brothers.

STATE GAME REPORT PRINTED.

DALTON, July 26.—The annual report of the State Department of Game and Fish, consisting of 94 pages, is off the press of a Dalton printing company and will be ready for distribution within a few days.

Crawford Wheatly

Of Americus, who was the principal drafter of the appropriations bill, passed by the Georgia House of Representatives last week.

Representative from Sumter County.



Chairman of House Appropriations Committee.

Important Murder Trial Due This Week

Special Jury Expected to Probe Hatfield Slaying—Three Men in Jail.

DALTON, July 26.—When Superior Court meets here Monday morning for the regular July term it is probable Judge Fite's first action will be the drawing of a special Grand Jury to investigate the recent killing of Will Parrish in North Dalton for which three men, Dan Hatfield and John and Tom Nicodemus, are in jail, the former charged with the murder and the other two as accessories.

Hatfield is confined in the Floyd County jail, where he was taken after being brought here, owing to rumors of contemplated mob violence. Parrish, the man killed by Hatfield, was well liked by his associates, and after the killing the feeling all turned against Hatfield. When he was caught in Cleveland, Tenn., and brought here, the Sheriff telephoned Judge Fite and obtained the necessary order for transferring him to the Floyd County jail.

If indictments are returned against the three men the trials will occupy a big portion of the week.

THREE MILES OF CEMENT SIDEWALKS FOR DALTON

DALTON, July 26.—Thornton avenue, Cleveland, Selvidge, McCamy and North Hamilton are the residential streets in which the City Council will take immediate steps looking to laying cement sidewalks.

The initial work as mapped out consists of about three miles of sidewalks.

DISTRICT CONFERENCE MEETS.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—About 100 preachers and laymen of the Gainesville District Methodist Conference have been in attendance upon the session at Flowery Branch this week. There are 28 pastoral charges in this district.

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CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



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TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
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Sorority Girls Camp Beside Lake Warner

Alpha Delta Phi Party First, but More Are Expected From Athens Organization.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Young ladies of the Alpha Delta Phi Sorority, 25 in number, of Wesleyan College, Macon, will arrive in Gainesville Friday for a two weeks' camp on Lake Warner.

It is likely that other parties, probably from Lucy Cobb, Athens, sororities, later will be added to the number of pretty, lively campers on the shores of the beautiful lake.

There now are in camp over 200 people. For several years Chattahoochee Park has been the scene of animated camp colonies each summer. There are more this summer than ever before.

DALTON FIREMEN TO TAKE TWO-WEEK OUTING

DALTON, July 26.—More than a score of the members of the Dalton fire department will leave here on the morning of August 9 for a fortnight's outing at St. Simons Island.

The firemen are already making preparations for the trip, for which the railroads will grant special rates.

MEETING AT LA GRANGE TO TALK COUNTY FAIR

LA GRANGE, July 26.—A mass meeting will be held at the courthouse here next Thursday night at the time of the regular session of the Chamber of Commerce. The Troup County Fair Association will meet with the chamber in the interest of the coming county fair.

REAL INVENTOR OF TYPEWRITER WAS GEORGIAN

Birmingham Man Starts Movement to Rear Monument Over His Grave Near Rome.

ROME, July 26.—The inventor of the typewriter, John Jonathan Pratt, once lived within a few miles of Rome. Pratt's body now rests near the old loghouse that was his home, on the Center-Leesburg road, practically unknown and unnoticed by passersby.

Necessity was the mother of the invention, because from his duties as Clerk of the Court he developed typewriter's cramp and invented the machine to relieve it. Claude M. Hall of Birmingham, has lately inaugurated a campaign to revive interest in the memory of the inventor, and hopes the result will be the rearing of a monument over the lonely grave of the genius. His plan involves small subscriptions by users of the typewriters throughout the nation.

There are two or three other claimants for the distinction of inventing the typewriter, but the honor really belongs to Pratt, who died in Chattanooga June 24, 1905, at the age of 75 years. A few years before his death Pratt lived in Brooklyn.

December 19, 1857, Pratt was appointed Register in Chancery of Cherokee County and held this place until February 22, 1864. While working here Pratt got writer's cramp and decided to invent a typewriter to save suffering. He made a machine that worked earlier, but did not begin the active sale of his invention until 1867, in London, England.

From an aunt, Miss Elizabeth Herndon, of South Carolina, he borrowed $10,000 in 1867 to finance operations and perfect patents both here and in Europe. He went to England in the sixties and his machine attracted considerable attention. Immediately, the manufacture of at ypewriter in the United States was started by Milwaukee capitalists. Through the breaking of a contract by Memphis men Pratt encountered trouble, but later a wealthy man by the name of Hammond agreed to defeat the Memphis men on the condition that the machine could be manufactured under the name of Hammond. Pratt stayed in Hammond's employ until his death, receiving $2,500 per annum and a royalty on all typewriters sold.

Although the grave of the inventor lies within 200 yards of the Leesburg-Center road, hundreds of visitors pass by it every year without paying any attention to it.

WOMEN TO MEET MEN IN SUFFRAGE DEBATE

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A most interesting occasion will be the debate in Brenau Auditorium Monday night on "Woman's Suffrage," in which a number of prominent local men and women will take part. It is to be held under the auspices of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. Miss Ella Powell will deliver a lecture.

ELBERT COUNTY SATISFIED WITH NEW LAW CHANGES

ELBERTON, July 26.—The bill which passed the House this week changing the County Commissioners of Elbert from three to one, providing for the employment of a competent supervisor and engineer and making other changes in this most important county office, is satisfactory to the people of the county.

100 ODD FELLOWS ENJOY DAY'S OUTING AT CLERMONT

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A special train over the Gainesville and Northwestern Railway carried about 100 to the twentieth division meeting of the I. O. O. F. at Clermont this week. There was a big dinner and a number of addresses by prominent Odd Fellows. The degree work of the order was exemplified.

WAR ON BLIND TIGERS.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Chief of Police W. E. Smith is determined to rid the city of blind tigers. Eight have been convicted the past week. Two came clear on trial.

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Three Stills Found In White County

Owners Offer No Resistance When Destroyed—Revenue Officers All Ordered to Chattanooga.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Deputy Collector Cooley and Revenue Officers Bush, Barney Richardson and Hymen Richardson, in a raiding tour through White County, found and destroyed three illicit stills, meeting no defiance from the owners.

At one of the stills there were two negroes, and the officers report that upon their approach the negroes "burned the wind" in escaping. Many gallons of beer and mash were destroyed, and at one place the officers smelled the refuse from the stil from a stream where it had been poured, and, traveling up the stream half a mile, found the still.

Officers Cooley and Bush this week were called to Chattanooga and advised to comep repared for a long trip and be well armed. It is said that the "revvies" from many of the districts have been ordered to this point. It is thought moonshiners in the mountains of Tennessee have banded together to fight an effort to take their distilleries.

A. J. Patterson Puts More 'Air' in 'Fair'

Tells Griffin the Exhibit This Year Will Be "the Biggest and Best Ever Held."

GRIFFIN, July 26.—A. P. Patterson, president of the Spalding County Fair and the man who put the "air" in "fair," says the county fair of Spalding this year will be the biggest and best ever held here.

Contracts are to be let for the erection of a poultry house and also a live stock building. In addition to these, some of the present buildings will be enlarged, and other improvements made. The race track is to be regraded and a new grandstand built.

It is expected that this year's fair will have a larger number of farm and domestic exhibits than formerly and that the newly organized Boys' Corn Club will take an important part in the exhibits.

ROME SOCIAL CLUBS ESCAPE INDICTMENT

ROME, July 26.—Although Judge Moses Wright recommended in his charge to the Grand Jury that the locker clubs of Rome be investigated, no indictments were brought, which is believed to mean that these organizations are abiding by the law. However, a number of true bills were brought against individuals for selling whisky.

PASTOR GIVEN VACATION BY LA GRANGE BAPTISTS

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Dr. A. B. Vaughan, pastor of the First Baptist Church, has been voted a month's vacation by his church, and during his absence repairs to the amount of $2,000 will be made on the church.

FOUR IN SAME FAMILY APPENDICITIS VICTIMS

ELBERTON, July 26.—Alonzo Bowen, 14-year-old son of Ed Bowen, was operated on for appendicitis. He is doing well and will recover. This is the fourth operation in the Bowen family for appendicitis.

ROME DROUTH BROKEN.

ROME, July 26.—Rome was visited by a heavy rain, ending a drouth that has existed since June 7. The precipitation lasted for more than three hours and is worth thousands of dollars to this section.

GYPSY SMITH TO CONDUCT BIG REVIVAL

London Preacher to Hold Services in Accordance With Wishes of Dead Evangelist.

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—For some twenty years the late Rev. Sam P. Jones conducted annually a meeting at the tabernacle in this city and in this historic building, thousands came from far and near, during his lifetime, to hear him. At the last meeting just about a month before he died, he appointed a tabernacle committee and requested that the annual meetings continue after he died.

One meeting was held the year after his death and then the meetings were abandoned until last year, when the Rev. Bob Jones, of Montgomery, Ala., was invited to come and hold a revival meeting at the tabernacle.

Next Sunday morning, August 3, Rev. "Gypsy" Smith, of London, England, will preach at 11 o'clock. At 3:30 Rev. John Callahan, of the Water Street Mission of New York City, will have charge of the services and at 8 o'clock the Rev. Mr. Smith will preach again. Throughout the ten days there will be three services each day, the morning and evening services conducted by "Gypsy" Smith and the afternoon services by John Callahan.

Rev. Bob Jones will be platform director and will take an active part in the meeting, but, it is said, will not preach. He will arrive Friday night. The Rev. Mr. Sellers, of the Moody Bible Institute, of Chicago, will accompany him. The Rev. Mr. Smith and John Callanan will reach here next Saturday.

A fine singer has been secured and there will be a large choir organized from the ranks of the young men and ladies of the city and county.

Large crowds are expected. The railroads have given reduced rates.

The Sam Jones Tabernacle is situated in a beautiful grove about one-half mile from the city and has a seating capacity of 6,000. As many as 10,000 people have heard Rev. Sam Jones at one time preach from that pulpit.

City Farming

Reap a big crop of rent money by sowing a little "Room to Rent" seed in the American "Want Ad" columns : : :

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TROUP SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION TO MEET

LA GRANGE, July 26.—The Troup County Sunday School Association will hold a two days' session next week. The first meeting will be held at Pleasant Grove Church, a few miles in the country, on Thursday. The second will be at the First Baptist Church of LaGrange on Friday.

REUNION AT REDWINE.

GAINESVILLE, July 25.—Colonel B. P. Gaillard, of this city, will be orator of the day at the reunion of Confederate veterans at Redwine Church next Saturday. There will be band music and a basket dinner. The reunion is for Company D, Twenty-seventh Georgia Regiment.

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Bargains in rebuilt pianos taken in part payment for Euphonas.

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COUNTY TO AID '500,000 MOVE'

Commissioner Pledges Rural Help in Campaign

New State Officer Declares Agricultural Progress of State Will Be Atlanta's Biggest Asset in Bringing Half-Million People Here by 1920.

James D. Price, Georgia's newly inaugurated Commissioner of Agriculture, in a fine and optimistic interview in The Sunday American, heartily indorses the movement to make Atlanta a city of 500,000 population in 1920, and pledges his cordial support and co-operation, as head of his great department, in bringing this about.

Mr. Price believes that Atlanta's progress and prosperity is closely interwoven with the progress and prosperity of the agricultural interests, and will exert all his influence to bring about a more intelligent and thorough understanding between the two grand divisions of the State's population—the urban and the rural.

Mr. Price said:

"I find myself much interested in the fine plans of The Atlanta Georgian and Hearst's Sunday American to boost Atlanta's population from its present status to 500,000 in 1920.

Scheme Can Be Accomplished.

"It is an ambitious scheme, but it can be accomplished; and I, as a temporary citizen of Atlanta, anyway, wish to give it my indorsement and help in so far as I can.

"As Commissioner of Agriculture, I am of the opinion that nothing is so essential to Atlanta's growth and prosperity as a cordial and intelligent understanding of and co-operation with the farmers of the State.

"The prosperity of the cities is unmistakably interwoven with the prosperity of the farmers, and the Capital City of Georgia, and the greatest city in the South, can achieve its 500,000 ambition only with the willing and cheerful help of the farmers.

"If I may be a factor in bringing the city of Atlanta—the capital of the State—into closer relations with the farmers of the State; if I may be the means of bringing closer relations between all the cities and all the farmers, I shall be very happy, for I will have served the people of Georgia well.

"Georgia is a remarkable State agriculturally, and if we will but take advantage of her natural agricultural resources and utilize all of the active agencies which are at work in the State, marvelous changes can be brought about.

"Starting at the northern border, the mountain section is peculiarly adapted to live stock, apples, peaches and grapes, as well as mixed farming. The middle section produces grains, hays, live stock, fruits, vegetables and ever-present cotton. The southern section is almost like an undiscovered country, for its resources seem to be unlimited.

Mixed Farming No Dream.

"It is no theory, it is no dream, it is no imagination of the fanciful, to say that the above is true, for we have the actual results already accomplished, and by individuals who live on the farm, who have made financial successes of mixed farming, trucking, fruit and nuts, and cattle, hogs, mules and horses have already been produced economically in Georgia.

"Another fact worth emphasizing right now is this: The most prosperous communities in the State are those where the landowners have limited acreage, on which they maintain a home. In contrast to this, the communities in Georgia which are composed of large plantations are almost invariably in a low state of development.

"For these reasons I shall make an extra effort to reach the small farmer. In doing this, of course, no man who lives in the country will be overlooked.

"As to the Georgia Department of Agriculture, it was originally established simply for the inspection of fertilizers. As Georgia has grown, however, the department has taken on other activities, and I hope to be able to add to this efficiency by putting on such bureaus as are necessary for giving effective service to the Georgia farmer.

Department Self-Sustaining.

"The department is more than self-sustaining, in a way, in that it pays into the Treasury every year $120,000 more than it takes out. This sum is over and above the present expenses of the department. If the Legislature will, as I think it should, give the department a little more necessary money in one or two directions, its effectiveness will be wonderfully increased, and still it will more than pay for itself.

"I sincerely hope that Atlanta will be successful in her undertaking for 500,000 people by 1920, for I firmly believe that this result can be had by bringing about such country development as I have in mind.

"It will, therefore be necessary for the great city of Atlanta to co-operate with all of the active farm agencies in the State which are working for rural development, and I believe that Atlanta, as well as all other Georgia cities, will find it advantageous to give me their hearty co-operation in my attempt thus to administer the affairs of the great department I have the honor to head."

NEWEST NOMINEE IN 'PRETTY GIRL' CONTEST

Miss Christine Earnest.



End of Second Week Finds Button Contest Growing With No Decisive Leader Yet.

The end of the second week of the booster button contest results in a dilemma. No one girl has a decided lead over the others. Though each mail brings in dozens of votes, they are divided. It is yet impossible to tell which type will adorn the booster buttons. The votes are almost equally divided between blondes and brunettes.

Nominations still are open, and readers of Hearst's Sunday American and The Georgian are taking advantage of this fact. More girls were nominated Saturday than any day since the contest began. It is natural, of course, that more votes should have come in.

Miss Christine Earnest, No. 32 Ormewood avenue, is a fair nominee of Saturday. She is an unusual type, with dark brown hair and large blue eyes. The picture reveals the delicate charm of youth.

The opportunity of being the sponsor to the "500,000 Club" which is to boost Atlanta's population to 500,000 by 1920 is as good as ever. Nominate whom you think is the prettiest girl in Atlanta and send in her photograph. Then get your friends to clip the coupons and vote for her.

POLICE HOLD GIRL MOTHER WITH WOMAN

Grandfather Blames Mrs. Harvey for Disgrace of Her 13-Year-Old Charge.

Police are holding for investigation Mrs. Julia Harvey and her 13-year-old foster daughter, Mary Ogle, herself the mother of a year-old child, upon the charge of the girl's grandfather, J. D. Bedford, No. 373 West North avenue, that the woman led the girl astray.

The two were arrested at 162 South Pryor street, where they had been living since coming to Atlanta a week ago. At the same time the officers took a 17-year-old girl-mother, claiming to be Mrs. Ralph DeLaughter, into custody as a friend of Mrs. Harvey.

The information leading to the arrest of the trio was furnished by Bedford and H. C. Ogle, No. 667 Chestnut stret, an uncle of the Ogle girl.

According to Bedford, his granddaughter had been placed with Mrs. Harvey at Barnesville eight years ago. The father of the girl, who is a mechanic, since has disappeared. Bedford declared that his suspicions were first aroused when he learned that his granddaughter, at the age of 12 years, had become a mother.

He then learned that the foster-mother and girl had left Barnesville. He traced them throughout Georgia, he declared, and finally found them at the South Pryor street address.

Bedford stated that he would attempt to separate his granddaughter from the Harvey woman and place her infant in an orphan home.

Mrs. DeLaughter refused to give any information as to herself and later was released.

1 Dead, 4 Hurt in Auto Tour Wreck

First Fatality of Run From Indianapolis to Pacific Coast at Sacramento.

SACRAMENTO, July 26.—The first fatality in connection with the tour of the Indiana Automobile Manufacturers' Association from Indianapolis to the Pacific Coast occurred late this afternoon, when one man was killed and four others were injured when the driver of an escorting auto from the coast tried to keep from running down a motorcyclist and turned his car over in the ditch.

The dead: J. S. Appel, San Francisco, representative of Motor Field, skull fractured and both arms broken.

The injured: Frank McDonald, 16 years old, motorcyclist, skull fractured, hopes for recovery; E. E. Westergreen, San Francisco, possible fracture of right arm; Frank Herman, correspondent of The Evening Post, San Francisco, left wrist fractured; James Shock, driver, severely bruised.

First Georgia Has 585 in Regiment

Quarterly Returns Show Brunswick With Largest Company—Force's Officers Practically Complete.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Quarterly returns to the Adjutant General of the State from the First Regiment show that organization to have 49 officers and 585 men. This is regarded in military circles as a splendid showing.

The report includes the twelve companies, field, staff and band. Of the companies eight have their full complement of three officers. The Savannah companies, with one exception, have their full complement of officers.

The largest enlistment of men in any single company is shown by Company G, of Brunswick, which has 60 names on its roll. This company has three officers. Company H, the German Volunteers, has the largest enlistment of any Savannah company, 56 men being shown. This company also has three officers.

Conductors Name Adjustment Board

Any Differences With Central of Georgia Management To Be Amicably Settled.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—To appoint a committee which will take up with the management of the Central of Georgia Railroad any matters which they believe need adjustment, a delegation of officials of the Order of Railway Conductors of America held a meeting in this city.

M. C. Carey, of Port Huron, Mich., vice president of the order, presided. W. M. Hamilton, H. W. Washburn and J. W. Hall, of Macon, and two other delegates were present. Carey said that so far as he knew there are no serious differences between the conductors and the railway company, and that there is no friction whatever between them.

Wilson Says U. S. Must Act in Mexico to End Strife

Continued From Page 1.

night, and all that is needed to start a movement to cross the border to avenge Dixon is a leader. Troops are patrolling the border and will prevent Americans from crossing. Mexican Federals have threatened many Americans and it has become dangerous for Americans to cross the river.

Consul Edwards, a Taft appointee, is being severely criticised for his attitude in refusing to offer Americans, arrested by federals, assistance and to-morrow morning an El Paso paper will editorially ask for his removal.

Wounds May Be Fatal.

Dr. J. H. Tappan, of the Immigration Service in El Paso, is at Juarez attending the injured man. He is of the opinion that the wounds will prove fatal.

When F. W. Berkshire, Supervising Inspector for the United States Immigrant Service on the border, went to Juarez accompanied by Clarence Gatley, an Inspector in the service, to look after Dixon, they were both arrested. Late this evening they were turned loose. The Mexican Consul, Miguel Diebold, of this city, has been appealed to by Americans to assist in having Dixon removed to El Paso, where he may be given proper medical attention in an effort to save his life. Deaf ears have ben turned to all appeals by the Mexicans. The federals are openly insulting all Americans who cross the border.

Late to-night it was learned from the immigration office that the arrest and shooting of Dixon appears to have been a prearranged scheme of the Mexicans. They called the immigration office this afternoon and asked that Dixon be sent to Juarez, that they had some information on the white slave case on which the El Paso authorities had been working. A Japanese nurse has been assigned by the federals to attend to Dixon and this has caused much comment here. His room is strongly guarded by federal soldiers.

U. S. Must Take Definite Stand on Huerta's Status.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The report of Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson on the situation in Mexico, asked for by the President, was finished this afternoon at 5 o'clock and was sent to the President to-night.

The report of Mr. Wilson comprises his views as to an effective remedy for conditions in Mexico, and, substantially, this is that the neutrality laws be enforced strictly and adequately. By that enforcement, he believes, the revolution will disintegrate and peace will be restored. This is the proposition of Ambassador Wilson, originally made to the Taft administration, and which President Taft adopted by sending a division of the army to the frontier.

But that the United States must take a firm and decided stand at once developed yesterday at the series of conferences of Secretary Bryan, Ambassador Wilson and his commissioner, Mr. Del Valle, and between the Secretary and the Foreign Relations Committee. In addition to the solution offered by the Ambassador, this Government has left in its final policy the following alternatives:

Recognition of the Huerta government, with the moral support of the United States in restoring order.

Recognition of the Sonora revolutionists, headed by Pesqueira and Mayor Torena, as belligerents, and support for them against the Huerta regime.

Intervention, which means war.

Mediation, which Ambassador Wilson says also means war, as Huerta will not accept any mediation.

The conference eliminated Carranza as a factor to be considered. All the reports reaching the State Department from its confidential sources brand Carranza as an impossibility for the presidency.

Europe Forces Hand.

The necessity for this Government to adopt at least a definite policy does not arise from any change of conditions in Mexico itself. What now is forcing the hand of the United States is the attitude of the European Governments, whose representatives in Mexico recently joined in representations against the long continued disorders.

The United States is being warned both by its official and by private agents that if this Government longer pursues a waiting policy, it soon may be face to face with a break with the world powers on the Monroe Doctrine.

Secretary Bryan, speaking for President Wilson before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, to-day asked that nothing be done at present in the way of repealing the neutrality resolutions of March 14, 1912, governing the shipment of arms into Mexico. The committee agreed to the request.

At the Secretary's suggestion, Ambassador Wilson will appear before the committee early next week and give the members at first hand a full report of conditions in Mexico as he understands them. Mr. Bryan said the President wished this done so that the committee might as fully be advised as himself about the situation in that republic.

Mr. Wilson may be called Tuesday.

It developed that President Wilson desires to hold the neutrality law as a club over the heads of the warring factions in Mexico. To what extent, or to what practical purpose, he intended to use it, Secretary Bryan did not volunteer.

Senator Bacon Ironical.

"I decline to express an opinion, as I would not assume that the Ambassador would give out such an interview as was telegraphed here or published in the local papers. On the contrary, I assume he did not do so."

Speaking privately, members of the committee were unanimously of the opinion that if Mr. Wilson has been correctly quoted he was speaking as a man who knew he would not be returned to his post.

Representative Frank Clark, of Florida, who has pending a resolution to prohibit Japanese colonization in Mexico, said:

"Recognition of the Huerta rule in Mexico would be criminal. He is a proven murderer and an assassin. Reports that I have received from reliable sources on Mexican affairs convince me that Ambassador Wilson is wrong in his suggestion that Huerta can establish a stable government in Mexico."

Two Americans Held By Mexican Insurrectos.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The State Department made a formal demand on the Huerta Government in Mexico to-day to protect the life of Charles Bessel, manager of the Mines Company of America, who is said to have been arrested in Chihuahua and held under sentence of death.

Mr. Bessel is prominent in New York, but his family is said now to be in El Paso. The information that the mining man had been arrested came through Arthur T. Black, of New York, vice president of the Mines Company of America, who appealed to the Government.

Word also has been received here that F. C. Herr, of Newark, Ohio, is held in Madera, Mexico. Herr, who was attacked by bandits, killed one of them, and for thus defending his life and property was seized by the rebels.

Satisfaction in glasses depends upon their fitting properly.

We strive for the best in refracting, in grinding and in fitting.

Oculist service at opticians' prices. L. N. Huff Optical Company, two stores, 70 Whitehall, 52 W. Mitchell. Adv.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to b eused for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.

Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.

TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.

10 p. m. solid Pullman train.

10:15 p. m. Coach train.

Make Reservations Now.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

The Joys of Solitude

are about the only ones that are missed by the man who advertises in the "Want Ad" columns of The American. American "Want Ads" are hustling little salesmen who get results.

Take Your Vacation at

Wrightsville Beach

Near Wilmington, N. C.

Splendid hotels; finest beach on Atlantic Coast; best sea and sound fishing; electric train service to city. No end to indoor and outdoor amusements. Reduced railroad rates. For literature and other information write to

E. L. Hinton, Mgr. Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
C. E. Hooper, Mgr. Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
H. C. Foss, Mgr. Hanover Inn, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

First Pardon From Slaton Frees Woman

Mrs. Lula Berbig Released From Fulton County Jail to Go to Her Children.

Mrs. Lula Berbig was released from the Fulton County Jail Saturday on the first pardon issued by Governor John M. Slaton. The recent death of her mother, the ill health of her father, and the fact that she has two small children in Meridian, Miss., to whom she wishes to go, were elements of her plea for freedom. The State Prison Commission, Judge A. E. Calhoun and Solicitor Lowry Arnold, of the City Court, recommended the pardon.

Mrs. Berbig has been in prison two months. She was sentenced to terms aggregating nine months on charges of disorderly conduct and of conducting a disorderly house.

DON'T FEAR SUNBURN



CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 2G, Boston. ☞Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

Atlanta Boy Finishes Harvard in 3 Years

James C. Manry Returns With A. B. Degree to Take Up Work as Minister.

Completing the undergraduate work for the A. B. degree at Harvard University with honors in three years is the record made by an Atlanta boy. He is James C. Manry, who has returned to take up his life work as a minister.

Mr. Manry was graduated from the Boys' High School in 1910 and the following year took up the undergraduate work at Harvard. During the past three years he not only completed the work required, but attained the high honor of "magna cum laude" at the commencement exercises in June.

Soon after entering Harvard, Mr. Manry decided to prepare himself for the ministry. He took an active part in the religious life of the university, and since arriving in Atlanta has filled the pulpit of the Second Baptist Church several times. Next Sunday Mr. Manry will conduct the morning service at the Inman Park Presbyterian Church.

Negro Boy With Gun Terrorizes Street

Families Barricade Themselves in Homes as Black Youth Threatens—Police End Terror.

Armed with a loaded rifle, Jesse Oliver, a 16-year-old negro youth, late yesterday afternoon terrorized the community in the vicinity of Larkin and Chapel streets.

Numbers of men and women, fearful that the boy would shoot, fled from the streets and barricaded themselves in their homes. The police station was notified and Call Officer Gorman hastened to the scene, finding Oliver in his home, No. 71 Kennesaw alley. The boy leaped from a window and tried to escape, but was captured before he could get out of the yard.

Baptist Association Postpones Meeting

Lithonia Church Builds Auditorium and Prepares to Entertain in Atlanta.

Owing to the building of a new auditorium and repair work on the Lithonia Baptist Church, the Stone Mountain Baptist Association has postponed its regular meeting until the first Tuesday in October. The session at that time will be held in the Lithonia Baptist Church.

An order postponing the meeting has been issued by Chairman W. T. McCutcheon and Secretary B. F. Tucker, of the executive and co-operation committee.

Chief Prepares to Use Policewomen

Beavers Will Ask Council for Appointment of Four—Successful in Other Cities.

Police Chief Beavers is obtaining information from other large cities relative to the operation of policewomen, in order that he may formulate the best possible plans for using them in Atlanta. The Chief will ask for the appointment of four policewomen at the next meeting of the Police Commission, the second Tuesday night in August.

The Chief has received a letter from Chief C. E. Sebastain, of Los Angeles, explaining the workings of the women police in that city. Los Angeles has three such officers, and they are said to give splendid service. They receive $75 per month salary and perform all duties of regular policemen, with the exception of patrolling a beat.

They have special supervision over dance halls, motion picture theaters and other like places.

Ties Husband in Bed And Shoots Him Dead

Tampa Woman, Tired of Abuse, Then Commits Suicide to End Troubles.

TAMPA, July 26.—Tired of being abused, Mrs. Avalina Rodriguez tied her husband to his bed to-day and fired five bullets into his head and body and then killed herself. They had quarreled last night and he is believed to have beat her, as was his custom, it is claimed, from the disturbance the neighbors heard.

Early this morning Mrs. Rodriguez gave part of her clothing to a neighbor, told the neighbor she was going to kill herself and her husband, and went back to the house. Within five minutes the shots were heard, and the policemen who had been called, had to break down the door to get in. Both were dead. She had shot him, then untied the cords that held him, lay down by his side and shot herself through the heart.

'Hotel and Travel' A New Publication

Atlanta Man, Publisher of the Watts Railway Guide, Launches Another Venture.

"Hotel and Travel" is the name of Atlanta's latest publication, which is now upon the press. It is being published by J. R. Watts, who is also publisher of Watts' Official Railway Guide of the South.

The new publication will be a Southern hotel journal and will succeed The Southern Hotel Journal, which was discontinued with the June number.

100,000 PEACH TREES FOR GEORGIA ORCHARDS

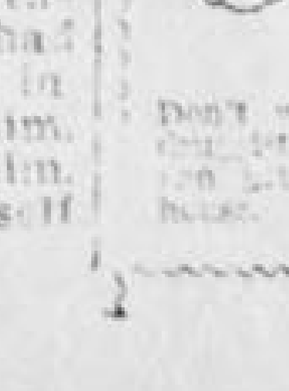
MACON, July 26.—Edward J. Martin, a large peach grower of Marshallville, while in Macon to-day, stated that fully 100,000 peach trees would be set out this fall by the orchard men in his section. "The fine prices brought by this year's crop," he stated, "have encouraged the fruit growers to enlarge their orchards.

"With satisfactory weather conditions in the spring I expect the 1914 fruit crop, especially the peaches, to be the largest in the history of the State, even exceeding that of 1909."

Why Endure Sore Feet

Here is Positive Easy Cure

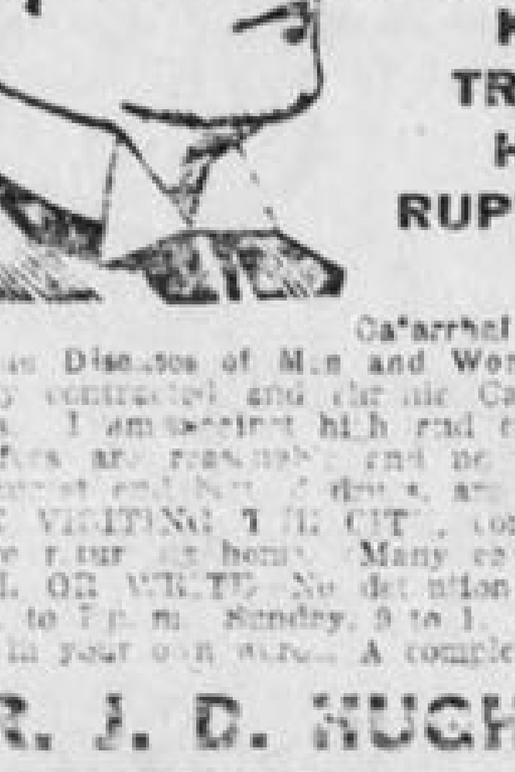
The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments. "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly [illegible] feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has it [illegible] in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.



Glooms Disappear When You Enter The Bonita Theater.

No gloom can stand the fun-dispensing Allen and Kenna company at the Bonita Theater. They are the delight of thousands who visit this beautiful little playhouse and capacity has been the houses since the first day of this company. Good singing, dancing, pretty girls and clever comedians; that's the story.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the purest and best drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank, 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

A New Victrola

At The

Cable Piano Co.

$75

With Record Cabinet

The first Victrola equipped with record cabinet sold for less than $100.

This new Victrola gives the Records a most wonderful Tone.

Mahogany or oak cabinet—all the very latest improvements—tapering tone arm, "goose neck" sound box tube, brake, speed regulator and indicator. Extra heavy double spring, spiral drive motor (can be wound while playing).



Pay $10 Down

$7.50 Monthly

Call and see this best of all Victrola values, dollar for dollar considered.

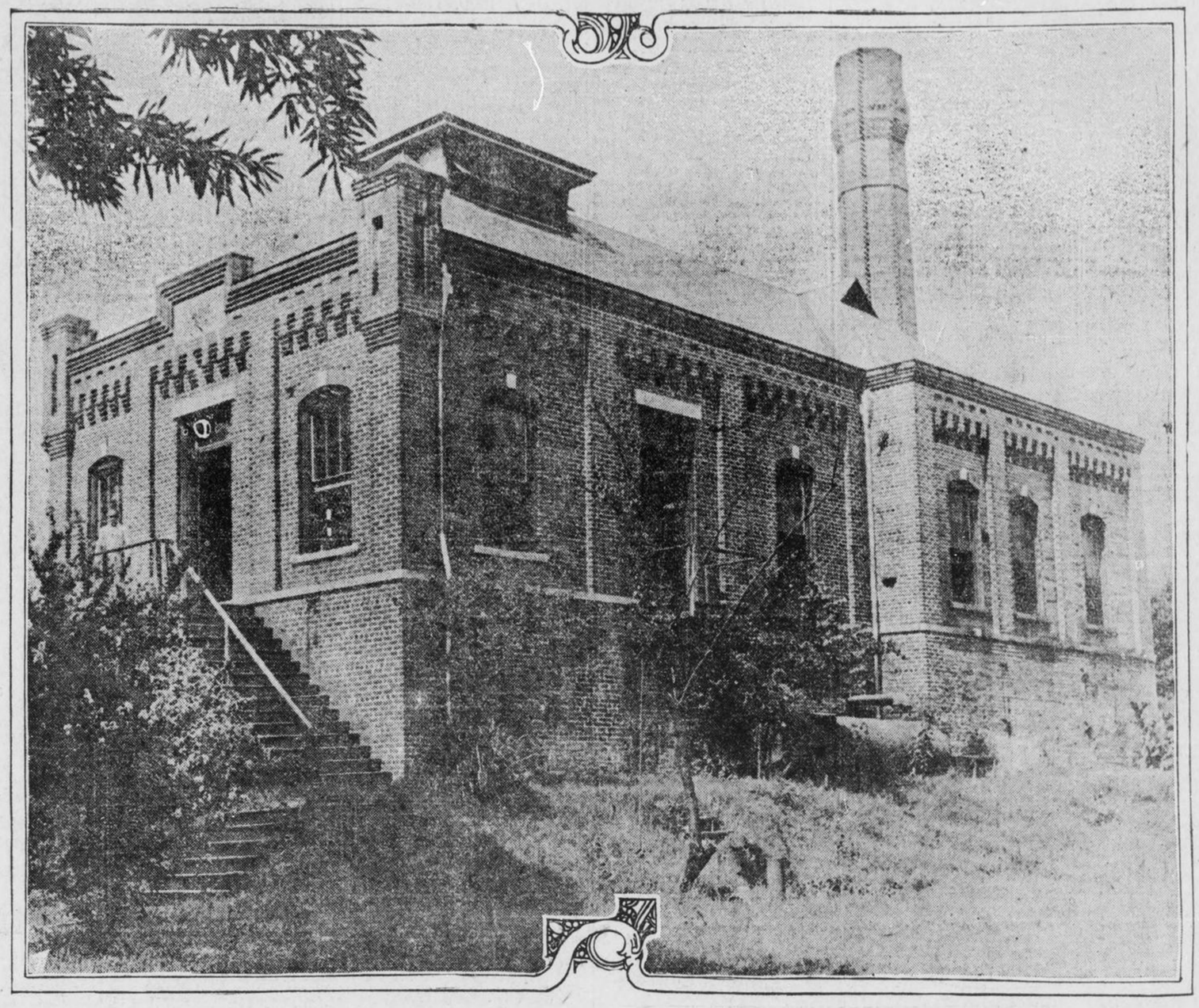
Cable Piano Company

Geo. W. Wilkins, President.

82 & 84 N. Broad St.

ATLANTA

Rome Buys Central Station Electric Current For Her 4,000,000-Gallon City Pump



ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

CONTRACT DEP'T

Georgia Railway & Power Company

ATLANTA

ARBITRATION TO SETTLE COPPER FUME DAMAGES

Tennessee Company to Set Aside $16,500 Annually to Pay the Claims of Farmers.

ENDS EIGHT-YEAR LITIGATION

Arbiters To Be Named by State of Georgia and the Ducktown Corporation.

An arbitration agreement by which farmers on the Georgia-Tennessee line near Ducktown, Tenn., whose crops are damaged by fumes from the smelting plant of the Tennessee Copper Company will be reimbursed, has finally brought to a close the eight-year controversy which grew out of the deadly effect of the factory fumes on surrounding vegetation, according to a statement issued by attorneys in the case Saturday.

By terms of the agreement, the copper company will deposit annually $16,500, out of which will be paid damage to the sufferers at the discretion of an arbitration board of two representatives of the State and one representative of the corporation, which will be appointed.

For years the residents of Ducktown and the neighboring country in Georgia suffered greatly because of the fumes. At first the situation was unbearable, until the concern operating the smelter installed gas-consuming plants, transforming the objectionable vapor into sulphuric acid. As a result, where the deleterious fumes once escaped to the harm of vegetation now tons of acid are produced daily.

In spite of the improvements, however, much of the gas at times escapes. Litigation growing out of the situation was bitterly fought in State and Federal courts.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Louisiana Governor Sues for $100,000

Criticism of New Orleans States Over Land Deal Leads to Damage Claim.

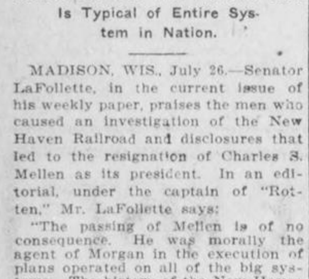
NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—Governor Luther B. Hall, of Louisiana, today sued The Daily States for $100,000 damages as a result of what he alleges was a libel on him in The States' criticism of his attitude in the Tensas Delta land deal.

The States accused the Governor of changing front on the sale of about 900,000 acres of land disposed of at low figures to a Maryland firm. The sale was made by the Delta Commission.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

Mrs. Tom Peirce Finds New Chum

She's Mrs. Effie Pope Hill Alsop

Georgia Girl's Pranks Startling

Mrs. Effie Pope Hill Alsop, Georgia girl wife of aged New York millionaire, who is now chum of Mrs. "Tom" Pierce.



Wife of Aged Millionaire and Famous Society Hoyden Give New England Coast Thrill.

Young Mrs. Edward D. Alsop—Mrs. Effie Pope Hill Alsop she is, you know, of Atlanta and Washington, Ga., and New York City—is up to pranks, naive, tomboy pranks, that startle all the folks along the New England Coast around Peabody, Mass. Gossip of society tells how this Southern girl wife of the rich and aged New York millionaire each day opens the eyes of the natives with a feat as gay and ingenuous as any schoolgirl dared conceive.

Nothing that is indiscreet, understand. She is merely a girl, full of life and the joy of living, the gossip relates. And then, too, she has for a "pal" the gayest and most dashing young woman known to society, Mrs. "Tom" Pierce.

Keep Coast Alive.

Mrs. Pierce is just chock full of energy, and now has found a chum who likes the same things she likes—to play, to romp, to fly about the beach in a long, rakish runabout, bareheaded, blouse-clad, happy, laughing and shrieking. Adele Ritchie was formerly her chum, but now the winsome Adele has taken herself a husband and has no time to romp.

"Down to Peabody" the folks all swear by Mrs. Pierce. She has the biggest heart and the most sympathetic soul of any person alive, they say. Wherever she may be, Peabody says, she is the lady. And so they laugh indulgently at the hoyden that she is and at the hoyden that her new-found chum from Georgia, Mrs. Alsop, is.

The "girls" are everywhere up and down the coast, sailing, motoring, driving. The Alsops are Mrs. Pierce's guests, and the gay hostess is about as happy as anybody can be nowadays that she has found a kindred spirit in the girl wife of the rich old Mr. Alsop.

With all their play together, the rich old Mr. Alsop is left alone in the Pierce home a good deal of the time. They say that many people, passing the place, see the lonely figure of the aged millionaire out on the front porch, and ask each other, wonderingly:

"I wonder what the 'girls' are up to now?"

Talk of Pajama Parties.

They wonder. They know that Mrs. Pierce has for her close friend Mrs. Raymond Belmont, the chorus girl daughter-in-law of August Belmont. And they know that down at the place of Mrs. Raymond, on the Jersey Coast, there was talk of pajama parties and swimming sessions in which one-piece bathing suits were the vogue.

They laugh at those pranks in which their good friend, Mrs. Pierce, indulged, and wonder if there is a repetition now at Peabody, with Mrs. Pierce and that gay girl chum of hers, Mrs. Effie Pope Hill Alsop, in the search for excitement and for "something different."

Reid to Prosecute In Crawford Case

Stone Mountain Circuit Solicitor Is Appointed Because of Dorsey's Disqualification.

C. S. Reid, Solicitor General of the Stone Mountain circuit, will conduct the prosecution of Mrs. Mary Belle Crawford on warrants charging her with the death of her husband, Joshua B. Crawford. Mr. Reid was appointed Saturday by Judge W. D. Ellis, of the Superior Court.

Solicitor General Dorsey is disqualified from the prosecution of the case because his firm is interested in the civil litigation out of which the murder charge grew.

CONFEDERATE HEROINE DIES IN NEW YORK STATE

NASHVILLE, July 26.—Mrs. Mary Bradford Johns, of this city, whose death is reported at the residence of her son, Edward B. Johns, in Rockville Center, N. Y., is famed as a Confederate heroine. In the first days of the battle of Nashville she rushed in where the fire was the thickest from the enemy and sought to rally the stampeded Confederates.

Mrs. Johns before leaving Nashville to visit her son had a presentiment she would never return alive.

M'NAUGHTON'S FRIENDS RENEW PARDON BATTLE

Recent Abandonment of the Case Against Mrs. Flanders Causes Effort to Free Physician.

Their claim based on the declaration that the recent abandonment of the murder charge against Mrs. Fred Flanders is palpable evidence that powerful Emanuel County forces had sought to railroad Dr. W. J. McNaughton, of Swainsboro, to the gallows, Emanuel County friends of the convicted physician have renewed their efforts to have him pardoned or at least granted a new trial.

The application will soon be presented to Governor Slaton and he will be the third chief executive to play a part in this, the most bitterly fought criminal case in Georgia's history.

Friends Claim Plot.

Nolle pros of Mrs. Flanders' case, McNaughton's friends say, is proof conclusive of their contention that the relatives of her dead husband have always known that her trial would establish the physician's innocence, and that for three years they have had the case postponed in the hope that McNaughton would be hanged before the truth could be established.

Fred Flanders, prominent in Emanuel County's business, social and political life, died at his home in Covena.

A few days later Dr. McNaughton, his attending physician, and Mrs. Flanders were arrested and charged with having poisoned him. ublic sentiment ran high against the doctor. Relatives of the dead man declared that he had given his patient arsenic in order to possess his wife.

McNaughton's trial was sensational. He was convicted and sentenced to hang. Then began his remarkable legal fight. The Supreme Court has ruled on his case from every conceivable angle. And always it has ruled that McNaughton must hang.

Brown Stays Sentence.

As a last resort the McNaughton faction appealed to Governor Brown. At that time the story was circulated that powerful political forces were working to have the doctor hanged before Mrs. Flanders could be tried.

This was told Governor Brown so convincingly that he gave McNaughton reprieve after reprieve as court term after court term passed without the trial of the accused woman.

As soon as Governor Brown left office, the case against her was dismissed, and the physician's friends grasped this point to urge his pardon.

BOLLING H. JONES CALLS MANUFACTURERS TO MEET

A meeting of Atlanta manufacturers will be held Monday afternoon on the fourth floor of the Chamber of Commerce building at 5 o'clock. A call was issued Saturday afternoon by Chairman Bolling H. Jones, who announced as the purpose of the meeting a consideration of details of the manufacturers' exhibit.

THIS WEEK

Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

1-2 PRICE

You'll see them in our Window

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store 2 Whitehall

POETESS URGES FREE DIVORCE IF NOT FREE LOVE

Mrs. Horatio Winslow, Constantly Inspired, Declares No Limit Should Be Put on Separation.

NEW YORK, July 26.—"If we can't as yet have free love, let us at least have free divorce."

This startling doctrine was propounded to-day by Mrs. Horatio Winslow, formerly Miss Rosalind Guggenheimer, of St. Louis. Mrs. Winslow, who is known in literary circles as "Jane Burr," has made poetry-writing a regular business. She declares she does not have to wait for inspiration when she wishes to dash off a few verses.

"I have always inspiration," she said to-day while sitting at her desk surrounded by stacks of ready-made or made-to-order poems. "But to return to the subject of free divorce—

"You see, I think we all have a right to be happy, we all have a right to choose the right companion. Why should we have to continue to live with a man, or a man with a woman, when they know they are unsuited?

Pensions for Children.

"The children? Oh, when we have become sufficiently civilized to alter our marriage laws, the State will pension the children, as it should be. Now, eugenic marriages, of which we have heard much lately, are all very well, but somewhat impracticable. Why should a man or a woman have to lead a lonesome existence, lead a weary and unhappy life, just because they are physically deficient, or because they have some sort of an illness?

"No, let them be allowed to marry—at least, let them get a certificate of permission to live in the same house or apartment, as demanded by society—but make it a criminal offense to have children in this sort of marriage.

"Now, as to why I left society, there are many reasons for that. In the first place, because you can't be at the game. To see all those poor women struggle and fight for supremacy is really pitiful.

"You think you have reached the top and you find there is somebody there before you. They are all so sadly uncertain of themselves, they are afraid to do this, afraid to know that person. In short, the continual struggle is simply appalling.

No Mentality in Society.

"Then, moreover, no man of intellect can find any mental stimulus or mental food in the ultra circles of society. You can't be an individual; you have to go with the biggest and try to get in the front row by hook or crook, just the same as the chorus girls are trying to get nearest to the footlight now. No, that life has no attraction for me. I want to be independent in my actions and in my clothes.

"There is one great task I have set myself, and will carry out some day, viz: to adopt twelve children, and bring them up from the cradle. They must not be over 1 year old, and I want them from the very lowest ranks of society. Then I will be able to prove that 99 per cent is environment. Take a child away from a criminal parent, give it a decent education, and you'll make a decent citizen out of it 99 times out of a hundred. Leave it with its criminal parents and 99 times out of 100 it will turn out a criminal."

Mr. and Mrs. Winslow live in a flat in East Seventy-seventh street. "It is largely a matter of economy," explained Mrs. Winslow. "My father wants to allow me $500 a month, but I prefer to be absolutely independent of everybody and earn my own living."

CONDEMNED MAN FIGHTS FOR REHEARING OF CASE

TIFTON, July 26.—I. B. Hall, who has been sentenced to hang August 22, has retained Attorney John R. Cooper, of Macon, to represent him in his petition for new trial, which will be heard before Judge W. E. Thomas in Valdosta Saturday, August 2.

Hall remains optimistic over the final outcome of his case. He seems to have little doubt that a decision will finally be given in his favor. While Hall is apparently unconcerned, his immediate relatives are much worried.

GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

$2.50 Glasses Now $1.00
$5.00 Glasses Now $2.50

We have an experienced oculist in charge who will thoroughly examine your eyes and prescribe what is best for them.

L. N. HUFF OPTICAL CO.

70 Whitehall St. 52 W. Mitchell St.

M. C. MAXWELL, new advertising manager for the Rhodes-Wood Furniture Company.



Believes in Honesty For All Advertising

M. C. Maxwell, of Rhodes-Wood Furniture Company, Takes Active Hand in Civic Affairs.

M. C. Maxwell, one of the best known advertising men in the furniture business, has joined the staff of the Rhodes-Wood Furniture Company, Whitehall and Mitchell streets.

Mr. Maxwell, who formerly was with the Rhodes Syndicate in Charleston, S. C., has definite ideas of standard advertising. He believes the Baltimore slogan, which seeks to eliminate the fraudulent advertisers and those who make misstatements, is a good one, one which should be enforced to the letter. He himself has a thorough knowledge of the advertising business and in addition is a popular salesman.

Mr. Maxwell has made application for membership in the Atlanta Ad Mens' Club and also has enrolled in The Georgian's 500,000 by 1920 campaign. His many friends in Atlanta predict as much success for him in his new work as in his former field. Mr. Maxwell was president of the Ad Club of Charleston several years ago.

Dinna Ye Hear Call For Clans to Meet?

Chieftan Cruickshank Skirls Braw Summons for Scottihs Association of Atlanta, August 1.

Hoot mon! Dinna ye hear the call for the clans to gather? It was issued Saturday by Chieftain A. Cruickshank, of the Atlanta Scottish Association, who announced that members of that organization will meet in the Kiser Building at Hunter and South Pryor streets, Friday night, August 1. He calls in true Caledonian fashion, to wit:

"Gang hame braw and early; get yer tawties and saut and tak yer braw breeks or kilt and yer best cravat oot o' the kist.

"Meet wi' us a' on Friday nicht, August 1, at aucht o'clock in the K. of P. Hall, Kiser Biggin, Hunter and South Pryor streets."

GATE CITY LODGE CONFERS THIRD DEGREE ON TUESDAY

The Third Degree will be conferred, in full form, by Gate City Lodge, No. 2, A. F. and A. M., Tuesday evening at 6:30 o'clock. The communication will be held in the Masonic Temple.

The degree will be given by Charles E. Hall, past district deputy of the Fifth District, and the lecture on symbolism will be delivered by Past Grand Master Thomas H. Jeffries, of the Grand Lodge of Georgia.

FULTON JUDGE FOR CHANGE IN DIVORCE LAWS

Roan Would Give Mother Preference in Awarding the Custody of Children.

The attempt of Judge Henry C. Hammond to have the law regarding the awarding the custody of children in divorce cases changed so that the mother would have the preference is regarded favorably by Judge S. L. Roan, of the Fulton County Superior Court.

"Judge Hammond is quite an able man, and I agree with him in his effort," said Judge Roan. "Under the law the father has the preference, where all things are equal, and I think that in the case of children of tender years the mother should have the preference if the evidence shows she is not an improper person."

Judge Hammond has addressed a letter to Representative Sam Olive, of Richmond, asking him to introduce a bill changing the law so that this may be possible.

This action followed the awarding of two minor children to the father in the divorce suit of Julian J. Zachry vs. Mrs. Mary W. Zachry, at Augusta, and which has been featured by Mrs. Zachry leaving Augusta with the children.

Judge Hammond made the statement that, while he awarded the children to the father's custody under the requirements of the law, he really thought the mother was the proper person to have them. His hands were tied, however, he declared.

MUSIC FEATURES SERVICES AT NORTH AVENUE CHURCH

There will be a special service of music at both the morning and evening services at the North Avenue Presbyterian Church Sunday. Joseph Ragan, Jr., the organist and director, arranged the program, which will be participated in by Miss Annie Laurie Langford, soprano; Mrs. Charles Bellingrath, contralto; Charles Brown, tenor, and J. R. Regnas, basso.

MAY FUTRELLE WINS SUCCESS IN NEW PLAY

Atlanta Writer's Most Recent Work, Founded on Husband's Story, Produced at Utica.

According to telegraphic dispatches, the brilliant society play by May Futrelle, of Atlanta, was successfully presented by Walter Vincent's stock company at Utica, N. Y., last Monday.

"Lieutenant What's His Name" had its origin in "The Simple Case of Susan," which Jacques Futrelle, one of the heroes of the Titanic, wrote several years ago, and which he intended converting into a play.

Mrs. Futrelle decided last season that the time was ripe for a society play, and set about rewriting "The Simple Case of Susan," which was changed into "Lieutenant What's His Name" to suit the stage.

"I believed a play of this kind would succeed, and when "Years of Discretion" was produced its reception confirmed my faith. Although I had Mr. Futrelle's shadowy form of the play to build from, I was not in the frame of mind to take up the work with the activity it required, and that is why I did not get it pushed last year.

"Mr. Futrelle never embellished the idea he had for the play, so I took it up and worked it out, rewriting the pieces entirely and filling in the points of strength necessary for a stage production," said Mrs. Futrelle.

"Lieutenant What's His Name" has been changed into a novel by Mrs. Futrelle and will be brought out at an early date.

Mrs. Futrelle is also engaged upon two big plays, one a farce and the other a human play, which she hopes to have ready for a try-out by next season. She is writing two series of short society stories, and has the plots of many other stories well under way. It will be seen by this that she is a very busy writer.

Mrs. Futrelle has left New York and is at present at Stepping Stones, her seaside home at Scituate, Mass.

Men's Linen Suits STODDARDIZED 50c

The price of STODDARDIZING Men's Woolen Suits is ONE DOLLAR---but we STODDARDIZE Men's Linen or Palm Beach Suits for FIFTY CENTS.

A WAGON FOR A PHONE CALL.

We pay Charges (one way) on Out-of-Town Orders of $2 or more.

Stoddard 126 Peachtree Street Bell Phone, Ivy 43 Atlanta Phone 43 — Dixie's Greatest Dry Cleaner and Dyer

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

"THE OLD MILL"

98 WHITEHALL ST.

The beautiful Whitehall Street Theater has changed hands, and in the future will be operated upon an entirely new policy, under the name of

LYNCH'S

It shall be the determination of the new management to offer its patrons the highest class entertainment obtainable. At all times are shown

FIRST RUN FEATURE PICTURES

and wonderfully fascinating music from the soulful violin of

MISS VERNA STERKX

and tuneful melodies and character song selections from the throat of

AL. JOHNSON

There will positively be

NO VAUDEVILLE

CLIP THE COUPON.

It's Good for a Good Show.

FREE COUPON GOOD FOR LADIES ONLY.

Any lady presenting this coupon Tuesday, July 29, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. will be ADMITTED FREE.

LYNCH'S THEATER, 98 Whitehall Street.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Stovall Departs for Post in Switzerland

New United States Minister Enroute to New York From Savannah. Sails July 29.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Colonel and Mrs. Pleasant A. Stovall, their daughter, Mrs. Burton L. Mason, and their son, Master Joe Stovall, are now upon the high seas, en route to New York, from which port they will embark on July 29 for Switzerland, where Colonel Stovall goes to take charge of his post as United States Minister to that country. The party will be joined in Europe by Miss Pleasant Stovall, another daughter, who is already there.

The son, Joe, was taken ill about a week ago, and it was thought at that time that arrangements for the trip would have to be changed, but a rapid recovery made it possible for the entire party to leave on schedule time.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

American Girl Jilts a Lord Fails in Turkey Trot Test Nobleman "Stiff, Clumsy"

Instead Returning Voyager Will Wed Canadian Who Has Lots of Money.

Went Abroad Fully Expecting to Accept a Title, but the Cabaret Ruined Plan.

MISS BETTY HAMILTON, who says she refused to marry an English nobleman because he turkey trots so clumsily.



PHOTO BY THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

NEW YORK, July 26.—When Miss Betty Hamilton, daughter of a wealthy Guatemalan planter, sailed for England two months ago she said she was going to marry a real, live English lord. She would not give his name.

Yesterday she returned aboard the Kronprinz Wilhelm with the news that she had discarded the lord in favor of a simple Canadian with lots of money and that she will be married within the next two weeks at the hotel where she is staying.

"All American girls like to know men with titles," said Miss Hamilton. "I really intended to marry the lord until he took me to a cabaret and started to 'turkey trot.' He was so stiff and clumsy that I there and then made up my mind that he would not be a good husband for me.

"I did not tell him so then, as I was not quite sure whether I loved my Canadian friend well enough to marry him. I thought the matter over and at tea at the Hotel Savoy next day I accepted the Canadian and wrote a note to the lord. I am sure I acted wisely and I feel I shall be happier as plain Mrs. instead of Lady So-and-So."

Dabbler in Oils, Has No Fear of Broyles

Painter Sings Jingle While He Pummels Antagonist in Fight Over Old Dollar Debt.

I am a dabbler in paints and oils,
What do I care about old Judge Broyles?

Thus sang Wallace Fanning, a painter, while he vigorously pummeled R. M. Moore, according to Moore's story in police court Saturday afternoon. The two men fought on the sidewalk in front of Johnson's saloon on Decatur street.

Judge Broyles fined him $15 and costs—on the charge of fighting.

According to the stories of both men, the fight started over a dollar which Fanning claimed Moore has been owing him for four years. Moore said Fanning dragged him out on the sidewalk, and when he warned the painter that "Judge Broyles would get him," Fanning sang his song.

Croker Visit Starts Tammany War Talk

Friends Hope That Former Boss Will Wrest Power of Organization From Murphy.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Richard Croker is coming home from Ireland next autumn. Word to that effect reached former associates of the one-time Tammany boss to-day.

While many of Croker's intimates hope that he will project himself into the Tammany broil and try to regain control, others say the former boss has no such idea. If Croker does try it, Tammany Hall, the leaders say, has a desperate fight ahead, for Murphy, they maintain, will not abdicate without a hard tussle.

Croker's 300-acre farm in Richfield Springs is being overhauled.

All the buildings on the farm are being painted an emerald hue and the whole estate is being done over.

Drouth Broken When Countryside Prays

Seven Weeks of Dry Weather Followed by Heavy Rain After Prayer Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Seven weeks' drouth in the vicinity of Rebecca was broken yesterday by a heavy rain, and the people of that place believe that a prayer service the night before to invoke the Almighty to send showers upon the crops was altogether responsible.

Crops were burning up and it appeared that the entire year's work of the farmers would be a failure. It was suggested that a prayer service be held at the Baptist Church, the proposition meeting with instant approval.

According to announcement, the people for miles around met at Rebecca and offered up prayers, continuing in the service for some time. Apparently in answer to this prayer, the rain came the following day.

ICE PEDDLERS FOUND SELLING SHORT WEIGHT

Thousands of Atlantans Cheated by Clique of Drivers—Inspector Begins a Crusade.

City Weights Inspector W. T. Buchanan Saturday declared that almost every family in the city was being cheated in ice. He explained that he had discovered what seems to be an agreement between a majority of the negro ice peddlers to give short weights and that consumers were powerless against such a combination.

"These peddlers have worked out a shrewd scheme to swindle the buyers and also the ice manufacturers," he explained. "They pay for all the ice secured at the factories in tickets. When they cut up a 200-pound cake, instead of making four 50-pound blocks, they make five blocks, to be sold for 50 pounds each. They then take tickets for four of the blocks and sell the fifth one for cash. This money they put in their pockets."

Inspector Buchanan turned to a negro sitting in his office in the City Hall, who had been called up on complaint of a woman on Highland avenue who said he gave her only 17 pounds for 10 cents.

Make Big Profits.

"How much can a peddler make on the side a day?" he asked.

"A smart negro can make from $3 to $4," he answered, very frankly.

"You see," continued Inspector Buchanan, "it would not be so bad if only a few peddlers were guilty, but when they are agreed, it does no good to change from one to another.

"Most families have no scales and don't realize they are being cheated.

Poor Suffer the Most.

"Among the poor people who buy only small quantities of ice the practice of the peddlers practically amounts to robbery. They don't get half what they pay for."

Inspector Buchanan said he was glad to say that the ice manufacturers were giving him all possible assistance in stopping this thievery.

He announced that next week he expected assistance in his department from Council that would enable him to protect everybody in Atlanta in the purchases of ice. He has been doing all the work of inspecting weights and measures alone, but has petitioned Council for two assistants during the ice season.

Mrs. Melchers Dies; Widow of Editor

Survived by Three Daughters and One Son—End Comes at Son-in-Law's Home.

Mrs. Emilie Melchers died at the home of her son-in-law, Emile Breitenbucher, Sunset avenue, Saturday.

Mrs. Melchers was 65 years of age and the widow of Franz Melchers, for many years editor of The Deutsche Zeitung at Charleston, S. C.

She is survived by three daughters, Mrs. Emile Breitenbucher, of Atlanta; Mrs. Herman Bischoff, of Charleston, S. C., and Mrs. Julius Berndt, of Baltimore, Md., and one son, Alex Melchers, of New York City.

The funeral and interment will be at Charleston, S. C.

University Club Has Improved Lodgings

Several Rooms Furnished Snugly for Out-of-Town Members of Organization.

The University Club is planning to care for its out-of-town members properly while they are in Atlanta, and the transient facilities have been improved.

Several rooms with bath have been furnished in comfortable style, which will be let to members at $1.50 a day.

The idea has proven popular and a great number of non-resident members are taking advantage of the opportunity of staying at the club rather than in a hotel.

Credit House Gives Holen Better Post

Made Manager of Adjustment Department of Firm's New York Office.

O. M. Holen, who for several months has been identified with the local office of the Credit Clearing House, has been promoted to the management of the Adjustment Department of the New York office.

He assumes his new duties August 1 with the best wishes of many friends he has made during his stay in Atlanta.

Cumberlands Lose Publishing House

Federal Judge Decides Presbyterian Church, U. S. A., Is Entitled to Proprty in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, July 26.—After litigation covering many years, the Cumberland Presbyterian Publishing House in this city goes from the control of the old Cumberland Presbyterian Church to the Presbyterian Church U. S. A., under a decree of Judge Sanford, of the United States District Court.

An attempt was made to transfer this property to the United Church, but the Tennessee Supreme Court held that the union of the Presbyterians was invalid.

Judge Sanford's decision removes the old directors. In decreeing the publishing house property to the union he follows the lead of courts of ten States outside of Tennessee in passing on the transfer of the church property.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

SUGAR

25 Pounds $1.25
20 Pounds 1.00
10 Pounds ..... .50
5 Pounds ..... .25
Extra fancy Lemons..17½c doz.

Cash Grocery Co.
118 Whitehall

WHY FEEL TIRED? TRY LIVER EASE

Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it. If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast. Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Dr. Starnes to Play Own Compositions

'A Lake and a Fairy Boat,' One of Concert Features—Organist's Wife to Sing.

Compositions of Verdi, Mozart, Wagner and Gabriel-Marie will be heard in the farewell concert of Dr. Percy J. Starnes, city organist, at the Auditorium Sunday afternoon. He will also play two of his own compositions, an improvisation upon a Scotch melody, and a song, "A Lake and a Fairy Boat." The overture to Wagner's "Tannhauser" will close the program.

Dr. Starnes will be assisted by his wife, Mrs. Lillian Belle Starnes, coloratura soprano. She will sing the aria from Verdi's "La Traviata," Mozart's aria, "Die Koenigin Der Nacht," and Dr. Starnes' "A Lake and a Fairy Boat." The latter will be heard in Atlanta to-day for the first time.

McKee Likely to End Postmaster Term

National Politics Not Expected to Have Any Effect on Changes in Atlanta Office.

National politics will have no immediate effect on the Atlanta postmastership, according to reports spread in Atlanta Saturday afternoon.

Postmaster H. L. McKee, appointed under President Taft, probably will be allowed to complete his term, which ends in January, 1914, with no attempt at ousting him anticipated.

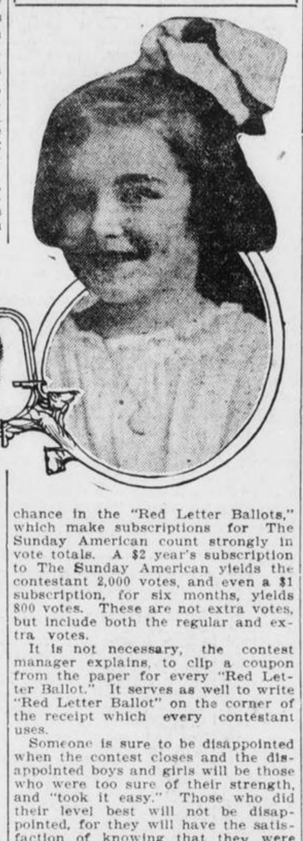
A report will be made by postoffice inspectors on charges of alleged inefficiency that were made against the department executives of the Atlanta postoffice.

"Of course, I don't know what the reports will say," said Mr. McKee. "But if they find inefficiency, I never knew it existed."

Pony Contest Now at Fever Heat But Four Days Left in Vote Race

Closeness of Battle for Shetlands Leaves Chance for Everybody in Final Week.

Two hustlers for Shetland prizes. At the top is Eleanor Raoul, No. 350 Washington street, while below is Henry Hull, No. 95 Jones avenue.





Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "trailers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

It is not necessary, the contest manager explains, to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

Semi-Annual Reductions

NOW IN FORCE ON

Regal Shoes

An unusual opportunity to buy Standard Shoes at a big saving. Original price stamped in every shoe.

FOR WOMEN

$3.50 and $4.00 Grades

Now $1.50 to $2.75

FOR MEN

$3.50 to $5.00 Grades

Now $2.25 to $3.60

Make your selections early, as the range of sizes and styles diminishes as the sale advances.

Regal Shoe Store

L. J. Wing, Proprietor. 6 Whitehall St.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

THE "ICE KIST"



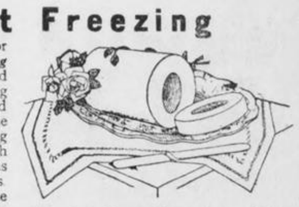
No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE **$1.95**

PACK IT—THAT'S ALL For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co.,
326 W. Madison St., Chicago., Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Ex.

4 DAYS FROM TO-DAY PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Four More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

TWO MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just two more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Helen Brantley	208,100
George Rosser	207,415
Miss Frankie J. Smith	189,500
Josephine Simril	158,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	149,075
Hill McCalla	106,350
Wyman Conrad	102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,350
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Elizabeth Garwood	180,925
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	179,870
Paul M. Clark	178,990
Miss Robert Harbour	177,845
Edmund Hurt	159,050
Miss Idele Shaw	142,105
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P. Tucker	21,250
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Charles L. Stevens	195,650
Willett Mathews	192,550
Mildred Brickman	163,980
J. P. Goets, Jr.	150,985
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Florence Greenoe	225,385
Herbert Chapman	219,980
Fannie Mae Cook	218,600
Eleanor Raoul	202,550
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,859
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	84,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.00.

To the candidate in this district having the third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having the fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134,650
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	152,300
William Turner	151,565
Edward DeLoach	150,325
Miss Beverly Swanton	149,900
Miss Susanne Springer	126,957
Edgar Wilson	38,395
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	25,965

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate ir this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Henry Hull	119,300
George H. Melton	118,395
A. Morrison	116,950
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	105,200
Philip Gilstein	89,850
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Raymond Wilkinson	214,650
Ross Greer	210,955
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
P. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox, Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,659
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,435
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,856
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville,	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Eillie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lyldia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win? The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to .....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favor te

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to .....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P. M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR AUGUSTA

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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Golfers Go 35 Miles In Just 1,087 Strokes

Experts Play From Maidstone to Littleton on the Sea on a Wager.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—To cover 35 miles in 1,087 strokes is a feat that two golfers accomplished in playing from Maidstone to Littleton-on-the-Sea.

How this came about a well-known golfer offered to bet Neville Foster, of the Ashdown Forest Golf Club, and W. Warman, of the Newton Green Golf Club, that they could not play from Forest row to Crowborough over the woodland heather and hills, a distance of eight miles, in 350 strokes. The bet was taken and the task accomplished in 184 strokes.

Waiters Back of Bill To Prevent 'Tipping'

Measure Provides Fine for Both 'Tipper' and Recipient of Bounty, and Reward for Informer.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An ordinance to end "tipping" has been passed by the City Council and will now go to the House of Delegates, where it is expected it will be speedily adopted, and, with the signature of the Mayor, become a law.

This ordinance has had the backing of the union waiters of St. Louis, who are now striking in the principal hotels and restaurants. The bill provides a fine of from $10 to $50 for each offense, both the "tipper" and recipient of the "tip" being subject to fine, and the informer to receive half of the fine.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Suffragists Plan National Campaign

Women Who Now Possess Franchise Will Aid Movement in All Other States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans for a widespread campaign for "votes for women" to be carried into all the States of the Union not now having suffrage will be laid at a conference of the National Council of Woman Voters here August 13, 14 and 15. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the congressional committee headquarters of the council.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Porter Charlton Makes 'Xmas Date

American Ordered Extradited to Italy Confident He Will Be Back in Few Months.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 26.—Porter Charlton, the young man who has been ordered extradited to Italy to stand trial for the murder of his wife, seems to be apparently unconcerned about the outcome of the trial, and openly stated that he would be back in America again for Christmas. Although the United States Government has ordered him sent back to Italy, he confidently told a friend yesterday that he would soon return.

"Don't you worry," he is reported as saying. "I'll make an engagement with you next Christmas at Churchill's."

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

'Imperator' Is Too Small, Says Captain

Greatest Vessel Afloat Is Already Fully Booked for Next Two Voyages West.

Special Cable to The American.

PLYMOUTH, July 26.—"The Imperator is too small; we want larger vessels," exclaimed Captain Ruser, when, after landing the greatest ship in the world at this port to-day, he was told that the Imperator is already fully booked for her next two westward trips.

The Imperator proceeded from here to Cherbourg and Hamburg. On the way over there were three days of such extreme heat that many experienced stokers were unable to work. The average speed for the voyage was 22.5 knots and the best single day's run was 540 miles.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to b eused for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public view of the case through a haze of speculation and doubt that is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes, certainly that no one lives in Atlanta who is not familiar with the case, which has been the central topic of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes in the courts and in the newspapers. They will be so hard fought and bitter as to hold out

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Dclares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by Mrs. Bella Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Develpoments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Rowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by hisself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write whils play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged, Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach as "gone back" on you. ere's a splendid chance it to "come back" he aid of

TETTER'S CH BITTERS

and tones the promotes aids digest help you it.

Washington Society Trembles

'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says: "Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, today decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"I will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer in Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Company for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

MOTOR RACES
TUESDAY, July 29
8:15 P. M.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the re-incarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

GRAND
WEEK JULY 28
DAILY AT 2:30 & 8:30
CARNEGIE MUSEUM ALASKA SIBERIAN PICTURES AND FIRST RUN FEATURES
MATINEES 10 CTS.
NIGHT 10-15-25 CTS.
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NORMAN FRIEDENWALD'S Hilarious Musical Farce COMEDY,
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The liveliest, most tuneful and up-to-the-minute musical comedy show of the season.
1 1-2 HOURS OF FUN.
PRETTY GIRLS.
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TUNEFUL MUSICAL NUMBERS.
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NEXT WEEK
EVEREST'S MONKEY HIPPODROME
The Novelty of Modern Vaudeville

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privilege and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unles it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1458 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline, and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, in difference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but it will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case, until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1438 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one, nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the military forces have been called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "And person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempest to go orto remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5369 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the light of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Bartholomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Parr. He said he had been living at Goshen and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband

Cites Story of His First Wife

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr. Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

"He falsely and fraudulently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, "that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysterra shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said: "Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother, instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Buy a Diamond On Monthly Payments

You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

Say you wanted a diamond ring at $250. You pay one-fifth ($50.00) cash and settle the deferred balance in ten equal monthly payments of $20.55 each.

This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

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TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.

10 p. m. solid Pullman train.

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Make Reservations Now.

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For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.

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Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P.M.

SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

There is a well-defined, positive and aggressive movement on to nominate Governor John M. Slaton for Senator in next year's primary.

The Governor himself is not known to be a party to it, and the impression is that he is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrached out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith., and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why, then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House, and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlanta.

On the other hand the Senator's unloving friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

SEASHORE EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
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[illegible] m. Coach train.
[illegible] Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers

An actual snapshot of a slashed skirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.



© INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 171 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent, or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Takes Off Freckles, Removes Tan.



Beautify your complexion. Get rid of those freckles. You can invest 50c in a jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM and they'll disappear. Severe cases may require two jars—no more. We positively guarantee this, and if your complexion isn't fully restored to its natural beauty, we agree to refund your money without argument. And in addition, WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is a fine, fragrant toilet cream. Doesn't cause hair to grow and does positively remove TAN and FRECKLES. Try it at our risk. Price 50c—sent by mail if desired. Mammoth jars $1.00. WILSON'S FAIR SKIN SOAP 25c. Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C., makers. For sale and guaranteed by all druggists.

PONY CONTEST GROWS RED HOT IN FINAL WEEK

Four Days Left in Race for Shetlands—Splendid Chance for Every Entry.

Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "trailers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

Good Breeding Shown.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

It is not necessary, the contest manager explains, to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Four More Busy Days.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK
$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

Bifocals and Lenses Ground to Order at Lowest Prices

Columbian Optical Co.
81-83 Whitehall Street---With Columbian Book Co.

DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Copper, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life In Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The will of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here, leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This has been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE

IOWA CITY, IOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising

and You'll Enjoy Your Breakfast



NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doling out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elmination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores
And Druggist Generally*

NUXCARA
Cures Indigestion!

Indigestion and all its accompanying evils—headache, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and irritability—can be completely and permanently cured.

TAKE NUXCARA
3 Times a Day

One-half hour before each meal. Then eat what you please, for NUXCARA will instantly relieve while gradually effecting a permanent cure.

NUXCARA is a pure vegetable preparation.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST
$1.00 a bottle, 6 for $5.00

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Manufactured by the NUXCARA Co., Atlanta

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

* * *

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

* * *

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

* * *

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

* * *

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

* * *

He may depose the Sultan.

* * *

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Always, as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulfied his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

PORCELAIN---NO GOLD
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



Whalebone; Best Set, $3.00 No More, No Less.

GOLD CROWN (22-K).....$3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS ..... .25
GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
CLEANING TEETH ..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

FATHER SENT SEVEN SONS TO WAR BETWEEN STATES

QUARRYVILLE, PA., July 26.—The death of George W. Bierly, of Eden township, recalls the fact that he and six of his brothers served in the Civil War. When the conflict started their father told his seven sons it was their duty to enlist, and all did so. One was killed at Bowling Green, Ky. The remaining six returned from the army, and of them only one now survives, Taylor Bierly, of Parkesburg, Pa.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

CEREMONY IMPRESSION AS SON BAPTIZES FATHER

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Being baptized by his own son, according to Baptist Church rites, was the experience of Charles Bentzien, 90 years old, father of the assistant pastor of the Temple Baptist Church, who also was formerly of the White Temple at Portland. The occasion was attended by impressive ceremonies.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of 50,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it. If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast. Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

SALOON CLOSES ITS DOORS WHEN PET CAT DISAPPEARS

CINCINNATI, July 26.—"Closed on account of the loss of Scotty's black cat, 'Nigger,'" read a sign on the door of Scotty's saloon for one day. Several days ago the cat, who is looked upon as a member of the family, disappeared. Two days passed and the cat did not put in an appearance, so Scotty hung out a sign draped in green tissue paper and bordered by carnations to tell his customers that he had closed the saloon in mourning for the cat.

I Want a Partner

He must be a live citizen and have a few thousand dollars—from $1,000 to $5,000.

I ask nothing more than I have to offer.

This is an opportunity to make $5,000 a year. State age, amount you have to invest and give references.

ADDRESS HUSTLER
Box 600
Care Hearst's Sunday American
Atlanta, Ga.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thunderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 5213 Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

We Can Again Supply the Demand for the two New Style

Euphona
Player-Pianos
Prices $475 and $600



The June Bride's Piano
New
Euphona Player-Piano
Value Supreme Among Player-Pianos

It makes musicians of us all.

The highest type of piano-player mechanism yet produced.

Contains many (exclusive patented) advantages and is concealed within the case of a

Beautiful Tone Piano

possessing a delightful touch for hand playing as well as with music rolls.

$25 worth of music rolls, stool and scarf included FREE.

Your silent piano taken in exchange.

Pay cash or by the month.

15th Midsummer Piano Sale

Bargains in rebuilt pianos taken in part payment for Euphonas.

Conover — Mahogany case, 7 1-3 octaves; very good. Cost new $400; sale price $225

Walworth — Large size; mahogany case; fine order. Cost new $250; sale price $150

Estey — Mahogany, upright grand, in good, fine tone. Cost new $300; sale price..... $125

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84 N. Broad St., Atlanta:
Please send me your complete bargain list and details easy payment plan.
NAME .....
ADDRESS .....

Atlanta's Leading Headquarters for Victor Victrolas and Victor Records.

Victor Parlor, First Floor

Cable Piano Co.

GEO. W. WILKINS, President.
84 N. Broad Street.
Atlanta, Ga.



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Tifton

TIFTON, July 26.—Mrs. Vina Henderson, of Bainbridge, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Oren Roberts.

Mrs. R. W. Goodman and children left Thursday for Odessadale.

Miss Jeanne Philbaut, of Napoleonville, La., is the guest of Miss Effie Scarboro.

Miss Winnifred Cumlin, who was the guest of Miss Maurine Ridgdill, left Thursday for St. Marys.

Miss Marion Wooley returned to Atlanta Thursday.

Mrs. R. D. Smith is the guest of her brother, A. H. Smith, in Cordele.

Mrs. W. M. Thurman and children, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Harman.

Miss Tommie McGuirt is the guest of Miss Ella Sanford in Thomasville.

Mrs. A. P. Hunter and son, Frank, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Timmons.

Miss Cora Stephens is in Macon.

Mrs. R. C. Postell and son, Carlisle, returned Wednesday from Atlanta, Monticello and other North Georgia points.

Misses Maurine and Wilma Ridgdill, Winnifred Cumlin, Lula Mae and Estelle Morgan, Marie and Sarah Colcord and Bessie Murrow were the members of a picnic party to Murrow Springs Wednesday. Mrs. J. B. Murrow and Mrs. J. S. Ridgdill were the chaperons.

Miss Alexandra Rhodes entertained at tea Wednesday in honor of Miss Marguerite Drake, of Thomasville. Those present were Misses Marguerite Drake, Effie Scarboro, Maude and Nellie Timmons and Alexandra Rhodes, John Fountain, Lennon Bowen, Dr. C. R. Dickert, Dr. E. B. Mount, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Eason and Mrs. L. A. Rhodes.

Mrs. L. P. Thurman entertained Wednesday for little Miss Anna Sheppard Thurman, of Atlanta Rook, hearts dice and upjinks were played. Misses Grace Fulwood and Laura Coe served punch.

Mrs. I. L. Ford chaperoned a picnic party to Lucy Lake Tuesday. Those in the party were Misses Wynona and Floy Ford and Aurelia Hargrett, Ben Moore, C. E. Foy, Arthur Hollingsworth and Dr. E. B. Mount.

Milledgeville

MILLEDGEVILLE, July 26.—The marriage of Miss Tillie Smith, of Montezuma, to E. Culver Kidd took place at Montezuma Wednesday.

Mr. Kidd was accompanied to Montezuma by O. R. Horton, Malcolm Flemister, Stewart Wootten and George Nottingham, of Macon.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr and Mrs. Kidd left for Savannah, embarking for New York, Niagara, Toronto and a run through Thousand Islands, stopping on their way home at Washington

Mrs. Carlyle Cobb, of Athens, is visiting Mrs. Ed Treanor.

Miss Clara Williams has returned from the mountains and Waynesboro, Va.

Misses Effie and Marie Grenade are attending a house party at Hurtsboro, Ala.

Mrs. T. O. Powell, Mrs. Julia West, Misses Jessie Allen, Julia Conn and Francis Conn are visiting Tallulah Falls.

Judge and Mrs. E. R. Hines entertained the men's class of the Methodist Sunday school last Tuesday.

Miss Mary Lawrence is visiting Barnesville.

Miss Bertha Gholson has returned from a visit to Florida.

Miss Venie Montgomery has returned from a visit to Oconee Springs.

Miss Myrtle McDermot is attending a house party at Agricola.

Jackson

JACKSON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Copeland, Mrs. Emma Mallett and Miss Mary Newton form a party of Jackson people at St. Simons Island.

Miss Georgia Rice, of Atlanta, is the guest of Miss Helen Smith and was the honor guest at a dinner party Saturday evening at the Wigwam, Indian Springs.

Miss Rosa Newton leaves Tuesday for a two months' stay in the North.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Carmichael are in Baltimore.

Miss Julia Curry is being entertained as the guest of Miss Fannie Belle Waits, in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawson have returned to their home in Dublin after a visit with Mrs. W. J. Wood and Mrs. E. C. Robinson.

Miss Clio Carmichael is spending some time as the guest of Miss Margaret Rushton and Mrs. Stewart Roberts in Atlanta.

Misses Vera and Jessie Jones have as their guest Miss Carrie Knott, of Locust Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Carreker left Wednesday for a visit with relatives in Zebulon.

Mrs. H. A. Butner and sister, Miss Roberts, of Greenville, S. C., are guests of Mrs. C. A. Butner and Miss Annie Lou McCord.

Mrs. J. W. Crum is at home from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Sasnett Crum in Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Annie Catchings Crum is visiting Miss Annie Kieth in Spartanburg.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, July 26.—For her guest, Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, Miss Alice Parker was the hostess on Thursday evening at a porch party.

Miss Caroline Higgins left this week for a visit to friends in New Jersey and Maryland.

Miss Alice Parker has returned from a visit to friends in Moultrie.

Miss Mary Merrill and Miss May Patten will leave next week for East Orange, N. J.

Miss Marianne Watt will leave on Monday for Savannah, where she will spend a short time as the guest of Miss Margaret Charlton.

Miss Floride Stevens, of Norfolk, is the guest of Mrs. F. L. MacIntyre.

Miss Minnie Weldon is spending some time at Pablo Beach, Fla.

Miss Josephine Porter, of Apalachicola, Fla., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Peacock.

Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, is visiting Miss Alice Parker.

Mrs. M. R. Mallette left this week for Montgomery and will later go to Baltimore for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Kate Mack left this week for New York for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Emmie Plowden, of Dickey, was the guest this week of Mrs. W. A. Pringle, Jr.

Miss Susie May Dreger, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. T. C. Mitchell.

Miss McGuirt, of Tifton, is the guest of Miss Ella Sandford.

Mrs. Rhydon Mays and children left this week for Marietta and will spend the remainder of the summer at the Whitlock House in that city.

Miss Myrtle Goff, of Valdosta, is visiting Mrs. R. W. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Loveless left this week for Tiverton, R. I., where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Miss Lilly May McKinley, of Atlanta, is the guest for a short time of Miss Mattie Rigsby.

Mrs. M. C. Thornton, of Abbeville, Ala., and Mrs. R. N. Thornton, of Dothan, are the guests of Mrs. R. L Dekle.

Miss Hilton Evans, of Tampa, Fla. is visiting Mrs. William McMillen.

Fitzgerald

FITZGERALD, July 26.—A lawn party was given by Miss Emily Griffin in honor of her cousin, Miss Edith Harrell, of Cumberland, this week.

Those invited were Dorothy Thurmond, Margaret Wise, Elizabeth McCarty, Martha Turner, Martha Bell Spiller, Merle Scarborough, Corrine Womble, Marion Dunn, Laura Whitley, Hazel Mayes, Mildred Hall, Lillie Mae Hughes, Josephine Manning, Maud Paulk and Mamie Calloway.

Mrs. James Oates, of Live Oak, Fla., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Chandler.

Mrs. J. E. Anderson is visiting in Montgomery.

Mrs. J. W. Swearinger has returned to her home in Jacksonville after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Sedlmyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Adams and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Reid have gone to Cumberland Island.

Mrs. Ackerman and children left recently for a visit in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. D. Mashburn and daughters, Misses Emmie and Mayme, left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. B. Braswell, of Fitzgerald, is visiting her friend, Miss Corinne Cunyus. Mrs. Braswell is remembered in Atlanta as Miss Johnnie Broughton.

Miss Helen Matthews returned Tuesday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. R. Tippett and Miss Eugene Blade, of Hawkinsville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holder.

Fay Wyman and Miss Mary Paul were quietly married recently.

Miss Atha Meyer entertained Monday at a reception in honor of her attractive guest, Miss Annie Browning, of Lakeland, Fla., and Mr. and Mrs. Yancey M. Bowles, who were recently married.

LaGrange

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Mrs. J. A. Jones, of Summit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. L. Edwards.

Miss Louise Freeman is the guest of Mrs. Louise Young.

Misses Edith Lupton, of Atlanta, and Florence Smith, of Ypsilanti, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith.

Mrs. Milam has as her guests Misses Martha Jarell, Mary White and Marion Taylor, of Greenville.

Miss Stella Broadfield has returned from a two weeks' visit as the guest of Mrs. Tom Patterson, of McDonough.

Miss Eleanor Dunson, after visiting in Atlanta and McDonough, has returned to LaGrange.

Misses Sarah and Francis Mathews, of Decatur, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Market.

Misses Salome Bradfield and Mary Scott are the attractive guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bradfield.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis entertained in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Lance, of Hannibal, Mo.

Besides the guests of honor, the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Jim Lane, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Willis, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hutchinson, Misses Stella and Julia Bradfield, Mary Scott, Ruth Slack and Messrs. Searcy Slack and Lloyd Bradfield.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—Misses Gladys and Zeta White are expected home next week from Savannah, where they have been the guests of Miss Gladys Cassells. Miss Cassells will probably accompany them home for a visit in Cartersville.

Miss Rachel McEntyre had as her guests last week Misses Lucy Green and Gladys Mitchell, of Atlanta, and Miss Lonnie Mae McEntyre, of Rock Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Womeisdorf entertained Tuesday evening with a delightful swimming party. After the swimming a supper was served at the clubhouse, followed by songs and conversation. Later in the evening a watermelon cutting was enjoyed.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Young and family, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Peeples and family, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Akin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Munford, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Felton Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Granger, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Stella Brumby, Harry Womelsdorf, Mrs. Lila Morgan, Captain J. J. Calhoun, Garner Jones and John Calhoun.

Misses Mildred Matthews and Sue Lou Hull left Wednesday morning for Woolsey, where they will be guests at a house party given by Miss Addie Lou Sams.

Miss Robena Shaw, of Atlanta, is the attractive guest of Miss Irene Shaw.

Miss Ethel Adair returned home Tuesday from a visit to Rome.

Thursday evening the younger set enjoyed a moonlight picnic at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Ruohs Pyron.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Mrs. J. L. Walker and daughter, Miss Annie Laurie Walker, have returned from St. Simons Island.

Miss Annie May Bates, of Willis-ton, S. C., is the guest of relatives.

Miss Ora Scarborough has returned to her home in Statesboro.

Miss Myrtise Adams was the guest of relatives in Blackshear this week.

Miss Sarah Houk has gone to Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Norvel returned Wednesday from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bates, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bates, will return to their home at Elko, S. C., to-morrow.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran leaves shortly for Tennessee.

Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children have returned from a visit to White Oak.

Miss Ethel Broadshaw, of Charleston, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. H. S. DuBose.

Mrs. W. A. McKnight is visiting in Macon.

Mrs. C. E. Williamson and little daughter are visiting in Sylvester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tubbs returned this week from a visit to Black Mountain, N. C.

Mrs. R. E. Finn and children left this week for St. Simons.

Miss Clara Wood, of Brunswick, is visiting Mrs. R. T. Hitch.

Mrs. B. T. Pharr and two daughters, of Houston, are guests of Mrs. A. M. Litch.

Mrs. Emma Mannin, of Dublin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Brewer.

Mrs. A. M. Bailey and children returned Wednesday from McDonald.

Mrs. G. W. Julian, of Tifton, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. Crawley.

Mrs. W. R. Beach left this week for Philadelphia.

Mrs J. T. Strickland visited friends at Bickley this week.

Miss Grace Taylor left Wednesday for Virginia.

Mrs. McIntosh Noble left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Rachael McRee returned to her home at Kinderlou Thursday after a visit to Misses Lucile and Nell Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Page Anderson and Mrs. Wayne Walker have returned from a visit to Pablo Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Knight, Jr., spent the week on St. Simons Island.

Mrs. T. F. Broadwater has returned from a visit to relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. W. M. Bird has returned from a visit to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Otis Bell was the guest this week of relatives in Quitman.

Misses Lucile Sutton and Ellen Goodrich have returned from Jacksonville.

Crawfordsville

CRAWFORDSVILLE, July 26.—Miss Virginia Butler, of Madison, is spending several days as the guest of Miss Frances Burges.

Misses Caroline and Mary Emma Gee are visiting in Lithonia as the guests of Miss Lillie Mae Hughes, who is entertaining a house party of her Chicora College girl friends.

Miss Kathleen Melton has returned from Monticello, where she has been spending some time with Miss Davidson.

One of the interesting social events of the week was the marriage of Miss Thelma Williams to Boykin Hollis.

Among the Crawfordsville people who are spending the week at Daniel Springs, a popular resort near here, are Colonel and Mrs. J. A. Beazley, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Beazley, Mrs. H. M. Holden and family, Miss Minnie Olive Park, Mrs. J. W. Tucker, and Mrs. E. D. Anthony.

What bids fair to be one of the events of the season for Crawfordsville society is the house party of Brenau girls that Miss Lillian Asbury will entertain during the first week in August. Among those expected to come are Misses Crawford, of Lexington; Miss Laing, of Dawson; Miss Brock, of Carrollton; Miss Allen, of Elberton, and Miss Wyche, of Alabama.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Mrs. John T. Blalock and children have returned to Valdosta from North Georgia.

Mrs. James Wooten and her little daughter, Katherine, reached Valdosta from Savannah this week and are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Norris Pinder.

Miss Julia Lambert, of Athens, is turned from Pablo Beach.

Mrs. Lorena McCully and her little granddaughter, Mary Lorena, left Tuesday for St. Marys.

Miss Gussie Spence, of Pelham, is visiting her brother, E. J. Spence.

The W. C. T. U. had an ice cream festival in the courthouse square on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Bitzer and family have gone to Harrisonburg, Va.

Mrs. W. W. Carpenter and her little daughter have gone to their home at Plymouth, Fla.

Mrs. Henry Pullen, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. J. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McCully, Mrs. D. W. Aldman and Misses Harriet and Mary Converse left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Luelle Strickland left last Monday for Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stampler and children left Wednesday for Columbia, S. C., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Smith Davis left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and her daughters have returned from Pablo Beach.

Misses Annabel Converse and Virginia Varnedoe have gone to Waycross to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Dimmock.

Miss Gertrude Monroe has returned from Jacksonville. She was accompanied home by her little cousin, Miss Eloise Roberts.

Camilla

CAMILLA, July 26.—Miss Maude Haddock, of Kestler; Miss Katie McCall, of Atapulgus, and Miss Patty Wilson, of Bainbridge, are the guests of Mrs. Robin Cochran.

Miss Fannie Haynes, of Lommerton, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. McNight.

Miss Lucile Black, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Claude Davis.

Miss Rose Cox and her sister, Mrs. E. E. Cox, are spending the summer in Marietta.

Miss Margaret Hughes, of Cordele, is the guest of Miss Susie Belle Hughes.

Mrs. G. A. Gibbs, of Homerville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Collins.

Miss Willa Veta Almand, who has been the visitor of Mrs. J. C. Wilson, went to Albany yesterday, where she will visit Miss Susie Brown.

Miss Emma Bibb, of Kinderlou, is visiting Miss Marceline Twitty.

Mrs. R. L. Pope left Tuesday for Albany.

Miss Sarah Hilliard is visiting Miss Maude Livingston in Newton.

Miss Sadie May Wade has gone to Cuthbert, where she will be the guest of Miss Mary Davenport.

Miss Kathlene Acree has returned after a visit to Miss Seveille Arthur, of Albany.

Miss Myrtle Brown is expecting Miss Lillian Britt, of Tifton, as her guest.

Miss Maria Owen, of Enterprise, Ala., is the guest of Miss Mary Baggs.

Miss Susie Belle Hughes and her mother, Mrs. E. A. Hughes, are visiting relatives in Monticello, Fla.

Mrs. S. J. Faircloth, of Quitman, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth, has returned home.

Miss Leah Gardner, of Pavo, is the guest of Mrs. B. C. Gardner.

Miss Annie Ruth Spence is in Quitman visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. B. Bennett.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Groover, of Savannah, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth.

Miss Verdi Holton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Kate Bolton, in Fort Valley.

Mrs. J. C. Turner entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Faircloth and Misses Agnes Acree and Annie May Collins left Friday for an automobile trip on the Gulf Coast.

Miss Ruth Collins, of Holder, Fla., is visiting relatives.

Mrs. Wilson Joiner, of Albany, returned home after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Joiner.

Miss Freddie Wade and her mother, Mrs. J. P. Wade, of Quitman, are the guests of Mrs. J. P. McRee.

Mrs. Sam Kendel, of Albany, is spending the week-end with Mrs. G. W. Swindle.

Mrs. J. T. Fenn and little daughter, with Miss May Travis, have returned to their home in Birmingham after a visit to Mrs. L. J. Hay.

Miss Hattie Heath returned home Monday from Moultrie, where she was the guest of honor at a house party given her by Miss Lucile Autry.

Mrs. R. T. Cochran and children are visiting relatives in Shellman.

Miss Susie Fleming returned Saturday after a visit to her sister in Tifton.

Villa Rica

VILLA RICA, July 6.—A social event of much interest was the marriage of Miss Annie Powell, of Villa Rica, and Robin Lowry Berry, of Jonesboro, Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. C. A. Jamison officiating.

Miss Caroline Marchman, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor and Claude H. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro, was best man.

Little Misses Ellen Powell and Nell Jiles were the flower girls. H. G. Robertson and I. A. Scotts were the ushers.

Following the wedding, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Powell tendered the wedding party and guests a reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry will spend a week at Franklin, N. C., after which they will return to Villa Rica, where they will reside in future.

Why Endure Sore Feet

Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.



Cordele

CORDELE, July 26.—Wednesday afternoon Mrs. J. S. Sheppard was the hostess to the members of the Young Matrons' Club. Rook was the game played.

Mrs. J. H. Shipp made highest score and was presented a cutglass salad bowl. Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines, being honor guests, they were presented with evening fans.

Miss Marie Scandrett has returned from several weeks' stay with friends at Little Rock, Mobile and Birmingham.

Miss Inez Hyman will leave early in August for a visit to Miss Mamie Slade at Griffin.

Miss Mary McArthur has returned from a stay with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Farrior, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. Leo Marshall and children, of Jacksonville, are visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. Coffman, of Johnson City, Tenn., are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fenn.

Mrs. Arthur Wheeler and Mrs. C. B. Whatley entertained at a series of afternoon parties during the week in honor of their house guests, Mrs. Odell Allison Gilbert, of West Virginia, and Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Livingston are spending the summer with relatives at Seneca and Greenville, S. C.

Misses Stell Colwell and Birdie Bulloch are spending the week-end at St. Simons.

Miss Van Mitchell, of Butler, is the guest of Mrs. William Scandrett.

Miss Lamar Ryals is being entertained at the home of Miss Rose Tate at Shelbyville, Tenn.

Miss Mabel Barber has returned from a visit to Captain and Mrs. Sam Barber at Vidalia.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church was entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. Edward Stallings.

Mrs. M. R. Smith entertained with a party Wednesday morning.

Eastman

EASTMAN, July 26.—Mrs. John H. Hargrove is visiting in Dothan, Ala.

Miss Annamaude Burch left a few days ago for Winder.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gentry and children are spending a few days with relatives in Decatur.

Mrs. Fred R. Hall, of Blakely, has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Prince are in New York.

Mrs. J. D. Herrman and daughter, Miss Hortense, are spending the summer at Far Rockaway, Long Island.

Mrs. W. R. Hall and son, Harris, after spending a week with relatives in Macon, have returned home.

Mrs. J. W. Morris and daughter, Mary Ann, are spending the summer in Selma, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Sapp and daughter, who have been spending a few days in Nashville, Ga., have returned home.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts is spending a few days with friends and relatives in Macon.

Miss Claudie Bailley spent last Sunday in Gresston.

Mrs. E. Rothols, of Darlington, S. C., was honor guest at a reception given by her daughter, Mrs. Harry Hirsch, this week. The other guest of honor was Miss Miriam Morgan, of Savannah.

Mrs. H. R. Cooke has been spending the past two weeks in Indian Springs and Tallulah Falls.

Mrs. H. W. Hurst and children are spending the summer with relatives in Thomaston.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brock have returned from a trip to South Carolina.

Misses Corinne Beverly and Lucile Matthews are the guests of Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. Fred Walters, of Cordele, and Miss Ann Hughes, of Statesboro, are the guests of Mrs. Bob Wynne.

Miss Sylvia Harris, of Montgomery, will be the guest of Mrs. App Herrman.

Miss Catherine Pennington is at home after spending the past three weeks with friends and relatives in Atlanta, Covington, Shady Dale and Tallulah Falls.

Thursday evening a party of young folks was invited to meet Miss Corinne Beverly and Miss Lucile Mathews, of Hawkinsville, and Albert Hargrove at a porch party given by Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. J. A. Paxson and little daughter, Eugenia, are the guests of relatives in Abbeville.

Mrs. Earle C. Chandler, of Valdosta, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Burch.

Miss Mayme Arthur is the guest of friends and relatives in Cuthbert.

Miss Anice Johnson, of Atlanta, and LeRoy Johnson, of Macon, are spending a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson.

Miss Estora Jackson, who has been on a visit to Cochran, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Hewitt and children, of Leesburg, Fla., are the guests of Miss Kyle Arthur.

Miss Julia Hall left a few days ago for a few weeks' visit to Macon, Monticello and other North Georgia towns.

Misses Valeria and Marjorie McGee are spending a few days with relatives in McRae.

Mrs. T. H. Edwards and Miss Mary Charter left this week for Chalybeate Springs.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilkins have returned from a visit to Atlanta.

Mrs. W. L. Mathers and little daughter, Martha Doane, have returned to their home in Macon.

Mrs. M. A. Earle, of McRae, is the guest of relatives.

Miss Julia Hall entertained the "Noisy Nine" Friday evening in honor of Miss Emily Bealer's guest, Miss Kathleen McKnight, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, July 26.—Mrs. Buford Boykin, who has been at Piedmont Springs, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cheney, of Savannah, arrived in the city Monday.

Miss Bessie Smith has ben visiting in Atlanta the past week.

Miss Mattie Jones, of Griffin, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Griffin.

Mrs. R. A. Jolly returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Isabel Fitts left the first of the week for Piedmont Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McPherson, of Atlanta, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. W. H. Turner and daughters, Rosebud and Mary, left Saturday for a two weks' visit at Copper Hill, Tenn., and Culverson, N. C.

Mrs. T. A. Conner and little daughter, Dorothy, of Bainbridge, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Edith Couch and Miss Ruby Martin, of Atlanta, are the guests of Miss Elizabeth Edmondson.

Miss Mattie Lou Houston, of Dawson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Pace.

Mrs. Robert Creel, of Jasper, Ala., is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. T. H. Collins, of Atlanta, has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. H. Turner.

Mrs. Robert Fitts and little sons, Andrew and Frances, left Friday for Newnan and Turin.

Miss Ethel Tumlin, of Birmingham, will arrive Saturday to be the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. J. Tumlin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Padgett, of Atlanta, arrived in the city Saturday.

Mr. Will Webb and Miss Marie Perdue were married Sunday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Edmondson officiating.

Miss Winnie Reeves is visiting friends in Grantville.

Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Lovvorn, of Bowdon spent Sunday in the city, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Roop.

Misses Mary and Winnie Austin and Mary Snead are visiting friends near Temple.

Miss Lizzie Radford, of Monroe, is the guest of Mrs. R. D. Jackson.

Mrs. Hilton Tyus entertained the Ladies Bridge Club Wednesday.

Mrs. William Lyle, left Tuesday for her home in Augusta.

Mrs. J. A. Bass and Miss Maude Bass left Tuesday for Birmingham.

Mrs. L. J. Brock and children and Mrs. J. R. Miller left Tuesday for Lithonia.

Mrs. W. L. Fitts entertained a few friends Tuesday afternoon at a sewing party.

Miss Grace Blalock returned Sunday from a visit to her sister, Mrs. T. E. Maxwell, of LaGrange.

Mrs. J. H. Garrett left Monday for a visit to friends and relatives in Edwardsville, Ala.

Mrs. T. B. Bailey, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, of Bristol, Va., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson.

Mrs. Henri Honrath, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Brown.

Miss Alice Weems returned Saturday from a visit to Jacksonville, Ala.

Mrs. J. D. Perryman left Monday for Tallapoosa.

Miss Bell Hitchcock, of Atlanta, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nelle McKown.

Mesdames C. E. Roop and Fannie Veal returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs.

Miss Annie Slade left Tuesday for Columbus.

Mrs. W. A. A. Anderson, of Washington, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown.

The Jokers' Club met Tuesday afternoon with Miss Annie Maude New.

Miss Elma Boykin will leave Friday for Gillsville.

Glooms Disappear When You Enter The Bonita Theater.

No gloom can stand the fun-dispensing Allen and Kenna company at the Bonita Theater. They are the delight of thousands who visit this beautiful little playhouse and capacity has been the houses since the first day of this company. Good singing, dancing, pretty girls and clever comedians, that's the story.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Hernia, Rheumatism, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplid from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits. CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Hoops
No
Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE **$1.95**

PACK IT—THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



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326 W. Madison St., Chicago., Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

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And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

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The first Victrola equipped with record cabinet sold for less than $1.00.

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Mahogany or oak cabinet—all the very latest improvements—tapering tone arm, "goose neck" sound box tube, brake, speed regulator and indicator. Extra heavy double spring, spiral drive motor (can be wound while playing.



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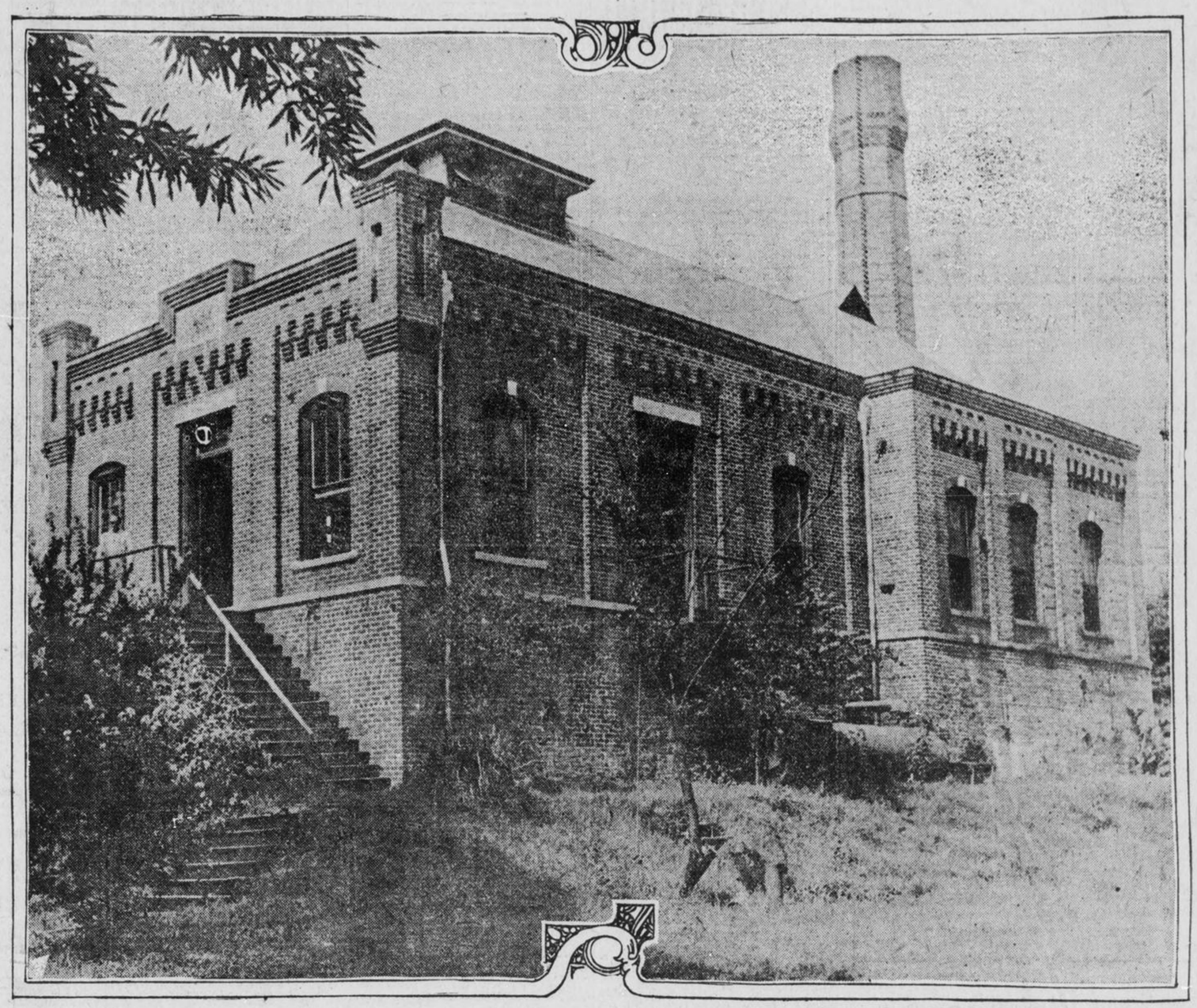
Rome Buys Central Station Electric Current For Her 4,000,000-Gallon City Pump



ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

CONTRACT DEP'T

Georgia Railway & Power Company

ATLANTA

Athens — Latest News of North Georgia — Rome

GIRL IN TRANCE WHISPERS CURE TO RELATIVES

Occult Powers of Country Lass Arouse Interest of Psychologists and Physicians.

ATHENS, July 26.—Scientists, doctors, professors and ministers again have become deeply interested in the weird actions and mysterious manifestations of Sue Mae Burgess, the 14-year-old Green County girl who has startled all who have seen her by her uncanny doings and unaccountable predictions, the strangest of which all have come true.

This little country girl, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Burgess, living near Farmington, where the counties of Green and Oconee join, became subject to repeated attacks of what were pronounced by the country physicians as cataleptic fits, and while undergoing these attacks, her body became rigid and she was unconscious of what was being said or done around her.

However, she was able to speak occasionally in a whisper, and after a few minutes she would whisper to some member of the family what could be done to relieve her.

Weird Remedies Effective.

The commands the mother, sister, brother or perhaps father received were of the strangest kind, and it was not until they were convinced that she was really relieved in this way that they had faith in what she said. It might be to touch her forehead lightly or rub her hand, then again it might require a visit to a neighbor's house so that some one not of the immediate family could minister to her.

These facts, along with the ability she had of predicting when she would be attacked, even days ahead, caused the family and neighbors to regard her and her actions in a different way, for it began to seem she must possess superhuman traits. Then came the climax. During one of her "spells," she told of a strange root in the grave of old Governor Peter Early, which was not far distant, and which would glow like fire, and if prepared into a tea would cure her. What happened during the next few days reads like a story from the "Arabian Nights."

During her next "fit" she reprimanded her brother for not following her instructions, and finally the physician, Dr. Harrell, was persuaded to go to the old grave in search of the glowing root that possessed such wonderful properties.

Finds Wonderful Root.

He did. He found the locust tree beside the grave and the loose rock as the girl had said, and was not long in finding something that startled him. It was the root, and he could hardly believe it when he noticed that it shone and gave out a soft golden light. Pieces of it were brought to Athens and exhibited here without explanation. Prof. D. L. Earnest, of the State Normal College, one of the best authorities on psychology in the State, visited the home and on returning to Athens in the night used a piece of the root to look at his watch, without ever striking a match.

The lotion from the root was prepared as the girl directed and applied, and for a month it seemed that it would be the means of restoring good health again.

Hornet Breaks Spell.

But the spell was broken last week and as the result of the sting of a hornet, the girl against is having cataleptic fits. Everything had gone well since the application of the mysterious root lotion until she was attacked and stung by a large hornet. The only relief possible now is the instruction she gives those around her as to what to do, and it is predicted that she again will suggest something strangely unusual as a permanent cure.

Many visitors from Watson Springs, Crawford, Athens and other nearby places have heard when she would be under a "spell" and have gone to the home to see her in one of her rigid and unconscious states.

Normally she is a very pretty girl with light hair and brown eyes and is admired.

NEW HOTEL FOR ROME NOW IS A CERTAINTY

ROME, July 26.—Rome is to have a new hotel. It will be one of the handsomest structures in the State, and work will begin on it about September 1.

During the last few weeks a committee composed of M. S. Lanier, J. D. McCartney and L. S. Daniel has been canvassing the city for subscriptions. The committee had little difficulty in raising enough to clinch the project. At least $150,000 will be expended. The hotel will be at Broad street and Fifth avenue, where now stands the historic Choice House. It will be six or seven stories in height.

FORMER DALTON FARMER KILLED IN LONE STAR STATE

DALTON, July 26.—Henry J. Cucksee, a farmer who left this county in 1902 to locate in Texas, was struck by an automobile and killed near Hereford, Texas. His body was brought to Dalton and taken to Sumach Cemetery for interment.

The dead man had a wide acquaintance in this section, being before leaving here a prominent farmer of this county. He is survived by three sisters and two brothers.

GAINESVILLE CHURCHES HOLD OUTDOOR SERVICES

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A novel feature in church services here, joined in by several congregations of the city, is the holding of meetings on the lawns one evening each week. Seats and lights are arranged on the beautiful lawn in front of the First Methodist Church. The meetings have proved to be most interesting and delightful.

Crawford Wheatly

Of Americus, who was the principal drafter of the appropriations bill, passed by the Georgia House of Representatives last week.

Representative from Sumter County.



Chairman of House Appropriations Committee.

Drouth Broken When Countryside Prays

Seven Weeks of Dry Weather Followed by Heavy Rain After Prayer Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Seven weeks' drouth in the vicinity of Rebecca was broken yesterday by a heavy rain, and the people of that place believe that a prayer service the night before to invoke the Almighty to send showers upon the crops was altogether responsible.

Crops were burning up and it appeared that the entire year's work of the farmers would be a failure. It was suggested that a prayer service be held at the Baptist Church, the proposition meeting with instant approval.

According to announcement, the people for miles around met at Rebecca and offered up prayers, continuing in the service for some time. Apparently in answer to this prayer, the rain came the following day.

WOMEN TO MEET MEN IN SUFFRAGE DEBATE

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A most interesting occasion will be the debate in Brenau Auditorium Monday night on "Woman's Suffrage," in which a number of prominent local men and women will take part. It is to be held under the auspices of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. Miss Ella Powell will deliver a lecture.

ELBERT COUNTY SATISFIED WITH NEW LAW CHANGES

ELBERTON, July 26.—The bill which passed the House this week changing the County Commissioners of Elbert from three to one, providing for the employment of a competent supervisor and engineer and making other changes in this most important county office, is satisfactory to the people of the county.

100 ODD FELLOWS ENJOY DAY'S OUTING AT CLERMONT

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A special train over the Gainesville and Northwestern Railway carried about 100 to the twentieth division meeting of the I. O. O. F. at Clermont this week. There was a big dinner and a number of addresses by prominent Odd Fellows. The degree work of the order was exemplified.

STATE GAME REPORT PRINTED.

DALTON, July 26.—The annual report of the State Department of Game and Fish, consisting of 94 pages, is off the press of a Dalton printing company and will be ready for distribution within a few days.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

Refuses to Allow Revival in Church

Pastor Obliged to Leave, Says Evangelist Shall Not Hold Proposed Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Because he could not be in attendance and aid in the meeting, it is said that Rev. B. F. Rainey, pastor of the Pleasant Hill Baptist Church near Cordele, refused to allow a revival to be held in his church.

On request of some of the members of the church the State Board of the Baptist denomination sent an evangelist to conduct the meeting. It had been in progress but a day when the pastor informed the members and the evangelist that he objected to the meeting continuing longer; that he was going away and did not want a meeting conducted in his church while he was not there.

DALTON FIREMEN TO TAKE TWO-WEEK OUTING

DALTON, July 26.—More than a score of the members of the Dalton fire department will leave here on the morning of August 9 for a fortnight's outing at St. Simons Island.

The firemen are already making preparations for the trip, for which the railroads will grant special rates.

THREE MILES OF CEMENT SIDEWALKS FOR DALTON

DALTON, July 26.—Thornton avenue, Cleveland, Selvidge, McCamy and North Hamilton are the residential streets in which the City Council will take immediate steps looking to laying cement sidewalks.

The initial work as mapped out consists of about three miles of sidewalks.

TROUP SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION TO MEET

LA GRANGE, July 26.—The Troup County Sunday School Association will hold a two days' session next week. The first meeting will be held at Pleasant Grove Church, a few miles in the country, on Thursday. The second will be at the First Baptist Church of LaGrange on Friday.

GYPSY SMITH TO CONDUCT BIG REVIVAL

London Preacher to Hold Services in Accordance With Wishes of Dead Evangelist.

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—For some twenty years the late Rev. Sam P. Jones conducted annually a meeting at the tabernacle in this city and in this historic building, thousands came from far and near, during his lifetime, to hear him. At the last meeting just about a month before he died, he appointed a tabernacle committee and requested that the annual meetings continue after he died.

One meeting was held the year after his death and then the meetings were abandoned until last year, when the Rev. Bob Jones, of Montgomery, Ala., was invited to come and hold a revival meeting at the tabernacle.

Next Sunday morning, August 3, Rev. "Gypsy" Smith, of London, England, will preach at 11 o'clock. At 3:30 Rev. John Callahan, of the Water Street Mission of New York City, will have charge of the services and at 8 o'clock the Rev. Mr. Smith will preach again. Throughout the ten days there will be three services each day, the morning and evening services conducted by "Gypsy" Smith and the afternoon services by John Callahan.

Rev. Bob Jones will be platform director and will take an active part in the meeting, but, it is said, will not preach. He will arrive Friday night. The Rev. Mr. Sellers, of the Moody Bible Institute, of Chicago, will accompany him. The Rev. Mr. Smith and John Callanan will reach here next Saturday.

A fine singer has been secured and there will be a large choir organized from the ranks of the young men and ladies of the city and county.

Large crowds are expected. The railroads have given reduced rates.

The Sam Jones Tabernacle is situated in a beautiful grove about one-half mile from the city and has a seating capacity of 6,000. As many as 10,000 people have heard Rev. Sam Jones at one time preach from that pulpit.

JUDGE JONES ADVOCATES AUTO SPEED REGUATION

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—In his charge to the Grand Jury this week Judge J. B. Jones said it would be a good step to have a State law governing the speed limit of automobiles. As the law now stands, there is no speed limit on straight and good roads. There is a speed limit of six miles when machines are approaching and crossing bridges or turning curves.

ROME SOCIAL CLUBS ESCAPE INDICTMENT

ROME, July 26.—Although Judge Moses Wright recommended in his charge to the Grand Jury that the locker clubs of Rome be investigated, no indictments were brought, which is believed to mean that these organizations are abiding by the law. However, a number of true bills were brought against individuals for selling whisky.

ASSAILANT OF BROTHER GETS RELEASE ON BOND

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—John Eberhart, who was arrested and jailed for shooting his brother, Joe Eberhart, has been released on $500 bond. The two fell out over a division of land and the former shot the latter with a shotgun at close range, the load taking effect in the left side. It is thought that the wounded man may recover.

WEST SIDE SUNDAY SCHOOL MEETING BREAKS RECORD

DALTON, July 26.—More than 2,000 people attended the West Side Sunday school convention at Mount Vernon Saturday, the crowd being a record-breaker. The convention decided to hold annual meetings at Mount Vernon.

Officers were elected as follows: Luther Boyd, president; T. D. Bates, vice president; S. B. Hassler, chorister; Miss Ruth Griffin, secretary; Miss Mary Jordan, organist.

MEETING AT LA GRANGE TO TALK COUNTY FAIR

LA GRANGE, July 26.—A mass meeting will be held at the courthouse here next Thursday night at the time of the regular session of the Chamber of Commerce. The Troup County Fair Association will meet with the chamber in the interest of the coming county fair.

ROME DROUTH BROKEN.

ROME, July 26.—Rome was visited by a heavy rain, ending a drouth that has existed since June 7. The precipitation lasted for more than three hours and is worth thousands of dollars to this section.

RETURNS FROM SALT LAKE.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—W. N. Sheats, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, has returned from Salt Lake City, where he attended the annual meeting of the National Educational Association.

Three Stills Found In White County

Owners Offer No Resistance When Destroyed—Revenue Officers All Ordered to Chattanooga.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Deputy Collector Cooley and Revenue Officers Bush, Barney Richardson and Hymen Richardson, in a raiding tour through White County, found and destroyed three illicit stills, meeting no defiance from the owners.

At one of the stills there were two negroes, and the officers report that upon their approach the negroes "burned the wind" in escaping. Many gallons of beer and mash were destroyed, and at one place the officers smelled the refuse from the stil from a stream where it had been poured, and, traveling up the stream half a mile, found the still.

Officers Cooley and Bush this week were called to Chattanooga and advised to comep repared for a long trip and be well armed. It is said that the "revvies" from many of the districts have been ordered to this point. It is thought moonshiners in the mountains of Tennessee have banded together to fight an effort to take their distilleries.

Deputy Sings Hymns To Enliven Auction

No Bidder for Box of Songbooks Until Auctioneer Gives Samples of Contents.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—A deputy sheriff standing on the auction block with a hymnbook in his hand, warbling at the top of his voice, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was the sight seen by a big crowd gathered at the Sheriff's sale at the courthouse here a couple of mornings ago.

A box full of sacred songbooks was among the goods offered. No one offered to bid even a nickel. W. O. Beard, the deputy sheriff, nearly "talked his head off" without persuading anyone that he needed a box full of songbooks. Then it was an assistant took one of the books in his hand, mounted on the platform, turned to page 47 and began to sing. A score or more people in the crowd joined in the old familiar tune, and a few minutes afterward the hymnbooks were knocked down to a ready bidder for what they were worth.

BANKRUPT FIRM TO PAY ALL CREDITORS IN FULL

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Walden Brothers Clothing Company, one of the largest clothing concerns in the city, has gone into voluntary bankruptcy, with assets of more than $18,000 and liabilities of about $9,000. Just prior to filing the petition in bankruptcy the stockholders held a meeting to discuss the situation, but as it was found the firm was losing money rapidly it was thought best to file the petition. It was announced that the creditors would be paid dollar for dollar.

PASTOR GIVEN VACATION BY LA GRANGE BAPTISTS

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Dr. A. B. Vaughan, pastor of the First Baptist Church, has been voted a month's vacation by his church, and during his absence repairs to the amount of $2,000 will be made on the church.

FOUR IN SAME FAMILY APPENDICITIS VICTIMS

ELBERTON, July 26.—Alonzo Bowen, 14-year-old son of Ed Bowen, was operated on for appendicitis. He is doing well and will recover. This is the fourth operation in the Bowen family for appendicitis.

WAR ON BLIND TIGERS.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Chief of Police W. E. Smith is determined to rid the city of blind tigers. Eight have been convicted the past week. Two came clear on trial.

REUNION AT REDWINE.

GAINESVILLE, July 25.—Colonel B. P. Gaillard, of this city, will be orator of the day at the reunion of Confederate veterans at Redwine Church next Saturday. There will be band music and a basket dinner. The reunion is for Company D, Twenty-seventh Georgia Regiment.

DISTRICT CONFERENCE MEETS.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—About 100 preachers and laymen of the Gainesville District Methodist Conference have been in attendance upon the session at Flowery Branch this week. There are 28 pastoral charges in this district.

REAL INVENTOR OF TYPEWRITER WAS GEORGIAN

Birmingham Man Starts Movement to Rear Monument Over His Grave Near Rome.

ROME, July 26.—The inventor of the typewriter, John Jonathan Pratt, once lived within a few miles of Rome. Pratt's body now rests near the old loghouse that was his home, on the Center-Leesburg road, practically unknown and unnoticed by passersby.

Necessity was the mother of the invention, because from his duties as Clerk of the Court he developed typewriter's cramp and invented the machine to relieve it. Claude M. Hall of Birmingham, has lately inaugurated a campaign to revive interest in the memory of the inventor, and hopes the result will be the rearing of a monument over the lonely grave of the genius. His plan involves small subscriptions by users of the typewriters throughout the nation.

There are two or three other claimants for the distinction of inventing the typewriter, but the honor really belongs to Pratt, who died in Chattanooga June 24, 1905, at the age of 75 years. A few years before his death Pratt lived in Brooklyn.

December 19, 1857, Pratt was appointed Register in Chancery of Cherokee County and held this place until February 22, 1864. While working here Pratt got writer's cramp and decided to invent a typewriter to save suffering. He made a machine that worked earlier, but did not begin the active sale of his invention until 1867, in London, England.

From an aunt, Miss Elizabeth Herndon, of South Carolina, he borrowed $10,000 in 1867 to finance operations and perfect patents both here and in Europe. He went to England in the sixties and his machine attracted considerable attention. Immediately, the manufacture of at ypewriter in the United States was started by Milwaukee capitalists. Through the breaking of a contract by Memphis men Pratt encountered trouble, but later a wealthy man by the name of Hammond agreed to defeat the Memphis men on the condition that the machine could be manufactured under the name of Hammond. Pratt stayed in Hammond's employ until his death, receiving $2,500 per annum and a royalty on all typewriters sold.

Although the grave of the inventor lies within 200 yards of the Leesburg-Center road, hundreds of visitors pass by it every year without paying any attention to it.

Tift Truckers Plan To Improve Packing

Want Output Uniform and Carefully Prepared for Market—Meeting Called for Saturday.

TIFTON, July 26.—A meeting of the farmers, corn club boys and business men of Tift County has been called for Saturday, August 2, at the Tifton Chamber of Commerce. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss plans and methods for harvesting and marketing the crops.

The farmers will tell their experiences of the year at the meeting and discuss crop conditions and methods of fertilization and cultivation. The corn club boys will tell how it is that they can beat their fathers growing corn, and do it cheaper.

One of the important matters to be considered at the meeting will be the establishment of a truck packing house and the employment of experienced packers. Tift County truckers are determined that all truck from this county shall be of standard grade and packed by experienced men.

COUNTY FAIR PLANNED BY GAINESVILLE'S BOOSTERS

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—While the plans are not yet matured, the Chamber of Commerce has taken up the question of a fair to be held in the fall, at which farmers, stock raisers, manufacturers, etc., together with a woman's department, will have exhibits. It has been four years since a fair was held in Hall County, and it is believed this plan of the Chamber of Commerce will meet the approval of all and result in enlivening the business interests of this entire section.

Important Murder Trial Due This Week

Special Jury Expected to Probe Hatfield Slaying—Three Men in Jail.

DALTON, July 26.—When Superior Court meets here Monday morning for the regular July term it is probable Judge Fite's first action will be the drawing of a special Grand Jury to investigate the recent killing of Will Parrish in North Dalton for which three men, Dan Hatfield and John and Tom Nicodemus, are in jail, the former charged with the murder and the other two as accessories.

Hatfield is confined in the Floyd County jail, where he was taken after being brought here, owing to rumors of contemplated mob violence. Parrish, the man killed by Hatfield, was well liked by his associates, and after the killing the feeling all turned against Hatfield. When he was caught in Cleveland, Tenn., and brought here, the Sheriff telephoned Judge Fite and obtained the necessary order for transferring him to the Floyd County jail.

If indictments are returned against the three men, the trials will occupy a big portion of the week.

Cashier Is Indicted On Bank's Complaint

J. H. Cason of Bank of Crosland Is Accused of Embezzling More Than $7,000.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—The Colquitt County Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday against J. H. Cason, former cashier of the Bank of Crosland, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars.

Cason was arrested several weeks ago and has been in prison here in default of $6,000 bond. Notwithstanding the fact that Cason has confessed to using over $7,000 of the bank's funds, he will plead not guilty when his case is called for trial next week, according to the statement of his attorney, Alfred Kline, of Moultrie.

Tifton Trade Board To Aid Tift Farmers

Chamber of Commerce Plans to Improve Market Conditions for Planters.

TIFTON, July 26.—Among the things which the Tifton Chamber of Commerce proposes to put through during the remainder of the summer are:

Begin a series of monthly farmers' meetings.

Take steps to aid the farmers in marketing their products.

Provide facilities for handling the meat, grain and like products of the farmers, for which there is not a steady and ready market.

Begin a campaign for securing a new union passenger station.

Get out a small booklet advertising Tifton and Tift County.

Co-operate with the Board of County Commissioners in seeing that all public highways leading to Tifton are in first-class shape for the hauling of cotton and like products to market.

Students Building Tift's First Silo

TIFTON, July 26.—Professor J. F. Hart, Jr., principal, and the students who have remained through the summer to care for the school property and tend the crops on the school farm began work this week building a modern silo at the Second District Agricultural School.

This is probably the first silo in this section of the State. It is believed this will lead to the construction of a number of others throughout Tift County. A crop sufficient to fill the silo has already been planted, and is now being cultivated by the summer students.

Sorority Girls Camp Beside Lake Warner

Alpha Delta Phi Party First, but More Are Expected From Athens Organization.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Young ladies of the Alpha Delta Phi Sorority, 25 in number, of Wesleyan College, Macon, will arrive in Gainesville Friday for a two weeks' camp on Lake Warner.

It is likely that other parties, probably from Lucy Cobb, Athens, sororities, later will be added to the number of pretty, lively campers on the shores of the beautiful lake.

There now are in camp over 200 people. For several years Chattahoochee Park has been the scene of animated camp colonies each summer. There are more this summer than ever before.

NEGRO LOSES FINGERS PLAYING WITH DYNAMITE

DALTON, July 26.—A young son of O. A. Sims, a negro physician of this city, found a dynamite cap and immediately decided he could make a first-class whistle out of the harmless looking little thing. Securing a hammer and nail, he fitted the nail in the cap and struck it. His "whistle" quickly disappeared and with it went several of the fingers of his hand.

LAWYERS DRAFTING NEW CHARTER FOR GAINESVILLE

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Three among the ablest lawyers of the city, W. A. Charters, H. H. Perry and W. M. Johnson, will draft a new charter for the City of Gainesville, but it is not likely that it will be completed in time for the present Legislature to take action on it. The present charter was drawn in 1871 by H. H. Perry. It is not likely that the commission form of government will be considered at the present time.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

THIS WEEK

Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

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GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

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Macon — Latest Middle Georgia News — Augusta

MRS. MOKLER IS OVERRULED IN ALIMONY FIGHT

Husband Also Wins Custody of Children After Sensational Battle in Macon Court.

MACON, July 26.—Mrs. Lottie Mokler, of Peoria, Ill., to-day lost her fight for alimony from her husband, Victor R. Mokler, and for the possession of their 9-year-old boy, Herman.

Judge Mathews decided in favor of the husband, without requiring Mokler's attorney, O. C. Hancock, to argue the case.

The evidence presented against Mrs. Mokler was so overwhelming that the judge did not think it necessary to proceed further with the hearing, and he stopped Attorney Hancock just as the latter began his argument and stated that his mind was satisfied as to the facts in the case.

Several months ago Mokler returned to his home in the Carling Flats and found his wife with another man. The man ran, but Mokler pursued and fired a pistol at him five times. He then left his wife and brought suit for divorce, charging her with infidelity. This suit was heard last Monday, when he was awarded the first verdict. He will obtain the second verdict at the November term of the Superior Court.

Recently, however, Mrs. Mokler instituted a fight for alimony and for the custody of the boy, and the hearing on her petition was concluded today. The testimony in it was taken last Saturday and was mostly in the form of affidavits.

Mokler offered numerous affidavits of various men in Macon, Spartanburg, S. C., and other cities to show that his wife had been rather free in her ways of living. The boy, Herman, proved an interesting witness, testifying as to many material points. He declared that he preferred to live with his father.

Mokler is well known in Macon and by those who know him he is highly regarded. Numerous affidavits were presented this morning as to his excellent character. He is the Southern agent for a publishing house that issued Christian literature and Bibles. His headquarters are in Macon, and it is stated that he has a large income. He testified that during the last year he and his wife lived together in Macon she spent over $4,000 in addition to her living expenses, which he paid. He introduced statements from local bank officers as to the sums drawn from the banks by Mrs. Mokler. He believes, and stated, that Mrs. Mokler gave this money to some of her men friends.

Mokler was happy over the decision of the Judge and left the courtroom affectionately caressing his son.

Miss Frances Webb

A popular member of Dublin's social set, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Claude Shewmake, in Atlanta. Mrs. H. P. Shewmake, of Dublin, is also Mrs. Claude Shewmaker's guest.

Miss Webb formerly resided in Augusta. (Photo by Hirshburg.)

She is society editor of The Dublin Herald.



Compromise Reached On Clerk's Salary

Bill Originally Reduced Pay to $2,400 a Year From $8,000—Agreement Now $4,000.

MACON, July 26.—A compromise has been reached with Representative Wallace Miller in regard to the bill which reduces the income of the Clerk of the City Court. Judge Hodges and Clerk Charles H. Smith spent most of the week in Atlanta in consultation with Mr. Miller and the other Representatives.

The bill as originally drawn provided that the Clerk's income should be reduced to $2,400, but now it will be fixed at $4,000, payable by the county as a salary. The present income of the office is $8,000 a year in fees. It is considered "the best office in Bibb County."

New Marshal Takes Official Oath Aug. 1

Will Not Name Appointees Until Sworn in—Expects to Make Macon Headquarters.

MACON, July 26.—Joseph S. Davis, newly appointed Marshal of the United States Court for the Southern District of Georgia, will take his oath of office August 1, succeeding George F. White, who has held the place for twelve years.

Mr. Davis wants to have headquarters in Albany, but expects the Attorney General to designate Macon as his official location, on account of the Judge and the District Attorney living here.

Mr. Davis will not announce the names of his appointees until he goes into office.

100,000 PEACH TREES FOR GEORGIA ORCHARDS

MACON, July 26.—Edward J. Martin, a large peach grower of Marshallville, while in Macon to-day, stated that fully 100,000 peach trees would be set out this fall by the orchard men in his section. "The fine prices brought by this year's crop," he stated, "have encouraged the fruit growers to enlarge their orchards.

"With satisfactory weather conditions in the spring I expect the 1914 fruit crop, especially the peaches, to be the largest in the history of the State, even exceeding that of 1909."

MACON BOY APPOINTED TO WEST POINT PLACE

MACON, July 26.—Robert Emmett Duffy, of James, has passed the entrance examination for West Point, and on August 1 he will leave for the institution to prepare for a commission in the United States army. He is a son of T. W. Duffy, Sr., who formerly represented Jones County in the Legislature.

Mud Around Depot Makes Griffin Kick

Several Carloads of Red Dirt Dumped Along Tracks and Rains Make Sticky Walking.

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The people of Griffin are raising more fuss about the conditions around the union passenger station maintained here by the Central and Southern Railways.

Some time ago a strong kick was made against insanitary conditions, and against the fact that four trains are coming in on parallel tracks and unloading and taking on passengers and baggage at the same time each morning at 9 o'clock. Now the complaint is over the dumping of several carloads of red dirt on the train yards and forcing people during the recent rains to walk through the consequent mud and slush. No promise is given that conditions will be improved. The citizens have carried the matter to the Railroad Commission, which promises some kind of relief.

$300,000 PLANT SEEKS LOCATION IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A Maryland corporation, with a capital stock of $300,000, engaged in the manufacture and sale of stoves, ranges and like products, is seeking a location in Columbus, attracted to this city by flattering inducements offered through the Board of Trade.

CRISP COUNTY TORN UP BY FREAK WINDSTORM

CORDELE, July 26.—A brisk windstorm yesterday afternoon over parts of Crisp and adjoining counties did considerable damage by leveling corn fields and blowing down fences. The wind came in spasmodic puffs and fear was felt that it would develop into a storm of serious nature.

COLUMBUS BALL TEAM TO GET BOOSTER GAME

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Monday has been designated as "Booster Day" with the Columbus baseball team, when it begins a series of three games with Albany. The management of the team is undertaking to arouse interest to keep the treasury in a safe condition during the wane of the season.

OIL STOVE BURNS MAY PROVE FATAL TO WOMAN

WAYCROSS, July 26.—As she lit an oil stove this morning preparatory to baking a cake, Mrs. J. D. Ridley caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished was so badly burned about the body and face that her recovery is doubtful. She ran into the street, where neighbors tore the flaming clothing from her.

A. J. Patterson Puts More 'Air' in 'Fair'

Tells Griffin the Exhibit This Year Will Be "the Biggest and Best Ever Held."

GRIFFIN, July 26.—A. P. Patterson, president of the Spalding County Fair and the man who put the "air" in "fair," says the county fair of Spalding this year will be the biggest and best ever held here.

Contracts are to be let for the erection of a poultry house and also a live stock building. In addition to these, some of the present buildings will be enlarged, and other improvements made. The race track is to be regraded and a new grandstand built.

It is expected that this year's fair will have a larger number of farm and domestic exhibits than formerly and that the newly organized Boys' Corn Club will take an important part in the exhibits.

CORDELE METHODIST CONFERENCE CLOSES

CORDELE, July 26.—The annual Methodist Conference of the Cordele district came to a close yesterday at Rochelle. The meeting was attended by about 130 ministers and delegates.

The following delegates were chosen to the annual South Georgia Conference to be held in Macon next November: Hugh Lasseter, Cordele; R. L. Greer, Oglethorpe; D. W. Howard, Unadilla; J. G. Forehand, Vienna.

SEABOARD TO CONSTRUCT WAREHOUSE IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The Seaboard Air Line has completed the survey for the foundation of a large storage warehouse and grain elevator in Columbus, to be located on its property in the southeastern part of the city. The warehouse, it is understood, will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

LOWNDES TAX VALUES EXCEED EIGHT MILLION

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Lowndes County's tax values this year show an increase of $259,000. Tax Receiver Bacon to-day completed the footings of the 1913 digest. The total tax values of the county are $8,223,000, and, in view of the rather depressed conditions of the past year, the increase of more than $250,000 is regarded as satisfactory. If the bill now before the Legislature to provide a board of tax assessors passes, it is believed that values in Lowndes County will go to $10,000,000 next year.

Augusta Primary To Be Held Oct. 29

Each Candidate Will Have Equal Representation in Officers to Conduct Election.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—The white primary committee has fixed October 29 as the date for the city primary to choose Councilmen from the various wards. Of course, there will be no primary in the event commission government wins and is referred to the people by the Legislature, because the result will be a foregone conclusion.

An innovation this year will be the giving of equal representation in the polling places to all candidates. Each candidate is to have a manager and a clerk in each box in every precinct.

The following candidates have announced for Council: First Ward, W. S. Morris and Clem E. Castleberry; Second Ward, T. S. Raworth; Third Ward, George H. Howard; Fourth Ward, N. T. Barnes; Fifth Ward, H. A. Woodward; Sixth Ward, J. Miller Morris and F. W. Moore.

Hitch Probable in New Charter Election

Commission Government and Waterworks Bond Advocates of Columbus Threaten War.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A hitch in the proposed vote on commission government for Columbus by the people during the year 1913 is probable.

A bill providing for commission government in lieu of the present Mayor and aldermanic form will be presented to the Legislature next week. Advocates of the proposed waterworks bond issue are making an effort to keep the commission government election from taking place this year, claiming it would affect the chances of the waterworks bonds.

The regular Mayor and aldermanic election is to be held the second Saturday in December, while the bond election comes on October 18, and it would be difficult to hold a commission government election before October.

The advocates of waterworks bonds have threatened, if an election is proposed in the commission form bill prior to the waterworks bond election, to go before the Lepislature and fight the passage of the commission government bill. The advocates of commission government threaten to retaliate by fighting the waterworks proposition. If the advocates of commission government can have the election this year they propose to do so.

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WORKING FOR BOND ISSUE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the next six weeks the Savannah Chamber of Commerce will be engaged in active work in arousing interest in the auditorium bond election, which will be held September 15.

The proposed issue of $200,000 will give Savannah a much-needed auditorium.

LAWMAKERS OF BIBB DIVIDED ON COURT BILL

Proposal to Abolish Justices and Establish Municipal Tribunal Gets Mixed Reception.

MACON, July 26.—The Bibb County Representatives are divided on the bill to abolish the justice courts and to establish a municipal court, and it is probable that the bill may not pass at the present session of the Legislature unless a compromise is reached.

Representative Wallace Miller is in favor of the whole bill just as it stands.

Representative Minter Wimberly believes that the jurisdiction of the court should be reduced from $500 to $100, and he is opposed to the advance payment of costs. Representative Ben J. Fowler believes the judge should receive a salary of only $2,000 and that the other officers should be paid less than is now provided in the bill. The bill provides for $3,000 a year for the judge, $1,800 for the clerk and $1,500 for the sheriff.

Another bill on which the Bibb Representatives are divided is the one proposing changes in the fee system so far as its affects several of the county officers.

Representative Fowler wants the Solicitor General put on a salary of $3,000.

Union Station Mix Is Near Solution

Only One Property Owner on the New Depot Site Still Refuses to Arbitrate.

MACON, July 26.—Macon now is nearer the union station than at any time since the agitation took definite shape several months ago.

Property owners on Chetry street below Fifth who objected to the passage of the bill in the Legislature which authorizes the city to close Cherry between Fifth and Sixth, have now agreed to withdraw their objections if the Central of Georgia will agree to arbitrate their claims for damages.

As the Central of Georgia previously has signified its willingness to enter into any fair arrangement for the settlement of the calims, it is believed that the arbitration plan will be adopted.

Only one of the property owners, C. B. Adams, refuses to agree to arbitrate. He says that the Central of Georgia must buy his property outright ofr $30,000 or he will resist the closing of the streets by appeal to the courts.

Macon Prepares a Booster Excursion

Plans Made to Send Special Train to Northwest to Advertise Middle Georgia.

MACON, July 26.—Macon is going to send a booster train to the Northwest in September for the purpose of advertising the resources of the State, as well as this city.

The train will go as far north as Minneapolis, arriving there at the time of the Minnesota State Fair. Stops will be made at every city of size along the route. Birmingham, Chattanooga, St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, Cedar Rapids and Burlington are some of the cities that will be visited.

The Boards of Trade of Columbus, Adel, Waycross and other Georgia cities and towns already have applied for space on the train.

It is assured that over 100 Macon business houses will be represented, and it is probable that the drum and bugle corps also will make the trip.

Capital for Macon Bill Again Prepared

Fifty-three Signatures Have Been Obtained for Measure to Move State Capital.

MACON, July 26.—Signed by fifty-three members of the House, the bill to submit to the people the question of moving the State Capital to Macon will be introduced in the House on Monday morning.

At the same time the campaign in favor of the bill will be renewed by the executive committee of the Capital Removal Association of Macon and South Georgia.

The Bibb delegation is sanguine of the bill coming to a vote in the House at this session. They believe the committee will report favorably on it.

Should the bill fail of consideration at this session, the campaign in its favor will be conducted throughout the winter and up to the meeting of the next Legislature.

HYDROPHOBIC HEN KILLED WHEN SHE ATTACKS CHILD

MACON, July 26.—A "mad" chicken, the first ever seen or heard of in Macon, was killed to-day by Policeman T. R. Roland, after the fowl had savagely attacked his 10-year-old boy. It developed that the hen was bitten a week ago by a rabid dog, but not until to-day were the hydrophobic symptoms manifested. When Policeman Roland first observed the chicken it was fighting the other hens. The boy went out in the yard to see what was the matter with his pet, and the hen viciously fought him.

BOARD FORMED; OBJECT IS TO BOOST GRIFFIN

J. W. Gresham Is President and W. B. Royster Secretary of New Organization.

GRIFFIN, July 26.—As a result of a whirlwind campaign, a live Board of Trade, with $4,000 capital, has been just organized in Griffin. Beginning the first day of the coming month, work in behalf of the business interests of the town and community will be started and kept up indefinitely. W. B. Royster, of Palatka, Fla., has been placed in charge of the board's work as secretary.

It has been only a few weeks since the first mention of a Board of Trade was made here by A. W. McKeand, representing the Southern Commercial Secretaries. At a mass meeting a decision was made to start such a movement at the earliest day, and committees to secure $4,000 working capital were appointed and authorized to begin work immediately. Within ten days' time the full amount had been secured, and a definite plan of action determined upon for the new board.

The directorate of the board, which starts with a membership of 125, follows: J. W. Gresham, president; J. P. Persons, treasurer; W. B. Royster, secretary; A. P. Patterson, C. A. Jones, R. O. Crouch, J. P. Persons and J. W. Gresham, commissioners.

Headquarters for the board are in a large room of the new Griffin Hotel. In this place will be kept on exhibit permanently a display of the products of the manufacturing concerns of the city, and also a good exhibit of the county's products.

Some of the first work to which the board will give attention will be the construction of a system of electric street railways, the civic improvement of the town, the erection of a new union passenger station and a publicity campaign.

If You Are Sleepy, Get a Police Job

Augusta Bluecoats Find Time to Take Their Naps While on Duty.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—Augusta policemen can outsleep any set of bluecoats in this part of the country.

The other day President J. C. Acton, of the Augusta Mattress Manufacturing Company, found a policeman's club in his factory. The Chief of Police, after an investigation, came to the conclusion that one of the officers went into the place to take a nap and forgot his club.

Several nights ago a citizen on upper Broad street was sleeping on his front porch upstairs when he heard a noise on the porch downstairs. He found that the policeman on his beat had gone to sleep on the porch and had a nightmare.

Another officer went to sleep in May Park with his shoes off. When found snoring by the sergeant, he was rudely awakened and asked what he meant by going to sleep on duty with his shoes off. "Why, I can't sleep with them on," the officer replied.

This Lawyer Can Outfarm Farmers

Solicitor of City Court at Augusta Knows How to Raise Big Crops.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—A lawyer and a solicitor of the City Court who can get out into the country and outfarm the farmers is something of a novelty, but that is just what J. C. C. Black, Jr., of this city, can do and, indeed, has done. Mr. Black has been Solicitor of the City Court for nearly ten years. His annual income from that position is estimated at from $5,000 to $18,000.

But back to the farm with the Solicitor. He bought about 200 acres of land in Columbia County several years ago and proceeded to farm scientifically. He used plenty of commercial fertilizer, planted great quantities of peas, and diversified his crops.

Mr. Black now says that he can raise a bale of cotton to the acre on imost any part of his place. Sixty bushels of corn per acre on the uplands is not uncommon, and he raises more peas than he can gather.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

RAILROAD MEN ATTEND IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

WAYCROSS, July 26.—An important conference between General Superintendent J. W. Brand, Division Counsel W. E. Kay, of Jacksonville, and District Counsel Joseph W. Bennett, of Brunswick, was held in Waycross to-day. The meeting was called for the purpose of going over legal matters in which the Atlantic Coast Line is involved.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Rains Boost Crops In Augusta Section

Richmond County Farmers Do Not Fear 'Wolf at the Door' This Year.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—The farmers of Richmond County no longer are fearing the proverbial wolf at the door this fall. Copious rains have fallen in practically every section of the county during the past week, and the outlook for a good cotton crop is excellent. The continued dry weather has done serious damage to the corn, and not more than one-half to two-thirds of a normal yield will be made. The cotton, however, stood the lack of rain very well, and Richmond County will make much better crops than last year.

The wheat and oat crops were splendid this year, and many thousands of bushels of both have been gathered. The alluvial lands of the Savannah River Valley made from 60 to 80 bushels of oats to the acre.

The crop of watermelons and cantaloupes are fair this year and, because of the poor yield of peaches throughout the State, watermelons are bringing a splendid price.

Supreme Court Lets Lynn Sentence Stand

Slayer of Hightower Refused Relief by Georgia Tribunal—Appeal to Washington Likely.

DUBLIN, July 26.—The Supreme Court of Georgia has denied a rehearing in the Lynn case, which was heard by it a few weeks ago, and the judgment of the lower court is affirmed. Lynn's attorneys now are preparing to take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Lynn was convicted of killing F. Hightower at his home just a short time before Christmas of last year, and was tried, with his wife, who claimed to have abetted the killing because Hightower insulted her. His wife was freed by the jury, but he was found guilty of murder with recommendation to life imprisonment.

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savannah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

DUBLIN CLEANS HOUSE THROUGH VICE CRUSADE

Mass Meeting Calls on Police and Council to Assist in Wiping Out Social Evils.

DUBLIN, July 26.—Dublin is in the midst of a vice crusade, and the City Council and Police Department are being asked to take a hand.

A called meeting of Council was held this week and a body of about 50 representative men went before the city officials and called their attention to the fact that lewd houses are being operated in the city limits, that blind tigers are plentiful, that the city is "wide open" on Sunday.

A censorship also was asked for the motion picture shows.

Speeches were made by many of the citizens and by the Mayor, and the crowd finally left, after being assured that the Police Department and the Council would do their utmost to abate the evils. There was no word of criticism, and the discussion was entirely friendly. The meeting gives promise of bringing good results, and the city will experience another moral house cleaning that bids fair to reach into all the dark corners and get all the things that should not be there.

SPALDING COUNTY HOLDS SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The first Sunday School convention ever held in Spalding County, which occurred this week, was a big success from the start. Of the thirty Sunday schools in the county, representatives from fifteen of them were present at the institute. Plans were adopted for the entire county to be canvassed in the work of the Sunday school and to carry the benefits of the new organization to each school of all denominations.

Principal speakers in the convention here were D. W. Sims, of Atlanta, general secretary of the Georgia Sunday School Association, and Miss Daisy Magee, of Columbia, Miss., superintendent of elementary work.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

DROWNED CLOSING WATER GATE.

DUBLIN, July 26.—C. C. Horton was drowned at Chappell's Mill, Laurens County, while trying to remove an obstruction that hindered the closing of a water gate.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

Take Your Vacation at
Wrightsville Beach
Near Wilmington, N. C.

Splendid hotels; finest beach on Atlantic Coast; best sea and sound fishing; electric train service to city. No end to indoor and outdoor amusements. Reduced railroad rates. For literature and other information write to

E. L. Hinton, Mgr. Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
C. E. Hooper, Mgr. Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
H. C. Foss, Mgr. Hanover Inn, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

Men's Linen Suits STODDARDIZED 50c

The price of STODDARDIZING Men's Woolen Suits is ONE DOLLAR---but we STODDARDIZE Men's Linen or Palm Beach Suits for FIFTY CENTS.

A WAGON FOR A PHONE CALL.

We pay Charges (one way) on Out-of-Town Orders of $2 or more.

Stoddard 126 Peachtree Street Bell Phone, Ivy 43 Atlanta Phone 43 Dixie's Greatest Dry Cleaner and Dyer

WHY FEEL TIRED? TRY LIVER EASE

Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Helen Brantley	208,100
George Rosser	207,415
Miss Frankie J. Smith	189,500
Josephine Simril	158,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	149,075
Hill McCalla	106,350
Wyman Conrad	102,550
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,750
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,850
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Elizabeth Garwood	180,925
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	179,870
Paul M. Clark	178,990
Miss Robert Harbour	177,845
Edmund Hurt	159,050
Miss Idele Shaw	142,105
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P Tucker	21,250
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Charles L. Stevens	195,650
Willett Mathews	192,550
Mildred Brickman	163,980
J. P. Goetz, Jr.	150,985
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Florence Greenoe	225,385
Herbert Chapman	219,980
Fannie Mae Cook	218,600
Eleanor Raoul	202,550
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.00.

To the candidate in this district having the third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134 050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	152,300
William Turner	151,565
Edward DeLoach	150,325
Miss Beverly Swanton	149,900
Miss Susanne Springer	126,95[illegible]
Edgar Wilson	38,395
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	25,965

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate ir this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Henry Hull	119,300
George H. Melton	118,395
A. Morrison	116,950
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	105,200
Philip Gilstein	89,850
James Allen	30,303
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Raymond Wilkinson	214,650
Ross Greer	210,955
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
R. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,659
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,425
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Speard, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $200

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D. Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Billie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lyldia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win? The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT
Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT
Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P.M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S
SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR BIRMINGHAM

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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Golfers Go 35 Miles In Just 1,087 Strokes

Experts Play From Maidstone to Littleton on the Sea on a Wager.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—To cover 35 miles in 1,087 strokes is a feat that two golfers accomplished in playing from Maidstone to Littleton-on-the-Sea.

How this came about a well-known golfer offered to bet Neville Foster, of the Ashdown Forest Golf Club, and W. Warman, of the Newton Green Golf Club, that they could not play from Forest row to Crowborough over the woodland heather and hills, a distance of eight miles, in 350 strokes. The bet was taken and the task accomplished in 184 strokes.

Waiters Back of Bill To Prevent 'Tipping'

Measure Provides Fine for Both 'Tipper' and Recipient of Bounty, and Reward for Informer.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An ordinance to end "tipping" has been passed by the City Council and will now go to the House of Delegates, where it is expected it will be speedily adopted, and, with the signature of the Mayor, become a law.

This ordinance has had the backing of the union waiters of St. Louis, who are now striking in the principal hotels and restaurants. The bill provides a fine of from $10 to $50 for each offense, both the "tipper" and recipient of the "tip" being subject to fine, and the informer to receive half of the fine.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Suffragists Plan National Campaign

Women Who Now Possess Franchise Will Aid Movement in All Other States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans for a widespread campaign for "votes for women" to be carried into all the States of the Union not now having suffrage will be laid at a conference of the National Council of Woman Voters here August 13, 14 and 15. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the congressional committee headquarters of the council.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Porter Charlton Makes 'Xmas Date

American Ordered Extradited to Italy Confident He Will Be Back in Few Months.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 26.—Porter Charlton, the young man who has been ordered extradited to Italy to stand trial for the murder of his wife, seems to be apparently unconcerned about the outcome of the trial, and openly stated that he would be back in America again for Christmas. Although the United States Government has ordered him sent back to Italy, he confidently told a friend yesterday that he would soon return.

"Don't you worry," he is reported as saying. "I'll make an engagement with you next Christmas at Churchill's."

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

'Imperator' Is Too Small, Says Captain

Greatest Vessel Afloat Is Already Fully Booked for Next Two Voyages West.

Special Cable to The American.

PLYMOUTH, July 26.—"The Imperator is too small; we want larger vessels," exclaimed Captain Ruser, when, after landing the greatest ship in the world at this port to-day, he was told that the Imperator is already fully booked for her next two westward trips.

The Imperator proceeded from here to Cherbourg and Hamburg. On the way over there were three days of such extreme heat that many experienced stokers were unable to work. The average speed for the voyage was 22.5 knots and the best single day's run was 540 miles.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to b eused for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Declares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by "Mrs." Belle Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Develpoments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by himself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

Washington Society Trembles

'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says:

"Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, today decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"I will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer in Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Company for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

MOTOR RACES

TUESDAY, July 29

8:15 P. M.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

BIJOU THIS WEEK

NORMAN FRIEDENWALD'S Hilarious Musical Farce COMEDY,

THE GIRL FROM DUBLIN

The liveliest, most tuneful and up-to-the-minute musical comedy show of the season.

1 1-2 HOURS OF FUN.
PRETTY GIRLS.
GREAT SCENIC EFFECTS.
20—FUN MAKERS—20.
SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE.
TUNEFUL MUSICAL NUMBERS.

Daily Matinees. Night Shows at 7:30 and 9.
BARGAIN PRICES.

GRAND

WEEK JULY 28
DAILY AT 2:30 & 8:30

CARNEGIE MUSEUM
ALASKA SIBERIAN PICTURES
AND FIRST RUN FEATURES

MATINEES 10 CTS.
NIGHT 10-15-25 CTS.

GET THE GRAND HABIT

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST THEATER

FORSYTH WEEK OF JULY 28 Daily at 2:30 and 8:30

The Famous Character Comedian
JOE WELCH

ELSA WARD, KARL CRESS, CUNNINGHAM & MARION

Robt. Dailey & Co. (OUR BOB)

DOLAN & LENBARR CO.
"SOME MIND-READER"

KEITH VAUDEVILLE

NEXT WEEK
EVEREST'S
MONKEY HIPPODROME
The Novelty of Modern Vaudeville

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privileee and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unles it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1468 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline, and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, in difference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but it will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case, until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1436 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the military forces have been called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "And person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempest to go orto remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5369 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the light of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Barthoiomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Parr. He said he had been living at Goshen and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband

Cites Story of His First Wife

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr. Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

"He falsely and frauduently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, "that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysteria shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said:

"Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother, instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Buy a Diamond On Monthly Payments

You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

Say you wanted a diamond ring at $250. You pay one-fifth ($50.00) cash and settle the deferred balance in ten equal monthly payments of $20.55 each.

This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

MAIER & BERKELE, Inc.
Gold and Silversmiths,
31-33 Whitehall Street,
Established 1867.

Atlanta Conservatory of Music

Announces its complete reorganization under the general direction of MORTIMER WILSON, CONDUCTOR ATLANTA PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 2
Peachtree and Broad Streets Atlanta, Georgia
Unsurpassed Advantages
PROSPECTUS AUGUST 1
DEPARTMENTS: Theory and Composition, Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Orchestral Instruments, Technical Lectures, Artist Recitals, Orchestra Routine, Chorus Singing, Public School Music, Music-Kindergarten, etc. Bureau-Extension.

MODERN DENTISTRY
CAN EFFECTIVELY REMEDY THE WORST OF
YOUR TOOTH TROUBLES
AND THERE IS NO REASON WHY YOU SHOULD PAY TWO OR THREE PRICES FOR IT
DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS
24 1-2 Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's
Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1
BEST MATERIALS USED



Platinum or Gold Anchored Molar Teeth
Porcelain-Faced Front Teeth
Platinum or Gold Anchored Molar Tooth
Reinforced Back by 24-... Gold

OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:
Set of Teeth, $5 Gold Filling $1
Gold Crowns, $4 Amalgam Filling, 50c Up
Bridge Work, $4 Plates Repaired, 50c Up
Teeth Cleaned, New Process . . . . . $1 Up
EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Stop That Whooping Cough
WITH THE McFAUL
Whooping Cough Powders
Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*
For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.
Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.
By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.
The McFaul Medicine Company
431 Marietta Street Atlanta, Georgia

OPEN AIR CONCERTS
GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK
Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

There is a well-defined, positive and aggressive movement on to nominate Governor John M. Slaton for Senator in next year's primary.

The Governor himself is not known to be a party to it, and the impression is that he is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrashed out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith, and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why, then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House, and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlanta.

On the other hand the Senator's moving friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

SEASHORE
EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers

An actual snapshot of a slashed skirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.



© INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 171 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent. or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,000,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Takes Off Freckles, Removes Tan.



Beautify your complexion. Get rid of those freckles. You can invest 50c in a jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM and they'll disappear. Severe cases may require two jars—no more. We positively guarantee this, and if your complexion isn't fully restored to its natural beauty, we agree to refund your money without argument. And in addition, WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is a fine, fragrant toilet cream. Doesn't cause hair to grow and does positively remove TAN and FRECKLES. Try it at our risk. Price 50c—sent by mail if desired. Mammonth jars $1.00. WILSON'S FAIR SKIN SOAP 25c. Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C., makers. For sale and guaranteed by all druggists.

PONY CONTEST GROWS RED HOT IN FINAL WEEK

Four Days Left in Race for Shetlands—Splendid Chance for Every Entry.

Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "trailers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

Good Breeding Shown.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

It is not necessary, the contest manager explains, to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Four More Busy Days.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid, admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Cella Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK
$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

Bifocals and Lenses Ground to Order at Lowest Prices

Columbian Optical Co.
81-83 Whitehall Street---With Columbian Book Co.

DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Cooper, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life In Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The will of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here, leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This had been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE

IOWA CITY, LOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising and You'll Enjoy Your Breakfast



NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doling out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elmination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores
And Druggist Generally

NUXCARA
Cures Indigestion!

Indigestion and all its accompanying evils—headache, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and irritability—can be completely and permanently cured.

TAKE NUXCARA
3 Times a Day

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ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

* * *

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

* * *

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

* * *

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

* * *

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

* * *

He may depose the Sultan.

* * *

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Always, as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babt-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach such subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulfied his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

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No More, No Less.

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BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS ..... .25
GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
CLEANING TEETH ..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street.

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

FATHER SENT SEVEN SONS TO WAR BETWEEN STATES

QUARRYVILLE, PA., July 26.—The death of George W. Bierly, of Eden township, recalls the fact that he and six of his brothers served in the Civil War. When the conflict started their father told his seven sons it was their duty to enlist, and all did so. One was killed at Bowling Green, Ky. The remaining six returned from the army, and of them only one now survives, Taylor Bierly, of Parkesburg, Pa.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

CEREMONY IMPRESSION AS SON BAPTIZES FATHER

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Being baptized by his own son, according to Baptist Church rites, was the experience of Charles Bentzien, 90 years old, father of the assistant pastor of the Temple Baptist Church, who also was formerly of the White Temple at Portland. The occasion was attended by impressive ceremonies.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of $0,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it. If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast. Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

SALOON CLOSES ITS DOORS WHEN PET CAT DISAPPEARS

CINCINNATI, July 26.—"Closed on account of the loss of Scotty's black cat, 'Nigger,'" read a sign on the door of Scotty's saloon for one day. Several days ago the cat, who is looked upon as a member of the family, disappeared. Two days passed and the cat did not put in an appearance, so Scotty hung out a sign draped in green tissue paper and bordered by carnations to tell his customers that he had closed the saloon in mourning for the cat.

I Want a Partner

He must be a live citizen and have a few thousand dollars—from $1,000 to $5,000.

I ask nothing more than I have to offer.

This is an opportunity to make $5,000 a year. State age, amount you have to invest and give references.

ADDRESS HUSTLER
Box 600
Care Hearst's Sunday American
Atlanta, Ga.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thunderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 5213 Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
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Euphona
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The June Bride's Piano
New
Euphona Player-Piano
Value Supreme Among Player-Pianos

It makes musicians of us all.
The highest type of piano-player mechanism yet produced.
Contains many (exclusive patented) advantages and is concealed within the case of a

Beautiful Tone Piano

possessing a delightful touch for hand playing as well as with music rolls.
$25 worth of music rolls, stool and scarf included FREE.
Your silent piano taken in exchange.
Pay cash or by the month.

15th Midsummer Piano Sale

Bargains in rebuilt pianos taken in part payment for Euphonas.

Conover — Mahogany case, 7 1-3 octaves; very good. Cost new $400; sale price $225
Walworth — Large size; mahogany case; fine order. Cost new $250; sale price $150
Estey — Mahogany, upright grand, in good, fine tone. Cost new $300; sale price..... $125

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GEO. W. WILKINS, President.
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Atlanta, Ga.



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Tifton

TIFTON, July 26.—Mrs. Vina Henderson, of Bainbridge, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Oren Roberts.

Mrs. R. W. Goodman and children left Thursday for Odessadale.

Miss Jeanne Philbaut, of Napoleonville, La., is the guest of Miss Effie Scarboro.

Miss Winnifred Cumlin, who was the guest of Miss Maurine Ridgdill, left Thursday for St. Marys.

Miss Marion Wooley returned to Atlanta Thursday.

Mrs. R. D. Smith is the guest of her brother, A. H. Smith, in Cordele.

Mrs. W. M. Thurman and children, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Harman.

Miss Tommie McGuirt is the guest of Miss Ella Sanford in Thomasville.

Mrs. A. P. Hunter and son, Frank, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Timmons.

Miss Cora Stephens is in Macon.

Mrs. R. C. Postell and son, Carlisle, returned Wednesday from Atlanta, Monticello and other North Georgia points.

Misses Maurine and Wilma Ridgdill, Winnifred Cumlin, Lula Mae and Estelle Morgan, Marie and Sarah Colcord and Bessie Murrow were the members of a picnic party to Murrow Springs Wednesday. Mrs. J. B. Murrow and Mrs. J. S. Ridgdill were the chaperons.

Miss Alexandra Rhodes entertained at tea Wednesday in honor of Miss Marguerite Drake, of Thomasville. Those present were Misses Marguerite Drake, Effie Scarboro, Maude and Nellie Timmons and Alexandra Rhodes, John Fountain, Lennon Bowen, Dr. C. R. Dickert, Dr. E. B. Mount, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Eason and Mrs. L. A. Rhodes.

Mrs. L. P. Thurman entertained Wednesday for little Miss Anna Sheppard Thurman, of Atlanta Rook, hearts dice and upjinks were played. Misses Grace Fulwood and Laura Coe served punch.

Mrs. I. L. Ford chaperoned a picnic party to Lucy Lake Tuesday. Those in the party were Misses Wynona and Floy Ford and Aurelia Hargrett, Ben Moore, C. E. Foy, Arthur Hollingsworth and Dr. E. B. Mount.

Milledgeville

MILLEDGEVILLE, July 26.—The marriage of Miss Tillie Smith, of Montezuma, to E. Culver Kidd took place at Montezuma Wednesday.

Mr. Kidd was accompanied to Montezuma by O. R. Horton, Malcolm Flemister, Stewart Wootten and George Nottingham, of Macon.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Kidd left for Savannah, embarking for New York, Niagara, Toronto and a run through Thousand Islands, stopping on their way home at Washington.

Mrs. Carlyle Cobb, of Athens, is visiting Mrs. Ed Treanor.

Miss Clara Williams has returned from the mountains and Waynesboro, Va.

Misses Effie and Marie Grenade are attending a house party at Hurtsboro, Ala.

Mrs. T. O. Powell, Mrs. Julia West, Misses Jessie Allen, Julia Conn and Francis Conn are visiting Tallulah Falls.

Judge and Mrs. E. R. Hines entertained the men's class of the Methodist Sunday school last Thursday.

Miss Mary Lawrence is visiting Barnesville.

Miss Bertha Gholson has returned from a visit to Florida.

Miss Verie Montgomery has returned from a visit to Oconee Springs.

Miss Myrtle McDermot is attending a house party at Agricola.

Jackson

JACKSON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Copeland, Mrs. Emma Mallett and Miss Mary Newton form a party of Jackson people at St. Simons Island.

Miss Georgia Rice, of Atlanta, is the guest of Miss Helen Smith and was the honor guest at a dinner party Saturday evening at the Wigwam, Indian Springs.

Miss Rosa Newton leaves Tuesday for a two months' stay in the North.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Carmichael are in Baltimore.

Miss Julia Curry is being entertained as the guest of Miss Fannie Belle Waits, in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawson have returned to their home in Dublin after a visit with Mrs. W. J. Wood and Mrs. E. C. Robinson.

Miss Clio Carmichael is spending some time as the guest of Miss Margaret Rushton and Mrs. Stewart Roberts in Atlanta.

Misses Vera and Jessie Jones have as their guest Miss Carrie Knott, of Locust Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Carreker left Wednesday for a visit with relatives in Zebulon.

Mrs. H. A. Butner and sister, Miss Roberts, of Greenville, S. C., are guests of Mrs. C. A. Butner and Miss Annie Lou McCord.

Mrs. J. W. Crum is at home from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Sasnett Crum in Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Annie Catchings Crum is visiting Miss Annie Kieth in Spartanburg.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, July 26.—For her guest, Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, Miss Alice Parker was the hostess on Thursday evening at a porch party.

Miss Caroline Higgins left this week for a visit to friends in New Jersey and Maryland.

Miss Alice Parker has returned from a visit to friends in Moultrie.

Miss Mary Merrill and Miss May Patten will leave next week for East Orange, N. J.

Miss Marianne Watt will leave on Monday for Savannah, where she will spend a short time as the guest of Miss Margaret Charlton.

Miss Floride Stevens, of Norfolk, is the guest of Mrs. F. L. MacIntyre.

Miss Minnie Weldon is spending some time at Pablo Beach, Fla.

Miss Josephine Porter, of Apalachicola, Fla., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Peacock.

Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, is visiting Miss Alice Parker.

Mrs. M. R. Mallette left this week for Montgomery and will later go to Baltimore for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Kate Mack left this week for New York for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Emmie Plowden, of Dickey, was the guest this week of Mrs. W. A. Pringle, Jr.

Miss Susie May Dreger, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. T. C. Mitchell.

Miss McGuirt, of Tifton, is the guest of Miss Ella Sandford.

Mrs. Rhydon Mays and children left this week for Marietta and will spend the remainder of the summer at the Whitlock House in that city.

Miss Myrtle Goff, of Valdosta, is visiting Mrs. R. W. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Loveless left this week for Tiverton, R. I., where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Miss Lilly May McKinley, of Atlanta, is the guest for a short time of Miss Mattie Rigsby.

Mrs. M. C. Thornton, of Abbeville, Ala., and Mrs. R. N. Thornton, of Dothan, are the guests of Mrs. R. L. Dekle.

Miss Hilton Evans, of Tampa, Fla. is visiting Mrs. William McMillen.

Fitzgerald

FITZGERALD, July 26.—A lawn party was given by Miss Emily Griffin in honor of her cousin, Miss Edith Harrell, of Cumberland, this week.

Those invited were Dorothy Thurmond, Margaret Wise, Elizabeth McCarty, Martha Turner, Martha Bell Spiller, Merle Scarborough, Corrine Womble, Marion Dunn, Laura Whitley, Hazel Mayes, Mildred Hall, Lillie Mae Hughes, Josephine Manning, Maud Faulk and Mamie Calloway.

Mrs. James Oates, of Live Oak, Fla., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Chandler.

Mrs. J. E. Anderson is visiting in Montgomery.

Mrs. J. W. Swearinger has returned to her home in Jacksonville after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Sedimyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Adams and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Reid have gone to Cumberland Island.

Mrs. Ackerman and children left recently for a visit in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. D. Mashburn and daughters, Misses Emmie and Mayme, left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. B. Braswell, of Fitzgerald, is visiting her friend, Miss Corinne Cunyus. Mrs. Braswell is remembered in Atlanta as Miss Johnnie Broughton.

Miss Helen Matthews returned Tuesday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. R. Tippett and Miss Eugene Blade, of Hawkinsville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holder.

Pay Wyman and Miss Mary Paul were quietly married recently.

Miss Atha Meyer entertained Monday at a reception in honor of her attractive guest, Miss Annie Browning, of Lakeland, Fla., and Mr. and Mrs. Yancey M. Bowles, who were recently married.

LaGrange

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Mrs. J. A. Jones, of Summit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. L. Edwards.

Miss Louise Freeman is the guest of Mrs. Louise Young.

Misses Edith Lupton, of Atlanta, and Florence Smith, of Ypsilanti, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith.

Mrs. Milam has as her guests Misses Martha Jarell, Mary White and Marion Taylor, of Greenville.

Miss Stella Broadfield has returned from a two weeks' visit as the guest of Mrs. Tom Patterson, of McDonough.

Miss Eleanor Dunson, after visiting in Atlanta and McDonough, has returned to LaGrange.

Misses Sarah and Francis Mathews, of Decatur, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Market.

Miss Salome Bradfield and Mary Scott are the attractive guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bradfield.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis entertained in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Lance, of Hannibal, Mo.

Besides the guests of honor, the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Jim Lane, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Willis, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hutchinson, Misses Stella and Julia Bradfield, Mary Scott, Ruth Slack and Messrs. Searcy Slack and Lloyd Bradfield.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—Misses Gladys and Zeta White are expected home next week from Savannah, where they have been the guests of Miss Gladys Cassells. Miss Cassells will probably accompany them home for a visit in Cartersville.

Miss Rachel McEntyre had as her guests last week Misses Lucy Green and Gladys Mitchell, of Atlanta, and Miss Lonnie Mae McEntyre, of Rock Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Womelsdorf entertained Tuesday evening with a delightful swimming party. After the swimming a supper was served at the clubhouse, followed by songs and conversation. Later in the evening a watermelon cutting was enjoyed.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Young and family, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Peeples and family, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Akin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Munford, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Felton Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Granger, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Stella Brumby, Harry Womelsdorf, Mrs. Lila Morgan, Captain J. J. Calhoun, Garner Jones and John Calhoun.

Misses Mildred Matthews and Sue Lou Hull left Wednesday morning for Woolsey, where they will be guests at a house party given by Miss Addie Lou Sams.

Miss Robena Shaw, of Atlanta, is the attractive guest of Miss Irene Shaw.

Miss Ethel Adair returned home Tuesday from a visit to Rome.

Thursday evening the younger set enjoyed a moonlight picnic at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Ruohs Pyron.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Mrs. J. L. Walker and daughter, Miss Annie Laurie Walker, have returned from St. Simons Island.

Miss Annie May Bates, of Willliston, S. C., is the guest of relatives.

Miss Ora Scarborough has returned to her home in Statesboro.

Miss Myrtise Adams was the guest of relatives in Blackshear this week.

Miss Sarah Houk has gone to Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Norvel returned Wednesday from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bates, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bates, will return to their home at Elko, S. C., to-morrow.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran leaves shortly for Tennessee.

Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children have returned from a visit to White Oak.

Miss Ethel Broadshaw, of Charleston, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. H. S. DuBose.

Mrs. W. A. McKnight is visiting in Macon.

Mrs. C. E. Williamson and little daughter are visiting in Sylvester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tubbs returned this week from a visit to Black Mountain, N. C.

Mrs. R. E. Finn and children left this week for St. Simons.

Miss Clara Wood, of Brunswick, is visiting Mrs. R. T. Hitch.

Mrs. B. T. Pharr and two daughters, of Houston, are guests of Mrs. A. M. Litch.

Mrs. Emma Mannin, of Dublin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Brewer.

Mrs. A. M. Bailey and children returned Wednesday from McDonald.

Mrs. G. W. Julian, of Tifton, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. Crawley.

Mrs. W. R. Beach left this week for Philadelphia.

Mrs J. T. Strickland visited friends at Bickley this week.

Miss Grace Taylor left Wednesday for Virginia.

Mrs. McIntosh Noble left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Rachael McRee returned to her home at Kinderlou Thursday after a visit to Misses Lucile and Nell Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Page Anderson and Mrs. Wayne Walker have returned from a visit to Pablo Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Knight, Jr., spent the week on St. Simons Island.

Mrs. T. F. Broadwater has returned from a visit to relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. W. M. Bird has returned from a visit to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Otis Bell was the guest this week of relatives in Quitman.

Misses Lucile Sutton and Ellen Goodrich have returned from Jacksonville.

Crawfordsville

CRAWFORDSVILLE, July 26.—Miss Virginia Butler, of Madison, is spending several days as the guest of Miss Frances Burges.

Misses Caroline and Mary Emma Gee are visiting in Lithonia as the guests of Miss Lillie Mae Hughes, who is entertaining a house party of her Chicora College girl friends.

Miss Kathleen Melton has returned from Monticello, where she has been spending some time with Miss Davidson.

One of the interesting social events of the week was the marriage of Miss Thelma Williams to Boykin Hollis.

Among the Crawfordsville people who are spending the week at Daniel Springs, a popular resort near here, are Colonel and Mrs. J. A. Beazley, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Beazley, Mrs. H. M. Holden and family, Miss Minnie Olive Park, Mrs. J. W. Tucker, and Mrs. E. D. Anthony.

What bids fair to be one of the events of the season for Crawfordsville society is the house party of Brenau girls that Miss Lillian Asbury will entertain during the first week in August. Among those expected to come are Misses Crawford, of Lexington; Miss Laing, of Dawson; Miss Brock, of Carrollton; Miss Allen, of Elberton, and Miss Wyche, of Alabama.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Mrs. John T. Blalock and children have returned to Valdosta from North Georgia.

Mrs. James Wooten and her little daughter, Katherine, reached Valdosta from Savannah this week and are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Norris Pinder.

Miss Julia Lambert, of Athens, is turned from Pablo Beach.

Mrs. Lorena McCully and her little granddaughter, Mary Lorena, left Tuesday for St. Marys.

Miss Gussie Spence, of Pelham, is visiting her brother, E. J. Spence.

The W. C. T. U. had an ice cream festival in the courthouse square on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Bitzer and family have gone to Harrisonburg, Va.

Mrs. W. W. Carpenter and her little daughter have gone to their home at Plymouth, Fla.

Mrs. Henry Pullen, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. J. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McCully, Mrs. D. W. Aldman and Misses Harriet and Mary Converse left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Luelle Strickland left last Monday for Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stampler and children left Wednesday for Columbia, S. C., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Smith Davis left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and her daughters have returned from Pablo Beach.

Misses Annabel Converse and Virginia Varnedoe have gone to Waycross to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Dimmock.

Miss Gertrude Monroe has returned from Jacksonville. She was accompanied home by her little cousin, Miss Eloise Roberts.

Camilla

CAMILLA, July 26.—Miss Maude Haddock, of Kestler; Miss Katie McCall, of Atapulgus, and Miss Patty Wilson, of Bainbridge, are the guests of Mrs. Robin Cochran.

Miss Fannie Haynes, of Lommerton, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. McNight.

Miss Lucile Black, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Claude Davis.

Miss Rose Cox and her sister, Mrs. E. E. Cox, are spending the summer in Marietta.

Miss Margaret Hughes, of Cordele, is the guest of Miss Susie Belle Hughes.

Mrs. G. A. Gibbs, of Homerville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Collins.

Miss Willa Veta Almand, who has been the visitor of Mrs. J. C. Wilson, went to Albany yesterday, where she will visit Miss Susie Brown.

Miss Emma Bibb, of Kinderlou, is visiting Miss Marceline Twitty.

Mrs. R. L. Pope left Tuesday for Albany.

Miss Sarah Hilliard is visiting Miss Maude Livingston in Newton.

Miss Sadie May Wade has gone to Cuthbert, where she will be the guest of Miss Mary Davenport.

Miss Kathlene Acree has returned after a visit to Miss Seveille Arthur, of Albany.

Miss Myrtle Brown is expecting Miss Lillian Britt, of Tifton, as her guest.

Miss Marie Owen, of Enterprise, Ala., is the guest of Miss Mary Baggs.

Miss Susie Belle Hughes and her mother, Mrs. E. A. Hughes, are visiting relatives in Monticello, Fla.

Mrs. S. J. Faircloth, of Quitman, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth, has returned home.

Miss Leah Gardner, of Pavo, is the guest of Mrs. B. C. Gardner.

Miss Annie Ruth Spence is in Quitman visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. B. Bennett.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Groover, of Savannah, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth.

Miss Verdi Holton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Kate Bolton, in Fort Valley.

Mrs. J. C. Turner entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Faircloth and Misses Agnes Acree and Annie May Collins left Friday for an automobile trip on the Gulf Coast.

Miss Ruth Collins, of Holder, Fla., is visiting relatives.

Mrs. Wilson Joiner, of Albany, returned home after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Joiner.

Miss Freddie Wade and her mother, Mrs. J. P. Wade, of Quitman, are the guests of Mrs. J. P. McRee.

Mrs. Sam Kendel, of Albany, is spending the week-end with Mrs. G. W. Swindle.

Mrs. J. T. Fenn and little daughter, with Miss May Travis, have returned to their home in Birmingham after a visit to Mrs. L. J. Hay.

Miss Hattie Heath returned home Monday from Moultrie, where she was the guest of honor at a house party given her by Miss Lucile Autry.

Mrs. R. T. Cochran and children are visiting relatives in Shellman.

Miss Susie Fleming returned Saturday after a visit to her sister in Tifton.

Villa Rica

VILLA RICA, July 6.—A social event of much interest was the marriage of Miss Annie Powell, of Villa Rica, and Robin Lowry Berry, of Jonesboro, Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. C. A. Jamison officiating.

Miss Caroline Marchman, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor and Claude H. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro, was best man.

Little Misses Ellen Powell and Nell Jiles were the flower girls. H. G. Robertson and L. A. Scotts were the ushers.

Following the wedding, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Powell tendered the wedding party and guests a reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry will spend a week at Franklin, N. C., after which they will return to Villa Rica, where they will reside in future.

Why Endure Sore Feet

Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore burdens, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.



Cordele

CORDELE, July 26.—Wednesday afternoon Mrs. J. S. Sheppard was the hostess to the members of the Young Matrons' Club. Rook was the game played.

Mrs. J. H. Shipp made highest score and was presented a cutglass salad bowl. Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines, being honor guests, they were presented with evening fans.

Miss Marie Scandrett has returned from several weeks' stay with friends at Little Rock, Mobile and Birmingham.

Miss Inez Hyman will leave early in August for a visit to Miss Mamie Slade at Griffin.

Miss Mary McArthur has returned from a stay with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Farrior, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. Leo Marshall and children, of Jacksonville, are visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. Coffman, of Johnson City, Tenn., are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fenn.

Mrs. Arthur Wheeler and Mrs. C. B. Whatley entertained at a series of afternoon parties during the week in honor of their house guests, Mrs. Odell Allison Gilbert, of West Virginia, and Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Livingston are spending the summer with relatives at Seneca and Greenville, S. C.

Misses Stell Colwell and Birdie Bulloch are spending the week-end at St. Simons.

Miss Van Mitchell, of Butler, is the guest of Mrs. William Scandrett.

Miss Lamar Ryals is being entertained at the home of Miss Rose Tate at Shelbyville, Tenn.

Miss Mabel Barber has returned from a visit to Captain and Mrs. Sam Barber at Vidalia.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church was entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. Edward Stallings.

Mrs. M. R. Smith entertained with a party Wednesday morning.

Eastman

EASTMAN, July 26.—Mrs. John H. Hargrove is visiting in Dothan, Ala.

Miss Annamaude Burch left a few days ago for Winder.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gentry and children are spending a few days with relatives in Decatur.

Mrs. Fred R. Hall, of Blakely, has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Prince are in New York.

Mrs. J. D. Herrman and daughter, Miss Hortense, are spending the summer at Far Rockaway, Long Island.

Mrs. W. R. Hall and son, Harris, after spending a week with relatives in Macon, have returned home.

Mrs. J. W. Morris and daughter, Mary Ann, are spending the summer in Selma, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Sapp and daughter, who have been spending a faw days in Nashville, Ga., have returned home.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts is spending a few days with friends and relatives in Macon.

Miss Claudie Bailley spent last Sunday in Gresston.

Mrs. E. Rothols, of Darlington, S. C., was honor guest at a reception given by her daughter, Mrs. Harry Hirsch, this week. The other guest of honor was Miss Miriam Morgan, of Savannah.

Mrs. H. R. Cooke has been spending the past two weeks in Indian Springs and Tallulah Falls.

Mrs. H. W. Hurst and children are spending the summer with relatives in Thomaston.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brock have returned from a trip to South Carolina.

Misses Corinne Beverly and Lucile Matthews are the guests of Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. Fred Walters, of Cordele, and Miss Ann Hughes, of Statesboro, are the guests of Mrs. Bob Wynne.

Miss Sylvia Harris, of Montgomery, will be the guest of Mrs. App Herrman.

Miss Catherine Pennington is at home after spending the past three weeks with friends and relatives in Atlanta, Covington, Shady Dale and Tallulah Falls.

Thursday evening a party of young folks was invited to meet Miss Corinne Beverly and Miss Lucile Mathews, of Hawkinsville, and Albert Hargrove at a porch party given by Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. J. A. Paxson and little daughter, Eugenia, are the guests of relatives in Abbeville.

Mrs. Earle C. Chandler, of Valdosta, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Burch.

Miss Mayme Arthur is the guest of friends and relatives in Cuthbert.

Miss Anice Johnson, of Atlanta, and LeRoy Johnson, of Macon, are spending a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson.

Miss Estora Jackson, who has been on a visit to Cochran, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Hewitt and children, of Leesburg, Fla., are the guests of Miss Kyle Arthur.

Miss Julia Hall left a few days ago for a few weeks' visit to Macon, Monticello and other North Georgia towns.

Misses Valeria and Marjorie McGee are spending a few days with relatives in McRae.

Mrs. T. H. Edwards and Miss Mary Charter left this week for Chalybeate Springs.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilkins have returned from a visit to Atlanta.

Mrs. W. L. Mathers and little daughter, Martha Doane, have returned to their home in Macon.

Mrs. M. A. Earle, of McRae, is the guest of relatives.

Miss Julia Hall entertained the "Noisy Nine" Friday evening in honor of Miss Emily Bealer's guest, Miss Kathleen McKnight, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, July 26.—Mrs. Buford Boykin, who has been at Piedmont Springs, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cheney, of Savannah, arrived in the city Monday.

Miss Bessie Smith has ben visiting in Atlanta the past week.

Miss Mattie Jones, of Griffin, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Griffin.

Mrs. R. A. Jolly returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Isabel Fitts left the first of the week for Piedmont Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McPherson, of Atlanta, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. W. H. Turner and daughters, Rosebud and Mary, left Saturday for a two weks' visit at Copper Hill, Tenn., and Culverson, N. C.

Mrs. T. A. Conner and little daughter, Dorothy, of Bainbridge, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Edith Couch and Miss Ruby Martin, of Atlanta, are the guests of Miss Elizabeth Edmondson.

Miss Mattie Lou Houston, of Dawson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Pace.

Mrs. Robert Creel, of Jasper, Ala., is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. T. H. Collins, of Atlanta, has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. H. Turner.

Mrs. Robert Fitts and little sons, Andrew and Frances, left Friday for Newnan and Turin.

Miss Ethel Tumlin, of Birmingham, will arrive Saturday to be the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. J. Tumlin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Padgett, of Atlanta, arrived in the city Saturday.

Mr. Will Webb and Miss Marie Perdue were married Sunday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Edmondson officiating.

Miss Winnie Reeves is visiting friends in Grantville.

Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Lovvorn, of Bowdon spent Sunday in the city, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Roop.

Misses Mary and Winnie Austin and Mary Snead are visiting friends near Temple.

Miss Lizzie Radford, of Monroe, is the guest of Mrs. R. D. Jackson.

Mrs. Hilton Tyus entertained the Ladies Bridge Club Wednesday.

Mrs. William Lyle, left Tuesday for her home in Augusta.

Mrs. J. A. Bass and Miss Maude Bass left Tuesday for Birmingham.

Mrs. L. J. Brock and children and Mrs. J. R. Miller left Tuesday for Lithonia.

Mrs. W. L. Fitts entertained a few friends Tuesday afternoon at a sewing party.

Miss Grace Blalock returned Sunday from a visit to her sister, Mrs. T. E. Maxwell, of LaGrange.

Mrs. J. H. Garrett left Monday for a visit to friends and relatives in Edwardsville, Ala.

Mrs. T. B. Bailey, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, of Bristol, Va., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson.

Mrs. Henri Honrath, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Brown.

Miss Alice Weems returned Saturday from a visit to Jacksonville, Ala.

Mrs. J. D. Perryman left Monday for Tallapoosa.

Miss Bell Hitchcock, of Atlanta, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nelle McKown.

Mesdames C. E. Roop and Fannie Veal returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs.

Miss Annie Slade left Tuesday for Columbus.

Mrs. W. A. A. Anderson, of Washington, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown.

The Jokers' Club met Tuesday afternoon with Miss Annie Maude New.

Miss Elma Boykin will leave Friday for Gillsville.

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No gloom can stand the fun-dispensing Allen and Kenna company at the Bonita Theater. They are the delight of thousands who visit this beautiful little playhouse and capacity has been the houses since the first day of this company. Good singing, dancing, pretty girls and clever comedians; that's the story.

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Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

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PACK IT—THAT'S ALL For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



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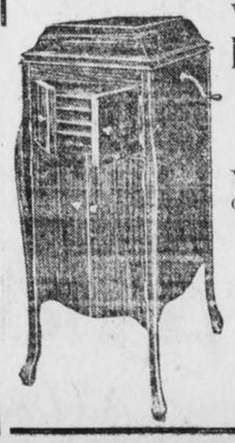

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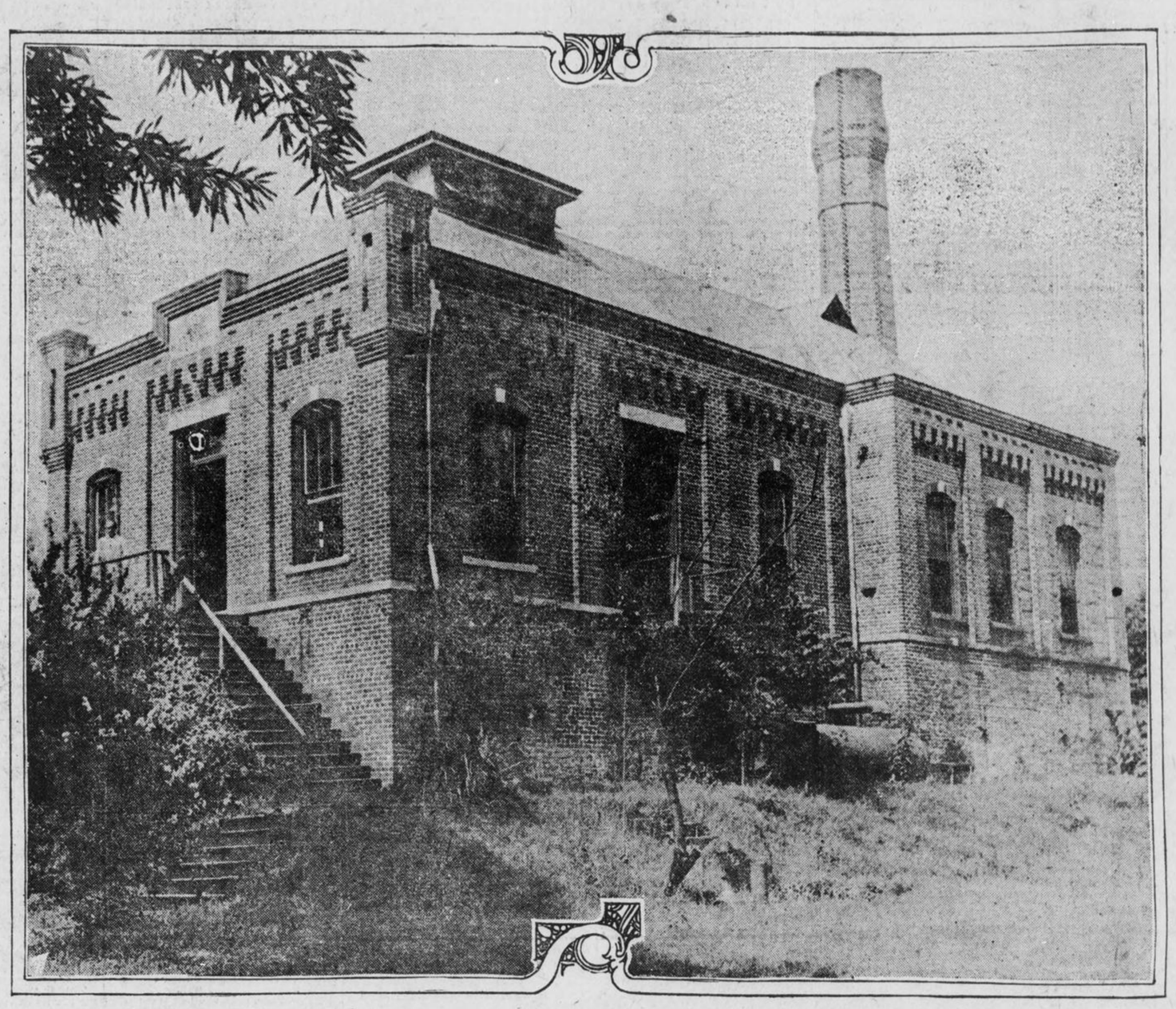

ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

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STATE SCHOOL BOOK PRINTING IS DENOUNCED

Superintendent of Education of Chatham County Declares Plan Is Entirely Impracticable.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Otis Ashmore, Superintendent of Schools in Chatham County, is opposed to the plan of having textbooks published by the State. Ashmore says that the talk of high price of school books is buncombe, and thinks that the results, if the State undertook to publish its own textbooks, would not only be unsatisfactory, but would show little if any difference in cost.

"I have followed pretty closely the discussion about cheaper school books, and the publication of these books by the State," said Ashmore. "The publication of school books by the State is an old and threadbare story that is periodically dug up and thrashed over. The plan has been tried in several States and proves a failure. It is unwise, expensive and impracticable.

"A recent investigation by the State Superintendent of Schools shows that he would save only a 'cent or two' on books printed by contract, even if we owned the copyright. To purchase a large and expensive printing plant to be operated by the State is a very doubtful expedient. The equipment necessary to print modern school books is quite extensive.

"But the cost of printing is not the only consideration. The quality of the books themselves is of far more consequence than their cost. A good textbook is cheap at any price; a poor one is dear at any price. Those who know little about school books are inclined to regard them all alike. They think one reader or arithmetic is as good as another provided both have the same number of pages. I believe the greatest danger under the plan would lie in the limitation placed on securing good books. There are thousands of books, but only a few are good. The copyrights on the best books are owned by the publishers, and they will not sell them."

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savannah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

Supreme Court Lets Lynn Sentence Stand

Slayer of Hightower Refused Relief by Georgia Tribunal—Appeal to Washington Likely.

DUBLIN, July 26.—The Supreme Court of Georgia has denied a rehearing in the Lynn case, which was heard by it a few weeks ago, and the judgment of the lower court is affirmed. Lynn's attorneys now are preparing to take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Lynn was convicted of killing F. Hightower at his home just a short time before Christmas of last year, and was tried, with his wife, who claimed to have abetted the killing because Hightower insulted her. His wife was freed by the jury, but he was found guilty of murder with recommendation to life imprisonment.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

CUTTER YAMACRAW BACK FROM FLORIDA CRUISE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The United States revenue cutter Yamacraw has returned to port after cruising in Florida waters since May. The Yamacraw was ordered South to take the place of the cutter Miami, which was sent to the ice patrol in Northern waters. During the absence of the Yamacraw the cutter Seminole has been doing duty along the Georgia coast. The Yamacraw will probably remain in Savannah for several weeks.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

The Copeland Sisters

Popular Savannah society girls, who have as their guests Miss Sally Blount Holt, of Montgomery, and Miss Jeanette Wallace, of Butler.

Miss Fletcher Copeland.



Miss Bessie Copeland.

WATERMELONS IN BULLOCH CO.

Farmers Will Hold Picnic to Celebrate Success in Divorce From Cotton.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the purpose of bringing together all farmers in that section interested in the growing of watermelons, preparations are being made for holding a mammoth picnic next week at Stilson, in Bulloch County.

Experts in the knowledge of crops suitable to the kind of soil found there will address the meeting. The principal topic to be discussed, however, will be the growing of watermelons.

The remarkable success that the farmers of Bulloch County have made this year with the watermelon crop is attracting the attention of agriculturists throughout South Georgia. Owing to the failure of the melon crop in North and South Carolina this year due to drouth the growers of Bulloch have been unable to supply the demands of the buyers, who have flocked there by the score. The farmers are being paid on an average of $90 a carload for their melons.

In the territory between Brooklet and Blitchton 250 carloads have been sold at $90 a car. It is estimated that the farmers of Bulloch this year will receive $20,000 in the aggregate for their crops of melons, most of which have been shipped to the Middle West, the North and Canada.

It has recently been demonstrated that the watermelon crop will prove far more profitable to Bulloch than cotton. When they have finished working the melons they are "laid by" with peas, which shade the melons as they ripen. After the melons are shipped crab grass comes in with the peas. This grass makes fine hay, from which the farmers can realize enough to pay for their fertilizer. Thus they have an income from three crops.

The picnic at Stilson will be the means of bringing together a very large percentage of the melon growers, and those who will be growers of the fruit next year. Those who have not yet attempted the crop as a staple will be given the benefit of the knowledge gained by the experience of those who have made it a success.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WORKING FOR BOND ISSUE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the next six weeks the Savannah Chamber of Commerce will be engaged in active work in arousing interest in the auditorium bond election, which will be held September 15.

The proposed issue of $200,000 will give Savannah a much-needed auditorium.

COURT GRANTS TITLE OF LAND ONCE A STREET

Investment Company Has Right to Property Which Was Claimed by Savannah Council.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A decision by Judge Walter G. Charlton in the Superior Court clears title to land that had once been streets across the large Bartow Investment Company's holdings on Bull street opposite Ardsley Park, and by so doing enforced a contract of sale between W. M. Davidson and the Bartow Investment Company for this property.

The tract is a valuable one in the southern portion of the city. Davidson declined to purchase the land under the contract, on the ground that title to lands over which cross streets had once passed was now doubtful, as the city still claimed title to the land for street purposes. The investment company brought suit to enforce the contract.

On the strength of this claim the city undertook to open up the former streets. The investment company objected on the ground that the city had long since lost title by abandoning the streets. The company pleaded for an injunction to prevent the city cutting the proposed streets, which the court granted. The case then went to the Supreme Court, a decision of which upholds the decision of Judge Charlton.

In the suit to enforce the contract of sale ten members of the investment company and 110 defendants besides Davidson were brought in. The object in bringing them in was to force them to either assent to or object to the relinquishment of the title to the land in question for street purposes.

These persons owned land in the subdivision of Kingsville other than the Bartow property. These persons as property owners in the vicinity might have had some claim upon these former streets for the purpose of getting to their own property. It was only by settling their claims one way or the other that the status of the title could be determined.

Judge Charlton in his decision declared that the land in question is the property of the Bartow Investment Company, and decreed that Davidson must now purchase the land under his contract. This Davidson is glad enough to do, now that the title has been cleared.

Conductors Name Adjustment Board

Any Differences With Central of Georgia Management To Be Amicably Settled.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—To appoint a committee which will take up with the management of the Central of Georgia Railroad any matters which they believe need adjustment, a delegation of officials of the Order of Railway Conductors of America held a meeting in this city.

M. C. Carey, of Port Huron, Mich., vice president of the order, presided. W. M. Hamilton, H. W. Washburn and J. W. Hall, of Macon, and two other delegates were present. Carey said that so far as he knew there are no serious differences between the conductors and the railway company, and that there is no friction whatever between them.

Waycross Improves Fire Fighting Means

Inspectors Say Georgia Cities Are Making Most Rapid Strides in Southeast.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—That Georgia cities are making more rapid strides in improvement of fire departments than any State of the Southeast is one of the statements made in Waycross last week by inspectors making a thorough test of the Waycross department.

There is hardly any city in Georgia, according to the inspectors, that has not adopted auto apparatus in place of horse-drawn equipment. Smaller towns are using autos and as a consequence it is said Georgia's fire loss this year is going to be cut down considerably.

Progressive towns in South Georgia, as well as in North Georgia, are making improvements with the view of getting lower fire insurance rates. Waycross has spent a large sum during the past year to comply with conditions imposed by the Southeastern Underwriters' Association, and expects to get a reduction that will save the property owners thousands of dollars annually.

Stovall Departs for Post in Switzerland

New United States Minister Enroute to New York From Savannah. Sails July 29.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Colonel and Mrs. Pleasant A. Stovall, their daughter, Mrs. Burton L. Mason, and their son, Master Joe Stovall, are now upon the high seas, en route to New York, from which port they will embark on July 29 for Switzerland, where Colonel Stovall goes to take charge of his post as United States Minister to that country. The party will be joined in Europe by Miss Pleasant Stovall, another daughter, who is already there.

The son, Joe, was taken ill about a week ago, and it was thought at that time that arrangements for the trip would have to be changed, but a rapid recovery made it possible for the entire party to leave on schedule time.

Waves Spanish Sword Over Heads of Jurors

Dramatic Incident Features Trial of Ishmael Sarter in Superior Court at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Found guilty of stabbing D. S. Manning, Ishmael Carter has been sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary by Judge Walter G. Charlton in Superior Court.

The conviction followed a dramatic court session. At one stage the proceedings were enlivened by the waving of a Spanish sword over the heads of the jury. The weapon was in the hands of Judge H. D. D. Twiggs, of counsel for the defendant. The plea of Carter was self-defense. It was this weapon with which the cutting was done.

11-YEAR-OLD BOY LANDS 23-POUND DRUM FISH

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Master Harry D'Olley, while fishing at Isle of Hope, landed something pretty close to a whale. Harry is only 11 years old and none too big for his age, and when he hooked something that appeared to be bigger than himself he created excitement all along the river. He managed to hang on to what had come his way, however, and finally succeeded in landing a 23-pound drum. Now all the boys at Isle of Hope have gone drum fishing.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

RAILROAD MEN ATTEND IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

WAYCROSS, July 26.—An important conference between General Superintendent J. W. Brand, Division Counsel W. E. Kay, of Jacksonville, and District Counsel Joseph W. Bennett, of Brunswick, was held in Waycross to-day. The meeting was called for the purpose of going over legal matters in which the Atlantic Coast Line is involved.

PLAN IS ON TO GIVE WAYCROSS NEW CHARTER

Bill To Be Offered in Legislature This Week Provides for New Systems.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—If the Georgia Legislature does what the Ware delegation in it will ask next week, it will pass what will be known as a conditional charter for the city of Waycross. The charter bill that will be offered in the Legislature will contain a provision that until the people of Waycross approve the charter by a majority vote it shall not become effective.

And this charter bill is something new. It contains what is commonly known as the "city manager" plan of government, which, if adopted, will give Waycross a manager, subject to the orders of a council of twelve men. The manager will have charge of the execution of all city orders and may be removed by the Council if found to be incompetent.

In the event the city manager plan is not desired, the charter contains a provision for radical changes over the present aldermanic form. A mayor is to be employed, under this section, at a salary of $100 a month, giving as much time to the office as may be necessary. He is to appoint, with the approval of the Council, the heads of five city departments, and will see that all work of the respective departments is properly done. The Board of Aldermen is increased under this section from six to twelve, and instead of receiving $200 a year the Aldermen will serve without pay.

City Council has not passed upon the proposed charter, but the bill as outlined was prepared by a committee from the Board of Trade. The election to settle what, if any, changes will be made will be called as soon as the Legislature passes the bill. That the election will be a warm one is certain, as many citizens oppose the change.

Sermon Saves Woman From Suicide's Grave

Pastor's Discourse on 'Scandal Mongers' Stays Hand of Despondent Savannahan.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who delivered a sermon on "Scandal Mongers" last Sunday, is in receipt of an unsigned letter from a woman, who confesses that her troubles had driven her to determine upon suicide when his message restored her faith in God and determined her to abandon her rash intention.

The woman says she had the poison bottle in her hand when the printed sermon came under her eye. She says she had been wronged by malicious tales, and that she was alone in a friendless city.

ATLANTAN IS ARRESTED FOR BEATING BOARD BILL

SAVANNAH, July 26.—J. E. Cotton, of Atlanta, has been remanded to the City Court by Recorder John E. Schwarz, charged with violating the State law by beating a board bill.

Cotton registered at a hotel, where he remained several days, running up a bill amounting to $15. He then disappeared. He was arrested in a pool room.

Cotton asserts that he squandered his money here, and, rather than make his hotel bill any larger, left. It was his intention to pay the bill as soon as he could obtain sufficient money.

SPALDING COUNTY HOLDS SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The first Sunday School convention ever held in Spalding County, which occurred this week, was a big success from the start. Of the thirty Sunday schools in the county, representatives from fifteen of them were present at the institute. Plans were adopted for the entire county to be canvassed in the work of the Sunday school and to carry the benefits of the new organization to each school of all denominations.

Principal speakers in the convention here were D. W. Sims, of Atlanta, general secretary of the Georgia Sunday School Association, and Miss Daisy Magee, of Columbia, Miss., superintendent of elementary work.

Rapid Strides Made On W. & W. Railroad

Extension of G. S. and F. Feeder To Be Pushed With All Possible Haste.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Despite the recent period of wet weather, satisfactory progress has been made on the construction of the Waycross and Western Railroad, and arrangements are now being made to extend the passenger and freight service over the recently completed link beyond Mexico.

It has not been decided what point on the Georgia Southern and Florida will be touched by the new road, but as soon as the line is operating trains to Sirmans, in Clinch County, a survey of two probable routes will be considered and the extension continued without delay.

President Alex K. Sessoms is pleased with the work accomplished to date.

First Georgia Has 585 in Regiment

Quarterly Returns Show Brunswick With Largest Company—Force's Officers Practically Complete.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Quarterly returns to the Adjutant General of the State from the First Regiment show that organization to have 49 officers and 585 men. This is regarded in military circles as a splendid showing.

The report includes the twelve companies, field, staff and band. Of the companies eight have their full complement of three officers. The Savannah companies, with one exception, have their full complement of officers.

The largest enlistment of men in any single company is shown by Company G, of Brunswick, which has 60 names on its roll. This company has three officers. Company H, the German Volunteers, has the largest enlistment of any Savannah company, 56 men being shown. This company also has three officers.

Postoffice Shows Increase of $16,043

Contrary to Expectations, Parcel Post Fails to Add to Savannah's Revenue.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Showing a total increase of $16,043 for the year ended June 30 over the receipts of last year, the annual report of the Savannah postoffice has been made public by Assistant Postmaster William M. Greene. The total receipts for the year amounted to $280,029.55.

Contrary to expectations, the parcel post, which became effective January 1, 1913, did not increase the revenue of the postoffice.

The total expenses for the year just ended amounted to $118,690.32, making a net profit, as the department figures it, of $184,077.79, or 42 per cent of the receipts.

This is an increase of $8,852.30 over the profits of last year.

LIGHTNING PLAYS PRANKS IN STORM AT AWYCROSS

WAYCROSS, July 26.—During a severe lightning and rainstorm, Edgar Griffin, whose home is west of Waycross, was knocked from a wagon when lightning hit the vehicle. Except for a severe shock he was uninjured. The seat of the wagon was splintered.

Another freak of the storm is reported from Waresboro. Eleven successive telephone poles of a private line running out of Waycross were splintered when lightning struck the wires.

OIL STOVE BURNS MAY PROVE FATAL TO WOMAN

WAYCROSS, July 26.—As she lit an oil stove this morning preparatory to baking a cake, Mrs. J. D. Ridley caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished was so badly burned about the body and face that her recovery is doubtful. She ran into the street, where neighbors tore the flaming clothing from her.

SECOND GEORGIA QUITS ITS CAMP ON SAINT SIMONS

Regiment Starts Home After Eight Days on Island—Colonel Thomas Pleased.

BRUNSWICK, July 26.—The Second Regiment of the Georgia National Guard broke camp on St. Simons Island at non to-day and arrived in Brunswick shortly after noon. The soldiers immediately boarded Coast Line and Southern trains and left during the afternoon for their home cities. The boys have enjoyed camp life for eight days.

Colonel Thomas, who was in command, joined the officers who were here with the Fifth Regiment in their recommendation that the island be made a permanent camp for the militia. The United States army officers who have been detailed to train the Georgia troops are loud in their praise of the militia of this State.

COUNTY FAIR PLANNED BY GAINESVILLE'S BOOSTERS

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—While the plans are not yet matured, the Chamber of Commerce has taken up the question of a fair to be held in the fall, at which farmers, stock raisers, manufacturers, etc., together with a woman's department, will have exhibits. It has been four years since a fair was held in Hall County, and it is believed this plan of the Chamber of Commerce will meet the approval of all and result in enlivening the business interests of this entire section.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy, painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

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Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

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GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

$2.50 Glasses Now $1.00

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We have an experienced oculist in charge who will thoroughly examine your eyes and prescribe what is best for them.

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70 Whitehall St. 52 W. Mitchell St.

Columbus — Latest Southwest Georgia News — Cordele

LITTLE CANAL WILL ENRICH SO. GEORGIA

Big Celebration Planned for the Opening of St. Andrews Bay Ditch, Which Is Near.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A canal which means as much to the Chattahoochee and Flint River Valleys as does the Panama Canal to the world will be completed about the same time as the tremendous project which will unite two oceans. Although this canal is not as tremendous, it will be as wet and as blue, and the people of Georgia, Alabama and Florida will rejoice over its completion with the same acclaim as the world will rejoice over the passage of the first vessel through the Isthmian ditch.

The opening of the St. Andrews Bay Canal, which will serve the Apalachicola River system, connecting with the bay of that name and the Gulf of Mexico, is one of the most important waterway projects of the day. Nearly 2,000,000 people will be affected—$30,000,000 worth of commerce is waiting for the Government to say, 'All is ready."

Big Celebration Planned.

The Columbus Board of Trade has committed itself to a celebration on the date of the opening of the canal. It has a year to think things out, and already there have been suggestions in plenty. Congress will be memorialized for national recognition of the event.

Columbus will not celebrate alone. Girard, Phoenix City, Eufaula, Fort Gaines, Blountstown, Bristol, Apalachicola, Panama City, Carabelle, Bainbridge, Newton, Albany, Marianna, Chipola and maybe Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Tampa and Key West will enter into the spirit, and if the combined noise of three States and the Government of the United States can not be heard around the globe, it is because the people of the Southland have forgotten how to yell.

The St. Andrews Bay Canal project was approved February 1, 1910, providing for a depth to admit passage of river steamers and lighter craft. It will be necessary to transship all goods for or from deep sea vessels at St. Andrews or Panama City or wherever terminals may be erected hereafter. The cost of the project will exceed $500,000, and the money has been appropriated to complete the work. The last rivers and harbors bill carried the last $130,000.

Commerce to Rise in Millions.

The Apalachicola River, formed at River Junction, Fla., by the Flint and the Chattahoochee Rivers, is 137 miles long. The Chattahoochee is navigable to Columbus, a distance of 163 miles. The Flint is navigable to Bainbridge and during medium low water to Albany, Ga., a distance of 105 miles. The Chipola is navigable for a distance of 65 miles. The total navigable length of the river system is 470 miles. The length of the canal is 30 miles.

The commerce of the rivers which will feed the canal amounted to $15,784,029 in 1911, and has been growing at the rate of $1,500,000 for some years. That this commerce will be doubled when the territory tributary to the rivers has an all-water route goes without saying, not taking into account the increase of population along the rivers.

Crawford Wheatly

Of Americus, who was the principal drafter of the appropriations bill, passed by the Georgia House of Representatives last week.

Representative from Sumter County.



Chairman of House Appropriations Committee.

BANKRUPT FIRM TO PAY ALL CREDITORS IN FULL

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Walden Brothers Clothing Company, one of the largest clothing concerns in the city, has gone into voluntary bankruptcy, with assets of more than $18,000 and liabilities of about $9,000. Just prior to filing the petition in bankruptcy the stockholders held a meeting to discuss the situation, but as it was found the firm was losing money rapidly it was thought best to file the petition. It was announced that the creditors would be paid dollar for dollar.

CONDEMNED MAN FIGHTS FOR REHEARING OF CASE

TIFTON, July 26.—I. B. Hall, who has been sentenced to hang August 22, has retained Attorney John R. Cooper, of Macon, to represent him in his petition for new trial, which will be heard before Judge W. E. Thomas in Valdosta Saturday, August 2.

Hall remains optimistic over the final outcome of his case. He seems to have little doubt that a decision will finally be given in his favor. While Hall is apparently unconcerned, his immediate relatives are much worried.

CORDELE METHODIST CONFERENCE CLOSES

CORDELE, July 26.—The annual Methodist Conference of the Cordele district came to a close yesterday at Rochelle. The meeting was attended by about 130 ministers and delegates.

The following delegates were chosen to the annual South Georgia Conference to be held in Macon next November: Hugh Lasseter, Cordele; R. L. Greer, Oglethorpe; D. W. Howard, Unadilla; J. G. Forehand, Vienna.

CRISP COUNTY TORN UP BY FREAK WINDSTORM

CORDELE, July 26.—A brisk windstorm yesterday afternoon over parts of Crisp and adjoining counties did considerable damage by leveling corn fields and blowing down fences. The wind came in spasmodic puffs and fear was felt that it would develop into a storm of serious nature.

$10,778 INCREASE IN POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The receipts of the Columbus postoffice for the year ending June 30 have just been given out and show an increase of $10,778.34 over the same period of the previous year.

Drouth Broken When Countryside Prays

Seven Weeks of Dry Weather Followed by Heavy Rain After Prayer Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Seven weeks' drouth in the vicinity of Rebecca was broken yesterday by a heavy rain, and the people of that place believe that a prayer service the night before to invoke the Almighty to send showers upon the crops was altogether responsible.

Crops were burning up and it appeared that the entire year's work of the farmers would be a failure. It was suggested that a prayer service be held at the Baptist Church, the proposition meeting with instant approval.

According to announcement, the people for miles around met at Rebecca and offered up prayers, continuing in the service for some time. Apparently in answer to this prayer, the rain came the following day.

LOWNDES TAX VALUES EXCEED EIGHT MILLION

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Lowndes County's tax values this year show an increase of $259,000. Tax Receiver Bacon to-day completed the footings of the 1913 digest. The total tax values of the county are $8,223,000, and, in view of the rather depressed conditions of the past year, the increase of more than $250,000 is regarded as satisfactory. If the bill now before the Legislature to provide a board of tax assessors passes, it is believed that values in Lowndes County will go to $10,000,000 next year.

$300,000 PLANT SEEKS LOCATION IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A Maryland corporation, with a capital stock of $300,000, engaged in the manufacture and sale of stoves, ranges and like products, is seeking a location in Columbus, attracted to this city by flattering inducements offered through the Board of Trade.

SEABOARD TO CONSTRUCT WAREHOUSE IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The Seaboard Air Line has completed the survey for the foundation of a large storage warehouse and grain elevator in Columbus, to be located on its property in the southeastern part of the city. The warehouse, it is understood, will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

COLUMBUS BALL TEAM TO GET BOOSTER GAME

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Monday has been designated as "Booster Day" with the Columbus baseball team, when it begins a series of three games with Albany. The management of the team is undertaking to arouse interest to keep the treasury in a safe condition during the wane of the season.

Refuses to Allow Revival in Church

Pastor Obliged to Leave, Says Evangelist Shall Not Hold Proposed Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Because he could not be in attendance and aid in the meeting, it is said that Rev. B. F. Rainey, pastor of the Pleasant Hill Baptist Church near Cordele, refused to allow a revival to be held in his church.

On request of some of the members of the church the State Board of the Baptist denomination sent an evangelist to conduct the meeting. It had been in progress but a day when the pastor informed the members and the evangelist that he objected to the meeting continuing longer; that he was going away and did not want a meeting conducted in his church while he was not there.

R. R. Agents Confer With Commission

Important Rate Matters in Connection With Roads Are Discussed at Meeting.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—In conference with the Railroad Commissioners the latter part of the week were the following high railroad officials: James Menzies, freight traffic manager, and C. McD. Davis, general freight agent, and James F. Mead, assistant general freight agent of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company; C. R. Capps, vice president, and B. C. Prince, assistant general freight agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, and J. C. Cutler, general freight agent of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railway Company. Important rate matters in connection with the lines mentioned were under discussion.

STRIKKES OIL AT MILTON IN PIT FOR FOUNDATION

PENSACOLA, July 25.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by a report that oil has been struck at Milton, twenty miles east of here.

Charles Sudwell, proprietor of the Milton telephone exchange, said that while digging a foundation for a building he struck a vein of oil, but had not yet had time to investigate fully. However, he said he intended to make a full investigation to see if he has really struck a rich vein.

NASON REVELL HELD FOR SHOOTING JOHN PALMER

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—Nason Revell was bound over to await the action of the Grand Jury under $1,000 bond for shooting John Palmer a few weeks ago at Lake Bradford church. The difficulty arose as the result of a family trouble. Revell shot Palmer six times, three taking effect. Palmer was at the trial and appeared to be fully recovered from his wounds. Revell has been in jail ever since the shooting.

MOVEMENT TO PUT COLUMBUS ON AUTO ROUTE

South Georgia City Pulling for Publicity—Makes Offer of Two Roads to Atlanta.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Through the combined efforts of the Columbus Board of Trade and other interests of the city there is a probability of Columbus being placed on the Southern Auto Route.

Steps have been taken by the board, ably assisted by the owners of automobiles in Columbus, because it is realized that Columbus and this entire section are suffering from the lack of publicity which could be obtained by the route.

While the Board of Trade is taking the forward step in the movement, the task of working out details has been turned over to the streets and roads committee of that organization.

Five routes have been proposed leading out from Columbus, two of which go to Atlanta, one to Opelika, Ala., one to the southeast and the other to the east. The routes proposed to Atlanta are: First, from Columbus to Warm Springs, thence to Woodbury, on to Griffin, where it will connect with the National Highway from New York to Florida, and from there to Atlanta over that road. The other route is from Columbus to Hamilton, Greenville and Newnan into Atlanta.

The route westward is to Opelika, where it is proposed to have the route from this city connect with the Montgomery route. The route to the east leaves Columbus via Buena Vista, Ellaville, Montezuma to Macon, and there connects with the National Highway to Florida points. A direct route to Florida is proposed by County Road Engineer Julian Lane, of Muscogee County, leaving Columbus via Buena Vista, Ellaville, Americus to Thomasville on to Florida.

The autoists who travel over these routes will get the topography, learn all of the dangerous places and sharp curves in the roads, and, in fact, obtain all the information that is deemed necessary.

In this connection it is of interest possibly to a great portion of the State to know that Frank Batey, a well-known Savannah good roads enthusiast, is having a map of the roads of Georgia and Northern Florida prepared and has written County Engineer Lane for a copy of the roads of Muscogee County in order that he may know what connection they have with other roads.

The automobile owners of Muscogee County are delighted over the prospect of Columbus being placed on the Southern Auto Route.

Hitch Probable in Charlotte Election

Commission Government and Water works Bond Advocates of Columbus Threaten War.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A hitch in the proposed vote on commission government for Columbus by the people during the year 1913 is probable.

A bill providing for commission government in lieu of the present Mayor and aldermanic form will be presented to the Legislature next week. Advocates of the proposed waterworks bond issue are making an effort to keep the commission government election from taking place this year, claiming it would affect the chances of the waterworks bonds.

The regular Mayor and aldermanic election is to be held the second Saturday in December, while the bond election comes on October 18, and it would be difficult to hold a commission government election before October.

The advocates of waterworks bonds have threatened, if an election is proposed in the commission form bill prior to the waterworks bond election, to go before the Lepislature and fight the passage of the commission government bill. The advocates of commission government threaten to retaliate by fighting the waterworks proposition. If the advocates of commission government can have the election this year they propose to do so.

Florida to Alter Its Prison System

Commissioner of Agriculture and State Treasurer to Study Methods of Other States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—W. A. McRae, Commissioner of Agriculture, and J. C. Luning, State Treasurer, both of the Board of State Institutions, have been appointed by the whole board to visit several of the Southern States for the purpose of studying their convict systems.

The recent act of the Legislature made some radical changes in the method of handling the convict system, and the board felt that it would be worth a great deal to them to learn more of the methods of other States having convict laws similar to the recent act of this State. These members of the board will visit North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Louisiana, Texas and Mississippi and upon their return will make full report to the board.

PENSACOLA ELKS GIVE OUTING AT SANTA ROSA

PENSACOLA, July 25.—One of the pleasantest features of the season was the annual outing of the local Lodge of Elks, when the antlered tribe and about 150 of their friends made a trip to Santa Rosa Island aboard the steamer Baldwin. Refreshments were served on the boat and the evening on the island was spent in dancing and surf bathing. The boat returned to the city about midnight.

Deputy Sings Hymns To Enliven Auction

No Bidder for Box of Songbooks Until Auctioneer Gives Samples of Contents.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—A deputy sheriff standing on the auction block with a hymnbook in his hand, warbling at the top of his voice, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was the sight seen by a big crowd gathered at the Sheriff's sale at the courthouse here a couple of mornings ago.

A box full of sacred songbooks was among the goods offered. No one offered to bid even a nickel. W. O. Beard, the deputy sheriff, nearly "talked his head off" without persuading anyone that he needed a box full of songbooks. Then it was an assistant took one of the books in his hand, mounted on the platform, turned to page 47 and began to sing. A score or more people in the crowd joined in the old familiar tune, and a few minutes afterward the hymnbooks were knocked down to a ready bidder for what they were worth.

Cashier Is Indicted On Bank's Complaint

J. H. Cason of Bank of Crosland Is Accused of Embezzling More Than $7,000.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—The Colquitt County Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday against J. H. Cason, former cashier of the Bank of Crosland, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars.

Cason was arrested several weeks ago and has been in prison here in default of $6,000 bond. Notwithstanding the fact that Cason has confessed to using over $7,000 of the bank's funds, he will plead not guilty when his case is called for trial next week, according to the statement of his attorney, Alfred Kline, of Moultrie.

Ties Husband in Bed And Shoots Him Dead

Tampa Woman, Tired of Abuse, Then Commits Suicide to End Troubles.

TAMPA, July 26.—Tired of being abused, Mrs. Avalina Rodriguez tied her husband to his bed to-day and fired five bullets into his head and body and then killed herself. They had quarreled last night and he is believed to have beat her, as was his custom, it is claimed, from the disturbance the neighbors heard.

Early this morning Mrs. Rodriguez gave part of her clothing to a neighbor, told the neighbor she was going to kill herself and her husband, and went back to the house. Within five minutes the shots were heard, and the policemen, who had been called, had to break down the door to get in. Both were dead. She had shot him, then untied the cords that held him, lay down by his side and shot herself through the heart.

Dairyman Held as Postal Law Violator

D. W. Simmons, Who Has Several Aliases, Accused of Opening Other Persons' Mail.

TIFTON, GA., July 26.—Chief of Police Thrasher has arrested D. W. Simmons, alias D. W. Underwood, W. H. Bennett and Willie Parker, under a warrant from Wauchula, Fla., for violating the United States postal laws by receiving another's mail and using checks contained in the letters.

The prisoner was taken to Albany by Deputy United States Marshal Calhoun, where he will be held awaiting his transfer to Tampa for trial.

Simmons, with his wife, had been in Tifton about three weeks and was employed at the dairy operated by Miss Ida Dickinson. They were in Americus before coming to Tifton. Simmons' wife is wanted as a witness to a stabbing which took place in the hotel where they were staying at Americus.

Florida Commission Cuts Express Rates

Reduction of From 20 to 33 Per Cent Is Ordered on Farm Products.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—From time to time complaint has been made to the Railroad Commissioners of high express rates on eggs, poultry, plants and butter, resulting in the commissioners serving notice on the Southern Express Company for a hearing to consider a reduction in rates, or classification, on these commodities.

After a thorough investigation the commissioners have just entered their order directing the express company to put into effect new rates or classification on these commodities after August 19.

The reductions range from 20 to 33 per cent.

BUILDING COMMISSION FAILS TO GET QUORUM

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—A. L. Wilson, of Quincy, one of the commissioners appointed to supervise the construction of the new Supreme Court and Railroad Commission Building, was here this week for a meeting of his commission to consider the purchase of furnishings for the building. However, a quorum of the commission could not be secured.

MIAMI TO CELEBRATE BIRTHDAY

MIAMI, July 26.—Posters and circulars have been sent over the State advertising the big celebration to be held in this city in honor of its seventeenth birthday.

PARK'S SCHOOL IS IN SESSION FOR 4TH TERM

Men Denied Education Early Are Seizing Chance to Learn the Elementary Branches.

TIFTON, July 26.—Park's "Old Field School," the only one of its kind in Georgia, is now in session. The school claims Worth County as its home and was originated by Judge Frank Park, of the Albany circuit, the purpose being to give men who have not had the advantages of an education a chance to study the elementary branches without the embarrassment of attending public school with children.

The school is now in its fourth year and has an attendance of 90 at this session. It is being held in the Union Church community in Worth County. The church building, which is being used for the school, has been filled to overflowing, the extra students sitting on logs beneath the pines near the church.

Only reading, writing and arithmetic are taught and the pupils range in age from 10 to 60. The school is held in the summer time when the weather is good, after the crops have been laid by, and the farmers have a little leisure time. Books and tuition are free.

Judge Parks has the co-operation of the county teachers. Two are employed to teach the pupils, who come on horseback, in buggies, wagons and afoot, coming early and spending the entire day. With the close of each day's session a big spelling match is held, and the sight of the 90 students in line, old men, young men, youths and children, is striking and original.

The school has been in session for two weeks and will continue two to six weeks longer.

Ship Gets Judgment Against Stevedores

Special Master Finds in British Vessel's Favor on Cross-Libel Bill.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A report in favor of the British steamer Coningsby, which cross-libeled John G. McGriffin & Co., of Jacksonville, stevedores, for damages alleged to have been done to the vessel, has been filed by Judge Paul E. Seabrook, special master.

McGriffin & Co. originally libeled the Coningsby to collect stevedore charges amounting to about $500, while the owners of the vessel filed a cross-libel to recover damages alleged to have been inflicted when the stevedores used dynamite to break up a cargo of kainit which had become hardened. The water tank of the boiler was claimed to have been damaged by the explosion.

The total damages to the steamer were decided by the master to be $2,785.81, from which is to be deducted $490 stevedore fees. McGriffin & Co. will, therefore, be compelled to pay $2,295.91, together with interest at 6 per cent from July 1, 1907.

New Smyrna Shelled Just Fifty Years Ago

Fleet of Federal Gunboats Bombarded Florida Village on July 26, 1863.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—Fifty years ago today, or July 26, 1863, was an exciting day in and around the village of New Smyrna, when the Shelden House and the few other buildings of the village were shelled by the Federal gunboats Sagamore, Oleander, Wabash and Beauregard. The shells of the gunboats did much damage, although the buildings were not entirely destroyed.

Captain John F. Dennis, of the gunboat Oleander, was commander of the fleet, which directed its fire on the village all the afternoon, coming into the harbor about 1 o'clock. The purpose was to look for blockade runners, principally, and incidentally to follow up an investigation of the killing of the captain of the gunboat Henry Andrews and a number of the members of his crew some time before that.

Florida Officials To Study Shellfish

Commissioners Will Visit Louisiana and Mississippi to Ascertain Methods of Those States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—T. R. Hodges and Peres McDougall, recently appointed Shellfish Commissioner and secretary, respectively, have gone to Mississippi and Louisiana to study the methods of these States in dealing with the shellfish business. The law relating to this subject passed by the recent Legislature is largely copied after that of Louisiana, where it has been in force for some time, and where, it is understood, the matter has been handled very effectively and satisfactorily.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Tift Truckers Plan To Improve Packing

Want Output Uniform and Carefully Prepared for Market—Meeting Called for Saturday.

TIFTON, July 26.—A meeting of the farmers, corn club boys and business men of Tift County has been called for Saturday, August 2, at the Tifton Chamber of Commerce. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss plans and methods for harvesting and marketing the crops.

The farmers will tell their experiences of the year at the meeting and discuss crop conditions and methods of fertilization and cultivation. The corn club boys will tell how it is that they can beat their fathers growing corn, and do it cheaper.

One of the important matters to be considered at the meeting will be the establishment of a truck packing house and the employment of experienced packers. Tift County truckers are determined that all truck from this county shall be of standard grade and packed by experienced men.

Tifton Trade Board To Aid Tift Farmers

Chamber of Commerce Plans to Improve Market Conditions for Planters.

TIFTON, July 26.—Among the things which the Tifton Chamber of Commerce proposes to put through during the remainder of the summer are:

Begin a series of monthly farmers' meetings.

Take steps to aid the farmers in marketing their products.

Provide facilities for handling the meat, grain and like products of the farmers, for which there is not a steady and ready market.

Begin a campaign for securing a new union passenger station.

Get out a small booklet advertising Tifton and Tift County.

Co-operate with the Board of County Commissioners in seeing that all public highways leading to Tifton are in first-class shape for the hauling of cotton and like products to market.

Students Building Tift's First Silo

Farmers Expected to Follow Example Set by Progressive Educator at County School.

TIFTON, July 26.—Professor J. F. Hart, Jr., principal, and the students who have remained through the summer to care for the school property and tend the crops on the school farm began work this week building a modern silo at the Second District Agricultural School.

This is probably the first silo in this section of the State. It is believed this will lead to the construction of a number of others throughout Tift County. A crop sufficient to fill the silo has already been planted, and is now being cultivated by the summer students.

TURKEY-TILLION STIRS VALDOSTA SOCIETY CIRCLE

Old-Timers Are Shocked at New Tangoes, Trots and Wiggles of Young Folk.

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Society is agog to-day over some of the extreme modern dances introduced for the first time in this city at a ball given in the parlors of one of the principal hotels last night. Most of the tangoes, trots and wiggles were danced, and with an abandon and zest that rather shocked the old-timers present.

The dance is described as a "turkey-tillion," and was attended by a large number of the younger leaders in society. From the familiar and simple turkey trot it was only a short step to the more extreme and newer dances.

Tifton's Tax Raises Result in Protests

H. H. Tift Hit Hardest, With $138,000 Increase—Council to Hear Complaints.

TIFTON, July 26.—The August meeting of the City Council of Tifton bids fair to be one of the most interesting ever held by this body. And it's all because the Tax Assessors have been busy. They have raised most everybody and the prospects and that a mighty protest will be heard in Council chambers the first Monday night in August.

The man to feel the effects of the Tax Assessors raising the most was the man owning the greatest amount of property. This man is H. H. Tift and the Assessors, believing that he should pay taxes on his property somewhere in the region of the price he is asking for it, raised his assessment $138,000. Mr. Tift being of the political faction which is now "out" in municipal affairs, protested. Two special sessions of Council were held to consider the matter, but the taxes stand as they were, except in a few instances where the property assessed has been given to city for parks and the like, or the Assessors had placed valuations too high.

TARPON SPRINGS SPONGE SALES IN 2 WEEKS $215,000

TARPON SPRINGS, July 26.—The sponge sale here the last two weeks total $215,000. This city is the center of the Gulf sponging industry and supports perhaps 1,500 Greek divers and requires 200 boats. The spongers no longer dive "in their skins" or use the old rakes. Modern diving suits are used and the vessels are well equipped.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

Take Your Vacation at
Wrightsville Beach
Near Wilmington, N. C.

Splendid hotels; finest beach on Atlantic Coast; best sea and sound fishing; electric train service to city. No end to indoor and outdoor amusements. Reduced railroad rates. For literature and other information write to

E. L. Hinton, Mgr. Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
C. E. Hooper, Mgr. Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
H. C. Foss, Mgr. Hanover Inn, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

Men's Linen Suits STODDARDIZED 50c

The price of STODDARDIZING Men's Woolen Suits is ONE DOLLAR---but we STODDARDIZE Men's Linen or Palm Beach Suits for FIFTY CENTS.

A WAGON FOR A PHONE CALL.

We pay Charges (one way) on Out-of-Town Orders of $2 or more.

Stoddard 126 Peachtree Street Bell Phone, Ivy 43 Atlanta Phone 43 — Dixie's Greatest Dry Cleaner and Dyer

WHY FEEL TIRED?
TRY LIVER EASE

Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $360.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Helen Brantley	208,100
George Rosser	207,415
Miss Frankie J. Smith	189,500
Josephine Simril	158,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	149,075
Hill McCalla	106,350
Wyman Conrad	102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,350
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Elizabeth Garwood	180,925
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	179,870
Paul M. Clark	178,990
Miss Robert Harbour	177,845
Edmund Hurt	159,050
Miss Idele Shaw	142,105
Miss Lottie McNair	90,343
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P Tucker	21,250
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Charles L. Stevens	195,650
Willett Mathews	192,550
Mildred Brickman	163,980
J. P. Goets, Jr.	150,985
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Florence Greenoe	225,385
Herbert Chapman	219,980
Fannie Mae Cook	218,600
Eleanor Raoul	202,550
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Nun ber Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.00.

To the candidate in this district having the third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134 050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	152,300
William Turner	151,565
Edward DeLoach	150,325
Miss Beverly Swanton	149,900
Miss Susanne Springer	126,957
Edgar Wilson	38,395
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	25,965

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Henry Hull	119,300
George H. Melton	118,395
A. Morrison	116,950
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	105,200
Philip Gilstein	89,850
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Raymond Wilkinson	214,650
Ross Greer	210,955
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
R. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,650
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,435
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Raiph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Speara, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Billie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	138,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lyldia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win?

The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes. With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P.M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

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EDITION FOR FLORIDA

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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Golfers Go 35 Miles In Just 1,087 Strokes

Experts Play From Maidstone to Littleton on the Sea on a Wager.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—To cover 35 miles in 1,087 strokes is a feat that two golfers accomplished in playing from Maidstone to Littleton-on-the-Sea.

How this came about a well-known golfer offered to bet Neville Foster, of the Ashdown Forest Golf Club, and W. Warman, of the Newton Green Golf Club, that they could not play from Forest row to Crowborough over the woodland heather and hills, a distance of eight miles, in 350 strokes. The bet was taken and the task accomplished in 184 strokes.

Waiters Back of Bill To Prevent 'Tipping'

Measure Provides Fine for Both 'Tipper' and Recipient of Bounty, and Reward for Informer.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An ordinance to end "tipping" has been passed by the City Council and will now go to the House of Delegates, where it is expected it will be speedily adopted, and, with the signature of the Mayor, become a law.

This ordinance has had the backing of the union waiters of St. Louis, who are now striking in the principal hotels and restaurants. The bill provides a fine of from $10 to $50 for each offense, both the "tipper" and recipient of the "tip" being subject to fine, and the informer to receive half of the fine.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Suffragists Plan National Campaign

Women Who Now Possess Franchise Will Aid Movement in All Other States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans for a widespread campaign for "votes for women" to be carried into all the States of the Union not now having suffrage will be laid at a conference of the National Council of Woman Voters here August 13, 14 and 15. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the congressional committee headquarters of the council.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Porter Charlton Makes 'Xmas Date

American Ordered Extradited to Italy Confident He Will Be Back in Few Months.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 26.—Porter Charlton, the young man who has been ordered extradited to Italy to stand trial for the murder of his wife, seems to be apparently unconcerned about the outcome of the trial, and openly stated that he would be back in America again for Christmas. Although the United States Government has ordered him sent back to Italy, he confidently told a friend yesterday that he would soon return.

"Don't you worry," he is reported as saying. "I'll make an engagement with you next Christmas at Churchill's."

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

'Imperator' Is Too Small, Says Captain

Greatest Vessel Afloat Is Already Fully Booked for Next Two Voyages West.

Special Cable to The American.

PLYMOUTH, July 26.—"The Imperator is too small; we want larger vessels," exclaimed Captain Ruser, when, after landing the greatest ship in the world at this port to-day, he was told that the Imperator is already fully booked for her next two westward trips.

The Imperator proceeded from here to Cherbourg and Hamburg. On the way over there were three days of such extreme heat that many experienced stokers were unable to work. The average speed for the voyage was 22.5 knots and the best single day's run was 540 miles.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to be used for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Declares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by Alderman Pelle Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Developments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by hisself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house, Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

Washington Society Trembles 'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says: "Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, today decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"I will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer in Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Company for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

MOTOR RACES
TUESDAY, July 29
8:15 P. M.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

BIJOU THIS WEEK

NORMAN FRIEDENWALD'S Hilarious Musical Farce COMEDY,

THE GIRL FROM DUBLIN

The liveliest, most tuneful and up-to-the-minute musical comedy show of the season.

1 1-2 HOURS OF FUN.
PRETTY GIRLS.
GREAT SCENIC EFFECTS.
20—FUN MAKERS—20.
SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE.
TUNEFUL MUSICAL NUMBERS.
Daily Matinees. Night Shows at 7:30 and 9.
BARGAIN PRICES.

GRAND

WEEK JULY 28
DAILY AT 2:30 & 8:30

CARNEGIE
MUSEUM
ALASKA
SIBERIAN
PICTURES
AND
FIRST RUN
FEATURES

MATINEES 10 CTS.
NIGHT 10-15-25 CTS.

GET THE GRAND HABIT

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST THEATER

FORSYTH WEEK OF JULY 28 Daily at 2:30 and 8:30

The Famous Character Comedian
JOE WELCH
ELSA WARD, KARL CRESS, CUNNINGHAM & MARION
Robt. Dailey & Co. (OUR BOB)
DOLAN & LENBARR CO. "SOME MIND-READER"
KEITH VAUDEVILLE

NEXT WEEK
EVEREST'S
MONKEY
HIPPODROME
The Novelty of Modern Vaudeville

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privilege and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unless it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1458 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, in difference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but it will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case, until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1436 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the militia are called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "And person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempest to go orto remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5369 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the light of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Bartholomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Parr. He said he had been living at Goshep and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband

Cites Story of His First Wife

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

"He falsely and fraudulently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, 'that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysteria shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said:

"Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother, instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Buy a Diamond On Monthly Payments

You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

Say you wanted a diamond ring at $250. You pay one-fifth ($50.00) cash and settle the deferred balance in ten equal monthly payments of $20.55 each.

This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

MAIER & BERKELE, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths,

31-33 Whitehall Street,

Established 1887.

Atlanta Conservatory of Music

Announces its complete reorganization under the general direction of MORTIMER WILSON, CONDUCTOR ATLANTA PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

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Unsurpassed Advantages

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DEPARTMENTS: Theory and Composition, Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Orchestral Instruments, Technical Lectures, Artist Recitals, Orchestra Routine, Chorus Singing, Public School Music, Music-Kindergarten, etc. Bureau-Extension.

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BEST MATERIALS USED



OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

Set of Teeth, $5 — Gold Filling $1

Gold Crowns, $4 — Amalgam Filling, 50c Up

Bridge Work, $4 — Plates Repaired, 50c Up

Teeth Cleaned, New Process . . . . . $1 Up

EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.

Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach. $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.

TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.

10 p. m. solid Pullman train.

10:15 p. m. Coach train.

Make Reservations Now.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Stop That Whooping Cough

WITH THE McFAUL

Whooping Cough Powders

Instant Relief — *In Use Over 30 Years*

For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.

Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.

By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.

The McFaul Medicine Company

431 Marietta Street — Atlanta, Georgia

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band--Sunday 3:30 P.M.

SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

...ere is a well-defined, positive and ... movement on to nominate ... M. Slaton for Senator ...rimary.

...himself is not known ... it, and the impres... ...e is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrashed out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith, and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why, then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House, and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlanta.

On the other hand, the Senator's loving friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

SEASHORE
EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
... m. Coach train.
... Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers

An actual snapshot of a slashed skirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.



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Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 171 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent, or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Takes Off Freckles, Removes Tan.



Beautify your complexion. Get rid of those freckles. You can invest 50c in a jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM and they'll disappear. Severe cases may require two jars—no more. We positively guarantee this, and if your complexion isn't fully restored to its natural beauty, we agree to refund your money without argument. And in addition, WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is a fine, fragrant toilet cream. Doesn't cause hair to grow and does positively remove TAN and FRECKLES. Try it at our risk. Price 50c—sent by mail if desired. Mammoth jars $1.00. WILSON'S FAIR SKIN SOAP 25c. Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C., makers. For sale and guaranteed by all druggists.

PONY CONTEST GROWS RED HOT IN FINAL WEEK

Four Days Left in Race for Shetlands—Splendid Chance for Every Entry.

Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "trailers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

Good Breeding Shown.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

It is not necessary, the contest manager explains to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Four More Busy Days.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK
$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

Bifocals and Lenses Ground to Order at Lowest Prices

Columbian Optical Co.
81-83 Whitehall Street---With Columbian Book Co.

DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Conner, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life in Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The will of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here, leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This had been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE

IOWA CITY, LOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising



NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doing out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the allmentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elmination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores
And Druggists Generally

NUXCARA
Cures Indigestion!

Indigestion and all its accompanying evils—headache, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and irritability—can be completely and permanently cured.

TAKE NUXCARA
3 Times a Day

One-half hour before each meal. Then eat what you please, for NUXCARA will instantly relieve while gradually effecting a permanent cure.

NUXCARA is a pure vegetable preparation.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST
$1.00 a bottle, 6 for $5.00

Lamar-Rankin Drug Co.
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Special Atlanta Agents
106 N. Pryor 11 N. Broad St.

Manufactured by the NUXCARA Co., Atlanta

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

* * *

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

* * *

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

* * *

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

* * *

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

* * *

He may depose the Sultan.

* * *

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Always, as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women
And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulfied his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

PORCELAIN---NO GOLD
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



Whalebone Best Set, $3.00 No More, No Less.

GOLD CROWN (22-K)..... $3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS ..... .25
GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
CLEANING TEETH ..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection" said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

FATHER SENT SEVEN SONS TO WAR BETWEEN STATES

QUARRYVILLE, PA., July 26.—The death of George W. Bierly, of Eden township, recalls the fact that he and six of his brothers served in the Civil War. When the conflict started their father told his seven sons it was their duty to enlist, and all did so. One was killed at Bowling Green, Ky. The remaining six returned from the army, and of them only one now survives, Taylor Bierly, of Parkesburg, Pa.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

CEREMONY IMPRESSION AS SON BAPTIZES FATHER

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Being baptized by his own son, according to Baptist Church rites, was the experience of Charles Bentzien, 90 years old, father of the assistant pastor of the Temple Baptist Church, who also was formerly of the White Temple at Portland. The occasion was attended by impressive ceremonies.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of 80,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

I Want a Partner

He must be a live citizen and have a few thousand dollars—from $1,000 to $5,000.

I ask nothing more than I have to offer.

This is an opportunity to make $5,000 a year. State age, amount you have to invest and give references.

ADDRESS HUSTLER
Box 600
Care Hearst's Sunday American
Atlanta, Ga.

BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it. If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast. Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

SALOON CLOSES ITS DOORS WHEN PET CAT DISAPPEARS

CINCINNATI, July 26.—"Closed on account of the loss of Scotty's black cat, 'Nigger,'" read a sign on the door of Scotty's saloon for one day. Several days ago the cat, who is looked upon as a member of the family, disappeared. Two days passed and the cat did not put in an appearance, so Scotty hung out a sign draped in green tissue paper and bordered by carnations to tell his customers that he had closed the saloon in mourning for the cat.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thnuderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 5213 Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

We Can Again Supply the Demand for the two New Style

Euphona
Player-Pianos

Prices $475 and $600



The June Bride's Piano
New
Euphona Player-Piano
Value Supreme Among Player-Pianos

It makes musicians of us all.

The highest type of piano-player mechanism yet produced.

Contains many (exclusive patented) advantages and is concealed within the case of a

Beautiful Tone Piano

possessing a delightful touch for hand playing as well as with music rolls.

$25 worth of music rolls, stool and scarf included FREE.

Your silent piano taken in exchange.

Pay cash or by the month.

15th Midsummer Piano Sale

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SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Tifton

TIFTON, July 26.—Mrs. Vina Henderson, of Bainbridge, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Oren Roberts.

Mrs. R. W. Goodman and children left Thursday for Odessadale.

Miss Jeanne Philbaut, of Napoleonville, La., is the guest of Miss Effie Scarboro.

Miss Winnifred Cumlin, who was the guest of Miss Maurine Ridgdill, left Thursday for St. Marys.

Miss Marion Wooley returned to Atlanta Thursday.

Mrs. R. D. Smith is the guest of her brother, A. H. Smith, in Cordele.

Mrs. W. M. Thurman and children, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Harman.

Miss Tommie McGuirt is the guest of Miss Elia Sanford in Thomasville.

Mrs. A. P. Hunter and son, Frank, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Timmons.

Miss Cora Stephens is in Macon.

Mrs. R. C. Postell and son, Carlisle, returned Wednesday from Atlanta, Monticello and other North Georgia points.

Misses Maurine and Wilma Ridgdill, Winnifred Cumlin, Lula Mae and Estelle Morgan, Marie and Sarah Colcord and Bessie Murrow were the members of a picnic party to Murrow Springs Wednesday. Mrs. J. B. Murrow and Mrs. J. S. Ridgdill were the chaperons.

Miss Alexandra Rhodes entertained at tea Wednesday in honor of Miss Marguerite Drake, of Thomasville. Those present were Misses Marguerite Drake Effie Scarboro, Maude and Nellie Timmons and Alexandra Rhodes, John Fountain, Lennon Bowen, Dr. C. R. Dickert, Dr. E. B. Mount, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Eason and Mrs. L. A. Rhodes.

Mrs. L. P. Thurman entertained Wednesday for little Miss Anna Sheppard Thurman, of Atlanta. Rook hearts dice and upinks were played. Misses Grace Fulwood and Laura Cox served punch.

Mrs. I. L. Ford chaperoned a picnic party to Lucy Lake Tuesday. Those in the party were Misses Wynona and Floy Ford and Aurelia Hargrett, Ben Moore, C. E. Foy, Arthur Hollingsworth and Dr. E. B. Mount.

Milledgeville

MILLEDGEVILLE, July 26.—The marriage of Miss Tillie Smith, of Montezuma, to E. Culver Kidd took place at Montezuma Wednesday.

Mr. Kidd was accompanied to Montezuma by O. R. Horton, Malcolm Flemister, Stewart Wootten and George Nottingham, of Macon.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr and Mrs. Kidd left for Savannah, embarking for New York, Niagara, Toronto and a run through Thousand Islands, stopping on their way home at Washington

Mrs. Carlyle Cobb, of Athens, is visiting Mrs. Ed Treanor.

Miss Clara Williams has returned from the mountains and Waynesboro, Va.

Misses Effie and Marie Grenade are attending a house party at Hurtsboro, Ala.

Mrs. T. O. Powell, Mrs. Julia West, Misses Jessie Allen, Julia Conn and Francis Conn are visiting Tallulah Falls.

Judge and Mrs. E. R. Hines entertained the men's class of the Methodist Sunday school last Thursday.

Miss Mary Lawrence is visiting Barnesville.

Miss Bertha Gholson has returned from a visit to Florida.

Miss Vevie Montgomery has returned from a visit to Oconee Springs.

Miss Myrtle McDermot is attending a house party at Articola.

Jackson

JACKSON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Dr. and Mrs H. W. Copeland, Mrs. Emma Mallett and Miss Mary Newton form a party of Jackson people at St. Simons Island.

Miss Georgia Rice, of Atlanta, is the guest of Miss Helen Smith and was the honor guest at a dinner party Saturday evening at the Wigwam, Indian Springs.

Miss Rosa Newton leaves Tuesday for a two months' stay in the North.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Carmichael are in Baltimore.

Miss Julia Curry is being entertained as the guest of Miss Fannie Belle Waits, in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawson have returned to their home in Dublin after a visit with Mrs. W. J. Wood and Mrs. E. C. Robinson.

Miss Clio Carmichael is spending some time as the guest of Miss Margaret Rushton and Mrs. Stewart Roberts in Atlanta.

Misses Vera and Jessie Jones have as their guest Miss Carrie Knott, of Locust Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Carreker left Wednesday for a visit with relatives in Zebulon.

Mrs. H. A. Butner and sister, Miss Roberts, of Greenville, S. C., are guests of Mrs. C. A. Butner and Miss Annie Lou McCord.

Mrs. J. W. Crum is at home from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Sasnett Crum in Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Annie Catchings Crum is visiting Miss Annie Kieth in Spartanburg.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, July 26.—For her guest, Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, Miss Alice Parker was the hostess on Thursday evening at a porch party.

Miss Caroline Higgins left this week for a visit to friends in New Jersey and Maryland.

Miss Alice Parker has returned from a visit to friends in Moultrie.

Miss Mary Merrill and Miss May Patten will leave next week for East Orange, N. J.

Miss Marianne Watt will leave on Monday for Savannah, where she will spend a short time as the guest of Miss Margaret Charlton.

Miss Floride Stevens, of Norfolk, is the guest of Mrs. F. L. MacIntyre.

Miss Minnie Weldon is spending some time at Pablo Beach, Fla.

Miss Josephine Porter, of Apalachicola, Fla., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Peacock.

Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, is visiting Miss Alice Parker.

Mrs. M. R. Mallette left this week for Montgomery and will later go to Baltimore for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Kate Mack left this week for New York for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Emmie Plowden, of Dickey, was the guest this week of Mrs. W. A. Pringle, Jr.

Miss Susie May Dreger, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. T. C. Mitchell.

Miss McGuirt, of Tifton, is the guest of Miss Ella Sandford.

Mrs. Rhydon Mays and children left this week for Marietta and will spend the remainder of the summer at the Whitlock House in that city.

Miss Myrtle Goff, of Valdosta, is visiting Mrs. R. W. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Loveless left this week for Tiverton, R. I., where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Miss Lilly May McKinley, of Atlanta, is the guest for a short time of Miss Mattie Rigsby.

Mrs. M. C. Thornton, of Abbeville, Ala., and Mrs. R. N. Thornton, of Dothan, are the guests of Mrs. R. L. Dekle.

Miss Hilton Evans, of Tampa, Fla. is visiting Mrs. William McMillen.

Fitzgerald

FITZGERALD, July 26.—A lawn party was given by Miss Emily Griffin in honor of her cousin, Miss Edith Harrell, of Cumberland, this week.

Those invited were Dorothy Thurmond, Margaret Wise, Elizabeth McCarty, Martha Turner, Martha Bell Spiller, Merle Scarborough, Corrine Womble, Marion Dunn, Laura Whitley, Hazel Mayes, Mildred Hall, Lillie Mae Hughes, Josephine Manning, Maud Paulk and Mamie Calloway.

Mrs. James Oates, of Live Oak, Fla., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Chandler.

Mrs. J. E. Anderson is visiting in Montgomery.

Mrs. J. W. Swearinger has returned to her home in Jacksonville after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Sedlmyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Adams and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Reid have gone to Cumberland Island.

Mrs. Ackerman and children left recently for a visit in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. D. Mashburn and daughters, Misses Emmie and Mayme, left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. B. Braswell, of Fitzgerald, is visiting her friend, Miss Corinne Cunyus. Mrs. Braswell is remembered in Atlanta as Miss Johnnie Broughton.

Miss Helen Matthews returned Tuesday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. R. Tippett and Miss Eugene Blade, of Hawkinsville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holder.

Fay Wyman and Miss Mary Paul were quietly married recently.

Miss Atha Meyer entertained Monday at a reception in honor of her attractive guest, Miss Annie Browning, of Lakeland, Fla., and Mr. and Mrs Yancey M. Bowles, who were recently married.

LaGrange

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Mrs. J. A. Jones, of Summit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. L. Edwards.

Miss Louise Freeman is the guest of Mrs. Louise Young.

Misses Edith Lupton, of Atlanta, and Florence Smith, of Ysvilanti, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith.

Mrs. Milam has as her guests Misses Martha Jarell, Mary White and Marion Taylor, of Greenville.

Miss Stella Broadfield has returned from a two weeks' visit as the guest of Mrs. Tom Patterson, of McDonough.

Miss Eleanor Dunson, after visiting in Atlanta and McDonough, has returned to LaGrange.

Misses Sarah and Francis Mathews, of Decatur, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Market.

Misses Salome Bradfield and Mary Scott are the attractive guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bradfield.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis entertained in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Lance, of Hannibal, Mo.

Besides the guests of honor, the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Jim Lane, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Willis, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hutchinson, Misses Stella and Julia Bradfield, Mary Scott, Ruth Slack and Messrs. Searcy Slack and Lloyd Bradfield.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—Misses Gladys and Zeta White are expected home next week from Savannah, where they have been the guests of Miss Gladys Cassells. Miss Cassells will probably accompany them home for a visit in Cartersville.

Miss Rachel McEntyre had as her guests last week Misses Lucy Green and Gladys Mitchell, of Atlanta, and Miss Lonnie Mae McEntyre, of Rock Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Womelsdorf entertained Tuesday evening with a delightful swimming party. After the swimming a supper was served at the clubhouse, followed by songs and conversation. Later in the evening a watermelon cutting was enjoyed.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Young and family, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Peeples and family, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Akin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Munford, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Felton Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Granger, Mr and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Stella Brumby, Harry Womelsdorf, Mrs. Lila Morgan, Captain J. Calhoun, Garner Jones and John Calhoun.

Misses Mildred Matthews and Sue Lou Hull left Wednesday morning for Woolsey, where they will be guests at a house party given by Miss Addie Lou Sams.

Miss Robena Shaw, of Atlanta, is the attractive guest of Miss Irene Shaw.

Miss Ethel Adair returned home Tuesday from a visit to Rome.

Thursday evening the younger set enjoyed a moonlight picnic at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Ruohs Pyron.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Mrs. J. L. Walker and daughter, Miss Annie Laurie Walker, have returned from St. Simons Island.

Miss Annie May Bates, of Willis-ton, S. C., is the guest of relatives.

Miss Ora Scarborough has returned to her home in Statesboro.

Miss Myrtise Adams was the guest of relatives in Blackshear this week.

Miss Sarah Houk has gone to Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Norvel returned Wednesday from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bates, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bates, will return to their home at Elko, S. C., to-morrow.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran leaves shortly for Tennessee.

Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children have returned from a visit to White Oak.

Miss Ethel Broadshaw, of Charleston, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. H. S. DuBose.

Mrs. W. A. McKnight is visiting in Macon.

Mrs. C. E. Williamson and little daughter are visiting in Sylvester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tubbs returned this week from a visit to Black Mountain, N. C.

Mrs. R. E. Finn and children left this week for St. Simons.

Miss Clara Wood, of Brunswick, is visiting Mrs. R. T. Hitch.

Mrs. B. T. Pharr and two daughters, of Houston, are guests of Mrs. A. M. Litch.

Mrs. Emma Mannin, of Dublin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Brewer.

Mrs. A. M. Bailey and children returned Wednesday from McDonald.

Mrs. G. W. Julian, of Tifton, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. Crawley.

Mrs. W. R. Beach left this week for Philadelphia.

Mrs J. T. Strickland visited friends at Bickley this week.

Miss Grace Taylor left Wednesday for Virginia.

Mrs. McIntosh Noble left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Rachael McRee returned to her home at Kinderlou Thursday after a visit to Misses Lucile and Nell Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Page Anderson and Mrs. Wayne Walker have returned from a visit to Pablo Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Knight, Jr., spent the week on St. Simons Island.

Mrs. T. F. Broadwater has returned from a visit to relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. W. M. Bird has returned from a visit to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Otis Bell was the guest this week of relatives in Quitman.

Misses Lucile Sutton and Ellen Goodrich have returned from Jacksonville.

Crawfordsville

CRAWFORDSVILLE, July 26.—Miss Virginia Butler, of Madison, is spending several days as the guest of Miss Frances Burges.

Misses Caroline and Mary Emma Gee are visiting in Lithonia as the guests of Miss Lillie Mae Hughes, who is entertaining a house party of her Chicora College girl friends.

Miss Kathleen Melton has returned from Monticello, where she has been spending some time with Miss Davidson.

One of the interesting social events of the week was the marriage of Miss Thelma Williams to Boykin Hollis.

Among the Crawfordsville people who are spending the week at Daniel Springs, a popular resort near here, are Colonel and Mrs. J. A. Beazley, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Beazley, Mrs. H. M. Holden and family, Miss Minnie Olive Park, Mrs. J. W. Tucker, and Mrs. E. D. Anthony.

What bids fair to be one of the events of the season for Crawfordsville society is the house party of Brenau girls that Miss Lillian Asbury will entertain during the first week in August. Among those expected to come are Misses Crawford, of Lexington; Miss Laing, of Dawson; Miss Brock, of Carrollton; Miss Allen, of Elberton, and Miss Wyche, of Alabama.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Mrs. John T. Blalock and children have returned to Valdosta from North Georgia.

Mrs. James Wooten and her little daughter, Katherine, reached Valdosta from Savannah this week and are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Norris Pinder.

Miss Julia Lambert, of Athens, is turned from Pablo Beach.

Mrs. Lorena McCully and her little granddaughter, Mary Lorena, left Tuesday for St. Marys.

Miss Gussie Spence, of Pelham, is visiting her brother, E. J. Spence.

The W. C. T. U. had an ice cream festival in the courthouse square on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Bitzer and family have gone to Harrisonburg, Va.

Mrs. W. W. Carpenter and her little daughter have gone to their home at Plymouth, Fla.

Mrs. Henry Pullen, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. J. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McCully, Mrs. D. W. Aldman and Misses Harriet and Mary Converse left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Luelle Strickland left last Monday for Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stampler and children left Wednesday for Columbia, S. C., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Smith Davis left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and her daughters have returned from Pablo Beach.

Misses Annabel Converse and Virginia Varnedoe have gone to Waycross to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Dinsmock.

Miss Gertrude Monroe has returned from Jacksonville. She was accompanied home by her little cousin, Miss Eloise Roberts.

Camilla

CAMILLA, July 26.—Miss Maude Haddock, of Kestler; Miss Katie McCall, of Atapulgus, and Miss Patty Wilson, of Bainbridge, are the guests of Mrs. Robin Cochran.

Miss Fannie Haynes, of Lommerton, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. McNight.

Miss Lucile Black, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Claude Davis.

Miss Rose Cox and her sister, Mrs. E. E. Cox, are spending the summer in Marietta.

Miss Margaret Hughes, of Cordele, is the guest of Miss Susie Belle Hughes.

Mrs. G. A. Gibbs, of Homerville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Collins.

Miss Willa Vera Almand, who has been the visitor of Mrs J. C. Wilson, went to Albany yesterday, where she will visit Miss Susie Brown.

Miss Emma Bibb, of Kinderlou, is visiting Miss Marceline Twitty.

Mrs. R. L. Pope left Tuesday for Albany.

Miss Sarah Hillard is visiting Miss Maude Livingston in Newton.

Miss Sadie May Wade has gone to Cuthbert, where she will be the guest of Miss Mary Davenport.

Miss Kathlene Acree has returned after a visit to Miss Seveille Arthur, of Albany.

Miss Myrtle Brown is expecting Miss Lillian Britt, of Tifton, as her guest.

Miss Marie Owen, of Enterprise, Ala., is the guest of Miss Mary Baggs.

Miss Susie Belle Hughes and her mother, Mrs. E. A. Hughes, are visiting relatives in Monticello, Fla.

Mrs. S. J. Faircloth, of Quitman, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth, has returned home.

Miss Leah Gardner, of Pavo, is the guest of Mrs. B. C. Gardner.

Miss Annie Ruth Spence is in Quitman visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. B. Bennett.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Groover, of Savannah, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth.

Miss Verdi Holton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Kate Bolton, in Fort Valley.

Mrs. J. C. Turner entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Faircloth and Misses Agnes Acree and Annie May Collins left Friday for an automobile trip on the Gulf Coast.

Miss Ruth Collins, of Holder, Fla., is visiting relatives.

Mrs. Wilson Joiner, of Albany, returned home after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Joiner.

Miss Freddie Wade and her mother, Mrs. J. P. Wade, of Quitman, are the guests of Mrs. J. P. McRee.

Mrs. Sam Kendel, of Albany, is spending the week-end with Mrs. G. W. Swindle.

Mrs. J. T. Fenn and little daughter, with Miss May Travis, have returned to their home in Birmingham after a visit to Mrs. L. J. Hay.

Miss Hattie Heath returned home Monday from Moultrie, where she was the guest of honor at a house party given her by Miss Lucile Autry.

Mrs. R. T. Cochran and children are visiting relatives in Shellman.

Miss Susie Fleming returned Saturday after a visit to her sister in Tifton.

Villa Rica

VILLA RICA, July 6.—A social event of much interest was the marriage of Miss Annie Powell, of Villa Rica, and Robin Lowry Berry, of Jonesboro, Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. C. A. Jamison officiating.

Miss Caroline Marchman, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor and Claude H. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro, was best man.

Little Misses Ellen Powell and Nell Jiles were the flower girls. H. G. Robertson and I. A. Scotts were the ushers.

Following the wedding, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Powell tendered the wedding party and guests a reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry will spend a week at Franklin, N. C., after which they will return to Villa Rica, where they will reside in future.

Why Endure Sore Feet

Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.

Cordele

CORDELE, July 26.—Wednesday afternoon Mrs. J. S. Sheppard was the hostess to the members of the Young Matrons' Club. Rook was the game played.

Mrs. J. H. Shipp made highest score and was presented a cutglass salad bowl. Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines, being honor guests, they were presented with evening fans.

Miss Marie Scandrett has returned from several weeks' stay with friends at Little Rock, Mobile and Birmingham.

Miss Inez Hyman will leave early in August for a visit to Miss Mamie Slade at Griffin.

Miss Mary McArthur has returned from a stay with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Farrior, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. Leo Marshall and children, of Jacksonville, are visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. Coffman, of Johnson City, Tenn., are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fenn.

Mrs. Arthur Wheeler and Mrs. C. B. Whatley entertained at a series of afternoon parties during the week in honor of their house guests, Mrs. Odell Allison Gilbert, of West Virginia, and Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Livingston are spending the summer with relatives at Seneca and Greenville, S. C.

Misses Stell Colwell and Birdie Bulloch are spending the week-end at St. Simons.

Miss Van Mitchell, of Butler, is the guest of Mrs. William Scandrett.

Miss Lamar Ryals is being entertained at the home of Miss Rose Tate at Shelbyville, Tenn.

Miss Mabel Barber has returned from a visit to Captain and Mrs. Sam Barber at Vidalia.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church was entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. Edward Stallings.

Mrs. M. R. Smith entertained with a party Wednesday morning.

Eastman

EASTMAN, July 26.—Mrs. John H. Hargrove is visiting in Dothan, Ala.

Miss Annamaude Burch left a few days ago for Winder.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gentry and children are spending a few days with relatives in Decatur.

Mrs. Fred R. Hall, of Blakely, has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Prince are in New York.

Mrs. J. D. Herrman and daughter, Miss Hortense, are spending the summer at Far Rockaway, Long Island.

Mrs. W. R. Hall and son, Harris, after spending a week with relatives in Macon, have returned home.

Mrs. J. W. Morris and daughter, Mary Ann, are spending the summer in Selma, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Sapp and daughter, who have been spending a few days in Nashville, Ga., have returned home.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts is spending a few days with friends and relatives in Macon.

Miss Claudie Bailley spent last Sunday in Gresston.

Mrs. E. Rothols, of Darlington, S. C., was honor guest at a reception given by her daughter, Mrs. Harry Hirsch, this week. The other guest of honor was Miss Miriam Morgan, of Savannah.

Mrs. H. R. Cooke has been spending the past two weeks in Indian Springs and Tallulah Falls.

Mrs. H. W. Hurst and children are spending the summer with relatives in Thomaston.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brock have returned from a trip to South Carolina.

Misses Corinne Beverly and Lucile Matthews are the guests of Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. Fred Walters, of Cordele, and Miss Ann Hughes, of Statesboro, are the guests of Mrs. Bob Wynne.

Miss Sylvia Harris, of Montgomery, will be the guest of Mrs. App Herrman.

Miss Catherine Pennington is at home after spending the past three weeks with friends and relatives in Atlanta, Covington, Shady Dale and Tallulah Falls.

Thursday evening a party of young folks was invited to meet Miss Corinne Beverly and Miss Lucile Mathews, of Hawkinsville, and Albert Hargrove at a porch party given by Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. J. A. Paxson and little daughter, Eugenia, are the guests of relatives in Abbeville.

Mrs. Earle C. Chandler, of Valdosta, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Burch.

Miss Mayme Arthur is the guest of friends and relatives in Cuthbert.

Miss Anice Johnson, of Atlanta, and LeRoy Johnson, of Macon, are spending a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson.

Miss Estora Jackson, who has been on a visit to Cochran, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Hewitt and children, of Leesburg, Fla., are the guests of Miss Kyle Arthur.

Miss Julia Hall left a few days ago for a few weeks' visit to Macon, Monticello and other North Georgia towns.

Misses Valeria and Marjorie McGee are spending a few days with relatives in McRae.

Mrs. T. H. Edwards and Miss Mary Charter left this week for Chalybeate Springs.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilkins have returned from a visit to Atlanta.

Mrs. W. L. Mathers and little daughter, Martha Doane, have returned to their home in Macon.

Mrs. M. A. Earle, of McRae, is the guest of relatives.

Miss Julia Hall entertained the "Noisy Nine" Friday evening in honor of Miss Emily Bealer's guest, Miss Kathleen McKnight, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, July 26.—Mrs. Buford Boykin, who has been at Piedmont Springs, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cheney, of Savannah, arrived in the city Monday.

Miss Bessie Smith has ben visiting in Atlanta the past week.

Miss Mattie Jones, of Griffin, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Griffin.

Mrs. R. A. Jolly returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Isabel Fitts left the first of the week for Piedmont Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McPherson, of Atlanta, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. W. H. Turner and daughters, Rosebud and Mary, left Saturday for a two weeks' visit at Copper Hill, Tenn., and Culverson, N. C.

Mrs. T. A. Conner and little daughter, Dorothy, of Bainbridge, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Edith Couch and Miss Ruby Martin, of Atlanta, are the guests of Miss Elizabeth Edmondson.

Miss Mattie Lou Houston, of Dawson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Pace.

Mrs. Robert Creel, of Jasper, Ala., is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. T. H. Collins, of Atlanta, has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. H. Turner.

Mrs. Robert Fitts and little sons, Andrew and Frances, left Friday for Newnan and Turin.

Miss Ethel Tumlin, of Birmingham, will arrive Saturday to be the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. J. Tumlin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Padgett, of Atlanta, arrived in the city Saturday.

Mr. Will Webb and Miss Marie Perdue were married Sunday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Edmondson officiating.

Miss Winnie Reeves is visiting friends in Grantville.

Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Lovvorn, of Bowdon spent Sunday in the city, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Roop.

Misses Mary and Winnie Austin and Mary Snead are visiting friends near Temple.

Miss Lizzie Radford, of Monroe, is the guest of Mrs. R. D. Jackson.

Mrs. Hilton Tyus entertained the Ladies Bridge Club Wednesday.

Mrs. Willam Lyle, left Tuesday for her home in Augusta.

Mrs. J. A. Base and Miss Maude Bass left Tuesday for Birmingham.

Mrs. L. J. Brock and children and Mrs. J. R. Miller left Tuesday for Lithonia.

Mrs. W. L. Fitts entertained a few friends Tuesday afternoon at a sewing party.

Miss Grace Blalock returned Sunday from a visit to her sister, Mrs. T. E. Maxwell, of LaGrange.

Mrs. J. H. Garrett left Monday for a visit to friends and relatives in Edwardsville, Ala.

Mrs. T. B. Bailey, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, of Bristol, Va., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson.

Mrs. Henri Honrath, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Brown.

Miss Alice Weems returned Saturday from a visit to Jacksonville, Ala.

Mrs. J. D. Perryman left Monday for Tallapoosa.

Miss Bell Hitchcock, of Atlanta, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nelle McKown.

Mesdames C. E. Roop and Fannie Veal returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs.

Miss Annie Slade left Tuesday for Columbus.

Mrs. W. A. A. Anderson, of Washington, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown.

The Jokerz Club met Tuesday afternoon with Miss Annie Maude New.

Miss Elma Boykin will leave Friday for Gillisville.

Glooms Disappear When You Enter The Bonita Theater.

No gloom can stand the fun-dispensing Allen and Kenna company at the Bonita Theater. They are the delight of thousands who visit this beautiful little playhouse and capacity has been the houses since the first day of this company. Good singing, dancing, pretty girls and clever comedians; that's the story.

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You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplid from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

DON'T FEAR SUNBURN



CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 2G, Boston. Cuticura Soap shaves and shampoos with Cuticura Ointment is best for skin and scalp.

A New Victrola

At The

Cable Piano Co.

$75

With Record Cabinet

The first Victrola equipped with record cabinet sold for less than $1.00.

This new Victrola gives the Records a most wonderful Tone.

Mahogany or oak cabinet—all the very latest improvements—tapering tone arm, "goose neck" sound box tube, brake, speed regulator and indicator. Extra heavy double spring, spiral drive motor (can be wound while playing.



Pay $10 Down

$7.50 Monthly

Call and see this best of all Victrola values, dollar for dollar considered.

Cable Piano Company

Geo. W. Wilkins, President.

82 & 84 N. Broad St.

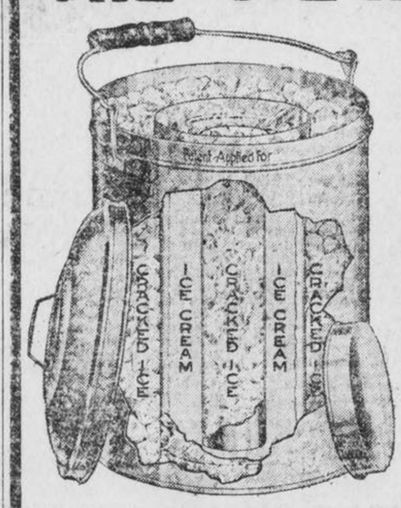
ATLANTA

Satisfaction in glasses depends upon their fitting properly.

We strive for the best in refracting, in grinding and in fitting.

Oculist service at opticians' prices. L. N. Huff Optical Company, two stores, 70 Whitehall, 52 W. Mitchell. Adv.

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE **$1.95**

PACK IT—THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it ***post-paid*** upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co.,
326 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

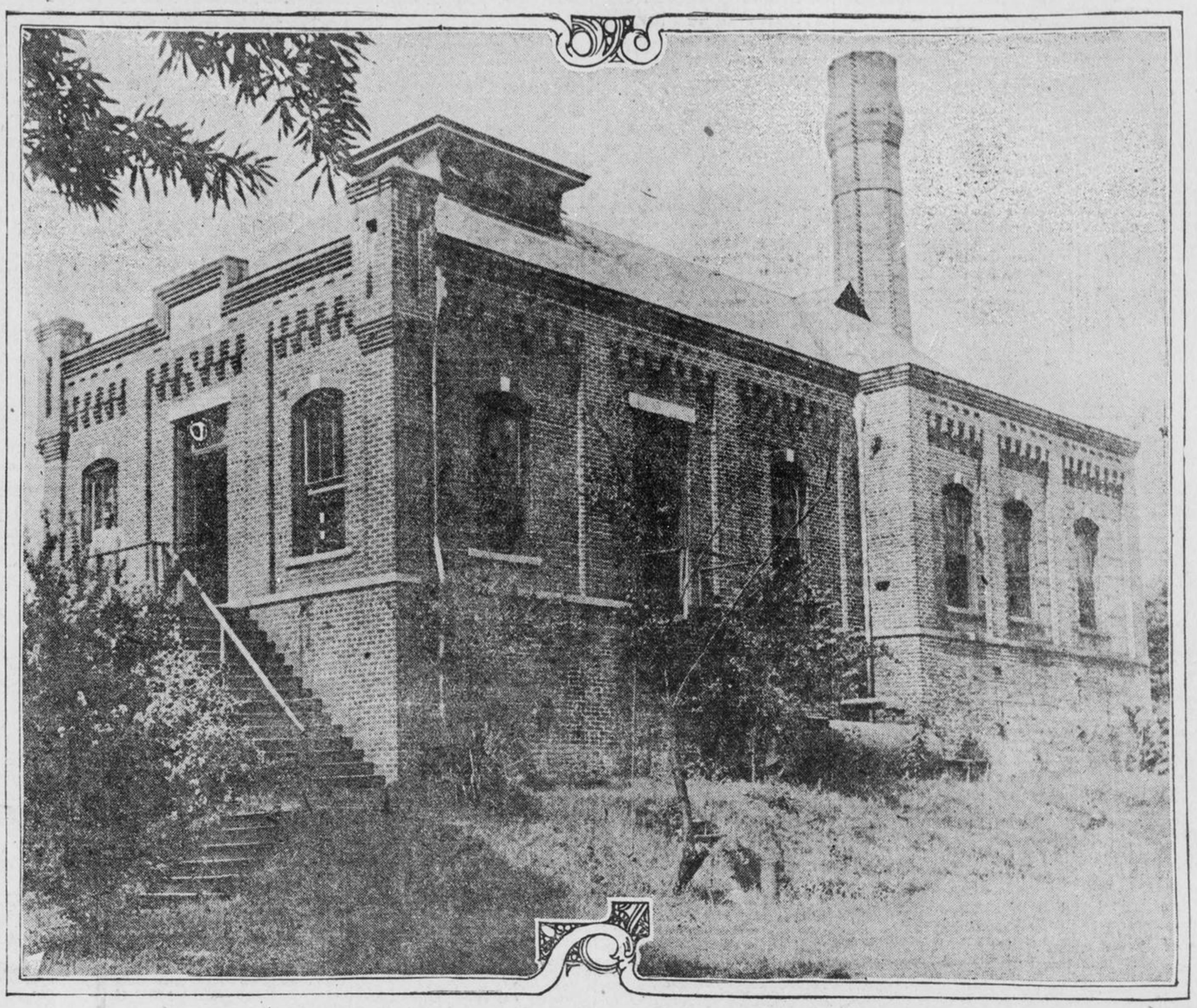
Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Ex.

Rome Buys Central Station Electric Current For Her 4,000,000-Gallon City Pump



ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

CONTRACT DEP'T

Georgia Railway & Power Company

ATLANTA

Savannah

Latest News of South Georgia

Waycross

STATE SCHOOL BOOK PRINTING IS DENOUNCED

Superintendent of Education of Chatham County Declares Plan Is Entirely Impracticable.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Otis Ashmore, Superintendent of Schools in Chatham County, is opposed to the plan of having textbooks published by the State. Ashmore says that the talk of high price of school books is buncombe, and thinks that the results, if the State undertook to publish its own textbooks, would not only be unsatisfactory, but would show little if any difference in cost.

"I have followed pretty closely the discussion about cheaper school books, and the publication of these books by the State," said Ashmore. "The publication of school books by the State is an old and threadbare story that is periodically dug up and thrashed over. The plan has been tried in several States and proves a failure. It is unwise, expensive and impracticable.

"A recent investigation by the State Superintendent of Schools shows that he would save only a 'cent or two' on books printed by contract, even if we owned the copyright. To purchase a large and expensive printing plant to be operated by the State is a very doubtful expedient. The equipment necessary to print modern school books is quite extensive.

"But the cost of printing is not the only consideration. The quality of the books themselves is of far more consequence than their cost. A good textbook is cheap at any price; a poor one is dear at any price. Those who know little about school books are inclined to regard them all alike. They think one reader or arithmetic is as good as another provided both have the same number of pages. I believe the greatest danger under the plan would lie in the limitation placed on securing good books. There are thousands of books, but only a few are good. The copyrights on the best books are owned by the publishers, and they will not sell them."

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savannah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

Supreme Court Lets Lynn Sentence Stand

Slayer of Hightower Refused Relief by Georgia Tribunal—Appeal to Washington Likely.

DUBLIN, July 26.—The Supreme Court of Georgia has denied a rehearing in the Lynn case, which was heard by it a few weeks ago, and the judgment of the lower court is affirmed. Lynn's attorneys now are preparing to take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Lynn was convicted of killing F. Hightower at his home just a short time before Christmas of last year, and was tried, with his wife, who claimed to have abetted the killing because Hightower insulted her. His wife was freed by the jury, but he was found guilty of murder with recommendation to life imprisonment.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

CUTTER YAMACRAW BACK FROM FLORIDA CRUISE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The United States revenue cutter Yamacraw has returned to port after cruising in Florida waters since May. The Yamacraw was ordered South to take the place of the cutter Miami, which was sent to the ice patrol in Northern waters. During the absence of the Yamacraw the cutter Seminole has been doing duty along the Georgia coast. The Yamacraw will probably remain in Savannah for several weeks.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

The Copeland Sisters

Popular Savannah society girls, who have as their guests Miss Sally Blount Holt, of Montgomery, and Miss Jeanette Wallace, of Butler.

Miss Fletcher Copeland.



Miss Bessie Copeland.

WATERMELONS IN BULLOCH CO.

Farmers Will Hold Picnic to Celebrate Success in Divorce From Cotton.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the purpose of bringing together all farmers in that section interested in the growing of watermelons, preparations are being made for holding a mammoth picnic next week at Stilson, in Bulloch County.

Experts in the knowledge of crops suitable to the kind of soil found there will address the meeting. The principal topic to be discussed, however, will be the growing of watermelons.

The remarkable success that the farmers of Bulloch County have made this year with the watermelon crop is attracting the attention of agriculturists throughout South Georgia. Owing to the failure of the melon crop in North and South Carolina this year due to drouth the growers of Bulloch have been unable to supply the demands of the buyers, who have flocked there by the score. The farmers are being paid on an average of $90 a carload for their melons.

In the territory between Brooklet and Blitchton 250 carloads have been sold at $90 a car. It is estimated that the farmers of Bulloch this year will receive $20,000 in the aggregate for their crops of melons, most of which have been shipped to the Middle West, the North and Canada.

It has recently been demonstrated that the watermelon crop will prove far more profitable to Bulloch than cotton. When they have finished working the melons they are "laid by" with peas, which shade the melons as they ripen. After the melons are shipped crab grass comes in with the peas. This grass makes fine hay, from which the farmers can realize enough to pay for their fertilizer. Thus they have an income from three crops.

The picnic at Stilson will be the means of bringing together a very large percentage of the melon growers, and those who will be growers of the fruit next year. Those who have not yet attempted the crop as a staple will be given the benefit of the knowledge gained by the experience of those who have made it a success.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WORKING FOR BOND ISSUE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the next six weeks the Savannah Chamber of Commerce will be engaged in active work in arousing interest in the auditorium bond election, which will be held September 15.

The proposed issue of $200,000 will give Savannah a much-needed auditorium.

COURT GRANTS TITLE OF LAND ONCE A STREET

Investment Company Has Right to Property Which Was Claimed by Savannah Council.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A decision by Judge Walter G. Charlton in the Superior Court clears title to land that had once been streets across the large Bartow Investment Company's holdings on Bull street opposite Ardsley Park, and by so doing enforced a contract of sale between W. M. Davidson and the Bartow Investment Company for this property.

The tract is a valuable one in the southern portion of the city. Davidson declined to purchase the land under the contract, on the ground that title to lands over which cross streets had once passed was now doubtful, as the city still claimed title to the land for street purposes. The investment company brought suit to enforce the contract.

On the strength of this claim the city undertook to open up the former streets. The investment company objected on the ground that the city had long since lost title by abandoning the streets. The company pleaded for an injunction to prevent the city cutting the proposed streets, which the court granted. The case then went to the Supreme Court, a decision of which upholds the decision of Judge Charlton.

In the suit to enforce the contract of sale ten members of the investment company and 110 defendants besides Davidson were brought in. The object in bringing them in was to force them to either assent to or object to the relinquishment of the title to the land in question for street purposes.

These persons owned land in the subdivision of Kingsville other than the Bartow property. These persons as property owners in the vicinity might have had some claim upon these former streets for the purpose of getting to their own property. It was only by settling their claims one way or the other that the status of the title could be determined.

Judge Charlton in his decision declared that the land in question is the property of the Bartow Investment Company, and decreed that Davidson must now purchase the land under his contract. This Davidson is glad enough to do, now that the title has been cleared.

Conductors Name Adjustment Board

Any Differences With Central of Georgia Management To Be Amicably Settled.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—To appoint a committee which will take up with the management of the Central of Georgia Railroad any matters which they believe need adjustment, a delegation of officials of the Order of Railway Conductors of America held a meeting in this city.

M. C. Carey, of Port Huron, Mich., vice president of the order, presided. W. M. Hamilton, H. W. Washburn and J. W. Hall, of Macon, and two other delegates were present. Carey said that so far as he knew there are no serious differences between the conductors and the railway company, and that there is no friction whatever between them.

Waycross Improves Fire Fighting Means

Inspectors Say Georgia Cities Are Making Most Rapid Strides in Southeast.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—That Georgia cities are making more rapid strides in improvement of fire departments than any State of the Southeast is one of the statements made in Waycross last week by inspectors making a thorough test of the Waycross department.

There is hardly any city in Georgia, according to the inspectors, that has not adopted auto apparatus in place of horse-drawn equipment. Smaller towns are using autos and as a consequence it is said Georgia's fire loss this year is going to be cut down considerably.

Progressive towns in South Georgia, as well as in North Georgia, are making improvements with the view of getting lower fire insurance rates. Waycross has spent a large sum during the past year to comply with conditions imposed by the Southeastern Underwriters' Association, and expects to get a reduction that will save the property owners thousands of dollars annually.

Stovall Departs for Post in Switzerland

New United States Minister Enroute to New York From Savannah. Sails July 29.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Colonel and Mrs. Pleasant A. Stovall, their daughter, Mrs. Burton L. Mason, and their son, Master Joe Stovall, are now upon the high seas, en route to New York, from which port they will embark on July 29 for Switzerland, where Colonel Stovall goes to take charge of his post as United States Minister to that country. The party will be joined in Europe by Miss Pleasant Stovall, another daughter, who is already there.

The son, Joe, was taken ill about a week ago, and it was thought at that time that arrangements for the trip would have to be changed, but a rapid recovery made it possible for the entire party to leave on schedule time.

Waves Spanish Sword Over Heads of Jurors

Dramatic Incident Features Trial of Ishmael Sarter in Superior Court at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Found guilty of stabbing D. S. Manning, Ishmael Carter has been sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary by Judge Walter G. Charlton in Superior Court.

The conviction followed a dramatic court session. At one stage the proceedings were enlivened by the waving of a Spanish sword over the heads of the jury. The weapon was in the hands of Judge H. D. D. Twiggs, of counsel for the defendant. The plea of Carter was self-defense. It was this weapon with which the cutting was done.

11-YEAR-OLD BOY LANDS 23-POUND DRUM FISH

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Master Harry D'Olley, while fishing at Isle of Hope, landed something pretty close to a whale. Harry is only 11 years old and none too big for his age, and when he hooked something that appeared to be bigger than himself he created excitement all along the river. He managed to hang on to what had come his way, however, and finally succeeded in landing a 23-pound drum. Now all the boys at Isle of Hope have gone drum fishing.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

RAILROAD MEN ATTEND IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

WAYCROSS, July 26.—An important conference between General Superintendent J. W. Brand, Division Counsel W. E. Kay, of Jacksonville, and District Counsel Joseph W. Bennett, of Brunswick, was held in Waycross to-day. The meeting was called for the purpose of going over legal matters in which the Atlantic Coast Line is involved.

PLAN IS ON TO GIVE WAYCROSS NEW CHARTER

Bill To Be Offered in Legislature This Week Provides for New Systems.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—If the Georgia Legislature does what the Ware delegation in it will ask next week, it will pass what will be known as a conditional charter for the city of Waycross. The charter bill that will be offered in the Legislature will contain a provision that until the people of Waycross approve the charter by a majority vote it shall not become effective.

And this charter bill is something new. It contains what is commonly known as the "city manager" plan of government, which, if adopted, will give Waycross a manager, subject to the orders of a council of twelve men. The manager will have charge of the execution of all city orders and may be removed by the Council if found to be incompetent.

In the event the city manager plan is not desired, the charter contains a provision for radical changes over the present aldermanic form. A mayor is to be employed, under this section, at a salary of $100 a month, giving as much time to the office as may be necessary. He is to appoint, with the approval of the Council, the heads of five city departments, and will see that all work of the respective departments is properly done. The Board of Aldermen is increased under this section from six to twelve, and instead of receiving $200 a year the Aldermen will serve without pay.

City Council has not passed upon the proposed charter, but the bill as outlined was prepared by a committee from the Board of Trade. The election to settle what, if any, changes will be made will be called as soon as the Legislature passes the bill. That the election will be a warm one is certain, as many citizens oppose the change.

Sermon Saves Woman From Suicide's Grave

Pastor's Discourse on 'Scandal Mongers' Stays Hand of Despondent Savannahan.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who delivered a sermon on "Scandal Mongers" last Sunday, is in receipt of an unsigned letter from a woman, who confesses that her troubles had driven her to determine upon suicide when his message restored her faith in God and determined her to abandon her rash intention.

The woman says she had the poison bottle in her hand when the printed sermon came under her eye. She says she had been wronged by malicious tales, and that she was alone in a friendless city.

ATLANTAN IS ARRESTED FOR BEATING BOARD BILL

SAVANNAH, July 26.—J. E. Cotton, of Atlanta, has been remanded to the City Court by Recorder John E. Schwarz, charged with violating the State law by beating a board bill.

Cotton registered at a hotel, where he remained several days, running up a bill amounting to $15. He then disappeared. He was arrested in a pool room.

Cotton asserts that he squandered his money here, and, rather than make his hotel bill any larger, left. It was his intention to pay the bill as soon as he could obtain sufficient money.

SPALDING COUNTY HOLDS SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The first Sunday School convention ever held in Spalding County, which occurred this week, was a big success from the start. Of the thirty Sunday schools in the county, representatives from fifteen of them were present at the institute. Plans were adopted for the entire county to be canvassed in the work of the Sunday school and to carry the benefits of the new organization to each school of all denominations.

Principal speakers in the convention here were D. W. Sims, of Atlanta, general secretary of the Georgia Sunday School Association, and Miss Daisy Magee, of Columbia, Miss., superintendent of elementary work.

Rapid Strides Made On W. & W. Railroad

Extension of G. S. and F. Feeder To Be Pushed With All Possible Haste.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Despite the recent period of wet weather, satisfactory progress has been made on the construction of the Waycross and Western Railroad, and arrangements are now being made to extend the passenger and freight service over the recently completed link beyond Mexico.

It has not been decided what point on the Georgia Southern and Florida will be touched by the new road, but as soon as the line is operating trains to Sirmans, in Clinch County, a survey of two probable routes will be considered and the extension continued without delay.

President Alex K. Sessoms is pleased with the work accomplished to date.

First Georgia Has 585 in Regiment

Quarterly Returns Show Brunswick With Largest Company—Force's Officers Practically Complete.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Quarterly returns to the Adjutant General of the State from the First Regiment show that organization to have 49 officers and 585 men. This is regarded in military circles as a splendid showing.

The report includes the twelve companies, field, staff and band. Of the companies eight have their full complement of three officers. The Savannah companies, with one exception, have their full complement of officers.

The largest enlistment of men in any single company is shown by Company G, of Brunswick, which has 60 names on its roll. This company has three officers. Company H, the German Volunteers, has the largest enlistment of any Savannah company, 56 men being shown. This company also has three officers.

Postoffice Shows Increase of $16,043

Contrary to Expectations, Parcel Post Fails to Add to Savannah's Revenue.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Showing a total increase of $16,043 for the year ended June 30 over the receipts of last year, the annual report of the Savannah postoffice has been made public by Assistant Postmaster William M. Greene. The total receipts for the year amounted to $280,029.55.

Contrary to expectations, the parcel post, which became effective January 1, 1913, did not increase the revenue of the postoffice.

The total expenses for the year just ended amounted to $118,690.32, making a net profit, as the department figures it, of $184,077.79, or 42 per cent of the receipts.

This is an increase of $8,852.30 over the profits of last year.

LIGHTNING PLAYS PRANKS IN STORM AT AWYCROSS

WAYCROSS, July 26.—During a severe lightning and rainstorm, Edgar Griffin, whose home is west of Waycross, was knocked from a wagon when lightning hit the vehicle. Except for a severe shock he was uninjured. The seat of the wagon was splintered.

Another freak of the storm is reported from Waresboro. Eleven successive telephone poles of a private line running out of Waycross were splintered when lightning struck the wires.

OIL STOVE BURNS MAY PROVE FATAL TO WOMAN

WAYCROSS, July 26.—As she lit an oil stove this morning preparatory to baking a cake, Mrs. J. D. Ridley caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished was so badly burned about the body and face that her recovery is doubtful. She ran into the street, where neighbors tore the flaming clothing from her.

SECOND GEORGIA QUITS ITS CAMP ON SAINT SIMONS

Regiment Starts Home After Eight Days on Island—Colonel Thomas Pleased.

BRUNSWICK, July 26.—The Second Regiment of the Georgia National Guard broke camp on St. Simons Island at noon to-day and arrived in Brunswick shortly after noon. The soldiers immediately boarded Coast Line and Southern trains and left during the afternoon for their home cities. The boys have enjoyed camp life for eight days.

Colonel Thomas, who was in command, joined the officers who were here with the Fifth Regiment in their recommendation that the island be made a permanent camp for the militia. The United States army officers who have been detailed to train the Georgia troops are loud in their praise of the militia of this State.

COUNTY FAIR PLANNED BY GAINESVILLE'S BOOSTERS

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—While the plans are not yet matured, the Chamber of Commerce has taken up the question of a fair to be held in the fall, at which farmers, stock raisers, manufacturers, etc., together with a woman's department, will have exhibits. It has been four years since a fair was held in Hall County, and it is believed this plan of the Chamber of Commerce will meet the approval of all and result in enlivening the business interests of this entire section.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy, painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

THIS WEEK

Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

1-2 PRICE

You'll see them in our Window

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store 92 Whitehall

GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

$2.50 Glasses Now $1.00
$5.00 Glasses Now $2.50

We have an experienced oculist in charge who will thoroughly examine your eyes and prescribe what is best for them.

L. N. HUFF OPTICAL CO.

70 Whitehall St. 52 W. Mitchell St.

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

ALL THE LATEST, LIVELIEST NEWS OF FLORIDA

SWEARINGEN TO KEEP UP FIGHT ON BOND BOARD

Jacksonville Mayor Declares He Will Not Surrender Power of of Office to Trustees.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—Mayor Van C. Swearingen gave out a statement to-day regarding the trouble now existing between himself and the board of bond trustees of this city over the Jacksonville police appointment. He declared that while serving his term as municipal judge he had seen the workings of the police committee of the bond trustees and had discovered that this committee was filing charges and trying policemen without authority. In speaking of this point, he said:

"Soon after I took office, in fact it was about six days after I had been sworn in, I heard that charges had been filed against a policeman and that he had been tried and suspended. I sent for the officer and asked him what had taken place. He told me and I took him to the station where I instructed the acting chief to put the officer back to work as he had been illegally tried. This was done.

"The police committee of the board had been proceeding along similar lines for years past. The law specifically states that no one but the Mayor can file charges. When these charges are filed they are filed with the entire board for the information of the members during the trial of the officer. In no case are they filed with the police committee and in no case has the police committee the right to try an officer. This is a practice which I have broken up and which they hate to quit.

Trustees 'Up in Air.'

"After I had done this, the bond trustees went 'up in the air.' They would not stick to the laws but wanted to usurp the Mayor's authority in regard to the control of the police department. I blocked their game and that is what caused the trouble.

"The trustees have the right to control the organization of the department and I have the right to use it in enforcing the laws; but what is the division point between these two branches of authority? That is the question.

"When I met with the police committee and the chairman of the board of bond trustees the other night, they wanted to compromise. They agreed that if I would meet the station with them twice a week they would not do anything to which I might object. That sounds allright to those who have not looked into the law of the case, but I would have been very foolish to have agreed to any such arrangement.

Acting Fof People.

"Now, the fact is, I am not acting for Van C. Swearingen, but as the Mayor for the people. I have notpersonal interest in the matter which would cause me to want to quarrel with anyone. That being the case, it is up to me to do the best I can for the people who elected me to office. If I am to do my best for the people I cannot afford to surrender my power. I have the power I am contending for, that is, I believe I do, and I will continue to exercise it until the lawfully constituted courts decide otherwise.

"That brings me to the settlement proposition. The trustees offered to submit the matter to a board of arbitration. To this I would not agree as it would be foolish to waste time with a board which could not settle anything. I really believe that the bond trustees want to stay out of court because they fear they will lose and they would not like to see me beat them.

Chief Roach Suspended.

"As to Chief Roach, he is suspended. I have been working upon charges against him for several days and will have them ready to file within the next few days. He will then be tried by the board of bond trustees. I am of the opinion that they will find him not guilty, although I believe he is. If they clear him there is nothing more for me to do in regard to the chief unless I suspend him again and file other charges.

"The bond trustees have been running this town. They serve without pay and have made noble sacrifices; but that does not warrant them in trying to take away the power of the Mayor, Council and everyone else. They will not exercise the Mayor's prerogatives while I am in office, I can assure you. I do not know just when this matter will be settled, but I suppose it will not hang fire much longer."

PENSACOLA PHOTOGRAPHER WINS NATIONAL CONTEST

PENSACOLA, July 25.—H. Lee Bell, proprietor of Bell's studio, has received notice from the National Photographers' Convention, held in Kansas City, that a portrait, furnished by him, had taken highest honors in a contest there, in which 600 of the world's best photographers were entered. The portrait was of little Virginia Sheppard, daughter of Federal Judge William B. Sheppard, of this city.

BUILDING COMMISSION FAILS TO GET QUORUM

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—A. L. Wilson, of Quincy, one of the commissioners appointed to supervise the construction of the new Supreme Court and Railroad Commission Building, was here this week for a meeting of his commission to consider the purchase of furnishings for the building. However, a quorum of the commission could not be secured.

Miss Adelaide E. Dodge

One of the most popular girls of Jacksonville. She is fond of outdoor life, has always taken great interest in the annual horse shows, and is one of the best women golf players of the Florida metropolis.



STATE ASKS U. S. AID IN RAIL FIGHT

Florida Railroad Commission Asks U. S. Judge to Make Railroads Obey Orders.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—A new turn has been taken in the Federal Court in the suit originally instituted in the State Court by the Seaboard Air Line Railway and the Tampa Northern Railroad Company against the Florida Railroad Commission to enjoin the enforcement of three orders of the Commissioners.

On demand of the Railroad Commission, the case was removed to the Federal Court, and the application for a preliminary injunction was argued before Judges Pardee, Shelby and Sheppard. The decision was in favor of the Commissioners, the injunction being denied.

As the latest move in the case, the Railroad Commissioners have filed an answer denying the essential allegations of the bill, and in turn asking for an injunction restraining the two railroad companies from further refusing to obey the three orders of the Commissioners.

This is the first time the Florida Commissioners have called on the Federal Court to enforce their orders, and the outcome is awaited with interest.

Counsel for the Commissioners has not stated whether there is a precedent for his action further than to say that the course pursued is warranted by good authority.

The action of the Commissioners and their counsel in pursuing their remedy in the Federal Court is perhaps explained by the fact that shortly after the decision of the three Federal judges at New Orleans, in which they sustained the Railroad Commissioners, the Supreme Court of Florida, in a case involving the same points, decided in favor of a railroad.

CONDEMNED MAN FIGHTS FOR REHEARING OF CASE

TIFTON, July 26.—I. B. Hall, who has been sentenced to hang August 22, has retained Attorney John R. Cooper, of Macon, to represent him in his petition for new trial, which will be heard before Judge W. E. Thomas in Valdosta Saturday, August 2.

Hall remains optimistic over the final outcome of his case. He seems to have little doubt that a decision will finally be given in his favor. While Hall is apparently unconcerned, his immediate relatives are much worried.

MIAMI TO CELEBRATE BIRTHDAY

MIAMI, July 26.—Posters and circulars have been sent over the State advertising the big celebration to be held in this city in honor of its seventeenth birthday.

$20,000 IS ASKED FOR PLAYGROUNDS

All of Civic Bodies of Jacksonville Back of Movement for Breathing Places.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—When the City Council meets August 6 the Playground Commission will lay a proposition before it to spend $20,000 in improving the playgrounds of the city. At the present time there is but one playground and it is not improved as it should be because of the lack of funds.

The commission has decided to ask the Council to provide for the establishment of a regular system consisting of at least four parks, where children can play under the direction of trained instructors.

Last year the Council gave the commission $2,500 for playgrounds, but this was merely enough to pay salaries. Next year it is planned to inaugurate a regular system, install modern apparatus, build shelter houses, put in volley-ball courts, sanitary drinking fountains, toilets and fence the parks allotted to the work.

Figures show that last year more than 36,000 children visited the one playground in this city. This does not includes the thousands of people who turned out every Thursday evening for the free moving picture show and open-air band concert.

The police department here is the strongest friends that Playground Commission has. The members of the force declare that crime among the youngsters has been materially decreased since the opening of the "playing park," and they are willing at all times to co-operate with the supervisor in keeping order.

The laboring people are also much pleased with the results. They are strong friends of the movement and are assisting the commission in every way possible.

The Woman's Club has been active in aiding the commission. The Mothers' Clubs of the city have all asked for playgrounds in their different sections of the city. The Board of Trade and the fraternal orders of the city have all aided in the work and all are counted upon to lend moral influence when the Council is asked to establish playgrounds in all sections of the city.

CRISP COUNTY TORN UP BY FREAK WINDSTORM

CORDELE, July 26.—A brisk windstorm yesterday afternoon over parts of Crisp and adjoining counties did considerable damage by leveling corn fields and blowing down fences. The wind came in spasmodic puffs and fear was felt that it would develop into a storm of serious nature.

TWO SHOCKS AT ONCE TOO MUCH FOR PENSACOLA

Split Skirt Gets By, but "September Morn" Brings Police Interference.

PENSACOLA, July 26.—The split skirt has made its appearance in Pensacola.

At the Louisville and Nashville depot this morning, as the first train to depart from the new station was making up for Mobile and other points and a large crowd had gathered out of curiosity, a beautiful young woman walked calmly through the station before the unusually large crowd. She was one of whom mere man would take a second glance under ordinary circumstances, but when the men around the depot looked the first time, they kept on looking. She wore one of the latest of fashion's whims—the split skirt—not marred by any superfluous undergarments, and the neat silk hose of the wearer were plainly discernible.

But "Miss September Morn" played in harder luck in Pensacola. When a local dealer filled his show window with copies of the famous painting, it was not 24 hours before the Chief of Police ordered them removed and prohibited the public display of the picture. The dealer thereupon turned all but one of the pictures to the wall. On this one he pasted a bathing suit and placed a sign in the window reading, "Excuse me while I put on a bathing suit, Miss September Morn."

This morning when the dealer came down to open his place of business, he found that roaches had eaten the bathing suit entirely off the bather. He had to hasten to get her another garment.

Key West Chief Puts Ban On Split Skirt.

KEY WEST, July 26.— Key West has put on the split skirt "lid," Chief of Police Cates declaring that he would not tolerate the new style in Key West. He stated:

"I will not tolerate the so-called split skirts on the streets of Key West, and if I find anyone wearing them, I shall at once prefer charges against them and push the case to the extent of my power. The decent and respectable women of Key West will not want to wear them, I am sure, and I have long ago taken the precaution that the other kind should not. The split skirt will positively not be permitted in Key West."

In connection with this, Chief Cates also made a statement in regard to the much talked of picture "September Morn" that has caused a stir in Miami, Pensacola and other cities. He said:

"I can not say whether I will allow it to be shown in Key West until I have seen it. However, if it is not decent, I most assuredly will not allow it to be exhibited."

STRIKKES OIL AT MILTON IN PIT FOR FOUNDATION

PENSACOLA, July 25.—Considerable excitement has been caused here, by a report that oil has been struck at Milton, twenty miles east of here.

Charles Sudwell, proprietor of the Milton telephone exchange, said that while digging a foundation for a building he struck a vein of oil, but had not yet had time to investigate fully. However, he said he intended to make a full investigation to see if he has really struck a rich vein.

NASON REVELL HELD FOR SHOOTING JOHN PALMER

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—Nason Revell was bound over to await the action of the Grand Jury under $1,000 bond for shooting John Palmer a few weeks ago at Lake Bradford church. The difficulty arose as the result of family trouble. Revell shot Palmer six times, three taking effect. Palmer was at the trial and appeared to be fully recovered from his wounds. Revell has been in jail ever since the shooting.

PENSACOLA ELKS GIVE OUTING AT SANTA ROSA

PENSACOLA, July 25.—One of the pleasantest features of the season was the annual outing of the local Lodge of Elks, when the antlered tribe and about 150 of their friends made a trip to Santa Rosa Island aboard the steamer Baldwin. Refreshments were served on the boat and the evening on the island was spent in dancing and surf bathing. The boat returned to the city about midnight.

TARPON SPRINGS SPONGE SALES IN 2 WEEKS $215,000

TARPON SPRINGS, July 26.—The sponge sale here the last two weeks total $215,000. This city is the center of the Gulf sponging industry and supports perhaps 1,500 Greek divers and requires 200 boats. The spongers no longer dive "in their skins" or use the old rakes. Modern diving suits are used and the vessels are well equipped.

$300,000 PLANT SEEKS LOCATION IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A Maryland corporation, with a capital stock of $300,000, engaged in the manufacture and sale of stoves, ranges and like products, is seeking a location in Columbus, attracted to this city by flattering inducements offered through the Board of Trade.

SEABOARD TO CONSTRUCT WAREHOUSE IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The Seaboard Air Line has completed the survey for the foundation of a large storage warehouse and grain elevator in Columbus, to be located on its property in the southeastern part of the city. The warehouse, it is understood, will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

Alleged Slayer Held In Jail at Pensacola

Threats of Violence at Bonifay Prompt Governor to Protect Prisoner.

PENSACOLA, July 25.—Rich Martin, a young white man, of Bonifay, who was brought to this city and placed in the county jail here for safe-keeping about ten days ago, is still held in the jail here. Martin is charged with having shot and killed Charles Stevens, of Bonifay, on May 3.

Martin was ordered transferred to the jail here by the Governor, who is said to have heard rumors of threats of violence to the young man from friends of his alleged victim, as well as counter-threats by friends of young Martin to release him from the jail. He is said to have ordered him brought to this county as a safeguard against a possible general disturbance in Bonifay.

Florida to Alter Its Prison System

Commissioner of Agriculture and State Treasurer to Study Methods of Other States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—W. A. McRae, Commissioner of Agriculture, and J. C. Luning, State Treasurer, both of the Board of State Institutions, have been appointed by the whole board to visit several of the Southern States for the purpose of studying their systems.

The recent action of the Legislature made some radical changes in the method of handling the convict system, and the board felt that it would be worth a great deal to them to learn more of the methods of other States having convict laws similar to the recent act of this State. These members of the board will visit North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Louisiana, Texas and Mississippi and upon their return will make full report to the board.

Ship Gets Judgment Against Stevedores

Special Master Finds in British Vessel's Favor on Cross-Libel Bill.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A report in favor of the British steamer Coningsby, which cross-libeled John G. McGriffin & Co., of Jacksonville, stevedores, for damages alleged to have been done to the vessel, has been filed by Judge Paul E. Seabrook, special master.

McGriffin & Co. originally libeled the Coningsby to collect stevedore charges amounting to about $500, while the owners of the vessel filed a cross-libel to recover damages alleged to have been inflicted when the stevedores used dynamite to break up a cargo of kainit which had become hardened. The water tank of the boiler was claimed to have been damaged by the explosion.

The total damages to the steamer were decided by the master to be $2,785.81, from which is to be deducted $490 stevedore fees. McGriffin & Co. will, therefore, be compelled to pay $2,295.91, together with interest at 6 per cent from July 1, 1907.

Dairyman Held as Postal Law Violator

D. W. Simmons, Who Has Several Aliases, Accused of Opening Other Persons' Mail.

TIFTON, GA., July 26.—Chief of Police Thrasher has arrested D. W. Simmons, alias D. W. Underwood, W. H. Bennett and Willie Parker, under a warrant from Wauchula, Fla., for violating the United States postal laws by receiving another's mail and using checks contained in the letters.

The prisoner was taken to Albany by Deputy United States Marshal Calhoun, where he will be held awaiting his transfer to Tampa for trial.

Simmons, with his wife, had been in Tifton about three weeks and was employed at the dairy operated by Miss Ida Dickinson. They were in Americus before coming to Tifton. Simmons' wife is wanted as a witness to a stabbing which took place in the hotel where they were staying at Americus.

Florida Commission Cuts Express Rates

Reduction of From 20 to 33 Per Cent Is Ordered on Farm Products.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—From time to time complaint has been made to the Railroad Commissioners of high express rates on eggs, poultry, plants and butter, resulting in the commissioners serving notice on the Southern Express Company for a hearing to consider a reduction in rates, or classification, on these commodities.

After a thorough investigation the commissioners have just entered their order directing the express company to put into effect new rates or classification on these commodities after August 19.

The reductions range from 20 to 33 per cent.

COLUMBUS BALL TEAM TO GET BOOSTER GAME

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Monday has been designated as "Booster Day" with the Columbus baseball team, when it begins a series of three games with Albany. The management of the team is undertaking to arouse interest to keep the treasury in a safe condition during the wane of the season.

SECOND VICTIM OF PORT TAMPA NEGRO IS DEAD

County Solicitor Releases Slayer of Chaney and Austin, Who Immediately Disappear.

PORT TAMPA, July 26.—Ernest Chaney, the second of the three white men shot by Columbus Hawkins, a negro, when they tried to enter his home, Wednesday night, died to-day.

Before Chaney died, but after the death of T. G. Austin, County Solicitor Jackson ordered the release of Hawkins and said that when the Chaneys got well enough he would have them arrested for breaking into Hawkins' house. Hawkins was turned out of jail yesterday and it is not known where he is now. Port Tampa is much incensed over Jackson's action and Hawkins would not be safe if he returned here. Both Chaney and Austin were popular.

G. C. Mead, another member of the ill-fated party, said they did not enter Hawkins' house as the negro told the Solicitor and states that bullet holes in the door will prove that they came from the outside. Walter Chaney is likely to live. The white men claimed Charles Hall, a negro who roomed with Hawkins, owed Austin money and was going to leave without paying. They went to Hawkins' house at 1 o'clock in the morning to see Hall.

New Smyrna Shelled Just Fifty Years Ago

Fleet of Federal Gunboats Bombarded Florida Village on July 26, 1863.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—Fifty years ago today, or July 26, 1863, was an exciting day in and around the village of New Smyrna, when the Shelden House and the few other buildings of the village were shelled by the Federal gunboats Sagamore, Oleander, Wabash and Beauregard. The shells of the gunboats did much damage, although the buildings were not entirely destroyed.

Captain John F. Dennis, of the gunboat Oleander, was commander of the fleet, which directed its fire on the village all the afternoon, coming into the harbor about 1 o'clock. The purpose was to look for blockade runners, principally, and incidentally to follow up an investigation of the killing of the captain of the gunboat Henry Andrews and a number of the members of his crew some time before that.

Tifton's Tax Raises Result in Protests

H. H. Tift Hit Hardest, With $138,000 Increase—Council to Hear Complaints.

TIFTON, July 26.—The August meeting of the City Council of Tifton bids fair to be one of the most interesting ever held by this body. And it's all because the Tax Assessors have been busy. They have raised most everybody and the prospects and that a mighty protest will be heard in Council chambers the first Monday night in August.

The man to feel the effects of the Tax Assessors raising the most was the man owning the greatest amount of property. This man is H. H. Tift and the Assessors, believing that he should pay taxes on his property somewhere in the region of the price he is asking for it, raised his assessment $138,000. Mr. Tift being of the political faction which is now "out" in municipal affairs, protested. Two special sessions of Council were held to consider the matter, but the taxes stand as they were, except in a few instances where the property assessed has been given to city for parks and the like, or the Assessors had placed valuations too high.

LOWNDES TAX VALUES EXCEED EIGHT MILLION

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Lowndes County's tax values this year show an increase of $259,000. Tax Receiver Bacon to-day completed the footings of the 1913 digest. The total tax values of the county are $8,223,000, and, in view of the rather depressed conditions of the past year, the increase of more than $250,000 is regarded as satisfactory. If the bill now before the Legislature to provide a board of tax assessors passes, it is believed that values in Lowndes County will go to $10,000,000 next year.

CORDELE METHODIST CONFERENCE CLOSES

CORDELE, July 26.—The annual Methodist Conference of the Cordele district came to a close yesterday at Rochelle. The meeting was attended by about 130 ministers and delegates.

The following delegates were chosen to the annual South Georgia Conference to be held in Macon next November: Hugh Lasseter, Cordele; R. L. Greer, Oglethorpe; D. W. Howard, Unadilla; J. G. Forehand, Vienna.

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TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Compromise Offered In Lumber Rate Suit

Railroad Commission to Give Hearing on Transportation Companies' Proposal August 6.

TALLAHASSEE, July 25.—The Railroad Commissioners have issued notice for hearing before them at Tallahassee on August 6 to consider a proposition of compromise offered by the Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard Air Line and Georgia Southern and Florida Railway relative to putting into effect lower lumber and other Class P rates, and dismissing an injunction, which has remained in force since 1905, restraining the commissioners from enforcing certain reduced Class P rates ordered at that time.

This is a matter of wide importance to this State on account of its big lumber industry.

R. R. Agents Confer With Commission

Important Rate Matters in Connection With Roads Are Discussed at Meeting.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—In conference with the Railroad Commissioners the latter part of the week were the following high railroad officials: James Menzies, freight traffic manager, and C. McD. Davis, general freight agent, and James F. Mead, assistant general freight agent of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company; C. R. Capps, vice president, and B. C. Prince, assistant general freight agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, and J. C. Cutler, general freight agent of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railway Company. Important rate matters in connection with the lines mentioned were under discussion.

Ties Husband in Bed And Shoots Him Dead

Tampa Woman, Tired of Abuse, Then Commits Suicide to End Troubles.

TAMPA, July 26.—Tired of being abused, Mrs. Avalina Rodriguez tied her husband to his bed to-day and fired five bullets into his head and body and then killed herself. They had quarreled last night and he is believed to have beat her, as was his custom, it is claimed, from the disturbance the neighbors heard.

Early this morning Mrs. Rodriguez gave part of her clothing to a neighbor, told the neighbor she was going to kill herself and her husband, and went back to the house. Within five minutes the shots were heard, and the policemen, who had been called, had to break down the door to get in. Both were dead. She had shot him, then untied the cords that held him, lay down by his side and shot herself through the heart.

SHOTGUN WAR TO STOP CANAL WORK ENDED

Deputy Sheriff Restores Peace Between Everglades Farmers and Ditchers at Zona.

MIAMI, July 26.—Deputy Sheriff Fred Crane, acting as arbitrator between the Everglades Land Company and Frank Voigt and Carl Geng, farmers, has effected a treaty of peace, with the result that the farmers and ditching crew have laid aside their shotguns and a drainage ditch will be finished through the land held by the farmers.

Under deeds given by the Everglades company, right is reserved to dig any canal the company deems necessary to drain the tract, but when ditchers begin work, Voigt and Geng offered armed resistance. They were arrested, but discharged after a court hearing.

While the farmers were in court the ditching crew attempted to finish the canal through their land at Zona, 40 miles back in the Everglades, but the ditching machine broke down in the middle of the tract and the shotgun resistance was again made by the farmers.

Deputy Sheriff Crane was sent to the scene of hostilities, and after two days' arguing with the farmers and ditchers, secured consent to allow the canal to be dug if all excavated material is removed from their ten-acre farms.

Voigt had firmly decided to die in defense of his land and had made his will, declaring he would either be killed by the ditching crew or be hanged for slaying a member of the crew before he would permit the canal to be dug.

Florida Officials To Study Shellfish

Commissioners Will Visit Louisiana and Mississippi to Ascertain Methods of Those States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—T. R. Hodges and Peres McDougall, recently appointed Shellfish Commissioner and secretary, respectively, have gone to Mississippi and Louisiana to study the methods of these States in dealing with the shellfish business. The law relating to this subject passed by the recent Legislature is largely copied after that of Louisiana, where it has been in force for some time, and where, it is understood, the matter has been handled very effectively and satisfactorily.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

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Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Helen Brantley	208,100
George Rosser	207,415
Miss Frankie J. Smith	189,500
Josephine Simril	158,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	149,075
Hill McCalla	106,350
Wyman Conrad	102,250
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,350
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Elizabeth Garwood	180,925
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	179,870
Paul M. Clark	178,990
Miss Robert Harbour	177,845
Edmund Hurt	159,050
Miss Idele Shaw	142,105
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,885
J. P. Tucker	21,250
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Florence Greenoe	225,385
Herbert Chapman	219,980
Fannie Mae Cook	218,600
Eleanor Raoul	202,550
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	20,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.00.

To the candidate in this district having the third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134 050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	152,300
William Turner	151,565
Edward DeLoach	150,325
Miss Beverly Swanton	149,900
Miss Susanne Springer	126,955
Edgar Wilson	38,295
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	25,965

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate ir this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Henry Hull	119,300
George H. Melton	118,395
A. Morrison	116,950
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	105,200
Philip Glistein	89,850
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Raymond Wilkinson	214,650
Ross Greer	210,935
Mose Brodkin	197,935
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,253
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
R. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,650
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,435
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Billie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lyldia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win?

The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P.M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EXTRA

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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Golfers Go 35 Miles In Just 1,087 Strokes

Experts Play From Maidstone to Littleton on the Sea on a Wager.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—To cover 35 miles in 1,087 strokes is a feat that two golfers accomplished in playing from Maidstone to Littleton-on-the-Sea.

How this came about a well-known golfer offered to bet Neville Foster, of the Ashdown Forest Golf Club, and W. Warman, of the Newton Green Golf Club, that they could not play from Forest row to Crowborough over the woodland heather and hills, a distance of eight miles, in 350 strokes. The bet was taken and the task accomplished in 184 strokes.

Waiters Back of Bill To Prevent 'Tipping'

Measure Provides Fine for Both 'Tipper' and Recipient of Bounty, and Reward for Informer.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An ordinance to end "tipping" has been passed by the City Council and will now go to the House of Delegates, where it is expected it will be speedily adopted, and, with the signature of the Mayor, become a law.

This ordinance has had the backing of the union waiters of St. Louis, who are now striking in the principal hotels and restaurants. The bill provides a fine of from $10 to $50 for each offense, both the "tipper" and recipient of the "tip" being subject to fine, and the informer to receive half of the fine.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Suffragists Plan National Campaign

Women Who Now Possess Franchise Will Aid Movement in All Other States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans for a widespread campaign for "votes for women" to be carried into all the States of the Union not now having suffrage will be laid at a conference of the National Council of Woman Voters here August 13, 14 and 15. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the congressional committee headquarters of the council.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Porter Charlton Makes 'Xmas Date

American Ordered Extradited to Italy Confident He Will Be Back in Few Months.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 26.—Porter Charlton, the young man who has been ordered extradited to Italy to stand trial for the murder of his wife, seems to be apparently unconcerned about the outcome of the trial, and openly stated that he would be back in America again for Christmas. Although the United States Government has ordered him sent back to Italy, he confidently told a friend yesterday that he would soon return.

"Don't you worry," he is reported as saying. "I'll make an engagement with you next Christmas at Churchill's."

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

'Imperator' Is Too Small, Says Captain

Greatest Vessel Afloat Is Already Fully Booked for Next Two Voyages West.

Special Cable to The American.

PLYMOUTH, July 26.—"The Imperator is too small; we want larger vessels," exclaimed Captain Ruser, when, after landing the greatest ship in the world at this port to-day, he was told that the Imperator is already fully booked for her next two westward trips.

The Imperator proceeded from here to Cherbourg and Hamburg. On the way over there were three days of such extreme heat that many experienced stokers were unable to work. The average speed for the voyage was 22.5 knots and the best single day's run was 540 miles.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to b eused for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Declares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by "Mrs." Belle Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employe of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Develpoments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by hisself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false. Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

Washington Society Trembles

'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high, in about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says: "Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, today decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"I will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer in Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Company for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

MOTOR RACES

TUESDAY, July 29

8:15 P. M.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

BIJOU THIS WEEK

NORMAN FRIEDENWALD'S Hilarious Musical Farce COMEDY,

THE GIRL FROM DUBLIN

The liveliest, most tuneful and up-to-the-minute musical comedy show of the season.

1 1-2 HOURS OF FUN.
PRETTY GIRLS.
GREAT SCENIC EFFECTS.
20—FUN MAKERS—20.
SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE.
TUNEFUL MUSICAL NUMBERS.

Daily Matinees. Night Shows at 7:30 and 9.

BARGAIN PRICES.

GRAND

WEEK JULY 28
DAILY AT 2:30 & 8:30

CARNEGIE MUSEUM ALASKA SIBERIAN PICTURES AND FIRST RUN FEATURES

MATINEES 10 CTS. NIGHT 10-15-25 CTS.

GET THE GRAND HABIT

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST THEATER

FORSYTH WEEK OF JULY 28 Daily at 2:30 and 8:30

The Famous Character Comedian
JOE WELCH

ELSA WARD, KARL CRESS, CUNNINGHAM & MARION

Robt. Dailey & Co. (OUR BOB)

DOLAN & LENBARR CO. "SOME MIND-READER"

KEITH VAUDEVILLE

NEXT WEEK

EVEREST'S **MONKEY HIPPODROME**

The Novelty of Modern Vaudeville

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privilege and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unles it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1455 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline, and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, in difference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but if will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case, until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1436 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the military forces have been called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "And person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempest to go orto remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5369 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the light of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Bartholomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Parr. He said he had been living at Goshen and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband

Cites Story of His First Wife

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr. Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

"He falsely and fraudulently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, 'that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysteria shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said:

"Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother, instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Buy a Diamond On Monthly Payments

You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

Say you wanted a diamond ring at $250. You pay one-fifth ($50.00) cash and settle the deferred balance in ten equal monthly payments of $20.55 each.

This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

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Established 1387.

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Announces its complete reorganization under the general direction of MORTIMER WILSON, CONDUCTOR ATLANTA PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

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DEPARTMENTS: Theory and Composition, Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Orchestral Instruments, Technical Lectures, Artist Recitals, Orchestra Routine, Chorus Singing, Public School Music, Music-Kindergarten, etc. Bureau-Extension.

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.

Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.

TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.

10 p. m. solid Pullman train.

10:15 p. m. Coach train.

Make Reservations Now.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Stop That Whooping Cough

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Whooping Cough Powders

Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*

For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.

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GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

There is a well-defined, positive and aggressive movement on to nominate Governor John M. Slaton for Senator in next year's primary.

The Governor himself is not known to be a party to it, and the impression is that he is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrashed out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith, and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House, and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlanta.

On the other hand, the Senator's grieving friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

SEASHORE EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers

An actual snapshot of a slashed skirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.



© INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 171 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent, or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Takes Off Freckles, Removes Tan.



Beautify your complexion. Get rid of those freckles. You can invest 50c in a jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM and they'll disappear. Severe cases may require two jars—no more. We positively guarantee this, and if your complexion isn't fully restored to its natural beauty, we agree to refund your money without argument. And in addition, WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is a fine, fragrant toilet cream. Doesn't cause hair to grow and does positively remove TAN and FRECKLES. Try it at our risk. Price 50c—sent by mail if desired. Mammoth jars $1.00. WILSON'S FAIR SKIN SOAP 25c. Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C., makers. For sale and guaranteed by all druggists.

PONY CONTEST GROWS RED HOT IN FINAL WEEK

Four Days Left in Race for Shetlands—Splendid Chance for Every Entry.

Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "trailers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

Good Breeding Shown.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

It is not necessary, the contest manager explains, to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Four More Busy Days.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid, admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK
$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

Bifocals and Lenses Ground to Order at Lowest Prices

Columbian Optical Co.
81-83 Whitehall Street---With Columbian Book Co.

DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Cooper, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life in Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The wife of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This has been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE.

IOWA CITY, LOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising



NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doling out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elimination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. **25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.**

All Jacob's Stores
And Druggist Generally

NUXCARA
Cures Indigestion!

Indigestion and all its accompanying evils—headache, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and irritability—can be completely and permanently cured.

TAKE NUXCARA
3 Times a Day

One-half hour before each meal. Then eat what you please, for NUXCARA will instantly relieve while gradually effecting a permanent cure.

NUXCARA is a pure vegetable preparation.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST
$1.00 a bottle, 6 for $5.00

Lamar-Rankin Drug Co.
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Special Atlanta Agents
106 N. Pryor 11 N. Broad St.

Manufactured by the NUXCARA Co., Atlanta

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

* * *

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

* * *

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

* * *

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

* * *

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

* * *

He may depose the Sultan.

* * *

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Always, as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality."

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulified his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a past obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

PORCELAIN---NO GOLD
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



Whalebone; Best Set.
$3.00
No More, No Less.

GOLD CROWN (22-K)..... $3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS..... .25
GOLD FILINGS..... .50
CLEANING TEETH..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

FATHER SENT SEVEN SONS TO WAR BETWEEN STATES

QUARRYVILLE, PA., July 26.—The death of George W. Bierly, of Eden township, recalls the fact that he and six of his brothers served in the Civil War. When the conflict started their father told his seven sons it was their duty to enlist, and all did so. One was killed at Bowling Green, Ky. The remaining six returned from the army, and of them only one now survives, Taylor Bierly, of Parkesburg, Pa.

CEREMONY IMPRESSION AS SON BAPTIZES FATHER

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Being baptized by his own son, according to Baptist Church rites, was the experience of Charles Bentzien, 90 years old, father of the assistant pastor of the Temple Baptist Church, who also was formerly of the White Temple at Portland. The occasion was attended by impressive ceremonies.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will, not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of $0,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it. If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast. Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection. Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

SALOON CLOSES ITS DOORS WHEN PET CAT DISAPPEARS

CINCINNATI, July 26.—"Closed on account of the loss of Scotty's black cat, 'Nigger,'" read a sign on the door of Scotty's saloon for one day. Several days ago the cat, who is looked upon as a member of the family, disappeared. Two days passed and the cat did not put in an appearance, so Scotty hung out a sign draped in green tissue paper and bordered by carnations to tell his customers that he had closed the saloon in mourning for the cat.

I Want a Partner

He must be a live citizen and have a few thousand dollars—from $1,000 to $5,000.

I ask nothing more than I have to offer.

This is an opportunity to make $5,000 a year. State age, amount you have to invest and give references.

ADDRESS HUSTLER
Box 600
Care Hearst's Sunday American
Atlanta, Ga.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thnuderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 5213 Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

We Can Again Supply the Demand for the two New Style

Euphona
Player-Pianos
Prices $475 and $600



The June Bride's Piano
New
Euphona Player-Piano
Value Supreme Among Player-Pianos

It makes musicians of us all.
The highest type of piano-player mechanism yet produced.
Contains many (exclusive patented) advantages and is concealed within the case of a

Beautiful Tone Piano

possessing a delightful touch for hand playing as well as with music rolls.
$25 worth of music rolls, stool and scarf included FREE.
Your silent piano taken in exchange.
Pay cash or by the month.

15th Midsummer Piano Sale

Bargains in rebuilt pianos taken in part payment for Euphonas.

Conover — Mahogany case, 7 1-3 octaves; very good. Cost new $400; sale price $225
Walworth — Large size; mahogany case; fine order. Cost new $250; sale price $150
Estey — Mahogany, upright grand, in good, fine tone. Cost new $300; sale price..... $125

CLIP THIS OUT.

CABLE PIANO COMPANY,
84 N. Broad St., Atlanta:
Please send me your complete bargain list and details easy payment plan.
NAME .....
ADDRESS .....

Atlanta's Leading Headquarters for Victor Victrolas and Victor Records.

Victor Parlor, First Floor

Cable Piano Co.
GEO. W. WILKINS, President.
84 N. Broad Street.
Atlanta, Ga.



SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Tifton

TIFTON, July 26.—Mrs. Vina Henderson, of Bainbridge, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Oren Roberts.

Mrs. R. W. Goodman and children left Thursday for Odessadale.

Miss Jeanne Philbaut, of Napoleonville, La., is the guest of Miss Effie Scarboro.

Miss Winnifred Cumlin, who was the guest of Miss Maurine Ridgdill, left Thursday for St. Marys.

Miss Marion Wooley returned to Atlanta Thursday.

Mrs. R. D. Smith is the guest of her brother, A. H. Smith, in Cordele.

Mrs. W. M. Thurman and children, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Harman.

Miss Tommie McGuirt is the guest of Miss Ella Sanford in Thomasville.

Mrs. A. P. Hunter and son, Frank, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Timmons.

Miss Cora Stephens is in Macon.

Mrs. R. C. Postell and son, Carlisle, returned Wednesday from Atlanta, Monticello and other North Georgia points.

Misses Maurine and Wilma Ridgdill, Winnifred Cumlin, Lula Mae and Estelle Morgan, Marie and Sarah Colford and Bessie Murrow were the members of a picnic party to Murrow Springs Wednesday. Mrs. J. B. Murrow and Mrs. J. S. Ridgdill were the chaperons.

Miss Alexandra Rhodes entertained at tea Wednesday in honor of Miss Marguerite Drake, of Thomasville. Those present were Misses Marguerite Drake, Effie Scarboro, Maude and Nellie Timmons and Alexandra Rhodes, John Fountain, Lennon Bowen, Dr. C. R. Dickert, Dr. E. B. Mount, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Eason and Mrs. L. A. Rhodes.

Mrs. L. P. Thurman entertained Wednesday for little Miss Anna Sheppard Thurman, of Atlanta Rook, hearts dice and upjinks were played. Misses Grace Fulwood and Laura Coe served punch.

Mrs. I. L. Ford chaperoned a picnic party to Lucy Lake Tuesday. Those in the party were Misses Wynona and Floy Ford and Aurelia Hargrett, Ben Moore, C. E. Foy, Arthur Hollingsworth and Dr. E. B. Mount.

Milledgeville

MILLEDGEVILLE, July 26.—The marriage of Miss Tillie Smith, of Montezuma, to E. Culver Kidd took place at Montezuma Wednesday.

Mr. Kidd was accompanied to Montezuma by O. R. Horton, Malcolm Flemister, Stewart Wootten and George Nottingham, of Macon.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr and Mrs. Kidd left for Savannah, embarking for New York, Niagara, Toronto and a run through Thousand Islands, stopping on their way home at Washington.

Mrs. Carlyle Cobb, of Athens, is visiting Mrs. Ed Treanor.

Miss Clara Williams has returned from the mountains and Waynesboro, Va.

Misses Effie and Marie Grenade are attending a house party at Hurtsboro, Ala.

Mrs. T. O. Powell, Mrs. Julia West, Misses Jessie Allen, Julia Conn and Francis Conn are visiting Tallulah Falls.

Judge and Mrs. E. R. Hines entertained the men's class of the Methodist Sunday school last Thursday.

Miss Mary Lawrence is visiting Barnesville.

Miss Bertha Gholson has returned from a visit to Florida.

Miss Verie Montgomery has returned from a visit to Oconee Springs.

Miss Myrtle McDermot is attending a house party at Agricola.

Jackson

JACKSON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Copeland, Mrs. Emma Mallett and Miss Mary Newton form a party of Jackson people at St. Simons Island.

Miss Georgia Rice, of Atlanta, is the guest of Miss Helen Smith and was the honor guest at a dinner party Saturday evening at the Wigwam, Indian Springs.

Miss Rosa Newton leaves Tuesday for a two months' stay in the North.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Carmichael are in Baltimore.

Miss Julia Curry is being entertained as the guest of Miss Fannie Belle Waits, in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawson have returned to their home in Dublin after a visit with Mrs. W. J. Wood and Mrs. E. C. Robinson.

Miss Otlio Carmichael is spending some time as the guest of Miss Margaret Rushton and Mrs. Stewart Roberts in Atlanta.

Misses Vera and Jessie Jones have as their guest Miss Carrie Knott, of Locust Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Carreker left Wednesday for a visit with relatives in Zebulon.

Mrs. H. A. Butner and sister, Miss Roberts, of Greenville, S. C., are guests of Mrs. C. A. Butner and Miss Annie Lou McCord.

Mrs. J. W. Crum is at home from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Sasnett Crum in Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Annie Catchings Crum is visiting Miss Annie Kieth in Spartanburg.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, July 26.—For her guest, Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, Miss Alice Parker was the hostess on Thursday evening at a porch party.

Miss Caroline Higgins left this week for a visit to friends in New Jersey and Maryland.

Miss Alice Parker has returned from a visit to friends in Moultrie.

Miss Mary Merrill and Miss May Patten will leave next week for East Orange, N. J.

Miss Marianne Watt will leave on Monday for Savannah, where she will spend a short time as the guest of Miss Margaret Charlton.

Miss Floride Stevens, of Norfolk, is the guest of Mrs. F. L. MacIntyre.

Miss Minnie Weldon is spending some time at Pablo Beach, Fla.

Miss Josephine Porter, of Apalachicola, Fla., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Peacock.

Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, is visiting Miss Alice Parker.

Mrs. M. R. Mallette left this week for Montgomery and will later go to Baltimore for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Kate Mack left this week for New York for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Emmie Plowden, of Dickey, was the guest this week of Mrs. W. A. Pringle, Jr.

Miss Susie May Dreger, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. T. C. Mitchell.

Miss McGuirt, of Tifton, is the guest of Miss Ella Sandford.

Mrs. Rhydon Mays and children left this week for Marietta and will spend the remainder of the summer at the Whitlock House in that city.

Miss Myrtle Goff, of Valdosta, is visiting Mrs. R. W. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Loveless left this week for Tiverton, R. I., where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Miss Lilly May McKinley, of Atlanta, is the guest for a short time of Miss Mattie Rigsby.

Mrs. M. G. Thornton, of Abbeville, Ala., and Mrs. R. N. Thornton, of Dothan, are the guests of Mrs. R. L Dekle.

Miss Hilton Evans, of Tampa, Fla. is visiting Mrs. William McMillen.

Fitzgerald

FITZGERALD, July 26.—A lawn party was given by Miss Emily Griffin in honor of her cousin, Miss Edith Harrell, of Cumberland, this week.

Those invited were Dorothy Thurmond, Margaret Wise, Elizabeth McCarty, Martha Turner, Martha Bell Spiller, Merle Scarborough, Corrine Womble, Marion Dunn, Laura Whitley, Hazel Mayes, Mildred Hall, Lillie Mae Hughes, Josephine Manning, Maud Paulk and Mamie Calloway.

Mrs. James Oates, of Live Oak, Fla., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Chandler.

Mrs. J. E. Anderson is visiting in Montgomery.

Mrs. J. W. Swearinger has returned to her home in Jacksonville after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Sedlmyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Adams and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Reid have gone to Cumberland Island.

Mrs. Ackerman and children left recently for a visit in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. D. Washburn and daughters, Misses Emmie and Mayme, left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. B. Braswell, of Fitzgerald, is visiting her friend, Miss Corinne Cunyus. Mrs. Braswell is remembered in Atlanta as Miss Johnnie Broughton.

Miss Helen Matthews returned Tuesday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. R. Tippett and Miss Eugene Blade, of Hawkinsville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holder.

Fay Wyman and Miss Mary Paul were quietly married recently.

Miss Atha Meyer entertained Monday at a reception in honor of her attractive guest, Miss Annie Browning, of Lakeland, Fla., and Mr. and Mrs. Yancey M. Bowles, who were recently married.

LaGrange

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Mrs. J. A. Jones, of Summit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. L. Edwards.

Miss Louise Freeman is the guest of Mrs. Louise Young.

Misses Edith Lupton, of Atlanta, and Florence Smith, of Ysailanti, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith.

Mrs. Milam has as her guests Misses Martha Jarell, Mary White and Marion Taylor, of Greenville.

Miss Stella Broadfield has returned from a two weeks' visit as the guest of Mrs. Tom Patterson, of McDonough.

Miss Eleanor Dunson, after visiting in Atlanta and McDonough, has returned to LaGrange.

Misses Sarah and Francis Mathews, of Decatur, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Market.

Misses Salome Bradfield and Mary Scott are the attractive guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bradfield.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis entertained in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Lance, of Hannibal, Mo.

Besides the guests of honor, the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Jim Lane, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Willis, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hutchinson, Misses Stella and Julia Bradfield, Mary Scott, Ruth Slack and Messrs. Searcy Slack and Lloyd Bradfield.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—Misses Gladys and Zeta White are expected home next week from Savannah, where they have been the guests of Miss Gladys Cassells. Miss Cassells will probably accompany them home for a visit in Cartersville.

Miss Rachel McEntyre had as her guests last week Misses Lucy Green and Gladys Mitchell, of Atlanta, and Miss Lonnie Mae McEntyre, of Rock Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Womelsdorf entertained Tuesday evening with a delightful swimming party. After the swimming a supper was served at the clubhouse, followed by songs and conversation. Later in the evening a watermelon cutting was enjoyed.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Young and family, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Peeples and family, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Akin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Munford, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Felton Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Granger, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Stella Brumby, Harry Womelsdorf, Mrs. Lila Morgan, Captain J. J. Calhoun, Garner Jones and John Calhoun.

Misses Mildred Matthews and Sue Lou Hull left Wednesday morning for Woolsey, where they will be guests at a house party given by Miss Addie Lou Sams.

Miss Robena Shaw, of Atlanta, is the attractive guest of Miss Irene Shaw.

Miss Ethel Adair returned home Tuesday from a visit to Rome.

Thursday evening the younger set enjoyed a moonlight picnic at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Ruohs Pyron.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Mrs. J. L. Walker and daughter, Miss Annie Laurie Walker, have returned from St. Simons Island.

Miss Annie May Bates, of Williston, S. C., is the guest of relatives.

Miss Ora Scarborough has returned to her home in Statesboro.

Miss Myrtise Adams was the guest of relatives in Blackshear this week.

Miss Sarah Houk has gone to Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Norvel returned Wednesday from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bates, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bates, will return to their home at Elko, S. C., to-morrow.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran leaves shortly for Tennessee.

Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children have returned from a visit to White Oak.

Miss Ethel Broadshaw, of Charleston, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. H. S. DuBose.

Mrs. W. A. McKnight is visiting in Macon.

Mrs. C. E. Williamson and little daughter are visiting in Sylvester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tubbs returned this week from a visit to Black Mountain, N. C.

Mrs. R. E. Finn and children left this week for St. Simons.

Miss Clara Wood, of Brunswick, is visiting Mrs. R. T. Hitch.

Mrs. B. T. Pharr and two daughters, of Houston, are guests of Mrs. A. M. Litch.

Mrs. Emma Mannin, of Dublin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Brewer.

Mrs. A. M. Bailey and children returned Wednesday from McDonald.

Mrs. G. W. Julian, of Tifton, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. Crawley.

Mrs. W. R. Beach left this week for Philadelphia.

Mrs J. T. Strickland visited friends at Bickley this week.

Miss Grace Taylor left Wednesday for Virginia.

Mrs. McIntosh Noble left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Rachael McRee returned to her home at Kinderlou Thursday after a visit to Misses Lucile and Nell Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Page Anderson and Mrs. Wayne Walker have returned from a visit to Pablo Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Knight, Jr., spent the week on St. Simons Island.

Mrs. T. F. Broadwater has returned from a visit to relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. W. M. Bird has returned from a visit to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Otis Bell was the guest this week of relatives in Quitman.

Misses Lucile Sutton and Ellen Goodrich have returned from Jacksonville.

Crawfordsville

CRAWFORDSVILLE, July 26.—Miss Virginia Butler, of Madison, is spending several days as the guest of Miss Frances Burges.

Misses Caroline and Mary Emma Gee are visiting in Lithonia as the guests of Miss Lillie Mae Hughes, who is entertaining a house party of her Chicora College girl friends.

Miss Kathleen Melton has returned from Monticello, where she has been spending some time with Miss Davidson.

One of the interesting social events of the week was the marriage of Miss Thelma Williams to Boykin Hollis.

Among the Crawfordsville people who are spending the week at Daniel Springs, a popular resort near here, are Colonel and Mrs. J. A. Beazley, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Beazley, Mrs. H. M. Holden and family, Miss Minnie Olive Park, Mrs. J. W. Tucker, and Mrs. E. D. Anthony.

What bids fair to be one of the events of the season for Crawfordsville society is the house party of Brenau girls that Miss Lillian Asbury will entertain during the first week in August. Among those expected to come are Misses Crawford, of Lexington; Miss Laing, of Dawson; Miss Brock, of Carrollton; Miss Allen, of Elberton, and Miss Wyche, of Alabama.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Mrs. John T. Bialock and children have returned to Valdosta from North Georgia.

Mrs. James Wooten and her little daughter, Katherine, reached Valdosta from Savannah this week and are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Norris Pinder.

Miss Julia Lambert, of Athens, is turned from Pablo Beach.

Mrs. Lorena McCully and her little granddaughter, Mary Lorena, left Tuesday for St. Marys.

Miss Gussie Spence, of Pelham, is visiting her brother, E. J. Spence.

The W. C. T. U. had an ice cream festival in the courthouse square on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Bitzer and family have gone to Harrisonburg, Va.

Mrs. W. W. Carpenter and her little daughter have gone to their home at Plymouth, Fla.

Mrs. Henry Pullen, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. J. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McCully, Mrs. D. W. Aldman and Misses Harriet and Mary Converse left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Luelle Strickland left last Monday for Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stampler and children left Wednesday for Columbia, S. C., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Smith Davis left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and her daughters have returned from Pablo Beach.

Misses Annabel Converse and Virginia Varnedoe have gone to Waycross to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Dimmock.

Miss Gertrude Monroe has returned from Jacksonville. She was accompanied home by her little cousin, Miss Eloise Roberts.

Camilla

CAMILLA, July 26.—Miss Maude Haddock, of Kestler; Miss Katie McCall, of Atapulgus, and Miss Patty Wilson, of Bainbridge, are the guests of Mrs. Robin Cochran.

Miss Fannie Haynes, of Lommerton, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. McNight.

Miss Lucile Black, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Claude Davis.

Miss Rose Cox and her sister, Mrs. E. E. Cox, are spending the summer in Marietta.

Miss Margaret Hughes, of Cordele, is the guest of Miss Susie Belle Hughes.

Mrs. G. A. Gibbs, of Homerville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Collins.

Miss Willa Veta Almand, who has been the visitor of Mrs. J. C. Wilson, went to Albany yesterday, where she will visit Miss Susie Brown.

Miss Emma Bibb, of Kinderlou, is visiting Miss Marceline Twitty.

Mrs. R. L. Pope left Tuesday for Albany.

Miss Sarah Hilliard is visiting Miss Maude Livingston in Newton.

Miss Sadie May Wade has gone to Cuthbert, where she will be the guest of Miss Mary Davenport.

Miss Kathlene Acree has returned after a visit to Miss Seveille Arthur, of Albany.

Miss Myrtle Brown is expecting Miss Lillian Britt, of Tifton, as her guest.

Miss Marie Owen, of Enterprise, Ala., is the guest of Miss Mary Baggs.

Miss Susie Belle Hughes and her mother, Mrs. E. A. Hughes, are visiting relatives in Monticello, Fla.

Mrs. S. J. Faircloth, of Quitman, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth, has returned home.

Miss Leah Gardner, of Pavo, is the guest of Mrs. B. C. Gardner.

Miss Annie Ruth Spence is in Quitman visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. B. Bennett.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Groover, of Savannah, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth.

Miss Verdi Holton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Kate Bolton, in Fort Valley.

Mrs. J. C. Turner entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Faircloth and Misses Agnes Acree and Annie May Collins left Friday for an automobile trip on the Gulf Coast.

Miss Ruth Collins, of Holder, Fla., is visiting relatives.

Mrs. Wilson Joiner, of Albany, returned home after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Joiner.

Miss Freddie Wade and her mother, Mrs. J. P. Wade, of Quitman, are the guests of Mrs. J. P. McRee.

Mrs. Sam Kendel, of Albany, is spending the week-end with Mrs. G. W. Swindle.

Mrs. J. T. Fenn and little daughter, with Miss May Travis, have returned to their home in Birmingham after a visit to Mrs. L. J. Hay.

Miss Hattie Heath returned home Monday from Moultrie, where she was the guest of honor at a house party given her by Miss Lucile Autry.

Mrs. R. T. Cochran and children are visiting relatives in Shellman.

Miss Susie Fleming returned Saturday after a visit to her sister in Tifton.

Villa Rica

VILLA RICA, July 6.—A social event of much interest was the marriage of Miss Annie Powell, of Villa Rica, and Robin Lowry Berry, of Jonesboro, Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. C. A. Jamison officiating.

Miss Caroline Marchman, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor and Claude H. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro, was best man.

Little Misses Ellen Powell and Nell Jiles were the flower girls. H. G. Robertson and L. A. Scotts were the ushers.

Following the wedding, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Powell tendered the wedding party and guests a reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry will spend a week at Franklin, N. C., after which they will return to Villa Rica, where they will reside in future.

Why Endure Sore Feet

Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.

Cordele

CORDELE, July 26.—Wednesday afternoon Mrs. J. S. Sheppard was the hostess to the members of the Young Matrons' Club. Rook was the game played.

Mrs. J. H. Shipp made highest score and was presented a cutglass salad bowl. Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines, being honor guests, they were presented with evening fans.

Miss Marie Scandrett has returned from several weeks' stay with friends at Little Rock, Mobile and Birmingham.

Miss Inez Hyman will leave early in August for a visit to Miss Mamie Slade at Griffin.

Miss Mary McArthur has returned from a stay with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Farrior, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. Leo Marshall and children, of Jacksonville, are visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. Coffman, of Johnson City, Tenn., are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fenn.

Mrs. Arthur Wheeler and Mrs. C. B. Whatley entertained at a series of afternoon parties during the week in honor of their house guests, Mrs. Odell Allison Gilbert, of West Virginia, and Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Livingston are spending the summer with relatives at Seneca and Greenville, S. C.

Misses Stell Colwell and Birdie Bulloch are spending the week-end at St. Simons.

Miss Van Mitchell, of Butler, is the guest of Mrs. William Scandrett.

Miss Lamar Ryals is being entertained at the home of Miss Rose Tate at Shelbyville, Tenn.

Miss Mabel Barber has returned from a visit to Captain and Mrs. Sam Barber at Vidalia.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church was entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. Edward Stallings.

Mrs. M. R. Smith entertained with a party Wednesday morning.

Eastman

EASTMAN, July 26.—Mrs. John H. Hargrove is visiting in Dothan, Ala.

Miss Annamaude Burch left a few days ago for Winder.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gentry and children are spending a few days with relatives in Decatur.

Mrs. Fred R. Hall, of Blakely, has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Prince are in New York.

Mrs. J. D. Herrman and daughter, Miss Hortense, are spending the summer at Far Rockaway, Long Island.

Mrs. W. R. Hall and son, Harris, after spending a week with relatives in Macon, have returned home.

Mrs. J. W. Morris and daughter, Mary Ann, are spending the summer in Selma, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Sapp and daughter, who have been spending a faw days in Nashville, Ga., have returned home.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts is spending a few days with friends and relatives in Macon.

Miss Claudie Bailley spent last Sunday in Gresston.

Mrs. E. Rothols, of Darlington, S. C., was honor guest at a reception given by her daughter, Mrs. Harry Hirsch, this week. The other guest of honor was Miss Miriam Morgan, of Savannah.

Mrs. H. R. Cooke has been spending the past two weeks in Indian Springs and Tallulah Falls.

Mrs. H. W. Hurst and children are spending the summer with relatives in Thomaston.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brock have returned from a trip to South Carolina.

Misses Corinne Beverly and Lucile Matthews are the guests of Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. Fred Walters, of Cordele, and Miss Ann Hughes, of Statesboro, are the guests of Mrs. Bob Wynne.

Miss Sylvia Harris, of Montgomery, will be the guest of Mrs. App Herrman.

Miss Catherine Pennington is at home after spending the past three weeks with friends and relatives in Atlanta, Covington, Shady Dale and Tallulah Falls.

Thursday evening a party of young folks was invited to meet Miss Corinne Beverly and Miss Lucile Mathews, of Hawkinsville, and Albert Hargrove at a porch party given by Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. J. A. Paxson and little daughter, Eugenia, are the guests of relatives in Abbeville.

Mrs. Earle C. Chandler, of Valdosta, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Burch.

Miss Mayme Arthur is the guest of friends and relatives in Cuthbert.

Miss Anice Johnson, of Atlanta, and LeRoy Johnson, of Macon, are spending a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson.

Miss Estora Jackson, who has been on a visit to Cochran, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Hewitt and children, of Leesburg, Fla., are the guests of Miss Kyle Arthur.

Miss Julia Hall left a few days ago for a few weeks' visit to Macon, Monticello and other North Georgia towns.

Misses Valeria and Marjorie McGee are spending a few days with relatives in McRae.

Mrs. T. H. Edwards and Miss Mary Charter left this week for Chalybeate Springs.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilkins have returned from a visit to Atlanta.

Mrs. W. L. Mathers and little daughter, Martha Doane, have returned to their home in Macon.

Mrs. M. A. Earle, of McRae, is the guest of relatives.

Miss Julia Hall entertained the "Noisy Nine" Friday evening in honor of Miss Emily Bealer's guest, Miss Kathleen McKnight, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, July 26.—Mrs. Buford Boykin, who has been at Piedmont Springs, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cheney, of Savannah, arrived in the city Monday.

Miss Bessie Smith has ben visiting in Atlanta the past week.

Miss Mattie Jones, of Griffin, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Griffin.

Mrs. R. A. Jolly returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Isabel Fitts left the first of the week for Piedmont Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McPherson, of Atlanta, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. W. H. Turner and daughters, Rosebud and Mary, left Saturday for a two weeks' visit at Copper Hill, Tenn., and Culverson, N. C.

Mrs. T. A. Conner and little daughter, Dorothy, of Bainbridge, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Edith Couch and Miss Ruby Martin, of Atlanta, are the guests of Miss Elizabeth Edmondson.

Miss Mattie Lou Houston, of Dawson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Pace.

Mrs. Robert Creel, of Jasper, Ala., is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. T. H. Collins, of Atlanta, has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. H. Turner.

Mrs. Robert Fitts and little sons, Andrew and Frances, left Friday for Newnan and Turin.

Miss Ethel Tumlin, of Birmingham, will arrive Saturday to be the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. J. Tumlin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Padgett, of Atlanta, arrived in the city Saturday.

Mr. Will Webb and Miss Marie Perdue were married Sunday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Edmondson officiating.

Miss Winnie Reeves is visiting friends in Grantville.

Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Lovvorn, of Bowdon spent Sunday in the city, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Roop.

Misses Mary and Winnie Austin and Mary Snead are visiting friends near Temple.

Miss Lizzie Radford, of Monroe, is the guest of Mrs. R. D. Jackson.

Mrs. Hilton Tyus entertained the Ladies Bridge Club Wednesday.

Mrs. William Lyle, left Tuesday for her home in Augusta.

Mrs. J. A. Bass and Miss Maude Bass left Tuesday for Birmingham.

Mrs. L. J. Brock and children and Mrs. J. R. Miller left Tuesday for Lithonia.

Mrs. W. L. Fitts entertained a few friends Tuesday afternoon at a sewing party.

Miss Grace Blalock returned Sunday from a visit to her sister, Mrs. T. E. Maxwell, of LaGrange.

Mrs. J. H. Garrett left Monday for a visit to friends and relatives in Edwardsville, Ala.

Mrs. T. B. Bailey, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, of Bristol, Va., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson.

Mrs. Henri Honrath, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Brown.

Miss Alice Weems returned Saturday from a visit to Jacksonville, Ala.

Mrs. J. D. Perryman left Monday for Tallapoosa.

Miss Bell Hitchcock, of Atlanta, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nelle McKown.

Mesdames C. E. Roop and Fannie Veal returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs.

Miss Annie Slade left Tuesday for Columbus.

Mrs. W. A. A. Anderson, of Washington, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown.

The Jokers' Club met Tuesday afternoon with Miss Annie Maude New.

Miss Elma Boykin will leave Friday for Gillsville.

Satisfaction in glasses depends upon their fitting properly.

We strive for the best in refracting, in grinding and in fitting.

Oculist service at opticians' prices. L. N. Huff Optical Company, two stores, 70 Whitehall, 52 W. Mitchell. Adv.

Glooms Disappear When You Enter The Bonita Theater.

No gloom can stand the fun-dispensing Allen and Kenna company at the Bonita Theater. They are the delight of thousands who visit this beautiful little playhouse and capacity has been the houses since the first day of this company. Good singing, dancing, pretty girls and clever comedians; that's the story.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Eczema, Rheumatism, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the purest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank, 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE **$1.95**

PACK IT— THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co., 326 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Ex.

DON'T FEAR SUNBURN



CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 2G, Boston. Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

A New Victrola

At The

Cable Piano Co.

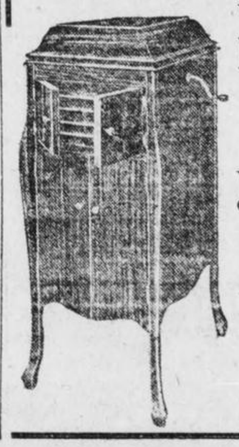
$75

With Record Cabinet

The first Victrola equipped with record cabinet sold for less than $1.00.

This new Victrola gives the Records a most wonderful Tone.

Mahogany or oak cabinet—all the very latest improvements—tapering tone arm, "goose neck" sound box tube, brake, speed regulator and indicator. Extra heavy double spring, spiral drive motor (can be wound while playing.



Pay $10 Down

$7.50 Monthly

Call and see this best of all Victrola values, dollar for dollar considered.

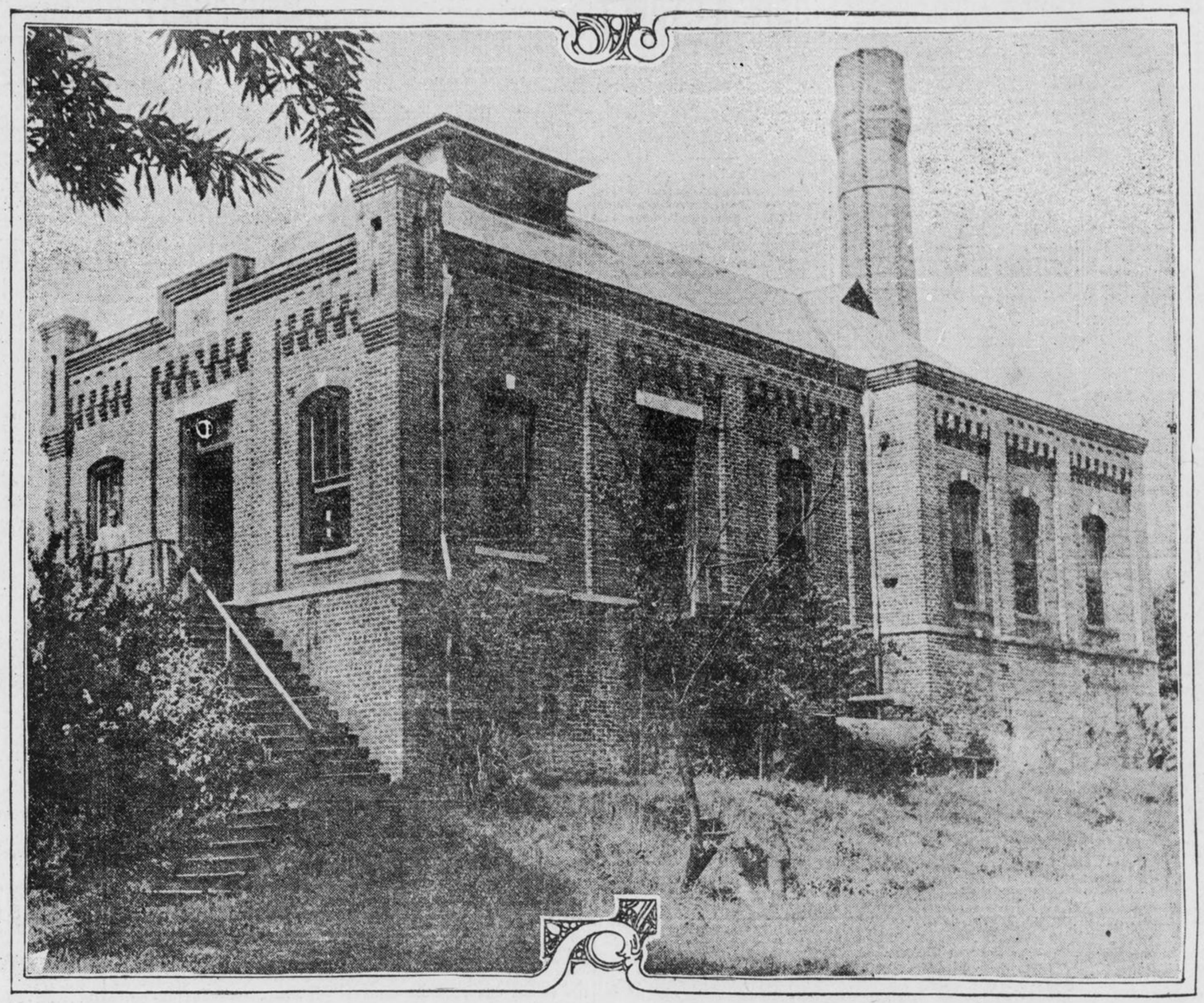
Cable Piano Company

Geo. W. Wilkins, President.

82 & 84 N. Broad St.

ATLANTA

Rome Buys Central Station Electric Current For Her 4,000,000-Gallon City Pump



ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

CONTRACT DEP'T

Georgia Railway & Power Company

ATLANTA

Savannah

Latest News of South Georgia

Waycross

STATE SCHOOL BOOK PRINTING IS DENOUNCED

Superintendent of Education of Chatham County Declares Plan Is Entirely Impracticable.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Otis Ashmore, Superintendent of Schools in Chatham County, is opposed to the plan of having textbooks published by the State. Ashmore says that the talk of high price of school books is buncombe, and thinks that the results, if the State undertook to publish its own textbooks, would not only be unsatisfactory, but would show little if any difference in cost.

"I have followed pretty closely the discussion about cheaper school books, and the publication of these books by the State," said Ashmore. "The publication of school books by the State is an old and threadbare story that is periodically dug up and thrashed over. The plan has been tried in several States and proves a failure. It is unwise, expensive and impracticable.

"A recent investigation by the State Superintendent of Schools shows that he would save only a 'cent or two' on books printed by contract, even if we owned the copyright. To purchase a large and expensive printing plant to be operated by the State is a very doubtful expedient. The equipment necessary to print modern school books is quite extensive.

"But the cost of printing is not the only consideration. The quality of the books themselves is of far more consequence than their cost. A good textbook is cheap at any price; a poor one is dear at any price. Those who know little about school books are inclined to regard them all alike. They think one reader or arithmetic is as good as another provided both have the same number of pages. I believe the greatest danger under the plan would lie in the limitation placed on securing good books. There are thousands of books, but only a few are good. The copyrights on the best books are owned by the publishers, and they will not sell them."

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savannah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

Supreme Court Lets Lynn Sentence Stand

Slayer of Hightower Refused Relief by Georgia Tribunal—Appeal to Washington Likely.

DUBLIN, July 26.—The Supreme Court of Georgia has denied a rehearing in the Lynn case, which was heard by it a few weeks ago, and the judgment of the lower court is affirmed. Lynn's attorneys now are preparing to take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Lynn was convicted of killing F. Hightower at his home just a short time before Christmas of last year, and was tried, with his wife, who claimed to have abetted the killing because Hightower insulted her. His wife was freed by the jury, but he was found guilty of murder with recommendation to life imprisonment.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

CUTTER YAMACRAW BACK FROM FLORIDA CRUISE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The United States revenue cutter Yamacraw has returned to port after cruising in Florida waters since May. The Yamacraw was ordered South to take the place of the cutter Miami, which was sent to the ice patrol in Northern waters. During the absence of the Yamacraw the cutter Seminole has been doing duty along the Georgia coast. The Yamacraw will probably remain in Savannah for several weeks.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

The Copeland Sisters

Popular Savannah society girls, who have as their guests Miss Sally Blount Holt, of Montgomery, and Miss Jeanette Wallace, of Butler.



Miss Fletcher Copeland.

Miss Bessie Copeland.

WATERMELONS IN BULLOCH CO.

Farmers Will Hold Picnic to Celebrate Success in Divorce From Cotton.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the purpose of bringing together all farmers in that section interested in the growing of watermelons, preparations are being made for holding a mammoth picnic next week at Stilson, in Bulloch County.

Experts in the knowledge of crops suitable to the kind of soil found there will address the meeting. The principal topic to be discussed, however, will be the growing of watermelons.

The remarkable success that the farmers of Bulloch County have made this year with the watermelon crop is attracting the attention of agriculturists throughout South Georgia. Owing to the failure of the melon crop in North and South Carolina this year due to drouth the growers of Bulloch have been unable to supply the demands of the buyers, who have flocked there by the score. The farmers are being paid on an average of $90 a carload for their melons.

In the territory between Brooklet and Blitchton 250 carloads have been sold at $90 a car. It is estimated that the farmers of Bulloch this year will receive $20,000 in the aggregate for their crops of melons, most of which have been shipped to the Middle West, the North and Canada.

It has recently been demonstrated that the watermelon crop will prove far more profitable to Bulloch than cotton. When they have finished working the melons they are "laid by" with peas, which shade the melons as they ripen. After the melons are shipped crab grass comes in with the peas. This grass makes fine hay, from which the farmers can realize enough to pay for their fertilizer. Thus they have an income from three crops.

The picnic at Stilson will be the means of bringing together a very large percentage of the melon growers, and those who will be growers of the fruit next year. Those who have not yet attempted the crop as a staple will be given the benefit of the knowledge gained by the experience of those who have made it a success.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WORKING FOR BOND ISSUE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the next six weeks the Savannah Chamber of Commerce will be engaged in active work in arousing interest in the auditorium bond election, which will be held September 15.

The proposed issue of $200,000 will give Savannah a much-needed auditorium.

COURT GRANTS TITLE OF LAND ONCE A STREET

Investment Company Has Right to Property Which Was Claimed by Savannah Council.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A decision by Judge Walter G. Charlton in the Superior Court clears title to land that had once been streets across the large Bartow Investment Company's holdings on Bull street opposite Ardsley Park, and by so doing enforced a contract of sale between W. M. Davidson and the Bartow Investment Company for this property.

The tract is a valuable one in the southern portion of the city. Davidson declined to purchase the land under the contract, on the ground that title to lands over which cross streets had once passed was now doubtful, as the city still claimed title to the land for street purposes. The investment company brought suit to enforce the contract.

On the strength of this claim the city undertook to open up the former streets. The investment company objected on the ground that the city had long since lost title by abandoning the streets. The company pleaded for an injunction to prevent the city cutting the proposed streets, which the court granted. The case then went to the Supreme Court, a decision of which upholds the decision of Judge Charlton.

In the suit to enforce the contract of sale ten members of the investment company and 110 defendants besides Davidson were brought in. The object in bringing them in was to force them to either assent to or object to the relinquishment of the title to the land in question for street purposes.

These persons owned land in the subdivision of Kingsville other than the Bartow property. These persons as property owners in the vicinity might have had some claim upon these former streets for the purpose of getting to their own property. It was only by settling their claims one way or the other that the status of the title could be determined.

Judge Charlton in his decision declared that the land in question is the property of the Bartow Investment Company, and decreed that Davidson must now purchase the land under his contract. This Davidson is glad enough to do, now that the title has been cleared.

Conductors Name Adjustment Board

Any Differences With Central of Georgia Management To Be Amicably Settled.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—To appoint a committee which will take up with the management of the Central of Georgia Railroad any matters which they believe need adjustment, a delegation of officials of the Order of Railway Conductors of America held a meeting in this city.

M. C. Carey, of Port Huron, Mich., vice president of the order, presided. W. M. Hamilton, H. W. Washburn and J. W. Hall, of Macon, and two other delegates were present. Carey said that so far as he knew there are no serious differences between the conductors and the railway company, and that there is no friction whatever between them.

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

Waycross Improves Fire Fighting Means

Inspectors Say Georgia Cities Are Making Most Rapid Strides in Southeast.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—That Georgia cities are making more rapid strides in improvement of fire departments than any State of the Southeast is one of the statements made in Waycross last week by inspectors making a thorough test of the Waycross department.

There is hardly any city in Georgia, according to the inspectors, that has not adopted auto apparatus in place of horse-drawn equipment. Smaller towns are using autos and as a consequence it is said Georgia's fire loss this year is going to be cut down considerably.

Progressive towns in South Georgia, as well as in North Georgia, are making improvements with the view of getting lower fire insurance rates. Waycross has spent a large sum during the past year to comply with conditions imposed by the Southeastern Underwriters' Association, and expects to get a reduction that will save the property owners thousands of dollars annually.

Stovall Departs for Post in Switzerland

New United States Minister Enroute to New York From Savannah. Sails July 29.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Colonel and Mrs. Pleasant A. Stovall, their daughter, Mrs. Burton L. Mason, and their son, Master Joe Stovall, are now upon the high seas, en route to New York, from which port they will embark on July 29 for Switzerland, where Colonel Stovall goes to take charge of his post as United States Minister to that country. The party will be joined in Europe by Miss Pleasant Stovall, another daughter, who is already there.

The son, Joe, was taken ill about a week ago, and it was thought at that time that arrangements for the trip would have to be changed, but a rapid recovery made it possible for the entire party to leave on schedule time.

Waves Spanish Sword Over Heads of Jurors

Dramatic Incident Features Trial of Ishmael Sarter in Superior Court at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Found guilty of stabbing D. S. Manning, Ishmael Carter has been sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary by Judge Walter G. Charlton in Superior Court.

The conviction followed a dramatic court session. At one stage the proceedings were enlivened by the waving of a Spanish sword over the heads of the jury. The weapon was in the hands of Judge H. D. D. Twiggs, of counsel for the defendant. The plea of Carter was self-defense. It was this weapon with which the cutting was done.

11-YEAR-OLD BOY LANDS 23-POUND DRUM FISH

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Master Harry D'Olley, while fishing at Isle of Hope, landed something pretty close to a whale. Harry is only 11 years old and none too big for his age, and when he hooked something that appeared to be bigger than himself he created excitement all along the river. He managed to hang on to what had come his way, however, and finally succeeded in landing a 23-pound drum. Now all the boys at Isle of Hope have gone drum fishing.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

RAILROAD MEN ATTEND IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

WAYCROSS, July 26.—An important conference between General Superintendent J. W. Brand, Division Counsel W. E. Kay, of Jacksonville, and District Counsel Joseph W. Bennett, of Brunswick, was held in Waycross to-day. The meeting was called for the purpose of going over legal matters in which the Atlantic Coast Line is involved.

PLAN IS ON TO GIVE WAYCROSS NEW CHARTER

Bill To Be Offered in Legislature This Week Provides for New Systems.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—If the Georgia Legislature does what the Ware delegation in it will ask next week, it will pass what will be known as a conditional charter for the city of Waycross. The charter bill that will be offered in the Legislature will contain a provision that until the people of Waycross approve the charter by a majority vote it shall not become effective.

And this charter bill is something new. It contains what is commonly known as the "city manager" plan of government, which, if adopted, will give Waycross a manager, subject to the orders of a council of twelve men. The manager will have charge of the execution of all city orders and may be removed by the Council if found to be incompetent.

In the event the city manager plan is not desired, the charter contains a provision for radical changes over the present aldermanic form. A mayor is to be employed, under this section, at a salary of $100 a month, giving as much time to the office as may be necessary. He is to appoint, with the approval of the Council, the heads of five city departments, and will see that all work of the respective departments is properly done. The Board of Aldermen is increased under this section from six to twelve, and instead of receiving $200 a year the Aldermen will serve without pay.

City Council has not passed upon the proposed charter, but the bill as outlined was prepared by a committee from the Board of Trade. The election to settle what, if any, changes will be made will be called as soon as the Legislature passes the bill. That the election will be a warm one is certain, as many citizens oppose the change.

Sermon Saves Woman From Suicide's Grave

Pastor's Discourse on 'Scandal Mongers' Stays Hand of Despondent Savannahan.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who delivered a sermon on "Scandal Mongers" last Sunday, is in receipt of an unsigned letter from a woman, who confesses that her troubles had driven her to determine upon suicide when his message restored her faith in God and determined her to abandon her rash intention.

The woman says she had the poison bottle in her hand when the printed sermon came under her eye. She says she had been wronged by malicious tales, and that she was alone in a friendless city.

ATLANTAN IS ARRESTED FOR BEATING BOARD BILL

SAVANNAH, July 26.—J. E. Cotton, of Atlanta, has been remanded to the City Court by Recorder John E. Schwarz, charged with violating the State law by beating a board bill.

Cotton registered at a hotel, where he remained several days, running up a bill amounting to $15. He then disappeared. He was arrested in a pool room.

Cotton asserts that he squandered his money here, and, rather than make his hotel bill any larger, left. It was his intention to pay the bill as soon as he could obtain sufficient money.

SPALDING COUNTY HOLDS SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The first Sunday School convention ever held in Spalding County, which occurred this week, was a big success from the start. Of the thirty Sunday schools in the county, representatives from fifteen of them were present at the institute. Plans were adopted for the entire county to be canvassed in the work of the Sunday school and to carry the benefits of the new organization to each school of all denominations.

Principal speakers in the convention here were D. W. Sims, of Atlanta, general secretary of the Georgia Sunday School Association, and Miss Daisy Magee, of Columbia, Miss., superintendent of elementary work.

THIS WEEK

Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

1-2 PRICE

You'll see them in our Window

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

Rapid Strides Made On W. & W. Railroad

Extension of G. S. and F. Feeder To Be Pushed With All Possible Haste.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Despite the recent period of wet weather, satisfactory progress has been made on the construction of the Waycross and Western Railroad, and arrangements are now being made to extend the passenger and freight service over the recently completed link beyond Mexico.

It has not been decided what point on the Georgia Southern and Florida will be touched by the new road, but as soon as the line is operating trains to Sirmans, in Clinch County, a survey of two probable routes will be considered and the extension continued without delay.

President Alex K. Sessoms is pleased with the work accomplished to date.

First Georgia Has 585 in Regiment

Quarterly Returns Show Brunswick With Largest Company—Force's Officers Practically Complete.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Quarterly returns to the Adjutant General of the State from the First Regiment show that organization to have 49 officers and 585 men. This is regarded in military circles as a splendid showing.

The report includes the twelve companies, field, staff and band. Of the companies eight have their full complement of three officers. The Savannah companies, with one exception, have their full complement of officers.

The largest enlistment of men in any single company is shown by Company G, of Brunswick, which has 60 names on its roll. This company has three officers. Company H, the German Volunteers, has the largest enlistment of any Savannah company, 56 men being shown. This company also has three officers.

Postoffice Shows Increase of $16,043

Contrary to Expectations, Parcel Post Fails to Add to Savannah's Revenue.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Showing a total increase of $16,043 for the year ended June 30 over the receipts of last year, the annual report of the Savannah postoffice has been made public by Assistant Postmaster William M. Greene. The total receipts for the year amounted to $280,029.55.

Contrary to expectations, the parcel post, which became effective January 1, 1913, did not increase the revenue of the postoffice.

The total expenses for the year just ended amounted to $118,690.32, making a net profit, as the department figures it, of $184,077.79, or 42 per cent of the receipts.

This is an increase of $8,852.30 over the profits of last year.

LIGHTNING PLAYS PRANKS IN STORM AT AWYCROSS

WAYCROSS, July 26.—During a severe lightning and rainstorm, Edgar Griffin, whose home is west of Waycross, was knocked from a wagon when lightning hit the vehicle. Except for a severe shock he was uninjured. The seat of the wagon was splintered.

Another freak of the storm is reported from Waresboro. Eleven successive telephone poles of a private line running out of Waycross were splintered when lightning struck the wires.

OIL STOVE BURNS MAY PROVE FATAL TO WOMAN

WAYCROSS, July 26.—As she lit an oil stove this morning preparatory to baking a cake, Mrs. J. D. Ridley caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished was so badly burned about the body and face that her recovery is doubtful. She ran into the street, where neighbors tore the flaming clothing from her.

SECOND GEORGIA QUITS ITS CAMP ON SAINT SIMONS

Regiment Starts Home After Eight Days on Island—Colonel Thomas Pleased.

BRUNSWICK, July 26.—The Second Regiment of the Georgia National Guard broke camp on St. Simons Island at noon to-day and arrived in Brunswick shortly after noon. The soldiers immediately boarded Coast Line and Southern trains and left during the afternoon for their home cities. The boys have enjoyed camp life for eight days.

Colonel Thomas, who was in command, joined the officers who were here with the Fifth Regiment in their recommendation that the island be made a permanent camp for the militia. The United States army officers who have been detailed to train the Georgia troops are loud in their praise of the militia of this State.

COUNTY FAIR PLANNED BY GAINESVILLE'S BOOSTERS

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—While the plans are not yet matured, the Chamber of Commerce has taken up the question of a fair to be held in the fall, at which farmers, stock raisers, manufacturers, etc., together with a woman's department, will have exhibits. It has been four years since a fair was held in Hall County, and it is believed this plan of the Chamber of Commerce will meet the approval of all and result in enlivening the business interests of this entire section.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Courcey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

$2.50 Glasses Now $1.00

$5.00 Glasses Now $2.50

We have an experienced oculist in charge who will thoroughly examine your eyes and prescribe what is best for them.

L. N. HUFF OPTICAL CO.

70 Whitehall St. **52 W. Mitchell St.**

Columbus — Latest Southwest Georgia News — Cordele

LITTLE CANAL WILL ENRICH SO. GEORGIA

Big Celebration Planned for the Opening of St. Andrews Bay Ditch, Which Is Near.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A canal which means as much to the Chattahoochee and Flint River Valleys as does the Panama Canal to the world will be completed about the same time as the tremendous project which will unite two oceans. Although this canal is not as tremendous, it will be as wet and as blue, and the people of Georgia, Alabama and Florida will rejoice over its completion with the same acclaim as the world will rejoice over the passage of the first vessel through the Isthmian ditch.

The opening of the St. Andrews Bay Canal, which will serve the Apalachicola River system, connecting with the bay of that name and the Gulf of Mexico, is one of the most important waterway projects of the day. Nearly 2,000,000 people will be affected—$30,000,000 worth of commerce is waiting for the Government to say, 'All is ready."

Big Celebration Planned.

The Columbus Board of Trade has committed itself to a celebration on the date of the opening of the canal. It has a year to think things out, and already there have been suggestions in plenty. Congress will be memorialized for national recognition of the event.

Columbus will not celebrate alone. Girard, Phoenix City, Eufaula, Fort Gaines, Blountstown, Bristol, Apalachicola, Panama City, Carabelle, Bainbridge, Newton, Albany, Marianna, Chipola and maybe Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Tampa and Key West will enter into the spirit, and if the combined noise of three States and the Government of the United States can not be heard around the globe, it is because the people of the Southland have forgotten how to yell.

The St. Andrews Bay Canal project was approved February 1, 1910, providing for a depth to admit passage of river steamers and lighter craft. It will be necessary to transship all goods for or from deep sea vessels at St. Andrews or Panama City or wherever terminals may be erected hereafter. The cost of the project will exceed $500,000, and the money has been appropriated to complete the work. The last rivers and harbors bill carried the last $130,000.

Commerce to Rise in Millions.

The Apalachicola River, formed at River Junction, Fla., by the Flint and the Chattahoochee Rivers, is 137 miles long. The Chattahoochee is navigable to Columbus, a distance of 163 miles. The Flint is navigable to Bainbridge and during medium low water to Albany, Ga., a distance of 105 miles. The Chipola is navigable for a distance of 65 miles. The total navigable length of the river system is 470 miles. The length of the canal is 30 miles.

The commerce of the rivers which will feed the canal amounted to $15,784,029 in 1911, and has been growing at the rate of $1,500,000 for some years. That this commerce will be doubled when the territory tributary to the rivers has an all-water route goes without saying, not taking into account the increase of population along the rivers.

BANKRUPT FIRM TO PAY ALL CREDITORS IN FULL

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Walden Brothers Clothing Company, one of the largest clothing concerns in the city, has gone into voluntary bankruptcy, with assets of more than $18,000 and liabilities of about $9,000. Just prior to filing the petition in bankruptcy the stockholders held a meeting to discuss the situation, but as it was found the firm was losing money rapidly it was thought best to file the petition. It was announced that the creditors would be paid dollar for dollar.

CONDEMNED MAN FIGHTS FOR REHEARING OF CASE

TIFTON, July 26.—I. B. Hall, who has been sentenced to hang August 22, has retained Attorney John R. Cooper, of Macon, to represent him in his petition for new trial, which will be heard before Judge W. E. Thomas in Valdosta Saturday, August 2.

Hall remains optimistic over the final outcome of his case. He seems to have little doubt that a decision will finally be given in his favor. While Hall is apparently unconcerned, his immediate relatives are much worried.

CORDELE METHODIST CONFERENCE CLOSES

CORDELE, July 26.—The annual Methodist Conference of the Cordele district came to a close yesterday at Rochelle. The meeting was attended by about 130 ministers and delegates.

The following delegates were chosen to the annual South Georgia Conference to be held in Macon next November: Hugh Lasseter, Cordele; R. L. Greer, Oglethorpe; D. W. Howard, Unadilla; J. G. Forehand, Vienna.

CRISP COUNTY TORN UP BY FREAK WINDSTORM

CORDELE, July 26.—A brisk windstorm yesterday afternoon over parts of Crisp and adjoining counties did considerable damage by leveling corn fields and blowing down fences. The wind came in spasmodic puffs and fear was felt that it would develop into a storm of serious nature.

$10,778 INCREASE IN POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The receipts of the Columbus postoffice for the year ending June 30 have just been given out and show an increase of $10,778.34 over the same period of the previous year.

Crawford Wheatly

Of Americus, who was the principal drafter of the appropriations bill, passed by the Georgia House of Representatives last week.



Representative from Sumter County.

Chairman of House Appropriations Committee.

Drouth Broken When Countryside Prays

Seven Weeks of Dry Weather Followed by Heavy Rain After Prayer Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Seven weeks' drouth in the vicinity of Rebecca was broken yesterday by a heavy rain, and the people of that place believe that a prayer service the night before to invoke the Almighty to send showers upon the crops was altogether responsible.

Crops were burning up and it appeared that the entire year's work of the farmers would be a failure. It was suggested that a prayer service be held at the Baptist Church, the proposition meeting with instant approval.

According to announcement, the people for miles around met at Rebecca and offered up prayers, continuing in the service for some time. Apparently in answer to this prayer, the rain came the following day.

LOWNDES TAX VALUES EXCEED EIGHT MILLION

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Lowndes County's tax values this year show an increase of $259,000. Tax Receiver Bacon to-day completed the footings of the 1913 digest. The total tax values of the county are $8,223,000, and, in view of the rather depressed conditions of the past year, the increase of more than $250,000 is regarded as satisfactory. If the bill now before the Legislature to provide a board of tax assessors passes, it is believed that values in Lowndes County will go to $10,000,000 next year.

$300,000 PLANT SEEKS LOCATION IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A Maryland corporation, with a capital stock of $300,000, engaged in the manufacture and sale of stoves, ranges and like products, is seeking a location in Columbus, attracted to this city by flattering inducements offered through the Board of Trade.

SEABOARD TO CONSTRUCT WAREHOUSE IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The Seaboard Air Line has completed the survey for the foundation of a large storage warehouse and grain elevator in Columbus, to be located on its property in the southeastern part of the city. The warehouse, it is understood, will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

COLUMBUS BALL TEAM TO GET BOOSTER GAME

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Monday has been designated as "Booster Day" with the Columbus baseball team, when it begins a series of three games with Albany. The management of the team is undertaking to arouse interest to keep the treasury in a safe condition during the wane of the season.

Refuses to Allow Revival in Church

Pastor Obliged to Leave, Says Evangelist Shall Not Hold Proposed Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Because he could not be in attendance and aid in the meeting, it is said that Rev. B. F. Rainey, pastor of the Pleasant Hill Baptist Church near Cordele, refused to allow a revival to be held in his church.

On request of some of the members of the church the State Board of the Baptist denomination sent an evangelist to conduct the meeting. It had been in progress but a day when the pastor informed the members and the evangelist that he objected to the meeting continuing longer; that he was going away and did not want a meeting conducted in his church while he was not there.

R. R. Agents Confer With Commission

Important Rate Matters in Connection With Roads Are Discussed at Meeting.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—In conference with the Railroad Commissioners the latter part of the week were the following high railroad officials: James Menzies, freight traffic manager, and C. McD. Davis, general freight agent, and James F. Mead, assistant general freight agent of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company; C. R. Capps, vice president, and B. C. Prince, assistant general freight agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, and J. C. Cutler, general freight agent of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railway Company. Important rate matters in connection with the lines mentioned were under discussion.

STRIKKES OIL AT MILTON IN PIT FOR FOUNDATION

PENSACOLA, July 25.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by a report that oil has been struck at Milton, twenty miles east of here.

Charles Sudwell, proprietor of the Milton telephone exchange, said that while digging a foundation for a building he struck a vein of oil, but had not yet had time to investigate fully. However, he said he intended to make a full investigation to see if he has really struck a rich vein.

NASON REVELL HELD FOR SHOOTING JOHN PALMER

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—Nason Revell was bound over to await the action of the Grand Jury under $1,000 bond for shooting John Palmer a few weeks ago at Lake Bradford church. The difficulty arose as the result of family trouble. Revell shot Palmer six times, three taking effect. Palmer was at the trial and appeared to be fully recovered from his wounds. Revell has been in jail ever since the shooting.

MOVEMENT TO PUT COLUMBUS ON AUTO ROUTE

South Georgia City Pulling for Publicity—Makes Offer of Two Roads to Atlanta.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Through the combined efforts of the Columbus Board of Trade and other interests of the city there is a probability of Columbus being placed on the Southern Auto Route.

Steps have been taken by the board, ably assisted by the owners of automobiles in Columbus, because it is realized that Columbus and this entire section are suffering from the lack of publicity which could be obtained by the route.

While the Board of Trade is taking the forward step in the movement, the task of working out details has been turned over to the streets and roads committee of that organization.

Five routes have been proposed leading out from Columbus, two of which go to Atlanta, one to Opelika, Ala., one to the southeast and the other to the east. The routes proposed to Atlanta are: First, from Columbus to Warm Springs, thence to Woodbury, on to Griffin, where it will connect with the National Highway from New York to Florida, and from there to Atlanta over that road. The other route is from Columbus to Hamilton, Greenville and Newnan into Atlanta.

The route westward is to Opelika, where it is proposed to have the route from this city connect with the Montgomery route. The route to the east leaves Columbus via Buena Vista, Ellaville, Montezuma to Macon, and there connects with the National Highway to Florida points. A direct route to Florida is proposed by County Road Engineer Julian Lane, of Muscogee County, leaving Columbus via Buena Vista, Ellaville, Americus to Thomasville on to Florida.

The autoists who travel over these routes will get the topography, learn all of the dangerous places and sharp curves in the roads, and, in fact, obtain all the information that is deemed necessary.

In this connection it is of interest possibly to a great portion of the State to know that Frank Batey, a well-known Savannah good roads enthusiast, is having a map of the roads of Georgia and Northern Florida prepared and has written County Engineer Lane for a copy of the roads of Muscogee County in order that he may know what connection they have with other roads.

The automobile owners of Muscogee County are delighted over the prospect of Columbus being placed on the Southern Auto Route.

Hitch Probable in Charlotte Election

Commission Government and Water works Bond Advocates of Columbus Threaten War.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A hitch in the proposed vote on commission government for Columbus by the people during the year 1913 is probable.

A bill providing for commission government in lieu of the present Mayor and aldermanic form will be presented to the Legislature next week. Advocates of the proposed waterworks bond issue are making an effort to keep the commission government election from taking place this year, claiming it would affect the chances of the waterworks bonds.

The regular Mayor and aldermanic election is to be held the second Saturday in December, while the bond election comes on October 18, and it would be difficult to hold a commission government election before October.

The advocates of waterworks bonds have threatened, if an election is proposed in the commission form bill prior to the waterworks bond election, to go before the Lepislature and fight the passage of the commission government bill. The advocates of commission government threaten to retaliate by fighting the waterworks proposition. If the advocates of commission government can have the election this year they propose to do so.

Florida to Alter Its Prison System

Commissioner of Agriculture and State Treasurer to Study Methods of Other States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—W. A. McRae, Commissioner of Agriculture, and J. C. Luning, State Treasurer, both of the Board of State Institutions, have been appointed by the whole board to visit several of the Southern States for the purpose of studying their convict systems.

The recent act of the Legislature made some radical changes in the method of handling the convict system, and the board felt that it would be worth a great deal to them to learn more of the methods of other States having convict laws similar to the recent act of this State. These members of the board will visit North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Louisiana, Texas and Mississippi and upon their return will make full report to the board.

PENSACOLA ELKS GIVE OUTING AT SANTA ROSA

PENSACOLA, July 25.—One of the pleasantest features of the season was the annual outing of the local Lodge of Elks, when the antlered tribe and about 150 of their friends made a trip to Santa Rosa Island aboard the steamer Baldwin. Refreshments were served on the boat and the evening on the island was spent in dancing and surf bathing. The boat returned to the city about midnight.

Deputy Sings Hymns To Enliven Auction

No Bidder for Box of Songbooks Until Auctioneen Gives Samples of Contents.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—A deputy sheriff standing on the auction block with a hymnbook in his hand, warbling at the top of his voice, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was the sight seen by a big crowd gathered at the Sheriff's sale at the courthouse here a couple of mornings ago.

A box full of sacred songbooks was among the goods offered. No one offered to bid even a nickel. W. O. Beard, the deputy sheriff, nearly "talked his head off" without persuading anyone that he needed a box full of songbooks. Then it was an assistant took one of the books in his hand, mounted on the platform, turned to page 47 and began to sing. A score or more people in the crowd joined in the old familiar tune, and a few minutes afterward the hymnbooks were knocked down to a ready bidder for what they were worth.

Cashier Is Indicted On Bank's Complaint

J. H. Cason of Bank of Crosland Is Accused of Embezzling More Than $7,000.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—The Colquitt County Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday against J. H. Cason, former cashier of the Bank of Crosland, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars.

Cason was arrested several weeks ago and has been in prison here in default of $6,000 bond. Notwithstanding the fact that Cason has confessed to using over $7,000 of the bank's funds, he will plead not guilty when his case is called for trial next week, according to the statement of his attorney, Alfred Kline, of Moultrie.

Ties Husband in Bed And Shoots Him Dead

Tampa Woman, Tired of Abuse, Then Commits Suicide to End Troubles.

TAMPA, July 26.—Tired of being abused, Mrs. Avalina Rodriguez tied her husband to his bed to-day and fired five bullets into his head and body and then killed herself. They had quarreled last night and he is believed to have beat her, as was his custom, it is claimed, from the disturbance the neighbors heard.

Early this morning Mrs. Rodriguez gave part of her clothing to a neighbor, told the neighbor she was going to kill herself and her husband, and went back to the house. Within five minutes the shots were heard, and the policemen, who had been called, had to break down the door to get in. Both were dead. She had shot him, then untied the cords that held him, lay down by his side and shot herself through the heart.

Dairyman Held as Postal Law Violator

D. W. Simmons, Who Has Several Aliases, Accused of Opening Other Persons' Mail.

TIFTON, GA., July 26.—Chief of Police Thrasher has arrested D. W. Simmons, alias D. W. Underwood, W. H. Bennett and Willie Parker, under a warrant from Wauchula, Fla., for violating the United States postal laws by receiving another's mail and using checks contained in the letters.

The prisoner was taken to Albany by Deputy United States Marshal Calhoun, where he will be held awaiting his transfer to Tampa for trial.

Simmons, with his wife, had been in Tifton about three weeks and was employed at the dairy operated by Miss Ida Dickinson. They were in Americus before coming to Tifton. Simmons' wife is wanted as a witness to a stabbing which took place in the hotel where they were staying at Americus.

Florida Commission Cuts Express Rates

Reduction of From 20 to 33 Per Cent Is Ordered on Farm Products.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—From time to time complaint has been made to the Railroad Commissioners of high express rates on eggs, poultry, plants and butter, resulting in the commissioners serving notice on the Southern Express Company for a hearing to consider a reduction in rates, or classification, on these commodities.

After a thorough investigation the commissioners have just entered their order directing the express company to put into effect new rates or classification on these commodities after August 19.

The reductions range from 20 to 33 per cent.

BUILDING COMMISSION FAILS TO GET QUORUM

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—A. L. Wilson, of Quincy, one of the commissioners appointed to supervise the construction of the new Supreme Court and Railroad Commission Building, was here this week for a meeting of his commission to consider the purchase of furnishings for the building. However, a quorum of the commission could not be secured.

MIAMI TO CELEBRATE BIRTHDAY

MIAMI, July 26.—Posters and circulars have been sent over the State advertising the big celebration to be held in this city in honor of its seventeenth birthday.

PARK'S SCHOOL IS IN SESSION FOR 4TH TERM

Men Denied Education Early Are Seizing Chance to Learn the Elementary Branches.

TIFTON, July 26.—Park's "Old Field School," the only one of its kind in Georgia, is now in session. The school claims Worth County as its home and was originated by Judge Frank Park, of the Albany circuit, the purpose being to give men who have not had the advantages of an education a chance to study the elementary branches without the embarrassment of attending public school with children.

The school is now in its fourth year and has an attendance of 90 at this session. It is being held in the Union Church community in Worth County. The church building, which is being used for the school, has been filled to overflowing, the extra students sitting on logs beneath the pines near the church.

Only reading, writing and arithmetic are taught and the pupils range in age from 10 to 60. The school is held in the summer time when the weather is good, after the crops have been laid by, and the farmers have a little leisure time. Books and tuition are free.

Judge Parks has the co-operation of the county teachers. Two are employed to teach the pupils, who come on horseback, in buggies, wagons and afoot, coming early and spending the entire day. With the close of each day's session a big spelling match is held, and the sight of the 90 students in line, old men, young men, youths and children, is striking and original.

The school has been in session for two weeks and will continue two to six weeks longer.

Ship Gets Judgment Against Stevedores

Special Master Finds in British Vessel's Favor on Cross-Libel Bill.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A report in favor of the British steamer Coningsby, which cross-libeled John G. McGriffin & Co., of Jacksonville, stevedores, for damages alleged to have been done to the vessel, has been filed by Judge Paul E. Seabrook, special master.

McGriffin & Co. originally libeled the Coningsby to collect stevedore charges amounting to about $500, while the owners of the vessel filed a cross-libel to recover damages alleged to have been inflicted when the stevedores used dynamite to break up a cargo of kainit which had become hardened. The water tank of the boiler was claimed to have been damaged by the explosion.

The total damages to the steamer were decided by the master to be $2,785.81, from which is to be deducted $490 stevedore fees. McGriffin & Co. will, therefore, be compelled to pay $2,295.91, together with interest at 6 per cent from July 1, 1907.

New Smyrna Shelled Just Fifty Years Ago

Fleet of Federal Gunboats Bombarded Florida Village on July 26, 1863.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—Fifty years ago today, or July 26, 1863, was an exciting day in and around the village of New Smyrna, when the Shelden House and the few other buildings of the village were shelled by the Federal gunboats Sagamore, Oleander, Wabash and Beauregard. The shells of the gunboats did much damage, although the buildings were not entirely destroyed.

Captain John F. Dennis, of the gunboat Oleander, was commander of the fleet, which directed its fire on the village all the afternoon, coming into the harbor about 1 o'clock. The purpose was to look for blockade runners, principally, and incidentally to follow up an investigation of the killing of the captain of the gunboat Henry Andrews and a number of the members of his crew some time before that.

Florida Officials To Study Shellfish

Commissioners Will Visit Louisiana and Mississippi to Ascertain Methods of Those States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—T. R. Hodges and Peres McDougall, recently appointed Shellfish Commissioner and secretary, respectively, have gone to Mississippi and Louisiana to study the methods of these States in dealing with the shellfish business. The law relating to this subject passed by the recent Legislature is largely copied after that of Louisiana, where it has been in force for some time and where, it is understood, the matter has been handled very effectively and satisfactorily.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Tift Truckers Plan To Improve Packing

Want Output Uniform and Carefully Prepared for Market—Meeting Called for Saturday.

TIFTON, July 26.—A meeting of the farmers, corn club boys and business men of Tift County has been called for Saturday, August 2, at the Tifton Chamber of Commerce. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss plans and methods for harvesting and marketing the crops.

The farmers will tell their experiences of the year at the meeting and discuss crop conditions and methods of fertilization and cultivation. The corn club boys will tell how it is that they can beat their fathers growing corn, and do it cheaper.

One of the important matters to be considered at the meeting will be the establishment of a truck packing house and the employment of experienced packers. Tift County truckers are determined that all truck from this county shall be of standard grade and packed by experienced men.

Tifton Trade Board To Aid Tift Farmers

Chamber of Commerce Plans to Improve Market Conditions for Planters.

TIFTON, July 26.—Among the things which the Tifton Chamber of Commerce proposes to put through during the remainder of the summer are:

Begin a series of monthly farmers' meetings.

Take steps to aid the farmers in marketing their products.

Provide facilities for handling the meat, grain and like products of the farmers, for which there is not a steady and ready market.

Begin a campaign for securing a new union passenger station.

Get out a small booklet advertising Tifton and Tift County.

Co-operate with the Board of County Commissioners in seeing that all public highways leading to Tifton are in first-class shape for the hauling of cotton and like products to market.

Students Building Tift's First Silo

Farmers Expected to Follow Example Set by Progressive Educator at County School.

TIFTON, July 26.—Professor J. F. Hart, Jr., principal, and the students who have remained through the summer to care for the school property and tend the crops on the school farm began work this week building a modern silo at the Second District Agricultural School.

This is probably the first silo in this section of the State. It is believed this will lead to the construction of a number of others throughout Tift County. A crop sufficient to fill the silo has already been planted, and is now being cultivated by the summer students.

TURKEY-TILLION STIRS VALDOSTA SOCIETY CIRCLE

Old-Timers Are Shocked at New Tangoes, Trots and Wiggles of Young Folk.

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Society is agog to-day over some of the extreme modern dances introduced for the first time in this city at a ball given in the parlors of one of the principal hotels last night. Most of the tangoes, trots and wiggles were danced, and with an abandon and zest that rather shocked the old-timers present.

The dance is described as a "turkey-tillion," and was attended by a large number of the younger leaders in society. From the familiar and simple turkey trot it was only a short step to the more extreme and newer dances.

Tifton's Tax Raises Result in Protests

H. H. Tift Hit Hardest, With $138,000 Increase—Council to Hear Complaints.

TIFTON, July 26.—The August meeting of the City Council of Tifton bids fair to be one of the most interesting ever held by this body. And it's all because the Tax Assessors have been busy. They have raised most everybody and the prospects and that a mighty protest will be heard in Council chambers the first Monday night in August.

The man to feel the effects of the Tax Assessors raising the most was the man owning the greatest amount of property. This man is H. H. Tift and the Assessors, believing that he should pay taxes on his property somewhere in the region of the price he is asking for it, raised his assessment $138,000. Mr. Tift being of the political faction which is now "out" in municipal affairs, protested. Two special sessions of Council were held to consider the matter, but the taxes stand as they were, except in a few instances where the property assessed has been given to city for parks and the like, or the Assessors had placed valuations too high.

TARPON SPRINGS SPONGE SALES IN 2 WEEKS $215,000

TARPON SPRINGS, July 26.—The sponge sale here the last two weeks total $215,000. This city is the center of the Gulf sponging industry and supports perhaps 1,500 Greek divers and requires 200 boats. The spongers no longer dive "in their skins" or use the old rakes. Modern diving suits are used and the vessels are well equipped.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

Take Your Vacation at
Wrightsville Beach
Near Wilmington, N. C.

Splendid hotels; finest beach on Atlantic Coast; best sea and sound fishing; electric train service to city. No end to indoor and outdoor amusements. Reduced railroad rates. For literature and other information write to

E. L. Hinton, Mgr. Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
C. E. Hooper, Mgr. Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
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Men's Linen Suits STODDARDIZED 50c

The price of STODDARDIZING Men's Woolen Suits is ONE DOLLAR---but we STODDARDIZE Men's Linen or Palm Beach Suits for FIFTY CENTS.

A WAGON FOR A PHONE CALL.

We pay Charges (one way) on Out-of-Town Orders of $2 or more.

Stoddard 126 Peachtree Street Bell Phone, Ivy 43 Atlanta Phone 43 — Dixie's Greatest Dry Cleaner and Dyer

WHY FEEL TIRED? TRY LIVER EASE

Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. nTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Helen Brantley	208,100
George Rosser	207,415
Miss Frankie J. Smith	189,500
Josephine Simril	158,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	149,075
Hill McCalla	106,350
Wyman Conrad	102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,750
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65,665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,320
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Elizabeth Garwood	180,925
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	179,870
Paul M. Clark	178,990
Miss Robert Harbour	177,815
Edmund Hurt	159,050
Miss Idele Shaw	142,105
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	68,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P. Tucker	21,250
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Charles L. Stevens	195,650
Willett Mathews	192,550
Mildred Brickman	183,980
J. P. Goets, Jr.	150,985
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Florence Greenoe	225,385
Herbert Chapman	219,980
Fannie Mae Cook	218,600
Eleanor Raoul	202,850
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,478
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,200
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.00.

To the candidate in this district having the third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134,050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	152,300
William Turner	151,565
Edward DeLoach	150,325
Miss Beverly Swanton	149,900
Miss Susanne Springer	126,957
Edgar Wilson	38,395
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	25,965

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Henry Hull	119,300
George H. Melton	118,395
A. Morrison	116,950
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	105,200
Philip Gilstein	89,850
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Raymond Wilkinson	214,650
Ross Greer	210,955
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	192,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,050
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
R. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox, Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,650
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,433
Jos. Miliam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,856
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Billie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lydia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win? The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P. M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR SAVANNAH AND SOUTH GEORGIA

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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Golfers Go 35 Miles In Just 1,087 Strokes

Experts Play From Maidstone to Littleton on the Sea on a Wager.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—To cover 35 miles in 1,087 strokes is a feat that two golfers accomplished in playing from Maidstone to Littleton-on-the-Sea.

How this came about a well-known golfer offered to bet Neville Foster, of the Ashdown Forest Golf Club, and W. Warman, of the Newton Green Golf Club, that they could not play from Forest row to Crowborough over the woodland heather and hills, a distance of eight miles, in 350 strokes. The bet was taken and the task accomplished in 184 strokes.

Waiters Back of Bill To Prevent 'Tipping'

Measure Provides Fine for Both 'Tipper' and Recipient of Bounty, and Reward for Informer.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An ordinance to end "tipping" has been passed by the City Council and will now go to the House of Delegates, where it is expected it will be speedily adopted, and, with the signature of the Mayor, become a law.

This ordinance has had the backing of the union waiters of St. Louis, who are now striking in the principal hotels and restaurants. The bill provides a fine of from $10 to $50 for each offense, both the "tipper" and recipient of the "tip" being subject to fine, and the informer to receive half of the fine.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Suffragists Plan National Campaign

Women Who Now Possess Franchise Will Aid Movement In All Other States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans for a widespread campaign for "votes for women" to be carried into all the States of the Union not now having suffrage will be laid at a conference of the National Council of Woman Voters here August 13, 14 and 15. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the congressional committee headquarters of the council.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Porter Charlton Makes 'Xmas Date

American Ordered Extradited to Italy Confident He Will Be Back in Few Months.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 26.—Porter Charlton, the young man who has been ordered extradited to Italy to stand trial for the murder of his wife, seems to be apparently unconcerned about the outcome of the trial, and openly stated that he would be back in America again for Christmas. Although the United States Government has ordered him sent back to Italy, he confidently told a friend yesterday that he would soon return.

"Don't you worry," he is reported as saying. "I'll make an engagement with you next Christmas at Churchill's."

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

'Imperator' Is Too Small, Says Captain

Greatest Vessel Afloat Is Already Fully Booked for Next Two Voyages West.

Special Cable to The American.

PLYMOUTH, July 26.—"The Imperator is too small; we want larger vessels," exclaimed Captain Ruser, when, after landing the greatest ship in the world at this port to-day, he was told that the Imperator is already fully booked for her next two westward trips.

The Imperator proceeded from here to Cherbourg and Hamburg. On the way over there were three days of such extreme heat that many experienced stokers were unable to work. The average speed for the voyage was 22.5 knots and the best single day's run was 540 miles.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to be used for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Declares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by "Mrs." Belle Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evifiences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Develpoments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by hisself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

Washington Society Trembles

'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says: "Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employes

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, today decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"I will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer in Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Company for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

MOTOR RACES
TUESDAY, July 29
8:15 P. M.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. These constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

BIJOU THIS WEEK

NORMAN FRIEDENWALD'S Hilarious Musical Farce COMEDY,

THE GIRL FROM DUBLIN

The liveliest, most tuneful and up-to-the-minute musical comedy show of the season.

1 1-2 HOURS OF FUN.
PRETTY GIRLS.
GREAT SCENIC EFFECTS.
20—FUN MAKERS—20.
SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE.
TUNEFUL MUSICAL NUMBERS.
Daily Matinees. Night Shows at 7:30 and 9.
BARGAIN PRICES.

GRAND
WEEK JULY 28
DAILY AT 2:30 & 8:30
CARNEGIE MUSEUM ALASKA SIBERIAN PICTURES AND FIRST RUN FEATURES
MATINEES 10 CTS.
NIGHT 10-15-25 CTS.
GET THE GRAND HABIT

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST THEATER
FORSYTH WEEK OF JULY 28 Daily at 2:30 and 8:30
The Famous Character Comedian
JOE WELCH
ELSA WARD, KARL CRESS, CUNNINGHAM & MARION
Robt. Dailey & Co. (OUR BOB)
DOLAN & LENBARR CO. "SOME MIND-READER"
KEITH VAUDEVILLE
NEXT WEEK
EVEREST'S MONKEY HIPPODROME
The Novelty of Modern Vaudeville

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privilege and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unles it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1458 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline, and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, in difference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but it will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case, until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1436 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the military forces have been called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "And person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempest to go orto remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5369 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the light of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Bartholomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Parr. He said he had been living at Goshen and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband

Cites Story of His First Wife

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr. Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

"He falsely and fraudulently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, 'that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysteria shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said:

"Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother, instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Buy a Diamond On Monthly Payments

You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

Say you wanted a diamond ring at $250. You pay one-fifth ($50.00) cash and settle the deferred balance in ten equal monthly payments of $20.55 each.

This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

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Gold and Silversmiths,
31-33 Whitehall Street,
Established 1867.

Atlanta Conservatory of Music

Announces its complete reorganization under the general direction of MORTIMER WILSON, CONDUCTOR ATLANTA PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 2
Peachtree and Broad Streets Atlanta, Georgia
Unsurpassed Advantages
PROSPECTUS AUGUST 1
DEPARTMENTS: Theory and Composition, Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Orchestral Instruments, Technical Lectures, Artist Recitals, Orchestra Routine, Chorus Singing, Public School Music, Music-Kindergarten, etc. Bureau-Extension.

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Stop That Whooping Cough WITH THE McFAUL Whooping Cough Powders
Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*
For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.
Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.
By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.
The McFaul Medicine Company
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CAN EFFECTIVELY REMEDY THE WORST OF
YOUR TOOTH TROUBLES
AND THERE IS NO REASON WHY YOU SHOULD PAY TWO OR THREE PRICES FOR IT
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BEST MATERIALS USED


OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:
Set of Teeth, $5 Gold Filling $1
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Teeth Cleaned, New Process . . . . . $1 Up
EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE

OPEN AIR CONCERTS
GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK
Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

There is a well-defined, positive and aggressive movement on to nominate Governor John M. Slaton for Senator in next year's primary.

The Governor himself is not known to be a party to it, and the impression is that he is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrashed out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith, and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why, then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House, and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlanta.

On the other hand, the Senator's unloving friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

SEASHORE
EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers

An actual snapshot of a slashed skirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.



Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap, trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 171 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent. or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Takes Off Freckles, Removes Tan.



Beautify your complexion. Get rid of those freckles. You can invest 50c in a jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM and they'll disappear. Severe cases may require two jars—no more. We positively guarantee this, and if your complexion isn't fully restored to its natural beauty, we agree to refund your money without argument. And in addition, WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is a fine, fragrant toilet cream. Doesn't cause hair to grow and does positively remove TAN and FRECKLES. Try it at our risk. Price 50c—sent by mail if desired. Mammoth jars $1.00. WILSON'S FAIR SKIN SOAP 25c. Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C., makers. For sale and guaranteed by all druggists.

PONY CONTEST GROWS RED HOT IN FINAL WEEK

Four Days Left in Race for Shetlands—Splendid Chance for Every Entry.

Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "traflers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

Good Breeding Shown.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

It is not necessary, the contest manager explains, to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Four More Busy Days.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid, admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK
$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

Bifocals and Lenses Ground to Order at Lowest Prices

Columbian Optical Co.
81-83 Whitehall Street---With Columbian Book Co.

DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Cooper, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life in Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The will of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here, leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This had been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE

IOWA CITY, IOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising

and You'll Enjoy Your Breakfast



NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doing out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elimination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores
And Druggists Generally

NUXCARA
Cures Indigestion!

Indigestion and all its accompanying evils—headache, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and irritability—can be completely and permanently cured.

TAKE NUXCARA
3 Times a Day

One-half hour before each meal. Then eat what you please, for NUXCARA will instantly relieve while gradually effecting a permanent cure.

NUXCARA is a pure vegetable preparation.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST
$1.00 a bottle, 6 for $5.00

Lamar-Rankin Drug Co.
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Special Atlanta Agents
106 N. Pryor 11 N. Broad St.

Manufactured by the NUXCARA Co., Atlanta

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

• • •

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

• • •

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

• • •

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

• • •

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

• • •

He may depose the Sultan.

• • •

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Always, as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulfilled his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

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CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



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GOLD CROWN (22-K) $3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS ..... .25
GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
CLEANING TEETH ..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street.

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

FATHER SENT SEVEN SONS TO WAR BETWEEN STATES

QUARRYVILLE, PA., July 26.—The death of George W. Bierly, of Eden township, recalls the fact that he and six of his brothers served in the Civil War. When the conflict started their father told his seven sons it was their duty to enlist, and all did so. One was killed at Bowling Green, Ky. The remaining six returned from the army, and of them only one now survives, Taylor Bierly, of Parkesburg, Pa.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

CEREMONY IMPRESSION AS SON BAPTIZES FATHER

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Being baptized by his own son, according to Baptist Church rites, was the experience of Charles Bentzien, 90 years old, father of the assistant pastor of the Temple Baptist Church, who also was formerly of the White Temple at Portland. The occasion was attended by impressive ceremonies.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of 80,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

I Want a Partner

He must be a live citizen and have a few thousand dollars—from $1,000 to $5,000.

I ask nothing more than I have to offer.

This is an opportunity to make $5,000 a year. State age, amount you have to invest and give references.

ADDRESS HUSTLER
Box 600
Care Hearst's Sunday American
Atlanta, Ga.

BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it. If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast. Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

SALOON CLOSES ITS DOORS WHEN PET CAT DISAPPEARS

CINCINNATI, July 26.—"Closed on account of the loss of Scotty's black cat, 'Nigger,'" read a sign on the door of Scotty's saloon for one day. Several days ago the cat, who is looked upon as a member of the family, disappeared. Two days passed and the cat did not put in an appearance, so Scotty hung out a sign draped in green tissue paper and bordered by carnations to tell his customers that he had closed the saloon in mourning for the cat.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thunderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 5243 Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

We Can Again Supply the Demand for the two New Style

Euphona
Player-Pianos
Prices $475 and $600



The June Bride's Piano
New
Euphona Player-Piano
Value Supreme Among Player-Pianos

It makes musicians of us all.

The highest type of piano-player mechanism yet produced.

Contains many (exclusive patented) advantages and is concealed within the case of a

Beautiful Tone Piano

possessing a delightful touch for hand playing as well as with music rolls.

$25 worth of music rolls, stool and scarf included FREE.

Your silent piano taken in exchange.

Pay cash or by the month.

15th Midsummer Piano Sale

Bargains in rebuilt pianos taken in part payment for Euphonas.

Conover — Mahogany case, 7 1-3 octaves; very good. Cost new $400; sale price $225

Walworth — Large size; mahogany case; fine order. Cost new $250; sale price $150

Estey — Mahogany, upright grand, in good, fine tone. Cost new $300; sale price..... $125

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SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Tifton

TIFTON, July 26.—Mrs. Vina Henderson, of Bainbridge, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Oren Roberts.

Mrs. R. W. Goodman and children left Thursday for Odessadale.

Miss Jeanne Philbaut, of Napoleonville, La., is the guest of Miss Effie Scarboro.

Miss Winnifred Cumlin, who was the guest of Miss Maurine Ridgdill, left Thursday for St. Marys.

Miss Marion Wooley returned to Atlanta Thursday.

Mrs. R. D. Smith is the guest of her brother, A. H. Smith, in Cordele.

Mrs. W. M. Thurman and children, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Harman.

Miss Tommie McGuirt is the guest of Miss Ella Sanford in Thomasville.

Mrs. A. P. Hunter and son, Frank, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Timmons.

Miss Cora Stephens is in Macon.

Mrs. R. C. Postell and son, Carlisle, returned Wednesday from Atlanta, Monticello and other North Georgia points.

Misses Maurine and Wilma Ridgdill, Winnifred Cumlin, Lula Mae and Estelle Morgan, Marie and Sarah Colcord and Bessie Murrow were the members of a picnic party to Murrow Springs Wednesday. Mrs. J. B. Murrow and Mrs. J. S. Ridgdill were the chaperons.

Miss Alexandra Rhodes entertained at tea Wednesday in honor of Miss Marguerite Drake, of Thomasville. Those present were Misses Marguerite Drake, Effie Scarboro, Maude and Nellie Timmons and Alexandra Rhodes, John Fountain, Lennon Bowen, Dr. C. R. Dickert, Dr. E. B. Mount, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Eason and Mrs. L. A. Rhodes.

Mrs. L. P. Thurman entertained Wednesday for little Miss Anna Sheppard Thurman, of Atlanta Rook, hearts dice and upjinks were played. Misses Grace Fulwood and Laura Coe served punch.

Mrs. I. L. Ford chaperoned a picnic party to Lucy Lake Tuesday. Those in the party were Misses Wynona and Floy Ford and Aurelia Hargrett, Ben Moore, C. E. Foy, Arthur Hollingsworth and Dr. E. B. Mount.

Milledgeville

MILLEDGEVILLE, July 26.—The marriage of Miss Tillie Smith, of Montezuma, to E. Culver Kidd took place at Montezuma Wednesday.

Mr. Kidd was accompanied to Montezuma by O. R. Horton, Malcolm Flemister, Stewart, Wootten and George Nottingham, of Macon.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr and Mrs. Kidd left for Savannah, embarking for New York, Niagara, Toronto and a run through Thousand Islands, stopping on their way home at Washington.

Mrs. Carlyle Cobb, of Athens, is visiting Mrs. Ed Treanor.

Miss Clara Williams has returned from the mountains and Waynesboro, Va.

Misses Effie and Marie Grenade are attending a house party at Hurtsboro, Ala.

Mrs. T. O. Powell, Mrs. Julia West, Misses Jessie Allen, Julia Conn and Francis Conn are visiting Tallulah Falls.

Judge and Mrs. E. R. Hines entertained the men's class of the Methodist Sunday school last Thursday.

Miss Mary Lawrence is visiting Barnesville.

Miss Bertha Gholson has returned from a visit to Florida.

Miss Venie Montgomery has returned from a visit to Oconee Springs.

Miss Myrtle McDermot is attending a house party at Agricola.

Jackson

JACKSON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Copeland, Mrs. Emma Mallett and Miss Mary Newton form a party of Jackson people at St. Simons Island.

Miss Georgia Rice, of Atlanta, is the guest of Miss Helen Smith and was the honor guest at a dinner party Saturday evening at the Wigwam, Indian Springs.

Miss Rosa Newton leaves Tuesday for a two months' stay in the North.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Carmichael are in Baltimore.

Miss Julia Curry is being entertained as the guest of Miss Fannie Belle Waits, in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawson have returned to their home in Dublin after a visit with Mrs. W. J. Wood and Mrs. E. C. Robinson.

Miss Clio Carmichael is spending some time as the guest of Miss Margaret Rushton and Mrs. Stewart Roberts in Atlanta.

Misses Vera and Jessie Jones have as their guest Miss Carrie Knott, of Locust Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Carreker left Wednesday for a visit with relatives in Zebulon.

Mrs. H. A. Butner and sister, Miss Roberts, of Greenville, S. C., are guests of Mrs. C. A. Butner and Miss Annie Lou McCord.

Mrs. J. W. Crum is at home from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Sasnett Crum in Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Annie Catchings Crum is visiting Miss Annie Kieth in Spartanburg.

DON'T FEAR SUNBURN



CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 2G, Boston. Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, July 26.—For her guest, Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, Miss Alice Parker was the hostess on Thursday evening at a porch party.

Miss Caroline Higgins left this week for a visit to friends in New Jersey and Maryland.

Miss Alice Parker has returned from a visit to friends in Moultrie.

Miss Mary Merrill and Miss May Patten will leave next week for East Orange, N. J.

Miss Marianne Watt will leave on Monday for Savannah, where she will spend a short time as the guest of Miss Margaret Charlton.

Miss Floride Stevens, of Norfolk, is the guest of Mrs. F. L. MacIntyre.

Miss Minnie Weldon is spending some time at Pablo Beach, Fla.

Miss Josephine Porter, of Apalachicola, Fla., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Peacock.

Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, is visiting Miss Alice Parker.

Mrs. M. R. Mallette left this week for Montgomery and will later go to Baltimore for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Kate Mack left this week for New York for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Emmie Plowden, of Dickey, was the guest this week of Mrs. W. A. Pringle, Jr.

Miss Susie May Dreger, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. T. C. Mitchell.

Miss McGuir, of Tifton, is the guest of Miss Ella Sandford.

Mrs. Rhydon Mays and children left this week for Marietta and will spend the remainder of the summer at the Whitlock House in that city.

Miss Myrtle Goff, of Valdosta, is visiting Mrs. R. W. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Loveless left this week for Tiverton, R. I., where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Miss Lilly May McKinley, of Atlanta, is the guest for a short time of Miss Mattie Rigsby.

Mrs. M. G. Thornton, of Abbeville, Ala., and Mrs. R. N. Thornton, of Dothan, are the guests of Mrs. R. L. Dekle.

Miss Hilton Evans, of Tampa, Fla., is visiting Mrs. William McMillen.

Fitzgerald

FITZGERALD, July 26.—A lawn party was given by Miss Emily Griffin in honor of her cousin, Miss Edith Harrell, of Cumberland, this week.

Those invited were Dorothy Thurmond, Margaret Wise, Elizabeth McCarty, Martha Turner, Martha Bell Spiller, Merle Scarborough, Corrine Womble, Marion Dunn, Laura Whitley, Hazel Mayes, Mildred Hall, Lillie Mae Hughes, Josephine Manning, Maud Paulk and Mamie Calloway.

Mrs. James Oates, of Live Oak, Fla., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Chandler.

Mrs. J. E. Anderson is visiting in Montgomery.

Mrs. J. W. Swearinger has returned to her home in Jacksonville after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Sedlmyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Adams and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Reid have gone to Cumberland Island.

Mrs. Ackerman and children left recently for a visit in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. D. Mashburn and daughters, Misses Emmie and Mayme, left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. B. Braswell, of Fitzgerald, is visiting her friend, Miss Corinne Cunyus. Mrs. Braswell is remembered in Atlanta as Miss Johnnie Broughton.

Miss Helen Matthews returned Tuesday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. R. Tippett and Miss Eugene Blade, of Hawkinsville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holder.

Fay Wyman and Miss Mary Paul were quietly married recently.

Miss Atha Meyer entertained Monday at a reception in honor of her attractive guest, Miss Annie Browning, of Lakeland, Fla., and Mr. and Mrs. Yancey M. Bowles, who were recently married.

LaGrange

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Mrs. J. A. Jones, of Summit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. L. Edwards.

Miss Louise Freeman is the guest of Mrs. Louise Young.

Misses Edith Lupton, of Atlanta, and Florence Smith, of Ysilanti, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith.

Mrs. Milam has as her guests Misses Martha Jarell, Mary White and Marion Taylor, of Greenville.

Miss Stella Broadfield has returned from a two weeks' visit as the guest of Mrs. Tom Patterson, of McDonough.

Miss Eleanor Dunson, after visiting in Atlanta and McDonough, has returned to LaGrange.

Misses Sarah and Francis Mathews, of Decatur, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Market.

Misses Salome Bradfield and Mary Scott are the attractive guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bradfield.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis entertained in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Lance, of Hannibal, Mo.

Besides the guests of honor, the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Jim Lane, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Willis, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hutchinson, Misses Stella and Julia Bradfield, Mary Scott, Ruth Slack and Messrs. Searcy Slack and Lloyd Bradfield.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—Misses Gladys and Zeta White are expected home next week from Savannah, where they have been the guests of Miss Gladys Cassells. Miss Cassells will probably accompany them home for a visit in Cartersville.

Miss Rachel McEntyre had as her guests last week Misses Lucy Green and Gladys Mitchell, of Atlanta, and Miss Lonnie Mae McEntyre, of Rock Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Womelsdorf entertained Tuesday evening with a delightful swimming party. After the swimming a supper was served at the clubhouse, followed by songs and conversation. Later in the evening a watermelon cutting was enjoyed.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Young and family, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Peeples and family, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Akin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Munford, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Felton Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Granger, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Stella Brumby, Harry Womelsdorf, Mrs. Lila Morgan, Captain J. J. Calhoun, Garner Jones and John Calhoun.

Misses Mildred Matthews and Sue Lou Hull left Wednesday morning for Woolsey, where they will be guests at a house party given by Miss Addie Lou Sams.

Miss Robena Shaw, of Atlanta, is the attractive guest of Miss Irene Shaw.

Miss Ethel Adair returned home Tuesday from a visit to Rome.

Thursday evening the younger set enjoyed a moonlight picnic at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Ruohs Pyron.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Mrs. J. L. Walker and daughter, Miss Annie Laurie Walker, have returned from St. Simons Island.

Miss Annie May Bates, of Willis-ton, S. C., is the guest of relatives.

Miss Ora Scarborough has returned to her home in Statesboro.

Miss Myrtise Adams was the guest of relatives in Blackshear this week.

Miss Sarah Houk has gone to Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Norvel returned Wednesday from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bates, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bates, will return to their home at Elko, S. C., to-morrow.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran leaves shortly for Tennessee.

Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children have returned from a visit to White Oak.

Miss Ethel Broadshaw, of Charleston, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. H. S. DuBose.

Mrs. W. A. McKnight is visiting in Macon.

Mrs. C. E. Williamson and little daughter are visiting in Sylvester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tubbs returned this week from a visit to Black Mountain, N. C.

Mrs. R. E. Finn and children left this week for St. Simons.

Miss Clara Wood, of Brunswick, is visiting Mrs. R. T. Hitch.

Mrs. B. T. Pharr and two daughters, of Houston, are guests of Mrs. A. M. Litch.

Mrs. Emma Mannin, of Dublin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Brewer.

Mrs. A. M. Bailey and children returned Wednesday from McDonald.

Mrs. G. W. Julian, of Tifton, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. Crawley.

Mrs. W. R. Beach left this week for Philadelphia.

Mrs J. T. Strickland visited friends at Bickley this week.

Miss Grace Taylor left Wednesday for Virginia.

Mrs. McIntosh Noble left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Rachael McRee returned to her home at Kinderlou Thursday after a visit to Misses Lucile and Nell Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Page Anderson and Mrs. Wayne Walker have returned from a visit to Pablo Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Knight, Jr., spent the week on St. Simons Island.

Mrs. T. F. Broadwater has returned from a visit to relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. W. M. Bird has returned from a visit to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Otis Bell was the guest this week of relatives in Quitman.

Misses Lucile Sutton and Ellen Goodrich have returned from Jacksonville.

Crawfordsville

CRAWFORDSVILLE, July 26.—Miss Virginia Butler, of Madison, is spending several days as the guest of Miss Frances Burges.

Misses Caroline and Mary Emma Gee are visiting in Lithonia as the guests of Miss Lillie Mae Hughes, who is entertaining a house party of her Chicora College girl friends.

Miss Kathleen Melton has returned from Monticello, where she has been spending some time with Miss Davidson.

One of the interesting social events of the week was the marriage of Miss Thelma Williams to Boykin Hollis.

Among the Crawfordsville people who are spending the week at Daniel Springs, a popular resort near here, are Colonel and Mrs. J. A. Beazley, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Beazley, Mrs. H. M. Holden and family, Miss Minnie Olive Park, Mrs. J. W. Tucker, and Mrs. E. D. Anthony.

What bids fair to be one of the events of the season for Crawfordsville society is the house party of Brenau girls that Miss Lillian Asbury will entertain during the first week in August. Among those expected to come are Misses Crawford, of Lexington; Miss Laing, of Dawson; Miss Brock, of Carrollton; Miss Allen, of Elberton, and Miss Wyche, of Alabama.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Mrs. John T. Blalock and children have returned to Valdosta from North Georgia.

Mrs. James Wooten and her little daughter, Katherine, reached Valdosta from Savannah this week and are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Norris Pinder.

Miss Julia Lambert, of Athens, is turned from Pablo Beach.

Mrs. Lorena McCully and her little granddaughter, Mary Lorena, left Tuesday for St. Marys.

Miss Gussie Spence, of Pelham, is visiting her brother, E. J. Spence.

The W. C. T. U. had an ice cream festival in the courthouse square on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Bitzer and family have gone to Harrisonburg, Va.

Mrs. W. W. Carpenter and her little daughter have gone to their home at Plymouth, Fla.

Mrs. Henry Pullen, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. J. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McCully, Mrs. D. W. Aldman and Misses Harriet and Mary Converse left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Luelle Strickland left last Monday for Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stampler and children left Wednesday for Columbia, S. C., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Smith Davis left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and her daughters have returned from Pablo Beach.

Misses Annabel Converse and Virginia Varnedoe have gone to Waycross to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Dimmock.

Miss Gertrude Monroe has returned from Jacksonville. She was accompanied home by her little cousin, Miss Eloise Roberts.

Camilla

CAMILLA, July 26.—Miss Maude Haddock, of Kestler; Miss Katie McCall, of Atapulgus, and Miss Patty Wilson, of Bainbridge, are the guests of Mrs. Robin Cochran.

Miss Fannie Haynes, of Lommerton, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. McNight.

Miss Lucile Black, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Claude Davis.

Miss Rose Cox and her sister, Mrs. E. E. Cox, are spending the summer in Marietta.

Miss Margaret Hughes, of Cordele, is the guest of Miss Susie Belle Hughes.

Mrs. G. A. Gibbs, of Homerville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Collins.

Miss Willa Veta Almand, who has been the visitor of Mrs. J. C. Wilson, went to Albany yesterday, where she will visit Miss Susie Brown.

Miss Emma Bibb, of Kinderlou, is visiting Miss Marceline Twitty.

Mrs. R. L. Pope left Tuesday for Albany.

Miss Sarah Hilliard is visiting Miss Maude Livingston in Newton.

Miss Sadie May Wade has gone to Cuthbert, where she will be the guest of Miss Mary Davenport.

Miss Kathlene Acree has returned after a visit to Miss Seveille Arthur, of Albany.

Miss Myrtle Brown is expecting Miss Lillian Britt, of Tifton, as her guest.

Miss Marie Owen, of Enterprise, Ala., is the guest of Miss Mary Baggs.

Miss Susie Belle Hughes and her mother, Mrs. E. A. Hughes, are visiting relatives in Monticello, Fla.

Mrs. S. J. Faircloth, of Quitman, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth, has returned home.

Miss Leah Gardner, of Pavo, is the guest of Mrs. B. C. Gardner.

Miss Annie Ruth Spence is in Quitman visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. B. Bennett.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Groover, of Savannah, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth.

Miss Verdi Holton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Kate Bolton, in Fort Valley.

Mrs. J. C. Turner entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Faircloth and Misses Agnes Acree and Annie May Collins left Friday for an automobile trip on the Gulf Coast.

Miss Ruth Collins, of Holder, Fla., is visiting relatives.

Mrs. Wilson Joiner, of Albany, returned home after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Joiner.

Miss Freddie Wade and her mother, Mrs. J. P. Wade, of Quitman, are the guests of Mrs. J. P. McRee.

Mrs. Sam Kendel, of Albany, is spending the week-end with Mrs. G. W. Swindle.

Mrs. J. T. Fenn and little daughter, with Miss May Travis, have returned to their home in Birmingham after a visit to Mrs. L. J. Hay.

Miss Hattie Heath returned home Monday from Moultrie, where she was the guest of honor at a house party given her by Miss Lucile Autry.

Mrs. R. T. Cochran and children are visiting relatives in Shellman.

Miss Susie Fleming returned Saturday after a visit to her sister in Tifton.

Villa Rica

VILLA RICA, July 6.—A social event of much interest was the marriage of Miss Annie Powell, of Villa Rica, and Robin Lowry Berry, of Jonesboro, Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. C. A. Jamison officiating.

Miss Caroline Marchman, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor and Claude H. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro, was best man.

Little Misses Ellen Powell and Nell Jiles were the flower girls. H. G. Robertson and I. A. Scotts were the ushers.

Following the wedding, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Powell tendered the wedding party and guests a reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry will spend a week at Franklin, N. C., after which they will return to Villa Rica, where they will reside in future.

Why Endure Sore Feet

Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble.



Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.

Cordele

CORDELE, July 26.—Wednesday afternoon Mrs. J. S. Sheppard was the hostess to the members of the Young Matrons' Club. Rook was the game played.

Mrs. J. H. Shipp made highest score and was presented a cutglass salad bowl. Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines, being honor guests, they were presented with evening fans.

Miss Marie Scandrett has returned from several weeks' stay with friends at Little Rock, Mobile and Birmingham.

Miss Inez Hyman will leave early in August for a visit to Miss Mamie Slade at Griffin.

Miss Mary McArthur has returned from a stay with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Farrior, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. Leo Marshall and children, of Jacksonville, are visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. Coffman, of Johnson City, Tenn., are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fenn.

Mrs. Arthur Wheeler and Mrs. C. B. Whatley entertained at a series of afternoon parties during the week in honor of their house guests, Mrs. Odell Allison Gilbert, of West Virginia, and Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Livingston are spending the summer with relatives at Seneca and Greenville, S. C.

Misses Stell Colwell and Birdie Bulloch are spending the week-end at St. Simons.

Miss Van Mitchell, of Butler, is the guest of Mrs. William Scandrett.

Miss Lamar Ryals is being entertained at the home of Miss Rose Tate at Shelbyville, Tenn.

Miss Mabel Barber has returned from a visit to Captain and Mrs. Sam Barber at Vidalia.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church was entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. Edward Stallings.

Mrs. M. R. Smith entertained with a party Wednesday morning.

Eastman

EASTMAN, July 26.—Mrs. John H. Hargrove is visiting in Dothan, Ala.

Miss Annamaude Burch left a few days ago for Winder.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gentry and children are spending a few days with relatives in Decatur.

Mrs. Fred R. Hall, of Blakely, has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Prince are in New York.

Mrs. J. D. Herrman and daughter, Miss Hortense, are spending the summer at Far Rockaway, Long Island.

Mrs. W. R. Hall and son, Harris, after spending a week with relatives in Macon, have returned home.

Mrs. J. W. Morris and daughter, Mary Ann, are spending the summer in Selma, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Sapp and daughter, who have been spending a few days in Nashville, Ga., have returned home.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts is spending a few days with friends and relatives in Macon.

Miss Claudie Bailley spent last Sunday in Gresston.

Mrs. E. Rothols, of Darlington, S. C., was honor guest at a reception given by her daughter, Mrs. Harry Hirsch, this week. The other guest of honor was Miss Miriam Morgan, of Savannah.

Mrs. H. R. Cooke has been spending the past two weeks in Indian Springs and Tallulah Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brock have returned from a trip to South Carolina.

Misses Corinne Beverly and Lucile Matthews are the guests of Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. Fred Walters, of Cordele, and Miss Ann Hughes, of Statesboro, are the guests of Mrs. Bob Wynne.

Miss Sylvia Harris, of Montgomery, will be the guest of Mrs. App Herrman.

Miss Catherine Pennington is at home after spending the past three weeks with friends and relatives in Atlanta, Covington, Shady Dale and Tallulah Falls.

Thursday evening a party of young folks was invited to meet Miss Corinne Beverly and Miss Lucile Mathews, of Hawkinsville, and Albert Hargrove at a porch party given by Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. J. A. Paxson and little daughter, Eugenia, are the guests of relatives in Abbeville.

Mrs. Earle C. Chandler, of Valdosta, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Burch.

Miss Mayme Arthur is the guest of friends and relatives in Cuthbert.

Miss Anice Johnson, of Atlanta, and LeRoy Johnson, of Macon, are spending a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson.

Miss Estora Jackson, who has been on a visit to Cochran, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Hewitt and children, of Leesburg, Fla., are the guests of Miss Kyle Arthur.

Miss Julia Hall left a few days ago for a few weeks' visit to Macon, Monticello and other North Georgia towns.

Misses Valeria and Marjorie McGee are spending a few days with relatives in McRae.

Mrs. T. H. Edwards and Miss Mary Charter left this week for Chalybeate Springs.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilkins have returned from a visit to Atlanta.

Mrs. W. L. Mathers and little daughter, Martha Doane, have returned to their home in Macon.

Mrs. M. A. Earle, of McRae, is the guest of relatives.

Miss Julia Hall entertained the "Noisy Nine" Friday evening in honor of Miss Emily Bealer's guest, Miss Kathleen McKnight, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, July 26.—Mrs. Buford Boykin, who has been at Piedmont Springs, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cheney, of Savannah, arrived in the city Monday.

Miss Bessie Smith has ben visiting in Atlanta the past week.

Miss Mattie Jones, of Griffin, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Griffin.

Mrs. R. A. Jolly returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Isabel Fitts left the first of the week for Piedmont Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McPherson, of Atlanta, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. W. H. Turner and daughters, Rosebud and Mary, left Saturday for a two weks' visit at Copper Hill, Tenn., and Culverson, N. C.

Mrs. T. A. Conner and little daughter, Dorothy, of Bainbridge, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Edith Couch and Miss Ruby Martin, of Atlanta, are the guests of Miss Elizabeth Edmondson.

Miss Mattie Lou Houston, of Dawson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Pace.

Mrs. Robert Creel, of Jasper, Ala., is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. T. H. Collins, of Atlanta, has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. H. Turner.

Mrs. Robert Fitts and little sons, Andrew and Frances, left Friday for Newnan and Turin.

Miss Ethel Tumlin, of Birmingham, will arrive Saturday to be the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. J. Tumlin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Padgett, of Atlanta, arrived in the city Saturday.

Mr. Will Webb and Miss Marie Perdue were married Sunday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Edmendson officiating.

Miss Winnie Reeves is visiting friends in Grantville.

Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Lovvorn, of Bowdon spent Sunday in the city, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Roop.

Misses Mary and Winnie Austin and Mary Snead are visiting friends near Temple.

Miss Lizzie Radford, of Monroe, is the guest of Mrs. R. D. Jackson.

Mrs. Hilton Tyus entertained the Ladies Bridge Club Wednesday.

Mrs. William Lyle, left Tuesday for her home in Augusta.

Mrs. J. A. Bass and Miss Maude Bass left Tuesday for Birmingham.

Mrs. L. J. Brock and children and Mrs. J. R. Miller left Tuesday for Lithonia.

Mrs. W. L. Fitts entertained a few friends Tuesday afternoon at a sewing party.

Miss Grace Blalock returned Sunday from a visit to her sister, Mrs. T. E. Maxwell, of LaGrange.

Mrs. J. H. Garrett left Monday for a visit to friends and relatives in Edwardsville, Ala.

Mrs. T. B. Bailey, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, of Bristol, Va., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson.

Mrs. Henri Honrath, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Brown.

Miss Alice Weems returned Saturday from a visit to Jacksonville, Ala.

Mrs. J. D. Perryman left Monday for Tallapoosa.

Miss Bell Hitchcock, of Atlanta, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nelle McKown.

Mesdames C. E. Roop and Fannie Veal returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs.

Miss Annie Slade left Tuesday for Columbus.

Mrs. W. A. A. Anderson, of Washington, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown.

The Jokers' Club met Tuesday afternoon with Miss Annie Maude New.

Miss Elma Boykin will leave Friday for Gillsville.

Satisfaction in glasses depends upon their fitting properly.

We strive for the best in refracting, in grinding and in fitting.

Oculist service at opticians' prices. L. N. Huff Optical Company, two stores, 70 Whitehall, 52 W. Mitchell. Adv.

Glooms Disappear When You Enter The Bonita Theater.

No gloom can stand the fun-dispensing Allen and Kenna company at the Bonita Theater. They are the delight of thousands who visit this beautiful little playhouse and capacity has been the houses since the first day of this company. Good singing, dancing, pretty girls and clever comedians; that's the story.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Eczema, Rheumatism, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Hoops
No Wood
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE $1.95

PACK IT—THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is *no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining* your *arms* and *back, no opening* the freezer to "see" *if* it is freezing, *no extra packing in of ice.* All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—*you.*

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has *two freezing surfaces.* The old-fashioned freezer had only *one* freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the *center* and from the *outside,* too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co., 326 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Ex.

A New Victrola

At The

Cable Piano Co.

$75

With Record Cabinet

The first Victrola equipped with record cabinet sold for less than $1.00.

This new Victrola gives the Records a most wonderful Tone.

Mahogany or oak cabinet—all the very latest improvements—tapering tone arm, "goose neck" sound box tube, brake, speed regulator and indicator. Extra heavy double spring, spiral drive motor (can be wound while playing.



Pay $10 Down

$7.50 Monthly

Call and see this best of all Victrola values, dollar for dollar considered.

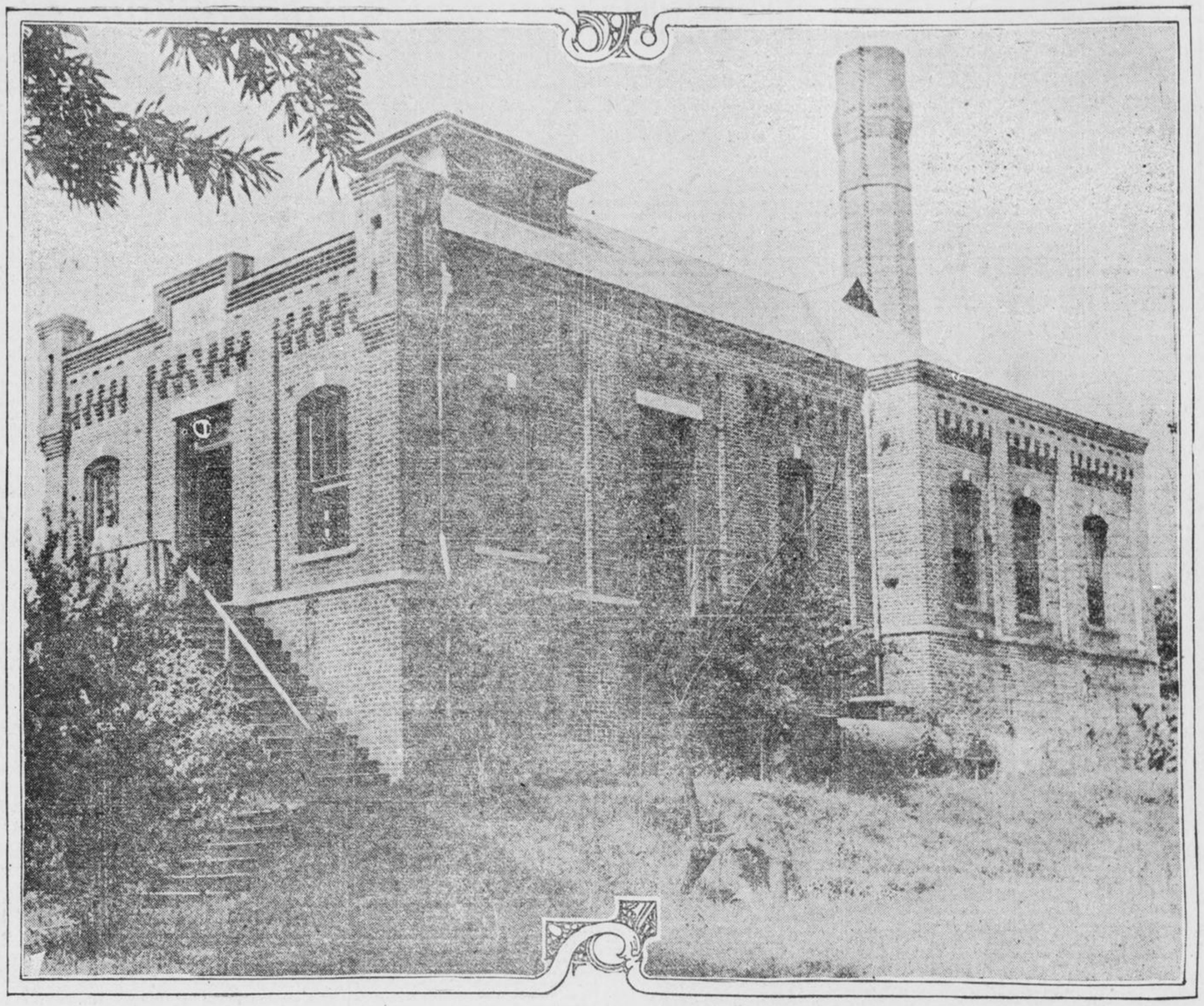
Cable Piano Company

Geo. W. Wilkins, President.

82 & 84 N. Broad St.

ATLANTA

Rome Buys Central Station Electric Current For Her 4,000,000-Gallon City Pump



ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

CONTRACT DEP'T

Georgia Railway & Power Company

ATLANTA

Savannah

Latest News of South Georgia

Waycross

STATE SCHOOL BOOK PRINTING IS DENOUNCED

Superintendent of Education of Chatham County Declares Plan Is Entirely Impracticable.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Otis Ashmore, Superintendent of Schools in Chatham County, is opposed to the plan of having textbooks published by the State. Ashmore says that the talk of high price of school books is buncombe, and thinks that the results, if the State undertook to publish its own textbooks, would not only be unsatisfactory, but would show little if any difference in cost.

"I have followed pretty closely the discussion about cheaper school books, and the publication of these books by the State," said Ashmore. "The publication of school books by the State is an old and threadbare story that is periodically dug up and thrashed over. The plan has been tried in several States and proves a failure. It is unwise, expensive and impracticable.

"A recent investigation by the State Superintendent of Schools shows that he would save only a 'cent or two' on books printed by contract, even if we owned the copyright. To purchase a large and expensive printing plant to be operated by the State is a very doubtful expedient. The equipment necessary to print modern school books is quite extensive.

"But the cost of printing is not the only consideration. The quality of the books themselves is of far more consequence than their cost. A good textbook is cheap at any price; a poor one is dear at any price. Those who know little about school books are inclined to regard them all alike. They think one reader or arithmetic is as good as another provided both have the same number of pages. I believe the greatest danger under the plan would lie in the limitation placed on securing good books. There are thousands of books, but only a few are good. The copyrights on the best books are owned by the publishers, and they will not sell them."

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savanrah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

Supreme Court Lets Lynn Sentence Stand

Slayer of Hightower Refused Relief by Georgia Tribunal—Appeal to Washington Likely.

DUBLIN, July 26.—The Supreme Court of Georgia has denied a rehearing in the Lynn case, which was heard by it a few weeks ago, and the judgment of the lower court is affirmed. Lynn's attorneys now are preparing to take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Lynn was convicted of killing F. Hightower at his home just a short time before Christmas of last year, and was tried, with his wife, who claimed to have abetted the killing because Hightower insulted her. His wife was freed by the jury, but he was found guilty of murder with recommendation to life imprisonment.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

CUTTER YAMACRAW BACK FROM FLORIDA CRUISE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The United States revenue cutter Yamacraw has returned to port after cruising in Florida waters since May. The Yamacraw was ordered South to take the place of the cutter Miami, which was sent to the ice patrol in Northern waters. During the absence of the Yamacraw the cutter Seminole has been doing duty along the Georgia coast. The Yamacraw will probably remain in Savannah for several weeks.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

The Copeland Sisters

Popular Savannah society girls, who have as their guests Miss Sally Blount Holt, of Montgomery, and Miss Jeanette Wallace, of Butler.

Miss Fletcher Copeland.

Miss Bessie Copeland.



WATERMELONS IN BULLOCH CO.

Farmers Will Hold Picnic to Celebrate Success in Divorce From Cotton.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the purpose of bringing together all farmers in that section interested in the growing of watermelons, preparations are being made for holding a mammoth picnic next week at Stilson, in Bulloch County.

Experts in the knowledge of crops suitable to the kind of soil found there will address the meeting. The principal topic to be discussed, however, will be the growing of watermelons.

The remarkable success that the farmers of Bulloch County have made this year with the watermelon crop is attracting the attention of agriculturists throughout South Georgia. Owing to the failure of the melon crop in North and South Carolina this year due to drouth the growers of Bulloch have been unable to supply the demands of the buyers, who have flocked there by the score. The farmers are being paid on an average of $90 a carload for their melons.

In the territory between Brooklet and Blitchton 250 carloads have been sold at $90 a car. It is estimated that the farmers of Bulloch this year will receive $20,000 in the aggregate for their crops of melons, most of which have been shipped to the Middle West, the North and Canada.

It has recently been demonstrated that the watermelon crop will prove far more profitable to Bulloch than cotton. When they have finished working the melons they are "laid by" with peas, which shade the melons as they ripen. After the melons are shipped crab grass comes in with the peas. This grass makes fine hay, from which the farmers can realize enough to pay for their fertilizer. Thus they have an income from three crops.

The picnic at Stilson will be the means of bringing together a very large percentage of the melon growers, and those who will be growers of the fruit next year. Those who have not yet attempted the crop as a staple will be given the benefit of the knowledge gained by the experience of those who have made it a success.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WORKING FOR BOND ISSUE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the next six weeks the Savannah Chamber of Commerce will be engaged in active work in arousing interest in the auditorium bond election, which will be held September 15.

The proposed issue of $200,000 will give Savannah a much-needed auditorium.

COURT GRANTS TITLE OF LAND ONCE A STREET

Investment Company Has Right to Property Which Was Claimed by Savannah Council.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A decision by Judge Walter G. Charlton in the Superior Court clears title to land that had once been streets across the large Bartow Investment Company's holdings on Bull street opposite Ardsley Park, and by so doing enforced a contract of sale between W. M. Davidson and the Bartow Investment Company for this property.

The tract is a valuable one in the southern portion of the city. Davidson declined to purchase the land under the contract, on the ground that title to lands over which cross streets had once passed was now doubtful, as the city still claimed title to the land for street purposes. The investment company brought suit to enforce the contract.

On the strength of this claim the city undertook to open up the former streets. The investment company objected on the ground that the city had long since lost title by abandoning the streets. The company pleaded for an injunction to prevent the city cutting the proposed streets, which the court granted. The case then went to the Supreme Court, a decision of which upholds the decision of Judge Charlton.

In the suit to enforce the contract of sale ten members of the investment company and 110 defendants besides Davidson were brought in. The object in bringing them in was to force them to either assent to or object to the relinquishment of the title to the land in question for street purposes.

These persons owned land in the subdivision of Kingsville other than the Bartow property. These persons as property owners in the vicinity might have had some claim upon these former streets for the purpose of getting to their own property. It was only by settling their claims one way or the other that the status of the title could be determined.

Judge Charlton in his decision declared that the land in question is the property of the Bartow Investment Company, and decreed that Davidson must now purchase the land under his contract. This Davidson is glad enough to do, now that the title has been cleared.

Conductors Name Adjustment Board

Any Differences With Central of Georgia Management To Be Amicably Settled.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—To appoint a committee which will take up with the management of the Central of Georgia Railroad any matters which they believe need adjustment, a delegation of officials of the Order of Railway Conductors of America held a meeting in this city.

M. C. Carey, of Port Huron, Mich., vice president of the order, presided. W. M. Hamilton, H. W. Washburn and J. W. Hall, of Macon, and two other delegates were present. Carey said that so far as he knew there are no serious differences between the conductors and the railway company, and that there is no friction whatever between them.

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

Waycross Improves Fire Fighting Means

Inspectors Say Georgia Cities Are Making Most Rapid Strides in Southeast.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—That Georgia cities are making more rapid strides in improvement of fire departments than any State of the Southeast is one of the statements made in Waycross last week by inspectors making a thorough test of the Waycross department.

There is hardly any city in Georgia, according to the inspectors, that has not adopted auto apparatus in place of horse-drawn equipment. Smaller towns are using autos and as a consequence it is said Georgia's fire loss this year is going to be cut down considerably.

Progressive towns in South Georgia, as well as in North Georgia, are making improvements with the view of getting lower fire insurance rates. Waycross has spent a large sum during the past year to comply with conditions imposed by the Southeastern Underwriters' Association, and expects to get a reduction that will save the property owners thousands of dollars annually.

Stovall Departs for Post in Switzerland

New United States Minister Enroute to New York From Savannah. Sails July 29.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Colonel and Mrs. Pleasant A. Stovall, their daughter, Mrs. Burton L. Mason, and their son, Master Joe Stovall, are now upon the high seas, en route to New York, from which port they will embark on July 29 for Switzerland, where Colonel Stovall goes to take charge of his post as United States Minister to that country. The party will be joined in Europe by Miss Pleasant Stovall, another daughter, who is already there.

The son, Joe, was taken ill about a week ago, and it was thought at that time that arrangements for the trip would have to be changed, but a rapid recovery made it possible for the entire party to leave on schedule time.

Waves Spanish Sword Over Heads of Jurors

Dramatic Incident Features Trial of Ishmael 3arter in Superior Court at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Found guilty of stabbing D. S. Manning, Ishmael Carter has been sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary by Judge Walter G. Charlton in Superior Court.

The conviction followed a dramatic court session. At one stage the proceedings were enlivened by the waving of a Spanish sword over the heads of the jury. The weapon was in the hands of Judge H. D. D. Twiggs, of counsel for the defendant. The plea of Carter was self-defense. It was this weapon with which the cutting was done.

11-YEAR-OLD BOY LANDS 23-POUND DRUM FISH

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Master Harry D'Olley, while fishing at Isle of Hope, landed something pretty close to a whale. Harry is only 11 years old and none too big for his age, and when he hooked something that appeared to be bigger than himself he created excitement all along the river. He managed to hang on to what had come his way, however, and finally succeeded in landing a 23-pound drum. Now all the boys at Isle of Hope have gone drum fishing.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

RAILROAD MEN ATTEND IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

WAYCROSS, July 26.—An important conference between General Superintendent J. W. Brand, Division Counsel W. E. Kay, of Jacksonville, and District Counsel Joseph W. Bennett, of Brunswick, was held in Waycross to-day. The meeting was called for the purpose of going over legal matters in which the Atlantic Coast Line is involved.

PLAN IS ON TO GIVE WAYCROSS NEW CHARTER

Bill To Be Offered in Legislature This Week Provides for New Systems.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—If the Georgia Legislature does what the Ware delegation in it will ask next week, it will pass what will be known as a conditional charter for the city of Waycross. The charter bill that will be offered in the Legislature will contain a provision that until the people of Waycross approve the charter by a majority vote it shall not become effective.

And this charter bill is something new. It contains what is commonly known as the "city manager" plan of government, which, if adopted, will give Waycross a manager, subject to the orders of a council of twelve men. The manager will have charge of the execution of all city orders and may be removed by the Council if found to be incompetent.

In the event the city manager plan is not desired, the charter contains a provision for radical changes over the present aldermanic form. A mayor is to be employed, under this section, at a salary of $100 a month, giving as much time to the office as may be necessary. He is to appoint, with the approval of the Council, the heads of five city departments, and will see that all work of the respective departments is properly done. The Board of Aldermen is increased under this section from six to twelve, and instead of receiving $200 a year the Aldermen will serve without pay.

City Council has not passed upon the proposed charter, but the bill as outlined was prepared by a committee from the Board of Trade. The election to settle what, if any, changes will be made will be called as soon as the Legislature passes the bill. That the election will be a warm one is certain, as many citizens oppose the change.

Sermon Saves Woman From Suicide's Grave

Pastor's Discourse on 'Scandal Mongers' Stays Hand of Despondent Savannahan.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who delivered a sermon on "Scandal Mongers" last Sunday, is in receipt of an unsigned letter from a woman, who confesses that her troubles had driven her to determine upon suicide when his message restored her faith in God and determined her to abandon her rash intention.

The woman says she had the poison bottle in her hand when the printed sermon came under her eye. She says she had been wronged by malicious tales, and that she was alone in a friendless city.

ATLANTAN IS ARRESTED FOR BEATING BOARD BILL

SAVANNAH, July 26.—J. E. Cotton, of Atlanta, has been remanded to the City Court by Recorder John E. Schwarz, charged with violating the State law by beating a board bill.

Cotton registered at a hotel, where he remained several days, running up a bill amounting to $15. He then disappeared. He was arrested in a pool room.

Cotton asserts that he squandered his money here, and, rather than make his hotel bill any larger, left. It was his intention to pay the bill as soon as he could obtain sufficient money.

SPALDING COUNTY HOLDS SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The first Sunday School convention ever held in Spalding County, which occurred this week, was a big success from the start. Of the thirty Sunday schools in the county, representatives from fifteen of them were present at the institute. Plans were adopted for the entire county to be canvassed in the work of the Sunday school and to carry the benefits of the new organization to each school of all denominations.

Principal speakers in the convention here were D. W. Sims, of Atlanta, general secretary of the Georgia Sunday School Association, and Miss Daisy Magee, of Columbia, Miss., superintendent of elementary work.

THIS WEEK

Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

1-2 PRICE

You'll see them in our Window

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store **92 Whitehall**

Rapid Strides Made On W. & W. Railroad

Extension of G. S. and F. Feeder To Be Pushed With All Possible Haste.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Despite the recent period of wet weather, satisfactory progress has been made on the construction of the Waycross and Western Railroad, and arrangements are now being made to extend the passenger and freight service over the recently completed link beyond Mexico.

It has not been decided what point on the Georgia Southern and Florida will be touched by the new road, but as soon as the line is operating trains to Sirmans, in Clinch County, a survey of two probable routes will be considered and the extension continued without delay.

President Alex K. Sessoms is pleased with the work accomplished to date.

First Georgia Has 585 in Regiment

Quarterly Returns Show Brunswick With Largest Company—Force's Officers Practically Complete.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Quarterly returns to the Adjutant General of the State from the First Regiment show that organization to have 49 officers and 585 men. This is regarded in military circles as a splendid showing.

The report includes the twelve companies, field, staff and band. Of the companies eight have their full complement of three officers. The Savannah companies, with one exception, have their full complement of officers.

The largest enlistment of men in any single company is shown by Company G, of Brunswick, which has 60 names on its roll. This company has three officers. Company H, the German Volunteers, has the largest enlistment of any Savannah company, 56 men being shown. This company also has three officers.

Postoffice Shows Increase of $16,043

Contrary to Expectations, Parcel Post Fails to Add to Savannah's Revenue.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Showing a total increase of $16,043 for the year ended June 30 over the receipts of last year, the annual report of the Savannah postoffice has been made public by Assistant Postmaster William M. Greene. The total receipts for the year amounted to $280,029.55.

Contrary to expectations, the parcel post, which became effective January 1, 1913, did not increase the revenue of the postoffice.

The total expenses for the year just ended amounted to $118,690.32, making a net profit, as the department figures it, of $184,077.79, or 42 per cent of the receipts.

This is an increase of $8,852.30 over the profits of last year.

LIGHTNING PLAYS PRANKS IN STORM AT AWYCROSS

WAYCROSS, July 26.—During a severe lightning and rainstorm, Edgar Griffin, whose home is west of Waycross, was knocked from a wagon when lightning hit the vehicle. Except for a severe shock he was uninjured. The seat of the wagon was splintered.

Another freak of the storm is reported from Waresboro. Eleven successive telephone poles of a private line running out of Waycross were splintered when lightning struck the wires.

OIL STOVE BURNS MAY PROVE FATAL TO WOMAN

WAYCROSS, July 26.—As she lit an oil stove this morning preparatory to baking a cake, Mrs. J. D. Ridley caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished was so badly burned about the body and face that her recovery is doubtful. She ran into the street, where neighbors tore the flaming clothing from her.

SECOND GEORGIA QUITS ITS CAMP ON SAINT SIMONS

Regiment Starts Home After Eight Days on Island—Colonel Thomas Pleased.

BRUNSWICK, July 26.—The Second Regiment of the Georgia National Guard broke camp on St. Simons Island at non to-day and arrived in Brunswick shortly after noon. The soldiers immediately boarded Coast Line and Southern trains and left during the afternoon for their home cities. The boys have enjoyed camp life for eight days.

Colonel Thomas, who was in command, joined the officers who were here with the Fifth Regiment in their recommendation that the island be made a permanent camp for the militia. The United States army officers who have been detailed to train the Georgia troops are loud in their praise of the militia of this State.

COUNTY FAIR PLANNED BY GAINESVILLE'S BOOSTERS

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—While the plans are not yet matured, the Chamber of Commerce has taken up the question of a fair to be held in the fall, at which farmers, stock raisers, manufacturers, etc., together with a woman's department, will have exhibits. It has been four years since a fair was held in Hall County, and it is believed this plan of the Chamber of Commerce will meet the approval of all and result in enlivening the business interests of this entire section.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Conrsey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

$2.50 Glasses Now $1.00

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Columbus — Latest Southwest Georgia News — Cordele

LITTLE CANAL WILL ENRICH SO. GEORGIA

Big Celebration Planned for the Opening of St, Andrews Bay Ditch, Which Is Near.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A canal which means as much to the Chattahoochee and Flint River Valleys as does the Panama Canal to the world will be completed about the same time as the tremendous project which will unite two oceans. Although this canal is not as tremendous, it will be as wet and as blue, and the people of Georgia, Alabama and Florida will rejoice over its completion with the same acclaim as the world will rejoice over the passage of the first vessel through the Isthmian ditch.

The opening of the St. Andrews Bay Canal, which will serve the Apalachicola River system, connecting with the bay of that name and the Gulf of Mexico, is one of the most important waterway projects of the day. Nearly 2,000,000 people will be affected—$30,000,000 worth of commerce is waiting for the Government to say, 'All is ready."

Big Celebration Planned.

The Columbus Board of Trade has committed itself to a celebration on the date of the opening of the canal. It has a year to think things out, and already there have been suggestions in plenty. Congress will be memorialized for national recognition of the event.

Columbus will not celebrate alone. Girard, Phoenix City, Eufaula, Fort Gaines, Blountstown, Bristol, Apalachicola, Panama City, Carabelle, Bainbridge, Newton, Albany, Marianna, Chipola and maybe Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Tampa and Key West will enter into the spirit, and if the combined noise of three States and the Government of the United States can not be heard around the globe, it is because the people of the Southland have forgotten how to yell.

The St. Andrews Bay Canal project was approved February 1, 1910, providing for a depth to admit passage of river steamers and lighter craft. It will be necessary to transship all goods for or from deep sea vessels at St. Andrews or Panama City or wherever terminals may be erected hereafter. The cost of the project will exceed $500,000, and the money has been appropriated to complete the work. The last rivers and harbors bill carried the last $130,000.

Commerce to Rise in Millions.

The Apalachicola River, formed at River Junction, Fla., by the Flint and the Chattahoochee Rivers, is 137 miles long. The Chattahoochee is navigable to Columbus, a distance of 163 miles. The Flint is navigable to Bainbridge and during medium low water to Albany, Ga., a distance of 105 miles. The Chipola is navigable for a distance of 65 miles. The total navigable length of the river system is 470 miles. The length of the canal is 30 miles.

The commerce of the rivers which will feed the canal amounted to $15,784,029 in 1911, and has been growing at the rate of $1,500,000 for some years. That this commerce will be doubled when the territory tributary to the rivers has an all-water route goes without saying, not taking into account the increase of population along the rivers.

BANKRUPT FIRM TO PAY ALL CREDITORS IN FULL

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Walden Brothers Clothing Company, one of the largest clothing concerns in the city, has gone into voluntary bankruptcy, with assets of more than $18,000 and liabilities of about $9,000. Just prior to filing the petition in bankruptcy the stockholders held a meeting to discuss the situation, but as it was found the firm was losing money rapidly it was thought best to file the petition. It was announced that the creditors would be paid dollar for dollar.

CONDEMNED MAN FIGHTS FOR REHEARING OF CASE

TIFTON, July 26.—I. B. Hall, who has been sentenced to hang August 22, has retained Attorney John R. Cooper, of Macon, to represent him in his petition for new trial, which will be heard before Judge W. E. Thomas in Valdosta Saturday, August 2.

Hall remains optimistic over the final outcome of his case. He seems to have little doubt that a decision will finally be given in his favor. While Hall is apparently unconcerned, his immediate relatives are much worried.

CORDELE METHODIST CONFERENCE CLOSES

CORDELE, July 26.—The annual Methodist Conference of the Cordele district came to a close yesterday at Rochelle. The meeting was attended by about 130 ministers and delegates.

The following delegates were chosen to the annual South Georgia Conference to be held in Macon next November: Hugh Lasseter, Cordele; R. L. Greer, Oglethorpe; D. W. Howard, Unadilla; J. G. Forehand, Vienna.

CRISP COUNTY TORN UP BY FREAK WINDSTORM

CORDELE, July 26.—A brisk windstorm yesterday afternoon over parts of Crisp and adjoining counties did considerable damage by leveling corn fields and blowing down fences. The wind came in spasmodic puffs and fear was felt that it would develop into a storm of serious nature.

$10,778 INCREASE IN POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The receipts of the Columbus postoffice for the year ending June 30 have just been given out and show an increase of $10,778.34 over the same period of the previous year.

Crawford Wheatly

Of Americus, who was the principal drafter of the appropriations bill, passed by the Georgia House of Representatives last week.



Representative from Sumter County.

Chairman of House Appropriations Committee.

Drouth Broken When Countryside Prays

Seven Weeks of Dry Weather Followed by Heavy Rain After Prayer Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Seven weeks' drouth in the vicinity of Rebecca was broken yesterday by a heavy rain, and the people of that place believe that a prayer service the night before to invoke the Almighty to send showers upon the crops was altogether responsible.

Crops were burning up and it appeared that the entire year's work of the farmers would be a failure. It was suggested that a prayer service be held at the Baptist Church, the proposition meeting with instant approval.

According to announcement, the people for miles around met at Rebecca and offered up prayers, continuing in the service for some time. Apparently in answer to this prayer, the rain came the following day.

LOWNDES TAX VALUES EXCEED EIGHT MILLION

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Lowndes County's tax values this year show an increase of $259,000. Tax Receiver Bacon to-day completed the footings of the 1913 digest. The total tax values of the county are $8,223,000, and, in view of the rather depressed conditions of the past year, the increase of more than $250,000 is regarded as satisfactory. If the bill now before the Legislature to provide a board of tax assessors passes, it is believed that values in Lowndes County will go to $10,000,000 next year.

$300,000 PLANT SEEKS LOCATION IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A Maryland corporation, with a capital stock of $300,000, engaged in the manufacture and sale of stoves, ranges and like products, is seeking a location in Columbus, attracted to this city by flattering inducements offered through the Board of Trade.

SEABOARD TO CONSTRUCT WAREHOUSE IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The Seaboard Air Line has completed the survey for the foundation of a large storage warehouse and grain elevator in Columbus, to be located on its property in the southeastern part of the city. The warehouse, it is understood, will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

COLUMBUS BALL TEAM TO GET BOOSTER GAME

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Monday has been designated as "Booster Day" with the Columbus baseball team, when it begins a series of three games with Albany. The management of the team is undertaking to arouse interest to keep the treasury in a safe condition during the wane of the season.

Refuses to Allow Revival in Church

Pastor Obliged to Leave, Says Evangelist Shall Not Hold Proposed Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Because he could not be in attendance and aid in the meeting, it is said that Rev. B. F. Rainey, pastor of the Pleasant Hill Baptist Church near Cordele, refused to allow a revival to be held in his church.

On request of some of the members of the church the State Board of the Baptist denomination sent an evangelist to conduct the meeting. It had been in progress but a day when the pastor informed the members and the evangelist that he objected to the meeting continuing longer; that he was going away and did not want a meeting conducted in his church while he was not there.

R. R. Agents Confer With Commission

Important Rate Matters in Connection With Roads Are Discussed at Meeting.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—In conference with the Railroad Commissioners the latter part of the week were the following high railroad officials: James Menzies, freight traffic manager, and C. McD. Davis, general freight agent, and James F. Mead, assistant general freight agent of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company; C. R. Capps, vice president, and B. C. Prince, assistant general freight agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, and J. C. Cutler, general freight agent of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railway Company. Important rate matters in connection with the lines mentioned were under discussion.

STRIKKES OIL AT MILTON IN PIT FOR FOUNDATION

PENSACOLA, July 25.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by a report that oil has been struck at Milton, twenty miles east of here.

Charles Sudwell, proprietor of the Milton telephone exchange, said that while digging a foundation for a building he struck a vein of oil, but had not yet had time to investigate fully. However, he said he intended to make a full investigation to see if he has really struck a rich vein.

NASON REVELL HELD FOR SHOOTING JOHN PALMER

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—Nason Revell was bound over to await the action of the Grand Jury under $1,000 bond for shooting John Palmer a few weeks ago at Lake Bradford church. The difficulty arose as the result of family trouble. Revell shot Palmer six times, three taking effect. Palmer was at the trial and appeared to be fully recovered from his wounds. Revell has been in jail ever since the shooting.

MOVEMENT TO PUT COLUMBUS ON AUTO ROUTE

South Georgia City Pulling for Publicity—Makes Offer of Two Roads to Atlanta.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Through the combined efforts of the Columbus Board of Trade and other interests of the city there is a probability of Columbus being placed on the Southern Auto Route.

Steps have been taken by the board, ably assisted by the owners of automobiles in Columbus, because it is realized that Columbus and this entire section are suffering from the lack of publicity which could be obtained by the route.

While the Board of Trade is taking the forward step in the movement, the task of working out details has been turned over to the streets and roads committee of that organization.

Five routes have been proposed leading out from Columbus, two of which go to Atlanta, one to Opelika, Ala., one to the southeast and the other to the east. The routes proposed to Atlanta are: First, from Columbus to Warm Springs, thence to Woodbury, on to Griffin, where it will connect with the National Highway from New York to Florida, and from there to Atlanta over that road. The other route is from Columbus to Hamilton, Greenville and Newnan into Atlanta.

The route westward is to Opelika, where it is proposed to have the route from this city connect with the Montgomery route. The route to the east leaves Columbus via Buena Vista, Ellaville, Montezuma to Macon, and there connects with the National Highway to Florida points. A direct route to Florida is proposed by County Road Engineer Julian Lane, of Muscogee County, leaving Columbus via Buena Vista, Ellaville, Americus to Thomasville on to Florida.

The autoists who travel over these routes will get the topography, learn all of the dangerous places and sharp curves in the roads, and, in fact, obtain all the information that is deemed necessary.

In this connection it is of interest possibly to a great portion of the State to know that Frank Batey, a well-known Savannah good roads enthusiast, is having a map of the roads of Georgia and Northern Florida prepared and has written County Engineer Lane for a copy of the roads of Muscogee County in order that he may know what connection they have with other roads.

The automobile owners of Muscogee County are delighted over the prospect of Columbus being placed on the Southern Auto Route.

Hitch Probable in Charlotte Election

Commission Government and Water works Bond Advocates of Columbus Threaten War.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A hitch in the proposed vote on commission government for Columbus by the people during the year 1913 is probable.

A bill providing for commission government in lieu of the present Mayor and aldermanic form will be presented to the Legislature next week. Advocates of the proposed waterworks bond issue are making an effort to keep the commission government election from taking place this year, claiming it would affect the chances of the waterworks bonds.

The regular Mayor and aldermanic election is to be held the second Saturday in December, while the bond election comes on October 18, and it would be difficult to hold a commission government election before October.

The advocates of waterworks bonds have threatened, if an election is proposed in the commission form bill prior to the waterworks bond election, to go before the Lepislature and fight the passage of the commission government bill. The advocates of commission government threaten to retaliate by fighting the waterworks proposition. If the advocates of commission government can have the election this year they propose to do so.

Florida to Alter Its Prison System

Commissioner of Agriculture and State Treasurer to Study Methods of Other States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—W. A. McRae, Commissioner of Agriculture, and J. C. Luning, State Treasurer, both of the Board of State Institutions, have been appointed by the whole board to visit several of the Southern States for the purpose of studying their convict systems.

The recent act of the Legislature made some radical changes in the method of handling the convict system, and the board felt that it would be worth a great deal to them to learn more of the methods of other States having convict laws similar to the recent act of this State. These members of the board will visit North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Louisiana, Texas and Mississippi and upon their return will make full report to the board.

PENSACOLA ELKS GIVE OUTING AT SANTA ROSA

PENSACOLA, July 25.—One of the pleasantest features of the season was the annual outing of the local Lodge of Elks, when the antlered tribe and about 150 of their friends made a trip to Santa Rosa Island aboard the steamer Baldwin. Refreshments were served on the boat and the evening on the island was spent in dancing and surf bathing. The boat returned to the city about midnight.

Deputy Sings Hymns To Enliven Auction

No Bidder for Box of Songbooks Until Auctioneer Gives Samples of Contents.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—A deputy sheriff standing on the auction block with a hymnbook in his hand, warbling at the top of his voice, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was the sight seen by a big crowd gathered at the Sheriff's sale at the courthouse here a couple of mornings ago.

A box full of sacred songbooks was among the goods offered. No one offered to bid even a nickel. W. O. Beard, the deputy sheriff, nearly "talked his head off" without persuading anyone that he needed a box full of songbooks. Then it was an assistant took one of the books in his hand, mounted on the platform, turned to page 47 and began to sing. A score or more people in the crowd joined in the old familiar tune, and a few minutes afterward the hymnbooks were knocked down to a ready bidder for what they were worth.

Cashier Is Indicted On Bank's Complaint

J. H. Cason of Bank of Crosland Is Accused of Embezzling More Than $7,000.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—The Colquitt County Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday against J. H. Cason, former cashier of the Bank of Crosland, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars.

Cason was arrested several weeks ago and has been in prison here in default of $6,000 bond. Notwithstanding the fact that Cason has confessed to using over $7,000 of the bank's funds, he will plead not guilty when his case is called for trial next week, according to the statement of his attorney, Alfred Kline, of Moultrie.

Ties Husband in Bed And Shoots Him Dead

Tampa Woman, Tired of Abuse, Then Commits Suicide to End Troubles.

TAMPA, July 26.—Tired of being abused, Mrs. Avalina Rodriguez tied her husband to his bed to-day and fired five bullets into his head and body and then killed herself. They had quarreled last night and he is believed to have beat her, as was his custom, it is claimed, from the disturbance the neighbors heard.

Early this morning Mrs. Rodriguez gave part of her clothing to a neighbor, told the neighbor she was going to kill herself and her husband, and went back to the house. Within five minutes the shots were heard, and the policemen, who had been called, had to break down the door to get in. Both were dead. She had shot him, then untied the cords that held him, lay down by his side and shot herself through the heart.

Dairyman Held as Postal Law Violator

D. W. Simmons, Who Has Several Aliases, Accused of Opening Other Persons' Mail.

TIFTON, GA., July 26.—Chief of Police Thrasher has arrested D. W. Simmons, alias D. W. Underwood, W. H. Bennett and Willie Parker, under a warrant from Wauchula, Fla., for violating the United States postal laws by receiving another's mail and using checks contained in the letters.

The prisoner was taken to Albany by Deputy United States Marshal Calhoun, where he will be held awaiting his transfer to Tampa for trial.

Simmons, with his wife, had been in Tifton about three weeks and was employed at the dairy operated by Miss Ida Dickinson. They were in Americus before coming to Tifton. Simmons' wife is wanted as a witness to a stabbing which took place in the hotel where they were staying at Americus.

Florida Commission Cuts Express Rates

Reduction of From 20 to 33 Per Cent Is Ordered on Farm Products.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—From time to time complaint has been made to the Railroad Commissioners of high express rates on eggs, poultry, plants and butter, resulting in the commissioners serving notice on the Southern Express Company for a hearing to consider a reduction in rates, or classification, on these commodities.

After a thorough investigation the commissioners have just entered their order directing the express company to put into effect new rates or classification on these commodities after August 19.

The reductions range from 20 to 33 per cent.

BUILDING COMMISSION FAILS TO GET QUORUM

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—A. L. Wilson, of Quincy, one of the commissioners appointed to supervise the construction of the new Supreme Court and Railroad Commission Building, was here this week for a meeting of his commission to consider the purchase of furnishings for the building. However, a quorum of the commission could not be secured.

MIAMI TO CELEBRATE BIRTHDAY

MIAMI, July 26.—Posters and circulars have been sent over the State advertising the big celebration to be held in this city in honor of its seventeenth birthday.

PARK'S SCHOOL IS IN SESSION FOR 4TH TERM

Men Denied Education Early Are Seizing Chance to Learn the Elementary Branches.

TIFTON, July 26.—Park's "Old Field School," the only one of its kind in Georgia, is now in session. The school claims Worth County as its home and was originated by Judge Frank Park, of the Albany circuit, the purpose being to give men who have not had the advantages of an education a chance to study the elementary branches without the embarrassment of attending public school with children.

The school is now in its fourth year and has an attendance of 90 at this session. It is being held in the Union Church community in Worth County. The church building, which is being used for the school, has been filled to overflowing, the extra students sitting on logs beneath the pines near the church.

Only reading, writing and arithmetic are taught and the pupils range in age from 10 to 60. The school is held in the summer time when the weather is good, after the crops have been laid by, and the farmers have a little leisure time. Books and tuition are free.

Judge Parks has the co-operation of the county teachers. Two are employed to teach the pupils, who come on horseback, in buggies, wagons and afoot, coming early and spending the entire day. With the close of each day's session a big spelling match is held, and the sight of the 90 students in line, old men, young men, youths and children, is striking and original.

The school has been in session for two weeks and will continue two to six weeks longer.

Ship Gets Judgment Against Stevedores

Special Master Finds in British Vessel's Favor on Cross-Libel Bill.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A report in favor of the British steamer Coningsby, which cross-libeled John G. McGriffin & Co., of Jacksonville, stevedores, for damages alleged to have been done to the vessel, has been filed by Judge Paul E. Seabrook, special master.

McGriffin & Co. originally libeled the Coningsby to collect stevedore charges amounting to about $500, while the owners of the vessel filed a cross-libel to recover damages alleged to have been inflicted when the stevedores used dynamite to break up a cargo of kainit which had become hardened. The water tank of the boiler was claimed to have been damaged by the explosion.

The total damages to the steamer were decided by the master to be $2,785.81, from which is to be deducted $490 stevedore fees. McGriffin & Co. will, therefore, be compelled to pay $2,295.91, together with interest at 6 per cent from July 1, 1907.

New Smyrna Shelled Just Fifty Years Ago

Fleet of Federal Gunboats Bombarded Florida Village on July 26, 1863.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—Fifty years ago today, or July 26, 1863, was an exciting day in and around the village of New Smyrna, when the Shelden House and the few other buildings of the village were shelled by the Federal gunboats Sagamore, Oleander, Wabash and Beauregard. The shells of the gunboats did much damage, although the buildings were not entirely destroyed.

Captain John F. Dennis, of the gunboat Oleander, was commander of the fleet, which directed its fire on the village all the afternoon, coming into the harbor about 1 o'clock. The purpose was to look for blockade runners, principally, and incidentally to follow up an investigation of the killing of the captain of the gunboat Henry Andrews and a number of the members of his crew some time before that.

Florida Officials To Study Shellfish

Commissioners Will Visit Louisiana and Mississippi to Ascertain Methods of Those States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—T. R. Hodges and Peres McDougall, recently appointed Shellfish Commissioner and secretary, respectively, have gone to Mississippi and Louisiana to study the methods of these States in dealing with the shellfish business. The law relating to this subject passed by the recent Legislature is largely copied after that of Louisiana, where it has been in force for some time, and where, it is understood, the matter has been handled very effectively and satisfactorily.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Tift Truckers Plan To Improve Packing

Want Output Uniform and Carefully Prepared for Market—Meeting Called for Saturday.

TIFTON, July 26.—A meeting of the farmers, corn club boys and business men of Tift County has been called for Saturday, August 2, at the Tifton Chamber of Commerce. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss plans and methods for harvesting and marketing the crops.

The farmers will tell their experiences of the year at the meeting and discuss crop conditions and methods of fertilization and cultivation. The corn club boys will tell how it is that they can beat their fathers growing corn, and do it cheaper.

One of the important matters to be considered at the meeting will be the establishment of a truck packing house and the employment of experienced packers. Tift County truckers are determined that all truck from this county shall be of standard grade and packed by experienced men.

Tifton Trade Board To Aid Tift Farmers

Chamber of Commerce Plans to Improve Market Conditions for Planters.

TIFTON, July 26.—Among the things which the Tifton Chamber of Commerce proposes to put through during the remainder of the summer are:

Begin a series of monthly farmers' meetings.

Take steps to aid the farmers in marketing their products.

Provide facilities for handling the meat, grain and like products of the farmers, for which there is not a steady and ready market.

Begin a campaign for securing a new union passenger station.

Get out a small booklet advertising Tifton and Tift County.

Co-operate with the Board of County Commissioners in seeing that all public highways leading to Tifton are in first-class shape for the hauling of cotton and like products to market.

Students Building Tift's First Silo

Farmers Expected to Follow Example Set by Progressive Educator at County School.

TIFTON, July 26.—Professor J. F. Hart, Jr., principal, and the students who have remained through the summer to care for the school property and tend the crops on the school farm began work this week building a modern silo at the Second District Agricultural School.

This is probably the first silo in this section of the State. It is believed this will lead to the construction of a number of others throughout Tift County. A crop sufficient to fill the silo has already been planted, and is now being cultivated by the summer students.

TURKEY-TILLION STIRS VALDOSTA SOCIETY CIRCLE

Old-Timers Are Shocked at New Tangoes, Trots and Wiggles of Young Folk.

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Society is agog to-day over some of the extreme modern dances introduced for the first time in this city at a ball given in the parlors of one of the principal hotels last night. Most of the tangoes, trots and wiggles were danced, and with an abandon and zest that rather shocked the old-timers present.

The dance is described as a "turkey-tillion," and was attended by a large number of the younger leaders in society. From the familiar and simple turkey trot it was only a short step to the more extreme and newer dances.

Tifton's Tax Raises Result in Protests

H. H. Tift Hit Hardest, With $138,000 Increase—Council to Hear Complaints.

TIFTON, July 26.—The August meeting of the City Council of Tifton bids fair to be one of the most interesting ever held by this body. And it's all because the Tax Assessors have been busy. They have raised most everybody and the prospects and that a mighty protest will be heard in Council chambers the first Monday night in August.

The man to feel the effects of the Tax Assessors raising the most was the man owning the greatest amount of property. This man is H. H. Tift and the Assessors, believing that he should pay taxes on his property somewhere in the region of the price he is asking for it, raised his assessment $138,000. Mr. Tift being of the political faction which is now "out" in municipal affairs, protested. Two special sessions of Council were held to consider the matter, but the taxes stand as they were, except in a few instances where the property assessed has been given to city for parks and the like, or the Assessors had placed valuations too high.

TARPON SPRINGS SPONGE SALES IN 2 WEEKS $215,000

TARPON SPRINGS, July 26.—The sponge sale here the last two weeks total $215,000. This city is the center of the Gulf sponging industry and supports perhaps 1,500 Greek divers and requires 200 boats. The spongers no longer dive "in their skins" or use the old rakes. Modern diving suits are used and the vessels are well equipped.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

Take Your Vacation at
Wrightsville Beach
Near Wilmington, N. C.

Splendid hotels; finest beach on Atlantic Coast; best sea and sound fishing; electric train service to city. No end to indoor and outdoor amusements. Reduced railroad rates. For literature and other information write to

E. L. Hinton, Mgr. Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
C. E. Hooper, Mgr. Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
H. C. Foss, Mgr. Hanover Inn, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

Men's Linen Suits STODDARDIZED 50c

The price of STODDARDIZING Men's Woolen Suits is ONE DOLLAR---but we STODDARDIZE Men's Linen or Palm Beach Suits for FIFTY CENTS.

A WAGON FOR A PHONE CALL.

We pay Charges (one way) on Out-of-Town Orders of $2 or more.

Stoddard 126 Peachtree Street Bell Phone, Ivy 43 Atlanta Phone 43 — Dixie's Greatest Dry Cleaner and Dyer

WHY FEEL TIRED?
TRY LIVER EASE

Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. nTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Helen Brantley	208,100
George Rosser	207,415
Miss Frankie J. Smith	189,500
Josephine Simril	158,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	149,075
Hill McCalla	106,850
Wyman Conrad	102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,350
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Elizabeth Garwood	180,925
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	179,870
Paul M. Clark	178,990
Miss Robert Harbour	177,815
Edmund Hurt	159,050
Miss Idele Shaw	142,105
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P Tucker	21,250
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Charles L. Stevens	195,650
Willett Mathews	192,550
Mildred Brickman	163,980
J. P. Goets, Jr.	150,985
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Florence Greenoe	225,285
Herbert Chapman	219,980
Fannie Mae Cook	218,600
Eleanor Raoul	202,550
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.00.

To the candidate in this district having the third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134 050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	152,300
William Turner	151,565
Edward DeLoach	150,325
Miss Beverly Swanton	149,900
Miss Susanne Springer	126,955
Edgar Wilson	38,395
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	25,905

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate ir this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Henry Hull	119,300
George H. Melton	118,395
A. Morrison	116,950
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	105,200
Philip Gilstein	89,850
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Raymond Wilkinson	214,650
Ross Greer	210,955
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
R. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,823
Leckie Maddox, Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,659
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,435
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta,	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Fillie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lyldia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win?

The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P.M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

EDITION FOR NORTH GEORGIA

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★★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 27, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Golfers Go 35 Miles In Just 1,087 Strokes

Experts Play From Maidstone to Littleton on the Sea on a Wager.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—To cover 35 miles in 1,087 strokes is a feat that two golfers accomplished in playing from Maidstone to Littleton-on-the-Sea.

How this came about a well-known golfer offered to bet Neville Foster, of the Ashdown Forest Golf Club, and W. Warman, of the Newton Green Golf Club, that they could not play from Forest row to Crowborough over the woodland heather and hills, a distance of eight miles, in 350 strokes. The bet was taken and the task accomplished in 184 strokes.

Waiters Back of Bill To Prevent 'Tipping'

Measure Provides Fine for Both 'Tipper' and Recipient of Bounty, and Reward for Informer.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An ordinance to end "tipping" has been passed by the City Council and will now go to the House of Delegates, where it is expected it will be speedily adopted, and, with the signature of the Mayor, become a law.

This ordinance has had the backing of the union waiters of St. Louis, who are now striking in the principal hotels and restaurants. The bill provides a fine of from $10 to $50 for each offense, both the "tipper" and recipient of the "tip" being subject to fine, and the informer to receive half of the fine.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Suffragists Plan National Campaign

Women Who Now Possess Franchise Will Aid Movement in All Other States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans for a widespread campaign for "votes for women" to be carried into all the States of the Union not now having suffrage will be laid at a conference of the National Council of Woman Voters here August 13, 14 and 15. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the congressional committee headquarters of the council.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Porter Charlton Makes 'Xmas Date

American Ordered Extradited to Italy Confident He Will Be Back in Few Months.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 26.—Porter Charlton, the young man who has been ordered extradited to Italy to stand trial for the murder of his wife, seems to be apparently unconcerned about the outcome of the trial, and openly stated that he would be back in America again for Christmas. Although the United States Government has ordered him sent back to Italy, he confidently told a friend yesterday that he would soon return.

"Don't you worry," he is reported as saying. "I'll make an engagement with you next Christmas at Churchill's."

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

'Imperator' Is Too Small, Says Captain

Greatest Vessel Afloat Is Already Fully Booked for Next Two Voyages West.

Special Cable to The American.

PLYMOUTH, July 26.—"The Imperator is too small; we want larger vessels," exclaimed Captain Ruser, when, after landing the greatest ship in the world at this port to-day, he was told that the Imperator is already fully booked for her next two westward trips.

The Imperator proceeded from here to Cherbourg and Hamburg. On the way over there were three days of such extreme heat that many experienced stokers were unable to work. The average speed for the voyage was 22.5 knots and the best single day's run was 540 miles.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to b eused for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial, Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Declares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by Chief Fells Saare in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Develpoments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by himself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

Washington Society Trembles

'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 200,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says:

"Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, today decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"I will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer In Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Company for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

MOTOR RACES
TUESDAY, July 29
8:15 P. M.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

GRAND
WEEK JULY 28
DAILY AT 2:30 & 8:30
CARNEGIE MUSEUM ALASKA SIBERIAN PICTURES AND FIRST RUN FEATURES
MATINEES 10 CTS.
NIGHT 10-15-25 CTS.
GET THE GRAND HABIT

BIJOU THIS WEEK
NORMAN FRIEDENWALD'S Hilarious Musical Farce COMEDY,
THE GIRL FROM DUBLIN
The liveliest, most tuneful and up-to-the-minute musical comedy show of the season.
1 1-2 HOURS OF FUN.
PRETTY GIRLS.
GREAT SCENIC EFFECTS.
20—FUN MAKERS—20.
SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE.
TUNEFUL MUSICAL NUMBERS.
Daily Matinees. Night Shows at 7:30 and 9.
BARGAIN PRICES.

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST THEATER
FORSYTH WEEK OF JULY 28 Daily at 2:30 and 8:30
The Famous Character Comedian
JOE WELCH
ELSA WARD, KARL CRESS, CUNNINGHAM & MARION
Robt. Dailey & Co. (OUR BOB)
DOLAN & LENBARR CO. "SOME MIND-READER"
KEITH VAUDEVILLE
NEXT WEEK
EVEREST'S MONKEY HIPPODROME
The Novelty of Modern Vaudeville

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privilege and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unless it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1458 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline, and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, in difference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but it will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case, until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1436 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the military forces have been called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "And person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempest to go orto remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5389 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the light of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Bartholomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Parr. He said he had been living at Goshen and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband Cites Story of His First Wife

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

"He falsely and fraudulently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, "that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysterra shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said: "Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother, instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Buy a Diamond On Monthly Payments

You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

Say you wanted a diamond ring at $250. You pay one-fifth ($50.00) cash and settle the deferred balance in ten equal monthly payments of $20.55 each.

This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

MAIER & BERKELE, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths,

31-33 Whitehall Street,

Established 1887.

Atlanta Conservatory of Music

Announces its complete reorganization under the general direction of MORTIMER WILSON, CONDUCTOR ATLANTA PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 2

Peachtree and Broad Streets Atlanta, Georgia

Unsurpassed Advantages

PROSPECTUS AUGUST 1

DEPARTMENTS: Theory and Composition, Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Orchestral Instruments, Technical Lectures, Artist Recitals, Orchestra Routine, Chorus Singing, Public School Music, Music-Kindergarten, etc. Bureau-Extension.

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.

Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach. $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.

TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.

10 p. m. solid Pullman train.

10:15 p. m. Coach train.

Make Reservations Now.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Stop That Whooping Cough

WITH THE McFAUL

Whooping Cough Powders

Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*

For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.

Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.

By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.

The McFaul Medicine Company

431 Marietta Street Atlanta, Georgia

MODERN DENTISTRY

CAN EFFECTIVELY REMEDY THE WORST OF

YOUR TOOTH TROUBLES

AND THERE IS NO REASON WHY YOU SHOULD PAY TWO OR THREE PRICES FOR IT

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S

GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

24 1-2 Whitehall St. Over Brown & Allen's

Telephone M. 1708 Hours: 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 1

BEST MATERIALS USED



OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:

Set of Teeth, $5 Gold Filling $1

Gold Crowns, $4 Amalgam Filling, 50c Up

Bridge Work, $4 Plates Repaired, 50c Up

Teeth Cleaned, New Process . . . . . $1 Up

EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE

OPEN AIR CONCERTS

GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK

Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

There is a well-defined, positive and ... movement on to nominate ... M. Slaton for Senator ... primary.

... himself is not known ... to it, and the impres... ...e is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrashed out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith, and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why, then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House, and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlanta.

On the other hand, the Senator's unloving friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

SEASHORE EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers

An actual snapshot of a slashed skirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.



© INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap, trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 171 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent, or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Takes Off Freckles, Removes Tan.



Beautify your complexion. Get rid of those freckles. You can invest 50c in a jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM and they'll disappear. Severe cases may require two jars—no more. We positively guarantee this, and if your complexion isn't fully restored to its natural beauty, we agree to refund your money without argument. And in addition, WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is a fine, fragrant toilet cream. Doesn't cause hair to grow and does positively remove TAN and FRECKLES. Try it at our risk. Price 50c—sent by mail if desired. Mammoth jars $1.00. WILSON'S FAIR SKIN SOAP 25c. Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C., makers. For sale and guaranteed by all druggists.

PONY CONTEST GROWS RED HOT IN FINAL WEEK

Four Days Left in Race for Shetlands—Splendid Chance for Every Entry.

Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "trailers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

Good Breeding Shown.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

"It is not necessary, the contest manager explains, to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Four More Busy Days.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK
$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

Bifocals and Lenses Ground to Order at Lowest Prices

Columbian Optical Co.
81-83 Whitehall Street---With Columbian Book Co.

DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Cooper, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life in Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The will of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here, leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This had been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE

IOWA CITY, LOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising

and You'll Enjoy Your Breakfast



NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doing out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elmination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores
And Druggist Generally

NUXCARA
Cures Indigestion!

Indigestion and all its accompanying evils—headache, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and irritability—can be completely and permanently cured.

TAKE NUXCARA
3 Times a Day

One-half hour before each meal. Then eat what you please, for NUXCARA will instantly relieve while gradually effecting a permanent cure.

NUXCARA is a pure vegetable preparation.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST
$1.00 a bottle, 6 for $5.00

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ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

* * *

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

* * *

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

* * *

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

* * *

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

* * *

He may depose the Sultan.

* * *

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American to-day.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Always, as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulfied his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a pact obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

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GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
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TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of a nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

CEREMONY IMPRESSION AS SON BAPTIZES FATHER

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Being baptized by his own son, according to Baptist Church rites, was the experience of Charles Bentzien, 90 years old, father of the assistant pastor of the Temple Baptist Church, who also was formerly of the White Temple at Portland. The occasion was attended by impressive ceremonies.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

FATHER SENT SEVEN SONS TO WAR BETWEEN STATES

QUARRYVILLE, PA., July 26.—The death of George W. Bierly, of Eden township, recalls the fact that he and six of his brothers served in the Civil War. When the conflict started their father told his seven sons it was their duty to enlist, and all did so. One was killed at Bowling Green, Ky. The remaining six returned from the army, and of them only one now survives, Taylor Bierly, of Parkesburg, Pa.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
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CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of $0,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

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He must be a live citizen and have a few thousand dollars—from $1,000 to $5,000.
I ask nothing more than I have to offer.

This is an opportunity to make $5,000 a year. State age, amount you have to invest and give references.

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BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it. If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast. Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection. Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

SALOON CLOSES ITS DOORS WHEN PET CAT DISAPPEARS

CINCINNATI, July 26.—"Closed on account of the loss of Scotty's black cat, 'Nigger,'" read a sign on the door of Scotty's saloon for one day. Several days ago the cat, who is looked upon as a member of the family, disappeared. Two days passed and the cat did not put in an appearance, so Scotty hung out a sign draped in green tissue paper and bordered by carnations to tell his customers that he had closed the saloon in mourning for the cat.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thunderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 5213 Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic

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$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
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New
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Value Supreme Among Player-Pianos

It makes musicians of us all.
The highest type of piano-player mechanism yet produced.
Contains many (exclusive patented) advantages and is concealed within the case of a

Beautiful Tone Piano

possessing a delightful touch for hand playing as well as with music rolls.
$25 worth of music rolls, stool and scarf included FREE.
Your silent piano taken in exchange.
Pay cash or by the month.

15th Midsummer Piano Sale

Bargains in rebuilt pianos taken in part payment for Euphonas.

Conover — Mahogany case, 7 1-3 octaves; very good. Cost new $400; sale price $225
Walworth — Large size; mahogany case; fine order. Cost new $250; sale price $150
Estey — Mahogany, upright grand, in good, fine tone. Cost new $300; sale price..... $125

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SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Tifton

TIFTON, July 26.—Mrs. Vina Henderson, of Bainbridge, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Oren Roberts.

Mrs. R. W. Goodman and children left Thursday for Odessadale.

Miss Jeanne Philbaut, of Napoleonville, La., is the guest of Miss Effie Scarboro.

Miss Winnifred Cumlin, who was the guest of Miss Maurine Ridgdill, left Thursday for St. Marys.

Miss Marion Wooley returned to Atlanta Thursday.

Mrs. R. D. Smith is the guest of her brother, A. H. Smith, in Cordele.

Mrs. W. M. Thurman and children, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Harman.

Miss Tommie McGuirt is the guest of Miss Ella Sanford in Thomasville.

Mrs. A. P. Hunter and son, Frank, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Timmons.

Miss Cora Stephens is in Macon.

Mrs. R. C. Postell and son, Carlisle, returned Wednesday from Atlanta, Monticello and other North Georgia points.

Misses Maurine and Wilma Ridgdill, Winnifred Cumlin, Lula Mae and Estelle Morgan, Marie and Sarah Colcord and Bessie Murrow were the members of a picnic party to Murrow Springs Wednesday. Mrs. J. B. Murrow and Mrs. J. S. Ridgdill were the chaperons.

Miss Alexandra Rhodes entertained at tea Wednesday in honor of Miss Marguerite Drake, of Thomasville. Those present were Misses Marguerite Drake, Effie Scarboro, Maude and Nellie Timmons and Alexandra Rhodes, John Fountain, Lennon Bowen, Dr. C. R. Dickert, Dr. E. B. Mount, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Eason and Mrs. L. A. Rhodes.

Mrs. L. P. Thurman entertained Wednesday for little Miss Anna Sheppard Thurman, of Atlanta. Rook, hearts dice and upjinks were played. Misses Grace Fulwood and Laura Coe served punch.

Mrs. I. L. Ford chaperoned a picnic party to Lucy Lake Tuesday. Those in the party were Misses Wynona and Floy Ford and Aurelia Hargrett, Ben Moore, C. E. Foy, Arthur Hollingsworth and Dr. E. B. Mount.

Milledgeville

MILLEDGEVILLE, July 26.—The marriage of Miss Tillie Smith, of Montezuma, to E. Culver Kidd took place at Montezuma Wednesday.

Mr. Kidd was accompanied to Montezuma by O. R. Horton, Malcolm Flemister, Stewart Wootten and George Nottingham, of Macon.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr and Mrs. Kidd left for Savannah, embarking for New York, Niagara, Toronto and a run through Thousand Islands, stopping on their way home at Washington.

Mrs. Carlyle Cobb, of Athens, is visiting Mrs. Ed Treanor.

Miss Clara Williams has returned from the mountains and Waynesboro, Va.

Misses Effie and Marie Grenade are attending a house party at Hurtsboro, Ala.

Mrs. T. O. Powell, Mrs. Julia West, Misses Jessie Allen, Julia Conn and Francis Conn are visiting Tallulah Falls.

Judge and Mrs. E. R. Hines entertained the men's class of the Methodist Sunday school last Thursday.

Miss Mary Lawrence is visiting Barnesville.

Miss Bertha Gholson has returned from a visit to Florida.

Mrs. Venie Montgomery has returned from a visit to Oconee Springs.

Miss Myrtle McDermot is attending a house party at Agricola.

Jackson

JACKSON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Copeland, Mrs. Emma Mallett and Miss Mary Newton form a party of Jackson people at St. Simons Island.

Miss Georgia Rice, of Atlanta, is the guest of Miss Helen Smith and was the honor guest at a dinner party Saturday evening at the Wigwam, Indian Springs.

Miss Rosa Newton leaves Tuesday for a two months' stay in the North.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Carmichael are in Baltimore.

Miss Julia Curry is being entertained as the guest of Miss Fannie Belle Watts, in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawson have returned to their home in Dublin after a visit with Mrs. W. J. Wood and Mrs. E. C. Robinson.

Miss Clio Carmichael is spending some time as the guest of Miss Margaret Rushton and Mrs. Stewart Roberts in Atlanta.

Misses Vera and Jessie Jones have as their guest Miss Carrie Knott, of Locust Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Carreker left Wednesday for a visit with relatives in Zebulon.

Mrs. H. A. Butner and sister, Miss Roberts, of Greenville, S. C., are guests of Mrs. C. A. Butner and Miss Annie Lou McCord.

Mrs. J. W. Crum is at home from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Sasnett Crum in Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Annie Catchings Crum is visiting Miss Annie Kieth in Spartanburg.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, July 26.—For her guest, Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, Miss Alice Parker was the hostess on Thursday evening at a porch party.

Miss Caroline Higgins left this week for a visit to friends in New Jersey and Maryland.

Miss Alice Parker has returned from a visit to friends in Moultrie.

Miss Mary Merrill and Miss May Patten will leave next week for East Orange, N. J.

Miss Marianne Watt will leave on Monday for Savannah, where she will spend a short time as the guest of Miss Margaret Charlton.

Miss Floride Stevens, of Norfolk, is the guest of Mrs. F. L. MacIntyre.

Miss Minnie Weldon is spending some time at Pablo Beach, Fla.

Miss Josephine Porter, of Apalachicola, Fla., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Peacock.

Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, is visiting Miss Alice Parker.

Mrs. M. R. Mallette left this week for Montgomery and will later go to Baltimore for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Kate Mack left this week for New York for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Emmie Plowden, of Dickey, was the guest this week of Mrs. W. A. Pringle, Jr.

Miss Susie May Dreger, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. T. C. Mitchell.

Miss McGuirt, of Tifton, is the guest of Miss Ella Sandford.

Mrs. Rhydon Mays and children left this week for Marietta and will spend the remainder of the summer at the Whitlock House in that city.

Miss Myrtle Goff, of Valdosta, is visiting Mrs. R. W. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Loveless left this week for Tiverton, R. I., where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Miss Lilly May McKinley, of Atlanta, is the guest for a short time of Miss Mattie Rigsby.

Mrs. M. C. Thornton, of Abbeville, Ala., and Mrs. R. N. Thornton, of Dothan, are the guests of Mrs. R. L. Dekle.

Miss Hilton Evans, of Tampa, Fla. is visiting Mrs. William McMillen.

Fitzgerald

FITZGERALD, July 26.—A lawn party was given by Miss Emily Griffin in honor of her cousin, Miss Edith Harrell, of Cumberland, this week.

Those invited were Dorothy Thurmond, Margaret Wise, Elizabeth McCarty, Martha Turner, Martha Bell Spiller, Merle Scarborough, Corrine Womble, Marion Dunn, Laura Whitley, Hazel Mayes, Mildred Hall, Lillie Mae Hughes, Josephine Manning, Maud Paulk and Mamie Calloway.

Mrs. James Oates, of Live Oak, Fla., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Chandler.

Mrs. J. E. Anderson is visiting in Montgomery.

Mrs. J. W. Swearinger has returned to her home in Jacksonville after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Sedlmyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Adams and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Reid have gone to Cumberland Island.

Mrs. Ackerman and children left recently for a visit in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. D. Mashburn and daughters, Misses Emmie and Mayme, left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. B. Braswell, of Fitzgerald, is visiting her friend, Miss Corinne Cunyus. Mrs. Braswell is remembered in Atlanta as Miss Johnnie Broughton.

Miss Helen Matthews returned Tuesday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. R. Tippett and Miss Eugene Blade, of Hawkinsville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holder.

Fay Wyman and Miss Mary Paul were quietly married recently.

Miss Atha Meyer entertained Monday at a reception in honor of her attractive guest, Miss Annie Browning, of Lakeland, Fla., and Mr. and Mrs. Yancey M. Bowles, who were recently married.

LaGrange

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Mrs. J. A. Jones, of Summit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. L. Edwards.

Miss Louise Freeman is the guest of Mrs. Louise Young.

Misses Edith Lupton, of Atlanta, and Florence Smith, of Ypsilanti, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith.

Mrs. Milam has as her guests Misses Martha Jarell, Mary White and Marion Taylor, of Greenville.

Miss Stella Broadfield has returned from a two weeks' visit as the guest of Mrs. Tom Patterson, of McDonough.

Miss Eleanor Dunson, after visiting in Atlanta and McDonough, has returned to LaGrange.

Misses Sarah and Francis Mathews, of Decatur, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Market.

Miss Salome Bradfield and Mary Scott are the attractive guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bradfield.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis entertained in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Lance, of Hannibal, Mo.

Besides the guests of honor, the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Jim Lane, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Willis, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hutchinson, Misses Stella and Julia Bradfield, Mary Scott, Ruth Slack and Messrs. Searcy Slack and Lloyd Bradfield.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—Misses Gladys and Zeta White are expected home next week from Savannah, where they have been the guests of Miss Gladys Cassells. Miss Cassells will probably accompany them home for a visit in Cartersville.

Miss Rachel McEntyre had as her guests last week Misses Lucy Green and Gladys Mitchell, of Atlanta, and Miss Lonnie Mae McEntyre, of Rock Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Womelsdorf entertained Tuesday evening with a delightful swimming party. After the swimming a supper was served at the clubhouse, followed by songs and conversation. Later in the evening a watermelon cutting was enjoyed.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Young and family, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Peeples and family, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Akin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Munford, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Felton Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Granger, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Stella Brumby, Harry Womelsdorf, Mrs. Lila Morgan, Captain J. J. Calhoun, Garner Jones and John Calhoun.

Misses Mildred Matthews and Sue Lou Hull left Wednesday morning for Woolsey, where they will be guests at a house party given by Miss Addie Lou Sams.

Miss Robena Shaw, of Atlanta, is the attractive guest of Miss Irene Shaw.

Miss Ethel Adair returned home Tuesday from a visit to Rome.

Thursday evening the younger set enjoyed a moonlight picnic at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Ruohs Pyron.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Mrs. J. L. Walker and daughter, Miss Annie Laurie Walker, have returned from St. Simons Island.

Miss Annie May Bates, of Williston, S. C., is the guest of relatives.

Miss Ora Scarborough has returned to her home in Statesboro.

Miss Myrtise Adams was the guest of relatives in Blackshear this week.

Miss Sarah Houk has gone to Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Norvel returned Wednesday from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bates, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bates, will return to their home at Elko, S. C., to-morrow.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran leaves shortly for Tennessee.

Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children have returned from a visit to White Oak.

Miss Ethel Broadshaw, of Charleston, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. H. S. DuBose.

Mrs. W. A. McKnight is visiting in Macon.

Mrs. C. E. Williamson and little daughter are visiting in Sylvester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tubbs returned this week from a visit to Black Mountain, N. C.

Mrs. R. E. Finn and children left this week for St. Simons.

Miss Clara Wood, of Brunswick, is visiting Mrs. R. T. Hitch.

Mrs. B. T. Pharr and two daughters, of Houston, are guests of Mrs. A. M. Litch.

Mrs. Emma Mannin, of Dublin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Brewer.

Mrs. A. M. Bailey and children returned Wednesday from McDonald.

Mrs. G. W. Julian, of Tifton, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. Crawley.

Mrs. W. R. Beach left this week for Philadelphia.

Mrs J. T. Strickland visited friends at Bickley this week.

Miss Grace Taylor left Wednesday for Virginia.

Mrs. McIntosh Noble left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Rachael McRee returned to her home at Kinderlou Thursday after a visit to Misses Lucile and Nell Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Page Anderson and Mrs. Wayne Walker have returned from a visit to Pablo Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Knight, Jr., spent the week on St. Simons Island.

Mrs. T. F. Broadwater has returned from a visit to relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. W. M. Bird has returned from a visit to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Otis Bell was the guest this week of relatives in Quitman.

Misses Lucile Sutton and Ellen Goodrich have returned from Jacksonville.

Crawfordsville

CRAWFORDSVILLE, July 26.—Miss Virginia Butler, of Madison, is spending several days as the guest of Miss Frances Burges.

Misses Caroline and Mary Emma Gee are visiting in Lithonia as the guests of Miss Lillie Mae Hughes, who is entertaining a house party of her Chicora College girl friends.

Miss Kathleen Melton has returned from Monticello, where she has been spending some time with Miss Davidson.

One of the interesting social events of the week was the marriage of Miss Thelma Williams to Boykin Hollis.

Among the Crawfordsville people who are spending the week at Daniel Springs, a popular resort near here, are Colonel and Mrs. J. A. Beazley, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Beazley, Mrs. H. M. Holden and family, Miss Minnie Olive Park, Mrs. J. W. Tucker, and Mrs. E. D. Anthony.

What bids fair to be one of the events of the season for Crawfordsville society is the house party of Brenau girls that Miss Lillian Asbury will entertain during the first week in August. Among those expected to come are Misses Crawford, of Lexington; Miss Laing, of Dawson; Miss Brock, of Carrollton; Miss Allen, of Elberton, and Miss Wyche, of Alabama.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Mrs. John T. Bialock and children have returned to Valdosta from North Georgia.

Mrs. James Wooten and her little daughter, Katherine, reached Valdosta from Savannah this week and are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Norris Pinder.

Miss Julia Lambert, of Athens, is turned from Pablo Beach.

Mrs. Lorena McCully and her little granddaughter, Mary Lorena, left Tuesday for St. Marys.

Miss Gussie Spence, of Pelham, is visiting her brother, E. J. Spence.

The W. C. T. U. had an ice cream festival in the courthouse square on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Bitzer and family have gone to Harrisonburg, Va.

Mrs. W. W. Carpenter and her little daughter have gone to their home at Plymouth, Fla.

Mrs. Henry Pullen, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. J. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McCully, Mrs. D. W. Aldman and Misses Harriet and Mary Converse left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Luelle Strickland left last Monday for Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stampler and children left Wednesday for Columbia, S. C., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Smith Davis left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and her daughters have returned from Pablo Beach.

Misses Annabel Converse and Virginia Varnedoe have gone to Waycross to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Dimmock.

Miss Gertrude Monroe has returned from Jacksonville. She was accompanied home by her little cousin, Miss Eloise Roberts.

Camilla

CAMILLA, July 26.—Miss Maude Haddock, of Kestler; Miss Katie McCall, of Atapulgus, and Miss Patty Wilson, of Bainbridge, are the guests of Mrs. Robin Cochran.

Miss Fannie Haynes, of Lommerton, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. McNight.

Miss Lucile Black, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Claude Davis.

Miss Rose Cox and her sister, Mrs E. E. Cox, are spending the summer in Marietta.

Miss Margaret Hughes, of Cordele, is the guest of Miss Susie Belle Hughes.

Mrs. G. A. Gibbs, of Homerville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Collins.

Miss Willa Veta Almand, who has been the visitor of Mrs. J. C. Wilson, went to Albany yesterday, where she will visit Miss Susie Brown.

Miss Emma Bibb, of Kinderlou, is visiting Miss Marceline Twitty.

Mrs. R. L. Pope left Tuesday for Albany.

Miss Sarah Hilliard is visiting Miss Maude Livingston in Newton.

Miss Sadie May Wade has gone to Cuthbert, where she will be the guest of Miss Mary Davenport.

Miss Kathlene Acree has returned after a visit to Miss Seveille Arthur, of Albany.

Miss Myrtle Brown is expecting Miss Lillian Britt, of Tifton, as her guest.

Miss Marie Owen, of Enterprise, Ala., is the guest of Miss Mary Baggs.

Miss Susie Belle Hughes and her mother, Mrs. E. A. Hughes, are visiting relatives in Monticello, Fla.

Mrs. S. J. Faircloth, of Quitman, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth, has returned home.

Miss Leah Gardner, of Pavo, is the guest of Mrs. B. C. Gardner.

Miss Annie Ruth Spence is in Quitman visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. B. Bennett.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Groover, of Savannah, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth.

Miss Verdi Holton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Kate Bolton, in Fort Valley.

Mrs. J. C. Turner entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Faircloth and Misses Agnes Acree and Annie May Collins left Friday for an automobile trip on the Gulf Coast.

Miss Ruth Collins, of Holder, Fla., is visiting relatives.

Mrs. Wilson Joiner, of Albany, returned home after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Joiner.

Miss Freddie Wade and her mother, Mrs. J. P. Wade, of Quitman, are the guests of Mrs. J. P. McRee.

Mrs. Sam Kendel, of Albany, is spending the week-end with Mrs. G. W. Swindle.

Mrs. J. T. Fenn and little daughter, with Miss May Travis, have returned to their home in Birmingham after a visit to Mrs. L. J. Hay.

Miss Hattie Heath returned home Monday from Moultrie, where she was the guest of honor at a house party given her by Miss Lucile Autry.

Mrs. R. T. Cochran and children are visiting relatives in Shellman.

Miss Susie Fleming returned Saturday after a visit to her sister in Tifton.

Villa Rica

VILLA RICA, July 6.—A social event of much interest was the marriage of Miss Annie Powell, of Villa Rica, and Robin Lowry Berry, of Jonesboro, Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. C. A. Jamison officiating.

Miss Caroline Marchman, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor and Claude H. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro, was best man.

Little Misses Ellen Powell and Nell Jiles were the flower girls. H. G. Robertson and I. A. Scotts were the ushers.

Following the wedding, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Powell tendered the wedding party and guests a reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry will spend a week at Franklin, N. C., after which they will return to Villa Rica, where they will reside in future.

Why Endure Sore Feet

Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.



Cordele

CORDELE, July 26.—Wednesday afternoon Mrs. J. S. Sheppard was the hostess to the members of the Young Matrons' Club. Rook was the game played.

Mrs. J. H. Shipp made highest score and was presented a cutglass salad bowl. Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines, being honor guests, they were presented with evening fans.

Miss Marie Scandrett has returned from several weeks' stay with friends at Little Rock, Mobile and Birmingham.

Miss Inez Hyman will leave early in August for a visit to Miss Mamie Slade at Griffin.

Miss Mary McArthur has returned from a stay with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Farrior, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. Leo Marshall and children, of Jacksonville, are visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. Coffman, of Johnson City, Tenn., are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fenn.

Mrs. Arthur Wheeler and Mrs. C. B. Whatley entertained at a series of afternoon parties during the week in honor of their house guests, Mrs. Odell Allison Gilbert, of West Virginia, and Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Livingston are spending the summer with relatives at Seneca and Greenville, S. C.

Misses Stell Colwell and Birdie Bulloch are spending the week-end at St. Simons.

Miss Van Mitchell, of Butler, is the guest of Mrs. William Scandrett.

Miss Lamar Ryals is being entertained at the home of Miss Rose Tate at Shelbyville, Tenn.

Miss Mabel Barber has returned from a visit to Captain and Mrs. Sam Barber at Vidalia.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church was entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. Edward Stallings.

Mrs. M. R. Smith entertained with a party Wednesday morning.

Eastman

EASTMAN, July 26.—Mrs. John H. Hargrove is visiting in Dothan, Ala.

Miss Annamaude Burch left a few days ago for Winder.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gentry and children are spending a few days with relatives in Decatur.

Mrs. Fred R. Hall, of Blakely, has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Prince are in New York.

Mrs. J. D. Herrman and daughter, Miss Hortense, are spending the summer at Far Rockaway, Long Island.

Mrs. W. R. Hall and son, Harris, after spending a week with relatives in Macon, have returned home.

Mrs. J. W. Morris and daughter, Mary Ann, are spending the summer in Selma, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Sapp and daughter, who have been spending a faw days in Nashville, Ga., have returned home.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts is spending a few days with friends and relatives in Macon.

Miss Claudie Bailley spent last Sunday in Gresston.

Mrs. E. Rothols, of Darlington, S. C., was honor guest at a reception given by her daughter, Mrs. Harry Hirsch, this week. The other guest of honor was Miss Miriam Morgan, of Savannah.

Mrs. H. R. Cooke has been spending the past two weeks in Indian Springs and Tallulah Falls.

Mrs. H. W. Hurst and children are spending the summer with relatives in Thomaston.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brock have returned from a trip to South Carolina.

Misses Corinne Beverly and Lucile Matthews are the guests of Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. Fred Walters, of Cordele, and Miss Ann Hughes, of Statesboro, are the guests of Mrs. Bob Wynne.

Miss Sylvia Harris, of Montgomery, will be the guest of Mrs. App Herrman.

Miss Catherine Pennington is at home after spending the past three weeks with friends and relatives in Atlanta, Covington, Shady Dale and Tallulah Falls.

Thursday evening a party of young folks was invited to meet Miss Corinne Beverly and Miss Lucile Mathews, of Hawkinsville, and Albert Hargrove at a porch party given by Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. J. A. Paxson and little daughter, Eugenia, are the guests of relatives in Abbeville.

Mrs. Earle C. Chandler, of Valdosta, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Burch.

Miss Mayme Arthur is the guest of friends and relatives in Cuthbert.

Miss Anice Johnson, of Atlanta, and LeRoy Johnson, of Macon, are spending a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson.

Miss Estora Jackson, who has been on a visit to Cochran, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Hewitt and children, of Leesburg, Fla., are the guests of Miss Kyle Arthur.

Miss Julia Hall left a few days ago for a few weeks' visit to Macon, Monticello and other North Georgia towns.

Misses Valeria and Marjorie McGee are spending a few days with relatives in McRae.

Mrs. T. H. Edwards and Miss Mary Charter left this week for Chalybeate Springs.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilkins have returned from a visit to Atlanta.

Mrs. W. L. Mathers and little daughter, Martha Doane, have returned to their home in Macon.

Mrs. M. A. Earle, of McRae, is the guest of relatives.

Miss Julia Hall entertained the "Nojsy Nine" Friday evening in honor of Miss Emily Bealer's guest, Miss Kathleen McKnight, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, July 26.—Mrs. Buford Boykin, who has been at Piedmont Springs, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cheney, of Savannah, arrived in the city Monday.

Miss Bessie Smith has ben visiting in Atlanta the past week.

Miss Mattie Jones, of Griffin, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Griffin.

Mrs. R. A. Jolly returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Isabel Fitts left the first of the week for Piedmont Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McPherson, of Atlanta, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. W. H. Turner and daughters, Rosebud and Mary, left Saturday for a two weks' visit at Copper Hill, Tenn., and Culverson, N. C.

Mrs. T. A. Conner and little daughter, Dorothy, of Bainbridge, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Edith Couch and Miss Ruby Martin, of Atlanta, are the guests of Miss Elizabeth Edmondson.

Miss Mattie Lou Houston, of Dawson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Pace.

Mrs. Robert Creel, of Jasper, Ala., is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. T. H. Collins, of Atlanta, has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. H. Turner.

Mrs. Robert Fitts and little sons, Andrew and Frances, left Friday for Newnan and Turin.

Miss Ethel Tumlin, of Birmingham, will arrive Saturday to be the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. J. Tumlin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Padgett, of Atlanta, arrived in the city Saturday.

Mr. Will Webb and Miss Marie Perdue were married Sunday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Edmondson officiating.

Miss Winnie Reeves is visiting friends in Grantville.

Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Lovvorn, of Bowdon spent Sunday in the city, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Roop.

Misses Mary and Winnie Austin and Mary Snead are visiting friends near Temple.

Miss Lizzie Radford, of Monroe, is the guest of Mrs. R. D. Jackson.

Mrs. Hilton Tyus entertained the Ladies Bridge Club Wednesday.

Mrs. William Lyle, left Tuesday for her home in Augusta.

Mrs. J. A. Bass and Miss Maude Bass left Tuesday for Birmingham.

Mrs. L. J. Brock and children and Mrs. J. R. Miller left Tuesday for Lithonia.

Mrs. W. L. Fitts entertained a few friends Tuesday afternoon at a sewing party.

Miss Grace Blalock returned Sunday from a visit to her sister, Mrs. T. E. Maxwell, of LaGrange.

Mrs. J. H. Garrett left Monday for a visit to friends and relatives in Edwardsville, Ala.

Mrs. T. B. Bailey, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, of Bristol, Va., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson.

Mrs. Henri Honrath, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Brown.

Miss Alice Weems returned Saturday from a visit to Jacksonville, Ala.

Mrs. J. D. Perryman left Monday for Tallapoosa.

Miss Bell Hitchcock, of Atlanta, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nelle McKown.

Mesdames C. E. Roop and Fannie Veal returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs.

Miss Annie Slade left Tuesday for Columbus.

Mrs. W. A. A. Anderson, of Washington, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown.

The Jokers' Club met Tuesday afternoon with Miss Annie Maude New.

Miss Elma Boykin will leave Friday for Gillsville.

Satisfaction in glasses depends upon their fitting properly.

We strive for the best in refracting, in grinding and in fitting.

Oculist service at opticians' prices. L. N. Huff Optical Company, two stores, 70 Whitehall, 52 W. Mitchell. Adv.

Glooms Disappear When You Enter The Bonita Theater.

No gloom can stand the fun-dispensing Allen and Kenna company at the Bonita Theater. They are the delight of thousands who visit this beautiful little playhouse and capacity has been the houses since the first day of this company. Good singing, dancing, pretty girls and clever comedians; that's the story.

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You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the purest and best of drugs, are supplied from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

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Cable Piano Co.

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With Record Cabinet

The first Victrola equipped with record cabinet sold for less than $1.00.

This new Victrola gives the Records a most wonderful Tone.

Mahogany or oak cabinet—all the very latest improvements—tapering tone arm, "goose neck" sound box tube, brake, speed regulator and indicator. Extra heavy double spring, spiral drive motor (can be wound while playing.



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Call and see this best of all Victrola values, dollar for dollar considered.

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ATLANTA

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CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 2G, Boston. Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura will find it best for skin and scalp.

THE "ICE KIST"

No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE **$1.95**

PACK IT— THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*

Western Merchandise & Supply Co.
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Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

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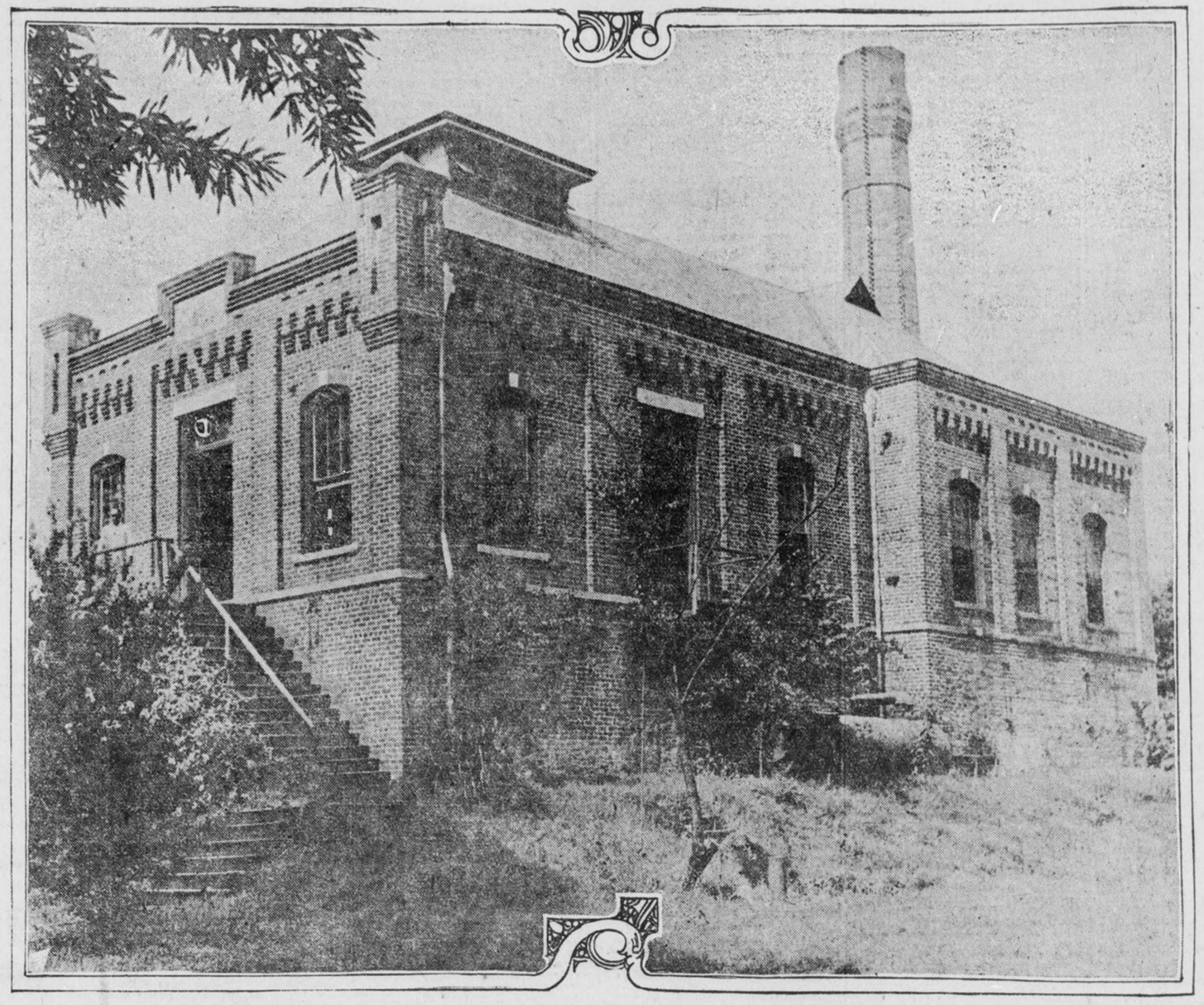
Rome Buys Central Station Electric Current For Her 4,000,000-Gallon City Pump



ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

CONTRACT DEP'T

Georgia Railway & Power Company

ATLANTA

Athens — Latest News of North Georgia — Rome

GIRL IN TRANCE WHISPERS CURE TO RELATIVES

Occult Powers of Country Lass Arouse Interest of Psychologists and Physicians.

ATHENS, July 26.—Scientists, doctors, professors and ministers again have become deeply interested in the weird actions and mysterious manifestations of Sue Mae Burgess, the 14-year-old Green County girl who has startled all who have seen her by her uncanny doings and unaccountable predictions, the strangest of which all have come true.

This little country girl, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Burgess, living near Farmington, where the counties of Green and Oconee join, became subject to repeated attacks of what were pronounced by the country physicians as cataleptic fits, and while undergoing these attacks, her body became rigid and she was unconscious of what was being said or done around her.

However, she was able to speak occasionally in a whisper, and after a few minutes she would whisper to some member of the family what could be done to relieve her.

Weird Remedies Effective.

The commands the mother, sister, brother or perhaps father received were of the strangest kind, and it was not until they were convinced that she was really relieved in this way that they had faith in what she said. It might be to touch her forehead lightly or rub her hand, then again it might require a visit to a neighbor's house so that some one not of the immediate family could minister to her.

These facts, along with the ability she had of predicting when she would be attacked, even days ahead, caused the family and neighbors to regard her and her actions in a different way, for it began to seem she must possess superhuman traits. Then came the climax. During one of her "spells," she told of a strange root in the grave of old Governor Peter Early, which was not far distant, and which would glow like fire, and if prepared into a tea would cure her. What happened during the next few days reads like a story from the "Arabian Nights."

During her next "fit" she reprimanded her brother for not following her instructions, and finally the physician, Dr. Harrell, was persuaded to go to the old grave in search of the glowing root that possessed such wonderful properties.

Finds Wonderful Root.

He did. He found the locust tree beside the grave and the loose rock as the girl had said, and was not long in finding something that startled him. It was the root, and he could hardly believe it when he noticed that it shone and gave out a soft golden light. Pieces of it were brought to Athens and exhibited here without explanation. Prof. D. L. Earnest, of the State Normal College, one of the best authorities on psychology in the State, visited the home and on returning to Athens in the night used a piece of the root to look at his watch, without ever striking a match.

The lotion from the root was prepared as the girl directed and applied, and for a month it seemed that it would be the means of restoring good health again.

Hornet Breaks Spell.

But the spell was broken last week and as the result of the sting of a hornet, the girl against is having cataleptic fits. Everything had gone well since the application of the mysterious root lotion until she was attacked and stung by a large hornet. The only relief possible now is the instruction she gives those around her as to what to do, and it is predicted that she again will suggest something strangely unusual as a permanent cure.

Many visitors from Watson Springs, Crawford, Athens and other nearby places have heard when she would be under a "spell" and have gone to the home to see her in one of her rigid and unconscious states.

Normally she is a very pretty girl with light hair and brown eyes and is admired.

NEW HOTEL FOR ROME NOW IS A CERTAINTY

ROME, July 26.—Rome is to have a new hotel. It will be one of the handsomest structures in the State, and work will begin on it about September 1.

During the last few weeks a committee composed of M. S. Lanier, J. D. McCartney and L. S. Daniel has been canvassing the city for subscriptions. The committee had little difficulty in raising enough to clinch the project. At least $150,000 will be expended. The hotel will be at Broad street and Fifth avenue, where now stands the historic Choice House. It will be six or seven stories in height.

FORMER DALTON FARMER KILLED IN LONE STAR STATE

DALTON, July 26.—Henry J. Cucksee, a farmer who left this county in 1902 to locate in Texas, was struck by an automobile and killed near Hereford, Texas. His body was brought to Dalton and taken to Sumach Cemetery for interment.

The dead man had a wide acquaintance in this section, being before leaving here a prominent farmer of this county. He is survived by three sisters and two brothers.

GAINESVILLE CHURCHES HOLD OUTDOOR SERVICES

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A novel feature in church services here, joined in by several congregations of the city, is the holding of meetings on the lawns one evening each week. Seats and lights are arranged on the beautiful lawn in front of the First Methodist Church. The meetings have proved to be most interesting and delightful.

Crawford Wheatly Of Americus, who was the principal drafter of the appropriations bill, passed by the Georgia House of Representatives last week.

Representative from Sumter County.



Chairman of House Appropriations Committee.

Drouth Broken When Countryside Prays

Seven Weeks of Dry Weather Followed by Heavy Rain After Prayer Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Seven weeks' drouth in the vicinity of Rebecca was broken yesterday by a heavy rain, and the people of that place believe that a prayer service the night before to invoke the Almighty to send showers upon the crops was altogether responsible.

Crops were burning up and it appeared that the entire year's work of the farmers would be a failure. It was suggested that a prayer service be held at the Baptist Church, the proposition meeting with instant approval.

According to announcement, the people for miles around met at Rebecca and offered up prayers, continuing in the service for some time. Apparently in answer to this prayer, the rain came the following day.

WOMEN TO MEET MEN IN SUFFRAGE DEBATE

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A most interesting occasion will be the debate in Brenau Auditorium Monday night on "Woman's Suffrage," in which a number of prominent local men and women will take part. It is to be held under the auspices of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. Miss Ella Powell will deliver a lecture.

ELBERT COUNTY SATISFIED WITH NEW LAW CHANGES

ELBERTON, July 26.—The bill which passed the House this week changing the County Commissioners of Elbert from three to one, providing for the employment of a competent supervisor and engineer and making other changes in this most important county office, is satisfactory to the people of the county.

100 ODD FELLOWS ENJOY DAY'S OUTING AT CLERMONT

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—A special train over the Gainesville and Northwestern Railway carried about 100 to the twentieth division meeting of the I. O. O. F. at Clermont this week. There was a big dinner and a number of addresses by prominent Odd Fellows. The degree work of the order was exemplified.

STATE GAME REPORT PRINTED.

DALTON, July 26.—The annual report of the State Department of Game and Fish, consisting of 94 pages, is off the press of a Dalton printing company and will be ready for distribution within a few days.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

Refuses to Allow Revival in Church

Pastor Obliged to Leave, Says Evangelist Shall Not Hold Proposed Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Because he could not be in attendance and aid in the meeting, it is said that Rev. B. F. Rainey, pastor of the Pleasant Hill Baptist Church near Cordele, refused to allow a revival to be held in his church.

On request of some of the members of the church the State Board of the Baptist denomination sent an evangelist to conduct the meeting. It had been in progress but a day when the pastor informed the members and the evangelist that he objected to the meeting continuing longer; that he was going away and did not want a meeting conducted in his church while he was not there.

DALTON FIREMEN TO TAKE TWO-WEEK OUTING

DALTON, July 26.—More than a score of the members of the Dalton fire department will leave here on the morning of August 9 for a fortnight's outing at St. Simons Island.

The firemen are already making preparations for the trip, for which the railroads will grant special rates.

THREE MILES OF CEMENT SIDEWALKS FOR DALTON

DALTON, July 26.—Thornton avenue, Cleveland, Selvidge, McCamy and North Hamilton are the residential streets in which the City Council will take immediate steps looking to laying cement sidewalks.

The initial work as mapped out consists of about three miles of sidewalks.

TROUP SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION TO MEET

LA GRANGE, July 26.—The Troup County Sunday School Association will hold a two days' session next week. The first meeting will be held at Pleasant Grove Church, a few miles in the country, on Thursday. The second will be at the First Baptist Church of LaGrange on Friday.

GYPSY SMITH TO CONDUCT BIG REVIVAL

London Preacher to Hold Services in Accordance With Wishes of Dead Evangelist.

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—For some twenty years the late Rev. Sam P. Jones conducted annually a meeting at the tabernacle in this city and in this historic building, thousands came from far and near, during his lifetime, to hear him. At the last meeting just about a month before he died, he appointed a tabernacle committee and requested that the annual meetings continue after he died.

One meeting was held the year after his death and then the meetings were abandoned until last year, when the Rev. Bob Jones, of Montgomery, Ala., was invited to come and hold a revival meeting at the tabernacle.

Next Sunday morning, August 3, Rev. "Gypsy" Smith, of London, England, will preach at 11 o'clock. At 3:30 Rev. John Callahan, of the Water Street Mission of New York City, will have charge of the services and at 8 o'clock the Rev. Mr. Smith will preach again. Throughout the ten days there will be three services each day, the morning and evening services conducted by "Gypsy" Smith and the afternoon services by John Callahan.

Rev. Bob Jones will be platform director and will take an active part in the meeting, but, it is said, will not preach. He will arrive Friday night. The Rev. Mr. Sellers, of the Moody Bible Institute, of Chicago, will accompany him. The Rev. Mr. Smith and John Callanan will reach here next Saturday.

A fine singer has been secured and there will be a large choir organized from the ranks of the young men and ladies of the city and county.

Large crowds are expected. The railroads have given reduced rates.

The Sam Jones Tabernacle is situated in a beautiful grove about one-half mile from the city and has a seating capacity of 6,000. As many as 10,000 people have heard Rev. Sam Jones at one time preach from that pulpit.

JUDGE JONES ADVOCATES AUTO SPEED REGUATION

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—In his charge to the Grand Jury this week Judge J. B. Jones said it would be a good step to have a State law governing the speed limit of automobiles. As the law now stands, there is no speed limit on straight and good roads. There is a speed limit of six miles when machines are approaching and crossing bridges or turning curves.

ROME SOCIAL CLUBS ESCAPE INDICTMENT

ROME, July 26.—Although Judge Moses Wright recommended in his charge to the Grand Jury that the locker clubs of Rome be investigated, no indictments were brought, which is believed to mean that these organizations are abiding by the law. However, a number of true bills were brought against individuals for selling whisky.

ASSAILANT OF BROTHER GETS RELEASE ON BOND

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—John Eberhart, who was arrested and jailed for shooting his brother, Joe Eberhart, has been released on $500 bond. The two fell out over a division of land and the former shot the latter with a shotgun at close range, the load taking effect in the left side. It is thought that the wounded man may recover.

WEST SIDE SUNDAY SCHOOL MEETING BREAKS RECORD

DALTON, July 26.—More than 2,000 people attended the West Side Sunday school convention at Mount Vernon Saturday, the crowd being a record-breaker. The convention decided to hold annual meetings at Mount Vernon.

Officers were elected as follows: Luther Boyd, president; T. D. Bates, vice president; S. B. Hassler, chorister; Miss Ruth Griffin, secretary; Miss Mary Jordan, organist.

MEETING AT LA GRANGE TO TALK COUNTY FAIR

LA GRANGE, July 26.—A mass meeting will be held at the courthouse here next Thursday night at the time of the regular session of the Chamber of Commerce. The Troup County Fair Association will meet with the chamber in the interest of the coming county fair.

ROME DROUTH BROKEN.

ROME, July 26.—Rome was visited by a heavy rain, ending a drouth that has existed since June 7. The precipitation lasted for more than three hours and is worth thousands of dollars to this section.

RETURNS FROM SALT LAKE.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—W. N. Sheats, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, has returned from Salt Lake City, where he attended the annual meeting of the National Educational Association.

Three Stills Found In White County

Owners Offer No Resistance When Destroyed—Revenue Officers All Ordered to Chattanooga.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Deputy Collector Cooley and Revenue Officers Bush, Barney Richardson and Hymen Richardson, in a raiding tour through White County, found and destroyed three illicit stills, meeting no defiance from the owners.

At one of the stills there were two negroes, and the officers report that upon their approach the negroes "burned the wind" in escaping. Many gallons of beer and mash were destroyed, and at one place the officers smelled the refuse from the stil from a stream where it had been poured, and, traveling up the stream half a mile, found the still.

Officers Cooley and Bush this week were called to Chattanooga and advised to comep repared for a long trip and be well armed. It is said that the "revvies" from many of the districts have been ordered to this point. It is thought moonshiners in the mountains of Tennessee have banded together to fight an effort to take their distilleries.

Deputy Sings Hymns To Enliven Auction

No Bidder for Box of Songbooks Until Auctioneer Gives Samples of Contents.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—A deputy sheriff standing on the auction block with a hymnbook in his hand, warbling at the top of his voice, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was the sight seen by a big crowd gathered at the Sheriff's sale at the courthouse here a couple of mornings ago.

A box full of sacred songbooks was among the goods offered. No one offered to bid even a nickel. W. O. Beard, the deputy sheriff, nearly "talked his head off" without persuading anyone that he needed a box full of songbooks. Then it was an assistant took one of the books in his hand, mounted on the platform, turned to page 47 and began to sing. A score or more people in the crowd joined in the old familiar tune, and a few minutes afterward the hymnbooks were knocked down to a ready bidder for what they were worth.

BANKRUPT FIRM TO PAY ALL CREDITORS IN FULL

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Walden Brothers Clothing Company, one of the largest clothing concerns in the city, has gone into voluntary bankruptcy, with assets of more than $18,000 and liabilities of about $9,000. Just prior to filing the petition in bankruptcy the stockholders held a meeting to discuss the situation, but as it was found the firm was losing money rapidly it was thought best to file the petition. It was announced that the creditors would be paid dollar for dollar.

PASTOR GIVEN VACATION BY LA GRANGE BAPTISTS

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Dr. A. B. Vaughan, pastor of the First Baptist Church, has been voted a month's vacation by his church, and during his absence repairs to the amount of $2,000 will be made on the church.

FOUR IN SAME FAMILY APPENDICITIS VICTIMS

ELBERTON, July 26.—Alonzo Bowen, 14-year-old son of Ed Bowen, was operated on for appendicitis. He is doing well and will recover. This is the fourth operation in the Bowen family for appendicitis.

WAR ON BLIND TIGERS.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Chief of Police W. E. Smith is determined to rid the city of blind tigers. Eight have been convicted the past week. Two came clear on trial.

REUNION AT REDWINE.

GAINESVILLE, July 25.—Colonel B. P. Gaillard, of this city, will be orator of the day at the reunion of Confederate veterans at Redwine Church next Saturday. There will be band music and a basket dinner. The reunion is for Company D, Twenty-seventh Georgia Regiment.

DISTRICT CONFERENCE MEETS.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—About 100 preachers and laymen of the Gainesville District Methodist Conference have been in attendance upon the session at Flowery Branch this week. There are 28 pastoral charges in this district.

REAL INVENTOR OF TYPEWRITER WAS GEORGIAN

Birmingham Man Starts Movement to Rear Monument Over His Grave Near Rome.

ROME, July 26.—The inventor of the typewriter, John Jonathan Pratt, once lived within a few miles of Rome. Pratt's body now rests near the old loghouse that was his home, on the Center-Leesburg road, practically unknown and unnoticed by passersby.

Necessity was the mother of the invention, because from his duties as Clerk of the Court he developed typewriter's cramp and invented the machine to relieve it. Claude M. Hall of Birmingham, has lately inaugurated a campaign to revive interest in the memory of the inventor, and hopes the result will be the rearing of a monument over the lonely grave of the genius. His plan involves small subscriptions by users of the typewriters throughout the nation.

There are two or three other claimants for the distinction of inventing the typewriter, but the honor really belongs to Pratt, who died in Chattanooga June 24, 1905, at the age of 75 years. A few years before his death Pratt lived in Brooklyn.

December 19, 1857, Pratt was appointed Register in Chancery of Cherokee County and held this place until February 22, 1864. While working here Pratt got writer's cramp and decided to invent a typewriter to save suffering. He made a machine that worked earlier, but did not begin the active sale of his invention until 1867, in London, England.

From an aunt, Miss Elizabeth Herndon, of South Carolina, he borrowed $10,000 in 1867 to finance operations and perfect patents both here and in Europe. He went to England in the sixties and his machine attracted considerable attention. Immediately, the manufacture of at ypewriter in the United States was started by Milwaukee capitalists. Through the breaking of a contract by Memphis men Pratt encountered trouble, but later a wealthy man by the name of Hammond agreed to defeat the Memphis men on the condition that the machine could be manufactured under the name of Hammond. Pratt stayed in Hammond's employ until his death, receiving $2,500 per annum and a royalty on all typewriters sold.

Although the grave of the inventor lies within 200 yards of the Leesburg-Center road, hundreds of visitors pass by it every year without paying any attention to it.

Tift Truckers Plan To Improve Packing

Want Output Uniform and Carefully Prepared for Market—Meeting Called for Saturday.

TIFTON, July 26.—A meeting of the farmers, corn club boys and business men of Tift County has been called for Saturday, August 2, at the Tifton Chamber of Commerce. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss plans and methods for harvesting and marketing the crops.

The farmers will tell their experiences of the year at the meeting and discuss crop conditions and methods of fertilization and cultivation. The corn club boys will tell how it is that they can beat their fathers growing corn, and do it cheaper.

One of the important matters to be considered at the meeting will be the establishment of a truck packing house and the employment of experienced packers. Tift County truckers are determined that all truck from this county shall be of standard grade and packed by experienced men.

COUNTY FAIR PLANNED BY GAINESVILLE'S BOOSTERS

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—While the plans are not yet matured, the Chamber of Commerce has taken up the question of a fair to be held in the fall, at which farmers, stock raisers, manufacturers, etc., together with a woman's department, will have exhibits. It has been four years since a fair was held in Hall County, and it is believed this plan of the Chamber of Commerce will meet the approval of all and result in enlivening the business interests of this entire section.

Important Murder Trial Due This Week

Special Jury Expected to Probe Hatfield Slaying—Three Men in Jail.

DALTON, July 26.—When Superior Court meets here Monday morning for the regular July term it is probable Judge Fite's first action will be the drawing of a special Grand Jury to investigate the recent killing of Will Parrish in North Dalton for which three men, Dan Hatfield and John and Tom Nicodemus, are in jail, the former charged with the murder and the other two as accessories.

Hatfield is confined in the Floyd County jail, where he was taken after being brought here, owing to rumors of contemplated mob violence. Parrish, the man killed by Hatfield, was well liked by his associates, and after the killing the feeling all turned against Hatfield. When he was caught in Cleveland, Tenn., and brought here, the Sheriff telephoned Judge Fite and obtained the necessary order for transferring him to the Floyd County jail.

If indictments are returned against the three men the trials will occupy a big portion of the week.

Cashier Is Indicted On Bank's Complaint

J. H. Cason of Bank of Crosland Is Accused of Embezzling More Than $7,000.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—The Colquitt County Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday against J. H. Cason, former cashier of the Bank of Crosland, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars.

Cason was arrested several weeks ago and has been in prison here in default of $6,000 bond. Notwithstanding the fact that Cason has confessed to using over $7,000 of the bank's funds, he will plead not guilty when his case is called for trial next week, according to the statement of his attorney, Alfred Kline, of Moultrie.

Tifton Trade Board To Aid Tift Farmers

Chamber of Commerce Plans to Improve Market Conditions for Planters.

TIFTON, July 26.—Among the things which the Tifton Chamber of Commerce proposes to put through during the remainder of the summer are:

Begin a series of monthly farmers' meetings.

Take steps to aid the farmers in marketing their products.

Provide facilities for handling the meat, grain and like products of the farmers, for which there is not a steady and ready market.

Begin a campaign for securing a new union passenger station.

Get out a small booklet advertising Tifton and Tift County.

Co-operate with the Board of County Commissioners in seeing that all public highways leading to Tifton are in first-class shape for the hauling of cotton and like products to market.

Students Building Tift's First Silo

TIFTON, July 26.—Professor J. F. Hart, Jr., principal, and the students who have remained through the summer to care for the school property and tend the crops on the school farm began work this week building a modern silo at the Second District Agricultural School.

This is probably the first silo in this section of the State. It is believed this will lead to the construction of a number of others throughout Tift County. A crop sufficient to fill the silo has already been planted, and is now being cultivated by the summer students.

Sorority Girls Camp Beside Lake Warner

Alpha Delta Phi Party First, but More Are Expected From Athens Organization.

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Young ladies of the Alpha Delta Phi Sorority, 25 in number, of Wesleyan College, Macon, will arrive in Gainesville Friday for a two weeks' camp on Lake Warner.

It is likely that other parties, probably from Lucy Cobb, Athens, sororities, later will be added to the number of pretty, lively campers on the shores of the beautiful lake.

There now are in camp over 200 people. For several years Chattahoochee Park has been the scene of animated camp colonies each summer. There are more this summer than ever before.

NEGRO LOSES FINGERS PLAYING WITH DYNAMITE

DALTON, July 26.—A young son of O. A. Sims, a negro physician of this city, found a dynamite cap and immediately decided he could make a first-class whistle out of the harmless looking little thing. Securing a hammer and nail, he fitted the nail in the cap and struck it. His "whistle" quickly disappeared and with it went several of the fingers of his hand.

LAWYERS DRAFTING NEW CHARTER FOR GAINESVILLE

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—Three among the ablest lawyers of the city, W. A. Charters, H. H. Perry and W. M. Johnson, will draft a new charter for the City of Gainesville, but it is not likely that it will be completed in time for the present Legislature to take action on it. The present charter was drawn in 1871 by H. H. Perry. It is not likely that the commission form of government will be considered at the present time.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy, painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

THIS WEEK

Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

1-2 PRICE

You'll see them in our Window

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store 92 Whitehall

GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

$2.50 Glasses Now $1.00
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We have an experienced oculist in charge who will thoroughly examine your eyes and prescribe what is best for them.

L. N. HUFF OPTICAL CO.

70 Whitehall St. 52 W. Mitchell St.

Macon — Latest Middle Georgia News — Augusta

MRS. MOKLER IS OVERRULED IN ALIMONY FIGHT

Husband Also Wins Custody of Children After Sensational Battle in Macon Court.

MACON, July 26.—Mrs. Lottie Mokler, of Peoria, Ill., to-day lost her fight for alimony from her husband, Victor R. Mokler, and for the possession of their 9-year-old boy, Herman.

Judge Mathews decided in favor of the husband, without requiring Mokler's attorney, O. C. Hancock, to argue the case.

The evidence presented against Mrs. Mokler was so overwhelming that the judge did not think it necessary to proceed further with the hearing, and he stopped Attorney Hancock just as the latter began his argument and stated that his mind was satisfied as to the facts in the case.

Several months ago Mokler returned to his home in the Carling Flats and found his wife with another man. The man ran, but Mokler pursued and fired a pistol at him five times. He then left his wife and brought suit for divorce, charging her with infidelity. This suit was heard last Monday, when he was awarded the first verdict. He will obtain the second verdict at the November term of the Superior Court.

Recently, however, Mrs. Mokler instituted a fight for alimony and for the custody of the boy, and the hearing on her petition was concluded today. The testimony in it was taken last Saturday and was mostly in the form of affidavits.

Mokler offered numerous affidavits of various men in Macon, Spartanburg, S. C., and other cities to show that his wife had been rather free in her ways of living. The boy, Herman, proved an interesting witness, testifying as to many material points. He declared that he preferred to live with his father.

Mokler is well known in Macon and by those who know him he is highly regarded. Numerous affidavits were presented this morning as to his excellent character. He is the Southern agent for a publishing house that issued Christian literature and Bibles. His headquarters are in Macon, and it is stated that he has a large income. He testified that during the last year he and his wife lived together in Macon she spent over $4,000 in addition to her living expenses, which he paid. He introduced statements from local bank officers as to the sums drawn from the banks by Mrs. Mokler. He believes, and stated, that Mrs. Mokler gave this money to some of her men friends.

Mokler was happy over the decision of the Judge and left the courtroom affectionately caressing his son.

Miss Frances Webb

A popular member of Dublin's social set, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Claude Shewmake, in Atlanta. Mrs. H. P. Shewmake, of Dublin, is also Mrs. Claude Shewmaker's guest.

Miss Webb formerly resided in Augusta. (Photo by Hirshburg.)

She is society editor of The Dublin Herald.



Compromise Reached On Clerk's Salary

Bill Originally Reduced Pay to $2,400 a Year From $8,000—Agreement Now $4,000.

MACON, July 26.—A compromise has been reached with Representative Wallace Miller in regard to the bill which reduces the income of the Clerk of the City Court. Judge Hodges and Clerk Charles H. Smith spent most of the week in Atlanta in consultation with Mr. Miller and the other Representatives.

The bill as originally drawn provided that the Clerk's income should be reduced to $2,400, but now it will be fixed at $4,000, payable by the county as a salary. The present income of the office is $8,000 a year in fees. It is considered "the best office in Bibb County."

New Marshal Takes Official Oath Aug. 1

Will Not Name Appointees Until Sworn in—Expects to Make Macon Headquarters.

MACON, July 26.—Joseph S. Davis, newly appointed Marshal of the United States Court for the Southern District of Georgia, will take his oath of office August 1, succeeding George F. White, who has held the place for twelve years.

Mr. Davis wants to have headquarters in Albany, but expects the Attorney General to designate Macon as his official location, on account of the Judge and the District Attorney living here.

Mr. Davis will not announce the names of his appointees until he goes into office.

100,000 PEACH TREES FOR GEORGIA ORCHARDS

MACON, July 26.—Edward J. Martin, a large peach grower of Marshallville, while in Macon to-day, stated that fully 100,000 peach trees would be set out this fall by the orchard men in his section. "The fine prices brought by this year's crop," he stated, "have encouraged the fruit growers to enlarge their orchards.

"With satisfactory weather conditions in the spring I expect the 1914 fruit crop, especially the peaches, to be the largest in the history of the State, even exceeding that of 1909."

MACON BOY APPOINTED TO WEST POINT PLACE

MACON, July 26.—Robert Emmett Duffy, of James, has passed the entrance examination for West Point, and on August 1 he will leave for the institution to prepare for a commission in the United States army. He is a son of T. W. Duffy, Sr., who formerly represented Jones County in the Legislature.

Mud Around Depot Makes Griffin Kick

Several Carloads of Red Dirt Dumped Along Tracks and Rains Make Sticky Walking.

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The people of Griffin are raising more fuss about the conditions around the union passenger station maintained here by the Central and Southern Railways.

Some time ago a strong kick was made against insanitary conditions, and against the fact that four trains are coming in on parallel tracks and unloading and taking on passengers and baggage at the same time each morning at 9 o'clock. Now the complaint is over the dumping of several carloads of red dirt on the train yards and forcing people during the recent rains to walk through the consequent mud and slush. No promise is given that conditions will be improved. The citizens have carried the matter to the Railroad Commission, which promises some kind of relief.

$300,000 PLANT SEEKS LOCATION IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A Maryland corporation, with a capital stock of $300,000, engaged in the manufacture and sale of stoves, ranges and like products, is seeking a location in Columbus, attracted to this city by flattering inducements offered through the Board of Trade.

CRISP COUNTY TORN UP BY FREAK WINDSTORM

CORDELE, July 26.—A brisk windstorm yesterday afternoon over parts of Crisp and adjoining counties did considerable damage by leveling corn fields and blowing down fences. The wind came in spasmodic puffs and fear was felt that it would develop into a storm of serious nature.

COLUMBUS BALL TEAM TO GET BOOSTER GAME

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Monday has been designated as "Booster Day" with the Columbus baseball team, when it begins a series of three games with Albany. The management of the team is undertaking to arouse interest to keep the treasury in a safe condition during the wane of the season.

OIL STOVE BURNS MAY PROVE FATAL TO WOMAN

WAYCROSS, July 26.—As she lit an oil stove this morning preparatory to baking a cake, Mrs. J. D. Ridley caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished was so badly burned about the body and face that her recovery is doubtful. She ran into the street, where neighbors tore the flaming clothing from her.

A. J. Patterson Puts More 'Air' in 'Fair'

Tells Griffin the Exhibit This Year Will Be "the Biggest and Best Ever Held."

GRIFFIN, July 26.—A. P. Patterson, president of the Spalding County Fair and the man who put the "air" in "fair," says the county fair of Spalding this year will be the biggest and best ever held here.

Contracts are to be let for the erection of a poultry house and also a live stock building. In addition to these, some of the present buildings will be enlarged, and other improvements made. The race track is to be regraded and a new grandstand built.

It is expected that this year's fair will have a larger number of farm and domestic exhibits than formerly and that the newly organized Boys' Corn Club will take an important part in the exhibits.

CORDELE METHODIST CONFERENCE CLOSES

CORDELE, July 26.—The annual Methodist Conference of the Cordele district came to a close yesterday at Rochelle. The meeting was attended by about 130 ministers and delegates.

The following delegates were chosen to the annual South Georgia Conference to be held in Macon next November: Hugh Lasseter, Cordele; R. L. Greer, Oglethorpe; D. W. Howard, Unadilla; J. G. Forehand, Vienna.

SEABOARD TO CONSTRUCT WAREHOUSE IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The Seaboard Air Line has completed the survey for the foundation of a large storage warehouse and grain elevator in Columbus, to be located on its property in the southeastern part of the city. The warehouse, it is understood, will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

LOWNDES TAX VALUES EXCEED EIGHT MILLION

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Lowndes County's tax values this year show an increase of $259,000. Tax Receiver Bacon to-day completed the footings of the 1913 digest. The total tax values of the county are $8,223,000, and, in view of the rather depressed conditions of the past year, the increase of more than $250,000 is regarded as satisfactory. If the bill now before the Legislature to provide a board of tax assessors passes, it is believed that values in Lowndes County will go to $10,000,000 next year.

Augusta Primary To Be Held Oct. 29

Each Candidate Will Have Equal Representation in Officers to Conduct Election.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—The white primary committee has fixed October 29 as the date for the city primary to choose Councilmen from the various wards. Of course, there will be no primary in the event commission government wins and is referred to the people by the Legislature, because the result will be a foregone conclusion.

An innovation this year will be the giving of equal representation in the polling places to all candidates. Each candidate is to have a manager and a clerk in each box in every precinct.

The following candidates have announced for Council: First Ward, W. S. Morris and Clem E. Castleberry; Second Ward, T. S. Raworth; Third Ward, George H. Howard; Fourth Ward, N. T. Barnes; Fifth Ward, H. A. Woodward; Sixth Ward, J. Miller Morris and F. W. Moore.

Hitch Probable in New Charter Election

Commission Government and Water works Bond Advocates of Columbus Threaten War.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A hitch in the proposed vote on commission government for Columbus by the people during the year 1913 is probable.

A bill providing for commission government in lieu of the present Mayor and aldermanic form will be presented to the Legislature next week. Advocates of the proposed waterworks bond issue are making an effort to keep the commission government election from taking place this year, claiming it would affect the chances of the waterworks bonds.

The regular Mayor and aldermanic election is to be held the second Saturday in December, while the bond election comes on October 18, and it would be difficult to hold a commission government election before October.

The advocates of waterworks bonds have threatened, if an election is proposed in the commission form bill prior to the waterworks bond election, to go before the Lepislature and fight the passage of the commission government bill. The advocates of commission government threaten to retaliate by fighting the waterworks proposition. If the advocates of commission government can have the election this year they propose to do so.

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WORKING FOR BOND ISSUE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the next six weeks the Savannah Chamber of Commerce will be engaged in active work in arousing interest in the auditorium bond election, which will be held September 15.

The proposed issue of $200,000 will give Savannah a much-needed auditorium.

LAWMAKERS OF BIBB DIVIDED ON COURT BILL

Proposal to Abolish Justices and Establish Municipal Tribunal Gets Mixed Reception.

MACON, July 26.—The Bibb County Representatives are divided on the bill to abolish the justice courts and to establish a municipal court, and it is probable that the bill may not pass at the present session of the Legislature unless a compromise is reached.

Representative Wallace Miller is in favor of the whole bill just as it stands.

Representative Minter Wimberly believes that the jurisdiction of the court should be reduced from $500 to $100, and he is opposed to the advance payment of costs. Representative Ben J. Fowler believes the judge should receive a salary of only $2,000 and that the other officers should be paid less than is now provided in the bill. The bill provides for $3,000 a year for the judge, $1,800 for the clerk and $1,500 for the sheriff.

Another bill on which the Bibb Representatives are divided is the one proposing changes in the fee system so far as its affects several of the county officers.

Representative Fowler wants the Solicitor General put on a salary of $3,000.

Union Station Mix Is Near Solution

Only One Property Owner on the New Depot Site Still Refuses to Arbitrate.

MACON, July 26.—Macon now is nearer the union station than at any time since the agitation took definite shape several months ago.

Property owners on Cherry street below Fifth who objected to the passage of the bill in the Legislature which authorizes the city to close Cherry between Fifth and Sixth, have now agreed to withdraw their objections if the Central of Georgia will agree to arbitrate their claims for damages.

As the Central of Georgia previously has signified its willingness to enter into any fair arrangement for the settlement of the calims, it is believed that the arbitration plan will be adopted.

Only one of the property owners, C. B. Adams, refuses to agree to arbitrate. He says that the Central of Georgia must buy his property outright ofr $30,000 or he will resist the closing of the streets by appeal to the courts.

Macon Prepares a Booster Excursion

Plans Made to Send Special Train to Northwest to Advertise Middle Georgia.

MACON, July 26.—Macon is going to send a booster train to the Northwest in September for the purpose of advertising the resources of the State, as well as this city.

The train will go as far north as Minneapolis, arriving there at the time of the Minnesota State Fair. Stops will be made at every city of size along the route. Birmingham, Chattanooga, St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, Cedar Rapids ,and Burlington are some of the cities that will be visited.

The Boards of Trade of Columbus, Adel, Waycross and other Georgia cities and towns already have applied for space on the train.

It is assured that over 100 Macon business houses will be represented, and it is probable that the drum and bugle corps also will make the trip.

Capital for Macon Bill Again Prepared

Fifty-three Signatures Have Been Obtained for Measure to Move State Capital.

MACON, July 26.—Signed by fifty-three members of the House, the bill to submit to the people the question of moving the State Capital to Macon will be introduced in the House on Monday morning.

At the same time the campaign in favor of the bill will be renewed by the executive committee of the Capital Removal Association of Macon and South Georgia.

The Bibb delegation is sanguine of the bill coming to a vote in the House at this session. They believe the committee will report favorably on it.

Should the bill fail of consideration at this session, the campaign in its favor will be conducted throughout the winter and up to the meeting of the next Legislature.

HYDROPHOBIC HEN KILLED WHEN SHE ATTACKS CHILD

MACON, July 26.—A "mad" chicken, the first ever seen or heard of in Macon, was killed to-day by Policeman T. B. Roland, after the fowl had savagely attacked his 10-year-old boy. It developed that the hen was bitten a week ago by a rabid dog, but not until to-day were the hydrophobic symptoms manifested. When Policeman Roland first observed the chicken it was fighting the other hens. The boy went out in the yard to see what was the matter with his pet, and the hen viciously fought him.

BOARD FORMED; OBJECT IS TO BOOST GRIFFIN

J. W. Gresham Is President and W. B. Royster Secretary of New Organization.

GRIFFIN, July 26.—As a result of a whirlwind campaign, a live Board of Trade, with $4,000 capital, has been just organized in Griffin. Beginning the first day of the coming month, work in behalf of the business interests of the town and community will be started and kept up indefinitely. W. B. Royster, of Palatka, Fla., has been placed in charge of the board's work as secretary.

It has been only a few weeks since the first mention of a Board of Trade was made here by A. W. McKeand, representing the Southern Commercial Secretaries. At a mass meeting a decision was made to start such a movement at the earliest day, and committees to secure $4,000 working capital were appointed and authorized to begin work immediately. Within ten days' time the full amount had been secured, and a definite plan of action determined upon for the new board.

The directorate of the board, which starts with a membership of 125, follows: J. W. Gresham, president; J. P. Persons, treasurer; W. B. Royster, secretary; A. P. Patterson, C. A. Jones, R. O. Crouch, J. P. Persons and J. W. Gresham, commissioners.

Headquarters for the board are in a large room of the new Griffin Hotel. In this place will be kept on exhibit permanently a display of the products of the manufacturing concerns of the city, and also a good exhibit of the county's products.

Some of the first work to which the board will give attention will be the construction of a system of electric street railways, the civic improvement of the town, the erection of a new union passenger station and a publicity campaign.

If You Are Sleepy, Get a Police Job

Augusta Bluecoats Find Time to Take Their Naps While on Duty.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—Augusta policemen can outsleep any set of bluecoats in this part of the country.

The other day President J. C. Acton, of the Augusta Mattress Manufacturing Company, found a policeman's club in his factory. The Chief of Police, after an investigation, came to the conclusion that one of the officers went into the place to take a nap and forgot his club.

Several nights ago a citizen on upper Broad street was sleeping on his front porch upstairs when he heard a noise on the porch downstairs. He found that the policeman on his beat had gone to sleep on the porch and had a nightmare.

Another officer went to sleep in May Park with his shoes off. When found snoring by the sergeant, he was rudely awakened and asked what he meant by going to sleep on duty with his shoes off. "Why, I can't sleep with them on," the officer replied.

This Lawyer Can Outfarm Farmers

Solicitor of City Court at Augusta Knows How to Raise Big Crops.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—A lawyer and a solicitor of the City Court who can get out into the country and outfarm the farmers is something of a novelty, but that is just what J. C. C. Black, Jr., of this city, can do and, indeed, has done. Mr. Black has been Solicitor of the City Court for nearly ten years. His annual income from that position is estimated at from $5,000 to $18,000.

But back to the farm with the Solicitor. He bought about 200 acres of land in Columbia County several years ago and proceeded to farm scientifically. He used plenty of commercial fertilizer, planted great quantities of peas, and diversified his crops.

Mr. Black now says that he can raise a bale of cotton to the acre on most any part of his place. Sixty bushels of corn per acre on the uplands is not uncommon, and he raises more peas than he can gather.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

RAILROAD MEN ATTEND IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

WAYCROSS, July 26.—An important conference between General Superintendent J. W. Brand, Division Counsel W. E. Kay, of Jacksonville, and District Counsel Joseph W. Bennett, of Brunswick, was held in Waycross to-day. The meeting was called for the purpose of going over legal matters in which the Atlantic Coast Line is involved.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Rains Boost Crops In Augusta Section

Richmond County Farmers Do Not Fear 'Wolf at the Door' This Year.

AUGUSTA, July 26.—The farmers of Richmond County no longer are fearing the proverbial wolf at the door this fall. Copious rains have fallen in practically every section of the county during the past week, and the outlook for a good cotton crop is excellent. The continued dry weather has done serious damage to the corn, and not more than one-half to two-thirds of a normal yield will be made. The cotton, however, stood the lack of rain very well, and Richmond County will make much better crops than last year.

The wheat and oat crops were splendid this year, and many thousands of bushels of both have been gathered. The alluvial lands of the Savannah River Valley made from 60 to 80 bushels of oats to the acre.

The crop of watermelons and cantaloupes are fair this year and, because of the poor yield of peaches throughout the State, watermelons are bringing a splendid price.

Supreme Court Lets Lynn Sentence Stand

Slayer of Hightower Refused Relief by Georgia Tribunal—Appeal to Washington Likely.

DUBLIN, July 26.—The Supreme Court of Georgia has denied a rehearing in the Lynn case, which was heard by it a few weeks ago, and the judgment of the lower court is affirmed. Lynn's attorneys now are preparing to take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Lynn was convicted of killing F. Hightower at his home just a short time before Christmas of last year, and was tried, with his wife, who claimed to have abetted the killing because Hightower insulted her. His wife was freed by the jury, but he was found guilty of murder with recommendation to life imprisonment.

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savannah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

DUBLIN CLEANS HOUSE THROUGH VICE CRUSADE

Mass Meeting Calls on Police and Council to Assist in Wiping Out Social Evils.

DUBLIN, July 26.—Dublin is in the midst of a vice crusade, and the City Council and Police Department are being asked to take a hand.

A called meeting of Council was held this week and a body of about 50 representative men went before the city officials and called their attention to the fact that lewd houses are being operated in the city limits, that blind tigers are plentiful, that the city is "wide open" on Sunday.

A censorship also was asked for the motion picture shows.

Speeches were made by many of the citizens and by the Mayor, and the crowd finally left, after being assured that the Police Department and the Council would do their utmost to abate the evils. There was no word of criticism, and the discussion was entirely friendly. The meeting gives promise of bringing good results, and the city will experience another moral house cleaning that bids fair to reach into all the dark corners and get all the things that should not be there.

SPALDING COUNTY HOLDS SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The first Sunday School convention ever held in Spalding County, which occurred this week, was a big success from the start. Of the thirty Sunday schools in the county, representatives from fifteen of them were present at the institute. Plans were adopted for the entire county to be canvassed in the work of the Sunday school and to carry the benefits of the new organization to each school of all denominations.

Principal speakers in the convention here were D. W. Sims, of Atlanta, general secretary of the Georgia Sunday School Association, and Miss Daisy Magee, of Columbia, Miss., superintendent of elementary work.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

DROWNED CLOSING WATER GATE.

DUBLIN, July 26.—C. C. Horton was drowned at Chappell's Mill, Laurens County, while trying to remove an obstruction that hindered the closing of a water gate.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

Take Your Vacation at
Wrightsville Beach
Near Wilmington, N. C.

Splendid hotels; finest beach on Atlantic Coast; best sea and sound fishing; electric train service to city. No end to indoor and outdoor amusements. Reduced railroad rates. For literature and other information write to

E. L. Hinton, Mgr. Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
C. E. Hooper, Mgr. Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
H. C. Foss, Mgr. Hanover Inn, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

Men's Linen Suits STODDARDIZED 50c

The price of STODDARDIZING Men's Woolen Suits is ONE DOLLAR---but we STODDARDIZE Men's Linen or Palm Beach Suits for FIFTY CENTS.

A WAGON FOR A PHONE CALL.

We pay Charges (one way) on Out-of-Town Orders of $2 or more.

Stoddard 126 Peachtree Street Bell Phone, Ivy 43 Atlanta Phone 43 Dixie's Greatest Dry Cleaner and Dyer

WHY FEEL TIRED? TRY LIVER EASE

Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Helen Brantley	208,100
George Rosser	207,415
Miss Frankie I. Smith	189,500
Josephine Simril	158,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	149,075
Hill McCalla	106,350
Wyman Conrad	102,550
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,409
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,350
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Elizabeth Garwood	180,925
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	179,870
Paul M. Clark	178,990
Miss Robert Harbour	177,845
Edmund Hurt	159,050
Miss Idele Shaw	142,105
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P. Tucker	21,250
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Charles L. Stevens	195,650
Willett Mathews	192,550
Mildred Brickman	163,980
J. P. Goets, Jr.	150,985
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Florence Greenoe	225,385
Herbert Chapman	219,980
Fannie Mae Cook	218,600
Eleanor Raoul	202,350
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.00.

To the candidate in this district having the third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134 050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	152,300
William Turner	151,565
Edward DeLoach	150,325
Miss Beverly Swanton	149,900
Miss Susanne Springer	126 95[illegible]
Edgar Wilson	38,395
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	25,965

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Henry Hull	119,300
George H. Melton	118,395
A. Morrison	116,950
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	105,200
Philip Gilstein	89,850
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Raymond Wilkinson	214,650
Ross Greer	210,955
Mose Brockin	197,950
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
B. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox, Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,650
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,435
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Billie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	29,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,130
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brasil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lylda Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win?

The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P. M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Golfers Go 35 Miles In Just 1,087 Strokes

Experts Play From Maidstone to Littleton on the Sea on a Wager.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—To cover 35 miles in 1,087 strokes is a feat that two golfers accomplished in playing from Maidstone to Littleton-on-the-Sea.

How this came about a well-known golfer offered to bet Neville Foster, of the Ashdown Forest Golf Club, and W. Warman, of the Newton Green Golf Club, that they could not play from Forest row to Crowborough over the woodland heather and hills, a distance of eight miles, in 350 strokes. The bet was taken and the task accomplished in 184 strokes.

Waiters Back of Bill To Prevent 'Tipping'

Measure Provides Fine for Both 'Tipper' and Recipient of Bounty, and Reward for Informer.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An ordinance to end "tipping" has been passed by the City Council and will now go to the House of Delegates, where it is expected it will be speedily adopted, and, with the signature of the Mayor, become a law.

This ordinance has had the backing of the union waiters of St. Louis, who are now striking in the principal hotels and restaurants. The bill provides a fine of from $10 to $50 for each offense, both the "tipper" and recipient of the "tip" being subject to fine, and the informer to receive half of the fine.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Suffragists Plan National Campaign

Women Who Now Possess Franchise Will Aid Movement in All Other States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans for a widespread campaign for "votes for women" to be carried into all the States of the Union not now having suffrage will be laid at a conference of the National Council of Woman Voters here August 13, 14 and 15. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the congressional committee headquarters of the council.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Porter Charlton Makes 'Xmas Date

American Ordered Extradited to Italy Confident He Will Be Back in Few Months.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 26.—Porter Charlton, the young man who has been ordered extradited to Italy to stand trial for the murder of his wife, seems to be apparently unconcerned about the outcome of the trial, and openly stated that he would be back in America again for Christmas. Although the United States Government has ordered him sent back to Italy, he confidently told a friend yesterday that he would soon return.

"Don't you worry," he is reported as saying. "I'll make an engagement with you next Christmas at Churchill's."

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbon is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

'Imperator' Is Too Small, Says Captain

Greatest Vessel Afloat Is Already Fully Booked for Next Two Voyages West.

Special Cable to The American.

PLYMOUTH, July 26.—"The Imperator is too small; we want larger vessels," exclaimed Captain Ruser, when, after landing the greatest ship in the world at this port to-day, he was told that the Imperator is already fully booked for her next two westward trips.

The Imperator proceeded from here to Cherbourg and Hamburg. On the way over there were three days of such extreme heat that many experienced stokers were unable to work. The average speed for the voyage was 22.5 knots and the best single day's run was 540 miles.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to b eused for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Declares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by Mrs. Bella Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Develpoments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by himself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

Washington Society Trembles

'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says:

"Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, today decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"I will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer In Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Company for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

MOTOR RACES

TUESDAY, July 29

8:15 P. M.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess a part of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can put 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers Home is American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintains a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

BIJOU THIS WEEK

NORMAN FRIEDENWALD'S Hilarious Musical Farce COMEDY,

THE GIRL FROM DUBLIN

The liveliest, most tuneful and up-to-the-minute musical comedy show of the season.

1 1-2 HOURS OF FUN.
PRETTY GIRLS.
GREAT SCENIC EFFECTS.
20—FUN MAKERS—20.
SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE.
TUNEFUL MUSICAL NUMBERS.

Daily Matinees. Night Shows at 7:30 and 9.
BARGAIN PRICES.

GRAND

WEEK JULY 28
DAILY AT 2:30 & 8:30

CARNEGIE MUSEUM
ALASKA
SIBERIAN
PICTURES
AND
FIRST RUN
FEATURES

MATINEES 10 CTS.
NIGHT 10-15-25 CTS.

GET THE GRAND HABIT

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST THEATER

FORSYTH WEEK OF JULY 28 Daily at 2:30 and 8:30

The Famous Character Comedian
JOE WELCH

ELSA WARD, KARL CRESS, CUNNINGHAM & MARION

Robt. Dailey & Co. (OUR BOB)

DOLAN & LENBARR CO. "SOME MIND-READER"

KEITH VAUDEVILLE

NEXT WEEK
EVEREST'S
MONKEY
HIPPODROME
The Novelty of Modern Vaudeville

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privilege and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unless it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1458 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline, and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, in difference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but it will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case, until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1436 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the military forces have been called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "And person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempest to go orto remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5369 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the ligat of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Bartholomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Farr. He said he had been living at Goshen and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband

Cites Story of His First Wife

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

"He falsely and fraudulently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, 'that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysteria shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said:

"Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother, instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Buy a Diamond On Monthly Payments

You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

Say you wanted a diamond ring at $250. You pay one-fifth ($50.00) cash and settle the deferred balance in ten equal monthly payments of $20.55 each.

This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

MAIER & BERKELE, Inc.
Gold and Silversmiths,
31-33 Whitehall Street,
Established 1867.

Atlanta Conservatory of Music

Announces its complete reorganization under the general direction of MORTIMER WILSON, CONDUCTOR ATLANTA PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 2
Peachtree and Broad Streets Atlanta, Georgia

Unsurpassed Advantages
PROSPECTUS AUGUST 1
DEPARTMENTS: Theory and Composition, Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Orchestral Instruments, Technical Lectures, Artist Recitals, Orchestra Routine, Chorus Singing, Public School Music, Music-Kindergarten, etc. Bureau-Extension.

MODERN DENTISTRY
CAN EFFECTIVELY REMEDY THE WORST OF
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AND THERE IS NO REASON WHY YOU SHOULD PAY TWO OR THREE PRICES FOR IT

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BEST MATERIALS USED



OUR PRICES, WITH FULL GUARANTEE:
Set of Teeth, $5 Gold Filling $1
Gold Crowns, $4 Amalgam Filling, 50c Up
Bridge Work, $4 Plates Repaired, 50c Up
Teeth Cleaned, New Process . . . . . $1 Up
EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE

SEASHORE EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Stop That Whooping Cough
WITH THE McFAUL
Whooping Cough Powders
Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*
For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.
Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.
By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.
The McFaul Medicine Company
431 Marietta Street Atlanta, Georgia

OPEN AIR CONCERTS
GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK
Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

There is a well-defined, positive and aggressive movement on to nominate Governor John M. Slaton for Senator in next year's primary.

The Governor himself is not known to be a party to it, and the impression is that he is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrashed out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith, and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why, then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House, and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlanta.

On the other hand, the Senator's enloying friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

SEASHORE EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers

An actual snapshot of a slashed skirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.



Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 171 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent. or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Takes Off Freckles, Removes Tan.



Beautify your complexion. Get rid of those freckles. You can invest 50c in a jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM and they'll disappear. Severe cases may require two jars—no more. We positively guarantee this, and if your complexion isn't fully restored to its natural beauty, we agree to refund your money without argument. And in addition, WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is a fine, fragrant toilet cream. Doesn't cause hair to grow and does positively remove TAN and FRECKLES. Try it at our risk. Price 50c—sent by mail if desired. Mammonth jars $1.00. WILSON'S FAIR SKIN SOAP 25c. Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C., makers. For sale and guaranteed by all druggists.

PONY CONTEST GROWS RED HOT IN FINAL WEEK

Four Days Left in Race for Shetlands—Splendid Chance for Every Entry.

Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "trailers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

Good Breeding Shown.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

It is not necessary, the contest manager explains, to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Four More Busy Days.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Biasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid, admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Biasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK
$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

Bifocals and Lenses Ground to Order at Lowest Prices

Columbian Optical Co.
81-83 Whitehall Street---With Columbian Book Co.

DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Cooper, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life in Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The will of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here, leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This has been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE

IOWA CITY, IOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising



NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doing out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elmination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores
And Druggist Generally

NUXCARA
Cures Indigestion!

Indigestion and all its accompanying evils—headache, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and irritability—can be completely and permanently cured.

TAKE NUXCARA
3 Times a Day

One-half hour before each meal. Then eat what you please, for NUXCARA will instantly relieve while gradually effecting a permanent cure.

NUXCARA is a pure vegetable preparation.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST
$1.00 a bottle, 6 for $5.00

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Manufactured by the NUXCARA Co., Atlanta

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

* * *

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

* * *

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

* * *

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

* * *

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

* * *

He may depose the Sultan.

* * *

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—**"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."**

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Always, as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulified his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

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CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



Whalebone; Best Set,
$3.00
No More, No Less.

GOLD CROWN (22-K).....$3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS ..... .25
GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
CLEANING TEETH ..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

FATHER SENT SEVEN SONS TO WAR BETWEEN STATES

QUARRYVILLE, PA., July 26.—The death of George W. Bierly, of Eden township, recalls the fact that he and six of his brothers served in the Civil War. When the conflict started their father told his seven sons it was their duty to enlist, and all did so. One was killed at Bowling Green, Ky. The remaining six returned from the army, and of them only one now survives, Taylor Bierly, of Parkesburg, Pa.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

CEREMONY IMPRESSION AS SON BAPTIZES FATHER

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Being baptized by his own son, according to Baptist Church rites, was the experience of Charles Bentzien, 90 years old, father of the assistant pastor of the Temple Baptist Church, who also was formerly of the White Temple at Portland. The occasion was attended by impressive ceremonies.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of 80,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

I Want a Partner

He must be a live citizen and have a few thousand dollars—from $1,000 to $5,000.

I ask nothing more than I have to offer.

This is an opportunity to make $5,000 a year. State age, amount you have to invest and give references.

ADDRESS HUSTLER
Box 600
Care Hearst's Sunday American
Atlanta, Ga.

BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it. If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

SALOON CLOSES ITS DOORS WHEN PET CAT DISAPPEARS

CINCINNATI, July 26.—"Closed on account of the loss of Scotty's black cat, 'Nigger,'" read a sign on the door of Scotty's saloon for one day. Several days ago the cat, who is looked upon as a member of the family, disappeared. Two days passed and the cat did not put in an appearance, so Scotty hung out a sign draped in green tissue paper and bordered by carnations to tell his customers that he had closed the saloon in mourning for the cat.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thnuderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 5213 Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

We Can Again Supply the Demand for the two New Style
Euphona
Player-Pianos
Prices $475 and $600



The June Bride's Piano
New
Euphona Player-Piano
Value Supreme Among Player-Pianos

It makes musicians of us all.
The highest type of piano-player mechanism yet produced.
Contains many (exclusive patented) advantages and is concealed within the case of a

Beautiful Tone Piano

possessing a delightful touch for hand playing as well as with music rolls.
$25 worth of music rolls, stool and scarf included FREE.
Your silent piano taken in exchange.
Pay cash or by the month.

15th Midsummer Piano Sale
Bargains in rebuilt pianos taken in part payment for Euphonas.

Conover — Mahogany case, 7 1-3 octaves; very good. Cost new $400; sale price $225
Walworth — Large size; mahogany case; fine order. Cost new $250; sale price $150
Estey — Mahogany, upright grand, in good, fine tone. Cost new $300; sale price..... $125

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SOCIETY NEWS of the SOUTH



Tifton

TIFTON, July 26.—Mrs. Vina Henderson, of Bainbridge, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Oren Roberts.

Mrs. R. W. Goodman and children left Thursday for Odessadale.

Miss Jeanne Philbaut, of Napoleonville, La., is the guest of Miss Effie Scarboro.

Miss Winnifred Cumlin, who was the guest of Miss Maurine Ridgdill, left Thursday for St. Marys.

Miss Marion Wooley returned to Atlanta Thursday.

Mrs. R. D. Smith is the guest of her brother, A. H. Smith, in Cordele.

Mrs. W. M. Thurman and children, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Harman.

Miss Tommie McGuirt is the guest of Miss Ella Sanford in Thomasville.

Mrs. A. P. Hunter and son, Frank, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Timmons.

Miss Cora Stephens is in Macon.

Mrs. R. C. Postell and son, Carlisle, returned Wednesday from Atlanta, Monticello and other North Georgia points.

Misses Maurine and Wilma Ridgdill, Winnifred Cumlin, Lula Mae and Estelle Morgan, Marie and Sarah Colcord and Bessie Murrow were the members of a picnic party to Murrow Springs Wednesday. Mrs. J. B. Murrow and Mrs. J. S. Ridgdill were the chaperons.

Miss Alexandra Rhodes entertained at tea Wednesday in honor of Miss Marguerite Drake, of Thomasville. Those present were Misses Marguerite Drake Effie Scarboro, Maude and Nellie Timmons and Alexandra Rhodes, John Fountain, Lennon Bowen, Dr. C. R. Dickert, Dr. E. B. Mount, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Eason and Mrs. L. A. Rhodes.

Mrs. L. P. Thurman entertained Wednesday for little Miss Anna Sheppard Thurman, of Atlanta. Rook, hearts dice and upjinks were played. Misses Grace Fulwood and Laura Coe served punch.

Mrs. I. L. Ford chaperoned a picnic party to Lucy Lake Tuesday. Those in the party were Misses Wynona and Floy Ford and Aurelia Hargrett, Ben Moore, C. E. Foy, Arthur Hollingsworth and Dr. E. B. Mount.

Milledgeville

MILLEDGEVILLE, July 26.—The marriage of Miss Tillie Smith, of Montezuma, to E. Culver Kidd took place at Montezuma Wednesday.

Mr. Kidd was accompanied to Montezuma by O. R. Horton, Malcolm Flemister, Stewart Wootten and George Nottingham, of Macon.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr and Mrs. Kidd left for Savannah, embarking for New York, Niagara, Toronto and a run through Thousand Islands, stopping on their way home at Washington.

Mrs. Carlyle Cobb, of Athens, is visiting Mrs. Ed Treanor.

Miss Clara Williams has returned from the mountains and Waynesboro, Va.

Misses Effie and Marie Grenade are attending a house party at Hurtsboro, Ala.

Mrs. T. O. Powell, Mrs. Julia West, Misses Jessie Allen, Julia Conn and Francis Conn are visiting Tallulah Falls.

Judge and Mrs. E. R. Hines entertained the men's class of the Methodist Sunday school last Thursday.

Miss Mary Lawrence is visiting Barnesville.

Miss Bertha Gholson has returned from a visit to Florida.

Miss Venie Montgomery has returned from a visit to Oconee Springs.

Miss Myrtle McDermot is attending a house party at Agricola.

Jackson

JACKSON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mallett, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Copeland, Mrs. Emma Mallett and Miss Mary Newton form a party of Jackson people at St. Simons Island.

Miss Georgia Rice, of Atlanta, is the guest of Miss Helen Smith and was the honor guest at a dinner party Saturday evening at the Wigwam, Indian Springs.

Miss Rosa Newton leaves Tuesday for a two months' stay in the North.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Carmichael are in Baltimore.

Miss Julia Curry is being entertained as the guest of Miss Fannie Belle Waits, in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawson have returned to their home in Dublin after a visit with Mrs. W. J. Wood and Mrs. E. C. Robinson.

Miss Clio Carmichael is spending some time as the guest of Miss Margaret Rushton and Mrs. Stewart Roberts in Atlanta.

Misses Vera and Jessie Jones have as their guest Miss Carrie Knott, of Locust Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Carreker left Wednesday for a visit with relatives in Zebulon.

Mrs. H. A. Butner and sister, Miss Roberts, of Greenville, S. C., are guests of Mrs. C. A. Butner and Miss Annie Lou McCord.

Mrs. J. W. Crum is at home from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Sasnett Crum in Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Annie Catchings Crum is visiting Miss Annie Kieth in Spartanburg.

Thomasville

THOMASVILLE, July 26.—For her guest, Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, Miss Alice Parker was the hostess on Thursday evening at a porch party.

Miss Caroline Higgins left this week for a visit to friends in New Jersey and Maryland.

Miss Alice Parker, has returned from a visit to friends in Moultrie.

Miss Mary Merrill and Miss May Patten will leave next week for East Orange, N. J.

Miss Marianne Watt will leave on Monday for Savannah, where she will spend a short time as the guest of Miss Margaret Charlton.

Miss Floride Stevens, of Norfolk, is the guest of Mrs. F. L. MacIntyre.

Miss Minnie Weldon is spending some time at Pablo Beach, Fla.

Miss Josephine Porter, of Apalachicola, Fla., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Peacock.

Miss Ellen Joseph, of Milledgeville, is visiting Miss Alice Parker.

Mrs. M. R. Mallette left this week for Montgomery and will later go to Baltimore for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Kate Mack left this week for New York for a stay of some weeks.

Miss Emmie Plowden, of Dickey, was the guest this week of Mrs. W. A. Pringle, Jr.

Miss Susie May Dreger, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. T. C. Mitchell.

Miss McGuirt, of Tifton, is the guest of Miss Ella Sandford.

Mrs. Rhydon Mays and children left this week for Marietta and will spend the remainder of the summer at the Whitlock House in that city.

Miss Myrtle Goff, of Valdosta, is visiting Mrs. R. W. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Loveless left this week for Tiverton, R. I., where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Miss Lilly May McKinley, of Atlanta, is the guest for a short time of Miss Mattie Rigsby.

Mrs. M. C. Thornton, of Abbeville, Ala., and Mrs. R. N. Thornton, of Dothan, are the guests of Mrs. R. L. Dekle.

Miss Hilton Evans, of Tampa, Fla. is visiting Mrs. William McMillen.

Fitzgerald

FITZGERALD, July 26.—A lawn party was given by Miss Emily Griffin in honor of her cousin, Miss Edith Harrell, of Cumberland, this week.

Those invited were Dorothy Thurmond, Margaret Wise, Elizabeth McCarty, Martha Turner, Martha Bell Spiller, Merle Scarborough, Corrine Womble, Marion Dunn, Laura Whitley, Hazel Mayes, Mildred Hall, Lillie Mae Hughes, Josephine Manning, Maud Paulk and Mamie Calloway.

Mrs. James Oates, of Live Oak, Fla., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Chandler.

Mrs. J. E. Anderson is visiting in Montgomery.

Mrs. J. W. Swearinger has returned to her home in Jacksonville after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Sedlmyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Adams and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Reid have gone to Cumberland Island.

Mrs. Ackerman and children left recently for a visit in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. D. Mashburn and daughters, Misses Emmie and Mayme, left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. B. Braswell, of Fitzgerald, is visiting her friend, Miss Corinne Cunyus. Mrs. Braswell is remembered in Atlanta as Miss Johnnie Broughton.

Miss Helen Matthews returned Tuesday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. J. R. Tippett and Miss Eugene Blade, of Hawkinsville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holder.

Fay Wyman and Miss Mary Paul were quietly married recently.

Miss Atha Meyer entertained Monday at a reception in honor of her attractive guest, Miss Annie Browning, of Lakeland, Fla., and Mr. and Mrs. Yancey M. Bowles, who were recently married.

LaGrange

LA GRANGE, July 26.—Mrs. J. A. Jones, of Summit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. L. Edwards.

Miss Louise Freeman is the guest of Mrs. Louise Young.

Misses Edith Lupton, of Atlanta, and Florence Smith, of Ysyilanti, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith.

Mrs. Milam has as her guests Misses Martha Jarell, Mary White and Marion Taylor, of Greenville.

Miss Stella Broadfield has returned from a two weeks' visit as the guest of Mrs. Tom Patterson, of McDonough.

Miss Eleanor Dunson, after visiting in Atlanta and McDonough, has returned to LaGrange.

Misses Sarah and Francis Mathews, of Decatur, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Market.

Miss Salome Bradfield and Mary Scott are the attractive guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bradfield.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis entertained in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Lance, of Hannibal, Mo.

Besides the guests of honor, the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Jim Lane, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Willis, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hutchinson, Misses Stella and Julia Bradfield, Mary Scott, Ruth Slack and Messrs. Searcy Slack and Lloyd Bradfield.

Cartersville

CARTERSVILLE, July 26.—Misses Gladys and Zeta White are expected home next week from Savannah, where they have been the guests of Miss Gladys Cassella. Miss Cassella will probably accompany them home for a visit in Cartersville.

Miss Rachel McEntyre had as her guests last week Misses Lucy Green and Gladys Mitchell, of Atlanta, and Miss Lonnie Mae McEntyre, of Rock Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Womelsdorf entertained Tuesday evening with a delightful swimming party. After the swimming a supper was served at the clubhouse, followed by songs and conversation. Later in the evening a watermelon cutting was enjoyed.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Young and family, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Howard and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Peeples and family, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Akin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Munford, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Felton Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Granger, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Stella Brumby, Harry Womelsdorf, Mrs. Lila Morgan, Captain J. J. Calhoun, Garner Jones and John Calhoun.

Misses Mildred Matthews and Sue Lou Hull left Wednesday morning for Woolsey, where they will be guests at a house party given by Miss Addie Lou Sams.

Miss Robena Shaw, of Atlanta, is the attractive guest of Miss Irene Shaw.

Miss Ethel Adair returned home Tuesday from a visit to Rome.

Thursday evening the younger set enjoyed a moonlight picnic at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Ruohs Pyron.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Mrs. J. L. Walker and daughter, Miss Annie Laurie Walker, have returned from St. Simons Island.

Miss Annie May Bates, of Willliston, S. C., is the guest of relatives.

Miss Ora Scarborough has returned to her home in Statesboro.

Miss Myrtise Adams was the guest of relatives in Blackshear this week.

Miss Sarah Houk has gone to Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Norvel returned Wednesday from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bates, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bates, will return to their home at Elko, S. C., to-morrow.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran leaves shortly for Tennessee.

Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children have returned from a visit to White Oak.

Miss Ethel Broadshaw, of Charleston, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. H. S. DuBose.

Mrs. W. A. McKnight is visiting in Macon.

Mrs. C. E. Williamson and little daughter are visiting in Sylvester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tubbs returned this week from a visit to Black Mountain, N. C.

Mrs. R. E. Finn and children left this week for St. Simons.

Miss Clara Wood, of Brunswick, is visiting Mrs. R. T. Hitch.

Mrs. B. T. Pharr and two daughters, of Houston, are guests of Mrs. A. M. Litch.

Mrs. Emma Mannin, of Dublin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Brewer.

Mrs. A. M. Bailey and children returned Wednesday from McDonald.

Mrs. G. W. Julian, of Tifton, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. Crawley.

Mrs. W. R. Beach left this week for Philadelphia.

Mrs J. T. Strickland visited friends at Bickley this week.

Miss Grace Taylor left Wednesday for Virginia.

Mrs. McIntosh Noble left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Rachael McRee returned to her home at Kinderlou Thursday after a visit to Misses Lucile and Nell Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Page Anderson and Mrs. Wayne Walker have returned from a visit to Pablo Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Knight, Jr., spent the week on St. Simons Island.

Mrs. T. F. Broadwater has returned from a visit to relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. W. M. Bird has returned from a visit to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Otis Bell was the guest this week of relatives in Quitman.

Misses Lucile Sutton and Ellen Goodrich have returned from Jacksonville.

Crawfordsville

CRAWFORDSVILLE, July 26.—Miss Virginia Butler, of Madison, is spending several days as the guest of Miss Frances Burges.

Misses Caroline and Mary Emma Gee are visiting in Lithonia as the guests of Miss Lillie Mae Hughes, who is entertaining a house party of her Chicora College girl friends.

Miss Kathleen Melton has returned from Monticello, where she has been spending some time with Miss Davidson.

One of the interesting social events of the week was the marriage of Miss Thelma Williams to Boykin Hollis.

Among the Crawfordsville people who are spending the week at Daniel Springs, a popular resort near here, are Colonel and Mrs. J. A. Beazley, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Beazley, Mrs. H. M. Holden and family, Miss Minnie Olive Park, Mrs. J. W. Tucker, and Mrs. E. D. Anthony.

What bids fair to be one of the events of the season for Crawfordsville society is the house party of Brenau girls that Miss Lillian Asbury will entertain during the first week in August. Among those expected to come are Misses Crawford, of Lexington; Miss Laing, of Dawson; Miss Brock, of Carrollton; Miss Allen, of Elberton, and Miss Wyche, of Alabama.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Mrs. John T. Blalock and children have returned to Valdosta from North Georgia.

Mrs. James Wooten and her little daughter, Katherine, reached Valdosta from Savannah this week and are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Norris Pinder.

Miss Julia Lambert, of Athens, is turned from Pablo Beach.

Mrs. Lorena McCully and her little granddaughter, Mary Lorena, left Tuesday for St. Marys.

Miss Gussie Spence, of Pelham, is visiting her brother, E. J. Spence.

The W. C. T. U. had an ice cream festival in the courthouse square on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Bitzer and family have gone to Harrisonburg, Va.

Mrs. W. W. Carpenter and her little daughter have gone to their home at Plymouth, Fla.

Mrs. Henry Pullen, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. J. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McCully, Mrs. D. W. Aldman and Misses Harriet and Mary Converse left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Luelle Strickland left last Monday for Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stampler and children left Wednesday for Columbia, S. C., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Smith Davis left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and her daughters have returned from Pablo Beach.

Misses Annabel Converse and Virginia Varnedoe have gone to Waycross to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Dimmock.

Miss Gertrude Monroe has returned from Jacksonville. She was accompanied home by her little cousin, Miss Eloise Roberts.

Camilla

CAMILLA, July 26.—Miss Maude Haddock, of Kestler; Miss Katie McCall, of Atapulgus, and Miss Patty Wilson, of Bainbridge, are the guests of Mrs. Robin Cochran.

Miss Fannie Haynes, of Lommerton, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. McNight.

Miss Lucile Black, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Claude Davis.

Miss Rose Cox and her sister, Mrs. E. E. Cox, are spending the summer in Marietta.

Miss Margaret Hughes, of Cordele, is the guest of Miss Susie Belle Hughes.

Mrs. G. A. Gibbs, of Homerville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Collins.

Miss Willa Veta Almand, who has been the visitor of Mrs. J. C. Wilson, went to Albany yesterday, where she will visit Miss Susie Brown.

Miss Emma Bibb, of Kinderlou, is visiting Miss Marceline Twitty.

Mrs. R. L. Pope left Tuesday for Albany.

Miss Sarah Hilliard is visiting Miss Maude Livingston in Newton.

Miss Sadie May Wade has gone to Cuthbert, where she will be the guest of Miss Mary Davenport.

Miss Kathlene Acree has returned after a visit to Miss Seveille Arthur, of Albany.

Miss Myrtle Brown is expecting Miss Lillian Britt, of Tifton, as her guest.

Miss Marie Owen, of Enterprise, Ala., is the guest of Miss Mary Baggs.

Miss Susie Belle Hughes and her mother, Mrs. E. A. Hughes, are visiting relatives in Monticello, Fla.

Mrs. S. J. Faircloth, of Quitman, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth, has returned home.

Miss Leah Gardner, of Pavo, is the guest of Mrs. B. C Gardner.

Miss Annie Ruth Spence is in Quitman visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. B. Bennett.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Groover, of Savannah, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Faircloth.

Miss Verdi Holton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Kate Bolton, in Fort Valley.

Mrs. J. C. Turner entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Faircloth and Misses Agnes Acree and Annie May Collins left Friday for an automobile trip on the Gulf Coast.

Miss Ruth Collins, of Holder, Fla., is visiting relatives.

Mrs. Wilson Joiner, of Albany, returned home after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Joiner.

Miss Freddie Wade and her mother, Mrs. J. P. Wade, of Quitman, are the guests of Mrs. J. P. McRee.

Mrs. Sam Kendel, of Albany, is spending the week-end with Mrs. G. W. Swindle.

Mrs. J. T. Fenn and little daughter, with Miss May Travis, have returned to their home in Birmingham after a visit to Mrs. L. J. Hay.

Miss Hattie Heath returned home Monday from Moultrie, where she was the guest of honor at a house party given her by Miss Lucile Autry.

Mrs. R. T. Cochran and children are visiting relatives in Shellman.

Miss Susie Fleming returned Saturday after a visit to her sister in Tifton.

Villa Rica

VILLA RICA, July 6.—A social event of much interest was the marriage of Miss Annie Powell, of Villa Rica, and Robin Lowry Berry, of Jonesboro, Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. C. A. Jamison officiating.

Miss Caroline Marchman, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor and Claude H. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro, was best man.

Little Misses Ellen Powell and Nell Jiles were the flower girls. H. G. Robertson and I. A. Scotts were the ushers.

Following the wedding, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Powell tendered the wedding party and guests a reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry will spend a week at Franklin, N. C., after which they will return to Villa Rica, where they will reside in future.

Why Endure Sore Feet Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.

Cordele

CORDELE, July 26.—Wednesday afternoon Mrs. J. S. Sheppard was the hostess to the members of the Young Matrons' Club. Rook was the game played.

Mrs. J. H. Shipp made highest score and was presented a cutglass salad bowl. Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines, being honor guests, they were presented with evening fans.

Miss Marie Scandrett has returned from several weeks' stay with friends at Little Rock, Mobile and Birmingham.

Miss Inez Hyman will leave early in August for a visit to Miss Mamie Slade at Griffin.

Miss Mary McArthur has returned from a stay with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Farrior, of Jacksonville.

Mrs. Leo Marshall and children, of Jacksonville, are visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. Coffman, of Johnson City, Tenn., are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fenn.

Mrs. Arthur Wheeler and Mrs. C. B. Whatley entertained at a series of afternoon parties during the week in honor of their house guests, Mrs. Odell Allison Gilbert, of West Virginia, and Misses Anna and Katherine Whatley, of Fort Gaines.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Livingston are spending the summer with relatives at Seneca and Greenville, S. C.

Misses Stell Colwell and Birdie Bulloch are spending the week-end at St. Simons.

Miss Van Mitchell, of Butler, is the guest of Mrs. William Scandrett.

Miss Lamar Ryals is being entertained at the home of Miss Rose Tate at Shelbyville, Tenn.

Miss Mabel Barber has returned from a visit to Captain and Mrs. Sam Barber at Vidalia.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church was entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. Edward Stallings.

Mrs. M. R. Smith entertained with a party Wednesday morning.

Eastman

EASTMAN, July 26.—Mrs. John H. Hargrove is visiting in Dothan, Ala.

Miss Annamaude Burch left a few days ago for Winder.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gentry and children are spending a few days with relatives in Decatur.

Mrs. Fred R. Hall, of Blakely, has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Prince are in New York.

Mrs. J. D. Herrman and daughter, Miss Hortense, are spending the summer at Far Rockaway, Long Island.

Mrs. W. R. Hall and son, Harris, after spending a week with relatives in Macon, have returned home.

Mrs. J. W. Morris and daughter, Mary Ann, are spending the summer in Selma, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Sapp and daughter, who have been spending a few days in Nashville, Ga., have returned home.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts is spending a few days with friends and relatives in Macon.

Miss Claudie Bailley spent last Sunday in Gresston.

Mrs. E. Rothols, of Darlington, S. C., was honor guest at a reception given by her daughter, Mrs. Harry Hirsch, this week. The other guest of honor was Miss Miriam Morgan, of Savannah.

Mrs. H. R. Cooke has been spending the past two weeks in Indian Springs and Tallulah Falls.

Mrs. H. W. Hurst and children are spending the summer with relatives in Thomaston.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brock have returned from a trip to South Carolina.

Misses Corinne Beverly and Lucile Matthews are the guests of Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. Fred Walters, of Cordele, and Miss Ann Hughes, of Statesboro, are the guests of Mrs. Bob Wynne.

Miss Sylvia Harris, of Montgomery, will be the guest of Mrs. App Herrman.

Miss Catherine Pennington is at home after spending the past three weeks with friends and relatives in Atlanta, Covington, Shady Dale and Tallulah Falls.

Thursday evening a party of young folks was invited to meet Miss Corinne Beverly and Miss Lucile Mathews, of Hawkinsville, and Albert Hargrove at a porch party given by Mrs. W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. J. A. Paxson and little daughter, Eugenia, are the guests of relatives in Abbeville.

Mrs. Earle C. Chandler, of Valdosta, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Burch.

Miss Mayme Arthur is the guest of friends and relatives in Cuthbert.

Miss Anice Johnson, of Atlanta, and LeRoy Johnson, of Macon, are spending a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson.

Miss Estora Jackson, who has been on a visit to Cochran, has returned home.

Mrs. J. H. Hewitt and children, of Leesburg, Fla., are the guests of Miss Kyle Arthur.

Miss Julia Hall left a few days ago for a few weeks' visit to Macon, Monticello and other North Georgia towns.

Misses Valeria and Marjorie McGee are spending a few days with relatives in McRae.

Mrs. T. H. Edwards and Miss Mary Charter left this week for Chalybeate Springs.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilkins have returned from a visit to Atlanta.

Mrs. W. L. Mathers and little daughter, Martha Doane, have returned to their home in Macon.

Mrs. M. A. Earle, of McRae, is the guest of relatives.

Miss Julia Hall entertained the "Noisy Nine" Friday evening in honor of Miss Emily Bealer's guest, Miss Kathleen McKnight, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Carrollton

CARROLLTON, July 26.—Mrs. Buford Boykin, who has been at Piedmont Springs, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cheney, of Savannah, arrived in the city Monday.

Miss Bessie Smith has ben visiting in Atlanta the past week.

Miss Mattie Jones, of Griffin, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Griffin.

Mrs. R. A. Jolly returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs, Ala.

Miss Isabel Fitts left the first of the week for Piedmont Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McPherson, of Atlanta, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. W. H. Turner and daughters, Rosebud and Mary, left Saturday for a two weks' visit at Copper Hill, Tenn., and Culverson, N. C.

Mrs. T. A. Conner and little daughter, Dorothy, of Bainbridge, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Edith Couch and Miss Ruby Martin, of Atlanta, are the guests of Miss Elizabeth Edmondson.

Miss Mattie Lou Houston, of Dawson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Pace.

Mrs. Robert Creel, of Jasper, Ala., is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. T. H. Collins, of Atlanta, has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. H. Turner.

Mrs. Robert Fitts and little sons, Andrew and Frances, left Friday for Newnan and Turin.

Miss Ethel Tumlin, of Birmingham, will arrive Saturday to be the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. J. Tumlin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Padgett, of Atlanta, arrived in the city Saturday.

Mr. Will Webb and Miss Marie Perdue were married Sunday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Edmondson officiating.

Miss Winnie Reeves is visiting friends in Grantville.

Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Lovvorn, of Bowdon spent Sunday in the city.

visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Roop.

Misses Mary and Winnie Austin and Mary Snead are visiting friends near Temple.

Miss Lizzie Radford, of Monroe, is the guest of Mrs. R. D. Jackson.

Mrs. Hilton Tyus entertained the Ladies Bridge Club Wednesday.

Mrs. William Lyle, left Tuesday for her home in Augusta.

Mrs. J. A. Bass and Miss Maude Bass left Tuesday for Birmingham.

Mrs. L. J. Brock and children and Mrs. J. R. Miller left Tuesday for Lithonia.

Mrs. W. L. Fitts entertained a few friends Tuesday afternoon at a sewing party.

Miss Grace Blalock returned Sunday from a visit to her sister, Mrs. T. E. Maxwell, of LaGrange.

Mrs. J. H. Garrett left Monday for a visit to friends and relatives in Edwardsville, Ala.

Mrs. T. B. Bailey, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas, of Bristol, Va., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Thomasson.

Mrs. Henri Honrath, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Brown.

Miss Alice Weems returned Saturday from a visit to Jacksonville, Ala.

Mrs. J. D. Perryman left Monday for Tallapoosa.

Miss Bell Hitchcock, of Atlanta, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nelle McKown.

Mesdames C. E. Roop and Fannie Veal returned Tuesday from Piedmont Springs.

Miss Annie Slade left Tuesday for Columbus.

Mrs. W. A. A. Anderson, of Washington, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown.

The Jokers' Club met Tuesday afternoon with Miss Annie Maude New.

Miss Elma Boykin will leave Friday for Gillsville.

Glooms Disappear When You Enter The Bonita Theater.

No gloom can stand the fun-dispensing Allen and Kenna company at the Bonita Theater. They are the delight of thousands who visit this beautiful little playhouse and capacity has been the houses since the first day of this company. Good singing, dancing, pretty girls and clever comedians; that's the story.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Blood, Rheumatism, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines, the surest and best of drugs, are supplid from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Satisfaction in glasses depends upon their fitting properly.

We strive for the best in refracting, in grinding and in fitting.

Oculist service at opticians' prices. L. N. Huff Optical Company, two stores, 70 Whitehall, 52 W. Mitchell. Adv.

A New Victrola

At The

Cable Piano Co.

$75

With Record Cabinet

The first Victrola equipped with record cabinet sold for less than $1.00.

This new Victrola gives the Records a most wonderful Tone.

Mahogany or oak cabinet—all the very latest improvements—tapering tone arm, "goose neck" sound box tube, brake, speed regulator and indicator. Extra heavy double spring, spiral drive motor (can be wound while playing.



Pay $10 Down

$7.50 Monthly

Call and see this best of all Victrola values, dollar for dollar considered.

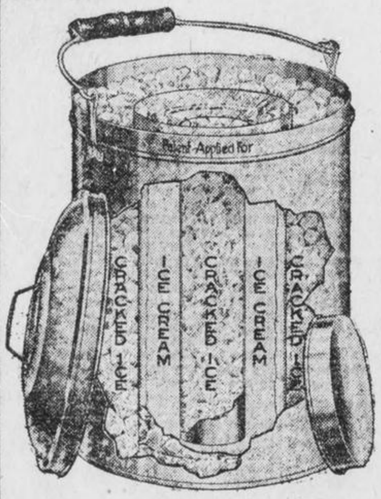
Cable Piano Company

Geo. W. Wilkins, President.

82 & 84 N. Broad St.

ATLANTA

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

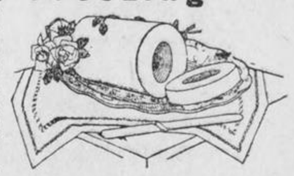
$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE **$1.95**

PACK IT— THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co.
326 W. Madison St., Chicago., Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Ex.

DON'T FEAR SUNBURN

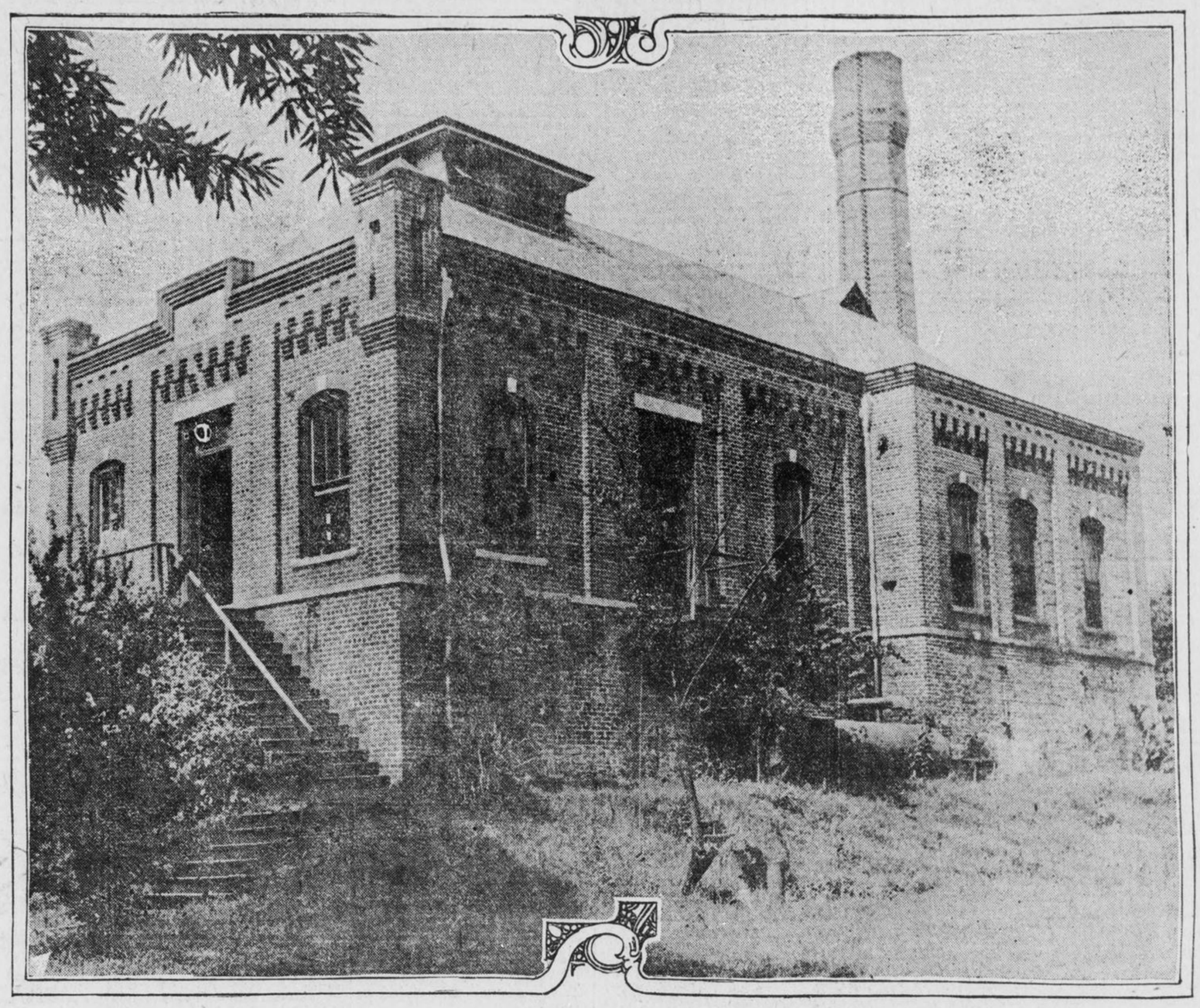


CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 26, Boston. Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura will find it best for skin and scalp.

Rome Buys Central Station Electric Current For Her 4,000,000-Gallon City Pump



ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

CONTRACT DEP'T

Georgia Railway & Power Company

ATLANTA

Savannah

Latest News of South Georgia

Waycross

STATE SCHOOL BOOK PRINTING IS DENOUNCED

Superintendent of Education of Chatham County Declares Plan Is Entirely Impracticable.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Otis Ashmore, Superintendent of Schools in Chatham County, is opposed to the plan of having textbooks published by the State. Ashmore says that the talk of high price of school books is buncombe, and thinks that the results, if the State undertook to publish its own textbooks, would not only be unsatisfactory, but would show little if any difference in cost.

"I have followed pretty closely the discussion about cheaper school books, and the publication of these books by the State," said Ashmore. "The publication of school books by the State is an old and threadbare story that is periodically dug up and thrashed over. The plan has been tried in several States and proves a failure. It is unwise, expensive and impracticable.

"A recent investigation by the State Superintendent of Schools shows that he would save only a 'cent or two' on books printed by contract, even if we owned the copyright. To purchase a large and expensive printing plant to be operated by the State is a very doubtful expedient. The equipment necessary to print modern school books is quite extensive.

"But the cost of printing is not the only consideration. The quality of the books themselves is of far more consequence than their cost. A good textbook is cheap at any price; a poor one is dear at any price. Those who know little about school books are inclined to regard them all alike. They think one reader or arithmetic is as good as another provided both have the same number of pages. I believe the greatest danger under the plan would lie in the limitation placed on securing good books. There are thousands of books, but only a few are good. The copyrights on the best books are owned by the publishers, and they will not sell them."

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savannah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

Supreme Court Lets Lynn Sentence Stand

Slayer of Hightower Refused Relief by Georgia Tribunal—Appeal to Washington Likely.

DUBLIN, July 26.—The Supreme Court of Georgia has denied a rehearing in the Lynn case, which was heard by it a few weeks ago, and the judgment of the lower court is affirmed. Lynn's attorneys now are preparing to take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Lynn was convicted of killing F. Hightower at his home just a short time before Christmas of last year, and was tried, with his wife, who claimed to have abetted the killing because Hightower insulted her. His wife was freed by the jury, but he was found guilty of murder with recommendation to life imprisonment.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

CUTTER YAMACRAW BACK FROM FLORIDA CRUISE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The United States revenue cutter Yamacraw has returned to port after cruising in Florida waters since May. The Yamacraw was ordered South to take the place of the cutter Miami, which was sent to the ice patrol in Northern waters. During the absence of the Yamacraw the cutter Seminole has been doing duty along the Georgia coast. The Yamacraw will probably remain in Savannah for several weeks.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

The Copeland Sisters

Popular Savannah society girls, who have as their guests Miss Sally Blount Holt, of Montgomery, and Miss Jeanette Wallace, of Butler.

Miss Fletcher Copeland.



Miss Bessie Copeland.

WATERMELONS IN BULLOCH CO.

Farmers Will Hold Picnic to Celebrate Success in Divorce From Cotton.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the purpose of bringing together all farmers in that section interested in the growing of watermelons, preparations are being made for holding a mammoth picnic next week at Stilson, in Bulloch County.

Experts in the knowledge of crops suitable to the kind of soil found there will address the meeting. The principal topic to be discussed, however, will be the growing of watermelons.

The remarkable success that the farmers of Bulloch County have made this year with the watermelon crop is attracting the attention of agriculturists throughout South Georgia. Owing to the failure of the melon crop in North and South Carolina this year due to drouth the growers of Bulloch have been unable to supply the demands of the buyers, who have flocked there by the score. The farmers are being paid on an average of $90 a carload for their melons.

In the territory between Brooklet and Blitchton 250 carloads have been sold at $90 a car. It is estimated that the farmers of Bulloch this year will receive $20,000 in the aggregate for their crops of melons, most of which have been shipped to the Middle West, the North and Canada.

It has recently been demonstrated that the watermelon crop will prove far more profitable to Bulloch than cotton. When they have finished working the melons they are "laid by" with peas, which shade the melons as they ripen. After the melons are shipped crab grass comes in with the peas. This grass makes fine hay, from which the farmers can realize enough to pay for their fertilizer. Thus they have an income from three crops.

The picnic at Stilson will be the means of bringing together a very large percentage of the melon growers, and those who will be growers of the fruit next year. Those who have not yet attempted the crop as a staple will be given the benefit of the knowledge gained by the experience of those who have made it a success.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WORKING FOR BOND ISSUE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the next six weeks the Savannah Chamber of Commerce will be engaged in active work in arousing interest in the auditorium bond election, which will be held September 15.

The proposed issue of $200,000 will give Savannah a much-needed auditorium.

COURT GRANTS TITLE OF LAND ONCE A STREET

Investment Company Has Right to Property Which Was Claimed by Savannah Council.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A decision by Judge Walter G. Charlton in the Superior Court clears title to land that had once been streets across the large Bartow Investment Company's holdings on Bull street opposite Ardsley Park, and by so doing enforced a contract of sale between W. M. Davidson and the Bartow Investment Company for this property.

The tract is a valuable one in the southern portion of the city. Davidson declined to purchase the land under the contract, on the ground that title to lands over which cross streets had once passed was now doubtful, as the city still claimed title to the land for street purposes. The investment company brought suit to enforce the contract.

On the strength of this claim the city undertook to open up the former streets. The investment company objected on the ground that the city had long since lost title by abandoning the streets. The company pleaded for an injunction to prevent the city cutting the proposed streets, which the court granted. The case then went to the Supreme Court, a decision of which upholds the decision of Judge Charlton.

In the suit to enforce the contract of sale ten members of the investment company and 110 defendants besides Davidson were brought in. The object in bringing them in was to force them to either assent to or object to the relinquishment of the title to the land in question for street purposes.

These persons owned land in the subdivision of Kingsville other than the Bartow property. These persons as property owners in the vicinity might have had some claim upon these former streets for the purpose of getting to their own property. It was only by settling their claims one way or the other that the status of the title could be determined.

Judge Charlton in his decision declared that the land in question is the property of the Bartow Investment Company, and decreed that Davidson must now purchase the land under his contract. This Davidson is glad enough to do, now that the title has been cleared.

Conductors Name Adjustment Board

Any Differences With Central of Georgia Management To Be Amicably Settled.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—To appoint a committee which will take up with the management of the Central of Georgia Railroad any matters which they believe need adjustment, a delegation of officials of the Order of Railway Conductors of America held a meeting in this city.

M. C. Carey, of Port Huron, Mich., vice president of the order, presided. W. M. Hamilton, H. W. Washburn and J. W. Hall, of Macon, and two other delegates were present. Carey said that so far as he knew there are no serious differences between the conductors and the railway company, and that there is no friction whatever between them.

Waycross Improves Fire Fighting Means

Inspectors Say Georgia Cities Are Making Most Rapid Strides In Southeast.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—That Georgia cities are making more rapid strides in improvement of fire departments than any State of the Southeast is one of the statements made in Waycross last week by inspectors making a thorough test of the Waycross department.

There is hardly any city in Georgia, according to the inspectors, that has not adopted auto apparatus in place of horse-drawn equipment. Smaller towns are using autos and as a consequence it is said Georgia's fire loss this year is going to be cut down considerably.

Progressive towns in South Georgia, as well as in North Georgia, are making improvements with the view of getting lower fire insurance rates. Waycross has spent a large sum during the past year to comply with conditions imposed by the Southeastern Underwriters' Association, and expects to get a reduction that will save the property owners thousands of dollars annually.

Stovall Departs for Post in Switzerland

New United States Minister Enroute to New York From Savannah. Sails July 29.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Colonel and Mrs. Pleasant A. Stovall, their daughter, Mrs. Burton L. Mason, and their son, Master Joe Stovall, are now upon the high seas, en route to New York, from which port they will embark on July 29 for Switzerland, where Colonel Stovall goes to take charge of his post as United States Minister to that country. The party will be joined in Europe by Miss Pleasant Stovall, another daughter, who is already there.

The son, Joe, was taken ill about a week ago, and it was thought at that time that arrangements for the trip would have to be changed, but a rapid recovery made it possible for the entire party to leave on schedule time.

Waves Spanish Sword Over Heads of Jurors

Dramatic Incident Features Trial of Ishmael Sarter in Superior Court at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Found guilty of stabbing D. S. Manning, Ishmael Carter has been sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary by Judge Walter G. Charlton in Superior Court.

The conviction followed a dramatic court session. At one stage the proceedings were enlivened by the waving of a Spanish sword over the heads of the jury. The weapon was in the hands of Judge H. D. D. Twiggs, of counsel for the defendant. The plea of Carter was self-defense. It was this weapon with which the cutting was done.

11-YEAR-OLD BOY LANDS 23-POUND DRUM FISH

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Master Harry D'Olley, while fishing at Isle of Hope, landed something pretty close to a whale. Harry is only 11 years old and none too big for his age, and when he hooked something that appeared to be bigger than himself he created excitement all along the river. He managed to hang on to what had come his way, however, and finally succeeded in landing a 23-pound drum. Now all the boys at Isle of Hope have gone drum fishing.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

RAILROAD MEN ATTEND IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

WAYCROSS, July 26.—An important conference between General Superintendent J. W. Brand, Division Counsel W. E. Kay, of Jacksonville, and District Counsel Joseph W. Bennett, of Brunswick, was held in Waycross to-day. The meeting was called for the purpose of going over legal matters in which the Atlantic Coast Line is involved.

PLAN IS ON TO GIVE WAYCROSS NEW CHARTER

Bill To Be Offered in Legislature This Week Provides for New Systems.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—If the Georgia Legislature does what the Ware delegation in it will ask next week, it will pass what will be known as a conditional charter for the city of Waycross. The charter bill that will be offered in the Legislature will contain a provision that until the people of Waycross approve the charter by a majority vote it shall not become effective.

And this charter bill is something new. It contains what is commonly known as the "city manager" plan of government, which, if adopted, will give Waycross a manager, subject to the orders of a council of twelve men. The manager will have charge of the execution of all city orders and may be removed by the Council if found to be incompetent.

In the event the city manager plan is not desired, the charter contains a provision for radical changes over the present aldermanic form. A mayor is to be employed, under this section, at a salary of $100 a month, giving as much time to the office as may be necessary. He is to appoint, with the approval of the Council, the heads of five city departments, and will see that all work of the respective departments is properly done. The Board of Aldermen is increased under this section from six to twelve, and instead of receiving $200 a year the Aldermen will serve without pay.

City Council has not passed upon the proposed charter, but the bill as outlined was prepared by a committee from the Board of Trade. The election to settle what, if any, changes will be made will be called as soon as the Legislature passes the bill. That the election will be a warm one is certain, as many citizens oppose the change.

Sermon Saves Woman From Suicide's Grave

Pastor's Discourse on 'Scandal Mongers' Stays Hand of Despondent Savannahan.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who delivered a sermon on "Scandal Mongers" last Sunday, is in receipt of an unsigned letter from a woman, who confesses that her troubles had driven her to determine upon suicide when his message restored her faith in God and determined her to abandon her rash intention.

The woman says she had the poison bottle in her hand when the printed sermon came under her eye. She says she had been wronged by malicious tales, and that she was alone in a friendless city.

ATLANTAN IS ARRESTED FOR BEATING BOARD BILL

SAVANNAH, July 26.—J. E. Cotton, of Atlanta, has been remanded to the City Court by Recorder John E. Schwarz, charged with violating the State law by beating a board bill.

Cotton registered at a hotel, where he remained several days, running up a bill amounting to $15. He then disappeared. He was arrested in a pool room.

Cotton asserts that he squandered his money here, and, rather than make his hotel bill any larger, left. It was his intention to pay the bill as soon as he could obtain sufficient money.

SPALDING COUNTY HOLDS SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE

GRIFFIN, July 26.—The first Sunday School convention ever held in Spalding County, which occurred this week, was a big success from the start. Of the thirty Sunday schools in the county, representatives from fifteen of them were present at the institute. Plans were adopted for the entire county to be canvassed in the work of the Sunday school and to carry the benefits of the new organization to each school of all denominations.

Principal speakers in the convention here were D. W. Sims, of Atlanta, general secretary of the Georgia Sunday School Association, and Miss Daisy McGee, of Columbia, Miss., superintendent of elementary work.

Rapid Strides Made On W. & W. Railroad

Extension of G. S. and F. Feeder To Be Pushed With All Possible Haste.

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Despite the recent period of wet weather, satisfactory progress has been made on the construction of the Waycross and Western Railroad, and arrangements are now being made to extend the passenger and freight service over the recently completed link beyond Mexico.

It has not been decided what point on the Georgia Southern and Florida will be touched by the new road, but as soon as the line is operating trains to Sirmans, in Clinch County, a survey of two probable routes will be considered and the extension continued without delay.

President Alex K. Sessoms is pleased with the work accomplished to date.

First Georgia Has 585 in Regiment

Quarterly Returns Show Brunswick With Largest Company—Force's Officers Practically Complete.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Quarterly returns to the Adjutant General of the State from the First Regiment show that organization to have 49 officers and 585 men. This is regarded in military circles as a splendid showing.

The report includes the twelve companies, field, staff and band. Of the companies eight have their full complement of three officers. The Savannah companies, with one exception, have their full complement of officers.

The largest enlistment of men in any single company is shown by Company G, of Brunswick, which has 60 names on its roll. This company has three officers. Company H, the German Volunteers, has the largest enlistment of any Savannah company, 56 men being shown. This company also has three officers.

Postoffice Shows Increase of $16,043

Contrary to Expectations, Parcel Post Fails to Add to Savannah's Revenue.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Showing a total increase of $16,043 for the year ended June 30 over the receipts of last year, the annual report of the Savannah postoffice has been made public by Assistant Postmaster William M. Greene. The total receipts for the year amounted to $280,029.55.

Contrary to expectations, the parcel post, which became effective January 1, 1913, did not increase the revenue of the postoffice.

The total expenses for the year just ended amounted to $118,690.32, making a net profit, as the department figures it, of $184,077.79, or 42 per cent of the receipts.

This is an increase of $8,852.30 over the profits of last year.

LIGHTNING PLAYS PRANKS IN STORM AT AWYCROSS

WAYCROSS, July 26.—During a severe lightning and rainstorm, Edgar Griffin, whose home is west of Waycross, was knocked from a wagon when lightning hit the vehicle. Except for a severe shock he was uninjured. The seat of the wagon was splintered.

Another freak of the storm is reported from Waresboro. Eleven successive telephone poles of a private line running out of Waycross were splintered when lightning struck the wires.

OIL STOVE BURNS MAY PROVE FATAL TO WOMAN

WAYCROSS, July 26.—As she lit an oil stove this morning preparatory to baking a cake, Mrs. J. D. Ridley caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished was so badly burned about the body and face that her recovery is doubtful. She ran into the street, where neighbors tore the flaming clothing from her.

SECOND GEORGIA QUITS ITS CAMP ON SAINT SIMONS

Regiment Starts Home After Eight Days on Island—Colonel Thomas Pleased.

BRUNSWICK, July 26.—The Second Regiment of the Georgia National Guard broke camp on St. Simons Island at noon to-day and arrived in Brunswick shortly after noon. The soldiers immediately boarded Coast Line and Southern trains and left during the afternoon for their home cities. The boys have enjoyed camp life for eight days.

Colonel Thomas, who was in command, joined the officers who were here with the Fifth Regiment in their recommendation that the island be made a permanent camp for the militia. The United States army officers who have been detailed to train the Georgia troops are loud in their praise of the militia of this State.

COUNTY FAIR PLANNED BY GAINESVILLE'S BOOSTERS

GAINESVILLE, July 26.—While the plans are not yet matured, the Chamber of Commerce has taken up the question of a fair to be held in the fall, at which farmers, stock raisers, manufacturers, etc., together with a woman's department, will have exhibits. It has been four years since a fair was held in Hall County, and it is believed this plan of the Chamber of Commerce will meet the approval of all and result in enlivening the business interests of this entire section.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

$2.50 Glasses Now $1.00
$5.00 Glasses Now $2.50

We have an experienced oculist in charge who will thoroughly examine your eyes and prescribe what is best for them.

L. N. HUFF OPTICAL CO.

70 Whitehall St. 52 W. Mitchell St.

THIS WEEK

Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

1-2 PRICE

You'll see them in our Window

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store 92 Whitehall

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

Columbus

Latest Southwest Georgia News

Cordele

LITTLE CANAL WILL ENRICH SO. GEORGIA

Big Celebration Planned for the Opening of St. Andrews Bay Ditch, Which Is Near.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A canal which means as much to the Chattahoochee and Flint River Valleys as does the Panama Canal to the world will be completed about the same time as the tremendous project which will unite two oceans. Although this canal is not as tremendous, it will be as wet and as blue, and the people of Georgia, Alabama and Florida will rejoice over its completion with the same acclaim as the world will rejoice over the passage of the first vessel through the Isthmian ditch.

The opening of the St. Andrews Bay Canal, which will serve the Apalachicola River system, connecting with the bay of that name and the Gulf of Mexico, is one of the most important waterway projects of the day. Nearly 2,000,000 people will be affected—$30,000,000 worth of commerce is waiting for the Government to say, "All is ready."

Big Celebration Planned.

The Columbus Board of Trade has committed itself to a celebration on the date of the opening of the canal. It has a year to think things out, and already there have been suggestions in plenty. Congress will be memorialized for national recognition of the event.

Columbus will not celebrate alone. Girard, Phoenix City, Eufaula, Fort Gaines, Blountstown, Bristol, Apalachicola, Panama City, Carabelle, Bainbridge, Newton, Albany, Marianna, Chipola and maybe Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Tampa and Key West will enter into the spirit, and if the combined noise of three States and the Government of the United States can not be heard around the globe, it is because the people of the Southland have forgotten how to yell.

The St. Andrews Bay Canal project was approved February 1, 1910, providing for a depth to admit passage of river steamers and lighter craft. It will be necessary to transship all goods for or from deep sea vessels at St. Andrews or Panama City or wherever terminals may be erected hereafter. The cost of the project will exceed $500,000, and the money has been appropriated to complete the work. The last rivers and harbors bill carried the last $130,000.

Commerce to Rise in Millions.

The Apalachicola River, formed at River Junction, Fla., by the Flint and the Chattahoochee Rivers, is 137 miles long. The Chattahoochee is navigable to Columbus, a distance of 163 miles. The Flint is navigable to Bainbridge and during medium low water to Albany, Ga., a distance of 105 miles. The Chipola is navigable for a distance of 65 miles. The total navigable length of the river system is 470 miles. The length of the canal is 30 miles.

The commerce of the rivers which will feed the canal amounted to $15,784,029 in 1911, and has been growing at the rate of $1,500,000 for some years. That this commerce will be doubled when the territory tributary to the rivers has an all-water route goes without saying, not taking into account the increase of population along the rivers.

BANKRUPT FIRM TO PAY ALL CREDITORS IN FULL

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Worsden Brothers Clothing Company, one of the largest clothing concerns in the city, has gone into voluntary bankruptcy, with assets of more than $18,000 and liabilities of about $9,000. Just prior to filing the petition in bankruptcy the stockholders held a meeting to discuss the situation, but as it was found the firm was losing money rapidly it was thought best to file the petition. It was announced that the creditors would be paid dollar for dollar.

CONDEMNED MAN FIGHTS FOR REHEARING OF CASE

TIFTON, July 26.—I. B. Hall, who has been sentenced to hang August 22, has retained Attorney John R. Cooper, of Macon, to represent him in his petition for new trial, which will be heard before Judge W. E. Thomas in Waldosta Saturday, August 2.

Hall remains optimistic over the final outcome of his case. He seems to have little doubt that a decision will finally be given in his favor. While Hall is apparently unconcerned, his immediate relatives are much worried.

CORDELE METHODIST CONFERENCE CLOSES

CORDELE, July 26.—The annual Methodist Conference of the Cordele district came to a close yesterday at Rochelle. The meeting was attended by about 130 ministers and delegates.

The following delegates were chosen to the annual South Georgia Conference to be held in Macon next November: Hugh Lasseter, Cordele; R. L. Greer, Oglethorpe; D. W. Howard, Unadilla; J. G. Morehand, Vienna.

CRISP COUNTY TORN UP BY FREAK WINDSTORM

CORDELE, July 26.—A brisk windstorm yesterday afternoon over parts of Crisp and adjoining counties did considerable damage by levelling corn fields and blowing down fences. The wind came in spasmodic puffs and fear was felt that it would develop into a storm of serious nature.

$10,778 INCREASE IN POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The receipts of the Columbus postoffice for the year ending June 30 have just been given out and show an increase of $10,778.34 over the same period of the previous year.

Crawford Wheatly

Of Americus, who was the principal drafter of the appropriations bill, passed by the Georgia House of Representatives last week.

Representative, from Sumter County.



Chairman of House Appropriations Committee.

Drouth Broken When Countryside Prays

Seven Weeks of Dry Weather Followed by Heavy Rain After Prayer Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Seven weeks' drouth in the vicinity of Rebecca was broken yesterday by a heavy rain, and the people of that place believe that a prayer service the night before to invoke the Almighty to send showers upon the crops was altogether responsible.

Crops were burning up and it appeared that the entire year's work of the farmers would be a failure. It was suggested that a prayer service be held at the Baptist Church, the proposition meeting with instant approval.

According to announcement, the people for miles around met at Rebecca and offered up prayers, continuing in the service for some time. Apparently in answer to this prayer, the rain came the following day.

LOWNDES TAX VALUES EXCEED EIGHT MILLION

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Lowndes County's tax values this year show an increase of $259,000. Tax Receiver Bacon to-day completed the footings of the 1913 digest. The total tax values of the county are $8,223,000, and, in view of the rather depressed conditions of the past year, the increase of more than $250,000 is regarded as satisfactory. If the bill now before the Legislature to provide a board of tax assessors passes, it is believed that values in Lowndes County will go to $10,000,000 next year.

$300,000 PLANT SEEKS LOCATION IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A Maryland corporation, with a capital stock of $300,000, engaged in the manufacture and sale of stoves, ranges and like products, is seeking a location in Columbus, attracted to this city by flattering inducements offered through the Board of Trade.

SEABOARD TO CONSTRUCT WAREHOUSE IN COLUMBUS

COLUMBUS, July 26.—The Seaboard Air Line has completed the survey for the foundation of a large storage warehouse and grain elevator in Columbus, to be located on its property in the southeastern part of the city. The warehouse, it is understood, will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

COLUMBUS BALL TEAM TO GET BOOSTER GAME

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Monday has been designated as "Booster Day" with the Columbus baseball team, when it begins a series of three games with Albany. The management of the team is undertaking to arouse interest to keep the treasury in a safe condition during the wane of the season.

Refuses to Allow Revival in Church

Pastor Obliged to Leave, Says Evangelist Shall Not Hold Proposed Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Because he could not be in attendance and aid in the meeting, it is said that Rev. B. F. Rainey, pastor of the Pleasant Hill Baptist Church near Cordele, refused to allow a revival to be held in his church.

On request of some of the members of the church the State Board of the Baptist denomination sent an evangelist to conduct the meeting. It had been in progress but a day when the pastor informed the members and the evangelist that he objected to the meeting continuing longer; that he was going away and did not want a meeting conducted in his church while he was not there.

R. R. Agents Confer With Commission

Important Rate Matters In Connection With Roads Are Discussed at Meeting.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—In conference with the Railroad Commissioners the latter part of the week were the following high railroad officials: James Menzies, freight traffic manager, and C. McD. Davis, general freight agent, and James F. Mead, assistant general freight agent of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company; C. R. Capps, vice president, and B. C. Prince, assistant general freight agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, and J. C. Cutler, general freight agent of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railway Company. Important rate matters in connection with the lines mentioned were under discussion.

STRIKKES OIL AT MILTON IN PIT FOR FOUNDATION

PENSACOLA, July 25.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by a report that oil has been struck at Milton, twenty miles east of here.

Charles Sudwell, proprietor of the Milton telephone exchange, said that while digging a foundation for a building he struck a vein of oil, but had not yet had time to investigate fully. However, he said he intended to make a full investigation to see if he has really struck a rich vein.

NASON REVELL HELD FOR SHOOTING JOHN PALMER

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—Nason Revell was bound over to await the action of the Grand Jury under $1,000 bond for shooting John Palmer a few weeks ago at Lake Bradford church. The difficulty arose as the result of family trouble. Revell shot Palmer six times, three taking effect. Palmer was at the trial and appeared to be fully recovered from his wounds. Revell has been in jail ever since the shooting.

MOVEMENT TO PUT COLUMBUS ON AUTO ROUTE

South Georgia City Pulling for Publicity—Makes Offer of Two Roads to Atlanta.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Through the combined efforts of the Columbus Board of Trade and other interests of the city there is a probability of Columbus being placed on the Southern Auto Route.

Steps have been taken by the board, ably assisted by the owners of automobiles in Columbus, because it is realized that Columbus and this entire section are suffering from the lack of publicity which could be obtained by the route.

While the Board of Trade is taking the forward step in the movement, the task of working out details has been turned over to the streets and roads committee of that organization.

Five routes have been proposed leading out from Columbus, two of which go to Atlanta, one to Opelika, Ala., one to the southeast and the other to the east. The routes proposed to Atlanta are: First, from Columbus to Warm Springs, thence to Woodbury, on to Griffin, where it will connect with the National Highway from New York to Florida, and from there to Atlanta over that road. The other route is from Columbus to Hamilton, Greenville and Newnan into Atlanta.

The route westward is to Opelika, where it is proposed to have the route from this city connect with the Montgomery route. The route to the east leaves Columbus via Buena Vista, Ellaville, Montezuma to Macon, and there connects with the National Highway to Florida points. A direct route to Florida is proposed by County Road Engineer Julian Lane, of Muscogee County, leaving Columbus via Buena Vista, Ellaville, Americus to Thomasville on to Florida.

The autoists who travel over these routes will get the topography, learn all of the dangerous places and sharp curves in the roads, and, in fact, obtain all the information that is deemed necessary.

In this connection it is of interest possibly to a great portion of the State to know that Frank Batey, a well-known Savannah good roads enthusiast, is having a map of the roads of Georgia and Northern Florida prepared, and has written County Engineer Lane for a copy of the roads of Muscogee County in order that he may know what connection they have with other roads.

The automobile owners of Muscogee County are delighted over the prospect of Columbus being placed on the Southern Auto Route.

Hitch Probable in Charlotte Election

Commission Government and Water works Bond Advocates of Columbus Threaten War.

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A hitch in the proposed vote on commission government for Columbus by the people during the year 1913 is probable.

A bill providing for commission government in lieu of the present Mayor and aldermanic form will be presented to the Legislature next week. Advocates of the proposed waterworks bond issue are making an effort to keep the commission government election from taking place this year, claiming it would affect the chances of the waterworks bonds.

The regular Mayor and aldermanic election is to be held the second Saturday in December, while the bond election comes on October 18, and it would be difficult to hold a commission government election before October.

The advocates of waterworks bonds have threatened, if an election is proposed in the commission form bill prior to the waterworks bond election, to go before the Lepislature and fight the passage of the commission government bill. The advocates of commission government threaten to retaliate by fighting the waterworks proposition. If the advocates of commission government can have the election this year they propose to do so.

Florida to Alter Its Prison System

Commissioner of Agriculture and State Treasurer to Study Methods of Other States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—W. A. McRae, Commissioner of Agriculture, and J. C. Luning, State Treasurer, both of the Board of State Institutions, have been appointed by the whole board to visit several of the Southern States for the purpose of studying their convict systems.

The recent act of the Legislature made some radical changes in the method of handling the convict system, and the board felt that it would be worth a great deal to them to learn more of the methods of other States having convict laws similar to the recent act of this State. These members of the board will visit North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Louisiana, Texas and Mississippi and upon their return will make full report to the board.

PENSACOLA ELKS GIVE OUTING AT SANTA ROSA

PENSACOLA, July 25.—One of the pleasantest features of the season was the annual outing of the local Lodge of Elks, when the antlered tribe and about 150 of their friends made a trip to Santa Rosa Island aboard the steamer Baldwin. Refreshments were served on the boat and the evening on the island was spent in dancing and surf bathing. The boat returned to the city about midnight.

Deputy Sings Hymns To Enliven Auction

No Bidder for Box of Songbooks Until Auctioneer Gives Samples of Contents.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—A deputy sheriff standing on the auction block with a hymnbook in his hand, warbling at the top of his voice, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was the sight seen by a big crowd gathered at the Sheriff's sale at the courthouse here a couple of mornings ago.

A box full of sacred songbooks was among the goods offered. No one offered to bid even a nickel. W. O. Beard, the deputy sheriff, nearly "talked his head off" without persuading anyone that he needed a box full of songbooks. Then it was an assistant took one of the books in his hand, mounted on the platform, turned to page 47 and began to sing. A score or more people in the crowd joined in the old familiar tune, and a few minutes afterward the hymnbooks were knocked down to a ready bidder for what they were worth.

Cashier Is Indicted On Bank's Complaint

J. H. Cason of Bank of Crosland Is Accused of Embezzling More Than $7,000.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—The Colquitt County Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday against J. H. Cason, former cashier of the Bank of Crosland, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars.

Cason was arrested several weeks ago and has been in prison here in default of $6,000 bond. Notwithstanding the fact that Cason has confessed to using over $7,000 of the bank's funds, he will plead not guilty when his case is called for trial next week, according to the statement of his attorney, Alfred Kilfie, of Moultrie.

Ties Husband in Bed And Shoots Him Dead

Tampa Woman, Tired of Abuse, Then Commits Suicide to End Troubles.

TAMPA, July 26.—Tired of being abused, Mrs. Avalina Rodriguez tied her husband to his bed to-day and fired five bullets into his head and body and then killed herself. They had quarreled last night and he is believed to have beat her, as was his custom, it is claimed, from the disturbance the neighbors heard.

Early this morning Mrs. Rodriguez gave part of her clothing to a neighbor, told the neighbor she was going to kill herself and her husband, and went back to the house. Within five minutes the shots were heard, and the policemen, who had been called, had to break down the door to get in. Both were dead. She had shot him, then untied the cords that held him, lay down by his side and shot herself through the heart.

Dairyman Held as Postal Law Violator

D. W. Simmons, Who Has Several Aliases, Accused of Opening Other Persons' Mail.

TIFTON, GA., July 26.—Chief of Police Thrasher has arrested D. W. Simmons, alias D. W. Underwood, W. H. Bennett and Willie Parker, under a warrant from Wauchula, Fla., for violating the United States postal laws by receiving another's mail and using checks contained in the letters.

The prisoner was taken to Albany by Deputy United States Marshal Calhoun, where he will be held awaiting his transfer to Tampa for trial.

Simmons, with his wife, had been in Tifton about three weeks and was employed at the dairy operated by Miss Ida Dickinson. They were in Americus before coming to Tifton. Simmons' wife is wanted as a witness to a stabbing which took place in the hotel where they were staying at Americus.

Florida Commission Cuts Express Rates

Reduction of From 20 to 33 Per Cent Is Ordered on Farm Products.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—From time to time complaint has been made to the Railroad Commissioners of high express rates on eggs, poultry, plants and butter, resulting in the commissioners serving notice on the Southern Express Company for a hearing to consider a reduction in rates, or classification, on these commodities.

After a thorough investigation the commissioners have just entered their order directing the express company to put into effect new rates or classification on these commodities after August 19.

The reductions range from 20 to 33 per cent.

BUILDING COMMISSION FAILS TO GET QUORUM

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—A. L. Wilson, of Quincy, one of the commissioners appointed to supervise the construction of the new Supreme Court and Railroad Commission Building, was here this week for a meeting of his commission to consider the purchase of furnishings for the building. However, a quorum of the commission could not be secured.

MIAMI TO CELEBRATE BIRTHDAY

MIAMI, July 26.—Posters and circulars have been sent over the State advertising the big celebration to be held in this city in honor of its seventeenth birthday.

PARK'S SCHOOL IS IN SESSION FOR 4TH TERM

Men Denied Education Early Are Seizing Chance to Learn the Elementary Branches.

TIFTON, July 26.—Park's "Old Field School," the only one of its kind in Georgia, is now in session. The school claims Worth County as its home and was originated by Judge Frank Park, of the Albany circuit, the purpose being to give men who have not had the advantages of an education a chance to study the elementary branches without the embarrassment of attending public school with children.

The school is now in its fourth year and has an attendance of 90 at this session. It is being held in the Union Church community in Worth County. The church building, which is being used for the school, has been filled to overflowing, the extra students sitting on logs beneath the pines near the church.

Only reading, writing and arithmetic are taught and the pupils range in age from 10 to 60. The school is held in the summer time when the weather is good, after the crops have been laid by, and the farmers have a little leisure time. Books and tuition are free.

Judge Parks has the co-operation of the county teachers. Two are employed to teach the pupils, who come on horseback, in buggies, wagons and afoot, coming early and spending the entire day. With the close of each day's session a big spelling match is held, and the sight of the 90 students in line, old men, young men, youths and children, is striking and original.

The school has been in session for two weeks and will continue two to six weeks longer.

Ship Gets Judgment Against Stevedores

Special Master Finds in British Vessel's Favor on Cross-Libel Bill.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A report in favor of the British steamer Coningsby, which cross-libeled John G. McGriffin & Co., of Jacksonville, stevedores, for damages alleged to have been done to the vessel, has been filed by Judge Paul E. Seabrook, special master.

McGriffin & Co. originally libeled the Coningsby to collect stevedore charges amounting to about $500, while the owners of the vessel filed a cross-libel to recover damages alleged to have been inflicted when the stevedores used dynamite to break up a cargo of kainit which had become hardened. The water tank of the boiler was claimed to have been damaged by the explosion.

The total damages to the steamer were decided by the master to be $2,785.81, from which is to be deducted $490 stevedore fees. McGriffin & Co. will, therefore, be compelled to pay $2,295.91, together with interest at 6 per cent from July 1, 1907.

New Smyrna Shelled Just Fifty Years Ago

Fleet of Federal Gunboats Bombarded Florida Village on July 26, 1863.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—Fifty years ago today, or July 26, 1863, was an exciting day in and around the village of New Smyrna, when the Shelden House and the few other buildings of the village were shelled by the Federal gunboats Sagamore, Oleander, Wabash and Beauregard. The shells of the gunboats did much damage, although the buildings were not entirely destroyed.

Captain John F. Dennis, of the gunboat Oleander, was commander of the fleet, which directed its fire on the village all the afternoon, coming into the harbor about 1 o'clock. The purpose was to look for blockade runners, principally, and incidentally to follow up an investigation of the killing of the captain of the gunboat Henry Andrews and a number of the members of his crew some time before that.

Florida Officials To Study Shellfish

Commissioners Will Visit Louisiana and Mississippi to Ascertain Methods of Those States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—T. R. Hodges and Peres McDougall, recently appointed Shellfish Commissioner and secretary, respectively, have gone to Mississippi and Louisiana to study the methods of these States in dealing with the shellfish business. The law relating to this subject passed by the recent Legislature is largely copied after that of Louisiana, where it has been in force for some time and where, it is understood, the matter has been handled very effectively and satisfactorily.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Tift Truckers Plan To Improve Packing

Want Output Uniform and Carefully Prepared for Market—Meeting Called for Saturday.

TIFTON, July 26.—A meeting of the farmers, corn club boys and business men of Tift County has been called for Saturday, August 2, at the Tifton Chamber of Commerce. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss plans and methods for harvesting and marketing the crops.

The farmers will tell their experiences of the year at the meeting and discuss crop conditions and methods of fertilization and cultivation. The corn club boys will tell how it is that they can beat their fathers growing corn, and do it cheaper.

One of the important matters to be considered at the meeting will be the establishment of a truck packing house and the employment of experienced packers. Tift County truckers are determined that all truck from this county shall be of standard grade and packed by experienced men.

Tifton Trade Board To Aid Tift Farmers

Chamber of Commerce Plans to Improve Market Conditions for Planters.

TIFTON, July 26.—Among the things which the Tifton Chamber of Commerce proposes to put through during the remainder of the summer are:

Begin a series of monthly farmers' meetings.

Take steps to aid the farmers in marketing their products.

Provide facilities for handling the meat, grain and like products of the farmers, for which there is not a steady and ready market.

Begin a campaign for securing a new union passenger station.

Get out a small booklet advertising Tifton and Tift County.

Co-operate with the Board of County Commissioners in seeing that all public highways leading to Tifton are in first-class shape for the hauling of cotton and like products to market.

Students Building Tift's First Silo

Farmers Expected to Follow Example Set by Progressive Educator at County School.

TIFTON, July 26.—Professor J. F. Hart, Jr., principal, and the students who have remained through the summer to care for the school property and tend the crops on the school farm began work this week building a modern silo at the Second District Agricultural School.

This is probably the first silo in this section of the State. It is believed this will lead to the construction of a number of others throughout Tift County. A crop sufficient to fill the silo has already been planted, and is now being cultivated by the summer students.

TURKEY-TILLION STIRS VALDOSTA SOCIETY CIRCLE

Old-Timers Are Shocked at New Tangoes, Trots and Wiggles of Young Folk.

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Society is agog to-day over some of the extreme modern dances introduced for the first time in this city at a ball given in the parlors of one of the principal hotels last night. Most of the tangoes, trots and wiggles were danced, and with an abandon and zest that rather shocked the old-timers present.

The dance is described as a "turkey-tillion," and was attended by a large number of the younger leaders in society. From the familiar and simple turkey trot it was only a short step to the more extreme and newer dances.

Tifton's Tax Raises Result in Protests

H. H. Tift Hit Hardest, With $138,000 Increase—Council to Hear Complaints.

TIFTON, July 26.—The August meeting of the City Council of Tifton bids fair to be one of the most interesting ever held by this body. And it's all because the Tax Assessors have been busy. They have raised most everybody and the prospects and that a mighty protest will be heard in Council chambers the first Monday night in August.

The man to feel the effects of the Tax Assessors raising the most was the man owning the greatest amount of property. This man is H. H. Tift and the Assessors, believing that he should pay taxes on his property somewhere in the region of the price he is asking for it, raised his assessment $138,000. Mr. Tift being of the political faction which is now "out" in municipal affairs, protested. Two special sessions of Council were held to consider the matter, but the taxes stand as they were, except in a few instances where the property assessed has been given to city for parks and the like, or the Assessors had placed valuations too high.

TARPON SPRINGS SPONGE SALES IN 2 WEEKS $215,000

TARPON SPRINGS, July 26.—The sponge sale here the last two weeks total $215,000. This city is the center of the Gulf sponging industry and supports perhaps 1,500 Greek divers and requires 200 boats. The spongers no longer dive "in their skins" or use the old rakes. Modern diving suits are used and the vessels are well equipped.

For social news of the South see page 6 of this section and the Society Section.

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Wrightsville Beach
Near Wilmington, N. C.

Splendid hotels; finest beach on Atlantic Coast; best sea and sound fishing; electric train service to city. No end to indoor and outdoor amusements. Reduced railroad rates. For literature and other information write to

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WHY FEEL TIRED? TRY LIVER EASE

Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Helen Brantley	208,100
George Rosser	207,415
Miss Frankie J. Smith	189,500
Josephine Simril	158,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	149,075
Hill McCalla	106,350
Wyman Conrad	102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,350
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Elizabeth Garwood	180,925
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	179,870
Paul M. Clark	178,980
Miss Robert Harbour	177,815
Edmund Hurt	159,050
Miss Idele Shaw	142,105
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,855
J. P. Tucker	21,250
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Charles L. Stevens	195,650
Willett Mathews	192,550
Mildred Brickman	163,980
J. P. Goets, Jr.	150,985
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Florence Greenoe	225,385
Herbert Chapman	219,980
Fannie Mae Cook	218,600
Eleanor Raoul	202,550
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,896

District Nun ber Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.00.

To the candidate in this district having the third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Marguret Le Feure	134 050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	152,360
William Turner	151,565
Edward DeLoach	150,325
Miss Beverly Swanton	149,900
Miss Susanne Springer	126,95?
Edgar Wilson	38,395
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	25,965

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate ir this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Henry Hull	119,300
George H. Melton	118,395
A. Morrison	116,950
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	105,200
Philip Gilstein	89,850
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Raymond Wilkinson	214,650
Ross Greer	210,955
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,450
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
F. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox, Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,650
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,435
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,856
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,800
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Eillie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	29,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Siannell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,150
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lylda Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win?

The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to .....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to .....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P.M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

SAVANNAH EDITION

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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid, admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

Then, again, it is caused when a busy man calls a number time and again, and gets no response. Always the symptoms react to the injury of the girl on the switchboard. She is sworn at, she is greeted with language that would melt the wires were there not insulation in parts.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

The medical men who say they have made a discovery in the disease, attach a serious significance to it. Instances of permanent aberration have resulted, they declare, in their papers. Men who are calm under circumstances that would drive a Job to drink become insane when the telephone responds not.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

A plunge into the question revealed the fact that telephone dementia has its sources in the brains of the telephone girls themselves, those sweet, unperturbed creatures. Professor Hugo Munsterberg, the great psychologist of Harvard, who once lived in Germany, recently tried the brain force of 1,000 telephone girls, and found that many became mixed in their numbers after an hour.

But it is only the patrons who become violent. No person, not even a baseball umpire, the embodiment of phlegm and stolidity, is exempt, the doctors say.

And so if you wax wroth when the central tells you nine times "Number busy," if you get no answer from your number after call upon call, if you swear at the girl when she gives you the wrong number, then you've got it.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Woman's Right Costs Her $10 as Speeder

Judge Tells Her That In Present Day She Must Be Treated Like Man.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Equality of the rights of woman was recognized by Municipal Judge Orr yesterday, with the result that Mrs. R. W. Hood, 4414 Christiana avenue, was fined $10 and costs for speeding. Mrs. Hood admitted traveling 31 miles an hour July 9.

"In this age of woman suffrage I must treat you as I do the men," said the judge.

Although Mrs. Hood insisted she was "not in sympathy with woman suffrage," she was ordered to pay.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well, good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Dclares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by "Mrs." Belle Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, in South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Developments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by hisself."

The other was:

"Mama that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false. Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Washington Society Trembles

'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says:

"Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employes

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return is the ideal place to live.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising



and You'll Enjoy Your Breakfast

NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doing out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elimination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores

And Druggists Generally

To Overcome Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Wrinkles

(From Outdoor Life.)

If you are freckled, tanned or sunburnt, dab a liberal amount of mercolized wax on the face and allow it to remain over night. When you wash off the wax in the morning, fine, flaky, almost invisible particles of cuticle come with it. Repeating this daily, the entire outer skin is absorbed, but so gradually, there's not the slightest hurt or inconvenience. Even the stubbornest freckles yield to this treatment. The underlying skin which forms the new complexion is so fresh and youthful-looking you'll marvel at the transformation. It's the only thing I know to actually discard an aged, faded, muddy or blotchy complexion. It is fine for a discolored neck. One ounce of mercolized wax, procurable at any drug store, is sufficient in most cases.

If sun and wind make you squint and frown, you're bound to cultivate wrinkles and crow's feet. To overcome these quickly, bathe the face in a solution made by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint witch hazel.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

EXCURSIONS

Two great tours East and West; special trains, exclusive ships; all expense paid; best hotels. On August 9 Southern Merchants' Tour (free to merchants) visiting Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, Milwaukee and Lake Michigan. An eight-day expense-paid trip for only $49.75 (ticket good for thirty days), August 16. Our great 5,000-mile circle tour of Cincinnati, Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Great Gorge, Toronto, Thousand Islands, Montreal, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Washington, Baltimore and Savannah, with steamer trips on lakes, river and ocean. An eighteen-day expense-paid trip for only $88.85 (tickets good for thirty days, with stop-overs). Special trains on both tours leave Atlanta, Birmingham, Chattanooga and Knoxville. Limited and select party. Special cars for ladies alone. Write to-day for reservation and full particulars. J. F. McFarland, Agt., Box 1624, Atlanta, Ga.

Stop That Whooping Cough
WITH THE McFAUL
Whooping Cough Powders

Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*

For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.

Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.

By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.

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GLENN PHOTO STOCK CO.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.

Exclusive Kodak Store. 117 Peachtree

Savannah — Latest News of South Georgia — Waycross

COURT GRANTS TITLE OF LAND ONCE A STREET

Investment Company Has Right to Property Which Was Claimed by Savannah Council.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—A decision by Judge Walter G. Charlton in the Superior Court clears title to land that had once been streets across the large Bartow Investment Company's holdings on Bull street opposite Ardsley Park, and by so doing enforced a contract of sale between W. M. Davidson and the Bartow Investment Company for this property.

The tract is a valuable one in the southern portion of the city. Davidson declined to purchase the land under the contract, on the ground that title to lands over which cross streets had once passed was now doubtful, as the city still claimed title to the land for street purposes. The investment company brought suit to enforce the contract.

On the strength of this claim the city undertook to open up the former streets. The investment company objected on the ground that the city had long since lost title by abandoning the streets. The company pleaded for an injunction to prevent the city cutting the proposed streets, which the court granted. The case then went to the Supreme Court, a decision of which upholds the decision of Judge Charlton.

In the suit to enforce the contract of sale ten members of the investment company and 110 defendants besides Davidson were brought in. The object in bringing them in was to force them to either assent to or object to the relinquishment of the title to the land in question for street purposes.

These persons owned land in the subdivision of Kingsville other than the Bartow property. These persons as property owners in the vicinity might have had some claim upon these former streets for the purpose of getting to their own property. It was only by settling their claims one way or the other that the status of the title could be determined.

Judge Charlton in his decision declared that the land in question is the property of the Bartow Investment Company, and decreed that Davidson must now purchase the land under his contract. This Davidson is glad enough to do, now that the title has been cleared.

Postoffice Shows Increase of $16,043

Contrary to Expectations, Parcel Post Fails to Add to Savannah's Revenue.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Showing a total increase of $16,043 for the year ended June 30 over the receipts of last year, the annual report of the Savannah postoffice has been made public by Assistant Postmaster William M. Greene. The total receipts for the year amounted to $280,029.55.

Contrary to expectations, the parcel post, which became effective January 1, 1913, did not increase the revenue of the postoffice.

The total expenses for the year just ended amounted to $118,690.32, making a net profit, as the department figures it, of $184,077.79, or 42 per cent of the receipts.

This is an increase of $8,852.30 over the profits of last year.

Waves Spanish Sword Over Heads of Jurors

Dramatic Incident Features Trial of Ishmael Sarter in Superior Court at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Found guilty of stabbing D. S. Manning, Ishmael Carter has been sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary by Judge Walter G. Charlton in Superior Court.

The conviction followed a dramatic court session. At one stage the proceedings were enlivened by the waving of a Spanish sword over the heads of the jury. The weapon was in the hands of Judge H. D. D. Twiggs, of counsel for the defendant. The plea of Carter was self-defense. It was this weapon with which the cutting was done.

PARTY IN AUTOMOBILES HUNT FUGITIVE LIONS

SIOUX CITY, IOWA, July 26.—An automobile party has left here to join in the hunt with citizens of Osage for lions supposed to be at large in that vicinity. Members of the party state they found men with guns on the lookout, several men asserting they had seen the animals. The tracks are said to be indisputable.

Deputy Game Garden George Nelson said he caught sight of the lions. The farm upon which the animals were first seen has been thoroughly searched, but to no avail. Bloodhounds were placed upon the trail, but nothing was accomplished.

The Copeland Sisters

Popular Savannah society girls, who have as their guests Miss Sally Blount Holt, of Montgomery, and Miss Jeanette Wallace, of Butler.

Miss Fletcher Copeland.



Miss Bessie Copeland.

First Georgia Has 585 in Regiment

Quarterly Returns Show Brunswick With Largest Company—Force's Officers Practically Complete.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Quarterly returns to the Adjutant General of the State from the First Regiment show that organization to have 49 officers and 585 men. This is regarded in military circles as a splendid showing.

The report includes the twelve companies, field, staff and band. Of the companies eight have their full complement of three officers. The Savannah companies, with one exception, have their full complement of officers.

The largest enlistment of men in any single company is shown by Company G, of Brunswick, which has 60 names on its roll. This company has three officers. Company H, the German Volunteers, has the largest enlistment of any Savannah company, 56 men being shown. This company also has three officers.

PROMOTER TO FIX CAVERN TO RIVAL MAMMOTH CAVE

SPRINGFIELD, MO., July 26.—The sale of Fisher's Cave, one of the most beautiful of the natural caves of the Ozarks, to H. E. Peterson, of Utah, is announced. Peterson will at once wire the cavern for electricity. He believes the cave's marvels superior to those of Mammoth Cave. The cavern extends a mile into the hillside, and contains a navigable river, which is the longest subterranean stream in the State. Robert Smith, the former owner, has made a reputation as "cave farmer," and every year has earned large profits from the sale of mushrooms, rhubarb and frog legs.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

WATERMELONS NOW BEST CROP IN BULLOCH CO.

Farmers Will Hold Picnic to Celebrate Success in Divorce From Cotton.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the purpose of bringing together all farmers in that section interested in the growing of watermelons, preparations are being made for holding a mammoth picnic next week at Stilson, in Bulloch County.

Experts in the knowledge of crops suitable to the kind of soil found there will address the meeting. The principal topic to be discussed, however, will be the growing of watermelons.

The remarkable success that the farmers of Bulloch County have made this year with the watermelon crop is attracting the attention of agriculturists throughout South Georgia. Owing to the failure of the melon crop in North and South Carolina this year due to drouth the growers of Bulloch have been unable to supply the demands of the buyers, who have flocked there by the score. The farmers are being paid on an average of $90 a carload for their melons.

In the territory between Brooklet and Blitchton 250 carloads have been sold at $90 a car. It is estimated that the farmers of Bulloch this year will receive $20,000 in the aggregate for their crops of melons, most of which have been shipped to the Middle West, the North and Canada.

It has recently been demonstrated that the watermelon crop will prove far more profitable to Bulloch than cotton. When they have finished working the melons they are "laid by" with peas, which shade the melons as they ripen. After the melons are shipped crab grass comes in with the peas. This grass makes fine hay, from which the farmers can realize enough to pay for their fertilizer. Thus they have an income from three crops.

The picnic at Stilson will be the means of bringing together a very large percentage of the melon growers, and those who will be growers of the fruit next year. Those who have not yet attempted the crop as a staple will be given the benefit of the knowledge gained by the experience of those who have made it a success.

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savannah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

CUTTER YAMACRAW BACK FROM FLORIDA CRUISE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The United States revenue cutter Yamacraw has returned to port after cruising in Florida waters since May. The Yamacraw was ordered South to take the place of the cutter Miami, which was sent to the ice patrol in Northern waters. During the absence of the Yamacraw the cutter Seminole has been doing duty along the Georgia coast. The Yamacraw will probably remain in Savannah for several weeks.

"DEAD" MAN RETURNS HOME.

CHICO, CAL., July 26.—Richard Crittenden, miner, who left this city ten years ago for French Gulch Shasta County, and who was a year afterward reported dead, gave his friends a shock by appearing and shaking hands with them.

11-YEAR-OLD BOY LANDS 23-POUND DRUM FISH

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Master Harry D'Olley, while fishing at Isle of Hope, landed something pretty close to a whale. Harry is only 11 years old and none too big for his age, and when he hooked something that appeared to be bigger than himself he created excitement all along the river. He managed to hang on to what had come his way, however, and finally succeeded in landing a 23-pound drum. Now all the boys at Isle of Hope have gone drum fishing.

GIRLS' GARB SHOCKING.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Fraternity men here have been shocked into a state of nervousness by the spectacle of girls in one-piece bathing suits diving from piers in front of fraternity houses.

STATE SCHOOL BOOK PRINTING IS DENOUNCED

Superintendent of Education of Chatham County Declares Plan Is Entirely Impracticable.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Otis Ashmore, Superintendent of Schools in Chatham County, is opposed to the plan of having textbooks published by the State. Ashmore says that the talk of high price of school books is buncombe, and thinks that the results, if the State undertook to publish its own textbooks, would not only be unsatisfactory, but would show little if any difference in cost.

"I have followed pretty closely the discussion about cheaper school books, and the publication of these books by the State," said Ashmore. "The publication of school books by the State is an old and threadbare story that is periodically dug up and thrashed over. The plan has been tried in several States and proves a failure. It is unwise, expensive and impracticable.

"A recent investigation by the State Superintendent of Schools shows that he would save only a 'cent or two' on books printed by contract, even if we owned the copyright. To purchase a large and expensive printing plant to be operated by the State is a very doubtful expedient. The equipment necessary to print modern school books is quite extensive.

"But the cost of printing is not the only consideration. The quality of the books themselves is of far more consequence than their cost. A good textbook is cheap at any price; a poor one is dear at any price. Those who know little about school books are inclined to regard them all alike. They think one reader or arithmetic is as good as another provided both have the same number of pages. I believe the greatest danger under the plan would lie in the limitation placed on securing good books. There are thousands of books, but only a few are good. The copyrights on the best books are owned by the publishers, and they will not sell them."

Conductors Name Adjustment Board

Any Differences With Central of Georgia Management To Be Amicably Settled.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—To appoint a committee which will take up with the management of the Central of Georgia Railroad any matters which they believe need adjustment, a delegation of officials of the Order of Railway Conductors of America held a meeting in this city.

M. C. Carey, of Port Huron, Mich., vice president of the order, presided. W. M. Hamilton, H. W. Washburn and J. W. Hall, of Macon, and two other delegates were present. Carey said that so far as he knew there are no serious differences between the conductors and the railway company, and that there is no friction whatever between them.

Stovall Departs for Post in Switzerland

New United States Minister Enroute to New York From Savannah. Sails July 29.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Colonel and Mrs. Pleasant A. Stovall, their daughter, Mrs. Burton L. Mason, and their son, Master Joe Stovall, are now upon the high seas, en route to New York, from which port they will embark on July 29 for Switzerland, where Colonel Stovall goes to take charge of his post as United States Minister to that country. The party will be joined in Europe by Miss Pleasant Stovall, another daughter, who is already there.

The son, Joe, was taken ill about a week ago, and it was thought at that time that arrangements for the trip would have to be changed, but a rapid recovery made it possible for the entire party to leave on schedule time.

Sermon Saves Woman From Suicide's Grave

Pastor's Discourse on 'Scandal Mongers' Stays Hand of Despondent Savannahan.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who delivered a sermon on "Scandal Mongers" last Sunday, is in receipt of an unsigned letter from a woman, who confesses that her troubles had driven her to determine upon suicide when his message restored her faith in God and determined her to abandon her rash intention.

The woman says she had the poison bottle in her hand when the printed sermon came under her eye. She says she had been wronged by malicious tales, and that she was alone in a friendless city.

ATLANTAN IS ARRESTED FOR BEATING BOARD BILL

SAVANNAH, July 26.—J. E. Cotton, of Atlanta, has been remanded to the City Court by Recorder John E. Schwarz, charged with violating the State law by beating a board bill.

Cotton registered at a hotel, where he remained several days, running up a bill amounting to $15. He then disappeared. He was arrested in a pool room.

Cotton asserts that he squandered his money here, and, rather than make his hotel bill any larger, left. It was his intention to pay the bill as soon as he could obtain sufficient money.

In Savannah Social Circles

SAVANNAH, July 26.—While many Savannahians are still at home waiting for August 1 and many more are at Tybee and other nearby places, numbers are now to be found at the Northern coast and mountain resorts.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Williamson and James M. Barnard are at their summer homes at Hyannisport, Mass. Mr. Barnard will be joined later by his daughter, Mrs. Frank M. Chisholm. Mrs. H. D. Stephens, who also has a summer home at Hyannisport, has gone to Canada to visit Mrs. Louis W. Haskell at North Hatley. Mrs. W. W. Owens is also Mrs. Haskell's guest.

Others spending the summer at North Hatley are Colonel and Mrs. Beirne Gordon, Miss Maria McAlpin and Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Walthour. The Rev. Francis Alan Brown and Mrs. Brown and Miss Mary Wayne will leave at the end of the month for Digby, Nova Scotia.

At Mamakating, N. Y., are Mrs. Charles Ellis, the Misses Ellis, Miss Sallie McAlpin, Mrs. William Garrard, Miss Cecilia Garrard and Master Tom Screven, but Mrs. Garrard and her family will leave there in August for North Hatley. Mrs. H. M. Stoddard and Miss Mabel Stoddard are also at Mamakating. Mrs. A. M. Churchill is at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hilton and Miss Hilton are at their summer home, Nyack-on-the-Hudson. Mrs. A. Pratt Adams and the Misses Olmstead are spending the summer on Riverside Drive, New York. Miss Nina A. Pape and Miss Agnes Rourke are in New York taking summer courses at Columbia University.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Clay are making a trip through the West, and will go as far as San Francisco before their return. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. O'Hara and Mrs. O'Hara's mother, Mrs. Smith, are at Valhalla, N. Y. Mrs. L. R. Guerard is at Ware Neck, Va. Mrs. William L. Clay and her children are spending the summer in Virginia. Mrs. George F. Tennille and Miss Dorothy Tennille are at Sharon, Conn. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Whitney are spending the summer at their country home at Bluffton.

It is in North Carolina, however, that the majority of Savannah people are to be found.

At Brevard are Mrs. A. L. Alexander, Mrs. John R. West and Miss Lily West, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Oliver and James A. Cronk.

At Biltmore are Mrs. Robert Wayne and Miss Elise Wayne; Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Lawton and Mrs. A. L. Stubbs.

Mrs. W. W. Gordon, Jr., is at Mrs. Siegling's, Flat Rock, until August 1.

Miss Mary L. Ellis is with her cousin, Miss Ravenel, at Saluda.

At Skylands are Joseph Clay, Miss Mary Clay and Miss Emma J. Clay, Mrs. M. F. Dunn and her children and Mrs. L. N. Fleetwood and the Misses Fleetwood.

At Hendersonville are Mrs. Hazelhurst and her father, Colonel Joseph Hull; Miss Belle Daniel and L. Gordon Harvey.

At the Kanuga Club are Mrs. Craig Barrow and Mrs. Noble Jones, with their children.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Tutwiler and Miss Fanny Tutwiler are at Blowing Rock. Others spending the summer there are Mrs. F. G. Bell and Miss Emma F. Meyer.

Mrs. A. B. Girardeau and Mrs. John W. Shiles are at Margo Terrace, Asheville.

Mrs. A. H. Stoddard is at Mountain Meadow.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. VonGundel are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Holst, who have taken a house at Asheville and will be there for the greater part of next year.

Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Daffin and Mrs. George E. Cope are at Margo Terrace, Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Gleason are in Asheville.

Mrs. Evelyn W. Allan is at Waynesville. Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Thomas are also spending the summer there, where they will be joined shortly by their daughter, Mrs. John E. Robeson, and Miss Jeanne Robeson. Carl Espy and Mr. and Mrs. John R. Walsh are at Waynesville.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Cunningham and Miss Sarah Cunningham are at Lake Toxaway, and with them is Miss Mildred Cunningham. Mrs. George F. Armstrong, Miss Lucy Armstrong and Lee C. Armstrong are at Lake Toxaway.

Social life at Fort Screven has taken on new interest with the arrival of several new officers and the approaching marriage of others who are stationed there.

First Lieutenant R. C. Garrett, the adjutant of the post, is to be married very soon to Miss Walke, daughter of Colonel Walke, who was in command at Fort Screven until a short time ago.

First Lieutenant Longino, quartermaster and commissary officer at the post, is to be married before a great while to Miss Lila Evans, daughter of the postmistress at Fort Screven. Lieutenant Longino is a native of Georgia, coming from Atlanta. He is a son of Dr. Longino, who is well known throughout the State.

First Lieutenant James Dusenbury and Mrs. Dusenbury have recently come to the post.

An expected arrival at the fort is First Lieutenant Crane. He has been assigned to the Seventy-fourth Company. As he is the ranking first lieutenant of the Coast Artillery Corps he will be made a captain as soon as he arrives.

An unusually large list of debutantes is promised for next winter. Miss Josephine Stewart, who is spending the summer traveling in Europe, after some months abroad, will be one of the girls who will make her bow next winter, and Mr. and Mrs. Stewart will probably entertain with a debut party for her.

Miss Eloise Knox is another of the debutantes who will also probably be introduced at a reception by Mr. and Mrs. Knox. It has not yet been decided whether Miss Elinor Cosens will make her debut, nor has Miss Nana Hull's debut been announced.

Miss Delia Lindsay is another whose debut has not positively been decided upon, and she may travel for a year in Europe before coming out. Miss Edith Bryson will be one of the debutantes of the season.

Others whose debut is anticipated are Miss Dorothea Karow, Miss Catherine Charlton, Miss Inez Tiedeman, Miss Kate Osborne, Miss Susie Winburn, Miss Katherine Ives, Miss Agnes Reese, Miss Elizabeth Candler and Miss Elizabeth Ravenel.

Waycross

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Mrs. J. L. Walker and daughter, Miss Annie Laurie Walker, have returned from St. Simons Island.

Miss Annie May Bates, of Williston, S. C., is the guest of relatives.

Miss Ora Scarborough has returned to her home in Statesboro.

Miss Myrtise Adams was the guest of relatives in Blackshear this week.

Miss Sarah Houk has gone to Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Norvel returned Wednesday from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bates, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bates, will return to their home at Elko, S. C., to-morrow.

Mrs. A. B. Cochran leaves shortly for Tennessee.

Mrs. A. I. Griffin and children have returned from a visit to White Oak.

Miss Ethel Broadshaw, of Charleston, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. H. S. DuBose.

Mrs. W. A. McKnight is visiting in Macon.

Mrs. C. E. Williamson and little daughter are visiting in Sylvester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tubbs returned this week from a visit to Black Mountain, N. C.

Mrs. R. E. Finn and children left this week for St. Simons.

Miss Clara Wood, of Brunswick, is visiting Mrs. R. T. Hitch.

Mrs. B. T. Pharr and two daughters, of Houston, are guests of Mrs. A. M. Litch.

Mrs. Emma Mannin, of Dublin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Brewer.

Mrs. A. M. Bailey and children returned Wednesday from McDonald.

Mrs. G. W. Julian, of Tifton, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. Crawley.

Mrs. W. R. Beach left this week for Philadelphia.

Mrs J. T. Strickland visited friends at Bickley this week.

Miss Grace Taylor left Wednesday for Virginia.

Mrs. McIntosh Noble left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Rachael McRee returned to her home at Kinderlou Thursday after a visit to Misses Lucile and Nell Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. Page Anderson and Mrs. Wayne Walker have returned from a visit to Pablo Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Knight, Jr., spent the week on St. Simons Island.

Mrs. T. F. Broadwater has returned from a visit to relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. W. M. Bird has returned from a visit to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Otis Bell was the guest this week of relatives in Quitman.

Misses Lucile Sutton and Ellen Goodrich have returned from Jacksonville.

Mrs. H. M. Johnson and Master Walter Johnson have returned from Gainesville, Fla.

Satisfaction in glasses depends upon their fitting properly.

We strive for the best in refracting, in grinding and in fitting.

Oculist service at opticians' prices. L. N. Huff Optical Company, two stores, 70 Whitehall, 52 W. Mitchell. Adv.

Valdosta

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Mrs. John T. Blalock and children have returned to Valdosta from North Georgia.

Mrs. James Wooten and her little daughter, Katherine, reached Valdosta from Savannah this week and are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Norris Pinder.

Miss Julia Lambert, of Athens, is with Misses Julia Gurley and Miss Lamar Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hagerty have returned from Pablo Beach.

Mrs. Lorena McCully and her little granddaughter, Mary Lorena, left Tuesday for St. Marys.

Miss Gussie Spence, of Pelham, is visiting her brother, E. J. Spence.

The W. C. T. U. had an ice cream festival in the courthouse square on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Bitzer and family have gone to Harrisonburg, Va.

Mrs. W. W. Carpenter and her little daughter have gone to their home at Plymouth, Fla.

Mrs. Henry Pullen, of Atlanta, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. J. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McCully, Mrs. D. W. Aldman and Misses Harriet and Mary Converse left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Luelle Strickland left last Monday for Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stampler and children left Wednesday for Columbia, S. C., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. Smith Davis left Wednesday for Asheville.

Mrs. E. P. Rose and her daughters have returned from Pablo Beach.

Misses Annabel Converse and Virginia Varnedoe have gone to Waycross to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Dimmock.

Miss Gertrude Monroe has returned from Jacksonville. She was accompanied home by her little cousin, Miss Eloise Roberts.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WORKING FOR BOND ISSUE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—For the next six weeks the Savannah Chamber of Commerce will be engaged in active work in arousing interest in the auditorium bond election, which will be held September 15.

The proposed issue of $200,000 will give Savannah a much-needed auditorium.

DON'T FEAR SUNBURN



CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 2G, Boston. Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

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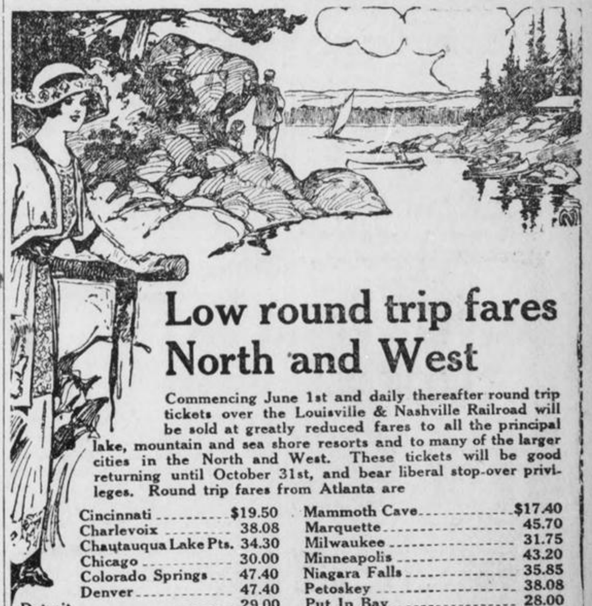

Low round trip fares North and West

Commencing June 1st and daily thereafter round trip tickets over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will be sold at greatly reduced fares to all the principal lake, mountain and sea shore resorts and to many of the larger cities in the North and West. These tickets will be good returning until October 31st, and bear liberal stop-over privileges. Round trip fares from Atlanta are

Cincinnati	$19.50	Mammoth Cave	$17.40
Charlevoix	38.08	Marquette	45.70
Chautauqua Lake Pts.	34.30	Milwaukee	31.75
Chicago	30.00	Minneapolis	43.20
Colorado Springs	47.40	Niagara Falls	35.85
Denver	47.40	Petoskey	38.08
Detroit	29.00	Put In Bay	28.00
French Lick Springs	21.70	Salt Lake City	60.40
Indianapolis	22.80	St. Louis	25.60
Louisville	18.00	Toronto	38.20
Mackinac Island	39.50	Yellowstone Park	67.60

These are but a few of the points. There are a great many others and we will be pleased to give full information upon application. Proportionately low fares from other points in Georgia.

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LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

A $2,300,000 VILLA HERS

Little Girl Who Was Enabled to Walk by Dr. Lorenz Shows Only Traces of Lameness.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men, but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

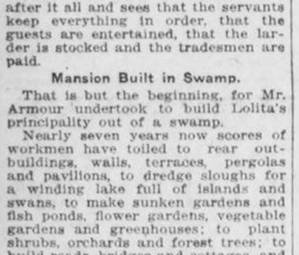
FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Corner, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers



An actual snapshot of a slashe dskirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.

Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was, in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap, trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent, or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Tonic Bottle Blow Restores Lost Hair

Waiter Attacked by Woman and Struck on Bald Pate Beneficiary of Miracle.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—Hattie Clark, be-diamonded and gowned in the latest mode, struck A. F. Wachter, a waiter in a Fifth avenue cafe, over the bald head with a bottle containing hair tonic because he failed to serve her promptly. She was arrested. When she appeared in court she glanced toward Wachter and swooned.

Miss Clark declared that she had been overcome by Wachter's full head of hair, which was bald when she hit him. She told the court she had broken a bottle of hair tonic over Wachter's head. She pleaded that she be allowed to go, as Wachter had been benefited.

PORCELAIN—NO GOLD
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



Whalebone; Best Set, **$3.00** No More, No Less.

GOLD CROWN (22-K)..... $3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS ..... .25
GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
CLEANING TEETH ..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street

Horse for 15c Balks; Asks Money Back

Bargain Roadster Is Cause of Fight Between Two Foreigner Friends in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 26.—This is the story of a horse which, in spite of his decrepitude, was the cause of a fight over 15 cents between two friends.

John Nayewska, of No. 8612 Baltimore avenue, the owner, found himself broke. There were no oats in the barn. Tony Novak, who lives in the next block, was thinking at the same time how nice it would be to take a ride with his family on Sundays.

"Gimme 15 cents for him," said John.

"You're on," said Tony.

Tony hitched the animal to his old buggy and helped his wife and three children in. The horse refused to move for an hour.

Tony hastened to John's house, angry. He demanded his money back.

John had spent the money. The argument became so heated the police were called.

Fleet's Cruise Stops Wedding of Ensign

Decision of Secretary Daniels to Send Ships to Mediterranean Halts Matrimonial Plans.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Decision by Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, to send the Atlantic battleship fleet on a Mediterranean cruise was instrumental in postponing until next spring the marriage of Ensign William Henry Purnell Blandy, U. S. N., of the battleship Florida, and Miss Roberta Hope Amies, one of the prettiest of the Capital's younger women.

The young couple were to have been married in the autumn, but now, due to the foreign cruise, the event will not take place until the return of the fleet next spring from the winter maneuvers in Cuba and the spring target practice.

Wrong Man's Ribs Cracked for Rival's

Jealous Suitors Attack Stranger and, Finding Mistake, Apologize and Take to Heels.

NEW York, July 26.—A girl's jealous suitors held up Daniel Smith, of Peekskill, at a pistol's point in Highland Falls yesterday. They beat him until three of his ribs were broken and his head terribly bruised before they discovered they had the wrong man.

"So you'll keep after Beulah," was the remark that preceded the attack. Finally, when the young man was able to explain his innocence, his assailants let him up, saying: "Excuse us, old pal; guess we got the wrong fellow." Then they fled. Smith is in the hospital. Who "Beulah" is has not developed.

Hen Displaced by Hot Spring Water

Natural Incubator Discovered by California Farmers in Flowing Stream and Used Successfully.

SAN BERNARDINO, CAL., July 26. Ranchers of the hot springs belt in the San Bernardino Valley, Arrowhead, Harlem and Urbita, will henceforth let nature hatch the eggs.

When a setting hen disappeared from the Sturges Sawyer Ranch, in the Warm Creek District, Sawyer rushed for an ancient incubator. He could not find a lamp and there was no oil about the place.

Time was slipping and the eggs were growing cold. Sawyer finally hit upon the scheme of turning water from a natural hot spring through the incubator.

After several days of anxious watching, he heard the "peep, peep," of the first chick, and soon he had a large brood.

JACOBS' PHARMACY

Timely Needs
At Cut Prices

25c Blue Jay Corn Plasters, 13c; 35c size, 21c.
25c Mentholatum, 19c; 50c size, 38c.
25c 4711 White Rose Glycerine Soap, 15c.
25c Cuticura Soap, 19c.
25c Baker's Breakfast Cocoa, 22c.
50c Ingram's Milkweed Cream, 39c; $1.00 size, 78c.
$1.00 Magnolia Balm, 63c.
50c Herpicide, 43c; $1.00 size, 85c.
25c Packer's Tar Soap, 18c.
50c Hinds' Honey and Almond Cream, 42c.
25c Odorono, 19c; 50c size, 38c.
Mary Garden Talcum, 50c.
25c Pond's Vanishing Cream, 21c; 50c size, 42c.
15c Palm Olive Soap, 10c.
25c Lyon's Tooth Powder, 19c.
25c Listerine, 19c; 50c size, 38c; $1.00 size, 75c.
$1.50 Oriental Cream, $1.25.
Jacobs' Hydrogen Peroxide, 1-4-lb., 10c; 1-2-lb., 18c; lb., 30c; quart, 50c.

Jacobs' Malt
Best Summer Tonic

Jacobs' Malt Extract contains more diastase and nutritive property than any other, analysis shows, 15c; dozen, $1.50; cask of ten dozen, $12.50.
Wyeth's Malt Extract, 30c; dozen, $3.30.
Hoff's Malt, 25c; dozen, $3.00.
Hoff's Malt with Iron, 35c; dozen, $3.50.
Pabst Malt, 20c; dozen, $2.25.
Malt Nutrine, 20c; dozen, $2.25.
Wurtzberger's Malt, 15c; dozen, $1.50.
Malt Marrow, 20c; dozen, $2.25.
Wampole's Malt, 35c; dozen, $3.50.

Saturday Candies

50c Chocolates and Bon Bons 29c

YOU cannot equal them under 50c or 60c a pound. Fruits, nuts, maples and chocolates, every piece so good that every week brings enthusiastic praise from well pleased customers. Hundreds buy this special Week-End box regularly. Sold at all of our stores, Saturday and Sunday only (made fresh Friday) at the Special Week-End Price **29c**

60c French Nut Caramels 40c.

Chocolate and vanilla caramels whipped into a cream as light as foam and filled with fine pecan and walnut meats. They are delicious. Saturday only the price is 40c.

Main Store and 23 Whitehall St.

Try These At the Fountain

Joy Sundae 10c
Crushed pineapple, raspberry, banana, lemon ice and vanilla ice cream; the fruits and creams wonderfully blended into a most tempting and delicious delight.

Pineapple Sangaree 15c
Crushed fruit and ice cream shaken to a light snow and topped with carbonated water and whipped cream. What could you think of more cooling and refreshing?

Jacobs' Egg Drinks
Every egg used at our Fountains is fresh laid; shipments daily, direct from the farm. Jacobs' Egg Drinks are delicious and very nourishing.

Specials For MEN

Cigars Saturday



JACOBS' Pharmacy Cigar Departments carry a complete line of all popular and high grade Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos at the lowest prices. Our Saturday Specials offer a genuine treat to the man who smokes.

Queen of Tampa, finest 10c straight All-Havana Cigar, Saturday 4 for 25c. (Limit of 4 to a customer.)

Capulet, Saturday 3 for 25c.

Portina Panitelas, Saturday 4 for 25c.

5c Piedmont Cigarettes, Saturday 3 for 10c.

Specials, pure Porto Rican, and regular 3 for 25. quality. Our special price 5c straight. Try it if you like a fine Porto Rican blend.

E. & W. SPECIAL.

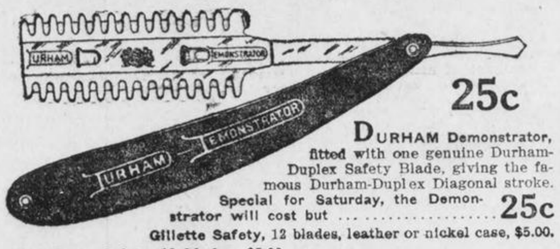
We call special attention to this 5c All-Havana E. & W., for you will find it the BEST 5c Havana you ever smoked. Try it to-morrow, and if you are not well pleased, YOUR MONEY BACK. 5c straight; a box $2.50.

Solace Havana, leader of Havanas for over 40 years. Sold in Atlanta a Jacobs' stores only. 10c straight; box of 50, $4.50.

Cigar Departments at the Following Jacobs' Stores:

23 Whitehall Street
268 Peters Street
544 Peachtree Street
245 Houston Street
70 West Mitchell Street
216 Lee Street, West End.
Marietta and Forsyth Streets, Under Bijou Theater.

Sale of Razors, Blades and Shaving Preparations



25c

DURHAM Demonstrator, fitted with one genuine Durham-Duplex Safety Blade, giving the famous Durham-Duplex Diagonal stroke. Special for Saturday, the Demonstrator will cost but **25c**

Gillette Safety, 12 blades, leather or nickel case, $5.00.
Auto-Strop Safety, 12 blades, $5.00.
Durham-Duplex, 12 blades, $5.00.
Durham-Derby, 12 blades, $2.50.
Fine Safety Razors at $1.00 each: Enders, Gem, Jr., Ever-Ready, Perfect and Young's.
Clark's Trial Safeties, 2 blades; Special at, each 25c.
Wardlow's Guaranteed $1.00 Old-Style, extra hollow ground, concave blade, round ends; a fine razor and equal to those we have seen selling elsewhere for $1.50 and $2.00 each. Our Special at **49c**
Safety Blades: Gillette, $1.00 dozen; Auto-Strop, $1.00 dozen; Ever-Ready, 10 for 50c; Durham-Duplex, 50c 1-2 dozen; Enders, 25c 1-2 dozen; Gem, Jr., 7 for 35c.

Jacobs' Shaving Lotion Feels Fine



MAKES the skin feel so cool and firm to the touch, exhilarates with a sensation of luxurious cleanliness. Some call it the best part of the shave. If the razor slips or pulls it is soothing and quickly heals the soreness; and it keeps the skin soft and in splendid condition.

Carefully groomed men prefer Jacobs' Shaving Lotion, yet it is very economical. 4-oz. bottle, sprinkler top, 25c.

Jacobs' Lilac Vegetal, 59c.
Jacobs' Violet Distilled Witch Hazel, 25c.
Colgate's Shaving Stick, 10c, 20c; Soap 5c.
Cream or Powder, 20c.
Williams' Shaving Stick, cream or powder, 20c.
Williams' Barber Bar Soap, 10c.
Roger & Gallet Cream, tubes, 35c, 65c; Jars, 50c, 75c; Stick, 35c.
4711 Shaving Stick, 35c.
Pear's Stick, 30c.
Gillette Stick, 20c.
Cuticura Stick, 23c.
Liquozone Stick, 20c.
Berset Shaving Cream, 20c.

Here's Instant Relief for Those Burning, Tortured Feet

When the hot, scorching pavements seem to make every nerve in your feet burn and jump with awful shooting pains, and your feet ache and drag as if ton weights were pulling them back, just put them in a

Jacobs' Foot Relief Bath

It eases instantly; draws out all the poisonous toxins; stops the swelling; cools, soothes, rests the feet and makes them feel good. Used a few nights, Jacobs' Foot Relief will stop all of the torture you are now suffering, just like magic. Prevents excessive perspiration of the feet, and odor. A fine preparation from our own laboratory which we guarantee to be satisfactory or money refunded. 18c; by mail, 20c.

Jacobs' Foot Comfort is in powder form to be sprinkled in stockings and shoes, to prevent excessive perspiration and swelling; keeps your feet comfortable in warm weather. 15c; by mail, 17c.

Shower Sprays With Friction Scrub That a Man Likes



KNICKERBOCKER SPRAYBRUSH SHOWERS, made of the best red rubber, nickeled attachments. Massage brush gives a fine frictional scrub; also shampooing attachment. Perfect shower outfit, guaranteed to fit any faucet. No cumbersome fixtures; put it in your grip and you can enjoy your shower no matter where you may wander.

Prices from $1.00 to $5.00.

Jacobs' Special Shower Bath Spray, best grade red rubber, heavy tubing, aluminum parts; finest spray obtainable at the price; $1.00. With extra large spray, $1.50.

$15 Overhead Shower Special $9.98

Complete high grade overhead shower, which heretofore it has been impossible to equal under $15.00. A splendid equipment in every detail, all parts best grade and guaranteed to fit any faucet; portable, or can be set up to remain stationary. Only a few to go at the price, $9.98.—Main Store and 23 Whitehall St.

Can You Prepare a Fine Salad?

The Secret of a Fine Salad Dressing Is in the OIL—JACOBS' PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL

PROCURED from choice, carefully selected olives grown in Italy, the first pressing of the fruit only, which gives it a light body and delicious flavor entirely free from coarseness.

Jacobs' Olive Oil

has an extremely delicate flavor, finer than other brands, and when you have tried it you will immediately appreciate its superiority. The State Chemists have tested this oil and rank it "absolutely pure and unadulterated."

If you want the reputation of serving an exceptionally fine salad, then use Jacobs' Pure Olive Oil. Try it. For all culinary purposes it is superior, and for medicinal uses we recommend it as the finest brand of olive oil procurable. 1-4 pint, 20c; 1-2 pint, 35c; pint, 60c; quart, $1.00.

JACOBS' PHARMACY

Main Store and Laboratory, 6 and 8 Marietta Street

23 Whitehall Street
102 Whitehall Street
70 W. Mitchell Street
544 Peachtree Street
245 Houston Street
216 Lee St., West End
266 Peters Street
152 Decatur Street
423 Marietta Street

Marietta and Forsyth Streets, Under Bijou Theater.

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

• • •

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

• • •

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

• • •

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

• • •

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

• • •

He may depose the Sultan.

• • •

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Alway., as to-day, the grand arbiter of he destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"My son, I am highly pleased to see one who is so deeply interested in the tenets and doctrines of Islam, which are always holy and just. May Allah bless and guard them. But your questions aim so directly at the foundation rock of Islam that it is desirable that you should leave them with me in writing in the fashion required by the Koran and usage. Then, through the proper authorities, I shall refer to Islam for answers."

"But I said:

"'I thank Your Highness for your gracious and generous suggestion. But I am informed that the Synod, in accordance with precedent and usage, would answer only "yes" or "no" to my questions. I beg you to elaborate your answers with your own lips, so that they may go to the uninitiated, to those who do not understand Mohammedanism and who perhaps are inimical to its precepts and institutions.

"The venerable head of the church consulted with His Excellency the Counselor and some of the theologians about him. Then he said graciously:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Allah directed the woman in explicit terms to conceal her face and her ornaments from the view of men. Allah is all-knowing and all-wise. Allah does not change His mind. He knew thirteen hundred years ago the character of the nature of the man to come thirteen hundred years hence.

"If any change were to be made in His Law, He would have provided for it. He did not. So we must adhere to the veil and the shawl as long as Islam remains a living religion. May Allah prosper it.

"It will last as long as the world itself. To discard the veil and the shawl would clearly mean to refute the great attribute of the infallibility of Allah. As I stated, Islam is based upon logic and therefore it can not contradict itself by abandoning a guiding principle such as the infallibility of Deity."

Polygamy Long Ago Devised Can Not Change.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"Our religion does not regard with disfavor or as immoral the attention of a Moslem to another woman, provided that he has fulfilled all his duties to his wives. I am inclined to believe that the world is floating in the direction of Islam.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so." I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Annouced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fullfied his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

"Now, the broadest of questions, if your highness pleases, what is the relation of Mohammedanism to the state?"

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"They must not concern themselves, however, with matters and duties that pertain to the faith.

"You know that the contents of the Holy Koran were handed down to Mohammed by God through the Archangel Gabriel. Yet Mohammed, to avoid the possibility of any error in transmission or transcription, or in his own understanding thereof, in the last instance assembled a council to deliberate upon each word and sentence of every chapter.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

The Sheik-ul-Islam appeared to me to be about 90 years old, but the spirituality of his face defied any accurate estimate of his age. He is not more than 5 feet 7 inches tall; his stooped shoulders bespoke the student who has burned the midnight oil studying the Koran.

His eyes are blue and lustrous; he has a long gray beard. His outer garment was a long black mantle, which he wore unbuttoned.

How He Secured the Difficult Interview.

My learned friend, Dr. Izzet-dine Bey, president of the Department of Infants' Estates, a prominent member of the house of the Sheik-ul-Islam, was the means of gaining me an audience with the teacher of Islam. The belief is forced upon me that the venerable man expected only an audience—**had no idea of granting this unique interview.**

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of 80,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

"SHINPLASTER" MONEY, RELIC OF WAR, REAPPEARS

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26 Five 10-cent "shinplasters," the name applied to the fractional currency issued during the Civil War, were received by Secretary of State Roach from Leon Viriet, of Paris, France, in part payment of a commission issued to him by Governor Major as Commissioner of Deeds for Missouri in France and adjoining countries.

These are the first "shinplasters" to make their appearance in any of the departments of State Government during the past twenty years. They were in excellent condition and were of the issue of 1868 and 1863.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Cash Bonus Aids Labor of Cupid

Packing Company Places Premium on Matrimony Among Employees, With Good Results.

CHICAGO, July 26.—A cash bonus to every employee who marries, offered by Swift & Co. at the stockyards, has caused a rushing business for Cupid, $50 being offered to all department heads who married and $25 to all other employees. Albert Nelson, head of the donation department, said he was kept busy all through June handing out the company's checks and blessings.

"The marriage bonus is the company's encouragement to its employees to marry," he said. "It goes to the men who marry as well as the girls who marry, and if both parties to the romance are employees they get a double bonus."

Eugenic Marriage Act Passed in Dakota

Wedding of Diseased Persons Prohibited, While Habitual Drunkards Are To Be Kept Single.

GRAND FORKS, N. DAK., July 26.—Under the new North Dakota marriage law, which has just become effective, the intermarriage of diseased persons is prohibited. This is the first step taken toward the more rigid control of marriages, and is in line with the general movement throughout the country for the physical examination of persons about to enter the marriage state.

Each person seeking to be married must file with the license clerk a certificate of good health, the certificate to show that the person is not afflicted with any contagious or infectious disease. Another certificate must be filed to show that the parties are not in any manner related by blood.

Habitual drunkards are prohibited from marrying under the provisions of the new law also.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thnuderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

Physicians have been studying the case, but no solution has been given.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 521a Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic hold he has on his wife.

Why Endure Sore Feet Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.



OKLAHOMA NOW WOULD BE MADE INTO 2 STATES

Difference of Interests in Eastern and Western Sections Cause of Movement to Divide.

TULSA, OKLA., July 26.—The division of Oklahoma into two States, practically along the lines that distinguished Indian Territory from Oklahoma Territory before their union into a single State, is the latest movement in Oklahoma.

This movement had its inception with the Tulsa and Muskogee Commercial Clubs. It is generally favored by the oil interests, and to a large extent by the coal and lead mining interests of Eastern Oklahoma. There is also considerable sentiment in Western Oklahoma in favor of such a division.

Discord Constant in State.

The fact there is lack of unity of interest between the eastern and western half of the State is responsible now for the effort being made to create two States out of Oklahoma. The chief resources of Eastern Oklahoma are minerals, oil, gas, coal, lead and zinc. Western Oklahoma is strictly an agricultural country. What is of benefit to Eastern Oklahoma is likely to be of no benefit to the west side of the State, and vice versa.

There is constant discord between the two sides of the State, which crops out a every State gathering where sectional divisions have to be considered in matters of business. The Legislature is a constant scene of warfare between members from Eastern and Western Oklahoma. An item of legislation benefiting the oil industry is usually assailed by the members of the "west side" because of its alleged taint of Standard Oil.

Agriculture Neglected.

The members of the Legislature from the "east side," particularly from the oil belt and mining regions, care little for legislation beneficial to the agricultural interests of the other half of the State. And thus there is discord and milling all along the line that has increased instead of diminished since the State was admitted to the Union six years ago.

Of the possible 1,700,000 population in Oklahoma at least 1,000,000 are in Eastern Oklahoma.

Fifteen Tongues Fail To Aid Lost Woman

Finn Finally Appears and Directs Her to Home Where She Was Employed.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Mary Pier-Finland three weeks ago, got lost enen, who came to this country from yesterday. On the Third avenue elevated station at 137th street, she was unable to make anyone understand her request to be directed to her home.

Fifteen persons in as many languages tried in vain to converse with her. Somebody found a Finn in business in the neighborhood. Mary told him that she wanted to know how she could reach the Home for Incurables at Third avenue and 133d street, where she was employed in the nurses' quarters. She got the directions.

HORSE, DESPISED, ENDS LIFE.

SPOKANE, July 26.—Deliberate suicide is the verdict given by employees of the Spokane Humane Society regarding the demise of Ben, a decrepit, deserted horse. He sampled the clover patch on the bluff overlooking the river bank of the humane barn, then plunged headlong over the precipice.

ARTIST WOULD DIVORCE NIECE OF WHITTIER

Art Triumphs Over Cupid in the Case of Isaac Caliga, Boston Painter.

SALEM, MASS., July 26.—Art versus home life and the love of a beautiful Quakeress—and art wins!

This is the story of the shattered romance of Isaac Henry Caliga, the Boston and Salem artist, and his wife, Mrs. Phoebe Woodman Caliga, niece of the poet Whittier. It is the story of a painter who comes to the parting of the ways—who finds he must choose between his art and his home life and love of his wife.

It was love and home against brush and canvas—and to brush and canvas go the victory. Result—a trip to the divorce court.

The artist, who has filed the suit in the Salem Divorce Court, says his aim is to make his wife free to go and do what she pleases.

Caliga says the cause of it all is "too much temperament on my part." He says his wife is inclined to domestic things and applies the word "devoted" to her.

Agreed to Disagree.

He says he and his beautiful wife had agreed to disagree—that they are still friends; that his wife was brought up in Quaker surroundings in the "quaint, yet pleasing style of the Quakers."

"Maybe I've been too faithful to my art," said Artist Caliga, "and haven't paid enough attention to my home. It is for our own happiness that I take this action. It will make her free to go and do what she pleases. Our home life since we were married was one of the pleasantest, and she is a devoted mother and was a devoted wife. But I think this artistic temperament of mine did not allow me to understand things quite.

Brought Up as Quaker.

"As you know, she was brought up in Quaker surroundings, being a relative of Whittier. She is naturally of a retiring and quiet disposition.

"I have the greatest respect for her, and our friends that we knew when we lived together understand the situation very clearly. They feel sorry for us, yet feel that our mutual understanding, that of agreeing to disagree, was the wisest and best thing to do.

"No, I'm not of that artistic temperament that promotes the throwing of plates and crockery one minute and making ardent love the next. No, not that, just a love for my art and possibly too strong for one that has a family. You know, love is a great big proposition. Well, you also know we don't always have things come out as we had planned, and that was our case, so we had a mutual understanding and we still hold each other's respect."

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By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

BLACK watered silk parasols are very popular this year. The handles are always elaborate; very often they are exceedingly costly. Carved jade is one of the latest materials for parasol handles; and finely carved quartz inset with old paste is also much used. And while speaking of jade I must not neglect to say that small bracelets of this stone are the "clou" of the moment. These little bracelets are slipped on over the wrist and two or three are worn at the same time.

* * *

The millinery of the present season is admirably picturesque. Quantities of tulle and lace are being used, immense capeline shapes are composed entirely of pleated tulle, cloche shapes are covered with fine black lace. Everything is done to obtain Old World effects. The leading milliners are haunting the famous picture galleries of Paris in the hope of finding fresh and unexpected ideas.

* * *

It is now the fashion to open the corsages of lace and muslin gowns intended for day wear in a generous V which ends just above the waistline. Certainly, there is a chemisette underneath, a chemisette of exquisite fine lace or of embroidered muslin. In some cases, but this becomes more and more rare, a guimpe of cobweb tulle is worn. In addition the sleeves of afternoon gowns are frequently transparent. In many cases they are exceedingly long, reaching to the wrists and well over the hands, but they are almost always transparent.

* * *

A one-piece serge dress is useful, especially in the mountains, where the weather is cool and the climbing is rough. It can be made in Peter Tom style for younger women, or with a sailor collar applied to a simple, front-closed, one-piece frock for older women. It should have a skirt with ample fullness about the ankles. This fullness can be arranged gracefully, so that the skirt still retains a straight look; one of the new outing skirts has the fulness buttoned under the side seams in the forms of tucks, which can be unbuttoned when necessary. Heavy soled tan shoes, with medium heels, or white canvas shoes of substantial make, are the most comfortable for climbing, and tramping, as well.

* * *

In some of the newest underwear, crepe de chine and lace are closely combined. One new style of nightgown, for instance, shows a shadow lace yoke and sleeves, with a skirt of crepe de chine, edged with lace. Underbodices, made entirely of lace and ribbon, are often attached to crepe de chine petticoats. Chemises, too, of crepe de chine, show deep insets and shoulder straps of lace.

* * *

The newest tunic is of purely Florentine shape. It has no sleeves and it is short, being fastened at the waist by a belt of glove kid studded with precious stones. The hem of such tunics should always be slightly stiffened, as the whole success of the garment depends on its outline. The skirt should be cleverly draped and very clinging, while the short tunic should stand out at the sides.

* * *

The newest parasols are either pagodas in outline, which is to say exaggeratedly domed; or they are almost flat and bordered with heavy fringes. Many of the new parasols have little jointed handles, in the Old World style, and nearly all show large bows of velvet or satin ribbon somewhere on the handle. The flat shapes are sometimes exquisitely embroidered in the Japanese style.

* * *

Tapestry belts of this order look extremely well when worn with coats of black taffeta or black watered silk; the faded colors of the tapestry being repeated in the hat trimmings or in the embroidereies displayed on collar or revers.

* * *

A decidedly smart neck finish can be made with two lengths of one of the full dotted net ruchings which are sold by the yard. Get twice enough to go about the neck of the frock. Join the two pieces together with a band of black velvet ribbon, arranging one ruching to stand upright about the neck, the other to go the other way. The effect is graceful and easily produced.

* * *

Stockings with embroidered butterflies about the ankles are made for evening wear. Each wing of the butterflies is spotted with rhinestones. Other white silk stockings show embroidered anklets done in white, and still others show lace anklets, made of baby Irish lace insertion.

* * *

The vogue of the yoke is amazing. Scarcely a gown appears without the transparent inset of net, lace or tulle, and it is a fashion becoming to every face, contributing a softness of line which is always desirable. The phases of the yoke are many, being round, square, U or V shaped, and it is fashioned of all transparent materials, from priceless lace to inexpensive maline. It is tucked, shirred, pleated or fitted smoothly over the neck, and seldom appears with a high collar.

* * *

The broad girdle of Dresden ribbon will appeal to many girls on account of its daintiness. Crush the wide rose-sprigged ribbon softly about the waist and stitch featherbone at the front, sides and back. Take a strip of inch-wide satin ribbon and gather it at each edge, drawing the thread as tightly as possible. From this shirred ribbon fashion a bowknot and adorn the center with a tiny wreath of miniature roses and forgetmenots.

* * *

The opaque petticoat has made its appearance in the Atlanta department stores. It is made with extra heavy panels, back and front, and as the stores advertise, "fills a long-felt want." The attention of the manufacturers of ready-to-wear clothing has been turned toward under linen that will go with the outer clothes that are fashionable. It took three years for the majority of manufacturers to alter the lines of lingerie to suit skirts that women wore, a large problem when one considers that outer clothes are capricious, and there is no prophet who can tell how long any silhouette will last.

* * *

It would be a difficult task to give even a slight summary of the contrasting styles that are in fashion this summer, but if you have clothes to make, it is well for you to know that your day frocks may have tulle collars to the ears or a V-shaped decolletage to the bust, full elbow sleeves or long mousquetaire ones, a short skirt, or one that hangs Japanese fashion, for three inches on the floor. You may wear a girdle from hip to bust, or a one-inch leather belt, the skirt may be draped up in the back and down in the front, or the other way around; and yet, notwithstanding the laxity of styles, there are certain ways of doing things that make every gown right and another way which makes them wrong.

* * *

The variety in waistcoats is very satisfying to the woman who can not wear the masculine type. They are made of satin brocade, of Oriental crepe, of Chinese and Japanese embroidery, of striped silk, of flowered taffeta and figured crepe. Some are like blouses and are intended to serve as such when the coat is removed. They are open in the neck, quite loose and soft, are fastened in a straight line down the front with fancy buttons and have unusually large armholes with sleeves that go to the wrists. This kind is belted at the waist with a narrow girdle of material or contrasting velvet ribbon, and there is a breast pocket which often holds a small handkerchief with a small colored border.

An Attractive Bathing Suit

Fully Described by Olivette.



By Olivette.

THE scalloped bathing suit is one of the Summer's fancies. The little dress we portray has a foundation of gray satin, trimmed in plaid satin of gray and Geneva blue. The suit opens down the front and is trimmed in self-buttons in a double row down its full length. The deep scallops at the bottom are bound in the plaid, and in turn the scalloped swallow-tailed redingote of the plaid and the upper sleeve is made kimono fashion and is a continuation of the gray satin yoke which has little half-inch tucks in groups of three. The neck is cut in a modest V and is piped, yoke fashion, in the plaid.

A Question of Paint

To paint or not to paint, is the question all women over thirty years of age are up against now. The woman who makes up is so numerous that a natural complexion which has stood the stress of thirty-odd summers is apt to look worse than it is, when compared with the fresh-looking face of her companion. And never was "make-up" more artistically or skilfully done than at the present time. The thickly powdered face with its intensely roughed cheeks and heavily blackened eyelids is a spectacle of ever greater rarity. Instead, in any gathering of women in full rig-out we see faces and hair toned in conformity with age and nature—cheeks with a pleasant healthy glow which only an expert can dectect as make-up; hair no longer uniformly tinted to Titian shades, but adapted to the face it frames, while grey hair is becoming less and less of a drawback and being put forward as an advantage. Perfectly white hair for the elderly woman is as much sought after to-day as was the rich golden ten years ago.

* * *

For Porch Tables

One of the little annoyances which pester the summer housewife as soon as she gets her porch furniture in place is the maddening way the table covers glow gayly around.

They are always getting rumpled even if they are weighted with books or flower vases. In fact, the last state of the woman who puts a flower vase on such a table cover is likely to be worse than the first; for in the first really snappy breeze that comes along, cover, vase, flowers and all go by the board.

This wanderlust is not confined to the table covers, either. The morning paper sails off, not merely three sheets in the wind, but the whole tumultuous edition. Fancy work goes, too. In fact, wherever ocean breezes blow or mountain gusts sweep by, this problem of anchoring things to the porch table is a pressing one.

And yet it has been solved. One can buy a little nickel-plated spring arrangement that will effectually hold a cover in its place. Its usefulness can be extended to include papers or other articles not too thick. The more bulky ones won't blow off, anyway.

GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOLS NEEDED INQUIRY SHOWS

They Quit Studies for Factories, Though They Might Have More Schooling.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Interesting because of its bearing on the testimony as to girls' employment recently investigated by the Illinois Senatorial "White Slave" Committee is a bulletin just issued by the Bureau of Education.

It is written after a careful study of trade and labor conditions among girls in Worcester, Mass., preliminary to the establishment of a trade school for girls. The conclusion reached is that from one-half to three-fourths of the girls at work in factories could have had further schooling if they wanted to, or if their parents had cared to insist on it.

More Girls Leave School.

The survey shows that the number of girls between 14 and 16 years of age who leave school is constantly increasing. In the last five years many more girls between those ages left the Worcester schools than can be accounted for by increase in the population. Only about 17 per cent of them had finished the grammar schools; most of them left in the sixth and seventh years. Worcester is taken as a fair index of any of the manufacturing towns of the country.

Why did these girls leave school? Various reasons were assigned by the girls themselves. Some 30 said that they "did not like the school; could not get along with the teacher; were not promoted, or wanted to get to work."

Why Girls Quit Studies.

Two were working to help pay for a piano. One of these was a cash girl of 14 years who had left the ninth grade to go to work in a department store for $2. Later she got $2.50 per week. Another was a girl of 15 from the eighth grade, who went to work in a corset factory for $1 and rose to $4.82 per week. Still another girl was taking music lessons and contributing to the payments for a piano.

In the opinion of the Board of Education conditions such as found at Worcester emphasize the imperative need for special training of a practical sort for girls between 13 and 15. In the main the girls left school simply because they disliked the school work.

Not getting the kind of training they might have liked and would have profited by, they blindly joined the army if shifting, inefficient, discontented girls that go from one monotonous factory task to another, and, because of their lack of training, rarely rise above the class of low-paid, unskilled workers.

Skirt Too Tight Is Ruled Worthless

Court Holds That Even Plea of Fashion Will Not Hold if Walking Is Prevented.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—A Paris court has decided that a dress which is too tight to walk in is worthless to the person who ordered it and need not be paid for.

Last year Mrs. Price, an American resident of Paris, had a dress made, the price of which was $75. When the dress was delivered she refused to take it because she could not walk in it. The dressmaker summoned her for the money, and refused to alter the dress because tight skirts were fashionable.

Mrs. Price brought a counter-action and lost it, appealed and has now won her appeal with costs.

Lace and Stockings

For summer fancy work the girl with more time than money might undertake to ornament a few pairs of silk stockings. Lace insettings are effectively used just now for this purpose and the handwork involved is much less intricate than embroidery.

Once the lace is arranged on the stocking the effect is gained and there remains only the careful sewing to bring a satisfactory result. In the case of embroidery one can never be so sure of the effect of handwork until the pattern is far advanced and it is usually then too late to change if the result is disappointing.

By studying the designs of lace used for insetting in the expensive stockings in exclusive shops it is easy to decide on a model. A flight of butterflies, of graduating sizes, is a design worth copying, and two Vandykes of lace, forming a sort of hourglass design, with points meeting at the ankle, is another effective arrangement quite within the possibilities of the home worker.

Any lace showing a design that can be easily cut out and applied is appropriate for insetting in silk stockings.

TEARS UP LICENSE WHEN HE SEES FIANCEE WED

WEBSTER, MASS., July 26.—William Dorobis, of Philadelphia, has a new black suit and a wedding ring he will sell cheap, and a marriage license he will throw in as a souvenir.

Six months ago, Dorobis, with her consent secured a license to wed Miss Julia Marcik. But she postponed the wedding from time to time. To-day Miss Marcik was married to Michael Narel. Dorobis attended the ceremony and his wailing could be heard above the strains of the wedding march. He drew forth his marriage license, tore it into shreds and scattered it over the floor.

TRIPLETS ARE 59 YEARS OLD.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—Illinois' oldest triplets celebrated their fifty-ninth birthday anniversary the other day. Freeman and Hiram Rakestraw and their sister, Mrs. Harriet Hocker, all of Tazewell County, were born 59 years ago, and the triple birthday anniversary was celebrated with a family reunion.

STAGE SETTING THE STYLES FOR LONDON SOCIETY

Miss Mary Forbes Wears Charming Gowns in New Farce of Harold Smith.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Society folk invariably look to the stage for "advance fashions". In the new farce written by Harold Smith, brother of F. E. Smith, the great politician, some charming gowns are worn. Miss Mary Forbes, in act one, wears a simple mauve frock, with touches of black at the neck and waist, and a turnover collar of lace.

And one of her gowns is of white silk, with which she wears a short, knitted tiger yellow coat, striped with black. A Neapolitan hat of knitted silk, in the same shade of yellow, is supplemented with a black satin border.

One of Miss Brough's dresses is a little morning toilet of black and white bird's-eye foulard, a strip of raspberry colored silk being let into the front like a slip on a man's coat and caught with a huge black braid motif.

An evening gown of "blush rose" satin, veiled in front and behind with garnet colored ninon above blush pink and falling away in front, to show the garnet colored ninon, is an overdress of ivory mousseline de soie, embossed with gold and edged with gold bouillon fringe, while the corsage is of ivory lace.

BRIDE AT ALTAR HALTS WEDDING BECAUSE OF DRESS

HARRISBURG, ILL., July 26.—In the County Clerk's office a marriage ceremony was delayed two hours because the bride suddenly discovered she was not properly arrayed. H. R. Northup, 45, and Miss Florence Hart, 43, both of DeKoven, Ky., applied for a license.

When Justice Grigsby asked the couple to join hands, the bride discovered she had on a black skirt. She threw up her hands and exclaimed:

"There is nothing stirring just yet. No marrying in black for me. No, indeed. It's a bad omen, and I don't want to start off bad."

They left the courthouse and two hours later they returned, the bride dressed in white, and the waiting justice performed the ceremony.

WOMAN, WHO NEVER WORE HAT, NOW 100 YEARS OLD

SOMERSET, PA., July 26.—Mrs. Mattie Crise, who became 100 years old recently, has always lived in the same place, and in her 100 years never saw a railroad train, street car or a telephone. She never wore a hat, a knitted hood taking its place.

'Dancing Mistress' Dreary But Beauty of Girls Stuns

By ALAN DALE.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—They say that a gayety girl is born every minute, and I don't doubt it. Also I don't doubt that "Governor" George Edwardes has need for twice as many as nature supplies. You know exactly the style he wants—the gentle, purring, listless, lissome, Edna May-like, languid, delicate, wistful, pensive, reluctant and Christmas card type. No other type goes in London.

The average American type is not at all popular. Sometimes some fervid critic and impassioned reviewer asserts that she is. Well, I assert distinctly—she isn't. She must conform to the above requirements. "The pink lady" sirens, for instance, were very harshly criticised for being loud, not reluctant.

All of which is neither here nor there, except to illustrate the fact that in "The Dancing Mistress" at the Royal Adelphi Theater we see another of those things—formless, chaotic, invertebrate and unintelligible—that depend entirely on girls.

Malone Arch Girl Setter.

In this case she is "set" by T. A. E. Malone, George Edwardes' archest and most insinuating girl setter (he came over to New York to set the "sunshine girl" at the Knickerbocker Theater) to a "book" (so-called) by James Tanner, to lyrics (alleged) by Adrian Ross and Percy Greenback, and to music not at all up to the usual standard of that delightful tune manipulator, Lionel Monckton.

It doesn't matter in the least. "The Dancing Mistress" may be as dull as ditch water (which it is, and the comparison is rough on the vivacity of ditch water); as incomprehensible as a Sanskrit legend, and as lacking in humor as a comic weekly, but it is a success for all that. It is so beautifully girled in all the dresses of the wardrobe.

It has girl at a "finishing" school near Brighton; it has girl at a "grand" hotel in Switzerland; it has girl at a swagger London hotel. There you are. It seems to me that the authors of these London musical comedies (nearly all of them exactly and positively alike) are not the Tanners and Moncktons, but the fathers and mothers of the lassies. "The Dancing Mistress," by 50 pairs of fathers and mothers, should be the line on the program, by rights.

Miss Dare Much Postcarded.

The leading girl at the Adelphi now is little Phyllis Dare, who has taken the place of Gertie Millar. Gertie has been switched to Dally's, and of her more anon, and some other time. Little Miss Dare, who is very much postal-carded, is almost terribly pretty.

Her prettiness amounts almost to a fault. She is pale and blonde, and thinnish and dainty, and oh, so wistful. She seems to be yearning all the time.

She looks out upon a "sea of heads" in the audience as though she were scared to death, as though she were saying, "Oh, please be good to your little Phyllis, for she is such a timid little puss."

Sometimes this is very effective. It all depends upon your mood—sometimes it is very irritating. You feel that if you opera-glassed her too severely she would swoon before your eyes. All of which is, of course, but a pretty little illusion. Miss Dare is by no means new to the business and is really self-possessed.

In "The Dancing Mistress" she has one very pretty song with Josephine Coyne. They are on skis in Switzerland, and of course you know what a ski is. If you don't I'll tell that it is a sort of elongated skate. Little Phyllis and Josephine Coyne do this remarkably well. It is one of the very, very few things in "The Dancing Mistress" that are worth while. You wake up for a minute or two from the deadly apathy into which the eventlessness of the proceedings has plunged you, and you feel tempted to applaud.

Prettiness No Boon.

Another London favorite in "The Dancing Mistress" is Miss Gracie Leigh, a very clever and delightful little woman who isn't pretty for one moment, and who is therefore a positive relief. Anybody who isn't pretty in "The Dancing Mistress" is a joy. Anybody who isn't pretty seems daring and original.

A Polaire or a Mistinguette among all these zimmering, afternoon tea damselines would be perfectly wonderful.

Miss Gracie Leigh is a capital dancer, and Miss Gracie Leigh has a sense of humor. She has a Scotch dance to offer that—like the ski number mentioned above—rouses you from your torpor.

A very plump Frenchwoman, programmed as Mlle. M. Caumont, works so hard that she almost fatigues. She is relied upon for comedy, and she is merciless in her efforts to secure it. Her role is not at all a funny one, and not even a pretty one, so it is just as well that no English lassie takes it.

Caumont is a clever woman, but she seems out of place in this sort of a show. Then there is Miss Elsie Spencer, who is quite nice in a subdued and colorless London way. But the pretty ones swamp the whole thing—Trixie Hillin, and Gladys Klorton, and Dorothy Devers and Dorothy Laim, and Isobel Elsom, and Kathleen Vincut, and Gypsy O'Brien—ad lib.

"The Dancing Mistress," I fancy, aims at "The Quaker Girl," but it is really nothing of the sort—nothing of any sort. It is a beautifully staged, girled and appointed blank.

CLUB WOMEN AID WORK FOR SCHOOL HEALTH

Members Are Urged to Elect Delegates to International Congress on Hygiene.

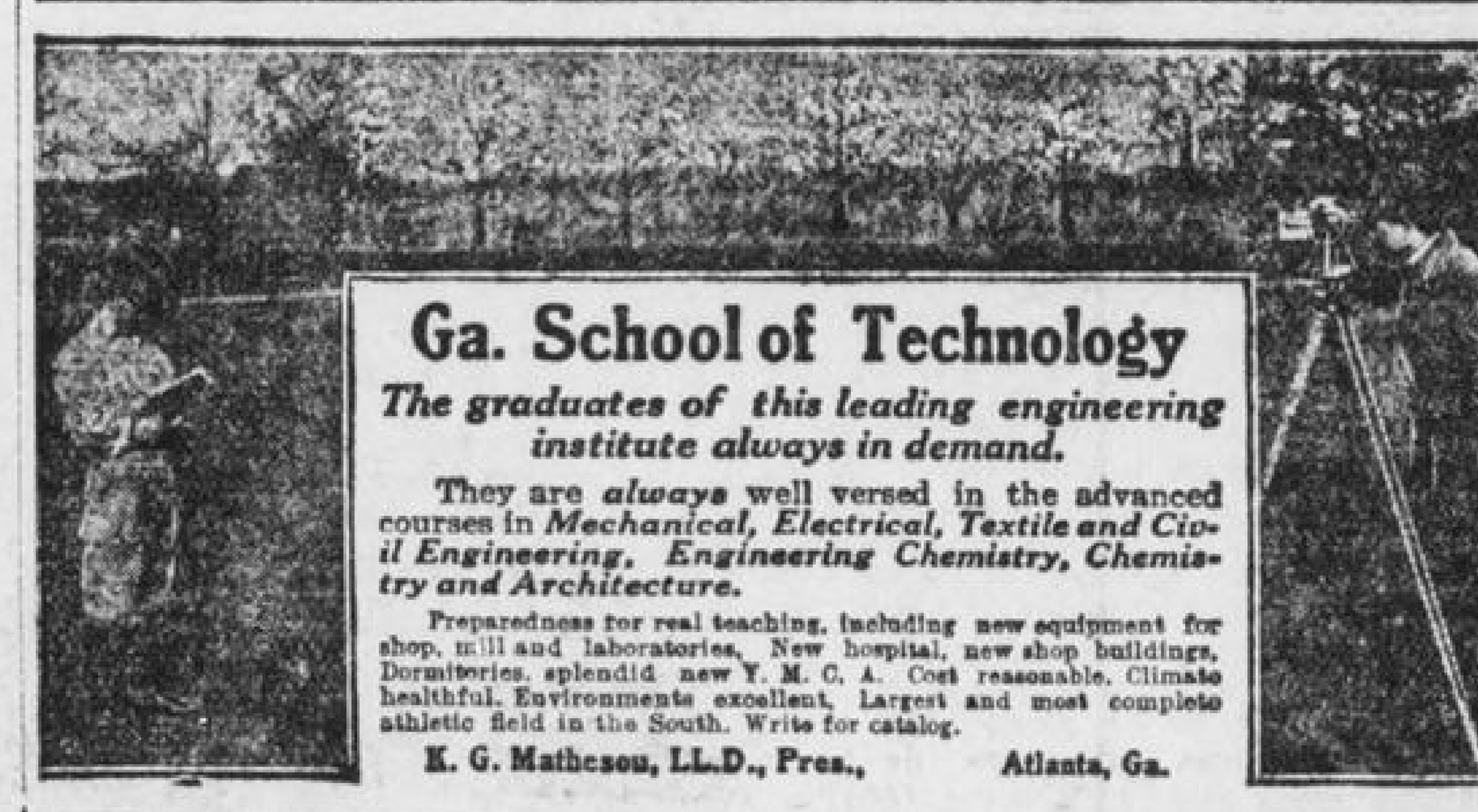
Mrs. S. G. Hodgson, of Peachtree, State health chairman of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, has received a letter from Mrs. S. S. Crockett, chairman of the Public Health Department of the Federation, calling attention to the great service of the clubwomen of America in helping to make a success of the fourth International Congress on School Hygiene, which is to be held at Buffalo the last week in August, and which is being supported by the General Federation, under the presidency of Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker.

In her letter Mrs. Crockett says:

"The public health committee of the General Federation of Women's Clubs suggests that women's organizations generally shall endeavor to take advantage of the International School Hygiene Congress at Buffalo in August, so that in their respective communities new interest may be awakened because of this great international meeting. Please remember that all those who attend this congress will be furnished with the printed proceedings—a veritable library of scientific information on the subject."

The suggestion offered by Mrs. Crockett is that the clubwomen of this State urge the appointment of delegates to the Buffalo congress from the following organizations: School boards, health boards, boards of trade, school improvement associations, public educational associations, parent-teachers' associations and others.

Mrs. Crockett further urges that each school, college, club and public library subscribe to membership in the congress, in order to secure the volume of proceedings.



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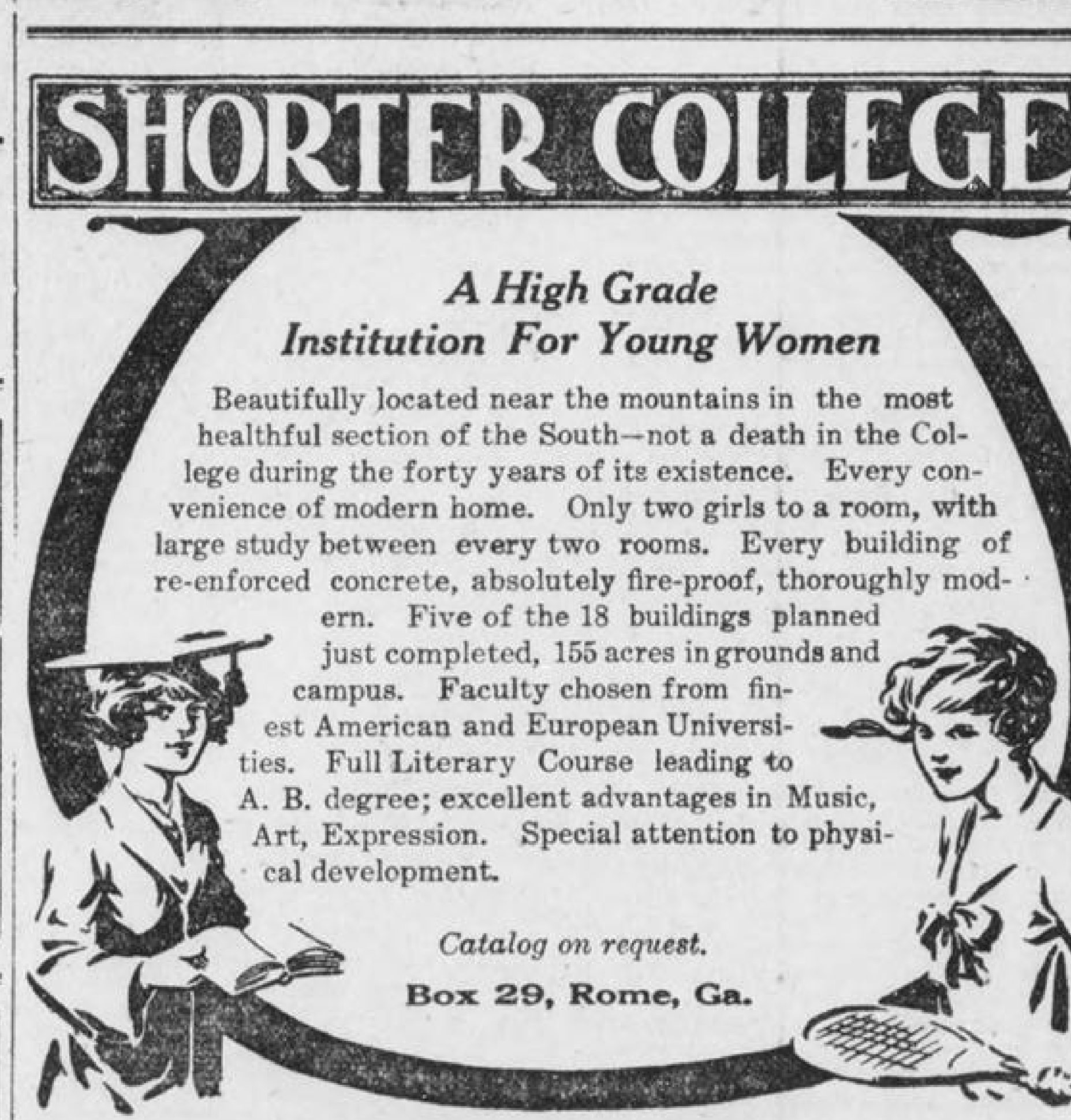

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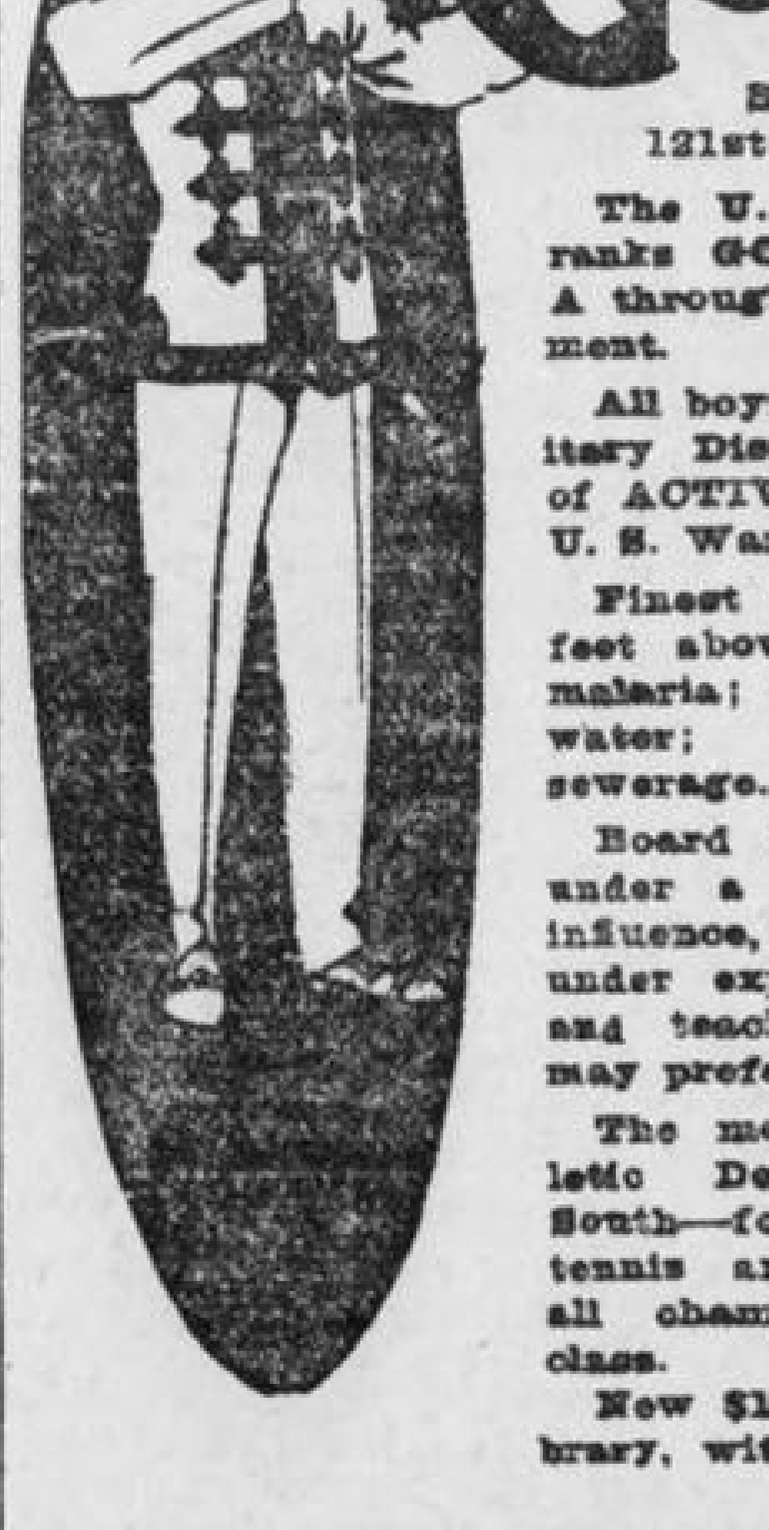

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SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

KAISER IS ALONE PLEASED WITH BIG ARMY BILL

Both Sides of Reichstag Are Dissatisfied With Measure Which Adds Enormous Expense.

By FREDERICK WERNER.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, July 26.—Weeks have now passed since the Reichstag with a suddenness that surprised all Europe passed the army bill and gave in to the Government on all points, and during the time that has passed it has been possible to form an idea of the feelings of the Government, as well as of the people, toward the new conditions.

It is perhaps not too much to say that the general feeling on both sides is one of dissatisfaction, which on the part of the common people is mingled with disgust and contempt of its representatives.

Kaiser Is Delighted.

The Kaiser, of course, who now, as ever, looks upon the enormous increase of armaments solely in the light of the strongest possible guarantee of continued peace, was naturally greatly delighted when he, after months of anxiety, suddenly saw his most cherished wishes fulfilled, and he is probably the only person in the Empire who continues to feel happy.

To the Chancellor of the Empire, Herr von Bethmann Hollweg, and Herr von Herringen the victory, of which they had at times nearly given up all hope, was a source of great satisfaction, which, however, has left a bitter aftertaste of disappointment.

When they planned the new bill, which called for such great financial sacrifices, they were were firmly convinced that it would with one blow establish the absolute military supremacy of Germany in Europe.

Officer List Increased.

The bill gave this country the enormous army of 669 battalions of infantry, 550 regiments of cavalry, increased the readiness and efficiency of the 633 batteries of field artillery, increased the siege artillery to 55, the sappers to 44 and the train to 26 battalions. It gave Germany a largely increased number of officers of all grades and created several high military officers and a standing army in time of peace of 820,000 troops.

But in spite of all this, Germany's military strength, when compared with that of other powers, remains the same as before. The new army bill fails to establish the hoped-for absolute military supremacy, and in this fact lies the cruel disappointment. The enormous sacrifices demanded and made are of no value, for in France a rejuvenated nation has been aroused to an outburst of patriotism, such as has not been seen since the days of the great Napoleon.

And out of this patriotism will arise a French army practically equal to the German in numbers of men and in equipment on many points far superior. While Russia, influenced and prodded on by France, is hurriedly building new railroads of the greatest strategical importance and has moved several new army corps nearer to her western frontier.

Prince to Renounce Title to Marry Diva

Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis Plans to Start Life Anew in Texas.

BERLIN, July 26.—Prince Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis is to follow in the footsteps of his two brothers and his cousin, who renounced their titles and rank for love.

Prince Nicholas already has given up his position in the navy and part of his inheritance, and is planning to purchase a ranch in Texas. The young woman for whom he is sacrificing all is the Munich diva, Fraulein Recberg, of the Gartner Platz Theater.

They had planned to be married quietly in London, but the family of the Prince intervened. They will sail for America immediately after the marriage.

Hall Caine Calls Women Best Critics

Famous Novelist Tells Booksellers That Wives Make Success of Library Work.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—"If you ask me as an author whose opinion of my books I would rather rest my fortunes upon, yours or your wives', I tell you frankly it's the opinion of your wives'," said Hall Caine at a dinner of the Associated Booksellers at Torquay.

"If you want to know what the great, wide public is going to say about a book, especially a novel, try it on a woman," he added. "I do. I always have done. And when I have had success, it has come to me from women."

Vatican Condemns D'Annunzio's Work

"Pisanelle" Is Examined by Censor and Banished From Catholic Homes and Libraries.

Special Cable to The American.

ROME, July 26.—According to a report from a Vatican source, D'Annunzio's "Pisanelle," which was presented for the first time in Paris recently, will meet the same fate as his former work, "The Mystery of St. Sebastian."

The "Pisanelle" has already been examined by the censor of the Index, and the formal announcement that it has been banished from Catholic homes and libraries on the ground that it is immoral is only a question of days.

Viola Allen Writes of Royalty at Close Range

Czar's Calmness Impresses the Noted Actress

As a Visitor in Berlin at the Time of the Wedding of the Kaiser's Daughter the American Star Studies Kings and Notables.

Viola Allen, famous American actress, who writes for The American her account of the wedding of Prince Ernst to Princess Victoria Luise.



Viola Allen, who is touring Europe, and has turned her attention to literature, was in Berlin at the time of the royal wedding. She saw royalty at close range.

By VIOLA ALLEN.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, June 12.—From Paris, city of beauty, to Berlin, solid, substantial, clean and very beautiful, too, in its well-ordered way. The famous siegalle with its numerous statues and stately avenues, and the great Arch of Victory, through which one passes from the station to the noted linden-lined thoroughfares, make the visitor's first view of Berlin impressive.

The time of my visit is a gay one, and everyone seems in festive mood on account of the marriage celebration of Princess Victoria Luise. The streets are packed and lined with people trying to catch a glimpse of the many royal guests who have come to attend the wedding, and the weather is as bright and sunshiny as any bride could wish for. It is Wednesday morning of the wedding week, and the glorious Unter den Linden, of which we have a perfect view from our hotel window, has been swept and garnished its entire length, and is lined with soldiers ready for the English King and Queen to pass on their way from the station to the palace.

Royalty at Close Range.

The Kaiser and the Kaiserin, the royal princesses and princes and several high German officials and Ambassadors went down to meet the special train and returned in interesting procession. After the guards and the officers rode the King and the Emperor in full uniform.

In the following carriage was Queen Mary in a lovely frock and small flower hat of shaded violet. In the same carriage rode the German Empress, wearing deep old rose chiffon with feather-trimmed hat of the same color. Then followed the other members of the royal family. The Crown Princess Cecile, very pretty in pink with a black tulle hat, and the bride-elect in white linen coat and skirt embroidered in blue, with a white hat, looked very sweet and girlish, though rather pale, and evidently a little worn and tired.

The great affection in which the Kaiser's daughter is held was very touching, and Prince Ernst seemed very proud and happy. He looked altogether the ideal bridegroom.

After the royal families and their suites rode the other dignitaries and personages, followed by more guards, officers and soldiers. The weather was perfection, and the enthusiasm of the crowds, the glitter of uniforms and the clatter of horses' feet made a great spectacle.

Enter Czar Nicholas.

The next day the same preparations were repeated, only there were twice as many soldiers and guards, ordered out for the coming of the Czar of Russia. Evidently many more precautions have to be taken to prevent any kind of political disturbance when the Russian ruler travels abroad than for most of the crowned heads from other countries. But in spite of the fact that there is almost constant danger of an anarchistic bomb descending upon him, the Czar looked very calm and peaceful as he drove beside the Kaiser up the beautiful avenue to the palace, amid much cheering.

Gala Opera Performance.

In the evenings it seemed as if all Berlin went to the opera or to the theaters. There was a splendid performance at the Royal Opera House on Wednesday evening, and a brilliant audience, which the handsome toilets, the sparkle of jewels and many uniforms made unusually striking. I was much impressed by the rapt attention every one paid to the music. The Germans, from the Emperor down, take their opera (like everything else) very seriously, and the many rules strictly enforced to prevent any disturbance or distraction while the performance is in progress compel all visitors to do likewise.

The opera begins precisely at 7:30 o'clock, and every one is expected to be in his or her seat punctually. Indeed, after the first note is sounded, no one is allowed to enter until an intermission comes, and to speak one word, even in the softest whisper, is unpardonable.

Army and navy officers are fined if they come late to the opera, and they are obliged to wear full-dress uniform. One young officer, who, in his haste to be on time, forgot his white gloves, was severely reprimanded by his superior, and punished otherwise for not wearing them. The opera at the gala performance was "Lohengrin," and it was given only for the royal visitors and invited guests. It is said that the Princess Victoria Luise herself selected that opera.

A Turkish Opinion of Us.

It was a tremendously interesting week in Berlin, though we had not planned to be here because of the wedding gayety, but to meet friends coming from the East who had lived in Constantinople during the winter. I find that the feeling regarding the Turks and the war, of people who really know, is wonderfully different from the prejudiced accounts we read in the daily papers.

There is no doubt that Turkey, with her internal struggles, was entirely unprepared for war, a fact her enemies took advantage of. But it is no less certain that the Turkish soldiers displayed a bravery, a loyalty and endurance splendid beyond words, often fighting with scarcely any food or water, and without even clothing or shoes. It was the misfortune, certainly not the fault, of the Turkish army that there should have been lack of management and executive ability among the heads of the government.

Because Turkey is Mohammedan and not a Christian country, we are apt to imagine them a rather barbarous people, when, as a matter of fact, it would be difficult to find more culture and refinement the world over than among the high-class Turks.

With the idea in mind of the prevailing impression of Turkey in America, I had a very amusing conversation during dinner at the Embassy with the young son of the Turkish Ambassador, who, though only 14, had all the dignity and suavity of an accomplished diplomat of 40. Besides, he spoke English, French, German, Italian perfectly, and, of course, his native tongue, and probably Greek and Arabic as well. I also found this young diplomat extremely well posted on affairs in general, and very much interested in art, which he discussed with great understanding. Finally I asked him if he would not like to see America, to which he replied with much seriousness: "Yes, very much, but I should prefer to wait until it becomes a more thoroughly civilized country." By dint of further inquiry, I found these impressions were due to a diligent study of "The Life and Adventures of Buffalo Bill." To this clever little man from the Far East America seemed one huge wild West, which I thought was rather paying us back in our own coin.

Count Zeppelin's Airship.

Several times in Berlin I saw the big Zeppelin passenger airship, "The Hansa," pass over our heads just above the tops of the buildings, engaged in making regular trips between given points. The noise of the engines was simply deafening, and the ship looked like a tremendous uncanny fish sailing through the air.

The passenger car is rather to the front of the huge, cigar-shaped body, and the seats are so hung that there is little or no motion felt. To me this looked the most uninviting mode of travel imaginable. I was glad to take even the Continental steamers in preference en route to London.

Lady Paget to Give Biggest Dublin Party

American Wife of English General Is Sending Out Record Number of Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Lady Paget, American wife of General Sir Arthur Paget, has never completely recovered from the fall down an elevator shaft in Belgrade Square, and every year she has to take a cure in lieu of exercise. She is leaving London for Aix in a few days to reduce her weight. Like Queen Mary, she has a horror of growing stout.

She will be at Aix for three weeks, and will arrive at the Royal Hospital, in Dublin, shortly before the Dublin Horse Show, which commences August 26, and which is the great event of the Irish season. She is sending out many more invitations than last year for her horse show party, and will entertain a large and distinguished house party.

MANEUVERS SHOW FRANCE ITS NAVAL NEED

Experts Declare That Blockade Is Now Impossible and Swift Cruisers Are Necessary.

By GEORGE DUFRESNE.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—For the first time in many years France has during the recent naval maneuvers been able to place a real first-class modern navy at the disposal of the admirals in command and the results achieved have been highly satisfactory, while at the same time the experiments made have been of the greatest value to the experts of the Navy Department, who are to plan the further evolution of the country's naval defenses.

As may perhaps be remembered, the maneuvers which were originally planned to take place in the Atlantic were transferred to the Mediterranean in order to have the navy as close as possible to the sphere where its presence might be needed at any time during the Balkan disturbances.

Blockade Is Impossible.

I have just had a talk with the former Secretary of the Navy, Vice Admiral Boue DeLapeyrer. First of all, he said, the maneuvers showed conclusively that a close blockade of an enemy's port is no longer possible. The modern submarine, which is able to go a considerable distance away from the shore, as well as the swift torpedo boat, quite apart from the danger of mines, compel the blockading fleet to keep at a long distance, and this in turn makes new methods of blockading necessary.

"If the maneuvers we carried on outside of Toulon," the Admiral said, "had been attempted in real warfare there would not have been a single vessel left on either side. In this opinion I am upheld by our most famous naval expert, M. Pierreval.

Needs Swift Cruisers.

"The maneuvers further prove that France needs a number of light, swift cruisers in order to locate and annihilate the destroyers of an enemy. At present we possess none of these at all, while England has 66 and Germany 84, and we are compelled to use our great destroyers of from 400 to 700 tons instead, but they were not able to fill the bill.

"The work done by officers and men during the maneuvers was excellent and equal to that of any foreign navy, and if anything might be criticised it is this, that we are not able to coal either in port or in open sea as quickly as American vessels have done, but the Minister of Marine has already found means to remedy this, and very extensive drills are even now being carried out at Toulon and Bizerta."

Few Officers Available.

The weakest point in France's naval armor is admittedly the rather alarming shortage of naval officers of nearly all grades. There are not nearly officers enough to fill positions on the newly built deradnoughts.

The battleship Jean Bart, for instance, ought to have, besides its commander, a captain, an officer in charge of the ammunition stores, six naval lieutenants and thirteen cadets. It will be impossible to provide all these for quite some time, and Jean Bart and our other modern dreadnoughts have only two lieutenants and eight cadets. The new naval bill which materially increases the salaries of all officers will, it is hoped, provide all the officers needed.

Auto Scares Horses; Carter Whips Prince

Driver Uses Lash on Members of Nobility After Accident to His Vehicle.

Special Cable to The American.

LEIPSIC, GERMANY, July 26.—A Princess and two Princes of the House of Isenburg, belonging to the highest German nobility, were horse-whipped recently by an angry carter whose horses their automobile had alarmed.

Prince Alphons, Princess Antoinette and Prince Victor Vonlsenburg were motoring to Altenburg, where they were to visit the Duke of Altenburg, head of another former sovereign house of the empire, when they encountered a farmer with a load of wood. His horse shied before the automobile and upset the load in the ditch.

The driver lashed out with his whip at the Princess and the Princes as they rolled by, leaving angry welts on the faces of all three.

He now faces trial at Gera for his misdeed, which a century ago would have been almost high treason.

LONDON OFFERS RICH FIELD FOR GIRL DENTISTS

Demand Growing for Private Practice and Clinics Among Children.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Apparently there is an open field for young women in dentistry, for the supply does not meet the growing demand from private practices and the dental clinics for children which are springing up all over the country.

At the National Dental Hospital it was said yesterday that though every facility is offered to women dental students there, the response is not extensive. The average number of women students attending at one time is between two and three, and some of these come from abroad.

Dutch girls make particularly good students. One of them, Miss Martens, has been appointed woman-dentist to the Queen of Holland. But English girls are no less successful—as witness Miss L. F. Paine, who qualified only last November, and has now been elected house-surgeon at the National Dental Hospital.

"I can not understand why there are not a greater number of women entering the profession," said a successful woman dentist, "and can only conclude it is because they think there is something unpleasant and disagreeable about a dentist's work. To me it is such fascinating work that I forget all the unpleasantness. My clients are women and children. I do not take men patients.

"The mechanical work—the preparing of gold plates and so on—is particularly interesting, and most of the women dentists I know like that part of the work immensely.

"There are a few women quacks, just as there are men quacks. The public needs to be educated out of going to dentists who advertise. That is a sure sign of quackery, because the genuine dentist is forbidden by the etiquette of his profession to advertise, and is struck off the register if he (or she) does."

Golden Cards Out to His Golden Wedding

Russian Millionaire Sends 200 Invitations Made of Pure Metal to Anniversary Affair.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—M. Spiridinoff, a well-known Moscow millionaire, is about to celebrate his golden wedding. Two hundred guests have been invited. Each of them received the other day a card of invitation made of pure gold.

As each card weighs twenty grammes, which is rather less than three-quarters of an ounce avoirdupois, the total amount of gold used is about nine pounds.

The metal was transformed into these unique misisves, on which the invitation was worked in enamel, by a Moscow goldsmith. Each invitation card is valued at about $30.

British Plan Five-Day Line to Canada

Syndicate Will Construct Terminal Port at Blacksod Bay for New Transcontinental Service.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—A syndicate, strongly supported by British and Canadian shipping and shipbuilding companies, intends to construct a terminal port at Blacksod Bay, County Mayo, for an express line between that point and Cape St. Charles, in Southern Labrador, whence another transcontinental railway is to be built, bringing Canada within five days of London.

This project will be the deathblow to the often-talked-of Galway scheme.



Pastor to Use Boxing To Make Christians

Minister in Slums of London Will Try to Stimulate Church With Athletics.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The Rev. Everard Digby has just been made vicar of St. Agatha's, Shoreditch, one of the "slummiest" and one of the toughest quarters in the East End of London.

He is a muscular Christian, can box fairly well, is still an all-round athlete, and is the only clergyman member of the National Sporting Club, where he can often be seen watching the boxing contests.

He intends, so he tells his friends, to make men of the young "Hooligans" of Shoreditch by turning them into athletes before inducing them to attend church.

Czar Gives Hospital To Raise Birth Rate

Tercentenary of Romanoff Dynasty Will Be Celebrated by Opening of $500,000 Institution.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—By an imperial decree on the subject of infantile mortality in Russia St. Petersburg is to have a special institution in which children and nursing mothers can be received. The amount of $500,000, given by private banks of this city and Moscow on the occasion of the tercentenary of the Romanoff dynasty, will be devoted to the upkeep of the institution, which has been placed under the patronage of the Czarina.

TORIES' TACTICS DISGUST BRITISH WITH POLITICS

Work of Obstruction Forces Parliament to Pass Act to Let Any Legislation Pass.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The parliamentary season is drawing toward its close and the members of both sides, after the merciless prodding of the Government, almost without exception feel as if in all England it would be utterly impossible to find a set of harder working men and imagine that the lot of the average coal miner is far preferable to their own.

Unfortunately this opinion is not shared by the general public, whose opinion of their legislators was quite accurately expressed by the editor of The World's Work, who the other day preached a little sermon to the members of the House.

It can not be denied that the Tories alone are to blame for that, because, by their obstructionary tactics, they made the Parliament Act necessary, the result of which is that all important bills of a controversial nature are crammed into the first two sessions, while the third Parliament will have nothing to do but formally pass bills which ought to have become laws long before.

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RACE IS NOT OVER YET, SAYS CONNIE MACK

Lean Leader Sees Cleveland, Red Sox and Chicago All Making a Fight.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 26.—On the outside talking with fans, critics and statistic fiends, the 1913 American League pennant derby is over—the Athletics being an easy winner. On the inside, conversing with Connie Mack, one discovers that the Cleveland Naps may win; the Washington Nationals may win; the Chicago White Sox are coming fast, and the Boston Red Sox are dangerous.

But the Athletics! See information from Connie Mack on his troupe and the best you get is a smile. Yes, the boys are going pretty good, but anything may happen from now to the finish, and the other fellows are right in there.

Connie Mack is a genius. By shrewd baseball intelligence he has developed a wonderful ball club, but he refrains completely from talking about himself or the players surrounding him. It's always the other fellow with Mack—not himself.

"Yes, it is an interesting race," was Mack's answer to a question concerning his view on what is happening and what is going to happen.

"I look for the Naps, Nationals and White Sox to be right up there at the finish," he continued. "Cleveland had a little slump, but they'll recover and come around. Washington, too, will be a strong factor. Griffith has several mighty good youngsters, and his pitching staff is getting better.

"And the White Sox are improving. They played good ball against us. Callahan used all his good pitchers and tried his best to beat us. We didn't go very good in the field against the Sox, and that's why we lost three games to them."

Since Mack began winning pennants, his style is never to say anything until the pennant is won. And he is the same to-day. Then, when it is won and the baseball folks declare Mack a real wizard, he replies by giving the credit to the players.

Boston Was a Good Team.

"What happened to your team last year?" was put to Mack. "You won the world's championship in 1910 and 1911, dropped back last year, and now you come back this year."

"The Boston Red Sox were just a little better than we were," flashed back Mack. "Don't let anybody tell you they were lucky. They weren't. We didn't go right and they did. Now this year Boston has been crippled and injuries have hurt the team.

"We are out in front, and I hope we stay there, but you can't predict an October finish in July."

Now there is a reason for the Athletics being first this year. Toward the finish of 1912, when things were going just right for the champs, several of the players broke training rules. Oldring and Bender were suspended and fined and in general the club cracked.

Young Pitchers Help Athletics.

This spring Mack consulted with all his players in the South. He told them what it meant for each to be in shape all summer, what the world's series meant to them, and the change is noted to everybody. Mack has the players going in tiptoe shape, too.

Another reason is that Mack was fortunate in developing several young pitchers. With Cy Morgan, Harry Krause and a few more absent, Mack had to pick up a youngster or two to aid Bender, Plank and Coombs. He did, and in Cal Brown, Bush, Houck and Wyckoff the pitching staff has been strengthened materially.

Further, Jack Coombs probably will be ready to return to work about September 1, just the time when he will be needed to aid in the final dash down the stretch, and be ready for the world's series. In the early spring Coombs was a victim of typhoid fever and has not pitched this year.

Baldwin and Cross Work Hard for Bout

Both Boys Don Gloves in Preparation for Tuesday Night's Fight. Matty Shows Class.

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—"Matty" Baldwin, who is scheduled to box twenty rounds with the New York dentist, Leach Cross, on Tuesday night, July 29, went through an impressive work-out at the St. Ignatius Club gymnasium yesterday afternoon. While Baldwin did not extend himself at any time in his work-out with Hobo Dougherty and Johnny Schiff, his ease of style and complete mastery of the boxing game were apparent, and Cross should have considerable difficulty in holding him off to the limit. Baldwin comes to the coast with a record as a tough customer to handle in the ring.

Baldwin does not believe in training too strenously, and his work-out yesterday was of the usual length, three rounds with each of his two sparring partners.

Leach Cross traveled six rounds with Louis Reese and Johnny O'Leary, going three with each, and in addition went through the full routine of gymnasium work. Cross showed excellent form and appears to be in the best of condition.

Ad Wolgast and Johnny Dundee, who are to meet in the Vernon arena on Admission Day, were both interested spectators at the Cross work-out yesterday Wolgast's manager, Tom Jones, will be here in a few days, when final arrangements for the bout will be completed.

WILLIAMS PLANS INVASION OF FEATHERWEIGHT CLASS

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 26.—Sam Harris, manager of Kid Williams, has announced that Williams will go through with his bouts with Campi and Burns, as he promised McCarey, and then go after the featherweights.

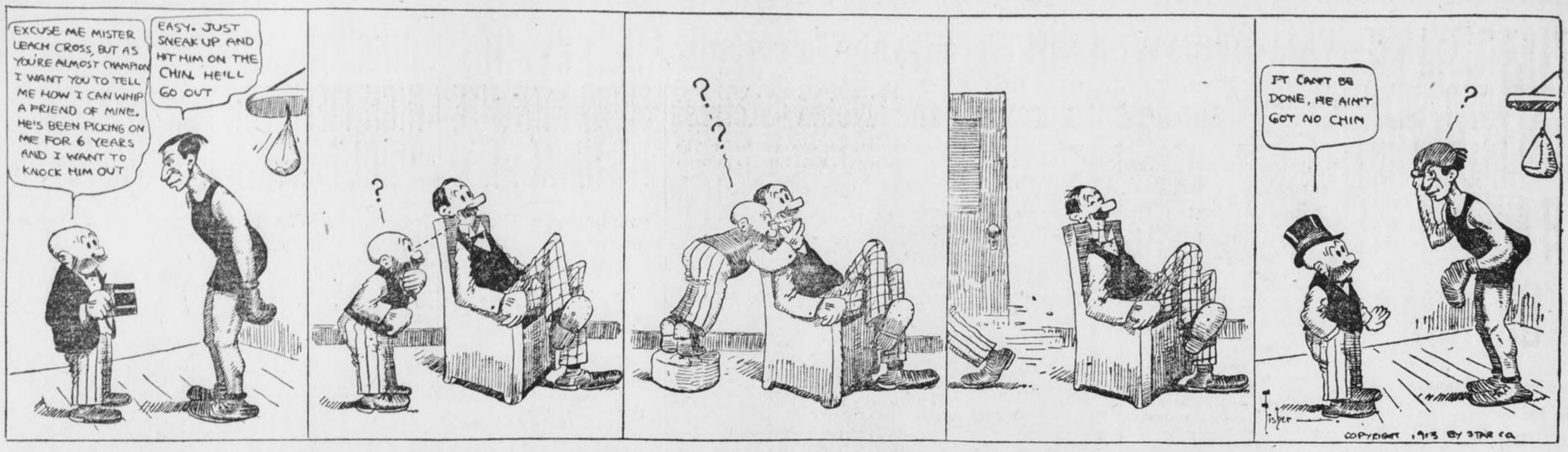
Harris thinks that Williams will have little trouble making good in the 122-pound division, and has picked Abe Attell as the best man for Williams to meet in the new division.

Williams contends that he can hit as hard as the majority of featherweights and is husky enough to stand as fast a pace. He is game for a whirl at the featherweight contenders and promises trouble in the division.

VASHTI PICKS A NEW COACH.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At a meeting of the trustees of Williams and Vashti College of Aledo Professor Elmer H. Wilds was chosen director of athletics for the ensuing year. He is a graduate of Harvard and Allegheny Colleges and is a recognized authority upon all forms of collere athletics.

Only Way to Knock Mutt Out Is to Kick Him on the Shins :: :: :: By 'Bud' Fisher



Barrow a Progressive President Will Have Ball Players Pooled

By W. J. Macbeth.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Edward Barrow, the hustling president of the International League, is the original "Bull Mooser" of organized baseball. He is thoroughly progressive in his views and actions, and he wields the big stick with determination and foresight. Under his regime the International League has prospered greatly and minor league baseball in general has shared that prosperity.

To the untiring efforts of Barrow is largely due the fact that the three most powerful minor leagues are graded higher than had been the case before he assumed office. The more exalted rating carried with it any number of advantageous privileges. The Class A. A. Clubs are not only better protected in every way—but the new order of things made compulsory a revision of rating and privilege all the way down the line from the two major circuits to the most obscure "brush" organizations. In short a new working agreement had to be framed; a more up-to-date peace pact, as it were.

* * *

BARROW has already done quite enough for minor league baseball to establish his name as a real champion of the cause. But he is not a man who is content to live on reputation. He purposes next year to inaugurate the most radical changes in the hope of solving the principal disadvantages under which the big family of the national pastime now toils. Barrow has the nerve to try a scheme which, if successful, is bound to do no less than revolutionize the administration of the game.

The players of the International League next spring will be pooled at the spring schedule meeting after they have all been put under contract. The various magnates will cast lots for first choice. They will draw for the various prizes of the circuit. Barrow believes that in this way and only in this way will it be possible to distribute the talent as evenly as possible among the various club owners. He believes that such a course will result in a much better balanced organization. That every team will have a chance for the pennant and that the resulting closer competition should prove more interesting to fandom in general and more remunerative to the magnates.

If the International League club owners have the nerve to indorse the scheme of their president it will at least assure a fine trial of the proposed remedy for many of the present drawbacks of the game. The experiment should be worth a great deal for advertising purposes alone. It would attract more attention to the International League than to either of the big leagues. The whole country would be interested in the outcome and no one would watch the results with greater interest than the powers of the two major leagues.

* * *

BARROW'S theory appears a most sound one. So far it is only theory. If it would stand the acid test in the minor league it is a certainty it would be welcomed in the big show. There is no more discouraging element in the promotion of major league baseball than the seeming inability of second division clubs to secure competent talent. The New York American club is a very good illustration of this. In the last five years Frank Farrell has spent fortunes trying to build up a losing club. To-day it is right where it was in 1908—away back in the ruck. All his money has been thrown away. There is absolutely no sentiment in baseball. Not a rival manager would give Frank Chance a worn-out bat bag if he thought it would serve later to help the Peerless Leader win a game from him. It is almost impossible to dig major league class from the bushes. Talent has to be developed. There is a dearth of material—not enough good players to go round. And naturally minor league clubs with something to sell prefer to do business with the successful major outfits not because the market is any better but because of the fact that their stars are more likely to be turned back again at some sort of sound profit.

The principles of organized baseball are quite sound. But there are too many loopholes for evasion. Even the roster limits are not conscientiously observed. In spite of the National Commission's vigilance wholesale "farming" continues. Every big league club has a raft of embryo stars "covered up" as an emergency reserve. Nothing can be done to stop it. Players who might help the weaker clubs are kept on the benches of the flag contenders or planted out somewhere in such a manner that they are safe from the dragnet of rivals.

* * *

IF it could be proven by fair trial that Ed Barrow's idea is practical then would be solved not only one of the greatest puzzles of the promoters, but one of the greatest ills of the players as well. By the same stroke would be canceled the necessary evil of the reserve clause, which has threatened Congressional investigation of baseball as a trust. Baseball contracts as at present constituted are illegal. They are not equitable. A player may be discharged on ten days' notice; he is bound for athletics life to the club with which he signs through the instrument of reserve. That no greater injustices result is due largely to the broad-mindedness of the National Commission. Yet, in spite of all, injustices exist.

Take the case of any star ball player who is so unfortunate as to be a member of a poor club. Rucker, of Brooklyn, for the past five years, is a fitting example. Brooklyn could not afford to pay him as much as could, say New York. There was absolutely no hope for the future. Bound hand and foot to the Dodgers, no ray of world's series sunshine broke through to cheer him.

* * *

IT should be the best thing in the world for players if they were put up to be drawn each season. There would be far more novelty to the life, a truer chance of general advancement in salary because of the ever changing interest of fandom and less likelihood of discontent in the ranks. It might come hard at first to give up old idols of years. We all would grieve to see the gallant Matty go to Chicago. But we might learn after a while to tolerate a Hans Wagner or Johnny Evers in his stead. Of course, the main objection to such a plan would come from the champions who consider the world's series prize theirs by right of habit. Connie Mack and John McGraw should not be expected to go into ecstasies over Barrow's scheme. But even at that these crafty pilots would prove their true worth by sitting in at the draw and by hammering home their ideas to a new brood of athletes each spring. As a pure sporting proposition the new order of things would give the first true line on real managerial ability. Even-balanced fields would eliminate the element of luck.

Big Trade Planned By Cubs and Dodgers

Roger Bresnahan and Zimmerman May Be Swapped for Allen and Smith.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Roger Bresnahan and Heinie Zimmerman for Smith and Allen is the big deal that is in the air between the Chicago Cubs and the Brooklyn Club.

There are some who are close to the Brooklyn Club who say that this is the beginning of the end of Bill Dahlen as manager of the Brooklyn team. The rumor has it that he McKeever brothers, who have a large interest in the club, are not satisfied with the way Dahlen has been handling the team and want a change.

This would indicate that Bresnahan would be taken and then made manager of the team. Allen is a good pitcher, while Smith has been playing fine ball for the Dodgers at third base. The general opinion seems to be that the deal would not be a bad one for either club.

JIM THORPE IS LEARNING FAST UNDER JOHN M'GRAW

NEW YORK, July 26.—Jim Thorpe, the former world's amateur athletic champion, as a result of his observation and coaching under Manager John McGraw, of the New York Giants, is rapidly picking up valuable knowledge of the national sport for future use. Regarding him, McGraw says:

"In another month or so the Indian will be a really good outfielder. He starts well, knows how to play a ball when he reaches it, and, with his speed, can go a thundering long way for them. He has one of the best throwing arms on the club. After a while he'll be a good hitter as well as a clever fielder; he has already learned how to gauge and hit a curve pretty well. Another season Thorpe will be a seasoned ball player."

RICHOLSON HEADS GUN CLUB.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At the annual meeting of the Starved Rock Gun Club, held this week at the new clubhouse, officers were elected as follows: President, H. L. Richolson, Ottawa; vice president, E. D. Zeller, Ottawa; secretary, A. L. Jaques, Utica; treasurer, F. G. Pierski, La Salle; field captain, C. D. Clark, Utica. The officers, with the addition of C. S. Roe, of Ottawa, and Charles Quinby, of Spring Valley, compose the board of directors.

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BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

ATHLETICS HAVE NOT LOST OVER THREE STRAIGHT

And Only Once Has Mack's Great Team Tasted a Trio of Successive Defeats.

WHEN a team can go through a complete season, the 154 games, and play a steady performance, day in and day out, without any slumps or sensational spurts, then it is going to be a pennant winner. That's why the Athletics are making such a runaway in the American League race this summer.

A little story in figures tells just why the Philadelphia club is so far out in front of the nearest contender. Connie Mack's team has not lost more than three games in a row so far this season. That happened only once. Detroit took three straights, but dropped the fourth one recently when Eddie Plank hurled a shut-out game. Previous to this slump the most games the Athletics had lost in a row was two at a time, and what makes the record all the more marvelous is that this happened but once.

The recovery of championship form for Connie Mack and his Athletics really is the surprise of the 1913 campaign. They won in 1910 and 1911, and were the double world's champions, too. Then something happened a year back, and they exploded, with the Boston Red Sox succeeding the residents of Penn as the high rulers in the American League and as the world's champions.

Last winter a majority of the dopesters picked the Red Sox to repeat. In analyzing the Athletics the "IF" was too prominent to predict a flag for Connie Mack again.

Had to Build Up Team.

Eddie Plank had to keep going; Chief Bender had to come back; Mack had to get two outfielders to help along Oldring; a catcher had to arrive to take the places of Thomas and Lapp, who were slipping, and some young star flingers were needed to help out the veterans.

Well, all this happened, much to the surprise of baseball dope. And it has been this steady, consistent playing that has landed the Athletics on top.

Right off the reel on April 10, the Mackites started to claw and devour the Boston Red Sox. And it was this first blow, a record of six victories out of the first seven games with the 1912 monarchs, that started the Athletics on the path to this 1913 pennant.

The two clubs staged a seven-game series and the Red Sox won but one. The Sox never could recover, while the Athletics have never faltered a bit.

Won Fifteen in a Row.

The record of fifteen straight victories was put on shortly after that. On May 26 Walter Johnson tamed the Athletics 9 to 2, and the next defeat didn't arrive until the Browns licked the Pennsylvanians on June 11, 5 to 3. And during that period fifteen straight games were won.

Slump No. 2 was June 20-21 with the Boston Red Sox turning the trick. June 20 the Red Sox won, 6 to 1, with Bush heaving against them. The next day the score was 5 to 4. On June 23, though, the Athletics routed their rivals, 13 to 4.

Then there was nothing doing in the slump line until July 13, when the Mackmen lost a pair to the Tigers, with Bush and Bender pitching the first game and Houck dropping the second. On July 14 the Tigers repeated, with Bender and Bush doing the box work.

ROURKE ASKS WAIVERS ON 3.

OMAHA, NEBR., July 26.—President Fourke yesterday denied the report that he had asked for waivers on practically the whole Omaha team. He admitted that he had asked for waivers on three players, but declined to say who they were.

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Klem Is Latest to Praise New Balk Rule

Umpire Says President Lynch Has Made Proper Ruling on Dropped Ball.

NEW YORK, July 26.—William Klem, probbly the best umpire on the National League staff, discussed several points in the rules the other day. When asked about President Lynch's interpretation of the rule covering the dropping of a ball by a pitcher while in the act of delivering it to the batsman, he said:

"President Lynch has made a proper ruling in calling such a ball a balk. If a pitcher was allowed to get away with this slip he could easily frame up plays that would catch base runners dead to rights. With a man on first and the hit and run play in order he could tip off the third baseman and then let the ball slip out of his hand so that the runner could be nipped either at second base or between the bases.

"There is no written rule to cover this point, however, unless the rule governing the pitcher's delivery is applied. In that case a dropped ball could be called a 'ball' simply because it did not pass over the home plate between the knee and the shoulder."

"What do you think of the recent decision in the American League which sent Boston back to the plate to hit over again after a ground ball thrown by an infielder had struck an umpire?" Klem was asked.

"The rule says that if a thrown ball hits an umpire base runners must be sent back to their original stations," was the reply, "but the rule makers never meant to have a batsman return to the plate to hit over again. These are some of the points that must be cleared up by the Rules Committee before next season. They do not come up frequently, but the umpires should be in a position to make prompt rulings."

FLYNN-SMITH BOUT SHOULD BE DESPERATE STRUGGLE

NEW YORK, July 26.—New York fight fans expect to see fireworks a-plenty on August 8, for that is the date on which Gunboat Smith, the strongest "white hope" thus far developed, and "Pueblo Jim" Flynn, the most dangerous veteran in the heavy class, have agreed to mingle for ten rounds before the Garden Athletic Club members in the arena of Madison Square Garden.

Both of these scrappers have made their reputation via the knockout route, and as each is aware that pugilistic oblivion will be the certain fate of the loser, the battle should be a desperate struggle from bell to bell.

BRITTON AND PACKEY MAY CLASH ON COAST

Coffroth Is Anxious to Stage Match Between Rival Chicogoans in August.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., July 26.—"Sunny Jim" Coffroth has the August fight permit for this city and is busy arranging a card for the show. Just who will make up the main event James hasn't decided as yet, but he has assured the fans that whoever the boxers are they will be lads who will offer a crack card. Jim seldom fails in giving the public the best possible, and all lovers of the glove game are anxiously awaiting his selection. It is known he is hot on the trail of Packey McFarland and Jack Britton, but it is hardly likely that he will be able to get this pair before Labor Day, if he can land them then.

But he has Leach Cross, Matty Baldwin, Johnny Dundee, Red Watson and Tommy Murphy among the lightweights, with Jess Willard and Sam Langford to pick opponents for if he should decide on the big lads. Willie Ritchie has practically assured James that he will do battle with any lightweight on Labor Day and Tommy Murphy will be Coffroth's selection, this, of course, subject to change should McFarland decide to box.

ART ALARD TO FIGHT BENZ.

BUTTE, MONT., July 26.—Art Alard, of New York, and Art Benz, of Butte, have been matched for a twelve-round contest here September 1. Benz has fought twelve battles, in every one of which he has knocked out his opponent within four rounds.

GULLS WILL BE REAL SOUTHERN STARS IF THEY WIN PENNANT

MOBILE, July 26.—If Mike Finn's 1913 Mobile team can cop the Dixie pennant it will be most appropriate, inasmuch as eight of the fifteen athletes doing duty on behalf of the local club are Southern boys. A discussion on the bench during a recent rain brought out the fact that eight of the Mobile players boast the South as their home.

Both the Gull catchers, Charley Schmidt and Larry Brown, are Southern boys, Schmidt from Fort Smith, Ark., and Brown from Birmingham. The pitching corps furnishes two more Southerners in Bradley Hogg, of Buena Vista, Ga., and "Pug" Cavet, from Fort Worth, Texas. The outfield, as it now stacks up, is an All-Southern one, Jimmy Clark, Dave Robertson and Paul Sentell, the former residing in Baltimore, Robertson in Portsmouth, Va., and Sentell from New Orleans. Gene Paulet is a Little Rock boy, making eight Southerners on the team.

With the Gulls near the front and making history in the Dixie League, the fact that the team is composed of a majority of Southerners has brought out how fitting it would be for them to cop the Dixie pennant. Then, too, Mike Finn, another Southerner, would be at the heard of the victorious team, and it would be quite a feat could the Gull leader land his first Southern flag with a team composed in the majority of athletes boasting Dixie as their home.

TWELVE EVENTS ON CARD OF NATIONAL REGATTA

NEW YORK, July 26—Secretary Fortmeyer, of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, announces the closing of entries for the forty-first championship regatta has been fixed for July 28. The regatta will be held on the Charles River, Boston, on August 8-9.

Twelve events will be contested over a mile and a quarter course. Nine races will be rowed with one turn and three, the international senior fours, intermediate and senior eights, over a one and a quarter mile straightaway course.

The entries received to date indicate that the national championship will provide one of the best regattas of recent years, with scullers and crews from all parts of the country competing.

EVERS WON'T TRADE ROGER.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 26.—Manager Evers to-day denied the story started in Brooklyn to the effect that he intended to trade Heine Zimmerman and Roger Bresnahan to the Dodgers for Southpaw Frank Allen and Third Baseman Smith.

CASHION'S ONLY CHANCE IS TEN MONTHS' REST

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Carl Cashion's only chance of getting back into the pitching ranks is in ten months' rest, according to specialists here who are treating the Giant twirler's trained arm. Great things were expected of Cushion this season, but in his first game he tore a ligament loose. Now he can not get back the speed that caused him to be considered a second Walter Johnson.

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Confidence Gets the Hits

Baseball Jinx Real, But Can Be Beaten

Heine Tells How to Do It

TAD SHOWS HOW THE GOAT PASSES FROM BATTER TO PITCHER AND VICE VERSA



'ZIM' SAYS 3 PITCHERS HAVE IT 'ON' HIM

Some Day He Will Land on Them, Get His Confidence Back and They'll Be Easy.

A BATTER who goes up to the plate believing he is going to hit the ball has a big shade on the pitcher, says Zimmerman, in this, the third article of his series. Read what follows and see if you do not agree with Heine's logic.

By HENRY ZIMMERMAN.

IT'S my opinion that there is no business or profession in the world where confidence in one's self counts as much as it does when a batter steps to the plate in the pinch.

Hitting in a large measure is believing that one can hit.

That has been my experience. There are three pitchers in our league who seem to have it on me. Christy Mathewson, Jeff Tesreau and Earl Moore are the men. And I am ineffective against the latter two for the reason that I have lost my confidence in my ability to hit them. I'll get it back all right.

Some day I will get in there and pound out a bunch of hits when they happen to be on the slab and then those two will worry me no more.

I don't know about Mathewson. Here is a man who should be envied by every pitcher lacking control. For it is the control of this veteran that makes him one of the hardest men in the game to beat. Mathewson possesses the other qualifications that a great pitcher must have. But it is his marvelous control that keeps him going year after year.

How Mathewson Fools the Batter

He uses his control in a peculiar sort of way. Some pitchers display their control by keeping the ball over the plate. Mathewson uses his in quite a different way. He never gives you a good ball to hit.

His pitches are a bit wide to hit hard yet in far enough to tempt you.

He pitches so closely to you that you constantly hit on the handle of the bat. Yet it is out just far enough to get you to swing.

He's pitching a bit high or a bit low to you. He's always pitching just where you take a swing yet never where you can get a good solid wallop.

It's Tesreau's wind-up rather than what he has on the ball that worries me. And a deceptive wind-up has helped many an ordinary pitcher. Remember King Cole? He went through a lot of gyrations before letting go of the ball. The batters scarcely knew from what angle to expect that pitch.

There's no question in my mind that it was Cole's wind-up that carried him through the National League when he was with us.

Says He Will Solve Tesreau's Windup

Tesreau hits me the same way. I find it difficult to watch his windup and it is hard for me to follow the ball from the moment it leaves his hand. It's on top of me before I can see it.

But some day I'm going to figure out that wind-up. Then I'll pay back Mr. Tesreau.

Too much stress can not be placed upon the value of confidence in a batter. It extends to a team frequently which accounts for some of the things which fans marvel at.

You read that this pitcher is a jinx for a certain club. Lack of confidence is the answer. At some time or other that pitcher was going good when he met this club that is now easy for him. He pitched some good ball and beat them a couple of games in one series. The chances are the games were important and attracted much attention and comment.

Transferring the Goat.

The next time that pitcher came to town he was referred to as a jinx. And pretty soon he was. It wasn't that he pitched so well, although the chances are that he pitched ahead of his form, for the moment a twirler gets the idea that he has it on a team he becomes better. It is a mental condition.

The fellows in the clubhouse said, "Well, our old jinx will pitch to-day. We'll have our troubles."

They went in half licked and they came out thoroughly trounced.

A jinx is broken the same way. The pitcher hasn't all of his stuff, a couple of fellows get base hits, confidence is restored, the fellows go up there with determination and, presto—the jinx is knocked from the slab and the chances are that it is for all time.

A batting slump is the terror of all batters. It is also one of the mysteries of the game. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one.

Many batters believe that it is the eye. That isn't my belief. When I am in the midst of a batting slump I know exactly what the cause is. Yet I can't remove it. The reason I am not hitting is because I am not swinging freely. My eye is all right. I know where and when to meet the ball. But the muscles of my shoulder seem to be bound. I don't seem to be able to handle that bat just as I should.

It's my belief that I have the right system of getting over it, though. Men who swing hard when they get in a slump begin to choke the bat; they swing easy, just hard enough to meet the ball. I don't. I swing just as hard when I'm in a slump as when I am hitting at my best. I know that if I keep right on swinging that I will get back to the old swing and that the slump will be over.

Zim Gives Cure for Batting Slump

A BATTING slump is the terror of all batters. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one. When I am in a batting slump it is not my eye that is at fault. I know what it is, but am helpless. It is because my muscles are bound and I am not swinging freely. I believe I have the right system of getting over it. I do not ease up on the swing. I believe in keeping the muscles at work; so I swing just as hard as ever and the first thing I know I get back the old swing and the slump is over.—*HEINE ZIMMERMAN.*

SCOUTS ARE BIG FACTORS IN RACES, SAYS HEDGES

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 26.—Bob Hedges doesn't believe a manager has much to do with the building up of a run-down ball club. He thinks that duty is up to the scouts, and that in case of failure to get the players the blame should fall upon the scouts instead of the manager.

The president of the Browns declared yesterday:

"I'm fairly well satisfied with Stovall's work as manager with the material on hand. Next season we hope to give him still better material and maybe we can climb a bit.

"You know Stovall isn't building up the St. Louis Club—he mustn't get either credit or blame for what has been done in this respect. The manager has nothing to do with the building up of ub—that's what is left to the scouts, and as we have good scouts, I think we're due to climb."

SCHRECK TO MEET GILBERT.

Dick Gilbert and Mike Schreck have been rematched for a fifteen-round contest at the Valley Athletic Club in Elmwood, August 18. The Schreck people want Ed Smith, the Chicago referee, to officiate.

LYON MASTERED GOLF BY USING CRICKET STROKE

Toronto Star Qualified for American Championship Despite Awkward Style of Play.

WHEN George S. Lyon, of Toronto, in 1906, at Englewood, was prevented from carrying off the American golf championship by the brilliant playing of E. M. Byers, of Pittsburg, who won the final by 2 up, there was a general regret expressed during the match that a player with so awkward a style, so distinctively a cricket stroke, should thus menace the United States championship. Lyon, with about a half-swing, would lunge at the ball just as if he were hitting a cricket ball. He has been a fine cricket player all his life, and when he came into the golf field, instead of trying to form correct golfing habits he just whanged away in the old form he had in defending the wicket.

As a result, he has one of the most awkward styles on the tee of all the crack players, with the possible exception of Parker W. Whittemore, of the Brookline Country Club, Boston, who would do well to take a year off and unlearn his present methods and adopt such a form as his frequent Boston opponents, like Francis Ouimet and Percival Gilbert, possess. It would take just about that time for Whittemore to get rid of the faults he now has, but it would be worth while, for, with his fine, powerful physique and sure eye, he would come close, with a perfect style, to carrying off the national championship.

* * *

WITH the discussion in England of late as to whether golf is encroaching upon cricket to such an extent as to lessen interest in that game, has arisen the question whether the one pastime is a bad form of preparation for the other, especially whether a cricketer can become a successful golfer. This point is interesting in America, as it involves the question whether the baseball swat unfits one for good golfing unless it is dropped absolutely for the true golf swing.

G. L. Jessop, the well-known British amateur golfer, holds the opinion that it is well-nigh impossible to be good at both golf and cricket in one and the same season, because while the latter game demands quickness on the feet, golf is likely to bring nothing but disappointment to its devotees unless he can contrive to preserve stability of stance and to pivot on his feet with almost mechanical precision.

* * *

CAPTAIN C. K. HUTCHISON, who is a fine batsman and a first-class golfer, considers that the two games can be pursued in quick alternation without one's form at either suffering to any extent worth mentioning. And on one summer's day he made about 60 runs for the Household Brigade against strong bowling, and then, going straight to Woking, went round the golf course there in 74 strokes. So that he must be an excellent master of his feet.

The Hon. F. S. Jackson was another celebrity who quickly became a scratch golfer, and he has often said that the one circumstance which disappointed him about the game was that, when he first fell into its meshes, he could hit the ball prodigious distances, and that the more accurately he played it, the shorter became his drives.

* * *

AMONG prominent American golfers are some who have been good ball players. The best known of these is John M. Ward, formerly of the New York Giants, and in his day, twenty years ago, called one of the greatest shortstops the game ever saw. For one so thoroughly grounded in baseball as Ward was, his swing is not bad, though there is a stronger suggestion of the hit in his swing, perhaps, than if he had never driven in runs on the ball field.

Oswald Kirkby, the New Jersey champion of 1912, and one of the finest drivers American golf has ever produced, has been a baseball pitcher of considerable ability. However, he took up golf when still young, and this enabled him to cultivate a full swing with the sweep effect, and with no suggestion of the baseball hit.

Pelky Ready to Talk Business

Champion Wants Go With Smith

By H. M. Walker.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—Arthur Pelky, claiming the world's heavyweight championship, but not appearing to be a bit excited over the fact, arrived in California—the real battleground of the Queensberry world—the other day and made a general application for work.

Accompanying Pelky, whose real name, by the way, is Arthur Pelltier, was our old friend Tommy Burns. Tommy is as fat as our own Jimma da Jeff and wears considerably more jewelry. He did all the talking for Pelky, who stood in the background and kept smoothing back his black hair in a manner that suggested embarrassment in finding himself in the "big town," surrounded by the men who have kept the ring records since the days when an important bout called for a barge ride.

"There is a general disposition to look upon Pelky as a ring accident, just as the people tagged Willie Ritchie as a false alarm," said Burns. "This is a mistake. My man has had 33 fights without having had a decision given against him. He made Jess Willard quit cold and he stopped Jim Barry in five rounds. All that he needs is the opportunity to prove that he is the best heavyweight boxer in the game to-day.

Pelky After Smith.

"There is not much doing among the heavyweights now, and for that reason we have signed up for a ten weeks, stage engagement along the coast. The one man we want to meet is Gunboat Smith, but if the public will point a finger at another man we will be on the job.

"I boxed Pelky six rounds and at the finish I was 'all in.' I knew then that Arthur was the real goods, and, although it is not generally known, I have been his manager since that night. He has everything that a champion should have, and is a clean liver. Although the big fellow is 29 years old now, I expect him to hold the title for the next six or seven years, and before he gets through he will be the most popular heavyweight since the prime of John L. Sullivan."

In personal appearance Pelky is in striking contrast to Jim Corbett, "Bob" Fitzsimmons, Jim Jeffries or any of the old-timers. The office boy who Marathons at the beck and call and a nod at his command. He is modest, perhaps bashful would be a better word, and but for a "panned" left ear and a "tunnel" nose, would never be suspected of being connected with the prize ring.

"We will meet any white man in the world," continued Burns after Pelky had been made to stand up, sit down and roll over for a general inspection. "There are no colored boxers worthy of consideration and I am glad of it, as this saves us a lot of argument. The black boys can save their breath, Pelky will never give one of them a chance. I was roasted from Sydney to Schenectady because I refused to fight Johnson. After I finally did lose to the big dinge I was roasted all over again for having given him a crack at the title. We will not make this mistake again. Pelky is a white champion for white people only."

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Wind-Up of the Pitcher Is the Thing That Worries Zim More Than the Curves.

BALLOONS WILL COMPETE IN INTERNATIONAL RACES

NEW YORK, July 26.—The distances in the recent elimination race covered respectively by the three balloons whose pilots were chosen as the teams to represent America in the international balloon race from Paris in October, are announced by Major Samuel Reber, official statistician of the Aero Club of America:

R. A. Upson, of Detroit, in the Goodyear, the statistician announces, covered a distance of 685 miles; John Watts, of Kansas City, in the Kansas City II, 673 miles, and H. E. Honeywell, of St. Louis, in the Kansas City Post, 658 miles. Seven balloons entered the elimination trials, but only four finished. Major Reber computed the distance in direct lines on topographical maps.

The men chosen for the international race will start with the foreign competitors October 12, from the Tuileries Gardens in Paris. The race, like the trials, will be judged on the basis of miles cover during one continuous flight.

PROVIDENCE RECALLS O'MEARA.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Ollie O'Meara, the shortstop who was loaned to the Evansville Central League team several months ago by the Providence team of the International League, yesterday was recalled by Providence.

HANSON, YANK RECRUIT, IS CHICAGO SCHOOLBOY

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Harry Hanson, a Chicago schoolboy, made his first appearance with the New York Americans the other day. Hanson has been with the team two days, having been picked up in Chicago, where he played with the Washington Heights team. He is a sturdy lad 21 years old and seems to have a good whip.

CROSS LANDS JOB DOWN EAST.

Monte Cross, former scout for the Browns and one of the members of the "board of strategy," has been appointed manager of the Bridgeport, Conn., team in the Eastern Association.



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WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

MIDDLEMAN NO PARASITE, SAYS ACTIVE BROKER

Abuse of Jobbers Draws Logical Reply That All Who Market Goods Are Producers.

"We hear much abuse nowadays directed against the middleman," says W. M. Burke, of H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers.

"Atlanta's prosperity is largely due to its pre-eminence as a jobbing center—it might be called a city of middlemen—and it seems to me that some reply should be forthcoming to these critics.

"We hear fulminations to the effect that the producer gets the small end of every bargain, while the jobber and the retailer get the biggest share of the profits of nearly everything sold to-day.

"In my opinion, commission men and retailers are, in most cases, just as important as the man who produces, considering the present scope of business. The middleman performs a function for modern society, and an indispensable function. I have been using the word 'producer' in the popular sense. I think it can be proved that all of us are 'producers.'

"Now, our firm stands in the position of middleman, and in the strictest sense. We do not touch the original producer on the one side or the actual consumer on the other. To make it clear, we handle lard, tinned meats and canned goods, among a quantity of other things. Yet we do not deal with the man who grew the fruits, the hogs or the cattle from which these products came. We get these things from the Chicago packers whom we represent and from factories. Take lard, for example. It is quite likely that some broker or buyer stands between farmer and packer, so that, passing from farmer to hog buyer, from hog buyer to packer, and from packer to us, we are the fourth to handle our goods.

"We do not sell to retailers, in any case. So wholesaler and retailer stand between us and the consumer. Five men, then, stand between the farmer who bred the hog and the housewife who buys a pail of silver leaf lard.

All Have Real Use.

"This makes our position clear. Now, I think the existence of every one of these men can be justified. First, the man who buys up live stock. Unless he is in business on an exceptionally large scale, no farmer can ship a solid carlot of hogs, and it is evident it would not pay him to ship less to the Chicago stockyards. The buyer who gives him a fair price for his hogs, pays cash down and hauls them away, then, performs a useful service for the farmer. The buyer serves the packer also, for without him the packer must employ buyers of his own to scour the country for hogs, make them up in carlots and attend to all the details of getting them to the Chicago market.

"Now, neither the farmer nor the hog buyer can make lard either well or economically. I think the existence of the packer is justified so plainly as to need no argument.

"But the packer can not profitably maintain a selling department large enough to deal direct with the consumer—imagine Swift & Co. filling mail orders for single pails of lard! Nor can the packer afford to deal with the hundreds of thousands of retailers all over the country—that would be almost as bad. For the same reasons the packer can not deal direct with the wholesale grocer—that would necessitate installing, for one thing, a credit bureau of national scope and maintaining a gigantic force of salesmen. Profits are too narrow for such methods.

Serve Both Parties.

"Here we are justified—in effect, we act as agents for Swift & Co., to mention only one concern. We serve the packer well in marketing his goods, and we serve the wholesaler in being able to fill his order for any reasonable quantity of Swift's products 'instanter.'

"The wholesaler, having intimate acquaintance with the retail trade, with his salesmen on the road, and because he assembles everything the retail grocer wants, gives it to him promptly on demand, and extends proper credit for it—performs a useful service. If we, on the one hand, had to maintain such an organization ot sell our special lines, we would have to take the wholesaler's profit to pay for the service. If the retailer, on the other hand, had to go to a dozen different places to get his stock, he would lose, in time, labor and expense, enough to eat up his profit.

"The wholesaler, then, is necessary. And, I take it, there can be no argument necessary to prove the need of the retailer.

"All this might be gone into much more deeply. But it is easy to prove that everyone who assists in the economical marketing of any product is a producer. In the old days the farmer raised his hogs, slaughtered them, made lard himself and sold it himself at the grocery, or perhaps even direct to families. He then was THE producer. But now that he has delegated seven-eighths of this work to others, are they not also producers? And the producer needs no apology for his existence."

How Straphanger's Nickel Is Divided

Conductor and Motorman Get $.008; Bondholders $.007; Plaintiffs, $.002.

Where does the nickel go that you give to the street car conductor? Ever find out?

According to statistics compiled by the Census Bureau of the United States, a large part of the passenger's fare goes to labor.

Of the whole fare, 32.1 per cent, or 1.605 cents, is disposed of in this way. Conductors get the largest share of this amount, with motormen, road and track men and car and motor repairers following in the order named. Fully 50 per cent of that part of the fare which goes to labor is received by conductors and motormen.

The supply men come next. They get 19.3 per cent of the nickel, or .965 of a cent. Things that are paid for under this head include fuel, wire, rails, ballast, stationery, printing and general publicity. Next come the company's creditors. They share the fare to the extent of 14.8 per cent, or .74 of a cent. Under this head come men or corporations from which money has been borrowed on bond or mortgage, on short-term notes or other collateral.

The landlord's claim to the nickel dropped in the box amounts to 11.2 per cent, or .56 of a cent. Unless this claim is paid the companies may be dispossessed of pieces of roads, terminals or of trackage rights and facilities.

The State, county and the city also share in the income of the various companies, and consequently the tax collector comes in for 4.6 per cent of the fare, or .23 of a cent. Prompt payment of this charge is necessary to prevent the infliction of penalties or extra fees and interests. Claims for injuries to body, soul or spirit, and to property (including horses, cows, dogs), take care of 4.2 per cent of the fare, or .21 of a cent.

After the average company treasurer has paid out for miscellaneous expenses another slice of the fare amounting to 1.5 per cent, or .075 of a cent, he makes provision for "rainy" days. For this 3.2 per cent of the nickel is put in the secret drawer to take care of emergencies. Only .16 of a cent of each fare is used in this way, however.

Executives of various kinds receive 2.9 per cent of the cost of a ride for their share, there necessarily being many of them in systems that boast of any size at all. Their share totals only .145 of a cent, but it helps to reduce returns to the stockholders.

Last, but not least, come the stockholders. To them, for the use of their money, goes only 6.2 per cent of the fare. In actual payment it represents .31 of a cent. If these stockholders could be paid what savings banks would pay them if the par value of the shares had been deposited in 4 per cent savings banks instead of being invested in electric railways, they would get 19.5 per cent of the nickel. But that can't be done, and the stockholders must be content with their 6.2 per cent.

"This," the bulletin adds, "may account for the disheartening state of affairs shown in the following figures: Miles of electric railways built in 1902-7, 12,154; miles built in 1907-12, 5,295; decrease, 6,859 miles, or 56.4 per cent."

New Furs Cheaper, Undyed Pelts Cause

Fashion Favors Pieces Made From Skins Left Just as Taken From the Animals.

At no previous time have buyers been able to procure such attractive fur sets at reasonable prices. This is due to the number of styles that manufacturers have brought out for all classes of trade, and to the extensive use of undyed pelts, by which many new effects were added to the lines.

Silver kit fox is prominent this season, as well as the imitation, coney kit fox, which costs about half the price of the genuine. Natural kit fox is quite new, and is one of the most popular of the inexpensive furs shown for fall.

Variety is the keynote in the styles of both scarfs and muffs. The newest muffs have the outline of an elongated pillow. Some are twenty inches long, and the width of an ordinary muff. While the majority have square edges, some are rounded in front to give a heart-shaped outline. Ruffs, ties, collarettes and small crossover pieces are the smaller neckpieces substituted for the heavier ones.

New Firm Displays Holiday Goods Line

Fielding-Behrend Co. Opens Branch House in Atlanta, With Two Salesmen In Charge.

Newcomers to Atlanta are Harry J. Sternberg and George S. Anderson, who will represent in Southern territory the Fielding-Behrend Stationery Company of New York.

A branchhouse has been opened in Atlanta, at No. 8 Peachtree street. Mr. Sternberg later will travel South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Georgia, while Mr. Anderson will have for his territory Virginia, North Carolina, Kentucky and Tennessee.

The firm deals in holiday lines, including calendars, brass and metal novelties, box papers, leather goods, desk sets, albums, artificial flowers, mirrors, purses, cut glass, china, toilet goods and silver plate goods.

The lines represent the product of nine manufacturers. Both the salesmen in Atlanta are well known in Southern territory.

BUTTERFLIES TRIM HATS.

Butterflies are the newest trimmings for fall millinery. These are made in very natural effects of velvet edges, with metallic dust to give the brilliant color effects, and also of feathers cleverly pasted to show the soft spots on the wings. Two, three, or four butterflies in one cluster fit straight up on the hat, and every movement sets them fluttering in lifelike fashion.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Cravats of crepe de chine are much in vogue for wear with shirt blouses, and the new jabots are shown made in black and white, and color combinations.

The demand for slippers for home wear is greater than ever before. A firm in Lynn has started its run on slippers for the holiday trade a month earlier than usual.

The Pierrot ruff, a small neckpiece, is very popular for fall. This comes in marabou, with shirred crepe de chine and satin ribbon bows, in all colors. Marabou and ostrich sets are in good demand in natural colors and fancy combination shadings.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR SALESMEN TO BE GREATER

More From the Selling Force Will Become Partners in Future Than in Past

Whether salesmen any longer have the opportunity of making big money as salesmen is frequently discussed. There are many who say that personality is a larger factor than ever, and that this, together with the science of salesmanship, will always maintain the value of selling power.

A prominent manufacturer said the other day that a salesman had to be better posted along scientific lines today than ever before. He must study his customers' competition and be expert in retail merchandising, as well as a keen reader of character.

He must have the knack and judgment of knowing what his trade wants, and must aid his customers in making selections. He must be a close student of his own lines, and be able to point out superiorities and inferiorities. He must also have personal magnetism and the power of making friends.

Must Control Temper.

Besides these, absolute control over his temper and actions is necessary. Disagreeable scenes often come up, and the salesman of to-day, must either be clever enough to smooth them over or else school himself in making as graceful an exit as possible. A clever salesman will never quarrel with a customer or a prospective one.

It makes a bad name for his house, and besides it does not pay, because he knows that the day may come when he will sell that man a bill of goods.

"With such qualifications," remarked the manufacturer, "the modern expert salesman will command more money than ever, because personality and unusual efficiency are necessary in all lines of business. More salesmen in the future will probably become partners, because the type of man successful in the selling field embodies qualifications and executive characteristics that have not been thought necessary in the past.

Neglect New Firms.

"Old-time salesmen rarely open a new account, but go on, season after season, evidently without knowing that new merchants are constantly starting in business. There are plenty of such men puttering along just where they were fifteen years ago, simply taking orders from the customers they have without trying for new ones.

"In the same houses men have been made partners who entered long after the order takers started. Order takers would never be anything else anywhere. They never get ahead. It is the salesman with plenty of energy and a desire to get ahead that can rise to a partnership. To men of this caliber selling goods offers greater opportunities than ever in all lines of business."

$100,000,000 Goods Wait on New Tariff

No Such Wealth Ever Held in New York Before—Sugar Worth $12,000,000.

NEW YORK, July 26.—More than $100,000,000 worth of merchandise is stored in the bonded warehouses of Greater New York. Never on the face of the globe has there ever before been such an aggregation of everything that the soil yields and human industry produces.

The fifty-six great bonded warehouses are gorged almost to bursting with silks, teas, coffee, spices, oils, rugs, carpets, toys, textile fabrics, jute, hemp, wool, chemicals—with everything in which the merchants of the world trade.

More than 200,000 tons of sugar, worth over $12,000,000, are in bond. The New York Stock Company alone has 80,000 bags of coffee; its warehouses, with a capacity of 81,000,000 cubic feet, are filled,

JUTE ADVANCES ON REPORTS OF CROP DAMAGES

Yield of 10,000,000 Bales Expected, Which Is Short of Demand, Says Authority.

Jute costs much more now than it did two weeks ago, according to the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, among the largest users of burlap in the United States.

Ben Elsas, of this company, says that a jute crop of about 10,000,000 bales, certainly no more, is expected from India this year.

"Trade authorities assert that this is something less than enough to go around," says Mr. Elsas.

The South uses large quantities of burlaps, particularly in sacking cotton seed meal and oil cake.

Estimates of the Indian crop vary.

Some Bearish Figures.

One prominent Calcutta house, which is interested in twelve burlap mills, estimates a record breaking yield, placing the crop at 10,300,000 bales, while other authorities believe that the yield will be much smaller than expected, and not over 9,500,000 bales. The British Government's preliminary estimate indicated an increase of about 6 per cent over last year, but from private sources the information has come to hand that the crop has been badly injured, and the output will be of poor quality, with the total production not above last year, which amounted to 10,000,000 bales.

Cables asking whether the estimate of 10,200,000 bales was likely to prove correct brought replies to the effect that the concern giving this estimate was "bearish" on the market, as the new crop gives every indication of being below the 10,000,000-bale mark. On the other hand the last authorities are reported in other quarters as decidedly bullish on crop conditions.

New crop jute has advanced to £28 10s a ton, and is reported as very firm at the higher price level.

Calcutta Burlaps Up.

Calcutta burlap prices are reported to have advanced several points with the market strong, although there is not much forward business being put through.

Buyers have been watching the crop estimates, and until they have a better idea of the situation, are not likely to start in covering ahead. Importers are also holding back on forward contracts, pending further developments. Prices are stronger than they were.

Cables from Dundee report slight advances in that market, with manufacturers firmer in their price ideas, especially when it comes to a question of forward contracts.

* * *

Southern Railway Company has sold to bankers $1,750,000 5 per cent equipment trust notes to provide for additional cars.

* * *

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company directors will consider the common dividend at the annual meeting.

'Bungalow Beds' an Atlanta Innovation

Iron Bed Factory Has Products Human Race Wants From the Cradle to the Grave.

From the cradle to the grave, and one-third of the time between, the Atlanta Metal Bed Company claims to take care of members of the human race, which perhaps is as ambitious a project as any Atlanta factory undertakes.

Cribs and doll beds make provision for the youngsters. Then there are "bungalow beds" for girls and boys, beds of many descriptions for adults, and, to complete the list, casket stands for use during the rites over the dead.

"Bungalow beds" are worth a paragraph in themselves, for they are unique. No other manufacturers as yet have introduced them. The "bungalow bed" is single width, and about half the height of the regular size—in other words, its head is about thirty inches high. These have proven particularly popular at schools and colleges, and their introduction in such institutions has built up a demand from students who want the same kind of furniture for their homes.

Make Hit at Show.

These made a hit at the High Point, N. C., furniture show, where the Atlanta products were exhibited. So did the doll beds. Of course, there are doll beds of all kinds, but these are bronz, white enamel, or oxidized, and come complete with springs, mattresses and two pillows—perfect miniatures of "sure-enough" expensive beds.

There are few metal bed factories in the South. The reason, according to L. C. Moeckel, manager of the Atlanta plant, is the scarcity of skilled metal workers and finishers. The Atlanta factory has trained green men, under the direction of foremen and superintendents from Northern factories.

Manufacture begins with the assembling of the material—angle iron from the Pittsburg steel district, round iron from the Atlanta Steel Works, and tubing from the National Tubing Company. The materials are fastened on frames, held in just the position the pattern of the bed demands. Molds cover each joint, and into these molds is poured molten iron. The beds thus are held together by chilled iron castings. When the rough bits incident to casting have been chipped off, the beds are ready for finishing.

But there is another kind of metal bed, the "chill-less" bed. In this process the tubing is bored with holes one-thirty-second of an inch smaller than the rods. The rods are tapered at the ends and driven into the holes. This does away with the little knob-like castings and makes a higher-priced and more sightly piece of furniture.

The work of applying the enamel is elaborate. First, a "priming coat" of white is applied and baked several hours at a temperature of 150 degrees. Then follow three coats of enamel, with a similar baking for each.

Bronze Blown On.

The most ingenious machine in the factory is the Vernis-Martin machine, which bronzes beds, or, in fact, would bronze anything put into it, from a derby hat to a piano. The bed frames are coated with "size"—a sticky substance. Then they are put in a chamber, into which the blast from a powerful blower fan is directed. The bronze powder is fed in by teaspoonfuls, and the strong blast drives the powder against the sticky substance, covering the surfaces more thoroughly, more evenly, more quickly and more economically than the work ever could be accomplished by hand. Two men, with this machine, bronze 35 beds in two hours, where formerly, by hand, it took two men ten hours to do the same amount of work. Later the bronze beds are lacquered, so that the bronze is, in effect, held between two sheets of glass and can not tarnish.

Another ingenious machine is the one which bends two-inch steel tubing into the shape of a "U," the operation taking only a few seconds. This is a patent of the Atlanta factory, and many of these machines have been sold to other manufacturers.

Steel cables grasp the ends of the tubing and bend it at two places, around a grooved wheel as easily as a man could fashion a hairpin from a piece of fine wire. All previous machines have bent one curve at a time, necessitating a double operation for each piece of tubing, and in most instances the insertion of a plug or sand filler to prevent crushing the tube.

Tight Skirts Cause Decreased Profits For Silk Weavers

All Other Textile Manufacturers in Germany Report Better Business Than in 1912.

The decreased demand for silks consequent upon the vogue of tight-fitting skirts has been responsible for a reduction in the divdends paid by foreign silk weaving concerns. In a generally good year for textiles, the silk mills had earnings below those of the previous year.

Balance sheets so far issued for German textile companies reflect a marked improvement. The average rate of dividends paid this year by 123 representative textile undertakings, having an aggregate capital of $50,000,000, works out at 8.4 per cent, against 6.9 per cent paid in 1912.

The increase is the more satisfactory in view of the fact that in many cases large amounts have been put aside to strengthen the reserves, which last year were largely drawn upon to provide dividends or make up for losses.

The worsted spinning companies show a slight falling off, the average dividend of twenty stock companies being 7.8 per cent, as against 8.1 per cent last year. In other branches of the woolen industry fifteen representative concerns paid an average dividend of 11 per cent, against 10.7 per cent in 1912.

The average dividend of the silk mills, which was 8.6 per cent in 1912, fell off as a result of the changed styles to 5.8 per cent.

DOMESTIC OLIVE CROP.

It is estimated by the California Olive Producers' Association that that State will produce this year 1,125,000 gallons of pickled olives and 1,000,000 gallons of oil, which will be a record output.

DIXIE PICKLE AND PRESERVING CO.
Manufacturers of
Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.
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Write for our latest Catalogue. The leading merchants are adding the 5c and 10c departments. Why not one for your town?
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TO OUT-OF-TOWN MERCHANTS:

How would you like to hear the brainiest folks in the merchandising business talk about the Big Questions that concern every storekeeper in the country?

How would you like to rub elbows for a few days with Four Thousand other merchants who are all keen for more and better merchandising?

How would you like to see the way some other successful merchant runs things that pester you, how he handles the knotty points, how he succeeds where others fall down?

How would you like to spend a few happy days resting up and getting the needed change of scene while using part of the time gathering up inspiration that will freshen and brighten your business for a whole year?

If these things sound good to you, here's what do: Make your plans NOW to come to the

SOUTHERN MERCHANTS' CONVENTION
ATLANTA, AUGUST 4 TO 15

No investment you can make will bring you bigger returns physically, mentally, or where you carry your coin, than this trip. Don't give it the go-by. You'll be sorry if you do.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

BIG JULY BULL FAILS TO PUSH HIS ADVANTAGE

Henry Warten "Sews Up" Market, but Permits Opponents to Settle by Compromise.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—The collapse of the July deal in this market, attended by violent fluctuations, has been the sensational feature of the trading this week. The break started Tuesday, when a decline of 45 points from Monday's closing level was recorded as the result of comparatively few sales of July contracts, and was continued Wednesday, when another drop of 30 points took place.

Up to the time that the break in the July option started it was thought that Henry Warten, the cotton man from Athens, Ala., who had been engineering the deal in July, had the month "sewed up." He had received 2,900 bales of cotton on contract, and it was thought that he would demand about 10,000 bales more from the ring, which had sold that month short.

The shorts were being hard pushed to find cotton to deliver on contract, and for that reason the collapse of the July deal was all the more unexpected. It was reported on the floor of the exchange to-day that Mr. Warten had deemed it best to close out his contracts, without demanding delivery of the rest of the cotton due him.

Makes a Profit.

In other words, a private settlement was made, it is thought, on a large portion of his holdings, while the rest were liquidated recently when the market had a strong undertone. It is not believed that Mr. Warten has lost any money on the July deal; on the contrary, it is asserted that he came out with a profit. The worst that is said about him in connection with the deal is that he got "cold feet." That a cotton man should forego such an advantage as he had is more than experienced operators like Frank B. Hayne can understand. On the floor of the exchange it was said that if Mr. Hayne or W. P. Brown had had the ring short and unable to deliver all the cotton required, as was the case in this deal, prices on July would have gone sky-high, so to speak, and somebody would have had to settle at much higher prices.

The only persons who got hurt by the collapse of July were some trailers on the long side. They had held on, expecting to unload when the Warten interest had shoved the market up to satisfactory levels. When it was discovered that the Warten interest had been liquidated, the trailers attempted to sell out on a market which had no support whatever. The result was that brokers had to offer July down to a level well below the value of spot cotton before buyers could be found.

Spots Out of Line.

One reason, it is said, for the failure of Mr. Warten to carry his deal through to the logical conclusion was the fact that the differences on grades in this market were not in line with the differences prevailing in the interior. Here low middling is quoted 7-16c under middling, while at Houston and other interior markets the discount from middling on low middling has been a cent to one and one-eighth cent. Hence, the receiver of cotton in this market has been loaded up with low grade cotton which he could not sell in competition to the mills except at a clear loss of at least 9-16 of a cent. This, it is said, is what caused the leading July interests to close out their contracts and leave the trailers with the bag toh old.

The new crop months have naturally sympathized, to some extent, with the weakness in the near positions, August having declined proportionately with July. Predictions of rains in the western half of the belt also have given the market an easier tendency.

Twice as Many Cattle Could Be Raised In South By Use of the Modern Silo

Permits Greatest Amount of Food Per Acre, Conserves the Waste, Furnishes Appetizing, Succulent Food—Necessary for the Dairy, Essential in Beef Production—The South Backward in Its Use.

CHAS. A. WHITTLE

With a silo it is possible to grow two cows where one was grown before.

More succulent food can be grown on an acre for the silo than can be grown in any other form. When converted into ensilage more of the food content of a plant is conserved than when kept in any other shape. Cattle fed from the silo with suitable quantities of other food, are kept healthier and thrive better than when fed in any other manner.

The silo is both a source of economy and efficiency. Ten times as much space is required for storing corn field-cured than when put in the silo. Three times as much space is required to store hay in the barn than in the silo. So it is that the silo makes it possible to have smaller barns, carry less insurance, save cost of repairs.

In feeding, the silo preserves from waste a larger quantity of food materials than is possible in any other way. True, there is some waste from fermentation in the silo, but the curing process of corn in the field or other field-cured crops, exceeds by far the waste from the silo.

Economy of Silo.

The chief economy in using the silo is that it is the means of converting portions of the plant into appetizing food which otherwise the cattle would discard in the trough.

The equivalent of four tons of hay in feeding value can be easily obtained from an acre of silage. Four tons of hay per acre, of course, are not to be had, except from a good patch of alfalfa. Crops for ensilage can be grown on most any kind of land and with little trouble. It is not so easy to get hay crops.

No part of the country affords the opportunity that the South presents for growing, at lowest cost, abundant silage matter. Corn and sorghum with cowpeas can be gathered in great abundance from a field of ordinary fertility. Nothing like the equal amount of feeding matter can be grown in any other way. Considering that the silage crop can be grown as a second crop of the long growing season in the South, it is apparent, of course, that the kinds of crops that can be grown are not alone the South's advantage.

Necessity of the Dairy.

To keep a dairy up to maximum milk production all the year, of course, requires care in feeding. Experience has put beyond all question that no food source better serves the dairyman than the silage which he can get in great amounts from a small tract of land.

Aside from the unquestioned economy, the silage has special value in maintaining a healthy condition of the animal. It operates as a mild, laxative and when properly balanced with cotton seed meal and some dry hay, the cow is in prime condition for the maximum production of milk.

If a dairy is maintained on small acreage near a city where land is expensive, pasturage is out of the question, and the silo alone is the solution of an economic feed. For most parts of the South, however, pasturage is abundant and easily maintained, so that it is the cheapest possible source of food for cattle. Considering that there is a nine-month pasturage season on lands covered with Bermuda grass, where one might consider that from $1 to $1.50 per month would be a fair charge as pasturage cost, it is apparent at once that cattle growing in the South need not be an expensive proposition. The cheapness of pasturage, together with the long growing season, makes it unnecessary to go to the lengths in providing silage to which more Northern farmers have to go during the longer period of stall feeding.

But a long grazing season on inexpensive pasturage does not abate the necessity of a silo. The mere fact that cattle graze so much in the South makes the silo the more necessary, for no food better follows or precedes pasturage than succulent silage. They supplement each other splendidly.

For Beef Production.

Because of the healthy condition which silage produces in the animal, and because of the enlarged capacity for food which feeding silage creates, beef growers have long recognized the value of leading up to the finishing season by using silage.

Recent years have developed that silage is not only good as a succulent food between pasturage seasons, but is a food that can be carried along till the feeding is finished. Formerly it was said that cattle fattened by use of silage did not kill out well, that the meat did not have good color and the bone was too hard, that in shipping the shrinkage was greater than in the case of strictly corn-fed animals. Careful experiments have largely disproved these claims. At the Virginia station 124 beef animals were fed with reference to testing silage in beef production, for a period of 149 days and were then sold on the market. These cattle were fed from eight to nine pounds of concentrates per day from twenty-five to thirty-nine pounds of silage per day and about two pounds of dry stover or hay. When shipped to market the shrinkage was not as large as usually prevailed on shipment of corn-fed cattle from the same territory. The lot of cattle dressed out 56.9 per cent; a very creditable record, considering that they were grades, fed only 149 days. Instead of the meat being inferior, it turned out superior in quality. The fat and lean were well blended and the color was excellent.

It will be noted that some dry matter was fed. This is generally advised as a check on the laxativeness of the silage. Professor Charles Plumb, one of the greatest feeding experts of this country, connected with the Ohio State University, while strongly advocating silage, believes that to feed silage twice a day and hay once would prove a good policy. Others, however, claim that no more dry matter need be fed than by experiments prove is necessary to prevent too great a laxativeness of the animal.

Best Feeding Record Includes Silage.

The most rapid and economic gains made in a car load of cattle averaging 800 pounds each and fed from March 17 to July 15, by the Indiana Station, were those made from feeding 33.81 pounds of silage, 14.6 pounds of corn, 2.34 pounds of cotton seed meal, 2.38 pounds of clover hay. This experiment, as will be observed, was conducted during the summer months. The cattle relish silage in the summer as well as in the winter. For those sections of the country where droughts occur, the summer silo is considered a most important adjunct to cattle raising.

The Illinois station used silage for finishing choice Hereford steers along with a ration of broken ear corn and alfalfa. The cheapest gains were made where the silage exceeded the alfalfa, but the most rapid gains were made where the proportion of alfalfa to silage was greater.

Corn silage, when supplemented with oats and hay and used for calves intended for beef production, will produce 35 pounds more gain per steer during the season at the same cost of ration than when shock corn similarly supplemented is fed, according to experiment conducted by the Illinois station.

Another experiment where cattle were fed a ration of silage, shelled corn and cotton seed meal, as against another group that was fed all the corn and clover it would eat. The cost of gain per 100 pounds in the first was $9.79 and in the second $12.99. This experiment was conducted by the Indiana station.

Many instances might be multiplied giving the advantages of silage feeding in the cost of beef production, but enough has been given to indicate the general results.

Conserves Soil Fertility.

The more live stock grown per acre the greater the amount of manure available for enriching it. Since the silo makes it possible to raise two cows where one has been grown by other methods, so the silo makes it possible to get twice as much soil fertility for the same outlay—a matter well worth considering in these days when acquiring soil fertility is becoming more and more expensive.

Moreover, the silo is a means for returning to the soil the largest possible amount of the plant food contents which the crops have taken out. Each plant grown on the farm robs the soil of a certain amount of fertility. If it is corn that is grown and the grain is sold off of the farm, rather than fed on it, that much of soil fertility that has gone into the grain leaves and if its equal is to be obtained the farmer must go forth and buy it. If a part of the stalk of the corn is permitted to waste in the field, or is permitted to cure in a form that the cattle do not eat, so much of food content of the soil is thrown away. But when it is cut up and put in the silo, all of the plant is made palatable and available for food. Thus, the least possible amount of soil fertility taken up by plants is permitted to go to waste. After being fed, of course, it goes back to the soil to that extent which the animal has not converted into bone, blood, sinew and fat. It is estimated that about 75 per cent of the elements of the plant get back to the soil when fed through the silo and returned to the soil in the form of manure.

South Backward in Use of Silo.

All sections of the United States have better appreciated and made use of the silo than the South. True, some sections of the South devoted to dairying and beef raising have been using silos with great profit for a number of years. One can ride half across some of the Southern States and never see a silo. It is the greatest need of the Southern dairyman. It is doubtful if beef production can be generally carried on with success in the South without the use of the silo.

A silo can be constructed cheaply; in fact, more cheaply in the South than elsewhere. A farmer can build one himself at little cost. Usually it pays to have one built according to some of the best designs and at greater expense than the cheapest and more temporary kind, because of the lasting qualities, as well as its better arrangement. A silo can be built at a cost anywhere from $50 to $250. In the South they should be built with less diameter than in the North, because of climatic conditions.

Any college of agriculture or experiment station will furnish plans and specifications for a silo. Some of the railroads will also do the same. It would seem that there is no excuse for the Southern farmer not having a silo.

SPOTS REMAIN OVER CONTRACT PRICE LEVELS

Spinners Evidently Do Not Think Market Out of Line, Even With Good Crop Coming.

MEMPHIS, July 26.—Whether the cotton crop yield is under 15,000,000 or over 16,000,000 depends, according to many well-informed members of the trade throughout the belt, on the sort of weather during the next few weeks. At present it appears reasonable to think chances good for the former figure to be a minimum, and it is a conservative opinion that the market has been ruled by that sort of an idea.

It is true that many people in the trade have thought the market unnaturally sustained with so large a crop indicated, yet manipulative tactics have not been conspicuous and influences have been of legitimate character. In other words, the spot market has kept well above contract prices, indicating that spinners were not averse to paying current prices for what they were compelled to buy.

Conditions during the past week have been favorable as a rule, according to advices reaching here, and in this part of the belt there are almost no complaints. In the weevil sections the high temperatures tended to minimize the danger, for the larvae in large numbers were virtually cooked, thus offsetting in a measure the injury done by lack of sufficient moisture. The lack of rain, however, was not widespread, being confined almost entirely to the Western belt, including Texas and Oklahoma. There has been partial relief out there, but they will face increased weevil damage if rains come soon. The crucial period for this pest is ahead, and will reach its climax between the first and tenth of August. The fact that there is so large a crop for the pest to take toll of tends to minimize concern and acts as an offset, for continuation of energetic efforts to reduce the number of the weevil is doing much to lessen the promised damage.

Where the moisture supply was ample the crop has been doing well and showing some of the benefits of its excellent state of cultivation. Fruiting has been done under favorable conditions, and the smallness of the plant has to a large extent been overcome, though the crop as a rule is regarded as a little behind average.

A continuation of average weather conditions will give basis for expecting a yield that will be very large, though there are few who think chances favor breaking the high record of two years ago.

That would probably require an abnormally favorable August, and at the present time there are factors in the situation that do not promise any too well for holding the high condition.

The coming bureau condition report will shed some light on the question, and it is expected to be above that of a month ago. Some think it will be around 83 or 84, while others think the improvement for the belt will be barely a point on account of the dry spell over a part of the belt.

Price of Cotton Oil Is Not Manipulated

Shortage Is Blamed for Present Bulge, Together With Advance in Lard.

The recent advances in the price of cotton seed oil have led to suggestions that the price of the oil is being manipulated by large buyers. It is reported that Attorney General McReynolds has been asked to investigate the American Cotton Oil Company and the Southern Cotton Oil Company, it being alleged that these companies are "trusts" in violation of the Sherman act, and that they have forced the price of the oil to between 20 and 30 cents a gallon above its actual commercial value.

Inquiries made among large independent dealers in cotton oil, however, seem to show that the increase in the cost of oil has been due to the fact that consumption is considerably in excess of output and that consumers, both large and small, are in the same position in that they have been unable to provide themselves with an adequate supply.

One of the largest dealers in cotton oil said:

"There is no doubt that the present scarcity of oil is the principal cause for the high price. Neither the American nor the Southern Cotton Oil Companies is in a position to control the supply of oil to-day, and it is absurd to claim that they are responsible.

"We ourselves have been unable to get supplies of oil, and what we now have on hand is only about one month's supply, while we really need fully three months. The American company is in the same position. This is proved by the fact that recently it purchased a lot of oil in another city and brought it immediately to the refinery, when, if it had been well supplied and was buying to hold, it would have been far more profitable to store it where it was bought.

"Another cause of the price advance has been the increase in the cost of lard. The consumption of cotton oil for various uses has grown materially of late years, and its principal use is as a substitute for lard, though a considerable amount is also used in making oleomargarine and as a substitute for olive oil. With lard selling at nearly 12 cents a pound, cotton oil at 9 cents is an attractive buy, and this has naturally enlarged the demand.

"A peculiar phase of the situation is the fact that July oil is now selling at a higher price than August. As new supplies cease about May and no more oil can be obtained from the new cotton crop until October, it is natural that the further deliveries should fetch a bigger price, as there are storage and other expenses to be taken into consideration. The present situation is evidence of the fact that buyers are short and are willing to pay high prices to obtain oil quickly."

PROFITS SHOWN IN LOCOMOTIVE MANUFACTURE

Fiscal Year Closes With New Record for Gross Earnings and Satisfactory Net.

It is understood that the fiscal year of the American Locomotive Company ended June 30 will rank among the two or three best years in the company's entire career. So far as gross was concerned it was of record proportions and although net has been exceeded, particularly in percentage for the common stock, the general results were most satisfactory.

The balance for the $25,000,000 common after taking out $1,750,000 for preferred dividends and the usual liberal allowance for depreciation was equal to not far from $3,000,000 or practically 12 per cent for the issue, a record which compares with less than 1-2 per cent for the common in the 1912 year and 7 per cent in 1911.

Final inventory taking is likely to increase rather than reduce this balance for the common stock which compares with a 10-year average of 5.3 per cent.

One of the features of American Locomotive's recently concluded year is the sharp contrast which it affords with the car building companies as represented by American Car and Foundry. That company ended its fiscal period April 30, only two months before American Locomotive, so that comparison is fairly equitable. American Car and Foundry had a mediocre year with a balance for its common of but 4.1 per cent, or less than double the 2.4 per cent earned in 1912.

The very favorable record of American Locomotive must be ascribed mainly to two factors, freedom from labor difficulties and ability to get a large measure of continuous operation out of the plants.

This year just ended the company has had no labor difficulties and it has had the benefit of sufficient orders to keep plants in operation at an average of better than 80 per cent of capacity.

Locomotive orders, as a whole, have done relatively better than car orders during the past 18 months.

Iron Men Holding Up Price for Product

Believe It Better to Steady Market Than to Make Sales at Concessions.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., July 26.—Southern manufacturers of pig iron are still maintaining the $11 per ton price for pig iron on a basis of No. 2 foundry. While sales are not very frequent, the belief is that it will be better in the long run to uphold the price rather than to sell in quantity at a loss or near the cost mark.

There are indications of a better condition of the market in the next few weeks. The make is being further curtailed, effort being made to equalize the demand and production. Shipments are lively on old business, consumers asking for immediate delivery. This means there is need for the iron.

The steel operations in the Birmingham district are steady. With the exception of steel billets, the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company's big plant at Ensley has plenty of orders on hand to last two months yet, at least, with inquiries in hand that will call for operation extending through the balance of the year. It is expected that before December the Tennessee company will be furnishing billets to the American Steel and Wire Company at its new plant near Fairfield, in the Birmingham district.

Cast iron pipe plants are melting a large quantity of iron and there is a better feeling for the product. It is expected that all accumulated cast iron pipe will be moved out during the third quarter of the year.

Charcoal iron continues slow, but manufacturers are not making any concessions on the price, $23 per ton being asked still for the product. Special analysis iron as well as special brand iron is commanding a premium of not less than $1 per ton.

Coke is in strong demand and good prices obtain. There will be need for steady operation of coke ovens through the rest of the year. Mexico is still receiving much coke from the Birmingham district.

FINANCIAL NOTES

Total receipts of Suez Canal for 1912 were $27,005,068, an increase of $363,692. Net profits were $17,794,423.

Royal Dutch group of oil companies has entered fight for control of German oil trade against Standard Oil Company and a corporation controlled by Deutsche Bank.

Reports to the Department of Agriculture show that in the fiscal year ended June 30 last there were 57,628,491 animals slaughtered under Federal inspection in the 790 slaughtering establishments in 225 cities and towns of the United States. This is an increase of nearly 5,000,000 over the number of animals slaughtered in the previous fiscal year.

'Farmers' Banks' in France Are Studied By American Party

Agricultural Commission Takes Much Interest in System of Cheap Credits Used Abroad.

PARIS, July 26.—During the last thirty years, the great credit banks, with their hundreds of branches scattered through every region of France, have driven out of existence numbers of the old-fashioned private banks, which, from father to son, had long been fountains of credit to farmers of their district. Bankers and farmers were known to each other from childhood; credit was based on their friendships. With the new banks, such credit has had to be given in another fashion and with more technical precautions.

This is one of the reasons of the late outcry that farmers have not been finding credit. It has been made the pretext of an attack in Parliament on the impersonal credit banks, and has induced the Government to begin the Credit Agricole, obliging the Bank of France to hold constantly for its use a reserve fund of 20,000,000 francs.

Members of the American Agricultural Commission seem to attach more importance to this phase of the question of farmers' credit and cooperation than to intensive cultivation, and for this reason the Government has arranged a series of explanations of the way such matters have been settled in France by various authorities of the Government institutions.

Short-term agricultural credit and long-term credit, both collective and individual, with constant reference to farmers' mutual help and co-operative societies, is a subject of study.

Agricultural insurance is also gone into thoroughly, as well as Government's administrative organization of credit, co-operation, and mutual help, the relations between the Bank of France and the Credit Agricole banks, the central Credit Immobilier for cheap homes, and the results to date fo State agricultural credit in France.

Purchases of Cars Rise to New Figures

Railroads, by Heavy Orders in Last Year, Seek to Prevent Another Shortage.

During the first six months of the year 1913 a total of 85,000 cars was purchased by the railroads of the United States, according to authoritative records compiled by leading car manufacturing concerns. This total exceeds the record of car purchases for the first half of 1912, which reached hardly over 50,000. The heaviest buying of cars, however, in 1912 did not come until the last half of the year, and particularly in December, when the builders for a time were swamped with orders, so that for the last twelve months the new cars ordere by the roads reaches a total that shows they are making every effort to prevent a recurrence of the car shortage of last year.

In the final six months' period of last year from 150,000 to 175,000 cars were ordered, which brought the total of the year up to approximately 235,000 cars.

According to estimates made by the Iron Trade Review, the cars ordered during the first half of this year provide a requirement of at least 1,000,000 tons of rolled steel products.

REAL MONEY IN CIRCULAR MAILED BY SOUTHERN FIRM

The old saying that "money talks" was put into practice in a recent circular advertising campaign by a Southern concern selling bookkeeping and record forms.

This company's circular was a folder closed at the sides with seal stickers. The announcement on the address side of the circular was, "There Is Some Real Money Inside This Circular for You." Upon tearing open the seals and opening the circular the recipient found a crisp one-dollar bill attached to the top of it.

The heading read, "We Wish to Buy Ten Minutes of Your Time. If the Attached Currency Will Pay for It, Consider Yourself Engaged." This company figured that if it could actually secure a complete hearing of some 100 out of a list of some 150 of its best prospects the amount invested in the one-dollar bills would be money well spent.

Railroads Buying Many Locomotives

Prices Not Cut Deeply as for Cars, and Earnings of Manufacturers Show Gain.

In comparison with the first quarter of 1912, locomotive buying by the railroads showed a notable expansion in the opening quarter of this year.

Records kept of purchases of all the country's roads display a total of 1,261 bought in this period of 1913 against 805 in the same time in the preceding year.

As price-cutting in this department of equipment making has not been as intense as among the car building interests, the increase of orders naturally is being reflected in the earnings of locomotive companies.

The fiscal year of the American Locomotive Company, which ended June 30, is expected to be established in the annual report as one of the best in the company's history in respect to gross sales, while net income ran far in excess of the previous year.

News From Mexico Nearly Unobtainable

Business Men Have Much Trouble in Learning Real State of Affairs in Republic.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Business men with property interests in Mexico can understand the President's decision to recall Ambassador Wilson from Mexico City in order to get his account of conditions in that disturbed republic.

Judging by the difficulty of obtaining authentic information from correspondents in various parts of Mexico, it might be imagined that the Huerta Government was located on a South Sea island, with no cables to the mainland.

GERMAN FORESTS PROFITABLE.

On the best German forests the annual expense is $12 an acre, but the gross returns are as much as $24; thus they yield a net return of $11 an acre each year.

Col. Thompson Lauds Cotton Tax Editorial

"Finest I Ever Read on That Topic," Says American Interviewed in London.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Colonel Robert M. Thompson, of New York, in an interview with a representaitve of The New York American, said:

"I would like to offer your paper this expression of my opinion: You had an editorial on the cotton problem which seemed to me the finest editorial I have ever read on that topic. The way it grips the situation is just wonderful."

The Sunday American, July 6, had the following in its weekly business and financial article:

"The vicious proposal to tax dealings in cotton 'futures' has naturally aroused a storm of protest, for it would embarrass cotton growers, cotton manufacturers, spinners and everyone associated with the business, to say nothing of driving dealings in the staple from New York and New Orleans to Liverpool, where the advantages of a free, unfettered market are properly appreciated.

"The manufacturer who undertakes to make and supply so many gross of shirts or dresses or sheets at at stipulated price, in order to escape risk, at once arranges to have the raw material delivered to him at a specified price. On the cotton exchanges he can buy this material for future delivery, as there is an active market all the time for 'futures.' But if every bale thus traded in be taxed $2 or $3, this markete will be ruined.

"The manufacturer will have to pay more for his protection aagainst uncertain fluctuations and the grower will not find a ready market for his crop the moment he has it gathered and baled.

"The cotton tax is barbaric, and should be killed before it reaches the statute book. It would benefit nobody, but would injure everybody."

DOGWOOD SCARCE.

Dogwood, the principal source of shuttles for use in cotton mills, is growing scarcer year by year, and various substitutes are being tried, but with no great success.

OCCASIONAL OBSERVATIONS

Anyway, in Premier Bryan the United States can boast—if it feels that way about it—of having the most conspicuous "DOLLAR Diplomat" that ever held office. The emphasis is on the "Dollar." The "Diplomat" part is sounded softly.

• • •

Young J. P. Morgan rose like a son of his dad at the New Haven meeting which ousted Mellen. He asserted himself in the good, old-fashioned way of the late J. P. 'Tis said that it was the new Morgan who insisted upon Mellen's going, that it was Morgan who arrogated to himself the duty of selecting a successor, and that the other directors were forced to submit to the new leadership. Half the directors did not know when they met that Mellen was slated for dismissal. Morgan's aggressive action took their breath away. He showed unmistakable signs of pain and anger over the nation-wide criticism that has been leveled at the New Haven management.

• • •

Playing with secrecy is playing with dynamite these days. The Vulcan Detinning directors learned that. The president had an uncomfortable half hour before the Stock Exchange governors for the three days' delay in announcing the dividend omission. Publicity pays.

• • •

J. P. Morgan & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have been supplying Huerta with sinews of war. In case of intervention by the United States, what then?

• • •

There is much mental speculation going on in brokers' offices as to the probable price at which Union Pacific stockholders will be asked to subscribe to their allotted holdings of Southern Pacific. Efforts to obtain a glimmer of information from the bankers have signally failed. A well-known broker calls it a case where the bankers hold all the cards and the Union Pacific stockholders are compelled by the Supreme Court of the United States to play the game.

Chief Justice White Opposed Cotton Tax

Assailed Similar Assessment as Pernicious While Serving as Senator From Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Chief Justice White, of the Supreme Court of the United States, himself a Louisianian and cotton planter, is on record as against a tax on cotton futures on constitutionnal grounds.

Such a provision is contained in the pending tariff bill. Undoubtedly if this provision is in when the bill becomes law, the constitutionality of that tax will be brought before the Supreme Court for final determination.

It was in 1892, when Chief Justice White was a Senator from Louisiana, that a bill was pending similar in purpose to the amendment to the tariff bill proposing to tax dealings in cotton futures. In the debate, a number of Southern Senators took a prominent part. Speaking of the bill, the then Senator and present Chief Justice said:

"In my judgment there has been before the American Congress for many years no more pernicious, no more vicious, no more flagrantly unconstitutional legislation, no legislation more tending to undermine and destroy the very foundation of our Government, and none more calculated to do untold and untellable harm to the people of this great country."

LOUISIANA CORPORATION HAS INTERURBAN PLAN

NEW ORLEANS, July 26—The Southwestern Traction and Power Company has filed incorporation articles and proposes to build a system of interurban railways in Louisiana connecting Lafayette, New Iberia and Abbeville, besides other points, and possibly reaching to Alexandria.

The capital stock is placed at $3,000,000 authorized. Construction is expected to begin as soon as franchise taxes have been voted in the several districts named. Jules Godchaux is president, Sol Wexler vice president and Lawrence Blum secretary and treasurer.

If the line is built to connect only the three places first mentioned, it would be about 60 miles long, but if it be extended to Alexandria from Lafayette there would be about 80 miles more added, or a total of 140 or 150 miles, according as variations from a tangent might be made to tap intermediate points.

MORGANS BUY AND SELL SOUTHERN RAILWAY BONDS

NEW YORK, July 26.—J. P. Morgan & Co. have purchased and resold to Kean, Taylor & Co. $1,500,000 first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent bonds of the Southern Railway Company due 1994. This is part of an authorized issue of $120,000,000 of which $61,757,800 are outstanding, including $1,114,800 now held in the treasury. The proceeds will be utilized in reimbursing the treasury for moneys that have already been expended for improvements, betterments, etc.

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE **$1.95**

PACK IT— THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co.
326 W. Madison St., Chicago., Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Ex.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

George Rosser	205,665
Helen Brantley	201,875
Miss Frankie J. Smith	178,700
Josephine Simril	151,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	146,825
Hill McCalla	105,965
Wyman Conrad	102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	46,350
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Robert Harbour	168,180
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	167,725
Miss Elizabeth Garwood	159,810
Paul M. Clark	149,250
Edmund Hurt	148,900
Miss Idele Shaw	141,745
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P. Tucker	13,100
Elsie Gosnell	16,380

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Willett Mathews	165,200
Mildred Brickman	141,850
J. P. Goets, Jr.	131,400
Charles L. Stevens	152,650
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Herbert Chapman	206,400
Fannie Mae Cook	204,100
Florence Greenoe	202,950
Eleanor Raoul	173,200
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134,050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	148,700
Edward DeLoach	146,725
William Turner	143,850
Miss Beverly Swanton	142,700
Miss Susanne Springer	126,955
Edgar Wilson	27,765
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	15,900

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

George H. Melton	110,125
A. Morrison	106,100
Henry Hull	100,800
Philip Glistein	78,400
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	76,450
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ross Greer	208,250
Raymond Wilkinson	205,650
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
R. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox, Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,659
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,435
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Billie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lyldia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win? The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT
Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT
Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P.M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

Thursday Dog

HEARST'S
SUNDAY AMERICAN

EXTRA

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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid, admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

Then, again, it is caused when a busy man calls a number time and again, and gets no response. Always the symptoms react to the injury of the girl on the switchboard. She is sworn at, she is greeted with language that would melt the wires were there not insulation in parts.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

The medical men who say they have made a discovery in the disease, attach a serious significance to it. Instances of permanent aberration have resulted, they declare, in their papers. Men who are calm under circumstances that would drive a Job to drink become insane when the telephone responds not.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsowelter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

A plunge into the question revealed the fact that telephone dementia has its sources in the brains of the telephone girls themselves, those sweet, unperturbed creatures. Professor Hugo Munsterberg, the great psychologist of Harvard, who once lived in Germany, recently tried the brain force of 1,000 telephone girls, and found that many became mixed in their numbers after an hour.

But it is only the patrons who become violent. No person, not even a baseball umpire, the embodiment of phlegm and stolidity, is exempt, the doctors say.

And so if you wax wroth when the central tells you nine times "Number busy," if you get no answer from your number after call upon call, if you swear at the girl when she gives you the wrong number, then you've got it.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom, Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Woman's Right Costs Her $10 as Speeder

Judge Tells Her That in Present Day She Must Be Treated Like Man.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Equality of the rights of woman was recognized by Municipal Judge Orr yesterday, with the result that Mrs. R. W. Hood, 4414 Christiana avenue, was fined $10 and costs for speeding. Mrs. Hood admitted traveling 31 miles an hour July 9.

"In this age of woman suffrage I must treat you as I do the men," said the judge.

Although Mrs. Hood insisted she was "not in sympathy with woman suffrage," she was ordered to pay.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well, good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Dclares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by "Mrs." Belle Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excessive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 144 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knews.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Developments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by himself."

The other was:

"Mama that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Washington Society Trembles

'Fairest Girl' Turns Author

Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 29 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says: "Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

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If sun and wind make you squint and frown, you're bound to cultivate wrinkles and crow's feet. To overcome these quickly, bathe the face in a solution made by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint witch hazel.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

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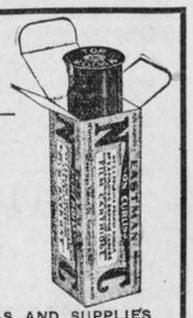

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SENATORS, STIRRED BY LOSS OF FOSS PLANT, ARE STRONG FOR RECIPROCAL TREATIES

Prominent Democrats Make Urgent Pleas for the Necessity of Widening American Markets and Insuring Prosperity.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The startling statement of Governor Foss of Massachusetts that he intends to remove his manufacturing plant to Canada as a result of the pending tariff bill has aroused the keenest interest among Senators.

Democratic Senators are strong for the reciprocity idea which Foss lays stress on. Here are some opinions on that subject:

Senator Lane of Oregon—Fair exchange among individuals is no robbery, and I think that will hold true among nations. I believe in reciprocal trade relations between countries. Our neighbors need things that we produce and they do not have; we need their products in many lines where we are not producers.

A mutual arrangement removing the tariff barriers a bit and offering bargains is a good thing, as it helps along business and maintains friendly relations. There's always a chance for a good trade under reciprocity, and I believe in it.

I do not think anything of the kind can be had under the present bill, however, for that measure is to go through as approved in the caucus. We ought to take up this question the moment we can, and by a separate measure, if in no other way, establish reciprocal relations that will extend our foreign trade.

Senator Ashurst of Arizona—I am in thorough sympathy with the general principles upon which reciprocity with others is based. There is a reciprocity provision in our tariff bill, and I hope through it the President may be able to negotiate business arrangements that would be advantageous to our own people.

Whether conditions to be imposed will compel manufacturing concerns to leave this country remains to be seen. Personally I do not think there will be any such result.

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon—I have always advocated reciprocal trade relations with other countries, for I believe it means an enlarged foreign market. Whatever swells our foreign trade reflects favorably upon our domestic conditions. There are many things we produce that might well be put upon a reciprocal basis in our dealings with other nations and to the mutual advantage of both parties to the compact. Whether Governor Foss is correct in the conclusions he has given, I am not prepared to say.

I wanted a countervailing duty on lumber, but the caucus voted me down. I know free lumber will operate to the disadvantage of the people of the Northwest along the Canadian line. The crown land timber can not be exported save only under an export tax. That same timber can be cut in Canada and shipped into the United States free as sawed lumber.

Some of our American firms are going over to engage in the business. We should devise some plan of reciprocity, either through specific legislation or by leaving it to the President. That has long been the American policy. Blaine and McKinley both favored it.

Senator Owen, of Oklahoma, chairman of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, declared reciprocity is necessary for the business welfare and prosperity of the American people.

"Reciprocity," said he, "will widen the market for American products and create a greater field for the employment of American labor. This statement I regard as a fundamental truth which makes reciprocity a necessary feature of the tariff systems of the world.

"I have always believed in reciprocity—the principle of reciprocity. Our tariff operates as a bar to commerce and narrows the field of opportunity for labor in this country. For example, our tariff obstructs the shipment into the United States of French goods.

The French in turn impose a tariff on our shipments to France, and these two tariffs amount to an obstruction of commerce between the two countries. They prevent an interchange of commodities.

"There are many French goods which the people of this country want that are not and can not be made in this country. They have a style and quality as distinctive to that country as a perfume to a flower. The same condition is true of France. There are American goods the French desire, but the tariff acts as an obstacle to the interchange of these commodities.

"By the application of the rule of reciprocity we could open the French markets to our American products and at the same time give the American people the French products they desire. It would stimulate the production in both America and France and broaden the field of opportunity for laborer and merchant.

"I have always looked upon the tariff as a necessary evil—necessary as a revenue producer. If we can raise money for the cost of government from other sources and lower the tariff where our markets would not be injured, we would benefit all classes of American citizens."

Five Attempts Show How Vast Would Be Value of Reciprocity

In 1854-1865 we had reciprocity with Canada. Our exports rapidly increased, and reciprocity was proven an unqualified success. It was terminated owing to the Civil War. Canada refused in 1911 to reopen the question.

In 1880 President Arthur sent a trade commission to South and Central America to plan an American Zollverein or "Customs Union." The results were mainly educational, but the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty was negotiated, with results that became important and historic in annexation twelve years later.

In 1890 a dozen trade agreements were entered into under the "reciprocity section" of the McKinley bill.

The President was authorized to withhold free entry of raw sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides from any nation that should refuse to grant us a quid pro quo.

A dozen trade agreements were entered into with foreign countries greatly to our advantage. Germany abolished its long-standing prohibition against American hogs, and gave us the full benefit of its "conventional" tariff on all agricultural products. Austria-Hungary gave us the rates of "the most favored nation" on 2,000 separate items of American export.

But all these reciprocity arrangements were annulled August 27, 1894, by the passage of the Wilson tariff bill.

But this third national effort at general reciprocity justified itself. It fell in an era of unprecedented commercial depression. It lightened that depression by a marked stimulation of foreign trade.

OUR ANNUAL EXPORTS TO GERMANY JUST BEFORE THE BEGINNING OF THIS EXPERIMENT AMOUNTED TO NINETY MILLIONS. IN THE MIDST OF THE FOUR-YEAR PERIOD OF THE RECIPROCITY THEY ROSE TO ONE HUNDRED AND THREE MILLIONS; AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE CANCELING OF THE RECIPROCITY AGREEMENT THEY FELL TO EIGHTY-EIGHT MILLIONS.

In 1897, under the reciprocity section of the Dingley tariff, nine trade agreements were made. Secretary Hay made extraordinary bargains with France, Germany, Italy and Portugal.

Germany conceded to all imports from the United States the full and unqualified benefit of her "conventional" tariff—a specially low tariff created by Germany for her European neighbors.

Without injury to a single American industry, without a single murmur of complaint in this country, Secretary Hay secured from Germany a guaranty against discrimination in any article of our export trade.

THE IMMEDIATE EFFECT WAS A DECIDED INCREASE IN OUR EXPORTS TO GERMANY FROM $155,800,000 IN 1899 TO $191,800,000 IN 1901, TO $249,555,926 IN 1910. OUR IMPORTS FROM THAT COUNTRY IN 1910 WERE $168,805,137.

In 1904, under a reciprocity treaty with Cuba, we again reaped a large reward and are continuing to reap it.

In 1903 our exports to Cuba were valued at $21,761,638.

In 1905 they had jumped to $38,380,601.

In 1912 they were $62,203,051.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysteria shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said:

"Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother, instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Bartholomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Parr. He said he had been living at Goshen and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Dog Chase of Rat Costs Mistress $5

Fox Terrier Rescued From Culvert by Newsboy and Is Rewarded by Owner.

NEW YORK, July 26.—A fox terrier, decorated with blue ribbons and held in leash by a silver chain, broke away from a stylishly dressed young woman yesterday near the Lackawanna Railroad Station in Montclair.

The dog pursued a rat, which led him into a culvert that ends in Toney's Brook. The stream runs under the railroad tracks, and is covered for half a mile.

Antonio Angelico, a newsboy, ran down the tracks to where the stream is open and caught the dog as it floated down stream with the rat in its mouth. After giving Angelico a $5 bill, the young woman picked up the bedraggled dog in her arms and hastened up Bloomfield avenue.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband Cites Story of His First Wife Gresheimer Fraud, Says Beauty

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr. Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

Caned Florenz Ziegfeld.

"He falsely and fraudulently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, "that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

Wisconsin Offers New Fellowship

Memory of Albert Markham Honored by Trustees of University by Memorial Endowment.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—In compliance with the bequest of Mrs. Caroline S. Markham, the regents of the University of Wisconsin at their meeting last week established a traveling fellowship, valued at $800, to be known as the Albert Markham memorial fellowship, in honor of Professor Albert Markham, who established Markham's Academy in Milwaukee. Albert William Aron, who receives the degree of doctor of philosophy from the State University this year, and who has been an instructor in German at the university, was appointed to the fellowship.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 179 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

Finds Wife Heiress; Quits Police Force

Patrolman Discovers That His Spouse Can Write Check for $200,000—Casts Uniform Aside.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Henry Daniels, who resigned from the police force, only learned that day that his wife, whom he married June 21, 1904, is an heiress and able to write her name to a check for $200,000.

Mrs. Daniels decided that she had kept up her experiment long enough. Friday she told her husband of her estates near Milwaukee, and informed him that she thought he might as well resign from the police force so he would have time to manage his family affairs.

Mrs. Daniels was Miss Margaret Hands, of Milwaukee. Her father died several years ago and left her the bulk of his fortune. With it he left her advice to the effect that she should allow no man to marry her for her money. She followed this advice.

Beer Flows in Creek; Fish Have Delirium

Brewery Is Closed and Product Is Used as Treat for Deep's Denizens.

MENDOTA, ILL., July 26.—There will be no more fishing in the Mendota Creek for months to come. It is improbable that the fish will be able to see the bait for several weeks. The banks are lined with hundreds of dead fish and the creek is full of others dead drunk.

Because of failure to pay the Government tax the Mendota brewery was closed and 1,081 barrels of beer were emptied into the river.

An hour later a conglomeration of queer sounds arose from the creek, from the mewing of catfish to the deep bass of the bass. Several turtles were seen disporting themselves absurdly on a log and three bullfrogs staggered down Main street to-night until taken into custody by a policeman.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, to-day decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"I will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer in Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Company for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

MARRIAGE INVITATIONS

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DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Woman Asks Half of Millionaire's Riches

Files Suit for Wife's Share of Estate Though He Was Thought a Widower.

DENVER, July 26.—Mrs. Michael Kennedy, of Leadville, filed a suit to-day in the District Court of Denver County against the trustees of the W. S. Stratton estate, the Myron Stratton Home and the International Trust Company, in which she demands one-half of the property, alleging that she is the widow of W. S. Stratton, millionaire mining man, who died in 1903 leaving an estate of $8,000,000 to the State of Colorado for a home for indigent citizens of the State. This home has not been built. Stratton was believed to be a widower at his death.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

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Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life in Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The will of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here, leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This had been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE

IOWA CITY, IOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

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And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

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Low round trip fares North and West

Commencing June 1st and daily thereafter round trip tickets over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will be sold at greatly reduced fares to all the principal lake, mountain and sea shore resorts and to many of the larger cities in the North and West. These tickets will be good returning until October 31st, and bear liberal stop-over privileges. Round trip fares from Atlanta are

Cincinnati	$19.50	Mammoth Cave	$17.40
Charlevoix	38.08	Marquette	45.70
Chautauqua Lake Pts.	34.30	Milwaukee	31.75
Chicago	30.00	Minneapolis	43.20
Colorado Springs	47.40	Niagara Falls	35.85
Denver	47.40	Petoskey	38.08
Detroit	29.00	Put In Bay	28.00
French Lick Springs	21.70	Salt Lake City	60.40
Indianapolis	22.80	St. Louis	25.60
Louisville	18.00	Toronto	38.20
Mackinac Island	39.50	Yellowstone Park	67.60

These are but a few of the points. There are a great many others and we will be pleased to give full information upon application. Proportionately low fares from other points in Georgia.

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LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

A $2,300,000 VILLA HERS

Little Girl Who Was Enabled to Walk by Dr. Lorenz Shows Only Traces of Lameness.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Lit-tle Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Cooper, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers



An actual snapshot of a slashe dskirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.

Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent, or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Tonic Bottle Blow Restores Lost Hair

Waiter Attacked by Woman and Struck on Bald Pate Beneficiary of Miracle.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—Hattie Clark, be-diamonded and gowned in the latest mode, struck A. F. Wachter, a waiter in a Fifth avenue cafe, over the bald head with a bottle containing hair tonic because he failed to serve her promptly. She was arrested. When she appeared in court she glanced toward Wachter and swooned.

Miss Clark declared that she had been overcome by Wachter's full head of hair, which was bald when she hit him. She told the court she had broken a bottle of hair tonic over Wachter's head. She pleaded that she be allowed to go, as Wachter had been benefited.

Horse for 15c Balks; Asks Money Back

Bargain Roadster Is Cause of Fight Between Two Foreigner Friends in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 26.—This is the story of a horse which, in spite of his decrepitude, was the cause of a fight over 15 cents between two friends.

John Nayewska, of No. 8612 Baltimore avenue, the owner, found himself broke. There were no oats in the barn. Tony Novak, who lives in the next block, was thinking at the same time how nice it would be to take a ride with his family on Sundays.

"Gimme 15 cents for him," said John.

"You're on," said Tony.

Tony hitched the animal to his old buggy and helped his wife and three children in. The horse refused to move for an hour.

Tony hastened to John's house, angry. He demanded his money back.

John had spent the money. The argument became so heated the police were called.

Fleet's Cruise Stops Wedding of Ensign

Decision of Secretary Daniels to Send Ships to Mediterranean Halts Matrimonial Plans.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Decision by Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, to send the Atlantic battleship fleet on a Mediterranean cruise was instrumental in postponing until next spring the marriage of Ensign William Henry Purnell Blandy, U. S. N., of the battleship Florida, and Miss Roberta Hope Amies, one of the prettiest of the Capital's younger women.

The young couple were to have been married in the autumn, but now, due to the foreign cruise, the event will not take place until the return of the fleet next spring from the winter maneuvers in Cuba and the spring target practice.

Wrong Man's Ribs Cracked for Rival's

Jealous Suitors Attack Stranger and, Finding Mistake, Apologize and Take to Heels.

NEW York, July 26.—A girl's jealous suitors held up Daniel Smith, of Peekskill, at a pistol's point in Highland Falls yesterday. They beat him until three of his ribs were broken and his head terribly bruised before they discovered they had the wrong man.

"So you'll keep after Beulah," was the remark that preceded the attack. Finally, when the young man was able to explain his innocence, his assailants let him up, saying: "Excuse us, old pal; guess we got the wrong fellow." Then they fled. Smith is in the hospital. Who "Beulah" is has not developed.

Hen Displaced by Hot Spring Water

Natural Incubator Discovered by California Farmers in Flowing Stream and Used Successfully.

SAN BERNARDINO, CAL., July 26. Ranchers of the hot springs belt in the San Bernardino Valley, Arrowhead, Harlem and Urbita, will henceforth let nature hatch the eggs.

When a setting hen disappeared from the Sturges Sawyer Ranch, in the Warm Creek District, Sawyer rushed for an ancient incubator. He could not find a lamp and there was no oil about the place.

Time was slipping and the eggs were growing cold. Sawyer finally hit upon the scheme of turning water from a natural hot spring through the incubator.

After several days of anxious watching, he heard the "peep, peep," of the first chick, and soon he had a large brood.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap, trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

PORCELAIN—NO GOLD
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



Whalebone; Best Set, $3.00 No More, No Less.

GOLD CROWN (22-K) $3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS ..... .25
GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
CLEANING TEETH ..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street

JACOBS' PHARMACY

Timely Needs
At Cut Prices

25c Blue Jay Corn Plasters, 13c; 35c size, 21c.
25c Mentholatum, 19c; 50c size, 38c.
25c 4711 White Rose Glycerine Soap, 15c.
25c Cuticura Soap, 19c.
25c Baker's Breakfast Cocoa, 22c.
50c Ingram's Milkweed Cream, 39c; $1.00 size, 78c.
$1.00 Magnolia Balm, 63c.
50c Herpicide, 43c; $1.00 size, 85c.
25c Packer's Tar Soap, 18c.
50c Hinds' Honey and Almond Cream, 42c.
25c Odorono, 19c; 50c size, 38c.
Mary Garden Talcum, 50c.
25c Pond's Vanishing Cream, 21c; 50c size, 42c.
15c Palm Olive Soap, 10c.
25c Lyon's Tooth Powder, 19c.
25c Listerine, 19c; 50c size, 38c; $1.00 size, 75c.
$1.50 Oriental Cream, $1.25.
Jacobs' Hydrogen Peroxide, 1-4-lb., 10c; 1-2-lb., 18c; lb., 30c; quart, 50c.

Jacobs' Malt
Best Summer Tonic

Jacobs' Malt Extract contains more diastase and nutritive property than any other, analysis shows, 15c; dozen, $1.50; cask of ten dozen, $12.50.
Wyeth's Malt Extract, 30c; dozen, $3.30.
Hoff's Malt, 25c; dozen, $3.00.
Hoff's Malt with Iron, 35c; dozen, $3.50.
Pabst Malt, 20c; dozen, $2.25.
Malt Nutrine, 20c; dozen, $2.25.
Wurtzberger's Malt, 15c; dozen, $1.50.
Malt Marrow, 20c; dozen, $2.25.
Wampole's Malt, 35c; dozen, $3.50.

Saturday Candies
50c Chocolates and Bon Bons 29c

YOU cannot equal them under 50c or 60c a pound. Fruits, nuts, maples and chocolates, every piece so good that every week brings enthusiastic praise from well pleased customers. Hundreds buy this special Week-End box regularly. Sold at all of our stores, Saturday and Sunday only (made fresh Friday) at the Special Week-End Price 29c

60c French Nut Caramels 40c.

Chocolate and vanilla caramels whipped into a cream as light as foam and filled with fine pecan and walnut meats. They are delicious. Saturday only the price is 40c.

Main Store and 23 Whitehall St.

Try These At the Fountain

Joy Sundae 10c
Crushed pineapple, raspberry, banana, lemon ice and vanilla ice cream; the fruits and creams wonderfully blended into a most tempting and delicious delight.

Pineapple Sangaree 15c
Crushed fruit and ice cream shaken to a light snow and topped with carbonated water and whipped cream. What could you think of more cooling and refreshing?

Jacobs' Egg Drinks
Every egg used at our Fountains is fresh laid; shipments daily, direct from the farm. Jacobs' Egg Drinks are delicious and very nourishing.

Specials For MEN

Cigars Saturday



JACOBS' Pharmacy Cigar Departments carry a complete line of all popular and high grade Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos at the lowest prices. Our Saturday Specials offer a genuine treat to the man who smokes.

Queen of Tampa, finest 10c straight All-Havana Cigar, Saturday 4 for 25c. (Limit of 4 to a customer.)
Capulet, Saturday 3 for 25c.
Portina Panitelas, Saturday 4 for 25c.
5c Piedmont Cigarettes, Saturday 3 for 10c.
Rosales, pure Porto Rican, and regular 3 for 25. quality. Our special price 5c straight. Try it if you like a fine Porto Rican blend.

E. & W. SPECIAL.

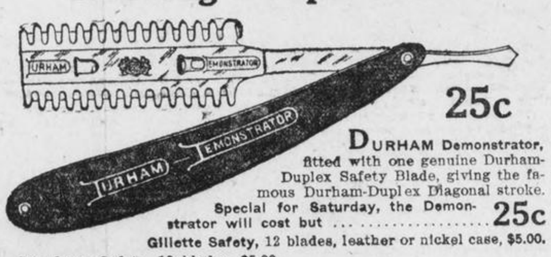
We call special attention to this 5c All-Havana E. & W., for you will find it the BEST 5c Havana you ever smoked. Try it to-morrow, and if you are not well pleased, YOUR MONEY BACK. 5c straight; a box $2.50.

Solace Havana, leader of Havanas for over 40 years. Sold in Atlanta a Jacobs' stores only. 10c straight; box of 50, $4.50.

Cigar Departments at the Following Jacobs' Stores:

23 Whitehall Street
266 Peters Street
544 Peachtree Street
245 Houston Street
70 West Mitchell Street
216 Lee Street, West End.
Marietta and Forsyth Streets, Under Bijou Theater.

Sale of Razors, Blades and Shaving Preparations



25c

DURHAM Demonstrator, fitted with one genuine Durham-Duplex Safety Blade, giving the famous Durham-Duplex Diagonal stroke. Special for Saturday, the Demonstrator will cost but 25c
Gillette Safety, 12 blades, leather or nickel case, $5.00.
Auto-Strop Safety, 12 blades, $5.00.
Durham-Duplex, 12 blades, $5.00.
Durham-Derby, 12 blades, $2.50.
Fine Safety Razors at $1.00 each: Enders, Gem, Jr., Ever-Ready, Perfect and Young's.
Clark's Trial Safeties, 2 blades; Special at, each 25c.
Wardlow's Guaranteed $1.00 Old-Style, extra hollow ground, concave blade, round ends; a fine razor and equal to those we have seen selling elsewhere for $1.50 and $2.00 each. Our Special at 49c
Safety Blades: Gillette, $1.00 dozen; Auto-Strop, $1.00 dozen; Ever-Ready, 10 for 50c; Durham-Duplex, 50c 1-2 dozen; Enders, 25c 1-2 dozen; Gem, Jr., 7 for 35c.

Jacobs' Shaving Lotion Feels Fine



MAKES the skin feel so cool and firm to the touch, exhilarates with a sensation of luxurious cleanliness. Some call it the best part of the shave. If the razor slips or pulls it is soothing and quickly heals the soreness; and it keeps the skin soft and in splendid condition.

Carefully groomed men prefer Jacobs' Shaving Lotion, yet it is very economical. 4-oz. bottle, sprinkler top, 25c.

Jacobs' Lilac Vegetal, 59c.
Jacobs' Violet Distilled Witch Hazel, 25c.
Colgate's Shaving Stick, 10c, 20c; Soap 5c.
Cream or Powder, 20c.
Williams' Shaving Stick, cream or powder, 20c.
Williams' Barber Bar Soap, 10c.
Roger & Gallet Cream, tubes, 35c, 65c; Jars, 50c, 75c; Stick, 35c.
4711 Shaving Stick, 35c.
Pear's Stick, 30c.
Gillette Stick, 20c.
Cuticura Stick, 23c.
Liquozone Stick, 20c.
Berset Shaving Cream, 20c.

Here's Instant Relief for Those Burning, Tortured Feet

When the hot, scorching pavements seem to make every nerve in your feet burn and jump with awful shooting pains, and your feet ache and drag as if ton weights were pulling them back, just put them in a

Jacobs' Foot Relief Bath

It eases instantly; draws out all the poisonous toxins; stops the swelling; cools, soothes, rests the feet and makes them feel good. Used a few nights, Jacobs' Foot Relief will stop all of the torture you are now suffering, just like magic. Prevents excessive perspiration of the feet, and odor. A fine preparation from our own laboratory which we guarantee to be satisfactory or money refunded. 18c; by mail, 20c.

Jacobs' Foot Comfort is in powder form to be sprinkled in stockings and shoes, to prevent excessive perspiration and swelling; keeps your feet comfortable in warm weather. 15c; by mail, 17c.

Shower Sprays With Friction Scrub That a Man Likes



KNICKERBOCKER SPRAYBRUSH SHOWERS, made of the best red rubber, nickeled attachments. Massage brush gives a fine frictional scrub; also shampooing attachment. Perfect shower outfit, guaranteed to fit any faucet. No cumbersome fixtures; put it in your grip and you can enjoy your shower no matter where you may wander.

Prices from $1.00 to $5.00.

Jacobs' Special Shower Bath Spray, best grade red rubber, heavy tubing, aluminum parts; finest spray obtainable at the price; $1.00. With extra large spray, $1.50.

$15 Overhead Shower Special $9.98

Complete high grade overhead shower, which heretofore it has been impossible to equal under $15.00. A splendid equipment in every detail, all parts best grade and guaranteed to fit any faucet; portable, or can be set up to remain stationary. Only a few to go at the price, $9.98.—Main Store and 23 Whitehall St.

Can You Prepare a Fine Salad?

The Secret of a Fine Salad Dressing Is in the OIL—JACOBS' PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL

PROCURED from choice, carefully selected olives grown in Italy, the first pressing of the fruit only, which gives it a light body and delicious flavor entirely free from coarseness.

Jacobs' Olive Oil

has an extremely delicate flavor, finer than other brands, and when you have tried it you will immediately appreciate its superiority. The State Chemists have tested this oil and rank it "absolutely pure and unadulterated."

If you want the reputation of serving an exceptionally fine salad, then use Jacobs' Pure Olive Oil. Try it. For all culinary purposes it is superior, and for medicinal uses we recommend it as the finest brand of olive oil procurable. 1-4 pint, 20c; 1-2 pint, 35c; pint, 60c; quart, $1.00.

JACOBS' PHARMACY

Main Store and Laboratory, 6 and 8 Marietta Street

23 Whitehall Street
102 Whitehall Street
70 W. Mitchell Street
544 Peachtree Street
245 Houston Street
216 Lee St., West End
266 Peters Street
152 Decatur Street
423 Marietta Street

Marietta and Forsyth Streets, Under Bijou Theater.

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

* * *

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

* * *

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

* * *

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

* * *

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

* * *

He may depose the Sultan.

* * *

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Always, as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage; of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"My son, I am highly pleased to see one who is so deeply interested in the tenets and doctrines of Islam, which are always holy and just. May Allah bless and guard them. But your questions aim so directly at the foundation rock of Islam that it is desirable that you should leave them with me in writing in the fashion required by the Koran and usage. Then, through the proper authorities, I shall refer to Islam for answers."

"But I said:

"'I thank Your Highness for your gracious and generous suggestion. But I am informed that the Synod, in accordance with precedent and usage, would answer only "yes" or "no" to my questions. I beg you to elaborate your answers with your own lips, so that they may go to the uninitiated, to those who do not understand Mohammedanism and who perhaps are inimical to its precepts and institutions.

"The venerable head of the church consulted with His Excellency the Counselor and some of the theologians about him. Then he said graciously:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Allah directed the woman in explicit terms to conceal her face and her ornaments from the view of men. Allah is all-knowing and all-wise. Allah does not change His mind. He knew thirteen hundred years ago the character of the nature of the man to come thirteen hundred years hence.

"If any change were to be made in His Law, He would have provided for it. He did not. So we must adhere to the veil and the shawl as long as Islam remains a living religion. May Allah prosper it.

"It will last as long as the world itself. To discard the veil and the shawl would clearly mean to refute the great attribute of the infallibility of Allah. As I stated, Islam is based upon logic and therefore it can not contradict itself by abandoning a guiding principle such as the infallibility of Deity."

Polygamy Long Ago Devised Can Not Change.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"Our religion does not regard with disfavor or as immoral the attention of a Moslem to another woman, provided that he has fulfilled all his duties to his wives. I am inclined to believe that the world is floating in the direction of Islam.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulfilled his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

"Now, the broadest of questions, if your highness pleases, what is the relation of Mohammedanism to the state?"

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Mosiem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"They must not concern themselves, however, with matters and duties that pertain to the faith.

"You know that the contents of the Holy Koran were handed down to Mohammed by God through the Archangel Gabriel. Yet Mohammed, to avoid the possibility of any error in transmission or transcription, or in his own understanding thereof, in the last instance assembled a council to deliberate upon each word and sentence of every chapter.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

The Sheik-ul-Islam appeared to me to be about 90 years old, but the spirituality of his face defied any accurate estimate of his age. He is not more than 5 feet 7 inches tall; his stooped shoulders bespoke the student who has burned the midnight oil studying the Koran.

His eyes are blue and lustrous; he has a long gray beard. His outer garment was a long black mantle, which he wore unbuttoned.

How He Secured the Difficult Interview.

My learned friend, Dr. Izzet-dine Bey, president of the Department of Infants' Estates, a prominent member of the house of the Sheik-ul-Islam, was the means of gaining me an audience with the teacher of Islam. The belief is forced upon me, that the venerable man expected only an audience—**had no idea of granting this unique interview.**

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of $0,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

"SHINPLASTER" MONEY, RELIC OF WAR, REAPPEARS

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26 Five 10-cent "shinplasters," the name applied to the fractional currency issued during the Civil War, were received by Secretary of State Roach from Leon Virlet, of Paris, France, in part payment of a commission issued to him by Governor Major as Commissioner of Deeds for Missouri in France and adjoining countries.

These are the first "shinplasters" to make their appearance in any of the departments of State Goverament during the past twenty years. They were in excellent condition and were of the issue of 1868 and 1863.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Cash Bonus Aids Labor of Cupid

Packing Company Places Premium on Matrimony Among Employees, With Good Results.

CHICAGO, July 26.—A cash bonus to every employee who marries, offered by Swift & Co. at the stockyards, has caused a rushing business for Cupid, $50 being offered to all department heads who married and $25 to all other employees. Albert Nelson, head of the donation department, said he was kept busy all through June handing out the company's checks and blessings.

"The marriage bonus is the company's encouragement to its employees to marry," he said. "It goes to the men who marry as well as the girls who marry, and if both parties to the romance are employees they get a double bonus."

Eugenic Marriage Act Passed in Dakota

Wedding of Diseased Persons Prohibited, While Habitual Drunkards Are To Be Kept Single.

GRAND FORKS, N. DAK., July 26.—Under the new North Dakota marriage law, which has just become effective, the intermarriage of diseased persons is prohibted. This is the first step taken toward the more rigid control of marriages, and is in line with the general movement throughout the country for the physical examination of persons about to enter the marriage state.

Each person seeking to be married must file with the license clerk a certificate of good health, the certificate to show that the person is not afflicted with any contagious or infectious disease. Another certificate must be filed to show that the parties are not in any manner related by blood.

Habitual drunkards are prohibited from marrying under the provisions of the new law also.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thnuderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

Physicians have been studying the case, but no solution has been given.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 521s Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic hold he has on his wife.

Why Endure Sore Feet Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.



OKLAHOMA NOW WOULD BE MADE INTO 2 STATES

Difference of Interests in Eastern and Western Sections Cause of Movement to Divide.

TULSA, OKLA., July 26.—The division of Oklahoma into two States, practically along the lines that distinguished Indian Territory from Oklahoma Territory before their union into a single State, is the latest movement in Oklahoma.

This movement had its inception with the Tulsa and Muskogee Commercial Clubs. It is generally favored by the oil interests, and to a large extent by the coal and lead mining interests of Eastern Oklahoma. There is also considerable sentiment in Western Oklahoma in favor of such a division.

Discord Constant in State.

The fact there is lack of unity of interest between the eastern and western half of the State is responsible now for the effort being made to create two States out of Oklahoma. The chief resources of Eastern Oklahoma are minerals, oil, gas, coal, lead and zinc. Western Oklahoma is strictly an agricultural country. What is of benefit to Eastern Oklahoma is likely to be of no benefit to the west side of the State, and vice versa.

There is constant discord between the two sides of the State, which crops out a every State gathering where sectional divisions have to be considered in matters of business. The Legislature is a constant scene of warfare between members from Eastern and Western Oklahoma. An item of legislation benefiting the oil industry is usually assailed by the members of the "west side" because of its alleged taint of Standard Oil.

Agriculture Neglected.

The members of the Legislature from the "east side," particularly from the oil belt and mining regions, care little for legislation beneficial to the agricultural interests of the other half of the State. And thus there is discord and milling all along the line that has increased instead of diminished since the State was admitted to the Union six years ago.

Of the possible 1,700,000 population in Oklahoma at least 1,000,000 are in Eastern Oklahoma.

Fifteen Tongues Fail To Aid Lost Woman

Finn Finally Appears and Directs Her to Home Where She Was Employed.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Mary Pier-Finland three weeks ago, got lost enen, who came to this country from yesterday. On the Third avenue elevated station at 137th street, she was unable to make anyone understand her request to be directed to her home.

Fifteen persons in as many languages tried in vain to converse with her. Somebody found a Finn in business in the neighborhood. Mary told him that she wanted to know how she could reach the Home for Incurables at Third avenue and 133d street, where she was employed in the nurses' quarters. She got the directions.

HORSE, DESPISED, ENDS LIFE.

SPOKANE, July 26.—Deliberate suicide is the verdict given by employees of the Spokane Humane Society regarding the demise of Ben, a decrepit, deserted horse. He sampled the clover patch on the bluff overlooking the river bank of the humane barn, then plunged headlong over the precipice.

ARTIST WOULD DIVORCE NIECE OF WHITTIER

Art Triumphs Over Cupid in the Case of Isaac Caliga, Boston Painter.

SALEM, MASS., July 26.—Art versus home life and the love of a beautiful Quakeress—and art wins!

This is the story of the shattered romance of Isaac Henry Caliga, the Boston and Salem artist, and his wife, Mrs. Phoebe Woodman Caliga, niece of the poet Whittier. It is the story of a painter who comes to the parting of the ways—who finds he must choose between his art and his home life and love of his wife.

It was love and home against brush and canvas—and to brush and canvas go the victory. Result—a trip to the divorce court.

The artist, who has filed the suit in the Salem Divorce Court, says his aim is to make his wife free to go and do what she pleases.

Caliga says the cause of it all is "too much temperament on my part." He says his wife is inclined to domestic things and applies the word "devoted" to her.

Agreed to Disagree.

He says he and his beautiful wife had agreed to disagree—that they are still friends; that his wife was brought up in Quaker surroundings in the "quaint, yet pleasing style of the Quakers."

"Maybe I've been too faithful to my art," said Artist Caliga, "and haven't paid enough attention to my home. It is for our own happiness that I take this action. It will make her free to go and do what she pleases. Our home life since we were married was one of the pleasantest, and she is a devoted mother and was a devoted wife. But I think this artistic temperament of mine did not allow me to understand things quite.

Brought Up as Quaker.

"As you know, she was brought up in Quaker surroundings, being a relative of Whittier. She is naturally of a retiring and quiet disposition.

"I have the greatest respect for her, and our friends that we knew when we lived together understand the situation very clearly. They feel sorry for us, yet feel that our mutual understanding, that of agreeing to disagree, was the wisest and best thing to do.

"No, I'm not of that artistic temperament that promotes the throwing of plates and crockery one minute and making ardent love the next. No, not that, just a love for my art and possibly too strong for one that has a family. You know, love is a great big proposition. Well, you also know we don't always have things come out as we had planned, and that was our case, so we had a mutual understanding and we still hold each other's respect."

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We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

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FOR MILADY'S WARDROBE

By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

BLACK watered silk parasols are very popular this year. The handles are always elaborate; very often they are exceedingly costly. Carved jade is one of the latest materials for parasol handles; and finely carved quartz inset with old paste is also much used. And while speaking of jade I must not neglect to say that small bracelets of this stone are the "clou" of the moment. These little bracelets are slipped on over the wrist and two or three are worn at the same time.

* * *

The millinery of the present season is admirably picturesque. Quantities of tulle and lace are being used, immense capeline shapes are composed entirely of pleated tulle, cloche shapes are covered with fine black lace. Everything is done to obtain Old World effects. The leading milliners are haunting the famous picture galleries of Paris in the hope of finding fresh and unexpected ideas.

* * *

It is now the fashion to open the corsages of lace and muslin gowns intended for day wear in a generous V which ends just above the waistline. Certainly, there is a chemisette underneath, a chemisette of exquisite fine lace or of embroidered muslin. In some cases, but this becomes more and more rare, a guimpe of cobweb tulle is worn. In addition the sleeves of afternoon gowns are frequently transparent. In many cases they are exceedingly long, reaching to the wrists and well over the hands, but they are almost always transparent.

* * *

A one-piece serge dress is useful, especially in the mountains, where the weather is cool and the climbing is rough. It can be made in Peter Tom style for younger women, or with a sailor collar applied to a simple, front-closed, one-piece frock for older women. It should have a skirt with ample fullness about the ankles.

This fullness can be arranged gracefully, so that the skirt still retains a straight look; one of the new outing skirts has the fulness buttoned under the side seams in the forms of tucks, which can be unbuttoned when necessary. Heavy soled tan shoes, with medium heels, or white canvas shoes of substantial make, are the most comfortable for climbing, and tramping, as well.

* * *

In some of the newest underwear, crepe de chine and lace are closely combined. One new style of nightgown, for instance, shows a shadow lace yoke and sleeves, with a skirt of crepe de chine, edged with lace. Underbodices, made entirely of lace and ribbon, are often attached to crepe de chine petticoats. Chemises, too, of crepe de chine, show deep insets and shoulder straps of lace.

* * *

The newest tunic is of purely Florentine shape. It has no sleeves and it is short, being fastened at the waist by a belt of glove kid studded with precious stones. The hem of such tunics should always be slightly stiffened, as the whole success of the garment depends on its outline. The skirt should be cleverly draped and very clinging, while the short tunic should stand out at the sides.

* * *

The newest parasols are either pagodas in outline, which is to say exaggeratedly domed; or they are almost flat and bordered with heavy fringes. Many of the new parasols have little jointed handles, in the Old World style, and nearly all show large bows of velvet or satin ribbon somewhere on the handle. The flat shapes are sometimes exquisitely embroidered in the Japanese style.

* * *

Tapestry belts of this order look extremely well when worn with coatees of black taffeta or black watered silk; the faded colors of the tapestry being repeated in the hat trimmings or in the embroideries displayed on collar or revers.

* * *

A decidedly smart neck finish can be made with two lengths of one of the full dotted net ruchings which are sold by the yard. Get twice enough to go about the neck of the frock. Join the two pieces together with a band of black velvet ribbon, arranging one ruching to stand upright about the neck, the other to go the other way. The effect is graceful and easily produced.

* * *

Stockings with embroidered butterflies about the ankles are made for evening wear. Each wing of the butterflies is spotted with rhinestones. Other white silk stockings show embroidered anklets done in white, and still others show lace anklets, made of baby Irish lace insertion.

* * *

The vogue of the yoke is amazing. Scarcely a gown appears without the transparent inset of net, lace or tulle, and it is a fashion becoming to every face, contributing a softness of line which is always desirable. The phases of the yoke are many, being round, square, U or V shaped, and it is fashioned of all transparent materials, from priceless lace to inexpensive maline. It is tucked, shirred, pleated or fitted smoothly over the neck, and seldom appears with a high collar.

* * *

The broad girdle of Dresden ribbon will appeal to many girls on account of its daintiness. Crush the wide rose-sprigged ribbon softly about the waist and stitch featherbone at the front, sides and back. Take a strip of inch-wide satin ribbon and gather it at each edge, drawing the thread as tightly as possible. From this shirred ribbon fashion a bowknot and adorn the center with a tiny wreath of miniature roses and forgetmenots.

* * *

The opaque petticoat has made its appearance in the Atlanta department stores. It is made with extra heavy panels, back and front, and as the stores advertise, "fills a long-felt want." The attention of the manufacturers of ready-to-wear clothing has been turned toward under linen that will go with the outer clothes that are fashionable. It took three years for the majority of manufacturers to alter the lines of lingerie to suit skirts that women wore, a large problem when one considers that outer clothes are capricious, and there is no prophet who can tell how long any silhouette will last.

* * *

It would be a difficult task to give even a slight summary of the contrasting styles that are in fashion this summer, but if you have clothes to make, it is well for you to know that your day frocks may have tulle collars to the ears or a V-shaped decolletage to the bust, full elbow sleeves or long mousquetaire ones, a short skirt, or one that hangs Japanese fashion, for three inches on the floor. You may wear a girdle from hip to bust, or a one-inch leather belt, the skirt may be draped up in the back and down in the front, or the other way around; and yet, notwithstanding the laxity of styles, there are certain ways of doing things that make every gown right and another way which makes them wrong.

* * *

The variety in waistcoats is very satisfying to the woman who can not wear the masculine type. They are made of satin brocade, of Oriental crepe, of Chinese and Japanese embroidery, of striped silk, of flowered taffeta and figured crepe. Some are like blouses and are intended to serve as such when the coat is removed. They are open in the neck, quite loose and soft, are fastened in a straight line down the front with fancy buttons and have unusually large armholes with sleeves that go to the wrists. This kind is belted at the waist with a narrow girdle of material or contrasting velvet ribbon, and there is a breast pocket which often holds a small handkerchief with a small colored border.

An Attractive Bathing Suit

Fully Described by Olivette.



By Olivette.

THE scalloped bathing suit is one of the Summer's fancies. The little dress we portray has a foundation of gray satin, trimmed in plaid satin of gray and Geneva blue. The suit opens down the front and is trimmed in self-buttons in a double row down its full length. The deep scallops at the bottom are bound in the plaid, and in turn the scalloped swallow-tailed redingote of the plaid and the upper sleeve is made kimono fashion and is a continuation of the gray satin yoke which has little half-inch tucks in groups of three. The neck is cut in a modest V and is piped, yoke fashion, in the plaid.

A Question of Paint

To paint or not to paint, is the question all women over thirty years of age are up against now. The woman who makes up is so numerous that a natural complexion which has stood the stress of thirty-odd summers is apt to look worse than it is, when compared with the fresh-looking face of her companion. And never was "make-up" more artistically or skilfully done than at the present time. The thickly powdered face with its intensely roughed cheeks and heavily blackened eyelids is a spectacle of ever greater rarity. Instead, in any gathering of women in full rig-out we see faces and hair toned in conformity with age and nature—cheeks with a pleasant healthy glow which only an expert can dectect as make-up; hair no longer uniformly tinted to Titian shades, but adapted to the face it frames, while grey hair is becoming less and less of a drawback and being put forward as an advantage. Perfectly white hair for the elderly woman is as much sought after to-day as was the rich golden ten years ago.

* * *

For Porch Tables

One of the little annoyances which pester the summer housewife as soon as she gets her porch furniture in place is the maddening way the table covers glow gayly around.

They are always getting rumpled even if they are weighted with books or flower vases. In fact, the last state of the woman who puts a flower vase on such a table cover is likely to be worse than the first; for in the first really snappy breeze that comes along, cover, vase, flowers and all go by the board.

This wanderlust is not confined to the table covers, either. The morning paper sails off, not merely three sheets in the wind, but the whole tumultuous edition. Fancy work goes, too. In fact, wherever ocean breezes blow or mountain gusts sweep by, this problem of anchoring things to the porch table is a pressing one.

And yet it has been solved. One can buy a little nickel-plated spring arrangement that will effectually hold a cover in its place. Its usefulness can be extended to include papers or other articles not too thick. The more bulky ones won't blow off, anyway.

GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOLS NEEDED INQUIRY SHOWS

They Quit Studies for Factories, Though They Might Have More Schooling.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Interesting because of its bearing on the testimony as to girls' employment recently investigated by the Illinois Senatorial "White Slave" Committee is a bulletin just issued by the Bureau of Education.

It is written after a careful study of trade and labor conditions among girls in Worcester, Mass., preliminary to the establishment of a trade school for girls. The conclusion reached is that from one-half to three-fourths of the girls at work in factories could have had further schooling if they wanted to, or if their parents had cared to insist on it.

More Girls Leave School.

The survey shows that the number of girls between 14 and 16 years of age who leave school is constantly increasing. In the last five years many more girls between those ages left the Worcester schools than can be accounted for by increase in the population. Only about 17 per cent of them had finished the grammar schools; most of them left in the sixth and seventh years. Worcester is taken as a fair index of any of the manufacturing towns of the country.

Why did these girls leave school? Various reasons were assigned by the girls themselves. Some 30 said that they "did not like the school; could not get along with the teacher; were not promoted, or wanted to get to work."

Why Girls Quit Studies.

Two were working to help pay for a piano. One of these was a cash girl of 14 years who had left the ninth grade to go to work in a department store for $2. Later she got $2.50 per week. Another was a girl of 15 from the eighth grade, who went to work in a corset factory for $1 and rose to $4.82 per week. Still another girl was taking music lessons and contributing to the payments for a piano.

In the opinion of the Board of Education conditions such as found at Worcester emphasize the imperative need for special training of a practical sort for girls between 13 and 15. In the main the girls left school simply because they disliked the school work.

Not getting the kind of training they might have liked and would have profited by, they blindly joined the army of shifting, inefficient, discontented girls that go from one monotonous factory task to another, and, because of their lack of training, rarely rise above the class of low-paid, unskilled workers.

Skirt Too Tight Is Ruled Worthless

Court Holds That Even Plea of Fashion Will Not Hold if Walking Is Prevented.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—A Paris court has decided that a dress which is too tight to walk in is worthless to the person who ordered it and need not be paid for.

Last year Mrs. Price, an American resident of Paris, had a dress made, the price of which was $75. When the dress was delivered she refused to take it because she could not walk in it. The dressmaker summoned her for the money, and refused to alter the dress because tight skirts were fashionable.

Mrs. Price brought a counter-action and lost it, appealed and has now won her appeal with costs.

Lace and Stockings

For summer fancy work the girl with more time than money might undertake to ornament a few pairs of silk stockings. Lace insettings are effectively used just now for this purpose and the handwork involved is much less intricate than embroidery.

Once the lace is arranged on the stocking the effect is gained and there remains only the careful sewing to bring a satisfactory result. In the case of embroidery one can never be so sure of the effect of handwork until the pattern is far advanced and it is usually then too late to change if the result is disappointing.

By studying the designs of lace used for insetting in the expensive stockings in exclusive shops it is easy to decide on a model. A flight of butterflies, of graduating sizes, is a design worth copying, and two Vandykes of lace, forming a sort of hour-glass design, with points meeting at the ankle, is another effective arrangement quite within the possibilities of the home worker.

Any lace showing a design that can be easily cut out and applied is appropriate for insetting in silk stockings.

STAGE SETTING THE STYLES FOR LONDON SOCIETY

Miss Mary Forbes Wears Charming Gowns in New Farce of Harold Smith.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Society folk invariably look to the stage for "advance fashions." In the new farce written by Harold Smith, brother of F. E. Smith, the great politician, some charming gowns are worn. Miss Mary Forbes, in act one, wears a simple mauve frock, with touches of black at the neck and waist, and a turn-over collar of lace.

And one of her gowns is of white silk, with which she wears a short, knitted tiger yellow coat, striped with black. A Neapolitan hat of knitted silk, in the same shade of yellow, is supplemented with a black satin border.

One of Miss Brough's dresses is a little morning toilet of black and white bird's-eye foulard, a strip of raspberry colored silk being let into the front like a slip on a man's coat and caught with a huge black braid motif.

An evening gown of "blush rose" satin, veiled in front and behind with garnet colored ninon above blush pink and falling away in front, to show the garnet colored ninon, is an overdress of ivory mousseline de soie, embossed with gold and edged with gold bouillon fringe, while the corsage is of ivory lace.

BRIDE AT ALTAR HALTS WEDDING BECAUSE OF DRESS

HARRISBURG, ILL., July 26.—In the County Clerk's office a marriage ceremony was delayed two hours because the bride suddenly discovered she was not properly arrayed. H. R. Northup, 45, and Miss Florence Hart, 43, both of DeKoven, Ky., applied for a license.

When Justice Grigsby asked the couple to join hands, the bride discovered she had on a black skirt. She threw up her hands and exclaimed:

"There is nothing stirring just yet. No marrying in black for me. No, indeed. It's a bad omen, and I don't want to start off bad."

They left the courthouse and two hours later they returned, the bride dressed in white, and the waiting justice performed the ceremony.

WOMAN, WHO NEVER WORE HAT, NOW 100 YEARS OLD

SOMERSET, PA., July 26.—Mrs. Mattie Crise, who became 100 years old recently, has always lived in the same place, and in her 100 years never saw a railroad train, street car or a telephone. She never wore a hat, a knitted hood taking its place.

TEARS UP LICENSE WHEN HE SEES FIANCEE WED

WEBSTER, MASS., July 26.—William Dorobis, of Philadelphia, has a new black suit and a wedding ring he will sell cheap, and a marriage license he will throw in as a souvenir.

Six months ago, Dorobis, with her consent secured a license to wed Miss Julia Marcik. But she postponed the wedding from time to time. To-day Miss Marcik was married to Michael Narel. Dorobis attended the ceremony and his wailing could be heard above the strains of the wedding march. He drew forth his marriage license, tore it into shreds and scattered it over the floor.

TRIPLETS ARE 59 YEARS OLD.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—Illinois' oldest triplets celebrated their fifty-ninth birthday anniversary the other day. Freeman and Hiram Rakestraw and their sister, Mrs. Harriet Hocker, all of Tazewell County, were born 59 years ago, and the triple birthday anniversary was celebrated with a family reunion.

'Dancing Mistress' Dreary But Beauty of Girls Stuns

By ALAN DALE.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—They say that a gayety girl is born every minute, and I don't doubt it. Also I don't doubt that "Governor" George Edwardes has need for twice as many as nature supplies. You know exactly the style he wants—the gentle, purring, listless, lissome, Edna May-like, languid, delicate, wistful, pensive, reluctant and Christmas card type. No other type goes in London.

The average American type is not at all popular. Sometimes some fervid critic and impassioned reviewer asserts that she is. Well, I assert distinctly—she isn't. She must conform to the above requirements. "The pink lady" sirens, for instance, were very harshly criticised for being loud, not reluctant.

All of which is neither here nor there, except to illustrate the fact that in "The Dancing Mistress" at the Royal Adelphi Theater we see another of those things—formless, chaotic, invertebrate and unintelligible—that depend entirely on girls.

Malone Arch Girl Setter.

In this case she is "set" by T. A. E. Malone, George Edwardes' archest and most insinuating girl setter (he came over to New York to set the "sunshine girl" at the Knickerbocker Theater) to a "book" (so-called) by James Tanner, to lyrics (alleged) by Adrian Ross and Percy Greenback, and to music not at all up to the usual standard of that delightful tune manipulator, Lionel Monckton.

It doesn't matter in the least. "The Dancing Mistress" may be as dull as ditch water (which it is, and the comparison is rough on the vivacity of ditch water); as incomprehensible as a Sanskrit legend, and as lacking in humor as a comic weekly, but it is a success for all that. It is so beautifully girled in all the dresses of the wardrobe.

It has girl at a "finishing" school near Brighton; it has girl at a "grand" hotel in Switzerland; it has girl at a swagger London hotel. There you are. It seems to me that the authors of these London musical comedies (nearly all of them exactly and positively alike) are not the Tanners and Monckton, but the fathers and mothers of the lasses. "The Dancing Mistress," by 50 pairs of fathers and mothers, should be the line on the program, by rights.

Miss Dare Much Postcarded.

The leading girl at the Adelphi now is little Phyllis Dare, who has taken the place of Gertie Millar. Gertie has been switched to Daly's, and of her more anon, and some other time. Little Miss Dare, who is very much postal-carded, is almost terribly pretty.

Her prettiness amounts almost to a fault. She is pale and blonde, and thinnish and dainty, and oh, so wistful. She seems to be yearning all the time.

She looks out upon a "sea of heads" in the audience as though she were scared to death, as though she were saying, "Oh, please be good to your little Phyllis, for she is such a timid little puss."

Sometimes this is very effective. It all depends upon your mood—sometimes it is very irritating. You feel that if you opera-glassed her too severely she would swoon before your eyes. All of which is, of course, but a pretty little illusion. Miss Dare is by no means new to the business and is really self-possessed.

In "The Dancing Mistress" she has one very pretty song with Josephine Coyne. They are on skis in Switzerland, and of course you know what a ski is. If you don't I'll tell that it is a sort of elongated skate. Little Phyllis and Josephine Coyne do this remarkably well. It is one of the very, very few things in "The Dancing Mistress" that are worth while. You wake up for a minute or two from the deadly apathy into which the eventlessness of the proceedings has plunged you, and you feel tempted to applaud.

Prettiness No Boon.

Another London favorite in "The Dancing Mistress" is Miss Gracie Leigh, a very clever and delightful little woman who isn't pretty for one moment, and who is therefore a positive relief. Anybody who isn't pretty in "The Dancing Mistress" is a joy. Anybody who isn't pretty seems daring and original.

A Polaire or a Mistinguette among all these zimmering, afternoon tea damselines would be perfectly wonderful.

Miss Gracie Leigh is a capital dancer, and Miss Gracie Leigh has a sense of humor. She has a Scotch dance to offer that—like the ski number mentioned above—rouses you from your torpor.

A very plump Frenchwoman, programmed as Mlle. M. Caumont, works so hard that she almost fatigues. She is relied upon for comedy, and she is merciless in her efforts to secure it. Her role is not at all a funny one, and not even a pretty one, so it is just as well that no English lassie takes it.

Caumont is a clever woman, but she seems out of place in this sort of a show. Then there is Miss Elsie Spencer, who is quite nice in a subdued and colorless London way. But the pretty ones swamp the whole thing—Trixie Hillin, and Gladys Klorton, and Dorothy Devers and Dorothy Laim, and Isobel Elsom, and Kathleen Vincut, and Gypsy O'Brien—ad lib.

"The Dancing Mistress," I fancy, aims at "The Quaker Girl," but it is really nothing of the sort—nothing of any sort. It is a beautifully staged, girled and appointed blank.

CLUB WOMEN AID WORK FOR SCHOOL HEALTH

Members Are Urged to Elect Delegates to International Congress on Hygiene.

Mrs. S. G. Hodgson, of Peachtree, State health chairman of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, has received a letter from Mrs. S. S. Crockett, chairman of the Public Health Department of the Federation, calling attention to the great service of the clubwomen of America in helping to make a success of the fourth International Congress on School Hygiene, which is to be held at Buffalo the last week in August, and which is being supported by the General Federation, under the presidency of Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker.

In her letter Mrs. Crockett says:

"The public health committee of the General Federation of Women's Clubs suggests that women's organizations generally shall endeavor to take advantage of the International School Hygiene Congress at Buffalo in August, so that in their respective communities new interest may be awakened because of this great international meeting. Please remember that all those who attend this congress will be furnished with the printed proceedings—a veritable library of scientific information on the subject."

The suggestion offered by Mrs. Crockett is that the clubwomen of this State urge the appointment of delegates to the Buffalo congress from the following organizations: School boards, health boards, boards of trade, school improvement associations, public educational associations, parent-teachers' associations and others.

Mrs. Crockett further urges that each school, college, club and public library subscribe to membership in the congress, in order to secure the volume of proceedings.

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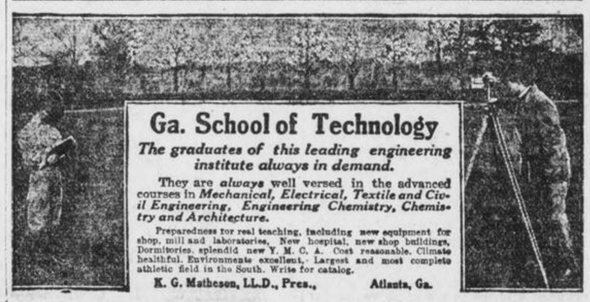

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SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

KAISER IS ALONE PLEASED WITH BIG ARMY BILL

Both Sides of Reichstag Are Dissatisfied With Measure Which Adds Enormous Expense.

By FREDERICK WERNER.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, July 26.—Weeks have now passed since the Reichstag with a suddenness that surprised all Europe passed the army bill and gave in to the Government on all points, and during the time that has passed it has been possible to form an idea of the feelings of the Government, as well as of the people, toward the new conditions.

It is perhaps not too much to say that the general feeling on both sides is one of dissatisfaction, which on the part of the common people is mingled with disgust and contempt of its representatives.

Kaiser Is Delighted.

The Kaiser, of course, who now, as ever, looks upon the enormous increase of armaments solely in the light of the strongest possible guarantee of continued peace, was naturally greatly delighted when he, after months of anxiety, suddenly saw his most cherished wishes fulfilled, and he is probably the only person in the Empire who continues to feel happy.

To the Chancellor of the Empire, Herr von Bethmann Hollweg, and Herr von Herringen the victory, of which they had at times nearly given up all hope, was a source of great satisfaction, which, however, has left a bitter aftertaste of disappointment.

When they planned the new bill, which called for such great financial sacrifices, they were were firmly convinced that it would with one blow establish the absolute military supremacy of Germany in Europe.

Officer List Increased.

The bill gave this country the enormous army of 669 battalions of infantry, 550 regiments of cavalry, increased the readiness and efficiency of the 633 batteries of field artillery, increased the siege artillery to 55, the sappers to 44 and the train to 26 battalions. It gave Germany a largely increased number of officers of all grades and created several high military officers and a standing army in time of peace of 820,000 troops.

But in spite of all this, Germany's military strength, when compared with that of other powers, remains the same as before. The new army bill fails to establish the hoped-for absolute military supremacy, and in this fact lies the cruel disappointment. The enormous sacrifices demanded and made are of no value, for in France a rejuvenated nation has been aroused to an outburst of patriotism, such as has not been seen since the days of the great Napoleon.

And out of this patriotism will arise a French army practically equal to the German in numbers of men and in equipment on many points far superior. While Russia, influenced and prodded on by France, is hurriedly building new railroads of the greatest strategical importance and has moved several new army corps nearer to her western frontier.

Prince to Renounce Title to Marry Diva

Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis Plans to Start Life Anew in Texas.

BERLIN, July 26.—Prince Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis is to follow in the footsteps of his two brothers and his cousin, who renounced their titles and rank for love.

Prince Nicholas already has given up his position in the navy and part of his inheritance, and is planning to purchase a ranch in Texas. The young woman for whom he is sacrificing all is the Munich diva, Fraulein Rechberg, of the Gartner Platz Theater.

They had planned to be married quietly in London, but the family of the Prince intervened. They will sail for America immediately after the marriage.

Hall Caine Calls Women Best Critics

Famous Novelist Tells Booksellers That Wives Make Success of Library Work.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—"If you ask me as an author whose opinion of my books I would rather rest my fortunes upon, yours or your wives', I tell you frankly it's the opinion of your wives'," said Hall Caine at a dinner of the Associated Booksellers at Torquay.

"If you want to know what the great, wide public is going to say about a book, especially a novel, try it on a woman," he added. "I do. I always have done. And when I have had success, it has come to me from women."

Vatican Condemns D'Annunzio's Work

"Pisanelle" Is Examined by Censor and Banished From Catholic Homes and Libraries.

Special Cable to The American.

ROME, July 26.—According to a report from a Vatican source, D'Annunzio's "Pisanelle," which was presented for the first time in Paris recently, will meet the same fate as his former work, "The Mystery of St. Sebastian."

The "Pisanelle" has already been examined by the censor of the Index, and the formal announcement that it has been banished from Catholic homes and libraries on the ground that it is immoral is only a question of days.

Viola Allen Writes of Royalty at Close Range

Czar's Calmness Impresses the Noted Actress

As a Visitor in Berlin at the Time of the Wedding of the Kaiser's Daughter the American Star Studies Kings and Notables.

Viola Allen, who is touring Europe, and has turned her attention to literature, was in Berlin at the time of the royal wedding. She saw royalty at close range.

By VIOLA ALLEN.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, June 12.—From Paris, city of beauty, to Berlin, solid, substantial, clean and very beautiful, too, in its well-ordered way. The famous siegalle with its numerous statues and stately avenues, and the great Arch of Victory, through which one passes from the station to the noted linden-lined thoroughfares, make the visitor's first view of Berlin impressive.

The time of my visit is a gay one, and everyone seems in festive mood on account of the marriage celebration of Princess Victoria Luise. The streets are packed and lined with people trying to catch a glimpse of the many royal guests who have come to attend the wedding, and the weather is as bright and sunshiny as any bride could wish for. It is Wednesday morning of the wedding week, and the glorious Unter den Linden, of which we have a perfect view from our hotel window, has been swept and garnished its entire length, and is lined with soldiers ready for the English King and Queen to pass on their way from the station to the palace.

Royalty at Close Range.

The Kaiser and the Kaiserin, the royal princesses and princes and several high German officials and Ambassadors went down to meet the special train and returned in interesting procession. After the guards and the officers rode the King and the Emperor in full uniform.

In the following carriage was Queen Mary in a lovely frock and small flower hat of shaded violet. In the same carriage rode the German Empress, wearing deep old rose chiffon with feather-trimmed hat of the same color. Then followed the other members of the royal family. The Crown Princess Cecile, very pretty in pink with a black tulle hat, and the bride-elect in white linen coat and skirt embroidered in blue, with a white hat, looked very sweet and girlish, though rather pale, and evidently a little worn and tired.

The great affection in which the Kaiser's daughter is held was very touching, and Prince Ernst seemed very proud and happy. He looked altogether the ideal bridegroom.

After the royal families and their suites rode the other dignitaries and personages, followed by more guards, officers and soldiers. The weather was perfection, and the enthusiasm of the crowds, the glitter of uniforms and the clatter of horses' feet made a great spectacle.

Enter Czar Nicholas.

The next day the same preparations were repeated, only there were twice as many soldiers and guards, ordered out for the coming of the Czar of Russia. Evidently many more precautions have to be taken to prevent any kind of political disturbance when the Russian ruler travels abroad than for most of the crowned heads from other countries. But in spite of the fact that there is almost constant danger of an anarchistic bomb descending upon him, the Czar looked very calm and peaceful as he drove beside the Kaiser up the beautiful avenue to the palace, amid much cheering.

Gala Opera Performance.

In the evenings it seemed as if all Berlin went to the opera or to the theaters. There was a splendid performance at the Royal Opera House on Wednesday evening, and a brilliant audience, which the handsome toilets, the sparkle of jewels and many uniforms made unusually striking. I was much impressed by the rapt attention every one paid to the music. The Germans, from the Emperor down, take their opera (like everything else) very seriously, and the many rules strictly enforced to prevent any disturbance or distraction while the performance is in progress compel all visitors to do likewise.

The opera begins precisely at 7:30 o'clock, and every one is expected to be in his or her seat punctually. Indeed, after the first note is sounded, no one is allowed to enter until an intermission comes, and to speak one word, even in the softest whisper, is unpardonable.

Army and navy officers are fined if they come late to the opera, and they are obliged to wear full-dress uniform. One young officer, who, in his haste to be on time, forgot his white gloves, was severely reprimanded by his superior, and punished otherwise for not wearing them. The opera at the gala performance was "Lohengrin," and it was given only for the royal visitors and invited guests. It is said that the Princess Victoria Luise herself selected that opera.

A Turkish Opinion of Us.

It was a tremendously interesting week in Berlin, though we had not planned to be here because of the wedding gayety, but to meet friends coming from the East who had lived in Constantinople during the winter. I find that the feeling regarding the Turks and the war, of people who really know, is wonderfully different from the prejudiced accounts we read in the daily papers.

There is no doubt that Turkey, with her internal struggles, was entirely unprepared for war, a fact her enemies took advantage of. But it is no less certain that the Turkish soldiers displayed a bravery, a loyalty and endurance splendid beyond words, often fighting with scarcely any food or water, and without even clothing or shoes. It was the misfortune, certainly not the fault, of the Turkish army that there should have been lack of management and executive ability among the heads of the government.

Because Turkey is Mohammedan and not a Christian country, we are apt to imagine them a rather barbarous people, when, as a matter of fact, it would be difficult to find more culture and refinement the world over than among the high-class Turks.

With the idea in mind of the prevailing impression of Turkey in America, I had a very amusing conversation during dinner at the Embassy with the young son of the Turkish Ambassador, who, though only 14, had all the dignity and suavity of an accomplished diplomat of 40. Besides, he spoke English, French, German, Italian perfectly, and, of course, his native tongue, and probably Greek and Arabic as well. I also found this young diplomat extremely well posted on affairs in general, and very much interested in art, which he discussed with great understanding. Finally I asked him if he would not like to see America, to which he replied with much seriousness: "Yes, very much, but I should prefer to wait until it becomes a more thoroughly civilized country." By dint of further inquiry, I found these impressions were due to a diligent study of "The Life and Adventures of Buffalo Bill." To this clever little man from the Far East America seemed one huge wild West, which I thought was rather paying us back in our own coin.

Count Zeppelin's Airship.

Several times in Berlin I saw the big Zeppelin passenger airship, "The Hansa," pass over our heads just above the tops of the buildings, engaged in making regular trips between given points. The noise of the engines was simply deafening, and the ship looked like a tremendous uncanny fish sailing through the air.

The passenger car is rather to the front of the huge, cigar-shaped body, and the seats are so hung that there is little or no motion felt. To me this looked the most uninviting mode of travel imaginable. I was glad to take even the Continental steamers in preference en route to London.

Viola Allen, famous American actress, who writes for The American her account of the wedding of Prince Ernst to Princess Victoria Luise.



Lady Paget to Give Biggest Dublin Party

American Wife of English General Is Sending Out Record Number of Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Lady Paget, American wife of General Sir Arthur Paget, has never completely recovered from the fall down an elevator shaft in Belgrade Square, and every year she has to take a cure in lieu of exercise. She is leaving London for Aix in a few days to reduce her weight. Like Queen Mary, she has a horror of growing stout.

She will be at Aix for three weeks, and will arrive at the Royal Hospital, in Dublin, shortly before the Dublin Horse Show, which commences August 26, and which is the great event of the Irish season. She is sending out many more invitations than last year for her horse show party, and will entertain a large and distinguished house party.

MANEUVERS SHOW FRANCE ITS NAVAL NEED

Experts Declare That Blockade Is Now Impossible and Swift Cruisers Are Necessary.

By GEORGE DUFRESNE.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—For the first time in many years France has during the recent naval maneuvers been able to place a real first-class modern navy at the disposal of the admirals in command and the results achieved have been highly satisfactory, while at the same time the experiments made have been of the greatest value to the experts of the Navy Department, who are to plan the further evolution of the country's naval defenses.

As may perhaps be remembered, the maneuvers which were originally planned to take place in the Atlantic were transferred to the Mediterranean in order to have the navy as close as possible to the sphere where its presence might be needed at any time during the Balkan disturbances.

Blockade Is Impossible.

I have just had a talk with the former Secretary of the Navy, Vice Admiral Boue DeLapeyrer. First of all, he said, the maneuvers showed conclusively that a close blockade of an enemy's port is no longer possible. The modern submarine, which is able to go a considerable distance away from the shore, as well as the swift torpedo boat, quite apart from the danger of mines, compel the blockading fleet to keep at a long distance, and this in turn makes new methods of blockading necessary.

"If the maneuvers we carried on outside of Toulon," the Admiral said, "had been attempted in real warfare there would not have been a single vessel left on either side. In this opinion I am upheld by our most famous naval expert, M. Pierreval.

Needs Swift Cruisers.

"The maneuvers further prove that France needs a number of light, swift cruisers in order to locate and annihilate the destroyers of an enemy. At present we possess none of these at all, while England has 66 and Germany 34, and we are compelled to use our great destroyers of from 400 to 700 tons instead, but they were not able to fill the bill.

"The work done by officers and men during the maneuvers was excellent and equal to that of any foreign navy, and if anything might be criticised it is this, that we are not able to coal either in port or in open sea as quickly as American vessels have done, but the Minister of Marine has already found means to remedy this, and very extensive drills are even now being carried out at Toulon and Bizerta."

Few Officers Available.

The weakest point in France's naval armor is admittedly the rather alarming shortage of naval officers of nearly all grades. There are not nearly officers enough to fill positions on the newly built deradnoughts.

The battleship Jean Bart, for instance, ought to have, besides its commander, a captain, an officer in charge of the ammunition stores, six naval lieutenants and thirteen cadets. It will be impossible to provide all these for quite some time, and Jean Bart and our other modern dreadnoughts have only two lieutenants and eight cadets. The new naval bill which materially increases the salaries of all officers will, it is hoped, provide all the officers needed.

Auto Scares Horses; Carter Whips Prince

Driver Uses Lash on Members of Nobility After Accident to His Vehicle.

Special Cable to The American.

LEIPSIC, GERMANY, July 26.—A Princess and two Princes of the House of Isenburg, belonging to the highest German nobility, were horse-whipped recently by an angry carter whose horses their automobile had alarmed.

Prince Alphons, Princess Antoinette and Prince Victor Vonlsenburg were motoring to Altenburg, where they were to visit the Duke of Altenburg, head of another former sovereign house of the empire, when they encountered a farmer with a load of wood. His horse shied before the automobile and upset the load in the ditch.

The driver lashed out with his whip at the Princess and the Princes as they rolled by, leaving angry welts on the faces of all three.

He now faces trial at Gera for his misdeed, which a century ago would have been almost high treason.

LONDON OFFERS RICH FIELD FOR GIRL DENTISTS

Demand Growing for Private Practice and Clinics Among Children.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Apparently there is an open field for young women in dentistry, for the supply does not meet the growing demand from private practices and the dental clinics for children which are springing up all over the country.

At the National Dental Hospital it was said yesterday that though every facility is offered to women dental students there, the response is not extensive. The average number of women students attending at one time is between two and three, and some of these come from abroad.

Dutch girls make particularly good students. One of them, Miss Martens, has been appointed woman-dentist to the Queen of Holland. But English girls are no less successful—as witness Miss L. F. Paine, who qualified only last November, and has now been elected house-surgeon at the National Dental Hospital.

"I can not understand why there are not a greater number of women entering the profession," said a successful woman dentist, "and can only conclude it is because they think there is something unpleasant and disagreeable about a dentist's work. To me it is such fascinating work that I forget all the unpleasantness. My clients are women and children. I do not take men patients.

"The mechanical work—the preparing of gold plates and so on—is particularly interesting, and most of the women dentists I know like that part of the work immensely.

"There are a few women quacks, just as there are men quacks. The public needs to be educated out of going to dentists who advertise. That is a sure sign of quackery, because the genuine dentist is forbidden by the etiquette of his profession to advertise, and is struck off the register if he (or she) does."

Golden Cards Out to His Golden Wedding

Russian Millionaire Sends 200 Invitations Made of Pure Metal to Anniversary Affair.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—M. Spiridinoff, a well-known Moscow millionaire, is about to celebrate his golden wedding. Two hundred guests have been invited. Each of them received the other day a card of invitation made of pure gold.

As each card weighs twenty grammes, which is rather less than three-quarters of an ounce avoirdupois, the total amount of gold used is about nine pounds.

The metal was transformed into these unique misisves, on which the invitation was worked in enamel, by a Moscow goldsmith. Each invitation card is valued at about $30.

British Plan Five-Day Line to Canada

Syndicate Will Construct Terminal Port at Blacksod Bay for New Transcontinental Service.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—A syndicate, strongly supported by British and Canadian shipping and shipbuilding companies, intends to construct a terminal port at Blacksod Bay, County Mayo, for an express line between that point and Cape St. Charles, in Southern Labrador, whence another transcontinental railway is to be built, bringing Canada within five days of London.

This project will be the deathblow to the often-talked-of Galway scheme.

Borated Talcum — 10¢ a box

Guaranteed pure. The smoothest. White or Flesh Tint.

Talcum Puff Company, Makers and Manufacturers, Bush Terminal Building, Brooklyn, New York.

Air-Float TALCUM POWDER

Pastor to Use Boxing To Make Christians

Minister in Slums of London Will Try to Stimulate Church With Athletics.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The Rev. Everard Digby has just been made vicar of St. Agatha's, Shoreditch, one of the "slummiest" and one of the toughest quarters in the East End of London.

He is a muscular Christian, can box fairly well, is still an all-round athlete, and is the only clergyman member of the National Sporting Club, where he can often be seen watching the boxing contests.

He intends, so he tells his friends, to make men of the young "Hooligans" of Shoreditch by turning them into athletes before inducing them to attend church.

Czar Gives Hospital To Raise Birth Rate

Tercentenary of Romanoff Dynasty Will Be Celebrated by Opening of $500,000 Institution.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—By an imperial decree on the subject of infantile mortality in Russia St. Petersburg is to have a special institution in which children and nursing mothers can be received. The amount of $500,000, given by private banks of this city and Moscow on the occasion of the tercentenary of the Romanoff dynasty, will be devoted to the upkeep of the institution, which has been placed under the patronage of the Czarina.

TORIES' TACTICS DISGUST BRITISH WITH POLITICS

Work of Obstruction Forces Parliament to Pass Act to Let Any Legislation Pass.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The parliamentary season is drawing toward its close and the members of both sides, after the merciless prodding of the Government, almost without exception feel as if in all England it would be utterly impossible to find a set of harder working men and imagine that the lot of the average coal miner is far preferable to their own.

Unfortunately this opinion is not shared by the general public, whose opinion of their legislators was quite accurately expressed by the editor of The World's Work, who the other day preached a little sermon to the members of the House.

It can not be denied that the Tories alone are to blame for that, because, by their obstructionary tactics, they made the Parliament Act necessary, the result of which is that all important bills of a controversial nature are crammed into the first two sessions, while the third Parliament will have nothing to do but formally pass bills which ought to have become laws long before.

YOU SAVE WHEN YOU BUY AT KIMBALL'S

Kimball

A Piano of Proven Worth

The piano you select by all means should combine rare qualities of tone with great durability such as the Kimball.

Kimball Pianos are indorsed by practically all musicians of note in this country as well as abroad. Read what a few of them have to say about the fine qualities of the Kimball:

LILLIAN NORDICA: "The more I use my Kimball Piano the better I like it."

E. DE RESZKE: "I am absolutely satisfied with my Kimball Piano."

EMMA EAMES: "I am charmed with the beautiful tone of the Kimball Piano."

MARCELLA SEMBRICH: "The Kimball Piano ranks with the best instruments before the world.

WALTER DAMROSCH: "The Kimball Piano has a pure, refined and beautiful tone."

PRICES: Uprights and Grands $195.00 to $1,250.00.

To those having no advanced musician in their family, our new model 88-note player should prove of special interest. Without previous musical training the Kimball Player-Piano enables the performer to enjoy any music in which he chooses to delight, such as the classics, church or popular music. All one needs is love for music.

With one stroke of the lever this flexible instrument can be transformed from an automatic into a piano for hand or manual training.

Prices: Player-Pianos, $450.00 to $800.00.

A few special bargains in Player-Pianos used for demonstrating purposes at practically manufacturer's cost.

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W. W. KIMBALL COMPANY

ATLANTA BRANCH: 94 N. PRYOR ST.

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TATE SPRING NATURAL MINERAL WATER

always a help, nearly always a cure in indigestion, nervousness and all ailments attributable to improper functions of the bowels, liver and kidneys.

Rev. Dr. E. E. Hoss, Bishop Methodist Church, Nashville, Tenn., says:

"It gives me the greatest pleasure to say that I regard Tate Spring water as the best remedy for all disorders of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys of which I have knowledge."

Enjoy the healthful water at the spring or have it shipped to your home. For sale by all druggists, in sterilized bottles, filled and sealed at the spring.

Send postal to-day for illustrated booklet, giving rates, location and description of this ideal place for the summer outing. Address

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...IS NOT OVER YET, SAYS CONNIE MACK

Lean Leader Sees Cleveland, Red Sox and Chicago All Making a Fight.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 26.—On the outside talking with fans, critics and statistic fiends, the 1913 American League pennant derby is over—the Athletics being an easy winner. On the inside, conversing with Connie Mack, one discovers that the Cleveland Naps may win; the Washington Nationals may win; the Chicago White Sox are coming fast, and the Boston Red Sox are dangerous.

But the Athletics! See information from Connie Mack on his troupe and the best you get is a smile. Yes, the boys are going pretty good, but anything may happen from now to the finish, and the other fellows are right in there.

Connie Mack is a genius. By shrewd baseball intelligence he has developed a wonderful ball club, but he refrains completely from talking about himself or the players surrounding him. It's always the other fellow with Mack—not himself.

"Yes, it is an interesting race," was Mack's answer to a question concerning his view on what is happening and what is going to happen.

"I look for the Naps, Nationals and White Sox to be right up there at the finish," he continued. "Cleveland had a little slump, but they'll recover and come around. Washington, too, will be a strong factor. Griffith has several mighty good youngsters, and his pitching staff is getting better.

"And the White Sox are improving. They played good ball against us. Callahan used all his good pitchers and tried his best to beat us. We didn't go very good in the field against the Sox, and that's why we lost three games to them."

Since Mack began winning pennants, his style is never to say anything until the pennant is won. And he is the same to-day. Then, when it is won and the baseball folks declare Mack a real wizard, he replies by giving the credit to the players.

Boston Was a Good Team.

"What happened to your team last year?" was put to Mack. "You won the world's championship in 1910 and 1911, dropped back last year, and now you come back this year."

"The Boston Red Sox were just a little better than we were," flashed back Mack. "Don't let anybody tell you they were lucky. They weren't. We didn't go right and they did. Now this year Boston has been crippled and injuries have hurt the team.

"We are out in front, and I hope we stay there, but you can't predict an October finish in July."

Now there is a reason for the Athletics being first this year. Toward the finish of 1912, when things were going just right for the champs, several of the players broke training rules. Oldring and Bender were suspended and fined and in general the club cracked.

Young Pitchers Help Athletics.

This spring Mack consulted with all his players in the South. He told them what it meant for each to be in shape all summer, what the world's series meant to them, and the change is noted to everybody. Mack has the players going in tiptoe shape, too.

Another reason is that Mack was fortunate in developing several young pitchers. With Cy Morgan, Harry Krause and a few more absent, Mack had to pick up a youngster or two to aid Bender, Plank and Coombs. He did, and in Cal Brown, Bush, Houck and Wyckoff the pitching staff has been strengthened materially.

Further, Jack Coombs probably will be ready to return to work about September 1, just the time when he will be needed to aid in the final dash down the stretch, and be ready for the world's series. In the early spring Coombs was a victim of typhoid fever and has not pitched this year.

Baldwin and Cross Work Hard for Bout

Both Boys Don Gloves in Preparation for Tuesday Night's Fight. Matty Shows Class.

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—"Matty" Baldwin, who is scheduled to box twenty rounds with the New York dentist, Leach Cross, on Tuesday night, July 29, went through an impressive work-out at the St. Ignatius Club gymnasium yesterday afternoon. While Baldwin did not extend himself at any time in his work-out with Hobo Dougherty and Johnny Schiff, his ease of style and complete mastery of the boxing game were apparent, and Cross should have considerable difficulty in holding him off to the limit. Baldwin comes to the coast with a record as a tough customer to handle in the ring.

Baldwin does not believe in training too strenously, and his work-out yesterday was of the usual length, three rounds with each of his two sparring partners.

Leach Cross traveled six rounds with Louis Reese and Johnny O'Leary, going three with each, and in addition went through the full routine of gymnasium work. Cross showed excellent form and appears to be in the best of condition.

Ad Wolgast and Johnny Dundee, who are to meet in the Vernon arena on Admission Day, were both interested spectators at the Cross work-out yesterday Wolgast's manager, Tom Jones, will be here in a few days, when final arrangements for the bout will be completed.

WILLIAMS PLANS INVASION OF FEATHERWEIGHT CLASS

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 26.—Sam Harris, manager of Kid Williams, has announced that Williams will go through with his bouts with Campi and Burns, as he promised McCarey, and then go after the featherweights.

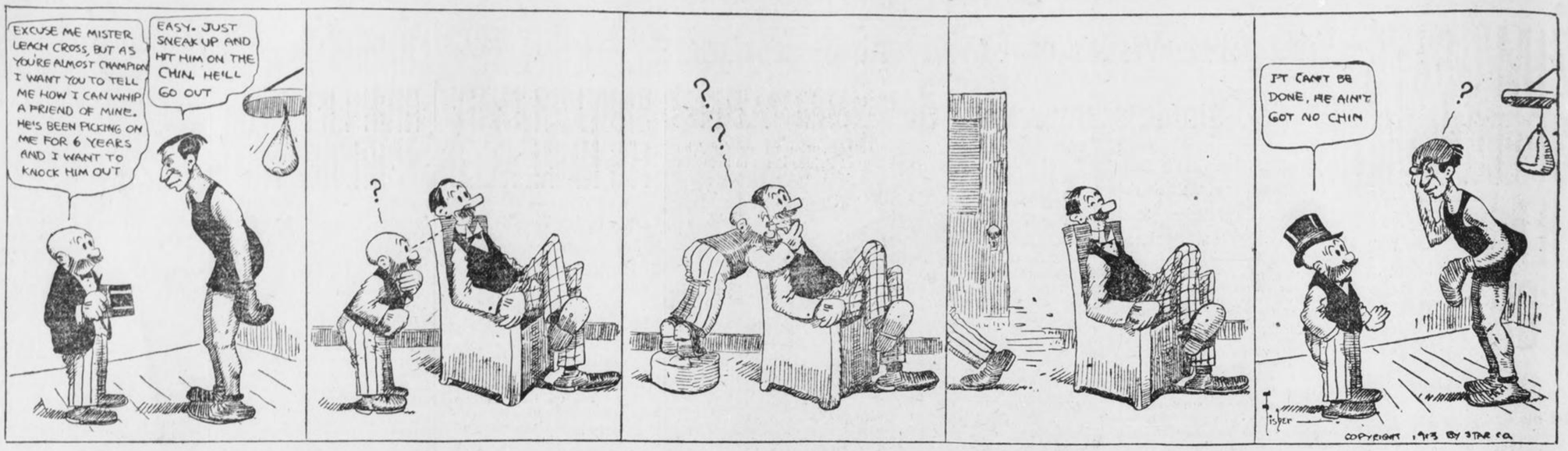
Harris thinks that Williams will have little trouble making good in the 122-pound division, and has picked Abe Attell as the best man for Williams to meet in the new division.

Williams contends that he can hit as hard as the majority of featherweights and is husky enough to stand as fast a pace. He is game for a whirl at the featherweight contenders and promises trouble in the division.

VASHTI PICKS A NEW COACH.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At a meeting of the trustees of Williams and Vashti College of Aledo Professor Elmer H. Wilds was chosen director of athletics for the ensuing year. He is a graduate of Harvard and Allegheny Colleges and is a recognized authority upon all forms of college athletics.

Only Way to Knock Mutt Out Is to Kick Him on the Shins :: :: :: By 'Bud' Fisher



Barrow a Progressive President Will Have Ball Players Pooled

By W. J. Macbeth.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Edward Barrow, the hustling president of the International League, is the original "Bull Mooser" of organized baseball. He is thoroughly progressive in his views and actions, and he wields the big stick with determination and foresight. Under his regime the International League has prospered greatly and minor league baseball in general has shared that prosperity.

To the untiring efforts of Barrow is largely due the fact that the three most powerful minor leagues are graded higher than had been the case before he assumed office. The more exalted rating carried with it any number of advantageous privileges. The Class A. A. Clubs are not only better protected in every way—but the new order of things made compulsory a revision of rating and privilege all the way down the line from the two major circuits to the most obscure "brush" organizations. In short a new working agreement had to be framed; a more up-to-date peace pact, as it were.

* * *

BARROW has already done quite enough for minor league baseball to establish his name as a real champion of the cause. But he is not a man who is content to live on reputation. He purposes next year to inaugurate the most radical changes in the hope of solving the principal disadvantages under which the big family of the national pastime now toils. Barrow has the nerve to try a scheme which, if successful, is bound to do no less than revolutionize the administration of the game.

The players of the International League next spring will be pooled at the spring schedule meeting after they have all been put under contract. The various magnates will cast lots for first choice. They will draw for the various prizes of the circuit. Barrow believes that in this way and only in this way will it be possible to distribute the talent as evenly as possible among the various club owners. He believes that such a course will result in a much better balanced organization. That every team will have a chance for the pennant and that the resulting closer competition should prove more interesting to fandom in general and more remunerative to the magnates.

If the International League club owners have the nerve to indorse the scheme of their president it will at least assure a fine trial of the proposed remedy for many of the present drawbacks of the game. The experiment should be worth a great deal for advertising purposes alone. It would attract more attention to the International League than to either of the big leagues. The whole country would be interested in the outcome and no one would watch the results with greater interest than the powers of the two major leagues.

* * *

BARROW'S theory appears a most sound one. So far it is only theory. If it would stand the acid test in the minor league it is a certainty it would be welcomed in the big show. There is no more discouraging element in the promotion of major league baseball than the seeming inability of second division clubs to secure competent talent. The New York American club is a very good illustration of this. In the last five years Frank Farrell has spent fortunes trying to build up a losing club. To-day it is right where it was in 1908—away back in the ruck. All his money has been thrown away. There is absolutely no sentiment in baseball. Not a rival manager would give Frank Chance a worn-out bat bag if he thought it would serve later to help the Peerless Leader win a game from him. It is almost impossible to dig major league class from the bushes. Talent has to be developed. There is a dearth of material—not enough good players to go round. And naturally minor league clubs with something to sell prefer to do business with the successful major outfits not because the market is any better but because of the fact that their stars are more likely to be turned back again at some sort of sound profit.

The principles of organized baseball are quite sound. But there are too many loopholes for evasion. Even the roster limits are not conscientiously observed. In spite of the National Commission's vigilance wholesale "farming" continues. Every big league club has a raft of embryo stars "covered up" as an emergency reserve. Nothing can be done to stop it. Players who might help the weaker clubs are kept on the benches of the flag contenders or planted out somewhere in such a manner that they are safe from the dragnet of rivals.

* * *

IF it could be proven by fair trial that Ed Barrow's idea is practical then would be solved not only one of the greatest puzzles of the promoters, but one of the greatest ills of the players as well. By the same stroke would be canceled the necessary evil of the reserve clause, which has threatened Congressional investigation of baseball as a trust. Baseball contracts as at present constituted are illegal. They are not equitable. A player may be discharged on ten days' notice; he is bound for athletics life to the club with which he signs through the instrument of reserve. That no greater injustices result is due largely to the broad-mindedness of the National Commission. Yet, in spite of all, injustices exist.

Take the case of any star ball player who is so unfortunate as to be a member of a poor club. Rucker, of Brooklyn, for the past five years, is a fitting example. Brooklyn could not afford to pay him as much as could, say New York. There was absolutely no hope for the future. Bound hand and foot to the Dodgers, no ray of world's series sunshine broke through to cheer him.

* * *

IT should be the best thing in the world for players if they were put up to be drawn each season. There would be far more novelty to the life, a better chance of general advancement in salary because of the ever changing interest of fandom and less likelihood of discontent in the ranks. It might come hard at first to give up old idols of years. We all would grieve to see the gallant Matty go to Chicago. But we might learn after a while to tolerate a Hans Wagner or Johnny Evers in his stead. Of course, the main objection to such a plan would come from the champions who consider the world's series prize theirs by right of habit. Connie Mack and John McGraw should not be expected to go into ecstasies over Barrow's scheme. But even at that these crafty pilots would prove their true worth by sitting in at the draw and by hammering home their ideas to a new brood of athletes each spring. As a pure sporting proposition the new order of things would give the first true line on real managerial ability. Even-balanced fields would eliminate the element of luck.

Big Trade Planned By Cubs and Dodgers

Roger Bresnahan and Zimmerman May Be Swapped for Allen and Smith.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Roger Bresnahan and Heinie Zimmerman for Smith and Allen is the big deal that is in the air between the Chicago Cubs and the Brooklyn Club.

There are some who are close to the Brooklyn Club who say that this is the beginning of the end of Bill Dahlen as manager of the Brooklyn team. The rumor has it that he McKeever brothers, who have a large interest in the club, are not satisfied with the way Dahlen has been handling the team and want a change.

This would indicate that Bresnahan would be taken and then made manager of the team. Allen is a good pitcher, while Smith has been playing fine ball for the Dodgers at third base. The general opinion seems to be that the deal would not be a bad one for either club.

JIM THORPE IS LEARNING FAST UNDER JOHN M'GRAW

NEW YORK, July 26.—Jim Thorpe, the former world's amateur athletic champion, as a result of his observation and coaching under Manager John McGraw, of the New York Giants, is rapidly picking up valuable knowledge of the national sport for future use. Regarding him, McGraw says:

"In another month or so the Indian will be a really good outfielder. He starts well, knows how to play a ball when he reaches it, and, with his speed, can go a thundering long way for them. He has one of the best throwing arms on the club. After a while he'll be a good hitter as well as a clever fielder; he has already learned how to gauge and hit a curve pretty well. Another season Thorpe will be a seasoned ball player."

RICHOLSON HEADS GUN CLUB.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At the annual meeting of the Starved Rock Gun Club, held this week at the new clubhouse, officers were elected as follows: President, H. L. Richolson, Ottawa; vice president, E. D. Zeller, Ottawa; secretary, A. L. Jaques, Utica; treasurer, F. G. Pierski, La Salle; field captain, C. D. Clark, Utica. The officers, with the addition of C. S. Roe, of Ottawa, and Charles Quinby, of Spring Valley, compose the board of directors.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
REMEDY FOR MEN
AT DRUGGISTS OR TRIAL BOX BY MAIL 50c
FROM PLANTEN 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.
—BEWARE OF IMITATIONS—

ATHLETICS HAVE NOT LOST OVER THREE STRAIGHT

And Only Once Has Mack's Great Team Tasted a Trio of Successive Defeats.

WHEN a team can go through a complete season, the 154 games, and play a steady performance, day in and day out, without any slumps or sensational spurts, then it is going to be a pennant winner. That's why the Athletics are making such a runaway in the American League race this summer.

A little story in figures tells just why the Philadelphia club is so far out in front of the nearest contender. Connie Mack's team has not lost more than three games in a row so far this season. That happened only once. Detroit took three straights, but dropped the fourth one recently when Eddie Plank hurled a shut-out game. Previous to this slump the most games the Athletics had lost in a row was two at a time, and what makes the record all the more marvelous is that this happened but once.

The recovery of championship form for Connie Mack and his Athletics really is the surprise of the 1913 campaign. They won in 1910 and 1911, and were the double world's champions, too. Then something happened a year back, and they exploded, with the Boston Red Sox succeeding the residents of Penn as the high rulers in the American League and as the world's champions.

Last winter a majority of the dopesters picked the Red Sox to repeat. In analyzing the Athletics the "IF" was too prominent to predict a flag for Connie Mack again.

Had to Build Up Team.

Eddie Plank had to keep going; Chief Bender had to come back; Mack had to get two outfielders to help along Oldring; a catcher had to arrive to take the places of Thomas and Lapp, who were slipping, and some young star flingers were needed to help out the veterans.

Well, all this happened, much to the surprise of baseball dope. And it has been this steady, consistent playing that has landed the Athletics on top.

Right off the reel on April 10, the Mackites started to claw and devour the Boston Red Sox. And it was this first blow, a record of six victories out of the first seven games with the 1912 monarchs, that started the Athletics on the path to this 1913 pennant.

The two clubs staged a seven-game series and the Red Sox won but one. The Sox never could recover, while the Athletics have never faltered a bit.

Won Fifteen in a Row.

The record of fifteen straight victories was put on shortly after that. On May 26 Walter Johnson tamed the Athletics 9 to 2, and the next defeat didn't arrive until the Browns licked the Pennsylvanians on June 11, 5 to 2. And during that period fifteen straight games were won.

Slump No. 2 was June 20-21 with the Boston Red Sox turning the trick. June 20 the Red Sox won, 6 to 1, with Bush heaving against them. The next day the score was 5 to 4. On June 23, though, the Athletics routed their rivals, 13 to 4.

Then there was nothing doing in the slump line until July 13, when the Mackmen lost a pair to the Tigers, with Bush and Bender pitching the first game and Houck dropping the second. On July 14 the Tigers repeated, with Bender and Bush doing the box work.

ROURKE ASKS WAIVERS ON 3.

OMAHA, NEBR., July 26.—President Fourke yesterday denied the report that he had asked for waivers on practically the whole Omaha team. He admitted that he had asked for waivers on three players, but declined to say who they were.

8 Full Quart Bottles Old Carolina Whiskey $3.95
Or 4 Quart Bottles $2.15 Express Prepaid
We might talk till dooms day about its merit, and good quality, and you would not know how good it is until you tried it.
SEND US $2.15 FOR 4 QUART BOTTLES, OR $3.95 FOR 8 QUART BOTTLES AND WE WILL SEND IT TO YOU PREPAID. If you are not fully satisfied with it return it, and get your money back, without any ifs, ands or anything else.
FINE OLD CORN WHISKEY
Free With First Order: A sample bottle of Old Zulleka Whiskey, Corkscrew and Drinking Glass. A Postal request brings you our confidential price list.
ATLANTIC COAST DISTILLING CO. 4
Jacksonville, Fla.

Klem Is Latest to Praise New Balk Rule

Umpire Says President Lynch Has Made Proper Ruling on Dropped Ball.

NEW YORK, July 26.—William Klem, probbly the best umpire on the National League staff, discussed several points in the rules the other day. When asked about President Lynch's interpretation of the rule covering the dropping of a ball by a pitcher while in the act of delivering it to the batsman, he said:

"President Lynch has made a proper ruling in calling such a ball a balk. If a pitcher was allowed to get away with this slip he could easily frame up plays that would catch base runners dead to rights. With a man on first and the hit and run play in order he could tip off the third baseman and then let the ball slip out of his hand so that the runner could be nipped either at second base or between the bases.

"There is no written rule to cover this point, however, unless the rule governing the pitcher's delivery is applied. In that case a dropped ball could be called a 'ball' simply because it did not pass over the home plate between the knee and the shoulder."

"What do you think of the recent decision in the American League which sent Borton back to the plate to hit again after a ground ball thrown by an infielder had struck an umpire?" Klem was asked.

"The rule says that if a thrown ball hits an umpire base runners must be sent back to their original stations," was the reply, "but the rule makers never meant to have a batsman return to the plate to hit over again. These are some of the points that must be cleared up by the Rules Committee before next season. They do not come up frequently, but the umpires should be in a position to make prompt rulings."

FLYNN-SMITH BOUT SHOULD BE DESPERATE STRUGGLE

NEW YORK, July 26.—New York fight fans expect to see fireworks a-plenty on August 8, for that is the date on which Gunboat Smith, the strongest "white hope" thus far developed, and "Pueblo Jim" Flynn, the most dangerous veteran in the heavy class, have agreed to mingle for ten rounds before the Garden Athletic Club members in the arena of Madison Square Garden.

Both of these scrappers have made their reputation via the knockout route, and as each is aware that pugilistic oblivion will be the certain fate of the loser, the battle should be a desperate struggle from bell to bell.

BRITTON AND PACKEY MAY CLASH ON COAST

Coffroth Is Anxious to Stage Match Between Rival Chicogoans in August.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., July 26.—"Sunny Jim" Coffroth has the August fight permit for this city and is busy arranging a card for the show. Just who will make up the main event James hasn't decided as yet, but he has assured the fans that whoever the boxers are they will be lads who will offer a crack card. Jim seldom fails in giving the public the best possible, and all lovers of the glove game are anxiously awaiting his selection. It is known he is hot on the trail of Packey McFarland and Jack Britton, but it is hardly likely that he will be able to get this pair before Labor Day, if he can land them then.

But he has Leach Cross, Matty Baldwin, Johnny Dundee, Red Watson and Tommy Murphy among the lightweights, with Jess Willard and Sam Langford to pick opponents for if he should decide on the big lads. Willie Ritchie has practically assured James that he will do battle with any lightweight on Labor Day and Tommy Murphy will be Coffroth's selection, this, of course, subject to change should McFarland decide to box.

ART ALARD TO FIGHT BENZ.

BUTTE, MONT., July 26.—Art Alard, of New York, and Art Benz, of Butte, have been matched for a twelve-round contest here September 1. Benz has fought twelve battles, in every one of which he has knocked out his opponent within four rounds.

GULLS WILL BE REAL SOUTHERN STARS IF THEY WIN PENNANT

MOBILE, July 26.—If Mike Finn's 1913 Mobile team can cop the Dixie pennant it will be most appropriate, inasmuch as eight of the fifteen athletes doing duty on behalf of the local club are Southern boys. A discussion on the bench during a recent rain brought out the fact that eight of the Mobile players boast the South as their home.

Both the Gull catchers, Charley Schmidt and Larry Brown, are Southern boys, Schmidt from Fort Smith, Ark., and Brown from Birmingham. The pitching corps furnishes two more Southerners in Bradley Hogg, of Buena Vista, Ga., and "Pug" Cavet, from Fort Worth, Texas. The outfield, as it now stacks up, is an All-Southern one, Jimmy Clark, Dave Robertson and Paul Sentell, the former residing in Baltimore, Robertson in Portsmouth, Va., and Sentell from New Orleans. Gene Paulet is a Little Rock boy, making eight Southerners on the team.

With the Gulls near the front and making history in the Dixie League, the fact that the team is composed of a majority of Southerners has brought out how fitting it would be for them to cop the Dixie pennant. Then, too, Mike Finn, another Southerner, would be at the heard of the victorious team, and it would be quite a feat could the Gull leader land his first Southern flag with a team composed in the majority of athletes boasting Dixie as their home.

TWELVE EVENTS ON CARD OF NATIONAL REGATTA

NEW YORK, July 26—Secretary Fortmeyer, of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, announces the closing of entries for the forty-first championship regatta has been fixed for July 28. The regatta will be held on the Charles River, Boston, on August 8-9.

Twelve events will be contested over a mile and a quarter course. Nine races will be rowed with one turn and three, the international senior fours, intermediate and senior eights, over a one and a quarter mile straightaway course.

The entries received to date indicate that the national championship will provide one of the best regattas of recent years, with scullers and crews from all parts of the country competing.

EVERS WON'T TRADE ROGER.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 26.—Manager Evers to-day denied the story started in Brooklyn to the effect that he intended to trade Heine Zimmerman and Roger Bresnahan to the Dodgers for Southpaw Frank Allen and Third Baseman Smith.

CASHION'S ONLY CHANCE IS TEN MONTHS' REST

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Carl Cashion's only chance of getting back into the pitching ranks is in ten months' rest, according to specialists here who are treating the Giant twirler's trained arm. Great things were expected of Cushion this season, but in his first game he tore a ligament loose. Now he can not get back the speed that caused him to be considered a second Walter Johnson.

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The tonic properties of the finest Saazer Hops properly blended with selected Barley make Budweiser alive with health and vigor.
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Atlanta, Ga.

Confidence Gets the Hits

Baseball Jinx Real, But Can Be Beaten

Heine Tells How to Do It

TAD SHOWS HOW THE GOAT PASSES FROM BATTER TO PITCHER AND VICE VERSA



'ZIM' SAYS 3 PITCHERS HAVE IT 'ON' HIM

Some Day He Will Land on Them, Get His Confidence Back and They'll Be Easy.

A BATTER who goes up to the plate believing he is going to hit the ball has a big shade on the pitcher, says Zimmerman, in this, the third article of his series. Read what follows and see if you do not agree with Heine's logic.

By HENRY ZIMMERMAN.

IT'S my opinion that there is no business or profession in the world where confidence in one's self counts as much as it does when a batter steps to the plate in the pinch.

Hitting in a large measure is believing that one can hit.

That has been my experience. There are three pitchers in our league who seem to have it on me. Christy Mathewson, Jeff Tesreau and Earl Moore are the men. And I am ineffective against the latter two for the reason that I have lost my confidence in my ability to hit them. I'll get it back all right.

Some day I will get in there and pound out a bunch of hits when they happen to be on the slab and then those two will worry me no more.

I don't know about Mathewson. Here is a man who should be envied by every pitcher lacking control. For it is the control of this veteran that makes him one of the hardest men in the game to beat. Mathewson possesses the other qualifications that a great pitcher must have. But it is his marvelous control that keeps him going year after year.

How Mathewson Fools the Batter

He uses his control in a peculiar sort of way. Some pitchers display their control by keeping the ball over the plate. Mathewson uses his in quite a different way. He never gives you a good ball to hit.

His pitches are a bit wide to hit hard yet in far enough to tempt you.

He pitches so closely to you that you constantly hit on the handle of the bat. Yet it is out just far enough to get you to swing.

He's pitching a bit high or a bit low to you. He's always pitching just where you take a swing yet never where you can get a good solid wallop.

It's Tesreau's wind-up rather than what he has on the ball that worries me. And a deceptive wind-up has helped many an ordinary pitcher. Remember King Cole? He went through a lot of gyrations before letting go of the ball. The batters scarcely knew from what angle to expect that pitch.

There's no question in my mind that it was Cole's wind-up that carried him through the National League when he was with us.

Says He Will Solve Tesreau's Windup

Tesreau hits me the same way. I find it difficult to watch his windup and it is hard for me to follow the ball from the moment it leaves his hand. It's on top of me before I can see it.

But some day I'm going to figure out that wind-up. Then I'll pay back Mr. Tesreau.

Too much stress can not be placed upon the value of confidence in a batter. It extends to a team frequently which accounts for some of the things which fans marvel at.

You read that this pitcher is a jinx for a certain club. Lack of confidence is the answer. At some time or other that pitcher was going good when he met this club that is now easy for him. He pitched some good ball and beat them a couple of games in one series. The chances are the games were important and attracted much attention and comment.

Transferring the Goat.

The next time that pitcher came to town he was referred to as a jinx. And pretty soon he was. It wasn't that he pitched so well, although the chances are that he pitched ahead of his form, for the moment a twirler gets the idea that he has it on a team he becomes better. It is a mental condition.

The fellows in the clubhouse said, "Well, our old jinx will pitch to-day. We'll have our troubles."

They went in half licked and they came out thoroughly trounced.

A jinx is broken the same way. The pitcher hasn't all of his stuff, a couple of fellows get base hits, confidence is restored, the fellows go up there with determination and, presto—the jinx is knocked from the slab and the chances are that it is for all time.

A batting slump is the terror of all batters. It is also one of the mysteries of the game. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one.

Many batters believe that it is the eye. That isn't my belief. When I am in the midst of a batting slump I know exactly what the cause is. Yet I can't remove it. The reason I am not hitting is because I am not swinging freely. My eye is all right. I know where and when to meet the ball. But the muscles of my shoulder seem to be bound. I don't seem to be able to handle that bat just as I should.

It's my belief that I have the right system of getting over it, though. Men who swing hard when they get in a slump begin to choke the bat; they swing easy, just hard enough to meet the ball. I don't. I swing just as hard when I'm in a slump as when I am hitting at my best. I know that if I keep right on swinging that I will get back to the old swing and that the slump will be over.

Zim Gives Cure for Batting Slump

A BATTING slump is the terror of all batters. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one. When I am in a batting slump it is not my eye that is at fault. I know what it is, but am helpless. It is because my muscles are bound and I am not swinging freely. I believe I have the right system of getting over it. I do not ease up on the swing. I believe in keeping the muscles at work; so I swing just as hard as ever and the first thing I know I get back the old swing and the slump is over.—*HEINE ZIMMERMAN.*

SCOUTS ARE BIG FACTORS IN RACES, SAYS HEDGES

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 26.—Bob Hedges doesn't believe a manager has much to do with the building up of a run-down ball club. He thinks that duty is up to the scouts, and that in case of failure to get the players the blame should fall upon the scouts instead of the manager.

The president of the Browns declared yesterday:

"I'm fairly well satisfied with Stovall's work as manager with the material on hand. Next season we hope to give him still better material and maybe we can climb a bit.

"You know Stovall isn't building up the St. Louis Club—he mustn't get either credit or blame for what has been done in this respect. The manager has nothing to do with the building up of ub—that's what is left to the scouts, and as we have good scouts, I think we're due to climb."

SCHRECK TO MEET GILBERT.

Dick Gilbert and Mike Schreck have been rematched for a fifteen-round contest at the Valley Athletic Club in Elmwood, August 18. The Schreck people want Ed Smith, the Chicago referee, to officiate.

LYON MASTERED GOLF BY USING CRICKET STROKE

Toronto Star Qualified for American Championship Despite Awkward Style of Play.

WHEN George S. Lyon, of Toronto, in 1906, at Englewood, was prevented from carrying off the American golf championship by the brilliant playing of E. M. Byers, of Pittsburg, who won the final by 2 up, there was a general regret expressed during the match that a player with so awkward a style, so distinctively a cricket stroke, should thus menace the United States championship. Lyon, with about a half-swing, would lunge at the ball just as if he were hitting a cricket ball. He has been a fine cricket player all his life, and when he came into the golf field, instead of trying to form correct golfing habits he just whanged away in the old form he had in defending the wicket.

As a result, he has one of the most awkward styles on the tee of all the crack players, with the possible exception of Parker W. Whittemore, of the Brookline Country Club, Boston, who would do well to take a year off and unlearn his present methods and adopt such a form as his frequent Boston opponents, like Francis Ouimet and Percival Gilbert, possess. It would take just about that time for Whittemore to get rid of the faults he now has, but it would be worth while, for, with his fine, powerful physique and sure eye, he would come close, with a perfect style, to carrying off the national championship.

* * *

WITH the discussion in England of late as to whether golf is encroaching upon cricket to such an extent as to lessen interest in that game, has arisen the question whether the one pastime is a bad form of preparation for the other, especially whether a cricketer can become a successful golfer. This point is interesting in America, as it involves the question whether the baseball swat unfits one for good golfing unless it is dropped absolutely for the true golf swing.

G. L. Jessop, the well-known British amateur golfer, holds the opinion that it is well-nigh impossible to be good at both golf and cricket in one and the same season, because while the latter game demands quickness on the feet, golf is likely to bring nothing but disappointment to its devotees unless he can contrive to preserve stability of stance and to pivot on his feet with almost mechanical precision.

* * *

CAPTAIN C. K. HUTCHISON, who is a fine batsman and a first-class golfer, considers that the two games can be pursued in quick alternation without one's form at either suffering to any extent worth mentioning. And on one summer's day he made about 60 runs for the Household Brigade against strong bowling, and then, going straight to Woking, went round the golf course there in 74 strokes. So that he must be an excellent master of his feet.

The Hon. F. S. Jackson was another celebrity who quickly became a scratch golfer, and he has often said that the one circumstance which disappointed him about the game was that, when he first fell into its meshes, he could hit the ball prodigious distances, and that the more accurately he played it, the shorter became his drives.

* * *

AMONG prominent American golfers are some who have been good ball players. The best known of these is John M. Ward, formerly of the New York Giants, and in his day, twenty years ago, called one of the greatest shortstops the game ever saw. For one so thoroughly grounded in baseball as Ward was, his swing is not bad, though there is a stronger suggestion of the hit in his swing, perhaps, than if he had never driven in runs on the ball field.

Oswald Kirkby, the New Jersey champion of 1912, and one of the finest drivers American golf has ever produced, has been a baseball pitcher of considerable ability. However, he took up golf when still young, and this enabled him to cultivate a full swing with the sweep effect, and with no suggestion of the baseball hit.

Wind-Up of the Pitcher Is the Thing That Worries Zim More Than the Curves.

BALLOONS WILL COMPETE IN INTERNATIONAL RACES

NEW YORK, July 26.—The distances in the recent elimination race covered respectively by the three balloons whose pilots were chosen as the teams to represent America in the international balloon race from Paris in October, are announced by Major Samuel Reber, official statistician of the Aero Club of America:

H. A. Upson, of Detroit, in the Goodyear, the statistician announces, covered a distance of 685 miles; John Watts, of Kansas City, in the Kansas City II, 673 miles, and H. E. Honeywell, of St. Louis, in the Kansas City Post, 658 miles. Seven balloons entered the elimination trials, but only four finished. Major Reber computed the distance in direct lines on topographical maps.

The men chosen for the international race will start with the foreign competitors October 12, from the Tuileries Gardens in Paris. The race, like the trials, will be judged on the basis of miles cover during one continuous flight.

PROVIDENCE RECALLS O'MEARA.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Ollie O'Meara, the shortstop who was loaned to the Evansville Central League team several months ago by the Providence team of the International League, yesterday was recalled by Providence.

HANSON, YANK RECRUIT, IS CHICAGO SCHOOLBOY

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Harry Hanson, a Chicago schoolboy, made his first appearance with the New York Americans the other day. Hanson has been with the team two days, having been picked up in Chicago, where he played with the Washington Heights team. He is a sturdy lad 21 years old and seems to have a good whip.

CROSS LANDS JOB DOWN EAST.

Monte Cross, former scout for the Browns and one of the members of the "board of strategy," has been appointed manager of the Bridgeport, Conn., team in the Eastern Association.


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Dr. H. H. Green's Sons Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Pelky Ready to Talk Business

Champion Wants Go With Smith

By H. M. Walker.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—Arthur Pelky, claiming the world's heavyweight championship, but not appearing to be a bit excited over the fact, arrived in California—the real battleground of the Queensberry world—the other day and made a general application for work.

Accompanying Pelky, whose real name, by the way, is Arthur Pellitier, was our old friend Tommy Burns. Tommy is as fat as our own Jimma da Jeff and wears considerably more jewelry. He did all the talking for Pelky, who stood in the background and kept smoothing back his black hair in a manner that suggested embarrassment in finding himself in the "big town," surrounded by the men who have kept the ring records since the days when an important bout called for a barge ride.

"There is a general disposition to look upon Pelky as a ring accident, just as the people tagged Willie Ritchie as a false alarm," said Burns. "This is a mistake. My man has had 33 fights without having had a decision given against him. He made Jess Willard quit cold and he stopped Jim Barry in five rounds. All that he needs is the opportunity to prove that he is the best heavyweight boxer in the game to-day.

Pelky After Smith.

"There is not much doing among the heavyweights now, and for that reason we have signed up for a ten weeks, stage engagement along the coast. The one man we want to meet is Gunboat Smith, but if the public will point a finger at another man we will be on the job.

"I boxed Pelky six rounds and at the finish I was 'all in.' I knew then that Arthur was the real goods, and, although it is not generally known, I have been his manager since that night. He has everything that a champion should have, and is a clean liver. Although the big fellow is 29 years old now, I expect him to hold the title for the next six or seven years, and before he gets through he will be the most popular heavyweight since the prime of John L. Sullivan."

In personal appearance Pelky is in striking contrast to Jim Corbett, "Bob" Fitzsimmons, Jim Jeffries or any of the old-timers. The office boy who Marathons at the beck and call and a nod at his command. He is modest, perhaps bashful would be a better word, and but for a "panned" left ear and a "tunnel" nose, would never be suspected of being connected with the prize ring.

"We will meet any white man in the world," continued Burns after Pelky had been made to stand up, sit down and roll over for a general inspection. "There are no colored boxers worthy of consideration and I am glad of it, as this saves us a lot of argument. The black boys can save their breath, Pelky will never give one of them a chance. I was roasted from Sydney to Schenectady because I refused to fight Johnson. After I finally did lose to the big dinge I was roasted all over again for having given him a crack at the title. We will not make this mistake again. Pelky is a white champion for white people only."

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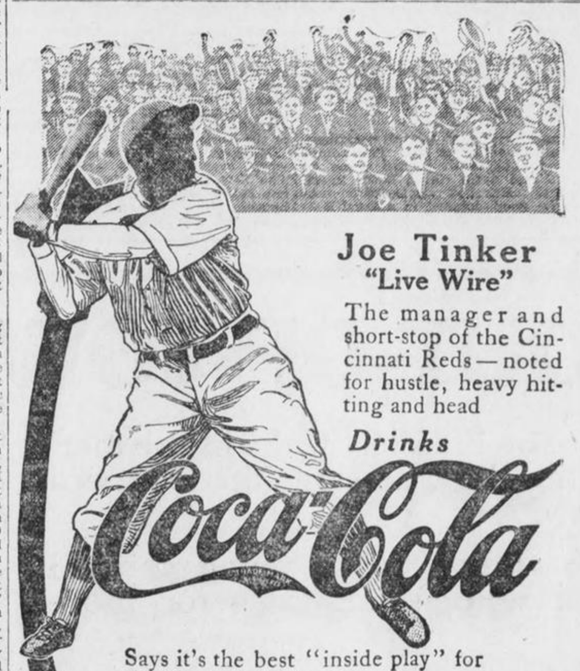
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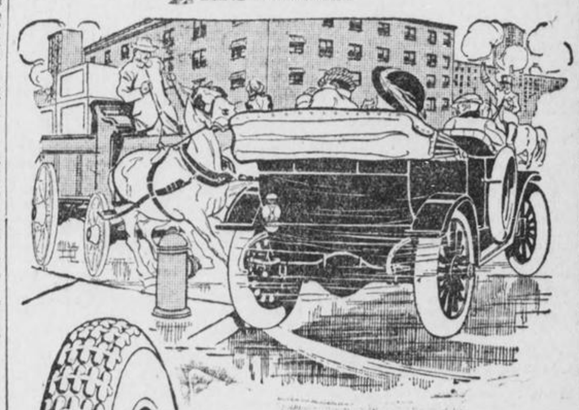
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You will enjoy driving your car, you will drive with safety, perfect control and absolute freedom from skids, if you equip your car this season with
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This is a real non-skid tire—the original "Won't Slip, Won't Slide, Won't Skid—it *Grips* and *Holds.*"
And without extra cost you get the More Mileage Vitalized Rubber, Perfect 3-Point Rim Contact, also No-Pinch Safety Flap for inner tube protection.
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So this time buy Diamond Vitalized Rubber Tires with the famous Safety Tread—you can get them to fit your rims from
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WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

MIDDLEMAN NO PARASITE, SAYS ACTIVE BROKER

Abuse of Jobbers Draws Logical Reply That All Who Market Goods Are Producers.

"We hear much abuse nowadays directed against the middleman," says W. M. Burke, of H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers.

"Atlanta's prosperity is largely due to its pre-eminence as a jobbing center—it might be called a city of middlemen—and it seems to me that some reply should be forthcoming to these critics.

"We hear fulminations to the effect that the producer gets the small end of every bargain, while the jobber and the retailer get the biggest share of the profits of nearly everything sold to-day.

"In my opinion, commission men and retailers are, in most cases, just as important as the man who produces, considering the present scope of business. The middleman performs a function for modern society, and an indispensable function. I have been using the word 'producer' in the popular sense. I think it can be proved that all of us are 'producers.'

"Now, our firm stands in the position of middleman, and in the strictest sense. We do not touch the original producer on the one side or the actual consumer on the other. To make it clear, we handle lard, tinned meats and canned goods, among a quantity of other things. Yet we do not deal with the man who grew the fruits, the hogs or the cattle from which these products came. We get these things from the Chicago packers whom we represent and from factories. Take lard, for example. It 's quite likely that some broker or buyer stands between farmer and packer, so that, passing from farmer to hog buyer, from hog buyer to packer, and from packer to us, we are the fourth to handle our goods.

"We do not sell to retailers, in any case. So wholesaler and retailer stand between us and the consumer. Five men, then, stand between the farmer who bred the hog and the housewife who buys a pail of silver leaf lard.

All Have Real Use.

"This makes our position clear. Now, I think the existence of every one of these men can be justified. First, the man who buys up live stock. Unless he is in business on an exceptionally large scale, no farmer can ship a solid carlot of hogs, and it is evident it would not pay him to ship less to the Chicago stockyards. The buyer who gives him a fair price for his hogs, pays cash down and hauls them away, then, performs a useful service for the farmer. The buyer serves the packer also, for without him the packer must employ buyers of his own to scour the country for hogs, make them up in carlots and attend to all the details of getting them to the Chicago market.

"Now, neither the farmer nor the hog buyer can make lard either well or economically. I think the existence of the packer is justified so plainly as to need no argument.

"But the packer can not profitably maintain a selling department large enough to deal direct with the consumer—imagine Swift & Co. filling mail orders for single pails of lard! Nor can the packer afford to deal with the hundreds of thousands of retailers all over the country—that would be almost as bad. For the same reasons the packer can not deal direct with the wholesale grocer—that would necessitate installing, for one thing, a credit bureau of national scope and maintaining a gigantic force of salesmen. Profits are too narrow for such methods.

Serve Both Parties.

"Here we are justified—in effect, we act as agents for Swift & Co., to mention only one concern. We serve the packer well in marketing his goods, and we serve the wholesaler in being able to fill his order for any reasonable quantity of Swift's products 'instanter.'

"The wholesaler, having intimate acquaintance with the retail trade, with his salesmen on the road, and because he assembles everything the retail grocer wants, gives it to him promptly on demand, and extends proper credit for it—performs a useful service. If we, on the one hand, had to maintain such an organization ot sell our special lines, we would have to take the wholesaler's profit to pay for the service. If the retailer, on the other hand, had to go to a dozen different places to get his stock, he would lose, in time, labor and expense, enough to eat up his profit.

"The wholesaler, then, is necessary. And, I take it, there can be no argument necessary to prove the need of the retailer.

"All this might be gone into much more deeply. But it is easy to prove that everyone who assists in the economical marketing of any product is a producer. In the old days the farmer raised his hogs, slaughtered them, made lard himself and sold it himself at the grocery, or perhaps even direct to families. He then was THE producer. But now that he has delegated seven-eighths of this work to others, are they not also producers? And the producer needs no apology for his existence."

How Straphanger's Nickel Is Divided

Conductor and Motorman Get $.008; Bondholders $.007; Plaintiffs, $.002.

Where does the nickel go that you give to the street car conductor? Ever find out?

According to statistics compiled by the Census Bureau of the United States, a large part of the passenger's fare goes to labor.

Of the whole fare, 32.1 per cent, or 1.605 cents, is disposed of in this way. Conductors get the largest share of this amount, with motormen, road and track men and car and motor repairers following in the order named. Fully 50 per cent of that part of the fare which goes to labor is received by conductors and motormen.

The supply men come next. They get 19.3 per cent of the nickel, or .965 of a cent. Things that are paid for under this head include fuel, wire, rails, ballast, stationery, printing and general publicity. Next come the company's creditors. They share the fare to the extent of 14.8 per cent, or .74 of a cent. Under this head come men or corporations from which money has been borrowed on bond or mortgage, on short-term notes or other collateral.

The landlord's claim to the nickel dropped in the box amounts to 11.2 per cent, or .56 of a cent. Unless this claim is paid the companies may be dispossessed of pieces of roads, terminals or of trackage rights and facilities.

The State, county and the city also share in the income of the various companies, and consequently the tax collector comes in for 4.6 per cent of the fare, or .23 of a cent. Prompt payment of this charge is necessary to prevent the infliction of penalties or extra fees and interests. Claims for injuries to body, soul or spirit, and to property (including horses, cows, dogs), take care of 4.2 per cent of the fare, or .21 of a cent.

After the average company treasurer has paid out for miscellaneous expenses another slice of the fare amounting to 1.5 per cent, or .075 of a cent, he makes provision for "rainy" days. For this 3.2 per cent of the nickel is put in the secret drawer to take care of emergencies. Only .16 of a cent of each fare is used in this way, however.

Executives of various kinds receive 2.9 per cent of the cost of a ride for their share, there necessarily being many of them in systems that boast of any size at all. Their share totals only .145 of a cent, but it helps to reduce returns to the stockholders.

Last, but not least, come the stockholders. To them, for the use of their money, goes only 6.2 per cent of the fare. In actual payment it represents .31 of a cent. If these stockholders could be paid what savings banks would pay them if the par value of the shares had been deposited in 4 per cent savings banks instead of being invested in electric railways, they would get 19.5 per cent of the nickel. But that can't be done, and the stockholders must be content with their 6.2 per cent.

"This," the bulletin adds, "may account for the disheartening state of affairs shown in the following figures: Miles of electric railways built in 1902-7, 12,154; miles built in 1907-12, 5,295; decrease, 6,859 miles, or 56.4 per cent."

New Furs Cheaper, Undyed Pelts Cause

Fashion Favors Pieces Made From Skins Left Just as Taken From the Animals.

At no previous time have buyers been able to procure such attractive fur sets at reasonable prices. This is due to the number of styles that manufacturers have brought out for all classes of trade, and to the extensive use of undyed pelts, by which many new effects were added to the lines.

Silver kit fox is prominent this season, as well as the imitation, coney kit fox, which costs about half the price of the genuine. Natural kit fox is quite new, and is one of the most popular of the inexpensive furs shown for fall.

Variety is the keynote in the styles of both scarfs and muffs. The newest muffs have the outline of an elongated pillow. Some are twenty inches long, and the width of an ordinary muff. While the majority have square edges, some are rounded in front to give a heart-shaped outline. Ruffs, ties, collarettes and small crossover pieces are the smaller neckpieces substituted for the heavier ones.

New Firm Displays Holiday Goods Line

Fielding-Behrend Co. Opens Branch House in Atlanta, With Two Salesmen in Charge.

Newcomers to Atlanta are Harry J. Sternberg and George S. Anderson, who will represent in Southern territory the Fielding-Behrend Stationery Company of New York.

A branchhouse has been opened in Atlanta, at No. 8 Peachtree street. Mr. Sternberg later will travel South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Georgia, while Mr. Anderson will have for his territory Virginia, North Carolina, Kentucky and Tennessee.

The firm deals in holiday lines, including calendars, brass and metal novelties, box papers, leather goods, desk sets, albums, artificial flowers, mirrors, purses, cut glass, china, toilet goods and silver plate goods.

The lines represent the product of nine manufacturers. Both the salesmen in Atlanta are well known in Southern territory.

BUTTERFLIES TRIM HATS.

Butterflies are the newest trimmings for fall millinery. These are made in very natural effects of velvet edges, with metallic dust to give the brilliant color effects, and also of feathers cleverly pasted to show the soft spots on the wings. Two, three, or four butterflies in one cluster fit straight up on the hat, and every movement sets them fluttering in lifelike fashion.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Cravats of crepe de chine are much in vogue for wear with shirt blouses, and the new jabots are shown made in black and white, and color combinations.

The demand for slippers for home wear is greater than ever before. A firm in Lynn has started its run on slippers for the holiday trade a month earlier than usual.

The Pierrot ruff, a small neckpiece, is very popular for fall. This comes in marabou, with shirred crepe de chine and satin ribbon bows, in all colors. Marabou and ostrich sets are in good demand in natural colors and fancy combination shadings.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR SALESMEN TO BE GREATER

More From the Selling Force Will Become Partners in Future Than in Past

Whether salesmen any longer have the opportunity of making big money as salesmen is frequently discussed. There are many who say that personality is a larger factor than ever, and that this, together with the science of salesmanship, will always maintain the value of selling power.

A prominent manufacturer said the other day that a salesman had to be better posted along scientific lines today than ever before. He must study his customers' competition and be expert in retail merchandising, as well as a keen reader of character.

He must have the knack and judgment of knowing what his trade wants, and must aid his customers in making selections. He must be a close student of his own lines, and be able to point out superiorities and inferiorities. He must also have personal magnetism and the power of making friends.

Must Control Temper.

Besides these, absolute control over his temper and actions is necessary. Disagreeable scenes often come up, and the salesman of to-day must either be clever enough to smooth them over or else school himself in making as graceful an exit as possible. A clever salesman will never quarrel with a customer or a prospective one.

It makes a bad name for his house, and besides it does not pay, because he knows that the day may come when he will sell that man a bill of goods.

"With such qualifications," remarked the manufacturer, "the modern expert salesman will command more money than ever, because personality and unusual efficiency are necessary in all lines of business. More salesmen in the future will probably become partners, because the type of man successful in the selling field embodies qualifications and executive characteristics that have not been thought necessary in the past.

Neglect New Firms.

"Old-time salesmen rarely open a new account, but go on, season after season, evidently without knowing that new merchants are constantly starting in business. There are plenty of such men puttering along just where they were fifteen years ago, simply taking orders from the customers they have without trying for new ones.

"In the same houses men have been made partners who entered long after the order takers started. Order takers would never be anything else anywhere. They never get ahead. It is the salesman with plenty of energy and a desire to get ahead that can rise to a partnership. To men of this caliber selling goods offers greater opportunities than ever in all lines of business."

$100,000,000 Goods Wait on New Tariff

No Such Wealth Ever Held in New York Before—Sugar Worth $12,000,000.

NEW YORK, July 26.—More than $100,000,000 worth of merchandise is stored in the bonded warehouses of Greater New York. Never on the face of the globe has there ever before been such an aggregation of everything that the soil yields and human industry produces.

The fifty-six great bonded warehouses are gorged almost to bursting with silks, teas, coffee, spices, oils, rugs, carpets, toys, textile fabrics, jute, hemp, wool, chemicals—with everything in which the merchants of the world trade.

More than 200,000 tons of sugar, worth over $12,000,000, are in bond. The New York Stock Company alone has 80,000 bags of coffee; its warehouses, with a capacity of 81,000,000 cubic feet, are filled.

JUTE ADVANCES ON REPORTS OF CROP DAMAGES

Yield of 10,000,000 Bales Expected, Which Is Short of Demand, Says Authority.

Jute costs much more now than it did two weeks ago, according to the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, among the largest users of burlap in the United States.

Ben Elsas, of this company, says that a jute crop of about 10,000,000 bales certainly no more, is expected from India this year.

"Trade authorities assert that this is something less than enough to go around," says Mr. Elsas.

The South uses large quantities of burlaps, particularly in sacking cotton seed meal and oil cake.

Estimates of the Indian crop vary.

Some Bearish Figures.

One prominent Calcutta house, which is interested in twelve burlap mills, estimates a record breaking yield, placing the crop at 10,300,000 bales, while other authorities believe that the yield will be much smaller than expected; and not over 9,500,000 bales. The British Government's preliminary estimate indicated an increase of about 6 per cent over last year, but from private sources the information has come to hand that the crop has been badly injured, and the output will be of poor quality, with the total production not above last year, which amounted to 10,000,000 bales.

Cables asking whether the estimate of 10,200,000 bales was likely to prove correct brought replies to the effect that the concern giving this estimate was "bearish" on the market, as the new crop gives every indication of being below the 10,000,000-bale mark. On the other hand the last authorities are reported in other quarters as decidedly bullish on crop conditions.

New crop jute has advanced to £28 10s a ton, and is reported as very firm at the higher price level.

Calcutta Burlaps Up.

Calcutta burlap prices are reported to have advanced several points, with the market strong, although there is not much forward business being put through.

Buyers have been watching the crop estimates, and until they have a better idea of the situation, are not likely to start in covering ahead. Importers are also holding back on forward contracts, pending further developments. Prices are stronger than they were.

Cables from Dundee report slight advances in that market, with manufacturers firmer in their price ideas, especially when it comes to a question of forward contracts.

* * *

Southern Railway Company has sold to bankers $1,750,000 5 per cent equipment trust notes to provide for additional cars.

* * *

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company directors will consider the common dividend at the annual meeting.

'Bungalow Beds' an Atlanta Innovation

Iron Bed Factory Has Products Human Race Wants From the Cradle to the Grave.

From the cradle to the grave, and one-third of the time between, the Atlanta Metal Bed Company claims to take care of members of the human race, which perhaps is as ambitious a project as any Atlanta factory undertakes.

Cribs and doll beds make provision for the youngsters. Then there are "bungalow beds" for girls and boys, beds of many descriptions for adults, and, to complete the list, casket stands for use during the rites over the dead.

"Bungalow beds" are worth a paragraph in themselves, for they are unique. No other manufacturers as yet have introduced them. The "bungalow bed" is single width, and about half the height of the regular size—in other words, its head is about thirty inches high. These have proven particularly popular at schools and colleges, and their introduction in such institutions has built up a demand from students who want the same kind of furniture for their homes.

Make Hit at Show.

These made a hit at the High Point, N. C., furniture show, where the Atlanta products were exhibited. So did the doll beds. Of course, there are doll beds of all kinds, but these are bronz, white enamel, or oxidized, and come complete with springs, mattresses and two pillows—perfect miniatures of "sure-enough" expensive beds.

There are few metal bed factories in the South. The reason, according to L. C. Moeckel, manager of the Atlanta plant, is the scarcity of skilled metal workers and finishers. The Atlanta factory has trained green men, under the direction of foremen and superintendents from Northern factories.

Manufacture begins with the assembling of the material—angle iron from the Pittsburg steel district, round iron from the Atlanta Steel Works, and tubing from the National Tubing Company. The materials are fastened on frames, held in just the position the pattern of the bed demands. Molds cover each joint, and into these molds is poured molten iron. The beds thus are held together by chilled iron castings. When the rough bits incident to casting have been chipped off, the beds are ready for finishing.

But there is another kind of metal bed, the "chill-less" bed. In this process the tubing is bored with holes one-thirty-second of an inch smaller than the rods. The rods are tapered at the ends and driven into the holes. This does away with the little knob-like castings and makes a higher-priced and more sightly piece of furniture.

The work of applying the enamel is elaborate. First, a "priming coat" of white is applied and baked several hours at a temperature of 150 degrees. Then follow three coats of enamel, with a similar baking for each.

Bronze Blown On.

The most ingenious machine in the factory is the Vernis-Martin machine, which bronzes beds, or, in fact, would bronze anything put into it, from a derby hat to a piano. The bed frames are coated with "size"—a sticky substance. Then they are put in a chamber, into which the blast from a powerful blower fan is directed. The bronze powder is fed in by teaspoonfuls, and the strong blast drives the powder against the sticky substance, covering the surfaces more thoroughly, more evenly, more quickly and more economically than the work ever could be accomplished by hand. Two men, with this machine, bronze 35 beds in two hours, where formerly, by hand, it took two men ten hours to do the same amount of work. Later the bronze beds are lacquered, so that the bronze is, in effect, held between two sheets of glass and can not tarnish.

Another ingenious machine is the one which bends two-inch steel tubing into the shape of a "U," the operation taking only a few seconds. This is a patent of the Atlanta factory, and many of these machines have been sold to other manufacturers.

Steel cables grasp the ends of the tubing and bend it at two places around a grooved wheel as easily as a man could fashion a hairpin from a piece of fine wire. All previous machines have bent one curve at a time, necessitating a double operation for each piece of tubing, and in most instances the insertion of a plug or sand filler to prevent crushing the tube.

Tight Skirts Cause Decreased Profits For Silk Weavers

All Other Textile Manufacturers in Germany Report Better Business Than in 1912.

The decreased demand for silks consequent upon the vogue of tight-fitting skirts has been responsible for a reduction in the divdends paid by foreign silk weaving concerns. In a generally good year for textiles, the silk mills had earnings below those of the previous year.

Balance sheets so far issued for German textile companies reflect a marked improvement. The average rate of dividends paid this year by 123 representative textile undertakings, having an aggregate capital of $50,000,000, works out at 8.4 per cent, against 6.9 per cent paid in 1912.

The increase is the more satisfactory in view of the fact that in many cases large amounts have been put aside to strengthen the reserves, which last year were largely drawn upon to provide dividends or make up for losses.

The worsted spinning companies show a slight falling off, the average dividend of twenty stock companies being 7.8 per cent, as against 8.1 per cent last year. In other branches of the woolen industry fifteen representative concerns paid an average dividend of 11 per cent, against 10.7 per cent in 1912.

The average dividend of the silk mills, which was 8.6 per cent in 1912, fell off as a result of the changed styles to 5.8 per cent.

DOMESTIC OLIVE CROP.

It is estimated by the California Olive Producers' Association that that State will produce this year 1,125,000 gallons of pickled olives and 1,000,000 gallons of oil, which will be a record output.

Write for our latest Catalogue. The leading merchants are adding the 5c and 10c departments. Why not one for your town?

McCLURE 10c CO., 47-49 S. Broad St.

Give Your "DIMES" a Chance

Buy Your

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and get better goods at the same price or the same goods for less.

We manufacture Tablets and School Stationery in our own factory---the only one of its kind in the South.

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Manufacturers of

Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.

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MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY

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TO OUT-OF-TOWN MERCHANTS:

How would you like to hear the brainiest folks in the merchandising business talk about the Big Questions that concern every storekeeper in the country?

How would you like to rub elbows for a few days with Four Thousand other merchants who are all keen for more and better merchandising?

How would you like to see the way some other successful merchant runs things that pester you, how he handles the knotty points, how he succeeds where others fall down?

How would you like to spend a few happy days resting up and getting the needed change of scene while using part of the time gathering up inspiration that will freshen and brighten your business for a whole year?

If these things sound good to you, here's what do: Make your plans NOW to come to the

SOUTHERN MERCHANTS' CONVENTION

ATLANTA, AUGUST 4 TO 15

No investment you can make will bring you bigger returns physically, mentally, or where you carry your coin, than this trip. Don't give it the go-by. You'll be sorry if you do.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

BIG JULY BULL FAILS TO PUSH HIS ADVANTAGE

Henry Warten "Sews Up" Market, but Permits Opponents to Settle by Compromise.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—The collapse of the July deal in this market, attended by violent fluctuations, has been the sensational feature of the trading this week. The break started Tuesday, when a decline of 45 points from Monday's closing level was recorded as the result of comparatively few sales of July contracts, and was continued Wednesday, when another drop of 30 points took place.

Up to the time that the break in the July option started it was thought that Henry Warten, the cotton man from Athens, Ala., who had been engineering the deal in July, had the month "sewed up." He had received 2,900 bales of cotton on contract, and it was thought that he would demand about 10,000 bales more from the ring, which had sold that month short.

The shorts were being hard pushed to find cotton to deliver on contract, and for that reason the collapse of the July deal was all the more unexpected. It was reported on the floor of the exchange to-day that Mr. Warten had deemed it best to close out his contracts, without demanding delivery of the rest of the cotton due him.

Makes a Profit.

In other words, a private settlement was made, it is thought, on a large portion of his holdings, while the rest were liquidated recently when the market had a strong undertone. It is not believed that Mr. Warten has lost any money on the July deal; on the contrary, it is asserted that he came out with a profit. The worst that is said about him in connection with the deal is that he got "cold feet." That a cotton man should forego such an advantage as he had is more than experienced operators like Frank B. Hayne can understand. On the floor of the exchange it was said that if Mr. Hayne or W. P. Brown had had the ring short and unable to deliver all the cotton required, as was the case in this deal, prices on July would have gone sky-high, so to speak, and somebody would have had to settle at much higher prices.

The only persons who got hurt by the collapse of July were some trailers on the long side. They had held on, expecting to unload when the Warten interest had shoved the market up to satisfactory levels. When it was discovered that the Warten interest had been liquidated, the trailers attempted to sell out on a market which had no support whatever. The result was that brokers had to offer July down to a level well below the value of spot cotton before buyers could be found.

Spots Out of Line.

One reason, it is said, for the failure of Mr. Warten to carry his deal through to the logical conclusion was the fact that the differences on grades in this market were not in line with the differences prevailing in the interior. Here low middling is quoted 7-16c under middling, while at Houston and other interior markets the discount from middling on low middling has been a cent to one and one-eighth cent. Hence, the receiver of cotton in this market has been loaded up with low grade cotton which he could not sell in competition to the mills except at a clear loss of at least 9-16 of a cent. This, it is said, is what caused the leading July interests to close out their contracts and leave the trailers with the bag toh old.

The new crop months have naturally sympathized, to some extent, with the weakness in the near positions, August having declined proportionately with July. Predictions of rains in the western half of the belt also have given the market an easier tendency.

Twice as Many Cattle Could Be Raised In South By Use of the Modern Silo

Permits Greatest Amount of Food Per Acre, Conserves the Waste, Furnishes Appetizing, Succulent Food—Necessary for the Dairy, Essential in Beef Production—The South Backward in Its Use.

CHAS. A. WHITTLE

With a silo it is possible to grow two cows where one was grown before.

More succulent food can be grown on an acre for the silo than can be grown in any other form. When converted into ensilage more of the food content of a plant is conserved than when kept in any other shape. Cattle fed from the silo with suitable quantities of other food, are kept healthier and thrive better than when fed in any other manner.

The silo is both a source of economy and efficiency. Ten times as much space is required for storing corn field-cured than when put in the silo. Three times as much space is required to store hay in the barn than in the silo. So it is that the silo makes it possible to have smaller barns, carry less insurance, save cost of repairs.

In feeding, the silo preserves from waste a larger quantity of food materials than is possible in any other way. True, there is some waste from fermentation in the silo, but the curing process of corn in the field or other field-cured crops, exceeds by far the waste from the silo.

Economy of Silo.

The chief economy in using the silo is that it is the means of converting portions of the plant into appetizing food which otherwise the cattle would discard in the trough.

The equivalent of four tons of hay in feeding value can be easily obtained from an acre of silage. Four tons of hay per acre, of course, are not to be had, except from a good patch of alfalfa. Crops for ensilago can be grown on most any kind of land and with little trouble. It is not so easy to get hay crops.

No part of the country affords the opportunity that the South presents for growing, at lowest cost, abundant silage matter. Corn and sorghum with cowpeas can be gathered in great abundance from a field of ordinary fertility. Nothing like the equal amount of feeding matter can be grown in any other way. Considering that the silage crop can be grown as a second crop of the long growing season in the South, it is apparent, of course, that the kinds of crops that can be grown are not alone the South's advantage.

Necessity of the Dairy.

To keep a dairy up to maximum milk production all the year, of course, requires care in feeding. Experience has put beyond all question that no food source better serves the dairyman than the silage which he can get in great amounts from a small tract of land.

Aside from the unquestioned economy, the silage has special value in maintaining a healthy condition of the animal. It operates as a mild laxative and when properly balanced with cotton seed meal and some dry hay, the cow is in prime condition for the maximum production of milk.

If a dairy is maintained on small acreage near a city where land is expensive, pasturage is out of the question, and the silo alone is the solution of an economic feed. For most parts of the South, however, pasturage is abundant and easily maintained, so that it is the cheapest possible source of food for cattle. Considering that there is a nine-month pasturage season on lands covered with Bermuda grass, where one might consider that from $1 to $1.50 per month would be a fair charge as pasturage cost, it is apparent at once that cattle growing in the South need not be an expensive proposition. The cheapness of pasturage, together with the long growing season, makes it unnecessary to go to the lengths in providing silage to which more Northern farmers have to go during the longer period of stall feeding.

But a long grazing season on inexpensive pasturage does not abate the necessity of a silo. The mere fact that cattle graze so much in the South makes the silo the more necessary, for no food better follows or precedes pasturage than succulent silage. They supplement each other splendidly.

For Beef Production.

Because of the healthy condition which silage produces in the animal, and because of the enlarged capacity for food which feeding silage creates, beef growers have long recognized the value of leading up to the finishing season by using silage.

Recent years have developed that silage is not only good as a succulent food between pasturage seasons, but is a food that can be carried along till the feeding is finished. Formerly it was said that cattle fattened by use of silage did not kill out well, that the meat did not have good color and the bone was too hard, that in shipping the shrinkage was greater than in the case of strictly corn-fed animals. Careful experiments have largely disproved these claims. At the Virginia station 124 beef animals were fed with reference to testing silage in beef production, for a period of 149 days and were then sold on the market. These cattle were fed from eight to nine pounds of concentrates per day from twenty-five to thirty-nine pounds of silage per day and about two pounds of dry stover or hay. When shipped to market the shrinkage was not as large as usually prevailed on shipment of corn-fed cattle from the same territory. The lot of cattle dressed out 56.9 per cent; a very creditable record, considering that they were grades, fed only 149 days. Instead of the meat being inferior, it turned out superior in quality. The fat and lean were well blended and the color was excellent.

It will be noted that some dry matter was fed. This is generally advised as a check on the laxativeness of the silage. Professor Charles Plumb, one of the greatest feeding experts of this country, connected with the Ohio State University, while strongly advocating silage, believes that to feed silage twice a day and hay once would prove a good policy. Others, however, claim that no more dry matter need be fed than by experiments prove is necessary to prevent too great a laxativeness of the animal.

Best Feeding Record Includes Silage.

The most rapid and economic gains made in a car load of cattle averaging 800 pounds each and fed from March 17 to July 15, by the Indiana Station, were those made from feeding 33.81 pounds of silage, 14.6 pounds of corn, 2.34 pounds of cotton seed meal, 2.38 pounds of clover hay. This experiment, as will be observed, was conducted during the summer months. The cattle relish silage in the summer as well as in the winter. For those sections of the country where droughts occur, the summer silo is considered a most important adjunct to cattle raising.

The Illinois station used silage for finishing choice Hereford steers along with a ration of broken ear corn and alfalfa. The cheapest gains were made where the silage exceeded the alfalfa, but the most rapid gains were made where the proportion of alfalfa to silage was greater.

Corn silage, when supplemented with oats and hay and used for calves intended for beef production, will produce 35 pounds more gain per steer during the season at the same cost of ration than when shock corn similarly supplemented is fed, according to experiment conducted by the Illinois station.

Another experiment where cattle were fed a ration of silage, shelled corn and cotton seed meal, as against another group that was fed all the corn and clover it would eat. The cost of gain per 100 pounds in the first was $9.79 and in the second $12.99. This experiment was conducted by the Indiana station.

Many instances might be multiplied giving the advantages of silage feeding in the cost of beef production, but enough has been given to indicate the general results.

Conserves Soil Fertility.

The more live stock grown per acre the greater the amount of manure available for enriching it. Since the silo makes it possible to raise two cows where one has been grown by other methods, so the silo makes it possible to get twice as much soil fertility for the same outlay—a matter well worth considering in these days when acquiring soil fertility is becoming more and more expensive.

Moreover, the silo is a means for returning to the soil the largest possible amount of the plant food contents which the crops have taken out. Each plant grown on the farm robs the soil of a certain amount of fertility. If it is corn that is grown and the grain is sold off of the farm, rather than fed on it, that much of soil fertility that has gone into the grain leaves and if its equal is to be obtained the farmer must go forth and buy it. If a part of the stalk of the corn is permitted to waste in the field, or is permitted to cure in a form that the cattle do not eat, so much of food content of the soil is thrown away. But when it is cut up and put in the silo, all of the plant is made palatable and available for food. Thus the least possible amount of soil fertility taken up by plants is permitted to go to waste. After being fed, of course, it goes back to the soil to that extent which the animal has not converted into bone, blood, sinew and fat. It is estimated that about 75 per cent of the elements of the plant get back to the soil when fed through the silo and returned to the soil in the form of manure.

South Backward in Use of Silo.

All sections of the United States have better appreciated and made use of the silo than the South. True, some sections of the South devoted to dairying and beef raising have been using silos with great profit for a number of years. One can ride half across some of the Southern States and never see a silo. It is the greatest need of the Southern dairyman. It is doubtful if beef production can be generally carried on with success in the South without the use of the silo.

A silo can be constructed cheaply; in fact, more cheaply in the South than elsewhere. A farmer can build one himself at little cost. Usually it pays to have one built according to some of the best designs and at greater expense than the cheapest and more temporary kind, because of the lasting qualities, as well as its better arrangement. A silo can be built at a cost anywhere from $50 to $250. In the South they should be built with less diameter than in the North, because of climatic conditions.

Any college of agriculture or experiment station will furnish plans and specifications for a silo. Some of the railroads will also do the same. It would seem that there is no excuse for the Southern farmer not having a silo.

SPOTS REMAIN OVER CONTRACT PRICE LEVELS

Spinners Evidently Do Not Think Market Out of Line, Even With Good Crop Coming.

MEMPHIS, July 26.—Whether the cotton crop yield is under 15,000,000 or over 16,000,000 depends, according to many well-informed members of the trade throughout the belt, on the sort of weather during the next few weeks. At present it appears reasonable to think chances good for the former figure to be a minimum, and it is a conservative opinion that the market has been ruled by that sort of an idea.

It is true that many people in the trade have thought the market unnaturally sustained with so large a crop indicated, yet manipulative tactics have not been conspicuous and influences have been of legitimate character. In other words, the spot market has kept well above contract prices, indicating that spinners were not averse to paying current prices for what they were compelled to buy.

Conditions during the past week have been favorable as a rule, according to advices reaching here, and in this part of the belt there are almost no complaints. In the weevil sections the high temperatures tended to minimize the danger, for the larvae in large numbers were virtually cooked, thus offsetting in a measure the injury done by lack of sufficient moisture. The lack of rain, however, was not widespread, being confined almost entirely to the Western belt, including Texas and Oklahoma. There has been partial relief out there, but they will face increased weevil damage if rains come soon. The crucial period for this pest is ahead, and will reach its climax between the first and tenth of August. The fact that there is so large a crop for the pest to take toll of tends to minimize concern and acts as an offset, for continuation of energetic efforts to reduce the number of the weevil is doing much to lessen the promised damage.

Where the moisture supply was ample the crop has been doing well and showing some of the benefits of its excellent state of cultivation. Fruiting has been done under favorable conditions, and the smallness of the plant has to a large extent been overcome, though the crop as a rule is regarded as a little behind average.

A continuation of average weather conditions will give basis for expecting a yield that will be very large, though there are few who think chances favor breaking the high record of two years ago.

That would probably require an abnormally favorable August, and at the present time there are factors in the situation that do not promise any too well for holding the high condition.

The coming bureau condition report will shed some light on the question, and it is expected to be above that of a month ago. Some think it will be around 83 or 84, while others think the improvement for the belt will be barely a point on account of the dry spell over a part of the belt.

Price of Cotton Oil Is Not Manipulated

Shortage Is Blamed for Present Bulge, Together With Advance in Lard.

The recent advances in the price of cotton seed oil have led to suggestions that the price of the oil is being manipulated by large buyers. It is reported that Attorney General McReynolds has been asked to investigate the American Cotton Oil Company and the Southern Cotton Oil Company, it being alleged that these companies are "trusts" in violation of the Sherman act, and that they have forced the price of the oil to between 20 and 30 cents a gallon above its actual commercial value.

Inquiries made among large independent dealers in cotton oil, however, seem to show that the increase in the cost of oil has been due to the fact that consumption is considerably in excess of output and that consumers, both large and small, are in the same position in that they have been unable to provide themselves with an adequate supply.

One of the largest dealers in cotton oil said:

"There is no doubt that the present scarcity of oil is the principal cause for the high price. Neither the American nor the Southern Cotton Oil Companies is in a position to control the supply of oil to-day, and it is absurd to claim that they are responsible.

"We ourselves have been unable to get supplies of oil, and what we now have on hand is only about one month's supply, while we really need fully three months. The American company is in the same position. This is proved by the fact that recently it purchased a lot of oil in another city and brought it immediately to the refinery, when, if it had been well supplied and was buying to hold, it would have been far more profitable to store it where it was bought.

"Another cause of the price advance has been the increase in the cost of lard. The consumption of cotton oil for various uses has grown materially of late years, and its principal use is as a substitute for lard, though a considerable amount is also used in making oleomargarine and as a substitute for olive oil. With lard selling at nearly 12 cents a pound, cotton oil at 9 cents is an attractive buy, and this has naturally enlarged the demand.

"A peculiar phase of the situation is the fact that July oil is now selling at a higher price than August. As new supplies cease about May and no more oil can be obtained from the new cotton crop until October, it is natural that the further deliveries should fetch a bigger price, as there are storage and other expenses to be taken into cofsideration. The present situation is evidence of the fact that buyers are short and are willing to pay high prices to obtain oil quickly."

PROFITS SHOWN IN LOCOMOTIVE MANUFACTURE

Fiscal Year Closes With New Record for Gross Earnings and Satisfactory Net.

It is understood that the fiscal year of the American Locomotive Company ended June 30 will rank among the two or three best years in the company's entire career. So far as gross was concerned it was of record proportions and although net has been exceeded, particularly in percentage for the common stock, the general results were most satisfactory.

The balance for the $25,000,000 common after taking out $1,750,000 for preferred dividends and the usual liberal allowance for depreciation was equal to not far from $3,000,000 or practically 12 per cent for the issue, a record which compares with less than 1-2 per cent for the common in the 1912 year and 7 per cent in 1911.

Final inventory taking is likely to increase rather than reduce this balance for the common stock which compares with a 10-year average of 5.3 per cent.

One of the features of American Locomotive's recently concluded year is the sharp contrast which it affords with the car building companies as represented by American Car and Foundry. That company ended its fiscal period April 30, only two months before American Locomotive, so that comparison is fairly equitable. American Car and Foundry had a mediocre year with a balance for its common of but 4.1 per cent, or less than double the 2.4 per cent earned in 1912.

The very favorable record of American Locomotive must be ascribed mainly to two factors, freedom from labor difficulties and ability to get a large measure of continuous operation out of the plants.

This year just ended the company has had no labor difficulties and it has had the benefit of sufficient orders to keep plants in operation at an average of better than 80 per cent of capacity.

Locomotive orders, as a whole, have done relatively better than car orders during the past 18 months.

Iron Men Holding Up Price for Product

Believe It Better to Steady Market Than to Make Sales at Concessions.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., July 26.—Southern manufacturers of pig iron are still maintaining the $11 per ton price for pig iron on a basis of No. 2 foundry. While sales are not very frequent, the belief is that it will be better in the long run to uphold the price rather than to sell in quantity at a loss or near the cost mark.

There are indications of a better condition of the market in the next few weeks. The make is being further curtailed, effort being made to equalize the demand and production. Shipments are lively on old business, consumers asking for immediate delivery. This means there is need for the iron.

The steel operations in the Birmingham district are steady. With the exception of steel billets, the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company's big plant at Ensley has plenty of orders on hand to last two months yet, at least, with inquiries in hand that will call for operation extending through the balance of the year. It is expected that before December the Tennessee company will be furnishing billets to the American Steel and Wire Company at its new plant near Fairfield, in the Birmingham district.

Cast iron pipe plants are melting a large quantity of iron and there is a better feeling for the product. It is expected that all accumulated cast iron pipe will be moved out during the third quarter of the year.

Charcoal iron continues slow, but manufacturers are not making any concessions on the price, $23 per ton being asked still for the product. Special analysis iron as well as special brand iron is commanding a premium of not less than $1 per ton.

Coke is in strong demand and good prices obtain. There will be need for steady operation of coke ovens through the rest of the year. Mexico is still receiving much coke from the Birmingham district.

FINANCIAL NOTES

Total receipts of Suez Canal for 1912 were $27,005,068, an increase of $363,692. Net profits were $17,794,423.

Royal Dutch group of oil companies has entered fight for control of German oil trade against Standard Oil Company and a corporation controlled by Deutsche Bank.

Reports to the Department of Agriculture show that in the fiscal year ended June 30 last there were 57,628,491 animals slaughtered under Federal inspection in the 790 slaughtering establishments in 225 cities and towns of the United States. This is an increase of nearly 5,000,000 over the number of animals slaughtered in the previous fiscal year.

'Farmers' Banks' in France Are Studied By American Party

Agricultural Commission Takes Much Interest in System of Cheap Credits Used Abroad.

PARIS, July 26.—During the last thirty years, the great credit banks, with their hundreds of branches scattered through every region of France, have driven out of existence numbers of the old-fashioned private banks, which, from father to son, had long been fountains of credit to farmers of their district. Bankers and farmers were known to each other from childhood; credit was based on their friendships. With the new banks, such credit has had to be given in another fashion and with more technical precautions.

This is one of the reasons of the late outcry that farmers have not been finding credit. It has been made the pretext of an attack in Parliament on the impersonal credit banks, and has induced the Government to begin the Credit Agricole, obliging the Bank of France to hold constantly for its use a reserve fund of 20,000,000 francs.

Members of the American Agricultural Commission seem to attach more importance to this phase of the question of farmers' credit and cooperation than to intensive cultivation, and for this reason the Government has arranged a series of explanations of the way such matters have been settled in France by various authorities of the Government institutions.

Short-term agricultural credit and long-term credit, both collective and individual, with constant reference to farmers' mutual help and co-operative societies, is a subject of study.

Agricultural insurance is also gone into thoroughly, as well as Government's administrative organization of credit, co-operation, and mutual help, the relations between the Bank of France and the Credit Agricole banks, the central Credit Immobilier for cheap homes, and the results to date fo State agricultural credit in France.

Purchases of Cars Rise to New Figures

Railroads, by Heavy Orders In Last Year, Seek to Prevent Another Shortage.

During the first six months of the year 1913 a total of 85,000 cars was purchased by the railroads of the United States, according to authoritative records compiled by leading car manufacturing concerns. This total exceeds the record of car purchases for the first half of 1912, which reached hardly over 50,000. The heaviest buying of cars, however, in 1912 did not come until the last half of the year, and particularly in December, when the builders for a time were swamped with orders, so that for the last twelve months the new cars ordere by the roads reaches a total that shows they are making every effort to prevent a recurrence of the car shortage of last year.

In the final six months' period of last year from 150,000 to 175,000 cars were ordered, which brought the total of the year up to approximately 235,000 cars.

According to estimates made by the Iron Trade Review, the cars ordered during the first half of this year provide a requirement of at least 1,000,000 tons of rolled steel products.

REAL MONEY IN CIRCULAR MAILED BY SOUTHERN FIRM

The old saying that "money talks" was put into practice in a recent circular advertising campaign by a Southern concern selling bookkeeping and record forms.

This company's circular was a folder closed at the sides with seal stickers. The announcement on the address side of the circular was, "There Is Some Real Money Inside This Circular for You." Upon tearing open the seals and opening the circular the recipient found a crisp one-dollar bill attached to the top of it.

The heading read, "We Wish to Buy Ten Minutes of Your Time. If the Attached Currency Will Pay for It, Consider Yourself Engaged." This company figured that if it could actually secure a complete hearing of some 100 out of a list of some 150 of its best prospects the amount invested in the one-dollar bills would be money well spent.

Railroads Buying Many Locomotives

Prices Not Cut Deeply as for Cars, and Earnings of Manufacturers Show Gain.

In comparison with the first quarter of 1912, locomotive buying by the railroads showed a notable expansion in the opening quarter of this year.

Records kept of purchases of all the country's roads display a total of 1,261 bought in this period of 1913 against 805 in the same time in the preceding year.

As price-cutting in this department of equipment making has not been as intense as among the car building interests, the increase of orders naturally is being reflected in the earnings of locomotive companies.

The fiscal year of the American Locomotive Company, which ended June 30, is expected to be established in the annual report as one of the best in the company's history in respect to gross sales, while net income ran far in excess of the previous year.

News From Mexico Nearly Unobtainable

Business Men Have Much Trouble in Learning Real State of Affairs in Republic.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Business men with property interests in Mexico can understand the President's decision to recall Ambassador Wilson from Mexico City in order to get his account of conditions in that disturbed republic.

Judging by the difficulty of obtaining authentic information from correspondents in various parts of Mexico, it might be imagined that the Huerta Government was located on a South Sea island, with no cables to the mainland.

GERMAN FORESTS PROFITABLE.

On the best German forests the annual expense is $13 an acre, but the gross returns are as much as $24; thus they yield a net return of $11 an acre each year.

Col. Thompson Lauds Cotton Tax Editorial

"Finest I Ever Read on That Topic," Says American Interviewed in London.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Colonel Robert M. Thompson, of New York, in an interview with a representaitve of The New York American, said:

"I would like to offer your paper this expression of my opinion: You had an editorial on the cotton problem which seemed to me the finest editorial I have ever read on that topic. The way it grips the situation is just wonderful."

The Sunday American, July 6, had the following in its weekly business and financial article:

"The vicious proposal to tax dealings in cotton 'futures' has naturally aroused a storm of protest, for it would embarrass cotton growers, cotton manufacturers, spinners and everyone associated with the business, to say nothing of driving dealings in the staple from New York and New Orleans to Liverpool, where the advantages of a free, unfettered market are properly appreciated.

"The manufacturer who undertakes to make and supply so many gross of shirts or dresses or sheets at at stipulated price, in order to escape risk, at once arranges to have the raw material delivered to him at a specified price. On the cotton exchanges he can buy this material for future delivery, as there is an active market all the time for 'futures.' But if every bale thus traded in be taxed $2 or $3, this markete will be ruined.

"The manufacturer will have to pay more for his protection aaginst uncertain fluctuations and the grower will not find a ready market for his crop the moment he has it gathered and baled.

"The cotton tax is barbaric, and should be killed before it reaches the statute book. It would benefit nobody, but would injure everybody."

DOGWOOD SCARCE.

Dogwood, the principal source of shuttles for use in cotton mills, is growing scarcer year by year, and various substitutes are being tried, but with no great success.

OCCASIONAL OBSERVATIONS

Anyway, in Premier Bryan the United States can boast—if it feels that way about it—of having the most conspicuous "DOLLAR Diplomat" that ever held office. The emphasis is on the "Dollar." The "Diplomat" part is sounded softly.

* * *

Young J. P. Morgan rose like a son of his dad at the New Haven meeting which ousted Mellen. He asserted himself in the good, old-fashioned way of the late J. P. 'Tis said that it was the new Morgan who insisted upon Mellen's going, that it was Morgan who arrogated to himself the duty of selecting a successor, and that the other directors were forced to submit to the new leadership. Half the directors did not know when they met that Mellen was slated for dismissal. Morgan's aggressive action took their breath away. He showed unmistakable signs of pain and anger over the nation-wide criticism that has been leveled at the New Haven management.

* * *

Playing with secrecy is playing with dynamite these days. The Vulcan Detinning directors learned that. The president had an uncomfortable half hour before the Stock Exchange governors for the three days' delay in announcing the dividend omission. Publicity pays.

* * *

J. P. Morgan & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have been supplying Huerta with sinews of war. In case of intervention by the United States, what then?

* * *

There is much mental speculation going on in brokers' offices as to the probable price at which Union Pacific stockholders will be asked to subscribe to their allotted holdings of Southern Pacific. Efforts to obtain a glimmer of information from the bankers have signally failed. A well-known broker calls it a case where the bankers hold all the cards and the Union Pacific stockholders are compelled by the Supreme Court of the United States to play the game.

Chief Justice White Opposed Cotton Tax

Assailed Similar Assessment as Pernicious While Serving as Senator From Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Chief Justice White, of the Supreme Court of the United States, himself a Louisianian and cotton planter, is on record as against a tax on cotton futures on constitutional grounds.

Such a provision is contained in the pending tariff bill. Undoubtedly if this provision is in when the bill becomes law, the constitutionality of that tax will be brought before the Supreme Court for final determination.

It was in 1892, when Chief Justice White was a Senator from Louisiana, that a bill was pending similar in purpose to the amendment to the tariff bill proposing to tax dealings in cotton futures. In the debate, a number of Southern Senators took a prominent part. Speaking of the bill, the then Senator and present Chief Justice said:

"In my judgment there has been before the American Congress for many years no more pernicious, no more vicious, no more flagrantly unconstitutional legislation, no legislation more tending to undermine and destroy the very foundation of our Government, and none more calculated to do untold and untellable harm to the people of this great country."

LOUISIANA CORPORATION HAS INTERURBAN PLAN

NEW ORLEANS, July 26—The Southwestern Traction and Power Company has filed incorporation articles and proposes to build a system of interurban railways in Louisiana connecting Lafayette, New Iberia and Abbeville, besides other points, and possibly reaching to Alexandria.

The capital stock is placed at $3,000,000 authorized. Construction is expected to begin as soon as franchise taxes have been voted in the several districts named. Jules Godchaux is president, Sol Wexler vice president and Lawrence Blum secretary and treasurer.

If the line is built to connect only the three places first mentioned, it would be about 60 miles long, but if it be extended to Alexandria from Lafayette there would be about 80 miles more added, or a total of 140 or 150 miles, according as variations from a tangent might be made to tap intermediate points.

MORGANS BUY AND SELL SOUTHERN RAILWAY BONDS

NEW YORK, July 26.—J. P. Morgan & Co. have purchased and resold to Kean, Taylor & Co. $1,500,000 first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent bonds of the Southern Railway Company due 1994. This is part of an authorized issue of $120,000,000 of which $61,757,800 are outstanding, including $1,114,800 now held in the treasury. The proceeds will be utilized in reimbursing the treasury for moneys that have already been expended for improvements, betterments, etc.

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE **$1.95**

PACK IT— THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co.,
326 W. Madison St., Chicago., Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Rx.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you, and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

George Rosser	205,665
Helen Brantley	201,875
Miss Frankie J. Smith	178,700
Josephine Simril	151,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	146,825
Hill McCalla	105,965
Wyman Conrad	102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,350
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,300
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Robert Harbour	168,180
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	167,725
Miss Elizabeth Garwood	159,810
Paul M. Clark	149,250
Edmund Hurt	148,900
Miss Idele Shaw	141,745
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P. Tucker	13,100
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Willett Mathews	165,200
Mildred Brickman	141,850
J. P. Goets, Jr.	131,400
Charles L. Stevens	152,650
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Herbert Chapman	206,400
Fannie Mae Cook	204,100
Florence Greenoe	202,950
Eleanor Raoul	173,200
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134,050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,925
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	148,700
Edward DeLoach	146,725
William Turner	143,850
Miss Beverly Swanton	142,700
Miss Suwanne Springer	126,955
Edgar Wilson	27,765
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	15,900

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

George H. Melton	110,125
A. Morrison	106,100
Henry Hull	100,800
Philip Gilstein	78,400
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	76,450
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ross Greer	208,250
Raymond Wilkinson	205,650
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
R. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox, Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,650
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	88,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,425
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Billie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lyldia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,350
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win?

The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to .....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

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HEARST'S

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'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Blasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid, admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Blasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, CAL., July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

Then, again, it is caused when a busy man calls a number time and again, and gets no response. Always the symptoms react to the injury of the girl on the switchboard. She is sworn at, she is greeted with language that would melt the wires were there not insulation in parts.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

The medical men who say they have made a discovery in the disease, attach a serious significance to it. Instances of permanent aberration have resulted, they declare, in their papers. Men who are calm under circumstances that would drive a Job to drink become insane when the telephone responds not.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

A plunge into the question revealed the fact that telephone dementia has its sources in the brains of the telephone girls themselves, those sweet, unperturbed creatures. Professor Hugo Munsterberg, the great psychologist of Harvard, who once lived in Germany, recently tried the brain force of 1,000 telephone girls, and found that many became mixed in their numbers after an hour.

But it is only the patrons who become violent. No person, not even a baseball umpire, the embodiment of phlegm and stolidity, is exempt, the doctors say.

And so if you wax wroth when the central tells you nine times "Number busy," if you get no answer from your number after call upon call, if you

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands In West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Woman's Right Costs Her $10 as Speeder

Judge Tells Her That in Present Day She Must Be Treated Like Man.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Equality of the rights of woman was recognized by Municipal Judge Cary yesterday, with the result that Mrs. R. W. Hood, 4414 Christiana avenue, was fined $10 and costs for speeding. Mrs. Hood admitted traveling 31 miles an hour July 9.

"In this age of woman suffrage I must treat you as I do the men," said the judge.

Although Mrs. Hood insisted she was "not in sympathy with woman suffrage," she was ordered to pay.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well, good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save in Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of the public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Dclares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defehse, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Develpoments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by himself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had been told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit, that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

Washington Society Trembles 'Fairest Girl' Turns Author Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not have to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says: "Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it 'are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising

and You'll Enjoy Your Breakfast



NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doling out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elmination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25o, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores

And Druggists Generally

To Overcome Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Wrinkles

(From Outdoor Life.)

If you are freckled, tanned or sunburnt, dab a liberal amount of mercolized wax on the face and allow it to remain over night. When you wash off the wax in the morning, fine, flaky, almost invisible particles of cuticle come with it. Repeating this daily, the entire outer skin is absorbed, but so gradually, there's not the slightest hurt or inconvenience. Even the stubbornest freckles yield to this treatment. The underlying skin which forms the new complexion is so fresh and youthful-looking you'll marvel at the transformation. It's the only thing I know to actually discard an aged, faded, muddy or blotchy complexion. It is fine for a discolored neck. One ounce of mercolized wax, procurable at any drug store, is sufficient in most cases.

If sun and wind make you squint and frown, you're bound to cultivate wrinkles and crow's feet. To overcome these quickly, bathe the face in a solution made by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint witch hazel.

EXCURSIONS

Two great tours East and West; special trains, exclusive ships; all expense paid; best hotels. On August 9 Southern Merchants' Tour (free to merchants) visiting Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, Milwaukee and Lake Michigan. An eight-day expense-paid trip for only $49.75 (ticket good for thirty days), August 18. Our great 5,000-mile circle tour of Cincinnati, Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Great Gorge, Toronto, Thousand Islands, Montreal, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Washington, Baltimore and Savannah, with steamer trips on lakes, river and ocean. An eighteen-day expense-paid trip for only $88.85 (tickets good for thirty days, with stop-overs). Special trains on both tours leave Atlanta, Birmingham, Chattanooga and Knoxville. Limited and select party. Special cars for ladies alone. Write to-day for reservation and full particulars. J. F. McFarland, Agt., Box 1624, Atlanta, Ga.

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ALL THE LATEST, LIVELIEST NEWS OF FLORIDA

SWEARINGEN TO KEEP UP FIGHT ON BOND BOARD

Jacksonville Mayor Declares He Will Not Surrender Power of of Office to Trustees.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—Mayor Van C. Swearingen gave out a statement to-day regarding the trouble now existing between himself and the board of bond trustees of this city over the Jacksonville police appointment. He declared that while serving his term as municipal judge he had seen the workings of the police committee of the bond trustees and had discovered that this committee was filing charges and trying policemen without authority. In speaking of this point, he said:

"Soon after I took office, in fact it was about six days after I had been sworn in, I heard that charges had been filed against a policeman and that he had been tried and suspended. I sent for the officer and asked him what had taken place. He told me and I took him to the station where I instructed the acting chief to put the officer back to work as he had been illegally tried. This was done.

"The police committee of the board had been proceeding along similar lines for years past. The law specifically states that no one but the Mayor can file charges. When these charges are filed they are filed with the entire board for the information of the members during the trial of the officer. In no case are they filed with the police committee and in no case has the police committee the right to try an officer. This is a practice which I have broken up and which they hate to quit.

Trustees 'Up in Air.'

"After I had done this, the bond trustees went 'up in the air.' They would not stick to the laws but wanted to usurp the Mayor's authority in regard to the control of the police department. I blocked their game and that is what caused the trouble.

"The trustees have the right to control the organization of the department and I have the right to use it in enforcing the laws; but what is the division point between these two branches of authority? That is the question.

"When I met with the police committee and the chairman of the board of bond trustees the other night, they wanted to compromise. They agreed that if I would meet at the station with them twice a week they would not do anything to which I might object. That sounds allright to those who have not looked into the law of the case, but I would have been very foolish to have agreed to any such arrangement.

Acting Fof People.

"Now, the fact is, I am not acting for Van C. Swearingen, but as the Mayor for the people. I have notpersonal interest in the matter which would cause me to want to quarrel with anyone. That being the case, it is up to me to do the best I can for the people who elected me to office. If I am to do my best for the people I cannot afford to surrender my power. I have the power I am contending for, that is, I believe I do, and I will continue to exercise it until the lawfully constituted courts decide otherwise.

"That brings me to the settlement proposition. The trustees offered to submit the matter to a board of arbitration. To this I would not agree as it would be foolish to waste time with a board which could not settle anything. I really believe that the bond trustees want to stay out of court because they fear they will lose and they would not like to see me beat them.

Chief Roach Suspended.

"As to Chief Roach, he is suspended. I have been working upon charges against him for several days and will have them ready to file within the next few days. He will then be tried by the board of bond trustees. I am of the opinion that they will find him not guilty, although I believe he is. If they clear him there is nothing more for me to do in regard to the chief unless I suspend him again and file other charges.

"The bond trustees have been running this town. They serve without pay and have made noble sacrifices; but that does not warrant them in trying to take away the power of the Mayor, Council and everyone else. They will not exercise the Mayor's prerogatives while I am in office, I can assure you. I do not know just when this matter will be settled, but I suppose it will not hang fire much longer."

PENSACOLA PHOTOGRAPHER WINS NATIONAL CONTEST

PENSACOLA, July 25.—H. Lee Bell, proprietor of Bell's studio, has received notice from the National Photographers' Convention, held in Kansas City, that a portrait, furnished by him, had taken highest honors in a contest there, in which 600 of the world's best photographers were entered. The portrait was of little Virginia Sheppard, daughter of Federal Judge William B. Sheppard, of this city.

Miss Adelaide E. Dodge

One of the most popular girls of Jacksonville. She is fond of outdoor life, has always taken great interest in the annual horse shows, and is one of the best women golf players of the Florida metropolis.



Florida Commission Cuts Express Rates

Reduction of From 20 to 33 Per Cent Is Ordered on Farm Products.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—From time to time complaint has been made to the Railroad Commissioners of high express rates on eggs, poultry, plants and butter, resulting in the commissioners serving notice on the Southern Express Company for a hearing to consider a reduction in rates, or classification, on these commodities.

After a thorough investigation the commissioners have just entered their order directing the express company to put into effect new rates or classification on these commodities after August 19.

The reductions range from 20 to 33 per cent.

PENSACOLA ELKS GIVE OUTING AT SANTA ROSA

PENSACOLA, July 25.—One of the pleasantest features of the season was the annual outing of the local Lodge of Elks, when the antlered tribe and about 150 of their friends made a trip to Santa Rosa Island aboard the steamer Baldwin. Refreshments were served on the boat and the evening on the island was spent in dancing and surf bathing. The boat returned to the city about midnight.

11-YEAR-OLD BOY LANDS 23-POUND DRUM FISH

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Master Harry D'Olley, while fishing at Isle of Hope, landed something pretty close to a whale. Harry is only 11 years old and none too big for his age, and when he hooked something that appeared to be bigger than himself he created excitement all along the river. He managed to hang on to what had come his way, however, and finally succeeded in landing a 23-pound drum. Now all the boys at Isle of Hope have gone drum fishing.

GIRLS' GARB SHOCKING.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Fraternity men here have been shocked into a state of nervousness by the spectacle of girls in one-piece bathing suits diving from piers in front of fraternity houses.

Florida Officials To Study Shellfish

Commissioners Will Visit Louisiana and Mississippi to Ascertain Methods of Those States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—T. R. Hodges and Peres McDougall, recently appointed Shellfish Commissioner and secretary, respectively, have gone to Mississippi and Louisiana to study the methods of these States in dealing with the shellfish business. The law relating to this subject passed by the recent Legislature is largely copied after that of Louisiana, where it has been in force for some time, and where, it is understood, the matter has been handled very effectively and satisfactorily.

PROMOTER TO FIX CAVERN TO RIVAL MAMMOTH CAVE

SPRINGFIELD, MO., July 26.—The sale of Fisher's Cave, one of the most beautiful of the natural caves of the Ozarks, to H. E. Peterson, of Utah, is announced. Peterson will at once wire the cavern for electricity. He believes the cave's marvels superior to those of Mammoth Cave. The cavern extends a mile into the hillside, and contains a navigable river, which is the longest subterranean stream in the State. Robert Smith, the former owner, has made a reputation as "cave farmer," and every year has earned large profits from the sale of mushrooms, rhubarb and frog legs.

ATLANTAN IS ARRESTED FOR BEATING BOARD BILL

SAVANNAH, July 26.—J. E. Cotton, of Atlanta, has been remanded to the City Court by Recorder John E. Schwarz, charged with violating the State law by beating a board bill.

Cotton registered at a hotel, where he remained several days, running up a bill amounting to $15. He then disappeared. He was arrested in a pool room.

Cotton asserts that he squandered his money here, and, rather than make his hotel bill any larger, left. It was his intention to pay the bill as soon as he could obtain sufficient money.

CUTTER YAMACRAW BACK FROM FLORIDA CRUISE

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The United States revenue cutter Yamacraw has returned to port after cruising in Florida waters since May. The Yamacraw was ordered South, to take the place of the cutter Miami, which was sent to the ice patrol in Northern waters. During the absence of the Yamacraw the cutter Seminole has been doing duty along the Georgia coast. The Yamacraw will probably remain in Savannah for several weeks.

"DEAD" MAN RETURNS HOME.

CHICO, CAL., July 26.—Richard Crittenden, miner, who left this city ten years ago for French Gulch Shasta County, and who was a year afterward reported dead, gave his friends a shock by appearing and shaking hands with them.

Alleged Slayer Held In Jail at Pensacola

Threats of Violence at Bonifay Prompt Governor to Protect Prisoner.

PENSACOLA, July 25.—Rich Martin, a young white man, of Bonifay, who was brought to this city and placed in the county jail here for safe-keeping about ten days ago, is still held in the jail here. Martin is charged with having shot and killed Charles Stevens, of Bonifay, on May 3.

Martin was ordered transferred to the jail here by the Governor, who is said to have heard rumors of threats of violence to the young man from friends of his alleged victim, as well as counter-threats by friends of young Martin to release him from the jail. He is said to have ordered him brought to this county as a safeguard against a possible general disturbance in Bonifay.

Postoffice Shows Increase of $16,043

Contrary to Expectations, Parcel Post Fails to Add to Savannah's Revenue.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Showing a total increase of $16,043 for the year ended June 30 over the receipts of last year, the annual report of the Savannah postoffice has been made public by Assistant Postmaster William M. Greene. The total receipts for the year amounted to $280,029.55.

Contrary to expectations, the parcel post, which became effective January 1, 1913, did not increase the revenue of the postoffice.

The total expenses for the year just ended amounted to $118,690.32, making a net profit, as the department figures it, of $184,077.79, or 42 per cent of the receipts.

This is an increase of $8,852.30 over the profits of last year.

Waves Spanish Sword Over Heads of Jurors

Dramatic Incident Features Trial of Ishmael Sarter in Superior Court at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Found guilty of stabbing D. S. Manning, Ishmael Carter has been sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary by Judge Walter G. Charlton in Superior Court.

The conviction followed a dramatic court session. At one stage the proceedings were enlivened by the waving of a Spanish sword over the heads of the jury. The weapon was in the hands of Judge H. D. D. Twiggs, of counsel for the defendant. The plea of Carter was self-defense. It was this weapon with which the cutting was done.

Sermon Saves Woman From Suicide's Grave

Pastor's Discourse on 'Scandal Mongers' Stays Hand of Despondent Savannahan.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who delivered a sermon on "Scandal Mongers" last Sunday, is in receipt of an unsigned letter from a woman, who confesses that her troubles had driven her to determine upon suicide when his message restored her faith in God and determined her to abandon her rash intention.

The woman says she had the poison bottle in her hand when the printed sermon came under her eye. She says she had been wronged by malicious tales, and that she was alone in a friendless city.

DYING MEXICAN WRITES HE'LL SEE FRIEND BELOW

TACOMA, July 26.—While the streets were crowded with merrymakers, a Mexican, who gave his name as Joe Moonlight, and Joseph Porter, members of a troupe of cowboys performing here, were shot by an unidentified negro. The Mexican will die.

The Mexican, lying on a cot in the hospital, lighted a cigarette, called for a pencil and paper and wrote:

"Good-by, Dave; will see you below." The message was addressed to Dave Porter, National City, Cal.

COMPLETES 72D YEAR IN SERVICE OF SINGLE FIRM

KENOSHA, WIS., July 26.—George Yule, veteran wagonmaker, has just completed seventy-two years of continuous service with one firm here. He became superintendent of the wagon factory more than sixty years ago, a position he held for thirty years. For twenty years he was vice president ,and is now the active head of the company. Although 90, President Yule is one of the first officials to reach the office in the morning.

FIREMAN IS FINED FOR GIVING IN FALSE ALARM

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Fines aggregating $150, with an alternative of 90 days on the county farm, in addition to being remanded to the City Court, was the sentence imposed upon J. C. Paul, a former policeman and former member of the fire department, by Recorder John E. Schwarz, when arraigned in Police Court for sending in a false fire alarm and being guilty of malicious mischief.

WOMAN MARRIES BROTHER OF DIVORCED HUSBAND

TAYLORSVILLE, ILL., July 26.—Monroe Nave, 24, and Mrs. Gracey Nave, 30, were married by Rev. John Score, pastor of Clayton Methodist Episcopal Church, South. Mrs. Nave told Deputy Recorder Otto Preiss, who issued the license, she had been divorced from Monroe Nave's elder brother in Hillsboro, Ill.

STATE CALLS ON FEDERAL COURT TO AID IN FIGHT

Florida Railroad Commission Asks U. S. Judge to Make Railroads Obey Orders.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—A new turn has been taken in the Federal Court in the suit originally instituted in the State Court by the Seaboard Air Line Railway and the Tampa Northern Railroad Company against the Florida Railroad Commission to enjoin the enforcement of three orders of the Commissioners.

On demand of the Railroad Commission, the case was removed to the Federal Court, and the application for a preliminary injunction was argued before Judges Pardee, Shelby and Sheppard. The decision was in favor of the Commissioners, the injunction being denied.

As the latest move in the case, the Railroad Commissioners have filed an answer denying the essential allegations of the bill, and in turn asking for an injunction restraining the two railroad companies from further refusing to obey the three orders of the Commissioners.

This is the first time the Florida Commissioners have called on the Federal Court to enforce their orders, and the outcome is awaited with interest.

Counsel for the Commissioners has not stated whether there is a precedent for his action further than to say that the course pursued is warranted by good authority.

The action of the Commissioners and their counsel in pursuing their remedy in the Federal Court is perhaps explained by the fact that shortly after the decision of the three Federal judges at New Orleans, in which they sustained the Railroad Commissioners, the Supreme Court of Florida, in a case involving the same points, decided in favor of a railroad.

Auto Tourists Near Death in Accident

Mud-Incased Car Running From Atlanta to Savannah Skids Into Deep Ditch.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Incased in mud and drenched to the skin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, of Atlanta, are telling about their trip from the capital in an automobile.

The entrance into Savannah was made during a driving storm, and followed a narrow escape from serious injury of the occupants about fifteen miles from the city. At that point the car skidded and went into a ditch, all but turning over.

For three hours Lucas worked hard to get the car out. It was raining at the time.

A farmer was finally aroused and induced to aid in the work of rescue. With shovels, planks and a mule the automobile was finally righted and pulled back into the road.

Conductors Name Adjustment Board

Any Differences With Central of Georgia Management To Be Amicably Settled.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—To appoint a committee which will take up with the management of the Central of Georgia Railroad any matters which they believe need adjustment, a delegation of officials of the Order of Railway Conductors of America held a meeting in this city.

M. C. Carey, of Port Huron, Mich., vice president of the order, presided. W. M. Hamilton, H. W. Washburn and J. W. Hall, of Macon, and two other delegates were present. Carey said that so far as he knew there are no serious differences between the conductors and the railway company, and that there is no friction whatever between them.

ILLINOIS FARMERS OFFER BOUNTY FOR CHINCH BUGS

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Farmers in Macoupin County, Illinois, are making a profit out of a pest by taking advantage of one of the strangest "bounty" offers ever made.

Macoupin County business men organized a committee whch offered $2 a bushel for all chinch bugs sent in by farmers to the committee headquarters at Carlinville.

An even bushel measure is estimated to contain about 8,200,000. Each pair will produce from 200 to 400 bugs.

ELEVATOR BOY FINDS DIAMOND IN CHEAP CIGAR

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—John Orin, elevator man in the Harding Building, smokes two-for-a-nickel cigars.

Yesterday, as he bit off the end of a cigar, his teeth struck something hard. Orin investigated and, as he looked at the frayed end of his moderately-priced perfecto, he found himself staring at the polished facets of a perfectly good little diamond weighing one-half carat.

PURSE OF MOURNER IS STOLEN FROM GRAVE'S SIDE

SHELBYVILLE, IND., July 26.—Mrs. O. L. Adams, of this city, when decorating the grave of a relative at Forest Hill Cemetery, hung her pocketbook, containing jewels valued at $500, on the tombstone.

She went away, leaving the purse hanging on the stone. When she remembered where she had left it and returned the purse had disappeared.

R. R. Agents Confer With Commission

Important Rate Matters in Connection With Roads Are Discussed at Meeting.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—In conference with the Railroad Commissioners the latter part of the week were the following high railroad officials: James Menzies, freight traffic manager, and C. McD. Davis, general freight agent, and James F. Mead, assistant general freight agent of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company; C. R. Capps, vice president, and B. C. Prince, assistant general freight agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, and J. C. Cutler, general freight agent of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railway Company. Important rate matters in connection with the lines mentioned were under discussion.

Compromise Offered In Lumber Rate Suit

Railroad Commission to Give Hearing on Transportation Companies' Proposal August 6.

TALLAHASSEE, July 25.—The Railroad Commissioners have issued notice for hearing before them at Tallahassee on August 6 to consider a proposition of compromise offered by the Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard Air Line and Georgia Southern and Florida Railway relative to putting into effect lower lumber and other Class P rates, and dismissing an injunction, which has remained in force since 1905, restraining the commissioners from enforcing certain reduced Class P rates ordered at that time.

This is a matter of wide importance to this State on account of its big lumber industry.

First Georgia Has 585 in Regiment

Quarterly Returns Show Brunswick With Largest Company—Force's Officers Practically Complete.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Quarterly returns to the Adjutant General of the State from the First Regiment show that organization to have 49 officers and 585 men. This is regarded in military circles as a splendid showing.

The report includes the twelve companies, field, staff and band. Of the companies eight have their full complement of three officers. The Savannah companies, with one exception, have their full complement of officers.

The largest enlistment of men in any single company is shown by Company G, of Brunswick, which has 60 names on its roll. This company has three officers. Company H, the German Volunteers, has the largest enlistment of any Savannah company, 56 men being shown. This company also has three officers.

Stovall Departs for Post in Switzerland

New United States Minister Enroute to New York From Savannah. Sails July 29.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Colonel and Mrs. Pleasant A. Stovall, their daughter, Mrs. Burton L. Mason, and their son, Master Joe Stovall, are now upon the high seas, en route to New York, from which port they will embark on July 29 for Switzerland, where Colonel Stovall goes to take charge of his post as United States Minister to that country. The party will be joined in Europe by Miss Pleasant Stovall, another daughter, who is already there.

The son, Joe, was taken ill about a week ago, and it was thought at that time that arrangements for the trip would have to be changed, but a rapid recovery made it possible for the entire party to leave on schedule time.

BONES OF INDIAN PRINCESS UNEARTHED BY GRADING

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—What is believed to be the skeleton of an Indian princess has been unearthed by workmen grading in front of property near State street. The bones were in an upright position, and around them were quantities of beads and other rare Indian ornaments. Near the bones was a stone foot which is believed to have been the totem of the tribe.

The woman was at least 100 years of age.

ACCIDENTAL PICTURE ORNAMENTS CAPITOL

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Many persons admired a wonderfully perfect face of a woman on one of the columns of the White House portico. The picture is high, beyond the reach of any freak artist, and is the accidental alignment of various coverings of kalsomine and stucco. The mouth, nose, lips, neck, crown of hair and Psyche knot are as artistic as if made by a modeler.

BIRDS BUILD THEIR NEST IN SACK FOR CLOTHESPINS

MILTON, IND., July 26.—A pair of house wrens have built their nest on clothespins in a sack at Benton Wagner's home here. Mrs. Wagner hangs her clothespin sack on a post inside the back porch, which is screened by vines. Monday when she went to hang out the family wash she found the wrens had built their nest in the sack of pins and rather than disturb them, she sent to the store for more clothespins.

Satisfaction in glasses depends upon their fitting properly.

We strive for the best in refracting, in grinding and in fitting.

Oculist service at opticians' prices. L. N. Huff Optical Company, two stores, 70 Whitehall, 52 W. Mitchell. Adv.

$20,000 ASKED FOR SYSTEM OF PLAYGROUNDS

All of Civic Bodies of Jacksonville Back of Movement for Breathing Places.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—When the City Council meets August 6 the Playground Commission will lay a proposition before it to spend $20,000 in improving the playgrounds of the city. At the present time there is but one playground and it is not improved as it should be because of the lack of funds.

The commission has decided to ask the Council to provide for the establishment of a regular system consisting of at least four parks, where children can play under the direction of trained instructors.

Last year the Council gave the commission $2,500 for playgrounds, but this was merely enough to pay salaries. Next year it is planned to inaugurate a regular system, install modern apparatus, build shelter houses, put in volley-ball courts, sanitary drinking fountains, toilets and fence the parks allotted to the work.

Figures show that last year more than 36,000 children visited the one playground in this city. This does not includes the thousands of people who turned out every Thursday evening for the free moving picture show and open-air band concert.

The police department here is the strongest friends the Playground Commission has. The members of the force declare that crime among the youngsters has been materially decreased since the opening of the "playing park," and they are willing at all times to co-operate with the supervisor in keeping order.

The laboring people are also much pleased with the results. They are strong friends of the movement and are assisting the commission in every way possible.

The Woman's Club has been active in aiding the commission. The Mothers' Clubs of the city have all asked for playgrounds in their different sections of the city. The Board of Trade and the fraternal orders of the city have all aided in the work and all are counted upon to lend moral influence when the Council is asked to establish playgrounds in all sections of the city.

STRIKKES OIL AT MILTON IN PIT FOR FOUNDATION

PENSACOLA, July 25.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by a report that oil has been struck at Milton, twenty miles east of here.

Charles Sudwell, proprietor of the Milton telephone exchange, said that while digging a foundation for a building he struck a vein of oil, but had not yet had time to investigate fully. However, he said he intended to make a full investigation to see if he has really struck a rich vein.

MIAMI TO CELEBRATE BIRTHDAY

MIAMI, July 26.—Posters and circulars have been sent over the State advertising the big celebration to be held in this city in honor of its seventeenth birthday.

Florida to Alter Its Prison System

Commissioner of Agriculture and State Treasurer to Study Methods of Other States.

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—W. A. McRae, Commissioner of Agriculture, and J. C. Luning, State Treasurer, both of the Board of State Institutions, have been appointed by the whole board to visit several of the Southern States for the purpose of studying their convict systems.

The recent act of the Legislature made some radical changes in the method of handling the convict system, and the board felt that it would be worth a great deal to them to learn more of the methods of other States having convict laws similar to the recent act of this State. These members of the board will visit North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Louisiana, Texas and Mississippi and upon their return will make full report to the board.

NASON REVELL HELD FOR SHOOTING JOHN PALMER

TALLAHASSEE, July 26.—Nason Revell was bound over to await the action of the Grand Jury under $1,000 bond for shooting John Palmer a few weeks ago at Lake Bradford church. The difficulty arose as the result of family trouble. Revell shot Palmer six times, three taking effect. Palmer was at the trial and appeared to be fully recovered from his wounds. Revell has been in jail ever since the shooting.

DON'T FEAR SUNBURN



CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

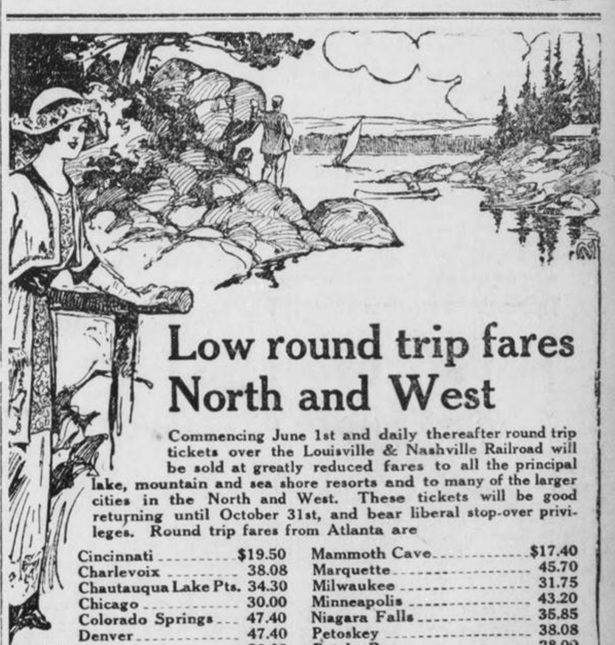
Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 2G, Boston.

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

MAIL YOUR FILMS TO US

For developing. We are film specialists with the largest laboratory in the South. All prints made on Prize-Winning Criko Paper. All roll films developed FREE, no matter where purchased. Brownie Prints, 3c each. Write for descriptive Camera Catalogue G. Prices $2.00 to $85.00. Use that fast Ansco film; fits any camera or kodak; costs no more, but also gives true color values. Mail Order Department.

E. H. CONE, Inc., 2 Stores, Atlanta, Ga.



Low round trip fares North and West

Commencing June 1st and daily thereafter round trip tickets over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will be sold at greatly reduced fares to all the principal lake, mountain and sea shore resorts and to many of the larger cities in the North and West. These tickets will be good returning until October 31st, and bear liberal stop-over privileges. Round trip fares from Atlanta are

Cincinnati	$19.50	Mammoth Cave	$17.40
Charlevoix	38.08	Marquette	45.70
Chautauqua Lake Pts.	34.30	Milwaukee	31.75
Chicago	30.00	Minneapolis	43.20
Colorado Springs	47.40	Niagara Falls	35.85
Denver	47.40	Petoskey	38.08
Detroit	29.00	Put In Bay	28.00
French Lick Springs	21.70	Salt Lake City	60.40
Indianapolis	22.80	St. Louis	25.60
Louisville	18.00	Toronto	38.20
Mackinac Island	39.50	Yellowstone Park	67.60

These are but a few of the points. There are a great many others and we will be pleased to give full information upon application. Proportionately low fares from other points in Georgia.

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47 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

A $2,300,000 VILLA HERS

Little Girl Who Was Enabled to Walk by Dr. Lorenz Shows Only Traces of Lameness.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Lit-tle Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Corner, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—"GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers



An actual snapshot of a slashe dskirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.

Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap, trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent, or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were " a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

Tonic Bottle Blow Restores Lost Hair

Waiter Attacked by Woman and Struck on Bald Pate Beneficiary of Miracle.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—Hattie Clark, be-diamonded and gowned in the latest mode, struck A. F. Wachter, a waiter in a Fifth avenue cafe, over the bald head with a bottle containing hair tonic because he failed to serve her promptly. She was arrested. When she appeared in court she glanced toward Wachter and swooned.

Miss Clark declared that she had been overcome by Wachter's full head of hair, which was bald when she hit him. She told the court she had broken a bottle of hair tonic over Wachter's head. She pleaded that she be allowed to go, as Wachter had been benefited.

PORCELAIN---NO GOLD
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



Whalebone; Best Set, **$3.00** No More, No Less.

GOLD CROWN (22-K) $3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH 3.00
SILVER FILLINGS ..... .25
GOLD FILINGS ..... .50
CLEANING TEETH ..... .50
TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street

Horse for 15c Balks; Asks Money Back

Bargain Roadster Is Cause of Fight Between Two Foreigner Friends in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 26.—This is the story of a horse which, in spite of his decrepitude, was the cause of a fight over 15 cents between two friends.

John Nayewska, of No. 8612 Baltimore avenue, the owner, found himself broke. There were no oats in the barn. Tony Novak, who lives in the next block, was thinking at the same time how nice it would be to take a ride with his family on Sundays.

"Gimme 15 cents for him," said John.

"You're on," said Tony.

Tony hitched the animal to his old buggy and helped his wife and three children in. The horse refused to move for an hour.

Tony hastened to John's house, angry. He demanded his money back.

John had spent the money. The argument became so heated the police were called.

Fleet's Cruise Stops Wedding of Ensign

Decision of Secretary Daniels to Send Ships to Mediterranean Halts Matrimonial Plans.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Decision by Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, to send the Atlantic battleship fleet on a Mediterranean cruise was instrumental in postponing until next spring the marriage of Ensign William Henry Purnell Blandy, U. S. N., of the battleship Florida, and Miss Roberta Hope Amies, one of the prettiest of the Capital's younger women.

The young couple were to have been married in the autumn, but now, due to the foreign cruise, the event will not take place until the return of the fleet next spring from the winter maneuvers in Cuba and the spring target practice.

Wrong Man's Ribs Cracked for Rival's

Jealous Suitors Attack Stranger and, Finding Mistake, Apologize and Take to Heels.

NEW York, July 26.—A girl's jealous suitors held up Daniel Smith, of Peekskill, at a pistol's point in Highland Falls yesterday. They beat him until three of his ribs were broken and his head terribly bruised before they discovered they had the wrong man.

"So you'll keep after Beulah," was the remark that preceded the attack. Finally, when the young man was able to explain his innocence, his assailants let him up, saying: "Excuse us, old pal; guess we got the wrong fellow." Then they fled. Smith is in the hospital. Who "Beulah" is has not developed.

Hen Displaced by Hot Spring Water

Natural Incubator Discovered by California Farmers in Flowing Stream and Used Successfully.

SAN BERNARDINO, CAL., July 26. Ranchers of the hot springs belt in the San Bernardino Valley, Arrowhead, Harlem and Urbita, will henceforth let nature hatch the eggs.

When a setting hen disappeared from the Sturges Sawyer Ranch, in the Warm Creek District, Sawyer rushed for an ancient incubator. He could not find a lamp and there was no oil about the place.

Time was slipping and the eggs were growing cold. Sawyer finally hit upon the scheme of turning water from a natural hot spring through the incubator.

After several days of anxious watching, he heard the "peep, peep," of the first chick, and soon he had a large brood.

JACOBS' PHARMACY

Timely Needs
At Cut Prices

25c Blue Jay Corn Plasters, 13c; 35c size, 21c.
25c Mentholatum, 19c; 50c size, 38c.
25c 4711 White Rose Glycerine Soap, 15c.
25c Cuticura Soap, 19c.
25c Baker's Breakfast Cocoa, 22c.
50c Ingram's Milkweed Cream, 39c; $1.00 size, 78c.
$1.00 Magnolia Balm, 63c.
50c Herpicide, 43c; $1.00 size, 85c.
25c Packer's Tar Soap, 18c.
50c Hinds' Honey and Almond Cream, 42c.
25c Odorono, 19c; 50c size, 38c.
Mary Garden Talcum, 50c.
25c Pond's Vanishing Cream, 21c; 50c size, 42c.
15c Palm Olive Soap, 10c.
25c Lyon's Tooth Powder, 19c.
25c Listerine, 19c; 50c size, 38c; $1.00 size, 75c.
$1.50 Oriental Cream, $1.25.
Jacobs' Hydrogen Peroxide, 1-4-lb., 10c; 1-2-lb., 18c; lb., 30c; quart, 50c.

Jacobs' Malt
Best Summer Tonic

Jacobs' Malt Extract contains more diastase and nutritive property than any other, analysis shows, 15c; dozen, $1.50; cask of ten dozen, $12.50.
Wyeth's Malt Extract, 30c; dozen, $3.30.
Hoff's Malt, 25c; dozen, $3.00.
Hoff's Malt with Iron, 35c; dozen, $3.50.
Pabst Malt, 20c; dozen, $2.25.
Malt Nutrine, 20c; dozen, $2.25.
Wurtzberger's Malt, 15c; dozen, $1.50.
Malt Marrow, 20c; dozen, $2.25.
Wampole's Malt, 35c; dozen, $3.50.

Saturday Candies
50c Chocolates and Bon Bons 29c

YOU cannot equal them under 50c or 60c a pound. Fruits, nuts, maples and chocolates, every piece so good that every week brings enthusiastic praise from well pleased customers. Hundreds buy this special Week-End box regularly. Sold at all of our stores, Saturday and Sunday only (made fresh Friday) at the Special Week-End Price **29c**

60c French Nut Caramels 40c.

Chocolate and vanilla caramels whipped into a cream as light as foam and filled with fine pecan and walnut meats. They are delicious. Saturday only the price is 40c.

Main Store and 23 Whitehall St.

Try These At the Fountain

Joy Sundae 10c
Crushed pineapple, raspberry, banana, lemon ice and vanilla ice cream; the fruits and creams wonderfully blended into a most tempting and delicious delight.

Pineapple Sangaree 15c
Crushed fruit and ice cream shaken to a light snow and topped with carbonated water and whipped cream. What could you think of more cooling and refreshing?

Jacobs' Egg Drinks
Every egg used at our Fountains is fresh laid; shipments daily, direct from the farm. Jacobs' Egg Drinks are delicious and very nourishing.

Specials For MEN

Cigars Saturday



JACOBS' Pharmacy Cigar Departments carry a complete line of all popular and high grade Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos at the lowest prices. Our Saturday Specials offer a genuine treat to the man who smokes.

Queen of Tampa, finest 10c straight All-Havana Cigar, Saturday 4 for 25c. (Limit of 4 to a customer.)
Capulet, Saturday 3 for 25c.
Portina Panitelas, Saturday 4 for 25c.
5c Piedmont Cigarettes, Saturday 3 for 10c.
Rosales, pure Porto Rican, and regular 3 for 25. quality. Our special price 5c straight. Try it if you like a fine Porto Rican blend.

E. & W. SPECIAL.

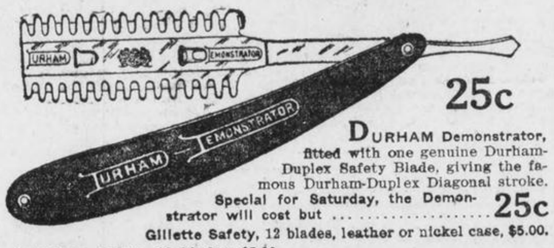
We call special attention to this 5c All-Havana E. & W., for you will find it the BEST 5c Havana you ever smoked. Try it to-morrow, and if you are not well pleased, YOUR MONEY BACK. 5c straight; a box $2.50.

Solace Havana, leader of Havanas for over 40 years. Sold in Atlanta a Jacobs' stores only. 10c straight; box of 50, $4.50.

Cigar Departments at the Following Jacobs' Stores:

23 Whitehall Street
266 Peters Street
544 Peachtree Street
245 Houston Street
70 West Mitchell Street
216 Lee Street, West End.
Marietta and Forsyth Streets, Under Bijou Theater.

Sale of Razors, Blades and Shaving Preparations



25c

DURHAM Demonstrator, fitted with one genuine Durham-Duplex Safety Blade, giving the famous Durham-Duplex Diagonal stroke. Special for Saturday, the Demonstrator will cost but **25c**
Gillette Safety, 12 blades, leather or nickel case, $5.00.
Auto-Strop Safety, 12 blades, $5.00.
Durham-Duplex, 12 blades, $5.00.
Durham-Derby, 12 blades, $2.50.
Fine Safety Razors at $1.00 each: Enders, Gem, Jr., Ever-Ready, Perfect and Young's.
Clark's Trial Safeties, 2 blades; Special at, each 25c.
Wardlow's Guaranteed $1.00 Old-Style, extra hollow ground, concave blade, round ends; a fine razor and equal to those we have seen selling elsewhere for $1.50 and $2.00 each. Our Special at **49c**
Safety Blades: Gillette, $1.00 dozen; Auto-Strop, $1.00 dozen; Ever-Ready, 10 for 50c; Durham-Duplex, 50c 1-2 dozen; Enders, 25c 1-2 dozen; Gem, Jr., 7 for 35c.

Jacobs' Shaving Lotion Feels Fine

MAKES the skin feel so cool and firm to the touch, exhilarates with a sensation of luxurious cleanliness. Some call it the best part of the shave. If the razor slips or pulls it is soothing and quickly heals the soreness; and it keeps the skin soft and in splendid condition.

Carefully groomed men prefer Jacobs' Shaving Lotion, yet it is very economical. 4-oz. bottle, sprinkler top, 25c.

Jacobs' Lilac Vegetal, 59c.
Jacobs' Violet Distilled Witch Hazel, 25c.
Colgate's Shaving Stick, 10c, 20c; Soap 5c. Cream or Powder, 20c.
Williams' Shaving Stick, cream or powder, 20c.
Williams' Barber Bar Soap, 10c.
Roger & Gallet Cream, tubes, 35c, 65c; Jars, 50c, 75c; Stick, 35c.
4711 Shaving Stick, 35c.
Pear's Stick, 30c.
Gillette Stick, 20c.
Cuticura Stick, 23c.
Liquozone Stick, 20c.
Berset Shaving Cream, 20c.

Here's Instant Relief for Those Burning, Tortured Feet

When the hot, scorching pavements seem to make every nerve in your feet burn and jump with awful shooting pains, and your feet ache and drag as if ton weights were pulling them back, just put them in a

Jacobs' Foot Relief Bath

It eases instantly; draws out all the poisonous toxins; stops the swelling; cools, soothes, rests the feet and makes them feel good. Used a few nights, Jacobs' Foot Relief will stop all of the torture you are now suffering, just like magic. Prevents excessive perspiration of the feet, and odor. A fine preparation from our own laboratory which we guarantee to be satisfactory or money refunded. 18c; by mail, 20c.

Jacobs' Foot Comfort is in powder form to be sprinkled in stockings and shoes, to prevent excessive perspiration and swelling; keeps your feet comfortable in warm weather. 15c; by mail, 17c.

Shower Sprays With Friction Scrub That a Man Likes



KNICKERBOCKER SPRAYBRUSH SHOWERS, made of the best red rubber, nickeled attachments. Massage brush gives a fine frictional scrub; also shampooing attachment. Perfect shower outfit, guaranteed to fit any faucet. No cumbersome fixtures; put it in your grip and you can enjoy your shower no matter where you may wander.

Prices from $1.00 to $5.00.

Jacobs' Special Shower Bath Spray, best grade red rubber, heavy tubing, aluminum parts; finest spray obtainable at the price; $1.00. With extra large spray, $1.50.

$15 Overhead Shower Special, $9.98

Complete high grade overhead shower, which heretofore it has been impossible to equal under $15.00. A splendid equipment in every detail, all parts best grade and guaranteed to fit any faucet; portable, or can be set up to remain stationary. Only a few to go at the price, $9.98.—Main Store and 23 Whitehall St.

Can You Prepare a Fine Salad?

The Secret of a Fine Salad Dressing Is in the OIL—JACOBS' PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL

PROCURED from choice, carefully selected olives grown in Italy, the first pressing of the fruit only, which gives it a light body and delicious flavor entirely free from coarseness.

Jacobs' Olive Oil

has an extremely delicate flavor, finer than other brands, and when you have tried it you will immediately appreciate its superiority. The State Chemists have tested this oil and rank it "absolutely pure and unadulterated."

If you want the reputation of serving an exceptionally fine salad, then use Jacobs' Pure Olive Oil. Try it. For all culinary purposes it is superior, and for medicinal uses we recommend it as the finest brand of olive oil procurable. 1-4 pint, 20c; 1-2 pint, 35c; pint, 60c; quart, $1.00.

JACOBS' PHARMACY

Main Store and Laboratory, 6 and 8 Marietta Street

23 Whitehall Street
102 Whitehall Street
70 W. Mitchell Street
544 Peachtree Street
245 Houston Street
216 Lee St., West End
266 Peters Street
152 Decatur Street
423 Marietta Street

Marietta and Forsyth Streets, Under Bijou Theater.

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

• • •

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

• • •

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

• • •

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

• • •

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

• • •

He may depose the Sultan.

• • •

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—**"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."**

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Alway., as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"My son, I am highly pleased to see one who is so deeply interested in the tenets and doctrines of Islam, which are always holy and just. May Allah bless and guard them. But your questions aim so directly at the foundation rock of Islam that it is desirable that you should leave them with me in writing in the fashion required by the Koran and usage. Then, through the proper authorities, I shall refer to Islam for answers."

"But I said:

"'I thank Your Highness for your gracious and generous suggestion. But I am informed that the Synod, in accordance with precedent and usage, would answer only "yes" or "no" to my questions. I beg you to elaborate your answers with your own lips, so that they may go to the uninitiated, to those who do not understand Mohammedanism and who perhaps are inimical to its precepts and institutions.

"The venerable head of the church consulted with His Excellency the Counselor and some of the theologians about him. Then he said graciously:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Allah directed the woman in explicit terms to conceal her face and her ornaments from the view of men. Allah is all-knowing and all-wise. Allah does not change His mind. He knew thirteen hundred years ago the character of the nature of the man to come thirteen hundred years hence.

"If any change were to be made in His Law, He would have provided for it. He did not. So we must adhere to the veil and the shawl as long as Islam remains a living religion. May Allah prosper it.

"It will last as long as the world itself. To discard the veil and the shawl would clearly mean to refute the great attribute of the infallibility of Allah. As I stated, Islam is based upon logic and therefore it can not contradict itself by abandoning a guiding principle such as the infallibility of Deity."

Polygamy Long Ago Devised Can Not Change.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Chritsian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"Our religion does not regard with disfavor or as immoral the attention of a Moslem to another woman, provided that he has fulfilled all his duties to his wives. I am inclined to believe that the world is floating in the direction of Islam.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulfiled his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

"Now, the broadest of questions, if your highness pleases, what is the relation of Mohammedanism to the state?"

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"They must not concern themselves, however, with matters and duties that pertain to the faith.

"You know that the contents of the Holy Koran were handed down to Mohammed by God through the Archangel Gabriel. Yet Mohammed, to avoid the possibility of any error in transmission or transcription, or in his own understanding thereof, in the last instance assembled a council to deliberate upon each word and sentence of every chapter.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

The Sheik-ul-Islam appeared to me to be about 90 years old, but the spirituality of his face defied any accurate estimate of his age. He is not more than 5 feet 7 inches tall; his stooped shoulders bespoke the student who has burned the midnight oil studying the Koran.

His eyes are blue and lustrous; he has a long gray beard. His outer garment was a long black mantle, which he wore unbuttoned.

How He Secured the Difficult Interview.

My learned friend, Dr. Izzet-dine Bey, president of the Department of Infants' Estates, a prominent member of the house of the Sheik-ul-Islam, was the means of gaining me an audience with the teacher of Islam. The belief is forced upon me that the venerable man expected only an audience—**had no idea of granting this unique interview.**

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members today. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received the "s who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the exposition grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of $0,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

"SHINPLASTER" MONEY, RELIC OF WAR, REAPPEARS

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26 Five 10-cent "shinplasters," the name applied to the fractional currency issued during the Civil War, were received by Secretary of State Roach from Leon Virlet, of Paris, France, in part payment of a commission issued to him by Governor Major as Commissioner of Deeds for Missouri in France and adjoining countries.

These are the first "shinplasters" to make their appearance in any of the departments of State Government during the past twenty years. They were in excellent condition and were of the issue of 1868 and 1863.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Cash Bonus Aids Labor of Cupid

Packing Company Places Premium on Matrimony Among Employees, With Good Results.

CHICAGO, July 26.—A cash bonus to every employee who marries, offered by Swift & Co. at the stockyards, has caused a rushing business for Cupid, $50 being offered to all department heads who married and $25 to all other employees. Albert Nelson, head of the donation department, said he was kept busy all through June handing out the company's checks and blessings.

"The marriage bonus is the company's encouragement to its employees to marry," he said. "It goes to the men who marry as well as the girls who marry, and if both parties to the romance are employees they get a double bonus."

Eugenic Marriage Act Passed in Dakota

Wedding of Diseased Persons Prohibited, While Habitual Drunkards Are To Be Kept Single.

GRAND FORKS, N. DAK., July 26.—Under the new North Dakota marriage law, which has just become effective, the intermarriage of diseased persons is prohibited. This is the first step taken toward the more rigid control of marriages, and is in line with the general movement throughout the country for the physical examination of persons about to enter the marriage state.

Each person seeking to be married must file with the license clerk a certificate of good health, the certificate to show that the person is not afflicted with any contagious or infectious disease. Another certificate must be filed to show that the parties are not in any manner related by blood.

Habitual drunkards are prohibited from marrying under the provisions of the new law also.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalla, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thunderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

Physicians have been studying the case, but no solution has been given.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-In-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 521a Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic hold he has on his wife.

Why Endure Sore Feet Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble.



Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.

OKLAHOMA NOW WOULD BE MADE INTO 2 STATES

Difference of Interests in Eastern and Western Sections Cause of Movement to Divide.

TULSA, OKLA., July 26.—The division of Oklahoma into two States, practically along the lines that distinguished Indian Territory from Oklahoma Territory before their union into a single State, is the latest movement in Oklahoma.

This movement had its inception with the Tulsa and Muskogee Commercial Clubs. It is generally favored by the oil interests, and to a large extent by the coal and lead mining interests of Eastern Oklahoma. There is also considerable sentiment in Western Oklahoma in favor of such a division.

Discord Constant in State.

The fact there is lack of unity of interest between the eastern and western half of the State is responsible now for the effort being made to create two States out of Oklahoma. The chief resources of Eastern Oklahoma are minerals, oil, gas, coal, lead and zinc. Western Oklahoma is strictly an agricultural country. What is of benefit to Eastern Oklahoma is likely to be of no benefit to the west side of the State, and vice versa.

There is constant discord between the two sides of the State, which crops out a every State gathering where sectional divisions have to be considered in matters of business. The Legislature is a constant scene of warfare between members from Eastern and Western Oklahoma. An item of legislation benefiting the oil industry is usually assailed by the members of the "west side" because of its alleged taint of Standard Oil.

Agriculture Neglected.

The members of the Legislature from the "east side," particularly from the oil belt and mining regions, care little for legislation beneficial to the agricultural interests of the other half of the State. And thus there is discord and milling all along the line that has increased instead of diminished since the State was admitted to the Union six years ago.

Of the possible 1,700,000 population in Oklahoma at least 1,000,000 are in Eastern Oklahoma.

Fifteen Tongues Fail To Aid Lost Woman

Finn Finally Appears and Directs Her to Home Where She Was Employed.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Mary Pier-Finland three weeks ago, got lost enen, who came to this country from yesterday. On the Third avenue elevated station at 137th street, she was unable to make anyone understand her request to be directed to her home.

Fifteen persons in as many languages tried in vain to converse with her. Somebody found a Finn in business in the neighborhood. Mary told him that she wanted to know how she could reach the Home for Incurables at Third avenue and 133d street, where she was employed in the nurses' quarters. She got the directions.

HORSE, DESPISED, ENDS LIFE.

SPOKANE, July 26.—Deliberate suicide is the verdict given by employees of the Spokane Humane Society regarding the demise of Ben, a decrepit, deserted horse. He sampled the clover patch on the bluff overlooking the river back of the humane barn, then plunged headlong over the precipice.

ARTIST WOULD DIVORCE NIECE OF WHITTIER

Art Triumphs Over Cupid in the Case of Isaac Caliga, Boston Painter.

SALEM, MASS., July 26.—Art versus home life and the love of a beautiful Quakeress—and art wins!

This is the story of the shattered romance of Isaac Henry Caliga, the Boston and Salem artist, and his wife, Mrs. Phoebe Woodman Caliga, niece of the poet Whittier. It is the story of a painter who comes to the parting of the ways—who finds he must choose between his art and his home life and love of his wife.

It was love and home against brush and canvas—and to brush and canvas go the victory. Result—a trip to the divorce court.

The artist, who has filed the suit in the Salem Divorce Court, says his aim is to make his wife free to go and do what she pleases.

Caliga says the cause of it all is "too much temperament on my part." He says his wife is inclined to domestic things and applies the word 'devoted" to her.

Agreed to Disagree.

He says he and his beautiful wife had agreed to disagree—that they are still friends; that his wife was brought up in Quaker surroundings in the "quaint, yet pleasing style of the Quakers."

"Maybe I've been too faithful to my art," said Artist Caliga, "and haven't paid enough attention to my home. It is for our own happiness that I take this action. It will make her free to go and do what she pleases. Our home life since we were married was one of the pleasantest, and she is a devoted mother and was a devoted wife. But I think this artistic temperament of mine did not allow me to understand things quite.

Brought Up as Quaker.

"As you know, she was brought up in Quaker surroundings, being a relative of Whittier. She is naturally of a retiring and quiet disposition.

"I have the greatest respect for her, and our friends that we knew when we lived together understand the situation very clearly. They feel sorry for us, yet feel that our mutual understanding, that of agreeing to disagree, was the wisest and best thing to do.

"No, I'm not of that artistic temperament that promotes the throwing of plates and crockery one minute and making ardent love the next. No, not that, just a love for my art and possibly too strong for one that has a family. You know, love is a great big proposition. Well, you also know we don't always have things come out as we had planned, and that was our case, so we had a mutual understanding and we still hold each other's respect."

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Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.



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FOR MILADY'S WARDROBE

By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

BLACK watered silk parasols are very popular this year. The handles are always elaborate; very often they are exceedingly costly. Carved jade is one of the latest materials for parasol handles; and finely carved quartz inset with old paste is also much used. And while speaking of jade I must not neglect to say that small bracelets of this stone are the "clou" of the moment. These little bracelets are slipped on over the wrist and two or three are worn at the same time.

* * *

The millinery of the present season is admirably picturesque. Quantities of tulle and lace are being used, immense capeline shapes are composed entirely of pleated tulle, cloche shapes are covered with fine black lace. Everything is done to obtain Old World effects. The leading milliners are haunting the famous picture galleries of Paris in the hope of finding fresh and unexpected ideas.

* * *

It is now the fashion to open the corsages of lace and muslin gowns intended for day wear in a generous V which ends just above the waistline. Certainly, there is a chemisette underneath, a chemisette of exquisite fine lace or of embroidered muslin. In some cases, but this becomes more and more rare, a guimpe of cobweb tulle is worn. In addition the sleeves of afternoon gowns are frequently transparent. In many cases they are exceedingly long, reaching to the wrists and well over the hands, but they are almost always transparent.

* * *

A one-piece serge dress is useful, especially in the mountains, where the weather is cool and the climbing is rough. It can be made in Peter Tom style for younger women, or with a sailor collar applied to a simple, front-closed, one-piece frock for older women. It should have a skirt with ample fullness about the ankles. This fullness can be arranged gracefully, so that the skirt still retains a straight look; one of the new outing skirts has the fulness buttoned under the side seams in the forms of tucks, which can be unbuttoned when necessary. Heavy soled tan shoes, with medium heels, or white canvas shoes of substantial make, are the most comfortable for climbing, and tramping, as well.

* * *

In some of the newest underwear, crepe de chine and lace are closely combined. One new style of nightgown, for instance, shows a shadow lace yoke and sleeves, with a skirt of crepe de chine, edged with lace. Underbodices, made entirely of lace and ribbon, are often attached to crepe de chine petticoats. Chemises, too, of crepe de chine, show deep insets and shoulder straps of lace.

* * *

The newest tunic is of purely Florentine shape. It has no sleeves and it is short, being fastened at the waist by a belt of glove kid studded with precious stones. The hem of such tunics should always be slightly stiffened, as the whole success of the garment depends on its outline. The skirt should be cleverly draped and very clinging, while the short tunic should stand out at the sides.

* * *

The newest parasols are either pagodas in outline, which is to say exaggeratedly domed; or they are almost flat and bordered with heavy fringes. Many of the new parasols have little jointed handles, in the Old World style, and nearly all show large bows of velvet or satin ribbon somewhere on the handle. The flat shapes are sometimes exquisitely embroidered in the Japanese style.

* * *

Tapestry belts of this order look extremely well when worn with coats of black taffeta or black watered silk; the faded colors of the tapestry being repeated in the hat trimmings or in the embroideries displayed on collar or revers.

* * *

A decidedly smart neck finish can be made with two lengths of one of the full dotted net ruchings which are sold by the yard. Get twice enough to go about the neck of the frock. Join the two pieces together with a band of black velvet ribbon, arranging one ruching to stand upright about the neck, the other to go the other way. The effect is graceful and easily produced.

* * *

Stockings with embroidered butterflies about the ankles are made for evening wear. Each wing of the butterflies is spotted with rhinestones. Other white silk stockings show embroidered anklets done in white, and still others show lace anklets, made of baby Irish lace insertion.

* * *

The vogue of the yoke is amazing. Scarcely a gown appears without the transparent inset of net, lace or tulle, and it is a fashion becoming to every face, contributing a softness of line which is always desirable. The phases of the yoke are many, being round, square, U or V shaped, and it is fashioned of all transparent materials, from priceless lace to inexpensive maline. It is tucked, shirred, pleated or fitted smoothly over the neck, and seldom appears with a high collar.

* * *

The broad girdle of Dresden ribbon will appeal to many girls on account of its daintiness. Crush the wide rose-sprigged ribbon softly about the waist and stitch featherbone at the front, sides and back. Take a strip of inch-wide satin ribbon and gather it at each edge, drawing the thread as tightly as possible. From this shirred ribbon fashion a bowknot and adorn the center with a tiny wreath of miniature roses and forgetmenots.

* * *

The opaque petticoat has made its appearance in the Atlanta department stores. It is made with extra heavy panels, back and front, and as the stores advertise, "fills a long-felt want." The attention of the manufacturers of ready-to-wear clothing has been turned toward under linen that will go with the outer clothes that are fashionable. It took three years for the majority of manufacturers to alter the lines of lingerie to suit skirts that women wore, a large problem when one considers that outer clothes are capricious, and there is no prophet who can tell how long any silhouette will last.

* * *

It would be a difficult task to give even a slight summary of the contrasting styles that are in fashion this summer, but if you have clothes to make, it is well for you to know that your day frocks may have tulle collars to the ears or a V-shaped decolletage to the bust, full elbow sleeves or long mousquetaire ones, a short skirt, or one that hangs Japanese fashion, for three inches on the floor. You may wear a girdle from hip to bust, or a one-inch leather belt, the skirt may be draped up in the back and down in the front, or the other way around; and yet, notwithstanding the laxity of styles, there are certain ways of doing things that make every gown right and another way which makes them wrong.

* * *

The variety in waistcoats is very satisfying to the woman who can not wear the masculine type. They are made of satin brocade, of Oriental crepe, of Chinese and Japanese embroidery, of striped silk, of flowered taffeta and figured crepe. Some are like blouses and are intended to serve as such when the coat is removed. They are open in the neck, quite loose and soft, are fastened in a straight line down the front with fancy buttons and have unusually large armholes with sleeves that go to the wrists. This kind is belted at the waist with a narrow girdle of material or contrasting velvet ribbon, and there is a breast pocket which often holds a small handkerchief with a small colored border.

An Attractive Bathing Suit

Fully Described by Olivette.



By Olivette.

THE scalloped bathing suit is one of the Summer's fancies. The little dress we portray has a foundation of gray satin, trimmed in plaid satin of gray and Geneva blue. The suit opens down the front and is trimmed in self-buttons in a double row down its full length. The deep scallops at the bottom are bound in the plaid, and in turn the scalloped swallow-tailed redingote of the plaid and the upper sleeve is made kimono fashion and is a continuation of the gray satin yoke which has little half-inch tucks in groups of three. The neck is cut in a modest V and is piped, yoke fashion, in the plaid.

A Question of Paint

To paint or not to paint, is the question all women over thirty years of age are up against now. The woman who makes up is so numerous that a natural complexion which has stood the stress of thirty-odd summers is apt to look worse than it is, when compared with the fresh-looking face of her companion. And never was "make-up" more artistically or skilfully done than at the present time. The thickly powdered face with its intensely roughed cheeks and heavily blackened eyelids is a spectacle of ever greater rarity. Instead, in any gathering of women in full rig-out we see faces and hair toned in conformity with age and nature—cheeks with a pleasant healthy glow which only an expert can dectect as make-up; hair no longer uniformly tinted to Titian shades, but adapted to the face it frames, while grey hair is becoming less and less of a drawback and being put forward as an advantage. Perfectly white hair for the elderly woman is as much sought after to-day as was the rich golden ten years ago.

* * *

For Porch Tables

One of the little annoyances which pester the summer housewife as soon as she gets her porch furniture in place is the maddening way the table covers glow gayly around.

They are always getting rumpled even if they are weighted with books or flower vases. In fact, the last state of the woman who puts a flower vase on such a table cover is likely to be worse than the first; for in the first really snappy breeze that comes along, cover, vase, flowers and all go by the board.

This wanderlust is not confined to the table covers, either. The morning paper sails off, not merely three sheets in the wind, but the whole tumultuous edition. Fancy work goes, too. In fact, wherever ocean breezes blow or mountain gusts sweep by, this problem of anchoring things to the porch table is a pressing one.

And yet it has been solved. One can buy a little nickel-plated spring arrangement that will effectually hold a cover in its place. Its usefulness can be extended to include papers or other articles not too thick. The more bulky ones won't blow off, anyway.

GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOLS NEEDED INQUIRY SHOWS

They Quit Studies for Factories, Though They Might Have More Schooling.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Interesting because of its bearing on the testimony as to girls' employment recently investigated by the Illinois Senatorial "White Slave" Committee is a bulletin just issued by the Bureau of Education.

It is written after a careful study of trade and labor conditions among girls in Worcester, Mass., preliminary to the establishment of a trade school for girls. The conclusion reached is that from one-half to three-fourths of the girls at work in factories could have had further schooling if they wanted to, or if their parents had cared to insist on it.

More Girls Leave School.

The survey shows that the number of girls between 14 and 16 years of age who leave school is constantly increasing. In the last five years many more girls between those ages left the Worcester schools than can be accounted for by increase in the population. Only about 17 per cent of them had finished the grammar schools; most of them left in the sixth and seventh years. Worcester is taken as a fair index of any of the manufacturing towns of the country.

Why did these girls leave school? Various reasons were assigned by the girls themselves. Some 30 said that they "did not like the school; could not get along with the teacher; were not promoted, or wanted to get to work."

Why Girls Quit Studies.

Two were working to help pay for a piano. One of these was a cash girl of 14 years who had left the ninth grade to go to work in a department store for $2. Later she got $2.50 per week. Another was a girl of 15 from the eighth grade, who went to work in a corset factory for $1 and rose to $4.82 per week. Still another girl was taking music lessons and contributing to the payments for a piano.

In the opinion of the Board of Education conditions such as found at Worcester emphasize the imperative need for special training of a practical sort for girls between 13 and 15. In the main the girls left school simply because they disliked the school work.

Not getting the kind of training they might have liked and would have profited by, they blindly joined the army if shifting, inefficient, discontented girls that go from one monotonous factory task to another, and, because of their lack of training, rarely rise above the class of low-paid, unskilled workers.

Skirt Too Tight Is Ruled Worthless

Court Holds That Even Plea of Fashion Will Not Hold if Walking Is Prevented.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—A Paris court has decided that a dress which is too tight to walk in is worthless to the person who ordered it and need not be paid for.

Last year Mrs. Price, an American resident of Paris, had a dress made, the price of which was $75. When the dress was delivered she refused to take it because she could not walk in it. The dressmaker summoned her for the money, and refused to alter the dress because tight skirts were fashionable.

Mrs. Price brought a counter-action and lost it, appealed and has now won her appeal with costs.

Lace and Stockings

For summer fancy work the girl with more time than money might undertake to ornament a few pairs of silk stockings. Lace insettings are effectively used just now for this purpose and the handwork involved is much less intricate than embroidery.

Once the lace is arranged on the stocking the effect is gained and there remains only the careful sewing to bring a satisfactory result. In the case of embroidery one can never be so sure of the effect of handwork until the pattern is far advanced and it is usually then too late to change if the result is disappointing.

By studying the designs of lace used for insetting in the expensive stockings in exclusive shops it is easy to decide on a model. A flight of butterflies, of graduating sizes, is a design worth copying, and two Vandykes of lace, forming a sort of hourglass design, with points meeting at the ankle, is another effective arrangement quite within the possibilities of the home worker.

Any lace showing a design that can be easily cut out and applied is appropriate for insetting in silk stockings.

TEARS UP LICENSE WHEN HE SEES FIANCEE WED

WEBSTER, MASS., July 26.—William Dorobis, of Philadelphia, has a new black suit and a wedding ring he will sell cheap, and a marriage license he will throw in as a souvenir.

Six months ago, Dorobis, with her consent secured a license to wed Miss Julia Marcik. But she postponed the wedding from time to time. To-day Miss Marcik was married to Michael Narel. Dorobis attended the ceremony and his wailing could be heard above the strains of the wedding march. He drew forth his marriage license, tore it into shreds and scattered it over the floor.

TRIPLETS ARE 59 YEARS OLD.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—Illinois' oldest triplets celebrated their fifty-ninth birthday anniversary the other day. Freeman and Hiram Bakestraw and their sister, Mrs. Harriet Hooker, all of Tazewell County, were born 59 years ago, and the triple birthday anniversary was celebrated with a family reunion.

STAGE SETTING THE STYLES FOR LONDON SOCIETY

Miss Mary Forbes Wears Charming Gowns in New Farce of Harold Smith.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Society folk invariably look to the stage for "advance fashions." In the new farce written by Harold Smith, brother of F. E. Smith, the great politician, some charming gowns are worn. Miss Mary Forbes, in act one, wears a simple mauve frock, with touches of black at the neck and waist, and a turnover collar of lace.

And one of her gowns is of white silk, with which she wears a short, knitted tiger yellow coat, striped with black. A Neapolitan hat of knitted silk, in the same shade of yellow, is supplemented with a black satin border.

One of Miss Brough's dresses is a little morning toilet of black and white bird's-eye foulard, a strip of raspberry colored silk being let into the front like a slip on a man's coat and caught with a huge black braid motif.

An evening gown of "blush rose" satin, veiled in front and behind with garnet colored ninon above blush pink and falling away in front, to show the garnet colored ninon, is an overdress of ivory mousseline de sole, embossed with gold and edged with gold bouillon fringe, while the corsage is of ivory lace.

BRIDE AT ALTAR HALTS WEDDING BECAUSE OF DRESS

HARRISBURG, ILL., July 26.—In the County Clerk's office a marriage ceremony was delayed two hours because the bride suddenly discovered she was not properly arrayed. H. R. Northup, 45, and Miss Florence Hart, 43, both of DeKoven, Ky., applied for a license.

When Justice Grigsby asked the couple to join hands, the bride discovered she had on a black skirt. She threw up her hands and exclaimed:

"There is nothing stirring just yet. No marrying in black for me. No, indeed. It's a bad omen, and I don't want to start off bad."

They left the courthouse and two hours later they returned, the bride dressed in white, and the waiting justice performed the ceremony.

WOMAN, WHO NEVER WORE HAT, NOW 100 YEARS OLD

SOMERSET, PA., July 26.—Mrs. Mattie Crise, who became 100 years old recently, has always lived in the same place, and in her 100 years never saw a railroad train, street car or a telephone. She never wore a hat, a knitted hood taking its place.

'Dancing Mistress' Dreary But Beauty of Girls Stuns

By ALAN DALE.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—They say that a gayety girl is born every minute, and I don't doubt it. Also I don't doubt that "Governor" George Edwardes has need for twice as many as nature supplies. You know exactly the style he wants—the gentle, purring, listless, lissome, Edna May-like, languid, delicate, wistful, pensive, reluctant and Christmas card type. No other type goes in London.

The average American type is not at all popular. Sometimes some fervid critic and impassioned reviewer asserts that she is. Well, I assert distinctly—she isn't. She must conform to the above requirements. "The pink lady" sirens, for instance, were very harshly criticised for being loud, not reluctant.

All of which is neither here nor there, except to illustrate the fact that in "The Dancing Mistress" at the Royal Adelphi Theater we see another of those things—formless, chaotic, invertebrate and unintelligible—that depend entirely on girls.

Malone Arch Girl Setter.

In this case she is "set" by T. A. E. Malone, George Edwardes' archest and most insinuating girl setter (he came over to New York to set the "sunshine girl" at the Knickerbocker Theater) to a "book" (so-called) by James Tanner, to lyrics (alleged) by Adrian Ross and Percy Greenback, and to music not at all up to the usual standard of that delightful tune manipulator, Lionel Monckton.

It doesn't matter in the least. "The Dancing Mistress" may be as dull as ditch water (which it is, and the comparison is rough on the vivacity of ditch water); as incomprehensible as a Sanskrit legend, and as lacking in humor as a comic weekly, but it is a success for all that. It is so beautifully girlied in all the dresses of the wardrobe.

It has girl at a "finishing" school near Brighton; it has girl at a "grand" hotel in Switzerland; it has girl at a swagger London hotel. There you are. It seems to me that the authors of these London musical comedies (nearly all of them exactly and positively alike) are not the Tanners and Monckton, but the fathers and mothers of the lassies. "The Dancing Mistress," by 50 pairs of fathers and mothers, should be the line on the program, by rights.

Miss Dare Much Postcarded.

The leading girl at the Adelphi now is little Phyllis Dare, who has taken the place of Gertie Millar. Gertie has been switched to Dally's, and of her more anon, and some other time. Little Miss Dare, who is very much postal-carded, is almost terribly pretty.

Her prettiness amounts almost to a fault. She is pale and blonde, and thinnish and dainty, and oh, so wistful. She seems to be yearning all the time.

She looks out upon a "sea of heads" in the audience as though she were scared to death, as though she were saying, "Oh, please be good to your little Phyllis, for she is such a timid little puss."

Sometimes this is very effective. It all depends upon your mood—sometimes it is very irritating. You feel that if you opera-glassed her too severely she would swoon before your eyes. All of which is, of course, but a pretty little illusion. Miss Dare is by no means new to the business and is really self-possessed.

In "The Dancing Mistress" she has one very pretty song with Josephine Coyne. They are on skis in Switzerland, and of course you know what a ski is. If you don't I'll tell that it is a sort of elongated skate. Little Phyllis and Josephine Coyne do this remarkably well. It is one of the very, very few things in "The Dancing Mistress" that are worth while. You wake up for a minute or two from the deadly apathy into which the eventlessness of the proceedings has plunged you, and you feel tempted to applaud.

Prettiness No Boon.

Another London favorite in "The Dancing Mistress" is Miss Gracie Leigh, a very clever and delightful little woman who isn't pretty for one moment, and who is therefore a positive relief. Anybody who isn't pretty in "The Dancing Mistress" is a joy. Anybody who isn't pretty seems daring and original.

A Polaire or a Mistinguette among all these zimmering, afternoon tea damselines would be perfectly wonderful.

Miss Gracie Leigh is a capital dancer, and Miss Gracie Leigh has a sense of humor. She has a Scotch dance to offer that—like the ski number mentioned above—rouses you from your torpor.

A very plump Frenchwoman, programmed as Mlle. M. Caumont, works so hard that she almost fatigues. She is relied upon for comedy, and she is merciless in her efforts to secure it. Her role is not at all a funny one, and not even a pretty one, so it is just as well that no English lassie takes it.

Caumont is a clever woman, but she seems out of place in this sort of a show. Then there is Miss Elsie Spencer, who is quite nice in a subdued and colorless London way. But the pretty ones swamp the whole thing—Trixie Hillin, and Gladys Klorton, and Dorothy Devers and Dorothy Laim, and Isobel Elsom, and Kathleen Vincut, and Gypsy O'Brien—ad lib.

"The Dancing Mistress," I fancy, aims at "The Quaker Girl," but it is really nothing of the sort—nothing of any sort. It is a beautifully staged, girlied and appointed blank.

CLUB WOMEN AID WORK FOR SCHOOL HEALTH

Members Are Urged to Elect Delegates to International Congress on Hygiene.

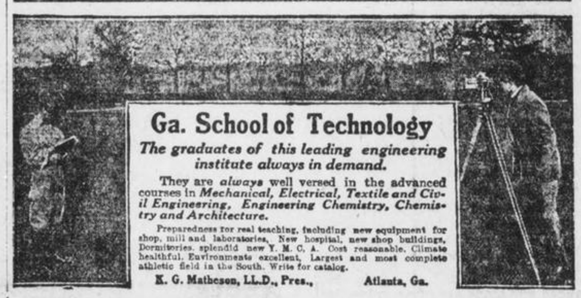
Mrs. S. G. Hodgson, of Peachtree, State health chairman of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, has received a letter from Mrs. S. S. Crockett, chairman of the Public Health Department of the Federation, calling attention to the great service of the clubwomen of America in helping to make a success of the fourth International Congress on School Hygiene, which is to be held at Buffalo the last week in August, and which is being supported by the General Federation, under the presidency of Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker.

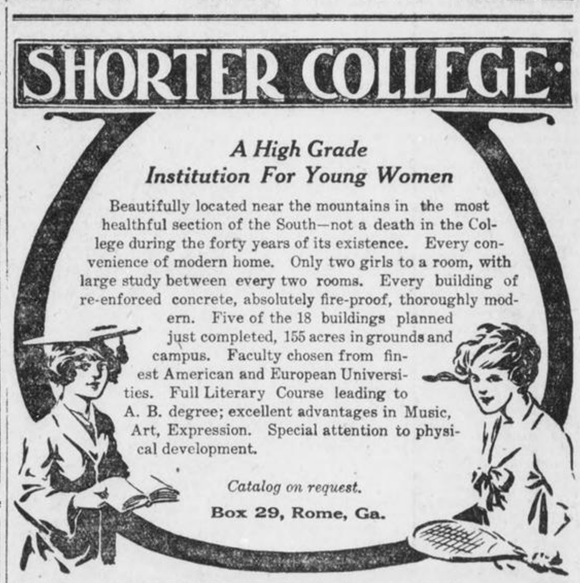
In her letter Mrs. Crockett says:

"The public health committee of the General Federation of Women's Clubs suggests that women's organizations generally shall endeavor to take advantage of the International School Hygiene Congress at Buffalo in August, so that in their respective communities new interest may be awakened because of this great international meeting. Please remember that all those who attend this congress will be furnished with the printed proceedings—a veritable library of scientific information on the subject."

The suggestion offered by Mrs. Crockett is that the clubwomen of this State urge the appointment of delegates to the Buffalo congress from the following organizations: School boards, health boards, boards of trade, school improvement associations, public educational associations, parent-teachers' associations and others.

Mrs. Crockett further urges that each school, college, club and public library subscribe to membership in the congress, in order to secure the volume of proceedings.





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SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

KAISER IS ALONE PLEASED WITH BIG ARMY BILL

Both Sides of Reichstag Are Dissatisfied With Measure Which Adds Enormous Expense.

By FREDERICK WERNER.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, July 26.—Weeks have now passed since the Reichstag with a suddenness that surprised all Europe passed the army bill and gave in to the Government on all points, and during the time that has passed it has been possible to form an idea of the feelings of the Government, as well as of the people, toward the new conditions.

It is perhaps not too much to say that the general feeling on both sides is one of dissatisfaction, which on the part of the common people is mingled with disgust and contempt of its representatives.

Kaiser Is Delighted.

The Kaiser, of course, who now, as ever, looks upon the enormous increase of armaments solely in the light of the strongest possible guarantee of continued peace, was naturally greatly delighted when he, after months of anxiety, suddenly saw his most cherished wishes fulfilled, and he is probably the only person in the Empire who continues to feel happy.

To the Chancellor of the Empire, Herr von Bethmann Hollweg, and Herr von Herringen the victory, of which they had at times nearly given up all hope, was a source of great satisfaction, which, however, has left a bitter aftertaste of disappointment.

When they planned the new bill, which called for such great financial sacrifices, they were were firmly convinced that it would with one blow establish the absolute military supremacy of Germany in Europe.

Officer List Increased.

The bill gave this country the enormous army of 669 battalions of infantry, 550 regiments of cavalry, increased the readiness and efficiency of the 623 batteries of field artillery, increased the siege artillery to 55, the sappers to 44 and the train to 26 battalions. It gave Germany a largely increased number of officers of all grades and created several high military officers and a standing army in time of peace of 820,000 troops.

But in spite of all this, Germany's military strength, when compared with that of other powers, remains the same as before. The new army bill fails to establish the hoped-for absolute military supremacy, and in this fact lies the cruel disappointment. The enormous sacrifices demanded and made are of no value, for in France a rejuvenated nation has been aroused to an outburst of patriotism, such as has not been seen since the days of the great Napoleon.

And out of this patriotism will arise a French army practically equal to the German in numbers of men and in equipment on many points far superior. While Russia, influenced and prodded on by France, is hurriedly building new railroads of the greatest strategical importance and has moved several new army corps nearer to her western frontier.

Prince to Renounce Title to Marry Diva

Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis Plans to Start Life Anew in Texas.

BERLIN, July 26.—Prince Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis is to follow in the footsteps of his two brothers and his cousin, who renounced their titles and rank for love.

Prince Nicholas already has given up his position in the navy and part of his inheritance, and is planning to purchase a ranch in Texas. The young woman for whom he is sacrificing all is the Munich diva, Fraulein Rechberg, of the Gartner Platz Theater.

They had planned to be married quietly in London, but the family of the Prince intervened. They will sail for America immediately after the marriage.

Hall Caine Calls Women Best Critics

Famous Novelist Tells Booksellers That Wives Make Success of Library Work.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—"If you ask me as an author whose opinion of my books I would rather rest my fortunes upon, yours or your wives', I tell you frankly it's the opinion of your wives'," said Hall Caine at a dinner of the Associated Booksellers at Torquay.

"If you want to know what the great, wide public is going to say about a book, especially a novel, try it on a woman," he added. "I do. I always have done. And when I have had success, it has come to me from women."

Vatican Condemns D'Annunzio's Work

"Pisanelle" Is Examined by Censor and Banished From Catholic Homes and Libraries.

Special Cable to The American.

ROME, July 26.—According to a report from a Vatican source, D'Annunzio's "Pisanelle," which was presented for the first time in Paris recently, will meet the same fate as his former work, "The Mystery of St. Sebastian."

The "Pisanelle" has already been examined by the censor of the Index, and the formal announcement that it has been banished from Catholic homes and libraries on the ground that it is immoral is only a question of days.

Viola Allen Writes of Royalty at Close Range

Czar's Calmness Impresses the Noted Actress

As a Visitor in Berlin at the Time of the Wedding of the Kaiser's Daughter the American Star Studies Kings and Notables.

Viola Allen, who is touring Europe, and has turned her attention to literature, was in Berlin at the time of the royal wedding. She saw royalty at close range.

By VIOLA ALLEN.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, June 12.—From Paris, city of beauty, to Berlin, solid, substantial, clean and very beautiful, too, in its well-ordered way. The famous siegalle with its numerous statues and stately avenues, and the great Arch of Victory, through which one passes from the station to the noted linden-lined thoroughfares, make the visitor's first view of Berlin impressive.

The time of my visit is a gay one, and everyone seems in festive mood on account of the marriage celebration of Princess Victoria Luise. The streets are packed and lined with people trying to catch a glimpse of the many royal guests who have come to attend the wedding, and the weather is as bright and sunshiny as any bride could wish for. It is Wednesday morning of the wedding week, and the glorious Unter den Linden, of which we have a perfect view from our hotel window, has been swept and garnished its entire length, and is lined with soldiers ready for the English King and Queen to pass on their way from the station to the palace.

Royalty at Close Range.

The Kaiser and the Kaiserin, the royal princesses and princes and several high German officials and Ambassadors went down to meet the special train and returned in interesting procession. After the guards and the officers rode the King and the Emperor in full uniform.

In the following carriage was Queen Mary in a lovely frock and small flower hat of shaded violet. In the same carriage rode the German Empress, wearing deep old rose chiffon with feather-trimmed hat of the same color. Then followed the other members of the royal family. The Crown Princess Cecile, very pretty in pink with a black tulle hat, and the bride-elect in white linen coat and skirt embroidered in blue, with a white hat, looked very sweet and girlish, though rather pale, and evidently a little worn and tired.

The great affection in which the Kaiser's daughter is held was very touching, and Prince Ernst seemed very proud and happy. He looked altogether the ideal bridegroom.

After the royal families and their suites rode the other dignitaries and personages, followed by more guards, officers and soldiers. The weather was perfection, and the enthusiasm of the crowds, the glitter of uniforms and the clatter of horses' feet made a great spectacle.

Enter Czar Nicholas.

The next day the same preparations were repeated, only there were twice as many soldiers and guards, ordered out for the coming of the Czar of Russia. Evidently many more precautions have to be taken to prevent any kind of political disturbance when the Russian ruler travels abroad than for most of the crowned heads from other countries. But in spite of the fact that there is almost constant danger of an anarchistic bomb descending upon him, the Czar looked very calm and peaceful as he drove beside the Kaiser up the beautiful avenue to the palace, amid much cheering.

Gala Opera Performance.

In the evenings it seemed as if all Berlin went to the opera or to the theaters. There was a splendid performance at the Royal Opera House on Wednesday evening, and a brilliant audience, which the handsome toilets, the sparkle of jewels and many uniforms made unusually striking. I was much impressed by the rapt attention every one paid to the music. The Germans, from the Emperor down, take their opera (like everything else) very seriously, and the many rules strictly enforced to prevent any disturbance or distraction while the performance is in progress compel all visitors to do likewise.

The opera begins precisely at 7:30 o'clock, and every one is expected to be in his or her seat punctually. Indeed, after the first note is sounded, no one is allowed to enter until an intermission comes, and to speak one word, even in the softest whisper, is unpardonable.

Army and navy officers are fined if they come late to the opera, and they are obliged to wear full-dress uniform. One young officer, who, in his haste to be on time, forgot his white gloves, was severely reprimanded by his superior, and punished otherwise for not wearing them. The opera at the gala performance was "Lohengrin," and it was given only for the royal visitors and invited guests. It is said that the Princess Victoria Luise herself selected that opera.

A Turkish Opinion of Us.

It was a tremendously interesting week in Berlin, though we had not planned to be here because of the wedding gayety, but to meet friends coming from the East who had lived in Constantinople during the winter. I find that the feeling regarding the Turks and the war, of people who really know, is wonderfully different from the prejudiced accounts we read in the daily papers.

There is no doubt that Turkey, with her internal struggles, was entirely unprepared for war, a fact her enemies took advantage of. But it is no less certain that the Turkish soldiers displayed a bravery, a loyalty and endurance splendid beyond words, often fighting with scarcely any food or water, and without even clothing or shoes. It was the misfortune, certainly not the fault, of the Turkish army that there should have been lack of management and executive ability among the heads of the government.

Because Turkey is Mohammedan and not a Christian country, we are apt to imagine them a rather barbarous people, when, as a matter of fact, it would be difficult to find more culture and refinement the world over than among the high-class Turks.

With the idea in mind of the prevailing impression of Turkey in America, I had a very amusing conversation during dinner at the Embassy with the young son of the Turkish Ambassador, who, though only 14, had all the dignity and suavity of an accomplished diplomat of 40. Besides, he spoke English, French, German, Italian perfectly, and, of course, his native tongue, and probably Greek and Arabic as well. I also found this young diplomat extremely well posted on affairs in general, and very much interested in art, which he discussed with great understanding. Finally I asked him if he would not like to see America, to which he replied with much seriousness: "Yes, very much, but I should prefer to wait until it becomes a more thoroughly civilized country." By dint of further inquiry, I found these impressions were due to a diligent study of "The Life and Adventures of Buffalo Bill." To this clever little man from the Far East America seemed one huge wild West, which I thought was rather paying us back in our own coin.

Count Zeppelin's Airship.

Several times in Berlin I saw the big Zeppelin passenger airship, "The Hansa," pass over our heads just above the tops of the buildings, engaged in making regular trips between given points. The noise of the engines was simply deafening, and the ship looked like a tremendous uncanny fish sailing through the air.

The passenger car is rather to the front of the huge, cigar-shaped body, and the seats are so hung that there is little or no motion felt. To me this looked the most uninviting mode of travel imaginable. I was glad to take even the Continental steamers in preference en route to London.

Viola Allen, famous American actress, who writes for The American her account of the wedding of Prince Ernst to Princess Victoria Luise.



Lady Paget to Give Biggest Dublin Party

American Wife of English General Is Sending Out Record Number of Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Lady Paget, American wife of General Sir Arthur Paget, has never completely recovered from the fall down an elevator shaft in Belgrade Square, and every year she has to take a cure in lieu of exercise. She is leaving London for Aix in a few days to reduce her weight. Like Queen Mary, she has a horror of growing stout.

She will be at Aix for three weeks, and will arrive at the Royal Hospital, in Dublin, shortly before the Dublin Horse Show, which commences August 26, and which is the great event of the Irish season. She is sending out many more invitations than last year for her horse show party, and will entertain a large and distinguished house party.

MANEUVERS SHOW FRANCE ITS NAVAL NEED

Experts Declare That Blockade Is Now Impossible and Swift Cruisers Are Necessary.

By GEORGE DUFRESNE.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—For the first time in many years France has during the recent naval maneuvers been able to place a real first-class modern navy at the disposal of the admirals in command and the results achieved have been highly satisfactory, while at the same time the experiments made have been of the greatest value to the experts of the Navy Department, who are to plan the further evolution of the country's naval defenses.

As may perhaps be remembered, the maneuvers which were originally planned to take place in the Atlantic were transferred to the Mediterranean in order to have the navy as close as possible to the sphere where its presence might be needed at any time during the Balkan disturbances.

Blockade Is Impossible.

I have just had a talk with the former Secretary of the Navy, Vice Admiral Boue DeLapeyrer. First of all, he said, the maneuvers showed conclusively that a close blockade of an enemy's port is no longer possible. The modern submarine, which is able to go a considerable distance away from the shore, as well as the swift torpedo boat, quite apart from the danger of mines, compel the blockading fleet to keep at a long distance, and this in turn makes new methods of blockading necessary.

"If the maneuvers we carried on outside of Toulon," the Admiral said, "had been attempted in real warfare there would not have been a single vessel left on either side. In this opinion I am upheld by our most famous naval expert, M. Pierreval.

Needs Swift Cruisers.

"The maneuvers further prove that France needs a number of light, swift cruisers in order to locate and annihilate the destroyers of an enemy. At present we possess none of these at all, while England has 66 and Germany 84, and we are compelled to use our great destroyers of from 400 to 700 tons instead, but they were not able to fill the bill.

"The work done by officers and men during the maneuvers was excellent and equal to that of any foreign navy, and if anything might be criticised it is this, that we are not able to coal either in port or in open sea as quickly as American vessels have done, but the Minister of Marine has already found means to remedy this, and very extensive drills are even now being carried out at Toulon and Bizerta."

Few Officers Available.

The weakest point in France's naval armor is admittedly the rather alarming shortage of naval officers of nearly all grades. There are not nearly officers enough to fill positions on the newly built deradnoughts.

The battleship Jean Bart, for instance, ought to have, besides its commander, a captain, an officer in charge of the ammunition stores, six naval lieutenants and thirteen cadets. It will be impossible to provide all these for quite some time, and Jean Bart and our other modern dreadnoughts have only two lieutenants and eight cadets. The new naval bill which materially increases the salaries of all officers will, it is hoped, provide all the officers needed.

Auto Scares Horses; Carter Whips Prince

Driver Uses Lash on Members of Nobility After Accident to His Vehicle.

Special Cable to The American.

LEIPSIC, GERMANY, July 26.—A Princess and two Princes of the House of Isenburg, belonging to the highest German nobility, were horse-whipped recently by an angry carter whose horses their automobile had alarmed.

Prince Alphons, Princess Antoinette and Prince Victor Vonisenburg were motoring to Altenburg, where they were to visit the Duke of Altenburg, head of another former sovereign house of the empire, when they encountered a farmer with a load of wood. His horse shied before the automobile and upset the load in the ditch.

The driver lashed out with his whip at the Princess and the Princes as they rolled by, leaving angry welts on the faces of all three.

He now faces trial at Gera for his misdeed, which a century ago would have been almost high treason.

LONDON OFFERS RICH FIELD FOR GIRL DENTISTS

Demand Growing for Private Practice and Clinics Among Children.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Apparently there is an open field for young women in dentistry, for the supply does not meet the growing demand from private practices and the dental clinics for children which are springing up all over the country.

At the National Dental Hospital it was said yesterday that though every facility is offered to women dental students there, the response is not extensive. The average number of women students attending at one time is between two and three, and some of these come from abroad.

Dutch girls make particularly good students. One of them, Miss Martens, has been appointed woman-dentist to the Queen of Holland. But English girls are no less successful—as witness Miss L. F. Paine, who qualified only last November, and has now been elected house-surgeon at the National Dental Hospital.

"I can not understand why there are not a greater number of women entering the profession," said a successful woman dentist, "and can only conclude it is because they think there is something unpleasant and disagreeable about a dentist's work. To me it is such fascinating work that I forget all the unpleasantness. My clients are women and children. I do not take men patients.

"The mechanical work—the preparing of gold plates and so on—is particularly interesting, and most of the women dentists I know like that part of the work immensely.

"There are a few women quacks, just as there are men quacks. The public needs to be educated out of going to dentists who advertise. That is a sure sign of quackery, because the genuine dentist is forbidden by the etiquette of his profession to advertise, and is struck off the register if he (or she) does."

Golden Cards Out to His Golden Wedding

Russian Millionaire Sends 200 Invitations Made of Pure Metal to Anniversary Affair.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—M. Spiridinoff, a well-known Moscow millionaire, is about to celebrate his golden wedding. Two hundred guests have been invited. Each of them received the other day a card of invitation made of pure gold.

As each card weighs twenty grammes, which is rather less than three-quarters of an ounce avoirdupois, the total amount of gold used is about nine pounds.

The metal was transformed into these unique missives, on which the invitation was worked in enamel, by a Moscow goldsmith. Each invitation card is valued at about $30.

British Plan Five-Day Line to Canada

Syndicate Will Construct Terminal Port at Blacksod Bay for New Transcontinental Service.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—A syndicate, strongly supported by British and Canadian shipping and shipbuilding companies, intends to construct a terminal port at Blacksod Bay, County Mayo, for an express line between that point and Cape St. Charles, in Southern Labredor, whence another transcontinental railway is to be built, bringing Canada within five days of London.

This project will be the deathblow to the often-talked-of Galway scheme.

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Air-Float TALCUM POWDER

Pastor to Use Boxing To Make Christians

Minister in Slums of London Will Try to Stimulate Church With Athletics.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The Rev. Everard Digby has just been made vicar of St. Agatha's, Shoreditch, one of the "slummiest" and one of the toughest quarters in the East End of London.

He is a muscular Christian, can box fairly well, is still an all-round athlete, and is the only clergyman member of the National Sporting Club, where he can often be seen watching the boxing contests.

He intends, so he tells his friends, to make men of the young "Hooligans" of Shoreditch by turning them into athletes before inducing them to attend church.

Czar Gives Hospital To Raise Birth Rate

Tercentenary of Romanoff Dynasty Will Be Celebrated by Opening of $500,000 Institution.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—By an imperial decree on the subject of infantile mortality in Russia St. Petersburg is to have a special institution in which children and nursing mothers can be received. The amount of $500,000, given by private banks of this city and Moscow on the occasion of the tercentenary of the Romanoff dynasty, will be devoted to the upkeep of the institution, which has been placed under the patronage of the Czarina.

TORIES' TACTICS DISGUST BRITISH WITH POLITICS

Work of Obstruction Forces Parliament to Pass Act to Let Any Legislation Pass.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The parliamentary season is drawing toward its close and the members of both sides, after the merciless prodding of the Government, almost without exception feel as if in all England it would be utterly impossible to find a set of harder working men and imagine that the lot of the average coal miner is far preferable to their own.

Unfortunately this opinion is not shared by the general public, whose opinion of their legislators was quite accurately expressed by the editor of The World's Work, who the other day preached a little sermon to the members of the House.

It can not be denied that the Tories alone are to blame for that, because, by their obstructionary tactics, they made the Parliament Act necessary, the result of which is that all important bills of a controversial nature are crammed into the first two sessions, while the third Parliament will have nothing to do but formally pass bills which ought to have become laws long before.

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E. DE RESZKE: "I am absolutely satisfied with my Kimball Piano."

EMMA EAMES: "I am charmed with the beautiful tone of the Kimball Piano."

MARCELLA SEMBRICH: "The Kimball Piano ranks with the best instruments before the world.

WALTER DAMROSCH: "The Kimball Piano has a pure, refined and beautiful tone."

PRICES: Uprights and Grands $195.00 to $1,250.00.

To those having no advanced musician in their family, our new model 88-note player should prove of special interest. Without previous musical training the Kimball Player-Piano enables the performer to enjoy any music in which he chooses to delight, such as the classics, church or popular music. All one needs is love for music.

With one stroke of the lever this flexible instrument can be transformed from an automatic into a piano for hand or manual training.

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RACE IS NOT OVER YET, SAYS CONNIE MACK

Lean Leader Sees Cleveland, Red Sox and Chicago All Making a Fight.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 26.—On the outside talking with fans, critics and statistic fiends, the 1913 American League pennant derby is over—the Athletics being an easy winner. On the inside, conversing with Connie Mack, one discovers that the Cleveland Naps may win; the Washington Nationals may win; the Chicago White Sox are coming fast, and the Boston Red Sox are dangerous.

But the Athletics! See information from Connie Mack on his troupe and the best you get is a smile. Yes, the boys are going pretty good, but anything may happen from now to the finish, and the other fellows are right in there.

Connie Mack is a genius. By shrewd baseball intelligence he has developed a wonderful ball club, but he refrains completely from talking about himself or the players surrounding him. It's always the other fellow with Mack—not himself.

"Yes, it is an interesting race," was Mack's answer to a question concerning his view on what is happening and what is going to happen.

"I look for the Naps, Nationals and White Sox to be right up there at the finish," he continued. "Cleveland had a little slump, but they'll recover and come around. Washington, too, will be a strong factor. Griffith has several mighty good youngsters, and his pitching staff is getting better.

"And the White Sox are improving. They played good ball against us. Callahan used all his good pitchers and tried his best to beat us. We didn't go very good in the field against the Sox, and that's why we lost three games to them."

Since Mack began winning pennants, his style is never to say anything until the pennant is won. And he is the same to-day. Then, when it is won and the baseball folks declare Mack a real wizard, he replies by giving the credit to the players.

Boston Was a Good Team.

"What happened to your team last year?" was put to Mack. "You won the world's championship in 1910 and 1911, dropped back last year, and now you come back this year."

"The Boston Red Sox were just a little better than we were," flashed back Mack. "Don't let anybody tell you they were lucky. They weren't. We didn't go right and they did. Now this year Boston has been crippled and injuries have hurt the team.

"We are out in front, and I hope we stay there, but you can't predict an October finish in July."

Now there is a reason for the Athletics being first this year. Toward the finish of 1912, when things were going just right for the champs, several of the players broke training rules. Oldring and Bender were suspended and fined and in general the club cracked.

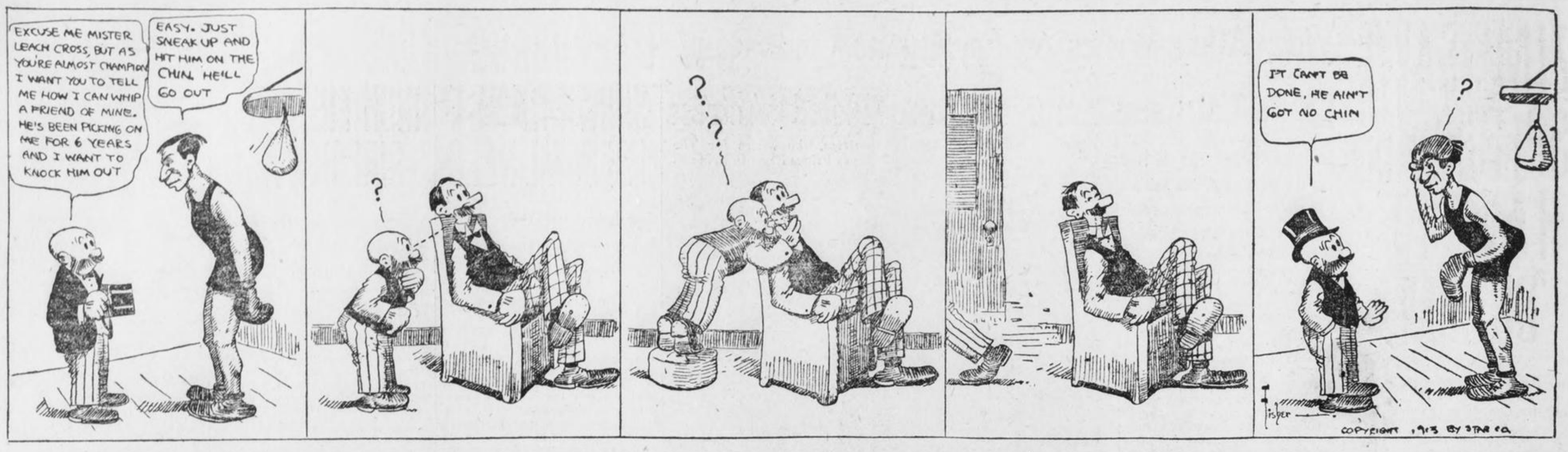
Young Pitchers Help Athletics.

This spring Mack consulted with all his players in the South. He told them what it meant for each to be in shape all summer, what the world's series meant to them, and the change is noted to everybody. Mack has the players going in tiptoe shape, too.

Another reason is that Mack was fortunate in developing several young pitchers. With Cy Morgan, Harry Krause and a few more absent, Mack had to pick up a youngster or two to aid Bender, Plank and Coombs. He did, and in Cal Brown, Bush, Houck and Wyckoff the pitching staff has been strengthened materially.

Further, Jack Coombs probably will be ready to return to work about September 1, just the time when he will be needed to aid in the final dash down the stretch, and be ready for the world's series. In the early spring Coombs was a victim of typhoid fever and has not pitched this year.

Only Way to Knock Mutt Out Is to Kick Him on the Shins :: :: :: By 'Bud' Fisher



Barrow a Progressive President Will Have Ball Players Pooled

By W. J. Macbeth.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Edward Barrow, the hustling president of the International League, is the original "Bull Mooser" of organized baseball. He is thoroughly progressive in his views and actions, and he wields the big stick with determination and foresight. Under his regime the International League has prospered greatly and minor league baseball in general has shared that prosperity.

To the untiring efforts of Barrow is largely due the fact that the three most powerful minor leagues are graded higher than had been the case before he assumed office. The more exalted rating carried with it any number of advantageous privileges. The Class A. A. Clubs are not only better protected in every way—but the new order of things made compulsory a revision of rating and privilege all the way down the line from the two major circuits to the most obscure "brush" organizations. In short a new working agreement had to be framed; a more up-to-date peace pact, as it were.

* * *

BARROW has already done quite enough for minor league baseball to establish his name as a real champion of the cause. But he is not a man who is content to live on reputation. He purposes next year to inaugurate the most radical changes in the hope of solving the principal disadvantages under which the big family of the national pastime now toils. Barrow has the nerve to try a scheme which, if successful, is bound to do no less than revolutionize the administration of the game.

The players of the International League next spring will be pooled at the spring schedule meeting after they have all been put under contract. The various magnates will cast lots for first choice. They will draw for the various prizes of the circuit. Barrow believes that in this way and only in this way will it be possible to distribute the talent as evenly as possible among the various club owners. He believes that such a course will result in a much better balanced organization. That every team will have a chance for the pennant and that the resulting closer competition should prove more interesting to fandom in general and more remunerative to the magnates.

If the International League club owners have the nerve to indorse the scheme of their president it will at least assure a fine trial of the proposed remedy for many of the present drawbacks of the game. The experiment should be worth a great deal for advertising purposes alone. It would attract more attention to the International League than to either of the big leagues. The whole country would be interested in the outcome and no one would watch the results with greater interest than the powers of the two major leagues.

* * *

BARROW'S theory appears a most sound one. So far it is only theory. If it would stand the acid test in the minor league it is a certainty it would be welcomed in the big show. There is no more discouraging element in the promotion of major league baseball than the seeming inability of second division clubs to secure competent talent. The New York American club is a very good illustration of this. In the last five years Frank Farrell has spent fortunes trying to build up a losing club. To-day it is right where it was in 1908—away back in the ruck. All his money has been thrown away. There is absolutely no sentiment in baseball. Not a rival manager would give Frank Chance a worn-out bat bag if he thought it would serve later to help the Peerless Leader win a game from him. It is almost impossible to dig major league class from the bushes. Talent has to be developed. There is a dearth of material—not enough good players to go round. And naturally minor league clubs with something to sell prefer to do business with the successful major outfits not because the market is any better but because of the fact that their stars are more likely to be turned back again at some sort of sound profit.

The principles of organized baseball are quite sound. But there are too many loopholes for evasion. Even the roster limits are not conscientiously observed. In spite of the National Commission's vigilance wholesale "farming" continues. Every big league club has a raft of embryo stars "covered up" as an emergency reserve. Nothing can be done to stop it. Players who might help the weaker clubs are kept on the benches of the flag contenders or planted out somewhere in such a manner that they are safe from the dragnet of rivals.

* * *

IF it could be proven by fair trial that Ed Barrow's idea is practical then would be solved not only one of the greatest puzzles of the promoters, but one of the greatest ills of the players as well. By the same stroke would be canceled the necessary evil of the reserve clause, which has threatened Congressional investigation of baseball as a trust. Baseball contracts as at present constituted are illegal. They are not equitable. A player may be discharged on ten days' notice; he is bound for athletics life to the club with which he signs through the instrument of reserve. That no greater injustices result is due largely to the broad-mindedness of the National Commission. Yet, in spite of all, injustices exist.

Take the case of any star ball player who is so unfortunate as to be a member of a poor club. Rucker, of Brooklyn, for the past five years is a fitting example. Brooklyn could not afford to pay him as much as could, say New York. There was absolutely no hope for the future. Bound hand and foot to the Dodgers, no ray of world's series sunshine broke through to cheer him.

* * *

IT should be the best thing in the world for players if they were put up to be drawn each season. There would be far more novelty to the life, a better chance of general advancement in salary because of the ever changing interest of fandom and less likelihood of discontent in the ranks. It might come hard at first to give up old idols of years. We all would grieve to see the gallant Matty go to Chicago. But we might learn after a while to tolerate a Hans Wagner or Johnny Evers in his stead. Of course, the main objection to such a plan would come from the champions who consider the world's series prize theirs by right of habit. Connie Mack and John McGraw should not be expected to go into ecstasies over Barrow's scheme. But even at that these crafty pilots would prove their true worth by sitting in at the draw and by hammering home their ideas to a new brood of athletes each spring. As a pure sporting proposition the new order of things would give the first true line on real managerial ability. Even-balanced fields would eliminate the element of luck.

ATHLETICS HAVE NOT LOST OVER THREE STRAIGHT

And Only Once Has Mack's Great Team Tasted a Trio of Successive Defeats.

WHEN a team can go through a complete season, the 154 games, and play a steady performance, day in and day out, without any slumps or sensational spurts, then it is going to be a pennant winner. That's why the Athletics are making such a runaway in the American League race this summer.

A little story in figures tells just why the Philadelphia club is so far out in front of the nearest contender. Connie Mack's team has not lost more than three games in a row so far this season. That happened only once. Detroit took three straights, but dropped the fourth one recently when Eddie Plank hurled a shut-out game. Previous to this slump the most games the Athletics had lost in a row was two at a time, and what makes the record all the more marvelous is that this happened but once.

The recovery of championship form for Connie Mack and his Athletics really is the surprise of the 1913 campaign. They won in 1910 and 1911, and were the double world's champions too. Then something happened a year back, and they exploded, with the Boston Red Sox succeeding the residents of Penn as the high rulers in the American League and as the world's champions.

Last winter a majority of the dopesters picked the Red Sox to repeat. In analyzing the Athletics the "IF" was too prominent to predict a flag for Connie Mack again.

Had to Build Up Team.

Eddie Plank had to keep going; Chief Bender had to come back; Mack had to get two outfielders to help along Oldring; a catcher had to arrive to take the places of Thomas and Lapp, who were slipping, and some young star flingers were needed to help out the veterans.

Well, all this happened, much to the surprise of baseball dope. And it has been this steady, consistent playing that has landed the Athletics on top.

Right off the reel on April 10, the Mackites started to claw and devour the Boston Red Sox. And it was this first blow, a record of six victories out of the first seven games with the 1912 monarchs, that started the Athletics on the path to this 1913 pennant.

The two clubs staged a seven-game series and the Red Sox won but one. The Sox never could recover, while the Athletics have never faltered a bit.

Won Fifteen in a Row.

The record of fifteen straight victories was put on shortly after that. On May 26 Walter Johnson tamed the Athletics 9 to 2, and the next defeat didn't arrive until the Browns licked the Pennsylvanians on June 11, 5 to 2. And during that period fifteen straight games were won.

Slump No. 2 was June 20-21 with the Boston Red Sox turning the trick. June 20 the Red Sox won, 6 to 1, with Bush heaving against them. The next day the score was 5 to 4. On June 23, though, the Athletics routed their rivals, 13 to 4.

Then there was nothing doing in the slump line until July 13, when the Mackmen lost a pair to the Tigers, with Bush and Bender pitching the first game and Houck dropping the second. On July 14 the Tigers repeated, with Bender and Bush doing the box work.

Klem Is Latest to Praise New Balk Rule

Umpire Says President Lynch Has Made Proper Ruling on Dropped Ball.

NEW YORK, July 26.—William Klem, probbly the best umpire on the National League staff, discussed several points in the rules the other day. When asked about President Lynch's interpretation of the rule covering the dropping of a ball by a pitcher while in the act of delivering it to the batsman, he said:

"President Lynch has made a proper ruling in calling such a ball a balk. If a pitcher was allowed to get away with this slip he could easily frame up plays that would catch base runners dead to rights. With a man on first and the hit and run play in order he could flip off the third baseman and then let the ball slip out of his hand so that the runner could be nipped either at second base or between the bases.

"There is no written rule to cover this point, however, unless the rule governing the pitcher's delivery is applied. In that case a dropped ball could be called a 'ball' simply because it did not pass over the home plate between the knee and the shoulder."

"What do you think of the recent decision in the American League which sent Borton back to the plate to hit over again after a ground ball thrown by an infielder had struck an umpire?" Klem was asked.

"The rule says that if a thrown ball hits an umpire base runners must be sent back to their original stations," was the reply, "but the rule makers never meant to have a batsman return to the plate to hit over again. These are some of the points that must be cleared up by the Rules Committee before next season. They do not come up frequently, but the umpires should be in a position to make prompt rulings."

FLYNN-SMITH BOUT SHOULD BE DESPERATE STRUGGLE

NEW YORK, July 26.—New York fight fans expect to see fireworks a-plenty on August 8, for that is the date on which Gunboat Smith, the strongest "white hope" thus far developed, and "Pueblo Jim" Flynn, the most dangerous veteran in the heavy class, have agreed to mingle for ten rounds before the Garden Athletic Club members in the arena of Madison Square Garden.

Both of these scrappers have made their reputation via the knockout route, and as each is aware that pugilistic oblivion will be the certain fate of the loser, the battle should be a desperate struggle from bell to bell.

BRITTON AND PACKEY MAY CLASH ON COAST

Coffroth Is Anxious to Stage Match Between Rival Chicogoans in August.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., July 26.—"Sunny Jim" Coffroth has the August fight permit for this city and is busy arranging a card for the show. Just who will make up the main event James hasn't decided as yet, but he has assured the fans that whoever the boxers are they will be lads who will offer a crack card. Jim seldom fails in giving the public the best possible, and all lovers of the glove game are anxiously awaiting his selection. It is known he is hot on the trail of Packey McFarland and Jack Britton, but it is hardly likely that he will be able to get this pair before Labor Day, if he can land them then.

But he has Leach Cross, Matty Baldwin, Johnny Dundee, Red Watson and Tommy Murphy among the lightweights, with Jess Willard and Sam Langford to pick opponents for if he should decide on the big lads. Willie Ritchie has practically assured James that he will do battle with any lightwefght on Labor Day and Tommy Murphy will be Coffroth's selection, this, of course, subject to change should McFarland decide to box.

ART ALARD TO FIGHT BENZ.

BUTTE, MONT., July 26.—Art Alard, of New York, and Art Benz, of Butte, have been matched for a twelve-round contest here September 1. Benz has fought twelve battles, in every one of which he has knocked out his opponent within four rounds.

GULLS WILL BE REAL SOUTHERN STARS IF THEY WIN PENNANT

MOBILE, July 26.—If Mike Finn's 1913 Mobile team can cop the Dixie pennant it will be most appropriate, inasmuch as eight of the fifteen athletes doing duty on behalf of the local club are Southern boys. A discussion on the bench during a recent rain brought out the fact that eight of the Mobile players boast the South as their home.

Both the Gull catchers, Charley Schmidt and Larry Brown, are Southern boys, Schmidt from Fort Smith, Ark., and Brown from Birmingham. The pitching corps furnishes two more Southerners in Bradley Hogg, of Buena Vista, Ga., and "Pug" Cavet, from Fort Worth, Texas. The outfield, as it now stacks up, is an All-Southern one, Jimmy Clark, Dave Robertson and Paul Sentell, the former residing in Baltimore, Robertson in Portsmouth, Va., and Sentell from New Orleans. Gene Paulet is a Little Rock boy, making eight Southerners on the team.

With the Gulls near the front and making history in the Dixie League, the fact that the team is composed of a majority of Southerners has brought out how fitting it would be for them to cop the Dixie pennant. Then, too, Mike Finn, another Southerner, would be at the heard of the victorious team, and it would be quite a feat could the Gull leader land his first Southern flag with a team composed in the majority of athletes boasting Dixie as their home.

TWELVE EVENTS ON CARD OF NATIONAL REGATTA

NEW YORK, July 26—Secretary Fortmeyer, of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, announces the closing of entries for the forty-first championship regatta has been fixed for July 28. The regatta will be held on the Charles River, Boston, on August 8-9.

Twelve events will be contested over a mile and a quarter course. Nine races will be rowed with one turn and three, the international senior fours, intermediate and senior eights, over a one and a quarter mile straightaway course.

The entries received to date indicate that the national championship will provide one of the best regattas of recent years, with scullers and crews from all parts of the country competing.

EVERS WON'T TRADE ROGER.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 26.—Manager Evers to-day denied the story started in Brooklyn to the effect that he intended to trade Heine Zimmerman and Roger Bresnahan to the Dodgers for Southpaw Frank Allen and Third Baseman Smith.

CASHION'S ONLY CHANCE IS TEN MONTHS' REST

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Carl Cashion's only chance of getting back into the pitching ranks is in ten months' rest, according to specialists here who are treating the Giant twirler's trained arm. Great things were expected of Cushion this season, but in his first game he tore a ligament loose. Now he can not get back the speed that caused him to be considered a second Walter Johnson.

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Baldwin and Cross Work Hard for Bout

Both Boys Don Gloves in Preparation for Tuesday Night's Fight. Matty Shows Class.

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—"Matty" Baldwin, who is scheduled to box twenty rounds with the New York dentist, Leach Cross, on Tuesday night, July 29, went through an impressive work-out at the St. Ignatius Club gymnasium yesterday afternoon. While Baldwin did not extend himself at any time in his work-out with Hobo Dougherty and Johnny Schiff, his ease of style and complete mastery of the boxing game were apparent, and Cross should have considerable difficulty in holding him off to the limit. Baldwin comes to the coast with a record as a tough customer to handle in the ring.

Baldwin does not believe in training too strenously, and his work-out yesterday was of the usual length, three rounds with each of his two sparring partners.

Leach Cross traveled six rounds with Louis Reese and Johnny O'Leary, going three with each, and in addition went through the full routine of gymnasium work. Cross showed excellent form and appears to be in the best of condition.

Ad Wolgast and Johnny Dundee, who are to meet in the Vernon arena on Admission Day, were both interested spectators at the Cross work-out yesterday Wolgast's manager, Tom Jones, will be here in a few days, when final arrangements for the bout will be completed.

WILLIAMS PLANS INVASION OF FEATHERWEIGHT CLASS

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 26.—Sam Harris, manager of Kid Williams, has announced that Williams will go through with his bouts with Campi and Burns, as he promised McCarey, and then go after the featherweights.

Harris thinks that Williams will have little trouble making good in the 122-pound division, and has picked Abe Attell as the best man for Williams to meet in the new division.

Williams contends that he can hit as hard as the majority of featherweights and is husky enough to stand as fast a pace. He is game for a whirl at the featherweight contenders and promises trouble in the division.

VASHTI PICKS A NEW COACH.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At a meeting of the trustees of Williams and Vashti College of Aledo Professor Elmer H. Wilds was chosen director of athletics for the ensuing year. He is a graduate of Harvard and Allegheny Colleges and is a recognized authority upon all forms of outdoor athletics.

Big Trade Planned By Cubs and Dodgers

Roger Bresnahan and Zimmerman May Be Swapped for Allen and Smith.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Roger Bresnahan and Heinie Zimmerman for Smith and Allen is the big deal that is in the air between the Chicago Cubs and the Brooklyn Club.

There are some who are close to the Brooklyn Club who say that this is the beginning of the end of Bill Dahlen as manager of the Brooklyn team. The rumor has it that he McKeever brothers, who have a large interest in the club, are not satisfied with the way Dahlen has been handling the team and want a change.

This would indicate that Bresnahan would be taken and then made manager of the team. Allen is a good pitcher, while Smith has been playing fine ball for the Dodgers at third base. The general opinion seems to be that the deal would not be a bad one for either club.

JIM THORPE IS LEARNING FAST UNDER JOHN M'GRAW

NEW YORK, July 26.—Jim Thorpe, the former world's amateur athletic champion, as a result of his observation and coaching under Manager John McGraw, of the New York Giants, is rapidly picking up valuable knowledge of the national sport for future use. Regarding him, McGraw says:

"In another month or so the Indian will be a really good outfielder. He starts well, knows how to play a ball when he reaches it, and, with his speed, can go a thundering long way for them. He has one of the best throwing arms on the club. After a while he'll be a good hitter as well as a clever fielder; he has already learned how to gauge and hit a curve pretty well. Another season Thorpe will be a seasoned ball player."

RICHOLSON HEADS GUN CLUB.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At the annual meeting of the Starved Rock Gun Club, held this week at the new clubhouse, officers were elected as follows: President, H. L. Richolson, Ottawa; vice president, E. D. Zeller, Ottawa; secretary, A. L. Jaques, Utica; treasurer, F. G. Pierski, La Salle; field captain, C. D. Clark, Utica. The officers, with the addition of C. S. Roe, of Ottawa, and Charles Quinby, of Spring Valley, compose the board of directors.

ROURKE ASKS WAIVERS ON 3.

OMAHA, NEBR., July 26.—President Fourke yesterday denied the report that he had asked for waivers on practically the whole Omaha team. He admitted that he had asked for waivers on three players, but declined to say who they were.

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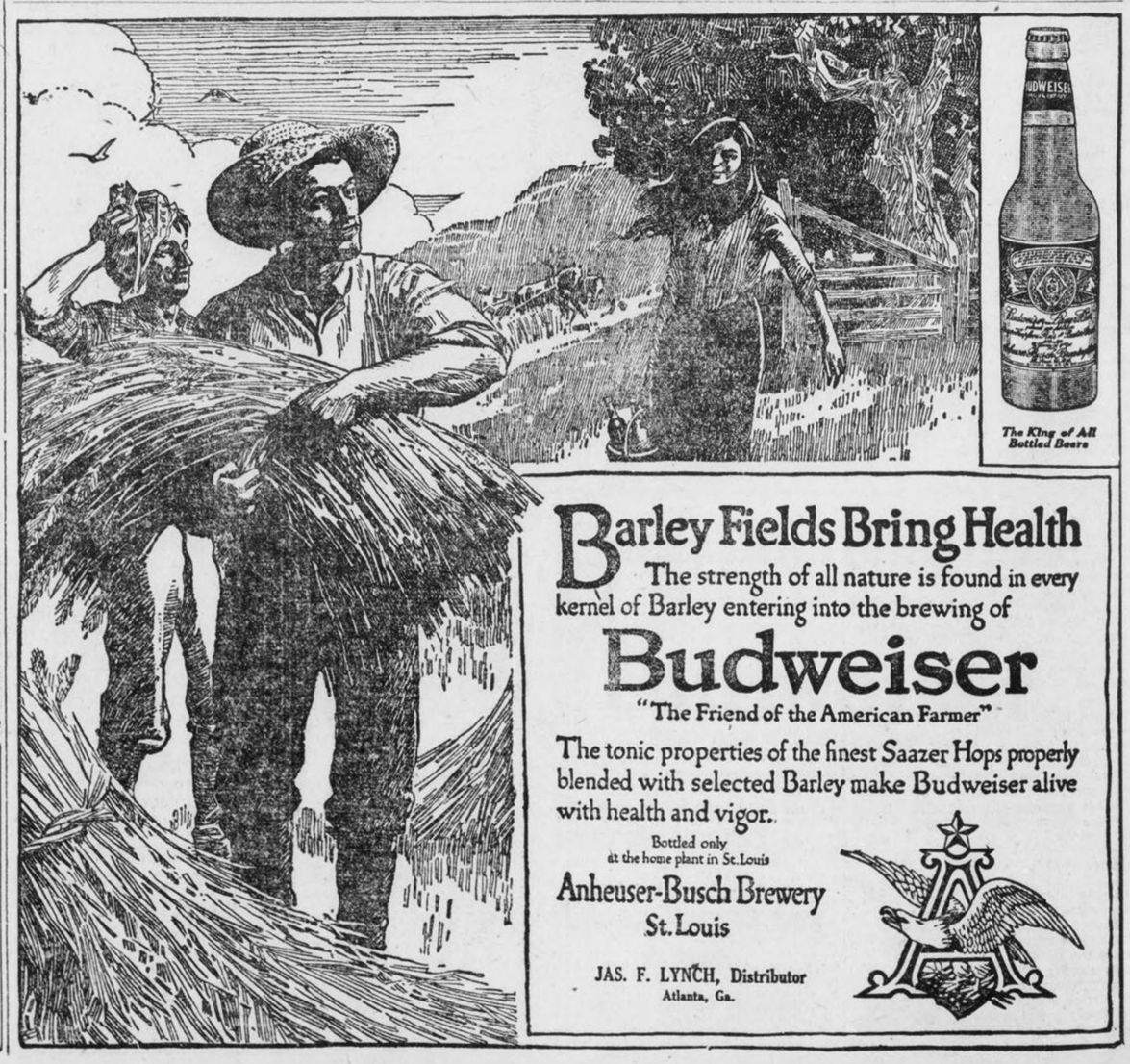

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Confidence Gets the Hits

Baseball Jinx Real, But Can Be Beaten

Heine Tells How to Do It

TAD SHOWS HOW THE GOAT PASSES FROM BATTER TO PITCHER AND VICE VERSA



'ZIM' SAYS 3 PITCHERS HAVE IT 'ON' HIM

Some Day He Will Land on Them, Get His Confidence Back and They'll Be Easy.

A BATTER who goes up to the plate believing he is going to hit the ball has a big shade on the pitcher, says Zimmerman, in this, the third article of his series. Read what follows and see if you do not agree with Heine's logic.

By HENRY ZIMMERMAN.

IT'S my opinion that there is no business or profession in the world where confidence in one's self counts as much as it does when a batter steps to the plate in the pinch.

Hitting in a large measure is believing that one can hit.

That has been my experience. There are three pitchers in our league who seem to have it on me. Christy Mathewson, Jeff Tesreau and Earl Moore are the men. And I am ineffective against the latter two for the reason that I have lost my confidence in my ability to hit them. I'll get it back all right.

Some day I will get in there and pound out a bunch of hits when they happen to be on the slab and then those two will worry me no more.

I don't know about Mathewson. Here is a man who should be envied by every pitcher lacking control. For it is the control of this veteran that makes him one of the hardest men in the game to beat. Mathewson possesses the other qualifications that a great pitcher must have. But it is his marvelous control that keeps him going year after year.

How Mathewson Fools the Batter

He uses his control in a peculiar sort of way. Some pitchers display their control by keeping the ball over the plate. Mathewson uses his in quite a different way. He never gives you a good ball to hit.

His pitches are a bit wide to hit hard yet in far enough to tempt you.

He pitches so closely to you that you constantly hit on the handle of the bat. Yet it is out just far enough to get you to swing.

He's pitching a bit high or a bit low to you. He's always pitching just where you take a swing yet never where you can get a good solid wallop.

It's Tesreau's wind-up rather than what he has on the ball that worries me. And a deceptive wind-up has helped many an ordinary pitcher. Remember King Cole? He went through a lot of gyrations before letting go of the ball. The batters scarcely knew from what angle to expect that pitch.

There's no question in my mind that it was Cole's wind-up that carried him through the National League when he was with us.

Says He Will Solve Tesreau's Windup

Tesreau hits me the same way. I find it difficult to watch his windup and it is hard for me to follow the ball from the moment it leaves his hand. It's on top of me before I can see it.

But some day I'm going to figure out that wind-up. Then I'll pay back Mr. Tesreau.

Too much stress can not be placed upon the value of confidence in a batter. It extends to a team frequently which accounts for some of the things which fans marvel at.

You read that this pitcher is a jinx for a certain club. Lack of confidence is the answer. At some time or other that pitcher was going good when he met this club that is now easy for him. He pitched some good ball and beat them a couple of games in one series. The chances are the games were important and attracted much attention and comment.

Transferring the Goat.

The next time that pitcher came to town he was referred to as a jinx. And pretty soon he was. It wasn't that he pitched so well, although the chances are that he pitched ahead of his form, for the moment a twirler gets the idea that he has it on a team he becomes better. It is a mental condition.

The fellows in the clubhouse said, "Well, our old jinx will pitch to-day. We'll have our troubles."

They went in half licked and they came out thoroughly trounced.

A jinx is broken the same way. The pitcher hasn't all of his stuff, a couple of fellows get base hits, confidence is restored, the fellows go up there with determination and, presto—the jinx is knocked from the slab and the chances are that it is for all time.

A batting slump is the terror of all batters. It is also one of the mysteries of the game. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one.

Many batters believe that it is the eye. That isn't my belief. When I am in the midst of a batting slump I know exactly what the cause is. Yet I can't remove it. The reason I am not hitting is because I am not swinging freely. My eye is all right. I know where and when to meet the ball. But the muscles of my shoulder seem to be bound. I don't seem to be able to handle that bat just as I should.

It's my belief that I have the right system of getting over it, though. Men who swing hard when they get in a slump begin to choke the bat; they swing easy, just hard enough to meet the ball. I don't. I swing just as hard when I'm in a slump as when I am hitting at my best. I know that if I keep right on swinging that I will get back to the old swing and that the slump will be over.

Zim Gives Cure for Batting Slump

A BATTING slump is the terror of all batters. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one. When I am in a batting slump it is not my eye that is at fault. I know what it is, but am helpless. It is because my muscles are bound and I am not swinging freely. I believe I have the right system of getting over it. I do not ease up on the swing. I believe in keeping the muscles at work; so I swing just as hard as ever and the first thing I know I get back the old swing and the slump is over.—*HEINE ZIMMERMAN.*

SCOUTS ARE BIG FACTORS IN RACES, SAYS HEDGES

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 26.—Bob Hedges doesn't believe a manager has much to do with the building up of a run-down ball club. He thinks that duty is up to the scouts, and that in case of failure to get the players the blame should fall upon the scouts instead of the manager.

The president of the Browns declared yesterday:

"I'm fairly well satisfied with Stovall's work as manager with the material on hand. Next season we hope to give him still better material and maybe we can climb a bit.

"You know Stovall isn't building up the St. Louis Club—he mustn't get either credit or blame for what has been done in this respect. The manager has nothing to do with the building up of a club—that's what is left to the scouts, and as we have good scouts, I think we're due to climb."

SCHRECK TO MEET GILBERT.

Dick Gilbert and Mike Schreck have been rematched for a fifteen-round contest at the Valley Athletic Club in Elmwood, August 18. The Schreck people want Ed Smith, the Chicago referee, to officiate.

LYON MASTERED GOLF BY USING CRICKET STROKE

Toronto Star Qualified for American Championship Despite Awkward Style of Play.

WHEN George S. Lyon, of Toronto, in 1906, at Englewood, was prevented from carrying off the American golf championship by the brilliant playing of E. M. Byers, of Pittsburg, who won the final by 2 up, there was a general regret expressed during the match that a player with so awkward a style, so distinctively a cricket stroke, should thus menace the United States championship. Lyon, with about a half-swing, would lunge at the ball just as if he were hitting a cricket ball. He has been a fine cricket player all his life, and when he came into the golf field, instead of trying to form correct golfing habits he just whanged away in the old form he had in defending the wicket.

As a result, he has one of the most awkward styles on the tee of all the crack players, with the possible exception of Parker W. Whittemore, of the Brookline Country Club, Boston, who would do well to take a year off and unlearn his present methods and adopt such a form as his frequent Boston opponents, like Francis Ouimet and Percival Gilbert, possess. It would take just about that time for Whittemore to get rid of the faults he now has, but it would be worth while, for, with his fine, powerful physique and sure eye, he would come close, with a perfect style, to carrying off the national championship.

* * *

WITH the discussion in England of late as to whether golf is encroaching upon cricket to such an extent as to lessen interest in that game, has arisen the question whether the one pastime is a bad form of preparation for the other, especially whether a cricketer can become a successful golfer. This point is interesting in America, as it involves the question whether the baseball swat unfits one for good golfing unless it is dropped absolutely for the true golf swing.

G. L. Jessop, the well-known British amateur golfer, holds the opinion that it is well-nigh impossible to be good at both golf and cricket in one and the same season, because while the latter game demands quickness on the feet, golf is likely to bring nothing but disappointment to its devotees unless he can contrive to preserve stability of stance and to pivot on his feet with almost mechanical precision.

* * *

CAPTAIN C. K. HUTCHISON, who is a fine batsman and a first-class golfer, considers that the two games can be pursued in quick alternation without one's form at either suffering to any extent worth mentioning. And on one summer's day he made about 60 runs for the Household Brigade against strong bowling, and then, going straight to Woking, went round the golf course there in 74 strokes. So that he must be an excellent master of his feet.

The Hon. F. S. Jackson was another celebrity who quickly became a scratch golfer, and he has often said that the one circumstance which disappointed him about the game was that, when he first fell into its meshes, he could hit the ball prodigious distances, and that the more accurately he played it, the shorter became his drives.

* * *

AMONG prominent American golfers are some who have been good ball players. The best known of these is John M. Ward, formerly of the New York Giants, and in his day, twenty years ago, called one of the greatest shortstops the game ever saw. For one so thoroughly grounded in baseball as Ward was, his swing is not bad, though there is a stronger suggestion of the hit in his swing, perhaps, than if he had never driven in runs on the ball field.

Oswald Kirkby, the New Jersey champion of 1912, and one of the finest drivers American golf has ever produced, has been a baseball pitcher of considerable ability. However, he took up golf when still young, and this enabled him to cultivate a full swing with the sweep effect, and with no suggestion of the baseball hit.

Pelky Ready to Talk Business

Champion Wants Go With Smith

By H. M. Walker.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—Arthur Pelky, claiming the world's heavyweight championship, but not appearing to be a bit excited over the fact, arrived in California—the real battleground of the Queensberry world—the other day and made a general application for work.

Accompanying Pelky, whose real name, by the way, is Arthur Pellitier, was our old friend Tommy Burns. Tommy is as fat as our own Jimma da Jeff and wears considerably more jewelry. He did all the talking for Pelky, who stood in the background and kept smoothing back his black hair in a manner that suggested embarrassment in finding himself in the "big town," surrounded by the men who have kept the ring records since the days when an important bout called for a barge ride.

"There is a general disposition to look upon Pelky as a ring accident, just as the people tagged Willie Ritchie as a false alarm," said Burns. "This is a mistake. My man has had 33 fights without having had a decision given against him. He made Jess Willard quit cold and he stopped Jim Barry in five rounds. All that he needs is the opportunity to prove that he is the best heavyweight boxer in the game to-day.

Pelky After Smith.

"There is not much doing among the heavyweights now, and for that reason we have signed up for a ten weeks, stage engagement along the coast. The one man we want to meet is Gunboat Smith, but if the public will point a finger at another man we will be on the job.

"I boxed Pelky six rounds and at the finish I was 'all in.' I knew then that Arthur was the real goods, and, although it is not generally known, I have been his manager since that night. He has everything that a champion should have, and is a clean liver. Although the big fellow is 29 years old now, I expect him to hold the title for the next six or seven years, and before he gets through he will be the most popular heavyweight since the prime of John L. Sullivan."

In personal appearance Pelky is in striking contrast to Jim Corbett, "Bob" Fitzsimmons, Jim Jeffries or any of the old-timers. The office boy who Marathons at the beck and call and a nod at his command. He is modest, perhaps bashful would be a better word, and but for a "panned" left ear and a "tunnel" nose, would never be suspected of being connected with the prize ring.

"We will meet any white man in the world," continued Burns after Pelky had been made to stand up, sit down and roll over for a general inspection. "There are no colored boxers worthy of consideration and I am glad of it, as this saves us a lot of argument. The black boys can save their breath, Pelky will never give one of them a chance. I was roasted from Sydney to Schenectady because I refused to fight Johnson. After I finally did lose to the big dinge I was roasted all over again for having given him a crack at the title. We will not make this mistake again. Pelky is a white champion for white people only."

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Wind-Up of the Pitcher Is the Thing That Worries Zim More Than the Curves.

BALLOONS WILL COMPETE IN INTERNATIONAL RACES

NEW YORK, July 26.—The distances in the recent elimination race covered respectively by the three balloons whose pilots were chosen as the teams to represent America in the international balloon race from Paris in October, are announced by Major Samuel Reber, official statistician of the Aero Club of America:

R. A. Upson, of Detroit, in the Goodyear, the statistician announces, covered a distance of 635 miles; John Watts, of Kansas City, in the Kansas City II, 673 miles, and H. E. Honeywell, of St. Louis, in the Kansas City Post, 658 miles. Seven balloons entered the elimination trials, but only four finished. Major Reber computed the distance in direct lines on topographical maps.

The men chosen for the international race will start with the foreign competitors October 12, from the Tuilleries Gardens in Paris. The race, like the trials, will be judged on the basis of miles cover during one continuous flight.

PROVIDENCE RECALLS O'MEARA.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Ollie O'Meara, the shortstop who was loaned to the Evansville Central League team several months ago by the Providence team of the International League, yesterday was recalled by Providence.

HANSON, YANK RECRUIT, IS CHICAGO SCHOOLBOY

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Harry Hanson, a Chicago schoolboy, made his first appearance with the New York Americans the other day. Hanson has been with the team two days, having been picked up in Chicago, where he played with the Washington Heights team. He is a sturdy lad 21 years old and seems to have a good whip.

CROSS LANDS JOB DOWN EAST.

Monte Cross, former scout for the Browns and one of the members of the "board of strategy," has been appointed manager of the Bridgeport, Conn., team in the Eastern Association.

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WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

MIDDLEMAN NO PARASITE, SAYS ACTIVE BROKER

Abuse of Jobbers Draws Logical Reply That All Who Market Goods Are Producers.

"We hear much abuse nowadays directed against the middleman," says W. M. Burke, of H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers.

"Atlanta's prosperity is largely due to its pre-eminence as a jobbing center—it might be called a city of middlemen—and it seems to me that some reply should be forthcoming to these critics.

"We hear fulminations to the effect that the producer gets the small end of every bargain, while the jobber and the retailer get the biggest share of the profits of nearly everything sold to-day.

"In my opinion, commission men and retailers are, in most cases, just as important as the man who produces, considering the present scope of business. The middleman performs a function for modern society, and an indispensable function. I have been using the word 'producer' in the popular sense. I think it can be proved that all of us are 'producers.'

"Now, our firm stands in the position of middleman, and in the strictest sense. We do not touch the original producer on the one side or the actual consumer on the other. To make it clear, we handle lard, tinned meats and canned goods, among a quantity of other things. Yet we do not deal with the man who grew the fruits, the hogs or the cattle from which these products came. We get these things from the Chicago packers whom we represent and from factories. Take lard, for example. It is quite likely that some broker or buyer stands between farmer and packer, so that, passing from farmer to hog buyer, from hog buyer to packer, and from packer to us, we are the fourth to handle our goods.

"We do not sell to retailers, in any case. So wholesaler and retailer stand between us and the consumer. Five men, then, stand between the farmer who bred the hog and the housewife who buys a pail of silver leaf lard.

All Have Real Use.

"This makes our position clear. Now, I think the existence of every one of these men can be justified. First, the man who buys up live stock. Unless he is in business on an exceptionally large scale, no farmer can ship a solid carlot of hogs, and it is evident it would not pay him to ship less to the Chicago stockyards. The buyer who gives him a fair price for his hogs, pays cash down and hauls them away, then, performs a useful service for the farmer. The buyer serves the packer also, for without him the packer must employ buyers of his own to scour the country for hogs, make them up in carlots and attend to all the details of getting them to the Chicago market.

"Now, neither the farmer nor the hog buyer can make lard either well or economically. I think the existence of the packer is justified so plainly as to need no argument.

"But the packer can not profitably maintain a selling department large enough to deal direct with the consumer—imagine Swift & Co. filling mail orders for single pails of lard! Nor can the packer afford to deal with the hundreds of thousands of retailers all over the country—that would be almost as bad. For the same reasons the packer can not deal direct with the wholesale grocer—that would necessitate installing, for one thing, a credit bureau of national scope and maintaining a gigantic force of salesmen. Profits are too narrow for such methods.

Serve Both Parties.

"Here we are justified—in effect, we act as agents for Swift & Co., to mention only one concern. We serve the packer well in marketing his goods, and we serve the wholesaler in being able to fill his order for any reasonable quantity of Swift's products 'instanter.'

"The wholesaler, having intimate acquaintance with the retail trade, with his salesmen on the road, and because he assembles everything the retail grocer wants, gives it to him promptly on demand, and extends proper credit for it—performs a useful service. If we, on the one hand, had to maintain such an organization ot sell our special lines, we would have to take the wholesaler's profit to pay for the service. If the retailer, on the other hand, had to go to a dozen different places to get his stock, he would lose, in time, labor and expense, enough to eat up his profit.

"The wholesaler, then, is necessary. And, I take it, there can be no argument necessary to prove the need of the retailer.

"All this might be gone into much more deeply. But it is easy to prove that everyone who assists in the economical marketing of any product is a producer. In the old days the farmer raised his hogs, slaughtered them, made lard himself and sold it himself at the grocery, or perhaps even direct to families. He then was THE producer. But now that he has delegated seven-eighths of this work to others, are they not also producers? And the producer needs no apology for his existence."

How Straphanger's Nickel Is Divided

Conductor and Motorman Get $.008; Bondholders $.007; Plaintiffs, $.002.

Where does the nickel go that you give to the street car conductor? Ever find out?

According to statistics compiled by the Census Bureau of the United States, a large part of the passenger's fare goes to labor.

Of the whole fare, 32.1 per cent, or 1.605 cents, is disposed of in this way. Conductors get the largest share of this amount, with motormen, road and track men and car and motor repairers following in the order named. Fully 50 per cent of that part of the fare which goes to labor is received by conductors and motormen.

The supply men come next. They get 19.3 per cent of the nickel, or .965 of a cent. Things that are paid for under this head include fuel, wire, rails, ballast, stationery, printing and general publicity. Next come the company's creditors. They share the fare to the extent of 14.8 per cent, or .74 of a cent. Under this head come men or corporations from which money has been borrowed on bond or mortgage, on short-term notes or other collateral.

The landlord's claim to the nickel dropped in the box amounts to 11.2 per cent, or .56 of a cent. Unless this claim is paid the companies may be dispossessed of pieces of roads, terminals or of trackage rights and facilities.

The State, county and the city also share in the income of the various companies, and consequently the tax collector comes in for 4.6 per cent of the fare, or .23 of a cent. Prompt payment of this charge is necessary to prevent the infliction of penalties or extra fees and interests. Claims for injuries to body, soul or spirit, and to property (including horses, cows, dogs), take care of 4.2 per cent of the fare, or .21 of a cent.

After the average company treasurer has paid out for miscellaneous expenses another slice of the fare amounting to 1.5 per cent, or .075 of a cent, he makes provision for "rainy" days. For this 3.2 per cent of the nickel is put in the secret drawer to take care of emergencies. Only .16 of a cent of each fare is used in this way, however.

Executives of various kinds receive 2.9 per cent of the cost of a ride for their share, there necessarily being many of them in systems that boast of any size at all. Their share totals only .145 of a cent, but it helps to reduce returns to the stockholders.

Last, but not least, come the stockholders. To them, for the use of their money, goes only 6.2 per cent of the fare. In actual payment it represents .31 of a cent. If these stockholders could be paid what savings banks would pay them if the par value of the shares had been deposited in 4 per cent savings banks instead of being invested in electric railways, they would get 19.5 per cent of the nickel. But that can't be done, and the stockholders must be content with their 6.2 per cent.

"This," the bulletin adds, "may account for the disheartening state of affairs shown in the following figures: Miles of electric railways built in 1902-7, 12,154; miles built in 1907-12, 5,295; decrease, 6,859 miles, or 56.4 per cent."

New Furs Cheaper, Undyed Pelts Cause

Fashion Favors Pieces Made From Skins Left Just as Taken From the Animals.

At no previous time have buyers been able to procure such attractive fur sets at reasonable prices. This is due to the number of styles that manufacturers have brought out for all classes of trade, and to the extensive use of undyed pelts, by which many new effects were added to the lines.

Silver kit fox is prominent this season, as well as the imitation, coney kit fox, which costs about half the price of the genuine. Natural kit fox is quite new, and is one of the most popular of the inexpensive furs shown for fall.

Variety is the keynote in the styles of both scarfs and muffs. The newest muffs have the outline of an elongated pillow. Some are twenty inches long, and the width of an ordinary muff. While the majority have square edges, some are rounded in front to give a heart-shaped outline. Ruffs, ties, collarettes and small crossover pieces are the smaller neckpieces substituted for the heavier ones.

New Firm Displays Holiday Goods Line

Fielding-Behrend Co. Opens Branch House in Atlanta, With Two Salesmen in Charge.

Newcomers to Atlanta are Harry J. Sternberg and George S. Anderson, who will represent in Southern territory the Fielding-Behrend Stationery Company of New York.

A branchhouse has been opened in Atlanta, at No. 8 Peachtree street. Mr. Sternberg later will travel South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Georgia, while Mr. Anderson will have for his territory Virginia, North Carolina, Kentucky and Tennessee.

The firm deals in holiday lines, including calendars, brass and metal novelties, box papers, leather goods, desk sets, albums, artificial flowers, mirrors, purses, cut glass, china, toilet goods and silver plate goods.

The lines represent the product of nine manufacturers. Both the salesmen in Atlanta are well known in Southern territory.

BUTTERFLIES TRIM HATS.

Butterflies are the newest trimmings for fall millinery. These are made in very natural effects of velvet edges, with metallic dust to give the brilliant color effects, and also of feathers cleverly pasted to show the soft spots on the wings. Two, three, or four butterflies in one cluster fit straight up on the hat, and every movement sets them fluttering in lifelike fashion.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Cravats of crepe de chine are much in vogue for wear with shirt blouses, and the new jabots are shown made in black and white, and color combinations.

The demand for slippers for home wear is greater than ever before. A firm in Lynn has started its run on slippers for the holiday trade a month earlier than usual.

The Pierrot ruff, a small neckpiece, is very popular for fall. This comes in marabou, with shirred crepe de chine and satin ribbon bows, in all colors. Marabou and ostrich sets are in good demand in natural colors and fancy combination shadings.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR SALESMEN TO BE GREATER

More From the Selling Force Will Become Partners in Future Than in Past

Whether salesmen any longer have the opportunity of making big money as salesmen is frequently discussed. There are many who say that personality is a larger factor than ever, and that this, together with the science of salesmanship, will always maintain the value of selling power.

A prominent manufacturer said the other day that a salesman had to be better posted along scientific lines today than ever before. He must study his customers' competition and be expert in retail merchandising, as well as a keen reader of character.

He must have the knack and judgment of knowing what his trade wants, and must aid his customers in making selections. He must be a close student of his own lines, and be able to point out superiorities and inferiorities. He must also have personal magnetism and the power of making friends.

Must Control Temper.

Besides these, absolute control over his temper and actions is necessary. Disagreeable scenes often come up, and the salesman of to-day must either be clever enough to smooth them over or else school himself in making as graceful an exit as possible. A clever salesman will never quarrel with a customer or a prospective one.

It makes a bad name for his house, and besides it does not pay, because he knows that the day may come when he will sell that man a bill of goods.

"With such qualifications," remarked the manufacturer, "the modern expert salesman will command more money than ever, because personality and unusual efficiency are necessary in all lines of business. More salesmen in the future will probably become partners, because the type of man successful in the selling field embodies qualifications and executive characteristics that have not been thought necessary in the past.

Neglect New Firms.

"Old-time salesmen rarely open a new account, but go on, season after season, evidently without knowing that new merchants are constantly starting in business. There are plenty of such men puttering along just where they were fifteen years ago, simply taking orders from the customers they have without trying for new ones.

"In the same houses men have been made partners who entered long after the order takers started. Order takers would never be anything else anywhere. They never get ahead. It is the salesman with plenty of energy and a desire to get ahead that can rise to a partnership. To men of this caliber selling goods offers greater opportunities than ever in all lines of business."

$100,000,000 Goods Wait on New Tariff

No Such Wealth Ever Held in New York Before—Sugar Worth $12,000,000.

NEW YORK, July 26.—More than $100,000,000 worth of merchandise is stored in the bonded warehouses of Greater New York. Never on the face of the globe has there ever before been such an aggregation of everything that the soil yields and human industry produces.

The fifty-six great bonded warehouses are gorged almost to bursting with silks, teas, coffee, spices, oils, rugs, carpets, toys, textile fabrics, jute, hemp, wool, chemicals—with everything in which the merchants of the world trade.

More than 200,000 tons of sugar, worth over $12,000,000, are in bond. The New York Stock Company alone has 80,000 bags of coffee; its warehouses, with a capacity of 81,000,000 cubic feet, are filled.

JUTE ADVANCES ON REPORTS OF CROP DAMAGES

Yield of 10,000,000 Bales Expected, Which Is Short of Demand, Says Authority.

Jute costs much more now than it did two weeks ago, according to the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, among the largest users of burlap in the United States.

Ben Elsas, of this company, says that a jute crop of about 10,000,000 bales, certainly no more, is expected from India this year.

"Trade authorities assert that this is something less than enough to go around," says Mr. Elsas.

The South uses large quantities of burlaps, particularly in sacking cotton seed meal and oil cake.

Estimates of the Indian crop vary.

Some Bearish Figures.

One prominent Calcutta house, which is interested in twelve burlap mills, estimates a record breaking yield, placing the crop at 10,300,000 bales, while other authorities believe that the yield will be much smaller than expected, and not over 9,500,000 bales. The British Government's preliminary estimate indicated an increase of about 6 per cent over last year, but from private sources the information has come to hand that the crop has been badly injured, and the output will be of poor quality, with the total production not above last year, which amounted to 10,000,000 bales.

Cables asking whether the estimate of 10,200,000 bales was likely to prove correct brought replies to the effect that the concern giving this estimate was "bearish" on the market, as the new crop gives every indication of being below the 10,000,000-bale mark. On the other hand the last authorities are reported in other quarters as decidedly bullish on crop conditions.

New crop jute has advanced to £28 10s a ton, and is reported as very firm at the higher price level.

Calcutta Burlaps Up.

Calcutta burlap prices are reported to have advanced several points, with the market strong, although there is not much forward business being put through.

Buyers have been watching the crop estimates, and until they have a better idea of the situation, are not likely to start in covering ahead. Importers are also holding back on forward contracts, pending further developments. Prices are stronger than they were.

Cables from Dundee report slight advances in that market, with manufacturers firmer in their price ideas, especially when it comes to a question of forward contracts.

Southern Railway Company has sold to bankers $1,750,000 5 per cent equipment trust notes to provide for additional cars.

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company directors will consider the common dividend at the annual meeting.

'Bungalow Beds' an Atlanta Innovation

Iron Bed Factory Has Products Human Race Wants From the Cradle to the Grave.

From the cradle to the grave, and one-third of the time between, the Atlanta Metal Bed Company claims to take care of members of the human race, which perhaps is as ambitious a project as any Atlanta factory undertakes.

Cribs and doll beds make provision for the youngsters. Then there are "bungalow beds" for girls and boys, beds of many descriptions for adults, and, to complete the list, casket stands for use during the rites over the dead.

"Bungalow beds" are worth a paragraph in themselves, for they are unique. No other manufacturers as yet have introduced them. The "bungalow bed" is single width, and about half the height of the regular size—in other words, its head is about thirty inches high. These have proven particularly popular at schools and colleges, and their introduction in such institutions has built up a demand from students who want the same kind of furniture for their homes.

Make Hit at Show.

These made a hit at the High Point, N. C., furniture show, where the Atlanta products were exhibited. So did the doll beds. Of course, there are doll beds of all kinds, but these are bronz, white enamel, or oxidized, and come complete with springs, mattresses and two pillows—perfect miniatures of "sure-enough" expensive beds.

There are few metal bed factories in the South. The reason, according to L. C. Moeckel, manager of the Atlanta plant, is the scarcity of skilled metal workers and finishers. The Atlanta factory has trained green men, under the direction of foremen and superintendents from Northern factories.

Manufacture begins with the assembling of the material—angle iron from the Pittsburg steel district, round iron from the Atlanta Steel Works, and tubing from the National Tubing Company. The materials are fastened on frames, held in just the position the pattern of the bed demands. Molds cover each joint, and into these molds is poured molten iron. The beds thus are held together by chilled iron castings. When the rough bits incident to casting have been chipped off, the beds are ready for finishing.

But there is another kind of metal bed, the "chill-less" bed. In this process the tubing is bored with holes one-thirty-second of an inch smaller than the rods. The rods are tapered at the ends and driven into the holes. This does away with the little knob-like castings and makes a higher-priced and more sightly piece of furniture.

The work of applying the enamel is elaborate. First, a "priming coat" of white is applied and baked several hours at a temperature of 150 degrees. Then follow three coats of enamel, with a similar baking for each.

Bronze Blown On.

The most ingenious machine in the factory is the Vernis-Martin machine, which bronzes beds, or, in fact, would bronze anything put into it, from a derby hat to a piano. The bed frames are coated with "size"—a sticky substance. Then they are put in a chamber, into which the blast from a powerful blower fan is directed. The bronze powder is fed in by teaspoonfuls, and the strong blast drives the powder against the sticky substance, covering the surfaces more thoroughly, more evenly, more quickly and more economically than the work ever could be accomplished by hand. Two men, with this machine, bronze 35 beds in two hours, where formerly, by hand, it took two men ten hours to do the same amount of work. Later the bronze beds are lacquered, so that the bronze is, in effect, held between two sheets of glass and can not tarnish.

Another ingenious machine is the one which bends two-inch steel tubing into the shape of a "U," the operation taking only a few seconds. This is a patent of the Atlanta factory, and many of these machines have been sold to other manufacturers.

Steel cables grasp the ends of the tubing and bend it at two places around a grooved wheel as easily as a man could fashion a hairpin from a piece of fine wire. All previous machines have bent one curve at a time, necessitating a double operation for each piece of tubing, and in most instances the insertion of a plug or sand filler to prevent crushing the tube.

Tight Skirts Cause Decreased Profits For Silk Weavers

All Other Textile Manufacturers in Germany Report Better Business Than in 1912.

The decreased demand for silks consequent upon the vogue of tight-fitting skirts has been responsible for a reduction in the divdends paid by foreign silk weaving concerns. In a generally good year for textiles, the silk mills had earnings below those of the previous year.

Balance sheets so far issued for German textile companies reflect a marked improvement. The average rate of dividends paid this year by 123 representative textile undertakings, having an aggregate capital of $50,000,000, works out at 8.4 per cent, against 6.9 per cent paid in 1912.

The increase is the more satisfactory in view of the fact that in many cases large amounts have been put aside to strengthen the reserves, which last year were largely drawn upon to provide dividends or make up for losses.

The worsted spinning companies show a slight falling off, the average dividend of twenty stock companies being 7.8 per cent, as against 8.1 per cent last year. In other branches of the woolen industry fifteen representative concerns paid an average dividend of 11 per cent, against 10.7 per cent in 1912.

The average dividend of the silk mills, which was 8.6 per cent in 1912, fell off as a result of the changed styles to 5.8 per cent.

DOMESTIC OLIVE CROP.

It is estimated by the California Olive Producers' Association that that State will produce this year 1,125,000 gallons of pickled olives and 1,000,000 gallons of oil, which will be a record output.

Write for our latest Catalogue. The leading merchants are adding the 5c and 10c departments. Why not one for your town?

McCLURE 10c CO., 47-49 S. Broad St.

Give Your "DIMES" a Chance

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Manufacturers of

Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.

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MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY

Special Designs in Platinum

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SCHOOL SUPPLIES OF THE MANUFACTURER

and get better goods at the same price or the same goods for less.

We manufacture Tablets and School Stationery in our own factory---the only one of its kind in the South.

Get our new 500-page catalog and buy by mail. We ship mail orders in 24 hours from their receipt.

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Manufacturers--Importers

10-12-14-16-18-20 Nelson St. ATLANTA

TO OUT-OF-TOWN MERCHANTS:

How would you like to hear the brainiest folks in the merchandising business talk about the Big Questions that concern every storekeeper in the country?

How would you like to rub elbows for a few days with Four Thousand other merchants who are all keen for more and better merchandising?

How would you like to see the way some other successful merchant runs things that pester you, how he handles the knotty points, how he succeeds where others fall down?

How would you like to spend a few happy days resting up and getting the needed change of scene while using part of the time gathering up inspiration that will freshen and brighten your business for a whole year?

If these things sound good to you, here's what do: Make your plans NOW to come to the

SOUTHERN MERCHANTS' CONVENTION

ATLANTA, AUGUST 4 TO 15

No investment you can make will bring you bigger returns physically, mentally, or where you carry your coin, than this trip. Don't give it the go-by. You'll be sorry if you do.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

BIG JULY BULL FAILS TO PUSH HIS ADVANTAGE

Henry Warten "Sews Up" Market, but Permits Opponents to Settle by Compromise.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—The collapse of the July deal in this market, attended by violent fluctuations, has been the sensational feature of the trading this week. The break started Tuesday, when a decline of 45 points from Monday's closing level was recorded as the result of comparatively few sales of July contracts, and was continued Wednesday, when another drop of 30 points took place.

Up to the time that the break in the July option started it was thought that Henry Warten, the cotton man from Athens, Ala., who had been engineering the deal in July, had the month "sewed up." He had received 2,900 bales of cotton on contract, and it was thought that he would demand about 10,000 bales more from the ring, which had sold that month short.

The shorts were being hard pushed to find cotton to deliver on contract, and for that reason the collapse of the July deal was all the more unexpected. It was reported on the floor of the exchange to-day that Mr. Warten had deemed it best to close out his contracts, without demanding delivery of the rest of the cotton due him.

Makes a Profit.

In other words, a private settlement was made, it is thought, on a large portion of his holdings, while the rest were liquidated recently when the market had a strong undertone. It is not believed that Mr. Warten has lost any money on the July deal; on the contrary, it is asserted that he came out with a profit. The worst that is said about him in connection with the deal is that he got "cold feet." That a cotton man should forego such an advantage as he had is more than experienced operators like Frank B. Hayne can understand. On the floor of the exchange it was said that if Mr. Hayne or W. P. Brown had had the ring short and unable to deliver all the cotton required, as was the case in this deal, prices on July would have gone sky-high, so to speak, and somebody would have had to settle at much higher prices.

The only persons who got hurt by the collapse of July were some trailers on the long side. They had held on, expecting to unload when the Warten interest had shoved the market up to satisfactory levels. When it was discovered that the Warten interest had been liquidated, the trailers attempted to sell out on a market which had no support whatever. The result was that brokers had to offer July down to a level well below the value of spot cotton before buyers could be found.

Spots Out of Line.

One reason, it is said, for the failure of Mr. Warten to carry his deal through to the logical conclusion was the fact that the differences on grades in this market were not in line with the differences prevailing in the interior. Here low middling is quoted 7-16c under middling, while at Houston and other interior markets the discount from middling on low middling has been a cent to one and one-eighth cent. Hence, the receiver of cotton in this market has been loaded up with low grade cotton which he could not sell in competition to the mills except at a clear loss of at least 9-16 of a cent. This, it is said, is what caused the leading July interests to close out their contracts and leave the trailers with the bag to hold.

The new crop months have naturally sympathized, to some extent, with the weakness in the near positions, August having declined proportionately with July. Predictions of rains in the western half of the belt also have given the market an easier tendency.

Twice as Many Cattle Could Be Raised In South By Use of the Modern Silo

Permits Greatest Amount of Food Per Acre, Conserves the Waste, Furnishes Appetizing, Succulent Food—Necessary for the Dairy, Essential in Beef Production—The South Backward in Its Use.

CHAS. A. WHITTLE

With a silo it is possible to grow two cows where one was grown before.

More succulent food can be grown on an acre for the silo than can be grown in any other form. When converted into ensilage more of the food content of a plant is conserved than when kept in any other shape. Cattle fed from the silo with suitable quantities of other food, are kept healthier and thrive better than when fed in any other manner.

The silo is both a source of economy and efficiency. Ten times as much space is required for storing corn field-cured than when put in the silo. Three times as much space is required to store hay in the barn than in the silo. So it is that the silo makes it possible to have smaller barns, carry less insurance, save cost of repairs.

In feeding, the silo preserves from waste a larger quantity of food materials than is possible in any other way. True, there is some waste from fermentation in the silo, but the curing process of corn in the field or other field-cured crops, exceeds by far the waste from the silo.

Economy of Silo.

The chief economy in using the silo is that it is the means of converting portions of the plant into appetizing food which otherwise the cattle would discard in the trough.

The equivalent of four tons of hay in feeding value can be easily obtained from an acre of silage. Four tons of hay per acre, of course, are not to be had, except from a good patch of alfalfa. Crops for ensilage can be grown on most any kind of land and with little trouble. It is not so easy to get hay crops.

No part of the country affords the opportunity that the South presents for growing, at lowest cost, abundant silage matter. Corn and sorghum with cowpeas can be gathered in great abundance from a field of ordinary fertility. Nothing like the equal amount of feeding matter can be grown in any other way. Considering that the silage crop can be grown as a second crop of the long growing season in the South, it is apparent, of course, that the kinds of crops that can be grown are not alone the South's advantage.

Necessity of the Dairy.

To keep a dairy up to maximum milk production all the year, of course, requires care in feeding. Experience has put beyond all question that no food source better serves the dairyman than the silage which he can get in great amounts from a small tract of land.

Aside from the unquestioned economy, the silage has special value in maintaining a healthy condition of the animal. It operates as a mild laxative and when properly balanced with cotton seed meal and some dry hay, the cow is in prime condition for the maximum production of milk.

If a dairy is maintained on small acreage near a city where land is expensive, pasturage is out of the question, and the silo alone is the solution of an economic feed. For most parts of the South, however, pasturage is abundant and easily maintained, so that it is the cheapest possible source of food for cattle. Considering that there is a nine-month pasturage season on lands covered with Bermuda grass, where one might consider that from $1 to $1.50 per month would be a fair charge as pasturage cost, it is apparent at once that cattle growing in the South need not be an expensive proposition. The cheapness of pasturage, together with the long growing season, makes it unnecessary to go to the lengths in providing silage to which more Northern farmers have to go during the longer period of stall feeding.

But a long grazing season on inexpensive pasturage does not abate the necessity of a silo. The mere fact that cattle graze so much in the South makes the silo the more necessary, for no food better follows or precedes pasturage than succulent silage. They supplement each other splendidly.

For Beef Production.

Because of the healthy condition which silage produces in the animal, and because of the enlarged capacity for food which feeding silage creates, beef growers have long recognized the value of leading up to the finishing season by using silage.

Recent years have developed that silage is not only good as a succulent food between pasturage seasons, but is a food that can be carried along till the feeding is finished. Formerly it was said that cattle fattened by use of silage did not kill out well, that the meat did not have good color and the bone was too hard, that in shipping the shrinkage was greater than in the case of strictly corn-fed animals. Careful experiments have largely disproved these claims. At the Virginia station 124 beef animals were fed with reference to testing silage in beef production, for a period of 149 days and were then sold on the market. These cattle were fed from eight to nine pounds of concentrates per day from twenty-five to thirty-nine pounds of silage per day and about two pounds of dry stover or hay. When shipped to market the shrinkage was not as large as usually prevailed on shipment of corn-fed cattle from the same territory. The lot of cattle dressed out 56.9 per cent; a very creditable record, considering that they were grades, fed only 149 days. Instead of the meat being inferior, it turned out superior in quality. The fat and lean were well blended and the color was excellent.

It will be noted that some dry matter was fed. This is generally advised as a check on the laxativeness of the silage. Professor Charles Plumb, one of the greatest feeding experts of this country, connected with the Ohio State University, while strongly advocating silage, believes that to feed silage twice a day and hay once would prove a good policy. Others, however, claim that no more dry matter need be fed than by experiments prove is necessary to prevent too great a laxativeness of the animal.

Best Feeding Record Includes Silage.

The most rapid and economic gains made in a car load of cattle averaging 800 pounds each and fed from March 17 to July 15, by the Indiana Station, were those made from feeding 33.81 pounds of silage, 14.6 pounds of corn, 2.34 pounds of cotton seed meal, 2.38 pounds of clover hay. This experiment, as will be observed, was conducted during the summer months. The cattle relish silage in the summer as well as in the winter. For those sections of the country where droughts occur, the summer silo is considered a most important adjunct to cattle raising.

The Illinois station used silage for finishing choice Hereford steers along with a ration of broken ear corn and alfalfa. The cheapest gains were made where the silage exceeded the alfalfa, but the most rapid gains were made where the proportion of alfalfa to silage was greater.

Corn silage, when supplemented with oats and hay and used for calves intended for beef production, will produce 35 pounds more gain per steer during the season at the same cost of ration than when shock corn similarly supplemented is fed, according to experiment conducted by the Illinois station.

Another experiment where cattle were fed a ration of silage, shelled corn and cotton seed meal, as against another group that was fed all the corn and clover it would eat. The cost of gain per 100 pounds in the first was $9.79 and in the second $12.99. This experiment was conducted by the Indiana station.

Many instances might be multiplied giving the advantages of silage feeding in the cost of beef production, but enough has been given to indicate the general results.

Conserves Soil Fertility.

The more live stock grown per acre the greater the amount of manure available for enriching it. Since the silo makes it possible to raise two cows where one has been grown by other methods, so the silo makes it possible to get twice as much soil fertility for the same outlay—a matter well worth considering in these days when acquiring soil fertility is becoming more and more expensive.

Moreover, the silo is a means for returning to the soil the largest possible amount of the plant food contents which the crops have taken out. Each plant grown on the farm robs the soil of a certain amount of fertility. If it is corn that is grown and the grain is sold off of the farm, rather than fed on it, that much of soil fertility that has gone into the grain leaves and if its equal is to be obtained the farmer must go forth and buy it. If a part of the stalk of the corn is permitted to waste in the field, or is permitted to cure in a form that the cattle do not eat, so much of food content of the soil is thrown away. But when it is cut up and put in the silo, all of the plant is made palatable and available for food. Thus, the least possible amount of soil fertility taken up by plants is permitted to go to waste. After being fed, of course, it goes back to the soil to that extent which the animal has not converted into bone, blood, sinew and fat. It is estimated that about 75 per cent of the elements of the plant get back to the soil when fed through the silo and returned to the soil in the form of manure.

South Backward in Use of Silo.

All sections of the United States have better appreciated and made use of the silo than the South. True, some sections of the South devoted to dairying and beef raising have been using silos with great profit for a number of years. One can ride half across some of the Southern States and never see a silo. It is the greatest need of the Southern dairyman. It is doubtful if beef production can be generally carried on with success in the South without the use of the silo.

A silo can be constructed cheaply; in fact, more cheaply in the South than elsewhere. A farmer can build one himself at little cost. Usually it pays to have one built according to some of the best designs and at greater expense than the cheapest and more temporary kind, because of the lasting qualities, as well as its better arrangement. A silo can be built at a cost anywhere from $50 to $250. In the South they should be built with less diameter than in the North, because of climatic conditions.

Any college of agriculture or experiment station will furnish plans and specifications for a silo. Some of the railroads will also do the same. It would seem that there is no excuse for the Southern farmer not having a silo.

SPOTS REMAIN OVER CONTRACT PRICE LEVELS

Spinners Evidently Do Not Think Market Out of Line, Even With Good Crop Coming.

MEMPHIS, July 26.—Whether the cotton crop yield is under 15,000,000 or over 16,000,000 depends, according to many well-informed members of the trade throughout the belt, on the sort of weather during the next few weeks. At present it appears reasonable to think chances good for the former figure to be a minimum, and it is a conservative opinion that the market has been ruled by that sort of an idea.

It is true that many people in the trade have thought the market unnaturally sustained with so large a crop indicated, yet manipulative tactics have not been conspicuous and influences have been of legitimate character. In other words, the spot market has kept well above contract prices, indicating that spinners were not averse to paying current prices for what they were compelled to buy.

Conditions during the past week have been favorable as a rule, according to advices reaching here, and in this part of the belt there are almost no complaints. In the weevil sections the high temperatures tended to minimize the danger, for the larvae in large numbers were virtually cooked, thus offsetting in a measure the injury done by lack of sufficient moisture. The lack of rain, however, was not widespread, being confined almost entirely to the Western belt, including Texas and Oklahoma. There has been partial relief out there, but they will face increased weevil damage if rains come soon. The crucial period for this pest is ahead, and will reach its climax between the first and tenth of August. The fact that there is so large a crop for the pest to take toll of tends to minimize concern and acts as an offset, for continuation of energetic efforts to reduce the number of the weevil is doing much to lessen the promised damage.

Where the moisture supply was ample the crop has been doing well and showing some of the benefits of its excellent state of cultivation. Fruiting has been done under favorable conditions, and the smallness of the plant has to a large extent been overcome, though the crop as a rule is regarded as a little behind average.

A continuation of average weather conditions will give basis for expecting a yield that will be very large, though there are few who think chances favor breaking the high record of two years ago.

That would probably require an abnormally favorable August, and at the present time there are factors in the situation that do not promise any too well for holding the high condition.

The coming bureau condition report will shed some light on the question, and it is expected to be above that of a month ago. Some think it will be around 83 or 84, while others think the improvement for the belt will be barely a point on account of the dry spell over a part of the belt.

Price of Cotton Oil Is Not Manipulated

Shortage Is Blamed for Present Bulge, Together With Advance in Lard.

The recent advances in the price of cotton seed oil have led to suggestions that the price of the oil is being manipulated by large buyers. It is reported that Attorney General McReynolds has been asked to investigate the American Cotton Oil Company and the Southern Cotton Oil Company, it being alleged that these companies are "trusts" in violation of the Sherman act, and that they have forced the price of the oil to between 20 and 30 cents a gallon above its actual commercial value.

Inquiries made among large independent dealers in cotton oil, however, seem to show that the increase in the cost of oil has been due to the fact that consumption is considerably in excess of output and that consumers, both large and small, are in the same position in that they have been unable to provide themselves with an adequate supply.

One of the largest dealers in cotton oil said:

"There is no doubt that the present scarcity of oil is the principal cause for the high price. Neither the American nor the Southern Cotton Oil Companies is in a position to control the supply of oil to-day, and it is absurd to claim that they are responsible.

"We ourselves have been unable to get supplies of oil, and what we now have on hand is only about one month's supply, while we really need fully three months. The American company is in the same position. This is proved by the fact that recently it purchased a lot of oil in another city and brought it immediately to the refinery, when, if it had been well supplied and was buying to hold, it would have been far more profitable to store it where it was bought.

"Another cause of the price advance has been the increase in the cost of lard. The consumption of cotton oil for various uses has grown materially of late years, and its principal use is as a substitute for lard, though a considerable amount is also used in making oleomargarine and as a substitute for olive oil. With lard selling at nearly 12 cents a pound, cotton oil at 9 cents is an attractive buy, and this has naturally enlarged the demand.

"A peculiar phase of the situation is the fact that July oil is now selling at a higher price than August. As new supplies cease about May and no more oil can be obtained from the new cotton crop until October, it is natural that the further deliveries should fetch a bigger price, as there are storage and other expenses to be taken into consideration. The present situation is evidence of the fact that buyers are short and are willing to pay high prices to obtain oil quickly."

PROFITS SHOWN IN LOCOMOTIVE MANUFACTURE

Fiscal Year Closes With New Record for Gross Earnings and Satisfactory Net.

It is understood that the fiscal year of the American Locomotive Company ended June 30 will rank among the two or three best years in the company's entire career. So far as gross was concerned it was of record proportions and although net has been exceeded, particularly in percentage for the common stock, the general results were most satisfactory.

The balance for the $35,000,000 common after taking out $1,750,000 for preferred dividends and the usual liberal allowance for depreciation was equal to not far from $3,000,000 or practically 12 per cent for the issue, a record which compares with less than 1-2 per cent for the common in the 1912 year and 7 per cent in 1911.

Final inventory taking is likely to increase rather than reduce this balance for the common stock which compares with a 10-year average of 5.3 per cent.

One of the features of American Locomotive's recently concluded year is the sharp contrast which it affords with the car building companies as represented by American Car and Foundry. That company ended its fiscal period April 30, only two months before American Locomotive, so that comparison is fairly equitable. American Car and Foundry had a mediocre year with a balance for its common of but 4.1 per cent, or less than double the 2.4 per cent earned in 1912.

The very favorable record of American Locomotive must be ascribed mainly to two factors, freedom from labor difficulties and ability to get a large measure of continuous operation out of the plants.

This year just ended the company has had no labor difficulties and it has had the benefit of sufficient orders to keep plants in operation at an average of better than 80 per cent of capacity.

Locomotive orders, as a whole, have done relatively better than car orders during the past 18 months.

Iron Men Holding Up Price for Product

Believe It Better to Steady Market Than to Make Sales at Concessions.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., July 26.—Southern manufacturers of pig iron are still maintaining the $11 per ton price for pig iron on a basis of No. 2 foundry. While sales are not very frequent, the belief is that it will be better in the long run to uphold the price rather than to sell in quantity at a loss or near the cost mark.

There are indications of a better condition of the market in the next few weeks. The make is being further curtailed, effort being made to equalize the demand and production. Shipments are lively on old business, consumers asking for immediate delivery. This means there is need for the iron.

The steel operations in the Birmingham district are steady. With the exception of steel billets, the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company's big plant at Ensley has plenty of orders on hand to last two months yet, at least, with inquiries in hand that will call for operation extending through the balance of the year. It is expected that before December the Tennessee company will be furnishing billets to the American Steel and Wire Company at its new plant near Fairfield, in the Birmingham district.

Cast iron pipe plants are melting a large quantity of iron and there is a better feeling for the product. It is expected that all accumulated cast iron pipe will be moved out during the third quarter of the year.

Charcoal iron continues slow, but manufacturers are not making any concessions on the price, $23 per ton being asked still for the product. Special analysis iron as well as special brand iron is commanding a premium of not less than $1 per ton.

Coke is in strong demand and good prices obtain. There will be need for steady operation of coke ovens through the rest of the year. Mexico is still receiving much coke from the Birmingham district.

FINANCIAL NOTES

Total receipts of Suez Canal for 1912 were $27,005,068, an increase of $363,692. Net profits were $17,794,423.

Royal Dutch group of oil companies has entered fight for control of German oil trade against Standard Oil Company and a corporation controlled by Deutsche Bank.

Reports to the Department of Agriculture show that in the fiscal year ended June 30 last there were 57,628,491 animals slaughtered under Federal inspection in the 790 slaughtering establishments in 225 cities and towns of the United States. This is an increase of nearly 5,000,000 over the number of animals slaughtered in the previous fiscal year.

'Farmers' Banks' in France Are Studied By American Party

Agricultural Commission Takes Much Interest in System of Cheap Credits Used Abroad.

PARIS, July 26.—During the last thirty years, the great credit banks, with their hundreds of branches scattered through every region of France, have driven out of existence numbers of the old-fashioned private banks, which, from father to son, had long been fountains of credit to farmers of their district. Bankers and farmers were known to each other from childhood; credit was based on their friendships. With the new banks, such credit has had to be given in another fashion and with more technical precautions.

This is one of the reasons of the late outcry that farmers have not been finding credit. It has been made the pretext of an attack in Parliament on the impersonal credit banks, and has induced the Government to begin the Credit Agricole, obliging the Bank of France to hold constantly for its use a reserve fund of 20,000,000 francs.

Members of the American Agricultural Commission seem to attach more importance to this phase of the question of farmers' credit and cooperation than to intensive cultivation, and for this reason the Government has arranged a series of explanations of the way such matters have been settled in France by various authorities of the Government institutions.

Short-term agricultural credit and long-term credit, both collective and individual, with constant reference to farmers' mutual help and co-operative societies, is a subject of study.

Agricultural insurance is also gone into thoroughly, as well as Government's administrative organization of credit, co-operation, and mutual help, the relations between the Bank of France and the Credit Agricole banks, the central Credit Immobilier for cheap homes, and the results to date fo State agricultural credit in France.

Purchases of Cars Rise to New Figures

Railroads, by Heavy Orders In Last Year, Seek to Prevent Another Shortage.

During the first six months of the year 1913 a total of 85,000 cars was purchased by the railroads of the United States, according to authoritative records compiled by leading car manufacturing concerns. This total exceeds the record of car purchases for the first half of 1912, which reached hardly over 50,000. The heaviest buying of cars, however, in 1912 did not come until the last half of the year, and particularly in December, when the builders for a time were swamped with orders, so that for the last twelve months the new cars ordere by the roads reaches a total that shows they are making every effort to prevent a recurrence of the car shortage of last year.

In the final six months' period of last year from 150,000 to 175,000 cars were ordered, which brought the total of the year up to approximately 235,000 cars.

According to estimates made by the Iron Trade Review, the cars ordered during the first half of this year provide a requirement of at least 1,000,000 tons of rolled steel products.

Railroads Buying Many Locomotives

Prices Not Cut Deeply as for Cars, and Earnings of Manufacturers Show Gain.

In comparison with the first quarter of 1912, locomotive buying by the railroads showed a notable expansion in the opening quarter of this year.

Records kept of purchases of all the country's roads display a total of 1,261 bought in this period of 1913 against 805 in the same time in the preceding year.

As price-cutting in this department of equipment making has not been as intense as among the car building interests, the increase of orders naturally is being reflected in the earnings of locomotive companies.

The fiscal year of the American Locomotive Company, which ended June 30, is expected to be established in the annual report as one of the best in the company's history in respect to gross sales, while net income ran far in excess of the previous year.

News From Mexico Nearly Unobtainable

Business Men Have Much Trouble in Learning Real State of Affairs in Republic.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Business men with property interests in Mexico can understand the President's decision to recall Ambassador Wilson from Mexico City in order to get his account of conditions in that disturbed republic.

"Judging by the difficulty of obtaining authentic information from correspondents in various parts of Mexico, it might be imagined that the Huerta Government was located on a South Sea island, with no cables to the mainland.

GERMAN FORESTS PROFITABLE.

On the best German forests the annual expense is $13 an acre, but the gross returns are as much as $24; thus they yield a net return of $11 an acre each year.

Col. Thompson Lauds Cotton Tax Editorial

"Finest I Ever Read on That Topic," Says American Interviewed in London.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Colonel Robert M. Thompson, of New York, in an interview with a representaitve of The New York American, said:

"I would like to offer your paper this expression of my opinion: You had an editorial on the cotton problem which seemed to me the finest editorial I have ever read on that topic. The way it grips the situation is just wonderful."

The Sunday American, July 6, had the following in its weekly business and financial article:

"The vicious proposal to tax dealings in cotton 'futures' has naturally aroused a storm of protest, for it would embarrass cotton growers, cotton manufacturers, spinners and everyone associated with the business, to say nothing of driving dealings in the staple from New York and New Orleans to Liverpool, where the advantages of a free, unfettered market are properly appreciated.

"The manufacturer who undertakes to make and supply so many gross of shirts or dresses or sheets at at stipulated price, in order to escape risk, at once arranges to have the raw material delivered to him at a specified price. On the cotton exchanges he can buy this material for future delivery, as there is an active market all the time for 'futures.' But if every bale thus traded in be taxed $2 or $3, this markete will be ruined.

"The manufacturer will have to pay more for his protection aaginst uncertain fluctuations and the grower will not find a ready market for his crop the moment he has it gathered and baled.

"The cotton tax is barbaric, and should be killed before it reaches the statute book. It would benefit nobody, but would injure everybody."

DOGWOOD SCARCE.

Dogwood, the principal source of shuttles for use in cotton mills is growing scarcer year by year, and various substitutes are being tried, but with no great success.

OCCASIONAL OBSERVATIONS

Anyway, in Premier Bryan the United States can boast—if it feels that way about it—of having the most conspicuous "DOLLAR Diplomat" that ever held office. The emphasis is on the "Dollar." The "Diplomat" part is sounded softly.

• • •

Young J. P. Morgan rose like a son of his dad at the New Haven meeting which ousted Mellen. He asserted himself in the good, old-fashioned way of the late J. P. 'Tis said that it was the new Morgan who insisted upon Mellen's going, that it was Morgan who arrogated to himself the duty of selecting a successor, and that the other directors were forced to submit to the new leadership. Half the directors did not know when they met that Mellen was slated for dismissal. Morgan's aggressive action took their breath away. He showed unmistakable signs of pain and anger over the nation-wide criticism that has been leveled at the New Haven management.

• • •

Playing with secrecy is playing with dynamite these days. The Vulcan Detinning directors learned that. The president had an uncomfortable half hour before the Stock Exchange governors for the three days' delay in announcing the dividend omission. Publicity pays.

• • •

J. P. Morgan & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have been supplying Huerta with sinews of war. In case of intervention by the United States, what then?

• • •

There is much mental speculation going on in brokers' offices as to the probable price at which Union Pacific stockholders will be asked to subscribe to their allotted holdings of Southern Pacific. Efforts to obtain a glimmer of information from the bankers have signally failed. A well-known broker calls it a case where the bankers hold all the cards and the Union Pacific stockholders are compelled by the Supreme Court of the United States to play the game.

Chief Justice White Opposed Cotton Tax

Assailed Similar Assessment as Pernicious While Serving as Senator From Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Chief Justice White, of the Supreme Court of the United States, himself a Louisianian and cotton planter, is on record as against a tax on cotton futures on constitutionnal grounds.

Such a provision is contained in the pending tariff bill. Undoubtedly if this provision is in when the bill becomes law, the constitutionality of that tax will be brought before the Supreme Court for final determination.

It was in 1892, when Chief Justice White was a Senator from Louisiana, that a bill was pending similar in purpose to the amendment to the tariff bill proposing to tax dealings in cotton futures. In the debate, a number of Southern Senators took a prominent part. Speaking of the bill, the then Senator and present Chief Justice said:

"In my judgment there has been before the American Congress for many years no more pernicious, no more vicious, no more flagrantly unconstitutional legislation, no legislation more tending to undermine and destroy the very foundation of our Government, and none more calculated to do untold and untellable harm to the people of this great country."

LOUISIANA CORPORATION HAS INTERURBAN PLAN

NEW ORLEANS, July 26—The Southwestern Traction and Power Company has filed incorporation articles and proposes to build a system of interurban railways in Louisiana connecting Lafayette, New Iberia and Abbeville, besides other points, and possibly reaching to Alexandria.

The capital stock is placed at $3,000,000 authorized. Construction is expected to begin as soon as franchise taxes have been voted in the several districts named. Jules Godchaux is president, Sol Wexler vice president and Lawrence Blum secretary and treasurer.

If the line is built to connect only the three places first mentioned, it would be about 60 miles long, but if it be extended to Alexandria from Lafayette there would be about 80 miles more added, or a total of 140 or 150 miles, according as variations from a tangent might be made to tap intermediate points.

MORGANS BUY AND SELL SOUTHERN RAILWAY BONDS

NEW YORK, July 26.—J. P. Morgan & Co. have purchased and resold to Kean, Taylor & Co. $1,500,000 first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent bonds of the Southern Railway Company due 1994. This is part of an authorized issue of $120,000,000 of which $61,757,800 are outstanding, including $1,114,800 now held in the treasury. The proceeds will be utilized in reimbursing the treasury for moneys that have already been expended for improvements, betterments, etc.

REAL MONEY IN CIRCULAR MAILED BY SOUTHERN FIRM

The old saying that "money talks" was put into practice in a recent circular advertising campaign by a Southern concern selling bookkeeping and record forms.

This company's circular was a folder closed at the sides with seal stickers. The announcement on the address side of the circular was, "There Is Some Real Money Inside This Circular for You." Upon tearing open the seals and opening the circular the recipient found a crisp one-dollar bill attached to the top of it.

The heading read, "We Wish to Buy Ten Minutes of Your Time. If the Attached Currency Will Pay for It, Consider Yourself Engaged." This company figured that if it could actually secure a complete hearing of some 100 out of a list of some 150 of its best prospects the amount invested in the one-dollar bills would be money well spent.

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE $1.95

PACK IT—THAT'S ALL — For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is *no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining* your *arms* and *back, no opening* the freezer to "see" *if* it is freezing, *no extra packing in of ice.* All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—*you.*

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has *two freezing surfaces.* The old-fashioned freezer had only *one* freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the *center* and from the *outside,* too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co.
326 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Ex.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

George Rosser 205,665
Helen Brantley 201,875
Miss Frankie J. Smith 178,700
Josephrine Simril 151,950
Miss Margaret Lewis 146,825
Hill McCalla 105,965
Wyman Conrad 102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr. 100,790
Janet Oxenham 93,400
Miss Louise Thompson 79,160
Jacob Patterson 65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan 45,350
Mollie Lee Kendall 42,800
Louise McAllister 36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell 20,200
Lucile Keadle 11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Robert Harbour 168,180
Eugene Willingham, Jr. 167,725
Miss Elizabeth Garwood 159,810
Paul M. Clark 149,250
Edmund Hurt 148,900
Miss Idele Shaw 141,745
Miss Lottie McNair 90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr. 80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson..... 80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod 69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan 27,865
J. P. Tucker 13,100
Elsie Gosnell 16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Willett Mathews 165,200
Mildred Brickman 141,850
J. P. Goets, Jr. 131,400
Charles L. Stevens 152,650
Miss Mary Wells 105,365
Miss Alma Coleman 26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell 17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Herbert Chapman 206,400
Fannie Mae Cook 204,100
Florence Greenoe 202,950
Eleanor Raoul 173,200
Nathaniel Kay 146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook 134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr. 123,476
Myrtle Jones 94,425
H. L. W. Brown 49,300
J. Walling Davis 28,500
Miss Annie Graham 21,650
Vivian Broom 29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker 16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg 15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey 136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure.....134,050
Frank Ison, Jr. 132,300
Emery Ward 101,935
Rosemund Humphries 70,710
Miss Louise Chewning 55,785
Harnden Thomas 43,920
Miss Francis Summers 36,575
John Baker Long 21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut 12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara 148,700
Edward DeLoach 146,725
William Turner 143,850
Miss Beverly Swanton 142,700
Miss Susanne Springer 126,955
Edgar Wilson 27,765
Nathan Minsk 33,500
Fred Vickery 29,250
Grady Harris 15,900

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

George H. Melton 110,125
A. Morrison 106,100
Henry Hull 100,800
Philip Gilstein 78,400
Charles R. Walker, Jr. 76,450
James Allen 30,303
Lawrence McGinnis 26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly 14,200
Fannie Bettis 11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ross Greer 208,250
Raymond Wilkinson 205,650
Mose Brodkin 197,955
John Trimble 194,725
J. E. Moore 193,300
St. Leonard Veitch 150,275
Irvin Willingham 110,090
Harold Hamby 118,250
Roy Cook 100,253
Harold Turner 28,100
Royal Barbour 22,600
Norman Gooch 16,900
Powell Pendley 14,825
Sterlin Jordan 12,300
Everett J. Cain 10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth 5000
R. S. McConnell 3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens 107,825
Leckie Maddox, Newnan 105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C....103,659
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain.. 98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley.... 98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.. 89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga. 71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga. .. 68,435
Jos. Miiam, Cartersville, Ga. .. 54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta 45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.... 31,270
Ambrose Scarboro,Royston,Ga. 28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga. .. 24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga. 23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga. 26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.. 12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga..... 27,983
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga. 10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville...126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton.....123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo.....121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee....122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville...118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia.105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville... 97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania ... 71,425
John Logan, Gainesville 78,050
M. Means, Meansville 92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon 67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta 47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga..... 46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga. 45,900
(Billie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga. 43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line 34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.... 30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon 39,945
Mary Allen, Macon 39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth 52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle ... 27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville .. 26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley 26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens ... 26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley 22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton 20,350
Cary Brazil 20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington .. 20,450
Landrum Grey 16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle 17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin 11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman 10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville ... 10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa 10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala. 126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster,S.C.125,390
Willie Finlay 121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown 128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C. 80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn. 130,250
Miss Lyidia Bemley 31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C. 45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala. 26,105
Ralph Turner 25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis 28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn. 21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win?

The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P.M.

NOTICE

If you have any difficulty in buying Hearst's Sunday American anywhere in the South notify Circulation Manager, Hearst's Sunday American, Atlanta, Ga.

HEARST'S
SUNDAY AMERICAN

EXTRA

VOL. I. NO. 17.
Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company.
ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 27, 1913.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

FRANK FIGHTS FOR LIFE MONDAY

Dorsey Ready to Avenge Mary Phagan

Mystery of Months Is Still Unsolved

PRINCIPAL figures in Atlanta's most noted criminal case. Two pictures of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl, whose slaying has proved South's most baffling mystery, are shown, while below is Leo Frank, superintendent of the National Pencil Factory, where her body was found, who is accused of her murder, and about whose guilt or innocence brilliant legal battle will be fought.



Most Bitter Legal Battle in History of Atlanta Courts Is Expected---Case Will Probably Last for Weeks.

AFTER three months of mystery in the death of Mary Phagan, a climax is at hand more tense, more dramatic, more breathlessly interesting to Atlanta and all Georgia than any situation of fiction. Leo M. Frank, employer of the little girl whose tragic death, April 26, stirred a State, will be brought to trial Monday on the charge that he killed her.

Frank's trial is the crowning event of the hundred thrilling circumstances surrounding the tragedy. Whatever the outcome, regardless of Frank's conviction or acquittal, the incidents that follow the trial will come as an anti-climax. The prosecution has cast almost all its chances for solving the mystery into the case it has prepared against Frank. Its heavy guns are trained against the factory superintendent. It has opposed the indictment of the single other suspect, the negro Jim Conley. The enthralled interest of a public has been pitched about the question: Is Leo Frank guilty?

FRANK DRAMA'S CENTRAL FIGURE.

Even the pitiful figure of the little factory girl, mysteriously slain, has become subordinate in interest to that of Frank. The young man's own personality, his steadfastly loyal and loving family, his friends who affirm his innocence in the face of a dark suspicion, all have become factors in making Frank the central figure of the crime drama.

At the last moment efforts have been made by Frank's counsel to have the case continued until fall, but the indications are that Judge Roan will order the trial to go on Monday.

A hundred ramifications have sprung out of the case, each one entailing bitterness, aligning factions, engendering a deeper mystery. Many persons, even before the trial, are ready to express a belief of Frank's guilt. As many are firm in the conviction that he is innocent. But the great bulk of the public views the case through a haze of speculation and doubt which is as impenetrable as on the first day.

LEGAL TALENT BRILLIANT.

Everybody is in one of the three classes. It is likely that no one lives in Atlanta who is indifferent to the case, which has been the central topic of news and of conversation since the day the body of Mary Phagan was found.

The trial will be an event worthy of all the interest with which the public has invested it. The array of legal talent is most imposing. Already the defense and the prosecution have met in skirmishes, in the courts and in the newspapers. They were skirmishes so hard fought and bitter as to hold out the promise

'BOTH MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA ARE RIPE FOR JAP CONQUEST'

Frederick Upham Adams Shows Why This Country May Have to Repel Yellow Invader Seeking a New Empire at Its Very Doors.

"War or Humiliation Confronts U. S. as Result of Applying the Monroe Doctrine as Threat and Not as Firmly Enforced Policy.

"Others Will Take Up Task We Decline—We Are Responsible for the Lamentable Condition of Affairs To-day in Mexico."

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS.

"The time is coming when the United States will be forced to fight Japan on Japanese soil in North America."

In varying phrase this startling prediction was repeatedly made to me during a recent protracted tour of Mexico and Central America. It was first uttered, practically as above quoted, by President Francisco I. Madero in the course of a long interview in the Castle of Chapultepec.

This prediction was repeated to me by a President of a Central American republic who shall be nameless, since he has thus far escaped assassination or overthrow by revolution. It was also voiced by an American of high reputation and keen judgment, who has been a student of Latin American affairs for more than a generation.

U. S. Diplomacy Scored.

The ignorance and indifference of the American people concerning Mexico and Central America, coupled with the ignorance and stupidity which has marked our diplomatic intercourse with them, constitute a menace of dire portent.

The Danger Zone.

As a result of years of diplomatic imbecility we have made of this great section a danger zone. We have created at our very doors conditions which promise war with any of the great commercial nations we now count as friends, or the alternative of abandoning a Monroe Doctrine.

We are responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs in Mexico; for the chronic conditions of military despotism and recurrent revolutions which afflict Central America.

These conditions are the direct result of applying the Monroe Doctrine as a threat and not as a just and firmly enforced policy. And what is the fruit now ripening? The certainty that some other nation will take up the task which we decline. **That will mean war or humiliation.**

Let us consider the interest of Japan in this matter.

Japan and Central America.

It is a reasonable certainty that Japan has not spread her cards on the table in the pending controversy over the California anti-alien legislation. It may be assumed that Japan has no immediate expectation that its people will be permitted unrestricted immigration to the United States and the rights of naturalization. Japan knows that it is not within the power of our National Congress to control or change the alien land laws of any State.

The wise men of Japan know all this and more, but they have some concrete motive in demanding something which they know will not be granted. What Japan desires and will fight for is an outlet for her surplus population.

In her land-hunger Japan wrested Formosa from China and tried to win from Russia the bleak plains of Manchuria, but there is nothing that Japan really wants on the Asiatic coasts to her west.

Her eyes are turned to the east. They are fixed, not on California or any part or parcel of the United States, but on Mexico and Central America, the neglected and semi-savage wards of our Monroe Doctrine.

Like Home to Japanese.

For 30 years the Japanese have

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

John Early, Noted As Leper, Is Insane

Man Who Guarded Colony Is Himself Put in Cell, Raving Mad.

SEATTLE, July 26.—John Farly, who was called in Washington a few years ago a leper, and who more recently was a guard at the Federal leper colony at Diamond Point Station, has lost his mind and is himself under guard at the colony.

Early has been under watch for several months, officials at the station believing his mind was not right. Some time ago, it was reported, he became violent and was locked up to protect himself and the unfortunates at the colony.

When Early was first adjudged a leper by the District Health Officer, he was isolated in a camp on the lowlands of the Eastern branch. After a long fight with the local authorities and another with the Pension Office for an allowance as a veteran of the Spanish-American war, he was permitted to slip unostentatiously away to New York.

Woman to Run for Council in Chicago

"Bath House John" and "Hinky Dink" to Have Rival in First Ward.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Anna Carlo-Biasi is a candidate to represent the First Ward in the City Council.

For many years she has been a leader among the thousands of Italians who live in the First Ward, and she has lent her aid, admitted as important, to "Hinky Dink" Kenna and "Bathhouse John" Coughlin, who, from time immemorial, have been returned to the Council by the First Ward quite as a matter of course.

"But they have been Aldermen long enough," said Mrs. Celia Palmer, quoting Mrs. Biasi, her mother. "Thousands of working men and women, Italian, German, Bohemian and of other nationalities, have urged her to run."

Gets 7,109 Words On Back of Postal

Albanian Athlete Proves To Be a Wizard When it Comes to Fine Writing.

BOSTON, July 26.—Joseph S. A. Bertasso, Albanian, athlete and "small letter champion," maintains he is the "finest writer in the world," and from the records available it appears that his claim is well founded.

Bertasso lays claim to the unusual art of engrossing legibly, on the back of an ordinary postal card, more than one-quarter of the words to be found in the most modern unabridged dictionaries, and that by so doing he has more than doubled the record of any other "fine" or "small" writer in the world.

Bertasso's record is 7,109 words, written with an ordinary pen, on the back of an ordinary postal card, in seven hours and fifteen minutes.

$25,000 To Be Spent On Nickel Problem

Massachusetts Institute to Investigate How Far Five Cents Should Carry Passenger.

BOSTON, July 26.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology will spend $5,000 annually for five years, the gift of an anonymous benefactor, to determine how far a street railway can carry a passenger with reasonable profit for a nickel. Incidentally it may use some of the money to investigate the conflicting claims of the Boston Elevated and the citizens of Ward 26. The railroad company declared it can not afford a 5-cent fare to Hyde Park and the citizens there say it can and should.

Shrinks Three Inches During Long Illness

Patient Hurt in Auto Accident Loses in Height Each Month Spent in Bed.

PORTERVILLE, July 26.—When George Crittenden, an attorney, got out of bed to-day for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident two months ago, he found that he had lost 3 inches in height. This unexpected sequel of his recovery is the more extraordinary because it is well known that the human body gains in length while lying prone. A man is normally taller in the morning than at night.

Harvard Planning to Start Kindergarten

University to Experiment in Education of Children From 4 to 6 Years of Age.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 26.—Harvard plans to establish an experimental kindergarten next fall with children from 4 to 6 years of age. The faculty of the department of education will be in charge.

The proposal is to accept about 100 students of either sex at a tuition fee of $100. They will be carried through to the age of 9 years.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

Then, again, it is caused when a busy man calls a number time and again, and gets no response. Always the symptoms react to the injury of the girl on the switchboard. She is sworn at, she is greeted with language that would melt the wires were there not insulation in parts.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

The medical men who say they have made a discovery in the disease, attach a serious significance to it. Instances of permanent aberration have resulted, they declare, in their papers. Men who are calm under circumstances that would drive a Job to drink become insane when the telephone responds not.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsowelter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

A plunge into the question revealed the fact that telephone dementia has its sources in the brains of the telephone girls themselves, those sweet, unperturbed creatures. Professor Hugo Munsterberg, the great psychologist of Harvard, who once lived in Germany, recently tried the brain force of 1,000 telephone girls, and found that many became mixed in their numbers after an hour.

But it is only the patrons who become violent. No person, not even a baseball umpire, the embodiment of phlegm and stolidity, is exempt, the doctors say.

And so if you wax wroth when the central tells you nine times "Number busy," if you get no answer from your number after call upon call, if you swear at the girl when she gives you the wrong number, then you've got it.

Elinor Glyn's Hero, 'Baby Paul' to Wed

Boston Girl Will Marry Man Around Whose Adventures 'Three Weeks' Was Written.

BOSTON, July 26.—"Baby Paul," of "Three Weeks," is to become a bridegroom. Miss Elizabeth Golden, of Boston, is to be the bride.

Clairmont Jocelyn Preston Arnot is the name by which Elinor Glyn's hero is known in London, although as plain Paul Allen he has had some unromantic adventures in New York. As "Prince Paul de Clairmont" he is known in both cities.

"We will be married on September 1," said Miss Golden yesterday. "We have known each other a year. Yes, I have means of my own, but Paul will support himself."

Uncle Sam Enters Moving Picture Field

Films Are Being Made to Aid Work of Reclaiming Lands in West.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Through the award of contracts for several thousand feet of motion picture films it has become known that the United States Government is engaged in the moving picture business on a large scale.

The enterprise is being carried on by the Reclamation Service in its camps in the West, a number of which have been established for great irrigation projects and other engineering work. The "movies" furnish their part in the general scheme to keep the workmen and their families, isolated from the world, contented and happy.

Corsets Accepted As Bank Pledge

Burlington Financiers Take Dainty Article as Collateral for Loan of $2.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 26.—In the steel vault of the Mechanics' National Bank reposes an oblong package tied with pink baby ribbon.

The parcel, the center of much giggling interest among the bank clerks, contains the oddest collateral ever deposited with a New Jersey banking institution as security on a loan.

Within the folds of paper and ribbons is a pair of corsets, avowed value $6.25, on which a young woman, lacking railroad fare to Philadelphia, in her extremity yesterday borrowed $2 from the bank.

Woman's Right Costs Her $10 as Speeder

Judge Tells Her That In Present Day She Must Be Treated Like Man.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Equality of the rights of woman was recognized by Municipal Judge Fry yesterday, with the result that Mrs. R. W. Hood, 4444 Christiana avenue, was fined $10 and costs for speeding. Mrs. Hood admitted traveling 31 miles an hour July 9.

"In this age of woman suffrage I must treat you as I do the men," said the judge.

Although Mrs. Hood insisted she was "not in sympathy with woman suffrage," she was ordered to pay.

Colonists at Arden Now Going to 'Roost'

Sinclair's Followers Desert Homes on Ground for Bungalows Built in Tree Tops.

ARDEN, DEL., July 26.—"Well, good night, folks; I'm going to roost."

That may be a commonly used sentence before long in the Arden colony, made famous by Upton Sinclair and his associates. Sleeping in the tree tops, as monkeys and certain tribes of savages do, is the latest development of the back to nature idea as practiced in the colony.

It started when two of the colonists, using a lot of lumber bequeathed by Mr. Sinclair when he left, constructed an aerial bungalow with four poplar trees as corner posts.

Lightning Rips Shoe From Wearer's Foot

Man Escapes Physical Injury Save In Small Burn—Son Nearby Is Not Touched.

DENVER, July 26.—O. M. Simpson, a laborer, was knocked down and made unconscious for several minutes when struck by a lightning bolt in the afternoon. His twelve-year-old son, Vernon, sitting a few inches away with his back to his father, was not touched.

The lightning struck with sufficient force to tear Simpson's shoes to shreds, but this is about the only evidence left of the visit of the electrical freak, with the exception of a burn about the size of a dime on Simpson's right foot.

Roosevelt Vaudeville Star, British Report

Dr. Lyman Abbott Declares Story That Fellow-Editor Will Go On Stage Is Nonsense.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The London Daily Sketch prints a statement that Colonel Roosevelt has signed a contract for a tour of the Australian vaudeville circuit at $2,000 a week to lecture on sociological subjects.

"He has been booked by Hugh McIntosh, the noted Australian fight promoter, who is governing director of Harry Rickard's circuit," it adds. "The former President is to appear in talks of fifteen to thirty minutes.

"A tour on these lines would certainly mean the capacity of the house."

Dr. Lyman Abbott, when asked last night about this report, said:

"You may be sure this is absolute nonsense."

STRAW HATS FOR POLICE.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Straw hats and soft white shirts as a uniform for the police when the thermometer climbs over the boiling point were urged by "Mrs." Belle Squire in a letter received by the City Council.

Chronology of Phagan Case

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for grand jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April 25. Newt Lee indicted.

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

TITANIC COURT STRUGGLE PREDICTED IN FRANK CASE

Continued From Page 1.

that the trial will be a titanic fight.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, Frank Hooper and Assistant Solicitor Stephens will conduct the case against Frank. The three are known as aggressive, tireless lawyers. The Solicitor General has put into the State's case all the energy for which he is noted.

At the very first he took charge of the case with a masterful hand, and when the mystery seemed beyond solution he set an army of detectives to work. Through all the stress of a veering public opinion, he has held firmly to the course he had set, defiant, obviously preparing for the great fight of his career as a public prosecutor. In most of the preliminary legal battles, especially in his hardest fight against the indictment of Conley, he has been successful.

The Solicitor General, from the evidence in his hands, believes in the guilt of Frank. He will defend his conviction to the end.

The defense presents a corps of attorneys who are reputed to be as able criminal lawyers as the South can produce. Luther Z. Rosser, county attorney, is the towering figure of the defense. He is a pitiless questioner of witnesses and cross-examinations which he conducts are generally productive of significant results. The defense will build its greatest hope, it is expected, on the charge that Jim Conley killed the Phagan girl. Jim Conley will be one of the witnesses against Frank, and all the force, all the ruthless power of Luther Rosser's questions will be brought into play against the negro. The public expects a wonderful psychological demonstration on the hour the negro takes the stand.

Arnold Striking Figure.

No less powerful as a criminal lawyer is Reuben R. Arnold, who was retained by the defense to co-operate with Mr. Rosser. Arnold is a brilliant lawyer, and always a spectacular and compelling figure in the criminal cases with which he is connected. Associated with Rosser and Arnold in the case will be Herbert Haas and Sam Boorstin, who were employed by the Frank family when Leo Frank first was arrested, and who have been zealous in conducting the score of investigations that were made necessary by the unexpected turns which incidents took time after time.

The trial will be called Monday morning in the Superior Court room on the first floor of the courthouse, at South Pryor and Hunter streets. The room, which is the largest available to the State courts, is expected to be all too small for the crowd that will come, eagerly curious and expectant. A strict police supervision of the crowds will be necessary, and arrangements already are being made by court officials to prevent congestion or disturbance.

Special deputies will be employed for the occasion, and altogether it is expected that twenty officers will guard the courtroom. The little army will be in charge of Deputy Sheriff Miner, who will be stationed at the main entrance. According to the plan, all principals in the case, all who are interested as lawyers, relatives, witnesses and press representatives, will be admitted before any spectators are allowed to enter. After them the spectators will be admitted, one by one, until the seats in the room are filled. Then the doors will be locked.

It has been sugested in the Sheriff's office that every person admitted to the courtroom will be searched for firearms, but whether this course will be followed has not been decided.

Postponement Unlikely.

Judge L. S. Roan will preside at the trial. He announced in a telegram from Covington, where he is spending a short vacation, that the case will be called Monday morning, without fail. There is little probability that an attempt will be made to obtain a postponement, although it has been hinted that there are one or two causes which might tend to bring about delay. One is excesive heat, another the fact that certain attorneys in the case are engaged simultaneously in other litigation hardly less important. But the court officials and all who are interested vitally are ready to scout the idea of a postponement.

The ground thus is laid for what is confidently expected to be the greatest battle of Atlanta's legal history. A mysterious death, a chain of damaging circumstances pointing to the guilt of the accused, a coterie of lawyers for the defense who are given to surprises and who are known for inexhaustible resources, a Solicitor who is determined and a fighter—everything points to a great struggle.

Considerable difficulty will be entailed at the first, it is expected, when the jury must be drawn. From indications, it is likely that the preliminary jockeying will consume the first day of the trial, or even more. So widespread has been gossip concerning the Phagan case, so thoroughly have citizens of Atlanta had the details recalled, so much has it become a part of the city's life that men will be hard to find, it is expected, who will be willing to view the evidence coolly, without prejudice or without bias. Then, too, the lawyers, knowing the men from whom the jury must be picked, will select the men with the utmost care.

The defense, it has been announced, will ask that a jury be selected from the Grand Jury venire. Whether this request will be granted is altogether in the discretion of the trial judge. It is expected, however, that it will be refused unless significant reasons are brought to bear by the defense.

Trial Will Last Days.

Then the case will start. Evidence probably will not be taken until the morning or afternoon of the second day. It will be taken slowly, in great detail, at such length as to insure a trial of many days' duration, if the length of time consumed in examining the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest is any indication.

Surprises will come, surely. It is likely that most of the surprises will be those of the defense, the public generally crediting that side with more evidence hitherto hidden than the prosecution.

The State's case has been perpetually before the public. The agencies of the State have been crossed at times, and out of the antagonism has grown publicity that was not good for the privacy of the prosecution's line of attack. The defense, on the other hand, has kept quiet. When the Mincey affidavit was published last week, favoring the defense, it came as a surprise to the public, and led everyone to expect further surprises.

The Frank trial absorbs the public interest for more than one reason. The revolting nature of the crime by which Mary Phagan went to her death, the mystery surrounding its circumstances, the uncertainty that came with new revelations day after day, pointing first to one and then to another suspect, the final centering of all suspicion on the two prisoners—Frank and Conley—the charges and countercharges that have been bandied back and forth—all make the case one to attract and to hold the interest of every man or woman who can hear or read.

At Factory Short Time.

Mary Phagan, an employee of the National Pencil Factory, was a girl 14 years old. Her father was dead, and she lived with her mother and her stepfather, W. J. Coleman, at No. 146 Lindsay street. This is in that suburban section of Atlanta known as Bellwood. She was a gay, friendly, lovable girl, well liked by the children of the neighborhood and by the grown folks as well, according to every revelation of her personality that has come since her death.

The little girl had worked for some time, straitened circumstances of the family driving her to that necessity. She had been employed at the pencil factory on South Forsyth street only a short time.

Saturday afternoon, April 26, she went to the factory to draw her weekly pay. It was the day of the Confederate Memorial parade. Forsyth street was deserted. The factory was quiet. The little girl went alone to the big building at about 12:10 or 12:15 o'clock, according to the statement of the street car men who took from her home to the down town section.

Watchman Finds Body.

Early Sunday morning, at about 3 o'clock, Newt Lee, the negro watchman at the factory building, found the girl's body in a dark corner of the basement, bloody from a dozen cuts and bruises. The clothes were torn, and every evidence pointed to the fact that there had been a struggle in which the little girl fought vainly against her assailant. Her neck was discolored, where a rope had been used to lower her body down an elevator shaft from the first floor.

Later, on the third floor, in the bathroom of the factory, blood, strands of hair and other evidences of a struggle were found, pointing to the fact that the child had there been attacked first.

Few men were in the factory building between the last time Mary Phagan was seen alive and the hour her body was found by the night watchman. The men were Leo Frank, the factory superintendent; Jim Conley, a negro sweeper; Newt Lee, the negro night watchman; John Gantt, a former employee of the company who entered with Frank's permission, that he might get a pair of shoes he had left behind, and two workers, Harry Denham and Arthur White, who were on the fourth floor and who remained in the building until 3 o'clock. At that time Frank, who had left the building at 1 o'clock, came in and let them out. Frank was alone in the factory until 4 o'clock, by his own admission. When Conley came in, or when he left, no one knows.

Newt Lee Suspected.

After the first discovery of the body suspicion fell on Newt Lee, who had reported the discovery of the body. He was arrested. The negro, frightened to within an inch of his life, protested his innocence. The police were not satisfied that he was the murderer, and began the search.

Information came thick and fast and of every variety. The first tangible statement was from Ed Sentell, a groceryman, who said he had seen Mary Phagan walking by the side of a tall young man as late as 12:30 o'clock Saturday night. Later he identified the young man as Arthur Mullinax, a street car worker. Mullinax was arrested.

Develpoments came fresh with every hour that day. Gantt, the young man who was in the factory late Saturday afternoon, was arrested on suspicion, which deepened when it was announced that he had been in love with Mary Phagan.

Monday morning following the discovery of the body an inquest was held, and as a result of revelations that he had been alone in the factory building much of Saturday afternoon, Superintendent Frank was arrested on suspicion. Detectives asserted their conviction that the guilt lay between Lee and Frank. Gantt and Mullinax, proving alibis, were released.

The third day of the mystery a young man named Paul Bowen was arrested in Houston, Tex., on the charge that he had killed Mary Phagan. It is said that he had acted in a suspicious manner upon being confronted with news of the girl's death. He was arrested by the Houston police, but later was released when he established an alibi. Out of his arrest grew a scandal in the Houston police circles.

That Lee killed the girl was assured by the detectives for several days. By the side of the girl's body had been found several dirty scraps of paper, on which were written almost undecipherable words. They were supposedly from the unfortunate girl. One note was as follows:

"He said he wood love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long, tall, black negro did it by hisself."

The other was:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write while play with me."

Experts declared positively that these notes were in Lee's handwriting.

The inquest, stretching through several days, was productive of one result, at least. The bulk of the suspicion veered to Frank. The negro Lee made a number of candid statements which afterward were found to be true, and thus much of the suspicion against him lightened.

Elevator Boy Arrested.

Testimony tending to show that Geron Bailey, a negro elevator boy in the factory's employ, had been seen lurking around the building the fatal Saturday evening, brought about his arrest. Lee and Bailey still are held in the Tower, although suspicion against them is negligible.

Until several days after the body of the unfortunate girl was found no one had thought of Conley as a man to be suspected. But while the inquest over Mary Phagan's body was in progress E. F. Holloway, an employee of the factory, found the negro sweeper in a secluded spot on the fourth floor washing a bloody shirt. He told detectives, and Conley was arrested on suspicion.

Days passed, days that were full of theories and speculation, but productive of no real result. Eyes were turned to Frank as the guilty person, with an inconsiderable number of people suspecting Newt Lee.

On May 25 came a statement from a woman named Mrs. Mima Formby, the keeper of a rooming house. Mrs. Formby declared that the night of the murder Frank had telephoned her with the request that she rent him a room for himself and a girl. She declared in her statement that she refused him; that he insisted, later becoming desperate and announcing that it was a matter almost of life and death with him. The statement was pretty generally discredited by the public.

Conley Admits Writing Notes.

After three weeks Frank was indicted by the Grand Jury.

Then came a startling and unexpected thing. Jim Conley, silent under a siege of questions, suddenly issued an affidavit, in which he declared that he had written the notes at Frank's dictation, on Friday before the Sunday on which the girl's body was found.

Not until then was Conley suspected with any degree of strength. But when the affidavit came, with its inconceivable charge that Frank had plotted the death of the girl more than a day before he killed her, Conley was suspected of having had a hand in the murder. It was recalled that Mary Phagan's visit to the factory had not been anticipated Friday, and that there would have been no reason for a murder plot. Conley, it seemed, had destroyed himself.

The next day he issued a revised affidavit, declaring that he wrote the notes on the morning of Saturday, the day before the body was found. Then came his third affidavit, that he had dragged the body of the girl to the cellar, where it was found, at the instance of Frank.

The three affidavits semed to contradict one another, and to make charges that were unbelievable. It was not until then that suspicion against the negro solidified.

Public speculation and doubt deepened. Then, after two weeks, it developed that W. H. Mincey, a school teacher, in conversation with a negro on the afternoon of April 26, when the murder occurred, had ben told by the negro:

"Go away. I've killed a girl this evening. I don't want to kill anybody else."

Mincey Identifies Conley.

He identified this negro as Conley.

Against every statement and every affidavit that has been published, charges of untruthfulness and misapprehension have been made by one side or the other. Mincey's statement has been attacked, Conley's affidavits are declared false, Mrs. Formby's declaration is said to be without foundation. Refutations come for every bit of evidence, revealing plainly that the trial itself will be a fight of veracity and of reasonableness of testimony.

And so the case stands to-day. Brilliant detective talent has been engaged. Pinkertons were first retained to reinforce the local detectives, and later the Burns men were called in. But out of that incident grew another scandal, another of the unpleasant incidental features that have made the Phagan case the most notable of Georgia's crime annals, even beyond the fact that it is the greatest mystery.

Last week it was announced that the Pinkertons believed Frank innocent, after weeks of announcing that he was guilty. Later the declaration came that they had not made the statement. This incident was valueless in unfolding the mystery, but is indicative of the turmoil in which the case has been from the first.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

Washington Society Trembles 'Fairest Girl' Turns Author Miss Hinckley Writes Experience

Miss Gladys Hinckley, called "the most beautiful girl in America," who has written her experiences in Washington society



Brilliant Young Woman Will Tell Real Facts of Life in the Capital's Whirl.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Society is waiting, it can't be said eagerly, for the publication of Miss Gladys Hinckley's book, "My Experience in Society." In fact, it is whispered that there are not a few of the Capital's four hundred who would breathe with more ease if they were assured that the girl called by the Russian Ambassador "the most beautiful girl in America" had decided to forego her literary career.

So far Miss Hinckley has been able to keep secret just what her book will reveal, though all society has known she has been working on it for months.

The young author, she is just 20, has had a decidedly interesting career since her debut a couple of years ago. Her beauty made her admired, but her caustic wit has made her feared.

She is a deep student and is known to be fearless in expressing her views. Realizing this, the society set is expecting a pretty frank statement of Miss Hinckley's experiences, and there is no great joy in the expectation.

Miss Hinckley does not hive to write for a livelihood. She has a fortune in her own name, while society momentarily expects the announcement of her engagement to young Jerome Bonaparte.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

'Valueless' Land Worth Thousands

Farmer Awakens to Knowledge Despised Acres Are Desired by Lumber Company.

MEDICINE LODGE, KANS., July 26.—Ten acres of plow land in a little canyon for which he never expected to get $100 has been found by J. W. Smith, known hereabouts as "Buffalo" Smith, to hold a fortune for him. The ten acres are covered with old walnut trees, the only grove of the kind within miles of this city.

Several years ago Smith rented his ranch, which included the canyon of walnut trees, and went to Idaho. Several months ago a timber hunter for a walnut mill learned of the grove and tried to buy the land.

The man's insistence aroused Smith's curiosity and he came back to look it over. Smith had a survey made of the patch and is now dickering with the walnut mill for a sale. The last offer was for $10,000 for the patch. He is holding out for more.

PROMOTER TO FIX CAVERN TO RIVAL MAMMOTH CAVE

SPRINGFIELD, MO., July 26.—The sale of Fisher's Cave, one of the most beautiful of the natural caves of the Ozarks, to H. E. Peterson, of Utah, is announced. Peterson will at once wire the cavern for electricity. He believes the cave's marvels superior to those of Mammoth Cave. The cavern extends a mile into the hillside, and contains a navigable river, which is the longest subterranean stream in the State. Robert Smith, the former owner, has made a reputation as "cave farmer," and every year has earned large profits from the sale of mushrooms, rhubarb and frog legs.

PAUL REVERE IN AUTO WARNS VILLAGERS OF FIRE

CANTON, OHIO, July 26.—A modern Paul Revere, in an auto, rode through the village of Freeburg, east of Canton, tooting his horn frantically and shouting "Fire" with all his might.

The villagers awoke to see part of their little town in flames. They formed a bucket brigade and fought the fire all night long. A part of the Alliance fire department came to aid them, but it could get no water.

The general store and barn of Lief & Hahn was destroyed and several dwellings were badly damaged. The total loss was estimated at $10,000.

BONES OF INDIAN PRINCESS UNEARTHED BY GRADING

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—What is believed to be the skeleton of an Indian princess has been unearthed by workmen grading in front of property near State street. The bones were in an upright position, and around them were quantities of beads and other rare Indian ornaments. Near the bones was a stone foot which is believed to have been the totem of the tribe.

The woman was at least 100 years of age.

ILLINOIS FARMERS OFFER BOUNTY FOR CHINCH BUGS

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Farmers in Macoupin County, Illinois, are making a profit out of a pest by taking advantage of one of the strangest "bounty" offers ever made.

Macoupin County business men organized a committee whch offered $2 a bushel for all chinch bugs sent in by farmers to the committee headquarters at Carlinville.

An even bushel measure is estimated to contain about 8,200,000. Each pair will produce from 200 to 400 bugs.

ELEVATOR BOY FINDS DIAMOND IN CHEAP CIGAR

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—John Orin, elevator man in the Harding Building, smokes two-for-a-nickel cigars.

Yesterday, as he bit off the end of a cigar, his teeth struck something hard. Orin investigated and, as he looked at the frayed end of his moderately-priced perfecto, he found himself staring at the polished facets of a perfectly good little diamond weighing one-half carat.

"DEAD" MAN RETURNS HOME.

CHICO, CAL., July 26.—Richard Crittenden, miner, who left this city ten years ago for French Gulch Shasta County, and who was a year afterward reported dead, gave his friends a shock by appearing and shaking hands with them.

Asks Governor to Stop Papa's Drinking

Girl's Appeal Touches Heart of Oregon's Chief Executive, Who Orders Investigation.

SALEM, OREG., July 26.—The faith of a little girl in the power of the Governor to make everybody stop selling her papa "drinks" so her mamma will have money with which to buy clothes, is graphically portrayed in a letter received by Governor West from a little girl living in a small Oregon coast town. The letter says:

"Mr. West, Dear Governor:

"I am a little girl, 12 years old. My papa is a hard working man and he is not very well, but what I am trying to tell you is that oftentimes he gives the hotels for drink what we need at home, oh, so bad, and they sell it to him on Sunday, too, and it makes us all so unhappy. My dear mamma can not go to church. She has no clothes to wear like she used to have. Oh, I wish you could do something for us. He is often so cross to my mother.

"I tried to earn enough to buy my mother some clothes. It is such hard work to earn money when you are so small."

Beauty a State of Mind, Says Doctor

Homely Girls May Remedy Defects by Concentration on Ideal of Pulchritude.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. C. Franklin Leavitt has made public a lesson in winning a husband by suggestion.

"A woman has two weapons—thought and action. When she is possessed of a 'going mind' she is almost irresistible. A woman with power wins the man she wants.

"The first lesson to all unattractive women should be to picture themselves in a receptive attitude toward men. From childhood they should be taught to meet the opposite sex without fear and bashfulness. Fear gives a shock.

"Thoughts properly directed can change the physical being. From concentration on a subject fifteen minutes a day women have become beautiful. They should suggest to themselves at intervals that they are beautiful.

"Married women should take 'treatments' to retain the affections of their husbands. Going back to the old days of honeymoon attraction she is able to keep her husband interested."

Conscience Hurts Few U. S. Employees

Amount Returned by Those Whom Error or Fraud Benefits Is Decidedly Small.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Fewer penitents tortured by the "still small voice" confessed and surrendered "conscience money" to the Federal Government during the fiscal year 1913 than for many years. The "conscience fund" received during the twelve months ended June 30 totaled only $2,814.44, the lowest amount since 1901 and comparable with a hundred year average of $4,200.

That fund is the only official index to the scruples, but no Treasury official attempts to explain the decrease in restitution of money received from the Government by fraud or error.

During the last hundred years the Government has received conscience contributions aggregating nearly a half million dollars, the exact figures up to June 30 last being $434,615.69.

Baltimorean Exiled By Servant Problem

Society Leader Prefers His American Home, but Goes Abroad to Get Service.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Samuel S. Keyser, whom Baltimore society gave such a warm welcome last winter when he returned to his native city after an absence of 15 years, has sold his big house at No. 609 Washington Place and will again go abroad to live, driven hence by the complexities of the servant problem.

In London Mr. Keyser maintained a beautiful home, but Baltimore, according to his oft-repeated statement since his return, is the ideal place to live.

GARBAGE MAN HIDES FACT HE IS BLIND FOR 2 YEARS

DENVER, July 26.—For two years Edward Dormer has worked faithfully as a garbage collector and has a good record. City officials in the sanitary department who employed him did not know he was blind until recently.

He as able to get about with the ease of one with clear vision, but is very sensitive about his affliction.

City sanitary officials were dumfounded when they learned of Dormer's affliction. He has not lost a day since his employment and will be allowed to retain his position.

PURSE OF MOURNER IS STOLEN FROM GRAVE'S SIDE

SHELBYVILLE, IND., July 26.—Mrs. O. L. Adams, of this city, when decorating the grave of a relative at Forest Hill Cemetery, hung her pocketbook, containing jewels valued at $500, on the tombstone.

She went away, leaving the purse hanging on the stone. When she remembered where she had left it and returned the purse had disappeared.

ACCIDENTAL PICTURE ORNAMENTS CAPITOL

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Many persons admired a wonderfully perfect face of a woman on one of the columns of the White House portico. The picture is high, beyond the reach of any freak artist, and is the accidental alignment of various coverings of kalsomine and stucco. The mouth, nose, lips, neck, crown of hair and Psyche knot are as artistic as if made by a modeler.

GIRLS' GARB SHOCKING.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Fraternity men here have been shocked into a state of nervousness by the spectacle of girls in one-piece bathing suits diving from piers in front of fraternity houses.

DANGER TO U.S. IS SEEN IN JAP CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Continued From Page 1.

been investigating Mexico and Central America, and there can be no doubt of the favorable nature of the reports to Tokio. Nature produced there a section so much like Japan that its visiting natives feel at once at home. This marvelously fertile country has been given up for centuries to the rapacity of Spanish conquerors and native despots.

Japan awoke half a century ago, and since then has astounded the world by its superb advancement. In that half-century the principal contribution of Central America to the world were "revolutions" which gave picturesque material for comic operas and plots for grotesque fiction.

Mexico for centuries has been the victim of military adventurers and political plunderers, and looks back with longing to the interim during which Porfirio Diaz ruled as the most absolute despot in modern history.

The United States would not make a move to remedy these conditions and interpose the Monroe Doctrine in the way of any other power, with the result that the world still contains a vast and practically undeveloped tract of land perfectly suited to the expansion needs of Japan.

Hail Japan as a David.

The stand taken by Japan against the United States and its demand for a recognition of its equality has met with the enthusiastic approval of the jingo political factions in all of our "Monroe Doctrine Republics." All anti-American factions in Mexico and Central America acclaim Japan the David who will humiliate the dollar-hunting Goliah.

In recent years the Japanese have sedulously conducted a campaign calculated to win the favor of the ruling officials of the Monroe Doctrine zone, and have lost no opportunity to fan the anti-American sentiment.

This hatred of the United States does not flow from any act. It arises and is fed by the very fact that we still proclaim the sovereignty of a Monroe Doctrine, which implies that the republics affected by it are inferior and are therefore entitled to our protection against the world and against themselves.

Their contempt arises from the fact that we have not enforced the detested doctrine.

What does Japan now say to the anti-American factions of our Monroe Doctrine republics? She says: "We also are classed as inferiors by the United States, whose Declaration of Independence asserts that all men are created equal. Let us co-operate to resent these insults."

Birthplace of Japan.

But, a far closer tie than a lust for revenge binds the peoples of the American tropics to Japan.

Millions of the natives of Mexico and Central America are Japanese in all save name!

This is a startling statement, but it is absolutely true. Scores of so-called Indian tribes scattered all the way from Northern Mexico to Costa Rica speak languages derived directly from the Japanese, look like Japanese and follow closely the primitive arts and customs of the Japanese.

It is a moot question with archaeologists whether Japan was settled from Mexico or whether Mexico was settled from Japan. There are cogent reasons for the belief that the birthplace of the Japanese race was in Mexico, or Central America, and that some great war or great migration resulted in a pilgrimage northward to Alaska and thence to Japan.

The reader should understand that strictly speaking there is no such thing as a Mexican nationality. This applies to all of the Monroe Doctrine republics. The upper and ruling class is of Spanish descent or strain from inter-marriage with the innumerable branches of the native stock. This native stock is called "Indian," but millions of them are not Indians.

There are hundreds of these so-called Indian tribes. They speak as many different languages. They constitute the enormous majority of the population, but they play almost no part in the Government.

Different Class of Indians.

The Spanish who came with and who followed Cortez naturally intermarried with the more aggressive and best-favored of the native races. The Indians who inhabited the present territoty of the United States bore absolutely no relation to those in Mexico and Central America, who reared wonderful cities whose ruins still attest their advancement and their Japanese origin.

There are at least ten known tribes in Mexico where an Asiatic Japanese can make himself readily understood. There is one so-called Indian tribe in Mexico in which a vocabulary of 2,000 words contains not less than 1,600 which are pure Japanese.

The observing stranger who walks for the first time the streets of Mexico City, Orizaba, Guatemala City or who penetrates into the interior of these countries can not fail to note that a large share of the natives bear on their faces the plain proof of their kinship to the subjects of the Mikado. The physiognomy of many of the upper classes reveals a fine blending of the distinctive facial lines of the Spaniard and the Japanese.

Mikado's Subjects Welcome.

There is an intuitive recognition by the people of their kinship to the Japanese. The doors of most of these republics are open to subjects of the Mikado. The school children are taught to respect the military prowess of a race deemed inferior by a world who did not awake to the truth until the little Jap conquered Russia. The school children of Mexico are also taught that their country defeated the United States in its attempt to annex their soil.

A few years ago I witnessed a military parade in Mexico City in honor of her independence. A company of marines from a Japanese cruiser was in line. Flowers were strewn in their path. A half million people greeted them as if they were their saviors. All along the line arose the affectionate salutation of "Brothers." I did not understand it; I doubt if they understood it, but back of it all was a racial intuition.

It is a matter of history that Mexico stood ready to deed to Japan a naval base in Magdalena Bay. Had not the United States intervened Japan might now possess all of the Mexican territory of Lower California.

Japan Moves Steadily.

I do not say that Japan contemplates at present the actual occupation or military conquest of any of these countries. This is not within her probable power, but Japan is moving steadily for the settlement and development of these neglected and revolution-desolated republics.

The Japanese will naturally take possession of fields of enterprise once possessed by detested Americans. Thus the doors are opened for the reincarnation in tropical America of the old Japan which has slumbered through the ages.

Its vigorous Asiatic offspring can pour 20,000,000 of its people into it and create the richest and most beautiful empire the world has ever known.

We could do the same thing, but we seem to have "more important matters to attend to."

DYING MEXICAN WRITES HE'LL SEE FRIEND BELOW

TACOMA, July 26.—While the streets were crowded with merry-makers, a Mexican, who gave his name as Joe Moonlight, and Joseph Porter, members of a troupe of cowboys performing here, were shot by an unidentified negro. The Mexican will die.

The Mexican, lying on a cot in the hospital, lighted a cigarette, called for a pencil and paper and wrote:

"Good-by, Dave; will see you below." The message was addressed to Dave Porter, National City, Cal.

COMPLETES 72D YEAR IN SERVICE OF SINGLE FIRM

KENOSHA, WIS., July 26.—George Yule, veteran wagonmaker, has just completed seventy-two years of continuous service with one firm here. He became superintendent of the wagon factory more than sixty years ago, a position he held for thirty years. For twenty years he was vice president and is now the active head of the company. Although 90, President Yule is one of the first officials to reach the office in the morning.

WOMAN MARRIES BROTHER OF DIVORCED HUSBAND

TAYLORSVILLE, ILL., July 26.—Monroe Nave, 24, and Mrs. Gracey Nave, 30, were married by Rev. John Score, pastor of Clayton Methodist Episcopal Church, South. Mrs. Nave told Deputy Recorder Otto Preiss, who issued the license, she had been divorced from Monroe Nave's elder brother in Hillsboro, Ill.

To Overcome Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Wrinkles

(From Outdoor Life.)

If you are freckled, tanned or sunburnt, dab a liberal amount of mercolized wax on the face and allow it to remain over night. When you wash off the wax in the morning, fine, flaky, almost invisible particles of cuticle come with it. Repeating this daily, the entire outer skin is absorbed, but so gradually, there's not the slightest hurt or inconvenience. Even the stubbornest freckles yield to this treatment. The underlying skin which forms the new complexion is so fresh and youthful-looking you'll marvel at the transformation. It's the only thing I know to actually discard an aged, faded, muddy or blotchy complexion. It is fine for a discolored neck. One ounce of mercolized wax, procurable at any drug store, is sufficient in most cases.

If sun and wind make you squint and frown, you're bound to cultivate wrinkles and crow's feet. To overcome these quickly, bathe the face in a solution made by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint witch hazel.

EXCURSIONS

Two great tours East and West; special trains, exclusive ships; all expense paid; best hotels. On August 9 Southern Merchants' Tour (free to merchants) visiting Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, Milwaukee and Lake Michigan. An eight-day expense-paid trip for only $49.75 (ticket good for thirty days). August 16. Our great 5,000-mile circle tour of Cincinnati, Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Great Gorge, Toronto, Thousand Islands, Montreal, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Washington, Baltimore and Savannah, with steamer trips on lakes, river and ocean. An eighteen-day expense-paid trip for only $88.85 (tickets good for thirty days, with stop-overs). Special trains on both tours leave Atlanta, Birmingham, Chattanooga and Knoxville. Limited and select party. Special cars for ladies alone. Write to-day for reservation and full particulars. J. F. McFarland, Agt., Box 1624, Atlanta, Ga.

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WITH THE McFAUL
Whooping Cough Powders

Instant Relief *In Use Over 30 Years*

For young babies, children or adults. Contains no dangerous or habit-forming drugs. When given to children under two years of age it is almost a specific, rendering the disease so mild that the whoop is not heard.

Prepared by a physician for physicians and physicians prescribe and recommend it.

By Mail 25 Cents, or at Druggists.

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431 Marietta Street Atlanta, Georgia

SENATORS, STIRRED BY LOSS OF FOSS PLANT, ARE STRONG FOR RECIPROCAL TREATIES

Prominent Democrats Make Urgent Pleas for the Necessity of Widening American Markets and Insuring Prosperity.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The startling statement of Governor Foss of Massachusetts that he intends to remove his manufacturing plant to Canada as a result of the pending tariff bill has aroused the keenest interest among Senators.

Democratic Senators are strong for the reciprocity idea which Foss lays stress on. Here are some opinions on that subject:

Senator Lane of Oregon—Fair exchange among individuals is no robbery, and I think that will hold true among nations. I believe in reciprocal trade relations between countries. Our neighbors need things that we produce and they do not have; we need their products in many lines where we are not producers.

A mutual arrangement removing the tariff barriers a bit and offering bargains is a good thing, as it helps along business and maintains friendly relations. There's always a chance for a good trade under reciprocity, and I believe in it.

I do not think anything of the kind can be had under the present bill, however, for that measure is to go through as approved in the caucus. We ought to take up this question the moment we can, and by a separate measure, if in no other way, establish reciprocal relations that will extend our foreign trade.

Senator Ashurst of Arizona—I am in thorough sympathy with the general principles upon which reciprocity with others is based. There is a reciprocity provision in our tariff bill, and I hope through it the President may be able to negotiate business arrangements that would be advantageous to our own people.

Whether conditions to be imposed will compel manufacturing concerns to leave this country remains to be seen. Personally I do not think there will be any such result.

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon—I have always advocated reciprocal trade relations with other countries, for I believe it means an enlarged foreign market. Whatever swells our foreign trade reflects favorably upon our domestic conditions. There are many things we produce that might well be put upon a reciprocal basis in our dealings with other nations and to the mutual advantage of both parties to the compact. Whether Governor Foss is correct in the conclusions he has given, I am not prepared to say.

I wanted a countervailing duty on lumber, but the caucus voted me down. I know free lumber will operate to the disadvantage of the people of the Northwest along the Canadian line. The crown land timber can not be exported save only under an export tax. That same timber can be cut in Canada and shipped into the United States free as sawed lumber.

Some of our American firms are going over to engage in the business. We should devise some plan of reciprocity, either through specific legislation or by leaving it to the President. That has long been the American policy. Blaine and McKinley both favored it.

Senator Owen, of Oklahoma, chairman of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, declared reciprocity is necessary for the business welfare and prosperity of the American people.

"Reciprocity," said he, "will widen the market for American products and create a greater field for the employment of American labor. This statement I regard as a fundamental truth which makes reciprocity a necessary feature of the tariff systems of the world.

"I have always believed in reciprocity—the principle of reciprocity. Our tariff operates as a bar to commerce and narrows the field of opportunity for labor in this country. For example, our tariff obstructs the shipment into the United States of French goods.

The French in turn impose a tariff on our shipments to France, and these two tariffs amount to an obstruction of commerce between the two countries. They prevent an interchange of commodities.

"There are many French goods which the people of this country want that are not and can not be made in this country. They have a style and quality as distinctive to that country as a perfume to a flower. The same condition is true of France. There are American goods the French desire, but the tariff acts as an obstacle to the interchange of these commodities.

"By the application of the rule of reciprocity we could open the French markets to our American products and at the same time give the American people the French products they desire. It would stimulate the production in both America and France and broaden the field of opportunity for laborer and merchant.

"I have always looked upon the tariff as a necessary evil—necessary as a revenue producer. If we can raise money for the cost of government from other sources and lower the tariff where our markets would not be injured, we would benefit all classes of American citizens."

Five Attempts Show How Vast Would Be Value of Reciprocity

In 1854-1865 we had reciprocity with Canada. Our exports rapidly increased, and reciprocity was proven an unqualified success. It was terminated owing to the Civil War. Canada refused in 1911 to reopen the question.

In 1880 President Arthur sent a trade commission to South and Central America to plan an American Zollverein or "Customs Union." The results were mainly educational, but the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty was negotiated, with results that became important and historic in annexation twelve years later.

In 1890 a dozen trade agreements were entered into under the "reciprocity section" of the McKinley bill.

The President was authorized to withhold free entry of raw sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides from any nation that should refuse to grant us a quid pro quo.

A dozen trade agreements were entered into with foreign countries greatly to our advantage. Germany abolished its long-standing prohibition against American hogs, and gave us the full benefit of its "conventional" tariff on all agricultural products. Austria-Hungary gave us the rates of "the most favored nation" on 2,000 separate items of American export.

But all these reciprocity arrangements were annulled August 27, 1894, by the passage of the Wilson tariff bill.

But this third national effort at general reciprocity justified itself. It fell in an era of unprecedented commercial depression. It lightened that depression by a marked stimulation of foreign trade.

OUR ANNUAL EXPORTS TO GERMANY JUST BEFORE THE BEGINNING OF THIS EXPERIMENT AMOUNTED TO NINETY MILLIONS. IN THE MIDST OF THE FOUR-YEAR PERIOD OF THE RECIPROCITY THEY ROSE TO ONE HUNDRED AND THREE MILLIONS; AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE CANCELING OF THE RECIPROCITY AGREEMENT THEY FELL TO EIGHTY-EIGHT MILLIONS.

In 1897, under the reciprocity section of the Dingley tariff, nine trade agreements were made. Secretary Hay made extraordinary bargains with France, Germany, Italy and Portugal.

Germany conceded to all imports from the United States the full and unqualified benefit of her "conventional" tariff—a specially low tariff created by Germany for her European neighbors.

Without injury to a single American industry, without a single murmur of complaint in this country, Secretary Hay secured from Germany a guaranty against discrimination in any article of our export trade.

THE IMMEDIATE EFFECT WAS A DECIDED INCREASE IN OUR EXPORTS TO GERMANY FROM $155,800,000 IN 1899 TO $191,800,000 IN 1901, TO $249,555,926 IN 1910. OUR IMPORTS FROM THAT COUNTRY IN 1910 WERE $168,805,137.

In 1904, under a reciprocity treaty with Cuba, we again reaped a large reward and are continuing to reap it.

In 1903 our exports to Cuba were valued at $21,761,638.

In 1905 they had jumped to $38,380,601.

In 1912 they were $62,203,051.

Baby Talk Is Rot, Professor Asserts

Dr. Berle, of Tufts College, Says Children Have to Unlearn all of it in School.

DENVER, July 26.—A new race, a new civilization, when reason and soundness instead of hysteria shall rule politics, education, religions, business and every other phase of life, will come when America applies intensive education to its children instead of the system now in general use.

That is the prophecy of Professor A. A. Berle, of Tufts College. He said:

"Every bit of the foolish jargon taught babies nowadays will have to be unlearned some day. The average father and mother instead of preparing their child for school, instead of establishing a foundation for education and knowledge, do the very opposite.

"The average child spends his first few years in school unlearning all the rot taught him before he enters."

Cripple Starving in Hole Dug for Home

County Commissioners Take Care of Him When He Says He Hadn't Eaten for Weeks.

COLUMBUS, IND., July 26.—A cripple, having only one arm and one leg, who has been living in a hole dug in the river bank near this city, has been taken to the county poor asylum. Two of the Bartholomew County Commissioners agreed to have the man taken there temporarily. Since the publication of a story about the cripple's condition, some one had given him a pair of trousers and food was taken to him. He ate as if he had not tasted food for weeks. The cripple's name is Charles Parr. He said he had been living at Goshen and that he was trying to reach Louisville.

Train Intrudes Into Boudoir of Maiden

Crashes Into Schoolgirl's Room in Early Morning as She Is Sleeping.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Clara Marscke was sleeping the untroubled sleep of a carefree schoolgirl early to-day, when suddenly something entered the room. It was a railroad train.

The Marscke home stares straight at a railroad embankment, and directly in the path of a freight train which left the rails, several cars tumbling down from the tracks.

One of them tore through the front of the house and stopped directly in front of Miss Marscke's bed. She was removed from the wrecked house without injury.

Dog Chase of Rat Costs Mistress $5

Fox Terrier Rescued From Culvert by Newsboy and Is Rewarded by Owner.

NEW YORK, July 26.—A fox terrier, decorated with blue ribbons and held in leash by a silver chain, broke away from a stylishly dressed young woman yesterday near the Lackawanna Railroad Station in Montclair.

The dog pursued a rat, which led him into a culvert that ends in Toney's Brook. The stream runs under the railroad tracks, and is covered for half a mile.

Antonio Angelico, a newsboy, ran down the tracks to where the stream is open and caught the dog as it floated down stream with the rat in its mouth. After giving Angelico a $5 bill, the young woman picked up the bedraggled dog in her arms and hastened up Bloomfield avenue.

Wisconsin Offers New Fellowship

Memory of Albert Markham Honored by Trustees of University by Memorial Endowment.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—In compliance with the bequest of Mrs. Caroline S. Markham, the regents of the University of Wisconsin at their meeting last week established a traveling fellowship, valued at $800, to be known as the Albert Markham memorial fellowship, in honor of Professor Albert Markham, who established Markham's Academy in Milwaukee. Albert William Aron, who receives the degree of doctor of philosophy from the State University this year, and who has been an instructor in German at the university, was appointed to the fellowship.

MILLIONAIRE IS BURIED IN COFFIN OF CEMENT

DES MOINES, July 26.—A coffin containing the body of Oliver H. Perkins, millionaire, who died recently, has been placed in the heart of a block of cement ten feet deep by ten feet square in Woodland Cemetery. The block will form a foundation for a monument which will be erected in September. An excavation ten feet deep by ten feet square was made. Cement was poured into the grave to a depth of three feet, upon which was placed a steel casket. Then the pouring of cement was resumed until the grave was filled.

MANY WIDOWS MARRY.

VANCOUVER, WASH., July 26.—Of the 171 marriage licenses issued in Clark County in June, fifty were to widows. The greatest number of those married came from Portland.

Lillian Lorraine to Sue Husband Cites Story of His First Wife Gresheimer Fraud, Says Beauty

Two poses of Lillian Lorraine, famous Broadway beauty, who will ask courts to annul her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer.



Broadway Star Declares She Was Deceived as to His Character When He Wooed Her.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Lillian Lorraine, whose beauty has aided in making musical comedy popular along Broadway, yesterday instructed her attorney, Herman L. Roth, to draw up a complaint to have her marriage to Frederick Gresheimer annulled.

Her directions were followed immediately, and soon process servers were scouring the city with a summons for Gresheimer, who has not been seen since his wife went before the Grand Jury and charged him with taking a valuable diamond ring and pawning it for about $2,250. He returned the pawn ticket to her and disappeared.

Gresheimer in Europe.

"As nearly as we can learn," Mr. Roth said last night, "Mr. Gresheimer has gone to Europe. We will have to serve him by publication, I presume."

"I positively can't talk about the suit against my husband," said Miss Lorraine last night, "except to say that I have asked Mr. Roth to begin a suit. I couldn't stand his actions any longer. I will be glad when the court relieves me of him."

The complaint states that Miss Lorraine was grossly deceived in the man she twice married—the first time before he was legally freed from his first wife and the second time about three months ago. Her complaint cites much of the evidence given by Gresheimer's first wife in their divorce suit in Chicago.

Caned Florenz Ziegfeld.

"He falsely and fraudulently represented to me," says the fair plaintiff, 'that he was a respectable, honorable, law-abiding and honest citizen. He concealed his true character." On June 15, she says, he deserted her after having torn the diamond ring off her finger.

His last spectacular appearance in public was at Martin's on June 29 last. He waited until Florenz Ziegfeld came out of the restaurant with Miss Lorraine and then caned him. Ziegfeld insisted he was mystified over the motive for this attack.

Finds Wife Heiress; Quits Police Force

Patrolman Discovers That His Spouse Can Write Check for $200,000—Casts Uniform Aside.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Henry Daniels, who resigned from the police force, only learned that day that his wife, whom he married June 21, 1904, is an heiress and able to write her name to a check for $200,000.

Mrs. Daniels decided that she had kept up her experiment long enough Friday she told her husband of her estates near Milwaukee, and informed him that she thought he might as well resign from the police force so he would have time to manage his family affairs.

Mrs. Daniels was Miss Margaret Hands, of Milwaukee. Her father died several years ago and left her the bulk of his fortune. With it he left her advice to the effect that she should allow no man to marry her for her money. She followed this advice.

Beer Flows in Creek; Fish Have Delirium

Brewery Is Closed and Product Is Used as Treat for Deep's Denizens.

MENDOTA, ILL., July 26.—There will be no more fishing in the Mendota Creek for months to come. It is improbable that the fish will be able to see the bait for several weeks. The banks are lined with hundreds of dead fish and the creek is full of others dead drunk.

Because of failure to pay the Government tax the Mendota brewery was closed and 1,081 barrels of beer were emptied into the river.

An hour later a conglomeration of queer sounds arose from the creek, from the mewing of catfish to the deep bass of the bass. Several turtles were seen disporting themselves absurdly on a log and three bullfrogs staggered down Main street to-night until taken into custody by a policeman.

DOCTOR'S KNIFE CHANGES BANDIT INTO MODEL MAN

Notorious "Black Bart" Holzhay Released from Michigan Prison After Serving for 24 Years.

MARQUETTE, MICH., July 26.—"Black Bart" Holzhay, whose criminal career was one of the most spectacular ever recorded in the United States, is now a free man, after having served twenty-four years of a life sentence imposed on him in 1889 for murder. His release is made possible by legislation enacted two years ago, which extends the benefits of the parole law to convicts undergoing life sentence.

Holzhay is now 47 years old. When he entered prison he was illiterate and possessed a record as a desperado, stage coach and train robber. He gave the prison much trouble during the first few years, but following a surgical operation his character changed completely and he became a model prisoner.

Had Picturesque Career.

Because of his swarthy appearance and ill-kept beard Holzhay gained the name of "Black Bart," the bandit, and under that sobriquet he became notorious as the most picturesque criminal in the histories of Wisconsin and Michigan—the terror of two States.

His exploits in the woods of Northern Michigan rivaled those of Jesse James. A peaceful lumberjack for a long while, he suddenly broke into a series of crimes which continued until the mention of his name struck terror to the hearts of travelers in the North woods.

Holzhay's career of crime continued unmolested, banks, stores, trains, stage coaches and private houses alike falling into his hands and getting out again with less than they possessed before. Finally Holzhay planned to hold up the stage which passed Lake Gogebic, learning that several Chicago bankers, among them A. E. Fleischbein, were to be on board.

He stopped the coach and demanded the money from the bankers. Fleischbein reached his hand into his pocket, but instead of cash he pulled out a revolver. Before he could shoot, the bandit had fired and Fleischbein fell mortally wounded. A second man tried to resist, but Holzhay shot him also, searched the men and got away.

Two States Joint in Pursuit.

The authorities of two States took up the pursuit. Trains were watched and stages guarded. But for a long time Holzhay evaded his pursuers. He slept in the woods, only going to the villages for necessary food.

He was captured in Republic. In his cell he was as fearless as if he were holding up a train or a coach. On one occasion he stole a table knife, sharpened it on the floor of his cell and held one of the guards at bay. Finally the physicians decided that he was insane, and he was sent to the asylum at Ionia. There he was operated upon and then returned to Marquette.

Since the operation Holzhay has been a different man. He has given no trouble whatever, his demeanor has been as gentle as that of a child, and all his time when not at work has been devoted to reading.

Baby, Shut in Coop, Fights Off Chickens

Fowls Pick at Eighteen-Month-Old Girl, Who Is Rescued by Humane Society Officer.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rosa Rubenstein, 1245 Waller street, an 18-month-old baby girl, shared an ordinary sized wire-covered coop with five chickens at 632 Maxwell street yesterday. Her eyes were large with fright and she was at the end of the coop keeping the chickens away with a small stick.

The fowls were pecking at her bare legs. Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane Society, made the discovery in making a trip through the West Side ghetto.

Brayne removed the child. The girl's mother, Mrs. Jennie Rubenstein, arrived shortly. She told Brayne she left the child in the coop.

Woman Asks Half of Millionaire's Riches

Files Suit for Wife's Share of Estate Though He Was Thought a Widower.

DENVER, July 26.—Mrs. Michael Kennedy, of Leadville, filed a suit to-day in the District Court of Denver County against the trustees of the W. S. Stratton estate, the Myron Stratton Home and the International Trust Company, in which she demands one-half of the property, alleging that she is the widow of W. S. Stratton, millionaire mining man, who died in 1903 leaving an estate of $8,000,000 to the State of Colorado for a home for indigent citizens of the State. This home has not been built. Stratton was believed to be a widower at his death.

SOLDIER'S WIDOW LIVES TWO YEARS ON $95 INCOME

HASTINGS, MICH., July 26.—The death of Mrs. Lottie Malloy, an old settler, revealed the fact that she existed two years and three months on the sum of $95. She and her husband resided on a farm at Leach Lake, north of town, until they went to the Soldiers' Home in Grand Rapids, where Malloy died two years ago.

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Spine Is Dislocated By Mother's Slap

Parent Is Grief-Stricken When She Finds Punished Child Is Unable to Walk.

WINCHESTER, KY., July 26.—Sorrow has come deeply into the life of Mrs. Shirley Pace, of the Muddy Creek pike, who unintentionally may be the cause of the death of her child, Leon Allen, aged 3. Because of some act of disobedience the mother, catching the child by the arm, administered several sharp slaps on his back just below the shoulder blade.

"I can't walk," the child lisped to his grandmother, after the punishment. On examination it was found that three of the spinal vertebrae had been dislocated. He will be taken to a Lexington hospital next week and Dr. B. F. Van Meter will attempt to straighten the little fellow's spine, but there is little hope for his recovery.

The mother, who was Miss Nona Rye before her marriage, is grief-stricken.

Railroad Chief Leaves $20,000 to Secretary

Man Who Ended Life in Missouri River Provides Handsomely for Employee in Will.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—The will of George Townsend, interurban railway builder, who ended his life in the Missouri River, filed for probate here, leaves his estate to his relatives and to Mrs. M. A. Schadden, his private secretary.

Henry M. Beardsley, his attorney, said he thought $25,000 would cover the personal property. The remainder of the estate is composed mostly of Kansas lands, which are expected to bring the total to $100,000.

Mrs. M. A. Schadden, of Kansas City, his confidential secretary, was originally bequeathed $2,500. This had been changed to $20,000. Townsend was a brother of Congressman Townsend, of New Jersey.

Deacon Newlywed Hazed After Wedding

Members of Congregation Take Bridegroom to Lonesome Field and Lash Him to Tree.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Walter Stratton, 35 years old, a deacon in the Roanoke Boulevard Christian Church here, who was married recently to Miss Alta Barber, of Humboldt, Kans., was "kidnaped" from his bride by men members of the congregation at the close of church services the other night and severely hazed. Members of the hazing party said they sought "to punish" Deacon Stratton for going outside the church circle for a bride.

The hazers met Mr. and Mrs. Stratton at the church door. While two of them guarded Mrs. Stratton, the others took Stratton to a pasture a mile away and tied him to a tree.

Right to "Damn" Not Man's Alone

Indiana Judge Invests Woman With Privilege to Swear Upon Provocation.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Judge McCoy, of the City Court, today decided that a woman had a legal right to say "damn." Miss Kate Graham had an argument with her landlord several days ago over the rent, and, according to her story in court, she used these words to the landlord:

"I will not pay you a damned cent until I find out whether the house is condemned."

Mrs. Graham was arrested, but discharged, the court holding that under the circumstances she was justified in using the word "damn."

Woman Sues Road For a Stolen Kiss

Says She Fought Engineer in Effort to Retain It and Demands $1,999.

SEATTLE, July 26.—To what extent a railroad is responsible for the actions of its employees is involved in a suit filed in the Snohomish County Superior Court by Mrs. Charles Nelson, who asks $1,999 damages from the Great Northern Railroad Company for a kiss imprinted upon her cheek by George Thorne, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Nelson charges Thorne seated himself beside her, put his arm around her and kissed her. She says she fought him off, and he tore her wrap during the struggle.

TEST OF SUN'S HEAT TO HELP FORECASTERS

Agriculture May Be Revolutionized in 25 Years, Declares Expert, Who Has New Theory.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Startling changes in existing theories regarding the sun and its effect on the earth are made by Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis. He says that numerical values regarding the equivalent in horsepower or other units of the amount of radiation received from the sun, as given in the best school and college textbooks as well as in most of the cyclopedias and dictionaries, should be reduced 20 to 30 per cent.

Professor Frost asserts that measures and estimates by the late Professor S. P. Langley were too high—nearly 50 per cent too high—and that the theory of the "solar constant" should be revised; that it is not a constant, but a variable; in other words, our sun is a variable star like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

Absorption to Increase.

Other facts set forth are that, beginning in the summer of 1912, there has been a decided increase in absorption and that when the sun spots are numerous the radiation received from the sun is relatively high. In about four years the spots will be numerous.

The belief is also expressed that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions six months or longer in advance by careful observations of solar conditions, and that the advance forecasts will revolutionize the agriculture of the world. Professor Frost, however, thinks it may be 25 years or longer before long-distance forecasts on the lines mentioned will be possible. Local scientists who have read the article of Professor Frost say it is most valuable.

Useful in Time.

"It is a highly interesting article to the layman and scientist alike," said Professor Henry J. Cox, in charge of the Chicago Weather Bureau. "The subject of the earth's absorption of the sun's heat is one which has interested the Government to a great degree. We haven't reached the point of using the figures set forth by Professor Frost, but I feel sure that we will be able to in time. Professor Kimball has been making observations along these lines at Mount Weather."

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Horse for 15c Balks; Asks Money Back

Bargain Roadster Is Cause of Fight Between Two Foreigner Friends in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 26.—This is the story of a horse which, in spite of his decrepitude, was the cause of a fight over 15 cents between two friends.

John Nayewska, of No. 8612 Baltimore avenue, the owner, found himself broke. There were no oats in the barn. Tony Novak, who lives in the next block, was thinking at the same time how nice it would be to take a ride with his family on Sundays.

"Gimme 15 cents for him," said John.

"You're on," said Tony.

Tony hitched the animal to his old buggy and helped his wife and three children in. The horse refused to move for an hour.

Tony hastened to John's house, angry. He demanded his money back.

John had spent the money. The argument became so heated the police were called.

STRAY DOG SAVES TOWN WHEN HE DISCOVERS FIRE

IOWA CITY, IOWA, July 26.—A stray dog, sheltered for the night by a kindly man, saved the town of Downey from destruction by fire when it awakened its protector, Station Agent Flynn, who found a nearby store and factory ablaze. The two structures were destroyed, but Flynn aroused the town and the citizens, improvising a fire brigade, saved the remainder of the village.

300,000 to Mend Missouri Roads

Governor and All Other State Officials to Wield Shovels for Two Days.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26.—Governor Major has announced that he will issue a proclamation soon setting apart two days in August when every able-bodied resident in the rural districts and towns of the State will be asked to render personal assistance in improving the highways.

The Governor estimates that at least 300,000 men will respond. Many will furnish teams and machinery.

"The work of 300,000 earnest men for two days will be equivalent to 600,000 days of work, to say nothing of the teams that will be supplied," the Governor said. "Many boys, too, will turn out and aid the good cause."

Governor Major himself proposes to wield a pick and shovel for the two days on some highway near Jefferson City, and he will expect every State official to do the same.

BIRDS BUILD THEIR NEST IN SACK FOR CLOTHESPINS

MILTON, IND., July 26.—A pair of house wrens have built their nest on clothespins in a sack at Benton Wagner's home here. Mrs. Wagner hangs her clothespin sack on a post inside the back porch, which is screened by vines. Monday when she went to hang out the family wash she found the wrens had built their nest in the sack of pins and rather than disturb them, she sent to the store for more clothespins.

LOLITA ARMOUR CURED, IS QUEEN OF RICH DOMAIN

Daughter of Packer, at Sixteen, Managing Melody Farm While Parents Are in Europe.

A $2,300,000 VILLA HERS

Little Girl Who Was Enabled to Walk by Dr. Lorenz Shows Only Traces of Lameness.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., July 26.—Little Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, multi-millionaire packer, is now queen of her father's magnificent estate here.

Lolita is the little girl who was born lame and never walked a step until Dr. Lorenz came from Vienna and worked a miracle with his hands, putting her hip bone in the place where nature had forgot to put it.

Now she is well and strong and happy, a beautiful girl of 16, who limps ever so little, but lives free from pain and full of the joy of youth in the paradise her father has made for her.

Rules Father's Farm.

And this summer she is particularly happy. For she is a princess, ruling over her own principality.

Both father and mother are in Europe, and in their absence she is managing Melody Farm, the country estate of the Armours, out on the prairie to the west of Lake Forest.

To know what that means you should see Melody Farm. Many a really truly princess has a far humbler principality.

Most princesses, too, haven't much to do but wear their coronets. But Miss Lolita has a job on her hands.

To begin with, there's the house, called by courtesy a "country place." Her father built it for Lolita because the doctored cured her.

It is said $2,000,000 went into the beautiful white marble villa.

There are halls and corridors, clean white walks, fountains playing, green things growing, libraries, picture galleries, music rooms and conservatories. And Princess Lolita looks after it all and sees that the servants keep everything in order, that the guests are entertained, that the larder is stocked and the tradesmen are paid.

Mansion Built in Swamp.

That is but the beginning, for Mr. Armour undertook to build Lolita's principality out of a swamp.

Nearly seven years now scores of workmen have toiled to rear outbuildings, walls, terraces, pergolas and pavilions, to dredge sloughs for a winding lake full of islands and swans, to make sunken gardens and fish ponds, flower gardens, vegetable gardens and greenhouses; to plant shrubs, orchards and forest trees; to build roads, bridges and cottages, and to drain and cultivate 1,000 acres.

To-day the most obvious jobs are but little more than half done, and so there are years of hard work left.

All this daily labor and working out of plans is under the eye of the little girl. Joseph Burgess, the superintendent, manages the men—but he reports to Miss Lolita.

She watches the green lawns and gardens gaining on the swamp, the flower beds spreading to fill the big space within a square of brick walls just risen, the statues and trellises rising triumphantly over places where a year or two ago there were only sludgy sod and mosquitoes.

Over the whole wonderful domain is the warm July sunshine and the clear air of the prairies fragrant with sweet clover.

Slashed Skirts Block Fifth Avenue

N. Y. Mob Jeers Four Gay Women

Police Rescue Scared Wearers



An actual snapshot of a slashe-dskirt wearer just before she and some other women caused a traffic blockade in Fifth avenue, New York.

Taxicab Needed Also to Quell the Stampede Caused by Daring Costumes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—It required three policemen, a quick-witted chauffeur and a taxicab to rescue from a jeering crowd four young women who ventured into Fifth avenue dressed in gowns of the latest and most daring Parisian styles.

The young women, who, it is said, are models, appeared shortly after noon. Each was bewilderingly clad, the most striking point of their attire being skirts daringly slashed above the knee. The slash was in front, too, which gave the skirt a rather startling appearance as the wearer walked. And every skirt was of the "transparent" variety that is calculated to "turn the head" of any man.

A crowd quickly collected. Up Fifth avenue from Forty-first to Forty-second street the unique parade passed. At every step recruits fell into line, and soon the crowd overflowed the curb and threatened to hold up traffic for blocks. By the time they had reached the library esplanade the girls were badly frightened and striving to get away from their pursuers.

At Forty-second street and Fifth avenue the jam became so great that the fair devotees of fashion were unable to progress. Backed against the wall, they were forced to listen for several moments to remarks of a complimentary, but embarrassing, nature from grinning and appreciative spectators.

Traffic policemen finally forced a path for a taxicab and the four blushing young women were hoisted in and wheeled away.

'MOST UNIQUE' TOWN IS PICKED BY PRESIDENT

Cornish, Where Summer Capital Is Located, Is Mythical Village in Vermont Hills.

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

CORNISH, N. H., July 26.—(There really isn't any such place as Cornish, but it makes a good date line.)

When President Wilson selected the mythical town of Cornish for the "Summer Capital of the United States" and the Churchill home as the Summer White House, he little dreamed that he was getting within striking distance of the most unique town in the United States.

Yes, I know that "most unique" is a phrase condemned by all writers and speakers of good English, but it is the only superlative adjective applicable to the town of Baltimore, Vermont.

There is at least one other Baltimore in the United States which has gained prominence because of its size and the excellence of its crabs and oysters. Baltimore, Vt., has exactly 22 inhabitants and 12 voters! Also, I have it directly from the oldest inhabitant of the place that neither of the other Baltimore's luxuries have ever reached this namesake of the Maryland metropolis.

Few Know of Town.

So small is the town of Baltimore, Vt., that but a select few in this section of the country know of its existence. Shortly after my arrival here I heard rumors of the strangeness of the town from a "foreigner" here, who had evinced an interest in the peculiar things in his adopted land.

The only man in Windsor, N. H., the town opposite Cornish, who would admit that he had ever heard of such a place was the oldest inhabitant, Davis by name, who volunteered to guide me to the smallest town in the United States, provided I would supply the automobile.

The road to Baltimore led up the side of a steep mountain and during our ascent the patriarch of Windsor regaled me with strange tales of the town which we were approaching. In Vermont, it appears, every town must have a charter.

Baltimore obtained its charter in 1786 when there were twenty people in the township—think of it, a century and a quarter, and the population of a town increases only 10 per cent, or two persons.

Baltimore Holds Back Returns.

In this connection, said the oldest inhabitant, an interesting incident occurred during the 1900 election for President. Vermont was the last State to file returns of her election in that year. Indeed she was so far behind the others that many queries were made from Washington as to the reason for the delay. "Baltimore has not yet sent in the returns" came back the reply from Montpelier to each of the questions concerning the reason for Vermont's tardiness. Finally one enterprising New York newspaper sent a man up to "discover" Baltimore and to find out why it had not sent in its election returns.

After many hardships he reached the town and put the question to the leading citizen, who replied with a tone of surprise: "Waal, you see, we done forgot to vote on the right day, an' we're waitin' to find out if it's legal to vote now."

They have little or no money in Baltimore, practically all the exchange of commodities being done by means of direct trading. The community is practically self-supporting, and the inhabitants make their own clothing and knit their own socks. Even their hats are home products. The only article of wear that I could find which was not made by the Baltimoreans was their shoes.

These are curiosities! The men of the village—pardon, town—on week days wear the most primitive of footwear—leather boots with iron soles. The Sheriff of Baltimore showed me his pair of never-wear-outs, which, he said, had been in his family for 30 years, and they did not show the least sign of giving way.

Sheriff Kennedy informed me that he and his sons had "leather shoes" for Sunday wear, but he admitted that they were "a mite uncomfortable after wearing the other kind."

The only mail which reaches Baltimore arrives every other week. Their school is their mother's knee, their church the parlor of the Sheriff's home. Every one of the 22 inhabitants is related, and their physical condition is a touching proof of the evils of intermarriage and the danger of tuberculosis in the mountain districts.

CHAPLAIN LIFTS VEIL OVER END OF QUANTRELL

Famous Guerrilla Lived Until Five Years Ago, Declares Spiritual Adviser of Band.

ARLA, OKLA., July 26.—That all of the accounts of Quantrell's disappearance and death after the war are erroneous is the statement by Rev. B. F. Garrett, 95, who was a member of Quantrell's band. He says the chieftain died only about five years ago in Angelina County, Texas, where he had lived since the fall of the Confederacy. He visited Quantrell there about ten years ago.

Mr. Garrett says he was the only preacher with the Quantrell band and that he took part in most of the daring exploits of the famous guerrilla leader, including the raid on Lawrence, Kans.

Mr. Garrett lived at Galveston for a number of years prior to the flood, and when it came he happened to be away from home, holding a revival meeting. In the storm twenty-six members of his family were lost, only a granddaughter escaping. When he returned to the scene of desolation and saw the bodies of hundreds of victims being cremated in the great funeral pyres of debris his reason failed, and for two years he was an inmate of the State Asylum.

Suddenly Recovers Reason.

Finally he recovered his sanity as suddenly as it had left him and left the asylum cured. Since then he has been trying to locate his granddaughter, and found her only recently through an advertisement.

One of the most desperate battles of the Quantrell band was fought not far from this place, on the banks of Boggy Creek just north of Atoka, where Quantrell's men were surprised and overcome by a detachment of Federal troops, leaving twenty of their number dead on the field. The graves of the fallen guerrillas may still be seen, close to the right of way of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad, just out of reach from the overflow of Boggy Creek.

The battle was fought on August 21, 1863. Quantrell, accompanied by Bill Anderson and the two Captains Todd, with about three hundred men, was traveling south and when passing the spot on Boggy Creek was ambushed by a party of Federal soldiers. At the first volley from the rifles of the Federals most of the men who lie buried there fell from their horses either dead or mortally wounded.

Quantrell Rallies Men.

For a few minutes the surprise of Quantrell's men was complete and their utter annihilation seemed certain. They were between a swollen stream and a well-armed body of men. However, Quantrell succeeded in rallying his men and charged the Federals, thus opening an avenue of escape.

Quantrell returned after the battle and dug graves and buried the dead. He secured slabs of sandstone and his men scratched on the stones with their knives the initials of the dead, the date and the letters "C. S. A." (Confederate States of America). A stone was placed at the head of each grave.

Old Spinning Wheel Starts Family Row

Heirs to Michigan Estate Fall Out on Question of Who Gets Relic.

MARSHALL, MICH., July 26.—One old spinning wheel is causing the heirs to the estate of Zelotus Carpenter, deceased, trouble. Mr. Carpenter died two years ago, leaving a large estate and seven heirs. The estate includes a spinning wheel which his grandmother once owned. It is of genuine black mahogany and valuable as a relic. When it became known that the spinning wheel was here relic collectors from all over the United States began writing and offering bids for it, and people have been here from Detroit, Boston, Portland, Oreg., and many other places to see it.

As a relic there is a dispute on among the heirs to see who is going to get it.

PARTY IN AUTOMOBILES HUNT FUGITIVE LIONS

SIOUX CITY, IOWA, July 26.—An automobile party has left here to join in the hunt with citizens of Osage for lions supposed to be at large in that vicinity. Members of the party state they found men with guns on the lookout, several men asserting they had seen the animals. The tracks are said to be indisputable.

Deputy Game Garden George Nelson said he caught sight of the lions. The farm upon which the animals were first seen has been thoroughly searched, but to no avail. Bloodhounds were placed upon the trail, but nothing was accomplished.

FATHER SENT SEVEN SONS TO WAR BETWEEN STATES

QUARRYVILLE, PA., July 26.—The death of George W. Bierly, of Eden township, recalls the fact that he and six of his brothers served in the Civil War. When the conflict started their father told his seven sons it was their duty to enlist, and all did so. One was killed at Bowling Green, Ky. The remaining six returned from the army, and of them only one now survives, Taylor Bierly, of Parkesburg, Pa.

Hen Displaced by Hot Spring Water

Natural Incubator Discovered by California Farmers in Flowing Stream and Used Successfully.

SAN BERNARDINO, CAL., July 26. Ranchers of the hot springs belt in the San Bernardino Valley, Arrowhead, Harlem and Urbita, will henceforth let nature hatch the eggs.

When a setting hen disappeared from the Sturges Sawyer Ranch, in the Warm Creek District, Sawyer rushed for an ancient incubator. He could not find a lamp and there was no oil about the place.

Time was slipping and the eggs were growing cold. Sawyer finally hit upon the scheme of turning water from a natural hot spring through the incubator.

After several days of anxious watching, he heard the "peep, peep," of the first chick, and soon he had a large brood.

Fleet's Cruise Stops Wedding of Ensign

Decision of Secretary Daniels to Send Ships to Mediterranean Halts Matrimonial Plans.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Decision by Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, to send the Atlantic battleship fleet on a Mediterranean cruise was instrumental in postponing until next spring the marriage of Ensign William Henry Purnell Blandy, U. S. N., of the battleship Florida, and Miss Roberta Hope Amies, one of the prettiest of the Capital's younger women.

The young couple were to have been married in the autumn, but now, due to the foreign cruise, the event will not take place until the return of the fleet next spring from the winter maneuvers in Cuba and the spring target practice.

Wrong Man's Ribs Cracked for Rival's

Jealous Suitors Attack Stranger and, Finding Mistake, Apologize and Take to Heels.

NEW York, July 26.—A girl's jealous suitors held up Daniel Smith, of Peekskill, at a pistol's point in Highland Falls yesterday. They beat him until three of his ribs were broken and his head terribly bruised before they discovered they had the wrong man.

"So you'll keep after Beulah," was the remark that preceded the attack. Finally, when the young man was able to explain his innocence, his assailants let him up, saying: "Excuse us, old pal; guess we got the wrong fellow." Then they fled. Smith is in the hospital. Who "Beulah" is has not developed.

Tonic Bottle Blow Restores Lost Hair

Waiter Attacked by Woman and Struck on Bald Pate Beneficiary of Miracle.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—Hattie Clark, be-diamonded and gowned in the latest mode, struck A. F. Wachter, a waiter in a Fifth avenue cafe, over the bald head with a bottle containing hair tonic because he failed to serve her promptly. She was arrested. When she appeared in court she glanced toward Wachter and swooned.

Miss Clark declared that she had been overcome by Wachter's full head of hair, which was bald when she hit him. She told the court she had broken a bottle of hair tonic over Wachter's head. She pleaded that she be allowed to go, as Wachter had been benefited.

ROAD BUILDERS OF STATES TO MEET SOON IN DETROIT

DETROIT, July 26.—All roads will lead to this city the last week in September, and thither the road-building tribes of all the States will go upon the 29th of the month to the third annual American Road Congress.

There will be model exhibits, under the direction of the United States Office of Public Roads, every style of street and road surfacing, approved types of highway bridges and culverts, specimen exhibits of road construction from a reproduction of the Appian Way down to the latest thing in approved road construction.

CEREMONY IMPRESSION AS SON BAPTIZES FATHER

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Being baptized by his own son, according to Baptist Church rites, was the experience of Charles Bentzien, 90 years old, father of the assistant pastor of the Temple Baptist Church, who also was formerly of the White Temple at Portland. The occasion was attended by impressive ceremonies.

OFFERS $500,000 TO HIS WIFE FOR A FULL DIVORCE

Peculiar Matrimonial Mix-Up on Pacific Coast Brings to Light Interesting Facts.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—A three-cornered divorce suit, with one husband willing to give his wife a divorce and half a million dollars without dispute, and the other husband contesting a suit by his wife, is interesting friends of the principals here in Los Angeles and San Diego.

Joseph L. Eastland, who owns three counties in Tennessee in addition to a fortune in California real estate, has just been served with papers in a suit filed by Mrs. Eastland.

Mrs. John N. Drummond, Jr., has filed suit for a divorce against her husband, son of the tobacco king, naming Mrs. Eastland in her suit.

It is reported that Eastland told his wife before she filed her suit that he would settle $500,000 upon her in lieu of alimony, if she asked it.

Drummond, who is being sued by his wife, scoffs at the charge that he has been attentive to Mrs. Eastland. He says that his wife has been both cruel and neglectful toward him and that he has done all he could to win her affection.

Wife Charges Cruelty.

Mrs. Drummond, now a resident of Los Angeles, charges her husband with cruelty, desertion and infidelity.

Meanwhile Drummond declares he is going to fight. He amplified this with a statement relative to the divorce action:

"Mrs. Drummond is prompted only by pecuniary motives in suing me."

She gave little or no attention to him during his critical illness in August, 1911, Drummond says, and he gave out a copy of a letter written to him by Mrs. S. Frank, the nurse. This letter alleges Mrs. Drummond neglected her husband when he was ill and that a neighbor furnished necessary sickroom supplies.

"Mrs. Drummond's accusations against Mrs. Eastland are grossly unjust," said Drummond. "Mrs. Eastland was never in our home, except when chaperoned by her two brothers and her sister.

Says He Sought Happiness.

"I tried in every possible way to make our married life happy. I kept three places to satisfy her—our Los Angeles home, I bought the Lake Side property from her father for our country home, and Mrs. Drummond has apartments in San Diego.

"I am having my attorney prepare a cross-complaint to Mrs. Drummond's action and will use every dollar at my command to obtain my child, Virginia Harrison, now 3.

"I was never able to have any of my friends in my home. Whenever they were present, she openly insulted them about me. The first friends I invited to my home was during her absence. She took the opportunity to name one of them as a corespondent. She put detectives on the trail of these friends and caused innocent persons embarrassment to further her cause, which was to get alimony out of me."

SUICIDE INVITES DIVORCED WIFE TO ATTEND FUNERAL

WORCESTER, MASS., July 26.—Leaving a note to his sister, Mrs. Henry Collins, with whom he lived, directing that $35 be given to the divorced wife with which to purchase a mourning gown and that she be asked to be chief mourner at his funeral, Ferdinand Helfenstein turned on the gas in his bedroom and died.

Mrs. Helfenstein obtained a divorce from her husband last January and since then he had been despondent. Helfenstein left a note for his former wife, but its contents have not been disclosed.

PRISONER ASKS THAT HIS TRIAL BE DELAYED 2 YEARS

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Acting as his own attorney, James Smythe, a negro house prowler captured by J. M. Irvin, asked Judge Walter Lancy, of the North City Court of Kansas City, Kans., for a continuance of two years. He said he would not be ready to be tried in less time.

SEARCH IS MADE FOR CONTROL OF TEACHER-THIEF

Psychic Experts Plan to Hypnotize Prisoner to Make Her Reveal Her Accomplice.

SIOUX FALLS, S. NAK., July 26.—A dual personality which is attracting the attention of psychological students of the West and is puzzling the authorities who have been working on a baffling series of robberies, has been bared in the arrest of Mrs. Helen Veeder Anderson, instructor in art in the Dakota Wesleyan University at Mitchell, after weeks of inquiry by the police.

Theories of two psychopathic experts that Mrs. Anderson's second personality may have been discovered, and brought into stronger existence by some person who had her under hypnotic control have caused the police to renew work on a mystery they had already counted as solved by the woman's arrest. Mrs. Anderson may be put under hypnotic control in the effort to make her reveal the name of an accomplice, a person who may be unknown to her normal self.

PETTING BAD FOR CHILD, IS ALIENIST'S OPINION

CHICAGO, July 26.—Present-day home life is the cause of much of the increase in insanity, Dr. H. C. Norris, of Ederlin, N. Dak., told the National Congress of Alienists and Neurologists here. He said:

"Instead of being trained to be a member of the family, the boy of today is taught to be President of the United States. The children are being petted and allowed to have their own way until they get an exalted idea of their own importance."

FINDS SNAKE IN HIS BED.

NASHVILLE, IND., July 26.—Joshua Rogers, living 5 miles south of Cooper, can explain the feeling of a man who awakens suddenly and finds a big blacksnake his bedfellow.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising



and You'll Enjoy Your Breakfast

NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doling out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elimination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores

And Druggists Generally

Tin Cans Now Used To Make Shingles

Pittsburg Inventor Finds Way to Utilize Component Part of City Trash Heaps.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—An industrial process makes it possible to convert a disreputable and wholly unlovely tin can into a roof shingle. Every dump in the Pittsburg district is being raked over for old tin cans. The shingles have been tested and pronounced good.

A machine for cutting off the ends of the can and rolling it into a straight form is now operating. After being rolled straight, it is put through a corrugating machine. It is then put through a weatherproofing process and through a vat containing a liquid paste, like tar.

BOARD AT $3.25 PER MONTH.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The high cost of living has no terrors for Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lindeman, No. 23 North Eden street, who furnished board and lodging for adults at $3.25 a month and made a fair profit—until the boarders began to leave without paying. Then the Lindemans had to close their boarding house.

Watch Marks Time Of Owner's Death

Timepiece Stops When Machinist Drops Dead From Heart Failure on Street Car.

MILWAUKEE, July 26. — When Gustav Maresch, a machinist employed by the Columbia Construction Company, dropped dead from heart failure on a Muskego avenue car on Eleventh avenue, his watch, which he had carried for seven years and which he boasted never lost a second, suddenly stopped.

Maresch, according to reports made by the street car crew and the police, fell from his seat in the car at 6:34 a. m. The large silver watch taken from the body at the morgue showed that it had stopped at that moment.

SNAKE GULPS HER APPLE.

SUNBURY, PA., July 26.—Sitting in a hammock that was swung under a tree, Miss Lillian Gaul, who lives on a farm a mile to the south of town, fell asleep with a small harvest apple in her hand. Something awakened her, and she was horrified to find a small garter snake in her lap, trying to swallow the apple, which had rolled from her hand.

SENTENCED SPENDTHRIFT SATISFIED THOUGH 'BROKE'

KANSAS CITY, MO., July 26—Jack Rickart, after a life of riotous living, during which he got rid of nearly $250,000, is now, at 52, blind, penniless, rheumatic and under jail sentence, but not repentant. As he sat in the station, waiting his parole, he was asked: "If you had your life to live over again what would you do?" His sightless eyes lit up and a smile broke over his wrinkled face.

"Let me tell you, boy, she would go the same old way," he said. "Prosperous times can't last always and when the tide turns I'm willing to take mine with the rest."

SALOON CLOSES ITS DOORS WHEN PET CAT DISAPPEARS

CINCINNATI, July 26.—"Closed on account of the loss of Scotty's black cat, 'Nigger,'" read a sign on the door of Scotty's saloon for one day. Several days ago the cat, who is looked upon as a member of the family, disappeared. Two days passed and the cat did not put in an appearance, so Scotty hung out a sign draped in green tissue paper and bordered by carnations to tell his customers that he had closed the saloon in mourning for the cat.

HISTORIC BRITISH MANSION, SYON HOUSE, TO BE SOLD

LONDON, July 26.—Great surprise has been caused by the announcement that the Duke of Northumberland intends to sell Syon House, one of London's most cherished landmarks.

It was from Syon House that Lady Jane Grey went to claim the throne of England after the death of Edward VI and from there, too, Charles I went forth to his execution after bidding farewell to his children.

PORCELAIN—NO GOLD
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK OUR SPECIALTY.



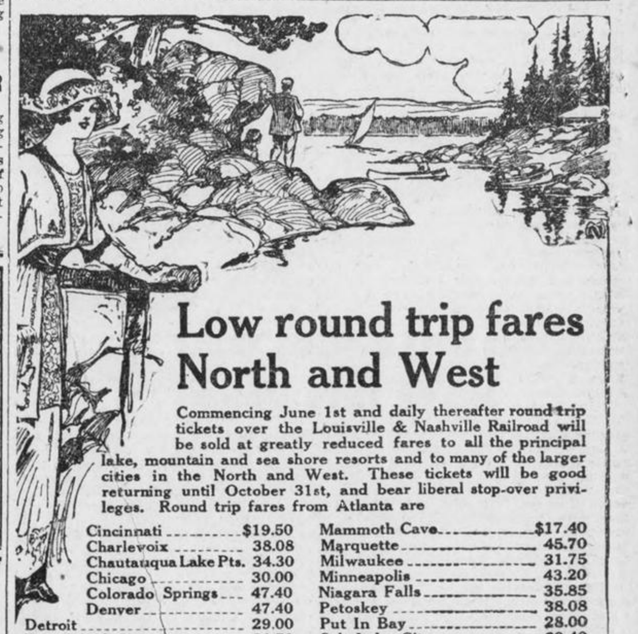
Whalebone; Best Set.
$3.00
No More, No Less.

GOLD CROWN (22-K)	$3.00
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH	3.00
SILVER FILLINGS	.25
GOLD FILINGS	.50
CLEANING TEETH	.50

TWENTY-YEAR GUARANTEE.
Eastern Painless Dentists
38½ Peachtree Street

MARRIAGE INVITATIONS

CORRECTLY AND PROMPTLY ENGRAVED
SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES
J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO., ENGRAVERS
47 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.



Low round trip fares North and West

Commencing June 1st and daily thereafter round trip tickets over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will be sold at greatly reduced fares to all the principal lake, mountain and sea shore resorts and to many of the larger cities in the North and West. These tickets will be good returning until October 31st, and bear liberal stop-over privileges. Round trip fares from Atlanta are

Cincinnati	$19.50	Mammoth Cave	$17.40
Charlevoix	38.08	Marquette	45.70
Chautauqua Lake Pts.	34.30	Milwaukee	31.75
Chicago	30.00	Minneapolis	43.20
Colorado Springs	47.40	Niagara Falls	35.85
Denver	47.40	Petoskey	38.08
Detroit	29.00	Put In Bay	28.00
French Lick Springs	21.70	Salt Lake City	60.40
Indianapolis	22.80	St. Louis	25.60
Louisville	18.00	Toronto	38.20
Mackinac Island	39.50	Yellowstone Park	67.60

These are but a few of the points. There are a great many others and we will be pleased to give full information upon application. Proportionately low fares from other points in Georgia.

L&N

Let Us Arrange Your Vacation Trip
CITY TICKET OFFICE
4 Peachtree St. PHONES { Atlanta 178 / Bell - 1088 } ATLANTA

ISLAM'S HEAD BREAKS 1,300-YEAR SILENCE AS HE VOICES VIEWS ON WOMEN

WHO THE SHEIK-UL-ISLAM IS, AND HIS POWER.

HE is the religious head of all Mohammedans, holding ecclesiastical sway over his co-religionists everywhere in the world.

• • •

His official position resembles that of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

• • •

His most dreaded power is that of proclaiming a Holy War, which might arouse the Moslems of British India and Egypt, French North Africa and German East Africa to armed rebellion.

• • •

He is supreme interpreter of the Koran and first magistrate of the Ottoman Empire.

• • •

He is keeper of the great seal, as well as de facto Minister of Justice and Education.

• • •

He may depose the Sultan.

• • •

He enjoys precedence over all the other dignitaries of the Ottoman Empire, and his rank is so exalted that he can marry into the imperial family on terms of equality.

Sheik-ul-Islam Argues for Polygamy and Unlimited Divorce in One of the Most Extraordinary Interviews Ever Obtained by Any Newspaper.

By VAHAN CARDASHAN.

(A citizen of Turkey educated at Columbia University, who has recently returned to Constantinople.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—"The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations. The result is a general monogamy. The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman. The result is widespread polygamy and immorality."

"If a man and woman have made a mistake in marrying, why perpetuate the mistake? Perhaps each of them could make another person happy?"

Such are two utterances of the Shiek-ul-Islam, the venerated archpriest of the 200,000,000 of Islam throughout the world, in an interview granted to a commissioner sent to His Highness by The American today.

Never before, in the thirteen centuries that have rolled by since Mohammed, Prophet of Allah, existed, has a Shiek-ul-Islam granted such an interview.

Alway., as to-day, the grand arbiter of the destiny of Islam, with his high office and tremendous power, dwells almost like a demigod in the Babi-Fetra, the Mohammedan Vatican, here removed from the gaze and contast of the ordinary mortal. Scores of doctors of theology and of interpreters of the Koran are with him.

He Speaks of Women And to an Unbeliever.

Most remarkable of all, the Shiek-ul-Islam spoke to one who is not a Moslem of woman, of marriage, of divorce, of the Koran. Never was such a thing known. To broach suc subjects to the head of Islam has been regarded as the height of audacity; as sacrilege.

"Your Highness," said I, after being admitted to the presence, "the newspaper that sends me to you is anxious to be enlightened as to Islam's present attitude toward polygamy, toward the veil and shawl which so many Turkish women are discarding, and above all toward the so-called 'feminist' movement whose fundamental purpose is to bring about equality of the sexes; equality of opportunity for women and men."

The eyes of the wise old man of the East were fixed on the rug on which his chair rested. Visibly, His Excellency the Counselor to the Sheik-ul-Islam, who was at his side, and the advisers and theologians who surrounded him, were amazed by my boldness. After a moment's pause, His Highness raised his head, and with a direct and kindly look, said:

"My son, I am highly pleased to see one who is so deeply interested in the tenets and doctrines of Islam, which are always holy and just. May Allah bless and guard them. But your questions aim so directly at the foundation rock of Islam that it is desirable that you should leave them with me in writing in the fashion required by the Koran and usage. Then, through the proper authorities, I shall refer to Islam for answers."

"But I said:

"'I thank Your Highness for your gracious and generous suggestion. But I am informed that the Synod, in accordance with precedent and usage, would answer only "yes" or "no" to my questions. I beg you to elaborate your answers with your own lips, so that they may go to the uninitiated, to those who do not understand Mohammedanism and who perhaps are inimical to its precepts and institutions.

"The venerable head of the church consulted with His Excellency the Counselor and some of the theologians about him. Then he said graciously:

"'My son, I will answer briefly such questions as I see fit.'

"Your Highness, the whole world attaches particular importance to the attitude of Mohammedanism toward woman," I said.

"Islam is far more solicitous for the welfare of the woman than any other religion," replied the present prophet of Allah. "Islam is earnestly anxious to keep her away from the depressing and degrading influences and struggles of the street, from free association with men, and to confine her within the precincts of the home, as the Lord ordained.

"Physically she is unfit to perform the labors of the man. She can not discharge her most important function in life, which is the reproduction of the race, outside of the home. Islam follows the line of least resistance. It obeys nature. It obeys God. It is a logical religion.

Why Should Woman Hide From the Face of Man?

"Why, Your Highness, does Islam decree that woman shall hide herself from the gaze of man?"

"Because Allah knew that her charms would awaken impure thoughts in the mind of the man, which would naturally bring in their train, as in Europe, family dissensions, infelicities and general immorality.

"Allah directed the woman in explicit terms to conceal her face and her ornaments from the view of men. Allah is all-knowing and all-wise. Allah does not change His mind. He knew thirteen hundred years ago the character of the nature of the man to come thirteen hundred years hence.

"If any change were to be made in His Law, He would have provided for it. He did not. So we must adhere to the veil and the shawl as long as Islam remains a living religion. May Allah prosper it.

"It will last as long as the world itself. To discard the veil and the shawl would clearly mean to refute the great attribute of the infallibility of Allah. As I stated, Islam is based upon logic and therefore it can not contradict itself by abandoning a guiding principle such as the infallibility of Deity."

Polygamy Long Ago Devised Can Not Change.

"Islam approves of polygamy," I ventured.

"What I have just said of the veil and shawl applies with equal force to polygamy," responded the Sheik-ul-Islam. "That is, polygamy was devised by Allah centuries ago, and it can not be changed by the transient whim or decision or direction of men and laws.

"When God in His infinite wisdom sent His Apostle to this world He so ordained that Arabia should become the cradle of the True Faith. At this time, in Arabia there were three women to one man. The men of Arabia were accustomed to an unrestricted plurality of wives. Arabia is a tropical country and as such polygamy becomes a physiological necessity. Our Lord directed that a faithful man have more than one wife; as many as four wives at a time.

"But he said a Moslem must divide his time and attention equally among his several wives. **If he goes out he must take them all. He must buy for them exactly the same wearing apparel. Even in the distribution of his affections he must not be partial to one of them.**

"These are severe rules to follow. What do they all mean? They mean that a Moslem who can not fulfill all the conditions laid down by the Lord, physically, temperamentally and economically, must marry only one woman.

"The difference I observe between the polygamy of Islam and that of the Christian world is decidedly refreshing and encouraging to me. The Moslem is permitted to marry more than one woman under the strictest rules and regulations; the result is a general monogamy.

"The Christian is forbidden to marry more than one woman; he result is widespread polygamy and immorality.

"Our religion does not regard with disfavor or as immoral the attention of a Moslem to another woman, provided that he has fulfilled all his duties to his wives. I am inclined to believe that the world is floating in the direction of Islam.

"A Moslem can divorce his wife simply by signifying his intention to do so," I said.

He Should Have the Right To Divorce His Wife.

Announced the Sheik-ul-Islam:

"If he has fulified his contracted obligations, he should have the privileg of divorcing his wife, if that could accrue to their happiness. You know that before a Mohammedan takes a woman for wife he promises to give to her, upon divorcing her, a certain sum of money in lieu of dower. Very few men to-day are able to fulfill this ante-nuptial agreement, so it becomes a shield to the woman.

"If a man and his wife can not dwell in harmony, it would be utterly senseless to force them to remain under the same roof forever. To do so would be a grievous thing in the sight of God. It would be an assumption of human infallibility, which is false and illogical.

"If a man and woman have committed a mistake in marrying each other, why perpetuate the mistake?

"I understand that in certain European countries those who are unable to pay lawyers' fees and court disbursements are debarred from obtaining relief to their marital infelicity. In Islam no time and no money are wasted. A woman or a man with a just case can be freed within 24 hours."

"Now, the broadest of questions, if your highness pleases, what is the relation of Mohammedanism to the state?"

The Sheik Has More Power Than the Pope.

The Sheig-ul-Islam is infinitely more powerful than the Pope in the Roman Catholic Church, for he possesses vast temporal power. A change in the form of government, the accession, the deposition of a Sultan, can be legalized only by his decree. Holy wars which Sheiks-ul-Islam have declared in times past have deluged in blood vast sections of Europe and Asia.

The aged successor of Mohammed said:

"Islam is based on the oneness of God, on His infinity and absolute justice. It is the only logical and true religion. It is the only royal road to salvation. Every child at its birth is Moslem. Baptism or other forms of initiation or affiliation change the original nature of the child. The worship a Moslem performs five times a day is but a fulfillment of a set obligation, and it can not achieve forgiveness of all sins unless the sinner truly and earnestly repents for his sins.

"No one can deceive our Lord. May His sway envelop the entire world!

"Mohammedanism is opposed to gambling, drunkenness, uncleanliness, oppression of others, theft and all forms of abnormalities that accrue to the injury and agony of our fellowmen. It is opposed to ritualism. It is a plain and common-sense religion.

"Now as to the relation of Mohammedanism to the State. Islam recognizes the equality of all the elements of the State in the eye of the law. Islam recognizes the legitimacy and propriety of assembling deliberative or parliamentary bodies, consisting of all the elements in the State, for the purpose of discussing subjects and measures that fall directly within the province of the temporal power.

"They must not concern themselves, however, with matters and duties that pertain to the faith.

"You know that the contents of the Holy Koran were handed down to Mohammed by God through the Archangel Gabriel. Yet Mohammed, to avoid the possibility of any error in transmission or transcription, or in his own understanding thereof, in the last instance assembled a council to deliberate upon each word and sentence of every chapter.

"The veil, the shawl and polygamy must be kept and respected within the provisions of the laws that govern them.

"Men and women must not intermingle in any sphere of life. Women are permitted to educate themselves, but without any association with men.

"Those who advocate the slightest change in these things are the enemies of Islam, and their reward shall be eternal fire."

At the last words, Allah's representative on earth raised his thin, ascetic hand; his voice was almost fierce. The interview was at an end. I bowed and salaamed deeply and was ushered out.

The Sheik-ul-Islam appeared to me to be about 90 years old, but the spirituality of his face defied any accurate estimate of his age. He is not more than 5 feet 7 inches tall; his stooped shoulders bespoke the student who has burned the midnight oil studying the Koran.

His eyes are blue and lustrous; he has a long gray beard. His outer garment was a long black mantle, which he wore unbuttoned.

How He Secured the Difficult Interview.

My learned friend, Dr. Izzet-dine Bey, president of the Department of Infants' Estates, a prominent member of the house of the Sheik-ul-Islam, was the means of gaining me an audience with the teacher of Islam. The belief is forced upon me that the venerable man expected only an audience—**had no idea of granting this unique interview.**

Baby Hailed Senate's Best Boss

Marshall's Namesake Rules Body

Presides at Executive Session

Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President, is shown with his arms about that pleased official's shoulders. The little boy recently presided over an executive session of the Senate.



Wise Men of Upper House Pay Tribute to Tiny Wielder of Historic Gavel.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—"Free and a half years old," replies Thomas Marshall Sutherland, namesake of the Vice President of the United States, when you ask him his age.

Thomas, despite his age, has recently come into possession of nation-wide publicity through his presiding over the Senate in an executive session.

"And the little fellow, seated up there behind the desk in the lap of the Vice President, every little while pounding the desk with the gavel, carried the job off to perfection," said one of the Senate members to-day. "He looked like an old-timer at the job."

Born Marshall's Election Day.

Thomas, a handsome little fellow, with the face of a cherub and big hazel eyes, is the son of the Rev. A. D. Sutherland, of Berkley Springs, W. Va. He was born in Columbia City, Ind., on the day the Vice President was elected Governor of Indiana, and the proud father, always a stanch supporter of "Tom" Marshall, named the little fellow after him.

At present Thomas is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and the two, who are childless, have grown greatly attached to the little fellow. In fact, Mrs. Marshall recently declared that she dreaded the time when Thomas would have to return home.

On Friday, when the Vice President entered the Senate chamber, he was leading Thomas by the hand. The little fellow didn't seem at all perturbed, and when the Vice President dropped into his chair behind the high desk and planted Thomas on his knee, the lad just looked about the room and smiled at every one.

Remains Through Session.

Thomas remained in the Vice President's lap all during the session, and every little while hit the hardwood top of the desk a resounding smash with the gavel, that made more than one of the members sit up with a jerk.

When the session closed, Thomas was made the honor guest of the day and in true democratic fashion received those who came to pay their compliments.

He is not only the youngest, but the only person outside of the Vice President, who in many years has occupied the chair behind the desk during an executive session.

"How do you like the job?" the little fellow was asked.

"Wery fine," he replied.

Then he was asked how old he was:

"Free and a half," was the reply and a moment later he was wrapped in the arms of the Vice President.

PANAMA FAIR'S PALACES ARISE AS IF BY MAGIC

Construction on Exposition Buildings Is Far Advanced and They Will Be Ready on Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—No one can imagine what a wonderful and stupendous affair the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to open in San Francisco February 20, 1915, will be, for it will be unparalleled in magnitude and splendor.

Construction upon the exposition is far advanced. Thousands of men are at work. More than fifteen million feet of lumber are piled upon the grounds and steamers with lumber cargoes are arriving daily.

Hundreds of teams are employed. The sounds of circular saw and steam hammer, the puffing of locomotives upon the exposition grounds at Harbor View, just inside the Golden Gate, accompany the construction of the greatest universal exposition in history.

Ten Palaces Under Construction.

Ten of the vast exhibit palaces are under construction; one of the buildings, the service building, is completed and occupied. From the Golden Gate the colossal proportions of Machinery Hall, the huge framework of which flanks the main group on the east, are evident at a distance of three miles.

The exposition is assured as the greatest friendly international gathering ever held. Twenty-seven of the world's nations have accepted the invitation, conveyed through the Department of State, to participate; 35 Commonwealths have selected locations for their state pavilions. Many great international congresses and conventions will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

Commercial emissaries from all portions of the globe will meet to plan for future trade. The world is preparing to join America in celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal upon a wonderful scale. All exhibit palaces are being constructed under definite time contracts and will be completed months before the opening day. No delay in the work will mar the beauty of the finished spectacle.

New Standard in Art.

The effect of the exposition palaces will be marvelous; it is probable that the designs of many of America's most celebrated architects will create a new standard in American art. The Palace of Machinery, now almost completed, will not, by any means, be the loftiest of the exhibit palaces, although it will be the largest single structure, covering, with its wings, almost ten acres of ground; its three vast naves rising 135 feet are less than half the height of the first rim of hills inclosing the expostion grounds on the south, east and west.

To the west of the Palace of Machinery will be the center group of eight exhibit buildings, facing on the harbor for 3,000 feet, running 1,200 feet north and south, and with interconnecting colonnades and gateways to bind the group together so that it will from the Golden Gate seem as one colossal palace, a marvelous Oriental city, with its skyline of 110 feet, and with towering golden domes and minarets rising 150, 270 and 430 feet.

Organization Is Thorough.

To construct a universal exposition almost over night calls for thorough organization. In the building of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition each structure and each piece of construction is let under separate contract and each of the many large contracting firms engaged is performing its separate task and yet is working in harmony with the entire organization.

The production of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will involve a tremendous outlay. It is the estimate of the comptroller of the exposition that its completion will call for an expenditure of 80,000,000 of dollars and this estimate, of course, does not include the intrinsic wealth represented in the vast total of the exhibits of the world. The spectacle will be fully completed and perfected in every detail upon its formal opening. All fourteen main exhibit palaces will be finished in July, 1914, affording ample time in which to complete the details of their adornment.

Girl's Circus Leap Saves Boy in Runaway

Jumps From Back of Own Horse to That of the Bolting Animal.

SHARON, PA., July 26.—Seeing that the life of Frank Hanna, a boy, was in danger, as he was being dragged along the road in a runaway, Frances Heanley sent her horse galloping in pursuit of the maddened horse and as she reached its side she leaped on its back and brought it to a standstill. Young Hanna was not badly hurt.

Hanna was driving home in a buggy when his horse ran away. In endeavoring to stop the animal he became entangled in the reins and fell from the buggy. His horse started on another spurt and the lad was being dragged along the rough road when his predicament was discovered by Miss Heanly, who was horseback riding along the road.

"SHINPLASTER" MONEY, RELIC OF WAR, REAPPEARS

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 26 Five 10-cent "shinplasters," the name applied to the fractional currency issued during the Civil War, were received by Secretary of State Roach from Leon Virlet, of Paris, France, in part payment of a commission issued to him by Governor Major as Commissioner of Deeds for Missouri in France and adjoining countries.

These are the first "shinplasters" to make their appearance in any of the departments of State Government during the past twenty years. They were in excellent condition and were of the issue of 1868 and 1863.

GROSS FIGURES PLANNED.

SEATTLE, July 26.—Mrs. M. J. Wessels, of Hillyard, Wash., has been commissioned to prepare scenery and figures, with grains, grasses and plants, to decorate the ceilings and walls of the State buildings at the Panama Exposition. She did notable work at those in Chicago, St. Louis, Portland and Jamestown.

Nation Officially Approves Kissing

Pension Clerk Is Restored to Office When He Proves Pretty Girl Dared Him.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not wrong to kiss a pretty girl with whom you are associated in the Government service, provided the pretty girl purses her lips and utters a defi. This principle was laid down in the Pension Office in the case of Frank D. Hester, a chief of section, who was accused of the osculatory diversion during office hours.

Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Pension Commissioner, suspended Mr. Hester upon learning of the affair and undertook an investigation. After unwinding many yards of red tape and going into the matter from all angles, the Commissioner discovered that the young woman had "dared" Hester's evidence of affection Hester, therefore, was reinstated.

Cash Bonus Aids Labor of Cupid

Packing Company Places Premium on Matrimony Among Employees, With Good Results.

CHICAGO, July 26.—A cash bonus to every employee who marries, offered by Swift & Co. at the stockyards, has caused a rushing business for Cupid, $50 being offered to all department heads who married and $25 to all other employees. Albert Nelson, head of the donation department, said he was kept busy all through June handing out the company's checks and blessings.

"The marriage bonus is the company's encouragement to its employees to marry," he said. "It goes to the men who marry as well as the girls who marry, and if both parties to the romance are employees they get a double bonus."

Eugenic Marriage Act Passed in Dakota

Wedding of Diseased Persons Prohibited, While Habitual Drunkards Are To Be Kept Single.

GRAND FORKS, N. DAK., July 26.—Under the new North Dakota marriage law, which has just become effective, the intermarriage of diseased persons is prohibited. This is the first step taken toward the more rigid control of marriages, and is in line with the general movement throughout the country for the physical examination of persons about to enter the marriage state.

Each person seeking to be married must file with the license clerk a certificate of good health, the certificate to show that the person is not afflicted with any contagious or infectious disease. Another certificate must be filed to show that the parties are not in any manner related by blood.

Habitual drunkards are prohibited from marrying under the provisions of the new law also.

Girl Loses Voice In Thunder Storm

Rendered Dumb With Every Electrical Display, but Returns to Normal When Surprised.

DOLLAR BAY, MICH., July 26.—Every time it thunders Lucy Sephalia, 12 years old, of Dollar Bay, loses her voice.

Six weeks ago she lost her voice during a thunderstorm. Four weeks later it was restored when she was playfully frightened by a friend.

During each electrical storm since that time the same thing happened, but each time her voice has been restored by a prearranged surprise or shock.

Physicians have been studying the case, but no solution has been given.

Lincoln Highway To Cross Country

Association Plans to Spend $10,000,000 on Mammoth Undertaking of Coast to Coast Road.

DETROIT, July 26.—The Lincoln Highway Association is the new name of what has been known formerly as the Coast to Coast Rock Highway Association, according to a formal announcement made at the headquarters just established here.

It is declared that the object and purposes of this mammoth undertaking have not been changed, and of the $10,000,000 necessary to carry the work through to completion more than $4,200,000 has already been pledged. In fact, engineers of the Lincoln Highway Association are already at work mapping out the route of the highway.

Sues Doctor to End 'Spell' Over His Wife

Sister-in-Law Enters Suit Against Physician for $50,000, Alleging Defamation of Character.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Dr. G. E. Fosberg, No. 521a Kimbark avenue, yesterday was sued for $50,000 for alleged defamation of character by his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. E. Musgrove, No. 6922 Stewart avenue.

She admits she has small hope of winning her suit, but hopes to turn the light on the doctor's past and break what she declares is a hypnotic hold he has on his wife.

Why Endure Sore Feet Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off.



It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A tsenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.

OKLAHOMA NOW WOULD BE MADE INTO 2 STATES

Difference of Interests in Eastern and Western Sections Cause of Movement to Divide.

TULSA, OKLA., July 26.—The division of Oklahoma into two States, practically along the lines that distinguished Indian Territory from Oklahoma Territory before their union into a single State, is the latest movement in Oklahoma.

This movement had its inception with the Tulsa and Muskogee Commercial Clubs. It is generally favored by the oil interests, and to a large extent by the coal and lead mining interests of Eastern Oklahoma. There is also considerable sentiment in Western Oklahoma in favor of such a division.

Discord Constant in State.

The fact there is lack of unity of interest between the eastern and western half of the State is responsible now for the effort being made to create two States out of Oklahoma. The chief resources of Eastern Oklahoma are minerals, oil, gas, coal, lead and zinc. Western Oklahoma is strictly an agricultural country. What is of benefit to Eastern Oklahoma is likely to be of no benefit to the west side of the State, and vice versa.

There is constant discord between the two sides of the State, which crops out a every State gathering where sectional divisions have to be considered in matters of business. The Legislature is a constant scene of warfare between members from Eastern and Western Oklahoma. An item of legislation benefiting the oil industry is usually assailed by the members of the "west side" because of its alleged taint of Standard Oil.

Agriculture Neglected.

The members of the Legislature from the "east side," particularly from the oil belt and mining regions, care little for legislation beneficial to the agricultural interests of the other half of the State. And thus there is discord and milling all along the line that has increased instead of diminished since the State was admitted to the Union six years ago.

Of the possible 1,700,000 population in Oklahoma at least 1,000,000 are in Eastern Oklahoma.

Fifteen Tongues Fail To Aid Lost Woman

Finn Finally Appears and Directs Her to Home Where She Was Employed.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Mary Pier-Finland three weeks ago, got lost enen, who came to this country from yesterday. On the Third avenue elevated station at 137th street, she was unable to make anyone understand her request to be directed to her home.

Fifteen persons in as many languages tried in vain to converse with her. Somebody found a Finn in business in the neighborhood. Mary told him that she wanted to know how she could reach the Home for Incurables at Third avenue and 133d street, where she was employed in the nurses' quarters. She got the directions.

HORSE, DESPISED, ENDS LIFE.

SPOKANE, July 26.—Deliberate suicide is the verdict given by employees of the Spokane Humane Society regarding the demise of Ben, a decrepit, deserted horse. He sampled the clover patch on the bluff overlooking the river back of the humane barn, then plunged headlong over the precipice.

ARTIST WOULD DIVORCE NIECE OF WHITTIER

Art Triumphs Over Cupid in the Case of Isaac Caliga, Boston Painter.

SALEM, MASS., July 26.—Art versus home life and the love of a beautiful Quakeress—and art wins!

This is the story of the shattered romance of Isaac Henry Caliga, the Boston and Salem artist, and his wife, Mrs. Phoebe Woodman Caliga, niece of the poet Whittier. It is the story of a painter who comes to the parting of the ways—who finds he must choose between his art and his home life and love of his wife.

It was love and home against brush and canvas—and to brush and canvas go the victory. Result—a trip to the divorce court.

The artist, who has filed the suit in the Salem Divorce Court, says his aim is to make his wife free to go and do what she pleases.

Caliga says the cause of it all is "too much temperament on my part." He says his wife is inclined to domestic things and applies the word "devoted" to her.

Agreed to Disagree.

He says he and his beautiful wife had agreed to disagree—that they are still friends; that his wife was brought up in Quaker surroundings in the "quaint, yet pleasing style of the Quakers."

"Maybe I've been too faithful to my art," said Artist Caliga, "and haven't paid enough attention to my home. It is for our own happiness that I take this action. It will make her free to go and do what she pleases. Our home life since we were married was one of the pleasantest, and she is a devoted mother and was a devoted wife. But I think this artistic temperament of mine did not allow me to understand things quite.

Brought Up as Quaker.

"As you know, she was brought up in Quaker surroundings, being a relative of Whittier. She is naturally of a retiring and quiet disposition.

"I have the greatest respect for her, and our friends that we knew when we lived together understand the situation very clearly. They feel sorry for us, yet feel that our mutual understanding, that of agreeing to disagree, was the wisest and best thing to do.

"No, I'm not of that artistic temperament that promotes the throwing of plates and crockery one minute and making ardent love the next. No, not that, just a love for my art and possibly too strong for one that has a family. You know, love is a great big proposition. Well, you also know we don't always have things come out as we had planned, and that was our case, so we had a mutual understanding and we still hold each other's respect."

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Licensed under special law which gives it same standing as State institutions.

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WHY FEEL TIRED? TRY LIVER EASE

Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.



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A pleasant rail ride to the port of Savannah, Ga. Through trains, large, easy and well-ventilated coaches, parlor and sleeping cars, via

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY

Thence a joyous sea voyage. Vying with up-to-date hotels, the ships in this service are equipped with state-rooms de luxe, cold and hot, salt and fresh, tub and shower baths. Table d'hote service furnishes choicest delicacies of northern and southern markets. Best table waters. Through tickets to Eastern resorts.

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FOR MILADY'S WARDROBE

By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

BLACK watered silk parasols are very popular this year. The handles are always elaborate; very often they are exceedingly costly. Carved jade is one of the latest materials for parasol handles; and finely carved quartz inset with old paste is also much used. And while speaking of jade I must not neglect to say that small bracelets of this stone are the "clou" of the moment. These little bracelets are slipped on over the wrist and two or three are worn at the same time.

* * *

The millinery of the present season is admirably picturesque. Quantities of tulle and lace are being used, immense capeline shapes are composed entirely of pleated tulle, cloche shapes are covered with fine black lace. Everything is done to obtain Old World effects. The leading milliners are haunting the famous picture galleries of Paris in the hope of finding fresh and unexpected ideas.

* * *

It is now the fashion to open the corsages of lace and muslin gowns intended for day wear in a generous V which ends just above the waistline. Certainly, there is a chemisette underneath, a chemisette of exquisite fine lace or of embroidered muslin. In some cases, but this becomes more and more rare, a guimpe of cobweb tulle is worn. In addition the sleeves of afternoon gowns are frequently transparent. In many cases they are exceedingly long, reaching to the wrists and well over the hands, but they are almost always transparent.

* * *

A one-piece serge dress is useful, especially in the mountains, where the weather is cool and the climbing is rough. It can be made in Peter Tom style for younger women, or with a sailor collar applied to a simple, front-closed, one-piece frock for older women. It should have a skirt with ample fullness about the ankles.

This fullness can be arranged gracefully, so that the skirt still retains a straight look: one of the new outing skirts has the fulness buttoned under the side seams in the forms of tucks, which can be unbuttoned when necessary. Heavy soled tan shoes, with medium heels, or white canvas shoes of substantial make, are the most comfortable for climbing, and tramping, as well.

* * *

In some of the newest underwear, crepe de chine and lace are closely combined. One new style of nightgown, for instance, shows a shadow lace yoke and sleeves, with a skirt of crepe de chine, edged with lace. Underbodices, made entirely of lace and ribbon, are often attached to crepe de chine petticoats. Chemises, too, of crepe de chine, show deep insets and shoulder straps of lace.

* * *

The newest tunic is of purely Florentine shape. It has no sleeves and it is short, being fastened at the waist by a belt of glove kid studded with precious stones. The hem of such tunics should always be slightly stiffened, as the whole success of the garment depends on its outline. The skirt should be cleverly draped and very clinging, while the short tunic should stand out at the sides.

* * *

The newest parasols are either pagodas in outline, which is to say exaggeratedly domed; or they are almost flat and bordered with heavy fringes. Many of the new parasols have little jointed handles, in the Old World style, and nearly all show large bows of velvet or satin ribbon somewhere on the handle. The flat shapes are sometimes exquisitely embroidered in the Japanese style.

* * *

Tapestry belts of this order look extremely well when worn with coatees of black taffeta or black watered silk; the faded colors of the tapestry being repeated in the hat trimmings or in the embroideries displayed on collar or revers.

* * *

A decidedly smart neck finish can be made with two lengths of one of the full dotted net ruchings which are sold by the yard. Get twice enough to go about the neck of the frock. Join the two pieces together with a band of black velvet ribbon, arranging one ruching to stand upright about the neck, the other to go the other way. The effect is graceful and easily produced.

* * *

Stockings with embroidered butterflies about the ankles are made for evening wear. Each wing of the butterflies is spotted with rhinestones. Other white silk stockings show embroidered anklets, done in white, and still others show lace anklets, made of baby Irish lace insertion.

* * *

The vogue of the yoke is amazing. Scarcely a gown appears without the transparent inset of net, lace or tulle, and it is a fashion becoming to every face, contributing a softness of line which is always desirable. The phases of the yoke are many, being round, square, U or V shaped, and it is fashioned of all transparent materials, from priceless lace to inexpensive maline. It is tucked, shirred, pleated or fitted smoothly over the neck, and seldom appears with a high collar.

* * *

The broad girdle of Dresden ribbon will appeal to many girls on account

An Attractive Bathing Suit

Fully Described by Olivette.



By Olivette.

THE scalloped bathing suit is one of the Summer's fancies. The little dress we portray has a foundation of gray satin, trimmed in plaid satin of gray and Geneva blue. The suit opens down the front and is trimmed in self-buttons in a double row down its full length. The deep scallops at the bottom are bound in the plaid, and in turn the scalloped swallow-tailed redingote of the plaid and the upper sleeve is made kimono fashion and is a continuation of the gray satin yoke which has little half-inch tucks in groups of three. The neck is cut in a modest V and is piped, yoke fashion, in the plaid.

of its daintiness. Crush the wide rose-sprigged ribbon softly about the waist and stitch featherbone at the front, sides and back. Take a strip of inch-wide satin ribbon and gather it at each edge, drawing the thread as tightly as possible. From this shirred ribbon fashion a bowknot and adorn the center with a tiny wreath of miniature roses and forgetmenots.

* * *

The opaque petticoat has made its appearance in the Atlanta department stores. It is made with extra heavy panels, back and front, and as the stores advertise, "fills a long-felt want." The attention of the manufacturers of ready-to-wear clothing has been turned toward under linen that will go with the outer clothes that are fashionable. It took three years for the majority of manufacturers to alter the lines of lingerie to suit skirts that women wore, a large problem when one considers that outer clothes are capricious, and there is no prophet who can tell how long any silhouette will last.

* * *

It would be a difficult task to give even a slight summary of the contrasting styles that are in fashion this summer, but if you have clothes to make, it is well for you to know that your day frocks may have tulle collars to the ears or a V-shaped decolletage to the bust, full elbow sleeves or long mousquetaire ones, a short skirt, or one that hangs Japanese fashion, for three inches on the floor. You may wear a girdle from hip to bust, or a one-inch leather belt, the skirt may be draped up in the back and down in the front, or the other way around; and yet, notwithstanding the laxity of styles, there are certain ways of doing things that make every gown right and another way which makes them wrong.

* * *

The variety in waistcoats is very satisfying to the woman who can not wear the masculine type. They are made of satin brocade, of Oriental crepe, of Chinese and Japanese embroidery, of striped silk, of flowered taffeta and figured crepe. Some are like blousses and are intended to serve as such when the coat is removed. They are open in the neck, quite loose and soft, are fastened in a straight line down the front with fancy buttons and have unusually large armholes with sleeves that go to the wrists. This kind is belted at the waist with a narrow girdle of material or contrasting velvet ribbon, and there is a breast pocket which often holds a small handkerchief with a small colored border.

A Question of Paint

To paint or not to paint, is the question all women over thirty years of age are up against now. The woman who makes up is so numerous that a natural complexion which has stood the stress of thirty-odd summers is apt to look worse than it is, when compared with the fresh-looking face of her companion. And never was "make-up" more artistically or skilfully done than at the present time. The thickly powdered face with its intensely roughed cheeks and heavily blackened eyelids is a spectacle of ever greater rarity. Instead, in any gathering of women in full rig-out we see faces and hair toned in conformity with age and nature—cheeks with a pleasant healthy glow which only an expert can dectect as make-up; hair no longer uniformly tinted to Titian shades, but adapted to the face it frames, while grey hair is becoming less and less of a drawback and being put forward as an advantage. Perfectly white hair for the elderly woman is as much sought after to-day as was the rich golden ten years ago.

* * *

For Porch Tables

One of the little annoyances which pester the summer housewife as soon as she gets her porch furniture in place is the maddening way the table covers glow gayly around.

They are always getting rumpled even if they are weighted with books or flower vases. In fact, the last state of the woman who puts a flower vase on such a table cover is likely to be worse than the first; for in the first really snappy breeze that comes along, cover, vase, flowers and all go by the board.

This wanderlust is not confined to the table covers, either. The morning paper sails off, not merely three sheets in the wind, but the whole tumultuous edition. Fancy work goes, too. In fact, wherever ocean breezes blow or mountain gusts sweep by, this problem of anchoring things to the porch table is a pressing one.

And yet it has been solved. One can buy a little nickel-plated spring arrangement that will effectually hold a cover in its place. Its usefulness can be extended to include papers or other articles not too thick. The more bulky ones won't blow off, anyway.

GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOLS NEEDED INQUIRY SHOWS

They Quit Studies for Factories, Though They Might Have More Schooling.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Interesting because of its bearing on the testimony as to girls' employment recently investigated by the Illinois Senatorial "White Slave" Committee is a bulletin just issued by the Bureau of Education.

It is written after a careful study of trade and labor conditions among girls in Worcester, Mass., preliminary to the establishment of a trade school for girls. The conclusion reached is that from one-half to three-fourths of the girls at work in factories could have had further schooling if they wanted to, or if their parents had cared to insist on it.

More Girls Leave School.

The survey shows that the number of girls between 14 and 16 years of age who leave school is constantly increasing. In the last five years many more girls between those ages left the Worcester schools than can be accounted for by increase in the population. Only about 17 per cent of them had finished the grammar schools; most of them left in the sixth and seventh years. Worcester is taken as a fair index of any of the manufacturing towns of the country.

Why did these girls leave school? Various reasons were assigned by the girls themselves. Some 30 said that they "did not like the school; could not get along with the teacher; were not promoted, or wanted to get to work."

Why Girls Quit Studies.

Two were working to help pay for a piano. One of these was a cash girl of 14 years who had left the ninth grade to go to work in a department store for $2. Later she got $2.50 per week. Another was a girl of 15 from the eighth grade, who went to work in a corset factory for $1 and rose to $4.82 per week. Still another girl was taking music lessons and contributing to the payments for a piano.

In the opinion of the Board of Education conditions such as found at Worcester emphasize the imperative need for special training of a practical sort for girls between 13 and 15. In the main the girls left school simply because they disliked the school work.

Not getting the kind of training they might have liked and would have profited by, they blindly joined the army if shifting, inefficient, discontented girls that go from one monotonous factory task to another, and, because of their lack of training, rarely rise above the class of low-paid, unskilled workers.

Skirt Too Tight Is Ruled Worthless

Court Holds That Even Plea of Fashion Will Not Hold if Walking Is Prevented.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—A Paris court has decided that a dress which is too tight to walk in is worthless to the person who ordered it and need not be paid for.

Last year Mrs. Price, an American resident of Paris, had a dress made, the price of which was $75. When the dress was delivered she refused to take it because she could not walk in it. The dressmaker summoned her for the money, and refused to alter the dress because tight skirts were fashionable.

Mrs. Price brought a counter-action and lost it, appealed and has now won her appeal with costs.

Lace and Stockings

For summer fancy work the girl with more time than money might undertake to ornament a few pairs of silk stockings. Lace insettings are effectively used just now for this purpose and the handwork involved is much less intricate than embroidery.

Once the lace is arranged on the stocking the effect is gained and there remains only the careful sewing to bring a satisfactory result. In the case of embroidery one can never be so sure of the effect of handwork until the pattern is far advanced and it is usually then too late to change if the result is disappointing.

By studying the designs of lace used for insetting in the expensive stockings in exclusive shops it is easy to decide on a model. A flight of butterflies, of graduating sizes, is a design worth copying, and two Vandykes of lace, forming a sort of hour-glass design, with points meeting at the ankle, is another effective arrangement quite within the possibilities of the home worker.

Any lace showing a design that can be easily cut out and applied is appropriate for insetting in silk stockings.

TEARS UP LICENSE WHEN HE SEES FIANCEE WED

WEBSTER, MASS., July 26.—William Dorobis, of Philadelphia, has a new black suit and a wedding ring he will sell cheap, and a marriage license he will throw in as a souvenir.

Six months ago, Dorobis, with her consent secured a license to wed Miss Julia Marcik. But she postponed the wedding from time to time. To-day Miss Marcik was married to Michael Narel. Dorobis attended the ceremony and his wailing could be heard above the strains of the wedding march. He drew forth his marriage license, tore it into shreds and scattered it over the floor.

TRIPLETS ARE 59 YEARS OLD.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—Illinois' oldest triplets celebrated their fifty-ninth birthday anniversary the other day. Freeman and Hiram Rakestraw and their sister, Mrs. Harriet Hocker, all of Tazewell County, were born 59 years ago, and the triple birthday anniversary was celebrated with a family reunion.

STAGE SETTING THE STYLES FOR LONDON SOCIETY

Miss Mary Forbes Wears Charming Gowns in New Farce of Harold Smith.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Society folk invariably look to the stage for "advance fashions." In the new farce written by Harold Smith, brother of F. E. Smith, the great politician, some charming gowns are worn. Miss Mary Forbes, in act one, wears a simple mauve frock, with touches of black at the neck and waist, and a turn-over collar of lace.

And one of her gowns is of white silk, with which she wears a short, knitted tiger yellow coat, striped with black. A Neapolitan hat of knitted silk, in the same shade of yellow, is supplemented with a black satin border.

One of Miss Brough's dresses is a little morning toilet of black and white bird's-eye foulard, a strip of raspberry colored silk being let into the front like a slip on a man's coat and caught with a huge black braid motif.

An evening gown of "blush rose" satin, veiled in front and behind with garnet colored ninon above blush pink and falling away in front, to show the garnet colored ninon, is an overdress of ivory mousseline de soie, embossed with gold and edged with gold bouillon fringe, while the corsage is of ivory lace.

BRIDE AT ALTAR HALTS WEDDING BECAUSE OF DRESS

HARRISBURG, ILL., July 26.—In the County Clerk's office a marriage ceremony was delayed two hours because the bride suddenly discovered she was not properly arrayed. H. R. Northup, 45, and Miss Florence Hart, 43, both of DeKoven, Ky., applied for a license.

When Justice Grigsby asked the couple to join hands, the bride discovered she had on a black skirt. She threw up her hands and exclaimed:

"There is nothing stirring just yet. No marrying in black for me. No, indeed. It's a bad omen, and I don't want to start off bad."

They left the courthouse and two hours later they returned, the bride dressed in white, and the waiting justice performed the ceremony.

WOMAN, WHO NEVER WORE HAT, NOW 100 YEARS OLD

SOMERSET, PA., July 26.—Mrs. Mattie Crise, who became 100 years old recently, has always lived in the same place, and in her 100 years never saw a railroad train, street car or a telephone. She never wore a hat, a knitted hood taking its place.

'Dancing Mistress' Dreary But Beauty of Girls Stuns

By ALAN DALE.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—They say that a gayety girl is born every minute, and I don't doubt it. Also I don't doubt that "Governor" George Edwardes has need for twice as many as nature supplies. You know exactly the style he wants—the gentle, purring, listless, lissome, Edna May-like, languid, delicate, wistful, pensive, reluctant and Christmas card type. No other type goes in London.

The average American type is not at all popular. Sometimes some fervid critic and impassioned reviewer asserts that she is. Well, I assert distinctly—she isn't. She must conform to the above requirements. "The pink lady" sirens, for instance, were very harshly criticised for being loud, not reluctant.

All of which is neither here nor there, except to illustrate the fact that in "The Dancing Mistress" at the Royal Adelphi Theater we see another of those things—formless, chaotic, invertebrate and unintelligible—that depend entirely on girls.

Malone Arch Girl Setter.

In this case she is "set" by T. A. E. Malone, George Edwardes' archest and most insinuating girl setter (he came over to New York to set the "sunshine girl" at the Knickerbocker Theater) to a "book" (so-called) by James Tanner, to lyrics (alleged) by Adrian Ross and Percy Greenback, and to music not at all up to the usual standard of that delightful tune manipulator, Lionel Monckton.

It doesn't matter in the least. "The Dancing Mistress" may be as dull as ditch water (which it is, and the comparison is rough on the vivacity of ditch water); as incomprehensible as a Sanskrit legend, and as lacking in humor as a comic weekly, but it is a success for all that. It is so beautifully girled in all the dresses of the wardrobe.

It has girl at a "finishing" school near Brighton; it has girl at a "grand" hotel in Switzerland; it has girl at a swagger London hotel. There you are. It seems to me that the authors of these London musical comedies (nearly all of them exactly and positively alike) are not the Tanners and Monckton, but the fathers and mothers of the lassies. "The Dancing Mistress," by 50 pairs of fathers and mothers, should be the line on the program, by rights.

Miss Dare Much Postcarded.

The leading girl at the Adelphi now is little Phyllis Dare, who has taken the place of Gertie Millar. Gertie has been switched to Dally's, and of her more anon, and some other time. Little Miss Dare, who is very much postal-carded, is almost terribly pretty.

Her prettiness amounts almost to a fault. She is pale and blonde, and thinnish and dainty, and oh, so wistful. She seems to be yearning all the time.

She looks out upon a "sea of heads" in the audience as though she were scared to death, as though she were saying, "Oh, please be good to your little Phyllis, for she is such a timid little puss."

Sometimes this is very effective. It all depends upon your mood—sometimes it is very irritating. You feel that if you opera-glassed her too severely she would swoon before your eyes. All of which is, of course, but a pretty little illusion. Miss Dare is by no means new to the business and is really self-possessed.

In "The Dancing Mistress" she has one very pretty song with Josephine Coyne. They are on skis in Switzerland, and of course you know what a ski is. If you don't I'll tell that it is a sort of elongated skate. Little Phyllis and Josephine Coyne do this remarkably well. It is one of the very, very few things in "The Dancing Mistress" that are worth while. You wake up for a minute or two from the deadly apathy into which the eventlessness of the proceedings has plunged you, and you feel tempted to applaud.

Prettiness No Boon.

Another London favorite in "The Dancing Mistress" is Miss Gracie Leigh, a very clever and delightful little woman who isn't pretty for one moment, and who is therefore a positive relief. Anybody who isn't pretty in "The Dancing Mistress" is a joy. Anybody who isn't pretty seems daring and original.

A Polaire or a Mistinguette among all these zimmering, afternoon tea damselines would be perfectly wonderful.

Miss Gracie Leigh is a capital dancer, and Miss Gracie Leigh has a sense of humor. She has a Scotch dance to offer that—like the ski number mentioned above—rouses you from your torpor.

A very plump Frenchwoman, programmed as Mlle. M. Caumont, works so hard that she almost fatigues. She is relied upon for comedy, and she is merciless in her efforts to secure it. Her role is not at all a funny one, and not even a pretty one, so it is just as well that no English lassie takes it.

Caumont is a clever woman, but she seems out of place in this sort of a show. Then there is Miss Elsie Spencer, who is quite nice in a subdued and colorless London way. But the pretty ones swamp the whole thing—Trixie Hillin, and Gladys Klorton, and Dorothy Devers and Dorothy Laim, and Isobel Elsom, and Kathleen Vincut, and Gypsy O'Brien—ad lib.

"The Dancing Mistress," I fancy, aims at "The Quaker Girl," but it is really nothing of the sort—nothing of any sort. It is a beautifully staged, girled and appointed blank.

CLUB WOMEN AID WORK FOR SCHOOL HEALTH

Members Are Urged to Elect Delegates to International Congress on Hygiene.

Mrs. S. G. Hodgson, of Peachtree, State health chairman of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, has received a letter from Mrs. S. S. Crockett, chairman of the Public Health Department of the Federation, calling attention to the great service of the clubwomen of America in helping to make a success of the fourth International Congress on School Hygiene, which is to be held at Buffalo the last week in August, and which is being supported by the General Federation, under the presidency of Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker.

In her letter Mrs. Crockett says:

"The public health committee of the General Federation of Women's Clubs suggests that women's organizations generally shall endeavor to take advantage of the International School Hygiene Congress at Buffalo in August, so that in their respective communities new interest may be awakened because of this great international meeting. Please remember that all those who attend this congress will be furnished with the printed proceedings—a veritable library of scientific information on the subject."

The suggestion offered by Mrs. Crockett is that the clubwomen of this State urge the appointment of delegates to the Buffalo congress from the following organizations: School boards, health boards, boards of trade, school improvement associations, public educational associations, parent-teachers' associations and others.

Mrs. Crockett further urges that each school, college, club and public library subscribe to membership in the congress, in order to secure the volume of proceedings.

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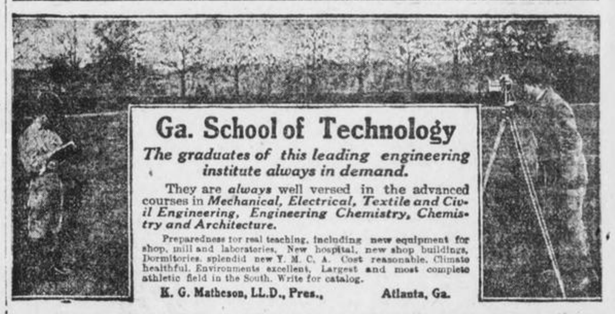

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SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

KAISER IS ALONE PLEASED WITH BIG ARMY BILL

Both Sides of Reichstag Are Dissatisfied With Measure Which Adds Enormous Expense.

By FREDERICK WERNER.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, July 26.—Weeks have now passed since the Reichstag with a suddenness that surprised all Europe passed the army bill and gave in to the Government on all points, and during the time that has passed it has been possible to form an idea of the feelings of the Government, as well as of the people, toward the new conditions.

It is perhaps not too much to say that the general feeling on both sides is one of dissatisfaction, which on the part of the common people is mingled with disgust and contempt of its representatives.

Kaiser Is Delighted.

The Kaiser, of course, who now, as ever, looks upon the enormous increase of armaments solely in the light of the strongest possible guarantee of continued peace, was naturally greatly delighted when he, after months of anxiety, suddenly saw his most cherished wishes fulfilled, and he is probably the only person in the Empire who continues to feel happy.

To the Chancellor of the Empire, Herr von Bethmann Hollweg, and Herr von Herringen the victory, of which they had at times nearly given up all hope, was a source of great satisfaction, which, however, has left a bitter aftertaste of disappointment.

When they planned the new bill, which called for such great financial sacrifices, they were were firmly convinced that it would with one blow establish the absolute military supremacy of Germany in Europe.

Officer List Increased.

The bill gave this country the enormous army of 669 battalions of infantry, 550 regiments of cavalry, increased the readiness and efficiency of the 633 batteries of field artillery, increased the siege artillery to 55, the sappers to 44 and the train to 26 battalions. It gave Germany a largely increased number of officers of all grades and created several high military officers and a standing army in time of peace of 820,000 troops.

But in spite of all this, Germany's military strength, when compared with that of other powers, remains the same as before. The new army bill fails to establish the hoped-for absolute military supremacy, and in this fact lies the cruel disappointment. The enormous sacrifices demanded and made are of no value, for in France a rejuvenated nation has been aroused to an outburst of patriotism, such as has not been seen since the days of the great Napoleon.

And out of this patriotism will arise a French army practically equal to the German in numbers of men and in equipment on many points far superior. While Russia, influenced and prodded on by France, is hurriedly building new railroads of the greatest strategical importance and has moved several new army corps nearer to her western frontier.

Prince to Renounce Title to Marry Diva

Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis Plans to Start Life Anew in Texas.

BERLIN, July 26.—Prince Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis is to follow in the footsteps of his two brothers and his cousin, who renounced their titles and rank for love.

Prince Nicholas already has given up his position in the navy and part of his inheritance, and is planning to purchase a ranch in Texas. The young woman for whom he is sacrificing all is the Munich diva, Fraulein Rechberg, of the Gartner Platz Theater.

They had planned to be married quietly in London, but the family of the Prince intervened. They will sail for America immediately after the marriage.

Hall Caine Calls Women Best Critics

Famous Novelist Tells Booksellers That Wives Make Success of Library Work.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—"If you ask me as an author whose opinion of my books I would rather rest my fortunes upon, yours or your wives', I tell you frankly it's the opinion of your wives'," said Hall Caine at a dinner of the Associated Booksellers at Torquay.

"If you want to know what the great, wide public is going to say about a book, especially a novel, try it on a woman," he added. "I do. I always have done. And when I have had success, it has come to me from women."

Vatican Condemns D'Annunzio's Work

"Pisanelle" Is Examined by Censor and Banished From Catholic Homes and Libraries.

Special Cable to The American.

ROME, July 26.—According to a report from a Vatican source, D'Annunzio's "Pisanelle," which was presented for the first time in Paris recently, will meet the same fate as his former work, "The Mystery of St. Sebastian."

The "Pisanelle" has already been examined by the censor of the Index, and the formal announcement that it has been banished from Catholic homes and libraries on the ground that it is immoral is only a question of days.

Viola Allen Writes of Royalty at Close Range

Czar's Calmness Impresses the Noted Actress

As a Visitor in Berlin at the Time of the Wedding of the Kaiser's Daughter the American Star Studies Kings and Notables.

Viola Allen, who is touring Europe, and has turned her attention to literature, was in Berlin at the time of the royal wedding. She saw royalty at close range.

By VIOLA ALLEN.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, June 12.—From Paris, city of beauty, to Berlin, solid, substantial, clean and very beautiful, too, in its well-ordered way. The famous siegalle with its numerous statues and stately avenues, and the great Arch of Victory, through which one passes from the station to the noted linden-lined thoroughfares, make the visitor's first view of Berlin impressive.

The time of my visit is a gay one, and everyone seems in festive mood on account of the marriage celebration of Princess Victoria Luise. The streets are packed and lined with people trying to catch a glimpse of the many royal guests who have come to attend the wedding, and the weather is as bright and sunshiny as any bride could wish for. It is Wednesday morning of the wedding week, and the glorious Unter den Linden, of which we have a perfect view from our hotel window, has been swept and garnished its entire length, and is lined with soldiers ready for the English King and Queen to pass on their way from the station to the palace.

Royalty at Close Range.

The Kaiser and the Kaiserin, the royal princesses and princes and several high German officials and Ambassadors went down to meet the special train and returned in interesting procession. After the guards and the officers rode the King and the Emperor in full uniform.

In the following carriage was Queen Mary in a lovely frock and small flower hat of shaded violet. In the same carriage rode the German Empress, wearing deep old rose chiffon with feather-trimmed hat of the same color. Then followed the other members of the royal family. The Crown Princess Cecile, very pretty in pink with a black tulle hat, and the bride-elect in white linen coat and skirt embroidered in blue, with a white hat, looked very sweet and girlish, though rather pale, and evidently a little worn and tired.

The great affection in which the Kaiser's daughter is held was very touching, and Prince Ernst seemed very proud and happy. He looked altogether the ideal bridegroom.

After the royal families and their suites rode the other dignitaries and personages, followed by more guards, officers and soldiers. The weather was perfection, and the enthusiasm of the crowds, the glitter of uniforms and the clatter of horses' feet made a great spectacle.

Enter Czar Nicholas.

The next day the same preparations were repeated, only there were twice as many soldiers and guards, ordered out for the coming of the Czar of Russia. Evidently many more precautions have to be taken to prevent any kind of political disturbance when the Russian ruler travels abroad than for most of the crowned heads from other countries. But in spite of the fact that there is almost constant danger of an anarchistic bomb descending upon him, the Czar looked very calm and peaceful as he drove beside the Kaiser up the beautiful avenue to the palace, amid much cheering.

Gala Opera Performance.

In the evenings it seemed as if all Berlin went to the opera or to the theaters. There was a splendid performance at the Royal Opera House on Wednesday evening, and a brilliant audience, which the handsome toilets, the sparkle of jewels and many uniforms made unusually striking. I was much impressed by the rapt attention every one paid to the music. The Germans, from the Emperor down, take their opera (like everything else) very seriously, and the many rules strictly enforced to prevent any disturbance or distraction while the performance is in progress compel all visitors to do likewise.

The opera begins precisely at 7:30 o'clock, and every one is expected to be in his or her seat punctually. Indeed, after the first note is sounded, no one is allowed to enter until an intermission comes, and to speak one word, even in the softest whisper, is unpardonable.

Army and navy officers are fined if they come late to the opera, and they are obliged to wear full-dress uniform. One young officer, who, in his haste to be on time, forgot his white gloves, was severely reprimanded by his superior, and punished otherwise for not wearing them. The opera at the gala performance was "Lohengrin," and it was given only for the royal visitors and invited guests. It is said that the Princess Victoria Luise herself selected that opera.

A Turkish Opinion of Us.

It was a tremendously interesting week in Berlin, though we had not planned to be here because of the wedding gayety, but to meet friends coming from the East who had lived in Constantinople during the winter. I find that the feeling regarding the Turks and the war, of people who really know, is wonderfully different from the prejudiced accounts we read in the daily papers.

There is no doubt that Turkey, with her internal struggles, was entirely unprepared for war, a fact her enemies took advantage of. But it is no less certain that the Turkish soldiers displayed a bravery, a loyalty and endurance splendid beyond words, often fighting with scarcely any food or water, and without even clothing or shoes. It was the misfortune, certainly not the fault, of the Turkish army that there should have been lack of management and executive ability among the heads of the government.

Because Turkey is Mohammedan and not a Christian country, we are apt to imagine them a rather barbarous people, when, as a matter of fact, it would be difficult to find more culture and refinement the world over than among the high-class Turks.

With the idea in mind of the prevailing impression of Turkey in America, I had a very amusing conversation during dinner at the Embassy with the young son of the Turkish Ambassador, who, though only 14, had all the dignity and suavity of an accomplished diplomat of 40. Besides, he spoke English, French, German, Italian perfectly, and, of course, his native tongue, and probably Greek and Arabic as well. I also found this young diplomat extremely well posted on affairs in general, and very much interested in art, which he discussed with great understanding. Finally I asked him if he would not like to see America, to which he replied with much seriousness: "Yes, very much, but I should prefer to wait until it becomes a more thoroughly civilized country." By dint of further inquiry I found these impressions were due to a diligent study of "The Life and Adventures of Buffalo Bill." To this clever little man from the Far East America seemed one huge wild West, which I thought was rather paying us back in our own coin.

Count Zeppelin's Airship.

Several times in Berlin I saw the big Zeppelin passenger airship, "The Hansa," pass over our heads just above the tops of the buildings, engaged in making regular trips between given points. The noise of the engines was simply deafening, and the ship looked like a tremendous uncanny fish sailing through the air.

The passenger car is rather to the front of the huge, cigar-shaped body, and the seats are so hung that there is little or no motion felt. To me this looked the most uninviting mode of travel imaginable. I was glad to take even the Continental steamers in preference en route to London.

Viola Allen, famous American actress, who writes for The American her account of the wedding of Prince Ernst to Princess Victoria Luise.



Lady Paget to Give Biggest Dublin Party

American Wife of English General Is Sending Out Record Number of Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Lady Paget, American wife of General Sir Arthur Paget, has never completely recovered from the fall down an elevator shaft in Belgrade Square, and every year she has to take a cure in lieu of exercise. She is leaving London for Aix in a few days to reduce her weight. Like Queen Mary, she has a horror of growing stout.

She will be at Aix for three weeks, and will arrive at the Royal Hospital, in Dublin, shortly before the Dublin Horse Show, which commences August 26, and which is the great event of the Irish season. She is sending out many more invitations than last year for her horse show party, and will entertain a large and distinguished house party.

MANEUVERS SHOW FRANCE ITS NAVAL NEED

Experts Declare That Blockade Is Now Impossible and Swift Cruisers Are Necessary.

By GEORGE DUFRESNE.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—For the first time in many years France has during the recent naval maneuvers been able to place a real first-class modern navy at the disposal of the admirals in command and the results achieved have been highly satisfactory, while at the same time the experiments made have been of the greatest value to the experts of the Navy Department, who are to plan the further evolution of the country's naval defenses.

As may perhaps be remembered, the maneuvers which were originally planned to take place in the Atlantic were transferred to the Mediterranean in order to have the navy as close as possible to the sphere where its presence might be needed at any time during the Balkan disturbances.

Blockade Is Impossible.

I have just had a talk with the former Secretary of the Navy, Vice Admiral Boue DeLapeyrer. First of all, he said, the maneuvers showed conclusively that a close blockade of an enemy's port is no longer possible. The modern submarine, which is able to go a considerable distance away from the shore, as well as the swift torpedo boat, quite apart from the danger of mines, compel the blockading fleet to keep at a long distance, and this in turn makes new methods of blockading necessary.

"If the maneuvers we carried on outside of Toulon," the Admiral said, "had been attempted in real warfare there would not have been a single vessel left on either side. In this opinion I am upheld by our most famous naval expert, M. Pierreval.

Needs Swift Cruisers.

"The maneuvers further prove that France needs a number of light, swift cruisers in order to locate and annihilate the destroyers of an enemy. At present we possess none of these at all, while England has 66 and Germany 34, and we are compelled to use our great destroyers of from 400 to 700 tons instead, but they were not able to fill the bill.

"The work done by officers and men during the maneuvers was excellent and equal to that of any foreign navy, and if anything might be criticised it is this, that we are not able to coal either in port or in open sea as quickly as American vessels have done, but the Minister of Marine has already found means to remedy this, and very extensive drills are even now being carried out at Toulon and Bizerta."

Few Officers Available.

The weakest point in France's naval armor is admittedly the rather alarming shortage of naval officers of nearly all grades. There are not nearly officers enough to fill positions on the newly built deradnoughts.

The battleship Jean Bart, for instance, ought to have, besides its commander, a captain, an officer in charge of the ammunition stores, six naval lieutenants and thirteen cadets. It will be impossible to provide all these for quite some time, and Jean Bart and our other modern dreadnoughts have only two lieutenants and eight cadets. The new naval bill which materially increases the salaries of all officers will, it is hoped, provide all the officers needed.

Auto Scares Horses; Carter Whips Prince

Driver Uses Lash on Members of Nobility After Accident to His Vehicle.

Special Cable to The American.

LEIPSIC, GERMANY, July 26.—A Princess and two Princes of the House of Isenburg, belonging to the highest German nobility, were horse-whipped recently by an angry carter whose horses their automobile had alarmed.

Prince Alphons, Princess Antoinette and Prince Victor Vonisenburg were motoring to Altenburg, where they were to visit the Duke of Altenburg, head of another former sovereign house of the empire, when they encountered a farmer with a load of wood. His horse shied before the automobile and upset the load in the ditch.

The driver lashed out with his whip at the Princess and the Princes as they rolled by, leaving angry welts on the faces of all three.

He now faces trial at Gera for his misdeed, which a century ago would have been almost high treason.

LONDON OFFERS RICH FIELD FOR GIRL DENTISTS

Demand Growing for Private Practice and Clinics Among Children.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Apparently there is an open field for young women in dentistry, for the supply does not meet the growing demand from private practices and the dental clinics for children which are springing up all over the country.

At the National Dental Hospital it was said yesterday that though every facility is offered to women dental students there, the response is not extensive. The average number of women students attending at one time is between two and three, and some of these come from abroad.

Dutch girls make particularly good students. One of them, Miss Martens, has been appointed woman-dentist to the Queen of Holland. But English girls are no less successful—as witness Miss L. F. Paine, who qualified only last November, and has now been elected house-surgeon at the National Dental Hospital.

"I can not understand why there are not a greater number of women entering the profession," said a successful woman dentist, "and can only conclude it is because they think there is something unpleasant and disagreeable about a dentist's work. To me it is such fascinating work that I forget all the unpleasantness. My clients are women and children. I do not take men patients.

"The mechanical work—the preparing of gold plates and so on—is particularly interesting, and most of the women dentists I know like that part of the work immensely.

"There are a few women quacks, just as there are men quacks. The public needs to be educated out of going to dentists who advertise. That is a sure sign of quackery, because the genuine dentist is forbidden by the etiquette of his profession to advertise, and is struck off the register if he (or she) does."

Golden Cards Out to His Golden Wedding

Russian Millionaire Sends 200 Invitations Made of Pure Metal to Anniversary Affair.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—M. Spiridinoff, a well-known Moscow millionaire, is about to celebrate his golden wedding. Two hundred guests have been invited. Each of them received the other day a card of invitation made of pure gold.

As each card weighs twenty grammes, which is rather less than three-quarters of an ounce avoirdupois, the total amount of gold used is about nine pounds.

The metal was transformed into these unique misisves, on which the invitation was worked in enamel, by a Moscow goldsmith. Each invitation card is valued at about $30.

British Plan Five-Day Line to Canada

Syndicate Will Construct Terminal Port at Blacksod Bay for New Transcontinental Service.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—A syndicate, strongly supported by British and Canadian shipping and shipbuilding companies, intends to construct a terminal port at Blacksod Bay, County Mayo, for an express line between that point and Cape St. Charles, in Southern Labrador, whence another transcontinental railway is to be built, bringing Canada within five days of London.

This project will be the deathblow to the often-talked-of Galway scheme.

Pastor to Use Boxing To Make Christians

Minister in Slums of London Will Try to Stimulate Church With Athletics.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The Rev. Everard Digby has just been made vicar of St. Agatha's, Shoreditch, one of the "slummiest" and one of the toughest quarters in the East End of London.

He is a muscular Christian, can box fairly well, is still an all-round athlete, and is the only clergyman member of the National Sporting Club, where he can often be seen watching the boxing contests.

He intends, so he tells his friends, to make men of the young "Hooligans" of Shoreditch by turning them into athletes before inducing them to attend church.

Czar Gives Hospital To Raise Birth Rate

Tercentenary of Romanoff Dynasty Will Be Celebrated by Opening of $500,000 Institution.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—By an imperial decree on the subject of infantile mortality in Russia St. Petersburg is to have a special institution in which children and nursing mothers can be received. The amount of $500,000, given by private banks of this city and Moscow on the occasion of the tercentenary of the Romanoff dynasty, will be devoted to the upkeep of the institution, which has been placed under the patronage of the Czarina.

TORIES' TACTICS DISGUST BRITISH WITH POLITICS

Work of Obstruction Forces Parliament to Pass Act to Let Any Legislation Pass.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The parliamentary season is drawing toward its close and the members of both sides, after the merciless prodding of the Government, almost without exception feel as if in all England it would be utterly impossible to find a set of harder working men and imagine that the lot of the average coal miner is far preferable to their own.

Unfortunately this opinion is not shared by the general public, whose opinion of their legislators was quite accurately expressed by the editor of The World's Work, who the other day preached a little sermon to the members of the House.

It can not be denied that the Tories alone are to blame for that, because, by their obstructionary tactics, they made the Parliament Act necessary, the result of which is that all important bills of a controversial nature are crammed into the first two sessions, while the third Parliament will have nothing to do but formally pass bills which ought to have become laws long before.

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E. DE RESZKE: "I am absolutely satisfied with my Kimball Piano."

EMMA EAMES: "I am charmed with the beautiful tone of the Kimball Piano."

MARCELLA SEMBRICH: "The Kimball Piano ranks with the best instruments before the world.

WALTER DAMROSCH: "The Kimball Piano has a pure, refined and beautiful tone."

PRICES: Uprights and Grands $195.00 to $1,250.00.

To those having no advanced musician in their family, our new model 88-note player should prove of special interest. Without previous musical training the Kimball Player-Piano enables the performer to enjoy any music in which he chooses to delight, such as the classics, church or popular music. All one needs is love for music.

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Confidence Gets the Hits

Baseball Jinx Real, But Can Be Beaten

Heine Tells How to Do It

TAD SHOWS HOW THE GOAT PASSES FROM BATTER TO PITCHER AND VICE VERSA



'ZIM' SAYS 3 PITCHERS HAVE IT 'ON' HIM

Some Day He Will Land on Them, Get His Confidence Back and They'll Be Easy.

A batter who goes up to the plate believing he is going to hit the ball has a big shade on the pitcher, says Zimmerman, in this, the third article of his series. Read what follows and see if you do not agree with Heine's logic.

By HENRY ZIMMERMAN.

IT'S my opinion that there is no business or profession in the world where confidence in one's self counts as much as it does when a batter steps to the plate in the pinch.

Hitting in a large measure is believing that one can hit.

That has been my experience. There are three pitchers in our league who seem to have it on me. Christy Mathewson, Jeff Tesreau and Earl Moore are the men. And I am ineffective against the latter two for the reason that I have lost my confidence in my ability to hit them. I'll get it back all right.

Some day I will get in there and pound out a bunch of hits when they happen to be on the slab and then those two will worry me no more.

I don't know about Mathewson. Here is a man who should be envied by every pitcher lacking control. For it is the control of this veteran that makes him one of the hardest men in the game to beat. Mathewson possesses the other qualifications that a great pitcher must have. But it is his marvelous control that keeps him going year after year.

How Mathewson Fools the Batter

He uses his control in a peculiar sort of way. Some pitchers display their control by keeping the ball over the plate. Mathewson uses his in quite a different way. He never gives you a good ball to hit.

His pitches are a bit wide to hit hard yet in far enough to tempt you.

He pitches so closely to you that you constantly hit on the handle of the bat. Yet it is out just far enough to get you to swing.

He's pitching a bit high or a bit low to you. He's always pitching just where you take a swing yet never where you can get a good solid wallop.

It's Tesreau's wind-up rather than what he has on the ball that worries me. And a deceptive wind-up has helped many an ordinary pitcher. Remember King Cole? He went through a lot of gyrations before letting go of the ball. The batters scarcely knew from what angle to expect that pitch.

There's no question in my mind that it was Cole's wind-up that carried him through the National League when he was with us.

Says He Will Solve Tesreau's Windup

Tesreau hits me the same way. I find it difficult to watch his windup and it is hard for me to follow the ball from the moment it leaves his hand. It's on top of me before I can see it.

But some day I'm going to figure out that wind-up. Then I'll pay back Mr. Tesreau.

Too much stress can not be placed upon the value of confidence in a batter. It extends to a team frequently which accounts for some of the things which fans marvel at.

You read that this pitcher is a jinx for a certain club. Lack of confidence is the answer. At some time or other that pitcher was going good when he met this club that is now easy for him. He pitched some good ball and beat them a couple of games in one series. The chances are the games were important and attracted much attention and comment.

Transferring the Goat.

The next time that pitcher came to town he was referred to as a jinx. And pretty soon he was. It wasn't that he pitched so well, although the chances are that he pitched ahead of his form, for the moment a twirler gets the idea that he has it on a team he becomes better. It is a mental condition.

The fellows in the clubhouse said, "Well, our old jinx will pitch to-day. We'll have our troubles."

They went in half licked and they came out thoroughly trounced.

A jinx is broken the same way. The pitcher hasn't all of his stuff, a couple of fellows get base hits, confidence is restored, the fellows go up there with determination and, presto—the jinx is knocked from the slab and the chances are that it is for all time.

A batting slump is the terror of all batters. It is also one of the mysteries of the game. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one.

Many batters believe that it is the eye. That isn't my belief. When I am in the midst of a batting slump I know exactly what the cause is. Yet I can't remove it. The reason I am not hitting is because I am not swinging freely. My eye is all right. I know where and when to meet the ball. But the muscles of my shoulder seem to be bound. I don't seem to be able to handle that bat just as I should.

It's my belief that I have the right system of getting over it, though. Men who swing hard when they get in a slump begin to choke the bat; they swing easy, just hard enough to meet the ball. I don't. I swing just as hard when I'm in a slump as when I am hitting at my best. I know that if I keep right on swinging that I will get back to the old swing and that the slump will be over.

Zim Gives Cure for Batting Slump

A BATTING slump is the terror of all batters. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one. When I am in a batting slump it is not my eye that is at fault. I know what it is, but am helpless. It is because my muscles are bound and I am not swinging freely. I believe I have the right system of getting over it. I do not ease up on the swing. I believe in keeping the muscles at work; so I swing just as hard as ever and the first thing I know I get back the old swing and the slump is over.—HEINE ZIMMERMAN.

SCOUTS ARE BIG FACTORS IN RACES, SAYS HEDGES

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 26.—Bob Hedges doesn't believe a manager has much to do with the building up of a run-down ball club. He thinks that duty is up to the scouts, and that in case of failure to get the players the blame should fall upon the scouts instead of the manager.

The president of the Browns declared yesterday:

"I'm fairly well satisfied with Stovall's work as manager with the material on hand. Next season we hope to give him still better material and maybe we can climb a bit.

"You know Stovall isn't building up the St. Louis Club—he mustn't get either credit or blame for what has been done in this respect. The manager has nothing to do with the building up of a club—that's what is left to the scouts, and as we have good scouts, I think we're due to climb."

SCHRECK TO MEET GILBERT.

Dick Glibert and Mike Schreck have been rematched for a fifteen-round contest at the Valley Athletic Club in Elmwood, August 18. The Schreck people want Ed Smith, the Chicago referee, to officiate.

LYON MASTERED GOLF BY USING CRICKET STROKE

Toronto Star Qualified for American Championship Despite Awkward Style of Play.

WHEN George S. Lyon, of Toronto, in 1906, at Englewood, was prevented from carrying off the American golf championship by the brilliant playing of E. M. Byers, of Pittsburg, who won the final by 2 up, there was a general regret expressed during the match that a player with so awkward a style, so distinctively a cricket stroke, should thus menace the United States championship. Lyon, with about a half-swing, would lunge at the ball just as if he were hitting a cricket ball. He has been a fine cricket player all his life, and when he came into the golf field, instead of trying to form correct golfing habits he just whanged away in the old form he had in defending the wicket.

As a result, he has one of the most awkward styles on the tee of all the crack players, with the possible exception of Parker W. Whittemore, of the Brookline Country Club, Boston, who would do well to take a year off and unlearn his present methods and adopt such a form as his frequent Boston opponents, like Francis Ouimet and Percival Gilbert, possess. It would take just about that time for Whittemore to get rid of the faults he now has, but it would be worth while, for, with his fine, powerful physique and sure eye, he would come close, with a perfect style, to carrying off the national championship.

* * *

WITH the discussion in England of late as to whether golf is encroaching upon cricket to such an extent as to lessen interest in that game, has arisen the question whether the one pastime is a bad form of preparation for the other, especially whether a cricketer can become a successful golfer. This point is interesting in America, as it involves the question whether the baseball swat unfits one for good golfing unless it is dropped absolutely for the true golf swing.

G. L. Jessop, the well-known British amateur golfer, holds the opinion that it is well-nigh impossible to be good at both golf and cricket in one and the same season, because while the latter game demands quickness on the feet, golf is likely to bring nothing but disappointment to its devotees unless he can contrive to preserve stability of stance and to pivot on his feet with almost mechanical precision.

* * *

CAPTAIN C. K. HUTCHISON, who is a fine batsman and a first-class golfer, considers that the two games can be pursued in quick alternation without one's form at either suffering to any extent worth mentioning. And on one summer's day he made about 60 runs for the Household Brigade against strong bowling, and then, going straight to Wokling, went round the golf course there in 74 strokes. So that he must be an excellent master of his feet.

The Hon. F. S. Jackson was another celebrity who quickly became a scratch golfer, and he has often said that the one circumstance which disappointed him about the game was that, when he first fell into its meshes, he could hit the ball prodigious distances, and that the more accurately he played it, the shorter became his drives.

* * *

AMONG prominent American golfers are some who have been good ball players. The best known of these is John M. Ward, formerly of the New York Giants, and in his day, twenty years ago, called one of the greatest shortstops the game ever saw. For one so thoroughly grounded in baseball as Ward was, his swing is not bad, though there is a stronger suggestion of the hit in his swing, perhaps, than if he had never driven in runs on the ball field.

Oswald Kirkby, the New Jersey champion of 1912, and one of the finest drivers American golf has ever produced, has been a baseball pitcher of considerable ability. However, he took up golf when still young, and this enabled him to cultivate a full swing with the sweep effect, and with no suggestion of the baseball hit.

Pelky Ready to Talk Business

Champion Wants Go With Smith

By H. M. Walker.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—Arthur Pelky, claiming the world's heavyweight championship, but not appearing to be a bit excited over the fact, arrived in California—the real battleground of the Queensberry world—the other day and made a general application for work.

Accompanying Pelky, whose real name, by the way, is Arthur Pellitier, was our old friend Tommy Burns. Tommy is as fat as our own Jimmada Jeff and wears considerably more jewelry. He did all the talking for Pelky, who stood in the background and kept smoothing back his black hair in a manner that suggested embarrassment in finding himself in the "big town," surrounded by the men who have kept the ring records since the days when an important bout called for a barge ride.

"There is a general disposition to look upon Pelky as a ring accident, just as the people tagged Willie Ritchie as a false alarm," said Burns. "This is a mistake. My man has had 33 fights without having had a decision given against him. He made Jess Willard quit cold and he stopped Jim Barry in five rounds. All that he needs is the opportunity to prove that he is the best heavyweight boxer in the game to-day.

Pelky After Smith.

"There is not much doing among the heavyweights now, and for that reason we have signed up for a ten weeks, stage engagement along the coast. The one man we want to meet is Gunboat Smith, but if the public will point a finger at another man we will be on the job.

"I boxed Pelky six rounds and at the finish I was 'all in.' I knew then that Arthur was the real goods, and, although it is not generally known, I have been his manager since that night. He has everything that a champion should have, and is a clean liver. Although the big fellow is 29 years old now, I expect him to hold the title for the next six or seven years, and before he gets through he will be the most popular heavyweight since the prime of John L. Sullivan."

In personal appearance Pelky is in striking contrast to Jim Corbett, "Bob" Fitzsimmons, Jim Jeffries or any of the old-timers. The office boy who Marathons at the beck and call and a nod at his command. He is modest, perhaps bashful would be a better word, and but for a "panned" left ear and a "tunnel" nose, would never be suspected of being connected with the prize ring.

"We will meet any white man in the world," continued Burns after Pelky had been made to stand up, sit down and roll over for a general inspection. "There are no colored boxers worthy of consideration and I am glad of it, as this saves us a lot of argument. The black boys can save their breath, Pelky will never give one of them a chance. I was roasted from Sydney to Schenectady because I refused to fight Johnson. After I finally did lose to the big dinge I was roasted all over again for having given him a crack at the title. We will not make this mistake again. Pelky is a white champion for white people only."

Wind-Up of the Pitcher Is the Thing That Worries Zim More Than the Curves.

BALLOONS WILL COMPETE IN INTERNATIONAL RACES

NEW YORK, July 26.—The distances in the recent elimination race covered respectively by the three balloons whose pilots were chosen as the teams to represent America in the international balloon race from Paris in October, are announced by Major Samuel Reber, official statistician of the Aero Club of America:

R. A. Upson, of Detroit, in the Goodyear, the statistician announces, covered a distance of 685 miles; John Watts, of Kansas City, in the Kansas City II, 673 miles, and H. E. Honeywell, of St. Louis, in the Kansas City Post, 658 miles. Seven balloons entered the elimination trials, but only four finished. Major Reber computed the distance in direct lines on topographical maps.

The men chosen for the international race will start with the foreign competitors October 12, from the Tuilleries Gardens in Paris. The race, like the trials, will be judged on the basis of miles cover during one continuous flight.

PROVIDENCE RECALLS O'MEARA.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Ollie O'Meara, the shortstop who was loaned to the Evansville Central League team several months ago by the Providence team of the International League, yesterday was recalled by Providence.

HANSON, YANK RECRUIT, IS CHICAGO SCHOOLBOY

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Harry Hanson, a Chicago schoolboy, made his first appearance with the New York Americans the other day. Hanson has been with the team two days, having been picked up in Chicago, where he played with the Washington Heights team. He is a sturdy lad 21 years old and seems to have a good whip.

CROSS LANDS JOB DOWN EAST.

Monte Cross, former scout for the Browns and one of the members of the "board of strategy," has been appointed manager of the Bridgeport, Conn., team in the Eastern Association.

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RACE IS NOT OVER YET, SAYS CONNIE MACK

Lean Leader Sees Cleveland, Red Sox and Chicago All Making a Fight.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 26.—On the outside talking with fans, critics and statistic fiends, the 1913 American League pennant derby is over—the Athletics being an easy winner. On the inside, conversing with Connie Mack, one discovers that the Cleveland Naps may win; the Washington Nationals may win; the Chicago White Sox are coming fast, and the Boston Red Sox are dangerous.

But the Athletics! See information from Connie Mack on his troupe and the best you get is a smile. Yes, the boys are going pretty good, but anything may happen from now to the finish, and the other fellows are right in there.

Connie Mack is a genius. By shrewd baseball intelligence he has developed a wonderful ball club, but he refrains completely from talking about himself or the players surrounding him. It's always the other fellow with Mack—not himself.

"Yes, it is an interesting race," was Mack's answer to a question concerning his view on what is happening and what is going to happen.

"I look for the Naps, Nationals and White Sox to be right up there at the finish," he continued. "Cleveland had a little slump, but they'll recover and come around. Washington, too, will be a strong factor. Griffith has several mighty good youngsters, and his pitching staff is getting better.

"And the White Sox are improving. They played good ball against us. Callahan used all his good pitchers and tried his best to beat us. We didn't go very good in the field against the Sox, and that's why we lost three games to them."

Since Mack began winning pennants, his style is never to say anything until the pennant is won. And he is the same to-day. Then, when it is won and the baseball folks declare Mack a real wizard, he replies by giving the credit to the players.

Boston Was a Good Team.

"What happened to your team last year?" was put to Mack. "You won the world's championship in 1910 and 1911, dropped back last year, and now you come back this year."

"The Boston Red Sox were just a little better than we were," flashed back Mack. "Don't let anybody tell you they were lucky. They weren't. We didn't go right and they did. Now this year Boston has been crippled and injuries have hurt the team.

"We are out in front, and I hope we stay there, but you can't predict an October finish in July."

Now there is a reason for the Athletics being first this year. Toward the finish of 1912, when things were going just right for the champs, several of the players broke training rules. Oldring and Bender were suspended and fined and in general the club cracked.

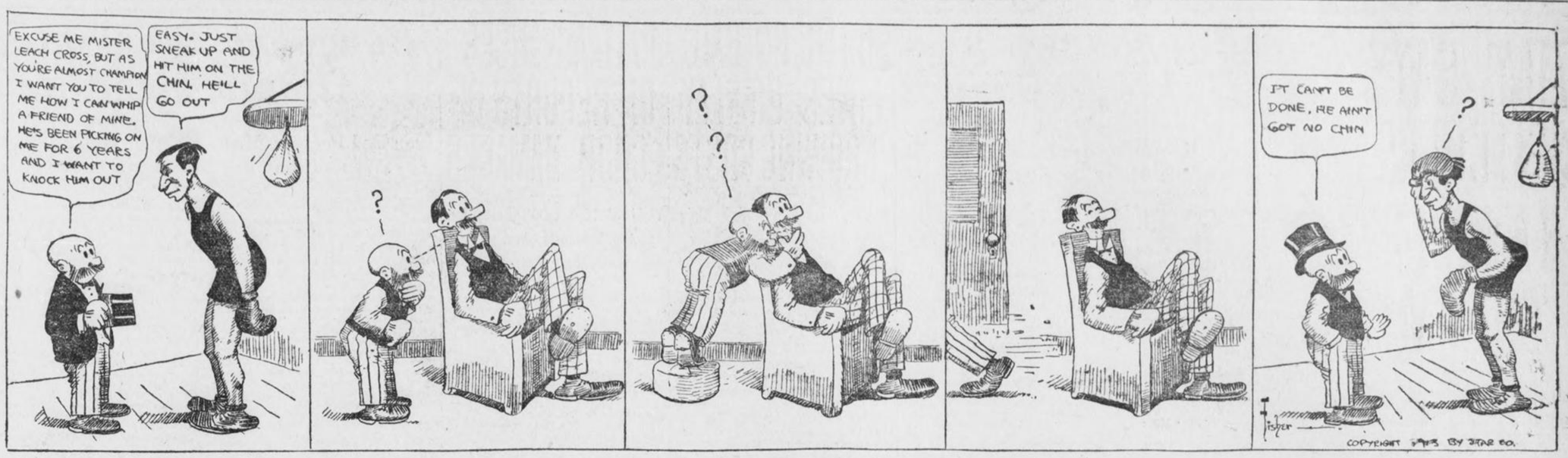
Young Pitchers Help Athletics.

This spring Mack consulted with all his players in the South. He told them what it meant for each to be in shape all summer, what the world's series meant to them, and the change is noted to everybody. Mack has the players going in tiptoe shape, too.

Another reason is that Mack was fortunate in developing several young pitchers. With Cy Morgan, Harry Krause and a few more absent, Mack had to pick up a youngster or two to aid Bender, Plank and Coombs. He did, and in Cal Brown, Bush, Houck and Wyckoff the pitching staff has been strengthened materially.

Further, Jack Coombs probably will be ready to return to work about September 1, just the time when he will be needed to aid in the final dash down the stretch, and be ready for the world's series. In the early spring Coombs was a victim of typhoid fever and has not pitched this year.

Only Way to Knock Mutt Out Is to Kick Him on the Shins :: :: :: By 'Bud' Fisher



Barrow a Progressive President

Will Have Ball Players Pooled

By W. J. Macbeth.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Edward Barrow, the hustling president of the International League, is the original "Bull Mooser" of organized baseball. He is thoroughly progressive in his views and actions, and he wields the big stick with determination and foresight. Under his regime the International League has prospered greatly and minor league baseball in general has shared that prosperity.

To the untiring efforts of Barrow is largely due the fact that the three most powerful minor leagues are graded higher than had been the case before he assumed office. The more exalted rating carried with it any number of advantageous privileges. The Class A. A. Clubs are not only better protected in every way—but the new order of things made compulsory a revision of rating and privilege all the way down the line from the two major circuits to the most obscure "brush" organizations. In short a new working agreement had to be framed; a more up-to-date peace pact, as it were.

* * *

BARROW has already done quite enough for minor league baseball to establish his name as a real champion of the cause. But he is not a man who is content to live on reputation. He purposes next year to inaugurate the most radical changes in the hope of solving the principal disadvantages under which the big family of the national pastime now toils. Barrow has the nerve to try a scheme which, if successful, is bound to do no less than revolutionize the administration of the game.

The players of the International League next spring will be pooled at the spring schedule meeting after they have all been put under contract. The various magnates will cast lots for first choice. They will draw for the various prizes of the circuit. Barrow believes that in this way and only in this way will it be possible to distribute the talent as evenly as possible among the various club owners. He believes that such a course will result in a much better balanced organization. That every team will have a chance for the pennant and that the resulting closer competition should prove more interesting to fandom in general and more remunerative to the magnates.

If the International League club owners have the nerve to indorse the scheme of their president it will at least assure a fine trial of the proposed remedy for many of the present drawbacks of the game. The experiment should be worth a great deal for advertising purposes alone. It would attract more attention to the International League than to either of the big leagues. The whole country would be interested in the outcome and no one would watch the results with greater interest than the powers of the two major leagues.

* * *

BARROW'S theory appears a most sound one. So far it is only theory. If it would stand the acid test in the minor league it is a certainty it would be welcomed in the big show. There is no more discouraging element in the promotion of major league baseball than the seeming inability of second division clubs to secure competent talent. The New York American club is a very good illustration of this. In the last five years Frank Farrell has spent fortunes trying to build up a losing club. To-day it is right where it was in 1908—away back in the ruck. All his money has been thrown away. There is absolutely no sentiment in baseball. Not a rival manager would give Frank Chance a worn-out bat bag if he thought it would serve later to help the Peerless Leader win a game from him. It is almost impossible to dig major league class from the bushes. Talent has to be developed. There is a dearth of material—not enough good players to go round. And naturally minor league clubs with something to sell prefer to do business with the successful major outfits not because the market is any better but because of the fact that their stars are more likely to be turned back again at some sort of sound profit.

The principles of organized baseball are quite sound. But there are too many loopholes for evasion. Even the roster limits are not conscientiously observed. In spite of the National Commission's vigilance wholesale "farming" continues. Every big league club has a raft of embryo stars "covered up" as an emergency reserve. Nothing can be done to stop it. Players who might help the weaker clubs are kept on the benches of the flag contenders or planted out somewhere in such a manner that they are safe from the dragnet of rivals.

* * *

IF it could be proven by fair trial that Ed Barrow's idea is practical then would be solved not only one of the greatest puzzles of the promoters, but one of the greatest ills of the players as well. By the same stroke would be canceled the necessary evil of the reserve clause, which has threatened Congressional investigation of baseball as a trust. Baseball contracts as at present constituted are illegal. They are not equitable. A player may be discharged on ten days' notice; he is bound for athletics life to the club with which he signs through the instrument of reserve. That no greater injustices result is due largely to the broad-mindedness of the National Commission. Yet, in spite of all, injustices exist.

Take the case of any star ball player who is so unfortunate as to be a member of a poor club. Rucker, of Brooklyn, for the past five years, is a fitting example. Brooklyn could not afford to pay him as much as could, say New York. There was absolutely no hope for the future. Bound hand and foot to the Dodgers, no ray of world's series sunshine broke through to cheer him.

* * *

IT should be the best thing in the world for players if they were put up to be drawn each season. There would be far more novelty to the life, a better chance of general advancement in salary because of the ever changing interest of fandom and less likelihood of discontent in the ranks. It might come hard at first to give up old idols of years. We all would grieve to see the gallant Matty go to Chicago. But we might learn after a while to tolerate a Hans Wagner or Johnny Evers in his stead. Of course, the main objection to such a plan would come from the champions who consider the world's series prize theirs by right of habit. Connie Mack and John McGraw should not be expected to go into ecstasies over Barrow's scheme. But even at that these crafty pilots would prove their true worth by sitting in at the draw and by hammering home their ideas to a new brood of athletes each spring. As a pure sporting proposition the new order of things would give the first true line on real managerial ability. Even-balanced fields would eliminate the element of luck.

Baldwin and Cross Work Hard for Bout

Both Boys Don Gloves in Preparation for Tuesday Night's Fight. Matty Shows Class.

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—"Matty" Baldwin, who is scheduled to box twenty rounds with the New York dentist, Leach Cross, on Tuesday night, July 29, went through an impressive work-out at the St. Ignatius Club gymnasium yesterday afternoon. While Baldwin did not extend himself at any time in his work-out with Hobo Dougherty and Johnny Schiff, his ease of style and complete mastery of the boxing game were apparent, and Cross should have considerable difficulty in holding him off to the limit. Baldwin comes to the coast with a record as a tough customer to handle in the ring.

Baldwin does not believe in training too strenously, and his work-out yesterday was of the usual length, three rounds with each of his two sparring partners.

Leach Cross traveled six rounds with Louis Reese and Johnny O'Leary, going three with each, and in addition went through the full routine of gymnasium work. Cross showed excellent form and appears to be in the best of condition.

Ad Wolgast and Johnny Dundee, who are to meet in the Vernon arena on Admission Day, were both interested spectators at the Cross work-out yesterday Wolgast's manager, Tom Jones, will be here in a few days, when final arrangements for the bout will be completed.

WILLIAMS PLANS INVASION OF FEATHERWEIGHT CLASS

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 26.—Sam Harris, manager of Kid Williams, has announced that Williams will go through with his bouts with Campi and Burns, as he promised McCarey, and then go after the featherweights.

Harris thinks that Williams will have little trouble making good in the 122-pound division, and has picked Abe Attell as the best man for Williams to meet in the new division.

Williams contends that he can hit as hard as the majority of featherweights and is husky enough to stand as fast a pace. He is game for a whirl at the featherweight contenders and promises trouble in the division.

VASHTI PICKS A NEW COACH.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At a meeting of the trustees of Williams and Vashti College of Aledo Professor Elmer H. Wilds was chosen director of athletics for the ensuing year. He is a graduate of Harvard and Allegheny Colleges and is a recognized authority upon all forms of college athletics.

ATHLETICS HAVE NOT LOST OVER THREE STRAIGHT

And Only Once Has Mack's Great Team Tasted a Trio of Successive Defeats.

WHEN a team can go through a complete season, the 154 games, and play a steady performance, day in and day out, without any slumps or sensational spurts, then it is going to be a pennant winner. That's why the Athletics are making such a runaway in the American League race this summer.

A little story in figures tells just why the Philadelphia club is so far out in front of the nearest contender. Connie Mack's team has not lost more than three games in a row so far this season. That happened only once. Detroit took three straights, but dropped the fourth one recently when Eddie Plank hurled a shut-out game. Previous to this slump the most games the Athletics had lost in a row was two at a time, and what makes the record all the more marvelous is that this happened but once.

The recovery of championship form for Connie Mack and his Athletics really is the surprise of the 1913 campaign. They won in 1910 and 1911, and were the double world's champions, too. Then something happened a year back and they exploded, with the Boston Red Sox succeeding the residents of Penn as the high rulers in the American League and as the world's champions.

Last winter a majority of the dopesters picked the Red Sox to repeat. In analyzing the Athletics the "IF" was too prominent to predict a flag for Connie Mack again.

Had to Build Up Team.

Eddie Plank had to keep going; Chief Bender had to come back; Mack had to get two outfielders to help along Oldring; a catcher had to arrive to take the places of Thomas and Lapp, who were slipping, and some young star flingers were needed to help out the veterans.

Well, all this happened, much to the surprise of baseball dope. And it has been this steady, consistent playing that has landed the Athletics on top.

Right off the reel on April 10, the Mackites started to claw and devour the Boston Red Sox. And it was this first blow, a record of six victories out of the first seven games with the 1912 monarchs, that started the Athletics on the path to this 1913 pennant.

The two clubs staged a seven-game series and the Red Sox won but one. The Sox never could recover, while the Athletics have never faltered a bit.

Won Fifteen in a Row.

The record of fifteen straight victories was put on shortly after that. On May 26 Walter Johnson tamed the Athletics 9 to 2, and the next defeat didn't arrive until the Browns licked the Pennsylvanians on June 11, 5 to 2. And during that period fifteen straight games were won.

Slump No. 2 was June 20-21 with the Boston Red Sox turning the trick. June 20 the Red Sox won, 6 to 1, with Bush heaving against them. The next day the score was 5 to 4. On June 23, though, the Athletics routed their rivals, 13 to 4.

Then there was nothing doing in the slump line until July 13, when the Mackmen lost a pair to the Tigers, with Bush and Bender pitching the first game and Houck dropping the second. On July 14 the Tigers repeated, with Bender and Bush doing the box work.

ROURKE ASKS WAIVERS ON 3.

OMAHA, NEBR., July 26.—President Fourke yesterday denied the report that he had asked for waivers on practically the whole Omaha team. He admitted that he had asked for waivers on three players, but declined to say who they were.

Big Trade Planned By Cubs and Dodgers

Roger Bresnahan and Zimmerman May Be Swapped for Allen and Smith.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Roger Bresnahan and Heinie Zimmerman for Smith and Allen is the big deal that is in the air between the Chicago Cubs and the Brooklyn Club.

There are some who are close to the Brooklyn Club who say that this is the beginning of the end of Bill Dahlen as manager of the Brooklyn team. The rumor has it that he McKeever brothers who have a large interest in the club, are not satisfied with the way Dahlen has been handling the team and want a change.

This would indicate that Bresnahan would be taken and then made manager of the team. Allen is a good pitcher, while Smith has been playing fine ball for the Dodgers at third base. The general opinion seems to be that the deal would not be a bad one for either club.

JIM THORPE IS LEARNING FAST UNDER JOHN M'GRAW

NEW YORK, July 26.—Jim Thorpe, the former world's amateur athletic champion, as a result of his observation and coaching under Manager John McGraw, of the New York Giants, is rapidly picking up valuable knowledge of the national sport for future use. Regarding him, McGraw says:

"In another month or so the Indian will be a really good outfielder. He starts well, knows how to play a ball when he reaches it, and, with his speed, can go a thundering long way for them. He has one of the best throwing arms on the club. After a while he'll be a good hitter as well as a clever fielder; he has already learned how to gauge and hit a curve pretty well. Another season Thorpe will be a seasoned ball player."

RICHOLSON HEADS GUN CLUB.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At the annual meeting of the Starved Rock Gun Club, held this week at the new clubhouse, officers were elected as follows: President, H. L. Richolson, Ottawa; vice president, B. D. Zeller, Ottawa; secretary, A. L. Jaques, Utica; treasurer, F. G. Pierski, La Salle; field captain, C. D. Clark, Utica. The officers, with the addition of C. S. Roe, of Ottawa, and Charles Quinby, of Spring Valley, compose the board of directors.

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Klem Is Latest to Praise New Balk Rule

Umpire Says President Lynch Has Made Proper Ruling on Dropped Ball.

NEW YORK, July 26.—William Klem, probbly the best umpire on the National League staff, discussed several points in the rules the other day. When asked about President Lynch's interpretation of the rule covering the dropping of a ball by a pitcher while in the act of delivering it to the batsman, he said:

"President Lynch has made a proper ruling in calling such a ball a balk. If a pitcher was allowed to get away with this slip he could easily frame up plays that would catch base runners dead to rights. With a man on first and the hit and run play in order he could tip off the third baseman and then let the ball slip out of his hand so that the runner could be tripped either at second base or between the bases.

"There is no written rule to cover this point, however, unless the rule governing the pitcher's delivery is applied. In that case a dropped ball could be called a 'ball' simply because it did not pass over the home plate between the knee and the shoulder."

"What do you think of the recent decision in the American League when sent Borton back to the plate to hit over again after a ground ball thrown by an infielder had struck an umpire?" Klem was asked.

"The rule says that if a thrown ball hits an umpire base runners must be sent back to their original stations," was the reply, "but the rule makers never meant to have a batsman return to the plate to hit over again. These are some of the points that must be cleared up by the Rules Committee before next season. They do not come up frequently, but the umpires should be in a position to make prompt rulings."

FLYNN-SMITH BOUT SHOULD BE DESPERATE STRUGGLE

NEW YORK, July 26.—New York fight fans expect to see fireworks a-plenty on August 8 for that is the date on which Gunboat Smith, the strongest "white hope" thus far developed, and "Pueblo Jim" Flynn, the most dangerous veteran in the heavy class, have agreed to mingle for ten rounds before the Garden Athletic Club members in the arena of Madison Square Garden.

Both of these scrappers have made their reputation via the knockout route, and as each is aware that pugilistic oblivion will be the certain fate of the loser, the battle should be a desperate struggle from bell to bell.



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BRITTON AND PACKEY MAY CLASH ON COAST

Coffroth Is Anxious to Stage Match Between Rival Chicogoans in August.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., July 26.—"Sunny Jim" Coffroth has the August fight permit for this city and is busy arranging a card for the show. Just who will make up the main event James hasn't decided as yet, but he has assured the fans that whoever the boxers are they will be lads who will offer a crack card. Jim seldom fails in giving the public the best possible, and all lovers of the glove game are anxiously awaiting his selection. It is known he is hot on the trail of Packey McFarland and Jack Britton, but it is hardly likely that he will be able to get this pair before Labor Day, if he can land them then.

But he has Leach Cross, Matty Baldwin, Johnny Dundee, Red Watson and Tommy Murphy among the lightweights, with Jess Willard and Sam Langford to pick opponents for if he should decide on the big lads. Willie Ritchie has practically assured James that he will do battle with any lightweight on Labor Day and Tommy Murphy will be Coffroth's selection, this, of course, subject to change should McFarland decide to box.

ART ALARD TO FIGHT BENZ.

BUTTE, MONT., July 26.—Art Alard, of New York, and Art Benz, of Butte, have been matched for a twelve-round contest here September 1. Benz has fought twelve battles, in every one of which he has knocked out his opponent within four rounds.

GULLS WILL BE REAL SOUTHERN STARS IF THEY WIN PENNANT

MOBILE, July 26.—If Mike Finn's 1913 Mobile team can cop the Dixie pennant it will be most appropriate, inasmuch as eight of the fifteen athletes doing duty on behalf of the local club are Southern boys. A discussion on the bench during a recent rain brought out the fact that eight of the Mobile players boast the South as their home.

Both the Gull catchers, Charley Schmidt and Larry Brown, are Southern boys, Schmidt from Fort Smith, Ark., and Brown from Birmingham. The pitching corps furnishes two more Southerners in Bradley Hogg, of Buena Vista, Ga., and "Pug" Cavet, from Fort Worth, Texas. The outfield, as it now stacks up, is an All-Southern one, Jimmy Clark, Dave Robertson and Paul Sentell, the former residing in Baltimore, Robertson in Portsmouth, Va., and Sentell from New Orleans. Gene Paulet is a Little Rock boy, making eight Southerners on the team.

With the Gulls near the front and making history in the Dixie League, the fact that the team is composed of a majority of Southerners has brought out how fitting it would be for them to cop the Dixie pennant. Then, too, Mike Finn, another Southerner, would be at the heard of the victorious team, and it would be quite a feat could the Gull leader land his first Southern flag with a team composed in the majority of athletes boasting Dixie as their home.

TWELVE EVENTS ON CARD OF NATIONAL REGATTA

NEW YORK, July 26—Secretary Fortmeyer, of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, announces the closing of entries for the forty-first championship regatta has been fixed for July 28. The regatta will be held on the Charles River, Boston, on August 8-9.

Twelve events will be contested over a mile and a quarter course. Nine races will be rowed with one turn and three, the international senior fours, intermediate and senior eights, over a one and a quarter mile straightaway course.

The entries received to date indicate that the national championship will provide one of the best regattas of recent years, with scullers and crews from all parts of the country competing.

EVERS WON'T TRADE ROGER.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 26.—Manager Evers to-day denied the story started in Brooklyn to the effect that he intended to trade Heine Zimmerman and Roger Bresnahan to the Dodgers for Southpaw Frank Allen and Third Baseman Smith.

CASHION'S ONLY CHANCE IS TEN MONTHS' REST

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Carl Cashion's only chance of getting back into the pitching ranks is in ten months' rest, according to specialists here who are treating the Giant twirler's trained arm. Great things were expected of Cushion this season, but in his first game he tore a ligament loose. Now he can not get back the speed that caused him to be considered a second Walter Johnson.

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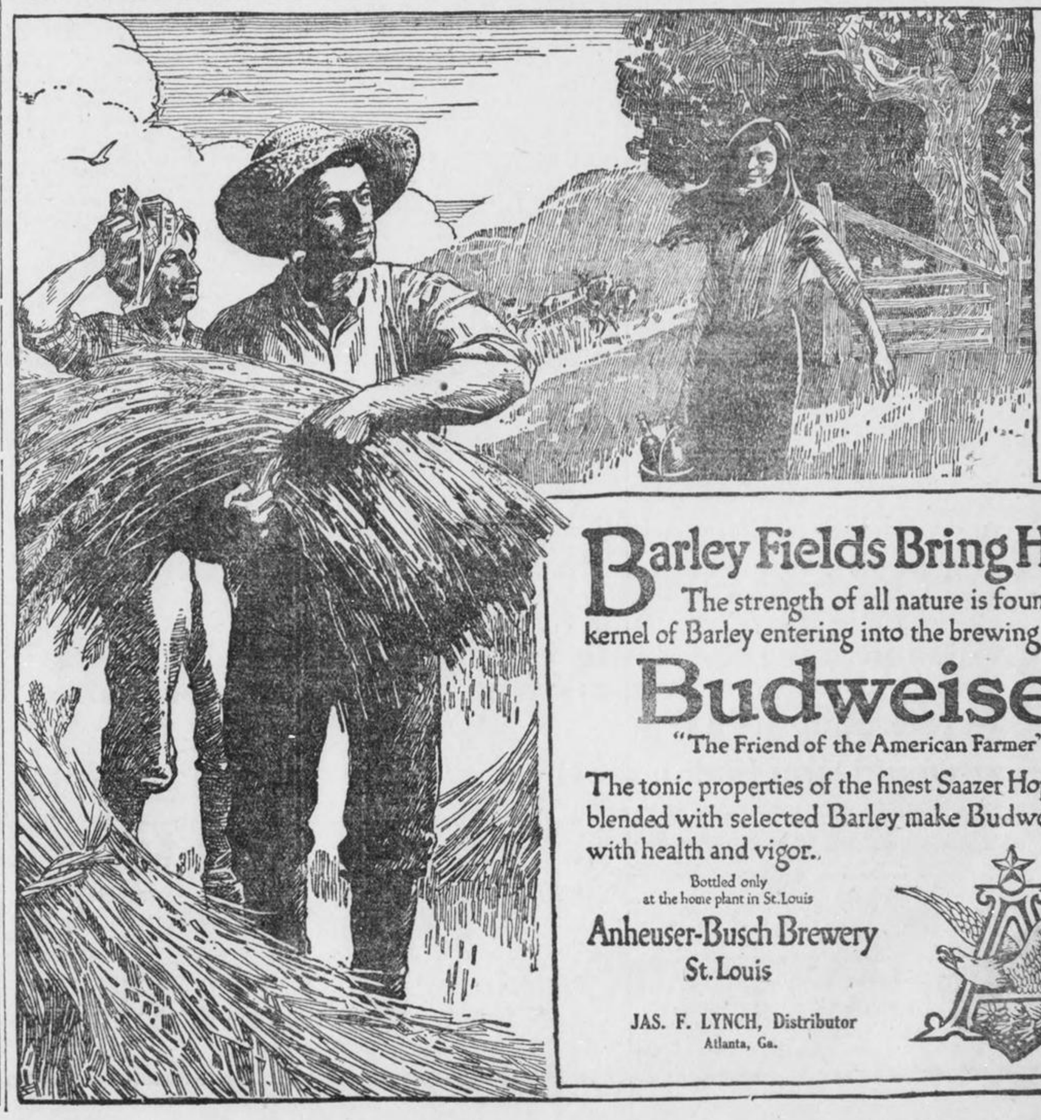

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WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

OPPORTUNITIES FOR SALESMEN TO BE GREATER

More From the Selling Force Will Become Partners in Future Than in Past

Whether salesmen any longer have the opportunity of making big money as salesmen is frequently discussed. There are many who say that personality is a larger factor than ever, and that this, together with the science of salesmanship, will always maintain the value of selling power.

A prominent manufacturer said the other day that a salesman had to be better posted along scientific lines today than ever before. He must study his customers' competition and be expert in retail merchandising, as well as a keen reader of character.

He must have the knack and judgment of knowing what his trade wants, and must aid his customers in making selections. He must be a close student of his own lines, and be able to point out superiorities and inferiorities. He must also have personal magnetism and the power of making friends.

Must Control Temper.

Besides these, absolute control over his temper and actions is necessary. Disagreable scenes often come up, and the salesman of to-day must either be clever enough to smooth them over or else school himself in making as graceful an exit as possible. A clever salesman will never quarrel with a customer or a prospective one.

It makes a bad name for his house, and besides it does not pay, because he knows that the day may come when he will sell that man a bill of goods.

"With such qualifications," remarked the manufacturer, "the modern expert salesman will command more money than ever, because personality and unusual efficiency are necessary in all lines of business. More salesmen in the future will probably become partners, because the type of man successful in the selling field embodies qualifications and executive characteristics that have not been thought necessary in the past.

Neglect New Firms.

"Old-time salesmen rarely open a new account, but go on, season after season, evidently without knowing that new merchants are constantly starting in business. There are plenty of such men puttering along just where they were fifteen years ago, simply taking orders from the customers they have without trying for new ones.

"In the same houses men have been made partners who entered long after the order takers started. Order takers would never be anything else anywhere. They never get ahead. It is the salesman with plenty of energy and a desire to get ahead that can rise to a partnership. To men of this caliber selling goods offers greater opportunities than ever in all lines of business."

$100,000,000 Goods Wait on New Tariff

No Such Wealth Ever Held in New York Before—Sugar Worth $12,000,000.

NEW YORK, July 26.—More than $100,000,000 worth of merchandise is stored in the bonded warehouses of Greater New York. Never on the face of the globe has there ever before been such an aggregation of everything that the soil yields and human industry produces.

The fifty-six great bonded warehouses are gorged almost to bursting with silks, teas, coffee, spices, oils, rugs, carpets, toys, textile fabrics, jute, hemp, wool, chemicals—with everything in which the merchants of the world trade.

More than 200,000 tons of sugar, worth over $12,000,000, are in bond. The New York Stock Company alone has 80,000 bags of coffee; its warehouses, with a capacity of $1,000,000 cubic feet, are filled.

How Straphanger's Nickel Is Divided

Conductor and Motorman Get $.008; Bondholders $.007; Plaintiffs, $.002.

Where does the nickel go that you give to the street car conductor? Ever find out?

According to statistics compiled by the Census Bureau of the United States, a large part of the passenger's fare goes to labor.

Of the whole fare, 32.1 per cent, or 1.605 cents, is disposed of in this way. Conductors get the largest share of this amount, with motormen, road and track men and car and motor repairers following in the order named. Fully 50 per cent of that part of the fare which goes to labor is received by conductors and motormen.

The supply men come next. They get 19.3 per cent of the nickel, or .965 of a cent. Things that are paid for under this head include fuel, wire, rails, ballast, stationery, printing and general publicity. Next come the company's creditors. They share the fare to the extent of 14.8 per cent, or .74 of a cent. Under this head come men or corporations from which money has been borrowed on bond or mortgage, on short-term notes or other collateral.

The landlord's claim to the nickel dropped in the box amounts to 11.2 per cent, or .56 of a cent. Unless this claim is paid the companies may be dispossessed of pieces of roads, terminals or of trackage rights and facilities.

The State, county and the city also share in the income of the various companies, and consequently the tax collector comes in for 4.6 per cent of the fare, or .23 of a cent. Prompt payment of this charge is necessary to prevent the infliction of penalties or extra fees and interests. Claims for injuries to body, soul or spirit, and to property (including horses, cows, dogs), take care of 4.2 per cent of the fare, or .21 of a cent.

After the average company treasurer has paid out for miscellaneous expenses another slice of the fare amounting to 1.5 per cent, or .075 of a cent, he makes provision for "rainy" days. For this 3.2 per cent of the nickel is put in the secret drawer to take care of emergencies. Only .16 of a cent of each fare is used in this way, however.

Executives of various kinds receive 2.9 per cent of the cost of a ride for their share, there necessarily being many of them in systems that boast of any size at all. Their share totals only .145 of a cent, but it helps to reduce returns to the stockholders.

Last, but not least, come the stockholders. To them, for the use of their money, goes only 6.2 per cent of the fare. In actual payment it represents .31 of a cent. If these stockholders could be paid what savings banks would pay them if the par value of the shares had been deposited in 4 per cent savings banks instead of being invested in electric railways, they would get 19.5 per cent of the nickel. But that can't be done, and the stockholders must be content with their 6.2 per cent.

"This," the bulletin adds, "may account for the disheartening state of affairs shown in the following figures: Miles of electric railways built in 1902-7, 12,154; miles built in 1907-12, 5,295; decrease, 6,859 miles, or 56.4 per cent."

Tight Skirts Cause Decreased Profits For Silk Weavers

All Other Textile Manufacturers in Germany Report Better Business Than in 1912.

The decreased demand for silks consequent upon the vogue of tight-fitting skirts has been responsible for a reduction in the divdends paid by foreign silk weaving concerns. In a generally good year for textiles, the silk mills had earnings below those of the previous year.

Balance sheets so far issued for German textile companies reflect a marked improvement. The average rate of dividends paid this year by 123 representative textile undertakings, having an aggregate capital of $50,000,000, works out at 8.4 per cent, against 6.9 per cent paid in 1912.

The increase is the more satisfactory in view of the fact that in many cases large amounts have been put aside to strengthen the reserves, which last year were largely drawn upon to provide dividends or make up for losses.

The worsted spinning companies show a slight falling off, the average dividend of twenty stock companies being 7.8 per cent, as against 8.1 per cent last year. In other branches of the woolen industry fifteen representative concerns paid an average dividend of 11 per cent, against 10.7 per cent in 1912.

The average dividend of the silk mills, which was 8.6 per cent in 1912, fell off as a result of the changed styles to 5.8 per cent.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Cravats of crepe de chine are much in vogue for wear with shirt blouses, and the new jabots are shown made in black and white, and color combinations.

The demand for slippers for home wear is greater than ever before. A firm in Lynn has started its run on slippers for the holiday trade a month earlier than usual.

The Pierrot ruff, a small neckpiece, is very popular for fall. This comes in marabou, with shirred crepe de chine and satin ribbon bows, in all colors. Marabou and ostrich sets are in good demand in natural colors and fancy combination shadings.

'Farmers' Banks' in France Are Studied By American Party

Agricultural Commission Takes Much Interest in System of Cheap Credits Used Abroad.

PARIS, July 26.—During the last thirty years, the great credit banks, with their hundreds of branches scattered through every region of France, have driven out of existence numbers of the old-fashioned private banks, which, from father to son, had long been fountains of credit to farmers of their district. Bankers and farmers were known to each other from childhood; credit was based on their friendships. With the new banks, such credit has had to be given in another fashion and with more technical precautions.

This is one of the reasons of the late outcry that farmers have not been finding credit. It has been made the pretext of an attack in Parliament on the impersonal credit banks, and has induced the Government to begin the Credit Agricole, obliging the Bank of France to hold constantly for its use a reserve fund of 20,000,000 francs.

Members of the American Agricultural Commission seem to attach more importance to this phase of the question of farmers' credit and cooperation than to intensive cultivation, and for this reason the Government has arranged a series of explanations of the way such matters have been settled in France by various authorities of the Government institutions.

Short-term agricultural credit and long-term credit, both collective and individual, with constant reference to farmers' mutual help and co-operative societies, is a subject of study.

Agricultural insurance is also gone into thoroughly, as well as Government's administrative organization of credit, co-operation, and mutual help, the relations between the Bank of France and the Credit Agricole banks, the central Credit Immobilier for cheap homes, and the results to date fo State agricultural credit in France.

GERMAN FORESTS PROFITABLE.

On the best German forests the annual expense is $13 an acre, but the gross returns are as much as $24; thus they yield a net return of $11 an acre each year.

SOUTHERN RAIL LINES DISPLAY GROWING COSTS

Net Earnings Show Slight Gains Compared to Gross—Higher Operating Expense Cause.

Railroads of the Southern group, which for some time resisted rising costs after the effects had become manifest on the more Northerly roads and the great transcontinentals, have also succumbed and have been feeling, to a marked extent, the drag of higher operating expenses during the current year.

Total operating revenue of the four leading Southern roads, namely, Louisville and Nashville, Southern Railway, Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard Air Line for the ten months ended April 30 was $150,603,180, compared with $148,028,963 for the corresponding period of the 1912 year, an increase of 7.1 per cent. Net after taxes and charges was $41,608,883, against $41,266,961, an increase of only .82 per cent. In other words, out of a gross gain of $10,574,217 these four roads were able to save in the aggregate only $341,922 for net.

Shows the Trend.

This shows in a broad way the trend of railroad earnings in this section of the country. The net result, however, was due in large measure to the unsatisfactory operating record of Louisville. For the ten months that road showed an increase of $2,511,647, or 5.3 per cent in gross, but an actual decrease from 1912 of $1,383,730, or 10.7 per cent in net. In large measure, heavier maintenance expenditures both on roadway and equipment were responsible for this. Louisville and Nashville spent $18,035,187 on maintenance against $15,550,110 last year, or $2,485,077 more. The same is true of Southern Railway and Atlantic Coast Line, and to a lesser extent of Seaboard. Southern, for instance, spent $17,091,126 on maintenance against $14,966,711 last year, an increase of $2,124,415, and Atlantic Coast Line $8,568,234 against $7,731,858 last year, of $836,376 more.

Ten Months' Figures.

The following compilation shows briefly the operating results of these four roads for the ten months.

Louisville and Nashville:	1913.	Increase.	%
Tot. op. rev.	$49,726,295	$2,511,647	5.3
Net af. txs.	8,522,087	*1,383,730	*10.7
Southern Railway:			
Tot. op. rev.	57,778,683	4,283,339	8.0
Net af. txs.	15,564,365	510,084	3.3
Atlantic Coast Line:			
Tot. op. rev.	30,589,746	2,524,124	8.9
Net af. txs.	8,897,478	490,027	5.8
Seaboard Air Line:			
Tot. op rev.	20,510,456	1,255,107	6.5
Net af. txs.	5,624,962	725,541	14.8

*Decrease.

It will be seen from the above that Seaboard made relatively the best showing, saving as it did $725,541 for net out of a gain of $1,255,107 in gross. Its gross earnings for the ten months increased 6.5 per cent, while its net earnings increased 14.8 per cent, exactly reversing the results secured by Louisville and Nashville.

Gross Earnings Grow.

Gross earnings of the Southern roads so far this year have been of record-breaking proportions, as have those of many roads in other sections of the country as a result of the excellent crop and general business year of 1912. The 1912 cotton crop was not up to the 1911 record, but it was the second largest in the history of the country. This, together with the big corn crop raised in the Southern States, furnished a tremendous tonnage.

In 1911 the Southern railroads were able to achieve substantial gains in both gross and net when other roads of the country were suffering from expense ratios all out of proportion to gross. The first six months of the current railroad year showed a new tendency and the subsequent four months since the beginning of 1913 have confirmed it.

Two-Year Comparison.

The following table makes comparison of operating results of the four Southern roads for the last two years:

JUTE ADVANCES ON REPORTS OF CROP DAMAGES

Yield of 10,000,000 Bales Expected, Which Is Short of Demand, Says Authority.

Jute costs much more now than it did two weeks ago, according to the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, among the largest users of burlap in the United States.

Ben Elsas, of this company, says that a jute crop of about 10,000,000 bales, certainly no more, is expected from India this year.

"Trade authorities assert that this is something less than enough to go around," says Mr. Elsas.

The South uses large quantities of burlaps, particularly in sacking cotton seed meal and oil cake.

Estimates of the Indian crop vary.

Some Bearish Figures.

One prominent Calcutta house, which is interested in twelve burlap mills, estimates a record breaking yield, placing the crop at 10,300,000 bales, while other authorities believe that the yield will be much smaller than expected, and not over 9,500,000 bales. The British Government's preliminary estimate indicated an increase of about 6 per cent over last year, but from private sources the information has come to hand that the crop has been badly injured, and the output will be of poor quality, with the total production not above last year, which amounted to 10,000,000 bales.

Cables asking whether the estimate of 10,200,000 bales was likely to prove correct brought replies to the effect that the concern giving this estimate was "bearish" on the market, as the new crop gives every indication of being below the 10,000,000-bale mark. On the other hand the last authorities are reported in other quarters as decidedly bullish on crop conditions.

New crop jute has advanced to £28 10s a ton, and is reported as very firm at the higher price level.

Calcutta Burlaps Up.

Calcutta burlap prices are reported to have advanced several points, with the market strong, although there is not much forward business being put through.

Buyers have been watching the crop estimates, and until they have a better idea of the situation, are not likely to start in covering ahead. Importers are also holding back on forward contracts, pending further developments. Prices are stronger than they were.

Cables from Dundee report slight advances in that market, with manufacturers firmer in their price ideas, especially when it comes to a question of forward contracts.

* * *

Southern Railway Company has sold to bankers $1,750,000 5 per cent equipment trust notes to provide for additional cars.

* * *

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company directors will consider the common dividend at the annual meeting.

'Bungalow Beds' an Atlanta Innovation

Iron Bed Factory Has Products Human Race Wants From the Cradle to the Grave.

From the cradle to the grave, and one-third of the time between, the Atlanta Metal Bed Company claims to take care of members of the human race, which perhaps is as ambitious a project as any Atlanta factory undertakes.

Cribs and doll beds make provision for the youngsters. Then there are "bungalow beds" for girls and boys, beds of many descriptions for adults, and, to complete the list, casket stands for use during the rites over the dead.

"Bungalow beds" are worth a paragraph in themselves, for they are unique. No other manufacturers as yet have introduced them. The "bungalow bed" is single width, and about half the height of the regular size—in other words, its head is about thirty inches high. These have proven particularly popular at schools and colleges, and their introduction in such institutions has built up a demand from students who want the same kind of furniture for their homes.

Make Hit at Show.

These made a hit at the High Point, N. C., furniture show, where the Atlanta products were exhibited. So did the doll beds. Of course, there are doll beds of all kinds, but these are bronz, white enamel, or oxidized, and come complete with springs, mattresses and two pillows—perfect miniatures of "sure-enough" expensive beds.

There are few metal bed factories in the South. The reason, according to L. C. Moeckel, manager of the Atlanta plant, is the scarcity of skilled metal workers and finishers. The Atlanta factory has trained green men, under the direction of foremen and superintendents from Northern factories.

Manufacture begins with the assembling of the material—angle iron from the Pittsburg steel district, round iron from the Atlanta Steel Works, and tubing from the National Tubing Company. The materials are fastened on frames, held in just the position the pattern of the bed demands. Molds cover each joint, and into these molds is poured molten iron. The beds thus are held together by chilled iron castings. When the rough bits incident to casting have been chipped off, the beds are ready for finishing.

But there is another kind of metal bed, the "chill-less" bed. In this process the tubing is bored with holes one-thirty-second of an inch smaller than the rods. The rods are tapered at the ends and driven into the holes. This does away with the little knob-like castings and makes a higher-priced and more sightly piece of furniture.

The work of applying the enamel is elaborate. First, a "priming coat" of white is applied and baked several hours at a temperature of 150 degrees. Then follow three coats of enamel, with a similar baking for each.

Bronze Blown On.

The most ingenious machine in the factory is the Vernis-Martin machine, which bronzes beds, or, in fact, would bronze anything put into it, from a derby hat to a piano. The bed frames are coated with "size"—a sticky substance. Then they are put in a chamber, into which the blast from a powerful blower fan is directed. The bronze powder is fed in by teaspoonfuls, and the strong blast drives the powder against the sticky substance, covering the surfaces more thoroughly, more evenly, more quickly and more economically than the work ever could be accomplished by hand. Two men, with this machine, bronze 35 beds in two hours, where formerly, by hand, it took two men ten hours to do the same amount of work. Later the bronze beds are lacquered, so that the bronze is, in effect, held between two sheets of glass and can not tarnish.

Another ingenious machine is the one which bends two-inch steel tubing into the shape of a "U," the operation taking only a few seconds. This is a patent of the Atlanta factory, and many of these machines have been sold to other manufacturers.

Steel cables grasp the ends of the tubing and bend it at two places around a grooved wheel as easily as a man could fashion a hairpin from a piece of fine wire. All previous machines have bent one curve at a time, necessitating a double operation for each piece of tubing, and in most instances the insertion of a plug or sand filler to prevent crushing the tube.

New Furs Cheaper, Undyed Pelts Cause

Fashion Favors Pieces Made From Skins Left Just as Taken From the Animals.

At no previous time have buyers been able to procure such attractive fur sets at reasonable prices. This is due to the number of styles that manufacturers have brought out for all classes of trade, and to the extensive use of undyed pelts, by which many new effects were added to the lines.

Silver kit fox is prominent this season, as well as the imitation, coney kit fox, which costs about half the price of the genuine. Natural kit fox is quite new, and is one of the most popular of the inexpensive furs shown for fall.

Variety is the keynote in the styles of both scarfs and muffs. The newest muffs have the outline of an elongated pillow. Some are twenty inches long, and the width of an ordinary muff. While the majority have square edges, some are rounded in front to give a heart-shaped outline. Ruffs, ties, collarettes and small crossover pieces are the smaller neckpieces substituted for the heavier ones.

BUTTERFLIES TRIM HATS.

Butterflies are the newest trimmings for fall millinery. These are made in very natural effects of velvet edges, with metallic dust to give the brilliant color effects, and also of feathers cleverly pasted to show the soft spots on the wings. Two, three, or four butterflies in one cluster fit straight up on the hat, and every movement sets them fluttering in life-like fashion.

DOMESTIC OLIVE CROP.

It is estimated by the California Olive Producers' Association that that State will produce this year 1,125,000 gallons of pickled olives and 1,000,000 gallons of oil, which will be a record output.

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News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

BLUE SKY LAWS WELL INTENDED BUT INJURIOUS

Economic Reform Swinging Too Far the Other Way. From the License of Former Times.

By BOERSIANER.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Nothing is more absurd in English history, Macaulay has observed, than the outbreaks of fanatical morality. Periods of orgies and libertinism are followed by intolerable puritanical reigns, and upon these, in turn, ensue free thought and free action of lawless character.

America goes to extremes in the matter of business morality. The financial orgy of 1901-1906 has incited a reaction that is felt everywhere. Hardly a State that has not enacted statutes inimical, to some extent, to the welfare of commonwealths.

Curative in purpose, these laws are really destructive in effect. And what State legislators have done, or tried to do, in detail national legislators at Washington are doing in a large way.

The economic reform wave, incipient in 1908, mild in 1910, now is become almost a mania. Every other statesman has a highly original scheme for perfecting the economic condition of the country. Almost every man in a position to submit a bill wishes to save his constituents from financial imposition. The idea of men in public office is quite general that the people as a whole can not only be legislated into unimpairable happiness, but that every individual can be prevented from making financial mistakes. The law, seemingly, can do everything to perfect the deficiencies of political economy.

"Blue Sky" Laws.

Probably the most virulent form of fiscal reformation is that which is known as the "blue sky" laws. Nobody knows definitely how the term originated. Among bond men it is supposed that the expression had its origin in the idea that the maker of shady securities was trying to capitalize the blue sky—was selling shares on the blue of the heavens.

The supposition is improbable. The probabilities are that it is of German birth. There is a Teutonic proverb, "Er redet das blaue von himmel herunter si," roughly, "He could induce the blue of the heavens to come down with his talk."

Very likely, then, a German salesman of insecurities—a voluble, hypnotizing swindler—prompted the phrase, "blue sky laws."

These laws, as a whole well intentioned, are as entirely ignorantly conceived and injurious. Their purpose is to protect people who have no knowledge of values, who are innocent of financial methods, from the swarm of swindlers who in part travel about the country and who in other part infest the skyscrapers in the financial districts of cities. The preventive so far has been unsuccessful. Contrariwise, the sellers of sound securities have been enormously embarrassed.

Kansas Takes Lead.

The first State to enact restrictive measures was Kansas—the home of the greenback proposal of the Granger movement, of the Populist party; all in good intent, but unsound politically and economically.

The Kansas statutes make it a severely punishable offense to attempt to sell securities without obtaining from the bank commissioner a statement that the vender is solvent; that his plan of doing business and proposed contract contain and provide for a fair, just and equitable plan for the transaction of business, and, in the commissioner's judgment, promise a fair return on the securites.

An applicant for such a statement must file with the commissioner his plan of doing business; a copy of all contracts he proposes to make with or sell to his clients; an itemized account of his financial condition and, if a corporation or association, copies of all papers pertaining to organization.

An approved applicant must register his agents in the commissioner's office semi-annually (oftener if called for), file his balance sheet and take a trial balance monthly for the information of inquiring customers. Certain concerns and securities are not within the purview of the law. The concerns are banks, real estate mortgage companies, building and loan associations and corporations not organized for profit. The excepted securities are Government bonds, bonds of the State of Kansas and Kansas municipalities, and Kansas real esate mortgages.

Home Securities Exempt.

It was, of course, highly considerate of Kansas legislators to exempt the securities of Kansas, especially its real estate mortgages. This was an inspiration of solonlike fame.

Twelve other States to date have passed laws based more or less on the Kansas idea. A few of the deviations from the Kansas scheme are interesting. Thus Wisconsin holds the vender responsible for the bonds sold. If the interest is stopped or the principal is invalidated, the seller must make it up to the purchaser.

In Michigan the wiseacres insisted upon having the authorities audit the books of bond houses and make every bondman prove the amount of his wealth. In Kentucky a slight slip from the license stipulation lands the licensee in jail summarily.

From beginning to end the thing is inquisitorial. Character goes for naught. Prestige is worthless. A house like Harris, Forbes & Co. is on the same level with a mining stock sharp—it must run the gauntlet of commissions who may know something of ward heeling, but who, as a rule, know as much of bond values and the standing of a firm as a toad knows of astronomy. However, the chances for graft are myriad.

How It Works.

When it is considered that there are some bond houses here and in the East that have on their lists at one time 200 issues each, all of which, before being offered, must pass through the commissioner's office, an idea is had of how the bond business is impeded.

Twice as Many Cattle Could Be Raised In South By Use of the Modern Silo

Permits Greatest Amount of Food Per Acre, Conserves the Waste, Furnishes Appetizing, Succulent Food—Necessary for the Dairy, Essential in Beef Production—The South Backward in Its Use.

CHAS. A. WHITTLE

With a silo it is possible to grow two cows where one was grown before.

More succulent food can be grown on an acre for the silo than can be grown in any other form. When converted into ensilage more of the food content of a plant is conserved than when kept in any other shape. Cattle fed from the silo with suitable quantities of other food, are kept healthier and thrive better than when fed in any other manner.

The silo is both a source of economy and efficiency. Ten times as much space is required for storing corn field-cured than when put in the silo. Three times as much space is required to store hay in the barn than in the silo. So it is that the silo makes it possible to have smaller barns, carry less insurance, save cost of repairs.

In feeding, the silo preserves from waste a larger quantity of food materials than is possible in any other way. True, there is some waste from fermentation in the silo, but the curing process of corn in the field or other field-cured crops, exceeds by far the waste from the silo.

Economy of Silo.

The chief economy in using the silo is that it is the means of converting portions of the plant into appetizing food which otherwise the cattle would discard in the trough.

The equivalent of four tons of hay in feeding value can be easily obtained from an acre of silage. Four tons of hay per acre, of course, are not to be had, except from a good patch of alfalfa. Crops for ensilage can be grown on most any kind of land and with little trouble. It is not so easy to get hay crops.

No part of the country affords the opportunity that the South presents for growing, at lowest cost, abundant silage matter. Corn and sorghum with cowpeas can be gathered in great abundance from a field of ordinary fertility. Nothing like the equal amount of feeding matter can be grown in any other way. Considering that the silage crop can be grown as a second crop of the long growing season in the South, it is apparent, of course, that the kinds of crops that can be grown are not alone the South's advantage.

Necessity of the Dairy.

To keep a dairy up to maximum milk production all the year, of course, requires care in feeding. Experience has put beyond all question that no food source better serves the dairyman than the silage which he can get in great amounts from a small tract of land.

Aside from the unquestioned economy, the silage has special value in maintaining a healthy condition of the animal. It operates as a mild laxative and when properly balanced with cotton seed meal and some dry hay, the cow is in prime condition for the maximum production of milk.

If a dairy is maintained on small acreage near a city where land is expensive, pasturage is out of the question, and the silo alone is the solution of an economic feed. For most parts of the South, however, pasturage is abundant and easily maintained, so that it is the cheapest possible source of food for cattle. Considering that there is a nine-month pasturage season on lands covered with Bermuda grass, where one might consider that from $1 to $1.50 per month would be a fair charge as pasturage cost, it is apparent at once that cattle growing in the South need not be an expensive proposition. The cheapness of pasturage, together with the long growing season, makes it unnecessary to go to the lengths in providing silage to which more Northern farmers have to go during the longer period of stall feeding.

But a long grazing season on inexpensive pasturage does not abate the necessity of a silo. The mere fact that cattle graze so much in the South makes the silo the more necessary, for no food better follows or precedes pasturage than succulent silage. They supplement each other splendidly.

For Beef Production.

Because of the healthy condition which silage produces in the animal, and because of the enlarged capacity for food which feeding silage creates, beef growers have long recognized the value of leading up to the finishing season by using silage.

Recent years have developed that silage is not only good as a succulent food between pasturage seasons, but is a food that can be carried along till the feeding is finished. Formerly it was said that cattle fattened by use of silage did not kill out well, that the meat did not have good color and the bone was too hard, that in shipping the shrinkage was greater than in the case of strictly corn-fed animals. Careful experiments have largely disproved these claims. At the Virginia station 124 beef animals were fed with reference to testing silage in beef production, for a period of 149 days and were then sold on the market. These cattle were fed from eight to nine pounds of concentrates per day from twenty-five to thirty-nine pounds of silage per day and about two pounds of dry stover or hay. When shipped to market the shrinkage was not as large as usually prevailed on shipment of corn-fed cattle from the same territory. The lot of cattle dressed out 56.9 per cent; a very creditable record, considering that they were grades, fed only 149 days. Instead of the meat being inferior, it turned out superior in quality. The fat and lean were well blended and the color was excellent.

It will be noted that some dry matter was fed. This is generally advised as a check on the laxativeness of the silage. Professor Charles Plumb, one of the greatest feeding experts of this country, connected with the Ohio State University, while strongly advocating silage, believes that to feed silage twice a day and hay once would prove a good policy. Others, however, claim that no more dry matter need be fed than by experiments prove is necessary to prevent too great a laxativeness of the animal.

Best Feeding Record Includes Silage.

The most rapid and economic gains made in a car load of cattle averaging 800 pounds each and fed from March 17 to July 15, by the Indiana Station, were those made from feeding 33.81 pounds of silage, 14.6 pounds of corn, 2.34 pounds of cotton seed meal, 2.38 pounds of clover hay. This experiment, as will be observed, was conducted during the summer months. The cattle relish silage in the summer as well as in the winter. For those sections of the country where droughts occur, the summer silo is considered a most important adjunct to cattle raising.

The Illinois station used silage for finishing choice Hereford steers along with a ration of broken ear corn and alfalfa. The cheapest gains were made where the silage exceeded the alfalfa, but the most rapid gains were made where the proportion of alfalfa to silage was greater.

Corn silage, when supplemented with oats and hay and used for calves intended for beef production, will produce 35 pounds more gain per steer during the season at the same cost of ration than when shock corn similarly supplemented is fed, according to experiment conducted by the Illinois station.

Another experiment where cattle were fed a ration of silage, shelled corn and cotton seed meal, as against another group that was fed all the corn and clover it would eat. The cost of gain per 100 pounds in the first was $9.79 and in the second $12.99. This experiment was conducted by the Indiana station.

Many instances might be multiplied giving the advantages of silage feeding in the cost of beef production, but enough has been given to indicate the general results.

Conserves Soil Fertility.

The more live stock grown per acre the greater the amount of manure available for enriching it. Since the silo makes it possible to raise two cows where one has been grown by other methods, so the silo makes it possible to get twice as much soil fertility for the same outlay—a matter well worth considering in these days when acquiring soil fertility is becoming more and more expensive.

Moreover, the silo is a means for returning to the soil the largest possible amount of the plant food contents which the crops have taken out. Each plant grown on the farm robs the soil of a certain amount of fertility. If it is corn that is grown and the grain is sold off of the farm, rather than fed on it, that much of soil fertility that has gone into the grain leaves and if its equal is to be obtained the farmer must go forth and buy it. If a part of the stalk of the corn is permitted to waste in the field, or is permitted to cure in a form that the cattle do not eat, so much of food content of the soil is thrown away. But when it is cut up and put in the silo, all of the plant is made palatable and available for food. Thus, the least possible amount of soil fertility taken up by plants is permitted to go to waste. After being fed, of course, it goes back to the soil to that extent which the animal has not converted into bone, blood, sinew and fat. It is estimated that about 75 per cent of the elements of the plant get back to the soil when fed through the silo and returned to the soil in the form of manure.

South Backward in Use of Silo.

All sections of the United States have better appreciated and made use of the silo than the South. True, some sections of the South devoted to dairying and beef raising have been using silos with great profit for a number of years. One can ride half across some of the Southern States and never see a silo. It is the greatest need of the Southern dairyman. It is doubtful if beef production can be generally carried on with success in the South without the use of the silo.

A silo can be constructed cheaply; in fact, more cheaply in the South than elsewhere. A farmer can build one himself at little cost. Usually it pays to have one built according to some of the best designs and, at greater expense than the cheapest and more temporary kind, because of the lasting qualities, as well as its better arrangement. A silo can be built at a cost anywhere from $50 to $250. In the South they should be built with less diameter than in the North, because of climatic conditions.

Any college of agriculture or experiment station will furnish plans and specifications for a silo. Some of the railroads will also do the same. It would seem that there is no excuse for the Southern farmer not having a silo.

NON-DIVIDEND ROADS EARNING MORE PROFITS

Showings in Several Instances Better Than Brought Out by Profit-Paying Lines.

The principal railroads, which at present are paying no dividends on their common stocks and have passed through many financial vicissitudes, have been able in several cases to attain more satisfactory operating results than have many of the important roads which enjoy greater prestige and confidence.

This group of roads includes Missouri Pacific, Erie, Seaboard Air Line, Wabash, St. Louis and San Francisco, Rock Island, and Missouri, Kansas and Texas. Generally speaking, these roads have shown an expansion in gross earnings in keeping with the record attained by all the large systems of the country in their current year. In respect to the amount they have been able to save for net, they have done even better. The improvement in the earnings of Erie and Missouri Pacific, after a long period of adversity, furnishes a striking example.

The St. Louis and San Francisco receivership, because of the road's inability to meet $2,250,000 maturing notes, has, of course, tended to obscure the fact that it has been making quite a satisfactory operating record so far this fiscal year. For the first three-quarters of its year gross earnings of the system were $47,511,845, an increase of $3,122,448, or 7 per cent, and incidentally the largest in its history. Net earnings were $13,138,852, an increase of $1,072,953, or 8.8 per cent. The increase in net was, therefore, proportionally larger than the gross gain.

Missouri Pacific's achievement in the ten months to the end of April was more striking. Gross earnings were $52,324,996, a gain of $6,718,382, or 14.7 per cent over the corresponding period of the previous year, and net earnings were $14,267,990, an increase of $3,667,702, or 34.6 per cent over the ten months of the 1912 year.

Erie with ten months' gross earnings of $51,879,756 showed a gain of $4,762,029, or 10.1 per cent over the previous year. Net earnings were $13,040,888, an increase of $1,449,306, or 12.5 per cent. In other words, it was able to save more than 25 per cent of gross for net, against somewhat over 24 per cent last year.

Missouri, Kansas and Texas made a more impressive showing. Its gross earnings for ten months showed a gain over the previous year of 14.9 per cent, totaling $27,585,043, and net gained 47.6 per cent, reaching $7,412,469.

Price of Cotton Oil Is Not Manipulated

Shortage Is Blamed for Present Bulge, Together With Advance in Lard.

The recent advances in the price of cotton seed oil have led to suggestions that the price of the oil is being manipulated by large buyers. It is reported that Attorney General McReynolds has been asked to investigate the American Cotton Oil Company and the Southern Cotton Oil Company, it being alleged that these companies are "trusts" in violation of the Sherman act, and that they have forced the price of the oil to between 20 and 30 cents a gallon above its actual commercial value.

Inquiries made among large independent dealers in cotton oil, however, seem to show that the increase in the cost of oil has been due to the fact that consumption is considerably in excess of output and that consumers, both large and small, are in the same position in that they have been unable to provide themselves with an adequate supply.

One of the largest dealers in cotton oil said:

"There is no doubt that the present scarcity of oil is the principal cause for the high price. Neither the American nor the Southern Cotton Oil Companies is in a position to control the supply of oil to-day, and it is absurd to claim that they are responsible.

"We ourselves have been unable to get supplies of oil, and what we now have on hand is only about one month's supply, while we really need fully three months. The American company is in the same position. This is proved by the fact that recently it purchased a lot of oil in another city and brought it immediately to the refinery, when, if it had been well supplied and was buying to hold, it would have been far more profitable to store it where it was bought.

"Another cause of the price advance has been the increase in the cost of lard. The consumption of cotton oil for various uses has grown materially of late years, and its principal use is as a substitute for lard, though a considerable amount is also used in making oleomargarine and as a substitute for olive oil. With lard selling at nearly 12 cents a pound, cotton oil at 9 cents is an attractive buy, and this has naturally enlarged the demand.

"A peculiar phase of the situation is the fact that July oil is now selling at a higher price than August. As new supplies cease about May and no more oil can be obtained from the new cotton crop until October, it is natural that the further deliveries should fetch a bigger price, as there are storage and other expenses to be taken into consideration. The present situation is evidence of the fact that buyers are short and are willing to pay high prices to obtain oil quickly."

PROFITS SHOWN IN LOCOMOTIVE MANUFACTURE

Fiscal Year Closes With New Record for Gross Earnings and Satisfactory Net.

It is understood that the fiscal year of the American Locomotive Company ended June 30 will rank among the two or three best years in the company's entire career. So far as gross was concerned it was of record proportions and although net has been exceeded, particularly in percentage for the common stock, the general results were most satisfactory.

The balance for the $25,000,000 common after taking out $1,750,000 for preferred dividends and the usual liberal allowance for depreciation was equal to not far from $3,000,000 or practically 12 per cent for the issue, a record which compares with less than 1-2 per cent for the common in the 1912 year and 7 per cent in 1911.

Final inventory taking is likely to increase rather than reduce this balance for the common stock which compares with a 10-year average of 5.3 per cent.

One of the features of American Locomotive's recently concluded year is the sharp contrast which it affords with the car building companies as represented by American Car and Foundry. That company ended its fiscal period April 30, only two months before American Locomotive, so that comparison is fairly equitable. American Car and Foundry had a mediocre year with a balance for its common of but 4.1 per cent, or less than double the 2.4 per cent earned in 1912.

The very favorable record of American Locomotive must be ascribed, mainly to two factors, freedom from labor difficulties and ability to get a large measure of continuous operation out of the plants.

This year just ended the company has had no labor difficulties and it has had the benefit of sufficient orders to keep plants in operation at an average of better than 80 per cent of capacity.

Locomotive orders, as a whole, have done relatively better than car orders during the past 18 months.

Iron Men Holding Up Price for Product

Believe It Better to Steady Market Than to Make Sales at Concessions.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., July 26.—Southern manufacturers of pig iron are still maintaining the $11 per ton price for pig iron on a basis of No. 2 foundry. While sales are not very frequent, the belief is that it will be better in the long run to uphold the price rather than to sell in quantity at a loss or near the cost mark.

There are indications of a better condition of the market in the next few weeks. The make is being further curtailed, effort being made to equalize the demand and production. Shipments are lively on old business, consumers asking for immediate delivery. This means there is need for the iron.

The steel operations in the Birmingham district are steady. With the exception of steel billets, the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company's big plant at Ensley has plenty of orders on hand to last two months yet, at least, with inquiries in hand that will call for operation extending through the balance of the year. It is expected that before December the Tennessee company will be furnishing billets to the American Steel and Wire Company at its new plant near Fairfield, in the Birmingham district.

Cast iron pipe plants are melting a large quantity of iron and there is a better feeling for the product. It is expected that all accumulated cast iron pipe will be moved out during the third quarter of the year.

Charcoal iron continues slow, but manufacturers are not making any concessions on the price, $23 per ton being asked still for the product. Special analysis iron as well as special brand iron is commanding a premium of not less than $1 per ton.

Coke is in strong demand and good prices obtain. There will be need for steady operation of coke ovens through the rest of the year. Mexico is still receiving much coke from the Birmingham district.

Chief Justice White Opposed Cotton Tax

Assailed Similar Assessment as Pernicious While Serving as Senator From Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Chief Justice White, of the Supreme Court of the United States, himself a Louisianian and cotton planter, is on record as against a tax on cotton futures on constitutionnal grounds.

Such a provision is contained in the pending tariff bill. Undoubtedly if this provision is in when the bill becomes law, the constitutionality of that tax will be brought before the Supreme Court for final determination.

It was in 1892, when Chief Justice White was a Senator from Louisiana, that a bill was pending similar in purpose to the amendment to the tariff bill proposing to tax dealings in cotton futures. In the debate, a number of Southern Senators took a prominent part. Speaking of the bill, the then Senator and present Chief Justice said:

"In my judgment there has been before the American Congress for many years no more pernicious, no more vicious, no more flagrantly unconstitutional legislation, no legislation more tending to undermine and destroy the very foundation of our Government, and none more calculated to do untold and untellable harm to the people of this great country."

Railroads Buying Many Locomotives

Prices Not Cut Deeply as for Cars, and Earnings of Manufacturers Show Gain.

In comparison with the first quarter of 1912, locomotive buying by the railroads showed a notable expansion in the opening quarter of this year.

Records kept of purchases of all the country's roads display a total of 1,261 bought in this period of 1913 against 805 in the same time in the preceding year.

As price-cutting in this department of equipment making has not been as intense as among the car building interests, the increase of orders naturally is being reflected in the earnings of locomotive companies.

The fiscal year of the American Locomotive Company, which ended June 30, is expected to be established in the annual report as one of the best in the company's history in respect to gross sales, while net income ran far in excess of the previous year.

MORGANS BUY AND SELL SOUTHERN RAILWAY BONDS

NEW YORK, July 26.—J. P. Morgan & Co. have purchased and resold to Kean, Taylor & Co. $1,500,000 first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent bonds of the Southern Railway Company due 1994. This is part of an authorized issue of $120,000,000 of which $61,757,800 are outstanding, including $1,114,800 now held in the treasury. The proceeds will be utilized in reimbursing the treasury for moneys that have already been expended for improvements, betterments, etc.

FINANCIAL NOTES

Total receipts of Suez Canal for 1912 were $27,005,068, an increase of $363,692. Net profits were $17,794,423.

Royal Dutch group of oil companies has entered fight for control of German oil trade against Standard Oil Company and a corporation controlled by Deutsche Bank.

Reports to the Department of Agriculture show that in the fiscal year ended June 30 last there were 57,628,491 animals slaughtered under Federal inspection in the 790 slaughtering establishments in 225 cities and towns of the United States. This is an increase of nearly 5,000,000 over the number of animals slaughtered in the previous fiscal year.

Purchases of Cars Rise to New Figures

Railroads, by Heavy Orders in Last Year, Seek to Prevent Another Shortage.

During the first six months of the year 1913 a total of 85,000 cars was purchased by the railroads of the United States, according to authoritative records compiled by leading car manufacturing concerns. This total exceeds the record of car purchases for the first half of 1912, which reached hardly over 50,000. The heaviest buying of cars, however, in 1912 did not come until the last half of the year, and particularly in December, when the builders for a time were swamped with orders, so that for the last twelve months the new cars ordered by the roads reaches a total that shows they are making every effort to prevent a recurrence of the car shortage of last year.

In the final six months' period of last year from 150,000 to 175,000 cars were ordered, which brought the total of the year up to approximately 235,000 cars.

According to estimates made by the Iron Trade Review, the cars ordered during the first half of this year provide a requirement of at least 1,000,000 tons of rolled steel products.

REAL MONEY IN CIRCULAR MAILED BY SOUTHERN FIRM

The old saying that "money talks" was put into practice in a recent circular advertising campaign by a Southern concern selling bookkeeping and record forms.

This company's circular was a folder closed at the sides with seal stickers. The announcement on the address side of the circular was, "There Is Some Real Money Inside This Circular for You." Upon tearing open the seals and opening the circular the recipient found a crisp one-dollar bill attached to the top of it.

The heading read, "We Wish to Buy Ten Minutes of Your Time. If the Attached Currency Will Pay for It, Consider Yourself Engaged." This company figured that if it could actually secure a complete hearing of some 100 out of a list of some 150 of its best prospects the amount invested in the one-dollar bills would be money well spent.

Col. Thompson Lauds Cotton Tax Editorial

"Finest I Ever Read on That Topic," Says American Interviewed in London.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Colonel Robert M. Thompson, of New York, in an interview with a representaitve of The New York American, said:

"I would like to offer your paper this expression of my opinion: You had an editorial on the cotton problem which seemed to me the finest editorial I have ever read on that topic. The way it grips the situation is just wonderful."

The Sunday American, July 6, had the following in its weekly business and financial article:

"The vicious proposal to tax dealings in cotton 'futures' has naturally aroused a storm of protest, for it would embarrass cotton growers, cotton manufacturers, spinners and everyone associated with the business, to say nothing of driving dealings in the staple from New York and New Orleans to Liverpool, where the advantages of a free, unfettered market are properly appreciated.

"The manufacturer who undertakes to make and supply so many gross of shirts or dresses or sheets at at stipulated price, in order to escape risk, at once arranges to have the raw material delivered to him at a specified price. On the cotton exchanges he can buy this material for future delivery, as there is an active market all the time for 'futures.' But if every bale thus traded in be taxed $2 or $3, this markete will be ruined.

"The manufacturer will have to pay more for his protection aagiust uncertain fluctuations and the grower will not find a ready market for his crop the moment he has it gathered and baled.

"The cotton tax is barbaric, and should be killed before it reaches the statute book. It would benefit nobody, but would injure everybody."

DOGWOOD SCARCE.

Dogwood, the principal source of shuttles for use in cotton mills, is growing scarcer year by year, and various substitutes are being tried, but with no great success.

OCCASIONAL OBSERVATIONS

Anyway, in Premier Bryan the United States can boast—if it feels that way about it—of having the most conspicuous "DOLLAR Diplomat" that ever held office. The emphasis is on the "Dollar." The "Diplomat" part is sounded softly.

• • •

Young J. P. Morgan rose like a son of his dad at the New Haven meeting which ousted Mellen. He asserted himself in the good, old-fashioned way of the late J. P. 'Tis said that it was the new Morgan who insisted upon Mellen's going, that it was Morgan who arrogated to himself the duty of selecting a successor, and that the other directors were forced to submit to the new leadership. Half the directors did not know when they met that Mellen was slated for dismissal. Morgan's aggressive action took their breath away. He showed unmistakable signs of pain and anger over the nation-wide criticism that has been leveled at the New Haven management.

• • •

Playing with secrecy is playing with dynamite these days. The Vulcan Detinning directors learned that. The president had an uncomfortable half hour before the Stock Exchange governors for the three days' delay in announcing the dividend omission. Publicity pays.

• • •

J. P. Morgan & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have been supplying Huerta with sinews of war. In case of intervention by the United States, what then?

• • •

There is much mental speculation going on in brokers' offices as to the probable price at which Union Pacific stockholders will be asked to subscribe to their allotted holdings of Southern Pacific. Efforts to obtain a glimmer of information from the bankers have signally failed. A well-known broker calls it a case where the bankers hold all the cards and the Union Pacific stockholders are compelled by the Supreme Court of the United States to play the game.

News From Mexico Nearly Unobtainable

Business Men Have Much Trouble in Learning Real State of Affairs in Republic.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Business men with property interests in Mexico can understand the President's decision to recall Ambassador Wilson from Mexico City in order to get his account of conditions in that disturbed republic.

Judging by the difficulty of obtaining authentic information from correspondents in various parts of Mexico, it might be imagined that the Huerta Government was located on a South Sea island, with no cables to the mainland.

At best, communication between New York and Mexico City is much more difficult than with countries separated by the Atlantic or Pacific, and since the latest outbreaks it has been almost impossible to get an answer to inquiries directed to Americans on duty at different Mexican points.

President E. N. Brown, of the National Railways, who has tried hard to have an ex- placed before his title, has sailed for the United States and is expected to reach the company's local offices on July 27. Until then, the directors of the National Railways do not expect to have much news of the situation.

LOUISIANA CORPORATION HAS INTERURBAN PLAN

NEW ORLEANS, July 26—The Southwestern Traction and Power Company has filed incorporation articles and proposes to build a system of interurban railways in Louisiana connecting Lafayette, New Iberia and Abbeville, besides other points, and possibly reaching to Alexandria.

The capital stock is placed at $3,000,000 authorized. Construction is expected to begin as soon as franchise taxes have been voted in the several districts named. Jules Godchaux is president, Sol Wexler vice president and Lawrence Blum secretary and treasurer.

If the line is built to connect only the three places first mentioned, it would be about 60 miles long, but if it be extended to Alexandria from Lafayette there would be about 80 miles more added, or a total of 140 or 150 miles, according as variations from a tangent might be made to tap intermediate points.

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE $1.95

PACK IT—THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an **Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer** in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If, after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co.,
326 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Ex.

ONE WEEK FROM TO-NIGHT PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Seven More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

FIVE MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just five more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

George Rosser	205,665
Helen Brantley	201,875
Miss Frankie J. Smith	178,700
Josephine Simril	151,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	146,825
Hill McCalla	105,965
Wyman Conrad	102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65 665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,350
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Robert Harbour	168,180
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	167,725
Miss Elizabeth Garwood	159,810
Paul M. Clark	149,250
Edmund Hurt	148,900
Miss Idele Shaw	141,745
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P. Tucker	13,100
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Willett Mathews	165,200
Mildred Brickman	141,850
J. P. Goets, Jr.	131,400
Charles L. Stevens	152,650
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Herbert Chapman	206,400
Fannie Mae Cook	204,100
Florence Greenoe	202,950
Eleanor Raoul	173,200
Nathaniel Kay	146,250
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134,050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlien Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	148,700
Edward DeLoach	146,725
William Turner	143,850
Miss Beverly Swanton	142,700
Miss Susanne Springer	126,955
Edgar Wilson	27,765
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	15,900

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

George H. Melton	110,125
A. Morrison	106,100
Henry Hull	100,800
Philip Gilstein	78,400
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	76,450
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ross Greer	208,250
Raymond Wilkinson	205,650
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	110,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
R. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox, Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,659
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,435
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,800
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10.250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Billie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,200

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lyldia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win?

The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P.M.



The Weather.

Forecast for Atlanta and vicinity: Local thundershowers Sunday and Monday.

HEARST'S

SUNDAY AMERICAN

Atlanta Edition of The American

Consists of the Following Sections:
1—Late News. 5—Editorial and City Life.
2—Real Estate, Wants. 6—Magazine.
3—Sports, Autos. 7—Comics.
4—Society and Foreign.

BE SURE TO GET THEM ALL.

VOL. I. NO. 17. Copyright, 1913, by The Georgian Company ★★★★ ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 27, 1913. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

U. S. OFFICER SHOT IN BACK BY DRUNKEN MEXICANS AS HE DOES DUTY

American Immigration Inspector Probably Fatally Wounded in Juarez--Forced to March Ahead of Soldiers Until Felled.

Huerta Representatives Refuse to Allow Wounded Man To Be Removed to United States--Envoy Wilson Tells of Conditions.

EL PASO, TEX., July 26.—Among the latest outrages perpetrated on American citizens in Mexico was the shooting of Charles S. Dixon, of San Diego, United States Immigrant Inspector, by the Mexican regular soldiers to-day. Dixon may die.

Inspector Dixon was in Juarez, across the Rio Grande from El Paso, investigating a white slave case, when a band of Federals arrested him, forcing him to march in front of them in the direction of the foothills beyond the city, where many summary executions have taken place.

According to the Mexicans, Dixon started to run, and after getting a block away, was fired upon and hit in the back. He was brought back to El Paso badly wounded.

Dixon, in his own statement to American officials, said the Mexicans were drunk, and that he was satisfied the soldiers intended to kill him.

Refuse to Allow Removal.

The Mexican Federal authorities refuse to allow the United States immigrant officials to remove Dixon to El Paso. He is in a dying condition, one of the shots entering his hip and coming out in the stomach. Attending physicians say that they do not believe he can survive the night. When seen by a reporter at Juarez this evening, Dixon, who is conscious, but weak from the loss of blood, said that he believes a negro whom he was after on a white slave charge paid the Federals to shoot him.

"I told the soldiers when they arrested me that I would go to the commandant's office," said Dixon. "But instead of taking me there, they started to the foothills south of the city. I was attired in the immigration uniform of khaki, and I thought perhaps that they had taken me for an American spy and intended executing me. I thought the only chance I had was to run for the border, so I broke loose from the two drunken troopers that had hold of me and started for the Rio Grande. I had perhaps gone a block when the detachment of troops opened fire and I was struck. The soldiers, while escorting me to the outskirts of Juarez, swore vengeance at the Americans."

Feeling runs high in El Paso to-

Continued on Page 6, Column 6.

Dwarfs in Size; Giants in Results

American Want Ads Read for Profit; Use for Results

Fry and Barbecue For Sheriff's Force

Annual Event Held at Johnson's Ferry on Roswell Road—Many Take Trip.

Sheriff Mangum and his deputies left their stern official faces at home Saturday and went out to Johnson's Ferry, on Roswell road, for a big day. The occasion was their annual fish fry and barbecue. The party left Atlanta early Saturday morning in automobiles, returning late in the day. Members of the deputies' families accompanied them.

Among the participants in the spread were Sheriff C. W. Mangum and Deputies Owen, Brodnax, Poindexter, Haygood, Golden, Suttles, Knight, Stanley, Liddell, Burdette, Hunter and Deavers.

Golfers Go 35 Miles In Just 1,087 Strokes

Experts Play From Maidstone to Littleton on the Sea on a Wager.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—To cover 35 miles in 1,087 strokes is a feat that two golfers accomplished in playing from Maidstone to Littleton-on-the-Sea.

How this came about a well-known golfer offered to bet Neville Foster, of the Ashdown Forest Golf Club, and W. Warman, of the Newton Green Golf Club, that they could not play from Forest row to Crowborough over the woodland heather and hills, a distance of eight miles, in 350 strokes. The bet was taken and the task accomplished in 184 strokes.

Porter Charlton Makes 'Xmas Date

American Ordered Extradited to Italy Confident He Will Be Back in Few Months.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 26.—Porter Charlton, the young man who has been ordered extradited to Italy to stand trial for the murder of his wife, seems to be apparently unconcerned about the outcome of the trial, and openly stated that he would be back in America again for Christmas. Although the United States Government has ordered him sent back to Italy, he confidently told a friend yesterday that he would soon return.

"Don't you worry," he is reported as saying, "I'll make an engagement with you next Christmas at Churchill's."

Women Run Down By Delivery Wagon

Mrs. E. L. Scoville and Mrs. J. W. Dickerson Are Knocked Unconscious in Accident.

While crossing Elizabeth street at the corner of DeKalb avenue about 8 o'clock last night, Mrs. E. L. Scoville, of No. 9 Waverly Way, and Mrs. J. W. Dickerson, of No. 21 Waverly Way, were run down by a delivery wagon, driven by a negro, and knocked unconscious. The two women were picked up by a neighbor and later carried to their homes in Dr. E. B. Hightower's automobile. Both suffered severe cuts and bruises. The negro driver has not been caught.

According to eyewitnesses, he drove aff as fast he could whip up the horse.

'Imperator' Is Too Small, Says Captain

Greatest Vessel Afloat Is Already Fully Booked for Next Two Voyages West.

Special Cable to The American.

PLYMOUTH, July 26.—"The Imperator is too small; we want larger vessels," exclaimed Captain Ruser, when, after landing the greatest ship in the world at this port to-day, he was told that the Imperator is already fully booked for her next two westward trips.

The Imperator proceeded from here to Cherbourg and Hamburg. On the way over there were three days of such extreme heat that many experienced stokers were unable to work. The average speed for the voyage was 22.5 knots and the best single day's run was 540 miles.

Cadiz Grandees Not Aware War Is Over

Spanish Aristocrats Refuse Invitations to Social Event Given by American Naval Officers.

Special Cable to The American.

MADRID, July 26.—The newspaper Imparcial asserts to-day that the members of the old aristocracy of Cadiz have refused the invitations sent them by the officers of the American training ship Illinois.

The refusal, according to the newspaper, was due to the ill feeling engendered during the Spanish-American War.

WILSON PLACES SELF ON RECORD AS PARTY HEAD

President Takes Issue in Political Affairs in His Home State, New Jersey.

HE ELIMINATES CANDIDATE

Points Out That Two in the Gubernatorial Race Might Hurt Progressives.

NEW YORK, July 26.—President Wilson has put himself on record as the "leader" of the Democratic party.

This fact was set forth in a letter given out to-day by ex-Mayor Otto Wittpenn, of Jersey City. Mr. Wittpenn, progressive Democrat, decided to run for the nomination for Governor. Governor Fielder also is in the race.

As both Wittpenn and Fielder are friends of the President, he was asked to make a choice between the pair, and did. He took Governor Fielder. In his letter to Wittpenn, the President says that Wittpenn wished to know his judgment and forced him to make a choice between friends, and then writes:

"It is that we ought to support Mr. Fielder's candidacy. * * * I am sure that you will not think that the conclusion I have come to as leader of the party is in any way a subtraction from my cordial personal regard or from acknowledgment of the distinguished service which you have rendered the party."

The President points out that the progressive movement might be injured by two candidates.

Withdrawing from the race, Mr. Wittpenn urges the election of a Legislature that will be in harmony with the progressive Democratic candidate.

Nicaraguan Treaty Meets Opposition

Senate Foreign Relations Committee Tells Bryan Not To Be in Too Much Haste.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee convinced Secretary Bryan that the Nicaraguan treaty proposed Saturday would have to be materially modified before it would receive the approval of the Senate.

Mr. Bryan said that the United States and Nicaragua were ready to sign, and then the State Department would transmit the treaty to the Senate. Mr. Bryan was told not to be in too much haste.

There is considerable opposition, both in the committee and in the Senate, although the general principle upon which the treaty is built is acceptable. Senators pointed out to Mr. Bryan that the Platt amendment, as written into this treaty, would have to be radically amended and made less drastic. Senator Bacon insisted that the Platt amendment in all its provisions was not applicable to a country like Nicaragua, with which this Government was at peace.

Capital 'Widowers' Do All the Shows

President and Other Officials, Devotees Alike of Musical Comedies and Sombre Tragedies.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—President Wilson and other members of the "Summer Widowers' Club" at the White House and in the official world have become confirmed worshipers of Thespis and make the rounds of Washington attractions nearly every week. At these impromptu theater parties the proper garb appears to be their Mark Twain suits of spotless white flannel.

President Wilson and his friends seem impartial in their devotion to the muse.

Bulgarian Peace Pact Seems Near

Delegates of Servia, Greece and Montenegro Leave Belgrade to Confer at Bucharest.

Special Cable to The American.

BUCHAREST, July 26.—Peace delegates of Servia, Greece and Montenegro left Belgrade to-day and will arrive here Monday, when they will be joined by Premier Venizelos, of Greece, and the Bulgarian Plenipotentiaries.

It is hoped terms of peace will be arranged as soon as the armistice being discussed at Nish is concluded.

British Lords Play Loan Sharks' Role

Members of Nobility Earn Livelihood Lending Money Under Plebeian Names.

LONDON, July 26.—Lord Newton's loan shark bill, which was introduced into the House of Lords recently and under which money lenders or loan sharks, as they are called here, will be compelled to trade under their own name instead of using the high-flown name of some member of the aristocracy, has recoiled somewhat disastrously on his own class. It has now come to light that several members of the nobility are actually earning their livelihood as money lenders under fictitious plebeian names.

A great sensation was caused by the discovery that Lord Clanricade, the well-known anti-Home Rule Irish peer, has been trading under the name of Sanguinetti, making a reputation as one of the most notorious money lenders in England. This revelation, it is stated, insures the passage of Lord Newton's bill.

New Ambassadors Get 'O. K.' of Senate

All Wilson Appointees to Date Are Approved by Committee on Foreign Relations.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—All of President Wilson's diplomatic appointments to date were approved today by the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate. A favorable report was ordered on the nominations of Judge Gerard, of New York, to be Ambassador to Berlin; Frederic Courtland Penfield, of Pennsylvania, to be Ambassador to Austria-Hungary; Joseph E. Willard, of Virginia, to be Minister to Spain, and Charles S. Hartman, of Montana, to be Minister to Ecuador.

When Senator Bacon discovered after his confirmation that Walter H. Page, appointed Ambassador to Great Britain, had written a book reflecting upon the South, he stated in a private committee meeting that no more appointments would be confirmed until the committee knew something of the views of the appointees. Senator Bacon declared that this should apply particularly to "literary gentlemen."

Miss Wilson Spreads Alarm in Cottage Fire

Flees Sparks Into Storm in Pennsylvania Summer Colony and Aids Others Escape.

EAGLESMERE, PA., July 26.—With a rain of sparks from a burning cottage pouring into her window and a regular old-fashioned rain driving out of doors, Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, daughter of the President, chose the damp variety to-day and fled into the storm.

The fire was in the summer home of W. C. Dodge, well known in Washington. Miss Wilson was one of the first to give the alarm, and, aided by several other young women of the summer colony, went into nearby cottages to make sure all were out.

Cancer Cure Costs $65,000 for 1 Gram

Philanthropists in Dresden Buy Enough for Two Treatments With New Preparation.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, July 26.—It cost $65,000 to treat two cancer patients here with Dr. Otto Hahn's mesotherium preparation.

Dresden philanthropists collected that sum, which was sufficient only to purchase one gram of Hahn's cure, each patient requiring a half gram.

Mesotherium is derived from thorium earth, the same substance that is used in the manufacture of incandescent gas mantles.

JACKSON HELD ON CHARGES BY 15-YEAR-OLD GIRL TYPIST

Minister, Secretary of Juvenile Protective Association, Bound Over After His Stenographer Tells How He Hugged Her.

The Rev. Crawford Jackson, secretary of the Juvenile Protective Association of Atlanta and a widely-known Methodist minister, was bound over under bond of $1,000 to a higher court following a sensational trial by Justice of the Peace Girardeau late Saturday afternoon on charges of Miss Lovinia Dundir, a 15-year-old girl of No. 432 Central avenue, who charged that he had attempted to hug and kiss her under protest in his office in the Third National Bank Building.

The girl charged that the offense was committed while she was substituting for her sister, who is the Rev. Mr. Jackson's stenographer, on last Thursday afternoon. She also said that he offered her an intoxicating drink.

As a sensational climax to the trial, Judge Girardeau in delivering his charge brought the accused man up for strong arraignment.

Father Sobs During Hearing.

In a clear, strong voice the Dundir girl told her story on the witness stand. In the room at the time were her father, C. C. Dundir, a gray-haired man, the night watchman at the Detention Home, who at times sobbed aloud, and her brother-in-law, Clyde Scarborough, to whom she first confided the story which brought the minister to trial.

"I went to work in Jackson's office more than a week ago," the girl declared. "Everything was all right until last Thursday afternon. When he came into the office from lunch, I told him I had a headache. He went back downstairs and returned with a glass of greenish liquid, which he offered me to drink, saying it would fix me all right. I told him I didn't want it, and so he drank it himself.

"It was after this that he came up behind my chair and put his arms

Continued on Page 4, Column 4.

STATE BOLSTERS CONLEY

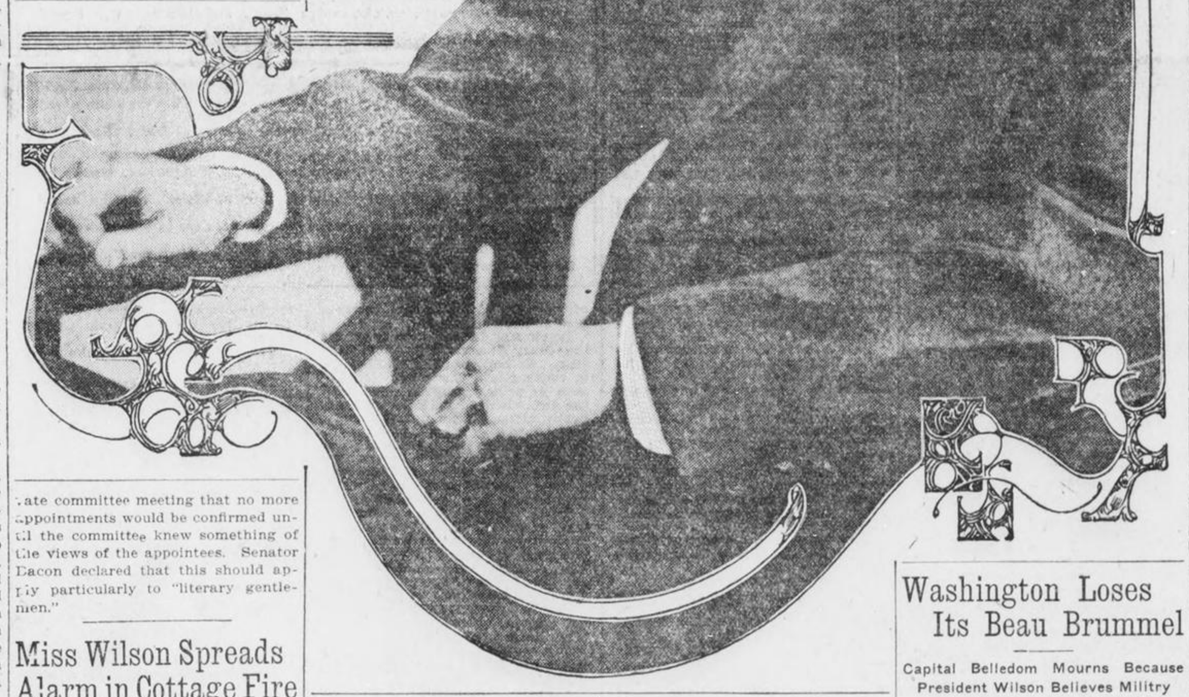
Solves Discrepancies of Time

Mistaken Identity To Be Plea

Leo M. Frank, the accused head of the National Pencil Factory, who goes on trial for his life to-morrow.



This is a hitherto unpublished picture of Frank, and was obtained by the New York correspondent of The Sunday American from a friend of the family there.



Leo M. Frank Goes to Trial for the Slaying of Mary Phagan Monday, With Both Prosecution and the Defense Confident.

All Preparations Are Made for Big Crowds—Judge Roan To Be on Bench, Despite Recent Illness—Bitter Battle Expected.

Leo M. Frank will go on trial for his life to-morrow forenoon. With the beginning of the great legal battle, hardly more than 24 hours distant, it has been learned that the prosecution has overcome to its own satisfaction the greatest obstacle with which it has been confronted—the reconciling of the time element in the story of the negro Conley with that contained in the statements of all the persons who visited the factory and were seen by Conley the day that Mary Phagan was murdered.

The most powerful argument against the truthfulness of the remarkable affidavit in which Conley told of helping Frank dispose of the body of the slain girl was contained in the fact that Conley's original story in its designation of the time of various occurrences at the factory was in direct conflict with the statements of a number of the factory employees.

Miss Mattie Smith, one of the young women working for the National Pencil Company, told when she was first questioned of leaving the factory at about 9:30. Foreman M. B. Darley walked down the steps with her and said at the Coroner's inquest that the hour was about 9:30.

At this stage of the investigation the time element in the forenoon had not assumed the vital importance which it now has, and Miss Smith and Darley, so far as is known, had no reason for misrepresenting the time that they departed from the building.

Difference in Time Baffling.

Yet when Conley came to make his affidavits he repeated the conversation of Darley and Miss Smith which he had overheard while hidden behind the boxes on the first floor, and described Miss Smith's attire beyond mistake, although he stoutly maintained that he did not get to the factory until he arrived there with Frank at about 11 o'clock, when Frank returned from his visit to Montag Brothers' plant at Nelson and Forsyth streets.

How he could have overheard a conversation that took place at 9:30 o'clock when he did not arrive at the factory until 11 o'clock was a mystery that baffled the detectives and the prosecution until Solicitor Dorsey had Miss Smith summoned to his office, and she told him that she had seen a negro, presumably Conley, in the factory at three minutes before 9 o'clock when she went there for her money Saturday morning.

From reliable sources the information comes that the negro, in one of the protracted quizzings that was given him by the Solicitor, admitted that he was in the factory before the time he had named in his first stories, and that he listened to the Smith-Darley conversation at about 9:30, instead of an hour and a half later.

Discrepancy in Story.

Another discrepancy occurred in his story of the visit of Miss Corinthia Hall and Miss Emma Clark to Frank's office. He declared that Frank said; "My God, here come Corinthia Hall and Emma Clark," while Frank was preparing to dictate the notes about 1 o'clock. The two young women, however, entered the factory more than an hour before and left at about 11:45 to go to a nearby lunchroom.

It is understood that the prosecution will contend that Frank was mistaken in the identity of the two young women when he heard them approaching, and that as a matter of fact, two other women entered the office. It is said that Solicitor Dorsey has the names of the two who, he says, were in Frank's office at about 1 o'clock, and that he will call them as witnesses.

How the most recent changes in the negro's story will affect his credibility when he goes before a jury is problematical. The defense is certain to train its most destructive guns upon Conley's veracity. The alterations, by which the State hopes to strengthen its case, may instead weaken it for the attack which will be made by the shrewd lawyers who are

Washington Loses Its Beau Brummel

Capital Belledom Mourns Because President Wilson Believes Militry Aides Unnecessary Fripperies.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Washington belledom is in mourning today over the news that the Beau Brummel of the White House aide staff, the genial and handsome Major Thomas L. Rhodes, had been ordered to Winchester, Va., for duty with the provisional cavalry brigade there.

For some time the air has been thick with rumors that Major Rhodes would depart, in line with President Wilson's expressed opinion that military aides are an unnecessary grandeur for a Democratic President, but the ladies hoped against hope.

This is the beginning of the end, for the rest of the White House aides probably will be returned to their regular posts, and whenever necessity for an aide arises he will be detailed from nearby army posts or naval stations.

No Quorum in House; All Go To Ball Game

Four-Minute Session Sets New Congressional Record—Double-header Seems Ample Explanation.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The House of Representatives made a record for a short session to-day. Just four minutes was the length of the session. The prayer was heard, but the journal went unread. There were signs of a Republican filibuster when Gardner of Massachusetts made a point of no quorum. Speaker Clark's count showed less than 100 members present and a motion to adjourn prevailed.

There was more than a quorum of the House at the double-header ball game, however.

Victims Pinned Under Auto for Ten Hours

Wife Killed, Husband Seriously Injured, When Car Tips Over. Farmer Finds Them.

EAU CLAIRE, WIS., July 26.—Mrs. W. D. Armstrong was killed and her husband was seriously injured to-day in an automobile accident near Meridian. The machine ran up an embankment and tipped over.

Both victims were pinned under the car ten hours before a passing farmer discovered the situation.

Do You Know ?

The most Capacious Building in the World.

See Page 1, "Want Ad" Section.

COURT IN READINESS FOR FRANK TRIAL OPENING

Factory Superintendent To Be Placed on Trial for Girl's Slaying Monday Morning—Both Sides Confident of Winning a Victory.

Continued From Page 1.

defending Frank. They already ridicule the idea of accepting an iota of Conley's testimony, in view of the many changes he has made in it since he first talked to the detectives. They brand him as a perjurer and his statements rot.

State Ready for Fight.

Solicitor Dorsey and his associate in the prosecution, Frank A. Hooper, have been preparing themselves for the fight that may be precipitated at any moment after the opening of the trial over the subpenas duces tecum which have been issued by Luther Z. Rosser and Reuben R. Arnold, lawyers for Frank.

The subpenas, which were issued last month when it was thought that the trial might begin June 30, commanded Solicitor Dorsey, Chief Lanford, Chief Beavers, Harry Scott and other detectives who had worked on the Phagan mystery to bring to court with them the affidavits of Jim Conley, Newt Lee, Monteen Stover, W. M. Matthews and several other witnesses.

The attorneys for the prosecution branded the subpenas as a trick to discredit the State's witnesses if their testimony should vary in the slightest from that contained in the affidavits. They announced that they would fight the move before the bar of the court. If unsuccessful, it was regarded as not unlikely that they would retaliate with subpenas duces tecum of their own. It is possible that the skirmish over the subpenas may precede the drawing of the jury, which also will involve a large amount of legal jockeying.

P. H. Brewster, one of the oldest members of the Atlanta bar, and known for his wealth of legal information, has been called in to assist the prosecution in preparing certain phases of its case.

Colonel Brewster to Figure.

Colonel Brewster has compiled briefs bearing on the admissibility of every particle of evidence which the prosecution has in its possession, and he is expected to be an interesting figure in the courtroom during the progress of the trial.

Attorneys for the defense announced yesterday that they knew of nothing that would influence them to ask for a continuance when the case is called to-morrow. Subpenas have been issued for about 150 witnesses by Frank's lawyers. One of the subpenas was served upon Harry Scott, who conducted the investigation into the murder mystery for the Pinkerton Agency. Scott also is under summons by the prosecution.

Frank and his attorneys will go into the trial confident of an acquittal. Evidence has been in their possession for weeks which points suspicion directly at the negro Conley.

All of the veniremen, with the exception of two or three who could not be located yesterday, have been notified to appear. The courtroom has been prepared for the crowd that will pack it while the trial is in progress.

Judge Roan has said that he knows of no reason why there should be a further postponement.

Judge Roan to Preside.

The formal trial of Leo M. Frank for the murder of Mary Phagan will begin at 9 o'clock Monday morning, when Judge L. S. Roan calls the criminal division of the Superior Court to order in the courtroom on the first floor of the old City Hall, South Pryor and Hunter streets.

Under direction of Deputy Sheriff Plennie Minor, all preparations for receiving the vast crowds that are expected to be drawn by the celebrated case have been made. Benches, outside the space reserved for the attorneys and newspaper men, have been replaced with chairs there, and the seating capacity of the room has been raised to 250. No spectator will be admitted after the seats are filled.

Saturday morning electricians were installing half a dozen electric fans, which will help to make the room comfortable during the battle to come. There also have been installed half a dozen ozonators to help purify the air.

Judge Roan was in his chambers all of Saturday. He declared that despite his recent attack of indigestion he will be on the bench when the hour of the trial arrives.

Every Bit of Evidence Against Frank Sifted and Tested, Declares Solicitor

Solicitor-General Hugh Dorsey, who will prosecute the case against Leo M. Frank, last night gave the Sunday American the following statement:

WITHOUT going into the merit of the State's case against Leo M. Frank, charged with the murder of little Mary Phagan, the possibility of a mistake having been made is very remote.

To say why the State believes Frank to be guilty of this murder would be hurtful, and lay before the defense the evidence we have so carefully guarded.

We have employed only the fairest methods and have accepted no evidence until it had been subjected to the acid test.

Conley's connection with the case occasioned the most careful investigation. No statement of his was accepted until it had been proved. He is merely a link in the chain.

We looked into the possibility of Conley having committed the murder, but with other facts considered, it was impossible to connect him other than as an accessory.

Whether there can be a reasonable doubt when the evidence is weighed remains to be seen, but on the eve of the trial I have no misgiving as to the strength of the State's case.

SOLICITOR GENERAL DORSEY.



DEFENSE CLAIMS CONLEY AND LEE PREPARED NOTES

Theory Is That Watchman Surprised Sweeper Attempting to Dispose of Body and Entered Into Pact.

An amazing chain of evidence, laying bare the mystery of the two notes found beside the body of Mary Phagan, which have proved the most baffling of all the facts connected with the girl's murder, came to light as in the possession of the defense Saturday.

According to the theory of the defense, Conley murdered the girl and was unexpectedly discovered with her body in the basement of the pencil factory by Newt Lee; that the night watchman declared the blame for the murder would be placed upon himself instead of Conley, and that the two notes, laying the blame upon the negro fireman Knoyls, and openly accusing the night watchman of the crime, sealed an agreement of secrecy between Lee and Conley.

Motive of Notes.

The first note, written by Conley, to soothe Lee's fears, is believed to have been the one reading:

"Mama, that negro hired down here did this. I went to get water and he pushed me down this hole a long tall negro black that has it woke long lean tall negro I write this while play with me."

According to the defense's theory, this did not satisfy Lee, and hence the second one reading:

"He said he would love me laid down like the night witch did it, but that long tall black negro did it by hisself," was written.

It is the claim of the defense that in the obvious exoneration of Lee by Conley, as is shown in the second note, despite the admissions of both that they were barely acquainted with each other lies the proof that Lee directed the execution of the note.

The defense will also show, it is said, that when the notes were picked up by officers, Lee called their attention to the peculiar spelling of words "night witch" and explained that they meant night watchman and himself.

Missing Time Punches.

Following the writing of the two notes, Conley is supposed to have been the companion of Lee until the watchman telephoned to the police. Then Conley departed.

The defense, it is declared, believes the notes to have been written between 11:30 and 1:30 o'clock on the night of the murder and will present the fact to uphold this theory that Lee's time clock failed to show that he was at his post on the upper floor during this time. The time clock slip in the possession of the defense shows that Lee missed punching it at 11:30, 12:30 and 1:30 o'clock that morning.

Despite the claims of the defense as to the missing punches in the time slip, however, Leo M. Frank, on the witness stand at the Coroner's inquest, declared that the time card showed that the negro made his rounds regularly on the night of the murder, and that no misses appeared, so far as he knew.

Prosecution Knows Theory.

That the prosecution is aware of the defense's theory of the presence of the notes was indicated by the bringing of the two negroes together last week in Newt Lee's cell in the county jail, when Solicitor Dorsey put them through a cross-examination. At this time, however, both are declared to have denied emphatically the conspiracy of which they are accused.

As astounding as may be the defense's conception of the murder notes, it satisfactorily explains their potentiality and conforms readily with the other evidence in the hands of Frank's counsel to direct guilt at Conley—namely, the torn bit of the dead girl's pay envelope, found near the elevator shaft on the first floor, the umbrella of the girl discovered at the bottom of the elevator shaft, the murder notes, the broken latch on the basement door and the time slip with the missing punches.

Contention of Defense.

Here is the theory of the defense as it has been learned by the prosecution:

Conley is believed to have waylaid the girl on the first floor, and when she descended the stairway, after receiving her pay envelope from Frank, to have struck her from behind with the stick which was afterward found blood-stained near by. As the girl fell unconscious from the blow the negro is believed to have heard the footsteps of Lemmie Quinn entering the building. With a quick movement he is thought to have snatched the girl's purse and cast her body and umbrella down the open elevator shaft, then dashed behind some boxes to hide. There he opened the purse, took out the envelope and tore it open, casting the torn-off top behind the radiator, where it was later found by Pinkerton detectives. After Quinn had gone upstairs, the theory is that Conley came from his hiding place, descended the ladder through the trap door to the basement, picked up the girl's body and carried to back to the sawdust pile. In his haste, he is declared to have forgotten the umbrella which had fallen with the girl, and left it to be found later by detectives. After depositing the body, Conley broke open the basement door and escaped, but returned at nightfall to get the body and take it away. Then it was that Newt Lee is supposed to have discovered him, to have framed the murder notes and entered the pact of secrecy.

Public Demands Frank Trial To-morrow

Old Police Reporter Sees No Cause for Delay

Either Side Asking Postponement Will Reveal Weakness, as Time Has Been Given for Preparation. Conley Is Center of Interest.

By AN OLD POLICE REPORTER.

The defense in the case of Leo Frank would have made a mistake, if current street comment counts for anything, had it decided to move for a continuance of the case to-morrow.

Indeed, the fact that the defense even was suspected of an intent to move for a continuance—righteously or otherwise—has not had a happy effect upon the public, even if it has not, on the other hand, served particularly to prejudice the case.

The people want the Frank case tried. I think there is no mistake about that.

And when it was rumored that it might be postponed, with the consent of the defense, even if not of its own motion, more than one person in Atlanta, even those inclined to be friendly to Frank, began, more or less impatiently, to ask themselves, WHY?

If the State is sure of itself, why delay? If the defense is sure of itself, why delay?

If either is not sure of itself, why, then, it must be because the one not sure of itself has a weak case Thus reasons the public.

Leo Frank is guilty or he is not guilty.

The case against him can be thrashed out NOW as well as later along. Frank is reported eager for trial. The State professes to be altogether ready.

Hesitancy upon the part of either now is not apt to win favor to the hesitating.

Public Not Muddled.

While much has been said of Jim Conley of late, and an effort was made to have him indicted in advance of Frank's trial, the public has not permitted itself to be muddled.

It realizes that Conley occupies a somewhat dual position, to be sure, and that the finger of suspicion points to him as a possible principal to the killing of Mary Phagan, no less than as a confessed accessory after the fact.

The public has its eye very much on Conley—YES. But the public has not YET been convinced—and may never become convinced—that Leo Frank is innocent of the crime for which he has been indicted.

And he has been indicted, by "twelve good men and true," as the law requires—one must NOT forget that!

Frank is admitted to have been in the pencil factory when the crime MIGHT have been committed The evidence that he actually committed the deed is, to be sure, entirely circumstantial.

Even the affidavit of the negro Conley, if it withstands the blistering attacks Attorneys Rosser and Arnold unquestionably will make upon it, still will not be direct evidence that Frank committed the crime.

It is rather difficult for the layman to comprehend fully the exact difference between circumstantial and direct evidence, and to keep his mind quite clear when passing through the twilight zone dividing the one from the other, but there IS a dividing line, and Frank stands well within the circumstantial limits.

Law Recognizes Circumstances.

While, however, the law holds the State to a sterner accounting in the matter of establishing guilt through circumstances rather than by direct evidence, it nevertheless permits circumstances to convict SWEEPINGLY AND COMPLETELY, if properly sequenced and sustained!

Here, then, is the case against Leo Frank, from the State's point of view, as given to the newspapers and not otherwise:

Frank was in the factory at the time Mary Phagan might have been slain. He had the OPPORTUNITY to consummate the deed. He had been in prior communication with the girl, when they two were practically alone in the pencil factory, save for the then unsuspected presence of the negro Conley. There is some evidence that Frank had been, at times, rather familiar with factory employees — particularly with two or three young girls.

Frank, contrary to his usual custom, permitted Newt Lee to go away from the factory during the afternoon of April 26—Saturday. This extraordinary procedure has not been accounted for to the State's satisfaction.

Frank, contrary again to his usual custom, phoned to the factory after he arrived at his home Saturday evening, and this fact also never has been explained to the State's satisfaction.

A negro, Jim Conley, a sweeper in the factory, has signed an affidavit to the effect that Frank, nervous and seemingly much agitated, called him to the second floor of the factory—the negro admitting that he had been dozing in a drunken stupor on the floor below—along about 1 o'clock in the afternoon of the killing, and that Frank thereafter hired him to remove the dead body of Mary Phagan from the second floor to the basement below, hide it, and, at Frank's dictation, write and place the notes beside the dead girl, found next morning.

Frank also is accused—whether the State will rely upon this evidence in any particular is not altogether clear, however—with phoning persistently a notorious woman between 7 and 10 in the evening of April 26, asking that he be permitted to bring to her house a girl, unnamed, "upon a matter of life and death."

Conley Center of Case.

Now, if the State can sustain itself thoroughly upon these allegations, it must be admitted that the case against Frank will be very serious, indeed!

Of course, Conley will be the most damaging witness against him, for upon Conley's evidence will depend the hurtfulness or the utter worthlessness of the other circumstances set up against the defendant.

In other words, if Conley is BROKEN DOWN, the remaining allegations against Frank doubtless will be quickly and easily disposed of.

If Conley is NOT broken down, however, then the other circumstances become links in a chain against Frank that likely can be made to hold together.

It is just as well to look things squarely in the face, as the Frank trial comes on to-morrow!

Can the defense break Conley down?

That, of course, I do not know—I can not know.

The only thing I know of experience in cases of this kind is that the defense MUST break Conley down or Leo Frank will face a very, very dangerous situation!

It must be borne in mind, moreover, that it will be the defense's burden to break Conley down, rather than the State's burden to establish his credibility.

Unless successfully assailed, Conley's affidavit will stand before the jury unprejudiced for exactly what it may be worth.

The defense claims to be prepared perfectly for the annihilation of Conley's statement. Maybe it is—the defense should have read its own hand pretty well by now.

The defense, however, may be in the situation "Br'er Rabbit" found himself once when he "clum a tree" because he just naturally was "obleeged to," and NOT because anybody ever had heard of a rabbit climbing a tree before in all natural history. And I do not write this flippantly, but to illustrate the point.

Whether the defense can break down Conley or not, the DEFENSE MUST BREAK DOWN CONLEY or face a perilous alternative!

Refused Conley Indictment.

All the circumstances and recitals concerning Conley, tending to show that he and not Frank more likely was the principal in the killing of Mary Phagan, is beside the IMMEDIATE QUESTION. The trial to called to-morrow is the trial of LEO FRANK and not James Conley.

In addition to that, a Grand Jury but recently has definitely and directly REFUSED to indict James Conley for the murder, pending the disposition of the Frank case.

These are stubborn facts the defense is called upon to face—and it will not do, I take it, to face them either hesitatingly or otherwise than frankly and candidly.

The defense may be loaded with ammunition sufficient to shoot the State's case to pieces, just as it claims to be. There are many people who believe it is—but there also are quite as many people, perhaps, who believe it isn't.

Looking back over the progress of events in this puzzling, elusive and continuously interesting Phagan case—to my mind by far the most bizarre and grimly engaging mystery in all the catalogue of crime in Georgia—I am moved to no great surprise that the public yet is largely of open and fair mind in respect of it.

CHRONOLOGY OF PHAGAN CASE

April 27—Body of Mary Phagan found in factory. Arthur Mullinax arrested. Newt Lee arrested.

April 28—J. M. Gantt arrested. Geron Bailey arrested. Leo Frank held.

April 29—Pinkertons declare Lee guilty. Eliminate Gantt, Mullinax and Bailey.

May 1—Coroner issues commitment against Lee and Frank. Jim Conley, negro sweeper, arrested.

May 8—Coroner's verdict orders Frank and Lee held for Grand Jury.

May 12—Burns put on case, through agency of T. B. Felder.

May 23—Grand Jury considers case. Dictograph scandals revealed. A. S. Colyar accuses T. B. Felder of attempts to corrupt policeman. Frank indicted. Conley says he wrote notes at Frank's dictation, April

May 25—Mrs. Mima Formby says Frank asked her for room night of killing.

May 30—Conley says he helped Frank dispose of body. Re-enacts crime at factory.

June 6—Conley denies he confessed killing to A. S. Colyar.

June 15—Mrs. Frank, in statement to Sunday American, stands by her husband.

July 10—W. H. Mincey's statement first published, that he heard Conley boast of killing.

July 15—E. F. Holloway, factory employee, says he was told of negro's boast just after killing.

July 23—Frank says he is ready for trial. Search for Will Green, Conley's companion, said to have seen killing.

Defense Must Break Story of Negro or Face Difficult Situation. State Will Base Case on Chain of Circumstantial Evidence.

Prominent Atlantans Named On Frank Trial Jury Venire

The venire of 144 men from which twelve will be selected to decide the fate of Leo M. Frank is considered to be one of the most representative ever drawn from a petit jury box in Fulton County. Prominent among the prospective jurors are Joel Hurt, Dr. E. L. Connally and J. W. Alexander, capitalists; David Woodward, president of the Woodward Lumber Company; George Law, of Law Brothers; R. F. Shedden, of the Mutual Life Insurance Company; Thomas D. Meador, vice president of the Lowry National Bank, and Edwin F. Johnson, advertising man.

The complete jury list is printed below:

C. A. Virgin.
J. D. Hardy, B. R.
J. M. Defoore, E. P.
Bud Waitts, C. P.
W. W. Sorrells, Hapeville.
Sol Benjamin, 348 Whitehall street.
P. H. Miller, Peachtree.
C. J. Bosshardt, No. 215 Bryan street.
W. S. Copelan, Oak Grove.
O. T. Camp, No. 309 Oakland avenue.
A. W. Brewerton, 45 W. Peachtree Pl
F. W. Stone, No. 82 East Linden street.
W. H. Dunne, not in directory (probaby Wynne).
W. A. Abercrombie, Blackhall.
R. G. Elliott, Atlanta Agricultural Works, Glendale.
T. C. Lauren, No. 13 Decatur street.
L. E. Smith, Hapeville.
C. T. Hopkins, Jr., 403 N. Boulevard.
W. D. Cates, South Bend.
R. F. Shedden, Mutual Life of New York, Grant Bldg. 20 East Linden Ave.
T. G. Young, Georgia Railway and Power Company, 42 Loomis avenue.
D. D. Henry, 178 Oakland avenue.
Howard Oliver, B. R.
H. E. Lackey, 4 Rosedale avenue.
James F. Hast, Collins.
Alfred Barilli, Jr., Grant Building.
O. L. Spurlin, 156 Lawton street.
A. H. Henslee, No. 74 Oak street.
Thomas D. Meador, Imperial Hotel.
R. E. Biggers, 745 Glenn, carpenter.
F. V. L. Smith, Empire Building, No. 481 Cherokee avenue.
R. L. Cliett, No. 58 Boulevard place.
H. R. Callaway, 691 Piedmont Ave.
A. J. Shide, No. 45 Lucy street.
F. A. Hull, 60 Milledge, 130 Grant.
Edward E. Hawkins, Collins.
H. D. Hurlbut.
S. J. McDowell, No. 80 Waddell.
W. W. Brown, No. 107 Peachtree place or No. 217 Glennwood avenue.
Edwin F. Johnson, Appeal Publishing Company, 176 West Peachtree.
J. L. Fulghum, Hapeville.
W. C. Willis, E. P.
H. C. Hasty, No. 261 Jones avenue.
George R. Law, No. 4 Whitehall street, residence No. 205 Ashby.
F. M. York, No. 221 Cooper street.
A. H. Cook, 252 E. Georgia avenue.
Chas. H. Candler, 114 Elizabeth St.
George R. Wall, No. 139 Hill street.
S. C. Owens, E. P.
J. C. Henderson, 413 Piedmont ave.
J. W. Heinsman.
D. M. Brown, College Park.
W. J. Brooks, 224 East Fair St.
R. J. Baldwin, Hapeville.
D. Townsend, 84 Whitehall terrace.
R. A. Thompson, 152 Ashby street.
C. C. Thorne, 135 East North Ave.
C. A. Vaughn, Collins.
R. A. Palmer, No. 68 Austin avenue.
Ben F. Willis, Cooks.
C. M. Patten, Hapeville.
Carl Weinmeister, 27 Elbert St.
S. L. Miller, No. 27 Fraser street.
Henry L. Solmonson, 71 Sells Ave.
C. S. Johnson, 140 Gaskill street.
L. A. Hendon, 91 West Fifth street.
W. S. Medcalf, not in directory.
Homer C. Ashford, 83 East Fifth St.
E. C. Wachendorff, 22 Willow St.
Nicholas Ittner, 234 Forrest Ave.
J. C. Harrison, 304 Capitol Ave.
W. H. Hudson, 298 Myrtle St.
H. Maness, rooms No. 47 Bell street.
G. R. Jilner, not in directory.
John S. Head, Oak Grove.
C. H. Allen, not in directory.
V. N. Carroll, 1292-A Marietta St.
Robert Schmidt, 195 Angier Ave.
T. F. Barber, 281 E. Georgia Ave.
H. B. Chamberlain, Peachtree Dis.
O. Wingate, 328 Edgewood Ave.
T. E. Winslow, 29 Boulevard Ter.
C. A. Withers, 15 Simpson St.
A. W. Wafford, not in directory.
W. F. Burdett, Buckhead.
H. H. Kelly, Blackhall.
M. A. Lang, not in directory.
John W. Bowin, Collins.
C. W. Gittens, Hapeville.
H. T. Ferguson, 332 E. Georgia Ave.
W. L. Merk, No. 108 Grant street.
G. F. Hardy, 514 St. Charles.
F. E. Walker, 610 North Boulevard.
E. L. Connally, No. 53 Ashby street
T. B. Sale, 136 N. Moreland avenue.
Elmo Moore E.
W. S. Gaston, 481 Whitehall.
C. L. Asbury, No. 44 Park avenue.
J. W. Chatham, rooms 132 Jones.
C. W. Seagraves, Collins.
J. A. McCrary, 78 E. North ave.
L. A. Helms, rooms 253 Forrest ave.
T. J. Henderson, 25 Woodson.
L. F. Davis, 148 Bellwood ave.
David Woodward, 635 Peachtree.
J. E. Betterton, College Park.
J. H. Holcomb, Oakland City.
M. J. Sewell, East Point.
J. F. Higdon, 108 Ormond.
F. E. Winburn, 213 Lucile ave.
Chas. Witherspoon, 23 Vedado way.
Walter H. Scott, No. 215 Gordon.
H. J. Kuglar, South Bend.
T. J. Hale, South Bend.
J. P. Hays, South Bend.
A. L. Wisbey, No. 31 Hood street.
E. L. Winn, 1210 Peachtree.
Joel Hurt, No. 85 Elizabeth.
W. H. Abbott, No. 224 Rawson.
K. P. Mason, Peachtree.
W. M. Jeffries, Collins.
Boyd Perry, 537 N. Boulevard.
M. Johenning, rooms 161 Jones ave.
M. S. Woodward, No. 182 Park.
Samuel Schoen, 214 Washington.
W. F. Wingleton, not in directory.
Earl Davis, Collins.
C. F. Cantrell.
W. M. Donehoo, Buckhead.
John W. Woodruff, 58 Cooper.
David W. Perdu, Collins.
George Mathieson, Buckhead.
S. J. Hayles, 20 Flat Shoals ave.
John W. Alexander, 439 S. Pryor.
John W. Collier, 81 Washington.
J. E. Redd, not in directory.
Y. R. Norris, Blackhall.
W. W. Hammett, 34 Decatur.
A. F. Bellingrath, 91 Milledge ave.
D. Berger, 380 Capitol ave.
E. A. Massa, 305 E. Fair.
J. T. Osburn, not in directory.
J. H. Gilbert, South Bend.
H. H. Jones, 69 E. Ashland ave.

Takes Off Freckles, Removes Tan.



Beautify your complexion. Get rid of those freckles. You can invest 50c in a jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM and they'll disappear. Severe cases may require two jars—no more. We positively guarantee this, and if your complexion isn't fully restored to its natural beauty, we agree to refund your money without argument. And in addition, WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is a fine, fragrant toilet cream. Doesn't cause hair to grow and does positively remove TAN and FRECKLES. Try it at our risk. Price 50c—sent by mail if desired. Mammonth jars $1.00. WILSON'S FAIR SKIN SOAP 25c. Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C., makers. For sale and guaranteed by all druggists.

GRAND
WEEK JULY 28
DAILY AT 2:30 & 8:30
CARNEGIE
MUSEUM
ALASKA
SIBERIAN
PICTURES
AND
FIRST RUN
FEATURES
MATINEES 10 CTS.
NIGHT 10-15-25 CTS.
GET THE
GRAND HABIT

MOTOR RACES
TUESDAY, July 29
8:15 P. M.

BIJOU THIS WEEK
NORMAN FRIEDENWALD'S
Hilarious Musical Farce
COMEDY,
THE
GIRL FROM DUBLIN
The liveliest, most tuneful and up-to-the-minute musical comedy show of the season.
1 1-2 HOURS OF FUN.
PRETTY GIRLS.
GREAT SCENIC EFFECTS.
20—FUN MAKERS—20.
SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE.
TUNEFUL MUSICAL NUMBERS.
Daily Matinees. Night Shows at 7:30 and 9.
BARGAIN PRICES.

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST THEATER
FORSYTH WEEK OF JULY 28 Daily at 2:30 and 8:30
The Famous Character Comedian
JOE WELCH
ELSA WARD, KARL CRESS, CUNNINGHAM & MARION
Robt. Dailey & Co. (OUR BOB)
DOLAN & LENBARR CO.
"SOME MIND-READER"
KEITH VAUDEVILLE
NEXT WEEK
EVEREST'S
MONKEY
HIPPODROME
The Novelty of Modern Vaudeville

Looking for a Delightful Place To Spend a Pleasant Hour?
THEN COME TO
The Montgomery
AND HEAR
Harry Bickford
"THE DIXIE TENOR"
In Songs That Please
SHOWING THE VERY BEST PICTURES
Matinee 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.---5c; Night---10c

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SLATON BOOM FOR SENATOR REVIVES OLD STATE FIGHT

Governor Keeps Silence While His Friends Sound Georgia, and the Hoke Smith Clan Prepares to Decide the Factional Struggle.

Joe Brown and His Successor Will Undoubtedly Get Together on Program Before Announcement Is Made of Either's Candidacy.

There is a well-defined, positive and aggressive movement on to nominate Governor John M. Slaton for Senator in next year's primary.

The Governor himself is not known to be a party to it, and the impression is that he is not, at least, directly.

Nevertheless, the Slaton senatorial boom is on, and it is causing no end of comment, not only among members of the Legislature now in Atlanta and visiting statesmen, but throughout the State generally.

Governor Slaton certainly has said no public word that can be twisted or construed into the suggestion of his senatorial candidacy, and it probably is true that he has given the matter only the most casual thought thus far.

It is generally taken for granted that Senator Hoke Smith will be a candidate to succeed himself. He has served a portion of Senator Clay's unexpired term and has given his friends to understand that he will be in the August primary of next year.

Brown Name Discussed.

If there is to be a hotly contested senatorial campaign next year, therefore, it likely will open along about May.

Before Governor Brown retired from the Executive Office, his name frequently was discussed for the senatorial succession.

The wiser and more experienced observers of things political in Georgia predict confidently that Governor Slaton and former Governor Brown will not both be in the senatorial race, and that whichever announces, if either, it will be with a pretty thorough understanding of what the other will do.

The dopesmiths, therefore, are figuring a senatorial race next year with Senator Smith on the one hand and either Governor Brown or Governor Slaton on the other.

Which one it shall be probably will be thrashed out between this time and January 1, 1914.

If Governor Slaton elects to have a try for the Senate next year, thereby giving up the Governorship at the expiration of a first term, it will precipitate a very warm fight for the Executive succession, and already rumor is fixing that up also.

Both Factions Groom Men.

In the event Governor Slaton announces for the Senate, it is said that Congressman Hardwick will be put in the race for Governor by the friends of Senator Smith, and that Congressman Gordon Lee or former President of the Senate W. S. West will be his opponent, put forth by the Slaton and Brown people.

In addition to the aforementioned gubernatorial prospects reported more or less willing to have themselves figured upon, it is being stage-whispered that Speaker Burwell and President Anderson, of the present Legislature, have their ears to the ground, and Attorney General Thomas S. Felder is another Barkis thought to be not absolutely and altogether unwilling.

Old Foes Once More.

Of course, if the Slaton senatorial boom really isn't a boom at all, and if the Governor should put a quietus upon it, why, then, the rather pretty and thrilling house of cards the wise political bigwigs have set up will tumble down, and the next senatorial race will resolve itself, perhaps, into a fight between those ancient enemies, Senator Hoke Smith and former Governor "Little Joe" Brown.

If that race materializes, it will be hot enough for all ordinary purposes, to be sure, and in a way it would be more clean cut and demonstrative of genuine strength, moreover.

It would line up for a final battle royal the two factions that have disputed control in Georgia for many years, with the assured prospect ahead that a settlement had come at last to stay put.

That there will be a merry war for the senatorial succession next year is not to be doubted. Senator Smith's friends realize it and make no bones of admitting it.

They, however, express themselves as perfectly willing to meet the issue thus set up, if that becomes necessary.

They call attention to his undoubted influence in the Senate and his closeness to the White House, and they assert that he is more useful to Georgia in Washington than he was evenin the State Capitol in Atlnnta.

On the other hand, the Senator's unloving friends claim that far from withdrawing from Georgia politics since he was sent to Washington, he is more intimately engaged in undertaking to shape things locally than ever before, and that his hand figures in every political frame-up essayed, even to the smallest and most inconsequential postoffices.

Brenau Girl to Make Grand Opera Debut Soon

Miss Cauble Dreams of Future With Metropolitan

Southern society girl who will join Russian grand opera company.

Miss Miriam Cauble, Atlanta visitor who plans grand opera company.



Visitor in Atlanta Will Join Forces of Russian Company at Beginning of Season.

To-day Miss Miriam Cauble is in Atlanta as a visitor. She goes to dances, to the picture shows, on automobile rides and generally leads the elysian existence that is the lot of a courted visitor.

Some day, however, she will be here as a grand opera star of the Metropolitan company and sing to the brilliant audiences in the Auditorium.

With all the assurance of a young woman confident of her own ability, Miss Cauble makes the promise. Already she has been working for years toward the goal. In addition to her natural ability, she has had the advantage of personal, affectionate instruction by Mrs. McDonald Sheridan, a former Atlantan, whose protegee she is. Mrs. Sheridan is the teacher, also, of Miss Margaret Wilson, the President's daughter.

Joins Russian Opera Company.

Miss Cauble's dreams of a career as a singer first came when she was a student at the Georgia Brenau, at Gainesville. So well have they worked out that within a few weeks she will join the Russian Grand Opera Company, in New York, to begin an engagement for which its director, Max Rabinoff, sought her out.

She will spend a season with that company in Montreal, later returning to New York for performances there. The repertoire of the company includes 26 classic operas, and this Southern girl will work as understudy to the principals. And this is her first season in grand opera.

Miss Cauble, whose home is in Greenville, S. C., is practically an Atlanta girl. She has been here often, and is popular among the younger set. She visits her cousin, Mrs. C. W. Thomas, in Druid circle.

After her graduation at Gainesville, Miss Cauble sang in concert two summers, spending the other months of two years in study under Mrs. Sheridan, in New York. She is Mrs. Sheridan's most intimate pupil. It was through Mrs. Sheridan that she obtained the position with the Russian Grand Opera Company.

Dreamed of Work.

"When I was a schoolgirl at Brenau," said Miss Cauble yesterday, "I dreamed of work in musical fields. I had no thought then of grand opera, but now that I have entered it, I have set out to work toward the highest place and toward a position with the Metropolitan company."

Early next month Miss Cauble will join Mrs. Sheridan for final instruction before beginning her first grand opera season. Mrs. Sheridan is a friend of the family of President Woodrow Wilson, as Miss Margaret Wilson's instructor. She will spend the summer near the Wilson home, in Cornish, N. H., and it is there that Miss Cauble will be with her for the period of coaching.

Friends Ask Help For Family in Need

Friends have appealed to the public for aid for Mrs. Carrie Barton and her six children, who are in destitute circumstances at No. 87 South Jackson street.

It is stated that Mrs. Barton's husband has practically deserted her, sending a little money occasionally, but not enough to keep one alive. The family is in need of food, and the generous people of Atlanta are asked to help them.

LIGHTNING PLAYS PRANKS IN STORM AT WAYCROSS

WAYCROSS, July 26.—During a severe lightning and rainstorm, Edgar Griffin, whose home is west of Waycross, was knocked from a wagon when lightning hit the vehicle. Except for a severe shock he was uninjured. The seat of the wagon was splintered.

Another freak of the storm is reported from Waresboro. Eleven successive telephone poles of a private line running out of Waycross were splintered when lightning struck the wires.

PINKERTON MEN BRAND LANFORD CHARGES FALSE

Detectives Declare City Police and Dorsey Were Told All Evidence They Developed.

Emphatic denial of the charges by Chief of Detectives Lanford that he had kept bad faith with the city department in connection with the investigation of the murder of Mary Phagan was made by H. B. Pierce, superintendent of the Pinkerton Detective Agency in Atlanta, Saturday night.

Chief Lanford's accusations against the Pinkerton official were mainly that he had withheld evidence from the city police, especially the blood-stained stick and the pay envelope of the Phagan girl, both of which were found by Pinkerton operatives on the first floor of the factory and were later reported in possession of the defense. The Chief intimated that the Police Board would be asked to take action against Pierce personally.

"The stick was submitted to Chief Lanford by myself," declared Mr. Pierce. "The Mary Phagan pay envelope was shown him by our representative, Harry Scott.

Scoffs Stick Story.

"When I displayed the stick to Mr. Lanford, he informed me that it could not have been found in the place it was reported found, as a minute search of every bit of the three floors in the factory already had been inspected by two of the city detectives, in company with Mr. Scott. Under this information, we cast the stick aside and did not regard it as evidence and thought nothing else about it until I read about it in the newspapers—I think, Thursday.

"The stick was turned over to Mr. Rosser. When I learned a day or two ago that Mr. Dorsey had not heard of it, I went to Mr. Rosser's office, obtained the stick, and took it to Mr. Dorsey. Mr. Dorsey, I understand, does not think much of the stick as evidence, and neither does Mr. Rosser.

"As to it being planted evidence, I desire to say that I believe Mr. Rosser to be entirely too honorable to have been connected with the planting of evidence, while I also hold the same opinion of Mr. Dorsey.

"Inasmuch as two city detectives and Mr. Scott had made a minute investigation of the factory before the time of the reported finding of the stick, I do not regard the stick highly as evidence.

"Scott Has Been Fair."

"The policy of the Pinkerton Agency is to be fair and impartial in its investigations. Mr. Scott has been absolutely in charge of this investigation, and I think the least that could be said is that he has been absolutely fair with the police, Solicitor General and the National Pencil Company people in his work upon it."

Mr. Scott was with Mr. Pierce at the time of the interview. He said he did not remember hearing the conversations between Chief Lanford and Pierce regarding the stick.

"I submitted the pay envelope to Chief Lanford, though," he said. "He asked me for it, and I said that I preferred to keep it. The Police Department has been advised of everything we have developed in the case, while the same is true of the Solicitor General and Mr. Rosser."

TARPON SPRINGS SPONGE SALES IN 2 WEEKS $215,000

TARPON SPRINGS, July 26.—The sponge sale here the last two weeks total $215,000. This city is the center of the Gulf sponging industry and supports perhaps 1,500 Greek divers and requires 200 boats. The spongers no longer dive "in their skins" or use the old rakes. Modern diving suits are used and the vessels are well equipped.

AROUND THE CLOCK

4:40 P. M.—Missed her pocketbook.

LAMENTATION

4:41 P. M.—Retraced her footsteps.

EXPECTATION

5:00 P. M.—Failed to find it.

DESPERATION

6:00 P. M.—Put an advertisement in the "Lost and Found" columns of The American.

ANTICIPATION

9:00 A. M.—Pocketbook returned by finder.

JUBILATION

Dublin Cleans City With Vice Crusade

Mass Meeting Calls on Police and Council to Wipe Out Social Evil.

DUBLIN, July 26.—Dublin is in the midst of a vice crusade, and the City Council and Police Department are being asked to take a hand.

A called meeting of Council was held this week and a body of about 50 representative men went before the city officials and called their attention to the fact that lewd houses are being operated in the city limits, that blind tigers are plentiful, that the city is "wide open" on Sunday.

A censorship also was asked for the motion picture shows.

Speeches were made by many of the citizens and by the Mayor, and the crowd finally left, after being assured that the Police Department and the Council would do their utmost to abate the evils. There was no word of criticism, and the discussion was entirely friendly. The meeting gives promise of bringing good results, and the city will experience another moral house cleaning that bids fair to reach into all the dark corners and get all the things that should not be there.

'Turkey-Tillion' Stirs Old-Timers

Valdosta Folk Startled by Modern Freak Dances of Younger Society Set.

VALDOSTA, July 26.—Society is agog to-day over some of the extreme modern dances introduced for the first time in this city at a ball given in the parlors of one of the principal hotels last night. Most of the tangoes, trots and wiggles were danced, and with an abandon and zest that rather shocked the old-timers present.

The dance is described as a "turkey-tillion," and was attended by a large number of the younger leaders in society. From the familiar and simple turkey trot it was only a short step to the more extreme and newer dances.

Cashier Is Indicted On Bank's Complaint

J. H. Cason of Bank of Crosland Is Accused of Embezzling More Than $7,000.

MOULTRIE, July 26.—The Colquitt County Grand Jury returned an indictment yesterday against J. H. Cason, former cashier of the Bank of Crosland, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars.

Cason was arrested several weeks ago and has been in prison here in default of $6,000 bond. Notwithstanding the fact that Cason has confessed to using over $7,000 of the bank's funds, he will plead not guilty when his case is called for trial next week, according to the statement of his attorney, Alfred Kline, of Moultrie.

SEASHORE EXCURSION
AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

FEARS FELT OF MINER RIOT AT BIG CONFERENCE

Copper Workers Show Resentment When Michigan Governor Fails To Come to Scene.

CALUMET, MICH., July 26.—Apprehension was felt here to-night following the announcement that the striking copper miners will hold a giant demonstration to-morrow in which the miners and trammers of the Calumet and Keweenaw mines will participate. Fearing trouble might result, Brigadier General Abby dispatched troops to various mining locations where there have been disturbances and announced martial law would be declared the instant there was any appearance of disorder or rioting.

Striking miners to-night expressed resentment over the failure of Governor Ferris to come here and take charge of the situation. They expressed the belief that in not coming, but in sending troops instead, he listened rather to the mining companies than to advices from their side. The labor officials feel that sooner or later there must be a rigid investigation of industrial conditions in the Michigan copper regions, and they hold that now is the right time for this investigation.

Following to-morrow's demonstrations a mass meeting will be held, when it is planned to pass strong resolutions, demanding the presence and intervention of Governor Ferris.

The situation remained quiet to-day. The only trouble reported was in the Calumet district, where a non-union sympathizer was badly beaten by strikers. The disorder was of short duration. At the Quincy mine a big demonstration of union men was held during the funeral of a member of the Federation.

KAISER FOREGOES USUAL TRIP TO BE NEAR KAISERIN

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, July 26.—It was announced to-day that Emperor William had decided to abandon his usual summer visit to Wilhelmshoehe and instead would spend August in Hamburg, where the Empress now is undergoing medical treatment.

Sermon Saves Woman From Suicide's Grave

Pastor's Discourse on 'Scandal Mongers' Stays Hand of Despondent Savannahan.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—The Rev. John S. Wilder, pastor of the South Side Baptist Church, who delivered a sermon on "Scandal Mongers" last Sunday, is in receipt of an unsigned letter from a woman, who confesses that her troubles had driven her to determine upon suicide when his message restored her faith in God and determined her to abandon her rash intention.

The woman says she had the poison bottle in her hand when the printed sermon came under her eye. She says she had been wronged by malicious tales, and that she was alone in a friendless city.

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You can buy a good diamond on such convenient monthly payments the outlay will not be felt.

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This includes the six per cent simple interest—which is the difference between cash and time prices.

Selections sent anywhere on approval without expense or obligation.

Write or call for 160-page catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds." They contain net prices on all grades and weights, besides explaining our attractive plans.

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SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 2
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DEPARTMENTS: Theory and Composition, Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, Orchestral Instruments, Technical Lectures, Artist Recitals, Orchestra Routine, Chorus Singing, Public School Music, Music-Kindergarten, etc. Bureau-Extension.

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CAN EFFECTIVELY REMEDY THE WORST OF
YOUR TOOTH TROUBLES
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Set of Teeth, $5 Gold Filling $1
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Teeth Cleaned, New Process . . . . . $1 Up
EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE

OPEN AIR CONCERTS
GRANT PARK AND PIEDMONT PARK
Fifth Regiment Band---Sunday 3:30 P. M.

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS AUGUSTA STRIKE KILLING CALLED MURDER

Attorney P. C. McDuffie, Representing Family of Victim, Prepares a Brief Bitterly Arraigning Militia. Declares Governor Acted Illegally.

Characterizing the shooting of citizens during the street car strike in Augusta last year as willful and malicious murder, Attorney P. C. McDuffie, representing the family of one of the men killed by the militia, has prepared a brief in which he bitterly arraigns the military laws of Georgia, that enable the militia to place a city under martial law and supersede the civil authorities. He declares that the men responsible should be prosecuted in the criminal courts.

Mr. McDuffie is presenting his side of the case to the legislative committee, which is conducting an investigation of the shooting. This hearing began at noon Friday, but after an hour's deliberation adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Then every military officer who was in Augusta will be called to testify. The testimony of a woman, Mrs. B. S. Dunbar, who said that one of the officers told her he had ordered promiscus firing, has caused the legislature to decide to probe the affair deeply. Mr McDuffie's brief follows:

By P. C. M'DUFFIE.

Representative I. H. P. Beck, of Carroll County, introduced, several weeks ago, in the Legislature a resolution of far-reaching importance.

This resolution, which is now being considered before the House Committee on Military Affairs, has for its purpose a thorough investigation by a committee composed of members of the House and Senate of the conduct of Georgia's Chief Executive in calling out the militia and the killing of three citizens by members of the State militia last year during the street railroad strike in Augusta.

A favorable report should be made without delay, and a fair and impartial committee appointed to consider not only the instant case, but the whole subject of military or so-called martial law in Georgia.

It is fair to assume that, after a most cursory examination of the facts surrounding the Augusta atrocity, the committee would recommend the passage of a law that will make a repetition of that lamentable affair impossible, and would establish for all time, in language and statutes unequivocal, the supremacy of the civil law.

No Argument Required.

The decision of the question as to the right of the Governor to call out the militia and the power of the men composing that organization to override the civil authority and to kill innocent citizens who, without notice or warning, passed an imaginary deadline does not depend on argument or judicial precedents, numerous and highly illustrated as they are.

Let us consider for a moment the Constitution of Georgia. Section 5700, Code of 1895, is as follows: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property except by due process of law." Section 5702 says: "Every person charged with an offense against laws of this State shall have the privilege and benefit of counsel; shall be furnished, on demand, with a copy of the accusation and a list of the witnesses on whose testimony the charge against him is founded; shall have compulsory process to obtain the testimony of his witnesses; shall be confronted with the witnesses testifying against him, and shall have a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury."

These provisions of the administration of criminal justice are too plain and direct to leave room for misconstruction or doubt of their meaning. It states emphatically that the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that the civil authority shall be superior to the military. These securities for personal liberty thus embodied were such as wisdom and experience demonstrated to be necessary for the protection of those accused of crime.

Sheriff Refuses Militia.

At the time of the disturbance in Augusta, John W. Clarke, Sheriff of Richmond County, was asked by Mayor Barrett if he would call for troops. It was reported in the daily press that Captain Clarke said, "No, I won't; the mob has dispersed; there is no necessity for any troops."

Under section 362, Criminal Code of 1910, the Sheriff was the authority, in a case of this character, to summon to his assistance any number of citizens he may think necessary to prevent violence.

This posse so summoned could arrest the persons engaged in violating the law, or, if the exigency of the case require, in order to prevent human life from being taken by mob violence, they could take the life of any person so engaged, and for that purpose they could bring, when so summoned, firearms; provided, however, as the statute says, "Life shall not be taken unless it is necessary to save the life of the person being mobbed or to protect the lives of such arresting officer or his posse." Is not that a sufficient guarantee against mob violence?

Will anyone say that this was a case of overmastering necessity and that it was necessary to call out the militia in order to combat the disturbance?

Captain Clarke, who evidently was familiar with the law and knew that he could handle the situation with the aid, if necessary, of the law-abiding citizens of Augusta, refused to call upon the Governor for aid, but the railroad's counsel and Mayor Barrett thought otherwise, and telephoned Governor Brown to send the militia. Before the Governor's proclamation could be made known to the people of Augusta, the troops were in that city and the arbitrary will of a military commander became the rule of authority.

"Governor Acted Illegally."

In sending the troops in response to the telephone communication from Mayor Barrett, Governor Brown acted illegally. I make that statement advisedly and after careful consideration. His act was illegal for the following reasons:

First—As I have endeavored to show, the exigencies of the case did not require the presence of the militia; and

Second—The Mayor, if he had had reasonable cause to believe that the disturbance could not have been suppressed by the ordinary peace officers and posse comitatus, as above outlined, then it was the duty of Mayor Barrett to report the facts and circumstances IN WRITING to the Governor and request him to order out such portion of the militia as was necessary to enforce the laws and preserve peace, and thereupon it became the duty of the Governor, if he deemed such apprehension well founded, to order out or direct to be held in readiness, such portion of the militia as he deemd advisable for the proper enforcement of the law.

Civil Law Is Paramount.

The Constitution is imperative that the civil authority is paramount to the military. Section 1458 of the Code of 1910, codifying acts of 1905, requires the commanding officer of the troops when called out to obey all lawful commands of the civil officer in charge, as above stated.

This position is emphasized by section 1433 of the Code of 1910, which says that whenever any portion of the military is employed in the aid of the civil authorities the Governor may, by proclamation, declare a state of insurrection in that locality, which demonstrates clearly that it was in the contemplation of the Legislature for the troops to aid the civil authority as long as it exists, and that thereafter, as above pointed out, it becomes the duty of the Governor to take charge of the militia in person at the scene of disturbance.

In the disturbance at Augusta the militia established an imaginary deadline, and without previous notice drew an imaginary line, and then without warning proceeded to riddle with bullets three unarmed, innocent men, who could not possibly have intended to commit violence of any sort, nor could they have been engaged in any riot, mob or other unlawful act.

Politics may thwart the due processes of the law, indifference may stifle its just administration and chill the heart of the public prosecutor, but it will only be temporary. Finally the people will be aroused, for the ends of justice will never be met in this case until the guilty parties have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Richmond County and tried by the Superior Court.

The Duty of Militia.

Section 1436 of the Criminal Code of 1912 says that before any military force can be used it is the duty of the civil and military officer in charge to command the persons composing the unlawful assembly to disperse and return peaceably to their homes. If they willfully and intentionally fail to do so, as soon as practicable, the members of the assembly are guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, but it is nowhere stated that they shall pay the extreme penalty of the law.

Fixing a Dead Line.

Let us consider by what authority the militia drew an imaginary line passage beyond which meant death. Section 1441 says that when the military forces have been called out, it shall be lawful for the civil officer under whose orders the military forces are acting, or the commanding officer of such military forces, if it be deemed advisable to do so, in subduing such unlawful assembly, to prohibit all persons from occupying or passing any street in the vicinity of the riot.

What is the penalty for violating these regulations? I quote the exact language of the section: "Any person, after being duly informed of such prohibition and regulation, who attempts to go or to remain on such street, road or place, or who fails to depart after being warned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished therefor."

Section 5369 of the Code of 1895, which has not been repealed, says that under such circumstances the officer commanding the troops shall forthwith arrest persons thus offending and turn them over to a civil magistrate.

If there can be any possible doubt about the abuse of the power in the instant case, it will be dispelled by Section 370, Criminal Code of 1895, codifying Acts of 1884-5. It is there stated emphatically that the commanding officer guarding any public OR OTHER PLACE may prescribe a reasonable distance within which persons shall not come, and that any person KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY, without lawful excuse, coming within said limits, without the permission of such officer, and refusing to depart after being ordered to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Under this section, the officer's authority is expressly limited. He can simply arrest the offender and turn him over to a civil magistrate.

In the light of these sections, will it be denied that the conduct of the militia was a direct violation of the criminal law and that the guilty parties should be held answerable thereto?

Jacobs' Liver Salt On Arising



and You'll Enjoy Your Breakfast

NO appetite in the morning? Bilious? Headache? Best thing in the world for you is Jacobs' Liver Salt. Bad breath, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, daytime drowsiness, wakefulness at night, means FOOD-POISONING. Undigested food, fermented, is doling out poison to the system.

Jacobs' Liver Salt instantly flushes the alimentary tract with water, sending a cleansing stream through it from all parts of the system. Packed, clogging matter is loosened and with the fermentation washed away, pressure is removed, liver and kidneys resume their natural cleansing processes of elimination. No forced action, as with calomel, and severe purgatives; never a griping pain or nausea.

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt on arising. It is effervescent and stimulating. You feel better at once, good appetite for breakfast and good digestion; that dull heaviness vanishes and your brain is clear and quick. Keeps one up to the notch.

Jacobs' Liver Salt is the business man's best stimulant. 25c, delivered anywhere, postpaid.

All Jacob's Stores
And Druggist Generally

Second Georgia's Encampment Ends

Regiment Leaves St. Simons Island for Home Towns—Eight Days of Army Life.

BRUNSWICK, July 26.—The Second Regiment of the Georgia National Guard broke camp on St. Simons Island at noon to-day and arrived in Brunswick shortly after noon. The soldiers immediately boarded Coast Line and Southern trains and left during the afternoon for their home cities. The boys have enjoyed camp life for eight days.

Colonel Thomas, who was in command, joined the officers who were here with the Fifth Regiment in their recommendation that the island be made a permanent camp for the militia. The United States army officers who have been detailed to train the Georgia troops are loud in their praise of the militia of this State.

TO TRY FOUR NEGROES AT DUBLIN FOR KILLINGS

DUBLIN, July 26.—Superior Court will begin in this city Monday next for its regular midsummer term. The Grand Jury will convene, and in addition to a thorough investigation of the county's affairs a great deal of criminal business will be transacted.

The four negroes held for the killing of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hewell a few weeks ago will be tried at this term of the court.

Girl Who Caused Arrest Of Rev. Crawford Jackson

Lovinia Dunder snapped at trial of the accused pastor.

She Charges He Tried To Hug and Kiss Her Against Her Will



JUDGE SCORES JACKSON AS HE FIXES HIS BAIL

Continued From Page 1.

around me. He was staggering a little. I released myself and tried to get away, but he persisted and tried to kiss me.

"'Oh, Mr. Jackson, don't do that,' I pleaded with him, then I broke away from his grasp, and grabbing my hat, ran out of the door. As I left, he called to me that I was discharged."

Admits Drink Was Ale.

Jackson on the stand admitted that the liquid he had offered the girl was ale, but declared that it was offered solely to cure her headache.

"Why, I knew that girl when she was a bit of a child," he said on the stand, pointing to his accuser. "Four years ago I boarded with the Dundir family, and have known them all for many years. I was particularly fond of them, especially of Lovinia, and often took her on my knee and called her sweetheart when she was a baby. Her charges now are absolutely false."

On cross-examination, the girl denied that the minister had ever been fond of her or showed openly any attention to her.

Scarborough on the stand told of his sister-in-law bringing her complaint to him and repeated what she had told him of Jackson's alleged actions, in substance the same as that told by Miss Dundir on the stand.

The last witness was Probation Officer Lowe, who was used as a character witness against Jackson.

Lawyer Denounces Jackson.

Following the testimony, Frank Harralson, an attorney, representing the Dundir girl, launched into a bitter denunciation of Jackson.

"This man is a minister," declared Mr. Harralson. "This girl, who is the daughter of a family which he has known for years, comes to his office and is insulted by him. He should be severely punished for this offense."

Following the trial Jackson departed from the court with Deputy Rogers to get funds to cover the bond.

Jackson is well known in Atlanta, where he has been connected with the Juvenile Association work for several years. Prior to his connection with the association he was pastor of several churches in Georgia, including the Centenary Methodist Church of Macon, the First Methodist Church of Fayetteville and a church at Louisville, Ga. His home is in Guilford, N. C. He has a wife, his second, and seven children several of whom are grown. One remarried daughter resides at College Park.

Delayed Shipment of Gold-Filled Frames Just Received

Great numbers of people have been unable to get our special offer glasses in last few days on account of this shipment. As they are now in, you will have another opportunity.

ALL THIS WEEK

$5 Gold-Filled GLASSES $1.00

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ANDERSON SEES ONLY ONE WAY TO CUT STATE DEBT

President of Senate Ridicules the Special Tax and Special Property Valuation Ideas.

Declaring that in his opinion the one and only possible relief for Georgia's financial stringency lies in a complete reorganization of the taxing system, so as to provide for an equalization of both individual and county taxes, Randolph Anderson, President of the Senate, Saturday delivered some sledge-hammer blows at the arguments of the advocates for a special tax, as recommended by Governor John M. Slaton.

Incidentally, President Anderson declared emphatically that the upper body of the General Assembly would work overtime—"morning, noon and night until the end of the session," if necessary—to pass the neecssary legislation to relieve the State's financial embarrassment.

The Senate, he says, eagerly awaits the action of the House of Representatives. It now has under consideration a taxing bill which, it is believed, will bring about the desired results. Should the bill reach the Senate in time, he added, undoubtedly it will be passed by a healthy majority and can be put in operation not later than next spring

Ridicules Special Tax.

President Anderson ridiculed the special tax proposition as suggested by the Governor and others, on the grounds that such a constitutional amendment could not possibly become effective until the next general election in October, 1914. He also criticised the proposed State loan, which, he says, will have to be paid back out of the taxes collected this year.

"It is just as easy to lift yourself out of the mud with bootstraps," he declared, "as to borrow money to pay back debts."

In the heralded relief through increased property valuations President Anderson puts little faith, too, in view of the hard times he says have faced the cotton farmers this year. If the boll weevil strikes Georgia next year, President Anderson says, there will be a tremendous slump accompanied by downward valuations.

The only possible relief, he concludes, therefore, is a complete readjustment of the present taxing system by the appointment of special county boards, which in turn shall be supervised by a State board composed of from three to twelve members possibly.

"We Georgians boast of the Empire State of the South," declared President Anderson, "while as a matter of fact our State is among the poorest, as a result of an antiquated and unheard-of taxing system which permits the non-return on hundreds of thousands of acres of our richest land I venture to say that there are at even million acres of land in this State on which not one cent of tax is paid.

Attacks Tax System.

"This iniquitous system has resulted in a depletion of the State treasury to the extent that whereas we should get an even two billions of dollars per year, we actually get only $850,000,000.

"The whole fault is with them system, and half-way measures will not relieve it. In the first place, locally there should be a county board of tax equalizers to see to it that every man in that county pays as much as every other man, in proportion, of course. By such an equalization the general tax rate would be reduced by at least 2 or 2 1-2 mills on the dollar, while at the same time the revenues would be increased by the large return on property which is not now taxed.

"In the second place, the work of the county boards should be supervised by the State Board of Tax Equalizers, which should see to it that the counties are taxed alike when the property of the one is as valuable as that of the other. For instance, if the tax rate in one county is $10, while that in another is only $8, the State board can equalize by making a general raise, which obviously would hardly be felt by the individual landowner. And yet the general effect would be a big increase in the revenue.

"We can not afford to go only half way at this thing. The present system of Grand Jury supervision in the counties must be supplanted by capable county boards, which, in turn, shall be supervised by a special State board. The change must be complete—the people demand it."

YOUTH TO BE TRIED FOR SLAYING AND ROBBERY

WAYCROSS, July 26.—Attorneys for the State and the defense to-day fixed August 6 as the date for the preliminary trial of Tom Bullard, 19 years old, charged with the murder and robbery of Mack Spain, an eccentric bachelor farmer, whose home was near Mexico, on the Waycross and Western Railroad. Bullard is being kept here for safety. He disclaims any knowledge of the robbery and murder.

Crowd Sees Negro Fight With Police

Caught Attempting to Rob Another Black, He Has To Be Clubbed Nearly to Death.

Charley Allen, a negro desperado, engaged two policemen in a fight for their lives within the shadow of the city prison Saturday night, and was subdued only after he was clubbed to unconsciousness. Hundreds of people witnessed the conflict.

The negro was caught by Policeman W. L. Payne attempting to rob another negro at Butler and Decatur streets. At the approach of the policeman the negro drew a knife, and became aggressive, grappling with the officer.

Allen's arm was drawn back and he was aiming a deadly thrust with the big knife when he was seized by Policeman L. O. Askew. Askew struck the negro on the head with his club, and Allen went wild, fighting to cut both men.

After several minutes of fighting, during which the clothes of the policemen were torn and cut and the officers bruised considerably the negro was beaten into subjection and hauled to the station house. Later he was sent to Grady Hospital when it was found that his injuries were serious.

New Marshal Takes Official Oath Aug. 1

Will Not Name Appointees Until Sworn in—Expects to Make Macon Headquarters.

MACON, July 26.—Joseph S. Davis, newly appointed Marshal of the United States Court for the Southern District of Georgia, will take his oath of office August 1, succeeding George F. White, who has held the place for twelve years.

Mr. Davis wants to have headquarters in Albany, but expects the Attorney General to designate Macon as his official location, on account of the Judge and the District Attorney living here.

Mr. Davis will not announce the names of his appointees until he goes into office.

Misses Prioleau Not Seriously Injured

Atlanta Family of Young Society Girls Gets Definite News of Auto Crash.

From Monroe, La., Saturday evening Atlanta members of the Prioleau family learned that injuries received by Misses Theo and Dolly Prioleau in an automobile accident Thursday would not result seriously.

W. S. Prioleau, of No. 79 East Merritts avenue, a brother of the young women, reached Monroe early Saturday afternoon. Miss Theo Prioleau suffered a double fracture of the leg. Miss Dolly Prioleau was bruised and shaken, but not badly hurt.

B. H. S. CLASS OF 1912 HOLDS 2D BANQUET

Thirty-six Members Gather at the Festal Board and Recount School Memoirs.

The Georgia Pine room at the New Ansley Hotel last night was the rendezvous of a happy gathering when the members of the class of 1912 of the Atlanta Boys' High School held its second annual banquet.

George L. Bell, Jr., was the toastmaster, and as the boys partook of the delicious repast members of the class were called upon for impromptu speeches. Many memorable incidents of the old class life were related and a spirit of good fellowship prevailed.

Thirty-six members of the 1912 class were present. Eighteen of the boys are now attending college. The class roll follows:

Isadore Abelson, E. L. Abernathy, Albert J. Andrews, George L. Bell, Jr., Easom J. Bond, R. J. Broyles, H. W. Chambers, C. H. Crocker, Charles M. Davis, Charles I. Ennis, Howell Foreman, Ames Frazer, P. F. Greenfield, C. P. Goldsmith, Gerson Hadas, Stanton Henley, John W. Hill, Hal Hulsey, Louis Lester, W. W. Masters, W. C. Mathews, Robert C. Morris, C. McClamroch, Asa Patterson, L. A. Pinkussohn, John W. Russey, A. L. Snodgrass, A. Hoke Swann, G. W. Walters and C. S. Winn. The class officers are: E. J. Bond, president; R. C. Morris, vice president; C. H. Crocker, secretary and treasurer.

HYDROPHOBIC HEN KILLED WHEN SHE ATTACKS CHILD

MACON, July 26.—A "mad" chicken, the first ever seen or heard of in Macon, was killed to-day by Policeman T. R. Roland, after the fowl had savagely attacked his 10-year-old boy. It developed that the hen was bitten a week ago by a rabid dog, but not until to-day were the hydrophobic symptoms manifested. When Policeman Roland first observed the chicken it was fighting the other hens. The boy went out in the yard to see what was the matter with his pet, and the hen viciously fought him.

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One-half hour before each meal. Then eat what you please, for NUXCARA will instantly relieve while gradually effecting a permanent cure.

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VICTORY SCORED BY EMPLOYEES IN RAILWAY DISPUTE

Danger of a General Strike of Trainmen Passes When Arbitration Agreement Is Signed.

RAILROAD MANAGERS RECEDE

Withdraw Demand That Grievances of Systems Against the Unions Be Heard Jointly.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Arbitration as provided by the Newlands amendment to the Erdman act was officially proclaimed the dove of industrial peace to-day when the managers of the Eastern railroads and the 82,000 conductors and firemen, who demand a 20 per cent increase in pay, agreed to settle their differences amicably.

This means that all danger of a general strike such as seemed inevitable for many weeks has passed. It is a victory for the employees, as the managers' committee representing the 43 railroads involved receded from their demand that the grievances of the roads against the unions be considered jointly with the wage question.

The agreement to arbitrate was signed at the Manhattan Hotel to-day in the presence of the Board of Mediation. The next step will be the appointment of the arbitrators, of whom there will be six.

The Conductors and Trainmen's Unions, acting jointly, have selected as their arbitrators Lucius E. Sheppard, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, the senior vice president of the Order of Railway Conductors, and Daniel L. Cease, for 22 years editor and manager of The Railway Trainman, the official organ of the Brotherhood. Mr. Cease is a resident of Cleveland and is on his way here. Mr. Sheppard is already in the city.

The conference committee of managers announced that they would name two members on next Tuesday, and on that day the four arbitrators will hold a meeting and endeavor to fix upon two others. Should there be any dissatisfaction concerning the selection of the fifth and sixth members, the new law provides that they be named by the Board of Mediation.

Martha Washington Ivy for D. A. R. Hall

Representatives of Thirteen Original Colonies to Plant Slips About '76 Memorial Portico.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Representatives of the thirteen original colonies will gather in Washington in the early fall and plant an ivy taken from Martha Washington's garden at Mount Vernon about the thirteen monoliths that make the '76 memorial portico of D. A. R. Hall.

Mrs. William Cumming Story, president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, was visiting Mount Vernon recently when the happy thought struck her of getting some of the historic ivy for D. A. R. Hall. After communicating with the regents of Mount Vernon they gladly assented to her wish and have agreed to furnish the slips for the D. A. R. planting.

The D. A. R. in the thirteen original States will select members from their organization to do the planting for them. Mrs Story, who is an ardent horticulturist, will personally assist.

Roman Villa Planned On Potomac River

Open Air Sleeping Pavilion Will Be Notable Feature of Gerry's Country Home.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—An open-air sleeping pavilion will be a notable feature of the $100,000 Roman villa to be erected on the Palisades of the Potomac by Representative and Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry.

The villa will be modeled after one discovered in the ruins of Pompeii, and its mural decorations will be a replica of some of the ancient art found on those walls.

Mrs. Gerry, who was the beautiful daughter of Mrs. Richard Townsend, one of the richest widows in the United States, gave up the life in Newport this year for the pleasures of the country manor house at Silver Spring, Md., in order to be able to remain with her husband, who is kept here by his Congressional duties.

Amunsden To Use Aeroplanes in Arctic

Famous Explorer Is Now Fitting Out Expedition to Spend Five Years in North.

Special Cable to The American.

CHRISTIANIA, July 26.—Captain Raold Amundsen, who recently returned from the United States, now is arranging plans for a five years' Arctic voyage. His exploration vessel, the Fram, is now on its way across the Atlantic for complete outfitting in America.

The Fram will pass through the Panama Canal immediately after the warships in the inauguration ceremony.

Amundsen plans to use two hydroaeroplanes for flying expeditions over icefields.

Mrs. Whiteside Calls Suffrage Bridge Fad Cure

Says Voting Women Will Make Homes Ideal

Sister of Senator Smith Outlines Reasons for Enfranchising Them in Georgia—Will Enlist Teachers in Campaign for the Ballot.

Mrs. Frances E. Whiteside, sister of Senator Hoke Smith, who is a leader in suffrage movement in Georgia. Mrs. Whiteside outlined her views on question to mass meeting of D. A. R. chapter.



"They say women who vote will neglect their homes!"

Mrs. Frances E. Whiteside, Atlanta suffragist leader, threw out her hands and laughed.

"Don't you know," she argued "that women will not neglect their homes and domestic duties to vote as quickly as they will for bridge and society and their pleasures?"

She is a convincing advocate of equal suffrage, is Mrs. Whiteside. That is why they call her the "leader" in the Woman Suffrage League. Mrs. Whiteside yesterday outlined in general the plans of the league, which include a State-wide campaign, entailing probably a considerable amount of stump speaking, in order to prepare for a forceful petition to the Legislature next year. The league will become affiliated with the national organization, which will aid in the campaign in Georgia by sending capable speakers.

Many Teachers in Ranks.

Mrs. Whiteside told of the growth of the suffrage movement in Atlanta. Herself a school-teacher, she is proudest of the fact that many school teachers have joined the league.

"Next fall I will enlist 50 or 75 more," she said.

Mrs. Whiteside, who is Senator Hoke Smith's sister, has been active in suffrage work for many years. Her prominence as a public figure was enhanced last week when, at the equal suffrage rally in Taft Hall, over which Mrs. W. L. Peel presided, she delivered a short speech that was the feature of the evening.

The applause with which she was greeted lasted for several minutes, and the commendations of her speech that subsequently have been heard are numerous. Mrs. Whiteside's speech, reduced from outline, is:

"The greatest problem of humanity, to-day is the conservation of the human race. Yet while that relic of antiquity, the disfranchisement of woman, remains in force, but little real progress can be made.

"During the dark ages, when brute force ruled, man guarded his home as the wild beast his lair, and the women bore the burdens of the world. As civilization advanced, women still bent to their tasks, and not until factories, manufacturing plants and public industries deprived them of their ocupations did they seek opportunity in the broad arena outside of home.

Pledge to Women.

"In 1786, when our Revolutionary fathers were planning our Constitution, Mrs. John Adams and the wives of other patriots wrote their husbands, 'Do not forget the women in this new charter of freedom.' Nor were the women forgotten in this new Constitution, which reads 'to secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, we do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.' The bitterest anti must acknowledge that women are 'posterity.'

"Then I would ask, 'Why are women not voting?' rather than 'Why should women vote?' Woman has been enslaved through her religious beliefs. For centuries ministers and elders have preached St. Paul to the women, until 'Let your women keep silence in the churches' has become a veritable excommunication.

"Women dared not utter a remark or express an opinion outside the precincts of her own private dwelling. Yet Christ was just to woman, to the Magdaleen He said, 'Neither will I condemn thee: go, and sin no more.' This, even though God had punished David for his sin.

"There are to-day 8,000,000 of women wage earners in the United States alone, 8,000,000 of reasons why women should vote. And many thousands of these women are in our own State. Women, the world over, are reformers; they are in the minority in the vicious classes, in the majority where there is work for the betterment of the race. We ask you to aid us that we in turn may aid you to enact such legislation as to render impossible such a tragedy as that which horrified our city a few months ago.

Nurses of the Future.

"A few days ago at a big suffrage rally in Houston, Tex., the speaker was eloquently advocating the ballot for women, when a voice called out from the audience, 'When the women go to the polls to vote, who will take care of the babies?'

"'The candidate,' was the prompt reply.

"It has been said that woman is unfit for the battlefield, that she can not serve on the police force, nor is she suited for the jury. How many men face death on the battlefield? Yet every moment hundreds of women are battling with death to bring new lives into the world.

"To-day women are on the police force, they are serving on the jury, they are sheriffs, mayors, State superintendents of schools, county superintendents, city superintendents. Wonderful is the change that the last 50 years have wrought.

"One ounce of fact is worth a ton of theory, and one State in which equal suffrage has proved successful bears more weight than all the theoretical anti-suffrage speeches since time began.

"Recently, in Washington, a jury of women was empaneled to sit upon a breach of promise case. The woman plaintiff was suing for $5,000 damages. The jury gave her $1 on the ground that the man was a liability rather than an asset, and she was better off without him.

"Best Man" Is Woman.

"The Chief of Police of Denver, Colo., says that his 'best man' is a woman. In 1912 an ordinance was passed giving the city control of the dance halls, skating rinks and other commercialized amusements. To Miss Josephine Roche was assigned the difficult task of inspector. From the first the 'lady 'cop' was an amazement to the male police.

"She refused to consider these boys as criminals; she carried neither club nor gun, and the public feared for her safety. On one occasion an abusive officer thrust himself into a dance where he berated the young fellows who were devoting themselves even more to noise than to the dance. Naturally these sturdy Irishmen did not relish reproof in the presence of their best girls.

"The officer soon measured his length upon the floor, and so thorough was the youth that he was about to administer his 'steenth punch,' when Miss Roche appeared. She rebuked the boys, rescued the fallen officer and placed him on a car. There were no further fears for her safety.

"Mr. Neal's picture of the husband's tender care for his wife is a beautiful one. If each husband planned to keep well always, to make a fine income, to live a long life and then, when he had laid his wife away, to lie down by her side, the picture would be beautiful and complete. But—there are 8,000,000 of wage-earning women in this country, and we must look upon this picture.

"We ask you to join our Woman Suffrage League and bear your part in this noble work."

Husband Held for Fine Against Wife

Takes Place of Spouse as Defendant to Disorderly Charge, and Is Locked Up.

Peyton Jones, No. 12 Myrtle street, was held as hostage for five hours while money was being raised to pay the fine of $10 and costs that had been assessed against his wife, Mollie Jones, by Recorder Broyles.

The case against the Jones woman was for disorderly conduct.

When the case was called Saturday Peyton Jones appeared and declared that inasmuch as his wife was sick he was willing to take her place as defendant. So Judge Broyles heard the evidence and fined the wife $10 and costs.

Jones made an exhaustive search of his pockets and found that he lacked several dollars of having enough money to pay his wife out of jail. So he was locked up in the cellhouse and stayed there for five hours, serving his wife's sentence, until friends came to his aid with the necessary money.

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PARCEL POST LIMIT MAY GO TO 100 POUNDS

Atlanta Postal Authorities Think Recent Increase to Twenty Is Only a Beginning.

Great commercial possibilities in the parcel post are seen through the prospect of an increase in the package limit to 100 pounds, which Atlanta postoffice authorities expect as the next move of the Federal Postal Department.

Beginning as an experiment with a limit of eleven pounds, the parcel post achieved a vogue that was unexpected. Last week came Postmaster General Burleson's announcement of the proposed change in the weight of the package limit to twenty pounds. In Atlanta the announcement was received, accompanied by the following statement:

"It was predicted that during the first year of this new service 300,000,000 pieces would be handled. From the data we have in hand, it is safe to estimate that we will handle twice that many."

Atlanta clerks announced that the limit would have been made 25 instead of 20 pounds had it not been for the fact that the last administration stocked the department with 20-pound scales, and that the cost of replacing them would have been too great to ignore. Hereafter, they give assurance, when scales are purchased, the limit capacity will be 100 pounds.

The average weight of haul of the rural delivery wagons is 24 pounds, and the average capacity is 400 pounds. It is therefore asserted that there is much room for increased service.

Opposing the increase in limit come representatives of railroads who have protested formally to the Interstate Commerce Commission against the increase in size of the parcel post packages on the ground that it would cost them $20,000,000 of revenue annually which they now receive from express companies.

It was urged that in the enactment of the parcel post law Congress allowed the railroads 5 per cent additional pay for the increased business thrust upon them, and that if the proposed changes were made the roads would be entitled to a corresponding increase.

Waiters Back of Bill To Prevent 'Tipping'

Measure Provides Fine for Both 'Tipper' and Recipient of Bounty, and Reward for Informer.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An ordinance to end "tipping" has been passed by the City Council and will now go to the House of Delegates, where it is expected it will be speedily adopted, and, with the signature of the Mayor, become a law.

This ordinance has had the backing of the union waiters of St. Louis, who are now striking in the principal hotels and restaurants. The bill provides a fine of from $10 to $50 for each offense, both the "tipper" and recipient of the "tip" being subject to fine, and the informer to receive half of the fine.

JAKE WELLS IN ATLANTA, FALL BOOKINGS INCOMPLETE

Jake Wells, the Southern theatrical magnate, was registered at the Ansley Saturday. Mr. Wells is making a trip through the South preliminary to "sewing up" his winter bookings.

Mr. Wells stated to a representative of The Sunday American that he had no definite engagements booked at this time, but a month hence would find his various companies routed completely for the season.

RAILWAY MOTOR CAR WRECKED IN CRASH; 2 HURT

Collision With Handcar Results in Serious Injury to Seaboard Air Line Officials.

Rounding a curve at a rapid rate just beyond Lilburn, on the the Seaboard Air Line, a motor inspection car making the trip from Athens to Atlanta, occupied by G. H. Furman, general train master, of Abbeville, S. C., and W. H. Hardin, chief inspector of transportation, of Portsmouth, Va., crashed into a hand car Saturday afternoon.

Furman and Hardin, seeing that the collision was inevitable, jumped. Furman landed in the limestone filling beside the track. His face was badly cut and he was severely shaken up. Hardin was thrown violently to the ground, sustaining a fractured hand and dislocated right ankle, together with internal injuries which may prove serious. The two men were rushed to the Atlanta Hospital, where they were placed under the care of Dr. Frank Eskridge, physician for the Seaboard.

The hand car was moving slowly, which enabled the laborers on board to jump without injury. Both cars were completely demolished.

Dr. Eskridge stated at a late hour Saturday night that he could not tell how severe the internal injuries of Mr. Hardin might prove.

Suffragists Plan National Campaign

Women Who Now Possess Franchise Will Aid Movement in All Other States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans for a widespread campaign for "votes for women" to be carried into all the States of the Union not now having suffrage will be laid at a conference of the National Council of Woman Voters here August 13, 14 and 15. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the congressional committee headquarters of the council.

City Farming
Reap a big crop of rent money by sowing a little "Room to Rent" seed in the American "Want Ad" columns : : :
READ FOR PROFIT
American "Want Ads"
USE FOR RESULTS

Cat Tramps 12 Days To Join His Master

Pet Had Been Sent to Camp and Was Half Starved on Return.

WINSTON, CONN., July 26.—A Maltese cat, half wild and starved nearly to the point of death, appeared at the door of R. T. Farnum, a Canaan druggist, who recognized it as the one he had given to Dr. H. L. Ross, of Canaan, twelve days previously to take to the Lake Chatiomac Club in the Adirondacks. Correspondence to-day established that the cat had taken just nine days to hike 180 miles through Albany, Cohoes, Saratoga, Glennsfalls and about 50 small towns and hamlets.

CRISP COUNTY TORN UP BY FREAK WINDSTORM

CORDELE, July 26.—A brisk windstorm yesterday afternoon over parts of Crisp and adjoining counties did considerable damage by leveling corn fields and blowing down fences. The wind came in spasmodic puffs and fear was felt that it would develop into a storm of serious nature.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85 Round Trip $20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

I Want a Partner
He must be a live citizen and have a few thousand dollars—from $1,000 to $5,000.
I ask nothing more than I have to offer.
This is an opportunity to make $5,000 a year. State age, amount you have to invest and give references.
ADDRESS HUSTLER
Box 600
Care Hearst's Sunday American
Atlanta, Ga.

We Can Again Supply the Demand for the two New Style
Euphona
Player-Pianos
Prices $475 and $600

The June Bride's Piano
New
Euphona Player-Piano
Value Supreme Among Player-Pianos
It makes musicians of us all.
The highest type of piano-player mechanism yet produced.
Contains many (exclusive patented) advantages and is concealed within the case of a
Beautiful Tone Piano
possessing a delightful touch for hand playing as well as with music rolls.
$25 worth of music rolls, stool and scarf included FREE.
Your silent piano taken in exchange.
Pay cash or by the month.
15th Midsummer Piano Sale
Bargains in rebuilt pianos taken in part payment for Euphonas.
Conover — Mahogany case, 7 1-3 octaves; very good. Cost new $400; sale price $225
Walworth — Large size; mahogany case; fine order. Cost new $250; sale price $150
Estey — Mahogany, upright grand, in good, fine tone. Cost new $300; sale price..... $125
CLIP THIS OUT.
CABLE PIANO COMPANY,
84 N. Broad St., Atlanta:
Please send me your complete bargain list and details easy payment plan.
NAME .....
ADDRESS .....
Atlanta's Leading Headquarters for Victor Victrolas and Victor Records.
Victor Parlor, First Floor
Cable Piano Co.
GEO. W. WILKINS, President.
84 N. Broad Street.
Atlanta, Ga.

FREE FILM DEVELOPING AND 8-HOUR FINISHING SERVICE
For efficient, quick and quality 8-hour service, mail your film rolls or packs to me to get the best results you ever saw in developing and printing. All rolls and packs developed free. All orders completed in 8 hours after receipt. Send roll for trial. Don't send any money. Pay if O. K. My "Co-op" Coupon System gives you more for your money—$1.10 for every $1. Particulars on request. Write SHELLEY IVEY, Manager The College "Co-op," 119 and 121 Peachtree Street, Candler Building (I have moved to larger stores), Atlanta, Ga.

COUNTY TO AID '500,000 MOVE'

Commissioner Pledges Rural Help in Campaign

New State Officer Declares Agricultural Progress of State Will Be Atlanta's Biggest Asset in Bringing Half-Million People Here by 1920.

James D. Price, Georgia's newly inaugurated Commissioner of Agriculture, in a fine and optimistic interview in The Sunday American, heartily indorses the movement to make Atlanta a city of 500,000 population in 1920, and pledges his cordial support and co-operation, as head of his great department, in bringing this about.

Mr. Price believes that Atlanta's progress and prosperity is closely interwoven with the progress and prosperity of the agricultural interests, and will exert all his influence to bring about a more intelligent and thorough understanding between the two grand divisions of the State's population—the urban and the rural.

Mr. Price said:

"I find myself much interested in the fine plans of The Atlanta Georgian and Hearst's Sunday American to boost Atlanta's population from its present status to 500,000 in 1920.

Scheme Can Be Accomplished.

"It is an ambitious scheme, but it can be accomplished; and I, as a temporary citizen of Atlanta, anyway, wish to give it my indorsement and help in so far as I can.

"As Commissioner of Agriculture, I am of the opinion that nothing is so essential to Atlanta's growth and prosperity as a cordial and intelligent understanding of and co-operation with the farmers of the State.

"The prosperity of the cities is unmistakably interwoven with the prosperity of the farmers, and the Capital City of Georgia, and the greatest city in the South, can achieve its 500,000 ambition only with the willing and cheerful help of the farmers.

"If I may be a factor in bringing the city of Atlanta—the capital of the State—into closer relations with the farmers of the State; if I may be the means of bringing closer relations between all the cities and all the farmers, I shall be very happy, for I will have served the people of Georgia well.

"Georgia is a remarkable State agriculturally, and if we will but take advantage of her natural agricultural resources and utilize all of the active agencies which are at work in the State, marvelous changes can be brought about.

"Starting at the northern border, the mountain section is peculiarly adapted to live stock, apples, peaches and grapes, as well as mixed farming. The middle section produces grains, hays, live stock, fruits, vegetables and ever-present cotton. The southern section is almost like an undiscovered country, for its resources seem to be unlimited.

Mixed Farming No Dream.

"It is no theory, it is no dream, it is no imagination of the fanciful, to say that the above is true, for we have the actual results already accomplished, and by individuals who live on the farm, who have made financial successes of mixed farming, truck ing, fruit and nuts, and cattle, hogs, mules and horses have already been produced economically in Georgia.

"Another fact worth emphasizing right now is this: The most prosperous communities in the State are those where the landowners have limited acreage, on which they maintain a home. In contrast to this, the communities in Georgia which are composed of large plantations are almost invariably in a low state of development.

"For these reasons I shall make an extra effort to reach the small farmer. In doing this, of course, no man who lives in the country will be overlooked.

"As to the Georgia Department of Agriculture, it was originally established simply for the inspection of fertilizers. As Georgia has grown, however, the department has taken on other activities, and I hope to be able to add to this efficiency by putting on such bureaus as are necessary for giving effective service to the Georgia farmer.

Department Self-Sustaining.

"The department is more than self-sustaining, in a way, in that it pays into the Treasury every year $120,000 more than it takes out. This sum is over and above the present expenses of the department. If the Legislature will, as I think it should, give the department a little more necessary money in one or two directions, its effectiveness will be wonderfully increased, and still it will more than pay for itself.

"I sincerely hope that Atlanta will be successful in her undertaking for 500,000 people by 1920, for I firmly believe that this result can be had by bringing about such country development as I have in mind.

"It will, therefore be necessary for the great city of Atlanta to co-operate with all of the active farm agencies in the State which are working for rural development, and I believe that Atlanta, as well as all other Georgia cities, will find it advantageous to give me their hearty co-operation in my attempt thus to administer the affairs of the great department I have the honor to head."

NEWEST NOMINEE IN 'PRETTY GIRL' CONTEST

Miss Christine Earnest.



End of Second Week Finds Button Contest Growing With No Decisive Leader Yet.

The end of the second week of the booster button contest results in a dilemma. No one girl has a decided lead over the others. Though each mail brings in dozens of votes, they are divided. It is yet impossible to tell which type will adorn the booster buttons. The votes are almost equally divided between blondes and brunettes.

Nominations still are open, and readers of Hearst's Sunday American and The Georgian are taking advantage of this fact. More girls were nominated Saturday than any day since the contest began. It is natural, of course, that more votes should have come in.

Miss Christine Earnest, No. 32 Ormewood avenue, is a fair nominee of Saturday. She is an unusual type, with dark brown hair and large blue eyes. The picture reveals the delicate charm of youth.

The opportunity of being the sponsor to the "500,000 Club" which is to boost Atlanta's population to 500,000 by 1920 is as good as ever. Nominate whom you think is the prettiest girl in Atlanta and send in her photograph. Then get your friends to clip the coupons and vote for her.

POLICE HOLD GIRL MOTHER WITH WOMAN

Grandfather Blames Mrs. Harvey for Disgrace of Her 13-Year-Old Charge.

Police are holding for investigation Mrs. Julia Harvey and her 13-year-old foster daughter, Mary Ogle, herself the mother of a year-old child, upon the charge of the girl's grandfather, J. D. Bedford, No. 373 West North avenue, that the woman led the girl astray.

The two were arrested at 162 South Pryor street, where they had been living since coming to Atlanta a week ago. At the same time the officers took a 17-year-old girl-mother, claiming to be Mrs. Ralph DeLaughter, into custody as a friend of Mrs. Harvey.

The information leading to the arrest of the trio was furnished by Bedford and H. C. Ogle, No. 667 Chestnut street, an uncle of the Ogle girl.

According to Bedford, his granddaughter had been plied with Mrs. Harvey at Barnesville eight years ago. The father of the girl, who is a mechanic, since has disappeared. Bedford declared that his suspicions were first aroused when he learned that his granddaughter, at the age of 12 years, had become a mother.

He then learned that the foster-mother and girl had left Barnesville. He traced them throughout Georgia, he declared, and finally found them at the South Pryor street address.

Bedford stated that he would attempt to separate his granddaughter from the Harvey woman and place her infant in an orphan home.

Mrs. DeLaughter refused to give any information as to herself and later was released.

1 Dead, 4 Hurt in Auto Tour Wreck

First Fatality of Run From Indianapolis to Pacific Coast at Sacramento.

SACRAMENTO, July 26.—The first fatality in connection with the tour of the Indiana Automobile Manufacturers' Association from Indianapolis to the Pacific Coast occurred late this afternoon, when one man was killed and four others were injured when the driver of an escorting auto from the coast tried to keep from running down a motorcyclist and turned his car over in the ditch.

The dead: J. S. Appel, San Francisco, representative of Motor Field, skull fractured and both arms broken.

The injured: Frank McDonald, 16 years old, motorcyclist, skull fractured, hopes for recovery; E. E. Westergren, San Francisco, possible fracture of right arm; Frank Herman, correspondent of The Evening Post, San Francisco, left wrist fractured; James Shock, driver, severely bruised.

First Georgia Has 585 in Regiment

Quarterly Returns Show Brunswick With Largest Company—Force's Officers Practically Complete.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Quarterly returns to the Adjutant General of the State from the First Regiment show that organization to have 49 officers and 585 men. This is regarded in military circles as a splendid showing.

The report includes the twelve companies, field, staff and band. Of the companies eight have their full complement of three officers. The Savannah companies, with one exception, have their full complement of officers.

The largest enlistment of men in any single company is shown by Company G, of Brunswick, which has 60 names on its roll. This company has three officers. Company H, the German Volunteers, has the largest enlistment of any Savannah company, 56 men being shown. This company also has three officers.

Conductors Name Adjustment Board

Any Differences With Central of Georgia Management To Be Amicably Settled.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—To appoint a committee which will take up with the management of the Central of Georgia Railroad any matters which they believe need adjustment, a delegation of officials of the Order of Railway Conductors of America held a meeting in this city.

M. C. Carey, of Port Huron, Mich., vice president of the order, presided. W. M. Hamilton, H. W. Washburn and J. W. Hall, of Macon, and two other delegates were present. Carey said that so far as he knew there are no serious differences between the conductors and the railway company, and that there is no friction whatever between them.

Wilson Says U. S. Must Act in Mexico to End Strife

Continued From Page 1.

night, and all that is needed to start a movement to cross the border to avenge Dixon is a leader. Troops are patrolling the border and will prevent Americans from crossing. Mexican Federals have threatened many Americans and it has become dangerous for Americans to cross the river.

Consul Edwards, a Taft appointee, is being severely criticised for his attitude in refusing to offer Americans, arrested by federals, assistance and to-morrow morning an El Paso paper will editorially ask for his removal.

Wounds May Be Fatal.

Dr. J. H. Tappan, of the Immigration Service in El Paso, is at Juarez attending the injured man. He is of the opinion that the wounds will prove fatal.

When F. W. Berkshire, Supervising Inspector for the United States Immigrant Service on the border, went to Juarez accompanied by Clarence Gatley, an Inspector in the service, to look after Dixon, they were both arrested. Late this evening they were turned loose. The Mexican Consul, Miguel Diebold, of this city, has been appealed to by Americans to assist in having Dixon removed to El Paso, where he may be given proper medical attention in an effort to save his life. Deaf ears have ben turned to all appeals by the Mexicans. The federals are openly insulting all Americans who cross the border.

Late to-night it was learned from the immigration office that the arrest and shooting of Dixon appears to have been a prearranged scheme of the Mexicans. They called the immigration office this afternoon and asked that Dixon be sent to Juarez, that they had some information on the white slave case on which the El Paso authorities had been working. A Japanese nurse has been assigned by the federals to attend to Dixon and this has caused much comment here. His room is strongly guarded by federal soldiers.

U. S. Must Take Definite Stand on Huerta's Status.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The report of Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson on the situation in Mexico, asked for by the President, was finished this afternoon at 5 o'clock and was sent to the President to-night.

The report of Mr. Wilson comprises his views as to an effective remedy for conditions in Mexico, and, substantially, this is that the neutrality laws be enforced strictly and adequately. By that enforcement, he believes, the revolution will disintegrate and peace will be restored. This is the proposition of Ambassador Wilson, originally made to the Taft administration, and which President Taft adopted by sending a division of the army to the frontier.

But that the United States must take a firm and decided stand at once developed yesterday at the series of conferences of Secretary Bryan, Ambassador Wilson and his commissioner, Mr. Del Valle, and between the Secretary and the Foreign Relations Committee. In addition to the solution offered by the Ambassador, this Government has left in its final policy the following alternatives:

Recognition of the Huerta government, with the moral support of the United States in restoring order.

Recognition of the Sonora revolutionists, headed by Pesqueira and Mayor Torena, as belligerents, and support for them against the Huerta regime.

Intervention, which means war.

Mediation, which Ambassador Wilson says also means war, as Huerta will not accept any mediation.

The conference eliminated Carranza as a factor to be considered. All the reports reaching the State Department from its confidential sources brand Carranza as an impossibility for the presidency.

Europe Forces Hand.

The necessity for this Government to adopt at least a definite policy does not arise from any change of conditions in Mexico itself. What now is forcing the hand of the United States is the attitude of the European Governments, whose representatives in Mexico recently joined in representations against the long continued disorders.

The United States is being warned both by its official and by private agents that if this Government longer pursues a waiting policy, it soon may be face to face with a break with the world powers on the Monroe Doctrine.

Secretary Bryan, speaking for President Wilson before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, to-day asked that nothing be done at present in the way of repealing the neutrality resolutions of March 14, 1912, governing the shipment of arms into Mexico. The committee agreed to the request.

At the Secretary's suggestion, Ambassador Wilson will appear before the committee early next week and give the members at first hand a full report of conditions in Mexico as he understands them. Mr. Bryan said the President wished this done so that the committee might as fully be advised as himself about the situation in that republic.

Mr. Wilson may be called Tuesday.

It developed that President Wilson desires to hold the neutrality law as a club over the heads of the warring factions in Mexico. To what extent, or to what practical purpose, he intended to use it, Secretary Bryan did not volunteer.

Senator Bacon Ironical.

"I decline to express an opinion, as I would not assume that the Ambassador would give out such an interview as was telegraphed here or published in the local papers. On the contrary, I assume he did not do so."

Speaking privately, members of the committee were unanimously of the opinion that if Mr. Wilson has been correctly quoted he was speaking as a man who knew he would not be returned to his post.

Representative Frank Clark, of Florida, who has pending a resolution to prohibit Japanese colonization in Mexico, said:

"Recognition of the Huerta rule in Mexico would be criminal. He is a proven murderer and an assassin. Reports that I have received from reliable sources on Mexican affairs convince me that Ambassador Wilson is wrong in his suggestion that Huerta can establish a stable government in Mexico."

Two Americans Held By Mexican Insurrectos.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The State Department made a formal demand on the Huerta Government in Mexico to-day to protect the life of Charles Bessel, manager of the Mines Company of America, who is said to have been arrested in Chihuahua and held under sentence of death.

Mr. Bessel is prominent in New York, but his family is said now to be in El Paso. The information that the mining man had been arrested came through Arthur T. Black, of New York, vice president of the Mines Company of America, who appealed to the Government.

Word also has been received here that F. C. Herr, of Newark, Ohio, is held in Madera, Mexico. Herr, who was attacked by bandits, killed one of them, and for thus defending his life and property was seized by the rebels.

Satisfaction in glasses depends upon their fitting properly.

We strive for the best in refracting, in grinding and in fitting.

Oculist service at opticians' prices. L. N. Huff Optical Company, two stores, 70 Whitehall, 52 W. Mitchell. Adv.

Labor Secretary Asks 3 Autos of U. S.

Wilson Wants $5,000 Touring Car, $2,500 Electric and $1,500 Truck for Department.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A stir was caused in the House to-day when it became known that Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson has asked Congress for a $5,000 touring car for his personal use, a $2,500 electric automobile to b eused for personal and official purposes and a $1,500 electric truck for the official business of the new Department of Labor.

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.
10 p. m. solid Pullman train.
10:15 p. m. Coach train.
Make Reservations Now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

The Joys of Solitude

are about the only ones that are missed by the man who advertises in the "Want Ad" columns of The American. American "Want Ads" are hustling little salesmen who get results.

First Pardon From Slaton Frees Woman

Mrs. Lula Berbig Released From Fulton County Jail to Go to Her Children.

Mrs. Lula Berbig was released from the Fulton County Jail Saturday on the first pardon issued by Governor John M. Slaton. The recent death of her mother, the ill health of her father, and the fact that she has two small children in Meridian, Miss., to whom she wishes to go, were elements of her plea for freedom. The State Prison Commission, Judge A. E. Calhoun and Solicitor Lowry Arnold, of the City Court, recommended the pardon.

Mrs. Berbig has been in prison two months. She was sentenced to terms aggregating nine months on charges of disorderly conduct and of conducting a disorderly house.

Atlanta Boy Finishes Harvard in 3 Years

James C. Manry Returns With A. B. Degree to Take Up Work as Minister.

Completing the undergraduate work for the A. B. degree at Harvard University with honors in three years is the record made by an Atlanta boy. He is James C. Manry, who has returned to take up his life work as a minister.

Mr. Manry was graduated from the Boys' High School in 1910 and the following year took up the undergraduate work at Harvard. During the past three years he not only completed the work required, but attained the high honor of "magna cum laude" at the commencement exercises in June.

Soon after entering Harvard, Mr. Manry decided to prepare himself for the ministry. He took an active part in the religious life of the university, and since arriving in Atlanta has filled the pulpit of the Second Baptist Church several times. Next Sunday Mr. Manry will conduct the morning service at the Inman Park Presbyterian Church.

Chief Prepares to Use Policewomen

Beavers Will Ask Council for Appointment of Four—Successful in Other Cities.

Police Chief Beavers is obtaining information from other large cities relative to the operation of policewomen, in order that he may formulate the best possible plans for using them in Atlanta. The Chief will ask for the appointment of four policewomen at the next meeting of the Police Commission, the second Tuesday night in August.

The Chief has received a letter from Chief C. E. Sebastain, of Los Angeles, explaining the workings of the women police in that city. Los Angeles has three such officers, and they are said to give splendid service. They receive $75 per month salary and perform all duties of regular policemen, with the exception of patrolling a beat.

They have special supervision over dance halls, motion picture theaters and other like places.

'Hotel and Travel' A New Publication

Atlanta Man, Publisher of the Watts Railway Guide, Launches Another Venture.

"Hotel and Travel" is the name of Atlanta's latest publication, which is now upon the press. It is being published by J. R. Watts, who is also publisher of Watts' Official Railway Guide of the South.

The new publication will be a Southern hotel journal and will succeed The Southern Hotel Journal, which was discontinued with the June number.

100,000 PEACH TREES FOR GEORGIA ORCHARDS

MACON, July 26.—Edward J. Martin, a large peach grower of Marshallville, while in Macon to-day, stated that fully 100,000 peach trees would be set out this fall by the orchard men in his section. "The fine prices brought by this year's crop," he stated, "have encouraged the fruit growers to enlarge their orchards.

"With satisfactory weather conditions in the spring I expect the 1914 fruit crop, especially the peaches, to be the largest in the history of the State, even exceeding that of 1909."

Ties Husband in Bed And Shoots Him Dead

Tampa Woman, Tired of Abuse, Then Commits Suicide to End Troubles.

TAMPA, July 26.—Tired of being abused, Mrs. Avalina Rodriguez tied her husband to his bed to-day and fired five bullets into his head and body and then killed herself. They had quarreled last night and he is believed to have beat her, as was his custom, it is claimed, from the disturbance the neighbors heard.

Early this morning Mrs. Rodriguez gave part of her clothing to a neighbor, told the neighbor she was going to kill herself and her husband, and went back to the house. Within five minutes the shots were heard, and the policemen, who had been called, had to break down the door to get in. Both were dead. She had shot him, then untied the cords that held him, lay down by his side and shot herself through the heart.

DON'T FEAR SUNBURN



CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment will care for your skin. They do so much to clear the skin of sunburn, heat rashes, redness and roughness, and do it so quickly and economically.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 2G, Boston.

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

Negro Boy With Gun Terrorizes Street

Families Barricade Themselves in Homes as Black Youth Threatens—Police End Terror.

Armed with a loaded rifle, Jesse Oliver, a 16-year-old negro youth, late yesterday afternoon terrorized the community in the vicinity of Larkin and Chapel streets.

Numbers of men and women, fearful that the boy would shoot, fled from the streets and barricaded themselves in their homes. The police station was notified and Call Officer Gorman hastened to the scene, finding Oliver in his home, No. 71 Kennesaw alley. The boy leaped from a window and tried to escape, but was captured before he could get out of the yard.

Baptist Association Postpones Meeting

Lithonia Church Builds Auditorium and Prepares to Entertain in Atlanta.

Owing to the building of a new auditorium and repair work on the Lithonia Baptist Church, the Stone Mountain Baptist Association has postponed its regular meeting until the first Tuesday in October. The session at that time will be held in the Lithonia Baptist Church.

An order postponing the meeting has been issued by Chairman F. T. McCutcheon and Secretary B. F. Tucker, of the executive and co-operation committee.

Why Endure Sore Feet Here is Positive Easy Cure

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments: "Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful. All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.

PAY ME FOR CURES ONLY



If you have been taking treatment for weeks and months and paying out your hard earned money without being cured, don't you think it is high time to accept DR. HUGHES' GRAND OFFER?

You will certainly not be out any more money if not cured. Consultation and Examination are Free for the next thirty days.

If I decide that your condition will not yield readily to my treatment, I will be honest with you and tell you so, and not accept your money under a promise of a cure.

My treatment will positively cure or I will make you no charge for the following diseases:

KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, RUPTURE, ULCERS AND SKIN DISEASES CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Blood Disorders, Catarrhal Affections, Piles and Fistula and all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

Newly contracted and chronic Cases of Burning, Itching and Inflammation stopped in 24 hours. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. My fees are reasonable and no more than you are willing to pay for a cure. All medicines the surest and best of drugs, are supplid from my own private laboratory. OUT-OF-TOWN MEN VISITING THE CITY, consult me at once upon arrival, and maybe you can be cured before returning home. Many cases can be cured in one or two visits.

CALL OR WRITE—No detention from business. Treatment and advice confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1. If you can't call, write and give me full description of your case in your own words. A complete consultation costs you nothing and if I can help you I will.

DR. J. D. HUGHES, Opposite Third National Bank 16 1-2 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Glooms Disappear When You Enter The Bonita Theater.

No gloom can stand the fun-dispensing Allen and Kenna company at the Bonita Theater. They are the delight of thousands who visit this beautiful little playhouse and capacity has been the houses since the first day of this company. Good singing, dancing, pretty girls and clever comedians; that's the story.

Take Your Vacation at
Wrightsville Beach
Near Wilmington, N. C.

Splendid hotels; finest beach on Atlantic Coast; best sea and sound fishing; electric train service to city. No end to indoor and outdoor amusements. Reduced railroad rates. For literature and other information write to

E. L. Hinton, Mgr. Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
C. E. Hooper, Mgr. Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
H. C. Foss, Mgr. Hanover Inn, Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

A New Victrola
At The
Cable Piano Co.
$75
With Record Cabinet

The first Victrola equipped with record cabinet sold for less than $100.

This new Victrola gives the Records a most wonderful Tone.

Mahogany or oak cabinet—all the very latest improvements—tapering tone arm, "goose neck" sound box tube, brake, speed regulator and indicator. Extra heavy double spring, spiral drive motor (can be wound while playing).

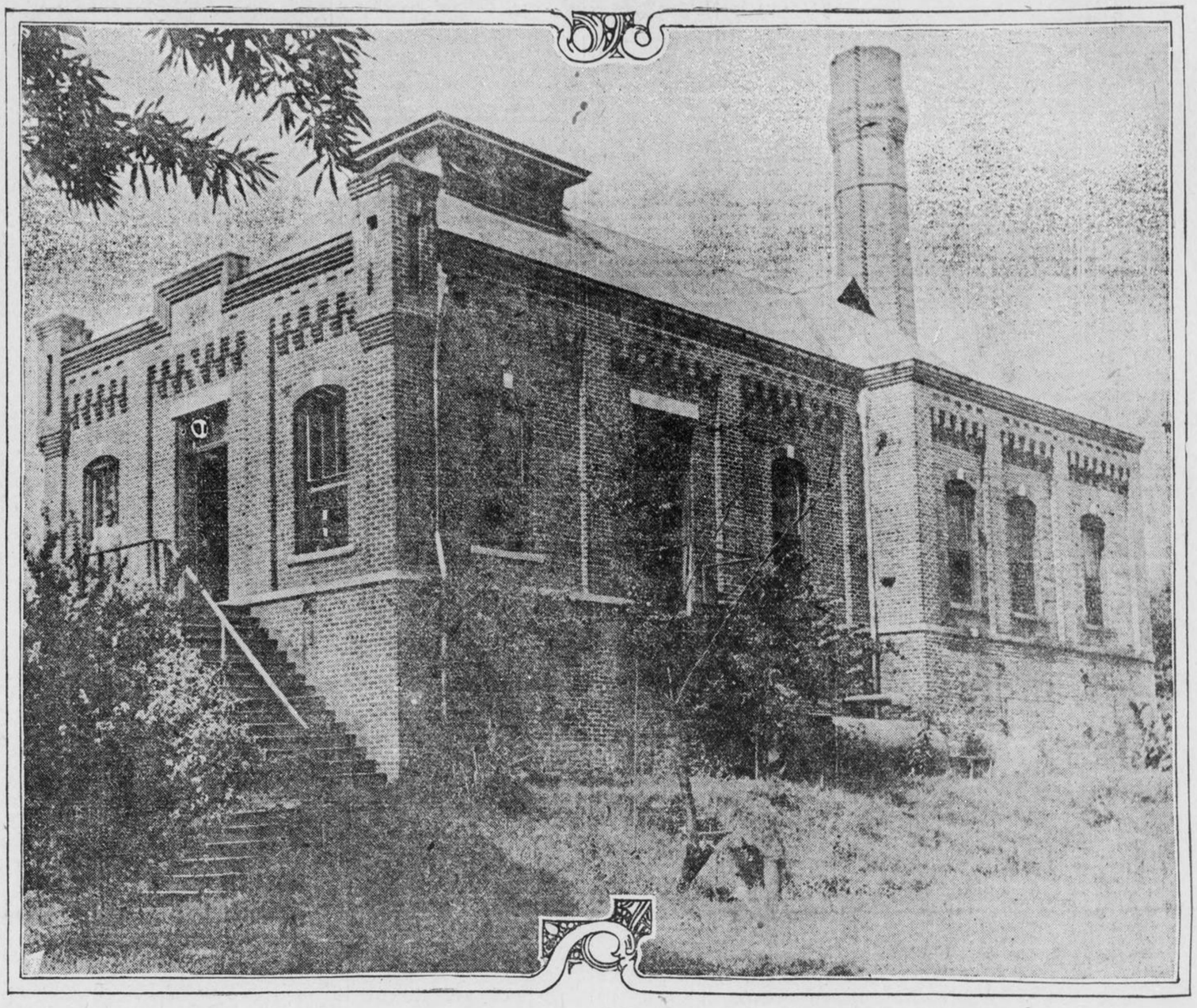


Pay $10 Down
$7.50 Monthly

Call and see this best of all Victrola values, dollar for dollar considered.

Cable Piano Company
Geo. W. Wilkins, President.
82 & 84 N. Broad St.
ATLANTA

Rome Buys Central Station Electric Current For Her 4,000,000-Gallon City Pump



ROME'S CITY PUMPING STATION

The City of Rome, Georgia, will hereafter use CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT of the GEORGIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY for motive power in its 4,000,000-gallon (daily) city pumping station. The contract has just been signed and the ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMP will displace the old-fashioned steam pumps now in use as soon as the necessary mechanical changes can be made.

The City of Rome made this progressive move advisedly. Every other form of power capable of driving the city pump was considered along with ELECTRICITY from the Central Station. The city council and the mayor had frequent and lengthy conferences with representatives of every kind of machinery suitable for pumping purposes. Finally, however, on the advice of one of the foremost engineering firms in the South, Messrs. Solomon & Norcross, of Atlanta, Consulting Engineers for the City of Rome, the mayor and council decided to reject all other methods and install CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC CURRENT as the most economical and most reliable power obtainable for the city pumping station.

The contract with the City of Rome for this power specifies the standard rates and service of this company, the rates and service ANY MUNICIPAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE MAY USE ADVANTAGEOUSLY WHEREVER POWER IS NEEDED.

ASK FOR ESTIMATES.

CONTRACT DEP'T

Georgia Railway & Power Company

ATLANTA

ARBITRATION TO SETTLE COPPER FUME DAMAGES

Tennessee Company to Set Aside $16,500 Annually to Pay the Claims of Farmers.

ENDS EIGHT-YEAR LITIGATION

Arbiters To Be Named by State of Georgia and the Ducktown Corporation.

An arbitration agreement by which farmers on the Georgia-Tennessee line near Ducktown, Tenn., whose crops are damaged by fumes from the smelting plant of the Tennessee Copper Company will be reimbursed, has finally brought to a close the eight-year controversy which grew out of the deadly effect of the factory fumes on surrounding vegetation, according to a statement issued by attorneys in the case Saturday.

By terms of the agreement, the copper company will deposit annually $16,500, out of which will be paid damage to the sufferers at the discretion of an arbitration board of two representatives of the State and one representative of the corporation, which will be appointed.

For years the residents of Ducktown and the neighboring country in Georgia suffered greatly because of the fumes. At first the situation was unbearable, until the concern operating the smelter installed gas-consuming plants, transforming the objectionable vapor into sulphuric acid. As a result, where the deleterious fumes once escaped to the harm of vegetation now tons of acid are produced daily.

In spite of the improvements, however, much of the gas at times escapes. Litigation growing out of the situation was bitterly fought in State and Federal courts.

Railroads 'Rotten,' Says Lafollette

Senate Declares That Mellen's Case Is Typical of Entire System in Nation.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—Senator LaFollette, in the current issue of his weekly paper, praises the men who caused an investigation of the New Haven Railroad and disclosures that led to the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as its president. In an editorial, under the captain of "Rotten," Mr. LaFollette says:

"The passing of Mellen is of no consequence. He was morally the agent of Morgan in the execution of plans operated on all of the big systems. The history of the New Haven merger is the history of every merger. The whole system is rotten."

Investigations by the Interstate Commerce Commission in other railroads would cause more resignations, said Mr. LaFollette.

Louisiana Governor Sues for $100,000

Criticism of New Orleans States Over Land Deal Leads to Damage Claim.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—Governor Luther B. Hall, of Louisiana, today sued The Daily States for $100,000 damages as a result of what he alleges was a libel on him in The States' criticism of his attitude in the Tensas Delta land deal.

The States accused the Governor of changing front on the sale of about 900,000 acres of land disposed of at low figures to a Maryland firm. The sale was made by the Delta Commission.

"GETS-IT," the ONLY Thing for Corns!

The Corn Cure on a New Plan—Gets Every Corn Quick and Sure.

You've tried a lot of things for corns, but you've still got them. Try the new, sure, quick, easy,



"Ta-da-da—da-da! Every Corn's Gone—'GETS-IT' Did It!"

painless way—the new-plan corn cure, "GETS-IT." Watch it get rid of that corn, wart, callous or bunion in a hurry. "GETS-IT" is as sure as time. It takes two seconds to apply—that's all. No bandages to stick and fuss over, no salves to make corns sore and turn true flesh raw and red, no plasters, no more knives and razors that may cause blood poison, no more digging at corns. Just the easiest thing in the world to use. Your corn days are over. "GETS-IT" is guaranteed. It is safe, never hurts healthy flesh.

Your druggist sells "GETS-IT," 25 cents per bottle, or direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, Elkin Drug Company, Coursey & Munn, Gunter-Watkins Drug Company, E. H. Cone, Inc., Tipton & Company.

Mrs. Tom Pierce Finds New Chum

She's Mrs. Effie Pope Hill Alsop

Georgia Girl's Pranks Startling

Mrs. Effie Pope Hill Alsop, Georgia girl wife of aged New York millionaire, who is now chum of Mrs. "Tom" Pierce.



Wife of Aged Millionaire and Famous Society Hoyden Give New England Coast Thrill.

Young Mrs. Edward D. Alsop—Mrs. Effie Pope Hill Alsop she is, you know, of Atlanta and Washington, Ga., and New York City—is up to pranks, naive, tomboy pranks, that startle all the folks along the New England Coast around Peabody, Mass. Gossip of society tells how this Southern girl wife of the rich and aged New York millionaire each day opens the eyes of the natives with a feat as gay and ingenuous as any schoolgirl dared conceive.

Nothing that is indiscreet, understand. She is merely a girl, full of life and the joy of living, the gossip relates. And then, too, she has for a "pal" the gayest and most dashing young woman known to society, Mrs. "Tom" Pierce.

Keep Coast Alive.

Mrs. Pierce is just chock full of energy, and now has found a chum who likes the same things she likes—to play, to romp, to fly about the beach in a long, rakish runabout, bareheaded, blouse-clad, happy, laughing and shrieking. Adele Ritchie was formerly her chum, but now the winsome Adele has taken herself a husband and has no time to romp.

"Down to Peabody" the folks all swear by Mrs. Pierce. She has the biggest heart and the most sympathetic soul of any person alive, they say. Wherever she may be, Peabody says, she is the lady. And so they laugh indulgently at the hoyden that she is and at the hoyden that her new-found chum from Georgia, Mrs. Alsop is.

The "girls" are everywhere up and down the coast, sailing, motoring, driving. The Alsops are Mrs. Pierce's guests, and the gay hostess is about as happy as anybody can be nowadays that she has found a kindred spirit in the girl wife of the rich old Mr. Alsop.

With all their play together, the rich old Mr. Alsop is left alone in the Pierce home a good deal of the time. They say that many people, passing the place, see the lonely figure of the aged millionaire out on the front porch, and ask each other, wonderingly:

"I wonder what the 'girls' are up to now?"

Talk of Pajama Parties.

They wonder. They know that Mrs. Pierce has for her close friend Mrs. Raymond Belmont, the chorus girl daughter-in-law of August Belmont. And they know that down at the place of Mrs. Raymond, on the Jersey Coast, there was talk of pajama parties and swimming sessions in which one-piece bathing suits were the vogue.

They laugh at those pranks in which their good friend, Mrs. Pierce, indulged, and wonder if there is a repetition now at Peabody, with Mrs. Pierce and that gay girl chum of hers, Mrs. Effie Pope Hill Alsop, in the search for excitement and for "something different."

Reid to Prosecute In Crawford Case

Stone Mountain Circuit Solicitor Is Appointed Because of Dorsey's Disqualification.

C. S. Reid, Solicitor General of the Stone Mountain circuit, will conduct the prosecution of Mrs. Mary Belle Crawford on warrants charging her with the death of her husband, Joshua B. Crawford. Mr. Reid was appointed Saturday by Judge W. D. Ellis, of the Superior Court.

Solicitor General Dorsey is disqualified from the prosecution of the case because his firm is interested in the civil litigation out of which the murder charge grew.

CONFEDERATE HEROINE DIES IN NEW YORK STATE

NASHVILLE, July 26.—Mrs. Mary Bradford Johns, of this city, whose death is reported at the residence of her son, Edward B. Johns, in Rockville Center, N. Y., is famed as a Confederate heroine. In the first days of the battle of Nashville she rushed in where the fire was the thickest from the enemy and sought to rally the stampeded Confederates.

Mrs. Johns before leaving Nashville to visit her son had a presentiment she would never return alive.

M'NAUGHTON'S FRIENDS RENEW PARDON BATTLE

Recent Abandonment of the Case Against Mrs. Flanders Causes Effort to Free Physician.

Their claim based on the declaration that the recent abandonment of the murder charge against Mrs. Fred Flanders is palpable evidence that powerful Emanuel County forces had sought to railroad Dr. W. J. McNaughton, of Swainsboro, to the gallows, Emanuel County friends of the convicted physician have renewed their efforts to have him pardoned or at least granted a new trial.

The application will soon be presented to Governor Slaton and he will be the third chief executive to play a part in this, the most bitterly fought criminal case in Georgia's history.

Friends Claim Plot.

Nolle pros of Mrs. Flanders' case, McNaughton's friends say, is proof conclusive of their contention that the relatives of her dead husband have always known that her trial would establish the physician's innocence, and that for three years they have had the case postponed in the hope that McNaughton would be hanged before the truth could be established.

Fred Flanders, prominent in Emanuel County's business, social and political life, died at his home in Covena.

A few days later Dr. McNaughton, his attending physician, and Mrs. Flanders were arrested and charged with having poisoned him. Public sentiment ran high against the doctor. Relatives of the dead man declared that he had given his patient arsenic in order to possess his wife.

McNaughton's trial was sensational. He was convicted and sentenced to hang. Then began his remarkable legal fight. The Supreme Court has ruled on his case from every conceivable angle. And always it has ruled that McNaughton must hang.

Brown Stays Sentence.

As a last resort the McNaughton faction appealed to Governor Brown. At that time the story was circulated that powerful political forces were working to have the doctor hanged before Mrs. Flanders could be tried.

This was told Governor Brown so convincingly that he gave McNaughton reprieve after reprieve as court term after court term passed without the trial of the accused woman.

As soon as Governor Brown left office, the case against her was dismissed, and the physician's friends grasped this point to urge his pardon.

BOLLING H. JONES CALLS MANUFACTURERS TO MEET

A meeting of Atlanta manufacturers will be held Monday afternoon on the fourth floor of the Chamber of Commerce building at 5 o'clock. A call was issued Saturday afternoon by Chairman Bolling H. Jones, who announced as the purpose of the meeting a consideration of details of the manufacturers' exhibit.

POETESS URGES FREE DIVORCE IF NOT FREE LOVE

Mrs. Horatio Winslow, Constantly Inspired, Declares No Limit Should Be Put on Separation.

NEW YORK, July 26.—"If we can't as yet have free love, let us at least have free divorce."

This startling doctrine was propounded to-day by Mrs. Horatio Winslow, formerly Miss Rosalind Guggenheimer, of St. Louis. Mrs. Winslow, who is known in literary circles as "Jane Burr," has made poetry-writing a regular business. She declares she does not have to wait for inspiration when she wishes to dash off a few verses.

"I have always inspiration," she said to-day while sitting at her desk, surrounded by stacks of ready-made or made-to-order poems. "But to return to the subject of free divorce—

"You see, I think we all have a right to be happy, we all have a right to choose the right companion. Why should we have to continue to live with a man, or a man with a woman, when they know they are unsuited?

Pensions for Children.

"The children? Oh, when we have become sufficiently civilized to alter our marriage laws, the State will pension the children, as it should be. Now, eugenic marriages, of which we have heard much lately, are all very well, but somewhat impracticable. Why should a man or a woman have to lead a lonesome existence, lead a weary and unhappy life, just because they are physically deficient, or because they have some sort of an illness?

"No, let them be allowed to marry—at least, let them get a certificate of permission to live in the same house or apartment, as demanded by society—but make it a criminal offense to have children in this sort of marriage.

"Now, as to why I left society, there are many reasons for that. In the first place, because you can't be at the game. To see all those poor women struggle and fight for supremacy is really pitiful.

"You think you have reached the top and you find there is somebody there before you. They are all so sadly uncertain of themselves, they are afraid to do this, afraid to know that person. In short, the continual struggle is simply appalling.

No Mentality in Society.

"Then, moreover, no man of intellect can find any mental stimulus or mental food in the ultra circles of society. You can't be an individual; you have to go with the biggest and try to get in the front row by hook or crook, just the same as the chorus girls are trying to get nearest to the footlight now. No, that life has no attraction for me. I want to be independent in my actions and in my clothes.

"There is one great task I have set myself, and will carry out some day, viz: to adopt twelve children, and bring them up from the cradle. They must not be over 1 year old, and I want them from the very lowest ranks of society. Then I will be able to prove that 99 per cent is environment. Take a child away from a criminal parent, give it a decent education, and you'll make a decent citizen out of it 99 times out of a hundred. Leave it with its criminal parents and 99 times out of 100 it will turn out a criminal."

Mr. and Mrs. Winslow live in a flat in East Seventy-seventh street. "It is largely a matter of economy," explained Mrs. Winslow. "My father wants to allow me $500 a month, but I prefer to be absolutely independent of everybody and earn my own living."

CONDEMNED MAN FIGHTS FOR REHEARING OF CASE

TIFTON, July 26.—I. B. Hall, who has been sentenced to hang August 22, has retained Attorney John R. Cooper, of Macon, to represent him in his petition for new trial, which will be heard before Judge W. E. Thomas in Valdosta Saturday, August 2.

Hall remains optimistic over the final outcome of his case. He seems to have little doubt that a decision will finally be given in his favor. While Hall is apparently unconcerned, his immediate relatives are much worried.

M. C. MAXWELL, new advertising manager for the Rhodes-Wood Furniture Company.



Believes in Honesty For All Advertising

M. C. Maxwell, of Rhodes-Wood Furniture Company, Takes Active Hand in Civic Affairs.

M. C. Maxwell, one of the best known advertising men in the furniture business, has joined the staff of the Rhodes-Wood Furniture Company, Whitehall and Mitchell streets.

Mr. Maxwell, who formerly was with the Rhodes Syndicate in Charleston, S. C., has definite ideas of standard advertising. He believes the Baltimore slogan, which seeks to eliminate the fraudulent advertisers and those who make misstatements, is a good one, one which should be enforced to the letter. He himself has a thorough knowledge of the advertising business and in addition is a popular salesman.

Mr. Maxwell has made application for membership in the Atlanta Ad Mens' Club and also has enrolled in The Georgian's 500,000 by 1920 campaign. His many friends in Atlanta predict as much success for him in his new work as in his former field. Mr. Maxwell was president of the Ad Club of Charleston several years ago.

Dinna Ye Hear Call For Clans to Meet?

Chieftan Cruickshank Skirls Braw Summons for Scottihs Association of Atlanta, August 1.

Hoot mon! Dinna ye hear the call for the clans to gather? It was issued Saturday by Chieftain A. Cruickshank, of the Atlanta Scottish Association, who announced that members of that organization will meet in the Kiser Building, at Hunter and South Pryor streets, Friday night, August 1. He calls in true Caledonian fashion, to wit:

"Gang hame braw and early; get yer tawties and saut and tak yer braw breeks or kilt and yer best cravat oot o' the kist.

"Meet wi' us a' on Friday nicht, August 1, at aucht o'clock in the K. of P. Hall, Kiser Biggin, Hunter and South Pryor streets."

GATE CITY LODGE CONFERS THIRD DEGREE ON TUESDAY

The Third Degree will be conferred, in full form, by Gate City Lodge, No. 2, A. F. and A. M., Tuesday evening at 6:30 o'clock. The communication will be held in the Masonic Temple.

The degree will be given by Charles E. Hall, past district deputy of the Fifth District, and the lecture on symbolism will be delivered by Past Grand Master Thomas H. Jeffries, of the Grand Lodge of Georgia.

FULTON JUDGE FOR CHANGE IN DIVORCE LAWS

Roan Would Give Mother Preference in Awarding the Custody of Children.

The attempt of Judge Henry C. Hammond to have the law regarding the awarding the custody of children in divorce cases changed so that the mother would have the preference is regarded favorably by Judge S. L. Roan, of the Fulton County Superior Court.

"Judge Hammond is quite an able man, and I agree with him in his effort," said Judge Roan. "Under the law the father has the preference, where all things are equal, and I think that in the case of children of tender years the mother should have the preference if the evidence shows she is not an improper person."

Judge Hammond has addressed a letter to Representative Sam Olive, of Richmond, asking him to introduce a bill changing the law so that this may be possible.

This action followed the awarding of two minor children to the father in the divorce suit of Julian J. Zachry vs. Mrs. Mary W. Zachry, at Augusta, and which has been featured by Mrs. Zachry leaving Augusta with the children.

Judge Hammond made the statement that, while he awarded the children to the father's custody under the requirements of the law, he really thought the mother was the proper person to have them. His hands were tied, however, he declared.

MUSIC FEATURES SERVICES AT NORTH AVENUE CHURCH

There will be a special service of music at both the morning and evening services at the North Avenue Presbyterian Church Sunday. Joseph Ragan, Jr., the organist and director, arranged the program, which will be participated in by Miss Annie Laurie Langford, soprano; Mrs. Charles Bellingrath, contralto; Charles Brown, tenor, and J. R. Regnas, basso.

MAY FUTRELLE WINS SUCCESS IN NEW PLAY

Atlanta Writer's Most Recent Work, Founded on Husband's Story, Produced at Utica.

According to telegraphic dispatches, the brilliant society play by May Futrelle, of Atlanta, was successfully presented by Walter Vincent's stock company at Utica, N. Y., last Monday.

"Lieutenant What's His Name" had its origin in "The Simple Case of Susan," which Jacques Futrelle, one of the heroes of the Titanic, wrote several years ago, and which he intended converting into a play.

Mrs. Futrelle decided last season that the time was ripe for a society play, and set about rewriting "The Simple Case of Susan," which was changed into "Lieutenant What's His Name" to suit the stage.

"I believed a play of this kind would succeed, and when "Years of Discretion" was produced its reception confirmed my faith. Although I had Mr. Futrelle's shadowy form of the play to build from, I was not in the frame of mind to take up the work with the activity it required, and that is why I did not get it pushed last year.

"Mr. Futrelle never embellished the idea he had for the play, so I took it up and worked it out, rewriting the pieces entirely and filling in the points of strength necessary for a stage production," said Mrs. Futrelle.

"Lieutenant What's His Name" has been changed into a novel by Mrs. Futrelle and will be brought out at an early date.

Mrs. Futrelle is also engaged upon two big plays, one a farce and the other a human play, which she hopes to have ready for a try-out by next season. She is writing two series of short society stories, and has the plots of many other stories well under way. It will be seen by this that she is a very busy writer.

Mrs. Futrelle has left New York and is at present at Stepping Stones, her seaside home at Scituate, Mass.

Men's Linen Suits STODDARDIZED 50c

The price of STODDARDIZING Men's Woolen Suits is ONE DOLLAR---but we STODDARDIZE Men's Linen or Palm Beach Suits for FIFTY CENTS.

A WAGON FOR A PHONE CALL.

We pay Charges (one way) on Out-of-Town Orders of $2 or more.

Stoddard 126 Peachtree Street, Bell Phone, Ivy 43, Atlanta Phone 43 — *Dixie's Greatest Dry Cleaner and Dyer*

NEW CROP TURNIP SEEDS

And Other Seasonable Vegetable Seeds

The steady increase which we have experienced in our business since we opened is the best of evidence as to the high quality of the seeds supplied by us. Our knowledge of the seed business and facilities for growing and securing the very best stocks, enable us to supply the very best seeds at as reasonable prices as it is possible for first-class seeds to be sold.

"Arch" McMILLAN BROS. SEED CO. "Bob"

12 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

(Note Our Number—The Bridge Block.)

BELL PHONE 3076. ATLANTA PHONE 593.

THIS WEEK

Gives you a chance at

500 Ladies' Hand Bags

in the new Modes and Leathers at

1-2 PRICE

You'll see them in our Window

LIEBERMAN'S

The Trunk Store 92 Whitehall

GET YOUR EYE-GLASSES NOW

Our special sale of eyeglasses will continue for several days. You have a splendid opportunity to get your eyes fitted with first-class glasses at prices never before offered.

We are thoroughly equipped to fit you with any kind of glasses necessary for your eyes.

$2.50 Glasses Now $1.00
$5.00 Glasses Now $2.50

We have an experienced oculist in charge who will thoroughly examine your eyes and prescribe what is best for them.

L. N. HUFF OPTICAL CO.

70 Whitehall St. 52 W. Mitchell St.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

"THE OLD MILL" 98 WHITEHALL ST.

The beautiful Whitehall Street Theater has changed hands, and in the future will be operated upon an entirely new policy, under the name of

LYNCH'S

It shall be the determination of the new management to offer its patrons the highest class entertainment obtainable. At all times are shown

FIRST RUN FEATURE PICTURES

and wonderfully fascinating music from the soulful violin of

MISS VERNA STERKX

and tuneful melodies and character song selections from the throat of

AL. JOHNSON

There will positively be

NO VAUDEVILLE

CLIP THE COUPON.

It's Good for a Good Show.

FREE COUPON GOOD FOR LADIES ONLY.

Any lady presenting this coupon **Tuesday, July 29,** between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. will be **ADMITTED FREE.**

LYNCH'S THEATER, 98 Whitehall Street.

PHONE RAVINGS JUST A DISEASE DOCTORS FIND

Dementia Telephonica, Recently Discovered Malady, Is Superinduced by "Line Is Busy."

ATLANTANS ARE AFFLICTED

Operators at Ivy Exchange Declare That They Had Known of It for Years.

"Number, please?"

The voice came over the wire. It was sweet and soft and dreamy-like. But the voice in answer was not.

"Gimme Main 100, and darn quick, too," it growled. Of course, it came from a man.

"This is the ninth time I've rung 'em," he raved on. "You tell me they're busy, and I know they ain't. They've got no right to be busy."

And his voice went up and out with a shriek.

The little incident is just as was recorded by a pretty switchboard operator in an Atlanta exchange. The man in question was not a brute. He was merely a victim of Dementia Telephonica.

Yes, there is such a disease, and business men are acutely susceptible to its visitations. The Journal of the American Medical Association in a recent number discusses the new disease and pours out its sympathy on a certain victim whose case is mentioned and analyzed.

Wrong Number One Cause.

The telephone dementia, it seems, usually seizes its victim about the fourth or fifth time he has been told that a number is busy, and then finds out that it was nothing of the kind. Sometimes it comes over the sufferer, causing him to see red and to talk blue, when he calls once, twice, then three times, and finds each time that the poor little "hello" girl has given him the wrong number.

The girls in the Atlanta exchange say they understand now, and do not pay any attention to it. The men do not mean it.

A girl on the Ivy exchange was asked yesterday just what she thought of the scientific discovery of the disease.

"Huh," she snorted—if a pretty girl can snort—"are the wise ones just finding that out? Why we knew all the time that there was something like this, although we didn't know how to call it. The best treatment we know is, when they rave, to pull out the plug and let them talk to themselves. And to ourselves we murmur, 'poor fellow.' Or maybe it's a woman."

Maybe it is a woman. The medical men say that women are susceptible as well as men, and as violently demoniac when they succumb.

Diseases Develops in Germany.

The malady first was noted scientifically when a lawyer was put on trial in Berlin, accused of slandering the postoffice, which also controls the telephone in the land of the Kaiser and of government ownership. The lawyer lost his patience after he had called his number three times in the course of three-quarters of an hour. The girl told him that "Number Undsoweiter" was busy. Later he found that it hadn't been, and he exploded.

The medical expert of the court before which the lawyer was taken testified that the defendant was of a highly nervous temperament, and that he had heard of men going insane from telephone vexation. And so dementia telephonica became a subject for research, and was put in the doctor's books.

Stovall Departs for Post in Switzerland

New United States Minister Enroute to New York From Savannah. Sails July 29.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Colonel and Mrs. Pleasant A. Stovall, their daughter, Mrs. Burton L. Mason, and their son, Master Joe Stovall, are now upon the high seas, en route to New York, from which port they will embark on July 29 for Switzerland, where Colonel Stovall goes to take charge of his post as United States Minister to that country. The party will be joined in Europe by Miss Pleasant Stovall, another daughter, who is already there.

The son, Joe, was taken ill about a week ago, and it was thought at that time that arrangements for the trip would have to be changed, but a rapid recovery made it possible for the entire party to leave on schedule time.

Don't Be "Grouchy"

just because your stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

American Girl Jilts a Lord Fails in Turkey Trot Test Nobleman "Stiff, Clumsy"

Instead Returning Voyager Will Wed Canadian Who Has Lots of Money.

Went Abroad Fully Expecting to Accept a Title, but the Cabaret Ruined Plan.

MISS BETTY HAMILTON, who says she refused to marry an English nobleman because he turkey trots so clumsily.



PHOTO BY THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

NEW YORK, July 26.—When Miss Betty Hamilton, daughter of a wealthy Guatemalan planter, sailed for England two months ago she said she was going to marry a real, live English lord. She would not give his name.

Yesterday she returned aboard the Kronprinz Wilhelm with the news that she had discarded the lord in favor of a simple Canadian with lots of money and that she will be married within the next two weeks at the hotel where she is staying.

"All American girls like to know men with titles," said Miss Hamilton. "I really intended to marry the lord until he took me to a cabaret and started to 'turkey trot.' He was so stiff and clumsy that I there and then made up my mind that he would not be a good husband for me.

"I did not tell him so then, as I was not quite sure whether I loved my Canadian friend well enough to marry him. I thought the matter over and at tea at the Hotel Savoy next day I accepted the Canadian and wrote a note to the lord. I am sure I acted wisely and I feel I shall be happier as plain Mrs. instead of Lady So-and-So."

Dabbler in Oils, Has No Fear of Broyles

Painter Sings Jingle While He Pummels Antagonist in Fight Over Old Dollar Debt.

I am a dabbler in paints and oils,
What do I care about old Judge Broyles?

Thus sang Wallace Fanning, a painter, while he vigorously pummeled R. M. Moore, according to Moore's story in police court Saturday afternoon. The two men fought on the sidewalk in front of Johnson's saloon on Decatur street.

Judge Broyles fined him $15 and costs—on the charge of fighting.

According to the stories of both men, the fight started over a dollar which Fanning claimed Moore has been owing him for four years. Moore said Fanning dragged him out on the sidewalk, and when he warned the painter that "Judge Broyles would get him," Fanning sang his song.

Croker Visit Starts Tammany War Talk

Friends Hope That Former Boss Will Wrest Power of Organization From Murphy.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Richard Croker is coming home from Ireland next autumn. Word to that effect reached former associates of the one-time Tammany boss to-day.

While many of Croker's intimates hope that he will project himself into the Tammany broil and try to regain control, others say the former boss has no such idea. If Croker does try it, Tammany Hall, the leaders say, has a desperate fight ahead, for Murphy, they maintain, will not abdicate without a hard tussle.

Croker's 300-acre farm in Richfield Springs is being overhauled.

All the buildings on the farm are being painted an emerald hue and the whole estate is being done over.

Drouth Broken When Countryside Prays

Seven Weeks of Dry Weather Followed by Heavy Rain After Prayer Meeting.

CORDELE, July 26.—Seven weeks' drouth in the vicinity of Rebecca was broken yesterday by a heavy rain, and the people of that place believe that a prayer service the night before to invoke the Almighty to send showers upon the crops was altogether responsible.

Crops were burning up and it appeared that the entire year's work of the farmers would be a failure. It was suggested that a prayer service be held at the Baptist Church, the proposition meeting with instant approval.

According to announcement, the people for miles around met at Rebecca and offered up prayers, continuing in the service for some time. Apparently in answer to this prayer, the rain came the following day.

Mrs. Melchers Dies; Widow of Editor

Survived by Three Daughters and One Son—End Comes at Son-in-Law's Home.

Mrs. Emilie Melchers died at the home of her son-in-law, Emile Breitenbucher, Sunset avenue, Saturday.

Mrs. Melchers was 65 years of age and the widow of Franz Melchers, for many years editor of The Deutsche Zeitung at Charleston, S. C.

She is survived by three daughters, Mrs. Emile Breitenbucher, of Atlanta; Mrs. Herman Bischoff, of Charleston, S. C., and Mrs. Julius Berndt, of Baltimore, Md., and one son, Alex Melchers, of New York City.

The funeral and interment will be at Charleston, S. C.

University Club Has Improved Lodgings

Several Rooms Furnished Snugly for Out-of-Town Members of Organization.

The University Club is planning to care for its out-of-town members properly while they are in Atlanta, and the transient facilities have been improved.

Several rooms with bath have been furnished in comfortable style, which will be let to members at $1.50 a day.

The idea has proven popular and a great number of non-resident members are taking advantage of the opportunity of staying at the club rather than in a hotel.

Credit House Gives Holen Better Post

Made Manager of Adjustment Department of Firm's New York Office.

O. M. Holen, who for several months has been identified with the local office of the Credit Clearing House, has been promoted to the management of the Adjustment Department of the New York office.

He assumes his new duties August 1 with the best wishes of many friends he has made during his stay in Atlanta.

ICE PEDDLERS FOUND SELLING SHORT WEIGHT

Thousands of Atlantans Cheated by Clique of Drivers—Inspector Begins a Crusade.

City Weights Inspector W. T. Buchanan Saturday declared that almost every family in the city was being cheated in ice. He explained that he had discovered what seems to be an agreement between a majority of the negro ice peddlers to give short weights and that consumers were powerless against such a combination.

"These peddlers have worked out a shrewd scheme to swindle the buyers and also the ice manufacturers," he explained. "They pay for all the ice secured at the factories in tickets. When they cut up a 200-pound cake, instead of making four 50-pound blocks, they make five blocks, to be sold for 50 pounds each. They then take tickets for four of the blocks and sell the fifth one for cash. This money they put in their pockets."

Inspector Buchanan turned to a negro sitting in his office in the City Hall, who had been called up on complaint of a woman on Highland avenue who said he gave her only 17 pounds for 10 cents.

Make Big Profits.

"How much can a peddler make on the side a day?" he asked.

"A smart negro can make from $3 to $4," he answered, very frankly.

"You see," continued Inspector Buchanan, "it would not be so bad if only a few peddlers were guilty, but when they are agreed, it does no good to change from one to another.

"Most families have no scales and don't realize they are being cheated.

Poor Suffer the Most.

"Among the poor people who buy only small quantities of ice the practice of the peddlers practically amounts to robbery. They don't get half what they pay for."

Inspector Buchanan said he was glad to say that the ice manufacturers were giving him all possible assistance in stopping this thievery.

He announced that next week he expected assistance in his department from Council that would enable him to protect everybody in Atlanta in the purchases of ice. He has been doing all the work of inspecting weights and measures alone, but has petitioned Council for two assistants during the ice season.

Cumberlands Lose Publishing House

Federal Judge Decides Presbyterian Church, U. S. A., Is Entitled to Proprty in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, July 26.—After litigation covering many years, the Cumberland Presbyterian Publishing House in this city goes from the control of the old Cumberland Presbyterian Church to the Presbyterian Church U. S. A., under a decree of Judge Sanford, of the United States District Court.

An attempt was made to transfer this property to the United Church, but the Tennessee Supreme Court held that the union of the Presbyterians was invalid.

Judge Sanford's decision removes the old directors. In decreeing the publishing house property to the union he follows the lead of courts of ten States outside of Tennessee in passing on the transfer of the church property.

$15 ROUND TRIP $15
To
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Tickets on sale July 26, 27 and 28. Limited August 5, with privilege of extension until August 20.
TWO DAILY THROUGH TRAINS.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

SUGAR

25 Pounds $1.25
20 Pounds 1.00
10 Pounds ..... .50
5 Pounds ..... .25
Extra fancy Lemons..17½c doz.

Cash Grocery Co.
118 Whitehall

BUSY WEEK ON FOR WANT AD CONTESTANTS

Better Start Now and Win That Automobile—Big Opportunity Among Business Folk.

This will be a live week in The American and Georgian's Want-Ad Contest, and if you don't enter and get busy, you're apt to be sorry.

Somebody will be driving that 1913 five-passenger automobile around this fall. Somebody will be pounding that fine piano. Somebody will be sitting on the back of an observation car on the way to California, all expenses paid.

And it might as well be you.

All it takes is make up your mind, sign the coupon, get busy and stick to it. If you work, you win.

The Want-Ad Man wants to see you Monday morning, or you can see one of the district managers. Suppose you drop in and chat with the manager at the headquarters nearest your home. Or come and see the Want-Ad Man at No. 7 Edgewood avenue. Any one of them will put you next.

There's a big opportunity for somebody willing to hustle around uptown and round up the business. Real estate men, retail stores, everybody, can use a want ad in their business, and this kind of business counts up fast. Get in the game.

There's a coupon on another page worth 1,000 votes to start with. Clip it out, fill out the blanks and start in Monday to win a grand prize.

Do it now.

Dr. Starnes to Play Own Compositions

'A Lake and a Fairy Boat,' One of Concert Features—Organist's Wife to Sing.

Compositions of Verdi, Mozart, Wagner and Gabriel-Marie will be heard in the farewell concert of Dr. Percy J. Starnes, city organist, at the Auditorium Sunday afternoon. He will also play two of his own compositions, an improvisation upon a Scotch melody, and a song, "A Lake and a Fairy Boat." The overture to Wagner's "Tannhauser" will close the program.

Dr. Starnes will be assisted by his wife, Mrs. Lillian Belle Starnes, coloratura soprano. She will sing the aria from Verdi's "La Traviata," Mozart's aria, "Die Koenigin Der Nacht," and Dr. Starnes' "A Lake and a Fairy Boat." The latter will be heard in Atlanta to-day for the first time.

McKee Likely to End Postmaster Term

National Politics Not Expected to Have Any Effect on Changes in Atlanta Office.

National politics will have no immediate effect on the Atlanta postmastership, according to reports spread in Atlanta Saturday afternoon.

Postmaster H. L. McKee, appointed under President Taft, probably will be allowed to complete his term, which ends in January, 1914, with no attempt at ousting him anticipated.

A report will be made by postoffice inspectors on charges of alleged inefficiency that were made against the department executives of the Atlanta postoffice.

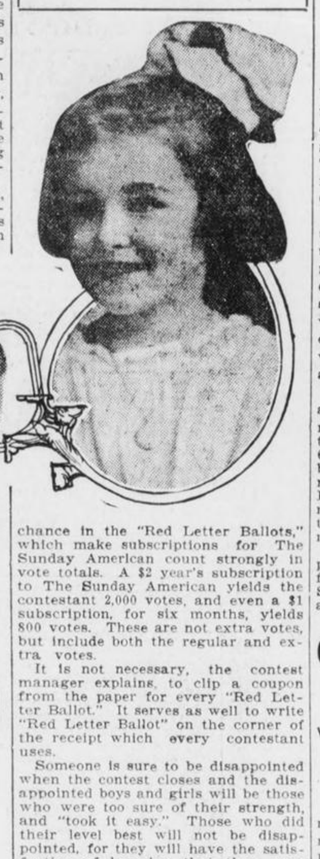
"Of course, I don't know what the reports will say," said Mr. McKee. "But if they find inefficiency, I never knew it existed."

Pony Contest Now at Fever Heat

But Four Days Left in Vote Race

Closeness of Battle for Shetlands Leaves Chance for Everybody in Final Week.

Two hustlers for Shetland prizes. At the top is Eleanor Raoul, No. 350 Washington street, while below is Henry Hull, No. 95 Jones avenue.



Standing of the contestants in The Georgian and American pony contests again is published Sunday. It was found impossible to change the standing every day, or even to bring them completely up to date for Sunday, but the vote tables, as printed, incomplete as they are, show that it still is "anybody's race," and that the contestants are passing and repassing one another at the lead in bewildering fashion.

Four days remain of the contest, and only two days of the "Red Letter Ballot" offer. Many of the boys and girls have been holding strength



in reserve for this final spurt and from Sunday on to the close will set a trying pace for the "trailers." It is no time for the weak-hearted, but it is the very season which the real contenders enjoy.

Large numbers of the boys and girls are expected Sunday to visit the newly arrived ponies, which are stabled with the original nine in the rear of Loomis street. The baker's dozen of newcomers are beauties. One is just the thing for some little fellow—it is so small that it could stand between the legs of a full-grown trotting horse and never disturb the big fellow.

All have kind faces, with small heads and ears, considered by horsemen to be the signs of good breeding.

John G. Mobley, who raised the ponies, wrote an interesting account of how they were shipped in his last letter to The American.

"I had three carpenters working all day building thirteen crates, one for each of the ponies," he says. "Into each crate was built a box, later filled with oats. Each pony was given a new tin pail full of water and hitched to the crate with a new halter. They should arrive in perfect condition."

They did. No one ever saw a friskier bunch than was unloaded from the express car Thursday.

The "dark horse" who has been waiting for the final week to make a sprint to victory has an excellent chance in the "Red Letter Ballots," which make subscriptions for The Sunday American count strongly in vote totals. A $2 year's subscription to The Sunday American yields the contestant 2,000 votes, and even a $1 subscription, for six months, yields 800 votes. These are not extra votes, but include both the regular and extra votes.

It is not necessary, the contest manager explains, to clip a coupon from the paper for every "Red Letter Ballot." It serves as well to write "Red Letter Ballot" on the corner of the receipt which every contestant uses.

Someone is sure to be disappointed when the contest closes and the disappointed boys and girls will be those who were too sure of their strength, and "took it easy." Those who did their level best will not be disappointed, for they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were fairly beaten. The only soreness will be felt by those who say "I could have done more, but I thought it was needless."

By next Sunday probably it will be possible to announce the winners. But in the meantime there will be a busy four days.

NORTH GEORGIA TOWNS ARE ALL IN A BIG BOOM

Magical Development of Section Is Aided by Gainesville and Northwestern Road.

Magical development in the lumber sections of the North Georgia mountains has caught in its tide not only Robertstown, about whose growth a story appeared recently in The Sunday American, but neighboring towns as well—Helen, Brookton, Clermont and Cleveland.

It is at Helen that the overnight town was built, and not at Robertstown, as the story had it. Helen, named for the daughter of the president of the new railroad into that section, was laid down in the primeval forest, and now is a town with electric-lighted hotel and residences, waterworks and all the appurtenances of a modern city.

The new railroad is the Gainesville and Northwestern Railroad, which now has in operation 37 miles of track well constructed and laid with 60-pound rail, with modern depots being completed along the line of road between Gainesville and North Helen. Robertstown, an old settlement, now is known as North Helen, the name being changed by the railroad company.

The trains are operated by a telephone system, and are imposing affairs with their 75-ton locomotives. Stops are made at sixteen stations along the line.

Old Mill Theater Changes Its Policy

Whitehall Street Playhouse Under New Management Abandons Vaudeville for Moving Pictures.

The Old Mill, the Whitehall street motion picture theater, is under new management and will henceforth be known as Lynch's. With the new management an entire change of policy will be put into operation. There will be no vaudeville, but first-run feature pictures will be offered. The highest class entertainment will be afforded by Miss Verna Sterkx, violinist, and Al Johnson, character singer.

Semi-Annual Reductions

NOW IN FORCE ON

Regal Shoes

An unusual opportunity to buy Standard Shoes at a big saving. Original price stamped in every shoe.

FOR WOMEN

$3.50 and $4.00 Grades

Now $1.50 to $2.75

FOR MEN

$3.50 to $5.00 Grades

Now $2.25 to $3.60

Make your selections early, as the range of sizes and styles diminishes as the sale advances.

Regal Shoe Store

L. J. Wing, Proprietor. 6 Whitehall St.

THE "ICE KIST"



No Crank
No Dasher
No Handle
No Cogs
No Wheels
No Wood
No Hoops
No Hard Work

$1.95 POSTPAID 30 DAYS' TRIAL 2-QUART SIZE $1.95

PACK IT—THAT'S ALL

For the ICE-KIST all you have to do is to pour in the cream, sherbet or whatever refreshment it may be, and pack in the ice as in the ordinary freezer. Then the work is ended. There is ***no working a dasher, no turning a handle or crank, no straining*** your ***arms*** and ***back, no opening*** the freezer to "see" ***if*** it is freezing, ***no extra packing in of ice.*** All you do after packing is to open the freezer and serve the refreshment. It saves work, time, trouble and—***you.***

Perfect Freezing

The **Ice-Kist** has no dasher or crank because it has ***two freezing surfaces.*** The old-fashioned freezer had only ***one*** freezing surface—that is why a crank and dasher were necessary. The **Ice-Kist** has a metal freezing tube that extends directly through the cream to the bottom. This gives the two freezing surfaces. The cold penetrates from the ***center*** and from the ***outside,*** too. The cream is frozen with a smoothness that will delight you.



The Ice-Kist makes a beautiful and perfect-frozen mold.

Special 30-Day Offer

We want you to know the joy of having an Ice-Kist Crankless Freezer in your home. We will send it *post-paid* upon the return of the coupon together with $1.95—our introductory price. If after trying the ICE-KIST for 30 days, you are not delighted with it, return it and we will return the $1.95. Don't let the coupon get lost. Send it *NOW.*



Western Merchandise & Supply Co.,
326 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed is money order for $1.95. Please send the ICE-KIST CRANKLESS FREEZER for 30 days' trial.

Name.....

Address.....

.....Ex.

WHY FEEL TIRED? TRY LIVER EASE

Thousands Testify to the Superiority of Dr. Verdier's Liver Ease Over Calomel.

We want those who have not tried this great substitute for Calomel to try one bottle on our money-back plan if you are not thoroughly satisfied.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is guaranteed to do everything that calomel can do, and do it better and without any sick, bad after effects produced by calomel or refund your money.

DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE is sold and guaranteed by every druggist in town, 50c for a large bottle. It is pleasing to the taste, any child will drink it from the bottle readily and there will be none of the sick, bad after effects.

Ask your druggist to-day for a bottle of DR. VERDIER'S LIVER EASE; you need it in the house for the entire family. There is not a week that some of the family will not need at least one dose of this wonderful medicine. Get it to-day.

4 DAYS FROM TO-DAY PONY CONTEST ENDS

No One Is Certain of Victory and the Lowest Candidate To-day May Be a Leader To-morrow—Only Four More Days to Claim Prizes—Will You Be Among the Winners?—Success Is Within Your Grasp If You Will Only Realize the Fact and Prove Your Right to the Prizes By Your Efforts Now—"Dark Horses" Will Probably Come Fast During Last Days and Crowd Out the Too Certain Ones.

We have now entered the thick of the fight, the battle is on and when the smoke clears away on July 31, WHO WILL STAND FORTH AS VICTORS? Who knows? Victory is as liable to perch on the banner of one candidate as another and probably the candidate who is now hovering near the cellar championship, as the baseballists say, may be the one who will come so fast during the last few days that there will be no stopping him—he will sweep all before him and march triumphantly to his goal. This statement should be considered well by all candidates and especially those who may feel that there is no need for them to exert themselves during this time, as they are certain of victory. No one is certain of victory, and no one will be until all is over. You may be in the lead now and be reasonably sure in your own mind that no one can defeat you for the prize you want, but you do not know what efforts will be put forth before the close and while you rest apparently secure in the prospect of winning, your very nearest competitor will probably be working so energetically that the gap between you now will be closed up to allow victory snatched from your grasp when a little real effort during these seven days will win for you and any other candidate who fails to do his very best is liable to be without the charmed circle of winners on July 31, no matter how far in front he may be at present.

Present standings are not indicative of final results by a long way. Real effort NOW is going to swing the pendulum of victory or defeat and if you really desire one of those pony outfits or a pretty watch, now is your opportunity to win your selection.

Have you ever witnessed a horserace, where the favorite started out in front, passed the quarter and half poles away in front and then fell down during the last quarter, while the "rank outsider," now considered as a last place possibility, romped in ahead of the favorite? This illustrates perfectly what is just as liable as not to happen in the contest during these last few days. We don't say that it will happen, but such things have happened so often—the candidate is not given a chance to win by the "wise" ones—finally defeating all his rivals—that a similar occurrence in The American-Georgian campaign would not be surprising. Hence, we want to impress upon every candidate the necessity of doing his best before the finish overtakes you.

TWO MORE DAYS OF THE RED LETTER BALLOTS.

Just two more days and the Red Letter Ballot, which is the last special vote offer of the contest, will draw to a close. The work being done by the great majority of candidates proves that they appreciate their opportunities and are going to die hard. Those who have as yet done but little on this offer should lose no time in getting started. There is still time to secure its advantages and every vote secured is a step nearer success. uTesday night at 10 o'clock this offer will close and those who have failed to take advantage of this offer and these will be but few, will have missed a chance that may mean final defeat. Votes are the only things that will win for you and without these necessary things you cannot hope to win. Hence every one is worth securing and essential to success.

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS IN PONY CONTEST

District Number One.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Helen Brantley	208,100
George Rosser	207,415
Miss Frankie J. Smith	189,500
Josephine Simril	158,950
Miss Margaret Lewis	149,075
Hill McCalla	106,350
Wyman Conrad	102,350
Edgar Watkins, Jr.	100,790
Janet Oxenham	93,400
Miss Louise Thompson	79,160
Jacob Patterson	65,665
Miss Estelle Sullivan	45,370
Mollie Lee Kendall	42,800
Louise McAllister	36,205
Hugh B. Luttrell	20,200
Lucile Keadle	11,125

District Number Two.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be given a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Miss Elizabeth Garwood	180,925
Eugene Willingham, Jr.	179,870
Paul M. Clark	178,990
Miss Robert Harbour	177,845
Edmund Hurt	159,050
Miss Idele Shaw	142,105
Miss Lottie McNair	90,345
J. W. Collins, Jr.	80,950
Miss Virginia Jackson	80,385
Miss Marjorie McLeod	69,950
J. Edgar Sheridan	27,865
J. P. Tucker	21,250
Elsie Gosnell	16,360

District Number Three.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Charles L. Stevens	195,650
Willett Mathews	192,550
Mildred Brickman	163,980
J. P. Goets, Jr.	150,985
Miss Mary Wells	105,365
Miss Alma Coleman	26,900
Miss Mabel Bracewell	17,980

District Number Four.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidat in this district having fourth highest number of having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Florence Greenoe	225,385
Herbert Chapman	219,980
Fannie Mae Cook	218,600
Eleanor Raoul	202,350
Nathaniel Kay	146,230
Oscar Eugene Cook	134,850
W. H. Hamilton, Jr.	123,476
Myrtle Jones	94,425
H. L. W. Brown	49,300
J. Walling Davis	28,500
Miss Annie Graham	21,650
Vivian Broom	29,200
Wilhelmina Tucker	16,750
Miss Ida Bloomberg	15,805

District Number Five.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle complete, valued at $200.00.

To the candidate in this district having the third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.00.

To the candidate in this district having the fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Richard Rainey	136,810
Miss Margaret Le Feure	134,050
Frank Ison, Jr.	132,300
Emery Ward	101,935
Rosemund Humphries	70,710
Miss Louise Chewning	55,785
Harnden Thomas	43,920
Miss Francis Summers	36,575
John Baker Long	21,700
Kathlen Hunnicut	12,565

District Number Six.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Agnes Meara	152,300
William Turner	151,565
Edward DeLoach	150,325
Miss Beverly Swanton	149,900
Miss Susanne Springer	126,957
Edgar Wilson	38,395
Nathan Minsk	33,500
Fred Vickery	29,250
Grady Harris	25,965

District Number Seven.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, valued at $200.

To the candidate ir this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Henry Hull	119,300
George H. Melton	118,395
A. Morrison	116,950
Charles R. Walker, Jr.	105,200
Philip Glistein	89,850
James Allen	30,300
Lawrence McGinnis	26,100
Miss Inez Kimberly	14,200
Fannie Bettis	11,600

City Carriers and Newsboys.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a pretty gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Raymond Wilkinson	214,650
Ross Greer	210,955
Mose Brodkin	197,955
John Trimble	194,725
J. E. Moore	193,300
St. Leonard Veitch	150,275
Irvin Willingham	119,090
Harold Hamby	118,250
Roy Cook	100,250
Harold Turner	28,100
Royal Barbour	22,600
Norman Gooch	16,900
Powell Pendley	14,825
Sterlin Jordan	12,300
Everett J. Cain	10,400
Bonnell Bloodworth	5000
R. S. McConnell	3200

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga.	110,650
Lee Bowden, Athens	107,825
Leckie Maddox Newnan	105,750
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C.	103,650
M. E. Dash, Stone Mountain	98,450
Chas. E. Crawford, Chipley	98,450
Roy Johnson, Thomaston, Ga.	89,210
Thos. W. Rylee, Gainesville, Ga.	71,875
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga.	68,435
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga.	54,365
Chas. Barron, R. F. D., Atlanta	45,800
Ralph Turner, Opelika, Ala.	31,270
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga.	28,310
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga.	24,950
A. Stewart, Macon, Ga.	23,600
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga.	26,500
J. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga.	12,495
Angus Craft, Hartwell, Ga.	27,985
Sidney Wing, Decatur, Ga.	10,250

Georgia School Boys and Girls

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Ben Steinberg, Cartersville	126,805
Clifford Henry, Carrollton	123,850
Gertrude Mosley, Menlo	121,625
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee	122,850
Chas. E. Kelly, Cartersville	118,190
Ambrose B. Tribble, Lithonia	105,900
Margaret Danner, Doraville	97,300
R. C. Overstreet, Sylvania	71,425
John Logan, Gainesville	78,050
M. Means, Meansville	92,700
Patrick Jones, Macon	67,660
Blake Nichols, R. F. D., Atlanta	47,720
Nina Cohen, Woodcliff, Ga.	46,625
James Leak Reeves, Madison, Ga.	45,900
(Eillie) Wm. L. Campbell, Norcross, Ga.	43,900
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line	34,250
D. W. Spain, Talbotton, Ga.	30,605
Reginald Houser, Macon	39,945
Mary Allen, Macon	39,945
Paul Jossey, Forsyth	52,865
Elmer Towns, Social Circle	27,400
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville	26,900
Mary Caldwell, Chapley	26,545
Raleigh Wilkinson, Athens	26,100
Ennis Spinks, Chipley	22,900
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton	20,350
Cary Brazil	20,195
Esther Boorstein, Covington	20,450
Landrum Grey	16,300
Susie Glenn, Social Circle	17,800
Warner Webb, Griffin	11,525
Will Chapman, Whigman	10,950
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville	10,800
Belle Stowe, Toccoa	10,300

School Boys and Girls Outside of State of Georgia.

To the candidate in this district having the highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, cart and harness, complete, valued at $300.

To the candidate in this district having second highest number of votes will be awarded a Shetland pony, saddle and bridle, complete, valued at $200.

To the candidate in this district having third highest number of votes will be awarded a gold watch, valued at $15.

To the candidate in this district having fourth highest number of votes will be awarded a silver watch, valued at $7.50.

Fain E. Webb, Jr., Piedmont Ala.	126,350
McGee Hunt, Westminster, S.C.	125,390
Willie Finlay	121,800
Robert Hyatt Brown	128,325
Elmer Cooper, Greenville, S. C.	80,200
Lena Mae Smith, Knoxville, Tenn.	130,250
Miss Lyldia Bemley	31,400
Rodney Stephens, Abbeville, S. C.	45,380
Edmund A. Lively, Birmingham, Ala.	26,105
Ralph Turner	25,000
Miss Dorothy Davis	28,000
Geo. W. Chamlee, Chattanooga, Tenn.	21,500

Important Announcement

of interest to

BOOSTERS

in the

Hearst's Sunday American and Georgian Pony Contest

Who Will Win?

The Question of the Day: Red Letter Ballots Count Most

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 4,500 Votes

when accompanied with a 24-months' prepaid subscription ($4.00) by mail or carrier to the Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favor te

CUT HERE.

Go Out Among Your Loyal Friends and Have Them Give Your Campaign a Tremendous Boost by Subscribing With a RED LETTER BALLOT to HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CUT HERE.

RED LETTER BALLOT

Good for 2,000 Votes

when accompanied with a 12-months' subscription by carrier or mail ($2.00) or 800 Votes With a 6-months' ($1) subscription to Hearst's Sunday American.

Votes to be Credited to ....
Contestant's Name. Dist. No.

Subscriber's Name and Address .....

This ballot will be good until Tuesday, July 29th, 10 p. m. Void after that time and must be accompanied by cash. No schedule votes are allowed on these Red Letter Ballots.

Signed .....
Contest Manager.

Send to Contest Department and Boost Your Favorite

CUT HERE.

These Red Letter Ballots Will Not Be Accepted After 10 p. m., Tuesday, July 29

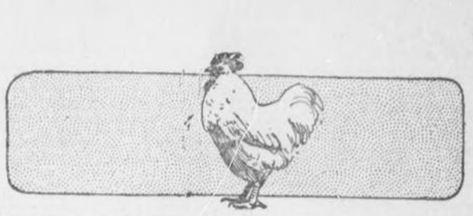
CONTEST CLOSES

Thursday, July 31st, at 12 o'Clock P. M.



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Real Estate, Want Ads, Financial



ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 27, 1913.

Want Anything?

TELEPHONE

Main / Atlanta 100

Telephone clerk will take your ad, and, if requested, assist you in wording, or will write the ad for you—that's his business. He will also make it as brief as possible to obtain the results desired. In order to accommodate customers accounts will be opened by phone, but you will make payments promptly after publication or when bills are presented by mail.

Classified Advertising Rates:

1 insertion .....10c a line
3 insertion ..... 6c a line
7 insertions .... 5c a line
30 insertions ....4½c a line
90 insertions .... 4c a line

No advertisements taken for less than two lines. Seven words make a line.

To protect your interests as well as ours, an order to discontinue an ad will not be accepted over the phone. Please make order to discontinue in writing.

TELEPHONE

Both Phones 100

LITTLE ADS THAT BRING BIG RESULTS

RAILWAY SCHEDULES.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

"PREMIER CARRIER OF THE SOUTH."

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF PASSENGER TRAINS, ATLANTA.

The following schedule figures are published only as information, and are not guaranteed.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
36	Birmingh'm ..12:01 am	36	New York....12:15 am
35	New York..... 5:00 am	29	Columbus .... 5:20 am
13	Jacksonville .. 5:30 am	13	Cincinnati .. 5:30 am
43	Washington .. 5:25 am	33	Fort Valley.. 7:15 am
12	Shreveport ... 6:30 am	35	Birmingh'm.. 5:50 am
16	Heflin ..... 8:20 am	7	Chattn'ga .... 6:40 am
29	New York..... 11:15 am	12	Richmond .... 6:55 am
8	Chatn'ga .....10:35 am	23	Kansas City.. 7:00 am
7	Macon .....10:40 am	16	Brunswick .... 7:45 am
12	Fort Valley...10:45 am	29	Birmingh'm 11:30 am
21	Columbus .....10:50 am	38	New York.....11:01 am
6	Cincinnati ....11:10 am	40	Charlotte ....12:00 n'n
29	Columbus .... 1:40 pm	6	Macon ..... 12:20 pm
30	Birmingh'm. .. 2:30 pm	13	Columbus .... 12:30 pm
40	Birmingh'm .12:40 pm	30	New York..... 2:45 pm
39	Charlotte ..... 3:55 pm	15	Chattn'ga .... 3:00 pm
8	Macon ..... 4:00 pm	38	Birmingh'm. 4:10 pm
37	New York..... 4:15 pm	39	Florence ..... 4:30 pm
15	Brunswick .... 7:50 pm	22	Columbus .... 5:10 pm
11	Richmond .... 8:30 pm	5	Cincinnati .... 5:10 pm
23	Kansas City.. 9:20 pm	33	Fort Valley.. 5:20 pm
16	Chatn'ga .... 9:45 pm	23	Heflin ..... 5:45 pm
19	Columbus .....10:20 pm	10	Macon ..... 5:30 pm
41	Fort Valley... 8:00 pm	44	Washington.. 8:45 pm
14	Cincinnati ....11:00 pm	24	Jacksonville.. 9:30 pm
25	Jacksonville .. 6:50 pm	27	Tallulah ..... 11:10 pm
17	Toccoa ..... 8:10 am	N	Jacksonville..11:10 pm

All trains run daily. Central time.
City Ticket Office No. 1 Peachtree St.

CHURCH NOTICES.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

FIRST Church of Christ, Scientist, Cable Hall, North Broad Street. Services, Sunday, 11 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; Wednesday evening testimonial meeting at 8 o'clock. Reading rooms at 615 the Grand, open daily, except Sundays and legal holidays, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., free to the public. 1-25-8

METHODIST.

ST. MARK—Corner Peachtree and Fifth Streets. A. M. Hughlett, A.M., LL.D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. 2-15-1

FUNERAL NOTICES.

POSTPONEMENT OF FUNERAL.

SLOAN—The friends and relatives of Mr. Robert M. Sloan, Mrs. Noda Bryson, of Kennedale, Texas; Dr. and Mrs. M. C. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Jackson and Mr. B. H. Mitchell, of Birmingham, Ala., are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Robert M. Sloan at Austell, Ga., tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon, July 27, 1913, at 4 p. m., from the First Presbyterian church. Rev. E. W. Russell will officiate. The following named gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the residence at 3:30 p. m.: Mr. Tom Strickland, Mr. J. D. Perkerson, Mr. R. M. Clay, Mr. H. C. Brown, Mr. W. B. Westmoreland, Mr. J. W. Westmoreland, Mr. F. A. Daniels and Mr. Cleve Davis. Flowers may be sent in care of Burkert-Simmons Company prior to 11 a. m. Sunday. Interment at Rose Hill. 7-26-12

SLOAN—The friends and relatives of Mr. Robert M. Sloan, Mrs. Noda Bryson, of Kennedale, Tex.; Dr. and Mrs. M. C. Martin, of Atlanta, Ga., Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Jackson, of Austell, Ga., and Mr. B. H. Mitchell, of Birmingham, Ala., are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Robert M. Sloan this (Sunday) afternoon, July 27, 1913, at 4 p. m., from the First Presbyterian Church, in Austell, Ga. Rev. E. W. Russell will officiate. The following named gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the residence at 3:30 p. m.: Mr. Tom Strickland, Mr. J. D. Perkerson, Mr. R. M. Clay, Mr. H. C. Brown, Mr. W. B. Westmoreland, Mr. J. W. Westmoreland, Mr. F. A. Daniels and Mr. Cleve Davis. Flowers may be sent in care of Burkert-Simmons Company prior to 11 a. m. to-day (Sunday). Interment Rose Hill. 7-27-51

All members of Atlanta Division No. 180 and Order Railway Conductors are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of our late Brother James M. Arrington, at 11:00 a. m., July 27. Interment at Kennesaw. Train leaves Union Station at 8:35 a. m. J. T. Lynch, C. C.; E. A. Warwick, Sec. 7-27-31

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO, IN EQUITY.

Continental and Commercial National Bank vs. Searchlight Gas Company. No. 170.

Public notice is hereby given that, pursuant to a decree entered in the above entitled cause on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1913, and pursuant to the ancillary decree entered on the ——— day of ———, 1913, in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia, all of the assets of the Searchlight Gas Company in the possession and control of the undersigned, as receiver of said Searchlight Gas Company, except cash in bank, will be sold at public sale at the premises of the Searchlight Gas Company, at Warren, Ohio, at 12 o'clock noon on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1913. Said sale will be made subject to the following terms and conditions, as provided for in said decree and said ancillary decree:

The successful bidder shall pay to the undersigned receiver at the time of such sale the sum of five thousand dollars ($5000) on account of his bid, in a certified check, payable to the order of the undersigned, and the balance shall

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

LEGAL NOTICES.

be paid immediately upon confirmation of the sale by the court, and if the bidder shall fail to make good his bid upon its acceptance by the undersigned, or shall fail to comply with the terms of purchase, then such sum shall be forfeited as a penalty for such failure; such sale shall be subject to confirmation by the court, and if the court shall not confirm the sale, for which the deposit has been made, such deposit shall be returned to the bidder, and the court reserves the right to resell the property upon such notice as the court directs.

The purchaser shall be entitled to a conveyance and delivery of the property within ten (10) days after the confirmation of the sale, and a report of the sale shall be made to the court within thirty (30) days from the date of such sale.

A summary of the property and articles to be sold, based upon the last inventory and appraisement of the undersigned, is as follows:

(a) The following described real estate, together with all buildings, improvements, plant and equipment connected therewith, located in the city of Warren, County of Trumbull, and State of Ohio, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $8,297,70:

Beginning at an iron pin in the easterly property line of the Erie Railroad, Mahoning division, said pin being the northwesterly corner of land of the Warren Board of Trade tract so called; also, said pin being the southerly corner of St. Marys Cemetery, thence north 56 degrees 2½ minutes east eight hundred and forty-seven and two tenths (847.2) feet along southerly boundary of cemetery to an iron gas pipe on the westerly boundary of a forty (40) foot highway, running parallel to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, P., P. and F. division, thence south 6 degrees 26¾ minutes east along said highway, two hundred and two-five and five-tenths (225.5) feet to an iron gas pipe; thence south 56 degrees 2½ minutes west seven hundred and sixty-five and nine-tenths (765.9) feet along a line parallel to the northwesterly boundary and two hundred (200) feet therefrom, at right angles to an iron gas pipe in the easterly boundary of said Erie Railroad, Mahoning division; thence north 27 degrees 26¼ minutes west along said Erie Railroad property line, two hundred and one and three-tenths (201.3) feet to the place of beginning. Reserving a strip of twenty feet in width along Erie Railroad to be used for highway and switch purposes.

Said parcel containing three and thirty-five one hundredths (3.35) acres of land.

(b) The following described real estate, together with all buildings, improvements, plant and equipment connected therewith, located in the City of Canton, County of Norfolk, and State of Massachusetts, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $7,500:

Beginning at the northwesterly corner of land of Frederick P. Drake at a corner of walls, thence running westerly by land of Drake 266.60 feet to a stake and land of Sarah J. Conant; thence northerly 36 minutes east by land of said Conant, 266.60 feet to a stake and land of Larra E. Wentworth; thence northeasterly on the wall by land of said Wentworth, about 450 feet to a stake and land of Alanson B. Bullock; thence southerly by land of said Bullock, land of Elizabeth Holway, and land of Jonathan Linfield, about 240 feet to a stake; thence easterly and southerly by land of said Linfield to a stake in the northerly line of Shepard Street; thence southerly across Shepard Street; thence southerly 3 degrees 20 minutes west by land of Herbert T. Seavey, about 450 feet to a stake on the bank of the brook; thence north 83 degrees 30 minutes west on the northerly side of the brook, and crossing the "division canal" 6 chains 75 links to a corner near the center of the brook; thence northerly 2 degrees 30 minutes east by land now or formerly of one Shepard, and crossing Shepard Street, 5 chains 31 links to the end of a wall; thence northerly 5 degrees east by land of said Drake, 2 chains 59 links to the point of beginning, containing seven and one-half acres more or less.

Specially excepting and reserving all rights of the public in said Shepard Street, including all benefits arising by virtue of an agreement for the division of the waters of Mosquito Brook, duly recorded in book 182, page 317.

(c) Two certain leasehold interests of lots 4, 5 and 8 in the County of Cook, Illinois, according to the unrecorded plat of Oscar Baur of that tract of land lying north of the west fork of the Chicago River and west of the east half of the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 35, Township 39, Range 13, lying and being near the intersection of Homan Avenue and Thirty-first Street in the city of Chicago, county aforesaid, together with all rights and interests of The Searchlight Gas Company in and to all buildings and improvements thereon inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $14,460.

(d) Leasehold interest in the premises in the County of Bexar, Texas, described as follows:

About 200 feet south of the south line of the property known as the Crest Home addition in said property, thence in an easterly direction about 400 feet to a drain or small ditch running diagonally to the property of the Hot Well Development Company, thence in a southwesterly direction along said drain to the San Juan Road aforesaid, thence along said San Juan Road to the place of beginning, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $1,100.

(e) The leasehold interest of the premises known and described as the easterly one-half of lot 8 in block 17 of Regent's addition to Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, together with the interests and rights of The Searchlight Gas Company in and to the buildings and improvements thereon and inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $2,679.02.

(f) The south half of the northwest quarter of Section 12, Township 146, north of Range 38, west of the principal meridians and situated in the County of Clearwater, State of Minnesota, and inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $1,386.10.

(g) Entire stock of tanks for automobiles, motorcycles and welding purposes, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $162,341.10.

(h) Entire stock of accessories, consisting chiefly of bands, connections, valves, gauges, etc., inventoried as of June 1 1913, at $31,495.20.

(i) Furniture and fixtures, located at the various places hereinafter described, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $8,290.05.

(j) Entire plant and equipment, consisting of tools, implements, machinery, etc., inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $8,461.47.

(k) One automobile, located at Chicago, Illinois, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $1,112.

(l) Eleven motor trucks, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $15,507.50.

(m) Accounts receivable for sales actually made, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $88,306.14.

(n) Accounts receivable for material on consignment, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $43,715.10.

All of the above described property is located at Warren, Ohio; Chicago, Illinois; Indianapolis, Indiana; Detroit, Michigan; Minneapolis, Minnesota; Clearwater, Minnesota; Portland, Oregon; Cleveland, Ohio; New York city, New York; Syracuse, New York; Buffalo, New York; Kansas City, Missouri; Dallas, Texas; San Antonio, Texas; Atlanta, Georgia; Jacksonville, Florida; Toronto, Canada; Boston, Massachusetts; Canton, Massachusetts, and Camden, New Jersey.

Any changes in the amount of tanks, merchandise, accessories or other material, or in the amount of the accounts receivable, from the above inventory, will be announced at the date of the sale, and at the settlement between the successful bidder and the undersigned, receiver, the successful bidder shall be required to pay an additional sum for the face of any additional accounts and notes, and, likewise, if the merchandise, accessories or material or the accounts receivable, or notes on hand at the time of the settlement, are less than the amount thereof announced at the

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

LEGAL NOTICES.

sale, the purchaser shall be entitled to a credit on final settlement equal to the diminished amount of such notes or accounts receivable, and equal to the price at which such merchandise may then be carried on the books of the receiver.

A detailed inventory of all of the above-named assets, both real and personal, and of the amount thereof located at each of the above-named places, and a copy of the decree authorizing this sale, above referred to, may be seen at the offices of the undersigned receiver, at room 1016, Karpen Building, Chicago, Illinois.

For a more particular description of the property to be sold, and the terms and conditions of the sale, reference is hereby made to the decree entered by the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio, in the above entitled cause on the 11th day of June, 1913.

HORACE B. PEARSON,
Receiver Searchlight Gas Company,
Karpen Building, Chicago, Illinois.
CALFEE & FOGG, Williamson Building, Cleveland, Ohio;
ROBERT C. & PHILIP H. ALSTON, Atlanta, Ga., Attorneys for Receiver. 7-12-1

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—I am a candidate for alderman from the Eighth Ward subject to the approaching city primary. Jno. S. Owens. 7-5-1

LOST AND FOUND.

HOLMES & SMITH—Get your suits cleaned and pressed by the Acme Tailoring Company, 226 Houston Street. 7-27-110

STRAYED from 62 East Merritts Avenue, one young Jersey cow, wearing a halter. Reward. Phone Ivy 5193. 7-27-108

LOST—One large Fox Terrier, black and white. During week of July 12th last seen going toward West End. Named Nogi. $15 reward. Jack Roberts, Guthman Laundry, or L. D. Hoppe, Ivy 1417 or Atlanta 393. 7-27-39

LOST—About 11:30 Thursday night, on Peachtree-Brookwood car or corner Whitehall and Mitchell, ladies' silver mesh bag containing small amount change. Reward if returned. Phone Ivy 6801. 79-27-7

LOST—Umbrella; one gold handle; make, S. H. B., on end round. Return to 57 Piedmont place. 93-27-7

LOST—Diamond and platinum bracelet, Friday afternoon, July 25, on Peachtree street, between Fourth and Fourteenth streets, or on West Fourteenth street. Suitable reward if returned to 509 Grant Building. 66-27-7

LEFT on East Point car Friday evening about 7:30 a pair of gold frame rimless spectacles in black case. Reward if returned to owner. Phone Ivy 5070-J or East Point 22. 7-27-22

LOST—At or between College Park and East Point, pocketbook containing three notes, one $580, one $540, given by Woodall Lumber Company, Fairburn, Ga., to T. F. Dodd and transferred to T. F. Dodd; also one note on John Laster for $150. Finder will be rewarded. Finder please leave at College Park Bank or write T. E. Dodd, Red Oak, Ga. This is also to notify all persons not to trade for any such notes. 53-26-7

STRAYED OR STOLEN—Bull bitch, about three months old; white, short ears; long tail; brown over each eye. Please call 62 Cooper or 2202-L, Bell phone Main 2202-L. 42-25-7

LOST—Tuesday, Forsyth Theater or downtown, gold and blue enamel brooch. Reward ½ Peachtree. 7-25-37

STRAYED or stolen, one dark red mare mule, from 39 Short Street. Mule has gray face. Finder. W. F. Holland, 39 Short Street. 7-24-20

LOST—One bay mare mule, blind in right eye. Finder call Atlanta phone 5640-M. 43-23-7

W. M. COX cleans all kinds of carpets, rugs a specialty. Ivy 3135-J, Atlanta 1818. 145 Auburn Ave. 7-20-81

LOST—Gold locket, monogram "F. R. G." Inside date 12-28-12. Finder will be well rewarded if returned to F. R. Graham, 2½ Walton street, city. 7-25-6

LOST—Bunch of keys, between Candler Building, Piedmont Hotel or Fair-Grant car. Reward. 123 Peachtree. 7-24-23

FINDER of camera in balcony of Grand Opera House Monday night will receive $2 reward on returning it to I. S. Mason ave., Edgewood. 27-24-7

LOST—Pair of eyeglasses, black cord attached, on Friday 18th. Reward if returned to No. 10 Williams street. 7-23-1

MOVED TO 130½ Peachtree St., opposite Candler Bldg., Tom Weaver, Tailor, established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing. 7-16-23

PERSONAL

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-45

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

MATRIMONIAL PAPER.

WITH descriptions of wealthy marriageable people; read marriage testimonials showing reliability; paper sealed 10c. MRS. BELL, 1815 Magnolia avenue, Los Angeles, Cal. 51-27-7

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

LADIES—Ask your druggist for Chichester Pills, the Diamond brand; for twenty years known as best, safest, always reliable; buy of your druggist. Take no other. Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills are sold by druggists every. where. 5-20-1

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

PERSONAL—Heirs wanted. The following persons or their heirs are wanted: John Beck (about 50 years), Alberta Beck (about 45 years), and George Beck (about 42 years), children of the late Johann O. Beck and his wife, Matilda, who lived formerly in Atlanta. Address Lawyer, Box J-807, care Georgian. 114-7-13

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

HAT SALE—Trimmed hats, $1.50 to $5.00; outing hats, 75c; imported horsehair hats, $4.98; black hats, maline and lace trimmed. Remodeling hats specialty, $1.50. Panamas cleaned. Mrs C. H. Smith, 115 Peachtree, next to Candler Bldg. 25-22-7

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL.

Will secure loan of five thousand dollars with ten thousand dollars Chamberlin - Johnson - DuBose Company stock for twelve months; interest payable semi-annually. Attractive rate. Book value of this stock over two thousand dollars per share.

CHARLES E. THOMPSON,
Stock Broker, Room 201 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga. 116-27-7

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

HAPPINESS—Is it worth one hundred dollars to you? Happiness absolutely guaranteed by my system of ethics. Enrollment only $10. Remit to The Helper, Box 363, Atlanta, Ga. 5-3-5

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

PERSONAL—Myrtle; don't answer letters. Will be in Atlanta next Saturday. Meet me. Sister. 144-7-13

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

PERSONAL—Will pay for address. I want address of Louis Manning, 35 years old, 5 feet 7 inches tall; light ruddy complexion; nose very prominent; weighs 180 pounds; worked in cotton mill; have good news for him. Address Uncle, Box F-408, care Georgian. 132-7-13

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

PERSONAL.

Four quarters and two half gold pieces, made in California 1853; very rare; exquisite. Room 201 Equitable Building. 120-27-7

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, home-like. Limited number of patients cared for. Home provided for infants. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor Street. 11-9-57

EAT Big "4" Peanut Butter sandwiches. 7-27-100

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

SERIOUS RESULTS come from trusses improperly fitted. John B. Daniel, at 34 Wall Street, has an expert fitter and it will cost you no more to have him fit you, and it means insurance. 6-24-19

EAT Buster Brown Bread; the best. 7-27-56

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

PERSONAL—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by anybody except myself. George J. Schumm. 138-7-13

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

MOVED TO 130½ Peachtree St., opposite Candler Bldg., Tom Weaver, Tailor, established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing. 7-16-14

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—Will either sell or rent my established house (fitted with guests), if taken at once. Reasons excellent. Address at once, P. O. 857, care American. 105-27-7

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FREE READING by stars on all subjects. Nothing kept back. Send birthdate dime. Address Frank Schuberger, Weir, Kans. 35-27-7

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

THE READING OF WANT ADS in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian means money to you.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

PERSONAL.

FACES READ by physiognomy. What are your best assets? Don't neglect finding this out in courtship or business. Written readings, only $2. The Helper, Box 363, Atlanta, Ga. 6-3-5

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

PERSONAL—Information wanted of any description concerning Minnie Hoffman, who resided in Decatur, Ala., previous to 1911. Address Investigator, Box B-607, care Georgian. 115-7-13

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

EAT Big "4" Peanut Butter sandwiches. 7-27-100

OWEN J. ALFORD—Please call General Delivery, Atlanta, for important letter. Good news. 7-20-4

EAT Buster Brown Bread; the best. 7-27-56

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

MATRIMONIAL.

WIDOW, 39, worth $50,000, would marry. B., Box 35, League, Toledo, Ohio. 61-27-7

HELP WANTED—MALE.

ACTIVE, ambitious representatives wanted immediately; unparalleled opportunity for permanent prosperity; good income assured. Full information and valuable book free. Interstate Realty and Brokerage Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 26-27-7

WANTED—Stenographer with knowledge of bookkeeping; young man preferred. Give references. Address P. O. Box 359, Gainesville, Ga. 7-24-11

WANTED — Solicitor for high-grade business. Can make $5 daily. Call at 70½ Peachtree street. Office 4-6. 7-23-5

GOVERNMENT examinations. Most thorough preparation $5. Returned if not appointed. Particulars free. American Civil Service School, Washington, D. C. 25-6-7

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, preferably with some experience in the machinery line, that is reasonably quick and accurate, also accurate at figures, to assist timekeeper half the time. Will pay $60 per month for bright young man. Address, stating age and experience, Box 3, care Georgian. 142-26-13

ANYBODY can earn $20 weekly raising mushrooms, entire year, in cellars, sheds, boxes, etc. Markets waiting. Free booklet. Hiram Barton, 333 West Forty-eighth street, New York. 60-27-7

WANTED—Installment furniture salesman at once. Must have experience, be absolutely temperate and be able to furnish good references. Write, stating age, salary and whether married or single. Address Installment, Box B-290, care Georgian. 131-7-13

WANTED—First-class, competent man, acquainted with delicatessen business; good salary. Must have good references. Address Delicatessen, care Georgian. 7-26-11

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS are easy to get. My free booklet Y-412 tells how. Write to-day—NOW. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. 7-2-1

WANTED—Painter for interior woodwork. Apply Ponce De Leon Apartments, Peachtree and Ponce DeLeon. 7-25-8

BE A DETECTIVE—Big pay, easy work, travel, wonderful oportunities. Write FIDELITY SERVICE, 839 Market street, Wheeling, W. Va. 48-27-7

WANTED—Man to travel for old established line. Salary, commission and expense money as explained in our offer and agreement. Experience unnecessary. J. E. McBrady & Co., Chicago. 54-27-7

WANTED—Men to handle in spare time accident insurance business. Big money made with little effort. Address Insurance, Box E-187, care Georgian. 148-7-13

WANTED—By three young men with permanent positions a nice, large, steam-heated furnished room in apartment. Address 1114 Candler Building by letter. 7-25-3

WANTED—First-class, experienced cabinet man for making casket shells. Atlanta Casket Company. 7-23-18

SALESMAN—Salary and expenses; experience unnecessary; permanent; general agency opening. Address Box B-150, care Georgian. 100-7-13

WANTED—Good bushelman, presser and cleaner, one who understands steam presser; state salary; no boozer. J. C. Robinson, Statesboro, Ga. 7-24-12

WANTED—Chauffeur; white; must be mechanic. Address Y. A. B., Box 852, care Georgian. 7-24-9

WANTED—Men to sell seeds to farmers and ornamental stock in towns. Apply at once. Address Seedsman, Box C-149, care Georgian. 152-7-13

WANTED—A good servant for about three weeks, one who can cook and chambermaid for small family while present cook is taking vacation; references required. Bell phone East Point 291-L. 7-26-15

WOMAN—Ambitious, energetic and refined, over 28; good character, possessing initiative and executive ability, free to travel when required; business experience unnecessary; permanent work; about $60 to start; give particulars or no attention. Address Unnecessary, care American. 101-26-13

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — PAINTERS FOR INTERIOR WOODWORK. APPLY PONCE DE LEON APTS., PEACHTREE AND PONCE DE LEON AVE. 7-27-119

WANTED—Experienced working foreman to take charge of motor repair shop. Must be familiar with all kinds of motor repair work and armature winding. Good wages. Steady work and a share of profits to right man. Address Garage, Box F-190, care Georgian. 145-7-13

WANTED—Railway mail clerks, $75.00 to $150 month. Details free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 49 F, Rochester, N. Y. 25-18-7

FIFTY fast messengers with or without wheels, $8 to $12 week. Miller's Minute Messenger Service, rear City Hall. We sell wheels on weekly payments. 7-2-29

YES, shave 10c, hair cut 15c, massage 15c, at 41 Marietta Street, 4 E. Mitchell, 115 Edgewood Avenue, 99 Whitehall, 52 Ivy. Best white workmen. Clean linen. Baths 15c. 6-21-5

WANTED — Machinist. First-class planer and lathe hands. Steady job and good wages. Address Manufacturer, Box G-214, care Georgian. 130-7-13

WANTED—One good salesman in Atlanta and vicinity to sell the best belt and harness dressing manufactured. Fine opportunity for a real good man. Salary and commission and expenses. References required. Address Belt Dressing, Box R-226, care Georgian. 101-7-13

PULLMAN porters wanted; give references. For information write P. O. Box 804, Atlanta, Ga. 5-4-31

WANTED—Men in every locality to open a cleaning, dyeing and pressing shop. Big profits. No capital required. Address Dryclean, Box D-148, care Georgian. 129-7-13

WANTED—Job press feeders. Empire Printing and Box Co., 553 Whitehall St. 7-25-1

WANTED—Three men to work in stave mill. Write Raymond Cooperage Company, Raymond, Ga. 7-25-2

FOR Colored Southern Automobile School, day and night classes. Corner Magnolia and Hulsey streets. 98-26-7

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; tools and position furnished. Atlanta Barber College, 10 E. Mitchell St.

FOR Colored Southern Automobile School, day and night classes. Corner Magnolia and Hulsey Streets. 114-27-7

WANTED—Young man stenographer for manufacturing plant. Salary $60. Good chance for promotion. Address P. O. Box 1564, Atlanta. 7-27-104

SOLICITORS wanted to call on automobile owners to secure contracts for patented tire remedy. Adopted by leading supply houses. Good commission. Active man can make big money. Kennesaw, 305 Third National Bank Building, Atlanta. 7-27-32

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. We teach you quickly, cheaply, thoroughly; tools furnished. We give you actual shop work and you keep half the receipts. Call or write Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie St. 26-26-7

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 1927½ Second Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.; 411 Cherry Street, Macon; Leonard Bldg., Augusta, or Broad and Marietta, Atlanta, Ga. 7-1-21

IF GLENNIE'S father will write home will receive financial assistance until good position secured. ANXIOUS NIGHT AND DAY. 111-27-7

WANTED—Young man with some experience in the printing business who has energy and ability for city salesman. Splendid opportunity for a hustler. Address P. O. Box 926, Atlanta, Ga. 109-27-7

WANTED—Three good farm hands for field work and flower garden. Apply in person, ready for work, to Kimball-ville farm, ½ mile from end of Houston street and Copenhill car line. 7-27-96

HILBURN HOTEL.

10 AND 12 WALTON ST.,
FOR gentlemen only; center of city, near new postoffice; rate 50c, 75c and $1.00. 5-21-10

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

COLORED WOMEN agents for wonderworking Palmer's Skin Whitener. Start own business. 100 per cent profit. $1.50 outfit free to responsible agents. Write to-day, giving references, Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga. 1-25-3

WANTED—Five young lady demonstrators at soda founts; ages 16 to 21. Positions permanent. 400 Temple Court Bldg. 103-27-7

WANTED—A German girl to nurse three-year-old child. Room on place. $5.00 per week. Apply Mrs. Logan Williamson, 10 Palmer Apartments, Peachtree Place. 7-27-72

Bright, capable ladies to travel, demonstrate and sell dealers; $25 to per week; railroad fare paid. Goodrich Drug Co., Omaha, Nebr. 6-1-37

WANTED—Colored woman to do cooking and housework. Apply Mrs. L. F. McCullough, 37 N. Moreland Ave. 7-26-16

LADIES—Profitable, permanent and pleasant traveling positions for ladies between 25-45 with slight knowledge of music; maximum remuneration; no competition; not books; absolutely no house to house work; experience desirable, though not necessary; splendid territory open; an old established firm occupying own building. Address Building, No. 3, care Georgian. 130-26-13

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

FIRST-CLASS COOK; room on lot; require reference. Apply at 1133 Peachtree. Phone Ivy 308. 41-23-7

WANTED—Experienced white maid at Hotel Ansley. Apply to Mrs. Scott, housekeeper. 7-24-26

WANTED—Girl for general housework, plain cooking, very small washing. Family of three adults. Mrs. Long, Box W-61, care American. 285-27-7

WANTED—Millinery saleslady familiar with meeting and selling exclusive trade. Good Chance, Box 59, care American. 291-27-7

HELP WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE.

WANTED—Big commissions for men and women who can sell lots. Best advertised, best selling proposition in Atlanta. See us quick. Greater Atlanta Realty Company, 608 Grant Building. 7-27-55

WANTED,
Cotton Mill Help
ALL KINDS.
High Wages.
Fulton Bag & Cotton Mills,
Atlanta, Ga.

6-17-7

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—First-class cook. None but first class need apply. Bring references. Apply 350 Ponce DeLeon Avenue. 52-25-7

WANTED—Experienced white nurse. Year-old baby. References required. Apply 18 West Fourteenth street or phone Ivy 6962. 40-25-7

WANTED—Lady stenographer from 8 to 12 o'clock every day except Sunday, to answer letters, keep light set of books, attend to advertising and do general office work. Apply by letter only. Kimballville Farm, R. F. D. 4, Atlanta. 7-27-89

LADIES, make shields at home; $10 per 100. Work sent prepaid to reliable women. Particulars for stamped addressed envelope. Eureka Co., Dept 107 C, Kalamazoo, Mich.

MAKE big money at home stitching handkerchiefs; spare time or steady. Work anywhere. Send 4c postage for sample and prices. Arabian Supply Co., Cleveland, Ohio. 56-27-7

WANTED—At once, several rapid, experienced TYPISTS; neat appearing; no others need apply. B. M. Murphy, 179 Edgewood Avenue. 70-27-7

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS OPEN TO WOMEN. Write for free list. Franklin Institute, Dept. 602-F, Rochester, N. Y. 42-27-7

WANTED—A good hairdresser and manicurist; steady work and good pay. References. Address Hairdresser, Box T-306, care Georgian. 102-7-13

WOMEN—Of refinement, with selling ability, over 30 years of age, to travel in North calling on old customers; expenses and commission. A. J. X., care Georgian. 140-26-13

WANTED—Saleswoman, experienced in house to house demonstration. Can make good income by representing large manufacturing concern. Address Saleswoman, Box V-245, care Georgian. 127-7-13

WOMEN—Established corporation wants neat, intelligent and reliable women about 30, as traveling solicitors and district managers; experience not necessary. Box C. X. E., care Georgian. 144-26-13

WANTED—

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

BUS OPPORS.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN — d.

MALE HELP WANTERD.

WHY LONGER endure inside drudgery? Be our representative doing outside, healthful work. Own boss. $20 daily profit not unusual. Experience unnecessary. G. Macy, sales manager, 640 Lydia street, Chicago. 28-27-7

GOOD opening for a live, hustling real estate salesman of experience with old firm. Attractive proposition. Real Estate, Box 39, care Georgian. 7-27-98

IMPORTERS of Household and Art Linens want A-1 Salesman who has established trade with Dry Goods and Premium Houses in Atlanta and surrounding territory. To an experienced man who can furnish first-class references we will make good proposition. Room 912 Boyce Bldg., Chicago. 7-27-35

BIG MONEY in our raincoats. Live agents and dealers can secure exclusive agency for the greatest guaranteed line of raincoats in America; exclusive styles. Big profits and no competition. Write to-day. Motor Tailoring Company, Jefferson and Congress Streets, Chicago. 32-27-7

SALESMEN—We have an opening for a live salesman who can sell coffee and grocery sundries South Side territory; also one for North Side. Prefer men who are now covering this trade for wholesale grocery house. State age, experience and give references. Salary and commission. Salesmen, Box C-32, care American. 124-26-13

SALESMAN—High-grade, for designing, mechanical engraving, and photo engraving; applicant must have made good elsewhere, and have established trade; to such a man will pay $30 to $50 per week. In replying, state experience and approximate amount of your annual sales. Replies strictly confidential. Address Established Trade, care Georgian. 127-26-13

EVERYBODY uses dry goods. Our attractive remnants at bargain prices are best sellers everywhere. For agents and storekeepers. Remnant Store, 1321 Linn Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. 31-27-7

SALESMAN—To travel, arrange for and manage demonstrations in department stores. Carry your own goods and collect from merchants. Answer Store, Box 6, care Georgian. 114-26-13

WANTED—Salesman for high grade line of ciders and vinegars. Exclusive or side line. Liberal commissions, with weekly settlements. Fine opening for good man. References required. Burr Mfg. Co., Richmond, Va. 33-25-7

WANTED—Drug salesmen to sell a high grade line of toilet preparations as a side line; liberal commission; quick sellers; established twenty-five years. Answer Liberal, Box J, care Georgian. 136-26-13

PORTRAIT AGENTS—Send your work direct to artist and get better work. We get order out on time. Prices to suit your trade. Stevens Bros., 23½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta. 3-27-35

AGENTS—Just out. Hot weather sellers; self-heating iron; 1c does a week's ironing; light in weight; low priced; credit given. Sample free to workers. Address Iron, care American. 104-26-13

EXPERIENCED agents, crew managers, sell from factory complete nine-piece aluminum cooking sets; less than half price, besides give customer $2 value certificate free. 100 per cent profit. Aluminum Factories, LaGrange, Ill. 30-27-7

WANTED—Three or four high grade salesmen to sell finished lots. Five minutes north of Five Points. I pay 40 cash for the sale of each lot. Reeves & Moran, 702 Empire Bldg. 7-22-8

AGENTS—Here's what they all want; concentrated beer tablets; makes genuine beer by adding water; not near-beer—the real article; carry goods right in pocket; enormous demand; large profits. Write to-day. Beer, Box 4, care American. 122-26-13

RELIABLE MEN and women agents wanted to sell our specialty; big money easily earned. Write to-day. L. P. O., Box 802, Atlanta, Ga. 7-24-8

LADIES, make $15 to $25 weekly handling our ladies' sanitary specialties. Positive necessities. Quick sales. Light to carry. Write to-day. Madam Therme, woman's department, 222 North Desplaines, Chicago. 29-27-7

SALESMAN—Clean cut, ambitious, thoroughly experienced in road work, to handle high grade line of goods sold to jobbers, dealers and consumers; salary, expenses and bonus on sales; house well established and perfectly reliable. Address Reliable, care American. 105-26-13

AGENTS—$500 monthly. Tremendous demand now for Woodward Power Tire Pump. Latest auto accessory. Agents "cleaning up" everywhere. Quick action necessary. Get busy! Woodward & Son, Nicholas Bldg., Toledo, Ohio. 52-27-7

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS make 500 per cent profit selling our new "ILLUMINATED DAY AND NIGHT GOLD SIGNS." Sell everywhere. Experience unnecessary. Samples 10c. Particulars free. SULLIVAN CO., 1234 Van Buren street, Chicago, Ill. 50-27-7

AGENTS, would you take steady job making $30 weekly, with opportunity to be district manager at $3,000 yearly? No experience required. My goods are snappy self sellers. Make big money quick by writing me to-day. Learn about our $1,000 contest. E. M. Davis, president, 786 Davis Block, Chicago. 27-27-7

AGENTS—Biggest and fastest latest seller. Patented reservoir oil mop, exclusive design. Free advertising helps make big sales. Sample free; credit given. Thomas Mop Co., 4529 Hopper street, Dayton, Ohio. 55-27-7

HIGH-CLASS salesmen wanted to sell quick selling auto attachment; makes motor start easy. Guaranteed to save 25 per cent in gasoline. Exclusive territory if desired. B. W. Torrance, 702 Candler Building, Atlanta. 71-27-7

STOCK SALESMEN wanted in every State by company whose business covers entire South. Good proposition. P. O. Box 527, Atlanta. 7-27-26

SIDE LINE, pocket samples; ten minutes, $10 commission; high-grade men only; no other need apply. Advertising Novelty Company, Newton, Iowa. 25-27-7

LOCAL representatives wanted in every section of Georgia and South Carolina to handle PREST-O-CEAL patented tire remedy. Every automobile should have it. Good contract to right party. Prest-O-Ceal, 305 Third National Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. 7-27-13

AGENTS—Wonderful opportunity; act quick. Sell "Ambrew" Concentrated Beer Extract. Makes genuine beer by adding water. Strictly legal. Enormous profits. Large sales. Send postal to-day and we'll show you how to make money quick. The Ambrew Company, Dept 2500, Cincinnati, Ohio. 37-27-7

SALESMAN—Experienced in any line, to sell general trade in Georgia. Unexcelled specialty proposition. Commission contract. $25 weekly for expenses. Vacancy August 1. Continental Jewelry Company, 347-30 Continental Building, Cleveland, Ohio. 62-27-7

AGENTS—"Nomelt," original, guaranteed, scientific ice saver; wonderful seller. Big money. Exclusive territory. Sample, particulars, 10c. Guarantee Waterproofing Company, Established 1909, 12 East Twelfth Street. 59-27-7

SALESMEN—Do you want $10 a day side or main line retail and punch board deals? Ten propositions. American Factories Company, St. Louis. 5-18-1

AGENTS can make big money handling our specialties. House-to-house canvassers wanted. Exclusive territory now open for hustlers. Address Elgin, P. O. Box 371, Atlanta. 6-29-3

AGENTS make big money and become sales managers for our goods, establishing growing business of their own. Fast office sellers. Fine profit. Experience unnecessary. Particulars free. Office Equipment Co., Albany, Ga. 7-13-253

SALESMAN of the "make good" kind, those who can get the order after the order chaser sales, can make permanent connections with a high-grade corporation calling on automobile owners. H. Box 44, care Georgian. 107-26-13

WANTED—Agents, salesmen and all who wish to make money, to send name and address to Thomas & Co., Box 249, Columbus, Ga. 36-27-7

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—$60 per week. No investment or experience necessary. Write for my big union tailoring proposition. P. W. Goodman, president, Regal Building, Chicago. 34-27-7

EARN good pay copying addresses. Particulars six stamps. Hinchey, 345, Middleport, N. Y. 31-25-5

WANTED—Agents, male or female, get in touch with us and begin selling the most salable line on the market. Brown, Box C-12, care American. 219-27-7

WANTED—Salesmen, gilt edged proposition, backed by experienced bankers; money-maker. Bank stock. Loan Company, care American. 202-27-7

WANTED—Agents, just out, act now, article costs you 75c, sells for $1.50; regular price $3. White H. W., Box 4, care American. 238-27-7

WANTED—Agents for staple article, sells like wildfire; big commission. Novelty, Box 16, care American. 240-27-7

WANTED—$10 per day made selling lots in our lot subdivision. Land Co., Box D-17, care American. 203-27-7

WANTED—Hustling salesman to sell automobile oil to private parties. Good proposition for a real salesman. Oil, Box 18, care American. 246-27-7

WANTED—Lady agents to sell our sanitary device to women. Big profits. For particulars, address Specialty Co., care American. 253-27-7

WANTED—Agents, Legitimate substitute for slot machines. Patented. Sells on sight for $1. Particulars, Box R-26, care American 299-27-7

WANTED—Everybody uses dry goods. Our attractive remnants at bargain prices are best sellers everywhere. For agents and storekeepers. Remnant Store, care American. 204-27-7

WANTED—A high class experienced salesman for retail cigar store; good salary; steady position. Must have good reference. Address A, Box 359, care American. 221-27-7

WANTED—Stock salesmen and saleswomen, experience unnecessary. Best proposition. Stock, care American. 233-27-7

WANTED—Agents, make $10 daily, with our new, fast-selling household article. Send for free particulars. Sales Co., Box 73, care American 266-27-7

WANTED — High-class subdivision salesman who owns machine, man capable of making $500 to $2,000 per month preferred. Address Y, Box 664, care American. 291-27-7

WANTED—Salesmen, demonstrators and agents, city and country, 40 per cent commission, good seller to auto owners, office buildings, etc. Box Z-31, care American. 205-27-7

WANTED—Big profits for you. New confection. 5c package costs you 1c. Machine, instructions complete, $7.50 prepaid. Candy, Box 32, care American. 291-27-7

WANTED—Use your spare time to build up a mail order business of your own. We help you start for a share in profits; 27 opportunities. Particulars free. Opportunities, Box 25, care American. 283-27-7

WANTED—Canvassers, have something new. Every one buys. Large commissions for good men and women. Mr. Black, Box 101, care American. 294-27-7

WANTED—Salesmen, experienced, selling hotels and apartment houses, or experienced in real estate; good opening for hustler. Address X. Y., Box 403, care American. 206-27-7

WANTED—Don't accept an agency until you get my samples and particulars. Money-makers. Box 42, care American. 292-27-7

WANTED—Agents, learn about the profits made supplying perfumes to families. Address Perfume, care American. 211-27-7

WANTED—Salesmen by the largest lace and embroidery manufacturers. Liberal arrangements, rare opportunity. Can be handled as side line. Williams, Box E-126, care American. 284-27-7

WANTED—Lady agents, best reducing corset made, and other popular models. Large profits. Corset Co., care American. 263-27-7

WANTED—Agents, something new at last. 100 per cent profit. Address Supply Co., Dept 5, care American. 208-27-7

WANTED—Good live stock salesman. Liberal commission. Fine proposition. Sales Manager, care American. 249-27-7

WANTED—Intelligent people who need an income, start a mail order business at home; I began with $5 and made $10,000 the first year. Wilson, Box 89, care American. 219-27-7

WANTED—Six solicitors for a high-class proposition. Beaudry, Box 88, care American. 213-27-7

WANTED—Lady and gentleman solicitors; big commission paid. Box G-121, care American. 208-27-7

WANTED—A high class salesman for high class property. Good commissions and quick money. Gregg, Box R-19, care American. 200-27-7

WANTED—Experienced collector and solicitor in collection agency. Box R-18, care American. 293-27-7

WANTED—Agents, 70c profit, new aluminum proposition. Big demand. Your territory open. If interested write at once. Soloman, Box 39, care American. 207-27-7

AGENTS AND SALESMEN.

WANTED—Salesmen and agents to sell an article to the auto owner for $5 that others are selling for $15 and $20. Box S-18, care American. 210-27-7

WANTED—Two live men to sell stock in a large manufacturing proposition. Ready market for product. Represent-ative men on the board. Good commission to right man. Restricted territory. Kornfeld, Box 64, care American. 236-27-7

WANTED—Stock salesman. Friday will be August 1. Can you meet your obligations? Be careful and not be compelled to eat in cafeterias beyond that date. Sales Manager, Box 400, care American. 239-27-7

WANTED—Easy selling sideline. Traveling men can easily increase their income by calling on retail millinery and department stores with our proposition; 50 per cent commission on first orders; 25 per cent on repeat orders. No big samples. Write quick for details. Millinery, Box T-14, care American. 241-27-7

WANTED—Agents, salary or commission. Greatest seller yet. Every user of pen and ink buys on sight. 200 to 500 per cent profit. One agent's sales $620 in six days; another $52 in two hours. Monroe, X-209, care American. 248-27-7

FREE SAMPLES—No-Splash Water Strainers are winners for agents; both sexes; daily profit $5 upward. Let us prove it. Filter Company, Box T-26, care American. 290-27-7

WANTED—Good men and women solicitors. Local and out of town. An especially good proposition. Address A, Box 341, care American. 211-27-7

WANTED—Stock salesmen; want fifteen high-class stock salesmen, best selling side of highly indorsed proposition offered the investing public; going concern; will stand rigid investigation. Indorsements alone will sell it. Early. Box U-22, care American. 285-27-7

EVER had experience selling goods? Could you sell a gold dollar for 100 cents? If so we can use you. Must be industrious, of good appearance, male or female. Hustlers only. McIntire, Box V-116, care American. 204-27-7

WANTED—Three real salesmen; men who have ambition to make a permanent connection with old established firm on high-grade nationally advertised specialty, sold to all classes of retail trade in towns and smaller cities. Producers can connect with $3,000 annually or better more than expenses. References and bond required. Address C, Box 401, care American. 212-27-7

WANTED—Agents; $500 monthly; tremendous demand now for Power Tire Pump. Latest auto accessory. Agents "cleaning up" everywhere. Quick action necessary. Get busy. Nicholas, Box 42, care American. 299-27-7

WANTED—Salesman; capable specialty man. Staple line. NEW AND EXCEPTIONAL terms. Vacancy August 1. Attractive commission contract. $35 weekly for expenses. Miles, Box 44, care American. 247-27-7

WANTED — High-grade automobile salesman to sell light delivery trucks on commission basis. Very liberal terms made to purchasers. Will allow good commission to capable salesman. Vance, Box 41, care American. 297-27-7

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

AGENTS—Hurry! Season is on; $1.75 profit each sale; thousands will buy during next sixty days; biggest summer seller ever put out. The new "Easy" self-heating sad iron. Tired, warm women grab it like drowning man at straw. One minute's demonstration does the work. J. A. Mauler's profit first month, $250. Our agents are piling in the orders. We fill them same day. It's a winner. Drop everything. Get in for a whirlwind campaign. Make money fast. You can't beat the "Easy" for a summer seller. Write quick for sample and terms. The money is waiting for you. Address Money, Box 64, care American. 129-26-13

SALESMEN—Full time or side line; pocket samples; big repeat business; proposition appeals to merchants in all classes of trade; brand new. Those capable of earning $50 to $75 weekly, address Capable, Box C, care American and Georgian. 128-26-13

SALESMEN—Splendid sideline for salesmen selling on retail and wholesale drug trade, department stores and jobbers; pocket samples; liberal commission. Peerless, C-96, care American. 143-26-13

SALESMEN—High-grade, who know their services are worth at least $75 per week and can present a high-class proposition to parties already interested; successful stock or bond salesmen preferred. Answer Bonds, care Georgian. 100-26-13

SALESMAN—Traveling, to sell dry goods specialties; also blankets and flannels to retail merchants; excellent sideline; liberal commission. L. J. X., care Georgian. 119-26-13

SALESMEN—To sell our fine line of calendars, fans, leather, aluminum, pencil and advertising novelties; sell the year around. Exclusive territory. Liberal compensation. Calendars, C, care American. 135-26-13

WELL-ESTABLISHED importing house can use one more man of exceptional ability; he must be a real salesman to call upon the highest class of individuals; a man of education and retail dry goods experience preferred; pay liberal commission to right and industrious party; state past experience and references. Box 99-C, care Georgian. 112-26-13

HAND VACUUM CLEANERS.

PATENTED and guaranteed; more than 200,000 satisfied customers in United States and Canada; best known vacuum cleaners on the market; new metal flexible spring adjusting nozzle—most modern sweeper type vacuum cleaner ever built. Agents wanted in all territories. Write for circulars and booklets. Address G., Box 66, this paper. 116-26-13

CUT OUT hard work, fakes or articles that sell only once; sell chewing gum to dealers; clean, profitable business built up quickly with our new brands; all flavors; novel packages. Write Flavors, Box C, care Georgian. 100-26-13

WANTED—Salesman to sell our custom made shirts and underwear in Georgia on commission basis. Kelly Shirt Co., 317-319 Bond Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich. 7-25-12

SALESMEN WANTED—Have new process lightweight article to sell department stores, premium houses and novelty shops; every prospect buys on sight; a winning side line; strong enough for main line to the energetic man; state present line carried, territory covered and furnish references in reply. Address Premium House, Box 6, care American. 132-26-13

AGENTS—Double your income selling guaranteed knit goods for largest manufacturer in America. Write for free outfit and particulars of greatest money-making proposition ever offered. Income, Box 638, care Georgian. 145-26-13

WANTED—Agents, 250 per cent profit. Wonderful little article. Sells like wildfire. Can be carried in pocket. Write at once. Mathews, Box 40, care American. 286-27-7

WANTED—Salesmen; men and women who are good hustlers can make from $200 to $1,000 in the next sixty days placing the best proposition ever presented to the investor. For full information apply to Porter, Box C-704, care American. 284-27-7

WANTED—Agents make $5 to $10 a day; auto specialty; sells at sight; every auto owner buys. Write for particulars. Perfecto, Box 701, care American. 219-27-7

WANTED—Agents; our proposition commands big profits; close personal salesmen. Returns are surprisingly remunerative. Evidence of value for accident insurance confronts you daily, thereby reducing the need for special effort. Investigate. Insurance Company, Box 703, care American. 210-27-7

WANTED—Agents; four-in-one four-in-hand. Something new. Twelve colors, five styles. Big seller. Good profit. Handsome leatheret pocket folder outfit. Milton, Box 697, care American. 298-27-7

WANTED—Salesmen; full time or side-line. Pocket samples. Big repeat business. Proposition details to merchants in all classes of trade. Brand new. Those capable of earning $50 to $75 weekly preferred. Manufacturing Company, Box 696, care American. 239-27-7

WANTED—Agents to handle Agnine Complexion cream; sold across the counters for the past thirty years. Hundreds of indorsements from all parts of the country. We have now decided to give it national advertising. Complexion Cream, Box 695, care American. 240-27-7

WANTED—Let me pay you $50 monthly. Only ten minutes of your time daily required. All work done in your home. No canvassing. No capital. Also show you how to start mail order home business. Box R-694, care American. 213-27-7

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads, 3 lines 1 time, 10c; 3 times, 20c; 7 times, 40c.

POSITION WANTED by bright, willing boy, sixteen; office preferable. Address D, Box 97, city Georgian. 127-27-7

SITUATION WANTED—By middle-aged, experienced bookkeeper; have small family; compelled to have employment at once; can furnish A-1 references. Address G. R. W., 55 West Harris Street, Atlanta, Ga. 107-27-7

WANTED—Position on gentleman's country place as working foreman. Am trained in care of automobile, motor boats, horses, landscaping or anything connected with such a place. No liquor, no tobacco. References from best families. Foreman, Box 26, care American. 200-27-7

BOOKKEEPER, general office man, number years' experience, open for position. Address H., Box 96, care Georgian. 85-27-7

POSITION WANTED.—Hotel manager or clerk; experienced in American and European hotels; front or back; any position; moderate salary to start. Box 162, Demorest, Ga. 44-27-7

WANTED—By young man, 20, with no bad habits, position with reliable firm, where there is chance for advancement. Have had three years experience general office. Reference, present employer. A. N. S., Box 101, care Georgian. 65-27-7

ADVERTISER—First-class salesman seeks situation dry goods, furniture, shoes, etc.; wholesale or retail. Turnbull, 72 Washington St. 42-26-13

WANTED—Position by a first-class, experienced suit saleswoman; best of reference given. For further information, address M. S., care General Delivery, Macon, Ga. 41-26-7

LINOTYPE OPERATOR—Address or wire Linotype Operator, care Columbia Sentinel, Harlem, Ga. 25-26-7

WANTED—Position by bright young man; office work preferred; can give good references. Address J. E. B., Box 38, care Georgian. 27-26-7

BOY wants job to care for an invalid man; well experienced. Call Atlanta 3216. 48-25-7

SITUATION WANTED—In drug store, or to run small drug store in small place. Young man, single, registered, eight years' experience; best reference; moderate wages; no bad habits. Address Box W-181, care Georgian. 112-7-13

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

YOUNG MAN, 22, good education, just finished stenographic course, has knowledge of bookkeeping, wants position at once. V. J. M., 10½ West Mitchell. 47-25-7

A FIRST-CLASS man cook wants a job cooking for small family. Address Cook, care Greggs, rear 90 Houston street. 46-25-7

HONEST, reliable colored man wants position in private family or butler, or houseman. Can do plain cooking. Address S. M., 293 Auburn ave. 44-25-7

WANTED—Position by boy who understands office work; age sixteen. Can give good references. C. L. Seacord, 631 Whitehall street, Atlanta. 27-25-7

WANTED—Position by a young man who has had experience in real estate and also loan business; salary or commission. Address A, Box 309, care American. 209-27-7

BY YOUNG MAN from country, willing to work for advancement; best reference Address G. J. M., care Georgian. 36-25-7

STENOGRAPHIC and assistant bookkeeping position desired at once. R. A. P., 138 Crew street. 35-23-7

WANTED—Position at once; prefer railroad work, but would do any honorable work; aged 21; can give references. Address J. H., care Georgian. 43-24-7

COLORED man wants a job as butler in private family. Address P. S. Mattox, Elberton, Ga. 45-23-7

EXPERIENCED male stenographer, 24 years of age, desires to make a change. Address C. E. S., care Sunday American. 89-27-7

SITUATION WANTED—Young man, age 18, capable and reliable, two years with last employer, wants place with substantial firm where there is a chance of advancement. Address Box M-719, care Georgian. 113-7-13

EXPERIENCED colored man, 33 years old, wants work as janitor or porter; give good references as to honesty, reliability and habits; no Sunday work. Address L. T. A., 131 Markham street (rear). 29-24-7

WANTED—Gentleman of culture and extensive travel is open to engagement as companion to elderly gentleman for fall and winter. South Seas, Hawaii or the Orient preferred. Reasonable. Address Y, Box 564, care American. 295-27-7

SITUATION WANTED—By thoroughly competent gent's furnishing and clothing salesman. Would like a chance by August 15. Can furnish best references. Employed now. Address Box Z-175, care Georgian. 136-7-13

WANTED—Position at once; prefer job as butler or janitor; can give good reference. Call or address George Ellis, 172 Orme St. 47-23-7

SITUATION WANTED—An American young man, 21, speaking and writing Spanish fluently, desires position with manufacturing concern. Any respectable position considered. Address Box S-630, care Georgian.

BOY WANTS job helping cook and do housework. Phone Atlanta 3216. 42-23-7

WANTED—Young man wants work tracing or plotting maps or doing surveying, calculating. Have had experience. Best references. Surveyor, Box 24, care American. 248-27-7

SITUATION WANTED—By auto tire repair man; six years' experience in some of the largest shops in the country. Know the position thoroughly and know how to show a profit. Address Box L-401, care Georgian. 119-7-13

COMPETENT bookkeeper, best references, married, desires permanent situation immediately. Address J. H., Georgian. 26-23-7

WANTED—Position by ex-New York coachman and chauffeur, with private family where good, careful driving, economy, sobriety and courtesy will be appreciated; married, aged 40, one child. Kirby, Box X-20, care American. 294-27-7

WANTED—Position by young man with four years' experience as stenographer, bookkeeper and cashier; now employed. Address F., Box 60, care Georgian. 30-23-7

WANTED—Position by bright young man; office work preferred; can give good references. Address C. E. B., Box 38, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—By thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and mercantile man; capable of managing a business; A-No. 1 reference; age 31, married; steady, moral; at present holding good position in Florida. Desires to make change. Write me. I may be the man you want. Address Box O-201, care Georgian. 134-7-13

WANTED—Plumber, all-round man, 30 years old, would like steady position with building company, or corporation, long experience. Address J, Box 67, care American. 296-27-7

WANTED by a reliable colored man, position as janitor or porter. Five years' experience. Understands steam heat and hot air furnaces. Can furnish good references. Address C. Thomas, 34 Carter St. 38-22-7

SITUATION WANTED—By well-educated German, 31 years, speaks four languages, with eight years' experience in office work; competent bookkeeper; wants permanent office position or as salesman. Will accept position with good possibilities for a trial month. Address Box U-701, care Georgian. 120-7-13

SITUATION WANTED—Experienced window trimmer and show card writer wants position by middle of August or first of September. I am also experienced in gent's furnishing goods. Will work inside when not busy with the windows. Can furnish the best of references. Address Box Y-710, care Georgian. 111-7-13

WANTED—Highly educated Spanish young man desires position. Graduated bookkeeper, some stenography. English, Spanish, some French and Italian. Meneces, Box 22, care American. 201-27-7

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads, 3 lines 1 time, 10c; 3 times, 20c; 7 times, 40c.

POSITION by lady steno-bookkeeper; ten years' experience; best of reference as to efficiency and character. Call Ivy 5748-J at once. 128-27-7

WANT POSITION as maid or cook for small private family. Louise Williams, rear 58 E. Harrison St. 81-27-7

WANTED—Position by lady as companion for children or elderly couple. Address Anxious, care Georgian. 82-27-7

YOUNG lady wants position as cashier, typist or assistant bookkeeper; two years' experience. Address Miss A. Z., 12 W. Baker street, Ivy 6220-J. 102-27-7

YOUNG lady desires position; good penman; quick at figures; some knowledge of stenography and typewriting. Address Miss H. T., 256 Capitol avenue. 90-27-7

AN EXPERIENCED housekeeper wants position as housekeeper or matron in a college or institution. Can give references. Housekeeper, care Atlanta Georgian. 39-27-7

STENOGRAPHER of eight years experience wishes to make change August 1; position as confidential secretary preferred. References. Phone Ivy 4815 Monday. 7-26-20

WANTED—Position as cook or maid in private family; can give good references. Jennie Caldwell, 154 Hilliard St. 40-26-7

EXPERIENCED proofreader wishes steady position; references. Address R., Box 890, care Georgian. 44-26-7

CULTURED woman wants day work; could care for invalid and attend small residence; good reader; steady and reliable. Address K., Box 61, care Georgian. 43-26-7

A-1 STENOGRAPHER desires position in traveling man's office with privilege of doing extra stenographic work. Address Steno, Box 72, care Georgian. 35-26-7

YOUNG lady wishes position; first-class pianist and music teacher; also good practice nurse. Address K. W. C., 307, care Georgian. 29-26-7

AN EXPERIENCED and capable housekeeper wants position where competency and worth are appreciated. Address K., Box 711, care Georgian. 36-24-7

WANTED, POSITION—Teacher with six years' experience, college graduate, normal trained, first grade license. Address Teacher, Box 168, Hartwell, Ga. 39-25-7

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

AUCTION SALES.

AT AUCTION.

THE ENTIRE LOT OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FROM 361 N. JACKSON ST., INCLUDING UPRIGHT PIANO, MAHOGANY AND OAK BEDROOM FURNITURE, PARLOR AND LIBRARY FURNITURE, BRASS BEDS, LACE CURTAINS, HAVILAND CHINA, SILVER, CUT GLASS, TABLE AND BED LINEN, LINOLEUM, WILTON AND BRUSELS ART SQUARES, ETC., TUESDAY, JULY 29, AT 10 A. M.

CENTRAL AUCTION CO.
12 E. MITCHELL ST.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

DRESSER, bed, washstand, dining table, porch swing, range, very reasonable. Apply 107 Ivy Street. 7-27-84

WANTED—Will pay cash for ⅝ to ½ carat diamond that can be had at a bargain. Address Diamond, Box 10 care American. 7-27-27

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY office assistant desires position by 1st of September; familiar with bookkeeping, filing and stenographic work; department store preferred, but not necessary. Answer H. L., care Georgian. 31-25-7

WANTED—Cases to nurse by experienced sick nurse; maternity a specialty. Best of references. Reasonable rates. Phone Ivy 3038 or Ivy 7304-J.

SITUATION WANTED—Teacher of vocal music and French wishes to exchange lessons for board in refined, quiet family living in select neighborhood. Address Teacher, Box G-209, care Georgian. 142-7-13

WANTED—Sewing by the day by an experienced seamstress. Price, $1.00. Phone Mrs. H. Ivy 3707-J. 27-23-7

SITUATION WANTED—Expert masseuse wants position in sanitarium or institution, or with private lady in summer resort; doctor's certificate. Address Box I-119, care Georgian. 151-7-13

WANTED—Position as teacher in public school by young lady with two years' experience. Normal training. First grade license. Address L. T., Hartwell, Ga. 34-22-7

SITUATION WANTED—Educated, capable woman wants position in doctor's office or similar work; half days or otherwise. Address Box K-731, care Georgian. 154-7-13

SITUATION WANTED—Young lady wants position as librarian in law office or educational institution; has experience of stenography, typewriter and bookkeeping; also experienced in law work. Address Librarian, Box P-171, care Georgian. 117-7-13

WANTED—Position as companion; would like to be with old couple; will work for reasonable price. Call at once at 236 Park avenue. 29-22-7

SITUATION WANTED—Position as companion by refined Christian elderly lady wanted; best of references. Address Box R-409, care Georgian.

SITUATION WANTED—Experienced long hand bill clerk wants position; good footer and extender; four years general office experience; can do light bookkeeping. Address Box P-809, care Georgian. 143-7-13

SITUATION WANTED—French dressmaker, formerly with Marshal Field in Chicago, wants position; perfect fitter. Address Box W-709, care Georgian. 150-7-13

SITUATION WANTED—Middle-aged lady, college graduate, teacher, ten years' experience, would like to make home for two or three children; would give personal supervision or private instruction if desired; arrangements must be made before September 1. Address Box W-810, care Georgian. 118-7-13

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Will pay cash for diamond ⅜ to ½ carat that is a bargain. State price. Address Diamond, Box 100, care American. 7-27-63

WANTED—Good second-hand buggy. 211 Stewart Ave. Main 2698. 7-26-13

DROP A CARD. We'll bring cash for old clothes and shoes. "The Vestire," 168 Decatur St. 7-25-13

WANTED—Small cider mill; must be cheap. Atlanta phone 5827-B. 7-24-7

I BUY MEN'S old clothes and shoes. Drop a card. I. Bock, 177 Glmer St.

WE PAY HIGHEST cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture. Cash advanced on consignments. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell Street. Bell phone Main 2424. 3-26-26

EDUCATIONAL.

LEARN watchmaking and engraving, a trade which pays $25 weekly. We secure positions and you can earn money while learning. Write for particulars. Jewelers' Institute, Box F-24, care Georgian. 107-7-13

LADIES, make big money manicuring at home; easy, pleasant, fascinating, experience unnecessary. Write quick about it. Mlle. Thomas, Box G-36, care Georgian. 123-7-13

WHY learn second-hand Spanish, which non-natives teach? My system teaches correctly. Private instruction. Cosmopolitan, Box H-65, care Georgian. 141-7-13

LATIN and other subjects taught by high school teacher; University graduate; private instruction at your home. Address Teacher, Box R-78, care Georgian. 124-7-13

LESSONS in Ben Pittman shorthand in your home by expert stenographer; rates reasonable; positions secured graduates. Miss Amy, Box J-50, care Georgian. 149-7-13

DRESSMAKING taught at home; plain and fancy sewing, repairing and alterations; reasonable rates. Sewing School, Box I-97, care Georgian. 108-7-13

MUSICAL.

WANTED—Piano pupils; $3 a month. Atlanta phone 2095. 114 Garnett St. 7-24-2

TYPEWRITERS FOR RENT.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 MONTHS FOR $5 AND UP.
Rebuilt typewriters, $23 to $75.
American Writing Machine Co.
48 North Pryor St. Phone Main 2526 7-3-7

Hearst's Sunday American
Published Weekly
BY THE GEORGIAN COMPANY
At 20 East Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Entered as mail matter of the second-class at the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga., under act of March 3, 1873.
Subscription price: $2.00 per year, payable in advance.

BUSINESS GUIDE.

Artistic Signs.

WE MAKE artistic signs. Kent Sign Company. 7-27-40

Auction Sales of Furniture and Household Goods.

CENTRAL AUCTION COMPANY, 12 East Mitchell street, buys and sells everything; regular auction Tuesday and Friday. Bell phone Main 2424. 10-3-41

Banks.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK.
Corner Alabama and Broad Streets.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1,000,000.

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

Bread.

EAT Milk Maid Bread. The Best. 7-27-44

Baseball Score.

PLAY — Baseball scores given by innings at 77 Peachtree Street. You will find the standing of all the leagues. — BALL

Best Bread.

EAT Buster Brown Bread. The Best. 7-27-44

Best Signs.

WE MAKE best signs. Kent Sign Company. 7-27-40

Best Varnish.

TACCO, THE VARNISH applied with a cloth. 7-27-48

Buster Brown Bread.

EAT Buster Brown Bread. The Best. 7-27-44

Cardboard Signs.

WE MAKE cardboard signs. Kent Sign Company. 7-27-40

Carpenter and Builder.

FLY—SCREENS—FLY

COME see our roll-away screen, our roller-bearing screen, our sliding screen; none better. It will pay you to see our goods and get prices. 217 Kiser Bldg. Main 1319. Porter Screen Company. J. J. Crawford, Agent. 6-12-13

ALL KINDS OF REPAIR WORK.
D. M. WHEELER, 19 South Forsyth St.
Phone Main 4186, Atlanta 1547.
12-31-16

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

Chronic Diseases.

SPECIALTY—CHRONIC DISEASES OF BLOOD, heart, lungs, kidneys, liver, etc., rheumatism, nervous diseases, medicines furnished; consultation free. Write or call on Dr. M. T. Salter, 68 South Broad. 11-11-2

Drinks.

TRY THE NEW DRINK ? 5c at Founts. 7-27-47

Ear, Nose, Throat and Lung Trouble.

DR. GEORGE BROWN, Diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, 312-314 Austell Building. I have the only compound oxygen plant ever brought South that makes its gas daily. Weak, nervous, anemic and pale people are invited to call. 4-6-13

Durable Signs

WE MAKE durable signs. Kent Sign Company. 7-27-40

Electric Signs.

WE MAKE electric signs. Kent Sign Company. 7-27-40

First-Class Signs.

WE MAKE first-class signs. Kent Sign Company. 7-27-40

Fly Screens.

Fly Screens Made to Order.
OAKLAND CITY REPAIR WORKS.
Carpenter and cabinet work a specialty. Call West 242-L. Atlanta 528. C. F. Dickey, Manager. 5-1-37

FLY SCREENS.

METAL AND WOOD FRAMES, portable garages. W. J. Baker Company. Bell phone Ivy 926. No. 811 Empire Life Building, Atlanta, Ga. 5-1-4

PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
62 N. Pryor Street. Bell phone Ivy 4203. 7-10-10

Founts.

TRY THE NEW DRINK ? 5c at Founts. 7-27-47

Furniture.

T. C. FURNITURE COMPANY.
Cash or easy payments. 415 Marietta. Phone Atlanta 1797. 4-5-12

Furniture Polish.

TACCO, THE VARNISH applied with a cloth. 7-27-48

Furniture Upholstering.

W. L. LUNSFORD & CO.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Main 5111, Atlanta 5950-F. 6-16-25

FURNITURE REPAIRED—Upholstering, refinishing neatly done. Work called for and delivered. Young K. Carson, 479 Marietta street. Atlanta 3567. 6-7-26

Gas Stoves and Cookers.

YOU USE ONLY 1 EYE of your oil or gas stove to cook chicken or meats (any kind), beans, rice, onions, custard, corn, potatoes, squash, cabbage. If U cook in our Steam Cookers. B. B. Henry, 239 Washington St. Main 397-J. 7-18-16

Gold Letter Signs.

WE MAKE gold letter signs. Kent Sign Company. 7-27-40

Good Signs.

WE MAKE good signs. Kent Sign Company. 7-27-40

High Class Signs.

WE MAKE high-class signs. Kent Sign Company. 7-27-40

Jewelry.

WATCHES, Diamonds, Jewelry, Eye Glasses, Spectacles sold on the "div

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

MUST SELL

BY AUGUST 1, old established and well equipped POOL PARLOR in one of the best locations in the city; cheap rent (option of five-year lease at the same rate). Owner has good class of trade and is making $40 to $50 per week, but leaving city August 1. Will sell at sacrifice for quick sale. Very easy terms to good party. If you have little cash and want a good paying business, see us Monday. YOUNG & GOODROE, Business Brokers, 413 Peters Building.

FOR SALE—My stock drugs and fixtures. Will sell house also. Want to retire from business; good business location, three railroads, good schools and churches, fine water and very healthy. Good Lippincott fountain. Address Box 171, Woodbury, Ga. 84-27-7

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

I HAVE A GOOD ESTABLISHED business in the tailoring and dry cleaning line. Only one other tailor in the city. Press machine, wall cases, etc. Will sell at close price if taken by Aug. 1st. Address O., Box 3, care Georgian. 7-27-37

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—Will either sell or rent my established house (filled with guests), if taken at once. Reasons excellent. Address at once, Box 857, care American. 106-27-7

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

I WANT a partner, man or woman, with experience in real estate business. Will put in equal amount of cash. Good money in this business. Have office now fully equipped. Real Estate, care Georgian and American. 7-27-54

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

FULL EQUIPPED harness shop, invoice $600, in town of 1,500 people; only shop within radius of 15 miles. Address W. J. Hogan, Hogansville, Ga. 58-27-7

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

$650.

ESTABLISHED tailoring agency, clearing more than $1,500 annually above all expenses; fine store in elegant location; will bear closest investigation. Address P. O. Box 314, Columbus, Ga. 7-13-257

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

SODA Water, Cigar and Lunch Business for sale. Good location in heart of the city. Daily sales about $40, which can be greatly increased. Owner can not give attention. Price $3,500. Terms $1,250 cash, balance monthly. Investigate this quick. YOUNG & GOODROE, Business Brokers, 412 Peters Building. 7-27-30

ADVERTISE—Twenty words in seventy-five weeklies, $1.60; twenty Sunday papers, $5. Life Company, St. Louis. 26-22-6

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

PATENT NEWS—Washington, D. C., the only publication on earth published exclusively in the interest of the Inventor; $77,000 offered for new inventions. Monthly prizes for new ideas. Sample copy and particulars free. $1-13-7

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

20 SHARES of valuable non-assessable stock in a rich gold-copper mine free; no obligation. Write George Brant, Central Savings Bank Bldg., Denver, Colo. 49-27-7

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

WE OFFER at sacrifice for quick sale, first-class and nicely equipped LUNCH ROOM and CAFE in heart of the hotel and business districts; North Side; doing good business; best class patronage. Owner wants to leave city and will sell for only $900. An investigation will prove this to be a real opportunity. Some terms to good party. See YOUNG & GOODROE, 413 Peters Building. Main 3155. 7-27-29

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

WANTED—Partner with small capital to take charge of local business in Atlanta. Good opportunity for right party. K. S., care Georgian. 7-27-34

EAT Buster Brown Bread; the best. 7-27-56

FREE FOR SIX MONTHS—My summer offer to introduce my magazine, "Investing For Profit," It is worth $10 a copy to any man who has been getting poorer, while the rich, richer. It demonstrates the real earning power of money, and shows how any one, no matter how poor, can acquire riches. "Investing For Profit" has the largest financial circulation in America—the only progressive financial journal published. It shows how $100 quickly grows to $2,200. Write me now and I'll send it six months free. H. L. Barber, 449, 22 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago. 33-27-7

EAT Big "4" Peanut Butter sandwiches. 7-27-100

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

WANTED—People to carry a full line of irons, boards and rackets. Atlanta 3356. 257 Piedmont. 55-25-7

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

WILL INVEST $5,000 with services in well established loan business in Atlanta. Address Box 672, care Georgian. 45-25-7

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

SODA FOUNT for sale, completely equipped; doing fine business; one of choicest locations in city. Right party can get good terms. Address Soda Fount, Box 613, care Georgian. 7-25-17

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

BUSINESS INVESTMENT.

We manufacture human necessities and luxuries. The demand for both is increasing. Business on a 20% earning basis first year. Can use five thousand dollars additional capital expanding and double our earnings in twelve months. If you have a part or all of this for investment we invite you to investigate. P. D. W. Company, P. O. Box 714, Augusta, Ga. 7-23-10

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

IF YOU WANT to sell your business, no matter where located, need partner or additional capital, call or write YOUNG & GOODROE, Business Brokers, 413-14 Peters Building, Atlanta. "We can sell any business that has merit." 7-27-28

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

FOR SALE—Drug store, established fourteen years. Owner retiring. Will sell at invoice. Terms to right man or will consider city property for part. Rare chance. No agents. Address Drugs, Box C-326, care Georgian. 106-7-13

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

FOR SALE—Moving picture theater. Have the best location in the South for a small theater and a good proposition to make anyone with $1,500 or $1,800 to invest. Address Theater, Box E-126, care Georgian. 104-7-13

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

ON ACCOUNT of age, will sell my meat market, situated in a good town of 3,000 population. It is the best market in the town and one of the best in the State. Will also sell my twelve-room house, arranged for two families. Address Box A-618, care Georgian. 125-7-13

Notice to Business Men.

LUNCH 25c. Ponciana, 24 East Ellis. 7-23-8

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

THE BEST Want Ad days in The Atlanta Georgian are Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. On Sunday read them in Hearst's Sunday American. Try them all. The results will surprise you.

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WARE & HARPER

BUSINESS BROKERS.
ROOMS 724 AND 725
ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BLDG.
Phones: Bell Main 1705, Atlanta 1868.

$15,000.—PART CASH and balance reasonable to acceptable purchaser; well established, completely equipped, highly profitable, high-class MANUFACTURING business; unlimited demand; with big profit; fixtures and equipment will inventory $30,000; real cheap at $25,000. A fortune has been made in this business; magnificent opportunity. Owner's time completely taken up with other business.

$9,000.—COMPLETELY equipped with most modern machinery LIGHT MANUFACTURING business; absolute demand for all the factory can turn out; factory will produce about $150 worth of products daily, at a net profit of 20 per cent. This purchase price includes the full machinery and entire equipment, which is worth about $14,000 to $15,000. Located on main trunk line railroad, about 50 miles from Atlanta; owner can not give business his personal attention.

$8,000.—WELL ESTABLISHED, most reputable and highly profitable LIVERY, BAGGAGE AND CAB business, having exclusive contract with railroad and big educational institutions, located not more than 75 miles from Atlanta, in one of Georgia's best cities of about 10,000 population, clearing $300 to $400 per month. Can be greatly increased. Owner has other business which requires his entire time. Actual assets amount to considerably more than price asked.

$5,000.—ONE-FOURTH interest in an ASBESTOS MINE, with about 250 acres of land; absolutely unlimited supply of asbestos; will cost $2.50 f. o. b. cars; contract with one firm to take 30 tons per day at $15 per ton. Most unusual opportunity.

$750.—LIGHT MANUFACTURING business, especially desirable for a man who has a mechanical turn; clearing for the owner, without his attention, $75 per month; might consider exchanging for real estate at right price. Owner's time completely taken up with another business.

$600.—SODA WATER, CIGAR, TOBACCO, LUNCH AND RESTAURANT business; first-class business street; good location; clearing $200 per month. A big bargain.

$650.—BEAUTIFULLY equipped and splendidly located (one and a half blocks from Peachtree Street) fine residence section, FAMILY BOARDING HOUSE; ten rooms; making money; owner retiring from business.

$4,000.—OLD ESTABLISHED (fifteen years) highly reputable, growing and profitable MONUMENTAL, MARBLE AND GRANITE business, with $1,000 worth of unfinished work and $2,000 worth of finished work; with orders for about $3,000 more on hand; might consider selling one-half interest to first-class partner.

$500.—BEAUTIFULLY equipped, splendidly located and profitable thirteen-room BOARDING HOUSE, close to heart of city; a fine opportunity.

$3,000.—CASH and INSTALLMENT FURNITURE BUSINESS on one of the best business streets; close to heart of city; making money; this price is only actual cost for stock and 80c on the dollar for good accounts; owner has other business which requires entire time. A big opportunity for the right man.

$800.—STOCKS of cigars and tobacco with exclusive rights of two of Atlanta's finest office buildings, doing on an average of $40 to $45 per day. This is actual cash daily. No fixtures to buy.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WANTED IDEAS Write for list of inventions wanted by manufacturers and prizes offered for inventions. Our four books sent free. Patent secured or fee refunded. Victor J. Evans & Co., Washington, D. C. 27-6-7

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

$5,000,000 European capital for investment in attractive enterprises. Address Bankers' Alliance, 14 Bloomsbury street, London, England. 41-27-7

EAT Buster Brown Bread; the best. 7-27-56

FOR SALE—Colored saloon on Decatur street, doing good business. Apply E. M., Box 48, care Georgian. 45-27-7

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

EAT Big "4" Peanut Butter sandwiches. 7-27-100

BABCOCK Electric victoria; good batteries, new tires, new inner tubes, newly painted, brand-new charging outfit; all in first-class condition and all for $400 if taken next week. 452 Central. M. 157-J. 48-26-7

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FOR SALE—Good furniture business, located in one of best towns, best counties, best territories. Other business cause change. Address Box 424, Dawson, Ga. 7-25-21

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

PLUMBING business and stock in one of the best towns in Georgia. Excellent opportunity for a practical man. Very small capital required. Good reason for selling. Address Box D-467, care Georgian. 140-7-13

KENT on cigars signifies best quality. 7-27-41

WILL SELL the State rights of Georgia for the best drink on the market. Now on sale at 75 founts. Also counter, table, etc. This is an exceptional opportunity. Answer quick. Address Bargain, 849, care Georgian. 7-23-11

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

FOR SALE—General grain and feed business in live town in North Georgia, doing fine business. Owner's time is taken up by other business. Will sell at very low price. Business will bear a thorough investigation. For full particulars address Easy Terms, Box R-111, care Georgian. 153-7-13

EAT Buster Brown Bread; the best. 7-27-56

FOR SALE—Colored saloon on Decatur street, doing good business. Apply E. M., Box 48, care Georgian. 22-22-7

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

FOR SALE—Grocery store in hustling town of 5,000 population. Exceptional chance to obtain good paying business with a good, clean stock and best trade. Good reason for selling. Address Box A-222, care Georgian. 147-7-13

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FOR SALE—Pool room and bowling alley. Good location and long lease. Price right. Address Box S-424, care Georgian. 126-7-13

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

SMALL confectionery store and soda fountain for sale. Best proposition for the money in town. Hustler can clear $50 weekly. Price $500. Terms. Address Candy, Box S-597, care Georgian. 105-7-13

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

MOVED TO 130½ Peachtree St., opposite Candler Bldg. Tom Weaver, Tailor, established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing. 7-16-15

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

I MUST have a partner. To an acceptable gentleman or lady, with a few hundred in money, I will sell a one-half interest in a light manufacturing and mail order business, now incorporated for $25,000, nearly all profit. Will accept notes for balance, made so as business will pay them. Do not answer unless you have the money and energy. Mr. Thomson, No. 138 South avenue, city. Main 3530-J. 7-27-93

THE most prominent drug store in city of 10,000 population can be bought for $5,000 cash. Now doing an $18,000 business annually. Proprietor going into larger business in Atlanta. Stock, soda fount and fixtures will invoice approximately $7,000. Address R., Box 600, care Georgian. 7-27-36

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

WANTED—Small grocery store or good soda water stand in good location. Must be cheap. Give location and price. Address Dalton, care American. 7-27-107

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

WANTED—Gentlemen to take interest in one of the best boarding house propositions in city of Atlanta, within two blocks of Candler Building. Address B. P., care Georgian. 7-27-101

EAT Big "4" Peanut Butter sandwiches. 7-27-100

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

FOR SALE—Restaurant in town of 9,000 inhabitants. Must be sold at once. Good business year through. Address Box B-124, care Georgian. 155-7-13

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

10 WOODEN Bedsteads in excellent condition, almost new, very cheap. Apply 174-178 Ivy St. 7-27-7

GOOD iron beds, $1.50 up. Southern Wreckage Company, 114 South Forsyth Street. 7-27-61

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

LIBRARY, RELATING TO FLORIDA history. One hundred volumes, several hundred pamphlets. Phone Ivy 7429. 83-27-7

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FOR SALE—Multigraph Machine at a bargain. In perfect condition. Owner, P. O. Box 750, Atlanta. 80-27-7

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

EAT Buster Brown Bread; the best. 7-27-56

FOR SALE—At low price, several 55-gallon metal tanks. H. C. Fairman, care the Nunnally Company, 59 Ivy Street, Atlanta, Ga. 62-27-7

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

THREE reproducing and two dictating Columbia dictaphones, in good condition. We are willing to sell these machines at a sacrifice, as we have more on hand than we can use at this time. Apply supply department Retail Credit Company, third floor, 84 Marietta Street. 64-27-7

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

NOTICE, CONTRACTORS.

I HAVE 35 doors and transoms, standard size, and lots of glass for quick disposal. Apply G. W. Seay, 43 White hall street. 7-25-28

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

SECOND-HAND SAFES—All sizes, home safes $15.00; Hall's bank and fireproof safes, vault doors, etc. C. J. Daniel, 416 Fourth National Bank Building. 9-7-33

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FOR SALE—Moving picture machines, chairs, curtains and all supplies at lowest prices. W. H. Peck, Rhodes Building, Atlanta, Ga. 4-6-23

EAT Buster Brown Bread; the best. 7-27-56

EAT Big "4" Peanut Butter sandwiches. 7-27-100

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

PRIVATE SALE HOUSEHOLD GOODS HANDSOME hand-painted mirror, expensive oil paintings, silverware, etc. 270 East Georgia Avenue. 7-26-21

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

BEAUTIFUL mahogany dresser, $16. Southern Wreckage Company, 114 South Forsyth Street. 7-27-61

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

DINING ROOM and bed room furniture, rugs and desk. Ivy 1691-J. 37-26-13

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FOR SALE—Four-cylinder 20-horse-power touring car, $40. Call Ivy 905 before 9 a. m. 57-25-7

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

FOR SALE—Leather settee in perfect condition; 8 feet long. A bargain. Apply G. L. Leslie, 10 East Alabama street. 7-25-14

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

EAT Big "4" Peanut Butter sandwiches. 7-27-100

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

$27.50 will buy late serial number Royal typewriter; perfect condition. Swap, Box 11, care Georgian. 41-25-7

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FOR SALE—Girl's bicycle, in good condition. Reasonable price. Apply 282 East Fifth Street. 51-25-7

FOR SALE—Combination library and pool table in excellent condition, cheap. Address H. J., Box 855, care Georgian. 26-25-7

AM LEAVING CITY; will sell boy's bicycle for $5. Call Ivy 2979-L. 7-25-7

FEW SHARES good dividend-paying stock. Excellent investment. Address Box 372, care Georgian. 25-25-7

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

AT half price one-coil water heater; been in use one month only. Call West 1255 7-25-1

NICE oak dressers $3.50 to $10. Southern Wreckage Company, 114 South Forsyth. 7-27-61

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

FURNITURE FOR SALE. FURNITURE FOR SALE.

Walker-Cooley Furniture Company

87-89 S. FORSYTH STREET.
Bell Phone Main 2785.

WE ARE SELLING furniture cheaper for cash than any store in Atlanta, as we are out of the high-rent district. See us before buying.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

SOLID cedar window seat, chest and wardrobe trunk, half value. 7-27-73 Whitehall.

COMPLETE furnishings for six-room apartment. Phone Ivy 5638. 7-27-123

ONE three-piece quarter-sawed oak bedroom suit, $12; one new kitchen safe, $2. 241 Forrest Ave., or phone Ivy 3580-J. 7-24-1

PARTY leaving city must sell at once, $60 Davenport at $30.00; two $14.00 art squares at $5.00 each; $17.00 hobby horse, at $7.00, and several other things at a low figure. 35 Boulevard Terrace. 129-27-7

FOR SALE—Gas stove, kitchen cabinet, four small rugs. Housewife, Box J-79, care Georgian. 109-7-13

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

FOR SALE—Entire furniture, bric-a-brac and pictures of seven-room house. Everything new and of the very best. Am leaving city and will sell at sacrifice. Address Box G-76, care Georgian. 122-7-13

EAT Buster Brown Bread; the best. 7-27-56

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

A FEW uncalled for suits to be sold at cost. Dundee Woolen Mills, 75 Peachtree street. 7-23-16

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

FOR SALE—Furniture for four-room cottage, including bed clothing, dishes, silverware, etc.; cost originally $800; will take $250. In storage in Atlanta. Address Box F-54, care Georgian.

GAS STOVES, $7.50 up. Southern Wreckage Company, 114 South Forsyth. 7-27-61

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

FOR SALE—Complete set of furniture. Will sell all or a part. All in fine condition. Address Box K-93, care Georgian. 135-7-13

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

FOR SALE—Spring wagon in good condition, $12.50. 10 Equitable Place. 7-22-4

ONE nice bedroom set in excellent condition and cheap. Apply 58 Irwin St. 33-21-7

FOR SALE—Fine player-piano; also good two-passenger automobile. Will sell or trade. Leaving city. Investigate. Address Box V-110, care Georgian. 110-7-13

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

DAYTON BICYCLE, rode only two or three times; practically new; will sell very cheap. Ivy 3642-J. 124-27-7

FOR SALE—Two art squares, wardrobe with mirror doors, velvet stair carpet and new bedstead, mattress, springs and feather bed. Cheap. Address Box B-139, care Georgian. 133-7-13

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

FOR SALE—Ladies' diamond ring, ¾ carat; cheap at $35. Give phone number. Address Bargain, Box 600, care American. 7-27-106

BROILERS

35 each. Phone Decatur 389. 7-20-36

SAFES, FILES, cabinets, new and second hand. Gookin Bank and Office Equipment Company, 113-115 North Pryor Street.

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

EXTRA NICE oak buffet, $10. Southern Wreckage Company, 114 South Forsyth Street. 7-27-61

FURNITURE—I BUY AND SELL CASH BARGAINS. S. M. SNIDER, 145 SOUTH PRYOR STREET. PHONE MAIN 1421. 6-30-28

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

FOR SALE—A lot of good second-hand brick; also some heavy oak timbers and lumber. Second-hand doors and other building material. Address Contractor, Box N-169, care Georgian. 121-7-13

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

MOVED to 130½ Peachtree street, opposite Candler Bldg. Tom Weaver, Tailor. Established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing. 7-16-16

EAT Milk Maid Bread—The best. 7-27-101

FOR SALE—One 30-inch direct current electric fan blower; practically new; a bargain. P. O. Box 561, Atlanta, Ga. 7-27-14

EAT Big "4" Peanut Butter sandwiches. 7-27-100

FINE gas water heater for sale, practically new; will sell cheap. Call West 1171-J. 7-27-12

MISCELLANEOUS.

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

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TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

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TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

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ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

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TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

FOR SALE—Entire three new pianos. Sold everywhere for $375, will sacrifice for $125 each. Not leaving town. No fake. Reason for this remarkable offer will be given you. Call 24 Mead avenue, Decatur. 29-23-7

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

ONE OAK TYPEWRITER DESK, 1 Revolving Post Card Rack, 4 Humphrey Gas Arcs, 1 18-foot Store Awning. Apply 119 Peachtree St., Candler Bldg. 21-22-7

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

FOR SALE—Complete set of furniture. Will sell all or a part. All in fine condition. Address Box K-93, care Georgian. 135-7-13

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FOR SALE—Spring wagon in good condition, $12.50. 10 Equitable Place. 7-22-4

ONE nice bedroom set in excellent condition and cheap. Apply 58 Irwin St. 33-21-7

FOR SALE—Fine player-piano; also good two-passenger automobile. Will sell or trade. Leaving city. Investigate. Address Box V-110, care Georgian. 110-7-13

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

DAYTON BICYCLE, rode only two or three times; practically new; will sell very cheap. Ivy 3642-J. 124-27-7

FOR SALE—Two art squares, wardrobe with mirror doors, velvet stair carpet and new bedstead, mattress, springs and feather bed. Cheap. Address Box B-139, care Georgian. 133-7-13

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

FOR SALE—Ladies' diamond ring, ¾ carat; cheap at $35. Give phone number. Address Bargain, Box 600, care American. 7-27-106

BROILERS

35 each. Phone Decatur 389. 7-20-36

SAFES, FILES, cabinets, new and second hand. Gookin Bank and Office Equipment Company, 113-115 North Pryor Street.

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EXTRA NICE oak buffet, $10. Southern Wreckage Company, 114 South Forsyth Street. 7-27-61

FURNITURE—I BUY AND SELL CASH BARGAINS. S. M. SNIDER, 145 SOUTH PRYOR STREET. PHONE MAIN 1421. 6-30-28

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

FOR SALE—A lot of good second-hand brick; also some heavy oak timbers and lumber. Second-hand doors and other building material. Address Contractor, Box N-169, care Georgian. 121-7-13

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MOVED to 130½ Peachtree street, opposite Candler Bldg. Tom Weaver, Tailor. Established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing. 7-16-16

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FOR SALE—One 30-inch direct current electric fan blower; practically new; a bargain. P. O. Box 561, Atlanta, Ga. 7-27-14

EAT Big "4" Peanut Butter sandwiches. 7-27-100

FINE gas water heater for sale, practically new; will sell cheap. Call West 1171-J. 7-27-12

MISCELLANEOUS.

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ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

EAT Big "4" Salted Peanuts. The Best. 7-27-42

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

ASK for the new drink ?; 5c at founts. 7-27-45

GET TACCO varnish at all drug stores. 7-27-49

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

FOR FURNITURE—Walker-Cooley Co., 87 S. Forsyth. 7-27-58

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TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

TACCO—The varnish applied with a cloth. 7-27-50

KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

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TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

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KENT on signs signifies best quality. 7-27-41

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

TRY the New Drink ?; 5c at Founts. 7-27-46

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

POULTRY, PET AND LIVE STOCK.

Plymouth Rocks.

AT THE SOUTHERN international show our one pen entry of Barred Rocks won first pen and the grand sweepstakes cup for the best pen in the show, all breeds competing. We also won grand sweepstakes cup of Barred Plymouth Rock cock at Georgia Poultry Association Show. We are booking orders for a few settings of eggs from this grand pen. Atlanta Poultry Yards, 582 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. 1-25-2

PARTRIDGE ROCKS — The South's leading winning strain. Can give quality and blood lines unequaled by any breeder in the South. My birds are winners at the Southern International, Macon, Columbus, Griffin, Nashville, Tenn.; Paducah, Ky.; Shreveport, La. Send for mating list. R. P. Cotter, Box G, Barnesville, Ga. 2-15-17

I HAVE 11 Buff Plymouth Rock hens, 2 Buff Plymouth Rock cockerels, 16 Buff Plymouth Rock large fryers. Want to close out at once as we will be away for some time. Price to suit you. R. L. Barry, Prado, Ansley Park. Bell 2917 Ivy. 7-23-17

Poultry—All Varieties.

ORPINGTONS — — — — — — — — — — — —

FOR SALE—White Orpington chickens. Will sell cheap for cash. Fine stock. Now frying size. Address Box 28, care American, giving phone number if possible. 7-27-103

CHICKENS—Nice yard-raised fryers; hens for sale cheap. 95 Terry Street. 45-26-7

Poultry—Disinfectants.

AGASCO-SPRAY

WILL RID your premises of mites, lice, fleas and ants. It is ready for immediate use with brush or spray pump. When applied to poles and nests it eradicates lice and mites so effectually that fowls do not have to be carried through that inconvenient and nerve-racking process of dipping. Manufactured by Atlanta Gas Light Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Poultry Remedies.

PHENOLINE

DESTROYS roaches, chicken mites, bed bugs and drives out flies and mosquitoes. Phones Bell Main 2317, Atlanta 3038-A. 7-27-113

ARE your hens paying their board? If not, Southern Poultry Remedy is the best thing to give them now. It's guaranteed. Price 25c and 50c at all seed stores and dealers.

Rhode Island Reds.

BEAUTIFUL deep red Rhode Island Red pullets and hens for sale. Calloway strain. Hens, $1 each; pullets, 50c and 75c each. Mrs. C. J. Quinn, Tignall, Ga. 38-27-7

Wyandottes.

ONE pen 8 hens and cock for $10; one pen 8 hens and cock for $15; one pen 8 hens and cock for $20; 200 young golden laced Wyandottes for sale. W. D. Bennett, Molena, Ga. 7-27-19

Cats.

FOR SALE—Gentle Maltese cat. Cheap. Ivy 4409-J. 7-27-91

Cows.

FOR SALE—Splendid young gentle cow, fresh. Apply at Morris Bros.' Store, 133 Decatur street. 7-25-22

FOR SALE—Two fresh cows with heifer calves. The Post Exchange, Ft. McPherson, Ga. 26-24-7

Dogs.

FOR SALE—Five fine bull puppies cheap. Call Bell Phone Ivy 3283 or Main 1254. 43-25-7

COLLIE DOG, five months old; pedigreed stock-trained. Bottenfield. Phone 27-J, Decatur, Ga. 7-3-34

Horses, Mules, Vehicles, Etc.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Splendid little runabout for sale; cost $125; brand new now. Apply Room 201 Equitable Building.

Thoroughbred saddle horse; pedigreed; rides the five gaits; beautiful bay, with a coat like a pretty woman; gentle spirited. Apply Room 201 Equitable Building. 122-27-7

SEVERAL mules, slip scrapes, etc., for sale cheap; rear 297 Marietta street; on terms to reliable parties. 7-27-92

FOR SALE—Delivery wagons offered at reduction, simply to introduce them. Our factory in the heart of the timber section with low freight rates to Southern points. Write to-day for illustrations and prices. The Rock Hill Buggy Company, Rock Hill, S. C. 7-20-6

ONE SOUND mule, one horse, two wagons, complete with harness. Will sell separate or together. 375 Edgewood Avenue. Ivy 2016. 7-27-24

FOR SALE—Exceptionally fine young 1,200-pound mare mule, harness and new Karwisch special-built platform wagon with slat sides. See Mr. Jordan, at Morrow's Stable, 132 Elliott Street. 7-26-10

SORREL HORSE, top buggy, handmade harness, $190. Atlanta phone 1122. 150 Simpson St. 31-26-7

FOR SALE—A sound mare; will work anywhere; also a fine four-year-old mule; a bargain. Call Ivy 5852-J. 7-21-6

Poultry, Plants and Seeds. Poultry, Plants and Seeds.

H. G. HASTINGS & CO.

SEEDS AND POULTRY SUPPLIES.

BOTH PHONES 2568.

OUR NORTH AND SOUTH SIDE DELIVERIES LEAVE THE STORE AT 9 O'CLOCK, INMAN PARK AND WEST END DELIVERIES AT 2 P. M. ORDERS PLACED BEFORE THESE HOURS WILL BE DELIVERED SAME DAY.

IT'S TIME to feed Pratt's Poultry Regulator. It hastens laying maturity, insures quick and complete moult. That means fall and winter eggs which bring the big prices. Your money back if it fails—25c, 50c and $1 package.

12 CENTS PER HEN per year is all it costs to keep your hens in profit-paying condition on Pratt's Poultry Regulator. Worth trying, don't you think?

WON'T HURT HEN or chicks or even taint eggs in nests, but it does get the lice. That's our money-back guarantee on every package of Conkey's Lice Powder, 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes.

THERE'S PROFIT in poultry, when you keep them free from lice and disease. Conkey's Nox-i-cide is an all-around dip disinfectant, spray and lice liquid; easy to use and cheap, as it mixes with 50 to 100 parts of water. 35c pt., 60c qt., 90c half-gallon, $1.50 gallon.

SOREHEAD is about the worst disease that Southern chickens are heir to, and it is just about time for it to appear. Get a box of Conkey's or Pratt's Sorehead Remedy, it is guaranteed to cure this dreaded disease.

IN BUYING FEED for yourself you always want the best, and since you are raising chickens for profit, don't you think they should have the best, especially when the cost is no more? We are sole agents for the Red Comb Feeds, the cleanest and best feed ever offered and the cost is no more than you have been paying for cheaper grades. The scratch and mash sell at $2.25 per 100 pounds. We deliver promptly and appreciate your business. If it isn't convenient for you to come to the store, phone us your order. Both phones 2568.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

FURNISHED rooms with board for two young men. References exchanged. Call West 873-J. 7-27-120

370 PIEDMONT AVE., two front and one side room; breakfast and evening dinner. Modern. Easy walking distance. Phone Ivy 2808-J. 7-27-117

BIRDS

532 PEACHTREE, fine location, suite of rooms suitable for three. First-class table board. 7-27-122

NOTICE—If you wish to find the best Southern table in the city of Atlanta with board and among the best people, try 477 Peachtree St. Ask the Georgian for references. 7-27-3

NICE rooms and good board at reasonable rates, close in. Apply 189 Ivy St. 7-27-1

DELIGHTFULLY furnished cool rooms for nice young men only, with board. 181 Ivy St. 7-27-6

CAN ACCOMMODATE couple business ladies or gentlemen with room and board in private West End home. All conveniences. Reasonable. West 1332. 78-27-7

ROOMMATE for young man. Nice room. Table the best. 62 W. Baker. Ivy 5025. 98-27-7

ROOM with connecting bath with board. Also single room.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

ONE large furnished front room, bath connected, fine location. Call Atlanta phone 4328. 7-27-3

FOUR furnished rooms for rent for light housekeeping if desired, nice location. Call Ivy 6187-J. 7-27-2

TWO of the coziest, cleanest furnished front rooms, with connecting bath. Couple or two gentlemen. Both $11.00 each. Main 3610-J. 7-27-11

THREE nicely furnished rooms, with all conveniences; table board a specialty. Phone Ivy 2423-J. 125-27-7

NICELY furnished suite or single rooms in house on Boulevard. Private family. All conveniences. For summer months. Ivy 2687. 7-27-115

FOUR nicely furnished rooms, single and two sets of light housekeeping rooms, all nicely furnished and close in. Apply 104 Ivy St. 7-27-4

FURNISHED bedroom and housekeeping room. 37 Carnegie way. 51-26-7

IDEALLY located rooms, one and a half blocks from Five Points; light housekeeping if desired. 42 Auburn Avenue. 7-27-83

TWO lovely furnished rooms, one front and one rear; all conveniences; walking distance. 41 Cone. 7-22-23

TWO furnished rooms for gentlemen or couple; light housekeeping if desired. Main 2378-J. 112 Crew. 7-22-19

FOR RENT—Two or three furnished rooms, with kitchenette for light housekeeping. Call Atlanta phone 3254. 7-22-18

LARGE COOL FRONT ROOM, private family; steam-heated apartments, all conveniences. Block of Candler Building. Phone Ivy 5095. 164 Ivy street, Apartment No. 5. 7-22-11

TWO ROOMS for housekeeping and four nicely furnished single rooms, cheap. Apply 17 W. Cain. 7-22-2

AT THE CAROLLTON.

20 CARNEGIE WAY. FURNISHED APARTMENTS AND FURNISHED ROOMS. J. F. STEELE, MGR. 7-22-3

ONE nicely furnished room and two unfurnished rooms very reasonable. Atlanta phone 3283. 7-21-20

ONE large room, furnished complete for light housekeeping. 256-B Courtland. Ivy 5356. 7-20-87

NICELY furnished and cool rooms, with all conveniences; private home; everything clean and neat. Main 3606-J. 7-20-72

ONE large front upstairs bed room, nice and cool. 256-B Courtland. Ivy 5356. 7-20-88

THE FELTON, 107 IVY ST.

Nicely furnished rooms; hot and cold baths; all conveniences. 7-15-25

CHESTERFIELD.

EXCLUSIVE bachelor apartment; shower-bath. 15 W. Harris. 7-6-18

19 EAST CAIN STREET.

TWO elaborately furnished rooms, very cool, close in. 7-15-26

ONE furnished room, suitable for couple or two young men or two young ladies; reference required. Apply 231 Courtland Street. Bell phone 1760. 6-22-5

THE MARTINQUE.

CORNER ELLIS AND IVY STREETS (Next door to Elks' Club). FURNISHED ROOMS, with connecting bath. 7-3-26

THE PICKWICK.

New, Ten Story and Fireproof.

Cool outside rooms with connecting bath.

Convenient shower baths on each floor.

77 Fairlie Street, next Carnegie Library. 6-5-52

UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

TWO unfurnished rooms, private family. Reasonable rate; near Peachtree. 110 E. Cain St. 130-27-7

ONE unfurnished room for rent, very cheap, near motordrome. Apply 110 Irwin Street. 7-27-111

TWO large connecting rooms, private entrance, cabinet mantels; all conveniences, in cottage with couple. 153 Oak Street, West End. 126-27-7

THREE OR FOUR nice upstairs rooms wanted by young couple. Must have all conveniences and North Side preferred. Address K, Box 148, care Georgian. 77-27-7

390 PEACHTREE—Three upstairs unfurnished rooms; only $10 per month, or four rooms $12. Entrance 59 East Alexander street. 86-27-7

TWO unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; close in; references. 50 Williams street. 96-27-7

TWO large connecting rooms, with hall and bath. Price $10.60. Phone M. 4187-J. 267 Woodward avenue. 7-27-79

THREE unfurnished rooms for housekeeping. Lakewood Heights, 25 Jonesboro Road. 47-27-7

FOUR or five nice rooms, suitable for light housekeeping; close in. 234 Central Ave. 50-26-7

TWO or three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences. Call Ivy 4433-J. 7-26-17

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished housekeeping rooms with use of reception hall; price $7. 5 Hall avenue, Copenhill. 7-25-25

THREE unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; close in; excellent neighborhood. 46 Formwalt. Atlanta 2042. 56-25-7

FOR RENT—Two or three rooms for light housekeeping; use of reception hall, bath and telephone; near Grant Park. Phone M. 2677-J. 7-25-19

THREE nice connecting rooms for light housekeeping, one block from car line, on Yale Ave., College Park. See Mrs. Lunsford. 7-25-10

THREE unfurnished connecting rooms for rent. 37 White street, West End. 30-25-7

THREE nice unfurnished connecting rooms, with all conveniences. 158 East Georgia Avenue. Close in. 39-24-7

THREE unfurnished upstairs rooms for rent. 20 Brotherton street. 7-23-14

FOR RENT—Two large front rooms. 155 W. Fair St. 32-22-7

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two furnished or three unfurnished rooms; water, electric lights. Call 545 Decatur. 110-27-7

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms for rent at 159 Central avenue. 7-27-21

SIX-ROOM bungalow, 25 minutes from center of city; will rent furnished or unfurnished; all conveniences. Address Box 725, care Georgian. 104-27-7

SEVERAL nicely furnished, also unfurnished, rooms for rent. Apply 159 Central Avenue. 7-26-23

TWO ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished. Business woman preferred. 38 East Alexander. Ivy 228. 7-24-24

FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS FOR RENT.

TWO or three furnished front connecting housekeeping rooms, close in. 37 Carnegie way. 26-22-7

UNFURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOUR ROOMS for light housekeeping; all conveniences; no children. Apply 191 Luckie street. 7-22-23

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT.

IF TAKEN August 15 balance of lease on Apartment 9, No. 49 Washington street, can be had for $15; 3 large rooms, bath and sleeping porch Call Sunday 1 to 7:30. 88-27-7

FURNISHED apartment; private home. Everything clean and new. Phone Ivy 6133. 7-27-23

FOUR or five nice rooms unfurnished for light housekeeping; close in. 234 Central Ave. 49-26-7

FOR RENT—September 1, new, modern six-room apartment; large porch; steam heat, janitor service; beautiful location; $55 per month. Call at the Westminster Apartment, 310 North Jackson, or phone Ivy 3998. 7-24-22

BEAUTIFUL five-room apartment; all conveniences; close in. Apply Owner, 715 Peters Bldg., or call Main 1225. 7-20-38

ALL TELEPHONES lead to Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian Want Ad Department via both phones 8000.

FURNISHED APARTS. FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Apartment, 6 rooms, butler's pantry, linen locker, provision closet, storage room, clothes closets, large front and back porches; strictly modern and complete; just like being in your own home with all conveniences of an up-to-date apartment; steam heat, hot and cold water. Main 5411. 7-27-10

TO PARTIES without children, beautifully furnished apartment, in best section of lovely West End; convenient to two car lines and schools. For full particulars, phone W. 89-J Bell phone. 33-24-7

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

NICELY furnished cottage on a lease; North Side. References required. Phone Ivy 4744-L. 7-27-13

14-ROOM boarding house with several boarders; partly furnished; fine location; will sell several suits furniture; will pay to investigate. 160 Spring St. Ivy 4319-J. 7-25-37

UNFURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

50 W PEACHTREE PLACE—Seven-room, two-story house, with three basement rooms, $27.50. In good condition and nice neighborhood. Apply 517 Empire Building, or phone Main 89. 7-27-77

SEPTEMBER 1—Five or six-room bungalow, with modern conveniences; large lot. P. O. Box 703, Atlanta. 7-27-52

129 W. CAIN St., between Luckie and Walton, five rooms, gas, water and bath. Close in and convenient. H. Sharp, Bell phone Main 82. 7-27-76

HIGHLAND AVENUE, near end car line; four-room cottage, on large, beautiful grove lot; $15 per month. Ivy 2326. 29-25-7

FOR RENT—September 1, on South Side, near business center, ten-room house, gas and hot water, barn, lot 90 by 200. Ivy 2318. 42-24-7

FOR RENT—Six-room bungalow; shady east front lot. 485 Stewart Ave. 35-24-7

TEN-ROOM HOUSE, beautiful, shady lot, large garden and garage; cheap rent to desirable person. Call Ivy 4686. 7-21-19

TURMAN, BLACK & CALHOUN.

For Rent.

Apartments.

101 Ponce DeLeon avenue, 8 rooms, $1,000 per year.

	Per Month.
51 Hayden St., 5 rooms	$18.00
172 Central Ave., 6 rooms	$25.00
45 1-2 Auburn Ave., several bachelor rooms	$17.50 and $20
427 1-2 East Fair St., 5 rooms	$20.60
288-C Whitehall, 5 rooms	$20.00
386 Whitehall street, 5 rooms	$18.00
The Berkeley, 9 W. Eleventh street, 6 rooms	$75.00

Houses.

	Per Month.
49-51-53 Hayden St., 15 rooms	$ 50.00
528 Peachtree St., 11 rooms	150.00
255 West Peachtree St., 10 rooms	75.00
15 Ponce DeLeon Ave., 10 rooms	100.00
342-346 Ponce DeLeon Ave., 10 rooms each	100.00
56 Hurt St., 10 rooms	55.00
Corner Fourth and Bedford, 10 rooms	75.00
140 Crescent Ave., 10 rooms	55.00
45 Forrest Ave., 8 rooms	60.00
728 North Boulevard, 8 rooms	40.00
248 Stewart Ave., 8 rooms	35.00
566 Central Ave., 8 rooms	30.60
McDaniel road, 8 rooms, several acres	25.50
175 Ivy St., 8 rooms	45.00
35 Fortress Ave., 7 rooms	10.60
129-131 Linnwood Ave., 7 rooms each	50.00
516 Capitol Ave., 7 rooms	30.00
416 Spring St., 7 rooms	40.00
330 Central Ave., 7 rooms	27.50
239 Central Ave., 6 rooms	25.00
47 Drewry St., 6 rooms	30.60
35 Prado, Ansley Park, 6 rooms	45.00
139 North Jackson St., 6 rooms	22.50
63 East Tenth St., 6 rooms	42.50
189 Cameron St., 6 rooms	20.00
21 North Bonaventure Ave., 6 rooms	40.00
12 Howard St., (Kirkwood), 6 rooms	20.00
346 Central Ave., 6 rooms	25.00
533 Lawton St., 6 rooms	20.00
10 Atwood, 5 rooms	30.00
36 Ormond St., 5 rooms	20.00
24 Wellington St., 5 rooms	20.00
96 McDaniel St., 5 rooms	15.00
174 Formwalt St., 5 rooms	17.50
22 Cunningham Place, 5 rooms	22.50
17 Leonard, 4 rooms	9.50

TURMAN, BLACK & CALHOUN.

203-8 Empire Bldg.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES. WANTED.

WANTED—Six or seven-room bungalow close to car line; must have conveniences; prefer south or east front; give lowest price and terms, with description. Reasonable, care Georgian. 7-27-81

SMALL family wants small apartment near carline. Permanent, if reasonable. Would consider 2-story house with privilege of renting furnished apartment to couple. Address 30 W. Fair street. 7-27-78

WANTED—To lease for one, three or five years, by private family, first-class house, North Side suburban preferred. Must have all improvements, including servants' quarters and garage or stable. J. J. X., care Georgian. 7-27-9

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR SALE OR RENT—New bungalow on half-acre lot, with beautiful shade; will make terms to suit; furnished or unfurnished. Call Decatur 556. 7-20-82

OFFICES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Office space with desk and telephone accommodations. Stenographic service available. Reasonable rent. 703 Temple Court. 87-27-7

FOR RENT—Attractive office desk and telephone all for $10. Apply Manager Temple Court. 7-22-9

BUSINESS SPACE FOR RENT.

SPACE for rent; admirably adapted for jeweler or haberdasher. Apply 11 S. Forsyth. 7-26-3

LOOK—You have read this; if you want anything, others will read your ad if it's in the Want Ad Section.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Sharp & Boylston

ORMEWOOD PARK.

THIS is a new six-room cottage, with hall. It has city water and electric lights. Large, shady lot. Less than one-half block of car line, and in three blocks of good school. A real bargain at the price and terms we are asking for it. Price $2,800, on terms of $100 cash and $20 month.

FOURTH WARD INVESTMENT.

THIS is is a four-room negro house, which is always rented for $7.50 per month. Can be bought for $700—over 12 per cent. Lot 40 by 100 feet. A bargain.

W. M. SCOTT & CO., 210-212 GOULD BLDG.

APPLE AND CHICKEN FARMS.

294-ACRE FARM six miles from Ellijay; 50 acres under cultivation, 75 acres under fence, 25 acres bottom land, with numerous springs and creek; 220 acres fine timber land for stock and pasture, oak, pine, etc.; rich productive soil; 500 fifteen-year-old apple trees, Rome Beauties, Stemer Winesap and Improved Limber Twig; 500 four-year-old Rome Beauties, Arkansas Blacks and Foote's Select. The land rolling, but all can be cultivated. Three-room dwelling and outbuildings, large number of springs, one very large one 50 yards from the house, by putting in a ram water could be forced over the house. It is well shaded, good garden, church and school within a half mile, one mile from post-office, one-fourth mile to store; good neighborhood; no negroes; only five or six in the county. We can sell this property for $3,000; one good apple crop would pay for it.

Land at $4.50	$1,323
500 full-bearing trees at $5	2,500
500 four-year-old trees at $2.50	1,250
Improvements, house and fencing	1,200
Total	$6,273

160 ACRES, 10½ miles from Ellijay, on Mountain Town Creek, fronting Dalton public road; 5 acres in apple orchard; very productive soil; make fine chicken and stock farm; six fine springs and branches; good neighborhood; $600 buys it.

FOR AN IDEAL summer home, fruit and chicken farm, 70 acres facing Coosawattee River, on the south side, deep black, rich soil, beautiful building site, near bold spring; school right at property; thickly settled neighborhood on the river road; $600; timber on place worth more than asked for it.

THE OLD GRADY FARM, formerly settled by H. W. Grady's grandfather, five miles from Ellijay, on Dalton road, 190 acres, 40 acres cultivated, 190 acres fenced for stock, 65 apple trees in bearing; eight-room two-story residence, barns, stables, etc.; good garden; thickly settled community. $1,500 cash. A pick-up.

272 ACRES, six miles from Ellijay, on turnpike road, 50 acres cultivated, 30 acres creek bottom, 2,000 young poplars, 75 black walnut, young growth hickory, oak and pine, good family orchard, all kinds of fruit, six-room two-story dwelling, log barn, etc.; seven fine springs, good settled community. $2,000. One-half cash.

40 ACRES 3 miles northwest of Ellijay, all fenced, 30 acres cultivated, log house and stables, 100 apple trees and other mixed fruit; bold spring 30 yards from house. $750.

NEAR HOME—73 acres 2½ miles from Roswell Station, on public road; 30 acres cultivated, 200 fruit trees selected fruit, two three-room dwellings, one mile from church, one-half mile to school; only $17.50 per acre; one-third cash.

W. M. SCOTT & CO.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—By three young men of permanent positions, large furnished room in apartment. Address Apartment, 1114 Candler Building. 7-26-7

UNFURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—Two or three unfurnished rooms and bath by two business women, on North Side and convenient to meals; must be first class; references exchanged. Address, giving particulars and telephone number, A. W., care Georgian. 46-26-7

WANTED—Two unfurnished connecting rooms for light housekeeping; must be near in. Address B., P. O. Box 730, City. 7-25-9

DO YOU NEED HELP of any kind? A little "Want Ad" will get it for you.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED.

WANTED—An apartment, not less than four rooms, exclusive of bath, kitchen and butler's pantry; somewhere between Cain and Fifteenth street, east or west; must be modern, electricity, gas and water. P. O. Box 858, City. 7-25-26

FURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED—Completely furnished six or seven-room cottage or bungalow, between the Peachtrees preferred; must be first-class and reasonable. Address J. A. B., care Georgian. 7-25-24

WANTED—To rent furnished cottage or flat, four or five rooms, modern, with all conveniences; must be in good location; responsible party; reference exchanged. Address M. M., Box 851, care Georgian. 28-24-7

BOARDING HOUSE FOR SALE.

LARGE COMMODIOUS boarding house, established 25 years, best location in Savannah, Ga., situated between DeSoto Hotel and Central Railroad Depot, on Liberty St., brick building, seventeen rooms. For information, address Box 897, care Georgian, or 226 Liberty St., West, Savannah, Ga. 76-27-7

STORES FOR RENT.

LONG or SHORT lease on one of the most DESIRABLE STORES in PEACHTREE STREET, suitable for Retail, Railroad or Real Estate business. Apply to Shelley Ivey, 119 Peachtree st. 115-27-7

FOR RENT—Two store rooms in Hotel Ansley, fronting on Forsyth Street and opening into the lobby of the hotel. Best location in Atlanta for haberdashery or jewelry store. Apply to manager of hotel for full particulars. 7-27-82

QUESTION—If you have read this, is it not reasonable to suppose others will read your ad in this paper if you want anything?

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

ADAIR'S LIST

AUBURN AVENUE INVESTMENT.

NEAR the corner of Jackson Street, fronting 104 feet on Auburn Avenue, and running through the block 110 feet to Old Wheat Street, we offer 6 houses, bringing in an income of $57 per month. Take into consideration the fact that this piece of property is near three good streets, runs through the block, and has a steady, monthly income of $57. These facts assure a steady enhancement in value, the property in the meanwhile bringing in a substantial income. Price, $9,000. Terms.

Suburban Cottage Near East Lake Road

A SIX-ROOM COTTAGE on lot 100x200, half a block from car line, in growing section. Price, $3,000. Terms, $250 cash and $25 a month.

Jackson Street A $4,250 Residence

NEXT to the corner of Jackson Street and Highland Avenue, a two-story, seven-room house, well built and in good repair. A home you can occupy a while and make some money on. One-third cash.

Piedmont Avenue, Near Fourteenth St.

WE have made a subdivision of the two blocks on Piedmont Avenue, between Twelfth and Fourteenth Streets; lots are about 70x200 in size; prices range from $115 to $125 a front foot. This is among the choicest building frontage in Atlanta, and is well suited for apartments.

Railroad Front Near Bellwood Ave.

AN ENTIRE BLOCK, fronts 225 feet on A., B. and A. Railroad; triangular in shape; has three renting houses. An income property with railroad background; lies well for factory site. Price, $2,500.

Crescent Avenue. A $4,500 Home.

BETWEEN Eleventh and Twelfth Streets, facing east, an attractive six-room cottage on Crescent Avenue, lot 50x150. When we sell this $4,500 home, the edition will be out of print; there will not be any more at the price.

WEST END HOME.

ON LAWTON Street, just off Gordon, we offer a modern, 7-room bungalow, on lot 50x150. This home is up to date in all respects and is in perfect keeping with the usual high standard of West End residence property. Price, $5,000. Reasonable terms.

Pryor Street A 12 Per Cent Investment

IT IS NOT OFTEN you can buy a 12 per cent investment on a main paved street, all improvements down and enhancement a certainty. We offer an apartment building on Pryor, near Vassar Street, lot 50x165; rents four tenants at $13 each; total rent $52. Price, $5,200. Tenants pay water bills. This is standard income property.

Renting Property Near Davis Street

THREE BLOCKS from A., B. and A. freight depot, a corner lot 100x105; has two single and one double house; room for another double house. Rents $30 above water bills; price, $3,200. This is very close to Terminal Station and always rents.

EAST LAKE ROAD. A Ten-Acre Tract.

CORNER East Lake Road and Boulevard DeKalb; fronts 467 feet; adjoining tracts owned by J. H. Porter, W. T. Gentry, Major W. R. Dashiell and Adam W. Jones; a residence site de luxe. Price, $16,000.

COUNTRY HOME SITE At East Lake.

SMALL acreage tract (about 4 acres); has spring and clear spring branch on it; suitable for chicken ranch or gardens; fine building site, with trees; car line runs through property. Price, $4,000.

AT EAST LAKE. Fronts 400 Feet.

THIS tract is on Skiff Avenue, facing club grounds; in next block to Joseph Richardson's new residence. Price of entire tract, $4,000; easy terms.

Fair Street At East Lake

ONE BLOCK from Country Club, a pretty lot in oak grove, 100x200; close to paved road; a desirable bungalow site. Price, $1,500; terms.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR.

LOAN AGENTS NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

HOUSES FOR RENT. HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT. By FOSTER & ROBSON.

10-r. h., 39 Inman Circle, fur.	$75.00	8 -r. h., 25 Colquitt	$40.00
10-r. h., 210 Angier Ave	45.00	8 -r. h., 358 Capitol	33.35
9 -r. h., 60 E. 17th, fur.	75.00	8 -r. h., 342 Angier Ave	37.50
9 -r. h., 314 Williams	50.00	8 -r. h., 342 W. Peachtree	50.00
8 -r. h., 580 Washington	50.00	8 -r. h., 20 Gordon Ave.	40.00
8 -r. h., 69 Oak St.	40.00	7 -r. h., 566 Central Ave	25.00
8 -r. h., 77 Jones Ave.	17.50	7 -r. h., 86 Bedford Place, fur.	35.00
8 -r. h., 366 Capitol	35.00	7 -r. h., 143 Pulliam	21.00
8 -r. h., 94 Highland	35.00	7 -r. h., 145 Summit	31.50
8 -r. h., 114 McLendon	42.00	7 -r. h., 65 Austin	40.00
8 -r. h., 282 S. Boulevard	20.00	7 -r. h., 55 S. Howard	25.00
8 -r. h., 105 W. Harris	60.00	6 -r. h., 1170 DeKalb Ave	30.00
8 -r. h., 701 N. Boulevard, fur.	75.00	6 -r. h., 308 S. Pryor	30.00
		6 -r. h., 127 Boulevard DeKalb	20.00

FOSTER & ROBSON, 11 Edgewood Avenue.

FOR RENT—SANITARIUM.

WE HAVE a forty-room, well-lighted and well-ventilated building in desirable North Side neighborhood that we would rent as a sanitarium. For particulars see our Mr. Girardeau.

WE PUBLISH A WEEKLY RENT BULLETIN, giving a good description of everything we have for rent. Get a copy.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE.

Atlanta Phone 618. 12 AUBURN AVE. Bell Phone Ivy 671.

FOR RENT Chas. P. Glover Realty Co.

2½ WALTON STREET.

14-r. h., 173 Luckie Street	$ 40.00	8-r. h., 66 Sinclair Ave.	$ 50.00
13-r. h., 160 Spring Street	85.00	7-r. h., 256 Ivy Street	35.00
12-r. h., 26 Ponce DeLeon Ave.	125.00	7-r. h., 330 Central Ave.	25.00
12-r. h., 386 Spring Street	40.00	6-r. apt., 633 Piedmont Ave.	50.60
12-r. h., 82 Central Place	35.00	6-r. flat, 254-A Courtland St.	30.00
10-r. h., 164 Ponce DeLeon Ave.	75.00	6-r. h., 37 McLendon St.	32.50
10-r. h., 135 Ivy Street	45.00	6-r. h., 29 W. Sixteenth St.	40.00
10-r. h., 71 W. Fifteenth St.	85.00	6-r. h., 28 S. Warren St., Kirkwood	15.00
10-r. h., 84 East Cain Street	40.00	5-r. h., Hardin Street, College Park	15.00
9-r. h., 73 East Merritts Ave.	43.50	5-r. h., Eagan Park	10.00
9-r. h., 423 Gordon Street	45.00	5-r. h., 233 Houston Street	18.00
8-r. h., 824 Piedmont Ave.	60.00	5-r. h., 544 St. Charles Ave.	25.00
8-r. h., 646 Highland Ave.	35.00	5-r. h., 291 Humphries St.	11.60
8-r. h., 373 S. Pryor Street	37.50	5-r. h., 35 W. Boulevard DeKalb	22.50
8-r. h., 3 West Eighth St., (furnished)	65.00	5-r. apt., 1 Bell Apartments	40.00
8-r. h., 725 Edgewood Ave.	45.00	We have several new houses of 6, 7 and 8 rooms for rent in Inman Park. Let us show you.	
8-r. h., 381 S. Pryor St.	30.00		
8-r. h., 37 Copeland Ave.	37.50		
8-r. h., 96 W. North Ave.	40.00		
8-r. h., 89 Inman Circle	45.00		

FOR RENT Rooming Houses

THIRTY-SIX ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, NORTH SIDE, CLOSE-IN, ADMIRABLY ARRANGED AND LOCATED FOR ROOMS OR BOARDERS, SIX BEAUTIFUL BATH ROOMS, SPLENDID CONDITION. A GOOD CONTRACT WILL BE OFFERED TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES. CALL AT OUR OFFICE.

NOS. 28 AND 32 E. NORTH AVENUE, EIGHTEEN ROOMS, LOCATED BETWEEN THE PEACHTREES. WILL PUT IN ATTRACTIVE CONDITION AND RENT SAME TO GOOD PARTIES FOR $100 PER MONTH. TWO BATHS, FURNACE HEAT, EACH ROOM EQUIPPED WITH SPLENDID STATIONARY WASHSTAND. A REAL ROOMING HOUSE

TWELVE ROOMS, STEAM HEATED, NORTH SIDE, TWO BATHS, NEWLY PAINTED AND PAPERED, SPLENDID CONDITION, LARGE LOT. IN THE CLOSE-IN BOARDING ZONE AND ANOTHER PLACE THAT IS NOT CARDED FOR RENT. CALL AT OUR OFFICE.

WE HAVE SEVERAL BOARDING HOUSES ON THE SOUTH SIDE, AND AS MANY IN THE CLOSE-IN OR POPULAR NORTH SIDE BOARDING DISTRICTS. IF YOU WANT A HOUSE, SEE US.

SMITH, EWING & RANKIN

130 Peachtree Street

APARTMENTS FOR RENT. APARTMENTS FOR RENT.

THE EUCLID APARTMENTS

THIS NEW APARTMENT House at 161 Euclid Avenue has just been completed and consists of 16 three and four-room apartments. Each apartment fronts Euclid Avenue and has all the latest improvements and novelties. The wall safes are attractive features for valuables, and the three-room apartments have wall beds, which really makes them equal to four rooms. Prices are $32.50 and $37.50. The neighborhood is unexcelled.

IN THE BOSCOBEL, which adjoins, are three and four-room apartments at $30 to $35 each.

FITZHUGH KNOX

1613 Candler Building

READY BY SEPT. 1st.

OPEN FOR INSPECTION FROM 2 TO 3 P. M.

THE LAWRENCE

52 AND 54 WEST PEACHTREE PLACE.

A NEW, CLOSE-IN KITCHENETTE APARTMENT

SIX BLOCKS OF THE CANDLER BLDG.

24 APARTMENTS OF 2, 3 AND 4 ROOMS; BUILT FOR COMFORT IN SUMMER TIME AS WELL AS WINTER. EVERY ROOM HAS OUTSIDE EXPOSURE. ALL CONVENIENCES, WITH LIGHTS, STOVES AND REFRIGERATORS FURNISHED. 2-ROOM APARTMENTS HAVE DISAPPEARING BEDS.

REFERENCES REQUIRED. APARTMENTS GIVEN PERSONAL ATTENTION.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY TO

J. L. TURNER CO., Owners.

1520 CANDLER BUILDING, Ivy 5213.

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TO LOAN.

WE HAVE for immediate loans several thousand dollars second-mortgage money; will loan one-half of original loan.

A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS 7 per cent private money; city property; to owners of property. See us quick.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS to loan on improved farms, 6 per cent. Five years.

THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS private money at 8 per cent direct to owners of property, in $1,000 to $2,000 lots.

RANDOLPH LOAN CO.

21 Inman Building. Main 877.

HOUSES FOR RENT. HOUSES FOR RENT.

HOUSES FOR RENT BY SHARP & BOYLSTON

78 EAST NORTH AVE.

NEXT door to Peachtree Street; a splendid 2-story frame. Will put in good condition for tenant. Close price. Make an offer Monday.

66 EAST CAIN ST.

A CLOSE-IN residence, suitable for boarding house. Always occupied by owner. You can't beat it for the price; 10 rooms.

124 SOUTH PRYOR ST.

A CLOSE-IN 2-story brick. Has 10 rooms. Fine location for boarding house. Rate, $57.50.

14 WEST LINDEN ST.

NEAR West Peachtree Street. A large frame cottage, suitable for home or boarding house. Will fix to suit tenant. Rate, $40.

116 SOUTH PRYOR ST.

A TWO-STORY brick. Has 9 rooms. Very close in and in fine boarding house section. Right at Trinity Avenue. $50.

53 EAST ELLIS ST.

A TWO-STORY frame, located just below the Aragon Hotel. It is one of the best close-in North Side boarding and rooming sections. This house has 9 rooms. Newly papered. Three baths. We will rent to desirable parties for $45 per month.

25 COLQUITT AVE.

A SPLENDID Inman Park home. It is modern in every way and equipped with best of everything to make a home comfortable. 8 rooms. Now vacant. $40.00.

204 FORREST AVE.

A DANDY lower apartment in splendid North Side residence street. Arranged cottage plan. Modern conveniences, $30.60.

69 AUBURN AVE.

A CLOSE in cottage. Next to Wesley Memorial. Fine location for roomers or boarders. Will repaper throughout for good tenant. Right in the heart of the city. $40.00.

20 BOULEVARD DE KALB (Kirkwood).

WE HAVE here an excellent suburban home, with every convenience except gas. Considered one of the prettiest homes in this section, and we can rent for $30.00 per month.

DECATUR, GA.

WE HAVE left one very attractive bungalow near Agnes Scott College. Six rooms. Brand new. $22.50 per month.

N. KIRKWOOD LINE

AT ROSE HILL station, just this side of Decatur, on main Decatur car line, we have a fine cottage on nice shady lot. All conveniences except gas. Get off at Rose Hill, turn to left. First one in gets it. Rate is $22.50.

STORES.

19 South Broad Street.
19-A South Broad Street.
2 South Broad Street.

HOUSES.

9-r. h., 114 S. Pryor St. $55
9-r. h., 102 Capitol Ave. $40
9-r. h., 117 Juniper St.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE BY OWNER

THREE BRAND-NEW DWELLINGS, 6 ROOMS AND BATH EACH, LOCATED IN THE MOST DELIGHTFUL AND PICTURESQUE GROVE IMAGINABLE. LOT 50x229 FEET. CAN MAKE TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS CALL MAIN 2243 OR APPLY 917 AND 918 AUSTELL BLDG. 40-27-7

FOR SALE

ON ONE OF THE BEST STREETS in Inman Park, a nice seven-room bungalow. It has hardwood floors, combination fixtures, and was built for a home. It is on a level lot, 60 by 200. Owner forced to sell. Price $4,500, on terms.

ON ANOTHER GOOD STREET in Inman Park, a comparatively new bungalow, on a level lot, well shaded. Price $3,750. There are very few of this kind left that you can buy cheap.

A FEW BEAUTIFUL HOMES on St. Charles avenue, Piedmont avenue, and Ansley Park. See us about prices and terms.

LOTS—St. Charles avenue, Highland avenue and West End, $1,250 to $2,500.

W. T. NEWMAN & CO.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Bell Phone Main 4311. 904 Fourth National Bank Building.

Monarch Auto Oil

THE BEST at any price. Delivered to your address with faucet in barrels and half-barrels. We keep our customers supplied with Monarch Puncture Stopper FREE. Will preserve inner tube and tire.

Monarch Oil Co.

217-218 Temple Court. Phone Main 2974.

A. J. MAYFIELD

REAL ESTATE AND RENTING.

49 S. Pryor St.

MANUFACTURING SITES.

I have listed for short time two of the finest locations around Atlanta. Fifteen acres with two railroad fronts, 2½ acres with 400 feet railroad front and 400 feet of spur track. See me at once on these.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

EVERY Peachtree lot buyer should see Fernwood. Two large parks reserved; lots average one-fourth to one acre each. Choice selection $400 and $600 each, without interest. Charles P. Glover Realty Company. 7-27-20

GRANT PARK SECTION—Five rooms, hot and cold water; no loan; $20 monthly at 7 per cent; $2,650; my equity of $250 for $200 cash; also good building lot in Decatur cheap; am leaving Atlanta only reason for selling. 397 Oakland avenue, 3d house from Augusta avenue. 7-27-16

WE HAVE a piece of semi-central property on Simpson street, just a few blocks from West Peachtree, near Orme street; a good 7-room house that we can sell at a bargain, $3,000. $500 cash, balance like rent. Morris Realty Co., 415 Temple Court Bldg. 7-27-97

Real Estate for Sale.

Vacant lot on Kelly street, west side, 53 by 130 feet; about 150 feet north of Milledge avenue, that will trade either for improved property or will sell or improve. Call at Room 201 Equitable Building.

A splendid little investment of $1,650 on house and lot near Fair street school and Hunter street; always rented. Apply Room 201 Equitable Building. 123-27-1

FOR SALE—A beautiful building lot in Ponce DeLeon. Apply A. B. C., care Georgian. Owner. 108-27-7

WANTED—To sell or rent, good home; ideal section; every convenience. Terms and price easy and reasonable. Apply Owner, 708 Candler Building. 68-27-7

BEING a widow and unable to manage my farms properly, I am offering for sale one containing 522½ acres, one mile from the city limits of Sparta; another, well improved, containing 461 acres, five miles north of Warthen, Ga. If interested in farm lands in this section of the State, write at once. Mrs. W. T. Harrison, Sparta, Ga.

FOR SALE—New six-room bungalow, lot 50x255; fine chicken run; can be bought at sacrifice. Cash or terms. 88 Ormewood avenue. C. O. Hilton. 37-25-7

FOR SALE—At sacrifice eleven houses, all inside one-mile circle; one-quarter cash, balance terms; no loans or debts to assume. Address P. O. Box 177, Austell, Ga., or call on A. H. Irvine, 415 Temple Court, city. 35-27-7

WEST CAIN STREET, vacant lot, 23 by 50, opposite Orme, by owner; $200 per foot; $1,250 cash, balance five years. Phone West 460-J. 34-25-7

FOR SALE—$2,250, 131 Venable street, lot 42x100; five-room house; all conveniences; easy terms. Thomas J. Wesley, 209 Grant Bldg. Phone Ivy 5341. 7-25-5

WOULD you like to buy a beautiful lot in Decatur for $800; terms $16 a month, no interest? Has all improvements. If so, address Hamilton, Box 850, care Georgian. 7-24-3

LEASE OR SALE—Artistic bungalow; screened, tiled, furnace, garage. Address "Ansley Park," care Georgian. 39-23-7

NINE LOTS for sale in Hollywood Cemetery cheap. Call Bell Main 3978-L. 37-22-7

MY EQUITY in No. 1 South Gordon, West End Park, Atlanta. Ideal home; 8 rooms, bath, hardwood floors. Conveniences. Box 315, Troy, Ala. 7-22-13

FOR BUSINESS reasons must sell my home at once, and am offering special inducements for quick sale. It's located in one of the best residence sections of the North Side. Beautiful, elevated, level lot 190 feet deep; vegetable garden, chicken runs, house is fully screened, has hardwood floors, exposed beam ceiling, tile bath, electric lights, gas, hot and cold water, beautiful lawn, tile walk; in fact, it is an up-to-date ideal home. You must see it to appreciate it. If you want a bargain call Main 2059, or address T. W. M., Box 130, care Georgian. 7-15-22

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

FINE Georgia farm land; will exchange for Atlanta property at cash value. Owner, 1423 Candler Bldg. 7-23-19

WHAT have you to exchange for a beautiful 12-room residence with all modern conveniences? Address Owner, Box 383, care Georgian. 7-21-2

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two 20-acre tracts of Everglade land in Palm Beach County, Florida. Sold by the Florida Fruit Lands Company. State has just issued $6,000,000 bonds for drainage purposes. Great future. Will sell cheap if taken at once. Address E. Brooks, 79 Jefferson street, Atlanta. Phone Main 5871. 7-27-17

SUBURBAN ACREAGE.

Big tract of acreage, only two miles from city limits, as well as $20,000 worth of city property that I will exchange for a big piece of central property—or two or three pieces. "Realty," Box 81, care Georgian. 121-27-7

70 ACRES AT JONESBORO for only $75 per acre; partly in city limits. Lies well and is fertile. Good neighbors, schools, churches and town; 10-cent fare to Atlanta almost any time of day. Would sell half interest to party who would engage in dairy business or furnish hand to help. Farmer, Box 23, care Georgian. 7-27-99

FOR SALE—Two hundred and fifty acres of good strong red land; plenty timber; pasture with running water; one-half mile of depot. Will divide into small farms, or sell the whole at a bargain. Write for terms to Box 224, Raymond, Ga. 43-27-7

FARM FOR SALE—Fifteen miles northwest of Atlanta, 40 acres, three-room house, good barn and outbuildings; will sell a bargain in this and give best of terms; $500 cash, balance easy. B. N., care Georgian. 38-26-7

FARM FOR SALE—Fifty acres, good dwelling, barn, etc. Apply to Box 27, Palmetto, Ga. 7-24-13

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Residence lot in good section of Atlanta. Lies well and shady. Would take one or two pairs mules or horses in part payment. M. V., care Georgian. 91-27-7

FOR SALE—Ten acres good land, three-room house, Smyrna, Ga.; one mile from car line. Price $1,450, $350 cash, balance easy. Or will exchange for cheap property in Atlanta. R. F. Haney, 665 Marietta Street. 50-25-7

FOR SALE—$2,100 or will divide or exchange for home or equity in Atlanta, two houses and two vacant lots, College Park. C. E. Kiplinger, Main 4837-L. 7-25-26

FOR BEAUTIFUL HOMES and building lots in College Park, the most desirable suburb of Atlanta, see I. C. McCrory.

FARMS for sale near Fort Valley; will exchange for Atlanta property. J. T. Kimbrough, 409 Atlanta National Bank Building. 7-11-29

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—An apartment house, North Side. Will pay from $10,000 to $30,000. Call Main 4376. 7-27-25

WE HAVE a customer for a North Side home. Will pay from $6,000 to $12,000. Call Main 4376. 7-27-25

WANTED—Good size lot, close to north Decatur line; prefer lot fronting south or east. Give size, price and terms. Bargain, care Georgian. 47-26-

PARTY looking for North Side apartment house write Box 308, care Georgian, giving particulars. Buyer must answer direct. Will not transact business through agent. 36-26-

I WANT to buy equity in desirable real estate ranging from $4,000 to $5,500 in value. Will trade bank stock or automobile. Prefer to deal direct with owner. Give details in your reply. Address Bank Stock, P. O. Box 719, Atlanta. 7-26-5

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

OFFICES FOR RENT. OFFICES FOR RENT. OFFICES FOR RENT.

Offices for Rent--Hurt Building

Offices and Stores in the HURT BUILDING will be ready for occupancy October 1st. Applicants for space are requested to apply to the rental office of the Atlanta Realty Corporation at No. 41 Edgewood avenue.

An undivided floor of 9,500 square feet will be fitted for one tenant if desired.

Attention is called to the following special advantages afforded:

For Safety:	For Convenience:
Superior design and construction.	Central location.
Fireproof corridors, elevators and stairways.	All offices with outside light.
Thoroughly wind-braced steel frame.	Most modern elevator service.
No exposing buildings.	Specially attractive entrance.
Corridors marble floor and trim.	Toilets on every other floor.
Sanitary terrazzo floors in rooms.	Superior janitor service.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—An apartment house, North Side. Will pay from $10,000 to $30,000. Call Main 4376. 7-24-21

MODERN five to seven-room cottage or bungalow in A-1 section and off car line; must be on easy terms. Give street and number. Address Realty, Box 853, care Georgian. 32-24-

WE HAVE a customer for a North Side home. Will pay from $6,000 to $12,000. Call Main 4376. 7-24-21

MONEY TO LOAN.

IF YOU HAVE MONEY TO LOAN, WE CAN LEND IT ON REAL ESTATE IN AND NEAR ATLANTA AT 7 AND 8 PER CENT NET TO YOU, ON PROPERTY WORTH SEVERAL TIMES MORE THAN LOAN.

FOSTER & ROBSON,
11 Edgewood Avenue.
7-27-94

THE FOLLOWING small amounts on hand for loans at 8 per cent, $1,300, $800 and $500. Be quick if you want the money. Fulton Investment Company, Green, Tilson & McKinney, Attorneys. 7-26-18

R. C. DeSAUSSURE.

TIME and monthly loans negotiated on real estate. Room 813 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. 7-1-43

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS, upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments. Confidential. D. H. Tolman, 820 Austell Building.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS TO LEND, any amount; 8 per cent. Write or call S. W. Carson, 24 South Broad Street. 4-1-17

FARM LOANS PLACED in any amount on improved farm lands in Georgia. The Southern Mortgage Company, Gould Building. 7-12-1

WE HAVE plenty of money to lend at lowest rates on Atlanta and nearby property, either for straight or monthly payment plan. Also for purchasing purchase money notes. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood Avenue.

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—Loan of $2,500 for four months. Will secure same with well-improved farm, worth $7,500, and pay reasonable interest. Must act quick. Mortgage, care Georgian. 49-25-7

$1,000 WANTED for three and six months; $2,000 A-1 security. No commission. Will pay 8 per cent. Answer Box 848, care Georgian. 7-24-16

WANTED—Three to five-year loan of $800 from private party. Will pay 8 per cent interest. Gilt-edge security in real estate. Address C. L. E., Box 850, care Georgian. 7-23-4

ESTABLISHED 1888.
6%—WE WILL PAY—6%
ON SAVINGS
In Sums of $500 and over.
THE MERCHANTS AND MECHANICS BANKING AND LOAN CO.,
209 Grant Building. Telephone Ivy 5341.
Cash Capital $120,000.
Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier.
B. M. Grant, President.
3-11-50

STOCKS AND BONDS.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Will sell any part of seventy-five shares of the Central Bank and Trust Corporation stock; want $145 per share for it. Make me best offer.

Ten shares Atlantic Ice and Coal Corporation common stock at $90 per share.

Fifty shares of the Atlanta Agency Company stock.

Ten shares Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company stock at $1,500 per share; will sell five shares; bargain.

CHARLES E. THOMPSON,
Stock Broker. Room 201 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga. 119-27-7

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES.

Will buy several lots of good purchase money notes, either first or second mortgages, if the makers of notes are good risks. Have several thousand dollars to so invest. Money in bank. No delay. Address "Notes," Box 366, care Georgian. 118-27-7

THIS VERY MINUTE the opportunity you've long sought awaits you in the Want Ad pages of Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian. Not an issue is printed that does not contain the cream of desirable positions, excellent boarding and rooming places, fine business opportunities, real estate bargains and other things. Whatever your desire, you'll find a way to gratify it in Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian Want Ad pages.

ANSWER—Just as you have read this will others read your ad if you place it in the Want Ad columns of this paper. A word to the wise is enough.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

SHELBY SMITH

REAL ESTATE. LOANS.

LOTS! LOTS! LOTS!

THE WISE PURCHASER buys where improvements have been made. If you are in the market for lots, either for building or investment purposes, remember that we have them where sewer, sidewalk and water have been provided, and the property is reached by street car. These lots range in price from $350 up to $2,500. There will be a good profit in these lots for those who invest in them NOW. There are no vacant lots about Atlanta that will excel these.

ACREAGE.

65 ACRES with 965 feet of road frontage on a prominent thoroughfare. Price, $300 per acre. This is a good bargain and the property is nicely located for subdivision.

175 ACRES on Powers Ferry Road, admirably located. $80 per acre. Remember that when this road is widened and cherted—as it will be—this property will materially increase in value.

400 ACRES in Troup County, near LaGrange, at $12 per acre. Will trade this for Atlanta property.

106 ACRES between Decatur and Stone Mountain, on new street car line. This tract fronts the road and street car line for a distance of 1,050 feet. Price, $150 per acre.

ON WESLEY AVENUE, just west of Peachtree Heights Park, we have a beautiful tract which we can deliver at the extremely low price of $12.50 per front foot. This is the best bargain around Atlanta in suburban property, location considered.

HOMES—EXTRA GOOD ONES.

WEST FIFTH STREET—Two-story, nine-room, furnace-heated, with all conveniences, garage, etc.; lot 75 by 190, giving plenty of light and air. This is a choice location, and is a splendid bargain at a price considerably below its value. Price, $7,800; terms.

VIRGINIA AVENUE—Two-story, eight-room, brick-venered, furnace-heated house with all conveniences. This is an ideal home place and in a splendid locality. Price, $8,750; easy terms.

TWO-STORY, TEN-ROOM HOUSE, two baths, vapor system heating, hardwood floors and finish, reception hall, parlor, living room, dining room, kitchen, breakfast room and four sleeping rooms; eastern exposure; lot 110 by 240, with garage and servants' house. Price, $14,000; very easy terms.

SHELBY SMITH

W. D. HOYT, Sales Manager.
401 Empire Building. Phone Main 2627.

For Sale By
FOSTER & ROBSON
11 Edgewood Avenue

ON BOULEVARD DRIVE, in prettiest block in Kirkwood, fronting the car line, attractive and well-built home of six rooms and sleeping porch. All conveniences. Dandy lot, 100x200 feet. Splendid oak shade. $4,350, on attractive terms. This is the best buy in this rapidly growing section. See Mr. Frederick.

ON SUNSET AVENUE, between Simpson and Thurmond, a five-room home. Lot 45x150 to alley. Convenient to river cars. City conveniences. Only $2,350. Terms. See Mr. White.

ON EAST NINTH STREET we have a modern home of 8 large rooms; hardwood floors; furnace; pretty fixtures. Interior is finished in hardwood. This place is worth more, but the owner has instructed us to sell, so we are placing a price of $8,750 on terms, for a quick sale. See Mr. Martin.

IN INMAN PARK, on Edgewood Avenue, a two-story, nine-room residence, with two complete bathrooms. Dandy lot, 90 feet wide; best car service in the city. Splendid buy for $8,500. See Mr. White. Terms.

EIGHT ACRES in the East Lake section, convenient to car service. City water, sewerage, electric lighting. Best buy on the market for $4,500. See Mr. Radford or Mr. Hook.

WEST END. One of the most prominent streets, a ten-room house with servants' house and barn. Large lot, 60x230. $8,000; $1,000 cash, balance easy. See Mr. White.

VACANT lot, one and one-half acres, on East Lake Drive, one-half block from car line. $1,750. Easy terms. See Mr. Radford.

American Want Ads.
Use for Results

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

108 Feet on West Peachtree St.
386 Feet Through the Block to Spring St.

This property is just beyond East Tenth street, being among the prettiest on West Peachtree. It is elevated, faces east, and is beautifully wooded. On this property is a comfortable 9-room home with all conveniences; has five bed rooms and two baths.

This place is worth your notice either as a home or as a speculation. Reasonable price and terms.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

FOR SALE
JOHN J.
WOODSIDE

WEST END HOME.
(HOLDERNESS STREET.)
HERE is something worth while. Six rooms, modern appointments, furnace heat; east front; elevated lot. Terms. Price $5,750.
THOS. R. FINNEY, Sales Mgr.
12 "Real Estate Row."

GRAHAM & MERK
REAL ESTATE AND BUILDING.
318-319 EMPIRE BLDG. MAIN 4376.

TENTH STREET.
SIX-ROOM BUNGALOW, new; lot 45 by 150; stone front; hardwood floors; all conveniences. This is a beauty. $5,250. On Terms.

SPRING STREET.
TWO STORIES, NINE ROOMS and sleeping porch; lot 50 by 195; furnace heat. $8,000. On terms.

BOULEVARD CIRCLE.
BEAUTIFUL SIX-ROOM bungalow; new; sleeping porch. You will have to see this to appreciate the value; hand-polished floors; house screened throughout. Price $4,000. Terms.

KIRKWOOD.
EAST FAIR STREET, lot 70 by 207, four-room house. Price, $2,350. Terms.

WHITEHALL STREET
AT $200 FRONT FOOT

RIGHT near the corner of Whitehall and McDaniel streets, where property is selling for $350 per foot, we have for a few days only 60 feet frontage at the above ridiculously low price. No loan. Will trade for good renting property.

THE BEST BUY ON THE STREET.

ADAIR & HOLT, Real Estate & Loans
97½ PEACHTREE STREET. PHONE Ivy 10.

$11,000

TO LOAN ON IMPROVED NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE. CALL AT ONCE FOR

MR. RANKIN

J. R. J. H.
SMITH & EWING
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND LOANS.
IVY 1513. 130 PEACHTREE STREET. Atlanta 2865.

J. W. DOBBINS & CO.

312 PETERS BUILDING. BELL PHONE M. 2126

$4,000—Near Ponce DeLeon and Boulevard, two-story, seven rooms, electric lights, etc. $500 cash.

$3,500—Just off North Boulevard, six rooms; $500 cash; $25 monthly.

$2,550—Reduced from $2,750; six rooms, all conveniences; Grant Park section, facing car line and cherted street; $150 cash; $25 monthly.

$450—Level lot, 50x165, adjoining $3,500 homes; water and sewer down; $50 cash; $5 per month.

HOME BARGAINS.

$7,250—ON TWELFTH STREET, close to West Peachtree, we are offering a dandy seven-room house; has everything you want in a home; hardwood floors, sleeping porch, servant's room, garage and driveway. Look at it—you won't be long buying.

$5,000—HANDSOME BUNGALOW, six rooms; hardwood floors, furnace, etc. This is something real classy; located on Drewery street, close to Highland avenue. Dandy home, sure. Terms to suit you.

$5,500—ANOTHER HANDSOME little six-room bungalow; has everything you could wish; hardwood floors, furnace. $500 cash, arrange balance to suit yourself. Remember, this home is right at Ponce DeLeon avenue and North Boulevard.

MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO.
Third National Bank Bldg. Phones: Ivy 1276; Atlanta 208.

Summer Prices Now Prevail

ON EAST ATLANTA REAL ESTATE—We offer ten nice cottages and forty beautiful vacant lots. Terms and prices to suit you. See us early and get the pick.

Also a few houses to rent.

MARBUT & MINOR

Bell Phone Main 9211. Atlanta Phone 3102-A.

ON TUESDAY, August 5, next, Legal Sale Day, we will sell before Court House door the southwest corner of Fair and Fraser streets, fronting 67 feet 10 inches on Fair street, by 90 feet on Fraser street. This property is inside the half-mile circle, and has many fine advantages from a business standpoint. Sold for administration of D. Gussi estate. Terms, half cash, balance 1 to 2 years 7 per cent. Be on hand.

GREENE REALTY CO.
Agents.

FOR SALE BY
GREENE REALTY COMPANY
511 EMPIRE BLDG. REAL ESTATE, RENTING, LOANS. Phones 1599.

TWO WEST END BARGAINS.

JUST OFF Gordon street we have orders to sell immediately the very prettiest home in West End. Corner lot 95 by 200; eight rooms; furnace heat, servants' house; garage, with natural shade; owner moved away; most jam-up place in West End for sale.

LEE STREET COTTAGE.

SIX ROOMS—Right near Park Street Church; deep lot; fine car service. Both of these places we want to show to you.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

W. E. WORLEY
REAL ESTATE
415-16 Empire Building

BEAUTIFUL LOT FOR $300.

WE OFFER a beautiful building lot on the Marietta car line, beyond the river, facing the car line and main road, in a section of nice homes, level as a floor. The owner leaves on his vacation Monday at 2:45, he needs vacation money and it takes the cash. The lot is worth $700 this minute.

ATLANTA AVENUE.

WE HAVE exclusive sale of Atlanta Avenue, a beautiful street running from Capitol Avenue to Grant Park. The street is 60 feet wide, with city water, sewer and tile walks. These lots can be had at $16 per front foot, or $800; $75 cash, balance $15 per month. Can you beat this for terms and price in the city? Call and take your choice out of 60 lots.

MR. CONTRACTOR:

COULD you do better than take a bunch of these Atlanta Avenue lots? While they are cheap, you go out Washington or Capitol Avenue to Atlanta Avenue, to a contractor, who will take 5 or more of these lots. We would accept $50 cash on each lot, balance very easy.

WANTED—LOAN $4,250.

WE HAVE a client who will pay 8 per cent for $4,250 for one year on a beautiful North Side brick house, but he will not pay commission. This is a fine loan for some one who has the money.

380x1,100 FEET.

HERE IS THE most beautiful tract of land around Atlanta. It is a corner on the North Side, and $11,500 will take it; faces fine paved street, about 8 acres in this lot. A gentleman's home site. Think of it, only $30 per foot, with a depth of 1,100 feet. Wouldn't this just be grand for a city and country home?

PEACHTREE ROAD LOT

WE HAVE a lot on Peachtree Road, 81x325 feet that we will sell for $60 per foot, or would take a new auto as part payment. Stearns preferred.

PIEDMONT AVENUE LOT

WE OFFER a fine corner lot on Piedmont Avenue at Piedmont Park, at a low figure; fine place for an apartment. Call and see us for price.

PIEDMONT AVENUE AND CHESHIRE BRIDGE ROAD.

AT THE CORNER of Piedmont Avenue and Cheshire Bridge Road we have a beautiful tract of 10 acres that we are going to subdivide. If you want a nice lot, 60x200, speak now. Go out Piedmont to Rock Springs and see for yourself.

ATLANTA AVENUE LOT.

CALL AND SEE our plat and let us show you Atlanta Avenue. Think of getting a fine lot for $800 on this 60-foot drive to Grant Park.

W. W. WARREN, GUSTAVE KUHN,
C. W. HUNTER.

W. E. WORLEY

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

ANSLEY PARK---7-ROOM BUNGALOW

RIGHT OFF PIEDMONT AVENUE CAR LINE.

THIS brand new home is a BEAUTY; 7 large rooms, sleeping porch, beautiful fireplace, FURNACE HEAT, hardwood floors, fine basement rooms, large lot, lying absolutely perfect. This is the best bungalow for the money in that entire section. $6,500 on terms.

GRANT PARK COTTAGE—$3,500

ON GEORGIA AVENUE, right at the Park (Georgia is going to be some avenue soon, too), five large rooms and hallway, elevated lot, all conveniences. Easy terms. See us.

GRANT PARK COTTAGE—A BARGAIN. $2,650.

AT 324 ORMOND STREET, right at the Park, we have a dandy little cottage of five good rooms, bath, water, gas, and on good lot. $250 cash and the balance like rent. Why pay rent when you can get your own home in this home section on the same terms.

THOMSON & LYNES

18 AND 20 WALTON STREET. PHONE IVY 718.

WHITEHALL STREET

WITH the change in the grade of this the main artery of the South Side, values will advance rapidly, and the eyes of the foresighted buyers are already turning that way. Buy now, before the grade is finished, then sell and take your profits.

CORNER OF WHITEHALL AND BROTHERTON STREETS, lot 49 1-2x110. Two-story brick building, divided into two stores, loft and one five-room apartment. Stores and loft are rented to reliable tenants under lease. Apartment has bath, stationary washstands, gas and sewerage connections. Prices and terms given at our office.

WHITEHALL TERRACE. In a few feet of Whitehall Street, we have an apartment house of ten rooms, divided into two five-room apartments, now renting for $32.50 per month. House in good shape. Lot has an alley around two sides. No loan to assume. We are authorized to sell this property at a price, which makes it one of the best investments in this section.

THE L. C. GREEN CO.

305 Third National Bank Building. Phones, Ivy 2943, 4546.

J. R. SMITH & J. H. EWING

Real Estate, Renting, Loans

130 PEACHTREE

Ivy 1513 Atlanta 2865

EDGEWOOD AVE.

$325 PER FRONT FOOT will buy 60 feet frontage on Edgewood Avenue, in the busy retail section. Only a short distance from the center of the city. Will consider some first-class renting preperty as part payment and give attractive terms on the balance.

CONE STREET

$600 PER FRONT FOOT will buy 25 feet of frontage on the east side of Cone Street, 75 feet north of Luckie Street. Will consider 5 to 10 acres of suburban property or small farm in part payment. This lot should soon be in the $1,000 PER FOOT class, as it is in the shadow of the Candler Building, Piedmont Hotel, the Ansley Hotel, and is within 600 feet of the most valuable section of Peachtree Street.

EXCHANGE

WE CAN exchange a splendid piece of acreage on the North Side for improved property inside the city. A GOOD TRADE can be had in this tract and the lucky party will make A BIG PROFIT.

SMITH & EWING

SPECIAL

SACRIFICE PRICE—BEAUTIFUL PIEDMONT AVENUE 7-ROOM BUNGALOW, in that expensive section this side of Piedmont Park. Fixtures, mantels and everything in the house is jam-up. Has east-front, 50-foot, shady lot. If you want a home in this high-class section at a low price, it will pay you to investigate this at once. Price only $6,250. Positively cut from $7,250. See or call

GALLOWAY & SMITH, Agts.

213 EMPIRE BLDG. MAIN 140.

WHY PAY RENT

WHEN $20 PER MONTH WILL BUY this brand-new six-room bungalow, located in Ormewood Park, on the corner of Ormewood and Woodward avenues; a modern six-room bungalow with all conveniences; price $3,750; $250 cash and $20 per month. Just one block from car line. This section is being rapidly built up and offers splendid opportunities to home-seekers with moderate means.

L. P. BOTTENFIELD

"THE MAN THAT SELLS"

1021 Empire Bldg. M. 3110. See Mr. Lynch or Mr. Bell, Sales Managers.

Twice as Many Cattle Could Be Raised in the South By Use of the Modern Silo

Permits Greatest Amount of Food Per Acre, Conserves the Waste, Furnishes Appetizing, Succulent Food.

By CHARLES A. WHITTLE.

With a silo it is possible to grow two cows where one was grown before.

More succulent food can be grown on an acre for the silo than can be grown in any other form. When converted into ensilage more of the food content of a plant is conserved than when kept in any other shape. Cattle fed from the silo with suitable quantities of other food, are kept healthier and thrive better than when fed in any other manner.

The silo is both a source of economy and efficiency. Ten times as much space is required for storing corn field-cured than when put in the silo. Three times as much space is required to store hay in the barn than in the silo. So it is that the silo makes it possible to have smaller barns, carry less insurance, save cost of repairs.

In feeding, the silo preserves from waste a larger quantity of food materials than is possible in any other way. True, there is some waste from fermentation in the silo, but the curing process of corn in the field or other field-cured crops, exceeds by far the waste from the silo.

Economy of Silo.

The chief economy in using the silo is that it is the means of converting portions of the plant into appetizing food which otherwise the cattle would discard in the trough.

The equivalent of four tons of hay in feeding value can be easily obtained from an acre of silage. Four tons of hay per acre, of course, are not to be had, except from a good patch of alfalfa. Crops for ensilage can be grown on most any kind of land and with little trouble. It is not so easy to get hay crops.

No part of the country affords the opportunity that the South presents for growing at lowest cost, abundant silage matter. Corn and sorghum with cowpeas can be gathered in great abundance from a field of ordinary fertility. Nothing like the equal amount of feeding matter can be grown in any other way. Considering that the silage crop can be grown as a second crop of the long growing season in the South, it is apparent, of course, that the kinds of crops that can be grown are not alone the South's advantage.

Necessity of the Dairy.

To keep a dairy up to maximum milk production all the year, of course, requires care in feeding. Experience has put beyond all question that no food source better serves the dairyman than the silage which he can get in great amounts from a small tract of land.

Aside from the unquestioned economy, the silage has special value in maintaining a healthy condition of the animal. It operates as a mild laxative and when properly balanced with cotton seed meal and some dry hay, the cow is in prime condition for the maximum production of milk.

If a dairy is maintained on small acreage near a city where land is expensive, pasturage is out of the question, and the silo alone is the solution of an economic feed. For most parts of the South, however, pasturage is abundant and easily maintained, so that it is the cheapest possible source of food for cattle. Considering that there is a nine-month pasturage season on lands covered with Bermuda grass, where one might consider that from $1 to $1.50 per month would be a fair charge as pasturage cost, it is apparent at once that cattle growing in the South need not be an expensive proposition. The cheapness of pasturage, together with the long growing season, makes it unnecessary to go to the lengths in providing silage to which more Northern farmers have to go during the longer period of stall feeding.

But a long grazing season on inexpensive pasturage does not abate the necessity of a silo. The mere fact that cattle graze so much in the South makes the silo the more necessary, for no food better follows or precedes pasturage than succulent silage. They supplement each other splendidly.

For Beef Production.

Because of the healthy condition which silage produces in the animal, and because of the enlarged capacity for food which feeding silage creates, beef growers have long recognized the value of leading up to the finishing season by using silage.

Recent years have developed that silage is not only good as a succulent food between pasturage seasons, but is a food that can be carried along till the feeding is finished. Formerly it was said that cattle fattened by use of silage did not kill out well, that the meat did not have good color and the bone was too hard, that in shipping the shrinkage was greater than in the case of strictly corn-fed animals. Careful experiments have largely disproved these claims. At the Virginia station 124 beef animals were fed with reference to testing silage in beef production, for a period of 149 days and were then sold on the market. These cattle were fed from eight to nine pounds of concentrates per day from twenty-five to thirty-nine pounds of silage per day and about two pounds of dry stover or hay. When shipped to market the shrinkage was not as large as usually prevailed on shipment of corn-fed cattle from the same territory. The lot of cattle dressed out 56.9 per cent; a very creditable record, considering that they were grades, fed only 149 days. Instead of the meat being inferior, it turned out superior in quality. The fat and lean were well blended and the color was excellent.

It will be noted that some dry matter was fed. This is generally advised as a check on the laxativeness of the silage. Professor Charles Plumb, one of the greatest feeding experts of this country, connected with the Ohio State University, while strongly advocating silage, believes that to feed silage twice a day and hay once would prove a good policy. Others, however, claim that no more dry matter need be fed than by experiments prove is necessary to prevent too great a laxativeness of the animal.

The most rapid and economic gains made in a car load of cattle averaging 800 pounds each and fed from March 17 to July 15, by the Indiana Station, were those made from feeding 33.81 pounds of silage, 14.6 pounds of corn, 2.34 pounds of cotton seed meal, 2.38 pounds of clover hay. This experiment, as will be observed, was conducted during the summer months. The cattle relish silage in the summer as well as in the winter. For those sections of the country where droughts occur, the summer silo is considered a most important adjunct to cattle raising.

The Illinois station used silage for finishing choice Hereford steers along with a ration of broken ear corn and alfalfa. The cheapest gains were made where the silage exceeded the alfalfa, but the most rapid gains were made where the proportion of alfalfa to silage was greater.

Corn silage, when supplemented with oats and hay and used for calves intended for beef production, will produce 35 pounds more gain per steer during the season at the same cost of ration than when shock corn similarly supplemented is fed, according to experiment conducted oy the Illinois station.

Another experiment where cattle were fed a ration of silage, shelled corn and cotton seed meal, as against another group that was fed all the corn and clover it would eat. The cost of gain per 100 pounds in the first was $9.79 and in the second $12.89. This experiment was conducted by the Indiana station.

Many instances might be multiplied giving the advantages of silage feeding in the cost of beef production, but enough has been given to indicate the general results.

The more live stock grown per acre the greater the amount of manure available for enriching it. Since the silo makes it possible to raise two cows where one has been grown by other methods, so the silo makes it possible to get twice as much soil fertility for the same outlay—a matter well worth considering in these days when acquiring soil fertility is becoming more and more expensive.

Moreover, the silo is a means for returning to the soil the largest possible amount of the plant food contents which the crops have taken out. Each plant grown on the farm robs the soil of a certain amount of fertility. If it is corn that is grown and the grain is sold off of the farm, rather than fed on it, that much of soil fertility that has gone into the grain leaves and if its equal is to be obtained the farmer must go forth and buy it. If a part of the stalk of the corn is permitted to waste in the field, or is permitted to cure in a form that the cattle do not eat, so much of food content of the soil is thrown away. But when it is cut up and put in the silo, all of the plant is made palatable and available for food. Thus, the least possible amount of soil fertility taken up by plants is permitted to go to waste. After being fed, of course, it goes back to the soil to that extent which the animal has not converted into bone, blood, sinew and fat. It is estimated that about 75 per cent of the elements of the plant get back to the soil when fed through the silo and returned to the soil in the form of manure.

All sections of the United States have better appreciated and made use of the silo than the South. True, some sections of the South devoted to dairying and beef raising have been using silos with great profit for a number of years. One can ride half across some of the Southern States and never see a silo. It is the greatest need of the Southern dairyman. It is doubtful if beef production can be generally carried on with success in the South without the use of the silo.

A silo can be constructed cheaply; in fact, more cheaply in the South than elsewhere. A farmer can build one himself at little cost. Usually it pays to have one built according to some of the best designs and at greater expense than the cheapest and more temporary kind, because of the lasting qualities, as well as its better arrangement. A silo can be built at a cost anywhere from $50 to $250. In the South they should be built with less diameter than in the North, because of climatic conditions.

Any college of agriculture or experiment station will furnish plans and specifications for a silo. Some of the railroads will also do the same. It would seem that there is no excuse for the Southern farmer not having a silo.

FARMS FOR EXCHANGE.

LANDS FOR SALE BY THOS. W. JACKSON, 4TH NAT. BANK BLDG.

BELL PHONE M. 5214.

392 ACRES.

VALLEY plantation, on chert road, 85 acres of level bottom in high state of cultivation; nice residence, large barn; cost $1,500 to build two years ago; two tenant houses, an ideal country home. Owner non-resident and will offer at a very low price on easy terms for the next 30 days. Owner will be on the place to show it. Investigate and make your offer.

450 ACRES.

SOUTHWEST GEORGIA, on two good roads, nice residence, barn, tenant houses and other outbuildings; good, strong land, level and in high state of cultivation. Will sell for half its value if trade is made on or before August 15. If you want a farm it will be to your interest to see this place at once.

1,869 ACRES.

NO BETTER location for a large stock farm; 600 acres of open land, 500 acres in timber, 200 in pasture, fine waterpower, 7-room residence, 3 tenant houses, several barns and other outhouses. I am in position to give you a bargain or exchange for Atlanta property.

728 ACRES.

ONE MILE front on the river near Atlanta, can be bought for less than $20 an acre; 100 acres of bottom, 7 settlements, 250 acres in cultivation, 165 in pasture, with wire fence and running water, 400 acres in timber. Will include 8 head of mules, implements, tools necessary to run the place.

60 ACRES.

18 MILES from Atlanta, large creek running through the place, 10 acres bottom, 40 acres timber. Enough to pay for the place. Price, $1,250 cash.

82 ACRES.

17 1-2 MILES from Atlanta, two good houses, barn and other outhouses, two fine springs, 45 acres in cultivation, balance pasture and timber. Owner non-resident. Will take $2,000 cash.

OTHER LANDS.

I CAN place you in any county in the State, any size tract, and price and terms to suit you. Let me know what you want. Have 40 agents always on the lookout for bargains.

THOS. W. JACKSON, 4TH NAT. BANK BLDG.

OXYGEN-ACETYLENE WELDING.



"It STICKS like a bull pup." But this process doesn't simply stick things together. It MELTS the metal at the crack or break and runs it together again. We weld anything made of any kind of metal. Nothing too small or too large.

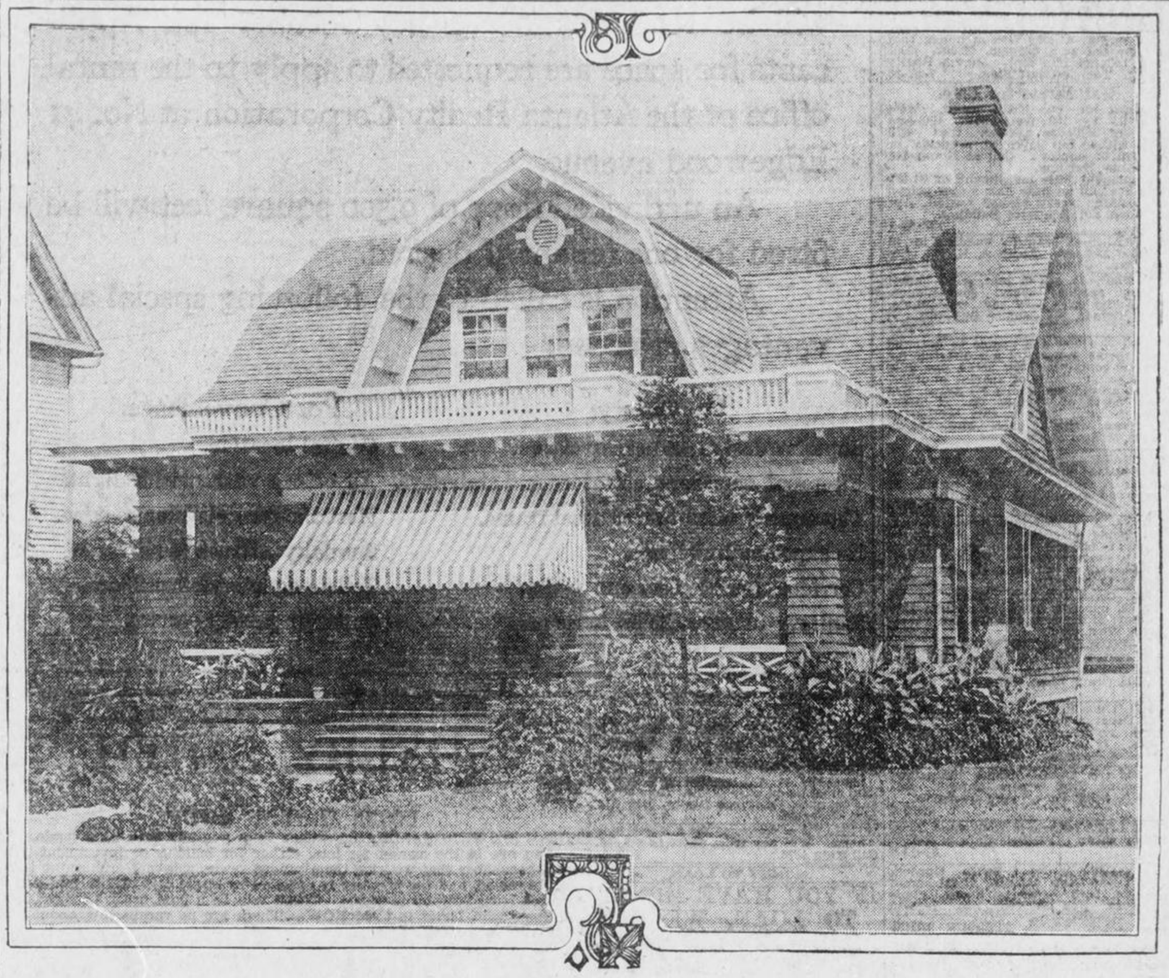
ATLANTA WELDING COMPANY.

BELL PHONE IVY 5367. 74 IVY STREET.

Atlanta Beats Building Average of Big Cities

Hot Fight Begun for Realty Convention in 1916

TYPICAL BUNGALOW OF INMAN PARK SECTION



The accompanying cut shows a typical bungalow of the Inman Park section. There are many more costly homes, but few that are prettier. Inman Park is essentially a residence neighborhood, and its citizens give a great deal of attention to lawn, garden and tree effects, as well as to homes. Big dwellings of earlier days have been supereeded largely by pretty bungalows.

Bradstreet's Shows 119 Places Spent $352,857,205 in Construction First Half 1913—Gate City Ahead of Average $150,000

Bradstreet's review of building statistics throughout the United States for the first six months of 1913 reveals that Atlanta has beaten the average of 119 leading cities by $146,591. These cities spent $352,857,205, or an average per city of $2,965,196, while Atlanta spent $3,111,777.

New York City, with its $84,036,496 expenditure, does not figure in the above calculations. Taken without New York, the other cities gained $26,494,702 over the same period last year.

Atlanta's Good Business.

Atlanta's business in the first half of 1912 was $3,624,840, and this year shows a loss of $513,063, which is considered normal on account of the fact that 1912 was an unusually productive year.

The gain in the 119 cities was 7.9 per cent over 1912 and 10.7 per cent over the first half of 1909. In other words, the country's building expenditure during the first six months of 1913, New York excepted, was larger than in any preceding six months in its history.

A precise measure of the past eight years' building record is to be had by comparing the building returns at 65 identical cities for half-yearly and annual periods back to and including 1905. This permits of the following comparisons:

Interesting Table of Figures.

Sixty-five Cities.	First Six Months.	Second Six Months.	Total for Year.
1905	$294,536,160	$300,823,254	$595,359,414
1906	347,035,084	277,091,712	624,126,796
1907	315,356,543	239,691,717	554,348,260
1908	222,684,848	287,264,561	509,899,409
1909	382,498,361	341,048,658	723,547,019
1910	354,903,233	312,488,260	667,452,493
1911	320,991,141	322,119,186	643,110,327
1912	350,229,622	330,322,028	680,551,650
1913	333,476,571		

This year the expenditures at 65 cities for the first six months were $333,476,571, which fall behind those of a year ago at the same cities by 4.7 per cent, but exceed those of the last half of 1912 by almost 1 per cent. Compared with the boom year, 1909, the decrease in the first half of the year from last is 12 per cent, while the gain over the first half of 1908, the low-water mark year, was 50 per cent.

HISTORIC INMAN PARK LURES HOMESEEKERS

Sixty Acres Laid Off in 1892 by Joel Hurt—Story Of Venture in Early Subdivision.

Probably few people in Atlanta realize that Joel Hurt, who is constructing the Hurt Building, who built the Equitable as the first office structure in Atlanta, and a street car line out Edgewood avenue as the first trolley line, is in reality Atlanta's first subdivisionist as well.

Mr. Hurt laid off about 60 acres of land in 1892 and called it Inman Park. He had plats made and invited his neighbors to buy large lots, with ample restrictions for the protection of the residents. He reserved a 20-foot strip around the entire tract to keep others from encroaching.

Many lots were sold and many fine homes built, and along with a realization of his dream of a second large office building Mr Hurt is about to realize an ambition in Inman Park—completed Inman Park, for there is very little land left to build on.

Early Project Abandoned.

An interesting story is told of Mr. Hurt's early operations as a street railway magnate. In planning for a suburban street car line, his eye fell on West End as a good prospective terminus. About that time a land company was organized which bought considerable acreage where Mr. Hurt's line was expected to go. Mr. Hurt thought he would take advantage of the enhancement, so he built out Edgewood avenue rather than into West End, and opened a subdivision of his own.

His idea was to make of Edgewood avenue a broad and popular boulevard leading into the city, and he has never got away from Edgewood, for both his office buildings are on it, and he is planning other buildings either on or adjacent to it.

Beautiful Home Neighborhood.

Inman Park is completed in the sense that there is very little land in the original acreage tract that has not been built up. Beautiful homes with large front yards and yards of great depth are seen on every hand, and there is an air of quiet and rest about the section that is felt in very few city neighborhoods.

Most of the lots built up with the finer houses are of 100 feet frontage and 200 by 300 feet deep, but since restrictions lapsed in ten years, or about 1902, bungalows and narrower lots have found a place.

Several nice apartment houses recently have been completed in Inman Park, and the section which was for years the home of the Candlers, the Hurts, the Inmans and the Kings is assuming an appearance that is as progressive as it has been aristocratic.

REAL ESTATE GOSSIP

Van B. Smith, newly-elected secretary of the Atlanta Real Estate Board, has taken hold of his new job in a hurry. Having been named at the dinner of the real estate men Friday night a week ago he dropped around on Saturday by the office of John D. Babbage to pay a social call. During an intermission Mr. Babbage called his stenographer and said, "Please take a letter," and he dictated to the Atlanta Real Estate Board the following, which the presence of Mr. Smith had inspired:

"Please accept my resignation to take effect as of this date."

"Wait a minute—don't do that!" broke in Mr. Smith. And then Mr. Smith went into the history of real estate boards and their advantages. So eloquent was Mr. Smith's major premise, his minor premise and his peroration that Mr. Babbage was overcome and he tore up his letter forthwith.

If you don't believe it, ask Mr. Babbage!

* * *

It pays to "tote fair" with realty clients, according to George P. Moore, of the real estate agency which bears his name. "Some people believe," declares Mr. Moore, "that a real estate agent will knowingly sell them a 'slow' piece of property. I believe this is a mistaken idea, because when an agent sells a money-maker the customer will buy from him again; but if he loads you you will pass him up in the future. We know that it is to the agent's interest to put up live propositions, so that customers will come back."

* * *

There is at least one thing that Harris G. White hopes to do while he is president of the Atlanta Real Estate Board, and that is to increase the number of agents attending the monthly dinners of the association.

"Out of 175 members of the board," declares Mr. White, "we should have half at every dinner that we give. In this way the good work of the board can be carried out effectively, whereas a lack of co-operation will not do us any good. My plan is to make each member feel that he has some little duty to perform, and in this way more men will become actively interested.

"I expect the fall business of the Atlanta real estate men to go beyond their fondest hopes. We will probably have a medium-sized crop, but it will be a good one, and lots of money is going to be turned loose in Atlanta. Then after that, we have Panama Canal and immigration influences to contemplate. This section is in the path of progress and the influence will be first felt in local real estate."

* * *

Complications having arisen in a lease situation, the Atlanta School of Medicine Building at the northwest corner of Luckie and Bartow streets will probably not be sold for some time. This property was to be disposed of, according to recent announcement, following the consolidation of the two local medical colleges. Then it was discovered that the Southern College of Pharmacy held three years of a five-year lease, with space on several floors of the building. Some adjustment will probably be made, however, which will enable the medical college authorities to sell as contemplated. The value of the property has been estimated at $100,000.

Shelby Smith's Return.

Shelby Smith, chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, who has been out of town on a short vacation, is expected back this week. During his absence S. B. Turman, vice chairman, has been officiating at county board meetings.

Atlanta and Memphis in Competition for National Ass'n Meeting Three Years Hence—Interesting Correspondence Exchanged.

The Atlanta Real Estate Board has been "challenged" by the Memphis Real Estate Association.

Both of these worthy organizations are members of the National Association of Real Estate Exchanges, which meets Monday in Winnipeg, and both want the ninth annual convention in 1916. For some time the Atlanta real estate men have had their sails set for this gathering. Imagine their surprise, therefore, when the Memphis association sent along a request that the Atlanta board support Memphis for the convention!

Letter From Memphis.

A letter from President George M. Person declared that the Memphis delegation to the Winnipeg convention would carry invitations from the Mayor, the Business Men's Club and the Merchants' and Cotton Exchanges; that Memphis would have by 1916 a $1,000,000 auditorium-armory, and with six large hotels and a number of smaller ones could accommodate the crowd.

"The East will claim the convention next year, possibly Pittsburg or Buffalo," said the letter, "and in 1915 Los Angeles will secure it. In 1916 the South should win, and Memphis, in our opinion, should get it. We sincerely trust you will instruct your accredited representatives to use their valuable influence in behalf of Memphis, assuring you that we may be counted upon for reciprocal favors."

Now, Harris G. White, president of the Atlanta Real Estate Board, has a sense of humor, and he did not fail to appreciate the situation. He wrote in substance as follows:

Mr. White's Reply.

"I have your letter and thank you for writing us in this connection. It will be impossible for us to comply with your request, inasmuch as Atlanta is also trying for the same convention. Your delegates to the 1912 convention at Louisville will recall that there was a strong sentiment favorable to Atlanta as the convention city in 1913, many of the delegations so expressing themselves.

"The convention for this year was tentatively offered Atlanta, and our delegation decided to work for the next possible chance, which, it seems, is 1916. We need Memphis' support, and if it is possible for you to give it for 1916, we shall be glad to pull for Memphis in 1917. We have an auditorium large enough to accommodate any ordinary gathering, ample hotel facilities and three more hotels building, and expect to carry along invitations from the Mayor, the City Council and other organizations."

Concerns Want Space In Chamber Building

Some interesting announcements of space leased to business concerns are expected soon from the directors of the Chamber of Commerce Realty Company, which owns the new Chamber of Commerce home at the southeast corner of Auburn avenue and North Pryor street. A local bank is figuring on most of the ground floor space.

The Chamber of Commerce executive offices will be on the second floor, and the merchants' and manufacturers' exhibits on the four top floors. One floor will have to be added to make the six, the total cost of alterations to be $50,000.

News and Views by Experts of Finance, Industry, Crops and Commerce

CONVERTIBLE BONDS GIVE SMALL INVESTORS BEST 'BUY' NOW, SAYS FORBES

Gives List of Especially Attractive Purchases Possible and Points to Safety When Compared Even to the Best Stocks—Many Signs Point to Prosperity.

By B. C. FORBES.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Business is not going backward, and finance is progressing very satisfactorily, both in America and Europe.



The corner has been turned in the security markets, as far as can be judged, although of course an international intervention of Mexico would upset all ordinary calculations.

Already, standard stocks have recovered from $3 to $10 a share, and this has permitted weak spots either to be eliminated or strengthened, a fact of great importance.

The public very wisely has begun to buy bonds. Well selected issues can not fail to prove profitable investments. They are more attractive than they have been in many years.

Convertible bonds of strong organizations are extremely cheap and possess great potentialities. A list of good convertibles is appended to this article.

For the smal investor unwilling to run risks, high-grade bonds are preferable even to the most seasoned railroad or industrial stock in these days of unrest and "reform."

Again, the success or failure of most concerns is dependent very largely upon its president or dominating executive. Boards of directors, theoretically, are supreme, but the actual running of a property devolves upon the chief officer. He can make or mar a corporation in most cases.

A Prominent Example.

To illustrate the risk attaching to stocks as permanent investments, let me recall that only a few short years ago New Haven Railroad shares were universally regarded as gilt-edged, above suspicion, the best obtainable. They sold above 250 in 1902 and above 200 in every year (except 1904) from 1895 to 1906. Long ago they paid 10 per cent and then 8 per cent regularly from 1895 until this year.

The quotation for the stock has recently been below not 200 but 100; the dividend has been reduced to 6 per cent and less than that has been really earned.

Again, express company stocks formerly were classed as safe, attractive investments. But see what has happened to them.

Do not misunderstand me; for business men and many other stocks at certain times hold out greater possibilities than bonds. Bonds yield only a fixed and moderate income, whereas stocks, picked with discretion based on knowledge, are likely to advance in market value and to increase their dividend rates.

A month ago stocks were bargains. Even to-day they are low and are almost certain to rise substantially by and by. Those who can afford to incur reasonable risks will probably choose stocks and come out all right.

General trade is mixed. The volume in the aggregate is large.

Crops Up to Average.

Railroad gross earnings never were better, although the natural growth of the country accounts for this.

The crops are neither extraordinarily good nor extraordinarily bad. They are comfortably above average. Supplies will shortly begin to come to market; indeed, farmers who are in debt will be urged to turn part of their product into cash without delay.

A prominent Texas banker declares that his State will pocket $350,000,000 for its cotton alone.

The Department of Labor reports that fewer workers are idle now than at any time in seven years.

An important steel company announces the best half year's earnings in its history, although lately business has slackened appreciably.

Copper is going up encouragingly, partly, however, on account of strikes. The demand has quickened.

Our foreign trade is breaking all records, with a handsome balance of exports over imports.

Tariff uncertainty has put New England cotton mills on half time, woolen mills are also only partly employed and silk factories have suffered from strikes (now, however, settled).

Commercial failures are rather numerous and are likely to continue, but this was to be expected in view of the banks' determination to check credit inflation.

Banks Are Fortified.

Our banks are strengthening themselves in preparation for agricultural demands. New York institutions are well fortified, and it is now believed the strain will not reach the breaking point. Chicago's best-known banker claims that the banks there also have husbanded resources to an extent that minimizes danger of acute stringency.

The Bank of England's percentage of reserve is the highest recorded at this season in many years, with one exception.

The Bank of France now has the huge sum of $678,000,000 gold, thanks in part to the withdrawal of some $45,000,000 from New York since New Years.

The Imperial Bank of Germany gained fully $10,000,000 cash last week, and to-day is carrying much the largest amount in its history.

Danger of a general European war is no longer a factor.

Governmental and corporate borrowing has been discouraged on all sides.

Europe Can Assist.

The return of confidence abroad can not long be delayed, and with it will come a considerable quantity of hoarded money.

Under these circumstances, the United States should be able to draw upon Europe for any facilities it may require to market the crops.

Delay in enacting currency legislation will occasion no alarm, but will undoubtedly bring out the need for amendments to the bill as it now stands.

Finally, the new tariff should be out of the way by the first of September.

The strongest banking interests are opposed to animated speculation in stocks on BORROWED money.

But they are encouraging outright investment in the best grades of bonds and stocks.

Attractive Bonds.

Among the convertible bonds to which attention is being directed are:

Railroads—Atchison 4s of 1955, Atchison 4s of 1960, B. and O. 4 1-2s of 1933, St. Paul 4 1-2s of 1932, Norfolk and Western 4 1-2s of 1938, Southern Pacific 4s of 1934.

Miscellaneous—American Telephone 4 1-2s of 1933, Brooklyn Rapid Transit refunding mortgage 4s of 2002 Lackawanna Steel first mortgage 5s of 1923, Westinghouse Electric 5s of 1931.

OCCASIONAL OBSERVATIONS

Young J. P. Morgan rose like a son of his dad at the New Haven meeting which ousted Mellen. He asserted himself in the good, old-fashioned way of the late J. P. 'Tis said that it was the new Morgan who insisted upon Mellen's going, that it was Morgan who arrogated to himself the duty of selecting a successor, and that the other directors were forced to submit to the new leadership. Half the directors did not know when they met that Mellen was slated for dismissal. Morgan's aggressive action took their breath away. He showed unmistakable signs of pain and anger over the nation-wide criticism that has been leveled at the New Haven management.

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Playing with secrecy is playing with dynamite these days. The Vulcan Detinning directors learned that. The president had an uncomfortable half hour before the Stock Exchange governors for the three days' delay in announcing the dividend omission. Publicity pays.

• • •

There is much mental speculation going on in brokers' offices as to the probable price at which Union Pacific stockholders will be asked to subscribe to their allotted holdings of Southern Pacific. Efforts to obtain a glimmer of information from the bankers have signally failed. A well-known broker calls it a case where the bankers hold all the cards and the Union Pacific stockholders are compelled by the Supreme Court of the United States to play the game.

Iron Men Holding Up Price for Product

Believe It Better to Steady Market Than to Make Sales at Concessions.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., July 26.—Southern manufacturers of pig iron are still maintaining the $11 per ton price for pig iron on a basis of No. 2 foundry. While sales are not very frequent, the belief is that it will be better in the long run to uphold the price rather than to sell in quantity at a loss or near the cost mark.

There are indications of a better condition of the market in the next few weeks. The make is being further curtailed, effort being made to equalize the demand and production. Shipments are lively on old business, consumers asking for immediate delivery. This means there is need for the iron.

The steel operations in the Birmingham district are steady. With the exception of steel billets, the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company's big plant at Ensley has plenty of orders on hand to last two months yet, at least, with inquiries in hand that will call for operation extending through the balance of the year. It is expected that before December the Tennessee company will be furnishing billets to the American Steel and Wire Company at its new plant near Fairfield, in the Birmingham district.

South Seems To Be Selling Its Cotton

New York Takes This to Mean the Crop Is Improving—Full Yield a Necessity.

By EDWARD LOW RANLETT.

NEW YORK, July 26.—An easier undertone again was noted in the cotton markets to-day, but the volume of selling was not heavy, thus limiting the declines to about 5 points. The tone was heavy, with the close not far from the day's low point.

Weather conditions again were the principal influence. Scattered rain was reported in Texas overnight. Much of the Central-Western belt received showers, and parts of the East again were wet.

With a growing activity in business during the week, the market does not appear to have gained in strength. The South appears to be selling cotton against the possible yield. This must mean that the crop is improving in promise. If the crop holds its own during the current month, it will make a fair, though not, perhaps, a full yield, per acre. With the acreage increase fully 3 per cent and with conditions ruling slightly better than last year, there is no reason why a crop exceeding 14,500,000 bales should not be realized. This volume of cotton should not put the market down materially, because spinners' holdings and the visible carry-over certainly will be at least 1,000,000 bales less than last year.

The best backbone to the market for raw material lies in the positive scarcity of manufactured goods. Even the markets of Eastern Europe are practically bare both of goods and of cotton, and the year-end carry-over will be less than last year. These things make the necessity of a full crop obvious.

RANGE IN NEW YORK FUTURES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jul	11.83	11.83	11.71	11.75	11.74-76	11.81-83
Au	11.58	11.61	11.50	11.51	11.51-52	11.62-63
Sp	11.36	11.36	11.31	11.31	11.29-31	11.38-40
Oc	11.27	11.27	11.18	11.18	11.18-20	11.26-30
No	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.11-13	.....
De	11.21	11.22	11.12	11.12	11.12-13	11.23-24
Ja	11.12	11.12	11.06	11.06	11.05-06	11.11-18
Fe	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.06-08	11.18-20
Mr	11.22	11.23	11.19	11.13	11.13-14	11.27-28
My	11.27	11.29	11.19	11.20	11.19-20	11.29-31

Closed steady.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 26.—Although Liverpool cables were fairly encouraging, the cotton market developed a decidedly easier tendency to-day. Opening 2 to 3 points under Friday's closing, the market showed resistance to selling pressure during the early trading.

Later in the day, however, on reports of an inch of rainfall at Brownwood and other points in West Texas, short selling was indulged in on a large scale. The detailed weather report by the Government practically confirmed the reports of rains in the West to-day and the selling pressure increased.

Weak longs liquidated on the break, while there was also considerable hedge selling. Prices eased off until October contracts sold as low as 11.17. Ring traders covered to some extent before the close, which was steady, with prices showing a net loss of 15 points as a result of the half day's trading. Spots were officially reported quiet and 1-16c lower on all grades, with sales of only 78 bales on the basis of 12 cents for middling.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open.	High	Low	ast Sale.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Ju	11.62	11.62	11.62	11.62	11.62	11.75
Au	11.63	11.65	11.55	11.55	11.55-58	11.64-66
Sp	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.32-24	11.37-39
Oc	11.30	11.32	11.17	11.18	11.17-18	11.32-33
No	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.15-17	11.30-32
De	11.26	11.28	11.14	11.15	11.15-16	11.30-31
Ja	11.29	11.32	11.16	11.18	11.16-17	11.31-32
Fb	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.13-15	11.29-31
Mr	11.38	11.38	11.27	11.27	11.26-27	11.40-41
My	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.31-33	11.45-47

Closed steady.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, July 26.—Due 1 point lower on August and 1 to 2 points higher on other positions, this market opened 1 to 1½ points higher. The market closed easy 1½ to 2 points higher.

Spot cotton easier at 2 points decline; middling, 6.59d; sales, 6,000 bales, including 4,000 American bales.

Futures opened easier.

	Opening Range.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	6.34 -6.33	6.33	6.32½
July-Aug.	6.34 -6.32½	6.33	6.32½
Aug.-Sep.	6.25 -6.25	6.25½	6.24½
Sep.-Oct.	6.16 -	6.14½	6.13½
Oct.-Nov.	6.10 -6.11½	6.10	6.09
Nov.-Dec.	6.05½-6.06½	6.05	6.04½
Dec.-Jan.	6.06½-	6.05½	6.05½
Jan.-Feb.	6.07 -	6.05½	6.04½
Feb.-Mar	6.07 -6.07½	6.07	6.06
Mar.-April	6.08 -6.09½	6.08	6.07
April-May	6.09½-	6.09	6.08
May-June	6.10½-6.11½	6.10½	6.09½

Closed easy.

SPOT COTTON MARKET.

Atlanta, nominal; middling 12⅛.
Athens, steady; middling 11⅞.
Macon, steady; middling 12⅛.
New Orleans, quiet; middling 12c.
New York, quiet; middling 11.95.
Philadelphia, quiet; middling 12.25.
Boston, quiet; middling 11.95.
Liverpool, easier; middling 6.59d.
Savannah, firm; middling 12c.
Augusta, steady; middling 12⅛.
Norfolk, steady; middling 12½.
Charleston, steady; middling 12 5-16.
Mobile, steady; middling 12c.
Wilmington, quiet; middling 12c.
Little Rock, steady; middling 12c.
Baltimore, nominal; middling 12½.
Memphis, steady; middling 12⅜.
St. Louis, quiet; middling 12 5-16.
Houston, quiet; middling 12 3-16.
Louisville, firm; middling 12¼.
Charlotte, steady; middling 12c.
Greenville, steady; middling 12c.

PORT RECEIPTS.

The following table shows receipts at the ports to-day compared with the same day last year:

	1913.	1912.
New Orleans	936	263
Galveston	784	248
Mobile	1	14
Savannah	756	112
Charleston	60	.....
Wilmington	36	185
Norfolk	261	125
New York	.....	364
Boston	53	.....
Various	250	.....
Total	2,892	1,281

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

	1913.	1912.
Houston	210	135
Augusta	52	300
Memphis	271	97
St. Louis	197	150
Cincinnati	191	213
Total	921	795

BUTTER AND EGGS.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Butter trade was slow. Eggs had a firm undertone. Butter receipts, 13,300 tubs. Creamery extra, 26 1-2. Eggs, receipts, 9,238 cases; ordinary firsts, 15 1-2.

PENNSY'S NEXT MOVE SURE TO BE SOUTHWARD

Writers Close to Wall Street Echo Report First Printed in The Sunday American.

By M. A. ROSE.

"Holland," the writer on financial affairs, and other conservative writers in the East are busy with speculation as to the Pennsylvania Railroad's future course, now that it has acquired an influential interest, if not actual control of the Southern Pacific.

June 22 The Sunday American pointed out the likelihood that the "Pennsy" would try to acquire the Atlantic Coast Line, which controls the Louisville and Nashville. Since this first publication the report has been echoed, with variations, by authorities presumably close to Wall Street.

For many years the Pennsylvania had an unwritten law which forbade any alliance with lines west of the Mississippi. The now famous deal whereby it exchanged Baltimore and Ohio stock for the Union Pacific's holdings of Southern Pacific stock was the first infraction of this rule.

The Natural Step.

The Pennsylvania has important terminals at the great Ohio River crossings, Louisville and Cincinnati. Since acquiring its interest in the Southern Pacific it has a line with termini at New Orleans and the Pacific coast.

The next natural step seems to be to link Louisville, Cincinnati and New Orleans. The Louisville and Nashville is the easiest answer, and the L. and N. is controlled by the Coast Line.

All this was pointed out in The Sunday American of June 22.

Now comes "Holland" a month later writing:

It has been inferred that the Pennsylvania, having secured by this exchange of stock an influential relation to the Southern Pacific, may, with the eyes of its manager fixed upon New Orleans, contemplate some arrangement whereby its position in the South and Southwest may be fortified.

An Additional Alliance.

There may be some sort of additional alliance with a railroad system of the South, the Atlantic Coast Line, say, although the traffic relations between the Pennsylvania system is the normal and most economical and in all ways satisfactory link between New York City, New England and the Atlantic and Gulf States of the South.

Railroad transportation to and from points in the South to New England and to lower New York State is certain to be relatively as great as, or greater than, the transportation carried by the so-called trunk lines between New England and the West. The opening of the Panama Canal is certain to greatly increase the demand for railway transportation of this kind.

Although railway managers of this city strongly discredit the rumor that the Pennsylvania purposes something like control, of one of the great railroad arteries of the South, yet it is safe to assume that the recent transaction by which the Pennsylvania becomes the owner of a very large block of Southern Pacific Ry. stock inevitably will be followed by enlarged or closer relations with some one of the great railway systems of the Southern States that fringe the Atlantic and the Gulf of Mexico.

By acquiring the Coast Line the Pennsylvania not only would link Cincinnati and Louisville with New Orleans, but it would, with the exception of the short link from Washington to Richmond have a chain from New England and New York all the way through the South to the farthermost end of the Florida peninsula, with Atlanta as an important point in the gigantic system.

COTTON SEED OIL.

Cotton seed oil quotations:

	Opening.	Closing.
Spot	.....	9.50@10.00
July	9.40@10.00	9.50@10.00
August	9.41@ 9.50	9.50@ 9.55
September	9.44@ 9.49	9.48@ 9.49
October	8.20@ 8.21	8.20@ 8.21
November	6.93@ 6.94	6.92@ 6.93
December	6.69@ 6.71	6.69@ 6.72
January	6.68@ 6.70	6.68@ 6.70
February	6.65@ 6.72	6.65@ 6.72

Closed strong; sales, 5,800 barrels.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

NEW YORK, July 26.—In the market for outside securities to-day price changes were insignificant and what little interest was shown continued centered in the New Haven issues, which again were active and steady. There was a better inquiry for Southern Pacific certificates, which improved 3-8. Union Pacific rights moved within a fraction and the tobacco issues ruled about unchanged. Copper shares were about steady. Silver issues were neglected. Bonds were unchanged.

TIFTON HOLDS WOOL SALE.

TIFTON, GA., July 26.—Five thousand pounds of wool were sold here to-day by Tift County wool growers to J. N. Griffin, of Valdosta, for 21 cents, the same wool growers selling 6,000 pounds at Tifton last year for 26 cents. The sheepmen say that the dry spring and summer has caused the wool to be light, not averaging more than 2 pounds to the sheep.

BONDS.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Government bonds were again weak and the 2s fell to a new low record to-day on transactions in the open market, involving $25,000. Sales were made as low as 95 1-2. United States 4s were dealt in at 110, a decline of 1-2 per cent, a new low record, and thereafter the bid eased off to 109 1-2. Panama 3s were only slightly changed in quotations.

NAVAL STORES.

SAVANNAH, GA., July 26.—The market for turpentine was firm at 35 3-4, on sale of 697 barrels. Rosins nominal, the close being firm on sales of 923 barrels. W W, 650; W G, 635; N, 454; M, 450; K, 430; I, 425; H, 420; G, 415, at 417 1-2; F, 415 to 415 1-2; E, 410; D, 405; B, 400 to 405.

BANK CLEARINGS.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Bank clearances: $258,761,745, against $267,122,455, a decrease of $11,360,711.

SPOTS REMAIN OVER CONTRACT PRICE LEVELS

Spinners Evidently Do Not Think Market Out of Line, Even With Good Crop Coming.

MEMPHIS, July 26.—Whether the cotton crop yield is under 15,000,000 or over 16,000,000 depends, according to many well-informed members of the trade throughout the belt, on the sort of weather during the next few weeks. At present it appears reasonable to think chances good for the former figure to be a minimum, and it is a conservative opinion that the market has been ruled by that sort of an idea.

It is true that many people in the trade have thought the market unnaturally sustained with so large a crop indicated, yet manipulative tactics have not been conspicuous and influences have been of legitimate character. In other words, the spot market has kept well above contract prices, indicating that spinners were not averse to paying current prices for what they were compelled to buy.

Conditions during the past week have been favorable as a rule, according to advices reaching here, and in this part of the belt there are almost no complaints. In the weevil sections the high temperatures tended to minimize the danger, for the larvae in large numbers were virtually cooked, thus offsetting in a measure the injury done by lack of sufficient moisture. The lack of rain, however, was not widespread, being confined almost entirely to the Western belt, including Texas and Oklahoma. There has been partial relief out there, but they will face increased weevil damage if rains come soon. The crucial period for this pest is ahead, and will reach its climax between the first and tenth of August. The fact that there is so large a crop for the pest to take toll of tends to minimize concern and acts as an offset, for continuation of energetic efforts to reduce the number of the weevil is doing much to lessen the promised damage.

Col. Thompson Lauds Cotton Tax Editorial

"Finest I Ever Read on That Topic," Says American Interviewed in London.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Colonel Robert M. Thompson, of New York, in an interview with a representaitve of The New York American, said:

"I would like to offer your paper this expression of my opinion: You had an editorial on the cotton problem which seemed to me the finest editorial I have ever read on that topic. The way it grips the situation is just wonderful."

The Sunday American, July 6, had the following in its weekly business and financial article:

"The vicious proposal to tax dealings in cotton 'futures' has naturally aroused a storm of protest, for it would embarrass cotton growers, cotton manufacturers, spinners and everyone associated with the business, to say nothing of driving dealings in the staple from New York and New Orleans to Liverpool, where the advantages of a free, unfettered market are properly appreciated.

"The manufacturer who undertakes to make and supply so many gross of shirts or dresses or sheets at at stipulated price, in order to escape risk, at once arranges to have the raw material delivered to him at a specified price. On the cotton exchanges he can buy this material for future delivery, as there is an active market all the time for 'futures.' But if every bale thus traded in be taxed $2 or $3, this markete will be ruined.

"The manufacturer will have to pay more for his protection aagainst uncertain fluctuations and the grower will not find a ready market for his crop the moment he has it gathered and baled.

"The cotton tax is barbaric, and should be killed before it reaches the statute book. It would benefit nobody, but would injure everybody."

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee quotations:

	Opening.	Closing.
January	9.60@9.70	9.52@9.54
February	9.65@9.75	9.60@9.62
March	9.75	9.67@9.68
April	9.78@9.80	9.72@9.74
May	9.84	9.77@9.78
June	9.83	9.78@9.79
August	9.01@9.05	9.03@9.05
September	9.24	9.20@9.21
October	9.35@9.40	9.25@9.30
November	9.45@9.50	9.37@9.39
December	9.53@9.55	9.45@9.47

Closed steady. Sales, 22,750 bags.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The weekly statement of the New York Associated Banks shows the following changes:

Average Statement.

Excess cash reserve, $25,258,800; increase, $5,173,600.
Loans, decrease, $5,692,000.
Specie, increase, $4,407,000.
Legal tenders, increase, $657,000.
Net deposits, decrease, $756,000.
Circulation, increase, $4,000.

Actual Statement.

Loans, decrease, $13,974,000.
Specie, increase, $6,472,000.
Legal tenders, increase, $815,000.
Net deposits, increase, $2,178,000.
Reserve, increase, $7,885,500.

BAR SILVER.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Bar silver in London was 1-16d higher at 27 1-4d per ounce. To-day's New York price was 1-8 higher at 59 1-8c. Mexican dollars, 47 to 51.

SUGAR.

NEW YORK, July 26.—All grades of refined and raw sugar remained unchanged. The European beet sugar [illegible] purchased 88 10 1-2d for July beets; 8s 11 1-4d for [illegible] 2 1-4d for October and December beets.

How Straphanger's Nickel Is Divided

Where does the nickel go that you give to the street car conductor? Ever find out?

According to statistics compiled by the Census Bureau of the United States, a large part of the passenger's fare goes to labor.

Of the whole fare, 32.1 per cent, or 1.605 cents, is disposed of in this way. Conductors get the largest share of this amount, with motormen, road and track men and car and motor repairers following in the order named. Fully 50 per cent of that part of the fare which goes to labor is received by conductors and motormen.

The supply men come next. They get 19.3 per cent of the nickel, or .965 of a cent. Things that are paid for under this head include fuel, wire, rails, ballast, stationery, printing and general publicity. Next come the company's creditors. They share the fare to the extent of 14.8 per cent, or .74 of a cent. Under this head come men or corporations from which money has been borrowed on bond or mortgage, on short-term notes or other collateral.

The landlord's claim to the nickel dropped in the box amounts to 11.2 per cent, or .56 of a cent. Unless this claim is paid the companies may be dispossessed of pieces of roads, terminals or of trackage rights and facilities.

The State, county and the city also share in the income of the various companies, and consequently the tax collector comes in for 4.6 per cent of the fare, or .23 of a cent. Prompt payment of this charge is necessary to prevent the infliction of penalties or extra fees and interests. Claims for injuries to body, soul or spirit, and to property (including horses, cows, dogs), take care of 4.2 per cent of the fare, or .21 of a cent.

After the average company treasurer has paid out for miscellaneous expenses another slice of the fare amounting to 1.5 per cent, or .075 of a cent, he makes provision for "rainy" days. For this 3.2 per cent of the nickel is put in the secret drawer to take care of emergencies. Only .16 of a cent of each fare is used in this way, however.

Executives of various kinds receive 2.9 per cent of the cost of a ride for their share, there necessarily being many of them in systems that boast of any size at all. Their share totals only .145 of a cent, but it helps to reduce returns to the stockholders.

Last, but not least, come the stockholders. To them, for the use of their money, goes only 6.2 per cent of the fare. In actual payment it represents .31 of a cent. If these stockholders could be paid what savings banks would pay them if the par value of the shares had been deposited in 4 per cent savings banks instead of being invested in electric railways, they would get 19.5 per cent of the nickel. But that can't be done, and the stockholders must be content with their 6.2 per cent.

"This," the bulletin adds, "may account for the disheartening state of affairs shown in the following figures: Miles of electric railways built in 1902-7, 12,154; miles built in 1907-12, 5,295; decrease, 6,859 miles, or 56.4 per cent."

Stock Trading Dull; General Trade Good

Reports of Mercantile Agencies Tell of Larger Bank Clearings and Good Business.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Stocks were quiet to-day, and trading was mainly professional. Short covering served to impart some strength in the list. United States Steel, Reading, Union Pacific and Great Northern showed considerable strength. Canadian Pacific and Baltimore and Ohio were weaker on Berlin selling.

Announcement of the decision of the railroads to accept arbitration of the grievances of the trainmen and conductors came too late to affect the market.

The general outline of the plan for the rehabilitation of the New Haven Railroad, announced overnight, created a favorable impression.

The bank clearings of the country this week show a decided improvement over last, a gain of 6 3-4 per cent being reported. Gains at the West were large. Boston and New Orleans were the only large cities to show decreases.

Conservative optimism expresses the trade situation as outlined by the mercantile agencies. The better outlook for the crops at the week-end and easier monetary conditions were influences for good. The principal activity at the moment is in the West, where merchants are in close touch with the agricultural classes.

Stock quotations and net change:

STOCKS—	High.	Low.	Bid.	Clos. Ch'ge.	Net
Amal. Copper	69⅝	68¾	69½	—	¼
Am. Agricul.	....	....	46¾	....	
Am. Beet Sug.	26	26	25¾	+	½
American Can	33⅜	32¾	33	+	⅛
do. pref.	93¼	93¼	93¼	....	
Am. Car Fdy.	44¼	44¼	44¼	+	⅛
Am. Cot. Oil	....	....	37½	—	¼
Am. Ice	....	....	24	+1	
Am. Locomo.	31⅜	31⅜	32¼	+	½
Am. Smelting	63⅜	63½	....	....	
Am. Sug. Ref.	....	....	110	....	
Am. T.-T.	127⅜	127⅜	127¼	....	
Am. Woolen	....	....	16½	....	
Anaconda	35¼	35¼	35⅛	—	⅛
Atchison	98⅝	98½	98⅝	....	
A. C. L.	....	....	119	—	½
B. and O.	98⅜	98⅜	98	....	
Beth. Steel	34½	34	33⅞	—	⅝
B. R. T.	88⅝	88⅜	....	....	
Can. Pacific	217⅜	216½	217½	+	⅝
Cen. Leather	24¼	24¼	24⅜	+	⅛
C. and O.	54	53⅜	53⅜	—	⅜
Colo. F. and I.	32	31⅜	31½	+	½
Consol. Gas	....	....	132	+	¾
Corn Products	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	....	
D. and H.	....	....	156	....	
Den. and R. G.	....	....	18	—1	
Distil. Secur.	13⅜	13⅜	....	....	
Erie	26⅝	26⅜	26½	....	
do. pref.	41⅝	41½	41⅜	....	
Gen. Electric	140½	140¼	140	+	½
G. North. pfd.	126⅜	125½	125⅝	+	⅜
G. North. Ore	35¼	35	35⅜	+	⅞
Ill. Central	....	....	112½	+	½
Interboro	15⅞	15¾	15¾	....	
do. pref.	59	59	59	+	¼
Int. Harv. (old)	....	....	106	....	
Iowa Central	....	....	7	....	
K. C. S.	....	....	27¼	....	
M., K. and T.	22¼	22⅛	22⅛	+	⅛
L. Valley	151	150¼	149½	—	¼
L. and N.	133⅛	132¾	133	—	½
Mo. Pacific	32¼	32½	33⅜	+1	
N. Y. Central	....	....	98½	—1	
Northwest	129½	129½	128¾	—	¼
Nat. Lead	....	....	48	—1	
N. and W.	105⅜	105⅜	105¼	....	
No. Pacific	....	....	109⅜	+	½
O. and W.	....	....	29	—	¼
Penna.	113⅞	113⅞	113¾	+	⅛
Pacific Mail	....	....	20½	....	
P. Gas Co.	....	....	113½	+	½
P. Steel Car	24¼	24¼	24½	....	
Reading	162	161¾	161⅝	+	⅛
R. I. and Steel	25¼	25¼	24⅜	+	⅜
do. pfd.	....	....	81	—	½
Rock Island	77⅜	77⅜	77¼	+	⅛
do. pfd.	29¼	29¼	29⅜	+	⅛
S.-Sheffield	....	....	26	—	½
So. Pacific	93¼	92⅞	93⅛	+	⅜
So. Railway	23½	23⅛	23⅜	+	¼
do. pfd.	78	78	78	—	⅝
St. Paul	105⅞	105½	105¾	+	¾
Tenn. Copper	30¼	29¾	30	+	¼
Texas Pacific	....	....	15⅝	+	⅝
Third Avenue	....	....	36½	+	¼
Union Pacific	149½	149	149⅜	+	⅜
U. S. Rubber	....	....	60	+	¼
U. S. Steel	58⅝	58¼	58½	—	⅜
do. pfd.	....	....	107	+	½
Utah Copper	47⅝	47¼	47⅝	+	½
V.-C. Chem.	26⅜	26⅞	26	....	
W. Union	64¼	64¼	64½	+	⅜
W. Maryland	....	....	40	....	
W. Central	....	....	45	....	

Wheat Pit Shorts Even Up Positions

Sentiment Bearish, but the Market Closes With Small Gains—Canadian Crop Seems Late.

By JOSEPH F. PRITCHARD.

CHICAGO, July 26.—While sentiment on wheat was bearish to-day, there were net gains of 1-8@3-8 for the day. There were many in the trade who were short at the opening and who evened up. There was more talk of the crop in Western Canada being late, and some of the best experts in that country say that unless there is forcing weather until the wheat crop is matured, it is likely to be caught by the frost.

The bulls in corn enjoyed another inning to-day, and resting spots showed net gains of 1 1-4@1 1-2c. Many of those who put out short lines yesterday in the hope that there would be heavy rains last night and to-dal, as promised by the Weather Bureau, were obliged to run for their lives in the way of covering outstanding short contracts.

Oats were 7 8@1 1-8c higher and the best prices of the day were well maintained.

According to the best authorities in the provision trade, there is a continued urgent demand for fresh pork and an improved business in salted meats and lard.

Grain quotations:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Close.
WHEAT—				
July	85⅝	85⅛	85⅝	85¼
Sept	86½	86	86⅛	86⅜
Dec	90⅛	89⅝	90⅛	89⅞
CORN—				
July	62⅛	60⅞	62	60⅜
Sept	63	61⅞	62¾	61½
Dec	60	58¾	59⅜	58¼
OATS—				
July	39⅜	60⅞	62	60⅜
Sept	63	61⅞	62⅜	61½
Dec	60	58⅜	59⅜	58¼
PORK—				
July	22.05	22.05	22.05	22.00
Sept	21.40	21.30	21.42½	21.36
Jan	....	....	....	19.00
LARD—				
July	11.60	11.60	11.67½	11.70
Sept	11.80	11.75	11.80	11.75
Oct	11.85	11.80	11.85	11.80
RIBS—				
July	11.70	11.70	11.70	11.65
Sept	11.82½	11.77½	11.82½	11.77½
Oct	11.57½	11.55	11.57½	11.55

CHICAGO CASH QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Wheat, No. 2 red, new, 86⅜@87; No. 3 red, new, 83@86½; No. 2 hard winter, new, 87@87½; old, 88½@89; No. 3 hard winter, new, 86¼@87; old, 87½@88; No. 1 northern spring, 92; No. 2 northern spring, 88½@90; No. 3 spring, 88@90.

Corn, No. 2, 62@63½; No. 2 white, 64@64½; No. 2 yellow, 63@63½; No. 3, 62½@62¾; No. 3 white, 63½@64; No. 3 yellow, 62¾@63¼; No. 4, 61¾@62; No. 4 white, 62@62½; No. 4 yellow, 61½@62¾.

Oats, No. 2, new, 39; old, 39½@40; No. 4 white, 39¼@39½; standard, old, 40½@41.

BIG JULY BULL FAILS TO PUSH HIS ADVANTAGE

Henry Warten "Sews Up" Market, but Permits Opponents to Settle by Compromise.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—The collapse of the July deal in this market, attended by violent fluctuations, has been the sensational feature of the trading this week. The break started Tuesday, when a decline of 45 points from Monday's closing level was recorded as the result of comparatively few sales of July contracts, and was continued Wednesday, when another drop of 30 points took place.

Up to the time that the break in the July option started it was thought that Henry Warten, the cotton man from Athens, Ala., who had been engineering the deal in July, had the month "sewed up." He had received 2,900 bales of cotton on contract, and it was thought that he would demand about 10,000 bales more from the ring, which had sold that month short.

The shorts were being hard pushed to find cotton to deliver on contract, and for that reason the collapse of the July deal was all the more unexpected. It was reported on the floor of the exchange to-day that Mr. Warten had deemed it best to close out his contracts, without demanding delivery of the rest of the cotton due him.

Makes a Profit.

In other words, a private settlement was made, it is thought, on a large portion of his holdings, while the rest were liquidated recently when the market had a strong undertone. It is not believed that Mr. Warten has lost any money on the July deal; on the contr

WHAT ATLANTA MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS ARE DOING

GOOD SPEAKERS AT CONVENTION OF MERCHANTS

Crop Diversification and Related Topics Fill Program for the First Day's Session.

Problems of the keenest interest to merchants of the South will be discussed ably at the convention which opens in Atlanta Tuesday, August 5.

Never before in the history of these meetings, it is said, has the program been so "live," and never before have the speakers been so able to deal with everyday, practical questions.

The policy has been to make it a genuine convention of merchants, and the retailers will be given every opportunity to conduct the deliberations. Besides, they will take the lead as speakers.

Assignment of topics is not complete, except for the first day. The principal subject on this day will be "How Can Merchants, Landlords and Bankers Best Direct Their Influence Toward Securing a Greater Diversity of Crops?"

J. W. Vaughn, of Cartersville, Ga., will lead this discussion.

Related Topics.

Related topics are "The Marketing of the Surplus of Grain," "Cattle and Hogs as a By-Product," which will be discussed by W. H. White, Jr., of the White Provision Company, and "The Greater Stability of Credits Resulting," which will be discussed by Joseph A. McCord, vice president of the Third National Bank. Yancey Hill, of Montezuma, Ga., and W. A. Brannon, of Moreland, Ga., will participate in the "Open Parliament," which is to be a feature of every session.

Bolling H. Jones will call the convention to order, and Bishop Warren A. Candler will deliver the invocation. Governor Slaton and Mayor Woodward will deliver addresses of welcome. R. O. Crouch, of Griffin, Ga., will respond.

Thursday, August 7, R. O. Crouch, of Griffin, is to speak on "When and How to Buy." J. M. Roberts, of Willacoochee, Ga., will follow with a talk on "Benefits of Buying Often and According to Active Needs."

Norman Johnson, editor of The Merchants' Journal and Commerce, Richmond, Va., will deliver an address on the "Benefits of Buying in the South."

C. E. Pollard, of the American Audit Company, is to speak Friday on "Proper Accounting Methods a Prime Factor in the Success of a Business."

H. E. Choate, vice president of the J. K. Orr Shoe Company, will have for his text "Can a Merchant Afford to Imperil His Capital by Failure to Insure His Stock Properly?"

Receive 1,600 Replies.

At this early date the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association, which is acting as host to the convention, has received more than 1,600 replies to the invitations sent out a week ago. More than twice this number are expected within the next few days.

Entertainment features, already provided, include two vaudeville performances, for which the entire Forsyth Theater has been engaged; a reception at the Piedmont Driving Club, a barbecue, and the Chattanooga-Atlanta ball game, for which a big block of seats at Ponce DeLeon Park has been reserved.

The convention will continue from August 4 to August 16.

Middleman Is No Parasite, But Producer, Says Broker

"We hear much abuse nowadays directed against the middleman," says W. M. Burke, of H. H. Whitcomb & Burke Co., Atlanta's foremost grocery brokers.

"Atlanta's prosperity is largely due to its pre-eminence as a jobbing center—it might be called a city of middlemen—and it seems to me that some reply should be forthcoming to these critics.

"We hear fulminations to the effect that the producer gets the small end of every bargain, while the jobber and the retailer get the biggest share of the profits of nearly everything sold to-day.

"In my opinion, commission men and retailers are, in most cases, just as important as the man who produces, considering the present scope of business. The middleman performs a function for modern society, and an indispensable function. I have been using the word 'producer' in the popular sense. I think it can be proved that all of us are 'producers.'

"Now, our firm stands in the position of middleman, and in the strictest sense. We do not touch the original producer on the one side or the actual consumer on the other. To make it clear, we handle lard, tinned meats and canned goods, among a quantity of other things. Yet we do not deal with the man who grew the fruits, the hogs or the cattle from which these products came. We get these things from the Chicago packers whom we represent and from factories. Take lard, for example. It is quite likely that some broker or buyer stands between farmer and packer, so that, passing from farmer to hog buyer, from hog buyer to packer, and from packer to us, we are the fourth to handle our goods.

"We do not sell to retailers, in any case. So wholesaler and retailer stand between us and the consumer. Five men, then, stand between the farmer who bred the hog and the housewife who buys a pail of sliver leaf lard.

All Have Real Use.

"This makes our position clear. Now, I think the existence of every one of these men can be justified. First, the man who buys up live stock. Unless he is in business on an exceptionally large scale, no farmer can ship a solid carlot of hogs, and it is evident it would not pay him to ship less to the Chicago stockyards. The buyer who gives him a fair price for his hogs, pays cash down and hauls them away, then, performs a useful service for the farmer. The buyer serves the packer also, for without him the packer must employ buyers of his own to scour the country for hogs, make them up in carlots and attend to all the details of getting them to the Chicago market.

"Now, neither the farmer nor the hog buyer can make lard either well or economically. I think the existence of the packer is justified so plainly as to need no argument.

"But the packer can not profitably maintain a selling department large enough to deal direct with the consumer—imagine Swift & Co. filling mail orders for single pails of lard! Nor can the packer afford to deal with the hundreds of thousands of retailers all over the country—that would be almost as bad. For the same reasons the packer can not deal direct with the wholesale grocer—that would necessitate installing, for one thing, a credit bureau of national scope and maintaining a gigantic force of salesmen. Profits are too narrow for such methods.

"Here we are justified—in effect, we act as agents for Swift & Co., to mention only one concern. We serve the packer well in marketing his goods, and we serve the wholesaler in being able to fill his order for any reasonable quantity of Swift's products 'instanter.'

"The wholesaler, having intimate acquaintance with the retail trade, with his salesmen on the road, and because he assembles everything the retail grocer wants, gives it to him promptly on demand, and extends proper credit for it—performs a useful service. If we, on the one hand, had to maintain such an organization or sell our special lines, we would have to take the wholesaler's profit to pay for the service. If the retailer, on the other hand, had to go to a dozen different places to get his stock, he would lose, in time, labor and expense, enough to eat up his profit.

"The wholesaler, then, is necessary. And, I take it, there can be no argument necessary to prove the need of the retailer.

"All this might be gone into much more deeply. But it is easy to prove that everyone who assists in the economical marketing of any product is a producer. In the old days the farmer raised his hogs, slaughtered them, made lard himself and sold it himself at the grocery, or perhaps even direct to families. He then was THE producer. But now that he has delegated seven-eighths of this work to others, are they not also producers? And the producer needs no apology for his existence."

DOMESTIC OLIVE CROP.

It is estimated by the California Olive Producers' Association that that State will produce this year 1,125,000 gallons of pickled olives and 1,000,000 gallons of oil, which will be a record output.

DIXIE PICKLE AND PRESERVING CO.
Manufacturers of
Pure Apple and Distilled Vinegar, Catsup, Pickles, Mustard, Pepper Sauce, Sauer Kraut, Jelly, Etc.
CANNED GOODS
364 to 378 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

A FREE TRIP
To Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.
Write to
H. T. Moore
SECRETARY.
Rhodes Building, Atlanta.

VOLLMER MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Moore Building
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY
Special Designs in Platinum
Engravers Diamond Setters Watchmakers
Specialists in Jewelry Repairing

WE HAVE MOVED
To temporary quarters at **32 & 34 South Pryor Street,** awaiting completion of our new building.
Our new **Fall Goods** now on display. You are cordially invited to call and inspect our line.
Dougherty - Little - Redwine Co.
Wholesale Dry Goods and Notions

See the Inside

A good doctor must have absolute and accurate knowledge of every internal organ of the human body. He must know at first hand the facts and functions of every innermost detail of man's anatomy.

The law requires that he spend years of study where he can learn these things from actual observation and experiment before he is licensed to practice his profession.

Now, some merchants sell shoes from year to year without knowing any more about the construction of their goods than they can see from the outside.

In merchandise, as well as medicine, it is the "inside knowledge" that is most valuable.

During the Southern Merchants' Convention in Atlanta, beginning August 5th, we'd like to have every visiting merchant take a trip through our Red Seal Shoe Factory.

Whether you sell Red Seal Shoes or not, a visit to this modern factory, where you can see every process and detail of construction, will make you a wiser buyer and a more convincing salesman

Come by the offices, 30-32 Auburn Avenue, where we will be glad to have someone take you through the factory.

J. K. ORR SHOE CO.
RED SEAL FACTORY
Atlanta

Attention, Merchants

Since coming to the South to find a broader market for our products, this company's business has grown so rapidly that we have found it necessary to open a sales office and warehouse in Atlanta to facilitate prompt service for our customers.

We are now carrying a complete stock of our **Famous Miami Valley Winter Wheat Flours.** Our warehouse at 149 Madison Avenue is a model of the "Down to the Minute" flour storage, where the **Pure Food Idea rules supreme.** Our flour is untouched by human hand from the time it leaves the rolls until it reaches the customer.

NO DIRTY HANDS

resacking in filthy warehouses and rehandling rooms. We are here to stay and to serve you. Don't buy flour again until you see us and get our prices.

THE ALLEN & WHEELER CO.,
TROY, OHIO.
WARREN & HOWELL, Sales Agents
149 Madison Avenue.
Atlanta 395. Atlanta, Ga. Main 2249.

Buy Your SCHOOL SUPPLIES OF THE MANUFACTURER

and get better goods at the same price or the same goods for less.

We manufacture Tablets and School Stationery in our own factory---the only one of its kind in the South.

Get our new 500-page catalog and buy by mail. We ship mail orders in 24 hours from their receipt.

MONTAG BROTHERS
Manufacturers--Importers
10-12-14-16-18-20 Nelson St. ATLANTA

Write for our latest Catalogue. The leading merchants are adding the 5c and 10c departments. Why not one for your town?
McCLURE 10c CO., 47-49 S. Broad St.
Give Your "DIMES" a Chance

To Our Visitors

It's almost time for the **BIG AFFAIR.** We hope you're as keen about coming as we are about having you here.

Have you scanned the Program?

Merchandising in all its phases will be discussed—Credits, Collections, Crops, Management, Slow Stocks, Special Sales, Buying—all big questions for **YOU.**

Men Who Know Will Talk. Open discussions by everybody with anything to say. All to the point.

You'll have opportunity to inspect Factories and Stores, to see systems and methods, to find out lots of things you've been wanting to know.

FUN, too! All the vacation you want, with lots of recreation and wholesome, jolly fellowship for every hour of your stay.

Be on hand. We're counting on you!

To the Locals

Gentlemen, it's up to you. You've helped to plan and prepare for our guests. You want above all things that they shall have One Good Time.

Coats off now, and at it!

Spend a good deal of your time this week thinking how much real pleasure you can crowd into the Convention for our guests.

The kind of time You have is the kind of time you help to make the other fellow have. Get busy and let us show every man jack of the visitors that Atlanta is in dead earnest about making this a whole-souled and splendid occasion.

Everybody to the oars and a good time for us all.

ATLANTA MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION
Southern Merchants Convention, - - August 4 to 15, - - Atlanta



HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Sporting Section



ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 27, 1913.

M'DONALD LOW MAN IN PAYNE TROPHY PLAY

Rain Made Golf Difficult in Qualifying Round at East Lake Course Saturday.

K. R. COBB SECOND WITH A CARD OF 76

Plucky Showing in Heavy Showers, Only Two Being Disqualified for Stopping.

By W. R. Tichenor.

FIFTY-FOUR players defied the rain and returned cards in the qualifying round of the tournament for the J. Carroll Payne trophy yesterday afternoon at East Lake. J. K. McDonald returned the lowest net score, having a 74, which was two strokes better than his nearest competitor, K. R. Cobb.

Nearly every player was caught at some point on the round by one of the several showers which fell during the afternoon, and many of them played more than half of their round in the rain.

The disqualification of a bunch of players in the last tournament for taking shelter during the rain which came up during the qualifying round had the effect of keeping the players moving in the tournament, and it was necessary to disqualify only two of them for discontinuing playing and taking shelter and these two did not know that they were violating the rules.

Following are the qualifying scores of all who returned cards:

Name.	Gross Score.	Hdk.	Net.
J. K. McDonald	87	13	74
K. R. Cobb	97	21	76
H. C. Moore	88	10	78
H. P. D. Cowee	86	8	78
W. Alfriend	98	20	78
J. A. Ellen	87	8	79
W. F. Spalding	87	8	79
T. L. Cooper	100	21	79
J. D. Eby	91	12	79
L. Arnold	87	7	80
W. R. Tichenor	84	3	81
C. V. Rainwater	89	8	81
J. E. McMichael	104	22	82
J. S. Derr	96	14	82
J. O. Smith	95	13	82
C. J. Holditch	93	10	83
I. L. Graves	92	9	83
H. Block	90	7	83
E. D. Duncan	100	16	84
J. L. Dickey	108	24	84
R. E. Trippe	105	20	85
T. B. Fay	93	8	85
S. C. Williams	98	13	85
H. B. Lowndes	101	15	86
C. Donaldson	100	13	87
W. F. Upshaw	110	23	87
J. Q. Burton	103	15	88
J. G. Darling	111	22	89
T. A. Hammond	111	21	90
R. A. Palmer	105	15	90
H. S. Irvine	116	24	92
E. G. Beaudry	116	24	92
W. Markham	112	20	92
G. A. Nicolson	110	18	92
D. R. Cowles	107	24	93
T. L. Ingram	114	21	93
H. R. Calef	111	18	93
Milt Saul	111	18	93
J. W. Bachman	109	16	93
R. I. Gresham	118	24	94
F. Meador	116	22	94
C. A. Thornton	110	15	95
D. Brown	98	3	95
J. P. Webster	119	24	95
R. T. Jones	114	18	96
A. A. Doonan	108	12	96
L. H. Beck	112	15	97
W. C. Spiker	117	20	97
R. Morris	115	15	100
S. Hard	109	9	100
George N. Spring	126	24	102
W. J. Tilson	111	9	102
Chip Robert	128	24	104
C. B. Howard	132	24	108

The Pairings.

J. K. McDonald vs. I. L. Graves.
C. V. Rainwater vs. W. Alfriend.
W. F. Spalding vs. L. Arnold.
J. S. Derr vs. H. C. Moore.
H. P. D. Cowee vs. J. C. McMichael.
W. R. Tichenor vs. J. A. Ellen.
T. L. Cooper vs. J. D. Eby.
J. O. Smith vs. K. R. Cobb.

Second Flight.

C. J. Holditch vs. G. A. Nicolson.
J. G. Darling vs. R. E. Trippe.
S. C. Williams vs. W. F. Upshaw.
R. A. Palmer vs. E. D. Duncan.
J. L. Dickey vs. T. A. Hammond.
J. I. Burton vs. T. B. Foy.
H. B. Lowndes vs. C. Donaldson.
E. G. Beaudry vs. H. Block.

Third Flight.

H. S. Irvine vs. W. C. Spiker.
J. P. Webster vs. H. R. Calef.
J. W. Bachman vs. C. A. Thornton.
A. A. Doonan vs. D. R. Cowles.
T. L. Ingram vs. R. T. Jones.
D. Brown vs. M. Saul.
R. I. Gresham vs. F. Meador.
L. H. Beck vs. W. Markham.

M'CAREY INVITES COULON TO TAKE TRIP TO COAST

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 26.—Tom McCarey has written Johnny Coulon inviting him to come to the Southland while he is recovering his health and getting in shape to enter the ring again.

McCarey has no desire to take the little fellow's title away from him and feels that if the champion could be induced to come here and rest for some time he would gain in strength and become acclimated so that he would be in shape to fight for the title sooner than by remaining East.

As soon as Coulon announces that he is ready to battle the McCarey belt will be put up and the champion will receive a chance to settle all disputes regarding the championship.

PHILLIES AFTER SCANLAN.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—It is reported to-day that the Philadelphia National League club is making overtures to "Doc" Scanlan, the Brooklyn twirler, who refused to join the Quakers owing to differences on the salary question. He may join the team next month. Scanlan is practising daily. Recently in New Brunswick, N. J., he shut out his opponents without a hit.

ATLANTA POLO AN ALLURING PROPOSITION

Colonel Carthew-Yorstoun, Crack British Player, Talks of the Game's Requirements.

"EXPERTS MUST PRACTICE, EAT, SLEEP AND LIVE POLO"

Colonel Van Orsdale Offers Fort McPherson Parade Ground for Practice Matches.

By O. B. Keeler.

POLO in Atlanta.

The phrase has a curiously pleasing sound. Polo, with its tang of British India and R. Kipling; its smack of Newport, and Devereux Milburn and the Waterbury brothers and society at large and in particular.

And all the romance of the Westchester Cup, and the international matches, and the $100,000 strings of ponies, and red waistcoats and green turf.

And so on.

Dr. J. A. McLeay, Lamar Hill, Sam Slicer, Dr. J. O. Seamans, Tom Weaver and the officers at Fort McPherson think all of that.

Dr. McLeay, who played the game in Canada, is keen to start it in Atlanta. In Atlanta, so there might be well-dressed exhibition matches framed in large and densely populated motor cars. And challenge matches with nearby and Northern teams. And maybe (later on) tournaments, with visiting fours from the big clubs of the East and West.

To which end, Dr. McLeay already has obtained a cordial welcome from Colonel VanOrsdale to the big parade ground at Fort McPherson for practice and exhibition matches.

Furthermore, Dr. McLeay has consulted an authority on the subject—Colonel M. E. Carthew-Yorstoun, late of the British service in India.

* * *

COLONEL YORSTOUN lives at East Lake. For his personal diversion he prefers golf to polo, having badly broken an ankle years ago training a fractious polo pony.

That was in India. And it means that Colonel Yorstoun knows polo from the ground up, having played it upward of twenty years in the land where more polo is played than anywhere else in the world.

And in Colonel Yorstoun's experienced estimation, polo in Atlanta is a most desirable thing. Says the colonel:

"There were years on end at Poona, over near Bombay, when my first waking thought would be, 'Is this polo day?' If it was I couldn't get into my clothes fast enough, and then the round of the stables, and the looking over of ponies, and the limbering-up gallop—and then the crisp 'click' of the first shot, and the drumming of hoofs on the turf.

"That's the way polo takes hold of you.

"And if it shouldn't be polo day, why, there were the raw ponies to be trained and taught, and hard shots to be practiced, and if the weather should be bad there were the wicker 'wall horses,' dummies for you to sit on, taking swings at rolling balls, fed you by grinning native youngsters, who would roll a ball at you and then duck behind a barricade to escape your drive.

"That's polo—and there's nothing like it."

And the colonel, despite his ankle won't admit it's a very dangerous game. One must have a good seat and hands; good hands are very necessary. But if your ponies are well trained—and that bring up another point.

* * *

THE trained polo pony plays about half the game, in partnership with his rider. He follows the ball; follows the ball as a cat follows a skittering mouse. There's next to no such thing as riding with wraps in polo. You may see the loose, free seat and rein of the nonchalant cow puncher, combined with the swing and dash of the most spectacular game on earth, in the performance of every polo crack. The ponies know the game. It becomes an instinct with them, ligе the bloodhound's scent or the bird dog's inborn faculty.

COLUMBUS BALL TEAM TO GET BOOSTER GAME

COLUMBUS, July 26.—Monday has been designated as "Booster Day" with the Columbus baseball team when it begins a series of three games with Albany. The management of the team is undertaking to arouse interest to keep the treasury in a safe condition during the wane of the season.

A PAIR OF DRIVING CLUB TENNIS STARS



The top photograph shows A. M. Bentley returning a difficult drive. The lower photograph was snapped just as Dr. John S. Hurt started one of his difficult serves. Both of these players are in top-notch form now, and are giving their opponents plenty of hard work on the courts at the Driving Club. Constant practice has perfected their game, as both play every afternoon.

Yankees Take Third Match; Another Win Brings Tennis Title

Princess Mary, Daughter of King George, Watches Americans Down British Team.

pecial Cable to The American.

WIMBLEDON, ENGLAND, July 26. Stars and Stripes floated in triumph over the renowned Center Court here this afternoon for the American Davis cup doubles team lowered the English team, sending the hopes of the Yankee contingent present into the high heavens.

The victory gives the United States the advantage of two matches to one and even the most skeptical Britons who saw the match admitted that nothing short of a miracle would prevent the cup being lifted. America needs but one more match in the two remaining singles to be played Monday, and at the very worst McLoughlin ought to take the measure of Dixon.

The doubles teams in the match to-day were Maurice E. McLoughlin and Harold H. Hackett, for America, while England's honor with the racquet was upheld by Herbert Roper Barrett and Charles P. Dixon, the latter pair being present holders of the world's championship in doubles. The match was the fiercest seen at Wimbledon in 36 years of its history, and when the last shot was struck the Americans were announced as the winners by the score of 5-7, 6-1, 2-6, 7-5, 6-4.

The crowd was not as large as that which watched the single matches, but the stands were well filled and considerable eclat was lent to the scene by the presence of Princess Mary, daughtr of King George, who occupied a seat in the royal box.

PALZER STILL BELIEVES HE'S A REAL FIGHTER

NEW YORK, July 26.—Al Palzer is back in New York to-day, looking for fights. He weighs about 220 pounds and says he is in good shape.

Palzer expects to meet Jim Flynn here if the latter beats Gunboat Smith, August 8, but in the meantime will take any bout he can pick up. Early in September Palzer will sail for France to prepare for his fight with Carpentier, the French champion.

ART ALARD TO FIGHT BENZ.

BUTTE, MONT., July 26.—Art Alard, of New York, and Art Benz, of Butte, have been matched for a twelve-round contest here September 1. Benz has fought twelve battles, in every one of which he has knocked out his opponent within four rounds.

HORSES TO BE SOLD.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The Blenheim stables, owned by W. Wallace Lanahan and Walter R. Abell, and containing Algoma, declared to be the finest horse in the United States, are to be broken up and the horses sold. The sale will take place at the Long Branch horse show next week, at which the animals will be exhibited.

THE PRICE OF LARRY.

A St. Louis statistician has figured out that 360,000 loaves of bread, or 225,000 pounds of Texas steer, could be bought for the price the Sox paid for Larry Chappelle, the $18,000 outfielder from Milwaukee.

ANOTHER PITCHER FOR TORONTO.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The Brooklyn club has released Pitcher Kent to the Toronto club. The release of Kent was necessary to bring the Brooklyn roster down to 25 ment, since the recent purchase of Pitcher Walker.

THREE SELLING EVENTS DURING HARNESS MEET

HARTFORD, CONN., July 26.—An innovation in the Grand Circuit racing program here in September, it was announced to-day, will be three selling races. One will be for 1:25 paces and the others for 2:24 trotters, and three years old eligible to the 2:30 class. The value of each horse entering is fixed at $1,000 and the winner in each event is to be put up at auction within twenty minutes after the finish of each race.

WOULDN'T GO TO GAMES; GADSDEN BASEBALL ENDS

GADSDEN, ALA., July 26.—It has been announced by the baseball management here that no more games will be played in this city on account of poor attendance. The scheduled contests have been transferred to Newnan and Opelika, respectively.

COOMBS BACK AUG. 1.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Jack Coombs is reported to be so nearly well that he will join the Athletics soon, possibly August 1.

SHERIFF STOPS PUT-IN-BAY BOUT; DELANEY HAS SHADE

PUT-IN-BAY, OHIO, July 26.—Sheriff Wolfe, of Ottawa County, stopped the eight-round fistic bout between Cal Delaney, of Cleveland, and Kid Julian, of Syracuse, N. Y., in the eighth round here this afternoon. The fight was to have gone twelve rounds, but on account of the small crowd it was decided to cut it to eight. The boys were in the midst of the final round when the Sheriff ended the battle. Delaney had a shade the better of the fight. There were two fast rounds.

"SPIKE" WANTS FIRST BATTLE.

MADISON, WIS., July 26.—"Spike" Kelly, Chicago, claimant of the welterweight title, is in Madison trying to get the first fight under the new law legalizing ten-round no-decision contests. No permits can be granted until the members of the commission have been appointed and have organized. The Governor has thirty days in which to appoint the members of the commission, but is not expected to wait that long.

Wood Wins Western Title; Beats Allis

HOMEWOOD COUNTRY CLUB, FLOSSMOOR, ILL., July 26.—Warren K. Wood, of Homewood, this afternoon became Western amateur golf champion. He defeated E. P. Allis, of Milwaukee, in the final match play on the Homewood links, 4 up and 3 to play.

The morning card follows:

Wood, out, 4 5 5 3 4 5 3 6 3—38
Allis, out 4 6 5 5 4 6 3 5 3—41
Wood, in, 4 5 4 6 3 4 4 3 4—37-75
Allis, in, 4 4 5 5 3 5 5 3 6—40-81

Following is the afternoon card:

Wood—Out..4, 4, 4, 4, 6, 5, 3, 6, 3—39
Allis—Out...4, 5, 4, 5, 4, 5, 3, 5, 2—37
Wood—In.....4, 4, 4, 5, 3, 4
Allis—In.....4, 4, 5, 6, 3, 4

BROTHERS OF BASEBALL.

Cleveland is going to send Dave Gregg, a brother of the great Vean, back to the minors. Brothers of famous twirlers never stick. Witness the fall of Hank Mathewson, Jim Magee, Ed Scanlan, Joe Evers, Ira Plank and many others.

The Power Which Erring Men Call Chance

Plays no part in the life of an American "Want Ad." It does its work surely and convincingly. It makes your wants known to the people who want to know them.

READ FOR PROFIT
AMERICAN "WANT ADS"
USE FOR RESULTS

BLUE DAY FOR CRACKERS WHEN TWO BROWNS PITCH AND BILLIKENS WIN TWICE

Eleven Atlanta Batsmen Down on Strikes Before Curves of $7,000 Beauty---'Curly's' Luck and Price's Weakness Cause of Second Defeat.

By Joe Agler.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 26.—The color scheme of two-ply killing at the ball park this afternoon was blue and brown—especially Brown—and you could broadside the caps on that and not apologize.

The scores were 2 to 0 and 3 to 2, and the Crackers, on the shy end in each case, continued to skid toward the second division.

The Bilikens' weather man finally got the climate under control to a certain extent, and the Billies and the Crackers got together for the fatal bargain day ball. A huge crowd turned out, principally due to the advertising power of $7,000 worth of pitcher, which was exploited in box car letters in the public prints this morning.

And that is precisely what the luckless Crackers faced in the opener. There was $7,000 worth of Elmer Brown on that hill. And he looked all of that.

Here are a few things that Elmer did to celebrate his purchase by the Hon. Charles Ebbets, all the way from Brooklyn:

Elmer fanned eleven Crackers. He had only seven innings in which to operate, or he probably would have gone further and the Crackers would have fared worse. Besides, Elmer had been living in Alabama so long that the 7-11 combination appealed to him strongly.

Elmer permitted four hits, which settled sparsely among the several rounds of play.

Elmer walked one Cracker. At a late hour last night no good reason had been produced for that maneuver.

Elmer Simply Was There.

In short, and in fine, and as a matter of fact, Elmer had everything a $7,000 slabman ought to have, and enough left over to help out a wabbling $22,000 beauty or two.

The rest of the film is devoted to a peckish little attack on Joe Conzelman. It wouldn't have amounted to anything had the Crackers been pitted against an ordinary human pitcher. But those two little runs were just twice as many as the Billies needed with E. Brown on the hill.

Now, just keep your seats for a minute and the next reel will start after a few advertisements have been thrown on the screen, showing Charles Ebbets flip-flopping about his new ball park and Charley Jones counting his money.

Now we start.

Still a Sepia Tone.

And here we have another sepia setting, with warm tones of Brown predominating.

This Brown is of the common or Charley variety, making the third Charles that has horned into this brief tragedy. He is sometimes known as "Curly," by reason of the deceptiveness of his hookball, which starts from the fork-hand side.

Brown II was fairly good. What was better, he was plastered with four-leaf clovers. Thing point is, he got by with it. There was not the eclat about his method that distinguished that of the expensive other Brown. But he got by.

Had the second encounter been a life-sized game, the Crackers might have got an even break on the day's work, as they were beginning to bunch them on Curly toward the finish. But Price, who had been sent home to rest and evidently hadn't rested long enough, was pounded savagely in the first two innings. Then, three runs in Dutch, Clarke came on and wasted a fine job of pitching through the inability of the Crackers to abolish the lead gained off Price. One hit was the extent of Clarke's suffering at the hands of the reckless Billikens.

Hit Curly Hard.

The Crackers kept after Curly and got a run in the fourth inning, after two were out, when Manush hit for three bases and scored on Dunn's two-bagger. They got another in the sixth, when Long beat out a bunt and Alperman tripled. Curly got his hooks to working and Whitey languished on third while Smith, Manush and Dunn tried vainly to rescue him.

Knaupp opened the second inning for Montgomery with an exceedingly long home run over the center field fence. Two more hits and an error gave the Billies another in the same frame, but that was all, as Clarke was boss all the time he was on the job.

Another feature that might be mentioned was the canning of Bisland and Manager Dobbs for debating with Umps Fifield in the second game. Fifield's work was sufficient excuse for debating, to say it softly.

Dent Works To-day.

The club leaves to-night for the Mobile series. Dent is due to open the ball there, with Chapman catching, and the boys believe they are due to shake the jinx before coming back home. Bill Bailey will be out of the game several days, possibly weeks, with an injury received from a pitched ball in New Orleans. The X-ray will be turned on Bill in Mobile in an effort to find out how badly he is damaged.

HENRIKSEN RECOVERING.

CHICAGO, July 26.—The condition of Olaf Henriksen, the Boston American's utility man, who was operated upon for appendicitis here last week, is so satisfactory that his physicians expect him to leave the hospital to-day.

It's Awful, Mabel!!

First Game.

Atlanta.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Agler, 1b.	3	0	1	4	0	0
Bisland, ss.	2	0	1	2	2	1
Welchonce, cf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Long, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Alperman, 2b.	3	0	0	6	2	0
Smith, 3b.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Manush, lf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Chapman, c.	3	0	0	4	4	0
Conzelman, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0
Totals.	25	0	4	18	9	0
Montgomery.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Walker, cf.	3	1	1	2	0	0
Wares, 2b.	2	0	0	0	1	0
Elwert, 3b.	2	1	0	0	1	0
Sloan, rf.	3	0	3	1	0	0
Jantzen, lf.	2	0	1	0	0	0
Knaupp, ss.	2	0	1	1	2	0
Snedecor, 1b.	2	0	0	5	0	0
Donahue, c.	1	0	1	11	0	0
E. Brown, p.	2	0	0	0	3	0
Totals.	19	2	7	21	7	0

Score by innings:

Atlanta. . . . . .000 000 0—0
Montgomery. . . . . .100 100 x—2

Summary: Two-base hits—Agler, Bisland. Sacrifice hits—Wares. Stolen bases—Bisland. Double plays—Bisland to Agler, Chapman to Alperman. Bases on balls—Off Conzelman, 2; off Brown, 1. Left and bases—Atlanta 5, Montgomery 1. Struck out—By Conzelman, 4; by Brown, 11. Time of game—1:30. Umpires—Breitenstein and Fiefeld.

Second Game.

Atlanta.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Agler, 1b.	4	0	0	6	0	0
Bisland, ss.	3	0	1	1	1	0
Chapman, lf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Welchonce, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Long, rf.	1	1	1	0	0	1
Alperman, 2b.	3	0	2	2	1	0
Smith, 3b.	3	0	1	0	0	1
Manush, lf.-ss.	2	1	1	1	2	0
Dunn, c.	2	0	1	6	1	0
Price, p.	1	0	0	0	3	0
Clark, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
*Dent	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.	27	2	7	18	9	2
Montgomery.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Walker, cf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Wares, 2b.	3	1	1	0	6	0
Elwert, 3b.	1	0	0	0	2	0
Sloan, rf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Jantzen, lf.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Knaupp, ss.	2	1	1	0	3	0
Snedecor, 1b.	2	1	1	14	0	0
Gribbens, c.	2	0	1	5	1	0
C. Brown, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Totals.	19	3	5	21	14	0

*Hit for Clark in seventh.

Score by innings:

Atlanta. . . . . .000 101 0—2
Montgomery . . . . .120 000 x—3

Summary: Two-base hits—Walker, Dunn. Three-base hits—Manush, Alperman. Home run—Knaupp. Stolen bases—Wares, Sloan. Sacrifice hits—Manush, Elwert, Snedecor, Brown. Bases on balls—Off Clark, 4; off Brown, 1. Left on bases—Atlanta 6, Montgomery 6. Hit by pitched ball—Walker (by Price), Elwert (by Clark). Hits—Off Price, 4 in 2 innings; off Clark, 1 in 4 innings. Struck out—By Price, 1; by Clark, 2; by Brown, 5. Time—1:25. Umpires—Fiefeld and Breitenstein.

Jakey Atz Breaks Ankle in Sliding

Thirteen of Charley Frank's Pelicans Out of Game Because of Injuries.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 26.—Charley Frank saw his thirteenth player put out of the game because of injuries this year as Jakey Atz fractured his ankle sliding into third base in the fifth inning of the second game to-day. Atz will be out for the balance of the season.

Outfielder Daley, borrowed from Nashville to fill in because of Spencer leaving the club, was turned back to Manager Schwartz to-night. Outfielder Stevenson, Pitchers Gudger and Peddy and Shortstop Erwin will report to the local club Sunday.

MORE WORK FOR 'TUMMY;' STAND ON YOUR HEAD AND WAVE LEGS FOR HEALTH

Joe Bean Says an Ounce of Prevention Is Worth Six Miles of Rubber Undershirt---Four New Exercises to Keep Away Embonpoint.

By Joe Bean.

THIS is by way of continuing the advice I gave last week on the desirability of keeping surplus weight away from the waist line. I shall use more particularly in this article the time-honored maxim—or saw, if you like that better—that an ounce of prevention is worth six miles in a rubber undershirt on a July afternoon.

If there is one thing above all others that will put a man of athletic tendencies in the has-been class, it is the accumulation of weight around the waist line and over the stomach. There are plenty of cases, however, where the adipose tissue is distributed pretty evenly over all the body. Men who acquire that build do not show it as much as the "bay window" type. But it is nearly as hampering in its effects on the health and general condition, to say nothing of athletic activity.

Regular exercise is the only corrective worth mentioning for this condition. And it is the only preventive measure.

The exercises illustrated last week were strictly abdominal exercises, designed specifically to correct the results of an easy and careless manner of good living. Now, going on the theory that it is easier to keep this surplus weight from accumulating than to drive it away after it is established, I am going to show you some fine little exercises for the man who is threatened with a rush of weight to the waist.

And Here's Another Thing.

But that isn't all.

Properly prescribed exercise, taken regularly, is the finest known remedy for the multitude of stomach and digestive ailments the average man encounters, particularly after reaching middle life.

These exercises will tone up and strengthen the stomach and other digestive apparatus, and the results will be promptly perceptible in the general health and spirits, for if there is a single true maxim in medicine or hygiene, it is that when the stomach is out of order, the whole body is out of order.

A glance at the exercises illustrated to-day may convey the idea that they are rather strenuous, but a man in reasonably good condition will have no trouble with them from the start, and the man not in good condition can use the exercises of last week to fit himself for those movements that he finds too trying at first.

The New Stunts.

Cut No. 1. This exercise is started by lying on the back and bringing the feet backward and upward over the head, continuing them until they touch the floor back of the head. The feet then should be brought forward again to the first position, keeping the legs perfectly rigid and reaching forward with the feet as far as possible. Don't do it too many times at the start.

Cut No. 2. Bring the feet upward until you are literally standing on your shoulders, bracing the hips with the hands, the elbows being on the floor to maintain poise. Spread the feet, keeping the legs perfectly straight, and then bring the feet together again, repeating until pretty thoroughly tired. This is a great exercise for the stomach, back, waist and hips.

Cut No. 3. Another exercise in the elbow rest position. It is the same as the preceding movement, except that the legs are brought forward and back alternately, as if walking stiff-legged.

Cut No. 4. In the same position, "pedal" with the feet as if riding a bicycle, bringing the knees well down at each stroke.

ATHLETICS HAVE NOT LOST OVER THREE STRAIGHT

And Only Once Has Mack's Great Team Tasted a Trio of Successive Defeats.

WHEN a team can go through a complete season, the 154 games, and play a steady performance, day in and day out, without any slumps or sensational spurts, then it is going to be a pennant winner. That's why the Athletics are making such a runaway in the American League race this summer.

A little story in figures tells just why the Philadelphia club is so far out in front of the nearest contender. Connie Mack's team has not lost more than three games in a row so far this season. That happened only once. Detroit took three straights, but dropped the fourth one recently when Eddie Plank hurled a shut-out game. Previous to this slump the most games the Athletics had lost in a row was two at a time, and what makes the record all the more marvelous is that this happened but once.

The recovery of championship form for Connie Mack and his Athletics really is the surprise of the 1913 campaign. They won in 1910 and 1911, and were the double world's champions, too. Then something happened a year back, and they exploded, with the Boston Red Sox succeeding the residents of Penn as the high rulers in the American League and as the world's champions.

Last winter a majority of the dopesters picked the Red Sox to repeat. In analyzing the Athletics the "IF" was too prominent to predict a flag for Connie Mack again.

Had to Build Up Team.

Eddie Plank had to keep going; Chief Bender had to come back; Mack had to get two outfielders to help along Oldring; a catcher had to arrive to take the places of Thomas and Lapp, who were slipping, and some young star flingers were needed to help out the veterans.

Well, all this happened, much to the surprise of baseball dope. And it has been this steady, consistent playing that has landed the Athletics on top.

Right off the reel on April 10, the Mackites started to claw and devour the Boston Red Sox. And it was this first blow, a record of six victories out of the first seven games with the 1912 monarchs, that started the Athletics on the path to this 1913 pennant.

The two clubs staged a seven-game series and the Red Sox won but one. The Sox never could recover, while the Athletics have never faltered a bit.

Won Fifteen in a Row.

The record of fifteen straight victories was put on shortly after that. On May 26 Walter Johnson tamed the Athletics 9 to 2, and the next defeat didn't arrive until the Browns licked the Pennsylvanians on June 11, 5 to 2. And during that period fifteen straight games were won.

Slump No. 2 was June 20-21 with the Boston Red Sox turning the trick June 20 the Red Sox won, 6 to 1, with Bush heaving against them. The next day the score was 5 to 4. On June 23, though, the Athletics routed their rivals, 13 to 4.

Then there was nothing doing in the slump line until July 13, when the Mackmen lost a pair to the Tigers, with Bush and Bender pitching the first game and Houck dropping the second. On July 14 the Tigers repeated, with Bender and Bush doing the box work.

JIM THORPE IS LEARNING FAST UNDER JOHN M'GRAW

NEW YORK, July 26.—Jim Thorpe, the former world's amateur athletic champion, as a result of his observation and coaching under Manager John McGraw, of the New York Giants, is rapidly picking up valuable knowledge of the national sport for future use. Regarding him, McGraw says:

"In another month or so the Indian will be a really good outfielder. He starts well, knows how to play a ball when he reaches it, and, with his speed, can go a thundering long way for them. He has one of the best throwing arms on the club. After a while he'll be a good hitter as well as a clever fielder; he has already learned how to gauge and hit a curve pretty well. Another season Thorpe will be a seasoned ball player."

O'CONNER MAY SECURE BERTH WITH CARDINALS

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—They say Miller Huggins, of the Cardinals, is dickering for Pat O'Connor, the Kansas City catcher. Pat is one of the snappiest, smartest and hardest working backstops in the American Association. He is full of fight, always on the job and is responsible to a great extent for the Kansas City Blues' winning streak early this season. O'Connor was with the Pittsburg team two years ago, but got no chance to work. Gibson was at his best, and O'Connor had to warm the bench until Barney Dreyfuss sent him to Kansas City. Jack Malloy, manager of the Baltimore Hotel, at Kansas City, is a big booster for O'Connor.

"Pat is ripe for the big tent," said Malloy, when here recently. "He is not a popular ball player, because he is always scrapping, but he will fit in nicely with a winning combination. O'Connor has a line of sarcasm that makes opposing players fighting mad, which helps Pat's club. O'Connor is not one of your hand-shaking ball players. That's why you seldom hear him boosted. But he's a live wire. I'd like to see him working behind the bat for the Cardinals. I think he'll make another Roger Bresnahan."

CHANCE WANTS FAST TEAM; PLAYERS TO BE LET OUT

DETROIT, MICH., July 26.—Frank Chance is likely to have a whole new team next year, keeping only about five or six of the present staff.

While the tour just finishing has been more or less successful, the Peerless Leader has expressed himself forcibly to close friends here, and said friends get the notion that Chance wants a faster base-running club. It is even doubtful whether Cree and Daniels will be retained. Cree is wanted by a number of clubs, and if waivers were asked on him the wires would be hot.

$20,000 FOR POLO PONY.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, N. Y., July 26.—Godfrey Price has sold a fine polo pony bred in Texas to an English buyer, Morris Kingscole, of Hurlingham, England, who is said to have paid $20,000 for the mount.

You Don't Have To Be an Athlete to Do These Stunts, And They Certainly Will Keep Your Stomach Happy

No. 1. Lie on your back and bring the feet upward and backward, over the head, until the toes touch the floor. Bring them forward through the same arc, keeping the legs rigid and reaching forward as far as possible with the feet.

No. 2. Bring the feet upward until you are poised, resting on your neck and shoulders, with the elbows on the floor and the hips to maintain balance. Spread hands bracing the body at the the feet and bring them together again, keeping the legs stiff.

No. 3. Same position as No. 2. Move the legs forward and back alternately, as if walking stiff-legged.

No. 4. Same position. "Pedal" with the feet as if riding a bicycle; bring the knees well down at every stroke.

Klem Is Latest to Praise New Balk Rule

Umpire Says President Lynch Has Made Proper Ruling on Dropped Ball.

NEW YORK, July 26.—William Klem, probbly the best umpire on the National League staff, discussed several points in the rules the other day. When asked about President Lynch's interpretation of the rule covering the dropping of a ball by a pitcher while in the act of delivering it to the batsman, he said:

"President Lynch has made a proper ruling in calling such a ball a balk. If a pitcher was allowed to get away with this slip he could easily frame up plays that would catch base runners dead to rights. With a man on first and the hit and run play in order he could tip off the third baseman and then let the ball slip out of his hand so that the runner could be nipped either at second base or between the bases.

"There is no written rule to cover this point, however, unless the rule governing the pitcher's delivery is applied. In that case a dropped ball could be called a 'ball' simply because it did not pass over the home plate between the knee and the shoulder."

"What do you think of the recent decision in the American League which sent Borton back to the plate to hit over again after a ground ball thrown by an infielder had struck an umpire?" Klem was asked.

"The rule says that if a thrown ball hits an umpire base runners must be sent back to their original stations," was the reply, "but the rule makers never meant to have a batsman return to the plate to hit over again. These are some of the points that must be cleared up by the Rules Committee before next season. They do not come up frequently, but the umpires should be in a position to make prompt rulings."

FLYNN-SMITH BOUT SHOULD BE DESPERATE STRUGGLE

NEW YORK, July 26.—New York fight fans expect to see fireworks a-plenty on August 8, for that is the date on which Gunboat Smith, the strongest "white hope" thus far developed, and "Pueblo Jim" Flynn, the most dangerous veteran in the heavy class, have agreed to mingle for ten rounds before the Garden Athletic Club members in the arena of Madison Square Garden.

Both of these scrappers have made their reputation via the knockout route, and as each is aware that pugilistic oblivion will be the certain fate of the loser, the battle should be a desperate struggle from bell to bell.

WILLIAMS PLANS INVASION OF FEATHERWEIGHT CLASS

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 26.—Sam Harris, manager of Kid Williams, has announced that Williams will go through with his bouts with Campi and Burns, as he promised McCarey, and then go after the featherweights.

Harris thinks that Williams will have little trouble making good in the 122-pound division, and has picked Abe Attell as the best man for Williams to meet in the new division.

Williams contends that he can hit as hard as the majority of featherweights and is husky enough to stand as fast a pace. He is game for a whirl at the featherweight contenders and promises trouble in the division.

ROURKE ASKS WAIVERS ON 3.

OMAHA, NEBR., July 26.—President Fourke yesterday denied the report that he had asked for waivers on practically the whole Omaha team. He admitted that he had asked for waivers on three players, but declined to say who they were.

B. Brief Would Not Report to Browns Without His Brother

There are many queer angles to baseball, a lot of which never get before the public.

Last autumn, when B. Brief was bought by the Browns, he didn't want to leave home, 'fraid he'd get lonesome. He couldn't see the percentage of being removed too far from the folks.

Colonel Hedges hit upon a scheme. He would provide Bunny with congenial company, so he hired Brief's brother at $1 per day and expenses to accompany the recruit to St. Louis, and stay till the season ended. The scheme worked fine. Brief isn't lonesome any more.

In telling the yarn to a crowd of sport writers, the colonel said: "Now, you fellows don't bother Brief by printing this—wait until he makes good as a big leaguer." Hence it's printed.

ATTELL-WHITE SCRAP ON COAST MAY FALL THROUGH

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 26.—Abe Attell has been heard from and from present indications the proposed Attell-White match is in grave danger of falling through.

Attell has wired that White must do 124 pounds ringside, a weight that is too low for White to be at his best. The latter wants to do 126 pounds at 6 o'clock for a night fight and it is not likely that he will consent to lower his figures.

Attell announces that he will fight any of the featherweights, but that he is through meeting boxers who can not get close to the featherweight limit.

Johnny O'Leary is being considered as a substitute for Attell.

BUFFALO BOY AFTER BOUTS WITH STAR LIGHTWEIGHTS

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 26.—Jimmy Duffy, a Buffalo lightweight, who has earned a great reputation in the East, has written Promoter McCary asking for a chance to show out here.

Duffy states that he wants to take on any of the top-notchers and is willing to make very reasonable terms for his first appearance, as he wants to prove his worth before asking any fancy prices.

BALLOONS WILL COMPETE IN INTERNATIONAL RACES

NEW YORK, July 26.—The distances in the recent elimination race covered respectively by the three balloons whose pilots were chosen as the teams to represent America in the international balloon race from Paris in October, are announced by Major Samuel Reber, official statistician of the Aero Club of America:

R. A. Upson, of Detroit, in the Goodyear, the statistician announces, covered a distance of 685 miles; John Watts, of Kansas City, in the Kansas City II, 673 miles, and H. E. Honeywell, of St. Louis, in the Kansas City Post, 653 miles. Seven balloons entered the elimination trials, but only four finished. Major Reber computed the distance in direct lines on topographical maps.

The men chosen for the international race will start with the foreign competitors October 12, from the Tuilleries Gardens in Paris. The race, like the trials, will be judged on the basis of miles cover during one continuous flight.

PROVIDENCE RECALLS O'MEARA.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 26.—Ollie O'Meara, the shortstop who was loaned to the Evansville Central League team several months ago by the Providence team of the International League, yesterday was recalled by Providence.

Baldwin and Cross Work Hard for Bout

Both Boys Don Gloves in Preparation for Tuesday Night's Fight. Matty Shows Class.

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—"Matty" Baldwin, who is scheduled to box twenty rounds with the New York dentist, Leach Cross, on Tuesday night, July 29, went through an impressive work-out at the St. Ignatius Club gymnasium yesterday afternoon. While Baldwin did not extend himself at any time in his work-out with Hobo Dougherty and Johnny Schiff, his ease of style and complete mastery of the boxing game were apparent, and Cross should have considerable difficulty in holding him off to the limit. Baldwin comes to the coast with a record as a tough customer to handle in the ring.

Baldwin does not believe in training too strenously, and his work-out yesterday was of the usual length, three rounds with each of his two sparring partners.

Leach Cross traveled six rounds with Louis Reese and Johnny O'Leary, going three with each, and in addition went through the full routine of gymnasium work. Cross showed excellent form and appears to be in the best of condition.

Ad Wolgast and Johnny Dundee, who are to meet in the Vernon arena on Admission Day, were both interested spectators at the Cross work-out yesterday Wolgast's manager, Tom Jones, will be here in a few days, when final arrangements for the bout will be completed.

TWELVE EVENTS ON CARD OF NATIONAL REGATTA

NEW YORK, July 26—Secretary Fortmeyer, of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, announces the closing of entries for the forty-first championship regatta has been fixed for July 28. The regatta will be held on the Charles River, Boston, on August 8-9.

Twelve events will be contested over a mile and a quarter course. Nine races will be rowed with one turn and three, the international senior fours, intermediate and senior eights, over a one and a quarter mile straightaway course.

The entries received to date indicate that the national championship will provide one of the best regattas of recent years, with scullers and crews from all parts of the country competing.

CASHION'S ONLY CHANCE IS TEN MONTHS' REST

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Carl Cashion's only chance of getting back into the pitching ranks is in ten months' rest, according to specialists here who are treating the Giant twirler's trained arm. Great things were expected of Cushion this season, but in his first game he tore a ligament loose. Now he can not get back the speed that caused him to be considered a second Walter Johnson.

CROSS LANDS JOB DOWN EAST.

Monte Cross, former scout for the Browns and one of the members of the "board of strategy," has been appointed manager of the Bridgeport, Conn., team in the Eastern Association.

UNUSUAL RULES AND PLAYS IN BASEBALL

(No. 3) By J. W. Heisman.

MANY people are of opinion that all that is necessary to determine whether a batted ball is fair or foul is to note whether it struck the ground inside or outside the foul lines, while others think it all depends on where the ball stops rolling. While both these points may be important factors in the final determination, it should be understood that oftentimes the question of whether the hitting or rolling took place this side of first or third base or on the other side of it makes all the difference in the world.

If the ball hit the ground inside the foul line before it reached first or third, but afterward rolled out of the foul line before passing first or third, it is foul, no matter that it first struck fair. But if it was touched by a player while on fair ground, it is fair, even though it is plain that the ball would have rolled out had the player let it alone.

Conversely, unless a player first touches it on foul ground, the hit is fair if it eventually rolls inside the line, no matter that it first struck outside the line.

But if the ball travels beyond either first or third base and hits inside the line, it is then a fair ball for good, even if it rolls twenty feet out of the foul line beyond those sacks.

It is also a fair hit whenever it strikes either a player or the umpire standing on fair ground.

* * *

TAKE the case of runners on first and second, or bases full, and there are none out or only one out. If now the batter hits an infield fly "that can be handled by an infielder," the batter is out automatically the instant he hit up such a ball, and it will make no difference even if nobody catches that infield fly.

Were there not such a rule as this players would often purposely drop the ball, instantly pick it up again, whip it to an advance base, and that baseman would shoot it to another and they might make a double or even a tripple play on it. For the base runner would have no means of knowing whether the fielder was going to catch it or not, on which account he would not dare to lead off his base any distance, else the infielder would catch the ball and whip it back to the base behind him and he would be doubled out. Not daring to take a decent lead on such a pop fly he would have a great distance to go to the next base after observing that the infielder had dropped the ball and before he could get there he would find the ball had been picked up and had beaten him out for a double again. Thus the base runner would be between the devil and the deep blue. But by the operation of the present rule he cannot be put in jeopardy both in the front and the rear by the same little infield fly; for, as the batter is out anyway, he is not "forced" and so can stay where he is in perfect safety, which, of course, he ought to do if he knows his business. Hence the advisability again of knowing exactly how many are out at any and all stages of the game.

* * *

NOW all this seems simple enough, but many have trouble in telling what an infield fly is and others have their doubts as to whether one such can be handled by an infielder even after it is granted to be an infield rocket. Even among umpires there used to be grave differences of opinion as to the former question. But nowadays most umpires are agreed that the proper construction of an infield fly is one that can be caught by an infielder while he is facing the home plate. He might have had to run backward for it somewhat in the beginning, but if he can turn and face the plate at the instant of trying to nail it the hit is clearly an infield fly; otherwise not, even though he did succeed in catching the ball over his head or shoulder while running with it. Sometimes it's hard to tell whether the infielder is going to be able to turn around again and get it or not; but the umpire should at once make up his mind one way or the other and should make known his best guess in a loud, clear voice so that batter and runners will know what to do.

But how could you have a case of a clear infield fly, yet one that could not be handled by an infielder? That sounds paradoxical. But I have seen it happen, and so have many others.

* * *

IN a game between Atlanta and some other Southern League team—Memphis, I think—several years ago this very thing happened. There were Memphis runners on first, second and third, with one hand out. The Atlanta shortstop and the second baseman were both playing very deep for a double with which to retire the side. The batter hit up a rather low, slow pop-fly that came down squarely between the pitcher, third baseman and second baseman. Had the shortstop been playing in close for the runner on third it would have been in his hands without requiring him to stir more than a step or two; but as it was the ball was just out of the reach of all three infielders, though they all strove desperately to reach it.

Now, here was a clear case of an infield fly, and by the way the players on both sides acted it was plain they all supposed the batter was out. Accordingly the runners stood still on their respective bases. The umpire, though, for once, was "on the job," and did not call it an infield out, and his utter silence was evidently puzzling to the players of both teams. The batter had run on down to first, and so there were now two runners stationed at that sack; and still the umpire said nothing. After failing to catch the fly the three Atlanta infielders stood around and rolled their eyes curiously at the ball which had rolled on through the shortstop, who had come tearing in after it on the fly. But none of them did anything save look wise.

* * *

WELL, the Memphis base runner on third finally figured it out, saw that the batter had not been called out, that therefore everybody on base was forced, and that it was high time for him to slip his moorings and make for the home port; which he did with alacrity. As soon as he started to run the shortstop made for the ball, and then all the base runners moved up one, while the throw to the plate was to late to get the Memphis runner.

After the smoke had settled the umpire explained to them that while it was an infield fly it was NOT one that could be handled, in that particular case, by an infielder; and hence it didn't conform to all the stipulations of the automatic infield out.

Such cases as this occur very rarely in the game, and he who has the widest knowledge of the game and its rules is the one who is apt to do the quickest and best thinking. It pays to know every "if and but" of any game you are playing!

Big Trade Planned By Cubs and Dodgers

Roger Bresnahan and Zimmerman May Be Swapped for Allen and Smith.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Roger Bresnahan and Heinie Zimmerman for Smith and Allen is the big deal that is in the air between the Chicago Cubs and the Brooklyn Club.

There are some who are close to the Brooklyn Club who say that this is the beginning of the end of Bill Dahlen as manager of the Brooklyn team. The rumor has it that he McKeever brothers, who have a large interest in the club, are not satisfied with the way Dahlen has been handling the team and want a change.

This would indicate that Bresnahan would be taken and then made manager of the team. Allen is a good pitcher, while Smith has been playing fine ball for the Dodgers at third base. The general opinion seems to be that the deal would not be a bad one for either club.

VASHTI PICKS A NEW COACH.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At a meeting of the trustees of Williams and Vashti College of Aledo Professor Elmer H. Wilds was chosen director of athletics for the ensuing year. He is a graduate of Harvard and Allegheny Colleges and is a recognized authority upon all forms of college athletics.



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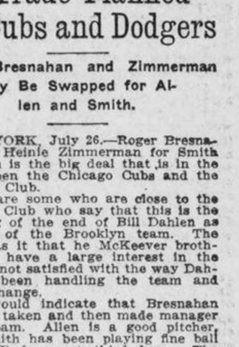

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WHITE AND WHITNEY TO FIGHT HERE

Lightweight Bout May Be Staged in Skating Rink at Poncey Park Next Saturday.

BOXING rans in this town are going to meet with a regular treat in that game next Saturday afternoon.

Charley White and Frank Whitney, pretenders to the title of lightweight champion, are practically in line for a 10-round battle at 4 o'clock in the afternoon in the big skating rink at Ponce DeLeon Park—just across from the ball lot, and just after the game between Atlanta and Nashville, called early for that reason, will be over.

Count Luigi Castro is promoting this box-fight, and we have the Castilian nobleman's word for it that it will be some lively bout.

"The thing is," Castro said yesterday, "White is after a match with Rivers, trying to get in line for a championship battle by taking the Mexican's measure. Atlanta fans will easily recall the savage manner in which he tore through Abel the other night. Well, that's his program from now on—to smash everything in sight as fast as possible.

"But you can take it from me, Charley will have the time of his life stopping this Whitney bird. He's there with the rough stuff, and can box with the best of them, too. He loves to box in Atlanta, and we're just waiting for a wire from him now to confirm the date. We know he's eager to come here, and we're reasonably sure the date will suit him."

The boys will box at 133 pounds, weighing in at 10 o'clock in the morning. That weight is pie for White and nearly as soft for Whitney. This will be the first time the boys have crossed leather, and their records show them to be as nearly equal as mere dope can figure. Each has met Joe Thomas—a tough one, by the way—and each has scored a clean victory over Joseph.

Arrangements have been made to call the ball game at 2 o'clock Saturday, so that it may be over in plenty of time for the fans who like both sports to get their 40 minutes of classy boxing across the way—in the event it doesn't end more spectacularly—and still be home in good time for dinner.

Baseball Summary.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

Birmingham at New Orleans.
Atlanta at Mobile.
Nashville at Memphis.
Chattanooga at Montgomery.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Mont...	58	40	.593	Chatt.,	49	46	.516
Mobile	59	44	.573	M'phis.	48	55	.466
Atlanta	50	43	.538	N'ville.	41	55	.427
B'ham.	49	45	.521	N. Or..	33	59	.359

Saturday's Results.

Montgomery, 2-3; Atlanta, 0-2.
New Orleans, 5-1; Nashville, 2-0.
Mobile, 9; Chattanooga, 2.
Memphis, 4; Birmingham, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

No games scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Phila...	65	28	.699	Boston.	44	46	.489
Cl'land.	56	38	.596	Detroit.	40	58	.408
W'gton	54	39	.581	St. L..	38	61	.384
Ch'go..	51	47	.520	N. Y...	29	60	.326

Saturday's Results.

New York, 4; Cleveland, 3.
Boston, 4; Chicago, 1.
Detroit, 6; Philadelphia, 2.
Washington, 6-6; St. Louis, 5-0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.
New York at St. Louis.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
N. Y...	61	27	.693	B'klyn.	40	43	.482
Phila..	51	34	.600	Boston.	38	49	.437
Ch'go..	46	44	.511	St. L..	36	54	.400
P'burg.	45	44	.506	C'natl.	35	57	.380

Saturday's Results.

Philadelphia, 8; Pittsburg, 2.
Boston, 2; Chicago, 1.
Brooklyn, 8; Cincinnati, 1.
St. Louis, 7; New York, 0.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

No games scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Col'bus	18	9	.667	Albany	13	15	.464
S'v'nah	16	10	.615	Ch'ston	12	17	.414
J'ville..	13	14	.481	Macon.	10	17	.370

Saturday's Results.

Jacksonville, 2; Charleston, 1.
Savannah, 1; Albany, 0.
Macon, 3; Columbus, 1.

GEORGIA-ALABAMA LEAGUE.

Games Sunday.

No games scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
G'sden.	41	31	.569	L'Gr'ge	35	36	.493
N'nan.	38	33	.535	An'ston.	3	40	.462
Op'ka.	37	35	.514	T'dega.	32	41	.438

Saturday's Results.

Anniston, 6; Opelika, 1.
Gadsden, 1; LaGrange, 0.
Newnan, 8; Talladega, 1.

Carolina League.

Petersburg, 3; Norfolk, 1.
Raleigh, 6-1; Greensboro, 0-0.
Asheville, 15-2; Charlotet, 2-1.

Virginia League.

Richmond, 8-1; Portsmouth, 1-0.
Roanoke, 8-5; Newport News, 0-0.
Petersburg, 1; Norfolk, 0.

American Association.

Minneapolis, 8; St. Paul, 4.
Indianapolis, 6; Columbus, 1.
Toledo, 3; Louisville, 2.
Milwaukee, 12; Kansas City, 3.

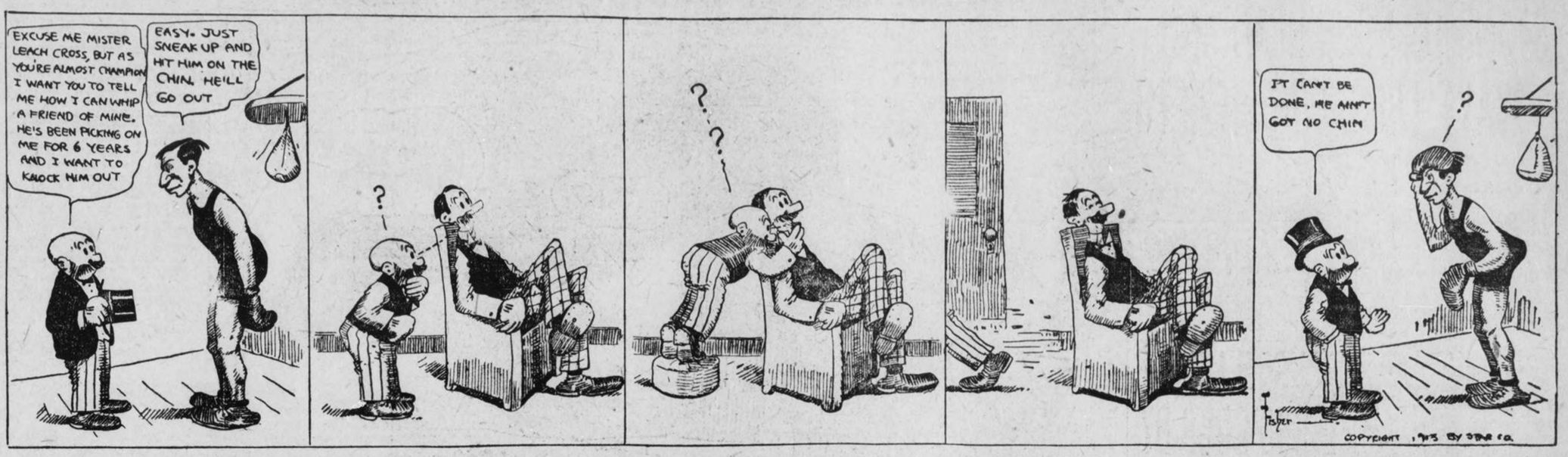
Federal League.

Pittsburg, 7; St. Louis, 5.
Chicago, 5; Kansas City, 3.
Indianapolis, 0; Cleveland, 3.

Three Eye League.

Bloomington, 5; Springfield, 0.
Decatur, 8; Danville, 0.
Dubuque, 4; Quincy, 0.
Davenport, 7; Peoria, 5.

Only Way to Knock Mutt Out Is to Kick Him on the Shins :: :: :: *By 'Bud' Fisher*



AMERICAN LEAGUE

SENATORS WIN TWICE.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Browns spilled a double-header here to-day, Washington taking both contests, 6 to 5 and 6 to 0. Opportune hitting resulted in the Senators winning the first game, although Groome, for the locals, was hit hard and was relieved by Hughes in the eighth. Engel held the Browns powerless in the second game, allowing only two safeties of the scratchy order and not a visitor reached third. The box score:

First Game.

St. Louis.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Shotten, cf.	5	0	1	2	0	0
Johnston, lf.	4	0	0	3	0	0
Pratt, 2b.	2	1	1	1	1	0
Williams, rf.	4	2	4	1	0	0
Brief, 1b.	2	0	0	6	0	0
Austin, 3b.	3	0	3	0	1	0
McAllister, c.	1	1	0	6	0	2
Alexander, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Lavan, ss.	4	1	2	4	4	0
Baumgard'er, p.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Compton	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	5	12	24	6	2

Compton batted for Baumgardner in the ninth.

Washington.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Moeller, lf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Foster, 3b.	4	1	2	4	1	0
Milan, cf.	4	2	1	2	0	0
Gandil, 1b.	3	1	3	7	1	0
Morgan, 2b.	4	1	2	1	2	0
Calvo, rf.	4	1	1	1	1	0
McBride, ss.	4	0	1	5	2	0
Henry, c.	3	0	0	3	6	0
Groom, p.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Hughes, p.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	34	6	11	27	14	0

Score by innings:

St. Louis	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—5
Washington	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	2	0*	—6

Summary: Two-base hits—Austin Pratt, Williams. Three-base hit—Williams. Double plays—Henry and McBride, Pratt, Lavan and Brief. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Washington, 6. Bases on balls—Off Groom, 2 in 7 2-3 innings; off Hughes, 1 in 2 1-3 innings. Sacrifice hit—Brief. Stolen bases—Milan 2, Gandil, Shotten, Moeller, Williams, Austin, Foster. Wild pitches—Baumgardner, 1; Groom, Hughes. Struck out—By Baumgardner, 5; by Groom, 2. Umpires—Ferguson and Connolly.

Second Game.

St. Louis.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Shotten, cf..	3	0	1	1	0	2
Johnston, lf.	3	0	0	6	1	0
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	0	3	2	0
Williams, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Brief, lf.	3	0	0	6	0	0
Austin, 3b.	3	0	1	0	2	1
Alexander, c.	2	0	0	5	1	0
Lavan, ss.	3	0	0	1	1	1
Hamilton, p.	3	0	0	1	1	1
Totals	28	0	2	24	8	5

Washing'n.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Moeller, lf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Foster, 3b.	4	2	3	0	4	0
Milan, cf..	3	0	0	3	0	0
Gandil, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0	0
Morgan, 2b.	4	1	0	4	4	0
Laporte, rf.	2	1	0	0	0	0
McBride, ss.	3	1	1	5	1	0
Henry, c.	2	0	0	6	1	0
Engel, p.	3	1	0	0	1	0
Totals	29	6	6	27	8	0

Score by innings:

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Washington	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	2*—6

Summary: Three-base hit—Foster. Sacrifice hits—McBride, Henry. Stolen base—Johnston. Double play—Johnston and Alexander. Left on bases—St. Louis, 3; Washington, 4. Bases on balls—Off Hamilton, 5; off Engel, 3. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Struck out—By Hamilton, 2; by Engel, 4. Time—1:35. Umpires—Connolly and Ferguson. Attendance—17,000.

YANKEES, 4; NAPS, 3.

NEW YORK, July 26.—A ninth inning rally when two runs were scored on two hits, a pass and an error resulted in the Yankees defeating the Naps here to-day, 4 to 3. A pass, a steal and a hit netted the locals a run in the second, and another was made in the fourth when Hartzell beat out a slow bounder, stole second and scored when Ford, who had walked, worked a double steal. The Naps scored one in the second, another in the fourth and the third run in the sixth round. The box score:

New York.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
McKechnie, 2b..	2	0	0	0	4	0
Wolter, c.	2	1	0	1	0	0
Caldwell, rf..	5	0	1	0	0	0
Peckinpaugh,ss.	5	0	1	4	5	0
Knight, 1b-2b..	5	1	0	10	2	1
Hartzell, lf.-2b.-3b.	4	2	3	0	0	0
Midkiff, 3b..	3	0	0	0	2	0
Gossett, c..	3	0	2	7	1	0
Sweeney, 1b-c..	2	0	1	1	0	0
Cree, lf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
McConnell, 1b..	0	0	0	3	0	0
Ford, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Schulz, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0
Daniels	1	0	0	0	0	0
Chance	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	36	4	8	27	17	1

Daniels batted for Ford in eighth. Chance ran for Gossett in eighth.

Cleveland.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Leibold, cf..	4	0	1	1	1	0
Chapman, ss..	3	0	1	2	2	0
Johnson, 1b..	4	2	2	15	0	0
Jackson, rf.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Lajoie, 2b..	4	0	1	0	3	0
Turner, 3b.	2	1	1	1	3	0
Graney, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
O'Neil, c.	4	0	2	6	1	0
Blanding, p.	4	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	33	3	10	26	13	2

Two out when winning run was scored.

Score by innings:

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0 2—4
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0 0—3

Summary: Two-base hit—Johnston. Stolen bases—Knight, Turner, Graney (2), Hartzell (2), Peckinpaugh, Ford, Leibold, Chapman, Gossett. Double plays—Gossett to Knight, Knight to Peckinpaugh to Knight. McKechnie to Peckinpaugh to Knight. Bases on balls—Off Blanding, 6; off Ford, 3. Left on bases—New York, 13; Cleveland, 6. Hit by pitched ball—McKechnie. Struck out—By Blanding 1; by Ford, 4. Time—2:45. Umpires—Dineen and Egan. Attendance—10,000.

TIGERS, 6; ATHLETICS, 2.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Detroit grabbed the second game of the series from the Athletics here to-day, 6 to 2. The Tigers pounded Plank for 12 safeties, bunching most of the hits into two innings. The locals rapped Willett lively, but were unable to connect at opportune times. The box score:

Philadelphia.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Murphy, rf.	5	1	2	2	0	1
Walsh, lf.	5	0	3	4	0	0
Collins, 2b.	5	0	3	0	1	0
Baker, 3b.	4	0	2	2	2	0
McInnis, 1b.	5	0	0	11	0	0
Strunk, cf.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Barry, ss.	4	0	0	0	4	0
Lapp, c.	3	0	2	5	1	1
Thomas, c.	0	0	0	1	0	0
Plank, p.	1	1	0	0	2	0
Houck, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Murphy	1	0	0	0	0	0
Orr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	36	2	12	27	11	2

D. Murphy batted for Plank in the eighth; Orr ran for Lapp in eighth.

Detroit.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Bush, ss.	5	1	1	5	3	0
Bauman, 2b.	5	1	1	0	6	0
Crawford, rf.	4	1	2	0	0	0
Cobb, cf.	4	1	2	2	0	0
Veach, lf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Gainer, 1b.	4	0	1	12	0	0
Stanage, c.	4	0	2	3	2	0
Moriarity, 3b.	4	0	2	2	4	0
Willett, p.	3	1	0	0	4	0
Totals	37	6	12	27	19	0

Score by innings:

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3—6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—2

Summary: Stolen bases—Cobb, Gainer. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 12; Detroit, 7. Earned runs—Philadelphia, 2; Detroit, 6. Two-base hits—Collins, Bauman. Three-base hit—Crawford. Hits—Off Plank, 11 in 8 innings; off Houck, 1 in 1 inning. Struck out—By Plank, 5; by Houck, 1; by Willett, 2. Bases on balls—Off Plank 2; off Houck, 1; off Willett, 5. Time—2:05. Umpires—Evans and Hildebrand.

RED SOX, 4; WHITE SOX, 1.

BOSTON, July 26.—Boston defeated the White Sox here to-day, 4 to 1, winning the game in the second round when three hits, a pass, an error and a stolen base netted all their runs.

Chicago.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Rath, 2b.	4	0	1	1	4	0
Lord, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2	0
Chase, 1b..	4	1	1	8	3	0
Bodie, cf.	4	0	0	2	1	0
Schalk, c..	3	0	0	2	1	0
J. Collins, rf..	2	0	0	3	0	0
Fournier, lf..	3	0	1	4	0	0
Weaver, ss.	3	0	1	2	2	1
Russell, p.	2	0	0	1	1	1
O'Brien, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kuhn	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	1	5	24	14	2

Kuhn batted for Russell in ninth.

Boston.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Janvrin, 2b.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Hooper, rf.	3	0	1	3	0	0
Speaker, cf..	4	0	0	2	0	2
Lewis, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Gardner, 3b..	2	1	2	2	0	0
Eengle, 1b.	3	1	1	8	1	0
Wagner, ss..	3	0	1	3	1	0
Carrigan, c.	2	1	0	6	2	0
R. Collins, p.	2	1	1	1	4	0
Totals	27	4	6	27	9	2

Score by innings:

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Boston	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0*	—4

Summary: Bases on balls—Off Russell, 3; off Collins, 2. Struck out—By Collins, 4; by O'Brien, 2. Three-base hits—R. Collins, Chase. Sacrifice hit—R. Collins. Stolen bases—Rath; Eengle, 2. Wild pitches—R. Collins, Russell. Umpires—O'Loughlin and Sheridan. Attendance—19,000.

South Atlantic League

JAX, 2; CHARLESTON, 1.

JACKSONVILLE, July 26.—Jacksonville won a close game from Charleston to-day by a score of 2 to 1. Both Grover and Wolfe pitched good ball. The winning run was scored by the locals on a perfect squeeze play executed by Hoffman and Starr. The feature of the game was a catch of Wolfe's fly by McMillan. The box score:

Charleston.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Kipp, ss.	3	0	0	1	2	1
Moore, 2b.	3	0	1	3	2	0
McMillan, cf.	4	0	0	3	0	0
Weir, rf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Hoey, 1b.	2	0	0	8	0	0
Winston, lf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
Bitting, 3b.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Smith, c.	3	1	0	5	2	0
H. Wolfe, p.	2	0	1	0	3	0
Foster	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	1	4	24	9	1

Foster batted for Wolfe in ninth.

J'ville.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Starr, 3b.	2	1	0	4	0	0
G. Wolfe, ss.	4	0	1	1	0	1
Melchoir, 1b.	3	0	1	6	0	0
Hoffman, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Cruise, cf.	4	0	0	3	1	0
Cueto, 2b.	3	1	2	5	1	0
Carroll, cf.	2	0	1	1	0	0
Krebs, c.	3	0	0	6	2	0
Grover, p.	3	0	0	0	7	1
Totals	28	2	6	27	11	2

Score by inning:

Charleston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Jacksonville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1—2

Summary: Three-base hit—Cueto. Sacrifice hits—Moore, Bitting (2), H. Wolfe, Melchoir, Carroll. Stolen bases—Starr, Hoffman. Double plays—Cruise to Cueto. Left on bases—Charleston 6, Jacksonville 7. First base on balls—Off Wolfe 1, off Grover 5. First base on errors—Charleston 2, Jacksonville 1. Hit by pitcher—Cueto, Starr. Struck out—By Wolfe 5, by Grover 5. Time—1:45. Umpire—Pender.

SAVANNAH, 2; ALBANY, 1.

SAVANNAH, GA., July 26.—In an exciting 10-inning battle Savannah necked out a 2 to 1 win over the Babies, who suffered their third defeat in as many days. Robertson was master of the situation at all times, only two bingles being made off his delivery. Luehrsen, too, pitched well, keeping his ten smashes well scattered. The box score:

Albany.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
McClesky, 3b.	3	0	1	1	1	0
Fish, 2b.	4	1	0	0	4	1
Hanna, cf.	4	0	1	5	0	0
Weimer, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Phalen, 1b.	3	0	0	13	3	0
Herndon, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Durmeyer, ss.	3	0	0	4	2	0
Wells, c.	4	0	0	3	2	0
Luehrsen, p.	3	0	0	0	7	0
Totals	31	1	2	27	19	1

Savannah.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Handiboe, cf.	3	1	3	1	0	0
Lippe, 3b.	5	0	0	1	0	0
Dowell, lf.	5	1	2	2	0	0
Gust, 1b.	4	0	1	12	2	2
Mayer, rf.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Zimmerman, 2b.	4	0	0	4	4	1
Wortman, ss.	4	0	2	3	5	0
Giebel, c.	4	0	0	5	2	0
Robertson, p.	4	0	2	1	4	0
Totals	36	2	10	30	18	3

Score by innings:

Savannah	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2
Albany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Summary: Double plays—Zimmerman to Gust. Three-base hit—Dowell. Two-base hit—Handiboe. Sacrifice hits—Handiboe, Gust. Struck out—By Robertson, 3; by Luehrsen, 2. Bases on balls—Off Robertson, 4; off Luehrsen, 2. Wild pitch—Luehrsen. Umpire—Barr.

Central League.

Terre Haute, 5; Fort Wayne, 4.
Grand Rapids, 3; Springfield, 1.
Evansville, 4; Dayton, 2.

Western League.

Wichita, 5; Denver, 13.
Topeka, 8; Lincoln, 3.
Sioux City, 2; St. Joe, 12.
Omaha, 4; DesMoines, 12.

International League.

Baltimore, 4; Montreal, 0.
Newark, 9-6; Toronto, 4-5.
Providence, 5-5; Buffalo, 2-4.
Jersey City, 5-6; Rochester, 7-7.

Federal League.

Chicago, 5; Kansas City, 3.
Pittsburg, 7; St. Louis, 5.

Cotton States League.

Columbus, 6; Selma, 5.

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MACON, 3; COLUMBUS, 1.

Macon, Ga., July 26.—In a fast game here this afternoon Macon defeated Columbus in the last game of the series by the score of 3 to 1. Voss, the local pitcher, had the better of his opponent, Weidel, throughout the game. The locals go to Charleston Monday for three games. The box score:

Columbus.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Keating, ss.	4	0	2	4	1	1
Lewis, lf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Folmar, cf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
McDuff, 3b.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Thompson, c..	3	1	1	2	1	0
Fox, 1b.	3	0	0	11	0	1
Jackson, rf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Brooks, 2b.	4	0	1	0	2	0
Weidel, p.	3	0	0	0	7	0
Totals	32	1	7	23	13	2

Macon.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Maurer, ss.	3	1	1	3	3	1
Harold, 3b.	3	0	1	0	1	1
Prysock, 2b.	3	0	1	4	4	1
Munn, 1b.	3	1	0	8	0	0
Mathews, cf.	2	1	1	3	0	0
Nixon, lf.	3	0	2	4	0	0
McLain, rf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Humphries, c..	4	0	1	4	1	0
Voss, p.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Thackman	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	3	8	27	9	3

Thackman ran for Harold in first.

Score by innings:

Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Macon	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	00*—3

Summary: Two-base hit—Brooks Three-base hit—Mathews. Stolen bases—Prysock, Keating, Munn, Nixon, Mathews. Double plays—Maurer to Prysock to Munn. Bases on balls—Off Voss, 2; off Weidel, 5. Left on bases—Macon, 7; Columbus, 7. Hits—Off Voss, 7; Weidel, 8. Struck out—By Voss, 1; Weidel, 2. Wild pitches—Voss, 1; Weidel, 2. Time of game—1:20. Umpire—Moran.

RACING NEWS

RESULTS.

AT BELMONT.

FIRST—Three-year-olds and up, $500 added, mile and one-sixteenth: Kalina 102 (Nicklaus), 6-5, 2-5, out, won; Stentor 108 (Butwell), 6-1, 2-1, 7-10; Warhorn 116 (Wolfe), 9-2, 7-5, 1-2. Time, 1:46 3-5. Also ran: Oakhurst and Jawbone.

SECOND—Five and one-half furlongs straight: Gallop 106 (Wilson), 7-5, 1-2, out, won; Notoriety 100 (Karrick), 6-1, 2-1, 1; Disparity 101 (Brady), 8-1, 3-2, 7-5. Time, 1:06 2-5. Also ran: Parthrock, Lady Orme, Ovation, Polly H., Mary Warren, Miss Cavanaugh, Odd Cross and I One.

THIRD—Main course, 7 furlongs: Ocean Blue 104 (Butwell), 13-5, 7-5, 7-10 won; Sickle 110 (Grand), 5, 2, even, second; Perthshire 112 (Wilson), 5-2, even, 1-2, third. Time 1:27. Also ran: Dartworth, Reybourn, Carroll Reid, Lacliff.

FOURTH—Mile and a furlong: Donald McDonald, 107 (Wilson), 9-5, 7-10, out, won; Lahore, 118 (Butwell), 5-2, 4-5, out, Si G. Miller, 105 (Nicklaus), 5-2, 4-5, out. Time, 1:52 4-5. Guy Fisher also ran.

FIFTH—About 4½ miles: George Emo, 158 (Booth), 1-5, out, won; Nosegay, 155 (Chandler), 8, 6-5, out, second; Brosseau, 138 (Clark), 6, even, out, third. Time 4:45. Garth also ran. Sir Giles bolted.

SIXTH—Mile: Bunch of Keys, 108 (Butwell), 11-5, even, 2-5, won; Redbound, 102 (Brady), 5, 2, even, second; Dixon, 108 (Benschotten), 20, 8, 3, third. Time, 1:42. Chopin, Arran, Deerfield, Whisper Belle, Jim Caffery, Euterpe also ran.

AT HAMILTON.

FIRST—Purse $600, two-year-olds, 5½ furlongs: Black Toney 118 (Loftus), 3-5, 1-3, out, won; Emerald Gem 101 (Kederis), 20-1, 6-1, 8-5; Hodge 107 (Buxton), 5-2, 1-2, 1-5. Time, 1:06 4-5. Also ran: Perpetuate, Centauri and Willie Waddell.

SECOND—Purse $600, three-year-olds, mile and one-sixteenth: Rock Springs 108 (Buxton), 9-2, 8-5, 7-10, won; Rustling 100 (Snyder), 5-1, 9-5, 4-5; Caper Sauce 105 (Adams), 10-1, 4-1, 2-1. Time, 1:48. Also ran: Crystlawoga, Sarolta, Ondramond and Havrock.

THIRD—About 2 miles: Guncotton, 150 (Dupe), 8-5, 1-2, out, won; The African, 135 (Wilson), 7-2, 4-5, out, second; Dissenter, 139 (Bowser), 13, 4, out, third. Time, 4:10 1-5. Nottingham also ran.

FOURTH—Six furlongs: Leochares 104 (Buxton), 14-5, 3-5, 1-3, won; Panzareta 94 (Kederis), 6, 2, 4-5, second; Ten Point 112 (Gross) 6-5, 3-5, 1-4, third. Time 1:11 3-5. Also ran: T. M. Green, Calgary, Noble Grande, Lochiel, Samuel R. Meyer.

FIFTH—One and a quarter miles: Blackford, 103 (Teahan), 11-10, 2-5, out, won; Paton, 101 (Deronde), 9-1, 3-1, even; Jenny Geddes, 103 (Montour), 11-5, 4-5, out, third. Time, 2:06. Fountain Fay, White Wool also ran.

SIXTH—Five and one-half furlongs: U See It, 107 (Small), 4, 2, even, won; Tankard, 101 (Kederis), 10, 4, 2, second; Flex, 108 (Deronde), 11-5, 6-5, 3-5, third. Time, 1:05 4-5. Chilton Queen, Black Chief, J. H. Houghton, Joe Knight, Clem Beachy, Spring Maid, Closer, Double Five, Tom Sawyer also ran.

SEVENTH—One and one-eighth miles: My

WHEN CASTRO 'INTIMIDATED' JOE JACKSON

Hank Griffin Was Ordered to Bean Him, Back in Sally League Days.

By O. B. Keeler.

DELVING into the dim and musty archives of the Past in Southern baseball circles can be made pretty good fun—if you can get hold of a certain Castilian nobleman named Louie Castro and inveigle him into acting as fellow delver.

If there's any really good yarn connected with the national pastime in this vicinity that the Count doesn't know it's a safe bet that yarn was invented quite recently. All the Count's anecdotes are stamped with the sterling mark, of course.

Here's one about Shoeless Joe Jackson in his bush league days, before he began piling up a reputation that has just about eclipsed the fame of his earlier rival, Sockless Jerry.

Lou was managing the Augusta club in the Sally League, and was hooked up in a desperate struggle in Savannah, the series looking as if it would settle the pennant question for that season.

In those days Hank Griffin was Castro's prize flipper. Lou sent Hank in after the first game and won it. Then Augusta lost the second game, 1 to 0, with an operator named Pierce on the hill.

Whereupon Lou shot Hank right back at his foes in the odd one.

Augusta got away with a faint lead and the battle was in a highly hectic condition when Joe Jackson, Savannah's slugger-in-chief, presented himself at the platter in the third inning, with runners on first and second, and looked wistfully at Mr. Griffin.

Two hands were out. Hank looked Josephus over a bit and then signaled Castro for instructions.

The instructions were simple and easy of comprehension.

"Hit him on the bean," ordered Lou.

"I'm afraid I might kill him," Hank objected.

"No chance—I know what his skull's made of," the manager reassured him.

But Hank was tender in those days, so he shot off a fast one that took Joe squarely in the slats as he threw up his arms and ducked. He was revived (Hank assisting at the ceremony) and trundled down to first, filling the bases.

And—as Lou had figured—the next man struck out.

All went well and Augusta got a couple more runs, and then Joe Jackson came up in the fifth inning, nobody out and nobody on.

Hank looked trustfully at his manager and inquired what he was to do to Joe this time.

"Oh, you've got him scared now," said Lou. "He'll be easy—just stick it over."

And the trustful Hank did that very thing. And Joey leaned against it. And the pill finally rebounded from the center field fence.

Joe stopped at third and Hank mopped his perspiring face with a grimy sleeve and regarded Castro admiringly.

"Say," he remarked, "it's a blamed good thing I had him scared, isn't it?"

* * *

BUT there was an after-clap to that pinking of Joey Jackson's slats that kept rattling for nearly a year.

In fact, it was Joey's ribs that were rattling, only nobody knew it—least of all the hardy Joe.

When he got up to the Big Show for his first try-out, Joe's side pained him a good deal. Finally he went to a doctor. The doctor said it was a floating kidney. That sounded pretty awful to Joe, who had been looking for years under the impression that all his insides were fastened to him.

So he got himself treated for floating kidney.

Nothing doing. The alleged kidney declined to come to port.

Joe tried another doctor, who counted his ribs first and then shot him with an X-ray machine.

He found two broken ribs, healed irregularly, without having been set.

So they had to be fractured and set all over again. And before Joe got the sling from around his slats he was good and sorry Hank Griffin hadn't obeyed orders literally and hit him on the bean, that warm and hectic day, down in good old Savannah.

Joe is certain it wouldn't have damaged him as much.

* * *

BEFORE letting Joe get away, it might be remarked that the great Cleveland sticker, after leading T. R. Cobb until Tuesday of last week, slipped from his lofty perch. Since when the rivals have been changing places almost daily, while their respective admirers take turn about at er pounds along doggedly, a few the crowing, and good old Tris Speaknotches behind.

SCOUTS ARE BIG FACTORS IN RACES, SAYS HEDGES

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 26.—Bob Hedges doesn't believe a manager has much to do with the building up of a run-down ball club. He thinks that duty is up to the scouts, and that in case of failure to get the players the blame should fall upon the scouts instead of the manager.

The president of the Browns declared yesterday:

"I'm fairly well satisfied with Stovall's work as manager with the material on hand. Next season we hope to give him still better material and maybe we can climb a bit.

"You know Stovall isn't building up the St. Louis Club—he mustn't get either credit or blame for what has been done in this respect. The manager has nothing to do with the building up of a club—that's what is left to the scouts, and as we have good scouts, I think we're due to climb."

HENDRIX MAY GO TO GIANTS FOR TESREAU AND SHAFER

PITTSBURG, July 26.—It is rumored here in baseball circles that a big trade is brewing between the Pirates and Giants. The report has it that Claude Hendrix, of the Pittsburg team, is to be sent to New York in exchange for Jeff Tesreau and "Tillie" Shafer. No confirmation of the story could be obtained, however.

COULON LEAVES FOR CANADA.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Johnny Coulon, bantam champion, claiming he is "all run down," left for Canada, where he will spend several months touching it.

AND THE TRAFFIC COP SAID----BACK!! By TAD



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JACKSON LEADS TYRUS COBB BY JUST 9 POINTS

TYRUS RAYMOND COBB passed Joe Jackson last Wednesday in the local unofficial calculations of the rivals' batting averages, but the Irwin M. Howe bookkeeper at Chicago shows the Georgia boy still quite a bit below his slugging competitor, after the game of Wednesday, July 23. Tris Speaker is close behind the struggling pair, who are separated by Danny Murphy, of the Athletics, but Danny hasn't been in very many games this season.

Player and Club.	AB.	R.	H.	Pct.
Jackson, Clev'd	315	69	125	.397
D. Murphy, Phila.	41	2	16	.390
Cobb, Detroit	219	40	85	.388
Speaker, Boston	335	74	127	.379
Henricksen, Boston	36	7	13	.361
Caldwell, New York	23	5	8	.348
E. Collins, Phila.	326	88	112	.344
Blanding, Clevland	41	4	14	.341
Lajoie, Cleveland	245	36	83	.339
McInnis, Phila.	337	48	111	.333
Gandil, Washington	309	32	101	.327
Baker, Phila.	356	74	116	.326
Stovall, St. Louis	232	28	72	.310
McKee, Detroit	107	11	33	.308
E. Murphy, Phila.	397	62	91	.306
A. Williams, Wash'n	82	6	25	.305
Crawford, Detroit	372	49	113	.304
Lelivelt, Cleve'd	43	2	13	.302
Strunk, Phila.	199	24	60	.302
Oldring, Phila.	337	63	99	.294
Gainer, Detroit	267	36	78	.292
Birmingham, Clev'd	107	13	31	.290
Ryan, Clev'd	227	26	66	.291
Pratt, St. Louis	367	36	106	.289
Morgan, Washing'n	264	36	76	.288
Fisher, New York	52	3	15	.288
Lewis, Boston	322	33	92	.286
Peckinpaugh, N. Y.	202	22	58	.286
Graney, Clev'd	323	35	92	.285
Wood, Boston	53	10	15	.283
Zelder, New York	46	7	13	.283
Lord, Chicago	352	43	99	.281
Chapman, Clev'd	285	42	80	.281
Shotton, St. Louis	332	66	93	.280
Milan, Washing'n	347	51	97	.280
Schaefer, Washing'n	83	12	23	.280
Knight, New York	58	3	16	.276
Veach, Detroit	318	36	88	.277
Stone, St. Louis	29	2	8	.276
Sweeney, New York	203	22	56	.276
G. Williams, St. L.	337	47	91	.270
Wolter, New York	303	39	81	.267
D. Johnston, Clev'd	378	57	100	.265
Engle, Boston	314	39	83	.264
Willett, Detroit	53	4	14	.264
Barry, Phila.	316	46	83	.263
Turner, Clev'd	228	37	60	.263
Hooper, Boston	365	66	96	.263
Benz, Chicago	23	2	6	.261
Cree, New York	322	29	84	.261
Chase, Chicago	323	41	84	.260
Johnson, Washing'n	77	7	20	.260
Schang, Phila.	100	18	26	.260
Thomas, Phila.	50	3	13	.260
Gardner, Boston	270	38	70	.259
Collins, Chicago	357	35	92	.258
Lake, Detroit	31	2	8	.258
Austin, St. Louis	290	28	74	.255
Laporte, Washing'n	184	18	47	.255
J. Walsh, Phila.	149	30	38	.255
Schalk, Chicago	281	27	71	.253
Olsen, Clev'd	288	34	73	.253
Dubuc, Detroit	87	9	22	.253
Bush, Detroit	369	59	92	.249
Hartzell, New York	305	33	76	.249
Moeller, Washing'n	334	49	82	.246
Bodie, Chicago	232	24	57	.246
Shanks, Washington	313	34	77	.246
Weaver, Chicago	324	27	79	.244
McAllister, St. Louis	29	1	7	.241
Lapp, Phila.	160	17	38	.238
Yerkes, Boston	312	50	74	.237
J. Johnston, St. L.	307	32	71	.231
Nunamaker, Boston	52	7	12	.230
Vitt, Detroit	317	39	73	.230
Moriarty, Detroit	244	20	56	.230
Daley, Phila.	83	8	19	.228
High, Detroit	150	16	34	.227
Hall, Boston	27	1	6	.222
Brief, St. Louis	194	23	43	.222
McBride, Washing'n	291	32	64	.220
Deal, Detroit	50	3	11	.220
Daniels, New York	288	48	63	.219
Wagner, Boston	256	32	57	.218
O'Neill, Clev'd	110	6	24	.218
Leibold, Clev'd	55	9	12	.218
Carisch, Clev'd	148	10	32	.216
Foster, Washing'n	159	18	34	.213
Wallace, St. Louis	147	11	31	.211
Boehling, Washing'n	38	5	8	.211
Henry, Washing'n	152	14	32	.210
Ainsmith, Washing'n	133	13	28	.210
Baumgardner, St. L.	48	3	10	.208
Fournier, Chicago	115	12	24	.208
Easterly, Chicago	63	1	13	.206
Midkiff, New York	248	19	51	.206
Bender, Phila.	49	7	10	.205
Berger, Chicago	74	9	15	.203
Rath, Chicago	288	35	58	.201
Russell, Chicago	70	5	14	.200

HANSON, YANK RECRUIT, IS CHICAGO SCHOOLBOY

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Harry Hanson, a Chicago schoolboy, made his first appearance with the New York Americans the other day. Hanson has been with the team two days, having been picked up in Chicago, where he played with the Washington Heights team. He is a sturdy lad 21 years old and seems to have a good whip.

WHISKBROOM II IN SARATOGA.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Harry Payne Whitney's Whiskbroom II, winner of the three spring handicaps, again heads the list for the Saratoga handicap, at one mile and a quarter, to be run August 2. He has been assigned 135 pounds. Rudolfo, the cup horse of the West, is rated second here by W. S. Vosburgh, the official handicapper only ten pounds away.

DAUBERT TOPS BATSMEN IN NATIONAL LIST

EXCEPT for Yingling, the wallaping Brooklyn pitcher, and the recently developed marvel, McDonald, of Boston, Jake Daubert is having things all his own way in the National League batting list at present. Yingling doesn't count, of course, and McDonald has been in only about half the games Jake has to his credit, so Daubert really is the leader, far ahead of his next regular competitor, Cravath, of the Phillies.

The averages include the games of Wednesday, July 23, and are for all batsmen who have averages of .200 or better.

Player—Club.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Yingling, Brooklyn	28	5	11	.390
McDonald, Boston	126	20	47	.373
Daubert, Brooklyn	297	52	106	.357
Crandall, New York	20	3	7	.350
R. Miller, Philadelphia	64	5	22	.344
Cravath, Philadelphia	257	41	86	.335
Hyatt, Pittsburg	54	7	18	.333
Walsh, Philadelphia	24	1	8	.333
Hess, Boston	39	2	13	.333
Zimmerman, Chicago	246	37	80	.325
Erwin, Brooklyn	31	6	10	.323
Wagner, Pittsburg	173	19	55	.318
Leach, Chicago	228	52	72	.316
Vlox, Pittsburg	268	42	84	.313
Huggins, St. Louis	253	50	79	.312
S. Magee, Philadelphia	257	47	80	.311
Titus, Boston	254	31	79	.311
Fletcher, New York	302	42	93	.308
Tinker, Cincinnati	276	31	85	.308
Harmon, St. Louis	60	3	18	.306
Shafer, New York	317	47	96	.303
Snodgrass, New York	256	46	77	.301
Lobert, Philadelphia	336	55	100	.298
Connolly, Boston	258	47	77	.298
Murray, New York	314	43	93	.296
Bridwell, Chicago	226	21	67	.296
Becker, Philadelphia	240	29	71	.296
F. Smith, Boston	71	11	21	.296
Hauser, St. Louis	44	3	13	.295
Wheat, Brooklyn	306	33	90	.294
Marsans, Cincinnati	307	40	90	.293
Devore, Cincinnati	174	29	51	.293
J. Meyers, New York	267	29	78	.292
Butler, Pittsburg	179	32	52	.291
Bates, Cincinnati	252	48	73	.290
J. Smith, Brooklyn	303	34	88	.290
Wingo, St. Louis	183	15	53	.290
Stengel, Brooklyn	245	40	71	.290
Saier, Chicago	294	55	84	.286
Miller, Pittsburg	336	48	96	.286
O. Miller, Brooklyn	196	15	56	.286
Hoblitzel, Cincinnati	273	27	78	.286
Brown, Cincinnati	35	2	10	.286
Herzog, New York	165	28	47	.285
Kling, Cincinnati	92	5	26	.283
McLean, St. Louis	143		40	.280
Mitchell, Chicago	266	36	76	.280
Mann, Boston	226	26	63	.279
Oakes, St. Louis	306	29	85	.278
Dodge, Cincinnati	144	21	40	.278
Merkle, New York	345	58	96	.278
Evers, Chicago	271	51	75	.277
Griner, St. Louis	65	6	18	.277
Konetchy, St. Louis	331	58	91	.275
Dooin, Philadelphia	73	4	20	.274
Byrne, Pittsburg	330	34	90	.273
Doyle, New York	313	49	85	.272
Burns, New York	366	46	100	.273
Schulte, Chicago	295	50	80	.271
Clarke, Cincinnati	241	20	65	.270
Bescher, Cincinnati	298	50	79	.265
Kommers, Pittsburg	118	8	31	.263
Egan, Cincinnati	99	8	26	.262
McCormick, New York	42	4	11	.262
Adams, Pittsburg	69	8	18	.261
Rariden, Boston	138	18	36	.261
R. Fisher, Brooklyn	231	25	60	.260
L. Magee, St. Louis	342	35	89	.260
Myers, Boston	331	45	86	.260
Sallee, St. Louis	55	6	14	.259
Knabe, Philadelphia	292	36	75	.257
Evans, St. Louis	157	13	40	.254
Cutshaw, Brooklyn	316	41	81	.256
Moran, Brooklyn	264	34	67	.254
Groh, Cincinnati	197	21	50	.254
Archer, Chicago	217	17	55	.254
Carey, Pittsburg	358	52	91	.254
Hendrix, Pittsburg	63	8	16	.254
Hummell, Brooklyn	171	19	43	.251
Sweeney, Boston	268	31	67	.250
Paskert, Philadelphia	280	51	70	.250
Tesreau, New York	56	5	14	.250
Rucker, Brooklyn	48	1	12	.250
Robinson, Pittsburg	36	3	9	.250

Welchonce in Second Place Now

Batting Contest Warm and Close

KID ELBERFELD may have sand in his eyes, and all that, but he still tops the standing of the Southern League batsmen, and he added half a dozen points to his average last week. The Tabasco Kid now is peppering the pill at the elevated mark of .349.

Harry Welchonce, heroic representative of the Cracker cohorts, hammered his way from fourth place to second in the race last week, and now reposes at .336, thirteen points below the league leader. Harry boosted his average four points on the week's work, while Gribbens and D. Robertson, who topped him last Sunday, lost several points each in their records.

In spite of his long slump, Wally Smith, in ninth place, is only one position lower than before, Messenger, of Birmingham, climbing over Wally while his slump was on. Wally only lost two points, at that.

Following are the standings, including the games of Tuesday, July 22

Player—Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	TB.	2B.	3B.	HR.	SH.	SB.	Pct
Elberfeld, Chattanooga	63	209	28	73	89	6	5	0	6	10	.349
Welchonce, Atlanta	84	378	61	127	166	12	8	3	18	14	.336
D. Robertson, Mobile	94	360	54	119	167	16	4	8	11	40	.331
Gribbens, Montgomery	56	156	22	51	68	5	6	0	4	6	.327
Messenger, Birmingham	91	327	57	106	144	11	9	3	29	42	.324
Knisely, Birmingham	70	239	35	77	116	9	12	2	6	13	.322
Sloan, Montgomery	91	337	45	108	157	14	10	5	6	9	.320
Long, Atlanta	92	358	74	113	156	16	9	3	13	22	.316
Smith, Atlanta	92	317	59	99	134	8	9	3	13	9	.312
C. Brown, Montgomery	22	60	6	18	21	1	1	0	2	0	.306
Gibson, Nashville	51	182	17	55	70	9	3	0	1	7	.302
Sentell, Mobile	39	133	15	39	46	4	1	0	8	8	.294
King, Chattanooga	95	343	49	101	116	9	3	2	12	9	.294
Street, Chattanooga	90	309	29	91	118	11	5	2	1	1	.294
Chapman, Atlanta	28	86	7	25	31	4	1	0	2	0	.291
Agler, Atlanta	94	312	51	90	105	9	3	0	14	18	.288
Perry, Nashville	95	337	45	97	124	18	3	1	21	16	.288
Seabough, Memphis	55	153	11	44	51	4	0	1	9	2	.288
Callahan, Nashville	95	255	69	100	136	12	6	4	10	20	.282
McBride, Birmingham	96	340	40	95	121	10	5	2	21	13	.280
Stock, Mobile	98	391	60	109	125	5	4	1	14	13	.279
Alperman, Atlanta	94	378	58	105	144	20	5	3	16	17	.278
Flick, Chattanooga	95	340	36	94	116	16	3	0	22	0	.277
Campbell, Mobile	41	113	14	31	36	5	0	0	5	3	.274
Manning, Montgomery	33	91	11	25	37	3	1	1	2	1	.274
Johnson, Chattanooga	53	197	25	54	69	8	2	1	4	4	.274
Thompson, Atlanta	20	55	1	15	17	2	0	0	2	0	.272
Mayer, Birmingham	81	254	27	69	91	14	4	0	11	7	.272
Abstein, Memphis	104	396	46	100	147	14	8	5	11	11	.271
Ward, Memphis	91	362	50	98	138	20	9	1	13	8	.271
Starr, Mobile	73	263	39	71	85	9	1	1	15	30	.270
Spencer, New Orleans	92	331	36	89	128	12	3	7	8	10	.269
Hogg, Mobile	38	97	12	26	26	0	0	0	1	1	.268
Coyle, Chattanooga	89	325	40	87	109	15	2	1	12	5	.268
Jantzen, Montgomery	100	344	48	92	123	11	5	3	24	24	.267
Butler, Memphis	105	364	39	97	128	16	3	3	25	18	.267
Dent, Atlanta	17	45	7	12	14	2	0	0	2	0	.267
Walker, Montgomery	64	240	30	64	113	10	7	5	6	6	.266
McDonald, Birmingham	50	157	46	82	105	11	6	0	12	20	.264
Elwert, Montgomery	83	311	30	81	124	15	8	4	7	5	.264
Elston, Chattanooga	89	308	85	41	55	3	4	1	10	2	.261
Merritt, Memphis	59	157	33	41	53	3	3	1	11	16	.261
Atz, N. O.	60	199	27	52	58	6	0	0	10	4	.261
E. Williams, N. O.	55	184	20	48	63	12	0	1	5	5	.261
Baerwald, Memphis	104	405	43	105	137	13	7	2	3	18	.259
Bisland, Atlanta	76	267	32	69	102	9	9	1	23	10	.258
L. Williams, Chattanooga	50	140	4	36	41	5	0	0	7	8	.257
Schmidt, Mobile	92	296	38	76	102	12	4	2	0	0	.257
Schfartz, Nashville	91	319	88	82	97	6	3	1	18	5	.257
Wares, Montgomery	93	328	56	74	112	14	4	2	28	45	.256
Kutina, Montgomery	53	195	18	50	65	5	5	0	1	5	.256
McDowell, N. O.	30	101	17	26	36	3	2	1	5	5	.257
Bailey, Atlanta	80	256	43	65	88	14	3	1	14	10	.254
H. Berger, Mobile	21	63	2	16	21	2	0	1	0	0	.254
Pauiette, Mobile	97	352	37	89	114	16	3	1	12	12	.253
Jacobson, Mobile	53	194	35	49	73	9	6	1	7	7	.253
Young, Nashville	84	271	22	68	95	13	3	3	16	5	.251
Schweitzer, Memphis	82	264	40	66	86	0	4	1	8	11	.250
Love, Memphis	86	307	42	76	105	16	2	3	6	15	.248
Cavet, Mobile	26	81	9	20	29	2	2	2	3	0	.247
McGilvray, Birmingham	95	312	36	76	99	5	6	2	21	9	.244
Clark, Mobile	101	345	52	81	96	6	3	1	6	24	.242
Marcan, Birmingham	92	335	45	83	108	14	3	2	17	12	.241
Adams, N. O.	48	145	11	35	38	3	0	0	2	1	.241
E. Brown, Montgomery	24	75	8	18	24	1	1	1	1	0	.240
Hendrix, N. O.	103	375	56	89	133	26	6	2	10	18	.237
Tarleton, Montgomery	22	76	9	18	24	6	0	0	1	6	.237
Wilson, N. O.	21	55	4	13	15	2	0	0	1	0	.236
Snedecor, Montgomery	101	358	32	84	96	9	0	1	7	11	.235
Knaupp, Montgomery	91	282	35	66	94	5	10	0	17	23	.234
Graff, Chattanooga	42	141	17	33	54	3	3	4	2	3	.234
Shanley, Memphis	89	322	38	75	94	6	5	1	7	12	.233
Bagby, N. O.	61	191	25	44	63	5	1	4	0	3	.230
Daley, N. O.	87	327	30	75	87	6	3	0	17	9	.229
Bodus, Birmingham	18	57	6	13	15	2	0	0	3	0	.228
Donahue, Montgomery	60	178	12	40	50	6	2	0	4	4	.225
Price, Atlanta	27	67	4	15	20	3	1	0	5	0	.224
Manush, Atlanta	41	144	18	32	41	4	2	0	11	6	.222
Noyes, Nashville	56	132	19	29	44	6	3	1	5	1	.220
Yantz, N. O.	23	59	4	13	17	2	1	0	2	1	.220
Sommers, Chattanooga	27	73	9	16	17	1	0	0	3	0	.219
Odell, Mobile	97	377	41	79	96	13	2	0	18	28	.210
Baumgardner, Nashville	21	77	11	16	20	4	0	0	2	6	.208
Evans, Birmingham	31	82	6	17	23	4	1	0	6	0	.207
Graham, Chattanooga	38	116	8	24	28	0	2	0	4	1	.207
Kissinger, Memphis	25	68	8	13	17	2	1	0	2	1	.206
Fleharty, Nashville	22	59	3	12	16	0	2	0	0	1	.203
Gillespie, Chattanooga	43	143	10	29	38	4	3	0	5	2	.203
Foxen, Birmingham	23	65	8	13	15	2	0	0	1	2	.200
Brady, Atlanta	19	55	4	11	15	2	2	0	1	0	.200

'OLD MASTER' REAL LEADER IN NATIONAL

TWO youngsters, Demaree, of the Giants, and Humphries, of the Cubs, are tied for the lead in the National League pitching race. Seaton, who has led for several weeks, took part in the slump of his club and dropped back to fourth place, Mathewson passing him and assuming the real leadership of the list in point of service. The averages include the games of Wednesday, July 23.

Player-Club.	W.	L.	P.C.
Demaree, New York	8	2	.800
Humphries, Chicago	8	2	.800
Mathewson, New York	17	5	.773
Seaton, Philadelphia	15	5	.750
Marquard, New York	13	5	.722
Robinson, Pittsburg	10	4	.714
Cheney, Chicago	16	7	.696
Alexander, Philadelphia	11	5	.688
Brennan, Philadelphia	14	7	.667
Rixey, Philadelphia	4	2	.667
Overall, Chicago	4	2	.667
Sallee, St. Louis	12	8	.600
Cooper, Pittsburg	3	2	.600
Ragon, Brooklyn	12	9	.571
Tesreau, New York	12	9	.571
Benton, Cincinnati	8	6	.571
Yingling, Brooklyn	4	3	.571
Adams, Pittsburg	10	8	.556
Perdue, Boston	10	8	.556
Pierce, Chicago	5	4	.556
Brown, Cincinnati	7	7	.500
Fromme, New York	5	5	.500
C. Smith, Chicago	5	5	.500
Mayer, Philadelphia	4	4	.500
Steele, St. Louis	4	4	.500
Dickson, Boston	4	4	.500
Hendrix, Pittsburg	10	11	.476
Tyler, Boston	9	10	.474
Rucker, Brooklyn	8	9	.471
Johnson, Cincinnati	7	8	.467
Rudolph, Boston	7	8	.467
Stack, Brooklyn	4	5	.444
Ames, Cincinnati	7	9	.438
James, Boston	6	8	.429
Curtis, Brooklyn	7	10	.412
Crandall, New York	2	3	.400
Griner, St. Louis	8	13	.376
O'Toole, Pittsburg	3	5	.375
Suggs, Cincinnati	6	12	.333
Richie, Chicago	2	4	.333
Camnitz, Pittsburg	5	12	.294
Perritt, St. Louis	3	8	.273
Harmon, St. Louis	5	14	.263
Lavender, Chicago	4	12	.250
Hess, Boston	2	10	.167
Packard, Cincinnati	1	6	.143
Chalmers, Philadelphia	1	6	.143
Allen, Brooklyn	1	8	.111
Burk, St. Louis	0	1	.000

RICHOLSON HEADS GUN CLUB.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 26.—At the annual meeting of the Starved Rock Gun Club, held this week at the new clubhouse, officers were elected as follows: President, H. L. Richolson, Ottawa; vice president, E. D. Zeller, Ottawa; secretary, A. L. Jaques, Utica; treasurer, F. G. Pierskl, La Salle; field captain, C. D. Clark, Utica. The officers, with the addition of C. S. Roe, of Ottawa, and Charles Quinby, of Spring Valley, compose the board of directors.

JOE BOEHLING HAS YET TO LOSE A GAME

AMERICAN Pitching—SUNDAY Spt

THERE was not much shifting along the top-notchers of the American League last week, the principal question being if Joe Boehling, of Washington, would continue his great winning streak. He made it eleven straight, broke the season's record, and remained at the top of the heap in the matter of averages.

Following are the figures, including the games of Wednesday, July 23:

Pitcher-Club.	W.	L.	P.C.
Boehling, Washington	11	0	1.000
Johnson, Washington	23	5	.821
Plank, Philadelphia	15	4	.789
Bender, Philadelphia	16	5	.762
Falkenberg, Cleveland	15	6	.714
Brown, Philadelphia	12	5	.706
Wood, Boston	12	5

Confidence Gets the Hits

Baseball Jinx Real, But Can Be Beaten

Heine Tells How to Do It

TAD SHOWS HOW THE GOAT PASSES FROM BATTER TO PITCHER AND VICE VERSA



'ZIM' SAYS 3 PITCHERS HAVE IT 'ON' HIM

Some Day He Will Land on Them, Get His Confidence Back and They'll Be Easy.

A BATTER who goes up to the plate believing he is going to hit the ball has a big shade on the pitcher, says Zimmerman, in this, the third article of his series. Read what follows and see if you do not agree with Heine's logic.

By HENRY ZIMMERMAN.

IT'S my opinion that there is no business or profession in the world where confidence in one's self counts as much as it does when a batter steps to the plate in the pinch.

Hitting in a large measure is believing that one can hit.

That has been my experience. There are three pitchers in our league who seem to have it on me. Christy Mathewson, Jeff Tesreau and Earl Moore are the men. And I am ineffective against the latter two for the reason that I have lost my confidence in my ability to hit them. I'll get it back all right.

Some day I will get in there and pound out a bunch of hits when they happen to be on the slab and then those two will worry me no more.

I don't know about Mathewson. Here is a man who should be envied by every pitcher lacking control. For it is the control of this veteran that makes him one of the hardest men in the game to beat. Mathewson possesses the other qualifications that a great pitcher must have. But it is his marvelous control that keeps him going year after year.

How Mathewson Fools the Batter

He uses his control in a peculiar sort of way. Some pitchers display their control by keeping the ball over the plate. Mathewson uses his in quite a different way. He never gives you a good ball to hit.

His pitches are a bit wide to hit hard yet in far enough to tempt you.

He pitches so closely to you that you constantly hit on the handle of the bat. Yet it is out just far enough to get you to swing.

He's pitching a bit high or a bit low to you. He's always pitching just where you take a swing yet never where you can get a good solid wallop.

It's Tesreau's wind-up rather than what he has on the ball that worries me. And a deceptive wind-up has helped many an ordinary pitcher. Remember King Cole? He went through a lot of gyrations before letting go of the ball. The batters scarcely knew from what angle to expect that pitch.

There's no question in my mind that it was Cole's wind-up that carried him through the National League when he was with us.

Says He Will Solve Tesreau's Windup

Tesreau hits me the same way. I find it difficult to watch his windup and it is hard for me to follow the ball from the moment it leaves his hand. It's on top of me before I can see it.

But some day I'm going to figure out that wind-up. Then I'll pay back Mr. Tesreau.

Too much stress can not be placed upon the value of confidence in a batter. It extends to a team frequently which accounts for some of the things which fans marvel at.

You read that this pitcher is a jinx for a certain club. Lack of confidence is the answer. At some time or other that pitcher was going good when he met this club that is now easy for him. He pitched some good ball and beat them a couple of games in one series. The chances are the games were important and attracted much attention and comment.

Transferring the Goat.

The next time that pitcher came to town he was referred to as a jinx. And pretty soon he was. It wasn't that he pitched so well, although the chances are that he pitched ahead of his form, for the moment a twirler gets the idea that he has it on a team he becomes better. It is a mental condition.

The fellows in the clubhouse said, "Well, our old jinx will pitch to-day. We'll have our troubles."

They went in half licked and they came out thoroughly trounced.

A jinx is broken the same way. The pitcher hasn't all of his stuff, a couple of fellows get base hits, confidence is restored, the fellows go up there with determination and, presto—the jinx is knocked from the slab and the chances are that it is for all time.

A batting slump is the terror of all batters. It is also one of the mysteries of the game. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one.

Many batters believe that it is the eye. That isn't my belief. When I am in the midst of a batting slump I know exactly what the cause is. Yet I can't remove it. The reason I am not hitting is because I am not swinging freely. My eye is all right. I know where and when to meet the ball. But my muscles of my shoulder seem to be bound. I don't seem to be able to handle that bat just as I should.

It's my belief that I have the right system of getting over it, though. Men who swing hard when they get in a slump begin to choke the bat; they swing easy, just hard enough to meet the ball. I don't. I swing just as hard when I'm in a slump as when I am hitting at my best. I know that if I keep right on swinging that I will get back to the old swing and that the slump will be over.

Zim Gives Cure for Batting Slump

A BATTING slump is the terror of all batters. It seems strange that a man can go along and hit hard and safely day after day and then all of a sudden go days without a safe one. When I am in a batting slump it is not my eye that is at fault. I know what it is, but am helpless. It is because my muscles are bound and I am not swinging freely. I believe I have the right system of getting over it. I do not ease up on the swing. I believe in keeping the muscles at work; so I swing just as hard as ever and the first thing I know I get back the old swing and the slump is over.—HEINE ZIMMERMAN.

Chicago Lad After Three-Cushion Title

Charles Morin Will Issue Challenge to Winner of DeOro-Carney Match.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Charles Morin, for a number of years rated as the leading amateur three-cushion player in this part of the country, and who subsequently joined the professional ranks, has challenged the winner of the next world's championship match.

Alfredo DeOro, of New York, who recently regained the Jordan Lambert diamond emblem and the title by beating John Horgan, of St. Louis, at San Francisco, was challenged shortly after that match by Joseph Carney, of San Francisco, and Morin is next in line.

Morin has been doing sensational work in practice of late, playing against the best amateurs in the city in the rooms of Charles Weeghman, who is backing him.

LYON MASTERED GOLF BY USING CRICKET STROKE

Toronto Star Qualified for American Championship Despite Awkward Style of Play.

WHEN George S. Lyon, of Toronto, in 1906, at Englewood, was prevented from carrying off the American golf championship by the brilliant playing of E. M. Byers, of Pittsburg, who won the final by 2 up, there was a general regret expressed during the match that a player with so awkward a style, so distinctively a cricket stroke, should thus menace the United States championship. Lyon, with about a half-swing, would lunge at the ball just as if he were hitting a cricket ball. He has been a fine cricket player all his life, and when he came into the golf field, instead of trying to form correct golfing habits he just whanged away in the old form he had in defending the wicket.

As a result, he has one of the most awkward styles on the tee of all the crack players, with the possible exception of Parker W. Whittemore, of the Brookline Country Club, Boston, who would do well to take a year off and unlearn his present methods and adopt such a form as his frequent Boston opponents, like Francis Ouimet and Percival Gilbert, possess. It would take just about that time for Whittemore to get rid of the faults he now has, but it would be worth while, for, with his fine, powerful physique and sure eye, he would come close, with a perfect style, to carrying off the national championship.

* * *

WITH the discussion in England of late as to whether golf is encroaching upon cricket to such an extent as to lessen interest in that game, has arisen the question whether the one pastime is a bad form of preparation for the other, especially whether a cricketer can become a successful golfer. This point is interesting in America, as it involves the question whether the baseball swat unfits one for good golfing unless it is dropped absolutely for the true golf swing.

G. L. Jessop, the well-known British amateur golfer, holds the opinion that it is well-nigh impossible to be good at both golf and cricket in one and the same season, because while the latter game demands quickness on the feet, golf is likely to bring nothing but disappointment to its devotees unless he can contrive to preserve stability of stance and to pivot on his feet with almost mechanical precision.

* * *

CAPTAIN C. K. HUTCHISON, who is a fine batsman and a first-class golfer, considers that the two games can be pursued in quick alternation without one's form at either suffering to any extent worth mentioning. And on one summer's day he made about 60 runs for the Household Brigade against strong bowling, and then, going straight to Woking, went round the golf course there in 74 strokes. So that he must be an excellent master of his feet.

The Hon. F. S. Jackson was another celebrity who quickly became a scratch golfer, and he has often said that the one circumstance which disappointed him about the game was that, when he first fell into its meshes, he could hit the ball prodigious distances, and that the more accurately he played it, the shorter became his drives.

* * *

AMONG prominent American golfers are some who have been good ball players. The best known of these is John M. Ward, formerly of the New York Giants, and in his day, twenty years ago, called one of the greatest shortstops the game ever saw. For one so thoroughly grounded in baseball as Ward was, his swing is not bad, though there is a stronger suggestion of the hit in his swing, perhaps, than if he had never driven in runs on the ball field.

Oswald Kirkby, the New Jersey champion of 1912, and one of the finest drivers American golf has ever produced, has been a baseball pitcher of considerable ability. However, he took up golf when still young, and this enabled him to cultivate a full swing with the sweep effect, and with no suggestion of the baseball hit.

How Much Luck Is There in Golf?

Tichenor Tells of Queer Breaks

By Tick Tichenor.

HOW much luck there is in the game of golf is about as hard to answer as "How old is Ann?"

Yet there is no denying that there is a certain amount of luck to the game, even though we are willing to admit that the good luck is generally with the person who is playing well and the bad luck with him who is slightly off his game, because the man who is playing well is hitting his shots better and more accurately than he who is playing badly and therefore there is less chance for luck to break against him.

It is strange, but every golfer who has played for any length of time has noticed that on some days every shot he makes gets the proper kick toward the hole. All of his approach shots are easy and on all of the sloping greens he has a straight up-hill put for the hole. At the next time out every kick his ball takes puts him into a bunker or the rough. Shots that look as if they are going to be dead to the cup receive a sudden kick, which leaves him with a hard approach shot for the hole. All his putts are hard ones, which necessitates the accurate calculation of the slope of the green. In the long run, I believe that the good and bad luck of a player evens up, and especially do I think this is true on the green, for I believe that as many putts off the line of the hole are turned into it by some slight obstruction as are on the line and kicked off.

When a player is getting all the good breaks he comes in after a round telling how well he played. But let the breaks go against him and he walks from the eighteenth green abusing the course and telling of all the hard luck which beset him. Around the nineteenth hole we hear many hard luck stories, but there are few who maintain the good luck which followed them on a round.

* * *

OF course, Old Man Luck sometimes kicks in at the proper time and turns a bad shot into a good one. It was a lucky shot at the sixteenth hole that gave Lawrence Eustis the low qualifying score and medal in the Southern championship played in Atlanta in 1907.

Early in the day F. G. Byrd returned what looked like the lowest score of the day. All day his score stood four strokes better than his nearest competitor, until Eustis, who was the last man to start, came in and bettered it by one stroke.

But it took some luck to do it. In playing the sixteenth hole, which is 513 yards in length, with the green on an island, Eustis played two good shots, which left him with an easy pitch shot for the green. In playing this third shot he half topped it and it barely cleared the bank of the lake between the branch and the canal and seemed certain to remain in the water of the canal, thus losing a stroke. Instead, the ball struck the water at such an angle that it skated out and onto the green, and he got his five, when a certain six or seven seemed the best he could get when the shot left his club. It was the break in his favor at this point which gave him the medal by one stroke.

* * *

CHICK EVANS had an exceptionally fine or lucky shot—look at it whichever way you please—on the thirty-sixth hole of the qualifying round of the Western championship, which was finished Saturday and which gave him the low score medal.

Mason Phelps had completed his two rounds with a total of 152. Evans had a total of 149 when he finished the thirty-fifth hole. A three at the last hole would put him in a tie with Phelps for the low score. He got away a screaming drive from the last tee, which left him some 75 yards from the green. He had to get his approach shot dead so that he could get down in one putt to be all even with the leader. A tie with Phelps was the best he could hope for, but you never can tell what's going to happen.

Evans played his second shot and the ball kept running nearer and nearer to the hole until, with one last turn, it dropped into the cup. He had holed a 75-yard approach shot for a two, which gave him the low score by one stroke. Take your choice and call it a good or a lucky shot. One thing is certain—he was trying to get the ball as dead to the hole as possible, and the deadest place I know is in the cup.

* * *

WHILE talking with Willie Mann, who has charge of the building of the Druid Hills golf course and who also is taking Stewart Maiden's place at the Atlanta Athletic Club during Maiden's trip abroad, I asked him what was the luckiest shot he ever pulled off.

"Well," said Willie, "I guess it must have been one miss that I got away with back home at Conoustie. I was playing in the club championship and had worked my way to the final. In this match I was having a hard time keeping the match square. First, my opponent would win a hole and then I would get it back. But I couldn't get up on him. I lost the sixteenth hole, but by winning the seventeenth was all even when we started the last hole.

"That hole is about 325 yards long and just in front of the green is a burn, or, as you would call it in this country, a creek. Both of us got away corking drives, but I had the better one. My opponent played a perfect mashie shot to the green and lay within fifteen feet of the cup.

"I was rather nervous when it came my time to play. I tried for a high mashie shot with a lot of back spin on it. Instead of getting what I played for, I hit the ball above the center, topping it and sending it racing along the ground toward the burn. It looked as if I was certain to be caught in a water hazard and that I would lose the hole and the club championship. But in some way that ball ran down one bank, jumped the water and ran up the other bank onto the green, within three feet of the hole. My opponent missed his putt, but I got mine down and won the hole, the match and the club championship. If that shot wasn't luck, pure and simple, I don't know what else to call it."

PITCHER HIT ON HEAD BY BALL IN '05 NOW INSANE

Baseball Men Assert That "Wee Willie" Sudhoff Is Another Victim of "Bean Ball."

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—"Wee Willie" Sudhoff, one time star pitcher of the St. Louis Browns, is reported violently insane in the City Hospital. The strength of two policemen was required to remove him from his home.

Physicians who examined Sudhoff yesterday said his condition was due to some old injury to the head, and baseball men asserted "Wee Willie" was one more added to the list of "bean ball" victims, recalling that he was hit on the head with a pitched ball in 1905.

* * *

SUDHOFF'S mania takes the form of trying to divest himself of all his clothing, which is regarded by former associates as a strange reversal of a whim which he had after being injured in a railroad wreck when traveling with the local team to Cleveland in 1904. President Hedges, of the Browns, said to-day that never afterward would Sudhoff remove his clothing when traveling.

* * *

SUDHOFF, who is 38 years old, was in his prime as a pitcher in 1903. He retired at the end of the season of 1905 and went into the clothing business. For three years he has worked as an oiler at one of the waterworks stations.

RECALL HURLER COMSTOCK.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., July 26.—The Minneapolis American Association club has recalled Pitcher Ralph Comstock from the Minneapolis Northern League team and also purchased Outfielder Miller from the Duluth club of the same league. In payment for Miller, Outfielder George Browne is sent to Duluth. Pitcher Raymond Patterson, the Depauw University recruit, will go to the Minneapolis Northern League team to replace Comstock.

DROHAN SECURED BY KEWANEE.

KEWANEE, ILL., July 26.—Tom Drohan, premier pitcher of the Central Association last year, was purchased from Columbus to-day by Kewanee.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
Relieved in 24 Hours
Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
Beware of counterfeits

Wind-Up of the Pitcher Is the Thing That Worries Zim More Than the Curves.

Pelky Ready to Talk Business

Champion Wants Go With Smith

By H. M. Walker.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—Arthur Pelky, claiming the world's heavyweight championship, but not appearing to be a bit excited over the fact, arrived in California—the real battleground of the Queensberry world—the other day and made a general application for work.

Accompanying Pelky, whose real name, by the way, is Arthur Pellitier, was our old friend Tommy Burns. Tommy is as fat as our own Jimmy da Jeff and wears considerably more jewelry. He did all the talking for Pelky, who stood in the background and kept smoothing back his black hair in a manner that suggested embarrassment in finding himself in the "big town," surrounded by the men who have kept the ring records since the days when an important bout called for a barge ride.

"There is a general disposition to look upon Pelky as a ring accident, just as the people tagged Willie Ritchie as a false alarm," said Burns. "This is a mistake. My man has had 33 fights without having had a decision given against him. He made Jess Willard quit cold and he stopped Jim Barry in five rounds. All that he needs is the opportunity to prove that he is the best heavyweight boxer in the game to-day.

Pelky After Smith.

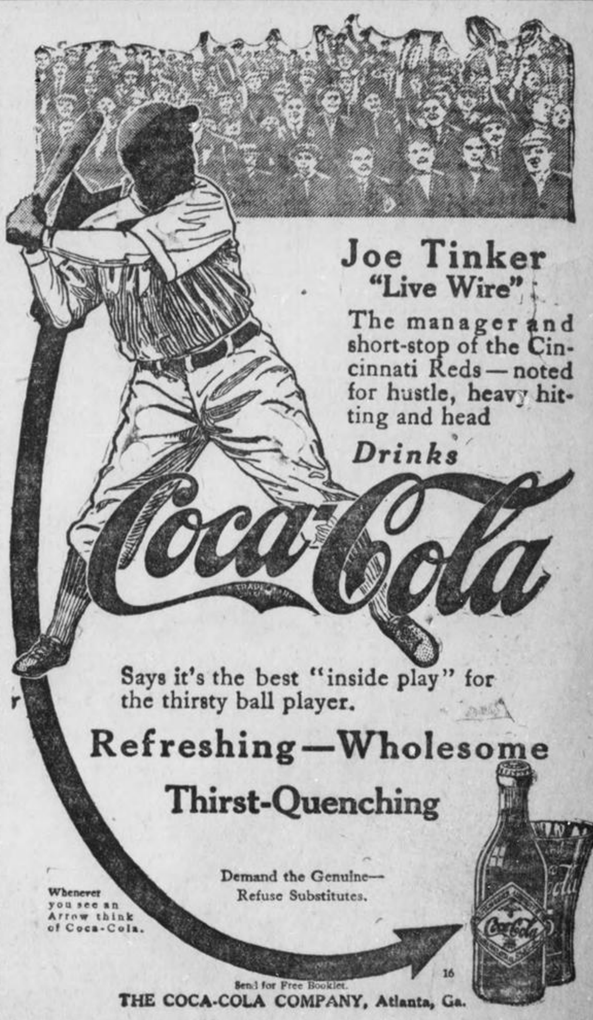
"There is not much doing among the heavyweights now, and for that reason we have signed up for a ten weeks, stage engagement along the coast. The one man we want to meet is Gunboat Smith, but if the public will point a finger at another man we will be on the job.

"I boxed Pelky six rounds and at the finish I was 'all in.' I knew then that Arthur was the real goods, and, although it is not generally known, I have been his manager since that night. He has everything that a champion should have, and is a clean liver. Although the big fellow is 29 years old now, I expect him to hold the title for the next six or seven years, and before he gets through he will be the most popular heavyweight since the prime of John L. Sullivan."

In personal appearance Pelky is in striking contrast to Jim Corbett, "Bob" Fitzsimmons, Jim Jeffries or any of the old-timers. The office boy who Marathons at the beck and call of "Uncle" Bill Naughton painted the right picture when he said, "There's a guy out here wants to come in. I think he's a policeman in his Sunday clothes."

Pelky weighs 218 pounds now, but in form trains down to a mere 207. He runs mostly to chest, arms and hands, the latter looming up as big as a pair of month-old twins. Artie does not talk like a fighter because he has but two words, "yes" and "no," and a nod at his command. He is modest, perhaps bashful would be a better word, and but for a "panned" left ear and a "tunnel" nose, would never be suspected of being connected with the prize ring.

"We will meet any white man in the world," continued Burns after Pelky had been made to stand up, sit down and roll over for a general inspection. "There are no colored boxers worthy of consideration and I am glad of it, as this saves us a lot of argument. The black boys can save their breath, Pelky will never give one of them a chance. I was roasted from Sydney to Schenectady because I refused to fight Johnson. After I finally did lose to the big dinge I was roasted all over again for having given him a crack at the title. We will not make this mistake again. Pelky is a white champion for white people only."



AMATEUR GAMES

Atlanta Nat. Bank, 9; Red Seal, 0.

The swell pitching of Golightly, who allowed only one man to reach first and only one scratch hit to be garnered from his benders, was responsible for Atlanta National Bank defeating Red Seal, 9 to 0.

The box score:

Atl. Nat. Bank.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Allen, 3b.	3	1	0	0	0	0
Harrison, 2b.	2	0	1	1	0	0
Donaldson, ss.	2	1	0	1	0	0
Brannen, lf.	3	1	3	1	0	0
Lester, cf.	3	2	2	1	0	0
Bankston, rf.	3	2	1	1	0	0
Gilbert, 1b.	3	2	1	5	0	0
Denkins, c.	3	0	0	7	0	0
Golightly, p.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	24	9	8	18	2	0
Red Seal.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Nublack, rf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Williams, c.	2	0	1	4	1	0
Yats, 1b.	2	0	0	4	0	1
Wallace, 2b.	2	0	0	4	0	0
Holt, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Williams, lf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Schopen, ss.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Henderson, 3b.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Akins, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	18	0	1	15	2	1

Score by innings:

Atl. Nat. Bank ..... 101 25*—9
Red Seal ..... 000 000—0

Summary: Two-base hit—Brannen. Struck out—By Golightly, 7; Akin, 4. Stolen baess—Donaldson, Lester. Hit by pitched ball—By Akin, Donaldson. Time—55 minutes. Umpire—McChesney.

CRANE CO. 9-9—TEXAS OIL 6-4.

Crane Co. defeated Texas Oil in a double header at Fort McPherson. The features of the game was the heavy hitting of the Crane Co. The game was very interesting and the final outcome in doubt until the last man was out. The box score:

First Game.

Texas Oil.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Robertson, cf.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Anderson, 1b.	4	0	3	8	0	1
Coleman, lf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Phillips, rf.	2	1	1	0	0	0
Goldsmith, 3b.	3	2	2	1	1	0
Hughes, p.	3	0	1	0	2	0
Hughes, c.	3	1	0	6	0	0
Pope, ss.	2	0	0	0	2	1
Piriz, 2d.	3	0	1	1	2	1
Totals	28	4	10	18	7	3
Crane Co.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Hanlin, rf.	5	1	1	1	0	0
Pitchford, 3b.	4	0	2	1	0	1
Collins, p.	4	1	2	0	2	0
Correy, ss.	4	0	1	0	3	0
Gullatt, c.	4	1	0	7	1	0
Erskine, cf.	4	2	2	1	0	0
Long, 2b.	4	2	2	0	2	0
Yarbrough, lf.	3	2	1	0	0	0
Hall, 1b.	3	0	2	8	0	1
Totals	35	9	13	18	8	2

Score by innings:

Crane Co. ..... 032 04—9
Texas Oil Co. ..... 010 30—4

Second Game.

Texas Oil.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Goldsmith, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Roberts, 3b.	3	0	0	1	0	2
Holt, ss.	3	1	2	0	2	0
Phillips, rf.	2	1	1	1	0	0
Anderson, 1b.	3	1	1	8	0	2
Coleman, lf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Hughes, c.	3	1	1	3	0	0
Hughes, p.	2	0	1	0	1	0
Glenn, 2b.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Totals	25	4	6	18	4	4
Crane. Co.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Hanlin, lf.	3	2	1	1	0	0
Pitchford, 3b.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Collins, ss.	4	1	2	0	2	0
Corrie, p.	4	0	3	0	1	0
Gillette, c.	4	0	1	7	0	0
Erskine, cf.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Holcomb, rf.	3	1	1	1	0	1
Long, 2b.	4	2	3	0	1	0
Holt, 1b.	3	2	1	7	0	1
Totals	33	9	13	18	6	2

Score by innings:

Texas Oil Company . . . 020 002—4
Crane Company . . . . 140 13x—9

JOURNAL 9-4, KAMPERS 8-3.

The Atlanta Journal walked away with both ends of a double bill with Kamper Company. The games were close and hotly contested. The work of Laird for The Journal was the feature of both games. The pitching of Thompson was also good. The box scores:

First Game.

Journal.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Hall, 2b	3	0	0	3	2	0
Manassee, 1b	4	1	1	3	4	1
Laird, 3b	4	2	2	3	4	0
Simmons, ss	3	2	2	2	3	0
Pavlosky, c	1	0	0	10	0	1
Counts, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Turner, cf	2	1	1	1	0	2
Black, cf	2	1	1	1	0	0
Black, cf	2	1	1	1	1	0
Thompson, p	3	2	2	0	2	1
Totals	27	9	9	24	16	5
Kampers.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Brown, 3b	4	1	1	1	2	1
Barber, ss	4	2	2	1	2	1
Snipes, p	4	2	2	0	1	0
Holmes, 2b	2	0	0	3	2	0
Daniels, cf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Williams, c	3	0	1	9	1	0
McLawtry, 1b	3	0	1	9	3	0
Mix, rf	3	1	0	0	1	0
Awtry, lf	2	1	0	0	0	1
Totals	28	8	7	24	12	3

Score by innings:

Journal ..... 012 032 10—9
Kampers ..... 510 000 20—8

Summary: Two-base hits—Brown, Barber, Black. Three-base hit—Simmons. Struck out—By Thompson 11, by Snipes 8. Bases on balls—Off Thompson 0, off Snipes 4. Sacrifice hit—Simmons. Stolen bases—Thompson, Laird 2, Simmons 2, Turner. Umpires—Turner and Young.

Second Game.

Journal.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Hull, 3b.	3	0	0	3	2	1
Manassee, c.	3	0	1	1	1	0
Laird, 3b.	3	1	2	3	0	0
Simmons, ss.	1	1	2	3	0	0
Pavlosky, 1b.	3	0	0	5	1	0
Turner, cf.	2	0	0	4	3	0
Black, rf.	3	1	1	0	0	1
Carrol, lf.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Counts, p.	3	1	2	0	1	0
Totals	24	4	9	21	8	2
Kampers.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Brown, 3b.	3	1	1	2	2	0
Barber, ss.	3	1	1	2	2	0
Snipes, cf.	2	1	1	2	1	1
Holmes, 2b.	3	0	1	3	2	0
Daniels, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	1
Williams, rf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
McSawtry, 1b.	3	0	1	4	1	1
Autry, c.	3	0	1	6	0	0
Akins, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	25	3	7	21	10	3

Score by innings:

Journal ..... 020 110 0—4
Kampers ..... 200 000 1—3

Summary: Struck out—By Akins, 5. Bases on balls—Off Akins, 2. Sacrifice hits—Manasse, Simmons. Stolen bases—Pavlosky, Simmons, Black. Umpires—Turner and Young.

EXPO, 5-15; PRESSMEN, 4-8.

The Exposition Mills team defeated the Atlanta Pressmen in two games yesterday. The first game was a pretty pitchers' battle between Mason and Pratt, while the second was one-sided, as the Exposition batters knocked the ball to all corners of the lot. The box scores:

First Game.

Exposition.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Rutherford, cf.	5	1	4	3	0	0
Walt Vinson,ss.	5	1	4	2	5	2
Davis, 3b.	4	0	3	1	4	1
Farris, 2b.	2	0	1	2	3	0
Will Vinson, c.	4	1	1	10	2	0
Barrett, 1b.	3	0	1	7	1	0
Mason, p.	3	1	1	1	3	0
H. Vinson, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Williams, rf.	3	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	5	15	27	18	3
Pressmen.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Turnipseed, ss.	4	0	0	1	3	1
Mason, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Phillips, 1b.	1	1	1	13	1	1
Hughes, 2b.	4	0	1	1	4	1
Hiles, rf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Quinn, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
K. Mahon, c.	4	0	0	4	2	0
W. Mahon, 3b.	4	0	0	1	1	1
Pratt, p.	3	1	0	0	2	0
Totals	35	4	4	25	13	4

One out when winning run was scored.

Score by innings:

Exposition Mills ..... 000 010 202—5
Pressmen ..... 003 001 000—4

Summary: Two-base hits—Farris, Vinson. Three-base hits—Rutherford, 2; Hiles. Home run—Rutherford. Struck out—By Mason, 9; by Pratt, 4. Bases on balls—Off Mason, 1; off Pratt, 3. Sacrifice hits—Exposition, 4. Stolen bases—Exposition, 6; Pressmen, 4. Time—1:30. Umpire—Dobson.

Second Game.

Expo Mills.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Davis, 3b.	4	2	3	1	4	0
Vinsor, ss.	4	3	3	2	2	1
Rutherf'd, cf.	4	3	3	2	1	0
Farris, 2b.	3	2	3	0	3	0
Vinson, c.	3	1	1	7	2	0
Barrett, 1b.	3	2	2	6	1	1
Mason, lf.	3	1	1	0	0	0
Fenn, rf.	3	0	2	0	0	0
Williams, p.	3	1	1	0	2	1
Totals	30	15	19	18	15	3
Pressmen.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Felton, ss.	4	2	0	0	3	1
Hughes, 2b.	3	0	2	2	2	1
Phillips, 1b.	3	1	2	11	0	1
Mason, lf.	3	1	2	1	0	0
Hills, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Turnips'd, rf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
K. Mahon, c.	3	0	3	2	2	1
W. Mahon, 3b.	3	2	1	1	1	2
Aiken, p.	3	2	1	0	2	0
Totals	27	8	12	18	10	6

Expo Mills ..... 540 114—15
Pressmen ..... 130 310— 8

Summary: Two-base hits—Expo, 6; Pressmen, 2. Three-base hits—Expo, 3. Home runs—Expo, 2. Double play—Tilton to Hughes. Innings pitched—By Williams, 7; by Aikens, 1. Struck out—By Williams, 3; by Aikens, 2. Stolen bases—Expo, 8; Pressmen, 2.

Auto Tops, 3; Fulton, 2.

In one of the prettiest pitchers' battles seen on local diamonds this year the Auto Tops won out over the strong Fulton team, 3 to 2.

The box score:

Auto Tops.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Mullins, p.	5	0	1	0	1	0
Wilson, 1b.	5	0	2	16	0	0
Clowers, ss.	4	0	0	6	3	1
Fambrough, lf.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Griswell, 2b.	4	0	0	4	5	0
Robertson, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Chastain, rf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Dwyer, 3b.	3	1	0	3	3	0
Garrett, c.	3	1	1	2	5	0
Carroll, cf.	5	1	2	1	0	0
Totals	36	3	6	33	18	1
Fulton.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Awtry, cf.	2	0	0	0	0	1
Medlock, lf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Melton, c.	4	1	1	16	2	0
J. Williams, ss.	4	0	1	3	1	3
Underwood, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2	0
B. Williams, 1b.	4	1	1	10	3	0
Belcher, rf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
Chapalleau, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2	1
Howard, p.	3	0	1	0	1	2
Totals	31	2	6	33	11	7

Score by innings:

Auto Tops ..... 001 010 000 01—3
Fulton ..... 000 1090 100 00—2

Summary: Double plays—Fambrough to Clowers to Griswell. Melton to Williams to Melton. Struck out—By Howard, 12; by Mullin, 4. Base on balls—Mullin, 1. Stolen bases—Mullin, Clowers, Carroll. Passed ball—Melton. Hit by pitched ball—By Mullin, Awtry.

W. & A. 6, SOUTHERN 1.

The W. & A. office team triumphed over the Southern team 6 to 1. The features were the battery work of Smith and Dempsey and the stick work of Fagan.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Southern ..... 010 000 0—1	2	4	
W. & A. ..... 000 005 1—6	6	3	

Whittier, Pucket and Carroll, Smith at Dempsey. Umpire, Torrence.

HERBERT LOOKS GOOD.

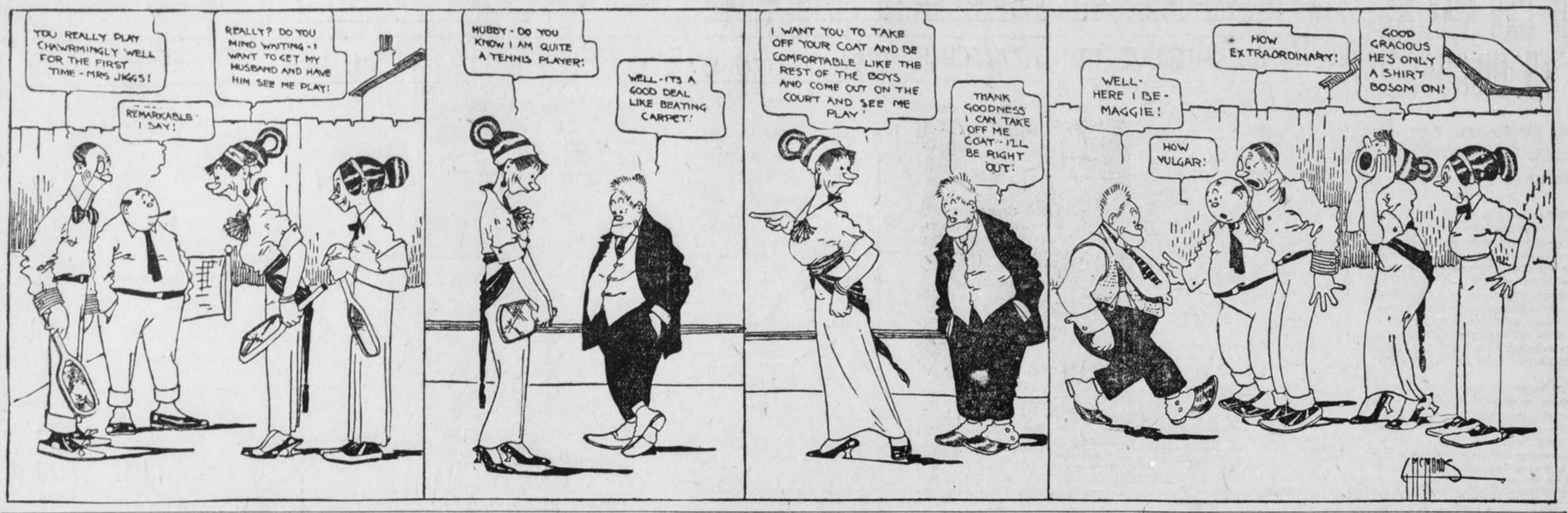
CINCINNATI, OHIO, July 26.—Pitcher Herbert has joined the Reds and looks fair in practice. Tinker will try him out in a game when he gets a chance, as he can not tell much about him until he sees how he works under fire.

DAHLEN TRIES OUT CATCHER.

BROOKLYN, July 26.—Manager Dahlen is trying out a catcher named Speer, who once played with the Lancaster team and was a barnstormer in Porto Rico last winter.

Bringing Up Father

By George McManus



NATIONAL LEAGUE

DODGERS, 8; REDS, 2.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—Brooklyn defeated the Reds in the first game of the series here to-day, 8 to 2. Johnson was knocked out after an inning and a half and Suggs relieved him. Allen, for the visitors, pitched good ball. Suggs held the Dodgers pretty well until the two final innings, in which they bunched hits and scored 2 and 3 runs, respectively. The box score:

Brooklyn.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Moran, rf.	5	1	2	5	0	0
Cutshaw, 3b.	5	1	2	2	5	0
Meyers, cf.	3	1	0	2	0	0
Wheat, lf.	4	1	2	2	0	0
Daubert, 1b.	4	0	3	9	0	0
Smith, 3b.	4	1	1	3	1	0
R. Fisher, ss.	4	2	2	1	2	1
Miller, c.	4	1	2	3	1	0
Allen, p.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	36	8	14	27	9	1
Cincinnati.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Devore, cf.	2	0	0	2	0	1
Sheckard, cf.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beschler, lf.	4	0	0	3	1	0
Bates, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	1
Dodge, 3b.	4	0	0	1	1	0
Hoblitzel, 1b.	4	1	1	8	1	0
Tinker, ss.	4	1	2	5	1	1
Groh, 2b.	2	0	1	0	1	0
Kling, c.	4	0	1	6	1	0
Johnson, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suggs, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Clarke	1	0	1	0	0	0
Berghammer	0	0	0	0	0	0
Egan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	2	6	27	8	3

Clarke batted for Devore. Egan ran for Clarke. Berghammer batted for Suggs.

Score by innings:

Cincinnati ..... 010 000 001—2
Brooklyn ..... 210 000 023—8

Summary: Two-base hits—Wheat, 2; Cutshaw, Smith. Home run—Fisher. Sacrifice hits—Meyers, 2; Allen. Struck out—By Johnson, 1; by Suggs, 3; by Allen, 2. Bases on balls—Off Allen, 8. Hit by pitched ball—By Allen, 1. Hits—Off Johnson, 5 in 1 inning. Umpires—O'Day and Emslie.

BRAVES, 2; CUBS, 1.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Boston trimmed the Cubs 2 to 1 here to-day. Rudolph and Overall allowed six hits apiece, but the locals were unable to connect at opportune times. Schultes' single in the opener scored Leach, who had gone to third on a walk and a passed ball. Two doubles and a sacrifice netted the Braves a run in the fourth, and a pass and a double scored the winning run in the sixth. The box score:

Chicago.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Leach, cf.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Evers, 2b.	5	0	0	3	3	0
Schulte, rf.	5	0	1	2	0	0
Phelan, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1	1
Saier, 1b.	4	0	2	9	0	0
Miller, lf.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Bridwell, ss.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Archer, c.	2	0	0	7	3	0
Overall, p.	3	0	2	0	4	0
Zimmerman	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mitchell	0	0	0	0	0	0
Goode	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bresnahan	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	1	6	27	12	1

Zimmerman batted for Bridwell in the ninth; Mitchell ran for Zimmerman; Goode batted for Archer; Bresnahan batted for Overall in the ninth.

Boston.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Maranville, ss.	4	0	0	2	2	0
Clymer, rf.	3	1	1	4	0	0
Connolly, lf.	2	1	0	2	0	0
Smith, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Sweeney, 2b.	4	0	1	3	6	0
Myers, 1b.	4	0	0	9	1	0
Mann, cf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Brown, c.	2	0	1	6	1	0
Rudolph, p.	2	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	29	2	6	27	12	0

Score by innings:

Boston ..... 000 101 000—2
Chicago ..... 100 000 000—1

Summary: Bases on balls—Off Overall, 2; off Rudolph, 7. Struck out—By Overall, 6; by Rudolph, 3. Two-base hits—Overall, Clymer, Sweeney, Smith. Three-base hit—Saier. Sacrifice hits—Connelly, Brown. Stolen bases—Clymer, Saier. Passed ball—Brown. Umpires—Klem and Orth. Attendance—19,000.

CARDINALS, 7; GIANTS, 2.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Slim Sallee applied the brush to the Giants here to-day, the Cardinals winning 7 to 0. Sallee kept the visitors guessing throughout the contest, while Crandall, working for the Giants, proved easy. Only two Giants reached third. Meyers and Doyle were the only visitors to connect safely, the former making two hits. The box score:

St. Louis.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Huggins, 2b.	4	1	2	0	4	0
Magee, lf.	5	1	1	6	0	0
Oakes, cf.	3	1	0	2	0	0
Whitted, ss.	4	1	1	1	5	0
Konetchy, 1b.	3	0	2	11	1	0
Evans, rf.	4	1	2	4	0	0
Wingo, c.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Mowrey, 3b.	4	1	3	0	1	0
Sallee, p.	4	0	2	1	2	0
Totals	35	7	14	27	13	0
New York.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Burns, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	1
Herzog, 3b.	4	0	0	4	0	0
Fletcher, ss.	3	0	0	3	3	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	0	1	0	4	1
Merkle, 1b.	3	0	0	8	0	0
Murray, rf.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Meyers, c.	3	0	2	4	3	2
Snodgrass, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Crandall, p.	2	0	0	0	3	0
Shafer	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	0	3	24	14	4

Shafer batted for Crandall in the ninth inning.

Score by innings:

New York ..... 000 000 000—0
St. Louis ..... 000 003 04*—7

Summary: Two-base hit—Mowrey. Three-base hits—Doyle, Evans. Sacrifice hits—Oakes, Konetchy. Stolen base—Evans. Double play—Huggins, Whitted and Konetchy. Base on balls—Off Crandall, 1. Struck out—By Crandall, 3; by Sallee, 1. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; New York, 2. Time—1:40. Umpires—Brennan and Eason.

PHILLIES, 8; PIRATES, 2.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—The Phillies trounced the Pirates here to-day, 8 to 2. Alexander allowed the locals nine hits, but he kept them scattered. Adams started for the Pirates, but was relieved by McQuillen. He was unable to stop the visitors' on-rush and gave way to Robinson. The box score:

Pittsburg.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Volx, 2b.	4	0	1	1	2	0
Carey, lf.	3	1	1	0	0	0
Kommers, cf.	4	0	1	7	0	0
Wagner, ss.	4	0	0	2	5	1
Miller, 1b.	4	1	2	11	2	0
Wilson, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
McCarthy, 3b.	4	0	0	0	4	0
Simon, c.	2	0	0	2	1	0
Butler	1	0	1	0	0	0
Coleman, c.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Adams, p.	0	0	0	1	0	0
Hyatt	1	0	1	0	0	0
McQuillen, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Byrne	1	0	0	0	0	0
Robinson, p.	0	0	0	1	0	0
Mansor	1	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	35	2	9	27	15	1
Philadelphia.	**ab.**	**r.**	**h.**	**po.**	**a.**	**e.**
Paskert, cf.	4	3	3	2	0	0
Knabe, 2b.	5	1	3	1	2	1
Lobert, 3b.	5	0	0	0	1	0
Becker, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Cravath, rf.	5	1	2	2	0	1
Luderus, 1b.	5	0	2	9	0	1
Doolan, ss.	3	1	1	5	3	0
Killifer, c.	3	1	1	8	1	0
Alexander, p.	4	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	38	8	13	27	10	3

Score by innings:

Pittsburg ..... 010 000 010—2
Philadelphia ..... 220 002 200—8

Summary: Two-base hits—Knabe, 2; Cravath, Killifer, Mansor. Three-base hit—Paskert. Sacrifice hits—Doolan, Killifer. Double plays—Doolan to Luderus, 2. Bases on balls—Off McQuillen, 2; off Alexander, 2. Struck out—By McQuillen, 1; by Robinson, 1; by Alexander, 2. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 7; Philadelphia, 7. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Hits—Off Adams, 5 in 2 innings; off McQuillen, 8 in 5 innings; off Robinson, none in 2 innings. Time—1:40. Umpires—Rigler and Byron.

Baseball Sole Topic In Thomasville Now

New Players for Series of Six Games That May Decide Pennant Race.

THOMASVILLE, July 26.—With six days of baseball scheduled here for the coming week, Thomasville people are caring little about possible war with Mexico, tariff legislation or anything else, but the chances for the home time to win out in the series, which will put them in line for winning the pennant. The team will be strengthened by two new men from the Cotton States League who are expected Monday. Murphy is still unable to play and the chances are that he will not get in the game again this season.

One of the new men will be put on short in his place.

The attendance at the games next week is expected to break records.

RIVERS WANTS ANOTHER CRACK AT CHAMPIONSHIP

LOS ANGELES, July 26.—Joe Rivers, the Mexican lightweight, is to-day anxious to redeem himself in the eyes of the sporting public. Many fans accused Rivers of quitting in his recent fight with Ritchie, and the Mexican is willing to mingle with the champion again in order to wipe out the sting of ridicule.

Rivers will post $5,000 to go as a side bet, if Ritchie will agree to battle within three months.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

PELS DOWN VOLS TWICE.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—Roy Walker, former Toledo castoff, pitched his way into the ranks of Southern League "iron men," to-day by winning two seven-inning games from Nashville by scores of 5 to 2 and 1 to 0. Properly supported, Walker would have whitewashed the Volunteers in both game. Clancey's errors in the first were responsible for their only brace of scores. Because of the weather being cloudy, Manager Frank worked Walker back in the second game. Walker did even better than in the first, giving up but one hit. He fanned twelve hitters in the first contest. E. Williams batting practically won Walker the first game, while Angemeier's single with Clancy on third sewed up the second. The box scores:

First Game.

Nashville.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
B'gardner, 3b.	4	0	0	2	2	1
Callahan, cf.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Hofman, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Noyes, c.	3	1	1	2	1	0
Young, rf.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Perry, 2b.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Schwartz, 1b.	3	0	0	5	1	0
Lindsay, s.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Fleharty, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Gibson	1	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	28	2	5	18	5	1

Gibson batted for Fleharty in seventh.

N. Orleans.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Daley, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Kyle, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Hendryx, cf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Kraft, 1b	3	1	0	3	0	0
Williams, 3b	3	2	3	0	1	0
Clancy, ss	1	1	1	1	p	3
Atz, 2b	3	0	2	2	2	0
Adams, c	0	0	0	4	0	0
Angemeier, c	2	0	0	1O	0	0
Walker, p.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	26	5	8	21	5	3

Score by innings:

Nashville ..... 000 200 0—2
New Orleans ..... 004 010 x—5

Summary: Two-base hit—Hendryx. Three-base hit—Williams. Sacrifice hit—Clancy. Double plays—Baumgardner to Schwartz; Clancy to Atz to Kraft. Struck out—By Walker, 12; Fleharty, 2. Stolen bases—Schwartz, Clancy (2), Hendryx. Bases on balls—Off Walker, 3; off Fleharty, 1. Passed ball—Noyes. Hit by pitched ball—By Fleharty (Hendryx. Angemeier, Clancy, Kyle). eLftt on bases—New Orleans, 7; Nashville, 8. First base on errors—New Orleans, 1; Nashville, 3. Time of game—1:45. Umpires—Kerin and

ECONOMIC SIDE OF CAR MAKING IS DISCUSSED

Many Big Concerns Meet With Cole to Talk Standardization. Better Quality, Lower Cost.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 26.—Much interest has been shown in the meeting of representative men in the automobile industry in Indianapolis on July 17, when the new standardized type of automobile was formally launched. These men had been called together at the request of President J. J. Cole, originator and builder of the third and new type of automobile, and represented a total aggregate capitalization of more than $50,000,000.

The object of the conference, as outlined by President Cole, was to ascertain how best to scientifically handle the problems of volume and overhead, with the object in mind of increasing the quality of the motor car and at the same time reducing its cost to the user.

The companies represented were the Timken Detroit Axle Company, Northway Motor and Manufacturing Company; Mayo Radiator Company, Gemmer Manufacturing Company, Spicer Manufacturing Company, Detroit Steel Products Company, Hydraulic Pressed Steel Company, Janney-Steinmetz & Co., Firestone Tire and Rubber Company, Warner Instrument Company, Stromberg Motor Devices Company, Collins Curtain Company, Taylor Tire Pump Company and Dayton Engineering Laboratories Company.

McKee Explains Object.

In opening the meeting Homer McKee, director of sales and advertising of the Cole Motor Car Company, who acted as permanent chairman, said, in part:

"This conference marks an epoch in the automobile industry. The first work of the automobile builder was to drive the pistons at any cost. We have now arrived at a time, however, when we must take up the conscientious study of price reduction. And bear in mind that at the same time we are reducing price we must be consistently increasing quality. You men represent the best that the automobile industry at this moment knows about building component parts of good motor cars.

"In the glossary of the automobile industry specialization and quality are interchangeable. You men are specialists—each has selected for himself a problem and has mastered that problem. Each has given 100 per cent of himself to the particular motor car unit for which society is holding him responsible. Each has earned for himself the distinction of being the recognized best in his individual line. It is to you men that the user is looking for the quality which goes into his car, and for the preservation of his bank roll.

Standardization Important.

"There is nothing before the industrial world at the present time so replete with importance as this big idea of standardization. It will be the all-absorbing topic in motor circles during the next decade. It is the all-absorbing topic in motor circles now. The Cole Motor Car Company, of Indianapolis, with your assistance, has made it so.

"Now, before we go any further into this standardization idea, let us get distinctly in mind precisely what we mean. As applied to automobiles, there are two kinds of standardization. The first is mechanical standardization and has not only been recognized, but employed, by automobile builders for years. Mechanical standardization merely means making all parts designed to perform similar functions in similar models precisely the same size and interchangeable.

"The car which is not mechanically standardized at the present moment has no chance of success. Practically all cars are mechanically standardized. There is no distinction in building a standardized car from a mechanical standpoint. The situation in this case is a negative one.

"You might put it this way. There is extinction if you don't build a mechanically standardized car—commercial extinction. It means a receivership.

Question of Economics.

"The thing we are interested in is not mechanical standardization. That phase of the subject is already being taken care of automatically. The new phase, and the one which we are now face to face with, is the subject of economic standardization.

"Economic standardization is the science of employing the factors of volume and overhead for the purpose of increasing quality, and decreasing cost. As applied concretely to the motor car, standardization means building exclusively of nothing but recognized standard units. A standard part is any part which has been built so well that it has become the standard whereby all similar parts are measured.

"This is the first time in the history of the industry that a single car has been made out of 100 per cent standardized parts. This is the first time that the best specialists in the world have been enlisted in the construction of such a car.

"The name of the first 100 per cent standardized car is Cole. The names of the organizations which have the distinction of contributing units to this epoch-making car are written on the Cole roll of honor."

Big Taxicab Sale By White Company

CLEVELAND, OHIO, July 26.—The biggest taxicab sale in years was announced by the White Company, of Cleveland, Saturday, when a telegram was received from San Francisco reporting the signing of contracts for the purchase of 63 White taxicabs by the Taxicab Company of California.

The purchase was the result of service rendered by a fleet of nineteen White taxicabs for twenty months, during which they were subjected to the hardest kind of work in a city that is unrivaled in the severity of taxicab operation.

With the added equipment the Taxicab Company of California will have a completely standardized installation of 82 White taxicabs. In addition to White cabs, the company placed an order for five White 6-cylinder, 60-horsepower, 7-passenger touring cars.

Southern Dealers Will Inspect New Model Maxwell Sensation At Demonstration on Thursday

Automobile dealers from all over the South will be in Atlanta Thursday to see a demonstration of the new Maxwell $725 car—the sensation of the 1914 season.

Since the announcement was made that this car would soon be put on the market, interest has been widespread, and hundreds of inquiries have been received by Charles H. Booth, district manager.

The Maxwell experts have been at work for a considerable length of time perfecting this car, which is designed to fill a want which has existed for a long time—a car between the Ford and one costing $1,000.

With this new product, it is declared by the officials that the end has been accomplished, and preparations are being made for the big demand which has already been created.

"We think we have at last put out a car for which the public has been longing ever since the automobile became a reality," said Mr. Booth yesterday in discussing the new Maxwell. "It has everything which any other high-grade car has, and it sells at a price which puts it within the reach of the great mass of American people who want the best.

"This new model has 25-horsepower, four cylinders, three speeds forward and one reverse, with left-hand drive and center control. It is built for five passengers, with 103-inch wheel-base, and the price of $725 gets the car, fully equipped.

"The car has created even a bigger sensation than we expected, and it is because of the interest manifested that the demonstration next Thursday has been arranged. Dealers from all over the South have indicated they will be present, and to accommodate others who are unable to be present we will send a car to Charlotte, Jacksonville, Birmingham and Memphis.

"In the cross-country runs made by this model the results have been really remarkable, and its performance is one of which the makers of a $5,000 car might well be proud."

It is said that the first 10,000 of these cars will be made at a loss because of the heavy investment for equipment necessary to turn them out in quantities large enough to meet the demand which present indications show exists.



Charles H. Booth, popular Southern district manager of Maxwell line.

HOW TO BUY CAR TOLD BY DEALER

According to J. W. Goldsmith, Jr., local dealer for the Hudson automobile, buyers spend an unnecessary amount of time in technical discussions and needless mechanical investigations. A man who has the "mechanical bug" loves to dig into the details of motor and chassis; but to the average buyer the motor car represents results rather than technical details, and he is glad to forget the engine, carburetor and electric system, if, indeed, he knows anything at all about them. The horse driver need not necessarily be a veterinary surgeon in order to enjoy a drive. No more need the automobile owner be a mechanical engineer before he can avail himself of all the pleasures and benefits of the modern motor car.

Sound Company Important.

Mr. Goldsmith suggests to automobile buyers the right way to buy a motor car. His experience is that the buyer should investigate the builders of the car rather than the car itself—this, of course, within sane and reasonable limits. To buy a car made by a company that is financially sound, permanently in the business, whose business is on a prosperous and paying basis, is of vast importance. Because only such a company can be expected to follow its cars from year to year with the absolutely necessary service required to keep any piece of machinery in its best operative condition.

Again, the cars of a company that has gone out of business lose tremendously in intrinsic value. A car that might sell as a used car, after a year's use, at $1,000, might very easily depreciate to $400 or $500 if the company that manufactured the car had ceased to be actively in business. This, as will at once be seen, would entail a loss of $500 or more on the owner of the car. A little investigation on his part before he bought his car would have saved him this severe loss.

What's in a Name.

Therefore, says the Hudson dealer, look for the car that is widely known as being the product of a financially and commercially strong manufacturing organization. Refuse even to consider a "wild cat" car. It may look shiny and attractive, but the company back of it is more important to the buyer than a few brushfuls of varnish; the value of your car two years hence means more to you than some insignificant technical detail.

Wylie West Returns With Leo R. Jackson, Football Field Star

Wylie West, Atlanta manager of the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company, has just returned from a trip to the factory office at Akron, Ohio. He brought back with him Leo R. Jackson, who will be his office manager.

Mr. Jackson sprung into the limelight several years ago because of his prowess in athletics at Buchtel College. Jackson played fullback on the football team and the way he used to hit the line is known by every lover of football in the Middle States. The fair State of Ohio never graduated a better or a more popular player than Jackson.

This "hitting the line hard" became a habit with Jackson, and he used the same tactics after he went to work for the Firestone Company at Akron.

Mr. West has had his eye on Jackson for some time, but he could not convince his home office to let him go until now. As Mr. West said, "Our Atlanta branch is one of Firestone's leading territories, and we want live wires only on our pay roll here. That is why I went after Jackson good and hard, and I'm glad he is here."

RUNS ON PATENT MEDICINE.

A. A. Wheeler, of Mitchell, S. Dak., found himself six miles from home in a Studebaker "25" with an empty gasoline tank. He ran to the next house on gas from his motor primer and got a bottle of patent medicine, which carried him two miles to a supply of kerosene, on which he completed the trip into town.

MULFORD TO DRIVE BIG PEUGEOT CAR

Entry blanks for the Brighton Beach automobile meet, which is to be conducted by the Motor Dealers' Contest Association of New York, Inc., on Saturday afternoon, August 9, have been issued, and immediately Ralph K. Mulford and Ralph de Palma and numerous other well-known drivers pledged their entries.

Mulford will be seen at the wheel of the Peugeot car with which Jules Goux won the recent Indianapolis Speedway 500-mile race, and he will also pilot a Mason in the smaller events. DePalma will drive a Mercer.

The other drivers who have not yet signed entry blanks, but whose entries are assured, are Mortimer Roberts, Paul Thibault, Armour Ferguson, Charles Tate, Dave Lewis, Joe Horan, Frank Larkin, Bill Chandler, Ray Howard, Gene Homen, A. L. Hopkins, N. W. Metzler and C. W. Wolfe.

There are seven events scheduled, and the total amount of prizes offered is $1,800. The feature event is a special match race covering a distance of 25 miles, for which a prize of $600 is offered. It will be a Class E event, no restrictions being placed on size of cars entered.

In addition to this event, in which DePalma and Mulford have practically consented to compete, there is also a 25-mile Class D free-for-all event, for which a cash prize of $500 is offered; $300 to the winner, $150 for second, and $50 for third. The Class E, free-for-all handicap of 10 miles, which last year proved to be one of the most popular events on the Brighton track, will be repeated at the forthcoming meet.

There will be a Class E non-stock event of 5 miles for cars under 600 cubic inches piston displacement.

There are three Class C non-stock events, two of them being for 10 miles and the other for 5 miles, for cars between 161 and 450 cubic inches piston displacement. The total prizes for these Class C events amounts to $375. The meet will be a popular-priced affair, and automobiles will be admitted to the grounds free. Entry blanks can be secured from George Robertson, No. 1789 Broadway, New York City.

TOURIST HELPS IN ROAD SIGNS SEEN BY PUBLIC

Transcontinental Travelers Looking to Goodrich Co. for Way Out of Direction Troubles.

An interesting announcement comes from Akron, Ohio, to the effect that the B. F. Goodrich Company is now erecting the Goodrich road markers on two of the official transcontinental routes, one via the Santa Fe trail and the other through Denver, Salt Lake City and Reno to San Francisco.

The transcontinental road marking will be completed in time for the summer tours of 1914, and this will mean that motorists will find the familiar and welcome markers at every turn of the road from Boston and New York to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

A number of trucks and erecting crews are already undertaking the job, and they will be kept hustling on this work, which will add so much to the comfort and pleasure of touring by eliminating chances of striking the wrong road.

Since the idea was first conceived by the Goodrich Company of aiding its millions of tire friends by erecting attractive and substantial guideposts, it has surveyed roads in every State in the Union, connecting the larger cities, and they are now compiling authentic guidebooks with maps and complete data. Those already prepared have proved a boon to motorists.

Thousands upon thousands of dollars have been spent in this service to the motoring public, in securing the best possible talent in designing and buying the most legible and attractive guidebooks, and in erecting them on public highways so that he who rides may read and know where he is and where the road is leading.

E. C. Tibbitts, advertising manager of the company, stated that although the erection of guideposts on the official transcontinental routes marks the realization of one of the objects of the Goodrich Touring Bureau, yet the department will always be maintained until their national road data is absolutely complete and for the purpose of maintaining other work already accomplished in excellent condition.

"It is our intention," said Mr. Tibbitts, "to provide at all times the latest information as to the best means of getting from some place to somewhere."

Good Roads Wanted In Rugged Sections Of North Georgia

ELLIJAY, GA., July 26.—Mountain folks in this section are awaiting with great interest the proposed opening of more highways connecting North Georgia, East Tennessee and Western North Carolina. The belief prevails that the establishment of more good roads through the mountains of this immediate section would lead to numerous summer resort enterprises, and that the section would be opened up wonderfully.

Gilmer, Fannin and Pickens Counties spread out over the most rugged tracts of the Blue Ridge Mountains. These counties have rich available resources and their sparse population is cognizant of the benefits to be derived from a better means of communication with the outside world. It is proposed that the three shall combine and build highways that Tennessee and North Carolina have so long neglected.

Aside from scenery, the Blue Ridge Mountains are rich in minerals, in water power and commercial timber. The more general use of the motor car, it is believed here, will stimulate an interest in the hill section of Georgia that will bring the most rapid development possible.

Owner Still Drives A 1909 Model Ford

DETROIT, MICH., July 26.—A large advertising agency recently sent out a card to several thousand motor car owners asking their opinion on various standard parts and accessories.

Among the cards returned was one which read as follows:

"I am not in sympathy with any of the heavy large cars as their upkeep is too great for the average class. I have driven a Ford car since 1909, Model T. I can follow any of them with one-half the expense. It's good enough for me."

H.C. Whitney Leaves For New Orleans; Covers Many States

H. C. Whitney, for several years general Southern representative of the American Locomotive Company, and more recently connected with the Atlanta branch of the Locomobile Company, has accepted the position of Southern district manager for the Lozier Motor Company.

Mr. Whitney is well known in the South, where he has the reputation of having secured more dealers in a shorter space of time than any salesman who has covered that territory. He is best remembered for his famous 70,000-mile auto trip through the Southern States when he opened up 21 new agencies and did over $1,000,000 in business.

As district manager for the Lozier Company, Mr. Whitney will make his headquarters at New Orleans. He will have general supervision of territory extending from Virginia to Oklahoma, including besides these two States North and South Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas.

Working under Mr. Whitney will be H. A. Shomo, formerly of the Locomobile Company, and J. C. Wheeler. Both men have devoted their efforts in the past two years to the sale of motor cars in the South, and their work undoubtedly will result in opening up much new territory for the Lozier Company.

TO GUARD COURSE WITH SOLDIERS

Legislative Action Sought to Prevent Accidents When Big Auto Races Are Run.

SAVANNAH, GA., July 26.—It is going to take a special resolution by the Georgia Legislature to get the Savannah troops of the Georgia National Guard out to guard the automobile course this fall when the Grand Prize and Vanderbilt Cup races are run.

Plans are already on foot to have such a resolution passed. The three Representatives from Chatham County, together with President J. Randolph Anderson, of the Senate, are in favor of it, and there appears to be little doubt about the needed measure speedily becoming operative.

The races are to be run Thanksgiving week, November 24 and 27. The military law passed last year does not permit the Governor to order troops out except in cases of insurrection, and even in instances of that kind he must first declare martial law.

It has been found both desirable and necessary to have the soldiers guard the course and the resolution proposes to give the troops permission to voluntarily perform this service. The resolution, which has already been prepared for presentation, says that the County Commissioners of Chatham County have ordered certain roads closed in said county during the automobile races, and the Sheriff of the county has requested the assistance of the military organizations stationed in the county to protect life and property during the races, and it prays that Governor Slaton be authorized by the General Assembly to grant permission for the organizations composing the National Guard of Georgia, stationed in Chatham County, to volunteer their services to the Sheriff to render the said assistance, the service thus rendered to be without expense to the State.

No Puncture in 13,000 Miles.

Thirteen thousand miles service from the front tires and 8,000 from the rear set is the tire mileage secured by Hector Grothe, of Montreal, on his Franklin Six "38" touring car. The remarkable part of the record is that Mr. Grothe did not have a single puncture on the road from this set of tires.

SPRINTS THROUGH MUD.

From Savonburg, Kans., to Decatur, Ill., in two days, 600 miles, was the record of a Studebaker "35," which brought W. H. Roberts and family from the former city to Monroe, Mich. The

REDDEN NAMED SALES MANAGER WITH MAXWELL

Western Man Finally Accepts Offer From $37,000,000 Concern—What He Says.

Announcement comes from Detroit that C. F. Redden has finally accepted the sales management of the Maxwell Motor Company, the $37,000,000 concern of which Walter E. Flanders is president and general manager. It has been known in trade circles that Mr. Redden has been hesitating for some time about accepting the title, though he did assume the load some two weeks ago.

In speaking of the matter, Mr. Redden says:

"I hesitated for two reasons mainly. First, I was not so carried away by the flattering offer as to underestimate for a moment the tremendous responsibilities that go with such a title. To have marketed $30,000,000 worth of automobiles in a year will be a record to look back at a year from now—if I make good. But suppose a fellow fell down. No one would then consider the task or admit any extenuating circumstances. 'Failure' would be the verdict; and he would be a fool who, knowing the task, would attempt it without the most careful consideration.

"I told Mr. Flanders I would undertake the job forthwith—but I asked time to consider assuming the big title. He seemed pleased and told me to 'go to it.' And I did. My first move was to spend several days at headquarters, where I got more intimately acquainted with Mr. Flanders' big plans and policies that I had need of as district manager."

In selecting Redden for the job, Mr. Flanders has simply followed his well-known policy of advancing his own men instead of importing material from the outside.

"When you have seen a man grow from the bottom, you know him," said Mr. Flanders. "You know his possibilities—and you know very nearly his limitations. The latter, of course, can only be accurately determined by the crucible test. Redden will make good. I am certain of that. I have seen him grow."

Asked why he had selected a New York man for the job in preference to a Westerner, Mr. Flanders said:

"Redden is not a New Yorker. He hails from Michigan—where the automobiles all come from. I would be the last to select a provincial—and none are so provincial as your born Gothamite—for a job that calls for a knowledge of every part of this big country and its people. Redden knows his New York like a book—that completes his education for the job of sales manager."

J. F. Toole Returns As Branch Manager

The many friends of John F. Toole, former Atlanta branch manager of the F. B. Stearns Company, manufacturers of Stearns-Knight motor cars, are congratulating their fellow-townsman on his return to Atlanta in his old capacity as branch manager.

Mr. Toole takes the position vacated by Mr. Bissell, who for the past year has been branch manager. Mr. Bissell now has charge of all the Stearns Company's wholesale business in the territory controlled by the Atlanta branch. In his new position, Mr. Bissell will have a larger field for his activities and by devoting his time to building up the wholesale business of his company will undoubtedly create a much larger demand for Stearns cars throughout the South.

Mr. Toole was a resident of this city for many years and had charge of the Stearns branch for a long while, and has an exceptionally wide acquaintance not only among the automobile trade, but among the purchasers of high-grade motor cars. Mr. Toole and Mr. Bissell will work in conjunction, the former handling all the business of the Atlanta branch and the latter devoting himself to the outside work.

'Back to Farm' Trend Caused by Machine; Thousands Quit City

"I believe that the motor car, perhaps more than any other one thing, is responsible for the 'back to the farm' movement," said Harry R. Radford, vice president and general manager of the Cartercar Company, Pontiac, Mich., in a talk to some of his salesmen from small country towns.

"People to-day are going back to the farm by the hundreds of thousands, not merely because of the splendid opportunities that have been developed during the past few years, but largely because of the great change for the better in farm life conditions. Instead of the solitude and wilderness we have been taught to think of, the country now seems very inviting, and especially if the person can own a motor car it is the ideal life.

"And so I say that the motor car has done more than anything else to better living conditions on the farm, and has thus been largely responsible for the great movement back to the soil. And people are not going back because they want to farm, but because they think it will be more pleasant living, more healthful for their families.

"The motor car is of more real benefit to the country man than to his city brother. The motor car has entirely revolutionized the life of the countryman. It has made his life pleasant to the utmost, where before it was monotonous and dreary."

STAGGARD RECORD IN RUN OF SCOUTS

Republic Tires Go 778 Miles on Same Air—Message to Chicago Mayor From President.

The Boy Scouts of America a few days ago carried a message from President Wilson to Mayor Harrison, formally opening the American Olympic games at Chicago.

By 200-yard sprints the boys carried the little leather pouch containing the message 778 miles, and repeatedly it was necessary to check the messengers so as not to get ahead of the schedule.

The reputation of Republic tires in the matter of staying qualities led to the selection of Staggard Treads in equipping the Staver-Chicago Daily News car which accompanied the Boy Scouts on this relay run.

The four tires went through the grueling test without a mishap and at the finish contained the same air with which they were inflated at the start of the journey.

The Staver car, which, by the way, was the only one to make the entire trip, was driven over uncertain roads, through mud and water and under terrific heat conditions. Several times this car was used to pull others out of the mud and through all of this the Republic tires stood up without a single mishap.

1 CAR ON EVERY 2 MILES OF ROAD, SAYS A.A.A. MAN

That Is, There Are 2,200,000 Miles of Highways With 1,100,000 Machines on Them.

With 1,100,000 automobiles in use and 2,200,000 miles of good roads, it is to be noted that in the United States there is a motor-driven vehicle for every two miles of highway.

"Many public men have not realized the change this class of vehicles has wrought in commercial as well as social conditions," comments Robert P. Hooper, former president of the American Automobile Association, and recently re-elected for the seventh time as the head of the Pennsylvania Motor Federation.

"Their minds do not seem to readily absorb the fact that the city 94 miles away is as accessible for business purposes with a motor vehicle as is the railroad station 9 4-10 miles distant with a team and wagon. (Nine and four-tenths miles is the distance of the average American farm from its nearest shipping point, according to statistics gathered by the United States Office of Public Roads.)

"It is a fair proposition that a large percentage of automobiles are utilized in part or wholly for commercial purposes. There are and can be no county or township lines in traffic over roads.

"The resident in any agricultural community does his selling and buying in the city or village most accessible, whether in his own or in another county, or even in an adjoining State; and as accessibility is often a question of roads, he frequently finds fifteen miles over good roads more easily negotiated than five miles over an unimproved road.

"Certain roads in every community (amounting, according to the best authorities, to about 15 per cent of the whole road mileage) are the main roads over which passes upward of 80 per cent of the local travel. When a single county in a given section improves its main roads, a vast traffic is at once diverted to those roads—this multiplied traffic requiring systematic and unusually costly maintenance. The local community is benefited, of course; but so are the adjoining counties and neighboring States.

"Mecklenberg County, North Carolina, is an excellent illustration of this feature of the economics of road improvement. Some years ago this progressive county issued bonds and built an excellent system of macadam roads. The initial advantage was at once apparent. Farmers increased their acreage of crops, production became much greater, marketing cost less and real estate values were enhanced from 25 to 100 per cent.

"Then came new traffic conditions, and the through travel of a whole section of the State was diverted over the good roads of Mecklenberg County. The travel between the North and the South assumed larger proportions, and it went by way of Mecklenberg County because of its good roads."

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS—ATTENTION!

No more worry about punctures. PUNCTURE SEAL solves the tire trouble.

The formula for PUNCTURE SEAL was discovered by one of the South's leading chemists, will not injure rubber and is the only preparation known to this chemist that is being used for a tire remedy that will not freeze or expand.

PUNCTURE SEAL injected into your tubes will seal any puncture up to a twenty-penny nail, will preserve and lengthen the life of your tubes and lessen blow-outs by eliminating rim cuts. It will not stick the tubes to the casing, will not gum, become hard or evaporate, is not affected by heat or cold weather, does not interfere with removal of tubes or with vulcanizing.

PUNCTURE SEAL prevents punctures and preserves tubes, is not a filler and only adds nine to fifteen pounds to the weight of a car. PUNCTURE SEAL pays for itself many times a season by preventing punctures and rim cuts.

We charge less for PUNCTURE SEAL than any of our imitators. Don't experiment, but use PUNCTURE SEAL.

Good territory open to agents who write us at once. We are in the business to stay, and we will stick to the trade.

SAVE TEMPER, TROUBLE, TUBES AND TIRES BY USING PUNCTURE SEAL.

Motorcycles $2.50
Automobiles, 30x3, 34x4.. ..$7.00 per car
Other sizes in proportion.

Atlanta, Ga., July 17, 1913.

Puncture Seal Co.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:

I have examined your preparation for the stoppage of punctures in rubber, "PUNCTURE SEAL" and have found that it contains no substance injurious to rubber. It has a decided advantage in that it may be used in the coldest weather without freezing.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) EDGAR EVERHART, Chemist.

PUNCTURE SEAL CO.,
407 Edgewood Avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

REPUBLIC
STAGGARD
TREAD TIRES



give you—

1. *Extra Mileage*
An extra full-thickness plain tread under the studs.

2. *Greater Freedom from Skidding*
The original effective non-skid tire that holds the road when others are skidding and slewing.

REPUBLIC STAGGARD TREAD PAT. SEPT-13-22-1908.

All sizes in stock. See us before you equip again.

The Republic Rubber Co.
237 Peachtree Street.

20242 140 flares 26 1-2 cms



Perfect car control and freedom from skids

You will enjoy driving your car, you will drive with safety, perfect control and absolute freedom from skids, if you equip your car this season with

Diamond Safety Tread (Squeegee) Tires

This is a real non-skid tire—the original "Won't Slip, Won't Slide, Won't Skid—it *Grips* and *Holds.*"

And without extra cost you get the More Mileage Vitalized Rubber, Perfect 3-Point Rim Contact, also No-Pinch Safety Flap for inner tube protection.

Diamond Safety (Squeegee) Tread for Automobiles, Motorcycles, Bicycles

So this time buy Diamond Vitalized Rubber Tires with the famous Safety Tread—you can get them to fit your rims from

Diamond Dealers Everywhere

SEE WHAT BUSY WANT-AD WORKERS FOR HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND DAILY GEORGIAN ARE GOING TO GET FREE!



LET YOUR FRIENDS KNOW!

Contestants! Tell your friends, your acquaintances, all the folks you know, that you're in The American and Georgian's Want Ad Contest to win.

Tell them to give you their ads or send them to the Want Ad Man and ask that they be credited to you. Votes will be given.

If you haven't entered the contest, you'd better get busy---there's a great field and plenty of room.

Fill out the coupon and bring it Monday to the Want Ad Man.

Nomination Coupon	1,000 VOTES

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

I Nominate ..... (Name)

..... (Address)
as contestant in your Want Ad Contest.

..... (Address)

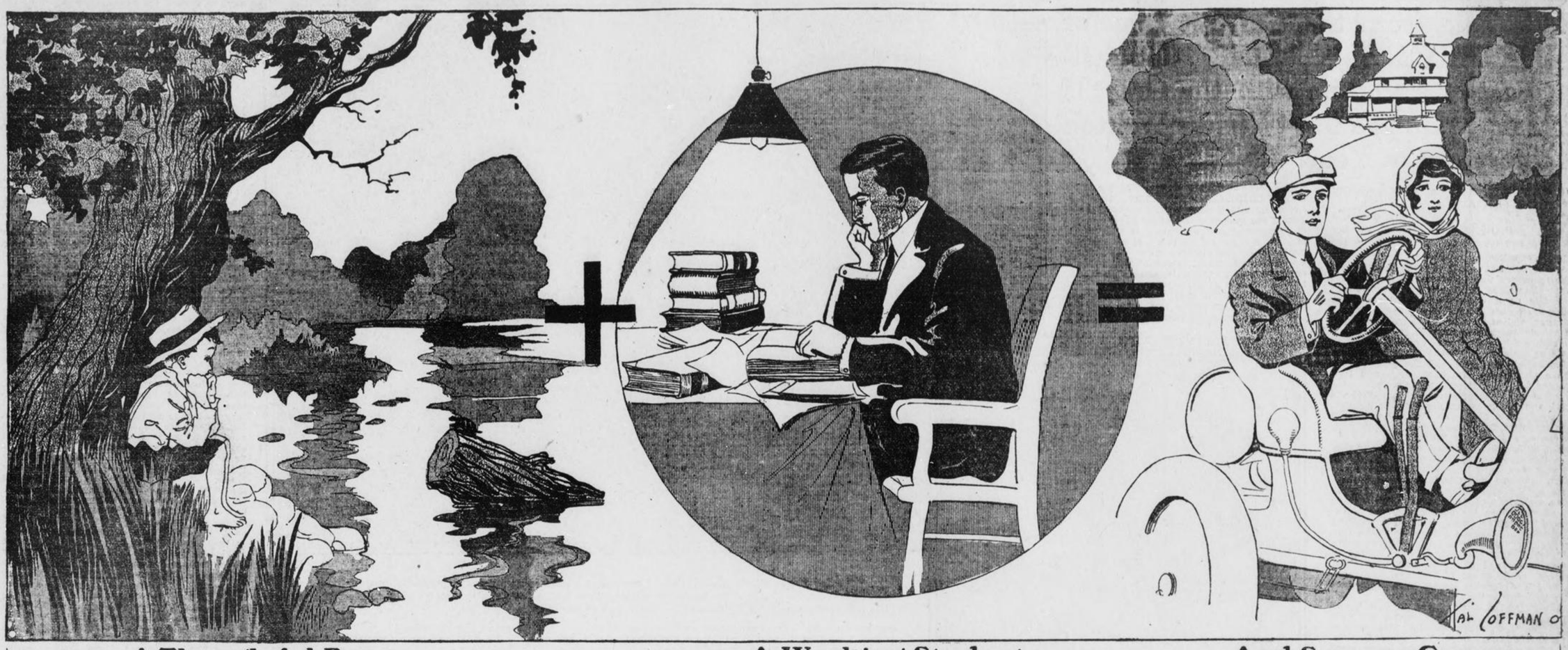
..... (Name)

This coupon properly filled out will count for 1,000 Votes for Contestant named. Only one coupon will be counted for each Contestant.

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN

7 Edgewood Avenue

Plenty of Chances in This World Yet



A Thoughtful Boy **A Working Student** **And Success Comes**

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This World Is Still a World of Opportunity. The Boy and the Man Who Will Work Will Find Success---if They Have It in Them. This Tells the Story of One Young Man Who Got a College Education and a Fortune at the Same Time

WE publish here the career of one American citizen who wanted an education, and got it, plus financial success. The story, which begins further on, was written by Professor Melton, of Emory College, Oxford, Georgia.

It is the story of a man who, at thirty-one years of age, had no education except the education that boys get in the country with their minds open and the real earth around them.

You will be interested to read the story of this American, who began studying at thirty-one, who made a fortune at outside work while he was doing the studying, and who took his degree after five years of studying, building houses, sidewalks, and doing all kinds of work in the same five years.

♣ ♣ ♣

Read this yourself and give it to some young man who may be discouraged.

When he reads about the man who started in to get an education at thirty-one, and got his degree of bachelor of arts at thirty-six, and who made a fortune by hard work while he was studying at college, he will discover that "the age of opportunity" is not passed.

This is the story that Professor Melton sends us:

♣ ♣ ♣

MARSHALL'S MIRACLE.

By WIGHTMAN F. MELTON.

Nowadays fourteen units are required for entrance to college. Marion Monroe Marshall entered with only three, but they were big ones. His "Entrance Units" were good common sense, determination and patience. Five years ago, at thirty-one years of age, this man spent a whole day mastering the English participle. He had decided that he must have a college education. "Impossible!" somebody said; but Marshall makes a specialty of the impossible. The middle of this one he will receive, from Emory College, Oxford, Georgia, the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

A remarkable fact is that, in addition to studying Winter and Summer, young Marshall has handled no less than $50,000 in constructive business enterprises, and will come out of college better off, financially, than he was when he entered.

M. M. Marshall was born fourteen miles from Macon, Ga., thirty-six years ago. His boyhood and youth were spent on the farm. The country schools of his section, at that time, ran about two months in the Summer. He was unable to do more than to learn to read, spell and write. He did not study grammar or geography. At twenty-two he was married and running a saw mill. At thirty-one he had never seen the outside of a Greek book nor the inside of a geometry.

During his sub-freshman year Mr. Marshall stuck pretty closely to his preparatory studies, for he had to make his fourteen units in one year. He did find time, however, to purchase, grade down, and sell to the trustees of Emory College the lot on which Allen Memorial Church, a $35,000 structure, now stands.

During his freshman year this man purchased twenty-five acres of land lying between the towns of Oxford and Covington, graded streets and sidewalks, divided the land into forty-eight lots and sold all of them, clearing enough to build himself a cozy home. (Quite a number of pretty and substantial residences now stand in Marshall's Addition.)

During the vacation between freshman and sophomore years Mr. Marshall did a $10,000 job of concrete foundation work for the Central of Georgia Railway, at Macon, Ga.

During his sophomore year he built his $2,000 cottage on Haygood street. That vacation he attended Summer school, catching up with his work in Greek and Latin.

While carrying on his junior work in college he paved the sidewalks and street crossings in Covington—a $7,000 contract—flying the two miles from recitation to street work, and back again, in a big motor car which he had purchased, for cash with money he made after entering college.

What Mr. Marshall accomplished during the vacation between junior and senior years—the Summer months of 1912—reads like an impossible tale, but it all stands to speak for itself. Here it is:

(1) Attended Greek class in Summer school, finishing the amount of Greek required for the A. B. degree.

(2) Built and sold a one-thousand-dollar cottage.

(3) Overhauled and recovered the home of the president of the college, the college dining hall and the public school building.

(4) Built for himself two pretty little brick stores on Benson street.

(5) Put up three and a half miles of main-line electric wire, wired forty-four residences and stores and supplied the town of Oxford with electricity. (The college is seventy-five years old. Faculty and students studied by candles and kerosene lamps until Marshall said: "Let there be light.")

During those three Summer months, Mr. Marshall kept from twenty-four to forty-six men at work in five or six different places, paying them from $1.25 to $3.50 per day.

Last Fall, before Mr. Marshall had entered upon his senior year's work, the commissioners of Oxford, in appreciation of what he had done for the town, changed the name of the prettiest street from Whatcoat—a name it had borne seventy-five years in honor of a great Methodist minister—to Marshall place.

When asked if he believes any man who wants an education can get it, Mr. Marshall hesitated a minute and then replied, thoughtfully: "If a man tries hard enough, he is much more likely to succeed than if he never tries at all."

♣ ♣ ♣

There is an account of PRACTICAL SUCCESS. Read it, hand it to some one who will be inspired by it.

But don't for a moment imagine that this success is the greatest or the only success.

The "Miraculous Marshall" is entitled to praise and admiration.

He overcame difficulties, he got the knowledge and the degree that he coveted and at the same time he engineered a real estate deal, built himself a home, did a $10,000 concrete job for a railroad company, paved sidewalks, put new roofs on the college buildings and had a street name in the college town changed in his honor.

All very fine.

But there are other and greater successes.

And, although you may never be able to make money laying sidewalks or doing concrete work for railroads, you may be able to do a great deal better.

The world needs earnest, thinking men of principle devoted to the welfare of others and devoted to good government even more than it needs the layers of sidewalks and roofing experts.

♣ ♣ ♣

The chief lesson in this young man's life, as Professor Melton presents it, is the emphasis that it lays upon THE VALUE OF COUNTRY LIFE.

This man at thirty-one was powerful, resourceful, able to study Greek and do a concrete job at the same time BECAUSE HE WAS BROUGHT UP IN THE COUNTRY, IN THE OPEN AIR WHERE THE CHANGING SEASONS AND THE MOON AND THE STARS AND THE FIELDS AND THE ANIMALS ACTUALLY MEANT SOMETHING TO HIM.

If he had been born in a hot, narrow street, and had grown up on dusty, dirty pavements; if the gutter had been his playground and the rushing fire engine his only view of Nature's forces, he could not have done the work that he did.

To illustrate the life of this successful man, we asked the artist to make a picture of a little country boy sitting on the edge of a pond watching a turtle sunning himself on a log. The picture shows this country boy, and HIS opportunities, plus study, EQUAL SUCCESS.

Take away the boyhood, the man developed by contact with nature and the body developed by life in the country, and you would not have had "Marshall the Miracle," of whom Professor Melton writes. You would have had a tired city clerk going from his store to a hall bedroom, from the hall bedroom to a moving picture, then to bed and then to the store.

♣ ♣ ♣

The world IS A WORLD OF OPPORTUNITY. But millions are cheated of that opportunity. And the greatest wealth of the world, which is the new born child, is wasted and made worthless by the crowding in cities, and the dwarfing of human brains, while the beautiful and limitless country lies vacant, not half developed.

When shall we see the statesman that will take the children from the cities and put them on the farms, organize transportation and country life for the benefit of human beings instead of organizing everything for the sake of dividends?

Such a statesman, growing out of a higher intelligence, will appear some day. And he will be the real human liberator, greater than all the Washingtons, Jeffersons, Lincolns and Garibaldis.

THE MYSTERY OF THE OTHER HOUSE---By James Hopper

This Tale, from the Current Issue of HEARST'S MAGAZINE, Contrasting the Red Life with the Gray, Is Said to Be the Most Vividly Written Story of the Year.

(Published by Permission of, and Copyrighted, 1913, by HEARST'S MAGAZINE.)

WE who live reasonably and calmly, a little torpid as if from birth the law had marked us for its own by the simple, expedient of rapping with a club the tops of our soft skulls, are apt to slip into the assurance that, about us, all are like us. Yet at our sides, brushing our elbows, though invisible as if under an enchanter's wand, other men and women live lives that are strange, violent and red. A film like a perpendicular curtain is between us and them; sometimes, by chance, we break through it, gain an instant's lurid visioning—and forever after remain astounded and troubled.

We pierced this film once, Ruth and I; a wonder since then lingers in our souls.

It happened one Summer; we had taken, on an island off the eastern coast of the country, a cottage on a bluff, well above the decayed fishing port and the camp of a religious sect, in circle about its ugly "tabernacle."

But still farther above us, on a higher rise, was the other house. It stood in the centre of vast grounds, a large and beautiful house, given somehow an expression of drowsy aloofness by the hypnotizing pantomime of many lawn sprinklers, eternally turning and turning in silence above the sloping reaches of bedewed and sunlit grass. From our windows the building itself was hidden; only the frail pinnacles of its Victorian Gothic showed above tall trees massed blackly. Crows cawed in these trees, and at times clouds of them whirred suddenly out of the tops, like handfuls of black confetti hurled by a child-giant at play below under the foliage.

A man and a woman lived in this house. Down the white, hard way, across the sloping greens, swinging roundly first to the left in the first loop of the great S, then swinging to the right into the lower loop, with the slowly increasing heaviness of a pen making its black stroke, a powerful automobile would slide smoothly, pass the gates, and disappear down the highway in a golden whirl of dust. The man and the woman sat side by side on the back seat. Her garments heralded a certain magnificence; her purple veils in the wind were like banners; and the gentle droop of her head, inclined slightly forward, promised grace and beauty. The man was slight and tall; he seemed young. Woman's beauty; man's youth; splendor of wealth; we saw them in a haze of romance.

Sometimes they came back during the day. The machine assaulted the slope, rolled the road up within itself as if it were a ribbon, came to a smooth halt, and the two descended, slowly, in ceremony, between two liveries; the portals crashed shut. Sometimes the return was late—simply a honking in the dark, and a rapid curving ascent of a large moon of light which slipped swiftly along the grasses, marked luminously trees, flower-beds and shrubs, and let them slip aback, one by one, into the maws of the night, patient but close behind.

Then again for days, not a sally, not a movement gave sign of life. The blinds were down; the crows in the trees cawed more loudly; a spell crept about the house, behind the ceaseless turning of the sprinklers on the lawn; the portals were hermetic.

A swarm of servants moved about the two, insulating them from the rough details of living. These were all blacks, but blacks such as we had never seen. They came from British islands; their speech was liquid and pure. And in the large silence of noon some of their voices came to us at times, in caressing notes; from their unexpected intonations, we drew an added sense of strangeness and of dream.

Upon the house and its inhabitants our timid attention centred itself little by little.

We would watch them out of the windows more than we realized; unconsciously we ambushed them along the roads, to have the whir of their machine go by, and gaze a bit stupefied at her veils disappearing swiftly in the distance, guidons of a fancied cavalcade. Shyly our imaginations settled upon them and built about them airy castles of romance. Of pure, naive, and respectable romance; I remember that once, when we sought to give the situation a spice of diabolism, our invention went no further than to suggest a defiance in love of some crusty old father, or despotic uncle!

So that the sudden revelation of what really was came down on us like a ton breaker upon an idle swimmer's head.

The house had gone through another of its periods of immobility and silence. Its doors closed, its blinds lowered; it had stood there, behind the ceaseless and hypnotizing gestures of its hundred lawn sprinklers, as with drooping lids, dizzied, in the thrall of an enchantment. Then one morning, there was a disorder, a hushed tumult in our kitchen beneath our room, and up the stairs came a black girl, followed closely by our servant.

The black girl's eyes were dilated; she seemed at the fag end of a worry beyond her solving; she broke out immediately in excited speech.



"He wore a checked waistcoat of bad taste. His forehead was low, and made still lower by plastered bangs, beneath his hat. Walking at my side, up and down, he began suddenly to tell me all about himself—an extraordinary story. He was not the dead woman's husband. He had never been that. But he had been her chauffer!"

It took us some time to catch a half understanding. She was from the big house. Everything was in disorder over there. No one knew what to do. There was some telegraphing to be done; a certain man must be found right away; a Mr. Mortimer. For the mistress of the house was dead.

"Dead! Good God!" We saw abruptly the automobile, the purple veil in the wind; the gentle droop of her head. "Dead; that gracious being dead!"

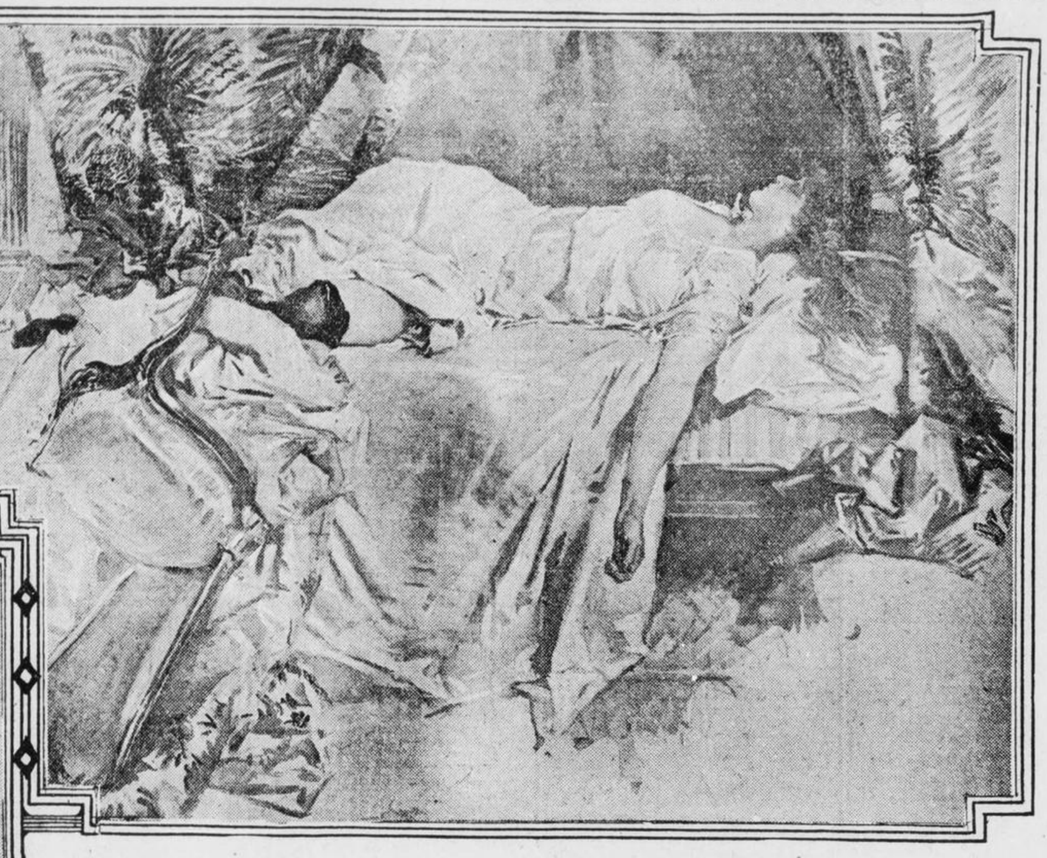
"She has been dead thirty-six hours." The black girl wrung her hands. "We've wired and wired; we can't reach Mr. Mortimer. Oh, can't you help?"

"Mr. Mortimer? But what is the matter with her husband? What is he doing, where is he; yes, the husband?"

Te girl gave us a look which had in it almost a pity. "Mr. Grant," she said, "oh, he isn't her husband. He's called her cousin. He's—oh, he's useless! Please come and help us."

I put on my hat and went out behind the black girl, toward the house, now the house of death. Upon the sunlit lawns the sprinklers still turned, impassively, in a stupid and circular benediction.

As we walked I was questioning her, in an effort to get a new vision out of the wreck of the old. But from her running stream of talk, facts same not very clear, or too singular.



"She lay there utterly abandoned. I remember a black stocking incongruously drawn, trim and tight—and in her posture, in the condition of the bed, of everything about it, lay an eloquence of disorder symbolic of death—of her death and of her life."

Several facts appeared. That man whom we had taken for the young husband, and about whom we had woven a fabric of idyll, the "Mr. Grant" was not a husband. He was known as a cousin. There was something about him which made him useless at this crisis. And it was a matter of extreme urgency that the distant "Mr. Mortimer" be reached. Again and again she came back to this. Mr. Mortimer would see to everything if only he could be found, he would see to everything—that mysterious and efficient Mr. Mortimer.

For a moment I was in the house, with its disorder, its idle servants standing about, its hint of unmade beds and pillaged pantries; behind the impassive facade, the sprinklers, geometrically spaced, turning above the impeccable lawns, this demoralization suddenly became a symbol; a symbol of the more subtle and dreadful disorder of souls which had been here all of the time, hidden from our eyes behind a curtain of rigid formalism. "Where is Mr. Grant?" I asked.

They were searching for him through many apartments. Finally an answer was given to the black girl. She passes it on to me. "He's gone back down there," she said with a gesture toward the fishing port below.

"But where?"

"You must find him," she said urgently. "He has addresses."

"But where will I find him?"

Then she said: "In a drinking-shop. Go through the public houses, and you will find him, sir."

So I went through the drinking-shops of the little port; and at last found him—in a condition which, under the circumstances, was, to say the least, highly—indecent. I placed him in a carriage, drove to the cottage, deposited him there like a sack, and spent the morning and part of the afternoon trying to accelerate the sobering process so that I could get something intelligent out of him. It was past noon before I obtained what I wanted, and again I went down to the port to wire.

I was there three hours, using telephone and telegram. The address I had was of a business office in New York. A certain number on Broadway, which, from the first, puzzled me as something fatidic, significant of some immense power, and which I should have known but did not know. I got the telephone—only to be led on from voice to voice, there, at the other end, each reticent, full of canny precautions and evasions. It was only by the word death that finally I seemed to move all that ponderous discretion; I was given the address of some secretary, labelled private. And then he was not at home but at some restaurant. A feminine voice, expressive at once of curiosity, concern, and a sort of passive humiliation, gave me the name of twelve possible restaurants. It was at the eleventh that finally I found the private secretary's voice. His enunciation was full of shocked warning hisses; behind it I could hear the silken shimmer of a festive orchestra. At first he refused all information, nearly hung up at once. At last the word death on him also made its impression. He became immediately immensely anxious to help me. But the best he could do was somewhat indefinite: I must reach a yacht, the Natoma. It was cruising along the coast, no one knew just where.

I hung up, and getting a map and a telegraph directory, with the aid of the operator sent wired messages to every port from Florida to Halifax addressed to the Natoma and that Mortimer who, if he came, would "arrange everything," and who, all-powerful, seemed so little anxious to exercise his powers.

The sun was near its setting before, toiling up the S, I arrived at the big house. Grant was there, walking to and fro before the steps with a timid, uncertain air. "Let us go in," I said. But he grasped my arm; "Stay out with me awhile, will you!" he begged, like a child, and led me away from the house, behind a screen of shrubs. Looking sideways at him in the twilight, I was astonished to see him, now, so different from what I had imagined him. He was smaller. His eyes were close set. He wore a checked waistcoat of bad taste. His forehead was low and made still lower by plastered bangs beneath his bowler hat.

Walking at my side up and down, he began suddenly to tell me all about himself—an extraordinary story. Cheap, I suppose, but still with a wonder to it. He was not the dead woman's husband. He had never been that But he had been he,' chauffeur!

"I came to them, she and Mortimer, five years ago. They lived up on Fifth avenue—a grand place they had!"

He went on with a description of the house and its treasures, and then abruptly said: "And she fell in love with me!" I started at the intolerable caddishness of this; but looking down at him, through the gloaming, I found on his face an expression of stupefaction. "She fell in love with me," he repeated again with a sort of dazed passivity—and I knew that this man, this little man, had never gotten the essence of what had happened to him, that his soul had not been of a fabric to draw up level with it—and that some one had been cheated—dreadfully cheated.

He continued his story: "We ran away. He came after us. He caught us."

Having caught them, Mortimer had acted—well, with originality. The storm of wrath, the revenge they had dreaded, had not come. He had merely built them a house.

"This place." Grant's hand ran over the gables, the trees, the wide lawns. Mortimer had bought them this place, had furnished it, had given them servants, horses, automobiles; had assured them an allowance (Grant told me the amount; I will not repeat it for fear of not being believed), and then he had left them—to their passion—if such it was.

"So we lived here," said Grant, "like princes; just like princes."

He stopped, faced me with legs apart. "Why did he do it?" he asked with anew and sudden directness. "Why, why? Why did he do it? What do you think?"

I shrugged my shoulders. "Perhaps," I hazarded, "it was the fine thing to do."

He resumed walking. His hands were behind his back; his head bent forward; he stepped with a moodiness that gave illusion, almost, of profound intelligence. "I have been looking for a trap," he declared. "You don't know Mortimer. I've been looking for ome trap in it."

I became curious and cunning. "You were happy, then, you two?" He did not answer right away, but slowed up a moment in his walking.

"It was fine," he said at length, but without animation. "Fine!" Then, after a moment, as if speaking to himself: "The house was too big."

"Too big!" I exclaimed questioningly.

"You see I had no cronies."

The tone was wistful. Suddenly I had the feeling of that house—that great house with so many, many rooms; with so many, many servants; and in that great house, these two alone with their idleness and their love, their physical passion, their caprice—their slowly curdling caprice.

"I drank," he murmured. "Drank, drank. She drank." His thumb jerked back in a gesture toward the house, and within it, the dead woman. "That's what killed her. Drink, drink, drink. Also morphine!"

So this was the story—the simple, sordid story! Again I had the rapid vision of the two, alone in that immense house, alone with their wealth, their idleness and their curdling love. And suddenly I wanted immensely to know Mortimer, that Mr. Mortimer who "saw to everything," who played at being God, that large philanthropist who so generously, so dexterously, and so invisibly catered to others' bliss.

But I came down now to practical details. I told Grant what I had done, to the stream of his hurried, over-easy acquiescences. Then I left him there, still hesitant before the steps, and returned to the cottage.

That night a storm broke upon the island. It came from the sea. We had seen it in the twilight, the sea, opaque, dull-hued and perfectly immobile; yet from it now, not on the wind, unheralded by the slightest stirring of the air, merely upon a mysterious displacement, storm after storm moved over and broke upon the knoll. We could divine the heavy vapor, swirling with a slow, vicious movement, settle above us like a lid; and then clap upon clap of thunder, like the mad, insistent beating of a bass drum by some dervish god. The tenth detonation brought with it a soft wailing and groaning as of hurt spirits in the earth beneath. The black servants of the big house had avalanched down the hill and were pressing, frightened, into our kitchen. It seemed that Grant had gone again to the village, and they had been afraid to remain alone in the big house with its still presence. We were at the window, Ruth and I, our brows on the cold panes. And now we saw, to the violet flashes of light, more than the mass of the trees up there, the pinnacles of the other house. We saw through the trees, through the walls. We saw hallways and rooms, countless apartments, and in the centre of it, as if in state, the kernel of all that empty magnificence, the dead woman. She lay there, high, as if on an altar, that woman once so precious, so treasured, that clay once so delicately fashioned, animated so exquisitely; she lay there alone and abandoned, in a huge fracas of thunder and swaying of storm. She lay there—we could see her well—her delicate nostrils, once so eagerly dilated to all the promises of life, for which toil of thousands had distilled perfume, now pinched and disdainful; her eyes, for the fugitive alightings of which all beauty had been unrolled, now sealed, the haughtiness of eternal sleep oozing out of their long shadows; and her bosom marble cold.

With the morning the storm disappeared; the little band of West Indians stopped their murmuring and swaying; in straggling groups they went up the hill. We prepared to get a little rest—and then, within an hour, the black girl who first had come was back again. Again there was trouble. The undertakers had arrived. They were waiting. And they couldn't get the body, because of the dog.

I put on my hat and went up the hill again. The girl was explaining. It seemed that the dead woman had not been alone in the house that night after all. The dog had had the decencies which man had forgotten. He had been there with her, her guardian all night. Only now he wasn't going to quit. Now that man claimed once more responsibility as his, the dog refused to pass it over; he failed to understand this sudden zeal.

So I went up to the room with one of the undertakers. This was a weird, little man. He had a long, white, slovenly beard, altogether out of proportion to his stature. One of his legs was shorter than the other, and because of his profession he had caught a trick of bowing constantly. Whenever he bowed, his unclean beard spread fanwise upon his greasy frock, and his shorter leg, suspended, swung to and fro, with small scrapings of the floor.

With him I entered the room—and hesitated, appalled.

She lay there—but why describe it? It was a vision that utterly belied that which we had had in the night. She lay there, utterly abandoned. I remember a black stocking, incongruously drawn trim and tight—and in her posture, in the condition of the bed, of everything about it, lay an eloquence of disorder symbolic of her death. Of her death and of her life. I moved forward with an impulse to draw over her a sheet—and sprang back swiftly. From beneath the bed, a flash of yellow teeth had darted out like a flame.

The dog was there, a miserable, hairless Mexican. But the timidity of his race had melted in a sort of silent, automatic fury. Whenever we approached, the teeth flashed out, noiselessly, with the furtive violence of the hyena. We could not approach. Some one from behind the door passed us a broom, two brooms. For a half hour, that weird clod-hopping little undertaker and I, we tried to dislodge the dog with our absurd instruments.

(This Story will be found in complete form in the July issue of HEARST'S MAGAZINE).

Creaking Furniture at Night Is Really a Miniature Earthquake--By Prof. George H. Chadwick

WHEN the stairs creak and the furniture gives out mysterious cracking sounds at night we sometimes sit up in bed and wonder if there is a burglar about, but it doesn't occur to us that what we hear is really an earthquake on a small scale. The night air has caused the wood to contract with a snap and this is exactly what the earth is doing periodically. To a microbe reposing on the surface of the table this contraction is perhaps as violent as the disturbance of an earthquake to a human being.

An earthquake is a terrible thing. It comes without warning. It is over before one knows which way to fly. Its fury none can abate.

Yet to the geologist earthquakes are only symptoms. They are not causes so much as results—results of great stresses and strains within the earth that cause little slippings from time to time. If the rocks of the earth's outer shell slip and grate on each other so much as one inch along a fissure ten miles in length a shiver is felt. A slip of fifteen feet along a course of two hundred miles suffices to destroy San Francisco.

These strains and stresses accumulate steadily within the earth. The reasons for this will appear later. The point at which they have once found relief is weaker to resist the next strain. It slips again presently. By successive movements its sides become more and more displaced. Rock layers, mineral veins, coal seams that cross the line of displacement, are jogged out of their course. So are roads, fence-lines, brooks, that run across it on the surface. In the San Francisco quake one man's front yard was moved twenty feet to one side of his house. At another point the slip-line ran so close to a man's barn as to carry away the manure piles heaped out from the windows. In Japan a cliff twelve feet high interrupted a roadway. Thousands of similar cases might be cited. These were primary movements along the actual line of the slip which caused the earthquakes. Yawning fissures at the surface are secondary and superficial phenomena which may occur distant from the actual slip, in rare cases.

When the geologist or the miner finds the strata thus displaced, the vein or the coal bed interrupted, he calls it a "fault." Incidentally he knows, though it seldom interests him much, that an earthquake or quakes accompanied the making of that fault. That was all too long ago to be really exciting. What does concern him, generally, is to find the continuation of the vein or seam beyond the fault. And so he studies it to determine the direction and amount of displacement. Out of such inquiries has grown much of our knowledge of geology. The fossils proved helpful, and thus paleontology arose. All rock structures proved suggestive of clues, and so stratigraphy grew into an exact science. A knowledge of reasons and causes seemed imperative, to furnish working theories, and dynamic geology and geophysics came into being. With all its faults, the geologist loves his science still. Sometimes he loves it more because of them.

The faults actually found in the rocks run all sizes. An inch is nothing; some are visible only with the microscope. A mile or two is nothing; in the Smoky Mountains of Tennessee and North Carolina Dr. Keith has measured displacements of thirty-five miles! We will return to that presently. It is important here to note that such a movement must have required thousands of centuries for its consummation. It probably went on as slowly, as deliberately, as that of the Pacific Coast to-day—a little slip of an inch, a foot, a rod maybe, each year, or decade, or century. A rod a century takes over a million years to make thirty-five miles. A million years of earthquakes in North Carolina!

Earthquakes of this type, resulting from the jarring movements of rocks over each other within the crust, are called tectonic earthquakes. There is another class of earthquakes, the volcanic, accompanying eruptions, but they are much less important.

The great displacements found by Keith in the Smokies are part of a belt of rock-faulting which margins the entire Appalachian system on the east. Up in the lower Saint Lawrence Valley, William Logan, founder of the Canadian Geological Survey, traced it skillfully when geology was yet an infant. Afterward he followed it also into the Champlain Valley. Logan was a man of unbending perseverance. "When he began his geological work in Canada a large portion of the country was a wilderness, without roads, and there were no maps. 'Little was known of the (lower Saint Lawrence) region beside the coast line. Settlements were few. There were no roads through the interior, most of which was..... inhabited by bears or other wild beasts, or at best only penetrated in certain regions by a few Indians or lumbermen. The courses of most of the streams were unknown and the mountains untraversed. Living the life of a savage, sleeping on the beach in a blanket sack, with my feet to the fire, seldom taking my clothes off, eating salt pork and ship's biscuit, occasionally tormented by mosquitoes,' such is the record Logan has left us of his Gaspe experience. From early dawn to dusk he paced or paddled, and yet his work was not finished, for while his Indians—often his sole companions—smoked their pipes around the evening fire he wrote his notes and platted the day's measurements."—George P. Merrill: History of American Geology, page 519. Logan's splendid work as director of the Dominion Survey from 1842 to 1870 received royal recognition and he died "Sir William" in Castle Malgwyn, Wales, five years after its close. It is appropriate that the great earth rupture which he explored should bear his name and commemorate his services, in popular speech.

At Quebec the St. Lawrence lies in a "rift valley" or zone of shattering by fault movements along many parallel fractures. This is the usual character of "Logan's line"—not one fault but many, often ragged and interlacing. Frequently, as at Quebec and in the Champlain Valley, the middle of the zone has been dropped down between these parallel faults, just as has the vale of the Jordan and Dead Sea. The Germans call such a tectonic depression a "graben." Name of gruesome suggestion.

The east side of this valley shows an enormous overthrust, conspicuous at St. Albans Bay and Burlington, Snake Mountain and Shoreham, Vermont, at Bald Mountain, near Fort Ann, and through the eastern skirts of Troy to the Hudson below Schodack Landing, where it is visible from passing trains. A still greater movement is represented on the west side of the Hudson at Saratoga and Albany, by which the rocks have been shoved many miles westward, and the deposits of the "Levis Channel" confused and even interfolded with those of the "Schenectady Basin," while the entire intervening deposit of the "Chazy Trough" has been covered or obliterated. (State Museum Bulletin 162, page 69.)

From Rhinebeck, the rifted belt follows the Wallkill Valley, crosses the Delaware above Easton and swings west to Harrisburg, in monotonous shales through which the individual faults are not easily traced, though numerous instances are known, as at Lehigh Water Gap. Stose's careful work in the Chambersburg region, southwest of Harrisburg, shows how numerous they may be. Passing Harper's Ferry and up the Shenandoah Valley into the "Camel's Head" of Virginia it has its most varied development in Eastern Tennessee, finally disappearing under the coastal plain deposits in Central Alabama.

All movement on Logan's line was supposed to have ceased somewhere in the remote past. Like Vesuvius in the palmy days of Pompeii, it has come to be looked upon as an interesting fossil, a stuffed monkey in a cage—nothing more. But Vesuvius had a day of awakening. And digging into mouldering archives of the early Canadian settlement, our own State Geologist, Dr. John M. Clarke, finds records of a great shake two centuries and a half ago that he inclines to attribute to Logan's line. Let me quote him: "The Canadian earthquake of 1663 appears from the records preserved in contemporary documents to be the severest disturbance this continent has ever suffered from terrestirial dislocations.

Policeman-Poet-Philosopher---Atlanta Has All Three Under One Blue Coat

With a Proud Record of but Three Arrests in Two Years While on Duty in Whitehall Street, "Bob" Braselton Calmly Views the World Through the Eyes of a Modern Omar.

By TARLETON COLLIER.

POLICEMEN, you say, are stony hearted creatures at best, dead to every human emotion, unresponsive to appeals that would touch even the heart of Judge Broyles. Policemen, you are ready to swear, have no souls at all.

But then, maybe you don't know Sergeant Robert Braselton, who, although a member of the Atlanta police force for twenty-three years, has a heart no harder than a gumdrop would be this July weather on Peachtree street at noonday. With the twenty-three years of his service, you can very nearly count his arrests on the fingers of your two hands.

Policemen have no souls, say you? Bob Braselton, the hero of this story, writes good poetry, thereby proving you wrong.

Poets are men who somehow understand. It is but natural, then, that the policeman who "just can't help feeling sorry for every poor guy that's brought in" should write poetry after a fashion, and almost any lowbrow can twist off an ode to "Spring" or to "Snow" or to "Her," but who means it? Bob Braselton does, and thereby is lifted out of the class of the casual versifiers, becoming a real poet—and he a policeman at that.

Now that we have made Bob Braselton out as sentimental and a poet, this, coming as a bit of his verse written to "The Hoodoo Bird," won't surprise you:

Thanks for your kind song, my bird,
I care not for the things I've heard;
Let gossips whisper, be right or wrong,
'Tis a pleasure sweet, to hear your song:
"I pity you! I pity you!"

And it won't surprise you to know that he has developed a philosophy, the burden of which is that the world is mostly good, if people would just leave it alone. This poet-philosopher-policeman can not get reconciled to all these attempts to make the world better.

Things were not this way in the old days.

Better begin at the beginning. Bob Braselton became a policeman in 1891, in the good old days when there was glory to a job on the force. For were you not elected, acquiring thus the prestige of a statesman? Nowadays the civil service, all old-timers contend, gives your police force a sort of plebeian taint. But Bob Braselton came on in 1891, attracted by the dignity that was then a policeman's, seeing an opportunity for a helpful life-work.

For four years he was a patrolman. Chief Beavers was a patrolman at that time, and Jim and Bob were friends on the force together.

Two years of the four Bob Braselton was stationed on Whitehall street in a bustling part of the city. In all that time he made three arrests. Then they made him a sergeant.

Right there he thinks he made a mistake.

"If I hadn't arrested anybody they might have made me chief," he said. He laughed. Bob Braselton laughs as you imagine a policeman with a heart would laugh. His face gets red with it, his eyes close with it, and he enjoys it. Then he sobered.

"But maybe I'm not a good policeman," he said. "I don't think I've got it in me. To be a good policeman a man must be hard and cold and maybe a little mean. I couldn't find the heart to arrest 'em sometimes. There were not doing wrong to hurt anybody else."

But the commission made him a sergeant at the end of his four years' service. And for years he worked as desk sergeant. But to be desk sergeant in a city police station, seeing the tears, and being haunted by the sobs, and hearing the appeals, is too much for a tender-hearted man. He resigned and farmed a while, sold life insurance a while, and then went back. Now he "runs on the wagon," that being the technical description of his duties. He rides with the driver of the automobile patrol to take charge of the prisoners as they are arrested or transferred.

So much for Bob Braselton the policeman. Policemen are things of the earth—made by the Police Commission or by the civil service; poets and philosophers are born. The one is an affair of state, the other a state of mind.

"I have always wanted to write, and have always been grinding away at it," said Bob Braselton the poet. In consequence of his application to literature he has acquired more than a local name. Al Field and Lew Dockstader, minstrel men of fame, have sponsored Braselton's songs, and have made them well known. One song especially, a pretentious, antepenultimate affair, was popular nationally at one time. True Georgian, the policeman-poet wrote his first line of this song, "Down in Sunny Georgia, Where the Watermelons Grow," and made that the burden of his song. The music was written by Professor Doremus, at one time a prominent musician of Atlanta, and the combination of words and melody was plaintively appealing.

Newspapers more than once have published his verses, and magazines occasionally. Many of them were jingles descriptive of current events in the city, but most are songs of nature, of the seasons, of birds and flowers. And all of them have the note expressive of sympathy with all the world.

In many of the verses and in much of the prose that he has written there appears a strain of humor and of satire—particularly satire at the existing condition of affairs. For Bob Braselton does not fear for it to be known that he is opposed to too rigid laws regarding the moral conduct of men, and advocates frankly a more "open" town.

"Not disorderly nor lawless," he explains, "but freer and wider in the latitude which it gives its citizens in their choice of recreation and enjoyment."

One of his more elaborate prose sketches is a story called "Civic Pride." It represents the dream of a policeman, in which it seems that the police force of Atlanta is about to be abolished. In the course of the story a number of policemen are singing pleasantly and contentment hovers everywhere, when a stranger enters. After a little palaver he announces to the policemen:

"I have always taken a deep interest in police affairs, and while here I should like to ask a few questions. Do you mind?"

"Fire away, sir, and let's see what you seek," the policemen answered.

"Are you all Masons?" he whispers.

"We are," the chorus answers, growing somewhat excited at the other's peculiar manners. "Masons and Beavers, too."

"Fine! We can now talk without restraint. What is the population of Atlanta?"

"One hundred and sixty thousand, not including Dr. Broughton."

"Who is your Chief of Police?"

"Beavers, visibly."

"Is he an American?"

"He is now. He was an Englishman."

"How is he elected?"

"Board of Commissioners."

"How are they elected?"

"Hold, stranger," one of the policemen cried. "Now you are on dangerous ground. Why don't you ask who wrote the letters of Junius, or was it Cook or Peary? It would be just as easy to answer. Let's turn back—the ice is too thin, and I've a large family to support."

"Well, then," asked the stranger, "is it true that Judge Broyles is to resign and go on the stage?"

"Nothing to it," said Driver No. 2, "while His Honor has made a big reputation as an amateur comedian and would no doubt make a hot one on the professional stage, he is a man with a mission, and not even the glare of the footlights can lure him from what he considers his duty. Have you seen him act?"

"Once, in a play called 'Robinson Crusoe.' He was Crusoe, and Judge Preston was Friday. It was a great hit."

"We all think so, though we see it every day."

And so on the story goes for much more of the same kind of pertinent froth.

At its beginning it has a significant allusion; that is, significant in the analysis of Bob Braselton's own character.

"For hours not an arrest had been made for any cause, nor a case of any character docketed. The Golden Rule was in full force in the police department.

It is just because of Bob Braselton's interpretation of the Golden Rule that he feels he will never be the best policeman.

"I always have a world of sympathy for the unfortunate fellows that come into the hands of the police," he said. "Especially do the young men make me sorry. Women under arrest are pitiable. All persons of this class appeal to me as unfortunates, rather than as criminals, and there are times, it seems to me, when a rigid enforcement of the strict letter of the law would be cruel when a policeman, commissioned to maintain order and decency, to protect life and property, can conscientiously look the other way.

"All men are brothers. There is no law or code above the requirement that a man remember his brother's happiness and security and welfare. What is it the old Greek philosopher says—Epictetus, I think it was? Something like this: That if a fig falls to you, and is good, then eat it. But if you must stoop to get it, or must throw down another in getting it, then it is best that you let it lie, for all the figs are not worth that.

"And as to pride of rank, and pride of office, and arrogant forgetfulness of the individual's happiness in the thought that you have the power of the State behind you—in all such selfish and unreasoning administration of the laws—why there is the utterance of the same gentle philosopher, will tell you that he is glad he feels as he does about it. Too much severity is to be cold and seeming cruel. This Bob Braselton can not be.

Even as a police sergeant he is not timid about expressing his views about the control of the city. He has his own ideas as to the means of getting the coveted 500,000 population. He would not "restrict" so much, he says, for one thing. He would have the laws liberally interpreted, to provide recreation and pleasure for all men when they desire it, and in the form they desire it—Sunday amusements and all that.

"There is too much severity and repression in the world as it is," he said yesterday.

Fifty-seven years old, Braselton will be eligible to retirement from active service as a policeman, and to be pensioned, in three years. He will have served 26 years as a member of the force. But he is not going to get out.

"I would dry up and rust, I reckon," he said. "A man who retires is down and out by his own confession. There is too much to see and too much for a man to do, too many good folks for a man to know, to help and be helped by, to allow one to quit."

He works every evening and night from 4 o'clock until midnight, running out with the wagons, sitting meanwhile in his big chair in the open courtyard of the station, talking to his mates, or just thinking, his head down on his chest. His muse is a homely and familiar genius. He conceives his poetry and philosophy as he rides on the clanging patrol wagon, or sits in the stable yard. And he writes it when he gets to his home, and, collarless, coatless, without frills or affectation, raises his feet to a comfortable elevation.

No one would take Bob Braselton for a poet, although you would realize at the sight of him that here is a man you should like to know. He is short and thick and genially round. His leg has a way, when he is sitting of swinging around and hooking itself over the arm of the chair, so that he talks to you in the most innocent and naive pose in the world. His face is red and round, with a chin that perpetual laughing at the world and its foibles has thrust forward. His smile is ready and disarming.

Altogether he looks his record—three arrests in two years' service on Whitehall street.



Meditation over a smoke. Robert Braselton, who sees only the good, even on the seamy side of life.

The Poet-Policeman, is shown at the right as he wooes the muse in the quiet of his home.

This Good Natured Disciple of the Golden Rule Dreams Good Verses, and Scatters Real Gems of Logic, Though Daily Rubbing Shoulders With the Sin and Sorrow of a Big City.

philosopher to guide you: Have the gods given him a government? Then it is to be hoped they also have given him proper opinion. Have they given him a magistracy? Then it is to be hoped that they gave him also the power to be a good and a wise magistrate."

Police Sergeant Robert Braselton, talking to you, sometimes will apologize that he should entertain such ideas.

"Maybe they are not the ideas of a good policeman," he will remark.

But Bob Braselton, the man, the poet, the

The Boy Who Is Going to Marry

By ADA PATTERSON

A BOY who is going to be married has told me about it. He is a tall, narrow, muscular lad of the sort that Gibson likes to draw. He has a wealth of long legs and of thick, junglelike fair hair, and eyes that, deep-set and gray-blue, may some time grow shrewd and a bit hard, but just now are lakelike candor and full of happy dreams.

There is a promise of a superb manhood in the boy, who is 22, and still crude and awkward as a colt that is a bit unsteady on his legs, but that every day is nearing the state of the heavy-boned, strong-spirited, tireless, steady-going horse.

I haven't seen the girl, but, of course, he tells me there is no girl on earth who is in any respect her equal. His mother doesn't want him to marry. His father has offered to pay him the equivalent of a year's salary if the youth will wait a year. The boy won't wait, and this is the reason he gave me:

"She is the right kind of girl. Last year and the year before I only worked long enough and hard enough to pay for a vacation. I had no interest in life except in enjoying myself. On my last vacation I met her, and four days after we met I proposed and she said:

"'You must go to work and prove yourself. If you turn out to be the man I think you are, I will marry you.'"

The boy has been working steadily, has worked overtime in the evenings, has saved his salary and is saving trading stamps to buy the family silver. It seems a fair start on the road to success and happiness. Will he reach the goal? It depends in very large part upon the girl.

Usually it's a bit tiresome, even irritating, to hear the failure or success of a man laid at the door of a woman. Usually the charge is untrue, and it is a common, though not a universal truth that a man worth "making" himself and that the sort that bears the stamp of a woman isn't much deeper than the trademark. But here's a boy whose feet have been placed in the beginning of the right path. He needs nothing, except that the girl, who starting with her hand in his on the same path, keep pace with him.

That is all. It sounds so little and is so big an undertaking. I wish the girl who will start on the path in the autumn could know a woman who has been a pacemaker and gait-keeper on the matrimonial road longer than the girl has lived, 32 years.

But since there is little probability of their acquaintance, I shall tell the story of the woman who has been more successful in the business of being wife than anyone I know.

She began the successful way when a young mining engineer proposed to her and she accepted him, but refused the ring he tendered.

"We can't afford it now," she said. "Wait until we have been married a while and are more prosperous."

When she had been married nine years she received her engagement ring, one of the finest diamonds in the world. Barney Barnato, the diamond king of South Africa, helped to select it.

"It was a beautiful ring," she said. "Our children admired it very much." It was a good beginning, that refusal of the engagement ring he couldn't afford. After some quickly passing years she has the privilege of helping him spend an income of $500,000 a year. On the thirty-first anniversary of their marriage he cabled her from London:

"Work all right, but homesick. Love,
"JACK."

She has been the mother of six children, four of whom are youngsters full of the busy business of living, two who are beautiful, saddening memories. She having obtained leave from a hostile government to take her husband from his cell at a political prison, nursed him back to life in a more friendly climate, and when he insisted upon going back to be tried for his life because he said his honor demanded his keeping the terms of sick parole, she journeyed back with him and waited all of one night, anguished, within sight of his prison walls for the dawn of the day set for his execution, both ignorant that a pardon was prepared.

Her husband's quiet comment on his heroism was: "If I were placed in a position of great danger I should choose no man, but two women I know, to share it with me—my wife and my sister."

While her husband was holding a conference on one of the most important events of his life, one in which his life's ambition was at stake, this wife sat up in bed knitting slippers to steady her nerves until he returned to her with the news of the outcome of the conference.

I asked this successful wife her recipe for success in married life and she answered:

"My dear husband's recipe is mine. Do teamwork. Another has been to always believe the best of him at all times. And for husband training, I think a wife should first look to self-training. She must so live and care for herself as to keep her health, develop her character and train her intellect, as far as it can be trained. All women have not great intellects, but if a woman has a fine, strong character that will supplement an average brain.

"Make the right choice and stand by it. A large part of successfully bringing up a husband is to get the right husband material to work on."

The girl whom the boy is going to marry has the right stuff to work on. She has a clean, fine past as background, a sturdy purpose to make the most of their lives—earnestness, honesty, industry, a love as sweet and fresh as the morning dew on June roses. By following the chart of unselfishness, by doing teamwork, by keeping pace, she will travel far and hapily with him.

ADAM'S CLAY

THE STORY OF A SOULLESS COQUETTE AND THE HEARTS SHE BROKE

BY COSMO HAMILTON



"The door opened and the old woman came in, followed by—oh, what luck is mine !—my untamed man of the woods, my primeval giant."

Synopsis of Preceding Chapters:

FROM babyhood John Ashley has known no life except that of a lonely English farm, no society except that of his morose father and the farm laborers. At the age of 25 he learns the reason for this—his mother ran away with his father's closest friend a year after her marriage. The elder Ashley has been determined that his son should be spared a fate like his own, and has guarded him against the wiles of worldly-wise women. Learning of the death of his wife who forsook him and their child, the elder Ashley kills himself. A few months later Betty Blundell, a charming, but heartless married coquette, visits at a neighboring farm, learns John's history, and writes to her London woman friend, Milly Cator, of her proposed conquest.

(Continued from Last Sunday)

CHAPTER IV.

The Victim Appears.

AND then, with her sweet face glowing, her eyes dancing, and carrying her head slightly on one side, like an analytical chemist starting on a new experiment, Betty Blundell tripped downstairs and took the turning to the right.

She followed the corn-lined road until, within a quarter of a mile from the village, it ran up a hill. Here she branched off the road into a field, tree-topped, where there was a gap.

Looking down upon a clump of irregular red roofs grouped, chicken-wise, under the wing of their mother church, she stopped, tired, expectant, amused and resourceful.

The sun was setting. There was a sudden hush in the world. Little Mrs. Blundell bent forward as though to give her eyes less distance to peer through. The silver bell marked off another quarter. A quick smile came suddenly to Betty's face. She could recognize the height, the breadth, the slow, swinging stride of the man placed upon earth to amuse her till the novelty of him wore off, or until it became necessary to drop him for reasons of a diplomatic nature.

On came the man of Nature, head up, arms behind, long, slow, swinging stride.

Against the sky, directly in his way, with wide-open, simple eyes, waited the little woman of the world like a white, risen moon.

". . . No words of mine, my dear Milly," Betty wrote, "can convey the very least idea of the intense enjoyment that moment gave me. Even now—I have been back three hours—I can feel in my back that pleasant thrill which an exquisite bar of music or a big moment in a well-written play always causes. Do you know? A sort of tingling—a fillip to that part of one which is genuinely sympathetic and responsive.

"I didn't look at him for some minutes—seconds, I suppose—in cold, accurate English. Apparently my eyes were fixed on the sky with that hungry, dreamy, girlish look, which it took me so long to acquire, and which has come in most usefully on many former occasions. Nevertheless, I saw him stop with a great gasp, and stand with his huge arms hanging loosely at his sides, looking at me as though I were a will-o'-the-wisp, a vapor, a live poem. I wore that muslin I got for the Veysey's garden party, transparent at the neck—they call it neck—and arms, and the poppy hat everybody raved about so much and copied—the beasts. All Nature seemed to be helping me, too. The faint red glow, the green at my feet, the clear gold behind me. I felt like one of those angels painted on tinted tassellated stuff over the little altar in one of those funny side-chapels in what's the name of the church in Rome? I believe that if I could have kept it up, we should still be there. But I wanted the extra satisfaction of seeing what he would do when I looked into his eyes. So—oh, my dear, how thankful I am that Providence decided I should be a girl—I gave myself a little shake, as though I had suddenly fallen to earth, and with one of my best wide-eyed looks of intense, fearless innocence, suddenly met his gaze.

"I really thought he would have fallen down. In all my life, in the whole course of my experience, I never felt so thoroughly warmed and contented with myself. It was like, I take it, a sudden, prolonged burst of applause from a packed theatre, or a eulogistic criticism in the pages of some really important paper. I wish you could have seen my wild man of the woods. His mouth fell open, his eyes seemed to start out of his head, and his heart jumped and beat, and panted—I could see it in his neck.

"For just a second I confess I was scared. He is so big, so strong, so—so untutored, so much a child of Nature, that for a moment I thought he might catch hold of me and—well, I took my eyes away, and went quickly past him down the hill.

"I was afraid to turn at first to see what he was doing, because, of course, I thought he would be looking after me. They usually do, you know. But finally, as I didn't wish to lose any of the enjoyment of the thing, I stooped down, pretending to pick some grass, and looked back under my arm. My dear, he hadn't moved! There he was, just as I had left him, with his back to me, his arms still hanging at his sides, his shoulders heaving.

"As I looked, he moved, pulled himself together, and staggering like a man who wakes from a sleeping-draught, went away—never once looking back. I wonder if he still thinks I came from the sky? I say sky, because it sounds better than the other word I was thinking of. I remember being awfully pleased once because Reggie Rawnsley—dear old Reggie!—suddenly shook me quite violently and told me I was a she-devil. Funny thing to be pleased about, wasn't it?"

CHAPTER V.

The Joy of Love.

UTTERLY unable to settle down to the work on the farm, young Ashley wandered about the house restlessly. His thoughts were chaotic. His whole mental outlook had undergone a tremendous change.

It seemed to him incredible, almost ludicrous, that so many years of his life should have been entirely devoted to the common round, the daily task, when the world contained such a creature as the woman he had seen upon the hill; a creature so exquisite, so sweet, so wonderful! Compared with her, how commonplace, how trivial seemed inanimate nature. The breaking of day, the setting of the sun, the bursting of the bud, the crash of thunder—what were they when compared with the lifting of a beautiful woman's eyelid, the touch of her hand, the soft murmur of her voice?

All the man in him cried aloud for that woman. One sight of her had killed every desire to look at everything else. Nothing else mattered. In an instant he had seen the emptiness, the incompleteness of his life. He wanted that woman. He wanted to lie at her feet and watch her mouth as she smiled. He wanted to feel her cool hand on his face, to taste her breath, to hold her tight in his arms, to kiss her hair and eyes and lips. The birds had their mates, the very flowers knew the joy of marriage. Was he to be the one man in the world to remain unsatisfied?

He asked himself these things as he paced the house. When he went into the sitting room, however, he kept his eyes away from the direction of the fireplace. There was a look in the eyes of the photograph that he could not meet.

His dinner remained untouched. The son of his father's dead sheep dog licked his hand, and received no affectionate word. Old Sloke got no response to his nervous "Good night." The canaries in the cage in the window sat blinking at the lamp. No one had put the cover over the cage. The clock struck nine and ten and eleven, and still young Ashley paced the long room. Then suddenly he cried out, "Father, father!" and ran hatless into the night.

John Ashley stopped at the grave of his father. It had been dug at the farthest corner of the churchyard, away from the graves of the people who had not left the world by a shorter cut than death takes them, but in consecrated ground, for the parson was a humble man, who cultivated some of the spirit of his Master, and paid little heed to the ignorant and pompous hypocrisy of his kind.

A plain, square stone marked the place where the man lay who died forgiving. The letters of his name, "John Everard Campbell Ashley," were not yet blurred by the passing of time, and the sentence beneath them stood out clearly: "For I loved."

"Father," whispered young Ashley, "father!"

He paused for an instant and listened. The leaves of a weeping willow rustled softly.

Young Ashley bent lower over the stone.

"Father, all women are not like that—not all women. Even you forgave, and left me here to go to the one you loved. Father!"

He bent still lower, and flung his arm over the stone caressingly.

"You asked too much of me. I can't keep my promise. Let me off. I was happy until I understood what it meant to go without. Until yesterday I never had a wish to break my promise. But now you must let me off. You must. I love too—madly as you did—at once, and forever. There's no fighting it. Wherever she goes I must go. Father!"

He listened again. His voice, when he spoke next, was no longer pleading; it was eager, hopeful, excited.

"Father, you should see her! She isn't the kind of woman to treat me as you were treated. She is different. She is like a flower—a sweet, slim flower. I thought when I came upon her that she was growing where she stood. When I knew that she was a woman I ran away. Ah, ha! think of that. I can't live alone any longer. I know now that it isn't life alone. It is a—a mere pretence; not the real thing. Why shouldn't I be allowed to live? I say that she isn't a woman who isn't worthy of a man's whole love. She is too beautiful, too wonderful for that. I must be let off and take my chance. Father, don't stand in my way. Father, father!"

Young Ashley drew back and rested for a long, listening moment on his knees. Then with a little cry, half gladness, half excitement, queerly boyish, he leant over the stone and kissed the letters of the name.

Then he rose and flung back his head and squared his shoulders. The cloud passed away from the moon, and its light showed a face aglow, with shining eyes and a smile on the lips.

Walking quickly, young Ashley left the churchyard, made his way through the village and back through the copse. The branches and roots did their best more eagerly than ever to hold him back. But on went Ashley, young Ashley—and the way he considered the right way was the way he wanted to go.

On the hill where the little woman of the world has risen, young Ashley stopped and flung out his arms. A feeling of enormous relief passed over him. He was free! Free, and still friends with his father.

And he was in love for the first time in his life. He joyed in it. It was delicious. He would marry her, of course, and take her home to his farm, or go into the world with her. Where, it didn't matter, so long as she was at his side. God! what a day! Books were all very well once. Pictures were all very well in the old days. Nature, whose every mood he understood, was all very well so long ago. But what were they as compared to flesh and blood, the beauty, the grace, the mystery of a woman?

"Dead things," he cried, "dead things. I want life!"

CHAPTER VI.

The Mountain Goes to Mahomet.

"I WENT out to my hill again this afternoon," wrote little Mrs. Blundell—"but my man wasn't there. The grass was still flat and sorry for itself where his great body had been; and, having nothing better to do, I sat there to wait for him.

"I had plenty to think about. I had that morning received, among the batch you sent me from the flat, a most insolent, and yet a most ingenious letter from Valentine Worthing. He said, in effect, that he had all along perfectly well understood the game I had been playing with him, and that he had been playing precisely the same game with me. Of course I don't believe this. It is so easy to guess the solution of a riddle after one has been told the answer. My suddenly going away gave him the cue to my pastime. But I couldn't feel any annoyance with him. All I felt was that, after all, he was merely an ordinary, commonplace person, with the addition of a hideous deformity. What, I confess, did anger me were the letters from my tradespeople asking me for immediate settlement. What a peculiar race tradespeople are. Immediate settlement is the most ridiculous expression. Of course, naturally—like any one else who is expected to do with the pittance of a naval officer's wife—I am hideously in debt. My dressmaker's bill makes my blood run cold. What Evelyn will say I can conceive only too well. That one of Friola's alone would, if settled as it stands, swamp a year's pay! And I have repeatedly assured him that I have done extremely well on the allowance he made me. I know what it means. It means that I shall have to devote all my time and all my best smiles to him to get him to write to his uncle for the money. He'll kick, anyhow. He calls it eating the pie of humiliation to borrow money. In the end the payment I shall make him for doing so will heal his wounded pride—but at what inconvenience to me!

"Well, I waited on our hill in this ecstatic mood for two hours, and I believe I should have been there two hours longer but for a sudden clap of thunder, following a vivid flash of lightning. Without my noticing them, a great bank of clouds had been gathering behind me. I jumped up as the first spot of rain hit me—positively hit me—on the cheek. With it—what an odd thing the brain is!—came a sudden inspiration. Time was short, and as Mahomet wouldn't come to the mountain, the mountain would have to go to Mahomet. Do you see? I made up my mind to take advantage of the storm, make my way quickly to his farm house, run to the door with my best expression of timid fright, and beg for shelter.

"This I did, half regretting it when I found that I was bound to cover at least a mile and a half. My dear, it came down, literally, in buckets. Luckily I had on one of my oldest frocks, for it was wringing wet in no time. Every time a flash came and the flame darted about among the trees, I wished I hadn't come. Every time I saw how my frock clung to me, I was glad I had. I was dead beat when at last, a drowned rat, I reached the farm. I wasn't sure that it was his farm, but it was the only one about, so I ran up to the door and rang the bell. It was opened by an old man, with a prim, crinkled face, who looked as though he saw a ghost. I begged him to let me sit somewhere out of the storm, giving him a faint, sweet smile. Gasping with surprise and with a wistful attempt at politeness, he asked me to enter the master's room.

"My heart jumped. The blinds were down, the fire irons and the glass were covered up with a cloth. I stood for a moment, looking around—such a lovely old room, beautifully furnished—and the old person murmured something about fetching his wife and ran off.

"The old woman came almost at once. A nice old body, quite flustered with excitement. 'Oh, poor lady,' she cried; 'such a beautiful dress too!' And then, talking all the time, she ran upstairs, and presently came down with a towel and a man's dressing gown and slippers. Shutting the door, talking nineteen to the dozen, she undid my frock, rubbed my hands and face, took off my hat and shoes and stockings, put on the dressing gown—'Mr. Ashley's,' she said—his, Milly dear!—and then ran to the kitchen with my wet things.

"Isn't my luck astounding? Here was I, not only in his own room, but in his own room in such a helpful costume! Think of it from the purely artistic point of view. The dressing gown—evidently one John Ashley wore in his early youth—showed my neck, and my ankles and feet—my feet thrust into a pair of red list slippers of the most elephantine description. The rain had made my always curly hair all the more curly. I felt like Trilby in the studio, and I'm sure I looked infinitely sweeter than the one I saw.

"Suddenly I heard a deep voice; then two others excitedly joining in. The door opened and the old woman came in, followed by—oh, what luck is mine!—my untamed man of the woods, my primeval giant."

Mrs. Blundell put her pen down, threw back her head, and burst into a peal of laughter. The silver notes of it danced about the little room long after she started writing again.

"For some time he stood in the doorway, his handsome, unusual head almost touching the framework, blushing like a school boy. I stood up, timid, shy, constrained, clutching the dressing gown nervously about me, wordless, like an image in a play. The old woman, with all the latent romance in her nature stirred, babbled the story of my arrival, while the old man got a word in here and there, whenever she was positively obliged to stop for breath. The situation was immensely amusing. What more picturesque introduction to him could I have posibly desired?

"'I will go and make some tea for the young lady, sir,' said the old woman at last. 'Come, Jesse, quick.' The door closed upon them, and we were alone.

"Have you ever experienced that horrible desire to laugh in church, or at a funeral, or in the midst of some quiet serious scene at the theatre? The desire to laugh inordinately seized me then. Luckily a sneeze came, and gave me relief, or I feel certain I should have fallen into the nearest chair and yelled!

"My dear Milly, his face was a picture. It was positively alight! His eyes danced and gleamed with pleasure and excitement. He looked at me as though he could have eaten me. But he made no attempt to speak. He simply stood behind a tall black chair (quite a good chair, excellently carved, and so old), leaning on the back of it, gazing at me.

"'I—I am so very sorry to put everybody to so much trouble,' I said, in that high pitched, girlish voice which has always been one of my most valuable stock in trades. 'I don't think I ever remember such a violent storm. I am dreadfully nervous of lightning.'

"I paused and looked up at him. A smile passed over his face. It had the most extraordinary effect upon it. It looked as a field looks when a sudden shaft of sun sweeps across it. But he said nothing. I don't think he was nervous or shy as we mean it ordinarily. He merely seemed infinitely delighted in a boyish kind of way. He made me feel as though I were a new horse, or the latest gun presented to him on his birthday. At first his continuous, wide-eyed stare made me quite uncomfortable, and I don't think he listened to a single word of my small talk. He simply stood there, in an easy, unselfconscious attitude, his deeply tanned hands clasped round the back of the chair, devouring me.

"I babbled on. I said how very kind he was to take me in, how very sorry I was to put his servants to any inconvenience, and what a lovely old house it seemed to be. Quite twenty minutes of this one sided conversation went on—if a conversation can be called one sided when one person replies silently through the medium of extremely expressive eyes, and says things which no one except a poet would have the pluck to say, unless he were engaged to be married.

"I confess I was a little relieved when the old couple brought in a tea tray. I had begun to feel that I had exhausted every subject of a commonplace nature I had ever thought about.

"'Shall I pour out the tea?' I asked, with a tiny, timid smile, when we were alone again.

"'Thank you,' he said.

"And all the time he stood in front of me, watching me intently with an interest almost whimsical. It made the old occupation almost a new one, when I suddenly remembered that I was the first woman—gentlewoman—who had ever done so for him. He bowed as he took his cup in his hand, watched me as I stirred mine and sipped it.

"Having nothing more to say, and not feeling the need of making conversation, I contented myself with returning his smile when I caught his rapt eyes, and ate. The run, and the cooler air, had made me ravenous, and the cakes were home made and perfectly delicious. And while I ate and drank I looked about me. Such a dear old room, Milly—just the sort of room one reads about in books, and so rarely comes across in real life. It was long and narrow—at least its length gave it the appearance of narrowness—and was lined, five feet from the old oak floor, with bulging book shelves, except where the great Dutch fireplace stood.

"The whole place fitted my giant like a glove. It was all, like him, so good to look at, so simple, so upright, so clean, picturesque, and unconscious. It all, like him, seemed to be utterly behind the times, utterly unknowing, utterly unspoilt. And as he stood there, tanned a brick dust color, with his eyes clear and steady and childlike, his eyebrows and hair burnt copper, his back broad and straight, his long, well-set legs firm and strong; upon my honor, he seemed to be related to the Scotch firs, the very child of the old wonderful books, the dark, beautiful prints.

"When I looked at him, after all these things had flashed through my head, there he was still standing in front of me, untouched cup in hand, watching.

"Any other man would have been boorish, impossible. But oddly enough, I looked for nothing else in my giant.

"Nothing that he could have said, of course, could have fed my vanity half so satisfactorily as this long, silent, meaning stare. Every second the expression in his eyes changed. Wonder came, love came—that new-born wonderful love—the first love—passion came. But not, I must own, till in an experimental way I slipped my foot out of its red felt barge, and pushed it out from under the dressing gown. Then he clutched the chair tight and turned his eyes away, with quick breath coming and going, and when he looked again my foot was out of sight.

"Oh, Milly, what a power it is! Beast or not, I know nothing in this world that gives me so keen, so delirious a pleasure as the exercise of it. I feel almost magical. It gives me the faculty of turning a man into a hungry animal—even such a man as this one, who is ashamed and fearful, and who, for choice, would forget everything except just that I am beautiful and dainty and ethereal.

"But I had broken the spell. He put down his cup and awoke. His smile became self-conscious and nervous. He fidgeted shyly, began sentences and left them unfinished. Luckily, the old woman came in and said my dress was dry, and the storm had passed some time. There would be no more lightning. And so, with a smile as nervous as his own, and every bit as shy, I hurried after the old body out of the room and upstairs to hers.

"It cost me half a sovereign. I would gladly have paid fifty times that amount for the afternoon.

"I dressed quietly, listening to the garrulous chatter of the well-meaning dame—my frock was utterly ruined—and then followed her down to the hall.

"'Good-bye, Mr. Ashley,' I said, giving him my hand timidly. 'Thank you so much!'

"He took my hand for an instant, and then letting it go said, stammering, 'May I . . . may I . . .'

"'Oh, that's very kind of you. Indeed I shall be delighted. I think the storm has made me nervous.'

"On the face of the old woman as she watched us go out together there was a peculiar smile in which I could read a reawakened romance, an almost pathetic hope. But the old man scowled at me. I was a new invention, and therefore—he was thoroughly English—a danger. I had the satisfaction of knowing that I was the first unvillagy woman—I hate the word lady, it reeks of tram-cars and clearance sales and suburban tea-fights—who had ever been seen with 'the master.'

"'The white dust of the morning had become mud. Pools had formed along the edges of the road. The freshness of everything was contagious. We both walked on springs. For no reason at all we both laughed. We were like two school-children let loose after school. I believe if I had started running helter-skelter along the road he would have chased me.

"All his shyness faded. With the pride of the proprietor he pointed out to me the excellence of the crops, laughingly explaining the difference between corn and barley, barley and oats. He never referred to his first meeting me on the hill, but he referred to the hill, and told me—no doubt thinking what a diplomatic touch it was—that he always spent a certain amount of time there every day in the Summer, reading.

"'To-morrow,' he added, 'I shall be there in the afternoon.'

"The sun had begun to set when I got back to the cottage. My dear, we had taken two hours to walk two miles. This time he had done all the talking, and if I needed any convincing on the subject, he had convinced me as to his being the most interesting person on whom to exercise my peculiar gifts of any I had ever met. He had proved what a boy he was, and what a man he was, how immense was his knowledge of Nature, and how infinitesimal of human nature—what an artist he was, and what a Goth. Oh, my dear, I feel that I am going to have some of the most enjoyable days I shall ever have in my life."

CHAPTER VII.

Love's Golden Key.

A SMILE was still playing round his mouth as Ashley swung into the road. He had removed his cap to Mrs. Blundell with the air of a Quixote. He had not forgotten to put it back. He kept his head bare to the soft breeze as a tribute to her as he made his way unconsciously to the hill where he had seen her first.

He stood there erect and firm as the sun slipped away.

A thousand voices sang to him. It was a new song, a song he had never heard before. It stirred and soothed and excited him. It made him smile and tremble. It filled him with fear and joy. Love had thrust her golden key into his long-closed heart, turned it in the rusty lock, and flung the door wide open.

He understood everything. He had not been living hitherto. He had thought that it was right that life should get everything out of him that was in him to devote to it. Now he knew that he should get everything out of life that there was in it to devote to him. The whole aspect of things was suddenly changed. It was as though someone had suddenly planted him on his feet after he had been standing all his life on his head.

He was amazed to think that he could have spent all his years in such a position. Everything, for the first time, looked right. The sun became his servant instead of his master, the earth his very good friend, instead of a tyrant at whose very change of mood he shuddered. Everything that had seemed great became tiny, minute, a matter of slight consequence. What did it matter now if frost spoilt his early roots, rain his crops? Nothing. Nothing mattered!

To Be Continued Next Sunday.



"I never felt so thoroughly warmed and contented with myself as I did when my eyes met his."

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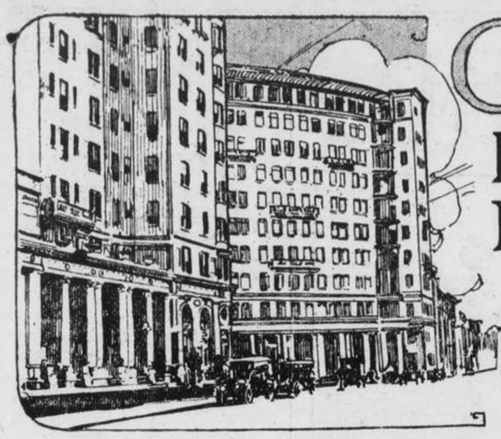

CITY LIFE SECTION

BEST HUMOR, MOVING PICTURES, VAUDEVILLE.

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 27, 1913.



For a grand finish in the American-Georgian Pony Contest vote the - - - -

RED LETTER BALLOT

There are only a few days left for work, but the winners can play for years

A LITTLE PIN MONEY FOR THE CABINET

By T. E. POWERS, the Famous Cartoonist

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"Who's the Boss?"

How Ray Conlin, the Ventriloquist, and His Wise Little Dummy Made 'Em Laugh in Vaudeville.

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RAY—Terry, I called a rehearsal for you and me this afternoon, and you didn't show up. Where were you?

TERRY—Looka here, guy; you can call as many rehearsals as you want, but you can't call me. I'm too busy in the afternoons to monkey with you.

RAY—Why, what are you so busy about?

TERRY—Didn't show up, didn't I? You better look out or I'll show you up. Who are you, anyway? Don't try to tell me——

RAY—No, I want you to tell me. I'm interested. How are you busy?

TERRY—Well, I'm in the show business. I played "The Silver King" this afternoon.

RAY—What part did you take?

TERRY—I took the silver.

RAY—You ought to be satisfied with that.

TERRY—I was; but a little later I played the king, then some mean guy played the ace, and I lost all my silver.

RAY—When I couldn't find you this afternoon I went over to the theatre to hear my brother sing a ditty.

TERRY—Did he?

RAY—Now don't get funny or I'll ruin your features.

TERRY—Why don't you go ahead and choke me? Then people will think we're Dutch comedians.

RAY—Say, Terry, my wife has been rather troublesome lately. Now have you heard any new ways to make a woman stop talking?

TERRY—I suppose you mean have I heard any new gags?

RAY—Oh, I didn't mean that; but as long as you mentioned it, go ahead.

TERRY—Here's one. How can you make ice water without ice?

RAY—It can't be done.

TERRY—Cinch. Skin an onion. That'll make your eyes water.

RAY—Do you believe in dreams?

TERRY—Yes, if they're sixteen or over. Next joke.

RAY—What's the difference between a Hebrew and a banana?

TERRY—You can skin a banana. That's slippin' one over.

RAY—I don't like those three-for-a-nickel jokes.

TERRY—All right. Here's a twenty-five-center: If the fare to Coney Island on the boat was a dollar, how would you get there for a quarter?

RAY—Easy. Go on the car.

TERRY—No. I mean on the boat.

RAY—How?

TERRY—Go up on the quarter-deck.

RAY—Is that the best you can do?

TERRY—Say, it's not my fault if we're not getting laughs enough. I'm tired of being called rotten on account of your bum jokes. As for myself, I'm good, I am. Where would you be without me, hey?

RAY—I don't know, Terry.

TERRY—Well. And I'm tired of being shut up all the time, too. After this I'll stay at the hotel and you'll sleep in the trunk. Now I'll give you one more chance. This is an old gag, but it gets across if you pull it right. As the rooster said, it's all in the way you pullet.

RAY—I'm sorry, Terry. I apologize. Ask me the joke, and I'll do my best to please you.

TERRY—Well' I'll try you, you big bonebean. Now here's the joke: Why is an old maid like a tomato?

RAY—I don't know, Terry. Why is an old maid like a tomah-to?

TERRY—Tomah-to? Oh, you proud person. Gee, you're getting stuck up since you've been making three dollars a week. How do you suppose I can crack the joke when you say tomah-to?

RAY—That's the correct way to say it in keen society, Terry.

TERRY—Oh, it is? And you think you can gum my joke because you think you're in keen society, do you? Well, I'll fool you. I'll answer it your way. Because an old maid can't get anybody but a tomah-to can.

RAY—Is that the reason? I thought it was because inasmuch as it was impossible for her to lock her door with a wedlock, therefore it was entirely unreasonable to expect her to be able to partake of connubial bliss, to wit, the nuptials.

TERRY—And they shot men like Rosenthal!

RAY—Do you think we better give them the telephone joke?

TERRY—We'll have to get their number somehow.

RAY—I'm afraid we can't. The phone's broke.

TERRY—Well, it's got nothing on us.

RAY—There's just one thing more. All good ventriloquists close the show by taking their dummies and going through the audience. Come on, we'll do that.

TERRY—Go through the audience? Not me. I'm no pickpocket. What is this, anyway, a hold-up? Just because you hold me up all the time I suppose you think the audience will stand for it, too.

RAY—All right, if you insist on our remaining poor we'll go back to the Punch and Judy show.

News from the Summer Resorts

By Our Own Staff of Correspondents

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WETHURST-BY-THE-SEA.

HORTENSE MACGOWAN, who has been at the Idylwilde House for seven seasons trying to catch a rich husband, announces her engagement to Col. MacBoodle, who is ninety-one years old. She has promised Mrs. Simpkins, of the Idylwilde House, to come back next Summer, but she won't promise as much for the Colonel.

WEST AURORA.

Major Stompkins has opened his camp on Aurora Lake, but won't take any fishermen this season because he can't. He forgot he stored some dynamite in the stove last Fall, and built up a fire in it. Fortunately he was out to the woodshed when the dynamite opened up the camp, and so he got out of it with only two broken legs.

MYSTIC ISLAND.

Professor Ervington Skinner has come up from the South and opened up his Hythought Colony. He is pretty late, but we understand he was detained at Atlanta on Government affairs concerning the United States mails.

Quite a lot of excitement happened over to the Hythought camp yesterday. A sudden squall blowed one of the tents into the water and Dr. Swam-eye Punjab Ofer Cush, as he calls himself, got tangled up in the guy ropes and was nearly drowned before your correspondent, who was out in a boat, rescued him. The Doc's long black hair come off in the water and his own hair underneath it was short and kinky. We recognized him at once as the man who was a porter up to the Crestville House last Summer.

Dr. Swam-eye Punjab Ofer Cush, we are informed by Prof. Skinner, has been suddenly called back to India.

FORDING.

Miss Etta Schwartz and her sister, Miss Lena Schwartz, two pretty Spanish girls from Omaha, are stopping at the Smith Cottage.

Doc Feeble has been very busy of late attending the younger guests at the Center House. Doc says one more green apple season will enable him to buy that automobile runabout he wants.

FLAT HILL.

The Winniegeethumpett House is so full of guests the proprietors, Bill and Joe Snodgrass, had to sleep on the dining-room tables all last week.

Souvenir postcards at Baker's Hardware Store, three cents each or three for ten cents.—*Advt.*

Miss Hyacinth Snooks, who had the misfortune to lose her right eye when she fell off a hayrack day before yesterday, is able to be out now. Little Ben Honus found it and took it home with him, thinking it was a glass marble. His mother knew it belonged to Miss Snooks the moment she saw Ben playing with it, and made him take it back.

SOUTH UTOPIA.

Old Man Jepson, proprietor of the Jepson House, who would have married Melinda Babbitt a fortnight ago if she hadn't eloped with a married boarder, was married last night to Jane Doolittle, who took Melinda's place as waitress at the hotel. As soon as the boarder season is over they're going up to Jane's mother's on their honeymoon.

To Let—By the day or hour, a horse and team suitable for ladies with rubber tires. Utopia Livery Stable.—*Advt.*

Morris Levinsky, a Scotchman from Bronx, N. Y., has been hired to lay out a golf link near the Utopia Hotel. The Scotch know all about golf, which is played with highballs.

CHEBUNG.

Mrs. Elvira Stebbins has three boarders at her home on the South Road.

Charles R. Stebbins, of the Intervale farm, has enlarged his house and is taking in Summer boarders.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stebbins, of this village, are expecting the Robinsons back again for the Summer.

The Rev. Augustus Stebbins has gone to New York for his annual vacation.

Miss Myrtle Stebbins was married last Tuesday to Clarence Parker Stebbins, a third cousin, who lives on the North Road.

Doctor Stebbins was called to go to the Lower Mills last week to set the leg of little Eben Stebbins, who broke it by falling out of a tree. He was visiting his uncle, Horace Stebbins, at the time.

We are informed that John J. Stebbins, of this town, has prepared a bill to be introduced in the Legislature to change the name of Chebung to Stebbinsville. Mr. Stebbins is a lawyer and a blacksmith, besides being proprietor of the Stebbins House and manufacturer of Stebbins' Horse Liniment.

WOODY DALE.

A man came up from the city last week and brought three shade trees which he set out in front of the Woody Dale Inn. Counting the dead elm in front of the postoffice which was struck by lightning seven years ago, we now have eleven trees in this village.

Remember you can get gasoline, caramels, films, whetstones, fish hooks, paper collars, spectacles, maple syrup and postage stamps at the Bon-Ton Millinery Store, 15 Main street, Woody Dale.—*Advt.*

E. E. Adams and wife are registered at the Woody Dale Inn. They also brought along their two months old son.

LAKE PUNKESTBYGOSH.

A terrible accident happened at Hotel de Neemic. Your correspondent recorded the event of securing a mechanical piano for this hotel some weeks ago. But some thoughtless guest left her chewing gum attached to the roller some way and now the gum is all through the vitals of the piano and the thing plays ragtime when it oughtn't.

More strictly fresh canned goods at Wiggin's general store.—*Advt.*

We have learned what the Mr. Wilson's business is. He is the man who is stopping at the Lakeside Inn who told your correspondent in a joking manner some time ago his business was minding his own. He's a Wumpus trainer, he told us so himself.

Up and Down With The Atlanta Dean Of Elevator Men

ALL persons who have ever been in the Atlanta National Bank building, which means everybody in Atlanta from first to last, have seen Evander G. Griggs. His particular private realm is elevator No. 1, which he has operated year after year, since the skyscraper first was laid down. In fact, he is the dean of the elevator boys of Atlanta, and he has seen many interesting things.

As to personal appearance, he has a tender eye and a bushy red mustache. His voice is soft as it drawls out "Second Floor," or whatever the stop may be. But his hand has always been true and firm in handling the lever of his car.

This charioteer of the skyscraper has many stories to tell like these:

* * *

I've had a lot of ups and downs. In fact, I might say that my life in the pursuit of my profession—please remember that it is a profession—has been just ups and downs. But with it all I've met doctors and lawyers and butchers and bakers and candlestick makers—there are all sorts of men in this building, and all of them ride this elevator, and all are interesting.

Speaking of lawyers reminds me of one who came here six years or so ago. He was just a kid then, but he's getting along pretty well now. But for a long time it was mighty hard pickings for him.

Every afternoon when my car passed his office late in the afternoon, I would hear a bell ringing on the other side of the closed door. I wondered what it was for a long time, as I knew he had no telephone—he couldn't afford one.

Finally I met him one day with an alarm clock under his arm.

"Taking it home, eh?" I said. "Good thing at this time of the year. Everybody is likely to oversleep himself these mornings."

The young lawyer smiled.

"I didn't buy that clock to wake me up in the mornings," he confessed. "I keep it here to wake me when it's time to go home."

* * *

There used to be a tailor up on the eighth floor, and he was about the best person in the world when it came to jollying customers. Some of them would come up with a grouch, and go back smiling. They told me their troubles, a lot of them. As a matter of fact, many people tell me their troubles.

One day a fellow went up cussing about the suit he had just bought. He had it on, and it fit about as well as a horse blanket—and looked something like one. He said he was going to take it back, and not pay a cent.

After a while he came back. He was still wearing the same suit and a downcast face.

"What's the matter?" I asked him. "Ain't he going to fix the suit?"

"Oh, he said, dolefully. "The suit's all right. I just found out that I'm too fat here, too thick here, and my legs are too short."

* * *

In one of the offices up three or four floors, there was a visitor one day whom everybody in the establishment liked and joked with. Soon after he came in, there entered a woman soliciting for a charitable enterprise. The proprietor, wishing to play a joke on the visitor, told the woman to "ask the boss," pointing to him.

But Mr. Visitor wasn't a bit put out by this. He turned quickly to the proprietor, who is a little fellow, and said:

"Boy, give this lady a dollar out of the drawer."

And he did.

* * *

One of the best known men in the building is H. M. Patty, the lawyer. The other day I heard them tell a story about him, although I can't vouch for the truth of it. You know, Mr. Patty is always up to writing poetry. According to the story, he went to see a doctor one day, feeling rather out of sorts.

"Now," said the doctor, "you are not in good shape, and I must absolutely forbid all brain work."

"But, doctor," insisted the lawyer-poet, "may I not write some verses?"

"Oh, sure," the doctor said, and laughed. "You can write all the verses you want to."

* * *

Do you know, there is no limit to good, hearty laughs in this world. No class of people, no profession among men, is without its jokers. And I, riding men of every calling, hear them all tell typical stories.

For instance, the other day there were a number of ministers in the building. And this is the story one of them told on the cloth:

A convocation of ministers, he said, had just taken place when a man went one day to buy some frying chickens from old Aunt Sally, who generally had plenty for sale.

"Why Lor' me! All my chickens done entered de ministry, sah!" exclaimed the old woman when he told her what he wanted.

* * *

One of the best known men in the building is Lawyer E. F. Childress, who has been in his present quarters for years and years, almost since the building was erected, and so long that the corner on the second floor, where his office is placed, is generally known as Childress' Crossing. Anyhow, he tells a lot of stories, and good ones. Here is one of his:

A woman was in a law court when she was asked her age, and answered "Thirty-five."

"But," objected the Judge, "you were before me two years ago, and you said then that you were thirty-five."

"Your Honor," she loftily replied, "I am not one who would say one thing at one time, and another thing at another time."

* * *

As there are so many lawyers in the building, a good bit of the talk that we hear in the elevators is about politics. Nowadays they deal largely in gossip and discussion of the woman suffrage question. The other day I took a party of lawyers up.

"Here's a good one," said one of the lawyers, "I heard it just to-day."

It seems that three newly wedded men were talking of their homes.

"I've a kitchenette in my flat," said one.

"That's nothing," said another, "I have a cellarette in mine."

The third one sighed.

"I've got a suffragette in mine," he announced.

* * *

The same party came down at lunch time. They started again the suffragette talk.

"Here's one to match the story you told this morning," said one of the bunch. This is what he told:

A rich woman who believed ardently in woman suffrage, allowed her groom to go to town on one election day.

"Well, James," she said, enviously, when he returned, "I suppose you have been exercising the franchise?"

With a touch of his forehead, James answered: "Please, ma'am, which horse is that?"

* * *

The next day the third member of the party had a suffragette story, too. Here it is:

"What brought you here, my man?" asked a jail visitor of a prisoner.

"I married a new woman, sur," was the reply.

"Aha! and she was so domineering and extravagant that it drove to desperate courses, eh?"

"No," answered the prisoner. "The old woman turned up."

Jeff Simply Wanted To Be Sure of a Hearing--- By Bud Fisher

Mutt and Jeff Appear Every Day in The Atlanta Georgian.

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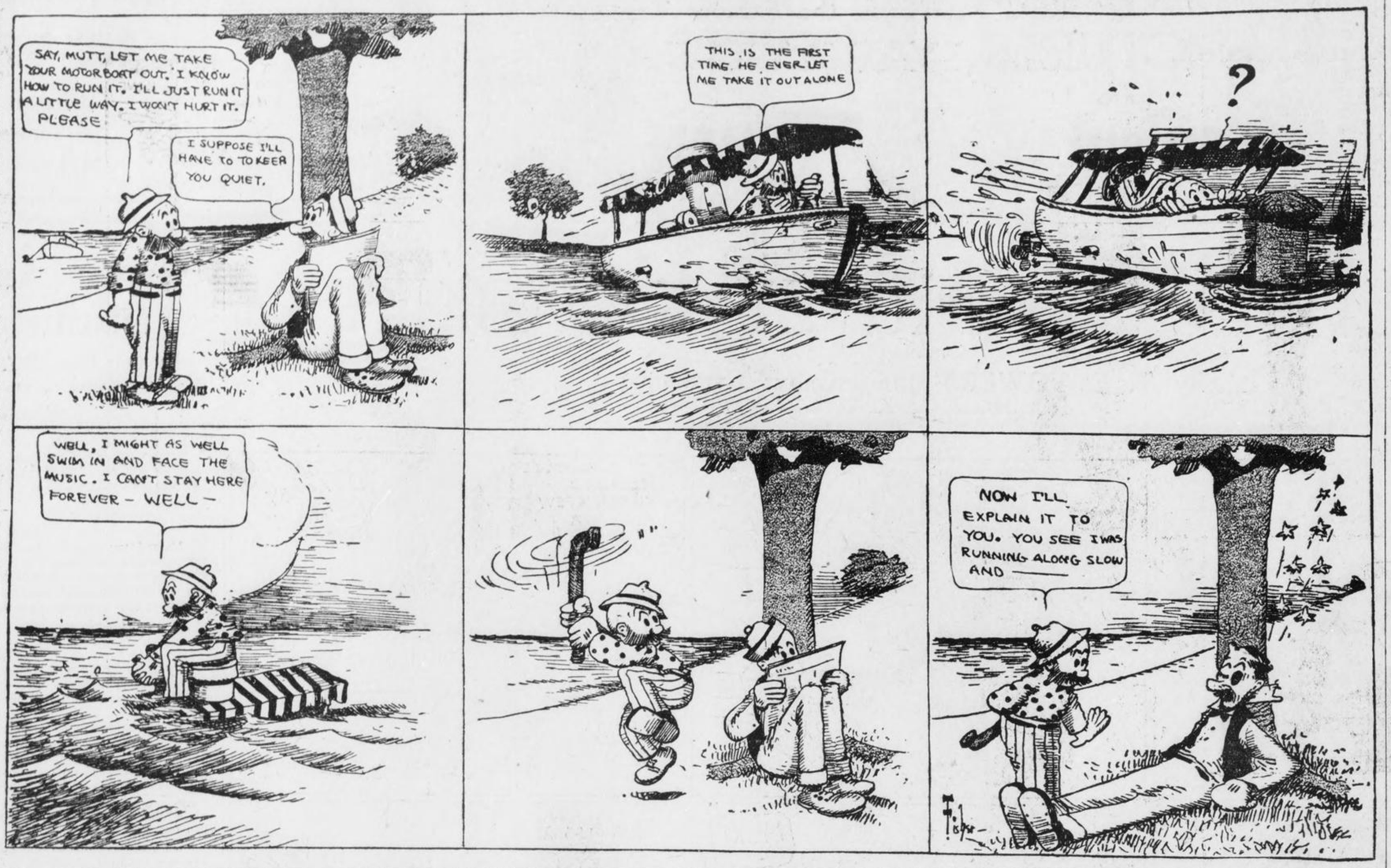

Society Notes from Bugville

By HARVEY PEAKE.

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MR. AND MRS. SLEEK-BLACK BEETLE gave a dance on Thursday for their debutante daughter, Miss Lady Bug, in the parlors of the Pumpkin Hotel. The rooms were lighted throughout with new incandescent fireflies and the walls were hung with festoons of cobwebs, held in place with clusters of mustard seed. All of the smartest society of Bugville was present.

At the morning musical given by Mr. and Mrs. Catterpiller on Friday the following artists appeared: Miss Katy Did sang a soprano solo, Mr. Mosquito sang a tenor aria, the Fly sisters were encored enthusiastically for their buzzing duet, Mr. Locust played an exquisite 'cello solo upon his hind legs, Mrs. Bee gave a contralto solo and a chorus of wasps sang a stirring number entitled "Sting Me to Sleep."

Mr. and Mrs. Flea, who have so long resided in the frame structure owned by Mr. Towser, will, on the first of the month, move into the Fido flats.

Mr. and Mrs. Centipede gave a grubworm dinner on Thursday to granddaddy Longlegs, in honor of his eightieth birthday.

The wedding of Miss Spider and Mr. Fly was solemnized last evening at the Church of the Holy Cobweb, the Reverend Brown Moth presiding. The church was beautifully decorated with bits of thistledown delicately caught together in the most unexpected places. A choir, made up of the groom's relatives, buzzed the wedding chorus from "The Sugar Bowl."

The beautiful ceremony of the silken coil was used and was witnessed by practically all of Bugville's best society.

Grim Fairy Tales

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HAND laundries.

Warranted for one year.

"I've had a lovely time."

Straight fronts.

"You don't look a day over twenty-three."

Private dining rooms.

All men are born free and equal.

No place like home.

"Thank you, I'd just as soon stand."

3 p. m. edition.

"We'd love to have you call."

Cheaper than paying rent.

Boneless fish.

"I'd as soon have cider as champagne."

"Till death do us part."

"If elected I shall serve the common people."

Official temperatures.

"I came unprepared to speak."

Epitaphs.

* * * to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

Reduced from $1.50 to 69 cents.

Telephone Service.

"Oh, What a Pretty Baby!"

The Golden Rule.

Beauty Is Only Skin Deep.

Love in a Cottage.

Absense Makes the Heart Grow Fonder.

"I Do."

It Was Only a Baby After All

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EVERYTHING was as calm and serene at Gilthurst-on-the-Long-Green as a Sunday afternoon on the Dead Sea.

Which was as it should be. There was never a ripple to disturb the dignified calm, the ultra-refined, super-aristocratic atmosphere of the highest-priced Summer resort in the land.

Mrs. Doughby-Scadds reclined in a tapestry hammock, idly fingering a string of pearls as big as the lump of ice the brigand puts in your refrigerator.

There was absolutely no expression to her face. She could not have gained entrance to this select place with any sort of an expression.

Claude Plunkster Burne motioned his valet to bring him a cigarette.

Miss Waddsoffitt and Algeron Doughhedde were the liveliest ones there. They were annoying the others because they were carrying on a conversation.

"Beastly, isn't it?" said Algeron.

"Beastly," replied Miss Waddsoffitt.

There was a pause of ten minutes.

"It must be getting later," ventured Miss Waddsoffitt.

Algernon tried to think this out for himself, but gave it up.

"Ya'as," he responded.

And so their lively conversation went on.

Colonel Pilesoffitt exerted himself and tossed his cigar butt fully seven inches away.

Horace Billyunns yawned and crossed his legs.

Mrs. Horace Billyuns just yawned.

It was the usual scene of activity at Gilthurst-on-the-Long-Green. In fact it was at the height of the season. The proprietor could not remember when he had seen it so active. At times as many as three people were promenading the wide veranda.

A car approached the great hotel, but being on the sunny side no guests saw it. Some people alighted. They walked through the great hotel and out on the veranda.

Mrs. Doughby-Scadds stared, tossed her pearls aside, stood up and ran to the strange group!

Miss Waddsoffitt and Algernon ran, hand in hand, to see.

Mrs. Dee Vhoo Say flopped out of a hammock, got up, gathered up her skirts and ran to join the party.

Colonel Pilesoffitt forgot his gout and hopped along with Billyunns and his wife.

"Mercy!"

"What is it?"

"How droll?"

"Why—why, I—I believe it is—it looks like—can it be?—It is! It's a BABY!"

Never before had a baby been brought to Gilthurst-on-the-Long-Green!

"I—I didn't know they got bald so early?" stammered Algernon.

"Why doesn't it talk to us?" queried Miss Waddsoffitt.

"Does—he—er—she—that is—it, play golf?" Colonel Pilesoffitt wanted to know.

"It is a real, live baby!" chorused the crowd.

"I—think it must be," declared Mrs. Doughby-Scadds. "I've seen pictures of babies, you know, and the resemblance is striking."

"Why—er—does it—er—belong to some one?" asked Claude.

"I think it does, you know sometimes they do. I should fancy perhaps some one owns it," said Miss Waddsoffitt, who had been to college.

"Yes ma'am," answered the nurse, "it belongs to Mrs. Allgould."

"He's a little beggar, isn't she? Will it have a highball?" inquired the genial Colonel Pilesoffitt.

"I must give him his dinner," said the nurse.

"Set his table right out here, my good woman, and let us watch him eat," urged Algernon.

"Sir!" snapped the nurse, getting red.

"My word," yawned Billyunns, "he must be a bashful little geezer."

"I think," said Mrs. Billyunns, contracting her brow in deep thought, "I think they—er"——

She paused and whispered something to Billyunns.

"You don't say!" he exclaimed. "Oh—ho, that's it, eh? Algeron, come hither, I would talk with you," and they sat down.

The nurse went in with the baby.

Claude Plunkster Burne motioned his valet to bring him another cigarette.

Mrs. Doughby-Scadds called a maid to pick up her pearls.

Colonel Pilesoffitt settled back in a chair and went to sleep. Mrs. Dee Vhoo Say resumed her pastime of looking out over the water.

Algernon Doughedde strolled over and sat down beside Miss Waddsoffitt.

Billyunns crossed his legs and yawned.

Mrs. Billyunns yawned.



"Beastly, isn't it?" commented Algeron.

"Beastly," affirmed Miss Waddsoffitt.

There was a deathly silence for ten minutes.

"I just know it's getting later," asserted Miss Waddsoffitt.

"What, again?" ventured Algernon.

And once in a while the waves broke gently on the sands with a muffled sound.

The Two Brightest Spots in Summer Fiction

ADAM'S CLAY
By the Celebrated Author
COSMO HAMILTON
Now running in The Sunday American. If you have not started it, better do so in this issue. It's full of thrills and sex interest, handled with up-to-date fearlessness.

The Plot for the Pennant
By HUGH S. FULLERTON
The Inventor of Inside Baseball
This great story of a titanic battle in the national game will in the near future be added to the many features which have made The Sunday American the leading paper of the whole South.

Did You Ever Buy a Straw Hat?

By T. E. POWERS, the Famous Cartoonist.

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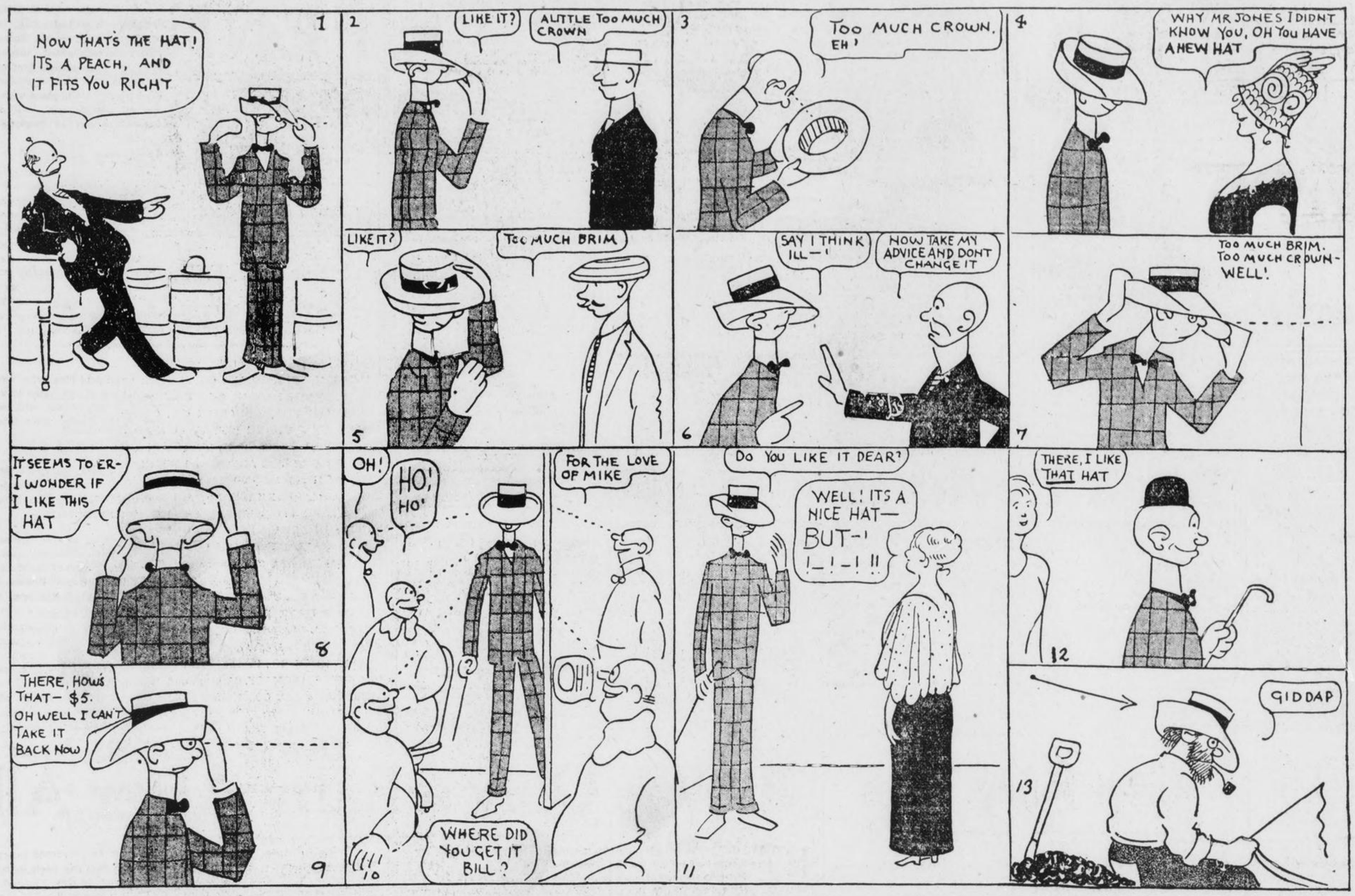

Vacation Limericks

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A SWEET little girl came from Troy,
And splashed in the briny with joy.
She was pretty and neat,
And very discreet,
But when pinched by a crab yelled "Oi, oi!"

THERE was an old man from Mt. Vernon,
Who sat on the beach and kept learnin';
He saw all the sights
In single-piece tights
And kept yearnin' and yearnin' and yearnin'.

A married man from New Rochelle
Went to stop at a Summer hotel,
But his wife came next day
And he faded away.
We know why, but we don't dare to tell!

There was an old dame from Cohoes
Who stood on the lake front to pose.
She slipped off the rock,
Got a terrible shock,
And was wet from her head to her toes!

There was a young girl from Manhattan,
Who went to a farm house to fatten.
She ate and she ate
From early till late,
Now her shape's just like cotton battin'!

There was once a fair maid from Hoboken,
Who accepted a ring as a token,
When the Summer boob said,
"Now we will be wed?"
She laughed and said, "Nix, I was jokin'."

There was once a nice boy from Montclair
Who thought he would like the sea air;
He went to the beach
And met with a peach—
Now they're wed and have their own heir!

"If a Table at Rector's Could Talk"

The Song Hit in "The Follies."

Copyright, by T. B. Harms, Francis Day and Hunter.

THERE is a tavern in our town,
And there at night I set me down,
To dine and wine with laughter free,
For laughter is the only thing that's free at Rector's.
I was sitting at my table laughing all that I was able,
When I thought a funny little thought,
What a funny thing 'twould be
In the year 1—9—1—3,
If a table at Rector's could talk.
What a lot of news you'd hear,
Through your conversation ear,
If a table at Rector's could talk.

You'd hear what someone's Adam said to someone else's Eve,
You'd hear some men don't have to wear a mustache to deceive,
You'd hear how wide his tailor made your poker partner's sleeve,
You'd hear of horses that lose in a walk,
You'd hear how Susie Spotlight does it on eighteen per week,
You'd hear who made the Manager give her them lines to speak,
And a lot of men would pony up a lot of alimony,
If a table at Rector's could talk.

You'd know the chumps behind the checks of half the girls in town,
You'd know where Fannie Few Clothes bought her home-made Paris gown,
You'd hear somebody's right name, and if you'd just stick around
You'd hear a secret pop with every cork.
You'd hear who put the welcome on a certain mat uptown,
You'd hear who's hand is slipping on a job he's holding down,
And some good old reputations would start off on long vacations,
If a table at Rector's could talk.

You'd hear how wise that boob is there who sets just like a jay,
You'd hear about the bucket shops he backs on old Broadway,
You'd hear that white-haired waiter you just tipped your last week's pay
Will build the biggest hotel in New York,
You'd hear why Mister Man downtown is acting kind of strange,
You'd hear he happens to be with his own wife for a change,
And a lot of folks that we know would be packing trunks for Reno!
If a table at Rector's could talk,

Absence makes the heart grow fonder:

THE MORNING SMILE

Wex Jones, Editor

and also makes the missus grow suspicious.

VOL. II. Atlanta, Ga., Sunday, July 27, 1913. No. 34.

Free Bananas!

Country Aroused, Demands Removal of Tax from Poor Man's Fruit (or Is It Vegetable?)

TAKE the tariff bars down. Let the banana come in free.

If the Democratic party fails in this, let it beware. It will slip up!

Never has there been such unanimity of opinion among all classes and all political beliefs.

JAMES McGUFFLE, president of the Free Banana Marching Society: "The banana must be free. It is the poor man's fruit. True, few of the poor men ever eat one, but that's because they don't know it's their own fruit."

R. TIBIA, president of the Bone-setters' Union: "The duty on bananas is a crying disgrace to the country. Every bone-setter in the United States favors the free importation of bananas. Our union is about to adopt the banana as its official fruit."

JOSEPH MILLER, founder of the Jokesmiths' Association: "The more bananas, the more jokes. Off with the duty, men."

SHRIMP FLYNN, president of the Malgunnated Baseball Lege of America: "I am in faver of free bananers. They are good to eat and the skins is good to drop before a other kid when he's runnin'."

Now will the government act?

OUR WEEKLY HEALTH HINT.
Never wash with boiling water.



Bananas Are All Right Unless They're Empty.

SCIENCE JOTTINGS

Aeroplanes are now built of feathers. This makes them lighter than the cast-iron kind.

Ice melts if kept in a warm stove. In a cold stove it will last longer.

A brick falling from a high building will be shattered on striking the sidewalk, unless some soft-hearted person gets in its way.

Light travels at the rate of two billion feet per second. This accounts for the speed of gas meters.

Soup is as nutritious as 6 eggs.

Heat is the opposite of blanket.

Did You Know That—

Salamanders are supposed to live in flames?

It seems a tough way of working up a thirst?

Switzerland exports 8,750,000 pounds of cheese a year, not including the weight of the holes in it?

The Swiss show their sense by exporting the cheese instead of eating it?

There are 4,978,621,700 cubic feet of air in the New York subway?

If you did you were wrong, because it contains that number of cubic feet of a substance that was once air?

IN THE SMILE'S LETTER BOX

TO THE EDITOR—I am a young man, twenty years of age, and have lived in Marietta for the past twenty years. I want to be a detective, but out here there is nothing much to detect. At that I once detected a skunk robbing Cy Myer's henroost. Skunks are bad criminals to detect. There are several reasons for this, one being that—there is no reward for their apprehension. Can you get me a job detecting in Atlanta as I understand there's quite a lot of work in that line among the Atlantans?

HIRAM CHUNQUE.

(We shall refer your letter to Chief Beavers when police business gets dull hereabouts.—Ed.)

Oddities in the News

Reasoning powe in animals: Dog stung by a hornet in Allentown, Pa., was seen next day trying to bite another dog with his tail.

Man in Long Beach, Conn., committed suicide because mother-in-law would not visit them more than six months in the year.

[*Note: Our correspondent's writing is not very legible. He may mean that man committed suicide because his mother-in-law would visit him more than six months in the year. It's odd any way you take it.*—Ed.]

William J. Bryan.

Man going around the world with a watch in his hand.

Our Comical Club Comedians, Bix and Dix

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BIX—You look all cut up. Did the bank failure upset you?

DIX—I should say it did. I lost my balance.

BIX—I understand that the teller was short in his cash.

DIX—No, he was ahead. It was the bank that was short.

BIX—By the way, I notice that society folks at Newport are having a baby show.

DIX—Is that so? Where did they get the babies?

BIX—It's a loan exhibition, of course.

DIX—Say, do you know that Angina has just consented to become my wife, and I wish to ask you a confidential question.

BIX—Fire away.

DIX—Do you know whether there is any insanity in her family?

BIX—Yes—there must be, from what you've just told me.

DIX—By the way, Bix, they tell me you married simply because your wife had money.

BIX—You're wrong. I married her because I thought she'd let me have some of it.

DIX—How did you like the manner in which I handled my part at the theatricals last evening?

BIX—You know where you said, "Ha, ha! I'm mad! I'm mad?"

DIX—Yes; go on.

BIX—Well, you weren't half so mad as I was—I paid to get in. They tell me that you and your brother are going to join the church.

DIX—You're off there. Both of us couldn't join—one of us has to weigh coal some of the time.

BIX—Oh, well; don't worry about a little matter like that. Throw the responsibility on the scales. You know, I borrowed our iceman's scales to weigh our baby when she was born, and she weighed exactly——

DIX—Exactly?

BIX—Fifty-five pounds.

DIX—They tell me that the part your wife played in the theatricals suited her to perfection.

BIX—I am afraid not. A young and pretty woman was needed for the part.

DIX—Oh, no. Your wife proved the contrary, without a doubt. You act discouraged, old fellow. Is marriage proving a failure in your case?

BIX—Oh, no; I wouldn't say that. But my wife says that some are more fortunate than others in what they get.

DIX—How does she figure that out?

BIX—Oh, she says I got her and she only got me.

DIX—I understand that your son is pursuing his studies at college?

BIX—I guess so. He's always behind.

DIX—You know, they say that Cupid strikes the match that sets the world aglow. It's a fact. What makes you look so doubtful?

BIX—I was just wondering where he scratches it—that's all.

DIX—Say, old man, I see you have lots of flowers around your home. Why don't you start an apiary?

BIX——I can't see what pleasure there'd be in keeping a lot of monkeys around. Did you hear that there are a lot of pig thieves in the rural districts?

DIX—Yes. And an example must be made of some of them or none of us will be safe. By the way, how's your family getting along? I see your wife's back from Boston.

BIX—Gee! I won't allow her to wear that new decollete gown again.

DIX—Is your wife going away this Summer?

BIX—No, I'm sending her.

MENUS for the WEEK

Arranged for The Sunday American by E. L. Thornton, Steward of the Atlanta Athletic Club.

MONDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Steamed Evaporated Apricots
Corn Meal Mush
Breakfast Bacon and Eggs
Potatoes in Cream
Wheat Cakes
Coffee or Tea

DINNER.
Puree of Lentils
Radishes
Baked Veal Pie Farmer's Style
Boiled Potatoes Turnips in Cream
Georgia Egg Bread
Chicken Salad
Sweet Potato Custard Pie
Buttermilk

SUPPER.
Sirloin Steak a la Zimmer
O'Brien Potatoes
Hot Waffles
Maple Sirup
Coffee

RECIPE.

A LA ZIMMER SAUCE FOR STEAK—Make a rich creole sauce, using plenty of mushrooms and add one can small green peas and corn from six tender ears and the meat of twelve queen olives. Before taking off fire season with sherry to suit taste. (This sauce was made famous by Will V. Zimmer, of Kimballville Farm, and used during his hotel career.

O'BRIEN POTATOES.—Put in saucepan with a little butter one sliced onion, one green pepper and one pimiento. Saute for a few seconds and add the broiled sliced potatoes. Let brown and turn on hot dish.

TUESDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Bananas and Corn Flakes
Country Roast Beef Hash
Hominy Grits Muffins
Coffee or Tea.

DINNER.
Cream of Tomato Dill Pickles
Braised Beef Heart and Dressing
Creamed Potatoes Stewed Corn
Corn Pone
Potato and Pepper Salad
Watermelon Sherbet
Ginger Wafers Iced Tea

SUPPER.
Chicken a la King Chafing Dish
Shoestring Potatoes
Sliced Tomatoes
Buttered Toast
Iced Cocoa.

RECIPES.

CHICKEN A LA KING CHAFING DISH.—Make a rich cream sauce in your chafing dish and add two egg yolks (raw) and one-half green pepper and one-half pimento chopped (not too fine) and one can mushrooms. When thick add the meat of one very tender boiled hen cut into dice (squares) and continue to stir well. When ready add two ounces good sherry. Serve on toast.

ICED COCOA.—One ounce Rona cocoa, one and one-half ounces granulated sugar, one pint water, one pint milk. Bring to boiling point and set away to cool. Serve with ice in tall glass with whipped cream on top.

WEDNESDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Peaches
Rolled Oats and Cream
Country Fried Ham
Fried Hominy Cakes
Hot Biscuit
Coffee or Tea

DINNER.
English Beef Broth
Queen Olives Stuffed
Braised Ox Tail With Vegetables
Browned Potatoes Young Beets
Egg Bread
Quartered Tomato Mayonnaise
Grated Pineapple Pie
Coffee

SUPPER.
Breaded Veal Cutlets Creole
Mashed Potatoes Browned
Hot Rolls
Preserves
Coffee

RECIPE.

BRAISED OXTAIL WITH VEGETABLES.—Unjoint two oxtails and cut into blocks six potatoes, six carrots, six turnips and six onions. Put all in baking pan and braise for one hour. Remove from oven and put in pot and cover with stock. Season well and let boil until very tender. You may add one can of tomatoes if you wish. Serve in covered dish with chopped parsley over.

THURSDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Sliced Figs and Shredded Wheat
Ommelette with Chicken Livers
Hot Grits
Graham Buttered Toast.
Coffee or Tea.

DINNER.
Country Vegetable Soup
Young Onions
Roast Saddle of Lamb and Jelly
Creamed Potatoes Eggplant Fritters
Hoe Cake
Baked Bean and Onion Salad
Oatmeal Pudding Meringue
Iced Tea.

SUPPER.
Lamb Fries Saute on Toast
Lye Hominy
Batter Cakes Blackberry Jam
Coffee.

RECIPES.

OATMEAL PUDDING MERINGUE—Take your left-over oatmeal, 1 pint milk, six raw yolks of eggs, little vanilla, spoon butter and sugar to taste and grated nutmeg. Beat well and let come to boil. Put in deep pan and bake until brown. Whip the whites and make the meringue and spread on top and brown in quick oven.

LAMB FRIES SAUTE—Boil and skin six lamb fries. Split into halves and bread the same as for oysters. Fry in butter and serve on toast.

FRIDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Sliced Pineapple
Grape Nuts and Cream
Country Scrambled Eggs on Toast
Hashed Browned Potatoes
Waffles and Syrup
Coffee or Tea

DINNER.
Clam Chowder
Sour Pickles
Boiled Sea Trout Finer Herbes
Potatoes, Butter Sauce, Beets Spiced
Corn Bread
Shrimp Salad
Fresh Peach Dumplings
Milk

SUPPER.
Fried Perch Remoulade
Chip Potatoes
Sliced Tomatoes
Graham Muffins
Coffee

RECIPE.

FRESH PEACH DUMPLINGS.—Peel and slice peaches and add sugar and nutmeg to taste. Make short pie dough and roll thin; cut round with coffee saucer. Put one spoon peaches and small piece butter and fold over. Bake in pan slowly, with the dumplings half covered with water. Serve with butter sauce.

SATURDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Orange Juice
Cream of Wheat
Chip Beef and Scrambled Eggs
Milk Toast Coffee or Tea

DINNER.
Okra and Tomato
India Relish
Corned Beef and Spinach
Baked Potatoes
Georgia Corn Bread
Combination Salad
Rice and Currant Pudding
Buttermilk

SUPPER.
Deviled Tongue on Toast
Lyonnaise Potatoes
Biscuit Syrup
Coffee.

RECIPE.

CHIP BEEF AND SCRAMBLED EGGS.—Cut fine one-half small can chip beef and place in pan with little butter. Let get warm through, and add well-beaten eggs and scramble. Serve on toast.

SUNDAY.

BREAKFAST.
Cantaloupe
Cereal
Broiled Chicken Parsley Butter
Fried Grits
Cream Toast
Coffee or Tea

DINNER.
Consomme Alphabet
Celery Olives Radishes
Spring Chicken with Mushrooms
New Potatoes Candied Yams
Steamed Rice Corn on Cob
Muffins
Head Lettuce and Tomato Salad
Tutti Frutti Ice Cream
Caramel Layer Cake
Neufchatel Saltines
Coffee

SUPPER.
Cold Fried Chicken
Cold Vegetables
Ice Cream and Cake
Iced Tea

RECIPE.

SPRING CHICKEN WITH MUSHROOMS—Smother chicken and when about half done cover with mushroom sauce and place in oven and let cook until the chicken is very done. Serve on toast and sprinkle chopped parsley over.

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The Summer Preserves

By Lollie Belle Wylie

TIME is at hand when the busy housewife of Atlanta is making ready for her summer preserving.

First thing necessary is to have the scales out, then the sugar box full, for one never knows when a specially good pick-up may be made from the wagons at the door or down in the market district, and last, but decidedly not least in the matter of importance, is to have the jars sterilized and ready. It is a foolish woman who will wait until the fruit is in the house to get the jars ready, for preserves re-heated are never so fair to look upon, nor so tender or fruity of taste if warmed over after taken out the kettle.

This much done the fruit should be overlooked, picked free of stone, grit or spots, and washed carefully through as few waters as possible to insure cleanliness, as water and handling bruise the fruit.

Every woman knows that a most delicious dainty of the table is begun when the strawberries ripen on the vine. A large jar is half filled with pure alcohol, and several inches of strawberries laid in, the cover of the jar being made secure.

Next open the jar and lay in a few inches of raspberries, keeping the red berries separate from the dark berries. Then when the dewberries and the blackberries are in season add them in turn, continuing through the season with peaches, plums, figs, grapes, apricots and oranges and tangerines and pienapple. Always keep the alcohol a little above the fruit layers by laying into the jar a couple of thoroughly washed grape leaves, which should be weighted down with a well washed stone.

When the last variety of fruit is added to the tutti-frutti jar, seal tightly and set away until winter, when you will be ready to offer your guests one of the rare and delicious delicacies that the Southern housewife sometimes has ready to set before the King.

This form of tutti-frutti may be served in a cocktail glass as an appetizer at a dinner party, or a spoonful may be placed on top of the ice cream when it is brought in to table.

Another thing for the housewife to remember is that fig preserves stand pre-eminent among the sweets of the well kept preserve closet. Especially if there is one from the North to partake of a meal in the house, fig preserves offer something new.

Figs to be preserved should be a little more than half ripe. Never soft to the touch! The large green skinned variety is by far the most satisfactory for putting up. If the fruit is firm enough, take a sharp penknife and peel off the skin, leaving the stem and a circle of the peeling on at the stem. Do not cut into the meat of the fruit. Have your sugar measured, pound for pound, for less than that gives you the risk of losing your fruit by fermentation later on; then merely moisten the sugar and start it to boiling slowly. When preparing the sugar add several lemons thinly sliced, or a few roots of white ginger (but many prefer the natural taste of the fig), and keep well skimmed as the syrup boils.

Remember, it takes figs but a short time to cook, so after the syrup is nearly thick enough to remove from the fire, add your figs, and let the two cook slowly together until the fruit is done, but not broken. The syrup, when thick, is much better than thin syrup and keeps the fruit longer. If your figs are small and dark and not perfect enough to make a good show you need not peel them and they may be cooked into a jam, which is just as good as the preserves, though hardly as pretty.

Next, if you would have a preserve that is always acceptable, and one capable of making up artistically, according to your artistic ability, get some good, firm watermelons, with thick rinds, and begin by cutting the rinds into small squares, round, or any desired shape. A small tin spice box is good to use as a cutter, for it is deep and goes through the rind without any trouble.

I have known a number of housekeepers to leave on the outer green rind and trace the most beautiful designs on it, letting the white of the inside show underneath. Heads, faces, flowers, birds, all can be etched on the watermelon rind if desired. The edge in such instances should be sawtooth cut.

To proceed with the melon preserves, after the rinds are ready and scraped to the white on the inside, put them to soak in strong salt water for two days, but this is not necessary. Neither is it necessary to soak them in alum water, but if you follow the salt-soaking recipe it is well to put them in alum, as it hardens the fruit. Measure your sugar, pound for pound, add several sliced lemons and a few roots of green ginger, or one or both as your taste requires. Another delicious addition for a few jars is a handful of raisins, but be sure to leave out the ginger when you put in the raisins.

Now, you are ready for the making. Bring the sugar to a boil and add the melon rinds to the sugar after they have been thoroughly boiled in clear water. Let the two cook slowly until done. The syrup should be thick and the rinds tender.

All melon preserves are not the same color. Some are dark, some light and transparent.

If economy is practiced the bits of rind cut away from the round or oval designs may be cooked well and put in a jar to be used in Norwegian bread or fruit, or citron cake, for it is better and more tender than citron for general cooking.

I have added a very small bit of pink or green coloring matter to an occasional jar of watermelon preserves and have made a pleasing variety to the collection. More ingenuity can be shown in this variety of preserves than in any other.

And now for a final recipe! Lady Baltimore, you may call it, or any other pretty name that you like. But the fact is, this wonderfully delicious preserve is no more or less than pumpkin preserves.

Cut the pumpkin in long thin strings like bits of golden ribbon. Boil the sugar, pound for pound, until it is thick, and add the pumpkin strips after they have been parboiled. Lots of sliced lemon is added, and every sort of desired spice can be put in a thin cloth bag, and boiled until the kettle is emptied. Do not pack the spices into the jars, as they make the fruit dark. Pumpkin chips may be made by parboiling the pumpkin and drying in the sun. Roll in pulverized sugar, then in granulated sugar, and pack in boxes with paraffin paper.

Peach leather may be made the same way, rolling the boiled fruit on a marble table and drying it in the sun.

Book Reviews

By Edwin Markham and H. Effa Webster

By EDWIN MARKHAM

Of Interest to Artists.

Winslow Homer is the great American painter of the ocean in its many moods. He was a man of strange and elusive personality. Few knew him well, but all may now make his acquaintance in the careful biography by William Howe Downes, "The Life and Works of Winslow Homer," (Houghton Mifflin & Co.). The book is well illustrated from reproductions of paintings by the artist.

As this painter represents not only a rare individuality, but also the most distinctive independent national art of his era in our country, the student of modern work and tendencies will be glad to get this close and keen insight into the evolutionary character and career and achievement of this distinguished man, who is an honor to the Western continent.

Desert Gold.

Laying the scenes of her romance in the desert and on the border between Mexico and Arizona during a war period, Zane Grey has produced in "Desert Gold" (Harper Bros., $1.30) a novel that will please most readers.

The story itself is the usual one of adventure and love, and as such it takes the voyager after literary excitement through many a harrowing encounter to the goal of "all's well that ends well."

Starting with a prologue recounting the meeting of an old man and a young one, and their agreement to search for gold, it reveals the life story of each and shows the younger as the heretofore unidentified son-in-law of the older. When they are at the end of their rope and the old man is dying, they discover gold, but the younger, instead of breaking away, awaits too long, realizes that he is too weak to escape, writes the record of his find in blood and leaves it with the marriage certificate of the girl he had deserted in a tin box under a pile of stones.

Now, it requires a stretch of the imagination for the reader to believe that twenty-five years afterward the daughter of the younger man should be able to find the tin box through the agency of a friendly Yaqui.

But so it is, and it is about the adventures of a young college man who falls in love with Nell, the aforesaid daughter, that the chief action of the plot hinges.

We are treated to all sorts of desert experiences, which show the author's perfect familiarity with the country. On the whole the tale holds the attention, and while there is nothing startling about it, still it moves along with precision of touch and sureness of plot.

Isobel.

Out of the Far North have come many wild tales; and now, under the name of "Isobel" (Harper & Bros., $1.25), James Oliver Curwood gives to the public a tale of the distant trail, indorsed by the publishers as thrilling.

It has to do with the love of a maid for a man and reveals the chivalry of the Northern mounted police in a manner that makes the reader pause to gasp.

We do not doubt that women have endured great perils for love, and in the Arctic they have made themselves the equals of men, but it does seem like asking a good deal to picture a woman game through all that Isobel endures in the way of hardship and cold and sickness.

Somehow or other the book lacks the convincing note.

April Panhasard.

(By Muriel Hine, Jone Lane Co., $1.35.)

Invent a Lady Beautiful,
An English youth most dutiful,
A husband with proclivities
To bibulous activities;
An American discerning
For a high ideal yearning—
Mix them up and turn them, shake
them good and hard,
And you'll have the elementals of
April Panhasard.

Gently take the two first mentioned
(Life-long friends, but well intentioned)
To a country side primeval;
Add a few tongues prone to evil.
With a lady triply married
And a husband sadly harried—
Mix them up and stir them, shake
them good and hard,
And you'll find yourself well started
in April Panhasard.

Let the Yankee meet the Lady
(He's in love with her already),
Then with retribution gory
Kill the one child in the story;
You can do this in a measure
With a feeling of real pleasure—
For baby and his people (do not
think us hard)
Have no earthly raison d'etre in April
Panhasard.

With an eye for amputation
Now apply elimination;
Slay the tippling husband quickly
As he chases wifey thickly.
Give the life-long friend a mission,
With a due show of contrition—
Marry off the residue, though you
wonder hard,
If any one was worth the while in
April Panhasard.

As to Cities.

With some knowledge as to how American cities work, it will be more than worth while for the man who wants the broad view to read the illuminating book, "European Cities at Work," by Frederick Howe (Charles Scribner's Sons.)

Mr. Howe has visited many of the largest and most progressive cities in Europe, and more, he has seen with an observing eye.

We are trying commission rule in the United States, and no one may deny that we are on the high road to better government; yet, according to the author of the book under discussion, we have much to learn from the Germans, the French and the English.

By H. EFFA WEBSTER

Hardships of Women.

It is not at all a new thing to put into print an intimate portrayal of the hardships endured by women who toil for self-support in the United States and in other countries under present industrial conditions. It is altogether usual to show comparisons, in print, between the industrial conditions for women in various countries.

But the individualistic appeal always is new, and it takes us into a closer relationship with the emotions and poignant ambitions of the working masses. From the acute experience of one person of these masses we come to a deper understanding of conditions and situations.

A little book entitled "An Autobiography of a Working Woman" should be accepted as an illumination of the soul of a poverty-stricken woman who was born and bred midst the material agonies that barred her rise to the heights of education and enlightened modes of living.

The woman, Adelheid Popp, was born near Vienna, 1869, and fared forth at eight years of age to earn money—and to aspire to a broader scope of endeavor. In due miserable course she became a Socialist, a leader in the cause. She devoted herself to the betterment of conditions for others; she struggled least for herself, and most for all laboring mankind.

Her experiences, as given in the original book, are in the German language and they were translated into English by E. C. Harvey. The spirit of the book is vitally expressed by Jenkin Lloyd Jones of Abraham Lincoln Center, Chicago, in an introduction. Here are a few quotations:

"We rejoice in the appearance of an American edition of this marvelous autobiography, which, judged from a literary standpoint, has freshness, power and originality that characterizes genius. * * * Here is the story of a working woman who has felt the bitterness of hard, unrelenting toil, and out of the agony of such a life has been brought into sympathy with the gospel side of co-operation.

* * * "This book is commended to those who think that socialism is primarily, or chiefly, an economic dream, carrying with it some kind of irreligious recoil from the established order of things. * * * But Socialism also represents increasingly a profound search for economic justice, a hunger for civic and social righteousness. It is a sincere attempt to render the Gospel of Jesus in terms of industrial fair play. * * *

This little herald of merciful Socialism is published in America by F. G. Brown & Co.

An attractively educational book is far more effective in developing the mind of a child than a bunch of prosaic facts that are valuable in training the juvenile ideas, but dreadfully boresome.

Inez McFee has prepared a book for young readers, a book well calculated to be used in schools, entitled "American Heroes From History." Published by the A. Flanagan Company. These true stories about American heroes convey moral lessons and also incite splendid ambitions to accomplish something worth while in the world. They have all the fascination of fiction stories; they please the imagination, and still they are even thrillingly true.

The book is profusely illustrated. Among the heroes are Miles Standish, Nathaniel Bacon, George Washington, Nathan Hale, "Mad Anthony" Wayne, Paul Jones, Daniel Boone, Peter Cooper, Admiral Farragut, Andrew Jackson, Robert Fulton, Thomas Jefferson.

John Peter Hebel is classed with the masters of German prose. His writings are ranked as classics of the years between 1790 and 1826. Not many of his books have been translated into English, but enough of them have appeared to make "Schatzkastlain" welcome on sight. This piece of literature is beautifully plastic in sentiments. It is translated into English by Menco Stern, and published by the American Book Company.

The volume is a collection of short stories and essays with an aftermath of German vocabulary. These stories convey the grace of expressions and the wit of this author. Also, they provide a fine quality of literary style

The Witch of Golgotha.

Of Christ and His times numerous books have been written. There is a saying that there is always room for one more at the top. Whether THE WITCH OF GOLGOTHA, by B. Pesh-Mal-Yan (Sherman, French & Co., $1.35) is to be placed in that favorable position will be left to the reader.

The narrative deals with men and actions during the stirring times of Hered and Pilate. It brings in as a prominent character Judas, the much execrated, and works out its plot after the fashion of a romantic novel.

It brings no abstruse questions, attempts no exposition of theology, and it carries a mystery nearly to the last page.

An Eel Is an Eel.

Mr. Charles Halsted Mapes makes himself known to the world at large through a small book called by the peculiar name, THE MAN WHO ONE DAY A YEAR WOULD GO EELIN'. (G. P. Putnam's Sons.)

This title Mr. Mapes has evidently borrowed from a story he himself tells as coming from Elihu Root.

"An old darkey was fishing. He pulled in a magnificent bass. He took it off the hook and held it in his hand, looked at it and then threw it back contemptuously, 'When I go eelin',' he said, 'I go eelin'.'"

Mr. Mapes takes up college athletics generally, and in the form of pleasantly told narratives gives us a lot of readable anecdotes.

His story about "Old Home" and the Harvard-Yale game is well worth while, but, frankly, we do not see the necessity for a full page illustration of the author's coat of arms.

Special Advice for Men

Vitality Restored by New Method

The little book described below (which I gladly send free, sealed by mail, to any young or elderly man anywhere) contains in its 86 beautifully illustrated pages everything a man need know with regard to certain strictly personal subjects, and as a guide through his entire life, from the delicate period of youth, when wholesome advice is most needed, on through early manhood to a ripe, vigorous, healthy old age. Over a million of these books have been thus distributed by me all over the world. Therefore, please use coupon below and get YOUR free copy by return mail. SANDEN CO., DISTRIBUTERS.

Do you know, my friend, that there is a wonderful new way to apply a certain, great, natural FORCE to your body, and by which you may, without effort, trouble or inconvenience, treat your own self in the privacy of your home for debility and lost vitality, without using a single drug or medicine? This great FORCE, as a restorer of vitality and as a means to overcome those weaknesses which result from indiscretions and unnatural practices, is to-day being used all over the civilized world, and I give it as my honest opinion, based upon a vast observation and study, that any man anywhere, who leads a decent, manly life and who applies this marvelous FORCE in a scientific and rational way, can, without employing a single drug, be restored again to a state of perfect, rugged health and vigor, without a remaining ache, pain or weakness.

As we all know, these various debilitating weaknesses handicap a man in every condition of life, while, on the other hand, a perfect specimen of vigorous, robust, lusty manhood is ever admired by both women and men alike, while, of course, it is certainly only such a man who can attain the really great successes of life. Therefore, I say to you, no matter what your size, whether you are small or large, no matter what your occupation, no matter whether you are a college graduate or working on the farm or in the factory, no matter whether you are young or elderly, it is all a question of your vigor and your vitality, and if I can give you a good, abundant supply of this same great power or VITAL FORCE, then it is easy to believe that I can completely restore your vigorous health, can overcome the evil effects of past indiscretions so you will be exactly the same in your influence over people, exactly the same in your manly bearing as other manly, strong-nerved, warm-blooded fellows, of your acquaintance.

With an idea of attaining all this for you, I recommend you to investigate a simple little VITALIZING APPLIANCE of my invention, which I am now sending out in great numbers for use by men everywhere who need new manly strength. This little VITALIZER is very light, weighing only several ounces, and can be worn without any one suspecting that you are wearing it. You buckle it on your body upon going to bed and take it off mornings. Thus, while you sleep it sends its wonderful power, which I call VITALITY or VITAL FORCE, into your blood, nerves and organs. Users say it takes pain and weakness out of the back from the application, and further say 60 to 90 days' time is sufficient to restore a state of health, strength and vigor. I am not offering this VITALIZER here for sale, but want you to first send for my book that you may learn all about the whole wonderful subject, and why I get such quantities of testimonials from users everywhere telling of results after drugs completely and utterly fail.

NOTE—With special attachments my VITALIZER is used by women as well as men for rheumatism, kidney, liver, stomach, bladder disorders, nervousness and general ill health. Please write for book to-day, or, if near by, I should like you to call. Hours—9 to 6, Sundays excepted.



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HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

Society and Foreign News

ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY, JULY 27, 1913.

CHATTER OF SOCIETY

by POLLY PEACHTREE

SINCE the first appearance of the series of little stories of society life and things pertaining to the social world under the signature of Polly Peachtree I have been deluged with letters from far and near and with telephone calls innumerable in anxious inquiry as to my identity.

From hundreds of people in Atlanta, and from Augusta, Savannah, Macon and as far off as New Orleans and Birmingham, the letters of inquiry have come, while speculation in Atlanta society has been broad and in many instances extremely wide of the mark.

A strange trait in people is this curiosity to know the personality of anyone whose expressed opinions arouse interest. Those who like Polly's chatter wish to know who she is, and those who do not like it express a livelier interest still.

Now, I am afraid this curiosity must remain unsatisfied for a while, at least. Why, if you all knew who Polly was, the fun would be gone, wouldn't it? Anyway, people might be more discreet in their conversation while I am around, and if Polly could hear nothing to chat about, what would become of her chatter? Not that I am going to pass on any word of scandal or of gossip which would harm anybody, nor shall I indulge much in quoting rumor.

The object of these columns is simply to amuse in a way that hurts nobody, just as two or three friends, gathered around a tea table on the porch of the country club, would recount the little stories they had heard of friends or talk over the fads and follies of the world. I shall not seek to reform society nor to criticise society.

As for who I am, the people who really know my identity have been very loyal in keeping the agreement made when I undertook this work. There have been rumors and rumors, most of which, as I have said, are not at all near the truth. I smile to myself when I am assured by the friend who sits beside me that a certain clever woman, who "writes for the magazines," is really Polly Peachtree.

I smile again when I hear that a well-known man of the social world, identified with newspaper circles in the years past, is responsible for Polly's nonsense. And a greater joke still is the report that a woman who has demonstrated her special talent for writing poetry and "love stories" for twelve or fifteen years has changed her style and mind, in topsy-turvy fashion, to produce Polly Peachtree's chatter.

* * *

THAT you may know to what degree baffled curiosity will lead, I will relate the adventure of a member of The Sunday American staff who is known to be personally acquainted with my humble self. The adventure occurred at a hospitable summer home near Atlanta, presided over by a popular young married couple. It was while the temperature was 'way up near the 100 mark and the temperature had considerable part in the affair. It was a jolly week-end gathering. Suddenly, apropos of nothing, someone asked the newspaper man:

"Who is Polly Peachtree?"

He smiled a knowing smile and half winked one eye, which, interpreted, meant that he knew, but he wasn't going to tell. The question was taken up eagerly and repeated again and again, each repetition gaining intensity from the fact that curiosity unsatisfied and fed with a knowing smile and unrelenting eyes, soon becomes a power. All unconscious, the newspaper man rushed to his doom. Some inspired person said:

"Let's not let him have anything to drink until he tells us."

And would you believe it? Those erstwhile hospitable and kindly folks, those former friendly guests, sat and drank their iced beverage (whatever that is) all through the evening, while the newspaper man, growing paler and paler, stuck to his duty like a martyr.

Like Tantalus, he saw the last drop drained, with his torture unappeased.

So you see how curiosity is rampant and to what extremes people will go when under the influence of that fearsome trait. Incidentally, you may note how Polly Peachtree's identity will be kept secret, even at the price of life itself.

* * *

A WOMAN who wears charming gowns and is possessed of a generous heart as well as an admirable colored maid presented this maid with a white satin gown that had seen its best days. The gift was received with enthusiastic appreciation.

"Thank you so much, ma'm; this will be just the thing for me to wear to the Driving Club to-night?" "To the what?" "The Driving Club, m'am, where we goes every Thursday night to dawnce." "What in the world are you talking about, Mary?" asked her mistress. And Mary then explained that she really meant "the Drivers' Club," but that "they often called it 'The Driving Club,' because it sounded more classy."

* * *

Our picnic made a lively stir.
We reached the ground,
And to our great surprise there were
No ants around.

Delightful were the oaks and pines;
Clear was the spring.
No farmer threatened us with fines
For trespassing.

In peace a happy day was spent
Upon the plain;
And, to our deep astonishment,
It didn't rain.

* * *

SOUNDS fine and comfy, doesn't it? But it doesn't always work out that way. I heard of a picnic engineered last week by that gracious young matron, Mrs. Charles Hague Booth, and her genial husband. The picnic started splendidly.

They motored out in Mr. Booth's big car to a lake somewhere the other side of Fayetteville. The picnic party disembarked and the task of finding a spot on which to spread the luncheon cloth began.

The men of the party selected one "spot" and proceeded to camp there. But Mrs. Booth and Miss Jack Whitcomb, who was one of the party, had ideas of their own about the "spot." And, of course, they had their way. The "spot" looked good all right and the lunch was spread.

Then the trouble started. Just as the hungry ones started in to demolish it the heavens opened and such a deluge as you never before have seen descended on them.

There were but two alternatives—abandon the feast and seek shelter or brave the rain and stay their hunger. The inner being won without a struggle and the party—drenched to the skin in a moment—tore into the food. It was mighty uncomfortable, but they stuck it out and made the best of it. And, I'm told, it tasted mighty good, although it was considerably damp.

But the worst came the next day. The beautiful "spot" selected by the ladies—bless their hearts—had other inhabitants. None other than those pesky little torments known as "red bugs" or "chiggers." The party took home a plentiful supply and for the next week the mere mention of the word "spot" made the men "cuss" and the entire party tingle.

From what I hear, the next time this party embarks on a picnic jaunt it will be understood in advance that the ladies will have nothing to do with the selection of the "spot."

* * *

A COUPLE of weeks ago I offered a wager to the four men I considered the best dressed in Atlanta—Bob Maddox, Gene Haynes, Jim Nunnally and Joe Gatins.

At the time I dared any one of these four to appear on Peachtree in London's latest fashion for men, the gray top hat. None of them had the nerve to accept.

I would propose another little wager with these four on the latest London craze. This is the rest suit. It is a costume to be worn on a quiet evening at home, or for bachelor parties.

It was introduced by a well-known peer of England, and is described as a dark green watered silk, with revers of old gold, the coat being edged with olive green silk braid. The suit is loosely cut, with wide trousers, and is worn with a colored silk shirt, soft turn down silk collar and flowing tie. Socks of silk and gorgeous Oriental slippers complete the picture.

Did you get that? Oriental slippers and green silk coat. Now, my brave gentlemen, I know won't accept, but here goes anyway; a box of good cigars to the first one of you or to any one of you who has the courage.

* * *

ATLANTA girls, I notice, are reviving the beauty spot. I have noticed a number of our smart young girls wearing them, and I must say some of them are very bewitching. A man told me the other night that when he met a girl who was wearing a beauty spot, he was utterly unable to take his eyes off it.

The origin of the beauty spot is interesting. The Duchess DeMontmorrillon, suffering with a boil on her cheek, resorted to putting a bit of black mixture which she had been told held great curative power. In the morning she either forgot to wash her face or did not use enough care, so the tale goes, and appeared before the world with a face spotted. Powdered and perfumed she received her callers and they found the accidental black spot charming, so much so that before night had come they dabbed their faces with the black ointment.

Of course, we all know that Atlanta girls wear beauty spots only for adornment.

* * *

NEWPORT is raving over Mrs. William E. Carter, of Philadelphia. Mrs. Carter is called the most perfect figure among the prominent society women of that resort. She is a perfect blonde, and her fame as a type of beauty has spread over two continents.

I met Mrs. Carter last winter at a ball in Philadelphia, and I can assure you she is the most dazzling vision I was ever permitted to see. Every year the glory of her fair complexion and of her light hair seems to be enhanced. Combined with this she is regarded as the most artistically dressed woman in Newport this season.

I am told that last week Mrs. Carter attended seven lunches, three dances and seven dinner parties, which, you will admit, is a rather strenuous program for anyone. Indeed this round of gayety has caused Mrs. Carter to retire for a few days.

The strain of social endeavor is not altogether confined to the lady, for the public prints of last week carried a story to the effect that "Me Too," Mrs. Carter's famous little Pekinese dog, has also found Newport life too strenuous, and is under the care of a doctor and nurse.

All Newport is waiting to see the costume which Mrs. Carter will wear at the ball to be given by Mrs. Stuy-

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

Photo by Lenney.

Visiting in Bar Harbor

Miss Louise Broyles, on the left, is the guest of Mrs. Henry Inman in Bar Harbor. Miss Broyles is a popular Atlanta girl. On the right is Mrs. William Armand, a charming young matron.

Photo by Hirshburg and Phillips.

CHATTER OF SOCIETY by POLLY PEACHTREE

Engagements



Chandler-Mann

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT EBERHARDT OGLESBY, of Elberton, announce the engagement of their niece, Bertha Chandler, of Elberton, to Leroy Mann, of Senoia, the wedding to take place in October.

Wrigley-Callaghan

MRS. ROSE M. WRIGLEY announces the engagement of her daughter, Ruth, to Joseph G. Callaghan, the wedding to take place at the Sacred Heart Church September 24.

Hatcher-Sadler

THE engagement of Miss Elizabeth Herndon Hatcher, of Fork Union, Va., to Henry Winn Sadler, of Atlanta, is announced, the wedding to take place at Carely Hall in October.

Mangum-Wall

MR. AND MRS. CARLTON KING, of Grovetown, announce the engagement of their daughter, Luda Ocalla Mangum, to Joseph Brady Wall, of Union Point, the wedding to take place in August at the home of the bride.

Morris-Milhollin

MR. AND MRS. CHARLES W. MORRIS, of Rome, announce the engagement of their daughter, Annie Laurie, to Charles Arthur Milhollin, the wedding to take place in September.

Shelnutt-Rooks

ANNOUNCEMENT is made of the engagement of Miss Myrtie Shelnutt, of Monroe, to Rupley L. Rooks, the marriage to take place in the early fall.

News of Society

MRS. CORRA HARRIS, the famous Georgia woman writer, is rather shy when it comes to society events, and seldom accepts offers of formal entertainment, which are numerous now that she has attained so much success in her work.

When Mrs. Harris comes to Atlanta, however, she finds it hard to refuse the hospitality of old-time friends, and so it has come to pass that she is seen now and then at the Country Clubs, as well as at informal home affairs, and always she is a witty and delightful guest.

Last week Mrs. Harris was in Atlanta for a few days, and among the social events in her honor was a dinner party of fourteen covers given by Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Lowry, at the Piedmont Driving Club.

Mrs. Harris looked extremely well in a dinner gown of black charmeuse, softened by a bit of shadow lace and tulle.

The table was elaborately decorated with gladiboli, zinnias and other summer blooming flowers, arranged in several baskets.

Mrs. Harris was the honor guest at an informal luncheon given by Mrs. Warren Candler at her beautiful Inman Park home, one day of her visit.

* * *

At the dance given by the Hyperion Club Friday evening the following young people were present:

Misses Carrie Parish, Lois Carroll, Ina Lane, Bennett Powell, Elizabeth Miller, Vera Davidson, from Griffin, Ga.; Mae Hall, Mamie Morris, Irene eBarden, Mildred Sault, Charsie McClain, Winnie Wilson, Nell Pace, Verna Eaves, Marie Brady; Messrs. H. P. Andrews, G. T. Freeman, L. B. Hardy, Henry Collingsworth, E. W. Lively, M. M. Morris, Todd, L. P. Halhouse, M. S. Gathright, Paul Turner, J. R. Jordan, J. R. White, A. W. Linden, Pope Franklin, A. D. Freeman, Arnold Binns, Ernest Allen, L. L. Stroble, Dr. Matt Wheeler. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Northington, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Root, M. and rMs. Ed Henderson.

* * *

Alexander VonSkibinsky, who most favorably impressed the musical world of Atlanta last year, will be on the faculty of Cox College the coming season. Both Mr. and Mrs. VonSkibinsky are fine musicians, the former being a graduate of the Royal conservatories of Kieff and of Berlin. Mr. VonSkibinsky will be professor of violin at Cox College.

In addition to this notable addition to the faculty, several others are announced, among these Mrs. Grace Lee Brown, in the department of voice; Mrs. Curtis Arnall-North, as head of the expression department; Mrs. Mamie Holified Montgomery, pupil of Kenyon Cox and J. Alden Wier, in the art department, and Miss Veazy Filligum, piano.

* * *

MISS ELOISE WALKER entertained at a matinee party at the Forsyth Tuesday afternoon in compliment to Miss Margaret Rushton's guest, Miss Clio Carmichael, of Jackson.

The theater party included Misses Carmichael, Margaret Rushton, Evelyn Ragland and Cullen Battle.

After the matinee the guests had tea at the Hotel Ansley.

* * *

A PRETTY compliment to two visiting girls, Miss Dorothy Robbins, of Birmingham, the guest of Mrs. J. P. B. Allen, and Miss Fannie Neal Anderson, of Athens, who is visiting Miss Margaret Ashford, was the bridge party given Tuesday afternoon by Mrs. Harry Stotesbury Cutter, at her home on Columbia avenue.

Nasturtiums decorated the mantels and cabinets in the rooms where the card tables were placed.

The prize for high score was a beautiful belt pin set with seed pearls, and the honor guests were given appropriate books.

Mrs. Cutter was becomingly gowned in pink charmeuse with crystal ornaments adorning the corsage and the skirt where it was gracefully draped.

The guests included Misses Heler Thorn, Ethel Tutwiler, Grace Thorn, Elizabeth Parker, Willie Loyless, Mrs. J. P. B. Allen, Mrs. Victor R. Smith, Mrs. Edward Malone, Mrs. Berrien Moore, Mrs. Carter Colquitt Cole, Mrs. Wilson Runette, Mrs. Robert Hopkins, Mrs. Clarence Angier and Mrs. Howard Parker.

* * *

AMONG the Atlantans who are having an unusually interesting summer are Mr. and Mrs. J. E. C. Pedder, who have been in the Far West since the first of June. Mr. and Mrs. Pedder visited relatives in Los Angeles, and they are now enjoying a camping trip as guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Pedder.

The party includes besides Mr. and Mrs. Pedder and their host and hostess three other friends, and they are now touring through Southern California, having recently enjoyed a most interesting stay in Santa Barbara.

The party travel leisurely by day, and at night pitch their tent wherever they chance to be. An ideal out-of-door existence is being enjoyed, and Mr. and Mrs. Pedder are proving to be real adepts in the out-of-door life. Mr. Pedder will return to Atlanta August 1. Mrs. Pedder will remain West until September 1.

* * *

ONE of the happiest affairs of the week was a morning bridge party given Tuesday by Mrs. Robert K. Rambo at her home on West Peachtree street. The affair was a compliment to a lovely visitor from Asheville, N. C., Mrs. Rufus J. Woodstock, whose visit to Miss Lillian Logan was the occasion for a round of parties.

The guests included a group of young matrons, and the game of bridge was played in the long living room, which was gay and bright with vases of old fashioned garden flowers. The bookcases and mantel were banked with vari-colored zinnias, pink and white.

Dainty hand-painted fans were given for top score and for consolation, and luncheon was served on the card tables at the close of the game.

Mrs. Rambo was a cordial hostess, and received her guests wearing a gown of pink linen.

Among the guests a cordial welcome was being extended Mrs. Robert McCord, who has just returned from her wedding journey, and who was Miss Marion Roberts, of Utica, N. Y., before her marriage. The other guests included Mrs. Charles Shelton, Mrs. Hinton Baker, of Augusta; Mrs. Julian Prade, Mrs. Hamilton Block, Mrs. Albert Herring, of Mississippi; Mrs. Robert Burgess, Mrs. H. B. Odell, Mrs. John Charles Wheatley, Mrs. George K. Selden, Mrs. Blair Armstrong and Miss Lillian Logan.

* * *

MRS. J. W. WHITE entertained informally at tea at the Piedmont Club for Miss Ethel Tye Wright, of McDonough, who is the guest of Mrs. C. K. Ayer, on Myrtle street. Eight married friends were guests of the occasion.

* * *

QUITE a number of box parties and matinee parties were given Monday afternoon at the Forsyth.

Miss Katherine Gordon was hostess at a box party in compliment to her cousin, Miss Elizabeth Stubbs, of Shreveport, La., who was the guest of Miss Dodo White's house party, but is now with Miss Gordon. The other members of the party were Misses Augusta Pearce, of New York, guest of Mrs. Forrest Adair; Lula Dean Jones, Laura Ansley, Annie Lee McKenzie, Caroline Muse, Jennie D. Harris, Ruth Stallings, Marion Goldsmith, Marjorie Brown, Emily Winship, Helen Dargan, Carolyn King, Katherine Ellis and Mrs. Forrest Adair, Jr.

Mrs. Hinton Baker, of Augusta, gave a matinee party in compliment to a number of her Augusta friends who are in the city, Mrs. B. S. Dunbar, Jr., being the special guest. Mrs. Dunbar is visiting Mrs. George Boynton and many informal affairs have been given for her. Mrs. Baker's party included Mrs. Samuel Garlington and Mrs. King, of Augusta; Mrs. Charles Boynton, Mrs. Robert Ridley, Jr., and Mrs. J. B. Robinson.

* * *

Another party at the Forsyth Monday afternoon was Miss Margaret Ashford's for her guest, Miss Fannie Neal Anderson, of Athens, and for Miss Dorothy Robbins, of Birmingham, the guest of Mrs. J. P. B. Allan. Her guests included Misses Anderson, Dorothy Robbins, Helen Morris, Mrs. Harry Stotesbury-Carter and Mrs. J. P. B. Allan.

In compliment to Miss Harriet Trammell, whose wedding to Mrs. Lester Harvey will take place Wednesday evening, Mrs. D. C. Lyle gave a box party at the Forsyth Monday, inviting to be her guests Miss Annie Lamar, Mrs. Lowndes Connally, Mrs. George Linder, of Montgomery; Mrs. S. S. Connally, Mrs. J. A. Trammell and Mrs. Tutt.

And there was another box party that afternoon. It was given by a bridge club in compliment to one of its members who is now residing in Chattanooga, but is here on a short visit. Mrs. J. S. Clarke was the honor guest. Those forming the party were Mrs. T. S. Carlock, Mrs. John C. Reese, Mrs. Walter Harte, Mrs. Leroy Webb, Mrs. E. B. Braswell, of Fitzgerald; Miss Corinne Conyers and Miss Louise Gibson, of Rome.

Miss Elizabeth Barrett entertained at a matinee party Monday afternoon at the Forsyth.

* * *

MRS. ROBERT ALSTON gave a pretty tea Tuesday afternoon in compliment to Mrs. Dozier Pou, the guest of Mrs. Samuel Weyman. The home was decorated with gladioli and pink phlox, the tea table having a centerpiece of these exquisite flowers.

The guests were Mrs. Pou, Mrs. Weyman, Mrs. Samuel Evans, Mrs. Frank Callaway, Mrs. Hugh Lokey, Mrs. Hunt Chipley, Mrs. Emily McDougald, Mrs. Frank Hardeman, of Athens; Mrs. Miller, of Columbus; Mrs. Robert A. Smythe, Mrs. Henry Miller, Mrs. Walter Howard, Mrs. John Charles Wheatley, Mrs. Atcheson and Mrs. Henry Grady.

* * *

AMONG the Atlantans at Atlantic City are Mrs. Cobb Caldwell and her two sons, William and Howell. Mrs. Caldwell, who has been ill with appendicitis, has entirely recovered.

* * *

Miss Mary Kingsbery will leave the latter part of the month for Savannah, and will sail from there for New York, where she will spend several weeks. Miss Kingsbery will be the guest of Mrs. Henry Tanner, who has taken an apartment on Riverside Drive, for the summer.

* * *

Miss Pattie McGehee will leave soon for Knoxville, where she will be the guest of her grandmother. During her visit she will entertain a number of young people at a house party. Among the guests will be William Bedell, who is now at Warm Springs.

* * *

MISS IRENE AUSTIN and Miss Aurelia Speer are in Waynesville, N. C., where they will spend several weeks. Miss Speer, who has been quite ill, has entirely recovered, and the two young girls, chaperoned by Mrs. Emma Willis, are enjoying long walks and drives through the beautiful country surrounding Waynesville. Mrs. George Speer and Miss Ludie Speer accompanied them as far as Clayton, where they will spend some time.

* * *

DR. AND MRS. ARTHUR KELLOGG are now established at their summer home at Stone Mountain, where they will spend the remainder of the summer. Their town house has been leased for the summer by Mr. and Mrs. Wickliffe Goldsmith.

* * *

Mrs. Harry Williams, of Columbus, who has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Lowndes, in Ansley Park, for several weeks, is now on an extended trip in the East and North, having been recently joined by Mr. Williams. Their children, Jeannette, Leah, George and Harry, will remain with Mr. and Mrs. Lowndes during the absence of their parents.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Klatte Armstrong will take possession of the new home they have built in Ansley Park August 1.

* * *

MRS. J. P. B. Allan will entertain at a reception Tuesday afternoon to which she has invited 150 of her friends to meet her guests, Miss Dorothy Robbins, of Birmingham, and Miss Margaret Bransford, of Nashville, Miss Margaret Buckner, of Roanoke, who is visiting Miss Helen Jones, will be one of the honor guests also.

Assisting Mrs. Allan in entertaining her guests will be Mrs. Julian Prade, Mrs. Charles Dowman, Jr., of Birmingham; Mrs. Victor R. Smith, Mrs. W. W. Rushton, Mrs. W. C. Warfield, Mrs. W. I. Maddox, Misses Jeannette Lowndes, Louise Riley, Lenora Maddox, Helen Jones, Nellie Kiser Stewart, Margaret Ashford and her guest, Fannie Neal Anderson, of Athens.

On Thursday evening Mr. and Mrs. Allan will give a dinner at the Capital City Country Club for their guests and for Mrs. Charles Dowman, Jr.

* * *

MRS. HUGHES SPALDING gave a tea at the Piedmont Club Friday afternoon for her guests, Miss Mattie Wilson DuBose and Mrs. Edgeworth Lampkin, of Athens.

The party were seated on the veranda at the end of the ballroom about a table decorated with pink flowers and smilax. The places were marked with individual bonbons incased in artificial rosebuds.

Mrs. Spalding received her guests wearing white lace over which was draped flesh colored chiffon and her leghorn bonnet was adorned with lace and small wreaths of French roses.

Mrs. Lampkin was lovely in blue, with a leghorn trimmed in pink roses and Miss DuBose wore white lace and crepe with a black hat trimmed in tulle.

The guests included young married women. Mrs. Hilliard Spalding, Mrs. Winship Nunnally, Mrs. John Charles Wheatley, Mrs. Charles Hopkins, Jr., Mrs. Philip Alston, Mrs. F. E. Kneipe, Mrs. James Austin, Mrs. Jerome Simmons, Mrs. John Morris, Jr., Mrs. Ben Tye, Mrs. William Schroder, Mrs. Herbert Dyer, Mrs. Charles Remsen, Mrs. Alex Smith, Jr., Mrs. Hinton Baker, of Augusta, Mrs. Sam Dick, Mrs. Robert Woodruff, Mrs. Flemming Winecoff, Mrs. Dick Gray, Jr., Mrs. Arthur Gallogly, Mrs. Luther Rosser, Jr., Mrs. Hugh Dorsey, Mrs. Cam Dorsey, Mrs. Kemp Slaughter, Mrs. Harry Harman, Jr., Mrs. George Lowndes, Jr., Mrs. Holland Lowndes, Mrs. Phinizy Calhoun, Mrs. Andrew Calhoun, Mrs. J. O. Oglesby, Jr., Mrs. William B. Shallenberger, Mrs. Joseph Hilsman, and Mrs. Malcolm Flemming.

* * *

THE dinner-dance at the Capital City Country Club was attended by a large number of guests on Thursday evening. These weekly club affairs serve to brighten the social calendar wonderfully, and the stay-at-homes seem not to weary of the "turkey trot."

At the Country Club on Thursday evening a number of attractive summer evening toilets were worn by the ladies. Mrs. Maddox, wife of the president, was costumed in white lace and blue charmeuse. Mrs. John E. Murphy wore a pale pink embroidered batiste costume and looked especially well.

Mrs. Lee Lewman was charming in white embroidered crepe. Mrs. W. A. Speer wore a graceful gown of white crepe, embellished with hand-embroidery. Mrs. Josephine Ernest Purse was in black and white. Mrs. Walter Andrews wore white satin and shadow lace. Mrs. Edward H. Barnes wore a gown of white mousseline.

Mrs. W. B. Carhart wore white and blue. Mrs. Rix Stafford wore pink mousseline. Mrs. Everett Ginn, of Boston, was an attractive visitor, wearing pink embroidered batiste. Mrs. John K. Ottley wore a toilet of pale blue crepe and shadow lace. Mrs. John J. Woodside, Jr., who entertained a party for Miss Marguerite Gause, wore flowered chiffon, and Miss Gause wore white satin with shadow lace drapery.

Miss Ruth Stallings wore a Dresden crepe toilet. Miss Gladys LeVin was gowned in rose-colored satin. Mrs. Jack Lewis wore orchid crepe.

Others present were Misses Emma Kate Amorous, Pearl Wilkerson and Mamie Ansley.

Among the dinner parties were several for visitors.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Carhart entertained a party in honor of Mrs. Everett Ginn, of Winchester, Mass., the party being completed by Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Barnes and Mr George Crandall.

Miss Marguerite Gause was tendered a party by Mr. and Mrs. John J. Woodside, Jr., their other guests being Misses Louise Riley, Jeannette Lowndes, Helen Hobbs, Messrs. Philip L'Engle, Eugene Kelly, Henry Lyons, Robin Adair and Edward Gay.

Mr. and Mrs. Rutherford Lipscomb had as their guests Mrs. Prioleau Ellis, of Springfield, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lipscomb, of Athens, and Mr. George Forrester.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Speer's guests were Mr. and Mrs. Walter Andrews and Mrs. Josephine Ernest Purse.

Miss Elise Hansell

(Top) and her guest, Miss Marion Nicolson, two pretty college girls who have taken part in the many gayeties for the younger set the past week. (Photos by Hirshburg & Phillips.)





The World of Society

BOTH the Piedmont Driving Club and the East Lake Country Club observed their usual week-end dance on Saturday evening. A number of parties were given at the Piedmonth Driving Club, and a delicious dinner was served. The tables were decorated with summer flowers, and following the custom which prevails each afternoon at the club there was music by an orchestra.

At East Lake many young people motored out for the dance, which was preceded by dinner. Throughout the afternoon the club was visited by many club members and their friends, who enjoyed the tennis courts or golf links, with swimming or boating.

* * *

MISS CORA CHESHIRE entertained at a dancing party Monday evening at her home in honor of Miss Mazie Haas, of Spokane, Wash., the guest of Miss Carrie Mae Cheshire.

Among the invited guests were Misses Mazie Haas, Carrie Mae Cheshire, Kate Ellis, Mattie Ellis, Louise Donaldson, Carrie Franklin, Helen Patman, Edna Bush, Katherine Elmer, Sarah Liddell, Leslie Brenson, Charlie Wynne, Harry Reynolds, Lewis Babcock, Robert Cheshire, Myers Dean, Ralph Dean, Ralph Sims, Percy Allen, Larry Smith, Pope Franklin, Will Franklin, Emmett Paden, Hadie Todd, Roy Liddell, Cash, J. C. Todd, Dr. George Perkins, and Dr. Claude Jones.

Mrs. Hattie Sanders, Mrs. Bush, Mr. and Mrs. George Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Liddell chaperoned the party.

* * *

A TRIBUTE of appreciation from the ladies who have enjoyed the hospitality of the Forrest Adair swimming pool this summer found expression yesterday in the presentation of a handsome silver platter to Mrs. Adair.

The gift to Mrs. Adair follows the presentation of a silver loving cup to Mr. Adair, given by the men who frequent this beautiful pool. Mr. and Mrs. Adair have given a standing invitation to their friends for each day in the week, when no special party is on at the swimming pool. Many happy hours have thus been given to hundreds of Atlantans this summer.

* * *

MISS CLIFFORD WEST entertained at tea at the Piedmont Friday afternoon for Miss Dorothy Robbins, of Birmingham, who is visiting Mrs. J. P. B. Allan, and for Miss Margaret Buckner, of Roanoke, the guest of Miss Helen Jones.

Tea was served on the terrace and the table held a centerpiece of pink roses and ferns.

The guests included Misses Margaret Buckner, Helen Jones, Dorothy Robbins, Elizabeth Morgan, Mrs. J. P. B. Allan, Mrs. William A. Speer and Mrs. Adam Jones.

* * *

Miss Kate Blatterman leaves soon for the mountains of North Carolina. On her return she will resume teaching with the Atlanta Institute of Music and Oratory.

* * *

Miss Lenora Maddox will entertain at tea at the Piedmont Club one afternoon this week in compliment to Mrs. J. P. B. Allan's guests, Miss Dorothy Robbins, of Birmingham, and Miss Margaret Bransford, of Nashville. The affair she was to have given last Thursday afternoon was postponed until Miss Bransford's arrival.

* * *

MISS MARGARET LOWMAN, daughter of Mrs. George Lowman, of Birmingham, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. L. P. Thomas, on Peachtree Circle. She will leave Tuesday to join a house party in Hendersonville, N. C., which Miss Monghon will give, but will return to Atlanta for several weeks before going to her home in Birmingham.

* * *

Miss Alice Parks is spending a month at Flat Rock, N. C. She will return home about August 1.

* * *

Miss Willie Muse left Saturday for a visit to friends in Baltimore. Later she will go to New York and Niagara, where she will attend the Phi Mu Sorority national convention, returning home for several weeks before leaving for her senior term at Hollins. Miss Elizabeth Hines will also attend the Phi Mu convention.

* * *

Eric F. Thrasher leaves next week for New York, where he will sail on the North German-Lloyd Amerika for Havre, going thence to Paris.

All Trimmed
HATS
$10 to $25 values
$3.98
for Monday only.
Mrs. C. H. Smith,
115 Peachtree St.

MARRIAGE INVITATIONS
CORRECTLY AND PROMPTLY ENGRAVED
SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES
J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO., ENGRAVERS
47 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

KEELY'S

A Final Clearance of Hot Weather Dresses and Suits



A Sale of Interest and Profit to Every Woman Wanting a Summer Dress or Suit

We say good-bye to-morrow to our favorite midsummer models of dainty

Frocks, Dresses, Suits

All of them will be offered, for a final clearance, at one price for departmental adjustment, and to make a clean-up for the season. These pretty pieces of summer apparel will find new owners at

$7.50

Some were $10 and $12. Others were $13.50 and $15 and many were $16.50 and $17.50.

Every one of these without regard to former prices must find a wearer at

Seven Fifty

You will find at the price

Ratine Suits and Dresses, Linen Crash Outing Suits, English Voile Tub Dresses, Cotton Crepe Afternoon Dresses, Striped English Voile Dresses, Dotted Cotton Voile Dresses, Embroidered Linen Dresses.

In the assortment you will find many individual novelty styles (only one of a kind). Every good and fashionable color and color combination is to be found--all are of the last thought in summer styles.

To enumerate all of the models in a descriptive way is impossible.

Your style is in the lot; your color can be found here; your size is in the assortment.

Seven Fifty for Choice

will attract many shoppers on Monday to our popular Second Floor.

KEELY'S

CHATTER of SOCIETY

by POLLY PEACHTREE

MRS. MARTIN DUNBAR is one of the best swimmers I have seen at East Lake this summer. She is the envy of everybody out there when she goes in and swims swiftly and surely 'way out to the middle of the lake, keeping her head up all the time, too, for she swims with a broad upstroke, which prevents her from getting her hair wet.

She learned to swim this way during a several years' residence in England before she was married, and uses the popular stroke of the Englishwoman, who is always a good swimmer.

Interest in swimming continues among Atlanta women, and it is gratifying to the pride of a city several hundred miles from the sea, either way, that so many women and girls swim well.

A lovely figure in the water, whom I have noted particularly for her grace and charm, is Miss Elizabeth Evans, who was one of the many in East Lake the other afternoon. Miss Evans is the daughter of Colonel and Mrs. W. P. Evans, a former retired army officer. She has been in many parts of the country with her parents and learned to swim in waters east and west. Miss Evans lives in Decatur, where her parents have built a pretty home.

* * *

NEVER was a silver loving cup more deserved than the one presented to our good friend Forrest Adair by those who have enjoyed the hospitality of his Pompeian swimming place these warm days. The fun and pleasure that pool has given to hundreds of Atlantans this summer is worth a dozen silver loving cups.

The swimming party of last week at the Adairs' was a huge success, of course, and, by the way, the "water wedding anniversary" of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gregg (Elizabeth Adair) was observed. The young couple had been married six months on the evening of the party, so the new anniversary was initiated. Other couples might take note of this, and carry it on to the perfection attained by the wooden wedding, the silver wedding, and so forth. Of course, one would have to time the wedding date so that the six-month anniversary came in the summer. The presents could be in liquid form, as well as the refreshments. Don't you think such an affair would be a huge success?

* * *

SPEAKING of swimming parties, I am assured that the young woman who lost her bathing suit at one of the large swimming parties of a week or so ago has not yet heard from it.

This young woman, as most of you know, I suppose, went out to the party with one of the most stunning bathing suits which has been seen in Atlanta this year. It was a pretty silk affair, with stunning "lines," a Roman sash, and so forth.

The wearer of the handsome suit was quite the loveliest lady of the lake during the swimming hour. Later in the evening, when supper had served to while away a time after bathing, the owner of the prize-winning suit failed to find it with the suits of the other guests.

Frantic and continued search failed to reveal the missing garment, and a week of "want-adding" in the "Lost and Found" columns brought no results. So the young woman had to buy a new bathing suit, and the mystery of the lost one is still a mystery.

* * *

SAY, girls, I have noticed something that will interest you who do not like to play bridge and can't dance so very well. We had always heard that a woman to be popular must play cards—simply must play, and play well, for no man likes a girl long if she trumps his ace. And, too, she must dance well, for partners are not any too many, and they must be given all encouragement.

Under my observation recently has come a popular woman who neither dances nor plays cards. Do you know Mrs. John Seibles, of Columbia, S. C., the former Bertha Willingham, of Georgia? I suppose most of you do—unless you are members of the very young set which I hear so much about these days. For a few years back Bertha Willingham was accounted the belle of the State. She lived in Macon, but spent much of her time here until she married into the prominent Seibles family of Columbia.

Since that time she has been as popular in Columbia as she was while living here. The past several weeks Mrs. Seibles has been one of the charming women at Wrightsville Beach, and I have noted that she is always surrounded by a coterie of friends and admirers, and while she still maintains her indifference to cards and never dances at all, she is yet one of the most popular women at the Beach.

The reason? Well, I must admit, Mrs. Seibles has one great natural advantage—she is very beautiful and added to her beauty is a cordial and unassuming graciousness, a clever and witty style of conversation which is never allowed to express a sting or an unkind word, and she is always stunningly gowned. Of course, all these things count, but to see a woman who neither dances nor plays bridge carry off the palm of popularity is, I think, something worthy of note.

* * *

EVERY week we hear new praises of those two charming sisters, Mrs. Cecil Bingham and Lady Newborough, who were the famous Carr sisters, of Louisville.

Of Lady Newborough it is said that were she ever to lose her job as a peeress—of course, no one expects such a thing to happen—or if she suffered any sort of reversal in her fortune, she could earn a handsome income with little effort by becoming a modiste's model.

Her frocks and gowns have been the talk of English society this season. Her costume at the recent Ascot races easily won her the title of "the best dressed woman in England." Listen, here is what she wore:

A gown of oyster satin, narrow skirted, with a slight pannier effect at the hips, and draped with rare old black lace in points reaching below the knees. A large emerald clasp held the gold belt. Yellow, white and red roses were massed on one shoulder.

A hat of bonnet variety, weighted with roses of the same shades as those on her gowns.

Shoes and gloves of rose-colored suede. Silk stockings of the same shade.

The jewelry she wore was simple, consisting of topaz ear-drops and a simple bar pin at the throat, set with topazes.

The rise of this young peeress has been spectacular and rapid. "From bare feet to jeweled buckle shoes" might be the title of a story covering the events of her life.

* * *

ALSO Atlanta is to have a polo match. I have been wondering when Atlanta would wake up to the social possibilities of a polo tournament. Of course, the game is an expensive one and can only be followed by men of fine horsemanship, but wherever polo is played society life is considerably brightened. The polo matches in the East are among the most important affairs of the early summer social season. At some of the leading resorts polo matches attract great companies of interested in the sport or in the society world to be seen wherever a polo match is on.

Augusta has had a fine polo team for several years, and the team at Camden, S. C., is a notable one. Jacksonville, too, they tell me, has a polo team. Why has Atlanta been behind all these places? Since the announcement of the forthcoming match in August I have heard many delightful comments on the subject. Atlanta society is getting ready to make a brilliant showing at the affair, and indications point to its complete success, socially speaking. I hope polo matches will hereafter be a feature of summer social life in Atlanta. I see no reason why we can not have polo tournaments, which will mean to Southern society what the great Piping Rock tournament means to New York and the East.

Many fine horsemen can be found in Atlanta and near by, and the fact that the young army officers are available will, of course, add interest and give more efficiency to Atlanta's tournaments. Many people of this city have attended the polo tournaments of Eastern cities and those which have been played in Augusta, and are initiated in the social brilliancy of these affairs.

* * *

LIEUTENANT MITCHELL BURDETTE'S transfer to Fort Niagara has deprived the Atlanta younger set of a popular man. The bachelor officers at the post are popular with Atlanta society, as are many of the married officers and their wives.

Among these, Lieut. Burdette was especially well liked, and his absence has brought some degree of depression to a number of young women. He is to be at Niagara until September only, I hear, and then I suppose will return to "the Seventeenth." The girls tell me that they all like Willard McBurney very much, and he certainly seems to have met with a cordial welcome since he came here to live. Newcomers are needed right now, too, for there are lots of "buds" about to blossom and they all want a half dozen "strings to their bows" this winter.

* * *

Old Mother Netticoat
Wanted a petticoat,
So she went down town to a store.
But when she got there,
The girl said with a stare,
"They're not wearing those things
any more!"

* * *

THE OWLS were blinking solemnly down upon the festive scene, a portly head-waiter had just slipped under one's plate a little brown card bearing certain merciless rules which have to be observed, when I overheard the man nearest me, at the table on my right, ask softly: "What do you think of the way the women dress nowadays."

And the other man replied softly (but I heard because I listened), "Well, I rave at 'em—just like everybody else—and think they are beautiful—just like everybody else.'"

So you see, Girls, that is the way men look at present-day fashions. I pass on to you the information I gained by grossly eaves-dropping men who were unconscious of a feminine ear so keen.

To a man I know well I told of the "opaque petticoats" that have struck town. "For goodness sake, don't spread that report," he said, "I like 'em kind they wear now!" After all, from what I read, Atlanta girls are far behind the styles of diaphanous costuming, any way. The rapid progress of London society women in the art of undressing has brought out protests from shocked modesty and decorum—and this, too, with the royal example they have over there!

However, the present styles of daring are not altogether new. There is little difference that I can see between the woman who wears extreme decolletage and the one who wears a net blouse or a transparent skirt, and certainly the costume seen without comment at the seashore is more "extreme" than any street or evening gown could ever be! It all seems to be a matter of what we are accustomed to see. I am not saying whether I approve of these things or not—it really doesn't matter what I think about that, you know.

* * *

CHARMING MRS. BEN GATINS is one of the most graceful exponents of the "Imperial Glide," the latest variations of the new dances, which is the fad at Narragansett. Every evening, Mrs. Gatins, as well as many other beauties and belles of the East, dances the Imperial Glide at the Casino. In the daytime, she watches her husband, who is riding his ponies in the polo tournament.

I hear that Ben Gatins is very popular at Narranagsett, both he and Mrs. Gatins taking conspicuous part in the gayeties and pastimes of the Pier.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Murcheson, the latter a sister of Mrs. Frank Ellis, of Atlanta, are playing in the tennis tournament now going on at Narragansett. They have a summer home there, you know, and are identified with the annual "cottage contingent." Miss Madge Bannigan, who often visits Mrs. Rees Marshall here, is now entertaining Mrs. Marshall at Narragansett, where her parents have a summer home.

* * *

"ARE not women nowadays, for the most part and no doubt unconsciously engaged in an extensive advertising campaign, conceived with the object of reviving the fading interest of the male?"

This is the question put by a prominent medical authority recently. He goes on:

"Dress which involves such incursions into the realms of modesty and restraint must have some deeper cause than the mere desire for novelty and artistic effect."

The discussion of the latest styles of woman's dress is present with us everywhere.

Every day some new and startling mode is chronicled in the press of the countryfi and—I am ashamed for my sex when I say it—each new style is more daring than the one preceding.

Lady Duff-Gordon, the famous "Lucile," whose fame as a designer of gowns is known on two continents, declares that the extremes of transparent costumes, split skirts and other up-to-date features are planned by Paris modistes expecially for English and American women. She further declares that French women of taste and culture would not think of wearing the creations that the French dressmakers send to this country.

A story which is going the rounds of Paris tells of an Englishwoman who was offered a dress with the following inducements to tempt her:

"Madame sera satisfaite de cette robe, car en mettant un ruban rose dessous madame aura l'air completement nue (Madame will be satisfied with this dress, for in putting rose-colored ribbon underneath she will present the appearance of being wholly nude.)"

Certainly there is an orgy of undressing going on, and it shows no signs of abating.

I heard a story the other day that to my mind aptly describes some of the costumes we see on the streets these days.

One woman addressed "her dear friend" who wore a very diaphanous costume, exclaiming:

"Gracious, that skirt is so tight that I can plaintly see what you have in your pocket!"

"But I have no pocket," was the reply.

"Then what is that lump?"

"Oh, that is a chigger bite."

Miss Elizabeth Dunson

Pretty member of the younger set, and one of three sisters, all of whom are popular in Atlanta society circles. Miss Dunson often gives informal parties, and is always a guest at the dances and other affairs for the younger contingent.



Photo by Sunday American Staff Photographer

The WORLD of SOCIETY

MISS VIRGINIA LIPSCOMB returned Saturday from Augusta, where she was entertained as the guest of Miss Gladys Teague. Among social attention shown Miss Lipscomb were informal parties given by Misses Pauline Verdery and Alice Hull. Mrs. Joseph Fargo gave a large bridge party for her.

Miss Lipscomb will attend the Scoville School in New York next season, her formal debut to be deferred a year or so.

Miss Lipscomb is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rutherford Lipscomb, and in one of the popular members of the younger set.

* * *

THE marriage of Miss Maury Lee Cowles, of Atlanta, and Carroll Weisiger, of Louisville, was of interest in Virginia, the home of the bridegroom. The marriage was hastened on account of the fatal illness of Mr. Weisiger, of Ashland, who died a day or so after the marriage.

Mrs. Weisiger was a popular member of Atlanta's younger set. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Cowles and a niece of Asa G. Candler and Bishop Warren Candler.

The marriage took place at the bride's home, No. 334 West Peachtree street, on July 19, and the young couple left immediately afterward for Virginia. They are to live in Louisville.

* * *

MRS. EVERETT GINN, of Winchester, Mass., is being entertained on a visit to Atlanta, her former home. She was Miss Elizabeth Lovejoy. A pretty luncheon for Mrs. Ginn was given by Mrs. Edward H. Barnes on Thursday. Covers were laid for eight at a table decorated in pink and white phlox.

The company assembled a group of Mrs. Ginn's special friends. At the Capital City Country Club dance on Thursday evening, Mrs. W. B. Carhart entertained a dinner party in honor of Mrs. Ginn.

* * *

Mrs. George Holliday, Jr., of Atlanta, is at Wrightsville Beach. Mrs. Holliday was formerly Miss Leola Houser, of Fort Valley, and she is very popular in Macon, where she often visits her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Houser, who now make their home in Macon.

* * *

MR. AND MRS. JOHN MORRIS, JR., will leave early in August for New York, where they will meet Mrs. Morris' parents, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Conroy, on their return from a trip to Europe. They will then go to the summer home of Mr. and Mrs. Conroy at Spring Lake, N. J., for a stay of two weeks.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William Elder, of Jacksonville, Fla., who have come to Atlanta for residence, are at home with Mrs. Ida Howell Cramer, at No. 7 West Eighth street.

* * *

MRS. PETER GODFREY, of Covington, entertained a party of Atlanta friends on Friday with a spend-the-day party and a barbecue, the complimented guests being Mrs. William F. Shallenbarger, a bride of recent date and Mrs. William Elder, a new resident, formerly of Jacksonville.

The guests in addition to those two were Mrs. Rutherford Lipscomb, Mrs. Spencer Atkinson, Mrs. Haralson Bleckley, Mrs. Frank Butt, Mrs. Louis Gholstin, Mrs. Warner Martin, Mrs. Hugh Lokey, Mrs. John K. Ottley, Misses Mary Brown, Marjorie Brown, Dorothy High, Virginia Lipscomb, Passie May Ottley, Margaret Hoyt, Jeannette Lowndes, Helen McCullough. Miss Mary Brown remained over the week-end as Miss Frances Godfrey's guest.

* * *

MISS MARY BUSSEY, of Atlanta, returns to the city to-day from a visit in Savannah as the guest of Mrs. Otto Kolb and of Mrs. L. E McIntyre. She will be accompanied by Miss Nellie McLaughlin, of Savannah, who is en route to Monteagle. Miss Bussey was tendered several parties by her friends in Savannah during her visit.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Louis C. Rouglin are having a pleasant stay at the Ocean View Hotel, Ocean View, Va., where they will be until August 5.

HOTEL ANSLEY
Atlanta, Georgia

The South's finest and most modern hotel. Special concerts by Hotel Ansley Orchestra on Mezzanine floor, Sunday, July 27, from 6 to 10 p. m., as follows:

PROGRAM.

PART I.

1. March, "Echoes of Seville"—Moret.
2. Overture, "Raymond"—Thomas.
3. From "The Gypsy:" (a) "Little Honey Bee." (b) "There Is a Corner in My Heart That Is Empty"—Luders.
4. Waltzes from "Quaker Girl"—Stuart.
5. Medley selection, "Remick's Hits No. 13," arr.—Lampe.
6. "Allerseelen"—Lassen.
7. Spanish Dance in G Minor—Moszkowski.
8. Medley march, "Back to Carolina"—Erdman.

PART II.

1. Fantasy on Themes from "Martha"—Von Flotow.
2. Suite, "A Day in Venice" (4 parts)—Nevin.
   (a) Alba.
   (b) Gondolieri.
   (c) Canzone Amoroso.
   (d) Buenna Notte.
3. Waltz, "Skaters"—Waldteufel.
4. "Oh, Thou Divine Evening Star," from "Tannhauser"—Wagner.
5. Grand Selection from "Il Trovatore"—Verdi.
6. Melodie in F—Rubinstein.
7. Deux Danses—Friml.
   (a) Danse des Demoiselles.
   (b) Danse Egyptienne.
8. Coronation March from "Il Prophete"—Meyerbeer.

"Star Spangled Banner."

Special Sunday table d'hote dinner served from 6 to 8 p. m. at $1.00 per person. Table should be reserved in advance, if possible. Telephone Ivy 1100.

Last 4 Days of July Pre-Inventory Sales at

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

Your Unrestricted Choice of Any Summer Dress Formerly Selling to $23.50 at $9.85

The offer is even better than stated—some dresses in the lot were priced earlier at $27.50 to $35. But to make the headline broad and sweeping, to include "ALL DRESSES," we had to stop at $23.50. Choose, therefore, from all lingerie dresses; all voile dresses; all crepe, ratine or linen dresses, whether the former price was $18.50, $20 or $23.50, at $9.85.

One hundred and twenty-seven dresses (127) in all—all new this summer; many not in stock over thirty days. Scarcely a dress in the lot worth under $18.50; many worth to $23.50; some formerly priced to $35. Choice $9.85.

$8.50 to $12.50 Dresses at $5.85

Just the fresh, captivating summer dresses of which one likes to have a plenty. There are cool, crinkly crepes, dainty dimities, smart ratines and linens, lovely lingeries; just a whole host of the very fabrics highest in fashion. Styles are legion, as you would expect in a grouping of one hundred and thirty-nine new dresses. Choice $5.85.

(Ready-to-Wear—Second Floor)

Up to $2.50 Undermuslins at 98c

Especially noteworthy in the $2.50 garments is a small lot of thirteen fine nainsook gowns with entire bust of shadow lace. Beautifully ribbon-trimmed. An extraordinary value, indicating our determination to clear all broken lines and odds and ends of garments before inventory.

Grouped on the same big table are just as fine combinations, but somewhat mussed. Also many other gowns, less expensive. The garments consist chiefly of combinations and gowns with a sprinkling of Princess Slips, Petticoats and Corset Covers. Not a garment that originally sold for less than $1.25; many worth $1.50 to $2 and more. Choice 98c.

(Muslinwear—Second Floor)

A Trunk Sale

Odd numbers and discontinued models of trunks that we don't want to invoice. All sizes from 34 to 40, suitable for men or women. Various models and styles.

$12 to $16.50 Trunks go at $9.95

$20 to $25 Trunks go at $16.75

(Trunk Annex—Main Floor, Right)

75c Long Silk Gloves at 39c

Continuing that amazing sale of pure thread silk gloves for 39c. Forehanded women are buying them by the half dozen—they know such an opportunity will never come again.

Gloves are perfect throughout; full fashioned and finely finished. Every thread silk. Tricot weave—firm and elastic. Not the thin sleazey silk, either, but a full plump weight. 16-button length. About all sizes in black, white, tan, pongee, navy and lavender. Only 39c.

(Main Floor, Left)

Wash Goods: The Final Round-Up

Fashionable wash goods—they've sold so freely that the lines are reduced to a piece of this or two of that. Not to be invoiced; hence these clearance prices:

35c to 75c Wash Goods Go at 25c

Ratines—Plain colors in new and navy blue.
75c French Linen—45-inch, light blue, Copenhagen, green.
75c Homespun Linen—In brown and white two-tone.
39c White Voiles—plain white, soft and sheer, 40-inch.
35c Voiles—silk striped white voiles, 40-inch.

69c to $1.50 Wash Goods at 49c

$1.25 Ratine—Old rose, pink, white, with self-colored stripes.
$1.50 Macrame—Piece in white only, 48 inches wide.
75c Ratine Voile—Handsome fabric in light blue and old rose.
69c to $1 Crepes and Lingeries—all white, prettily embroidered.

(Wash Goods—Main Floor, Left)

Clearing the Laces

Small lots and oddments! Rather than invoice them we'll clean 'em out at a loss. Pay

9c for 15c to 25c laces—all-linen Cluny laces in edges and insertions, 1½ to 2½ inches wide. All white.

59c for $1.50 to $2.25 embroideries—45-inch voile flouncing, embroidered in shadow and eyelet, and 27-inch Baby Irish, 1¾ to 3-yard lengths.

29c for 50c to 75c laces—shadow flouncings, 12 to 18 inches, and bands 3 to 9 inches. Ecru and white.

39c for 75c to $1 laces—45-inch all-over shadow laces. Bewitching patterns in cream and ecru.

(Main Floor, Right)

$7 & $8 Corsets $3.50

If you don't mind wearing a corset somewhat higher in the bust than present fashions call for, you can save a half and more.

Since these are the well known Madame Grace and Mme. Irene Corsets, you know that the workmanship and materials are *PERFECTION*. Imported materials variously in pink, blue or white. Choice $3.50.

(Corsets—Second Floor)

All charge purchases for rest of July go on August Statement, payable in September.

Soiled Table Linens

Because these table linens need a tubbing we don't want to invoice them. That, and the fact that they are odd lots, accounts for these absurdly low prices. Bargains for the thrifty.

Linens are pure 100 per cent flax. All size cloths from 2x2 yards, 2x2½ yards, 2x3 yards, up to 2½x4 yards. Possibly not all sizes, however, at each price. Choose from

$6.50 to $8.50 Cloths at $3.90.
$9, $10 to $12.50 Cloths at $4.90.
$13.50 to $16.50 Cloths at $6.90.

Linen Napkins in the Sale

High grade qualities, all sold by the dozen.

$4 and $4.50 Napkins, 22½-inch size, $2.98.
$7.50 to $9 Napkins, 27-inch size, $5.98.
$10 to $15 Napkins, 27-inch size, $7.98.

(Linens—Main Floor, Left)

50c Stamped Pillow Cases 39c

The 39c price is for the pair. Made of heavy muslin, full size, 45x36 in. Stamped for solid and eyelet embroidery.

29c for 50c shoe bags—cretonnes and denims. Ready finished. Prettily tinted.

39c for 50c and 75c laundry bags—embroidered and tinted on white and cream linen and colored denims. (Main Floor, Center)

$2 Hand Bags $1.19

$1.50 and $2 all-leather hand bags, leather lined, black and colors.

ECONOMY BASEMENT

Girls' 75c to $1 Dresses at 49c

Charming white dresses in this summer's smart styles. Fine madras and flaxon in neat stripes, checks and plaids. All white. Low neck, short and three-quarter sleeves. Ages 2 to 6.

Women's 10c Vests

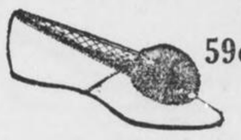
Jersey ribbed full bleached vests with wing sleeves. Taped and crochet trimmed. Sizes 4, 5 and 6. 5c

25c Knit Pants

Children's pants, gauze knit, perfectly made. Umbrella style, lace trimmed. Sizes 2 to 8 years. 12c

89c Middy Blouses

Balkan Middy Blouses in all white or white with red or blue collars and cuffs. Sizes for girls 10, 12, 14 and 16. 65c



59c

ECONOMY BASEMENT

Boudoir Slippers

A fresh supply. All desirable colors and sizes. Genuine 75c values for 59c.

One-Strap Kid House Slippers $1.19

Low, comfortable rubber heels. All sizes now in stock. Pure leather throughout. $1.50 values.

White Canvas PUMPS $1.95



A splendid $3 value. Has welt sole and leather heels. A good showing of sizes and widths. Some turn soles and covered heels in the lot.

6 Rolls of Toilet Paper 25c

The value means nothing to you unless you see the paper. It is the same quality which usually retails in many stores at 3 rolls for 25c. Full 1,000 sheets to roll; soft, absorbent. SILK TISSUE quality.

(On Sale Only in Rich's Economy Basement)

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

Society Chatter
by Polly Peachtree

Continued from Page One.

vesant Fish next Friday night. She has announced that she will appear as a fairy in fluffy white with wings and a wand, and her sole jewels a string of famous pearls.

From all I can hear, this ball to be given by Mrs. Fish will be a wonderful affair. Some of the costumes to be worn will be remarkable in their novelty. I hear that Mrs. Robert Goelet, who is one of the handsomest married women in the Eastern set, is having an elaborate "Little Bo Peep" costume made. It will be the product of special artists and costumers, and Mrs. Goelet has purchased a little lamb, which she is training for service at her side in the ballroom. Dainty satin strings will be used as leading strings for the little lamb as Mrs. Goelet walks about the dance floor.

* * *

LET me tell you of a novel after-the-theater party which came to my attention last week. It may offer suggestions for those in search of something new at this dull time.

A party of the younger set—some six or eight girls and men—motored out to Piedmont Park, after the show, and instead of sitting at little tables under the electric lights and eating something they didn't want, they went over into the children's playground and spent a jolly hour, in the moonlight, swinging in the big swings, shooting the chutes and doing other stunts with the playthings which the kiddies of that neighborhood use.

I understand that the girls were a charming group and "just too sweet for anything," as they romped and played and laughed, making believe they were just little girls instead of dignified maidens "standing with reluctant (?) feet where the brook and river meet." Sitting comfortably in a big swing, their chaperon, a merry-hearted woman, who has not lost her youthful heart, looked on with smiling lips at the pretty scene, until she thought the playtime had lasted long enough, when the party was hustled into a big automobile and everybody went home happy.

I hear that the example of this group is soon to be imitated by other near-debutantes and maybe by some of the older couples as well.

* * *

ALL the world loves a lover, and especially a royal lover. So all England and a good part of the United States is delighted over the love affair of Prince Arthur of Connaught and the young Duchess of Fife, whose engagement has just been announced.

Prince Arthur has long shared with his sister, the Princess Patricia, a great popularity, and there have been rumors galore of impending engagements. At one time he was said to be desperately in love with Lady Marjorie Manners, who is now the Marchioness of Anglesey. It was said that King Edward was about to approve of the match between these young people when he died, and that King George would have none of it.

The young Duchess of Fife is practically unknown in English society, owing to the seclusion in which her mother chooses to keep her family of daughters. She is described to me as a nice-looking blonde, with pale, ineffective eyes. My informant adds that she has a lot to learn about dress; that all her clothes have been homemade, in primitive, ill-fitting fashion. At a recent royal party she and her sisters were dressed like charity school children. They wore long buttoned boots that looked anything but smart.

She is an expert fencer, and it is said that she has few equals as a fisherwoman for salmon. She rides to hounds with all the daring of a man. When in society, she is so diffident that she has been nicknamed "Her Shyness." However, she will have $5,000,000 in her own right on her marriage, and once released from parental suppression, she may blossom out into an agreeable-looking woman.

Incidentally the Prince is not an Adonis among men. Though quite good looking, he is slightly shrunken on the left side, like the German Emperor, and walks with a limp. Added to that, a perfectly bald head, he is not one, I should imagine, to appeal to a fastidious American girl.

* * *

MR. AND MRS. WILLIAM RAWLINGS, who have recently built a charming home in Druid Hills, having come here from New York for permanent residence, are now in Paris. They spend a part of each summer abroad, and left Atlanta for their annual trip soon after the marriage of their daughter Katherine to Philip Wilcox in June.

From Carlsbad greetings to Atlanta friends have recently come from Mrs. J. P. Norfleet and Miss Ada Norfleet, of Memphis, who are abroad for the summer. The home-coming of Miss Mary Allgood Jones, who has been abroad for several months, was somewhat marred by her illness upon arrival. She is all right now, I hear, and with Mrs. Jones will be guests of Mrs. Hugh McKee for a time. After the first of September they go to their home for the winter, Miss Jones to be a debutante next season.

Miss Jessie McKee, the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McKee, has arrived in New York, after a year at school in Berlin. She will accompany her father for a trip into Canada before coming on to Atlanta.

At this season one often sees the names of Georgians in the cable dispatches from the playgrounds of Europe. At St. Moritz Mr. and Mrs. Percy T. Dashwood are registered from Atlanta. Mrs. Peter Bruguiere, of Savannah, always a striking figure and noted as an elegant dresser, is in London for the season, as has been her custom for years. She has a large circle of friends there, by whom she is greatly admired.

Among those friends are Mrs. William Northrop McMillan, of St. Louis, and of No. 19 Hill street, London; Mrs. James McDonald, the Hon. Mrs. Henry Coventry, formerly Edith Kip, of New York, who entertained a party for Mrs. Bruguiere at her house on Grosvenor square recently.

Mrs. Bruguire is one of those Americans who go over to London every season and entertain their own special circle, which is often a most delightful and interesting one.

* * *

I HEARD a story the other day which throws an interesting sidelight on our old friend, Andrew Carnegie. The "Laird of Skibo" is noted for his thrift, but I did not think that he carried it as far as this story would indicate.

Mr. Carnegie, accompanied by his wife, daughter and a few friends, had been traveling in Switzerland. On the arrival of the party at Lucerne the majority wanted to stay a few days longer, as the weather was splendid. Mr. Carnegie, however, pointed out that the money for the sleeping cars from Basle to Paris would be lost, and they went to Paris.

At another time it was proposed to vary the booked voyage in a manner which would entail a cost of $4 extra each.

"Four dollars is a lot of money," said Mr. Carnegie. And the extra trip was abandoned.

* * *

I AM very anxious to find out just what caused Mr. and Mrs. Edward Beals McLean to desert Newport so hurriedly.

A few weeks ago Mr. and Mrs. McLean arrived at the summer colony with Baby Vincent, fourteen automobiles, dozens of horses and a great retinue of servants, took possession of Black Point Farm, and prepared for a season of pleasant gayety.

At that time it was predicted that the lovely Mrs. McLean, who was formerly Evelyn Walsh, the Colorado heiress, would be the reigning belle of Newport. It was said that the famous Hope diamond had been taken along and would be worn on several occasions. But suddenly last week the McLeans packed up, hired a makeshift special train, and left for Canada. They announced that they would be gone at least a month.

I am sorry to hear this, for I have such an intense admiration for Mrs. McLean that I was looking forward with great pleasure to her social achievements at Newport.

* * *

ATLANTANS remember well Anna Pavlowa, the Russian dancer, who appeared here with Mikael Mordkin in their wonderful dances. Mademoiselle Pavlowa, I understand, will appear here again next winter.

This young woman has attained tremendous popularity with the royal family of Russia. Indeed, the Czar admires her so much that he has commissioned the famous Russian sculptor, Seraphin Soudbinine, to model her in several poses. These models of Pavlowa in "The Swan," "The Bacchanale" and other of her dances will be reproduced in the private porcelain factory of the Czar. The products of this factory are kept exclusively for the use of the imperial family and for gifts for their personal friends.

* * *

TWELVE young women, popular in society, organized themselves into a little club, which for several meetings lacked a name. So much gossip went on over the card tables—I have this straight from a member—that the girls decided they had gossiping proclivities equal to a scrubwoman's, so then and there they named their organization the "Scrubby Club."

Although the members entertain each other at weekly meetings with dainty luncheons and all wear their prettiest clothes, they still dub themselves the Scrubbies, and all of them are so called by their intimate friends, though some of these do not know what the name implies.

A Charming Atlanta Matron

Mrs. C. C. Hatcher, who frequently entertains at the Piedmont Driving Club dinner dances of the season, and gives delightful dinner parties at her home on Peachtree Circle. Mrs. Hatcher wears artistic and individual gowns, and is one of the handsomest women of the city. (Photograph by McCrary.)



Society Notes

MISS DOROTHY JONES, of Newnan, who is visiting Miss Harriet McCullough on Juniper street, has been the honor guest of several informal parties this week. Miss Harriet McCullough gave a tea at the Piedmont Club Wednesday afternoon, inviting six guests.

Miss Frances Broyles entertained a few girls at a swimming party, followed by tea, at the Capital City Country Club Thursday afternoon.

Miss Madeline McCullough gave a box party at the Forsyth Friday, inviting to meet Miss Jones the Misses Nina Hopkins, Julia Murphy, Nellie Dodd, Frances Broyles, Isabel Amorous, Alice Muse, Frances Winship, Dorothy Arkwright, Irene King and Katherine King. After the matinee the guests had tea at the Georgian Terrace.

* * *

Miss Nina Goodlett, of Dyersburg, Tenn., who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Robert Hunt, for the summer months, will spend several days this week with Mrs. R. J. Baylor, at No. 305 Myrtle street.

* * *

Mrs. Everard Richardson and children returned home Thursday after spending a month in the mountains of North Carolina.

* * *

MRS. JOHN RUSSELL GRESHAM was hostess at a bridge party Tuesday afternoon for Miss Leila Daley, of Texarkana, Texas, the guest of Mrs. Harold Hilton, and Mrs. John Hageny, of San Diego, Cal., who is visiting Mrs. Glen Mickel. The Japanese idea was carried out in all the details. Yellow gladioli and sunflowers were used in the decoration of the house, as well as ferns and palms, which were placed here and there on small tables.

The prizes were a Japanese tea pot and correspondence cards, and to the honor guest was given sets of hand-painted score cards.

Mrs. Gresham received her guests wearing blue voile embroidered in blue.

The guests included Miss Daley, Miss Green, Miss Thomnson, Mrs. John Hageny, Mrs. Harry L. Allan, Mrs. Harold Hilton, Mrs. W. H. Sharpe, Mrs. A. T. Peavy, Mrs. Neal Spencer, Mrs. J. H. Zachry, Mrs. A. J. Wilson, Mrs. Sydney Johnson, Mrs. T. S. Bagwell, Mrs. G. W. Phipps, Mrs. W. D. Green, Mrs. John Hagan, Mrs. Emil Ereitenbucher, Mrs. George Breitenbucher, Mrs. W. H. Cantrell, Mrs. C. S. Robinson, Miss Bensil, Mrs. E. Pearce and Mrs. Stillman.

In the World of Society

DR. AND MRS. THOMAS PHILIP HINMAN and Master Thomas Philip Hinman, Jr., with Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Broyles, are enjoying an extended trip through the West. The party have just completed the five-days" journey through Yellowstone Park, where they spent a day or two at Old Faithful Inn, a noted retreat in the chain of hotels through the park.

On the completion of the trip through the Yellowstone, Mr. and Mrs. Broyles will return to Atlanta, but Dr. and Mrs. Hinman and Thomas will visit Seattle, Portland and Tacoma, returning home the middle of August.

* * *

MISS NELL PRINCE is a lovely member of society who has recently returned home, on the completion of her college course at St. Elizabeth College, Morristown, N. J.

Following her graduation, Miss Prince, with 21 other graduates from that institution, enjoyed a most delightful class house party in Fairfield, Conn. A round of pleasures had been arranged for the seniors, and after the disbanding of the house party, Miss Prince went to Paterson, N. J., where she was the guest of Miss Mattie Simon.

Miss Prince will figure largely in the gayeties of the coming winter, both she and her sister, Miss Nancy Prince, being exceedingly popular.

* * *

MRS. FRED HOUSER and Miss Alma Nance gave an informal bridge party Thursday morning at the apartment of Mrs. Houser in the Virginian for Miss Viola Wade and Mrs. Ben Wade, of Palmetto, Fla., guests of Miss Alma Nance.

Roses adorned the mantels and cabinets and potted plants were also used in decorating the apartment.

Mrs. Houser was gowned in blue crepe meteor. Miss Nance and Miss Wade were similarly gowned in white French crepe and lace. Mrs. Wade wore a lavender crepe. Invited to meet the honor guests were Miss Mainer Lee Hardin, Mrs. Hatton Rodgers, Mrs. B. C. Broyles, Mrs. Albert Barnes, Mrs. Grover McGahee, Mrs. J. C. Beall and Mrs. T. J. Nance.

* * *

MRS. JULIAN PRADE was hostess to her sewing club Thursday morning. Garden flowers were used to decorate the porch, and a buffet luncheon was served there.

Mrs. Prade wore a morning frock of white crepe with a little coat of Dresden crepe.

The members of this club are Mrs. Prade, Misses Mary Blalock, Helen Thorn, Grace Thorn, Martha Ryder, Mary Lucy Turner, Katie Sturdivant, Lillian Sturdivant, Annie Lou Paggett, Edith Dunson, Elizabeth Dunson, Emmie Willingham, Van McKinnon and Laura Hooper.

* * *

MISS NELLIE KISER STEWART entertained a few friends informally at tea at the Piedmont Club Thursday afternoon for Miss Margaret Buckner, of Roanoke, who is visiting Miss Helen Jones. Tea was served on the terrace, and afterward the girls enjoyed dancing.

* * *

MR. AND MRS. FRANK ADAIR and Mrs. Adair's sister, Miss Leone Ladson, are expected home the latter part of this week, having sailed from Europe on the Olympic last Wednesday. Mrs. Adair and Miss Ladson have spent the past few months traveling on the Continent, Mr. Adair joining them in June for a trip through Great Britain and France.

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E. H. CONE, Inc., 2 Stores, Atlanta, Ga.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

Beautiful Drapery Cloths in a Special Sale Monday

We measure the value of a sale by the desirability of the goods offered. We want you to judge this one that way, and we know you will agree with us that it is a most unusual sale.

The most wanted Drapery fabrics in fresh, beautiful patterns are priced at just about half—and you may choose from the whole stock, with no restrictions as to yardage, full pieces and all go into the sale.

Included are: Scrims, Voiles, Marquisettes and Cretonnes.

Here's the Way They Are Priced:

11c yard instead of 20c.
13c yard instead of 25c.
16c yard instead of 30c.
18c yard instead of 35c.
21c yard instead of 40c.
26c yard instead of 50c.

Curtain Nets

35c Nets at 23c yard.
50c Nets at 32c yard.
60c Nets at 39c yard.
65c Nets at 45c yard.
75c Nets at 54c yard.
85c Nets at 67c yard.
$1.00 Nets at 78c yard.
$1.25 Nets at 91c yard.

(Rug and Drapery Section, Fifth Floor.)

Important Items for Monday in The Down-Stairs Section

Certain Garments That Women Will Be Glad to Know About

49c for dainty initial Night Gowns. They are made of soft nainsook; embroidered scallop round neck and sleeves, and initial in front yoke.

75c for Women's $1.00 Petticoats—white lingerie petticoats with 18-inch embroidery flounce; some ribbon run.

75c for $1.00 Princess Slips of soft nainsook, trimmed with lace edging and insertion, or embroidery; some have beading, ribbon run.

$1.19 for beautiful Silk Petticoats; some in solid colors, others of Persian design.

$1.98 for $4.50 pique and Ottoman cloth Dresses; they have pique collar and cuffs, button trimmed; white and colors.

79c for $1.00 and $1.50 House Dresses; well made, prettily trimmed Dresses, in all desirable colors, and black-and-white effects.

$1.95 for $3.00 Silk Kimonos. They are made of Japonica silk in plain colors or floral designs; light and dark shades.

98c for long Kimonos of Serpentine Crepe; plain colors or figured effects, with Persian band trimming.

$2.95 for $7.50 Ramie linen Suits; cutaway coat, with satin collar and tie of contrasting color; suits in light blue, brown, pink, Copenhagen and white.

29c for regular 50c short kimonos of figured batiste; made with lace trimmed sailor collar; a variety of patterns to select from.

98c for Misses' $2.00 Middy Blouse Suits; made of good quality linene, trimmed with contrasting color; plain skirt.

Special Pricing of Wash Fabrics

10c yard for regular 20c corded crepe; a full range of popular colors.

12½c yara for 18c Galatea in especially good patterns for children's clothes.

7½c yard for Remnants of white French Nainsook; short lengths in various qualities, up to 25c yard; all priced for Monday at 7½c yard.

10c yard for Remnants of white Pique; 20c and 25c quality—medium welts.

5c yard for 10c figured Voiles; stripes and small, pretty figures; pink, blue, lavender, black and white.

5c yard for 8½c Ginghams; apron checks in indigo blue.

10c yard for 25c mercerized Ottoman cloth; all popular colors, black and white.

Good Corsets at Small Prices

At $1.00 are three special corsets in new and splendid models; medium and low busts—long hips; all sizes.

At 49c are good corsets in fashionable, new models; low bust and long hips; of extra value at this price.

Appreciable Savings on Hosiery and Knit Underwear

Three pairs of children's 25c black ribbed Hose for 50c.

Infants' low neck, sleeveless Vests, taped neck, regular 15c value at 10c each.

Women's sheer gauze vests—the kind that can't slip off the shoulders—regular sizes 9c; extra large sizes 12½c each.

Women's knitted Combination Suits; low neck, sleeveless; lace trimmed; regular sizes 25c; extra sizes 35c suit.

5c for 10c Japanese Paper Fans; a large assortment in colors, black and white.

A Sale of Wanted Laces at 5c Yard

Shadow lace, cotton Cluny lace, Linen lace and Valenciennes lace. Edges and insertions. A good assortment of patterns and all popular widths.

25c yd for All-Over Nets and Laces

Shadow Lace and Nets for yokes; 18 inches wide; regular 35c value.

39c yard for 45-inch Embroidery Flouncings. Regular 50c value.

5c yard for Embroidery Edgings—up to 5 inches wide.

89c Umbrellas at 50c

Fast black, American taffeta cover, with one-piece mission wood handles.

Wide Patent Leather Belts at 10c each; all desirable colors, white and black.

Miscellaneous Economies

Large bottle Household Ammonia, 5c.
25c Persian and plain silk Ribbons, 19c.
Three Silk Hair Nets, Cap Shape, for 5c.
Crumb Tray and Scrapers at 10c.
Good Sewing Cotton, two spools for 5c.
Three-Minute Egg Timers, 10c.
Shirtwaist Shields, all sizes, 10c.
Pot Lids, all sizes, 7½ to 13 inches, 10c.

Prices Are Lowered on Girls' Wash Dresses

98c for regular $1.50 Dresses.
69c for regular $1.00 Dresses.
49c for regular 75c Dresses.
35c for regular 35c Dresses.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

In the REALM of SOCIETY

THE midsummer weather plays havoc with the meetings of the various clubs of the city, the members being so scattered during the hot months that, as a rule, meetings are discontinued until the cool weather arrives. Whenever a meeting is held, the chief topic of conversation is that of the whereabouts of the absent members, the stay-at-homes exchanging news from the absent ones, who are scattered to the four winds of the earth.

Some of the clubs of more serious import, however, continue their meetings in order that their work may go forward. The Order of Old-Fashioned Women, which is composed of a little group of the most prominent women of the city, is one of the few clubs which will have an occasional meeting in order that the Cornelia Moore Day Nursery, maintained by the members of this order, may continue its work of caring for the children who are placed there during the absence of their mothers while at work.

During the winter these meetings at the nursery alternate with meetings at the homes of the various members, when elaborate luncheons are served, but at this season the only meetings are held at the nursery.

At last week's meetings the three or four members present made all their plans for the welfare of the children at the home before leaving a little later for their summer trips.

Mrs. Robert Foreman, one of the active members of this order, will leave soon with her family for Toxaway, where they will spend two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Kiser and their young sons are planning a trip through the Great Lakes. At present Mrs. Kiser is spending much of her time with her sister, Mrs. William A. Tilt, of New York, who is the guest of her parents, Colonel and Mrs. William Lawson Peel. Mrs. Tilt expects to spend some time with Mrs. Kiser at her home on Pace's Ferry road before returning to New York.

Mrs. Henry Inman is now at Bar Harbor, where she has a summer cottage, and spends part of every summer. At present Mrs. Inman is entertaining Miss Louise Broyles and Miss Margaret McCarty. Mrs. Inman is also a member of this order.

* * *

Mrs. Julian Field, another prominent and active member of the order, is at present in the city, after spending several weeks at her summer home in Rabun County. Mr. and Mrs. Field have quite an extensive plantation and are successful farmers, their apple crop being particularly fine. They will return to Rabun later in the summer.

Mrs. Preston Arkwright, also a member of the order, is spending the summer at her attractive home at East Lake. Mrs. Wilmer L. Moore is also spending the summer at her residence on Eleventh street.

Mrs. William D. Ellis, Jr., has been at Tallulah Falls for two or three weeks, her summer home, "Cherokee Cottage," being a charming summer residence on the side of a high hill. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis are most hospitable and frequently invite their friends from Atlanta to spend the week-end at Tallulah, besides entertaining house parties of young people in honor of their debutante daughter, Adgate.

Mrs. Robert F. Maddox is at present at "Woodhaven," an ideal place in which to spend the summer.

Mrs. Morris Brandon is another member of the order who will also probably spend the remainder of the summer at her home on Pace's Ferry road.

* * *

ONE of the largest affairs of the week was the swimming party given Tuesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair at their residence in Druid Hills. The affair was one of a series of delightfully informal swimming parties given by Mr. and Mrs. Adair, since the establishment of the new pool in the rear of their residence, and, after an hour or so of exciting water sports, supper was served on the terraces and the spacious lawn surrounding the residence. The entire grounds were brilliantly lighted, and an al fresco supper was served.

Mr. and Mrs. Adair were assisted in entertaining by their son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gregg, and among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. James L. Dickey, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert Foster Maddox, Mr. and Mrs. Lowry Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Brandon, Mr. and Mrs. John Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Rutherford Lipscomb, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Irwin, Mr. and Mrs. James T. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. William F. Spalding, Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Hatcher, Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. George Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Preston Arkwright, Mr. and Mrs. William Kiser, Mr. and Mrs. Rix Stafford, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin P. Ansley, Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Hopkins, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Alex W. Smith, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. George Adair, Mr. and Mrs. Gus T. Dodd, Mr. and Mrs. Frank D. Holland, Misses Mary Helen Moody, Annie Lee McKenzie, Augusta Pearce, of New York; Helen Dobbs, Ruth Stallings, Marion Goldsmith, Jennie D. Harris, Mignon McCarty, Elise Brown, Helen McCullough, Laura Ansley, Eugene Kelly, Dozier Lowndes, Joseph Colquitt, Edward Gay, Clarence Knowles, George McCarty and Rucker McCarty.

* * *

MISS CLIO CARMICHAEL, of Jackson, is the guest of Miss Margaret Rushton, at the Druid Hills residence of her sister, Mrs. Clyde Lanier King, and the largest of several parties for her this week was the afternoon tea given Wednesday by Mrs. King.

The guests included young girls and men, and the apartments of Mrs. King's residence were gay and bright with vases of summer flowers, a profusion of brown-eyed susans gracing the tea table. Zinnias, nasturtiums and garden roses were used in the other apartments, with growing plants and ferns.

Miss Carmichael was the central figure in an informal bridge party Friday morning given by Miss Marion Fielder, and, following the bridge party, she was tendered an informal afternoon party by Mrs. John Ray Pattillo. Saturday morning Mrs. Stewart Roberts gave a similar morning bridge for Miss Carmichael.

* * *

ONE of the thoroughly informal affairs of the week was a spend-the-day party given Wednesday by Mrs. Forrest Adair, Jr., in her apartment in the Sumner. After a morning of sewing, luncheon was served, the handsomely appointed table having a vase of garden flowers as a centerpiece. Mrs. Adair's guests included Misses Helen Hobbs, Kathryn Gordon, Gertrude Johnston, of Charleston; Margaret Haverty, Laura Cowles, Marie Pappenheimer and Mrs. Gerald Smith, of Baltimore.

* * *

MISS GLADYS DUNSON, the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dunson, will be a debutante of the winter, and will be formally introduced at a large affair to be given by her parents.

Miss Dunson is the third of the lovely young daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Dunson, her elder sisters, Misses Edith and Elizabeth Dunson, being popular members of the younger set. Miss Gladys Dunson, the debutante, completed her school life at Washington College, where she graduated in June. She is very pretty and attractive, and following her formal debut a number of smaller affairs will be given for her.

* * *

MR. AND MRS. W. O. FOOTE left Saturday for an annual camping trip to Tallulah Falls.

They were accompanied by Misses Marian Fielder, Edna Stringer, Margaret Northen, Carrie Bigham, Eugenia Bigham, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Troutman, Dr. and Mrs. DeLos Hill, James Bigham, Roy Dorsey, Walter W. Foote. The party will be entertained for ten days.

* * *

Miss Emily Winship is visiting Miss Elizabeth Brown on Lake Erie for several weeks.

* * *

Miss Louise Parker is entertaining a party of girls at her country home, "Ashantee," at Clayton, in North Georgia, her guests being Misses Ida Winship, Dorothy Traynham, Katherine DuBose, Harriet Haynes, Ellen Wolff and Faith Johnson.

* * *

MOULTRIE HITT entertained at a swimming party at East Lake Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Woolfolk, who is visiting his mother, Mrs. Virginius Hitt.

Among the guests were the Misses Woolfolk, Lula Dean Jones, Emma Kate Amorous, Elizabeth Morgan, Carolyn King, Priscilla Patton, Laura Cowles, Helen Jones and her guest, Margaret Buckner, of Roanoke; Adeline Thomas, Beverly DuBose, George Street, Palmer Johnson, Winter Alfriend, Tyler Waller, Frank Spratling, Halsey McGovern, George Plant, Prince Webster, Eugene Harrington, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shelton and Mrs. Hitt chaperoned the party.

* * *

MISS HELEN JONES will entertain this week in compliment to Miss Mildred Hazen, of Orange, N. J., who arrives to-day to be the guest of Miss Mignon McCarty for a month.

* * *

SATURDAY AFTERNOON Miss Julia Murphy gave a box party at the Forsyth, the guests including Misses Dorothy Arkwright, Madeline McCullough, Isabel Amorous, Frances Broyles, Harriet McCullough and her guest, Dorothy Jones, of Newnan; Frances Winship, Nellie Dodd and Nina Hopkins. After the matinee the party had tea at the Piedmont Driving Club. Friday night Miss Alice Muse entertained Miss Dorothy Jones.

* * *

MISS FRANCES WINSHIP'S tea Monday afternoon at the Piedmont Driving Club for Miss Harriet McCullough's guest, Miss Dorothy Jones, of Newnan, will assemble the following girls: Misses Harriet McCullough, Dorothy Jones, Alice Muse, Frances Broyles, Nellie Dodd, Julia Murphy, Madeline McCullough, Nina Hopkins, Dorothy Arkwright, Katherine Dickey, Elizabeth Hawkins, Marjorie Weldon and Isabel Amorous.

* * *

Mrs. H. F. West and her sister, Miss May Scott, of Milwaukee, who are on an extended trip through the West, are now the guests of Miss Genie West in her apartment in Los Angeles.

Miss Frances Clarke

Who has recently returned home after graduation from Goucher College with high scholarship honors. Miss Clarke will be a member of the debutante circles of the coming season. She is the younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Clarke, and a sister of pretty Miss Penelope Clarke.



SOCIETY in the Churches

DRUID HILL METHODIST.

The women of the Druid Hills Methodist Church have divided themselves into ten circles with ten duties that must be performed by each circle during the year.

For instance one month Circle No. 1 will give aid to the Wesley House, then the following month Circle No. 2 has charge of the work at that institution, thus bringing every phase of church work before each circle.

On each Monday afternoon the circles meet together: the first Monday of the month being given up to the executive committee; the second to the committee on study; the third to a program on work in foreign and home missions; and the fourth Monday afternoon is a social meeting.

To see after the success of the program meeting there is a telephone committee who call all members of the church and invite them to the meeting, in this way reminding them of the day which is set apart for this program. There is also a music committee responsible for the music.

Last Monday afternoon the women had what they called a "Travelogue," visiting by word all the places over the world where the Methodists have missions organized. A Cuban song was sung and a discussion was held on the situation of children in factories.

Talks were made by Mrs. W. A. Allbright, Mrs. Hope Wilder and Mrs. Z. W. Mathews, and Mrs. Warren Candler told of her recent visit to Biloxi, Miss., where she made some investigations of the conditions in factories there.

Mrs. B. S. Cash, of the Christian Church, rendered several vocal solos, making the afternoon particularly interesting.

On Thursday afternoons the young ladies of the church are doing the same class of work as the older women and are manifesting great interest in their duties.

* * *

EGLESTON METHODIST.

The ladies of the Egleston Methodist Episcopal Church, Fulton and Washington streets, gave an ice cream festival Thursday afternoon from 4 to 9 o'clock on the church lawn. Quite a nice fund was raised during the evening.

* * *

JACKSON HILL BAPTIST.

A welcome service to Dr. L. E. Barton, the new pastor of the Jackson Hill Baptist Church, was held Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the church.

Dr. John E. White, of the Second Baptist Church, presided over the services. Dr. Arthur Hale Gordon, of the Ponce DeLeon Baptist Church, gave a Scripture reading. Dr. John F. Purser made a beautiful prayer, and words of welcome from Atlanta Baptists were delivered by Dr. Charles W. Daniel; words of welcome from our neighbors by Dr. A. A. Little, pastor of Westminster Presbyterian Church, and Dr. C. O. Jones, from Grace Methodist Church; words of welcome from Jackson Hill Church by Dr. J. J. Bennett, and a response by the new pastor, Dr. L. E. Barton. Dr. A. B. Woodfin closed the services with an appropriate benediction.

* * *

FIRST METHODIST.

Mrs. Sallie Stewart Harris has recently returned from China, where she has spent the past six years studying conditions in the Orient. She will address the ladies of the First Methodist Church Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. Harris has given her entire time and all her energies for the past 30 years to mission work, living in Shanghai, Hongkong, Peking, Korea and Japan. All interested in missions are cordially invited to come.

* * *

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION.

Mr. and Mrs. John Byington entertained at dinner Tuesday evening in honor of the vestrymen of the Church of the Incarnation.

The table had as its centerpiece a bowl of red carnations, and from the bowl to each plate ran ribbons attached to the place cards, and each guest had a red carnation for his buttonhole. Smilax was garlanded about the mound.

During dinner the men discussed church affairs, and, although this meeting is usually held at the church, Mr. Byington thought a social gathering would rather aid than hinder the progress with business.

The guests included the Rev. John Wing, C. J. Kamper, C. J. Kelly, C. E. Pollard, C. R. Snyder, Arthur Dyer, Walter Grant, Raymond Williams and R. E. Kauffman.

Mr. and Mrs. John Byington left Saturday for Clayton, North Georgia, where they will spend several weeks as the guests of Mrs. Frank Eastman at her country home on Mont Essene.

The Rev. and Mrs. John Wing will leave August 3 for Savannah, where they will sail for Maine. Mrs. Wing's grandmother, Mrs. K. J. Phillip, has a cottage at Kennebunkport, on the coast, for the summer, and the Rev. and Mrs. Wing will be her guests for a month. Dr. and Mrs. C. B. Wilmer are already with Mrs. Phillip.

* * *

WESLEY MEMORIAL.

The annual Shower given at Wesley Memorial Hosiptal by the women of the Auxiliary of that institution was one of the most successful of the several that has been held by the Auxiliary since this form of contributions to the hospital has been inaugurated.

The annual Shower is given on the birthday of John Wesley, founder of Methodism, and constitutes the most important feature of the upkeep of the institution.

The Wesley Memorial Hospital is operated largely along charitable lines, and there are more charity patients cared for in the wards than paid patients, for no one is turned away from the hospital when there is a place to care for an applicant.

Each year the Shower is held, and donations from all parts of the State pour in. These donations include hospital supplies, money, and everything that goes toward making the sick and convalescent comfortable.

This year twenty-five hundred articles to be used in the hospital were donated. These articles included linen, furniture, table appointments, bedding, clothes for the sick, and money. The amount of money sent in was nearly $300. These contributions came in from neighboring towns and States, and a memorial bed was added to those already established, besides a complete baby outfit, made by the young girls of Miss Georgia Wilder's Sunday School class.

The memorial bed was placed in the hospital by Miss Cooper, of Alphretta.

Officers of the Auxiliary of the Wesley Memorial Hospital are Mrs. R. K. Rambo, president; Mrs. Susie Wells, recording secretary; Mrs. J. H. Bradfield, financial secretary; Mrs. H. O. Reese, treasurer.

There are six vice presidents for North Georgia, and six for South Georgia. The Atlanta vice presidents are Mrs. John Miller, Mrs. T. P. Westmoreland, Mrs. John H. Raine, Mrs. R. F. Molnm, Mrs. Hugh White, and Mrs. R. T. Kendall, of Gainesville.

* * *

WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Westminster Presbyterian Church gave a lawn fete Friday afternoon and evening on the manse lawn. Homemade candies and cakes were served and a splendid sum was collected for the society to carry on the philanthropic work undertaken by it.

* * *

KING'S DAUGHTERS.

Mrs. G. C. Goree was hostess at a meeting of the Georgia Libby Circle of King's Daughters and Sons on Friday afternoon.

* * *

ST. MARK METHODIST.

Tuesday afternoon the ladies of all the circles of St. Mark Methodist Church met in the Sunday school room of the church for the monthly social meeting. About 25 ladies were present.

* * *

PONCE DE LEON AVENUE BAPTIST.

Mrs. Robert Turman, an active member of the Ponce DeLeon Avenue Baptist Church, presided over the regular monthly meeting of the Missionary Society of the Ponce DeLeon Avenue Baptist Church Monday afternoon, a feature of which was a talk by Mrs. Samuel Lumpkin, who told of the work being done by the Martha's Home and the Travelers' Aid. The last week has been devoted by the women of this church to finding out the scope of the work being done in Atlanta in regard to city missions, and following Mrs. Lumpkin's talk there was a discussion of this subject. Miss Hill, of the Stewart Avenue Bible school, spoke of her work.

* * *

UNITARIAN.

The Cole men's class of the Unitarian Church held a class dinner at the Hotel Ansley, at which 25 men were present. Place cards with designs noting the occupation or profession of each guest were specially arranged for this dinner.

A discussion was held on the subject of organizations as a means to exchanging the liberal views of its members.

As a result of this informal debate the class was organized on a permanent basis for free thought in the real of religion, philosophy, or metaphysics.

Mr. Cole was elected president and Eliot Cheatham secretary and treasurer of the class. Committees on membership and program were appointed. The first regular meeting will be held September 14 in the new Unitarian home on West Peachtree.

CALENDAR FOR WEEK IN SOCIETY

MONDAY.

Mrs. Edward Kirk gives matinee party for Miss Harriet Trammell, a bride-elect.

Miss Mary Murphey gives dance at East Lake Country Club in honor of her guests, Misses Lyra Swift and Edna Crawford, of Columbus, and India Young, of Quitman.

Miss Frances Winship gives informal tea at Piedmont Driving Club in honor of Miss Dorothy Jones, of Newnan, Miss Harriet McCullough's guest.

TUESDAY.

Mrs. J. P. B. Allan gives large tea for her guests, Miss Dorothy Robbins, of Birmingham, and Margaret Bransford, of Nashville, and for Miss Helen Jones' guest, Miss Margaret Buckner, of Roanoke, Va.

WEDNESDAY.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor R. Smith give bridge party for Misses Dorothy Robbins, of Birmingham, and Margaret Bransford, of Nashville, Mrs. J. P. B. Allan's guest.

THURSDAY.

Informal dinner dance at Capital City Country Club.

Miss Harriet Trammell weds Lester Leon Harvey, of Danville, Va., in College Park.

SATURDAY.

Informal dinner dance at Piedmont Club.

Informal dinner dance at East Lake Country Club.

In the WORLD of SOCIETY

WHILE the social quietude of midsummer is very marked among the members of the older set, the past week has witnessed several pretty parties, for children, which have been formed a bright series for members of the very young set.

One of the most elaborate of these affairs was the party given for 25 little guests by Mrs. E. R. Gunby, of Tampa, who is spending the summer at the residence of her father, Clark Howell, Sr., on Peachtree street. The occasion celebrated the fourth birthday of her little daughter, Rosalie Gunby, and a clever and novel scheme of decoration was carried out in the "sunbonnet party" arranged for the pleasure of the little guests.

Upon arrival, each little girl was presented with a little pink sunbonnet and little pink apron, which were immediately donned. The table was covered with a cloth having border of little pink sunbonnet girls, and the napkins were similarly adorned.

The birthday cake, beautifully embossed, and bearing four little pink tapers, was wreathed in pink roses and a fascinating Jack Horner pie, containing novel and appropriate gifts, had, instead of the traditional red ribbons, little pink streamers, and was surrounded by little pink sunbonnet girls, bearing garlands of tiny pink roses.

The refreshments carried out a color scheme of pink and white, and the little hostess wore a dainty handmade frock of white mull and lace, with blue ribbons, and carried a little French nosegay—one of the many birthday gifts she received.

Mrs. Gunby was assisted in entertaining the children by Mrs. Robert L. Cooney and by Miss Constance Knowles.

Another happy children's party was given Tuesday afternoon by Mrs. Robert L. Foreman, when she entertained in honor of two little visitors, Miss Betty Pou, of Columbus, who, with her mother, Mrs. Dozier Pou, is visiting Mrs. Samuel F. Weyman, and Miss Louise Martin, of Augusta, who, with her parents, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Howell, Jr.

The feature of the afternoon was the reading of a number of Indian legends and stories of adventure by Mrs. Charles Goodman. Later refreshments were served. Mrs. Foreman's home was gay and bright with garden flowers, and the two little honor guests wore the daintiest of hand-made frocks.

Julia Black, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Black, was tendered a birthday party Tuesday afternoon by her mother. About thirty little friends were entertained at the Peachtree street residence of Mr. and Mrs. Black.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Kaufman and Miss Winter entertained at a bridge party Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Kaufman in Ansley Park. Mrs. J. E. DeBelle, of Jacksonville; Mrs. W. F. Neil, of Chattanooga, who are the guests of Mrs. Kaufman, and Mrs. Edward Bedell, the guest of Mrs. G. O. Eastman, were the honor guests. The guests included Mrs. Eastman, Mrs. S. B. Naff, Mrs. Martin Dunbar, Mrs. Sheppard, Mrs. Charles Clarke, Mrs. R. L. Walker, Mrs. Frank Walker and Mrs. Everett Ginn.

* * *

MISS MILDRED PIKE, of Thomasville, arrived Thursday to be the guest of Mrs. Hal Morrison, Jr., for several weeks. Thursday evening Mrs. Harry Baker gave an informal dance of twelve couples in compliment to her guests, Mrs. Rohn, of Macon; Mrs. Dement, of Meridian, Miss., and for Miss Pike.

Friday afternoon Mrs. Howard McFail entertained her embroidery club in compliment to Miss Pike.

Friday evening Mr. and Mrs. Hal Morrison, Jr., gave a dancing party for their guest.

Assisting in entertaining the guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Dix and Mr. and Mrs. Warren Powell.

Next Tuesday afternoon Mrs. Morrison will give a bridge party for Miss Pike.

* * *

WEDNESDAY afternoon in Athens Mrs. Robert Winship Woodruff shared honors with Mrs. Walter Hodgson, of Athens, at a large afternoon tea given by Mrs. Morton Hodgson.

The occasion brought out all of Athens society, the group of three young women—hostess and honor guest—all wearing their wedding gowns to receive their guests. Among those assisting in entertaining were Mrs. Ravaud Benedict, Mrs. Hugh White, Misses Mildred Mell, Fallagant of Savannah, Bonnell of Atlanta and others.

Mrs. Woodruff is a former Athens girl and is being pleasantly entertained on a short visit there, the affair of Wednesday being the chief social event of her stay.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from Jacobs' Pharmacy and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

A 20% REDUCTION

By reason of this fact we are offering values such as you have rarely been able to get ever before.

Everything in Diamonds, Jewelry, Art Goods, Sheffield Silver, Cut Glass and practically everything in Silver and Watches.

We will move to our new store about August 15th and wish to convert our present stock into cash before that time.

Eugene V. Haynes Co.
JEWELERS — 37 WHITEHALL ST.

Southern Suit & Skirt Co.---Atlanta---New York---Southern Suit & Skirt Co.

Our Remarkable Clearance Specials Have Crowded the Store All the Week---Now Comes the Greatest One of All---In Point of Quality as Well as Value---Monday and Tuesday

A Complete Clearance of All Fine Lingerie Summer Dresses

CLEARANCE at this store means A QUICK DISPOSAL, regardless of regular prices. You will be delighted, yes, and amazed, when you see the loveliness, the elegance, the QUALITY of these Dresses at SUCH a price.

The variety of exquisite styles is too numerous to attempt any individual description. Suffice to say that every one is a "right now" model.

There are lovely embroidered voiles, plain voiles, crepes, fine all-over embroideries, Irish crochet, etc., exquisitely trimmed in elegant shadow, filet and cluny laces and contrasting shades of velvets, silks, etc.

An unrestricted choice-of-the-house sale of THE SEASON'S FINEST LINGERIE FROCKS at one little price TOMORROW AND TUESDAY.

Choice $16.50

$25 to $35 Values

Clearance All Ratine and Linen Suits

For complete clearance Monday we have grouped our entire remaining stock of beautiful Ratine and Linen Suits, all of the very latest style vintage, and just the thing for immediate or early fall wear, and we'll make a quick disposal of them to-morrow.

Choice $6.95

Values to $22.50

Southern Suit and Skirt Co.

"Atlanta's Exclusive Women's Apparel Store."--43-45 Whitehall St.



In the REALM of CLVBDOM



CIVIC WARD CLUBS ARE DOING FINE WORK FOR CITY.

ATLANTA has ten civic ward clubs. There is besides a junior civic league, from which lesser leagues have developed. Of civic work, Miss Margaret Wilson has said, "Any person who lives in a community and does not work for that community misses one of the best things of life."

There are ten commandments for the citizens of the community which if followed would add greatly to the strength and value of the work of the civic leagues. The commandments are:

1. Thou shalt honor thy city and keep its laws.
2. Remember thy cleaning day, and keep it wholly.
3. Thou shalt love and cherish thy children and provide for them decent homes and playgrounds.
4. Thou shalt not keep thy windows closed day or night.
5. Thou shalt keep in order thy alley, thy back yard, thy hall and stairway.
6. Thy shalt not kill thy neighbors' bodies with poisonous air; nor their souls with bad companions.
7. Thou shalt not let the wicked fly live.
8. Thou shalt not steal thy children's right to happiness from them.
9. Thou shalt bear witness against the neighbors rubbish heap.
10. Thou shalt covet all the air and sunlight thou canst obtain.

The past year with the civic leagues was fruitful of many benefits to the community in which the league was active. Yards were kept cleaner, alleys were disinfected and cleaned and gardens were weeded, planted and improved. Prizes were given for the growth of flowers, for window boxes, and for general ward improvements. Many small children were interested in the work of cleaning up, and the work was made attractive so as not to appear as work, but as a pleasant pastime.

School children were especially active in civic betterment work, and next year plane will be enlarged upon and developed that will make the work even more interesting.

Presidents of the civic ward clubs for 1913 are:

First Ward—Mrs. McKee.
Second Ward—Mrs. T. H. Gay.
Third Ward—Mrs. John Justis.
Fourth Ward—Mrs. Lyman Amsden.
Fifth Ward—Mrs. J. E. Oxford.
Sixth Ward—Mrs. T. T. Stevens.
Seventh Ward—Mrs. R. T. Conally.
Eighth Ward—Mrs. E. C. Cartledge.
Ninth Ward—Mrs. Victor Kriegshaber.
Tenth Ward—Mrs. M. L. Roberts.

These clubs have enrolled from 100 to 400 members each. Many of the leagues have departments of health, civics, education, home economics, rural homes, school clubs and library extension. Each club aids in cleaning up the city and assisting the Chamber of Commerce and the General Federation of Women's Clubs in their endeavors.

* * *

OTHER CITIES TAKE UP PIONEER SOCIETY IDEA.

THE value and importance of such an organization as the Atlanta Woman's Pioneer Society has been the inspiration and incentive of other cities in the South, which desire to preserve and incorporate in history the traditions and facts concerning their own towns and cities.

Birmingham was the first to imitate Atlanta's record of pioneer sketches, and now Rome is about to project a pioneer society, to gather from the dust of the past and preserve the legends, stories and historical facts of the days that are fading rapidly away from memory.

At present there are many fine old families in Rome descended from the men and women who have taken part in the making of Southern history. These men and women, while not pioneers of the town, as are the members of the Atlanta Pioneer Society, are descendants of pioneers and they have abundant material to make a society of great value, as recording facts and legends, in its archives.

It will be remembered that from Rome came the wife of President Woodrow Wilson. Theodore Roosevelt's mother resided at Roswell, but a short distance from Rome, and much of her girlhood was spent in that historic old town. Major Charles Smith was a Roman, when he began writing as Bill Arp; Henry Grady and many others whose names have figured prominently in the big affairs of the State have been identified with Rome.

During the war with the States Rome was the scene of activities, and her seven hills and her three rivers—the Oostanaula, Coosa and Etowah—have been the subject of some delicious verses from the Southern poets.

Those eligible for membership to the proposed pioneer society at Rome are the descendants of the original pioneer citizens of Rome. The list includes some of the best blood in the South, and much of the charm of the South's womanhood and chivalry.

Among the names mentioned as representatives of the pioneer blood are the descendants of Colonel Daniel Printup, R. S. Norton, Dr. Eben Hillyer, the Shorters, Judge J. W. H. Underwood, Judge A. R. Wright, Daniel Printup, Dr. A. V. Mitchell, Judge Harvey, Joseph E. Veal, Charles Smith (Bill Arp), John Freeman, Colonel T. W. Alexander, Colonel D. R. Mitchell, the Hoopers, Spurlocks, the Harrises, the Berrys, the Shellbeys and many others who are represented in the present-day history of the town.

The Atlanta Woman's Pioneer Society has done much valuable work in giving, at first hand, records of the birth and development of Atlanta, and now that the patriotic societies are laying stress on the importance of preserving records, it is a matter that is claiming the attention of nearly every State in the Union.

* * *

YOUNG WOMAN'S CLUB PLANNED FOR AUTUMN.

WHILE there has been a marked difference in the attendance at the various club meetings of the week, owing to the absence of many of the members, there has been, [illegible] lack of enthusiasm. Cards and messages have been received from the absent membership testifying to their keen interest in whatever of moment is transpiring in club circles.

Club life within the past ten years in this city has so broadened its scope that it embraces a world complete in itself, a sphere replete with interest, and one in which matron and maid meet on that congenial and equal footing which only comes with community of aim and interest.

There is a plan to organize a Young Woman's Auxiliary to the Atlanta Woman's Club, which will probably take definite shape in the early fall. There are hundreds of young women and girls in Atlanta who would make ideal clubwomen, and the idea is to get this contingent together and have them work in unison with the Woman's Club, along the same consistent and practical lines.

This plan has been discussed by some of the leading clubwomen in the Federation and has been heartily approved by them, so that it is more than probable there will be a Young Woman's Club organized as soon as club activities are resumed in the autumn.

* * *

UNCLE REMUS ASSOCIATION GETS MAGAZINE PUBLICITY.

THE work of the Uncle Remus Memorial Association is attracting widespread interest. An article which appeared recently in The Outlook contained an interesting exposition of the ultimate aim of the association. The last number of Book News printed an article by Mrs. Myrta Lockett Avary which dealt almost entirely with work which had been accomplished recently by the untiring membership.

The August number of The Frost Magazine has an article by Mrs. A. McD. Wilson which outlines the future work of the association, and shows clearly the lines on which the body will work during the coming fall and winter. Mrs. Wilson embodies in her sketch the hope of the membership to make the home a living, radiating center of activity, one in which the memory of Joel Chandler Harris' presence will become a living reality, and have its influence on generations yet to come.

The germ of this idea is to be found in the library—the establishment of which will build a widely-spreading influence on both the "grown-up" and the unfolding mind of not only "Uncle Remus dearly loved "little boy"—but many little girls as well.

The next meeting of the society will be held in August, at which important business will be transacted. It has been a matter of much regret that the association's able president, Mrs. Wilson, has been indisposed for several weeks and confined to her home.

Miss Katherine Wooten, who is an honorary and enthusiastic member of the Uncle Remus Memorial Association, said on her return from New York recently: "I believe that the best plan for presenting the work accomplished, and to be accomplished, before the people is by moving pictures. "It has occurred to me that a series of such pictures could be presented that would show the Wren's Nest and places of interest about the place, together with the scenes of the transfer of the property and the annual May Festival. It would give the outside world a glimpse into what the women of the Uncle Remus Memorial Association were doing, and would certainly carry with it much of general interest."

This plan has met with approval from the association, and at a convenient time the association will take steps to arrange for such a series of pictures for the movies.

* * *

NURSES' ASSOCIATION TO REGULATE CALLS.

THE Atlanta Nurses' Association is planning for an office of their own, with a competent woman in charge, where the nurses can register and be recommended and helped in various ways in their profession. This will mean a great deal to the nurses who are starting out or who have moved to Atlanta from other places and are not so well known by the physicians and druggists where they register at present.

Sometimes it happens that a nurse does not get a call for a long time, though there are plenty places where she could go, and when the Atlanta Nurses' Association establishes its registry office, this situation will be remedied.

At present the system is for a nurse to register in and register out, and this is done at certain drug stores, where the calls are made when a nurse is needed, unless the doctor happens to have a special nurse in view for a special case.

The object of the nurses' register office is to get the whole system regulated so that every nurse will have an equal showing if she be capable and competent.

* * *

POSTAL CLERK AUXILIARY BUSY BODY OF WOMEN.

DURING the year 1909 a number of railway postal clerks' wives assembled in the parlors of the Railroad Y. M. C. A. and organized an auxiliary to the Railway Mail Association.

The object of this organization is the promotion of social enjoyment and the mutual advancement of its members. Membership is only open to the families of postal and ex-postal clerks.

The members are divided into committees, such as visiting, sick, flower, social, philanthropic, reciprocity, extension, and relief, each endeavoring to do faithful work.

An added interest is the needlework feature. Every kind of handiwork is included in the annual display, and prizes are given to the most expert.

Thirty members, all good workers, constitute this auxiliary band, and its name stands with the others federated with the women's clubs for the uplift of the State.

* * *

GEORGIA D. A. R.'S ACTIVE DURING SUMMER.

THE out-of-town chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution have been active during the hot weather and have held their regular meetings without interruption. The Atlanta chapters—the Joseph Habersham, Piedmont, Continental and Atlanta—have also continued holding regular meetings, and the Joseph Habersham Chapter has given a number of interesting and novel entertainments, which have added greatly to club life and the social calendar as well.

At Lafayette, the William Marsh Chapter held its last meeting with an original program, including patriotic selections. The meeting was held in the Palace Theater, and Mrs. J. P. Wardlow was host. Those taking part in the program were Miss Sarah Steel, Mrs. J. E. Patton, Mrs. Napier and Miss Hackney.

At Augusta the following officers were elected for the coming year: Mrs. H. Percy Burum, regent; Mrs. Joseph B. Cummings, honorable regent; Mrs. C. H. Phinizy, vice regent; Mrs. J. F. Sturman, recording secretary; Mrs. J. R. Littleton, corresponding secretary; Mrs. H. G. Jefferies, registrar; Mrs. W. M. Alexander, treasurer; Mrs. L. R. Smythe, historian; Miss Katherine Boggs, geneologist; Mrs. W. N. Benton, parliamentarian; Mrs. J. Carey Lamar, auditor, and the Rev. Howard Cree, chaplain.

The committees appointed were: Entertainment, historic sites, welfare, patriotic celebration, and Meadow Garden.

The Sergeant Jasper Chapter, at Monticello, had Mrs. Green F. Johnston for its hostess at the last meeting. On this occasion the response to the roll call was made by patriotic quotations, followed by an interesting reading by Mrs. Samuel Smith. Miss Joyce Henderson gave a recitation and Mrs. T. S. Melone and Mrs. S. B. Giddens took part in the entertainment as assistant hostesses.

Council of Safety Chapter, at Americus, met at the home of Mrs. W. A. Bell, with Miss Annie May Bell as hostess, and gave a musical and literary program, with the regent, Mrs. Charles Fricker, presiding.

* * *

MRS. CALLAHAN HEADS CLUB IN DECATUR.

THE Decatur Woman's Club has elected its new officers as follows: Mrs. Paul F. Callahan, president; Mrs. T. A. Brown, vice president; Mrs. J. G. Addy, second vice president; Mrs. R. M. Light, foot, secretary. Mrs. George Watts, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Moore, treasurer; Mrs. E. H. Wilson, auditor; Mrs. H. W. Cantrell, press chairman.

The Decatur Woman's Club is one of the important factors in the social, civic and welfare life of Decatur, and has been active in its betterment work during the past year.

The outgoing officers are Mrs. W. H. S. Hamilton, Mrs. E. H. Wilson, Mrs. T. A. Brown, Mrs. George Kellog, Mrs. J. H. Preble, Mrs. H. J. Williams, and Mrs. Paul Callahan.

The club was organized in 1908, and has 68 members. The club federated in 1910.

* * *

WOMEN'S CIVIC CLUB ENTERTAINS AT BANQUET.

THE Woman's Civic Club at Sylvania entertained with a banquet at the home of Mrs. Bessie Hilton last week, their guests being their gentlemen friends.

There was something of ante-bellum charm about the affair, the scene of the banquet being the porch of a colonial home, where the tables were set, and the spacious lawn having the punch bowl set in a flower-covered summer house.

Mrs. Hilton received the guests on the lawn, after which the banquet was served.

Toastmaster for the occasion was W. M. Hobby. The speakers were Mrs. G. M. Hill, president of the club; Mrs. W. J. Walker, Mrs. E. H. Hill and Miss Maud Hilton, chairman of the several committees. Colonel H. S. White, B. F. Lawhorn, W. J. Walker, Colonel T. J. Evans, Professor J. C. Langston, the Rev. C. R. Hutchins, J. T. Walker, Abe Greenberg, W. P. Williams and J. J. B. Morel were among those responding to the toasts.

* * *

MRS. NEELY HOSTESS OF BARNESVILLE U. D. C.

THE Daughters of the Confederacy at Barnesville held their regular monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. J. F. Neely, with an elaborate program. Those taking part in the music and recitations were Miss Grace Neely, Mrs. Augusta Lambdin, Miss Lillian Mitchell, Miss Smith, Miss Hunt, Mrs. Sam Jones, Miss Margie Milner and little Dorothy Jones.

* * *

MRS. LOULA ROGERS ADDRESSES DAUGHTERS.

The United Daughters of the Confederacy at Tennille held an interesting meeting last week in their chapter house, with Mrs. H. C. Carroll, the president, presiding. Mrs. Loula Kendall Rogers, the writer, gave a delightful talk on the work of the U. D. C. chapters in Atlanta and Clayton, Ala., where she has recently visited, and little Miss Carroll sang for the company.

* * *

MRS. SIMS ENTERTAINS INDUSTRIAL ARTS CLUB.

THE Industrial Arts Club met with Mrs. W. A. Sims Wednesday afternoon. The house was decorated with garden roses. Refreshments were served. This club is made up of about twenty women, who devote the meetings to the study of art work and the things that pertain to the home.

* * *

INMAN PARK EMBROIDERY CLUB HOLDS MEETING.

THE Inman Park Embroidery Club met with Mrs. W. N. Phipps last Wednesday afternoon. The meeting was interesting, as there was, besides the business session, a program of music and other forms of entertainment. Refreshments were served, and there was an abundance of pretty flowers used in the vases and on the porch.

* * *

MONTEZUMA CLUB DOING FINE WORK.

ONE of the successfully conducted women's clubs in the State is the Montezuma Woman's Club, which was organized in 1906 and federated with the State Federation in 1908.

The Montezuma club has just concluded its year's work. Among the important things accomplished by the women of this organization for the past year have been the fostering of a kindergarten, the improvement of the public park, the buying and caring for of a number of valuable plants, the establishment and upkeep of a circulating library, a scholarship to the summer school at Athens, civic work and other works of benefit to the town.

A definite line of study has been taken up by the club members, prizes have been offered for flower growing, school grounds have been improved, and cleaning-up day has been observed.

This club has seven departments of work, including educational, mothers' helper, civics, home economics, music, literary and Junior Civic League.

Ten new members have been enrolled on the books, and the plans for next year's program is wider in scope than ever before.

The newly elected president is Mrs John Guerry.

* * *

CIVIC CLUB RETURNS TO ITS FORMER NAME.

NOW that Equal Suffrage is on every tongue, it is of interest to know in this connection that the idea is not new in Atlanta. Woman's suffrage has been for some time the basic principle of the Atlanta Civic League, keenest interest in which has been manifested by its members. Woman's Suffrage Association was the name borne by the present league in 1904, which was shortly after its formation, the name being changed later to the Civic League, upon the realization of the members that the time was not then ripe for the public exploitation of their position.

At a recent meeting it was agreed that the League should change its name and be known in the future as the "Woman's Suffrage League."

Mrs. Fish was first president of the first Woman's Suffrage League in Atlanta, and Mrs. Francis Whiteside, sister of Senator Hoke Smith, is one of its most brilliant and brainiest members. At the recent mass meeting at Taft Hall, held by the Joseph Habersham Chapter, D. A. R., Mrs. Whiteside made one of the cleverest of speeches, and put her points forward with a charm of voice and intellect.

* * *

EXECUTIVE BOARD OF FEDERATION MEETS.

THE State Executive Board of the Federation of Women's Clubs held its meeting Wednesday morning at the Woman's Club on Baker street. Mrs. Z. I. Fitzpatrick, president of the State Federation, called the meeting, but at the last moment was prevented from attending. Mrs. W. P. aPttillo was asked to preside.

During the morning resolutions were drawn expressing the hearty commendation of the club members of two important bills which were pending before the Legislature during the week. While the club members are in sympathy with all reform work, it was felt by the members that all their influence must go on the side of education and the reforms so badly needed and which are of such moment at the present.

Taxation reform and the kindergarten bill were the vital topics of interest. The kindergarten bill has been fostered by the Free Kindergarten Association and the Mothers' Congress, and holds the deep attention of every thinking woman throughout the State, who realizes the wonderful part played by expert training in the unfolding and development of the little lives committed to our care.

* * *

DAUGHTERS WANT HAWKINS MONUMENT.

Mrs. Shephard W. Foster, State regent, Daughters of the American Revolution, has asked through an open letter that every Daughter in the organization use her influence to have the bill introduced in the Legislature to provide a monument for the grave of Colonel Benjamin Hawkins, which is located in Crawford County.

Colonel Hawkins was a conspicuous figure in the days of the American Revolution and was on the personal staff of General George Washington. To honor the memory of the heroic dead the Daughters of the American Revolution are making every effort and are placing monuments everywhere they are needed. The bill presented before the Legislature by Charles Bartlett was drawn up at the request of the John Houston Chapter D. A. R., at Thomasville.

Another bill to be presented before the House will be that of the Colonial Dames, to have the sea wall at the old fort at Frederika rebuilt so as to preserve the fort, which is crumbling and being washed away by the Altamaha River at that point.

* * *

INTEREST IN LITERARY CONTEST OF FEDERATION.

SUCH interest has been manifested in the literary contest recently promoted by the Georgia Federation of Woman's Clubs, and it is believed that a larger number of entrants will be made than in any previous contest of its kind. The contestants will be the young men and women of Georgia from 18 to 25 years of age. The subject will be "Literature in the South" and the prize will be a splendid set of "Southern Literature," edited by Lucien Lamar Knight.

* * *

D. A. R.'S TO PRINT OLD INDIAN LEGENDS.

A BOOK of Indian legends is about to be printed by the Daughters of the American Revolution, under the editorship of Mrs. Shephard W. Foster, State regent. Mrs. Foster has been collecting from the various chapters throughout the State the beautiful and charming stories of Indian lore that have descended to the present generation.

In one of her most pleasing lectures Miss Mildred Rutherford, historian of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, has embodied many of these legends into a valuable collection.

Where Sautee and Narcoochee Valleys come together Mount Yonah stands, stolid, grim, looking down through the clouds, the scene of one of the tragic events of Indian history. Over the Valley of Narcoochee shines a star that is believed to be the soul of another Indian maiden who gave her life for love.

Blood Mountain has her story of war and carnage and the Cherokee Rose that blossoms along our woodland and meadow paths bears upon its sturdy branches the still living romance of the Cherokee maiden and the Seminole chief who escaped into Florida.

In North Georgia there are many tales of Indian life and romance, and from the mountains to the sea there still remains legendanry lore of the red man that will make such a book as Mrs. Foster has under preparation a valuable contribution to the literature of Georgia.

* * *

CLUB WOMEN SPEAK FOR KINDERGARTEN BILL.

AMONG the speakers for the free kindergarten bill pending before the General Assembly Wednesday afternoon were Miss Oppenheim, of Savannah; Mrs. Victor Kreigshaber, Mrs. James R. Little, Mrs. Smith, Miss Willette Allen, Rabbi Marx and George Baldwin.

* * *

GEORGE HINMAN STUDIES MONTESSORI METHOD.

MR. AND MRS. GEORGE HINMAN are spending the summer in Switzerland. Mr. Hinman is president of the Story Tellers' League of this city and is deeply interested in the Montessori method of educating children. Last year he returned from abroad with a delightfully prepared lecture on this famous method, and gave it with slide pictures at one of the smaller picture playhouses with great success.

Mrs. Hinman is a prominent club woman and will resume her active interests in club work and soon as she returns to Atlanta in the fall.

* * *

MISS HARDEN HOSTESS OF NEEDLE CRAFT CIRCLE.

NEEDLE CRAFT CIRCLE NO. 2 met with Miss Gladys Harden Tuesday afternoon, when a delightful program of music and recitations was enjoyed after the sewing hour.

* * *

CLUB PERSONALS.

Miss Georgia Munroe, a former Atlanta woman, who has been residing in the Canal Zone for several years, will visit Atlanta in August. Miss Munroe is assistant principal of the system of schools conducted in the Zone by the Government, and is a member of the Woman's Club in Ancon. Miss Munroe is at present at Horse Shoe, in North Carolina, where she is spending part of her vacation.

* * *

Mrs. Williams McCarthy is recovering from a serious illness brought on by a fall from a street car two months ago. Mrs. McCarthy is president of the Atlanta Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and is connected with other patriotic organizations in Atlanta.

* * *

Friends of Mrs. William Perrin Nicholson, prominent in many of the social, civic and patriotic societies of the city, is entirely recovered from the serious illness that kept her confined in a hospital for several weeks.

* * *

Mrs. John F. Purser and family will go to the mountains of North Carolina next week, where they will spend several weeks. Mrs. Purser is a member of the executive board of the Uncle Remus Memorial Association.

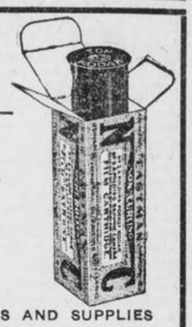
To Overcome Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Wrinkles

(From Outdoor Life.)

If you are freckled, tanned or sunburnt, dab a liberal amount of mercolized wax on the face and allow it to remain over night. When you wash off the wax in the morning, fine, flaky, almost invisible particles of cuticle come with it. Repeating this daily, the entire outer skin is absorbed, but so gradually, there's not the slightest hurt or inconvenience. Even the stubbornest freckles yield to this treatment. The underlying skin which forms the new complexion is so fresh and youthful-looking you'll marvel at the transformation. It's the only thing I know to actually discard an aged, faded, muddy or blotchy complexion. It is fine for a discolored neck. One ounce of mercolized wax, procurable at any drug store, is sufficient in most cases.

If sun and wind make you squint and frown, you're bound to cultivate wrinkles and crow's feet. To overcome these quickly, bathe the face in a solution made by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint witch hazel.

Bring Us Your Films for Development



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PRICES SLASHED IN HALF!!

Rather than carry over any of my summer stock of up-to-date Men and Women's ready-to-wear, I am going to virtually slash every price in my store in ***Half.*** *This great offering will be made to you all this week. I must have room for my incoming fall and winter goods, consequently every-thing is going at half price. Everything is marked in plain figures and now is your chance to buy at a great saving. My credit system makes it even more attractive. Pay a small amount down and the balance in easy payments of* ***"A Dollar A Week."*** *Come early. W. A. DAY.*

MEN



About two hundred Men's Suits in blues, blacks, tans, greys, fancy mixtures and checks, made up in serges, mohairs, etc. All the very latest styles. This week I am reducing their price exactly half. They will go fast. You will never see a greater bargain.

$30.00 Men's Suits ***$15.00***
$28.00 Men's Suits ***$14.00***
$22.50 Men's Suits ***$11.25***
$20.00 Men's Suits ***$10.00***
$15.00 Men's Suits ***$ 7.50***
$18.00 Men's Suits ***$ 9.00***

These are the kind of real values that have made thousands of friends in Atlanta for the ***W. A. Day Co.*** *The best of goods at the lowest of prices. There are many other bargains such as Shirts, Hats, Shoes, etc., all reduced half.*

AT

DOLLAR A WEEK DAY

14 W. MITCHELL ST.

LADIES



Ladies' Tailored Summer Suits, nobby, stylish and attractive. All reduced one-half.

$35.00 Ladies' Suits ***$15.00***
$25.00 Ladies' Suits ***$12.50***
$18.00 Ladies' Suits ***$ 9.50***
$15.00 Ladies' Suits ***$ 6.98***
$27.50 Ratine Suits ***$13.50***

Ladies' ***Spring Coats*** *made up in Pongee, Brocaded Ratine and light serges.*

$30.00 Coats ***$15.00***
$18.00 Coats ***$ 9.50***

Ladies' Summer ***Dresses*** *in Lingerie, Linen, Voile, Beautifully Embroidered and Lace Trimmed.*

$18.00 Dresses ***$9.00***
$ 5.00 Dresses ***$2.50***
$30.00 Evening Dresses ***$15.00***

SOCIETY in the SUBURBS

Decatur

MR. AND MRS. W. G. FLAKE and family, of Conyers, are the guests of Misses Kate and Annie Ansley.

Mrs. J. B. Reeves and Miss Molly Burke, of Charleston, who have been the guests of Mrs. H. L. Graves, returned home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Garle and children left last night for a visit of several weeks to Brevard, N. C.

Mrs. William Alden has returned from a visit to Clayton, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Weekes, Misses Mary Beal and Dorothy Weekes are at St. Simon.

Mrs. N. P. Pratt and Miss Leila Hardeman, Misses Julia and Evelyn Pratt, Miss Sarah Smith, Milwood Martin, Joseph Wilburn, Everhart Cunningham and Milton Candler are enjoying camp at Cleveland.

Mrs. Wiley S. Ansley entertained at a matinee party on Tuesday afternoon, her guests including Mrs. W. G. Flake, Miss Annie Laurie Flake, Misses Rebekah, Katherine and Cora Paine.

Miss Elizabeth Mack is attending a house party at Carrollton.

Miss Agnes Gibbs has returned from a visit to Fayetteville.

Miss Marianne McClellan is at Wrightsville Beach.

Misses Cora, Katherine and Rebekah Paine, of White Hall, are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Ansley.

Mrs. E. G. Neel entertained at a dinner party on Thursday evening for Miss Annie Laurie Flake, of Conyers, and Misses Rebekah, Katherine and Cora Paine, of White Hall.

Miss Rebe Standifer, of Blakely, spent last week as the guest of Mrs. Jennie Finley.

The younger set gave Miss Alice Stead a surprise party on Tuesday evening.

Miss Ileen Gober, of Marietta, was the recent guest of Miss Rebekah Candler.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Alston and children, of Tennessee, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Alston.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Ansley entertained at dinner on Friday evening. Their guests included Mr. and Mrs. George Ansley and Misses Frances and Raymond Ansley.

Miss Mary Moore, of Newnan, was the recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Holtzclaw.

The young men gave a delightful straw ride on Friday evening as a compliment to the visiting girls.

The DeKalb County veterans were tendered a barbecue dinner on the courthouse lawn on Wednesday. The Agnes Lee Chapter of the U. D. C. served the dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Muse and Mrs. Irene Kirkpatrick are chaperoning a party at Kirkpatricks Spring. Composing the party are Misses Katherine and Emma Jones, Miss Anna Patton, Miss Laura McCelland and Miss Ethel Cassin Donald, James Kirkpatrick, Mr. Tyler and Alfred McDonald, Joe Mack and James Patton.

Kirkwood

THE members of the camping party which was chaperoned by Mrs. Kate Green Hess have returned home after spending the past two weeks delightfully in the woods.

Among the members of the party were Miss Ora McGriff, Miss Mamie Hall, Mrs. Lewis Rogers and Miss Annie Kate Green.

Mrs. V. H. Shearer has returned from a two weeks' visit at St. Simons.

Mrs. Harry Young entertained eight guests at tea in honor of her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Porcher, of Cocoa, Fla. She will have Miss Janie Postell as her guest during August.

Mrs. McGriff and Mrs. Barnett entertained last week at a party in honor of Mrs. S. Y. Jackson.

Mrs. Clark and family, who have been visiting in Forsyth, have returned home.

Miss Cornelia Dunwoody is at home after spending the past two weeks in camp at Houston's Mill. Other members of the party were Miss Margaret Brantley, formerly of Kirkwood, and Miss Willie Cummings, of Atlanta.

Mrs. Edward Jones entertained twelve ladies at an informal party. The game of 42 was played.

Mrs. E. E. Huguley is away on a vacation.

Miss Eloise Thomas is visiting Miss Kate Simmons in Gainesville.

Miss Frances Galbraith has returned from a visit to St. Simons.

Miss Jamie Morgan is visiting in Asheville.

Miss Kirby Willingham and Miss Theo Burr are in Macon, where they are being entertained by Miss Julia Robson.

Miss Sadie Stewart, of Charlotte, N. C., is expected next week to be the guest of Mrs. F. N. Galbraith.

Mrs. Caldwell will chaperon a party of young people who will leave Monday to camp near Houston's Mill.

The DeKalb County Equal Suffrage Association, of which Mrs. S. E. Cunningham, of Decatur, is president, will hold its next meeting at the home of Mrs. Koch on Moreland avenue.

East Point

MRS. ALICE GRESHAM, of Montgomery, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Aggie Schenck, at the Headon House.

Miss Earline Dowda is visiting her grandparents near Alpharetta.

Mrs. W. W. Campbell and daughter are visiting Mrs. Luck in Enigma.

Mrs. Howard Hartsfield is visiting relatives in Jenkinsburg.

Miss Paul Stanley is visiting in Kirkwood.

Miss Mary Lou Simmons, formerly of Conyers, but now living in Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. C. E. Hitt.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Taylor, of West End, will move next week into the home formerly occupied by J. H. Lipscomb.

Mrs. H. E. Johnson and daughter, Elizabeth, left Monday for a visit of several months to Mrs. Johnson's mother, Mrs. J. C. Kyser, in Hopkinsville, Ky.

Mrs. Jennie Jenkins spent the week-end in Riverdale.

Mrs. Jack Thompson and daughters, Misses Kate and Nora Thompson, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Thompson.

Misses Annie May and Lucy Kate Smith left Tuesday for a visit of several weeks to Reynolds and Palmetto.

Miss Bessie Lewis, of LaGrange, is visiting Mrs. E. P. Mixon.

Mrs. W. S. Coleman, of Jacksonville, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Emma Trumble.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Robinson have returned from a visit to their parents in Vinings.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Barfield entertained at dinner Sunday in honor of B. H. Orr and W. H. Barfield.

Mrs. Jim Orr and daughters, Misses Sallie and Annie May Orr, are spending ten days at Wrightsville Beach.

Mrs. W. H. Barfield, Mrs. M. A. Durrette and Miss Elizabeth Durrette have returned from a visit to relatives in Carrollton.

Mrs. Carrie Belle Tweedy and Miss Willie Allen are visiting friends in Lineville, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Banks and children, of West Point, are the guests of relatives in East Point.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Orr entertained Saturday evening, the event being a celebration of their tenth wedding anniversary. The house was decorated in ferns, lilies and pink carnations. In the dining room, where a salad course was served, the table had a centerpiece of American Beauty roses, and vases of the same were on the mantel.

Mrs. Orr wore white embroidered voile and carried carnations. Assisting in receiving were Mrs. I. T. Settle, Mrs. Y. P. Nall and Mrs. White.

Mrs. W. G. Whisenhunt entertained the Matrons' Bridge Club Thursday.

College Park

MRS. ARTHUR KITCHENS entertained the Sewing Club Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Duncan Tutt, who has been visiting Mrs. Howard Stakely, left Wednesday for her home in Elberton.

Mr. and Mrs. Ford left Saturday for Allentown, N. J.

Miss Gladys Broom left Wednesday for West Point.

Miss Marie Hall to the guest of Mrs. F. L. Miller.

Mis Myrtis Stone entertained at a hearts-dice party Thursday evening.

Miss Olive DeFoor returned Saturday from Talbotton, where she has been a member of a house party.

Mrs. Eva Thornton and Miss Mary Thornton left Thursday for Milledgeville, Ga.

Mrs. O. H. McDonald, of Valdosta, is the guest of Mrs. J. A. Trammell.

Miss Johanna Lang, of Columbus is the guest of Miss Annie Thornton.

Mrs. A. J. Jones left for Greenville, S. C., on Thursday.

Mrs. Audsly, Miss Catherine and Mr. Douglas Audsly have returned from a trip through New York State.

Mrs. Nevin is spending some time in South Carolina.

Miss Florence Harrolson is spending two weeks with Mrs. V. C. Mason.

Oakland City

MRS. CLAUDE M'GINNIS entertained informally Monday night. Those present were Misses Lallie Baird, Lilly Bomar, Marie Sightsinger, Grace Almand, Osa Baird, Alice Baker, Mrs. May McMurry, Mrs. A. H. Brandhorst, Mrs. Essie Baker, Dr. B. S. Bomar, Fain Almand, Brandhorst, Claude McGinnis, Jr., Morton Almand and Thurston Baker.

Mrs. Will Spratt, Dorothy Spratt and Miss Ruth Jiles are spending the week-end with Mrs. C. E. Jiles in Oxford.

Miss Gertrude Girrard is the guest of friends in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Baird have returned from a six weeks' visit to relatives in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Mary McMurry, who has been the guest of Mrs. Essie Baker for the past two weeks, has returned to her home in Quincy, Fla.

Miss Alline Morgan has returned from St. Simons.

Mrs. M. W. Almand left Thursday to be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Fannie Crawford, at her cottage at Monteagle, Tenn.

Mrs. I. N. Ragsdale, Mrs. Ben Upshaw and Miss Mary Ragsdale are spending some time at St. Simons.

Mrs. E. G. Foster and little daughter, Zurie, who have been the guests of Mrs. M. W. Almand, have returned to their home in Salisbury, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Almond Morgan have returned from St. Simons.

Mrs. Eugene Monteith and children, of Moultrie, are the guests of Mrs. A. L. Graves.

Mrs. Nicholas Jones, who has been the guest of Miss Inez Thomason, has returned to her home in Montgomery.

Mrs. Will Friedman and children, of Montgomery, will be the guests of Mrs. Frazier Morgan next week.

Mrs. Walter Fuller is the guest of her mother, Mrs. A. P. Morgan.

Hapeville

MR. AND MRS. P. C. KING, of Fort Gaines, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. McCallum.

Miss Laura Jones has gone to Indian Springs, where she will join her parents.

Miss Mattie Couch spent several days recently with Miss Helen Camp, of Ingleside.

Mrs. Dumas is visiting relatives at Forsyth.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Hill have returned from Ellijay.

Mrs. H. W. Joiner leaves Monday for Toccoa.

Miss Ora Carmichael entertained a bevy of young people at a house party the past week.

The following were invited guests: Misses Opal Carmichael, of Union City; Edna Haynie, of Morel and Nannie Loo Shank, of Hogansville; Chester Carmichael, of Union City, and Bartow Haynie, of Moreland.

Miss Annie B. Smith, of Riverdale, is the guest of her brother, Ernest Smith.

Mrs. Sam Cobb is visiting White Sulphur Springs.

Mrs. Huie and her son, Williard Huie, left recently for Aberlee, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Taylor have moved into their attractive Dutch bungalow on Stewart avenue.

A crowd of young people enjoyed a fishing trip at Morrison's Pond recently.

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Patients also cured at home. For information address Dr. POWER GRIBBLE, Supt., Box 889, Lebanon, Tenn.

Pupil of Jean De Reszke

Who will teach voice at Cox College. Mrs. Brown Townsend, of Atlanta, will be a member of the faculty at College Park School this year.



Photo by Thurston Hatcher.

New Silk Crepe Dresses

$12.50



The simplicity of this smart frock is its chief charm. Buttoned to hem with slight drapery back and front, finished with pretty girdle, touched with contrasting color; broad collar and cuffs of handsome lace—that's the favorite model. It is made of pretty "crinkly" crepe, and there are two other equally attractive models shown, one with tunic, another with the gypsy sash.

Black, blue, Copenhagen, green, brown, wistaria and raisin. We're asking nothing more than half their value when we sell these new dresses at

$12.50

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OUT-of-TOWN SOCIETY



Macon

MACON, July 26.—Mrs. J. D. Crum and Mrs. Reuben A. Torrey, Jr., two recent brides, were complimented Thursday morning with a party by Miss Annie Payne Jelks, who invited the members of the Vineville Sewing Club.

Miss Jelks' guests included Mrs. Nat Lewis, Mrs. Tom Stewart, Miss Kate Crump, Miss Susie Findlay, Miss Mattie Chappell, Miss Julia Riley and Miss Willie Erminger.

Mrs. Oscar Chambers and her guest, Miss Josephine Barge, of Tennille, have gone to St. Simons Island.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Jordan and Mr. R. J. Harlan and Miss Edith Harlan will leave to-morrow from Savannah for Boston.

Miss Julia Causey, of Vienna, was complimented Wednesday night by Miss Margaret Ellis with a party.

Mrs. C. E. Black gave a picnic at Lakeside Park Friday night in Miss Causey's honor.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Wortham have sailed for Europe.

The members of the Vineville Sewing Club were entertained Friday morning by Mrs. Gus Small, Jr.

Miss Julia Riley is a member of the house party being entertained by Miss Katherine Cater at Perry.

Miss Walton Wiggins, of Cochran, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Higginson, was complimented with a party Wednesday night by Miss Mabel Whittington.

Mrs. Jessie Bates and children will leave next week to spend a month at Wrightsville Beach.

Mrs. T. C. Burke and Miss Mae Burke left Friday for New York.

Mrs. William L. Mathers and little daughter have returned from Eastman where they visited Mrs. S. C. Smyly.

Mrs. Custus Anderson and sons of Atlanta, are visiting Mrs. Clifford Anderson.

Miss Florine Palmer will leave the first of August for Tampa, Fla., to visit her sister, Mrs. Lehman.

Miss Effie Kimble, of Montezuma, is being entertained as the guest of Mrs. C. D. Holmes.

Mrs. J. B. Kendrick and family left Thursday for Forsyth to spend the remainder of the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ensign.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy De Long, of Jacksonville, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Holley.

Mrs. Jennie Small Peeler and Miss Adaline Small have joined Mrs. J. A. Elmore and children, of Montgomery, at Brevard, N. C., for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Tris Napier are spending the summer at Atlantic City.

Mrs. Mary G. Chambers and Miss Leila V. Gordon, of New York, are the guests of Col. C. M. Wiley.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Torrey will leave on the first to spend a month on the coast of Massachusetts.

Mrs. Willie Powers has gone to Chattanoga.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Peacock, C. H. Peacock, Jr., and W. L. Peacock left Thursday for Nova Scotia.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts, of Eastman, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. H. Peacock.

Mr. and Mrs. Omar Coney, of Laurens county, are spending several weeks in Macon.

Mrs. Herring Winship has gone to Princeton, N. J., for a visit to her mother.

Miss Aileen Carmichael, who is the guest of Miss Mary Lane, will be the guest of Miss Ruth Adams before returning to Jackson.

Mrs. George F. Wing, Jr., will return next week from Chicago.

Miss Rena Stearns, Miss Hortense Stearns, and Mrs. Banks depart next week for Nova Scotia.

Mrs. Carl Yorke is spending the summer at St. Simon's.

Washington

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Mrs. Harry E. Booker entertained Wednesday afternoon in honor of the members of the Matrons' Bridge Club.

Miss Mary Dillard is spending a few days with Miss Bonner Simms in Covington.

Miss Florine Walker, of Newnan, who has been one of Miss Elizabeth Dyson's house party, returned to-day to her home.

Miss Lucile Reynolds, of Lexington, was the guest at a pleasant entertainment given Wednesday evening by Miss Reba Dillard.

Misses Cynthia Stephens and Minnie Delle Crawford have returned to Lexington after a stay of several days in Washington, the guests of Miss Katherine Green.

In honor of Miss Martha Riley, of Macon, who is visiting in Washington, the guest of Miss Camilla Pharr, Miss Ruth Wootten entertained with a pretty afternoon bridge party Thursday.

Greensboro

GREENSBORO, July 26.—Miss Nell Hurst, of Social Circle, is the guest of Miss Julia Emily Wright.

Miss Mary Mathis, of Americus, has returned to her home after a visit to Miss Anna Mae Reynolds.

Mrs. H. Geissler and Miss Amy Geissler are visiting in Waynesville, N. C.

Mrs. Noel P. Park, of Augusta, is the guest of Judge and Mrs. James B. Park.

Miss Annie Jones, of Morristown, Tenn., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. L. Wheeler.

Miss Louise Gheesling has returned to her home after a delightful outing at Watson Springs.

Miss Julia Emily Wright entertained delightfully Thursday evening in honor of her house guest, Miss Nell Hurst, of Social Circle.

Miss Marie Kimbrough entertained a large number of friends Thursday evening in honor of Miss Josie Boswell, of Athens.

An enjoyable event of Tuesday afternoon was the party of Mrs. W. H. Childs in honor of her house guests, Misses Sara Singleton, of Waycross, and Lois Ragsdale, of Tignall.

Mrs. Joseph G. Faust was the hostess at a meeting of the Eutre Nous Club Tuesday afternoon.

Nashville

NASHVILLE, July 26.—Mrs. A. J. Connell has returned from a visit to Hampton Springs, Fla.

Miss Vera Gary has returned from a visit to Willacoochee.

Mrs. A. R. Halbert, of Moultrie, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. J. Murray, has returned home.

Mrs. L. A. Carter is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. F. Brown, this week.

Miss Fannie Mae Peeples is visiting in Adel this week.

Mrs. A. E. Bullard has left for Elrod, N. C., where she will spend several weeks.

Miss Addie Barnes, of Baxley, who visited her last week, has returned home.

Miss Maggie Dugger, of Douglas, visited here recently.

Miss Nelle Turner, of Bannockburn, was in this city recently.

Mrs. E. G. Brown has returned from a visit to Adel.

Mrs. N. T. Peeples, Mrs. W. A. Moore and Misses Myrtle Tyson, Nettie Snead, Virginia Peeples and Pauline Moore were visitors to Lucy Lake yesterday.

Miss Lola Mathis has returned from a visit to Ray's Mill.

Miss Avie Peterson is the guest of Miss Vera Gary this week.

Misses Texas and Neva Burkhalter, of Ray's Mill, were recent visitors to Nashville.

Elberton

ELBERTON, July 26.—Miss Zelma Allen entertained with a house party at her country home this week. Her visitors were Miss Thomas, of Waynesboro; Miss Garland, of Griffin; Miss Carmichael, of McDonough; Miss Davis, of Decatur, and Miss Stevens, of Stevens Pottery.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Skelton and daughters, Misses Mary Leslie and Margaret, are at Montreat, N. C.

Misses Gladys Sheppard and Miss Vera Bond will leave August 4 for Niagara Falls, where they will represent Wesleyan College at the annual Phi Mu convention.

Mrs. W. C. Norrell and children are at Royston.

Miss Carmilla Jennings has returned to Greenwood, S. C.

Miss Essie Hagood, of Easley, S. C., is the guest of Miss Gladys Sheppard.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Heard and children were recent visitors to Belton, S. C.

Prof. and Mrs. C. E. Dryden are in the mountains of North Georgia.

Miss Jo Johnson, of Royston, visited her sister, Mrs. W. F. Hubbard, here this week.

Mrs. John Frank Harper and children, of Royston, are in the city, the guests of relatives.

Miss Annie Brunkherd, of Maryland, is the guest of Mrs. Wright Tate.

Mrs. Guilford Hawes is visiting in Birmingham.

Miss Willena has returned from Anderson, S. C.

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August Blanket Sale

Buy now and save money! Charge purchases made the last 4 days of July will not appear on bills until September 1st.

EXTRA GRADE PLAID BLANKETS.

11-4, Plaid Half Wool Blankets, colors pink, blue, tan, gray. Regular price $4.50. August Sale, pair $3.69.
11-4, Plaid 75 per cent Wool Blankets, same colors as above; extra heavy weight. Regular price $5.00. August Sale, pair $3.98.
11-4, or 66x80-inch, Plaid, all selected Wool Blankets. Would be cheap at $6.50. August Sale, pair $4.50.

THESE ARE EXTRA BARGAINS AT $5.00.

66x80-inch, extra weight, Plaid and White Blankets, made of the best selected wool that can be had. They look like Blankets made of lambs' wool that retail at $8.50 to $10.00. This is a special purchase for our August Sale, and we've never been able before to offer such a value. Worth $6.50 and $7.50. August Sale, pair $5.00.
In this lot are plaids in pink, blue, tan, grey, red and black; also white with colored borders.

66x80-inch, Plaid, all lambs' wool Blankets, extra heavy weight, full line of colors. Regular price $7.50. August Sale, pair $5.69.
72x84, or 12x4, Plaid Blankets of best selected, all-wool, extra large and heavy; would be cheap at $8.50. August Sale, pair $6.98.
66x80, extra heavy lambs' wool, Plaid Blankets in all colors. Extra $8.00 quality. August Sale, pair $6.50.
72x80, extra heavy, extra large lambs' wool, Plaid Blankets, full line of colors, $12.50 value. August Sale, pair $9.50.

WHITE BLANKETS.

11-4, or 66x80-inch, White Blankets, 75 per cent wool, pink or blue borders. Regular price $5.00. August Sale, pair $3.98.
12-4, or 70x80, all-wool White Blankets, with 2-inch Silk Binding. Best $6.50 Blankets on the market. August Sale, pair $5.00.
70x80-inch, extra heavy lambs' wool Blankets, white with pink or blue border. Worth $8.50 and $9.00 anywhere. August Sale, pair $6.98.
72x84, white lambs' wool Blankets, with pink or blue borders. This is a strong leader at $12.50. August Sale, pair $8.50.
72x84, white California wool Blankets, every thread wool, extra long nap. Regular price $15.00. August Sale, pair $12.50.

SOLID COLOR BLANKETS FOR OUTDOOR SLEEPERS AND COLLEGE USE.

66x80, solid grey Blankets. Regular $5.00 quality. August Sale, pair $3.98.
66x80, extra heavy grey Blankets, for outdoor sleepers. Regular $6.00 quality. August Sale, pair $4.69.
66x80, solid red all-wool Blankets, extra heavy weight. Regular $7.50 quality. August Sale, pair $5.98.

BLANKETS FOR HOTELS, BOARDING HOUSES, SANITARIUMS.

10-4, Plaid Wool Mixed Blankets, colors blue, pink, tan, grey. Regular price $4.50. August Sale, pair $3.50.
10-4, Plaid All-Wool Blankets, colors blue, pink, tan, grey. Regular price $5.00. August Sale, pair $3.98.



OUT-of-TOWN SOCIETY



Dalton

DALTON, July 26.—Miss Eugenia Bitting and Dr. H. L. Jarvis were married at the First Baptist Church Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The decorations were in green, the choir loft, chancel and altar being banked in ferns and palms.

Miss Martha Bitting, of Summerville, maid of honor, entered first, preceding the bride and her brother, N. K. Bitting, who gave her away, and the bridegroom and his best man, J. H. Jarvis, of Washington.

Rev. E. M. Dyer, of Marietta, performed the ceremony.

Among the out-of-town guests were Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Patton, of Sweetwater, Tenn.; Mr. and Mrs. N. K. Bitting and family, of Summerville; Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Hogshead and E. S. Newton, of Chattanooga; A. T. Jarvis, of Nashville; J. H. Jarvis, of Washington; F. E. Shumate and F. T. Reynolds, of Atlanta, and Dunlap Scott, of Summerville.

Misses Charlotte Bigham and Katherine Foote, of Atlanta, were guests of honor at a theater party Friday evening.

Mrs. L. H. Crawford entertained her card club at six tables of bridge Thursday afternoon, Mrs. W. E. Mann making top score.

Complimenting Miss Inez Gray, of Graysville, Miss Kate Harlan, her hostess, entertained at a moonlight picnic to Stark's Spring Monday evening, the young people being chaperoned by Mrs. R. L. Harlan.

Miss Sara Hall entertained at heartsdice Tuesday evening in compliment to her guest, Miss Will Nell Logan, of Calhoun.

The Bryan M. Thomas Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, was entertained by Mrs. W. H. Clayton, Mrs. W. H. Stroup, Miss Lizzie Roberts and Miss Cora Henderson.

Miss Nell Wright entertained Tuesday at a spend-the-day party in compliment to Miss Inez Gray, of Graysville.

Miss Kittie Lee Bowers, of Dixie, was guest of honor at a theater party given by Mrs. M. M. Puckette Tuesday evening.

Miss Elizabeth Parker left Wednesday for her home in Atlanta, after a visit to Miss Leone Robertson.

Misses Minnie Gregory, Annie Rembert and Grace Flemister left to-day for Murphy, N. C.

Misses Charlotte Bigham and Katherine Foote returned Thursday to their home in Atlanta, after a visit to Rev. and Mrs. W. R. Foote.

Miss Carrie Green spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Duff Green, in Memphis, being accompanied home by Miss Lizzie Waters Green.

Mrs. W. W. Johnson and daughters, Misses Arabella and Katherine Johnson, of Charlotte, N. C., and Mr. J. B. Horne, of Atlanta, were guests this week of Mrs. Pearce Horne.

Athens

ATHENS, July 26.—Mrs. B. P. Allen gave a tea in honor of Miss Nell Choate, of Atlanta, who is the guest of Miss Nettie Webb.

Judge and Mrs. John C. Hart, of Union Point, have returned home, after a week's visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wilkins.

Miss Margaret Campbell is now in Virginia and from there will go to Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Richardson and Mrs. J. P. Campbell attended the Little-McKinley wedding in Milledgeville last week.

Miss Eleanor Lustrat is the guest of Miss Margaret Hamilton in Rome.

Mrs. S. H. Sutherland entertained many of the belles and beaux of the future at a party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her little granddaughter, Sarah Sutherland.

Mrs. Howard Waff entertained informally last evening at bridge in honor of her sister, Mrs. McCullough, and Mrs. Tidwell, the guest of Mrs. F. A. Merrill.

Invited to meet them were Mr. and Mrs. Merrill, Mrs. C. B. Chandler, Miss Alice Keene Briggs and Miss Bessie Lozier.

Miss Edith Branson has returned from a visit to Miss Lil Hodgson at her summer home at Dillard.

Mrs. O. R. Hinton and little daughter, Annie, have gone to New York, from where they will sail for Europe.

Miss Annie Belle Robinson, of Covington; Miss Brightwell, of Gainesville, and Miss Elizabeth Talmage, of New York, are being entertained by Miss Zena Talmage at a house party.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jones and children have left for a motoring trip to Battle Creek, Mich., Niagara Falls, Toronto, New York and Boston.

Mrs. Edgeworth Lamkin and Miss Mattie Wilson DuBose are the guests of Mrs. Hillard Spalding in Atlanta.

The Baraca-Philathea Union gave an enjoyable reception Wednesday on the lawn of the Methodist parsonage to the students of the summer school.

Mrs. F. A. Merrill entertained Tuesday morning informally at a sewing party complimentary to her house guest, Mrs. Albert Tidwell, of Quitman.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Dorsey have returned from Wrightsville Beach.

Miss Roberta Sparks, of Eatonton, is being entertained by Mrs. J. C. Jester at her home on Cobb street.

Mrs. R. W. Woodruff, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. Walter Hodgson.

Miss Carrie Williford entertained Thursday evening in honor of Miss Zena Talmage's house party guests.

Mrs. Morton Hodgson was the hostess Wednesday evening at twilight at one of the most beautiful parties of the season, given in honor of Mrs. Walter Hodgson, a recent bride, Mrs. R. W. Woodruff, of Atlanta.

Forsyth

FORSYTH, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. James Fleming have returned from their wedding trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Early Godwynne entertained at a supper party Thursday evening.

Mrs. Fleming was honor guest at the party given by the Misses Center Wednesday morning.

Mesdames C. H. S. Jackson and L. M. Napier, with their sons, Hugh and Thomas, have returned from a visit to Sandersville.

Misses Louise and Bessie Curran and Albert Tinsley, all of Atlanta, are visiting in Forsyth.

Mrs. A. S. Birdsey and Miss Mary Birdsey have left for Tybee, where they will spend several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Tecumseh Stone are in New York.

Mrs. W. U. Dews, of Americus, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Thornwell Gamble.

Mrs. S. H. Hollis and little daughter, Josephine, are at home again, after a month's delightful stay at Warm Springs.

Mrs. R. P. Burke is in Atlanta.

A social club recently organized has been named the Friday Afternoon Club. Their first meeting was with Mrs. Lem Alexander. Last Friday Miss Olin Smith was hostess. The members of this club are Mesdames Lem Alexander, Jennie Amos, John Banks, C. A. Ensign, Dick Fletcher, Ed Fletcher, Hunt, C. H. S. Jackson, Louis Jackson, Nalley, Bob McCowen, Olin Smith.

Mrs. W. S. Myrick and little sons have returned to Milledgeville.

Miss Lucile Talmadge is visiting Mrs. Hilton Tyus in Carrollton.

Miss Marie Featherstone is the guest of Miss Elma Tribble.

Mrs. I. S. Peebles, of Augusta, is the guest of Mrs. Tom Cabaniss.

Miss Pearl Stephens, of Macon, is visiting Mr. R. B. Stephens.

Mrs. Sam Rutherford entertained the Halcyon Club Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Marshall, of Tennille, is the guest of Mrs. A. Chamlee.

Miss Maggie May Cole spent several days of this week in Macon and Jenkinsburg.

Miss Undine Cater, after spending several weeks with her sister, Mrs Marion King, in Atlanta, is at home again.

Mrs. James Kendrick and little daughters are with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Ensign.

Augusta

AUGUSTA, July 26.—Mrs. George Traylor has returned from Birmingham.

Mrs. Frank Beane returned to-day from Wrightsville.

Mrs. James Oliver and little daughter, who have been at Wrightsville, leave this week for the North Carolina mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Duckworth and sons have returned from Wrightsville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. T. Walker and Mr. Fred Walker are back from Indian Springs.

Mrs. Eugene Murphey returns this week from Wrightsville Beach.

The marriage of Mrs. Mattie Wilson Harrison and C. N. Churchill takes place Wednesday evening at Mrs. Harrison's home in North Augusta.

Mrs. Wade Woodward entertained her card club Tuesday afternoon, the prizes, pieces of Dresden china, were presented to Mrs. W. W. Barnes and Mrs. Edward Kern, of Allentown, Pa.

Mrs. Edward Kern and Mrs. W. H. Fulton, of Allentown, Pa., were entertained Thursday afternoon by Mrs. James R. League.

Miss Virginia Lipscomb, the guest of Miss Gladys Teague, has returned to Atlanta.

Miss Julia Walsh leaves in a few days for New England.

Mrs. J. Willie Smith and children are on Pawley's Island.

Mrs. George Milam has returned to Jacksonville.

Mrs. Mamie Bland Goodwin and Mrs. James Harrison left today for Tybee.

Mrs. Alph Beane and son have returned from Wrightsville Beach.

Mrs. James Anderson has returned from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Burrus are at Wrightsville.

Miss Marie Griffin and Miss Fannie Stebbins leave in a few days for Hendersonville, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Sandford Gardner and James Gardner are at Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. Bishop Alexander, Jr., gave a dance Tuesday evening at the Jackson home in compliment to Miss Lipscomb.

Mrs. Harry Garrett and children are visiting at her old home in Newnan.

Mrs. W. J. Hillis is among North Carolina mountains.

Misses Mamie and Annie Eubanks are among the Augustans on the Isle of Palms.

Mrs. George Doughty and daughter, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs J. J. Doughty.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Howard and Mrs. T. G. Howard left Wednesday for Asheville.

Miss Florence Mounce is visiting Miss Virginia Addison in Edgefield.

Miss Maud Gary will spend some time with Miss Mary Evans in Edgefield before resuming her college studies in the fall.

Miss Mary Lou Newberry and the Misses Anderson have returned from Wrightsville Beach.

Miss Marguerite Wright will join Mrs. Billups Phinizy and daughters this week for White Sulphur Springs.

Mrs. C. P. Pressly and Miss Marguerite Pressly are in Virginia.

Mrs. Charles Phinizy, Miss Mary Lou Phinizy and Miss Louise Mays leave this week for Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Peters and son are visiting in Columbia.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gerald and Miss Gerald have returned from the Isle of Palms.

Mrs. Jacob Phinizy is visiting Mrs. Schuyler Leggett in New York and later will, with Mr. and Mrs. Leggett, go to White Sulphur Springs, Va.

Miss Sung Vong Sung, of the Athens Normal School, is visiting Miss Emma Lester. Miss Sung was a pupil of Miss Lester at the Davidson Girls' School in Soochow, China, before coming to America.

Miss Annie Siler has returned from Hiroshima, Japan, where she has been in charge of the musical department of the school there which is operated by the Southern Methodist Church.

Newnan

NEWNAN, July 26.—Mrs. T. H. Garrett and children, of Augusta, arrived Saturday and will spend a month with Mrs. Garrett's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Sponceler.

Mrs. Peter Murphy is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Coates, in Atlanta.

Mrs. W. B. Pringle entertained 18 girls at a party on last Wednesday in honor of her niece, Miss Mary Ramey, of Atlanta.

Misses Wilella Murphy and Janie Johnson are visiting Miss Dorothy Dukes in Palmetto.

Mrs. Clarence Hollis is spending this week with relatives in Atlanta and Hazelhurst.

Miss Frankie McCrory, of College Park, is visiting Miss Mary Goodrum.

Mrs. John P. Atkinson, of Milledgeville, is the guest of Mrs. W. Y. Atkinson.

Mrs. Alton Addy is in Senoia visiting relatives.

Mrs. Garland Jones entertained the Young Matrons' Club at an al-fresco party Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Bowen Reese is spending several weeks at Tallulah Falls.

Mrs. M. T. Phillips and Miss Adelaide Phillips are visiting relatives in Marietta.

Mrs. Myra Orr Jackson, Misses Lillian and Bessie Jackson, of Atlanta, and Mrs. Peter Zellars, of Palmetto, are guests of Mrs. W. B. Orr.

Miss Josephine Andrews, of Nashville, who is visiting Miss May Cole, was honor guest at a progressive buffet supper Tuesday evening, given by Miss Mary Goodrum.

Mrs. Mamie Hughes Thompson is visiting Mrs. Frank Hughes in Decatur.

Miss Carrie Bigham, of Atlanta, is the guest of Miss Susie Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Manget, with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Arnall, have gone to Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. Joel Ramey, of Atlanta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. C. Wright.

Mrs. Samuel Lumpkin, of McRae, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Jane Swint.

Mrs. George Jackson is spending a week with relatives in Carrollton.

Mrs. J. M. Coggin and Miss Elizabeth Coggin have returned from a visit to Judge Lewis in Fayetteville.

Mrs. Lelia Higgenbottom, of Elberton, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Annie Martin.

Mrs. H. L. Close and grandchildren have been visiting Mrs. P. T. McCutcheon, of Franklin, for the past week.

Miss Dorothy Burpee and Mrs. Ellen Goolsby visited Atlanta for several days this week.

Miss Nellie Potts is the guest of relatives in Atlanta.

Misses Crumb, of New Orleans, were given a surprise dance Saturday evening at the home of Misses Florence and Bessie Dent, their hostesses. Misses Crumb returned to New Orleans Monday.

Miss Margaret Brown is the guest of Mrs. Annie Jones in Atlanta.

Mrs. Hattie Smith has as her guest Mr. C. S. Smith, of Anson, Tex.

Miss Ella Adams spent several days of the past week with Miss Anna Cuttino on her return to West Point from a visit with Mrs. Joe Newsome in Atlanta.

Rome

ROME, July 26.—The initial affair among a series planned for Miss Jean Campbell, of Birmingham, the guest of Miss Virginia Harrison, and Miss Louise Couper, of Atlanta, the guest of Miss Katherine Graves, was the dance at the Coosa Country Club at which the Misses Harrison and Graves were the hostesses.

Mrs. Graham Wright was the hostess entertaining at the Coosa Country Club with a bridge party in honor of her sister, Mrs. Benjamin Van-Cleve, of St. Louis.

A compliment to Mrs. Gordon Hight, a recent bride, was Miss Missie King's bridge, which brought together a coterie of attractive matrons and belles.

Mrs. W. L. Funkhouser was the hostess at a party given for Mrs. W. J. Shaw.

Miss Gladys Willingham was the hostess at a watermelan cutting Friday evening. Miss Jean Campbell was the honor guest.

In compliment to her sister, Mrs. Josephine Johnson, of Athens, Mrs. Walter Cothran entertained at bridge. Mrs. Gordon Harrison, of Savannah, and Miss Bessie Sproull, of Anniston, were among the visiting society women present.

Mrs. Junius Simpson and children are spending a few weeks at Tate Spring.

Mrs. L. A. Herron, of Mount Pleasant, Tex., who is the guest of Mrs. Isham Wood, was the honor guest at a sewing party given by Mrs. Lucy Funkhouser.

Mrs. W. W. Mangum and Mrs. Walter Cothran were the hostesses at the Coosa Country Club Saturday afternoon at the regular fortnightly tea.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Sayre, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mrs. John H. Reynolds for a few days.

Mrs. Max Wright and sons, of Atlanta, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Seaborn Wright.

Miss Josephine Johnson, of Gadsden, is the guest of Miss Margaret Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Butler and daughter, of Camilla, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. D. McCartney, have gone to Green Bay, Wis., for a visit of several weeks.

An event of last week was the strawride given by Miss Frances Wright. Judge and Mrs. Moses Wright acted as chaperones. On their return the merrymakers stopped at Glennwood, the historic home of the Wright family, where a picnic supper was served.

Fairview, the home of Mrs. S. S. King, on the Summerville road, was the scene of one of the prettiest events of the week when Mrs. Wright King entertained at euchre in honor of her sister, Miss Virginia Harrison, and Miss Jean Campbell, of Atlanta.

Columbus

COLUMBUS, July 26.—A surprise party of the past week was given Friday evening to Miss Louise Scarbrough at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Scarbrough.

Among those in the crowd were Miss Mabel Morgan, Miss Jessie Wheat, Miss Marcia Duskin, Miss Josephine Marcus, Miss Lillian Chester, Miss Louise Scarbrough, Miss Lois Pekor, Miss Mamie Rainey, Miss Leila Scarbrough. The young men were Huch McMath, Jack Key, Terrell Hill, Nunnally Johnson, Earl Abbott, George Roberts, Tom Butts and Charles Dimon.

Miss Mary Olive Hardaway, of Opelika, the guest of Miss Kathryn Trammell, and Miss Thelma Albright, of Mobile, the guest of Mrs. C. A. Stevenson, shared honors at a party given Friday morning by Miss Nettie Post.

Progressive setback was played. Misses Virginia Blau and Kathryn Trammell cut the top score.

On Saturday evening Mrs. J. Ralston Cargill and Miss Mary Tigner were joint hostesses at supper at the Country Club.

A dance complimentary to visiting girls was given at Wildwood Park Friday evening. Those in whose honor the party was given were Miss Mary Murphey, of Atlanta; Miss Pattie McGehee, of Atlanta; Miss Bessie Bruce, of Macon; Miss Marion Ponder, of Atlanta.

A moonlight picnic was given Tuesday evening at Wildwood Park, when a number of boys and girls of the school set, chaperoned by Miss Mary Duskin and DeWitt Duskin, enjoyed themselves.

A large party of Columbus people have been enjoying a house party at Goat Rock for the past week. Mr. and Mrs. Frank U. Garrard, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Bleecker, Mr. and Mrs. Frank G. Lumpkin and Mr. and Mrs C. M. Young have been chaperoning the party.

Miss Ruth Williams, of Macon, and Miss Norma Hines, of Thomasville, have come to Columbus as the guests of Miss Isabel Garrard.

Miss Louise Scarbrough has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Wilmer Scarbrough, in Ossahatchie.

Mrs. Edward Swift and children have gone to Warm Springs.

Mrs. F. B. Gordon and Mrs. A. O. Blackmar, Jr., and little son have gone to Gainesville.

Miss Louise McMath has gone to Warm Springs, where she will be the guest of Miss Minnie Hill.

Miss Natalie Williams and Miss Josephine Andrews have returned from New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Porter Golden will leave about the first of August for Lanark Springs, Fla.

Miss Louise Buttolph, Miss Mary Slade, Miss Mattie Love Blau, and Paul Blanchard, Marion Seabrook and Louis Coleman have returned from Tuscoona, the beautiful country home of W. R. Blanchard in Alabama.

Mr. and Mrs. John Shanks have gone to their old home in Stanford, Ky.

Mrs. James L. Willis and Mrs. William Crawford have returned from Tate Springs.

Mrs. C. E. Murphey, of Atlanta, has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Andrew L. Crawford.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Langdon have gone to the mountains of North Carolina.

Miss Theresa Bunch, of North Augusta, S. C., and Miss Charlotte Warner, of Columbia, S. C., are the guests of Miss Alice Fortson.

Miss Mary Lou Reed has gone to West Point to spend some time with Miss Mary Rosencraft.

Miss Mary Denson, of LaFayette, Ala., and Miss Louise Nichols, of Roanoke, Ala., who have been spending some time with the latter's sister, Mrs. Lawrence Murray, have gone to Montgomery for a visit to their cousin, Mrs. Charles Tallman.

Miss Annie Kell, of New Orleans, is visiting Miss Kate Booth on East Highlands.

Miss Mary Beall is spending some time at Virginia Beach with Mrs. R. P. Griffith.

Mrs. George Burrus and Miss Janie Dowdell have gone to Atlanta.

Miss Jane Harrison is a member of a camp party near Americus, being the guest of Miss Marie Walker.

Miss Emily Lowndes, who spent several weeks in Columbus with her sister, Mrs. Harry L. Williams, has returned to her home in Atlanta.

Miss Ada Watt is spending some time in Talbotton with Miss Elizabeth Kimbrough.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmet Williams have returned from Cleveland, Ohio, Niagara and other points in the North.

Mrs. T. P. Holloway has returned to her home in Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Murat and three children have returned to their home in Apalachicola, Fla., after a visit to the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Wilhelm.

Miss Theresa Alexander, of New York, has come to Columbus to spend some time with her sister, Mrs. B. B. Fontaine, on Front street.

Misses Alice and Sarah Wimberly, of Grovania, are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. E. H. Wimberly, and their aunt, Mrs. Julia Tigner Harrell.

Miss Jessie Johnson, of Atlanta, has arrived in the city to spend some time with her aunt, Mrs. Julia Tigner Harrell.

Miss Thelma Albright, of Mobile, is the guest of Mrs. Chester Stevenson.

Complimenting Miss Eleanor Massey, of Birmingham, the guest of Miss Nell Scarbrough, Miss Josephine Marcus entertained a number of friends at a theatorium party Monday evening.

Miss Anna Johnson, of Birmingham, is the guest of Miss Kate Morgan and on Tuesday will share honors with Miss Mamie Rainey, of Birmingham, at a party to be given by Miss Lois Pekor.

Miss Ellie Mae Bedell, of Knoxville, who has been visiting relatives in Columbus, has returned home.

Miss Annie Thetford entertained the East Highlands Building Circles Thursday afternoon from 4 to 6. She is chairman of Circle No. 1, which was the host of all of the other circles.

Miss Nell Loftis, of Atlanta, is the guest of Mrs. D. L. Few on Waverly Terrace.

Savannah

SAVANNAH, July 26.—While many Savannahians are still at home waiting for August 1 and many more are at Tybee and other nearby places, numbers are now to be found at the Northern coast and mountain resorts.

Social life at Fort Screven has taken on new interest with the arrival of several new officers and the approaching marriage of others who are stationed there.

First Lieutenant R. C. Garrett, the adjutant of the post, is to be married very soon to Miss Walke, daughter of Colonel Walke, who was in command at Fort Screven until a short time ago.

First Lieutenant Longino, quartermaster and commissary officer at the post, is to be married before a great while to Miss Lila Evans, daughter of the postmistress at Fort Screven. Lieutenant Longino is a native of Georgia, coming from Atlanta. He is a son of Dr. Longino, who is well known throughout the State.

First Lieutenant James Dusenbury and Mrs. Dusenbury have recently come to the post.

An expected arrival at the fort is First Lieutenant Crane. He has been assigned to the Seventy-fourth Company. As he is the ranking first lieutenant of the Coast Artillery Corps he will be made a captain as soon as he arrives.

An unusually large list of debutantes is promised for next winter. Miss Josephine Stewart, who is spending the summer traveling in Europe, after some months abroad, will be one of the girls who will make her bow next winter, and Mr. and Mrs. Stewart will probably entertain with a debut party for her.

Miss Eloise Knox is another of the debutantes who will also probably be introduced at a reception by Mr. and Mrs. Knox. It has not yet been decided whether Miss Elinor Cosens will make her debut, nor has Miss Nana Hull's debut been announced.

Miss Delia Lindsay is another whose debut has not positively been decided upon, and she may travel for a year in Europe before coming out. Miss Edith Bryson will be one of the debutantes of the season.

Others whose debut is anticipated are Miss Dorothea Karow, Miss Catherine Charlton, Miss Inez Tiedeman, Miss Kate Osborne, Miss Susie Winburn, Miss Katherine Ives, Miss Agnes Reese, Miss Elizabeth Candler and Miss Elizabeth Ravenel.

The marriage of Miss Lillian Annette Hoffman to William J. Oser, of Boston, took place Tuesday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Ferdinand J. Hoffman.

Miss Selma Hoffman, the bride's sister, played the wedding music, and another sister, Miss Fannie Hoffman, was maid of honor.

Isadore Michels acted as Mr. Oser's best man. The marriage was performed by Dr. Jacob H. Kaplan, of Selma, Ala. The bride was given away by her mother. A reception was held after the ceremony, and Mr. and Mrs. Oser left later on a steamer for New York. They will make their home in Boston.

The marriage of Miss Ethel Dunham to Thomas G. Campbell, of Baltimore, which will take place in Baltimore on the evening of September 16, will be of much interest here, where Miss Dunham lived for several years.

The wedding will take place at the Church of St. Michaels and All Angels, and there will be a large wedding party. Mrs. F. C. Wilson, the bride's mother, will leave early in August for Baltimore to be present at the wedding.

A quiet wedding of Wednesday that was of sincere interest to many friends was that of Mrs. L. A. Cooper to George P. Hamilton. It took place at the parsonage of the Duffy Street Baptist Church, the Rev. W. T. Grenade, the pastor, officiating.

Miss Bessie Inez Von Santen, of Charleston, was married on July 5 to Paul W. Liles, of Savannah, at the parsonage of St. Andrews Lutheran Church in Charleston. The Rev. M. G. G. Scherer performed the ceremony.

Misses Margaret and Natalie Wohanka are visiting Mrs. J. M. Rowell at Bluffton. Mrs. Rowell gave a pink tea in their honor Wednesday.

Those present were Miss Lottie Terrell, Misses Grace and Margaret Bonneau, Miss Margaret Wohanka and her sister, Miss Natalie, Miss Jessie Wallace, Miss Wright, Mrs. J. B. Davis, Jr., Mrs. Mason, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Dan Heywood, Mrs. Mulligan, Mrs. J. W. Rowell, Mrs. R. H. Grant and others.

Miss Gertrude Farrell and William Farrell reached home on the steamer City of St. Louis this week from New York, after visiting Asbury Park, Albany and Far Rockaway.

They were members of a pleasant party at the summer home of Mrs. Joseph Hubbard at Atlantic Highlands.

Mrs. George T. Cann left Thursday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Davis Stuart Craven, at Salem, N. J.

Mrs. Mills B. Lane and children will leave next week for Asheville, N. C., and will spend some time at the Manor.

Miss Jesse Anderson is the guest of Mrs. Wright Hunter until Sunday, when she will visit Mrs. F. C. Battey for a few days before returning to Tybee.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright Hunter will leave to-morrow for Blue Ridge Summit, Pa.

Miss Virginia McDuffie, who has been visiting Miss Ermine Munford, has returned to her home at Hawkinsville.

Miss Mary Elliott has returned from a visit to friends at Asheville.

The Misses Lucile and Helen North have returned from Atlanta, accompanied by Miss Sarah May Ray.

Mrs. Nellie Dowling has returned from a visit to Augusta and Jacksonville.

Miss Valencia Knox has returned home from a pleasant visit to Miss Katherine Riddle at Jacksonville. Miss Riddle accompanies her, and will be her guest for some time.

Mrs. Agnes Carmichael and daughter, Miss Bessie Carmichael, of Dillon, S. C., are the guests of Captain and Mrs. E. H. Carmichael.

Miss Clarice Kronstadt left Thursday for a trip through Colorado.

The Misses Janie and Louise Davant are spending some time at Mount Mrs. Charles Saussy will leave next week to visit Mr. and Mrs. Bailey Hopkins in New York.

Mrs. Charlesworth Hunter will leave August 1 for the North.

Mrs. Benjamin Whiteman and daughter, Miss Sarah, are spending some time with relatives in New York.

Mr. D. B. Morgan and Miss Miriam Morgan have gone to Davison River, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Adler and family, including the Misses Rena, Elsie and Olga Adler, sailed to-day for New York.

Mr. Robert M. Hull, the Misses Robert and Nannie Hull and Miss Ermine Munford will leave Monday for Lexington, Va.

Mrs. S. F. Marshall, of Woodside S. C., is visiting her mother, Mrs. W. D. Simkins.

Miss Julia Righton left Thursday for Athens to visit Mrs. Clarence D. Chandler.

Miss Beulah Beatty, of Valdosta, is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. J. Lott.

Miss Julia Peck has returned home after spending some weeks with friends in Charleston.

Miss Hilda Allen is visiting Miss Lydia Holly in Macon.

Mrs. W. E. Norton and Miss Richards sailed to-day for New York. Mrs. Joseph Rosenheim and Mrs. J. E. Jaudan also sailed for New York.

Miss Alma Stoddard left Tuesday for Asheville and Black Rock, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Slater, who spent the early part of the summer at their bungalow at Montgomery, have joined Mrs. Cordeza in Maine.

Mr. and Mrs. William Crump, of Portsmouth, Va., have recently come to Savannah to live. They are spending the summer at Tybee.

Mrs. Dean Newman is the guest of her sons, Dean and Robert Newman, at Hotel Dempsey, in Macon.

Miss Edith Thomas is visiting Mrs. W. C. Askew, on Wilmington Island. Mrs. W. D. Waples left Tuesday for Skyland, N. C.

Mrs. H. W. Johnson and children will leave next week for Allegheny Springs, Va.

Mrs. Stephen R. Harris is spending the summer in Western North Carolina.

Mrs. James Harrison and children are spending a portion of the summer in Western North Carolina.

Mrs. William Cahill and Miss Gertrude Wickham, who have been the guests for some time of Mrs. Dennis Kielly and the Misses Kielly, have returned to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. William Barnwell and family are at Catawba Springs, N. C.

Miss Patience Barrow and Miss Janet Menzes left Tuesday night to visit Miss Dorothea Baldwin at Flat Rock, N. C.

Mrs. J. B. Ford, of Darien, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. H. H. Lattimore, Jr.

Mrs. Edwin Frank will sail for the North on the first of the month, and will spend the balance of the summer in Maine.

Miss Mary Osborne has returned from North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. Egbert Freyer, of Marietta, who have been visiting Mrs. Freyer's parents, Bishop and Mrs. Frederick F. Reese, have returned home.

Mrs. L. Mohr and the Misses Mohr have gone to Ottawa Beach, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Meinhard and children will leave the second week in August for Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wayne arrived Friday from Florida, and will be with Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Wayne for several weeks.

Mrs. W. Moore Scott and Master Warren Scott are at Estill Springs, Tenn., for the rest of the summer.

Mrs. John Al Calloway and Leon Calloway, of Milledgeville, passed through Savannah this week on a motoring trip to the North Carolina mountains.

Rev. and Mrs. W. T. Granade and children are in Asheville, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. George Butler, who have been away on their wedding trip, are expected home to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Ramey have gone to Goshen, Va., for the summer.

Bishop and Mrs. F. F. Reese and the Misses Reese will leave the first of August for a two weeks' visit to Marietta, after which they will go to Wytheville, Va., for the latter part of August and September. They will spend October in New York.

Mrs. Robert C. Harrison and children have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Huger at Bluffton.

Mrs. James Menzies, Miss Helen Vorhees and Miss Helen Menzies will leave in August to spend some weeks in the Catskill Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Mallory and Master Waldo Mallory have returned from Columbus, Miss.

Mrs. J. E. DeLorme and Miss Annie Knox left Tuesday for Chautauqua, N. Y.

Miss Helen B. Pendleton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Scully, in Pittsburg, Pa., where she will spend several weeks.

Mrs. W. C. Peebles is at Waynesboro, N. C., where she will spend a month before going to French Lick Springs.

Miss Martha Brotherton, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Nettie Cay Little.

Miss Mary Lee Thurmond, of Columbus, and Miss Kate Long, of Macon, are visiting Mrs. Millard Hilton in Collinsville.

SOCIETY at the RESORTS

Isle of Palms

ISLE OF PALMS, July 26.—Atlantans continue to visit the Isle of Palms in large numbers, many taking a week-end trip to enjoy the splendid surf, in addition to those who stay for some length. This past week has been especially enjoyable to the Georgia visitors, aviation parties being frequent, with W. S. Luckey, of New York, here flying his Curtiss hydro-aeroplane.

Mrs. B. D. Gunter, Mr. W. D. Brady, Mrs. P. C. Lumpkin, Mr. and Mrs. O. B. McMichael, Mr. F. B. Smith, Miss Anna Coward, Miss Nellie Coward and Mr. H. B. Thackston, of Atlanta, are guests of the week.

The other visitors from Georgia sporading their vacations at the Isle of Palms are Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Neal and the Misses Neal of Thomson; Mrs. William Hale Barrett and Mrs. William Hale Barrett, Jr., and Mr. G. B. Barrett, of Augusta.

Indian Springs

INDIAN SPRINGS, July 26.—Among those from Atlanta and other Georgia towns who registered at the Wigwam Hotel, Indian Springs, last week were Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Scott and H. F. Scott, Jr., John H. Andrews, George Maddox, A. J. Ryan, C. E. Boineau, Columbia; Mrs. C. F. Cooper, Perry; Mrs. J. S. Brunson, Dublin; A. S. Hale and A. H. Rahn, Macon; Mrs. T. Grace and Miss Grace, Barnesville; Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Scoville, Atlanta; R. S. Rosser, Mr. W. H. Allen, Mrs. Emma Bell, C. E. Currie, H. D. Carroll, Mrs. Green T. Dodd and Miss Carrie Lowe; Mrs. S. A. Barnes and Miss Maurice Fagan, Fort Valley; C. N. Guttenberger, Macon; Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Dorough, Misses Dorough; W. R. Woodward, Macon; B. J. Fowler, John S. Lee, John M. Cutler and John M. Cutler, Macon; W. D. Lamar, Macon; Miss Holt, Miss Ross, Mr. Holt, Mrs. W. D. Lamar, Mrs. J. A. Seldon, Macon; Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Adams, Macon; Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Peeples, Atlanta; B. S. Willingham and O. P. Willingham, Macon; Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Anderson; Mrs. G. G. Riley, Mrs. Hays McMath, Miss Slappey and Miss Callie Slappey, Americus; E. W. Ingram, Eatonton; Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Franklin, Augusta; Mrs. J. F. Heard, Macon; Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Stanley, Columbus; Mr. J. B. Willis, Walden; Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Lamar, Macon; Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Thompson and Miss Lila Thompson, Quitman; Mrs. Florence McMichael, Mrs. C. L. Rountree, T. H. Scott, Atlanta.

Wrightsville

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, July 26.—The tango and turkey trot are barred at Lumina this summer. As a result of this dansants are much in vogue at the beach this season.

One of the most delightful of these was given by Miss Florie Northrop, of Wilmington, on Tuesday evening.

Among those dancing from Atlanta were Miss Louise Jones, Lucille Kuhrt, Isabelle Kuhrt, Margaret Northen, Lottie Wyly, Mrs. Meador, Mrs. W. C. Jarnigan, Mrs. George W. Forrester, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Glenn, J. D. McCarty, Jr., Henry Kuhrt, W. A. Camp, George Sciple, S. K. McCaslin, W. Peters and George Mangum, guests of the seashore.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Northrop, of Wrightsville, entertained their friends Thursday evening. The dinner party given to Mrs. W. C. Jarnigan was one of the most brilliant social features of the week. Among the guests were Mrs. Jarnigan, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Glenn, Mrs. Van Winkle, Mrs. Forrester, Mrs. Purse, and Miss Margaret Northen.

After spending several very pleasant weeks at the seashore many of the visitors from Georgia, and especially from Atlanta, have returned home. Those who have left Wrightsville are Mrs. M. F. Cooledge, Mrs. Purse, Miss Margaret Northen, Mrs. Kuhrt, Misses Lucille and Isabelle Kuhrt, and Miss Louise Jones, W. A. Camp, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Glenn.

The beach continues to be a popular place for Atlantans. There are several hundred on the island. Among the recent arrivals at the Seashore Hotel are the following from Atlanta: Miss Polly Shipman, Frank Hipp, C. M. Ramspeck, H. L. Graves, Misses F. Bostick, Ruth Nixon, M. Johnson, Marie Riley, Belle Thompson, Mrs. J. W. Riley, R. A. Riley, Mrs. N. M. Henderson, Miss Louise Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Griffin, Mrs. Hill, Mrs. F. J. Cooledge, Miss Mary Cooledge, R. P. King, Henry Hall, Mrs. L. F. Foster, Miss Elizabeth Loring, Miss Edna Jones, Dr. J. W. Riley, Mrs. R. I. Converse, Miss Mabel Jones, Miss Eliza Bridewell, Miss Mildred Converse, T. M. Brady, Misses W. Welch, Laura Grant, Ethel Green, Mrs. J. W. Green, J. B. Staadeker, Mrs. W. L. Graves,

LONDON W. Orton Tewson, Chester Overton — PARIS Paul Pierre Rignaux, Marquis de Castellane — BERLIN C. de Vidal-Hundt, Fritz Jacobsohn — ROME J. M. E. D'Aquin, George M. Bruce

SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS RECEIVED FROM ALL THE GREAT CAPITALS OF EUROPE

KING TRIES TO EXTEND LONDON SOCIAL SEASON

Financial Scare, However, Sends Society Leaders to Resorts Where Living Is Cheaper.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Had it not been for King George the London season would have finished three weeks ago instead of now. Hundreds of society folks had left town, one reason being that so few great hostesses came forward to entertain and another that the financial scare the world over has produced something approaching panic in the highest circles.

The depreciation in gilt-edged securities has been enormous, and, as many society folks are keen stock gamblers, there have been forced sales at absurdly low prices of sound stocks to enable the holders to clear their speculative accounts.

The King was perfectly aware of all this, but was determined, for the sake of London trade, that the season should not end so abruptly. Hence the state ball on Friday night, for which society was obliged to return to town. Some, however, wrote regretting that they were unable to obey the King's command, as they were on the Continent.

Outlook Is Not Good.

It is feared that neither the Goodwood races nor the Cowes regatta will be as brilliant as in former years. Many of those who formerly entertained large house parties for the races have found it convenient to take the waters at some economical cure.

Both the King and Queen are in need of a long rest after their strenuous exertions, but, with the exception of a week at Windsor, they will get little quiet until they go to Balmoral, where court etiquette is immediately relaxed. Queen Mary also will spend a short time with her great aunt in Germany.

Lady Greville, who has not been out very much this season, has left London for Mullingar. She was formerly Mrs. Henry Kerd, of New York, the daughter of the late John Grace. Her brother, Cecil Grace, the aviator, lost his life in the North Sea.

Princess Hatzfeldt, nee Huntington, has taken little part in the gayeties of the season. She has gone to Draycothu, in Chippenham, where she will entertain a few house parties.

Duchess to Take Cure.

The Duchess of Malborough has left town for Harrogate, where she is to take a mild cure with intervals of playing golf. The Duchess has been a great success this season.

Mrs. Ogden Goelet is with her daughter, the Duchess of Roxburghe, who is expecting an interesting event very soon.

Mrs. Gebhardt and Miss Gebhardt, of the American colony in Paris, have been spending a few days in London. Mrs. Roosevelt Butterfield, who has a large place on the Yorkshire Moor, will give her first shooting party on August 1.

Among the Americans at Baron Quinzbourg's musicale on Tuesday night at the Carlton were Lady Randolph Churchill, the Misses Wibourg, Mrs. Cecil Bingham, Princess San Faustino, Lady Cunard and Lady Lister-Kaye.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont and Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont were seen lunching and dining together in London frequently during the week.

Mrs. Poultney Bigelow and Dorothy Bigelow have taken a house near Farnham, Surrey, for the summer. Miss Bigelow continues her vocal lessons with a professional career in mind.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Depew gave several dinner parties before going to the Continent, while Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish signalized their return from the Isle of Wight in like manner.

Pierces Go to Paris.

Colonel Robert M. Thompson and his family have returned from Ascot.

Henry Clay Pierce had a sudden business call to Paris, where he has since been joined by Mrs. Pierce.

The death of Anthony N. Brady cast a gloom over the Carlton, which has had a crowded week. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Stotesbury returned from a prolonged tour of the Cumberland Lakes.

Mary Garden arrived at the Savoy Hotel at the beginning of the week and after a couple of days left for Scotland.

Lillian Russell, with her husband, A. P. Moore, of Pittsburg, has been spending the week motoring in England, arriving just in time to pick up Anna Held after the latter's automobile was smashed on the Brighton road on Sunday.

Other Savoy arrivals include Mrs. A. H. Acton, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Bastins, J. L. Clark and J. J. Neiger, of Chicago.

Howard Gould, Miss Doris Keene and Miss Alice Putnam also have arrived.

Senator Thompson and his family have gone on a continental tour.

Prince to Renounce Title to Marry Diva

Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis Plans to Start Life Anew in Texas.

BERLIN, July 26.—Prince Nicholas of Thurn and Taxis is to follow in the footsteps of his two brothers and his cousin, who renounced their titles and rank for love.

Prince Nicholas already has given up his position in the navy and part of his inheritance, and is planning to purchase a ranch in Texas. The young woman for whom he is sacrificing all is the Munich diva, Fraulein Recberg, of the Gartner Platz Theater.

They had planned to be married quietly in London, but the family of the Prince intervened. They will sail for America immediately after the marriage.

ANNA HELD and her diamond stockings. The New York musical comedy star is appearing in a London music hall and setting a new and expensive fashion with her gem-studded hosiery.



Anna Held's Gemmed Hose Startle London

Petite French Actress' Diamond Stockings Set Style Which British Society Is Following.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Miss Anna Held's diamond stockings have set London in a furor. The petite French actress wears them at every performance at a music hall. Many society women have followed her lead and jeweled-incrusted stockings have become quite the rage. Of course, only the very rich can afford the novelty.

Miss Held's stockings are a pale lavender, and the light striking the gems makes a startling effect.

Miss Held will sail from London on August 9 for America, where she has planned an extensive theatrical season, in which the diamond-studded stockings will play a part.

Hall Caine Calls Women Best Critics

Famous Novelist Tells Booksellers That Wives Make Success of Library Work.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—"If you ask me as an author whose opinion of my books I would rather rest my fortunes upon, yours or your wives', I tell you frankly it's the opinion of your wives'," said Hall Caine at a dinner of the Associated Booksellers at Torquay.

"If you want to know what the great, wide public is going to say about a book, especially a novel, try it on a woman," he added. "I do. I always have done. And when I have had success, it has come to me from women."

Vatican Condemns D'Annunzio's Work

"Pisanelle" Is Examined by Censor and Banished From Catholic Homes and Libraries.

Special Cable to The American.

ROME, July 26.—According to a report from a Vatican source, D'Annunzio's "Pisanelle," which was presented for the first time in Paris recently, will meet the same fate as his former work, "The Mystery of St. Sebastian."

The "Pisanelle" has already been examined by the censor of the Index, and the formal announcement that it has been banished from Catholic homes and libraries on the ground that it is immoral is only a question of days.

REAL CAUSE OF VATICAN GUARDS' MUTINY IS FAT

Corps Faithful for Centuries, but Men, Becoming Corpulent, Resented Military Duty.

By CAMILLO CIANFARRA.

Special Cable to The American.

ROME, July 26.—Bad feeling, which for some time has existed among the rank and file of the Swiss Guards of the Vatican, reached a climax the other day in open rebellion that, although quickly quelled, affords further proof that the movement begun some time ago, which threatened to disrupt the little army intrusted with the defense of the sacred palaces, still exists, and that even His Holiness failed to restore the cordial relations which formerly existed between the soldiers and their superiors.

The Swiss Guards' reputation for faithfulness to the Holy See dates back several centuries. The first mutiny known took place during the early reign of Pope Leo XIII, when some privileges the guard had enjoyed since time immemorial were taken away by order of the Pontiff himself.

Tipping Becomes Nuisance.

These privileges consisted mainly of certain tips which the curia cardinals as well as those from foreign countries and visiting prelates were required to bestow on the deefnders of the church, but in recent times the custom had grown to such a nuisance as to discourage prelates of moderate means from visiting the Vatican.

That mutiny was ended by the Pope, who on the very day the guards disobeyed their officers sent word to them through his private secretary that those who were not pleased with the new order of things could leave at once for Switzerland. The result was only the ringleaders went and the remainder of the small force of men resigned themselves to the loss of the tips.

For many years things went smoothly. The guards, though deprived of a substantial addition to their pay, were, on the other hand, required to do but little work, merely mounting guard at the several entrances of the Vatican and parading before the Pope once or twice a year.

Look Like Fat "Supers."

During the last few years of the reign of Leo XIII the Swiss Guards led a quiet, sedentary life, devoid of all excitement, although the then commander, Baron Mayer Von-Schanensee, often endeavored to make them a presentable body of soldiers. At his death the guards resembled more a lot of corpulent theatrical "supers" than the twentieth century embodiment of a once brilliant corps.

The trouble which the other day culminated in an assault on Sergeant Pralong by the soldiers and four days later in open rebellion to the orders of Captain Gassou began two years ago, when Colonel Rewoud was appointed commander of the Swiss Guards.

Colonel Rewoud, a strict disciplinarian, tried to reform the corps and to restore the discipline of which there was no trace left.

The men were required to don fatigue uniforms and devote long hours to target practice as well as other military duties.

Alpine Recruits Secured.

The men prtoested, but the colonel threatened to resign unless he was allowed a free hand. In time the old riotous element was weeded out and new men were brought from the Alpine villages.

These recruits, although more amenable to the strict discipline, developed a peculiar fondness for Frascati wine, which is said to have a strange effect on northern organisms saturated with beer. During the last few months the canteen has been doing a flourishing business, but it was noticed that discipline was on the wane.

Recently Colonel Rewoud discovered the reason and issued an order limiting each man to four glasses of wine a day. This the guards interpreted as an insult to their manhood. They protested and then mutinied. The net result is that a number of the members of the corps are now on the way to Switzerland never again to don the uniform which Michael Angelo designed for the papal guards.

British Plan Five-Day Line to Canada

Syndicate Will Construct Terminal Port at Blacksod Bay for New Transcontinental Service.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—A syndicate, strongly supported by British and Canadian shipping and shipbuilding companies, intends to construct a terminal port at Blacksod Bay, County Mayo, for an express line between that point and Cape St. Charles, in Southern Labrador, whence another transcontinental railway is to be built, bringing Canada within five days of London.

This project will be the deathblow to the often-talked-of Galway scheme.

'Cures' for Cancer Fakes Says Society

Vulnerable Part of Cell Still Undiscovered, Declare Researchers of British Body.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The imperial cancer research fund, one of the greatest scientific bodies in the world, held its annual meeting here to-day, the Duke of Bedford presiding. The annual report stated that examinations of various so-called cures made during the year proved them all to be valueless and demonstrated again that the vulnerable part of the cancer cell was still undiscovered.

World To Be Swept By Calamities in 1914, Seer Predicts

'Old Moore' Sees Good Future Only for the Suffragettes and Suitors in September.

Special Cable to The Georgian.

LONDON, July 26.—"Old Moore," who pretends to lift the veil from the future, has made his annual prophecy earlier than usual this year. The world's prospect for 1914 is not encouraging, as "Old Moore" foresees it, although the suffragettes should loudly rejoice.

British women who pay taxes will vote in March or April next and will hold offices in December, 1914, says "Old Moore." The death of a "royal personage" in the first quarter of next year will throw all Britain into mourning; in the last quarter of the year a "great personage" will die. He says the world will be devastated by earthquakes, terrific gales, mine explosions, aerial disasters, floods and cattle plagues. European Asia and Africa will suffer equally from such calamities.

Turkey is to be wiped off the map of Europe. Many persons who are not professional prophets have made this prediction. Germany and France will halt at the very brink of a devastating war. A revolution is to deluge China in blood.

But love's rays illuminate the dark suitor. Any suitor who asks his lady love to marry him during next September will be accepted and the marriage will be a happy one.

Brain Switched Out During Operation

Doctor Declares Surgeons Are Now Able To Do Work Without Any Shock.

Special Cable to The American.

BRIGHTON, July 26.—Sir Berkeley Monynihan, of Leeds, announced at the British medical conference here to-day a new process of perfect anesthesia by switching off the brain—a discovery credited to the American surgeon Crile.

The shock to the brain in surgical operations is obviated in the new process by placing barriers across all the nerve centers, thus isolating the field of operation for a week, if necessary. Dr. Monynihan explained that either anesthesia does not put all the brain to sleep.

The larger and more important part remains awake and is liable to injury, as would be the case were the patient conscious. Surgeons are now able to carry out any operation in the abdomen thoroughly without inflicting intolerable pain or causing any distress afterward. The isolation is produced by a local anesthetic—novocaine for the skin and quinine and urea for the parietal peritoneum.

Cabinet Scandal Hushed by Premier

Asquith and Lloyd-George Fix Minimum of Publicity for Divorce Hearing.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The Carr-Gomm-Williams divorce suit, which had threatened to embarrass the Government because of the official connection of the parties with Cabinet Ministers, is now likely to be rendered comparatively harmless.

It is said that Lloyd-George and Premier Asquith strongly urged upon Crawshay-Williams the necessity of preventing any scandal involving prominent members of the Government. It was feared that the Chancellor of the Exchequer, by whom Williams formerly was employed as parliamentary secretary, might be prejudiced if certain incidents alleged to have occurred in the Chancellor's residence in Downing street and at Criccieth should be publicly discussed. Consequently, Williams and Mrs. Carr-Gomm, co-respondent and respondent, respectively, have agreed to abandon their defense.

Queen Alexandra to Dress Granddaughter

Widow of Edward To See That Duchess of Fife Keeps In Style.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Queen Alexandra has expressed a wish that the marriage of Prince Arthur of Connaught and the young Duchess of Fife shall take place at Sandringham, but the ceremony will probably be in the royal chapel at St. James.

Prince Arthur has seen little of his fiancee. This does not surprise anyone in society, as the marriage is one of the usual royal kind—one of convenience.

The young Duchess of Fife was stopping with her mother in Bond street this week. Both mother and daughter were dressed in the fashions of years ago.

Queen Alexandra is determined that her granddaughter shall be smartened up, and will herself supervise the trousseau of the young Duchess, who would be a remarkably attractive young girl if properly dressed.

Microbes in Veils Peril Fair Parisians

Doctors Declare Also That Handkerchiefs of Tuberculosis Victims Are Menace to City.

Special Cable to The Georgian.

PARIS, July 26.—Doctors here have begun a new crusade. This time they are attacking ladies' veils, which they declare are perilous to health and mere receptacles for microbes. They also have added terrors to more lives by calling attention to the danger caused by sending handkerchiefs used by tuberculosis persons to be washed at laundries.

Thousands of blanchisseuses are said to perish yearly as a result of handling infected linen.

DEPEW SEES IN WILSON BIGGEST OF AUTOCRATS

Bewails Changes in London Society Due, He Thinks, to Militant Democracy.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—"Every time I come here I am more and more astonished by the extraordinary changes in London social life during the last ten or fifteen years," said Chauncey M. Depew to The Sunday American correspondent. "There are no more outstanding personalities in society—Gladstone, Salisbury, Randolph-Churchill—all such men have disappeared and there is no one to replace them.

"Of course, such men exist to-day, but the legislation of the last few years seems to have driven all the noble families out of politics, to have divorced them from public life until to-day the man who combines great social and political influence is an extreme rarity.

"In the same way," continued Mr. Depew, musingly, "there are no great ladies nowadays who, as hostesses, wield powerful political influence.

"Lady Lansdowne and Lady Londonderry appear to have closed their drawing rooms, where, it is not too much to say, the fate of the cabinets was determined sometimes.

Deplores Lack of Hostesses.

"Even from the social point of view there are no such hostesses to-day as were Lady Burdette-Coutts, Lady Dorothy Neville and Lady Saint Helier, who, as Lady Jeune, assembled every 'lion' at her salons.

"I think the decadence is due to the democratic movement throughout the world which at the moment can not be checked. World democracy is overthrowing aristocratic dominance, is striving desperately to extend freedom and liberty.

"It is a curious thing that this democratic movement is accepted everywhere by prayerful demands for a strong leader to whom democracy is ready to surrender almost absolute power.

"It is so in France. President Poincare, instead of being a figurehead, can make himself the driving force of the nation; indeed, democracy almost demands that he shall. It is so in my own country. President Woodrow Wilson is an absolute autocrat.

Explains Wilson's Power.

"He is doing just what he likes, because he knows the people wish him to, and will be disgusted with him if he does anything else.

"You will see that President Wilson will drive the tariff bill through Congress nearly unchanged, and the currency bill, too, although he will have very great difficulties with the latter."

"Do I understand that you admire President Wilson's methods?" asked the correspondent.

"I do not," said Mr. Depew with decision.

Golden Cards Out to His Golden Wedding

Russian Millionaire Sends 200 Invitations Made of Pure Metal to Anniversary Affair.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—M. Spiridinoff, a well-known Moscow millionaire, is about to celebrate his golden wedding. Two hundred guests have been invited. Each of them received the other day a card of invitation made of pure gold.

As each card weighs twenty grammes, which is rather less than three-quarters of an ounce avoirdupois, the total amount of gold used is about nine pounds.

The metal was transformed into these unique misisves, on which the invitation was worked in enamel, by a Moscow goldsmith. Each invitation card is valued at about $30.

Pastor to Use Boxing To Make Christians

Minister in Slums of London Will Try to Stimulate Church With Athletics.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The Rev. Everard Digby has just been made vicar of St. Agatha's, Shoreditch, one of the "slummiest" and one of the toughest quarters in the East End of London.

He is a muscular Christian, can box fairly well, is still an all-round athlete, and is the only clergyman member of the National Sporting Club, where he can often be seen watching the boxing contests.

He intends, so he tells his friends, to make men of the young "Hooligans" of Shoreditch by turning them into athletes before inducing them to attend church.

Czar Gives Hospital To Raise Birth Rate

Tercentenary of Romanoff Dynasty Will Be Celebrated by Opening of $500,000 Institution.

Special Cable to The American.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—By an imperial decree on the subject of infantile mortality in Russia St. Petersburg is to have a special institution in which children and nursing mothers can be received. The amount of $500,000, given by private banks of this city and Moscow on the occasion of the tercentenary of the Romanoff dynasty, will be devoted to the upkeep of the institution, which has been placed under the patronage of the Czarina.

MISS SARAH WIBORG, daughter of Mrs. Frank Wiborg, of New York, who is making a brilliant society success in London.



Nobility at Wiborgs' Vegetable Cotillion

New York Woman and Beautiful Daughters Entertain at Novel and Elaborate Ball.

Special Cable to The Georgian.

LONDON, July 26.—Mrs. Frank Wiborg and her three beautiful daughters, of New York, gave a marvelous "vegetable" cotillion, attended by a brilliant assembly of fashionables at the Ritz Hotel last night.

Among the guests were the Duchess of Rutland, Lady Diana Manners, the Duchess of Westminster, Princess Teano, Princess San Faustino, Countess Dudley, Lady Honor Ward, Countess of Essex, Lady Iris Capell, Countess Drogheda, the Earl and Countess Portalington, Countess Kimberley, Lady Isabell Wodehouse, Lady Cunard, Mrs. H. W. F. A. Williams, Mrs. Coleman Drayton, Lord Basil Blackwood, Lord Desmond Fitzgerald, Marquis of Granby and Lord Alexander.

Prince Colonna and Olga Wiborg led the spirited cotillion, followed by a servant dressed as a Southern negro with a wheelbarrow filled with vegetables. These were distributed to the guests amid gales of laughter.

The merriment reached its height when the noble guests competed in a ragtime potato race, which was won by Lady Diana Manners.

State Visit to Paris Decided On by King

British Monarch May Continue Trip to Spain To Be Guest of Alfonso.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—The King has given a definite pledge to visit Paris in state next year, probably in March. His majesty will be accompanied by the Queen, and it is expected that Princess Mary will accompany her parents on this occasion, while the Prince of Wales may also join the royal party, though this depends upon the course of his studies at Oxford.

The King and Queen will be in Paris for about a week, and will stay at the British Embassy. The suggestion has also been brought forward that their majesties should continue their journey as far as Madrid, in order to redeem the long-standing promise to visit the King and Queen of Spain in their capital.

Makes Longest Shot With Bow and Arrow

Sends Shaft 459 Yards and 8 Inches With Ancient Turkish Weapon at Tourney.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—Thei ongest shot with bow and arrow since 1794 was made the other day by Ingo Simon, a member of the Royal Toxophilite Society, who shot an arrow 459 yards 8 inches at the annual archery meeting at Le Touquet. He made another shot two yards shorter.

He used two Turkish bows, made of buffalo horn and antelope sinew, pulling 80 pounds and 60 pounds. Both bows were more than 200 years old.

The longest distance with a yew bow was 236 yards 7 feet.

Women's Bank Has To Enlarge Quarters

Financial Institution Started Two Years Ago Proves So Successful More Room Is Needed.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Farow's Bank for Women, inaugurated a couple of years ago, has proved so successful that it has been transferred to new and enlarged premises in the West End.

It is managed entirely by women for women. One feature of the establishment is a meeting room for clients, where they can meet their friends and write letters.

KAISER IS ALONE PLEASED WITH BIG ARMY BILL

Both Sides of Reichstag Are Dissatisfied With Measure Which Adds Enormous Expense.

By FREDERICK WERNER.

Special Cable to The American.

BERLIN, July 26.—Weeks have now passed since the Reichstag with a suddenness that surprised all Europe passed the army bill and gave in to the Government on all points, and during the time that has passed it has been possible to form an idea of the feelings of the Government, as well as of the people, toward the new conditions.

It is perhaps not too much to say that the general feeling on both sides is one of dissatisfaction, which on the part of the common people is mingled with disgust and contempt of its representatives.

Kaiser Is Delighted.

The Kaiser, of course, who now, as ever, looks upon the enormous increase of armaments solely in the light of the strongest possible guarantee of continued peace, was naturally greatly delighted when he, after months of anxiety, suddenly saw his most cherished wishes fulfilled, and he is probably the only person in the Empire who continues to feel happy.

To the Chancellor of the Empire, Herr von Bethmann Hollweg, and Herr von Herringen the victory, of which they had at times nearly given up all hope, was a source of great satisfaction, which, however, has left a bitter aftertaste of disappointment.

When they planned the new bill, which called for such great financial sacrifices, they were were firmly convinced that it would with one blow establish the absolute military supremacy of Germany in Europe.

Officer List Increased.

The bill gave this country the enormous army of 879 battalions of infantry, 550 regiments of cavalry, increased the readiness and efficiency of the 633 batteries of field artillery, increased the siege artillery to 55, the sappers to 44 and the train to 26 battalions. It gave Germany a largely increased number of officers of all grades and created several high military officers and a standing army in time of peace of 820,000 troops.

But in spite of all this, Germany's military strength, when compared with that of other powers, remains the same as before. The new army bill fails to establish the hoped-for absolute military supremacy, and in this fact lies the cruel disappointment. The enormous sacrifices demanded and made are of no value, for in France a rejuvenated nation has been aroused to an outburst of patriotism, such as has not been seen since the days of the great Napoleon.

And out of this patriotism will arise a French army practically equal to the German in numbers of men and in equipment on many points far superior. While Russia, influenced and prodded on by France, is hurriedly building new railroads of the greatest strategical importance and has moved several new army corps nearer to her western frontier.

Auto Scares Horses; Carter Whips Prince

Driver Uses Lash on Members of Nobility After Accident to His Vehicle.

Special Cable to The American.

LEIPSIC, GERMANY, July 26.—A Princess and two Princes of the House of Isenburg, belonging to the highest German nobility, were horsewhipped recently by an angry carter whose horses their automobile had alarmed.

Prince Alphons, Princess Antoinette and Prince Victor Vonisenburg were motoring to Altenburg, where they were to visit the Duke of Altenburg, head of another former sovereign house of the empire, when they encountered a farmer with a load of wood. His horse shied before the automobile and upset the load in the ditch.

The driver lashed out with his whip at the Princess and the Princes as they rolled by, leaving angry welts on the faces of all three.

He now faces trial at Gera for his misdeed, which a century ago would have been almost high treason.

NET CHANGE OF STYLES IN PARIS VIEWED BY MAN

Sack Open at Both Ends Seems Idea for Gowns—Cockroaches on Stockings.

By MARQUIS DE CASTELLANE.

Special Cable to The American.

PARIS, July 26.—The note result of the fight of fashions in Paris at the close of the season is to wear a dress that does not fit. The chief thing insisted upon is that the folds be artistic.

With this exception, one might take a sack open at both ends, cut a couple of holes for the arms to come through, tie a string of colored sash around the waist, pull the sack well up over the sash so that it stands well away from the body, and have thereby the dress of the day.

As a contrast to this, the lower part of the dress should be well drawn round the legs, and it should be open in front nearly to the knee.

Hosiery Is Startling.

This fashion admits of extraordinary embellishments of silken hosiery. Stockings lend themselves particularly to all sorts of designs; serpents are embroidered in vari-colored jewels and entwined round the ankles.

Some fair wearers prefer butterflies displayed in front of the leg just below the knee. Lizards with jeweled eyes are also frequently introduced. Ladies of the superstitious idea that cockroaches bring luck have some of these pests beautifully outlined on their hosiery.

In not a few cases lace plays the leading role in the toilet. Many of the white gowns are draped with priceless black chantilly lace, shawls and flounces form the whole of the top part of the bodices. Sleeves are left quite transparent. When black and white is not chosen, delicate rose pink chiffon with filmy ecru lace seems to be favored.

Wearers Look Like Jockeys.

Several of the white charmeuse gowns are made in such a manner that they give the wearers rather the appearance of jockeys.

There is a simple tendency in the latest modes for hat trimmings. Crystal pendants hang in front. These ornaments are exactly the same as those used in the ordinary chandeliers.

One of these freakish creations of white pique and green worsted braid has just one small white java sparrow standing up in front with its white claws holding on to the crown.

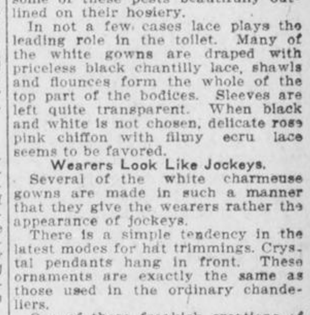
Lady Paget to Give Biggest Dublin Party

American Wife of English General Is Sending Out Record Number of Invitations.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Lady Paget, American wife of General Sir Arthur Paget, has never completely recovered from the fall down an elevator shaft in Belgrade Square, and every year she has to take a cure in lieu of exercise. She is leaving London for Aix in a few days to reduce her weight. Like Queen Mary, she has a horror of growing stout.

She will be at Aix for three weeks, and will arrive at the Royal Hospital, in Dublin, shortly before the Dublin Horse Show, which commences August 26, and which is the great event of the Irish season. She is sending out many more invitations than last year for her horse show party, and will entertain a large and distinguished house party.



Art Exhibit at Cox College



Cox College and the Fine Arts are inseparable in the minds of those who have watched the history of the college on the one hand, and the creation and growth of a public sentiment for fostering and developing a love for the beautiful on the other.

The Schools of Drawing and Painting, under their wise and efficient heads, are conducted along natural lines, "back to nature" being the slogan all the way through.

The Art studios are well equipped with casts and statues and all the modern appliances for developing technique, while the beautiful college campus and picturesque country around are teeming with material for studies in life.

Cox College maintains high standards of scholarship, both in the College of Liberal Arts and the Conservatory of Music. Adequate preparation is furnished by the splendid Academy. Fifteen units are required for entrance to college. Next session begins September 10. A catalogue will be furnished on application. Address Cox College and Conservatory, College Park, Ga.

FOR MILADY'S WARDROBE

By MME. HAUTE MONDE.

BLACK watered silk parasols are very popular this year. The handles are always elaborate; very often they are exceedingly costly. Carved jade is one of the latest materials for parasol handles; and finely carved quartz inset with old paste is also much used. And while speaking of jade I must not neglect to say that small bracelets of this stone are the "clou" of the moment. These little bracelets are slipped on over the wrist and two or three are worn at the same time.

* * *

The millinery of the present season is admirably picturesque. Quantities of tulle and lace are being used, immense capeline shapes are composed entirely of pleated tulle, cloche shapes are covered with fine black lace. Everything is done to obtain Old World effects. The leading milliners are haunting the famous picture galleries of Paris in the hope of finding fresh and unexpected ideas.

* * *

It is now the fashion to open the corsages of lace and muslin gowns intended for day wear in a generous V which ends just above the waistline. Certainly, there is a chemisette underneath, a chemisette of exquisite fine lace or of embroidered muslin. In some cases, but this becomes more and more rare, a guimpe of cobweb tulle is worn. In addition the sleeves of afternoon gowns are frequently transparent. In many cases they are exceedingly long, reaching to the wrists and well over the hands, but they are almost always transparent.

* * *

A one-piece serge dress is useful, especially in the mountains, where the weather is cool and the climbing is rough. It can be made in Peter Tom style for younger women, or with a sailor collar applied to a simple, front-closed, one-piece frock for older women. It should have a skirt with ample fullness about the ankles.

This fullness can be arranged gracefully, so that the skirt still retains a straight look; one of the new outing skirts has the fulness buttoned under the side seams in the forms of tucks, which can be unbuttoned when necessary. Heavy soled tan shoes, with medium heels, or white canvas shoes of substantial make, are the most comfortable for climbing, and tramping, as well.

* * *

In some of the newest underwear, crepe de chine and lace are closely combined. One new style of nightgown, for instance, shows a shadow lace yoke and sleeves, with a skirt of crepe de chine, edged with lace. Underbodices, made entirely of lace and ribbon, are often attached to crepe de chine petticoats. Chemises, too, of crepe de chine, show deep insets and shoulder straps of lace.

* * *

The newest tunic is of purely Florentine shape. It has no sleeves and it is short, being fastened at the waist by a belt of glove kid studded with precious stones. The hem of such tunics should always be slightly stiffened, as the whole success of the garment depends on its outline. The skirt should be cleverly draped and very clinging, while the short tunic should stand out at the sides.

* * *

The newest parasols are either pagodas in outline, which is to say exaggeratedly domed; or they are almost flat and bordered with heavy fringes. Many of the new parasols have little jointed handles, in the Old World style, and nearly all show large bows of velvet or satin ribbon somewhere on the handle. The flat shapes are sometimes exquisitely embroidered in the Japanese style.

* * *

Tapestry belts of this order look extremely well when worn with coatees of black taffeta or black watered silk; the faded colors of the tapestry being repeated in the hat trimmings or in the embroideries displayed on collar or revers.

* * *

A decidedly smart neck finish can be made with two lengths of one of the full dotted net ruchings which are sold by the yard. Get twice enough to go about the neck of the frock. Join the two pieces together with a band of black velvet ribbon, arranging one ruching to stand upright about the neck, the other to go the other way. The effect is graceful and easily produced.

* * *

The vogue of the yoke is amazing. Scarcely a gown appears without the transparent inset of net, lace or tulle, and it is a fashion becoming to every face, contributing a softness of line which is always desirable. The phases of the yoke are many, being round, square, U or V shaped, and it is fashioned of all transparent materials, from priceless lace to inexpensive maline. It is tucked, shirred, pleated or fitted smoothly over the neck, and seldom appears with a high collar.

* * *

The broad girdle of Dresden ribbon will appeal to many girls on account

An Attractive Bathing Suit

Fully Described by Olivette.



By Olivette.

THE scalloped bathing suit is one of the Summer's fancies. The little dress we portray has a foundation of gray satin, trimmed in plaid satin of gray and Geneva blue. The suit opens down the front and is trimmed in self-buttons in a double row down its full length. The deep scallops at the bottom are bound in the plaid, and in turn the scalloped swallow-tailed redingote of the plaid and the upper sleeve is made kimono fashion and is a continuation of the gray satin yoke which has little half-inch tucks in groups of three. The neck is cut in a modest V and is piped, yoke fashion, in the plaid.

of its daintiness. Crush the wide rose-sprigged ribbon softly about the waist and stitch featherbone at the front, sides and back. Take a strip of inch-wide satin ribbon and, gather it at each edge, drawing the thread as tightly as possible. From this shirred ribbon fashion a bowknot and adorn the center with a tiny wreath of miniature roses and forgetmenots.

* * *

The opaque petticoat has made its appearance in the Atlanta department stores. It is made with extra heavy panels, back and front, and as the stores advertise, "fills a long-felt want." The attention of the manufacturers of ready-to-wear clothing has been turned toward under linen that will go with the outer clothes that are fashionable. It took three years for the majority of manufacturers to alter the lines of lingerie to suit skirts that women wore, a large problem when one considers that outer clothes are capricious, and there is no prophet who can tell how long any silhouette will last.

* * *

It would be a difficult task to give even a slight summary of the contrasting styles that are in fashion this summer, but if you have clothes to make, it is well for you to know that your day frocks may have tulle collars to the ears or a V-shaped decolletage to the bust, full elbow sleeves or long mousquetaire ones, a short skirt, or one that hangs Japanese fashion, for three inches on the floor. You may wear a girdle from hip to bust, or a one-inch leather belt, the skirt may be draped up in the back and down in the front, or the other way around; and yet, notwithstanding the laxity of styles, there are certain ways of doing things that make every gown right and another way which makes them wrong.

* * *

The variety in waistcoats is very satisfying to the woman who can not wear the masculine type. They are made of satin brocade, of Oriental crepe, of Chinese and Japanese embroidery, of striped silk, of flowered taffeta and figured crepe. Some are like blouses and are intended to serve as such when the coat is removed. They are open in the neck, quite loose and soft, are fastened in a straight line down the front with fancy buttons and have unusually large armholes with sleeves that go to the wrists. This kind is belted at the waist with a narrow girdle of material or contrasting velvet ribbon, and there is a breast pocket which often holds a small handkerchief with a small colored border.

A Question of Paint

To paint or not to paint, is the question all women over thirty years of age are up against now. The woman who makes up is so numerous that a natural complexion which has stood the stress of thirty-odd summers is apt to look worse than it is, when compared with the fresh-looking face of her companion. And never was "make-up" more artistically or skilfully done than at the present time. The thickly powdered face with its intensely roughed cheeks and heavily blackened eyelids is a spectacle of ever greater rarity. Instead, in any gathering of women in full rig-out we see faces and hair toned in conformity with age and nature—cheeks with a pleasant healthy glow which only an expert can dectect as make-up; hair no longer uniformly tinted to Titian shades, but adapted to the face it frames, while grey hair is becoming less and less of a drawback and being put forward as an advantage. Perfectly white hair for the elderly woman is as much sought after to-day as was the rich golden ten years ago.

GAYETY GIRL MUST BE BORN EVERY MINUTE

Alan Dale Finds "Dancing Mistress" Dull as Ditch Water, but Beauty Stuns.

BY ALAN DALE.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—They say that a gayety girl is born every minute, and I don't doubt it. Also I don't doubt that "Governor" George Edwardes has need for twice as many as nature supplies. You know exactly the style he wants—the gentle, purring, listless, lissome, Edna May-like, languid, delicate, wistful, pensive, reluctant and Christmas card type. No other type goes in London.

The average American type is not at all popular. Sometimes some fervid critic and impassioned reviewer asserts that she is. Well, I assert distinctly—she isn't. She must conform to the above requirements. "The pink lady" sirens, for instance, were very harshly criticised for being loud, not reluctant.

All of which is neither here nor there, except to illustrate the fact that in "The Dancing Mistress" at the Royal Adelphi Theater we see another of those things—formless, chaotic, invertebrate and unintelligible—that depend entirely on girls.

Malone Arch Girl Setter.

In this case she is "set" by T. A. E. Malone, George Edwardes' archest and most insinuating girl setter (he came over to New York to set the "sunshine girl" at the Knickerbocker Theater) to a "book" (so-called) by James Tanner, to lyrics (alleged) by Adrian Ross and Percy Greenback, and to music not at all up to the usual standard of that delightful tune manipulator, Lionel Monckton.

It doesn't matter in the least. "The Dancing Mistress" may be as dull as ditch water (which it is, and the comparison is rough on the vivacity of ditch water); as incomprehensible as a Sanskrit legend, and as lacking in humor as a comic weekly, but it is a success for all that. It is so beautifully girled in all the dresses of the wardrobe.

Miss Dare Much Postcarded.

The leading girl at the Adelphi now is little Phyllis Dare, who has taken the place of Gertie Millar. Gertie has been switched to Dally's, and of her more anon, and some other time. Little Miss Dare, who is very much postal-carded, is almost terribly pretty.

Her prettiness amounts almost to a fault. She is pale and blonde, and thinnish and dainty, and oh, so wistful. She seems to be yearning all the time.

She looks out upon a "sea of heads" in the audience as though she were scared to death, as though she were saying, "Oh, please be good to your little Phyllis, for she is such a timid little puss."

Sometimes this is very effective. It all depends upon your mood—sometimes it is very irritating. You feel that if you opera-glassed her too severely she would swoon before your eyes. All of which is, of course, but a pretty little illusion. Miss Dare is by no means new to the business and is really self-possessed.

In "The Dancing Mistress" she has one very pretty song with Josephine Coyne. They are on skis in Switzerland, and of course you know what a ski is. If you don't I'll tell that it is a sort of elongated skate. Little Phyllis and Josephine Coyne do this remarkably well. It is one of the very, very few things in "The Dancing Mistress" that are worth while. You wake up for a minute or two from the deadly apathy into which the eventlessness of the proceedings has plunged you, and you feel tempted to applaud.

Prettiness No Boon.

Another London favorite in "The Dancing Mistress" is Miss Gracie Leigh, a very clever and delightful little woman who isn't pretty for one moment, and who is therefore a positive relief. Anybody who isn't pretty in "The Dancing Mistress" is a joy. Anybody who isn't pretty seems daring and original.

A Polaire or a Mistinguette among all these zimmering, afternoon tea damselines would be perfectly wonderful.

Miss Gracie Leigh is a capital dancer, and Miss Gracie Leigh has a sense of humor. She has a Scotch dance to offer that—like the ski number mentioned above—rouses you from your torpor.

A very plump Frenchwoman, programmed as Mlle. M. Caumont, works so hard that she almost fatigues. She is relied upon for comedy, and she is merciless in her efforts to secure it. Her role is not at all a funny one, and not even a pretty one, so it is just as well that no English lassie takes it.

"The Dancing Mistress," I fancy, aims at "The Quaker Girl," but it is really nothing of the sort—nothing of any sort. It is a beautifully staged, girled and appointed blank.

Joe Welch to Head Forsyth Bill

Comedy Offerings Predominate



Miss Valeska, pretty young comedienne who will be seen with O'Brien and Havel in a sketch at the Forsyth this week.

O'Brien and Havel With Miss Valeski Will Present Playlet—Carnegie Pictures at Grand.

Joe Welch will be the headline offering at the Forsyth this week. He will be the star act of a bill that promises to be one of the most delightful comedy entertainments of the season.

In getting Joe Welch the Keith offices have a comedian who has occupied a high position in vaudeville for several seasons. He has appeared in Atlanta but once and his hit then was an event.

Welch has made a life study of the real Hebrew, and has made the character stand out. His stories are original and clever and have never failed to win the most enthusiastic attention and the most appreciative applause.

Robert L. Daily and his company are scheduled as another feature on this bill. Daily will appear in a comedy arrangement called "Our Bob" and will have every opportunity to prove that he is one of the best comedians in the profession. He is a brother of the never-to-be-forgotten Pete Daily, and is the same sort of entertainer that famous Weber and Field star was. He has been identified with some of the best comedy and musical comedy offerings in New York, and is now in vaudeville because of the great demand that managers had registered for his services.

O'Brien, Havel and company, in their new comedy playlet, "Monday," promise another good comedy treat O'Brien is a clever comedian, and Arthur Havel is a splendid entertaining juvenile. Miss Valeska, who is in the act, is a pretty girl of unusual cleverness as a dancer.

Cunningham and Marion, the comedy gymnasts; Carl Cress, a novelty painter, and Elsa Ward and others will appear.

Carnegie Alaskan Pictures at Grand.

The success of the Grand as the home of high-class motion pictures has been one of the big surprises of the season.

During the week, starting on Monday with matinee at 2:30, and continuing at night at 8:30, and then all the week at daily matinee and night performances—10 cents for matinees and 10 and 25 cents at night—there will be a unique exhibition of the Carnegie Museum Alaska-Siberian pictures, five reels of wonders, together with a new program each day of the very finest first-run pictures that it is possible to get.

STAGE SETTING THE STYLES FOR LONDON SOCIETY

Miss Mary Forbes Wears Charming Gowns in New Farce of Harold Smith.

Special Cable to The American.

LONDON, July 26.—Society folk invariably look to the stage for "advance fashions." In the new farce written by Harold Smith, brother of F. E. Smith, the great politician, some charming gowns are worn. Miss Mary Forbes, in act one, wears a simple mauve frock, with touches of black at the neck and waist, and a turn-over collar of lace.

And one of her gowns is of white silk, with which she wears a short, knitted tiger-yellow coat, striped with black. A Neapolitan hat of knitted silk, in the same shade of yellow, is supplemented with a black satin border.

One of Miss Brough's dresses is a little morning toilet of black and white bird's-eye foulard, a strip of raspberry colored silk being let into the front like a slip on a man's coat and caught with a huge black braid motif.

An evening gown of "blush rose" satin, veiled in front and behind with garnet colored ninon above blush pink and falling away in front, to show the garnet colored ninon, is an overdress of ivory mousseline de soie, embossed with gold and edged with gold bouillon fringe, while the corsage is of ivory lace.

Music Notes.

The following musical program will be rendered at the First Baptist Church to-day:

MORNING.

Prelude.

"Thou Shalt Love the Lord," Casta; "Turn Ye Even to Me," Harper—Mrs. James H. Whitten.

Postlude.

EVENING.

Prelude.

"Protect Us Through the Coming Night," Curschmann; "Christ Is Risen From the Dead," Johnston—Mr. Solon Drukenmiller.

Postlude.

J. P. O'Donnelly, organist and director.

A STROLL Through SHOPLAND

by EVELYN WREN

DAINTY, durable draperies of prettiest designs are displayed by Davison-Paxon-Stokes Company this week. Every character of drapery material is shown in pristine freshness. Voiles, marquisettes, scrims and cretonnes make an alluring picture of decorative possibilities.

The downstairs section is proving a most attractive one, for it is here that Davison-Paxon-Stokes show how to reduce the cost of living.

In time of heat prepare for cold. This was the thought of the J. M. High Company when they inaugurated an August blanket sale several years ago. It has now become an annual opportunity to buy blankets at reduced prices. The August sale includes furniture and bed linens, and will be a delight to every home lover.

The Keely Company is introducing the fall models of the American Lady and Lyra corsets. Nothing is quite so important as the proper corset, and these new models indicate the costume styles for the approaching season.

When in doubt as to which dress is appropriate, buy a new one. This is the most sensible advice that could be given, if you go to M. Rich & Bros. Co. for the dress. For $9.85 you can buy fresh, dainty, summer dresses which were priced at $15, $17.50, $23 and $23.50. There are 127 dresses, including linens, crepes, lingeries, ratines and voiles. Never did the women of Atlanta look prettier than during this season. Thank Rich's for another dress occasion.

* * *

Stockings with embroidered butterflies about the ankles are made for evening wear. Each wing of the butterflies is spotted with rhinestones. Other white silk stockings show embroidered anklets done in white, and still others show lace anklets, made of baby Irish lace insertion.

Alabama Polytechnic Institute
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Expenses—Free tuition to residents of Alabama; $20 to non-residents. Board in Dormitory and with private families. For catalog and further information, address.
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Finest Climate; over 900 feet above sea level; no malaria; no typhoid; pure water; modern sanitary sewerage.
Board in Best Families under a mother's refining influence, or in dormitories under experienced matrons and teachers, as parents may prefer.
The most complete Athletic Department in the South—football, baseball, tennis and track teams—all champions in their class.
New $10,000 Carnegie Library, with great collection of books free to all students—two years old.
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New $50,000 Academic Building, equipped with the latest in laboratories, steam heat, etc., just completed.
New $20,000 Athletic field, the finest in the South, just completed.
The Best Equipped School in the South; the Most Thorough; the Most Progressive.
Enrollment last year, 700. Patronized by the best families of the South for 60 years.
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IN THE LAND OF WONDERFUL DREAMS

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Flip Gets Mad and Becomes King of the Runts.

1
I MOVE THAT WE AS ADVISERS OF HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE LILLIPUTIANS INVITE THAT BANJO FIEND TO EITHER QUIT HIS INFERNAL PLUNKING OR LEAVE THE COUNTRY. HE IS NOT ONLY A MISERABLE MUSICIAN BUT A NUISANCE! HIS NOISE IS SOMETHING AWFUL!
YES WE SHALL NOTIFY HIS MAJESTY TO ASK HIS GUEST TO DESIST, TO CEASE ON THE BANJO STUFF AT ONCE!
HE KEEPS THE WHOLE TOWN AWAKE!
YES! KICK THE BRAT OUT!

2
HIS MAJESTY WISHES TO MAKE IT KNOWN THAT PLUNKING ON A BANJO IN THE PALACE IS NOT ONLY ANNOYING BUT IS BEYOND ENDURANCE AND MUST STOP!
PLUNKING! IF HIS NIBBS DIDN'T HAVE A TIN EAR HE WOULD APPRECIATE MUSIC!

3
OH! FLIP! DO NOT TAKE IT TO HEART SO MUCH! DON'T LEAVE US!
I'M GOIN' INTO THE RUNTS COUNTRY AN' DECLARE MYSELF KING
TUT! TUT DON'T GO WITH HIM STAY HERE WITH US! NEMO!
YOU'VE HURT HIS FEELINGS YOUR MAJESTY!

4
WHAT? HAVE I GOT TO PAY TO GET OUT OF THIS BLOOMING COUNTRY? JUST GO IN YOUR LITTLE HOUSE AND FOR GET IT, BROTHER!
TOLL S. PLEASE!

5
DID A CHAP GO BY HERE WITH A BANJO, A FELLOW WITH A GREEN FACE AND A BIG CIGAR?
YES, AND A ZULU. THEY TOOK OUR BRIDGE TOO! THE WRETCHES! THEY WENT THAT WAY!

6
OPEN THIS GATE I'M YOUR NEW KING! YOU'D BETTER OBEY!
I OBEY NO ONE BUT THE KING OF THE RUNTS! YOU CANNOT ENTER THIS COUNTRY!

7
YES FLIP HAS BEEN HERE! I CAN SEE THAT! THIS IS THE RUNTS DOMAIN— I'LL GO IN!

8
I'M YOUR NEW KING! LET ME PASS OR I WILL TURN YOU UPSIDE DOWN!
NO! NO! NO! NO! YOU CAN NOT PASS. WE KNOW BUT ONE KING,— THE KING OF THE RUNTS, SIR!
HOTEL
BAKERY

9
I'M LOOKING FOR A CHAP WITH A BANJO AND A —
HE'S JUST GONE TO THE KING'S PALACE! PLEASE STOP HIM WILL YOU?
HOTEL
BAKERY

10
HE'S MAKING A SPEECH!
I PROCLAIM MYSELF YOUR KING AND I'LL BE,— WILL YOU CUT OUT THAT STUFF? IMPIE!—
WE'LL HAVE A GIANT FOR A KING. EH? HE'LL BE POWERFUL!

11
OH! FLIP! DON'T SOAK IMPIE LIKE THAT! YOU'LL RUIN THE BANJO!
I'M GOING TO START RULING THIS COUNTRY BY BELTING YOU WITH THIS FOR DISOBEDIENCE! YOU UNDERSTAND?

12
HUH! OH! EH! UM!—
COME! NEMO! GET UP! YOU'LL BE LATE FOR SUNDAY SCHOOL! COME! COME! HURRY UP!

WINSOR McCAY

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Pictures They Fell in Love With

Surprising Romances Follow Three Paintings for Which Cupid Mixed the Colors



"Saharet," Franz Von Stuck's Painting Which Captured Fritz Von Frantzius's Heart.



Miss Betty Peters, Who Painted "Brown of Nevada."



"Brown of Nevada"—the Picture the Widow Just Couldn't Resist.

WHY shouldn't people fall in love with portraits? Are they not, as Shakespeare called them, "counterfeit presentments," affording a tantalizing foretaste of the genuine original? There is prudence, too, in this way of falling in love; for if the painted image so stirs the tender emotions, how can there be any chance of disappointment or disillusion when at last the fascinated one is in the presence of the living, perfect artist's inspiration?

The fascinating portrait carries with it the pleasures of hope—you desire, you hope, you are finally determined to know and enjoy the charm of the original. Persons who have had this experience declare it is like being haunted by a pleasant and companionable ghost. In place of the chill and benumbing fear which the presence of other ghosts produces, the beloved picture suffuses your being with a warm, delicious sense of hope and joy.

On this page is presented the testimony of three persons who have passed through this picture-loving experience. Betty Peters, pretty and twenty and light-hearted, sat with a dozen members of an art class in the studio of her father (Clinton Peters), and waited for a model. The class waxed peevish. It turned from saying rude things about models to making rude remarks to each other.

Then, in the wake of the creaking door, entered an angel of deliverance.

"Hello, Brown. We needed your sunshine-distilling presence," greeted the instructor. "My art class, let me introduce to you a notable civil engineer and still more notable gentleman, Brown of Nevada."

Brown of Nevada posed, and the class reproduced him according to their vision of him. Some did not see him in a flattering light. Some revealed him a denizen of the Bowery. It was the master's daughter who treated him as Cromwell prayed to be painted—as he was. Even her father admitted when it was finished that it was a good portrait. Brown wanted to buy it. The painter refused. It hung in the exhibition of the Academy of Design.

On the first day of the exhibition the picture began to cast its spell. A handsome woman of thirty-five stood for a long time before the portrait. She walked reluctantly from it and cast an indifferent eye upon the other paintings. She came back to Brown of Nevada, and sat on a camp chair before it. She studied the catalogue. "Portrait of Alden H. Brown of Nevada. Painted by Betty Peters," was all the information it gave.



The Famous "Woman in Yellow."

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"Picture madness," whispered one custodian to another. "Watch her. She may be getting ready to vanish with Brown of Nevada the way some one lifted the Gainsborough."

It was the little artist who changed the situation. She encountered the handsome woman on the camp stool. They chatted. They exchanged confidences. The artist invited the widow to the studio. Brown of Nevada dropped in. Betty Peters, sitting silent in a deep embrasure of the studio window, rubbed her hands and embraced herself in gleeful pantomime. Now she boldly proclaimed herself a greater matchmaker than painter.

Yes, you have guessed it. The picture obsession passed into personal possession. Or it will do so as soon as certain complications that pursue love—the rough running that characterizes middle-aged love being yet rougher because the rocks are sure to be money rocks—are smoothed.

Fritz von Frantzius, of Chicago, was speedier in his wooing. While paying a visit to Franz von Stuck's studio in Munich he saw the portrait of a dark-eyed beauty poised for the first step of a dance as a bird tests its wings before flying.

"What grace!" murmured the art collector. "And the poise of the head! What incomparable vivacity!"

"Surely. That is Saharet of the stage, Saharet Rose to her friends. The Kaiser himself several times visited the studio while she was posing. Most unusual for His Majesty. Fritzie, she is bewitching, but a little trying to a German. Never for one moment still. I think she flew here from Australia. She says she can kick higher than any woman in the world. If so true, I believe."

Von Frantzius called on a friend who is editor of a newspaper that deals with the stage. Yes, with pleasure. His files revealed that Saharet would be dancing in Brussels the next night. Von Frantzius left in an hour for Brussels. He sought the manager of the house.

Of a certainty the manager would be pleased to take Herr Frantzius back on the stage. Assuredly, Mlle Saharet would be honored. That evening over a little supper Frantzius proposed.

"You have possessed me for a week," said the art dealer, who is forty-eight and positive. "Ever since I saw your portrait in Von Stuck's studio."

"But I cannot give up my dancing."

"You will dance for me."

Business beckons a man even from his wooing. Mlle. Saharet was still faltering when Herr Von Frantzius set sail for America. She was saying, "I don't know" when he met her at the pier when her steamer docked in New York.

"You will marry me to-day," said he, and their wedding a few hours later proclaimed him a prophet.

In a gallery in Paris a distinguished-looking man with medals and badges on his breast disclosing that he was honored of nations, his courteous bearing proclaiming him a diplomat, stood gazing at a portrait of a fair-haired woman with dark eyes. Her gown was yellow. The jewels she wore were the yellow of a cat's eyes in the dark. The tantalizing toe of her pump was yellow, and the bit of lace about her ankle was yellow. The catalogue—first aid to the deeply interested—revealed only that this beautiful vision was what any one might see, "The Woman in Yellow."

The distinguished gentleman of fifty visited the gallery every day. To each one who stopped to admire the picture he said, "A thousand pardons, but you will do me the greatest of favors if you will tell me who is the original of this painting."

"Certainly," said a New Yorker on the ninth day of the picture's sorcery. "She is Mrs. Dandridge Spottswood, of Virginia."

But now she shares the title of the admirer of the picture. She is Countess E. Von Scornbron Buckheim, and shines as brilliantly in the circles of Vienna as she shone consecutively in Richmond, Va. in New York and Newport and in London.

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NEW DISCOVERIES ALL OVER THE EARTH

How to Be Your Own WEATHER PROPHET

FAMILIAR PROVERBS Which Contain Actual SCIENTIFIC TRUTHS

THE Government Weather Bureau would like to teach the people to be weatherwise on their own account. A little ordinary gumption, with the help of a few properly chosen proverbs having relation to weather, will go a long way.

The predictions of the Weather Bureau relate to weather changes over wide areas—on a sort of wholesale scale, one might say. It cannot forecast for definite hours of the day, or for particular farms and villages. But hour-to-hour and village-to-village predictions are often of great value, and may be made with a fair degree of accuracy by any intelligent and observing person.

The forthcoming Year Book of the Department of Agriculture contains a most interesting discussion of this subject by no less an authority than Dr. W. J. Humphreys, who is Professor of Meteorological Physics in the Weather Bureau. He says that many familiar weather proverbs represent results of accurate observation.

A proverb is wisdom in a nutshell. Many proverbs are only half-truths, others are altogether misleading. But not a few are correct summings-up of the observations of the wise.

Among the seasonal proverbs that are rationally founded, according to Professor Humphreys, are the following:

"Frost year, fruit year," or, "Year of snow, fruit will grow."

That these statements commonly are true is evident from the fact that a more or less continuous covering of snow through a cold Winter not only delays the blossoming of fruit trees till after the probable season of killing frosts, but also prevents the alternate thawing and freezing so ruinous to wheat and other Winter grains. In short, as another proverb puts it, "A late Spring never deceives."

A different class of proverbs, but meaning practically the same thing and justified by substantially the same facts, i. e., that an unseasonably early growth of vegetation is likely to be injured by later freezes, is illustrated by the following: "January warm—the Lord have mercy," and, "January blossoms fill no man's cellar."

Among the best weather proverbs are those which have to do with the color of the sky and the appearance of the sun, moon and stars, for changes in their aspect are caused by changes in the atmosphere, which usually precede definite changes in the weather. Take the following for example: "A red sun has water in his eye."

Redness of the sun is caused most commonly by a great quantity of dust or smoke particles in a damp atmosphere. When the atmosphere is heavily charged with dust particles that have become moisture-laden, we see the sun as a fiery ball. And, inasmuch as the formation of raindrops depends upon dust or other particles, about which the water vapor gathers, it follows that a dusty atmosphere is favorable to rain.

Molecules of water vapor in the atmosphere have the same sort of optical effect.

There are many proverbs, some of them good and useful, concerning the color of the sky at sunrise and sunset. From Shakespeare we have the well-known lines:

"A red morn that ever yet betokened
Wreck to the seamen, tempest to the field,
Sorrow to the shepherds, woe unto the birds,
Gust and foul flaws to herdsmen and to herds."

A jingle that expresses substantially the same idea puts it thus: "Sky red in the morning, sailor's sure warning; Sky red at night is the sailor's delight"

If the evening sky, near the western horizon, is yellow or greenish, the prospect is for clear weather, for these colors indicate a dry air. Hence we may accept the following lines from Shakespeare as the expression of a general truth:

"The weary sun hath made a golden set,
And by the bright track of his fiery car
Gives token of a goodly day to-morrow."

If, however, the evening sky is overcast with a uniform gray, then we know that numerous water droplets are present in the atmosphere, and that the dust particles have become loaded with moisture. Such a condition of atmospheric saturatoin necessarily favors rain, and justifies the familiar proverb:

"If the sun set in gray,
The next will be a rainy day."

Many proverbs for telling rain and bad weather are based upon the appearance of colored rings around the sun and moon. Inasmuch as these are observed only when there is much moisture in the air, sayings of this class are well founded.

Through all the ages it has been widely believed that the moon exercises a great influence over weather, and upon this notion many proverbs are based. There is no truth whatever in the idea. Nevertheless, the appearance of the moon depends upon atmospheric conditions, and therefore proverbs based upon such optical phenomena often have much value.

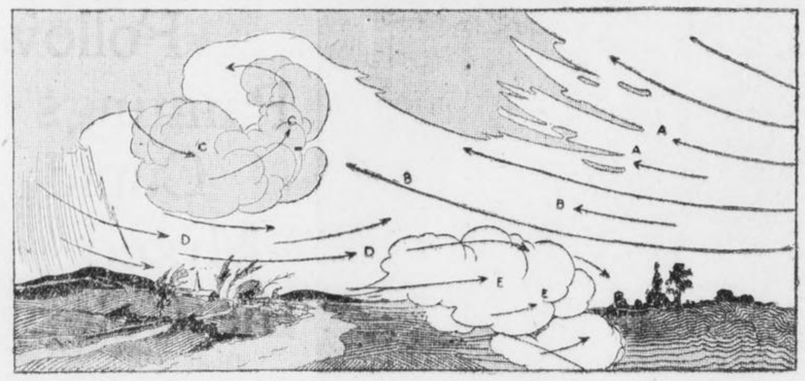
"Clear moon, frost soon" is true, for on clear nights the heat of the earth is radiated into the sky, thus cooling the land surface. On the other hand, clouds act as a blanket, interfering with radiation and keeping the earth's surface warm.

The stars, like the sun and moon, have furnished a number of weather proverbs, some of which have decided merit. For instance:

"When the stars begin to huddle,
The earth will soon become a puddle."

This proverb furnishes, in general, a correct forecast. When a watery mist forms over the sky, the smallest stars cease to be visible, while the brighter ones shine dimly with a blur of light about them, each looking like a small, confused cluster of stars. Hence the notion that stars huddle together before a rain.

DIAGRAM SHOWING HOW A THUNDERSTORM IS FORMED.



AA—Growing Wisps of Clouds. BB—Warm Surface Winds. CC—Squall Clouds Forming in Great Tower Like Shapes, Just as the Old Proverb Describes. DD—Onrushing Thunder Squall. EE—Dust Cloud.

In middle latitudes the normal direction of undisturbed winds is from west to east. Therefore, a wind from a radically different direction commonly indicates an approaching, or, at any rate, not very distant, storm. There is, then, some justification for such proverbs as the following: "When the smoke goes west, good weather is past"; "When the wind's in the south, the rain's in its mouth"; "The wind in the west suits every one best."

The height, extent and shapes of clouds depend upon the humidity and upon the temperature and motion of the atmosphere, and consequently they often furnish reliable warnings of coming weather. One proverb correctly says, "The higher the clouds, the finer the weather."

This proverb, however, does not apply to the thin, wispy clouds, the highest of all, that float at an elevation of five to eight miles, for, as everybody knows:

"Mackerel scales and mares' tails
Make lofty ships carry low sails."

When the air is rather damp and the day is warm, great cumuli, or "thunderhead" clouds are apt to form, and produce frequent local showers. Hence the following proverb:

"When clouds appear like rocks and towers,
The earth's refreshed by frequent showers."

When the atmosphere is damp, and therefore homogeneous, it carries sound much better than when filled with inequalities of density and temperature, such as prevail during dry weather. Hence there is good reason to accept the proverb which says:

"Sound travelling far and wide
A stormy day will betide."

One can see best, as well as hear best, in a homogeneous atmosphere. Hence the proverb: "The farther the sight the nearer the rain."

A number of proverbs are based upon accurate observations of decrease of atmospheric pressure and increase in humidity as presaging storms. Thus it is commonly noted that the approach of a storm is marked by the rising of water in wells, by the more abundant flow of certain springs, by the bubbling of marshes, and by bad odors of ditches—all of which phenomena are due to the lessening of atmospheric pressure which ordinarily precedes a storm.

Increase of humidity (favorable to rain) is noted by the gathering of moisture on cold objects, the collection of perspiration on our own skins, the damp appearance of stone walls, the tightening of cordage and of strings of musical instruments, the settling of smoke; etc.—all of which phenomena are commonly recognized as foretelling a storm.

How GAS MAKES GHOSTS and "HAUNTED HOUSES"

SCIENCE, with its proved and tabulated knowledge regarding all things material, is gradually turning the awe of the superstitious into the ridicule of the enlightened, and making it harder and harder for romancers to earn a living. Modern "miracles" are explained in terms of chemistry and psychology, and the special science of bacteriology has "laid" many a ghost.

For a long time it appeared that the "haunted house" would be spared to the novelists and to the credulous multitude. Evidently that was because no concrete problem was presented for the scientific mind to grapple with. At last, however, Dr. Franz Schneider, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, has grappled with the subject, and with results that might have been expected.

Dr. Schneider undertook to explain exactly what was the matter with a certain house in the fashionable Back Bay district of Boston which had long suffered the reputation of being "haunted." The experiences which led to the investigation were too serious, the symptoms too real, the reports too often repeated and reliable to be overlooked or regarded as mere hallucinations.

The slumbers of the inmates in the upper stories were disturbed by strange sensations, such as those of oppression or paralysis; they frequently continued after the sleeper was thoroughly awake, and even after the lights had been turned on. The involved children appeared pale and sluggish in the morning, even cold water losing its power to enliven them.

A careful inspection of the building gave the key to the situation. The theory of undetected leaks of illuminating gas as a source of intoxication could not be verified in this case; but it developed that the gases escaping from a "viciously defective" hot-air furnace were sufficient to cause the trouble. The separation between the firebox and the hot-air ducts (on which the hygienic integrity of the outfit depends) was badly broken, and as a result the inhabitants of the house were bathed in an atmosphere of diluted flue gases.

The Journal of the American Medical Association is confident that this condition might be discovered in many other American homes. Flue gases contain, especially when the combustion is incomplete, considerable amounts of distinctly poisonous elements.

NEW VACCINE That Really CONQUERS SMALLPOX

A CURE for smallpox has just been announced by Sir Almoth E. Wright, the well-known medical authority of London. Had this treatment been known in the days of Jenner vaccination would never have made the progress which it has, for it would have been unnecessary, and should the medical world accept this cure generally the need for vaccination will pass away.

The treatment which Dr. Wright announces is that of certain injections in the very early stages of smallpox, as soon as it is identified as this dread disease. The injections consist of anti-streptococcic and anti-staphylococcic vaccines by which the formation of the later pus infections are absolutely prevented.

It has been know for many years that death in cases of smallpox was due to the formation of the pus infection, and it was supposed that if its formation could be prevented the disease would run its course much more quickly and with a minimum of danger. This supposition has been proved true, for after using the injections mentioned the cases take on a very mild character, so mild indeed that they are scarcely recognizable as smallpox. With the pus infections banished it seems almost like chickenpox and the deaths are reduced to a minimum, the suffering being very slight.

In the light of this practise smallpox may now be regarded as a curable disease, with little accompanying pain and no evil after effects.

Experiments have proved that if the two injections of anti-streptococcic and anti-staphylococcic vaccines be administered to an infant, and then it be vaccinated with the usual Jenner vaccine, no signs of inflammation follow and little discomfort is felt.

Experiments have been made upon calves, immunizing them in this way against the staphylococcus pyogenes aureus and the streptococcus, and they do not develop any signs of inflammation around the vaccinia vesicles, which will dry up and not go on to the production of pus. This is a most important demonstration of the anti-pus producing quality of these vaccines.

It has been known for some time that if vaccine be heated it will cause a skin reaction, but late experiments prove that a sterile Jennerian vaccine will bring about this skin reaction in those alone who have already been immunized to vaccinia, and this reaction may be mistaken for a successful vaccination or "take." It has been ascertained also that if an unprotected person be vaccinated every day for eight days in succession the several inoculations are progressively more rapid in developing and all mature at the same time. It is suggested that this is caused by the system opposing less and less resistance to the invading organism of vaccinia.

Here then is the basis for this new treatment. The physician is not fighting the smallpox germ itself, which does not bring about any great damage directly, but he is fighting against the skin-suppurations which really poison the patient to death. The smallpox germ has reduced the power of the skin to resist the invasion of pus organisms, and light-rays are apt to increase this action. Dr. Finsen was of the opinion that if the short rays of light were excluded soon enough the smallpox poison of itself had not enough power to destroy our natural anti-pus immunity. It is generally admitted that short rays are irritating to the skin, and the lighter the country the worse are the pus infections following smallpox. In the tropics they are worst of all.

The pus vaccines are then especially useful in lands of sunshine, like ours, but their powers might be decreased or destroyed altogether by exposure to excessive light. It is therefore wise, when using these injections, to keep the room closed off from sun light, and the artificial lights should be subdued and contain no short rays whatever. A red or yellow light may be used, preferably the red, as it has no actinic effect.

In the light of this discovery it is now possible to produce Jennerian vaccine free from pus germs, instead of trying to kill the germs in it and risking the destruction of the vaccine. This treatment ought to mean the absolute wiping out of smallpox, especially when coupled with the almost universal vaccination.

When YOUR BRAKES FAIL

By WILLIAM LEE HOWARD, M.D.

AT the coroner's inquest over the late railroad accident at Stamford, Conn., the engineer testified that "the air brakes would not work." He tried to get them to halt the speed of the train, but the power which he depended upon to control his engine was not there.

It is just so with the man who speeds up his brain and nervous system in the rush to get money—"to get there," as the expression runs. When he has a signal from his body to slow up, he puts on the brakes and finds that the power has been exhausted. And then he is wrecked—brain and nerves.

The dangerous element in this condition is the sudden impulse to self destruction. You can never tell at just what moment the slender nerve fibres, which connect judgment and duty, will snap asunder—when the brake power is lost. That is if you have been making all kinds of speeds in your life.

With the men or women who live on their nerves it is impossible to tell to what extent they have stretched the endurance of these nerves and how much brake power there is left for control. These money-mad and society-crazed people generally run past the danger signals—many do not know how to read them. The kinds of wreckage resulting is often revolting, much more so than the mangled bodies of a railroad wreck. Sometimes it comes in exposure of moral death, sometimes in such outbreaks of animalism as to pronounce the victim insane; often it terminates in alcoholism.

Any stimulant taken to enable the individual to force exhausted nerve cells to further output of energy is ruinous. It is like trying to put air in the emergency brake while speeding. It is like burning the planks of a vessel to push it on when the coal is exhausted.

The majority of people do not understand the difference between nervous energy and nervous capital. Nervous energy is that which goes to make success in any line—mental or physical. The more care taken of the nervous capital the greater is the daily interest on that capital. It is the spending of the principal that ruins men and women. In other words, they must have power enough in reserve to put on the brakes.

There is another injurious phase to this defective brake power in our civilization, especially in this country. Many men do not marry until they have rushed with vital speed through the best portion of their lives in pursuit of money. They live on their nerves, run past the danger signals nature flashes to them and end with exhausted power in the human machine. And what kind of children can we expect from these side-tracked men? Children born of exhausted forces. Children of unstable nervous systems and moral fibres; children who grow up without any brake power whatever and who speed recklessly to their inevitable smash-up.

The man who wastes his vitality in early life to pile up wealth for the future leaves nervously bankrupt descendants. The girl who pursues a life of social speed and rushes along the open tracks of pleasure is unfit for motherhood. The drunkard who marries, the morphine fiend who essays the role of motherhood are looked upon by the world as unfortunate beings doomed to misery, and their children are partially excused for any loose habits or eccentricities they may possess. Yet the man who has been careless and regardless of his nervous capital, has drawn on it to the last struggling bit of protoplasm, and who then marries is the greatest sinner and criminal of all.

The future race of men and women is to suffer for all these neglects to heed danger signals along the road of life, and the excuse, "the brakes would not work," will be of no use to the human wrecks they leave behind.

YOU MIGHT TRY...

Peppermint for Rats.

RATS and mice have been found to possess a strong antipathy to the odor of peppermint, and will flee from any place where it can be smelled.

Cleaning Gilt Frames.

THE water in which onions have been boiled is excellent for cleaning gilt frames and furniture. It removes grease and specks and brightens the gilt. It should not be used till cold.

Preserving Leather Upholstery.

TO improve and age the life of leather upholstery and prevent cracking, use one part of best vinegar and two of boiled linseed oil. Apply with a soft rag, then polish with a silk duster or piece of chamois. Do this weekly.

REINDEER MEAT to Lower LIVING Cost

"BEFORE very long we may draw a considerable part of our meat supply from the reindeer herds of Alaska."

So says the Government Bureau of Education, which has charge of all the Alaskan reindeer—the reindeer service in that Territory being part of the school system.

Aleady considerable quantities of reindeer meat are being shipped to the United States from Alaska. A recent shipment from Nome to Seattle comprised 125 carcasses, bought by a cold storage company from Eskimo herders, the total weight being 18,50 pounds. It found a ready market in Seattle at 25 to 75 cents a pound, according to cut.

This, however, is only the beginning. It is estimated by the bureau that there are in northern and western Alaska at least 400,000 square miles of treeless country, worthless for agricultural purposes, which would furnish pasturage for 10,000,000 reindeer. Advantage of the opportunity is sure to be taken because of the money in the business, and undoubtedly our Arctic province will become in the not-distant future a browsing ground for herds of reindeer such as have never been seen anywhere in the world.

The animals breed with astonishing rapidity. It is estimated by the Bureau of Education that, at the present rate of increase, the number of reindeer in Alaska may be expected to reach 2,000,000 within twenty-five years.

How far this estimate is justified may be judged by a brief reference to facts already accomplished. The first reindeer, 171 in number, were brought to Alaska from Siberia by the revenue cutter Bear in 1892. Subsequent importations, during the three following years, brought the total up to 1,280 head. In June, 1911 (later figures are not obtainable), there were in Alaska 33,629 reindeer. Of this number, 20,071 (or 60 per cent), were owned by native Eskimos, among whom they had been distributed by the Government. Nearly 5,000 were owned by Lapps, and 3,951 were the property of the United States. The first Lapps were fetched to Alaska by the Bureau of Education, to teach the Eskimo how to care for the reindeer. They liked the country and others have followed them.

Reindeer meat is in demand by both whites and natives throughout Alaska. The skin, with its long hair, is the most satisfactory material for Winter clothing. To the Eskimo, the reindeer is food, clothing, house, furniture, implements and transportation. Its milk and flesh furnish food. Its hide is made into clothes, bedding, tent-covers, harness, ropes and fish-lines. The hard skin of its forelegs supplies an admirable covering for snowshoes. Its sinews are convertible into strong thread. Its bones are soaked in seal oil and burned for fuel, and its horns are fashioned into various household implements and weapons for hunting.

When there are 10,000,000 reindeer in Alaska, at least 2,000,000 of the slaughtered animals can be shipped out of the territory annually without reducing the stock.

Work and Play That RUIN WOMEN'S CURVES

BEAUTY is not merely skin deep. It is much deeper; 'way down to the bones. It is seen in the full curves, the rounded joints, the undulating lines of the whole female figure. These beautiful curves and full fleshed figures are due to the muscular tissues and their fatty bedding. Deprive a woman of these proper physiologic and anatomic elements and we see the skin stretched and wrinkled over wasted tissues and showing bones.

Both man's and woman's muscular actions to be natural should be of a curving or slightly swaying nature. These movements follow the architecture of the bony structure of the body. All muscles are so placed that every action brings into play a curving or semi-rotary motion of some portion of the body. When a woman reaches for a book on a shelf she will slightly swing on her hips and sway the upper arm and shoulder. This is due to the way the limb is attached to the hip and the arm to the shoulder.

Each movement causes a rounding development of the parts—a natural development. It is the same in walking; there is a slight out swing of the upper limb at the hip joint and a similar motion of the arm. Every natural muscular movement makes for curves and diminishes angular outlines. But there is a great difference between the male and female structures in this respect.

For example, watch a baseball pitcher and note the wonderful swing, the curving swing of his motions. It develops back, shoulders, neck. But let a young woman try the same kind of movements of the upper arm, and instead of round shoulders and full curving neck, she will soon be flat shouldered and have a scrawny neck.

Just to prevent this one defect of woman's beauty nature placed a little bone somewhat different in woman's shoulders than in man's. This little bone prevents her, unless as a young girl she has displaced it by trying to emulate her brothers, from using her upper arm in forcible throwing. This was done for a good reason—to prevent the stretching of the bosom, which would distort woman's beauty and usefulness as a nourisher of future men.



"Pitching a baseball is good exercise for a man, but ruinous to the proper development of a woman's symmetrical curves, just as machine work is."

The universal use of machinery is destroying the curves and lines of young women. Machines work in and out on straight or angular lines. These movements must be followed by the girl at the machine. Back and forth, up and down, straight, accurate, quickly, must she move her arms and legs if she is to hold her place.

There is no chance in the present method of speeding up, of so-called manual efficiency, for that rounding development which makes for health and beauty in the girl. Her form takes the shape of the machines. Sharp, incised lines, flat bosoms, bent backs, thin necks and shallow hips. It is deplorable, but nevertheless scientifically true.

If the girl who is compelled to work as part of an ugly machine wishes to avoid some of these troubles she should try during vacations and holidays to take up natural movements of limbs and body. Not in a tiresome way, but in a pleasureable manner. Swimming is the very best form of exercise to correct the defects. During the Summer in the ocean; Winter in swimming pools. If an employer of girls and women really wants to do the right thing by his employees, he would have a big swimming pool connected with his plant in which the tired girls and women can get both health and beauty. It would rapidly repay any outlay in the greater physical efficiency and happiness of the employees.

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THE MYSTERY OF PIERPONT MORGAN'S GRANDDAUGHTER

Richest of Debutantes, but the Least Known, the Loneliest and the Most Unhappy---Can the Stars Explain Why This Heiress Is Guarded More Jealously Than Any Royal Princess?



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Snapshot of Miss Jane Morgan Just Taken at Newport. The First Photograph of Her Ever Published.

MISS JANE MORGAN, the oldest granddaughter of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, presents a mystery that society has puzzled over for many years—nearly all her life, in fact. Although the eldest daughter of the present head of the house of Morgan, who was the late financier's only son and principal heir, and the richest debutante in the country, Miss Jane is the least known and the most mysterious. With the enormous fortune and powerful influences of the Morgan family it would seem that this young girl might be one of the happiest and gayest of human beings, that her life must have been one of complete freedom and happiness.

The opposite has been true, however. There is no princess in Europe hedged about with the conventions that surround royal persons who has not had more freedom and independence than this American dollar princess. While society has realized that the Morgans were tremendously careful of this young girl, it was never sure just how far the grandfather was instrumental in the espionage that puzzled them. The girls who came out last year, when Jane made her debut, speedily saw that she was not allowed the privileges that they were. She could not belong to the Junior League, nor to the popular dancing classes; she never went to a big football game, to college sports of any kind where there would be great crowds. When she walked on Fifth avenue she was invariably heavily veiled, and always walking a few paces back of her was a husky man servant or a special detective or two. This curious state of affairs naturally caused gossip among her friends, and the general public, which always hears snatches of social gossip audibly, wondered whether the young heiress to much of the Morgan wealth was deformed or in ill health.

Since the death of her grandfather there has been some relaxing of the mysterious vigilance which has marked her life since she was five years old. For the first time in her life she has been allowed to visit away from home without a member of her family at her elbow. She has been visiting the Lewis Cass Ledyards at Newport. Mr. Ledyard is the Morgan family lawyer, and there has always been a close friendship between the two families. But until this season Miss Morgan has not been permitted to stay with them. She did not make the trip to Newport by train, but on board the splendid steam yacht Corsair, which belonged to her grandfather and which he left to his only son.

This visit has roused almost as much gossip as the former vigilance and the peculiar care of the past. Was it all because the grandfather was afraid of some evil befalling his favorite? Pierpont Morgan was the greatest financier in the world, he was one of the most powerful men in the world, he naturally had many enemies, and among the poorer people all over the world he was feared and hated for his wealth.

Was he afraid that some one of these people might harm the being he cared most for in the world? It would seem so. Else why the great mystery?

As a child, after her parents returned to this country to live, she was not allowed to play in the parks with other children of the same social standing and wealth. Just before the Morgans left London their house was entered by burglars. Nothing of great value was taken, but there were evidences that the burglars had invaded the nursery where the little heiress was sleeping. They were frightened away by servants, and the supposition has always been that they wanted to kidnap the child. All the mysterious espionage of this very mysterious young girl dates from that time.

Therefore, when she was brought to New York her grandfather had made for her a special playground worth several millions, where she played under the watchful eyes of half a dozen men servants and nurses. To do this he tore down the splendid mansion which he had given to the Herbert Satterlees for a wedding gift, and on the site was created the most costly garden in the world for its size.

Her little cousins, the Satterlee children, have never been restricted in the least; they play with other children as they please and are even allowed to stick their tongues out at strangers, as can be seen in the picture shown here.

What a contrast to Miss Jane, who until her visit to Newport was not permitted to walk unveiled on the streets, and the camera man fortunate enough to snap her would never have been allowed to publish the picture. But, after all, just why all this mystery? Can it be explained in a perfectly natural manner, or has it been because of a plain everyday fear of kidnapping, or has there been some deep mystery connected with it? There are friends of the family who believe that the stars and heavenly bodies have decreed a very strange destiny for Miss Morgan, and that her parents, holding similar views, are guarding her with special care on that account. In order to find out what the astrological view of Miss Morgan's future might be, a well-known New York astrologer, Professor Leo Bernart, was asked to cast her horoscope. After ascertaining that she was born on June 13, 1893, the astrologer immediately remarked that her destiny was an extraordinary one.

"A most peculiar combination of the celestial arbiters is presented in this nativity; a veritable Chinese puzzle, as it were," he wrote. "The sixteenth degree of Cancer rising in this natal scheme is thus commented on by a high astrological authority: 'This is a blank degree.' What this implies I cannot say, as the books are mysteriously silent about this degree. There is mystery about the number four and its square. I may add that, despite the favors accorded by Fate, the life is disturbed by unforeseen incidents, happenings difficult to be guarded against.

"She is a lunar child, and the instability of that orb will be peculiarly manifest at its different phases, bringing with them a nervous irritability as the result of extreme sensitivity, a concomitant of the lunar and fluidic nature. Many very palpably strange incidents in the past life, if looked into, will be found answerable to this synodic law of the lesser luminary.

"Just as strange and unaccountable will be some of the future developments, but ever along that mystic plane so little understood or deferred to by the pseudo-scientist. An external and a subjective consciousness belong in a measure to every individual—the varying percentages especially to this horoscope. She lives much in the past, with a retrospective view given to every problem. The antique and the historical have a particular interest, and in this connection I would say that she is a child of that remarkable grandparent much more than of the immediate lineage. The blood of many nations courses through her veins, making of her a child of most singular destiny because of this peculiar blood amalgamation, and the outworking of past or karmic problems."

The astral affinity between young Miss Morgan and her remarkable grandfather referred to by the astrologer is very noteworthy, and is confirmed by all who have had an opportunity to study the family. Can it be that the curiously reserved and thoughtful nature of the young girl is due to her absorption in the Napoleonic plans and ambitions of her deceased grandparent?

She has spent hours and hours in the wonderful city garden which lies between the houses of her father and grandfather, and the beautiful library built by the latter. These buildings are filled with the treasures of art which absorbed all Pierpont Morgan's interest in later life. If ever a man returns to earth, it is here that the great collector's disembodied spirit would come. He can imagine his sensitive young granddaughter lingering in the garden in the twilight communing with him about the things he loved so well.

Miss Morgan is the oldest child of J. Pierpont Morgan, the only son of the noted financier. Her mother was Miss Jane Norton Grew, of an old Boston family. Her father received the greater part of his father's estate, which was worth probably $200,000,000. She is destined to inherit a large share of this.

In early childhood she lived in London. It was there that an incident occurred that caused her family much anxiety. A man gained admission to the Morgan house at No. 13 Prince's Gate on the pretense that he was employed by the telephone company. His peculiar actions at the telephone aroused the suspicions of an intelligent servant, who caused his arrest. He turned out to be a desperate criminal named George Howard, who maintained a fine country house on the proceeds of his crimes and robberies in many places.

Afterward the family came to New York and occupied the house on the southeast corner of Madison avenue and Thirty-seventh street. The elder Pierpont Morgan lived in the house on the lower corner of the block, at Thirty-sixth street. Between these two houses was one which Mr. Morgan had given to his daughter, Mrs Herbert L. Satterlee.

It was largely to provide a playground where his little granddaughter Jane could play in seclusion and security that Mr Morgan pulled down the $1,000,000 Satterlee mansion and laid out there a splendid Italian garden, protected by a heavy bronze fence and a thick hedge from curious eyes. On the south side of the block he built his library, and east of that a new house for the Satterlees. It is estimated that he spent upward of $5,000,000 in real estate on this block.

The strong desire of the junior Pierpont Morgans to keep their daughter secluded was again shown when they started to build a new country house two years ago. They built it on East Island, on Long Island Sound, a place that could only be reached by a private yacht. There they have just completed a splendid but severe mansion in the Georgian style. It is understood that the older Pierpont Morgan's place, Cragston, near Highland Falls on the Hudson, was considered an unsuitable place for Miss Jane, as it was exposed to wandering intruders.

Now let us hear what that astrologer's horoscope has further to say concerning Miss Morgan's future:

"Danger confronts her on the water; yachting cruises had best be avoided in so far as the social exigencies will permit, and when in contact with that element I would suggest particular caution. This peculiarity enters into even the nervous organism, the correspondence being psychical, with a susceptibility to organic ailments of which the orthodox physician will know little and understand less.

"Mars rises in her house of life, showing a predilection for the gymnasium, though by no means athletically constituted, and not a little danger arises from this point in the way of calamity or explosion. Her life on shipboard will ever be fraught with more or less anxiety, though fortified against disaster till 1916, when grave danger arises from a seafaring trip. This will be in Oriental waters, and implies a shipwreck.

"In the same angle of the horoscope sits Venus in conjunction with Mercury, a tendency to the quaint and the antiquated, and which would have made her a right-hand helper to the grandfather in his penchant for articles of vertu.

"A great humanitarian work lies before her, but a crisis in the life will need be passed ere this interest manifests. The Summer ahead promises a depletion of the physical vitality, but more pronounced in this respect in June, 1914, when Saturn crosses her Sun, somewhat anticipated by a similar transit over the Moon. In the meantime the health calls for careful attention.

"But above all is this peculiar, fateful tendency to happenings of mystery, so prominently indicated in the zodiacal degree rising at birth. This will be partially corroborated in an affectional attachment that enters her life in 1915, a mesalliance that will be precipitated because of social reasons, and which will demonstrate to her that the lamp of Aladdin cannot include everything in the compass of its rays. This union, while of social promise and duly inscribed in the codex heraldia, will be surrounded by some inexplicable arrangement that fails to hold, and with an aftermath as a means to bring her into the charitable and humanitarian grooves to which her later life will be consecrated.

"This latter will come through an [illegible] that feels it would like to enfold the whole world. What the grandfather did for art she will do for the general upliftment of the mass. The nunnery will appeal to her much more than the drawing-room. Her life is essentially mysterious, the pendulum that moves the hand on the dial of destiny swings hither and yon, and the bent more often than not will be toward the quarter of the unconventional and the unexpected.

"I am much disposed to judge this 1915 love affair as being the great disappointment in her life, but just the same an open sesame to the more serious perspectives—an episode marking a transitional process that will have a much deeper significance than will be quite understood at the time.

"Some marked disturbances show in the next two months, particularly at or near the close of August. An engagement will be announced in the early Fall; tentative and unreliable. It will occur on a foreign cruise, with her directional Moon aspecting Uranus from that quarter. This includes unusual social activity, with preferment of the same nature. December brings ill health; likewise loss of a very dear friend."

The celestial bodies are apparently quite positive in predicting exciting adventures at sea and more than one sentimental encounter for Miss Jane before 1916. One might argue a probability from these predictions that she would be wrecked on a desert island and be romantically rescued by a young man, who would receive the reward he deserved. The stars do not supply all these details, and it is useless to question an astrologer too closely.

As Miss Morgan is the richest debutante in America, it is safe to predict that several gentlemen with coronets will be paying attention to her before 1916.

It is noteworthy that she spends a great deal of time upon the ocean. She crosses the Atlantic usually twice a year. Since the death of her grandfather her father has become the owner of the Corsair, one of the largest private yachts in the world. She has always spent a great deal of time on this. When aboard the Corsair she is always guarded with remarkable care and never allowed on deck without a special companion.

Old Mr. Morgan loved to have little Jane with him on the yacht, although he did not care for large family parties. The members of the crew were always selected after long investigation by the captain, who had been with Mr. Morgan for twenty years. It was noticed that after the accident to the little Russian Czarevitch on the Czar's yacht Mr. Morgan took even greater precautions than ever. The coal bunkers were searched before sailing, and it has been said that every bit of fuel taken aboard was carefully screened under the eye of a detective.

Strange to say, the Titanic disaster occurred immediately after her debut last year. As her grandfather was the principal owner of the line and knew intimately the ill-fated Captain Smith, the tragedy threw a shadow over her coming-out festivities. Some of them were abandoned.

The astrologer concludes with some further interesting observations about Miss Jane:

"Her horoscope implies longevity to the father. Certainly a marine disaster in 1916, when Saturn crosses her Mars in a watery sign.

"She could easily develop the literary faculty, and will contribute to the literature of such movements as she becomes interested in.

"She will wear a coronet—and eventually throw it in the dust-heap. She has too much of the grandfather's practicality to admire the tinsel, and too much of the humanitarian to waste time on a butterfly existence.

"I don't get the father's influence very strongly in this horoscope—some barrier there. The senior J. P. Morgan was her idol, and ever will be."



"They imagine the lonely young girl to be communing with the spirit of her venerable grandfather concerning the art objects that he loved so much."



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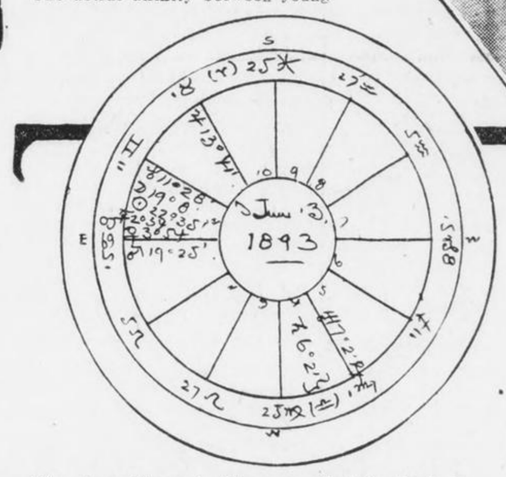
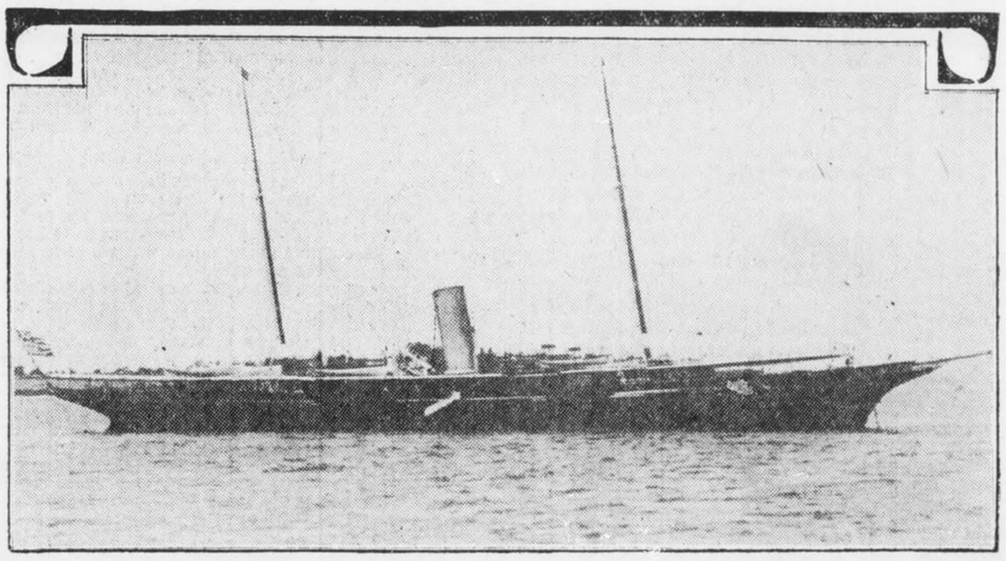
Mabel Morgan Satterlee and Helen Satterlee, Also Grandchildren of Pierpont Morgan. They Have Been Allowed to Play About Like Ordinary Children and Even to Put Out Their Tongues at People.



Miss Jane Morgan's Horoscope Cast by Prof. Leo Bernart, Which According to That Eminent Astrologer Shows That a Strange Destiny Awaits Her.



The Corsair, Pierpont Morgan's Great Yacht, in Which Miss Morgan Has Spent Much Time. She Is Guarded with Extraordinary Care Aboard the Vessel.

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WHY CRIME DOES NOT PAY—

No. 17 of a Series of Remarkable Revelations, by Sophie Lyons, QUEEN OF THE BURGLARS."

Thrilling Events Which Crowded One Short Week of This Famous Criminal's Life--How She Profited Nothing from All the Risks She Faced



"I felt a hand on my shoulder and knew instinctively it was a detective's. Quickly thrusting the bulky wallet back into the old man's pocket, I threw my arms around his neck and kissed him again. 'Oh, Uncle Dan!' I cried between the kisses with which I fairly smothered the astonished old man, "Where in the world did you come from."

Written By Sophie Lyons

NOT all the crimes the professional criminal commits are carefully planned in advance. Very often they are committed on the spur of the moment, when the opportunity to steal some article of value without detection suddenly presents itself. The habit of wrong-doing becomes so strongly developed that the thief is unable to resist the temptation to steal even when he is not in need of money and when there is every incentive for him to avoid the risk of arrest.

This was exactly what happened to me in Springfield, Mass., one day. The fact that I was unable to withstand the glittering lure of a tray full of diamonds proved the starting point of one of the most eventful weeks of my life.

What happened to me during the week which began with my bold robbery of a Springfield diamond merchant is as good an example as I can select from my pa. career to give point to the lesson I have learned and am trying to teach—that crime in the long run can never be made to pay.

Just think of it—in the seven days that followed the unlucky moment when I thrust my hand into that open showcase in Springfield, I was arrested three times, jumped my bail once and successfully made my escape from a Boston cell. During all that time I was never free from fear of arrest—asleep or awake I would start at the slightest sound, fearful that it was a detective coming to snap those hateful handcuffs on my wrists again.

And what did I have to show for all the nervous strain, all the suffering and hardship I underwent during that week? Worse than nothing at all. Although I stole cash and valuables amounting to more than seven thousand dollars, I was penniless when I finally succeeded in getting back to New York.

A good share of the money had gone to the lawyers. A thousand dollars of it I had been obliged to leave behind when I made my escape from the Boston police, and the trayful of diamond rings I had stolen was hidden in Springfield, where I would not dare show my face for many months. Even the rings on my own fingers had gone to pay my lawyers' fees and my bail.

But let me go back to the very beginning and explain just how all these things came about.

It was when I was on my way back from an unsuccessful bank robbing expedition to a Canadian town. I was feeling tired, out of sorts and generally disgusted with myself. "If I ever get back to my home in New York," I said to myself remorsefully, "I will surely settle down to an honest life."

But alas for all my good intentions! Just before I reached Springfield I happened to recall that this was where an old school friend of mine lived. She was a thoroughly respectable woman, the wife of a hard working tradesman, and I determined to stop off and surprise her with a visit.

As luck would have it, I found her house locked, and one of her neighbors told me that she was away visiting her mother in Worcester. Knowing no one else in Springfield, there was nothing for me to do but kill time for two or three hours until another train left for New York.

I was strolling leisurely along one of the main streets as innocent as one of my babies of any intention of wrong-doing, when I happened to notice something wrong with my watch. The hands had evidently stuck together, and it had stopped more than an hour before. Just across the street I saw a large jewelry store. I walked over there to see about my watch. It was the noon-hour and the store was deserted except for an old man whom I judged to be the proprietor, and, at his bench for in the rear, a lone watchmaker.

The proprietor was arranging some trays of diamonds in one of the showcases when I approached him and stated my errand. He said my watch could be fixed in two minutes, and started off with it to the watchmaker's bench. His back was no sooner turned than I took in the fact that he had neglected to close the sliding door of the showcase. Inside there, within easy reach of my long arms, were two, three, a dozen trays of costly diamond rings, brooches and necklaces.

Forgetting all my recent resolutions and regardless of the consequences, I reached my hand across the showcase and down inside. It took a powerful stretch of my muscles to reach the nearest of the trays. But at last my fingers closed securely over its edge, and with a skill born of long experience I drew my arm back and the tray of rings came with it.

This was an operation that required a good deal of care, because in my position the tray was not an easy thing to handle without letting some of its precious contents fall clattering to the floor and give the alarm. In less time than it takes to tell, however, and before the proprietor had fairly reached the watchmaker's bench, I had the tray safely concealed in my handbag.

The proprietor returned with my watch. It was only a trivial matter to adjust it, he said, and there would be no charge whatever. I thanked him and hurried out, shaking inwardly for fear he would discover the absence of the tray of rings before I could lose myself in the streets.

After getting his plunder a thief's first thought is to get it out of his possession. What he wants is a temporary hiding place—a place where he can conceal it until whatever outcry the theft may have caused has had time to die down and he can safely dispose of his booty to one of the numerous "fences" who are to be found in every large city. Whenever possible, the prudent thief selects a temporary hiding place before he actually lays his hands on his plunder, and loses no time in getting it out of his possession, so that in case the police arrest him soon after the robbery they will find nothing incriminating.

This crime of mine, however, was so entirely unpremediated that I had not the faintest idea what I was going to do with my tray of rings when I walked out of the store. Down the street a few blocks I saw the railroad station, and this suggested a plan. I would check my bag there and hide the check in some place where I could easily recover it whenever the coast was clear.

This was a plan I had often followed with success, and it is a favorite with thieves even to this day. I saw by the newspapers that the misguided young man who robbed the New York jewelry firm of $100,000 worth of gems the other day went straight to the Pennsylvania Railroad Station and checked the suitcase containing the plunder which had tempted him to his ruin.

By this time all intention to reform had left my mind, and I thought only of the ways I could use the money the diamonds would bring. The hurried inspection I had been able to give them placed their value at fully $3,000.

I walked quickly, but with no outward signs of excitement to the station, where I locked my handbag and exchanged it for a brass check. Then I walked out of the station and seated myself on a bench in the public square. It was the work of only a minute to dig a little cavity in the gravel under one of the legs of the bench with the pointed heel of my French boot. A big red-faced policeman was standing uncomfortably near all the while, but soon he turned his back. I bent over quickly, placed the check in the little hole I had dug and quickly covered it with earth. I continued sitting there for some minutes, making a mental photograph of the spot so that I would be able to locate it again, even if I had to wait months.

As I rose and crossed the square to a department store I realized that I had not acted a bit too quickly, for I overheard some men discussing the daring robbery of the jewelry store. It had just been discovered, so they said, and the police were already scouring the city for the thieves.

I made haste to purchase a satchel very similar in appearance to the one containing the diamonds. In this I placed a few trinkets and such things as a woman might naturally carry, and returned to the railroad station. I checked this satchel just as I had the other, and walked away—my mind somewhat at rest.

Walking along the main street I encountered a detective who was convoying a couple of men to the station. The face of one of the men was familiar, and he recognized me before I could turn away. Using a store window as a mirror I was able to see that all three had stopped across the street and were looking at me. I lost no time in getting away, and the detective, of course, had his hands full. But I knew my chances of getting out of town were mighty slim, and it was no surprise an hour later when two detectives confronted me at the station.

"How do you do?" said one; "do you live here?"

"I live in New Haven," I said, rapidly adding a fictitious name and address. I explained my visit to town, but they were not satisfied, and to the police station I went.

In searching me the detectives held up my satchel check and hurried off gleefully to the depot, quite certain that they had found the missing diamonds.

They returned crestfallen, but the captain had an instinct that told him I had those diamonds, and he ordered me locked up over night.

From a neighboring cell the two men arrested earlier in the day called out:

"Hello, Sophie, how did you get in?"

I did not answer, and pretended not to know them. The police unlocked my cell door and invited me to come out and meet my friends, hoping, of course, to learn something.

But I said in a loud voice that I never saw the men before, and that they must have mistaken me. The two men were good enough to take the hint at this point that I was in trouble, and soon after I heard one of them saying that from a distance I looked like Sophie Lyons.

In the morning the police captain reluctantly released me. But he sent a detective to make sure I got out of town, and he gave me his parting promise to run me in if I ever came within his reach.

There was nothing for me to do but to take the train and hope to return some day for the diamonds. I got off at New Haven and sat in the railroad station pondering ways and means.

My thoughts were interrupted by the appearance of Lizzie Saunders, a woman criminal of no mean ability. From the effusiveness of her welcome I suspected that she was "broke" and wanted a loan, as, indeed, proved to be the case.

I hadn't much to spare, and was forced to listen to her schemes. She told me that the town of Holyoke was a splendid



"By concealing the ticket in my handkerchief, I managed to get it into my mouth as I wiped away the tears. Long before we reached the station house I had chewed up the piece of pasteboard and swallowed it."

place to pick up money, as it was crowded with farmers attending a fair.

I was tired and disgusted and wanted to return to New York. Yet I did not want to go so far from the diamonds, and foolishly I listened and was persuaded.

Arrived at Holyoke we investigated the banks, but saw no chance of snatching anything. We were both very much in need of raising some funds right away, and something had to be done.

A sure-enough farmer cashed a large check, counted the money five times, laid it in a huge wallet, and tied the wallet together with a piece of string. Then he placed it in the breast pocket of his coat and marched out. Of course, we followed. Lizzie, who was known as "The Woman in Black," because she never wore anything else, kept a lookout while I operated.

The old man was watching the street parade,, hands in his trousers pockets chin stuck out and whiskers projecting a foot in front of him.

I reached my hand into his pocket, got a grip on the wallet, and was about to the quick snap of the wrist and jostle which is part of the pickpocket's technique, when I felt a heavy hand on my shoulder. I knew instinctively that it was a detective. Quickly thrusting the bulky wallet back into the old man's pocket, I threw my arms around his neck and kissed him.

"Oh, Uncle Dan!" I cried between the kisses, with which I fairly smothered the astonished old man; "where in the world did you come from?"

The old man almost got apoplexy, for I kissed him and hugged him with a vehemence that made everybody forget the parade. I can remember the sea of whiskers I dived into.

"Gosh all hemlock, who are you?" he gasped when I let him go. "I ain't Dan, I'm Abijah."

The detective really believed that I knew Abijah, but he remembered Lizzie and took her away. I was about to escape when a red-faced woman arrived and shouted:

"You hussy, what do you mean by hugging my husband?"

The detective hesitated and looked back, but he would have let me go if Lizzy hadn't been fool enough to call out:

"Sophie, find me a lawyer and get me out of this."

That was enough even for the thick-headed police detective, and he took us both away. The old man refused to testify against us. He was afraid he would not be believed and the scandal would get back to his home town. He was right, it would have.

Arrived at the station, no talk or acting was of the slightest avail, and the judge next day held us each in $500 bail.

We raised that amount on jewelry, and,



SOPHIE LYONS.

of course, "jumped" it and arrived at Boston together.

I was thoroughly disgusted with Lizzie, but she stuck to me like a leech, in spite of a dozen tricks that would have rid me of a detective.

At last I succeeded in getting away from her and happened to meet an all-round knight of the underworld known as "Frisco Farley." Together we worked the soda fountain trick, which was new then, and which I will explain in a later article.

In the course of the day we took in considerable profits, which had not been divided or even counted when we foolishly stepped into a jewelry store, merely to look at a new-fangled thief-proof showcase.

The first thing I knew, Farley was gone and I was arrested. It seems Farley had operated in that store a year ago, had been noticed and had escaped just in time. I was arrested as his accomplice.

On the way to the station what worried me most was the fact that I had in my pocket a ticket to New York. In Boston, for some reason, a ticket to New York is looked upon by the police as conclusive evidence of guilt.

I burst into tears and wailed and sobbed at the shame and humiliation of my arrest. By concealing the ticket in my handkerchief, I managed to get it into my mouth as I wiped away my tears. Long before we reached the station house I had chewed up the small piece of pasteboard and swallowed it.

The story I told had only one weak spot. There was $400 more in my pocketbook than I thought, and this one discrepancy made them lock me up.

That night I was placed in a cell with an intoxicated woman. I was able to send out and get a bottle of whiskey, but not for myself. About midnight the woman woke up and was glad of a drink. I not only gave her one, but many, until she was in a stupor and made no protest when I changed clothes with her.

In those days, in Boston, it was usually the custom to let intoxicated persons sleep in a cell and then to put them out on the street in the morning without bringing them to court.

In the morning I pretended to be half sober and protested violently against being thrown out in the cold. But they pushed me out onto the sidewalk, much to my outward grief and inward joy.

I borrowed the price of a ticket to New York, leaving my money in the police station and my jewels at Springfield. Thus a week of hard, nerve-wrecking work netted me absolutely not one cent, but in reality the loss of my jewels, my time and considerable money.

SOPHIE LYONS.

What the Stars Predict for August

ACCORDING to the stars, August will be a month of ill omen for the United States. In the lunation on the 2d the two malefics, Mars and Saturn, are nearing conjunction in the zenith, the functional quarter of the city, State, and national governments. A sinister influence surrounds these centres, and every device of statecraft will be needed to circumvent malicious attacks upon the integrity of chief executives. President Wilson, Governor Sulzer and the Mayor of New York will each feel the force of this, and a fanatical attempt will be made upon the life of one of them. Anxiety and ill-health will be prevalent in high places and the death of an Eastern Governor is foreshadowed.

Heretofore we have found Jupiter a helpful arbiter in governmental affairs, but the pendulum has suddenly veered the other way, with a national crisis threatening. The nation itself is in a crucible, and it is a question whether the test will pan out refinement or dross. There will be opposition to any specific measures advocated, and never before will we have realized so fully the inadequacy of our navy.

A certain Power, cognizant of the astral law, has been awaiting the psychological moment to force certain demands. In any event, Jupiter and Venus protect the Panama territory, although we shall suffer loss to both our navy and merchant marine through fire and explosion.

There will be marked activity in the way of national defense, with movement of large bodies of troops. Serious rumors of war are sure to be prevalent with Mars so near the midheaven.

Grave troubles are threatened in the Eastern section of the country through disgrace in social and political quarters. Market centers will be torn asunder through reports and actual investigations, and the full force of Mars and Saturn combined in our ruling sign will make itself unpleasantly manifest. The writer has seldom met with so disastrous a lunation as concerns the body politic during August.

The building trades will be benefited, however, and currency interests in some way improved. The public health will suffer through peculiar disorders, with many cases of nervous prostration and of accident. The weather promises cooler till after the 17th; then hot and humid, with destructive storms in the last week, accompanied by earthquake shocks.

Specific happenings may be looked for as follows:

AUGUST 1.—Excitement in a public gathering; a casualty in traffic centres; a bullish market trend in the first nine days of the month.

AUGUST 2.—Slanderous reports in social circles and an important divorce case attract attention.

AUGUST 6.—Considerable excitement in the stock market; advance in quotations between this and the 8th inclusive. A diplomatic transaction satisfactorily effected in the same period.

AUGUST 10.—A seaside calamity; peculiar thefts involving women; an odd escapade in high society may be looked for.

AUGUST 11.—Market depression, with quick recovery; danger to a public building; probable death of a prominent financier.

AUGUST 13.—A scandal in financial marts; increase in public expenditures popularly sanctioned; the navy benefits.

AUGUST 18.—The President, if on vacation, is visited by Cabinet members, a complex diplomatic problem having to be dealt with.

AUGUST 19-20.—Military activity around this period; war supplies shipped to insular posts. Illness in the President's official family.

AUGUST 24.—Mars conjunction Saturn; this horoscope a replica of the monthly lunation, accentuative of the evil therein mentioned, but its effects extend into December, and are too involved and far-reaching to be detailed here; of evil significance as regards national prestige. Various calamities on this day, with a pleasure resort disaster. Violent storms, destruction of property, and a train of circumstances is now set in motion that leads to many subsequent Governmental complexities.

AUGUST 28.—Accident on an electric railroad; subways and the New Haven railroad are endangered.

Jupiter this month assures a pleasant trend to the affairs of people born at the close of December and April, or near the beginning of September or November of any year. Business will be stimulated, health improved, new friendships formed, and those in employ will come into lines of promotion; they should seek favors and advancement. The December and September natives of the fair sex will receive offers of marriage, if eligible.

An opposite condition of affairs in the nativities of people born between the 5th and 10th of March, June, September or December. Difficulties of a saturnine character will arise, progress will be impeded, and chronic disorders and general physical debility will be felt by many of them, with danger from ptomaines and gastric troubles. They should avoid initial moves, and keep matters as near the accustomed groove as possible.

There are many good birthday anniversaries in this month, particularly the first nine days, between the 18th and 23d, and 25th-27th inclusive. Unusual activity is shown for the year ahead, with new business enterprise if born between the 6th and 8th, or between the 19th and 22d. Calamitous for those born near 10th-11th, 24th or 28th, domestic and business difficulties, reactions and unwise changes. The eligible of the fair sex will marry if born on 7th-8th, 19th-20th or 26th; bereavement if near the 11th or 24th.

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But (for the Present) This Noble Russian Beauty Has Tricked the Imperial Spies and May Yet Escape the "Golden Cage" Prepared for Her by Her Shameless Husband and a Dissolute Grand Duke



Princess Olga Galitzina. She Fled from Russia to Escape the Consequences of the Shameless Bargain Her Husband Made for Her with a Grand Duke Who Urged Her "Not to Take Marriage Too Seriously."



"Be careful with your alluring lips"—the Czar's Advice to Princess Olga.

THE beautiful young Princess Olga Galitzina, formerly Lady in Waiting to the Czarina, Empress of Russia, has sailed secretly from New York, but not to return to Russia, as ordered by the Czar through the Russian Consul General's office.

The Princess is now hidden elsewhere in Europe, still hoping and striving with desperate earnestness to keep out of reach of the "Czar's long arm."

Her supposed departure for Russia arranged by New York agents of the Russian Government, who secured her steamship passage and accompanied her on board just before the lines were cast off, was chronicled in the newspapers. How she balked their plans at the last moment, and the true story in detail of the humiliating and disgraceful conditions extending practically to the foot of the Imperial throne which caused her to flee to this country—is told by herself on this page.

At the request of Princess Olga, made through the member of the New York Russian colony with whom she left the story here printed, her present place of hiding is not revealed.

By Princess Olga Galitzina,

Formerly Lady in Waiting to the Russian Empress.

WHEN you read these lines I hope to be safely hidden in a country where the agents of the Czar are less active than in New York.

On Tuesday morning, June 17, Baron Korff, Russian Consul-General to New York, telephoned to me at my hotel that he had secured passage for me on the Campania, which was to sail at 1 o'clock the next morning. I knew that this was the Baron's polite way of notifying me of an imperial command; nevertheless I begged him, for reasons of my own, to postpone the date of my departure for Russia. He replied somewhat curtly:

"Princess, I am sorry I cannot change the date, as I have very urgent orders from the Ambassador in Washington to get you a ticket on the first sailing steamer. My secretary will call on you at 11 o'clock in the evening, bring you the ticket, pay your hotel bill and take you to the steamer."

"It looks as if I were a prisoner to be sent back by official orders. But suppose I decline to sail. What will you do then?" I inquired nervously.

"Well, I think in that case we would have to use our official authority. And, Princess, I suppose you do not want to make trouble for yourself?" replied the Consul-General.

"Baron, I am much surprised to hear that," I replied. "Didn't you tell me some days ago that you would secure me a theatrical engagement if I would only consent to give you the manuscript of my drama, in which I intend to play the leading role?"

"Yes, Princess; but you said you would not give me the manuscript, and so I am unable to do anything for you," replied the voice of the polite bureaucrat of the Czar.

"Is that why you keep the spies on my track day and night? Is that why you want to deport me in such a strange way, after having built about me a net of diplomatic intrigues?" I retorted angrily.

"Well, we have secret agents and use them when we need to," the voice replied. "I will take care of all your affairs and provide you with money if you will not make any difficulties for us, Princess. I hope to meet you some day in Russia and then we will have a better chance to talk of art."

Having bidden me farewell, the Consul hung up the receiver and I sank exhausted on my chair. My head became dizzy and I felt as if the fires of hades were raging in my soul. I gazed blankly out of my window at the gay crowds in the street and felt I was a prisoner in the apartment of a New York hotel.



"Even the Czarina's Friendship for Princess Olga could not prevent the Czar's long arm from pursuing her."

This may seem strange, yet the fact is I have been shadowed by Russian spies as if I had been one of the most daring of revolutionists.

The reason of my escape from Russia and this shadowing by Russian spies is their knowledge of my play, "The Golden Cage," drawn from Russian court life, and the fact that it tells a story that would embarrass persons in high Russian circles. Like the sensational New York play of the past season, "Within the Law," my "Golden Cage" reveals unpleasant truths.

Having pondered my situation, I came to the conclusion I would not sail as ordered by the Consul-General. I decided to use a little diplomacy and see how I could deceive the Russian spies.

I called up the Consul-General and asked him to send the steamship ticket to my apartment and pay my bill, as I intended to go earlier to the steamer, accompanied by a friend, and would not need his secretary. Greatly pleased with my willingness to sail, which he had not expected, the Consul readily promised to send me everything about five o'clock the same afternoon.

In the meanwhile I had met a countryman, whom I had known in Russia and on whose good will I could rely. He arranged to meet me at ten o'clock in the evening at the pier of the Cunard Line, where I would go with my things to board the steamer. There we would decide upon further plans.

The Russian Consul sent a clerk to my apartment, paid my hotel bill and left second-class passage with a few dollars extra for railway fare from Southampton to London, where a Russian agent was to meet me and take me to the Embassy. But the clerk told me that the Consul had also taken a ticket for one of his secret agents on the same steamer.

At 10 o'clock in the evening I was with my trunks at the pier and beheld my countryman with an American friend waiting for me outside. I also saw two shadowy figures following me like phantoms.

"We must board the steamer at once," whispered my countryman. "My friend, Mr. Z., will stand outside and take care of your things. I will take your suit-case, you simply follow me."

I covered my face with a veil in order to evade the reporters, and we boarded the steamer, while the friend of Mr. X. remained outside with the two detectives. As soon as we were on the steamer I changed my hat and wrap in my cabin. It was evident that in the throng of passengers and their accompanying parties we had eluded the spies. My countryman whispered in my ear:

"Go down in the steerage and leave from the gangway downstairs. You will reach the street from another entrance and there take a taxi that is waiting for you."

I left him and did as he had instructed. He remained in the second cabin while I walked out, entered the waiting taxi and drove away. I drove to the house of an American lady who received me hospitably as a friend of my countryman. Half an hour later Mr. X. and his friend, Mr. Z., arrived with my things and assured me that I was safe.

It was near midnight. I felt as if I had been saved from drowning. But although exhausted and tired, I could not sleep. The thrilling past moved like a feverish panorama before my eyes.

I was born a Princess of Caucasian blood. My father, Prince Tscherkasky, is descended from an old Tartar noble family and has occupied various high offices in my native land. But he was not good to my mother, so I lived with her in St. Petersburg, where I was educated in the famous College of Smolni. I was a pretty young girl, and men adored me already when I was fifteen years old. At the age of sixteen I became a Lady in Waiting to the Czarina, because she thought I was one of the prettiest girls of St. Petersburg. The officers of the guard regiments were all madly in love with me. Even the Czar kissed my hands—of course, in the presence of the Czarina.

"Princess, you will have a hard life, with your beauty," said the Czar humorously. "Feminine beauty is the most intoxicating of sensations for a man. The fact is, it can deprive a most serious and respectable man of his senses and self-control. Therefore, be careful with your fiery looks and alluring lips."

"Your Majesty, I am a sensible girl and hope to withstand all temptations," I stammered.

The fact was, I fell in love with Prince Andrei Galitzine, an officer of the Guard Curassir Regiment, a very handsome and rich young man of the highest standing socially. He was not exactly my ideal, but the Czar said I should become his wife. Already, during our courtship, I felt now and then doubtful moments. I was a girl of a very spiritual nature. But my fiance seemed to be interested only in physical matters. But I could not change my mind, and so became his wife.

Even in the first year of my married life I discovered that my husband hated my spiritual love of beauty and considered me a dreamer. He did not like that I should read and write poetry or take any interest in art. He wanted to make a bargain with me, and proposed to one of the Grand Dukes to have me as his favorite, in return for which outrageous bargain the Grand Duke would favor my husband politically. The Grand Duke himself was married. I almost fainted. The Grand Duke said to me cold-bloodedly:

"Princess, your husband is only your partner, so it is only natural that I should be your real husband."

"Your Royal Highness, never! I shall not sell myself for anything in the world. Even if I am not the wife of my husband, certainly I shall not be the creature of another man," I retorted vigorously.

The Grand Duke stared at me and grunted, grimly:

"Well, we will see. Princess, don't take marriage so seriously. It is only a label to cover other relations with something conventional."

I began to see the horrible precipice of immorality that prevailed in the gilded halls of palaces. I shuddered and my nature revolted. That is why I left my husband and his gilded castles and went to my mother, who was alive at that time. She was a great soul and consoled me. Now, the old, dormant idea of the stage awakened in my soul. I had studied drama in college. I was by nature an actress.

When I made my first appearance on the stage in St. Petersburg, I, the first lady of the court, there was a storm of indignation. I played successfully and the audience applauded my art. The Czar was bitterly against me in the beginning, but being a great lover of the drama, he soon forgave me. But the court circle never could say a good word for me. I was ostracized and bitterly condemned, not only for being an actress, but for being the separated wife of a high functionary of the court.

The intrigues against me started. All kinds of temptations were put in my way. But I was strong. I was again admitted to the court. But now I saw that life with an objective eye, and the idea of writing a drama of court life occurred to me. I did so and it proved to be excellent. But how could I play it in Russia?

I read the play to a few great Russian dramatists and they were enthusiastic about it. They said that if I could have it staged abroad I would become famous.

I was ready to make any sacrifices. I sailed to New York and there a friend of mine introduced me to a rich American, who at once fell in love with me. Although I did not love him, I agreed to become his wife.

But it was all an illusion. He did not care for my ideals, and I did not want to sell myself, so I was left in my critical situation.

As you have seen, my troubles have gained for me true friends in America, and through them I hope before long to be freed forever from the persecutions of Russian spies, and saved from the disgraceful fate arranged for me in my own country.

My Secrets of Beauty---

By MME. LINA CAVALIERI, the Most Famous Living Beauty.

No. 231.—DEVELOPING THE FULL BEAUTY OF YOUR NECK AND SHOULDERS.

I AM going to tell you to-day how to be beautiful from your chin and your ears down to the top of your dress. The neck has always been one of the delights of artists and all admirers of women. Men are invariably charmed by a beautiful back and neck.

The shoulders are more or less immovable. Not having to give any expression to active life, they are not subject to wrinkles, but they suffer more or less from ill-adapted clothing. Nature is not equally kind to all shoulders. Some are prominent and bony, altogether unfitted for the decollete. Nevertheless, every ingenious woman manages to find some form of decollete adapted to her chest and shoulders. The moment that the shoulders are to be shown we should know how they are to have the proper color and how they are to match the neck.

It is understood that special attention to the toilet of the neck and shoulders should be given daily.

The skin of the neck, shoulders and breast should present several different tones. From the soft, rosy flush of the cheeks the cuticle should become paler and paler until it is an absolutely dazzling white just above the corsage. The throat should have a tone slightly pinker than the shoulders.

Before applying powder or cosmetics, stand before your mirror and assure yourself that some part of your skin is too ruddy or too pale.

Unless this is so, please put absolutely nothing on your skin. The standards of beauty, as far as the complexion is concerned, are based on the appearance of a healthy skin. If your skin is healthy it will look better in its natural state than any way you can alter it. If it isn't healthy you are justified in covering the blemishes as best you may. But try to remedy the skin defect by improving your general health.

Bean-flour and a distillation of lemon juice, strawberry juice and cucumber juice, as well as water of gentian, all clean the skin well and bleach it. It is best not to use the preparations usually sold, but to prepare them yourself so that you know what you are using.

Here is an excellent paste for bleaching the skin:

To make the skin of the neck firm, rub it lightly with a bit of cotton dipped in this preparation:

	Grammes.
Glycerin	50
Rosewater	50
Oxygenized Water	20
Powdered Alum	5

I advise you, for daily use, to make this soap, but only in small quantities:

	Grammes.
Oil of Almonds, sweet	200
Butter	200
Ordinary Soap	300
Marshmallow Water	400
Alcohol	50

Put all of this in a pot, warm slowly so as to allow all to melt and mix. Skim and allow to cool. Perfume it to taste.

Let me recommend to you finally, if you would have a fine neck and shoulders, to make a compress of the juice of leeks, which you have cooked with the tops for half an hour and then strained.

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His Royal Highness—The World's Meanest Husband

Pretty Chorus Girl Wife of Duke Ludwig of Bavaria Cruelly Surprised When He Treated Her as a Horse, a Dog, and a Goat and Cheated Her Out of Her Pin Money

Munich, July 19.

AN astonishing drama of royal domestic life is occupying the law courts. The Duke Ludwig of Bavaria, who is eighty-two years old, is suing his morganatic wife, a former ballet dancer, for divorce.

The Duke is the brother of the late Empress Elizabeth of Austria. He belongs to a branch of the Bavarian royal family, which, though separate from that now occupying the throne, enjoys rights of equality with reigning houses in every respect.

In youth the Duke was considered the handsomest prince in Europe, just as his sister, the Austrian Empress, was the pearl of princesses. In early life he married a very beautiful Bavarian actress named Henrietta Mendel, who was created Baroness Wallersee. She died in 1891. They had one child, later the Countess Marie Larisch, who has recently written an astonishing book revealing the flirtations of her aunt, the Empress; the mad eccentricities of the Bavarian royal family and the intrigues that led up to the tragic death of the Empress's only son, the Crown Prince Rudolph, of Austria.

In 1892, within a year of the death of his first wife, the Duke Ludwig hastened to contract a second morganatic marriage. This time it was with a pretty ballet dancer named Antonie Barth. She was ennobled and received the name of "Baroness von Bartolf" on her marriage. She was more than forty years younger than the Duke. She had less artistic standing than the first actress wife, but was decidedly alluring. Today she is under forty and still quite handsome.

Two years ago the morganatic wife left her royal husband. This episode was represented as a scandalous piece of misconduct on the part of the former ballet girl. The facts now presented in her defense suggest, however, that it was more or less excusable. The case is being heard behind closed doors, but the friends of the Baroness von Bartolf have told the astonishing story of her married life.



Antonie Barth, Afterwards Created Baroness von Bartolf, the Pretty Chorus Girl Whom the Duke Married in 1892, a Year After His First Wife's Death, and Whom He Is Now Suing for Divorce.



"On his seventy-fifth birthday the Duke had a baby's high chair made for himself, compelled his wife to act as nurse and bring him champagne."



"He hid a nest of wasps in her bathroom and they stung her when she was quite unprotected."



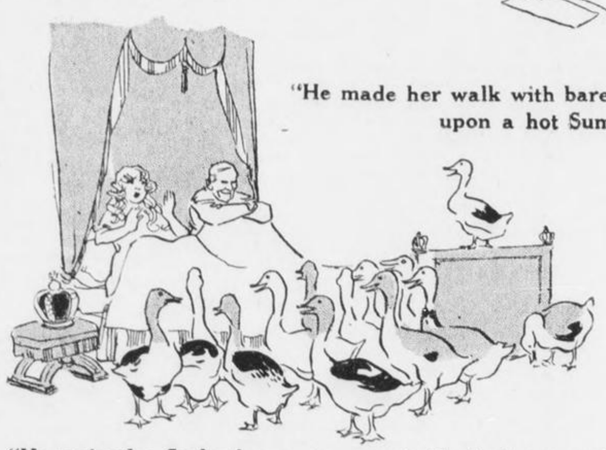
"He made her walk with bare feet on sticky fly paper upon a hot Summer day."



The Duke at the Time of His Marriage with Henrietta Mendel, When He Was Considered the Handsomest Prince in Europe.



Henrietta Mendel, Baroness Wallersee, the Beautiful Actress Who Was the First Morganatic Wife of the Duke and Who Died in 1891. From "My Past," by Countess Marie Larisch, Daughter of the Baroness Wallersee and the Duke. Published by G. P. Putnam's Sons.



"He trained a flock of geese to come in the bedroom and wake her up with their cackling."

Many women envied the ballet girl when she married a royal duke, but now they know it is better to be the wife of an amiable and prosperous grocer. The Duke appears to have been the meanest husband yet discovered. He treated his wife as a horse, a dog and a goat, and constantly beat, spanked and pinched her. On top of all this he constantly docked her apparently handsome allowance for infringement of his impossible orders.

The aged Duke pushed eccentricity to the verge of madness. His peculiarities became especially marked when dealing with anybody of the opposite sex. His conduct is perhaps not surprising in a member of the royal house of Wittelsbach, which has supplied two mad kings to Bavaria.

The Duke required his ballet girl wife to entertain him in extraordinary ways. As he grew older his exigencies increased. At the beginning of their married life she was somewhat puzzled when he made her play horse and drove her round the room in rather scanty costume.

The performance pleased him so much that he repeated it, but made up a four-in-hand team by harnessing three young servant maids with his wife. As he drove them round and round the room he lashed them freely with a long whip. The wife states that these performances were kept up till the last days she spent with him.

It is interesting to recall that the Duke's grandfather, the Duke Maximilian, kept a famous private circus at Munich. It seems that the grandson wished to have a private circus, too.

The Baroness owned a pretty little Maltese terrier, of which she was very fond. One day the Duke caught a nondescript mongrel down in the stables and tied the two dogs together by the tails. Then he placed pieces of meat where they would entice the two dogs in opposite directions and started them on a tug-of-war.

At this moment the Baroness entered.

"I bet your month's allowance that my dog beats yours," said the Duke.

His wife did not accept the bet, but she had to go without any money for a month when the Duke's dog won.

One very hot Summer day a fiendish method of tormenting his wife occurred to the Duke. He told her to take off her shoes and stockings in her boudoir and walk into his bedroom, which was two rooms away. She did as she was told and found the whole floor carpeted with sticky fly-paper. She tried to tear the paper from her feet, but only got herself more completely covered with the sticky stuff.

The Duke, comfortably protected by shoes, laughed heartily at her discomfort. As a result of this prank she went into hysterics and became seriously ill.

Whenever she protested against any of his mad caprices, the Duke became frightfully angry and forced her to obey him. She states that he beat, spanked, kicked and bit her and physically ill-treated her in many ways.

One morning, as she was about to take a bath, she reached out her hand for the sponge, and immediately started a buzzing of angry insects. In a few moments she was severely stung by wasps. Some one had deliberately hung a nest full of wasps beside the sponge. The grinning face of the Duke, which soon appeared in the doorway, left no doubt who had played this cruel trick.

The Duke expended much time and tremendous industry in devising new ways of tormenting her. Once he asked her to occupy a new bedroom, which he said he had ordered specially furnished for her. At dawn she was awakened by a hideous and deafening cackling.

Looking around, she saw about twenty geese cackling and squawking at the top of their voices. The Duke had with infinite patience trained the birds to awaken the occupant of this bed early every morning. This performance was kept up regularly for three months, when it began to lose its charm through the accidental death of five of the geese. By that time the Duke was busy with new schemes for keeping his wife amused or tormented.

In his youth he had served several years as a cavalry officer and was considered the finest figure in the saddle that royal circles could show. An internal injury compelled him to give up this avocation. He had still a fine collection of old uniforms. It pleased his fancy to have his handsome wife put these masculine garments on and parade about his apartments in them. They were not a bad fit for her, except that the legs were too long.

He then had military trousers made for her and ordered her to appear before his friends wearing these with his old army coats.

The Austrian Emperor has always kept up friendly relations with his brother-in-law and paid him occasional visits in spite of his morganatic marriages. The poor Baroness looked forward with considerable interest to her meeting with her august relative by marriage.

When the Emperor last visited the Duke at Munich, she says that the latter compelled her to appear before His Majesty in her uniform and perform military exercises for his amusement. Then he made her wait on the table.

The Duke compelled his wife to wait on him like a slave, and whenever her services did not quite satisfy his insanely capricious needs, he punished her severely.

When he reached his seventy-fifth birthday he had a high chair constructed, large enough to hold himself instead of a baby. In this he would sit wearing infantile garments, while he compelled his wife, dressed as a nurse-maid, to wait upon him. Instead of bringing him pap and milk, however, the nurse-maid had to serve him with champagne and other strong delicacies.

Soon after this his capriciousness took a turn that seriously threatened her life. He forced her to jump into Lake Starnberg, the lake in which his kinsman, the mad King Ludwig of Bavaria, drowned himself. She could not help feeling that her husband was anxious to see another drowning in the same place. The Duke has a country house and large estate upon the shores of the lake.

The Duke then played a trick that finally decided her to abandon the dignity and luxury of being connected with a royal family. He said to her one day:

"My dear, you are growing entirely too stout. You are losing your beautiful figure. I have thought out a way that will restore you to the most exquisite proportions. Now, don't ask what it is. Just come out with me and we will try it."

The Duke put a belt with a hook to it around his wife's waist. He then took her down to the park, where one of his high-powered automobiles was waiting for them.

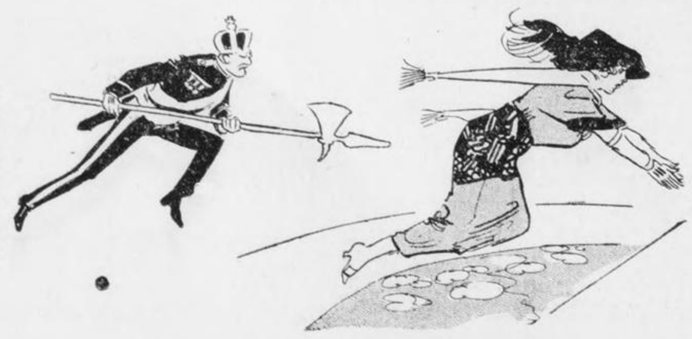
Before she realized what was going to happen she found herself attached by a rope to the back of the car, while the Duke was in the machine driving it at a good pace through the grounds.

When she was on the point of dropping he slowed down a little, and when she recovered breath a little he started up again. Had he gone a trifle faster, she would have been killed. This was his method of reducing her flesh. There is no doubt that it was an effective one.

She declares that she then made up her mind to save her life before it was too late. Before dawn of the following day she got up and crept away through the country roads, which she knew well. She has since refused all his orders to return to him, and so he is bringing a divorce suit.



"He used his pretty wife as a wheelbarrow and trundled her around the garden."



"When she objected to one of his caprices he chased her round the hall with an ancient halberd."

What Is a Suffragette, Anyhow?

RECENTLY a street car advertising agency, in order to stimulate interest in their cards displayed in the cars, offered cash prizes for the best epigrammatic definitions of a suffragette.

Here are some of the results:

A suffragette is a woman who thinks she has been de-voted long enough.

Not satisfied with the last word she also wants the first.

She is the corset needed to reduce the Government waste.

She is a woman who needs the "poll" for her vaulting ambition.

A suffragette is a sting of beauty and a jawer forever.

A woman who would rather break windows than clean them.

A woman whose troubles are certainly not "little ones."

One who spends more time airing her views than viewing her heirs.

A woman who will spare no panes to get her rights.

A woman who would rather rock the country than the cradle.

A female creature, queer and quaint
Who longs to be just what she ain't.

The hen that would cackle and never set
Is the woman known as a suffragette.

We can't efface, we can't forget her,
We love her still—the stiller the better!

NO MORE GRAY HAIR

I was gray at 27. After enduring my shame for years I stumbled on the only perfect way I ever heard of to restore it gradually and naturally to original color. Send 2 cent stamp for reply and I will tell my secret **FREE** free to anyone. Mrs. MARY K. CHAPMAN, Suite 207C, Grosvenor Bldg., Providence, R. I.

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New Things Not Found in Any Books

FEED the CHILDREN More FRUIT

By GEORGE GOW SCOTT, A.B., M.D.

THE eating of fruit and nuts not merely as a relish, but as a food is highly commendable. Such a diet is very nutritious. But it is wrong to live entirely on fruits and vegetables. A diet without meat is particularly unsuited for the growing child.

Owing to the nutritive value of fruit, to its alkalinizing, to its diuretic, to its laxative, to its tonic and other effects, I believe fruit should be given more freely to children as food.

To my mind, no other food in its natural state affords so much pleasure to three out of a child's five senses as fruit. The eye is pleased with its varied forms and colors, and if ripe and luscious it yields a peculiar charm to the nerves of smell and to a jaded sense of taste.

Parents tend to give their children too much hot food. Raw fruit and nuts will help overcome this difficulty. The sensory nerves of the lips and the nerves of taste are weakened by hot food. At the same time the sense of smell is blunted and the enamel of the teeth is destroyed, making them unfit for mastication, so that the food goes to the stomach unprepared.

The addition of raw fruit and its juices, together with cooked fruit to the daily diet, keeps the child in perfect health and satisfaction with the world at large. This is partly due to the organic salts which arouse the appetite and aid digestion by increasing the flow of saliva and indirectly of the gastric juice. As the fruit reaches the intestines the acids increase the activity of the chyme, stimulate the secretions of the liver, of the pancreas, of the intestinal glands and of the muscles. They render the blood less alkaline, but never acid. Combining with a portion of the alkaline salts of the serum, the phosphoric acid increases the phosphates in the red blood cells. Fruit acids are also of value in anemia, general debility and convalescence from acute illness.

No drug, to my mind, can compare with fruit and its juices in the cleansing of the intestinal tract of the products of decomposition and fermentation. Fruit juices contain purer water than the best spring water.

The American mother gives the child fruit for a pleasurable purpose and not for food, but it should be eaten at table and constitute a portion of at least one of the regular meals. The tonic effects of fruit and their juices I have repeatedly seen. For the stomachs of weak children I advise cooked fruits. To strong children I advise unpeeled fruits when possible, as in peeling much nutritive value is lost in the skins. The peeling of fruits removes the upper layer of the fruit meat and many of the flavoring substances are lost, as this part is rich in them. The child should be given well-ripened fruit. In ripened fruits the quantity of acid and of cellulose is lessened. To obtain a sweet fruit without much acid it should be allowed to hang on the tree until ripe.

The albuminous products of raw fruits are easily assimilated in the intestines. Hutchinson reports that 80 per cent of fruit proteins, 90 per cent of fruit fat and 95 per cent of fruit carbohydrates are absorbed. For years I have insisted that a part of the child's diet should be fruit, raw or cooked. I prefer the raw, where nothing prevents. I warn the mother against unripe fruit or even ripe fruit taken in too large quantities, on account of intestinal disorders. Fruit and fruit juices should be given to the growing child for the following reasons:

(1) They are appetizing and palatable.

(2) They are very refreshing.

(3) On account of their nutritive values.

(4) On account of their salts.

(5) On account of their diuretic action.

(6) On account of their laxative action.

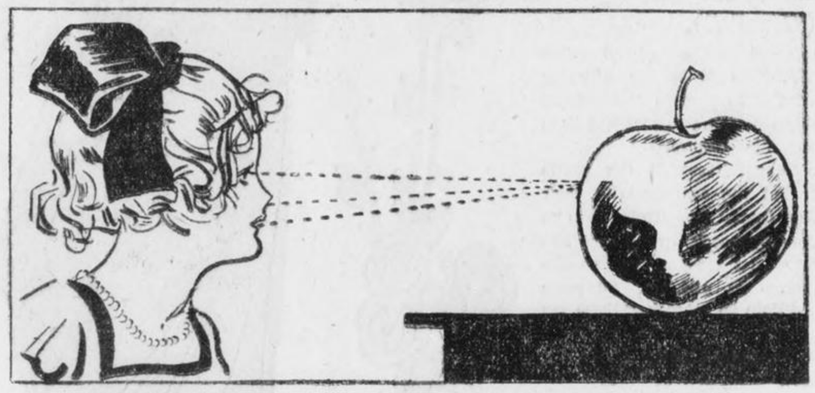
(7) On account of their tonic action.

The water contained in the raw fruit juices of certain or of all fruits enjoys a particular property or special vitality—"tang," "electrical reaction," or whatever it may be called. This peculiar "vitality" simulates that of a mineral water.

Some suggest that fruits have no nutritive value, but analysis has proved the high value of apples, cherries, strawberries, raspberries, huckleberries, gooseberries, currants, bilberries and peaches.

Apples should be eaten raw after washing thoroughly. They contain potash, soda, magnesia and phosphorus. The natural acid is invaluable for the gums, teeth, stomach and intestines, being of a germicidal character. A sweet, pulpy, ripe apple is most easily digested. In rheumatic or so-called growing pains I have found apples of great benefit.

The banana is excellent if ripened on the plant. It has a larger carbohydrate content than the potato. Bananas may be fried, baked, made into omelets and used as flour. The flour should be made from the best quality of ripened fruit and served as a gruel or porridge with milk or cream. It is very tempting to children.



"Fruit gives three of the child's senses more pleasure than any other food."

Grapes are one of the best fruits. They are antiseptic and disinfectant in their effect upon the intestines. They are highly nourishing, two or three pounds daily making persons fat. They are recommended for all wasting diseases, especially phthisis. They are valuable, too, in bronchitis and heart disease. Raisins, or dried grapes, are very nutritious. Of protein raisins contain, according to Haig, 8 to 10 grammes to the ounce.

Fresh figs contain 60 to 70 per cent of sugar, a large amount of food salts, and 21 per cent of manganese oxide. The Orientals prize them in diseases of the kidneys, bladder and in gouty and rheumatic conditions. Smyrna figs, I think, are easiest to digest and they are sweet as honey. Dried figs contain too much cellulose to be easily digested.

Plums and prunes are digested without difficulty when ripe and tender. Prunes are a great laxative. Their skins are hard to digest, however, and had best be removed by soaking.

According to Balland, dates contain twice as much phosphoric acid as figs, valuable salts, a large amount of sugar and carbohydrates. Where children are susceptible to the fermentation of sugar, dates can be added instead of sugar in the cooking of food.

Cherries are easily digested if juicy, thin-skinned and in season. Delicate stomachs cannot, however, digest the skins. Their juice is delicious and refreshing. Cherries contain manganese oxide, sugar and the alkalizing salts of potash, lime, iron and more phosphoric acid than any other fruit.

Apricots and peaches when ripe are very digestible. Raw fruit juices often relieve a craving for sweets and alcohol. The juices of the orange and lemon are easily assimilated by even the most irritable stomach.

I consider pineapple juice the best raw fruit juice I know of on account of its peptogenic and digestive properties. Pineapple juice sprayed upon the mucous membranes cleanses and stimulates them. The sugars found in this fruit are partly grape and partly levulose, with some cane sugar. Sprayed upon the mucous membrane of the throat it allays inflammations and irritation. Lemon and orange juices are also germicidal and antiseptic.

VALUABLE QUALITIES Which Should Give It a Place in Every Child's DAILY DIET

Why Church Bells Are Not Wanted

HALF a century or even a shorter time ago the people seemed to have the idea that churches must have great, tall spires and a bell. The present day sees a wonderful change in this respect.

Church steeples and great tall towers are being discarded owing to a number of reasons.

Mechanics demand higher wages to work on such structures, as it is more dangerous than on the main building.

Material is required that is better than most structural elements, and it is more difficult to put it in place.

Church spires are considered dangerous on account of wind and lightning.

More churches with tall spires have been struck by lightning than any other type, and when fire broke out after the stroke the firemen experienced greater difficulty in fighting the blaze.

Insurance companies have a higher rate for structures with such tall spires, and it has been found more practical to erect church buildings without such costly and useless ornaments.

The church steeple always contained a bell. The church bell is not needed as in former years. The people know the time of services, and the ringing of church bells in both town and city is fast being done away with by many congregations.

In former years the tolling of church bells for funerals was quite common, but even this practice is an old one in most places.

The church bell is rapidly disappearing.

Only PLAYFUL ANIMALS Can Be TAMED

NOTHING is more dangerous than dwarfing the sense of play. You may remove all form of study from a child with less peril than you may rob him of his recreation. The evil of child labor lies not solely in the keeping of the boy or girl out of school and the fatigue of an undeveloped body, it lies more in the confinement which prevents play. A study of the childhood of animals shows with remarkable clearness how important is play to their development, and one of the most significant notes in that study is the evidence that the domesticability—or the readiness to learn habits useful to man—of animals is in direct ratio to their powers of play when young.

The play of animals is of two kinds, motion and experiment. Monkeys play "tig" or "tag" almost as children do, and "follow my leader" is a constant game in their native forests. The wild asses of the Syrian deserts race with each other, and this with so great an appearance of definite organization that early travelers declared them to be half human. The sham fight is almost universal in the animal and insect world, and students of ants have described them as pouring out of the ant-hill on several occasions, "scrambling, wrestling, jumping and pretending to fight, like a crowd of riotous schoolboys at play." The puppy chasing his tail and the kitten with a ball of yarn are common sights. Among sheep and goats, the phrases the "gambolling lamb" and the "sportive kid" reveal their playful manners. A calf is an ungainly creature, but itwill cavort over the pasture in a manner which is distinctly reminiscent of exuberance of animal spirits. The cock-of-the-rock and other birds hold dances regularly, at which the tango is not excluded, though most of the numbers are solo performances and would be billed as "eccentric dancing."

When domesticated animals are considered, the relationship between play and submission to taming processes is very marked. The young of the grizzly bear play little, the grizzly is little tamed; the young of the cinnamon bear play less, the cinnamon bear is never tamed; the young of the black bear play like kittens, and the black bear is a constant companion of the hurdy-gurdy in southern Europe. The young of the baboon do not play, and no one would suggest a baboon for a pet; while the young of the macaque monkeys play continuously, and easily become members of a household. The dogs and cats generally are playful and, as a race, are tamable; the thylacine never play, and no one has attempted to domicile a "Tasmanian devil." Parrots are playful, eaglets are not, and the rule thus holds true in the animal kingdom. Among sea mammals, seals are very playful, sea lions are not, and one finds seals among the cleverest performers of the vaudeville stage. And, of the larger animals, the elephant alone possesses playful character in youth, and thus while the rhinoceros and hippopotamus can only be seen from the safe side of strongly barred cages, the elephant can be utilized for a thousand purposes, from that of a derrick to a nursemaid.

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The pattern is cut in four sizes—4, 6, 8 and 10 years. It requires 3½ yards of 36-inch material for an 8-year size.

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The Wraps of Tomorrow.

Gorgeous Evening Coats the Crowning Sensation of the Coming Season's Startling Modes

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's Pans establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

Lady Duff-Gordon's American establishment is at Nos. 37 and 39 West Fifty-seventh street, New York.

By Lady Duff-Gordon ("Lucile").

HER evening wrap can be to a woman her crowning joy or her greatest disappointment. It can give to her the supreme consciousness that every detail of her costume is perfect or it can make her feel that she is all at sixes and sevens.

Gone are the days when a woman's evening coat was merely a covering for her fragile gown, a shell in which nestled some delightful creation of the modiste's art. To-day the evening wrap is as important as the costume underneath. Therefore to be the crowning glory of the ultra modern costume the evening wrap in these extravagant days can no longer be demure.

We no longer resemble the gentle wren, nor yet the sparrow with their dull, sombre coats. No. To-day it is as the gorgeous peacock, or perhaps the decorative scarlet tanager, that we display ourselves at nightfall. "Gay as peacocks," "Vain as peacocks," these are the expressions that man often uses when given to censuring our sumptuous garments.

But, speaking of peacocks, does man and the world at large ever stop to think that the peacock with his superb clothes, his colossal vanity, is masculine. Verily is woman maligned. The example of bedecking ourselves is set us by the male birds of the air. Why, therefore, should the male of our species be forever carping at us?

Recently I read a bit of verse anent this peacock myth, that I quote before going on to tell you more about some lovely peacock wraps recently exhibited in Paris:

"Feminine vanity? Oh, ye gods,
Hark to these men!
Vanity's wide as the world is wide.
Look at the peacock in his pride;
Is *it* a hen?"

There is nothing too fragile, nothing too sumptuous for woman to have made into her evening wrap. Fabrics as fragile as chiffon or as elaborate as silver bocade, laces of a rare and unusual design, all these are delightfully transformed into the most seductive of evening coats. There are times when I feel that some sublimated name should be created for such wraps as I have just been designing. Of a verity the English language is too restricted. There is too little color in it to properly describe them.

Can you imagine anything more lovely than a coat of real chantilly lined with rose chiffon. I recently created such a one for a bride, and she whispered to me just after her return from the honeymoon that her coat had meant as much to her as her husband's embraces.

I am sending you this week some coats for evening that should inspire you with the same happiness with which the chiffon wrap inspired the happy little bride. I have selected three that I call Peacock wraps. Is this not a charming and a truthful name for them.

But even here I make distinctions. I like to think that a wonderful golden pheasant inspired the one bearing its name. There is a rare simplicity of design in this coat. It wraps the wearer lovingly in its folds, but does not hide or detract from the grace of her figure. It is very long and narrow in the back, and is draped toward the front. The very short kimono sleeves edged with golden maline and the neck ruche of the maline are new and odd touches that mark this as of the very latest mode.

Then I have selected for you also two views of one of these Peacock coats, a back and front view, that will convey to you clearly the sumptuousness of this model.

The coat is a wonderful rose brocade, draped over hips so as to give a novel pannier effect. The cape, which forms the sleeves, is made of a rare and old point venise flounce that the wearer had received from her grandmother.

The shaped piece around the neck is an elaborate bit of Oriental embroidery, fruit of a long visit in the Orient. The design of this, while very different from that of the Golden Pheasant, is just as graceful and also enhances rather than detracts from the grace of the wearer.

Very different, although perhaps not so sumptuous in outline, is the short wrap that I have named the "Coat-of-the-Rose." This is one of the hip wraps or coats that are so very chic this season in Paris. It has the quaint atmosphere that seems so necessary at this time. It is created in a flowered moire changeable taffeta in rose and gray, but rose predominates, and the wearer usually has at her waist a glorious rose set in foliage, and from this rose and the color came the name, "Coat-of-the-Rose." There is much old gold lace used as decoration. The sleeves are short, and while this is an evening wrap, it might also be used as an adjunct to a dinner costume.



The "Golden Pheasant" Wrap of Gold and Red Brocade.

The Coat-of-the-Rose, Quaint Wrap of Rose and Silver Taffeta.



Front View of "Peacock" Wrap of Rose Brocade, Oriental Embroidery and Real Lace.

Back View of the "Peacock" Coat.

FRANK WATCHES CLOSELY AS THE MEN WHO ARE TO DECIDE FATE ARE PICKED

Continued From Page 1.

Mary Phagan by strangulation. This was followed by the request of the defense that the State's witnesses be called, sworn and put under the rule.

The prosecution opened by announcing its readiness to go on with the trial and called the list of witnesses. Bailiffs brought them down from the second floor. In regular order called, their names were: Mrs. J. W. Coleman, mother of Mary Phagan; J. W. Coleman, the girl's stepfather; George Epps, newsboy; L. S. Dobbs, policeman; W. W. Rogers, bailiff for constable; L. S. Starnes, detective and also prosecutor on the indictment; Pat Campbell, detective; Grace Hicks, girl who identified Mary Phagan's body; J. M. Gantt, once held for inquiry, now supposed to be a star witness for the prosecution; Harry Scott, the Pinkerton detective; R. P. Barrett, pencil factory employee; B. P. Haslett, policeman; M. V. Darley, factory employee; W. A. Gheesling, undertaker that cared for the girl's body; Dr. Claude Smith, City Bacteriologist; Dr. H. F. Harris, member of the State Board of Health; Dr. J. W. Hurt, Coroner's physician; E. L. Parry, court stenographer; E. S. Smith, Monteen Stover, girl employee at pencil factory; Minola McKnight, cook at Frank's home; Albert McKnight, Minola's husband (McKnight did not appear in court); Helen Ferguson, Mrs. Arthur White, wife of factory employee, and L. Stanford.

Agree on Conley Affidavits.

Attorney Reuben Arnold asked concerning the duces tecum that he had served on the State's attorneys for the affidavits of Jim Conley and others. On the promise of Solicitor Dorsey that he would produce the affidavits whenever needed the duces tecum was waived.

Solicitor Dorsey said he did not concede the right of the defense to force a production of the affidavit. He, however, at the request of Mr. Arnold, dictated a statement giving the dates of each of the affidavits signed by Conley, saying they were all of the affidavits Conley had made and that he would produce them whenever necessary.

The Solicitor asked then that the defense's witnesses be called and sworn. This was met by strenuous objection on the part of Attorneys Rosser and Arnold, who claimed their list was fragmentary.

Solicitor Dorsey protested vehemently, declaring that it would be extremely unfair to the State not to swear the defense's witnesses at this time. Attorney Rosser said it would delay the trial to complete their list at this time.

Judge Roan ruled that he would give the defense time to get up the list. The defense capitulated and it took but five minutes for the list to be made up.

Witnesses for Defense.

Attorney Stiles Hopkins, at the table for the defense, called the names of the witnesses by whom they expect to clear Frank. They were Mary Burke, Dora Small, Ella Thomas, C. P. Gilbert, F. Payne, Eula Flowers, Josephine Stelker, Mattie Thompson, Mrs. L. J. Cohen, J. C. Lowe, M. H. Liebman, Miss Bessie White, Joe Williams, Fred Howell, Wade Campbell, J. A. Price, J. E. Lyon, Cora Lavender, M. O. Nix, J. C. Matthews, F. Jenkins, Mrs. Josephine Selig, E. Selig, J. H. Haas, W. H. Mincey, J. B. Spier, E. L. Skipper, E. L. Sentell, May Barrett, Rebecca Carson, C. H. Carson, Harry Denham, Corinthia Hall, Mattie Hall, J. L. Holloway, Mrs. George Jefferson, Jerome Michael, George W. Parrott, M. W. Morrow, Mrs. M. W. Morrow, Rabi David Marx, A. E. Mayo, Fred Weller, A. E. Marcus, Ed Montag, I. H. Haas, W. B. Owens, T. Y. Brent and Ossie Shields.

These were all of the witnesses whose names were called, but at least 100 more, who will be used mostly as character witnesses, were in the room on the second floor waiting to be called.

First Talesman Too Old.

After the venire had been sifted and many excused, W. S. Copeland was the first talesman examined. He was excused when he said that he had passed the 60-year mark. Solicitor Dorsey put the questions, using the formal ones ask in murder trials.

Being conscientiously opposed to capital punishment or conviction by circumstantial evidence was held not to disqualify a juror by Judge Roan. This was in connection with O. T. Camp, the second talesman.

"I am conscientiously opposed to capital punishment on certain grounds," said Camp.

"What are those grounds," asked Solicitor Dorsey.

"Circumstantial evidence," he replied.

Judge Sustains Defense.

"That disqualifies him, then," said Solicitor Dorsey.

Attorney Rosser objected, saying that such belief did not disqualify the juror. Judge Roan sustained the defense, but Solicitor Dorsey struck him.

A. W. Brewerton was disqualified because he was opposed to capital punishment.

W. H. Winn was struck, Solicitor Dorsey taking this action after looking over his record.

R. G. Elliott was struck by the defense.

L. A. Smith was struck for cause.

C. T. Hopkins, Jr., struck by State.

Not One Is Obtained.

W. E. Cates, disqualified because opposed to capital punishment.

T. G. Young, struck by defense.

D. D. Hewey, struck because he did not believe in capital punishment.

That ended the first panel of talesmen and not a single juror was obtained. The State struck three and the defense two. Seven were disqualified for cause.

Four Jurymen Obtained.

Four jurors were obtained from the second panel. They are:

A. H. Henslee, No. 74 Oak street, a salesman.

F. V. L. Smith, No. 481 Cherokee avenue, a manufacturers agent.

J. F. Higdon, 108 Ormewood avenue, a contractor.

F. E. Winburn, No. 21 Lucile avenue, a claim agent.

On the second panel the following men were struck:

Howard Oliver, by the defense.

H. E. Luckey, for cause.

O. L. Spurlin, No. 156 Lawton street, struck by defense.

H. A. Shide, for cause.

E. E. Hawkins, No. 369 Edgewood avenue, a negro, who was accepted by the prosecution, but struck by the defense.

L. F. Davis, for cause.

David Woodward, for cause.

M. J. Sewell, for cause.

Imposing Array of Counsel.

The buzz of conversation in the little courtroom instantly was hushed when Judge Roan appeared and Deputy Sheriff Plennie Miner called the court to order. The impaneling of jurors was begun at once.

Luther Z. Rosser, chief of counsel for Frank, pressed his way to the defense's table just as Deputy Miner rapped for order. Solicitor Dorsey and his associates were at their tabls busily arranging papers and documents several minutes before the swearing of the veniremen began.

An imposing array of legal talent was presented when the case was called. Heading counsel for Frank were Rosser and Reuben R. Arnold, two of the foremost lawyers of the South. At their table were Herbert J. Haas, a civil attorney, who has been engaged in looking up character witnesses in behalf of Frank; Styles Hopkins, of the Rosser & Brandon law firm; Oscar Simmons and Paul Goss, engaged especially to assist in picking the jury; George Cox, of Arnold & Arnold law firm, and Luther Z. Rosser, Jr.

Wife at Frank's Side.

With Solicitor Dorsey were Frank A. Hooper, the brilliant attorney who made his reputation as a prosecutor in criminal cases; E. A. Stephens, Assistant Solicitor, and detectives who have been working on the case. Jim Conley's attorney, W. M. Smith, also was in court.

A stir was created when Mrs. Frank, wife of the accused, made her way into the courtroom and hurried past the rows of spectators into the anteroom where her husband was confined. She bore herself bravely, and when she reached Frank, was seen to converse cheerfully with him.

The loyal woman, who insisted on being by the side of her husband until he was called into the courtroom with his attorneys, drew the attention away from the routine proceedings several minutes.

Judge Roan in Good Humor.

Judge Roan appeared in unusually radiant humor and enlivened the dull routine of the early proceedings with facetious remarks directed at the jurors who sought to evade duty on various pretexts.

To one who claimed deafness, Judge Roan said that he had heard his own name readily enough when it was called.

Another juror, Dr. E. L. Connally, well known capitalist, and gray haired veteran of the war, remarked, smiling rather slyly, that he thought he was over age.

Plea Wins Excuse.

"How do you know that?" inquired the judge.

"My mother says I am," was Dr. Connally's reply.

"Do you claim exemption on that account?" asked the court.

"I guess I do, judge," admitted the capitalist.

"Well, then, I guess I will excuse you," said the judge, amid a general laugh from the courtroom.

Dr. Connally left his place with a vigor that belied his years.

Old Dr. Stork was responsible for the excusing of several of the jurors. By the time the eighth panel of men had taken the oath three men had told of new arrivals at their homes and had been excused.

Defense Not to Ask Delay.

Luther Z. Rosser, of counsel for the defense, stated to a Georgian reporter as he left his office for the scene of the trial that he defense would make no move for delay.

"We will not seek a change of venue or make any move of any kind to delay justice for our client," he said. "We are entirely confident that justice and truth will prevail, as it always must."

Reuben R. Arnold, of the defense, made the same kind of a statement.

"We will announce ready as soon as the case is called," he said.

One important witness for the defense was reported to be missing. He is a traveling salesman, and the defense was said to be confident of locating him.

Sentell in Navy Now.

Edgar L. Sentell, who testified that he saw Arthur Mullinax and Mary Phagan together at midnight of the day of the crime, has enlisted in the navy and will not be able to appear at the trial.

A great crowd gathered in front of the courthouse as the hour of the trial drew near, and when 9 o'clock arrived, Pryor street at Hunter was almost impassable. The corridors of the courthouse were a mass of humanity, through which a lane had to be cut by deputies to allow the passage of witnesses and lawyers and newspaper men.

The crowd was tense with curiosity, but to all appearances inclined to be orderly and apparently was moved only by the commonest of human motives—curiosity.

Frank Feeling Fine, He Says.

Frank was escorted from the Tower to the courthouse shortly after 6 o'clock in the morning, nearly three hours before the trial was scheduled to begin. This was done to avoid the curious crowd which it was expected would be about the courthouse and thronging the corridors at 9 o'clock.

Frank was up and dressed and freshly shaven when Deputy Sheriff Plennie Miner appeared before his cell at the early hour.

"How are you feeling this morning, Mr. Frank?" the deputy inquired.

"Tip top, only I'm mighty hungry," replied Frank.

Exhibiting the same poised confidence that has characterized him through three months since he was locked in a cell in the county jail, the young factory superintendent chatted freely with Miner on the way to the courthouse.

Sure He Will Be Freed.

He was attired in a natty light gray mohair suit and wore a fancy gray tie. His face was fuller and he appeared slightly heavier than when he was arrested shortly after the murder of the Phagan girl. He seemed cheerful and in the best of health.

"I am very sure of acquittal," he said, as he arrived at the courthouse. "I am glad that the trial is about to begin after this long wait. I have no fear of the outcome. I am not only innocent of the terrible crime, but I am innocent of any knowledge of it, save as the information has come to me since the officers came to my house that morning three months ago."

At this moment E. C. Essenbach, a relative of Frank, appeared with a tempting breakfast which was spread in the prisoners' room at the courthouse. Frank gave ocular proof that his appetite had not suffered from his long confinement as he proceeded to make way with the delicacies prepared for him.

Frank greeted his relative cheerfully and conversed with him for more than an hour. The topic seldom was on the crime or the trial which was about to begin. Long before the time set for the judge to take the bench other friends and relatives of the prisoner had appeared and some of them were permitted to talk to him.

Conley Ready For the Stand.

Jim Conley, Frank's accuser, was made ready for the trial early in the morning, although it was not probable that he would be called during the day.

He was given a shave and a new suit of clothes, as he had worn for the last three months the same shabby garments that he had on at the time he was arrested while washing a shirt at the National Pencil Factory.

Conley said that he was ready to go on the witness stand at an instant's notice. He declared that he would stick to the same story that he told in his last affidavit and which he has since repeated many times for the benefit of Solicitor Dorsey.

"If they had just let me face Mr. Frank, I could have made him tell the truth long before this," he asserted.

Less than half a hundred persons were waiting about the courthouse at 8 o'clock, an hour before the time set for the beginning of the trial. It was thought that not a large crowd would be clamoring for admission to the courtroom as it had become quite generally known that the small room would accommodate hardly more than the witnesses and the veniremen and that it would be necessary to exclude practically all spectators.

Much Preparation Made.

For no trial in the history of Georgia have such elaborate arrangements been made for the comfort of the comparatively small number of spectators who will gain admission, the attorneys who will handle the case, the jury and the newspaper men. Deputy Sheriff Plennie Miner has received much praise for the splendid preparations made.

Electric fans have been installed at every window and on the railing separating the spectators' seats from the bar, ozonators have been placed to keep the air purified. It probably will be the coolest and best ventilated place in Atlanta.

Not more than 250 spectators will be admitted. Approximately that number of chairs have been placed outside the inclosure. When they are filled the doors will be closed and no one else will be allowed in. No one will be permitted to occupy standing room.

The usual custom of permitting disinterested attorneys to occupy seats inside the bar will not be followed, and this particular part of the courtroom will be less crowded than during the average criminal trial.

How They Will Line Up.

Prosecuting Attorney Dorsey and at least five assistants will occupy a table directly in front of the bench and witness stand with the jury box close on the righthand side. Attorney Rosser with his assistants and the accused will be seated at a table to the left of the State's and farther away from the jury. The table for newspaper men is back of the State's table. The arrangements were agreed upon by the attorneys and the judge.

The table for the defense was selected by Attorney Rosser with a view to the number of persons who would wish to be near Frank during the trial. Seats have been arranged to the back of the table to accommodate at least 30 persons, friends and relatives of the accused, who have visited him constantly since he was confined at the Tower.

Deputy Sheriff Plennie Miner, who will have charge of the crowd and keeping order in court, will also have charge of the prisoners. Long before any crowd congregated around the courthouse Frank and Lee were brought from the Tower and placed in the room reserved for them. When court opened Frank took his place at the table reserved for his attorneys.

No Room For Spectators Now.

For the first day of the trial, or until the jury is selected and the hearing actually under way, it is extremely doubtful if any spectator will gain admission to the court. Seating arrangements have only been provided for about 250. The venire of 144 men will have to occupy that number of the seats when court is opened. The witnesses for the two sides will occupy the remaining seats and standing room until they are disposed of in some way, which may not be until after the jury is drawn.

The court rule to segregate the witnesses will, of course, be enforced, but it may not be until twelve men have qualified as jurors, which will hardly be before the middle of the week.

When the witnesses are segregated they will be kept in the large courtroom on the floor above the trial room. A bailiff will be placed in the hall and one on the door of the witness chamber, and as the names are called they will be brought from the floor above to the court.

It is probable some rule will be made to keep the witnesses for the State and the defense separated, in which event the third floor of the building would have to be used.

Jury Room Carefully Selected.

But if any great difficulty is anticipated in drawing a jury, and the judge thinks it impossible to finish this task during any one day, he will probably excuse the witnesses until the next day, and continue to do so until the jury is impaneled.

The jury room was selected with a great deal of care. It is almost inaccessible from the outside and large and airy. Its windows are about twenty feet above an alleyway that runs on either side. Deputies will be kept in the alley to keep anyone from getting this close to the room.

As each juror qualifies he will be escorted to the room and kept there until the full panel is drawn. Recess will be taken at 1 o'clock in the afternoon and the jury will be taken to luncheon at a restaurant almost directly across the street from the court. At night it will be quartered at the Kimball House under a heavy guard of deputies.

From the time a juror is acceptable to both sides until the conclusion of the case he will not be allowed to go to his home or communicate with anyone except a fellow juror.

The least of the deputies' troubles will not be in handling the crowd that will gain admission to the court, but in handling the crowd that will daily congregate on the outside and wait through the day for news of the proceedings in the trial. Ten deputies and as many members of the county police will be on duty on the streets around the building.

JUDGE PRESIDING IN TRIAL OF LEO FRANK



Judge L. S. Roan, of Stone Mountain Circuit.

Judge Roan has presided in nearly all of Atlanta's celebrtaed murder trials in the past ten years. He is distinguished for his knowledge of criminal law and procedure.

Venire Whipped Into Shape Rapidly; Negro Is Eligible

Within a minute or two after Deputy Sheriff Plennie Minor had called the court to order the examination process was applied to the venire panel of 144 men. From each panel of twelve one or more men were excused after being asked the formal questions and furnished a sufficient reason to bar them.

J. H. Jones, Deputy Clerk, called the names. F. W. Stone, No. 82 East Linden street, was excused on account of illness. R. F. Shedden was refused on an excuse of military exemption. Only one man was excused from the first twelve men.

H. R. Calloway, of No. 691 Piedmont avenue, first of the second panel, was not served. F. A. Hull, No. 180 Grant street, was excused on account of his age, 20 years. T. J. Henderson, No. 25 Woodson street, was excused as opposed to capital punishment. J. A. McCreary, No. 78 East North street, was excused because of his residence in DeKalb County. J. F. Patterson, of College Park, was excused on account of deafness. Five were excused from the second panel.

Negro Declared Eligible.

W. H. Scott, No. 215 Gordon street, was excused on account of ill health. He had a doctor's certificate. W. H. Abbott, Record Clerk of the court, was refused excusal. Only one man was excused from the third panel.

The first surprise came with the questioning of the fourth panel, when Earl Davis, a negro, was not excused. He was ruled eligible to jury duty. There is little prospect that he will be drawn as one of the jurors.

George Mathieson, Assistant Chief of County Police, was excused on account of his duties. John W. Alexander, capitalist, of No. 439 South Pryor street, was excused because of illness. W. M. Donehoo, of Buckhead, was let out on account of the death of his mother. E. A. Massa, of No. 305 East Fair street, was over age. J. H. Gilbert, of South Bend, was let out because of illness. The jury panels were thus being revised and made into a compact venire by this process of elimination.

Joel Hurt Out of Town.

The following men were excused in the selection of the fifth panel: George R. Wall, No. 139 Hill street, on account of illness; F. M. York, No. 221 Cooper street, on account of the illness of his wife; W. I. Brooks, No. 224 East Fair street, on account of having removed from Fulton County. The following were excused in the selection of the sixth panel: H. Maness, No. 112 Jefferson street, account of deafness; Joel Hurt was out of town.

STREET CAR HITS WAGON, KILLING DAIRYMAN

R. R. Gresham, Father of Ten, Dies Three Hours After Crash. Thrown Forty Feet.

R. R. Gresham, a dairyman residing in Wyman street, Kirkwood, was struck by an outbound Kirkwood car at Whitefoord avenue early Monday morning and received injuries from which he died three hours later without regaining consciousness.

Gresham's skull was fractured, his throat gashed and his ankle broken.

The accident occurred when the dairyman, driving his wagon into Atlanta, attempted to cross the car tracks in front of an approaching car. The wagon was smashed into splinters by the speeding car and its driver thrown 40 feet into a ditch. The horse was knocked over on its side amid the debris of the vehicle.

Gresham was picked up unconscious and hurried in an ambulance to the Atlanta Hospital. Physicians who attended him held out little hope for his recovery. He died three hours later.

Mr. Gresham was 52 years old, married and the father of ten children. But one member of the family, Herman Gresham, a son, reached the injured man before he died.

Tax Interview With Anderson Misleading

J. Randolph Anderson, president of the Senate, in a communication to The Georgian, states that an interview in The Sunday American was misleading and subject to misconstruction, in so far as it related to his position on the proposed temporary constitutional increase of the tax rate and borrowing money to pay the school-teachers.

The interview seemed to put Mr. Anderson in the attitude of opposing these measures, when, as a matter of fact, he favors them.

He intended to say, and did say, that both of the proposed measures, while all right, were, after all, merely temporary reliefs—that they proposed, in a way, simply to rob Peter to pay Paul. As the best and shortest way out of the woods, however, he agrees with the Governor that they are necessary.

TRIES TO SHOOT HIS WIFE; KILLS AN OFFICER

Reward Offered for Clem Poole, Slayer of Dalton Policeman. Posse Loses Trail.

DALTON, July 28.—At an early hour this morning the posse organized to hunt down Clem Poole, who near midnight shot and killed Policeman Harry Cook while the officer was attempting to arrest him, disbanded, the search being fruitless.

Poole last night shot twice at his wife as he followed her to the home of her parents on First avenue. There Policeman Cook met him. As the officer advanced, Poole fired, the bullet piercing the policeman's heart and bringing instant death. Henry Mitchell, accompanying the officer, grabbed the weapon from Poole, but he escaped. Bloodhounds trailed the fugitive for a time and then lost the scent.

The murder has greatly aroused Dalton, for Policeman Cook was a popular member of the force. He is survived by his wife. A reward of $100 has been offered by the city for Poole's capture.

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.

Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.

TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.

10 p. m. solid Pullman train.

10:15 p. m. Coach train.

Make Reservations Now.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

National Life Insurance Company of the U. S. of A.

OF CHICAGO, ILL.,

Organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia in pursuance to the laws of said State.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Amount of capital stock $500,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Gross assets $11,466,443.29
Deduct assets not admitted 141,624.66
Admitted assets 11,324,818.63

III. LIABILITIES.

Total liabilities $11,324,818.63

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total income $1,848,264.42

V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total disbursements $2,140,442.96
Greatest amount insured in any one risk $20,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding 79,656,103.97

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF ILLINOIS—County of Cook.

Personally appeared before the undersigned, A. M. Johnson, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of the National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. A. M. JOHNSON, Pres.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 22d day of July, 1913.

E. H. SPURRIER, Notary Public.

CLEAN UP

And Sell the Unused Things That You Have About the House

Old Clothing, unused pieces of Furniture and numberless other articles that can be found in nearly every household can easily be converted into cash if advertised in the "For Sale" columns of The Georgian's classified section. Cost only 30c to run an ad like this:

FOR SALE—Upright piano; good as new; will sell less than half price. Address B., Box 98, care Georgian.

Phone Main 8000 or Atlanta 8000

and give in your ad and you will have no trouble in selling anything you have.

DANGEROUS CALOMEL GOING OUT OF USE

A Safer, More Reliable Remedy Has Taken Its Place in the Drug Store and in the Home.

A few years ago, men, women and children took calomel for a sluggish liver and for constipation. They took risks when they did so, for calomel is a dangerous drug. Your family doctor will be the first to tell this if he discovers you dosing yourself with calomel.

But the drug trade has found a safer, more pleasant remedy than calomel in Dodson's Liver Tone.

Dealers tell us that their drug store sells Dodson's Liver Tone in practically every case of biliousness and liver trouble where calomel used to be taken.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a vegetable liver tonic that is absolutely harmless for children and grown people. It sells for 50 cents a bottle and is guaranteed to be entirely satisfactory by all druggists who will refund your money with a smile if it does not give quick, gentle relief without any of calomel's unpleasant after-effects.

Brewster Denies Aiding Dorsey in Phagan Case.

Colonel P. H. Brewster has written The Georgian a letter correcting a statement in The Sunday American. The letter quotes the report that Colonel Brewster had aided Mr. Dorsey, and proceeds:

"Where such information could have been obtained I can not understand, since it is absolutely false.

"I have had nothing whatever to do with the Frank case. My advice has not been even sought as to any question inolved in the case, nor have I volunteered it, and I have prepared no briefs on any phase of the case. Mr Dorsey, the Solicitor General, is fully competent to meet every demand his office imposes on him, and I do not wish the impression to be made that he leans on me or others, nor that I am interested in any way in the prosecution of Mr. Frank.

"The statement made in your Sunday issue is unjust to me, to the prosecution and the defense, and therefore I trust you will at once correct this statement."

Funeral Designs and Flowers
FOR ALL OCCASIONS,
Atlanta Floral Company,
455 EAST FAIR STREET.

WORK OF CHOOSING JURY FOR TRIAL OF FRANK DIFFICULT

Veniremen Searchingly Examined by Both State and Defense

Slightest Objection Used to Disqualify---Attorneys Shrewdly Gauge Candidates from Every Angle.

In the selection of the twelve men to comprise the jury which will try Leo M. Frank for the murder of Mary Phagan, one of the bitterest contests of the great legal battle which begins Monday is anticipated.

That counsel for both the defense and State will probe deep into the character of each of the men drawn from the venire of 144 who take the stand for examination for jury service in this case is certain. The attorneys will endeavor to unearth in the character of the prospective juryman such traits as they may believe favorable or unfavorable to their case.

The slightest objection will be used to disqualify the man from becoming a member of the deciding tribunal. Under the cross-examination of such skilled lawyers as those who will appear in the Phagan case no iota of information which will tend to sway the verdict will remain concealed to be carried into the jury box and fight against the delivery of justice.

Every man of the twelve who will be chosen will be as an open book to the counsel of both sides. Not only will his mentality be shrewdly gauged with respect to the evidence to be presented, but his past life will be searched for a flaw in the man's make-up which may prove a weak link in governing his decisions.

Difficulty Expected.

In view of the widespread discussion which the lengthy investigation of the murder has aroused throughout Fulton County, great difficulty is expected in securing men of unbiased minds.

Probably the first question to be asked each veniremen when he takes the stand, after being sworn, will be:

"Have you formed and expressed any opinion in regard to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner at the bar?"

The negative answer to this question will but begin the examination of the prospective juryman. Since the crime of which the pencil factory superintendent is accused is punishable by death, the next question in importance, especially to the prosecution will be:

"Are you conscientiously opposed to capital punishment?"

By an affirmative answer to either of the two questions above, the veniremen undoubtedly will be disqualified from jury duty.

Owing to the vast importance of the Frank trial, given impetus by its wide publicity, the great weight which will necessarily be assumed with jury service will not be looked favorably upon by most men, it is declared, and the ease with which by one answer this duty can be avoided, much difficulty is anticipated in securing the twelve men.

Each Minutely Examined.

Upon each man, however, who passes satisfactorily the two challenging questions of opinion and capital punishment, the opposing counsel will center their fire of penetrating questions.

Taken from the criminal code of Georgia, the following questions and provisions will govern the questioning in the witness chair of the prospective juryman:

"Have you, from having seen the crime committed, or having heard any of the testimony delivered on oath, formed and expressed any opinion in regard to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner at the bar?"

"Have you any prejudice or bias resting on your mind either for or against the prisoner at the bar?"

"Is your mind perfectly impartial between the State and the accused?"

If he shall answer these questions satisfactorily, he shall be adjudged and held a competent juror in all cases where the offense does not involve the life of the accused, but when it does, the following additional question shall be put to him:

"Are you conscientiously opposed to capital punishment?"

Judge's Word Final.

If he shall answer this question in the negative, he shall be held a competent juror, provided, nevertheless, that either the State or the defendant shall have the right to introduce evidence before the judge to show that the answers, or any of them, are untrue; and it shall be the duty of the judge to determine upon the truth of such answers as may be thus questioned before the court.

If a juror shall answer any of these questions so as to render him incompetent, or he shall be so found by the judge, he shall be set aside for cause.

The State or the accused may make either of the following objections:

That he is not a citizen, resident of the county.

That he is over 60 or under 21 years of age.

That he is an idiot or lunatic, or intoxicated.

That he is so near of kindred to the prosecutor, or the accused, or the deceased, as to disqualify him by law from serving on the jury.

20 Challenges for the Defense.

Every person indicted for a crime or offense which may subject him to death, or four years' imprisonment, may peremptorily challenge twenty of the jurors impaneled to try him. The State shall be allowed one-half the peremptory challenges allowed the prisoner.

Here is the complete jury list:

C. A. Virgin, B. R.
J. M. Defoore, E. P.
Bud Waits, C. P.
W. W. Sorrells, Hapeville.
Sol Benjamin, No. 348 Whitehall street.
P. H. Miller, Peachtree.
C. J. Bosshardt, No. 215 Bryan street.
W. S. Copelan, Oak Grove.
O. T. Camp, No. 309 Oakland avenue.
A. W. Brewerton, No. 45 West Peachtree place.
F. W. Stone, No. 82 East Linden street.
W. H. Dunne (not in directory), probably Wynne.
W. A. Abercrombie, Blackhall.
R. G. Elliott, Atlanta Agricultural Works, Glendale.
T. C. Lauren, No. 13 Decatur street.
L. E. Smith, Hapeville.
C. T. Hopkins, Jr., No. 403 North Boulevard.
W. D. Cates, South Bend.
R. F. Shedden, Mutual Life of New York, Grant Building, No. 20 East Linden Avenue.
T. G. Young, Georgia Railway and Power Company, No. 42 Loomis avenue.
D. D. Henry, No. 178 Oakland avenue.
Howard Oliver, B. R.
H. E. Lackey, No. 4 Rosedale avenue.
James F. Hast, Collins.
Alfred Barilli, Jr., Grant Building.
O. L. Spurlin, No. 156 Lawton street.
A. H. Hensley, No. 74 Oak street.
Thomas D. Meador, Imperial Hotel.
R. E. Biggers, No. 745 Glenn street, carpenter.
F. V. L. Smith, Empire Building, No. 481 Cherokee avenue.
R. L. Cliett, No. 58 Boulevard place.
H. R. Callaway, No. 691 Piedmont avenue.
A. J. Shide, No. 45 Lucy street.
F. A. Hull, No. 60 Milledge, No. 130 Grant.
Edward E. Hawkins, Collins.
H. D. Huribut.
S. J. McDowell, No. 80 Waddell street.
W. W. Brown, No. 107 Peachtree place or No. 217 Glennwood avenue.
Edwin F. Johnson, Appeal Publishing Company, No. 176 West Peachtree.
J. L. Fulghum, Hapeville.
W. C. Willis, E. P.
H. C. Hasty, No. 261 Jones avenue.
George R. Law, No. 4 Whitehall street; residence No. 205 Ashby street.
F. M. York, No. 221 Cooper street.
A. H. Cook, No. 252 E. Georgia avenue.
Chas. H. Candler, No. 114 Elizabeth street.
George R. Wall, No. 139 Hill street.
S. C. Owens, East Point.
J. C. Henderson, No. 413 Piedmont avenue.
J. W. Heinsman.
D. M. Brown, College Park.
W. J. Brooks, No. 224 East Fair street.
R. J. Baldwin, Hapeville.
D. Townsend, 84 Whitehall terrace.
R. A. Thompson, No. 152 Ashby street.
C. C. Thorne, No. 135 East North avenue.
C. A. Vaughn, Collins.
R. A. Palmer, No. 68 Austin avenue.
Ben F. Wills, Cooks.
C. M. Patten, Hapeville.
Carl Weinmeister, No. 27 Elbert street.
S. L. Miller, No. 27 Fraser street.
Henry L. Solmonson, 71 Sells avenue.
C. S. Johnson, 140 Gaskill street.
L. A. Hendon, 91 West Fifth street.
W. S. Medcalf, not in directory.
Horner C. Ashford, 83 East Fifth street.
E. C. Wachendorff, 22 Willow street.
Nicholas Ittner, No. 234 Forrest avenue.
J. C. Harrison, No. 304 Capitol avenue.
W. H. Hudson, No. 304 Capitol avenue.
W. H. Hudson, No. 298 Myrtle street.
H. Maness, rooms No. 47 Bell street.
G. R. Jilner, not in directory.
John S. Head, Oak Grove.
C. H. Allen, not in directory.
V. N. Carroll, No. 1292-A Marietta street.
Robert Schmidt, No. 195 Angier avenue.
T. F. Barber, No. 281 East Georgia avenue.
H. B. Chamberlain, Peachtree district.
O. Wingate, No. 328 Edgewood avenue.
T. E. Winslow, No. 29 Boulevard terrace.
C. A. Withers, No. 15 Simpson street.
A. W. Wafford, not in directory.
W. F. Burdett, Buckhead.
H. H. Kelly, Blackhall.
M. A. Lang, not in directory.
John W. Bowin Collins.
C. W. Gittens, Hapeville.
H. T. Ferguson, 332 East Georgia avenue.
W. L. Merk, No. 108 Grant street.
G. F. Hardy, No. 514 St. Charles.
F. E. Walker, No. 610 North Boulevard.
E. L. Connally, No. 53 Ashby street.
T. B. Sale, No. 136 North Moreland avenue.
Elmo Moore, E.
W. S. Gaston, No. 481 Whitehall.
C. L. Asbury, No. 44 Park avenue.
J. W. Chatham, rooms 132 Jones.
C. W. Seagraves, Collins.
J. A. McCray, No. 78 East North avenue.
L. A. Helms, rooms 253 Forrest avenue.
T. J. Henderson, No. 25 Woodson.
L. F. Davis, No. 148 Bellwood avenue.
David Woodward, No. 635 Peachtree street.
J. E. Betterton, College Park.
J. H. Holcomb, Oakland City.
M. J. Sewell, East Point.
J. F. Higdon, No. 108 Ormond street.
F. E. Winburn, No. 213 Lucile avenue.
Charles Witherspoon, No. 23 Vedado way.
Walter H. Scott, No. 215 Gordon street.
H. J. Kuglar, South Bend.
T. J. Hale, South Bend.
J. P. Hays, South Bend.
A. L. Wisbey, No. 31 Hood street.
E. L. Winn, No. 1216 Peachtree street.
Joel Hurt, No. 85 Elizabeth street.
W. H. Abbott, No. 224 Rawson street.
K. P. Mason, Peachtree.
W. M. Jeffries, Collins.
Boyd Perry, No. 537 North Boulevard.
M. Johenning, rooms 161 Jones avenue.
M. S. Woodward, No. 182 Park.
Samuel Schoen, No. 214 Washington street.
W. F. Wingleton (not in directory).
Earl Davis, Collins.
C. F. Cantrell.
W. M. Donehoo, Buckhead.
John W. Woodruff, No. 58 Cooper street.
David W. Perdu, Collins.
George Mathieson, Buckhead.
S. J. Hayles, No. 20 Flat Shoals avenue.
John W. Alexander, No. 439 South Pryor street.
John W. Collier, No. 81 Washington street.
J. E. Redd (not in directory).
Y. R. Norris, Blackhall.
W. W. Hammett, No. 34 Decatur street.
A. F. Bellingrath, No. 91 Milledge avenue.
D. Berger, No. 380 Capitol avenue.
E. A. Massa, No. 305 East Fair street.
J. T. Osburn (not in directory).
J. H. Gilbert, South Bend.
H. H. Jones, 69 East Ashland avenue.

BUTTS FARMERS MEET FRIDAY.

JACKSON.—The Farmers' Union in Butts County holds its monthly meeting Friday at Stark. In the morning a business meeting will be held, and at the noon hour a basket picnic will be enjoyed.

WAREHOUSE MEETING AUGUST 5

JACKSON.—On August 5 the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers' Union warehouse will be held, when business of the past year will be gone over and officers and directors chosen.

SLAIN GIRL AND MAN TRIED FOR LIFE



Two pictures of Mary Phagan and Leo Frank, on trial as slayer of factory girl.

Trial to Surpass in Interest Any in Fulton County History

No murder tiral in Fulton County ever has approached the spectacular interest which is in prospect in the Frank case from the first, sharp skirmish between the opposing attorneys, through the long, bitter legal battle, and to the final pleas of the prosecution and the defense.

The presence of Luther Z. Rosser and Reuben R. Arnold in the brilliant array of legal talent at once made certain that the trial would be out of the ordinary. Neither has the reputation of making a half-hearted fight when there is anything at stake. This time it is a man's life that is depending upon their legal ability, their shrewdness and their eloquence.

Both have a disconcerting habit of carrying the fight to their opponents. In ring parlance, they do not give their courtroom rivals a chance to "get set." This is going to keep the spectators constantly on the edge of expectation, and will furnish a series of exciting incidents that will give the Frank trial a place by itself in the criminal annals of Georgia.

Crisis When Conley Is Grilled.

To describe Rosser's tactics as aggressive is expressing it euphemistically. If he were only aggressive, his name would not inspire the trepidation that now is felt by persons who have to face him in the witness box or by young lawyers who have to pit their strength against him.

Rosser and Arnold are at their best when they are cross-examining the witnesses called by the other side. This fact is expected to bring about the most thrilling situation of the entire trial in the witness box grilling of the negro Jim Conley. Not satisfied with seeking to prove the entire innocence of their client, the two lawyers propose to show that Conley himself is the man who attacked Mary Phagan in the National Pencil Factory and flung her dead body upon the trash heap in the basement.

From whom are they to get testimony of this startling nature?

Certainly from no one else than the negro, and from him they intend to get it. It is a bold plan, but one characteristic of the two-handed fighting methods of Rosser. Anyone who has seen a witness made the object of Rosser's attack knows that Jim Conley is in for a bad day when he is called to the stand to testify that Leo Frank had him assist in the disposal of Mary Phagan's body.

Chance Seen for Confession.

Only a Rosser would have the courage of his convictions to expect to break down the negro after he repeatedly had told the remarkable story of finding the girl's dead body on the second floor of the pencil factory and carrying her, at Frank's direction and with Frank's assistance, down the elevator into the basement.

Rosser's plan opens up the dramatic possibility of a courtroom confession from Conley. In the opinion of those who are convinced of Frank's innocence and the negro's guilt, it would not be a matter of great surprise if Conley, under the fire of questions directed at him by Rosser and Arnold, should collapse and confess he alone was concerned in the crime.

The cross-examination of Conley is certain to be one of the spectacular features of the trial. His vivid tale, under the lead of questions by Solicitor Dorsey and Attorney Frank A. Hooper, will be repeated to the courtroom full of spectators. It will lose none of its dramatic elements, in that its essential features already are well known to the public. They are waiting to hear it first hand from the negro's lips.

Raked Up His Past Life.

Then Conley will be turned over to the scarcely tender mercies of counsel for Frank. He probably will be on the rack for hours. Whether he will be able to stand the ordeal is problematical. No point in his history that could have any possible bearing on the case will be overlooked. The defense is in possession of a mass of information relating to Conley's conduct for years. He will be asked in regard to every one of these circumstances.

Before the events of the day of the tragedy are reached the negro will have undergone a searching examination of significant incidents in his past life. Then his story of his part in the crime will be attacked. The discrepancies will be brought out in the glare of the cross-examination. The falsehoods that he told for days after he was arrested will be resurrected. All of his affidavits will be ridiculed. The two attorneys will join in an effort to break down and utterly to discredit the story to which he now sticks. Whether or not they are successful, their attempt will be a dramatic feature of the trial.

A fight, scarcely less spectacular, will develop over the story of William H. Mincey. This time the attorneys for the prosecution will be in the role of scoffers. Mincey has declared that he heard Conley boasting of killing a girl.

Mincey, a quiet—almost diffident—type of the country pedagogue, will be made the target for the Solicitor's and Attorney Hooper's fire of questions. They will seek to show that Mincey never saw Conley the afternoon of April 26, when Mincey asserted he had the conversation with the negro.

Climax When Frank Is Called.

A hot fight also will be precipitated by the demand of the defense that the State make known the identity, at the beginning of the trial, of all the witnesses against Frank. Solicitor Dorsey has said that he will fight any demand of this sort.

The subpenas duces tecum issued by the defense will form another casus belli that is expected to provide a spirited skirmish between the attorneys at the beginning of the trial. The defense insists on having in court, for the purpose of comparison, all of the affidavits taken from Jim Conley, Newt Lee, Monteen Stover, W. M. Matthews and others. Dorsey declares this is a flimsy trick to discredit the State's witnesses, and proposes to resist to the extent of his ability any move to compel him to comply with the demand.

Leo Frank probably will take the stand in his own defense. It is regarded as not at all unlikely that Attorney Rosser will turn him over to the prosecution and give them the permission to question him as far as they like. If this be done, the trial, already invested with a host of dramatic possibilities, will reach its climax in interest.

HERE'S A FINE JOB.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Announcement was made to-day by the Civil Service Commission that the job of postmaster in Itasca, Ill., is open. The job pays a salary of $64 a year.

GIRL ASKS TO BE REFORMED.

YONKERS, N. Y., July 28.—At her own request, Mary Fredericks, of this city, was sent to Bedford Reformatory.

Wife Swallows 100 Grains of Bichloride

ST. LOUIS, July 28.—Physicians to-day said there was no chance of recovery for Mrs. Carrie Dubois, 21, who swallowed 100 grains of bichloride of mercury.

She attempted suicide because her husband refused to allow her to accompany him on a picnic trip, which was a stag affair.

THREE ANNIVERSARIES IN DAY.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Judah B. Voornees, aged 85 and 74, respectively, celebrated a triple anniversary on the same day. It was the birthday of both and anniversary of their wedding.

Phagan Case of Peculiar And Enthralling Interest

As Leo Frank faces to-day the ordeal decreed by law that for man's life, man's life shall pay, interest in his case that has held Atlanta, Georgia and the South enthralled for three months has diminished not a whit since the Sunday morning the body of the little factory girl was found.

Wise judges of news, men who are paid thousands of dollars each year for their knowledge of the fickleness of the public, men who can time to the second the period when interest dies in one thing before the public eye to be born anew in another, have for years contended that no single item of news can sustain its interest longer than one brief week.

And yet for three months the public has read of Mary Phagan's death and the quest for her slayer and their demand for this news has been insatiable.

That the vaunted insight of these news experts is as shallow as the mirror reflection of a beauty of the stage is the thought that common logic first presents.

The insight of these experts has not been at fault. On the contrary, it has been sustained. For in the mystery veiling the death of Mary Phagan and the trial of Leo Frank as her slayer, a more varied array of things that interest, thrill, horrify, shock and make men think is presented than in any one case developed since typesetting machines made the modern newspaper possible.

Harry Thaw's case comes to mind, that tragedy of romance that presented in the same cast of characters the brilliant Lothario, the man of millions, and a woman as fair as the dawn. But there was never the element of mystery in the slaying of Stanford White. District Attorney Jerome described it pretty well as a commonplace tragedy of the tenderloin.

The only question that confronted the public was whether there was a law decreed by God that a man should take up arms and avenge his family honor that should nullify the law made by man that decreed that the courts of the country and the judgment of heaven could alone mete out reparation for personal injury.

But in the Phagan case, there is a mystery so deep, so impenetrable, that there are thousands in Atlanta who believe that Mary Phagan's slayer walks about to-day a free man as another battles for his life accused of his crime.

Victim Only a Child.

There was mystery in the famous case of Henry Clay Beattie, the Virginia aristocrat, who met death in the electric chair for slaying his wife after his infatuation for Beulah Binford.

But again, we have a feature of the Phagan case which was missing in the Beattie tragedy that makes the Atlanta mystery as grippingly pitiful as the Virginia problem was sordid.

For in the Phagan case a child is one of the principals. All the world may love a lover, but all the world loves a child more. And when the innocent, wistful, appealing face of the little factory girl first appeared in the public prints more heart-strings were touched than there were thrills caused in all the sinister revelations of the Virginia trial.

The child interest has made many a case appeal to the public interest more than struggles of statesmen, ravages of nature, or even the love of man for woman. The entire United States waited breathlessly for news of the capture of the kidnapers of little Billy Whitla, the sturdy Pennsylvania lad, in 1909.

But when the kidnapers were taken and Billy Whitla returned safe and sound and maybe a little happier from his thrilling experience to the home of his parents, the public forgot all about little Billy and to-day, in four short years, there are few who remember his case at all. For Billy Whitla lived. Mary Phagan died.

Lamana Case Was Absorbing.

In 1907 the hearts of every mother and father in the Southland bled for the wealthy father and mother of the little Lamana boy, who was taken from their New Orleans home by members of the Crescent City Mafia. Interest was intense at every period of the search and public sentiment was kindled near to the blazing point when the beheaded body of the boy was found in a Louisiana swamp.

But as thrilling as was the Lamana case, it did not have that quality that is so essential to make a case universally absorbing. The Lamanas were foreigners, the kidnapers were foreigners. And Americans want an American in their news stories.

And so on and on. Recall any case of thrilling interest to your mind, analyze it, and you will discover that the Phagan case has features which that case does not possess and any one of those features would make a story of breathless interest in itself.

That is why public interest in the slaying of the factory girl has not lagged for one day since the discovery of the crime; that is why during the trial of Leo M. Frank Judge Roan's court room will hold the interest of every American, be he banker or beggar, be he black or white; be he churchman or sinner.

ADVENTISTS MEET THURSDAY.

FORT VALLEY.—The thirteenth annual conference and camp meeting of the Georgia conference of the Seventh Day Adventists will begin a ten-day session here Thursday morning in a city of tents. Delegates will be in attendance from all parts of Georgia.

PHENIX CITY GETS POSTAL BANK.

COLUMBUS.—Phenix City, Ala., postoffice has been designated by the Government as a postal savings office, and Postmaster W. T. Hogan has been notified that the same would become effective February 2.

BALTIMORE, MD.

$20.85 Round Trip $20.85

Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars. Dining cars on most convenient schedules.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

SEASHORE EXCURSION AUGUST 7.

Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—Limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8—Limited 8 days.

TWO SPECIAL TRAINS.

10 p. m. solid Pullman train.

10:15 p. m. Coach train.

Make Reservations Now.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

P-R-I-N-T-O-R-I-A-L-S
No. 194

Plan Your Printing for Fall Business NOW!

Don't wait until the "Eleventh hour"—but get in ahead of the rush and have your PRINTING ready to SEND OUT, instead of just ready to go to the printer with, when the real needs of the season urge their necessities, with plans hurriedly prepared, and your chief thought to get your printing done on shortest possible margin of time.

We'll be glad to help you plan up your fall campaign, and offer many ADVERTISING suggestions that will materially advance the merit of your PRINTING. Phone for our representative to call—no obligations incurred.

BYRD

Printing Co.
46-48-50 W. Alabama,
Atlanta.

Phones M. 1560-2608-2614.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of

The Ridgely Protective Association

OF WORCESTER,

Organized under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal office: 518 Main Street, Worcester, Mass.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

1. Whole amount of capital stock	$100,000.00
2. Amount paid up in cash	100,000.00

II. ASSETS.

3. Stocks and bonds owned absolutely by the company	
Par value	$297,000.00
Market value (carried out)	375,560.00
5. Cash in the company's principal office	689.45
6. Cash belonging to the company deposited in bank	28,670.43
Total cash items (carried out)	$ 29,359.88
9. Amount of interest actually due, and accrued and unpaid	6,415.01
Total assets of the company, actual cash market value	$411,334.89

III. LIABILITIES.

11. All other claims against the company	$ 4,785.72
Unearned premiums of all the outstanding policies in force	27,544.03
Accident and health losses in process of adjustment and expenses of settlement	35,782.04
12. Capital actually paid up in cash	100,000.00
13. Surplus beyond all liabilities	243,223.10
14. Total liabilities	$411,334.89

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

1. Amount of cash premiums received, less return premiums	$170,824.06
3. Received for interest	8,338.94
4. Income received from all other sources, including policy fees	25,003.66
6. Total income actually received during the first six months in cash	204,166.66

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913

1. Amount of losses paid	$108,119.44
2. Cash dividends actually paid	5,000.00
3. Amount of expenses paid, including fees, salaries and commissions to agents and officers of the company	48,728.81
4. Paid for State, National and local taxes in this and other States	4,952.73
5. All other payments and expenditures, including policy fees retained by agents	24,235.00
Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash	$191,035.98
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	$ 2,000.00
Total amount of premiums in force	100,627.82

A copy of the act of incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS—County of Worcester.

Personally appeared before the undersigned, Austin A. Heath, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the secretary of the Ridgely Protective Association, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

AUSTIN A. HEATH, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 18th day of July, 1913.

CHARLES A. HARRINGTON, Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—R. J. WINTERS.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—R. J. WINTERS.

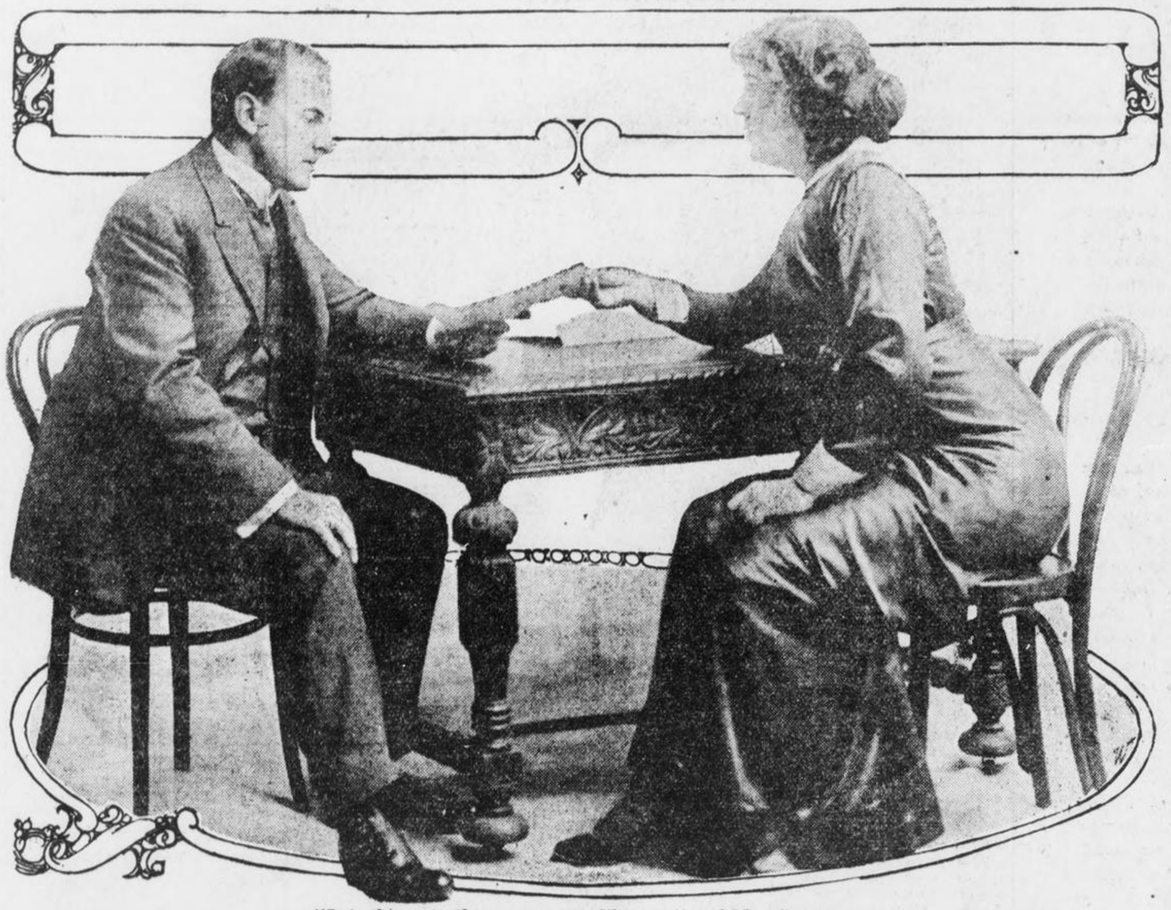
BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

One of the Greatest Mystery Stories Ever Written
By ANNA KATHARINE GREEN

It is Dr. Cameron's Wedding Day. At 8 o'Clock He Is to Marry Genevieve Gretorex, a Beautiful Society Girl. At 4 o'Clock He Is Informed His Fiancee Has Disappeared.

MRS. GRETOREX TELLS THE DETECTIVE OF HER DAUGHTER'S DISAPPEARANCE

Scotland Yard Detectives at Once Begin a Search for the Missing Young Woman. Dr. Cameron Is Terribly Shocked by the Disappearance of the Lovely Genevieve.



"It is this note that causes our dilemma," said Mrs. Gretorex.

Opening Installment

(Copyright, 1913, by Anna Katharine Green.)

An Unexpected Visitor.

IT was Dr. Cameron's wedding day. At 8 o'clock in the evening the ceremony of marriage between himself and Genevieve Gretorex was to be performed at the house of the bride's parents in St. Nicholas Place. It was now 4 o'clock.

Seated in his office, Dr. Cameron, who, for a young man, enjoyed a most enviable reputation as a physician, mused over his past and built castles for the future; for his bride was the daughter of one of the richest and most influential citizens of New York, and to such ambition as his this fact, implying, as it did, valuable connections in the present and a large and unincumbered fortune in the future, was one that lent luster to her beauty and attraction to their union. Not but what he loved her—or thought he did—would have loved her under any circumstances. Was she not handsome, and in that reserved and somewhat haughty way he especially admired? Had she not fine manners and would she not add increased honor to a name already well known, and, as he might add, respected?

Had Her Caprices.

To be sure, she had her caprices, as a woman so circumstanced had a right to have, and she esteemed rather than adored him, as many little events in their short courtship only too plainly betrayed. But then he would not have admired a gushing bride, and, being what he was, a man of taste and the son of a man of taste, he found a certain satisfaction in the calm propriety of a match that united equal interests, without jeopardizing that calmness of mind necessary to the successful practice of his exacting profession.

There was but one thing troubled him. Why had she refused to see him for the last seven days? She was not a woman of petty instincts. Indeed, he had sometimes suspected her of possessing latent energies which the round of a fashionable life had never called forth; and in her cool and somewhat languid gaze he had caught glimpses now and then of a spirit that only needed light and air to expand into something like greatness.

Why, then, this strange desire for seclusion at a time when a woman is usually supposed to desire the support of her lover's society? Had he displeased her? Not only had his presents been rich, they had been rare and of an order to gratify her refined taste. Was she ill? He was her physician as well as lover, and he had not been notified of any indisposition.

Besides the last time he had been so fortunate as to be received into her presence she had seemed well and looked blooming; more so, indeed, than he had seen her for some time, and, though somewhat nervous in manner, had exhibited an interest in his attentions which he had not always observed in her. It was not a long interview, but he remembered it well; saw again the almost timid look with which she greeted him, followed by the smile that was nearly a shock to him—it was so much warmer and brighter than usual. Then the few hurried words—for even that night she would not see him long—and the sudden coyness of her attitude as he took her hand in parting!—he recollected it all. He had not thought of it at the time, but now it seemed to him that there had been something strange in her whole bearing, an impalpable change from her former self that he could not analyze, but which had, nevertheless, left its impression upon him. The kiss he had received, for instance, had moved him. There had been warmth in it and her lips had almost returned the pressure of his own.

Was She Ill?

This was new in the history of their courtship and would have argued, perhaps, that she was beginning to recognize his appreciation of her if her after conduct had not given the lie to any such surmise. As it was, it rather seemed to show that she had been in an unnatural condition—suggestive of incipient fever, perhaps. She was ill; and they were trying to keep it from him! The butler's excuses, "Miss Gretorex is very much engaged, sir; Mrs. Gretorex's regrets, sir, but Miss Gretorex has gone out on important business," were but polite subterfuges to blind his eyes to the real truth. And yet to his calmer judgment how untenable was even this supposition. Had she been sick he could not have failed to have heard of it from some quarter. No, she was not sick. She was but indulging in a freak easily to be explained, perhaps, by her mother's over-exciting code of etiquette; and, as in a few hours, she was to be his wife and life-long companion, he would cease to think of it, and only remember that kiss.

He had reached this point in his musings when they were suddenly interrupted. A tap was heard on ihs office door.

With some irritation he arose. It was not time for his carriage and he had expressly ordered that no visitors or patients were to be received. Who could it be, then? A messenger from Miss Gretorex? He sprang to the door at the thought. But before he could touch the knob, the door opened, and to his surprise and possible relief there entered an unknown man of middle age and prepossessing appearance, whose errand seemed to be one of importance, though his manner was quiet and his voice startlingly gentle.

A Visitor.

"I hope I am not intruding," said he. "The boy below told me this was your wedding day, but he also told me that the ceremony was not to take place till 8 o'clock this evening, and as my business is peculiar and demands instant attention I ventured to come up."

"That is right," answered Dr. Cameron, feeling an unaccountable attraction toward the man, though he was not what you would perhaps call a gentleman, and had, as the doctor could not but notice even at this early stage of their acquaintance, a way of not meeting your eye when he spoke that was to say the least, lacking in ingenuousness. "Is it as a patient you come to me?"

"No," rejoined the stranger, fixing his glance on the white necktie and one or two other insignificant articles which lay on the table near by, with an air strangely like that of compassion. "My business is with you as a doctor—that is, partly—but I am not the patient. I almost wish I were," he added, in a troubled tone that awakened the other's interest notwithstanding the natural preoccupation of his thoughts.

"Let me hear," returned Dr. Cameron.

"You make my task easy," the stranger remarked. "And yet," he went on in a curter and more business-like tone, "you may be less willing to listen when I tell you that I have first a story to relate which, while not uninteresting in itself, is so out of accord with your present mood that I doubt if you will be able to sit through it with patience. Yet it is necessary for me to relate it and necessary for you to hear it, now, here, and without any interruption."

This was alarming; especially as the speaker did not seem like a man given to sentimentalities or even to exaggeration. On the contrary he gave the impression of a person accustomed to weigh his words with studious care, not allowing a sentence to escape him without a decided motive.

"Will you tell me your name?" requested Dr. Cameron.

The reply came quietly.

"I doubt if you will know it, and I had rather you had not asked it. But since it is important above all things that you should trust me, I will say that it is Gryce, Ebenezer Gryce, and add that I am a member of the police force; in short, a detective."

Dr. Cameron felt his apprehensions vanish. Whatever the other's errand, it could not be one that touched him or his; and this to a man on his wedding day was certainly a comforting thought.

"You undervalue your fame," he replied. "I know your name well. Can it be possible you desire my assistance in a professional way?"

The detective's gaze, which had been resting gloomily upon a laughing cherub on the mantelpiece, shifted, but he did not respond to the doctor's smile, and his manner remained unaltered.

"I will tell my story," said he. "It will be the quickest way to come to an understanding."

And without further pause or preliminary, he began in the following words:

The Dilemma.

"I am getting to be an old man, and I have my infirmities. But there are still cases which are given to no one but me. Among them are those which involve the honor of persons in a high station of life."

Mr. Gryce paused. Dr. Cameron felt his apprehensions return.

"You see," the detective slowly resumed. "I can keep a secret; that is, when the life and property of others are not endangered by my silence. I can do a detective's work and keep a detective's counsel, only speaking when and where necessity requires."

He paused again. Dr. Cameron moved uneasily.

"As in this case," added the other, gravely.

"This case?" repeated the doctor, now thoroughly alarmed. "What case? You excite me; tell me what you have to say, at once!"

But the detective was not to be hurried.

"I was, therefore, not at all surprised," he proceeded, as if no interruption had occurred, "when some three days ago I was requested to call upon—Mrs. A., let us say—on business of a strictly confidential character. Such summonses come frequently. Such a summons does not disturb an officer in the least. I nevertheless made haste to show myself at Mrs. A.'s house, for Mrs. A., whom you perhaps know is a woman of some consequence, and her husband is a man of widespread reputation and influence. I found her at home, anxiously awaiting my appearance. As soon as she saw me she told me her trouble: 'Mr. Gryce,' said she, 'I am in a great dilemma. Something has occurred in my family which may or may not lead to a lasting dishonor. What I wish from you is aid to determine whether our fears are well grounded. If they are not, you will forget that you were ever called to this house.' I bowed. I was already interested, for I saw that her anxiety was great, while I could not help being puzzled over its cause, for she had no son to disgrace her by his dissipations, and as for her husband, he was above reproach. She soon relieved my curiosity.

"'Mr. Gryce,' said she, 'I have a daughter.'

"'Yes,' I returned, inwardly startled. Miss A. and dishonor seemed so wide apart.

"Our Only Child."

"'She is our only child,' the mother went on. 'We love her, and have always cherished her, but though it is not generally known in this house'—and here the poor lady's eyes roamed about her as if she were afraid that her words would be overheard, 'she has left us; gone away without acquainting us where—suddenly, inexplicably, leaving only the most meager explanation behind her, and—and—'

"'But, madam,' I interrupted, 'if she left any explanation—'

"Mrs. A. took a small and crumpled note out of her pocket and handed it to me.

"'A letter,' she affirmed, 'sent through the mail. And I was in the house when she left, and would have listened to any reasonable request she had to make.'

"I had already read the four or five lines which the letter contained:

"'Dear Mother: I must have rest. I have gone away for a few days, but shall be back on the 27th. Don't worry.

"'Your affectionate ——.'

"'What is the matter with this?' I asked. 'She says she will be back on the 27th, and to-day is only the 24th.'

"'Sir,' was the answer, 'it is the only time in our experience when our daughter has left us without first gaining our permission. Besides, the time is especially inopportune. My daughter's wedding cards are out.'"

Mr. Gryce stopped suddenly, for Dr. Cameron had given an anxious start.

"Ah, that arouses your interest!" remarked the detective. "Your own wedding being so near, I am not surprised."

It was dryly said, and the doctor at once reseated himself. He had no wish to appear unduly moved, but he could not suppress every token of emotion, so he turned his head away from the light. Mr. Gryce let his gaze travel to a new object before proceeding.

Only One Conclusion.

"This avowal of Mrs. A. put a new aspect on affairs," said he, "but yet I saw no reason for the extreme anxiety displayed. 'And on what day does she expect to be married?' I asked.

"'On the 27th.'

"'But she says she will be back.'

"'That does not comfort me.'

"'You think she will not come.'

"'I have no hope that she will.'

"This acknowledgment was uttered with emphasis. There seemed to be but one conclusion to draw.

"'Your daughter wishes to escape her engagement?'

"The answer was less emphatic than before. In fact, it expressed doubt.

"'I do not know, sir; my daughter is not herself, has not been for some time. My husband and myself have both noticed it; but we never anticipated her taking any such extreme action as this. Where has she gone? What will become of her? How can we face the world? How can we tell her lover?'

"'Then you think——'

"'That she is laboring under a temporary aberration of mind, caused, perhaps, by the excitement of the last few weeks; that she is not responsible for her acts; that she may be anywhere, remote or near; and that we may wait till the hour set for her marriage is past without seeing her.'

"To this I could make but one reply: 'Then why not take her lover into your confidence, inform him of your fears, and gain the benefit of his experience in your search for her?'

A MOTHER'S FEARS.

"The answer will astonish you.

"'Because we are very proud and he is very proud. To explain our fears we should be obliged to say much that it would be humiliating for us to utter and for him to hear. Besides, we may overrate the situation. She may come back; as she says she will and, should this be the case, you can see for yourself what endless regret would follow any such confidences as you suggest.'

"'But'—I began.

"'It is this note that causes our dilemma,' she interposed. 'With these lines before me I can not act as if there were no hope of her returning in proper time to take her part in the ceremony. Yet I do not trust these lines, nor the promise she has made. Why, I can hardly say; for she has always been a woman of her word. But she is not herself, of that I am convinced.'

"This repetition of her former assertion made it easy for me to inquire what special change she had perceived in her daughter to lead to such a conclusion. She evidently found it difficult to reply.

"'I can not put it into words,' she declared. 'I feel the change.'

"'And how long have you felt it?'

"'Not long; since we began active preparations for her wedding, I think.'

"'And has no one else observed it?'

"'I can not say. I should think her lover would.'

"'Why?'

"'Because it has been in reference to him she has shown her peculiarities strongest. For weeks she has received him only on sufferance and for the last few days has more than once absolutely refused to see him.'

"'And what reason did she assign for this?'

Prepared for Wedding.

"'Follies. Fatigue, caprice, a letter to write, a dressmaker to see—anything that came into her head.'

"'Yet she went on preparing for her wedding?'

"'Certainly; her cards were out.'

"'The tone in which this was said caused me to reflect. Though affable, kindly and even philanthropic in her dealings toward the world at large, Mrs. A. is, as every one knows, a woman who would find it very difficult to infringe upon any of the laws of society. Having seen her daughter pledge herself to a man of suitable pretensions, she would consider such a pledge final if only because she could not face the talk and scandal that would follow a rupture. Influenced by his idea, I remarked:

"'You must be perfectly frank with me if you want me to help you at this crisis. Has your daughter, or has she not, expressed a wish to break her engagement?'

"'She asked me once if I thought it too late for her to do so. Of course there was but one reply to this, and she said no more. But,' the poor mother continued hastily, 'that was only a symptom of flightiness. She has nothing against her lover, does not pretend to have.'

"'Only against marriage?'

"'Only against marriage.'

"'Mrs. A.,' I now boldly asked, 'do you think she loves the man you expect her to marry?'

"The answer came hesitatingly. 'She accepted his attentions with pleasure when they were first offered.'

"'Do you think she loves any other man?'

The mother shrank back in dismay. "I am sure she does not. How could she? There is not another such gentleman in our circle of acquaintance."

"This was flattering to the gentleman, but not exactly satisfactory to me.

"'You know girls sometimes take strange whims.'

"'My daughter is not a girl, she is a woman.'

"This silenced me as it would you, sir, I have no doubt; and seeing the mother was really sincere in believing that her daughter's mind was temporarily affected, I inquired again as to what she had done or failed to do of late, and found that she had shunned the society of the members of her family as well as that of her lover, finding her sole interest seemingly in the preparation of her wardrobe. "To that she did attend,' said Mrs. A., 'and it was the only thing she did help me in. No hour was too late for her to see her dressmaker; no engagement too pressing for her to receive and fit on any of the new costumes that kept coming home. Indeed she showed more than a bride's usual interest in such matters; and it is the one reason I have for not disputing you utterly when you say she may come back. She will want to see her dresses.'

A Clew.

"'Then she did not take them with her?'

"'She took nothing.'

"'What! not a trunk?'

"'Nothing; that is, nothing but a little hand satchel.'

"'How do you know this?'

"'We all saw her go out; she was in shopping costume.'

"'But she had money?'

"'I can not say. Some, no doubt; but we found a large roll of bills in her drawer, and her father says it contains nearly all he had lately given her. I do not think her pocketbook held more than five dollars.'

"'This was a point. Either the girl was going amongst friends, or she was really touched in her mind. To make sure that the first supposition was not true, I asked for a list of the houses which Miss A. was in the habit of visiting. Mrs. A. mentioned some half-dozen, but added that her daughter's most intimate companion was in Europe and that she did not think she cared enough for the others to go to them at this time.

"'And she positively carried no baggage with her?'

"'None. I have looked her things over carefully and find nothing missing. She did not even wear her diamonds.'

"'And her watch?'

"'Is left behind.'

To Be Continued To-morrow.

THEIR MARRIED LIFE

Helen's First Day in the Paris Shops Results in Very Few Purcheses

By MABEL HERBERT URNER.

IT was the morning of their third day in Paris that Helen started out to shop. She had read and heard so much of the big Parisian bazaars that she was athrill with eager expectation.

"Better take in the Galeries Lafayette first," suggested Warren as they left the hotel together. "You can take a bus from there for the Bon Marche."

"Dear, wouldn't you have time to go by the Lafayette with me—it's only half past 9," pleaded Helen, who dreaded starting out alone.

"All right," good naturedly, "that's not much out of my way. Hurry up—let's get this bus."

It was going to be another hot day. There was still no relief from the heat wave that had settled over Paris since their arrival. But as Helen climbed gleefully to the top of the bus, the thought of the day in the Paris shops made her unmindful of the heat.

"There you are." Warren pointed out a huge building just ahead. From the top fluttered white banners and flags lettered gayly in red, "Galeries Lafayette." It looked more like a great exposition building than a store.

But when they left the bus, Helen was astonished to find that all along the sidewalk in front of the store were stalls, piled high with the cheapest kind of merchandise.

She Is Lonely.

There were tables of crockery, kitchenware, cotton dresses and waists, and around each was a chattering crowd of Frenchwomen pulling over the goods. Large cardboard signs—"50 centimes," "1 franc," "2 francs"—were everywhere.

"Why, dear, would you think they'd allow these push-cart peddlers outside a reputable store? Why, it's like a cheap market place!"

"They're not push-cart peddlers," laughed Warren. "This is all part of the Galeries Lafayette—that's how they sell their cheap goods. Our stores have bargain basements—here they have stalls outside the shop. Now I've got to leave you. Don't overdo it and get too tired. Better not be on your feet too much this hot day."

Helen's interest in the scene about her soon banished the momentary feeling of loneliness as Warren disappeared in the crowd. For some time she stood on the sidewalk watching the stalls and the chattering, pushing crowd about them. Warren was right. Unquestionably this was part of the store, for bareheaded French floor-walkers, with frock coats and twisted mustaches, walked up and down the sidewalk.

Although Helen had often heard that the Galeries Lafayette was one of the best Paris shops, this street sale of goods made her most skeptical. But when she entered, she saw that it was really a very beautiful store. In the center was a great rotunda under a crystal dome. An imposing marble staircase with double escalators led to the upper galleries.

Everywhere was a lavish and seemingly haphazard display of goods. It was all very different from a New York shop. There seemed no aisles, only a vast labyrinth of tables piled with goods in chaotic disorder—the most tawdry heaped carelesly with the most expensive. The confusing display of the great quantities of merchandise, the riot of color, the crowd, the uproar and tumult were to Helen most bewildering.

Hoping that the upper galleries would be less crowded and tumultuous, Helen made her way to the long line of elevators. Glancing over the directory of the floors, she located "Lingerie" and "Trousseaux."

French lingerie is a luxury coveted by every American woman, and as Helen stepped from the elevator at the third gallery into what seemed a great exhibition of white goods, her heart beat with expectation.

On every side was a network of tables and counters heaped with white garments—chemisettes, jupons and robes de nuites. Over the tables were cards with "Occasion" or "Grand Occasion," the French phrase for bargains.

Almost everything was hand embroidered and mostly unlaundered, the blue pencilled tracing of the patterns being still distinct.

Helen was surprised to find that while even the cheapest garment, those as low as six or seven francs, were embroidered by hand, the garment itself was made by machinery, the seams carelessly stitched, and the buttons half off. She thought of the poor women in the convents where most of this work is done. How poorly paid they must be to embroider such inferior goods!

She looked first for some dainty, low-necked night dresses with short butterfly sleeves, but she saw only ungainly garments with high necks and long sleeves. Was this the much-lauded lingerie?

At last, in some glass cases, where the most expensive models were displayed, she found some exquisite low-neck short-sleeved gowns.

"How much? Quel prix?" Helen demanded of a passing clerk, pointing to a garment in the case.

The girl opened the case and looked at the ticket. Helen could not understand her, but, stooping over, she read the ticket herself—90 francs. Eighteen dollars!

Helen tried to make her understand with a few words of French, much English and many gestures that she wanted to see some gowns of that cut, but much less expensive. The girl touched a loud gong, which was a signal for an English-speaking clerk, and one promptly appeared.

"Almost all of our low-neck and short-sleeved gowns are in the expensive models," the clerk explained. "But of course we have some for less than 90 francs. Now here is quite a pretty gown for 35 francs."

Seven dollars! Except for her trousseau, Helen had never paid $7 for a nightgown in her life. And she had no intention of paying it in Paris, where she had expected to get things ridiculously cheap.

Only One Purchase.

"Well, I'll let the nightgowns go for the present, but I'd like to see some combinations and skirts."

"About what price does madam wish to pay?" asked the clerk, with lessening cordiality, for she expected Americans not to object to prices.

"About three or four dollars—fifteen or twenty francs."

"They're all out on the tables, madam. We keep only the more expensive ones in this department."

"But I could never button these," exclaimed Helen, viewing with disfavor the combinations, which all opened in the back. "And they're all too large—I want 34."

"You won't find bust measures in Paris like you have in America, madam. We have only three sizes here. You see, they're marked with tickets—the green ticket is small, the pink ticket medium and the yellow ticket large."

Helen expressed her astonishment that in Paris, where fit and style were supposed to be perfected, they should have only three sizes instead of the eight—from 32 to 46—that are carried by every American store!

The intention to buy enough lingerie while in Paris to last her for the next two years was somewhat shaken. And she finally left the department, having made just one purchase—a white skirt with a hand-embroidered flounce. Even this she could not get the right length. It would have to be shortened when she got it home.

From the lingerie, Helen walked down the broad marble staircase to the gallery below. Just at the foot of the stairs were a dozen or more tables overburdened with parasols. She had never seen so many parasols together in her life. Most of them were brilliant in coloring and design, vivid reds, bright greens and startling blues.

Farther on was a gorgeous display of scarfs—the long chiffon scarfs that the French women wear with their evening gowns. They lay in careless glittering heaps, shimmering with gold and silver spangles and iridescent beadings.

Helen had thought the hues and fabrics in the shops at home particularly loud this year, but they were mild and subdued compared with the riotous coloring of everything here.

In spite of the whirring electric fans the heat was excessive, and before Helen had explored half the departments of the Galeries Lafayette she was exhausted.

Although she had spent most of the day there, her purchases were trivial, but she had a fair idea of what a big Paris shop was like.

It was good to get back to their rooms, to have time to bathe, rest and dress before Warren came.

"Well, how did you get along?" was his greeting when he got in a little after 6. "Buy out all the Paris shops?"

"Not quite. I left a few things in the Galeries Lafayette! That was the only place I went."

"How did you find things? Cheaper than at home?"

"Some things are. But, dear, the styles and colorings are so extreme. Do you know," thoughtfully, "I really believe I can find the things I want better in New York."

"Course you can! Nothing's more overrated than the French styles. They are made for French women—not for Americans. And nine-tenths of the Americans who come over here and buy a lot of truck are blamed sick of their bargains when they get 'em home."

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THE GEORGIAN'S MAGAZINE PAGE

The Finger of Death

A SPY has to take many risks, and if he is caught at the game during war time his career as a rule is then and there closed promptly, and in most cases in ignominious fashion.

It was the money aspect of the business which appealed to Morris Tyler, and induced him to engage in the work. He was a born spy. A good linguist, and cunning beyond belief, he was never one to assay a dangerous task for the sheer excitement of it. He did not like taking risks, though, of course, he had to take them occasionally; but always at these junctures he kept in mind the big pay and extras. It needed these to tune him up to concert pitch.

He was always cautious and successful. Having found it advisable to quit Europe for a time, he made his way to the South American Republic of Caldera which, at the date of his arrival, was just in the throes of one of its periodical revolutions.

He offered his services to the Government party at a rate of pay somewhat in excess of what he had been receiving in Europe, and President Blance having heard of him, and finding that he could speak Spanish fluently, engaged him at once.

But in Caldera, Morris Tyler had to work under new and unfamiliar conditions. Hitherto, his spying had been carried on during times of peace. There had been no war in Europe since he had come to the front. Now he found himself in the thick of fighting of a savage character. When the insurgents took any prisoners, they gave them the option of changing sides or being shot. But when the Government troops captured any rebels, they did not permit them any choice. They were placed in a row with their backs against a wall and promptly finished off by a firing party. By the time he had been three weeks at the "great game" as played in this explosive South American State, Morris Tyler was inclined to regret that he had not remained a passive spectator of the revolution, instead of taking part in it. However, he fortified his courage with the thought of the pile of dollars he would add to his banking account when the fighting was over and the rebels beaten. He had seen enough to feel pretty certain they had no real chance of winning. And so far he had not encountered any special danger; his cunning always enabled him to evade it.

No Avail.

But the day came when he discovered that cunning was of no avail, and that courage would have been a far more desirable possession.

He had been sent for by Colonel Voruba, the chief of the Intelligence Department, to whom he usually made his reports.

"Some rare work for you, Senor Tyler," observed the Colonel cheerfully, "and it may be the last service we shall require you to perform, for the revolution must end soon. Still, much will depend on the informtaion you are able to obtain for us."

Morris Tyler nodded, and waited for his chief to go on.

"The rebels are massed in some force on the Hill of San Stefano," pursued the Colonel, "where it seems they are going to make a last desperate stand. They hold the old fort up there. That much we know. But we do not know the number of their guns, nor how they are placed. It is important that we have this information before we storm the position, and we look to you to obtain it for us."

"Can you give me any further particulars, Colonel?"

"There are no further particulars to give you," replied Colonel Yoruba. "You know the road. The rest lies with you. I am instructed, however, to inform you that if you succeed in bringing us correct information, you will receive five hundred dollars over and above your pay. You must start at once.

By a curious freak of fate, there arrived at the headquarters of the Calderan army, twenty-four hours, later, a deserter from the rebel ranks, who was able to furnish the exact information which Colonel Voruba required.

Thereupon, an order was given for an immediate advance. This movement taking place so much sooner than was expected, would very likely put Morris Tyler in an extremely tight corner. But the life of one man was of small moment when so much was at stake. And a spy! Well, no one bothered much about a spy when he was not required. In the meantime, Tyler had contrived to get to the top of the Hill of San Stefano without being observed by the enemy's outposts or sentries.

He was, indeed, well within the circles of outposts when he reached an abandoned building, which at one time had been the boiler house of a sugar plantation. It seemed a safe hiding place, from the security of which he could observe what was going on in the rebels' camp without himself being seen. He crept inside and laid flat down upon the floor. About half a mile away he could see the camp fires glowing in the darkness, and nearer still the squat shape of the fort showing black against the night sky. Picturesque insurgents were passing to and fro, and a few were seated by the fires playing cards.

No Sleep.

After a time the camp became silent, even the card players giving up their games and stretching themselves out on the ground to sleep. Only sentries remained on the alert, but between him and the fort there were three. By no possibility could he get past them unseen, for it was open ground.

The night wore on. He was tired, but he dared not sleep. If he could only snatch a few minutes—just to rest his eyes——

He awoke with a start, and was about to spring to his feet when a harsh voice commanded him to remain still. At the other side of the chamber he saw an armed man—one of the rebels—standing with his rifle at the "ready."

"So! A spy!" exclaimed the man. "Bueno! It will be promotion for me for having discovered you. Don't move!" The rifle was raised threateningly. "If you so much as move a hand or a foot I will put a bullet through your brain. Yet I do not wish to waste ammunition. A rope is good enough for such as you."

He spat on the floor to typify his contempt for all spies. Then he called to the nearest sentry, telling him of his "find," and asking him to bring a rope. But the words had barely left his lips when there was a terrific crash overhead, a blinding flash of flame, the splitting of wood and the rattle of falling masonry.

A twelve-pound shell from a field gun had struck the building and reduced it to a ruin. It was the first shot fired by the Government artillery in their attack on the hill of San Stafano. The rebels were taken by surprise, became panic-stricken, and instead of shaping up to defend the position began a hasty retreat.

Moris Tyler was not immediately concerned with the running fight between the loyal troops and the rebels, for the sounds of strife drifted farther away each minute from the ruined boiler house. No other shot or shell came near it. But he was much concerned about himself. He could not move. He was pinned down by some timber from the fallen roof, and all around him was a wreck of shattered walls, broken planks and beams and debris which bore no likeness to anything in particular.

Fear!

"Luck's with me, after all," he murmured. "I am not hurt, and this beam is not too heavy for me to lift. I can raise it up and crawl."

He paused with a sort of gasp, for his eyes, roving around the place, had rested on a gleaming rifle barrel. It was pointed straight at his head, and there was a man's forefinger resting on the trigger. The man was the rebel who had captured him. He was lying on his face amidst the wreckage, and there was blood streaming from a terrible wound at the side of his head. A splinter of the bursting shell had killed him.

The spy gave a sigh of relief. For a moment he had thought that the man was alive, and was taking aim at him. But his relief was of short duration. He did not like that rifle pointing so steadily at him, even though it was only held in a dead man's hand; and when he saw that the lower end of the beam which was lying across his own body rested against the man's right forearm, he liked it still less. He could not move the beam upwards; he could only move it downwards or sideways. If he shifted it ever so little, it was bound to press more heavily on the dead rebel's arm, and that would cause his stiffened finger to press on the trigger, which would fire the rifle. The bullet would enter his—Tyler's—brain, because his head was so wedged that he could not move it to one side or the other. He could raise it a little, but that would be of no advantage. The bullet would take him then somewhere about the mouth and pass upwards through the base of his skull.

He shook with fear, like a man with the ague, and the sweat streamed down his face.

It was borne in upon the spy's mind that he might lie there until he died of starvation. There was the alternative of pushing the beam a little more, so that the dead man's finger should press harder on the trigger and thus end his misery with a bullet from the menacing rifle.

Then all at once something in his brain seemed to snap. A red curtain dropped before his eyes. The noise of a rushing wind howled in his ears—and then came black oblivion.

Early the next morning two mounted men reined up close by the ruined boiler house. They were Colonel Voruba and an orderly. The fight was over, and the rebels were beaten.

"Two men in there," said the Colonel. "They may have some life in them."

The orderly dismounted and peered in among the wreckage.

"One is a rebel," he reported. "The other is Senor Tyler. Both dead."

The Answer.

"The spy!" exclaimed the Colonel.

"It is strange," said Voruba, bending over Tyler's body, "there is not a mark upon him. He has received no wound, no hurt. He could easily have lifted this beam and extricated himself."

"Look at the expression on his face even now," replied the orderly. "It was sheer terror that killed him. I have heard of such a thing. Perhaps he had a weak heart."

"Terror!" Voruba raised his eyebrows. "Ah, yes, I perceive. The loaded rifle pointing at his head, which, at the slightest movement on his part would——"

Captain Berwick interrupted him. He had picked the rifle up and opened the breech.

"He was in no danger at any time from this weapon," he said. "It is not loaded!"

Did the Vicar Stop?

It was too much. Every Sunday old Adams, who blew the organ, would continue blowing after the music had stopped, thereby producing most undesirable sounds.

Time and again had the organist taken him to task for it.

"Right, mister," had been old Adams' invariable reply. "I forgits, you know."

One Sunday the organist could stand it no longer.

The congregation had been set tittering by the old man's forgetfulness, and during the sermon the organist seized the opportunity to write him a note on the matter, and handed it to a choir boy to deliver.

Misunderstanding the whispered directions, the lad handed the note straight up to the vicar, who astoundedly read the following:

"Will you stop when I tell you to? People come here to listen to my music, not to your horrible noise."

ON HER KITCHEN STOVE

It is interesting to note that the most successful remedy for woman's ills was originally prepared nearly forty years ago by Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., by steeping roots and herbs on her kitchen stove and supplied to friends and neighbors without cost. Its fame spread; the demand grew; until now many tons of roots and herbs are used each year in order to supply this famous remedy which has proved such a marvelous success in controlling diseases of women. Merit alone could have stood this test of time.

Lady Constance Stewart Richardson on How to Acquire a Beautiful Figure Through Dancing

Written Exclusively for the Readers of This Page.

In Poses Especially Adapted for the Accompanying Article.



Figure 1, shown in the topmost picture, shows the body poised on one foot.

A swaying exercise fully described by Lady Richardson's article brings about an easy control of the waist muscles.

Practice in this lesson will do more to reduce the waistline than any other fat-reducing method known to Lady Richardson.

Incidentally it produces naturally graceful movements when walking or running.

Figure 2 is a walking exercise that has a wonderfully beneficial effect upon the whole body.

Constant practice in this exercise makes it become as easy and natural to you as when a child skipping along the street.

It is Lady Richardson's claim that all these movements are but normal, simple, human expressions.

This style of dancing, says Lady Richardson, is good for the soul as well as the body.

This is the fourth of Lady Richardson's valuable articles on dancing as an aid to natural beauty.

Another will appear on this page next week, in which the student is carried along a little further, and into a trifle more difficult exercises.

This is the first time that any newspaper has presented a series of articles in which such expert instruction and advice are given on the value of practicing natural movements for the preservation of human grace and beauty.

By Lady Constance Stewart Richardson

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DANCING is one of the most characteristic and characterful things I know. It expresses the individual and the nation in perfect accord with the feelings and customs that characterize him or it.

Take, for instance, the Hungarian Czardas, the Italian Tarantelle, or the Tango of Argentina—each is characteristic of its place and clime, and however well the peoples of another nation do the dance that is not their own they still must modify it to suit their own temperament.

A Perfect Outline.

If we take the best of the moderns and add to it the finest steps of the ancients and teach our result we will get as many variations as we have individual temperaments expressing the dance we have made.

If people will stop to think what a wonderful mode of expression the dance offers them, and will study it, its music and the effect of this expression on their own temperaments, they will no longer consider the dance and the body that expresses it as something to be despised, but they will give to the body, which is capable of beauty, its due of admiration and its right to beautiful expression, which will mean that one step toward lifting instead of degrading the human body will be definitely taken through the worship of loveliness.

To help you all make your bodies so perfect in outline, in strength and in power to respond to your desire to express emotion through the great safety valve of movement is my desire.

When dancing, look happy and as if you were dancing because you love to, and as if you were dancing because you love the particular step you are taking—not doing the fashionable thing some dancing teacher had assured you was the "proper way." Make one or two steps your own, and through them teach your body to express itself without shame or consciousness in perfect happiness and rhythm.

Figure One.

Dancing is a safe and sane form of self-expression, and it is good for body as well as soul.

In Figure 1 the body is poised on the ball of one foot, while the other is raised with the leg thrown slightly backward from the knee and the toes pointing downward. A straight line from flexed knee to the tip of the toes seems to be a favorite idea of grace, as depicted by the sculpture of the ancients, and as it adds to beauty of line the benefit of strengthening instep and ankle, it is one of the little separate movements that I often incorporate in my dancing steps.

To return to Figure 1—Bend slightly at the waist toward the uplifted leg and raise the arm above the head so there will be a continuous curve from elbow to toes. A flexible waist waits upon the earnest practice of this exercise.

From elbow to wrist the arm is bent above and toward the head, while the other arm, stretched lightly out from the shoulder and parallel with it, terminates in loosely flexed wrist and hand. Sway lightly from foot to foot, and see what easily controlled muscles of the waist result.

Figure Two.

Figure 2 pictures for you a walking exercise that has a wonderfully beneficial effect on the whole body. It is a natural bodily expression such as you have often seen little children drop into quite unconsciously.

Tiptoe along from foot to foot, with the raised limb flexed at the knee and held with down-pointing toe.

Bend the body well forward from the waist, and sway it toward the lifted foot, stretching the arm over this foot back and down and the other arm forward and as you would do in feeling your way along a solid surface in the dark.

Leg, arm and waist muscles are here brought into play—and when such simple, pretty, little exercises as this become indeed play you may feel sure that you are on your way to a body beautiful and graceful.

After all, just such dance movements as this are normal, simple, human expression, and out of them we can evolve natural grace of body and movement.

Handsome Mr. Slatte :: A SHORT STORY COMPLETE

"I SHOULD think you would read more," suggested the girl in the grass green linen gown as she came upon the porch.

"Oh, I don't know," responded the young woman in the wicker chair, who was busy embroidering. "This is just as satisfactory as most of the popular novels."

"It's every woman's duty to improve her mind," declared the girl in the green linen. "I feel that I have done so much since the corner drug store put in its circulating library. Mr. Slatte has been such a help!"

"Mr. Slatte?" queried her friend. "What has he to do with it?"

The girl in the green linen sighed faintly. "You know," she said, "I am not the sort of girl to rave over a man's good looks. I prefer brains any time. But, really, you never in your life saw any one who looked like Mr. Slatte! He——"

"He might look like anything with that name," commented the young woman who was embroidering. "Do you mean to say he is handsome?"

"More than that," said her friend. "He has the sort of eyes that pierce with their brilliance, and such a chin! My dear, every time I see him I am reminded of that stunning portrait of Lord Byron! I am certain there is a mystery about him! He has the most perfect manners!"

A Shock.

"Where——"

"Why, he's recently taken charge of the drug store," explained the girl in the green linen. "I had just picked out a book when he came up and said he couldn't bear to see me waste my time on such a tiresome story. He said he'd be only too glad to help me find something worth while that he knew I could appreciate. I thought it so kind——"

"Kind!" said the girl who was embroidering. "I think he was impertinent. I guess if I wanted a book I'd want what I wanted."

"You don't understand at all," exclaimed the girl in green linen, patiently. "Mr. Slatte is writing a novel himself, so of course he knows perfectly what—"

"My goodness! A drug clerk and a novelist!" said the girl who was embroidering.

Her friend bristled at this. "He's not a clerk!" she said. "He's a sort of—er—manager. People generally don't know he is so literary. You don't suppose that he wastes time on everybody who comes to get a book, do you? Not that he is especially interested in me, of course—only I suppose he realizes that I have more than average intelligence. I never saw such eyes in my life! Sometimes when he smiles in that slow, sad sort of way of his I——"

"Who puts up prescriptions while he is engaged in smiling sadly?" inquired the young woman who was embroidering.

"You are perfectly horrid!" said her friend. "If you knew Mr. Slatte you'd think differently. We have had some of the most inspiring talks since we met. He always drops whatever he is doing and helps me select my books. I'm a rapid reader and have to exchange books so often.

"I'm on my way there now to get another book. I do wish I could make you see what an opportunity it is, now that Mr. Slatte is there. He has such a cultivated mind—many times he has remarked what a treat it is to him to have someone come in who is different from the average careless reader."

A Rival.

"There comes Dorothy Maye," said the girl who was embroidering. "Come in, Dorothy," she called across the railing.

"I can't just now," said the girl in question, pausing at the steps. "I'm on my way to the drug store to take back a book. There's such a nice man in charge there now—perfectly stunning, and so kind. He's writing a book himself, too. He always stops whatever he is doing to come and help me pick out something good. He says it is a treat——"

"How nice!" enthusiastically interrupted the girl who was embroidering. "Alicia is here and she is going there, too——"

"No," said the girl in grass green linen shortly. "I am not going to the drug store! I am too busy to waste time over those trashy books and to hang around a silly clerk."

Untested.

"Yes, sir," said the successful manufacturer, "no man can sell his factory products these days unless they have been thoroughly tested."

"Oh, I don't know," replied another equally successful manufacturer. "We manage to sell our product without testing it."

"You do? What is your line?"

"Dynamite."

Advice to the Lovelorn

By BEATRICE FAIRFAX.

LET YOUR HEART DECIDE.

Dear Miss Fairfax:

I am a girl of twenty. About two years ago I met a young man, and from that time until a month ago I loved him, but he did not return my love in the way I wanted, so I thought it would be best to forget him. I am now keeping company with another young man who is very serious. Two weeks ago the first young man wrote and told me he had found no girl he could love like me. DOROTHY.

You must take the one you love most, but before you make that decision be very fair with yourself. I know nothing of the merits of the two men, but it seems to me that the first is somewhat like the dog in the manger.

He did not seek your love till some other man's attentions made it desirable.

HE IS NOT SINCERE.

Dear Miss Fairfax:

I am nineteen, and in love with a man three years my senior. I am really crazy over him. I think the world of him, as I think he does the same of me.

It is nearly a year since we met and fell in love with each other. He asked me to be his bride. We were to be married in a short time, but now he has excuses for not getting married. He does not write as usual, but comes up as usual. P. G. Z.

The indications are he is trying to get out of it. Save your self-respect by breaking the engagement, for, believe me, it will never end in marriage. I am sorry, dear, but this course will save you greater pain later on.

THAT IS HIS PRIVILEGE.

Dear Miss Fairfax:

I am a young girl of seventeen and considered good looking. I have been keeping company with a young man for several months and at a dance one night I introduced a girl to him to whom he pays more attention than to me. NORAH.

There was no engagement. He was merely your friend. I hope, under the circumstances, you will be big enough, and broad enough, to be glad you were the means of introducing him to a girl whose company delights him. That's the way to look at it, my dear.

KODAKS Premos Hawkeye Eastmans

First Class Finishing and Enlarging. A complete stock films, plates, papers, chemicals, etc. Special Mail Order Department for out-of-town customers.

Send for Catalogue and Price List.

A. K. HAWKES CO. Kodak Department

14 Whitehall St. ATLANTA, GA.

.:. One Woman's Story .:.

By VIRGINIA TERHUNE VAN DE WATER

CHAPTER IX.

MARY smiled reassuringly into the anxious faces of her parents bending over her as she opened her eyes after a brief period of unconsciousness. She found herself lying upon the living room couch, her forehead wet from the water which her mother had applied in the effort to "bring her around." She struggled to a sitting posture, beginning at once to explain the attack of faintness which had seized her.

"I have been working a little too hard in this warm weather," she said. "I have not felt well lately, anyway, and this is but the culmination of the weariness and strain—nothing else."

She spoke no word of the news that had held her eyes waking far into the night, nor of the blessed relief of the knowledge that the man whom she had feared was injured or dead was alive and well.

"You won't try to go to school to-day, will you?" pleaded her mother.

The girl smiled.

"It is Saturday, mother," she reminded her. "But I must go down to the Public Library to look up some matters I want to be sure of before Monday. But I will take a cup of coffee first."

She drank this when her mother brought it to her, then arose with decision.

"I am ashamed of myself to be so weak and foolish," she exclaimed. "Please, dear people, try to forget it."

"Would you like to look over the morning paper?" asked her father, eyeing her keenly.

"No, thank you!" she said quickly. "Thank you, mother, for waiting so sweetly on your silly daughter. I will go to bed early to-night and not repeat this performance of fainting. I never did such a thing quite so causelessly and suddenly before in my life."

When she had left the living room, the father and mother gazed again into each other's faces.

"The fact that she avoids the subject that made her faint shows that she cares for this young man," declared the mother. "Well, he is a nice fellow, I guess."

"I don't care how nice he is," retorted the father, "he is not half good enough for my girl. Before I consent to any serious attentions from him I am going to write to his firm and find what his record is."

"That's all right, dear," agreed the wife indulgently. "I approve of your doing that. But if the Angel Gabriel—trumpet and all—were to ask you for Mary you would not think him good enough for her."

"And he wouldn't be!" asserted the father, without a smile.

The most tender mother is willing—even, at times, glad—to have her daughter marry an honorable, well-to-do gentleman; a fond father seldom looks with favor upon any suitor for his daughter's hand.

An hour later Mary appeared in her mother's room, her hat and gloves on, ready to go out. Mrs. Danforth looked solicitously at her, but, seeing that the color had returned to her lips, she forbore to utter any protest. If the child was restless it was better to let her go. In the library she might find the books she needed for her work, they might quiet her nerves, turning her thoughts from agitating subjects.

Mrs. Danforth would have been surprised could she have seen her daughter when she reached her destination. Instead of going at once in search of the volumes in which she was to "look up" certain important subjects, she went direct to the reading room of the library and was in a few minutes immersed in the morning papers. A close observer would have noticed that the only columns she read were those dealing with the recent railroad wreck and the deeds of heroism of the various uninjured passengers—the most active and bravest of whom had evidently been "the young Texan, Gordon Craig by name." As the girl read, her cheeks glowed and a soft light came to her eyes. So absorbed was she in her dreams, that she was leaving the building before she remembered that in her wrist-bag she carried a list of books of reference which she must find this morning, and, with a start, went in search of these. Somehow all literature except the newspapers seemed very dull to-day.

As it was Saturday, Mr. Danforth came home at noontime, and was there when his daughter returned a little before the luncheon hour. He greeted her brightly.

"Well!" she said jocosely, "I saw our hero this morning! Craig was at my office. He ran in to tell me that he was all right and to ask if we had seen the account of the wreck. I told him that we had, but I did not flatter him by telling him we had been badly scared about him."

Mary drew a sigh of relief. She had feared her father might mention her evident anxiety, then she reminded herself that she might have known he would not. She waited for his next remark. Although she had read and re-read the newspaper accounts of Craig's heroism, she hoped to hear more about it by word of mouth. Her father answered her unspoken thought.

"He said little about himself," he went on, "and I liked him better for that. When I said that I understood he had done some pretty fine work he turned as red as a lobster and said—'it was only what any man would have done under the circumstances,' and changed the subject. So I let it drop. I asked him to come up and see us before he goes back to Texas, and he said he would try to."

"Probably he will not find time to," said Mary with studied indifference. She began to talk vivaciously of her work, of the approaching school commencement, of anything and everything except of Gordon Craig. And her father and mother, watching her, understood.

That afternoon a messenger left at her door a note for her. It was short:

"Dear Miss Danforth: Will you give me the happiness of your company to the opera next Wednesday night? I will call for you at a quarter before eight. The performance is 'Aida.'

"Faithfully yours,
"GORDON CRAIG."

The reply that the messenger carried back to Craig was even more brief than the note he had brought:

"My Dear Mr. Craig: Thank you. I will be ready at 7:45 Wednesday night.

"Sincerely yours,
"MARY DANFORTH."

TO WOMEN

Now Is The Time

those pains and aches resulting from weakness or derangement of the organs distinctly feminine sooner or later leave their mark. Beauty soon fades away. Now is the time to restore health and retain beauty.

DR. PIERCE'S

Favorite Prescription

That great, potent, strength-giving restorative will help you. Start today.

Your Druggist will Supply You



The L. C. Smith & Bros. ball-bearing typewriter

A Frank Talk on Typewriters

Somehow, the impression has gained ground that there isn't much difference between the various makes of typewriters on the market.

You may think the same thing. It would take a good, SOUND, LOGICAL argument to convince you that all typewriters do not have the same efficiency and that a stenographer cannot secure the same results on every machine.

We are ready to make that argument and to show you by actual demonstration that

The L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter

will do more work, better work, with less fatigue to the stenographer, than any writing machine ever made.

How is this possible?

Here are a few reasons:

1. It is ball bearing throughout—others are not.
2. All operations are controlled from the keyboard.
3. It is the lightest touch machine made.
4. It does not "smut" the carbon.
5. The ribbon reverses automatically.
6. The type is so protected that it is not battered by collision.
7. One motion of the hand returns the carriage and operates the line space.
8. It has an inbuilt biller and tabulator.
9. No trouble to write on paper as small as a postage stamp.
10. It is built for service.

Mail this coupon checking the kind of work you have to do:

Gentlemen:—I am interested in a Typewriter for

General Correspondence — Billing — Tabulating — Card Writing — Label Writing

Name

Address

To L. C. SMITH & BROS. TYPEWRITER COMPANY
121 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

FIVE TEAMS TO BATTLE IN RACE FOR 30 MINUTES

Big Thriller Slated for Motor Bugs at Prince's Saucer on Tuesday Night.

A HALF-HOUR team race is to be the big feature at the Motordrome to-morrow night, and for the really jammy excitement this should top anything that has been staged yet at Jack Prince's saucer.

Five teams will be in the long grind. And what a wrangle the ten riders had trying to get matched up! Finally Morty Graves suggested that the partners be found by a drawing. Manager Noon Hudson put all the numbers in his new straw lid and the result was:

Graves and McNeil, Schwartz and Lockner, Shields and Richards, Luther and Lewis, Renel and Glenn.

These teams appear to be very evenly matched. Graves and McNeil will probably rule favorites, with Richards and Shields second choice.

No rider will be allowed to remain on the track over twenty successive minutes. But each rider can call for his partner as often as he desires. The partners who are not racing will remain in front of the paddock. The partner riding must drop off the track and touch his teammate on the shoulder before the latter can take up the racing.

It sure will be a thrilling event if all goes well.

The Motordrome Sweepstakes is the second feature event. All the riders will start, five in each qualifying heat. The qualifying heats will be over a one-mile course, while the final will be two miles.

Harry Glenn, who defeated Schwartz the other night, will meet Luther in a match race. It will be the two best heats in three over a two-mile circuit. Glenn is a local boy and he will be backed heavily to down his worthy opponent.

* * *

FOLLOWING is the complete card for Tuesday night:

First Event.

First heat Motordrome Sweepstakes (One mile to qualify and two-mile final.) Starters—Graves, Shields, Richards, Renel, Lewis.

Second Event.

First heat of a match race between Glenn and Luther. (Race to be two best heats in three.) Distance—two miles.

Third Event.

Second heat of Motordrome Sweepstakes. Starters—Schwartz, Lockner, Luther, McNeil, Glenn.

Fourth Event.

Second heat of match race between Glenn and Luther.

Fifth Event.

Final heat of Motordrome Sweepstakes. (Winners of first and second heats and second man in fastest heat to start.)

Sixth Event.

Third heat of match race between Glenn and Luther, if necessary.

Seventh Event.

Half-hour team race. Teams—Graves and McNeil; Schwartz and Lockner; Shields and Richards; Luther and Lewis; Renel and Glenn. (No rider can remain on track over twenty consecutive minutes.)

Wolgast and Ritchie May Sign Articles

LOS ANGELES, July 28.—Eager to nail down Ad Wolgast to his offer—a $25,000 side bet for a return match—Willie Ritchie to-day is making a desperate effort to get the former titleholder to meet him to-day and sign articles. On Saturday, Wolgast posted with James J. Jeffries $1,000, part of a $25,000 side bet, in a twenty-round title contest with Ritchie. Wolgast specified that half is to go that he will from the title-holder in twenty rounds, the other half that he knocks out, stop or force Ritchie to uit inside of the limit.

Ritchie lost no time in accepting the offer when he learned that there was seriousness to Ad's movements, and he asked Jeffries to affect a meeting between he and Ad for this afternoon in the hope that articles might be signed. Ritchie leaves here for 'risco Wednesday afternoon and he would like to close the match before starting. Should the pair come together they will clash either September 1 or 9

LOVING CUP FOR JOHNSON; FANS CONTRIBUTE $1,000

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Washington baseball fans have contributed $1,000 to fill a loving cup of silver, already paid for by popular subscription, which will be presented to Walter Johnson, the Nationals' slab artist, on August 21, when he completes six years in a Washington

JEFF SMITH GETS PARIS BOUT WITH CARPENTIER

NEW YORK, July 28.—George S. Carpentier, the English light heavyweight champion of France, and Jeff Smith, of Bayonne, N. J., have been matched to meet in a 20-round bout at the Cirque de Paris on October 20. Smith will leave for Paris early in September.

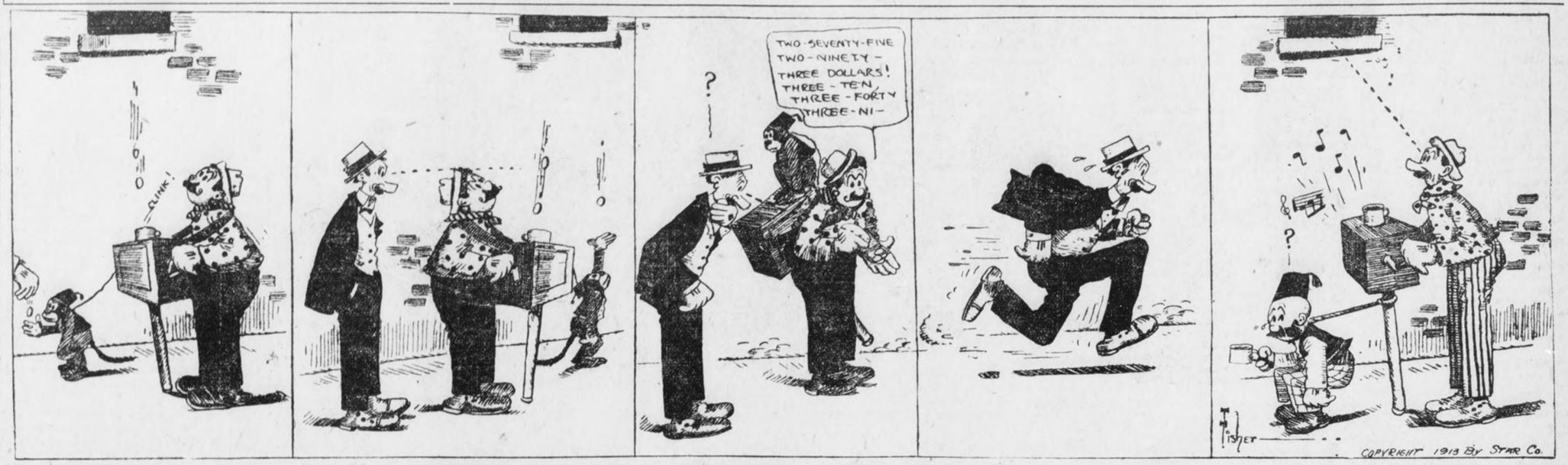
FORSYTH TWICE TO-DAY 2:30 and 8:30
JOE WELCH
Robt. L. Dailey & Co.
Dolan-Lenharr Co.
Elsa Ward
Cunningham & Marion
Lefel Trio---Karl Cress
NEXT WEEK Everest's Monkey Hippodrome

TO-DAY 2:30 GRAND TO-NIGHT 8:30
CARNEGIE MUSEUM
ALASKA-SIBERIA PICTURES
And High-Class First Run Movies
Mat. 10c; Night 10c, 15c & 25c

Motor Races
MOTORDROME
Tuesday, 29th, 8:15 P. M.

GEORGIAN SPORTS COVERED by EXPERTS

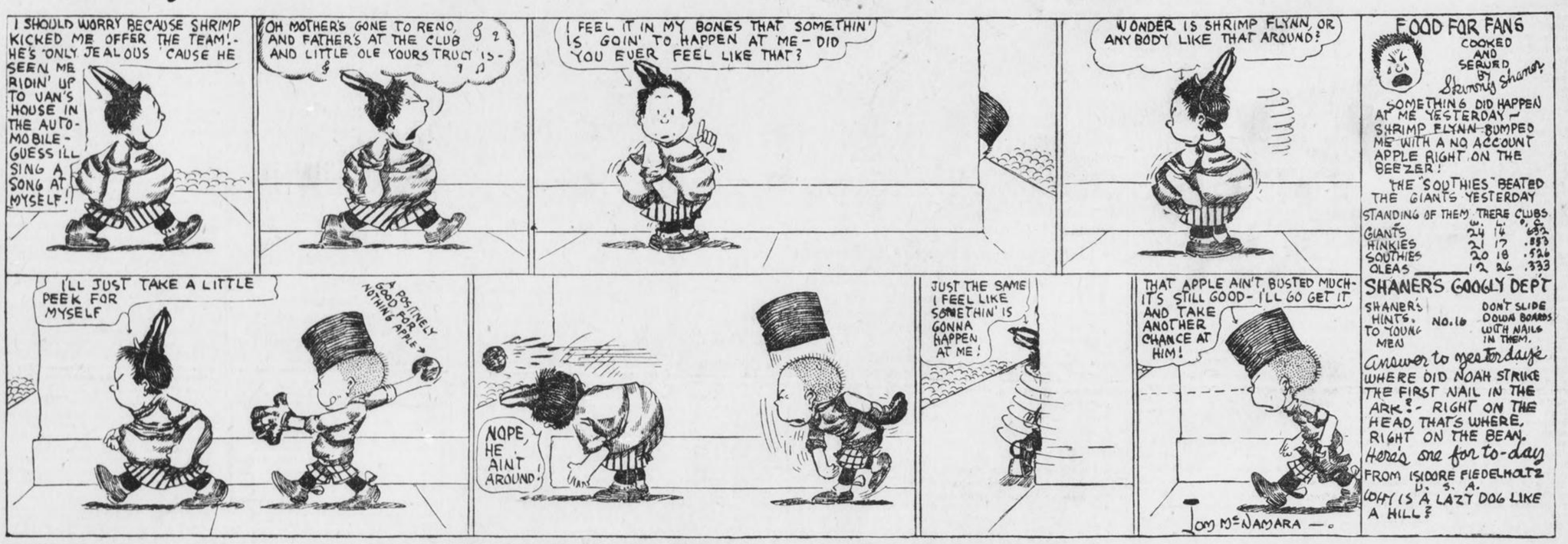
Well, You've Got to Hand It to Mutt for Trying, Anyway :: :: :: By "Bud" Fisher



Us Boys

Registered United States Patent Office

Shrimp Can Use His Ammunition Again



FOOD FOR FANS
COOKED AND SERVED BY Shaner's Shanty

SOMETHING DID HAPPEN AT ME YESTERDAY— SHRIMP FLYNN BUMPED ME WITH A NO ACCOUNT APPLE RIGHT ON THE BEEZER!

THE SOUTHIES BEATED THE GIANTS YESTERDAY

STANDING OF THEM THERE CLUBS

	W.	L.	P. C.
GIANTS	24	14	.632
HINKIES	21	17	.553
SOUTHIES	20	18	.526
OLEAS	12	26	.333

SHANER'S GOOGLY DEPT

SHANER'S HINTS. TO YOUNG MEN No. 16 DON'T SLIDE DOWN BOARDS WITH NAILS IN THEM.

Answer to yesterday's WHERE DID NOAH STRIKE THE FIRST NAIL IN THE ARK? - RIGHT ON THE HEAD, THAT'S WHERE. RIGHT ON THE BEAN.

Here's one for to-day FROM ISIDORE FIEDELHOLTZ U. S. A.

WHY IS A LAZY DOG LIKE A HILL?

Pelky in No Hurry to Fight

Theatrical Tour Awaits Champ

By W. W. Naughton.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Arthur Pelky, the new white heavyweight champion, possesses most of the facial characteristics of the professional pugilist, but it can scarcely be said that he has a fighting eye.

Now, do not misunderstand me.

There is nothing in Pelky's look to suggest that he is lacking in courage, but, sizing him up as he sat in my den yesterday, I could not help thinking how different he was from other brand-new champions I had known. In most cases the eye of a freshly-fledged champ glints with a mixture of pride and defiance. If looks could be construed into words the look to which I refer would read, "I can lick anything that walks in two shoes."

Pelky's eyes are large and dark—the eyes of a man who broods. To me it almost seemed as if the shadow of that fearful experience he had in the ring at Calgary was still upon him. The suspicion was confirmed by his evident reluctance to talk about the recent past and his palpable inclination to talk about ringmen other than himself. To the majority of champions the recital of how they won their spurs gives unbounded pleasure. To Pelky the recollection brings a shudder.

* * *

PELKY is tall, squarely built and has a strong jaw and large, firmly-knit hands. He is big enough to tackle anything in human shape. He is here with Tommy Burns, once world's champion in his own right, but now fallen into flesh and quite content to be known as a connoisseur.

Tommy is Pelky's manager, and the manner in which Burns discovered that Pelky was worth managing was not the least interesting thing he had to tell. Pelky went to Calgary to box six rounds with Burns. While the affair was in progress the beauties of Pelky's character as a fighter unfolded to Tommy. At the end of the bout Tommy was all in, and an hour later Tommy was Pelky's manager.

"We are in no hurry to make matches," said Burns. "We have twelve weeks' work in the theaters, beginning at Pantages next week, and in the meantime the Gunboat Smith-Jim Flynn match will be decided and the winner will stand forth as a challenger of Pelky. If Smith wins, and I think he will——"

"Pardon me," said Pelky in a soft-voiced way. "I think Flynn will defeat Smith."

"Well, anyway, you'll be ready to sign with the winner," resumed Tommy.

"And if it is Smith you'll like it all the better. You have always wanted to box him, haven't you?"

Pelky nodded his approval.

* * *

BURNS and Pelky were reminded that Sam Langford, the negro pugilist, is back from Australia, and were asked how overtures for a Pelky-Langford match would be regarded.

"I want it to be understood that I will never box a colored man," said Pelky. "Some time ago, when the promoters of the country decided to discourage the making of mixed matches and contests were arranged to decide who was the white heavyweight champion, I thought it one of the best moves ever made in pugilism. I am still of that way of thinking. I call myself the white champion, and feel that I have every right to do so, but if the public took the stand that I ought to accept matches with negroes, I'd be willing to drop out of the game entirely."

* * *

"I THINK he's right," said Burns. "Of course I fought a negro when I met Jack Johnson, but if I had my time to go over again he would wait a long time for a match. To tell the truth, I never wanted to fight Johnson. I was offered big money by the National Club of London, and I turned it down. When I went to Australia and the question came up again, I said that I wanted every cent of $30,000 before I'd go into the ring with Johnson. It was a lot of money, but McIntosh produced it, and then there was no getting out of it, so far as I was concerned.

"And talking of public opinion in such matters, I have lived to learn that a fighter should not lay too much stress upon public opinion. It shifts and veers too much. Before I boxed Johnson I used to receive letters taunting me with being afraid to meet the negro. After I went against him and lost my title the letters still came in. But their tone had changed. I was reviled for having given a negro a chance at the championship."

* * *

WHEN matchmaking is in order, it is just possible that a trip to Australia will be included in the Burns-Pelky itinerary. In response to a message from out yonder, Burns has cabled that Pelky will be willing to take the journey and engage in a series of three fights.

Tommy has named as possible opponents for Pelky: Jim Flynn, Jess Willard, Jim Coffey, Al Palzer and Gunboat Smith.

Sports and Such

B. JOHNSON'S RAGE.
(In one week.)

FIRST DAY.

THE Magnate tore his seldom hair
And roared in fearsome rage:
"What's this? Ye gods; What this
I lamp upon the sporting page?
Jake Stahl is canned—my own pick—Jake!
Oh, gimme room to cuss!
I'll show those Boston guys they can't
Make us ridiculous!"

THIRD DAY.

The Magnate speeded to the West—
The wild news speeded, too;
In Cleveland he was cornered by
Reporters quite a few.
"Ahem!" he said. "About Jake Stahl—
I do not care to state
My full conclusions at this time—
I must investigate."

SEVENTH DAY.

At last he makes his lakeside home;
And Fandom stands agog
To see the mighty gun swear put
Those ingrates on the hog!
And now the crushing sentence comes—
With quite some "pshaw" and "pish"—
"In this I can not interfere.
E'en if I had the wish!"

* * *

JIM FLYNN says without a smile that he is "going to train" for his fight with Gunboat Smith.

* * *

THERE IS TALK OF PRE-serving Hans Wagner's uniform in a Pittsburg museum. Posterity's grasp of our national game would be safe if added to this were Ty Cobb's spikes, McGraw's vocabulary and the skull of the peanut butcher. Any fan will be glad to contribute the latter.

* * *

JADED.

How can I get excited
When the "Standing of the Clubs"
Shows the Giants and Athletics—
And an awful flock of dubs!

* * *

BEFORE FRANK CHANCE buys any more ball players it might be well to fire the club trainer and hire a consulting chiropodist.

* * *

EVERS HAS BENCHED BRESnahan for disobedience, the only wonder being that in that combination someone was not benched or biffed long since.

BROWN COMES BACK, HURLS IN OLD-TIME FORM

MORDECAI BROWN is not through. In fact, it looks as if Manager Joe Tinker, of the Reds, said very true words when in the spring he claimed that the three-fingered wonder still had a lot of good baseball left in him. True, Brown is not hurling the kind of ball he did several seasons ago, but just the same, Johnny Evers could use him at present, and to good advantage.

After Brown had helped the Cubs to four pennants and two world's championships, his arm went to the bad in 1912. When the off season came, C. Webb Murphy thought he would not need the three-fingered boy any more, and shipped him to the minors.

But Joe Tinker, new manager of the Reds, thought different. Joe was with "Brownie" a long time, and when he was shipped to the A. A., he and Garry Herrmann arranged a deal whereby Miner would come back to the National League. And it looks as if they made no error in securing Brown.

Beats Old Mates Twice.

Maybe now C. Webb Murphy and Johnny Evers see they made a big mistake in releasing the former star of the Cubs. Recently when the Reds were playing the Bruins, the three-fingered hurler took a pair of games from Johnny Evers' gang, one of them being a shutout, in which only six base knocks were made off him.

When Tinker secured Brown, it was for the simple reason to use him as a coach for his young moundmen. He was carried until May 1 before he made his appearance on the firing line. Since the hot weather arrived, though, Brown's good right arm seems to be as good as ever, and he is taking his regular turn on the mound for his club.

Has Good Record.

Although Brown is not winning as regular or working quite as often as he did a few years back, he has a record which is far better than the one owned by his club.

Miner has won seven games and lost six this campaign. That's a percentage of .538. The Reds own a mark of .380, so it can be seen that Brownie is 158 points ahead of his team.

So far this season Brown has appeared in 22 games, being used as a relief hurler most of the time. In these 22 contests he has worked 95 innings.

BASEBALL
Diamond News and Gossip

Ty Cobb and Joe Jackson are running neck-and-neck for the slugging honors in the American League. The Georgia Peach has closed up the gap on the Shoeless One, and from now on it will be a battle to the finish.

* * *

It looks as if Rube Marquard is going to try to beat his record of nineteen straight games won, made last season. The $11,000 beauty annexed his ninth straight yesterday and is pitching in better from than he was a year ago.

* * *

In a sea of mud, the Giants and St. Louis battled for seven innings, with the Giants on the long side of the score. Then the deluge came and the game was called. The second part of the double-header also had to be called off.

* * *

The Dodgers are trying hard to get back in the first division. They shoved the Reds back twice yesterday and a victory to-day, with a defeat for the Pirates, will put the teams on even terms at the foot of the leading four.

* * *

Bert Garden, of the Roanoke club, established a Virginia League record when he pitched two shut-out games against Newport News. He is the first pitcher in the league to start and finish two full games.

* * *

The Cotton States League pennant race has been won by Jackson. The deciding of a number of protested games against Pensacola did not beat that team out of the pennant, as the club had the bunting cinched.

* * *

Catcher Agnew, of the St. Louis Americans, is rapidly improving from the effects of being hit by a pitched ball during one of the Washington games. He will be out of the game, however, for several weeks.

* * *

Hess' wildness and opportune hitting by the Cubs gave them a close victory over the Braves. Zimmerman returned to the game for the first time since his ankle was injured and displayed his old-time speed and hitting powers.

* * *

A report is in circulation here that Joe Tinker, manager of the Reds, will give up his position at shortstop and direct the fortunes of the club from the bench.

MAGNATE REFUSES TO OBEY COMMISSION'S RULING

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 28.—Henry Berry, president of the Los Angeles baseball club of the Coast League, said to-day he would not obey the baseball law which forbids a class AA team to carry more than twenty players in the middle of the season.

"If the National Commission decided that I should pay a fine I will not do it," said Berry.

Charles Arbogast, a catcher, is expected to join the Los Angeles team to-morrow. This would make 21 players. Berry declared to-day he would not release any of the old men for the reason that three of his players were in the hospital.

Cross-Baldwin Battle To-morrow

Matty Has Great Ring Record

By Harry Gilmore, Jr.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., July 28.—Next in line on the Vernon fistic slate is the twenty-round engagement to-morrow night between Matty Baldwin, of Boston, and Leach Cross, of New York City. What better fistic offering could be asked, barring an immediate championship encounter with Willie Ritchie as one of the principals, than those two crack Eastern lightweights?

Cross and Baldwin have long since been bitter rivals, and after repeated efforts on the part of Eastern promoters to bring them together without avail, they will now settle the old score with twenty rounds in which to bring about a result which should be decisive. Cross has forever found the Bostonian a thorn in his side, and carefully analyzing their respective records it seems he might well have found him a formidable foe.

* * *

BALDWIN has had in excess of 150 fights in the eleven years in which he has been in the ring, and has met the best of the lightweights of recent years, barring the old warrior, Bat Nelson. Baldwin won and lost a 12-round decision to Owen Moran in January and February, respectively, of 1910, when Moran was at his best. He had previously drawn in limited bouts with Tommy Murphy and Abe Attell in New York City, when the foxy Abe and the Harlem scrapper were at the zenith of their careers. He lost to Cross on a foul in eight rounds, May 13, 1910, in New York City, when, it is claimed, he had Cross beaten and practically out. Baldwin visited the coast just two years ago and took Freddie Welsh for twenty rounds at San Francisco, June 23, losing the decision after going the limit. Only two months later he was returned a winner in the twentieth round over the now present champion, Willie Ritchie. In April of 1911 he met Cross for ten rounds in New York, and although a no-decision affair, the press awarded Baldwin the verdict. Baldwin has since drawn with Joe Mandot, and is credited with a fairly even ten rounds just recently with Jack Britton, while best of all, his last engagement, a decisive win over Young Shugrue in New York, speaks his praises. Shugrue took a decision from Cross some months before the latter came West for the Anderson engagement, so on the dope the Boston boy figures very strongly against his Leaches.

* * *

MATTY has completed training for the bout, and shows a confidence that inspires some of the Cross adherents to believe that there is indeed a doubtful chance for their entry; and, from present indications, the getting price will be a pretty even thing.

"I know Cross and his fighting style about as well as any one of the fighters who have met him," said Baldwin in discussing the match. "He knows that I have little fear of any of the wallops that he carries, and when it comes to the rough stuff that is where I have his number, and he knows it. When I took him on in New York I had him bad, and would have finished him had it been a longer bout. With twenty rounds to go, I am satisfied that I can land a decisive victory, and then I want the chance that I have hoped for to clash with Ritchie for the championship."

SWEENEY WILL GET $50 FOR LONG HIT SATURDAY

NEW YORK, July 28.—Ed Sweeney, the big catcher of the Yankees, who had been out of the game on account of injury, won $50 Saturday by hitting the "bull" sign in right field with a fairly batted fly ball. This is the first time the feat has been accomplished since the new Brush stadium was built.

DO YOU ITCH?
If so, use Tetterine. It cures eczema, ground itch, ringworm, itching piles, infant sore head and all other skin troubles. Read what C. B. Hatus, Indianapolis, says:
Enclosed find $1. Send me that value in Tetterine. One box of Tetterine has done more for eczema in my family than $50 worth of other remedies I have tried.
Use Tetterine
It relieves skin trouble that has baffled the best medical skill. It will cure you. Get it to-day—Tetterine.
50c at druggists, or by mail.
SHUPTRINE CO., SAVANNAH, GA.

MONEY
LOANED TO SALARIED MEN AT LAWFUL RATES
ON PROMISSORY NOTES
Without Endorsement
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Without Real Estate Security
NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO.
1211-12 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

CRACKERS FACE HARD FINISH AFTER GULLS

Five Games in Three Days at Home, Then the Final Road Trip.

By O. B. Keeler.

SO, THERE YOU ARE!

Oh, something's got into the eyes of the Crackers,
A-smoking the lamps of our sterling pill-whackers;
Long, agonized shrieks emanate from their backers
Far away in the distance a-viewing it;
We can't get a line on their recent futility;
We know they are swatters of sterling ability,
Who pepper the pill with excessive virility—
Butthecheloftistheyain'tdoingit!

* * *

DESPITE the charitable interference of the weather man on a number of occasions, our brave la-a-ads (tremolo stop) continue to skid recklessly toward the second division. Only the Barons remain betwixt them and the lid, which position is thinly occupied by the dejected Lookouts.

It would be entirely possible, depending on what happens to Birmingham and Chattanooga, for the Crackers to detrain in this town Thursday, installed as leaders of the basement quartet.

Of course, the Gulls and their doings cut the deepest into the calculations. They have been tough for the Crackers all season, and, with the race in its present scrambled condition, there is no reason to suspect they will suddenly become docile.

Passing over the Gulls with a respectful nod, then, it may be just as well to look over the remaining prospects of the season.

* * *

NO matter in what shape the Smithmen return Thursday, they will confront the proposition of taking on the Volunteers for five games in three days, the same being Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

The situation of the Vols in the league standing is not dignified enough to inspire much reverence. But it must be recalled that Schwartz has some raw material on hand which he naturally will be eager to shoot. And some of it may be loaded.

Then there is the question of twoply entertainments.

In the face of what happened recently in Montgomery, we insist that the conventional method of prorating a double bill is for each side to take one. And that is precisely what the Crackers do not require just now—and won't require the latter part of this week.

Five or six games back of the lead, Bill Smith's hands need two out of three from now on—and a shade more wouldn't hurt.

One double-header is regularly scheduled for Friday afternoon. The league program is responsible for that. Then there is a tie contest holding over from the last visit of the Vols. That probably will be shot off Thursday, by way of openers.

Anyway, if the sky can be caulked, there's a furious little series booked for the last three days in this week.

* * *

THEN the Crackers hit the "Trail of the Lonesome Nine" once more.

Chattanooga first, for three games, August 4, 5 and 6. Then the final visit to Nashville, which may witness the playing off of the well known disputed contest earlier in the season. The closing road games of the season of 1913 will be played in Birmingham, August 11, 12 and 13.

* * *

HOME again, for a little house party at which every club in the league will be on the guest list except Nashville.

There are 22 games scheduled for the grand finale, and four tied or postponed affairs. They will be played in this order: Chattanooga 4; Birmingham 3; New Orleans 6; Mobile 4; and Chattanooga again for one game, September 6.

But in the meantime, there is Mobile.

* * *

AND it is possible that Billy Smith was figuring on that long home wind-up, with the chance to land the flag in a grueling finish, when he signed the giant southpaw, Love, leading slabman of the Cotton States League.

Love will make the third forkhander on the Cracker firing line. With an equal number of right-handers, Billy can settle down on the home lot and dare all of 'em to knock off the chip. It won't make much difference whether the opposition sports a majority of portsiders or not. Bill will be loaded for both kinds of game.

* * *

THE new cock-eye is six and a half feet long and comes up with a savory reputation that includes 20 firsts out of 29 starts in the Cotton States. He has a no-hit, no-run game on his list, and four consecutive shut-outs, in the directing of which he issued only three bases on balls. Control is said to be his best bet.

That sounds encouraging, anyway.

POOR ABIE IS THROUGH; HAS LITTLE CLASS LEFT

NEW YORK, July 28.—Abie Attell had better give up the Queensberry pastime. Abe has something left in the ducking and the nodding of the head in getting away from some wicked punches, but that is about all.

His latest opponent was Willie Beecher, the well-known mitt man of the East Side, and the contest took place at the Atlantic Athletic Club of Rockaway. There was a rather good gathering of the fight fans. They were of the opinion that Abe would hand out some of that old championship stuff that made him famous in the days of long ago. The person who suffered the most at the bout was Referee Draycott. Abe's judgment of distance was bad in the fifth, sixth and eighth rounds, and he whanged the judge three times.

The winner of the bout was Beecher. The latter, after finding out that Attell was not there any more, chased Abe around the ring, and Beecher had a difficult time in catching his opponent. Beecher did his best work in the sixth and seventh rounds. From the fifth round to the finish, Beecher was the busy man and he had enough lead in the first five to give him the fight. All that Abe had was a bad lip as he came out of the ring.

GEORGIAN SPORTS COVERED by EXPERTS

Polly and Her Pals

Copyright, 1913, International News Service.

And Pa Kept Right on Smoking



KRAZY KAT

Isn't Krazy Just the Kraziest Feline?



VETERAN COACH GREAT HELP TO JOE BOEHLING

By Senator.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Quiet, observing everything, but saying little, always ready with a cheering word for some youngster to turn a rebuke into a joke, Jack Ryan, the veteran backstop and scout, is one of the uplifting influences among the Washington Senators. He isn't going around with banners flying, proclaiming his deeds from every housetop, but he is the man who has made it possible for Joe Boehling to pitch winning ball.

After much haggling to no end, the writer succeeded in getting Ryan to explain the system he has taught Boehling and is now teaching Joe Engel. He belittled even that system, notwithstanding Boehling's success since he began following the veteran's advice.

"It's a simple thing," finally broke out Ryan. "I began teaching those two kids this spring at Charlottesville. They were wild as hawks and careless of following directions. I noticed that all they ever did when they went into the box was to wind up and let her go. They didn't take even enough time to see where the plate was.

* * *

"SO I said to Boehling one day: 'Take your time. Think about every ball you pitch. Try to do something with it. Aim at something. Pay the closest attention to your stride. Then you will get control, and that's all you need to ge a good pitcher.'

"Well, at first Boehling couldn't understand these directions. He would forget what he had to do. Griff kept me working with him constantly, however, and finally I got Joe where he could think of all these things at the same time. Immediately he began to pitch winning ball, and he will continue just so long as he follows those directions.

"It was the same way with Engel. He is fully equipped to be a winning pitcher. I never saw a better-looking youngster in baseball. But he didn't know anything about his job. He never considered what he had to do. He pitched into the stride used by the other pitcher, even if it were two feet short of his own. It was impossible for him to win that way. He couldn't get his 'stuff' on the ball. I kept insisting on his using proper stride and thinking about every ball that left his hand. That's all pitching amounts to, granting that you have speed and a curve ball. But it was hard for those kids to understand this, and it took a lot of time before they got it into their heads.

And this is all that Jack Ryan has to say about his making two good pitchers for the Climbers.

* * *

WHEN you think it over, Ryan ought to be a wise counselor for young fellows. He has been in baseball 28 years, starting when a mere kid. In all that time he has never learned to drink or smoke. His personal habits are irreproachable, his example for young players a thing for the gods. Manager Griffith could not have ogtained a better coach for his youngsters. Seldom does he use a harsh word, never a profane. Never does he criticise a player on any other team.

Ryan's last active service was as manager of the Jersey City club of the Eastern, now the International League. There he worked behind the bat regularly, always maintaining a high average. He broke in with the Baltimore team when it was composed of thugs and knockout men. Always quiet, he had to fight to remain with the Orioles. And he fought and stayed. Later he saw several years of service under Frank Selee on the Boston club. He was captain of the Detroit American League team in 1902, finally drifting to the minors, where he managed several teams, ending with Jersey City.

ALPERMAN HAS APPENDIX CUT; OUT FOR A YEAR

MOBILE, ALA., July 28.—Whitey Alperman, field captain and second baseman of the Crackers, was operated on this noon in a local hospital for appendicitis.

As a result of the operation, Alperman will not be able to play again this season. This is a severe blow to Manager Billy Smith, as it practically kills whatever chance the Atlanta team has of winning the pennant.

Alperman was out of the game yesterday. He complained of severe pains in his right side. Last night a local physician was called, but was unable to diagnose the case until this morning.

Manush will probably cover the keystone sack the remainder of the season.

Sporting Food

By GEORGE E. PHAIR.

YACHTING DE LUXE.

Oh, would I were a sailor
Upon the rolling seas,
And beat it hence from spot to spot
Upon my large and gilded yacht,
Nor cared for any breeze.

Oh, would I were a sailor
Upon the billows blest,
And I could say: "Come hither, Steve!
I have a thirst thou shouldst retrieve,"
And he would do the rest.

Oh, would I were a sailor
And owned a yacht of steam.
But one must be a pirate bold
And trim the landsman of his gold
To realize that dream.

Every time a fight manager offers to bet $10,000 one is led to wonder whether Confederate money still is being used.

A doctor having discovered that no bones are broken in Heinie Zim's ankle, the inference is that his ankle bones are made of the same substance as his head.

An X-Ray examination of the Great Zim reveals the fact that his temperament is suffering from a malignant attack of gout.

When one learns that Hal Chase has made five boots in one game, one will not be surprised to hear that Joe Dunn has swiped five bases in the same interval.

The latest scandal in the Sport of Kings in England merely reflects the spirit of the times. A king these days is looked upon generally as a nine-spot.

It is claimed in England that the prevalence of foul riding there is due to the American style of wearing short stirrups. Even our English brethren have learned to pass the buck.

Bill Peet, a Washington scout, says he discovered Joe Boehling, and seven American League teams have discovered that Bill Peet is some discoverer.

Suggestion to Milwaukee sporting editors: Why not organize a few boxing clubs?

It still is early to pass judgment on Laverne Chappelle, but up to date he has earned approximately $1.75 of his purchase price.

Members of Frank Chance's team wear black sweaters, but even that does not fill the bill. What they need is crepe.

On the theory that misery loves company, Boston and St. Louis baseball bugs may organize a Mutual Sympathy Society.

ACCENT ON THE "OH!"

Eight little managers,
Seated in a row,
Connie Mack said: "Coombs is back!"
All the rest said: "Oh!"

How Fogel Will Wreck Majors

Dryden Makes Big "Discovery"

Charles Dryden.

HONORABLE HORACE FOGEL is getting ready to absorb both big circuits and put the magnates on the bum. He has said it, and what Horace says goes. As the present major leagues are a joke, Horace will start a lieutenant-colonel league for a change, grabbing off all the star talent now employed grinding out the national pastime.

The new organization should be accomplished without much trouble. Mr. Fogel talked himself out of the old league, and he is now engaged asking himself into the new one, or lieutenant-colonel league, to distinguish it from the old majors. Horace has his towns for the circuit booked out already yet once. They are New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Chicago and St. Louis. That makes seven, and they need one more. The eighth city will be either Boston, Indianapolis or Kansas City. If Horace included both Boston and Kansas City, look what a fine jump the athletes would have from Boston to play a Sunday game at Kansas City.

Backers of New League Named.

The financial backers of the lieutenant-colonel league are said to be Otto Steifel, of St. Louis, and Jeff Livingston, the well-known pickle expert of Cincinnati. Mr. Steifel is behind the Federal League at St. Louis, and Mr. Livingston is in the pickle and tomato ketchup line at Cincy. They are to furnish the money, and Horace will supply the words. It is claimed that Horace has landed all the stars worth having in the two major circuits, but the statement is discredited, because Tom Needham has not been signed by the lieutenant-colonels. We are inclined to believe that if there were anything in the new organization, Mr. Needham would not have been overlooked. If Tom is not a star, where could they find one?

Be that as it may, the lieutenant-colonel league will be in full operation next spring, and the magnates of the two so-called major leagues will be begging for peanut concessions and hot dog stands in the parks of the new baseball body. They made a goat of Horace, and now he is getting back at them.

His Investigation Sidetracked.

His investigation of the trust was sidetracked, and just for that the National and American must get out of business for all time. By next Fourth of July we will hear of Pittsburg, New York and Cleveland selling their new steel stands for old iron. It is an awful picture to contemplate, but the magnates showed Horace no mercy, and he is determined not to spare them in the hour of retribution. Otherwise Horace is a mighty good fellow.

P. S.—Mr. Fogel has prepared an advance statement of 8,000 words in reference to the new league, which statement was to have been released simultaneously with a lot of papers on July 7.

Double P. S.—We do not know why the statement was not released on July 7.

BASEBALL SUMMARY

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Games Monday.

Atlanta at Mobile.
Birmingham at New Orleans.
Nashville at Memphis.
Chattanooga at Montgomery.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Mont.	59	40	.596	Chat.	49	47	.510
Mobile	60	44	.577	M'phis.	49	55	.471
Atlanta	50	44	.532	N'ville.	41	56	.427
B'ham.	50	46	.521	N. Or.	34	60	.366

Sunday's Results.

Mobile 2, Atlanta 1.
Birmingham 4-3, New Orleans 0-4.
Montgomery 3, Chattanooga 2.
Memphis 4, Nashville 2.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Games Monday.

Macon at Charleston.
Albany at Columbus.
Savannah at Jacksonville.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
C'bus.	18	9	.692	Albany	13	15	.464
Sav'n'h.	16	10	.615	Chas'n.	12	17	.378
J'ville.	13	14	.481	Macon	10	17	.370

Sunday's Results.

No games scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Games Monday.

St. Louis at Washington.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at New York.
Chicago at Boston.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Phila.	65	28	.699	Boston	44	46	.489
C'land.	56	38	.596	Detroit	40	53	.408
W'ton.	54	39	.581	S. Louis	38	61	.388
Chicago	51	47	.520	N. York	29	60	.326

Sunday's Results.

No games scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Games Monday.

Philadelphia at Pittsburg.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.
New York at St. Louis.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
N. Y.	62	27	.626	B'klyn.	42	43	.494
Phila.	51	34	.600	Boston	38	50	.432
Chicago	47	44	.516	S. Louis	36	55	.396
P'burg.	45	44	.506	C'nati.	35	59	.380

Sunday's Results.

Brooklyn 7-8, Cincinnati 4-1.
Chicago 6, Boston 5.
New York 2, St. Louis 1.

EMPIRE STATE LEAGUE.

Games Monday.

Cordele at Thomasville.
Valdosta at Waycross.
Americus at Brunswick.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
C'dele	15	10	.600	V'dosta.	12	12	.500
T'ville.	13	11	.542	A'cus.	11	14	.440
B'wick.	13	11	.542	W'cross.	9	15	.376

Sunday's Results.

No games scheduled.

GEORGIA-ALABAMA LEAGUE.

Games Monday.

Talladega at Opelika.
Gadsden at LaGrange.
Anniston at Newnan.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Gadsden	41	34	.569	L'G'ge	35	36	.493
Newnan	38	33	.535	An'ton.	33	40	.452
Opelika	37	35	.514	T'dega.	32	41	.438

Sunday's Results.

No games scheduled.

OTHER RESULTS.

Texas League.

Dallas 9-7, Beaumont 2-2.
Galveston 3-0, Fort Worth 3-3.
Waco 12-8, San Antonio 3-3.
Houston 2-3, Austin 1-4.

American Association.

Toledo 3-3, Louisville 1-5.
Kansas City 8, Milwaukee 2.
Indianapolis 2-4, Columbus 1-2.
St. Paul 3, Minneapolis 2.

International League.

Montreal 6, Baltimore 5.
Buffalo 6, Providence 5.

Federal League.

Cleveland 11, Indianapolis 1.
Chicago 12, Kansas City 5.

WELLS TO BOX MOIR.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Bombardier Wells, English heavyweight champion, has been signed to meet Gunner Moir in a twenty-round bout at the Canterbury Music Hall in London September 3. Wells is signed to box twenty rounds with Bandsman Rice, another English heavyweight, in London on September 17.

CLABBY VS. PAPKE.

DENVER, COLO., July 25.—Articles have been signed for a ten-round bout between Jimmy Clabby, the Milwaukee middleweight, and Billy Papke, of Kewanee, Ill., to be held at the Denver A. C. on August 11.

GULLS DRAW THOMPSON IN GAME TO-DAY

By Joe Agler.

MOBILE, ALA., July 28.—The Gulls, ably assisted by a person named Monk, who was not in uniform, managed to cop the jump game of this series yesterday in spite of a grand exhibition of pitching by Dent and plucky defensive play by a badly crippled Cracker team. Thompson and Dunn will be the battery to-day, and we are going to try to get even.

Dent pitched one of his best games since joining the Crackers, and deserved to win. But the attack of his mates was not sufficient to overcome a one-run lead, and Hogg, who also pitched excellent ball, finished in front, 2 to 1, the result setting the Crackers down another full game in the pennant chase, as Montgomery also won.

Bill Bailey was examined by an X-ray specialist here and it was shown that he is suffering from a fractured rib, which will keep him out of the line-up several days. Whitey Alperman was taken suddenly ill with what appeared to be a touch of appendicitis, and was unable to play yesterday, but probably will try to work in this afternoon's game.

The worst feature of the contest yesterday was the arrest of Joe Dunn, at the instance of a person named Monk, who is interested in the Mobile club, the way I understand the matter. Joe was charged with swearing while arguing with Umpire Wright about a hit Joe thought was foul. Wright says Joe didn't swear, Catcher Schmidt says the same thing and so do all the players who were in hearing of the argument. But Joe was lugged off the field and Chapman had to come in from right to take his place, while Gilbert Price went to the outer works.

Joe wasn't locked up. Friends promptly arranged for bond, and he will be back in the game this afternoon.

Dunn Fined $5 for "Cussing" Umpire

MOBILE, ALA., July 28.—Joe Dunn, the heavy backstop of the Crackers, who was arrested yesterday at the ball park during the game between Atlanta and Mobile clubs, on a charge of using profane language was fined $5 in the Recorder's Court here this morning. Joseph paid.

The Recorder gave Dunn the preference of spending ten days in the workhouse or paying $5. "It is too hot these days to stay indoors so long," said the catcher, as he passed the "five iron men" over. "But I guess the judge wanted me to coach the rock-pile team at that," added Joe.

DODGE MAY GO TO VOLS; INDIANS SECURE NELSON

CINCINNATI, July 28.—Pitcher Albert Nelson, who was sold by the Reds to Nashville, but refused to report there, has been disposed of to Indianapolis. The Cincinnati club will send Nashville another player in place of Nelson, possibly Infielder Dodge, recently secured from the Phillies in exchange for Becker.

YOUNGSTERS FOR BLOOMINGTON.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., July 28.—The Bloomington management, in an effort to check the losing streak of its club, has signed two promising youngsters. They are Outfielder Ralph Craig, of Sioux City, and Pitcher John Duggan, of the Southern League.

NAPS GET NEW PLAYER.

DECATUR, ILL., July 28.—The sale is announced of Dick Staley, first baseman of the Danville baseball club, to the Cleveland Americans for $2,500.

Atlanta Should Have Polo Club

Will Introduce Game August 6

THE most rabid polo'st's appetite will be satisfied at Fort McPherson on Wednesday afternoon, August 6.

Here are some of the events carded by those interested in the plan to form the Atlanta Polo Club:

Polo match between the Fort McPherson quartet and an All-Southern team, which will consist of Tom Weaver, Lamar Hill, Dr. J. O. Seamans, local players, and experts from surrounding Southern clubs.

A tug-of-war on polo ponies.

A polo pony race.

A "polo pony" musical program furnished by the Fort McPherson military band.

A "polo pony" concert by Company M Glee Club.

And in hope of encouraging those who will be unable to attend to become interested in the game, moving pictures will be taken of the struggle and thrown on local screens a day or two after the match.

It will be the biggest society event ever held in Atlanta. It is to be hoped that the game will "take strong," for if it does, the Atlanta Polo Club will surely be formed.

A big tract of land will be purchased and a clubhouse erected. There are enough Atlantans who play the game to form an excellent team with very little coaching. Within a very few months the local club could arrange games with teams from all parts of the country, and not be afraid of defeat.

A worthy aim would be to develop players for the International Cup team. New Yorkers have had this all to themselves for some time, but Atlanta, like Camden, Augusta and Jacksonville, could in time probably develop some "big leaguers."

RINGSIDE NOTES

Jack White has finally secured a match with Johnny Dundee. Tom McCarey signed the pair yesterday to meet in a 20-round bout at his Vernon arena on August 12. They are to box at catch weights.

* * *

Coast fans are looking for Matty Baldwin to give Leach Cross a tough argument when the two lightweights get together at Los Angeles to-morrow night. Matty's great fights against Freddie Welsh and Willie Ritchie are still remembered by the Pacific coasters.

* * *

Ad Wolgast, Willie Ritchie, Johnny Dundee, Joe Rivers and Jack White will be at the ringside when Cross and Baldwin exchange blows. All these boys have big followers out West.

* * *

Sam Langford and Joe Jeannette have been matched to box twenty rounds at Los Angeles on September 29.

* * *

Johnny Kilbane, who has been holdfast to his title as featherweight champion, says that he is going to tour the world after visiting Ireland, and will meet all the good boys as he goes along. Perhaps he can find some amusement and some dollars scattered in his pathway.

* * *

Mike Saul is one fighter who thinks Kid Young can defeat Charlie Lee, providing the fighting newsboy gets into shape. Saul refereed the former's match between the pair and says condition is all that kept Young from winning.

* * *

Spider Britt is walking the streets with a chip on his shoulders these days. Spider wants to know why the fighters around here are continually dodging a match with him. Britt is anxious to get on with Lee or Young and says he will give either of them a neat side bet.

* * *

Billy Lutz, manager of Eddie Hanlon, has a few words to say regarding Mike Saul. Lutz called at the Georgian Sporting department yesterday and said that he would gladly send his protege against Mike, if the latter will agree to let Eddie weigh 133 pounds at 3 o'clock. Billy is also prepared to put up $25 to go as a weight forfeit and side bet. Billy wants to meet Saul at this office this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

* * *

Jack Britton appears to be the easiest lightweight in the world to deal with when it comes to making a match. Britton is always ready to take on the best of them, while his manager, Danny Morgan, stands by with a few nickels to wager on his protege's chances.

* * *

The proposed return scrap between Johnny Williams and Eddie Campi at Los Angeles has been called off and Williams, accompanied by his manager, Sammy Harris, has left for New York. Williams asked $3,000 for his services, a sum that McCarey refused to grant.

Carl Morris, the Oklahoma heavyweight, knocked out Al Benedict in the fifth round of a scheduled 15-round go the other night.

OHNE WINS RACE.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Paul Ohne, of Brooklyn, won the three-cornered match race at Brighton Motodrome last night, thereby earning the right to meet Arthur Chappelle, the champion motorcyclist.



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GOOD WORK means more practice and lower prices.

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ROBBER'S ROLE TOO MUCH FOR DETECTIVE

Man Who Trapped Reeves and Miller Says It Is Exciting, but Once Is Enough.

Playing burglar for six weeks in the interest of society is a "ticklish business," according to J. A. Harris, former railroad detective. He says he doesn't want to try it again.

Harris, whose identity has just been disclosed, is the man who caused the undoing of T. W. Reeves and R. W. Miller, accused as the leaders of a burglar band and who are now in the Tower facing numerous charges. Working as a pal side by side with Reeves and Miller in different jobs, Harris obtained information that enabled city detectives to run the alleged burglars to earth last week.

Detectives say Harris' feat is one of the most daring ever attempted in this section in an effort to bag criminals. Harris' own story in court of how he acted the role of burglar follows:

"My part in this affair has been solely to aid the detectives in rounding up these men, who I felt were a menace to society. I have known Reeves and Miller for some time. A few weeks ago I was approached by them to join in a plan to rob. They told me they were making lots of money, and making it easy, and that they were in no danger; that they were getting away with their game for the reason that they were both above suspicion. I saw that here was an opportunity to do a good turn, and I immediately took hold of it. I told them I would like to make some of this easy money, and fell for their game—at least, I convinced them I did.

"They seemed to trust me implicitly, and I was soon completely in their confidence.

"When I realized that they meant business and that I really could become a fake burglar, my next step was to report to Chief of Detectives Lanford. I assured the Chief I could trap this gang, and he told me to go ahead and work the game for all it was worth. I would meet with Reeves and Miller, we would discuss and frame up possible jobs, and I would report to Chief Lanford as quickly as possible.

"I made daily reports to the Chief, putting him wise to every move being made by the gang. Sometimes I would meet the Chief at his home and sometimes I would slip down to his office in the police station. But I would never risk the telephone.

"The night Reeves and Miller were captured in Gober's store in Carroll street I was along and made my escape from the store. Of course, the detectives let me get away. As I dashed away from the store I heard several pistol shots—the detectives were shooting into the air.

"But I've got enough now—I don't want another job like this."

$1,400 Guarantee Of Wedded Bliss

ROCHESTER, MINN., July 28.—That the son will make a model husband and the daughter a faithful and obedient wife are the pledges of the fathers of Cassian Bart and Elizabeth Blodi, members of well-known families near here, who are soon to be wedded.

A bond was signed by each father. Bart promising that his son will not loaf, gamble, drink, play pool or dance with young women, his pledge being a $700 farm.

The father of the bride-elect deposited a cash bond of $700 that his daughter will not gossip, run around with other men and will cook to her husband's satisfaction.

'Artificial' Wine Must Be Labeled

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Secretary of Agriculture Houston has informed the California members of Congress that he will require all artificial wine sold in interstate commerce to carry labels showing the compounds of which it is made.

He states that his department will not be able to control the wine which is shipped into States in bulk and there fraudulently re-bottled and labeled.

COMMITS SUICIDE IN RIVER.

COLUMBUS.—Mrs. Mary Smallwood, aged 35, wife of M. R. Smallwood, a city employee, committed suicide last night by jumping into the Chattahoochee River. Her body was recovered to-day. Her mind was affected.

Climate Failed; Medicine Effective

Rest, fresh air and well-cooked, nourishing food do help many persons suffering with Lung Trouble. But in many cases the disease is only temporarily "arrested," and something more is needed. Eckman's Alterative is a medicine for Throat and Lung Troubles and has brought about many complete recoveries—in many cases where the surroundings were not ideal. Judging by the many reports of recoveries received, we believe it should be used in every case of Lung Trouble. A remarkable case follows:

Weldon, Ill.

"My Dear Sir: Through your instrumentality I have been saved from a premature grave. On December 14, 1904, I was taken with Typhoid Pneumonia which developed into Consumption. In February, 1905, I went to Fort Worth, Texas, and later to Canon City, Colorado. After being there two weeks, my physician informed me that my case was hopeless. Three weeks later I returned home, weighing 103 pounds, the doctor having given me no assurance of reaching there alive.

"On July 14, 1905, I began taking Eckman's wonderful remedy for Consumption. To-day I weigh 158 pounds. I am stout and well and can do any kind of work about my grain elevator."

(Affidavit) ARTHUR WEBB.

(Above abbreviated; more on request.)

Eckman's Alterative has been proven by many years' test to be most efficacious in cases of severe Throat and Lung Affections, Bronchitis, Bronchial Asthma, Stubborn Colds and in upbuilding the system. Does not contain narcotics, poisons or habit-forming drugs. For sale by all of Jacobs' Drug Stores and other leading druggists. Write the Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia, Pa., for booklet telling of recoveries and additional evidence.

Urges Bathing Skirts For 'Unshapely' Men

CHICAGO, July 28.—A legal fight was started to-day by Dr. Rosalie M. Ladova, who was arrested at a park bathing beach because she appeared in a Sunday afternoon crowd of swimmers in bloomers.

"Women can not swim well in skirts," said Dr. Ladova to-day. "Their figures are rounded so that they do not need as thorough covering as men. Men bathers go about almost naked. Their hideous figures should be covered from their necks to their toes. They should be compelled to wear the skirts."

DIXIE MEN HELD ON COAST.

PASADENA, CAL., July 28.—James Hutton and Louis Cole, claiming Kentucky as their home, are under arrest here, caught in the act of robbing the old residence of the late E. J. (Lucky) Baldwin at Arcadia.



Lo Bowden, Athens, Ga.

SIDELIGHTS ON POLITICS

By JAMES B. NEVIN.

There seems to be little, if any, doubt that the Legislature is to hurry along the general tax act, just as it has hurried along the general appropriations bill.

There are, counting to-day, exactly fourteen working days left to the Legislature's credit. This does not include two Saturdays and two Sundays, however.

It, therefore, may be seen that the Legislature can, if it will, place both the appropriations bill and the tax acts—the general tax act, at least—in the hands of the Executive ten days ahead of adjournment, as he has requested.

If this is done—and it likely will be done—the present Legislature will have accomplished a record of speed never before equaled in the history of the State.

Despite all the complaining and criticism to the contrary, the present Legislature has been the most prompt, within the memory of any Georgian, in the matter of passing the two vitally big and necessary measures of the session—the general appropriations bill and the general tax act.

Credit must be awarded the committee heads, the committees and the Speaker for this remarkable achievement, and President Anderson has given his assurance that the promptness of the House shall be duplicated in the Senate this week and next.

Taken altogether, the record of the Legislature as made up for this session is all right and a credit.

It is, indeed, far better than usual.

Mr. Shuptrine, of Chatham, is very much opposed to the measure permitting the addition of a kindergarten system to the public schools of the State.

Mr. Shuptrine does not believe the Constitution of the State contemplates anything of the kind, and, moreover, he thinks it would be but the first step in the direction of greatly expanding the school fund, already smaller than the necessities of the State seem to warrant.

"If we permit this innovation, not warranted in the fundamental law at all, we shall have application made within the life of the present Legislature, perhaps, for more funds to meet the kindergarten requirements," said Mr. Shuptrine to-day.

"I know that it is proposed to add this feature to the school system without additional appropriations to cover it, but that is merely a sop to get the bill on the statute books. Once we inaugurate this system, we shall have to take care of it, and it will be argued that funds as now appropriated are not sufficient to handle the new department.

"Georgia already is dealing most generously with her schools—she is straining the limit to take care of them—and I am not complaining so much about that. But I do think it would be a sad mistake to add any further burdens to her budget—and certainly along the line of providing public education to tots from 4 to 6 years of age."

Senator M. C. Tarver has abandoned for the present his effort to get the Representatives and Senators of the various counties affected, interested in the proposed Chickamauga judicial circuit.

"The bill could not be passed at this session," said Mr. Tarver, "for several of the Representatives of the counties proposed for the new circuit are opposed to any change of the present arrangement. Others, while desiring a change, couldn't get together on an arrangement of counties that was mutually satisfactory."

Mr. Searcey's bill to make the buyer and the seller equally guilty in "blind tiger" cases, was killed in the Senate, upon the theory that it affords the "blind tiger" exactly the protection he desires, rather than retards him in the operation of his business.

"The one thing a 'blind tiger' dreads above all other things," said a Senator, discussing the bill, "is that among his numerous customers may be one who will tell.

"This bill removes that dread, for anybody who reported a 'tiger' under this measure would become a criminal himself. Besides, because of the law which excuses a man from incriminating himself in testifying, this man would become immediately incompetent as a witness.

"It is hard enough now to convict 'blind tigers', and it would be a thousand times harder under this law.

"Prohibitionists who seek to go the limits this bill proposes are to be commended for their zeal, perhaps, but surely not for their common sense. This bill is sound enough in theory, if you view it from a certain angle, but it falls to pieces as a practical measure and would defeat the very object its author had in mind when he framed it."

The Senate defeated the measure by a vote of 18 to 22, which was not such a wide margin of defeat, after all.

Two Hustlers in Shetland Contest



Agnes Meara, 52 Beecher street.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS CONTINUE GROWTH

Attendance 64 Per Cent Greater Than Last Year—Fresh Campaign Being Planned.

Of a total enrollment of 6,399 persons in twenty Atlanta Sunday schools 5,121 were present Sunday. The average attendance of each school was 320, which is a gain of 64 per cent over last year.

The following table shows the increase in attendance of Atlanta Sunday schools, comparing Sunday, July 27, with the attendance one year ago:

SCHOOL.	Attend. Year Ago.	Attend. Sunday.
St. Paul Methodist	500	517
Tabernacle Baptist	495	508
Central Presbyterian ...	531	550
Second Baptist	305	474
First Christian	340	624
Grace Methodist	262	249
Park Street Methodist...	248	380
First Baptist	299	370
Wesley Memorial	373	393
Capitol Avenue Baptist..	309	323
St. John's Methodist ...	250	325
North Ave. Presbyterian	198	222
West End Baptist	231	226
Ponce DeLeon Baptist...	149	207
West End Christian	105	137
Woodward Ave. Baptist.	162	200
Gordon Street Baptist..	70	196
St. Mark's Methodist...	163	185
Inman Park Baptist.....	38	112
Central Congregational..	93	121

Central Presbyterian Sunday school stands second on the list, being outranked only by the First Christian. Other churches are forging rapidly to the front.

During the coming year it is planned to conduct a campaign which will interest the young people with a view to enhancing the increase in Sunday school attendance in Atlanta.

Boy Gives Life for Cigarette Papers

WAYCROSS, July 28.—Jumping from a northbound passenger train on the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad at Haywood, Ira Morgan, son of a farmer who lives near Waycross, to-day struck a crosstie and was instantly killed.

The boy boarded the train at the Haywood depot to get some cigarette papers from a newsbutcher.

Turkey Trot Causes Fatal German Duel

Special Cable to The Georgian.

BERLIN, July 28.—The turkey trot caused a fatal duel at Landau between a Prussian general and a colonel, whose names are suppressed.

The general challenged the colonel because the latter criticised him for allowing his daughter to dance the turkey trot with an officer at a garrison ball.

After a desperate fight with swords the colonel died from his wounds.

PONY RIVALS ARE HUSTLING IN 3 LAST DAYS

Standing Changes Fast—County Contestants Redouble Efforts. Shetlands To Be Exhibited.

Four yearly subscriptions, with Red Letter Ballots, counting in all 8,000 votes—were brought in by one contestant in The Georgian and American pony contest.

"Was it a rival in your district?" the contest manager asks the boys and girls. "You don't know. Very likely, it was. Nothing is more treacherous nowadays than over-confidence.

"Three days remain, after Monday. The strain soon will be over. There is not a boy or girl in the race who can not well afford to put every effort into the work for this brief, final spurt."

Some May Be Disappointed.

When the contestants come into the office, the contest manager gets an excellent line on their ideas. Sometimes they are amusing. There are several boys and girls who were leading a week ago by good margins. Strangely enough, in spite of repeated warnings, these youngsters will not believe that they are behind now. This is the attitude which will bring bitter disappointment when the final standings are published next Sunday, and the winners announced.

One feature of the contest upon which little stress has been put is the fact that the boy or girl who gets the greatest total of votes has first choice of all twenty-two ponies, and so on down the list. For the ambitious lad it is not enough to win in his district. He wants also to get one of the first selections from the herd of twenty-two Shetlands.

No Apathy in Country.

True, it may happen that the very last pony may suit the very last contestant to perfection. But, again, the chances are it will not.

There is no apathy in the country districts. The work done by the contestants outside of Atlanta is remarkable.

The ponies were to have been paraded Sunday, but the weather was not propitious. If the weather does not again interfere the ponies will be shown in the business section of Atlanta Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Marriage Ties Odd Relationship Knot

FRANKLIN, PA., July 28.—A relationship mix up occurred in Venango County when Elizabeth Gertrude Jones, whose father married a second time, wedded Lee McClimais, a brother of the girl's stepmother. This made the bride's father, who was McClimais' brother-in-law, also his father-in-law.

McClimais' father, who was father-in-law of the bride's father, became the father-in-law of the bride. The bridegroom, who was an uncle of a half-sister of the bride, became her brother-in-law. The girl's stepmother became her sister-in-law.

Committee Ready For Currency Bill

WASHINGTON, July 28.—President Wilson having withdrawn his demand that the Glass currency bill be sent immediately to a Democratic caucus of the House, the Democratic members of the House Banking and Currency Committee prepared to consider the bill late to-day, with the expectation that an agreement could be reached before the end of the week.

The committee planned to take up the Ragsdale amendments to the bill providing for an industrial and agricultural currency. It is expected these will be voted down.

Strike Situation in Transvaal Ominous

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

JOHANNESBURG, July 28.—The situation in South Africa, where the railroad men and miners threaten a country-wide strike, has become very grave.

So far the labor leaders have refused to accept any concessions to end the trouble, insisting that all their demands be met.

SENATOR LEADS KINDERGARTEN OPPOSITION

Shruptrine's Unexpected Move Spurs Women to Organize for Desperate Struggle.

Unexpected opposition to the McNeil kindergarten bill in the Georgia House of Representatives has spurred its supporters to marshal their forces for a desperate fight, which will have its setting before the House Committee on Education Tuesday morning.

Among the persons who will be present to beg for the passage of the bill will be women from clubs, schools and colleges of the State. Women have been the most insistent advocates of the measure from the first.

Most formidable opposition comes from the Chatham County delegation in the Legislature, headed by Senator Shuptrine. The contention of the opponents is mainly that the establishment of kindergartens will necessitate an expense that can not well be met at present.

According to the terms of the bill, any board of education in the State shall have power to establish kindergartens for children of not less than 4 years old, the kindergartens to be a part of the free school system. No teacher shall be employed who has not taken at least a two years' course in kindergarten training and received a teacher's certificate.

Supporters of the bill have replied to the argument of the Chatham County workers by showing that the establishment of the kindergartens is altogether optional with the local boards.

Among the workers for the bill who will appear before the House committee Tuesday are Mrs. John R. Little, president of the Georgia Mothers' Congress; Mrs. E. B. Smith, of Atlanta, representaitve of organized labor of the State; Miss Carol Oppenheim and Miss Waring, of Savannah; Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson, of Rome; Mrs. A. O. Granger, of Cartersville; Misses Wood and Palmer, of Columbus; George T. Baldwin, of Savannah, a prominent railroad man, whose mother bequeathed the bulk of her fortune to the establishment of free kindergartens, and W. A. McKenna, of Macon.

The fight for the bill in the House will be led by Representative Minter Wimberly, of Macon.

THE PLAY THIS WEEK

Arctic Pictures at Grand.

The wonderful series of motion pictures taken in the Arctic regions by the Carnegie Museum Alaska-Siberia expedition will be placed on view at the Grand this week.

Aside from the educational and scientific value of the pictures, they are rich in human interest.

There will be daily matinees at 2:30, 10 cents for all seats, and at night at 8:30 the prices will be 10, 15 and 25 cents. All seats are reserved and in addition to the feature pictures there will be the best first-run scenes from the greatest producers.

New Bill at Forsyth.

Joe Welch and a host of other star vaudeville features will be the attraction this week at the Forsyth. The popularity of the Forsyth has never been greater. The excellence of the shows has helped to make the theater more than busy.

As a Hebrew Welch is in the class with Warfield as a German. Robert L. Dailey and company will make their first appearance in Atlanta in their best sketch, "Our Bob." The Dolan-Lenharr company will be another of the real sure enough hits of the season. Other features include Cunningham and Marion, the talkfest acrobats; Elsa Ward, the California songbird; Karl Cress, the painter in oil, and the Leffel Trio of bar artists.

At the Bijou.

"The Girl from Dublin," this week's attraction at the Bijou, promises to eclipse many of the best offerings that the Bijou has presented. The company numbers some twenty people, including a cast of principals especially chosen for the various characters portrayed, and a chorus that is said to be one of the prettiest and best drilled in musical comedy tabloid.

DIDN'T EXCITE DALTON A BIT.

DALTON.—The appearance of the slit skirt caused only a slight flurry here. Yesterday two women, wearing skirts slashed daringly, got off a train here. They were not molested by the police.

There's a world of satisfaction in buying Uneeda Biscuit because you *know* you will get what you want—soda crackers that are oven-fresh, crisp, clean, appetizing and nourishing.

Uneeda Biscuit are always uniform in quality—they are always alike in crispness, in flavor—they are soda crackers you can depend upon. And all because Uneeda Biscuit are uncommon soda crackers packed in an uncommon way.

Five cents everywhere in the moisture-proof package.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

AMERICAN FLAG OFFER





SIZE 5X8 FEET

Valued at Five Dollars

for 90 cents

This beautiful American Flag, the very latest, with 48 stars, made of fine bunting.

Cut out Coupon below, and bring to THE HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN and ATLANTA GEORGIAN Office, with 90 cents, and secure one of these beautiful flags.

THIS COUPON and 90c entitles the holder to an American Flag, 5 feet by 8 feet, when presented at our offices,

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN
THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN
20 EAST ALABAMA ST. 35 PEACHTREE ST.

Flags will be mailed at an additional charge of 10c for postage.

Every man is proud to say he is an American, and it is his duty to see that "Old Glory is flung to the breeze" on every appropriate occasion.

See that you have one of these flags at your office or at your home.

Take advantage of this offer.

Hearst's Sunday American

and

Atlanta Georgian

20 East Alabama Street 35 Peachtree Street
ATLANTA, GA.

Want Anything?

TELEPHONE
Main / Atlanta 100

Telephone clerk will take your ad, and, if requested, assist you in wording, or will write the ad for you—that's his business. He will also make it as brief as possible to obtain the results desired. In order to accommodate customers accounts will be opened by phone, but you will make payments promptly after publication or when bills are presented by mail.

Classified Advertising Rates:

1 insertion .....10c a line
3 insertion ..... 6c a line
7 insertions .... 5c a line
30 insertions ....4½c a line
90 insertions .... 4c a line

No advertisements taken for less than two lines. Seven words make a line.

To protect your interests as well as ours, an order to discontinue an ad will not be accepted over the phone. Please make order to discontinue in writing.

TELEPHONE
Both Phones 100

LITTLE ADS THAT BRING BIG RESULTS

RAILWAY SCHEDULES.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

"PREMIER CARRIER OF THE SOUTH."

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF PASSENGER TRAINS, ATLANTA.

The following schedule figures are published only as information, and are not guaranteed.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
36	Birmingh'm .12:01 am	36	New York....12:15 am
85	New York..... 5:00 am	29	Columbus .... 5:20 am
13	Jacksonville . 5:30 am	13	Cincinnati .. 5:40 am
43	Washington .. 5:25 am	32	Fort Valley.. 7:15 am
12	Shreveport ... 6:30 am	35	Birmingh'm. 8:50 am
16	Hoffin ..... 6:40 am	7	Chatt'ga .... 9:40 am
29	New York.....11:15 am	12	Richmond .... 6:55 am
8	Chatt'ga ..... 10:35 am	23	Kansas City. 7:00 am
7	Macon ..... 10:40 am	11	Brunswick ... 7:45 am
17	Fort Valley..10:45 am	29	Birmingh'm 11:30 am
21	Columbus ....10:50 am	38	New York....11:01 am
6	Cincinnati ....11:10 am	40	Charlotte ....12:00 n'n
29	Columbus ....1:40 pm	8	Macon ..... 12:20 pm
35	Birmingh'm . 2:30 pm	30	Columbus ....12:30 pm
40	Birmingh'm .12:40 pm	30	New York.... 2:45 pm
39	Charlotte ..... 3:50 pm	39	Chatt'ga ..... 3:00 pm
5	Macon ..... 4:00 pm	39	Birmingh'm. 4:10 pm
37	New York..... 5:00 pm	18	Toccoa ..... 4:30 pm
15	Brunswick .... 7:50 pm	22	Columbus .... 5:10 pm
11	Richmond ..... 8:30 pm	5	Cincinnati .... 5:10 pm
24	Kansas City.. 9:20 pm	22	Fort Valley.. 5:20 pm
16	Chatt'ga .... 9:35 pm	25	Hoffin ..... 5:45 pm
19	Columbus .... 10:25 pm	13	Macon ..... 8:20 pm
31	Fort Valley... 8:00 pm	44	Washington.. 8:45 pm
14	Cincinnati ....11:00 pm	24	Jacksonville. 9:30 pm
28	Jacksonville . 6:50 am	31	Shreveport ....11:10 pm
17	Toccoa ..... 8:10 am	14	Jacksonville..11:10 pm

All trains run daily. Central time. City Ticket Office No. 1 Peachtree St.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—I am a candidate for alderman from the Eighth Ward subject to the approaching city primary. Jno. S. Owens. 7-5-1

CHURCH NOTICES.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

FIRST Church of Christ, Scientist, Cable Hall, North Broad Street. Services, Sunday 11 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; Wednesday evening testimonial meeting at 8 o'clock. Reading rooms at 613 the Grand, open daily, except Sundays, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m., free to the public. 1-25-8

METHODIST.

ST. MARK—Corner Peachtree and Fifth Streets. A. M. Hughlett, A.M., LL.D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. 2-15-3

FUNERAL NOTICES.

POSTPONEMENT OF FUNERAL.

SLOAN—The friends and relatives of Mr. Robert M. Sloan, Mrs. Noda Bryson, of Kennedale, Texas; Dr. and Mrs. M. C. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Jackson and Mr. B. H. Mitchell, of Birmingham, Ala., are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Robert M. Sloan, at Austell, Ga., tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon, July 27, 1913, at 4 p. m., from the First Presbyterian church. Rev. E. W. Russell will officiate. The following named gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the residence at 3:30 p. m.: Mr. Tom Strickland, Mr. J. D. Perkerson, Mr. R. M. Clay, Mr. H. C. Brown, Mr. W. B. Westmoreland, Mr. J. W. Westmoreland, Mr. F. A. Daniels and Mr. Cleve Davis. Flowers may be sent in care of Burkert-Simmons Company prior to 11 a. m. Sunday. Interment at Rose Hill. 7-26-12

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO, IN EQUITY.

Continental and Commercial National Bank vs. Searchlight Gas Company. No. 170.

Public notice is hereby given that, pursuant to a decree entered in the above entitled cause on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1913, and pursuant to the ancillary decree entered on the ——— day of ———, 1913, in the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, all of the assets of the Searchlight Gas Company in the possession and control of the undersigned, as receiver of said Searchlight Gas Company, except cash in bank, will be sold at public sale at the premises of the Searchlight Gas Company, at Warren, Ohio, at 12 o'clock noon on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1913. Said sale will be made subject to the following terms and conditions, as provided for in said decree and said ancillary decree:

The successful bidder shall pay to the undersigned receiver at the time of such sale the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) on account of his bid, in a certified check, payable to the order of the undersigned, and the balance shall be paid immediately upon confirmation of the sale by the court, and if the bidder shall fail to make good his bid upon its acceptance by the undersigned, or shall fail to promptly with the terms of purchase, then such sum shall be forfeited as a penalty for such failure; such sale shall be subject to confirmation by the court, and if the court shall not confirm the sale, for which the deposit has been made, such deposit shall be returned to the bidder, and the court reserves the right to resell the property upon such notice as the court directs.

The purchaser shall be entitled to a conveyance and delivery of the property within ten (10) days after the confirmation of the sale, and a report of the sale shall be made to the court within thirty (30) days from the date of the sale.

A summary of the property and articles to be sold, based upon the last inventory and appraisement of the undersigned, is as follows:

(a) The following described real estate, together with all buildings, improvements, plant and equipment connected therewith, located in the city of Warren, County of Trumbull, and State of Ohio, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $8,297.70:

Beginning at an iron pin in the easterly property line of the Erie Railroad, Mahoning division, said pin being the northwesterly corner of land of the Warren Board of Trade tract so called; so, said pin being the southerly corner of St. Marys Cemetery, thence north 55 degrees 2½ minutes east eight hundred and forty-seven and two tenths (847.2) feet along southerly boundary of cemetery to an iron gas pipe on the west-

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

LEGAL NOTICES.

erly boundary of a forty (40) foot highway, running parallel to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, P., P. and F. division, thence south 6 degrees 26¾ minutes east along said highway, two hundred and twenty-five and five-tenths (225.5) feet to an iron gas pipe; thence south 56 degrees 2½ minutes west seven hundred and sixty-five and nine-tenths (765.9) feet along a line parallel to the northwesterly boundary and two hundred (200) feet therefrom, at right angles to an iron gas pipe in the easterly boundary of said Erie Railroad, Mahoning division; thence north 37 degrees 26¼ minutes west along said Erie Railroad property line, two hundred and one and three-tenths (201.3) feet to the place of beginning. Reserving a strip of twenty feet in width along Erie Railroad to be used for highway and switch purposes.

Said parcel containing three and thirty-five one hundredths (3.35) acres of land.

(b) The following described real estate, together with all buildings, improvements, plant and equipment connected therewith, located in the City of Canton, County of Norfolk, and State of Massachusetts, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $7,500:

Beginning at the northwesterly corner of land of Frederick P. Drake at a corner of walls, thence running westerly land of said Drake, about 263 feet to a stake and land of Sarah J. Oconant; thence northerly 36 minutes east by land of said Conant, 266.60 feet to a stake and land of Larra E. Wentworth; thence northeasterly on the wall by land of said Wentworth, about 450 feet to a stake and land of Alanson B. Bullock; thence southerly by land of said Bullock, land of Elizabeth Holway, and land of Jonathan Linfield, about 240 feet to a stake; thence easterly and southerly by land of said Linfield to a stake in the northerly line of Shepard Street; thence southerly across Shepard Street; thence southerly 3 degrees 30 minutes west by land of Herbert T. Seavey, about 450 feet to a stake on the bank of the brook; thence north 83 degrees 30 minutes west on the northerly side of the brook, and crossing the "division dam" 5 chains 14 links to a corner near the center of the brook; thence northerly 2 degrees 20 minutes east by land now or formerly of one Shepard, and crossing Shepard Street, 5 chains 31 links to the end of a wall; thence northerly 5 degrees east by land of said Drake, 2 chains 59 links to the point of beginning, containing seven and one-half acres more or less.

Specially excepting and reserving all rights of the public in said Shepard Street, including all benefits arising by virtue of an agreement for the division of the waters of Massapog Brook, duly recorded in book 182, page 317.

(c) Two certain leasehold interests of lots 4, 5 and 8 in the County of Cook, Illinois, according to the unrecorded plat of Oscar Baur of that tract of land lying north of the west fork of the Chicago River and within the east half of the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 35, Township 39, Range 13, lying and being near the intersection of Homan Avenue and Thirty-first Street in the city of Chicago, county aforesaid, together with all rights and interests of The Searchlight Gas Company in and to all buildings and improvements thereon inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $14,460.

(d) Leasehold interest in the premises in the County of Bexar, Texas, described as follows:

About 200 feet south of the south line of the property known as the Crest Home addition in said property, thence in an easterly direction about 400 feet to a drain or small ditch running diagonally to the property of the Hot Well Development Company, thence in a southwesterly direction along said drain to the Old Laredo Road aforesaid, thence along said San Juan Road to the place of beginning, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $1,100.

(e) The leasehold interest of the premises known and described as the easterly one-half of lot 8 in block 17 of Regent's addition to Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, together with the interests and rights of The Searchlight Gas Company in and to the buildings and improvements thereon and inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $2,679.02.

(f) The south half of the northwest quarter of Section 12, Township 146, north of Range 38, west of the principal meridians and situated in the County of Clearwater, State of Minnesota, and inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $1,386.10.

(g) Entire stock of tanks for automobiles, motorcycles and welding purposes, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $162,341.10.

(h) Entire stock of accessories, consisting chiefly of bands, connections, valves, gauges, etc., inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $31,485.37.

(i) Furniture and fixtures, located at the various places hereinafter described, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $8,290.05.

(j) Entire plant and equipment, consisting of tools, implements, machinery, etc., inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $58,461.47.

(k) One automobile, located at Chicago, Illinois, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $1,112.

(l) Eleven motor trucks, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $19,607.50.

(m) Accounts receivable for sales actually made, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $88,306.14.

(n) Accounts receivable for material on consignment, inventoried as of June 1, 1913, at $43,715.10.

All of the above described property is located at Warren, Ohio; Chicago, Illinois; Indianapolis, Indiana; Detroit, Michigan; Minneapolis, Minnesota; Clearwater, Minnesota; Portland, Oregon; Cleveland, Ohio; New York city, New York; Syracuse, New York; Buffalo, New York; Kansas City, Missouri; Dallas, Texas; San Antonio, Texas; Atlanta, Georgia; Jacksonville, Florida; Toronto, Canada; Boston, Massachusetts; Canton, Massachusetts, and Camden, New Jersey.

Any changes in the amount of tanks, merchandise, accessories or other material, or in the amount of the accounts receivable, from the above inventory, will be announced at the date of the sale, and at the settlement between the successful bidder and the undersigned, receiver, the successful bidder shall be required to pay an additional sum for the face of any additional accounts and notes, and, likewise, if the merchandise, accessories or material or the accounts receivable, or notes on hand at the time of the settlement, are less than the amount thereof announced at the sale, the purchaser shall be entitled to a credit on final settlement equal to the diminished amount of such notes or accounts receivable, and equal to the price at which such merchandise may then be carried on the books of the receiver.

A detailed inventory of all of the above-named assets, both real and personal, and of the amount thereof located at each of the above-named places, and a copy of the decree authorizing this sale, above referred to, may be seen at the offices of the undersigned receiver, at room 1016, Karpen Building, Chicago, Illinois.

For a more particular description of the property to be sold, and the terms and conditions of the sale, reference is hereby made to the decree entered by the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio, in the above entitled cause on the 11th day of June, 1913.

HORACE B. PEARSON,
Receiver Searchlight Gas Company,
Karpen Building, Chicago, Illinois.
CALFEE & FOGG, Williamson Building, Cleveland, Ohio;
ROBERT C. & PHILIP H. ALSTON, Atlanta, Ga., Attorneys for Receiver. 7-12-1

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—At or between College Park and East Point, pocketbook containing three notes, one $580, one $540, given by Woodall Lumber Company, Fairburn, Ga., to T. F. Dodd and transferred to T. E. Dodd; also one note on John Lasater for $150. Finder will be rewarded. Finder please leave at College Park Bank or write T. E. Dodd, Red Oak, Ga. This is also to notify all persons not to trade for any such notes. 53-26-7

STRAYED OR STOLEN—Bull bitch, about three months old; white, short ears; long tail; brown over each eye. Please call B. Z. Akin, 62 Cooper street. Bell phone Main 2202-L. 42-25-7

LOST—Tuesday, Forsyth Theater or downtown, gold and blue enamel brooch. Reward ½ Peachtree. 7-25-37

STRAYED or stolen, one dark red mare mule, from 39 Short Street. Mule has gray face. Finder W. F. Holland, 39 Short Street. 7-24-29

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—One bay mare mule, blind in right eye. Finder call Atlanta phone 5640-M. 43-23-7

W. M. COX cleans all kinds of carpets, rugs a specialty. Ivy 3135-J, Atlanta 1818. 145 Auburn Ave. 7-20-81

LOST—Gold locket, monogram "F. R. G." Inside date 12-28-12. Finder will be well rewarded if returned to F. R. Graham, 2½ Walton street, city. 7-25-6

LOST—Bunch of keys, between Candler Building, Piedmont Hotel or Fair-Grant car. Reward. 123 Peachtree. 7-24-22

FINDER of camera in balcony of Grand Opera House Monday night will receive $2 reward on returning it to 1 S. Mason ave., Edgewood. 27-24-7

LOST—Pair of eyeglasses, black cord attached, on Friday 18th. Reward if returned to No. 10 Williams street. 7-23-2

MOVED TO 130½ Peachtree St., opposite Candler Bldg., Tom Weaver, Tailor, established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing. 7-16-23

PERSONAL.

LADIES—Ask your druggist for Chichester Pills, the Diamond brand; for twenty years known as best, safest, always reliable; buy of your druggist. Take no other. Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills are sold by druggists everywhere. 5-20-1

PERSONAL—Heirs wanted. The following persons or their heirs are wanted: John Beck (about 50 years), Alberta Beck (about 45 years), and George Beck (about 42 years), children of the late Johann O. Beck and his wife, Matilda, who lived formerly in Atlanta. Address Lawyer, Box J-807, care Georgian. 114-7-13

HAT SALE—Trimmed hats, $1.50 to $5.00; outing hats, 75c; imported horsehair hats, $4.98; black hats, maline and lace trimmed. Remodeling hats specialty, $1.50. Panamas cleaned. Mrs C. H. Smith, 115 Peachtree, next to Candler Bldg. 25-22-7

PERSONAL—Will pay for address. I want address of Louis Manning, 35 years old, 5 feet 7 inches tall; light ruddy complexion; nose very prominent; weighs 180 pounds; worked in cotton mill; have good news for him. Address Uncle, Box F-408, care Georgian. 132-7-13

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, home-like. Limited number of patients cared for. Home provided for infants. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor Street. 11-9-57

PERSONAL—Myrtle; don't answer letters. Will be in Atlanta next Saturday. Meet me. Sister. 144-7-13

SERIOUS RESULTS come from trusses improperly fitted. John B. Daniel, at 34 Wall Street, has an expert fitter and it will cost you no more to have him fit you, and it means insurance. 6-24-19

PERSONAL—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by anybody except myself. George J. Schumm. 138-7-13

MOVED TO 130½ Peachtree St., opposite Candler Bldg., Tom Weaver, Tailor, established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing. 7-16-14

FACES READ by physiognomy. What are your best assets? Don't neglect finding this out in courtship or business. Written readings, only $2. The Helper, Box 363, Atlanta, Ga. 6-3-5

PERSONAL—Information wanted of any description concerning Minnie Hoffman, who resided in Decatur, Ala., previous to 1911. Address Investigator, Box B-607, care Georgian. 115-7-13

OWEN J. ALFORD—Please call General Delivery, Atlanta, for important letter. Good news. 7-20-4

EDUCATIONAL.

LEARN watchmaking and engraving, a trade which pays $25 weekly. We secure positions and you can earn money while learning. Write for particulars. Jewelers' Institute, Box F-24, care Georgian. 107-7-12

LADIES, make big money manicuring at home; easy, pleasant, fascinating; experience unnecessary. Write me about it. Mlle. Thomas, Box G-36, care Georgian. 123-7-13

WHY learn second-hand Spanish, which non-natives teach? My system teaches correctly. Private instruction, Cosmopolitan, Box H-65, care Georgian. 141-7-13

LATIN and other subjects taught by high school teacher; University graduate; private instruction at your home. Address Teacher, Box R-78, care Georgian. 124-7-13

LESSONS in Ben Pittman shorthand in your home by expert stenographer; rates reasonable; positions secured graduates. Miss Amy, Box J-50, care Georgian. 149-7-13

DRESSMAKING taught at home; plain and fancy sewing, repairing and alterations; reasonable rates. Sewing School, Box 1-97, care Georgian. 108-7-13

MUSICAL.

WANTED—Piano pupils; $3 a month. Atlanta phone 2055. 114 Garnett St. 7-24-2

HELP WANTED—MALE.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, preferably with some experience in the machinery line, that is reasonably quick and accurate, also accurate at figures, to assist timekeeper half the time. Will pay $60 per month for bright young man. Address, stating age and experience, Experience, Box 3, care Georgian. 142-26-13

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. We teach you quickly, cheaply, thoroughly; tools furnished. We give you actual shop work and you keep half the receipts. Call or write Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie St. 26-26-7

WANTED—First-class, competent man, acquainted with delicatessen business; good salary. Must have good references. Address Delicatessen, care Georgian. 7-26-11

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS are easy to get. My free booklet Y-412 tells how. Write to-day—NOW. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. 7-2-1

WANTED—Painter for interior woodwork. Apply Ponce DeLeon Apartments, Peachtree and Ponce DeLeon. 7-25-8

WANTED—Three men to work in stave mill. Write Raymond Cooperage Company, Raymond, Ga. 7-25-2

WANTED—By three young men with permanent positions a nice, large, steam-heated furnished room in apartment. Address 1114 Candler Building by letter. 7-25-8

WANTED—First-class, experienced cabinet man for making casket shells. Atlanta Casket Company. 7-23-18

SALESMAN—Salary and expenses; experience unnecessary; permanent; general agency opening. Address Box B-159, care Georgian. 100-7-13

WANTED—Good bushelman, presser and cleaner, one who understands steam presser; state salary; no boozer. J. C. Robinson, Statesboro, Ga. 7-24-12

WANTED—Chauffeur; white; must be mechanic. Address Y. A. B., Box 852, care Georgian. 7-24-9

WANTED—Men to sell seeds to farmers and ornamental stock in towns. Apply at once. Address Seedsman, Box C-149, care Georgian. 152-7-13

WANTED—Men in every locality to open a cleaning, dyeing and pressing shop. Big profits. No capital required. Address Dryclean, Box D-148, care Georgian. 129-7-13

WANTED—Job press feeders. Empire Printing and Box Co., 553 Whitehall St. 7-22-1

WANTED—Men to handle in spare time accident insurance business. Big money made with little effort. Address Insurance, Box E-187, care Georgian. 148-7-13

FOR Colored Southern Automobile School, day and night classes. Corner Magnolia and Hilsey streets. 98-20-7

PULLMAN porters wanted; give references For information write P. O. Box 804, Atlanta, Ga. 5-4-31

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; tools and position furnished. Atlanta Barber College, 10½ Mitchell St.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Experienced working foreman to take charge of motor repair shop. Must be familiar with all kinds of motor repair work and armature winding. Good wages. Steady work and a share of profits to right man. Address Garage, Box F-190, care Georgian. 145-7-13

WANTED—Railway mail clerks, $75.00 to $150 month. Details free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 49 F, Rochester, N. Y. 25-18-7

FIFTY fast messengers with or without wheels, $8 to $12 week. Miller's Minute Messenger Service, rear City Hall. We sell wheels on weekly payments. 7-2-29

YES, shave 10c, hair cut 15c, massage 15c, at 41 Marietta Street, 4 E. Mitchell, 118 Edgewood Avenue, 99 Whitehall, 52 Ivy. Best white workmen. Clean linen. Baths 15c. 6-21-5

WANTED — Machinist. First-class planer and lathe hands. Steady job and good wages. Address Manufacturer, Box G-214, care Georgian. 130-7-13

HILBURN HOTEL.
10 AND 12 WALTON ST.,
FOR gentlemen only; center of city, near new postoffice; rate 50c, 75c and $1.00. 5-31-16

WANTED—One good salesman in Atlanta and vicinity to sell the best belt and harness dressing manufactured. Fine opportunity for a real good man. Salary and commission and expenses. References required. Address Belt Dressing, Box R-226, care Georgian. 101-7-13

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 1927½ Second Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.; 411 Cherry Street, Macon; Leonard Bldg., Augusta, or Broad and Marietta, Atlanta, Ga. 7-1-21

WANTED—Installment furniture salesman at once. Must have experience, be absolutely temperate and be able to furnish good references. State age, salary and whether married or single. Address Installment, Box S-290, care Georgian. 131-7-13

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—Colored woman to do cooking and housework. Apply Mrs. L. F. McCullough, 37 N. Moreland Ave. 7-26-16

WANTED—A good servant for about three weeks, one who can cook and chambermaid for small family while present cook is taking vacation; references required. Bell phone East Point 291-L. 7-26-15

WOMAN—Ambitious, energetic and refined, over 28; good character, possessing initiative and executive ability, free to travel when required; business experience unnecessary; permanent work; about $60 to start; give particulars or no attention. Address Unnecessary, care American. 101-26-13

WANTED—Good cook. Apply with references to Mrs. Haas, 321 Washington street. 54-25-7

WANTED—Experienced white nurse. Year-old baby. References required. Apply 18 West Fourteenth street or phone Ivy 6962. 40-25-7

LADIES—Profitable, permanent and pleasant traveling positions for ladies between 25-45 with slight knowledge of music; maximum remuneration; no competition; not books; absolutely no house to house work; experience desirable, though not necessary; splendid territory open; an old established firm occupying own building. Address Building, No. 3, care Georgian. 130-26-13

WANTED—First-class cook. None but first class need apply. Bring references. Apply 550 Ponce DeLeon Avenue. 52-25-7

WANTED—Family cook. Bring references. 41 East Georgia Ave. 41-24-7

WOMEN—Established corporation wants neat, intelligent and reliable women about 30, as traveling solicitors and district managers; experience not necessary. Box C. X. E., care Georgian. 144-26-13

WANTED—Experienced white maid at Hotel Ansley. Apply to Mrs. Scott, housekeeper. 7-24-26

WANTED—A good hairdresser and manicurist; steady work and good pay. References. Address Hairdresser, Box T-306, care Georgian. 102-7-13

WOMEN—Of refinement, with selling ability, over 30 years of age, to travel in North calling on old customers; expenses and commission. A. J. X., care Georgian. 140-26-13

WANTED—Saleswoman, experienced in house to house demonstration. Can make good income by representing large manufacturing concern. Address Saleswoman, Box Y-245, care Georgian. 127-7-18

WANTED—Nurse for two children; Good hours and wages. References required. Address Nurse Girl, Box X-417, care Georgian. 7-24-22

WOMEN—$15 a week commission and all railroad fare paid to women to travel for old established house; no selling; no soliciting; references rather than experience desired. Address E-44, care American. 147-26-13

WANTED—Cashier in drug store; must be neat and accurate and willing to work. State age, salary expected, experience and reference. Address Cashier, Box U-482, care Georgian 139-7-13

WANTED—Stenographer and typewriter. Must have practical office experience. Address in own handwriting, stating salary and experience. Steady position. Stenographer, Box W-314, care Georgian. 128-7-13

WANTED—Vocal teacher to instruct young lady. Give terms and experience. Address Voice, Box Z-524, care Georgian. 103-7-13

WOMEN—Salary and expenses for large number of women of good appearance and ability; intelligence rather than experience required; city or traveling position. Address C. H. X., care Sunday American. 138-26-13

WANTED—Young lady with knowledge of form letter follow-up system, for permanent position in downtown manufacturer's office. Must have practical office experience. Good salary. Address Form Letter, Box Q-714, care Georgian. 146-7-13

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—Neat, smart girl or woman to do general housework; small family; must room in house. 757 Gordon street, West 518-J.

A FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer; must be accurate and rapid. Address Downtown, Box 30, care Georgian. 32-23-7

SALESLADIES—To introduce a new line of goods in all parts of the city; also travel and demonstrate in stores; can easily make from $15 to $50 per week. Box 465, care American. 120-26-13

FIRST-CLASS COOK; room on lot; require reference. Apply at 1133 Peachtree. Phone Ivy 308. 41-23-7

WANTED—Woman to whipstitch books; must be experienced. Piedmont Printing Co., 127 Central avenue. 7-23-2

GIRLS LEARN MILLINERY; best trade on earth for women; pays $60 to $100 a month. Write Ideal School of Millinery, 100½ Whitehall St. We make over and retrim hats free. 5-28-41

WANTED—Young women and girls desiring attractive positions. Welfare of operators and clerks closely supervised by the company; their conduct on the premises carefully guarded by matron, woman supervisors and chief operator, who have complete control over the retiring and resting rooms. Short training course for those inexperienced; salary paid while learning. Salary increased upon being transferred to operating force, and for those becoming efficient. Girls 16 and over of good morals worthy, with opportunities for ultimate advancement to $75 per month. References proving the standing of the applicant essential. Those having educational advantages preferred. Lunch room and comfortable retiring rooms provided with several hundred Carnegie Library books for the convenience of the operators. Matron and trained nurse in attendance. Apply 8:30 to 5. Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company Training School, 25 Auburn Avenue.

HELP WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE.

WANTED,
Cotton Mill Help
ALL KINDS.
High Wages.
Fulton Bag & Cotton Mills,
Atlanta, Ga.

TEACHERS WANTED.

MANY good openings yet. Write for particulars. Foster's Teachers' Agency, Atlanta, Ga. 34-24-7

South Atlantic Teachers' Agency
1125 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.
SPECIAL registration. Direct calls coming fast. 6-26-28

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

SALESMEN—To sell our "Business Men's" policy; provides $5,000 accidental death with $25 weekly, accident and sickness indemnity, $25 weekly, hospital indemnity; insures beneficiary for $2,500; cost $15 per year. Issued by old line company. Box 836, care Georgian. 103-26-13

SALESMEN WANTED to handle our successful merchandise selling propositions; high commissions or salary if you "make good;" experience unnecessary. Answer Success, Box 68, care Georgian. 113-26-13

SALESMAN—An energetic young man to represent manufacturing concern; one capable of selling self-filling fountain pens to work all or spare time. Write for particulars. Manufacturer, C, care American. 123-26-13

BOY IN EACH TOWN—Will develop and place right boy in good attractive business; $2 to $10 to start; every boy who can furnish unquestionable references should write at once. Boy Scouts preferred. Scouts, care American. 106-26-13

SALESMAN—Strictly temperate, well dressed single man, Gentile, 21 to 35, good references, to travel with manager and solicit; experience not necessary; salary and expenses. Apply Temperate, C-4, care American. 134-26-13

FOREMAN—Finisher for enameling high-grade metal furniture; must be experienced spray worker, competent to direct work and handle men. All communications confidential. Jacob H., care American. 129-26-13

SALESMEN—Carry our catalogue showing first-class line of trunks, bags and suit cases on the side; liberal commission. Address C. L., Box 45, care American. 115-26-13

SELL BY MAIL—Pleasant, profitable business means independence; start spare time; co-operate with established corporation; we furnish best sellers; factory prices; valuable booklet free. Answer Factory, Box 3, care Georgian. 111-26-13

SALESMEN—Resourceful men for road who have successful records on specialty propositions; commission contract with expenses guaranteed. Answer C. Y. D., care Georgian. 125-26-13

SALESMAN of the "make good" kind, those who can get the order after the order chaser sales, can make permanent connections with a high-grade corporation calling on automobile owners. H., Box 44, care Georgian. 107-26-13

SALESMAN—To solicit orders for office supplies and stationery. We desire applications from hard-working, conscientious and first-class men only; good prospects are assured for a competent man; state qualifications fully. Address C. Z., Box 4, care Georgian. 133-26-13

SALESMAN successful working retail trade to sell line of plantation molasses in barrels; can increase your earnings $40 to $50 per week; commissions paid weekly; light samples. C. L., Box 6, care Georgian. 117-26-13

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

Longest River

The longest river in the world is the Amazon, in South America. The total length of the river from the head waters of the Ucayali is about 3,300 miles.

It is between one and two miles wide where it enters Brazil and gradually increases in breadth, enlarging to a width of fifty miles at its main mouth.

Where the Amazon enters the Atlantic Ocean the distance across it, from headland to headland, is fully 150 miles.

The name Amazon is said to be derived from an Indian word meaning "boat destroyer," from the dangerous action of the tidal waves at the river's mouth.

The principal animals in the Amazon valley are the jaguar, panther, monkey, tapir, ant-eater, and the most formidable snakes in the world.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN WANTED.

SALESMEN WANTED who know the specialty advertising genius; we have a live line with new features to net you handsome returns; exclusive territory; commission only. In reply, state territory desired; furnish references in reply. Answer Specialty, Box 6-C, care Georgian. 141-26-13

BOY wants job to care for an invalid man; well experienced. Call Atlanta 3216. 48-25-7

YOUNG MAN, 22, good education, just finished stenographic course, has knowledge of bookkeeping, wants position at once. V. J. M., 10½ West Mitchell. 47-25-7

A FIRST-CLASS man cook wants a job cooking for small family. Address Cook, care Greggs, rear 90 Houston street. 46-25-7

HONEST reliable colored man wants position in private family or butler or houseman. Can do plain cooking. Address S. M., 293 Auburn ave. 44-25-7

WANTED—Position by boy who understands office work; age sixteen. Can give good references. C. L. Seacord, 631 Whitehall street, Atlanta. 27-25-7

BY YOUNG MAN from country, willing to work for advancement; best reference. Address G. J. M., care Georgian. 26-25-7

STENOGRAPHIC and assistant bookkeeping position desired at once. R. A. P., 138 Crew street. 35-23-7

WANTED—Position at once; prefer railroad work, but would do any honorable work; aged 21; can give references. Address J. D., care Georgian. 43-24-7

SITUATION WANTED—Young man, age 18, capable and reliable, two years with last employer, wants place with substantial firm where there is a chance of advancement. Address Box M-710, care Georgian. 113-7-13

EXPERIENCED colored man, 33 years old, wants work as janitor or porter; give good references as to honesty, reliability and habits; no Sunday work. Address L. T. A., 131 Markham street (rear). 29-24-7

SITUATION WANTED—By thoroughly competent gent's furnishing and clothing salesman. Would like a chance by August 15. Can furnish best references. Employed now. Address Box Z-178, care Georgian. 136-7-13

WANTED—Position at once; prefer job as butler or janitor; can give good reference. Call or address George Ellis, 172 Orme St. 47-23-7

SITUATION WANTED—An American young man, 21, speaking and writing Spanish fluently, desires position with manufacturing concern. Any respectable position considered. Address Box S-630, care Georgian. 7-25-1

COLORED man wants a job as butler in private family. Address P. S. Mattox, Elberton, Ga. 45-23-7

BOY WANTS job helping cook and do housework. Phone Atlanta 3216. 42-23-7

SITUATION WANTED—By auto tire repair man; six years' experience in some of the largest shops in the country. Know the position thoroughly and know how to work it profit. Address Box L-401, care Georgian. 119-7-13

COMPETENT bookkeeper, best references, married, desires permanent situation immediately. Address J. H., care Georgian. 26-23-7

SITUATION WANTED—In drug store, or to run small drug store in small place. Young man, single, registered, eight years' experience; best reference, moderate wages; no bad habits. Address Box W-181, care Georgian. 112-7-13

WANTED—Position by young man with four years' experience as stenographer, bookkeeper and cashier; now employed. Address F., Box 60, care Georgian. 30-23-7

WANTED—Position by bright young man; office work preferred; can give good references. Address C. E. B., Box 38, care Georgian. 27-25-7

SITUATION WANTED—By thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and merchant who is capable of managing a business; A-No. 1 reference; age 31; married; steady, moral; at present holding good position in Florida. Desires to make change. Write me. I may be the man you want. Address Box O-201, care Georgian. 134-7-13

WANTED by a reliable colored man, position as janitor or porter. Five years' experience. Understands steam heat and hot air furnaces. Can furnish good references. Address C. Thomas, 34 Carter St. 28-22-7

SITUATION WANTED—By well-educated German, 31 years; speaks four languages, with eight years' experience in office work; competent bookkeeper; wants permanent office position or as salesman. Will accept position with good possibilities after trial month. Address Box U-701, care Georgian. 120-7-13

SITUATION WANTED—Experienced window trimmer and show card writer wants position by middle of August or first of September. I am also experienced in gent's furnishing goods. Will work inside or can put new way with the windows. Can furnish the best of references. Address Box Y-710, care Georgian. 111-7-12

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads. 3 lines 1 time, 10c; 3 times, 20c; 7 times, 40c.

ADVERTISER—First-class salesman seeks a situation dry goods, furniture, shoes, etc.; wholesale or retail. Turnbull, 72 Washington St. 42-26-13

WANTED—Position by a first-class, experienced suit saleswoman; best of reference given. For further information, address M. S., care General Delivery, Macon, Ga. 41-26-7

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

LINOTYPE OPERATOR—Address or wire Linotype Operator, care Columbia Sentinel, Harlem, Ga. 25-26-7

WANTED—Position by bright young man; office work preferred; can give good references. Address J. E. B., Box 38, care Georgian. 27-26-7

SALESMAN WANTED—A high-grade stock, bond or insurance man, who has a select clientele of investors or who is capable of reaching and dealing with investors on a high-grade proposition. Address Box 6-J, care Georgian. 126-26-13

SALESMEN—Drug salesmen to sell a high grade line of toilet preparations as a side line; liberal commission; quick sellers; established twenty-five years. Address Drugs, Box 5, care Georgian. 110-26-13

SALESMEN who can show successful record and have ability to follow up leads and close quickly we will pay well and promote quickly. Sales

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN
Published Every Afternoon Except Sunday
By THE GEORGIAN COMPANY
At 20 East Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.
Entered as second-class matter at postoffice at Atlanta, under act of March 3,1873
Subscription Price—Delivered by carrier, 10 cents a week. By mail, $5.00 a year.
Payable in Advance.

Who Makes the "Criminals?"

Did This View of It Ever Occur to You?

(Copyright, 1913.)

Much interest just now in CRIMINALS.

Much horror aroused by depravity.

Many plans more or less appropriate for making the air pure.

Many good men, politicians, women and bishops who spend the summer at the seaside are willing to spend a few days wiping "CRIME" off the earth.

What is CRIME? Who are the CRIMINALS? Who makes the criminals?

Do criminals viciously and voluntarily arise among us, eager to lead hunted lives, eager to be jailed at intervals, eager to crawl in the dark, dodge policemen, work in stripes and die in shame? Hardly.

Will you kindly and patiently follow the lives, quickly sketched, of a boy and a girl?

THE GIRL.

Born poor, born in hard luck, her father, or mother, or both, victims of long hours, poor fare, bad air and little leisure.

As a baby she struggles against fate and manages to live while three or four little brothers and sisters die and go back to kind earth.

She crawls around the rooms of a small house, a good deal in the way. She is hunted here and chased there.

She is cold in winter, ill-fed in summer, never well cared for.

She gets a little so-called education. Ill-dressed and ashamed beside the other children, she is glad to escape the education. No one at home can help her on. No one away from home cares about her.

She grows up white, sickly, like a potato sprouting in a cellar. At the corner of a fine street she sees the automobiles passing with other girls in warm furs, or in fine, cool summer dresses.

With a poor shawl around her and with heels run down she peers in at the restaurant window, to see other women leading lives very different from hers.

Steadily she has impressed upon her the fact, absolutely undeniable, that as the world is organized there is no especial place for her—certainly no comfort for her.

She finds work, perhaps. Hours as long as the daylight.

Ten minutes late—half a day's fine.

At the end of the day aching feet, aching back, system ill-fed, not enough earned to live upon honestly—and that prospect stretches ahead farther than her poor eyes can see.

"WHAT'S THE CHARGE, OFFICER?"

"Disorderly conduct, Your Honor."

There's the criminal that Society is hunting so ardently.

THE BOY.

Same story, practically.

He plays ball in the street—cuffed, if caught by the policeman.

He swings on the awning poles, trying to exercise his stunted muscles—cuffed again.

In burning July, with shirt and trousers on, he goes swimming in private ponds—caught and cuffed and handed over to the police.

He tries for work.

"What do you know?"

"I don't know nothin'; nobody ever taught me."

He can not even endure the discipline of ten hours' daily shoveling—it takes education to instill discipline, if only the education of the early pick and shovel.

He has not been taught anything. He has been turned loose in a city full of temptation. He had no real start to begin with, and no effort was ever made to repair his evil beginning.

"WHAT'S THE CHARGE, OFFICER?"

"Attempted burglary; pleads guilty."

In prison he gets an education. They teach him how to be a good burglar and not get caught. Patiently the State boards him, and educates him to be a first-rate criminal.

There's your first-rate criminal, Messrs. Bishops, good men, politicians and benevolent women.

Dear bishops, noble women, good men and scheming politicians, listen to this story:

In the South Sea Islands they have for contagious diseases a horror as great as your horror of crime.

A man or woman stricken with a loathsome disease, such as smallpox, is seized, isolated, and the individual sores of the smallpox patient are earnestly scraped with sea shells—until the patient dies. It hurts the patient a good deal—without ever curing, of course—but it relieves the feelings of the outraged good ones who wield the sea shells.

You kind-hearted creatures, hunting "crime" in great cities, are like the South Sea Islanders in their treatment of smallpox.

You ardently wield your reforming sea shells and you scrape very earnestly at the sores so well developed.

No desire here to decry your earnest efforts.

But if you ever get tired of scraping with sea shells, try vaccination, or, better still, try to take such care of youth, to give such chances and education to the young, as will save them from the least profitable of all careers—CRIME.

Scrape away with your sea shells, but try also to give a few more and a few better chances in youth to those whom you now hunt as criminals in their mature years.

God creates boys and girls, anxious to live decently.

YOUR SOCIAL SYSTEM makes c[illegible] and fills jails.

When the Wife's Away



Mysteries of Science and Nature

The Sun Is a Variable Star and Its Changes Affect the Price of a Man's Dinner---What Science's Latest Discovery Means.

By GARRETT P. SERVISS

THE recently announced conclusion of Professor Frost, the head of the Yerkes Observatory, that the sun is a variable star is in accord with what has been said repeatedly in these columns. It is a tremendously important fact, and its demonstration is mainly due to the labors of Messrs. C. G. Abbott and F. E. Fowle, of the Smithsonian Institution. Their statements have been confirmed by the observation of astronomers in Europe.

The sun has not suddenly become variable; it has been variable for ages, but not until now has any measurement of its variability been obtained. It has taken ten years to eliminate all the possible sources of error in the work, one of the principal difficulties being to discriminate between the effect of changing conditions of the earth's atmosphere affecting its ability to transmit the radiation from the sun to the surface of the globe, and changes occurring in the sun itself.

Minor Changes in the Sun Affect the Earth's Temperature.

It seems now to be certain that the intensity of the rays which the sun sends to the earth often vary at least as much as five per cent in periods of only a week or ten days. These variations, of course, directly affect the temperature and the character of the weather. Then there are variations of a much longer period, and of greater general extent, indicated by the waxing and waning of black spots on the sun's disk.

When there are many and large spots on the sun, its radiation is not diminished, but increased, and when they are few and small, as at the present time, the radiation, in general, falls off. But at all times, apparently, minor changes are going on in the sun, which produce quite sudden alterations in the temperature of the earth.

As has just been said, we are now at a period of minimum in the sun spots, but in about four years from now they will be numerous again, and then a general increase of the solar radiation is to be expected. It takes, on the average, about seven years for the sun spots to decline from a maximum to a minimum, and about four years for them to rise again from a minimum to a maximum. Meanwhile the radiation is not steady at any time, except for a few days.

The practical importance of the recent studies of these things is seen in Professor Frost's announcement that the time is near at hand when it will be possible to foretell the general character of the seasons long in advance.

He thinks that that may be achieved within about twenty-five years.

Then, if the present promise is kept, it will be possible for farmers and growers of all kinds of crops to know in advance what they have to expect, and to govern their sowings and plantings accordingly.

The sun will be recognized as the great dictator in agricultural affairs, and they will be the most successful cultivators who heed the hints which he gives of impending changes in his humor. They will watch his face, with the aid of the astronomers, as Nero's courtiers watched the play of their tyrant's features.

But the mere fact that those who have been conducting these researches think it possible to foretell the varying effects of the solar radiation upon the earth shows that even in his most variable moods the sun is subjected to a law which he cannot violate. It is what that law is and how it operates in order to forsee its effects. Much still depends upon a better knowledge of the earth's atmosphere, for when a sudden change takes place in the solar radiation the effect is not immediately felt on the earth. The atmosphere acts as a kind of buffer, and takes up the shock, afterward distributing it in a more gradual and gentle manner.

Change in Solar Radiation Might Bring About an Indian Famine.

A graphic illustration of the importance of this matter to every human being is given in a remark of Professor Langley's which Professor Frost has quoted:

"Though the most unformed nebula may hold the germs of future worlds, yet for us these possibilities are but interesting conjectures, for every nebula might be wiped out of the sky to-night without affecting the price of a laborer's dinner, while a small change in the solar radiation may conceivably cause the deaths of numberless men in an Indian famine."

Professor Langley's forecast has been fully justified by the recent investigations, and we may now say that the price of every man's dinner is affected by changes in the sun that had not been discovered ten years ago.

Time's Changes

By MINNA IRVING.

I CHANCED to meet old Father Time,
It does not matter where;
He wore a leather coat and cap,
And had a jaunty air.
A pair of goggles hid his eyes,
His boots were furred inside;
I viewed the change with much amaze,
"Where is your scythe?" I cried.

"It can not be that you at last
No longer mean to mow
Unhappy mortals like the grass
Before you as you go?"
"The scythe," the ancient spirit sighed,
"Is slow and out of date,
I use an aeroplane instead
To do the work of fate."

Divorce

By ELLA WHEELER WILCOX

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THINKING of one thing all day long, at night
I fall asleep, brain weary and heart sore;
But only for a little while. At three,
Sometimes at two, o'clock I wake and lie,
Staring out into darkness; while my thoughts
Begin the weary treadmill-toil again,
From that white marriage morning of our youth
Down to this dreadful hour:
I see your face
Lit with the lovelight of the honeymoon;
I hear your voice, that lingered on my name
As if it loved each letter; and I feel
The clinging of your arms about my form,
Your kisses on my cheek—and long to break
The anguish of such memories with tears,
But cannot weep; the fountain has run dry.

We were so young, so happy, and so full
Of keen sheer joy of life. I had no wish
Outside your pleasure; and you loved me so
That when I sometimes felt a woman's need
For more serene expression of man's love
(The need of rest in calm affection's bay
And not sail ever on the stormy main),
Yet would I rouse myself to your desire;
Meet ardent kiss with kisses just as warm;
So nothing I could give should be denied.

And then our children came. Deep in my soul,
From the first hour of conscious motherhood,
I knew I should conserve myself for this
Most holy office; knew God meant it so.
Yet even then, I held your wishes first;
And by my double duties lost the bloom
And freshness of my beauty; and beheld
A look of disapproval in your eyes.

But with the coming of our precious child,
The lover's smile, tinged with the father's pride,
Returned again; and helped to make me strong;
And life was very sweet for both of us.

Another, and another birth, and twice
The little white hearse paused beside our door
And took away some portion of my youth
With my sweet babies. At the first you seemed
To suffer with me, standing very near;
But when I wept too long you turned away.
And I was hurt, not realizing then
My grief was selfish. I could see the change
Which motherhood and sorrow made in me;
And when I saw the change that came to you,
Saw how your eyes looked past me when you talked,
And when I missed the love tone from your voice,
I did that foolish thing that women do:
Complained and cried, accused you of neglect,
And made myself obnoxious in your sight.

And often, after you had left my side,
Alone I stood before my mirror, mad
With anger at my pallid cheeks, my dull
Unlightened eyes, my shrunken mother-breasts,
And wept, and wept, and faded more and more.
How could I hope to win back wandering love,
And make new flames in dying embers leap
By such ungracious means?

And then She came,
Firm bosomed, round of cheek, with such young eyes,
And all the ways of youth. I, who had died
A thousand deaths in waiting the return
Of that old love look to your face once more—
Died yet again and went straight into hell
When I beheld it come at her approach.

My God, my God, how have I borne it all!
Yet since she had the power to make that look—
The power to sweep the ashes from your heart
Of burned-out love for me, and light new fires,
One thing remained for me—to let you go.
I had no wish to keep the empty frame
From which the priceless picture had been wrenched.
Nor do I blame you; it was not your fault;
You gave me all that most men can give—love
Of youth, of beauty, and of passion; and
I gave you full return; my womanhood
Matched well your manhood. Yet had you grown ill,
Or old, and unattractive from some cause,
(Less close than was my service unto you)
I should have clung the tighter to you, dear;
And loved you, loved you, loved you more and more.

I grow so weary thinking of these things;
Day in, day out; and half the awful nights.

Solferino

By REV. THOMAS B. GREGORY.

THE battle of Solferino, won by Napoleon III and the Sardinian King from the Austrians fifty-four years ago, was one of the costliest of victories, a boomerang, the like of which is but seldom found on the pages of history.

Napoleon III, the Don Quixote of sovereigns, went far out of his way to interfere in the quarrel between Austria and Sardinia, and bitterly was he paid for it.

Within itself Solferino was a splendid triumph. Some 120,000 French and Sardinians beat to a finish some 170,000 Austrians, and the Emperor's cup of glory was sparkling to the brim! Solferino was well calculated to remind men of Austerlitz and Marengo and of the great captain whose genius had for so long led the soldiers of France from victory to victory as though they had been an army of demigods.

So far so good. But there was coming, all unseen by the victory of Solferino an aftermath of woe and misery.

Solferino precipitated a meeting between Napoleon and Joseph (July 11, at Villafranca), the result of which was the Treaty of Zurich, which, among other things, wrested Lombardy from Austria, thus materially weakening her among the family of European nations.

But the weakening of Austria carried along with it the strengthening of Prussia. If there was a time when Bismarck laughed more heartily than ever before, it was when the news came to him of that Lombardy matter. The great Chancellor must have laughed himself well-nigh mortal, for he saw just what it meant. He saw in advance the war of 1866, the struggle between Austria and Prussia for the leadership of the German States, the weakened state in which Austria would have to contend against the greatly improved condition of Prussia, and the final Prussian triumph at Konigratz.

But the clear-eyed Bismarck saw even farther than that. He saw Austria humbled and dismissed from the stage; he saw Prussia at the head of a united Germany; and, what was more to the point, he saw the Germans "marching all one way" on to Paris, to humble France much worse than France had humbled the Hapsburg.