CIRCULATION Yesterday, Thursday 48,334

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RUSS FORCES QUIT GRODNO FORTRESS AND CROSS NIEMEN

Evacuation of City Is Announced from Petrograd. Only Minor Engagements Occur on Western Front.

RUSSIANS PRACTICALLY DRIVEN FROM GALICIA

Mine Sweepers Again Active in Dardanelles, Suggesting That Allies Intend Making Another Naval Attack.

Petrograd, September 2.—(Via London, September 3, 2:52 a. m.)—A Russian war office statement tonight announces the evacuation by the Russian forces of the fortress of Grodno and the retirement of the troops to the right bank of the Niemen river.

London, September 2.—Except in the region of Riga, where the Russians are presenting a solid front to Von Hindenburg, the Austro-German offensive again is making headway and the Russian troops have resumed their four months' retreat. Grodno's western forts were evacuated after two were destroyed by the heavy guns and stormed by the German infantry, and it is considered extremely likely that the whole fortress already has been left to its fate, for it was no longer tenable after the Germans had crossed the Grodno-Vilna railway, which they did at two points, and had penetrated the forest of Bielovezh, to the southeast of the town.

Vilna, doubtless, will be the next objective of the Austro-Germans on this front.

RUSSIANS DRIVEN FROM GALICIA.

In the southeast Vienna reports a series of successes, which virtually have driven the Russians out of Galicia; they now hold only a very narrow strip between the Sereth river and Bessarabia. Across the border in the latter province, the Austrians state, the Russians set fire to villages which might indicate a further retreat. Thus the hopes raised in the allied countries by recent successes that Russia at least was making a stand have been dissipated.

Everywhere the Austro-Germans claim to be advancing, but they have not captured of late any great number of men or guns. The Russian guns have been kept well behind the infantry and are quickly moved back when the rear guards are unable longer to hold off the invaders. There is some talk of an advance on Kiev, but the distance to that city is considerable and the country over which it would have to be made is difficult for the troop movement.

GERMANS WIN BACK TRENCHES IN WEST.

On the western front the Germans claim to have recovered trenches lost in August in the Vosges, while the French refer only to artillery engagements, which have been the feature of the last nine days, with no suggestion of what they foreshadow.

Increased activity at the Dardanelles is shown in official reports. Besides their success in capturing an important position that dominates one of the Turkish lines of communication, the British have sunk four more Turkish transports in the straits while the fire of the ships across Gallipoli peninsula has made Turkish troop movements by either land or sea more difficult.

According to the Turks, mine sweepers have been busy at the entrance of the straits, suggesting that an attack is contemplated by the allies from another direction.

A Rome dispatch says that the Austrians have evacuated Rovereto, which recent Italian advances had threatened to cut off. An official report from the same capital claims successes on different fronts.

The British public has been greatly cheered by the version of the recent heavy fighting at the Dardanelles, contained in the official report received last night from General Sir Ian Hamilton, the British commander-in-chief. This report has been awaited eagerly, in view of the assertions of Constantinople that the allies had been repulsed with heavy losses.

IMPORTANT POINT TAKEN FROM TURKS.

Sir Ian claims that his forces operating on the northern section of the line captured an important tactical point commanding the Buvuk Anafarta valley to the east and north, as well as making an appreciable gain along the Australasian front.

If the British colonials now dominate Anafarta their guns should have a clear field to fire upon one of the main Turkish supply roads leading toward Achi Baba. The Turks, however, have an alternative line of communication with this part of their front. Constantinople has admitted no advance on the part of the allies.

GRODNO OUTPOSTS TAKEN BY KAISER.

Berlin, September 2.—(Via London.) German forces attacking the Russian fortress of Grodno have taken the outer forts of the stronghold, it was officially announced by German army headquarters today.

The text of the statement is as follows:

"Western theater of war:

"In the Vosges, north of Muenster, our attack on August 31 resulted in our recapturing the trench section lost to the French in battles from August 18 to 23. The battle line of Lingekopf-Bureriekopf passed again into our possession. All counter attacks have been repulsed. Seventy-two mountain chasseurs were taken prisoners. Three machine guns were captured.

"A French aeroplane flying over Avocourt, northwest of Verdun, was shot down by one of our battle aviators. The machine was set on fire.

"Eastern theater of war: Army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg:

"The village of Czarnoke on the

Continued on Page Two.

Mims Is Deserted By His Wives After Police Court Trial

One Will Get Divorce and Wed Again; Another Seeks Annulment, and Third Has Not Been Heard From.

"I am not going to marry that man all over again," said Mrs. J. W. Mims, No. 3, to Recorder Johnson yesterday afternoon when the too-much-married Mims was on trial and facing both his first and third wives.

"I think Mr. Mims has already been married enough," continued Mims' third matrimonial adventure. "I am still young and good looking and can get another husband without bothering any more with Mims."

Mims was very meek. He not only had to face two wives in court, but he had to listen while the police told about a third wife in Columbus, Ga.

Mims' third wedding took place in Atlanta last Sunday, when he led to the altar Miss Myra Jordan, who now declares that she will get the marriage annulled and let Mims go.

Mims first married Miss Lucy Sweat in Atlanta three years ago and deserted her. He married Miss Lena Malone in South Carolina two years ago and deserted her in Columbus, so the police claim.

Mrs. Mims No. 1, who has married Thomas Puckett, believing she had a legal right to do so, and by whom she has a little child, stated to the recorder that she intends to get a divorce from Mims and marry Puckett all over again.

Mrs. Mims No. 2 has not yet been heard from.

Mims was held in a $500 bond for bigamy. He is now in jail.

Attorney C. P. Sims has undertaken to represent all parties concerned by mutual consent. He will get a divorce for Mrs. Puckett, will annul the marriage of Mrs. Mims No. 3 and defend Mims when he is tried for bigamy.

MONARCHY IN CHINA REGARDED AS CERTAIN

Such Is Interpretation Placed on Resignation of Vice President.

Shanghai, China, September 2.—Li Yuen Heng has resigned as vice president of the Chinese republic. The interpretation placed upon his act is that it is preparatory to the establishment of a monarchy, which is popularly regarded as virtually certain.

A dispatch from Pekin last night said that the failure of Li Yuen Heng, who has been virtually a prisoner in the palace grounds for many months, to attend yesterday's session of the advisory council had been made the basis of a sensational story published by the Pekin newspapers. Li Yuen Heng was reported in Pekin to have requested from President Yuan Shi Kai permission to depart from the Forbidden City. He is said to have informed the president that he would not oppose the re-establishment of a monarchy, but would not subscribe his name to a petition favoring the project.

Commissioner Price Looking for Someone To Cash His Check

Luck has come the way of James D. Price, Georgia's fortune-favored commissioner of agriculture, once more!

Long held dear in the hearts of the ladies from Rabun Gap to Tybee light, Commissioner Price now becomes many times a multi-millionaire! What more could a man desire than being a lion among ladies, the commissioner of agriculture and a multi-millionaire? Echo, astounded, answers faintly, "What?"

Commissioner Price, by virtue of his office as commissioner of agriculture, has been, as he should be, giving out information as to the large amounts of money which Georgia in years agone has spent in other parts for foodstuffs.

Feeling that "it ain't right" that so much money should be sent out of Georgia, a citizen of St. Louis has mailed Commissioner Price a check for $139,000,000!

The check is from a man whose queer sense of humor and lack of profitable labor frequently leads him to intrude himself into places where other people are working.

The check is signed by "I. M. A. Nutt."

Eradication of Tick To Make Dixie Foremost Stock-Raising Section

Washington, September 2.—The cattle tick cost the United States approximately $90,000,000 during the past year, according to estimates by Dr. A. D. Melvin, chief of the federal bureau of animal industry today. This includes destruction of the cattle, decreases in value of hides and in production of milk, etc.

Government agents report great headway in the organized effort to eradicate the tick, which has resulted in the southern farmers devoting more attention to stock-raising.

A circular has just been issued by Secretary Houston advising all stock interests that the eradication of the tick is essential to the development of a sound agricultural system in the south and that with it out of the way the south can produce cattle free from many of the handicaps of other sections.

VON TIRPITZ TO RESIGN.

Reported He Will Be Succeeded by Von Pohl.

London, September 3.—(2:17 a. m.)—An Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company says it is reported that Admiral von Tirpitz, the German minister of marine, will resign and will be succeeded by Admiral von Pohl, now chief of the admiralty staff, and commander of the German battle fleet.

WILSON MAY BRING END TO GREAT WAR IS POPE'S BELIEF

Pontiff's Message, Praising Attitude of President, Is Taken to Washington by Cardinal Gibbons.

PROSPECTS FOR PEACE BRIGHTER, HE THINKS

Joint Action Among Neutral Countries and Pope Is Suggested as Possible Outcome of Visit.

Washington, September 2.—Cardinal Gibbons came to Washington today with a message of hope for peace in Europe to President Wilson from Pope Benedict. It was a cablegram praising the president's attitude and indicating a belief that the United States might be in a position to help in bringing the European war to an end.

After reading the message, the cardinal remained for half an hour with the president, discussing the possibility of peace and the world situation generally. He emerged smiling and walked over to the state department for a conference with Secretary Lansing. Later he announced he had talked peace with the president and told him of his gratification over the apparent success of the negotiations with Germany over submarine warfare. He spoke cheerfully of the situation, saying the prospects for peace seemed to be brightening.

Wilson Much Pleased.

The text of the pope's message was not made public, nor was there any formal comment on it from the white house. Unofficially, however, it was said that the president was much pleased with the message and with the interview. It was understood that the pope made no definite suggestion as to a peace movement, and that his message was purely a personal one to President Wilson and not addressed to the heads of other neutral governments.

The visit of the cardinal created the deepest interest in official and diplomatic circles. It had been known since Tuesday that he was coming, but while the pope's telegram reached him Monday no inkling of it was heard in Washington until today.

Joint action for peace among the heads of several neutral nations and the pope was suggested as a possible outcome of today's developments, but this idea received no official confirmation. Up to the present the United States has acted entirely alone in the single offer it has made to be of service in bringing about peace.

Many Points Involved.

Diplomats representing the belligerent nations reserved comment on the conference until more definite information has been given out. It was pointed out that many political questions, including the maintenance of the neutrality of the Balkans, and the establishment of a separate Polish kingdom would be involved in the discussion of peace at this time.

The president's offer of the services of the United States to the belligerents still stands open, and he has reiterated several times that he is anxious to do everything possible in that direction. Whether he will take any further steps without hearing directly from any of the powers involved has not been made clear.

News dispatches from abroad recently discussing the possibility of peace have been given the president's earnest attention and American diplomats in Europe have standing directions to communicate anything received on the subject to the president. In Mr. Wilson's private study in the white house, filed away by himself, is a mass of data on the question, including reports made to him by Colonel E. M. House, who spent several months abroad studying the situation.

The Mexican situation was touched upon incidentally by Cardinal Gibbons, both at the white house and at the state department, with an expression of his hopes for an early restoration of order and government in that country.

Before returning to his home in Baltimore tonight, the cardinal called on Monsignor Bonzano, the papal delegate, and Monsignor Russell.

LACK OF EVIDENCE SETS ORTOLPH FREE

Tallahassee, Fla., September 2.—Walber Ortolph, a German, charged with entering government reservations to obtain information regarding national defenses to which he was not entitled, late yesterday was released from custody. The charges were dropped, according to United States District Attorney John L. Neely, because of lack of evidence.

Ortolph was arrested three weeks ago. It was alleged he visited and made sketches of military and lighthouse reservations along the Florida coast. Hearings in the case were postponed three times at the request of the government. A hearing was to have been held today.

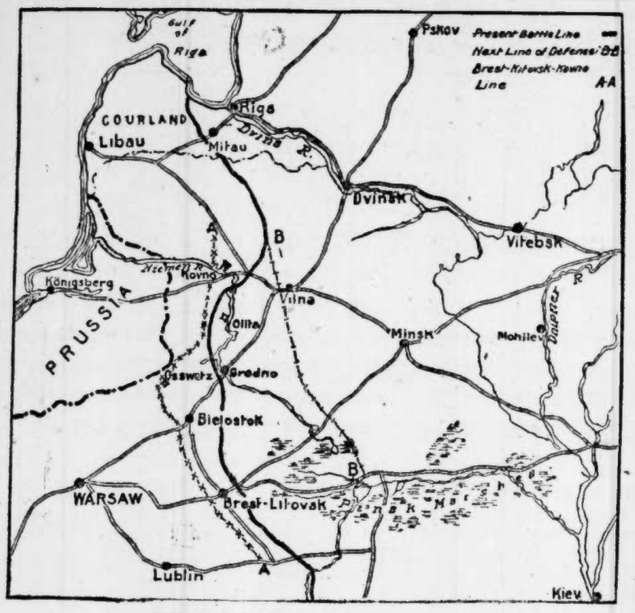
SATURDAY

MARKETING DAY

Thousands of housewives who read page 2 of The Saturday Constitution for opportunities for savings on Foodstuffs of all kinds will be looking for Saturday specials tomorrow morning.

Grocerymen and butchers who tell of their bargains on this page will reap the harvest of big business.

Russia's Defensive Line Crumpled



RUSSIA'S RECEDING BATTLE LINE.

The fall of the great fortress of Brest Litovsk marked practically the last step in the abandonment of the powerful defensive line which Russia had counted on to stem the German advance. This line, carefully fortified, has been outflanked on the south and, in the fall of Kovno, pierced in the north, and has now become utterly untenable. The line A—A shows the location of forts and defenses on which the Russians had depended; the heavy black line, indicating the present positions, shows how far these have been lost. The last line, B—B, is the next on which the Russians might make a stand. It is possible, however, that no great effort will be made to check the Teutonic advance till the line from Minsk to Dvinsk (or Dunaburg) has been reached.

AMERICANS SLAIN BY MEXICAN GANG

Two U. S. Citizens Kidnaped and Killed by Bandits Who Escape After Fight With Troops.

Brownsville, Texas, September 2.—The bullet-riddled bodies of two Americans who were early today kidnaped by Mexican bandits about 12 miles north of here, were found late today in the bed of a dried lake about 12 miles north of here. The bodies were brought into Brownsville tonight.

The men were Earl Donaldson, a farmer, who came here from Fayette, Mo., two weeks ago, and an engineer named Smith, engaged in construction work on an irrigation canal.

These men, with Stanley Dodds, the contractor in charge of the canal work, were taken prisoners early today by the bandits who burned the trestle north of here last night. Because one of the Mexicans told the others Dodds was a German, he was not harmed.

Dobbs escaped late today when the Mexicans became involved in a fight with United States soldiers, and telephoned from a distant ranch.

There were sixteen Mexicans in the band which met half a company of United States infantry north of Brownsville late today. One Mexican was killed and the others escaped. No soldiers were hit.

Officers say Anicito Pizano, a Mexican who was engaged in the Los Tulitos fight last month and escaped to Mexico, and whose name later was signed to a circular distributed in Mexico urging Mexicans to rise in arms against Americans, was the leader of the band.

Starting last night shortly after midnight by burning a small trestle on the St. Louis, Brownsville and Mexico railroad between Brownsville and Harlingen, the bandits, reported to be emboldened by liquor, spent a busy day at outlawry before they were engaged by half a company of United States infantry, which chased the gang in automobile trucks.

After burning the trestle, the bandits appeared at a ranch house five miles east of Bareda, where they found Louis Laulom, a surveyor, and a Mexican from this city. The two were told that they were safe in that they were not Americans.

Three Americans Kidnaped.

The next report of the gang's operations came from the irrigation pumping plant project where the three Americans were kidnaped. The uncompleted building at the site of the pumping station is reported to have been burned together with an automobile. There they took the trio after burning the property and continued their march until overtaken by the detachment of United States infantry. At what time and under what circumstances Donaldson and Smith were shot is not known.

When attacked by the American troops the bandit is said to have begun a running fight, culminating in a stand by six of the number in an irrigation canal down which ten escaped. In this fighting one Mexican was killed and the other five escaped.

The pursuit of the Mexicans is being pressed tonight with all vigor lest they reach the Mexican border and cross the river to safety.

SIX BRITISH STEAMERS SUNK BY SUBMARINES

Berlin, September 2.—(By Wireless to Tuckerton).—The Overseas agency today says:

"According to an official report the following British steamers have been sunk by submarines during the last few days:

"The Paroo, the Shrikby, the Glenby, the Queen, the Trafalgar and one fishing steamer."

Shipping records list the British steamer Paroo as of 2,665 gross tonnage. There is no record of her movements since she arrived at Singapore, August 8, from Freemantle. The Glenby, 2,196 tons gross, was at Cardiff August 13. Three steamers named the Queen, all less than 400 tons, are listed, while two Trafalgars are on the records, one of 4,572 tons and the other of 1,589 tons. Available records do not contain the name of a steamer Shrikby.

NO INDICTMENTS IN FRANK KILLING

Several Clews Found, But Evidence Is Insufficient to Warrant Action, Says Cobb County Grand Jury.

Marietta, Ga., September 2.—(Special.)—"We regret to state that we have been unable to find enough evidence to indict anyone for this crime." This sentence, taken from the presentments of the Cobb county grand jury, sums up the findings in the case of the lynching of Leo M. Frank.

The presentments follow:

"Georgia, Cobb County.—To the Hon. H. L. Patterson, Judge of the Superior Court of the Blue Ridge Circuit: We, the regular grand jury drawn for the July term, 1915, of Cobb superior court, and called together for the purpose of investigating the violation of the laws of the state of Georgia, in Cobb county, at this the July adjourned term of Cobb superior court, beg leave to make these, our special presentments:

"1. We have diligently inquired, without envy, hatred or malice, and without fear, favor, affection, reward or hope thereof, into all the circumstances connected with the killing of Leo M. Frank. We have worked faithfully and hard to discover who were the perpetrators of this crime.

"We have had the active co-operation of the governor of the state, he giving us all information that he has; of the attorney general of the state, and especially have we had the active co-operation of the solicitor general of this circuit and of the sheriff and his deputy in Cobb county, and have examined before our body every witness we could find who might know anything pertaining to this matter.

"We have found several clues, but have been unable to find anyone who could identify any party. We have done our best, under our oath, and we regret to state that we have been unable to find enough evidence to indict anyone for this crime.

"We have made a list of all of the witnesses we had before us. The solicitor general was before our body, and personally examined these witnesses, and we have turned this list over to him for his information, to follow up at another grand jury if any more evidence can be found to connect any person or persons with the death of Leo M. Frank.

"We have been unable to connect anybody with the perpetration of this offense, or to identify anyone who was connected with it, although we have investigated the information furnished us by officers and other parties and have followed up letters which have been received by the officials, both signed and unsigned, and to this end we have subpoenaed and examined many witnesses in an effort to disclose the perpetrators of this crime, but none of these witnesses could identify any of the parties.

"2. From careful investigation, we find that the reports which have gone all over the country of lawlessness in Cobb county, and the city of Marietta, before and after this crime, are untrue. We find, from investigation, that the offenders of the law and the citizens of our town and county knew nothing of this crime until they heard of the body being found near Frey's gin in this county. The city of Marietta and the county of Cobb were quiet before this trouble, are quiet now, and all reports to the contrary are untrue.

"3. We have done our best to do our duty, and ferret out this crime, and regret to report that we find it impossible to indict anyone.

"4. We wish specially to thank his honor, H. L. Patterson, for the charge delivered to our body on this mater. We appreciate his position, and indorse everything he said to us.

"5. We wish also to thank Hon. Herbert Clay, the solicitor general, for his active investigation of these matters, and also the other officers of the court for their kindnesses rendered us. We also recommend that these presentments be published in all three of the county papers. Respectfully submitted.

"R. A. HILL, Foreman.

"B. G. BRUMBY, Clerk."

FIFTEENTH OF GOTHAM OWNED BY 13 FAMILIES

New York, September 2.—Thirteen families own one-fifteenth of the assessed land in the borough of Manhattan, acording to a statement issued today by the Society of Lower Rents and Reduce Taxes on Homes, which is making a study of what is termed the "land monopoly." The society claims there are 560,000 families in Manhattan, and that thirteen are the owners of property assessed at a total of $205,404,875. The statement asserts the thirteen families are the following:

The Astors, the Vanderbilts, the Rhinelanders, O. B. Potter properties, J. P. Morgan, E. H. Vaningen, Wendels, Goelets, Ehrets, Gerrys, Charles P. Hoffman estate, William R. H. Martin and Eugene Hoffman.

Germany Makes Offer To Submit U. S. Claims To The Hague Tribunal

LEADS TOUR



W. J. STODDARD.

STODDARD TO LEAD GEORGIA TOURISTS

Preliminary Details of the Second "Seeing Georgia" Tour Mapped Out Thursday by the Executive Committee.

Two Studebaker cars—one a scout and the other carrying the "movie man"—will leave the chamber of commerce building at 7 o'clock this morning to "see how the land lies" for Georgia's second "Seeing Georgia" tour, which will be held the first week in October.

The executive committee in charge of the tour held a meeting in Atlanta Thursday afternoon and mapped out the preliminary details for the tour.

These two cars, which were furnished by A. C. Webb, southern district manager for the Studebaker corporation, will be the first to go over the proposed route, which leads generally from Macon, to Athens, to Commerce, to Gainesville, to Tallulah Falls, to Dahlonega, to Tate, to Rome, to Marietta and to Atlanta.

Scout Car to Leave.

On next Thursday morning the second scout car, carrying Pacemaker "Bill" Stoddard, will leave Atlanta to go over the course and definitely fix the official route.

The cars which leave here this morning will carry signal boards, which will be placed in conspicuous places all along the route.

The boards will be in five colors—white, red, pink, green and blue. Their significance will be as follows:

White: The official route.

Red: Danger.

Pink: These boards are to be put in the place of the red boards by county officials as the necessary work is done to remove the danger indicated by the red boards, and will indicate that the repair work is recently done, and that drivers should be careful.

Green: The road is in good condition and reasonably safe.

Blue: The road is in fine shape and thirty-five miles an hour may be made in any car without danger of accident.

It is the belief of the committee that this system of signal boards, properly observed by drivers, will largely eliminate the possibility of accident.

Stoddard Is Pacemaker.

The executive committee Thursday afternoon chose "Big Bill" Stoddard, of Atlanta, the popular pacemaker of the last tour, as pacemaker for the coming tour.

A. C. Webb, southern district manager for the Studebaker corporation, tendered the committee the use of a brand new Studebaker for the pacemaker on the tour, and also offered the use of three other new Studebakers for the officials of the tour. Studebakers will also be used for all scouting purposes preliminary to the tour. The committee accepted Mr. Webb's offer and extended to him a vote of thanks.

At the meeting the following committees were named:

Good roads, Mr. Freeman, chairman; rules, Thomas R. Gentry, chairman; entries, L. W. Hooks, of the Lanier hotel, Macon, chairman; hotel arrangements, J. Lee Barnes, chairman; entertainment, J. Wylie West, chairman.

The executive committee consists of W. J. Dabney, chairman; Thomas R. Gentry, "Bill" Stoddard, George D. McCutcheon, A. C. Webb.

James D. Price, chairman, and Frank L. Bond, secretary of the state committee, met with the executive committee.

Mr. Walker, of the Scenic Film company, will go on today's trip to make pictures. The rest of the party had not been definitely decided upon last night, but will probably include Charles J. Haden, president of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce; James D. Price, state commissioner of agriculture; A. O. Blalock and others.

CHAMP CLARK TOO LATE TO SEE NEAR-LYNCHING

Bowling Green, Mo., September 2.—Camp Clark today hurried to the Pike county jail when he learned that a mob had formed to lynch Harrison Rose, a negro charged with the murder of Dudley Davidson, a farmer. The men had dispersed when he arrived.

Last night the sheriff's wife held a mob at bay until the county attorney and the mayor arrived. They addressed the crowd and caused them to disperse.

Proposes That Claims for Compensation Arising Out of Lusitania and Arabic Cases Be So Adjudicated.

ALL PASSENGER LINERS IMMUNE FROM ATTACK WITHOUT FULL WARNING

Germany's Proffered Solution of Problem Not Contingent Upon Settlement of Negotiations With England.

Berlin, September 2.—(Via London, September 3, 12:20 a. m.)—Germany, according to Count von Bernstorff's instructions, offers to submit the claims for compensation arising out of the Lusitania and Arabic cases to The Hague for adjudication.

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador at Washington, it is understood, is in possession of fairly wide-reaching authority to negotiate for a settlement of the question, and it is believed proposals he is authorized to make will strike at the heart of the problem as affecting the United States. They provide for immunity from attack without warning for passenger steamers, which are to be destroyed only after being halted and full opportunity has been given to the passengers and crews to embark in the boats under conditions of safety.

Submarine commanders will be advised of the expected arrival of liners on regular schedules. How far beyond this provision for the safety of the larger shops Count von Bernstorff's instructions go, cannot be learned.

NO STRING ATTACHED TO KAISER'S OFFER.

Newspaper reports reaching here to the effect that the solution of the submarine problem is coupled with a settlement of the negotiations with Great Britain are declared in initiated circles to be incorrect. It is true that Count von Bernstorff has been instructed to say that the settlement of the old blockade problem would enable Germany to drop the whole submarine warfare against commerce, but this suggestion is quite apart from the proposals indicated above, which are independent and unconditional.

One high government official, commenting on the situation, dilated on the danger for the United States itself in pressing its demands too far. He said:

"There is no telling when the United States itself may want to use its submarines in a life and death struggle. It may perhaps be sorry if it has bound its hands too tightly."

The press continues to display restraint, so as to avoid embarrassing the government in the delicate negotiations. No paper follows the lead of The National Zeitung in praising President Wilson, but there is an entire absence of hostile or abusive comment or criticism of Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg's policy.

FINAL ADJUSTMENT NOW HOPED FOR.

Washington, September 2.—With both oral and written assurances from the German government, transmitted through Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, to the state department regarding Germany's submarine policy, officials of the Washington government today looked hopefully forward for an ultimate and satisfactory settlement of the whole submarine problem. Assurance is given that liners will not be sunk by German submarines without warning and without safety of the lives of non-combatants, provided the liners do not try to escape or offer resistance.

Count von Bernstorff's letter contain-

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Washington.—Forecast:

Georgia—Fair Friday; Saturday cloudy, probably followed by showers in south.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature	59
Highest temperature	80
Mean temperature	70
Normal temperature	75
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.00
Deficiency since 1st of month, in	.27
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches	4.70

Reports from Various Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p m	High.	Rain 24 hrs Inches.
ATLANTA, clear	24	80	.00
Birmingham, clear	74	82	.00
Boston, clear	66	72	.00
Charleston, cloudy	76	80	.00
Chicago, clear	72	74	.00
Denver, clear	80	84	.00
Galveston, clear	80	84	.00
Hatteras, pt. cldy	76	82	.12
Jacksonv'e, pt. cldy	74	80	.00
Kansas City, clear	76	80	.00
Knoxville, pt. cldy	72	78	.00
Louisville, clear	76	84	.00
Memphis, clear	78	82	.00
Miami, cloudy	76	86	.88
Mobile, cloudy	78	86	.00
Montgomery, clear	80	84	.00
Nashville, pt. cldy	78	84	.00
New Orleans, clear	80	84	.00
New York, clear	70	76	.00
Oklahoma, clear	76	80	.00
Pittsburg, cloudy	72	80	.00
Portland, Or., clear	76	76	.00
Raleigh, rain	60	66	.70
San Francisco, clear	62	72	.00
St. Louis, clear	78	82	.00
Salt Lake City, cld	76	80	.00
Shreveport, clear	80	84	.00
Spokane, clear	76	76	.08
Tampa, rain	74	90	.22
Toledo, pt. cldy	72	72	.00
Vicksburg, clear	78	84	.00
Washington, cldy	68	72	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN, Section Director.