BELIEVES COTTON SHOULD BRING 18C

Representative Heflin, of Alabama, Comments on Increased Consumption and Decreased Production.

Representative Heflin, of Alabama, a member of the house committee on agriculture, who has been giving special attention to the conditions of the cotton crop for the last three months, gave out the following statement Monday:

"I have been keeping in close touch with the cotton situation, and feel that I am in a position to know something about the condition of the cotton crop of the United States. Within the last ten days I have wired the commissioners of agriculture in all of the cotton growing states. I sent this telegram: 'Please wire, my expense, your opinion, condition, per cent and size of the cotton corp in your state.' The responses show the average condition throughout the cotton belt to be a little less than 60 per cent, and the size of the crop as follows:

Alabama	900,000 bales
Arkansas	800,000 bales
Florida	62,000 bales
Georgia	1,800,000 bales
Louisiana	300,000 bales
Mississippi	1,100,000 bales
North Carolina	750,000 bales
Oklahoma	275,000 bales
South Carolina	1,100,000 bales
Tennessee	231,000 bales
Texas	3,000,000 bales
Missouri	37,000 bales
Virginia	11,000 bales
Total	10,366,000 bales

"The total crop for 1914 was 15,905,000 bales. In 1910 the cotton crop was about 12,000,000 bales, and there were then 134,000,000 spindles to be supplied; and then cotton was being used on a very small scale for smokeless powder and explosive purposes. Now the crop will be about 10,000,000 bales, and there are 146,000,000 spindles to be supplied, and powder and high explosive shell factories must have at least three million bales.

Cotton Acreage Greatly Reduced.

"Where is the cotton to come from? Cotton acreage was reduced in India by order of the British government to produce food supplies for the army. A like order reduced the cotton acreage in Egypt for the same purpose, and Russia reduced her cotton acreage for the same reason. The cotton farmers of the United States have produced on a large scale food supplies where cotton grew a year ago. They have reduced the cotton acreage in the souun nearly 5,000,000 acres, and cut the amount of fertilizers used a year ago more than half.

"The cotton farmer is acquainted with the cotton situation. He realizes his position in the affairs of the cotton world. He knows that the world's supply is not going to be sufficient to meet the world's demand, and he is going to hold his cotton, borrow money on his warehouse receipt if need be, and receive his price or refuse to sell. Secretary McAdoo has assured us that we can get all the money necessary to enable us to market this crop to the very best advantage. Cotton will be 15 cents before Christmas and may be 20 cents before May, 1916."

Germans Use 5,000 Bales Daily.

On August 12, 1915, The New York Commercial said:

"British officials claim that the kaiser's guns are firing 5,000 bales of cotton a day." If the Germans are using 5,000 bales of cotton a day in gun powder and high explosives, it is reasonable to calculate that the entire allied armies are using at least 5,000 bales a day. Then 10,000 bales a day for 300 days would be 3,000,000 bales of cotton.

A special from New York to The Detroit, Mich., Free Press, September 26, said: "Great Britain has contracted for 12,000,000 12 and 16-inch high explosive shells to be manufactured in the United States. They are to be delivered early in 1916." It will require 1,150,000 bales of cotton to fill that contract.

The New York Commercial said a few days ago: "Cotton is the chief ingredient in the smokeless powder of our day." And it adds, "some of the greatest authorities have shown that cotton is as essential in modern warfare as guns."

A London paper said recently: "The powder used in the rifle and high explosive shells of the field gun is not as in Napoleon's day made of charcoal, saltpeter and sulphur, but it is made chiefly of cotton."

Smokeless Powder Two-thirds Cotton.

The same London paper said: "British and German powder is at least two-thirds gun-cotton. The cotton is dipped in nitric acid, washed and dried, and then it is gun-cotton."

In Spain, Switzerland, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Holland, and, in fact, in all of the neutral countries the demand for American cotton is greater than ever before.

The average price of cotton for five years prior to 1914 was 13 cents. The average price for the 1914 crop was 8 cents. So, in order to bring the 1914-1915 crops up to the average price paid for five years preceding 1914, this crop must bring 18 cents.

A "LIFE GUARD".

Our Kryptok Glasses—They guard your eyes. Keep them from strain and yourself from nervous breakdown. We make them according to the prescription of your oculist, with the highest mechanical finish practicable, and with our superior frame adjustment. Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, 42 North Broad St.—(adv.)

Well Chosen Diamonds

Wearing well chosen Diamonds adds to your self-respect.

Diamonds are the symbols of success.

Their ownership stamps you as one who has the ability to earn and invest money—putting you above the level of those about you.

Wearing diamonds is prima facie evidence that you are the possessor of wealth, and it pays to let people know that you are a success.

Just now it is especially important that you look, talk and act prosperous.

You can buy correctly graded diamonds here by paying only one-fifth cash; the balance, plus 6 per cent simple interest, can be settled in ten equal monthly payments.

Selections sent anywhere on approval—all express charges paid, whether you purchase or not.

Call or write for booklet, "Facts About Diamonds," and 160-page illustrated catalogue.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Diamond Merchants
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1887.

WEEVIL EXPERTS SPEAK TO MUSCOGEE FARMERS

Worsham and Experts Will Speak at Columbus Courthouse Today.

Columbus, Ga., October 5.—(Special.) State Entomologist Worsham and four of his assistants arrived in the city this afternoon to be present at a meeting tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock in the city court room of the courthouse when the invasion of the boll weevil is to be discussed, and where some definite steps are to be taken toward relieving Muscogee county and the threatened section of Georgia of the great losses, which other sections of the county have suffered.

It is taken as a fact that the weevil will be in Muscogee county next year in large numbers, and that much damage will result, if nothing is done, and this meeting is to bring the citizens of the Chattahoochee valley to a realization of what they must face.

Letters have been written to hundreds of farmers and to organizations urging a large attendance at the meeting, and the answers received tend to show that a large number of farmers and business men will be present.

Tonight a conference of business men and bankers was held with the experts in preparing for the meeting tomorrow morning and every effort made to organize the people.

Already this year there is some damage reported, although it has been kept more or less quiet, and the experts are now impressing on the people the necessity of action. It is urged by a local committee, and the state-wide boll weevil committee, which is headed by Dozier Pou, of Columbus, that the attendance be large.

Following the meeting here tomorrow morning, the experts will go to Cusseta in Chattahoochee county where at 2 o'clock another meeting will be held, after which the balance of the trip will be made. The experts are going into every county along the western frontier of Georgia, in which the weevil has made its appearance.

Federal Court Begins To Grind Out Justice To Many Old Offenders

Rufus Spain, of Walton county, was given the sentence yesterday of a year and a day and a fine of $100 by Judge Newman for illicit distilling. Will Stokes, a negro of Henry county, and Andy Goodman, a negro of Atlanta, were sentenced to two years and three years for tampering with the mails.

Two cases against Spain were consolidated. It developed during the trial that the defendant had been sent to the federal prison last fall for distilling. He escaped with several other prisoners and was not apprehended until last May. In the meantime, it was testified, he had returned to his old diversion.

Will Stokes was sent to the federal prison for stealing a pair of lady's shoes from a parcel post package at the Terminal station. The record showed that he had been out of the prison only one week, having served two years there for tampering with the mails two years before. Andy Goodman broke into a postoffice in Henry county and stole $4.30. He stated that he had been induced to do so by a friend who offered to accompany him around the world on the change.

MORTUARY

(All Funeral Notices Appear on Last Page.)

D. M. Touchstone, Griffin.

Griffin, Ga., October 5.—(Special.)—Dennis M. Touchstone, one of Griffin's most prominent and popular young business men, died yesterday morning at 3 o'clock at the home of his father, J. D. Touchstone, in Mount Zion district, after an illness of several weeks with a complication of diseases. He was 33 years of age, and a prominent member of the Griffin commandery, Knights Templar, and Benevolent Protective Lodge of Elks. His funeral was held at Mount Zion this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. I. Kalish.

Mrs. I. Kalish, 52 years of age, died last night at 8:40 o'clock at the family residence, 230 Richardson street. Besides her husband, she is survived by three sons, Harry, Joe and David Kalish, all of Atlanta; and by the following sisters and brothers: Mr. and Mrs. Leo Fresh, Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Marcus, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Marcus, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Marcus, all of Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. Sam Marcus, of Montgomery, Ala.; Mrs. Pauline Cohn, of Baltimore, Md.

A. Malcolm Barford.

A. Malcolm Barford, aged 22, died Tuesday at a private hospital. The body was removed to the chapel of Barclay & Brandon. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. Barford; two sisters, Mrs. W. P. Anderson and Mrs. K. P. Mayson; two brothers, Frank R. and Carey Barford. He lived at 141 Cherokee avenue.

J. F. Hatcher.

J. F. Hatcher, aged 52, died Tuesday at his residence, Connally, Ga. The body was removed to Poole's chapel. Besides his widow, he is survived by two sons, G. D. and J. F. Hatcher, Jr.; two daughters, Misses Nellie and Florence Hatcher.

Mrs. Anne Lemaster, Rome.

Rome, Ga., October 5.—(Special.)—Mrs. Anne Lemaster, aged 61, died at her home here yesterday. She is survived by two sons and three daughters. The funeral took place today.

Mrs. Martha Annie Sasnett.

Mrs. Martha Annie Sasnett, aged 75, died Tuesday at a private hospital. The body was removed to Poole's chapel. She is survived by one son and two daughters.

John C. Chewning.

John C. Chewning, aged 80, died Tuesday at his residence near Decatur. He is survived by his widow, three sons and two daughters.

Harry Turner.

Harry Turner, aged 8, died Tuesday at the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Turner, 403 Glenn street.

MURRAY HEARING TODAY

Judge Fite to Hear Injunction Cases at Cartersville.

Cartersville, Ga., October 5.—(Special.)—Tomorrow three more Murray county courthouse injunction suits will be heard by Judge Fite here.

In all these Judge Fite has heretofore granted temporary restraining orders and the hearing tomorrow is to determine whether or not these shall be made permanent.

Due to the confinement in the Murray county jail the commissioners and their attorney cannot be present, and it is not known how or by whom their side will be presented.

A large representation of Chatsworth citizens will be present.

THREE HUNDRED ENROLL AT SPELMAN SEMINARY

Spelman seminary was formally opened Tuesday with an attendance of about 300 boarders and many others arriving on the trains during the night. The management announces that a record attendance is looked for and every available room is being put in condition for students.

The high price of cotton and the general improvement in all lines of business is expected to be reflected in the work of the seminary during the ensuing term.

Here Are Winners of Tickets to "The Only Girl"

Advertisers whose names appeared in the double-page advertisement in The Constitution on Sunday, which incidentally featured "The Only Girl," and in which twenty reserved seats and a box were to be given away to the opening night of the show, would have sympathized with the committee which had the task of selecting the best letters if they could have witnessed the three judges wading through the mass of letters Monday evening and Tuesday morning.

It looked like everybody in the city had noticed and read the advertisements, and that they were all bent on picking up complimentary tickets to see the best $2 show to be at the Atlanta theater this season. Some of the letters ran into poetry—and very clever poetry, too—and there were hundreds of good reasons given for patronizing the firms shown on the double page.

The list of ticket winners is shown below. The lucky writers are requested to call, or send proper order, to The Constitution business office today or tomorrow, and upon proper identification, will be presented with the tickets.

The winner of the six box seats is Mrs. W. L. Cline, 100 College avenue, Decatur. Her acrostic poem is herewith printed.

The other twenty winners of a reserved seat each for Thursday night are Miss Laura Lewis Lawhon, 62 College avenue, Decatur; Mrs. George Campbell, 275 Glenwood avenue; R. C. W. Ramspeck, Decatur; Miss Sarah Hillsman Hester, 186 South Pryor street; M. F. Crawford, 298 East Pine street; Miss Cecilia M. Willink, 403 North Jackson street; Mrs. L. P. Kinsey, 1201 Third National Bank building; Mrs. W. W. Northern, 14 West Baker street; Ellie Howard, 218 Grant street; Miss DeVoll, 32 Kirkwood avenue; Miss Emye Hill, 420 Hurt building; Mrs. W. F. Dykes, 50 Penn avenue; Mrs. Bun Wyllie, 107 Peachtree place; Griswold Parker, 44 Stonewall street; Frances Johnson, 84 Josephine street; Mrs. James D. Rhodes, 411 Euclid avenue; A. L. Hills, 64 North Forsyth street; R. D. Speer, 88 Glenwood avenue; Mrs. J. S. Dickert, 723 North Boulevard; Paul Ridgway, 40 West Peachtree place.

WINS BOX OF SIX SEATS.
(Submitted by Mrs. W. L. Cline, 100 College Avenue, Decatur, Ga.)

THE Only Girl will find it wise
To trade with those who advertise.

HATS galore for young and old
At Rosenbaum's; the tale is told.

EACH pair of shoes from Moon's Shoe Store
Has style and quality. Why pay more?

OLSON'S HATS are mighty nice.
Better values for less price.

NO occasion is complete
Without Dahl's flowers—fresh and sweet.

LATEST records—new this fall;
Found at Bame's—they have them all.

YOU'LL find pianos, tried and true,
At Baldwin's—just as good as new.

GO to Allen's for the best—
Suits, hats, shoes and all the rest.

IN the specialty shop you'll find
Latest fashions of every kind.

ROUNTREE'S trunks, bags and cases
Suitable for all times and places.

LASTLY, at the Ansley Hotel,
They will treat and feed you well.

GEORGIA IS ATTACKED BY JUDGE SHEPPARD

New York, October 5.—The lynching of Leo M. Frank, although not designated by name, was made the basis of a portion of the charge today to the new federal grand jury by Judge William B. Sheppard, of Pensacola, Fla., who swore in the jurors and instructed them. Judge Sheppard told the grand jury that the people looked to the courts for protection and that failure to get it sometimes led to outrage.

"Not many weeks ago," Judge Sheppard said, "the country was shocked by an outrage committed in a southern state. That offense against society, that outrage against the law, was the culmination of an indifference that existed in that state for more than twenty years. Lynchings and outrages against the law had become so common that little attention was paid to them. Such an outrage has startled the country and, as I say, it was only a culmination of public indifference."

Judge Sheppard is holding court in New York under the law which permits a federal judge to sit in another part of the country where dockets are congested to aid in disposing of cases.

"There are, however," continued Judge Sheppard, "wholesale indications, notwithstanding these public outrages, which shock the public conscience, that American thought has awakened to the importance of these things. In every part of the United States there is a powerful insistence that legal machinery be freed from those technicalities which serve no rightful purpose, but merely tend to delay and defeat the ends of justice.

"There is also on the public's part a more earnest demand that no person whose guilt is proved be suffered to escape, no matter how high or low his position may be. This is an evidence of social progress and of a cleaner public conscience. The responsibility of a busy court in this regard is inexpressibly serious and important. Their duty to the law, whose high ministers they are, demands that they vouchsafe to every one who comes before them a trial that is impartial, speedy and dispassionate. Thus only can justice reach the ends of the law."

Stolen Auto Sticks In Mire, Negro Thief Calls Off Joy Ride

If the car had not stuck in the mud near Druid Hills there is no telling where John Milligan would have gone with the auto he had stolen from Grahame Perdue, at 703 Edgewood avenue.

Milligan, a negro youth, was tried in the police court Tuesday afternoon, and, as he had broken a lock on the garage to get the car, he was held in a $500 bond for burglary.

Milligan stated that he went out for a joy ride and that he had to declare the trip off when the car got mired up so he couldn't make it go.

SHOOTS HIS NEIGHBOR; DISMISSED BY JUDGE

It was all an accident when John T. Slaughter shot A. C. Shivers through the jaw just two weeks ago at the home of Shivers, so the recorder decided yesterday afternoon after hearing the evidence in the case.

Both Shivers and Slaughter were on trial. Shivers had gone to his home, 531 Courtland street, in a very ugly humor because his wife had doubted him, and he whipped out a razor and declared that he would "finish the whole bunch."

Slaughter, who rooms at the house, was present and escaped by sliding down a tree from the second story. Subsequently when he was sitting in the dark on the front porch fooling with an automatic, he shot Shivers.

After the cases were dismissed, the officer presented Shivers with the bullet that had passed through his jaw as a souvenir of the occasion.

BANKRUPTCY ACT ABUSED STATES JUDGE LAMBDIN

Macon, Ga., October 5.—(Special.)—Judge W. W. Lambdin came here today and opened the United States court. It was his first appearance on the bench in this city and a big crowd of lawyers was on hand to greet him.

Judge Lambdin's charge to the grand jury, in which he warned the jurors to be on the lookout for fraudulent concealment of assets of bankrupts, was the feature of the opening of the court.

In the course of his charge, the judge referred to the awful cataclysm now in progress in Europe and expressed the hope that the final outcome will be a return to democratic rule and true Christianity. He declared that this government occupied a position of peculiar responsibility in the crisis as the upholder of the highest ideals of civic righteousness and international justice.

Leaving the war in Europe, Judge Lambdin said: "I desire to call your special attention to offenses against the national bankruptcy act, which was adopted in 1898. This was intended to secure a equal distribution of the assets of an insolvent person among his creditors.

"It so happens that this law has been somewhat abused in the practice, and that therefore there is danger of it falling into reproach among our people. I therefore call your attention to the fact that the provisions of this law make it a crime for a bankrupt to conceal from his trustee any of the property belonging to his estate in bankruptcy, or to make a false oath in any of his bankruptcy proceedings." He also referred to other possible violations of this law, declaring jurors should watch for violations.

TWO HARPER BROTHERS ENGAGE IN FATAL DUEL

Hartwell, Ga., October 5.—(Special.) In a gunfight between two brothers a few miles north of here Tom Harper was killed and Mike Harper so critically wounded that he may die. Doctors who amputated Mike Harper's leg today, however, have hopes that he will recover.

Tom Harper was beating his wife, it is reported, when his brother, Mike, interfered, and hte battle between the two ensued. Tom was wounded four times, being shot three times with a pistol and once with a shotgun.

Sheriff A. S. Johnson, of Hart county, who investigated the killing with Coroner Nixon, states that it is improbable that any action will be taken against Mike Harper if he recovers, as witnesses say he was justified in interfering to save his sister-in-law from her infuriated husband.

A horse famine in the United States is predicted by western breeders.

CITY IN LUCK; GETS CHECK FOR $40,000

Back Taxes From Georgia Railroad—Make New Finance Sheet to Reduce Deficit.

The October apportionment sheet for the city of Atlanta has been held up.

Vetoed by the mayor?

No, no!

It is all because of a $40,000 check sent to the city Tuesday by the Georgia Railroad and Banking company for back taxes.

The mayor has called the finance committee of council to meet in a special session Wednesday morning to hear the good news and to revise the October apportionment sheet to meet the unexpected windfall.

This stroke of municipal good luck came at a time when the city was facing a deficit of over $100,000, and when nearly all the departments were asking for money they could not get.

The check, which is for $40,305.17, was received by the city attorney from Attorney S. H. Sibley, of Union Point, who has been representing the city in the tax litigation.

This is how it all came about:

Suit was brought against the Louisville and Nashville railroad company and the Atlantic Coast Line for the collection of taxes due the state, county and city by the Georgia Railroad and Banking company, which had leased the road to William M. Wadley for 100 years, and Wadley re-leased it to the Louisville and Nashville. It was claimed that the lease amounted practically to a sale and the payment of taxes should be made by the lessees.

The suit was brought by the state comptroller general and the then attorney general, Judge John C. Hart. Judge Newman held that the defendants should pay on the terminal properties, and this decision was confirmed by the United States supreme court. After this decision an agreement was reached with the result that the state has been paid $20,472, with interest at 7 per cent, the city has received its share and the county of Fulton will get its part in a few days.

Great joy has been caused at the city hall and a new October apportionment sheet will now be made up and submitted to a called session of council.

RECORDER COMPLAINS OF FIGHTS IN COURT

When Attorney Lawton Nalley began to speak to a witness in the police court Tuesday afternoon in that deep voice and earnest manner which are two of his characteristics, Recorder Johnson, who has had some war-like experiences with lawyers in his court recently, called out:

"Let us have everything gentle in this case, Mr. Nalley. I don't want any more lawyers fighting in my court. I have had three or four lately, and I want to be careful."

Attorney Nalley smiled, and assured the court that he was not after any fight, and the case went on.

$500,000 SUBSCRIBED HERE FOR WAR LOAN

The Trust Company of Georgia, located in Atlanta, Tuesday announced that a loan of $500,000 had been made to the Anglo-French commission as a portion of the war loan being floated in this country by J. P. Morgan & Co., agents for the commission.

John E. Murphy, vice president of the trust company, discussing the loan, said:

"This loan is regarded by able financiers as a most excellent investment, being a prior lien on both Great Britain and France and netting the investor about 5½ per cent. Our company accepted subscriptions on exactly the same basis as the New York syndicate, without any charge for its services."

Strike Is Settled.

Cleveland, October 5.—The strike of 600 machinists at the Cleveland Automatic machine company was settled this afternoon when the men, 258 to 124, voted to accept the company's terms, which concede all demands excepting recognition of the union.

WHEN BACK ACHES TAKE VITALITAS

Nature's Most Wonderful Curative Relieves This World-Wide Complaint.

Where there is civilization people have backache. This is true around the world with people in all walks of life and the distressing complaint is ofttimes the harbinger of more serious ills; sometimes it is due to kidney trouble, sometimes to colds and sometimes it is caused by liver derangements. Whatever the reason may be, Vitalitas is a corrective and cure for it. It is a mistake to seek relief from plasters and liniments and in remedies which only temporarily soothe and do not remove the cause. Vitalitas acts constitutionally; it cleanses the system, removes toxic poisons and reinvigorates the vital organs. Among those who are finding a return to health in Vitalitas are many who have lame and cripple backs. The trouble disappears like magic under the influence of this new and marvelous nature product.

Vitalitas is a wonderful corrective for ills generally of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels and blood. It is free of alcohol, has no added drugs, every drop of it is health giving and it is pleasant to take.

You can get a free sample drink of Vitalitas at Jacobs' Pharmacy, 23 Whitehall street, or write there for information.—(adv.)

EST 1870 TRADE MARK HAWKES GLASSES

This Ad Is for
Bookkeepers
Stenographers
Office Workers

Yours is the kind of work that requires close, intense application—the very kind that injures your eyes if they are the least bit weak. You may not have any particular defect, but your eyes may be naturally weak and give out easily. A properly fitted pair of glasses will help you immensely; will enable you to do your work without undue fatigue, and preserve and strengthen your eyes. Our prices are moderate, and we guarantee a perfect fitting pair of glasses. Come in and talk to us about your eyes—TODAY.

HAWKES
OPTICIANS
14 Whitehall

Ward Off That Cold
with a



GAS ROOM-HEATER
Convenient and Cozy

Burns gas, the cheapest and cleanest form of fuel. Needs no attention; no grate to fill or empty; no oil tank to bother with. No fuel wasted; all the heat stays in the room. Looks good, acts better. Several kinds, $2 to $5 complete.

Phone or Call *Today*
ATLANTA GAS LIGHT CO.

STEIN-BLOCH superiority rests on Stein-Bloch style and tailoring and they are the result of "Sixty-one Years of Knowing How."

THE STEIN-BLOCH CO.
Wholesale Tailors
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Stein-Bloch
Smart Clothes

PARKS-CHAMBERS-HARDWICK COMPANY
Sole Agents Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes

BOSTONIANS
Famous Shoes for Men.

$3.50 to $6.00



A model for all-round all-time wear. The kind of shoe that "repeats." Serviceable, comfortable and high-class. Never out of place.

Stewart
GOOD SHOES FOR EVERYBODY

Fred S. Stewart Co. 25 Whitehall

So Often You Hear—

"I wish I could sell those old books,"
"I wish I could sell that old furniture,"
"I wish I could sell that old buggy,"
—and so on.

Well, You Can—A small want ad in The Constitution "For Sale Miscellaneous" column will bring you more answers than you know what to do with.

Phone your wants to Main 5000. Ask for the Classified Advertising Department. Atlanta 5001.